A French-English DICTIONARY,

Compil'd by Mr RANDLE COTGRAVE:

WITH

Another in English and French.

Whereunto are newly added the Animadverſions and Supplements, &c. of *James Howell* Eſquire.

Inter Erudítos Cathedram *habeat* Polyglottes.

ex dono Domini Georgii Aptal Fraci

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COLLEGIUM VIGORNIENSE
UNIVERSITATE OXONIENSI

TO THE
Nobility and Gentry of Great BRITAIN

That are desirous to speak French for their pleasure, and ornament;

AS ALSO

To all Marchant Adventurers as well English, as the worthy Company of *Dutch* here resident, or others to whom the said Language is necessary for commerce and Forren correspondence.

THer is no quality so incident to all earthly things as corruption and change: Nor is it to be wondred at, considering that the Elements themselvs which are the principles and primitive Ingredients wherof they be compounded, are naturally so qualified: It were as easie a thing for the beholders eye to fix a firm shape upon a running cloud, or to cut out a garment that but for seven and twenty daies together might fit the *Moon*, who by privilege of her neighbourhood predominates more over us than any other celestiall body, as to find stability in any thing here *below*.

Nor is this common frailty or *fatality* rather incident only to the grosser sort of Elementary creatures, but *Mankind* upon whom it pleas'd the Almighty to imprint his owne Image, and make him Lord Paramount of this lower world, is subject to the same lubricity. Neither is his body and blood only liable therunto, but the Idæas of his *mind*, and interiour operations of his soul, *Religion* her self, with the notions of holines, and the formality of saving *Faith* not excepted, nay the very faculty of reason (as we find it true by late experience) is subject to the same instablenes.

But to come to our present purpose, among other privileges which are peculiar to mankind, as emanations flowing from the intellect, *Language* is none of the least, and languages have felt these fits of inconstancy and mutation as much as any thing else, and among others the *French* language. Nor can it seem strange to those who know the airie volatil humor of that Nation, that their speech should partake somewhat of the disposition of their spirit, but will rather wonder it hath receiv'd no oftner change, specially considering what outward causes did also concur therunto; As that their Kings should make *six* severall voyages to conquer or conserve what was got in the *Holy Land*, considering how long the English kept firm footing in the heart of *France*; as also the warres and weddings they had with their neighbours, which by the long sojourn of their

Armies in other Countries caus'd by the first, and the forren Courtiers that came in with their Queens arising from the second, will introduce a frequent alteration. For Languages are like *Lawes* or *Coines*, which commonly receive some change at every sit of Princes: Or as slow Rivers by insensible alluvions take in and let out the waters that feed them, yet are they said to have still the same beds; So Languages by a regardles kind of adoption of some new words, and abnumission of old, doe often vary, yet the whole bulke of the same speech keeps entire.

Touching the ancient and true genuin Language of the *Gaules*, some would have it to be a dialect of the *Dutch*, others of the *Greek*, others of the *British* or *Welsh*; concerning this last opinion, there be some reasons to *fortifie* it, that are not to be easily *slighted*. The first is, that the ancient *Gaules* used to com frequently to be instructed here by the *British Druyds*, who were the Divines and Philosophers of those times, which they would not have don unles by mutuall communication they had understood one another in some vulgar language, for this was before the *Latine* or *Greek* toung came this side the *Alpes*, or that any Books were written, and ther are no meaner men than *Tacitus* and *Cesar* himself that record this. The second reason is, that ther want not good Geographers who hold that this Island was tied to *France* at first, as *Sicily* was to *Calabria*, and *Denmarke* to *Germany*, by an Isthmos or neck of land twixt *Dover* and *Bullen*, for if one do well observe the quality of the clifts on both shores, he will judge they were but one Homogeneous peece at first, and that they were slented and shiver'd asunder by some act of violence. The third is, that divers think before the *Romanes* conquered the *Gaules*, the country was called *Wallia*, which they named *Gallia*, turning *W* into *G*, as they did elsewhere; yet the *Walloon* keeps his radicall letter to this day. The fourth reason is, that ther be divers old Gaulic words yet remaining in the French, which are pure Welsh, both for sense and pronunciation, as *Havie* a haven, is the same in Welsh, *Derechef* again, *Putaine* a whore, *Airain* brasse money, *Prou* an interjection of stopping, or driving a beast, and especially when one speaks in French any old word that cannot be understood, they *say Il parle Baragouin*, which is to this day in plain Welsh *white bread*; Lastly, *Pausanias* sayeth that *mark* in the *Celtic* old toung signifieth a *horse*, and it still signifieth so in Welsh.

But whether the *British Greek* or *Dutch* was the originall language of the *Gaules*, certaine it is that it was the *Walloon*, (I confine my selfe to *Gallia Celtica*,) which, when the Roman Eagle had fastened his tallons there, and planted twenty three Legions up and down the country, he did in tract of time utterly extinguish, It being the ordinary ambition of *Rome*, whereseever she prevail'd, to make the *lawe* usher in her language (and laws) as marks of conquest; which nevertheles she could not doe in *Spain* or this Island, because they had posts, and places of fastnes to retire unto, as *Biscay*, and *Wales*, where nature hath cast up those mountaines as propugnacles of defence, among which the very *aboriginall* languages of both Countries remain to this day. Now *France* being a passable, and a pervious plain countrie, the *Romans* quickly diffus'd and rooted themselves in every part thereof: and so co-planted their language, which in a short revolution of time came to be called *Romand*. But when the *Franconians*, a peeple of *Germany*, came afterwards to invade and possess *Gallia*, both peeple and speech was called *French* ever after. Now, as all other things have their degrees of growth, so *Languages* have the like before they attain a perfection. We find that the *Latin* her selfe in the time of the *Saliens* was but rude, afterwards under *Ennius* and *Cato* the Censor it was refinde in the *twelve tables*, but in *Cæsar*, *Cicero*, and *Salust's* daies, it came to the highest pitch of purenes and perfection, and so dainty were the Romanes of their language then, that they would not suffer any exotic word to be enfranchiz'd among them, or enter into any of their diplomatas and public instruments; The word *Emblema* having got into one, it was thrust out by an expres Edict of the Senat, but *Monopolium* with much adoe had leave to stay in, yet not without a large preface or apologie. A little after, the Latin tongue for the vulgarity thereof began to degenerat and decline very much, and out of her ruines sprang up the *Italian*, *Spanish* and *French*. The French language being set thus upon a Latin stock, (whereof she retains to this day some pure entire words, as *animal*, *cadaver*, *tribunal*, *non*, *plus*, *qui*, *os*, &c.) hath receiv'd since sundry alterations, or habitudes.

Chilperic one of the first race of Kings, commanded by public edict, that these greek letters Φ χ θ ψ should be added to the French Alphabet, to make the language more masculin and strenuous, but after him 'twas not long observ'd.

Now,

Now, it is no worthles observation, that languages use to comply with the humor, and much display the inclination of a people: the *French* is quick and spritefull, and so is his pronunciation; the *Spaniard* is slow, and grave, so is his pronunciation; for though the Spanish and French be branches of the Latin tree, yet the one may be cal'd Latin shortned, the other Latin drawn out in length; as *corpus, tempus, caput, &c.* are monosyllables in French, as *corps, temps, cap* or *chef*, whereas the Spaniard seemes rather to add to them, as *tiempo, cuerpo, cabeça*. And indeed, of all other Nations, the *Spaniard* most of any affects long words, for he makes some thrice as long as they are in the French; as of *levement* a rising, he makes *levantamiento*, of *pensée* a thought, he makes *pensamiento*, of *compliment*, he makes *complimiento*; besides, the Spaniard doth use to pawse so in his pronunciation, that the tongue seldom forerunns his wit, and his brain may very well raise and superfæte a second thought before the first be uttered; yet, is not the *French* so hasty in his utterance as he seems to be, for his quickenes or volubility proceeds partly from that concatenation he useth among his syllables, by joyning the first syllable of the following word to the last of the precedent, so that sometimes a whole sentence is made in a manner but one word; and he who will speak the French roundly and well, must observe this rule.

The French language began first to polish, and to arrive to that delicacy that she is now come unto, in the midst of the reign of *Philip de Valois*; *Marot* did something under *Francis* the first, (which King was a restorer of learning in generall, as well as a refiner of language) but *Ronsard* did more under *Henry* the second.

Since the reign of these Kings, there is little alteration in the context of speech, but only in the choice of words, and softnes of pronunciation proceeding from such wanton spirits that began to miniardize and make the language more dainty or feminine.

But to shew what changes the *French* hath receiv'd from what it was, I will produce these few instances in verse and prose which I found in some ancient Authors; the first shall be of a Gentlewoman that translated *Esops* Fables many hundred yeers since, out of *English* into *French*, wherin she concludes

Ao finement de ceſt' Eſcrit
Qu'en Romans ay tourné, et dit,
Me nommeray par remembrance
Marie ay nom ſi ſuis de France
Per l'amour le comte Guillaume
Le plus vaillant de ce Reaulme
M'entremis de ce liure faire
Et de l'Anglois en Roman traire,
Iſopet appelle l'on cil liure
Qu'on tranſlata, et fit eſcrire,
De Grieu en latin la tourna,
Et li Roy Alvret qui l'ama,
Le tranſlata puis en Angloix,
Et je l'ay tourné en Françoiſ.

In the *Roman de la Roſe*

Quand la bouche toucha la moye,
Ce fut ce dont au cœur j'eus joye.

and elsewhere

Sire juge donnez ſentence
Pour moy, car la pucelle eſt moye.

Two of the moſt approved ancienteſt Authors in French are *Geoffroy de Villardovin*, Marſhall of *Champagne*, and *Hugues de Berſy*, a Monke of *Clugny*, in the reign of *Philip Auguſte*, above 500 yeeres ſince, from theſe I will borrow the two enſuing examples, the firſt from the Marshall upon a Croiſada given for a voyage to the Holy land.

Scachiez *que mille cent quatre vingt & dixhuit ans apres l'incarnation de noſtre Seigneur Ieſus Chriſt, al temps Innocent 3. Apoſtoille de Rome, et Philppe Roy de France, et Richard Roy d'Angleterre vt vn ſaint homme en France qui et nom Folque de Nuilly, cil Nuillez ſi eſt entre Laigny ſor Marne, et Paire, et il ere preſtre, et tenoit le paroichre de la ville; et cil Folque dont je vous dy, comença a parler de Diex par Frances, et par les autres terres, et entre noſtre ſire fit mains miracles parluy. Scachiez que la renommée de c'il ſaint homme alla tant qu'elle vint a l'Apoſtoille de Rome Innocent, et l'Apoſtoille envoya vn ſien Cardinal Maiſtre perron de chappes Croiſie, et manda par luy le pardon tel comme vous diray. Tout cil qui ſe croiſeront, et ſeroient le ſeruice deu un an en l'oſt ſeroient quittes de tous le pechez qu'ils auroint faits; porce que cil pardon fuiſſy gran ſi ſen eſmeurent mult li cuers des gens, et mult s'en croiſierent por ce le pardon ere ſi gran.*

Hugues de Berſy who made the *Guiot* Bible ſo much ſpoken of in *France* begins thus.

Dou ſiecle puant et horrible
M'eſtuet commencer vne Bible,
Per poindre et per aiguillonner;
Et per bons exemples donner.
Ce n'ert pas bible liſongere,
Mais fins, et voire, et droituriere;
Mirouer ert a toutes gens.

If one would compare the *Engliſh* that was ſpoke 500 yeers agoe, with the preſent, he should finde a greater alteration. But to know how much the Modern French differs from the ancient, let him read our common Law, which was held good French in *William* the Conquerers time. The warres and weddings tother ſide the *Alpes*, as I ſaid before, hath cauſed many Italian words to be naturaliz'd and become free Deniſons of France; as *contraſte* ſtrife, *accort* wiſe, *garbe* a faſhion, *cavalier*, *centinelle*, *ambuſcade*, *attaquer*, to ſet upon, *Infanterie*, *camiſade*, with divers others, which are all Italian words grafted upon French ſtocks.

I finde ther are ſome well-ſounding ſingle words diſus'd in the preſent *French*, which ſeem to be more ſignificant than thoſe that are come in their places, as *marastre*, *paratre*, *filastre*, *ſerourge*, a mother in law, a father in law, a ſonne or daughter in law, a ſiſter in law; which now they expreſſe by two words, *belle mere*, *beau pere*, *belle ſœur*. Beſides I finde that ſome words in French are ſo abus'd, that they are turn'd to a counterſenſe; as we uſe the Dutch word *crank* in Engliſh to be well diſpos'd, wheras in the originall it ſignifieth *to be ſick*: So in French *Cocu* is taken for one whoſe wife is looſe in the hilts, and made him a paſſive cuckold; wheras clean contrary *Cocu* the Cuckow laies her eggs in another birds neaſt. This word *Pleger* is alſo taken to drink after one is drunk unto, wheras the firſt true uſe of the word was, that if the party drunk unto was not diſpos'd to drink himſelf, he would depute another to doe it for him, elſe the party who began would take it ill, which made *Charlemain*, as the record is yet to be ſeen, to inhibit his ſoldiers very ſtricty to drink one to another; and in the abuſe of this word the Engliſh alſo is more faulty. Moreover this word *Abry* deriv'd from the Latin *apricus*, is taken in French (as alſo *abrigo* in Spaniſh) for a cloſe place or ſhelter, whereas in the originall it ſignifieth an open free ſunſhine. They tearm in French, a boon companion or merry greek, *Roger bon temps*, wheras the the originall is, *rouge bon temps*, ſerene and reddiſh fair weather. They uſe alſo in France when one hath made a good bargain, to ſay *Il a joüe â boule veue*, wheras the originall is *a bonne veue*. A beacon or watch tower is cal'd *Beffroy*, wheras the true word is *l'Effroy*. A travelling warrant is cal'd *Paſſeport*, wheras the true word is *Paſſe par tout*. When one is grown hoarſe they uſe

to

to ſay *Il a veu le loup*, hee hath ſeen the wolf, wheras that effect is wrought in one whom the wolf hath ſeen firſt, according to *Plinie*, and the Poet. ——— *Lupi illum videre priores.*

Ther is one kind of ſaying or proverb which is obſervable, wherby *France* doth ſtill acknowledge her ſelf to be indebted to *England*, which is, when one hath payed all his creditors he uſeth to ſay *j'ay payé tous mes Anglois*, and in this and other phraſes *Anglois* is taken for *Creancier* a creditor, and I preſume it had its foundation from this, that when the French were bound by the Treaty in *Bretigny* to pay *England* ſo much for the ranſom of King *Iohn* then priſoner, the contribution lay ſo heavy upon them, that for many yeers they could not make up the ſumm; The occaſion might be ſeconded in *Henry* the 8 time, at the rendition of *Bullen*, and upon other treaties, as alſo in Queen *Elizabeths* reign (beſides thoſe monies ſhe had disburs'd her ſelf, to put the Crown on *Henry* the 4^ths^ head) which makes me think on a paſſage that is recorded in *Paſquier* that happend when the Duke of *Anion* under pretence of wooing the Queen came over to *England*, who being brought to her preſence, ſhe told him *he had com in a good time to be hoſtage for the monies that France owd her father, and others of her progenitors*, wherunto the Duke anſwered pleaſantly, *That he was not come only to be hoſtage, but her cloſe priſoner.* Ther be two other ſayings, or proverbs, that though they be obſolet, yet are they worthy the knowledg; the firſt is *Il a perdu ſes cheveux*, he hath loſt his hair, meaning his honour; for in the firſt race of Kings ther was a law call'd *la ley de la chevelure*, wherby it was lawfull for the *nobleſſe* only to wear long hair; and if any of them had committed ſom foule or ignoble act, they uſed to be condemn'd to have their hair cut off as a mark of ignominie, and it was as much as if he had been *flourdeliz'd*, *viz.* burnt in the back or hand, or branded in his face. The other proverb was, *Il a quitté ſa ceinture*, he hath given up his girdle, which intimated as much as if he had becom banquerout, or had all his eſtate forfeited. It being the ancient law of *France*, that when any upon ſom offence had that penalty of confiſcation inflicted upon him, he uſed before the tribunall of juſtice to give up his *girdle*, implying therby that the girdle held every thing that belong'd to a man's eſtate, as his budget of money and writings, the keys of his houſe, his ſword, dagger and gloves, &c. I will add her eunto another Proverb which had been quite loſt had not our Order of the Garter preſerv'd it, which is, *Hony ſoit qui mal y penſe*, we engliſh it, Ill be to him who thinks ill; though the true ſenſe be, *let him be beray'd who thinks any ill*, being a metaphor taken from a child that hath berayed his clouts, and in France ther's not one in a hundred who underſtands this word nowadayes.

Furthermore, I find in the French language that the ſame Fate hath attended ſom words, as uſually attend men, among whom we find ſome uſe to riſe to preferment, others to fal to decay, and an undervalue. I will inſtance in a few; This word *Maiſtre*, Maſter, was a word of high eſteem in former times among the French, and appliable to noblemen and others in ſome high office only, but now 'tis fallen from the Baron to the Boor, from the Count to the Cobler, or any other mean Artiſan, as *Maiſtre Iean le ſouvetier*, Mr. Iohn the Cobler, *Maiſtre Iaquet le Cabaretier*, Mr. Iammy the Taphouſe man. *Sire*, was alſo appropriate only to the King, but now adding a name after it, 'tis a title appliable to any meane man upon the endorſment of a letter or otherwiſe. But this word *Souverain* clean contrary hath rais'd it ſelf to that cumble of greatnes that it is now applied only to the King, wheras in times paſſd the preſident of any petty Court, any Baliffe or ſeneſhall, was call'd *Souverain*. *Mareſhall* likewiſe at firſt was the name of a Smith, Farrier, or one that dreſſed horſes, but it clim'd by degrees to that heighth, that the chiefeſt commanders of the gendarmery of *France* are come to be call'd Marſhalls, which about 100 yeares ſince were but two in all, and now they are 12. This title *Majeſty* hath no great antiquity in *France*, for it began but in *Henry* the ſeconds time; And indeed it was the ſtile of *France* at firſt, as well as any other countries, *tutoyer*, to *thou* any perſon one ſpake unto, but when the Common-wealth of *Rome* turnd to an Empire, and ſo much power came into one mans hand, then in regard he was able to conferre honour and offices, the Courtiers began to magnifie him, and ſpeak to him in the plurall number by *you*, and to deifie him with tranſcending titles, as wee read in *Symmachus* his Epiſtles to the Emperour *Theodoſius*, and to *Valentinian*, wherin his ſtile unto them is *Veſtra æternitas*, *veſtrum numen*, *veſtra perennitas*, *veſtra clementia*, ſo that *you* in the plurall number, with other titles and complements, ſeemes to have its firſt riſe with Monarchy, which deſcended afterwards by degrees upon particular men.

The French toung hath divers dialects, the *Picard*, that of *Ierſey* and *Guernſay*, appendixes once

to

to the Duchy of *Normandy*, the *Provenſall*, the *Gaſcon* or ſpeech of *Languedoc*, which *Scaliger* would Etymologize from *langue d'ouy*, wheras it comes from *langue de Got* in regard the *Goths* and *Saracens* who, by their incurſions and long ſtay in *Aquitain*, firſt corrupted the ſpeech of that part of *Gallia*; The *wallon* is another dialect who is under the King of *Spain*; and they of *Liege* have alſo a dialect of the French, which among themſelves they call *Romand* to this day; There is another dialect alſo call'd *Franco*, which is much uſed in *Greece* and *Turky*, and is one of the chiefeſt ſpeech of comerce in ſom parts of the Levant, but it ſymbolizeth more with the *Provenſall* and *Gaſcon* than with the *pure French*; which is moſt uſed in theſe northweſt parts, eſpecially in *England*; wher beſides the main language, ther be ſo many French words crept in and naturalized among us, that one had need to ſtudy *French* to ſpeak good *Engliſh*. Nor can it be any diſparagement for the Engliſh thus to admit and enfranchiſe ſom forren words, as French and divers Italian for her ſervice, in regard that the language growes every day more copious and rich by this adoption of the choiſeſt and beſt ſignificant words.

Touching the modern French that is now ſpoken in the Kings Court, in the Courts of Parlement, and in the Univerſities of *France*, ther hath been lately a great competition which was the beſt; but by the learneſt and moſt indifferent perſons it was adjudgd that the ſtile of the Kings Court was the ſmootheſt and moſt elegant, becauſe the other two did ſmell the one of *Pedantery*, the other of wrangling and *Chiquanery*: And the late Prince of *Conde* with the Duke of *Orleans* that now is, were uſed to have a Cenſor in their Houſes, that if any of their family ſpoak any word that ſavourd of the *Palace* or the *Schools* hee ſhould incur an amercement.

Touching this enſuing *Dictionary* Maſter *Cotgrave* the Collector and Author therof hath as well deſerved in this kind of his Countrey as ever any did, for it is a moſt elaborat peece that coſt a great quantity of oyl and induſtry; he hath not onely the ſimple words as other ordinary dictionaries, but phraſes and proverbs upon them, with other obſervations: This commendation, as it is no *flattery* to give him, ſo 'twere an *injury* to deny him.

The former work is not awhit leſſend by this review, only ſom of thoſe words that are now abſolete, and held pedantic, forc'd or affected, are diſtinguiſhed by this mark † from others that have now the *vogue* in the refined Court French, which I would not preſume to do only of my ſelf without the coadjutorſhip of a noble and knowing French gentleman.

Ther was never yet any perfect *Vocabulary* or *Nomenclator* in any language; and though this may ſeem a Paradox to ſom, I ſay, ther never was, nor is ther any that can ſpeak a language ſo exactly, as to call every thing he meets withall by its name; put caſe the perfect'ſt linguiſt in the Engliſh now living ſhould go aboard a ſhip, then to a Carpenters ſhopp or ſom other artiſans, thence go abroad a hawking or hunting, then walk in a botomicall garden, I believe 'tis impoſſible for him to name all the *tacklings* of the firſt, all the *tooles* of the ſecond, all the *terms* of the third, and the names of all the flowers, fruits, and herbs he ſhall find in the laſt; and if he chance to go thence to any Apothecary ſhop, 'twill *gravell* him to name all the drugs and ſimples he finds there.

The late Cardinall of *Richelieu* made it part of his glory to advance Learning and the French Language (which may be ſom recompence for the ocean of bloud hee ſpilt.) Among other monuments he erected an Univerſity where the Sciences ſhould be read in *French*, for the eaſe of his contreymen, wherby they might preſently fall to the matter, and not ſpend time to ſtudy words only. Hee alſo had a privat place in *Paris* call'd *L'Academie de beaux Eſprits* where 40 of the choiſeſt wits of *France* uſed to meet every Munday to refine and garble the French language of all pedantic, and old words, as alſo of ſom ſuperfluous conſonants, and put ſuch another Dictionary to light as *Cruſca* in Italian; ther wanted not ſom inſtructions from thence towards this.

To conclude, If thoſe animadverſions and ſupplements which go with this new Edition may conduce to the public good, and to the advantage of thoſe gentle ſpirits who have a vertuous deſire to be verſ'd in the refined Court-French now current, I have my wiſh, I have my reward.

Your moſt humble ſervit^r,

IAMES HOWELL.

The French Grammar.

The Proeme.

VVHat Foundations *are to materiall fabriques, the ſame is* Grammar *to a language, If the Foundation be not well layed, 'twill be but a poor tottring ſuperſtructure; If grammaticall grounds go not before, ther is no language can be had in any perfection. The Schoolemen uſe to compare* Logic *to the* fiſt, *and* Rhetoric *to the* palm *of the hand* (pugno et palmæ,) *in regard the one hath a cloſe preſſing form of proceeding, the other a dilated and looſe open way of expreſſion;* Grammar *may be compared to the* Feet *or ſupporters, which the other* two *uſe to goe upon, and indeed all other* Sciences, *ſpecially the knowledg of Languages.*

Now, for a Dictionary, *which contains the whole bulk of a Langnage, to go before the* Grammar, *is to make the* Building *precede the* Baſis: *Therfore 'twas held more conſentaneous to reaſon and congruous to order, that the* Grammar *ſhould be put here in the firſt place, for* Art *obſerves the method of* Nature, *to make us* creep *before we* go: *Moreover the exemplifying words and ſentences in French are here* Engliſh'd *all along, for one will come with more facility to pronounce a word aright, when he carrieth the ſence of it along with him.*

Of the French Letters.

Touching the French Abcee, *for* Alphabet *I will not call it according to the Vulgar error*, that *word being peculiar only to the* Greek *tounge*, *it is to be obſerv'd that the* Engliſh *hath two letters*, K, *and* W, *more than the* French, *which conſiſts of* an *only. viz.* A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, V, X, Y, Z.

The Letters may be ſaid to be the prime and ſimple elements of all Languages; *of* letters *are made* ſyllables, *of* ſyllables words, *of* words *ſentences*, *of ſentences Books and Volumes. Theſe letters divide themſelves into* Vowels *and* Conſonants: *The Vowels* a, e, i, o, u, *and* y, *are the principall ingredients of words, nay no Conſonant is pronounceable, or ſoundable without one of them, therfore tis fit they ſhould have priority of place.*

A *in the* Engliſh *tounge*, *and in no other, hath two differing ſounds, the one open and cleere, as* Balaam, *the other preſſing and as it were hudling out it's ſound ſhortly, as* Male ale; *In* French *tis alwaies pronounced as in the firſt, cleer and ouvert, as* l'Amour fait la rage; mais l'Argent le mariage, *Love makes rage, but money marriage.*

To avoid gaping, which is the worſt kind of cacophony in any language, that is t ofsentimes interpos'd and added when a verb ends with a vowel before theſe ſmall words, Il ha, elle ſhee, *or on which is a note of an impersonal verb in* French; *as* mon pere ſera t'il icy? *will my father be here? before* il *you muſt put a tenclytical wiſt, as* mon pere ſera t'il icy? ma there viendra elle auſſy? *will my mother come alſo? you muſt pronounce* ma mere viendra t'elle auſſy? que dira on de vous? *what will be ſpoken of you? you muſt write* que dira t'on de vous? *ſometimes inſtead of* t, l *is put before* on *the impersonal note, as* que ſera l'on a moy, ſi l'on faict ces choſes a vous? *What will be done to me, if they do theſe things to you?*

I *hath two ſounds in* French, *the one full and ſtrong, therefore tis call'd* é *maſculin, and muſt be pronounc'd as the* ee's *in this Latin word* coercere, *to compell, with other verbs of the ſecond Conjugation, and commonly this* é *hath a tittle on the head of it, as* degré *a degree*, pré a *meadow*: *The other is call'd* e *feminin, becauſe tis pronounc'd carelеſſy and ſoft, as theſe* ee's *in* credere, *to believe, with ſuch verbs of the third Conjugation*; *or as the* ee's *in the Engliſh example*, John Donne, Anne Donne, undone: *this* French *Proverb will ſhew both*, Aujourd'huy en terre, demain en terre, *to day on earth, to morrow under the earth, in* terre, e *is ſoftned*, *in* enterré *'tis maſculin, and hath an acute ſound. And as after* ſi *an enclytical* t' *is interpos'd when a verb comes before* il, elle, *or* on, *ſo alſo when a verb ending with* e, *comes before any of theſe ſmall words, a* t' *is added to make the ſound full and ſtronger, as* parle il bon François? *doth he ſpeake good* French? *pronounce* parle t' il. deſire elle ſortir? *doth ſhe deſire to go out? pronounce* deſire t'elle— tire on bon vin icy? *do they draw good wine here? pronounce* tire t'on, *ſo that among all the reſt* T *hath this privilege, to be pronounc'd when 'tis not written.*

All Infinitive moods of the firſt Conjugation, as trer *to draw*, parler *to ſpeak, have an* é *maſculin before the* r; *as alſo all words ending in* ier, *as* Ramendier *a Cobler*, Cordonnier *a Shoemaker, with divers other words of trade, & indeed all words ending with* er *are pronounc'd peiningly as* danger, legér *light*, Bergér *a Shepherd.* E *comming before* m, *or* n, *is of tentimes pronounc'd like a, as* entendement *underſtanding, muſt be pronounc'd as if it were written* antandemant, enterrement *a burial, is pronounced* anterremant. *The third perſon plurall in verbs ending in* ent, *where the* n *is drown'd, are excepted; as* prient *they pray*, arriuent *they arrive*, prierent *they prayed*, arriuerent *they arriv'd*; *in theſe verbs* e *keeps her genuin ſound; as alſo in words ending in* ien, *as* parle bien où parle tien, *ſpeak well, or ſpeake nothing; as alſo in theſe words*, muſicien, Pariſien, Chreſtien, mien, tien, ſien, *a Muſician, a Pariſian, mine, thine, his; as for example*, qui perd le ſien, perd le ſiens, *he that loſeth his own, loſeth his ſenſe, in* ſiene *retaines it's primitive pronunciation, in* ſens *it degenerates to a, as if it were written* sans; *but theſe following words, though* i *go before* en, *muſt be excepted*, Experience, patience, ſcience, inconvenience, audience, *with theſe words* elient eſcient (earneſt) patient, ingredient, expedient, orient, ſient *dung, in all theſe* en *is pronounced like* an.

I *hath a peculiar ſound in the Engliſh, which differeth from all other Nations, for all other as well as the* French *pronounce* I *like* ee, *whereas the Engliſh pronounce it as if it were a Diphthong compos'd of* ei. I *at the beginning of a ſyllable before any other vowell degenerates to a Conſonant, and is commonly written long* j, *as* jaloux *jealous*, jeudy *thurſday*, joly *deſt or pretty*, juge *a judge*; *when it comes before* ll, *'tis pronounced as if it came after them, to make the* ll *more fluid; as* faillir *to faile, muſt be pronounced as if it were written* failliir, mouillir *to wet*, as mouilliir, fille *a maide, as* fille; *Except theſe words* Ville et village, *a towne and village*, pupille *a pupil*, eſtoille *a ſtarre*, cauiller *to cavill*, mille *a mile, all which are pronounced as they are written.*

The Vowell O *is not pronounced ſo round and open by the* French, *as it is by the* Engliſh; *when it comes before* m *or* n, *'tis pronounc'd as if it were double, as* pomme *an apple*, comment *how*, donner *to give*, broncher *to ſtumble, are pronounced as if they were written* poomme, coomment, doonner, broncher; *but theſe words that are compounded with the Preposition* pro, *and deriv'd from the Latin, are excepted: as* prononcer *to pronounce*, proceder *to proceed, &c. Except alſo ſuch words that have Greek roots, as* comete *a comet*, tome *a tome*, œconome *a good houſe Governer, alſo* dome *a townhouſe*, bonace *a calme*, domanie *a demean, &c.*

V *as well as* I *hath the privilege to become conſonant, when it comes immediatly before another Vowell, as it uſeth to have alſo in the Engliſh, as likewiſe when it comes before* r, *as* fevre *a ſmaver, or* tevre *a Goldſmith*, vray *true, which makes but one ſyllable*, povre *poore. The genuin pronunciation of* v *in* French *is as the Engliſh pronounce* ew *in* crew, pew, *Jew, or in a whiſtling tone; as wee pronounce* flute, mute, *&c. The* German *and* Swed, *with others, being a ſtrong winded people, and accuſtomed to rough collision of Conſonants, are ſubject ofsentimes to turne* v *into* f, *as* fotre *for* voſtre *yours*, falet *for* valet *a boy. And the* Germans *are alſo ſubject to turne* b *into* v, *as I heard a tale of a Dutchman in* Orleans, *who thinking to compliment with his Hoſteſſe who had divers children, told her*, Par may foy Madame vous avez de veaux enfans, *Madame, you have calves to your children, pronouncing* veaux *calves, for* beaux *faire.*

Y *In* French *though it be a* letter, *yet ſometimes it makes not onely a Syllable, as* yvér *winter*, yvre *drunken, but alſo a whole word of it ſelfe*, viz. *an Adverb relating to perſon and place, as* mon frere y eſt, *My brother is there*, Dieu vous y ayde, *God helpe you there, a complement uſed upon ſneezing. Though* Y *have ſtill the ſame pronunciation with* I *the Vowell, yet herein it differs, that* Y *is conſtant to it ſelfe and never degenerates into a Conſonant as* I *often doth.*

Thus much of the Vowells, *which may be call'd the ligaments or ar-*

teries

teries which knit the consonants together. A and O have these privileges above the rest, in that a stands for a substantif, as Il est marqué a l'A, he is a principall honest man, ce monnoy porte l'A, this coine carrieth A, which is the best kind of coine bearing upon it the Parisian marke; O sometimes passeth for auec, as vien a moy, come with me, je dormiray o vous, I will sleep with you: but this is used among the rader sort.

Of Dipthongs, or compounded Vowels.

Dipthongs are made meerly of Vowels, and the French tongue hath many of them, and some tripthongs, which are pronounc'd commonly as they are written, except these three, ai, ay, au; Ai is pronounc'd like an é masculin if a consonant follow it, as clair cleere, sain sonad, faim hunger, are pronounc'd as clér, sén, sém; and so is ay likewise, but if a vowell immediatly follow, then they are pronounc'd as they are written, as rayon a sun beame, playe a wound, crayonner to paint roughly.

Moreover, in the first persons singular of the preterperfect tenses ai and ay are pronounced as written, as je parlay I spoake, juray I sware, &c. pais a Countrey, hayr to hate, nait naturall, are not dipthongs but stretch'd to dissillables, as pa-is, ha-yr, na-if, which makes a mighty difference 'twixt paix peace, and pais a countrey, the first being pronounc'd pex, the other as before sayed pa-is. The dipthong uu is prolated like a full o, as hautain highminded, is pronounc'd as hoten, chevaux horses, as chevose, chaud hot, as chode. The dipthong oi and oy are to be pronounc'd extensively as oe, as sans Roy, sans loy, without King, without Law, pronounce them Roe, loe.

The dipthong ou is pronounc'd like oo, as ou allez vous? whither go you? must be pronounc'd oo allez voos; a la goute le Medecin ne voit goute, the goute makes a Physitian blind, pronounce as if it were goote.

So much of the Vowells (with their dipthongs) which are the same to a language as the five senses are to the body, in point of necessity; without these the body is but an unwieldy carkasse, without the vowels the whole bulke of consonants is a soundlesse thing.

The Spaniards use to vaunt, that their language hath a word that containes in it all the five vowels, which no other language can say of it selfe; it is Oueja a sheep, Jehova hath also all the vowels.

Of Consonants.

The French is a hungry language, for it devours more consonants than any other, which makes his speaking & writing to differ so much as doth his singing and writing: I will not say his words and actions differ so much, though he be full of complement.

Heretofore in the French Orthography ther were more letters written then now ther are, and I believe the reason was to shew the Originall and Etymology of their language from the latin, but now they begin to omit them more and more as superfluous, though in Province and Languedoc they be all pronounced and written. The reason why the French o're lips so many consonants is, to make the speech more easie & fluent, al vous me ferez croire que vessies sont lanternes, you will make me believe that bladders are lanterns: In this saying those letters which have pricks under them are all omitted. Now the most gentrall rule of consonants is, that if the word following begin with a consonant, and the precedent word end with one, that at the end is commonly cut off, to enchain as it were the words together, and make the pronunciation more smooth and round; and this concatenation of words makes the Frenchman seem to speak faster then he doth. Among others let this example serve, to shew how much the pen differs from the tongue, Il faict beau temps, 'tis faire weather, which is pronounc'd I le bo tan, where halfe the letters are drown'd. ceſt' a l'hault gouſt, 'tis the highest tast, pronounce it ce'l bo goo. Nor is the English behind with the French in such contractions; as muskiditti, Godigodin, for much good may it dot unto you, God give you good evening.

Among Consonants some are call'd liquids, as l, m, n, r, and they are seldome cut off, as mon Dieu, mon Roy, my God, my King, cœur content, a contented heart; here n and r keepes her full sound; besides, c at the end of words keepes his sound, as allez avec Dieu, go with God, avec moy, with me, and sometimes this c in avec is wantonly turn'd to que, as aveque toy, aveque vous; f and g also at the end of words are not cut off, as le bon bœuf d'Angleterre, the good beefe of England, le joug de Christ est leger, Christ's youke is easie.

B is pronounc'd as in English, and is always cut off at the end of words, as palomb a ringdove, plomb lead, are pronounced palom, plom.

C before e, i, y, sounds like ſ, as cecine Martlemas beef, ciprichi mi quickly; as also when it hath a taile, as ça, ça, courage, ac on, courage; ch is pronounced also like ſh, as Charles Sharles, cheual a horse, sheval, except some proper names, as Chanaan, and these ſ. Cholere choler, Chorde a chord, Eſcholle a ſchoole, Cichorée ſuccory.

C before t is also cut off, as du dict au faict il y a vn gran traict, there's a huge distance twixt the word and the deed, in which saying every c is cut off; c in second is pronounced like g.

D preceding another consonant is seldome pronounc'd, save only in these admettre to admit, admirer to wonder, administrer to administer, adverbe an adverb, adversaire an adversary, with their derivatives, addresser to direct, Advent Advent, adroit fit and handsome; when a word ends with d, and the next begins with a vowell or h, the d is pronounced like t, as lourd abus a grosse abuse, galand homme a gallant man, vent au visage rend vn homme sage, wind in the visage makes a man sage, in all these words the d is pronounced like t.

E in French is pronounc'd as in English, and at the ends of words it retains still its full sound, as bevez apres vn oeuf comm' apres vn bœuf, drink after an egge, as after an oxe.

G before e, i, y, hath a gentler and softer sound in French then in English, and is pronounc'd almost like an z, as genereux generous, giron the lappe, gyrouet a fane, in these g hath a melting soft pronunciation like z, when gn comes together the g is quite cut off, and the word is pronounc'd as if an i followed the n; as mignon a neat person, is pronounc'd minion; A la trogne cognois-on l'yurogne, by ones nowse one knowes a drunken lout; we must say ironie, yvronie.

H is omitted in words that come from the Latin, as honeste honeſt, huile oyle, heure an houre, honneur honour, but in naturall French words, h retaines its aspiration, as hanter to haunt, haste haſt, hardy stout, &c.

L comming before a single consonant is to be pronounced, alteſſe highnes, multitude, revolte, except fils a sonne, if it come before two consonants 'tis cut off, as tiltre a title, aultre another, &c.

In the end of these words, fol a foole, mol ſoft, col a neck, 't is pronounc'd like u, as fau, mou, cou.

M doth often degenerate into n, as nom a name, renom renowne, faim hunger, temps time, Comte an Earl, in all these words the m is turn'd to n.

N is never pronounc'd in the third person plurall of verbs be they of what conjugation soever, as dansent they dance, parlent they speak, n is here eaten up.

P pronounc'd every where as in English.

Q retaines its sound at the end of words, as il saute du coq a l'asne, he leaps from the cock to the asse, a proverb us'd against them that digresse from their matter: que, qui, qua, and quo, are pronounc'd like ke, ki, ka and ko, as quarenta sette, quiter to leave, question queſtion, quotrizer to taxe.

R. Some out of a lazie and soft feminin humor do leave off r at the end of words, as s'il vous roulez dormi chez nous vous me ferez gran plaiſi, if you will sleep with us you will do me a great pleasure, but 'tis better pronounc'd than omitted.

S in words derived of the latin in ſio, ſtis, ſtus, ſtris, is always to be pronounc'd, as perſister, conteſter, triſte, illuſtre, except in preſter to lend, where 'tis cut off, yet in preſtation it keeps its sound, as also in veſtiaire a vestry, though it be cut off in veſtir to cloath, and in eſcarlatin, though it be cut off in Eſcarlate ſcarlet; and in Apoſtolique, though it be cut off in Apoſtre; it keeps its sound also in all proper names, as Auguſte Auguſtin, except Eſcoſſe Scotland, Eſtianne Stephen, Hieroſme Hierome, Crelpin, in all these s is toſt. S keeps its sounds in all words that ſignifie the fashion of a people, as a la Moreſque, after the Moores manner; a la Turqueſque, after the Turkes manner; a la Gregueſque, a la Barbareſque, after the Greeke and Barbary manner: as also in names of Sects, as Anabaptiſte, Atheiſte, Alchoraniſte, Mahometiſte, Sophiſte; and laſtly, in these ensuing words, most whereof have the latin for their Originall, which are rank'd according to the order of the letters.

Abstenir. *To refrain.*
Abstersif. *Cleansing.*
Accoster. *To side or come neere to one, but in accoster to drop the s is cut off.*
Annaliste. *An Historian.*
Aposter. *To subborne.*
Apostolique *Apostolic, though in Apostre an Apostle, the s is cut off.*
Apostume. *An impostume.*
Artiste. *An artist.*
Aspercer. *To besprinckle.*
Astre. *A starre.*
Attester. *To witnesse.*

B

Basque. *One of Biscay.*
Baste. *It is enough. Spa:*
Bastille. *The Bastile or great tower in Paris.*
Bastion. *A bastion.*
Bastonades. *Blowes with a staffe, yet in bastion a staffe, s is not pronounced.*
Bestialité. *Beastlinesse.*
Bestiole. *A little beast, yet s in beste is cut off.*
Biraſque. *A sea storme. Spa:*
Biscaye. *A bisk at tennis.*
Biscuit. *Bisket.*
Blaspheme. *Blasphemy.*
Bosquet. *A little wood.*
Brusque. *Quicke, stirring.*

C

Cameristes. *Camerades.*
Caustique. *Scalding, or searching.*
Celeste. *Heavenly.*
Chasteté. *Chastity.*
Circonstance. *Circumstance.*
Cisternes. *Cesternes.*
Clistere. *A glister.*
Contester. *To contest.*
Contreſcarpe. *A counterscarp.*
Crotesque. *Rude country painting.*

D

Damasquiner. *To flourish with damask work.*
Desastre. *A disaster.*
Debusquer. *To send away.*
Desesperer. *To despaire.*
With divers more as you shall finde in the Dictionary in the letter D.

E

Embuscade. *An ambush.*
Enregistrer. *To register.*
Escabeau. *A stoole.*
Escabreux. *Rough.*
Escalade. *A climing up.*
Escamper. *Fled away.*
Escarbillat. *Quick and stirring.*
Escarbot. *A beetle.*
Escargot. *A snaile.*
Escarlatin. *Of scarlet colour, yet in the word Escarlate scarlet, s is cut off.*
Escarpins. *Pumps. Ital:*
Escopeterie. *Shot of agunne.*
Secquade. *A squadron.*
Espace. *A space.*
Espece. *A species.*
Esperance. *Hope.*
Esprit. *A spirit.*
Esquadron. *A squadron.*
Estafier. *A lackey. Ital:*
Extaſe. *An extasie.*
Estamer. *To trimme over.*
Estimer. *To esteeme.*
Estocade. *A stabbe.*
Estomac. *A stomack.*
Estrade. *A sheet. Ital:*
Estradiots. *A light horse.*
Estrapade. *The strappado.*
Estropiat. *Maymd.*
Evangeliste. *An Evangelist.*

F

Faste. *Pride.*
Fasteux. *Proud.*
Fastide. *Tedious.*

G

Gastadour. *A pioner:*
Gestes. *The motions of the body.*
Gaspiller. *To waste unthriftily.*
Gaspilleur. *An unthrift.*

H

Herboriſts. *An Herbalist.*
Histoire. *A story.*

I

Improviſte. *Vnaware.*
Inceſte. *Incest.*
Investiture. *Investiture, yet in vestir to cloath, s is cut off.*
Juriſte. *A Lawyer.*
Jusques. *Vntill.*
Jusquiame. *Henbane.*
Justice. *Justice.*

L

Lanſquenet. *A German footman.*
Legiſte. *A Lawyer.*
Limestre. *A kind of cloath.*
Leſte. *Quick, lusty.*
Lustre. *Space of five yeares.*

M

Masque. *A maske.*
Mastic. *Mastic.*
Menstrual. *Menstruous.*
Miniſtre. *A minister.*
Miſte. *Neat, and spruce.*
Monstre. *A monster, but in Monstre for a muster, s is cut off.*
Mosquet. *A musquet.*
Mosquée. *A mask.*
Mouſtache. *The upper beard.*
Mouſtele
Muscade. *A nutmeg.*
Muscadet. *Muscadine.*
Muſc. *Musk.*
Muscles. *The muscles.*

N

Non obstant. *Nevertheleſſe.*

O

Obeliſque. *An Obelisque:*
Oſtade. *Wooſted.*

P

Penſioniſtes.
Pastorelle: *A Shepherdesse, yet in Pastoreau, s is cut off.*
Pasquil. *A libell.*
Pastel. *Woad.*
Pastenade. *Carrot.*
Peste. *The plague.*
Pureau. *A pestle.*
Poste. *Post.*
Postillon. *The post boy.*
Postilles. *Homilies.*
Presque. *Almost.*
Proscrire. *To proscribe, or banish, yet in Escrire to write and descrire to describe, s is cut off.*

Q

Qveſtion. *A question, or the rack.*
Queſte-pain. *A begger.*
Quester. *To seek.*
Queſtuaire. *Gainfull.*

R

Reſte. *The rest.*
Ruſtre. *A ruffian.*
Ruſtique. *Clownish.*

S

Sequeſtrer. *To sequester.*
Siniſtre. *Left hand, yet in Senestre, s is cut off, though it signifie the same.*
Suspendre. *To suspend.*

T

Tempeſtatif. *Timely, yet in tempeste a tempest, s is cut off.*
Testament. *A Testament.*
Teston. *A piece of Coine.*
Testonner. *To curle.*

V

VEſtiaire. *A veſtry.*
Viſtempenard.
Vilceux. *Clammy.*
Veſpertin. *Towards evening.*
Yetperies. *Evening diſputations among the Sorboniſts.*
Veſtige. *A track.*
Veſtales. *Roman Nunnes.*

Z

ZEſt. *The film of a walnut.*

T *as in Engliſh before* ion *is is pronounc'd like* c, *as devotion, contention, and in the conjunction* et, *tis never pronounced, though the next begin with a vowell, as* Moy et Antoine et Euſtace le moine ſoupons enſemble. *I and Anthony and Euſtace the Fryer do ſup together.*

X *is pronounc'd in French as in Engliſh, but in theſe and all other numerall words tis pronounc'd like* z, deux *two*, deuxieſme *the ſecond*, dix *ten*, dixieſme *the tenth*, ſix *ſix*, ſixieme *the ſixth, yet in* ſoixante *ſixty, tis pronounc'd like* s. *In the ends of words* x *is pronounc'd like* z, *as* paix *peace*, prix *price, are pronounc'd* paiz, priz, *and as in this ſaying, aux faux jaloux deux yeux crevez, of him who is cauſeleſly jealous pull out both his eyes; in all theſe words* x *is pronounc'd like* z, *yet in this word* perplex *perplex'd,* x *keeps her ſound, and in* vexer *to vex.*

X *hath this ſingularity above all other his fellowes, to have the ſound of two conſonants, viz.* c s, *which being ſo, an ill-favour'd Anagram might be made of* vxor a *wife, for* orcus *hell were a true Anagram to it.*—Vxor et Orcus idem.

Z *is pronounc'd as in Engliſh, as* Il ne vaut pas vn zeſt, *he is not worth the film of a kernell. It is to be obſerv'd that when* z *concludes a word, it makes the precedent vowell grave and long, as* chantez *ſing ye*, dancez *dance ye*, *and ſo all ſecond perſons plurall of verbes*, celuy qui eſt adonné aux dez, le diable le tire par le nez, *he who is given to dice, the devill leades him by the noſe. Obſerve that* s *doth very frequently degenerat into* z, *but* z *not into* s.

THus much of the originall and ſimple materialls of the French language, viz. of the letters, of their pronunciation, and of the cutting off of Conſonants, but let us be ſpecially obſerv'd, that where a Conſonant is cut off, the precedent vowell muſt be pronounc'd with more gravity and longer, as maſtin *a maſtif*, where the s *is cut off*, is pronounc'd longer than a in matin *the morning*, as alſo e in teſte *the head*, than e in tete *a dugge.*

This ſmall crooked Character ⁹, (which I have not read obſerv'd by any Grammarian) hath been in former times much uſed in the French Orthography, it uſeth to be put at the beginning of a word, and then it ſtands for con, as tout vâ a ⁹trepoil *for* contrepoil, *all goes clean kam. Then it uſeth to be put at the end of a word, and ſtands for* us, as Domin⁹ De⁹ me⁹, *for* Dominus Deus meus, *like this Greek character* Ꝋ *which ſtands for* omicron *and* ſigma, as Ꝋς *for* Vos.

Of a Nowne.

Nowns are commonly joyned with Articles. { Le *the, and* vn *a, are for the maſculine.* / La *and* vne *for the feminine.* } Plur. les, *the.*

The French, *as alſo the* Italian *and* Spaniſh, *with all other vulgar languages, have certaine prepoſitive articles which they put before their Nowns, which the* Latine *hath not, and they are* le, *and* vn; *they correſpond with our* the *and* a *in Engliſh; and they goe before* Subſtantives, *and* Adjectives, *as* Le gran Turc, *the gran Turk; theſe articles are moſt neceſſary to be known in all their caſes, as followeth, and ther are more errors committed by their miſapplication, than by any other way.*

The declining of Nownes is made by Prepoſitions, the Accuſative caſe being alwaies like the Nominative, and the Ablative like the Genitive.

These Articles ſerve
- In the ſingular number to the
  - Genitive caſe
    - De le *before a vowell, as* de l'immortel.
    - Du *before a conſonant, as* du roy.
  - Dative caſe
    - A le *before a vowell, as* à l'immortel.
    - Au *before a conſonant, as* au roy.
- In the plurall number to the
  - Genitive
    - Des, *as* des hommes, *of men.*
  - Dative
    - Aux, *as* aux hommes, *to men, or to the men.*
    - A les *as* à les femmes, *to the women.*
    - A des *as* à des femmes, *to ſome women.*
  - Ablative
    - Aux, *as* aux champs, *in the fields.*
    - Des, *as* des cieulx, *from the heavens.*
    - Es, *as* es deſerts, *in the wilderneſſes.*

Declining of Nownes.

Maſc.		Maſc.	
Nom. vn, *or* le roy, *a, or the King.*		*Nom.* les roys, *the Kings.*	
Sing. *Gen.* d'vn, *or* du roy.		Plur. *Gen.* des roys.	
Dat. à vn, *or* au roy.		*Dat.* aux roys.	
Accuſ. vn, *or* le roy.		*Accuſ.* les roys.	
Vocat. ô roy, *or* ô le roy.		*Vocat.* ô roys.	
Ablat. à vn roy, *or* du roy.		*Ablat.* des roys.	
Femin.		**Femin.**	
Nom. vne, *or* la femme.		*Nom.* les femmes.	
Sing. *Gen.* d'vne, *or* de la femme.		Plur. *Gen* des femmes.	
Dat. à vne, *or* à la femme.		*Dat.* aux femmes.	
Accuſ. vne, *or* la femme.		*Accuſ.* les femmes.	
Vocat. ô femme.		*Vocat.* ô femmes.	
Ablat. d'vne, *or* de la femme.		*Ablat.* des femmes.	

Forming of the plurall number.

The Plurall number is formed from the Singular, by putting to s *or* z, *as* roy roys, lettré lettrez; *except words that end in* s, x, *or* z, *whoſe Singular and Plurall are one; as* le païs, *and* les païs, le faix, *and* les faix; le filz, *and* les filz. *A Country, a burden, a ſon.*

Words ending in l, *change* l *into* ux; *as* cheval, che-

vaux;

veux; mal, maux; metal, metaux; *Except theſe irregulars,* ciel, cieux; celuy, ceux; œil, yeux; vieil, vieux; genouil, genoux.

Words ending in a conſonant in the Plurall loſe the ſound of their conſonant; Grec, Grecs; *as if it were* Gres; *except they end in a* liquide; *as* bal, bals; nom, noms; don, dons; jour, jours.

Genders of nowns Subſtantives.

1 *Nownes are all of the Maſculine gender, except* 1. *the names of women, and offices to them belonging*; *as* mere, nourrice; *names of fruits*; *as* vne poire; *of cities*; *as* Clermont, Marſeille.

2 *Subſtantives in* é *Maſculine*, *as* bonté; *except* blé, congé, clergé; *and ſuch as come from Latine words in* atus; *as* Duché, Comté, marché.

3 *Subſtantives in* e *Feminine*, *as* grace; *Except words comming from Maſculines and Newters in Latine*, *as* pere, livre, titre; office, ſacrifice. *Yet theſe are Feminines*, lexiue, reſponſe; image, rage, table, fable.

4 *Subſtantives in* eur, *as* douceur; *except* pleur, labeur, heur, *with his compounds*, bonheur, malheur.

5 *Nownes in* on, *as* affection, priſon, chanſon; *except* horizon, tiſon; *and words endieg in* ſion, *as* poiſſon.

6 *Subſtantives in* u, virtu, tribu; *except* feſtu.

7 *Nownes in* ix, *as* paix, voix, noix, poix, *for pitch*; *except* prix.

8 *Theſe are alſo Feminines*, mercy, loy, peau, ſoif, clef, nef, faim, mois, nonnain, putain, fin, façon, leçon, mer, toux, tour *for a tower, otherwiſe not*; brebis, perdris, iument, foreſt, dent, part, hart, mort, cour.

OBſerve that there is no Newter *gender in the French toung, but the maſculine ſtands inſtead of it; when an Adjective is uſed for a Subſtantive, it hath alwaies* le *before it*, as le long du bord de la riuiere, *along the banks of the river*; le peu de ſoin quel vous avez de moy, *the ſmall care you have of me*; le vous rendray le double, *I will returne you double, &c.*

Some words are of the Maſculine and Feminine gender, but then they change their ſenſe, *as* le page *is a page*, la page *the ſide of a leeſe*; le manche *is a handle*, la manche *a ſleeve*; le tour a *turn*, la tour *a tower*; le voyle *a veyle*, la voyle *a ſaile*; le coche *a coach*, la coche *a ſow*; *as* voyla vne coche dans vn coche, *behold a ſow in a coach*; le haſte *a ſpeare*, la haſte *haſt*; le Satyre *a wood God*, la Satyre *an invectiſ.* Le poiſle *a canopy*, la poiſle *a frying-pan*; le periode *the end or declining*, la periode *the end of a ſentence*; le livre *a book*, la livre *a pound*; le temple *a Church*, la temple *the temple of the head*; le trompette *a trompetter*, la trompette *a trompet*; enſeigne *an Enſigne-bearer*, *maſc.* enſeigne *an Enſigne*, *fem.*

Of Adjectives,

Gender of nowns adjectives

ADjectives *form the feminine gender, by putting to* e *feminine*, *as* hault, haulte, *high*, caché, cachée, *hid*, *except it end in* e *feminine*, *for then it is common to both genders*, *as* homme *or* femme honorable, l'eau trouble, *troubled water.*

Exception.

1 ADjectives in c, *turne* c *into* ch, *as* ſec, *dry*, ſeche, *except* Grec, Grecque, Duc, Ducheſſe, Clerc, Clergeſſe.

2 *Words in* eau *change* eau *into* elle, *as* be au *faire*, belle, puceau *a maide*, pucelle, nouveau *new*, nouvelle.

3 *Words in* eux *make the feminine in* euſe, *as* piteux, piteuſe, Roux *red*, *maketh* rouſſe, faulx *falſe*, taulſe, doulx *ſweet*, doulce, frais *freſh*, fraiſche.

4 *Words in* f *change* f *into* v, *as* brief *ſhort*, brieve, reſtif *tyr'd*, reſtive, penſif *thoughtfull*, penſive.

5 *Words in* eur *make the feminine in* euſe, *as* flateur, flateuſe, menteur *a lyer*, menteuſe, iureur *a ſwearer*, iureuſe, pecheur *a ſinner*, *maketh* pechereſſe.

6 *Theſe double their conſonant* bas *low*, baſſe, bon *good*, bonne, net *neat*, nette, quel, quelle, tel, tell, bel, belle. *Where note alſo, that* bel *is put before a vowell as* bel homme, beau *before a Conſonant*, *as* beau garçon, *a handſome boy*. So nouveau *is put before the Subſtantive*, *as* le nouveau Teſtament, *feminine* nouvelle: *but* neuf, *and the feminine* neuve, *after the Subſtantive*; *as* In College neuf.

Touching the comparative and ſuperlative degrees of Adjectifs, in French they are expreſſed by plus *more*, *and* tres, *placing them both before the poſitif*, *as* plus ſage *more wiſe*, tres ſage *moſt wiſe*, plus vaillant *more valiant*, tres vaillant *moſt valiant*. *But theſe following are excepted*, bon *good*, meilleur *better*, mauvais *bad*, pire *worſe*, petit *little*, moindre *leſſe*; *as alſo theſe Adverbs*, bien *well*, mieux *better*, mal *ill*, pis *worſe*, peu *a little*, moins *leſſe*, beaucoup *much*, d'avantage *more*, par trop *a great deal too much.*

Ther be ſome Superlatifs form'd according to the Latine, *as* ſereniſſime *moſt gracious*, grandiſſime *moſt mighty*, reverendiſſime *moſt revcrend*, illuſtriſſime *moſt excellent*, doctiſſime *moſt learned*; *but they muſt be alwaies pronounc'd long, with the emphaſis upon the laſt ſillable ſaving one. There is another kind of phraſe us'd in French after the comparatif, which ſome hold not to be ſo elegant*, *as* la France eſt plus fertile que non pas l'Eſpagne, *France is more fertile than Spaine*; Vous auez mieux parle maintenant, que vous ne fiſtes pas hier, *you have ſpoke better now, than you did yeſterday.* Bien *alſo and* fort *are put before Adjectifs to make them ſuperlatifs*, *as* Je ſuis voſtre bien affectione ſerviteur, *or* voſtre fort affectione, *I am your affectionate ſervant.*

Among all other nations the Engliſh put the Adjectif before the Subſtantif, which no other uſe to doe; yet in French there be ſome Adjectifs that are better before than behind, *as* bon *good*, beau *faire*, braue *brave*, *as* qui a bon voiſin a bon matin, *He that hath a good neighbour hath a good morrow*; beau chevalier *a handſome knight*, braue capitain *a brave capitaine*; *as alſo all Adjectifs which imply honour or diſhonour*, *as* c'eſt vn vaillant ſoldat, *he is a valiant ſoldier*, c'eſt vn honneſt gentilhomme, *he is an honeſt gentleman, &c. but there be ſome Adjectifs which are never put before*, as pain blanc *white bread*, pain bis *brown bread*, vin clairet *claret wine*, vin rougé *red wine*; *laſtly there be divers Adjectifs that may be placed indifferently before or behinde.*

Of a Pronowne.

IE, tu, il, Ilz, *are put when the Verbe is expreſſed*; as, je chante *I ſing*, tu iouës *thou playeſt*, il frappe *he ſtrikes*, ilz ont. *But* moy, toy, luy, eux, *are put when the verbe is not expreſſed*; *as* qui ha fait cecy? *who hath done this? anſwere* moy, *not* je; toy, *not* tu. So, Qui ha fait cela? *anſwere* luy *or* eux; *not* il *or* ilz. je *is thus declined.*

Nom. Ie *or* moy *I.*	Plur.	*Nom.* nous *wee.*	*So decline* tu *thou. plur.* vous *yee.*
Gen. de moy,		*Gen.* de nous.	*and* ſoy *in both numbers.*
Dat. à moy *or* me.		*Dat.* à nous.	*Nominat. is wanting.*
Accuſ. moy *or* me.		*Accuſ.* nous.	*Gen.* de ſoy.
Ablat. de moy.		*Ablat.* de nous	*Dat.* à ſoy, *&c.*

Nom.

Nom. il *or* luy, *hee.*	Sing.	*Nom.* Ilz, eulx, ou leur, *they.*	Plur.
Gen. de luy.		*Gen.* d'eulx, de leur.	
Dat. à luy *and* luy.		*Dat.* à eux, leur, leurs.	
Accuſ. le *and* luy.		*Accuſ.* ilz, eulz, les.	
Ablat. de luy.		*Ablat.* d'eux, leurs.	

Luy. Leur. Luy *is common to both genders, and ſignifieth* to him, or her, *as* ma mere m'ha demandé, & je luy ay reſpondu, *My mother asked for me, and I answered her.* Leur *likewiſe ſignifieth* to them *in both genders, as* je leur ay baillé, *I gave it them, both men and women. But* leur *with an article is a Nowne poſſeſſive, as* le leur, *theirs.* Eux *is ſometimes put for* ſoy *the reciprocall, as* ilz ont tous biens communs entre eux, *for* entre ſoy, *they have all goods common betwixt them.*

Ce, Ceſt. Ce *and* Ceſt *this, plur.* ces. Ce *before a Conſonant, as* ce garçon. Ceſt *before a vowell, as* Ceſt homme.

Celuy. Ceſtuy. Iceluy. Celuy *that man,* ceſtuy *this man,* iceluy *the ſame man, plur.* ceux *and* iceux, *femin.* celle *and* icelle, *are thus placed in the ſentence:* Celuy *goeth before* qui, *and* iceluy *repeateth it as its relative, as* celuy qui ſeme mauvaiſe ſemence, iceluy recueille mauvais grain, *He that ſoweth ill ſeed, that man gathereth ill graine.*

Meſme. Meſme *is joyned to Nowns and Pronowns, and is as much as* ſelf *in Engliſh, or* met *in Latin, like* egomet, ipſemet; as l'homme meſme, *the ſelf ſame man;* moy meſme, *my ſelfe;* luy meſme, *himſelf.*

Mon, ton, ſon. *Theſe Poſſeſſives,* mon, ton, ſon, noz, voz, *are put when the Subſtantive is expreſſed; as* mon livre, *my booke,* noz livres, *our bookes. But* mien, tien, ſien, noſtres, voſtres, *are put without the Subſtantive, having always an Article joyned with them; as,* à qui eſt ce livre? *whoſe book is this? wee may either ſay,* il eſt à moy, *or elſe,* c'eſt le mien, *it is mine,* les noſtres. Noz amis, et les voſtres, *our friends and yours.*

Of a Verb.

AS *ther can be no ſyllable without a Vowell, no word without a ſyllable, no ſentence without words; ſo neither words nor ſentences can have ſenſe at leaſt any perfect ſenſe without a Verb, which may be ſaid to animat both, and this part of ſpeech ſwayeth moſt of any in the languages of men.*

Ther are three ſorts of Verbs.

The firſt is Active, when the effect or product of the action ſignified by the Verb, paſſeth from the Agent to the Patient, which the Latins call tranſitive *Verbs, as* Nature fuit l'vuide, *Nature abhorrs a vacuum;* je craindray Dieu, *I will feare God.*

The ſecond is Reciprocall or reflected, when that which is meant by the Verb is not tranſfer'd to an other thing or perſon, but glanceth backe upon the Agent himſelfe, as Je me plais a la cavallerie, *I love horſemanſhip;* Il ſe delecte a apprendre François, *He delights to learn French. This Verb hath ſometimes the ſenſe of a Verb Paſſive.*

The third ſort is Newter, which muſt have the help of an auxiliary Verb, and herin doth not much differ from the reciprocall.

Ther are two Verbs to whom all the reſt are beholden, therfore are they call'd Auxiliaries, *they are* Avoir *to have, and* Eſtre *to be:* Avoir *deſerves to have the vaw, becauſe he helps to conjugate alſo his fellow auxiliarie Verb* Eſtre, *and himſelf alſo in diver tenſes; the difference twixt theſe two is, that the firſt is an Active Auxiliarie, the other a Paſſive; whoſoever is covetous of the French Language, one of his prime taſkt muſt be to have theſe two verbs exactly by heart.*

The firſt Auxiliarie Verb Avoir *to have.*

Indicative mood preſent tenſe ſingular whoſe ſign is do.

I'Ay. *I have.*
Tu as. *Thou haſt.*
Il â. *He hath.*
Plur.
Nous auons. *Wee have.*
Vous auez. *Yee have.*
Ils ont. *They have.*

Preterimperfect tenſe ſingular whoſe ſign is did.

I'auoy, avoy, oi auois. *I had.*
Tu auois. *Thou hadſt.*
Il avoit. *He had.*
Plur.
Nous auions. *Wee had.*
Vous auiez. *Ye had.*
Ils auoient. *They had.*

The Aoriſt or preterperfect tenſe ſimple and indefinit,

Eu. *I had.*
Tu eus. *Thou hadſt.*
Il eut. *He had.*
Plur.
Nous euſmes. *Wee had.*
Vous eutes. *Yee had.*
Ils eurent. *They had.*

Preterperfect tenſe compound whoſe ſign is have.

I'ay eu. *I have had.*
Tu as eu. *Thou haſt had.*
Il â eu. *He hath had.*
Plur.
Nous auons eu. *Wee have had.*
Vous auez eu. *Yee have had.*
Ils ont eu. *They have had.*

Future tenſe whoſe ſign is ſhall *or* will.

I'auray. *I ſhall have.*
Tu auras. *Thou ſhalt have.*
Il aura. *Hee ſhall have.*
Plur.
Vous aurons. *Wee ſhall have.*
Vous auez. *Yee ſhall have.*
Ils auront. *They ſhall have.*

The Imperative mood preſent tenſe.

Aye. *Have thou,*
Qu'il ait or aye. *Let him have,*
Plur.
Ayons. *Let us have.*
Ayez. *Have yee.*
Qu'ils ayent. *Let them have.*

Optative mood preſent tenſe whoſe ſign is may.

Dieu vueille que. *God grant that.*

I'aye. *I have.*
Tu ayes. *Thou haſt.*
Il aye. *He hath.*
Plur.
Nous ayons. *Wee have.*
Vous ayez. *Yee have.*
Ils ayent. *They have.*

Preterimperfect tenſe whoſe ſign is might *or* could.

Pleuſt a Dieu. *I pray God.*

I'euſſe. *I had.*
Tu euſſes. *Thou hadſt.*
Il eut *or* euſt. *He had.*

Plur.

Plu.
Nous euſſions. *We had.*
Vous euſſiez. *Ye had.*
Ils euſſent. *They had.*

The firſt præterimperfect tenſe whoſe ſigns are might, could, *or* ſhould.
Pleuſt à Dieu *I would to God.*

I'auroy. *I might have.*
Tu aurois. *Thou might'ſt have.*
Il auroit. *He might have.*
Plu.
Nous aurions. *We might have.*
Vous auriez. *Ye might have.*
Ils auroyent. *They might have.*

Præterperfect tenſe ſingular.
A la mienne volonté que *God grant.*

I'aye eu. *I have had.*
Tu ayes eu. *Thou haſt had.*
Il ayt eu. *He had had.*
Plu.
Nous ayons eu. *We had had.*
Vous ayez eu. *Ye had had.*
Ils ayent eu. *They had had.*

The firſt præterpluperfect tenſe.
Pleuſt a dieu que *would God.*

I'euſſe eu. *I had had.*
Tu euſſes eu. *Thou hadſt had.*
Il eut eu. *He had had.*
Plu.
Nous euſſions eu. *We had had.*
Vous euſſiez eu. *Ye had had.*
Ils euſſent eu. *They had had.*

The ſecond præterpluperfect tenſe.
Volontiers *I would God.*

I'auroy eu. *I might have had.*
Tu aurois eu. *Thou might'ſt have had.*
Il auroit eu. *He might have had.*
Plu.
Nous aurions eu. *We might have had.*
Vous auriez eu. *Ye might have had.*
Ils auroient eu. *They might have had.*

The Subjunctif mood is altogether like the Optative, ſave that it hath a future tenſe of its own, and that it hath differing conjunctions, as tant que *while that,* juſques a tant que, *or* juſques a ce que *until that;* bien que, combien que, ore que, encore que, ſoit que *although,* ſoit que *whither;* pourveu que, veu que *ſo that,* ains que, ainçois que *or ere,* avant que, premier que *before that.*

The future tenſe of the ſubjunctif mood, Quand *when.*

I'auray eu. *I ſhall.*
Tu auras eu. *Thou ſhalt have.*
Il aura eu. *He ſhall have.*
Plu.
Nous aurons eu. *We ſhall have.*
Vous aurez eu. *Ye ſhall have.*
Ils auront eu. *They ſhall have.*

The Infinitif mood Avoir *to have.*
The præterperfect tenſe, and præterpluperfect tenſe avoir eu *to have had.*

The participle of the preſent, and præterimperfect tenſe active, ayant *having.*
The participle paſſive, eu *had.*

The Auxiliary verb for paſſive verbs, *Eſtre* to be.

Indicatif mood præſent tenſe ſing.

Ie ſuis. *I am.*
Tu es. *Thou art.*
Il eſt. *He is.*
Plu.
Nous ſommes. *We are.*
Vous eſtes. *Ye are.*
Ils ſont. *They are.*

Præterimperfect tenſe ſing.

L'eſtoy, eſtoye, *or* eſtois. *I was.*
Tu eſtois. *Thou waſt.*
Il eſtoit. *He was.*
Plu.
Nous eſtoins. *We were.*
Vous eſtiez. *Ye were.*
Ils eſtoient. *They were.*

The præterperfect tenſe ſing. and definit.

Ie fu. *I have been, or I was.*
Tu fus. *Thou waſt.*
Il fut. *He was.*
Plu.
Nous fuſmes. *We were.*
Vous fuſtes. *Ye were.*
Ils furent. *They were.*

The præterperfect tenſe compound and indefinit.

I'ay eſté. *I have been.*
Tu as eſté, *thou haſt been, and ſo forward as the preſent tenſe of* avoir *with* eſté *after it.*

The præterpluperfect tenſe.

I'avoies eſté. *I had been, &c. according to the præterimperfect tenſe of* avoir *with* eſté *after.*

The future tenſe

Ie ſeray. *I ſhall be.*
Tu ſeras. *Thou ſhalt be.*
Il ſera. *He ſhall be.*
Plu.
Nous ſerons. *We ſhall be.*
Vous ſerez. *Ye ſhall be.*
Ils ſeront. *They ſhall be.*

The Imperatif mood.

Soy. *Be thou.*
Qu'il ſoit. *Let him be.*
Soyons. *Let us be.*
Soyez. *Be ye.*
Qu'ils ſoyent. *Let them be.*

The Optatif mood præſent tenſe ſing.
Dieu vueille que *God grant.*

Ie ſoy, ſoye, *or* ſoys. *I bee.*
Tu ſoys. *Thou bee'ſt.*
Il ſoyt. *He be.*
Plu.
Nous ſoyons. *We be.*
Vous ſoyez. *Ye be.*
Ils ſoyent. *They be.*

The præterimperfect tenſe ſing.
Pleuſt a Dieu que *I would God.*

Ie fuſſe. *I were.*
Tu fuſſes. *Thou were.*
Il fuſt. *He were.*
Plu.
Nous fuſſions. *We were.*
Vous fuſſiez. *Ye were.*
Ils fuſſent. *They were.*

The ſecond præterimperfect tenſe.
Volontiers *I would God.*

Ie ſeroy. *I might be.*
Tu ſerois. *Thou might'ſt be.*
Il ſeroit. *He might be.*
Plu.
Nous ſerions. *We might be.*
Vous ſeriez. *Ye might be.*
Ils ſeroient. *They might be.*

The firſt præterpluperfect tenſe.
Pleuſt a dieu que *would God.*

I'euſſe eſté. *I had been.*
Tu euſſes eſté. *Thou hadſt been.*
Il euſt eſté. *He had been.*
Plu.
Nous euſſions eſté. *We had been.*
Vous euſſiez eſté. *Ye had been.*
Ils euſſent eſté. *They had been.*

The ſecond præterpluperfect tenſe.
Volontiers *would to God.*

I'auroy eſté. *I ſhould have been.*
Tu aurois eſté. *Thou ſhouldſt have been.*
Il auroit eſté. *He ſhould have been.*
Plu.
Nous aurions eſté. *We ſhould have been.*
Vous auriez eſté. *Ye ſhould have been.*
Ils auroient eſté. *They ſhould have been.*

All the tenſes of the Subjunctif mood are the ſame with the Optatif, ſave only that the ſubjunctif hath a future tenſe of his own, as Quand *when.*

I'auray eſté. *I ſhall have been.*
Tu auras eſté. *Thou ſhalt have been.*
Il aura eſté. *He ſhall have been.*
Plu.
Nous aurons eſté. *We ſhall have been.*
Vous aurez eſté. *Ye ſhall have been.*
Ils auront eſté. *They ſhall have been.*

The infinitif preſent is eſtre. *to be.*
The præterperfect, and præterpluperfect tenſe avoir eſté, *to have been.*
The participle, eſtant *being,* ayant eſté *having been.*

Beſides

BEſides the former diviſions of *Verbs*, they admit of a ſubdiviſion into *Regular* and *Irregular*. Of *Regular* verbs ther are, as in latin, fower conjugations which are to be diſtinguiſh'd, though ſome do it otherwiſe, according to the order of the letters; the firſt terminat in *er*, as *abandonner* to forſake; the ſecond in *ir*, as *punir* to puniſh; the third in *re* with an *o* before, as *Croire* to believe; the fourth in *re* with ſome conſonant before, as *craindre* to fear: Theſe fower examples following, in *parler* to ſpeak, *bátir* to build, *voir* to ſee, *conoitre* to know, may ſerve for all others to conforme themſelves unto.

The firſt Conjugation is of verbs that end in *er*, as *parler* to ſpeak.

The Indicatif mood. Preſent tenſe ſingular.

Ie parle. *I ſpeake.*
Tu parles. *Thou ſpeak'ſt.*
Il parle. *He ſpeaketh.*
Plu.
Nous parlons. *We ſpeake.*
Vous parlez. *Ye ſpeake.*
Il parlent. *They ſpeake.*

Praterimperfect tenſe ſing.

Ie parloy. *I did ſpeake.*
Tu parlois. *Thou didſt ſpeake.*
Il parloit. *He did ſpeake.*
Plu.
Nous parlions. *We did ſpeake.*
Vous parliez. *Ye did ſpeak.*
Ils parloient. *They did ſpeake*

1 *Aoriſt or Praterperfect ſing.*

Ie parlay. *I ſpake.*
Tu parlas. *Thou ſpak'ſt.*
Il parlaſt. *He ſpake.*
Plu.
Nous parlames. *We ſpake.*
Vous parlates. *Ye ſpake.*
Ils parlerent. *They ſpake.*

Praterperfect ſing. and indefinit.

I'ay parlé. *I have ſpoken.*
Tu as parlé. *Thou haſt ſpoken.*
Il a parlé. *He hath ſpoken.*
Plu.
Nous avons parlé. *We have ſpoken.*
Vous avez parlé. *Ye have ſpoken.*
Ils ont parlé. *They have ſpoken.*

Praterperfect compound.

I'avois parlé. *I had ſpoken.*
Tu avois parlé, *and ſo forth, by putting the imperfect tenſe of* avoir *to* parlé.

Future tenſe.

Ie parleray. *I will ſpeake.*
Tu parleras. *Thou wilt ſpeak.*
Il parlerá. *He will ſpeak.*
Plu.
Nous parlerons. *We will ſpeak.*
Vous parlerez. *Ye will ſpeak.*
Ils parleront. *They will ſpeak.*

The Imperatif.

Parle tu. *Speak thou.*
Qu'il parle. *Let him ſpeak.*
Plu.
Parlons. *Let us ſpeak.*
Parlez vous. *Speak ye.*
Qu'ils parlent. *Let them ſpeak.*

The Optative mood which hath alwaies a concomitating wiſh, as God grant Dieu vueille que.

The Optatif, preſent tenſe ſing.
Dieu vueille que.

Ie parle. *God grant I ſpeak.*
Tu parles. *God grant thou ſpeak.*
Il parle, *God grant he ſpeak.*
Plu.
Nous parlions. *God grant we ſpeak.*
Vous parliez. *God grant ye ſpeak.*
Ils parlent. *God grant they ſpeak.*

Praterimperfect tenſe ſing.
Dieu vueille que.

Ie parlaſſe. *Would God I might or could ſpeak.*
Tu parlaſſes. *Thou might'ſt or could ſpeak.*
Il parlaſt. *He might or could ſpeak.*
Plu.
Nous parlaſſions. *We might or could ſpeak.*
Vous parlaſſies. *Ye might or could ſpeak.*
Ils parlaſſent. *They might or could ſpeak.*

Praterperfect tenſe ſing.
Dieu vueille que.

I'aye parlé. *I pray God I have ſpoken.*
Tu ayes parlé. *I pray God thou have ſpoken, &c. by putting the Opt. preſent tenſe of* avoir *to* parlé.

Praterpluperfect tenſe ſing.
Dieu vueille que.

I'euſſe parlé. *would God I had ſpoken, &c. by putting the Optatif imperfect of* avoir *to* parlé.

Future tenſe ſing.
Dieu vueille que.

Ie parle cy apres. *I pray God I may ſpeak hereafter, &c. by putting* cy apres *to the Optatif preſent.*

Subjunctif mood.

The Subjunctif mood borroweth its tenſes partly from the Indicatif, partly from the Optatif, by adding one of theſe conjunctions, veu que *ſeeing that,* combien que *although that,* ſi *if,* quand *although that,* comme ainſi ſoit *ſeeing that; as for Example.*

Veu que j'ay parlé. *Seeing that I have ſpoken, as in the Indicatif.*
Combien que j'aye parlé. *Although I have ſpoken; as in the Optatif, and ſo in other tenſes; onely this praterimperfect tenſe the Subjunctif hath proper to it ſelfe.*

Quand *or* combien

Ie parleroy. *Though I ſhould ſpeak.*
Tu parlerois. *Though thou ſhouldſt ſpeak.*
Il parleroit. *Though he ſhould ſpeak.*
Plu.
Nous parlerions. *Though we ſhould ſpeak.*
Vous parleriez. *Though ye ſhould ſpeak.*
Ils parleroient. *Though they ſhould ſpeak.*

Infinitif mood.

Parler. *To ſpeak.*
Avoir parlé. *To have ſpoken.*
Avoir parler cy apres. *To ſpeak hereafter.*

The participle preſent. Parlant. *Speaking.*
The participle paſs'd. Parlé. *Spoken of.*

The ſecond Conjugation of Verbs ending in *ir*, *Batir* to build.

Preſent tenſe ſing.

Ie báti. *I build.*
Tu bátis. *Thou doſt build.*
Il bátit. *He doth build.*
Plu.
Nous bátiſſons. *We build.*
Vous bátiſſez. *Ye build.*
Ils bátiſſent. *They build.*

Praterimperfect tenſe ſing.

Ie batiſſoy. *I did build.*
Tu batiſſois. *Thou didſt build.*
Il batiſſoit. *He did build.*
Plu.
Nous batiſſions. *We did build.*
Vous batiſſiez. *Ye did build.*
Ils batiſſoient. *They did build.*

The Aoriſt, or Praterperfect tenſe.

Ie bati. *I built.*
Tu batis. *Thou builſt.*
Il batit. *He built.*
Plu.
Nous batimes. *We built.*
Vous batites. *Ye built.*
Ils batirent. *They built.*

The praterperfect tenſe compound.

I'ay bati. *I have built.*
Tu as bati. *Thou haſt built, &c. by putting the preſent of* avoir *before* bati.

Preterpluperfect tense sing.

I'avoye bati. *I had built, &c. by putting the imperfect tense of* avoir *before* bati.

The future tense.

Ie batiray. *I shall build.*
Tu batiras. *Thou shalt build.*
Il batira. *He shall build.*
Plu.
Nous batirons. *We shall build.*
Vous batirez. *Ye shall build.*
Ils batiront. *They shall build.*

The Imperatif mood.

Batis tu. *Build thou.*
Qu'il batisse. *Let him build.*
Plu.
Batissons. *Let us build.*
Batissez vous. *Build ye.*
Qu'ils batissent. *Let them build.*

The Optatif, present tense sing.
Dieu vueille que.

Ie batisse. *God grant I may build.*
Tu batisses. *Thou mayst build.*
Il batisse. *He may build.*
Plu.
Nous batissions. *We may build.*
Vous batissiez. *Ye may build.*
Ils batissent. *They may build.*

Preterimperfect tense sing.
Dieu vueille que.

Ie batissoy. *Would God I did, might, or could build.*
Tu batissois. *Thou mightst build.*
Il batissoit. *He might build.*
Plu.
Nous batissions. *We might build.*
Vous batissiez. *Ye might build.*
Ils batissent. *They might build.*

Preterperfect tense.
Dieu vueille que.

Paye bati. *I pray God I have built.*
Tu ayes bati. *I pray God thou have built, &c. putting the Opt. present of* avoir *before* bati.

Preterpluperfect tense.

Ieusse bati. *would God I had built, &c. putting the Opt. preterpluperfect tense of* avoir *before* bati.

The future tense.

Ie batisse cy aprés. *I pray God I build hereafter, &c. by putting* cy aprés *after the present tense.*

The Subjunctif as you were formerly advertis'd borrowes of the Opt. and Indicatif, except this preterimperfect tense.

The Preterimperfect tense of the Subjunctif mood, sing.

Ie batiroy, *Though I should build.*
Tu batirois. *though thou shouldst build.*
Il batiroit, *He should build.*
Plu.
Nous batirions, *we should build.*
Vous batiriez. *Ye should build.*
Ils batiroyent. *They should build.*

The Infinitif mood.

Batir. *To build.*
Avoir bati. *To have built;*
Avoir a batir cy apres. *To build hereafter.*

Participle of the present tense.

Batissant, *Building.*

Participle of the prater tense.

Bati, *Built.*

The third Conjugation is of Verbs that end in *oir*, as *Veoir* to see.

The Indicatif mood present tense.

Ie veoy *or* voy. *I see.*
Tu vois. *Thou seest.*
Il voit *or* void. *He seeth.*
Plu.
Nous voyons. *We see.*
Vous voyez. *Ye see.*
Ils voyent. *They see.*

The Preterimperfect tense sing.

Ie voyoye. *I did see.*
Tu voyois. *Thou didst see.*
Il voyoit. *He did see.*
Plu.
Nous voyions. *We did see.*
Vous voyiez. *Ye did see.*
Ils voyoient. *They did see.*

The Aorist or Preterperfect tense.

Ie vi *or* vey. *I saw.*
Tu vis *or* veis. *Thou sawest.*
Il vist *or* veyt. *He saw.*
Plu.
Nous vismes. *we saw.*
Vous veistes. *Ye saw.*
Ils virent. *They saw.*

The preterperfect tense compound.

I'ay veu. *I had seen, &c. putting the present tense of* Avoir *before* veu.

The preterpluperfect tense.

I'avoye veu. *I had seen, &c. by putting the imperfect tense of* avoir *before* veu.

The future tense.

Ie voiray *or* verray. *I shall see.*
Tu voiras *or* verras. *Thou shalt see.*
Il voirá *or* verrá. *He shall see.*
Plu.
Nous verrons *or* voirons. *We shall see.*
Vous voirez *or* verrez. *Ye shall see.*
Ils voiront *or* verront. *They shall see.*

The Imperatif mood.

Voy tu. *See thou.*
Qu'il voye. *Let him see.*
Plu.
Veyons nous. *Let us see.*
Voyez vous. *See ye.*
Qu'ils voyent. *Let them see.*

The Optatif mood present tense sing.
Dieu vueille que.

Ie voye. *God grant I may see.*
Tu voyes. *Thou mayest see.*
Il voye. *He may see.*
Plu.
Nous voyons. *We may see.*
Vous voyez. *Ye may see.*
Ils voyent. *They may see.*

The preterimperfect tense sing.
Dieu vueille.

Ie veisse *or* visse. *Would God I saw or might see.*
Tu veisses *or* visses. *Thou sawest or mightst see.*
Il veist *or* vist. *He saw or might see.*
Plu.
Nous veissions *or* vissions. *We saw or might see.*
Vous veissiez *or* vissiez. *Ye saw or might see.*
Ils veissent *or* vissent. *They saw or might see.*

The preterperfect tense.
Dieu vueille que.

I'aye veu. *I pray God I have seen, &c. putting the Opt. present of* avoir *before veu.*

The preterpluperfect tense of
Pleust a Dieu que.

I'eusse veu. *would I had seen, &c. putting the Opt. imperfect of* avoir *before* veu.

Ie voye cy aprés. *I pray God I may see, &c. by putting* cy aprés *after the Opt. present.*

The preterimperfect tense of the Subjunctif mood sing.

Ie voiroy *or* verroy. *Though I should see.*
Tu voiroys *or* verrois. *Thou shouldst see.*
Il voiroit *or* verroit. *He should see.*
Plu.
Nous voirions *or* verrions. *we should see.*
Vous voiriez *or* verriez. *Ye should see.*
Ils voiroient *or* verroient. *They should see.*

The Infinitif mood.

Voir *To see.*
Avoir veu. *To have seen.*
Avoir a veoir *To see hereafter.*

The participle of the present tense voyant.
The time passed. Veu *seen.*

The fourth Conjugation is of verbs ending in *re*, as *conoitre* to know.

The Indic. mood present tense sing.

Ie conoy. *I know.*
Tu conois. *Thou knowest.*
Il conoit. *He knowes.*
Plu.
Nous conoissons. *We know.*
Vous conoissez. *Ye know.*
Ils coissent. *They know.*

Preterimperfect tense.

Ie conoiſſoye. *I did know.*
Tu conoiſſois. *Thou didſt.*
Il connoiſſoit. *He did.*
Plur.
Nou. conoiſſions. *We did.*
Vous conoiſſiez. *Yee did.*
Ils conoiſſient. *They did.*

The preterperfect tense.

Ie conû. *I knew.*
Tu conús. *Thou knewſt.*
Il conût. *He knew.*
Plur.
Nous conûmes. *We knew.*
Vous conûtes. *Yee knew.*
Ils conûrent. *They knew.*

The preterperfect tenſe double.

I'ay conû. *I have known.*
Tu as conû. *Thou haſt known, &c. by putting the preſent tenſe of* auoir *before* conû.

Preterpluperfect.

I'auoye conû. *I had known, &c. by puting the imperfect of* auoir *before* conû.

The future tenſe.

Ie conoitray. *I ſhall know.*
Tu conoitras. *Thou ſhalt know.*
Il conoitrâ. *He ſhall know.*
Plur.
Nous conoitrons. *Wee ſhall know.*
Vous conoitrez. *Yee ſhall know.*
Is conoitront. *They ſhall know.*

The Imperative.

Conoy tu. *Know thou.*
Qu'il conoiſſe. *Let him know.*
Plur.
Conoiſſons. *Let us know.*
Conoiſſez. *Know yee.*
Qu'ils conoiſſent. *Let them know.*

The Optatif preſent tenſe dieu vueille que.

Ie conoiſſe. *God grant I may know.*
Tu conoiſſes. *Thou mayſt know.*
Il conoiſſe. *He may know.*
Plur.
Nous conoiſſions. *Wee may know.*
Vous conoiſſiez. *Yee may know.*
Ils conoiſſent. *They may know.*

Preterimperfect tenſe dieu vueille que.

Ie coneuſſe. *Would God I knew or might know.*
Tu coneuſſes. *Thou knewſt or might know, &c.*
Il coneut.
Plur.
Nous coneuſſions.
Vous coneuſſiez.
Ils coneuſſent.

Preterperfect tenſe, Pleuſt a dieu que.

Iaye conu. *I pray God I have known.*
Tu ayes conu. *Thou hadſt known, &c. by putting the Opt. preſent of* auoir *to* conû.

Preterpluperfect tenſe, a la mienne volonte.

I'euſſe conû. *Would God I had known, &c. by putting the Opt. Imperfect of* auoir *before* conû.

The preterimperfect tenſe of the ſubjunctif.

Ie conoitroy. *Though I ſhould know.*
Tu conoitrois. *Though thou ſhould know, &c.*
Il conoitroit.
Plur.
Nous conoitrions.
Vous conoitriez.
Ils conoitroient.

The Infinitif.

Conoitre. *To know.*
Auoir conu. *To have known.*
Auoir a conoitre *To know hereafter.*

The participle of the preſent tenſe.

Conoiſſant.

Preter tenſe.

Conû. *Known.*

Concerning the forming of the Tenſes. The Imperfect of the Indicative is formed from the firſt perſon plurall of the Preſent, changing ons *into* oy, *as* chantons, je chantoy. *The firſt and ſecond perſons plurall in the Preſent of the Optative, and in the Imperfect of all Moods, interpoſe* i, *in all Conjugations, as* Aimions, aimaſſions, amerions.

The ſecond of the Imparative, is from the firſt of the Indicative of all Conjugations, as Di tu *tell thou,* reçoy tu *receave thou, &c. The third from the third plurall of the ſame tenſe, by taking away* nt, *as* ils donnent, qu'il donne, &c. *Some be irregular, as* qu'il façe, qu'il ſache, *from* font, *and* ſçavent.

The Preſent of the Optative, from the third of the Imparative evermore. The Imperfect from the ſecond ſingular of the Aoriſt, tu leus, je leuſſe.

The Imperfect of the Subjunctive from the Future of the Indicative, by changing ay *in* oy, *as* j'yameray, j'aymeroy.

The Participle Preſent from the firſt plurall of the preſent of the Indicative, changing ons *into* ant, *as* baſtiſſons, baſtiſſant.

A Verb Paſſive.

A Verb Paſſive is made by putting the Participle of any Verb to the perſons of the Verb je ſuis, *as* je ſuis, tu es, il eſt aimé, nous ſommes, vous eſtez, ils ſont aimez. *Imperfect.* j'eſtoye aimé, nous eſtions aimez, &c.

Note alſo, that the third perſons in both numbers are paſſively to be rendred, when ſe *is ſet before them, as* il ſe fait *it is done,* ilz ſe font *they are made.*

A Verb Impersonall.

1 *Active is made by putting* il *before the third perſon, as* il convient *tis fit,* il convenoit, il fault *it muſt,* il falloit, il falluſt, il ha fallu, il faudra, &c. *Such are theſe* il neige *it ſnoweth,* il greſle *it haileth,* il gele *it freezeth,* il rele *it thaweth,* il aveſprit *it waxeth night,* il pleut *it raineth.*

2 *Paſſive is made by putting* on, *or* lon *before the third perſons ſingular of Verbs Actives, as* on dit, dicitur, *it is ſaid, or men ſay,* on aime, amatur, *men love,* on aimoit, on aimaſt, &c.

Here tis to be noted that Il *cannot be put before all Verbs whatſoever, but* on *and* l'on *may; except ſome few which will have onely* Il *for their uſher, as* il faut *it muſt,* il chaut *tis car'd for,* il reſte *it remaines,* il convient *tis fit, theſe cannot indure* on *or* lon.

The

The Anomala or irregular Verbs *of the first Conjugation.*

Aller, to go. OF *the first Conjugation there is onely one auxiliar Verb,* Aller, *to go. Present tenst.* Ie vay *or* je vois, tu vas, il va, nous allons, vous allez, ils vont. *Imperf.* I' alloy, tu allois, &c. *Aoriſt.* I'allay, tu allas, &c. *Preterit.* Ie ſuis allé, tu es allé. *Pluſquam Perfect.* I'eſtoye allé, &c. *Futur.* I'ray, tu iras, il ira, nous irons, vous irez, ils iront. *Imperat.* Va tu. Qu'il aille, *or* qu'il voiſe, allons, allez, qu'ils aillent, *or* qu'ils voiſent. *Optat. Preſ.* Dieu vueille que j'aille *or* voiſe; tu ailles *or* voiſes, il aille *or* voiſe, nous allions, vous alliez, ils aillent *or* voiſent. *Imperf.* I'allaſſe, tu allaſſes, il allaſt. *Perf.* Que je ſoye allé, tu ſoys allé. *Pluſquam Perfect.* Que je fuſſe allé. *Futur.* Que j' aille cy apres. *The Preterimperfect. of the Subjunctive,* Quand j'iroye, tu iroys, il iroit, nous irions, vous iriez, ils iroyent.

Martin Caucius, *fol.* 48. *doth further obſerve, that the word* doint *is an irregular third perſon from the Verbe* Donner, *as* Dieu vous doint bon jour; *as* Plautus *uſeth* Duit *for* det: *And* Terence *ſaith,* Dii tibi dignum factis exitium duint, Andria Act. 4. Scen. 1. *So likewiſe,* Iamais Dieu ne me pardoint, s'il n'eſt ainſi; *but tis now quite out of uſe.*

The irregulars of the ſecond *Conjugation.*

Aſſaillir, to aſſault. *Preſ.* I'aſſaus, tu aſſaus, il aſſault; *or according to* John Serreius, j'aſſaille, tu aſſailles, *and* nous aſſaillons. *Aoriſt.* I'aſſailly. *Pret.* I'ay aſſailly. *Futur.* I'aſſailliray, *Caucius.* I'aſſaudray. *Serreius.*

Benir, or Beniſtre, to bleſſe. *Preſ.* Ie beni, is, it, nous beniſſons, &c. *Pret.* I'ay benit.

Bouillir, to boyle. *Preſ.* Ie bou, tu bous, il bout, nous bouillons. *Aoriſt.* Ie boullu *or* boully, ils bouillirent. *Pret.* I'ay boulu. *Fut.* Ie bouilleray *or* boudray.

Courir, to run. *Preſ.* Ie coüt, tu cours. *Aoriſt.* Ie couru. *Pret.* I'ay couru. *Fut.* Ie couriray, *and alſo* je courray.

Couvrir, to cover. *Preſ.* Ie couvre, nous couvrons. *Aoriſt.* Ie couvry. *Pret.* I'ay couvert. *Fut.* Ie couvriray.

Cueillir, to gather. *Preſ.* Ie cueil *or* cueille, *or* je cus, tu cueilles, nous cueillons. *Aoriſt.* Ie cueilly. *Pret.* I'ay cueilly. *Fut.* Ie cueilleray.

Dormir, to ſleepe. *Preſ.* Ie dors, tu dors, il dort, nous dormons. *Aoriſt.* Ie dormi. *Pret.* I'ay dormy. *Fut.* Ie dormiray.

Faillir, to faile or miſſe. *Preſ.* Ie fau, nous faillons. *Aoriſt.* Ie failly. *Pret.* I'ay failly. *Fut.* Ie fauldray.

Farcir, to ſtuffe. *Preſ.* Ie fars, nous farçons. *Aoriſt.* Ie farçy. *Pret.* I'ay farçy.

Firir, to ſtrike. *Preſ.* Ie fier, nous fierons. *Aoriſt.* Ie feru, *or according to* Caucius, je feris. *Pret.* I'ay feru. *Fut.* Ie feriray *or* je fierray.

Fuir, to fly. *Preſ.* Ie fuy, tu fuys, nous fuyons.

Geſir, to lye in. *Preſ.* Ie gi, tu gis, nous giſons. *Aoriſt, according to* Caucius, je geſy. *But* Stephanus *and* Serreius *will have it to be* je jeu. *Pret.* I'ay jeu, *and alſo* geſy. *Fut.* Ie geſiray.

Haïr, to hate. *Preſ.* Ie haï, tu haïs, nous haions *and* haiſſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie haï. *Pret.* I'ay haï. *Fut.* Ie haïray.

Iſſir, to goe forth: hence comech reuſſir, to ſucceed well. *Preſ.* I'iſſis, tu iſſis. (*Howbeit* Caucius *ſaith it wanteth the ſingular number.*) *Plurall.* Nous iſſiſſons; *or, as* Caucius, *and ſome others,* nous iſſons, vous iſſez, ils iſſent. *Aoriſt.* I'iſſis. *Pret.* I'ay iſſu. *Inſtead of this Verb we commonly uſe* Sortir.

Mentir, to lye. *Preſ.* Ie ments, nous mentons. *Aoriſt.* Ie menty.

Mourir, to die. *Preſ.* Ie meur, tu meurs, nous mourons, ils meurent. *Aoriſt.* Ie mouru. *Pret.* Ie ſuis mort. *Fut.* Ie mourray.

Offrir, to offer. *Preſ.* I'offre, tu offres, nous offrons. *Aoriſt.* I'offri. *Pret.* I'ay offert.

Ouir, to hear. *Preſ.* I'oy, tu oys, nous oyons. *Aoriſt.* I'ouy *Pret.* I'ay ouï. *Fut.* I'ouiray *or* j'orray.

Ouvrir, to open. *Preſ.* I'ouvre *or* j'euvre, nous ouvrons. *Aoriſt.* I'ouvri. *Pret.* I'ay ouvert.

Partir, when it ſignifieth *To divide or part. It hath its Preſent,* je parti, tu partis, nous partiſſons. *To depart or goe away. It hath its Preſent,* je pars, tu pars, nous partons.

Puir, to ſtinke. *Preſ.* Ie pu, tu pus, nous puons. *Aoriſt.* Ie pu. *Fut.* Ie puëray.

Querir, or Querre, to goe fetch. *Preſ.* Ie quiers, tu quiers, nous querons, vous querez, ils quierent. *Aoriſt.* Ie quis. *Pret.* I'ay quis. *Fut.* Ie queurray *In like manner form,* acquerir & requerir. *Howbeit,* Caucius *doth form the Aoriſt,* Ie requeru. *Pret.* I'ay requeru. *But it is better,* Ie requis.

Repentir, to repent. *Preſ.* Ie me repents, tu te repents, nous repentons. *Aoriſt.* Ie me repenti. *Pret.* Ie me ſuis repenti. *Fut.* Ie me repentiray.

Saillir, to leape. *Preſ.* Ie ſau, nous ſaillons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſailly. *See* Aſſaillir.

Secourir, to ſuccour. *Preſ.* Ie ſecours, nous ſecourons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſecouru. *Pret.* I'ay ſecouru. *Fut.* Ie ſecouray.

Sentir, to feele. *Preſ.* Ie ſens, nous ſentons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſenty. *Pret.* I'ay ſenti.

Servir, to ſerve. *Preſ.* Ie ſers, nous ſervons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſervy.

Soubvenir, to remember. *It is conjugated Impersonally. Preſ.* Il me ſoubvient. *Imperf.* Il me ſoubvenoit. *Aoriſt.* Il me ſoubvint. *Perf.* Il m'eſt ſoubvenu. *Fut.* Il me ſoubviendra.

Soubvertir, to overthrow. *Preſ.* Ie ſoubvers, nous ſubvertons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſoubverti.

Souffrir, to ſuffer. *Preſ.* Ie ſouffri, nous ſouffrons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſouffri. *Perf.* I'ay ſouffert.

Sortir, to goe forth. *Preſ.* Ie ſors, nous ſorrons.

Tenir, to hold. *Preſ.* Ie tiens, nous tenons, ils tiennent. *Aoriſt.* Ie tins, nous tinſmes, vous tinſtes, ils tindrent. *Pret.* I'ay tenu. *Fut.* Ie tiendray.

Touſſir, to cough. *Preſ.* Ie touſſe, nous touſſons, *as if it were of the firſt Conjugation.*

Tollir, an old verb to take away. *Preſ. According to* Caucius. Ie toul, tu touls, il coult, nous tollons, ils toulent. *Pret.* I'ay tollu *or* tolly.

Venir, to come. *Preſ.* Ie vien, nous venons, ils viennent. *Aoriſt.* Ie vins, nous vinſmes, vous vinſtes, il vindrent. *Pret.* Ie ſuis venu. *Fut.* Ie viendray. *Imperat.* Vien tu, qu'il vienne.

Veſtir, to cloth. *Preſ.* Ie veſt, tu veſts, nous veſtons. *Aoriſt.* Ie veſti. *Perf.* I'ay veſtu. *Fut.* Ie veſtiray.

The irregulars of the third *Conjugation.*

Apparoir, or Apparoiſtre, to appeare. *This verbe hath a double forming, as*

1 *Preſ.* I'apparoy, nous apparoiſſons. *Imperf.* I'apparoiſſoy. *Aoriſt.* Ie paru.

2 *Preſ.* I'apper, tu appers, nous apperons, ils apperẽt. *Imperf.* I'apparoye. *Aoriſt.* I'apparu. *Fut.* I'apparoiſtray.

Preſ.

Apperçevoir to perceive. *Preſ.* I'apperçoy, nous apperçevons, ils apperçoivent. *Aoriſt.* I'apperçeu, nous apperçeuſmes. *Fut.* I'apperçeuray. *Imperat.* Apperçois, qu'il apperçoive. *So conjugate* Conçevoir, reçevoir, deçevoir.

Challoir, to care for. *It is conjugated impersonally*, Il me chault, il me challoit, il me challuſt, il m'ha challu, il me chaudra, *or* chaura, *according to* Stephanus.

Cheoir, to fall. *Preſ.* Ie che, tu ches, nous cheons, ils cheent. *Aoriſt.* Ie cheu. *Pret.* Ie ſuis cheu. *Fut.* Ie cherray.

Douloir, to grieve. *Preſ.* Ie me deul, nous doulons *or* dueillons, ils ſe deulent. *Imperf.* Ie douloy *or* deuloy. *Aoriſt.* Ie me doulu. *Fut.* Ie me dueilleroy. *Imperat.* Dueille qu'ils deullent. *Particip.* Dolent.

Debvoir, to owe. *Preſ.* Ie doy, nous devons, ils doibvent. *Aoriſt.* Ie deu. *Pret.* I'ay deu. *Fut.* Ie debvray. *Particip.* Debvant.

Mouvoir, to move. *Preſ.* Ie meu, nous mouvons, ils mouvent *or* meuvent. *Aoriſt.* Ie meu. *Pret.* I'ay meu. *Fut.* Ie mouvray.

Pouvoir, to be able. *Preſ.* Ie puis *or* peux, tu peulx, il peult, nous pouvons, ils peuvent. *Aoriſt.* Ie peu. *Pret.* I'ay peu. *Fut.* Ie pourray. *Optat. Preſ.* Ie puiſſe. *Imperf.* Ie peuſſe.

Ramentevoir, to call to mind. *Preſ.* Ie ramentoy, nous rementevons, ils ramentoivent. *Aoriſt.* Ie ramenteu. *Pret.* I'ay ramenteu. *Fut.* Ie rementevray.

Reçevoir, to receive. *Preſ.* Ie reçoy, nous reçevons. *Aoriſt.* Ie reçeu. *Fut.* Ie receuvray.

Sçavoir, to know. *Preſ.* Ie ſçay, nous ſçavons. *Aoriſt* Ie ſçeu. *Pret.* I'ay ſçeu: *Fut.* Ie ſçauvray *or* ſçauray. *Imper.* ſaches, qu'il ſache, ſachons, ſachez qui'ls ſachent. *Particip. Preſ.* ſachant *or* ſçavant. *Prat.* ſçeu.

Scoir, to ſit. *Preſ.* Ie ſie, tu ſies, il ſied, nous ſeons, ils ſeent. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſi, tu ſis, il ſid. *Pret.* I'ayſy, *or* je me ſuis aſſis. *Fut.* Ie ſurray. *Imperat.* See *or* ſies, qu'il ſee *or* ſie. *Opt. Preſ.* Que je ſie, *Imperf.* Ie ſiſſe. *Part. Preſ.* Seant, *Perfect.* Sis. *Likewiſe* aſſeois. Ie m'aſſie, &c.

Souloir, to be wont. *Preſ.* Ie ſuis accouſtumé, tu es accouſtumé, il eſt accouſtumé, nous ſoulons, vous ſoulez, ils soulent. *Imperf.* Ie ſouloye, tu ſouloys; *the other Tenſes it borroweth from the Verb* accouſtumer, *as Pret.* Ie ſuis accouſtumé, &c.

Valoir, to be worth. *Preſ.* Ie vau, tu vaulx, il vault, nous valons, vous valez, ils vaillent. *Aoriſt.* Ie valu. *Pret.* I'ay valu. *Fut.* Ie vauldray. *Imperat.* Vaulx qu'il vaille.

Vouloir, to be willing. *Preſ.* Ie vueil *or* je veux, nous voulons ils veulent. *Aoriſt.* Ie voulu. *Pret.* I'ay voulu. *Fut.* Ie vouldray. *Optat.* Ie vueille, nous voulions, il vueillent. *Imperf.* Ie vouluſſe *or* vouliſſe, *ſaith* Pilot, *or rather* vouliſſe, *ſaith* Caucius, *as* Le Roy ne pouvoir trouver gens qui y vouſiſſent aller. Theatre du monde, *fol.* 120.

The irregulars of the fourth *Conjugation.*

Abſouldre, to abſolve. *Preſ.* I'abſous, nous abſolvons, ils abſolvent. *Aoriſt.* I'abſouls *or* j'abſolu, ils abſolurent. *Pret.* j'ay abſouls *or* abſolu. *Fut.* j'abſouldray.

Apprendre, to learne. *Preſ.* I'appren, nous apprennons. *Aoriſt.* I'appris. *Pret.* I'ay apprins, *Fut.* I'apprendray.

Ardre, to burne. *Preſ.* I'ars, nous ardons. *Aoriſt.* I'ardi. *Pret.* Ie ſu ards. *Particip.* Ards.

Attaindre, to attain unto. *Preſ.* I'attain, nous attaignons, ils attaignent. *Aoriſt.* I'attaigni, tu attaignis, ils attaignirent. *Pret.* Ie ſuis attaint, *Fut.* I'attaindray.

Attendre, to wait for. *Preſ.* I'attends, nous attendons. *Aoriſt.* I'attendy. *Pret.* I'ay attendu. *Fut.* I'attendray.

Battre, to beate. *Pret.* Ie ba, nous battons. *Aoriſt.* Ie batti. *Pret.* I'ay battu. *Fut.* Ie battray.

Boire. *Preſ.* Ie boy, nous beuvons, ils boivent *or* beuvent. *Aoriſt.* Ie beu. *Pret.* I'ay beu. *Fut.* Ie boiray, *or* beuvray.

Bruire, to make a noiſe. *Preſ.* Ie bruy, nous bruyons. *Aoriſt.* Ie bruy, *Pret.* I'ay bruit. *Fut.* Ie bruiray.

Braire, to bray. *Preſ.* Ie bray, nous brayons, &c.

Ceindre, to girde. *Preſ.* Ie ceins, nous ceignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ceigny. *Pret.* I'ay ceint. *Fut.* Ie ceindray.

Clorre, to ſhut. *Preſ.* Ie clo, nous cloons; *inſtead whereof, ſaith* Stephanus, *we uſe* Fermons.

Conclure, to conclude. *Preſ.* Ie conclus, nous concluons. *Aoriſt.* Ie conclu.

Confire, to ſauce. *Preſ.* Ie confi, nous confiſons, ils confiſent. *Aoriſt.* Ie confis. *Pret.* I'ay confit.

Contraindre, to conſtraine. *Preſ.* Ie contrains, nous contraignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie contraigny, ils contraignirent. *Pret.* I'ay contraint. *Fut.* Ie contraindray.

Coudre, to ſew. *Preſ.* Ie cou, or couds, *according to* Pilot, nous couſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie couſy, or couſu, *Pret.* I'ay couſu. *Fut.* Ie coudray.

Creindre, to feare. *Preſ.* Ie crains, nous craignons, ils craignent. *Aoriſt.* Ie craigny, *ſay* Bellot *and* Pilot, ils craignirent or craindrent. *Pret.* I'ay craint. *Fut.* Ie craindray.

Croire, to believe. *Preſ.* Ie croy, nous croyons. *Aoriſt.* Ie creu. *Pret.* I'ay creu. *Fut.* Ie croyray. *Imperat.* Croy, qu'il croye.

Croiſtre, to grow. *Preſ.* Ie croy nous croiſſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie creu. *Pret.* I'ay cru. *Fut.* Ie croiſtray.

Cuire, to bath. *Preſ.* Ie cuy, nous cuiſon. *Aoriſt.* Ie cuyſi, *ſaith* Caucius.

Deſcendre, to deſcend. *Preſ.* Ie deſcends. *Aoriſt.* Ie deſcendi. *Pret.* I'ay deſcendu. *Fut.* Ie deſcendray.

Deſtruire, to deſtroy. *Preſ.* Ie deſtruy, nous deſtruiſſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie deſtruiſi, ils deſtruiſirent.

Dire, to ſay. *Preſ.* Ie di, nous diſons, vous dites, ils diſent or dient. *Aoriſt.* Ie di. *Pret.* I'ay dit. *Fut.* Ie diray. *Imperat.* Dis, qu'il diſe or die.

Duire, to conſtrue. *Preſ.* Ie dui, nous duiſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie duiſy, ils duirent or duiſirent. *Pret.* I'ayduit. *Fut.* Ie duiray. *Likewiſe* conduire, deduire, induire.

Entendre, to underſtand. I'entends, j'entendi, j'ay entendu, j'entendray.

Eſcrire, to write. I'eſcri, nous eſcrivons. *Aoriſt.* I'eſcrivi. *Pret.* I'ay eſcrit. *Fut.* I'eſcriray.

Eſlire, to chuſe. I'eſly, nous eſliſons. *Aoriſt.* I'eſleu. *Pret.* I'ay eſleu. *Fut.* I'eſliray.

Eſpandre, to ſpill or ſhed. I'eſpands, nous eſpandons. *Aoriſt.* I'eſpandy. *Pret* I'ay eſpandu. *Fut.* I'eſpandray.

Eſpardre, to ſcatter. I'eſpars, nous eſpardons. *Aoriſt.* I'eſpardi. *Pret.* I'ay eſpars. *Fut.* I'eſpardray.

Eſpraindre, to ſqueeze out. I'eſprains, nous eſpraignons. *Aoriſt.* I'eſpraigny, ils eſpraindrent. *Pret.* I'ay eſpraint. *Fut.* I'eſpraindray. *Likewiſe conjugate* eſteindre, *to quench.* I'eſteings, nous eſteignons, &c.

Faire, to make or doe. Ie fay, tu fais, il fait, nous faiſons, vous faites, ils font. *Aoriſt.* Ie fi or fei, nous fiſmes. *Pret.* I'ay fait. *Fut.* Ie firay. *Imper.* Fay, qu'il face, faiſons, faites, qu'ils façent. *Opt. Preſ.* Ie façe, tu façes, il façe, nous façions, vous façies, ils façent.

Feindre, to faine. Ie feins, nous feignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie feigni, nous feignismes, ils feignirent. *Pret.* I'ay feint.

Fendre, to cleave. Ie fends, nous fendons. *Aoriſt.* Ie fendi, ils fendirent. *Pret.* I'ay fendu. *Fut.* Ie fendray. *Likewiſe* Fondre *to melt*, je fons. *Aoriſt.* Ie fondu, ils fondurent.

Frire, to fry. Ie fri, nous frions. *Aoriſt.* Ie fri. *Pret.* I'ay frit. *Fut.* Ie friray.

Ioindre, to joyne. Ie joing, nous joignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie joigny, nous joignaſmes, ils ioindrent or joignirent. *Pret.* I'ay joint. *Fut.* Ie joindray.

Lire, to read. Ie li, nous liſons, vous liſez. *Aoriſt.* Ie leu, *Pret* I'ay leu.

Luire, to shine. Ie lui, nous luiſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie luiſy, nous luiſiſmes, ils luirent.

Mettre, to put. Ie mets, nous mettons. *Aoriſt.* Ie mis, nous miſmes, ils mirent. *Pret.* I'ay mis. *Fut.* Ie mettray.

Mordre, to bite. Ie mords, tu mords, il mord, nous mordons. *Aoriſt.* Ie mordi, nous mordiſmes, ils mordirent. *Pret.* I'ay mordu.

Morfondre, to chill. Ie me morfonds. *Aoriſt.* Ie me morfondi, ils ſe morfondirent.

Mouldre, to grinde. Ie mou or meu, nous moulons. *Aoriſt.* Ie moulu. *Pret.* I'ay moulu. *Fut.* Ie mouldray.

Naiſtre, to be borne. Ie nay, nous naiſſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie naſqui. *Pret.* Ie ſuis né. *Fut.* Ie naiſtray.

Nuire, to annoy. Ie nui, nous nuiſons, ils nuiſent. *Aoriſt.* Ie nui, *and* nuiſy, nuiſiſmes, ils nuiſirent. *Pret.* I'ay nuit. *Fut.* Ie nuiray.

Occire, to kill. I'occis, nous occions, *and* occiſons, ils occiſent. *Aoriſt.* I'occi, nous occiſmes, ils occirent. *Pret.* I'ay occis. *Fut.* I'occiray.

Oindre, to annoint. I'oings, nous oignons. *Aoriſt.* I'oigny, nous oigniſmes, ils oindrent. *Pret.* I'ay oint. *Fut.* I'oindray.

Paiſtre, to feed. Ie pais, nous paiſſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie peu, nous penſmes, ils peurent. *Pret.* I'ay peu. *Fut.* Ie paiſtray.

Paroiſtre, to appeare. *See* Apparoir *in the third Conjugation.*

Pendre, to hang. Ie pends nous pendons. *Aoriſt.* Ie pendi, nous pendiſmes, ils pendirent. *Pret.* I'ay pendu. *Fut.* Ie pendray.

Perdre, to loſe. Ie pers, nous perdons. *Aoriſt.* Ie perdi, ils perdirent. *Pret.* I'ay perdu.

Plaire, to pleaſe. Ie plai, nous plaiſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie pleu, nous pleuſmes ils pleurent. *Pret.* I'ay pleu. *Fut.* Ie plairay.

Ie me pleings, nous pleignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie me pleigny, nous pleigniſme., ils pleindrent. *Pret.* Ie me ſuis pleint. *Fut.* Ie me pleindray.

Pleindre, to complaine.

Peindre, to paint. Ie peins, nous peignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie peigni, ils peindrent. *as in* Pleindre.

Poindre, to pricke. Ie poings, nous poignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie poigni, nous poigniſmes, ils poignirent.

Pondre, to lay an egge. Ie pon, nous ponnons, *or* pondons, *which is leſſe in uſe. Aoriſt.* Ie ponnu, *or* pondu. *Some ſay,* Ie ponnois, *whence commeth the* 3 *Plurall.* Ils pondrent. *Pret.* I'ay ponnu. ¶ Caucius *will have it,* j'ay pu, *which is very irregular.*

Prendre, to take. Ie prens, nous prennons. *Aoriſt.* Ie prins, *or* pris, nous prinſmes, ils prindrent. *Pret.* I'ay pris. *Fut.* Ie prendray.

Raire, to ſhave. Ie ray, nous rayons, *or* raſons, ils raſent, *but for this they uſe the Verb* Raſer. *Pret.* I'ay raiz, *or* rez. *Whence ſeemeth to come that adverbiall ſpeech,* Rez terre, *gliding by the earth.*

Reſponder, to anſwer. Ie reſponds, nous reſpondons. *Aoriſt.* Ie reſpondi, ils reſpondirent. *Pret.* I'ay reſpondu. *Fut.* Ie reſpondray.

Rire, to laugh. Ie ri, tu ris, nous rions. *Aoriſt.* Ie ri, nous riſmes, ils rient. *Pret.* I'ay ri. *Fut.* Ie riray.

Rompre, to breake. Ie romps, il rompt, nous rompons. *Aoriſt.* Ie rompy, il rompirent. *Pret.* I'ay rompu. *Fut.* Ie rompray.

Semondre, to ſummons or invite. Ie ſemondre. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſemondi, ils ſemondirent. *Pret.* I'ay ſemondu.

Souldre, to loſe. Ie ſou, nous ſoluons, *or* ſolvons *according to* Caucius; ils ſoudant, *or* ſoluënt. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſolus. *Pret.* I'ay ſolu. *Likewiſe* Abſouldre, *to abſolve, ſaving that it makes it Preterfect.* I'ay abſoult, *and the Optat. Preſ.* I'abſolve; *as* Dieu te abſolve.

Suffire, to ſuffice. *It is formed Impersonally.* Il ſuffit, Il ſuffiſoit, Il ſuffiſt, il ha ſuffi, il ſuffira.

Suivre, to follow. Ie ſuy, nous ſouvons. *Aoriſt.* Ie ſuivy. *Pret.* I'ay ſuivy, *or according to* Caucius, I'ay ſuit. *Fut.* Ie ſuivray.

Taire, to hold ones peace. Ie tay, or je me teus, nous taiſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie me teu. *Pret.* Ie me ſuis teu. *Fut.* Ie me tairay.

Tendre, to tend. Ie tends, nous tendons. *Aoriſt.* Ie tendi. *Pret.* I'ay tendu.

Teindre, to die. Ie teigns, nous teignons. *Aoriſt.* Ie teigny, ils teignirent. *Pret.* I'ay teint. *Fut.* Ie teindray.

Tiſtre, to weave. Ie ti, nous tiſſons. *Aoriſt.* Ie tiſſy, ils tiſſirent. *Pret.* I'ay tiſſu. *Fut.* tiſtray.

Tondre, to poſe. Ie tonds, nous tondons. *Aoriſt.* Ie tondi, ils tondirent. *Pret.* I'ay tondu.

Tordre, to wreſt. Ie tords, nous tordons. *Aoriſt.* Ie tordi, ils tordirent. *Pret.* I'ay tordu, *or* j'ay tords. *Fut.* Ie tordray.

Traire, to draw, or to milke. Ie tray, nous traions, *or* treons. *Aoriſt.* Ie trai, ils trairent. *Pret.* I'ay trait. *Likewiſe the compound* Pourtraire, *to limme: howbeit for* Traire *they uſe* Tirer.

Vaincre, to overcome. Ie vainc, *or* vainq, nous vainquons. *Aoriſt.* Ie vainqui. *Pret.* I'ay vaincu.

Vivre, to live. Ie vis, nous vivons. *Aoriſt.* Ie veſqui *Pret.* I'ay veſcu. *Fut.* Ie vivray.

Adverbes.

Of Time.

Avprime, or orprimes. *Now inſtantly; as it were,* nunc horâ primâ.

Cipricimi. *Preſently, ſuddenly, as it were,* cy pris, cy mis, *here taken, and here hanged,* theſe are now out of uſe.

Doreſenavant. *From hence forward,* Entre temps, *or* ce pendant. *In the meane time.*

Guere, *or* gaire. *Much. This word is never put without a Negative, as* Il n'y a guere, *for* Il n'y ha beaucoup de temps. *There is not much time paſt ſince, or not long ſince.*

Huy. *Whence come.* Aujourd'huy. *To day.* Meſhuy. *A while agone.*

Onques *or* onc. *Ever. It is allwaies put with a Negative, as* Ie ne vi onques. *I never ſaw.*

Pieça, *as it were* piece ha. *Long agone; or, it is a good peece, or ſpace of time ſince.*

A ceſte heure.
Preſentement. } *Now.*
Incontinent. }

All theſe will admit of tout *all before them, as* tout a ceſt'heure, *which is us'd to be contracted* a'ſteure, *and is the moſt in uſe now, or* tout a l'heure *now preſently.* Toſt *quickly,* tantoſt *preſently,* touſiours *alltwaies,* jamais *never,* pour jamais, a tout jamais *for ever;* lors *then,* deſlors *ſince then,* ſoudainement *ſuddenly,* aprés *after,* peu aprés *a little after;* quelques fois *ſometimes,* ſouventeſfois, maintes-fois *oft times;* d'icy en auant, a l'advenir, pour l'advenir *hereafter.*

Ens. *Within. as* ceans, *for* cy ens; *here within;* Leans, *for* li ens; *there within.* Of Place.

Fors, *for* hors. *as* fors que cela; *Except that, for* hors mis cela. *As in Glouceſter ſhire they likewiſe ſay, Out-ſet that, for except that.*

Illec. *There. (out of uſe.)* Vis a vis. *Over againſt.*

Où *where,* dóu *whence,* par où *which way;* cy, icy *here,* d'icy *from hence,* par icy *this way;* ça, deça *hither,* là delà *there,* pardeca *on this ſide,* pardela *on that ſide.*

ça *is uſed alſo as an Interjection, and is as much as give or bring, as* ça ce cheval *give me that horſe,* ça cela *give me that.*

C'eſt non. *It is true; or, yea indeed; as much as* Of affirming.

vraye.

vrayement. *Sometimes it is an Interrogative, as* πῶς *in Greeke; as* ſçavoir mon s'il le ſeroit. *To wit whether he would doe it yea or no.* Voire. *Yea.*

Ouy *yes, ſi ſo tis,* ouy dà *yes forſooth,* voirement *yea,* c'eſt mon,

Of denying. Non, non dà *no forſooth,* nullement *by no meanes;*

If a Negation go before, ſi *is commonly us'd with a Verb adjoyn'd, as* vous ne mangez pas *you eate not,* ſi fay *yes but I do;* vous ſongez *you dream,* non fay *no but I do not.*

Moreover when we aſſent to any thing ſpoken of, we uſe ſi *as affirmative,* vous eſtes François *you are a Frenchman,* ſi ſuis je *yes I am.*

The French is full of double Negations, or words implying double Negations, as je ne vous vis iamais, *verbatim tis, I ſaw you not never,* je n'ay rien caché *I have not hid nothing; which makes ſtrangers that uſe ſimple Negations to commit errors often, by omitting the Negative Adverb* ne, *as* j'ay rien caché, j'ay rien appris, *inſtead of* je n'ay, &c.

Ne *and* ni *nor, are uſed indifferently; as* je ne trouve ni rime ni raiſon en voſtre dire, *or* ne rime ne raiſon, *I finde neither rime nor reaſon in your ſpeech;* nul *and* perſonne *are taken often indifferently for* no body.

Nani, *or* nenny, *or* Nanin. *No.*

Hola, *or* hau. *To which they commonly anſwer.*

Of calling. Plaiſt il? *What is your pleaſure?*

Of wiſhing. Pleuſt a Dieu, *or* à la mienne volonte. *I would to God.*

Of exhorting. O avant. *Forward, forward.* Sus, orſus. *Goe to.* Lala. *There there.*

Of numbring. Fois, *which is alwaies added to ſome Nowne of number,* vne fois *once, or one time;* deux fois *twice;* tant de fois, *ſo many times.*

Of gentleneſs. Bellement *ſoftly,* tout beau *gently,* doucement, tout doux:

Of haſt. Promptement, viſte, viſtement, *quickly.*

Of protecting. Aſſeurement, de vray, pour vray, *ius ma vie on my life,* en bonne foy *in good faith.*

Of contrariety. Au rebours, au contraire, a contrepoil, à l'oppoſite, *clean kam, clean contrary.*

Of chance. D'avanture, de cas fortuit, par hazard, par fortune.

Of quantity. Beaucoup, moult *Much.* Prou, *from the Latine word* Probè, *ſignifieth much; as when they ſay,* Vir probè doctus; *a man very learned.* Bon prou leur face. *Much good may it doe them. And in this ſenſe they uſe* bien *and* fort; *as the Latines have their* valdè *from* vallidè. Homme bien ſçavant, *or* fort docte, *A man very learned. Note that* moult *and* prou, *are now out of uſe.*

Conjunctions.

Copulatives. ET, *which never ſoundeth t neither before conſonant, or Vowell.* Ainſy que, *even as.* C'eſt à ſçavoir, *namely; or, that is to wit, that is to ſay.*

Davantage. *Moreover.*

Conditionalls Si. *If.* Sinon que *But that, or except that.* Pendant que, *or* tandis que *Whiles that.* Pourveu que *Provided that.*

Diſcretives, or Adverſatives. Combien que, *or* jaçoit que, *Albeit that.* Ains, *or* ainçois. *Yea rather.* Toutesfois *Notwithſtanding.* Neantmoins. *Nevertheleſſe. Theſe which* Ramus *makes Diſcretives,* Stephanus *will have to be Adverſatives.*

Diſjunctives. Ou, *either; when it it put without an accent; but when it is accented, it is, ſaith* Serreius, *an Adverbe of place; as* où eſt il? *where is he?*

Dont. *whereupon.* Doncq, *or* Doncques *Then, therefore,* Partant *wherefore.* Illatives or Rationals.

Car. *For, from the Greek* γαρ. Parce que, *or* pour autant que. *For as much as.* Attinque, encanc que, d'autant que, pource *becauſe,* parquoy *whereby.* Cauſalls.

Prepoſitions.

APres, *after.* Arriere, *behind.* Chez, *at;* ià chez nous, *at our houſe.* Chez eux, *at their houſe.* Deçà, *on this ſide.* Delà, *on that ſide, or beyond.* Deſſus, *upon.* Deſſoubs, *under.* Vers, *or* envers, *towards.* Iuſques, *until.* Selon, *according to,* &c.

Syntaxis of Nounes.

ADjectives, *eſpecially thoſe that ſignifie colour, are put after their Subſtantives, as* vin blanc, *white wine,* vin clairet, *claret wine,* pain bis, *brown bread. Theſe are ſet before the Subſtantives,* bon, beau, belle; nouveau, nouvelle; mauvais, petit; *as* petit homme, mauvaiſe femme.

The *Adjective agreeth with his Subſtantive in Gender; as* mon pere *my father,* ma mere *my mother. Yet if the Subſtantive begin with a vowell, they put an Adjective Maſculine before it, as* mon eſpée *my ſword,* mon hoſteſſe: *Except* m'amie, *as if the word begin with* h, *when it is founded with aſpiration, as* ma hauteur *my height.*

When two Subſtantives come together, the later is put in the Genitive caſe, L'argent du Prince eſt ſujet à la pince, *the Princes his money is ſubject to the pincer. Sometimes one of the Subſtantives is taken away by Elleipſis, as* à la Sainct Iean, la Touſſaincts, *where the word* Feſte *is underſtood.*

Adjectives of deſiring, or plenty or careleſneſſe, and their contraries governe a genitive caſe, as riche d'argent *rich in money,* nonchalant de ſon prouffit *careleſſe of his profit.*

Comparatives governe a Genitive caſe, as la face d'eſt plus grande de demy pied, *the face is no bigger then halfe a foot. Sometimes* que *ſerveth to the Comparative, as* plus blanc que neige *whiter then ſnow.*

Of Verbs.

THe *Infinitive with an Article becometh a Nowne Subſtantive,* le boire eſtaint la ſoif *drinking quencheth thirſt,* ſur le boiſſon *drink.*

When two Verbs come together, the later is the Infinitive Mood, as je veulx aimer *I will love. Sometime the principall Verb is underſtood, as* le maſtins de courir, & nous d'aller apres. 1. commencerent, & nous commencerasmes.

The Nominative caſe goeth before the Verb. Except the queſtion be asked, as iray je? *ſhall I go?* as-tu? *haſt thou?*

The Accuſative followeth the Verb, j'aime mon maiſtre: *except* me, te, ſe, le, luy, leur, nous, vous; *as* tu te priſes *thou doſt value thy ſelfe,* il ſe tourmente *he tormenteth himſelfe,* je luy diray *I will tell him,* je leur eſcriray *I will write to them: except it be the Imperative Mood, as* battez le. May, toy, ſoy, *are alſo put after the Imperative Mood, as will ſo the Dative as the Accuſative, as* di-moy *tell me,* leve-toy *riſe up.*

Me, te, ſe, *are put before the Particle* en, *eſpecially before Verbs Neuters, ſignifying moving to a place, as* je m'en vay, va t'en, fui t'en, ilz s'en ſont allez. *Sometimes a Verb hath two Pronounes before it, as* vous vous courroucez fort, *you anger your ſelf much, one the Nominative, the other the Accuſative caſe; or elſe the Verb is placed betweene them, as* Comme vous portez vous? *Sometimes there are three, as* vous vous en irez vous?

Some Verbs being conſtrued with an Infinitive Mood, cauſe it to be rendred Paſſively, as je vous feray batre, *I will make you be beaten;* faites faire chemin, *cauſe roome to be made;* je le vei mettre en priſon, *I ſaw him put in priſon.*

The

The Verb aller *is elegantly construed with a Participle*, as il s'en alloit disant, 1. il disoit; il s'en va mourant. 1. il meurt, *he is a dying.*

A Participle added to je suis, *to make a Preterperfect tense, may vary both Gender and Number*, as je suis venu; elle est venuë; nous sommes venus. *But being added to* j'ay, *it changeth not its termination*, as j'ay disné, elle ha disné, nous avons disné. *Yea if a Substantive go before the Nominative case and the Verb, the Participle following is rendred Passively, and agreeth in Gender and Number with that Substantive*, as les graces que Dieu nous ha données; les corps que la mer ha engloutis, *the blessings which God hath given us, the bodies which the sea hath swallowed.*

Of Adverbs.

NE *the Negative is alwayes accompanied with* point, *or* pas; *as* il n'y est point, *or* pas, *he is not there at all. And without either of these words it is equivalent to an affirmative*, il est plus sçavant que ne sont ses compagnons, *he is more learned then are his fellowes.*

Dont *is a Participle of Relation, and signifieth as much as* de que, de quoy, du quel, desquels; *as* j'ay le livre dont vous parlez, *I have the booke of which you speak.*

Of Prepositions.

The Preposition à.

1 *Standing between two Substantives, maketh the later an Adjective*, as homme à cheval, *a horseman*; homme à pied, *a foot man*; escuelle à oreillons, *a Porrenger, or a dish with eares.*

2 *Standing before a Denominative, it signifieth as much as after the fashion*, as à la Francoise, *after the French fashion*; à la Todesque, *after the Dutch fashion. So* en *is used*, as vivre en beste, *to live after the manner of a beast*; traité en Prince, *intertained like a Prince*; Parlet en Roy, *to speak like a King*

3 *Is put after an Adjective signifying aptnesse, or nimblenesse*, as viste à l'esteuf, *nimble at the ball.*

This Preposition à *expresseth also the final cause for which a thing was made*, as pot a vin *a wine pot*, vn estuy a peignes *a comb-case*, Terre a froment *a wheat country. The difference twixt* aux *and* es *is this*; es *signifieth* in the, viz. *any thing one within another*; aux *signifieth any externall application, and is more generall.*

The Prepositions de *&* du.

1 *Standing before a Substantive, it signifieth either matter*, as bague d'or, *a gold ring*; *or the instrument*, as batre de verges, *to beat with rods*; jouër de l'espinette, *to play on the Virginalls.*

2 *It is put after Adjectives signifying dexterity*, as habile de la plume, *skilfull at his pen*; habile du pied, *active, or swift of foot.*

3 *Standing before the Infinitive Mood, it is Englished* to, as je vous prie de faire cela, *I beseech you to do that.*

4 Du *standing before a substantive signifyeth part of any thing, and is Englished* some, as du pain, *some bread*; des poissons, *some fishes.*

De being to both Genders, is us'd in indefinit phrases, as authorité de Roy, *the authority of a King*; Telle est misere d'homme, *such is mans misery*, poissons de mer; *And hereby the want of Adjectifs is supplied in French, in which point that toung is very penurious. Though* Monsieur Madame, Madamoiselle, *admit none but indefinit articles, which is to be imputed to the Pronouns* mon *and* ma; *yet these phrases are excepted*; vous faites du monsieur, *you play the monsieur*; voyla vne frippone qui tranche de la dame, *See how that baggage pranks it like a Lady.*

Force *taken for quantity endures no præposition after it*, vous auez force ducats, *you have abundance of crowns*; j'ay force trauaux, *I have good store of troubles*; de *is put also sometimes before the Adverb* bien *well, and becomes an Adjectif*, as homme de bien *an honest man*, tres-homme de bien *a most honest man.*

Devant *is construed with* que *before an Infinitive, as* Devant qu'aller, *before we go.* Apres *with the Preterperfect tense of the Infinitive mood, as* apres avoir receu vos lettres, *after the receiving of your letters.*

Aupres, Arriere, à leptour, *govern a Genitive case, as* aupres du feu, *neer the fire*, arriere de nous, *behind us*; à l'entour de soy, *round about himself.*

STrangers *are subject to commit errors oftentimes, in putting* pour *for, instead of* de *of, after some sort of words, as* je vous remercie pour la courtoisie, *I thanke you for the courtisie, whereas they should say* de la courtoisie: *So they use to say commonly*, pour combien vendez vous ce cheval? *For how much do you sell this horse? but this is neither good Latin nor good French, for* acheter *to buy*, vendre *to sell*, loer *to hire or let*, marchander *to trade*, estimer *and* priser *to value, &c. will have the thing, and the price of it in the Accusative case, without any præposition, as* j'ay acheté ce cheval dix escus, *I have bought this horse for ten crownes*, Et je l'ay revendu a quinze, *and I sold him again for fifteen. There is also another peculiar phrase of speaking in French, as* combien faites vous ces gands, *what sell you these gloves for; and so all other sorts of commodities: yet* avoir *to have, and* bailler *or* donner *to give, admit of* pour *or* a, *as* j'ay acheté ce chapeau a six escus, or pour six escus, *I have bought this hat for six crownes*; j'ay baille vint escus pour ce cheval, *I have given twenty crowns for this horse.*

De *is very frequently us'd in French for* avec *with, as* Il en tuera dix de la chandelle, & quinze du chandelier, *he will slay ten with the candle, and fifteen with the candlestick, a Proverb of a braggadochian*; *or* Il est fourni d'entendement comm'vn oyson de creste, *He is furnish'd with understanding as a goose is with a crest. This observation is of great consequense to him who will speak good French.*

Of French Interjections.

Interjections.

Of encouragement, ça ça *there there*, courage, pousse boute *put on*, hai auant *heigh, on there*, Avant *on, on*, su, sus *up.*

Of sorrow and wearinesse, ah, eh, ha, las, helas, alas, oime.

Of admiration, aga, dà hé dà, *strange very strange.*

Of calling, he, hau, hau là haula hé chouse *hoe, ho there.*

Of scorn or aversion, as fy, pouach *out, fob.*

Of spight or indignation, bran, foin, babou, vah, brique, *a t. in your teeth, a straw for you, away away.*

Of driving away, gare *ware*, haï de là *away thence*, hors de là *out thence*, devant *on a way.*

Of silence, ſt, paix, cheut, mot, *hush not a word.*

Of joy, gay, alaigrement, dehait, *heighday, merrily.*

Of stopping, holà, prou.

Of En *and* Y, Pas *and* Point.

ONe *of the greatest criticisimes and difficultest thing in the French Language, is to make right use of these small Particles* y *and* En, pas *and* point, *therefore I have reserved them for the conclusion, and I shall in some measure endeavour to help the learner.*

Y, *is a Relative Particle coming near to the nature of the Dative,* and en, *to the Ablative case, both of them have sometimes* locall, *sometimes* reall *references*; *when* y, *relates to a place it commonly implies a going or removing thither*, as vâ a l'eglise, *go to church,* j'y iray tantot *I will go thither presently.* Y *denotes sometimes an abiding in a place, as* Le Roy est-il a Londres? *Is the King in London?* Il y est, *He is there, or* Il n'y est pas, *he is not there. Sometimes* y *signifieth passing by a place, as* I'y passeray, *I will passe that way: When* y *referres to a precedent thing, it signifieth an applying ones self unto it or minding of it, as* pren garde a mon cheval, *look to my horse,* bien i'y prendra garde, *well, I will look to him*; Vous parlerez bien tost bon François car vous y employez en bon escient, *you will quickly speak good French, for you ply it in good earnest.*

En, *before a Verb is a Relatif, before other parts of speech tis a Præposition*; *it referres also both to place and things like* y, *when it referrs to a place it denotes commonly a going out, therefore it hath a similitude with the Ablative case, as* Viens tu du palais *dost thou come from the palace?* ouy, i'en vien, *yes, I come thence. When* en *hath no certaine antecedent, it signifieth moving to a place, as* je m'en vay, *I am going away. When* en *hath reference to a thing it denotes some interest in it, as* Nous iouons a la boule en voulez vous estre? *We are playing at Bowles will you make one?*

En *referres also to quantity, as* Prestez-moy de l'argent si vous en auez, *lend me some money if you have any*; J'en ay a vostre service, *I have some at your service*; combien auez vous de laquays, *how many footmen have you?* I'en ay trop, *I have too many.* En *hath reference also to the efficient cause of things, as* Il est si amoureux de Marguerite qu'il en perd le sens, *He is so farre in love with Marget that he growes mad after her.* En, *referres also to materiall causes, as* Je ramasse beaucoup de livres pour en faire vne Bibliotheque, *I gather many books to make thereof a Library.*

Y *and* en *are sometimes us'd together, if a certain Antecedent be expressed before the Verb, as* I'ay esté a Londres & ie m'y en retourne, *I have bin in London, and I return thither*; Il a vne charge a la Cour & il s'y en vá, *He hath an Office at Court, and he goes thither.*

The greatest difference I find twixt these two little particles is, that y *requires an Antecedent alwaies to be expressed before*: En *needs it not sometimes, as* je m'en dors, *I am falling asleepe*; *beside the one, as I said before, hath similitude with the Dative, the other with the Ablativ case*; *both of them cause an apostrophe in the precedent word if it end with a vowell.* En *is of a larger extent then* y, *for it signifieth sometimes* like *or* as, *as* parler en Philosophe, *to speak like a Philosopher,* Marcher en capitain, *to walk like a Captain.*

Pas *and* point *which are so frequently us'd in the French toung, and so promiscuously serve only to make the negation fuller.* Point *is us'd when we speak of things having quantity, as* Je n'ay point d'enfans, point de ducats, *I have no children, no crownes*; point *also differs from* pas, *because it serves sometimes to make an absolute answer of it self which* pas *cannot do, as* auez vous d'argent? *have you any money?* point, *none at all*; pas *doth more aptly conclude a simple negation, or a negation of quality or place, as* Il n'y est pas *he is not there.*

In conditionall sentences we seldome use point *or* pas, *as* S'il vous n'estiez mon frere ie ne vous aimeroy tant, *If you were not my brother, I would not love you so much. Besides we use not* point *and* pas *in sayings of advice and of taking heed, as* gardez vous que le sargeant ne vous attrappe, *Take heed the Sergeant arrest you not.*

Observe if there be any other word that makes the negation fuller, point, *and* pas *are not us'd, such as are* rien *nothing,* jamais *never,* nul *none,* nullement *not at all,* onc *or* oncques *ever,* aucun *any,* quelconque *whatsoever*; *as* je ne vous doy rien, *I owe you nothing,* je ne vous vis iamais, *I never saw you, &c. Moreover when we use* scavoir *for* pouvoir *to be able, or* oser *to dare,* daigner *to vouchsafe*; *as* je ne sçaurois faire cela, *I am not able to do that,* je n'oserois entreprendre telle chose, *I dare not undertake such a thing.*

So much of these Monosyllables and pettie enforcing Particles, which keep such a stirre in the French Language, insomuch that I may compare them to the fly upon the coach wheele in dry weather, that spauningly said, Foh, what a deale of dust do I raise?

A Dialogue twixt *Sylvander* and *Cloriman*, conſiſting of ſome extraordinary and difficult criticall Phraſes which are meer Gallicíſmes, and pure Idiomes of the French toung.

Sylvandre.

O que je ſuis bien ayſe de vous voir en ſi bon poinr.

O *How glad am I to ſee you well.*

Cloriman.

Ie vous ſçay bon gré, mais, qu'eſtce que de moy, que vous en faites tant d'eſtat?

I thanke you kindly, but what am I that you ſhould eſteem mee ſo much?

Sylvandre.

Vous eſtes de mes amis les plus ſignalez & je m'aime fort en voſtre compagne, & cela pour de bonnes raiſons.

You are one of my moſt ſpeciall friends, and I delight much in your compagnie, and that for good reaſon.

Cloriman.

Cela procede ſeulement de voſtre bonne opinion en mon endroit, mais aſſeurez vous que vous me trouverez touſiours preſt pour vous rendre le reciproque.

That proceeds meerly from your good opinion of mee, but aſſure your ſelf that you ſhall find me alwayes ready to requite you with the like.

Sylvandre.

Ie vous baiſe les mains, mais, où eſt ce que vous tirez a'ſteuré.

I kiſſe your hands, but whither are you going now?

Cloriman.

Ie vay faire vn tour de pourmenade, pour ne deſenüyer.

I go to walk a turn to recreate my ſelf.

Sylvandre.

I'iray quand & vous, y â il quelqu'un au jardin?

I'le go along with you, is ther any body in the garden?

Cloriman.

Perſonne, je m'y trouveray tout a'ſteure.

Not any body, I'le be there preſently.

Sylvandre.

Tout beau, qu'apprenez vous de nouvelles de vos parens aux champs.

Go ſoft, what newes have you from your friends in the Country?

Cloriman.

On m'a eſcrit que mon frere â paſſé le pas, & qu'il mourut en vray Chreſtien.

They have writ to me that my brother is dead, and that he died a true Chriſtian.

Sylvandre.

Las, que c'eſt peu de choſe de nous quand il plait a Dieu, las que nous ſommes miſerables; mais ſon treſpas me faſche pour nous avoir quitté en la fleur de ſon aage.

Helas, what poor things are we when it pleaſeth God, helas how miſerable are we? but his death troubleth me, becauſe he left us in the flower of his youth.

Cloriman.

Pour le meſme ſuject j'en ay beaucoup de regret, & pour d'autres raiſons.

For the ſame cauſe I am alſo much aggriev'd, and for other reaſons.

Syl-

Sylvandre.

Si j'eſtois que de vous j'iroye quand & quand pour conſoler, madame votre mere, car il y va de votre devoir.

Clariman.

Si ſeray je, Il y va auſſy de mon intereſt, car on m'a dit qu'elle ſ'en va mourant de triſteſſe.

Sylvandre.

Haſtez vous y donc, et en votre abſence s'il y a choſe pour petite qu'elle ſoit qui vous puiſſe importer, de grace, ſervez vous de moy.

Clariman.

I'avois depuis peu vn procez, mais graces a Dieu j'y ay reuſſy, de ſorte que je n'ay gueres a faire a Paris.

Sylvandre.

Vous eſtes, plus heureux que je ne ſuis, car j'y ay vn procez de plus de trois ans? Si eſt ceque le Juge au gros ventre ne le veut pas vuider.

Clariman.

Il faut que vous ayez patience, *tout vient à point qui peut attendre.*

Sylvandre.

Vous parlez en philoſophe, me ſeauriez vous dire le quantieme de ce mois avons nous aujourdhuy.

Clariman.

C'eſt ſe huictieme de Septembre, & environ la Saint Michel j'eſpere etre de retour, mais voy là venir Philippe, dont je ſuis bien aiſe.

Sylvandre.

C'eſt mon: & bien, d'ou venez uous? s'il vous plaiſt, d'ou vient il que Paris vous a manqué ſi long tems?

Philippe.

Ie vien de faire le tour de toute la France.

Sylvandre.

Ma foy, il faut que vous ayez force ducats de faire ſi longs voy ages, il faut que vous ayez bien dequoy.

Philippe.

Qu'y que je n'aye gueres vaillant, ſi eſtce que je n'euſſe pas voulu pour trois fois autant que j'ay eſpendu, que je n'euſſe pas fait ce voyage, j'ay veu tant de choſes remarquables.

Sylvandre.

Et bien qu'eſt ce que vous auez veu de plus ſignalé?

Philippe.

Vrayement c'eſt vn beau païs que la France, ce ſeroit vn diſcours infiny de vous dire tout, mais entre autres choſes j'ay veu toutes les plus belles villes du Roy aume, & j'ay obſerve qu'elles ſont toutes poſées ſur des grandes & navigables rivieres; comme les villes de Rouën & Paris ſont ſituées ſur la ſeine,

Were I as you, I would preſently go to comfort the gentlewoman your mother, for your duty calls you to it.

So I will, and my intereſt lies alſo therein, for I am told that ſhe is likewiſe a dying of griefe.

Haſt thither then, and in your abſence if ther be any thing, be it never ſo little, that may concern you, I pray make uſe of me.

I had lately a ſuit in law, but thanks be to God I brought it to a good end, ſo that I have little to do now in Paris.

You are more happie then, for I have a ſuit three years old and more, yet the Judge with the great belly will not make an end of it.

You muſt have patience, all comes right to him that hath patience.

You ſpeak like a Philoſopher, can you tell me what day of the month this is.

'Tis the eight of September, and about Michaelmas I hope to be return'd, but there comes Philip for which I am very glad.

'Tis he; well, whence came you Sir, may it pleaſe you? what's the reaſon you have been ſo long abſent from Paris?

I come from travayling all France.

Faith, you muſt have crowns enough to make ſuch long journeyes, you muſt have good meanes.

Although I am not very rich, yet I would not for thrice as much as I ſpent but I had made this journey, have ſeen ſo many remarquable things.

well, and what have you ſeen moſt remarquable?

Truly France is a brave Country, it were an infinit diſcours to tell you all, but among other things I ſaw all the faireſt townes of France, and I have obſerv'd that they are ſituated upon great and navigable Rivers; as the Townes of Rouen and Paris are placed upon the River Seine, thoſe of Bourdeaux and

celles de Bourdeaux & Tholouſé ſur la Garomne, celle de Lion, auec d'autres, ſur deux rivieres c'eſt á ſcavoir la Rohne & la Saulne, celles d'Amiens & Abbeville ſur la Some, celles d'Orleans, Blois, Tours, Saumur & Nantes ſur la Loire. I'ay veu auſſy tous les Cours de Parlements, comme Troyes en Champagne, Dijon en Burgogne, Aix en Provence, Grenoble en Dauphiné, Renes en Bretagne, Bourdeaux en Gaſcogne, Rouen en Normandie, & Paris pour l'Iſle de France, pour la Picardie, & tous le pays juſques a Lion.

Tholouſe upon the Garomnd, that of Lion, with others, upon two rivers (whereof the one is ſlow the other ſwift) the Rohne and the Saulne, thoſe of Amiens and Abbeville upon the Some, thoſe of Orleans, Blois, Tours, Saumur, Nantes and a multitude of others upon the Loire.

I have ſeen likewiſe all the Courts of Parliament, as Troyes in Champany, Dijon in Burgundy, Aix in Provence, Grenoble in Dauphine, Renes in Britany, Bourdeaux in Gaſcony, Rouen in Normandy, and Paris for the Iſle of France, Picardy, and all the Countrey as farre as Lions.

Sylvandre.

Vraiement c'eſt bien voyagé, mais où eſtcé que vous vous achemmez maintenant?

Truly you have travelld well, but whither are you bound now?

Philippe.

Ie vay a la Cour, pour rendre mes devoirs au Roy mon maiſtre, eſt il long temps que vous l'avez veu?

I go to Court to do my duty to the King my maſter, is it long ſince you ſaw him?

Sylvandre.

Il n'ya gueres, & je vous aſſeure c'eſt le plus adroit Prince, & le plus puiſſant pour ſon aage que la France a eu jamais.

'Tis but lately, and I aſſeure you he is the properſt Prince, and the goodlieſt of his age that ever France had.

Philippe.

Monſieur, voicy l'heure qui m'appelle au depart, c'eſt pourquoy je m'en vay prendre congé de vous.

Sir, you ſee the time bids me depart, therfore I will take my leave of you.

Sylvandre.

Monſieur, Je vous remercie bien fort, & vous ſupplie d'une choſe, c'eſt que nous nous puiſſions revoir deux jours d'icy.

Sir, I very much thank you, and deſire one thing of you, that wee may ſee one another again two dayes hence.

Philippe.

Monſieur, toutes & quantes fois qu'il vous plairà me faire tant de bien.

Sir, as often as you ſhall pleaſe to do me ſo much favor.

Sylvandre.

Puis que vous y allez, obligez moy de preſenter mes baiſemains a tous nos amis a la Cour.

Since you are going thither, I pray preſent my ſervice to all our friends at Court.

Philippe.

Si feray-je, ne paſſez pas donc plus outre, car vous eſtes trop ceremonieux, & vous ſcavez que la loy ceremonielle eſt abrogée long tems y á.

I ſhall do it, go no further then, for you are too ceremonious, and you know that the ceremoniall law is abrogated long ſince.

Sylvandre.

Monſieur, pour moy j'amerois mieux eſtre trop ceremonieux, que trop prophane; Adieu, en vous remerciant.

Sir, for my part, I had rather be too ceremonious, than too prophane; farewell, I thank you.

Obſerve, That in ſo ſhort a Dialog, which relates meerly to ſome peculiar phraſes, and modes of ſpeaking that are proper only to the French language, and not rendible *verbatim*, in any other, therſcould not have been expected ſuch choice and ſubſtantiall matter as might have been couch'd in a looſe and free Diſcours.

Obſerve

OBserve that one of the main tasks of the late Academy of wits in Paris, *is to retrench the superfluous letters, whereof the French Language is fuller than any other; as will appeir in this following example.*

L'Apoſtre Saint Paul en ſes Epiſtres nous advertit, que le droict chemin pour parfaictement cognoiſtre noſtre Souverain ſeigneur eſt de nous accouſtumer a bien faire, & d'eſcouter la tres-ſaincte Eſcriture, qui nous rend treſmoignage de luy, et de frequenter l'Egliſe ſon eſpouſe, la quelle nous fera paroiſtre les eſmerveillables effects de l'amour qu'il nous monſtre chaſque moment; Elle nous eſclairira auſſy en la cognoiſſance de noſtre Redempteur, et nous fera deſdaigner le monde auec vn vray deſgouſt, et meſpriſer nous meſmes et les esbats de ceſte vie, auec vn gran deſplaiſir et meſcontentement, et nous fera appreſter pour le temps de noſtre treſpas, en nous rempliſſant de doux ſouſpirs. Les eſprits ſubtils et deſliez qui ayment qlutoſt l'eſcole de la nature, peut eſtre, ne ſe ſoucieront gueres de ceſt' advis qui touche l'eſtat de leur ames auquel il n'y â rien d'eſgal, &c.

According to the refined French you write thus.

L'Apotre St. Paul en ſes Epitres nous avertit que le droit chemin pour parfaitement conoitre notre ſoverain ſeigr. eſt de nous accoutumer a bien faire, et d'ecouter la treſſinte Eſcriture qui nous rend temoignage de luy, et de frequenter L'Egliſe ſon Eſpouſe, la quelle nous fera paroitre les emerveillables effets de l'amour qu'il nous montre chaque moment; Elle nour eclairira auſſy en la conoiſſance de notre Redemteur, et nous fera dedaigner le monde auec vn vray degout, et mepriſer nous mémes et les ebas de cette vie auec vn gran deplaiſir et mecontentement, nous fayſant appreter pour le tems de notre trepas en nous rempliſſant de doux ſoupirs. Les eſpris ſutils et deliez qui ayment plutot l'ecole de la nature, peut etre, ne ſe ſoucieront gueres de cet' auis, qui touche l'etat de leur ames, anquel il n'y â rien d'egal, &c.

Engliſhed thus.

The Apoſtle Saint Paul in his Epiſtles, doth advertiſe us that the right way to know perfectly our Soverain Lord is to accuſtom our ſelvs to do well, and to hear the holy Scripture which gives teſtimony of him, and to frequent the Church his Spouſe, who will make appear unto us the marveilous effects of the love he ſhowes us every moment; ſhe will alſo enlighten us in the knowledg of our Redeemer, and make us diſdain the world with a tru diſtaſt, and deſpiſe our ſelvs, and the ſports of this life with a great diſpleaſure and diſcontentment, and make us prepare our ſelvs for the time of our death, by filling us with ſweet ſighings. The ſubtil and nimble ſpirits that love rather the ſchool of Nature, will not peradventure care much for this counſell, that concerns the ſtate of their ſouls, which nothing can equall, &c.

In the ſecond French example, you may obſerve by collating it with the firſt, ſundry Conſonants cut off, which the late Refiners of the French Language do allow of; as alſo any other letter that is uſ'd to be written and not pronounc'd, eſpecially if the word be derived from the Latin, may be omitted, according to the rules of the Modern Orthography.

Thus haue you the Rudiments and chief fundamentalls of the French Toung, which may fit you for the following Dictionary, and afterwards as you make a further progreſſe in the Language, you may conſult longer Grammars wherof ther are divers, among whom I hold Maupus *to be the exacteſt and moſt Schollar like, where you ſhall find things illuſtrated, and exemplified more at large; yet there are no precepts ſo punctuall, but much muſt be left to* Obſervation, which is the gran Miſtreſſe that guides and improves the underſtanding in the reſerch and purſute of all humane knowledg.

Quod deficit in præcepto, *ſuppleat*
Obſervatio.

To

TO THE RIGHT HONOVRABLE

and my very good Lord and Maſter, Sir *William Cecil* *Knight*, *Lord* Burghley, and ſonne and heire apparent unto the Earle of Exceter.

I Here preſent unto your Lordſhips view an Account of the expence of many houres, which in your ſervice, and to mine own benefit might have been otherwiſe imployed: for ſloth, howſoever, had not conſumed them; ſomewhat I muſt have done the whileſt; nor could I have beſtowed them on a work of leſſe uſe for your Lordſhip, the French being already ſo well underſtood by you, and all yours. In which regard, as I am particularly bound to acknowledg your Lordſhips goodneſſe, bearing with my humor to follow, and allowing me time to finiſh, it; ſo have all they, to whom it ſhall prove of any worth, juſt cauſe to honour in your Lordſhip that goodneſſe, continued a long time unto their, and the common good. No privat conſideration was fit to make your Lordſhip often to diſpence with th ordinary attendance of an ordinary ſervant. But this is one of the leaſt of your Lordſhips reſpects to the Public; and I would be loath to ingage your Judgement, or Honour, on the ſucceſſe of ſo mean a Peece. My deſires have aimed at more ſubſtantiall marks; but mine eyes failed them, and forced me to ſpend out much of their vigour on this Bundle of words; which though it may be unworthy of your Lordſhips great patience, and perhaps ill ſorted to the expectation of others, yet is it the beſt I can at this time make it, and were, how perfect ſoever, no more then due to your Lordſhip, to whom I owe, for what I have been many yeers, whatſoever I am now, or look to be hereafter.

Your Lordſhips

moſt bounden ſervant

Randle Cotgrave.

Au favorable Lecteur François.

LEcteur, l'Auteur de ce livre (Gentilhomme Anglois, à qui ſon propre Pays &, ſur tout, le notre ont vne obligation particuliere, qu'ilz ont à peu d'autres) apres avoir peniblement veillé & travaillé par pluſieurs ans, ſur cet œuvre, non moins, certes, ingrat que laborieuz; En fin eſt contraint de le laiſſer partir de ſes mains, plutot vaincu de l'importunité de ſes Amis, & de la neceſſité que le public en à, que ſatisfait en ſon ame de ſon propre ouvrage. Et t'aſſure que ſi on l'eut voulu croire, il fût encore apres à ſe tourmenter, pour trouver la ſignification de telz mots, qui, poſſible, ne ſeront jamais plus ouyz en ce monde, (quoy que luz) & dont, je croy, il n'y a perſonne qui ait ouy parler depuis cent ans, que luy; tant ſa curioſité a eté grande & exacte à lire toute ſorte de livres, vieuz & nouveauz, & de tous noz dialectes. A cette cauſe, peut, poſſible, qu'ayant égard à ce que tu voys, non à ce que tu ne voys pas, tu l'accuſes plutot de ce qu'il a dit, que de ce qu'il a eté contraint de laiſſer; qui toutefois ſeroit vn treſor ineſtimable, s'il eût pu trouver, ou pardeça, ou en France meſmes (où il a eté ſi curieuz d'envoyer expres) qui l'eut pu, ou voulu reſoudre de ſes doutes; Il te ſuplie bien fort, ſi tu trouves icy quelques mots qui te ſonnent mal auz oreilles, ou meſme qui n'y ayent encore jamais ſonné, de croire, qu'ilz ne ſont point de ſon invention, mais recueilliz de la multitude & diverſité de noz Auteurs, que poſſible tu n'auras pas encore luz, & qui, tant bons que mauvais, deſirent tous d'eſtre entenduz. Il pouvoit bien citer le nom, le livre, la page, & le paſſage; mais ce n'eut plus icy eté vn Dictionaire, ains vn Labirinte. Ceuz qui ne les ſauront, pas, les aprendront; Ceuz qui les ſauront, jugeront bien que l'ignorance, poſſible, d'vn ſeul mot, ſoit ſubſtanciel, metaforique, inuſité, ou tiré de la varieté des Ars, peut ſouvent obſcurcir tout vn ſens, & rendre barbares les conceptions les plus gentilles. Permis à qui voudra d'en vſer, ou de les laiſſer; Bien entendu, toutefois, que ce ne ſeroit pas le pis qui nous pût arriver, que de remettre ſuz, certains mots ſur-annez, que nous avons mieuz aimé laiſſer perdre, quoy que tres propres & ſignificatifs; Et autres de notre propre cru, bien que de divers terroir, allans plutot mandier chez les Etrangers pour nous exprimer, ou bien nous taiſans du tout, ou parlans par vn long contournement de paroles, que d'ouvrir vn peu la bouche pour en prononcer quelques vns qui ſembloyent trop reveſches pour la douceur du palais de noz Damoiſelles, ou grater l'oreille delicate de Meſſieurs noz Courtiſans de ce tems-cy. Quant auz fautes de l'Impreſſion, l'Autheur ne les peut totalement prendre ſur ſoy, ne niant pas qu'il n'en ſoit eſchapé aſſez, comme auſſi poſſible en quelques endroits, quelque impropre interpretation; eſperant bien toutefois, que les vnes ny les autres ne ſeront pas ſi grandes que ta courtoiſie n'y puiſſe bien ſuppleer. A tant, Il recomande ſon œuvre à ta bonne reception, & moy je demeure,

Ton treſaffectionné Patriotte,

I. L'OISEAV de Tourval, Pariſien Δ.

A DICTIONARIE OF THE French & English Tongues,

Newly Refin'd and Amplified.

The first Letter of all Alphabets, is (as it is a Letter) a Substantive: whence,

Il eſt Marqué à l'A: *he is a right honeſt man: or, one in whom there is as much vertue, as great worth, as can be in any man: (From the money of France; every ſort whereof hath ſtamped on it a particular letter, denoting the place wherein it was made; now that which is coined in Paris hath on it an* A, *and is, commonly, of the beſt mettall.)*

A. *The third perſon ſingular of the verbe* Avoir, *ſignifies (of it ſelfe) Hath, holdeth, poſſeſſeth, enjoyeth; as,* Aſſez a qui bon credit a: *alſo (when it hath the locall Adverb* y *before it) Is; as,* Aſſez y a ſi trop n'y a: *But when it precedes a Participle in the preterperfect Tenſe of another verbe, it is reſtrained unto the firſt ſignification, Hath; as,* il a gaigne ce qu'il a peu: *In all which (and otherwiſe, only as it is a Letter) it is written without Accent.*

'A. *an Article, ſet before a proper Name, or Noune, ſignifies, in matters of poſſeſſion, of; as,* La maiſon à Pierre, La femme à Robert: *But where the verbe* Eſtre *goes before, it ſignifies To, or, Unto; as,* La maiſon eſt à Pierre, *belongs to Peter: So doth it alſo when it followes verbes that require a Dative caſe; as,* Ie l'ay donné à toy, cela appartient à moy; *or, that ſignifie motion to a place; as,* Ie m'en iray à Londres, à ma metairie.

'A. *an Article, or Preposition; ſignifieth ſometimes, As, or For;* Il eſt tenu à perdu; à ſot; à fable: *ſometimes only, For;* à cette cauſe: *ſometimes, At; as,* Tu me trouveras à Paris; à loiſir; à voſtre commandement: *Alſo In, or At; as,* à temps, & lieu: *ſometimes In, or Before; as,* à la preſence du Roy: *ſometimes By; as,* à l'adventure; à cœur; à droit; à tort: & (*as in old Authors*) à dieu ie veu, *inſtead of* par dieu ie le veux: *ſometimes, On, or Upon; as,* à lundi; il monte à cheval: *ſomtimes To; as,* à propos; à point: *alſo, Agreeable, or, According to; as,* à l'ordonnance des Arbitres: *alſo, Like unto: After the manner, or faſhion of; as,* veſtu à l'Italienne, une eſpée à l'Eſpagnole: *ſometimes, With; as,* à peu de perte; à banniere deſployée; une chaire à accoudoirs; & (*in Blazons*) Il porte de Synople à trois lyons d'argent: *alſo, With, or, Among; as,* à nous tel fait eſt bien vilain, Il eſt à nous grande vinée. A la mienne volunte, *If I might have my will: or, I would to God.*

Dont il eſt à grande joye, *Whereof he is very glad; which makes him very merry.*

Ils ſe faiſoient tenir à douze; *They made themſelves be held by twelve: or, were ſo fierce that twelve were faine to hold them.*

'A. *preceding the Infinitive moode of a verbe, ſignifies, To, ſerving to, for to, of purpoſe for; as,* S'il a choſe à dire; vn clou à pendre des ſacs. *ſometimes it either gives the verbe a principall ſence, as,* Il eſt à dormir, *he is ſleeping, or new, or neere aſleepe; or, the verb being preſent, it denotes the future; as,* l'ay cela à faire, *I am to doe that hereafter.*

'A. *before an Adjective, ſometimes makes it admit of an Adverbiall interpretation; as,* à droict, à tort; *rightfully, wrongfully.*

'A. *is ſometimes not expreſſed, but underſtood; as,* Si Dieu plaiſt, *for,* s'il plaiſt à Dieu.

†**Aachée**: f. *a doleful cry, lamentation, Ay-mee.*

Aage: m. *age, yeares, daies; alſo, an age-time, ſeaſon.*

De grand aage; *very old, a grandſire, a gray-beard, whoſe tome foot is already in the grave.*

De petit aage; *very yong, a child, an infant, an innocent, an vnderling.*

Avoir de l'aage; *to be ſtrong and luſty: alſo to be well in yeares, or well ſtricken in years.*

Aagé: m. aagée: f. *aged, old; of age, of years; of full age, of great years.*

Abaiſſe, & Abaiſſement; *as,* Abbaiſſe, & Abbaiſſement.

Abaiſſer, & Abaiſſeur; *as,* Abbaiſſer, & Abbaiſſeur.

Abandon: m. *bandon, free licence, full libertie for others to uſe a thing; The quitting, abandonment, or proſtitution of a thing unto others; whence;*

Mettre ſa forcſt en abandon; *to lay it open, or make it common, for all men that will gather wood, or graze their cattel in it.*

Abandon fait larron, Prov. *Things carelеſſly left, laid up, or looked unto, make them theeves that otherwiſe would be honeſt: we ſay, faſt bind faſt find.*

Qui faict nopces, & maiſon, il met le ſien en abandon; Prov. *The building of houſes and making of feaſts, are vnlimited waſters of a mans ſubſtance.*

Abandonné: m. née: f. *abandoned, forſaken, forgone, quitted, given over, caſt off; laid open, ſet at randome; proſtituted unto, made common for any man; alſo proſcribed, outlawed.*

Cheval abandonné ſur la bride. *hanging upon the hand.*

Choſe trop abandonnée. *thats unrecoverable, or in very deſperate termes.*

Abandonnement: m. *an abandoning, quitting, forſaking, leaving off, giving over, laying open for, proſtituting unto others; alſo a proſcribing or outlawing.*

Abandonnément de raiſon. *a wilfull deſection, revolting, or ſwarving, from reaſon.*

Abandonnément. *at randome, diſſolutely, licenciouſly, profuſely, with full liberty.*

Abandonner. *To abandon, quit, forſake, forgoe, waive or give over, ſhake or caſt off, lay open, leave at randome, proſtitute unto, make common for, others; alſo, to outlaw.*

Abandonner la vie de tel au premier qui le pourra tuer. *to proſcribe a man; (given to be underſtood of a Soveraigne, or ſuch a one as, next under God, hath abſolute and uncontroulable power over his life.)*

s' Abandonner à plaiſirs. *ſenſually to yeeld, or become a ſlave, unto pleaſure; wholly to captivate, or devote, his thoughts to delights.*

Fille qui donne s'abandonne; Pro. *A maid that giveth yeeldeth.*

Il commence bien à mourir qui abandonne ſon deſir; Pro. *he truly begins to dye that quits his chiefe deſires.*

Abandonneur. *an abandoner, leaver, quitter, forſaker, forgoer, giver over, proſtituter of.*

Abaque: m. *a Plinth, or flat ſquare ſtone on the Capitell of a pillar.*

Abaſtardi: m. ie: f. *adulterated, ſophiſticated, baſtardiſed, counterfeited; marred, corrupted, depraved; degenerat, changed out of it owne kind; made worſe, grown worſe and worſt.*

Abaſtardir. *to baſtardiſe, adulterat, ſophiſticat, counterfeit, to change out of it owne kind into a worſe; to deprave, corrupt, viciat, ſpoile, marre, make worſe; alſo, to degenerat, wax naught, grow worſe and worſe: (in which ſenſe it hath, moſt commonly, the Paſſive note, Se, before it.)*

Abaſtardiſſement: m. *an adulterating, ſophiſtication, counterfeiting; a corrupting, marring, depraving; a making worſe, or changing out of it owne kind into a worſe; alſo, a degenerating.*

Abaſtardiſſeur: m. *an adulterater, ſophiſticater, counterfeiter; a corrupter, depraver, ſpoiler of things; alſo, a baſtard-maker.*

Abatis, Abatre, & Abatu. *Looke* Abbatis, Abbatre, *and* Abbatu.

Abayement, Abayer, & Abayeur. *Looke*, Abbayement, Abbayer, *and* Abbayeur.

Abbais. *as* Abbois.

† Abbaiſſé: m. ée: f. *debaſed, dejected, humbled, proſtrated; bent, or brought downe; made, or growne low; decreaſed, fallen, ſtooping.*

Abbaiſſement: m. *a debaſing, abaſing, dejecting, humbling, proſtrating; bending downwards, bringing downe, making low; alſo, a ſtooping; decreaſing, falling, waxing low.*

Abbaiſſement de courage. *faintheartedneſſe, or the growing faintheartedneſſe; a failing in courage; the falling of the creſt; alſo, lowlineſſe of mind.*

Abbaiſſement de ſon eſtat. *an impairing, diminution, or abatement of his means.*

Abbaiſſer. *to debaſe, abaſe, abate, humble, depreſſe, deject; bend downwards, bring down, make low; alſo, to ſtoop; decreaſe, fall, or wax low.*

Abbaiſſer la Majeſté d'un Prince. *to diſgrace, diſparage, violate, infringe, or tread under foot, the Majeſty of a Prince.*

s'abbaiſſer à. *to humble or proſtrate himſelfe before; alſo, to yeeld, or ſubmit himſelfe, unto.*

Abbaiſſeur: m. *an abaſer, debaſer, dejecter, depreſſer, humbler, bringer downe of.*

Abbandon, & Abbandonné; *as* Abandon, *and* Abandonné.

Abbandonnement, & Abbandonner; *Looke* Abandonnement, & Abandonner.

Abbatement: m. *a felling, a beating, or breaking, violent bearing, or bringing down; alſo, an abatement; alſo, that thing that's felled, beaten, or borne, downe.*

Abbateur. *a feller, overthrower, or beater, breaker, or beater, down of.*

Grand abbateur de bois. *a ſore fellow, horrible ſwinger, terrible bugbeare; one that overthrowes all he meets with; (Ironically.)*

Abbateuret. f. *as* Abbatement.

Abbaturet. *the boughs, leaves, or ſpriggs, which a Deare breaks and bears down with his head in ruſhing through a thicket.*

Abbatial: m. ale: f. *Abbot-like, Abbey-like; of, or belonging to, an Abbot, or Abbey.*

Abbatis: m. *an overthrow; or overthrowing; as* Abbatement; *alſo, an utter defeature, execution, or ſlaughter of men.*

L'abbatis d'une foreſt. *wind-falls; or the wood, or trees, grub'd up, felled, or fallen downe.*

L'abbatis d'une maiſon. *the ruines of a houſe.*

Abbatre. *to fell; to beat or breake downe; violently to beare, or bring downe; to ruine, overthrow, caſt to the ground; alſo, to deſeat utterly, diſcomfit wholly.*

Cela abbat l'yvreſſe. *that quells, allaies, abates, drunkenneſſe; or, makes a man ſober againe.*

Fort eſt qui abbat, & plus fort qui ſe releue; Pro. *Seek* Releuer.

Abbatu: m. uë: f. *felled; beaten, or broken down; violently borne, or brought downe; quelled, ruined, overthrowne, caſt to the ground.*

Il a le coeur tout abbatu. *his mind is utterly dejected, courage abated, heart gone; he is wholly creſt-fallen; there is no further life, no mettall, no ſpirit, left in him.*

L'abbatu veut touſiours luicter; Prov. *ſaid of an obſtinate fellow, whom no foile can make leave a contention, or ſuit, begun.*

Chaſteau abbatu eſt à demy refaict; Prov. *A houſe puld downe is half built up again.*

Abbay: m. *a barking, or baying of doggs; Looke* Abbois.

Tenir en abbay. *to hold at bay, alſo, to delay, or drive off, with falſe hopes.*

Abbayant. ſub. *as* Abbayeur; *a barker, &c.*

Abbayant. part. *barking, baying; railing.*

Abbaye: f. *an Abbey, Monaſterie, Religious houſe.*

Abbayé: m. ée: f. *barked at; railed on.*

Abbayement: m. *a barking or baying of doggs; alſo, a lowd, extreme, and paſſionat reviling of, ſhoulding at, rayling on.*

Abbayer. *to barke, or bay at; alſo, to revile extremely, lowdly to raile on.*

Il abbaye contre la Lune. *he barkes at the Moone; ſaid of one that obſtinatly ſtrives to falſifie, or diſgrace the truth; wherein he ſpends his indeavours moſt ridiculouſly, unprofitably, miſerably.*

Chien qui abbaye ne mord pas; Pro. *The barking dog bites littles and He that ſayeth moſt commonly does leaſt.*

Qui ſert commun nul ne le paye, & s'il defaut chaſcun l'abbaye; Pro. *He that ſerves a Communaltie is controlled by every one, rewarded by none.*

Abbayeur: m. *a barker, a rayler.*

Abbé: m. *an Abbey.*

Face d'abbé. *a jolly, fat, and red face; a merie facies.*

Pas d'Abbé. *a ſolemnly walking, ſlow gate, Aldermans pace.*

Table d'Abbé. *a plentifull, or well furniſhed, table.*

Il jure comme un Abbé. *he ſweares like an Abbot, viz. extremely.*

Abbé, & Convent ce n'eſt qu'un, mais la bource eſt en divers lieux; Pro. *Though an Abbot, and Covent have but one body, yet have they ſeverall means (and minds.)*

Homme ne connoit mieux la malice que l'Abbé qui a eſté Moine; Pro. *No man can play the knave better then an Abbot that hath been a Monk.*

Abbec: m. *a bait, for fiſh.*

Abbeché. *fed, as a young bird by the old; alſo, inſtructed; or, inveagled, as a novice.*

Abbechement: m. *a beakefull of; alſo, a feeding, or putting into the mouth of; alſo, an inſtructing; or, inveaglinq.*

Abbecher. *to feed, as birds doe their young; as Faulkners their hawkes; to put into the mouth of; hence, to inſtruct a young one; and, to invegle, alliure, intice, a novice.*

Abbée: f. *a hole, or overture, for the paſſage of ſome part of a ſtreame that's held in by a damme, ſluce, &c.*

Abbeille: f. *a Bee; the little hive-bee, or honny-bee; Look* Abeille.

Abbeſſe: f. *an Abbeſſe.*

Abbois: m. *barking; baying.*

Abbois de l'eſtomac. *the gnawing of the ſtomack, in extreme hunger.*

Aux derniers abbois. *at his laſt gaſpe, or breathing his laſt; alſo, put to his laſt ſhifts, driven to uſe his laſt helps; A metaphor from hunting; wherein a Stag is ſaid* Rendre les abbois, *when weary of running, he turns upon the hounds, and holds them at, or puts them to, a bay.*

Abbonnement. *as* Abonnement.

Abbordé, Abbordée, & Abborder: *as* Abordé, Abordée, *and* Aborder.

† Abbougri: m. ie: f. *growne crooked, or withered in the top, as an ill-thriving tree.*

† Abbougrir. *to hinder from growing, to keep from riſing, to let from thriving; alſo, to grow crooked, or wither in the top, like an ill-thriving tree.*

† Abbougry *as* Abbougri.

Abboyé: m. ée: f. *barked at, bayed at.*

Abbras. *the name of a terrible Gyant in the old Romants; whence,*

Ce fier Abbras; *this kill-cow, skarcrow, bugbeare, ſwaſhbuckler, horrible backſter.*

Abbregé:m. *an Abridgment, Abſtract, Epitome, Summary, Compendium, ſhort courſe, or diſcourſe.*

Abbregé:m. ée:f. *ſhortened, abridged, curtalled, abbreviated, epitomiſed; alſo, briefe, ſhort, compendious.*

Abbregement: m. *a ſhortning, abridging, epitomiſing, abbreviating; alſo, an abridgment.*

Abbregément. *ſhortly, briefly, ſuccinctly, compendiouſly, by abridgment.*

Abbreger. *to ſhorten, abridge, abſtract, abbreviat, epitomiſe, curtall, cut ſhort.*

Abbreviateur:m. *an abbreviator, a maker of breefs, or of writs.*

Abbreviature:f. *a Breviat; Abbreviation, Abbreviature; a ſhort note.*

Abbreuvé:m. ée:f. *watered, ſteeped, ſoked, ſeaſoned in, throughly wet, or moiſtened with, liquor; alſo, ſhrunck, as cloth in water.*

Abbreuvé d'une opinion. *whoſe thoughts are wholly poſſeſt with, or fully perſwaded in, an opinion.*

Abbreuver. *to water, as a horſe, &c: throughly to wet, or moiſten, with water; ſteep, ſoke, or ſeaſon in liquor: alſo, to ſhrinke, as Fullers doe their cloth, by water.*

Abbreuves de quelque opinion. *to imbue, poſſeſſe wholly with an opinion; to imprint, or fix it in the mind; to breed in the thoughts an aſſured perſwaſion, or full beleef, thereof.*

Abbreuvoir: m. *a watering place for horſes.*

Un Abbreuvoir à mouſches. *an open wound, or hurt; (whereat flies, if they may quietly drink their fill.)*

Abbruti:m.ie:f. *beaſtly, brutiſh, or, made beaſtly, become brutiſh.*

Abbruver. *as* Abbreuver.

Abderois. *of Abdera; the ancient name of a towne in Thrace; and of another now called Almeria, in Spaine; and of a certaine Iſland neer unto Samothrace.*

Rire Abderois: Prov. *a continuall or unceſſant laughter; ſuch as the Philoſopher Democritus (who was of the firſt Abdera) is ſaid to have uſed.*

† Abdiquer. *To abdicate; to refuſe, reject, forſake, reſigne, give over; caſt off, expell, put out of favour; alſo, to abrogate, or diſannull; alſo, to prohibit the uſe of.*

Abducteur. *a leader out, or away; a withdrawer, a puller away.*

Abecé:m. *an Abcee, the Croſſe-row, an Alphabet, or orderly liſt, of all the letters.*

Abecedaire: com. *in his Abcee: that but begins to learne his Abcee: hence alſo, childiſh, young, ſimple, ignorant.*

Abechement. *as* Abbechement.

Abecher. *as* Abbecher.

Abequeter. *to peake at.*

Abediſſimon. *a ſerpent of the kind of Dragons.*

Abeillanne. *the white muſcadine grape.*

Abeillaud:m. *a Dorre, or Drone-bee; & Langued.*

Abeille: f. *a Bee; the little bive, or honey-bee.*

Les abeilles ne deviennent point frelons; Prov. *Good, or well-bred, ſpirits never degenerat.*

Abeillon:m. *a neaſt, or ſwarme of Bees.*

Abequer. *as* Abbecher.

† Abeſté:m. ée:f. *mounted on horſebacke; or that hath an horſe to ride on.*

Abeſti:m.ie:f. *made, or become beaſtly; full of, or beſotted with, beaſtly humours.*

Abeſtia. *perpetually burning.* ¶ Rab.

Abeſtir. *to make a beaſt, or beaſtly; to bring into beaſtly courſes; to beſot with beaſtly humours; to fill with ſavage, or brutiſh conditions.*

Abhorrant: m. *an abhorrer, deteſter, loather; Or, as* Abhorrent: *and hence;*

Ie ne ſuis trop abhorrant de cette opinion; *I differ not much from, I am not altogether againſt, this opinion.*

Abhorré:m. ée:f. *deteſted, abhorred, loathed.*

Abhorrent. *abhorring, deteſting, loathing; abhorrent from, utterly diſagreeing in nature, and humour; alſo, unuſuall, unaccuſtomed, out of courſe.*

Abhorrer. *to abhor, deteſt, loath extremely, have in abomination; utterly diſagree from, wholly ſhun, flie, hate, the company of.*

† Abhorrir; *as* Abhorrer.

Abhorriſſant. *abhorring, deteſting, loathing.*

Abiect:m. ée:f. *abject, baſe, vile, contemptible, outcaſt, of no value; deſpiſed, caſt off, or away; lowly dejected, out of courage, out of conceit with himſelf.*

Abjection. f. *abjection, vileneſſe, abject lowlineſſe, baſeneſs of heart, faintneſſe in courage, over much humility, or undervaluing of himſelfe.*

Abier:m. *a faulcon gentle.*

Abile, & Abillery *as* Habile, & Habiller.

Abiſme, & Abiſmer; *as* Abyſme, & Abyſmer.

Abiſmé: m. ée. f. *impoſed.*

Abiuré. *abjured, denied by oath, forſworne.*

Abjurement: m. *an abjuring, forſwearing, denying with an oath.*

Abjurer. *to abjure, forſweare, deny with an oath.*

Ablatif. m. *the ablative Caſe.*

Ablation: f. *a taking away, or from.*

Ablayé; terres ablayées de bled; *corne-ground, land wherein corne growes, or wherein it hath beene ſowed.*

Ablays: m. *Corne growing, or in ſheaves.*

Able: f. *a blay, or bleak, fiſh.*

Ableret: m. *a kind of ſmall fiſh-net.*

Ablette: f. *a little blay, or bleak.*

Abloquié. Edefices abloquiez: viz. baillez par le ſeigneur direct en Emphyteoſe, & Cenſive.

Ablution: f. *a waſhing away.*

Abois: m. *as* Abbois.

Aboli: m. ie. f. *aboliſhed, raſed, defaced, put out, abrogated, extinguiſhed, annihilated, fordone, diſannulled.*

Abolir. *to aboliſh; to raſe, deface, blot, or put, out; to abrogate, annihilate, extinguiſh, fordoe, diſannull.*

Aboliſſement: m. *an aboliſhment, or aboliſhing; a raſing, defacing, abrogating, diſannulling.*

Abolition: f. *an aboliſhment, annihilation, abrogation, extinguiſhment: And in law, The leave given by the King, or judges, unto a criminal accuſer, to deſiſt from further perſecution: In Chancery, An abſolute, or generall pardon.*

Abolition de creances, & vieilles ſcedules; *a generall releaſe, Quietus eſt, or forgiveneſſe of old debts.*

Lettres d'abolition. *An abſolute pardon granted by the Prince to a whole Country, Town, or Village, that hath offended.* ¶ Nicot. *Yet others, more generally, mean by* Abolition, *any abſolute or generall pardon.*

Abominable: com. *abhominable, execrable, deteſtable.*

Abomination: f. *an abhomination, a deteſtation, a horrible, or execrable, thing.*

Abominer. *To deteſt, abhorre, loath extremely; to have in abhomination.*

Abondamment. *abundantly, copiouſly, fully, plentifully, enough and enough againe.*

Abondance: f. *Store, abundance, plenty, fulneſſe, copiouſneſſe.*

Abondant: *Abundant, plentifull, plentious, copious, very full, exceeding much.*

D'abondant, (Adverbially) *over and beſides, moreover.*

Abonder. *To abound, or over-flow with; to be rich in; to be full, or have ſtore of.*

† Abonnage; *as* Abornement; *Alſo, an exchange, or alienation of rents, duties, or ſervices.*

Abonnaſſé. *Calmed, quieted, appeaſed, pacified.*

† Abonné: m. ée. f. *Compounded for, or with; agreed for before hand; at a certaine rate with; made good with, exchanged for.*

† Abonnement: m. *A compounding with, or for; an agreeing for, a being at a certaine rate with, before hand; a making good of one thing with another; alſo an exchanging, or aliening of one thing for another.*

† Abonner. *To compound with, or for; to agree before hand, or be at a certaine rate, with, for a thing; to make good one thing with another; alſo to alien, or exchange, one thing for another.*

† Abonneur. *An alienor, exchanger; alſo, as* Acquereur.

Abonni: m. ie. f. *Made good; alſo, as* Aborné.

Abonnir. *To make good; alſo, to do good unto; alſo as* Aborner.

Abord: m. *An arrivall, an approach; a boording, aboording, drawing neer unto.*

De deux abord. *Gentle, courteous, affable: of open acceſſe, eaſie to be ſpoken with, or come unto.*

Abordable: com. *Affable, aboordable, approachable, boordable.*

Abordade: f. *as* Abordée.

Aborde. *Approached, aboordrd, accoaſted, boorded, drawne neer unto; alſo, arrived, or landed at.*

Abordée: f. *An approach, boarding, aboording, accoaſting, drawing neer unto; alſo, an arrivall, arriving, or landing at.*

D'abordée. *At firſt, at firſt ſight; as ſoone as they touched, incountred, or came together.*

Abordement; *as* Abordée.

Aborder. *To approach, accoaſt, aboord, boord, or lay aboord; come, or draw neer unto; alſo, to arrive, or land at.*

Abornage; *as* Abournage.

† Aborné: m. ée. f. *Limited, ſtinted, bounded, knowing his bounds, or what he muſt truſt unto; hence compounded with, or for; agreed before hand for; at a certaine rate with, upon a former agreement.*

Abornément. *A limiting, bounding, ſtinting; alſo, a compoſition, or compounding; a ſetting of a certaine price on, or a ſtanding at a certaine rate for; a receiving, or paying for, things, otherwiſe then in kind.*

† Aborner. *To limit, bound, ſtint; alſo to compound with, or for, to ſet a certain rent on; to ſtand at a certaine rate for; to receive*

or deliver, by former agreement, any thing otherwise than in kind.

Abortif: m. ive: f. *Abortive, untimely, still-born; bred, borne, or brought forth, before a due time.*

Oeuf abortif. *an addle egge, or, an egge whose shell is not yet hard.*

Abouchement: m. *A parley, or conference.*

Aboucher. *To parley, treat, conferre with by word of mouth; to speake face to face unto.*

Abouchon: d'ab. *Groveling, laid on his face, or on all foure; also, stooping, bowing, or holding the face downward.*

† Abouiquement: m. *A heaping up, as of new made salt.*

‡ Abouquer. *To heap, or pile up.*

‡ Abourdeler. *To tell a fained thing.*

Abourionner. *To bud, sprout out, put forth.*

† Abournage: m. *A composition, a certaine rate, or valuation of, a beforehand agreement for, things.*

Abournement; & Abourner; *as* Abornement; & Aborner.

† Abouter. *To bring, or draw to a head, or end.*

Abouti: m. ie: f. *Grown ripe, drawn to a head, brought to an end; also, abutted, affronted, confined, come near unto, nut at, the end.*

Aboutir. *To wax ripe, or draw to a head, as an impostume; also, to end; to approach, or grow towards an end; to meet at their end; also, to touch, affront, abut upon, confine, or be near unto, in the head, foot, front, bottome, top, or end of; also, to approach, or make towards.*

Aboutir en pointe. *To end sharp, or pointed; to grow smaller, and smaller towards the top, head, or end.*

Aboutissans d'une maison. *The utmost ends or parts of a house, at the front and backeside thereof.*

Aboutissans d'une heritage. *The utmost bounds, or limits of an inheritance, at both ends thereof.*

Aboutissant. *Drawing, or comming, unto a head, or end; also, affronting, abutting, confining unto at the top or bottome, head or foot, or at either end: also, making, or approaching towards.*

Aboutissement. *A drawing to a head, a growing towards an end: a meeting at their end, a touching, affronting, abutting upon, a confining, or nearnesse, at either end.*

Aboutissement d'os. *as* Epiphyse.

Aboutissement de terres. *The utmost bounds, marches, limits, or ends of Lands.*

† Abouvier. *To invoke Oxen;* Norm.

Abradant. *Paring, shaving, scraping, rasing; wearing away.*

Abregé: m. *An Abridgement, &c. as* Abbregé.

Abregé. *Abridged, abbreviated, shortened, curtalled.*

Abregement. *as* Abbregement.

Abri: m. *A covert, shrowd, shelter, or shadie place; a lee-shore, shead, seat, or corner, whereto neither wet, nor wind, can come: Hence, a sanctuary, place of surety, or of safe retreit, in adversitie.*

Un port de bon abri pour les navires. *A safe harbor for shipping, in all weathers.*

Abricot: m. *The Abricot, or Apricock plum.*

Abricotier. *An Apricock-tree.*

Abrier d'Arbeleste: m. *The tree of a Crosse-bow.*

Abrier. *To cover, shrowd, shelter, shadow.*

Abrogation: f. *An abrogation, abolishment, repealing, disanulling.*

Abrogé: m. ée: f. *Abrogated, abolished, disanulled, repealed.*

Abroger. *To abrogate, abolish, disanull, repeale.*

Abroton: m. *The herbe Sothernwood.*

Abruption: f. *an abruption; a breaking off, a bursting asunder.*

Abruption d'os. *an entire seperation of some part of a bone from the rest, which thereby suffers a manifest want.*

Abruti: m. ie: f. *Made beastly, grown brutish.*

Abrutir. *To make beastly, or brutish.*

Abruvé: m. ée; f. *Watered, wet throughly; seasoned, steeped, or soaked in; filled, furnished, or stored with, water, &c.*

Abruver. *as* Abbreuver.

Abruvoir. *as* Abbreuvoir, *a watering place for horses.*

Abry: m. *Looke* Abri.

Abscez: m. *an impostume, botch, or swelling full of matter; a course of ill humors running out of their veins and naturall places, into the empty spaces between muscles.*

Abscis: m. ise: f. *Cut off, divided, separated from.*

Absconse: com. *Hidden, obscure, darke, secret, covert, lurking, concealed.*

Absconsé: m. ée: f. *Hidden, obscured, concealed, kept close.*

Absconsement: m. *A hiding, obscuring, concealing.*

Absconser. *To hide, conceale, obscure, keep close, or secret.*

Abscynte: m. *Wormwood; Looke* Absynthe.

Abscyntien: m. esne: f. *Belonging to wormwood, bitter as wormwood, tasting of wormwood.*

Absence: f. *Absence.*

Absent. *Absent, missing, wanting, out of the way.*

Absenté: m. ée: f. *Absented, fled, had, or kept, out of, or fled out of the way.*

Absenter. *To absent, to send, keep, get, or have out of the way.*

S'absenter. *To flit, be gone, flie his country, play least in sight, keep out of the way. (Used most commonly in the worst sence.)*

Absince. *as* Absinte.

Absinte: m. *Wormwood; Looke* Absynthe.

Absinthe. *as* Absinte.

Absolte: f. *an absolute pardon, a generall absolution, forgiveneſſe, remitment of offences.*

† Absolut: m. ute: f. *Absolute. Whence*

Ieudy absolut. *Maundie-Thursday, Sheer-Thursday.*

Absolution: f. *an absolution, a forgiveneſſe or forgiving; a discharge of, or deliverie from; an abolition of debts, wrongs, offences.*

Absolutoire: com. *Absolvatorie, pardoning, forgiving.*

Lettre absolutoire. *a pardon signed.*

Absorbé: m. ée: f. *Supped, or drunk wholly up, devoured, swallowed.*

Absorber. *To sup, or drink up all: to devoure, swallow, consume.*

Absoudre. *as* Absouldre.

Absouldre. *To absolve, to forgive absolutely pardon wholly; to remit offences unto, to discharge, deliver, quit from all danger.*

Absouls: *as* Absous.

† Absoulte: *as* Absolte.

Absous: m. oute: f. *Absolved, pardoned, forgiven, quit, clearly discharged of, or delivered from, the danger of judgment.*

† Absoute: f. *as* Absolte: *or, a generall absolution, pardon, forgiveneſſe, remitment of offences.*

Abstenir. *To abstaine, forbear, temper himself, refrain, withhold from meddling with.*

Soustenir, & abstenir. *To temporise it; to bear with, or apply himself unto the time.*

Abstersif: m. ive: f. *Abstersive, cleansing, or wiping away.*

Abstinence. *Abstinence, refraining, forbearance.*

Abstinence de guerre. *a truce, or surceasing from warre.*

Abstraction. *an abstraction, a drawing out, or away.*

Abstraict: m. *a seperation, dissunition, disjunction.*

Abstraindre. *To bind fast, to knit hard, to swtap in bands.*

Abstrus: m. use: f. *Close, hidden, shut up, darke, secret, wrapped up in obscuritie, hard to be known, or understood.*

Absurde: m. *an absurditie, a grosse, unlikely, or unreasonable matter.*

Absurde: com. *Absurd, sottish, grosse, foolish, unlike, abrupt, without reason, out of order.*

Absurdement. *Absurdly, grossly, unorderly, abruptly.*

Absurdité: f. *an absurditie, grossenesse, foolishnesse, an abrupt, or sottish fact, an unlikely thing, unreasonable dealing.*

Absynce, & Absynte; *as* Absynthe.

Absynthe: m. *Wormwood.*

Absynthe marin. *Sea-wormwood, is of three kinds; one called, white Sea-wormwood; the second, broad-leaved Sea-wormwood; the third, Mugwoort wormwood, or Sothernwood wormwood.*

Absynthe pontique. *Pontick wormwood; whereof there be two kinds; the ordinary broad-leaved, and the small Pontick wormwood: Some also call the white Sea-wormwood, Absynthium ponticum; others confound the Pontick with the Roman; and it seemes (by them) that, that which heretofore was termed Pontick is now turned into Roman.*

Absynthe Romain. *Roman wormwood, French wormwood, small-leaved wormwood, Garden or Cypres wormwood; called also wormwood gentle, by reason of the sweet smell, which, contrary to all the other kinds, it yeelds.*

Absynthe de Sainctongne, ou Santonic; *The same; or small white wormwood; (some call the second Pontick, and others the white Sea-wormwood,* Absynthium Santonicum, *but not so properly.)*

Petit absynthe; *as* Absynthe marin; *especially the first, and last kinds thereof.*

Abus: m. *an abuse; deceit, imposture, disappointment, fallacie, gullerie; also, a misspending, or disorderly imploiment of.*

Abusé: m. ée: f. *Abused, misused, wronged; also, misspent, or disorderly bestowed; also, deceived, mistaken, in an errour, beguiled, gulled.*

Abuse-

Abuſement : m. *An abuſing, or miſuſing; a miſpending, or diſordered beſtowing of; alſo, a deceiving, diſappointing, mockerie, beguiling.*

Abuſement de l' œil, ou, de veuë. *A miſtie dimneſſe in the eyes, which cauſeth them to miſtake one thing for another, and is the auaunteourrer of blindneſſe.*

Abuſer. *To abuſe, miſuſe, wrong, miſpend, or beſtow diſorderly; alſo to deceiue, diſappoint, gull, coſen, beguile.*

s' Abuſer. *To miſtake, or be in errour; to wrong himſelfe; alſo, to loſe time.*

Abuſeur : m. *An abuſer, a miſpender of; alſo, a deceiuer, impoſter, beguiler.*

† Abuſeux : m. euſe : f. *Full of abuſes; deceitfull, guilefull.*

Abuſif : m. iue : f. *Abuſiue, deceitfull, guilefull; alſo, againſt cuſtome, cleane out of order, or from the uſe of.*

† Abuſion : f. *An abuſing, an errour, ſallacie, impoſture, guile, deceit.*

Abuſivement. *Abuſively, moſt diſorderly, cleane from the right uſe, or ſcope of.*

Abutter. *To aime, or, to ſhoot at.*

Abyſme : m. *An Abyſmus; a bottomleſſe hole, or pit; an infinite, immenſe, or unmeaſurable depth; a whirlepoole, or ſwallowing gulfe.*

Abyſmé : m. ée : f. *Abiſmed, ingulfed; throwne into, or ſwallowed, by a whirlepoole, bottomleſſe pit, or hole of an unknowne depth; alſo beaten, or thruſt ſo flat unto, or far into, another, that it ſeemes loſt, or appeares no more; alſo, ſunke, undone, throwne downe, overthrowne, become on a ſudden of moſt rich moſt poore: and hence;*

Il a abyſmé ſon ennemy. *He hath wholly ſuppreſſed, or utterly ruined, his enemy.*

Abyſmer. *To Abiſme, or ingulph: to ſwallow up in an infinite, and unmeaſurable depth; to caſt into a bottomleſſe hole, or pit; to throw downe from a great height unto the bottom; alſo, to beat, or thruſt one thing ſo flat unto, or far into, another, that it ſeeme loſt, or appeare no more; and (by metaphor) utterly, and on a ſudden, to deſtroy, ruine, undoe, overthrow.*

Abyſmeux : m. euſe : f. *Gulphy, full of whirlpooles; alſo bottomleſſe, of an infinite, or unmeaſurable depth.*

Acablé. *as* Accablé; *Alſo, made faſt with, or unto, a Cable.*

Acabler. *To faſten with, or unto, a Cable; alſo, as* Accabler.

Acace : f. *A certaine thorny plant, of two kinds; a greater, growing moſt in Egypt, and a leſſe, in Pontus; alſo, as;*

Acacie : f. *A medicinall juce, or liquor drawn from the ſeed of the Egyptian thorn* Acacia; *in ſtead whereof, (ſaies* Gerard) *the German Apothecaries both uſe, and call ſo, the juice of Sloes.*

Academié : m. ée : f. *Beſotted, puzled, or plundered, with too much skill, or ſtudying.*

Acaire. *A proper name of a man, and the name of a Saint, unto whom furious, haſty, and harebrain'd people are ſent, in Pilgrimage.*

† Acamuſé : m. ée : f. *Flatted; made, or beaten, flat; blunt, or flat pointed; like a flat noſe.*

Acalli : m, ie : f. *Hardned, enured, accuſtomed unto; that hath got a habit of, &c.*

Acanthe. m. *The ſmooth thiſtle called, Brankurſin, and Beares-breech.*

Acaré : m. ée : f. *Affronted, confronted; ſet before, preſented unto, the face of.*

Acarement : m. *An affronting, or confronting.*

Acarer. *To affront, confront, ſet face to face, or before the face of; bring neere unto, or, together.*

Il luy acara ſon Arquebuſe à l' eſtomac. *He preſented his peece unto the others ſtomack.*

Acariaſtre : com. *Hairebrain'd, raſh, braineleſſe, haſty, furious, unreaſonable, inconſiderate; one that is violently ſwaied by his owne mad will, and franticke humour.*

Acariaſtreté : *Franticke obſtinacie, mad wilfulneſſe, hairebrain'd fury, obſtinate raſhneſſe.*

† Acaſer. *To inhabit, ſojourne, lodge, dwell, or houſe himſelfe, in.*

† Acazer. *To rent, or let out upon a yeerely rent.*

Accablé : m. ée : f. *Overthrowne, overwhelmed, beaten, or borne, downe with blowes, &c. Oppreſſed by much waight, or over-heavy burthens; confounded, utterly ruined.*

Accabler. *To overthrow, beat, or beare, downe with blowes, &c. Oppreſſe by much waight, or over-heavy burthens; overwhelme, ruine, confound utterly.*

Accagnardement : m. *Sloath, idle ſenſuality.*

Accagnarder. *To grow lazie, ſloathfull, idle, worthleſſe.*

Accaration : f. *as* Acarement.

Accariaſtreté. *as* Acariaſtreté.

Accaſané. *Loving home, ever within doores, a houſe-dove, mued up, never ſtirring abroad.*

† Accaſement. *as* Accaiſement.

Accelecateur. *a ſpeeder, haſtener, diſpatcher.*

Muſcle accelerateur. *A certaine muskle whereby the urin and ſeed are jerted out.*

Acceleration. *Haſt, or ſpeedmaking; an acceleration.*

Accelerè : m. ée : f. *Accelerated, haſtened, diſpatched.*

Accelerer. *To accelerate, haſten, ſpeed, make haſt, diſpatch.*

† Accence : m. *as* Acence.

† Accenſemene. Il tient cela par ac : *He holds that by leaſe, or at a certaine yearly rent; or is to pay an yearly* Cens *for it; Looke* Acenſement.

† Accenſiſſement : m. *A holding by leaſe, or in farme, or the paying of an yearely rent, or* Cens *for any thing held.*

Accent : m. *An Accent; alſo, the raiſing, or letting fall, of the voice in pronunciation.*

Accent aigu. *A ſharp accent, marked thus ´, and much uſed.*

Accent circonflex, ou contourné. *The bowed accent is marked thus ^, or thus ˜, and is not much uſed in French.*

Accente grave. *Is marked thus `, and ſet over the words à, où, là, &c.*

† Accentué : m. ée : f. *Accented, noted, or pronounced, with an Accent.*

† Accentuer. *To marke, note, or pronounce, with an Accent.*

Acceptable : com. *Acceptable, gratious, pleaſing, fit, or worthy, to be entertained.*

Acceptation : f. *An acceptation, entertainment, receipt, allowance of.*

Accepté : m. ée : f. *Accepted: received, or entertained in good part.*

Accepter. *To accept, entertaine; receive in good part; admit, approve, allow of.*

Acceptilation : f. *A paiment, or an imaginary diſcharge of a debt, made from a Creditor unto a Debtor in this forme;* Tiens tu pas pour eu, & receu ce que ie t'ay promis? *(ſaies the Debtor; whereto the other anſwers)* Ouy, le le tiens.

Acception : f. *An acception, accepting, receiving, taking; an admiſſion, or entertainment of; alſo, a reſpect, or diſtinction of perſons, in Judgement.*

Acceſſible : com. *Acceſſible, familiar, courteous, gentle, of eaſie acceſſe.*

Acceſſif : m. iue : f. *Acceſſible, acceſſive, eaſie to come unto.*

Acceſſion. *An acceſſion, or addition; alſo, an acceſſe, or comming unto.*

Acceſſoire : com. *A circumſtance, an acceſſion, incertaſe, augmentation, overplus, vantage over and beſides the due or principall; alſo, a danger, great miſchiefe, or trouble; alſo an errour, or diſorder.*

Acceſſoire : com. *Accidentall, or acceſſarie; happening, or comming in, or making one by chance.*

Acceſſoirement. *Acceſſarily, accidentally.*

Accez : m. *an acceſſe, an entry, or paſſage unto, a comming unto a place, or matter.*

Accez de fiebure. *A fit of an ague.*

Accident. *an accident, a circumſtance; alſo, a miſfortune, miſhap, calamity, miſchance; alſo, any accident, or caſualty.*

Accidental : m. ale : f. *accidentall, caſuall.*

Accidentalement. *accidentally, caſually, by fortune, by meere chance.*

Accidentellement. *as* Accidentalement.

† Acclampé. *Faſtened, pinned, pegged;* ¶ Nor.

† Acclamper. *To faſten, to pin, or peg.* Nor.

Accodepot. *A Trivet; the prop, or ſupporter, of a ſeething pot.*

† Accoeviller. *To beraum, or beſot, with ſenceleſneſſe.*

† Accoinct, *or* Accoint; *acquainted, or familiar with; alſo, neat, compt, fine, ſpruce in apparell, or otherwiſe.*

Accointable : com. *acquaintable, eaſie to be acquainted, or familiar, with.*

Accointance : f. *acquaintance, converſation, or commerce, with.*

Accointement. *as* Accointance; (*An old word.*)

Accointer. *To make jolly, peart, quaint, comely, gallant, gay; to pranke, decke, tricke up: alſo, to ſeeke, or affect, the acquaintance of; in which ſenſe it is moſt uſed paſſively, or with the paſſive article ſe, as;*

S'accointer de. *To wax acquainted, grow familiar, with; or, to get, or deſire the acquaintance of.*

Accoiſé : m. ée : f. *Quieted, calmed, pacified, appeaſed, qualified, aſſwaged, allaid, eaſed.*

Accoiſement. *A quieting, pacifying, appeaſing, qualifying, eaſing, aſſwaging, abatement of paine or paſſion.*

Accoiſer. *To quiet, pacifie, appeaſe, calme, aſſwage, eaſe, mitigate, qualifie, abate, allay.*

Accolite : m. *a novice, or young proficient; alſo the boy that miniſters to the Prieſt at Maſſe-time.*

Accollade : f. *a colling, clipping, imbracing about the necke; Hence, the dubbing of a Knight, or the ceremony uſed therein.*

Accollé. *Colled, clipped, imbraced about the necke; in blazon, collared.*

Accollée : f. *as* Accollade.

Accoller. *To embrace, coll, or clip about the neck.*

† Accolleer. *To make meet, or fit for the neck;*

Alſo,

alſo, to ſtrike in the necke, as men kill Conies.

Accommodable. Fittable, aptable, appliable.

Accommodation. a fitting, apting, applying, accomodating, furniſhing.

Accommodé. Fitted, apted, applyed; furniſhed, accommodated; alſo, helped, aſſiſted; alſo, courſed, or cudgelled.

Accommoder. To accommodate, fit, apt, apply, frame unto, or for; to furniſh; alſo, to aſſiſt, help, ſuccour; alſo, to courſe, beat, cudgell, uſe a knave in his kind.

Accommoder une femme. To uſe a woman.

s' accommoder au temps. To ſerve the time; to follow the ſwinge, courſe, or faſhion, of the preſent world; to do as others do.

Accompagnable: com. Companable, ſociable, eaſie to be conuerſed with.

Accompagné: m. ée: f. accompanied, aſſociated, conſorted, kept with; having the company, or fellowſhip of.

Mieux vaut eſtre ſeul que mal accompagné. Pro. It is better to be alone than with idle, or ill ſorted, company.

Accompagnement. a companying, or accompanying; a fellowſhip, ſociety, aſſociation.

Accompagner. To accompany, aſſociate, conſort, keep, or hold, fellowſhip with; alſo, to follow (in curteſie.)

Accomparageant. Comparing, matching with, reſembling unto.

Accomparager. To compare, match, equall, conſer one thing with another.

Accomparer. as Accomparager.

Accompli: m. ie: f. Accompliſhed, atchieved, finiſhed, performed, fulfilled; alſo, furniſhed, ſupplyed, indued with.

Cent ans accomplis, Full a hundred years.

Accomplir. To accompliſh, finiſh, fulfill, performe, atchieve; ſupply, or furniſh, what lacketh.

Accompliſſement. a fulfilling, accompliſhment, atchievement, full performance of; alſo, a ſupply, or furniſhing.

Accompliſſeur. a fulfiller, atchiever, performer, accompliſher, finiſher, ſupplier, full furniſher.

Accondicionné: m. ée: f. Given, or granted, upon condition.

Accondicionner: To give, or grant, upon condition.

Acconduire. To lead, or bring to; to conduct, or guide unto.

Acconſuyure. To overtake, or attaine unto; to reach, in journying, or going.

Ie ne ſcauroy acconſuyure par paroles le grand plaiſir. I cannot expreſſe or comprehend, in any words, the great, &c.

† Accopper. as Achoper.

Accoquiné. Made tame, inward, familiar; alſo, growne as lazy, ſloathfull, idle, as a beggar.

Accoquiner. To make tame, inward, familiar; to reclaime a wild thing.

s' Accoquiner. To waxe as lazie, become as idle, grow as ſloathfull, as a beggar.

Accord: m. Accord, agreement, concordance, conſent; alſo a contract, compoſition, bargaine agreed on; alſo, the deed whereby that contract &c. is made, or paſſed; alſo, an accord, or concord in Muſicke.

Accordable. Compoundable, accordable, agreeable; fit, or eaſie, to be agreed.

Accordailles: f. The betrothing, or making ſure of a man and woman together.

Accordance: f. an accord, or agreement; a concord, or concordance in muſicke.

Accordant. agreeable, accordant, concordant; well fitting unto; compounding, or conſenting, with.

Accordé. un ac: a man betrothed to a woman.

Accordé. accorded, agreed, concurred with; conſented, granted, yeelded unto; chaffered, bargained, compounded for; attoned, compounded, reconciled together.

Figure accordée. Looke Figure.

Accordée. Une accordée. a woman that's handfaſt with, or betroathed unto, a man.

Accordement: m. an according, concurring, or agreeing with; a yeelding, or granting unto; alſo, a bargaining, or compounding for; alſo, a reconciliation, or compoſition, of differences; an agreeing upon.

Accorder. To accord, concur, conſent, agree, with; to yeeld, or grant unto; alſo, to attone, compound, reconcile differences, or parties in differences; alſo, to bargaine, chaffer, compound for; alſo to agree upon.

Accorder une fille. To handfaſt, affiance, betroth himſelfe unto a maiden.

Deux chiens ne s' accordent point à un os. Pro. We ſay, Two cats and a mouſe, two wives in one houſe, two dogs and a bone, never agree in one.

Accorné: m. ée: f. Horned, having, or wearing horns: (In Blazon) attired.

Accort: m. te: f. Diſcreet, heady, wary, adviſed, circumſpect, foreſeeing, aware; of a good ſpirit, quicke wit, notable reach, that hath an excellent forecaſt; alſo, wily, ſubtil, cunning.

Accortement. Warily, diſcreetly, heedfully, circumſpectly, adviſedly; wittily, ſubtilly, cunningly.

Accorteſie: f. Circumſpection, warineſſe, heedfulneſſe, diſcretion, adviſedneſſe, a great reach, or forecaſt, ſubtilty of ſpirit, quickneſſe of wit.

Accortiſe: f. as Accorteſie.

Accoſtable: com. accoaſtable; fit, or eaſie, to be accoaſted.

Accoſté: m. ée: f. accoaſted, approached, or drawn neere unto; growne familiar with; alſo, affronted, braved, urged.

Accoſter. To accoaſt, or joyne ſide to ſide; to approach, or draw neere unto; alſo, to waxe acquainted, or grow familiar, with; alſo, to affront, urge, brave (to his face.)

† Accoté: m. ée: f. Underſet, underpropped; whoſe ſides are held up; ſupported, ſuſtained, ſtaied from ſhaking, or ſlipping; alſo, reared, or leaned, againſt.

† Accotement: m. an underſetting, underpropping; ſupporting, ſuſtaining, ſtaying up; alſo, a prop, ſhore, ſupporter.

† Accotepot: m. a prop, or ſtay for a (ſeething) pot; properly, a thicke peece of Iron, (made ſomewhat like a halfe moon) wherewith the one ſide of the pot is ſupported.

† Accoter. To underſet, underprop, or hold up the ſides of; to ſuſtaine, ſupport, ſhore, buttreſſe, beare up; to ſtay from ſhaking, or ſlipping.

s' Accoter contre. To reare himſelfe, or leane, againſt.

Accouché: m. ée: f. Laid downe, got into bed.

Accouchée. a woman that lies in childbed.

Accouchement: m. A lying downe in bed; alſo, a womans being brought to bed; or being in childbed.

Accoucher. To lie downe in, to get himſelfe, to bed; alſo, to be brought to bed, as a woman of a child.

Accoudement: m. A leaning on the elbow.

s' Accouder. To leane, reſt, or ſtay on his elbow.

Accoudoir: m. A forme, bench, rayle, &c. whereon one leanes with his elbow; a reſt, a ſtay, a leaning ſtocke.

Une chaire à accoudoirs. A chaire with elbowes.

Accoulpé: m. ée: f. Blamed for, charged with, accuſed of, a crime.

Accoulpable: com. Toakcable, coupleable, fit to be coupled with.

Accouplage: m. A coupling, or conjunction; a yoaking, or uniting together, or unto.

Accouplé. Coupled, yoaked, joyned together, or unto.

Accouplement. as Accouplage.

Accouplet. To joyne, unite, couple, yoake together, or unto.

Accouragé: m. ée: f. Incouraged, heartned, imboldned, that hath mettle put into him.

Accourager. To hearten, encourage, imbolden.

Accourber; & Accourbir. To bow, crooke, or bend inwards, or towards.

Accourci: m. ie: f. Shortened, abridged, curtalled, contracted, clipped, or cut ſhort.

Accourcir. To ſhorten, abridge, curtall, clip, or cut ſhort.

Accourciſſement. An abridging, ſhortning, curtalling, contracting; a clipping, or cutting ſhort.

Accourement: m. A concourſe, comming, or running of many men together to one place; an aſſembly, or haſty gathering of people from many places unto one.

Accourir. To run, haſte, or hie together in flocks, or troups, unto a place.

Accours. as Accourement; alſo, a chaſe.

Accouſiné. Taken as, acknowledged for, a kinſman.

Accouſiner. To make, acknowledge, or take, for his couſin.

Accouſtement: m. A hearkening, or liſtening to; a drawing near with his eares, or unto the eare of.

Accoulter. To hearken, liſten, give eare to, draw near unto the eare of, or, with his eares.

Accouſteur: m. A hearkener; one that liſtens, or gives care, unto another.

Accouſtré: m: ée: f. Dreſſed, attired, arraied, apparelled, trim'd, decked.

Accouſtré à la Tigreſque, Cruelly handled, horribly bethwacked, or beſcratched.

Il m' a mal accouſtré. He hath uſed me very hardly, he hath dealt moſt badly with me; or, he hath brought me to much misfortune, a poore eſtate, an ill paſſe.

Accouſtrement: m. A dreſſing, attiring, apparelling, decking, trimming; alſo, a garment, raiment, habilment, ſuit of apparell, ſuit of cloaths.

Accouſtrer. To cloath, dreſſe, apparell, attire, array, decke, trimme.

O comme il accouſtre les gens. Oh how vilely he diſgraces, how badly he reports of, how

how filthily he handles, how shamefully bee deales with, all men.

Il s'accoustre bien. *Hee dresses himselfe soundly, he lines his pocket throughly with liquor; The like is;*

Il s'accoustre pour aller au guet. *He takes his liquor kindly, stately, fully; (from the custome of those that are to watch.)*

Le Roy s'accoustra de telle cruauté, & furie. *The King put on such cruelty, entered into that fume.*

Accoustumance: f. *Custome, vsage, wont; also, an accustoming.*

Accoustumé: m. ée: f. *Accustomed, vsed, wonted, enured vnto, also vsuall, or much vsed: and hence;*

Chose accoustumée n'est pas trop prisée; Pro. *We seldome prize what's ordinary.*

Accoustumer. *To accustome, vse; enure vnto, practise in.*

Accoutré, Accoutrement, & Accoutrer: *as* Accoustré, Accoustrement, & Accoustrer.

Accoutumance, Accoutumé, & Accoutumer: *as* Accoustumance, Accoustumé, & Accoustumer.

Accouvé: m. ée. f. *Brooded; set close on, crowded over; also, covered, hidden, over-shadowed.*

Accouver. *as* Accouveter.

Accouveter. *To brood, sit close, or crowding, as a Henne over her egges, or Chickens; (and hence) also, to ouershadow, cover, hide.*

Accravanté. *as* Accrevanté.

Accravanter. *as* Accrevanter.

Accrazer. *To break, burst, crase, bruise, crush.*

Accrestés: m. ée. f. *Crested, copped; having a great creast, or combe, as a Cocke; also cockit, proud, saucie, stately, lustie, creast-risen.*

Accrester. *To wax cockit, grow proud, become saucie, lively, stately, to strout it, or stand upon high tearms.*

Accreu: m. uë: f. *Growne, increased, enlarged, augmented, amplified; also, multiplied.*

Accrevanté. *Violently burst, furiously broken.*

Accrevanter. *To burst, or break violently.*

Accrevanter les villes. *To raze, ouerthrow, destroy, whole townes.*

Accruë: f. *A growth, increase, eeking, augmentation.*

Accrever. *To burst, or thrust out the guts of.*

Accroché: m. ée. f. *Hooked; clasped, grapled, fastened vnto; also, grasped; also, stayed, or delaied, as a suit; whence;*

Le procés est accroché. *Hangs by the wall.*

Accrochement. m. *A booking, clasping, grapling; a fastning to, or hanging on, a booke, a grasping, reaching, or catching at, a drawing to, by a hook; also, a staying, delaying, or foreslowing, of a Suit.*

Accrocher un procés. *To stay a suit from further proceeding; to delay or leave off, for a time, the prosecution of it.*

Accroire. *To entrust, to commit vnto the keeping of in trust; also, to lend (as money) upon trust.*

S'en faire accroire. *To thinke well, or bee well conceited, of himselfe; to take too much, or very much, upon him; hence, to presume on, or make himselfe sure of, a matter; to over-rule it, dispose of it, prevaile in it, make it go on his side, or bee for his purpose; to commaund absolutely, or (as we say) to rule the roast, also, to spread fame in reputation; increase mightily in credit; get or grow into great authority, by a thing.*

Accroissance: f. *Increase, augmentation, growth, eeking.*

Accroissement: m. *An increasing, augmenting, amplifying; a making, or growing, bigger and bigger; also, a multiplying.*

Accroist. *as* Accroissance.

Accroistre. *To increase, augment, amplifie, enlarge, make bigger and bigger; also, to multiply, or wax many.*

Tel cuide vanger la honte qui l'accroist; Pro. *Some, thinking to redeem their shame, redouble it.*

Accroitre. *as* Accroistre.

s'Accrosser. *To grasse, clasp, grapple, or buckle together.*

Accroué: m. ée. f. *Drooping, as a bird that sits with her feathers loose, or flaring, about her.*

Accroupi: m. ie. f. *Crouched, couped, stooped, or sat stooping; bent, or bowed forward; squat upon the taile.*

s'accroupir. *To stoop, crouch, coop, bend, leane, or bow, forward; sit, bending forward, upon the taile, or knees.*

Accruës: f. *as* Accreuës.

Accubes: f. *Coubes, lodgings; resting places; Cabins to lie, or to rest, in.*

Accueilli: m. ie. f. *Entertained, received, welcommed; also, arrived, or gathered together in a place; also, taken, overtaken, or stricken, as with thunder.*

Accueillir. *To intertaine, receive, or welcome (kindly;) also, to reach, overtake; or strike; also, to come, gather, flocke together, or (as worms, &c.) breed, in a place.*

Accueillir sa voye vers. *To travell, journey, wend, or go, towards.*

Accueuré. *Sick, or ill, at the heart.*

Acculm. *A stop, or stay; any action, or thing, that plunges, or hinders from proceeding; a sitting, or sitting on the taile; also, the bottome, end, or furthest part of a foxes, or badgers earth, where sitting on his taile, hee defends himselfe against the Terriers.*

Aculé: m. ée. f. *Overthrown, or set on his taile, brought unto a strait, or into tearmes of unavoidable danger; also, stopped, or stayed, from further proceeding.*

Aculé en son opinion. *Setled, or obstinat, in his opinion; not to be moved, not to be drawn, from it.*

Ils l'ont aculé de toutes parts. *They have beset him round, they lay hard unto him on all sides; (from the wild Bore, who brought unto a bay sets him on his Gammons, and turning thereon, is forced to defend himselfe against bob dogs, and men, on every side assailing him.)*

Aculer. *To throw downe, or set on his taile, also, to beset round, lay hard unto, bring into a strait, or unto tearms of unavoidable danger; (in arguing) to put to his plunges, or drive unto a nonplus; also, to stop, or stay from further proceeding.*

Aculer un soulier. *To tread, or weare, a shoe downe at the heeles.*

Acullé. *as* Aculé.

Accumulateur: m. *An accumulator; a heaper, or piler; a hoarder, or gatherer; a saving, or thriving, fellow.*

Accumulation: f. *An accumulation, or accumulating; a heaping, or piling up; a hoarding, or gathering unto heaps.*

Accumulé: m. ée. f. *Accumulated; heaped or piled up; hoarded, or gathered into heaps.*

Accumuler. *To accumulat, heap, or pile up; to hoard, or gather into heaps; to increase mightily; to lay on load.*

Acculant: m. *An accusant, or accuser.*

Accusant. (partic.) *Accusant, accusing.*

Accusateur: m. *An accuser, plaintife, informer, fault-finder.*

Accusatif: m. *The accusative Case.*

Accusation: f. *An accusation, a complaint made, an information brought, against; an imputation laid on.*

Accusatrice: f. *An accusatrix, or accuserisse.*

Accusé: m. ée. f. *Accused, appeached, complained of, informed against, charged with a crime; also, disclosed, or bewrayed.*

Accusement: m. *An accusing, a complaining of, or informing against; a finding fault withall; also, a disclosing, or bewraying.*

Accuser. *To accuse, or appeach; to complaine of, inform against, charge with a crime; cast an aspersion, lay an imputation on; also, to bewray, disclose, or discover, a secret.*

Tel s'excuse qui s'accuse; Pro. *Lyke Excuser.*

Accuvé: m. ée. f. *Put into a fat; set stand, or let work, in a fat.*

Accuver. *To put into a fat; to let stand, or let worke, in a fat.*

Acence; or, Acense: m. *A farme or lease.*

Acensé: m. ée. f. *Leased, or let out to farme.*

Acensement: m. *A farming, a letting, or taking, to farm.*

Acenser. *To let, or take, to farme.*

Acenseur: m. *A Farmer, a letter out, or taker, to farm.*

Acensivé: m. ée. f. *Let out for (an yearely) Cens.*

Acensivement: m. *A letting out for Cens; the creating of a Censive, or of a Tenure by Cens.*

Acensiver. *To give, or let out, for (an yearly) Cens; To create a Censive, or a Tenure by Cens.*

Acerbité: f. *Acerbitie, sharpnesse, sournesse.*

Aceré: m. ée. f. *Steeled; forged or made of, tempered, or strengthned with, Steele.*

Acerer. *To steel, to forge or make of, temper or strengthen with, Steel.*

Acerement. *as* Acerenement.

Acerrené. *Certified, ascertained, assured.*

Acerrenement. *A certifying, ascertaining.*

Acerrener. *To certifie, ascertain, assure, affirme boldly, informe confidently.*

Acertes. (Adverb.) *Of a certaine, in very deed, in good earnest; also, heartily, affectionately, without fayning.*

Acetabule. *as* Cotyledon; *Also an ancient measure containing about six spoonfuls of liquid things, and two ounces and a halfe of drie; or (according to our weight) an ounce, three quarters, two Carats, twelve grains and a halfe.*

Acetuse: f. *The beard Sorrell.*

Aceteux: m. euse. f. *Sharp, sourish; of the substance, or having the tast, of Vinegre.*

Acetosité. *Sharpnesse, sournesse; the substance, or tast, of Vinegre.*

Ach. *an interjection of sorrow, as, Oh; and*

of ſorrowfull exclamation, as, Ah; uſed alſo in Imprecations, as Ha.

Achalandé: m. ée: f. *Cuſtomed-frequented by chapmen or cuſtomers.*

Achalander. *To allure chapmen, get Cuſtomers, draw cuſtome.*

Achancré: m. ie: f. *Cankered, made, or growne, cankered.*

Achantique. Maſtic achantique: *A ſweet taſting Maſticke, or Gum, bred on the top of the Caltbrop, or Star-thiſtle.*

Achapt: m. *as* Achet. *A purchaſe, &c.*

Achapx paſſe louage. *Seeke* Louage.

Achapter, & Achapteur; *as* Acheter, and Acheteur.

Achairné: m. ée: f. *Fleſhed with, or upon, alſo, fed, or baited with, affected unto, fleſh; alſo, felly minded, cruelly bent againſt, proſecuting extreamly, bloudily perſecuting, purſuing unto death without remorſe, or mercy.*

Acharnement: m. *A fleſhing, a feeding, or baiting with fleſh, a laying of fleſh upon; alſo, an entring in, or provocation unto, cruelty.*

Acharner. *To fleſh on; to lay fleſh upon; to feed, or bait, with fleſh; to cruel, or traine up, in bloud; alſo, to provoke, or egge unto all cruell and bloudy courſes againſt.*

Acharner vn Leurre. *To tie fleſh unto a Lure.*

S'acharner ſur. *To be filly minded, or cruelly bent againſt; to proſecute extremely, purſue moſt hatefully, perſecute without remorſe, or mercy.*

Achaſſer. *To drive, or chaſe, towards.*

Achat: m. *as* Achet.

Achate. *The precious ſtone Achates; (makes the wearer gracious, and keeps him from idleneſſe.)*

Ache: m. *The letter H; alſo, the herbe Smallage.*

Ache femelle. *Female Smallage.*

Ache des Jardins. *Paſſeley.*

Ache latge. *Great Paſſeley, Alexanders.*

Ache de marais. *Marſh, or mariſh, Paſſeley, water-Paſſeley, Smallage.*

Ache de riſée. *Is either the Crowfoot of Illiria, or the Crowfoot of the fallow field.*

Ache ruſtique. *Smallage, marſh, or mariſh, Paſſeley.*

Ache de Sardaigne. *The ſame.*

Ache ſauvage. *Wild Paſſeley.*

Grand ache. *The herbe Alexanders.*

Achées: m. *Grubs, ground-worms,*

Achelois: m. iſe: f. *Of, or belonging to the famous Grecian river Achelous; alſo, watery, and hence;*

Bruvage Achelois. *Water; or watrie drinke.*

† Achemé: m. ée: f. *Decked, attired, adorned, dreſſed, with.*

† Achemer. *as* Achemmer.

† Achemereſſe. *as* Achemmereſſe.

† Achemes: m. *as* Achées. *Alſo, attires, deckings, ornaments for women.*

Acheminé: m. ée: f. *Put, or ſet, in the way; addreſſed unto, directed in, a courſe; begun, entred into.*

Acheminement: m. *A ſetting, or directing in the way; an entring; a ſhewing of the way unto; alſo, an addreſſe, introduction, entrie, ingreſſion; way, paſſage, means unto a thing.*

Acheminer. *To addreſſe unto, put into, ſet, or direct in the way, to enter, to ſhew the way unto; alſo, to commence, begin, ſet forward, breake the yce, give an entry, make an overture, into.*

Il perſuadoit, & acheminoit tant qu'il pouvoit, à. *He perſwaded, and laboured all he could, to.*

S'acheminir. *To wend, goe, take his way, begin his journey, ſet forward.*

Achemmer. *To decke, trim, adorne; dreſſe, array, attire.*

Achemmereſſe: f. *A woman that makes profeſſion of dreſſing, or decking of Brides; hence alſo, any waiting-woman, or chamber-maid, that hath that office about her Lady, or miſtreſſe.*

Achenal: m. *A channell.*

Achepter. *as* Acheter.

Acher. *To ſet the teeth on edge.*

Acheramin: m. *A kind of Smallage, or Crowfoot reſembling Smallage.*

Acheron. *The name of one of the rivers faigned to be in Hell.*

Acheronté: m. ée: f. *Plunged in Acheron, drowned in Hell; alſo, helliſh, or bred in Hell; and (thence) moſt cruell, fell, hideous.*

Acherontide. Ames Acherontides. *Damned ſoules.*

† Acheſmes. *as* Achemes; *Tires, or ornaments, for women.*

Achet: m. *A bargaine, or purchaſe; a thing bought, or purchaſed; alſo, buying, or purchaſing.*

Achété: m. ée: f. *Bought, purchaſed; gotten, or procured, for money.*

Acheter. *To buy, to purchaſe; to get, or procure, by bargaining, or for money.*

Acheter chat en poche. *To bargaine unadviſedly; to buy a pig in the poke; to buy one knowes not, or ſees not, what.*

Achete maiſon faitte; Prov. *Buy a houſe ready made, (for many have undone themſelves by building;) The like is;*

Il faut acheter maiſon faitte, & femme à faire; Pro. *Buy a houſe made, and a wife unmar'd.*

A trop acheter n'y a que revendre; Pro. *Wares overbought are ſeldome returned without loſſe; nor doe many things (on the getting whereof we have beſtowed much time or toile) gotten, quit the coſt we were at about them.*

Il faut acheter vigne deſerte; Pro. *Buy ground that lies untilled.*

Qui bon l'achete bon le boit; Pro. *He that will pay, or take paines, for good things, enjoyes good things.*

Trop achete le miel que ſur eſpines le leche; Pro. *He that licks honey of thornes payes too deare for it.*

Achetereſſe: f. *A woman that buyes, or purchaſes.*

Acheteur: m. *A buyer, a purchaſer.*

Achetiver; *as* Chetiver. *alſo, to inthrall, or captivat.*

Achevé: m. ée: f. *Atchieved, ended, effected, finiſhed, concluded, conſummated, compaſſed, accompliſhed.*

Son honneur eſt achevé de perdre; *His honour is wholly, his reputation fully, loſt.*

Achevement: m. *An atchievement, or atchievings; a perfecting, or bringing to perfection; a full ending, effecting, or finiſhing; a conſummating, or accompliſhment.*

Achever. *To atchieve; to end, finiſh, conclude (fully,) to diſpatch, effect, performe (throughly,) to perfect, conſummat, accompliſh, goe through-ſtitch, with.*

Cela ſervira pour d'achever de peindre; *There wants but that, to fill up the meaſure of his ill fortune; that being once done, he is undone.*

Achilles: m. *(The well knowne name of a moſt valiant Greeke; uſed ſometimes, by the French, to ſignifie) a defender, protector, ſupporter, propugnator, warrant, aſſurance, backler, fortification.*

† Achoiſe: f. *An occaſion, an opportunitie.*

† Achoiſon: f. *The ſame: alſo, election, or choiſe; alſo, an accuſation.*

La petite achoiſon le Loup prend le Mouton; Pro. *The wolfe takes any ſmall occaſion to ſeize on the ſheep.*

† Achoiſonner. *To accuſe, to picke a quarrell againſt.*

Achommer. *To reſt, or make Holyday; alſo, to ſtay, or attend.*

Achon. *A kind of long Axe.* ¶ Bourbonnois.

Achopé: m. ée: f. *Stumbled at, or on.*

Achopement; *A ſtumbling; offence given, or taken.*

Achoper. *To ſtumble at, or on.*

Acide: com. *Soure, eager, tart, ſharp.*

Acidité. *Eagerneſſe, ſharpneſſe, ſourneſſe, tartneſſe.*

Acier: m. *Steele.*

Acierer. *Seeke* Acerer.

Aclamper. *as* Acclamper.

† Acné. *A wilneſſe, and graceleſſe, fellow.*

Acoint, Acointer. *Seeke* Accoint.

Acollé. *as* Accollé.

Acolyte, *as* Accolite. *He that miniſters to the Prieſt while he ſacrifices or ſayes Maſſe.*

Acondure. *Seeke* Acconduire.

Aconit: m. Aconitum, *A moſt venemous herb, of two principall kinds, viz. Libbards-bane, and woolfe-bane.*

Aconſuyvre. *as* Acconſuyvre.

Acope: m. *A medicine compounded of heating, and mollifying Simples.*

Acoquiner. *as* Accoquiner.

Acore: m. Calamus aromaticus, *the ſweet Cane.*

Acorné: m. ée: f. *Horned; having hornes.*

Vache acornée; *(in Blazon) Armed.*

Acort. *as* Accort.

Acoſter. *Looke* Accoſter.

Acoter. *Seeke* Accoter.

Acoucher. *as* Accoucher.

Acouhardir. *To accowardiſe, effeminate, make faint-hearted.*

Acoup. *Quickly, ſhortly, ſpeedily, ſuddenly, in a trice, in a minute, in a moment.*

A coup venant. *The name of a faire ruddle Apple.*

Acouter. *as* Accouter; *or as* Eſcouter.

Acquerement: m. *A purchaſing, obtaining, getting, procuring; or, as* Acqueſt.

Acquereur: m. *A purchaſer, getter, gainer; one that increaſes his ſubſtance by buying; alſo, a challenger, or claimer of, one that pretends a title unto, land.*

Acquerir. *To acquire; to get, obtaine, procure a thing ſought for; to purchaſe, or gaine by purchaſing; alſo, to claime, challenge, or pretend title unto, land.*

Acqueſt: m. *A purchaſe, a thing procured, got, or bought; alſo, a getting, procuring purchaſing; alſo, profit, gaine, commoditie, get-*

tings,

tings, increaſe of ſubſtance.

Acqueſts. *Purchaſes made, or things bought, by the unmarried; or by, or for, only one. (Therein different from Conqueſts.)*

Nouveaux acqueſts. *Purchaſes of inheritances feodal, allodial, or cenſuel, &c. made by Churchmen, Corporations, Fraternities, &c. after they have procured letters of Mortmaine (for other things;) whereof the King informing himſelfe by Commiſſion or otherwiſe, they are ſummoned to void out of the lands, &c. ſo purchaſed, within a yeare; by the end whereof if they have not paid the fine, whatſoever, impoſed on them by his Officers, the lands are immediatly, and without recovery ſeized into his hands.*

Droict de nouvel acqueſt. *A priviledge of fining, at certain times, the ignoble Tenant that poſſeſſes, or purchaſes, a noble Tenement, or inheritance. Looke* Droict.

Il n'y a point d'acqueſt en luy. *He is but a dry fellow, there is nought to be got by dealing with him.*

En grand fardeau n'eſt pas l'acqueſt; prov. *The greateſt burdens are not the gainfulleſt; or, the goodneſſe of a thing reſts not in the greatneſſe of it.*

Acqueſté: m. ée: f. *Purchaſed, acquired; gotten, gained; procured, obtained.*

Acqueſter. *To purchaſe, get, gaine, acquire, procure, obtaine.*

Acqueſtereſſe: f. *A woman that purchaſeth.*

Acqueſteur: m. *A purchaſer, getter, gainer; a thriving fellow; one that increaſeth his ſubſtance by buying.*

Acqueſts. *Looke* Acqueſt.

Acquieſcement: m. *Quietneſſe; alſo, an agreement; a yeelding, or comming to agreement before judgment; alſo, an approving of, or a ſubmitting himſelfe unto, a judgment paſſed againſt him.*

Lettres d'acquieſcement. *A letter of Attorney, whereby a Client gives his Counſellor, Attorney, or Solicitor, authority to agree with his Adverſary.*

Acquieſcer. *To yeeld, or agree unto; come to an agreement, be at quiet, ſtrive, or ſtir, no more.*

Acquieſcer a la ſentence dont eſt appel. *To approve, or ſubmit himſelfe unto, a ſentence, though againſt him; to purſue no further appeale.*

Acquis: m. iſe: f. *Got, purchaſed, obtained, acquired, bought with money.*

Acquiſiteur: m. *A purchaſer.*

Acquiſition. *An acquiſition, a purchaſing, a purchaſe.*

Acquit: m. *A diſcharge, acquittance, Quietus eſt, a deliverie, diſpatch, yiddance, from a trouble, or charge.*

Droict d'acquit. *Looke* Droict.

Par forme d'acquit ſeulement. *Sleightly, careleſly, only for a faſhion; more of neceſſity, or for feare, then from the heart, or in any good will.*

Acquite: m. ée: f. *Acquitted, diſcharged, freed, cleared, rid of, delivered from; alſo, performed, acted, effected, diſpatched.*

Acquiter. *To quit, acquit, free, cleer, diſcharge, rid of, deliver from.*

Acquiter marchandiſe. *To cuſtome, or pay cuſtome for, merchandiſe.*

Acquiter une terre. *To quit, or quiets a peece of land; to rid it from ſuits, trouble, and controverſie, by recovering, or delivering it from ſuch as uſurped it; to cleere the title thereof.*

S'acquiter de ſon deuoir. *To doe his duty, to play an honeſt mans part.*

S'acquiter de ſa promeſſe, ou ſerment. *To performe his promiſe, to fulfill his oath.*

Qui s'acquite s'enrichit; Prov. *He that gets out of debt grows rich; or, He that keeps touch enriches himſelf.*

Acquoiſer. *as* Accoiſer. *To pacifie.*

Acravanter. *Looke* Accravanter.

Acre. *An aker of land.* ¶ Norm. *(It is moſt commonly larger than the Arpent.)*

Acre. Azur d'acre. *Look* Aſur.

Acre: com. *Eager, ſharp, tart, ſowre, unripe; alſo, earneſt, vehement.*

Acredité: m. ée: f. *put, or got, into credit.*

Acrediter. *To put, or get, into credit.*

Acreſté. *Creſted, copped; alſo, ſocket, luſtie, proud, ſtately, high-minded, creſt-riſen.*

Acreu, *as* Accreu.

Acrimonie. *Eagerneſſe, ſharpneſſe, tartneſſe, ſowreneſſe.*

Acroamatie: f. *Melody, harmony; a pleaſing diſcourſe; a plauſible action.*

Acroamatique. *Muſical, harmonious, delightſome, pleaſing, plauſible to the eare.*

Acroc: m. *A hooke, a claſpe, a ſtay; any thing to hang another thing on.*

† **Acromion.** *The ſhoulder pitch, or point, wherewith the hinder, and fore, parts of the neck are joyned together.*

† **Acrotaires.** *as* Acroteres.

† **Acroteres:** m. *Prominencies, hils, or Elbowes of high ground, lying out into the ſea, and ſeen afar off at ſea; alſo, the extreme parts of the body; alſo, Pillaſters, or Pedeſtals for Statues in the forefront of Buildings.*

Acroupi: m. ie: f. *Whoſe hinder parts are drawn up, or gathered together.*

s'Acroupir. *A Horſe to knit, or draw up, or gather together, his hinder parts; and withall, to beare himſelf upon them.*

Acroupiſſure: f. *A Horſes ſtrong knitting, drawing up, or gathering together of his hinder parts; any ſuch action, motion, or poſture of his.*

Acte: m. *An act, fact, exploit, or deed; alſo, an Act; an authenticall writing, or Inſtrument, entred, or ſet downe as a Record, or Preſident, in Court; a Teſtimoniall, or (ſhort) order of Court; alſo, an Act, or paſſe in a Comedy, or Tragedy; alſo, a quantity, or meaſure, of ground, containing 120 feet.*

Les derniers exploicts, & actes de poſſeſſion. *Are (in an Aſſiſe of* Novel diſſeiſin) *the Plaintifs averment, and proofe, that he had quiet poſſeſſion a whole yeare before the Diſſeiſin.*

Actif: m. iue: f. *Active, quick, ſtirring, buſie, diligent, laborious, ever doing, never idle.*

Debtes actiues. *Debts that be owing, or due, unto us.*

Vaſſelage actif. *The right of fealty, due by every vaſſall unto his Lord.*

Actifs. *An Order of Friers, that weare tawnie habits, and feed on naught but roots.*

Action: f. *An action, deed, exploit, enterpriſe; alſo, an action in Law; a plea, or right to plead.*

Action de graces. *Thankeſgiving.*

Actionné. *Indited, impleaded, ſued; alſo, acted, effected.*

Actionner. *To ſue, indict, implead; alſo, to work, act, effect.*

Activité. *Activity, quickneſſe, nimbleneſſe, readineſſe.*

Actourné: m. *An Attorney.* ¶ Norm.

Actournée: f. *A Warrant, or letter of Attorney.* ¶ Norm.

Actuel. *Ready, ſpeedy, preſent, diſpatching, effectuall.*

Cautere actuel. *An actuall Cauter. See* Cautere.

Actuellement. *Preſently, quickly, ſpeedily, out of hand, without delay, or attendance for.*

Acuité: f. *Acuity, ſharpneſſe, keenneſſe; piercing, ſubtilty.*

Acuré. Oiſeau acuré. *That hath had caſting given her.*

Acuelle. *The herbe Camocke, Reſt-harrow, Petty whin, Ground-furres.*

Adage: m. *An adage, proverbe, old ſaid-ſaw; witty ſaying.*

Adagial: m. ale: f. *Proverbiall, or full of adages.*

Adam. *Adam (the firſt man that ever was;) alſo, the Adam-peare (whereof excellent Perry is made).*

Baſton d'Adam. *The weapon wherewith Adam uſed to fight with Eve.*

Morceau d'Adam. *The head of the wind-pipe, or throat, compoſed of three little griſtles, or peeces of fleſh.*

Pomme d'Adam. *Adams apple; a certain yellow fruit that reſembles a ſmall Cowcumber; alſo, the Aſſyrian-apple, or Aſſyrian-Citron, (round, and twice as big, as a big Orange.)*

Adanté. *Lying on his face, groveling, leaning on his teeth. Look* Adenté.

Adaptation. *An adapting, fitting, or ſuiting of one thing to another.*

Adarce: f. *A ſalt foame that cleaves unto reeds, and other Marſh-herbs, in drought, and dry weather.*

† **Adayé.** *Provoked, urged, incenſed, egged, moved unto wrath.* ¶ Pic.

† **Adayement.** *An urging, incenſing, provoking, egging, moving unto wrath.* ¶ Pic.

† **Adayer.** *To provoke, incenſe, urge, egge, ſtir up, move unto wrath.* ¶ Pic.

† **Adayeur:** m. *A provoker, a quarreller, a contentious perſon.* ¶ Pic.

Adcenſe: f. *A Leaſe, or eſtate in farme.*

Adcenſement. *A leaſing, or letting out to farme.*

Adcenſivement. *A fee farme.*

Adenté. *Look* Adenté.

Additament: m. *An addition, increaſe, eeking, augmentation, advantage.*

Additaments mammillaires. *The part of the braine that lies toward the forehead, and next unto the noſe, as whence our ſmelling is derived; alſo, the two proceſſes of the Temple-bones.*

Addition. *An addition, appendix, increaſe, eeking, augmentation, advantage, acceſſe of more.*

Addition beccue. *The bone of the elbow (ſo termed by ſome Anatomiſts.)*

Additions mammillaires; *as* Additaments mammillaires.

Addomeſtiqué: m. ée: f. *Tamed, reclaimed, made gentle, inward, familiar, boneſt, acquainted with us.*

Addomeſtiquer. *To tame, reclaime, make gentle;*

gentle, inward, familiar, housall; to acquaint with us; to entertaine, or bring into our house.

Addonné: m. ée: f. Given, bent, affected, addicted, inclined, applied, devoted unto.

s'Addonner à. To give, bend, addict, affect, apply, devote, incline, render, yeeld himself unto.

Le lieu s'addonne ainsi; such is the nature, or quality of the place; for such purposes only it serves, or is fit.

Selon que les choses s'addonnent. As our affaires succeed, as those matters come to passe; or, as those affaires, those matters permit, or come to purpose.

Addorsé. Indorsed; or set backe to backe; a tearme of Blason.

Addossé, as Adossé.

Addouber. To dresse, patch, mend; to set fitly together; also, to arme at all points, or with all his pecces, for the fight.

Addoubeur: m. A dresser; patcher, mender.

Addoubeur de mauvaises causes. A crafty Lawyer; one that prolongs ill causes by shifts, cavils, and delayes.

Addouci: m. ie: f. Sweetned, asswaged, mitigated, qualified, appeased, pacified; softened; smoothed.

Addoucir. To sweeten; smooth; asswage, temper, qualifie; appease, pacifie, mitigate; soften, mollifie.

Addoucissement: m. A sweetning, smoothing; softning; asswaging, tempering, qualifying, appeasing; pacifying.

Addouez homme à hommel Fastened, clasped, grapled; or, coaped, bustled, scuffled, together.

Addoulci; Addoulcir, &c. as Addouci, Addoucir, &c.

s'Addreſſant. Directing, addressing; fashioning himself unto; medling with.

Addresse. as Adresse.

Addresser. Seeke Adresser.

† Adduire. To bring forth; or, to bring unto.

Adebtz. A kind of Seigniorall duty, within the jurisdiction of S. Omers.

Adelantade: m. A Lord Deputy, President, or Lieutenant for a Prince in a Countrey; (we commonly take it for, an Admirall.)

† Adenerè. Prized, valued, set to sale for money; or for which money is made.

† Adenerer. To prize, value, rate; to make money of, to set to sale for money.

Adenes. Little kernels in the mouth, or throat, and diseasing either of them.

Adenet. (The diminutive of Adam) little Adam.

Adent: m. A mortaise, notch, or indented hole in wood.

Adenté: m. ée: f. Mortaised; fastened, or joyned by Mortaise.

Adenté tout plat à bas. Fallen down flat on his face; layd groveling, lying on his teeth.

Adenter. To mortaise, to fasten or joyne by Mortaise; to enchace one thing within another.

Adenter vne eschelle à vn mur. To fasten; or settle a ladder unto a wall, by the yron hooks which are at the top of it.

† Ades. Presently, out of hand, by and by, incontinently, immediatly.

Adeser. To touch, or handle slightly. ¶ Picard.

Adestre: com. Quick, ready, nimble, active, agile; also, comely, gracefull, handsome in; able, fit, apt, for any thing he undertakes.

Adestrer. To make fit, able, apt for; quicke, ready, nimble in; to instruct, teach, train, or frame unto; also, to fit, adapt, accommodate; also, to accompany, or follow the humor of.

Adevancer. To prevent, fore-stall, over-run; to goe, or get before one.

† Adeuillé. as Adeullé.

† Adeullé: m. ée: f. Heavy, dolefull, sad, wofull, mournfull; in mournfull weeds, in mourning array.

s'Adeuloir. To be sad, heavy, dolefull; to mone, to mourne.

Adex. as Adeptz.

Adextre. as Adestre.

Adextrer. as Adestrer.

Adfiliation. An adopting, an adoption.

Adfilié. Adopted.

Adfirmation. as Affirmation.

Adglutinatif: m. iue: f. Glewy; clammy, cleaving, or sticking unto every thing; also, glewing.

Adglutinement. A glewing; a joyning, closing, or fastening unto, or together, as with glew.

Adglutiner. To glew; to joyne, close, or fasten unto, or together, with glew.

Adgression. Look Aggression.

Adherant: m. Ante: f. Adhering, cleaving, or sticking fast unto; also, partaking, siding, taking part with.

† Adherdre. Seek Aherdre.

Adherer. To adhere; cleave, or sticke fast unto; also, to side, or take part with.

Adheritance. A possession; a Livery and seisin.

Adheritè. Inseisined, put into possession of.

Adheritement: m. A giving possession, a making of Livery and seisin unto.

Adheriter. To advest, to put into possession, to give possession unto, to make Livery and seisin of an inheritance.

Adhesion: f. An adhering, cleaving, sticking fast unto.

Adhorer. To come at a good houre, or in due season.

Adjancé: m. ée: f. Fitted, apted, adapted, adjusted; ordered; trimmed, decked: featly placed, handsomely joyned, suitably matched together.

Adjancement: m. A fitting, apting, adapting, adjusting, accommodating; a comely trimming, dressing, or decking; a just placing, handsome joyning, suitable matching of things together; also, handsomenesse, aptnesse, agreeablencsse.

Adjancer. To fit, apt, adapt, adjust; accommodate; proportion, order, deck, trim; set fitly, ranke featly, joyne finely, match duly, put handsomely together.

Adiante: m. Venus haire, maidens haire, our Ladies haire (an herbe.)

Adjection: f. An adjection; an addition, or casting, unto.

Adience. as Adiante.

Adjoinct: m. An Adjunct; an Assistant, Associate, fellow, companion in a charge, commission, function, or office; also, a joynt-heire; and a joynt-tenant; also, one that joynes with another in a suit, or action.

Adjoinct: m. ête: f. Adjoyned; knit, coupled, set, added (also) near, unto; near hand touching.

Adjoindre. To adjoyne; set, adde, put, apply, or knit unto; to couple, unite, associate, match together.

Adjoint. as Adjoinct.

Adjonction: f. An adjunction, addition, or joyning unto; also, a partaking with an accuser, or plaintife; also, an association in office, or charge.

† Adjour: m. A Commission of Summons, or Adjournment; also, the report, or the returne thereof, made by the Sergeant, or Summoner.

Adjourné: m. ée: f. Adjourned, cited, summoned, warned to appeare at a certain day.

Adjournement: m. A citing, summoning, warning to appeare at a day; also, the Summons, or Processe, whereby a party is so warned; also, a growing towards day.

Adjournement Libellé. Seeke Libellé.

Adjournement personnel. A personall arrest, or seisure of the body.

Adjourner. To cite, summon, warne to appeare; to serve a Processe of appearance on; also, to make day; or turne into day; or, as;

s'Adjourner. To wax day, or grow towards day.

Adjourneur: m. A citer, or Summoner; one that warns, or serves a processe on, another to appeare.

Adjoustè: m. ée: f. Added, put, or set unto; also, increased, augmented, inlarged.

Adjoustement: m. An adding, putting, or setting unto; also, an increasing, augmenting, eeking.

Adjouster. To adde, adjoyne, set, or put unto; also, to increase, augment. Seeke; also, as Adjuster; and hence;

Adjouster vne horologe. To wind up a clock.

† Adipeux: m. euse: f. Fatty, full of fat; also, breeding fatnesse.

Veines adipeuses. Look Veine.

Adire: m. A difference.

Adiré: m. ée: f. Wanting, wandered, missing, astray, out of the way; also, left, abandoned, bid farwell unto.

Adirer. To wander, goe astray, be missing, or out of the way; also, to leave, abandon, forsake, bid farewell unto.

Adismé: m. ée: f. Tythed, on which a tythe is set, for which tythe is payed.

Adismer. To tythe; to set a tythe on, exact a tythe from.

Adjudicataire: m. He to whom a thing is adjudged, or delivered by judgement.

Adjudication: f. An adjudication; an adjudging, or giving, or delivery unto, by judgment.

Adjugé: m. ée: f. Adjudged; given, or appointed unto, by judgment.

Adjuger. To adjudge; to give, passe, or appoint unto, by judgment.

Adjurateur: m. An adjuror, or earnest sweaver; also, one that exacts an oath.

Adjuration: f. An adjuration, or conjuration; an earnest swearing unto; also, th' exaction of an oath from others.

Adjuré: m: ée: f. Adjured; conjured; sworne; or deposed unto; from whom an oath is exacted.

Adjurer. *To adjure, or conjure; to sweare earnestly unto; also, to exact an oath of, to put unto his oath.*

Adjusté: m. ée. f. *Adjusted, justly placed, evenly couched, fitly or aptly set, orderly disposed.*

Adjustement: m. *An adjusting, just placing, apt setting, even couching, fit joyning, handsome ordering, orderly disposing of severall things.*

Adjuster. *To adjust, place justly, set aptly, couch evenly, joyne handsomely, match fitly, dispose orderly, severall things together.*

Adjutoire. *The upper bone of the arme toward the shoulder; so called by some Anatomists.*

Admener. *To lead, or bring unto.*

Admeneur. *Look* Ameneur.

Admettre. *To admit, receive, entertaine, bring or let in; permit, suffer; approve, allow of.*

Admignoter. *as* Amignoter.

Adminicule: m. *An aid, help; support, prop.*

Administrateur. *An administrator, governour, manager of affaires for another.*

Administration: f. *An administration; government, or charge; a guiding, or disposing of businesse for another.*

Administratoire: com. *Administratorie, administring, or ministring unto.*

Administrer. *To minister, or administer; to guide, rule, governe, manage, handle, dispose of, a charge, or businesse.*

Admirable: com. *wonderfull, admirable, marvellous, miraculous, above custome, or expectation.*

Admirablement. *Admirably, wonderfully, beyond expectation, or wont, marvellously, miraculously, excellently well.*

Admiral: m. *An Admirall, a Princes Lieutenant on the Sea.*

Admirale: f. *An Admirallesse (the late Admirall* Chastillons *wife is called so in a History of some account among the French.)*

Admiratif: m. *Th' admirative point, or point of admiration (and of detestation) marked or made, thus* !

Admiration. *Admiration, wonder, marvelling.*

Admirauté: f. *An Admiralty, the office of an Admirall; also, th' Admirall Court.*

Admiré: m. ée. f. *Admired, wondered at.*

Admirer. *To wonder, admire, marvell at.*

Admis: m. ise. f. *Admitted, entertained, received, brought or let in; suffered, permitted, approved, allowed of.*

Admissible. *Admittable, admissible, fit to be admitted, received, allowed of.*

† Admodiateur. *A Lessor, hee that letteth out land to halves, by great, or for part of the crop, increase, or profit thereof; also, (and more properly) a Lessee, or Farmer, one that takes lands on those conditions.*

† Admodiation. *A leassing, letting out to the halves, or for part of the crop, increase, or profit.*

† Admodier. *To leasse, farme, or let out land by great, unto halves, or for part of the crop, increase, or profit thereof.*

Admonesté: m. ée. f. *Admonished, warned, advised, advertised.*

Admonestement. *A warning, admonishment, advertisement, advisement, a shewing, a putting in minde of.*

Admonester. *To admonish, warne, advertise; exhort, advise; to shew, to put in minde of.*

Admonesteur. *An admonisher, warner, adviser, exhorter, advertiser.*

Admonition. *An admonition, exhortation; as* Admonestement.

Admorti. *Look* Amorti.

Admortir. *To dead, stint, quaile, abolish, extinguish, make cease, make disappeare; to mortaise, or joyne by mortaise.*

Admortir la foy, &c. une rente; *Looke* Amortir.

s'Admortir. *A weak, aged, or sickly person, or (by the custome of* Chalons*) a Villaine, to give himselfe, and all his goods unto another, on condition that hee shall maintain him, & discharge his debts.*

Admortissable. *as* Amortissable.

Admortissement. *A mortaising; a disappearing, or loosing it selfe within another; as in the parts of pillars that are joyned to other pieces; or in pillars made so, as many seem to be joyned in one; also, Mortmaine; and a licence to hold in Mortmaine.*

Admortissement de foy, & homage. *An exchanging of them for other services; an extinguishment of them.*

Admortissement d'heritage. *A passing, or giving of land in Mortmaine.*

Admortissement real. *A certaine privilege, whereby the bishop of* Theroanne *hath all kinds of jurisdiction under the King.*

Admortissement de rente. *A redeeming, or buying out an extinguishment, of rent.*

Adnection. *A knitting, fastning, joyning, annexing to.*

Adnuicter. *Seek* Annuicter.

Adobber. *as* Addouber.

Adolescence: f. *Youth, or young age.*

Adolescent: m. *A youth, or young man.*

s'Adolorer. *To grieve, sorrow, take griefe, be aggrieved, pensive, or full of heavinesse.*

Adombré: m. ée. f. *Shadowed, overcast, covered.*

Adombrement: m. *A shadowing, overcasting, covering; and among Painters, a shadowing; or bare pourtraying of a thing.*

Adomber. *To adumbrate, shadow, overcast, cast a mist, or fog over; to pourtray, or draw a resemblance grossely, as Painters do in their first lines.*

Adomestiqué: m. ée. f. *Tamed, reclaimed, made gentle, inward, familiar, housall, acquainted with; also, entertained brought into, made as one of the house.*

Adomestiquer. *To tame, reclaime, make gentle, inward, familiar, housall; to acquaint with; to entertaine, bring into, use as one of the house.*

Adonc. *Then, or that time.*

Adonin. face Adonine. *a faire sweet face, such a one as* Adonis *had.*

Adoniser. *To adonize it, to resemble* Adonis, *to imitate, or counterfeit the graces, or beauty of* Adonis.

Adopté. *Adopted, appointed, or chosen to be another mans childe.*

Adopter. *To adopt; to take or chuse for his child one that in nature is not so.*

Adoptif. m. ive. f. *Adoptive; fit to bee adopted; chosen by adoption.*

Adoption. *Adoption.*

Adorable: com. *Adorable, worthy, or fit to be adored.*

Adorateur. *A worshipper, an adorer; one that prayeth to, or beareth himselfe towards, another with all reverence.*

Adoration: f. *Adoration, worship, reverence in the highest degree; a giving of all honour unto.*

Adorer. *To adore, worship; reverence, or honour in the highest degree.*

Adossé: m. ée. f. *Leaning, or set against; also, set back to back; also, backed; strengthned on the back part.*

Adossement. *A backing; a leaning against with the back, a setting back to back, a strengthning backward.*

Adosser. *To backe, to set backe to backe; to strengthen on the back side.*

s'Adosser contre. *To set his back against, to leane against with his back.*

† Ador: m. *A blow, bumpe, or thumpe; also, much adoe, trouble, or businesse; also, a kinde of fish.*

Il luy donna des adors: *He gave her the gentle thumpe.*

Adouber. *Seek* Addouber.

Adoulcir. *as* Addoucir.

Adoulcissement. *Seek* Addoulcissement.

s'Adouloir, & s'Adoulourer; *as* s'Adoloter.

Adpropriance. *Looke* Appropriance.

Adquiescement, &, Adquiescer. *Seeke* Acquiescement, & Acquiescer.

Adressant. *Adressing, directing, leading, instructing, shewing the nearest way unto.*

Adresse: m. *The meeting of trosse-waist.*

Adresse: f. *An adresse, a direction; a compendious, and short course; a neer, direct, and ready way; also, a sea-marke.*

Ie sçay les adresses de la maison. *I know all the the private corners in, or privy waies unto, the house.*

Ie iera là mis pour venir aux adresses. viz. pour me trouver au besoing.

Les vignes ont eu adresse. *The vines have flourished, or taken kindly.*

Adressé: m. ée. f. *Adressed, directed, instructed, set in the nearest, and readiest way.*

Adressement. *An adressing, directing, instructing, or setting in the nearest, and readiest course.*

Adresser. *To adresse, direct, lead, instruct, set in, shew the nearest, or the readiest way unto.*

s'Adresser à. *To resort unto, make towards; meddle with, have a fling at.*

Adroict. *as* Adroit; *or, as* Adextre.

Adroit: m. te. f. *Handsome, nimble, wheem, ready, or quick about; apt or fit for, any thing; also, favourable, propitious, prosperous.*

Adscrire. *To ascribe, attribute, impute, referre; also, to inroll, register, account, reckon among others.*

Adscrit. *Ascribed, attributed; inrolled, reckoned among.*

Adsigné, *as* Assigné.

Advaluation: f. *A valuing, rating, or setting of a price on.*

Advalué: m. ée. f. *Valued, rated.*

Advaluer. *To value, rate, set a price on.*

Advance, *Looke,* Avance.

Advancé. *Forwarded, advanced, hastened;*

ned; payed before hand.
Advancement. *Looke*, Avancement.
Advancer. *Seek* Avancer.
Advantage. *Seek* Avantage.
Advantagement. *A furthering, forwarding, profiting, advantaging.*
Adveillé: m. ée. f. *Heavie, ſad, mournfull, penſive, aggrieved, full of ſorrow.*
Adveillé. *watchfull, wakefull, awaked.*
Advenamment. *Comely, handſomely, gracefully, decently, properly, ſightly.*
Advenant. l'ad. *The lawfull and contingent portion of inheritance, and patrimony wherein a daughter may ſucceed her inteſtate father; alſo, a ſufficient part of an inheritance, reſerved by a vaſſall, or tenant, of purpoſe to preſerve from bumagedoing him that hath purchaſed the reſt.*
Advenant bien faict. *A portion of inheritance given by an elder unto his younger brother, in recompence of th'unpartable dignity which himſelfe retains.*
Le plus que l'advenant. *A fourth part of the daughters part, before mentioned, which a father and mother (being noble) may, before the marriage of their eldeſt ſonne, beſtow in frank marriage with their eldeſt, or firſt maried, daughter.*
Advenant. *Handſome, proper, comely, decent, neat, gracefull, well-faſhioned, well-behaved; convenient, well-beſeeming, fitly-fitting, fight-fitting.*
à l'advenant. *Both, to boot, moreover, beſides, over and beſides; alſo proportionably, or, according unto.*
Logis advenant. *A convenient houſe which the heire of a gentleman, according to the means left him, is to allow unto the widow.*
Advenement: m. *A chance, or hap; an arriving, or comming to.*
Advenir. *To happen, chance, betide, come to paſſe, fall out, befall.*
Cela n'y pourra advenir. *That cannot fit, nor furniſh it, cannot attaine unto it; that muſt faile, or come ſhort of it.*
Ia n'advienne que. *God forbid that.*
s'Advenir. *To bee fit, ſuitable, handſome; to become, to fit featly, to beſeeme.*
Adventif: m. ive: f. biens adventifs, *Goods comming, or given, by chance; had of another, or of a ſtranger; not got by his owne induſtry, nor from his owne parents; caſualties, unlikely and unlooked for windfals.*
Advents de Noël. *The time of advent; before Chriſtmaſt*
Advenure: f. *An adventure, chance, hap, luck, fortune, hazard.*
à l'advenure cela n'eſt point. *I doubt me whether; 'tis a queſtion whether yea or no; or, perhaps that is not.*
d'adventure. *Caſually, by meer chance, haply, as hap was, as it hapned, by hap hazard.*
En adventure giſent grands coups; Pro.
Qui ſçauroit les adventures il ne ſeroit iamais pauvre; *Could men foreſee miſhaps, th'would not be poore; wee ſay, He that did know what would bee deare, might grow full rich within a yeare.*
s'Adventurer. *To adventure, jeopard, hazard, expoſe himſelfe unto danger; to try his fortune.*
Que ne s'adventure n'a cheual ny mule; Pro. *Nothing venture nothing have, ſay we.*
Qui trop s'adventure perd cheual & mule; Prov. *But hee that ventures too farre, loſes all: (Now the queſtion will be, in theſe two proverbs, whether is better for a man, to loſe nothing though hee get nothing, and to keep his skin whole; or, to loſe that which he hath gotten, and onely have left him a skin full of holes.)*
Adventureuſement. *Hazardouſly, adventurouſly.*
Adventureux. *Hazardous, adventurous; that feares no colours.*
Adventurier. *An adventurer; one that freely and without compulſion, or charge, goes to the warres; alſo, a free-booter, or boothaler.*
Vn Adventurier vagabond. *An idle loitering rogue; a hedge-creeper, hennekiller, ſheet-ſtealer.*
Adventuriez: m. ée: f. *as* Adventureux.
Advenu: m. uë: f. *Chanced, hapned, betided, come to paſſe.*
Vne fille bien advenuë. *Well proved, well growne, well come on, well proſpered; well hatred, or hatled.*
Advenuë. *An acceſſe, paſſage, or entry unto a place; alſo, a hap, chance, event, accident.*
Averé. *Averred, verified; Looke* Averé.
Adverſaire. *An adverſary; opponent, enemy; the adverſe, or contrary, party.*
Adverſité: f. *Adverſity; afflictions, croſſes, miſhaps, misfortunes.*
Adverti: m. ie: f. *Advertiſed, informed, certified, warned, admoniſhed, adviſed, ſignified unto; having notice, or intelligence of.*
Advertir. *To informe, certifie, advertiſe; warne, admoniſh, adviſe; to ſend word of; to ſignifie, give notice, or intelligence unto.*
Advertiſſement: m. *An aduertiſement, ſignification, information, intelligence, notice; a warning, adviſe, monition, admoniſhment:* (In law, C'eſt vn motif de faict ou de droict, que la partie baille par eſcript ſur vn incident, ou debat ſurvenu en la cauſe, ou apres les eſcritures principales, premieres & ſecondes additions, ou quand le different eſt petit. Rageau.)
Advertiſſemens. *The bill, anſwer, and reſt of the pleadings, or books put into the Court both by plantife and defendant, thereby fully to informe the Judges of the ſtate of the cauſe, and of the points and reaſons alledged on both ſides.* Nicot.
Advertiſſeur. *An advertiſer, informer, intelligencer, certifier; warner, admoniſher, adviſer.*
Adveſt: m. *An adveſture, inveſture; a Liverie and ſeiſin.*
Adveſtir. *To adveſt, inveſt, cloth with; give poſſeſſion of; make Liverie and ſeiſin unto.*
Adveſture: f. *An adveſture, an inveſture, a cloathing, or poſſeſſing with; a delivering over, a making of Liverie and ſeiſin unto; alſo, fruit hanging by the root, or ſtanding on the ground; whence;*
Adveſture de bled. *Corn ſtanding; or ſprung, & put up to a good height, thereby clothing the ground all over.*
Adveu: m. *An advowing, or avouching; an approving, an acknowledging as, or taking for, his owne; a warranting; pawning of the word, paſſing of credit upon; alſo, a contract, bargaine, agreement; alſo, a Survey; or (more properly) a proteſtation, or confeſſion made by a tenant (in words, or in writing) that hee holds the things, mentioned in his ſurvey, of the Lord unto whom he delivers it.*
Adveu du pere; ou du mari. *Signifies (in ſome paſſages of the French Lawes) the good will, or conſent of the father, or husband.*
Adveu du vaſſal; *as before in* Adveu; *or, a profeſſion, confeſſion, or acknowledgement, of tenure.*
Baſme d'adveu. *Look*, Blaſme.
Gens ſans adveu. *Vagabonds, rogues, maſterleſſe men; ſuch as none will owne, or challenge intereſt in.*
Matiere d'adveu. *A ſuit, action, or bill of complaint for moveables.*
Au ſeu, & adveu de tout le monde. *Before the face, in the ſight, or preſence, of all men.*
Faictes cela à mon adveu. *Doe that on my word, I will be your warrant for it; alſo, follow my humour in that, or doe as I would have you in it.*
Adveu emporte l'homme. *When a priſoner alledges that he is the vaſſall, or under the juriſdiction, of a Lord, and deſires to be tried before him, he is commonly ſent unto him, if the Lord will; or may, by his priviledges, take notice of the caſe.*
Advis: m. *Adviſe, opinion, counſell, ſentence, judgement; alſo, an information, intelligence, notice, advertiſement, or inckling given of.*
Aſſene & advis. *Look*, Aſſene:
Il m'eſt advis; *or*, il me ſemble aduis, que. *Me thinks; it ſeems unto me; I am of opinion, or of mind, that.*
Adviſage: m. ée: f. *Behold earneſtly in the face.*
Adviſager. *To look in the face; to behold earneſtly, wiſtly to eye, the viſage of.*
Adviſé: m. ée: f. *Adviſed; way, diſcreet, conſiderat, heedfull, circumſpect; alſo, told, informed, warned, admoniſhed.*
Mal adviſé n'eſt pas ſans peine; Pro. *He that's uncircumſpect wanteth no trouble.*
Adviſément: m. *Adviſement, heed, warineſſe, diſcretion, conſideration, circumſpection; alſo, an adviſing, warning, telling, informing, admoniſhing.*
Adviſément. *Adviſedly, heedily, warily, diſcreetly, conſiderately, circumſpectly.*
Adviſer. *To adviſe, marke, heed, conſider of, look to, attend unto, regard with circumſpection; to thinke, imagine, judge; alſo to adviſe, counſell, warne, tell, inform. Look*, Aviſer.
Adulateur: m. *A flatterer, cogger, ſmoother, ſoother, fawner, claw-back.*
Adulation. *Adulation, flatterie, fawning, ſoothing, cogging, ſmoothing, blandiſhment.*
Adulatoire: com. *Adulatorie, belonging to flatterie, full of cogging.*
Adulte: com. *Growne to full age*; Adultus, *paſt breeching.*
Adultere: m. *An adulterer; alſo adulterie.*

Adul-

Adulterer. *To commit adultery, to play the adulterer, to adulterine it; also to adulterate, viciate, corrupt.*

Advocaſsé: m. ée: f. *Peaded for.*

Advocaſseau: m. *A Petti-fogger; a ſimple, or poore ſpirited Advocat, or Counſellour at Law.*

Advocaſſer. *To play the Advocate, to plead, or argue for.*

Advocaſſerie: f. *A pleading, or playing of the Advocate.*

Advocat: m. *An Advocate, or Counſellour at Law.*

Diſner d'advocat. *A large dinner (eaten, not beſtowed.)*

Touſiours ouvert, comme la gibbeciere d'un advocat. *Sayed of any thing that is always open, and apt to receive.*

A l'advocat le pied en main; Prov. aſſauoir, de perdris, faiſans, chappons, &c. *to greaſe his fiſt withall.*

Bon advocat mauvais Voiſin; Pro. *A good Lawyer an evill neighbour.*

De ieune advocat heritage perdu; Pro. *The young (or unexpcrienced) Lawyer hazards what he pleads for.*

Longuement proceder eſt à l'advocat vendenger; Pro. *Long ſuits are Lawyers harveſts.*

Advocatie: f. *An Advocateſhip; the duty, or place of an Advocate; alſo, the countenance, aſſiſtance, or ſupport of a great perſon in a ſuit.*

† Advocerie: f. *as* Advoeſon.

† Advoeſon: f. *Guard, protection, defence, charge, overſight of; an anſwering, or undertaking for, another.*

† Advoiſon: f. *The ſame.*

Advolé: m. ée: f. *Fled unto; run quickly towards.*

Advolée: f. *A flight, or flying unto; alſo, a place to light on after flying.*

Advolement: m. *A flying unto; a ſwift, or quick running towards.*

Advoler. *To flie unto, run ſpeedily to, come apace towards.*

Advouaiſon: f. *An advowing, avouching; a taking into protection; an anſwering, or undertaking for; an overſight, or charge of.*

Advouëeur: m. *An advower, avoucher; anſwerer, undertaker for; alſo, one that acknowledges, and challenges his beaſt, taken dammage-feſant.*

Advoué: m. *An adopted child; alſo, a Patron, Guardian, Protector; a defender of, or chiefe dealer for, a Church, Province, Towne, &c. alſo, an Atturney, or one that in Court undertakes, or anſwers, for a Clergie man, widow, priviledged citizen, &c. alſo one that anſwers, as champion, a publique challenge for another.*

Advoué: m. ée: f. *Advowed, avouched; approved, allowed of; warranted, authorized, taken into protection; anſwered, or undertaken for.*

Advouër. *To advow, avouch; approve, allow of; warrant, authorize; defend, protect; undertake, anſwer for; owne; acknowledge, confeſſe to bee, take as, or for, his owne.*

Advouër l'eſpave. *To owne, and claim, a waiſe, or ſtray.*

Advouër vne rente en ſon fief. *To acknowledge, and yeeld a rent out of his inheritance.*

Ie vous advoue en cela. *I aprove your carriage, or proceeding in that; or, I will beare you out in it.*

Advouerie: f. *Adoption; alſo, the defence, patronage, protection of; undertaking, or anſwering for; overſight, or charge over, another.*

Aduorie. *The ſame.*

Advoyer. *A principall Overſeer, Advocate, Agent, Patron, or Protector of; undertaker for, &c. as* Advoué.

Aduré: m. ée: f. *Hardned, ſtiffened, enured unto.*

Adurer. *To harden, ſtiffen, make ſtrong, enure unto.*

Aduſte: com. *Aduſt; parched, burned, roſted, or toſted (in the Sunne.)*

Aduſtible: com. *Aduſtible; burnable, waſteable, parchable.*

Aduſtion: f. *An aduſtion, burning, parching, roſting, or toſting (in the Sunne, &c.)*

Aeditue: m. *A Church-warden, or Sexton, the Officer who is to look unto a Church, and the Church goods.*

Aele. *A wing. See* Aile.

s'Aeler. *To be winged; or to get wings.*

Aemerrhoïde. *A kind of ſerpent, by which he that's bitten, bleeds to death; alſo, the Hemrods, or Piles in the fundament.*

Aeré: m. ée: f. *Ayrie, of ayre; alſo aired.*

Aereux: m. euſe: f. *Ayrie, full of ayre.*

Aerien: m. enne: f. *Ayrie, of ayre; alſo, of, or belonging unto, Braſſe.*

Aerin. *as* Airain.

Aerolle: f. *A bliſter, or wheale.*

Aeromantie. *Divination by the ayre.*

Aeſugineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of, or, like unto, Verdigreaſe.*

Cholere aeruginеuſe. *Looke,* Cholere.

Afaire. *as* Affaire.

† Afaner. *To get hardly, or with much toyle; to take exceeding paines for, to ſigh in the laborious cutting of.*

Affabilité: f. *Affability; a kind faſhion of ſpeaking to, a gentle gaib in hearing of, others.*

Affable, com. *Affable; gentle, courteous, gracious, in words, of a friendly converſation, eaſily ſpoken to by, willingly giving eare to, others.*

Affablement. *Affably; gently, graciouſly, courteouſly (in ſpeech, or converſation.)*

Affaçonner. *Look* Affaſonner.

Affadi: m. ie. f. *Made or growne unſavorie, taſteleſſe, wallowiſh, wateriſh, weak, witleſſe.*

Affadir. *To make or grow taſteleſſe, wallowiſh, wateriſh; weake; unſavourie; witleſſe.*

Affadiſſant. *Making wallowiſh, growing taſteleſſe, yeelding an unſavourie, weak, or wateriſt taſt.*

Affadiſſement: m. *Wallowiſhneſſe, unſavorineſſe, taſteleſneſſe; weakneſſe of ſavour, wateriſhneſſe of taſte.*

Affaité: m. ée: f. *Trimmed, tricked, decked, curiouſly dreſſed; refined; reclaimed, civilized; made inward, or gentle; tamed; throughly manned.*

Affaicter. *To trim, trick, deck, dreſſe curiouſly, make neat, ſpruce, refine; alſo, to tame, reclaime, break, make gentle, bring to civility.*

Affaicter vn oiſeau. *To man a hauke throughly.*

Affaicterie: f. *A trimming, tricking, decking, neat, quaint, or fine dreſſing; alſo, neatneſſe, niceneſſe, curioſity, quaintneſſe; alſo, a breaking, taming, reclaiming, civilizing, making gentle; (hence) alſo, the through manning of a hawke, &c.*

Affaire: m. *An affaire, buſineſſe, imployment; work, matter, ſomewhat to doe; alſo, a labour, trouble; charge.*

Qui neut entretenir ſon ami n'ait nuls affaires auec luy; Pro. *Let him that will hold a friend, have little to do with him.*

Affairé: m. ée: f. *Full of buſineſſe, much employed; buſie, ever doing of ſomewhat.*

Affaireuſement. *Very buſily, as one that's full of imployments.*

Affaireux. *as* Affairé.

Affaiſſement. *Look,* Affaiſſement.

Affaiſſé: m. ée: f. *Shrunke, ſunke, weighed downe, overladen, preſſed downe, as low as it can goe, as flat as it can be; ſetled in the bottome of.*

Affaiſſement: m. *A quelling; a ſinking, ſhrinking, or yielding under a great burthen; a weighing downe; a ſettling in the bottome of; hence, alſo, the grounds, or dregs in the bottome of liquor, &c.*

Affaiſſer. *To bow, preſſe, or weigh downe.*

s'Affaiſſer. *To be overladen; to quell, ſink, ſhrink, or yield under a great burthen; alſo, to ſettle, as a heavy thing in the bottome of.*

Affaité. *as* Affeté.

Affaiter. *as* Affaicter.

Affaiterie. *Look* Affaicterie.

Affaiteur de cuirs. *A Skiuner, or Leather-dreſſer.*

Affamé: m. ée: f. *Famiſhed, ſtarved, very hungry, hunger-ſtarved.*

Inteſtin Affamé. *The ſecond ſmall gut of the Ventricle; alwayes empty (by reaſon of the many miſtriſſe veines which paſſe from it unto the Liver) and therefore termed, the hungry gut.*

Ventre affamé n'a point d'oreilles; Pro. *The hunger-ſtarued belly wanteth eares.*

Vilain Affamé demy enrage; Pro. *A hungry-Boore is like a bedlam.*

Affamement: m. *A famiſhing, ſtarving, hunger-ſtarving.*

Affamer. *To famiſh, to ſtarve, to hunger-ſtarve.*

† Affan: m. *Extreme toyle, or gruſe; as* Ahan: ¶ Lang.

Affaſonnet. *To form, or faſhion; to bring into good proportion; to make handſome, fit, and readie for the purpoſe.*

Affayement: m. Oiſeau de doux affayement. *A hauke that's gentle, and eaſie to be made, or manned; a well natured hauke.*

Affayer. *as* Affaicter.

Affeager. *To create a tenant in fee-ſimple, to paſſe alwo, or grant in fee, or a fee.*

Affeblir. *as* Affoiblir. *To weaken.*

Affectateur: m. *An affector; one that (curiouſly) imitates a faſhion, or takes on him a habit, which either becomes, or befits him not.*

Affectation: f. *Affectionate; over-curious imitation; a fooliſh deſire, or following of, what one hath not, or is not, by nature; alſo, a publique or legall aſſignment, or appointing of a thing unto; a faſtening or tying it on; a binding it for,*

the

the maintenance, or assurance of another.

Affecté: m. ée: f. *Affected, fancied, desired, coveted; aspired unto, sought after; also, affectioned, bearing good will, or wishing well unto; also, affective; or, as* Affecté; *also, special, or of purpose; also, affected; fastned or tyed on, destinate for, assigned or appointed unto.*

Affecter. *To affect, fancie; desire, covet; seek after, aspire unto; also, to wish well, or beare good will to; also, to affect; fasten, or tye on; destinate (or bind) for; assigne, or appoint unto.*

Affecterie: f. *as* Affecterie; *also, affectation; or, a curious imitation of.*

Affection: f. *An affection, liking, love, good will unto; a desire of, or longing after; also, a passion, perturbation, or trouble of minde; (and hence) also a sicknesse, disease, or imperfection (of minde or body.)*

Affectionné: m. ée: f. *Affectionate, or affectionated; having an affection, bearing a good will, to; given, addicted; excited, animated, unto; also, beloved, esteemed, affected.*

Affectionnément. *Affectionately, with great affection.*

Affectionner. *To affectionate; beget a liking, breed an affection; excite, incite, or animate, unto.*

s'Affectionner à. *To affect, or love; to addict, or devote himselfe; to give his minde unto.*

Affectueusement. *Most affectionately; desirously, heartily; greedily, covetously.*

Affectueux: m. euse: f. *Most affectionate; hearty; desirous of; full of affects, or of affection; full of good will; also, bearing a great affection, or much good will, unto.*

† Affené: m. ée. f. *Fed, or inseamed, with hay; stall-fed.*

† Affener. *To feed or inseam with hay; to stall-feed.*

† Afferant. (*The Participle of the Impersonall* Affiert.) *beseeming, or becomming; also, concerning, or belonging to.*

Affermable: com. *Affermable, avouchable; also, formable, leaseable, lettable.*

Afferme: f. *A farming; leasing, letting out.*

Afferme: m. ée: f. *Farmed, let or leased out; also, as* Affirmé.

Affermement: m. *as* Afferme; *also, an affirming.*

Affermer. *To farme, lease, or let out unto farme; also, to assume, &c. as in* Affirmer.

Affermi: m. ie: f. *Strengthned, confirmed, fortified; assured; compacted, consolidated, setled, hardned, stiffened, closed, fastened; made firme.*

Pain affermi. *Stale bread.*

Affermir. *To strengthen, fortifie, confirme; assure; compact, consolidate, setle, harden, stiffen, close, fasten, make firme.*

Affermissement: m. *A strengthening; compacting, consolidating, closing, setling, stiffening, hardning.*

Affermisseur: m. *A strengthner; compactor, closer, setler, fastner, stiffner, hardner.*

Afferrer. *as* Enferrer.

Affertilé: m. ée: f. *Fertilized, made fertile.*

Affertiler. *To fertilize; to make fertile, or fruitfull.*

Affesse. *as* Affaisse.

s'Affessir. *To grow weary; to wax lumpish, or heavy.*

Affesté: m. ée: f. *Set, setled, or pearched on the top of.*

s'Affester. *To pearch, to set, or settle it selfe, on the top of.*

Affetardi: m. ie: f. *Made, or become sloathfull, drowsie, negligent; slow, dull; faint-hearted; ougly to the sight.*

Affetardir. *To make sloathfull, drowsie, lazie; dull, slow, cowardly, faint-hearted; also, to make loathsome, or ougly to the sight.*

Affeté; ou, Affetté: m. ée: f. *Craftie, subtile, slye, wylie, dissembling; also, nice, curious, dainty, quaint, precise.*

Affeter. *as* Affaicter.

Affeterie; ou Affecterie. *Craft, subtilty, slyenesse, wylinesse, dissimulation, guilefulnesse; also, niceneſſe, daintinesse, curiosity, preciseneſſe, quaintneſſe.*

Affeublage: m. *Look* Affublage.

Affeubler. *Look* Affubler.

Affeurage: m. *as* Afforage; *also, a rating, or setting of a price on things.*

Affeurer. *To rate, value at a certaine rate, set a certaine price on; Look* Aforer.

Affeurré. *Foddered, (with straw.)*

Affeurrer. *To fodder (with straw.)*

Affiche: f. *A Siquis; a bill set up; or pasted, or fastened, on a post, doare, gate, &c.*

Affiché: m. ée: f. *Fastned upon, fixed, or affixed unto; also, caught, or laid fast hold on; also, performed, or made good.*

Affichement: m. *A fastning; a fixing, or affixing unto; also, a catching or laying fast hold on; also, a making good of a promise, or word.*

Afficher. *To fasten upon; to fix, or affix unto; also, to seize, catch, or lay fast hold on; also, to make good a promise, or word.*

Afficter. *To annex, or joyne, for a time.*

Affidé: m. ée: f. *Ingaged; that hath past his faithfull promise; that hath pawned his faith, and credit.*

Affié: m. ée: f. *Assured, affied, confirmed, affirmed; also, planted, set, or grassed; affixed, fastned.*

Tous mes biens te sont affiez par droit; *All my goods belong, or are assigned, to thee by right; they be all tyed on thee.*

Affiement. *An assuring, affirming, confirming; also, a setting, planting, grassing; affixing, fastning.*

Affier. *To affie, assure, affirme on his word; to pawn his faith, and credit on; also, to strengthen, or confirme; also, to plant, set, or grasse; affix, fasten.*

Affiert. *A Verbe Impersonall) it becommeth, or beseemeth; also, it concerneth, or belongeth to.*

† Affieux: m. *A good fellow, a Boone companion.*

Affile: m. ée: f. *Sharpned, whetted, that hath an edge set on it; also, decked, dressed, or stiffened with wire.*

Affilement: m. *A whetting, sharpning, or setting of an edge on; also, a dressing, or stiffening with wire.*

Affiler. *To whet, sharpen, set an edge on; also, to deck, dresse, or stiffen with wire.*

Affileur: m. *A whetter, or sharpner of cag'd tooles.*

Affileure: f. *as* Affilement; *Also, the edge, or sharpnesse of a toole.*

Affiliant: m. *An adopter.*

Affiliation: f. *Adoption; or an adopting.*

Affilié: m. ée: f. *Adopted.*

Affilier. *To adopt.*

Affiloire: m. *A whetstone.*

Affin: m. *A kinsman, or ally; one with whom affinity is had, or contracted.*

Affin: Adverb. *That, to the end that.*

Affinage: m. *A fining; or a refining, of mettals.*

Affiné: m. ée: f. *Deceived, cosened, beguiled; also, brought unto an end; also, fined, purified, refined.*

Affinement. *A cousening, deceiving, beguiling; also, a fining of mettals.*

Affiner. *To cousen, deceive, beguile; also, to bring to end, or effect; also, to refine, or fine, as mettals; to purifie, or improve them (s'est rendre haut, & fin l'Or, &c. qui est bas, selon le tiltre qu'il faut; Sayes a French man.)*

Affineur. *A deceiver, beguiler, cosener; also, a refiner, or finer of mettals; a purifier, or improver of them.*

Affinité: f. *Affinity, kindred, allyance, neernesse.*

Affiniter. *To ally; to make of affinity, or kindred with.*

Affinoire: m. *A fining house; the roome, shop, or place, wherein gold, or silver is usually fined.*

Affiquet: m. *Any pretty toy, trinket, or trifle of small value; as a little brooche, flower, button, aglet, &c. stuck on the hat, head, hood, or elsewhere; and worn (especially by a woman) for ornament.*

Affirmateur. *An affirmer, soother, avoucher, ascertainer, avower.*

Affirmation. *An affirmation, asseveration, assertion, ascertaining.*

Affirmé: m. ée: f. *Affirmed, avouched, soothed, avowed, assured, ascertained, stood unto.*

Affirmer. *To affirme, sooth, avouch, avow, assure, ascertaine, stand unto.*

s'Affloquir. *To wax flaggy, limber, feeble; to become loose-joynted, to faint.*

† Afflat: m. *A blast, breath, wind, inspiration, blowing in.*

Affleter. *To flatter, blandish; allure, or intice with faire speeches; to coz, or gloze with, to fawne on.*

Affleurir l'eau. *To goe close by the water, as the lee-side of ships, in a strong side-winde. Seek* Effleurer.

Afflictif: m. ive: f. *Afflictive, grieving, molesting, tormenting.*

Peines afflictiues de corps. *Corporall punishments.*

Affliction. *Affliction, molestation, calamity, crosses, vexation, trouble, woe, persecution.*

Affligé: m. ée: f. *Afflicted, vexed, tormented, exceeding much grieved, molested, troubled.*

Affliger. *To afflict, vex, torment, molest, grieve, trouble, exceeding much.*

† Affloüi: m. ie: f. *Blurred, blunted; and hence;*

Diamant Affloüi. *That hath lost it point.*

† Affloüir. *To blurre; also, to blunt.*

Affluence: f. *Affluence, plenty, store, flowing, fulnesse, abundance.*

Afflux: m. *An afflux, or affluence, plentifull accesse; or, as* Affluence.

Afloi.

Aoffiblement. *as* Affoiblissement.

Affoibli: m. ie: f. *weakned, enfeebled; decayed in strength; also, allayed, delayed, or abated, as the value of coine.*

Affoiblir. *To weaken, enfeeble, make infirm, deprive of strength, take away the force, or vigour of; also to delay, allay, or abate the value of coine.*

Affoiblissement: m. *A weakning, enfeebling, depriving of force, power, strength; also, an allaying, or abating of the value of coine.*

Affoisonnement: m. *An increase, or increasing of store.*

† Affolé: m. ée: f. *Foyled, bruised, wounded, sore hurt; spoiled; undone, ruined; also, gulled, or besotted.*

Affolé d'une iambe. d'un pied, &c. *Lame, or maymed, of a leg, foot.*

† Affolement: m. *A foyling, bruising, wounding (by strokes;) also, a spoyling, ruining, undoing; also, a gulling, besotting, befooling.*

† Affoler. *To foyle, wound, bruise, or hurt sore with blows; also, to spoile, ruine, undoe; also, to besot, gull, befoole.*

† Affolure: f. *A foyle, bruise, wound, sore hurt; a spoyling, ruining, undoing; an extreme impression, or aggrievance.*

Affoncer. *To thrust farre, or deep, into, &c. as* Enfoncer.

Affondé: m. ée: f. *Sunke downe to the bottom, or lying, (as a heavy thing) at the bottome of.*

Affonder: ou; s'Affonder. *To sinke, fall, or go downe to the bottome; as, a heavy thing, that's cast into the water.*

Affor: m. *A piercing, or broaching of wine, &c.*

Afforage: m. *The same.*

Droict d'afforage. *Two pots of wine, &c. payed upon the broaching of every vessell retailed; one to the Land-lord, his right for the standing thereof on his ground, and for his leave to sell it; another unto the Magistrate for allowance of the liquor, and for the rate set on it.*

Afforagé: m. ée: f. *pierced, or set abroach; also, rated, or whose price is set downe; licenced, or allowed (as good, and wholsome wine, &c.) to be sold, by a Magistrate, or Land-lord.*

Afforer. *To pierce, or set abroach a vessell of wine, &c. or (rather) the Magistrate to set a rate on, and the Landlord to give a licence for, the retaile thereof; or, to take a rate from the Magistrate, and a licence of the Land-lord, for the retaile thereof.*

† Affouchié: m. ée: f. *Put into, laid among, fearne.*

Sanglier affouchié, *That's busily rooting for fearne-roots; or, that in searching for fearn-roots, plowes up the ground with his snowt.*

† Affouler. *as* † Affoler. *And (particularly) a woman to miscarry, cast her child, or be delivered before her time, by the violence of blowes (or a fall) received.*

Affourrager. *as* Affourrer. *To fodder cattell.*

Affourrer. *To serve, or fodder, cattell with straw, &c.*

Affranchi: m. *A freed man, free man, or one that is made free.*

Affranchi: m. ie: f. *Franchised, made free; discharged, released, delivered from bondage; also, reclaimed, tamed; seasoned, sweetned.*

Affranchir. *To affranchise, free, make free; give liberty unto; deliver, or discharge from servitude; release, or rid from charge, or annoyance; also, to reclaime, season, or sweeten; to make tame, in season, or fit for use what was wild, rammish, or harsh.*

La verge anoblit, & le ventre affranchit; Prov. *Look* Ventre.

Affranchissement: m. *An affranchising, or freeing; a discharging of, or delivering from, servitude; also, a seasoning, sweetning; taming, reclaiming.*

Affranchisseur: m. *An affranchiser, freer, freedome-giver.*

Affrequane: f. *A Tygre; (because bred in Affrica.)*

Affres. Ie luy ay donné vne mauvaise affres. *I have frighted, scarred, affrayed him exceedingly; or, I have put him into his dumpes.*

† Affreté: m. ée: f. *Fastned, clasped; or clung'd unto.*

Affreusement. *Gastly, terribly, horribly, as one that hath been scarred; also, grimly, sternly, sowrely; fell, frowardly, frowningly, under the browes.*

Affreuseté: f. *Gastlinesse, terriblenesse, horrour in the countenance; sternesse, grimnesse, fellnesse; frowning, lowring, sowrenesse, or churlishnesse of looke.*

Affreux: m. euse: f. *Gastly, horrid, fearefull, terrible in looke; grim, sterne, fell, sower, frowning, lowring, looking bigge on; of a frightfull, churlish, and unpleasant countenance.*

Affriandé: m. ée: f. *Liquorous, or made liquorous, of; set in a longing after; (hence) also, allured, inticed, inveagled, tolled, or drawne on by plausible or faire meanes.*

Affriandement: m. *A making liquorous of; also, an allureing, inticing, or tolling on, by plausible, or sweet means.*

Affriander. *To make liquorous of, or, set in a longing after; also, to allure, inveagle, intice, draw, or toll on, by faire, sweet, or plausible meanes.*

Affriolé. *as* Affriandé.

Affriolement: m. *An alluring, or allurement.*

Affrioler. *as* Affriander.

Affriquain. *African, of Affricke.*

Vent Affriquain. *The Southwest wind.*

Affrodille: m. *Th'Affodill, or Asphodill flower; also, the plant that beares it; also, the bulbed root thereof.* Look Aphrodille.

Affronitre: m. *as* Aphronitre; *Salt-Peter.*

Affront: m. *An affront, bravado, wrong, or abuse, offered to a mans face; an impudent, and injurious gullerie; a bold, scurvy, or cosening part, played a man openly.*

† Affrontailles: f. *Th'ends, or corners of a piece of land abutting upon other lands, which belong unto divers Lords or owners.*

Affronté: m. ée: f. *Affronted; encountred, set upon; contested, swaggered with; abused, gulled, openly, or to his face.*

Affrontement: m. *as* Affront; *also, an affronting; incountring, assaulting of.*

Affronter. *To affront; or lye affront of; to come before, or face to face; also, to incounter, assault, set upon; contest, quarrell, swagger with; brave; wrong, abuse; cosen, gull, deceive, impudently, openly, or to the face of.*

Affronteur: m. *A braver, affronter, abuser of people to their faces; a common swaggerer, an impudent, or bold companion; also, an open, or publique deceiver, beguiler, cheater, cogging mate; cosening merchant.*

Affublage: m. *A cloathing, cladding; muffling, or enwrapping in; a hiding, or shrowding under, (clothes;) also, garments, raiments, apparell, clothes.*

Affublé: m. ée: f. *Clad, or clothed; muffled, or enwrapped in; covered, or attired with; hid, or shrowded under (clothes.)*

Affublement: m. *as* Affublage.

Affubler. *To cloath, clad, put on; to attire, or cover with, muffle, or enwrap in, hide, or shrowd, under clothes.*

Il ne faut estre loup, ny en affubler la peau; Prov. *Wee must neither be, nor seem, naught.*

Affuir. *To flie, or recourse unto for helpe, and succour.*

Affuler. *as* Affubler: ¶Pic.

Affust: m. *The frame, or carriage of a piece of ordnance; also, as* Toile baptiste.

Affusté: m. ée: f. *Stocked, fitted with a stock, or staffe; mounted, as artillerie; furnished with a frame, or carriage.*

Affuster. *To stock, fit with a stock, or staffe; to mount artillerie; to furnish (it) with a frame, or carriage.*

Affutage: m. *Frames, carriages, or stocks for artillerie.*

Affiliation: f. *Adoption, or the conferring on fremme children all advantages belonging to naturall ones.*

Afrodille. *as* Affrodille.

Afrodillace: f. *A kinde of stone, or minerall of a whitish colour mingled with red.*

Afrolitre: m. *A kind of light, brittle, and purple coloured Niter.*

Afronitre. *The same.*

† Afuselé: m. ée: f. *Pointed, or made small towards the point, as a spindle; fashioned like a spindle.*

Afuselement: m. *A fashioning of things like spindles.*

Afuseler. *To fashion, point, or make small towards the end, like a spindle.*

† Afyer. *as* Brouiller; *or, as* Tromper.

Aga. mon amy. *See, look friend; (spoken in mirth, or mockerie.)*

Agacé. *Egged, urged, incensed, provoked, exasperated; also, set on edge, as a tooth; also, blunted, as a weapon.*

Agaceant. *Egging, urging, angring, provoking, exasperating; also, setting an edge, the teeth; blunting weapons.*

Agacement: m. *An egging, urging, angring, provoking, exasperating; also, a setting of the teeth on edge; also, a dulling, or blunting of weapon.*

Agacer. *To egge, urge, provoke, anger, vex, exasperate; also, to set the teeth on edge; also, to blunt, or dull a weapon, &c.*

Agache. *as* Agasse.

Agail-

Agaillardé : *m.* ée: f. *Grownc, lively, jocond, blithe, frolick.*

s'Agaillarder. *To be jocond, lively, blithe, frolick; merry.*

Agallocne: m. *The ſweet wood, called, Lignum Aloes.*

† Agamber. *to ſtep, or ſtride over.*

Aganni : m. ie : f. *Withered, faded, conſumed, grownc fruitleſſe, deprived of force.*

Agannir. *To conſume, wither, vade, faile, grow fruitleſſe, loſe all vigow and force.*

Agaric : m. *Agaricke ; a white, and ſoft muſhrome, or excreſcence growing upon the Larch-tree ; alſo, a root in Sarmatia, that helps diſgeſtion.*

Agaric noir. *A heavy, poiſonous, and blackiſh kind of Agaricke ; full of little ſinewie threads.*

Agart. *Looke* Hagard.

Agaſſe : f. *A Pie, Piannet, or Magatapie.*

Agaſſé: m. ée: f. *as* Agacé.

Agaſſer. *as* Agaçer.

Agaſſeté: f. *Bluntneſſe in an edged toole.*

Agaſſeur: m. *An egger, urger, provoker, exaſperater.*

Agaſſin. *A corne, or agnele in the feet, or toes ; alſo, the loweſt bud, or branch of a vine.*

Agaſſure. *as* Agaſſeté ; *and, as* Agacement.

Agathe. *An agate.*

Agathonien : m. enne : f. *Wanton, laſcivious, bawdy, full of ribaldrie : (of* Agathon, *the name of a certaine wanton Minſtrell.)*

Agay: m. *The marrow of fowle ; (a Faulconers tearme.)*

Agazer. *as* Agacer.

Ageancé : m. ée: f. *Fitted, adapted, adjuſted, ſet handſomely, placed orderly.*

Ageancement. *Seeke* Agencement.

Ageancer. *as* Agencer.

Agelaſte : com. *Sad, ſullen ; that neuer laugheth :* ¶ Grec.

† Agember. *as* † Agamber.

Agencé: m. ée: f. *Fitted, apted, adapted, adjuſted, proportioned, accommodated ; ordered ; dreſſed, trimmed, decked, handſomely ; fitly diſpoſed, finely placed, featly ſuited, rightly matched, juſtly applied.*

Agencement : m. *A fitting, apting, juſt placing, ſetting in order ; an adapting, accommodating ; a trimming, dreſſing, decking ; alſo, ſuitableneſſe, handſomeneſſe, good proportion.*

Agencer. *To fit, apt, adapt, adjuſt, proportion, accommodate ; alſo, to dreſſe, trim, decke ; to diſpoſe fitly, ſet featly, place finely, ſute rightly, match juſtly, joyne handſomely together.*

Agenouillé: m. ée: f. *Kneeled ; on his knees, kneeling.*

Agenouiller. *To kneele.*

A la quenouille le fol s'agenouille; Pro. *The foole ſubmits himſelfe to his proud wife.*

Agenouillon. *Kneeling, or upon his knees.*

Agent : m. *An agent, a dealer, Negotiator, Embaſſadour.*

† Ageſimos. *A wondering voice, or exclamation.*

† Aggere : m. *A heap of ſtones, earth, or turves ; and benet, a bulwarke, mount, rampier, made for the defence of a fort, or campe ; alſo, a fort, or blockhouſe ; alſo, a cauſey, bank, dam, ſea-wall, hill of earth raiſed againſt, or ſerving to keep out, waters.*

Agglué: m. ée: f. *Glued, joyned cloſe unto, or together.*

Aggluer. *To glue ; joyne, as with glue ; to cloſe unto, or together.*

s'Aggluer à. *To cleave, or ſtick faſt unto.*

Agglutinatif: m. iue: f. *Of power, or property, to glue, or cloſe together.*

Aggluinement: m. *A gluing, or cloſing unto, or together.*

Agglutiner. *as* Aggluer.

Aggraffe: f. *A booke, a grapple ; a haſpe, or claſpe.*

Aggraffement. *A booking, claſping, buckling, grapling to, a haſpning ; ſeizing, or taking hold of.*

Aggraffer. *To grapple, or claſpe with ; to book unto ; to buckle, to haſpe ; to ſeize, gripe, take hard, or violent hold of.*

Aggrandi : m. ie : f. *Greatned, inlarged ; augmented, increaſed ; preferred, advanced.*

Aggrandir. *To greaten, augment, inlarge, increaſe, make great, preferre, advance.*

Aggrandiſſement: m. *A greatning, inlarging, increaſe ; preferment, advancement.*

Aggrandiſſeur : m. *An inlarger, increaſer, augmenter ; preferrer, advancer.*

Aggravanté : m. ée: f. *Aggravated, exaſperated.*

Aggravanter. *To aggravate, exaſperate, make more hainous, or grievous.*

Aggravation: f. *An aggravation, or aggravating ; alſo, a curſe, excommunication, or execration denounced againſt an obſtinate offender.*

Aggravé: m. ée: f. *as* Aggravanté ; *alſo, made heavy, ſurcharged, ſwayed, or born downe, by over-much weight ; alſo, gravelled, or, as a ſhip, faſt on the ground.*

Aggravé des pieds. *Surbated, foundered, foot-beaten.*

Aggravé de ſomme. *Faſt aſleep, in a dead ſleep.*

Aggraver. *To aggravate, exaſperate, make more hainous, or grievous than it was ; alſo, to make heavy, ſurcharge, oppreſſe ; to ſway, or beare downe by weight.*

s'Aggraver. *To be gravelled ; to ſtick faſt on ground, or in the gravell.*

Aggreable : com. *Agreeable, acceptable, gracefull, gracious, delectable, welcome, well-liked.*

Aggréer. *To agree, or ſute with ; to be acceptable, welcome or pleaſing unto.*

Aggregé : m. ée : f. *Aggregated, congregated ; joyned, added unto.*

Aggreger. *To aſſemble, aggregate, congregate, gather together ; alſo, to adde, or joyne unto a ſocietie ; alſo, to aggravate.*

Aggrené: m. ée: f. *Fed, filled, or inſeamed, with corne, or graine.*

Aggrener. *To feed, or fill with corne, or graine ; to take up a horſe, or coult from graſſe, and inſeam him with corne or provender. Seek* Agrener.

Aggreſſé : m. ée : f. *Aſſaulted, aſſailed, ſet on.*

Aggreſſement. *An aſſaulting, or ſetting on.*

Aggreſſer. *To aſſaile, aſſault, ſet on.*

Aggreſſeur. *An aſſailer, or aſſaulter ; bee that gives the onſet, or firſt layes hands on his weapon, to do another violence.*

Aggreſſion. *An aggreſſion, aſſault, incounter, or firſt ſetting on.*

Aggriffer. *as* Agripper ; *or, as* Griffer.

Aggripper. *To grive, ſeize hard, lay ſure hold on.*

† Agian: m. *A bearing cloth for a child ; alſo, a beer-cloth for a dead corps.*

† Agiaux. *Ceremonies. Look* Agios ; *or the Plurall to* Agian.

† Agiers : m. *The ſteps, wayes, or turnings to be obſerved for the ready comming unto a houſe, or place.*

Agile : com. *Nimble, agile, active ; quick, prompt ; of ſupple members, or parts ; of a ready ſtirring.*

Agilement. *Nimbly, actively, with agility, quickly, promptly, ſupplely, readily.*

Agilité : f. *Agility, nimbleneſſe, activity ; promptneſſe, readineſſe, quickneſſe, dexterity ; ſuppleneſſe of members, or of parts.*

Agiographe. *A holy writing ; holy Writ.*

† Agios. *Sacred, holy.* ¶ Grec, *hence ;*

Faire beaucoup d'agios. *To be very ſcrupulous, or ceremonious ; or, rather, to uſe many bleſſings, or croſſings, or ſuperſtitious geſtures in the doing of any thing.*

† Agiotare: m. *A holy and bleſſed man.*

Agir. *To ſue, implead, plead, commence ſuit, bring an action againſt ; alſo, to worke, operate, worke effect, have an operation in.*

Agitant. *Toſſing, much moving, revolving, wagging, ſtirring up and downe.*

Agitation. *An agitation, ſtirring, great motion, much exerciſe, revolution, working, wagging.*

Agité: m. ée: f. *Toſſed, wagged, agitated, much moved, ſtirred, exerciſed, revolved.*

Agiter. *To toſſe, agitate ; wag, ſtirre, move often ; to revolve, worke, exerciſe, very much.*

† Agnafile. *A kind of Mooriſh Trumpet.*

Agnation: f. *Kindred by the fathers ſide, alſo, (but leſſe properly) adoption ; alſo, a thing that grows beſide, or above, the courſe of nature.*

Agneau: m. *A Lambe.*

Blanche d'agneaux. *The furre called, white Lambe, or, white Budge.*

Autant maniable comme un agneau. *As meek as a Lambe.*

Brebis trop apprivoiſée de trop d'agneaux eſt tetuë; Prov. *The gentle Ewe is ſucked by too many Lambs ; (appliable to an over-kinde, or too familiar, woman.)*

De mal eſt venu l'agneau & à mal retourne la peau ; Prov. *To naught it goes that came from naughtineſſe.*

Agnelé : m. ée: f. *Lambed.*

Agnelement: m. *A lambing ; a falling of Lambs.*

Agneler: m. *The ſame ; and thence ;*

A l'agneler verra on leſquelles ſont prains ; Prov. *At lambing time we find what Ewes were full.*

Agneler. *To lambe.*

Agnelet : m. *A little Lambe ; a Lambkin, or young Lambe.*

Agnelette. *as* Agneliere.

Agneliere: f. *Th'inmoſt of the three membranes which enwrap a wombe-lodged infant ; called by ſome Midwives, the Coife, or Biggin of the child ; by others, the childs ſhirt.*

Agnelin: m. *Lambes-furre, Budge.*

Agobilles: f. *Triſles, niſles, trimkets, traſh, trumperie, paultrie ſtuffe.*

† Agonarque : m. *A Maſter of the Revels ; a Preſident or chiefe Judge ; a principall authour,*

author, or directer, of publick exerciſes, playes, or games.

Agonie: f. *Agony, griefe, perplexity, anguiſh, anxiety, vexation of mind.*

Agoniſer. *To grieve extremely; to be much perpleaced, full of agony, ſtraught with anguiſh.*

Agoranome: m. *The Clerke, or Comptroller, of a Market.*

Agoubilles. *as* Agobilles.

Agoué: m. ée: f. *Halfe choked, well-nigh ſtifled (as one that hath a bone, or gobbet in his throat, which will neither up, nor downe;) alſo, cloyed, ſadded, over-glutted, over-full.*

Agoure de lin. *(The weed)* Dodder.

Agouſter. *To have a ſmack, or taſt of.*

Agoutter. *To drop, as raine from a houſe-eave.*

Agouttis: m. *The eavings of a houſe.*

Agrandir. *as* Aggrandir.

Agraffe. *as* Agraphe.

Agraillir. *Look* Agreſſir.

Agrailliſſement. *A leſſening; a making thin, ſmall, ſlender.*

Agraphe: f. *A claſp; hooke; brace; grapple; haſp.*

Agrapher. *To buckle, grapple, haſp, claſp; to hooke unto; to ſeize, gripe, or take hold of.*

Agraphiner. *To ſeize, gripe, lay his claws on, take hold of.*

A-gré. *Willingly, with a good will.*

Agreable: *as* Aggreable.

Agreableté: f. *Agreableneſſe, acceptableneſſe; comelineſſe, gracefulneſſe.*

Agreation: f. *An agreement, concord, aſſent, conſent; alſo, an agreeing.*

Agrené. *Inſeamed, fed, or, filled, with corne.*

Agrener. *as* Aggrener.

Agrener le moulin. *To fill the mill-hopper (with corne.)*

Agrerer. *To ebuſe, part, or lay out his part of the fruits of his land let out to parts.*

Agreſſir. *To make, or become thin, leane, ſmall, ſlender; to leſſen, to narrow.*

Agreſſir la voix. *To ſqueale, or ſqueake; to ſing in a high pitch; to riſe in ſinging.*

Agreſſé: m. ée: f. *Aſſaulted, ſet on.*

Agreſſeur. *as* Aggreſſeur.

Agreſte: com. *Sowre, tart, or ſharp, as verges; alſo, rude; clownish, ruſticall, ungentle, boorish.*

Agricole: m. *A husbandman, plowman, country-farmer.*

Agriculture. *Tillage, husbandry.*

† Agrier: m. droit d'agrier. *as* Terrage.

† Agriere: f. *Seek* Terrage.

† Agrimenſeur: m. *A ſurveyor, or meaſurer of land.*

Agrimoine. *as* Aigremoine.

Agriotat. *The juice, or ſyrup of tart cherries.*

Agriotte: f. *The ordinary ſharp, or tart cherrie; which we alſo call, the Agriot-cherrie.*

Agripaulme. *The herb Motherwort.*

Agrippine, poudre Ag. *Meat that provokes luſt; leacherous ſtuffe.*

s'Agrouper. *A horſe to knit, and gather himſelfe cloſe together, carrying himſelfe upon his hinder parts, and drawing them up, as if he would yearke out behind.*

Agu: m. uë: f. *Keen, ſharp, ſmall-topped, or pointed; piercing; ſmart; ſubtile, witty, ingenious; eager, vehement.*

Aguahle: t. *A kind of Mooriſh Trumpet.*

Aguard. *as* Hagard.

Aguelette. la tunique a. *A thin ſoft skin, or ſhirt, wherein children are wrapped in the matrix, beſides their bed, or after-birth, which is more groſſe.*

Aguement. *Sharply, keenly; ſmartly; wittily, pieringly.*

Aguerriment. *Martiall order, warlike diſcipline; alſo, a making, or becomming warlike; a training up in warfare.*

Aguerrir: *To make warlike, or fit for the wars; to train up in martiall diſcipline.*

Aguerriſſant. *Making warlike, training up in warfare.*

Aguet: m. *An ambuſh, or lying in wait for.*

Aller d'aguet en ſes affaires. *To go warily to work; to proceed leiſurely, to take him leiſure in his buſineſſe.*

Aguetté. *Dogged; watched, waited; lyen for.*

Aguetter. *To watch, dog, lye in wait, or ambuſh for.*

Aguigner. *To levell, or aime at; to leere, winke, or looke with one eye at.*

Aguillade. *A long, aſh-coloured, great eyed, big-bellied, dog-fiſh, that hath two ſharp and ſtrong prickles on her back, and therefore may be termed, (as ſhe is by the Germanes) a Thorne-hound.*

Aguillan-neuf. *An old word compounded of foure words;* au-guy-l'an-neuf. *Seeke* Anguillanneuf.

Aguillat. *A kind of Dog-fiſh; as* Aguillade.

Aguille: f. *A needle; alſo, a long ſmall fiſh, called a Horne-backe, or Horne-fiſh; Looke* Aiguille.

Aguillette. *A point; Seek* Eſguillette.

Aguillieter. *To tye points.*

Aguilliet: m. *A needle-caſe.*

Aguillon. *A pricke, a goade, a ſting; Looke* Eſguillon.

Aguillonnement: m. *A pricking, or ſtinging; an inſtigation, moving, provoking, inciting, or ſetting forward.*

Aguillonner. *To pricke, ſting, provoke, move, incenſe, inſtigate, incite, egge, urge forward.*

Aguillonneur: m. *A pricker, or prouoker forward.*

Aguiner. *as* Aguigner.

Aguiſé: m. ée: f. *Whetted, ſharpened.*

Aguiſement: m. *A whetting, ſharpening, or ſetting an edge on.*

Aguiſer. *To whet, grind, or ſet an edge on.*

Pierre à aguiſer. *as* Pierre Aguiſoire.

Aguiſoire, pierre ag. *A whetſtone, a grindſtone.*

† Aguyon: m. *A gentle, pleaſant, or calme wind; called ſo among Britiſh, and Normand Mariners.*

Agyos. *Looke* Agios.

Ahan: m. *The loud ſighing, and paine-expreſſing time, which wood-cleavers, heavie-loden Porters, &c. keepe, with their voices, unto the blowes they give, or ſteps they make; hence, extreame labour, great travell, exceeding toile of body, mixt with anguiſh, vexation, affliction of mind; or any loud, painfull, and ſhort expreſſion thereof.*

Ahané. *Extreamly toiled, travelled, pained, vexed, perplexed; alſo, ploughed.*

Ahaner. *To ſigh out; to keepe time with loud ſighs unto his toyleſome ſtrokes, or painfull ſteps; alſo, to labour, toyle, travell exceeding hard; alſo, to plough, or breake up a ſtiffe peece of ground.*

Ahannable. terre ahannable. *Rich and tough, earable; land that yeelds great encreaſe, but requires much labour, or puts the laborer to much toyle, in the tilling of it.*

Ahannant. *Toyling extreamly, ſighing often through the great paine his worke puts him to.*

Ahanner. *as* Ahaner.

Ahanneux: m. euſe: f. *Toyleſome, painfull, moſt labourſome, very troubleſome; full of affliction, vexation, travell, anguiſh.*

Ahen. *as* Ahan; *alſo, a plough.*

Ahennage: m. *A ploughing, or breaking up of (a ſtiffe peece of) ground.*

Ahenner. *as* Ahaner.

† Aherdre. *To ſnatch, or pluck; to catch, gripe, or take by violence.*

Aheurté: m. ée: f. *Stiffe, wilfull, obſtinate, that will forward how deere ſoever it coſts him.*

Aheurtement: m. *Obſtinacy, wilfulneſſe, or ſelfe-will; ſtiffeneſſe in opinion, ſtubbornneſſe, headineſſe.*

s'Aheurter. *To be wilfull, obſtinate, heady, ſelfe-willy, ſtiffe, in a bad matter.*

Ahocquer. *as* Accrocher: ✠ Pic.

Ahonti: m. ié: t. *Abaſhed, daſht out of countenance; made aſhamed.*

Ahontir. *To make aſhamed; to abaſh, to daſh out of countenance.*

Ahurir. *To affright, ſcare; apale, aſtoniſh, amaze, diſmay exceedingly; to make ones haire ſtand an end, or bring him to his wits end, by frighting, or amazing of him.*

Ahurté. *as* Aheurté.

Ahy. *Out alas (an interjection of feare.)*

Aj. *Ob; aye me; (an Interjection expreſſing ſence of paine, or of ſmart;) or as* Ahy.

Aidant: m. ante: t. *Aiding, helping, ſuccouring, aſſiſting, releeving, furthering, forwarding.*

Dieu aidant. *By the help of God, if God proſper my proceedings, or ſpare me life and health; and God will, if God ſay amen.*

Aide: m. *An aidant, helper, ſecond, aſſiſtant; Looke* Aides.

Vn Aide à Maſſon. *A Maſons boy, or ſervant, that reaches him ſtone, and morter as he workes.*

Aide: com. *Aide, help, aſſiſtance; reliefe, ſuccour, ſupport; furtherance, a forwarding; alſo, a ſubſidy, lone, cuſtome, taxe; a preſtation due from Subjects to their Soveraignes, and from Tenants to their Land-lords; generally, any money thats levied by either (over and above their ordinary revenue) for the warres, or other extraordinary imployments.*

Aides (as in Aide.) *All kind of Subſidies, lones, taxes, tythes, pecuniarie ſubventions; and particularly, the ordinary impoſition of twelve pence in the pound.*

Tour. *Upon all ſorts of fruits, proviſion, and merchandize, ſould in any part of France (if they belong not to ſuch perſons as are priviledged by Cuſtome, or Charter from the King;) alſo, light-armed Souldiers imployed for ſeconds;*

and the forces or troupes which one friend, or colleague, ſends to the aide of another.

Aides chevels. Three pecuniary, and caſuall aides, or duties, yeelded in Normandie, by every Tenant in fee unto his Landlord (if he be noble;) the firſt when his eldeſt ſon is knighted; and this is termed, Aide de chevalerie; the ſecond, towards the mariage of his eldeſt daughter, called Aide de mariage; the third, to help to pay his ranſome, when he is priſoner in a war, wherein he ſerved the King by reaſon of his own tenure; and this they call, Aide de rançon: By the cuſtomes of Amiens, and in ſome other places, only the two firſt (and thoſe but once during a Tenants life) are yeelded: within Ponthieu (and in many other parts of France) the two firſt whenſoever they accrue, the laſt moſt (commonly) but once during a lords time. The moſt common proportion is, 10 li. Pariſis for every fee held in Peeredome, and for every whole Knights fee, 60 s. and ſo ratably, when they are to be apportioned.

Aides couſtumiers. The ſame; and called ſo in the ancient cuſtomes of Normandy.

Aide de l'oſt. Looke Oſt.

Aide de reliefe. The fine paid by every Tenant unto his new meſne Land-lord, preſently after the death of the old one, and towards the reliefe, which he is to pay unto the Lord Paramount.

La Cour des Aides. as in Cour.

Droit d' Aide. as Aides chevels; called ſo in the cuſtomes of S. Paul, Arthois, Amiens, Beauqueſne, Doulens, and of ſome other places: In both the Burgundies the ſame proportion is due, by this title, unto Lords for their voyages into the Holy land.

Loyaulx aides. as Aides chevels; termed ſo within the dominion of Tours, Lodunois, Poictou, and Lille.

Bon droict a bon meſtier d' aide; Prov. Good right hath (in our dayes) great need of favour.

Aidé: m. ée: f. Aided, helped, aſſiſted, relieved, ſuccoured; ſupported; favoured; furthered, forwarded.

Aider. To aide, help, aſſiſt; relieve, ſuccour; ſecond; ſupport; favour; forward, further.

Bon eſt le dueil qui apres aide; Prov. Good is that ſorrow which at length does good; happy the griefe which in the end makes us happy.

Fortune aide à celuy qui ſe veut aider; Prov. Fortune helps him that's willing to help himſelfe.

Ajencement, & Ajencer. Looke Agencement, & Agencer.

Ajetter vn oiſeau. To caſt, or whiſtle, off a hawke: to let her go, let her flie.

Aiglantier: m. An Eglentine, or ſweet-brier tree.

Aiglas: m. Eaglets, young Eagles.

Aigle: f. An Eagle.

Aigle de mer. An Oſprey; water Eagle, ſea Eagle.

Petite aigle noire. A Saker.

Pierre d' aigle. An Eagle-ſtone; found in the Eagles neſt; applyed to the thigh of a woman that is in labour, haſteneth her delivery.

Aigleron: m. An Eaglet, or young Eagle.

Aigleſſe: f. An Eagleſſe; a hen Eagle.

Aigneau: m. A Lambe. Seeke Agneau.

Aigneaux. Mannacles, fetters for the hands.

Aignelé: m. ée: f. Lambed.

Aignelement. A lambing.

Aigneler. To lambe. Seeke Agneler.

Aignelet: m. A Lambkin, a little, or young, Lambe.

Aignelette, & Aigneliere. as Agneliere.

Aignelin. White Budge, white Lambe.

Aigras: m. Verjuyce; (an old word.)

Aigre. A kind of Grub-axe, or inſtrument wherwith roots, and ſhrubs are plucked up.

Aigre: com. Eagre, ſharpe, tart, biting, ſower; alſo, brittle, or eaſily broken (with a hammer.)

Aigre haleine. A ſtinking (which we alſo call a ſower) breath.

Mal aigre. A diſeaſe of Hawkes, by wormes that breed in their gorge.

Aigrebel-heur. The name of a certaine ſower apple.

Aigre-douce: f. A civill Orange; or, Orange, that is betweene ſweet and ſower.

Aigre-doux: m. douce: f. Between ſweet and ſower, or, halfe ſweet, halfe ſower.

Aigre-fin: m. A certaine Turkiſh coine; alſo, a fiſh that reſembles a Whiting; and may be called (according to the Latine Iecoarius) the Liver fiſh.

Aigrement. Eagerly, ſharply, tartly, bitingly, ſowerly; ſeverely.

Aigremoine: f. The hearbe called Agrimony, or Egrimony; and by ſome Liverwort, (becauſe it is good for a diſeaſed liver.)

Aigremoine Sauvage. Wild Tanſie, ſilver-weed.

Aigret: m. ette: f. Somewhat tart, ſharpe, or eager.

Syrop aigret. Syrop of Vinegar.

Aigrette. (A foule very like a Heron, but white;) a criell Heron, or dwarfe Heron; alſo, the herb Sorrell.

Aigrettes d' Heron. Heron-tops.

Aigreur: f. Sharpeneſſe, tartneſſe, eagerneſſe, ſowerneſſe.

Aigri: m. ie: f. Sharpened; exaſperated, aggravated, grieved, galled; incenſed, provoked unto anger.

Aigrir. To ſharpen, ſower; exaſperate; aggravate; to grieve, gall, ſtirre up, or provoke to anger.

s' Aigrir. To wax eager; ſharp, tart, angry.

Aigriſſant. Gauling, incenſing, exaſperating, aggravating.

Aigrun. Any thing that encreaſes, or exaſperates, a diſeaſe, or ſore.

Perſil aigrun. Great water Parſley; Looke Perſil.

Aiguade: f. A watering, a taking in of freſh water; alſo, a place of watering, for ſhips.

Aigue: f. Water; alſo, a Mare. ✠ Lang.

Aigue-marine. Sea-water-greene colour.

Aigueux: m. euſe: f. Watery; or, full of water.

Aiguier: m. A ſinke, or waſhing ſtone, in a kitchin; or, as Ayguier.

Aiguiere: f. An Ewer, or Laver.

Aiguillat. as Aguillat.

Aiguille: f. A needle; alſo, a Horne-back, Piper-fiſh, Gane-fiſh, or Horne-fiſh; alſo, the leſſe of the two leg-bones; alſo, a ſpire ſteeple; or Obeliske.

Aiguilles. Short wormes that breed in a Hawke, and bring her without ſpeedy help, unto her death; ſome call them, back-wormes.

Aiguille de berger. as Aiguille de paſteur.

Aiguille de chariot; &c. The draught treee of a Chariot, &c.

Aiguille muſquée. Muſked Pincke-needle, muſked Storks-bill, or Cranes-bill; Muſcata.

Aiguille de paſteur. Three ſeverall herbs are called ſo; the firſt, our Shepheards needle, wild Chervill, mocke Chervill, Ladies come; the ſecond, Storkes bill, Cranes bill, Hearons bill, Pinkneedle, (whereof there be many kinds;) the laſt, Herbe Robert, (a ſtinking herb.)

De fil en aiguille. Every jot of it, from point to point, from one end to the other.

Enfiler ſon aiguille. Seek Enfiler.

Fourni de fil & d' aiguille. Ready for any imployment; alſo, never to ſeeke for an anſwer.

On ne eache point aiguilles en ſac; Prov. Looke Sac.

Aiguillé: m. ée: f. Of a needle; full of needles; like a needle, wrought or pricked, with needles.

Aiguillette: f. A point; Seek Eſguillette.

Aiguillettes d' armes. The herb, or graſſe, called Ladies laces, white Cameleon graſſe, painted, or furrowed graſſe.

Aiguilletter. To truſſe, or tye, poynts; alſo, to whip, or laſh, with points.

Aiguillier. A needle caſe.

Aiguillon. Look Eſguillon.

Aiguillonné: m. ée: f. Pricked, ſtung; ſharp, ſharpened, ſmall-pointed, as a prick or ſting.

Aiguiſement: m. A whetting, ſharpening, or ſetting of an edge on.

Aiguiſer. as Aguiſer.

Aigument. Sharply, piercingly; ſubtily, wittily, quickly.

Ail: m. Garlicke, poore-mans Treacle. Seek Aulx.

Ail maſle. The whole-headed Garlicke.

Ail d'ours. Ramſons, Ramſies, Buckerammes, Beares-garlick.

Ail porreau. Great Mountaine-Garlicke.

Ail Sauvage. Wild-garlick, Crow-garlick, Hearts-garlicke, Stags-garlicke, Snakes-garlicke.

Ail de Serpent. The ſame.

Il amaſſé la diſme de l'ail. He hath been ſoundly cudgelled; (a Poictevin Proverbe.)

Aile: f. A wing; alſo, the brim, or brere-wood of a hat.

Les ailes d'un foreſt. The ſides or skirts of a Forreſt.

Les ailes du nez. The noſthrils.

Les ailes de poiſſons. The finnes of fiſhes.

A tire d'aile. With force of wing; as faſt as he can flye.

Batre de l'aile. To ſmell ranke, or ſtrong; eſpecially from the armeholes.

Il ne bat plus que d'une aile. He is become lame, he is halfe undone, he hath but one ſtring left to his bow; alſo, he is well nigh dead, or a dying.

Chauſſer les ailes. Il leur chauſſa les ailes aux pieds. He gave wings to their feet; he made them flye as if fire had been at their tailes.

Rongner les ailes à. To weaken, pull down, bring under, hold ſhort, keep low.

Tirer de deſſus l'aile. *Cunningly to ſteale, purloin, convey away a thing that was hid, covered, kept cloſe, or warily looked unto.*

Il en tirera pied, ou aile. *See* Pied.

Voler de haulte aile. *To carry himſelfe proudly, loftily, ambitiouſly; to beare a high ſaile, to ſtand on high points, to flye a high pitch; to meddle with no meane matters.*

Ils veulent voler ſans ailes. *They would compaſſe great matters without meanes; alſo, they would be held Maſters before they have ſerved halfe a Prentiſhip.*

Aile: m. ée: f. *Winged; ſwift, flying.*

Ailées. bailler les ailées à vn cheval. *To give a horſe the head, that he may run the faſter.*

Ailer. *To give wings unto, or ſet wings upon.*

Aileretre. *as* Aileron.

Aileron. *A little wing; or the end of a wing.*

Ailerons grands. *as* Landies.

Aileron petit. *as* Nymphe.

Ailerons de poiſſons. *The finnes of fiſhes.*

Ailes: f. *Wings; alſo, as* Aiſſelles; *The arme-holes; alſo, (in Anotamy) the ſides of a womans privities.*

Ailette: f. *A little wing.*

Aileures: f. *Two beames that run along the hatches of a Shippe, and with the* Trauerſins *make a long ſquare hole, whereat the Ship-boat is let downe into the hold; our Ship-wrights name them, Comings, or Cavlings.*

Aillade: f. *Garlicke-ſawce; alſo, the ſmell of Garlicke; whence;*

Il ſent l'aillade. *Hee ſmels of, or like unto, Garlicke; he ſmels as if hee had eaten Garlicke.*

Aillaſſe: f. *A great wing.*

Ailler: m. *A Quaile-net.*

Ailleurs. *Elſe-where, ſome-where elſe, other-where, in another place, or matter.*

Aillolignon: m. *Great Garlicke.*

Ail-porreau: m. *Great mountaine Garlicke.*

Aimable. *as* Amiable; *alſo, loveable.*

Aimant: m. *A lover, a ſervant, a ſweet-heart; alſo, the Adamant, or Load-ſtone.*

Aimant: m. ante: f. *Loving, affecting, delighting, pleaſing himſelfe in.*

Aimantin: m. ine: f. *Adamantine; like an Addmant; ſtrong as the Adamant; Iron-drawing; belonging to the Adamant.*

Aimé: m. ée f. *Loved, affected, beloved, well-liked; delighted, or pleaſed with.*

Ils ont aimé mieux. *They had leever, they chooſe rather.*

Bien a en ſe maiſon qui de ſes voiſins eſt aimé; Prov. *He finds all well within, who is beloved without, doores.*

Le dernier venu eſt le mieux aimé; Prov. *Hee is beſt thought of that comes laſt; a new friend makes the old forgotten; the laſt Suiter wins the wench.*

Aime-bal. *Lively, actiue, dance-loving.*

Aime-carnage. *Cruell, butcherly, bloudy-minded, well-pleaſed with ſlaughters.*

Aime-esbats. *Gameſome, ſportfull, ſports affecting.*

Aime-humains. *Gentle, charitable, ſociable, men-affecting, mankinde-loving.*

Aime-loix. *Juſt, Juſtice-loving, Lawes-affecting.*

Aime-lyre, *Muſicall, Harpe-loving, Lyre-affecting.*

Aime-Maiſtre *Obſequious, dutifull, ſerviceable.*

Aime-mars. *Martiall, warlike, warre-affecting.*

Aime-noiſe. *A brabler, unquiet fellow, contentious companion, wrangling merchant, brawling make-bate; one that loves to ſee, or ſet, others together by the eares.*

Aime-noveauté. *Inconſtant, humorous, fantaſticall, new things loving, novelties affecting.*

Aime-paix, *Peaceable, milde, quiet, Peace-loving, reſt-affecting.*

Aime-pleurs *Cruell, pitileſſe; alſo, dole-full, teares-loving, much given, or affected, unto weeping.*

Aimer. *To love, affect, like well of; to delight, or be pleaſed in.*

Et l'aime de vous. *And I love it becauſe it was yours.*

Aimer & ſçavoir n'ont meſme manoir; Prov. *Love and knowledge live not together.*

C'eſt trop aimer quand on en meurt; Prov. *They love too much who dye for love; Wo ſay, love me little and love me long.*

Iamais graſſe geline n'aima chapon; Prov. *A fat wife never loved a faint husband.*

Iamais tigneux n'aima le pigne; Prov. *Never did Scab'd jade love the curry-combe; nor a corrupt heart correction.*

Les folles femmes n'aiment que pour paſture; Prov. *Whores affect your purſe, not you; or, love you not if you feed them not.*

Le pareſſeux aime bien beſongne faitte; Prov. *The ſluggard loves alife things done to his hands.*

Onques n'aima bien que pour ſi peu hait; Prov. *He never loved well, that hated for a triſle.*

Onques maſtin n'aima Levrier; Prov. *A Churle never cared for a Gentleman.*

Qui aime Bertrand aime ſon chien; Prov. *Love me love my dog (ſay we.)*

Qui bien aime bien chaſtie; Prov. *He throughly puniſhes that loves throughly.*

Qui bien aime tard oublie; Prov. *Sound love is not ſoone forgotten.*

Qui mieux aime autruy que ſoy, au moulin il meurt de ſoif; Prov. *He that loves another better than himſelfe, ſtarves in a Cooks ſhop.*

Tel cuide aimer qui muſe; Prov. *Some thinke they love who doe but dote; or, ſome, though they thinke they love, but dreame of love.*

Aime-ſilence. *Still, huſht, ſilence-loving, noiſe-hating.*

Aime-tout. *Moſt kinde, moſt loving, moſt charitable, all-affecting; or, none (becauſe all) affecting.*

Ain. *as* Haim.

Ainçois. *But rather; before, ere, or ere.*

Aines: f: *The grime, or groyne of man or woman.*

Ains. *as* Ançois.

Ainſi. *So, no, even ſo, even as, like as, as it were.*

Ainſi comme ainſi. *Howſoever, though it had not been ſo; alſo, bee it as it bee will; as well as we may; ſo, ſo.*

Ainſi que. *The whileſt, juſt when, at the time that; alſo, as much, as well as, like as, even as.*

Par ainſi. *Therefore, for this, or for that cauſe.*

On luy dit qu'ainſi fuſt que, &c. *One told him that the ſigne or token thereof was, that, &c. or that if it fell out, that, &c.*

Ainſin. *as* Ainſi. *Pariſien.*

Ainſné. *Look* Aiſné.

Ajoindre. *To joyne, adde, put, or applie unto,*

Ajoint: m. inte f. *Adjoyned, added, put, applyed unto.*

Adjolié: m. ée: f. *Pranked, tricke up, ſet forth, made fine.*

Ajolier *To pranke, tricke up, ſet out, make fine.*

Ajoliver. *To be merry, buxome, jolly, jocond; to make much of himſelfe; alſo, to pranke, or trick up himſelfe, to put on his holyday face, to ſet the better legge before.*

Ajourner. *To be more day, to grow towards day; vieil mot.)*

Ajous: m. *Furze, Gorſe.*

Air: m. *The aire, breath, wind which we ſucke up; alſo, the element ayre; alſo, a ſmall blaſt, breath, or puffe of wind; aire; alſo, a tune, ſownd, or ayre in Muſicke; alſo, the forme, or ſpecies of a thing; alſo, the ſavour, grace, good opinion of men; alſo, the aſpect, preſence, apparance of man; alſo, a good grace, handſomneſſe, or becomming of what one does; (Il danſe d'un bel air:) In horſemanſhip, a doing, or fetching manage, or manage raiſed above ground.*

L'air de l'oratoire; l'air de ues lettres. *The neatneſſe, aptneſſe, delicacy, decorum, pleaſantneſſe thereof.*

à demy air. *A certaine curvet, or manage, wherein the halfe of a horſe is in the aire, the other on the ground.*

Il donna air à ſes entrepriſes. *He publiſhed, revealed, divulged them, gave a paſſage or vent unto them.*

Air: m. *Anger (a word of two ſillables.)*

Airaigne: f. *A Spider, or Spinner; alſo, a net of wire ſet before, and on the out-ſide of, the glaſſe windowes of Churches, &c.*

Airaigneux. *Look* Araigneux.

Airain. *Braſſe. Look* Arain.

Aire: m. *An ayrie, or neſt of Haukes.*

De bon aire. *Gentle, milde courteous, debonaire, without gall, that beares no man any malice.*

Aire: f. *A flat, even, levell, peece or plat of ground; (hence) alſo, the floor of a houſe, or barne; alſo, the whole ſuperficies, or ſuperficiall compaſſe, of a plot, or floore; alſo, a bed, plat or quarter, in a garden; alſo, as* Heulet; *alſo, the halfe-pace, or landing place of a halfe-pace ſtaire.*

Aire des poils. *The griſtly brim, or edge of the eye-browes.*

Aire de vent. *An oppoſition of windes, as of the South to the North, &c; a guſh of contrary windes, at Sea.*

Couppé à tire & à aire. *Cut cloſe by the ground, or cleane away, and (in the ſale of underwoods) cut cloſe by the ſtocks, or wholly away from it.*

Airé: m. ée: f. *Angry, chollerick, in a chafe.*

Aireau: m. *A Plough.*

Airée: f. *A floore-full, or bed-full of.*

Airelles : f. *Whortle-berries, or Winberries.*

Airer. *To ayrie ; to make a neſt, or ayrie.*

Airer. *To Chaſe, or be angrie.*

Aireſte. *as* Areſte.

Airin : m. ine : f. *Ayrie ; full of ayre ; abounding with ayre.*

Airon. *A Herne, or Heron ; & Savoyard.*

Airure : f. *The eaving, or plowing of land.*

Ais : m. *A planke or boord.*

Compter les aix & ſolueaux. *To triſle out the time, or loſe it altogether.*

Aiſance : f. *Eaſe, facility, readineſſe, taſineſſe, conveniency, opportunity commodity ; alſo, an eaſe, or eaſefull thing.*

Aiſances. *(In the Plurall number) A Privie, or houſe of Office.*

Aiſceau : m : *A Chip-axe, or one-handed plane-axe, wherewith Carpenters hew their timber ſmooth.*

Aiſcelaire. *as* Axillaire.

Aiſcette : f. *A little planing axe.*

Aiſe : m. *Eaſe, leaſure ; facility ; commodity ; delight, pleaſure, full content.*

L'on endure tout fors que trop d'aiſe ; Prov. *We ſay, all things may be ſuffered ſaving wealth.*

Qui à aiſe rend, aiſe luy faut ; Prov. *He that ſtudies his contentment overmuch, ever wants it.*

Aiſé : m. aiſée : f. *Eaſie, caſefull ; gentle, facile ; free ; feſt ; pliant ; pleaſant ; delightfull ; alſo, rich ; whence,*

Aiſé en ſon meſnage. *Of good eſtate, well lined, well to live, well furniſhed with all houſhold proviſion.*

Choſe aiſée croyable ; Prov. *Ordinary things are eaſily beleeved.*

Aiſe : com. *Cheerefull, glad ; contented, in fulneſſe of delight, with great ſatisfaction, at mucheaſe ; whence ;*

Ils eſtoyent à table aiſes comme Peres. *(A phraſe, whoſe Author by Peres meant Abbey-lubbers.)*

Ils repaiſſent aiſes comme à nopçes. *They feed as freely (or cheerefully) as if they were at a wedding.*

Chaſcun n'eſt pas aiſe qui danſe ; Prov. *Every one is not merry that dances (viz. that ſeemes merry.)*

Il n'eſt pas aiſe qui eſt courroucé ; Prov. *Anger and hearts-eaſe are utter enemies.*

Il n'eſt vie que d'eſtre bien aiſe ; Prov. *Hee onely lives that lives contented ; or, a life's no life, without ſtore of contentments.*

Aiſéement. *Eaſily, lightly, expediently, with facility.*

Aiſément. *The ſame.*

Aiſements. *as* Aiſances.

Aiſer. *To be lazie, eaſefull, ſenſuall ; to take eaſe, to live, or live at eaſe.*

Aiſle. *Seek* Aile.

Aiſler. *Seek* Ailer.

Aiſleron. *Look* Aileron.

Aiſné. *Eldeſt, firſt-borne.*

Charge, debte, rente, &c. aiſnée. *The moſt ancient, formoſt, or firſt in date.* & Normand.

Aiſneage : m. *Eldeſtſhip.*

Droict d'aiſneage. *as* Droict d'aiſneſſe.

Aiſneſſe : f. *Eldeſtſhip, eldeſtſhip, the being eldeſt, or firſt borne.*

Droict d'aiſneſſe. *The right and prerogative of the eldeſt child ; the portion due by prime birth unto him ; which is the principall houſe and garden, with the incloſure thereof ; and if there be no garden, the Arpent of ground lying next unto the houſe ; or, as farre as a Capon can flye from it ; In the reſt he hath but an equall ſhare with the younger : This is his due in many parts, and places of France ; in ſome others they deale otherwiſe, and ſeverally, according to their ſeverall cuſtomes.*

Aiſſade : f. *An inſtrumen wherewith Gardners open, or break up the ground.*

Aiſſeau. *as* Aiſſeul ; *Alſo, the very middle, or center of a pillar from the top to the bottome thereof.*

Aiſſeliere. *The veine which paſſeth along the arme-hole.*

Aiſſellaire. *as* Aiſſeliere.

Aiſſelle : f. *An arme-hole ; alſo a little plank, boord, or ſhingle of wood.*

Aiſſeuel : m. *An Axle-tree ; alſo, one of the poles whereon (ſome ſay) the world is turned.*

Aiſſi, *as* Aiſſil.

Aiſſieu : m. *An axletree, &c. as* Aiſſeul.

Aiſſil. : m. *A ſingle, or ſhingle of wood, ſuch as houſes are, in ſome places, covered withall.*

Aiſtres. *as* Agiers.

Aitiologie : f. *A yeelding, or ſhewing, of a reaſon, or cauſe.*

Ajuſté : m. ée : f. *Adjuſted ; Look* Adjuſté.

Ajuſter. *To adjuſt. Looke* Adjuſter.

Alabandique. pierre Alabandique. *A kinde of blacke ſtone mingled with purple.*

† Alachi : m. ie : f. *Slackned ; hung flagging, fallen downe by weakneſſe out of it right place, decayed, quailed, faded, failed, growne feeble, or looſe.*

† Alachir. *To ſlacken ; to hang flagging downward ; to ſlip, or fall downe, by weakneſſe out of it place ; to quaile, fade, faile, decay in ſtrength ; grow looſe, feeble, weak.*

† Alachiſſement : m. *A ſlackning ; a looſeneſſe ; or, ſlackneſſe ; a quailing, a growing looſe, or feeble ; a flagging or falling downe, through feebleneſſe ; a decaying, fading, or failing in vigor, ſtrength, force.*

Alaigre : com. *Cheerfull, blithe, jolly, merrie, joyfull, glad, buxome, jocond ; alſo, nimble, active, luſty.*

Alaigre : comme vn papillon. *As merry as a cricket (ſay we.)*

Alaigrement. *Cheerfully, jocondly, blithely, gladly, joyfully ; alſo, luſtily, nimbly, actively.*

Alaigreſſe : f. *Alacrity, cheerfulneſſe, mirth, or merrineſſe, jocondneſſe, or joyfulneſſe of heart ; luſtineſſe, nimbleneſſe.*

Alaigreté. *as* Alaigreſſe ; *alſo nimbleneſs, activity, readineſſe, promptneſſe.*

Alaine. *as* Haleine ; *Breath, or breathing.*

De ſon alaine. *Of his faction, or ſide ; that is of his owne humour, or applyes himſelfe to it ; a Bird of his owne feather.*

Alainer la langue. *To hold out the tongue, as a bird, or beaſt, that in extremity of heat breathes for aire.*

Alaire. *Seek* Allaire.

Alaitté. *as* Allaitté.

Alambic. *as* Alembic ; *A Limbeck, or ſtillitory.*

Alambiqué. *Extracted, diſtilled, drawne out ; alſo, worne, waſted, conſumed.*

Alambiquer. *To extract, diſtill, draw out.*

s'Alambiquer. *To conſume, waſte, pine, weare away.*

Alampers. *A kinde of Peach.*

Alan. *Seek* Allan.

Alandäal. trocisque al. *A Trociske made of Coloquintida.*

Alangouri : m. ie : f. *Languiſhing, fainting, feeble ; weary, lazie, ſluggiſh, lither ; alſo, languiſhed, fainted, infected ; wearied.*

s'Alangourir. *To languiſh, faint, grow feeble or weary, faile in ſtrength, decay in vigour ; alſo to grow lazie, ſluggiſh, lither, idle.*

Alantir. *as* Allentir.

Alarme : m. *An Alarum.*

Alaterne : m. *Fruitleſſe, or barren Privet.*

Albacore. *A certaine fiſh in the Indian ſea, which is very good meat.*

Albanois. *An Albanian, an inhabitant of* Albania ; *alſo, a light horſeman wearing a high-crowned hat ; or (more particularly) the Albanian light horſe, imployed by Popes in their ordinary garriſons.*

Albanois : m. oiſe : f. *Albanian ; of* Albania ; *belonging, or like, unto an Albanian ; and hence ;*

Chapeau fait à l'Albanoiſe. *An hat with a crowne like a ſugar-loafe ; an high crowned hat.*

Albaſſan : m. *A kinde of white and hard ſtone, whereof lime may be made.*

Albaſtre. *Alleblaſter.*

Albaſtrin. *White as Alleblaſter ; like Alleblaſter ; of Alleblaſter.*

Albazzan. *as* Albaſſan.

Albe. *as* Able.

Albereau : m. *A very hard white free-ſtone, that reſembles th' Albaſſan.*

Albergame. *The amorous apple, apple of love, golden apple.*

Albergation. *A kinde of alienation in fee farme, and for a fine, or income.*

Alberge. *A kinde of ſmall Peach.*

Alberger : m. *A kind of ſmall Peach-tree.*

Alberger. *To alien in fee farme ; (as before in* Albergation.)

Albette. *as* Ablette. & Rab.

Albrenner. *To hunt the yong wilde Ducke, or the old one when ſhe moots ; to goe a ducking.*

Albrent : m. *A yong wilde Ducke ; alſo, (a mooter, or moulter,) the old one when ſhee mootes, or hath caſt her feathers ; alſo, a Pochard ; or, as* Sarcelle.

Albugine : f. *An extraordinary or vicious wholeneſſe in the eye ; a witiſh filme in ; or over, an eye.*

Albugineux : m. euſe : f. *Whitiſh, or reſembling the white of an egge.*

Alcali. Sel Alcali. *Look* Sel.

Alcange. *The herbe Alcakengy, or Winter-cherry.*

Alchimacle. *A Scorpion.* & Rab.

Alchechange, *or* Alchequange. *Alkekengy, yed Nightſhade, Winter-Cherries.*

Alchermes. *A grain wherewith Crimſons are dyed ; or, as* Alkermes.

Alchimille : f. *Lions foot, Ladies mantle, great Sanicle (an herbe.)*

† Alcibienne : f. *Vipers herbe, Vipers Bugloſſe, Snakes Bugloſſe, the leſſe wilde Bugloſſe.*

† Alcofribas. *A greedy glutton, a great devourer.*

Alcoran : m. *Mahomets Alcoran ; (The word ſignifies a true Law ; and is therfore moſt unfit for that moſt falſe one.)*

Alcret : m. *as* Halecret.

Alebaſtre. *Alleblaſter.*

Alebastrin, *Of Alleblaster; white as, like or belonging to, Alleblaster.*

Alebrenne. *A Salamander.*

Alebromantie. *Divination by barley-meale mixed with wheat.*

Alectoire. *The Cocke stone; a Christall-coloured stone (as big as a beane) found in the gyzerne, or maw of some Cocks.*

Alectorophoneme. *The song, or crowing of a Cocke.*

Alectromantie: f. *Divination by a Cock; or by the Cock stone.*

Alegerir. *To lighten, or make light.*

Alegerir vn cheval à la main. *To bring, or cause a horse to be light born.*

Aleine. *as* Haleine.

Aleiner. *Seek* Halener.

Aleman: m. *An Almaine, German, High-Dutchman; also, the Almaine, or German language.*

Peigne d'Aleman. *The hand; or foure fingers and a thumbe.*

Querelle d'Aleman. *A quarrell, or brable, entred into upon a sleight, or drunken occasion.*

Theriaque des Alemans. *The juyce of Ginepar-berries, extracted according to art; called so, both because it is good against poison, and because the Germans have used to take it much.*

Il n'en entend que le haut Aleman. *'Tis greek unto him, he understands no part of it, bee is never a whit the wiser by it.*

Alembic: m. *A Limbeck, or Stillatorie.*

Alembiqué: m. ée: f. *Distilled, or extracted, by Limbeck, &c. Seek* Alambiqué.

Alembiquer. *To extract, or distill by Limbeck; or as* Alambiquer.

Alemelle d'espée. *as* Alumelle.

Alenois, Cresson Alenois. *Kers, garden-Cresses, towne-Kars, towne-Cresses.*

Alenti: m. ie: f. *Slackned; loosened; softned; allayed, appeased; growne remisse; not so hastie, or violent as it was; also, weakned, enfeebled.*

Alentir. *To slacken, loosen; soften; be allayed, or appeased; wax tractable; grow remisse; or not so hastie, hard, nor violent as it was; also, to be weakned, or infeebled.*

Alentissement: m. *A slackning; loosning, softning; allaying, appeasing; a weakning, infeebling.*

Aleron. *A little wing; also, a twig, sprig, or small branch.*

Alesne: f. *An awle; or (Shoomakers) bodkin; also, a spotted, and long-snowted Ray, or Thornback; tearmed by some, the sharpe-snowted Ray.*

Alesnes. *Cockle, Corn-rose, field Nigella, wild Nigella.*

† Aleu: m. *Liberty, freedome, franchise; immunitie; also free tenure which holds of no man, and for which no service, nor fine is due to any; (it hath commonly the addition of, franc; and franc-aleu is also, a free subiect, or tenant.)*

Franc aleu noble. *High jurisdiction, and Seigniorie, held without bonnage, fealtie, fine, or service.*

Franc aleu rorurier. *A tenure without jurisdiction (whereunto it is subiect) but otherwise (as the other) exempted from all services, rents, fines, &c.*

Aleve. *The wild Pine tree; so called in Dauphinois.*

Aleuf. *as* Aleu.

Alexandre. *Alexander; a proper name; also, the hearb great Parsley, Alexanders, or Alisaunders.*

Pied d'Alexandre. *The hearb Bartrane, Bertrain, Pellitorie of* Spaine.

Alexandrin. *A verse of twelve or thirteen syllables.*

Alexandrin: m. ine: f. *Of Alexandria, or belonging to Alexander.*

Persil Alexandrin. *The hearbe Alexanders.*

Alexitere. *A preservation against poison.*

Alezan. *A sorrell horse; or the sorrell colour of horses.*

Alezan toustade. *A darke reddish colour, as of mettall burnt in the fire; a burnt sorrell.*

Algame. *Mixtion of gold, and quick-silver.*

Algarade: f. *An unexpected incursion, assault, or bravadoe of horsemen, seamen, or other souldiers against their enemies; any swaggering and sudden flourish, ravage, tumult, uproare.*

Algatie: f. *A kinde of instrument wherewith Chirurgians provoke urine; some tearme it, a Catheter.*

Alge: f. *Sea-weed, sea-grasse, Reets, a kind of wrinckled, and broad-leaved weed, that grows on rocks in the sea.*

Algebre: f. *The art of Equation; or of figurative numbers; an Art consisting both of Arithmetick and Geometrie; also, a breath, fracture, division, solution of continuitie, especially in bones.*

Alglisé. *The Lote, or Nettle-tree.*

Algorisme: m. *The Art, or use of Cyphers, or of numbring by Cyphers; Arithmetick, or a curious kinde thereof.*

Fol d'Algorisme. *A foole by figure, an asse in graine.*

Algoussant: m. *A Lieutenant.*

Alhatraf (*in* Rabelais, *is* Auicennaes, Alhatraf) *a Dragon, or Serpent, whose biting wounds, but impoisons not.*

Alhidade. *as* Alidade.

Aliage: m. *The stiffening, allaying, or imbacing of gold, or silver, by mingling them with other mettals.*

Aliayre. *The hearbe called Jack of the hedge.*

Louve Alliaire.

Alibi. *The being in another place then was objected.*

Alleguer son alibi. *A prisoner to alledge for his justification his being elsewhere when the fact was committed.*

Alibi-forains. *Crafty shifts, cunning evasions, or appeals, used for the avoiding of an accusation, or delaying of an action.*

Alibis forains. *Rab. All the corners.*

Aliboron. *A Polypragmon, medler; busie-body; one that hath his hand in every dish, an eare in every boat; also, one that pretends skill in all things, and indeed knowes nothing.*

Alicacubut. *The herb Alkakengie, or winter-cherrie.*

Alican. Bossu alican. *Look* Bossu.

Alicté. *In bed, laid a bed; bedred.*

Alictement. *A lying sick in bed; a lying bedred.*

s'Alicter. *A sick man to get himselfe to bed; or to lye sick in bed; or to lye bedred.*

Alidade d'un Astrolabe. *The Alhidade of an Astrolabe; the rule which turneth on the back thereof.*

Alié: m. ée: f. *Allayed, or stiffened, as gold, or silver, by other mettals.*

Alienation: f. *An alienation; a selling, putting, or making away of, also, an estranging, turning, or withdrawing from.*

Aliené: m. ée: f. *Alienea; alienated, altered; sold, or made away; estranged, or withdrawn from.*

Aliené de son entendement. *Distraught, frantick, sicke-brained, out of his little wits.*

Aliener. *To alien; alienate; alter; to sell, put, passe, or make away; also, to estrange, turne, draw, or withdraw from.*

Alier tremaille. *A Trammell net, or double net.*

Alier. *To allay; to stiffen, or imbase gold, &c. by mingling it with other mettals. Look* Allier.

Aligné: m. ée: f. *Made straight, as a line; set in a just, and direct file, or line; drawne, or squared out by line, and levell.*

Homme bien aligné. *Well featured, well shapen, well proportioned, as straight as a line.*

Alignement: m. *A cord, a draught, or thing drawne by line and levell; also, a piece of ground in a street, or by the side of a high way, let by a lord unto his tenant, (to be inclosed, or built on) by line and measure, to the end that the publique may not be incroached on; also, a making straight as a line; a setting in a just line, a drawing, or squaring out by line, and levell; also, the ligning of a bitch, &c.*

Aligner. *To make straight as a line; place in direct file, set in a just line; draw or square out by line and levell; also, to ligne, as a dog, or the dog wolfe, a bitch; also, to ioyne, or couple one plant unto another, by grafting, &c.*

Aliment: m. *Food, sustenance, nourishment.*

Alimenté. *Fed, nourished, sustained, fostered, dieted, cherished.*

Alimenter. *To feed, nourish, diet, sustaine, foster, cherish.*

Alimenteux: m. euse: f. *Much feeding, very nourishing, full of nourishment.*

Alimonner. *To put into, or fasten unto, the stall of a cart, &c.*

Alipte: m. *He that, in old time, annointed wrastlers before they exercised.*

† Aliqualement. *Indifferently, after a sort, so so.*

† Alis: m. ise: f. *Solid, compacted, hard wrought, close layed together; in which there appeare no manner of holes, or pores.*

Alise: f. *The (sweet and wholsome) fruit, or berrie of the Lote tree; also, as* Alize.

Alisier: m. *The Lot, or Nettle tree.*

Alisier gris. *The grey Lote.*

Alisier rouge. *The red Lote; both (and all the kinds thereof) strangers in England.*

Aliter. *as* Alicter.

Alize. *Any solid, well compacted, or close wrought thing.*

Alkali. *A medicinable salt made of the ashes of divers sorts of hearbes, but most especially of Glasswort. Look* Sel.

Alkakeng. *The most eminent part of the buttocks. Rab.*

Alkerenge. *The hearbe Nightshade, or Alkakengie.*

Alkermes.

Alkermes. *A confection made of the decoction, and infusion of silke into the juyce of the graine chermes; (a soveraigne remedy for all swoundings.)*

† Allagant. *washing, watering.*

Allaicté: m. ée: f. *Suckled; fed with milk.*

Allaictement: m. *A giving of suck, or milk unto.*

Allaicter. *To suck; to give suck, or milk unto.*

Allaire. *A little walk, or alley, in a wood; or, a tree growing therein.*

Allambre. *Copper. (In Spanish)*

Allan: m. *A kinde of big, strong, thicke-headed, and short snowted dog; the brood whereof came first out of* Albania, *(old* Epirus.*)*

Allan de boucherie. *Is like our Mastive, and serves Butchers, to bring in fierce oxen, and to keep their stals.*

Allan gentil. *Is like a Grayhound in all propertics, and parts, his thick and short head excepted.*

Allan vautre. *A great, and ougly curre of that kind (having a big head, hanging lips, and slowching eares) kept onely to bait the* Beare, *and wild* Boare.

Allanguir. *To make languish, pine, or waste away.*

Allant: m. *A goer, a gadder; also, a subtile, crafty, wilie; or, a cosening, deceitfull, cheating fellow.*

Allant: m. ante: f. *Going, walking, wending, pacing, marching, travelling, journying; proceeding, departing.*

Allantoïde. Membrane al. *Look* Membrane.

Allarme: m. *An alarum.*

Allarmé: m. ée: f. *Roused, or affrighted, by an Alarum.*

Allarmer. *To give an Alarum unto; also, to rouse, prepare, or affright, by Alarums.*

s'Alaschir. *as* s'Alachir.

Allayé: m. ée: f. *Allayed; stiffened, or imbased, as gold, or silver (coine) by the mixture of other mettals.*

Or allayé au blanc, ou sur le blanc. *Gold allayed with silver.*

Or allayé ou rouge, ou sur le rouge. *Gold allayed with copper.*

Allayer. *To allay, or mix gold, or silver with baser mettals.*

Alle: f. *(The old drinke of England) Ale. Seek* Alles.

Allé: m. ée: f. *Gone, walked, went, journied, departed.*

C'est bien allé. *Matters are in good termes; the businesse goes well forward, goes well on.*

Alleage: m. *as* Allage.

Alleboteur: m. *A grape-gleaner.*

† Allebouter. *To rake, gather; or: gleane after. Look* Hallebotet.

Allebrent. *as* Albrem.

Allechant. *Baiting, alluring, tempting, inveagling, inticing.*

Allecher. *Look* Allicher.

Allecter. *To wamble, as a queasie stomack doth.*

Allée: f. *A going, walking, wending, pacing; a gate, walke, journey, march, pace; also, an alley, gallery; walke, walking-place, path, or passage.*

Il eut l'allée pour le venir. *Hee got his travell for his paines; he might even as well have stayed.*

Allegation: f. *An allegation, alleadgement, alleadging.*

Allege: m. *An ease, lightning, disburdenment, easement, help towards the bearing of a burthen; a refreshment; asswagement; comfort, solace; any thing that lightens, or lessens a charge, care, grefe, or mischiefe.*

Allege: f. *A lyter (boat.)*

Allegé: m. ée: f. *Disburdened, lightened, eased; helped; refreshed; asswaged; mitigated; solaced; also, lessened, diminished, extenuated.*

Allegeance. *as* Allege.

Allegement: m. *A lightning, disburdening, easing; a lifting up, or helping to beare, a thing that lies heavy on; a refreshing; asswaging, mitigating; allaying; solacing; also, a lessening, or impairing of.*

Alleger. *To lighten, disburden; ease, or discharge, of part of a burthen; to lift up, or helpe to beare, a load; to refresh, asswage, mitigate, allay; solace; also, to lessen, diminish, extenuate.*

Allegorie: f. *An Allegorie.*

Allegorique: com. *Allegoricall.*

Allegoriser. *To allegorize it; To use Allegories.*

Allegué: m. ée: f. *Alleadged; produced, uttered, brought forth.*

Alleguer. *To alleadge; to urge, or produce reasons, arguments, evidence, or authority for the proofe of.*

Alleinée: f. *A breath, ayre, puffe; a breathing, or puffing.*

Allelyon: m. *A little spread-Eagle, or other bird, in blazon, wanting beake, feet, and legs.*

Alleman. *Look* Aleman.

Allenée. *as* Alleinée.

Allentir. *as* Alentir.

Aller. *To go, walke, wend, march, pace, tread; proceed, journey, travell, depart.*

Aller par ambages, ou en ambagoye. *To use many circumstances, to goe about the bush.*

Aller en appoinctant. *as* Aller en poincte.

Aller à S. Bezet. *To rest in no place; continually to trot, gad, wander up and downe.*

Aller au change. *Looke* Change.

Aller de cholere contre quelqu'n. *To raile upon, invveigh against.*

Aller au deuant de. *To prevent; meet; present himselfe before.*

Aller au deuant par derriere. *To take a wrong, to go a contrary, course.*

Aller à l'encontre. *To resist, withstand, repugne; also, to meet.*

Aller à l'entour du pot. *To use idle circumstances, needlesse ceremonies; wee say, to go about the bush.*

Aller eschais. *To shale, to straddle.*

Aller par escuelles. tout y va par escuelles. *There is cheer in bowls; or, the house is throwne out at the windowes.*

Aller d'une tesse. Il n'y va d'une tesse. *Hee works by halves; he goes but slackly, or unwillingly, to work.*

Aller de guet à ses affaires. *To go slowly, or sleepily about his businesse.*

Aller long. *To have a squirt, to squatter out behinde.*

Au long aller. *At length; in continuance, or processe of time, after much adoe.*

Aller aux meures sans crochet. *Looke* Meure.

Aller du pair auec. *To goe cheek by jowle with, to equall, match, keep play, hold tack with.*

Aller & parlir. Il sçait aller, & parler. *He is an industrious, discreet, well-behaved person; he knowes when to speak, how to carry himselfe; any imployment fits, any fashion becomes, him.*

Aller le pas. *To pace it, or go a foot-pace.*

Aller à pas menu. *To tread gingerly, to mince it like a maid.*

Aller de l'un pied sur l'autre. *To affect, or mince it, in gate, pace, or treading.*

Aller du pied comme vn chat maigre. *To be swift, or light, afoot; also, to tread softly, or gingerly.*

Aller en poincte. *To grow lesse and lesse; to lessen towards the top, as a spire, Pyramides, &c.*

Aller quant & quant quelqu'un. *To hold equall pace; or, go cheek by jowle, with.*

Aller à la raison. *To incline unto reason, to speake somewhat reasonably.*

Aller à la rengeute. pour se laisser al. *For running riot, flying out; for giving her lustfull appetite more scope than became her; for playing a whoorish tricke or two.*

Aller aux requestes. *Look* Requeste.

Aller en rond. *To turne round, or wheele about; also, to be of a round forme.*

Aller au saffran. *To fall to decay, to grow bankrupt in estate, to go downe the weather.*

Aller de plus grande singlée. *A Shippe to make the greater way, or to beare more sayles, for speed.*

Aller tousjours son train. *To keep alwaies one place; to hold on the old course still.*

Aller à travers champs. *To wander; to goe romming out of the high, out of the road, out of the right, way.*

Aller à la veuë. *To go lodge a Buck, or harbour a Stagge; (mornings worke for woodmen.)*

Au fort, ou, au pis aller. *At worst, if the worst fall out, and the worst come to the worst.*

Au long aller. *Seek* Aller long.

Au mieulx aller. *Howsoever, whatsoever fall out; or at the best, although the best befall.*

Au par aller. *At the length.*

S'en aller. *To depart, flit, avoid, bee gone; also, as* Aller.

S'en aller au haut & au long. *To run his Countrey.*

S'en aller à la mousstarde. Tout le monde s'en va à la mousstarde. *'Tis common, vulgar, divulged all the world over; (of a booke) wast paper is made of it, mustard pots are stopped with it, (so much the world esteemes it.)*

S'en aller de paire. Ie m'en uay de paire. *I will be unlaid against.*

S'en aller à vn. *To agree, consent, accord; to come all to one.*

On s'en peut bien aller. *You may be gone, you may depart when you will; you may go shake your eares; the matter is dispatched, our businesse at an end, here is no more to be done.*

Il m'y va de. *It touches, or concernes; it depends upon, my.*

Aller & parler peut on, boire & manger non; Prov. *One may viſit a friend ſometimes, but muſt not if hee look to be welcome (another time) ſtay long with him.*

Aller & venir font le chemin peler; Prov. *Much travelling makes bad waies.*

C'eſt grand peine d'aller à cheval, & vne mort d'aller à pied; Prov. *'Tis a great trouble to ride, and a death to foot it. (Some lazie fellow, belike, invented this proverbe.)*

Va ou tu peux, meurs ou tu dois; Prov. *Travell whither thou canſt, but die where thou oughteſt; ſee as many Countries as thou wilt, ſo thou die in thine owne.*

Ainſi va qui mieux ne peut; Prov. *Hee poorely goes that cannot richly goe; Hee barely lives that cannot bravely live; even ſo goes hee that cannot better goe.*

Il ne va pas du tout à honte qui de demie voye retourne; Pro. *He never goes through for ſhame, that turned back when he was halfe way.*

Qui va il leſche. qui repoſe il ſeiche; Prov. *He that beſtirs him gets ſomewhat, whereas he that lies ſtill doth ſtarve.*

Qui n'y va n'y chet; Prov. *He incurs no danger that comes not where 'tis; come not among blowes, your ſkin will be whole enough.*

Qui par tòt va par tout prend; Prov. *He that goes far gaines much.*

Alleran. *as* Alezan.

Allerion. *as* Allelyon.

† Alles. Ils eurent alles. *They had a reputation; or, they paſſed currantly.*

Alleud: m. *Free hold, free tenure; as* Aleu; *alſo, inheritance that comes freely, and by diſcent, not by purchaſe; and which one leaves, or may leave, unto his heire.*

Alleuf. *as* Aleu. ¶ Poicteuin.

Alleure: f. *as* Allure.

Alleut. *A free hold, or free tenure; or, as* Alleud.

Alleutiér. *A free holder, or, free tenant.*

Alleyer. *A Marchant to declare (upon his oath) unto a Toll-gatherer, through whoſe libertie he paſſes, what, and how much ware, and chaffer he carries along with him.* ¶ Gaſc.

Alliage: m. *as* Aliage.

Alliaire. *Sauce alone, Jacke of the hedge; (an herb.)*

Alliance: f. *Alliance; confederation, fellowſhip, combination; agreement, conſent; a league of friendſhip.*

Alliances. *Gimmouls, or Gimmoul-rings.*

Alliance Theutonique. *The Company, or Corporation of Marchants of the Hanſe.*

Alliché: m. ée: f. *Allured, inveagled, inticed, tempted, drawne, tolled, or brought on by flattering, and faire means.*

Allichement: m. *An allurement, inveagelment, inticement, bait; a temptation, or flatterie; or, an alluring, inticing, inveagling, tempting, drawing on by flattering meanes.*

Allicher. *To allure, inveagle, intice, tempt, toll, draw on, bring unto, by flatterie, or faire meanes.*

Allichoir. *as* Allichement. *(in the firſt ſence.)*

Allidade. *as* Alidade.

Allie: m. *An allie, kinſman; confederate; a companion, mate, aſſociate; alſo, an acceſſary, or fellow in an offence.*

Allié: m. ée: f. *Allied; confederate with; joyned, coupled, knit, neer unto in fellowſhip, and friendſhip; alſo, acceſſary; or, as farre in as another; alſo, allayed, or ſtiffened; as gold, &c.*

Allier. *To allie, joyne, knit, couple in fellowſhip, and friendſhip; to aſſociate, accord, confederate together; alſo, as* Alier; *to ſtiffen, or mingle gold, or ſilver with other mettals.*

Allignée: f. *A Vine tied to, or coupled with, an Elme tree, braunch, or ſtake.*

Allignement. *as* Alignement.

Alligner. *as* Aligner.

Alliti: m. ie: f. *Bedred; or, laid ſick in bed.*

Allochons d'un rouët. *The teeth, or toothing, of a wheele, in a clock, &c.*

Allode: f. *Free poſſeſſion, free tenure; or, as* Alleud.

Allodial. terres allodiales. *Free lands, for which no rents, fines, nor ſervices are due; of whoſe ſoyle there is no lord; which are held immediatly from God; (yet are they (unleſſe they be noble) ſubject unto juriſdiction.)*

Alloigné: m. ée: f. *Driven, chaſed; gone, got, farre from, or farre before.*

Alloigner. *To chaſe, or drive farre from, or before.*

s'alloigner de ſa maiſon. *To abandon, or get farre from his houſe.*

Allonge. *as* Alongement.

Allongement, & Allonger; *as* Alongement, & Alonger.

Allotement: m. *A parting, dividing; an allotting, or laying out, unto every one his part.*

Allotir. *To divide, or part; to allot, or lay out, unto every one his part.*

Allou. *as* Allodial. ¶ Namur.

Alloué. *as* Alleut; *alſo, a Seneſchals Lieutenant.*

Allouër. *To allow, advow, approve, like well of.*

Allouette. *Seek* Alouëtte.

Allouvi: m. ie: f. *As hungry as a Woolfe; alſo, fleſhed, or, cruell, as a Woolfe.*

Alloyandier. ¶ Rab. *A roſter of ſhort ribs of beefe. Seek* Aloyau.

Alloyé: m. ée: f. *Seek* Allayé.

Allumé: m. ée: f. *Lighted, kindled, ſet on fire, or on a flame.*

Allumelle. *Seek* Alumelle.

Allumement: m. *A lighting; a kindling in flaming, a ſetting on a flame.*

Allumer. *To lighten, kindle, ſet on a fire, or on a flame.*

Vieilles amours, & vieux tiſons s'allument en toutes ſaiſons; Prov. *Old love and brands are kindled in all ſeaſons.*

Allume-ſang. *Bloud-inflaming.*

Allumetier: m. *A maker, or ſeller, of matches for tinder-boxes.*

Allumettes: f. *Matches for tinder-boxes.*

Allumeur: m. *A kindler, inflamer, or ſetter on fire.*

Allure: f. *A gate, pace, traine, treading, or going.*

D'une allure. *At once; at one, or of equall, length, or motion; alſo, with one continued gate, motion; breadth, or length.*

Alluſion: f. *An alluſion, or likening; an alluding, or applying of one thing unto another.*

Alluvion: f. *A ſtill increaſe, riſing, or ſwelling of waters, which in time, and by degrees, grows to a deluge, or inundation.*

Alluz. *All-out; or a carouſe fully drunk up.*

Almadie: f. *as* Almande. *A kind of boat.*

Almanach: m. *An Almanack, or Prognoſtication.*

petits Almanacs. *The flowers called* Pinks.

Almande: f. *An Amande; alſo, a little, narrow, and long boat, made of the barke of a tree; and in uſe among the ſavages of Africk, and India.*

Almandine: f. *A certaine ſtone like a Rubie; or a Rubie of the courſeſt; (for it is much browner in the eye, and rougher in handling, then the beſt.)*

Alme: com. *Faire, beautifull, cleer; calme; gracious, propitious; nouriſhing.*

Alme-beau. *Goodly, gracious; moſt cleere, moſt beautifull, fairly-propitious.*

Almicantarat. *as* Almucantarath. ¶ Rab.

Almoire. *An ambrie; cup-board; box. Look* Armoire.

Almucantaraths. *Are, in an Aſtrolabe, certaine circles denoting the heights that be above our Hemiſphere.*

Alocation. *An allocation, placing; fitting with, ſetting in, a place.*

Alo, & Alod; *as* Aleu. ¶ Lang.

Alode. *Free poſſeſſion, free tenure.*

Alodial. *as* Allodial.

Aloë: m. *as* Aloës.

Aloë: f. *A Larke.*

Aloës: m. *The hearb Aloes, ſea-houſeleeke, ſea-aigreene; alſo, the bitter juice thereof congealed, and uſed in Purgations.*

Aloës Cicotrin. *The beſt, moſt liver-colored, moſt cleare, and moſt tranſparent kind of Aloes; called ſo, of th'Iſland* Succotora, *whence it comes.*

Aloës hepatique. *Look* Hepatique.

Aloës de veſſie: *as* Aloës Cicotrin; *Termed ſo, becauſe it is ordinarily kept in bladders.*

Bois d'aloës. *The ſweet and precious wood, called,* Lignum Aloës.

† Alogique: com. *Unreaſonable, imprudent, inconſiderate.*

Aloine. *as* Alvine.

Alonge: m. *as* Alongement.

des alonges. *Haukes, Lunes.*

Alongé: m. ée: f. *Lengthened, extended, wire-drawn; prolonged, delayed, driven off.*

Alongeail: m. *as* Alongement.

Alongement: m. *A lengthning, drawing out in length, extenſion, prolonging, delaying, driving off.*

Alonger. *To lengthen, draw out in length, extend, wire-draw, prolong, proroge, deferre, delay, drive off.*

Alonger la courroye. *To lengthen out a matter, to prolong a ſuit.*

Alonger les eſtriers. *Look* Eſtrier.

Alonger les ss. *To play falſe in accounts; as, to ſet down an* f *(which ſtands for a franc) inſtead of an* f. *which ſtands but for a ſol.*

Alongiſſement. *as* Alongement.

Alopecie. *The foxes evill; a diſeaſe cauſing the haire of the head, or beard to fall off.*

Alors. adverb. *Then; at that time.*

Aloſe: f. *A Shad (fiſh.)*

Aloſer. *To colour, or cloak a matter.*

Aloud. franc al. *as* Aleu. ¶ Bourgongnois.

Alouër. *as* Allouër; *Also to let out to hire; also, to appoint, or set downe a proportion for expence, or for any other imployment.*

Alouette *A Larke.*

Alouette de le gorge. *The flap that covers the top of the winde-pipe.*

Alouette huppée. *as* Cocheuis.

Alouette de mer. *The little Sea-fowle, called, a Purre.*

Alouette de pré. *The Chit, or small meddow-Larke.*

Petite alouëtte. *as* Alouette de pré.

Pied d'alouette. *The herbe Larks-spur, Larks-claw, Larkes-heele, Larkes-toes, Monkes-hood.*

Donner la bourde de l' alouette. *To misse-lead, or traine along from the place hee would finde; (from the Larke, which ever flyes from-ward her nest, when shee sees any body eyes her.)*

Il pense que les alouettes luy tomberont en la bouche toutes rosties; *He vainly thinks that good fortune will come a wooing to him.*

Alourdi: m. ie: f. *Dulled, besotted, made blockish.*

Alourdir. *To dull, besot, make blockish.*

† s'Alouser: *To praise, or commend himselfe; to brag, or boast, of himselfe.*

Aloy: m. *Th'allay of Gold, or Silver, coyne; the (mixed) matter, or mettall whereof it is made; also, fine Bell-mettall; also, a kinde of Larke; also, as* Aleu.

Aloyau de bœuf. *A short rib of Beefe, or the fleshy end of the rib, divided from the rest, and roasted; a little piece of (roasted) beefe, having a bone in it.*

Aloyne. *as* Alvine.

Alozer. *as* Alouser; *(An old word.)*

Alpes. *The Alpes; the mountaines which are between France, and Italy.*

Alpestre: com. *Mountainous, craggy, wilde, hilly.*

Alphe: m. *A Morphue, or staining of the skinne.*

Alphitomantie. *Divination by Barley-meale.*

Alphonsin. *A come of gold, worth about seven shillings, Sterl.*

Alquemie *Alchumie, Alchumistrie.*

Faire l'alquemie des dentes, ou, auec les dents. *To fast.*

Alquequanges. *The herbe Night-shade, Alkakengie, Winter-Cherries.*

Alte. *as* Halte.

Altératif: m. iue: f. *Thirst-breeding, thirst-increasing.*

Alteration: f. *An alteration, change, or changing; also, thirst, or drouth.*

Altercateur. *A brabler, brawler, brangler, wrangler, contentious, or litigious person.*

Altercation: f. *Altercation, brabling, brawling, wrangling, brangling; strife, debate, contention in words, contentious proceeding, litigious pleading of one against another.*

Altere: m. *A poise of lead, which dancers on ropes hold in their hands for a counterpoise; also, a piece of lead to lift up, for exercise.*

Altéré: m. *The spotted, and small-headed Viper* Dipsas, *whose biting causeth an extreame and unquenchable thirst.*

Altéré m. ée: f. *Altered, changed, varied, different from what it was; falsified, sophisticated; also, dry, athirst, almost dryed up; also, extreamely passionate, exceedingly angred, or moved; in a chafe, in a fume.*

Alterer. *To alter, change, vary, turne from what it was; also, to adulterate, falsifie, sophisticate; also, to breed, or increase thirst, or drouth; to make dry, or adry; to drie up.*

s'alterer. *To grow dry, or athirst; also, to fall in a chafe, or grow into choler.*

Alteres: f. *Vehement passions of the mind; strange and doubtfull conceits floating in the thoughts; also, divine fury; or, inspirations from above, ravishing, and transporting the spirit out of her proper seat; extasies, transportations of spirit.*

Alternatif: m. iue: f. *Alternative, interchangeable, succeeding in course, done by turnes, or immediately one after another.*

Alternation: f. *An alternation; a succession by turne; an interchange; a variation of one immediately after another.*

Alternativement. *Interchangeably; by course, or turnes, one presently after another; one in the necke of another; one for another.*

Alterner. *To interchange, to doe by course, or turnes.*

Alterquer. *To brabble, wrangle, brawle, chide, brangle, contend in words; to plead one against another.*

Altesse: f. *Highnesse; (the title of a Soveraigne, Duke, or Prince.)*

Altier: m. ere: f. *Proud, lofty, stately, disdainfull, haughty.*

Altitonant. *Thundring from high, or from above.*

Alveole. *The pit, or hollow part of the jaw, whereinto a tooth is fastened.*

Aluette. *The Vuula; a little piece of flesh in the roof of the mouth, like a cocks spur; See* Gargatte.

Aluex, ou Aluex. *as* Aleu.

Alvine: f. *wormewood; Look* Absynthe *for the severall kindes thereof.*

Alvineux: m. euse: f. *Bitter as Wormewood; of Wormewood; full of, or fraught with, Wormewood.*

Alumelle: f. *The blade of a sword, or knife.*

Alumette. *Seek* Allumette.

Alumineux: m. euse: f. *Full of Allum; belonging unto Allum.*

Eau allumineuse, *Allum-water.*

Alun: m. *Allum.*

Alun d'escaille. *A kind of Allum thats made of the transparent stone, called,* Miroir d'Asne.

Alun de glace. *Roche Allum; See* Glace.

Alun de plume. *A hard, and white Allum, full of streakes, or flakes; we call it stone Allum, or itching powder; Look* Plume.

Alun saccharin. *That is as white as sugar, or, as* Alun succrin.

Alun succrin. *An Allum compounded of Rose-water, whites of egges, and Roche Allum; Italian women use it much in their cleansing, or whitening, imployments.*

Aluté: m. ée: f. *Bedaubed, beplaistred, bemired, or besmeared all over with clay, dust, or loame.*

Aluyne: f. *Wormewood.*

Aluyne Pontique; & Romaine; *as* Absynthe Pontique, & Romaine.

Petite aluyne. *Sea-wormwood; especially the white one; and that which is called Sothernwood-Wormewood.*

Alys. *Smooth; sleeke, polished; an old word.*

Alysson. *The herbe Mad-wort, Moone-wort, Heale-dog.*

Alzan. *as* Alezan.

Alzatin. ℥ Rab. *The fat cawle, or kell wherein the bowels are lapt.*

Amadées: m. *A certaine Order of Cordeliers, or gray-friers.*

Amadis. Pinsegreneur d'Amadis. *A neat, spruce, affecting speaker.*

Amadizé: m. ée: f. *Quaint, spruce, affected, pranke with fine words, full of gay termes.*

Amodoüé. *Flattered, smoothed; won, or inveagled by pleasing tearmes; pacified, or appeased with good, or faire, words.*

Amadoüement: m. *A flattering, smoothing, inveagling, tickling, or lulling asleep the minde and affection with pleasing termes; a pacifying, appeasing, or sweetning of an angry, or harsh spirit, with good words.*

Amadoüer. *To flatter, to smooth, to gloze with; to allure, insice, inveagle, winne, with flattering speeches; to tickle, delight, or lull asleep the minde and affection with pleasing termes; also, to sweeten, or appease a harsh or angry spirit with faire words.*

Amadoüeur: m. *A flatterer, smoother, glozer, faire speaker.*

Amafrose. *Blindnesse caused by the obturation of the Optick sinew.*

Amaigri: m. ie: f. *Macerated; made, or growne lean, meagre, thin, slender, shrunk, fallen away.*

Amaigrir. *To macerate, make lean, meagre, thin.*

s'amaigrir. *To grow leane, wax meagre, shrinke, or fall in flesh, fall away.*

Amainer. *To strike Saile; (a Sea terme.)*

s'Amaisonner. *To lodge, house, or harbour himselfe.*

† s'Amalader. *To fall sicke.*

Amalgame. *A mixture, or incorporation of Quick-silver with other mettals.*

Amalgamer. *To mix, or incorporate, &c; a Chimicall terme.*

Amanché. *as* Emmanché.

Amande: f. *An Almond; also, the kernell of a Plum-stone, Cherry-stone, &c.*

Amandé: m. ée: f. *Of Almonds; mingled, or seasoned with Almonds.*

Amandier. *An Almond-tree.*

Amandin. *A kinde of reddish Marble.*

Amanite. *The name of a wholsome Toad-stoole.*

Amanoté: m. ée: f. *Manacled; also, furnished with a handle.*

Amanoter. *To manacle; to hand-fast, or bind the hands fast with manacles.*

Amantelé: m. ée: f. *Cloaked; covered with a cloak, or mantle. Seeke* Emmentelé.

Amaphroſe. *as* Amafroſe.
Amaranthe: f. *The flower gentle, Florcamour, Flower velure, purple velvet flower.*
Amareur: f. *as* Amaritude.
Amaritude: f. *Bitterneſſe; alſo, extream harſhneſſe; extream anguiſh.*
Amarrage: m. *The great cordage, or tackle of a ſhip.*
Amarré. *Moored; faſtened, bound, or tyed faſt with great ropes.*
Amarrer. *To tye, binde, faſten, or make faſt with cables, or great ropes; to moore.*
Amarres: f. *Great anchor-cables; or ground Tackle.*
Amarri: m. *The wombe, or matrix of a woman.*
Amas: m. *A heape, or pile; a great number, ſort, crue, rout; alſo, a Moon-calfe, or Tympany in a womans wombe; as* Mole.
Amaſe. *A meſſuage, or tenement.* ¶ Wallon.
Amaſé: m. ée: t. *Houſed, or having a tenement on it.*
Amaſement: m. *A meſſuage, tenement, building.*
Amaſſé: m, ée: f. *Piled, heaped, gathered together; alſo, taken up, or, ſtooped for.*
Amaſſement: m. *A collection; a heaping, or gathering together; a piling one upon another; alſo, a taking, or gathering up.*
Amaſſe-miel. *Honey-getting, ſweets-gathering.*
Amaſſer. *To pile, heape; gather, collect together; alſo, to take up; alſo, to ſtoop for.*
s'amaſſer. *To aſſemble, meet, or ſwarm, together in troops.*
Amaſſer la diſme de l'ail. *To bee well and ſoundly cudgelled; or, to doe that for which he is ſure of a cudgelling;* (a Poictevin *phraſe.*)
On ne ſçait pour qui on amaſſe; Pro. *Men know not who ſhall ſpend their gettings; or, God onely knowes who ſhall enjoy thoſe heaps.*
Amaſſereſſe: f. *A woman that piles, heaps, gathers; takes up, or ſtoops for.*
Amaſſeur: m. *A piler, heaper, gatherer; a taker up of, or ſtooper for, things.*
A pere amaſſeur fils gaſpilleur; Prov. *See* Pere.
Mieux vaut bon gardeur que bon amaſſeur; Prov. *A warie keeper is better than a carefull getter.*
Amaſtiné: m, ée: f. *Made, or become dogged, ſurly, churliſh, curriſh.*
s'Amaſtiner. *To become dogged, ſurly, curriſh, churliſh.*
Amateur. *A lover, affecter; wooer; an amorous companion.*
Amathyſte. *The precious ſtone called an Amatiſt.*
Amati: m. ie: f. *Mated, amated, quailed, abated, allaied; decaied; mortified; faded, upon withering; alſo, cured, accuſtomed, trained up unto.*
Amatir. *To enure, accuſtome, traine up unto; or, as* Emmatir; *to mate, amate, &c.*
Amatrice: f. *An Amatrix, a ſhe-lover.*
† Amaurote. *A Moore, or one of Mauritania.*
Amazé. *as* Amaſé.
Ambages, *or* Ambageois. *Ambages; circuits, compaſſes, or circumſtances in words, a going about the buſh.*
Ambagieux: m, euſe: f. *Full of ambages, or frivolous circumſtances.*
Ambagoye. Aller en ambagoye. *Seeke* Aller.
Amballage: m. *Package. Look* Emballage.
Ambarvales: m. *Rogation, or Gang, weeks; religious feaſts, or walkes, wherein the fruits of the earth are prayed for.*
Ambaſſade: f. *An Embaſſage, an Embaſſie, an Embaſſadorſhip; alſo a troop, or company of joint Embaſſadors ſent together from a Prince.*
Ambaſſadeur. *An Embaſſadour.*
Ambe. *With, together with, in company of.* ¶ Gaſc.
Ambezatz. *Ambes-ace, or two aces at dice.*
Ayant faict ambezatz. *Having buttered the connie, having had that chance that no wiſe man would nick.*
Ambi. *A certaine wooden inſtrument of two pieces, uſed for the putting of a ſhoulder into joint.*
Ambier. *To goe; (*Barrag;*) alſo, to compaſſe, or goe about; alſo, to ſue for an Office, labour for promotion, canvas for a place.*
Ambigu: m. üe: f. *Ambiguous, doubtfull, uncertaine, double; which may be taken in divers ſences, or divers wayes.*
Ambigüement. *Ambiguouſly; doubtfully, uncertainly; of divers ſences, with double underſtanding.*
Ambigüité: f. *Ambiguity; doubtfulneſſe, uncertainty.*
Ambitieux: m. euſe: f. *Ambitious; greedy of honours; deſirous of promotion.*
Ambition: f. *Ambition; exceſſive deſire of honour, preferment, or promotion.*
Amblant. *Ambling, pacing, racking.*
Amble: f. *An amble, pace, racke; an ambling, or racking pace; a ſmooth, or eaſie gate.*
Aller l'amble, ou les ambles; *as* Ambler.
Mettre aux ambles. *To make a man ready to doe, or ſpeake a thing before he know, or be aware, how he was drawne unto it; alſo, to bring to reaſon, or perſwade unto reaſonable termes, one, that before was froward, or unreaſonable.*
Et plus la mettoit en cett' amble. *And put her more into that humour, or, ſet her forward in that veine.*
Il y perdit les ambles. *That madded him, or made him loſe all patience; alſo, that was beyond his reach, out of his proper element.*
Ambler. *To amble, pace; racke; to goe eaſily, and ſmoothly away.*
Ambligone. *A blunt angle; or, a triangle one of whoſe angles are blunt.*
Ambliopie: f. *Dulneſſe, or dimneſſe of ſight.*
Ambouchoüer. *Seek* Embouchouer.
Ambre: m. *Amber.*
Ambre blanc. *White Amber; one kinde thereof (throwne by the floating ſea on the Pruthian ſhore) which being given to drinke, in wine, unto a faſting wench, will force her to piſſe, if ſhe have loſt her maiden-head.*
Ambre crud. *Raw Amber; Amber as it growes, or as it is; before it be prepared, poliſhed, and made tranſparent (by the fat of a ſucking Pig.)*
Ambre gris *Amber-greece, or gray-Amber; (the beſt kinde of Amber) uſed in perfumes.*
Ambre noir. *Black amber (the worſt kinde of Amber) uſually mingled with Aloes, Labdanum, Storax, and ſuch like aromaticall ſimples, for Pomander chaines, &c.*
Ambre de Parenoſtres. *Bead-amber; the ordinary yellow amber.*
Ambroiſie. *Ambroſia; the food of the gods.*
Ambroſie: f. *The ſame; alſo, the herbe called Oke of Cappadocia; and another, called Oke of* Ieruſalem.
Ambrum. (Rab.) *Seek* Lambrum.
Ambulatif: m. iue: f. *Ambulative; ever walking, or ſtirring on each ſide; whence;* Ulcere ambulatif. *An ulcer, which continually ſpreading it ſelfe, gnawes, frets, and conſumes the ſound parts next unto it.*
Ambulatoire: com. *Ambulatory; unſetled, removing from place to place; whence;* Parlement ambulatoire. *The Iudges circuit; or, a Court, or Terme, that oft removes.*
Ame: f. *The ſoule, or ſpirit; alſo, a ſpirit, or ghoſt; alſo, the mould that is within the bore of Artillery when 'tis caſt.*
Ameiller. *To milke; or ſuck.*
Amelette. *A little pretty ſoule.*
Amelioré: m. ée: f. *Bettered, improved, mended; amended, recovered.*
Amelioremẽt: m. *A bettering, mending, improving; amending, recovering.*
Ameliorer. *To better, mend, improve; amend, reforme, recover.*
Amelot. *A kind of ſmall bitter-ſweet apple.*
Amenage: m. *Carriage; or, the bringing of.*
Amendable: com. *Amerceable, fineable; that deſerves to bee fined, or may bee amerced; alſo, mendable, amendable.*
Amendaye: f. *A grove, or orchard, of Almond-trees.*
Amende: f. *A penalty, fine, mulct, amerciament; an amends made by an offender to the law violated, or party wronged; alſo, a certaine engine, or net to catch fiſh with.*
Amendes arbitraires. *Fines impoſed at the pleaſure of the Court, and different from* Amendes couſtumieres, *which are limited by the peculiar lawes, and cuſtomes of every Country, and Court.*
Amende du cas de Nouvelleté, 60 *l.* Tour. *due unto the King upon every writ, or action, of* Novel diſſeiſin.
Amende de la Cour. *is in ſome places* vii. *s.* vi. *d.* Tour. *in others but* v. *s.*
Amendes couſtumieres. *Look,* Amendes arbitraires.
Amende curiale. *An amercement of an inferiour Court; or, as* Amende de la Cour.
Amende enflambée. *Whereby an offendor is enjoyned to hold a burning torch in his hand while he aſketh forgiveneſſe.*
Amende de fol appel. *is* 10 *l.* Pariſis, *after a judgement given, and before* 10 *l. or more, if need be, at the diſcretion of the Judges, and in recompence to the party intereſſed by the delaying of the ſuit.*
Amende de gage. *is* vii. *s.* vi. *d.* Tour. *due by every vaſſale that hath not delivered unto his Lord a ſufficient ſurvey of the peeces hee holds, (by the cuſtomes of la Perche.)*
Amende groſſe. *is* vi *s. ſterling, or a greater ſum, raiſed according to the quality of the offence, or omiſſion for which it is inflicted.*
Amende honorable. *A moſt ignominious puniſhment inflicted upon an extreame offendor;*

offendor; who muſt goe through the ſtreets bare-foot, and bare-headed (with a burning linke in his hand) unto the ſeat of Juſtice, or ſome ſuch publick place; and there confeſſe his offence, and aſk forgiveneſſe of the party he hath wronged.

Amende de loy. *is* vii. s. vi. d. Tour.

Amende ordinaire. *as* Amende groſſe.

Amende ſimple. vi. d, or at moſt, ix. d, ſterling: *the uſuall fine or amerciament, for ſmall faults, or ſlight omiſſions.*

Amende ſtatutaire. *as* Amende couſtumiere; *for which look* Amende arbitraire.

Amende de toſt-entrée. *is a fine of* vi. s. Pariſ. *ſet on the head of every new Lord of an inheritance* Roturier, *or* Allodial; *if hee enter into it before hee have been orderly inveſted, and put into poſſeſſion by ſuch as have juriſdiction in the place, or territory, wherein it lyes (by the cuſtomes of* Rheims.)

La grande amende. *is* vi. s. ſterl.

La petite amende. *is in ſome places* ix. d, *in others, but* vi. d, ſterl.

Droict d'amende. *Look* Droict.

Il eſt de Lorry, ou le battu paye l'amende; (&, C'eſt la loy du païs de Bearn. que le battu paye l'amende; Pro.) *He beares away the blowes, and yet muſt pay for the bloud-whip.*

Amendé: m. ée: f. *Mended, amended, bettered; ſatisfied, made amends for.*

Amendement: m. *A mending, amendment; amends, recompence.*

Amender. *To correct, amend, better; alſo, to ſatisfie, recompence, make amends for.*

Ie le vous amende. *I cry you mercy. Look* Ployer.

Amendeur. *A mender, amender, corrector.*

Amené: m. ée: f. *Brought, led, fetched in, or unto.*

Amenée: f. *The walk or circuit of a Sergeant, or Bailife, wherein he may arreſt, ſummon, or adjourne; alſo, an arreſt; ſummons, or adjournment, executed by him.*

Amenement: m. *A leading, or bringing unto.*

Amener. *To bring, or lead unto; to fetch in, or to.*

Amener l'eau au moulin. *To draw in gain, to bring in commodity; to furniſh with needfull, and profitable things.*

Amener les voiles. *To ſtrike ſaile, or to take in the ſailes.*

Ameneur. *A bringer, or fetcher unto; alſo, a kinde of Sergeant, or Baylife in ſome parts of France, belonging to particular Lords.*

Ameniré: f. *Amenitie; pleaſantneſſe, delectableneſſe, delightfulneſſe.*

Amenuiſant. *Leſſening; or, growing leſſe and leſſe; or, making little.*

Amenuiſé: m. ée: f. *Leſſened; made little; growne leſſe and leſſe.*

Amenuiſement: m. *A leſſening; a making little.*

Amenuiſer. *To leſſen; to make little; alſo, to grow little, or leſſe and leſſe.*

Ameos: m. *Herbe-William, Ameos, Ammi, Bull-wort, Biſhops-weed.*

Amer: m. *The gall of a beaſt, &c.*

Amer: m. ere: f. *Bitter; alſo, full of anguiſh; or harſhneſſe; alſo, moſt deſpightfull.*

Amer-doux. *A bitter-ſweet Apple.*

Amerement. *Bitterly; moſt harſhly; moſt deſpightfully.*

Ameret. *Cyder made of bitter apples.*

Ameril. m. *Corruptly for* Emeril; *an Emrod.*

Amerine: f. Agnus caſtus. *Abrahams balme, chaſt or hemp-tree, Parke-leaves.*

Ameriquain. m. *The Neapolitane, or French diſeaſe; called ſo, becauſe it firſt came from* America.

Amertume: f. *Bitterneſſe; alſo, anguiſh of minde; alſo, extreame deſpightfulneſſe.*

Amertumer. *To make bitter.*

Ameſnagé: m. ée: f. *Managed, governed, ordered, ſetled, as a houſhold; husbanded, or well-handled, as an eſtate.*

Ameſnager. *To governe, rule, order, ſettle, a houſhold; to manage, handle, husband, or diſpoſe of, an eſtate.*

Ameſſon. *as* Hameçon; *a hook.*

Ameſſonné: m. ée: f. *Hooked, booky, like a hooke.*

†Ameſſures. *as* d'am. *The reviling, ſlandering; ſtriking, or fetching bloud, of a man; or, the ſuſpition of an offence, whoſe puniſhment is but pecuniary.*

s'Ameſurer. *To keep within his bounds; to live within his compaſſe; to hold an even meaſure in his actions; to be ſober.*

† Ameté: m. ée: f. *Bounded, limited, meted, or meaſured out.*

Ameſtiſte. *The precious ſtone called an Amethiſt.*

Amette. *A little ſoule, ſpirit, or ghoſt.*

Amettre. *as* Admettre.

Ameubler. *as* Ammeubler; *and as* Emmeubler.

Ameubli: m. ie: f. *Moveable; or, which may be removed.*

Ameuri: m. ie: f. *Ripened, made ripe.*

Ameurir. *To ripen, to make ripe.*

Ameuté. Chaſſe ameutée. *A cloſe running, or hunting of dogs, together; Looke* Amuté.

Ameuter. *To ſemble dogs in hunting, to hold them up cloſe together; alſo, to agree together, as well-ſorted dogs in hunting; alſo, to run, or hunt very cloſe together.*

Amezeau: m. *A Trunke; or pipe of wood, through which the ſea-water (whereof ſalt is made) paſſes, either from the receptacles, termed* Conches (*or* Couches) *unto another, that is called* Forant; *or, from the firſt, and greateſt receptacle, termed* Iard, *into the ſaid* Conches.

Ami: m. *A friend; a lover, a Paramor; a loving mate, a deere companion.*

Une beſuté faicte à l'ami; & Cheveux friſotez à l'ami. *Daintily, quaintly, curiouſly.*

Il en eſt bien mon bel ami. *He is far in love with all, he likes it paſſing well; and, he would faine have it, or be owner of it.*

Vn ami veille pour l'autre; Pro. *One friend ever watches, or cares for another.*

à rich homme n'en chaut qui ami luy ſoit; Prov. *The rich man needs no friends, or needs not care who he takes to friend; or (which is moſt ordinary, and the moſt true) reſpecteth no mans friendſhip.*

Bien part de ſa place qui ſon ami y laiſſe; Prov. *He fitly leaves his place, that leaves his friend to keepe it; or, (if it was good) that helps his friend unto it.*

Il n'y a meilleur miroir que le vieil ami; Prov. *Seek* Miroir.

La mort n'a point d'ami, le malade n'a qu'un demi; Prov. *The dead have no friends, the ſick but faint ones; or, when a man is dead his friends forſake him, and while he is ſick they care not greatly for him; or, no man loves death, or fully loves the diſeaſed.*

Longue demeure fait changer ami; Pro. *Long abſence alters affection, breeds forgetfulneſſe, weakens conſtancy, brings in change.*

Mieux vaut avoir ami en voye qu'or ny argent en courroye; Pro. *We ſay (but with ſome difference) better a friend in court than a penny in the purſe.*

On ne peut avoir trop d'amis; Prov. *One cannot have too many (faithfull, and diſcreet) friends.*

Parens ſans amis, amis ſans pouvoir, pouvoir ſans vouloir ſans effect, effect ſans profit, profit ſans vertu, ne vaut vn feſtu; Pro. *Kindred without friends, friends without power, power without will, will without effect, effect without profit, profit without vertue, is not worth a feſcue.*

Qui preſte à l'ami perd au double; Prov. viz. *both friend and money; To which purpoſe we have a certaine (triviall, but true-meaning) Ryme, which begins with, I lent my money to my friend, and ends with, I. loſt my money and my friend.*

Qui veut entretenir ſon ami n'ait nuls affaires avec luy; Prov. *Looke* Affaire.

Tenir ne faut pour bon voiſin vn ami de Table, & de vin; Prov. *(For when you have need of him, or when your Table growes needy, hee will be ſure to give you the ſlip.)*

Viande d'ami eſt bien toſt preſte; Pro. *A friends meat is ſoone ready; (for giving it willingly, he provides it quickly; or, one thinks it not, or muſt not ſeeme to thinke it, long in comming.)*

Amiable: com. *Amiable, lovely; friendly; comely, gracious, exceeding handſome.*

Amiablement. *Amiably, friendly, lovingly, gently, graciouſly; gracefully.*

† Amiableté: f. *Friendlineſſe, lovingneſſe, amiableneſſe.*

Amict: m. *An Amict, or Amice; part of a maſſing-Prieſts habit.*

Amidon. *as* Amydon.

Amidonner. *To ſtarch.*

Amie: f. *A love, a lemman, a ſhee-friend, a ſweet-heart; alſo, a certain ſhalleſſe fiſh, like the Bonito, which having ſwallowed a hooke, ſheers the line aſunder with her teeth, and ſo eſcapes.*

Nous verrons au Ieu qui aura belle amie: viz. *who ſhall get the victory; a Metaphor, from ſuch as fight for their miſtreſſes.*

Ia couard n'aura belle ame; Prov. *We ſay, faint heart never wonne faire lady.*

Amieller. *To ſweeten; intice, allure, inveagle with honyed words; to delight, winne, or toll on, by honey, or any ſweet meanes.*

Amielleure: f. *A liniment, or ointment, of the thickneſſe and colour of honey.*

Amiette:

Amiette: f. *A little love; young miſtreſſe, lemman, or ſweet-heart.*

Amigdale: t. *An almond. Look* Amygdales.

Amignarder. *To prank, trim; or to cocker feddle, make a wanton of; make much of.*

Amignotant. *Pampering, cockering, pranking; alſo, ſtroaking, flattering; fawning on, making much of.*

Amignotement: m. *A pampering, cockering, pranking; alſo, a ſtroaking, flattering, fawning, making much of.*

Amignoter. *as* Amignarder; *alſo, to ſtroake; flatter, fawne on.*

Amiot. *A little friend; alſo, a kinde of Pear whereof moſt excellent perry is made.*

Amiral. *Seek* Admiral.

Amiſſion: f. *A loſſe, leeſing, or loſing.*

Amitié: f. *Amitie, friendſhip, love, kindnes, good will; concord, correſpondencie.*

Bonne amitié ſeconde parenté; Prov. *Sound friendſhip a ſecond affinity.*

† Ammaires. *as* Ammares, *or* Amarres.

Amman: m. *A Maior, or Bourgomaſter. (among the Swizzers.)*

Ammares: f. *Great, or ſtrong ropes; ankercables; alſo, haſpes of yron, or cleytes of wood, &c. as in* Auche.

Ammenteller. *as* Emmenteler.

Ammeubler. *To make moveable; alſo, as* Emmeubler.

† Ammi. *as* Ameos.

s'Ammignonner. *To wax pretty, fine, feat, minion; to prank, trick up, ſet out, himſelf.*

Ammitonné. *Lapt in fure like a cat.*

Ammodite. *A creeping vermine like a viper, but of a ſandie color, and full of black ſpots.*

Ammoniac: m. Ammoniacum *(in ſhops) the juice, or gum of th' African herb,* Agaſillis; *or of the Cyrenian* ferula *or fennell-gyant.*

Sel ammoniac. *Look* Sel.

Amneſtie: f. *Forgetfulneſſe of things paſt.*

Amnie. *as* Aguelette.

Amobilié. *Movable, removable, to be removed.*

Amobilier. *To remove, to make moveable.*

Amoderer. *To moderate, aſſwage, temper, qualifie; meaſure; alſo, to ſlope, cut ſlope, take downe.*

† Amodiateur. *A farmer.*

† Amodiation. *A farming, a letting to hire, or to halves. Look,* Admodiation.

† Amodier. *as* Amoderer; *alſo, as* Admodier.

Amoindri: m. ie: f. *Diminiſhed, leſſned, extenuated, impaired, appaired; abated; allayed.*

Amoindrir. *To leſſen, diminiſh, appaire, extenuate, impaire; abate; allay.*

Amoindriſſant. *Leſſening, abating, diminiſhing.*

Amoindriſſement. *A leſſening, diminiſhing, impairing, extenuating; abating; allaying.*

Amortir. *To moiſten.*

Amolir. *To remove, or put away hardly, with paine, or much adoe; alſo, to depart, or go away.*

Amolli: m. ie: f. *Softned, mollified; pacified, appeaſed; effeminated.*

Amollir. *To ſoften, mollifie; make tender, gentle, pliant; alſo, to pacifie, appeaſe, quiet; alſo, to effeminate.*

Amolliſſable: com. *Fit, or apt to be ſoftned, mollified, made tender.*

Amolliſſant. *Softning, mollifying; effeminating; quieting.*

Amolliſſement: m. *A ſoftning, mollifying, making tender; or quiet.*

Amome: m. *A ſmall, and thick aromaticall ſhrub, whoſe bloſſomes reſcmbled white violets, and leaves thoſe of the wild Vine: This true* Amomum *of th' Ancients, is not found, or not diſcerned, at this day:* Plinie *cals thus, tree Nightſhade; others (eronionſly) call ſo the Roſe of Jeruſalem, or, our Ladies Roſe; and ſome a wiſely, herb Robert; but the moſt,* Vita longa, *or, Ethiopian pepper, which (though it be not the right) is now the moſt currant* Amomum.

Amomite. Encens Amomite. *A whitiſh kind of incenſe, which, in handling, becomes ſoft as Maſtick.*

Amomon. *as* Amome.

Amoncelé: m. ée: f. *Heaped, piled, compacted, packed, or truſſed up in a heap.*

Amoncelement: m. *A heaping, piling, compacting, packing; a gathering together into a heap.*

Amonceler. *To heape, accumulate, pile, compact; gather, pack, make up into a heap; to lay on a heap, to lay heap to heap.*

Amoneſtement. *as* Admoneſtement.

Amont. *Upwards.*

Païs d'amont. *Is, among people which dwell neer to rivers, the country that lies neerer then theirs unto the heads, or Soure, thereof.*

Vent d'Amont. *The Eaſt wind.*

Amoraye. *A coyne uſed at* Ferara, *and worth twelve* Quadrins.

Ammorce: f. *A bayt, alſo, the touch-hole of a peece; or powder for the touch-hole; alſo, as* Eſmorche.

Amorcé: m. ée: f. *Baited, allured, inticed, drawn on.*

Vne beſte amorcée. *A mankind beaſt.*

Amorcement: m. *A baiting; allureing, intycement.*

Amorcer. *To bait; alſo, to allure, beguile, inveagle, intice.*

Amorceure: t. *A bait; a bating.*

† Amorcher. *To put powder into the touch-hole of a peece.*

Amorti: m. ie: f. *Deaded, quenched, quailed, extinguiſhed, ceaſed; aboliſhed; alſo, redeemed, or bought out, as a rent charge, &c. alſo, granted, or paſſed away in Mortmaine; alſo, exchanged by agreement, as one ſervice for another; alſo, diſappearing, dead, gone, or loſt, as the part of a pillar that's cloſed within a wall; or, the piece of timber that is, by mortaiſe, joyned unto another piece.*

Cenſives amorties. *Which are not held by homage, and fealty.*

Hericages amorties. *Which owe neither homage, fealty, rent, nor ſervice; or, which are held of the Church, or by Mortmaine; or paſſed away in Mortmain.*

Amortir. *to dead, quench, quaile; aboliſh, diſſolve; alſo, to extinguiſh; redeem, or buy out, as a rent charge, &c. alſo, to grant, alien, or paſſe away, in Mortmain; alſo, to exchang by agreement, as one ſervice for another; alſo, as* Admortir; *to mortaiſe, or joyne by mortaiſe.*

s'amortir. *as* s'Admortir. *alſo, to diſappeare.*

Admortiſſable: com. *Quenchable, ſlintable, diſſolvable, aboliſhable, extinguiſhable; redeemable.*

Amortiſſement. *Mortmaine; alſo, a licence of, or paſſing in Mortmain; alſo, a deadding, quenching, diſſolution, extinguiſhment, utter ceaſing of; alſo, a diſappearing, or loſing it ſelfe within another; alſo, a mortaiſing, or joyning by mortaiſe.*

Amortiſſement de foy, &c. de Rente. *Look* Admortiſſement.

Lettres d'amortiſſement. *A licence of alienation, or of purchaſe, in Mortmaine, granted unto Church-men, corporations, guilds, fraternities, &c. and muſt be procured by them upon every new purchaſe, (generall letters not being ſufficient) otherwiſe th' Impoſition* de nouveaux Acqueſts *is laid on them, once in every Kings time: And this is good only from the King, of whomſoever the land be held; and for this, a third part of the value is to be allowed him.*

Amour: com. *Love, kindneſſe, charity; good will, good liking, affection; alſo, the name of a certain Italian-ſport; for which Look* Iouër.

Amours. *The ſpermatick veſſels of beaſts; called ſo by thoſe that uſe to tib, or geld, them.*

Eſtre en amour. *(Said of birds that bill, tread, or breed.)*

Ie le feray pour l'amour de vous: viz. *For your ſake, or for the reſpect I bear you.*

Amour de garſe, & ſaut de chien ne dure ſi l'on ne dit, tien; Prov. *Whores and dogs fawne on a man no longer then he feeds them; or, a whores love, and a dogs leaping continue but while they are fed.*

Amour de muge; Pro. *Faithfull love of a wife to her husband; (The female Mullet will rather be caught by fiſhermen then abandon her Male.)*

Amour de putain feu d'eſtoupe; Pro. *(Th' expoſition follows)* qui luit fort, & dure peu.

Amour de & ſeigneur eſt ombre de buiſſon; Pro. *The love of a great man is of ſmal continuance, & dangerous conſequence.*

Amour, & ſeigneurie ne ſe tindrent iamais compagnie; Pro. *Love, and lordlineſſe never held company together; a friend, and a lord are incompatible.*

Amour apprend les aſnes à danſer; Pro. *Look* Danſer.

Amour fait beaucoup, mais argent fait tout; Pro. *Love does much, but money does all.*

L'amour, la touſſe, & la galle ne ſe peuvent celer; Pro. *We ſay, Love, and the Cough cannot be hidden.*

Amour vaine tout fors que coeur felon; Pro. *Love overcomes any thing but a froward, or ſpightfull, heart.*

En amour eſt folie, & ſens; Pro. *In love there is both dotage, and diſcretion.*

Argent faict rage, & amour mariage; Pro. *Money breeds rage, love marriage.*

Au batre faut l'amour; Pro. *By beating (the beloved) love decayes.*

D'oiſeaux, de chiens, d'armes, & d'amours pour vn plaiſir mille douleurs; Pro. *Who follow hawks, hounds, armes, or are in love, for one delight a thouſand ſorrows prove.*

En cent livres de plaid n'y a pas vn maille d'amour; Pro. *In a hundred pound of law ther's not a half-peny weight of love.*

Fy d'avoir qui n'a joye & d'amours ſans monnoye; Pro. *Look* Fy.

Il n'eſt que les premieres amours; Pro. *The firſt love is the faſteſt; there is no love to the firſt.*

Oncques

Oncques n'y eut laides amours, ny belle priſon ; Pro. *Never ſeemed miſtreſſe foule, nor priſon faire.*
Veilles amours, & vieux iſſons s'allument en toutes ſaiſons; Pro. *Look* Allumer.

Amoureau: m. *A little love ; alſo, the little god of love.*

† Amoureſkher. *To woose (an old word.)*

Amourettes: f. *Love-tricks ; wanton lovetoyes, tickling, ticklings, dalliances ; alſo, the graſſe termed, Quakers, and ſhakers, or quaking graſſe.*
Auſſi bien ſont amourettes ſoubs bureau, que ſoubs brunettes ; Pro. *Love bides in cottages, as well as in Courts.*

Amoureuſement. *Amorously ; lovingly, affectionately, kindly, gently, courteouſly.*

Amoureux: m. *A lover, one that is in love; a wooer.*
Amoureux de Quareſme. *A Lenten-lover ; a baſhfull, modeſt, or maidenly wooer.*
Amoureux de triqueniques. *A paltry lover, a fond wooer, a trifling paramour.*

Amoureux: m. euſe: f. *Amorous, in love, affecting, affectionate, full of love.*
Muſcles amoureus. *Two muſcles (a great one, and a leſſe) belonging to the eye, the which they turne round.*

† Amouſtillé: m. ée: f. *Seaſoned, ſweetned, furniſhed ; intertained, or made drunk, with new ſweet wine.*

† Amouſtiller. *To ſweeten; ſeaſon, or furniſh (alſo, to intertaine gueſts, or welcome friends) with Muſt, or new ſweet wine.*

† Amparlier. *as* Emparlier ; *a Pleader.*

Ampes: f. *Raſpiſes.*

Ampeſer. *To ſtarch.*

Ampalbie: com. *Living both in water, and on the land.*

Amphibliſtroïde. *The fifi thin membrane of the eye, bringing inward light into the Chriſtaline humour.*

Amphibole : com. *Ambiguous, uncertaine, doubtfull, ſubject to controverſie, of a double ſence, or meaning, which may be taken ſundry wayes.*

Amphibolie. *as* Amphibologie ; *(and the better word.)*

Amphibologie: f. *A doubtfull, or double, meaning in one, or many words.*

Amphisbeine: f. *Th'Amphubæna ; a ſmall, ſpotted, and worm-like Serpent, that hath a head at both ends, and biteth, and goeth, both ways : yet Mathiolus and Greuin hold, that ſhe hath but one head; only ſhe ſeems to have two, becauſe her taile reſembles her head : the more probable opinion ; for no ſerpent (ſaith* Geſner*) hath, naturally, more heads then one.*

Amphitrite: f. *The Sea.*

Amphore. *An ancient meaſure of about 36 quarts ; it was commonly of earth, had two eares, and was a foot ſquare every way.*

Amphytane. *A ſquare, and golden-coloured ſtone, of the nature of a Loadſtone ; or more powerfull, for it alſo drawes gold unto it.*

Ample: com. *Full, ample, wide, large, ſcopefull, ſpacious, of great compaſſe; alſo, copious, abundant ; ſumptuous ; huge.*
Fief ample. *A whole fief, or knights fee; for a Heriot whereof the Landlord takes his deceaſed tenants beſt horſe, and part of his armour, or if he had no horſe, Lx s.* Tournois.

Amplement. *Amply, largely, widely, ſpaciouſly ; fully; copiouſly, abundantly ; ſumptuouſly ; hugely, very greatly.*

† Ampliateur : m. *An amplifier, inlarger, increaſer.*

† Ampliation. *An inlarging, amplification, increaſe, augmentation.*

† Amplié : m. ée : f. *Amplified, inlarged, augmented, increaſed.*

† Amplier. *as* Amplifier.

Amplificateur. *An amplifier, inlarger, augmenter, increaſer.*

Amplification : f. *Amplification, inlargement ; augmentation, increaſe.*

Amplifier. *To amplifie, inlarge ; augment, increaſe.*

Ampois: m. *Starch.*

Ampoule : f. *A ſmall bliſter, wheal, pomke, or riſing of the skin. Look* Empoule.

Ampoulé: m. ée: f. *Bebliſtered; full of water-poukes, or wheals.*

† Ampriſe. *as* Enterpriſe; *(corruptly;) An enterpriſe.*

Ampuration. *An amputation, a cutting away ; or paring about ; a ridding, or taking away.*

Amputé: m. ée: f. *Cut away ; pared about ; rid, or taken away.*

Amputer. *To cut away, or pare about; to rid, or take away, ſuperfluities.*

† Amuletier : m. *A counter-charmer, wizard, or good witch.*

Amulette: f. *A counter-charme.*

Amurer. *as* Amarrer ; *alſo, to wall up.*

Amuſé : m. ée : f. *Amuſed ; put into a muſe, driven into a dump ; held, ſtayed, or delayed by a diſcourſe, queſtion, &c.*

Amuſe-fol: m. *One that with vaine pratling, or toying, holds fond people at gaze.*

Amuſeller. *To muzzle ; to cloſe, or cover the mouth with a muzzle.*

Amuſement : m. *An amuſing, or amuſement.*

Amuſer. *To amuſe ; to make to muſe, or think of; wonder, or gaze at ; to put into a dumpe ; to ſtay, hold, or delay from going forward by diſcourſe, queſtions, or any other amuſements.*
s'amuſer ſur la vinaigrette. *To ſtand on trifles.*

Amuſeur: *An amuſer of people ; one that holdeth folkes at gaze, or putteth them into dumpes.*

Amuſoire: m. *A thing to wonder at ; a gazing ſtock ; a ſubject, or cauſe, for amuſement.*

† Amuſſe. *as* † Aumuce.

Amuté. Chaſſe amutée. *A cloſe running, or hunting of dogs together ; or dogs that be ſcembled, or held up cloſe together ; alſo, a well-ſorted cry of dogs.*

Amy. *as* Ami.

Amydon : m. *Fine wheat-flower ſteeped in water ; then ſtrained, and let ſtand untill it ſettle at the bottome ; then drained of the water, and dried at the Sunne ; uſed for bread, or in brothes it is very nouriſhing ; alſo, ſtarch made of wheat.*

Amye: f. *Look* Amie.

Amygdales. *Kernels riſing in the neck, or under the root of the tongue ; alſo, Almonds.*

An: m. *A yeare, a twelvemonth.*
Ans vieux. *Old age, decrepit yeares.*
En cent ans ciſiere, en cent ans banniere; Prov. *Sometimes a wheelebarrow, ſometimes a banner ; thoſe that are poore now, may be potent hereafter ; no family holds very long at one ſtay.*
Le mal an entre en nageant; Pro. *Th'ill (or unſeaſonable) yeare comes ſwimming in,* viz. *begins with much vaine.*

Anacampſerote. *A certaine herbe whoſe touch renueth decayed love between man and man (as ſome have imagined.)*

Anacarde: m. *Th'Eaſt-Indian fruit called* Anacardium, *or Beane of* Malaca.

Anacardin : m. ine: f. *Of* Anacardium ; *whence ;*
Miel anacardin. *A certaine venomous, and cauſtick oyle found, between the kernel, and outward rinde, of th'*Anacardium.

Anacephaleoſe: f. *A briefe rehearſall, a recapitulation of things ſpoken.*

Anachorete: m. *The Hermet called an Ankroſſe, or Anchorite.*

Anafile. *as* Agnafile.

Anagal: m. *The herbe Pimpernell.*

Anagnoſte : m. *A reader ; a Clarke that reads to a writer ; a boy that reads to his maſter, &c.*

Anagrammatiſer. *to make an Anagram ; to frame a conceit, or ſentence of the letters of a name ſet together.*

Anagrammatiſme. *A making of Anagrams ; or the art of making Anagrams.*

Anagramme: m. *An Anagram ; a Sentence, Poeſie, or prettie conceit framed of the letters of a name.*

† Anagyre. *The plant called Beane-Trifolie, or Peſcod-tree.*

Analemme : m. *An inſtrument whereby the courſe, and elevation of the Sunne is found.*

Analogie: f. *An Analogie, example, proportion, ſimilitude, conformitie, correſpondencie, compariſon.*

Analogique: com. *Analogicall ; conformable unto ſome other thing ; anſwering in proportion unto another thing ; correſpondent.*

Analogiſer. *To compare, conforme, and joyne, by affinity or proportion, one thing with another.*

† Anangé. *Fatall, or of deſtinie.*

Anaphore. *An aſcention of the planets from the Eaſt, by daily courſe of the firmament ; alſo, a figure called Repetition, when two verſes begin with one word.*

Anaporique. *A king of circular dyall for the winter.*

† Anaquil. *as* † Anafile.

Anarche: com. *Without kingdome, or command ; without Prince ; without beginning; licentious, unbridled, unruled, unruly.*

Anarchie: f. *An Anarchie; a Commonwealth without a head, or Governour ; a confuſed ſtate, wherein one is as good as another ; alſo, want of government, liberty, licentiouſneſſe, diſſoluteneſſe.*

Anarchique: com. *Belonging to an Anarchy, without rule, government ; beginning, or order ; diſſolute, licentious.*

Anaſtomoſe: f. *The communication of veins with arteries, whereby they helpe one another.*

Anate. *A duck, or drake.*

Anatematization. *as* Anathematiſation.

Anathematiſation: f. *An Anathematiſation, extreme curſing ; vowing, or devoting unto the devill.*

Anathematiſé: m. ée: f. *Anathematized, curſed unto the pit of hell.*

Anathe-

Anathematiſer. *To anathematize, devote unto the devill, curſe unto the pit of hell.*

Anatheme: m. *A gift beſtowed, or offering made in a Church; alſo, a ſolemne curſe of the Church.*

Anatheme: com. *Execrated, excommunicated, moſt accurſed.*

Anatomie: f. *Anatomie; a ſection of, and looking into, all parts of the body; alſo, an Anatomy, or carkaſſe cut up.*

Anatomique: com. *Anatomicall; of, or belonging to, Anatomy.*

Anatomiſte: m. *An Anatomiſt.*

Anatomizer. *To anatomize; to cut up, and look into, the parts of the body.*

† Ancelle: f. *A hand-maid, or maid-ſervant.*

Anceſtres: m. *Anceſtors, predeceſſors, forefathers.*

† Anche: f. *The little pipe, tongue, or tenon, which is the mouth of a Trumpet, Hoeboy, &c. alſo, as* Enche.

Anchois; ou Anchoies. *The fiſh Anchoveyes.*

Ancholie: f. *The Columbine (herbe; or flower.*

Anchoyes. *as* Anchoies; *The fiſh Anchoveyes.*

Anchraige: m. *Ankorage, ankoring.*

Anchre, & Anchré. *as* Ancre; *and* Ancré.

Anchuſes; f. *Wilde Bugloſſe, Orchanet, Alkanet.*

Ancien: m. enne: f. *Old; ancient; ſtale; of long continuance, of good antiquity.*

Anciennement. *Anciently; oldly, ſtalely; of old, in old time, in time paſt.*

Ancienneté: f. *Ancientneſſe, oldneſſe, ſtalneſſe.*

Ancoigner. *To drive, or thruſt, into a corner.*

Ancoigneure: f. *A corner, or cont; any thing thats cornered, like a wedge.*

Ancon: m. *A long, and heavy axe, which in old time ſouldiers uſed to throw at their enemies either before, or juſt at, their joyning together in battell.*

Ancraige: m. *as* Anchraige.

Ancre: f. *An ankor.*

Eſtre à l'ancre. *To bee idle, or at leiſure; to ſtand, or lye ſtill; to have nought to doe.*

Ieſter l'ancre ſacrée. *To employ their laſt, or chiefeſt remedies; to fall unto prayer, or implore the divine aſſiſtance, when all other meanes doe faile.*

Mouiller l'ancre. *To caſt ankor.*

Ancré: m. ée: f. *Ankored, having caſt ankor; at an ankor; alſo, made, or faſhioned like an ankor; and hence;* Croix ancrée.

Ancrer. *To ankor, to caſt ankor.*

Ancrier: m. *An inkehorne.*

Ancrier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to an ankor; or, to an inkehorne; alſo, inkie, yeelding inke, blacke as inke; whence;*

Seiche ancriere. *Obſcuring the water with her black or inkie ſpume.*

Ancrouëlle. pie an. *A Shrike, Ninmurder, Wariangle.*

Andabatiſme: m. *A commotion, uproare, hurry.*

† Andain: m. *A ſtride, or as much ground, or ſpace, as a man can comprehend by ſtriding.*

† Andains. *Rowes of new-mowed hay, &c. lying on the ground, about a pace aſunder.*

Andoille. *as* Andouille.

Andoillers: m. *The brow-anklers, or firſt branch of a Deeres head.*

Andoſieure: f. *The backe, or back-part of; (hence) alſo, the ridge, or covering of the ridge, of a houſe, &c. alſo, an indorſment, or indorſing of.*

Andouille: f. *A linke, or chitterling; a big hogges-gut ſtuffed with ſmall guts (and other intrailes) cut into ſmall pieces, and ſeaſoned with pepper and ſalt.*

Il luy rend le nez auſſi plat comme vne andouille; *He ſhames him utterly; hee daſhes him cleane out of countenance.*

Andouillers. *as* Endouillers, *or* Andoillers.

Andouillois: m. iſe: f. *Of links or chitterlings.*

Andouſieure: *as* Andoſieure.

† Andrin. *An ill favoured blacke colour of a horſe.*

Androginé: m. ée: f. *Made of both Sexes; growne both man and woman.*

Androgyné: com. *An Hermophrodite; one thats both man and woman; or hath the privities of both.*

Aneanci: m. ie: f. *Annichilated, abrogated, made void, brought unto nothing; alſo, weakned, enfeebled, made forceleſſe, ruined, undone; and hence, dejected, imbaſed, abaſed, deſpiſed, reſpected as nought, or but as a thing of nought.*

Aneantir. *To abrogate, annichilate, make void, or nothing of; alſo, to weaken, enfeeble, make forceleſſe; ruine, undoe, bring unto nothing; and hence, to deject, imbaſe, abaſe, deſpiſe, reſpect as nothing.*

s'Aneantir *To diſeſteeme himſelfe; alſo, to languiſh, or pine away, to grow not worth the ground he goes on.*

Aneantiſsant. *Annichilating; bringing to nought; alſo, abaſing, deſpiſing, diſeſteeming, dejecting; alſo, weakning, enfeebling.*

Aneantiſsement: m. *An abrogating, annichilating, making void, or nought of; alſo, a weakening, enfeebling; ruining, undoing; bringing to nought; and hence, a dejecting, abaſing, deſpiſing, reſpecting as nought.*

Aneau. *Seek* Anneau.

Anelet. *as* Annelet.

Anematiſer. *To anathematize, or curſe.*

Anemoné: *The wind-flower.*

Anemoné double. *The double ſcarlet wind-flower.*

Anemoné ſimple. *The purple wind-flower.*

† Anemophilace. *An obſerver of heavenly rules.*

† Aneſtie: f. *The ſeaſon.*

Anet. m. *The herbe called Anet, and Dill.*

Anet ſauvage. *Wild Dill; alſo, yellow, or little, hartwort.*

Aneth. *as* Anet.

Anetin: m. ine: f. *Of the herbe Dill.*

Anetve. *A Dicke, or Dig.* ✠ Pic.

Aneuriſme: m. *A ſoft ſwelling ingendred by the relaxation, or dilation, of an Artirie.*

Aneuriſsement: m. *An Vlcer, or Vlceration, in the ſkinne of a ſinew.*

† Anforge: f. *A leatherne wallet; a double male, or budget, to be carried behind a man on horſe-back.*

Anfractueux.: m. ée: f. *Full of turnings, compaſſes, involutions.*

Anfractuoſité: f. *Anfractuoſitie; a manifold (and uneven) circuit, compaſſe, involution, turning, or winding about.*

Angar: m. *An open ſhed, or bovell, wherein husbandmen ſet their Ploughes, &c. out of the Sun, and weather.*

Angarie: f. *Perſonall ſervice, or drudgery, that which a man is forced to performe in his owne perſon.*

Angarié: m. ée: f. *Toyled, vexed, buried; oppreſſed with continuall ſervices, charges, exactions; forced, or put, unto much drudgery, or travell.*

Angarier. *To toile, vex, bury, burry; to oppreſſe, or weare out, with continuall imployments, exactions, charges; to force unto any drudgery, or exceſſive travaile.*

Ange: m. *An Angell; Gods immediate meſſenger; our Genius, or the ſpirit (whether good or evill) that haunts, and accompanies us.*

Auge de Greue. *One that hangs in chaines, or on a gibbet, a good while after he is dead.*

Ange de mer. *The great, long, rough, and hard-skind, skate-fiſh.*

Bouque d'ange. *Conſerve, or Sucket, made of the ſtalkes of Lettuce.*

Eau d'ange. *A kinde of delicate compound water.*

Aile d'ange, & voix de Diable; Prov. *An Angels wing, and devills voice (the ſtile of a Peacocke)*

Au preſter ange, au rendre Diable. *A Proverbe expreſſing the ingratitude, and ill nature, of ſome borrowers, who honour a man when he ſupplies them, and hate him when they are to pay him.*

† Angele: f. *A ſhee Angell; a woman Angell.*

Angelique: f. *The herbe Angelica; alſo, a kinde of white, long, and great fig.*

Angelique ſauvage. *Wilde Angelica, whoſe root wants that ſweet odour which the right one hath.*

Angelique: com. *Angelicall, Angell-like, belonging to an Angell.*

Angellet, &, Angellette: f. *A little, or pretty Angell.*

Angelot: m. *The cheeſe called, an Angelot; alſo, an Engliſh Angell; alſo, a yong, or little, Angell.*

Angelot à la groſſe eſcaille. *An old Angell; and, by Metaphor, a fellow of the old, ſound, honeſt, and worthy ſtampe.*

Angelot de mer. *as,* Ange de mer.

De jeune Angelot vieux Diable; Prov. *Of a yong Angell an old Devill; many that (while they were young) ſeem'd wondrous pure, are (now they bee aged) moſt prophane.*

Angine: f. *The Squinſie, or Squinancy.*

Anglantine: f. *An Eglantine, or ſweet-briar; alſo, a certaine witty game (uſed at Tholouſe) wherein onely Poets contend, and to the beſt doer, a ſilver Eglantine; to the ſecond, a Marigold, is given.*

Angle: m. *An angle, cone, or corner.*

Angler, *To ſhout up in a corner, bring into a ſtrait, incloſe within a narrow room.*

Anglet : m. *An Anglet, or Angle; a corner.*

Grand anglet. *The corner of the eye towards the noſe.*

Petit anglet. *Th' outward corner towards the Temples; termed ſo by Anotamiſts.*

Angleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of angles, or corners; like an angle; corner-wiſe.*

Noix angleuſe. *A nut that hath a thick ſhell, and ſmall kernell.*

Anglois. *An Engliſh-man; alſo, a creditor, that pretends he hath much money owing, which is never like to be paid, him.*

Anglué : m. ée : f. *Look* Englué.

Angoiſſe : f. *Anguiſh, greefe, ſorrow, agony, perplexity, vexation of minde, or body.*

Pommes d'angoiſſe. *Choaking apples.*

Angoiſſé : m. ée : f. *Vexed, grieved, perplexed, filled with anguiſh.*

Angoiſſer. *To vex, grieve, afflict, perplex, fill with anguiſh, almoſt choake with ſorrow.*

Angoiſſeuſement. *Moſt painfully, moſt ſorrowfully, with great anguiſh, and agony.*

Angoiſſeuſeté : f. *Much anguiſh, choaking ſorrowfulneſſe, great vexation, or painfulneſſe; extreame affliction, agony, or perplexity of ſpirit.*

Angoiſſeux : m. euſe. f. *Full of anguiſh, fraught with ſorrow, moſt perplexed; extreamly afflicting; paine-procuring.*

Angonailles : f. *Botches, (pockie) bumps, or ſores.*

Angonnages : *In ſtead of* Angonnailles.

Angoüé : m. ée : f. *as* Agoué.

Angoulevent. *A ſwallow-winde; one that devoures winde, as the Cameleon.*

Angouric : f. *A kinde of cowcomber, ſomewhat longer than the ordinary one; or, as* Anguric.

Angouſte. *A Locuſt, or graſſe-hopper.*

Angué. *The herbe, wallwort.* & Langued.

Anguilliere : f. *A Pond, or place to keepe Eeles in.*

Anguillade f. *A whipping, laſh, or blow, with an Eele, or, with an Eeles ſkin.*

Anguille : f. *An Eele.*

L'Anguille. *The name of the tyde-boat which paſſes between* Blaye, *and* Bourdeaux.

Anguille de bois. *as* Anguille d'haye; *or, the Buſh-adder, or wood-ſnake.*

Anguille fine. *The female Eele; ſo called in* Languedoc.

Anguille d'haye. *The hedge, or dung-hill, Adder; blackiſh of colour, and not very venomous.*

Eſcorcher les anguilles par la queuë. *To doe a thing cleane kamme, out of order, the wrong way.*

Il y a bien de l'anguille ſous roche. *There is ſome myſterie, ſome hidden matter in it; ſome pad in that ſtraw; or, more then all the world can diſcerne.*

Rompre l'anguille au genouïl. *To attempt an impoſſible matter; or, to labour in vaine.*

Anguilles de Melun (qui crient avant qu'on les eſcorche;) Prov. *Cowardly apprehenders of a miſchiefe before it happen; ſuch as yeeld before the danger, or crye before their paine approach them.*

à grand peſcheur eſchappe anguille; Prov. *Seek* Peſcheur.

Par trop preſſer l'anguille on la pard; Prov. *We often loſe things by too much looking to them; or, the faſter you meane to hold a ſlippery thing, the ſooner it over-ſlips you.*

Anguillette : f. *A Grig, or little Eele.*

† Anguillonneux : m. *A crafty ſ.llow, ſlye mate, ſubtill merchant.*

Angulaire : com. *Angular, of a corner, that hath corners; placed, or ſet in a corner.*

Anguleux : *as* Angleux.

Angurie : f. *The great long Pompion.*

Anguſte : com. *Strait, narrow, pinching, ſcant, ſcarce, of a ſmall compaſſe.*

Anguſtie : f. *Straitneſſe, narrowneſſe; pinching, ſcarcity, ſcantneſſe; alſo diſtreſſe, perplexity, griefe.*

Anhelé : m. ée : f. *Breathed on; alſo, drawne (as the breath) with difficulty; alſo, much longed for, greatly deſired, greedily aſpired unto.*

Anheler. *To breath on; alſo, to fetch wind, or draw breath with difficulty; alſo, to be very greedy, or deſirous of; to aſpire unto with great endeavour.*

Anhelit : m. *Difficult breathing.*

Ani. *Seek* Anis.

Anichiler. *Seek* Annichiler.

† Aniler. *To abate; alſo, to darken.*

Anille. *The mill-rind of a mill-ſtone; in Blaſon, an inkmolyne.*

Anilles : m. *Crutches for impotent perſons.*

Animadverſion : f. *An animadverſion; a marking, or heeding; a conſideration; a judgement; alſo, a warning, cenſure, chiding, reprehenſion.*

Animal : m. *An animall; a creature that hath life, ſpirit, and ſence; (more particularly) a beaſt; (we ſometimes call a blockhead, or gull, an Animall.)*

Anime : f. *A faſhion of eaſie (becauſe large-plated, and large-jointed) armour; alſo, the name of an aromaticall Eaſt-Indian gumme.*

Animé : m. ée : f. *Animated, quickened, inſpired with life, or breath; alſo, heartened, incouraged; incited, incenſed.*

Animelles : f. *The ſtones, cods, or cullions of Lambes, &c.*

Animer. *To quicken, give life unto; inſpire breath, infuſe a ſpirit into; alſo, to animate, incourage, hearten, imbolden; incite, incenſe.*

Animeuſement. *Courageouſly, ſtoutly, reſolutely, with a great ſtomacke.*

Animeux : m. euſe : f. *Stout, hardy, reſolute, courageous, full of heart, mettall, ſpirit; of a bold, and great ſtomacke; that will take no wrong, that will carry no coales.*

Animoſité : f. *Animoſity, ſtoutneſſe, courage, mettall, boldneſſe, reſolution, hardineſſe.*

Anir. *The name of an Indian herbe, uſed much by Dyers.*

Anis : m. *The herbe Aniſe; alſo, the ſeed thereof, Aniſeed; alſo, as* Engeance; *and hence;*

Petis anis. *A troope of little children.*

Anis : f. Annis, *or* Nanne (*a proper name for a woman.*)

† Aniſé : m. ée f. *Seaſoned, or ſweetned with Aniſeed; alſo, multiplyed, in brood.*

† Aniſer. *To ſeaſon, or ſweeten with Aniſeed; alſo to increaſe, or multiply.*

Aniveller. *To meaſure, levell, or ſquare by plumbe-line, or plumbe-rule.*

Anizé. *as,* Aniſé.

Annales : f. *Annales; annuall Chronicles; yearely relations.*

Annaliſte : com. *An Annaliſt; a writer of yearely Chronicles, a relator of annuall occurrences.*

Annate. *The firſt fruits of a Benefice; the profit of a whole yeare after the remove, or death, of th' Incumbent.*

Anneantir. *Seeke,* Aneantir.

Anneau : m. *A ring, or ſignet for a finger; or (more generally) any ring; alſo, the ligament that incircles the wriſt, in forme of a hoope-ring.*

L'Anneau d'une clef. *The bow (or upmoſt part) of a key.*

à l'anneau. *Upon the marriage.*

Il a mis en ſon doigt anneau trop eſtroict; *Hee hath undertaken a matter, which is moſt unworthy of him; or, which will turne much to his prejudice.*

Année : f. *A yeare; a yeares time; the ſeaſon within a yeare; alſo, a yeares crop, or increaſe; whence;*

La bonne année en peu de temps s'en va, la petite ſe garde; Prov. *Good harveſts make men prodigall, bad provident.*

Annelé : m. ée : f. *Ringed, full of rings, made like a ring, ſet, or decked with rings; marked with round, or with ring-like ſpots.*

Cheueux annelez. *Haire frizeled, curled, or twirled round, or into round knots.*

Anneler. *To ring; to curle, to twirle round like a ring; to hooke, hang, claſpe, cloſe, decke, or furniſh, with rings.*

Annelet : m. *A gimmew, or little ring for the finger; alſo, a bawcher; alſo, a maile, or ring of maile, any annelet, or ſmall ring, uſed about apparell, or armour.*

Annellé. *as* Annelé.

Annexe : f. *An annexation, or thing annexed:*

Annexé : m. ée : f. *Knit, annexed, linked, joyned, coupled, added unto.*

Annexer. *To annexe, knit, linke, joyn, couple, adde unto.*

Annicher. *To neſtle, or put into a neſt.*

Annicheur : m. *A neſtler; a neſt-maker; a putter of things into neſts; a ſetter of birds on neſts; and hence;*

Docte annicheur de poules. *An excellent, or learned, cotqueane.*

Annichilé : m. ée : f. *Annichilated, annulled, brought unto nothing.*

Annichiler. *To annull, annichilate, bring unto nothing.*

† Annion. Priviledge d'annion. *An yeares protection granted by the Prince, or Magiſtrate, unto a debtor.*

Anniverſaire : m. *An yearly Obit, Trentall, or ſervice ſaid, at a time certaine, for the dead.*

Anniver-

Anniverſaires : m. *The winds which ordinarily blow about the dog-dayes.*

Annombré : m. ée : f. *Counted, reckoned, numbred, told out, or over.*

Annombrer. *To reckon, number, count, tell out, or over.*

Annoncé : m. ée : f. *Declared, ſhewed, advertiſed, informed, ſignified unto.*

Annonce-iour. *Day-denouncing, light-proclaiming.*

Annoncement : m. *A ſhewing, declaring, ſignifying, advertiſing.*

Annoncer. *To announce, or denounce ; to proclaime ; declare, ſhew, ſignifie, bring newes, advertiſe, carry tydings unto.*

Annonce-ſalut. *Health-declaring.*

Annonceur : m. *An annouucer, declarer, proclaimer, ſignifier, advertiſer ; a bringer of newes, a carrier of tyding, unto.*

Annonchali : m. ie : f. *Diſeſteemed, neglected, carelesly handled, ill looked unto ; alſo, pined, waſted, worne away, growne careleſſe of himſelfe, not worth the ground he goes on, by his owne careleſneſſe.*

s'Annonchalir. *To grow careleſſe of himſelfe, or of his owne health ; (and thereby) to waſte, pine, languiſh, weare away.*

Annonciation : f. *An annunciation, a denouncement.*

Annone. *A kind of white, ſoft, ſweet, ſavoury, and kernelly Indian fruit ; alſo, meſlin, or grudgings ; the corne whereof browne bread is made for the meynie.*

Annotation : f. *An annotation ; a marke, note, obſervation ; title, regiſter ; or, a marking, noting ; intitling.*

Annotation de biens. *A ſeiſure of the goods of offendors that appeare not in perſon, or by Attorny, within a yeare after they have been ſummoned.*

Annoté. *Marked, noted, obſerved ; intitled, regiſtred ; alſo, whoſe goods are ſeiſed ; as in* Annotation.

Annoter. *To marke, note, obſerve ; intitle ; regiſter.*

Annuel : m. elle : f. *Annuall, yearly, done every yeare.*

Annuellement. *Annually, yearly, every yeare, from yeare to yeare.*

Annulaire : m. *The Chauncellor of France ; teamed ſo in old time, when the Kings ſignet was his great Seale.*

Annulaire : com. *Annular ; of a ring ; like a ring ; round.*

Doigt annulaire. *The ring-finger, or wedding ring-finger ; the third finger, or, that which is next unto the little one.*

Ligament annulaire. *A certain muſcle, or fleſhy band, which compaſſes th'upper part of th'inſtup, and receives, under it, the tenums of the muſcles belonging to the fore-part of the leg.*

Annullé : m. ée : f. *Diſannulled, annuled, anibilated.*

Annuller. *To annull, diſannull, annihilate, abrogate, cancell, make void, or of no effect.*

Anobli : m. ie : f. *Ennobled, made noble ingentilized, made a gentleman.*

Anoblir. *To ennoble, make noble, ingentilize, make a gentleman.*

La verge anobliſt, & le ventre affranchiſt. *Look* Verge.

Anobliſſement : m. *An ennobling, or ingentilizing.*

Anodin. Remedes anodins. *Medecines which (by procuring ſleep) take from a Patient all ſence of paine.*

Anoirci : m. ie : f. *Blackened ; made, or become, blacke.*

Anoircir. *To blacken, to make, or grow, black.*

Anomal : m. ale : f. *Inequall, rough, or not even ; alſo, irregular.*

Anombrer. *as* Annombrer. *To number, count, reckon, tell out, or over.*

Anoncement. *as* Annoncement.

Anoncer. *as* Annoncer.

Anonces. *The banes of Matrimony.*

Anonchallanti : m. ie : f. *Neglected, carelesly handled ; alſo, languiſhing ; alſo, out of ſale, out of requeſt, out of cuſtome, or, which no cuſtomers will deale for.*

Anonchaly. *Neglected ; Or, as* Annonchali.

Anonciade. *as* Annonciation ; *whence,* Ordre de l'a : *An order of Knighthood, inſtituted in the yeare 1350, by a Duke of Savoy.*

Anonexie : f. *Look* Anorexie.

Anorexie : f. *Inpatiencie, the want, or weakneſſe of appetite ; the loathing of all meat, queaſineſſe of ſtomack.*

Anoüé : m. ée : f. *Almoſt choaked, or ſtifled, by letting downe too great a morſell.*

Anoüer. *(Almoſt) to choake, ſtifle, ſtrangle with greedy eating, or by devouring too great a morſell.*

Anſaret : m. *A certain bitter Gum. Looke* Sarcocolle.

Anſe : f. *The handle, or eare of a pot, cup, &c. whereby we take hold thereof ; (hence) alſo, an opportunity, or occaſion ; alſo, a creeke, nooke, bay, gulfe, or arme of the ſea. Look* Anſes.

Les bras coutbez en anſe. *With armes a-kemboll.*

Vn pot à deux anſes ; Prov. *An equivocation ; a word, &c. of double meaning, or whereof a double conſtruction may bee made.*

Anſé : m. ée : f. *Eared ; or that hath an eare, or handle.*

Anſée : f. *A kind of baſket having two handles, or eares, to be carried between two.*

Anſes : f. *Handles, &c. as in* Anſe *(whereof this is the plurall) alſo, th' ends of ropes tyed ſnare-wiſe, or made into nooſes.*

Anſeté. *as* Anſé.

Anſette. *A little handle, or eare of a pot, &c.*

†Anſouple : m. *Look* Enſouple.

Anſule : f. *A litle handle.*

Antartique. *The circle in the Sphere called the South, or Antarticke Pole ; which, by reaſon of th' earths oppoſition, we tinpot, in theſe parts of the world, diſcerne.*

Ante : f. *as* Tante ; *an Aunt ; alſo, the cheeke, or jaumbe of a doore ; alſo, as* Ente.

Anteceſſeurs : m. *Predeceſſors, anneſtors.*

Anteines : f. *The ſayle-yard ; the croſſe-piece whereto the ſayle is faſtened.*

Anten. *The laſt yeare.*

Des Anten. *A twelve-month agoe.*

Ie te crains auſſi peu que les neiges d'anten. *I feare thee as much as nothing, I dread thee not at all.*

Antenais : m. *Shoots, or ſprigs of a yeares growth.*

Antenne : f. *A Sayle-yard.*

Antenois : m. *A hog, an yeaſling, or yeare-old ſheep ; a lambe of the laſt yeare.*

Anterieur : m. eure : f. *Anterior, fore-former, or that is before the former ; that goeth, or is ſet, before.*

Anterieurement. *Before-formerly, in the fore-part, or former place.*

Anthere. *The yellow tuft in the middle of a Roſe.*

Anthoine. Anthonie ; *a proper name.*

Feu S. Anthoine. *A ſwelling full of heat, redneſſe ; we call it alſo, S. Anthonies fire.*

Porcelet de S. Anthoine. *The vermine called, a Chef-lop, or Wood-louſe.*

Anthoſat. *Made of Roſemary.*

Anthracite. *A precious ſtone, wherein there ſeeme to be flames, or ſparks of fire.*

Anthromantie. *Divination by the raiſing of dead men.*

Anthropopathie : f. *Humane, or mans, paſſion.*

Antiborée : f. *That kinde of dyall, which (contrary to all others) is to be turned towards the North ; a North-diall.*

† Antibuſt. Ceinct à l'antibuſt. *Girt looſely, careleſly, or after the great-belly faſhion, the girdle riding over the middle of the boſome ; alſo, girt backwards.*

Antichambre : f. *The chamber of Preſence in a Princes Court ; the great Chamber in a great mans houſe ; any outward chamber which is next, or neer unto, the bed-chamber.*

Anticipant : m. *A preventer, foreſtaller, anticipator.*

Anticipant : m. ante : f. *Anticipating, preventing, foreſtalling.*

Anticipation : f. *Anticipation, prevention, foreſtallment ; alſo, the naturall knowledge one hath of a thing before he ſee, or heare, it.*

Letters d'anticipation ; *The Kings Letters, or Commiſſion, mentioned in* Appel anticipé.

Anticipé : m. ée : f. *Anticipated, prevented, foreſtalled ; taken, or gotten before.*

Appel anticipé. *Th' Appeallant prevented ; and urged by the Kings Letters, or a ſpeciall Commiſſion (procured by the Appellee) to ſhew cauſe for his appealing ſooner then otherwiſe he would, or ſhould, have done.*

Partie anticipée. *The ſame.*

Anticiper. *To anticipate, prevent, foreſtall ; take, or get before.*

Anticiper les quatorzaines des criées. *A Sergeant to make Proclamation before the day appointed for it.*

Antidate : m. *An Antidate.*

Antidaté : m. ée : f. *Antidated.*

Antidater. *To antidate.*

Antidote. *A requitall, a remuneration ; one good turne for another.*

Antidotaire : com. *Antidotarie ; ſerving for a counterpoiſon ; treating of counterpoiſons.*

Antidote : m. *An Antidote, or counterpoiſon ; a preſervation againſt poiſon, or evill ayre.*

Antidoté. *Furniſhed with preſervatives ; forearmed with Antidotes, aſſured from poiſons with counterpoiſons.*

Antidoter. *To furniſh with preſervatives,*

to preſerve by Antidotes, to arme, or aſſure againſt poiſon with counterpoiſon.

Antienne: f. *An antem, or ſupplication.*

† Antifortunal: m. *An oppoſition, or croſſe unto fortune; ſomwhat againſt fortune.*

Antille de bois. *A woodden latch of a doore; or, the ring that ſerves both to lift up the latch, and pull the doore too.*

Antimoine: m. *Antimony; a certain white ſtone, or imperfect mettall (the beginning of ſilver, and lead) found in ſilver mines; and good for the eyes.*

Antimonie: f. *Contrarietie, or oppoſition of two Lawes.*

Antinormies. *Enormious contrarieties.*

Antipathie: f. *An antipathy; a contrariety of naturall humours; a naturall, and extreme diſagreement of diſpoſitions; croſſing, or contrary inclinations of ſeverall perſons, without manifeſt cauſe knowne to themſelves for it.*

Antipelargie: f. *Thereciprocall love of children to their parents; or (more generally) any requitall, or mutuall kindneſſe.*

Antiperiſtaſe: f. *A mutuall, or generall cohibition, compreſſion, or repulſion of humours, &c. whereby they become the ſtronger, and the more ſtrongly poſſeſſe the parties they are in.*

Antiphones: f. *The reciprocall voyces, anſwers, or chaunting of two companies that ſing by turns, as in a Quire.*

Antiphonnier: m. *The booke of Anthems, (In a Cathedrall Church.)*

Antipodes: m. *The Antipodes; the people which go directly againſt us, or with the ſoles of their feet againſt ours.*

Antipodium: m. *A ſurpluſage, overplus, addition, or advantage above meaſure.*

Antiporte: f. *An outward gate; or, a gate that is juſt oppoſite unto another.*

Antiquaille. *The Antick; an Antick; alſo, an ancient monument.*

Antiquaire: m. *An Antiquary; one that profeſſes, or delights in, the ſearch, or knowledge of Antiquities.*

Antiquaire: com. *Old, ancient, ſtale.*

Antique. Taillé à Antiques. *Cut with Anticks, or with Antick-works.*

Antique: com. *Ancient, antique, old, ſtale.*

Antiquement. *Anciently, after the old manner.*

Antiſtrophe: f. *An Antiſtrophe; or alternall converſion of two things, which bee ſomewhat alike.*

Antonnoir. *as* Entonnoir.

Antonomaſie: f. *A Pronomination; the uſing of an Epithite, or propertie, in ſtead of the proper name whereunto it belongs.*

Antonomatic: m. ique: f. *Excellent.*

Antore: f. *Yellow monks-hood, Aconits Mithridate.*

Antrac: m. *A Carbuncle (ſtone, or ſore.)*

† Antract. *Look* Entract.

Antre: m. *A cave, denne, grot, caverne, hole, or hollowneſſe, under the ground.*

Anubet: m. *The name of an apple, whereof excellent Cyder is made.*

† Anui. *To day; all this day.*

Anuicter. *To deferre, ſtay, keepe untill night; alſo, to benight, make night, turn into night.*

s'Anuicter. *To wax night, to grow late, or towards night.*

Anuiter. *as* Anuicter.

Anulaire: m. *The Keeper of the Kings Ring, or Signet, called ſo in old time: Or, as in* Annulaire.

Anulaire: com. *Annular; of, or belonging to a ring; Look* Annulaire.

Anullé: m. ée: f. *Annulled, diſannulled, annihilated, made effectleſſe, made void.*

Anullement: m. *An annulling, diſannulling, annihilating.*

Anuller. *To annull, diſannull, annihilate, aboliſh, bring to nothing, make effectleſſe, make void.*

Anuot: m. *A blind-worme.*

Anxieté: f. *Anxietie, anguiſh, vexation, perplexitie, care, carke, ſorrow of mind.*

Any: m. *The herbe Aniſe; alſo, (the ſeed thereof) Anny-ſeed.*

Aoriſte. *A Tenſe.* ¶ Grec.

Aornement. *An ornament, attire, imbelliſhment, adornment; as* Ornement.

Aorner. *as* Orner; *To deck, imbelliſh adorne, attire.*

Aorolar. *as* Rolar. *(In the cuſtomes of la Bourt.)*

Aorte. artere aorte. *One of the three principall Arteries of the body, iſſuing from the left Ventricle, and broad, end of the heart, whereunto firſt it gives two others termed* Coronales: *Some call it the mother of Arteries.*

Aouillé: m. ée: f. *Cloyed, ſaded, full gorged, filled that his belly ſtrouts withall.*

† Aourier. *To burne at, or to, the bottome, as a pot, or ſtuffe in a pot, wherein there wants liquor.*

Aouſt: m. *(The Moneth) Auguſt; alſo, Harveſt time.*

Double d'aouſt. *An ordinarie tax or ſubſidie payed every Auguſt unto lords by their villeines, or ſuch as hold land of them by a ſervile yeaunce.*

Vallet d'Aouſt. *A Reaper, or Shearer; a Hind, or Hireling, for the time of Harveſt onely.*

En Aouſt les geniles ſont ſourdes; Pro. *In Auguſt Hennes are deafe.*

Aouſté: m. ée: f. *Reaped; alſo, ripened.*

Aouſter. *To reap, or mow, as men do in Auguſt; alſo, to ripen, as fruit, or corne does in Summer.*

Aouſteron: m. *A Reaper; or as,* vallet d'Aouſt.

Aouſteux: m. euſe: f. *Of, or belonging to, Auguſt; Alſo, full ripe, as moſt fruit is in Auguſt.*

Aparier. *Seek* Apparier.

A-part. *Apart, alone, ſingly, ſolely, privatly, by himſelfe; aſunder, one from another.*

Apaſt. *Seek* Appaſt.

Apaſter. *as* Appaſter.

Apedeftes. *Ignorant people.* ¶ Rab.

Apens de guet apens. *Wittingly, willingly, of ſet purpoſe, with a full intent.*

Apenſement: m. *A full purpoſe, determination, or intent to do a thing.*

Apenſer. *To purpoſe, intend, or determine beforehand; to doe a thing willingly, wittingly, or of ſet purpoſe*

Apentis: m. *A Penthouſe; alſo, an open gallerie, (made round about a Court, &c.*

Apercher. *To pearch; to ſet, or ſit on a pearch, or branch.*

Aperitif: m. ive: f. *Of, an opening power, or quality.*

Apert. *Apparant, open, evident, plain, manifeſt.*

Loy aperte. *as* loy apparente.

Apert. *See* Appert.

Apertement. *Openly, plainly, manifeſtly, evidently, apparantly, without diſſimulation.*

Apertiſe. *Seek* Appertiſe.

Apetiſſant. *Dainty; whetting, or inviting the appetite.*

Aphairéſe: f. *The figure* Aphæreſis; *the taking of a letter or ſillable from the beginning of a word.*

Aphoriſme: m. *An Aphoriſme (or generall rule in Phyſick.)*

Aphorretique: com. *Doubtfull, unſetled, in opinion, whoſe mind, or judgement is at oddes with it ſelfe.*

Aphrodille: m. *The affodill, or Aſphodill flower; alſo, the plant that beares it; alſo, the budded root thereof.*

Aphrodille blanc. *The whitt Aſphodill, Dutch Aſphodill.*

Aphrodille femelle. *The Onion Aſphodill, roundbulbed Aſphodill, female Aſphodill: Some alſo call ſo, the Kingſpeare Aſphodill, or little yellow Aſphodill.*

Aphrodille maſſe. *The white Aſphodill, male Aſphodill.*

† Aphronitre. *Salt-peeter.*

Aphyer. *as* Afyer.

Apier: m. *A place where Bees are kept, and tended.*

Apilé. fort, & apilé. *Strong; well-ſet, well-truſt, well-knit, well heaped, together.*

† Apiſtolé: m. ée: f. *Coſened, gull'd; cuckolded, made a wittall; alſo, baited, nipped, taunted.*

† Apiſtoler. *To coſen, or gull; alſo, to bait, nip, taunt, afflict with bitter gards; alſo, to bornifie, or give the blow that ſmarts not.*

Apiteyer. *To take pitie, to have compaſſion of.*

Aplanir. *Seek* Applanir.

Aplanoyer. *as* Applanir; *alſo, to qualifie, tame, calme, make as mild as a Lambe.*

Aplegement: m. *Suretiſhip; Look* Appleiger.

Aplet: m. *A kind of great draw-net, uſed in the fiſhing for Herrings, Mackerels, &c.*

Aplomb: m. *A perpendiculer, or downe-right fall, ſeat, or form; a plumpe deſcent.*

s'Aplomber. *To fall, or ſink downe plumpe, by reaſon of it owne weight.*

Apocalypſe: f. *The Apocalipſe, or Revelation of S. John; and (more generally) any Revelation; pateſaction, denudation.*

Apocryphe: m. *The Apocrypha; Scripture that's not Canonicall; alſo, (moſt properly) an obſcure place, lurking hole, or corner, ſecret thing.*

Apogée: m. *A ſhrowd, ordinarie under th'earth; alſo, the point of heaven wherein the Sunne, or any Planet, is furtheſt from the center of th'earth.*

Apoinct: m. *as* Appoinct; *opportunitie, fitneſſe, &c.*

à ſon apoinct. *Fitly, for his purpoſe or turne; after his mind, according to his humour.*

Apointé: m. ée: f. *Pointed, or ſharpned at the point; alſo, referred, or appointed over; as a cauſe, unto hearing.*

Apointement. *as* Appoinctement.

Apointer,

Apointer. *Look* Appoincter.

Apointi : m. ie : f. *Pointed ; made with a point ; ſharpened, or ſmalled, at the point.*

Apointir. *To point, or make with a point ; to ſharpen, or make ſmall, at the point.*

† s'Apoitronner. *To play the coward ; alſo, to grow lazie, or ſloth full.*

Apollinaire : f. *Henbane.*

Apologie : f. *An Apology, defence, purgation, excuſe.*

Apologue : m. *A (pretty and ſignificant) fable, or tale, wherein bruit beaſts, or dumbe things, are fained to ſpeak.*

s'Apoltronner. *as* s'Apoitronner; *(and the better word) to grow cowardly ; or, lazie.*

Aponeuroſe. *The fineſt ſeparation of the muſcles.*

Apophthegme : m. *An Apothegme ; a ſhort and pithy ſentence.*

Apophyſe : f. *An eminent production, or ouſtanding of ſome true, and inſeparable part of a bone beyond the naturall places confining unto it ; Anotamiſts call it, a Proceſſe.*

Apoplectique. *One that hath an Apoplexie.*

Apoplexie : f. *An Apoplexie, or dead Palſie.*

Aporetique : com. *Ever doubting, never certaine in, or aſſured of, any thing ; (the cuſtome, or humour of a Pyrrhonian Philoſopher.)*

Apoſeme : m. *A decoction of medicinable herbs, in water.*

Apoſtaſie : f. *An Apoſtaſie ; a revolting, or falling away from a Religion, duty, or purpoſe, formerly profeſſed.*

Apoſtaſier. *To play th' Apoſtata, to apoſtatiſe it ; or, to fall away from his Religion, duty, or purpoſe.*

Apoſtat. *An Apoſtata.*

Apoſtater. *as* Apoſtaſier.

Apoſtatizer. *as* Apoſtaſier.

Apoſté : m. ée : f. *Suborned ; ſet ; appointed.*

Apoſteme. *Seek* Apoſtume.

Apoſtemer. *To ſwell, or grow unto an impoſtume.*

Apoſter. *To ſuborne, &c. as* Appoſter.

Apoſtil : m. *as* Appoſtile.

Apoſtile, & Apoſtiler ; *Seek* Appoſtile, & Appoſtiler.

Apoſtolat : m. *An Apoſtleſhip ; the office of an Apoſtle.*

† Apoſtoles : f. *Letters miſſive from a Prince ; alſo, writs, or letters of appeale ſent by the Judge appealed from, to him that is appealed unto ; (A Tearme (at this day) of Eccleſiaſticall Courts.)*

Apoſtolique : com. *Apoſtolicall, Apoſtlelike, belonging to an Apoſtle. Seeke* Notaire.

Souliers à l'Apoſtolique. *Sandals.*

Apoſtolizer. *To play the Apoſtle.*

Apoſtre : m. *An Apoſtle ; Embaſſador ; Meſſenger ; alſo, the Popes Delegate for the receiving of appeales in a forreine Province.*

Apoſtres. *Apoſtles ; alſo, as* Apoſtoles.

Apoſtrophé : m. ée : f. *Averted, wryed, turned aſide ; alſo, revoked, recalled ; alſo, apoſtrophiſed ; cut off by an Apoſtrophe.*

Apoſtropher. *To avert, wry, turne aſide ; alſo, to revoke, or call backe ; alſo, to apoſtrophiſe ; to cut off (by an Apoſtrophe) the laſt vowell of a word.*

Apoſtume : f. *An impoſtume ; an inward ſwelling full of corrupt matter.*

Apoſtumé : m. ée : f. *Impoſtumed, or impoſtumated ; mattered, ſuppurated, inwardly.*

Apoſtumer. *To impoſtumate, or impoſtume ; to riſe in, or grow to, an impoſtume ; to ſuppurate, or matter, inwardly.*

† Apotherapie. *Paſtime, recreation ; any exerciſe, or manner of good government after exerciſe.*

Apothicaire : m. *An Appothicarie.*

Apothicairaiſie : com. *Of an Apothicary, made or miniſtred by an Apothicarie ; Apothicarilike.*

Apothicairerie : f. *Apothicariſhip ; the trade, or skill of Apothicaries.*

Apoué : m. ée : f. *Saded, ſo full as hee can eat no more.*

Apovrir. *To impoveriſh ; Look* Appovrir.

Apozeme, *or* Apozime. *A decoction, of water with divers ſorts of hearbes and ſpices, uſed in ſtead of a ſyrop.*

s'Appaillarder. *To ſpend his life in, or give himſelfe wholly to, whoriſme ; to turne leacher, ſmell-ſmock, bitch-hunter, whoremunger.*

Appaiſé : m. ée : f. *Appeaſed, paciſied, quieted, calmed, qualified.*

Appaiſement : m. *An appeaſement, or appeaſing ; a pacification, quieting, calming, qualifying.*

Appaiſer. *To appeaſe, paciſie, calm, quiet, qualifie, aſſwage, content.*

Aſſez peut pleurer qui n'a nul qui l'appaiſe ; Prov. *Hee may weep his eyes out that hath none to ſtill him.*

Appaiſeur : m. *An appeaſer, pacifier, peacemaker ; calmer, quieter, qualifier, contenter.*

Appali : m. ie : f. *Growne, or made, pale.*

Appalir. *To wax pale ; alſo, to make pale.*

Appanage. *Seek* Appennage.

Appanager. *as* Appennager.

† Appané : m. ée : f. *That hath had a portion ; that hath received a childs part ; that is already beſtowed, or provided for.*

† Appaner. *To give a younger ſonne his portion, or childs part.*

† Appanner. *The ſame.*

Appaouvri : m. ie : f. *Beggered, impoveriſhed, made poore.*

Appaouvrir. *To begger, impoveriſh, make poore.*

Apparagé : m. ée : f. *Fitly-matched, well-paired.*

Fille apparagée ſuffiſamment, ou deüement. *A maid that's married unto her equall, or, that's not diſparaged.*

Apparat : m. *A preparation, decking, proviſion, furniture.*

Grand apparat. *Great coyle, ſtirre, or adoe ; much preparation for.*

† Apparcevoir. *Seek* Apperceuoir.

Appareil : m. *Preparation, proviſion, ready-making ; a decking, dreſſing, trimming ; cooking, ſeaſoning.*

Haut appareil. *A Gorget ; alſo, a Corſlet.*

Appareillé : m. ée : f. *Prepared, provided, made ready, trimm'd up for ; alſo, dreſſed ; cooked, or ſeaſoned, (as meat) alſo, armed at all points.*

Appareillement : m. *A preparing, providing, readie-making, trimming up for ; a dreſſing ; a cooking, a ſeaſoning ; alſo, an arming.*

Appareiller. *To Prepare, provide, or trim, up for ; to faſhion, or make ready ; to make fit for uſe, or ſhew ; alſo, to dreſſe, cooke, or ſeaſon (meat) alſo, to arme, or put on armour.*

Appareilleur : m. *A preparer, provider, trimmer up for ; one that makes things ready for uſe, or ſhew ; a dreſſer ; faſhioner ; ſeaſoner.*

Appareilleuſe : f. *A waiting-woman, or chamber-maid, that uſes to dreſſe her Miſtreſſe ; alſo, a Bawde.*

Apparemment. *Apparently, evidently, manifeſtly, openly, plainly, to full view ; alſo ſeeming, or to the ſhew.*

Apparence : f. *An apparance, or appearance ; a ſhew, ſeeming, ſigne, ſignification.*

Apparent. *Apparant, evident, manifeſt, open, plaine ; alſo, excellent, notable, notorious, of great mark, much eminencie.*

Apparenté : m. ée : f. *Of kin, or neer kinſman, unto.*

Bien apparenté. *Well allyed, of a good houſe ; that hath many, or great, kinſfolkes.*

Apparentir aucun. *To challenge, or acknowledge any one for a kinſman.*

s'Apparefler. *as* s'Apparefſir.

s'Appareſſir. *To grow idle, wax lazie, become ſluggiſh.*

Apparfondir. *Seek* Approfondir.

Appariation : f. *A matching, or pairing ; alſo, a perpetuall aſſociation, or correſpondencie of juriſdiction between the king and a lord Spirituall, or Temporall ; or between a lord Spirituall, and a Temporall, neighbours.*

Apparié : m. ée : f. *Paired, coupled, matched ; equalled ; unjoyned ; compared.*

Apparier. *To paire, couple, match, equall ; joyne, conjoyne, compare, together.*

s'Apparier. *To couple, or match ; as birds doe in the Spring, or a little before they would breed.*

Appariteaire. *as* Apparitoire.

Appariſſant. *Appearing ; or, as* Apparent.

Appariteur : m. *An Apparator, Sumner, Purſuyvant ; alſo, a hangman.*

Apparition : f. *An Apparition, Viſion, Phantaſme ; alſo, an appearing, or manifeſtation.*

Apparitoire : f. *Pellitorie of the wall.*

Apparoir. *To appeare, ſeem ; be ſeen, or ſhew it ſelfe, on a ſudden ; alſo, to be apparent, manifeſt, plaine, evident.*

Apparoiſſance : f. *An appearance, or appearing ; a ſeeming, ſhewing, or ſhew ; alſo, an eminencie, a paſſing or ſtanding above others.*

Apparoiſtre. *as* Apparoir.

Appartenance : f. *An appurtenance, an appendant ; a propricty ; a due, or thing that belongs unto.*

Il eſt de noſtre appartenance. *He is out of our houſe, family, or followers.*

Appartenant. *Pertaining, appertaining, belonging unto.*

Appartenir. *To pertaine, appertaine ; belong, or be due unto ; alſo, to beſeem.*

Apparu : m. uë : f. *Appeared, manifeſted, ſeen, or ſhewn on a ſudden.*

Appaſt : m. *An appaſt, bait ; allurement, inticement ; alſo, a repaſt, or meale.*

Appaſtant. *Baiting ; alſo, alluring, or inticing by baits ; alſo, feeding.*

Appaſté : m. ée : f. *Baited ; alſo allured, or inticed, as by a bait, or by the bait of ; alſo, fed.*

Appaſtelé : m. ée : f. *Fed with the hand; alſo, as* Appaſté.

Appaſteler. *To feed by hand, or with the hand; or, as a bird feeds her young; alſo, as* Appaſter.

Appaſter. *To bait; alſo, to allure or intice, by a bait, or by the bait of; alſo, to feed.*

Appaſteux : m. *An alluring, inticing, or couſening mate.*

Appaſteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of allurements, fraught with inticements.*

Appeau : m. *as* Appel; *alſo, a bird-call; the reed, or little pipe wherewith Fowlers call ſilly birds to their deſtruction.*

Appeaux. *Chimes; or, the chiming of bells; alſo, Appeales, and, the Court of Appeales.*

Appel : m. *An Appeale (from an inferiour Court or Judge, unto a ſuperiour.)*

Appel comme d'abus. *An appealing by a temporall perſon from th' Eccleſiaſticall Court, or by an Eccleſiaſticall perſon from a temporall Court, unto the King, in his high Court of Parliament.*

Appel volage. *An ancient forme of Appeale uſed by ſuch defendants as pretended diſturbance in the poſſeſſion of their inheritance.*

Fol appel. *An idle or litigious Appeale; which is finable.* Sterke Amende de fol appel.

Contre la mort n'y a nul appel; Prov. *Death admits no Appeale; or, none can appeale from death.*

Appelant : m. *An Appealant, or Appealer, one that appeales; alſo, a caller, or crier unto; (and hence the Fowlers name a Finch,* Appelant; *alſo, an appeacher, or accuſer.*

Viſage d'appelant. *A heavy looke, ſorrowfull viſage, pitifull countenance.*

Appelant. *Calling; appealing; appealant; ſpealing; accuſing.*

Appelé : m. ée : f. *Called, named, termed, cleaped; alſo, appealed from; alſo, ſpealed; alſo, accuſed, appeached, charged with.*

Appeler. *To call, name, terme, cleape; whoop for, cry unto; alſo, to appeale from, or unto; alſo, to ſpeale, or ſet letters together; alſo, to accuſe, appeach, or charge with.*

Appeler comme d'abus. *Look* Appel.

Appeler omiſſo medio. *To appeale unto a higher Judge than him before whom th' Appeale was by due courſe to have been brought; as when one appeales from a Prevoſt unto a Preſidiall Judge, vaulking the Bailli, who is between both, and who (excepting againſt th' Appeale) may draw the matter to be heard before himſelfe: Otherwiſe, it is in Appeales made unto a Court of Parliament, the proceedings whereof cannot be interrupted by any inferiour jurisdiction; nor is there any great need they ſhould; for the reverend Judges of thoſe high Courts remaund the moſt part of thoſe cauſes unto their due places, and fine th' Appealants.*

Appeler du rolle. *To read, or call, over in Court, the roule, or catalogue of cauſes which are to be heard.*

Appellant. *as* Appelant.

Appellation : f. *A calling, or crying unto; a naming, or tearming; alſo, an Appeale, or appealing; wherein Lawyers make two (generall) kinds.*

Appellation extrajudiciaire. *An appealing from acts done out of the Court; as, from a publick Seiſure, execution, &c.*

Appellation judiciaire. *Is from th' Acts, Injunctions, or Orders paſſed in Court; and muſt be done by ſpeech, and writing; both in theſe two words,* l'appelle.

Appellatoire : com. *Appellatorie; appealing.*

Appellé. *as* Appelé.

Appellement : m. *A calling, naming; ſpealing.*

Appeller. *as* Appeler.

Appelleur : m. *A caller; or ſpealer; alſo, the Plover which in flying leadeth all the reſt.*

Appelourder. *To counterfeit, adulterate, falſifie, ſophiſticate; alſo, to pollute, foyle, ſtaine, blemiſh.*

Appentice : f. *An appendix, addition, label, hang-by.*

Appendicule : f. *An appendicle, or little appendix.*

Appendre. *To hang up, or on high, as offerings to the gods in Temples (or unto Saints in Churches) alſo, to depend on, hang by, appertaine, or belong unto.*

Appennage : m. *The portion of a younger brother in France; the Lands, Dukedomes, Counties, or countries aſſigned by the King unto his younger ſonnes, or brethren, for their entertainment; alſo, any portion of land, or money, delivered unto a ſonne, daughter, or kinſman, in lieu of his future right of ſucceſſion to the whole, which he renounces, upon the receit thereof; or (as* Nicod.) *the lands, and lordſhips given by a father unto his younger ſonne, and to his heires for ever, a childs part.*

Terres tenues en appennage. *As it were to uſe only; for the property of them is in the crowne; and therefore they cannot be aliened, nor inherited by a woman.*

Appennager. *To aſſigne, or deliver over unto a younger ſonne his portion, or childes part.*

† Apenné. *That hath already his portion, that hath received his childs part; already provided for.*

† Appenner. *as* Appennager.

Appens. de guet appens. *Deliberately, of ſet purpoſe, wittingly, willingly; See* Guet.

Appenſé : m. ée : f. *Determined, meant, or thought of beforehand; wittingly, and of ſet purpoſe entred into.*

Appenſement. *A bethinking himſelfe of a matter before he doe it; alſo, a full purpoſe, meaning, or determination to doe it.*

Iour d'appenſement, & d'aduis. *A time to conſult, or deliberate of a matter.*

s'Appenſer. *To deliberate, pauſe, or bethinke himſelf of a thing before he do it; alſo, to determine, or meane it beforehand.*

Appentis : m. *The Penthouſe of a houſe.*

Apperceu : m. euë : f. *Perceived, diſcerned, marked, noted, heeded, eſpied.*

Appercevable : com. *Perceivable, to be perceived.*

Appercevance : f. *A knowledge, perceiving, or inkling of a matter; an appearance, or mark.*

Appercevoir. *To perceive, diſcerne; marke, note, behold, eſpie.*

Appert : m. ee : f. *Expert, ready, dexter, prompt, active, nimble, feat, handſome, in that he does.*

Appert (*a Verb Impersonall*) il appert. *It appeareth, or ſeemeth to be ſo; alſo, it is manifeſt, apparent, certainly ſo.*

Appertement. *Expertly, readily, promptly, with good facility, nimbleneſſe, dexteritie, featneſſe.*

Appertiſe : f. *Expertneſſe, facility, readineſſe, dexterity, promptneſſe, allivity, nimbleneſſe; featneſſe, handſomeneſſe; alſo, proweſſe, valour, good ſkill, great ability in warlike matters.*

Appeſantiſſant : m. ie : f. *Made heavy, or unweldy (by weight that is laid on it) much burthened, ſore laden; preſſed, or weighed down.*

Appeſantir. *To make heavy, or unweldy, (by laying a great load on;) to weigh, or preſſe down; to aggravate, burthen, load extremely.*

s'Appeſantir. *To wax heavy, unwieldy, unweldy, dull, ſlow.*

Appeſantiſſement : m. *A making heavy, or unweldy, a weighing, or preſſing downe.*

Appeté : m. ée : f. *Coveted, luſted for, longed after; fancied, affected, much deſired.*

† Appetence : f. *Appetency, appetite; a deſire of, or ſtomack unto, meat, &c.*

Appeter. *To covet, long for, luſt after; have an appetite, ſtomack, or humour unto; affect, fancie, deſire much.*

Appetiſé : m. ée : f. *Leſſened, diminiſhed, abated, impaired, extenuated; alſo, in appetite, having a good ſtomack; alſo, affected, coveted, deſired, with an appetite.*

Appetiſſement : m. *A leſſening, abating, diminiſhing, impairing, extenuating.*

Appetiſſement de meſure. *Look* Meſure.

Appetiſſer. *To leſſen, diminiſh, abate, impaire, extenuate; alſo, as* Appeter.

Appetit : m. *An appetite, coveting, deſire of, luſt after; fancy, affection, humour, ſtomacke unto.*

Appetit de chien. *Look* Chien.

En mangeant l' appetit ſe perd; Prov. *Eating, better than any thing, quels appetite, or abates the ſtomacke.*

En mangeant l' appetite vient; Prov. *One ſhoulder of mutton drawes downe another.*

Appetitif : m. iue : f. *Appetitive; full of appetite; much wiſhing for; alſo, breeding an appetite, or deſire unto it.*

Appetits : m. *as* Eſchalotes; *Cives, or Chives.*

Appieceter. *To peece, patch, mend; to ſet a peece, or clap a patch unto.*

Appigres. *The nets, hooks, or other implements uſed, by fiſhers, or fiſhermen; whence;*

Meſſieurs n'y trouverent pas grand appigres. *They ſaw there was not much good to be got, much fiſh to be caught.*

Appiler. *To heape, or pile, together.*

Applané : m. ée : f. *Planed, levelled, ſmoothed, evened, made plaine.*

Applaneur : m. *A planer, leveller; layer or maker of things even.*

Applaneur de draps. *The Clothworker; who with his thiſtly cards doth ſmooth, and ſtroake downe cloaths.*

Applani : m. ie : f. *Planed, ſmoothed, evened, levelled.*

Applanier. *To ſmooth; alſo to ſooth, or flatter.*

Applanieur : m. Applaniſſeur.

Applanir. *To plaine, plane, even, levell, ſmooth; to make of equall pitch.*

Applaniſſe-

Applaniſſement: m. *A planing, evening, levelling, ſmoothing, making equall.*

Applaniſſeur: m. *A planer, evener, leveller, ſmoother; and more particularly, the Cloath-worker, who with his cards of tazle ſmooths, and ſtroaks down, clothes.*

Applany. *Looke* Applani.

Applati: m. ie: f. *Flatted; flat, flatting; made plaine, or even; ſquaſhed downe; alſo, ſunke, or ſhrunk in.*

Applatir. *To flat, or flatten; to make plain, or even; to ſquaſh downe.*

s'Appletir. *To fall, ſinke, or ſhrink in.*

Applatiſſant. *Sinking, ſhrinking in; making flat, or plaine.*

En applatiſſant. *Flatling.*

Applatiſſement, *A flatting, making flat; alſo, flatneſſe.*

Applaudir. *To applaud, commend, praiſe highly; or, to clap the hands, or ſtampe with the feet, in ſigne of joy taken in, or liking had unto, a thing done.*

Applaudiſſement: m. *An applauſe, commendation, approbation, or congratulation, expreſſed by clapping of the hands, or ſtamping with the feet.*

Applaudiſſeur. *An applauder, commender; flatterer.*

Applauſement. *as* Applaudiſſement.

Applege: f. *A reall complaint, or bill of complaint for land.*

Applegé: m. ée: f. *Pledged, ingaged, obliged, bound, in bonds, become ſurety for; undertaken, or warranted to be good.*

Applegement. *as* Appleigement.

Appleger. *as* Appleiger.

Appleige: f. *as* Applege.

Appleigé: m. ée: f. *Impledged, obliged, in bonds for, &c. as* Applegé.

Appleigement: m. *A pledging, gaging, pawning, undertaking, entring into bonds for; alſo, a reall complaint, or bill of complaint for land.*

Appleiger. *To become pledge, give a gage, deliver a pawne, be ſurety, enter into bond for; alſo, as* s'Appleiger.

Appleiger ſon marche. *To aſſure, warrant, or become bound for the goodneſſe of, or the goodneſſe of his right in, the thing he ſells.*

s'Appleiger. *To complaine, to preſent unto, or put into the court a bill of complaint for land.*

Application. *An application, appoſition, applying, or laying unto; an inclination, bending, or bowing to; alſo a relation, conforming, comparing, with.*

Appliqué. *Applied, put, ſet, or laid unto; inclined, diſpoſed, bent, or bowed to; alſo, conformed, or compared, with.*

Appliquer. *To applie, incline, bend, bow unto; to diſpoſe, put, ſet, or lay to; alſo, to conforme, compare, aſſociate, with.*

s'Appliquer à. *To apply, &c. himſelfe to; alſo, to leane; or adhere unto; alſo, to humour, to follow the humour of.*

Applommé de ſommeil. *In a ſound, heavy, or dead ſleep; faſt aſleep.*

Applommer de ſommeil. *To lay, or lull, faſt aſleep; to bring, or caſt into a heavy, or dead ſleep; alſo, to make heavy, lumpiſh, drowſie, ſleepy.*

Appoinct: m. *Fitneſſe, opportunity, a thing for ones purpoſe; after his minde, according to his humour; ſuch an occaſion, or time, as were it in his choice, he would appoint no other.*

Appoincté. *as* Appointé.

Appoinctement: m. *A compoſition, agreement, reconciliation, league, peace, made between friends fallen out; alſo, a ſentence, decree, order, or injunction, for the poſſeſſion of a thing in controverſie; alſo, an appointing, aſſigning, or granting over unto; or an aſſignment, or grant of a thing; alſo, a pointing, or ſharpening at the point; alſo, a rule given by a Judge upon conteſtation; and hence;*

Appoinctement de faict, ou, en droict. *Is (when a ſuit cannot be judged preſently, or upon the firſt hearing thereof, by reaſon that the contrary allegations, or croſſe pleadings of the parties require further proofes from them, or deliberation of the Court) the referment of a cauſe unto a further deliberation, or hearing.*

Appoincter. *To determine, order, decree, decide; finiſh, end, a controverſie; to accord, attone, agree, reconcile, make a league, or compoſition, betweene parties in controverſie; alſo, to appoint, aſſigne, or grant over unto; alſo to point, or ſharpen at the point; alſo, to referre a cauſe over unto a further deliberation, or hearing; to give a rule in a cauſe.*

Appoint: m. *as* Appoinct.

Appointant: m. ante: f. *Determining, deciding, finiſhing, ending controverſies; agreeing, reconciling parties in controverſie; alſo, appointing, or aſſigning over unto; alſo, pointing, or ſharpening at the point.*

Appointé: m. ée: f. *Determined, ordered; compounded; ended, finiſhed, as a controverſie; agreed, recorded, reconciled, at a point, or peace with; alſo, appointed, aſſigned, or granted unto; alſo, pointed, or, ſharpened at the point; alſo referred over unto a further deliberation.*

Appointez. *Gentlemen of companies, ſuch as receive better pay than th'ordinary Sentinels, or ſouldiers.*

Appointé du Roy de 500 eſcus par an. *Having 500 Crownes a yeare penſion, or entertainment of the King.*

Appointement, & Appointer. *as* Appoinctement, & Appoincter.

Appointir. *To point; to ſharpen, or make ſmall, at the end, or point.*

Appointuſant. *Growing narrow, ſharpe, or ſmall, towards the end, point, or top.*

s'Appointuſer. *To grow narrow, ſharpe, or ſmall, towards th'end, point, or top.*

Appoiſſonné: m. ée: f. *Stored, furniſhed, or fraught with fiſh.*

Appoiſſonnement: m. *A ſtoring, furniſhing, or fraughting with fiſh.*

Appoiſſonner. *To ſtore, furniſh, or fraught, with fiſh.*

Apport: m. *A carriage, or bringing unto; alſo an arrivall, or approach; alſo, a landing place; alſo, a reſort, a trooping, or comming to in troops; alſo, the revenew, gaine, or profit which a thing brings in to it owner.*

l'Apport d'une hancée. *The portion in moveables, or immoveables brought by a woman contracted, unto her future husband, over and beſides her dowrie; alſo, the goods come unto her by ſucceſſion from the time of the contract; alſo, the marriage gifts beſtowed on her by him, or others, before the marriage be fully ſolemnized.*

Apporté: m. ée f. *Carried; or brought unto; alſo, arrived at, or, come neare to, the haven, or ſhore.*

Apportement: m. *A carrying; or bringing to; alſo, an arriving at, or drawing near unto, the haven, or ſhore.*

Apporter. *To carry, bring, or beare unto; alſo, to arrive, or approach neare to the haven, or ſhore.*

Chaſque demain apporte ſon pain; Pro. *God ſo provides for all his Creatures, that they need not care much for the morrow.*

Qui vient eſt beau; qui apporte encores plus beau; Prov. *Faire is he that comes, but fairer he that brings; no empty hand looks ſo well as a full one.*

Trop toſt vient a la porte qui mauvaiſe nouvelle apporte; Prov. *Looke* Nouvelle.

Apportionner. *To apportion; to give a portion, or childs part.*

Appoſé: m. ée: f. *Laid, put, ſet on, or neare to, added unto; aſſigned, or expreſſly appointed for.*

Appoſer. *To lay, to ſet on, or neare to; to put, or adde unto; to deſtinate, appoint, or make to ſerve for.*

Appoſition. *An appoſition; an adding, or putting to; a ſetting on, or neare to.*

Appoſté: m. ée: f. *Appoſted, ſuborned, procured under-hand; put into, appointed unto, a buſineſſe, of ſet purpoſe, or, to a place for the purpoſe.*

Appoſter. *To appoſt, ſuborne, procure under-hand; to put into, or appoint unto, a place, or buſineſſe, of ſet purpoſe, or, for private purpoſe.*

Appoſtile. *An anſwer unto a petition, ſet downe in the margent thereof; and generally, any ſmall addition unto a great diſcourſe in writing.*

Appoſtiler. *To amplifie, enlarge, or adde unto a writing; to anſwer a petition in the margent thereof.*

Appovri: m. ie: f. *Beggered, impoveriſhed, made poore; undone.*

Appovrir. *To impover ſh, begger, make poor; undoe.*

Appovriſſement: m. *An impoveriſhment, beggering, undoing.*

† Appreci. *A price, rate, value ſet on things; or, as* Appreciation.

Rentes à l'appreci. *Look* Rente.

Appreciateur. *A priſer, rater, valuer, praiſer.*

Appreciation: f. *A praiſing, or priſing; a rating, valuation, eſtimation of.*

Apprecier. *To rate, eſteeme, priſe, value, hold at, ſet a price on.*

Apprehendre. *To apprehend, conceive, underſtand; perceive, diſcover, ſpie out.*

Apprehenſif: m. ive: f. *Apprehenſive, witty, of a quick conceit, or nimble underſtanding.*

Apprehenſion: f. *An apprehenſion, or comprehenſion; underſtanding, wit, conceit, or conception; a quick diſcovery of matters.*

Apprenant: m. ante: f. *Learning, coming, comprehending.*

Apprendre. *To learne, comprehend, conne; alſo, to teach, or (as we ſay alſo) to learne one a thinge; whence;*

Apprendre aux poiſſons à nager. *To teach fiſhes to ſwimme; (an idle, vaine, or needleſſe labour) wee ſay to teach his grandame to grope ducks.*

Apprenti: m. *A Prentiſe; learner, new beginner; ſcholler.*
Vn apprenti de S. Criſpin. *A Shoomaker.*
Nouveau apprenti n'eſt pas Maiſtre; Prov. *A new Prentiſe is no Maſter; (and therefore a great difference is to be put between them, whether it be for uſe, or in eſtimation.)*
Apprentiſage: m. *A Prentiſhip.*
Appreſt: m. *A preparation, dreſſing, proviſion, making in a readineſſe for.*
Appreſtée: m. ée: f. *Dreſſed, prepared, provided, made ready for.*
En bonne maiſon l'on a toſt appreſté; Prov. *All things are ſoone prepared in a well ordered houſe.*
Appreſter. *To prepare, dreſſe provide, make ready for.*
† Apprimer. *To initiate, or give the firſt direction unto; to enter; imbolden, or fleſh a young one upon a thing which before it durſt not meddle with.*
Apprins. *as* Appris.
Appris: m. iſe: f. *Taught, inſtructed; nurtured, trained up; alſo, learned; conned; comprehended.*
A peine endure mal qui ne l'a appris; Prov. *Hee hardly beats affliction that never tried any.*
Envis meurt qui appris ne l'a; Prov. *Unwillingly he dies, that hath not thought of death; or, that hath not learnt to die.*
Apprivoiſé: m. ée: f. *Tamed, reclaimed, made inward, grown familiar, gentle, tractable; houſall.*
Brebis trop apprivoiſée de trop d'agneaux eſt tettée; Pro. *Look* Agneau.
Apprivoiſement: m. *A taming, reclaiming, making inward, tractable, gentle; houſall.*
Apprivoiſer. *To tame, reclaime, make inward, gentle, tractable, familiar; houſall.*
Approbatif: m. iue: f. *Approbative, approving.*
Approbation: f. *An approbation, allowance; confirmation of.*
Approchant. *Approaching, drawing neere unto; arriving almoſt at.*
Approche: f. *An approach, a drawing neere unto.*
Approché: m. ée: f. *Approached, drawn neer to; almoſt arrived at; (alſo, adjourned, cited, or ſerved with proces to appeare. ¶ Norm.)*
Approchement. *An approaching, drawing nigh, arriving toward, or almoſt at.*
Approcher. *To approach; to come, or draw neer unto; to arrive towards, or almoſt at; (alſo, to adjourne, cite, or ſummon to appear, by proces. ¶ Norm.)*
Approfité: m. ée: f. *Benefited, profited by; turned, or imployed unto the profit of; alſo, received, or gathered, as the revenue, or fruits of an inheritance.*
Approfitement: m. *An advantaging, profiting, bringing of profit unto; a turning, or imploying unto the profit of; alſo, a receiving, taking, or gathering, of the revenue, profits, or fruits of an inheritance.*
Approfiter. *To profit, or thrive by; to make profit, or gaine of; to bring profit unto; to turne, or imploy unto profit; alſo, to receive, take, or gather the revenue, profits, or fruits of an inheritance; (In which ſence the Normand, and Piccard, Lawyers uſe it much.)*
Approfondir. *To deepen; or, to make more deep, and hollow; to dig further into.*
Appropriance: f. *An appropriation, or appropriating; or taking, or converting a thing unto his own uſe.*
Approprié: m. ée: f. *Appropriated, converted unto his owne uſe; alſo, fitted, apted, applied, matched, conformed, accommodated.*
Appropriement: m. *A fitting, conforming, accommodating; alſo, as* Appropriance.
Approprier. *To fit, match, conforme, approper, accommodate; alſo, to appropriate, or convert unto his owne uſe.*
† Approſſe. de groſſe approſſe. *Violently, vehemently, with great ſtrength.*
s'Approviſionner. *To furniſh himſelfe with, to provide himſelfe of neceſſaries.*
Approuvé: m. ée: f. *Approved, allowed, avowed; ſoothed, confirmed, found good, conſented unto.*
Approuvement: m. *An approving, allowing, avowing; a ſoothing; a confirming, a conſenting unto.*
Approuver. *To approve, allow, avow, find good, like well of, confirm, ſooth, conſent unto.*
Appui-pot: m. *Any thing that ſtayes, or ſuſtaines, a pot on the fire.*
Appuré: m. ée: f. *Cleered, cleanſed, purged, clarified, purified; alſo, diſcharged, as a debt; paſſed, or fully made, as an account.*
Appurement: m. *A cleering, purging, clarifying, purifying; alſo, the diſcharging of a debt; the paſſing, or full-cleering of an account.*
Appurer. *To cleanſe, purge, clariſie, puriſie.*
Appurer vn compte. *To cleere an account, to paſſe a reckoning, to procure a* Quietus eſt.
Appurer vne debte. *To diſcharge a debt.*
Appurer vn emende. *To rate, aſſeſſe, or tax, an Amerciament.*
Appuy: m. *A ſtay, buttreſſe, prop, reſt, or thing to leane on; alſo, as* Appuye.
Appuy d'amis. *Support, ſtore, or ſtrength of friends.*
Appuy de la bouche, ou de la bride. *(In horſemanſhip) the reſt upon the hand, and heme;*
Cheval de bon appuy. *A horſe of a temperate, and ſweet reſt upon the hand.*
Appuyal: m. *A leaning-ſtock.*
Appuye: f. *An open, and outſtanding terrace, or gallery, ſet on th'outſide with railes to leane upon.*
Appuyé: m. ée: f. *Stayed, propped, ſupported, ſuſtained, held up; alſo, reſted, or leaned, on; built, or depended upon.*
Appuyer. *To ſtay, prop, ſupport, ſuſtaine, underprop, hold, or beare up.*
s'Appuyer. *To reſt, or lean on; to build, or depend upon.*
Aprelle. *Seek* Aſprelle.
Apres. *after; following; next unto.*
En apres. *Afterwards, hereafter; moreover furthermore; conſequently; ſo then.*
Il eſtoit touſiours apres le Roy, &c. *He daily ſolicited the King; he was ever in hand, or earneſt with him, to.*
Appreſdiſnées: f. *The fees, duties, or profit accruing unto Preſidents, or Judges, and their aſſiſtants, by giving of afternoone Orders; or the afternoone ſittings, or hearings, wherein they are given by them.*
Apres-germain. vn couſin apres-germain. *A couſin-germain removed.*
Appreſté. *as* Appreſté.
† Aprique: com. *Sunnie, or that lieth open to the Sun.*
Apriſonner. *To impriſon, or take priſoner.*
† Apron. *Seek* Aſpron.
Apte: com. *Apt, fit, ſutable, agreeable, well-fitting, meet, convenient.*
Aptitude: f. *Aptitude; abilitie; alſo, aptneſſe, meetneſſe, fitneſſe, conveniencie, ſutableneſſe.*
Apvril: m. *Aprill. Seek* Avril.
Aquatil: m. ile: f. *Aquatile, waterie, lying in the water.*
Aquatique: com. *Wateriſh; of, or belonging to, the water; living in water.*
Aqueduct: m. *An aqueduct, or conduit of water.*
Aqueux: m. euſe: f. *watrie, wateriſh, full of water.*
Argent Aqueux. *Quick-ſilver.*
Humeur aqueux. *a humour in the forepart of the eye, of conſiſtence almoſt like the white of an egge, and ſet there, to bridle the impetuoſity of colours deſcending upon the eye, and ſomewhat to ſtay the firſt violent incounters of obiects.*
Aquieſcer. *as* Acquieſcer.
Aquilin: m. ine: f. *Of an Eagle, like an Eagle, as,* nez Aquilin; *A Hawkenoſe; a noſe like an Eagle.*
Pierre aquiline. *The Eagle-ſtone; a certaine ſtone; (found in an Eagles neſt) which applied unto the thigh of a woman that is in labour, is held to give her much eaſe.*
Aquilon: m. *The Northern-wind.*
Aquilonal: m. ale: f. *Cold, Northerly, ſubject unto the North.*
Aquilonien: m. enne: f. *Of the North; belonging to the North.*
Aquoeſt. *This; or (altogether as rudely) thilke: ¶ Gaſc.*
Aquoſité: f. *Aquoſitie, wateriſhneſſe.*
Ar. Deux & ar. *Deuſe ace. ¶ Rab.*
Arabe: m. *An Arabian.*
Arabeſque: f. *Rebeck-worke; a ſmall, and curious flouriſhing.*
Arabeſque: com. *Arabian-like.*
Arabic: m. ique: f. *arabian, of Arabia.*
Gomme Arabic. *Gumme Arabick; iſſues from the ſhrub* Acacia, *th'Egyptian thorn.*
Arable: com. *Earable, ploughable, tillable.*
Araſde. *The green, moſt venemous, and blood-ſucking Serpent,* Cenchris.
Aragnoide. *A ſmall, thinne, and ſplendant membrane of the eye (not much unlike a Spinners web) which ſerves to ſcite, and retaine (as the leaden ſayle of a looking glaſſe) the formes received.*
Aragon. *An ointment made of Brionie-roots, wild Cowcumber-roots, and other things good againſt Cramps and Convulſions.*
Araigne: f. *A Spider, or Spinner.*
Araigne de mer. *as* Maie; *The greateſt kind of crab; alſo, as* Vive.
Le pertuis de l'araigne. *A certaine hole in an Aſtrolabe, that repreſents the Pole of the world, and with a nayle in the middle thereof, joines together all the tables belonging to the Aſtrolabe.*

La toile de l'araigne. *A Cobweb.*
Les araignes ont fait leurs toiles ſur nos dents. *Our idle teeth by long faſting, are grown full of cobwebs.*
Araignée: f. *A cobweb; or as* Araigne.
Araigneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of ſpiders, ſpinners; or of cobwebs; alſo, hunting, or feeding on, ſpiders; whence,*
Souris araigneuſe. *A Shrew-mouſe.*
Araignier: m. ere: f. *Spiderie; of, or like, a ſpider, or cobweb.*
Tunique araigniere. *as* Aragnoïde.
Arain: m. *Braſſe.*
Oeil d'arain. *A red, fierce, fierie, or ſparkling eye, ſuch as a Lion hath.*
Pierre d'arain. *Red Vitriall; the ſtone wherewith Braſſe is tried.*
Il penſe que nuës ſont pailles d'arain. *(we ſay of ſuch an Idiot;) he thinks the Moon is made of green cheeſe.*
Araire. *A plough.* ℣ Lionnois.
Araiſonner. *Seek* Arraiſonner.
Araiſonner la marchandiſe. *To ſet a rate, or price on it.*
† Aramme. *A fine, or amerciament ſet on a plaintifes, or defendants head, for not appearing.*
Aranſor; *as* Harene-ſor; *A red herring.*
Araroye. *A round, and skreen-like ornament of feathers, worne by the Weſt-Indian Savages at their backs.*
Araſſer. *as* Frayer.
Arbaleſte: f. *A Croſſe-bow; alſo, a Bownet; alſo, the ſinewie Croſſe-bow, wherewith a man ſhoots, not deer, but his deereſt.*
Arbaleſte à boulet. *A Stone-bow.*
Arbaleſte à gelais. *The ſame.*
Arbaleſte de paſſe. *The greateſt, or longeſt kind of Croſſe-bow, or as in* Paſſe.
Arbaleſtier: m. *A Croſſe-bow-man, one that ſhoots in, or ſerves with, a Croſſe-bow; alſo, a Croſſe-bow-maker.*
Arbaleſtrage: m. *The ſhooting in a Croſſe-bow.*
Arbaleſtrier. *as* Arbaleſtier.
† Arban: m. *A dayes work in every week, due by ſome vaſſals; that hold by Villenage, unto their Lords.*
† Arbauſier: m. *Th'Arbute, or Strawberrie tree.*
Arbaux. *Look* Herbaux.
Arbenne: f. *A kinde of white Partridge (of a Pidgions bigneſſe) that's rough legg'd, and footed like a Hare; ſome hold, that ſhe is browne in Summer, and onely in Winter white; others, that one kinde (which lives in plaines, and vallies) is ever browne; and another (which lurks on the ſhadowie ſides of ſnowie mountains) always, and all-over, white.*
Arbitrage: m. *An award, or arbitrement; the ſentence, determination, authority, or Office, of an Arbitrator.*
Arbitraire: com. *Arbitrable; arbitrating; alſo, at the will, and pleaſure of another; and hence,*
Amende arbitraire. *Look* Amende.
Arbitrateur: m. *An arbitrator, umpier, ſtickler; a friendly compounder of differences (according to equitie.)*
Arbitre: m. *An Arbitrator (who is to judge by the ſtrict rules of Law) alſo, will, pleaſure; fancie; ſcope of minde, liberty of judgement, freedome of thought.*
Arbitré: m. ée: f. *Arbitrated, ſtickled; awarded; compounded, agreed; or adjudged, by award.*
Arbitrer. *To arbitrate, ſtickle; award; compound, agree; judge, or adjudge, by award.*
Arborateur. *A planter, primer, dreſſer, breeder of trees.*
Arboré: m. ée: f. *Stuck down, fixed, or planted, as an enſigne into the earth; ſet upright.*
Arborer. *To fix, plant, or ſtick downe into the earth; to ſet, as a tree upright.*
Arboriſe. *A kind of white free ſtone.*
Arboriſer. *To ſtudy the nature, to obſerve the properties, of trees.*
Arboſier: m. *An Arbute, or Strawberrie-tree.*
Arbouce; ou, Arbouſe: f. *The harſh red berry, called an Arbute, or tree-Strawberrie.*
Arbouſier. *as* Arboſier.
Arboutan. *as* Arc boutant. ℣ Rab.
Arbre: m. *A tree.*
L'arbre fourchu. *A ſtanding on the head, or on the hands, with out-ſpread legs.*
Arbre marin, ou de mer. *The greateſt of Starre-fiſhes; called ſo, becauſe ſhee ſpreads her ſelfe abroad, like a full-branched tree.*
l'Arbre d'un moulin. *Th'Axletree; the beame that carries the wheel of a water-mill, and ſailes of a wind-mill.*
l'Arbre d'un navire. *The Maſte.*
Arbre de Paradis. *The tree of Paradiſe; growes in Ægypt, and beares many Moſſames, all at the top, and yeelding all but one fruit; which reſembles a Pine-apple, and taſts moſt delicately.*
l'Arbre d'un preſſoir. *The beame, tree, or timber of a preſſe; the thickeſt, and longeſt piece of wood belonging to it.*
Arbre de vermillion. *The Scarlet Oke, or Scarlet Holme Oke.*
Arbre de vie. *An Aromaticall tree, ſo called.*
Arbre trop ſouvent tranſplanté ne porte pas fruict à planté. *Look* Planté.
L'arbre ne tombe pas du premier coup; Prov. *Though a little man can fell a great Oke, yet fals it not at the firſt blow; Rome was not built on a day; nor are great matters atchieved as ſoon as attempted.*
De l'arbre d'un preſſoir le manche d'un Cernoir; Prov. *(we ſay of one that hath ſquandered away great wealth) hee hath thrwitten a mill-poſt to a pudding prick.*
De doux arbre douces pommes. *A ſweet tree yeeldeth ſavourie fruit.*
† Arbreau: m. *A ſhrub, or ſmall tree.*
Arbret. *A little tree.*
Arbrier: m. *The Tillar of a Croſſe-bow.*
Arbriſſeau: m. *A ſhrub.*
Arbriſſelet. *A little ſhrub.*
Arbriſſelet d'aigreur. *The red Gooſeberrie ſhrub.*
Arbuſte: m. *A ſhrub; alſo, a grove of trees that are lopt, and cut.*
Arbuſter. *To plant a ground with thicke ranks of ſhrubs.*
Arbuſtif: m. ive: f. *Shrubbie; alſo, running, or growing up by the ſide of a ſhrub, as Ivie, Vines, &c.*
Arc: m. *A bow; a hand-bow, or long-bow, alſo, a vault, or arch in building; alſo, the circle that environs the ball, or apple of the eye; the bow, or Iris of the eye.*
Arc boutant. *An arch, bowing pillar, buttreſſe, or poſt, that ſerves to ſhore, ſupport, or underſet a building; alſo, the arke, or arch of a vault, the cover of a cradle; the tilt of a boat, &c.*
L'arc au ciel. *The Rainbow.*
Arc à gelet; ou, à jallet: *A ſtone-bow.*
L'arc du jour. *The whole day, from Sunne riſing to the ſetting thereof.*
Arc Turquois. *The Turkiſh long bow.*
Il a pluſieurs cordes à ſon arc. *He hath many ſtrings to his bow (viz. many trades, meanes, helpes, dependancies, or aſſurances, to rely on.)*
Paſſer par l'arc S. Bernard. *To be beſhitten; to betray himſelfe.*
Desbander l'arc ne gueriſt pas la playe; Prov. *The bows unbending healeth not the wound (it hath made;) the withdrawing of forces is no amends for the wrongs or harmes, which they have done.*
Arcade: f. *An arch, or halfe circle.*
Mettre les mains en arcade ſur les coſtes. *To ſet his hands a kenbow.*
Arc-agelet. *Look* arc.
Arcanne: f. *Rudle, red-chaulk, red-aaker.*
Areaſſe: f. *The Counter (in the Poope) of a Ship.*
Arc-boutant. *Look* in Arc.
Arceau: m. *A little bow; bought; arch; alſo, a Saddle-bow; alſo, a Carpenters yard, or workhouſe.*
Arceler. *Seek* Harceler.
Arcenal: m. *An Arcenall; as Armorie; a ſtorehouſe of Armour; Artillerie; Shipping, or ſhips.*
Archade. *as* Arcade.
Archail. *as* Archal.
Archal, & fil d'archal. *Yellow latten wire; or copper wire.*
Archant, & Archat; *as* Archal.
Arche: f. *A coffer, cheſt; hutch, binne; alſo, an Arke; whence,* l'arche de Noë; *alſo, the arch of a bridge, &c. the well of the Pumpe of a Ship.*
Archecapelein de toute Flanders. *The arch-chaplaine (or as ſome thinke) the Chancellour of Flanders.*
Archediaconé: m. *An Arch-Deaconrie.*
Archediacre: m. *An Arch-Deacon.*
Crotté en Archediacre. *Dag'd up to the hard heeles; (for ſo were the Arch-Deacons in old time ever wont to be, by reaſon of their frequent, and toylſome, Viſitations.)*
Archeé: f. *A bow-ſhoot; or, the reach of a bow; as farre as a bow will carry.*
Archeleure: f. *A little arch, or arke; alſo a womans care-wire.*
Archenocher: m. *A chiefe Mariner; the Pilot, or Maſter of a ſhip.*
Archeprestre: m. *An arch-prieſt, high-prieſt, head-prieſt, chiefe-prieſt.*
Archer: m. *An Archer, or Bowman; alſo, a Yeoman of the (kings) Guard; alſo, one of the Provoſt Marſhals attendants, or guard; alſo, a Warder in a Towne, or fortreſſe; (whoſe ordinary weapon, at this day a Halberd, was in old time a bow, and arrowes;) alſo, a horſeman, who in ſervice ever accompanies the* Gendarme des Ordonnances; *to whom though hee be ſomewhat inferiour, and though hee have but halfe as much pay (about twenty*

pounds

pounds ſterl. a yeare) yet is hee to be a Gentleman of birth and breeding; or ſuch a one as hath been Captaine, Lieutenant, Enſigne, or Sergeant Major, of a foot company ſix yeares together: and whoſoever will be a Gendarme muſt formerly have been an Archer (if at the leaſt a yeares continuance (if the ordinance be duly obſerved.)

Archers du guet. The ordinarie watchmen of the town of Paris; (who are not Burguers, but a kind of Souldiers; both appointed, and payed by the King.)

Franc archer. Look Franc.

Archerie: m. A match of ſhooting; alſo, a field, or ground, to ſhoot in.

Archerot: m. A little Archer, a young Bowman.

Archet: m. The bow of a Viol, &c.

Archetype: m. A principall type, figure, forme; the cheefe pattern, mould, modell, example, or ſample, whereby a thing is framed; an authenticke, or originall draught.

Archiatre: m. A principall Phyſitian.

Archidiacre. An Arch-Deacon.

Archiduc. An Arch-duke.

Archier: m. as Archer.

Archifs: m. The Rols (for the Crown) or, a place wherein all the Records, Charters, and Evidences that concerne the King, or belong unto the Crowne, are kept in cheſts, and boxes.

Archimandrite: m. An Abbot; a Gentrall, or Governour of Hermits; a Superintendent, or Overſeer, of ſuch as reſide in deſart caves, and dens.

Archimarmitoneraſtique: m. An Abbey-lubber, or Arch-frequenter of the Cloyſter beefe-pot, or beefe-boyler.

Archimbaud. A proper name for a man.

C'eſt la famille d'Archimbaud, plus y en a & pis vaut; Prov. (Said of a ſtate, or family, that's peſtered with rakebels.)

Architecte: m. An Architect; a Governour, overſeer, directer; a chiefe deviſer, contriver, or framer, of buildings; a work-maſter, or maſter-workman, in points of Architecture.

Architecté: m. ée. f. Built, contrived, framed, faſhioned; ſet, or made up, as a houſe, &c.

Architecter. To governe, overſee, direct, a building; alſo, to contrive, deviſe, frame, faſhion; make, or ſet up, artificially, a building, &c.

Architectonique: com. Architective; belonging to an Architect, or Architecture.

Architecture: f. Architecture; the art, or ſcience of building; the framing, or building of a houſe, &c. alſo, the frame of a houſe, or building; an edifice, or building.

Architrave: m. The Architrave (of pillars, or ſtone-worke;) the reaſon piece, or maſter beame (in buildings of timber.)

Archives. as Archifs.

Archool. Duſt; (of Alchool, an Arabian word.)

Archure: f. A mill-hoop, or mill-caſe; the open cheſt that holds the mill-ſtones.

Arçoir. as hier au ſoir. Yeſternight; (a ruſticall word.)

Arçon: m. The aſſon, or bow of a ſadle.

Faire vuider les arçons. To caſt off horſeback, or out of the ſadle.

Arçon: f. A burning, or ſetting on fire.

Arçonné: m. ée: t. Set on horſeback, or between the ſadle bowes; ſetled, or ſet faſt, in a ſadle.

Arçonner. To faſten, ſettle, or ſet ſure; as, the breech between the bowes of a ſadle.

Arçonner vne vigne. To underprop a vine both before and behinde.

Arçonneux: m. euſe: f. Of, or belonging to, a ſadle-bow; alſo, fit to hang, or to be caried at, a ſadle-bow; whence;

Malette arçonneuſe. A capcaſe; male, budget, &c.

Arçonnier: m. ere: f. as Arçonneux.

Arcotic: m. ique f. Benumming, ſtupifying.

Arcou: m. A kind of latten, or copper, whereof kettles are made.

Arctique: com. Northern, or Northerly.

Cercle arctique. A circle in our Hemiſphear, called, the Pole articke.

Arcture: m. The ſtarre Boötes (which followeth Charles waine.)

† Arcuer. To arch; bow, bend; grow compaſſe, or crooked like an arch.

† Arcure: f. An arching, bought, or bow; compaſſe, or bowing.

Ardamment. Ardently, hotly, fervently; earneſtly, eagerly, vehemently; with great heat; paſſion, or deſire.

Ardans: m. S. Hermes fires; the flitterings, or going fires, flaſhes, or flames, which be ſeen by night, and near unto waters.

Ardant: m. ante: f. Ardent, hoat, burning; fervent; eagre, earneſt, greedy, vehement, moſt affectionate.

Chambre ardante. Look Chambre.

Eau ardant. Aqua, or aquavitæ

Feu ardant. White Vine, white Bryonie, wild Nep, Tetterberrie; The Wallons, ſayes Gerard, call Garden-Nightſhade, feu ardant.

Vin ardant. Aquavitæ

Ardent. as Ardant.

† Ardentement. as Ardamment.

Ardeur: f. Ardour; heat, burning; fervencie; eagerneſſe, earneſtneſſe, vehemencie; greedineſſe; exceeding affection, extreme paſſion.

† Ardid. as Ardit.

Ardille: f. Clay, loam, tough mold.

Ardillé: m. ée: f. Dawbed, or done over, with clay.

Ardiller. To clay; to dawbe, or doe over, with clay.

Ardillier: m. ere: f. Clay, clay-like, of clay.

Terre ardilliere. Tough earth, or clay, whereof brick, and tyle may be made.

Ardillon: m. The toung of a buckle.

Ardit: m. as Liard, A coyn that's worth iij.d.Tourn. ¶ Gaſcon.

Ardoir. To burn, or be on fire; to be inflamed, or kindled; (hence) alſo, to be very earneſt; or hot, in a matter; to love exceedingly; deſire fervently, covet vehemently, long for very much; alſo, to inflame, or ſet on fire; as in the Proverbe.

L'argent ardgent.

Ardoiſe: f. A ſlate.

Ardoiſé: m. ée: f. Slated, covered with ſlates; alſo, ſlatie, or of ſlate.

Ardoiſeux: m. euſe: f. Full of, or, filled with, ſlates.

Ardoiſiere: f. A ſlate-pit, ſlate-quarrey, ground full of ſlates.

Ardoiſin: m. ine: f. Slatie, or, of ſlate.

Ardoüe: f. A little brook, or reyne, that gently runs along a field.

Ardre. as Ardoir.

Ardu: m. uë: f. Hard, painfull, difficult, great, ample, high, ſteep, dangerous; hard to get on, or come to.

† Ardy. as Ardit.

Arechal, fil d'arechal. as Archal.

† Areille. as Oreille: ¶ Norm.

Arene: f. Sand, gravell.

Aréne. A Theatre for Fencers; a place to juſt in, ſtrowed with gravell; and hence was that ſtately Amphitheatre of Niſmes, called, des Arenes.

Areneux: m. euſe: f. Sandie, gravelly; full of ſand, or of gravell.

Arenger. Seek Arranger.

Areniere: f. A ſand-pit, or gravell-pit, a plot whereout ſand, or gravell is digged.

Arentelles: f. Goſſymere; the long, white, and cobweblike exhalation, that flies on the ayre in Sunne, and Summer dayes.

Arenuleux: m. euſe: f. Full of ſmall gravell, or ſand.

† Arer. To plough, till, eare, the ground.

Arete: f. A plough.

Ares-metys. Preſently, even now, by and by. ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.

Areſte: f. The ſmall bone of a fiſh; alſo, the eyle, awne, or beard of an eare of corne; alſo, the edge, or outſtanding ridge of a ſtone, or ſtone-wall.

Areſte du dos. The back-bone; or, the ridge of the back.

Areſte d'un eſpee, &c. The Creſt, of a ſword, &c. a ſharp riſing in the middle thereof.

Areſteux: m. euſe: f. Full of ſmall bones, as a fiſh.

Areteuſe: f. The Heath Sorrell.

Arez. Now, preſently, by and by. ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.

Arfie: f. A Horſefiſh, Hornebeake, Snacot-fiſh, Ganefiſh, Piperfiſh.

Argalice: f. A Raddiſh root.

Argalie: f. A (Chirurgions) ſquirt, or ſyringe; or the inſtrument wherewith he ſearcheth the paſſages of the urine, or bladder.

Arganete. A wire-drawers bench.

Argatile. A kind of titling, or titmouſe.

Arge. A lightning, which blaſteth, and maketh black.

Argenocher. as Arche-nocher; Or, one of the Argonauts, who ſailed with Jaſon for the Golden Fleece.

Argent: m. Silver; alſo, monie, coyn, chink, gilt; alſo, Argent, in Blaſon.

Argent aqueux. Quick-ſilver.

Argent de cendrée. Fine, or purified ſilver, of xj.d. eighteen grains fineneſſe, this the finers make at firſt into wedges, and marke them with their punchcons, thereby undertaking for the goodneſſe, and value thereof.

Argent comptant. Ready money, whence;

Argent comptant porte medicine; Prov. Readie monie is a ready medicine; or procures any medicine.

Argent de Cour. Silver of xj.d. allay (twelve grains baſer than Argent le Roy) heretofore the proportion for all kinde of Goldſmiths worke.

Argent mignon. as Argent comptant.

Argent le Roy. The Kings ſilver; the ſilver that's uſed, now adayes, for coyne, and

Gold-

Gold-ſmiths worke ; ſix graines in the penny weight baſer than Argent de Cendrée ; *(it comes to* 47 *s.* 6 *d.* Tournois *the ounce.*

Faire de l'argent avec les dents. *To grow rich by ſaving hard ; by ſtarving the belly to ſtuffe the purſe.*

A beau ieu bel argent. *Roundly, in good earneſt, without faining, dalliance, or delay; alſo, as good as is brought, one for another.*

Du temps qu'on ſe cacha. pour preſter de l'argent. *In good old times when men were loath to publiſh their owne goodneſſe, or the neceſſities of others.*

I'en puis parler pour mon argent. *I know it to my coſt ; I can ſpeake of what I have paid for.*

Il veut avoir drap & argent enſemble. *He will have both my cloath and his owne coine ; (applyable to an unreaſonable chapman, hard bargainer, ſore dealer.)*

Le terme vaut l'argent. *The Terme is worth the money ; (a phraſe moſt uſed by thoſe whom the benefit of a little time makes to neglect the paiements, or puniſhments whereto they be ſubiect.)*

Argent ard gent ; Prov. *Money burnes many ; (viz. the love thereof enflames their hearts.)*

Argent contant porte medicine ; Pro. *Ready money is a ready medicine.*

Argent faict guerre ; Prov. vizt. *It moves men to begin, and enables them to follow, it.*

Argent faict perdre, & pendre gent ; Prov. *Look* Perdre, *or* Pendre.

Argent faict rage, & amour mariage ; Prov. *Coine moves men unto rage, love unto marriage.*

Argent faict tout ; Prov. *All (earthly) things are commanded, and compaſſed, by it.*

Argent frais, & nouveau ruine le Iouvenceau ; Prov. *Th'abundant, or free uſe of money ruines youth.*

l'Argent quand l'orge ; Prov. *One for another : when we have their ware let them have their money.*

Argent receu le bras rompu ; Prov. *Look* Bras.

C'eſt argent qu'argent vaut ; Prov. *Nothing but money is money-worth.*

En argent ſoit le capital de celuy là qui le veut mal ; Prov. *(Beliſe, becauſe the keeping of it is both ſinfull, und caſuall.)*

Quand argent faut tout faut ; Prov. *He that wants money wants all things.*

Qui a argent a des chapeaux ; Pro. *Moſt men ſalute the monyed man ; or, he that hath money hath moſt things.*

Qui na' argent en bourſe ait du moins du mel en bouche ; Prov. *He that cannot pay let him pray.*

Amour faict beaucoup, mais argent faict tout ; Prov. *Love is potent, but money omnipotent.*

Bon marché tire l'argent hors de la bourſe ; Prov. *Good cheap commodities are notable pick-purſes.*

Deſolation paroiſt toſt en argent avancé, &c. *Look* Deſolation.

Femme, argent, & vin, ont leur bien, & leur venin ; Prov. *Money, wine, and Women, have good and bad things in them.*

Mieux vaut avoir ami en voye qu'or n'argent en courtoye ; Prov. *A friend on the way is beter than a peny in the purſe.*

Nul n'a trop pour ſoy de ſens, d'argent, de foy : Prov. *Look* Foy.

Quelque ſçavoir que ſoit on l'hommes, s'il n'a de l'argent, on s'en mocque ; Prov. *The skilfulleſt, wanting money, are but ſcorned.*

Qui combat avec les armes d'argent eſt aſſeure de vaincre ; Prov. *He that doth fight with ſilver armes is ſure to overcome.*

Argentagine : f. *The ſilver Squinzie ; a diſeaſe wherewith many besides Demoſthenes (to whom it was firſt objected) have been troubled.*

Argenté : m. ée : f. *Silvered over ; covered with, or enhaſed in, ſilver.*

Aſtre Argenté. *The Moone.*

Argenter. *To ſilver over ; to gild, or cover with ſilver, tinne, or lead ; alſo, to enchace or inlaſe, in ſilver.*

Argenterie : f. *The Maſterſhip of the Wardrobe ; alſo, a banke of Exchange ; alſo, a ſilver ayme ; alſo, any ſtuffe, plate, or jewels of ſilver ; as (in Churches) cups, chalices, croſſes, &c. ſilver ſtuffe ; alſo, a veſtrie, preſſe, or cheſt, wherein ſilver ſtuffe, or plate is kept ; alſo, a cupboard of ſilver plate.*

Argenteux : m. euſe : f. *Silveriſh, of ſilver ; full of money, or ſilver ; that hath ſtore of ſilver.*

Argentier : m. *A Steward, Purſe-bearer, or other Officer, that layeth out money for his Maſter, or hath the charge of his Maſters money ; alſo, a Banker, one that lendeth, or exchangeth, money for gaine ; alſo, a Cup-bearer.*

Argentier du Roy. *The Maſter of the ward-robe, or Gentleman of the Robes ; an Officer that keeps, and gives an account of all the Robes, Garments, and Clothes made for the Kings owne wearing, for his Wardrobe, or Chamber, or to be given away.*

Argentiere : f. *The place wherein mettalls are tryed, before coine be made of them.*

Argentin : m. ine : f. *Argentine, ſilvery, of ſilver, ſilver-like.*

Chardon argentin. *Argentine, Silver-Thiſtle, Oat-Thiſtle, Gum-Thiſtle, cotton-Thiſtle, the wilde white Thiſtle.*

Argentine : f. *Wilde Tanſie, Silver-weed.*

Argerite. The *(Silver-coloured) ſcume of tried lead.*

Argilier : m. *The Pontick Acacia ; (a Thorny ſhrub.)*

Argillere : f. *A clay-pit ; or, a plot wherein Potters-clay is gotten.*

Argille : f. *Potters-clay ; fat mould ; a fatty, or clammy earth, whereof pots, &c. may be made.*

Argillette : f. *Fine clay, or mould.*

Argilleux : m. euſe : f. *Clayiſh ; full of a fat mould, or clay ; made of a clammy, or fat clay ; clammy, or fat, as Potters clay.*

Arglantier : m. *An Eglantine-tree, or plant.*

Argolet : m. *A light horſeman.*

Argot : m. *The ſpurre of a Cocke ; the dew-claw of a dog, &c. the beele, or talon of a hog.*

Argoté : m. ée : f. *Having ſpurres ; armed, or furniſhed as a Cocke, with ſpures ; alſo, brabled, contended, conteſted, wrangled.*

Argoter. *To ſpurre ; to fight with ſpurres ; alſo, to brabble, conteſt, wrangle, contend with.*

Argoteur : m. *A wrangler, brabler, caviller, contentious perſon.*

Argoteure. *as* Ergoture.

Argoteuſe : f. *A ſcould ; a wrangling, or cavilling huſwife.*

† Argoüil : m. *A ring of iron.*

† Argouſin. *The Lieutenant of a Gallie.*

† Argu. la teſte plaine d'argu. *Full of anger, perplexity, diſpleaſure ; fraught with fretfull proclamations.*

Tu ne me parles que d'argu. *Thy words are nought but cavils, thou doſt nothing but brable with me.*

Argué : m. ée : f. *Argued, pleaded, reaſoned ; reproved, rebuked, chidden.*

Arguër. *To argue, plead, reaſon ; diſpute ; diſcuſſe, or examine by argument : alſo, to chide, reprove, reprehend, rebuke ; alſo, to inſtruct, urge, or provoke unto anger.*

Argueur. *An arguer, or pleader.*

Arguilloneux : m. euſe : f. *Litigious, contentious ; full of ſubtile cavilling.*

Argument : m. *An argument ; reaſon, or proofe ; a ſubject to write, reaſon, or ſpeake of ; alſo, the ſumme of a written matter ; the ſummary, or ſubſtance of a Booke, or Chapter ; alſo, a concluſion, preſumption ; juſt occaſion, ſure token.*

Arguties : f. *Sharpe quirkes, or ſubtilties, ſubtill words, witty ſayings.*

Argyrite. *Look* Argerite.

† Ari : m. ie : f. *Dryed up, full ſoked, wholly drained ; withered ; without ſap, or humour ; whoſe naturall moiſture is ſpent, or conſumed.*

Aride : com. *As* Ari. *Dry, withered, without ſap.*

Aridelle : f. *A leane, or carrion tit ; an ill ſavoured fleſhleſſe jade ; alſo, an Anatomy, or body wherein there is nought left but skin, and bone.*

Aridité : f. *Drineſſe ; witheredneſſe ; want of humour, lack of moiſture.*

Arietant. *Ramming, jarring, lecherous ; ever fighting, or leaping ; as a Ramme, or rut.*

Arignée. *See* Araignée.

Arigot. *as* Argot ; *alſo, a (muſicall) Recorder.*

Ariſtocratie : f. *An Ariſtocratie ; the government of Nobles ; or (if ſome few of the greateſt men in a ſtate.*

Ariſtocratique. *Ariſtocraticall, ruled by Nobles, governed by ſome few great men.*

Ariſtocratiquement. *Lordly, Ariſtocratically.*

Ariſtolochie : f. *Hart-wort, Birth-wort.*

Ariſtolochie clematite. *Climing Birth-wort.*

Ariſtolochie longue. *Long Birth-wort, or male Birth-wort.*

Ariſtolochie ronde. *Round, or female Birth-wort.*

Arith-

Arithmeticien : m. *An Arithmetician.*
Arithmetique : f. *Arithmeticke ; the art of numbers, or of numbering.*
Armaire : com. *A Cupboord, Ambrie, little presse ; any hole, or box contrived in, or against, a wall ; any small hollow roome, or place, wherein things may be set, laid up, and kept. Look* Armoire.
Armaison : f. cecy c'st plus d'armison que cela. *Thus is more strong, better armed, fitter for fight, or to endure a fight, than that.*
Armateur : m. *An Armer, a provider of armes, or weapons for ; whence ;*
Armateurs de navires. *Such as undertake to furnish shipping with powder, bullets, nailes, chaine-shot, wilde-fire, &c.*
Arme : f. *A weapon. Look* Armes ; *also, as* Ame ; *(in* Languedoc.)
Armé : m. ée : f. *Armed, harnessed, furnished with armes, provided of weapons ; fortified, fenced.*
Poisson armé. *A shell-fish.*
Armée : f. *An army, or hoast.*
Armelin : m. *The (hate-spot) Ermelin, or Ermin.*
Armement : m. *An arming ; also, warlike provision, as powder, bullets, chaine-shot, wilde-fire, &c. for shipping.*
Armer. *To arme, or harnesse ; to put on, or clad in, armour ; to furnish with armes, or weapons ; to strengthen, fortifie, fence ; to provide for, or against warre.*
Cheval qui s'arme. *That armes, or defends himselfe, (by clapping his bit unto his breast whereby the curbe hath little or no power over him.)*
Contre la nuict s'arment les Limaçons ; Prov. viz. *Put forth their barnes.*
Armeries. *as* Armoires.
Armes : f. *Harnesse, armour ; weapons ; armes offensive, and defensive ; also, Armes ; Cognisances, or Scutcheons of armes ; also, the two great tuskes, or tusshes of a wilde Boare.*
Armes d'ast. *Any weapons that are usually hurled, or cast at an enemie ; or, as ;*
Armes d'hante, ou d'hafte ; *(most properly) such weapons as have long heads, and handles ; as darts, javelins ; pikes, or speares, &c.*
Cotte d'armes. *A Coat-armour ; also, a Heraulds-coat.*
Espée d'armes. *Look* Espée.
Faicts d'armes. *Acts, or feats of Chivalrie ; deeds of prowesse ; warlike, or valorous atchievements.*
Homme d'armes. *A man of armes, one that serves in compleat armour, on a great horse.*
Faire armes. *To fight ; also, to fight most valiantly.*
Il en parla comme vn escolier d'armes. *He spake of it ignorantly, improperly, impertinently, or he knew not what.*
D'oiseaux, de chiens, d'armes, & d'amours, pour vn plaisir mille douleurs ; Prov. *Who fall in love, or follow Hawkes, Hounds, Armes, for one delight sustaine a thousand harmes.*
Armet : m. *An Helmet, or (horsemans) head-piece.*
† Armeurerie : f. *Armory ; armour ; armes.*
Armeures. *as* Armures.
Armilles : f. *Th'iron rings, or braces, wherein the gudgeons of a (wheeles) spindle turne ; also, certaine little round members in pillars, &c.*
Arminette : f. *as* Erminette.
Armoire : com. *as* Armaire. *An Ambrie ; cupboord ; box ; little book-presse, &c. (and hence) also, the Pix wherein the Sacrament is kept.*
Armoire tournant. *The round, and turning box (contrived in a Nunnery wall) whereby the sisters receive (unseene) either gifts or necessaries.*
Armoires : f. *The flowers called Sweet-Johns, or Sweet-Williams, Tolmeyners, and London-tufts.*
Armoirie : f. *An armorie, or store-house for armes.*
Armoiries, *Armes, Cognisances, Scutcheons, coats of armes ; also, as* Armoires.
Armoiré : m. ée : f. *Graven or charged with armes, set thicke with Scutcheons of Armes ; bearing Armes.*
Armoise : f. *The herbe called Mugwort, or Motherwort.*
Armoise mince-fueilles, ou à petites fueilles ; *Thin-leaved Mugwort.*
Petite armoise. *The same, and a third, or lesse kinde thereof.*
Armoisin : m. *Taffata.*
Armoisin : m. ine : f. *Of Taffata ; silken.*
Armoisine : f. *as* Armoisin : m.
Armoniac. *Armoniacum ; a Gumme issuing from the Cyrenian* Ferula, *or Fennell-giant.*
Armoniac. *Of, or seasoned with Armoniacum.*
Sel Armoniac. *Look* Sel.
Armonie : f. *See* Harmonie.
Armorial : m. ale : f. *Belonging unto armour ; or expressing, or setting out ones armes.*
Armorier : m. *An Armorer, or Harnesse-maker.*
Armories. *as* Armoires.
Armottes : f. *A broth, or pap, made of meale steeped in liquor, and sodden untill it be thicke.*
Armoux. choux armoux. *A kind of green Colewoorts, whose leaves are of an ovall forme.*
Armoyer. *To tip, or deck the hast of a knife, or handle of a sword with any worke : (vieil mot.)*
Armoyse. *Mugwort. Look* Armoise.
Armoyfine. *as* Armoisine.
Armure : f. *Harnesse, or Armour for the body.*
L'armure d'un poisson. *The shell, or scales of a fish.*
Armures. *(As usuall as in the singular number) armes, harnesse, armor for the body.*
† Arné : m. ée : f. *Weake-backed, feeble-reined, loose-joynted ; unfit, or unable to please a woman.*
Arneat. *The ravenous bird, called a Shrike, Nynmurder, Wariangle.*
† Arnement : m. *A weakening, straining, or breaking the reines of.*
Arner. *To weaken, enfeeble, straine, crush, breake the reynes or backe of.*
Arnogloſſe. *Plantaine, Waybred.*
Arollé : m. ée : f. *At it, at worke, whose hand is in.*
Aromat. *as* Aromatique.
Aromates. *Spices, fragrant Simples.*
Aromatie rozat. *Agertaine sweet powder, good for the stomach and heart.*
Aromaticité : f. *Sweet savour, pleasant smell, pleasing taste ; as, of spices.*
Aromatique : m. *An aromaticall Simple, or compound.*
Aromatique gariofilé. *A certain composition wherein there are cloves ; good for the passions of the heart.*
Aromatique : com. *Aromaticall, spicie, odoriferous, fragrant, sweet-smelling.*
Aromatizé : m. ée : f. *Perfumed, aromatized, spiced ; seasoned, or sweetned with spices.*
Aromatizer. *To aromatize ; to perfume, season or sweeten with spices, or fragrant Simples.*
Aron. *The herbe Aron, Calves-foot, Ramp, Starch-woort, Cuckot-pint, Priests-pintle.*
Aronde : f. *A tronke to shoot in ; also, as* Arondelle.
Arondeau : m. *A young Swallow.*
Arondelet. *as* Arondeau.
Arondelle : f. *A Swallow.*
Arondelle de mer. *The flying fish called the Sea Bat, or Sea-Swallow ; also, a kind of mullet, called otherwise,* Paulcon de mer.
Arondelle de riuage. *Looke* Hirondelle.
La grande arondelle. *The great, black, and scriching, Martin.*
L'herbe d'arondelles. *Celandine, great Celandine, Swallowort, Tetterwort*
Queuë d'arondelle. *See* Queuë.
La venuë des arondelles. *is about the two and twentieth of March.*
Aroy : m. *A Plough.*
Arpailleur : m. *A seller of old trinkets, or of old Iron ; also, a finer of metals, or gold-finer.*
Arpent : m. *An acre, or furlong of ground ; the most ordinary one called (sometimes)*
L'arpent de France, *is* 100 *perches square (or every way) after* 18 *feet to the perche.*
L'arpent de bois, *containes, in most places, two roods and a halfe ; the rood* 40 *perches ; the perch* 24 *feet ; and the foot* 24 *inches.*
L'arpent de bois de Bourgoigne, *containes* 440 *perches.*
L'arpent de Clermont, *is in most places* 100 *Verges, in other but* 70 ; *after* 16 *feet to the verge.*
L'arpent de Dunois, *is of* 100 *perches, after* 20 *feet to the perch.*
L'arpent de France. *as before, in* Arpent.
L'arpent de Nevers, *is foure quarters square ; the quarter ten fadomes ; the fadome six ordinary feet.*
L'arpent de Paris, *is* 100 *perches square after* 22 *feet to the perche ; (yet is not this proportion of the Perche generall ; for in some places about* Paris *it containes* 25 *feet, and in others (after the ordinary rate) but* 18.)
Arpent de la Perche, *containes* 100 *perches, the perche* 24 *feet, the foot* 13 *inches.*
Arpent de Poictou, *is* 18 *paces square.*
L'arpent Romain, *was* 240 *feete long,*

long, and 120 feet broad.

Arpentage: m. *A ſurvey taken of land.*

Arpenté: m. ée: f. *Surveyed, or meaſured, as land; alſo, run.*

Arpentement. *A ſurveying, or meaſuring of land.*

Arpenter. *To meaſure, or ſurvey land; alſo, to run.*

Arpenterie: f. *A ſurveying, or meaſuring of land.*

Arpenteur; m. *A ſurveyor, or meaſurer of land.*

Arpilleux: m. *Ravenous, devouring.*

Arquebouſade. *as* Arquebuſade.

Arquebouſe, & Arquebouſier. *as* Arquebuſe, *and* Arquebuſier.

Arquebuſade: f. *The ſhot of a caleever, or harquebuſe.*

Arquebuſe: f. *An harquebuſe, caleever, or hand-gun.*

Arquebuſe de chaſſe. *A fowling peece.*

Arquebuſe à croc. *An harquebuſe a-crock (ſomewhat bigger then a muſket.)*

Arquebuſe à fuſil. *A Snap-haunce.*

Arquebuſe à grand reſſort. *A French harquebuſe.*

Arquebuſe à rouët. *A fire-locke, or Peece that goes with a fire-locke.*

Arquebuſier: m. *An harquebuſier, or ſmall-ſhot; one that ſerves with an harquebuſe, or caleever.*

† Arquemie. *Seek* Alquemie.

† Arquer. *To arch; to bend, crooke, or bow like an arch, or bow.*

† Arrabler. *To rape, and rend; to ravine, rob, ſpoile; to get by hooke or by crooke; (an old word.)*

Arraché: m. ée: f. *Rooted up; drawn, torn, plucked out, or up by the root; pulled away by violence.*

Arrachement: m. *A rooting up; a drawing, tearing, plucking up by the root; a pulling away by violence.*

Arrachement d'une voulte. *The root, bottome, or beginning of a vault; as* Tas de charge.

D'arrache-pied. *Continually, without interminſion, without diſcontinuance, together.*

Arracher. *To root up; to draw, teare, pluck up by the root; to pull away by violence; to pluck out.*

Il arrache les bonnes herbes, & plante les mauvaiſes. *He reviles the good, and flatters the bad; or he ſupplants vertue, to ſupport vice.*

Arracheur: m. *A puller, tearer, rooter up.*

Arrachis: m. *as* Arrachement.

†Arrager. *as* Emager.

Arraiſonné: m. ée: f. *Reaſoned, talked, diſcourſed, fallen in ſpeech with.*

Arraiſonnement: m. *A reaſoning, talking, diſcourſing with.*

Arraiſonner. *To reaſon, conferre, talke, diſcourſe, fall in ſpeech, enter into termes, with.*

† Arramir. *To ſweare.*

Arrangé: m. ée: f. *Ranked, ranged, diſpoſed, ordered, arrayed, digeſted, ſorted, ſet in it place.*

Arrangement. *An ordering, ſorting, ranging, ranking.*

Arranger. *To ranke, range, diſpoſe, order, ſort; array; digeſt; ſet in it right place, row, or array.*

Arrapant. *Suddenly, and violently plucking, or ſnatching away.*

Arraper. *To take by violence; to ſnatch away; to gripe, or plucke away on a ſudden.*

Arraſſiade. *A Salamander.*

† Arré: m. ée: f. *Beſpoken, or for which earneſt hath been given.*

†Arre: com. *Tart; or, chooking, as a wild peare.*

† Arrecer. *as* Arreſſer; *alſo, as* Frayer.

Arreche. *as* Areſte.

Arréement: m. *Good array, order, equipage.*

Arrement: m. *A giving of money in earneſt, or beforehand.*

Arremens. Ce ſont les dernieres expeditions, & Actes de Iuſtice faicts entre parties litigantes. ¶ Ragueau.

Arrené: m. ée: f. *Reined; borne up (as a horſe) by his reines.*

Arrengé: m. ée: f. *Ranged, ranked, ordered, diſpoſed.*

Arrengement. *Look* Arrangement.

Arrenté: m. ée: f. *Rented; let, or taken, upon rent.*

Arrentement: m. *A renting, or letting out upon an yearely rent.*

Arrenter. *To rent, to let out for rent; alſo, to take at a rent.*

† Arrer. *To give in earneſt, in hand, beforehand; alſo, to give earneſt for; to buy, or conclude a bargaine, by giving of earneſt.*

Arrerage: m. *An arrerage; remainder, &c. as* Arrierage.

† Arrerager. *To fall, grow, come, into arrerages.*

Arrerailles: f. *Lateward ſeed; corne thats ſowed late in the yeare, or in the Spring.*

Arres. *Earneſt; money given for the concluſion, or ſtriking up, of a bargaine.*

Reprenons nos arres. *Look* Erres.

Arreſſement. *The riſing, or ſtiffneſſe of the yard; prick-pride; a ſtanding.*

Arreſſer. *The yard to riſe, and grow, ſtiffe, or to ſtand.*

Arreſt: m. *An Arreſt, Sentence, Decree, Order, or finall judgement of a Court; alſo, an arreſt; a ſeiſure of, or execution ſerved upon, a mans perſons, or goods; alſo, the Reſt wherein a man of armes ſetteth his lance; and generally, any reſt, ſtop, or ſtay for a thing.*

Arreſt de pont. *An Engine that goes with a vice, and binders a draw-bridge, once downe, from being pulled up againe.*

Tu n'as non plus d'arreſt qu'un ieune veau. *Thou art as giddie as a ſucking calfe.*

Arreſte: f. *as* Areſte.

Arreſté: m. ée: f. *Stayed, ſtopped, arreſted; ſetled; alſo, detained, withheld from; alſo, decreed, determined, reſolved.*

Arreſte-bœuf. *The herbe Reſt-harrow, petty-whinne, graund-ſirze, Cammocke.*

Arreſtement: m. *A ſtopping, arreſting, ſtaying; ſetling; determining.*

Arreſte-net. *Ship-ſtaying, bark-ſtopping, boat-arreſting.*

Arreſter. *To ſtay, ſtop, arreſt; ſettle; alſo, to determine, decree, reſolve of; alſo, to detaine, or withhold from.*

s'arreſter. *To ſtay, reſt, ſtop at, abide in, a place; alſo, to pauſe on; alſo, to reſolve.*

† Arrhemens. *as* Erres, *or* Erremens.

Arrierage: m. *An arrerage; the reſt, or the remainder of a paiment; that which was unpaid, or behind.*

Arrieré: m. ée: f. *Caſt, come, or fallen behind; behindhand.*

Arriere. *Behind, backward; alſo, aloofe, or farre from; alſo (imperatively) back, or get you back; alſo, Again! Yet more! what, ſo often? or, will you never have done? (ſaid in anger unto an importunate repeater of unpleaſing motions) alſo, moreover, furthermore, beſides, over and beſides.*

Pour vn petit n'avant n'arriere. *A little breaks no ſquare; It makes no matter though we miſſe a little.*

Arriereban: m. *A Proclamation, whereby thoſe that hold of the King by a meſne tenure, are ſummoned to aſſemble, and ſerve him in his wares; different from* Ban, *whereby ſuch are called as hold immediatly of him; (alſo, the whole troup of thoſe meſne tenants, or under-vaſſals ſo aſſembled)* ¶ Ragueau; *The Author of* Guidon *generall des finances holds, the contrary, that* Ban *is for meſne, and* Arriereban *for immediat, tenants; Others imagine, that* Ban *ſummons* Roturiers, *or yeomen;* Arriereban, *gentlemen, or ſuch as hold noble fiefs; Some ſay, that* Ban *is the firſt ſummons,* Arriereban, *a ſecond, under penalty, Others by* Ban *underſtand ordinary ſervice, by* Arriereban *extraordinarie; and, in old time, ſuch as were called by the* Ban, *ſerved at their owne charge forty dayes; during which, or afterwards, upon urgent occaſions, th' Arriereban, or a ſecond Proclamation was made, enjoyning them to ſerve in that manner forty dayes more; Howſoever, at this day, theſe two words are moſt commonly joyned together, and comprehend both the gentleman, and yeoman: th'immediate, and the meſne, tenant. Looke* Ban.

Arriere-boutique. *A back-ſhop; or back-roome, uſed for privat wares, or working in.*

Sans arriere-boutique. *Plainly, openly; wholly; without flinching, dodging; diſſembling, or double-dealing.*

Il a vne arriere-boutique; &, Il ſe reſerue vne arriere-boutique. *He diſſembles, or ſuppreſſes as yet his courage, or cunning; he reſerves, or ſpares them for a laſt caſt, or for his laſt effort.*

Arriere-cenſive: f. *A meſne tenure in an eſtate, or land, that is* Roturier, *or held by a* Roturier; *or, held by a* Cens; *a meſne* Cenſive.

Arriere-chambre: f. *A back-chamber; an inner, or withdrawing chamber.*

Arriere-coin: m. *A back-corner; a ſmall, privat, hidden, or inner roome; or, a hidden roome in a back corner.*

Arriere-court: f. *A back-yard, or baſe-Court.*

Arriere-demandé. *Sleightly demanded, ſlowly asked, or, long before he were asked for.*

Arriere-fais: m. *The ſecondine, or after-birth; the three skins wherein an infant lyes wrapped while it is in the wombe, or when it comes into the world.*

Arriere-feudal. Seigneur ar. *A meſne Lord.*

Arriere-fief: m. *A meſne fief; a fief that is held of, or depends on, another, or higher fief. Look* Fief.

Arriere-foin: m. *A latter mathe; or, lateward hay.*

Arriere-

Arriere-foncier. *as* Surfoncier.
Arriere-foſſe : m. *A back ditch or dike; an outward dike; alſo, as* Reffiron.
Arriere-garde. *The reregard of an army; alſo, the wardſhip of one that holds by Knights ſervice of a ward.*
Arrieregarend. C'eſt le garend du garend ; *&* Ragueau.
Arriere-main : m. *A blow given backward, or with the back of the hand; alſo, the profit made of an Office (beſides fees) by ſecret bribes, and exactions; private vailes.*
Arriere-nepveu : m. *A great grand-child, the ſonne of a grand-childe.*
Arriere-ouvert : m. erte : f. *Wide open.*
Arriere-poinct : m. *A back-ſtitch.*
Arriere-poincté : m. ée: f. *Back-ſtitched, wrought with back-ſtitch.*
Ariere-poincter. *To worke back-ſtitch; to ſet a back-ſtitch.*
Arrierer. *To goe backward; alſo, to ſet backe.*
Arriere-ſaiſon. *Later-math; a late harveſt, a lateward yeare.*
Arriere-taille : f. *A ſecond, or later tax; a further impoſition.*
Arriere-vaſſal. *An under-vaſſall; a vaſſall unto a vaſſall.*
Arriere-vaſſeur. *An under-vaſſall; or, an under-villaine; a vaſſall, or villaine unto a vaſſall, or villaine.*
† Arrigateur: m. *A waggoner, or chariot-driver.*
† Arriger. s'ar. *To riſe, or ſtand up ſtiffe, as the yard.*
Arrivé: m. ée: f *Arrived, abboorded, come unto.*
Arrivée : f. *An arrivall, acceſſe, abboord, or comming to.*
Arrivement : m. *An arriving, or comming to.*
Arriver. *To arrive, abboord, or come unto.*
Arrobe : f. *A jarre; a veſſell, or meaſure, which, in the weight of ordinary merchandiſe, comes to twenty five pound.*
Arroches. *Orache, Orage, golden herbe.*
Arroches de mer. *A certain hoarie, gray, or medlie-coloured plant, called Sea Orage.*
Arroches ſauvages. *Wilde Orage, All-ſeed.*
Arrogamment. *Arrogantly, preſumptuouſly.*
Arrogance : f. *Arrogancie; preſumption; vaunting, pride, over-weening.*
Arrogant : m. ante : f. *Arrogant; preſumptuous, over-weening; proud, or that proudly attributes too much unto himſelfe.*
s'Arroger. *To arrogate, or aſcribe too much unto himſelfe; to preſume, or boaſt, more of himſelfe then he ſhould.*
Arrollé : m. ée: f. *At worke, or whoſe hand is in.*
s'Arroller. *To fall, or ſet himſelfe, to worke; to be at worke, or be willing to worke.*
Arrondir. *To round, make round, turne round.*
Arrondir les eſperons. *To ſpurre a horſe in turning, moſt on the ſide whereon he turnes.*
Arrondiſſement : m. *A rounding, making round, or turning round.*
Les Arrondiſſemens d'un habillement. *The pieces; or ſhreds that are cut off in the rounding of a garment.*
Arroſé : m. ée: f. *Bedewed; beſprinkled; gently wet, or moiſtened; a little watered.*
Arroſement : m. *as* Arrouſement.
Arroſer. *as* Arrouſer.
Arroſeur : m. *A bedewer; a beſprinkler; a gentle waterer of.*
Arrouë. *as* Arrobe.
Arrouler. *To rowle, or tumble towards; to bring with rowling.*
Arrouſable : com. *Fit to be watered, beſprinkled, bedewed.*
Arrouſage : m. *as* Arrouſement.
Arrouſé : m. ée: f. *Bedewed, ſprinkled, moiſtened, gently wet, or watered.*
Arrouſement : m. *A bedewing, ſprinkling, moiſtening; gentle wetting, watering.*
Arrouſer. *To bedew, beſprinkle; wet, moiſten, water gently.*
Arrouſoir : m. *A watering-pot.*
Arrouter. *To ſet in the way, put into the way.*
s'Arrouter. *To aſſemble in troops, to gather together in routs, to make a riot.*
Arroy : m. *Order, array; equipage, furniture.*
Arroyé : m. ée : f. *Arraied; furniſhed, in full equipage.*
Arroyer. *To array; furniſh; put in order, equipage.*
Arrudir. *To make rude, clowniſh, uncivill, barbarous.*
Arrumé : m. ée: f. Carte arrumée, *A ſeacard, wherein all the quarter windes, or travers boords, are delineated.*
Arrumer. *To delineate, or ſet out, in a ſeacard, all the* Rums *of windes.*
Arruner. *To ranke, ſort, range, diſpoſe, put in order, ſet in array.*
Arry avant. *On afore, away there boe; (from the Carter's cry,* Arry, & hori ho.)
Ars. les ars : m. *The breaſt, or briſket of a horſe.*
Ars : m. arſe : f. *Burnt; ſcorched, parched; conſumed with heat, or fire.*
Arſacide : m. *as* Aſſaſſin.
Arſeirole : f. *A little, red, ſower, and pear-like fruit, that comes of a Hawthorn grafted on a Quince*
Arſel. *as* Arzel.
Arſenic : m. *Arſenicke, Orpiment, Orpine (the naturall one is of two ſorts; th'one red, th'other yellow; whereas;)*
Arſenic cryſtallin ; *is coumpounded of ſalt, and little pieces of Orpiment, and thus termed, becauſe it is, as Chriſtall, tranſparent.*
Arſon : m. *as* Arceau ; *or, as* Arçon.
Art : m. *An art, ſcience, trade, craft, myſtery, occupation; alſo, ſkill, cunning, workmanſhip; alſo, craft, ſubtilty, deceit, guile.*
Arts de vents, *as* Rumbs.
L'homme qui a de l'art poſſede ſa part; Prov. *He that hath wit, will have a ſhare in every thing.*
Qui ſçait l'art ſerre la boutique; Pro. *Th'envious workman often hides his cunning.*
Qui ne ſçait l'art ſerre la boutique ; Prov. *The bunglar, to ſeeme cunning, makes it dainty.*
Artail : m. *as* Orteil.
Artemon : m. *The mizen Maſt, or ſayle, of a ſhip.*
Artere : f. *An Artery pulſe, panting veine, a ſkinny, round, and hollow veſſell, whereby the vitall ſpirit, mixed with bloud, is conveyed from the heart unto all parts of the body.*
Artere aorte. *The great Artery, mother Arterie, or mother of Arteries. Look* Aorte.
Artere axillaire. *Th'arme-hole-Artery; or, a luſt branch of th'Aorte, from which it aſcends obliquely towards th'arme-hole; where after it hath ſent it branches to the higher ribs, and other adjacent parts, it deſcendeth downe to the bought of the cubit.*
Artere carotide. *Iſſues from th'*Axillaire, *and is divided into two branches; th'inward, and greater, which goes unto the brain; the outward, which paſſeth unto the* Larinx, *tongue, noſe, eyes, and muſcles of the temples.*
Artere cervicale. *An Arterie in the nape, or hinder part, of the necke; iſſues from the* Sousclaviere, *and goes thence through the neck-bone unto the braine.*
Artere cœliaque. *Iſſues from the body of the great Artery, and is divided into three branches. Look* Cœliaque.
Arteres coronales. *Two little branches of the great artery, and lift by it unto the left ventricle, and broad end, of the heart.*
Artere crotaphique. *See* Crotaphique.
Artere crurale. *Th'arterie of the thigh, among whoſe muſcles it divides it ſelfe.*
Artere cubitale. *The cubitall artery, a branch of th'*Axillaire.
Artere cyſtepatique. *A branch of the* Cœliaque; *goes unto the liver, & the gall.*
Artere diaphragmatique. *Iſſues from the trunke of the great artery, and thence goes unto the* Diaphragma.
Artere Epigaſtrique. *A branch of the Iliack arterie; diſtributes it ſelfe among the muſcles of th'*Epigaſtre.
Artere Gaſtrepiploique. *A branch of the* Cœliaque, *whence it goes unto the ventricle, and th'*Epiploon.
Arteres gemelieres. *The twin arteries; two ſmall ones, which deſcend unto the joynt of the knee between the proceſſes of the thigh bones.*
Artere grande. *as,* Aorte.
Artere honteuſe. *Iſſues from the great arteries deſcendent branch, and beſtowes it ſelf among the privities.*
Artere hypogaſtrique. *A branch of th'Iliacke; diſtributes it ſelfe among the parts of th'*Hypogaſtre.
Artere Iliaque. *Th'Iliack arterie, or, deſcendent branch of the great one.*
Arteres intercoſtales. *Two arteries; an upper, which beſtowes it ſelf among the muſcles that be between the foure higheſt ribs; and, an under one, which goes unto every muſcle that is between the reſt of the ribs.*
Arteres Lumbaires. *The loyn-arteries; iſſue from th'*Aorte *unto all the parts of the loyns, giving life unto the mayrow of the back bone, & ſending as many branches unto the joints thereof, as there be holes in it.*
Artere Mamillaire. *The pap-artery; iſſues from the trunk of th'*Aorte.
Arteres Meſenteriques. *Look* Meſenterique.
Arteres Planteres. *Two branches of the thigh artery (the which they divide in the middle of the leg) an inward one, which deſcends to the joint, or ſetting on of the foot, and paſſing along the ſole, ends in five branches, whereof 2 ſerve for the great toe, 2 for the ſecond toe, and one for the middle toe; Th'outward (as th'inner) ends alſo in 5 branches; 2 whereof it beſtows on the little toe, 2 on the next unto it, & one on the middle one.*

Artere de poulmon. *The winde-pipe.*
Artere radiale. *A ſecond branch of the arme-bole arterie, whence it beſtowes it ſelfe on the Radius, or the upper, and greater bone of the arme.*
Artere renale. *The kidney arterie; iſſues out of the Aorte, and enters into the kidney, bringing vnto it the ſerofity of the arteriall bloud.*
Artere ſacrée. *A branch of the great arteries deſcendent branch; goes into the marrow which is in the Os ſacré.*
Artere ſouſclaviere. *The aſcendent branch of the great arterie.*
Artere ſpermatique. *The ſpermatike arteries; goes from the body of the Aorte into the teſticles, and there ioynes with the veine that governes thoſe parts.*
Artere ſplenique. *The ſpleen arterie, a greate branche of the Cœliaque, whence it goes into the ſpleene, and there in ends.*
Artere temporelle. *The arterie of the temples.*
Artere thoraciques. *The breaſt arterie, iſſues out of the great arteries aſcendent branch, and goes into the anterior muſcles of the breaſt.*
Artere veineuſe. *The veine arterie, one of the three principall ones of the body; iſſues from the left ventricle of the heart, and carries thence to the lungs bloud for their nouriſhment.*
Aſpre artere. *The winde-pipe.*
Trachée artere, or Trachiartere, *the ſame, alſo called the Pipe of the lungs; is one of the three principall arteries in the body; and the inſtrument of breath, and voice; it begins at the Larinx, and ends at the lunges or lights.*
Arterial : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, arteries.*
Arterieux : m. euſe : f. *An incision of arteries.*
Veine arterieuſe. *Look* Veine.
Arteriotomie : f. *An incision of arteries.*
Artheriques : f. *Cowſlips, or Oxſlips.*
Arthritique. Ive. arthritique. *Herbe ſaint Gerard, Pine, field Cypres, Forget-me-not.*
Arthrodie : f. *An halfe conjunction of two bones; the head of the one being but half lodged within the cauity of the other.*
† Artialiſer. *To make artificiall, or to make an art of.*
Artichau, & Artichaud. *as* Artichaule.
Artichaulliere : f. *A Bed, or Plot ſet with Artichocks.*
Artichault : m. *An Artichock.*
Artichault ſauvage. *The wilde Artichocke, or prickly Artichocke; alſo, the white thiſtle, milke thiſtle, our Ladies thiſtle.*
Artichaut. *as* Artichault.
Article : m. *An article; a head, principall clauſe, title, or point of a matter; alſo, a Summe, or Item of a Summe, in accounts; alſo, a joint or knuckle.*
Articulaire : com. *Of, or in, the joints, belonging to a joynt.*
Douleur articulaire. *Paine, or ache in the joints, and (more particularly) the goute.*
Articulation. *A growing, ſpringing, or ſhooting up from knot to knot, from joint to joint; alſo, the hurting, or burſting of young joints; the ſtaring of trees, whoſe young ſhoots are beaten off by tempeſt, or hurt, and bruiſed by rude and unskilfull handling.*
Articulé : m. ée : f. *Articulated, articled; ſet downe in, reduced unto, articles; diſtinguiſhed, ſummarily handled, particularly, and preciſely deſcribed, alſo, joynted, or knotted.*
Voix articulée. *A diſtinct voice, a voice that is eaſie to be underſtood.*
Articuler. *To articulate, article, reduce into articles, divide, or diſtinguiſh by ſeverall heads, titles, or ſummes; preciſely, and particularly to deſcribe, or ſet out.*
† Artien : m. *An Artiſt; or one that ſtudies, or profeſſes, arts.*
Artiere : f. *The Sharpling, Stickling, or Stickleback; (a ſmall fiſh).*
Artifice : m. *Skill, cunning, workmanſhip; alſo, craft, ſubtilty, guile, deceit.*
Artificiel : elle : *Artificiall, skilfull, cunning, workmanly, workmanlike.*
Artificiellement. *Artificially, cunningly, workmanly.*
Artificieux : m. euſe : f. *Artificiall, full of art.*
Artifier. *Artificially to forge; to make by art, or craft.*
Artiller. *To furniſh with Ordnance, or Artillery.*
Artillerie : f. *Artillerie, Ordnance.*
Artillerie de cordmile. *A long (ſet-wise) piece of Ordnance of a very wide bore.*
Artillier : m. *A Bowyer, or Bow-maker; alſo, a Fletcher; or one that makes both Bowes and Arrowes.*
Artillier du Roy. *The King's Bowyer, or Fletcher; an officer in ordinary, who makes not onely thoſe inſtruments of ſhooting, but alſo, all manner of artificiall fire-workes.*
Artimon. *A little ſaile called otherwiſe* Trinquet.
Artiron : m. *A little ground, and greeniſh worme, not much unlike a louſe, and ordinarily clearing in great numbers, to the leaves of Colewort, and other plants, the which in time they deſtroy.*
Artiſan : m. *An artificer, workeman, handicraft-man; alſo, an artiſt, or artiſan.*
Artiſon. *as* Artiron; *alſo, a kinde of moth, alſo, a wood-worme; alſo, a* Teigne, *the skurfe of a ſcald head; ſo termed, becauſe the part infected with it ſeemes to be moth-eaten, or worme-eaten.*
Artiſonné. *Moth-eaten, worme-eaten.*
Artiſte : m. *as* Artiſan; *alſo an artiſt, or Maſter of Art.*
Artiſtement. *as* Artificiellement.
Artoir : m. *The great tree.*
† Artre : f. *A moth; alſo, a Kings-filher.*
Artre des boulengiers. *A kinde of Buſter-fics, or great white worbes, which live altogether in back-houſes, or mills.*
Artre griſe des bois. *The worme called a wood-louſe.*
Artroſe : f. *A naturall and moveable connexion of bones.*
Artuſon. *A corne-devouring Weevill; or, as* Artiſon.
Arzel : m. *A horſe with a white foot on the right, or further ſide.*
As. *An Ace of dice, or cards.*
Demeurer entre deux & as. *To reſt on uncertain termes, to be doubtfull of his ſucceſſe; not to know what will betide him.*
Reſpondre entre deux & as. *Looke* Deux; *or,* Az.
Aſare : m. *The herbe Folefoot, Haſtewort,* Aſarabacca.
Aſaxine : f. *Italian* Aſarabacca.
Aſarole : f. *A kinde of ſmall and prickly medlar tree, bearing a leſſe, and harder fruit than the ordinary one; Seek* Azarole.
Aſbetin, *of* Aſbeſtinum; *a kinde of line, or flax, that will not be burned, and yeelds cloth which ſive ſeaſons better than water.*
Aſcalabe. *The venemous beaſt called Stellio, or, the ſtarry Lizard.*
Aſcalaue, & Aſcalavette. *as* Aſcalabe.
Aſcaride : f. *A kinde of ſmall round worm, which is in the bowells.*
Aſçavané. *Inſtructed, fully informed, made skilfull in, or throughly acquainted with.*
Aſçavanter. *To informe, or inſtruct throughly, to let know, give to wit, make skilfull in, or fully acquainted with.*
Aſçavoir. *To wit, that is to ſay.*
Aſcendance : m. *A kinſman in aſcent; as the Unkle is to the Nephew, &c.*
Aſche : f. *The herbe Smallage, Looke* Ache.
Aſchée. *A ground-worme, or grub.*
Aſcher. *as* Aſchée.
Aſcite. *A kinde of Dropſie, which makes the belly ſound like a bottle, when one ſtrikes on it.*
Aſcles : f. *Shivers, or ſplinters of wood, breaking.* ¶ Langued.
† Aſcouter. *as* † Accouter; *or, as* Eſcouter.
Aſerches : f. *wild prickmadam, ſtone-crop, worme-graſſe.*
Aſcreiner. *To cleere, or cheere, up.*
Aſgrandiſſement. *as* Aggrandiſſement.
Aſinin : m. ine : f. *Aſſe-like; of, or belonging to an Aſſe.*
Chardon aſinin. *The white thiſtle, milke thiſtle, our Ladies thiſtle.*
Concombre aſinin. *The wilde, or ſpirting, Cowcumber.*
Aſmatique : com. *Purſie, ſhort-winded, breathing with difficulty.*
Aſme : m. *Difficulty of breathing, ſhort-winde; a painfull, or hard drawing of the breath; accompanied with a wheezing, puffing, or purſiaſſe.*
Aſne : m. *An aſſe; alſo a little fiſh with a great head, called a Bull-head, or Millers thumbe; alſo, a dunce, blocke-head, ſot, lugger-head, dull-pated fellow.*
Aſne d'Inde. *The beaſt* Rhinoceros, *or (as ſome will have it) th' Unicorne.*
Coq à l'aſne. *A Libell, Paſquine, Satire.*
Cul d'aſne. *The name of a dainty fiſh.*
Dos d'aſne. *à dos, ou, en dos d'aſne. Ridgill backed; bowed, boughty, or bowing; higheſt in the middle.*
Miroir d'aſne. *A kind of tender and tranſparent white ſtone: as* Talc.
Oreille d'aſne. *Th'herbe Comfrey, knitback, knit-wort, black-wort.*
Oreille d'aſne; Prov. *The part or duty of a ſervant; to beare all his angry Maſter ſayes without replying; from the nature, and cuſtome of an Aſſe, that whatſoever noiſe is made about him, only claps downe his eares, and followes on his way.*
Pas d'aſne. *The herbe Fole-foot, Colts-foot, Horſe-foot, and Hall-foot; alſo, a certaine ring, or hoope, of Iron in the forecaſtle of a ſhip; alſo, a faſhion of a Port,*

or Vpset in the mouth of some bits.

Persil d'asne. *Wild Chervill, mock Chervill, great Chervill, Asse parsely,* Myrrhis *Cashes, Caxes, or Kexes.*

Pour eux asnes. *Any shift, evasion, help at a pinch for th'ignorant; any ease, or direction unto dull, or unlearned people, for the resolution of difficulties which otherwise they cannot conceive; as, a Dictionarie; and, in Logick, the conversion of Propositions.*

Avoir de l'asne. Il y aura icy de l'asne. *Here will be some foolish coyle, some idle stirre, or other.*

Braire avec les asnes. *To follow the fashion, or doe what others doe, how absurd, or sottish soever it be.*

Brider l'asne par la queuë. *To doe things out of order; to goe the wrong way to the wood, or to worke.*

Cholere comme vn asne à qui l'on attache vne fusée aux fesses. *As angry as an Asse with a squib in his breech.*

Demander de la laine à vn asne. *To aske for a thing where it is not to be had.*

Desferrer l'asne. *To unshoe the Asse; we say, to ride the wilde mare.*

Faire de l'asne pour avoir du bran. *Look* Bran.

Laissons aux asnes les chardons. *Let Asses feed on Thistles, dunces on dull matters dull wits on dry matters.*

Mener l'asne. *To be laughed at, or little accounted of by all men that see, or meet him.*

Monter sur l'asne. *To breake; become bankrupt, renounce his owne goods: (A Phrase derived from an ancient custome, whereby such as broke were compelled to ride backward on an Asse through the streets they dwelt in, holding his taile in their hands, in stead of a bridle.)*

On y va comme asnes ne bastez: *(Of those that meet at stolne lecherie) they goe to it hotly, furiously, with a terrible appetite; (for Asses discharged of their burthens, unsadled, and set at liberty, are the fruitfullest creatures alive.)*

Saulter du coq à l'asne. *To digresse from the matter, or, to leape suddainely, and disorderly, from one matter to another.*

Tirer pets d'un asne mort. *To make a dead Asse fart; to worke impossibilities.*

Asne d'Areadie bronte chardons, & ortie, &c. Prov. *Look* Ortie.

L'asne qui brait le plus, est celuy qui mange le moins. Prov. *Th'asse that braieth most eateth least.*

Vn asne n'entend rien en Musique; Prov. *An asse is but a bad Musician; or, cannot judge of Musick.*

A lauer la teste d'un asne on ne perd que le temps, & la lexive; Prov. *In vaine one striues to make learned a sottish, or make honest a graceless person.*

A la preuue l'on escorche l'asne; Prov. *Looke* Escorcher.

A qui est l'asne si le garde; Prov. *Let him that owes a thing look to it.*

A qui est l'asne si le tirasne par la queue. Prov. *See* Queue.

A rude asne rude asnier; Prov. *A stubborne servant needs a froward Master; a curst wife a curbing husband; a rebellious subject a vigorous Soveraigne.*

A vilain charbonnée d'asne; Prov. *A churle would have churles fare, grosse meats, course entertainment.*

Amour apprend les asnes à danser; Pro. *Look* Danser.

Assez va au moulin qui son asne y envoye; Prov. *He may be said to doe a thing that sets his man about it.*

Chantez à l'asne il vous fera des peus; Prov. *The ignorant blockhead scornes both Musicke and the Muses; or, as we say, Clawe a Churle by the breech, and he will heavy your fig.*

Deux orgueilleux ne peuvent estre portez sur vn asne; Prov. *One proue asse cannot carry two proud ones.*

Il ne faut pas lier les asnes avec les cheuaux; Prov. *Churles are not to be matcht, or footed, with gentlemen.*

On n'aura iamais bon asne vieil; Prov. *A slugg, or dullard growne old is worse then nought.*

On ne tait boire à l'asne quand il ne veut; Prov. *Men forse not th'asse (but asses men) to drinke.*

Plus d'un asne d'la foire a nom Martin; Prov. *We say (with a small resemblance of sense) there be more maids than Malkin, or, more maids than one be called Malkin.*

Pour vn poil Martin perdit son asne; Prov. *The punishment or taxation of those that upon a small occasion enter into a great expences; as this poor man did, who laying a wager that his asse was all white, was forced a black haire on him, and he, like an asse, lost his asse, which was the wager.*

Pour vn poinct Martin perdit son asne; Prov. *A small omission, or errour, may make a man to much prejudice. Look* Poinct.

Qui à asne tend à asne vient; Prov. *He that will, may, seene enough, proue an asse.*

Qui femme croit, & asne mene, son corps ne sera ia sans peine; Prov. *He that beleeves a woman, and leads an asse, will never be in quiet.*

Sous ombre d'asne entre le chien au Moulin; Prov. *(So many a knave sneaks into good places in company, or under the pretext of honest men.)*

Tel asne tel aiguillon; Prov. *Such as the asse, his gad.*

†Asnée: f. *An Asse-load of.*

Asne-fueille. *A kinde of Origan, which Asses love exceeding well.*

Asnerie: f. *Sottishnesse, dulnesse, ignorance, doltishnesse, blockishnesse, any impertinent, or Asse-like, prancke.*

Asnesque: com. *Asse-like; sottish, dull, ignorant, blockish.*

Asnesse: f. *A sheet-Asse.*

De petit aiguillon poinct on bien grande asnesse; Prov. *Great beasts are pricked forward with small goads.*

Asnichon: m. *A young Asse.*

Asnichons. *Two little starres in the Signe* Cancer.

Asnier: m. *One that driveth, or dresseth, Asses.*

Gros asnier. *A lolthead, blockhead, loggerhead; a fellow of a heavy mettall, grosse capacity, dull spirit.*

A rude asne rude asnier; Prov. *A rude knave is to be awed by a rough controller.*

A l'hospital les bons ouvriers, en dignité les gros asniers; Prov. *Looke* Ouvrier.

† Asnier. *To ride upon an Asse.*

Asnon. *as* Asnichon. *A young Asse; also, the little water-vermine called a Bullhead.*

Asnonner. *To foale, or bring forth, an Asse.*

Asoté: m. ée: f. *Sotted, besotted, doting on. Look* Asoté.

Asoter. *To sot, besot, make dote on, bring to faure in love with.*

Aspalathe: m. *A kinde of prickly shrub, whose massiue, ruddy, and aromaticall wood is used by Perfumers: some, erroniously, have thought it to be red Saunders; others the Rhodium wilde Olive-tree; and Gerard calls* English Galingale, Aspalathum.

Aspalier. *as* Espallier.

Asparge. *as* Asperge.

Aspect: m. *An aspect, regard, sight; the visage, or countenance.*

† Asperer. *To sharpen, exasperate, aggravate, make rough, churlish, angry.*

Aspergе: m. *The herbe* Sparago, *or* Sparagus; *also, the young and tender sprig, or shoot of any plant.*

Asperge de marais. *Marsh* Sparago.

Asperges montagnars. *Mountaine* Sparagus; *a kinde of wilde one.*

Asperge palustre. *as* Asperge de marais.

Aspergеs pictrois. *Stone* Sparago, *wilde* Sparagus.

Asperge sauvage. *The same.*

Aspergement: m. *A besprinkling; a powdering, or bepowdering.*

Asperger. *To besprinkle; powder, bepowder; to sprinkle, or strew water, or dust upon.*

Asperget: m. *A holy-water sprinkle.*

Aspergiere: f. *A bed of* Sparagus.

Aspergoutte: f. *The herbe* Feaverfew, Featherfew, *whitewort.*

Aspergoutte menuë, ou mineur. *Starwort, Cudwort, Shaerwort.*

Aspergule: f. *Clevers, Goose-grasse.*

Asperlé: m. ée: f. *Besprinkled, or bedewed with.*

Asperſion: f. *A besprinkling, or bedewing, an asperſion.*

Asperſoir: f. *A holy-water-sprinkle made of bristles.*

Aspertule: f. *Clevers, Goose-grasse.*

Asphaltе. *as* Bitume.

Asphodille. *The Daffadill, Affodill, or Asphodill, flower; also, the root, or bulbes thereof.*

Asphrodille. *as* Asphodile; *or, as* Aphrodille.

Aspic: m. *The Serpent called, an Aspe.*

Aspic corpu. *A sand-coloured Serpent, full of blacke spots; his head (with muzzle upturned) is bigger than a vipers; in all other parts hee is very like her.*

Aspic sourd. *(Th'Aspe, sayes Gesner, by reason of her exceeding drought, is also astonied deafe; although shee bee very quick of hearing.)*

Aspic: m. *The herbe* Spikenard, *or* Lavander Spike; *especially the common, or blew-flowred one.*

Aspic Celtique. *French* Spikenard, *mountaine* Spikenard.

Aſpic d'outre mer. *Indian Spikenard, or the true Spikenard; for th'others (eſpecially the French one) are but baſtards.*

Aſpiration: f. *An aſpiration; a blowing; breathing, drawing of breath.*

Aſpiré: m. ée: f. *Breathed, blowne; alſo, deſired, aſpired unto; alſo, noted, or pronounced with an aſpiration.*

Aſpirer. *To breath, blow, fetch winde, draw breath; alſo, to deſire, covet, ayme at, aſpire unto.*

Aſpre. *A Turkiſh coyne of ſilver, in value little more than our penny, or juſt as the French Sous; ſix ſcore of them goe to a Scraph, wich is worth about a French Crowne.*

Aſpre: com. *Sharp; tart; harſh, unpleaſant in taſt; rude, rugged, rough in handling; biting, pricking, or grievous to be felt; churliſh, auſtere, ſurly, ſevere, untractable, rigorous, in proceeding; fierce, eager, earneſt, vehement, very hot, or forward, in any matter.*

L'aſpre arteré. *The windpipe.*

Lieu aſpre. *A craggy, ill-favoured, uneven place; a place ill to be gone in, travelled on, paſſed over.*

Aſpreille: f. *Horſe-taile, Shave-graſſe (an herbe.)*

Aſprement. *Sharply, eagerly, tartly; harſhly, unpleaſantly; roughly, ruggedly; ſeverely, rigorouſly, auſterely, untractably; ſurlily, churliſhly; vehemently, earneſtly, ardently, fiercely.*

† Aſpreſſe: f. *as* Aſpreté.

Aſpreté: f. *Sharpneſſe, eagerneſſe, tartneſſe; harſhneſſe, unpleaſantneſſe; roughneſſe, ruggednеſſe; auſteritie, rigor, ſeverities; ſurlineſſe, untractableneſſe, churliſhneſſe; ſevereneſſe, vehemencie, earneſtneſſe, extreame deſire to doe a thing.*

Aſprir. *To ſharpen; exaſperate, aggravate, incenſe; to make rough, harſh, churliſh, angry.*

Aſprilſement. *A ſharpening, exaſperating.*

Aſpron: m. *A little, rough-finned, and Gudgeon-like fiſh, found only in that part of the* Rolne, *which is betweene* Vienne *and* Lyons.

Aſſablé: m. ée: f. *Gravelled; filled with ſand; alſo, ſtucke in, or runne on, the ſand.*

Aſſabler. *To gravell, to ſticke in the ſand; to fill with ſand; to take in ſand, as a boat.*

Aſſabliſſement. *A ſhoale, ſhelfe, or hill of ſand, appearing above water.*

Aſſagi: m. ie: f. *Become wiſe, growne diſcreet.*

Aſſagir. *To make wiſe, diſcreet, ſage.*

Aſſagiſſement: m. *A becomming, or making, wiſe.*

Aſſaieret. *Pillules d'aſſajeret. Pills made of* Hiera, *Maſtick, Mirabolans,* Aloës, *and the ſyrrup of* Scecchas; *(termed ſo by the Arabian Phyſitians, and from them by all others.)*

Aſſaillant: m. *A challenger at Tilting, &c. alſo, an aſſailant, or Aſſailer; whence;*

Rien ne vaut l'aſſaillant s'il n'eſt fort, & vaillant; Prov. *It boots not to aſſaile, if ſtrength, or courage, faile.*

Aſſaillant. *Aſſailing, ſetting on.*

Aſſailli: m. ie: f. *Aſſaulted, aſſayled, ſet upon; alſo, challenged at Tilt, &c.*

Homme aſſailli à deui vaincu; Prov. *He thats aſſayled is halfe overcome (tis good therfore to be beforehand with an enemy.)*

Aſſaillir. *To aſſaile, aſſault, or ſet upon; alſo, to challenge at Tilt, Barriers, &c.*

Aſſaiſonné: m. ée: f. *Seaſoned, made ſavoury.*

Aſſaiſonnement: m. *A ſeaſoning, tempering, making ſavoury, giving a good taſte unto.*

Aſſaiſonner. *To ſeaſon, temper, make ſavoury, give a good taſt unto.*

Aſſaiſonneur. *A ſeaſoner.*

Aſſaſſin: m. *An appoynted murtherer, cutthroat, murtherer; one that kils another for gaine, or upon hope, or promiſe, of reward.*

Aſſaſſinat: m. *A murther, or murtherous act committed for gaine, or in hope of a reward; alſo, a ſudden aſſault, made of ſet purpoſe, and with a murtherous intent, although th' aſſaulted be not killed.*

Aſſaſſinateur. *as* Aſſaſſin.

Aſſaſſiné. *Murthered, ſlaine, killed; alſo, aſſaulted, or ſet on with a murtherous intent.*

Aſſaſſinement: m. *A killing, ſlaying, murthering; alſo, an aſſaulting with a murtherous intent.*

Aſſaſſiner. *To ſlay, kill, murther for gain, or upon hope, or promiſe, of reward; alſo, to aſſaile, or ſet on with a murtherous intent.*

Aſſation: f. *A roaſting, or concoction by a forrain, or outward, and dry heat.*

† Aſſavanter. *To informe, inſtruct, certifie, let know, give to wit, make fully acquainted with.*

Aſſault: m. *An aſſault, aſſayling, ſetting on.*

Aſſavoir. *as* Aſçavoir. *To wit; that is to ſay.*

Aſſauvagi: m. ie: f. *Made wilde, become rude, growne ſavage.*

Aſſauvagir. *To make wilde, ſkittiſh, or wood.*

Aſſe: m. *Th'ancient Romans As; a copper coyne worth ſomewhat more than a penny ſterl.*

Aſſe doucé. *The ſweet gum that iſſues from the ſcarified, or cut ſtalke, and roots of th' Africain and Cyrenian Laſerpitium, or Laſerwort.*

Aſſe fetide. *The ſtinking juice, or gumme, which iſſues from the Laſerwort that growes in Syria, Media, Armenia, and Lybia: Apothecaries call it,* Aſſe fetida.

Aſſecher. *as* Aſſeicher.

Aſſedlaere. *An Archdeacon; Ironically.*

† Aſſée: f. *A Woodcock.*

Aſſéeur: m. *A ceſſor, in matter of taxt, &c.*

Aſſeiché: m. ée: f. *Dried, grown, or made dry.*

Aſſeicher. *To drie, to make, or wipe, dry.*

Aſſeller. *To goe to the ſtoole.*

Aſſemblage: m. *An aſſembling; a ſetting, cloſing, joyning, couching of many pieces together; alſo, the worke made of many pieces ſo joyned; in-layd worke; alſo, the whole furniture of a roome, &c.*

Aſſemblé. *Aſſembled, gathered, met, flocked, trouped; encountred, come, drawne together; joyned, couched, cloſed, ſet, put, pegged; beaſed, packed, compacted together.*

Aſſemblée: f. *An aſſembly, congregation, company; a meeting, or drawing of people together, as at a hunting; (hence) alſo, a hunting, or a troop of hunters; alſo, a Proclamation, publique Summons of, or command unto, ſouldiers, to meet, or make their Rendevous at a certaine place, and thence to goe into the field; alſo, the fight, coaping, or incounter of two armies.*

Aſſemblement: m. *as* Aſſemblée; *alſo, a joyning, gluing, packing, or couching of things together.*

Aſſembler. *To aſſemble, draw, get, or gather together; to joyne, put, ſet, couch, cloſe, glue, peg, packe, or compaſſ, together.*

s'Aſſembler. *To aſſemble, meet, flock, troop, draw, gather, or come, together.*

Aſſembler vne Armée. *To raiſe an Army.*

Aſſembler le Conſeil. *To call a counſell.*

† Aſſembler à l'rencontre. *To fight, buckle, conge, or incounter with th' enemy.*

Ce qu'aſſemble pille pille deſaſſemble tire tire; Pro. *That which rapine gathers, revelling diſperſes.*

Aſſemblure: f. *as* Aſſemblement.

Aſſence. *Aſſent, conſent. (an old word.)*

Aſſencement, & Aſſenceur, *as* Acenſement & Acenſeur.

† Aſſenes: m. *An aſſignation, or laying out of a dower, or joynter, for a widow, or wife.*

Aſſene, & advis. *A portion, or gift beſtowed by a father on his younger ſonnes, or on his daughters, for their preferment.*

Aſſené: m. ée: f. *Struckен, hit, raught, or touched home; alſo, proportioned, ſquared, meaſured out; alſo, ſeiſed on, taken into his owne hands.*

Aſſenement: m. *A ſtriking, hitting, reaching, touching home; alſo, a proportioning, ſquaring, or meaſuring out; alſo, a ſeiſure, or ſeiſing.*

Aſſener. *To hit, ſtrike, reach, or touch home; alſo, to proportion, meaſure, or ſquare out; alſo, to ſeiſe, or take into his owne hands.*

Aſſenne. *as* Aſſene.

Aſſenner. *as* Aſſener.

Aſſens: m. *A certaine profit made of ſweets, and high-grown woods; as the Pawnage, Maſtage, &c.*

† Aſſentation: f. *Aſſentation, flatterie, collogning.*

† Aſſentatoire. com. *Flattring, ſoothing, collogning.*

Aſſentement: m. *An aſſent, or conſent; alſo, the ſent of a hunted beaſt, a ſent in hunting.*

Aſſenti: m. ie: f. *Aſſented, agreed, accorded unto; alſo, ſented, ſmelt, windid.*

Aſſentir. *To aſſent, agree, accord unto; alſo, to ſent, or winde; to take the winde, or ſent, of.*

Aſſeoir. *To ſet, ſettle, place, plant; alſo, to ceſſe, or tax.*

s'Aſſeoir. *To ſit, or ſet him downe.*

s'Aſſeoir ſon jugement ſur. *To give his opinion, or interpoſe his judgement, on.*

Aſſeral. *A kind of Turkiſh drug.*

Aſſeré: m. ée: f. *Steeled; made of, tempered with, Steele.*

Aſſermenté: m. ée: f. *Sworn, bound by oath; or, put unto his oath.*

Aſſermenter. *To ſweare, put unto an oath,*

oath, bind by oath, take th'oath of.

Aſſerrer. as Serrer.

Aſſerteur: m. *A claimer, or challenger; alſo, a maintainer, protector, defendor, of another.*

Aſſertion: f. *An aſſertion, affirmation, averment; alſo, a demonſtration, or document.*

Aſſertivement. *Affirmatively, demonſtratively, reſolutely, as one that will ſtand to what he ſayes.*

† Aſſervagi: m. ie: f. *Inthralled, ſubjected, ſubmitted unto, lied in ſervile bonds.*

† Aſſervagir. *To inthrall, or ſubject unto; to make ſlaviſh, or ſervile; to bring unto bondage, or tye in ſervile bonds.*

Aſſervi: m. ie: f. *Subjected, inthralled, ſubmitted; made ſervant unto, or the ſlave of.*

Aſſervir. *To ſubject, inthrall; ſubmit; make ſervant unto, or the ſlave of.*

Aſſerviſage: m. *Thraldome, or, an inthralling of; and hence, land bound for a debt; or, ſuch a binding thereof.*

Aſſerviſement: m. *An obſervanting, ſubjecting, inthralling; a ſubjection.*

Aſſeſſeur: m. *A Judge Aſſeſſor, or, an Aſſiſtant unto a Judge; one that ſits in Court, as an aſſociate with, or an adviſor of, him; and more particularly, an Aſſiſtant unto a Provoſt Marſhall, or Lieutenant criminall.*

Aſſeſſoriat: m. *Aſſiſtance, or by-ſitting; th'office, dutie, or place, of a Judge Aſſeſſor, Aſſiſtant, or Aſſeſſeur.*

Aſſeulé: m. ée: f. *Abandoned, forſaken, left ſolitarie, or alone.*

Aſſeuler. *To abandon, forſake, leave without company, leave alone.*

Aſſeur. *For,* Aſſeuré; *as;*

Qui a peur il eſt aſſeur; Prov. *He that feares, is aſſured; hee that feares falſe ground, treads ſurely; or, falſe meaſure, workes ſafely.*

Aſſeurance: f. *Sureneſſe, aſſurance, truſt, confidence, ſecuritie; boldneſſe, hardineſſe; alſo, as* Aſſeurement.

Aſſeuré: m. ée: f. *Bold, feareleſſe, bardy, dreadleſſe; confident, ſecure; ſtable, firm, conſtant, certaine; alſo, aſſured, ſetled, confirmed; alſo, aſſumed.*

Il n'eſt pas aſſeuré qui trop haut eſt monté; Prov. *He is not ſafe that's got too high; hee ſits not ſure that ſits too high.*

Aſſeurement: m. *The peace, or good behaviour granted unto one againſt another, who, if he break it, commits felony (by ſome cuſtomes in* France; *) alſo, protection, ſafegard, or ſafe conduct.*

Aſſeurément. *Boldly, aſſuredly, confidently, ſecurely, truſtfully, dreadleſly, without flinching, or feare; certainly, ſtably, firmly, conſtantly.*

Aſſeurément chante qui n'a que perdre; Prov. *Look* Chanter.

Aſſeurer. *To aſſure, ſettle, confirme, faſten; reſolve; to give ſecurity unto; alſo, to protect, ſafeguard, ſafe-conduct; grant the Peace againſt; alſo, to lay up in a ſafe, or ſure place; alſo, to undertake for the ſafety, or ſurety of; to warrant; alſo, to aſcertaine; affirm, avouch.*

Aſſeurer vn oiſeau. *To make, or man a hauke throughly;* L'aſſeurer au Jardin, &c. *To ſet her out in a garden, &c. to weather.*

Aſſeureté: f. *as* Aſſeurement.

Aſſez. *Enough, ſufficiently; very well, as much as needs; alſo, a competent quantity, or number, &c.*

Aſſez a qui bon credit a; Prov. *A good name is wealth ſufficient.*

Aſſez a qui ſe contente; Prov. *He hath enough that's pleaſed.*

Aſſez y a ſi trop n'y a; Prov. *Enough is as good as a feaſt; or, too much of any thing is good for nothing.*

Aſſez boit qui a dueil; Prov. *He drinks enough that mournes; (yet we ſay, Sorrow is dry.)*

Aſſez conſent qui ne dit mot; Prov. *He that gainſayes not, gives his full conſent. (of the ſame veſſell wee ſay)*

Aſſez oſt troye qui mot ne dit.

Aſſez demande qui ſe plaint; Prov. *He that bemones his wants, hath begg'd ſufficiently.*

Aſſez demande qui bien ſert; Prov. *A faithfull ſervant aſks enough, what his words doe not aske, his worth doth.*

Aſſez dort qui rien ne fait; Prov. *As good ſleep dregerlys as doe nothing.*

Aſſez en dit qui apporte bonnes nouvelles; Prov. *He that hath told good newes, needs tell no more.*

Aſſez eſcorche qui tient le pied; Pro. *Look* Pied.

Aſſez gaigne qui malheur perd; Pro. *He gets enough, that baffles ill luck; or, that loſes nothing.*

Aſſez ieuſne qui pauvrement vit; Pro. *He that feeds barely, faſts ſufficiently.*

Aſſez parens aſſez tourmens; Pro. *The more kinſmen the more affliction.*

Aſſez peut plorer qui n'a nul qui l'appaiſe; Prov. *He may weep till his heart ake, that hath no body to appeaſe him.*

Aſſez ſçait qui ſçait vivre & ſe taire; Prov. *Look* Sçavoir.

Aſſez va au moulin qui ſon aſne y envoye; Prov. *He's guilty enough of the offence that appoints his man to commit it.*

Aſſez veille qui bien fait; Prov. *Looke* Veiller.

De petit petit, & d'aſſez aſſez; Prov. *From much take much, from little take a little.*

Rien n'a qui aſſez n'a; Prov. *He that hath not enough hath nothing; or, hee that covets more then he hath enjoyes not what he hath.*

Aſſidu: m. ue: f. *Daily, frequent, oft; continuall; diligent, ſerious, laborious.*

Aſſiduellement. *Daily, continually, frequently, commonly, often.*

Aſſiduement. *as* Aſſiduellement.

Aſſiduité: f. *Aſſiduity, frequencie, oftenneſſe, diligence, continuance in.*

Aſſiegé: m. ée: f. *Beſieged, beleaguered.*

Aſſiegement de ville. *A beſieging, or beleaguering, of a towne, a ſiege, or leaguer.*

Aſſieger. *To beſiege, to beleaguer.*

Aſſiegeur: m. *A beſieger, a beleaguer.*

Aſſiement: m. *A ſitting.*

Aſsier: m. *Steel.*

Aſsiete. *as* Aſsiette.

Aſsiette: f. *A trencher-plate; alſo, the ſeat, ſite, or ſituation of a houſe, or place; alſo, a plot for, or the plat-forme of, a building; alſo, a touch, bed, courſe, or laire of ſtone, &c. in building; alſo, a ſitting; alſo, land ſurveyed and ſet out to th'utmoſt rate; or th'utmoſt rent raiſed, and extent layed, upon land, for the payment of a debt, &c.*

Aſsiette à dorer. *Size to gild with, gold ſize.*

Aſsiette de taille. *A aſſeſſment, or ceſſing of a tax.*

Monnoye de bonne aſsiette. *Of a good forme.*

Paſtez d'aſsiette. *Small Paſties, or Pies, ſerved in, at the firſt courſe, upon Plates.*

Vin vendu en aſsiette. *Wine attred, and drunke, by pints, or quarts, &c. in a taverne.*

Aſsignal: m. *Land aſſigned, or layed out unto a woman for her jointer, or dower; and which ſhe enjoyeth untill ſhe have levied as much as ſhe brought with her.*

Aſsignal de rente. *Rents aſſigned unto a woman for the ſame purpoſe.*

Aſsignat: m. *An aſſignation, or appointment; a diſtribution of, a limitation, or allotment, unto; alſo, a day given, or place appointed.*

Aſsignation: f. *An aſſignation, aſſignment, appointment, a diſtribution; an aſſigning, or appointing over; a diſtributing.*

Se donner aſsignation. *(Two, or more) to appoint a certaine place for their meeting.*

Aſsigné: m. ée: f. *Aſſigned; appointed, ordained, or deputed, for; allotted, layed out, ſet or put, over unto; alſo, ſeiſed, or taken, or forfeited, into his own hands.*

Aſsigner. *To aſſigne; appoint, ordaine, or depute, for; to allot, lay out, ſet or put, over (alſo, to give day) unto.*

Aſsigner ſa main au fief de ſon vaſsal; &, Aſsigner à ſon fief les terres de ſon vaſsal; *To ſeize, enter upon, or take into his owne hands, as forfeited, th'inheritance of his vaſſall.*

Aſsillonnement: m. *A making of baulkes in plowing.*

Aſsillonner. *To baulke, or plow up in baulkes.*

Aſsimenter. *To cement, cloſe, or glue together.*

Aſsimilation: f. *A comparing, likening, reſembling; an application, or applying of things, together.*

Aſsimilativement. *By compariſon, reſemblably, in like manner.*

Aſsimilé: m. ée: f. *Likened, reſembled, compared, unto.*

Aſsimiler. *To compare, liken, reſemble, apply things together.*

Aſsis: m. *Aſſeſſements; or impoſitions.*

Aſsis: m. ie: f. *Set, ſitting; ſeated, placed, ſetled, fixed, planted; alſo, limitted, appointed; alſo, taxed, ceſſed, or aſſeſſed.*

Oiſeau trop haut aſsis. *Whoſe haukes (or legs) are too long.*

Il a le cœur aſsis en bonne part. *He is honeſt, faithfull, reſolute, valiant.*

Il n'y a pas bien aſsis ſes lunettes. *He hath miſtaken the matter; or, he hath not looked into it ſo throughly as he might, ſo diligently as he ſhould have done.*

Aſsiſe: f. *An Aſſiſe, or Seſſions (a word moſt uſed, as our Aſſiſes, in the plurall number) alſo, the cuſtomarie fine that's taken, in Brittanie only, for certain beaſts found dammage feſant; alſo, as* Aſsize.

Aſſiſes de Juſtice. *Are, by the cuſtomes of Normandie, aſſemblies of Knights, and other diſcreet and ſubſtantiall men, in company of a Bailly, at a place, and for a time certain.*

La grande aſſiſe. *Is held by a Seneſchall, or Bailly.*

La petite aſſiſe. *Is held by a Prevoſtall, or inferiour, Judge.*

Droict d'aſſiſe de ſix deniers. vj. d. Tour. *Due unto the townſhip of Tournay upon every pottle of wine retailed within it.*

Aſſiſes: f. *The ſolemn, or ordinary Aſſiſes, Seſſions, or ſittings of Judges; alſo as* Aſſis, *ſubſtan.*

Aſſiſtance: f. *Aſſiſtance, helpe, ſupport, countenance, preſence of men in helpe of their friends; a ſtanding to in extremitie.*

Aſſiſtant: m. *An aſſiſtant; a helper; a ſtander by.*

Aſſiſté. *Aſſiſted, helped, aided, defended; ſtood by, or unto.*

Aſſiſté de pluſieurs autres. *Accompanied with, or followed, by many others.*

Aſſiſter. *To aſſiſt, help, defend, aid, countenance; alſo, to accompany, aſſociate, be at, or be preſent at, ſtand by, or unto.*

Aſſize: f. *as* Aſſiſe; *alſo, a courſe of ſtones, or bricks, in building.*

Aſſociable. com. *Companable, ſociable, aſſociable, fit to hold fellowſhip with.*

Aſſociation: f. *An accompanying, aſſociation, ſociety, fellowſhip.*

Aſſocié: m. ée: f. *Aſſociated, accompanied, conſorted, kept much, with.*

Aſſocier. *To aſſociate, accompany, hold ſociety, or fellowſhip, conſort, or keep much, with.*

† Aſſode: com. *Waſted, or much broken by ſickneſſe; forlorne, wearie of his life, careleſſe of himſelfe.*

Aſſolé: m. ée, f. *Summed; ſeaſoned, hardned, or dried in the Sun; alſo, ſetled, (as a horſe, &c.) upon all his feet.*

Aſſoler. *To ſumme; to ſeaſon, harden, or drie in the Sume.*

s'Aſſoler. *To ſettle himſelfe upon all his feet.*

Aſſommeiller. *To caſt into a ſlumber.*

Aſſommé: m. ée: f. *Felled, ſtricken, or knocked, downe; alſo, caſt into a heavy ſleep; alſo, caſt up, or ſummed, as a reckoning.*

Aſſommer. *To fell, ſtrike, or knock down; to over-beare with blowes; alſo, to caſt into a heavy ſleep; alſo, to ſumme, or caſt up a reckoning.*

Aſſommereſſe. main af. *A heavy, or dead hand, that knocks or fels downe whatſoever it ſtrikes.*

Aſſommeur: m. *A knocker, feller, or beater, downe.*

Aſſopi: m. ie: f. *Layed, brought, lulled, aſleep; caſt into aſleep; alſo, dulled, benummed, made ſenceleſſe, as one that ſleeps; alſo, quieted, pacified, appeaſed; qualified, calmed, aſſuaged; alſo, repreſſed, ſuppreſſed, extinguiſhed.*

Aſſopir. *To lay, bring, or lull, aſleep; alſo, to benumme, dull, make ſenceleſſe, as one that is aſleep; alſo, to quiet, pacifie, appeaſe, calme, aſſuage; alſo, to ſuppreſſe, repreſſe, extinguiſh, put under foot.*

Aſſopiſement: m. *A laying, bringing or lulling aſleep; alſo, a dulling, benumming, making ſenceleſſe; alſo, a quieting, pacifying, appeaſing, aſſuaging; alſo, a repreſſing, ſuppreſſing, extinguiſhing.*

Aſſorbir. *To drinke, ſoke, or ſuck, up.*

Aſſortable: com. *Sortable, ſuitable; fit to ſort, or to be ſuited, withall.*

Aſſorti: m. ie: t. *Sorted, aſſorted, ſuited, matched; alſo, furniſhed, or garniſhed fully.*

Aſſortiment. *as* Aſſortiſement.

Aſſortir. *To ſort, aſſort, ſuit; match, equall; diſpoſe, order ſeverall things handſomely; alſo, to furniſh, or ſtore with all ſorts of.*

Aſſortiſement: m. *Stuffe, or furniture; alſo, a ſorting, or ſuiting of things together; diſpoſition; alſo, a furniſhing, or ſtoring with all ſorts of.*

Aſſoté: m. ée: f. *Sotted, beſotted, doting on, too farre in love with.*

Il en eſt plus aſſoté qu'un coquin de ſa bouteille: *Said of one that fooliſhly affects a thing too much.*

Il en eſt plus aſſoté qu'un fol de ſa Marotte. *The ſame.*

L'Aſſotée de. *A mans Sweet-heart, or Miſtris, on whom the foole dotes.*

Aſſoter. *To ſot, beſot, make dote on, bring too farre in love with.*

s'Aſſoter de. *To dote on, or, be extremely in love with.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon qui femme n'aſſote; Prov. *The beſt man may be gulled by a woman.*

Aſſotir. *To make, or become, ſottiſh, doltiſh, fooliſh.*

Aſſotter. *as* Aſſoter.

† Aſſoubjectir. *To aſſubjett, make ſubjett, ſubdue, bring under.*

Aſſouchement: m. *A genealogie, ſtock, progenie.*

Aſſoupir. *as* Aſſopir.

Aſſoupli: m. ie: f. *Suppled, macerated, made ſoft, or pliant.*

Aſſouplir. *To ſupple, macerate, make ſoft, tender, pliant.*

Aſſourdi: m. ie: f. *Deafened; made, or growne, deafe.*

Aſſourdir. *To deafen, or make deafe.*

Aſſourdiſement: m. *A deafening, or making deafe.*

Aſſouvager. *To aſſuage; quiet, ſtill, pacifie.*

Aſſouvi: m. ie: f. *Filled, contented, ſatiated, ſatisfied; alſo, glutted, ſaded, cloyed.*

Aſſouvir. *To fill, content, ſatiate, ſatisfie; alſo, to cloy, glut, ſade.*

Aſſouviſſement: m. *A filling, contenting, ſatiating, ſatisfying; alſo, a gluting, ſading, cloying.*

Aſſubjectir. *as* Aſſoubjectir.

Aſſuefaction: f. *An accuſtoming, enuring; or continuance in a thing.*

† Aſſumpter. *To take up from below unto a high place; to take up into Heaven.*

Aſſumption. *An aſſumption, or taking up into a high place; alſo, the Minor in a Syllogiſme.*

L'aſſumption noſtre Dame. *A ſolemne holy-day kept by the Church of Rome the 15 of Auguſt; we tearm it our Lady-day in harveſt.*

Aſſus. (adverb.) *On, or upon; whence,*

Mettre aſſus vne trahiſon à. *To accuſe of, or charge with, treaſon; to lay treaſon to the charge of.*

Aſt Armes d'aſt. *Weapons to be caſt, as darts, &c. Look* Armes.

Aſtace: m. *A Lobſter.*

† Aſtalabote. *as* Aſcalabe. ☞ Rab.

Aſtelles. *as* Attelles.

Aſtellier: m. *A Stall.*

Aſterion: m. *The name of a certaine bound-fiſh, or dog-fiſh, whoſe coat is full ſet with ſtar-like ſpots.*

Aſterique: com. *Starrie, ſtarre-like; of, or belonging unto, a ſtarre.*

Aſteure. *as,* à cett'heure; *Preſently, even now.*

Aſthmatic: m. ique: f. *Purſie, ſhort-winded, that often and with paine fetcheth breath.*

Aſthme: m. *Purſineſſe, ſhort-windneſſe; an often, painfull, or difficult breathing, or breath-drawing.*

Aſtillier: m. *A work-houſe for Maſons; a Carpenters yard.*

Aſtipulateur: m. *A Record, or witneſſe; alſo, an accorder with, or aſſenter unto, another; alſo, an aſſiſtant, helper, favourer.*

Aſtivité: f. *Craft (in buying and ſelling;) mechanicall ſubtiltie.*

† Aſtour. *Serk* Atour.

Aſtragale: m. *A buckle-bone, or bonket; the firſt bone of th'inſtup; alſo, the Game that's played with buckle-bones; alſo, a ſmall, and round member in Architecture, ſometimes plaine, ſometimes wrought, ſometimes wrythen; and tearmed by our workmen, an Aſtragall, or ſmall Boultell; alſo, the Plant, or Pulſe, called, the Milke vetch.*

Aſtragalomantie. *Divination by buckle-bones.*

Aſtraict: m. *as* Abſtraict.

Aſtrantie: f. *The herbe Maiſterwort.*

Aſtrapade: f. *The Strappado.*

Aſtre: m. *A Starre, a Planet; alſo, deſtinie, fate, fortune, hap.*

Aſtre argenté. *The moone.*

Aſtre cornu. *The ſame.*

L'Aſtre du jour. *The Sunne.*

Aſtreinct: m. cte: f. *Bound, tyed, or knit hard; in ſure bonds; alſo, coſtive, or belly-bound; alſo, forced, compelled, conſtrained.*

Aſtreindre. *To bind faſt; to tye, or knit hard; to wrap in ſure bonds; alſo, to make coſtive, or belly-bound; alſo, to force, compell, conſtraine.*

Aſtrelabe. *Look* Aſtrolabe.

Aſtringeant. *Aſtringent, aſtrictive; binding, making coſtive.*

Aſtrolabe: m. *An Aſtrolabe; a flat round inſtrument, whereby the ſeverall motions of heavenly bodies, and the length, height, and breadth of any other thing, may be diſcerned and found out.*

Aſtrologie: f. *Aſtrologie; a reaſoning, or ſpeculation of heavenly motions.*

Aſtrologien: m. *as* Aſtrologue.

Aſtrologue: m. *An Aſtrologer; a skilfull diſcourſer, or ſtudious beholder, of celeſtiall motions.*

Aſtronome: m. *An Aſtronomer; a teacher, or profeſſor of the knowledge of ſtarres, or heavenly motions.*

Aſtronomie: f. *Aſtronomie; knowledge, or, profeſſion of the knowledge, of ſtarres.*

Aſtronomien. *as* Aſtronome.

Aſtrucier : m. *An Oſtridger ; one that keeps or catches, Oſtridges.*

† Aſtruſer. *To preſſe, or keep downe.*

Aſtuce : f. *Craft, ſubtilty, guile, deceit, couſenage.*

† Aſtut : m. ute : f. *Aſtute, crafty, ſubtill, wyly, guileſull.*

Aſur : m. *Azure ; skie-colour, or, the ſtuffe whereof tis made.*

Aſur d'Acre. *Naturall Azure, as it is taken out of the Mine.*

Aſur d'Alemaigne, German *Azure ; is an exhalation of ſilver Mines ; from the tops and ſides of whoſe ſtones it is choicely ſcraped and gathered.*

Aſur de Levant. *as* Aſur d'outre mer.

Aſur d'outre mer. *Beyond-ſea Azure ; the beſt kinde of Azure, made of* Lapis Lazuli, *and reſiſting both fire and water.*

Cendrée d'aſur. *The whiteſt kinde of Azure.*

Pierre d'aſur. Lapis Lazuli ; *or, the Lazull-ſtone.*

Vert aſur. *A colour between a blanket, and a greene ; found in Mines of the copper which is mingled with ſilver ; and an excellent purger of Melancholie.*

Aſurer. *To dye, paint, ſtaine, or colour, with azure.*

Aſurin : m. ine : f. *Skie-coloured ; cleare as the skie ; blew, or wanne like azure ; of, or belonging to, azure.*

Aſyle : m. *A Sanctuary ; a priviledged place ; a place of refuge for the afflicted, or offendor ; a place of liberty, franchiſe, freedome.*

Aſymbole : com. *Shot-free, or, ſcot-free ; that payeth nothing for his victualls.*

Atabal. *as* Attabale ; *alſo, a Tymbrell, or little brazen drumme to dance by.*

A-tant. *Forth-with ; incontinently,*

Ataraxie : f. *Reſolution, conſtancy, unmoveableneſſe of judgement ; alſo, tranquility, or quietneſſe of minde.*

A-tard. *Late, ſlowly.*

Ataſtre. *The plaine part, or face of an Architrave ; alſo, a large fillet, or bend in a pillar, &c.*

Atedier. *Seeke* Attedier ; *to weary.*

Atelles. *as* Attelles.

Atermoyé. *as* Attermoyé.

Atermoyement : m. *A giving of dayes for the paiment of a ſumme.*

Aterrer. *To throw, or over-throw, to daſh, or caſt downe, to the earth ; alſo, to cover, or over-whelme, with earth ; alſo, to ruine, oppreſſe, wrong extreamely.*

s'Aterrer. *To grow earthy, or full of earth ; to bee over-growne, or choaked up, with earth.*

Athanaſie. *The herbe Tanſie.*

† Athaner. *To kill.* ¶ Bourg.

Athée : m. *An Atheiſt ; one that beleeves there is no God.*

Atheïſme : m. *Atheiſme ; infidelity ; the denying of, or not believing in, God.*

Atheïſte. *as* Athée.

† Atheïſterie. *as* Atheïſme.

Athelan : m. *A very ſmall fiſh in the river* Laiz *neare* Montpellier.

Atheronne. *A little painleſſe impoſtume, whoſe matter is like unto pap.*

† Athle : m. *A miſerable, wretched, or languiſhing fellow.*

Athlete : m. *A champion at wraſtling, running, and ſuch other common games of ſtrength, activity, or ſleight.*

Athletique : com. *Champion-like, belonging to a champion ; ſtrong, ſwift, active, as a champion.*

Atiſer. *Seeke* Attiſer.

Ativelles : f. *Trinkets, tyres, or attires.*

Atizer. *Seek* Attiſer.

Atome : m. *A moate in the Sunne ; a thing ſo ſmall, that it cannot be divided.*

Atour : m. *An attire ; alſo, a French-hood.*

Toile d'atour. *Lawne.*

Atourneſſe : f. *as* Attourneresſe.

Atour. *With, together with.*

Atrabiliaire : com. *Subject, or belonging to melancholy, or black choller ; or, as* Atrebiliaire.

Atrainer. *To traile, drag, or draw along unto.*

Atre : m. *A harth.*

Il n'y a rien en ſa maiſon ſi froid que l'atre. *Hee keepes a very poore boouſe ; his cheare is as cold as his Chimney (in which there came no fire this ſeven yeare.)*

Qui a Maraſtre a le diable en l'atre ; Prov. *As good have a devill to his dam, as a ſtepdame.*

Atrebiliaire : com. *Compoſed of Melancholy, and blacke choller ; or, as* Atrabiliaire.

s'Atriſter. *To mourne, wax heavy, become ſorrowfull, grow ſad.*

Atroce : com. *Moſt Cruell, pittileſſe, fell ; fierce, terrible, horrible to behold ; alſo, outragious, hainous, extreame.*

Atrocement. *Moſt cruelly, pittileſſely ; ſelly, fiercely, terribly, horribly ; alſo, outragiouſly, hainouſly, extreamely.*

Atrocité : f. *Atrocity, great cruelty, fierceneſſe, felneſſe ; terribleneſſe, horribleneſſe ; alſo, outragiouſneſſe, extremity, hainouſneſſe.*

† Atrophe : com. *In a conſumption ; one with whom his meat dowes not, or to whom it does no good.*

† Atrophie : f. *A conſumption that comes by a fearefull eating of too little, or a greedy devouring of too much.*

† Atrophié : m. ée : f. *One that's in ſuch a conſumption ; or as* Atrophe.

† s'Atrophier. *To conſume, waſte, pine, grow leane, weare away.*

Atruander. *Seek* Attruander.

† Atſens. *Bounds, meeres, limits.* ¶ Wallon.

Attabale. *A kinde of brazen drum, uſed by the Mooriſh horſe-men.*

Attache : f. *A thing faſtened on, or tyed unto, another thing ; as a Libell, Proclamation, or publick Edict paſted on the corner-poſts of ſtreets, or ſet up in open places, that all perſons may take notice thereof.*

Attache d'un cheval. *The ſtanding, or tying up of an horſe in an Inne (or any ſuch like place) for which ſome ſmall conſideration is to bee given to the Inne-keeper, or owner.*

Levrier d'attache. *An Iriſh, or great, grey-hound.*

Attaché : m. ée : f. *Faſtened, tyed, clapt upon, ſet, annexed, knit ; alſo, grapled unto ; alſo, medled, quarrelled, brabled, fought with.*

Attaché par les carrefours. *Publikely excommunicate ; or, out-lawed by proclamation ; alſo, defamed by libels ſet up on every poſt.*

Attachement. *A tying, faſtening, annexing, binding, knitting, ſetting unto.*

Attacher. *To tie, faſten, claſpe, knit, bind, annex, unto, to ſticke, or ſet up, to hang, or clap upon, a poſt, wall, &c.*

s'attacher à. *To coap, deale, meddle, ſcuffle, grapple, quarrell, fight, brabble, with.*

Attainct. *Seek* Attaint.

Attaincte. *as* Attainte.

Attaindre. *To reach, or attaine unto ; to touch ; hit, or ſtrike, in reaching ; alſo, to over-take, or fetch up, in going, &c. alſo, to get, procure, obtaine ; bring to paſſe ; alſo, to attaint, or convict ; alſo, to appeach, accuſe, or charge with.*

Attaint : m. te : f. *Raught, attained unto ; touched ; hit, ſtrucken ; overtaken, fetched up ; alſo, gotten, procured, obtained ; alſo, tainted, attainted, convicted ; alſo, appeached, accuſed of, charged with.*

Il eſt attaint. *He is taken ; hee's ſmarte in love ; he is but a gone, or is no more his owne, man.*

Attainte : f. *A reach ; hit, home touch ; blow, or ſtroke ; alſo, a deſignement, intention, purpoſe, pretence ; alſo, a gentle nip, quip, or jeer ; a ſleight gird, or taxation.*

Tirée d'attainte. *A ſhot within reach, or levell.*

Nul n'y oſoit donner attainte. *None durſt attempt it, or deale with it ; no one durſt venture on it.*

Attalenté : m. ée : f. *as* Entalenté ; *or, provoked unto, put into a longing of.*

Attalenter. *To egge, provoke ; put into a longing ; to ſet the deſire on worke, to give it an edge, or appetite.*

Attaque : f. *An aſſault ; incounter, skirmiſh, fight ; a violent meeting of two armies, or enemies.*

Attaqué : m. ée : f. *Incountred, ſcuffled or medled with ; aſſaulted, or ſet on.*

Attaquer. *To aſſault, or ſet on ; to incounter, coape, ſcuffle, any way to meddle, with.*

† Attavanat : m. *A horſe thats ſtye-bitten onely in the flanke, or on the neck.*

† Attayne : f. *Moodineſſe, anger, teſtineſſe, pettiſhneſſe, (vieil mot.)*

† Attayneux : m. euſe : f. *Moody, angry, froward, pettiſh, teſty.*

Attediation : f. *A toyling, wearying ; cloying, or troubling with too much of one thing ; alſo, a loathing, wearieſomneſſe, tedioſuneſſe.*

Attedié : m. ée : f. *Toyled, wearied, cloyed, or troubled with too much of.*

Attedier. *To toile, weary ; annoy ; make loath ; cloy, or trouble with too much of one thing.*

Atteinte. *Look* Attainte.

Attelage : m. *Harneſſe for a Draught, or Teame, &c. or for the cattell that draw it ; all the furniture unto it, or them, belonging ; alſo, a Licence granted, by th'officers of a Forreſt, unto a Potter, Glaſier, Tyler, Turner, Smith, Aſh-maker, &c. for the taking of Earth, wood, or Minerals, for their ſeverall uſes.*

Attelé : m. ée : f. *Spanged, or faſtened, as a horſe, &c. unto a Plough, Chariot, Coach, Cart, &c.*

Attelements : m. *Th' attiuals, harneſſe, geers, or furniture, belonging to draught-horſes, or oxen ; or unto that which they draw.*

Atteler. *To ſpang, yoake, or faſten a Horſe, Oxe, &c. unto a Chariot, Plough, Coach, or Cart ; to put them into it ; alſo, to harneſſe them for it.*

Attelier : m. *A work-houſe, or ſhop for an artificer.*

Attelle : f. *A ſplent, or ſtick to make a ſplent of.*

Attelles : f. *The baumes of a draught-horſes collar ; the two flat ſticks that incompaſſe it.*

Attenance : f. *A dependancy upon, a belonging unto ; alſo, as* Attente ; *hope, expectation.*

Attenant : m. ante : f. *Belonging, or appertaining to ; adjoyning unto ; depending on ; holding, or cleaving, by.*

Attendant : m. *An attendant, retainer, waiter.*

Attendans, *aſblers ; binding ſtones, (in Maſonrie.)*

Attendant : m. ante : f. *Attending, waiting on ; expecting ; tarrying, ſtaying, for.*

Attendant que. *whileſt that.*

Attendre. *To attend, wait, ſtay, tarry ; expect, looke for ; to daunce attendance on.*

s'attendre à. *To truſt, reſt, relye, depend, upon.*

Attendre la venue du boiteux. *To ſtay for John Long the Carrier ; to tarry long for that which comes but ſlowly.*

De ce que tu pourras faire n'attends autruy ; Prov. *Bid not another doe that which thou canſt doe thy ſelfe, or, build not, relye not, on anothers doing of that which, &c.*

Pour neant recule qui malheur attend ; Prov. *In vaine he retires that attends miſhap (which if it muſt come, hurts leaſt being met with.)*

Qui attend il a fort temps ; Prov. *He that attends hath time enough ; or to him that waits all time ſeems tedious.*

Qui s'attend à l'eſcuelle d'autruy il diſne ſouvent bien tard ; Prov. *He that waits on another mans trencher, makes many a late dinner.*

Qui bon maiſtre ſert bon loyer en attend ; Prov. *He that ſerves a good Maſter, hopes for a good reward.*

Qui ſot envoye ſot attend ; Prov. *Hee that imployes a foole, expects a foole.*

Tout eſt fait negligemment là ou l'un à l'autre s'attend ; Prov. *Nothing is well done where one altogether truſts unto, or relyes upon, another.*

Tout vient à point qui peut attendre ; Prov. *He that can ſtay his time, ſhall compaſſe any thing.*

Attendrir. *To ſoften, mollifie, make tender, gentle, pliant.*

s'attendrir. *To grow tender, ſoft, gentle ; nice, faint, effeminate.*

Attendriſſement : m. *A ſoftening, mollifying, making tender.*

Attendu : m. ue : f. *Attended, waited, ſtayed on, expected, looked, tarried for.*

Attendu que. *Seeing that.*

Petit diſner longuement attendu n'eſt pas donné, mais cherement vendu ; Pro. *We buy too dearely meat we ſtay long for ; or, a little meat long ſtayed for's dearely bought ; (The like may be ſaid of any benefit, or favour.)*

Attendue : f. *An attendance, or attending.*

Attenir. *To retaine, detaine, with-hold, keep, or ſtay backe.*

s'attenir à. *To belong unto, to depend upon, alſo, to be linked, or joyned in conſanguinitie with.*

Attentat : m. *A proceeding in ſuit notwithſtanding an appeale ; alſo, a taking (by the plaintife, or defendant) to his own uſe part of a thing which the Court hath wholly ſequeſtred ; any attempt made, or courſe held on, contrary to a publick Order.*

Attente : f. *Expectation ; hope, deſire of ; an attending, ſtaying, tarrying for ; alſo, a prejudicate opinion.*

Attente d'un edifice. *Th' inchoation, or unperfect beginning of a building, given over before it be finiſhed.*

Laiſſons celuy là en attente. *Let us leave him alone (to his hopes ; or, to pick ſtrawes, or pull daiſies.)*

Sans autre attente. *Incontinently ; without more tarrying, delay, or adoe.*

Attentes d'une muraille, &c. *Denting parts, or peeces of a wall, &c.*

Table d'attente. *A plate of copper, &c. whereon ſome notable inſcription, or other thing, is engraven ; alſo, a flat peece of marble, &c. charged with the like ſtuffe, and ſet (as the other, moſt commonly) on the outſide of a roome, or building.*

Attenté : m. ée : f. *Attempted, enterpriſed ; eſſayed, proved, put unto tryall.*

Attenter. *To attempt, enterpriſe ; eſſay, prove, begin, put into triall ; alſo, a plaintife, or defendant to convert unto his uſe or benefit part of the thing in ſuit, notwithſtanding a former ſequeſtration thereof made by the Court.*

Attenter au prejudice l'appel. *To goe on with his ſuit, notwithſtanding the Appeale of the adverſe party.*

Attentif : m. ue : f. *Attentive, liſtening, heedfull, carefull, diligent ; vigilant ; earneſtly bent unto, exceedingly ſet upon.*

Attentiuement. *Attentively, carefully, heedfully, wiſtly.*

Attenu : m. uë : f. *Bound, or beholden to.*

Attenuation : f. *An attenuation, or extenuation ; a leſſening, impairing, diminiſhment ; a making thinne, ſlender, weake.*

Reſpondre par attenuation. *Looke* Reſpondre.

Attenué : m. ée : f. *Diminiſhed, leſſened, impaired, waſted, extenuated ; made thinner, ſmaller, ſlenderer, weaker.*

Attenuer. *To leſſen, diminiſh, impaire, appaire, waſt ; extenuate ; to make thinner, ſlenderer ; weaker.*

† Attenuri : m. ie : f. *Made thinne, ſlender, ſmall ; or as* Attenué.

† Attenurir. *To make thin, ſlender, or ſmall ; to miniſh, extenuate, leſſen, impaire.*

Atterriſſement : m. *An overthrowing to the earth ; a covering with earth ; a ſurrounding, or overwhelming by the earth.*

Attermoyé : m. ée : f. *That hath a terme, or time granted for the payment of a debt ; alſo, put off from terme to terme, from time to time.*

Atteraſſeur : m. *An overthrower (to the earth ;) a ruiner, undoner, oppreſſor.*

Atterré : m. ée : f. *Covered with, overwhelmed, overthrowne to, the earth ; ruined ; oppreſſed.*

Atterre-cipi. *Corne-burying, care-overwhelming.*

Atterrer. *To cover, or overwhelme with earth ; to overthrow unto the earth ; or, as* Aterrer.

s'Atterrir. *To rot unto earth ; or, by lying on the earth, or by rotting on the earth, to become as earth ; alſo, to fall unto the earth.*

Atterriſſement. *as* Atteriſſement.

Atteſtation : f. *An atteſtation ; affirmation, calling to witneſſe ; a juſtification by witneſſes.*

Atteſté : m. ée : f. *Atteſted ; proteſted, avouched, affirmed, teſtified, witneſſed, juſtified by witneſſe.*

Atteſter. *To atteſt ; avouch, affirme, proteſt, call to witneſſe ; alſo, to teſtifie, witneſſe, confirme by witneſſe.*

Atteyner vn chien ſur. *To ſet a dog at, or turne a dog upon.*

Attiedi : m. ie : f. *Warmed, made luke-warme.*

Attiedir. *To warme ; to make luke-warme.*

Attiſſé : m. ée : f. *Decked, pranked, tricked, trimed.*

Attiſſement : m. *A pranking, decking, tricking, trimming of.*

Attiſſer. *To decke, pranke, tricke, trim, adorne.*

Attiſſets : m. *Attires, or tires, dreſſings, trickings, attirals.*

† Attiler. *as* Attiſſer.

Attiltré : m. ée : f. *Suborned, appeaſed ; inſtructed beforehand, taught the matter he hath to ſay.*

Attiltrer. *To ſuborne, or appeaſe, inſtruct, or teach before hand ; to informe, or forewarne of, the matter he is to deliver.*

† Attiné : m. ée : f. *Provoked, urged, irritated, incenſed ; alſo, fleſhed, or faſtened on.*

† Attiner. *To provoke, urge, irritate, incenſe againſt ; alſo, to fleſh, or faſten on.*

Attinté : m. ée : f. *Decked, tricked, trimmed, pranked ; alſo, fine, ſpruce, compt, neat ; alſo, fitted, ſet right ; or (as an arrow on the bow-ſtring) nocked.*

Attinter. *To decke, pranke, trick, trimme ; alſo, to fit well, ſet right, place juſt.*

Attiques : m. *Little notes, or tickets.*

Attirail : m. *A great mans retinue, traine, attendants, followers.*

Attirantons : m. *An Artificers tooles, or inſtruments.*

Attiraux : m. *Plough-geeres ; the tooles, or inſtruments belonging to a Plough.*

Attiré : m. ée : f. *Drawn to ; tolled on ; invited, inticed, allured unto.*

Attirement : m. *A drawing to ; a tolling on, an inviting, inticing, alluring unto.*

Attirer. *To draw, or bring to ; to toll, or lead on ; alſo, to invite, intice, allure unto.*

Attiſe : m. ée : f. *Kindled, or ſtirred, as fire.*

Attiſe-feu : m. *A fire-kindler, or fire-ſtirrer ; and (metaphorically) a ſtirrer up of ſtrife, a firebrand of contention, a raiſer of ſedition.*

Attiſe-querelle : m. *A brabling make-bate ; a renewer, a reviver of old, and over-worne quarrels.*

Attiſer. *To kindle (a fire ;) to ſtirre the fire ; to lay one cole, or brand neere unto another.*

Attiſer le feu avec l'eſpée. *To provoke an angry perſon extremely.*

Attiſonné: m. ée: f. *Scorched or halfe burnt; blackiſh, or duskie-coloured, as a firebrand, &c.*

Attiſonner. *as* Attiſer.

Attorné: m. ée: f. *Dreſſed, attired, trimmed, decked, adorned.*

Attorner. *To attire, dreſſe, deck, adorne, trim, trick, pranke, ſet out.*

Attouche: f. *A gentle touch; alſo, a glance at, or ſhort mention of.*

Attouché: m. ée: f. *Gently touched, handled, or felt ſoftly, lightly, or ſleightly mentioned.*

Attouchement: m. *A gentle touching, light handling, ſoft feeling of; alſo, as* Attouche.

Attoucher. *To handle gently, touch lightly, feele ſoftly; alſo, to mention briefly, glaunce at ſleightly; meddle, or deale with but a little, any way.*

Attour: m. *A French-hood; alſo, any kind of tire, or attire, for a womans head.*

Damoiſelle d'attour. *The waiting woman that uſes to dreſſe, or attire, her miſtreſſe.*

Attouré: m. ée: f. *Tired, dreſſed, attired, decked, trimmed, adorned.*

Attourance: f. *An Atturneyſhip,; or, the following of a cauſe by an Atturney; alſo, as* Attournement.

Attourné: m. ée: f. *as* Attouré; *alſo, attorned, as a tenant.*

Attournée: f. *as* Attournement; *Alſo, a letter of Atturney.*

Attournement: m. *An attiring, dreſſing; decking; alſo, the Atturnement of a tenant.*

Attourner. *To attire, deck, dreſſe; alſo, to atturne, as a tenant.*

Attourneſſe: f. *A waiting-woman, or chamber-maid, that uſes, or helpes, to attire her miſtreſſe.*

Attourneur: m. *A Groom of the Chamber; one that waits in the chamber, to dreſſe his Maſter, or Miſtreſſe.*

Attrabilaire. *as* Atrabiliaire.

Attractif: m. ive: f. *Attractive; inticing, alluring; of power, or property, to draw unto.*

Attraction: f. *An attraction; a drawing to.*

† Attrahiere: f. *Eſcheatage; or, an Eſcheat; Look* Eſtrayeres.

Attraict: m. *An attraction, or attractive; a bait, allurement, inticement, inveiglement.*

Attraiement: m. *An attracting, or drawing unto; alſo, an alluring, inticing, inveigling.*

Attraire. *To attract, to draw unto; alſo, to allure, intice, inveagle, toll on; move, or provoke unto, by faire meanes.*

Attraire teſmoins. *To produce witneſſes.*

Vn dormir attrait l' autre; Prov. *One ſleepe draweth on another.*

Attrament. *Inke; or bleach for Shoomakers.*

Attrapé: m. ée: f. *Caught, intrapped, apprehended, overtaken; taken tardy, or in the manner.*

Tot attrapée eſt laſouris qui n'a pour giſte qu'un pertuis; Prov. *Look* Souris.

Attraper. *To intrap, catch, apprehend, overreach, overtake, take tardy, or in the manner.*

Attraperie: f. *A catching, intrapment, intrapping.*

Attrapoire: m. *An intrapping, or catching; alſo, a trap, the inſtrument, or meanes, whereby one is intrapped.*

Attrayamment. *Attractively, alluringly, inticingly.*

Attrayant. *Attracting, attractive, leading, or drawing unto; alluring, inticing.*

Attrayement. *as* Attraict; *or, as* Attraiement.

Attrayeres: f. *Eſchcates; Looke* Eſtrayeres.

Attrectation: f. *A ſoft, and often handling, touching, feeling.*

Attrempance: f. *Soberneſſe, temperance, modeſty, ſtayednes, government; moderation in behaviour, or humour.*

Attrempé: m. ée: f. *Tempered, moderated, well governed; of a temperate, or ſtayed humour; alſo, moiſtened, ſoaked, well ſteeped in liquor; alſo, mixed, or ſeaſoned with.*

Attrempement: m. *A temper, moderation, even meaſure, juſt proportion, modeſtie, moderate diſpoſition, ſtayed behaviour; alſo, a moiſtening, ſteeping, or ſoaking in liquor.*

Attrempément. *Temperately, moderately, modeſtly, patiently; ſtayedly, coolely, faire and ſoftly, ſoberly.*

Attremper. *To temper, moderate, uſe a juſt, and even meaſure; alſo, to mixe, or ſeaſon; alſo, to moiſten, ſoke, or ſteep in moiſture.*

Attribué: m. ée. f. *Attributed, imputed, given, or, laid, unto; charged with; put upon.*

Attribuer. *To attribute, impute, or put upon; to charge with; to give, or lay unto.*

s'Attribuer. *To challenge, aſſume, or take upon him.*

Attributif: m. iue: f. *Attributive; attributing.*

Attriſté: m. ée: f. *Agrieved, growne ſad, made ſorrowfull.*

Attriſte-coeur. *Heart-ſadning, thoughtgrieving.*

Attriſter. *To grieve, make ſad, heavy, ſorrowfull.*

Attrit: m. ite: f. *Rubed, fretted, waſted, worne away.*

Attrition: f. *A rubbing, fretting, weaving.*

Attroupé: m. ée: f. *Troupèd, in troupes.*

s'Attrouper. *To aſſemble in troupes, or companies; to troupe together.*

s'Attruander. *To loyter, grow lazie, become ſluggiſh, weare an idle truant.*

Attuerté à vn' opinion. *Reſolute, or obſtinate in an opinion; fully bent to defend, or follow it.*

Au (*A Maſculine Article; or a Preposition bearing the energie of a Maſculine Article*) *is ever ſet before Maſculine Nounes that begin with a conſonant, and ſignifies, in the; to the; at the; on the; &c. as in* A.

Avachi: m. ie: f. *Looſened, ſlackened, quailed, faded, growne flaggy; failed in liveline ſſe, vigour, vehemency.*

s'Avachir. *To looſen, ſlacken, grow flaggie, quaile, fade, faile of its former liveline ſſe, vigour, and vehemency; to waxe faint, feeble, heartleſſe; to hang downe the head.*

Avail: m. *A wild Boare.*

Availlon: m. *A kind of ſhell-fiſh.*

Avaindre. *To take, or draw out; to bring, or leade forth; alſo, to touch, to reach unto.*

Aval. *Downe, or downward.*

Vent d' aval. *A Weſt-South-Weſt wind; or a Weſterly wind that ſomewhat inclines to the South.*

† Avalanche. *as* Avallanche.

† Avaliſque. *Avant, be gone; ſic upon it:* ¶ Langued.

Avallage: m. *A letting, putting, or laying, downe; alſo, a ſwallowing, or ſwilling downe; alſo, a fall, or a falling down, as of rivers, or other waters; alſo, a Porters hire, for the laying of wine downe into a ſeller.*

Avallanche: f. *A great falling, or ſinking downe, as of earth, &c.*

Avalaſſe: f. *An inundation; alſo, a ſwallowing gulfe, or deepe ſwallow.*

Avallé: m. ée: f. *Let, put, layed, caſt, felled, fallen, downe; ſwallowed, ſwilled, gulped, downe; alſo, cut off, or cut downe.*

Boyau avallé. *The diſeaſe called, burſting.*

Avallé en tetaſſe de vieille. *Swagging, like an old wives dug.*

Les cheveux nonchalemment avallez. *Their haire hanging careleſly about their eares.*

Avallement: m. *A letting, putting, or laying downe; a letting fall downe; alſo, a ſupping up, a ſwallowing, or ſwilling downe; alſo, a cutting off, or downe.*

Avaller. *To let, put, lay, caſt, fell, downe; to let fall downe; alſo, to ſup, or gulpe up; to ſwill, or ſwallow downe; alſo, to cut off, or downe; whence;*

Il luy avalla l' eſpaule d' un coup d'eſpée. *He clave one of his ſhoulders from his body; or, at one blow he ſtrake off one of his ſhoulders.*

Il luy avalla ſa robbe de deſſus les eſpaules. *He pulled, or plucked his gowne over his ſhoulders.*

La lice avalla ſon ventre. *The Bitch grows big with whelpe; or, the whelpes within her make her belly almoſt touch the ground.*

Avaller gros, & maſcher dru; Prov. *(As we ſay,) to ſtumble at a ſtraw, and leape over a block.*

Avalleur: m. *A letter, layer; filler, cutter, downe; a gulper, ſwiller, or ſwallower, downe of.*

Avalleur de biens. *A prodigall glutton; one that conſumes his owne, or other mens eſtate, by immoderate eating, and drinking.*

Avalleur de frimats. *An idle fellow; a man of ſmall worth, or capacity; a careleſſe companion.*

Avalleurs de poil gris. *Looke* Poil.

Avalloire. *A hole, trap-doore, window, &c. to let a thing downe by into a lower roome.*

Avallouere, as Avalloire.

Avaluation: f. *A valuation, or valuing, a rate, price, or value ſet downe.*

Avaluer. *To value, rate, prize: to ſet a price on; to hold at a rate.*

Avaluement: m. *as* Avaluation.

Avance: d' avance. *In hand, given before hand, or in part of a greater ſumme.*

Faire avance. *To further, to forward; to get, or ſet, forward.*

Avancé: m. ée: f. *Forwarded, forward, in good forwardneſſe, got, or put, forward; furthered, advanced, accelerated, haſtened, ſhortened by haſte; alſo, given in*

hand

hand, or before hand; alſo, thriven in, or profited by.

Avanceant. Forwarding, furthering, ſetting forward, putting out, or on; advancing, haſtening, accelerating; giving in hand, or before hand.

Avancement: m. A forwarding, ſetting forward, putting on, or out; a giving in hand, or before hand; a haſtening, or accelerating; alſo, an advancing, a getting, or going forward, a proceeding, progreſſion, paſſing on; alſo, advancement, preferment, promotion.

Avancer. To forward, ſet forward, further, put on; alſo, to haſten, and to ſhorten, or cut off by haſt; alſo, to advance, prefer, promote.

s'Avancer. To proceed, go on, get forwards; alſo, to thrive, increaſe, prevaile in, profit by.

Avancer argent. To give money in hand, or aforehand.

Avancer le doigt. To put forth, or ſtretch out, a finger beyond his fellowes.

Avancer vn terme de loüage. To pay before the day, or give before hand.

Le iour s'avance. The day approaches, or breaks.

Avanceur: m. A forwarder, advancer; haſtener, accelerater; alſo, a foregoer.

Avanchaye: f. A grove of Oziers, or of ſuch like trees.

Avanger. To ſatisfie, ſuffice, ſerve the turne; to furniſh throughly, to beare the whole charge of.

Vous n'avanger rien. You go no whit forward.

Nous avons tant de vin que nous ne pouvons avanger à boire. Wee have more wine than we are able, or know how, to drinke.

Avant: m. The time of Advnt; which is about a month before Chriſtmas.

Avant. Is ſometimes an Adverbe of time; and then ſignifies, before, or ere, and forward; and ſometimes of place, (then commonly following, bien) and ſignifies; forth, forward, inward; deeply in, far in.

Avant la main. In hand, or before-hand.

Avant que proceder. A prolonging, or deferring of ſentence, or of proceeding when the ſuit is ready for ſentence.

Eſtre bien avant de feſte. To live merrily, or in jollity.

Mettre en avant. To advance, put forward, preferre; alſo, to propound, open, declare, what he hath to ſay.

Venir en avant. To come, advance, or ſtep forth; to grow, increaſe, thrive, prevaile, proceed, come forward in the world.

Pour vn petit n'avant n'arriere; Prov. A little breaks no ſquart; no matter for a little.

Avantage: m. An advantage, oddes: overplus; addition, eeking; a benefit, furtherance, or forwarding; alſo, a mounting-block, a block to get on horſeback by.

'A l'avantage. Excellently, or exceeding wel

D'avantage. Moreover, further, ſuthermore, elſe, beſides, over and beſides, above and beſides, with oddes, more than meaſure.

Avantagé: m. ée: f. Advantaged, having the advantage of; alſo, benefited, privileged; aduanced, furthered.

Bien avantagé en nez. Noſed with advantage, well noſe-growne, having a Gnomicall, or goodly long, Noſe.

Avantager. To advantage; give advantage unto, further, ſet forward; advance, benefit, doe good unto.

Avantageuſement. Advantageouſly, with great advantage; caſefully, profitably, well for a man.

Avantageux: m. euſe: f. Advantageous, eaſefull, commodious, behoveſull; alſo, very forward, full of forwardneſſe.

Avant-bras. A vambrace; armour for an arme; alſo, the part of the arme that extends from the elbow to the wriſt; alſo, the vnderbone of that part.

Avant-chien. The leſſer dog-ſtar, which appeares when dog-dayes begin.

Avant-conceu: m euë: f. Fore-conceived, formerly deviſed.

Avant-cour. An outward, or little, Court before the portall in a great houſe.

Avant-coureme[illegible]. A forerunning; proceeding, foregoing.

Avant-coureur: m. A fore-runner, Avant-curre.

Avant-coureux: m. as Avant-coureur.

† Avant-coureux: m. euſe: f. Forerunning, precedent.

Avant-garde. The Forward, or Vantguard, of an Armie.

Avant-hier. The day before yeſterday; two dayes agoe.

Avant-jeu: m. An aſſay, triall, or proofe before a game begin.

Avantin: m. The arme, or branch of a vine; climing, or brought along from tree to tree.

Avantjoueur. A Proloque, he that beginneth, or playeth before the game, Enterlude, or Comedie.

Avant-jugé. as Prejugé.

Avant-logis: m. A room, or lodging in the forepart of a houſe, ſtanding above, an outward gate with lodgings in it; alſo, a Court-yard, or comming in; and, a Court, Porch, or Portall, before a houſe.

Avaint-main. The forepart of the hand; or, that part which is between the wriſt and the knuckles.

Avant-mur: m. An avantmure; fore-wall, out-wall, or outward-wall.

Avant-parleur: m. A foreſpeaker; or one that is too forward to ſpeak.

Avant-pas: m. The ſtart, or an advantage, in a race, or Courſe.

Avant-penſer. To premeditate, or bethinke himſelfe before-hand of.

Avant-perſe. The greateſt kind of Abrecock, or as;

Avant-peſche. Th'avant-peach, or haſty peach; ruſſet on one ſide, and red to the Sun-ward, yet bigger than th'ordinary red-Peach; it comes timely, and eats delicately; and therefore ſome call ſo, the greateſt kind of Abrecock.

Avant-pied. The part of the foot that's next to the toes, and conſiſteth of five bones.

Avant-poignet. So much of the hand as is between the wriſt and the knuckles.

Avant-portail: m. A foreporch; an outward portall; a porch at the vtter door of a houſe.

Avant-propos: m. A Prologue.

Avant-proumenoir: m. An open lodge, or cloſe walk for ſuiters, &c. before the doore of a great houſe.

Avant-toict. An houſe-eave, or eaſing; as Severonde.

Avanture. Avanturer. Avantureux. Avanturier. Seek Advanture, &c.

Avare: com. Avaricious, greedy, covetous; unreaſonably deſirous of, inſatiably thirſting after, money, &c.

Avarement. Avariciouſly, greedily, covetouſly.

Avarice: f. Avarice, covetouſneſſe; an unreaſonable deſire of, an inſatiate thirſt after, money, &c.

Avarice fait petit monceau; Pro. Small is the heap that avarice affoords (when wealth comes either to bee diſplayed, or diſtributed.)

Avarice rompt le ſac; Prov. Look Sac.

Quand tous pechés ſont vieux avariee eſt encores ieune; Prov. The love of wealth continues young when all ſinnes elſe grow old.

Avaris: m. Decay of wares; or marchandiſe; leckage of wines; alſo, the charges of the carriage, or meaſuring thereof; alſo, the fees or veiles of a Cook, &c.

Avaritieuſement. Avariciouſly, covetouſly, greedily.

Avaritieux: m. euſe: f. Avaricious, full of avarice.

Avau l'eau. Downe the water.

Aubades. Morning Muſick; ſuch as fidlers play under chamber-windowes.

Les vieilles gens qui font gambades, à la mort ſonnent des aubades; Pro. Look Vieil.

Aubain: m. An alien, ſtranger, forreiner; properly ſuch a one as is born in a Country ſo neer ours, as notice may conveniently be taken of his originall, and name; therein differing from Eſpaue, who comes one knowes not whence.

Aubain: m. ine: f. Strange, forrein, of another Country; alſo, caſuall; due, comming, or falling by eſcheat.

Aubaine: f. Eſcheatage; alſo, an Eſcheat; land, or ſubſtance falling to the King, or Lord, by the death of ſtrangers, or illigitimation of baſtards; any ſuch caſualty; (but eſpecially, the firſt) alſo, forreinneſſe, ſtrangeneſſe; the eſtate, or condition of a forreiner, or ſtranger; (Anciennement aucuns ont prins le mot d'aubaine pour deſherance. ¶ Ragueau.)

Droict d'aubaine. Eſcheatage the right of ſucceſſion in the eſtate of all ſtrangers dying in France, without naturalization, and French-borne iſſue: (This right is, or ſhould be onely the Kings;) yet divers Lords incroach upon it; and ſome, who haue high juriſdiction, challenge thereby the goods of all, though naturall Frenchmen, which have dwelt within their libertie as forreiners, or not free thereof.

Aubaineté: f. Eſcheatage.

Aubanité. The ſame.

Aubans: m. The ſhrowds, of a ſhip.

Aubarede: f. A grove, ſmall copſe, or ſmall wood.

Aube: f. The dawning, or break of day; Seek Aubes.

L'aube d'un baſt. Is, the ſame in a pack-ſaddle, that Arçon is in a great ſaddle.

L'aude d'un preſtre. A Prieſts Albe.

'A l'aube des mouſches. Some two or three houres after Sunne-riſe; or, when the Sun begins to be hot.

En mes aubes. In my infancie, or ſwathing-clothes; when I was in my cradle.

Aubeau: m. *The white Poplar, or Peplar-tree.*

Aubec. m. *The pith, ſap, or heart of wood, and timber;* ¶ Bourdelois.

Aubeine. *as* Aubaine; *Alſo, a kinde of grape.*

Aubel. *as* Aubeau.

Aubeliere: f. *A huſſiar, a niſle, a whimwhau.*

Aubenable: com. *Subject unto Eſcheatage; or unto* Droict d'Aubain.

Aubenage: m. *Eſcheatage; as* Aubain.

Droict d'aubenage. *as* Droict d'aubain; *Or a kinde thereof; and is, in ſome parts of France, a new purſe, and* iiij. d. *in it; in others, a pound of wax due unto the Lord Juſticer of the Baliwike, Libertie, or Mannor wherein a ſtranger, or forreiner dies: In ſome places this duty is levied foure and twenty houres after the ſtranger is buried; in others, before he be carried unto buriall.*

† Auber. *To ſhit, ſtirre, ſhift, remove from place to place; (a ruſticall word.)*

Aubere: m. *A Dapple-gray horſe; alſo, a hobby.*

Aubereau: m. *The hawke tearmed a Hobby; alſo, a kind of Eagle.*

Auberet. *as* Aubereau. ¶ Savoyard.

Aubergade. *as* Queſte.

Auberge: f. *A kind of ſmall Peach; alſo, a lodging houſe, or dwelling place; alſo an Inne.*

Ambergé: m. ée: f. *Lodged, houſed, harboured, inned.*

Aubergeon. *as* Haubergeon.

Auberger: m. *Th' Auberge Peach-tree.*

Aubert: m. *Money, coyne, ſilver, chinkes;* ¶ Barrag; *alſo, as* Haubert.

Aubes: f. *The ſhoort boords which are ſet into th'outſide of a water-mils wheele; we call them, ladles, or aveboords.*

Aubeſpin: m. *The White-thorne, or Hawthorne.*

Aubicon; m. *A kinde of great fig; which being ſooner ripe, is more eſteemed, than any other.*

† Aubier. *The pith, ſap, or whiteſt and ſofteſt part of timber, ſubject unto worm-eating.*

Aubiſoin: m. *A Turkiſh ſtone; alſo, the weed Blew-bottle, Blew-blaw, Corne-flowre, Hurtſickle.*

Grand aubiſoin. *The great Blew-bottle.*

Petit aubiſoin. *The common Blew-blaw, or Blew-bottle.*

Aubin. *as* Aubier; *Alſo, the white, or gleare, of an egge.*

Aubinage. *as* Aubaine; *or* Aubenage.

Aubour. *as* Aubier.

Aubouri: m. *A kind of tree tearmed in Latine,* Alburnus; *(it beares long yellow blaſſomes, which no Bee will touch.)*

Aubun d'eeuf. *The white of an egge.*

† Aucaigne. *as* Ocaigne; *Dogs-leather well dreſſed.*

Auche: f. *A round haſpe of yron, or cleit of wood, wherin the barrell of a windles turneth.*

† Aucteur. *Seek* Autheur.

Auctoriſation. *Look* Authoriſation.

Auctoriſé. *Authoriſed; eſtabliſhed, ſet in authority.*

Auctoriſer. *as* Authoriſer

Aucun. *Some body, ſome one; any, any one.*

Aucunement. *Somewhat; after a ſort, in a manner; ſo, ſo.*

Aucunes fois. *Sometimes; now and then; other-whiles; at one time or other.*

Audace: f. *Audacitie, boldneſſe, hardineſſe, courage, mettall, ſtomack; alſo, raſhneſſe; preſumption, ſaucineſſe, audaciouſneſſe.*

Audacieuſement. *Boldly, adventurouſly, courageouſly, hazardouſly, daringly; audaciouſly; raſhly, preſumptuouſly, ſaucily.*

Audacieux: m. euſe: f. *Bold, ſtout, hardy, adventurous, hazardous, courageous, full of mettall, ſtomack, valour; alſo, audacious, daring, ſaucie, malapert, preſumptuous; raſh.*

Audience: f. *An audience, or hearing; a report, or examination of letters patents, &c. in Chancerie; alſo, the revenue of the Chancerie ſeale.*

Tenir l'audience. *To examine, or heare read, letters patents, &c. before they be ſealed, or abſolutely paſſed.*

Audiencé: m. ée: f. *At a hearing, come to a hearing; alſo, examined, or heard read, as a letters patents, &c. before th'inſealing, or abſolute paſſing thereof.*

Audiencier: m. *A hearer, or giver of audience; alſo, an Officer in the Chancery, that examines, or heares read, all letters patents, &c. before they paſſe the ſeale, and delivers them out, being ſealed; hee alſo receives the fees of the ſeale, and thereout paies all wages, and ſtipends aſſigned unto the Offices, and defraies all the ordinary charges, of that Court; (an Uſher, or Crier is alſo, in ſome Courts, tearmed* Audiencier, *but with the addition of* Huiſſier.*)*

Le grand audiencier de France. *The chiefe audiencer of France, and chiefe paymaſter of all Chancerie Officers; for unto him the inferiour* Audiencier *(in each Parliamentall Chancerie one) payes over, every halfe yeare, that which hee hath received.*

Auditeur: m. *An Auditor, hearer, harkner, liſtener; alſo, an Auditor, or Examiner of Accounts, in th'Exchequer; (of whom look* Auditeur des Comptes;*) Alſo, a Magiſtrate, or Officer, before whom all contracts of ſale, or aſſignation of rents, are (in ſome places) acknowledged, paſſed, and authoriſed.*

Auditeurs du Chaſtelet de Paris. *Certaine pettie Judges, who determine finally, and without oppoſition, or appeale, of ſuch perſonall cauſes as are brought before them, and exceed not the value of* xx.l. Pariſis, *beſides coſt of ſuit.*

Auditeurs des Comptes. *Are ſixteen in the Exchequer, or Chamber of Accounts eſtabliſhed at Paris; and fewer in the reſt of the Parliamentall Exchequers: Theſe muſt take no manner of gift of any Accountant; nor, without expreſſe order from the court, examine, or make report of, two accounts, for one thing. The Court being ſet, they muſt not goe forth (nor at any time out of the towne) without leave, unleſſe it be when a kinſman, or ally of theirs gives in his account, for then they muſt ariſe, and be gone without bidding: The Court being riſen, they are the laſt that ſtay, and are not to leave any body in the chambers thereof behind them.*

Auditif. m. iue: f. *Auditive; of a hearing propertie, or faculdie.*

Audition: f. *A hearing.*

Audition, & cloſture des comptes. *Th'examination, and allowance, of Accounts by an Auditor.*

Auditoire: m. *An audience, auditorie; aſſembly, or company of hearers; alſo, a Court, or hall of audience; a Seſſions houſe, or ſhire hall.*

Auditoire des maiſtres des Requeſtes. *The Court of Requeſts; or, the Court wherin the titles of Offices are determined.*

Audroict. *With, or towards; alſo, ſtraight by, directly upon, or all along through.*

Ave. *as* Have; *Dry, leane, withered.*

Avec. *With, withall, together with.*

Avec le temps. *At length, in time, in th'end.*

D'avec. *From.*

Aveille: f. *The hive-Bee, or hony-Bee.*

Aveindre. *Seek* Avaindre.

Aveine. *as* Avoine; *Oats.*

Pain d'aveine. *Jannocks; or, oaten-bread; alſo, the name of a certain Bourough in* Normandie.

Avelaignier: *m. A Filbeard-tree.*

Avelaine: f. *A Filbeard.*

Avelaine des Indes. *The drunken date; a medicinable fruit; called by th'Arabians (and in ſome ſhops)* Faufel.

Avelaine rouge. *The red-skinned Filbeard; the right Pontick Filbeard.*

Avelane. *as* Avelaine, ¶ Langued.

Avellaine. *as* Avelaine.

† Aven. *as* Avoir. *Wealth, ſubſtance, goods, riches.*

Avenage: m. *Certaine quarters, or a quantity, of oats payed unto a Lord, or Land-lord, in lieu, or acknowledgement, of ſome other dutie; Alſo, as* Aubenage.

Bourgeoiſie d'avenage. *Looke* Bourgeoiſie.

Avenages. *Oats, Provender.*

Avenaire: com. *An alien, ſtranger, forreiner.*

† Avenant. *Seek* Advenant.

Avenat: m. *Oat-meale; or, oat-meal flower.*

Avene. *as* Avoine; *Oats.*

Avenement. *as* Advenement.

Aveneray. *as* Aveneron.

Aveneri: m. *Oaten-ſtraw, or ſtubble.*

Aveneron. *Wild-oats, baren-oats, haver, or oat graſſe.*

† Aveneux. *Strangers, forreiners; (an old word.)*

Avenger. *Seek* Avanger.

Avenier: m. ere: f. *Oatie, belonging to oats; feeding on oats.*

Avenir. *as* Advenir.

Aventure. *as* Adventure; à l'avent: *cela n'eſt point, I doubt, or, 'tis a queſtion, whether that be; or, perhaps that is not.*

Avenue. *as* Advenue.

Averé: m. ée: f. *Averred, advouched, affirmed, verified; witneſſed; alſo, ſearched, or ſifted out.*

Averément: m. *A juſt eſtimation of things; alſo, an averring, avouching, verifying; alſo, a ſearching, or ſifting out.*

Averer. *To avere, avouch, verifie, witneſſe; alſo, to ſearch, or ſift out.*

Averlan: m. *A good fellow, a madde companion, merrie Greek, ſound drunkard.*

Avernal: m. ale: f. *Helliſh, of hell pit.*

Averne : f. *Hell* ; *or, (as we say) the pit of hell.*

Averon. *as* Aveneron.

Averroncation : f. *A purging, or weeding; a turning, putting, or taking away of evill things ; a diverting of mischiefes ; also, an appeasing.*

Averronquer. *To purge, or weed; to turn, put, or take away evill ; to divert mischiefes ; also, to appease.*

Avertin : m. *Frenzie, lunacy ; giddinesse, dizzinesse ; a turning round about, or a lunacy, in beasts, manifested by their often turning ; also, stubbornnesse, obstinacy, sullennesse, wilfulnesse, disobedience.*

s'Avertiner. *To become giddy ; frantick, lunaticke ; sullen, selfe-willy, stubborne.*

Avertineux. *Dizzie, giddy ; franticke, lunaticke, fantasticall ; also, moody, humorous ; wilfull, obstinate, stubborne, sullen.*

Avesprement, : m. *A drawing towards evening ; the evening-tide.*

Avespter, *To draw towards evening, to grow neare night.*

Il Avesprit. *Th'evening approaches ; it growes almost, or it drawes towards, night.*

Avet : m. *A Firre-tree.*

Avette. *A little Bee.*

Aveu. *Seek* Adveu.

Aveuëment : m. *A view ; the first appearance, representation, or comming in sight of.*

Aveugle : com. *Blinde, sightlesse, without eyes, deprived of sight ; or of his eyes ; also, ignorant, or in an error.*

Il en parle comme vn aveugle de couleurs. *He speaks of it like a blinde man of colours ; viz. ignorantly, at randome, he knowes not what.*

Vn aveugle meine l'autre en la fosse; Prov. *An ignorant Pastor leads an ignorant sheep headlong into hell.*

Vn borgne est Roy au païs des aveugles ; Prov. *An ordinary Scholler is held a great Doctor by the ignorant multitude; and a meere swaggerer a tall Souldier by women and children.*

Aveuglément : m. *Blindnesse, darknesse, want of sight ; also, ignorance, errour; also, a blinding of the eyes, a darkening of the understanding.*

Aveugler. *To blinde, hudwinke, deprive of eyes, or sight.*

Aveugleté : f. *Blindnesse ; as* Aveuglement.

Aveuglette. à Aveuglettes. *Blindly, blindfold, in ignorance, at randome.*

Aufegue : f. *(A kinde of) pale-red wheat.*

Auge : m. *A trough ; also, a manger ; also, a Plaisterers tray.*

C'est vn porc à l'auge. *Hee commonly feeds till he be ready to burst withall.*

Augée : f. *A trough-full, manger-full, or tray-full of.*

Auget : m. *A little trough, manger, or tray.*

Augibis. *(The name of) a grape, whereof an excellent raisin is made.*

Augive : f. *An ogive ; a wreath, circlet, round band, in Architecture.*

Branches d'augives. *Branches ogived ; or, limmes with ogives.*

Augmentatif : m. iue : f. *Augmentative ; able, fit, or easie, to increase.*

Augmentation : f. *Augmentation, increase; amplification ; an increasing, augmenting; amplifying.*

Augmentateur. *An increasor, augmentor ; inlarger, amplifier.*

Augmenté : m. ée : f. *Augmented, increased ; inlarged, amplified.*

Augmenter. *To augment, increase; amplifie, inlarge.*

† Augué. *as* Hieble ; *Wall-wort ;* ¶ Langued.

Augure : m. *Divination, southsaying, or conjecture of things to come, by Birds ; also, a fore-token, presage, prophecie, fore-warning.*

Augurement : m. *A divining, soothsaying, augurising.*

Augustins. *The Austine Friers ; or blacke Friers, of the order of S.* Austine.

Au guy-l'an-neuf. *The voice of Country people begging small presents, or new-yeares-gifts, in Christmas ; (an ancient tearme of rejoicing, derived from the Druides ; who were wont, the first of January, to goe unto the woods, where having sacrificed, and banqueted together, they gathered Misletow, esteeming it excellent to make beasts fruitfull, and most soveraigne against all poyson.*

s'Aviander. *To feed, or victuall himselfe.*

Avictuaillé : m. ée: f. *Victualled ; furnished with, provided of, victualls.*

Avictuaillement. *A victualling.*

Avictuailler. *To victuall ; to furnish, or store, with victualls.*

Avide : com. *Greedy, covetous, hungry, ravenous, gluttonous, unsatiable ; eager, desirous.*

Avidement. *Greedily, hungrily, eagerly, ravenously.*

Avidité : f. *Greedinesse, covetousnesse; extreame lust, ardent affection, eager desire.*

† Avier. *To set in the way, also, as* Aviver.

Avignon. vent A. *as* Aguyon.

Avigouri : : m. ie : f. *Vigorous, lusty, able, strong ; also, enabled ; made lusty, strong, vigorous.*

Avilé : m. ée : f. *Imbased, disesteemed, made vile ; growne cheape, fallen in price.*

Avilener. *To disgrace, dishonest, or doe a villany unto.*

Avilier. *To despise, disesteeme; imbase, make vile, or cheap ; to pull downe the price of, to bring to a low price.*

Avili : m. ie : f. *as* Avilé.

† Avilier. *To fill up wine vessells, which by working have ejected part of their liquor.*

Avilissement : m. *An imbasing, disgracing, disesteeming.*

† Avillonné. *for* Environné ; ¶ Poictevin ; *also, affronted, vexed, molested, harried.*

† Avillonnement : m. *An affronting ; vexing, harrying, molesting.*

† Avillonner. *To affront, vex, harry, trouble, molest.*

Aviné : m. ée: f. *That hath taken too much wine ; also, given to drinking of wine ; also, winie ; or, tasting like wine ; or, turned into the nature of wine; also, filled, or seasoned, with wine.*

Aviner vn vaisseau. *To fill, or season, a vessell with wine.*

Aujourd'huy. *To day ; this day ; also, now, at this time.*

Aujourd'huy caissier, demain cassé; Prov.

Aujourd'huy en chere, demain en biere ; Prov.

Aujourd'huy facteur, demain fracteur; Prov.

Aujourd'huy marchant, demain meschant; Prov.

Aujourd'huy marié, demain marri ; Prov.

Aujourd'huy monsieur, demain moucheur ; Prov.

Aujourd'huy Roy, demain de rien ; Prov.

Aujourd'huy Signeur, demain singe ord ; Prov.

Aujourd'huy Thresorier, demain tressarriere. *A Proverbe expounded, see all the rest, elsewhere.*

Aviron : m. *An oare, or skull.*

Avironner *To row with oares ; (an old word.)*

Avis. *Looke* Advis.

Avisé: m. ée: f. *Advised, wary, considerate, heedfull, discreet, circumspect ; also, told, warned, informed, having notice, or intelligence of.*

Avisement : m. *Advisement ; heed, warinesse, forecasting, discretion, circumspection, consideration ; also, an advising, warning, telling, informing.*

Avisément. *as* Advisément.

Aviser. *To marke, heed, see, looke to ; attend unto, regard with circumspection ; to consider, advise of, take advice on ; to thinke, imagine, judge; also to advise, counsell, warne, tell, informe, doe to wit, give to understand.*

On y aviser. *We will thinke of it ; we will consider, or see, what may bee done in it.*

De tout s'avise à qui pain faut; Prov. *Hunger makes men industrious; want makes them looke narrowly, and throughly, about them.*

On s'avise tard en mourant ; Prov. *When death approaches, had-I-wist comes too late.*

Qui bien se cognoit peu se prise, qui peu se prise Dieu l'avise ; Prov. *Look* Priser.

Vn fol avise bien vn sage ; Pro. *Looke* Sage.

Avision nocturne. *A nightly dreame, or vision.*

Avitaillé. *as* Avictuaillé.

† Avitin. Biens avitins. *Goods that come by inheritance, and whereunto the eldest succeedeth ; heire-loomes.*

Avivé : m. ée : f. *Quickned, revived, made living, whereinto breath is put ; whereunto spirit is given.*

Aviver. *To quicken, make living, put breath into, give spirit unto.*

Avives. *The Vives ; a disease in horses.*

Avivre vn corps. *as* Aviver.

† Aul. vn aul ; *as* ail ; *Garlicke ;* Seeke Aulx.

Aulbain. *Looke* Aubain.

Aulbereau. *as* Albereau. *A kinde of hard white stone, fit for building.*

Aulberge

Aulberge. *as* Auberge.
Aulbespin: m. *The white thorne, or Hawthorne:*
Aulbin: m. *An alien, ſtranger, ſorreiner; as* Aubain.
Aulbinage: m. *as* Aubenage.
Aulmoſne. *Seek* Aumoſne.
Aulmoſné. *as* Aumoſné.
Aulnage: m. *Ell-meaſure, the meaſuring with an ell; alſo, meaſure.*
Aulnaye. *An Alder-grove, or place to plant Alders in.*
Aulne: m. *An Aller, or Alder-tree.*
Aulne: f. *An Ell; the meaſure ſo called; (the moſt common one in* France *is three foot, ſeven inches, and eight lines in length.)*
Aulne de Bourdeaux. *is foure foot, and (very neare) a halfe, long.*
Aulne de Dijon. *is but two foot, and a halfe.*
Aulne des marchans de draps de ſoye; *is halfe an inch ſhorter than the common, or ordinary, Ell.*
Aulne de Paris. *is three foot, and two thirds of an inch, and about the fiftieth part of a foot, long; (this is the juſt length of it at this day; heretofore, as appeares by ſome Cuſtomes, it hath beene three foot, eight inches, and foure lines long.*
Aulne de Provins; *as* Aulne de Dijon; *two foot, and a halfe.*
L'Aulne du Roy. *is (as th'ordinary one) three foot, ſeven inches, and eight lines.*
Au bout de l'aulne faut le drap. *There is but juſt meaſure, or, no more than needs.*
Il a vn'aulne de boyaux vuides pour feſtoyer ſes parens. *He is a hungry, or greedy ſtarveling.*
Il meſuroit le peril à l' aulne de la peur. *His feare made the danger ſeeme the greater.*
Il prenoit la meſure de leurs habits d'une dure aulne. *He cudgelled them ſoundly; or, dealt extreamly with them; (we ſay, when one hath lam'd another, he hath taken the meaſure of his ſhoulders with a good cudgell.)*
Il ſçait combien en vaut l'aulne. *Hee knowes well enough whereof they are made, what worth they are of, what ſtuffe there is in them.*
Tout au long de l'aulne. *Fully, wholly, ſoundly, throughly; whence;*
Ie vous en bailleray tout le long, ou, tout du long de l'aulne. *I will pay you home; (ever ſpoken angrily, and in evill part.)*
Aulné: m. ée: f. *Meaſured by the Ell.*
Aulnée: f. *Helicampane, Scabwort, Horſe-beale.*
Aulnée champeſtre. *Wilde, or field, Helicampane.*
Aulner. *To meaſure by the Ell.*
Aulneur: m. *A meaſurer by the Ell.*
Aulnoye: f. *An Alder-grove.*
Aulonnes: f. *Ouldernes, Medrinacks, Poule-davies; the canvas whereof ſailes for ſhips are made.*
Aulonnier: m. *A certaine ſhrub that beares a fruit like unto, but ſomewhat bigger than, a Raſpis, or Strawberry; and therefore I thinke it may ſafely be called, the Strawberrie-tree.*
Aulvent. *as* Auvent.
Aulx: m. *Garlick. Look* Ail.
Herbe aux aulx. *Sauce alone, or, Jacke of the hedge.*
Le mortier ſent touſiours les aulx; Prov. *Th'ill impreſſions made by nature, or bad habit got by cuſtome, are ſeldome, or never, worne out.*
† Aulx; *as* Autres; *others.* ¶ Gaſc.
Aulx-oignon. *Great garlick, or great mountaine garlicke.*
Aumaille: f. *Great cattell; or any kinde of Neat, as Oxen, Kine, &c.*
Aumelette d'œufs. *An Omelet; or pancake made of egges.*
Vireurs d'aumelettes. *Idle fellowes, vaine companions, or cotquecanes; people that buſie themſelves, or love to bee medling, in baſe, or unworthy imployments.*
Aumoire: m. *A cupboard; ambrie; almes-tub.*
Aumonner. *as* Aumoſner.
Aumoſne: f. *An almes; a devotion; a gift beſtowed, with a charitable reſpect, on the poore.*
Pure aumoſne. *That which in our Law is called* † Frankalmoine.
Eſprit touſiours à l'aumoſne, & à l'hoſpital. *A moſt beggerly, and lame wit.*
Aumoſné. *Given in almes, beſtowed to charitable uſes.*
Aumoſner. *To beſtow in almes, or free gift; to give a charitable almes, or unto charitable uſes.*
Aumoſnerie: f. *An Almes-houſe.*
Aumoſnier: m. *An Almner, or Aumner; alſo, an almes-giver; in old time a Legatarie was called ſo.*
Aumoſnier: m. ere: f. *Charitable almes-giving, good or liberall to the poore.*
Aumoſniere: f. *An Almes-purſe, or little purſe wherein we carry ſmall money for the poore.*
Aumuce: m. *An ornament of Furre worne by Canons.*
Aumuſſe. *as* Aumuce.
Aumuſſé. *Wearing an* Aumuce.
Aunaye: f. *An Alder-grove, or thicket of Alders.*
Aune: m. *An Aller, or Alder-tree.*
Herbe de l'aune. *Helicampane, Scabwort, Horſe-beale.*
Aunée: f. *as* Herbe de l'Aune.
† Auner. *To make one, or, to joyne in one; (an old word.)*
† Aunir. *To cloſe, or ſhut up.*
Aunon. *A Keeling (fiſh.)*
Aunoye: f. *as* Aulnaye; *an Alder-grove.*
Avoie: f. *A ſloe-worme, or blinde-worme.*
Avoier. *as* Advoué.
Avoine: f. *Oates.*
Avoine folle. *Wilde-oats, barren-oates, haver, oate-graſſe.*
Avoine ſauvage. *Barren-Oates, wilde-Oates.*
Avoine ſterile. *Red darnell, wall-barley, way-bennet.*
Poures avoines. *as* Avoine folle.
Bailler de l'avoine pour du foing. *To returne a good turne with Uſury; or, to be better than his word.*
Fais luy bien gaigner ſon avoine. *Put him to it roundly, make him come off luſtily, take your full pennyworths out of him.*
Elles ne henniſſoient apres autre avoine. *That onely was their deſire, they longed for nothing more, their minden ranne upon nothing elſe.*
Manger ſon avoine en ſon ſac. *To ſnudge it; or churliſhly to eate all his meat all alone; (from Moyles, who have bags of provender hung ſo cloſe to their noſes, that none but themſelves can come at it.)*
Il ne perdra point l'avoine à faute de brailler. *Hee will want no commodity which clamorous, or importunate, words can get him.*
Avoine touillée croiſt comme enragée; Prov. *Look* Touillé.
Avoir: m. *Wealth, ſubſtance, meanes, goods, riches, poſſeſſions, ability.*
Fy d'avoir qui n'aioye, & d'amours ſans monnoye; Prov. *Look* Fy.
Avoir. *To have; to hold, occupy, uſe, poſſeſſe, enjoy; alſo, to containe; alſo, to be.*
Avoir beau. *Look afterwards; or in* Beau.
Avoir bec: Ils on'ont que le bec. *They are nothing but words; or the beſt thing in them is but a little tattle; or, they have no more of a man in them but the face, out-ſide, preſence.*
Avoir bon bec. *To ſpeake diſcreetly, or wavily; to be circumſpect in his ſpeeches; to heed well what he ſayes (eſpecially in a time of danger, or during an examination.)*
Avoir le bec gelé. *To play mum-budget; to be tongue-tyed, to ſay never a word.*
Avoir le bond. *To bee couſened, cheated, gulled; to have the gentle thump.*
Avoir bouche à Cour. *To eate and drinke ſcot-free; to bee in ordinary at Court.*
Avoir bonne bouche. *To be ſecret.*
Avoir la bouche fraiche. Tant vous avez la bouche fraiche! *Good Lord what quaint termes, what goodly words you uſe! Ironically.*
Avoir ſon Cardinal; ou, ſon cas. *A woman to be troubled with her monethly flux.*
Avoir ſa chemiſe; &, ce qu' elle doit avoir. *The ſame.* Jaſi-
Avoir le cœur net de. *To be fully ſied in, throughly reſolved of.*
Avoir ſon compte. *To be merry, lively, jolly, light-hearted, at eaſe; as one that hath paſt a troubleſome accompt, or is cleare of a comberſome reckoning, and knowes already what hee is to truſt unto.*
Avoir les dents à machecoulis. *Looke* Dent.
Avoir le feu à la teſte. *To be hot, haſty, cholericke, fierce, furious; forward, hazardous, adventurous.*
Avoir le filet. *To be tongue-tyed.*
Avoir du foin aux cornes. Il a du foin aux cornes. *He beares hay in his hornes; he is a ſhrewd, fierce, curſt, or dangerous fellow to meet with. See* Foin.
Avoir froid. *To be cold.*
Avoir froid aux pieds. *To be jealous; or, as in* Froid.

Avoir haine à. *To hate, or beare hatred unto.*

Avoir les mains derriere le dos. *To bee lazie, idle, negligent, careleſſe, retchleſſe, not to paſſe, not to care, how the world goes.*

Avoir la male ſemaine. *A woman to have her flowers.*

Avoir ſon Marquis. *The ſame.*

Avoir ſon mois. *The ſame.*

Avoir le Moyne. Nous avons le Moyne. *We have ill lucke; or, we are coſened, guld, poopt.*

Avoir du nez. S'il a du nez. *If there be any ſence, conceit, or judgement in him.*

Cela n'a point de nez. *There is no wit, no ſavour, no garbe at all in that.*

Avoir la ſalle. *To be whipt in publick, as breeching boyes are ſometimes in the halls of Colleges.*

Avoir ſon temps. *A woman to be troubled with her monethly diſeaſe.*

Avoir la teſte prez du bonnet. *To bee hot, haſty, choller ick; alſo, to be crafty, ſubtill, wylie.*

Avoir vent en pouppe. *To proſper, to proceed happily, to lead the world in a ſtring, to have the world at will.*

Avoir bon vent. *To bee long-breathed; alſo, to have a ready wit; quick ſent; perfect ſmelling.*

Avoir leur vin. Avoir ſon vin. *Looke* Vin.

Avor la vogue. *To beare ſway, to rule the roaſt.*

Il n'a garde de faire cela. *He cares not greatly for doing that; or, I believe he will take heed how he does it.*

Il y a bien Monſieur pour toy. *I might be maſter (or Lord) in thy mouth well enough.*

Il y a de l'oignon. *There is a pad in that ſtraw; ſomewhat is amiſſe among them.*

Qu'anez vous à plorer? *What ailes you? or, what cauſe have you to weep?*

Il y aura icy de l'aſne. *We ſhall be troubled with ſome fooliſh coile, or vaine buſineſſe.*

I'ay beau attendre! *Here's goodly tarrying ſure! I ſtay to much purpoſe indeed! (ironically) alſo, as in;*

Ils l'avoient beau flatter. *They were fain to ſpeake him faire.*

Aſſez a qui ſe contente; Prov. *Contentment is treaſure enough; nor needes he more thats pleaſed with what he hath.*

Aſſez a qui bon credit a; Prov. *A good report is a ſufficient portion.*

Aſſez y a ſi trop n'y a; Prov. *There is enough where there is not too much (a difference betweene ſufficiency, and ſuperfluity.)*

Bien a en ſa maiſon qui de ſes voiſins eſt aimé; Pro. *We'll doth he live within, who is beloved without, doores.*

Il faut avoir mauvaiſe beſte par douceur; Prov. *A miſchievous, froward, or cruell beaſt muſt be reclaimed, caught, or wonne, by faire meanes.*

Qui a argent a des chapeaux; Pro. *Look* Argent.

Qui a bon voiſin a bon matin; Prov. *Good Neighbours afford kinde ſalutations, uſe friendly greetings, give good dayes, or the time of the day.*

Qui a compagnon a maiſtre; Prov. *He that hath a fellow-ruler, hath an over-ruler.*

Qui n'a argent en bourſe ait du moins du miel ou bouche; Prov. *Let him that cannot ſpend freely ſpeake faire.*

Qui n'a cœur ait iambes; *Let him that dares not fight uſe flight.*

Le frere veut que la ſœur ait, mais que rien du ſien n'y ait; Prov. *The brother loves to ſee, but not to make, his ſiſter rich.*

Mieux vaut vn tenez que deux vous l'aurez; Prov. *Better is one thing in poſſeſſion than two in expectancy.*

s'Avoiſiner. *To approach, draw neare, ſeat himſelfe hard by; bee neighbour unto.*

De graſſe cuiſine pauvreté s'avoiſine; Prov. *A great houſe-keeper is next doore to a begger.*

Avoye: f. *A blinde-worme.*

† Auque: m. *A Gooſe.* *Langued.*

Aure: f. *as the Latine,* Aura; *a ſoft, gentle, coole winde, or aire.*

Aureille: f. *An eare. Seek* Oreille.

Aureillons: m. *The Mumps.*

Aurelles: f. *Whoortle-berries, Wyn-berries, Bill-berries, Bull-berries.*

Aurelles rouges. *Red Whoorts, red Whoortle-berries.*

Aureole. *Seeke* Laureole.

Auriculaire: com. *Auricular, of the eare.*

Doigt auriculaire. *The little finger.*

Veine auriculaire. *The eare-veine; runs up along by the temples which are under the eare, and is there divided into two branches, the one whereof mounts up before the eare, and the other behinde it; Surgeons open it againſt the deafneſſe, paine, and ulcerations of the eares.*

Auriflamme. *as* Orifiamme.

Avril: m. *April.*

Poiſſon d'Avril. *A Mackerell (fiſh) alſo a young Baud, or a Page employed by his Maſter in bawdy ſervices.*

Aurillage: m. *An impoſition laid (in ſome parts of* France *) upon the profit thats made of Bees.*

Auriol: m. *The greateſt kinde of the fiſh* Turdus; *on the backe of a ruddy, on the belly of a leaden, colour; and full of black, and wan ſpots all over; ſome hold it to be the Goldeny.*

Auriou: m. *as* Auriol.

Auripeaux: m. *The Mumps.*

Auriſlage. *as* Aurillage.

Auroeſne. *The herbe Southernwood.*

Avron: m. *Wilde Oates, haven Oates.*

Auron: *as* Auronne.

Auronne: f. *The herbe Southernwood.*

Auronne ſemelle. *Female Sothernwood, great Sothernwood, mountaine Sothernwood; ſome alſo call ſo, dwarfe, or ſweet, Sothernwood.*

Auronne de jardin. *Garden Sothernwood.*

Auronne maſle. *Male Southernwood, champian Southernwood, the leſſe Sothernwood.*

Aurore: f. *The morning.*

Aurorin: m. ine: f. *Of, or belonging to, the morning; alſo, early.*

† Auſe. *Looke* Oſe.

Auſpice: m. *A ſigne, token, ſignification, or preſage of future things by the flight, or other motion, of birds; alſo, fortune, lucke; or, a luckie beginning of matters.*

Auſſi. *Alſo, likewiſe, as, even ſo.*

Auſſi bien ne faittes vous rien. *For, or becauſe, you doe nothing.*

Auſtere: com. *Auſtere, ſevere, ſterne, rigorous; rude, rough, ſoure or harſh of diſpoſition, pittileſſe.*

Auſterement. *Auſterely, ſternely, ſeverely, rigorouſly; rudely, roughly, ſourly, harſhly, without pitty.*

Auſterité: f. *Auſtereneſſe, auſterity, ſternenſſe, rigour, ſeverity; ſoureneſſe, roughneſſe, rudeneſſe, harſhneſſe of diſpoſition; want of pitty.*

Auſterons. *as* Aouſterons; *alſo, the fruits of Auguſt, or harveſt; corne.*

† Auſtour: m. *as* Autour.

Auſtral: m. ale: f. *Southerly; of, or belonging to the South.*

† Auſtre: m. *as* Auſtrie.

Auſtrie. *The South, or Southerne winde.*

Auſtrin: m. ine: f. *Of the South, warme as the South.*

Auſtruche: f. *An Auſtridge, or Oſtridge.*

† Autan: m. *A Southerne winde.*

Autant. *as much; as well; ſo, ſo much, ſo well; as many; ſo many.*

Il n'en falloit plus qu'autant. *He wanted, or, there wanted, but as much more,* ¶ Rab.

Il ſe retira avec autant de nez, *He got him away with ſhame enough, (a ſpeech wherein this word is expreſſed with the hand.) Looke* Nez.

Autel: m. *An Altar.*

Authentique: com. *Authenticke, authenticall; of good authority; approved, or allowed by authority.*

Seel authentique. *Look* Seel.

Authentiqué. *Authorized, made authenticall.*

Authentiquer, *To make authenticke; to authorize, or give authority unto.*

Autheur: m. *An author, actor, cauſer, founder; th'originall inventor, the firſt deviſer, of a thing; alſo, an Author, or writer of books; alſo, he that ſells with warranty.*

Tel autheur tel œuvre; Prov. *Looke* Ouvre.

Authoriſation: f. *An authorization, or authorizing; an allowing by authority.*

Lettres d'authoriſation. *Letters Patent, whereby a woman is authorized, in th'abſence, or upon the refuſall, of her husband, to follow his ſutes, and manage his eſtate.*

Authoriſer. *To authorize, allow by authority, put in authority, give authority unto.*

Authorité: f. *Authority; ſway, power; credit, reputation, dignity, eſtimation; alſo, reverence, gravity.*

Authrice: f. *An Autrix, Authreſſe, or Actreſſe.*

Autins: m. *Vines which grow up along trees, or, as hops, twining about long Poles.*

Autographe. *Written with his owne hand, or, by him that ſent it.*
Autom. *as* Automne.
Vent d' Autom. *The South-winde.*
Automate. *Any thing that goes by a vice, or peiſe, yet ſeemes to move of it ſelfe.*
Automnal : m. ale : f. *Of Autumne, belonging unto harveſt.*
Roſe automnale. *A Muske Roſe.*
Automne : m. *Autumne, or harveſt-time.*
Violette d'Automne. *The Paunſie.*
Automnel. *as* Autumnal.
Autour : m. *is (generally) a ſhort-winged Hauke, and particularly, the Goſſe-hauke.*
Demy Autour. *A kinde of leane, little, and cowardly Goſſe-hauke, or ſhort-winged hauke.*
Autour. *About, round about, in a round.*
Autre. *Another, other, ought elſe, any beſides; different from the former (but in ſome eſpeciall, not any generall, reſpect.)*
L'autre d' apres. *The ſecond, or next.*
A l'autre. *Now ſhall I bee troubled againe; or, this fellow comes to trouble mee as much as the former did.*
Autrement. *Otherwiſe, elſe, on other termes; except that, if not on any other condition.*
Autres-fois. *Heretofore, in times paſt; ſometime; at another time. Looke,* Fois.
Autruy. *Another mans, belonging to another; alſo, other men, others.*
Faire d' autruy cuir large curroye. *To cut a large thong of another mans leather.*
Robbe d'autruy ne fait honneur à nulluy; Prov. *No apparrell can truely grace him that owes it not; or, as in* Robbe.
Tout a eſté à autruy, & ſera à autruy; Prov. *All came from, and ſhall goe to, others.*
Autumnal. *as* Automnal.
Autumne. *Seek* Automne.
Auvent : m. *A Penthouſe of cloth, &c. before a ſhop-window &c.*
Auverpas. *A kinde of blacke grapes; termed otherwiſe (by reaſon of their hue)* Morillons.
Auviez. *as* Aleſve; *A kind of wild Pine.*
Avulſe : com. *Plucked away, pulled off.*
Auxerrois : m. *as* Megle.
Auxiliateur : m. *A helper, aider, aſſiſter.*
Axillaire : com. *Of, or belonging to, th' arme-hole; whence;*
Artere axillaire. *Th' arme-hole Arterie; Looke* Artere.
Veine axillaire. *The liver veine; or a great branch of the hollow veine conveyed under the cannell bone, and through the arme-hole into th' inner part of th' arme, where tis diſperſed.*
Axionomantie : f. *Divination by a hatchet, and ſcat burnt.* ℣ Rab.
Axonne : f. *as* Axunge.
Axunge : f. *Tallow, fat, ſeame, greaſe (properly of Swine;) alſo, ointment (thereof.)*
Ayant. (*The participle of* Auoir) *having; holding; enjoying.*
Ayde. *as* Aide; *helpe, aid, aſſiſtance.*
Ayeul : m. *A grandfather.*
Ayeule : f. *A grandmother.*
† Aygue : f. *Water.* ℣ Langued.
Ayguier : m. *A gutter, ſinke, or ſewer.* ℣ Langued.
Ayguiere : f. *An Ewer, or Laver.*
Aymant; *as* Aimant; *an Adamant, or Load-ſtone.*
Aymer; *as* Aimer; *To love, &c.*
Aynets : m. *Little rods or twigs, wherein herrings are threaded, and laid on hurdles to be vedded.*
Ayré : m. ée: f. *Ayred.*
Ayſement : m. *A Jakes, or Privie.*
Ayſle : f. *as,* Aile; *A wing.*
Az. *An Ace at cards, or dice.*
Demeurer entre deux & az. *Looke,* As.
Reſpondre entre deux & az. *To frame ſuch a cunning anſwer betwixt yea and no, that a man cannot tell what to make of it; a Metaphor taken from a Dye that ſtands edgeling, ſo as tis doubtfull what chance it will yeeld.*
Azagaye. *as* Zagaye.
Azarole : m. *A ſmall Medlar-tree, called, the three-grain'd Medlar, or Neapolitane Medlar-tree.*
Azaron, *An herbe; as* Cabaret.
Azez, gayes : *in ſtead of* Azagayes. ℣ Rab.
Azile. *as* Aſyle. *A Sanctuary.*
Azime : com. *Sweet, unleavened, without leaven; ſincere.*
Azimuth. *An* Azimuth, *or Verticle circle, which deſcends from the* Zenith.
Ayur. *Seeke* Aſur.
Azuré. *A certaine blewiſh, and long-legg'd ſpider, full of poiſon, and very dangerous.*
Azuré: m. ée: f. *Azured, of Azure, painted or coloured with Azure.*
Azurer. *To make Azure; to paint, or colour with Azure.*
Azurin : m. ine : f. *Azurie, blanket, ſkie-coloured, Azure-like.*

B.

B *The Letter, B. In Muſicke, the Note, or Cliffe, called* Befabemy; *whence;*
De b carre en b mol; Prov. *In diſcourſe, to ſhift often, idly, and on a ſuddaine, from one ſubject unto another.*
Baaillant. *Gaping, yawning.*
Baaillement : m. *A gapings, or yawning; wide opening, or going aſunder.*
Baailler. *To gape, to yawne; to open, or ſpread wide.*
Baaillon: m. *A gag.*
Baaillonner. *To gag.*
Ba-bat : m. *A panting, or often beating.*
Babaye : f. Faire la babaye. *To gape, or make a mouth at.*
Babbiner. *See* Babiner.
† Babeurre : m. *Whig, or Butter-milk.*
Babil : m. *Babie, tatle, pratle, chat; babling, jangling, chattering, over-much talking.*
Babillard : m. *A babler, tatler, prater, pratler, chatterer, jangler, word-monger; talkative companion; one whoſe tongue never lyes (and yet he often lyes.)*
Babillard : m. de : f. *Babling, tatling, talkative.*
Babillarde : f. *A title-tatle; a pratling goſſip; a babling huſwife; a chatting, or chattering Minx.*
Babiller. *To bable, pratle, tatle, chatter, jangle, talke over-much, uſe too many words.*
Babillerie : f. *as* Babil.
Babillons: m. *The players that hang to the port of a bit.*
Babine : f. *The lip of a beaſt, as of a dog, beare, horſe, cow, &c.*
Babiner. *To play with the lips; to pratle, or talke hard.*
Babiole : f. *A triſle, whimwham, guigaw, or ſmall toy for a childe to play withall.*
Babioles. *Triſles, niſles, trinkets, toyes; alſo, faire, (but deceitfull) termes.*
Babion: m. *A Babion, or Baboone.*
Baboin : m. *as* Babion; *alſo, a triſling, buſie, or crafty knave; a crack-rope, wag-halter, unhappy rogue, wretcheſſe villaine.*
Babouïner. *as* Babouïnner.
† Baboles. *as* Babioles.
Babort. *The Larboord of a ſhip.*
Babote : f. *A certaine little black Caterpiller, which in drie ſeaſons breeds on the herbe* Saint-foin.
Babou. Faire la babou. *To bob, or, to make a mow at.*
Babouïn. *as* Baboin; *alſo, a froſen place, whereon boyes uſe to ſlide; a ſliding-place.*
Baiſer le babouïn. *See* Baiſer.
Babouïnner. *To baboonize it; to play the Munkey; to uſe apiſh or fooliſh trickes, waggiſh or knaviſh pranks; alſo, to deceive, coſen, gull.*
Babouïnnerie : f. *Apiſhneſſe, fopperie, foolery, childiſh triſling, baboonizing; alſo, an unhappy tricke, waggiſh part, knaviſh, wilie, or buſie pranke; alſo, a deceit, coſenage, gullerie.*
Babouleur : m. *A babler; a reporter of triſles, a teller of lies.*
† Baboye : f. *A fib, or fable; a fooliſh tale ill-favouredly told.*
† Baboyer. *To blabber with the lips; to famble, to falter; alſo, to fib, fable, tell fooliſh tales.*
Bac : m. *A great ferry-boat, or horſe-boat; alſo, an open veſſell of copper, and full of water, for wine-pots to ſtand in at meale-times.*
Droict de bac. *Ferriage; the money thats due at a Ferry unto the Lord, or Owner, of the boat.*
Bacbuc. *A Bottle.* ℣ Rab.
Baccal : m. *A Weeſil.*
Baccar. *Th' herbe Haſlewort, Folefoot, Aſarabacca.*
Baccea : f. *Berries.*
† Bacchenaleries : f. *Bacchanalls, Bacchus feaſts, ſhroving, wakes, feaſts.*
Bacchenales. *as* Bacchanaleries.
Bacchanaliſer. *To rage, play mad prankes, fare like mad-men; (as the Prieſts of Bacchus were wont to doe when they celebrated his Feaſts.)*
Bacchaniſante : f. *An enraged, or furious, woman.*

Bacchante. *as* Bacchanisante.

† Bacche. *A kind of wild Peare.*

Bacchique: voon. *Belonging unto* Bacchus.

Baccle: m. ée: f. *Barred or boulted on the inside (with a short wooden boult.)*

Baccler. *To barre, boult, or shut close, on the inside (with a short boult of wood.)*

† Baccolant. *Playing at titter totter; riding the wild Mare; tottering, swinging, often lifting up and downe.*

† Bacceler. *To play at titter totter, or at totter-arse, to ride the wild Mare; as children who sitt ng upon both ends of a long Pole, or Timber-log (supported only in the midst) lift one another up and down; hence, also to totter, swag, swing, lift, or heave often up and downe.*

Bacées: f. *as* Brisées.

† Bacelle. *as* Chastelleine, *An old word.*

Bachat: m. *A Bassa; a chiefe Commander, Governour, or Officer, under the great Turke.*

† Bachelage: m. *Bachelership, prentishood.*

† Bachelerie: f. *A Bachelership, the degree, estate, condition of an Esquire, or Bachelor.*

† Bachelette: f. *A young, and marriageable girle, maid, or wench.* ¶ Pic.

† Bachelier: m. *A bacheler; a youth of sixteen, or eighteen yeares of age; also, he that hath passed Master in a Trade, but is not yet sworne of the Company; also, a Batchelor of Art; also, a title of gentry inferiour to Banneret, and superiour to Escuyer; a yong gentleman that aspires unto Knighthood, and the privoledge of bearing a banner in the field; also, the Lord of a Castle, Fort, great House, or Place, that is derived from (but in jurisdiction equall with) an Earledome, Vicountie, or Baronie.*

Bachelier en busche. *A wooddenlegg arbead.*

Bachelier: m. ere: f. *Batchelerly, batchelerlike; of, or, belonging to a batchelor.*

Chevalier bachelier. *Matched under other mens Colours, and had twice as much pay as th' Esquire.*

† Bachevaleureux. *as* Chevaleureux.

Bachot: m. *A wherry, or small Ferry-boat.*

Bachoüe: f. *A kind of flat-sided basket, of wicker, close woven, and pitched in the inside; used in time of Vintage.*

Bacille: f. *The herb Sanpine; or, as* Bassille.

Bacilles doubles. *The double Crowfoot, or Batchelors buttons.*

Baciner. *as* Bassiner. *The herb Crowfoot.*

Baclé: m. ée: f. *Close bolted; shut, or made up on the inside.*

Bacler. *To bolt, close, or shut close, on the inside, with a short wooddenbolt.*

Bacon: m. *Bacon, or (the fat of Bacon) Lard.*

† Bacquaige. *as* Bagage.

Bacquet: m. *A paile, or bucket; also, a small and shallow tub, usually set under a wine vessell, or the spout, or cocke of a fountaine, to receive the liquor that distils, or descends from it.*

Bacqueter. *To laide, or draine a river, or other water, with pailes, or buckets.*

Bacquier: m. *A bog fed in the sty; a sty-fed hog.*

Bacul: m. *A crupper for an Asse, or Mule.*

Bacule: f. *A square, and heavy doore (commonly) hanging, and held up, by chaines, a pretty distance without the maine gate of a fortresse, and let fall (as a Portcullis) in a trice, with a whurry, and to the confusion of them it reaches, or lights on; also, as* Bascule.

A la bacule. *The riding of the wild mare; also, the punishment of misses in some games, to be clapt on the bumme with a batting-stuffe.*

En bacule. *Hanging aslope, as the Bacule.*

Bacüler. *To bump on the Posteriorums with a Bat; or, as* Baccoler.

Badauderie: f. *Sott simplesse, foppery, doltishnesse.*

Badaudise. *as* Badauderie.

Badault: m. *A foole, dolt, sot, fop, asse, coxcombe; gaping boyden.*

Badé: m. *A cry, as of hounds.* ¶ Breton.

Badecoquille: f. *The name of a small shellfish.*

† Badelaire: m. *A short, and broad backsword, bending towards the point like a Turkish scimitar.*

† Badelari: m. *as* Badault.

† Badelorié: m. ée: f. *Besotted; made a gull, or foole.*

Badigoines: f. *The great, and hanging lips, or slouching chaps of beasts (especially horses) or of brutish fellowes.*

Badin: m. *as* Badaude; *also, a Jugler, Tumbler; or any such sport-maker.*

Badin enfariné; & Badin sans farine. *A notable Coxcombe, an Asse in graine; also, a foole, or Vice in a Play.*

Aller en badin. *To go slowly, as one that seemes to want the steps he sets.*

Escholier babillard prend le feu, & badin hors la classe; Prov. Last Elcolier.

Badinage: m. *Foolerie, foppery; toying, tumbling, jugling; any kind of apish gambolling.*

Il est fait au badinage. *He hath his part ready, his lesson at his fingers end; he hath got the tricke of it; he is throughly instructed how to handle the matter, how to carry the complot.*

Badinement. *Foolishly, apishly, sottishly, foppishly.*

Badiner. *To play the foole, or Vice; to use apish trickes, and toyes; to tumble, or jugle; to trifle it any way.*

Badiner les perdrix. *To drive Partridges into a Tramell.*

Badinerie: f. *as* Badinage.

† Baditin: m. *The water-Lilly, or water-Rose.*

† Badoüiner. *C'est, Besongner comme vn Asne.* ¶ Rab.

Baffoüé: m. ée: f. *Hoodwinked; also, deceived; also, besmeared; also, baffled, disgraced, unworthily handled, injuriously used, reviled, reproached.*

Baffoüer. *To hoodwinke; also, to deceive; also, to besmeare; also, to baffle, abuse, revile, disgrace, handle basely in termes, give reproachfull words of, or unto.*

Baffray. *as* Baffroy.

Baffroy: m. *A Beacon; or, a watch-tower of timber, &c; also, an Alarum-Bell; and, the greatest Bell in a Church; and chiefest clocke in a Towne; also, a Bastile of timber, wherewith besiegers beat the besieged.*

Bafoüé. *as* Baffoüé.

Bagage: m. *The carriage of an army; luggage; bag, and baggage; also, the carters, boyes, and Muletiers, that look unto it.*

Bagagier: m. *A carrier of souldiers baggage, or luggage.*

Bagasse: f. *A Baggage, Queane, Jill, Punke, Flirt.*

Bagatelle: f. *A toy, trifle, wifle, thing of small value.*

Bagatelleries: f. *Triflings, toyings, idle tricks, or tricks of Legerdemaine.*

Bagateur: m. *A maker of playing cards.*

Bagatin: m. *A base Italian coyne of Brasse; worth about the sixteenth part of our penny.*

† Baglon: m. *as* Baillon; a gig.

Bagnoire. *as* Baignoire.

Bagois: m. *Gibridge, fustian, strange talke; idle tattle.*

† Bagos: m. *A man-maid; a Ribauld.*

Bague: f. *(a properly) a ring, or jewell set with one precious stone, or more; also, the Ring wherein gallants run with launces; (whence,* Courir la bague; *to runne at the Ring;) also, the reward bestowed on, or prize gained by, him that does the best in a publick Game, or Exercise; as tilting, wrestling, running, leaping, &c; (and hence,)*

Il gaigné la bague. *He hath woon the spurres, or carried away the prize; the victory, or day, is absolutely his.*

Bagues. *(The plurall) is taken, sometimes for Jewels, or any ornament of gold, or silver belonging to, or worne by, a woman; and sometimes for the whole substance, or stuffe; hence;* moy, mes gens, & mes bagues; *my selfe, my people, and goods; hence also,*

Bagues sauves. *With bag and baggage, safe and sound, scotfree; without the losse, waste, or expence, of any thing.*

Bagué: m. ée: f. *Bejewelled, trimbled, adorned, or furnished, with jewels; also, tacked, or trussed up.*

Baguenaude: f. *A (forme of) ridiculous rymming, or versifying used (and thus named) in old time.*

Baguenaudes. *Bladder-nuts, S. Anthonies nuts, wild Pistachoes; also, the cods, or fruit of Bastard Sene; also, the fruit of red Nightshade, or Alkekengie; red winter cherries; (all which being of little, or no value, cause this word to signifie) also, trifles, wifts, toyes, paltry trash.*

Baguenauder. *To trifle, toy, dally, with, idle out the time.*

Baguenaudeur: m. *A trifler, toyer, dallier, loiterer, lingerer; a vaine, or idle, companion.*

Baguenaudier: m. *The Sene tree, or Bastard Sene; a shrub which hath been mistaken for the true Sene; most impropetly; (for it only resembles it, and is not (how proper we name it) any kind thereof, saies* Gerard.

† Baguer. *To enrich, adorne, or furnish, with jewels; also, to truss, or tucke up, (whence,)*

Trouſſer, & Baguer. *To pack up (or) bag, and baggage.*

Baguette: f. *A wand, switch, riding rod, or bunting rod; also, a bow (held) staffe, or principall Officers, white rod; also, a little jewell; also, the (slender) cloth trimming; also, a small brasse coyne in Galeonie.*

Baguette d'arquebuse. *The scouring sticke.*

Baguette de Veneur. *A hunting Pole.*

Commander à baguette. *To command (like a steward) absolutely, peremptorily, or with authority.*

Si tu veux cognoiſtre vn vill ain baille luy la baguette en main ; Pro. *The way to diſcerne a (knave, or) clowne, is to give him authority.*

Baguetté. *Beaten with a rod, or wand ; alſo, commanded, over-ruled, awed.*

Baguetter. *To command like a ſteward ; alſo, to ſtrike with a ſtick, or wand.*

Baguetteux: m. euſe: f. *Wandy, full of rods, wands, or ſwitches.*

† Baguier : m. *The male Bay-tree (ſo tearmed about* Montpellier.)

Bahu : m. *A trunke (to carry, or keep, things in.)*

Bahutier : m. *A trunk-maker.*

Bahutier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, a trunke ; whence ;*

Cheual bahutier. *A Sumpter-horſe, or trunke-horſe.*

Bai ; & Bayard ; *See* Bay ; & Bayard.

Baie : f. *A berry ; See* Baye.

Baigner. *To bathe ; wet, moiſten ; waſh.*

Il ſe baigne en ces nouvelles. *Theſe newes doe him good at the heart ; he battles with them ; he takes exceeding delight in them.*

† Baigneric : f. *A bath ; a private roome to bathe in.*

Baigneur : m. *A bather ; wetter, moiſtener.*

† Baigneux: m. euſe: f. *Bathing, or that uſeth much bathing.*

Baignoire : m. *A bathing-tub ; alſo, any great and open veſſell made like a bathing-tub ; and (hence) the tub wherevnto new wine falls out of the Preſſe.*

Baignolet : m. *A little bath ; bathing-houſe ; or, bathing-tub.*

Bail : m. *A guardian, or governour ; of a ward, or (as a Husband) of a wife ; alſo, ſuch a wardſhip, tuition, government ; alſo, the Deed, Inſtrument, or Leaſe, whereby a thing is paſſed, or let, vpon a certain rent ; alſo, a giving, granting, yeelding, paſſing ouer in farme, or by leaſe ; See,* Garde.

Bail à ferme. *A leaſe for yeares ; eſpecially ſuch a one, as gaues the leſſor power to re-enter for non-paiment of the rent.*

Bail à ferme d'heritage. *A fee-farme ; (with like clauſe of re-entry.)*

Bail de Iuſtice. *The publick Magiſtrates letting, or ſetting of land, &c. (ſeiſed by order of Law) or of Wards lands ; or of the rights of the Kings Demaine ; or of the profits of his woods, and forreſts.*

Bail à louage. *A chattell, or moueable hired out for a certaine time, and with clauſe of re-entry, as before.*

Bail de mariage. *The wardſhip, or gouernment which a husband hath (de jure) of his wife, and of her whole eſtate.*

Bail naturel. *The wardſhip a father or mother hath of their child.*

Tenir le Royaume en bail. *To be protector of the Kingdome ; or to haue the Regency, or Government thereof.*

Bail : m. baille : f. Bay *(of colour.)*

Baile : m. *The Bailife, or Magiſtrate of a village ;* ¶ Langued. *alſo (in* Gaſconie) *a Iayler, or one that looks to a Priſon, or an Officer that hath power only to apprehend, and keep, malefactors.*

† Baile : f. *A nurſe.* ¶ Langued.

Bailif : m. *as,* Bailli.

Baillarge. *A kind of ſmall barley.*

Baille : m. *A Steward, or Overſeer of ; a Solicitor, Attorney, or undertaker for, a Church, Towne, Corporation, Communaltie, &c. alſo, as,* Bailli ; *alſo, an ordinary Bailife, or Sergeant.*

Baillé : m. ée : f. *Given, granted, conferred, beſtowed ; yielded over, paſſed away ; alſo, preſented, offered, exhibited vnto.*

Il luy l'a baillé belle. *Hee hath payed him ſoundly, he hath given it him home ; or, he hath ſerved him a touch indeed ; alſo, he hath faire and mannerly couſened him.*

Baillement: m. *A giving, granting, beſtowing ; dealing, deliuering, conferring ; alſo, a preſenting, or exhibiting vnto.*

Bailler. *To give, beſtow, conferre, grant ; yield ouer, deliuer, deale, or paſſe away ; alſo, to preſent, offer, exhibite vnto.*

Bailler à aucun tout du long de l'aulne. *To courſe one ſoundly, to handle him ſhrewdly, to pay him home.*

Bailler de l'avoine pour du foin. *To returne a benefit with uſurie, to be better then his word.*

Bailler balliuernes. *To cog, faiſe, lie.*

Bailler belle ; Baille luy belle *(of one that hath done, or ſpoken ſoolishly) faire befall him ; let him euen haue it a Gods name.* Ironically.

Bailler bonne, vous la baillez bonne ; (*neere the ſence of* bailler belle.) *True Roger, wiſely brother Timothie.* See Bon.

Bailler le bouton. *To poyſon.*

Bailler le bouquet. *To bid one do in his turne that which others haue done before him (in ſome parts of* France, *when a feaſt is ended, whereat neighbours haue met, and been merrie together, the maſter thereof deliuers vnto ſome one of the company a noſegay, and thereby ties him to make the next.)*

Bailler bris contre Robert. *Look* Bris.

Bailler des canards à la moitié. *To couſen, beguile, conicatch ; to play the mountebanke.*

Bailler des caſſades. *To flout, ſtumpe ; lie, cog ; deceive, gull, well-meaning people.*

Bailler des plus cornues. *Look* Corne.

Bailler la Diane. *Souldiers to vow their enemies with a hot morning's allarum ; to give a* Camiſadoe.

Bailler vne entorce. *To offer hard meaſure, to give a ſhrewd wring, a cruell pinch, a vile blow vnto.*

Bailler des febues à my-croiſt. *To deceive, couſen, gull, conycatch ; to play th' impoſtor.*

Bailler le fil. *To flatter, cog, ſmooth, gloſe with ; (à vn cauteau ; to ſet an edge on it)*

Bailler foin en corne. *To give one the boots, to ſell him a bargaine.*

Bailler du foin à la mule. *To deceive, beguile, gull, conycatch.*

Bailler griefs. *To open ones griefes, to complaine of wrongs done him, before a Court, or aſſembly ; to exhibit vnto the Court a relation, or complaint of theſe things.*

Bailler la haire. *To play a ſhrewd trick, ill prank, hard part ; to ſerve an evill touch.*

Bailler par les iouës de. *To lay ſure hold on ; alſo, to enter deeply ; imbarke himſelfe far ; plunge at firſt into the middle of.*

Bailler la main. *To reach a hand. Look* Main.

Bailler le moine. *To crampe ; alſo, to bring ill luck vnto.*

Bailler le Moine par le col. *To hang, or twitch vp.*

Bailler mornifle ſur les levres du Roy. *To coine falſe money.*

Bailler ſur le mouffle. *To lay on the lips, to paſh on the ſnout, to give a daſh on the mouth.*

Bailler ſur le nez du Roy. *To coyne falſe money.*

Bailler vne oeillade. *To winke, or caſt a wanton eye, at.*

Bailler du plat de la langue. *To ſooth, ſmooth, flatter, cog with.*

Bailler vne mauvaiſe ſecouſſe à vn. *To ſhake, or ſwing one cruelly ; to doe him a miſchievous turne.*

Baillet: m. *A pale red, or fleſh colour ; alſo, a horſe that hath a white ſpot, or ſtarre, in his forehead.*

Baillet : m. Baillette: f. *Of a pale red, or fleſh colour.*

Vache bailleue. *A pide cow, red and white.*

Vin baillet. *A pallet, or pale claret, wine.*

Baillette: f. *A pochard, or widgion ; or a little water-ſowle, that ſomewhat reſembles the Teale ; alſo, a leaſe, or grant ; and, a leaſing, or letting to farme.*

Bailleur : m. *A giver, granter, beſtower ; dealer, diſtributer, deliverer ; preſenter, exhibiter.*

Bailleur de bons iours. *An ordinary ſaluter of every one he ſees, or meets ; a fawning, or popular fellow ; a cogging, or gloſing companion.*

Bailleur de Canards à la moitié ; ou, de febues à my-croiſt. *A couſening Jack ; a mountebanke ; a deceiver, impoſter, conycatcher.*

Bailleures. *Look* Baillieures.

Bailli: m. *A Baliſe (but of much more authority than ours) a magiſtrate appointed within a Province, or precinct certaine, to execute juſtice, maintaine the peace, and preſerve the people from oppreſſion, vexation, and wrong : To which end hee takes notice of treaſons committed, falſe money coined ; robberies, and murthers done ; rebellions, or ſeditions raiſed ; unlawfull, or popular aſſembies made ; Armes borne, or ſouldiers levied, without warrant ; Protections, or Sanctuaries violated ; Pardons, and Charters abuſed ; Fairs, markets, freedomes, and other priviledges uſurped, or unjuſtly ſtood on : Hee makes proclamations in his owne name ; hee calls the* Ban, *and* Arriereban ; *leads thoſe that be raiſed by it ; and appoints th' ordinary muſters of his Province : he determines Appeales from the ſentences of Provoſts, and other inferiour Judges, at Aſſiſes, whereof he is the principall Judge ; and is thereby held the moſt proper Judge for gentlemen, who haue ever pretended that their cauſes muſt be decided at Aſſiſes ; and yet for all this, (and though he may haue a Lieutenant) he is but a Deputie, either vnto the King, or vnto ſome Lord ; every one whereof (vnto the* Chaſtellain) *hath, or may haue, a Bailli within his territories.*

Baillis de France. *Were but four in old time, when the French Kings had ioyned to their demains but foure towns, viz.* Vermendois, Sens, Maſcon, *&* S. Pierre.

de

de Mouſtier *(all other the townes and Bailiwikes of* France *being then in the poſſeſſion of Dukes, or Earles.)* and therefore the Bailies of thoſe townes are to this day called, les 4 anciens Baillis de France, thereby to differ ſomewhat from the reſt of the Bailifes royall, whereof there are now very many.

Baillis de Prouinces. *The Bailifes of Prouinces, or of ſuperiour Bailiwikes; The Bailifes, of Dukes, Marqueſſes, and Earls; called ſo in difference from thoſe that belong to Vicounts, Barons, and* Chaſtellains; *which are inferiour unto, and often-times depend on, the other.*

Baillis Royaux. *The Bailifs Royall, whereof (as I have ſaid) there be very many (by reaſon of the re-union unto the Crown of th'ancient Dukes, and Earles eſtates; and otherwiſe by new erections,) who beſides other prerogatives challenge th'entire deciſion of royall, and priviledged caſes.*

Grands baillis. *as* Baillis de Prouinces.

Le grand bailli d'Henault, *The chiefe Juſtice of that County.*

Bailliage: m. *A Bailiwike; the office, juriſdiction, or authority of a* Bailli; *alſo, the Province, or precinct wherein he governes; and ſometimes (abſolutely) a Province; In ſome old authors, and cuſtomes, it alſo imports, as much as, protective juſtice; and ever holds a more honourable ranke than ſimple, or ordinary juriſdiction.*

Bailliage du Palais. *Is (at* Paris*) a juriſdiction over Merchants, and Tradeſmen, which owe for their wares within that City, and the liberty thereof.*

Droict de bailliage. *Power to keep Aſſiſes; or to have under him a* Bailli, *and a ſuperiour ſeat, or Court, of juſtice for the deciſion of ſuch great cauſes as, in due courſe belong not to an ordinary juriſdiction; This power every Lord of dignity (from the Duke to the* Chaſtellain*) hath; and had withall (for the deciſion of ſmaller cauſes) a Court of ordinary juriſdiction, and a Judge thereof called* Juge, *or* Garde de juſtice, *untill the yeare 1573; when by an Ordinance (made at* Paris, *but confirmed at* Rouſſillon*) they were enjoyned to content themſelves with onely one juriſdiction in one place; which though it be governed, almoſt in one forme, by one, and the ſame Judge, yet keeps hee ſtill two ſeverall Courts, or Seſſions; an ordinary one, and the Aſſizes.*

† Bailliager: m. ere: f. *Attending on, or, belonging to, a Bailife, or Bailywike.*

† Baillie: f. *Seigneurie, government, authority, rule over, protection of; alſo, a Bailiwike, or countrey juſtice-ſhip; the place, function, charge of a Bailife, or country Juſtice; adminiſtration of Juſtice, and (as* Bailliage,*) the Shire, Province, precinct, and compaſſe of country wherein hee governes.*

Lettres de baillie. *Are (according to the ſtile of* Normandy*) letters, writs, or obligations, authorizing him to whom they are directed, to proceed to execution upon the goods, or poſſeſſions of another.*

Bailliſt: m. *A Bailife; or, as* Bailli.

† Bailliſſeur. *A Guardian, Tutor, Governour of a Ward; he that hath the Wardſhip of a Gentleman.*

Bailliſtre: m. *as* Bailliſſeur; *eſpecially, one that is a collaterall kinſeman to the ward; or his mother, or grandmother againe married.*

Bailliſtrerie: f. *The wardſhip, tuition, or government of an heire within age.*

Bailliveau, *as* Baliveau.

Baillon: m. *A gag.*

Baillonner. *To gag; and ſometimes as* Bailler; *to yawne.*

Bailloc: m. *A trough.*

Bailly. *as* Bailli.

Baimaux. *(* En l'ordonnance du Roy Charles 5, de l'an 1376; faicte pour le reiglement des foreſts) *Falſe printed for,* Balliueaux; *Standers; trees left ſtanding in foreſts for increaſe.*

Bain: m. *A bath.*

Bain de Marie. *Maries bath; a Cauldron, or Kettle full of boiling water, or, a diſtilling by the heate thereof.*

Chevalier des bains. *Look* Chevalier.

Baïocque: m. *A ſmall Italian coine worth two (Italian) pence.*

Baïoque. *as* Baiocque.

Bair. *as* Vair: *A kinde of furre; or, that which in Blaſon is called* Verrie.

†Bairer. *as* Baiſer.

Baiſé: m. ée: f. *Kiſſed, ſmoutched, ſmacked.*

Baiſe-main: m. *A kiſſing of the hand, in courteſie, or ſigne of ſubmiſſion; alſo, a fine, or (in lieu thereof) a piece of money (greater, or leſſe, as the cuſtome is) paid unto a Lord, at the ſealing, or making, of a leaſe; alſo, the ſpirituall revenue of the Church, as offring, &c.*

Baiſement. *A kiſſing.*

Baiſe-nue. *High, tall, cloud-kiſſing, reaching to the clouds.*

Baiſer: m. *A kiſſe.*

Baiſer. *To kiſſe, to ſmouch, to ſmacke.*

Baiſer la baboüin. *Baſely to ſubmit himſelfe, doe reverence, or yeeld reſpect, unto an unworthy thing.*

Baiſer la porte, ou la ſerrure, ou le verrouil de l'huis du fief. *A vaſſall to kiſſe the gate, &c. of the principall Manor houſe of his abſent Lord, in lieu of the homage hee ſhould otherwiſe have done him, had he been preſent.*

Baiſeret: m. *A little kiſſe, or pretty ſmack.*

Baiſeur: m. *A kiſſer, ſmoutcher, ſmacker.*

Bailler. *as* Bailler.

Baiſoté: m. ée: f. *Often kiſſed.*

Baiſoter. *To kiſſe often.*

Baiſſant. *Humbling, ſtooping, inclining, bowing or bending downewards.*

Baiſſant la teſte. *Holding down his head; alſo, preparing himſelfe unto, or being ready for, the combate.*

Baiſſe de mareſt. *A low bottome which the water hath turned unto a mariſh, a bog, or quagmire.*

Baiſſé: m. ée: f. *Stooping, inclining, declined, bowed downe, humbled; dejected, abaſed, brought low; let fall.*

A teſte baiſſée: f. *Deſperately, headlong, without care what may betide him, or whether he ſinke, or ſwim; alſo, reſolutely, or with prepared force.*

Baiſſement: m. *A bowing downe, laying downe, bringing low, letting fall; as humbling, ſtooping, inclining, declining.*

Baiſſer: m. *An humbling, &c. as* Baiſſement.

Baiſſer. *To bow downe, lay downe, bring low, let fall, humble, deject, abate, abaſe.*

Se baiſſer. *To ſtoop, to bow down, decline, bend, or incline downwards.*

Baiſſer bois. Ils baiſſerent bois. *They put their launces in their reſts.*

Baiſſer ſes cornes. *To humble himſelfe, to let fall his creſt; or, as* Baiſſer la teſte.

Baiſſer le front. *To hold, or bow down, the head, in ſigne of humbleneſſe, or of ſubmiſſion.*

Baiſſer la teſte. *The ſame; alſo, to ſettle, or prepare himſelfe unto an exploit, or combat; (from the cuſtome of horned beaſts, that bow downe their heads, when they are to meet an enemy) hence alſo;*

Tu ne doibs ia baiſſer la teſte. *Thou ſhouldſt not be ſo reſolute, ſo hardy, ſo forward for the matter.*

A la hauſſe qui baiſſe. *Look* Hauſſe.

La iour ſe baiſſe. *The day growes old; it waxes late, or far on the day.*

Baſſieres: f. *The grounds, or lees of wine; alſo, any drinke when it drawes low; the dregs of any ſuch liquor.*

Bal: m. *A dance; a dancing; Revels, or, a revelling.*

Balade. *A ballet.*

Baladin: m. *A common dancer of Galliards, and other ſtirring, or lively ayres.*

Balaffre; &c. *as* Balafre; &c.

Balafre: f. *A ſlaſh over the face, a king Harry cut; a gaſh, or wipe, over the ſnowt.*

Balafré. *Slaſhed, or cut over the face.*

Balafrer. *To ſlaſh, or cut over the face.*

Balafreux. *A cutter, ſwaggerer, ſwaſh-buckler.*

Balafrure: f. *A ſlaſhing; or, as* Balafre.

Balaine: f. *A whall, or the whirlepoole (a kinde of whall.)*

Balan: m. *As the latine* Balanus; *any kinde of Acorne; or, any thing made like an Acorne.*

Balan myrepſique. *Th' aromaticall, and oyly nut, or Atorne, called, Ben.*

Balance: f. *A ballance; a paire of weights, or ballances; alſo, one of the twelve ſignes in the Zodiacke.*

Eſtre en balance. *To doubt, waver, totter in opinion; bee uncertaine, or in ſuſpence, what to ſay, or thinke, what way to hold, what courſe to take.*

Peſer en ſeuere balance. *To examine very ſtrictly.*

Balancé: m. ée: f. *Ballanced, weighed, peiſed, pondered; alſo, ſhaken, or tottered.*

Balancer. *To ballance, weigh, peiſe, ponder; alſo, to ſtagger, or waver between two opinions; (any way) to ſhake, or totter.*

Le cerf balance. *So ſay French hunters, when a Stag runs firſt one way, and then another, without any certaine, or outright courſe in his flight; we ſay, he beats up and downe, or flies round.*

Balanceur. *A ballancer, a weigher of things in a ballance.*

Balanceux: m. euſe. f. *Belonging to a ballance; alſo, full of ballances.*

Balancier: m. *A ballance-maker; alſo, the ballance of a clock.*

Balancier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a ballance.*

Balancieur: m. *as* Balanceur; *Or the Officer that weighes money as ſoone as it is coyned.*

Balancines: f. *The lifts; two ſmall cords*

belonging to the ſprit ſaile of a ſhip.

Balane : f. *Any kinde of Acorne ; or thing made like an Acorne ; as the top of a mans yard, &c. See* Balan.

Balauſte. *The bloſſome, or flower of the wilde Pome-grant tree.*

Balay : m. *A broome, or beſome ; alſo, a Balleus Rubie.*

Donner trois tours de balay par la cheminée. *Look* Baley.

Nettoyer au balay. *To make clean work, to ſweep all away.*

Balayer. *To ſweep, or make clean, with a Broome.*

Balayeures : f. *as* Balieures.

Balayeuſe : f. *A drudge, or ſweeping wench.*

Balbucie : f. *A ſtutting, or ſtammering.*

Balchon : m. *A Balcone ; a little Terrace on the top of a houſe , over a gate, or before a window.*

Balcon. *as* Balchon.

Baldachin : m. *The Canopy that's carryed over a Prince ; or, a cloth of eſtate.*

Baldaquin. *The ſame.*

Baldaquin : m. *An Iron, and open croſſet, full of pitched wreaths.*

Bale : f. *A bullet ; alſo, a Ball ; alſo, a packe, as of merchandiſe ; alſo, the chaffe of wheat, or other corne ; hence ;*

Pain de bale. *Chaffe-bread, unrainged-bread, the courſeſt kinde of bread.*

Baleine : f. *A whall.*

Balenchoüeres. *The childiſh game called, titter tottry.*

Balenes : f. *Whall-bones ; Whall-bone bodies ; French bodies.*

Baler. *To daunce.*

Baleſtrier : m. ere : f. *Croſſebow-like , of a croſſebow.*

Balet : m. *A beeſome, or broome.*

Four balet. *A Maulkin.*

Balevolter. *as* Baleuoter.

Balevoter. *To wag, waver, flicker , as a ſtreamer in the winde.*

Baleuſtres : m. *Looke* Baluſtres.

Baley. *as* Balet ; *A broome beeſome.*

Donner trois tours de baley par la cheminée. *To ſwing a broome three times about a chimney (a ceremony uſed by witches a little before they goe unto their deviliſh aſſemblies.)*

Balié : m. ée : f. *Swept , or made cleane, with a broome.*

Balier. *To ſweep , or make cleane, with a broome.*

Balieure : f. *A ſweeping, or making cleane, with a broome.*

Balieures. *Sweepings ; the filth, or duſt thats ſwept out of a roome ; (hence) alſo, any traſh, out-caſt trifles , or things of no value.*

Balievres : f. *The chaps (of a man or beaſt.)*

Baligaut : m. *An unwieldy lubber, great lobcocke, huge luske, miſhapen lowt, ill-favoured ſlabergullion.*

Baliſe. *as* Baliſſe ; *Or, a certaine marke ſet up , for the direction of Sailers in a navigable river.*

Baliſſe. *A Beacon.*

Baliſte : f. *An ancient engine, or kinde of ordnance, whereout ſtones were throwne.*

† Baliuaginer. *To prattle, or babble ; to uſe too many words.*

Baliveaux. *Standers ; trees left in a wood for th'increaſe and preſervation thereof.*

Baliverne : f. *A lye, fib, gull :* (bailleur de balivernes. *Look* Bailleur) *alſo, a babling, or idle diſcourſe.*

Baliverner. *To cog, foiſt, lye, talke idle, vainly, or to no purpoſe.*

Balladin. *A dancer ; as* Baladin.

Balladiner. *To dance high, or lively.*

Balladinerie : f. *High, or lively dancing, as of Gallyards, Corantoes, or Jigges.*

Ballay. *A balleys Ruby.*

Balle. *as* Bale.

Balles. *Twelve times twelve dozen ; or twelve groſſe.*

Ballet : m. *A cape of a cloake ; alſo, as* Appentis ; *alſo, a dancing.*

† Balletron : m. *A ſweep-hole ;* Membre viril : ℣ Rab.

Ballié : m. ée: f. *Swept , cleanſed, made cleane.*

Ballier. *To ſweep ; to make cleane (with a broome, &c.)*

Ballieur : m. *A ſweeper.*

Ballieures. *Look* Balieures.

Balliveaux : m. *Standers, or trees left ſtanding after a wood-ſale.*

Balliverne. *as* Baliverne.

Ballizer vne Riviere. *To rake, ſcoure, or cleanſe a River.*

Ballocher. *To totter ; as one that goes on a Rope, or narrow bridge.*

Ballon : m. *A fardle, or ſmall packe.*

Ballot : m. *A little pack.*

Ballotage. *A riſling, or lottery ; a caſting of lots ; a chuſing by lots.*

Ballote. *as* Balotte ; *Alſo, black Horehound, ſtinking horehound.*

Ballotement : m. *A caſting of lots ; a triall of matters by lotterie.*

Ballotter. *To caſt lots ; to chuſe officers, and magiſtrates ; to paſſe, or daſh lawes propounded ; to condemne , or abſolve th'accuſed, by lots, or lottery.*

† Ballouëter. *To toſſe, as a Ball ; to turne, or tumble a thing often , and into ſundry places.*

† Balluque : f. *Gold-ore, or gold unfined ; alſo, a veſſell whereinto gold is powred.*

Balluſtres : m. *as* Baluſtres.

Balme. *Look* Baulme.

Balme : f. *A cave, denne, hole, grot.*

Baloſſe : f. *A courſe bed, or mattreſſe filled onely with chaffe , ſtraw, and ſuch like ; or, as* Balouſſe.

Baloié : m. ée: f. *Swept ; or made cleane, with a broome.*

Balon : m. *A little ball ; or pack ; alſo, a football, or baloone.*

Balong. (Sub. & Adjec.) *See* Barlong.

Balongue : f. *A trough, or veſſell, ground, plot, or figure, which is much more long than broad.*

Balongue cornue. *Is of unequall forme, and unlike both in the length of the ſides, and breadth of the ends.*

Balongue droicte. *Is more long than broad, but of equall proportion both in length and breadth.*

Balorde : com. *as* Balourde.

Balorderie : f. *Sottiſhneſſe, blockiſhneſſe, dull folly, ignorant foppery.*

Balot : m. *A little pack or fardle.*

Balorade : f. *A bounding, or bounſing ; as, of a football, or high-going horſe.*

Baloté : m. ée: f. *Bounded, or bounſed high from the ground ; alſo, toſſed, as a football.*

Baloter. *To bound, or bounce high from the ground, like a foot-ball ; alſo, to toſſe, as a football.*

Balotte : f. *A little Bullet, or pellet ; alſo, a ſmall button, or ball, in the mouth of a bit ; alſo, one of thoſe little ſtones, parti-coloured Beanes, or marked balls, which heretofore were, and (as at* Venice *the balls yet) are, uſed for lots, in the election of Magiſtrates ; and hence ;*

Donner ſa balotte à. *To give his voice to, yeeld his conſent unto.*

Balotter. *as* Ballotter.

Balouffe : f. *The chaffe of oates, or barley ; or, as* Baloſſe.

Balourde : com. *Sottiſh , blockiſh, fooliſh.*

† baloyer. *as* Ballier. *To ſweep.*

Balroter. *To froth in bubbles.*

Balſamine : f. *The Balſame apple (whoſe oyle doth cloſe up wounds like balme.)*

Balſane : f. *as* Balzane.

Balſer. *To bound.*

Balthée : m. *A belt ; arming-girdle, or ſword girdle.*

Baluſtre : f. *as* Balauſte.

Baluſtres : m. *Balliſters ; little, round and ſhort pillars , ranked on the out-ſide of Cloiſters, Terraces, Galleries, &c.*

Balzan : m. *A horſe that hath a white leg, or foot.*

Balzane : f. *The white of a horſes leg, or foot ; alſo, (more generally) a white ſpot, or mark in any part of his body.*

Bambelotier : m. *as* Bimblotier ; *Or, a Breech-maker.*

Ban : m. *A Proclamation by voice, or with ſound of trumpet ; an edict, or ordinance publiſhed ; the pleaſure , or commandement of a Lord proclaimed ; alſo a Proſcription , Outlawrie , Baniſhment ; or, a Proclamation of Outlawrie , or of Baniſhment ; generally any publicke Summons, Convocation , Notification , or Denouncement ; alſo , a Fief. or Manner, within the territory whereof the Lord may cauſe Proclamations to be made ; alſo, the territory, precincts, liberties, or limits of jurisdiction belonging to a towne.*

Bans arbans. *as* Bians.

Ban & Arriereban. *A Proclamation whereby all (except ſome priviledged Officers, and Citizens,) that hold their lands of the Crowne, are ſummoned to meet at a certain place, there to attend the King whitherſoever , and againſt whomſoever he goes ; (Look* Arriereban) *(At this day thoſe that liſt not attend him in perſon (which in old time they were tyed to do) may for a ſmall fine ſtay at home.)*

Ban de moulin ; four ; &c. *as* Bancage.

Ban de vendanger. *A Proclamation for the beginning of Vintage ; which is (commonly) appointed and limited by the publicke Magiſtrate.*

Colche du ban. *The common bell, whereby the people is aſſembled.*

Droict de ban à vin. *Look* Vin.

Vn four, ou moulin à ban. *A comon-oven or mill where at all men may, and every tenant and vaſſall muſt, bake, and grind.*

Signeur du ban. *The Lord of ſuch an Oven, or mill.*

Trois bans francs, à Namur. *A priviledged time, during which no debtor may be arreſted, nor goods attached , but for contracts made within that time.*

Donner

Donner au ban. *To postitute; make common for, expose unto the use of, every body.*

Mettre au ban. *To banish, or outlaw by proclamation; also, as* Donner au ban; *or, to give a thing in prey to any one that will take it.*

Banc: m. *A bench, banke, forme, seat; (and particularly) the seat of a rower in a Gally, or Barge; also, a long shole, shelfe, or sandie hill in the sea, against which the waves doe break.*

Bancs. *Crosse walls of stone made (in vinyards which be planted on the steepe sides of hills) to keep the earth from falling; also, the Banes of Matrimony.*

Ie n'en iray pas du banc au feu. *I will not sturre an inch, I will not move a jot, I will not go one foot, for it.*

Bancage: m. *The circuit of countrey within which the inhabitants are bound to repaire unto one certaine mill, oven, wine-presse, &c. paying a fee for their severall uses unto the Lord thereof; also, the Royalty, or priviledge of having such a mill, &c. also, the revenue, or benefit made of it.*

Bancelle: f. *A little bench, forme, seat, or banke.*

Banquage. *as* Bancage.

Bandage: m. *A binding; also, a swath-band; also, the gaffle of a crossebow; also, a truckle for a pully; also, a bending, as of a bow.*

Bande: f. *A band, properly, a long and narrow piece of any stuffe; hence, a welt, or gard; a fillet, or haire-lace; a swathing band for a child; a fascia, swath-band, or tie-band, for a wound; a bend in Armory; the streak of a cart wheele; also, a band, or company of souldiours; a troop, or crue; a faction, or combination, of any other persons.*

Vne bande de larde. *A flitch, or side of bacon.*

Clou à bandes. *A streak naile.*

Bandé: m. ée: f. *Bent, as a bow; bound, swathed, or tied with strings, laces, bands; filletted; also, garded, or welted; also, bandied, or combined together.*

Bandeau: m. *A fillet, head-band, little band.*

Bandée: f. *as* Ban de vendanger. ¶ Bourbonnois.

Bandelette. *A little band, or string; also, a small troop, a handfull of men.*

Bander. *To bend a bow, &c. also, to binde, swaddle, swath, tie with bands, fasten with strings; also, to bandie, at Tennis; also, to gard, or welt a garment.*

'A Bander & à racler. *By hook, or crook; in all extremity.*

Coucher tout à Bander, & à racler. *To set all on sixes and sevens; to set his whole vest upon a desperate game.*

Iouër à bander & à racler contre. *To bandy against, at Tennis; and (by metaphor) to pursue with all insolencie, rigour, extremity.*

Se bander contre. *To bandie, or oppose himselfe against, with his whole power; or to joyne in league with others against.*

Ils se bandent à faire vn enterprise. *They are plotting a conspiracie together.*

Banderet. *A Captaine of a quarter in a good towne.*

Banderolle: f. *A little flag, or streamer; a Penon worne on the top of a launce by a horseman that would be gallant.*

Banderolle de Montaucon. *One that hangs on a paire of gallowes.*

Bandie. *as* Bancage. *also, a privilege of some Lords, to forbid all the inhabitants of such a circuit all manner of selling their wines, for fortie dayes together, that in the meane while they may the better vent their owne; (la Marche.)*

Bandier. *The Lord, or owner of th'aforesaid* Royaltie.

Bandier. tour bandier. *as* four à ban.

Bandiere. *as* Banniere.

Bandiment. *as* Ban; *Or a proclaiming; outlawing; banishing.*

Bandon: m. *Leave, liberty, licence, sufferance, free-scope to do a thing.*

'A bandon. *At large, roaming, roaving, at randome.*

Prinle de bestes à bandon. *The suffering other mens cattell, for hire, to graze all over his pastures.*

Grand bandon grand larron, Pro. *Much liberty brings men to the gallowes; or, great liberty breeds much thevery.*

Bandouilleres: f. *A musketiers bandoleers; or charges, like little boxes, hanging at a belt about his neck.*

Bandouillier: m. *A robber by the high-way side; also, any one that beares a scrip, or wallet; or his girdle scarfe wise; also, a musketier.*

Bani: m. ie: f. *Banished, exiled; confiscated; Look* Banni.

Banie: f. *An exile, or banishment; also, a confiscation; Look* Bannie.

Banier, four, ou, moulin banier; *as* four à ban. *Look* Bannier.

Baniere. *as* Banniere.

Banir. *To banish, exile, relegate; also, to proscribe; confiscate, seize. Look* Bannir.

Banissement: m. *A banishment, exile; exiling, banishing; seizing, confiscating.*

Banlieue: f. *The circuit of a league (or thereabouts) from a towne or Manor house (being the precinct, and liberties thereof) within which, if it be the kings, the ordinary Judge of that place, if a Lords, he or his ordinary officer, may make Proclamations, and exercise whatother jurisdiction they have.*

Banlieue de moulin. *The compasse of ground whose inhabitants must carry their grist unto a common, or Lords will: (In Brittaine it contains 120 yards length from the mill, and every yard 120. foot.)*

Bannage: m. *A Proclamation, or publike crie for a thing; also, as* Bancage.

Bannal: m. alc: f. *Common; which any one may, and every one (residing within that liberty, or precinct) must, use, and pay for the use of; Look* Bannier.

Bannalité: f. *The revenue, or benefit of a common Oven, Mill, wine-presse, &c. also, the liberty, or circuit of countrey wherein a Lord hath any of those, or the like royalties; also, the royalty it selfe.*

Banners: m. *Ground keepers; those that are appointed to look unto, and keepe beasts out of grounds, at times wherein they are not to be eaten.* ¶ Bourgognois.

† Banne: f. *A Maund, Hamper, Flasket or great Basket.*

Bannée: f. Droict de bannée: *as,* Bancage: ¶ Pic.

Banneret: m. *A Banneret, or Knight banneret (inferiour to a Baron, and better than an ordinary Knight) a title (the privilege whereof was to have a banner of his owne for his people to march, and serve under) given by the Kings of* France *to such as had ten Vassals, and meanes to maintaine a troop of horse; or unto any gentleman that had valiantly carried himselfe in two royall battels; neglected, after that* Charles *the sixth had made 560 of them at the siege of* Bourges.

Banneret: m. ette: f. *As* Bannal. (¶ Wallon.) *also, belonging, to a Knight banneret; whence;*

Dame bannarette. *The widow, or inheritrix of a Knight banneret.*

Bannerie: f. *Base, or low, jurisdiction; (an old word.)*

Droict de bannerie. *The royaltie of a common oven, mill, presse, &c. whereto tenants of, and dwellers within, a liberty, or manour, are to resort.*

Bannerolle. *as* Banderolle.

† Banneux. *Of, or belonging to a flasket, or hamper.*

Banni: m. ie: f. *Banished, exiled; confined; also, outlawed; also, seised, or confiscated; also, published, cried, or proclamed; whence;*

Contract banni. *A contract published in Court.*

L'oſt banni. *as* Ban, & Arriereban. ¶ Norm.

Bannie: f. *as* Ban; *Or a seisure, confiscation, interdiction, outcrie of goods, &c. or, the banishment, or outlawrie, of a man, proclaimed.*

La bannie d'une ville. *The territory, or extent and compasse of territory, belonging to a towne.*

Droict de bannie. *as* Bannalité.

Le temps des bannies. *The season wherein common medowes are not to be eaten by any cattell.*

Vignes eſtans en bannie. *The Vintage whereof is proclaimed by the Lord of the jurisdiction.*

Bannier: m. ere: f. *as* Bannal: *Common, &c.*

Seigneur bannier. *A Lord that hath the royaltie, or privilege of a common mill, oven, presse, &c. or, that may prescribe unto his vassals, tenants, and any other within his liberty, their time of vintage, and of sale for their wines.*

Subjects banniers. *Such as are bound to grind at a Mill, or to bake in an Oven belonging to another.*

Taverne banniere du Seigneur. *The place, or house wherein a Lord may (as he may in most parts of* France) *retaile his wine fortie dayes before any other (that dwels in the same liberty) his.*

Taureau bannier. *A common; or town-bull; for whose lecherie the Lords of* France *(who love to have their own freely) exact a fee of their poore tenants.*

Banniere: f. *A Banner, square Ensigne, or Standard; also, a tax, or shreud of cloth, &c. (In old time certaine Lordships, or Manors were termed* Bannieres.)

Banniere d'Orleans. *A ragged coat, or torne garment.*

Cheualier

Cheualier à banniere, ou, de bannier. *A Knight Banneret.*

Droict de banniere. *as* Droict de bannerie.

En cent ans ciuiere en cent ans banniere; Prov. *In one hundred yeares a Banner, in the next a wheelbarrow; the family which at this day is held rich and noble, may within an age become poore in eſtate, and meane in account.*

Bannir. *To baniſh, exile, expulſe; outlaw, proſcribe; ſeize, confiſcate, by publique act, or proclamation.*

Banniſſement. *A baniſhment, exilement, relegation, expulſing; proſcribing, outlawing; ſeizing, confiſcating.*

Bannon. *as* Banon.

Banon: m. *The ſeaſon wherein the cattell belonging to a whole towne is turned out into, or may feed all over, common paſtures.* ¶ Norm.

Cela eſt en banon. *That is common, or for every bodies uſe.*

Banoyement: m. *A proclaiming, or publiſhing by ſound of Trumpet, &c.*

Banquage. *as* Bancage, *alſo, as* Bandie.

Banque: f. *A banke, where money is let out to uſe; or lent, or returned by exchange; alſo, the table whereon ſuch money is told.*

Banquerotier. *A bankrupt.*

Banqueroutte: f. *A breaking or becomming bankrupt.*

Banqueroutier. *A bankrupt.*

Banquet m. *A banket; alſo, a feaſt, alſo, part of the cheek of a bit.*

Apres grand banquet petit pain; Pro. *After feaſting faſting.*

Il n'eſt banquet qui d'homme chiche; Prov. *Look* Chiche.

Banqueté: m. ée: f. *Banketted, feaſted.*

Banquetement: m. *A banketting, or feaſting.*

Banqueter. *To banket, or feaſt it.*

Banqueterie: f. *as* Banquetement.

Banqueteur: m. *A banketter; or feaſter.*

Les grands banqueteurs font rarement de beaux faits d'armes; Prov. *Great banketters doe ſeldome great exploits.*

Banqueteux: m. euſe: f. *Full of, or belonging to, bankets, or feaſts.*

Banquetterie. *as* Banquetement; *or, a banquet.*

Banquier: m. *A Banker, an Exchanger; alſo, a bench-cloth, or a carpet for a forme, or bench.*

Banquier: m. ere: f. *as* Bannal.

Bans. *The banes of Matrimony; alſo, as* Rangs.

Bapteſme: m. *Baptiſme.*

Baptiſé: m. ée: f. *Chriſtned, baptiſed; alſo, appointed, ordained; alſo, taxed, limitted.*

Baptiſer. *To Chriſten, to baptiſe; alſo, to appoint, or ordaine; alſo, to tax, or limit.*

Baptiſer ſon appellation. *An appealant to publiſh his grievances, and unto what Judge he will appeale, before hee proceed actually in the appeale.*

Baptiſer poſſeſſions contraires. *A defendant in ſuit of* Novel diſſeiſin, *to propound, oppoſe, & alledge his poſſeſſion againſt the complaint of his adverſary.*

† Baptiſmal: m. ale: f. *Baptiſmall; of, or belonging to, baptiſme.*

Baptiſtaire. *as* Baptiſtere.

Baptiſte. S. Iean Baptiſte. *S. John Baptiſt.*

Baptiſte. Toile bap. *Cambricke; or, a kinde thereof, much worne by Nunnes in their vailes.*

Baptiſtere: m. *A font; alſo, a Chriſtening, or Baptizing; alſo, as* Papier baptiſtere.

Baptiſtere: com. *Belonging to a font, or, unto Chriſtening.*

Papier baptiſtere. *The Church book wherein Chriſtenings be recorded.*

† Baque: f. *A berry.*

† Baquelette: f. *A young wench, mother, girle.* ¶ Pic.

Baquet: m. *A paile, or bucket; alſo, a ſmall, ſhallow, and open tub; See* Bacquet.

Baqueter. *as* Bacqueter.

Bar: m. *The fiſh called, a Baſe.*

Baradon: m. *A drone, or dorre-bee.*

Baragant: m. *Dutch Grogeran, or Valentien Grogeran.*

† Barat: m. *Cheating, deceit, guile, couſenage, lying, or falſehood, in bargaining; alſo, a barter, ſcourſe, trucke, exchange.*

Baratelle: f. *as* Cagnole.

† Barater. *To cheat, couſen, beguile, deceive, lie, cog, foiſt, in bargaining; alſo, to truck, ſcourſe, barter, exchange.*

† Barateur: m. *A deceiver, cheater, couſener; cogger, foiſter, lier, (in bargaining;) alſo, a barterer, trucker, exchanger.*

† Barateux: m. euſe: f. *Deceitfull, craftie, cheating, full of lies, or of ſlie deviſes, in bargaining.*

† Barathre: m. *An abiſme, or deep gulfe, whence there is no returning; (hence) alſo, Hell.*

† Baratier: m. ere: f. *as* Barateux.

† Baratte: f. *A churne.*

Barbacane: f. *A caſemate; or a hole (in a parrapet, or towne wall) to ſhoot out at; ſome hold it alſo to be, a Sentrie, Scoutbouſe, or hole; and thereupon our* Chaucer *uſeth the word Barbican for a watch-tower, which in the Saxon tongue was called, a Borrough-kenning.*

Barbaïan. *The great horne-owle.*

Barbare: com. *Barbarous, rude, uncivill, ruſticall, ignorant.*

Barbarement: m. *Barbarouſly; rudely, uncivily, ignorantly.*

Barbareſque. *as* Barbare; *Or, clown-like, like a barbarous fellow.*

Barbareſquement. *Barbarouſly, uncivily, rudely, clownißhly; without manners, reſpect, or knowledge.*

Barbarie: f. *Barbarie (a part, or Province, of Affrick;) alſo, barbariſme; alſo, the trade of a Barber.*

Barbarie de Biſcay. *The name of a great bitter-ſweet apple.*

Cancre de Barbarie. *See* Cancre.

Pomme de Barbarie. *A kinde of faire, ſappie, and well-taſting apple.*

C'eſt vne vache de Barbarie, qui ne recognoit que ſon propre veau; Prov. *Applied unto ſuch, as reſpect, or know not any, but their owne family, friends, and kindred; a rude, ignorant, barbarous humour.*

Barbarin: m. *A ſmall river Barbell; alſo, the ſea-Barbell, bearded-Mullet, or ſore-Mullet.*

Barbarine: f. *A piece of coyne worth about ſix Sous.*

Barbariſme: m. *Barbariſme, incivility, inhumanity; a rude word, an ungentile deed.*

Barbaſſe: f. *A filthie great, or goat-like, beard.*

Barbaſſé, vn bouc barbaſſé. *A bearded-goat.*

† Barbaude: f. *Beer; Brewers liquor.*

Barbaudier: m. *A Brewer.*

Barbe: m. *A Barbarie horſe.*

Barbe: f. *A beard; alſo, that part of a horſes nether jaw whereon the curbe doth reſt.*

Barbes. *Look after* Barberouſſe.

Barbe de bouc. *The herbe Goats-beard; called alſo, Starre of Jeruſalem, Joſeph's flower, Noone-tide, and Goe-to-bed-at-Noone (for the flower thereof ever cloſes about noone.)*

Barbe de chevre. *Meadſwort, Meadſweet, Queene of the Medowes, (an herbe.)*

La barbe d'vn coq. *A Cockes rattles, or waddles.*

Barbe de foreſts. *Water Plantaine; (ſome hold, that Sopewort, or Bruſewort is called ſo, but they are in an errour ſayes Matthiolus.)*

Barbe de Jupiter. *Kneeholme, Butchers broome.*

Barbe de preſtre. *as* Barbe de bouc.

Barbe regnard. *Goats-thorne; the ſhrub whoſe root yieldeth Gumme dragagant.*

A ſa barbe. *To his teeth, in his preſence, before his face; alſo, maugre his beard, in deſpight of him; alſo, to his diſgrace.*

Faire barbe. *To aſſemble together in troops (as bees doe before, or about, the doore of their hive a little before they ſwarm) a phraſe in uſe among the boores of* Languedoc.

Faire barbe de foarre à. *To deceive, delude, abuſe; deprive of his due; (eſpecially in matters of Religion wherein this phraſe is moſt, and beſt, uſed; but then inſtead of* Barbe *their muſt be* Gerbe. *Look* Gerbe.)

Faire la barbe à. *To barbe, trimme, ſhave; alſo, to beard, affront, or brave to the teeth; to reſiſt, make head againſt, withſtand publiquely.*

Mettre en barbe à. *To oppoſe unto, confront with, ſet againſt.*

Reprenons noſtre chevre à la barbe. *Let us take hold where we left; or, let us returne to our matter againe.*

Trouver en barbe. *To meet in the teeth with.*

Barbe de fol; Prov. *See* Fol.

Barbe raſe, pied ferrat; Prov. *Clearly, all charges borne, all things diſcharged, and done.*

Barbé: m. ée: f. *Bearded, having a beard.*

Rouget barbé. *A ſea-Barbell; or, ſore-Mullet.*

Barbeau: m. *The river Barbell; and (at* Bourdeaux) *the ſea-Barbell; alſo, a little beard.*

Barbecane. *as* Barbacane.

Barbel: m. *as* Barbeau.

Barbelé. *Bearded; alſo, full of ſnags, ſnips, jags; notches; whence;*

Fleiche barbelée. *A bearded, or barbed arrow.*

Barbelotte:

Barbelotte: f. *A hedge-Toad, a land-Toad.*

Barbelu: m. uë: f. *Bearded, beardie; or, as* Barbelé.

† Barber. *To barbe, ſhave, trimme; to cut the beard off.*

† Se Barber. *To grow bearded, or to get a beard; alſo, to (begin to) voot, or, to get ſmall haire-like ſprigs in growing, at the root.*

Barberie: f. *Barbing; the act, or art, of Barbing; alſo, a barbers ſhop; alſo, (the name of) a certaine round, great, and good apple.*

Barberies: f. *Pinks, or ſops in wine, feathered Gillovers, ſmall Honeſties.*

Barbaries ſauvages. *Wild Williams, Marſh Gillovers, Cuckow Gillovers.*

Barberiot. *The name of an apple that's luſſe, and yields better cyder, than* la Barberie.

Barberouſſe: m. *A red bearded fellow.*

Barbes: f. *Puſhes, or little bladders, under the tongues of horſes, and cattell, the which they kill if they be not ſpeedily cured.*

Barbes aux veaux. *The barbles; a white excreſcence which, like the pip in chickings, growes under the tongues of calves, and hinders them from ſucking.*

Barbet: m. *A little, young, or budding beard; alſo, a ſmall river Barbell; alſo, a water ſpaniell, or any ſhoghair'd dog.*

Pour Venus advienne barbet le chien. *Look* Venus.

Barbet: m. ette: f. *Rough, or ſhag-haired, like a water-dog.*

Barbeter. *To grunt, mutter, murmure; or, as* Barboter.

Barbette: f. *A ſmall beard; alſo, a water-bitch, or ſhag-haired bitch.*

† Barbidant. *Part of a womans, &c.*

Barbier: m. *A barber, alſo, a Chirurgion; alſo, a certaine fiſh, as* Poiſſon ſacré.

Vn barbier rait l'autre; Prov. *One knave trimmes; excuſes, helpes; ſooths, or flatters, another.*

Ieune barbier, & vieil medecin; Prov. *A young Chirurgian, and an old Phiſitian, (are commonly the beſt.)*

Au fanglier le barbier; Prov. *Looke* Sanglier.

Barbiere: f. *A barbers wife; a barberesſe; a woman, or ſhe, barber.*

Barbillon: m. *A little Barbell; alſo, the beard of an oxe of corne; alſo, the leſſe fin of a fiſh; alſo, the barbe of a bread-arrow head, or any the like jagged thing.*

Barbillons. *The Frounce; (a diſeaſe bred in the tongues of hawkes by a cold rheume.)*

Barbillonné: m. ée: f. *Bearded, barbed; jagged, rough by the jags, or notches it hath on it.*

Dard barbillonné. *A dart that hath a forked, or barbed, head.*

Barbin: m. *A little beard.*

† Barboire: m. *A maske, or mummerie; alſo, a viſard.*

† Barbolle. *Part of a womans, &c.*

Barbon: m. *A barbell fiſh.*

Barbot: m. *The wallowing of a ſeething pot.*

Barbotage: m. *A confuſed fumbling, or mumbling up of words.*

Barbote: f. *An Eele-powte; or, as* Lote d'eau douce.

Barboté: m. ée: f. *Mumbled, or muttered, as words between the teeth.*

Eſpice barbotez. *Bearded eares of corne.*

Barboter. *To mumble, or mutter words between the teeth; alſo, to wallow like a ſeething pot.*

Barboter de peur, ou de froid. *(The teeth) to ſhake, or quake for feare; to chatter, or didder for cold; to ſay an Apes Paternoſter.*

Barbotin: m. ine: f. *Beardie, or bearded.*

Barbotine: f. *Worme-ſeed.*

Barbotte: f. *The chinne-piece of an helmet.*

Barbouillage: m. *A rude mingle mangle, gally-maufrey, or confuſed botchpot; alſo, as* Barbouillement.

Barbouillé: m. ée: f. *Confuſedly jumbled, or hudled together; alſo, ſpotted, blotted, berayed, beſmeared, begrimed all over.*

Barbouillement: m. *A confuſed jumbling of ſundrie things together; alſo, a beſmearing, berayying, bedaſhing.*

Barbouiller. *To jumble, confound, huddle, or mingle ill-favouredly; alſo, to blot, ſpot, ſmut, beſmeare; bedaſh all over.*

Barbouilleries: f. *Traſh, riffraffe; ſundry things of ſmall value jumbled, or hudled together.*

Barbouilleur: m. *A diſorderly jumbler, hudler, mingler; alſo, a blotter, ſpotter, ſmutter, beſmearer of.*

Barbuteur: m. *A Sicophant, a pickthanke, a privie whiſperer, a cloſe detracter, a ſecret tale-teller.*

Barbu: m. uë: f. *Bearded; beardie; having a beard, full of, or overgrown with, beard.*

If barbu. *Looke* If.

Homme roux, & femme barbuë de cinquante pas les faluë, (vne pierre ou poing, *followes*; *becauſe they are held very dangerous people.)*

Barbuë: f. *The herb Gith, or garden Nigella; alſo, a kind of leſſe Turbot, or Turbot-like fiſh, called by ſome, a Dab, or Sandling.*

† Barbu-marée. *Anelcorne, Starcbowne; or, as* Eſcourgeon.

Barbute: m. *A man of Armes; learned ſo in old time, becauſe he ordinarily wore a Barbute.*

Barbute: f. *A riding-hood; a Montero, or cloſe-hood, wherewith travellers preſerve their faces and heads from froſt-biting, and weather-beating, in winter; alſo, the beaver of an helmet; alſo, a Bayberry; alſo, the herbe Nigella; or, the ſeed thereof; alſo, a ſtopple, bung, or ſpigot.*

Barc: m. *A kind of ſmooth red earth, vſed of veſſels were made in old time.*

Barce. *As* Berche.

Barebaux: m. *Great barkes, or the great boats called, lyters.*

Batche: f. *A little barke, or pinnace.*

Bardable: com. *Barbable; fit, or able to beare a barbed furniture, or armour.*

Bardache: m. *An Ingle; a youth kept, or accompanied for Sodomie.*

Bardechiſer. *To commit Sodomie; to bugger, to ingle.*

Bardacoculé. *Seek* Bardococulé.

Bardane: f. *The clote, burre-dock, or great burre; alſo, the noiſome, and ſtinking vermine, called, a Punie.*

Bardane la grande. *The bur-dock, clote; bur, great bur.*

Petite bardane. *The louſe-bur, ditch-bur, leſſe bur dock.*

Barde: f. *A long ſaddle for an Aſſe, or mule, made only of courſe canvas ſtuffed with flocks.*

Iavelin de barde. *A barbed Javelin, for a horſeman.*

Bardé: m. ée: f. *Barbed, or trapped, as a great horſe; alſo, bound, or tied over, and acroſſe.*

Barde: com. *Blunt, blockiſh, dull-witted, hard-headed, ſottiſh.*

Bardeau: m. *A ſhingle, or ſmall board, ſuch as houſes are covered with.*

Bardelle: f. *A bardello, the quilted or canvas ſaddle, wherewith coults are backed.*

Barder. *To barbe, or trap, horſes; alſo, to binde, or tie acroſſe, overcroſſe, or overthwart.*

Bardes: f. *Barbes, or trappings, for horſes of ſervice, or of ſhew.*

Bardeure: f. *A trapping of a horſe; alſo, an overthwart binding, or tying.*

Bardococulage: m. *A being armed, or covered all over, with cowles; Monkerie; or a Monkiſh habit.*

Bardococulé: m. ée: f. *Dreſſed or armed in, adorned or covered with, a cowle or Monkes hood.*

Bardou: m. *A ſot, a blockhead, a dull fellow; (an old word.)*

† Baretter. *as* Bariner; *To churne.*

Barge: f. *A certaine fowle, that hath no ſpleen; ſhe is onely ſomewhat leſſe than a Curlue, but otherwiſe reſembles her; alſo, the banke of a river, or water.*

Barguignard. *A bargaining, or chaffering perſon; or as* Barguigneur.

Barguigne: f. *A bargaine; or a wrangling, and dodging in bargaine-making.*

Barguigner. *To chaffer; to bargaine; or (more properly) to wrangle, dodge, haggle, brabble, in the making of a bargaine.*

Apres beſongne faitte le fol barguigne, Prov. *The foole begins to wrangle when his worke is ended; or, when worke is ended fooles fall out about it; (viz for want of agreeing before hand.)*

Barguigneur: m. *A dodger, or bagler, a wrangling bargainer; one that vſes to cheapen much, and buy nothing; or, vſes many words about a thing, but comes not neer the price of it.*

Baricaue: f. *as* Barricave.

† Baricquer. *To bray like an Elephant.*

Baril: *as* Barril.

Barillet. *A little barrell.*

Barillier: m. *A maker of barrels; alſo, an officer that tends, and looks to, the caſke of a great mans ſellor.*

† Barincer. *To churne butter.*

Bariquade: f. *as* Barriquade.

Barique: f. *The baſſe of a Quaë, or Poinſon; a veſſell ſomewhat bigger than our barrell.*

Bariqué: m. ée: f. *Barricadoed.*

Bariquelle: f. *A skiffe, or little boat, like a wherrie, or ſkull.*

Bariteau: m. *A Sriue made of haire.*

† Baritonnant. *Wagging, dangling; alſo, braying.*

† Baritonner. *To wag, or dangle, up and downe; alſo, to bray like an Elephant.*

Barizel: m. *A Captain, or leader of Eaſtlings;*

poles; an ordinary Provoſt Marſhall.

Barlong: m. *A veſſell, plot, or proportion thats of more length than breadth; See* Balongue.

† Barlong: m. gue: f. *More long than broad; or, longer in one place than in another.*

† Barlonguer. *To make; or grow, or be, more long than broad.*

† Barluë: f. *A glimmering, or dimme, dusky, or imperfect light; alſo pur-blindneſſe.*

Barme: f. *The banke of a River, &c.*

Barnabé: m. *(A proper name)* Barnabie.

A la S. Barnabé la faux au pré; Prov. *(That is about the eleventh of June.)*

† Barnage: m. *All the traine, ſtuffe, and equipage of a great perſon carryed, and going, along with him in a progreſſe, or journey. Looke* Bernage.

† Barnez. *The Nobility, or Barons; (an old, and ſeldome uſed, word.)*

Barocco. *Barocco; the name of a Syllogiſticall mood in Logicke; Hence (with an equivocall alluſion to the word* Broc.) *The Tiplers phraſe.*

Conclure in Barocco. *To draw a moiſt concluſion out of a Tankard, or Flagon; to conclude by quaffing, or with a carrouſe.*

Baron: m. *A husband (*Pic. *and in our Law;) alſo, Baron, or Lord Baron: In which ſence it hath two ſignifications; one generall, for an immediate vaſſall of the Crowne, (whether he bee Duke, Marqueſſe, Earle, or Prince,) that hath not any right or priviledge of Soveraignty; (whence,* les Barons de France:) *another ſpeciall, for a Baron, or the Lord of a Barony (*ſee Baronnie) *whoſe ranke is (as in England) next below a* Vicounts; *(if their tenures be equall; for otherwiſe a Baron that holds immediately of the King, or of a Royall County, &c. goes before a Vicount that holds of a County, &c. which is not Royall;) and howſoever next above a Lo.* Chaſtellaines. *In old time* les Barons were th'ordinary *Magiſtrates of* France; *and the Title grew ſo common, that all* Hauts Juſticiers *(eſpecially ſuch, as had incroached upon* le Droict de Reſſort) *uſurped it: At this day (no leſſe commonly) the eldeſt ſonne to the Lord of a Village, is in many Provinces termed,* le Baron; *and no better than the Burghers of ſome priviledged townes, as* Bourges, *&c. doe ſtile themſelves* Barons; *(which degrees of Barons very often deſerve to be Engliſhed, Bare-ones;) The Lord Baron may, of himſelfe wall and fortifie the principall Village of his Barony; and keepe the keyes of the gates thereof whether th'inhabitants will or no; and in time of danger, appoint a Captaine thereto; but this with their conſent.*

Parez vn heriſſon il ſemblera Baron; Prov. *Good, (or fay) cloathes will make a Munkey ſeeme a Monſieur.*

Baron: m. onne: f. *(*Sain & baron*) Of the male-kinde; alſo, manly, hardy, ſtrong.*

Barone: f. *A Baronneſſe; the Lady of a Barony, or wife of a Lord Baron.*

Baronie: f. *as* Baronnie.

Baronnie: f. *A Baronie; a Lordſhip of dignity, ſuperiour to a* Chaſtelenie, *and inferiour to a Vicountie; Some define it, Any chiefe Signeurie, next unto the Soveraigne, held immediately of the Crowne; Others, A title peculiar to certain Signeuries that are held onely of the King, and have no other title; which definition agreet beſt with the Moderne, and th'other with the ancient, French Baronies, whereof originally there were but three, viz.* Bourbon, Coucy, *and* Beaujeu; *all held immediately of the Crowne, and at length made Dutchies, Marqueſates, or Earledomes; ſo that they have left almoſt no markes of, nor matches to, themſelves behinde them: For all, or the moſt of the moderne Baronies are but the members of ſome Duthie, or County (united, a good while agoe to the Crowne; or of later time, erected by the King) and are held (thoſe by a direct, thoſe by a dependant, Tenure) onely of the King, as, or in reſpect of, one of them: yet are they but little inferiour to th'ancient ones in other points; for being erected at firſt in emulation, or by the patterne, thereof, either by the old Dukes or Earles (who having uſurped the abſolute Soveraignty of their Territories, would alſo have their Baronies as well as the King had his) or ſince the re-uniting of their eſtates to the Crowne, by Kings, they conferred on them all kinde of (ſubalterne) juriſdiction, and authority; which they ſtill retaine; and in the right thereof have (or ſhould have) eath of them a* Bailli, *&c. as alſo, a mallet, or ſmitheld town, and the government thereof; a colledge, or Collegiate Church; an Abbey, or Priory; an hoſpitall; Forreſt; Faires; or Markets; a Tranſit, or Through-toll; a publick ſeale for contracts, and divers other priviledges belonging to them. At this day an inheritance, or Lordſhip, worthy of this title, muſt comprehend at the leaſt three* Chaſtelenies, *all united together, that they may be held by one homage of the King.*

Barque: f. *A barke, little ſhip, great boat.*

Barquerot: m. *A Sailer, or ſkipper in, a ſteeres-mans ſtead, a barker.*

Barquette: f. *A little barke; a boate.*

Barrage: m. *as* Barriquade; *alſo, a paſſage toll, or through-toll; ſo termed of the barre that ordinarily ſtands in the way wherein tis payable.*

Barragouïn. *Pedlers French, fuſtian language; any rude gibble-gabble, or barbarous ſpeech; (it is compounded of two Britiſh words,* barra *bread, and* gouïn, *wine.)*

Barragouïner. *To ſpeake fuſtian; to uſe a Language that no body underſtands.*

† Barraſé: m. ée: f. *Churned, or, toſſed, as butter is in the churning.*

† Barraut: m. *A little barrell; or veſſell, holding (moſt commonly) 36 Pariſian Pintes; and therefore not much different from our kilderkin, or beere-ſirkin of 36 quarts; alſo, a water-bag, or budget.*

Barre: f. *A barre, or ſparre, for adorne; alſo, the croſſe barre thats on the head of a piece of caske; generally, any bars; alſo, a Haukes pearch; alſo, the part of a horſes nether jaw whereon his bit reſteth (a little above his tuſhes.)*

Barres *The martiall ſport called* Barriers; *alſo, the play at* Base; *or,* Priſon Bars; *alſo, (in the ſtile of pleading) defences, and exceptions (whether dilatory, or peremptory) propounded in order; or, as wee ſay, pleaded in bar.*

La barre de parlement. *The bar without which Advocates, or Councellors doe plead; (hence it ſeemes ours are called Utter-barreſters.)*

La barre du timon. *The whip of the Rudder (of a ſhip.)*

Le barre d'vne ville. *The barres of a towne.*

Auoir barre ſur. *To have the advantage, or get the ſtart of; to bee before hand with;* Prendre barre ſur. *The ſame.*

Donner barre à. *To ſtop, to ſtay the courſe, or current of.*

Planter à la barre. *To plant the ſlips of vines in order, either two together, or one againſt another, or one by one, as we ſet willowes.*

Retraict de barre, ou de Cour. *Looke* Retraict.

Barré: m. ée: f. *Barred, ſparred, boulted; grated, latticed.*

Os barré. *Looke* Os.

Barreau. *A little bar, or ſparre; a boult; alſo, the barre of a Court where at Lawyers plead.*

Barreaux. *Grates, or ſtrong latticſes (of wood, &c.) in a houſe, priſon, or ſhip.*

Le barreau des Paris. *The moſt honourable barre in the Court of the Pariſian Parliament (*celuy qui eſt pres la cheminée de la Chambre dorée*) whereat the Advocates of a Peere of France doe plead.*

Les Gens de barreau. *Barreſters, Advocates, Councellors, pleading Lawyers.*

Barrer. *To barre, or ſparre; to boult; alſo, to lattice, or grate up.*

Barres. *Looke* Barre.

† Barretade: f. *Cap-courteſie, hat-reverence; the vailing of the bonnet; the putting off of the hat, or cap, in ſalutation, &c.*

Barrette: f. *A cap, or bonnet.*

Parler à ſa barrette. *To expoſtulate with him face to face; to ſpeake home, and to his teeth, unto him.*

† Barrez. *The Carmes, or white Friers were called ſo in old time, by reaſon of certaine cloakes (croſſe garded with white and blacke) which then they wore.*

Barricade. *See* Barriquade.

Barricadé: m. ée: f. *Barricadoed; ſtopped by a barricado.*

Barricave: f. *A hole, pit, or hollow place above ground; alſo, a low bottome, ſtony valley; or deep path, in a wood, or valley.*

Barriere: f. *A raile, or barre; alſo, a ſtop, or let.*

Barrieres. *The railes, or liſts within which*

which a Tilting, Turnay, &c. or ſingle combate is to be performed.
Barriere de Charpentier. *A great peece of timber borne up, gibbet-like, by two poſts, and ſet before the doore of a great houſe to the ſtreetward.*
Faire barriere à. *To ſtop, hinder, let; alſo, to backe; alſo, to ſhrowd, or ſhield.*
Barril: m. *The (French) barrell; a veſſell which (holding 72 Pariſian pints) comes neere to the Beere kilderkin, (which holds 72 of our quarts.)*
Nourri dans vn barril. *Brought up in a Tub (a ſpeech uſed to the diſgrace, or as a deſcription, of a ſimple, ignorant, unexperienced, and home-bred boydon.)*
Barrillet: m. *A little barrell; a ferkin, or halfe barrell.*
Barriquade: f. *A barricado; a defence of barrels, timber, pales, earth, or ſtones, heaped up, or cloſed together; and ſerving to ſtop up a ſtreet, or paſſage, and to keep off ſhot, &c.*
Barrique: f. *The halfe of the Queuë, or Poinſon; a veſſell that's ſomewhat bigger than our barrell.*
De Corſaire à Corſaire n'y pend que barriques rompuës; Prov. *Nought's to be got of a roaver but traſh, or blowes.*
Barriqué: m. ée: f. *Barricadoed; ſtopped, fortified, or defended by barricadoes.*
Barriqueau: m. *A ferkin; or, halfe of the Barrique.*
Barriquer. *To barricadoe; to ſtop, fortifie, or defend with barricadoes.*
Barrit: m. *The braying, or cry of an Elephant.*
Barroir: m. *A Turrell, th'Oager wherewith Coopers make holes for the barre-pins of a peece of Caske.*
Barrot: m. *A ferkin, or barriket.*
Barroyements: m. *Delaies in Law, uſed for the better inſtruction, furniſhing, or ſtrengthening of a cauſe.*
Barroyer. *To uſe delaies (as in* Barroyements.*)*
† Barry. *as* Barrill; *Alſo, a kind of fireworke in a woodden caſe, faſhioned (like a ſpindle, or caske) thicke in the middle, and ſmall at both ends.*
Bas: m. *The baſe, bottome, depth, or loweſt part of; alſo, as* Baſt; *a packeſaddle.*
Vn bas de chauſſes. *A ſtocking, or netherſtocke.*
Le bas de la Couverture d'vne maiſon. *The eaves, or eaſings of a houſe.*
Vn bas de manches. *An halfe ſleeve.*
Le plat du bas. (viz. *Of the lower end of the table*) eſt touſiours le primier vuide: Prov. *Looke* Plat.
Bas: m. Baſſe: f. *Low, baſe; humble, deep, under; dejected, abject.*
Bas bord, ou, bord bas. *The larboard, or left ſide of a ſhip.*
Baſſe heure. aſſez baſſe heure. *Very late, faire in the night.*
Baſſe Juſtice. *Looke* Juſtice.
Bas de poil. *Of poore eſtate, of ſmall meanes; of little authority.*
Chambre baſſe. *A privy, or houſe of office.*
Cour baſſe. *A baſe Court; or the Court of a Lord, who hath no other than baſe, or low juriſdiction.*
Facultez baſſes. qui a les facultez baſſes. *Poore, of meane eſtate; whoſe fortunes are at a great ebbe.*
Main baſſe. *A bad hand, courſe chance, &c; Looke* Main.
Bas (Adverb.) *Under, low, below.*
Haut & bas la cheminée. *The ordinary cry of chimney-ſweepers in* France.
Taillables haut & bas. *Taxable at the will and pleaſure of their Lord.*
Vole bas de peur des branches, *Looke* Branche.
Baſane. *Looke* Bazane.
Baſané: m. ée: f. *Dusky, ſwart, blackiſh; of a tawny hue; alſo, ſmutched, beduſked.*
Baſaner. *To bleake, ſmutch, beduske, make ſwart, browne, or blackiſh.*
Baſanne: f. *A ſheeps skin tawed; See* Bazane.
† Baſard: m. *A market place, wherein things are ſold.*
† Baſauchieux. *Lawyers Clearkes; or as,* Baſochiens.
Baſchat: m. *A Baſſa; a chiefe Commander under the Turke; alſo, a kind of vaulted ſinke*
† Baſchelier *for* Bachelier: *&* Rab.
Baſclé. *Barred; ſtopped, ſhut up; See* Baclé.
Baſcule: f. *A ſwipe, ſcoope, or put-gally to draw up water withall; alſo, as* Bacule.
Baſculer. *To ſet upon his taile; to bump, or beate on the taile; to give an arſepoſſe unto; alſo, as* Baccoler.
Baſculle: f. *as* Baſcule.
Bas-de-feſes. *Low buttocke, arſe-fallen.*
Baſe: f. *A baſe, or baſis; a foot, ground, foundation, unto.*
Baſe du coeur. *The flat, or broad part thereof; which in the body ſtands upward.*
La baſe de la teſte. *The root, or bottom of the head; or, as* Os baſilaire.
La baſe des yeux. *The root of the eyes.*
Baſelic: m. *A Baſiliske, or Cockatrice; alſo, the (long) peece of ordnance, called, a Baſiliske; alſo, the herb Baſill; (for which looke* Baſilic.*)*
† Baſenne. *as* Bazane; *alſo, as* Baſſenne.
Baſenné: m. ée: f. *Duskie, ſwart, browne, blackiſh, darke-tawny; alſo, ſmutched, beduſked, made ſwart, &c.*
Baſennier: m. *A marchant, ſeller, or dreſſer, of coloured ſheeps-skins; as in* Bazane.
Baſennier: m. ere: f. *as* Baſenné. *(In the firſt ſence.)*
Baſilaire. Os Baſilaire. *The nape, or nuke (bone) the cuneall, or fundamentall bone of the head; Looke* Os.
Baſilic: m. *The herb Baſill; alſo, as* Baſiliſe.
Baſilic citronnier. *Middle Baſill, or Citron Baſill.*
Baſilic d' eau. *Water Baſill, fiſh Baſill, beares a white bloſſome, and a ſmall black ſeed of a ſharpe taſte; the whole plant yeelds a milkie, and ſweet juyce.*
Baſilic gentil. *Baſill gentle, buſh baſill, ſome alſo call ſtone baſill ſo.*
Baſilic gyroſſlé. *Buſh baſill, fine baſill.*
Baſilic menu. *The ſmall wild baſill, called by Herbaliſts,* Acynos.
Baſilic ſauvage. *Baſill mint, wild baſill, unprofitable baſill.*
Grand baſilic. *Great garden baſill, baſill royall.*
Petit baſilic. *as* Baſilic gentil.
Baſilique. *A royall Pallace; a Princes court, honour, houſe; alſo, a ſhire-hall, guild-hall, or ſpacious place in a City, wherein Councels be held, and juſtice adminiſtred, by the publique Magiſtrates.*
Baſilique. veine baſ. *The liver veine.*
Baſililic: m. *A Baſiliske, or Cockatrice.*
Baſique: com. *Low, fundamentall, belonging to the baſis, or bottom of.*
Baſme: m. *Balme, balſamum; or, more properly, the balſamum tree, from which diſtils our balme (or* Opobalſamum; *for little, or no true balme is now adaies brought into theſe parts of the world.)*
Baſoche: f. *The whole troupe, or company of Lawyers Clearks in the Pallace of* Paris, *having among them a King, and their peculiar Lawes; hence alſo, revell, miſrule (for theſe fellowes are none of the ſobereſt) alſo, a certaine baudy Court, wherein wives that beat their husbands are cenſured.*
Fief de la Baſoche. Il tient du fief de la B. *He is a pratling, or jangling Lawyer; or (as a Lawyers Clearke) an unruly copeſmate, or, his wife is his maſter.*
Roy de la Baſoche. *The Maſter of Miſrule, or chiefe man among the Clerkes, when they make their ſhewes.*
Baſochiens: m. *Revellers, or aſſociates unto Maſters of Miſrule; and Lawyers Clerkes (who for the moſt part are very unruly) or, ſuch as belong unto the baudy court aforeſaid, (in* Baſoche.*)*
Baſquain: m. *as* Baſque *(in the firſt ſence only.)*
Baſque: m. *A Biſcayan; one that dwells, or was borne, in* Biſcay, *or about* Bayonne, *neere* Biſcay; *alſo, a Lackey, or foot-boy; ſo called, becauſe many that are of that profeſſion in* France *come from that Country; alſo, a baſtard.*
Tour de Baſque. *Cleanly conveyance, legerdemaine; a nimble tricke, deceitfull part, cheating pranke.*
Baſque: f. *as* tour de baſque; *Alſo, a ſudden affright, or ſcarring.*
Baſque de pourpoint. *The skirt of a doublet.*
Baſquine. *A Vardingale of the old faſhion; or a Spaniſh Vardingale; See* Valquine.
Baſquinier. *See* Vaſquinier.
Baſſe: f. *A baſis; the baſe or foot of a pillar; alſo, a bottom, or low ground; alſo, a great Salt bag.*
Les baſſes de la mer. *The ſhallowes, flats, and fallings of tides, in the ſea.*
Baſſe. contre. *The baſe part in Muſicke; alſo, he that ſings, or beares it.*
Baſſe-cour: f. *A baſe Court, a back Court for the houſhold, or for houſhold uſes; an inner yard, or baſtian, wherein poultry is (or may be) kept.*
Baſſecule. *as* Baſcule.
Baſſe-danſe: f. *A meaſure.*
Baſſement. *Baſely, lowly, dejectedly, humbly, poorely; alſo, under, low, below.*
Baſſenne: *The mizzen ſaile of a ſhip.*
Baſſeſſe: f. *Baſeneſſe, lowlineſſe, abject humbleneſſe; alſo, lowneſſe.*
Baſſet: m. *A terrier, or earthing beagle; alſo, a low ſtoole; alſo a dwarfe, or very low man.*

Baſse-taille: f. *Raiſed, or imboſſed imagerie, wherein the repreſentation is made, not of, but upon, the whole piece.*

Baſſeté: f. *Baſeneſſe, abjection; too much humilitie.*

Baſſeur: f. *Humbleneſſe, lowlineſſe.*

Baſſier: m. *The tub that receives tap-droppings; or, a tub to put lies, or the dregs, or bottomes of wine, &c. in.*

Baſſiere: f. *The ſame.*

Baſſieres. *The bottomes, grounds, or lees of wine; dregs that be ſetled in the bottome of wine, &c.*

Baſſille: f. *Rock-Sampire, Creſtmarine.*

Baſſin: m. *A baſon to waſh in; alſo, a ſcull; or ſleight, and baſon-like headpiece, uſed at barriers.*

Des Baſſins. *as* Baſſinets; *Crowſoot.*

Baſſin à ſelle percée. *The pan of a cloſe ſtoole.*

Baſſin d'vne balance. *The ſcowle of a balance.*

Cracher au baſſin. *To lay out, or pay down readie coyne; alſo, to give fees; or beſtow a reward in hand; alſo, as in* Cracher.

Baſſine: f. *A deep, or baſon-like, and footleſſe, poſnet, uſed moſt by conſervers, or comfet-makers.*

Baſſiné: m ée: f. *Warmed, fomented; rubbed, or chafed untill it grow warm; alſo, bathed, or waſhed with warme liquor.*

Baſſinement: m. *Warming, a fomentation, or fomenting; a rubbing, chafing, or heating; a bathing, or waſhing, in warme liquor.*

Baſſiner. *To warme, foment; rub, chafe, hug, heat a thing untill it be full warm; alſo, to bath, waſh, or heat in warm liquor.*

Baſſinet. (*The herbe*) *Look* Baſſinets.

Baſſinet. *A little bowle, a ſmall baſon; alſo, the ſcull, ſleight helmet, or headpiece, worne, in old time, by the French men of armes; and hence, a man of Armes (in which ſence it is ever uſed in the Plurall number.)*

Le baſſinet d'vne'arquebuſe. *The Fire-pan, or touchpan.*

Le baſſinet d'un reſchaut. *The pan of a chafing-diſh.*

Baſſinets: m. *The flower Crowfoot, King-cob, gold-crap, yellow-craw, butter-flower; There be many kinds of it, and that which we call, Batchelers-buttons, is one (the double one) of them.*

Baſſinets blancs. *White Crowfoot, Urchin-Crowfoot.*

Baſſinets d'eau. *Water-Crowfoot, marſh, Crowfoot.*

Baſſinets de marais, ou, des prez. *The Marſh Marigold.*

Petis Baſſinets. *Little Celandine, Pilewort, Figwort; ſo called, becauſe the flower of it ſomewhat reſembles the Crowfoot; otherwiſe, no kind thereof.*

Baſſinoire: f. *A warming pan.*

Baſt: m. *A pannell, or pack-ſaddle.*

A baſt vuide, renvoyé à b. *Emptie-handed; with a flea in his eare; as wiſe as he came; without effecting, or getting what he went for.*

De quelque coſté que le baſt vire. *Howſoever matters be carried, in what ſort ſoever they be handled.*

Ventru à plein baſt. *Swag-bellied, gorbellied, full paunched.*

Baſtage: m. *A certaine toll exacted by ſome countrey Lords for every horſe that paſſes by them ſadled with a pack-ſaddle, though he carrie nothing elſe; for if he do, they take toll both for his ſaddle, and his burthen.*

Baſtance. *Sufficiencie; what is enough.*

Baſtard: m. *A baſtard; the brood of a whore; the ſon of the people; one that came in at the window; alſo, a courſe bowlter for cheat bread; alſo as* Baſtardeau.

Bon baſtard c'eſt avanture, mais meſchant c'eſt de nature; Prov. *A baſtard may be good, but nature makes him bad.*

Baſtard: m. de: f. *Baſtardly, baſe-borne, misbegotten; falſe, adulterate, counterfit; not rightly bred; unlawfully begotten.*

Couleur baſtarde. *A weake, faint, pale, wan, decayed colour.*

Eſpée baſtarde. *A ſhort ſword; or a ſword that is not long enough.*

Feneſtre baſtarde. *A falſe window.*

Baſtardage: m. *Baſtardie, baſtardiſme.*

Baſtardaille: f. *Baſtardie; alſo, baſtards, or, a crue, or knot of baſtards.*

Baſtarde: f. *A demic Cannon, or demie Culverin; a ſmaller piece of any kind.*

Baſtardeau: m. *A damme, or water-ſtop, made of piles, &c.*

Baſtardie. *as* Baſtardiſe. *Of* Norm.

Baſtardiere: f. *A ſeed-plot, nurſe-garden, or nurſerie, wherein young trees are ſet to be afterwards removed.*

Baſtardiſe: f. *Baſtardie, baſtardiſme; the breeding; ſtate, condition, qualitie, of a baſtard; alſo, the ſucceſſion of baſtards, or that which fals to the King by the death of a baſtard.*

Baſte: f. *A wily ſleight of ſubtilty, a crafty pranke; an odde tricke, or ſhrewd turn; alſo, the ſkirt of a doublet, &c.*

Baſté: m. ée: f. *Sadled with a pack-ſaddle.*

Baſte. (*A verbe impersonall*) *No more, tis enough, it ſufficeth, be how it be will.*

Baſteau. *as* Bateau.

Baſtelé: m. ée: f. *Jugled; buffoonized; tumbled; idly-talked; alſo, toſſed uncertainly up and down.*

Baſteler. *To juggle, or tumble; alſo, to play the buffoone, or foole; to talke very much, and very idly; alſo, to toſſe, or wander uncertainly up and downe.*

Baſtelerie: f. *Jugling; tumbling; puppet-playing; any ſuch fooliſh paſtime, or legerdemaine; alſo buffooniſme.*

Baſtelet: m. *A little boat.*

Baſteleur. *A jugler, tumbler, puppet-player; one that profeſſeth any of thoſe arts; alſo, one that leads beares, apes, baboones, or dancing dogges about the countrey, and gets a ſurvie living by them.*

Baſteleuſe: f. *A woman that makes a profeſſion of Jugling, Tumbling, and ſuch other idle, or baſe exerciſes.*

Baſtelieret f. *as* Bateliere.

Baſter. *To ſaddle with a pannell, or pack-ſaddle; alſo, to look, or gaze, as out of a window; alſo, to ſerve, or ſuffice.*

Tant que l'ame me baſtera au corps. *Whileſt I have breath in my body.*

Baſti: *Look* Baſty.

Baſtier: m. *A maker of pack-ſaddles; alſo, a baſe lubberly fellow.*

Baſtier: m. ere: f. *Uſually bearing, or ſadled with, a pack-ſaddle.*

† Baſtilde: f. *The fortreſſe, or fortification tearmed a baſtillion, or baſtile.*

Baſtille. *as* Baſtilde; *or, a fortreſſe, or caſtle furniſhed with towers, donjon, and ditches; (in* Paris, la Baſtille *is as our Tower, the chiefe priſon of the kingdome.)*

Baſtillon: m. *A baſtillon, or little fortreſſe.*

Baſtiment: m. *A building, frame, houſe, or edifice; alſo, a compoſition, or compaction of many things together.*

Baſtine: f. *The skirt of a doublet, or coat; alſo, a pad; alſo, as* Bardelle; *alſo, a pack-ſaddle.*

Baſtion: m. (*The fortification tearmed*) *a Baſtion, or Cullion-head.*

Baſtionner. *To fortifie with Baſtions.*

Baſtir. *To build, make, frame, erect; raiſe, or ſet up; alſo, to compoſe; contrive, deviſe.*

Baſtir à quelqu'vn ſon roulet. *To teach one before hand what hee ſhall ſay or do.*

Denier ſur denier baſtit la maiſon; Prov. *Pennie upon pennie builds the houſe; by little and little great matters are effected, great workes finiſhed.*

Baſtiſſage: m. *A frame, a compoſition; a building, making, framing.*

Baſtiſſant: m. ante: f. *Building, framing; making, rearing, erecting; compoſing; contriving.*

Baſton: m. *A ſtaffe, bat, cudgell, truncheon; club; alſo, a ſword, and (more generally) any weapon of offence; alſo, a Battune, in blazon; alſo, a ſtay, prop, ſupporter.*

Baſton d'Adam. *Adams weapon; a mans yard.*

Baſton cornu. *A battle-axe.*

Baſton à deux bouts. *A quarter-ſtaffe; or, a ſtaffe which hath a pike at both ends.*

Baſton à feu. *A Harquebuſe, Calleever, musket, &c.*

Baſton paſtoral. *Water-plantaine; or as* Verge à berger.

Baſton de potence. *Look* Potence.

Baſton rompu. à baſtons rompus. *A cutting; pinking, lacing, &c. croſſe billet faſhion.*

Baſton royal. *A kingly Scepter.*

A dague & baſton. *Large-meaſure, heaped meaſure, meaſure with advantage.*

Le tiers coup de baſton. *The third (and laſt) knock of the Criers ſtaffe in an Outrope; and hence (metaphorically) that action, or effect, which abſolutely carries a matter.*

Par rain & baſton. *By a bough and a bat; (a faſhion of Liverie and Seiſin uſed in ſome places.)*

Eſtourdi de baſton. *Look* Eſtourdi.

Entendre le ru du baſton. *To be a cunning Fencer, old beaten ſouldier; of much experience in the world.*

Faire mordre au baſton. *To make the more eager; or make to bite at the offered bait.*

Mettre la main au baſton. *To diſpoſſeſſe himſelfe of an inheritance, by the delivery of a little rod or ſtick to him unto whom he paſſes it.*

Saulter le baſton. *To doe the deed; or, to performe, with reſolution, an inevitable exploit.*

Sçauoir bien le tour du baſton. *To bee ſubtill, craftie, cunning, of great*

experience;

experience ; to know well how things are to be carried, or, how the world goes.

Tirer au baſton. *To ſtruggle, wraſtle, tug, ſtrive, contend ; alſo, to fight, or lay about him.*

Baſton porte paix quant & ſoy ; Prov. *A good bat makes peace where it comes ; The like is :*

Comme vn faquin porte faix, ainſi le baſton la paix.

Autant vaut aller à pied, que de cheuaucher vn baſton maigre ; Prov. *As good go a foot, as ride on a leane jade.*

Qui de maſtin fait ſon compere plus de baſton ne doit porter ; Prov. *Hee that makes a maſtiue his goſſip need not carry a cudgell about him.*

Tel porte le baſton dont à ſon regret le baſton : *Many a one prouides a rod for his owne taile, or wears a bat wherewith himſelfe is beaten.*

Baſtonnade: f. *A baſtonado ; a banging, or beating with a cudgell.*

Baſtonnadé: m. ée : f. *Banged, bethwacked with a cudgell.*

Baſtonné. *as* Baſtonnadé ; *Cudgelled.*

Baſtonneau. *A little ſtaffe, truncheon, cudgell, bat ; a ſticke, or great rod, or wand.*

Baſtonnoir: f. *The ſtreake of a pumpe in a ſhip.*

Baſtonnement : m. *A beating, or banging with a cudgell.*

Baſtonner. *To ſtrike, beat, bang, bethwack with a cudgell ; to giue the baſtonnade unto.*

Baſtonnet. *as* Baſtonneau ; *Alſo, the baſtonet of a bridle.*

Baſtonnier: m. *A ſtaffe-bearer, or Verger; alſo, the carrier of the Crucifix in proceſſions ; alſo, a great man in any company.*

Baſtonnier: m. ere. f. *Of, or belonging to, a ſtaffe, &c. alſo, bearing a ſtaffe ; and hence,*

Sergent baſtonnier. *A mace-bearer, or Sergeant of the mace.*

Baſty: m. *A territorie, or demeſne, belonging to a place.*

Baſty: m. ie: f. *Builded, made, framed, compoſed, reared, or ſet up.*

Bat: m. *A ſtroak, or beating.*

Batable: com. *Beatable ; batterable ; worthy, fit, or apt, to be beaten ; which will indure hammering, as mettall ; or may be battered with cannon, as a fortreſſe, &c. alſo, quarrelſome, contentious, litigious ; (for ſuch a one comes by many a knock, and will yow and then, put up all he comes by.)*

Batail de cloche. *A mill-clapper.*

Bataille: f. *A battell, or fight between two Armies ; alſo, a battell, or maine battell ; the middle battallion, or ſquadron of an Army, wherin the Prince, or Generall, moſt commonly, marcheth ; alſo, the whole Army ; and ſometimes alſo, any ſquadron, battallion, or part thereof.*

C'eſt belle bataille de chiens, & de chats, chaſcun a des ongles ; Prov. *The faireſt battels are performed with edged tooles : (but that is only when the combatants are not worth keeping.)*

Bataillé : m. ée: f. *Battelled, fought ; alſo, clappered, or hung with a clapper.*

Bataillet. *To battell, wage battell ; fight, ſtrive, contend.*

Bataillon: m. ere: f. *Battelling ; for battels ; of, or belonging to, battels.*

Batallier: m. ere : f. *Battelling ; for battels ; of, or belonging to, battels.*

Batalogie: f. *Effeminate, obſcene, or ſcurrile, diſcourſe.*

Batans d'vn poiſſon. *The gill of a fiſh.*

Batant. *as* Batail ; *A bell-clapper ; alſo, a batant ; the piece of wood, that runs all along upon the edge of the lockſide of a doore, gate, or window.*

Vne port à deux batans. *A fowlding, or two-leaved doore.*

Batant. (partic. of batre ;) *beating ; battering ; threſhing.*

Il arriua tout batant vers. *He came very haſtily, or very lately, towards ; or (as in this phraſe) Ie viens de là encores tout batant : I come thence but even now, or, I pant ſtill through the haſt I made thence ; or, it may be ſeen by my panting what haſt I made, how lately I came from thence.*

Il les chaſſa tout batant. *Hee purſued them very hard ; &, Il les a menè batant iuſques dans les portes de la ville. He gaue them a hot, and bloody chace, even unto the gates of the town.*

Bat-beurre: m. *A Churn-ſtaffe.*

Bate: f. *A Rammer ; a Pauers beetle, a Dawbers beater ; th'inſtrument wherewith floores of earth are ſetled, & beaten level.*

Bateau: m. *A boat.*

Bateau mere. *Look* Mere.

Eſtourdi de bateau. *Extremely benummed, and thereby unfit, or unready, for a ſuddaine imployment.*

Nous menerons le bateau d'un'autre ſorte. *We will handle the buſineſſe, or carry the matter, after another manner.*

Batelage: m. *Iugling, Legerdemaine.*

Batelée. vne batelée de, &c. *A boatfull of.*

Batelereſque: com. *Jugling, or Jugler-like.*

Batelerie: f. *as* Baſtelerie.

Bateler: m. *A little boat, or skiffe.*

Bateleur. *as* Baſteleur.

Batelier: m. *A boat-man, ſhipman, skipper.*

Batelierе: f. *A ferry woman, or boat-woman.*

Batellé. *Clapperd ; ſaid of a Bell ; in* Blaſon.

Batemare: f. *A wagtaile, or water Swallow.*

Batement: m. *A beating, thwacking, lamming, bumping, ſwindging, battering ; alſo, a threſhing.*

Le batement de la mer. *The working of the ſea ; alſo, the ebbing thereof.*

Baterie: f. *A beating ; or batterie.*

Bateur: m. *A beater, cudgeller, ſwindger ; alſo, a threſher.*

Bateurs d'eſtrade. *The forragers, or fore-runners of an Army.*

Bateur d'or. *A gold-drawer, or gold-Layer.*

Bateur de pavez. *An idle, or continuall walk-ſtreet ; a ſetter abroad in the ſtreets ; one that ſees the town ſerued when honeſt men are in bed ; a laſcivious, or unthrifty, night-walker ; generally, any looſe or mad youth, diſſolute or diſorderly yonker.*

La grange eſt prés des bateurs. *(Said of a Nunnery that's neer unto a Fricrie,) the Barn ſtands neer the Threſhers.*

Batiſé. *as* Baptiſé.

Batiture de fer. *The ſkales that flie from yron in the hammering thereof.*

Batoir: m. *A rammer, or paving beetle ; alſo, a Laundreſſes batting ſtaffe ; alſo, a threſhing floor, or threſhing place ; alſo, a fulling Mill.*

Batre: m. *(Subſtantively) a beating ; and hence,*

Au batre faut l'amour ; Prov. *Much love is loſt by them that beat their loues.*

Batre. *To beat ; thwack, bumpe, ſwindge, cudgell, belamme ; alſo, to batter.* (Frapper eſt d'un coup donné ; batre de pluſieurs coups iterez. Nicot.)

Batre de l'aile. *To ſmell ranke, or ſtrong ; (eſpecially at th'arme-holes.)*

Ne batre plus que d'vne aile. *To bee halfe undone ; to reſt but upon one onely aſſurance ; to haue but one helpe left him.*

Batre le beurre. *To churne.*

Batre le bled. *To threſh.*

Batre aux champs. *To forrage, to make a road, to ſeek for booty, or a prey abroad.*

Batre les chemins. *To belay the way, as purſe-takers and boothalers doe.*

Batre le chien devant. le Lyon. *To puniſh a meane perſon in the preſence, and to the terror, of a great one.*

Batre ſa coulpe. *See* Coulpe.

Batre les draps. *To full clothes.*

Batre l'eau. *To loſe his labour, or imploy his time to no purpoſe.*

Batre les eaux. *A Deer to take ſoyle.*

Batre leur eau. *To diſgeſt, or ſhake down, their drink, (by exerciſe) as horſes which be ridden two or three miles after they have been watered.*

Batre les flancs. *To pant hard for want of breath.*

Batre à froid. *To worke out a thing with great paines, or toyle ; as a Smith, that frames a thing out of cold yron ; alſo, as* Branſler la pigue.

Batre la laine. *To leather, to hair-beat it.*

Batre la liſtiere. *A horſe to reſt, or continue long, in the ſtable.*

Batre le pavé. *See* Pavé.

Batre à tout poulmon. *To pant extremely, to be almoſt out of breath.*

Batre les rues. *To reuell, jet, or ſwagger up and down the ſtreets a nights.*

Batre le tambour avec les dents. *To chatter, didder, ſay an Apes Pater-noſter.*

Se batre. *To fight, combat, bicker, goe to it (at ſharpe.)*

S'en batre les ioues. *To repent throughly, or afflict himſelfe cruelly, for.*

Ils ſe taiſoient batre à credit. *They got themſelves a cudgelling without any purpoſe ; or, being out of loue with their eaſe, they would needs take up a cudgelling on their credits.*

Occaſiõ trouue qui ſon chat bat ; Pro. *He that will beat his cat, inuents a cauſe for't.*

Qui ueut batre ſon chien trouue aſſez de baſtons ; Pro. *(Almoſt of the ſame ſence ; or as we ſay.) 'Tis an eaſie matter to finde a ſtaffe to beat a dog withall.*

Tel porte le baſton dont à ſon grand regret le bat on ; Prov. *Many a one carries about him a cudgell for his owne ſhoulders.*

Bat-lain. *A rude allarum given to a whole country by ringing and beating of pots, kettels, baſons, &c.*

Battans d'un poiſſon. *The gyls of a fiſh.*

Batte: f. *The boulſter of a Saddle.*

Les battes d'une porte. *as* les Batans.

Battecul : m. *A great linnen vaile, ſuch as Nuns weare.*

Batteler. *To juggle, &c. as* Baſteler.

Batterie: f. *as* Baſtelerie.

Batteleſſiſue: f. *The little yellow water-wagtaile.*

Battequeuë. *The ſame.*
Batterie: f. *as* Baterie; *alſo, a Platforme for batterie.*
Batteur. *See* Bateur.
Battier: m. *A hackney, or hired jade.*
Battre. *Look* Batre.
Battû. *Look* Batu.
Battue: f. *A beating, or ſtroke with the feet, in a ſetled, and proportioned time (a teame of horſemanſhip.)*
Batture: f. *A ſtripe, a ſtroke; a beating.*
Batture de bronze. *The ſkales that flie from braſſe while it is hammered.*
Batus. *Look* Batus.
Batu: m. uë: f. *Beaten; knocked, thwacked, bumped; ſwindged, belammed, cudgelled; alſo, battered; alſo, threſhed; alſo, courned.*
Batu de mauvais vent. *Unfortunate, unhappy, diſgracefull; ever hindered, or croſſed by one miſchief or other.*
Le batu paye l'amende. *Look* Amende.
De telles verges ils ſont tous batus. *The ſame diſeaſe afflicts, or ſickneſſe infects, them all.*
Autant pleure mal batu que bien batu; Prov. *As much weeps he that's but ſlightly, as he that's ſhrewdly beaten; (whereunto agrees,)*
Mal batu longuement pleure; Prov.
Tel menace qui eſt batu; Prov. *One may threaten, and be well ſwindged, when he hath done; (we ſay, threatned folkes live long.)*
Batuë: f. *as* Battue.
Batura. *A beating; ſtripe, &c. as* Battura; *or,* Batement.
Batus. *An order of Friers, which in their nightly Proceſſions whippe their owne backs extremely; (A ſect of people bearing this name, and whipping themſelves twice in the day, and once in the night, were driven out of* Germanie *by* Charles, *ſon to the Emperor* Henry *the ſeventh.)*
Bau. La navire a tant de pieds de bau. *The ſhip is ſo many foot broad, or wide.*
Bau de bite. *The forepike; the part of a ſhip wherein the Bitts are placed.*
Bavard: m. *A driveller, or ſlaverer; alſo, a babler; alſo, a flouter.*
Bavarder. *To drivell, or ſlaver; alſo, to bable; alſo, to ſcoffe, or flout at.*
Bavardiſe: f. *Slavering; alſo, a babling; alſo, a mockerie, gullerie, flout, or jeaſt.*
Bavaſſe: f. *An idle tale, vaine tattle, bibble babble.*
Bavaſſer. *To prattle, tattle, babble, uſe many words.*
† Baubance: f. *Look* Bobance.
† Baube. *A pratler, babler, jangler, tatler.*
† Bauboyant. Parolle tremblante, & bauboyante; *Faultrine.*
† Bauc: m. *A ſot, aſſe, doult, dull-patcd noddipeake, heavy-headed cokes, groſſe-headed coxcomb.*
Bauçal, *or* Baucale: m. *A glaſſe-viell, water-glaſſe, or cruze; (great-bellied, long-necked, and narrow-mouthed.)*
† Bauch. *as* Bauc.
Bauche: f. *A rew, rank, lane, or courſe, of ſtones, or bricks, in building.*
Baucher. *To chip, hew, or ſquare, timber, &c. alſo, to ranke, order, arrey, lay evenly.*
Baucheron: m. *A clearer, chipper, or ſquarer of timber; he that doth the firſt worke that's to be done upon a piece of timber.*
† Baucie: f. *The root of a Parſenip, or Carrot. (v. m.)*
† Baud: m. Baude: f. *Bold, inſolent, impudent, (v. m.)*
† Baude: com. *Merry, blithe, jocond, jolly, cheerfull, glad, full of glee.*
Baude-bite. *Look* Bau.
† Baudement. *Merrily, jocundly, blithely, jollily, in all freedome, and fulneſſe of joy.*
† Baudere d'une ſallade. *The beaver.*
Baudet: m. *An aſſe; or a teame for an aſſe; whence, a blockhead, a ſot, a doult, a dull fellow.*
† Baudiner. *Two to ride upon one aſſe, or horſe; alſo, to teach, unskilfully, one knows not what, to do, any way, like an aſſe.*
Baudir. *To gladden, hearten, rejoyce, exhilerate, cheer up.*
Baudouinage. *Aſſe-leatherie; th'act of generation performed by an aſſe.*
Baudouïner. *To doe, leather, or ingender, like an Aſſe.*
† Baudrayeur. *as* † Baudroyer.
† Baudrayeur. *as* Baudroyeur; *alſo, a belt, or baudrick, maker.*
† Baudrer. *as* Bailler. *(v. m.)*
Baudri. *as* Baudriet, ſubſtan.
Baudrié. *Curried, and coloured, as a cow-hide.*
Baudrier: m. *A hide, ſkin, or piece, of dreſſed, curried, and coloured Cows leather; alſo, a belt, baudricke, or ſword-girdle of that leather.*
Baudrier. *To dreſſe; currie, and colour, the hides of kine, &c. alſo, to make belts, or baudricks.*
Baudroy: m. *A ravenous, and ougly fiſh, called, the Sea-toad.*
Baudroyer. *To dreſſe, or currie leather, &c. as* Baudrier.
Baudroyerie: f. *(Th'art of) dreſſing, or curying of leather; alſo, baudrick-making; alſo, a place, or ſtreet, wherein curriers, or belt-makers, dwell.*
Baudroyeur: m. *A leather-dreſſer; a curier, and colourer of leather; alſo, a maker of belts, or baudricks.*
Baudryeur. *as* Baudroyeur.
† Bauds: m. *A kind of white hounds; Look* Souilliard.
† Bauduſſle: f. *The great ruſh wherewith poore houſes are thatched; alſo, litter, or bedunged ſtraw.*
Bave: f. *Foam, froath; ſlaver, drivell.*
Baver. *To foam, froath; ſlaver, drivell at the mouth; alſo, to fumble, or falter in ſpeaking; alſo, to toy, dally, trifle, jeaſt.*
Baverelles: f. *The players of a horſes bitt.*
Baverette: f. *A bib, mocket, or mocketer to put before the boſome of a (ſlavering) child.*
Baverette à babillons. *The plate whereat a bitts players hang; the flap to hang the players at.*
Baverie: f. *A foaming, froathing, ſlavering, or drivelling at the mouth; alſo, a trifling, toying, jeasting; idle talking; flouting, mocking.*
Baverole: f. *A bib; as* Baverette.
Baverotte. *as* Baverette.
Baveſche: f. *The ſocket of a candleſtick, &c.*
Bavette. *as* Baverette.
Baveur. *as* Bavard.
Baveuſe: f. *A certain ſkaleleſſe fiſh, that covers her ſelfe when ſhe lifts with her own foame.*
Baveuſement. *Foamingly, ſlaveringly, froathily.*
Baveux: m. euſe: f. *Froathie, foamie, foaming.*
Plus baveux qu'un pot à mouſtarde. *we ſay, foaming at the mouth like a boare.*
Bauffrer. *To ravine, devour, eat greedily.*
Bauffreur: m. *A ravener, devourer, glutton, greedy-feeder.*
Bauffreure: f. *A ravening, devouring, greedy-feeding.*
Apres les premieres baffreures. *After the firſt bits greedily let downe; or, after we had ſtayed our ſtomachs with a ſnatch or two.*
Bauffroy: m. *A watch-tower; or, as* Beffroy.
Bauge: m. *Dawbing, or morter, made of clay, and ſtraw; alſo, a heap of durt, or of mud; alſo, a Slough; or, the place wherin a wild boar hath wallowed, or lien.*
Retirer les hommes des bauges. *To withdraw men from ſenſuality, beaſtly living, or filthie humours.*
Baugeart: m. *A ſcowndrell; a ſchrub, or beaſtly companion.*
Baviere: f. *A bib, &c. as* Baverette; *alſo, a Germane Dukedome, called* Bavecre.
Baviere d'un armet. *The beaver of a helmet.*
Faire le voyage de Baviere. *To get the Pockes; or, to travell for them.*
Bauldrier. *as* Baudrier.
Baldrieur. *Look* Baudrieur.
Bauldroy: m. *The ſea-toad, or devill of the ſea; an ougly, and ravenous fiſh.*
Baulme: m. *Baulme; alſo, Balme-mint, Speare-mint, Garden-mint.*
Baulme crespu. *Criſpe balme, croſſe mint curled mint.*
Baulme ſauvage. *Horſe-mint, wild-mint, water-mint.*
Baulme: m. *Baulme, or* Balſamum. *Look* Baſme.
Baulme de Jeſus Chriſt. *An excellent balm, made of the beſt oile, and old wine.*
Bois de baulme. *The ſweet wood of the Balſame tree.*
Baume: m. *as* Baulme.
Baume: f. *A hole, denne, cave, grot.*
Bavois: m. *A table, or paper, containing th'eſtimate of the rights of* Seigneurlage, Foiblage, *and* Braſſage, *according to the ſeverall rates of gold, ſilver, and bullion, then current, or made current by the Kings Ordinances.*
Bavoler. *To wagge, waver; flicker, or flie low, like a gnat in Vintage time.*
Bavolet: m. *A Billiment, or head-attire, worne by the women of* Picardie; *alſo, a Shittle-cocke.*
Bavoleté. Chambriére bavoletée. *A ſhittle-brain'd, or giddie-headed wench; alſo, one that weares a* Bavolet.
Bavon: m. *A bib, mocket, or mocketer, for the boſome of a ſlavering child, &c.*
Bavouer. *as* Bavois.
Bauracineux: m. euſe: f. *Salt; or clammie; (from the mineral* Borax; *which the Arabians tearm* Baurach.)
Baus: m. *as* Bauds; *alſo, the beams, or floore-timbers, of a ſhip, the great pieces of timber that lie from ſide to ſide, within the Hould.*
Bauſme: m. *The Balm-tree, or Balſame-tree; alſo, Balm it ſelfe. Look* Baulme.

Bauſouins:

Baullouins : m. *Streamers (in ſhippes, &c.)*

† Baud : m. Baude : f. *as* Baude ; *jocond, merrie, blithe.*

Baye m. Baye : f. *Bay, of colour.*

Le bay à miroir. *A bright-dapled bay.*

Bayard : m. *A man that gapes, or gazes earneſtly at a thing; a fine-tatcher, a greedy and immoderately beholder.*

Bayarde : f. *A woman that earneſtly beholds, greedily eyes, eagerly looks, and in looking gapes at a thing ; a gazing houſwife.*

Bayart : m. *as* Bayard ; *alſo a Basket, or doſſer, uſed for the carrying of earth, and faſtened, for the ſame purpoſe, about the necke, with two leatherne thongs.*

Bayart : m. arde : f. *as* Bay, *(whence we alſo terme a bay horſe, a bayard.)*

Baybaye : f. *A ſcornefull moe, or mouth made.*

Baye : f. *A lye, fib, foiſt, gull, rapper ; a coſening tricke, or tale ; alſo, a berry; alſo, the cloth called Bayes ; alſo, a bay of Land.*

Repaiſtre de bayes. *Look* Repaiſtre.

Bayer. *To gape, or open the mouth very wide ; alſo, to ſtand gaping, and staring about, as home-bred boidens doe when they come into an honourable preſence ; (hence) alſo, to behold wiſtly ; alſo, to covet greedily, eagerly to gape after ; Looke* Béer.

Bayeul : m. *as* Bahu ; *A Trunke.*

Bayeure : f. *A gaping, or yawning ; a holding, or ſetting of the mouth wide open.*

Bayle : m. *as* Bailli, *or* Balle ; *a Bayliffe.* ¶ Gaſc.

Bayonnette : f. *A kinde of ſmall flat pocket dagger, furniſhed with knives ; or a great knife to hang at the girdle, like a dagger.*

† Bayonnier. *as* Arbaleſtier. *(an old word.)*

Bazane : f. *Sheeps leather dreſſed like Spaniſh leather, and coloured red, greene, or yellow, &c. for ſhooes, or the coverings of books.*

Bazaner. *as* Beſanner ; *alſo, to black, ſtaine, or beſmeare (as with blacking) to bleake, to bedunke.*

Se bazaner. *To wax bleak, tawny, ſwart, blackiſh.*

Bazanne. *as* Bazane.

Bazaveresque : f. *The name of a delicate Italian Peare thats ripe in Auguſt.*

Baze : f. *A Baſis, or Baſe, the ground, foundation, root, or foot of a thing ;* Looke Baſe.

† Bazenne. *as* Bazane.

Bazette. Toile baz. *(Linnen) cloth which is but halfe white, or hath not been throughly whitned.*

Bazilles : f. *Rocke Sampire, Creſtimarine.*

Bazoche. *Look* Baſoche.

Beant : m. ante : f. *Gaping, opening the mouth wide ; alſo, gazing wiſtly, womanerly, or affectionately at.*

Bearn. *A Province of* Aquitaine, *ſeated at the root, or foot, of the Pyrenean mountaines.*

Cape de Bearn. *See* Cape.

C'eſt la loy du pays de Bearn que le batu paye l'amende ; Prov. *The cuſtome of* Bearne *is, that he thats beaten ſhall pay for the blood-wipe.*

† Beat : m. ate : f. *Happy, bleſſed, holy, ſacred ; perfect, excellent.*

Beat pete. *as* Beaupere.

Habit de beat, ongles de chat ; Prov. *A woolfe in a ſheeps-skin.*

Beatifié : m. ée : f. *Beatified, made bleſſed.*

Beatifier. *To beatifie ; to make bleſſed, ſacred, or happy.*

Beatiles : f. *as* Beatilles.

Beatilles : f. *Trinkets, or vaine toyes, wherewith ſimpell people deck themſelves ; triſles, niſles, odde attires ; alſo, women of a low ſtature.*

Beatitude : f. *Beatitude, bleſſednesſe, happineſſe, felicity, fulneſſe of perfection, perfect goodneſſe, or tranquility.*

Beau : m. *as* Beauté ; *(whence:)*

Quand beau vient ſur beau, beau perd ſa beauté ; Prov. *Beauty ſet off by beautie, looks beaſtly ; or beauty uſed as a foile to beautie, ſoiles it.*

Beau : m. belle : f. *Beautious, faire, beautifull ; ſeemely, comely, proper, handſome, gracefull ; of a goodly preſence, of a ſweet aſpect, of a pleaſing eye, or hue.*

Belle dame. *A kinde of Dwale, or ſteeping Night-ſhade.*

Tout beau. *Take you leiſure, ſoft and faire ; not too faſt ; hold there hoe ; enough's as good as a feaſt.*

A beau ieu bel argent. *Round play, in good earneſt, in good proportion ; to good purpoſe ; or, one for another, as it ;*

A beau ieu beau retour. *A fit for a tat, a tut for a tuſh, as good every whit as was brought.*

I'ay beau attendre. *I ſtay to much purpoſe ; here's goodly tarrying ſure ; I ſhall but loſe my labour, how long ſoever I tarry.*

Il a beau faire chola de. *He hath good leaue to chuſe.*

Il a beau ſe leuer tard. *He may lie long enough ; he may get up as late as he will.* Seek Leuer.

Ils l'avoyent beau flatter. *They were glad, or faine, they held it their beſt courſe, to flatter him.*

Baillez luy belle. *Goodly betide him ; ſome body ſpit in his mouth, for now he hath hit it ſure.*

Il luy l'a baillé belle. *He hath ſold him a bargaine, he hath given him the boots, a gleeke, or gudgeon.*

Il l'avoit failli belle. *He eſcaped faire, or miſſed it narrowly ; he was very neare it, he was very like to have had, or hit it.*

Beau chanter ſouvent enuye ; Prov. *Sweet ſinging often loathet us.*

Belle chere, &c. *Look* Chere.

Belle choſe eſt toſt ravie ; Prov. *A goodly thing is quickly ſnatched up.*

Belle femme mauvaiſe teſte ; Prov. *Faire Women either curſt or cruell bee.*

Les beaux hommes au gibet ; Prov. *The Gibbet makes an end of proper men.*

Petites pucelles ſont enſemble belles ; Prov. *Look* Pucelle.

Qui vient eſt beau, qui apporte encores plus beau ; Prov. *No man's eſteemed ſo faire as he that comes full-handed.*

Beaucoup. *Much, greatly, a great deale ; alſo, many.*

Beaucoup offrit à vn qui peu demande, c'eſt luy nier tout à plat ſa demande ; Prov. *To offer much to him that aſketh little, is flatly to deny him the little bee aſketh.*

Trois beaucoup, & trois peu deſtruiſent l'homme ; Pro. viz. *To ſpeak much, and know but little ; to ſpend much, and have but little ; to preſume upon much, and deſerve but little.*

Beau-fils : m. *A ſtep-ſon, or ſon in law* Seek Fils.

Beau-frere : m. *A brother in law.*

Beau-pere : m. *The title of a Frier which is a Confeſſor ; alſo, a father in law ; alſo, a father that hath beſtowed all his children in marriage.*

Beaupré. *The ſprit-ſaile of a ſhip.*

Beauregard : m. *A Summer houſe, or Grainge ; a houſe for pleaſure, and recreation.*

Beauté : f. *Beauty, faireneſſe, ſweetneſſe of ſavour ; comelineſſe, goodlineſſe, gracefulneſſe.*

Beauté Grecque. *See* Grec.

Beauté ſans bonté eſt comme vin eſventé ; Prov. *Beauty without goodneſſe is like wine that hath taken winde.*

Beauté de femme faſcheux reſveille-matin ; Prov. *A (wanton) womans beauty breeds a reſtleſſe morning.*

Beauté & folie vont ſouvent de compaigne ; Pro. *Beauty and folly are often matcht together.*

Fy de ieuneſſe, & de beauté des garnie d'humilité ; Prov. *Look* Fy.

Quand beau vient ſur beau beau perd ſa beauté ; Prov. *Beauty laid on beauty looks beaſtly.*

Beauvois. *The name of a fruitfull red Vine.*

Bec : m. *The beake, or bill of a bird, &c. alſo, a Point of Land at which two riuers meet.*

Bec à brouet. *A little pratling peart girle, a prattle-basket.*

Bec d'Aſne. *A toole belonging to a Maſon.*

Bec de Cane. *A kinde of Pinſers, made like a Ducks beake ; and toothed within to hold a bullet (for the drawing out whereof it is uſed) the more firmely.* See Cane.

Souliers à bec de cane. *Old-faſhioned ſhooes having long peakes, like beaks, ſticking out for their toe-piece.*

Bec de Cicoigne. *The herbe Stinkebill, Pinke-needle, Cranes-bill, Hearts-bill.*

Bec de Corbin. *A Penſioners halberd, or pollax ; alſo, a Surgeons toole made like the beake of that bird ; alſo, the anterior production of the ſhoulder-blade, (ſo termed by ſome Anatomiſts.)*

Bec de cigne. *A Swans-bill ; a Pinſer, or Inſtrument, wherewith Surgeons pull bullets, &c. out of the body.*

Bec de faulcon. *A faſhion of Pollax borne by the Peeres of* France, *and by*

by the French Kings Penſioners. Looke Faulcon.

Bec de grue. *as* Bec de Cicoigne; *alſo, a Surgeons toole made like a Cranes bill.*

Bec iaulne. *See* Bejaune.

Bec de la lampe; *The ſocket or ſnuffe of the lampe.*

Bec large. *as* Bec de Cane.

Bec de lezard. *An inſtrument wherewith Surgeons draw out bullets, and the ſplents of bones.*

Bec de lieure. *An upper lip cleft up to the noſe.*

Bec d'oye. *Wilde tanſie, ſilver-weed; alſo, the Porpoiſe, or Sea-hog.*

Bec de perroquet. *A Parrats beak; a Pinſer which opens and ſhuts with a Vice; and ſerves to pull ſplints of bones, and other hard things, out of the body.*

Coup de bec. *A peck, bob, job, or ſtroke with the beake of an angry bird; and (metaphorically) a flout, ſcoffe, gird, nip, cut; alſo, a miſchiefe, injury, or ill turn done; alſo, a kiſſe.*

Oiſeau de bec. *A Paraſite, or Buffoone.*

Tour de bec. *A kiſſe; alſo, a word of the mouth.*

Avoir bon bec. *To ſpeake diſcreetly, anſwer warily, adviſedly, or cunningly.*

Avoir le bec gelé. *To be tongue-tied, ſilent, huſht, as if his lips were frozen together.*

Elles n'ont que le bec. *They are all tongue, they can do nought but prate, bable, tatle; or, they are but a little ſnout-faire, all the reſt is not worth looking at.*

Il a bien d'autre paille au bec. *There's other kinde of ſtuffe in him; he is another manner of man, than you thinke of.*

Faillir par le bec. *La cauſe ne faillira par le bec. His matter will not bee loſt for want of words.*

Faire le bec à vn. *To teach one before hand what he ſhall ſay.*

Il luy paſſa la plume par le bec. *He drew his penne through his lips; he baffled, rid, gulled, abuſed him.*

Tenir le bec en l'eau. *To dally with; to delay, amuſe, or hold in ſuſpence.*

Il n'a pas tenu le bec en l'eau. *A man may ſafely ſay, he is drunke; but he that ſayes, with water, wrongs him.*

Becaſſe: f. *A Wood ocke. See* Beccaſſe.

Becaſſeau, Becaſſine, & Becaſſon. *A Snite, or Snipe.*

Beccane. *A kinde of black grape which yeeldeth an excellent wine.*

Beccard. *The female Salmon.*

Beccaſſe: f. *A Wood-cocke*

Beccaſſe de mer. *The Sea-pie; alſo, a kinde of fiſh.*

Beccaſſe petite. *A Snite, or Snipe.*

Beccaſſé: m. ée: f. *Gulled, abuſed, woodcockiſed, made a woodcocke.*

Beccaſſeau: m. *A Snite, alſo, a little woodcocke.*

Beccaſſine: f. *as* Beccaſſeau, *a Snite, or Snipe.*

Beccaſſon: m. *The ſame.*

Becceu: m. ue: f. *Beaked, having a beake; beake-like; ſharpe, or hooked, as a birds bill.*

Addition beccuë. *The elbow; termed ſo by ſome Anatomiſts.*

† Beccuſſe: f. *A tumult, uproare, hurry, hurliburly.*

† Becdaſſe. ¶ Rab. *as* Beccaſſe.

† Becduye. *A Dolphin.*

Becfigue. *The dainty little Bird, called by ſome, a Gnat-ſnapper, or fig-eater; (I rather thinke, that wanting the bird, as we do, we want alſo a name for it.)*

Beche: f. *An inſtrument of Husbandry, &c. having a crooked, or in-bending, and beake-like head; and uſed for the opening, or breaking up, of hard, or ſtony ground, whereinto the* Beiche *(or ſpade) cannot enter.*

Bechebois: m. *A Speight, or Wood-picker.*

Bechée: f. *A beake-full, or bill-full of; alſo, the pecking of an angry bird.*

Becher. *as* Beſcher.

Bechet. *as* Brochet; *A Pike-fiſh.*

Bechevet. teſte à teſte Bechevet. *The play with pins, called, heads, and points; alſo, the lying of two in a bed, the one right, the other with his head at the feet; See* Beichevet.

Becheur. *as* Beſcheur.

Bechique: f. *A medicine for the cough.*

† Bechiſtre, *A tempeſt or ſtorme.*

Bechu: m. uë: f. *Beaked, having a beak, like a bird, hooked, or ſharp, as a beake.*

Bechus. *A kinde of diſformed thing in the ſea, thats neither fiſh, nor plant, yet ſeems to move of it ſelfe.* ¶ Langued.

Becquade: f. *A pecke, job, or bob with a beake.*

Becque: f. *A ditch or trench made upon the high way (alſo, as* Beche. ¶ Norm.

Becqué. *Beaked; a terme of Heraldry.*

Becquebo. *A wood-pecker, or Higbaw.*

Becquée. *as* Bechée.

Becquehgue. *as* Bechique.

Becquer. *To peck, or bob with the beake.*

Becquet. *The name of an apple thats good to be eaten raw; alſo, a Pike (fiſh); Looke* Bequet.

Becquetant: m. ante: f. *Pecking, as a bird; alſo, nodding with the head; alſo, playing, or checking, like a horſe, with the mouth.*

Faim becquetante. *Biting, or pricking, hunger.*

Becqueté: m. ée: f. *Pecked, or jobbed at.*

Becquetement: m. *A pecking; alſo, a nodding; alſo, a checking with the mouth.*

Becqueter. *To peak like a bird; alſo, to nod with the head; alſo, a horſe to play, or check with the mouth.*

Becquillon: m. *A little beak, or bill.*

Becu. *as* Bechu.

Bedacier: m. ere: f. *Beadle-like; of, or belonging to a beadle.*

Bedaine: f. *A ſhort barre of ſteele, or of Iron; alſo, a forked arrow for a Croſſe-bow; alſo, ill lucke; alſo, a fat-guts, or gorbelly; alſo, the belly; and hence;*

Prendre la daine ſur la plaine. *To take the meaſure of his belly on the ground; or, to fall on his belly.*

† Bedat. bois b.ou vedat. *An incloſed wood; a wood that lies not open, or is not common.*

† Bedaud: m. *A fidle, minion, favourite; a dilling, or darling.*

Mon petit bedaud. *My prettie ape, my little bully.*

Bedeau: m. *A Beadle; a Verger; alſo, (in Normandy, and other places) an under Bailiffe, or yeoman to a Sergeant; or Catchpole inferior to the Sergeant.*

Bedegar: m. *Our Ladies thiſtle.*

Bedenque. *A certaine apple that yeelds moſt excellent Cyder.*

† Bedier: m. *A dolt, ſot, Cokes, ninny, noddy.*

Deniers avancent les bediers; Prov. *Money advanceth Meacocks.*

Bedon: m. *A Tabret; alſo, the belly.*

Mon bedon. *My pretty rogue, my ſweet bully.*

Ce que dit le bedon, a de credit ſon; Prov. *The belly muſt alſo be liſtned unto; the appetite beares great ſway in all humane actions.*

Bedondaine: f. *That part of the belly which is betweene the Navill and priuities.*

Bedonner. *To play upon a Tabor.*

† Bedoual. *as* bedouau.

† Bedouau. *A young Brock, or Badger; alſo, a ſea-cob, or Sea-gull.*

Bedoue. *A Gray, Brocke, Baſon, Badger.*

Bee: f. *The bleating of a ſheep; alſo, a hole, everture, or opening, in the wall, or other part, of a houſe, &c.*

Bée. gueule bée. *Gaping with an open mouth.*

Beelant. *A ſheep.* ¶ Barr.

Beellement: m. *A bleating; or, the crie of a ſheep.*

Beeller. *To bleat, or cry, like a ſheep.*

Beement: m. *A gaping.*

Been: m. *An Arabian plant, of two kinds, viz. a white, and a red one; (which difference is bred onely by their roots.)*

Been blanc. *The white (Arabian) Bene; Some of our moderne Herballiſts call frothy Poppy, or ſpatling Poppy, white Bene.*

Been rouge. *The red (Arabian) Bene; the ſame Herballiſts call, red Valerian, or Cow-baſill; and others, Lamb-wort, or Catch-fly, red Bene; all improperly.*

Béer. *To gape, or open the mouth very wide; Looke* Bayer.

Béer contre vn four. *is, in effect, as much as, To halt before a cripple, or ſpeak Latine before Clerks.*

Beffé: m. ée: f. *Deceived, mocked, gulled.*

Beffler. *To deceive, mocke, or gull, with faire words, &c.*

Beffleries: f. *Fooleries, mockeries, gudgeons, gulleries.*

Beffroy: m. *A Beacon, or, a Watch-tower, from which things may be diſcerned farre off; alſo, an Allarum Bell; alſo, a ſuddaine feare; alſo, a place wherein wilde beaſts are keept. Look* Baffroy.

Begauder. *To loiter.*

Begoyement: m. *A fambling, or maffling in the mouth; and (moſt properly) the imperfect pronounciation of a childe, that begins, or but learnes to ſpeake.*

Beguayer. *To famble, fumble, maffle, in the mouth; to ſpeake imperfectly, or, as a childe, that but beginnes to ſpeak.*

† Begude:

Begude: f. *A Cote, Cottage, thatched ſhed, or ſhelter.*

Begue: f. *A Sea-mew.*

Begue: com. *Fambling, fambling, maſſling in the mouth; imperfectly, or childiſhly, ſpeaking.*

Navire begue. *A ſhip whoſe ſtemme, beake, or noſe is pointed with yron, or braſſe.*

Begueé: m. *as* Beguer.

Beguer: m. *A Sergeant, or Officer, that executes the Commandements given, and Commiſſions ſent out, by the publike Magiſtrate.* ¶ Bearnois.

Begueyement. *as* Begayement.

Begueyer. *as* Beguayer.

Beguin: m. *A Biggin for a Child.*

Beguinet: f. *An order of Nunnes, or religious women, who commonly be all old, or well in yeares.*

Beguiner. *To put on a Biggin.*

† Beguoyement. *as* Begayement.

Behen. *A very cordiall root; of two ſorts; white, and red; Looke* Ben.

† Behiſtre. *A horrible ſtorme, or tempeſt in the aire.* ¶ Pic.

† Behiſtreux: m. euſe: f. *Tempeſtuous, raging, ſtormy.*

† Behourd: m. *A Iuſte, or Tourney of many together with launces, and battleaxes; alſo, a buſtling, or bluſtring weyſe.*

† Behourdir. *To juſt together with launces, &c. to make a buſtling, or bluſtring noiſe.*

† Behourdis: m. *A buſtling, rumbling, juſting of many men together; alſo, a blaſtring of winds.*

Feu de behourdis. *A bone-fire.*

Bejaunage: m. *Simplicity, want of experience, lacke of knowledge, unskilfulneſſe; doltiſhneſſe, ſottiſhneſſe.*

Bejaune: m. *A novice; a late Prentice to, or young beginner in, a Trade, or Art; alſo, a ſimple, ignorant, unexperienced, aſſe; a rude, unfaſhioned, borne-bred boydon; a ſot, ninny, doult, noddy, one thats blanket, and hath nought to ſay, when he hath moſt need to ſpeake.*

Payer ſon bejaune. *To pay his welcome, a fee exacted, by ſchollers, of ſuch as are newly admitted into their ſociety.*

Bejaunerie: f. *as* Bejaunage.

Bejauniſe: f. *Simplicity, young ignorance, unskilfulneſſe, want of experience; ſottiſhneſſe, doltiſhneſſe.*

† Beignet; *Corruptly, for* Bignet. ¶ Rab.

† Beille. *as* Begue.

Beillottes: f. *Akornes; or, Oake-apples.*

Beiſſe: m. *Th'Orelop, or under-hatches, of a ſhip.*

Bel: m. belle: f. *Faire &c; as* Beau.

Belaud. *as* Bedaud; *or, a ſedle, minion, favourite.*

Beleanc. *A certaine little, skale-leſſe, great-headed, ſmall-mouthed, and ſharp-beaked, fiſh of the Mediterranean, or Grecian ſea; and there but rare; in our ſea never ſeene.*

Beler. *as* Beeller. *To blayte.*

Beleter. *as* Beeller.

Belette: f. *A Weeſill.*

Belette Icelide. *Authors agree not what beaſt this is; The old ones, and moſt of their interpreters hold it to be the Ferret; others, a Fitch, or Fullmart; others (leaſt probably) an Otter, or water Weeſill.*

Beliard: m. *A Ramme.*

Belic. *A kind of reed, or gucules, in* Blazon.

Belier: m. *A Ramme; alſo, th'ancient Engine of batterie ſo called.*

Belier marin. *The ſea Ramme; a great, and ravenous fiſh, enemie to fiſhermen.*

Beliers d'un preſſoüer. *The iranches; the two greateſt beames of a Preſſe.*

Chiches de belier. *Rammes Cicheſ, black Cicheſ.*

Couille de belier. *A bull made of a Rammes ſtd.*

Belin. *as* Belier. *A Ramme.*

Maſcher en belin. *To mumble, as one that wants teeth.*

† Beliné: m. ée: f. *Rammed; alſo, roſeted, beguiled, gulled.*

† Beliner. *To rammes; alſo, to coſen, beguile, deceive, gull.*

† Belinge: m. *as* Tiretaine. ¶ Norm.

Beliſtraille: f. *A crue of beggars; a baſe, or beggarly crue.*

Beliſtre: m. *A beggar, vagabond, ſcowndrell, ragamuffian, poore knave, needy rogue.*

Beliſtreau: m. *A little, or young beggar.*

Beliſtréement. *Beggarly, beggingly, baſely, vagabond-like.*

Beliſtrer. *To beg from dore to dore; to play the beggar or baſe fellow.*

Beliſtrerie: f. *Begging, beggarie, beggarlineſſe; alſo, a trwd, baſe, or ſlithy act; alſo, a thing of little, or no worth.*

Beliſtreſſe: f. *A woman Beggar; a Dixie, Morte, baſe Quane.*

Belitreſſe. *(Adjectively) begging, importunate, beggar-like, or beggarly.*

Belitraille. *as* Beliſtraille.

Belitre. *as* Beliſtre; *a beggar, &c.*

Belitrer. *as* Beliſtrer; *To beg, &c.*

Belitrerie. *as* Beliſtrerie.

Bellaſtre: com. *Fariſh, reaſonably faire, paſſable, ſo ſo, ſomewhat like.*

Bellateur: m. *A warrier; a profeſſed Souldier.*

Bellatrice: f. *A Virago, or warrioreſſe.*

Belle. *the feminine of* Bel, *or of* Beau; *Looke* Beau.

Belle-dame. *Great Nightſhade; or, a kind of Dwale, or ſleeping Nightſhade.*

Belle-fille: f. *A ſtep-daughter; (Looke* Fille 3) *alſo, the name of a certaine great, and white ſweet apple.*

Bellement. *Fairely, beautifully; alſo, ſoftly, gently, eaſily, at leiſure, by little and little.*

Belle-mere: f. *A ſtep-mother, or (moſt properly) a mother in law; as, the wives mother, in regard of the husband, &c.*

Belleque: f. *A Coot.*

Bellette. *as* Belette.

Bellettement. *Pretily; alſo, faire, and ſoftly; at leiſure, by little and little.*

Belle-videre. *The flower called Blew-bells; or, as* Bel-vedere.

Bellic: *as* Belic.

Bellin. *as* Belin.

Bellique uſement. *Martially, warlikely; warfaringly.*

Belliqueux: m. euſe: f. *Warlike, martiall, valorous, full of proweſſe, valiant in armes; warfaring, fit for war.*

Belliric: m. *A round Myrabolan plumme, ſomewhat leſſe then the* Chebule.

† Belliſtrandie: f. *Beggarie, vagabondry, roguery.*

† Belliſtrandier: m. *A beggar, a great needy rogue.*

Bellocier. *A Bullace tree, or wild Plum-tree.*

Bellot: m. otte: f. *Pretty, jolly, ſomewhat faire, neat, handſome.*

Ma bellotte. *My pretty Pigny.*

† Belluge: f. *as* Belugue.

Belotte. *as* Belette. *A Weeſill.*

Belouze: f. *The lower bazard in a Tenniscourt.*

Belvedere. *A certaine ſhrub which growes to a mans height, in the proportion of a faire tree, full of pleaſant green boughes, reſembling branches of Hyſop; it may very well be Broome to ade flax, which by Italians is called* Belvidere.

Belugue: f. *A ſparke, or ſparkle of fire; (Provenç). alſo, as* Milan maria.

Beluſteau: m. *A boulter, or boulting cloth.*

Belutage: m. *A ſifting, or boulting of meale.*

Belureau: m. *A boulter, or boulting cloth.*

Belutement. *as* Belutage.

Beluter. *To boult; alſo, to ſwive.*

Belzoin. *as* Aſſe douce; *or, as* Benjoin.

Benbol. *B flat; (a tearme of Muſicke,) Sticke* B.

Ben. *(of one ſyllable) an aromaticall nut, or akorne, whereof the Perfumers oylt of Beane is made; ſome call it the oyly Akorne.*

Be'n. *(of two ſyllables) a certaine Arabian Plant, of two kinds, the one bearing a white, the other a red root; both uſed, and held very cordiall; ſome (improperly) call ſpaling, or Priory Poppie, white Bene, and red Valerian, or red cow-Baſill,* Behen-rubrum; *See* Been.

Benmarrie. *The little black-headed bird, called, a Gnat-ſnapper.*

Bende; Bendelette. *See* Bande & Bandelette.

Bender. *as* Bander.

Bene. *A meaſure of coales, worth about three ſous.*

Benedict: m. te: f. *Bleſt, happy, bleſſed.*

Huile benedict. *Oyle extracted by diſtillation from tyles, or bricks, which have been ſteeped ſometime in very old oyle.*

Benediction: f. *A benediction, benizon, bleſſing; a wiſhing of all good luck unto.*

Benefice: m. *A benefit, favour, pleaſure, good office, good turne; alſo, a Benefice; alſo, a Prize, or Billet in a Lottery; (in old time a fief was alſo called,* Benefice.)

Benefice à ſimple tonſure. *The place of a Prebend, or Canon; any Benefice, or ſpirituall living, that is without a charge of ſoules.*

Beneficence: f. *Liberality, bounty, beneficence, pleaſure-doing.*

Beneficial: m. ale: f. *Belonging to a Benefice.*

Beneficié. *An Incumbent; or beneficed man; one that hath a Benefice.*

Beneficience: f. *Beneficence, liberality, a beſtowing of favours, a conferring of benefits, a doing of pleaſure any way.*

Beneficier: m. *as* Beneficié.

Beneficier. *To give a Benefice; alſo, to conferre benefits, beſtow favours, do pleaſures, good offices, good turnes.*

Benefit. *as* Benet.

Benefitier: m. *A holy-water pot, or ſtocke.*

Benet: m. *A ſimple, plaine, doltiſh fellow; a noddypeake, a ninnyhammer, a pea-goſſe, a coxe, a ſilly companion.*

Benevole: com. *Well-willing, friendly, kind, gracious, favourable; gentle, courteous.*

Benevolence: f. *A well-willing, or good will; a favour, kindneſſe, benevolence.*

† Benifice

Beniſt: m. iſte: f. *Bleſſed, holy, bliſſfull. See* Beniſt.

Benignement. *Benignly, gently, courteouſly, favourably, graciouſly, kindly, liberally, bountifully.*

Benigneté: f. *Benignity, humanity, gentleneſſe, courteſie, grace, favour, kindneſſe, bounty, goodneſſe.*

Bening: m. Benigne: f. *Benigne, gentle, courteous, gracious, favourable, kind, good, liberall, bountifull.*

Benjoin: m. *The aromaticall gumme, called* Benjamin, *or* Benzoin.

Benjoin francois. *The herbe Maiſterwort, or falſe Pellitory of Spaine.*

Benir. *To bleſſe, to wiſh well unto.*

Benir la table. *To ſay grace.*

Beniſſon. *A bleſſing, or beniſon.*

Beniſt: m. Beniſte: f. *Holy, bleſſed.*

Eau beniſte de Cave. *Good drinke.*

Eau beniſte de Cour. *Good words. Look* Eau.

Pain beniſt. *Holy bread. Look* Pain.

Beniſtre. *as* Benir.

Benne: f. *A Binne; or, as* Banne; *alſo, a great ſack for Corne, or coales; alſo, the head, or hornes of a Stag.*

Bennel: m. *A Tumbrell, or cloſe cart, a dung-cart, or dung-pot.*

Bennerie: f. *Baſe, or low juriſdiction (called ſo in old time.)*

Benoiſt: m. *Bennet (a mans name,) alſo, as* Benet.

Benoiſt: m. ête: f. *Look* Beniſt.

Benoiſte: f. *Herbe Avens, Bennet, or bleſſed.*

Benoiſt. *as* Benet, *& as* Benoiſt.

Benoiſtier: m. *A holy water-pot, or ſtocke.*

Benoitte. *as* Benoiſte.

Benzoin. *as* Benjoin.

Bequarre, *b, ſharpe, (a terme of Muſicke.)*

Beque: f. *A ſea-cob, or Sea-gull.*

Bequée. *as* Bechée.

Bequebo: m. *A wood-pecker, or highawe. & Pic.*

Bequenauld: m. *A prattle-baſket; a prating boy.*

Bequenaulde: f. *A prattling girle.*

Bequer. *as* Becquer.

Bequeru: m. *A Weevell, or little blacke, and corne-devouring vermine.*

Bequerut. *A kinde of Olive.*

Béquet: m. *The fiſh called a Pike; alſo, the name of a ſowriſh apple; as* Becquet.

Bequet de mer. *A dainty, little, and long-noſed rock-fiſh; not very common, nor above ſix fingers long.*

Bequilles: f. *Crutches, for lame perſons.*

Bequillon: m. *A little beake, or bill of a bird, &c.*

Bequu. *as* Bechu.

Ber. *An old word, ſignifying as much as,* haut Seigneur; *or* Baron; *alſo, as* Berceau; *a cradle; and hence;*

Apprins au ber dure iuſquez au ver; *Prov. Men loſe not till they dye the dy their youth ſets on them.*

Berangene: f. *A certaine Spaniſh fruit, that reſembles a peare, and growes neare the ground like a Melon.*

Berberis. *The barberie-tree.*

Bercail: m. *A flocke, as of ſheep, &c.*

Bercé: m. ée: f. *Rocked, ſhogged, or wagged up and downe, as in a cradle.*

Ie ſuis tout bercé de cela. *I am throughly acquainted with that. Looke* Berſé.

Berceau: m. *A cradle; alſo, an Arbor, or Bower in a garden; alſo, a caſe of tin, wood, barke, &c. wherein a broken member is incloſed, thereby to repoſe it, and keep it in the juſt forme which it hath pleaſed the Surgeon to give it.*

Bercement: m. *A racking, ſhogging, ſwinging.*

Bercer. *To rock in a cradle; alſo, to ſhog, or ſwing. See* Berſer.

† Berché: f. *The peece of Ordnance called, a Baſe.*

† Bercherie: f. *Proviſion, or Store, of Baſes (in a ſhip.)*

Berchot: m. *The little Wrenne; our Ladies henne.*

Berdin: m. *The ſhell-fiſh, called, a Lympyne, or a Limpet.*

Berée: f. *A ſpinke, ſheldapple, chaffinch.*

Bergamaſque. Il boucle ſa feme à la Bergamaſque. *As the (Italian) Bergamaſks, who buckle up their wives, &c. with a device like a truſſe for a burſt man.*

Bergamotte: f. *A yellow peare with a hard rind, good for perry; alſo, the delicate* Italian *ſmall peare, called, the Bergamotte peare.*

Berger: m. *A ſhepheard.*

Bourſe de berger; *as* Malette de berger.

Malette de berger. *The herbe Shepheards purſe, Shepheards ſcrippe, pickpurſe, toywood, coole-weed, or caſe-weed.*

Verge à berger. *The taxle, or fullers thiſtle; alſo, water plantaine.*

Vn berger à peu de bruit gardant les brebis à la Lune, *ſaid of one that hangs in chaines.*

Bergere: f. *A Shepheardeſſe.*

Bergerette: f. *A drinke made of old hard wine, and honnie.*

Bergerie: f. *A ſheep-fold, Sheep-coat, or ſheep-houſe; alſo, the skill, or trade of keeping, feeding, and graſing of ſheepe.*

Bergerolle: f. *A young Shepheardeſſe.*

Bergeronnette: f. *The little bird called a Wagtaile; alſo, a young, or little ſhepheardeſſe.*

Bergerotte. *as* Bergerolle. *A young ſhepheardeſſe.*

Bergier. *as* Berger.

Bergiere: f. *A ſhepheardeſſe.*

Berichot. *as* Berchot. *A Wren.*

Bericles. *Corruptly for* Beſycles. *A paire of ſpectacles. & Rab.*

Beril. *as* Berille.

Berille: m. *A Beril; a ſix-ſquare precious ſtone, of an oily, or ſea-greene, colour.*

Berlaffe: f. *A ſlaſh, gaſh, deep out, great wound.*

Berlaffé: m. ée: f. *Slaſhed, gaſhed, wounded extreamely.*

Berlaffer. *To ſlaſh, gaſh, wound extreamly.*

Berlan: m. *A common tipling houſe; a houſe of gaming, or of any other diſorder.*

Compaignons du berlan. *Pot-companions, Ale-knights; diſordered unthrifts; a knot of idle, and graceleſſe fellowes, that ever a pot, uſe to cenſure, and deride all eſtates.*

Berlandier. *An ordinary haunter of dicing, or tipling-houſes; alſo, the keeper, or owner, of one of them.*

Berle: f. *The great water-Parſenip, great water-Parſeley, or ſalade-Parſeley; called, alſo, Belders, and Bell-rags.*

Berlin. *as* Berdin.

Berlingaſſe: f. *A piece of coine worth about* vi d. *ſterling.*

Berlingue. *as* Berlingaſſe.

Berlong. *as* Barlong.

Berluë: f. *The being ſand-blinde, or purblinde; dulneſſe, or dimneſſe of ſight.*

Berluë. *Pur-blinded, made ſand-blinde.*

Berluement: m. *Purblindneſſe, or, as* Berluë.

† Berluquer. *To trifle out the time (a word ſometimes uſed at Play.)*

Bernadet: m. *A kinde of ſmall-headed, great-eyed, wide-mouthed, rough and thick-skinned, dog-fiſh.*

Bernage: m. *The carriage, proviſion, houſhold-ſtuffe, equipage, furniture, traine, followers of a Princes Court, or campe; alſo, the neceſſary carriage, baggage, or luggage belonging to an army, or any other company; alſo, nobleneſſe, courteſie, gallantnes of humour, open-heartedneſſe; alſo, Meſlin, or ſeverall ſorts of corne mingled; whence;*

Bled bernage. *Look* Bled.

Bernagoë: f. *A Carpenters Whimble, or Dible.*

Bernaque. *The Fowle called a Barnacle.*

Bernard. *A proper name; Bernard; alſo, a light-brain'd, or ſhittle-headed fellow.*

Bernard l'hermite. *A kinde of ſmall, and (of it ſelfe) naked Crab-fiſh, or Crayfiſh; as* Branchuë.

Paſſer par l'arc S. Bernard. *To bewray himſelfe.*

Berne: f. *A Sive, or Vanne; alſo, a great kettle; alſo, a kinde of moorish garment, or ſuch a Mantle as Iriſh Gentlewomen weare.*

Berné: m. ée: f. *Vanned, or winnowed, as corne; alſo, canvaſſed, or toſſed in a Sive; alſo, mocked, flouted, ridden, abuſed, jeaſted at.*

Il a eſté berne. *Hee hath beene ſoundly toſſed, throughly canvaſſed; (a phraſe moſt commonly applyed to an ignorant, or dull-headed fellow, that hath provoked a learned penne, or tongue, to fall aboard him.)*

Berner. *To vanne or winnow corne; alſo, to canvaſſe, or toſſe in a Sive; (a puniſhment inflicted on ſuch as commit groſſe abſurdities;) alſo to flout, mocke, deride, ride, abuſe, jeaſt, ſcoffe at.*

Bernie: f. *Rug; alſo, a mantle thereof.*

Berretin: m. *A little cap, or bonnet.*

Berröette: *A wheele-barrow.*

Bers. *as* Ber (vieil mot) *or, as* Barceau; *& Vandom.*

Bers de chariot. *The ſides, racks, or raiſes of a chariot, or waggon.*

Berſaut: m. *A Quintaine, or Whintaine, for countrey youths to run at.*

Berſé.

Berſé. *Rocked in a cradle. Seek* Bercé.
Il l'a ſi longuement berſé qu'il l'a endormy en ſon opinion. *He hath by his faire words, and long perſwaſions, layed aſleep his judgement, and won him to bee of his opinion.*
Berſeau. *A little cradle; or as* Berceau.
Berſer. *To rocke in a cradle; to ſhog, or ſwing up and downe.*
La teſte luy berſe en gondolle. *His head totters like a boat in a ſtorme.*
† Bertaudé: m. ée: f. *Curtalled; alſo, notched, or cut unevenly.*
† Bertauder. *To curtall a horſe; to cut off his eares and taile; alſo, to notch, or cut the haire unevenly.*
Berthe: f. *The name of a French queene, which was an excellent huſwife; whence the Proverbe,*
Au temps paſſé Berthe filoit. *The greateſt women did in old time ſpinne.*
Bertonneau. *A Bret or Turbot.* ¶ Norm.
Bertouder, *or* Bertourder. *as* Bertauder.
Bertouſer. *The ſame.*
Bertrand: m. *Bertrand (a proper name for a man)*
Os bertrand. *The ſhave-bone; or, the conjunction of the great bones which flank the ſides, and whereunto the thigh-bones are faſtened.*
Roy Bertrand. *The (little) Wren.*
Deſchauſſer Bertrand. *To bee drunke, mellow, cup-ſhotten; to whip the cat, ſhooe the gooſe, or ſee the devill.*
Qui aime Bertrand aime ſon chien; Pro. *Love me, love me dog.*
Beryl. *as* Beril.
Beſace: f. *A wallet, ſcrip, ſatchell, bag, pouch, or poake.*
Mettre à la beſace. *To begger, impoveriſh, undoe, overthrow the eſtate or fortunes of, turne out of houſe and harbour.*
Qui plus deſpend qu'il ne pourchaſſe il ne luy faut pas de beſace; Prov. *(Although the unthrift needs no pocket, yet may be, in good time, carry a wallet.)*
Beſacier: m. *The bag-bearer, or wallet-beaver of a begging, or beggerly company.*
Beſaguë: f. *A (double-tongued) mattocke.*
Beſanner. *To give leather a graine in dreſſing; or to dreſſe a ſheepes skinne like Spaniſh leather; alſo, as* Bazaner.
Beſant: m. *A Beſant; an ancient peece of golden coine (worth fifty pounds* Tourn.*) thirteene whereof the French Kings were accuſtomed to offer at the maſſe of their conſecration in* Rheims; *to which end* Henry *the ſecond (after ſome diſcontinuance of that cuſtome) cauſed the ſame number of them to be made, and called them* Byſantins; *but they were not worth above a double ducket the piece.*
Beſas. *Aumes-ace, on the dice.*
Beſch: m. *A South-weſt winde.* ¶ Rab.
Beſchage: m. *An opening, or digging up, of the ground (with a* Beſche.)
Beſche: f. *A ſpade.*
Beſché: m. ée: f. *Pecked, or picked at; alſo, digged, opened, or broken up, as the earth (by a* Beſche.)
Beſche-bois: m. *The bird called a Speight, Heigh-haw, or Wood-pecker.*
Beſchement: m. *A digging, opening, or breaking up of the earth; alſo, a pecking, or picking at.*
Beſcher. *To pecke, or picke, as a bird; alſo, to dig, open, or breake up the earth (with a* Beſche.)
Beſchevet: m. *as much as* Double chef, *or* Double chevet. *Look* Bechevet.
Beſcheur: m. *A digger, or delver; a labouring man.*
Beſeau: m. *That ſide of a loafe which in the oven clove to another loafe, and thereby wants cruſtineſſe.* (¶ Pariſien.)
Besfler. *as* Beffler.
† Beſiale champ. b. *A common field, ground, or paſture; a common. Looke* Boſialle.
Beſicles. *as* Beſycles; *a paire of Spectacles.*
Beſicelier. *A Spectacle-maker.*
Beſier: m. *The herbe Orage.*
Beſle: m. *as* Beiſle.
Beſmus: m. *A ſot, a doult, gull, woodcocke, lobcok, aſſe.*
Beſoche: f. *as* Hoyau. *Look* Bezoche.
Beſoing: m. *Need, neceſſity, want, or great uſe, of.*
Beſoing fait vieille trotter; Prov. *Need makes the old wife trot.*
Qui a beſoing de feu le cerche avec le doigt; Prov. *Looke* Feu.
Beſoing. *Needfull, behoofefull, expedient, neceſſary.*
Beſongnant. *Working, labouring, travelling; buſying himſelfe.*
Beſongne: f. *Worke, buſineſſe, an affaire; labour, travell.*
Beſongnes de nuict. *Ones night-geeve.*
Beſongne taillée. *Seek* Taillé.
Le temps des beſongnes. *Harveſt-time, reaping-time.*
Apres beſongne faitte le fol barguigne; Prov. *Wiſe men doe the worke, and fooles agree for it.*
Apres beſongne repos & denier; Pro. *Eaſe and wealth ſucceed labour. Seek* Denier.
Le pareſſeux aime bien beſongne faitte; Pro. *The ſluggard loves to finde his worke done to his hands.*
Nul ne fait ſi bien beſongne que celuy à qui elle eſt; Prov. *No man followes a buſineſſe ſo well as he to whom it belongs.*
Beſongné: m. ée: f. *Wrought, laboured, travelled in, buſied, occupied, fully employed.*
Beſongner. *To worke, labour, travell in; to buſie, occupie, uſe, or imploy throughly; alſo, to doe, or letcher with.*
A peu parler bien beſongner; Prov. *The moſt worke's done with feweſt words; or, the fewer words the more worke.*
Beſongnette: f. *A little worke, ſmall buſineſſe, triſling affaire.*
Beſot. *A dilling, or ſwill-pough; the laſt, or yongeſt childe one hath.*
Beſq. *as* viſe.
Beſquée. *as* Bechée.
Beſſe: f. *A ſhovell headed with iron; or as* Beſche.
Beſſieres: f. *The tiltings, dregs, or bottomes of low running wine, &c.*
Beſſon: m. *A twinne.*
Beſſon: m. Beſſonne: f. *Twin, twinlike, borne together, both of a birth.*
Amande beſſonne. *Two almonds in one ſhell.*
Beſtail. *Cattell. See* Beſtiail.
Beſte: f. *A beaſt; alſo, a ſot, luske, doult, lurdaine, loobie, block-head; heavy, or dull, fellow.*
Beſtes blanches. *Sheep, Goats, &c.*
Beſtes de compagnie. *Troops of wild Swine, conſiſting of the Sowes, and young Bores, who follow their dams untill they be about 18 months old.*
Beſte douce, ou fauve. *a fallow Deer, red-Deere, Roe, Goat; any harmleſſe game; (our huntſmen call the Buck, Doe, Rayndeere, Elke, Beare, Otter, and Martron, beaſts of the Chaſe of the ſweet foot.)*
Beſte legiere. *A Stag, Hind, Buck, Doe, Roe, Raydeer.*
Beſtes mordantes. *The Woolfe, Boare, Otter, Fox, &c.*
Beſte noire. *A wild Swine.*
Beſte puante. *A Fox, Otter, Badger, Polecat, &c. any vermine; (Our huntſmen call the Roe, Fox, Gray, Fulmart, Fitch, Polecat, Squirrell, and white Rat, beaſts of the Chaſe of the ſinking foot.)*
Beſte rouge. *as* Beſte douce; Beſte rouſſe; *the ſame.*
Beſtes de ſomme. *Horſes, Cammells, Moyles, Aſſes.*
Beſtes de voiture. *Carriers, or Cart-horſes; draught-horſes, or oxen; pack-horſes.*
Faire la beſte à deux dos enſemble. *To leacher.*
Prendre du poil de la beſte. *To take a remedy for a miſchiefe from that which was the cauſe thereof; as to go thin cloathed when a cold is taken; or in drunkenneſſe to fall a quaffing, thereby to recover health or ſobriety, neare unto which ſence our Ale-knights often uſe this phraſe, and ſay, Give us a haire of the dog that laſt bit us.*
Vivre en beſte. *Look* Vivre.
Bonne beſte a eſchauffe en mangeant; Prov. *We ſay, quick at meat, quicke at worke; or, he that eates a pace, commonly, workes a pace.*
Telle beſte telle teſte; Pro. *Look* Teſte.
C'eſt folie de ſe prendre aux femmes, & aux beſtes; Prov. *Tis but a folly to quarrell with women and beaſts.*
En vieille beſte n'y a point de reſſource; Prov. *Of an old beaſt there is no recoverie; when an old man runs into errors, or loſes the vigour of his ſpirit, there is no hope in him either of amendment, or of re-inforcement.*
Il faut avoir mauvaiſe beſte par douceur; Prov. *Look* Avoir.
Le loup ſçait bien que male beſte penſe; Prov. *One knave knowes well the thoughts, or ſhifts, of another.*
Beſteau: m. *as* Batail. *The clapper of a bell.*
Beſtelette. *A little beaſt.*
Beſtement. *Beaſtly, filthily; witleſſy; heartleſly; dully, heavily, luskiſhly, lurdaine-like.*
† Beſterie. *as* Beſtiſe.
Beſtiail; *or* Beſtial: m. *Beaſts, or cattell of any ſort; as Oxen, Sheep, &c.*
Beſtiail privé. *The beaſts which weſed, & put into the houſe a nights; tame cattell, as Oxen, Kine, Calves, Sheep, Hogs, &c.*
Beſtial: m. ale: f. *Beaſtly, filthy; ſenſuall; vicious, rude.*
Beſtialité: f. *Beaſtlines, filthines, ſenſuality, rudeneſſe.*

Beſtiole : f. *A little beaſt.*
Beſtion : m. *as* Beſtiole.
Beſtiſe : f. *Sottiſhneſſe, dulneſſe, blockiſhneſſe, want of ſpirit.*
Beſtocquer. *To ſtab, ſoyne, thruſt, give a ſtoccado unto ; (an old word.)*
Beſtourner. *To amaze, aſtoniſh, make dizzie ; (an old word.)*
Beſycle, *or* Beſycles : f. *Spectacles.*
Beſycliet : m. *A Spectacle-maker.*
† Beſyn. *Well-nigh whitled, almoſt drunk, ſomewhat over-ſeen. (v. m.)*
Bete. *Look* Bette.
Betelle : f. *A certaine Indian Sallate-herbe, that rembles the Gilli-flower plant ; or, baſtard Pepper, called among th'Indians* Betle, & Betre.
Betoine : f. *Betonie,* Sarxiphagon *(an herbe.)*
Betoine coronnaire, ou de couronnes. *The Clove Gilli-flower.*
Betoine ſauvage, *as* Armoires ; *Sweet Williams.*
Beton : m. Beeſt ; *the firſt milke a female gives, after the birth of her young one.*
Betoſne. *as* Betoine.
Betourne : com. *Dizzie, or giddy in the head. (v. m.)*
Betreſcher. *To trim, tackle, make tight, a ſhip, &c. alſo, to decke, adorne, trick up; ſet, ranke, or diſpoſe things orderly, or handſomely ; (an old word.)*
Bette : f. des bettes. *The hearbe* Beet, *or* Beets.
Bette blanche. *The common white Beet, or beſt kinde of* Beets.
Bette eſtrangere. *The Roman, or ſtrange, red* Beet.
Bette noire. *The blacke Beet, or worſt kinde of* Beets ; *(* Mathiolus *&* Dodoneus *call the common red* Beet, Beta nigra.*)*
Bette des prez. *as* Bette ſauvage.
Bette rouge. *The common red* Beet ; *alſo, as ;*
Bette Romaine. *The Roman, or ſtrange, red* Beet.
Bette ſauvage. *Herbe Pirola, Wintergreene, wild* Beets.
Bette-rave. *A kind of delicate red Parſenip, which boiled, yeelds a ſweet vermillion ſap.*
Bettes. Beets, *&c. (as before in* Bette ; *) alſo, tipling, ſipping, bowſing, quaffing ; & hence;*
Entrer en bettes. *To grow merry, or mellow in drinking ; or to fall a chattering, as goſſips doe when they have drunk hard together.*
Beturre : f. *A ſink-hole.*
Beu : m. beuë : f. *Drunke, bowſed, bibbed, tipled, ſwilled, quaffed ; ſucked up ; received, or ſoaked in.*
Apres beu dodo ; Pro. *After drinke reſt.*
Beuf : m. *An Oxe, a Beeſe ; Beefe. Looke* Bœuf.
Beuffroy : m. *A watch-tower, or high place fit for diſcovery. See* Beffroy.
Beufle : m. *A Buſle, bugle, or wilde oxe.*
Prendre vn beufle par le muſeau ; Pro. *To performe a hard, or hazardous, exploit.*
Beugler. *as* Bugler.
† Beur. moyne beur. *A lubberly Monke, or in ſtead of* Beuveur ; *a quaffing Monke.*
Beurate : f. *A Churne.*
Beurée. *The name of a very tender, and delicate Peare.*
Beurichon. *A Wren.*
Beuriere : f. *A Churne ; alſo, as,* Beurriere.
Beurre : m. *Butter.*
Bas de beurre. *Butter-milke.*
Tour de beurre. *One of the three famous towers of S.* Maries *Church in* Roan ; *built with the money that was payed by thoſe of that Dioceſſe, for a diſpenſation to eate butter in Lent.*
Vn Seigneur de beurre combat bien vn vaſſal d'acier. *A Proverbe expreſſing the great odds a Lord hath of his tenant.*
Beurrette : f. *A Churne.*
Beurroux : m. euſe : f. *Butterie ; fatty ; greaſie ; full of butter.*
Beurrier : m. *A butter-man.*
Beurrier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, butter.*
Vn pot beurrier. *A butter-pot.*
Beurriere : f. *A butter-woman.*
Beuvailler. *To drink exceſſively, or very often ; to ſwill, quaffe, tipple.*
Beuvande : f. *Small wine, houſhold wine, ſervants wine.*
Beuvereau : m. *A ſipper, a ſmall drunkard.*
Beuverie. *Exceſſive drinking, ſwilling, quaffing, bowſing, trolling of the bowle.*
Beuveron. *A river in the Province of* Solongne ; *called ſo, becauſe in Summer it is all drunke up by the earth ; alſo, a drench, or maſh for a horſe.*
Beuveter. *To drinke, to ſip, to ſup.*
Beuvette. *See* Buvette.
Beuveur : m. *A drinker, ſwiller, quaffer ; a toſſe-pot.*
Cela ſent ſon beuveur d'eau. *One may well diſcerne by that how ſtrict, ſpare, or poore, a diet he keeps ; or, that ſavours of a poore, or ſtarved ſpirit.*
Prodigue, & grand beuveur de vin, n'a du ſien ne four, ne moulin ; Prov. *The tipling unthrift keepes nor mill, nor oven.*
Beuvoire de Venus. *The fullers thiſtle, or tazle.*
Beuvrage : m. *Beverage, drink.*
Bezanne. *as* Bazane.
Bezant : m. *An ancient coine of gold. Looke* Beſant.
Bezans. *Beſants, in* Blaſon ; *(they muſt ever be round, whole, and of mettall.)*
Bezanté d'or. *Bezanted Or ; or, charged with Beſants ; a tearme of* Blaſon.
† Bezarder. *To dye.* ℣ Barrag.
Bezer. *A cow to runne up and downe holding up her taile, when the brizze doth ſting her.*
Bezet. Aller à Sainct Bezet. *To trot, gad, runne, or wander up and downe, like one that hath a brizze in his taile.*
Bezoard : m. *A Beazar-ſtone ; (breeds in the maw of the Goat called a Beazar.)*
Bezoche : f. *is, in ſome countreyes, the inſtrument of husbandry, termed in others,* Hoyau. *Look* Hoyau.
Bezole : f. *The name of a certaine fiſh, thats found (onely) in the Lake of* Geneva.
Biains. *as* Bians *(in* Anjou.*)*
Biais : m. *Byas, compaſſe, a ſlope, or ſloping.*
Biais paſſé. *(So doe workmen call) a gate, or doore made byas.*
Ie ne le prends pas de ce biais. *I meane it not this way, I take it not in this manner.*
Il ne s'y print pas de bon biais. *Hee went not the right way to worke ; he took not a right courſe in the matter.*
Biaiſant : m. ante : f. *Crooking, byaſing, ſloping, fetching a compaſſe.*
Biaiſement. *Crookingly, obliquely, bias-wiſe, aſlope, with a compaſſe.*
Biaiſer. *To crook, ſtand aſlope, fetch a compaſſe, go awry, make about ; or, as,* Bihayler.
Biaiſeure : f. *Slopeneſſe, byaſneſſe, compaſſe, obliqueneſſe, or obliquity.*
Bian, : m. *Daies-workes both of men, and beaſts, due unto landlords by all tenants (who are no gentlemen) within the County of* Poictou.
Biaque. *Ceruſe, or white lead, wherewith women paint.*
Biarn : m. *A white cloth of courſe wooll with interwoven ſtreakes of blew, whereof the Country people about* Languedoc *make cloaks.*
Biaut. *A kinde of Britiſh courſe garment, or jacket, worne looſe over other apparell.*
† Bibaille : f. *A preſent, fayring, New-yeares gift.*
Bibelots : m. *Huckle-bones ; or, the play at bucklebones.*
Biberon : m. *A tipler, quaffer, bibber, ſucke-ſpiggot ; alſo, an Ewer ; alſo, an inſtrument wherewith Surgeons draw milke from womens breaſts ; alſo, a tap, or faucet.*
Bibet : m. *A Gnat.* ℣ Norm.
Bibette : f. *A wheale, or bliſter.*
Bible : f. *A Bible.*
Bibliopole : m. *A Book-ſeller, or Stationer.*
Bibliotheque : f. *A Library.*
Biblot : m. *as* Bibelot ; *or a ſmall ſquare piece, in checker-worke, or whereof checker-worke is made.*
† Bibul : m. *The ſtalke of great Hemlocke, uſed by the Country people of ſome places in ſtead of a canne, or pot to drink in.*
† Bibule : f. *Blotting, or browne paper.*
Bicarne : m. *The great Verjuice-grape.*
Bichard : m. *A Hind-calfe ; or, a red Deer-calfe.*
Biche : f. *A Hind ; the female of a Stagge.*
Biche de mer. *as* Cabrole.
Pied de biche. *The gaſte of a Croſſe-bow ; or the end thereof.*
Il a mangé de la biche blanche. *Said of one that is light-witted, ſhittle-headed, giddy-brain'd.*
Bichecoter. *To leacher it.*
Bichecoterie : f. *A leacherous tricke, a laſcivious part ; ſirkerie, an odde pranke, or jerke, in whooriſme.*
Bichet : m. *A meaſure for corn, &c. holding about two Pariſian buſhels, or rather (according to th'uncertainty of meaſures) of no certaine ſcantling ; for in the countrey neare* Lyons *it weighes about 70 pound ; in other places but 54 ; and,*
Bichet de marrons. *(a ſack full of great Cheſtnuts) weighes but 36 pound.*
Bicheteau : m. *A little Hind-calfe.*
Bichette de Lyon. *The halfe of the* Bichet ; *or, a juſt buſhell of* Paris.
Bichot. *as* Bicheteau ; *alſo, a meaſure for corne uſed in* Burgundie, *and containing about five of their buſhells.*
Bichotterie ; *as* Bichecoterie.
Bicle ; *as* Bigle. ℣ Rab.

Bicoque :

Bicoque : f. *A little paltrie towne, hold, or fort ; not ſtrong enough to hold out a ſiege, nor ſo weake as to bee given up for words.*

Bicorne : com. *Double-horned, having two hornes.*

Bicornu : m. uë : f. *as* Bicorne.

Bicque : f. *A Goat ; or, as* Biche.

† Bidault de calebute ; *See* Bidet de, &c.

† Bidaulx : m. *Cowardly ſtraglers after an army ; or, as* Bidaux.

Bidaux. *Foot-men, Souldiers.* (veil mot.)

Bidenté. *Double-toothed ; that hath two teeth.*

Bidet : m. *A little nag, or curtall ; alſo, a ſmall Piſtoll.*

Bidet de culebute. Membre viril.

† Bidon : m. *A great cage, or open basket to keep, or feed, pulleine in.*

Bidonne : f. *A kinde of Sea Purſlane that growes in great plenty on the Venetian ſhores.*

† Biece : f. *A ſpade ; or as* Beche.

Biecer. *To digge, delve, or open the ground with a ſpade, or* Beſche.

Bien : m. *Wealth, ſubſtance, cheviſance, riches, poſſeſſions, goods ; a patrimony ; alſo, a benefit, pleaſure, favour, good office, or good turne ; alſo, goodneſſe, honeſty, vertue, ſincerity ; alſo, a good thing.*

Biens au ſoleil. *Lands, leaſes, houſes, cattell ; ſuch goods, or poſſeſſions as lie without doors.* *Look* Soleil.

Biens vacans. *Waiſes, ſtraies, wrecks ; a purſe, or treaſure found ; any land, or thing, that never had owner ; or hath been loſt, or abandoned by the owner.*

Gens de bien. *Honeſt, and (among ſouldiers) valiant people.*

Cela ſent ſon bien. *That is comely, ſeemly, decent, orderly, well done, even as it ſhould be.*

C'eſt du bien de vous. *This is of your courteſie or favour Sir.*

Bien perdu bien connu ; Prov. *Goods loſt good known ; we diſcern not the worth of things untill we bee deprived of them.*

Les biens de fortune paſſent comme la lune ; Prov. *Fortunes goods are flitting like the Moon.*

Vn bien acquiert l'autre ; Prov. *One good thing begets another.*

De bien commun on ne fait pas ſouvent monceau ; Prov. *Men often grow not rich by publick treaſure.*

Grand bien ne vient pas en peu d'heure ; Prov. *Great matters are not compaſt in a moment.*

Nul bien ſans haine ; Prov. *No good thing ungrudged at.*

Quand les biens viennent les corps faillent ; Prov. *When goods encreaſe, the body decreaſes ; moſt men ere they grow rich are old.*

Qui le bien voit, & le mal prend, fait folie en bon eſcient ; Prov. *He that diſcernes the good, and chuſes the bad, merits a bable.*

De gens de bien vient tout bien ; Prov. *From good men comes all goodneſſe.*

Les gens de bien ſont touſiours bien, ont touſiours bien, ſont touſiours bien ; Prov.

Dieu donne biens, & bœuf, mais ce n'eſt pas par la corne ; Pro. *Look* Bœuf.

On doit dire du bien le bien ; Prov. *Of good things we muſt give good words.*

Bien. adverb. *well, good, right, content ; fitly, aptly, commodiouſly, fully ; throughly ; in good caſe, with good reaſon, as it ſhould be.*

Bien de par Dieu. *On then ; to it I pray you ; in Gods name be it.*

Bien à faire. *Much to doe.*

Bien au net. *Exactly, perfectly.*

Bien que. *Although, albeit that ; ſuppoſe, or put the caſe that.*

Auſſi bienne faites vous rien. *For, or becauſe, you doe no good in it.* ℣ Rab.

Et bien. *Well then, agreed, I will then ; alſo (interrogatively) Will you ? what mean you ? what ſay you ? what do you purpoſe to doe ?*

Ou bien. *Or elſe, otherwiſe,*

Que bien que mal. *Indifferently, reaſonably, ſo ſo, one way or other ; I know not how.*

Eſtre bien enſemble. *To agree well, to be good friends.*

Il leur print bien que. *They had good lucke, they might thanke God, or, it fell out well for them, that.*

Cela ſent ſon bien. *That is comely, ſeemly, decent, orderly, well done, even as it ſhould be.*

Bien a crié là loup qui ſa proye reſcoulx ; Prov. *He complaines to ſome purpoſe that recovers what he complaines for.*

Bien a en ſa maiſon qui de ſes voiſins eſt aimé ; Pro. *He lives well at home that is beloved abroad.*

Bien courroucé de peu pleure ; Pro. *He that is angry throughly ſheds few teares.*

Bien de la place part qui ſon ami y laiſſe ; Prov. *He fitly leaves his room that leaves a friend in't.*

Bien pouſſé longuement chancelle ; Prov. *Look* Chanceller.

Qui bien aime chaſtie ; Prov. *He that loves throughly, puniſhes throughly ; or, hee that loves well, paies home when he puniſhes.*

Qui bien aime tard oublie ; Pro. *Seeke* Aimer.

Qui bien eſt ne ſe bouge ; Pro. *He that's well bad beſt hold him ſo ; or, let not things fitly placed be removed.*

Qui bien fera bien trouvera ; Pro. *He that does well ſhall ſpeed well.*

Qui bien gaigne, & bien eſpargne devient tantoſt riche ; Pro. *He that gets much, and ſpares much, will ſoon be rich.*

Qui bien tire deux en a ; Prov. *Looke* Tirer.

Qui bien veut mourir bien viue ; Pro. *He that would die well had need to live well.*

Qui bien veut parler bien doit pourpenſer ; Prov. *Look* Pourpenſer.

Qui bien veut payer bien ſe doibt obliger ; Prov. *Hee that meanes to pay truely gives good ſecurity.*

Biendiſance : f. *Eloquence, well-ſpeaking.*

Bien-en-allée : f. *A farewell.* ℣ Pariſien.

Bienfaict : m. *A benefit, good turn, pleaſure, kindneſſe, favour.*

Bienfaict n'eſt iamais perdu ; Pro. *One never loſes by doing courteſies.*

Bienfaicteur. *A benefactor ; a beneficiall friend ; one that doth a good turne ; or great pleaſure.*

† Bienheuré. *Happy, proſperous, fortunate.*

Bienheurer. *To make happy, proſperous, fortunate.*

† Bienheureté : f. *Bleſſednеſſe, happineſſe, felicity, proſperity.*

Bienheureux : m. euſe : f. *Happy, fortunate, proſperous, bleſſefull, bleſſed.*

Bien-public : m. *The Common-wealth ; alſo, a faire title given to a foule rebellion of the Earle of Charrolois, and other French Lords, againſt* Lewis *the eleventh.*

Biens. *Looke* Bien.

Bienſeamnient. *Comely, agreeably, well-beſeemingly, with good correſpondencie.*

Bienſeance : f. *A comelineſſe, becomming, ſeemlineſſe, agreeablineſſe ; alſo, congruity, correſpondency.*

Eſtre à la bienſeance de. *To lie fit for ; as land, &c.*

Bienſeant : m. ante : f. *Comely, ſeemly, agreeable, well-beſeeming, well-becomming ; alſo, congruous, or correſpondent ; beſitting, or well fitting.*

Bienveigner. *To welcome, receive gladly, entertaine kindly.*

† Bienvenement : m. *A welcome, or welcomming.*

† Bienvienner. *To welcome. as* Bienveigner.

Bienvenuë : f. *A welcome, hence,* Payer ſa bienvenuë. *To pay his welcome, as ſchollers doe at their firſt entrance, or admiſſion into a ſchoole.*

Bienvoulu : m. uë : f. *Well-beloved, well thought of, exceedingly well-liked.*

Bienvueillance : f. *Favour, good liking, hearty good will.*

Bienvueillant : m. ante : f. *Well-willing, favourable, courteous, friendly, bearing good will, or affection unto.*

Biere : f. *A coffin for a dead corps ; alſo, the drinke, Beere.*

Aujour d'uy en chere, demain en biere ; Pro. *To day a man, to morrow none ; (ſay we.)*

Au cerf la biere, au ſanglier le barbier ; Pro. *(For thoſe beaſts hard layed too, lay hard about them.)*

Biés. *Byas ;* *Look* Biais.

Bieure : m. *The beaſt called a Beaver ; alſo, the water-horſe ; alſo a kind of gooſe-like water-fowle, that ſpoiles much fiſh, and is but very courſe meat.*

En petite eau ſouvent on trouve grand bieure ; Prov. *Great worth is often found in things of ſmall appearance.*

Biez ; *as* Biais. *Bias.*

Bife. *A counterfeit jewell ; alſo, as* Biffe.

Bifé : m. ée : f. *Raſed, defaced, blotted, or put out.*

Biferment : m. *A raſing, defacing, blotting, or wiping out.*

Biffe : m. *A foole, aſſe, doult, woodcock, cocecombe, ninny-hammer ; alſo, as* Bife ; *or one that ſeems, or would ſeem wiſe, and yet is, and ever will be, fooliſh.*

Biffer. *To deface, blot, raſe, wipe out.*

Bifferie : f. *A defacing, raſing, wiping, or blotting out ; alſo, any thing, that though it look faire, is of little worth.*

Biffeure : f. *A raſing, defacing, or blotting out :*

Biforme : com. *Double-formed ; that hath, or is of, two ſeverall formes, or ſhapes.*

Biformité : f. *Biformity, double forme, a duple or two-fold ſhape.*

Bifourché : m. ée : f. *Double-forked ; divided into, or conſiſting of, two (forked) parts.*

Bifre : m. *as* Bievre.

Biforcation : f. *A biforcation ; a forking,*

a forked partition, diviſion, or ſeame.

Bigame. m. *Twice married, who hath had two wives.*

Bigarré : m. ée: f. *Diverſified, varied, mingled, of many colours, of ſundry hues, motley-like.*

Oeil bigarré. *Look* Oeil.

Bigarreans. *A kinde of cherries, which bee halfe white, halfe red.*

Bigarrement : m. *A variation, or diverſifying, as in colours.*

Bigarrément. *Diverſly, of ſundry colours, motley-like.*

Bigarrer. *To diverſifie, vary, mingle, or make of ſundry colours.*

Bigarrer ſes propos. *To diſcourſe of divers and ſundry matters at once; or, to run odly, and fantaſtically, from one matter unto another.*

Bigarreure : f. *Varietie, or diverſitie, as of ſundrie colours mingled together.*

Bigarruge : f. *Motley colour.* (v. m.)

Bigaut : m. *An aſſe, foole, noddie, ninnie, or, as* Bigot.

Bigearre, *or* Bigerre : com. *Odde, humorous, fantaſticall.*

Bigearrement. *Odly, humorouſly, fantaſtically*

Bigearrer. *as* Bigarrer.

Bigearrure. *as* Bigarreure; *alſo, admiſſe of humour, fantaſticalneſſe.*

Bigerrerie : f. *A differrnce, or varietie of colours, faſhions, or opinions, in one ſubject; alſo, fantaſticalneſſe, or odneſſe, of humour.*

Biglo : com. *Skeuning, ſquinting, looking aſkew, or nine wayes at once.*

Biglement. *Squintingly, skewingly, askew.*

Biglesſe : f. *A ſquinting wench.*

Bigne : f. *A bumpe, knob, riſing, or ſwelling after a knocke.*

Bigne : com. *Club-footed, or crump-footed.*

Bignets : m. *Little round loaves, or lumpes made of fine meale, oile, or butter, and raiſons; buaves, Lenten-loaves; alſo, flat fritters made like ſmall pancakes.*

Bignoter. *as* Binoter.

Bigotne. *A Smiths anvile having two horn-like nooks, or corners.*

Bigorneau. *A Periwincle; or, as* Nerite; (B reton.

Bigornet. *as* Bigorneau.

Bigot. *(An old Norman word (ſignifying as much as,* De par Dieu; *or our, for Gods ſake) made good French, and ſignifying) an hipocrite, or, one that ſeemeth much more holy than he is; alſo, a ſcrupulous, or ſuperſtitious fellow.*

Bigotage : m. *Hipocriſie, bolineſſe onely in ſhew; alſo, ſcrupulous curioſitie, ſuperſtitious devotion.*

Bigotation. *as* Bigotage, *or* Bigotiſe.

Bigotie; *or,* Bigotiſe : f. *Hipocriſie; ſuperſtition, too much curioſity, or ſcruple of Conſcience.*

Bigotte. Chauſſes à la bigotte. *Cloſe, or ſtrait venitians tied below the knee; Prieſts breeches.*

Bigotté : m. ée : f. *Turned bipocrite, or, made full of ſcruple.*

Bigotter. *To make ſuperſtitious, to fill with bipocriſie; or, to infect with too much ſcruple of conſcience.*

Biguarruge. *as* Bigarruge.

Bihay. de bihay. *Bias, awry, crooking, obliquely, aſlope, with a compaſſe. Look* Bias.

Bihayſer. *To crooke; to goe by bias, fetch a compaſſe, ſtand aſlope, turne away; alſo, to place Bias, put compaſſe, make aſlope, ſet awry.*

Bihore. *A word, or voice wherewith French carters haſten on their horſes.*

Bihoreau : m. *A kind of little Heron, which haunteth rocks, and hilly places, and hath a peake of feathers falling backward on the hinder part of his head.*

Bijon. : m. *Liquid rozen; tarre.*

Bile : f. *Choller, gall; anger, fretfulneſſe; melancholy intermixed with choller.*

† Bilieux : m. euſe : f. *Angry, chollericke, teaſty, full of gall, full of rancor.*

† Billard. *as* Billart.

† Billard. pied billard. *A ſplay-foot.*

† Billardier : m. ere: f. *Baker-legg'd; that hath crooked legs, or goes in at the knees.*

Billart : m. *A ſhort and thicke truncheon, or cudgell; hence, the cudgell in the play at trap; and, a billard, or the ſticke wherewith we touch the ball at billyards; alſo, a baker-legd fellow.*

Bille : f. *A ſmall bowle, or billyard ball; alſo, a young ſtocke of a tree to graft on; alſo, a lingot, wedge, or gad of mettall; alſo, money, coine, chinkes; (Baragouïn) alſo, a kinde of Sea-fiſh, that hath a white line running along from her gills to her tail; otherwiſe reſembling a Pearch.*

Danſer en bille. *To dance very luſtily.*

Ce n'eſt bille pareille. *This is no even match; the coine is not of like allay.*

Cela courra bille pareille. *That ſhall run the ſame courſe, undergoe the ſame hazard; that ſhall taſte, or be partaker, of whatſoever betides the other.*

Billebarré : m. ée : f. *Croſſe-barred.*

Billeboquet : m. *A cord, or line, (having at either end, and in the middle, a ſticke faſtened unto it) wherewith Gardeners meaſure their beds, and borders; alſo, a Bob; a bullet hanging by a line from the middle of a ſticke bollowed at the one end, or both, for the receiving thereof.*

Biller. *To play at billyards; alſo, to faſten the rope of a boat to the wood which runs overcroſſe the hams of the horſes that are to draw it.*

Billeron. la Maille billeron. *Looke* Maille.

Billet. *A little bill, note, or ticket (ſtuck up on a poſt, or doore;) as* Etiquet.

Billette : f. *A billet of wood; alſo, a little bowle, ſomewhat longer than an ordinary one; alſo, a paſſage-toll, or through-toll; ſo called of a little log that's hung on a tree for a ſigne, or give warning thereof.*

Billettes d'une eſpieu. *Croſſe barres of Iron, or ſteele, ſomewhat above the head of a boare ſpeare, to keep it from running too farre, and thereby the beaſt from coming too neare him that aſſailes him.*

Bille-vezées : f. *Traſh; trifles, toyes, riſles.*

Billion : m. *A million of millions.*

Billion : m. *A twig, or ſtoute of a full years growth; alſo, baſe, cryed downe, or called in, coine, which either hath no ſilver in it, or not ſo much as it ſhould have; alſo, the mettall whereof baſe coine is made; whence;* Monnoye de billon *is alſo termed,* Monnoye de billon; *and the ſilver that hath above a ſixt part of Empirance, or allay in it, is held no better than billon.*

Billonnage : m. *A melting, or making of* Billon; *alſo, (more particularly) a changing of one piece of coine for another, or of one kinde of coine into another; an unauthoriſed altering, melting, or imbaſing of coine.*

Billonné : m. ée : f. *Melted, or made into,* Billon; *alſo, changed, as a bad piece of coine for a good one, or, as a good one into a bad one; altered, melted, and (in the melting) imbaſed, as coine (without warrant for it.)*

Billonnement : m. *as* Billonnage.

Billonner. *To make of, or melt into,* Billon; *alſo, (more particularly) to change a bad piece of coine for a good one, or a good one into a bad one; to alter, melt, and (in the melting) to imbaſe, the Kings coine, without any warrant for it.)*

Billonneur : m. *An ordinary melter of coine, or mettall into* Billon; *alſo, a changer of bad coine for good, or of good into bad; one that without authority, and to make a gaine to himſelfe, alters, or melts, and (in melting) imbaſes, coine.*

Billos. *Certaine impoſts levied upon wines:* ¶ Breton.

Billot : m. *A billet, block, or log (of wood;) alſo, a wedge, lingot, or lumpe (of mettall;) alſo, as* Piece à pommette.

Homme neuf, & de billot. *A rude or unfaſhioned, a raw, or unexperienced fellow.*

Bimauve : f. *The marſh-mallow, moriſh-mallow, white-mallow.*

Bimauve ſauvage, *Mouſe-mallow, wild-mallow, vervine-mallow, cut-mallow, Simons-mallow.*

† Bimbeloté : m. ée: f. *Furniſhed with paultry ware, or pedling-ſtuffe.*

† Bimblotier : m. *A paultrie Pedler, or, as* Brimblotier.

Binage : m. *as* Binement.

Binaire. nombre binaire. *The number of two.*

Binarchie. *The joynt rule, or equall authority, of two Princes in one country.*

Binart. m. *A wry-necke-fellow.*

Biné : m. ée: f. *Digged, laboured, or weeded as a vine; turned up as the ground in a vineyard, the ſecond time.*

Binement : m. *A labouring, digging, or grubbing up of weeds, &c. the ſecond work done in vineyards, as ſoone as the vines have branched, and put forth their cluſters.*

Biner. *To labour, or turne up, the ground; to dig or grub up weeds, &c. in vineyards, the ſecond time; (eſpecially in May, when commonly the vines have put forth.)*

Bineur : m. *A labourer, digger, turner up, of the ground, grubber of weeds, in vineyards.*

Bingu. *Troubled, moleſted, vexed:* ¶ Gaſcon.

Binoire. *as* Biſnoire.

Binotage : m. *The ſecond tilth, earing, or digging of ſoile.*

Binotement : *as* Binotage.

Binoter. *To till, eare, dig, land, or vineyards, the ſecond time.*

Binotis : *as* Binotage.

Bios. *God :* ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.

Bipartient. *Parting, or dividing into two.*

Bipedal : m. ale : f. *Double-footed; alſo, two foot long, or wide.*

Biquoquet : m. *The peake of a Ladies mourning-hood.* (v. m.)

Birer. *as* Virer : ¶ Gaſc.

Birraſque:

Birraſque: f. *A high-going ſea, or tempeſt at ſea, cauſed by whirle-winds, and accompanied with guſts of raine.*

Bis: m. biſe: f. *Browne, duskie, ſwart, blackiſh.*
Pain bis. *Rye-bread, courſe-bread, brown-bread.*
Pierre biſe. *Look* Pierre.
Roche biſe. *A hard, and blewiſh rocke, or quarrey, of ſtone.*
Ou à bis, ou à blanc. *By hooke or by crook, one way or another.*

Biſacquier: m. *A ſcrip-carrier, or wallet-bearer.*

Biſaguë. *as* Beſaguë.

Biſantin. *as* Beſant: *So tearmed of* Byſantium, *or* Conſtantinople, *where it was firſt currant, as it is alſo at this day in moſt parts of* Aſia.

Biſarme: f. *as* Guiſarme.

Biſayeul: m. *A great great grandfather.*

Biſblanc. *Wheaten, or cheat-bread.*

Biſcantine: f. *Drink made of Bullas, or ſloes.*

Biſcapit. *is (among Exchequer men) a double imployment of one ſumme, in an account, &c.*

Biſcaye: f. *A vantage at Tennis.*

Biſchard. *A fawne, or hind-calfe.*

Biſchet. *as* Bichet.

† Biſclant. *Squinting, looking askew.*

† Biſcle. *as* Bigle.

Biſcoter. *To ſwive.*

Biſcuit: m. *A biſket; biſket-bread.*
S'embarquer ſans biſcuit. *To goe abroad without biſket; to enter into an action without ſufficient proviſion; to undertake that which hee wants meanes, or ability, to performe.*
Manger avec vne faim de biſcuit. *To eat very greedily.*

Biſcuteau: m. *Small, or fine biſket-bread.*

Biſe: f. *A North-winde.*
Biſe traverſe. *A North-weſt, or North-Eaſt wind.*

Biſe: f. *A delicate Italian fruit that reſembles the* Naveau.

Biſe. *(The feminine of* Bis; *)* *Look* Bis.

Biſeau: m. *A bevile, beveling, or ſcuing; ſuch a ſlopeneſſe, or ſlope forme, as is in the point of an yron leaver, chizle, &c.*
Le bord de la foſſe ſe ravallera en biſeau. *Shall be made ſcarfing.*

Biſet. *as* Bizet.

Biſeté: m. ée: f. *Wrought, or ſtript with plate, as ſome kinde of ſtuffes be.*

Biſette: f. *Plate (of gold, ſilver, or copper,) wherewith ſome kinds of ſtuffes are ſtripped.*

Biſexte: m. *The Biſext, or leap yeare; which comes by one day added in four yeare.*

Biſner. *as* Biner.

Biſneur. *as* Bineur.

Biſnoire: f. *A grubbing-forke, or grubbing-axe; a forked, or double-tongued mattock, or pick-axe.*

Biſon: m. *The Biſon; a kind of hulch-backt, rough-maned, broad-faced, and great-eyed, wild-Oxe, that will not be taken as long as hee can ſtand, nor tamed after hee is taken.*

Biſongne. *as* Biſon; *Alſo, a filthie knave, or clowne; a raskall, biſonian, baſe humored ſcoundrell.*

Biſoüart: m. *A paultrie Pedlar, who in a long pack, or maund (which he carries, for the moſt part open, and (hanging from his necke) before him) hath Almanackes, Bookes of newes, or other triſling ware to ſell.*

Biſque: f. *A fault, at Tennis.*

Biſac: m. *A wallet.*

Biſſe: f. *An adder.*
Manier en biſſe. *as* Serpeger; *When a horſe manages as an adder goes, wrigling, wagling, or gliding.*

Biſſeſtre. *Ill luck; (from* Biſsexte, *which is held unluckie.)*

Biſsexte: m. *The Biſſext; the leap yeare; or one day added in foure yeare.*

Biſsines. *Silken-words, ſpruce tearmes.*

Biſsole: f. *as* Bizole.

Biſtarde: f. *The great bird called, a Buſtard.*

Biſtorie: f. *A kinde of crooked, ſharp-pointed, and double-edged launcet, uſed by Chirurgians in th'opening of ſores, &c.*

Biſtorié: m. ée: f. *Crooked, hooked, boughtie, awrie.*

Biſtorin. *as* Biſtorie.

† Biſtorte: f. *Biſtort, Britannica, Snakeweed, Paſhions, Oiſterloit.*
Biſtorte grande. *Female-Adderwort, or Snakeweed.*
† Biſtorte petite. *Male-Adderwort, or Oiſterloit, ſmall Snakeweed.*

Biſtortier: m. *A rolling pinne, or peſtle of wood.*

Bite: f. *The herb called Beets; Look* Bete.
Prendre du potage de la bite. *To take in ſome oyle of man; to doe that a maid ſhould not doe.*

Bites: f. *The bits; two great woodden pegs whereto the cable is faſtned when an anker is let fall.*

Bitume: m. *Bitumen, held by ſome to be a faſt, and clammie earth, tome, or clay, ſomewhat reſembling pitch, and of the nature of brimſtome, by others, (more probably) a fat skum, or foame driven by the wind, and waves, on the banks of the Paleſtinian lake,* Maré Mortuum; *whence commeth onely the beſt (for other waters alſo yield Bitumen) though very rarely: Our ordinary ſhop Bitumen is but a compoſition of Pitch, Petriolum, and ſome other ſuch like ſimples, howſoever Apothecaries would make men believe it is the Paleſtinian Bitumen (*ſ Machiolus.*)*
Bitume Apollonien. *Apollonian Bitumen (inferiour to the Paleſtinian) is alſo, the foame of a certaine water, that's neere unto the city* Apollonia *(now* Valonia) *in* Epirus.

Bitumineer. *To annoint, beſmeare, or mingle with Bitumen.*

Bitumineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Bitumen; alſo, glewie, ſlimie, clammie, faſt-cleaving, as Bitumen.*
Treffle bitumineux. *Clover-gentle, Treacle-Clover, Pitch-Trefoyle; ſmoking-Trefoyle.*

Bivet. faire bivet. *To take the end of a low-burnt candle out of the ſocket, and with a drop of tallow make it ſtick upon the edge of the candleſticke neere.*

† Bizarderies: f. *Fantaſticall trickes, odde parts, humorous pranks; alſo, traſh, niſſes, toyes.*

Bizarre: com. *Fantaſticall, toyiſh, odde, humorous, giddie-headed, ſelfe-conceited, haire-brain'd; alſo, divers, or diverſified in faſhion, or in colour; and hence;*

Habillement bizarre. *A garment of motley, or of ſundrie colours, diſtinguiſhed by ſeverall pieces.*

Bizarrément. *Odly, fantaſtically; of ſundrie faſhions, of divers colours.*

Bizarrerie: f. *Fantaſticalneſſe, toyiſhneſſe, humorouſneſſe; alſo, a conceited toy, an odde pranke, a fantaſticall trick.*

Bizarreure: f. *Diverſity of colours, or faſhion in one ſubject.*

Bizart. *as* Bizarre.

Bize. *as* Biſe. *The North-wind; alſo a kind of ſmall Tunny, or fiſh like a Tunny.*

Bizeau d'vne pinſe de fer. *The ſloping point, end, or tongue of an yron leaver.* *Look* Biſeau.

Bizet: m. *A kind of ſmall Stockdove, or Queeſt, reſembling a Partridge, but much worſe meat.*

Bladier: m. *A Marchant, or Ingroſſer of corne.*

Bladier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, corne.*

Blaffard: m. arde: f. *Pale, wanne, lew, bleak of colour, of a decayed hue.*
Oeil blaffard. *Look* Oeil.

Blaffaſtre: com. *Somewhat pale, wanne, or decayed in colour.*

Baier. Seigneur blaier. *The Land-lord that may ſeaſure all ſuch ſorreiners; as turne their cattell into the waſt grounds, or vaines paſtures, belonging unto his Lordſhip; which without his permiſſion (payed for) they ought not to have done.*

Blaime: com. *Pale, wanne, bleake, whitiſh, dead coloured.*

Blaimeur: f. *Paleneſſe, wanneſſe, bleakneſſe; a dead, or whitiſh colour.*

Blaimir. *To wax pale, bleake, wan, white.*

Blaireau: m. *A Badger, Gray, Boaſon, Brocke.*

Blairie. Droict de blairie. *A Lords power to fine any ſorreiners, that turne their cattell into the vaines paſtures of his Manner, without his leave, and permiſſion; or as in* Blaytie.
Païs de blairie. *A corne country; a country abounding in corne, or that hath great ſtore of corne growing in it.*

Blanc: m. *A blanke, white, whiteneſſe, or white thing; the white, or marke of a paire of buts; a blanke of paper; a blanke in a lotterie; alſo, whitelime, or whiting for wals, &c. alſo, the haſſe of a Sol. a piece of money which wee call alſo, a blanke; alſo, the whiter ſide of a ſkinne of parchment; or, that ſide which clove to the fleſh.*
Blanc de chapon, perdris, &c. *The brawn of a Capon, &c.*
Blanc d'eau. *The white water-Lilly, water-Roſe, white Nenuphar.*
Blanc d'Eſpaigne. *Ceruſe, or white Lead, wherewith women paint.*
Blanc de plomb. *The ſame.*
Blanc de Pouille. *The ſame.*
Grand blanc. *Is worth a Sol, or two ordinary ones.*
Allayé au blanc. Or allayé au blanc. *Gold allayed with ſilver.*
Armer à blanc. *To arme with white, and compleat armour.*
Ou à bis, ou à blanc. *By hooke, or by crooke, by right or by wrong, one way or another.*
Celuy qui n'a point de blanc en loeil.

The

The devill; *alſo*, *a cleane Gentleman*; *one that hath never a croſſe to bleſſe him with.*

Mettre à blanc. *To ſtrip into his ſhirt*; *to riſle of*, *or turne out of*, *all.*

Mette haut le blanc à la butte. *To hold a vendible thing at a high rate*; *alſo*, *to propound unto one a matter*, *which is above his reach*, *or capacitie.*

Toucher au blanc. *To ſtrike the white*; *to hit the naile on the head.*

Blanc: m. Blanche: f. *White*; *alſo*, *hoarie.*

Blanc bois. *Box*, *Poplar*, *Aſpe*, *Alder*, *and other ſuch trees*, *whoſe wood is no timber.*

Bois blanc. *Privet*, *Pimpriut*: ❡ Lionnois.

Blancs yeux. gens aux blancs yeux. *Cowards*, *daſtards*, *faint-hearted*, *white-livered*, *meale-mouthed fellowes.*

Carte blanche. *A blank.* See Carte.

Dimanche de blanches. *Palmes-Sunday.*

Eſpée blanche. *A naked*, *or unſheathed* (*alſo*, *a blandleſſe*, *or peaceable ſword*;) *whence*;

Cela ne ſe fait point à l'eſpée blanche. *That thing's not done without ſound bobs*, *or bloudwipes.*

Fievres blanches. *The Agues wherewith maidens*, *that have the green ſickneſſe*, *be troubled.*

Fleurs blanches. *The Whites* (*a feminine diſeaſe.*)

Iournée blanche. *A holy-day*, *or play-day.*

Ligne blanche. *The lower part of the bellie where the muſcles thereof doe end* (*a tearme of Anotomy.*)

Menton blanc. (*whence*) la vertu ne fut iamais à menton blanc. *Never had white*, *or hoarie chin*, viz. *never decayed*, *or grew old.*

Monnoye blanche. *White money*; *coyne of braſſe*, *or copper*, *ſilvered over.*

Nihil blanc. *Seek* Nihil.

Oeuvre blanche. *The making of all kinde of yron tooles*, *as wedges*, *bedging bils*, *hatchets*, *&c. wherewith wood is cut.*

Pieds blancs. Il a les pieds blancs. *Hee paſſes every where freely*, *or without paying ought*, (*from a cuſtome they have in France*, *to take no toll for ſuch horſes as have foure white feet.*)

C'eſt le cheval aux quatre pieds blancs. *May from the ſame reaſon beare the ſame ſignification*; *yet is it moſt uſed to expreſſe*, *a Companion that promiſes much*, *and performes nought*; *or ſuch a one as fails his friend at a pinch*; (*Look* Cheval.)

Pomme blanche. *A pale-apple.*

Solz, ou livres blancs. *As before*, *in* Monnoye blanche. *Silver-ſous*, *or two ſhilling pieces of ſilver.*

Tunique blanche. *One of th'eyes principle tunicles*; *comes from th'inner skinne of th'eye lids*, *imbraces all the eye*, *and binds it unto the parts that be about it.*

Blanc-doux. *A white ſweeting*; (*an apple whereof excellent cyder is made.*)

Blance: f. *White-wheat*, *ſquare eared wheat.*

Blanchards: m. *An order of Friers*, *who go ordinarily in white ſheets*, *and weare neither hats*, *nor ſhoes.*

Blanchaſtre: com. *Whitely*, *whitiſh*; *pale*, *wan*, *ſomewhat white*, *inclining to white.*

Blanche: f. *as* Blance; *Alſo*, *the Queene Dowager*, *ſo called of the people of* France, *becauſe ſhe ever mourned in white*; *a faſhion altered at the funerall of* Henrie *the ſecond by the late Queen-Mother*; *alſo*, *whiting*, *or white linning.*

Des blanches. *A kinde of the fiſh*, *called Bleaks.*

Blanche d'aigneaux. *white lamme*, *or white budge.*

Blancheaſtre. *as* Blanchaſtre.

Blanche-puce. *The Sea ground-Pine* (*a whitiſh herbe.*)

Blanche-putain. *The herbe Rank-goat*, *or ſtinking Motherwort.*

Blanche-pute. *as* Blanche-puce.

Blanche-queuë. *The rauenous Kite*, *called*, *a Ringtaile.*

Blanchet: m. *A blanket for a bed*; *alſo*, *white woollen-cloth*; *alſo*, *a peticote thereof*; *alſo*, *the apple called*, *a white ſweeting.*

Blanchet: m. ette: f. *Whitiſh*, *or*, *a little white.*

Blanchette: f. *Fine white flower of wheat.*

Blancheur: f. *Whiteneſſe.*

Blanchi: m. ie: f. *Blanched*, *whited*, *whitened*; *alſo*, *ſorted*, *or ſhifted*, *with cleane linnen.*

Blanchiment. *as* Blanchiſſage.

Blanchir. *To blanch*, *white*, *whiten*, *make white*; *alſo*, *to whiten*, *or grow white*; *alſo*, *to ſort*, *ſuite*, *or ſhift*, *with cleane linnen.*

Blanchiſſage: m. *A whitening*; *a whiting*, *or white-liming*; *a pargetting white*; *alſo a blanching.*

Blanchiſſeur: m. *A white dauber*, *or white limer*; *alſo*, *a whitener of clothes.*

Blanchiſſeuſe: f. *A Laundreſſe*, *or woman that uſes to whiten clothes.*

Blancque: f. *A blank in riſling*, *or*, *in a lotterie*; *and hence*;

Ieu de la Blanque. *A riſling*, *or lotterie.*

Blancs-manteaux. *White cloakes*; *an order of begging Friers.* *Look* Manteau.

Blanculet: m. *A whittaile*; *or bird of her bigneſſe*, *that's very fat*, *and very good meat.*

Blande: f. *A Salamander*; *called ſo of her ſlow*, *or ſoft*, *gate.*

Blandi: m. ie: f. *Blandiſhed*, *flattered*, *ſoothed*, *ſmoothed*, *glozed with*, *fawned on*; *allured*, *inveagled with faire words.*

Blandices f. *Soothings*, *flatterings*, *blandiſhments*; *allurements*, *inticements.*

Blandir. *To blandiſh*, *flatter*, *ſooth*, *gloſe with*, *fawne on*, *make faire weather unto*, *pleaſe*, *delight*, *or tickle the affection with faire words*; *alſo*, *to inveagle*, *allure*, *intice*, *by gentle tearmes or means.*

Blandiſſant. *Soothing*, *ſmoothing*, *glozing with*, *pleaſing*, *flattering*, *fawning on*; *inveagling*, *alluring*, *inticing*, *with faire words.*

Blandiſſement: m. *A blandiſhment*; *a ſoothing*, *ſmoothing*, *tickling of the mind*, *and affection*, *with tearmes of flatterie*; *a clawing*, *a glozing with*; *an inveagling*, *alluring*, *inticing by faire words.*

Blandiſſeur: m. *A blandiſher*, *gloſer*, *soother*, *ſmoother*, *flattering-ſycophant*, *or claw-backe*; *alſo*, *an allurer*, *inticer*, *inveagler* (*by words*, *&c.*)

Blandureau: m. *The white apple*, *called* (*in ſome part of* England) *a Blaundreth.*

Blanque. *as* Blancque.; *Alſo*, *a coyne that's worth about a penie* Tour.

Blanquet. *A kinde of the beſt white wine of* Languedoc.

Blanquette. *The name of a delicate white Summer peare.*

Blaphard, & Blaphaſtre. *as* Blaffard; & Blaffaſtre.

Blareau. *as* Blaireau.

Blaſmable: com. *Blamable*, *rebukeable*, *reproveable*; *worthy to be cenſured*, *or found fault with.*

Blaſme: m. *Blame*, *rebuke*, *a checke*; *a cenſure*; *a reproofe*, *chiding*, *reprehenſion*, *redargution*; *alſo*, *an imputation*, *ill report*, *or diſcommendation.*

Blaſme d'advеu. *The faults*, *omiſſions*, *errours*, *abuſes found*, *or quoted by a Lord in the Survey deliverd him by his tenant.*

Blaſmé: m. ée: f. *Blamed*, *rebuked*, *chidden*, *taxed*, *ſhent*, *reproved*, *cenſured*, *condemned*; *diſallowed*, *diſcommended*, *accuſed*, *found fault with.*

Blaſmer. *To blame*, *rebuke*, *checke*, *taxe*, *chide*, *reprove*, *reprehend*; *cenſure*; *accuſe*, *diſallow*, *diſcommend*, *condemne*, *find fault with.*

Blaſmer l'advеu. *A Lord to diſallow of*, *wrangle about*, *or*, *utterly to refuſe*, *as faultie*, *or defective*, *the ſurvey delivered him by his tenant.*

Blaſon: m. *Armes*, *or*, *a Coat of Armes*; *alſo*, *the ſcutchion*, *or ſhield wherein Armes are painted*, *or figured*; *alſo*, *Blazon*, *or the blazing of Armes*; *alſo*, *praiſe*, *commendation*, *&c.*

Blaſon funebre. *A funerall Oration.*

Blaſonnant: m. ante: f. *Blazing Armes*; *alſo*, *praiſing*, *extolling*, *commending*; *alſo*, (*the contrarie*) *reproaching*, *diſpraiſing*, *detracting from.*

Blaſonné: m. ée: f. *Blazed*, *as a coat*, *or ſcutchion of Armes*; *alſo*, *praiſed*, *extolled*, *commended*; *alſo*, *praiſed*, *extolled*, *commended*; *alſo*, (*the contrary*) *diſpraiſed*, *reproached*, *detracted from.*

Blaſonner. *To blaze Armes*; *alſo*, *to praiſe*, *extoll*, *commend*; *or*, *to publiſh the praiſes*, *divulge the perfections*, *proclaime the vertues of*; *alſo* (*the contrary*) *to reprove*, *diſpraiſe*, *derogate*, *or detract from*; (*In which ſence we alſo uſe the word blaze.*)

Blaſonneur: m. *A Herauld*; *a skilfull blazer of Armes*; *alſo*, *a reviler*, *detracter*, *evill ſpeaker*, *foul mouthed fellow.*

Blaſphemateur: m. *A blaſphemer*; *a reviler of God*; *a railer on goodneſſe.*

Blaſphematoire: com. *Blaſphematorie*, *blaſphemous.*

Blaſpheme: m. *Blaſphemy*; *an approbrious reviling of God*, *or goodneſſe*; *any horrible execration*, *or great*, *and cauſeleſſe oath*, *wherein Gods name is abuſed.*

Blaſphemé: m. ée: f. *Blaſphemed.*

Blaſphemer. *To blaſpheme*, *curſe*, *revile God*, *or his works*, (*as they be his.*)

Blaſſer. *To foment*, *moiſten*, *or*, *bath gently with the hand a hurt* (*eſpecially about a horſe.*)

Blatir. *To knit*, *contract*, *gather up*, *draw*, *or ſhrinke in*, *himſelfe.*

Blattaire. *Mothe-mullеyn* (*an herbe.*)

Blatte: f. *A certaine moath, which gnaweth both cloth, and bookes; alſo, a beetle, alſo a kinde of red wheat; alſo, a ſilkeworme; alſo, as* Belette.

Blatte byſance. *The ſmall, ſmooth, and long ſhell of a certaine fiſh, uſed in perfumes, and called in ſhops,* Onyx, &, vnguis odoratus.

Blattier: m. *A Marchant, or ingroſſer of corne.*

† Blavée: f. *Corne land, or, land which hath corne growing on it.*

Blavelles. *as* Blaveoles.

Blaveoles: f. *Blew-bottles, blew-blawes, Corne flowers.*

Blaves. *as* Blaveoles; *Or, wild Poppie.*

† Blavier: m. ée: f. *Of, or belonging to corne, or corne land.*

Sergent blavier. *An Officer that watches and looks unto corne grounds untill they be reaped, or cut.*

Blaureau. *as* Blaireau.

Blayer. Seigneur blayer. *A Lord that hath* Droict de blayrie.

Blayeries: f. *Corn-lands, corne-grounds, corne-countries.*

Blayeries: f. *A corne ground, or corn countrey; alſo, the feeding of cattell upon corne lands, a raking with cattell over corne lands; alſo, the ſeaſon (from th'annunciation to th'end of Harveſt) wherein cattell may, in ſome places, bee turned, by ſome priviledged perſons, into common corne grounds.*

Droict de blayrie. *Liberty, to turne his cattell a grazing into common corne grounds; or, as in* Blairie.

Blé. *as* Bled.

Blece-eſprit. (*For*, Bleſſe-eſprit) *Soule-hurting, ſpirit-wounding.*

Blecceure: f. *as* Bleſsure.

Bleche: com. *Flaggie, over ſoft; put up with an unſound fulneſſe.*

Blecque. pomme blecque. *An apple that's too ripe, or too mellow.*

Bled: m. *(Any manner of) corne; and particularly (or when 'tis uſed without addition) wheat.*

Bled barbu. *A kinde of Panick, tearmed by ſome, Turkie-Hirſe, by others, out-landiſh Panicke, or bearded wheat; alſo, the ordinary bearded wheat.*

Bled bernage. *Meſlin, or moulture corn; wheat, Rie, and Barley mingled; alſo, corne that grew on a mans owne land, or in his owne ſoyle; corne of that countrey, or of a certaine countrey.*

Bled frime. *Horſe-flower, Oxe-wheat, Cow-wheat; Black-wheat.*

Bled d'Inde. *as* Bled de Turquie.

Bled leger. *Spelt, or Zea; a corne which makes light and ſavorie, but not very nouriſhing, bread.*

Bled locar. *Saint Peters corne; (a kinde of wall Barley.)*

Bled meſtail. *Meſlin; Wheat, Rie, and Barley, mingled.*

Bled Marſés. *March corne; any corne that's uſually ſowed in March; alſo, as* Excourgeon.

Bled mouture. *Moulture corne; or Meſlin.*

Bled noir. *Black-wheat, Cow-wheat, Oxe-wheat.*

Bled poullart, & poullé. *as* Bled locar.

Bled rouge. *Ordinarie red wheat; called by ſome Kentiſhmen, Duck-wheat; and* Normandie *wheat.*

Bled Sarraſin. *French-wheat, Bucke-wheat, Bolymong (a very courſe graine;) alſo, as* Bled de Turquie.

Bled tremés. *March-corne, Summer-corne; ſuch corne as is ripe within three moneths after it is ſowen.*

Bled turguet. *Amel-corne, Starch-corne.*

Bled de Turquie. *Turkie-corn, Turky-wheat; (whereof there be divers kinds, differing in colour.)*

Traite de bleds. *An impoſition of three pounds ten ſhillings* Tour. *upon every tun of wheat (and ratably, upon all ſorts of grain) tranſported.*

Manger ſon bled en herbe. *To turne his cattell into his corne before it be eared; or, to ſell his corne on the ground, and ſpend the money before it be ripe; to ſpend his rents before they be due, his revenue before it come in; waſtfully to conſume, or ſend packing, his patrimony.*

Prendre entre la haye, & le bled. *To ſurpriſe, or take unprovided.*

A quelque pris qu'eſt le bled. *How deare ſoever it coſt me, how hardly ſoever I come by it, what price ſoever I give for it.*

En petit champ croiſt bien bon blé; Prov. *Small fields have good corn growing in them.*

On ſeme les bleds à l'auanture, Pro. viz. *Not knowing whether they will come up or no.*

† Bledier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to corn.* Terre blediere. *Corn ground; land that beares corne, or abounds therein.*

Bleme. *as* Bleſme.

Blemy. *Growne pale, wanne, bleake, white.*

Blepharoïde. Tunique ble. *One of the eyes little tunicles, whereby the watery humour is diſtinguiſhed from the glaſſie one.*

Blereau. *as* Blaireau. *A Badger.*

Bleſme: com. *Pale, wanne, bleak, whitiſh, dead coloured.*

Se loger ſur le bleſme. *Seek* Loger.

Bleſmet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat pale, a little wanne.*

Bleſmi: m. ie: f. *Growne pale, wanne, bleak.*

Bleſmer. *To look pale, grow wanne, wax bleak, whitiſh, dead coloured.*

Bleſmiſſement: m. *Paleneſſe, wanneſſe, bleakneſſe; alſo, a looking, or waxing, pale, wan, bleake.*

Bleſmiſſeure: f. *as* Bleſmiſſement.

Bleſsable: com. *Woundable.*

Bleſsé: m ée: f. *Hurt, wounded; ulcerated; whoſe fleſh is cut, or bruiſed; whoſe skin is fretted off.*

Bleſser. *To wound, or hurt; (whether by a bloud-wipe, dry-blow, or bruiſe) to ulcerate, or fret off, the skin.*

Bleſser l'honneur de. *To deprave, or detract from; to blemiſh the reputation of.*

Tel tue qui ne penſe que bleſser; Prov. *Some kill ſuch as they would but hurt.*

Bleſsure: f. *A wound, or hurt; an (offenſive, or painfull) blow, cut, bruiſe, or skarre; alſo, a wounding, or hurting.*

Blet: m. *A blocke, doult, luske, ſot, hoydon, lobcock.*

Blete: f. *A tuſe, or peat.* ¶ Norm.

Blette: f. *The herbe called Blite, and* Blits; *alſo, as* Belette.

Blette blanche. *The great, or ordinary (white) Blite.*

Blette d'Eſpaigne. *Spaniſh Beets; or th'ordinarie Blites; (an herbe that hath neither ſavour, taſt, nor ſtore of qualities.)*

Blette grande. *The great red Beet, or Blite.*

Blette noire. *as* Blette rouge.

Blette rouge. *Th'ordinary red blite.*

Blette. poire blette. *An over-ripe peare; a peare that's rotten, or unſound at the heart.*

Bleu: m. bleuë: f. *Blew.*

Bleüaſtre: com. *Blewiſh, or ſomewhat blew.*

Bleüet: m. *Blew-bottle, blew-blaw, corne-flower, Hurt-ſickle.*

Bliſtres. *as* Beliſtres; *Alſo, the herb called bleets.*

Bloc: m. *A groſſe, great, or generality; the whole of, or a heap of divers wares huddled together; alſo, a block, or log.*

En bloc. *Summarily, by great, in the whole.*

En bloc, & en taſche. *One with another, tag and rag, all together.*

Blocaille: f. *Rubbiſh, ſhards, ragged ſtones; any groſſe ſtuffe, whereof rude walls (or morter for ſtone-walls) are made.*

Bloccage: m. *as* Blocaille.

Bloccageux: m. euſe: f. *Full of ſhards; rubbiſh, &c.*

Bloccaille. *as* Blocaille.

Bloccailleux. *as* Bloccageux.

Blocul: m. *The chiefeſt pole that upholdeth a tent; alſo, a little fort, or block-houſe.*

Blond: m. blonde: f. *Light yellow, ſtraw-coloured, flaxen; alſo, (in hawkes, or flags) bright-tawny, or deer-coloured.*

Blondelet: m. ette: f. *Yellowiſh, pale-yellow, ſomewhat flaxen haired.*

Blondir. *To grow light-yellow, flaxen, or ſtraw coloured.*

Blondoré: m. ée: f. *Of a golden yellow.*

Blondoyement: m. *A making, or becomming light-yellow.*

Blondoyer. *as* Blondir.

Blondurel. *The blaundrell apple.*

Bloquaille. *as* Blocaille.

Bloquer. *To ſhut in, or block up; to beſiege, beſet, or compaſſe on all ſides; alſo, to conclude, or make up a bargain.*

Bloquil. *as* Blocul (*in the firſt ſence.*)

Bloſse poire bloſse. *An over-mellow peare; a peare ſo ſoft as it is ready to rot.*

Blot. *as* Bloc.

Bloti: m. ie: f. *Squat, ſkowked, hidden; lying, or kept cloſe.*

Blotir. *To ſquat, ſkowke, or lie cloſe to the ground, like a daring Larke, or affrighted fowle; alſo, to hide, or keep cloſe.*

Blotte. *as* Bloutre.

Blotter. *To blot, ſtaine, blemiſh, defile.*

Bloty: m. ye: f. *Squat; laid cloſe; kept cloſe.*

Blouquette. *See* Bouclette.

Blouſe: f. *A cloſe Tenais court, or a Tennis court in a hall, having a houſe on either ſide to ſerve on; ſo called at* Orleans.

Bloutre: f. *A clod, or clot of earth.*

Bloutré: m. ée: f. *Cloddie; full of clods.*

Bloutroer: m. *A Rowler, the round wooden Inſtrument wherewith allies are ſmoothed;*

ſmoothed; walkes planed; and clods broken.

Bloutroir. *as* Bloutroer.

Bluard: m. arde: f. *Gray, skie-coloured, blewiſh.*

Bluet: m. *Blew-blaw, blew-bottle, corne-flower, hurt-ſickle.*

Bluette: f. *A little ſtreake, or ſparke of heat, in the aire, when the ſeaſon is very hot; and, more generally, any ſparke, or ſparkle of a flame.*

Bluetter. *To ſparke, or ſparkle; to caſt out, or yeeld forth ſparkes, or ſparkles.*

Blute. *as* Bluet.

Bluté: m. ée: f. *Boulted, alſo, toſſed, or ſwunged up and downe.*

Bluteau: m. *A boulting cloth.*

Bluter. *To boult meal; alſo, to ſwing up downe, as a Baker doth his boulting cloth.*

Bluterie: f. *A boulting tub; alſo, a boulting.*

Bluteur. *A boulter of meale.*

A bon bluteur May propice; Prov. *A woer ſpeeds (oft-times) the better for his weapon.*

Bluttage: m. *A boulting of meale, &c.*

Bluttement: m. *A boulting; alſo, a ſwinging up and downe.*

Blutté. *as* Bluté.

Blutteau. *as* Bluteau,

Blutter. *as* Bluter; *To boult, &c.*

Blutteur. *A boulter of meale;* Seeke Bluteur.

Bluttis. *A boulting tub; or a roome to boult meale in.*

Bluttoir: m. *The ſame.*

Bo. *as* Bois; *Wood.* ¶ Pic.

Boage: f. *A place in Abbies, &c. full of drawers, wherein they lay up Copes, &c.*

Bobance: f. *Riot, luxurie, unthriftineſſe, exceſſive ſpending, immoderate expence (and becauſe that humour is commonly companied with pride, it ſignifies) alſo, inſolencie, ſumptuouſnes, proud or preſumptuous boaſting.*

Bobancer. *To riot, ſquander, waſt, outlaſh; alſo, to boaſt.*

Bobancier: m. *An unthrift, rietous waſter, ſuperfluous ſpender, immoderate ſtroy-good, luxurious or exceſſive ſquanderer; (and becauſe ſuch a one is, commonly, proud of his (as he preſumes) liberality, it ſignifies) alſo, a proud, ſaucie, boaſting, or inſolent, aſſe.*

Bobans: m. *Riot, luxurie, waſting, unthriftineſſe, exceſſive ſpending, ſuperfluous, or immoderate expence; or as* Bobance.

Bobelin: m. *A patch, botch, piece, ſet on a ſhooe, or garment.*

Bobeline: f. *An old patched ſhooe, or garment.*

Bobeliner. *To cobble, patch, botch, or mend an old thing.*

Bobelineur: m. *A cobler, botcher, patcher, mender of old things.*

Bobine: f. *A quill for a ſpinning wheele; alſo, a skaine, or hanke of gold, or ſilver thread.*

Bobulaire: com. *Big, huge, unweldie like an Oxe.*

Bobularies: f. *Toyes, traſh; dotings, doltiſh things.*

Bocage: m. *A grove, thicket, or ſmall wood; a place that's ſtored, or ſet thick with trees; whence;*

Païs de bocages *A wood-land country.*

Bocager: m. ere: f. *Grovie, wooddy; of, or belonging to groves, thickets, woods; alſo, frequenting, or affecting thickets, groves, or woods.*

Bocageux. *as* Bocager; *Or, full of thickets, groves, or woods.*

Bocagier: m. ere: f. *Wooddie, grovie, &c. as* Bocager.

Bocal: m. *A violl; or any ſuch (big-bellied, long-necked, and ſmall-mouthed) veſſell, of earth, or (the more properly) of glaſſe; for water, wine, &c.*

Boccabrevé: f. *The name of a certaine apple.*

Boccaner. *as* Boucaner.

Boccaſin: m. *Boccaſin; or, a kind of fine buckeram, that hath a reſemblance of taſſata, and is much uſed for lining; alſo, the fluſſe Callimanco.*

Boce. *Look* Boſſe.

Bochaſſe. *A wild Cheſtnut.*

Bocie: f. *A lymbeck, or ſtillatorie.*

Boclus. *Look* Bouclus.

Bocon. *as* Boucon.

Bocque: f. *A kind of great-eyed Cackerell fiſh, the which hath on her backe many golden, and ſilver-hued ſtreaks running along from her neck to her taile; alſo, a floud-gate, or ſluce.*

Bocquer. *To butte, or jutte.*

Bocquet: m. *A grove, or thicket; a little wood.*

Bode: m. *A young Bull.*

Boëſſeau: m. *as* Boiſſeau.

Boëſſelet. *as* Boiſſelet. *A little buſhell.*

Boëte, & Boëtte. *Look* Boiſte; *alſo, ſmall, or houſhold wine.*

Boëtouyer. *To limpe, hault, be lame.*

Boëttelette: f. *A little box.*

Boeuf: m. *An Oxe; a Beeſe; alſo, beefe.*

Boeuf bran, ou brane. *A kind of wild Oxe in* Prouence, *and* Langued. *unreclamable, and onely good for the ſhambles.*

Boeuf de dieu. *A wren.*

Boeuf de mer. *The ſeale, or ſea-calfe; alſo, a ſea-monſter that reſembles an Oxe.*

Langue de boeuf. *The leſſe, and rougher kinde of Bugloſſe, called Oxe-tongue, and* Lang-de beef.

Mort aux boeufs. *A certain herb whereof if an Oxe do eat he dies immediately of the ſquinſie; and therefore we may call it Oxebane.*

Mouche aux boeufs. *A brizze, gadbee, Oxe flie.*

Oeil de boeuf. *An out-ſtrouting, or great goggle eye; alſo, the herbe Oxe-eye; alſo, the herbe called fooliſh Mathes, unſavory white Cotula, and white unſavoury Camomill.* Seek Oeil.

Pennache de boeuf. *A goodly paire of hornes.*

Teſte de boeuf. *A jolthead, jobernoll, cods-head, grout-head, loger-head; one whoſe wit is as little as his head is great.*

Homme de porc, & de boeuf. *A groſſe, baſe, rude, uncivill, or unmannerly churle, a clunch, a cluſter-fiſt.*

Prendre vn boeuf par les cornes: *To undertake a dangerous exploit.*

Quiter vn boeuf pour prendre vn oeuf. *To quit an Oxe for an egge; or, as our fenne-men, rather catch a duck than feed an Oxe.*

Tourner la charrue contre les boeufs. *We ſay, to ſet the cart before the horſe.* Look Tourner.

Le boeuf las marche ſouef; Prov. *The weary Oxe goes ſlowly; men that are beaten to the practiſe of the world are calme, and moderate in their proceedings.*

Le boeuf par la corne, & l'homme par la parole; Prov. Se lient, *is unſtood; (for in forraine countries Oxen are yoked by the hornes.)*

Le boeuf ſalé faict trouver le vin ſans chandelle; Prov. *The ſalt beefe-eater needs no candle to finde his liquor withall; or ſalt beefe is your onely lantorne in a darke ſellar.*

Le grand boeuf apprend à labourer au petit; Prov. *The old Oxe teaches the young to draw; we ſay (with ſome ſmall difference) the young cocke croweth, as he the old beareth.*

Les grands boeufs ne font pas les grandes iournées; Prov. *The greateſt Oxen rid not moſt worke; we ſay the greateſt crabs are not all the beſt meat.*

Au pauvre vn oeuf vaut vn boeuf; Prov. *An egge is as dear to a poor man, as an Oxe to a rich; or, a poore man is as well content with an egge as with an Ox.*

Dieu donne biens & boeuf, mais ce n'eſt pas par la corne; Pro. *God gives things plentifully and without perill.*

Il ne faut iouër au boeuf; Prov. *An Oxe is no fit, or no ſafe, play-fellow.*

Mieux vaut en paix vn oeuf qu'en guerre vn boeuf; Prov. Seek Oeuf.

On a beau mener le boeuf à l'eau s'il n'a ſoif; Prov. *In vaine is an Oxe led to the water if he be not athirſt; we ſay (with ſome difference of ſence) a man may lead his horſe to the water, but cannot make him drink unleſſe he liſt.*

Pas à pas le boeuf prend le lievre; Pro. *A patient, and moderate proceeding, effects great matters.*

Bogue. *as* Bocque; *Alſo, the bunch, top, tuft, or huske wherein the ſeeds of herbs are incloſed; (whence) alſo, the rough, or prickly rind of a green cheſnut.*

Bogue rave. *Seek* Ravel.

Bohade. *as* Bouäde. ¶ Auvergnois.

Bohourd. *as* Behourd.

Bohourder. *as* Behourder.

Bohu. *Empty, vacant.* ¶ Rab.

Boicheron: m. *A wood-cleaver, or wood-feller.*

Boie: f. *A kinde of great water-ſnake, that uſes to ſuck whole heards of kine.*

† Boiffer. *To bungle up, or ſlubber over, things in haſt.*

† Boiffeur: m. *A bungler up, or ſlubberer over, of things in haſt.*

Boileau. *An ordinary drinker of water.*

Boiler. *as* Vouloir; *To will.* ¶ Gaſc.

† Boileſve. *as* Boileau.

Boire: m. *Drink, beverage.*

Il ſe ſent vn peu de boire. *He is ſomewhat muſtie, a little mellow, almoſt overſeen (in drink.)*

Boire. *To drink, bouſe, bib, ſwill, quaffe, tipple; to ſuck, or ſwallow up; to receive, or ſoke in; alſo, to ſmell, or vent, an ill ſavour.*

Boire ſa bride. *A horſe to draw up his bit into his mouth with his tongue.*

Boire la goutte ſur l'ongle. *To leave but one onely drop in the cup.*

Boire

Boire à lut. *To drinke all out, all up; to leave iust nothing.*
Boire ſon mors. *as* Boire ſa bride.
Boy le vin comme Roy, boy l'eau comme Taureau; Prov. *For the one vſes not to drinke much, th'other will drink no more than he needs.*
Aſſez boit qui a dueil; Prov. *He hath drunk enough that hath ſorrow enough, or, as in Dutch,*
A petit fontaine boit on à ſon aiſe; Prov. *In a meane eſtate moſt eaſe.*
Aller à parler peut on, boire enſemble & manger non; Prov. *A man may viſite and converſe with a friend, but muſt not, if he mean to keep him, feed with him; the beſt way to preſerve a friend, is, not to be very inward with him.*
Après compter il faut boire; Pro. *The reckoning ended we muſt drinke together; (a Dutch concluſion.)*
Après tout dueil boit on bien; Prov. *(So tipling ſucceedeth trent.)*
Celuy de bon ſens ne jouit, qui boit & ne s'en reſjouit; Prov. *He that in drinking feeles no pleaſure, his wits bee ſurely out of meaſure.*
Qui a fait la faute ſi la boive; Prov. *Let him that did amiſſe be puniſhed.*
Qui bon achepte bon le boit; Pro. *He that buies good wine drinks good wine.*
Qui n'a laine bovie à la fontaine; Pro. *Let him that hath no wealth drink at the well.*
Tel eſt petit qui boit bien; Prov. *Though he be little he can tipple.*
Tel fait la faute qu'un autre boit; Pro. *One commits the fault which another is blamed for.*
Vne fois l'année l'on s'appreſtre à boire; Prov. *Once in a yeare a man prepares himſelfe to drink; (viz. of his owne wine, in vintage time.)*
Bois; m. *wood; alſo, a wood; alſo, a ſtaffe, launce, or ſpeare; alſo, the head, or horns of a deere.*
Bois d'aloe. *Th'aromaticall wood called* Lignum Aloes.
Bois de baulme. *The ſweet wood of the Balſam tree.*
Bois bedat. *Look* Bedat.
Bois blanc. *Privets (called ſo as* Lyons) *alſo, as* Blanc bois.
Bois de brin. *Round, or ſucleſt ſmall-wood (of what kind ſoever.)*
Bois de carde. *Small billets; or wood that ſ'like, but leſſe then, billets.*
Bois chablis. *Windfalls. Look* Chablis.
Bois de charpente. *Timber.*
Bois pour charrons. *Yple plankes.*
Bois de coupe. *See* Coupe.
Bois cuict. *Charcoale.*
Bois debout. *The branch (of a vine) left growing (when all the reſt are lopped) for a future yeares increaſe.*
Bois de deluge. *Oken-trees, or timber, which having beene long overwhelmed in water, are become as black as Ebony.*
Bois d'eſcaille. *The heart of wood, or of timber (ſo called by Joyners.)*
Bois d'eſquine. *The knotty, and medicinable root of a certain (Indian) bullruſh.*
Bois à faucillon. *Briſe-wood, ſmal-wood.*
Bois flotte. *A float-boat; of wood, or timber, faſtened together, and conveyed downe a ſtreame unto the place where it is to bee ſold or uſed.*
Bois flouté. *The ſame.*
Bois fruictier. *The branch of a tree, or plant, which beareth fruit; a fruit-bearing bramb.*
Bois de fuſtée. *Bracleſſe wood; naked, or pould, trees.*
Bois gentil. *The plant Mezereum, Germane Olive ſpurge, Dwarfe-Bay.*
Bois de haute fuſtaye. *High trees, tall and great trees, goodly woods; properly, ſuch as have not been cut, nor lopped off at the leaſt 30 yeares before; Look* Fuſtaye.
Bois Hieroſme. *The name of a certaine tender and delicate peare.*
Le bois d'une lict. *A bedſtead.*
Bois mort. *All kinde of dead, and drie wood in foreſts; firewood.*
Bois moulle. *as* Bois de moulle; *eſpecially in the laſt ſence.*
Bois de moulle. *Billets; logs; or log-wood; great fire-wood of a certain ſize; or any wood that hath been aſſized by a* Mouleur.
Bois d'oeuvre. *Great timber; or wood, ſquared, and ready for uſe, to worke.*
Bois puant. *Stinking bean-trefoil, (a ſhrub)*
Bois de quartier. *Quarters of timber; or timbers for quarters.*
Bois revenant. *A coppſe, or young wood.*
Bois ſainct. *Guaicum, Pock-wood.*
Bois de ſap, ou de lapin. *Deale-plancks, deale-boords.*
Bois de ſerpe. *Wood of ten yeares growth, or upward.*
Bois taillis. *Coppſe-wood, under-wood; ſuch wood as is felled, or cut every ſeaven or eight yeares.*
Bois de touche. *A bolt, grove, or thicke Tuft of high trees (growing neer a houſe, and gracing the ſeat therof.)*
Bois vadat. *as* Bois bedat. *Look* Bedat.
Blanc bois. *Box, willow, poplar, aſpe, and other ſmaller trees, whoſe wood is not fit for timber-worke.*
Gentil Bois. *Wild-line, wild flax.*
Long Bois. *A pike, launce, or ſpeare.*
Mort Bois. *Willows, Thorne, Alder, Broom, Gineper; generally, all trees that either beare no fruit, or no profitable fruit.*
Grand abbateur de bois. *A great bug-beare, kill-cow, ſcar-crow.*
Ie cognois bien de quel bois il ſe chauffe. *I know well enough what helpes hee uſeth, what meanes he relies on; or, I know very well what ſtuffe there is in him, what matter he's made of, what courſe hee followes, what manner of life he leads.*
Il eſt du bois dont on le fait. *Said of a dull fellow, or of one that is no other then he is made, or hath nothing but what is put into him.*
Faire de bois fleſches. Il ne ſçait plus de quel bois faire fleſches. *He is at the laſt caſt, at his wits end, at his utmoſt; he knowes no longer what courſe to take, what means to uſe, what ſo fit to make.*
Faire de tout bois fleſches. *To uſe every thing, or entertaine any thing, that ſerves his turne, or makes for his purposes.*
Faire haut le bois. *Souldiers to ſtop and make a ſtand, advancing their pikes; alſo, to drink hard, carouſe luſtily, quaffe apace.*
Faire viſage de bois à. *To ſhut, or clap to, a doore againſt; in ſtead of a welcome to ſhut out of doores.*
Pour fendre le bois il fit des coings du bois meſme. *Her made the mans owne meanes, &c. the inſtruments of his ruine.*
Mettre le doigt entre le bois, & l'eſcorce. *To intrude himſelfe, to look too far into, the buſineſſes, or controuerſies, which are between two neer friends; alſo, to ſet them at ods, or together by the eares.*
L'oeil tendu au bois. *Warily, watchfully, circumſpectly; adviſedly; as one that tends, heeds, or looks well to, his charge, or buſineſſe.*
Vn oeil au bois l'autre à la ville. *Seeke* Oeil.
Porter bien ſon bois. *(A horſeman) to carry, or wield his ſtaffe with a good grace.*
Elle porte bien ſon bois. *She is of a comely, ſtately, gallant carriage; or, ſhee hath a tall, ſtraight, or upright body, and as, well ſhe beares it.*
Porter des tueilles au bois. *To carry leaves to the wood; to powre water into the ſea.*
Retourner au champ du bois. *To fall unto his former ill courſe, or pace; to returne to his old haunt, or vomit.*
La victoire ſera comme il plaira au bois qui aura bonne beſte. *Her ſhall win the victorie that can beſt beſtir himſelfe, or lay about him.*
Bois laid, & inutile porte le fruict precieux; Prov. *(Meant of the vine) ſo may a foule, and fooliſh mother beare an excellent daughter.*
Bois ont oreilles; & champs oeillets; Prov. *Some heare, and ſee him, whom he heareth, nor ſeeth not; but fields have eies, and woods have eares, yee wot. (By Heywood.)*
Le bois acquiert le plain. *Seek* Plain.
Tout bois vaut buſches; Prov. *All wood is worth logs.*
A conſeil de fol cloche de bois; Pro. *For woodden conſultations woodden bels.*
Il fait mauvais aller au bois quand les loups s'entremangent; Prov. *'Tis ill going to the wood when woolves (are ſo hungry, that they) eat one another.*
La faim chaſſe les loups hors du bois; Prov. *Hunger drives woolves out of the wood; or (as we ſay) breaks downe ſtone walls.*
Pour neant va au bois qui marrein ne cognoiſt; Pro. *To no purpoſe he undertakes a buſineſſe that underſtands not the ſubſtance, effect, or end, of it.*
Boiſe: ſ. *A log, or great piece of wood; and (more particularly) a brace, of timber.*
Boiſé: m. ée: f. *Hoſted, or trimmed with box.*
Boiſſeau: m. *The (French) buſhell; (and the 12 part of a Septier) is ſomewhat leſſe then our* London *peck, and a halfe; for a* Boiſſeau *of wheat weighs 20 pounds; our peck of wheat meal, 14.*
Boiſſel d'ozier. *A weele, or weere of Oziers twigs.*
Boiſſelet: m. *A ſmall (French) buſhell; or, the halfe of a* Boiſſeau.
Boiſſelier: m. *A maker, or ſeller of* Boiſſeaux.
Boiſſiere: ſ. *A hedge, thicket, or plot of boxtrees.*
Boiſſon: ſ. *Drinke; any liquor wherewith our thirſt is quenched; and particularly, ſmall houſhold wine.*
Boiſſonnerie: ſ. *Exceſſive drinking; ſwilling, quaffing.*

Boiſte : ſ. *A boxe; pix; forſet; little caſket; alſo, a chamber for a peece of Ordnance; alſo, as* Auche.

Boiſte de gouvernail. *The ſocket of a Rudder.*

Le boiſte d'un os. *The hollow pan wherein a buckle-bone is lodged.*

Lance à boiſte. *A lance with a blunt, or burre head; a tilting ſtaffe.*

Es petites boiſtes met on les bons onguens; Prov. *Sweet ointments are in little boxes put.*

Boiſtelette : ſ. *A little box, or pix.*

Boiſtement : m. *A limping, halting, lamenesſe, of a leg.*

Boiſtément. *Limpingly, haltingly, lamely.*

Boiſter. *To limpe, halt; be lame, unperfect, maimed of a leg.*

Boiſteux : m. euſe: f. *Limping, cripple, halting, lame of a leg.*

Attendre la venue du boiſteux. *To expect a matter thats ſlow, or long in comming.*

Clocher deuant les boiſteux. *See* Clocher.

Boiſtuſant. *Limping, halking.*

Boite. *as* Boiſte.

Ce vin eſt en ſa boite. *This wine is drinkable, in ſeaſon to be drunke, fit to be drawne.*

Boitement. *A limping, or halting.*

Boiter. *To limpe, to halt.*

Boiteux. *as* Boiteux.

Boitouſer. *To limpe, halt; be lame of a leg.*

Boitre : ſ. *as* Boiſte; *&c. as* Boite.

Boitre de foing. *A battle of hay, (v. m.)*

Bowin : m. *A wine drinker; one that drinks nothing but wine, or wine for the moſt part.*

Bol : m. *The aſtringent, and medicinable red earth, or minevall, called* Bolearmenie; *alſo, as* Bolus.

Bol Oriental; &, Bol Armenien Oriental. *Oriental Bolearmenie; the beſt, and trueſt kind of Bolearmenie, miniſtred (with good effect) againſt all poiſons, and in peſtilent diſeaſes; and more red than the ordinary one, which ſhould rather be tearmed Sinopian red earth than Bolearmenie; Looke* Rubtique Sinopique.

Bolar : m. *A kinde of Aſpe-reſembling tree; called thus about* Tours.

Bolearmene. *Bolearmenie.*

Bole d'Armenie. *The ſame.*

Bolet : m. *A little muſbrome, or toadſtoole; as* Bolete.

Bolete : ſ. *A little toadſtoole, or muſbrome, white without, red within, and the beſt meat of all others.*

Bolicure : *A lip, or chap.*

Boline : ſ. *The Boline; a rope uſed when a ſhip ſailes with a ſide wind, or goes neere a wind; whence,*

Vent à la boline. *A ſide, or ſcant wind,*

Boliner. *To ſaile by a wind, or cloſe upon a wind; to lay tacke aboord.*

Bolleau. *as* Bouleau.

Bollettes de Cypres. *Cyprus nuts, or Clogs.*

Bolouër : m. *A bulwarke.*

Bolus : m. *A gobbet; morſell, mouth-full; as much as one can let downe at once; alſo, clay which hath no minerall ſubſtance in it.*

Bombance : *as* Bobans; *Alſo, a bragging, or vaunting.*

† Bombarde : ſ. *A bumbard, or murthering peece.*

† Bombarder. *To diſcharge a Bumbard; to batter, or murder with Bumbards.*

Bombardier. *A Bumbardier, or gunner that uſeth to diſcharge murthering peeces; and more generally any gunner.*

Bombaſin : m. *The ſtuffe Bumbaſine; or any kind of ſtuffe thats made of cotton, or of cotton, and linnen.*

Bombycine : ſ. *The ſecond, and worſe kind of the Levant Manna, being alſo commonly, ſophiſticated.*

Bon : m. *The goodneſſe, good, or beſt of a thing; the height, principall part, or point, of a matter.*

Le Bon de l'argent. *The ſurplaſage, or overplus of the money.*

Le bon fut. *The beſt, or, only ſport of it, was.*

Au bon du coup. *When moſt good may be done in the matter; or, when it is time to do a mans beſt in it.*

Avoir du bon. Il veut touſiours avoir du bon. *He will ever be in the right; in diſpute he muſt alwaies be yeilded unto.*

Faire bon avec. Il faict bon avec luy. *He is a good maſter, his ſervice (or company) is worth the having.*

Faire bon pour. *To anſwer, or give his word for; alſo, to play the game of.*

Tenez moy bon. *Hold me play, keep me tacke, ſtand to me, continue with me.*

Bon : m. Bõne : f. *Good, honeſt, vertuous, upright, ſincere; alſo, apt, orderly, meet, fit; right; current; boleſome, plauſible; favourable, gratious, propitious; alſo, valiant, hardy, courageous; alſo, able, durable; ſufficient.*

Bon homme; & bonne femme. *A title commonly beſtowed on an old man, or woman in reverence of their age; whereupon ſome will merrily anſwer to ſuch as thinke to grace them with that title,* Ie ne vas pas encores au baſton.

Bon temps. *Proſperity: alſo, metriment; or, time ſpent in mery ment.*

Bailler bonne. Il luy l'a baillé bonne. *He hath plagued him throughly, he hath tickled him ſoundly, he hath paid him home, he hath deale extreamly with him; alſo, he hath given him a notable gudgeon.*

Vous la baillez bonne. *True Roger, now you have bit it; now you pay it home; Ironically.*

Eſtre en ſes bonnes. *To be in a good mood, plauſible humour, pleaſant vaine; alſo, to be kindly diſpoſed.*

Il la luy garda bonne. *He owed him a good turne; alſo, (the contrary) he bare him a grudge, a long time after, for it.*

Tenir bon. *To hold good, to continue faithfull, or conſtant in a matter.*

Iouer à bonne veuë. *To play ſure play, ſtand on ſafe termes, hazzard little or nothing, know well enough what he does.*

Tout à bon. *Throughly, fully.*

Trouver bon. *To approve, applaud, like, allow of.*

Bon Advocate mauvais voiſin; Prov. *A good Counſellor an ill companion.*

Bonne beſte s'eſchauffe en mangeant; Prov. *A good beaſt eats apace, or, as we ſay, good at meat good at worke.*

Bon charron tourne en petit lieu; Prov. *A skilfull carter turnes in a narrow corner.*

Bon chaſteau garde qui ſçait ſon corps garder; Prov. *He is a ſufficient warder that can defend his own body.*

Bon cœur ne peut mentir: Pro. *An honeſt heart cannot, a worthy heart will not, utter, or be the author of, untruths.*

Bon droict a bon meſtier d'aide; Pro. *Good right hath need of great help; (ſo much adoe have men (in this unjuſt age) to recover, or keep, their own.)*

Bon eſt le dueil qui apres aide; Prov. *Happy is that ſorrow which is rewarded with happineſſe.*

Bon eſt le lievre dont la peau couſte cent ſols; Prov. *Seeke Lievre.*

Bon eſt le medecin qui ſe ſçait guarir; Prov. *He is a good Phyſitian that can heale his owne infirmity.*

Bon gaignage fait bon potage; Prov. *Looke* Potage.

Bon gré mal gré va le preſtre au Senè; Prov. *(Some will expound this by a proverbe of ours; he muſt needs go whom the devill drives.)*

Bon guet chaſſe malaventure; Prov. *Good watch prevents miſfortune, (faſt bind faſt find, ſay we.)*

Bonne iournée fait qui de ſoi ſe delivre; Prov. *He does an excellent deed worke that rids himſelfe of a foole.*

Bonne la maille qui ſauve le denier; Prov. *Well is that halfepenny ſpent that ſaves a penny.*

Bon marché tire l'argent de la bourſe; Prov. *A cheape commodity picks a cuſtomers purſe.*

Bons mots n'eſpargnent nul; Prov. *A good mans words are no way partiall; good words pay home.*

Bonne mule mauvaiſe beſte; Prov. *A good huſwife is commonly no ſheep.*

Bons nageurs ſont à la fin noyez: Pro. *Looke* Nageur.

Bon pais mauvais chemin; Prov. *In a fruitfull ground there is filthy going; in the beſt ſoyle the worſt way.*

Bonne parole bon lieu tient; Prov. *Good ſpeech finds good entertainment; wins great preferment.*

Bon ſang ne peut mentir; Prov. *A worthy nature cannot conceale it ſelfe. Looke* Mentir.

Bon vin bon vinaigre; Prov. *Good wine (yeelds) good vinegar.*

Bon vin mauvaiſe teſte: Prov. *Strong wine makes a weake braine; or, makes a man apt to brabble; (for we ſay of thoſe that after drinking fall to ſwagger; the wine begins to worke.)*

A bon chien bon os: Prov. *A good dog merits a good bone; Looke* Chien.

A bon demandeur bon refuſeur, Prov. *A bold asker is beſt matched by a reſolute denier.*

A bon entendeur ne faut qu'une parole; Prov. *The wiſe underſtand a man by one word.*

A bon iour bon oeuvre, & bonnes paroles; Pro. *A good day would be ſolemnized with good workes, and good words.*

A bon vin il ne faut point d'enſeigne; Prov. *Good wine draweres cuſtomers without any help of an Ivy-buſh.*

Apres bon vin bon cheval; Prov. *Looke* Cheval.

Aux bons meſchet il; Prov. *The beſt ſer man the worſe lucke.*

De

De bon terroir bon vin ; Prov. *A good ſoyle yeelds good fruit.*

En bonne maiſon l'on à toſt apreſté ; Prov. *In an orderly, or plentifull houſe all things are ſoone made ready ; or, wee ſeldome tarry for our victuals.*

Femme bonne qui a mauvais mary a bien ſouvent le cœur marry ; Pro. *Look* Femme.

Il n'eſt ſi bon qu'auſsi bon ne ſoit ; Prov. *The beſt man hath his match ; the pureſt his peere ; one may be every way as good as another.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon que femme n'affotte ; Prov. *The wiſeſt man's affotted by a woman.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon qui ne faille ; Prov. *The beſt men commit faults ; the wiſeſt, errors.*

Le mauvais emporte le bon. *Seek* Mauvais.

Qui bon l'achepte bon le boit ; Prov. *He that will goe to the price of, or take paines for, good things, may enjoy good things.*

Qui bons lopins mange bons lopins le ſuyvent ; Prov. *Proviſion followes him that loves to fare well.*

Qui bon maiſtre ſert bon loyer en attend ; Prov. *He that ſerves a good maſter looks for a good reward.*

Qui bon vin boit il ſe repoſe ; Prov. *He that drinks good wine takes good reſt.*

Qui a bon voiſin il a bon matin ; Pro. *Look* Matin.

Tel a bonne cauſe qui eſt condamné ; Prov. *A juſt cauſe may bee overthrowne by an unjuſt ſentence.*

Toute choſe qui eſt bonne à prendre eſt bonne à rendre ; Prov. *Any thing that's good to be taken may well be reſtored.*

Bonace : f. *as* Bonaſſe.

Bonace : com. *Calme, quiet, ſtill, faire.*

Bonadies. *A good-morrow, good-day, good-even.*

Vn donneur de bonadies. *One that's ſent up and downe to carry ſalutations, or complements ; alſo, a popular, or liberall, ſaluter of every one he meets.*

† Bonadres *for* Bonadies. ℣ Rab.

Bonaſſe : f. *A calme ; faire, ſtill, or quiet, weather at ſea.*

Bonaſſe : com. *Calme, ſtill, quiet ; faire.*

Bon-creſtien. poire de b. *A delicate Winter peare, in ſhape reſembling our baſtard warden.*

Bond : m. *A bound, a rebound ; a bop, skip, leape, jumpe from the earth.*

Avoir le bond. Il eut doucement le bond. *He had the gentle thumpe.*

Donner le bond à. *In wraſtling to overthrow, or give a fall unto.*

Faire vn faux bond ; Elle a faict vn faux bond. *She hath got a crack ; ſhee hath plaid falſe, or trod her ſhooe awry.*

Il m'a faict vn faux bond. *He hath dealt falſly, or treacherouſly, with me.*

Perdre la volée pour le bond. *To loſe an opportunity, by neglecting it, upon a hope that it will returne.*

Que de bond que de volée ; Pro. *By hook or crook, by right or wrong ; any way, by any means, no matter how ſo we have it ; or, what by one means and another.*

Bonde : f. *A bung, or ſtopple ; alſo, a ſluce, or ſloud-gate ; and hence, alſo, the yate-ſtang, or beame that's pulled up, when a mill is to bee ſet agate.*

Laſcher la bonde à. *To give libertye, or free paſſage unto a violent thing.*

Bondelle. *A kind of fiſh that's not much unlike a great Smelt ; or, the leaſt kind of the fiſh* Vmble, *well known by thoſe of Geneua, in whoſe lake it breeds.*

† Bondener. *To reaſon, argue, diſpute ; alſo, to grumble.*

Bondi : m. ie : f. *Bounded, rebounded ; leaped, jumped, jerted, skipped (ſuddenly, and ſwiftly) upward.*

Bondir. *To bound, rebound ; to leap, jumpe, jert, skip, riſe (ſuddenly, and ſwiftly) upward.*

Bondiſſement : m. *A bounding, rebounding, leaping, jumping, jerting, skipping upwards.*

Bondon : m. *A bung, or ſtopple.*

Bondonné : m. ée : f. *Shut, or ſtopped up with a bung, or ſtopple.*

Bondonner. *To ſhut, or ſtop up with a bung, or ſtopple.*

Bondrée : f. *A kind of ſhort winged Eagle, that preys altogether upon fiſh, frogs, rats, and ſerpents ; ſome call her, a Harrower.*

Bone : f. *as* Borne. ℣ Pic.

Bon-enten-tu. *A good conceit, ready judgement, ripe wit, quick underſtanding.*

Bon-Henry. *The wild-ſorrell called, Roman-ſorrell, round-ſorrell, and Tours-ſorrell ; alſo, the herbe, good Henry, good king Harry, and All good.*

† Bonhort. *as* Behourd ; *A Juſt, or Turney, wherein many runne together.*

Bonifié : m. ée : f. *Made good ; alſo, benefited, inriched, made wealthy.*

Bonifier. *To make good ; to do good unto, or upon ; to benefit, inrich, make wealthy.*

Boniton : m. *The fiſh called, a Bonitor ; ſeen moſt commonly playing in troops before a tempeſt.*

† Bonnage. *as* Bornage.

Bonnaire : com. *Gentle, courteous, affable ; mild ; without malice, faithfull, ſincere.*

Bonnairement. *Gently, mildly, courteouſly ; ſincerely, faithfully, with an open heart.*

Bonnaireté : f. *Gentleneſſe, mildneſſe, courteſie, humanity, affability, good nature ; alſo, ſincerity, faithfulneſſe, plain-dealing, open heartedneſſe.*

† Bonne. *as* Borne.

Bonne-grace : f. *Th'uppermoſt flap of the down-hanging taile of a French-hood ; (whence belike our Boongrace.)*

Bonnement. *Well, fitly, aptly, handſomely, conveniently, orderly, to the purpoſe.*

Bonnes-dames. *The herbe Orage, or golden herb ; alſo, Beets.*

Bonnet : m. *A bonnet, a cap.*

Bonnet à la cocarde. *See* Coquarde.

Bonnet à croppiere. *A ſquare cap ; a three-cornerd cap.*

Bonnet de fer. *An iron ſcull, or ſallade.*

Bonnet à la Marabaiſe. *A flat cap.*

Bonnet de Preſtre. *Spindle-tree, Prick-wood, Prick-timber ; or as ;*

Bonnet quarré. *The wild cherrie which groweth on the tree whereof Butchers make their pricks.*

Bonnet à quatre braguettes, ou gouttieres. *A (four-cornered) ſquare cap.*

Bonnet verd. *A faſhion of green cap which ceſſionary bankrupts were, not long ago, enjoyned to wear in publique aſſemblies, thereby to be the better knowne and avoided.*

Deu temps des hauts bonnets. *In old time, when men being rude and ſilly, had not the wit to apparell themſelves handſomely ; and hence ;*

Langage du temps des bonnets, ou des hauts bonnets. *An old wives tale, or a ſtale, obſolete, or over-worn language ; a faſhion of ſpeaking that's old, and quite out of faſhion.*

La teſte prés du bonnet. Avoir la teſte prés, &c. *To be hot, haſty, chollerick ; alſo, to be craftie, ſubtile, cunning.*

Prendre le bonnet. *To commence Maſter of Arts, or take a degree ; (hence) alſo, to take on him the government of himſelfe, to waive all tutorly juriſdiction ; to refuſe, or have no need of, further tutoring.*

Rire ſous le bonnet. *To laugh in the ſleeve*

Bonneter. *To put off his cap unto*

Bonnetier : m. *A capter, or bonnet-maker ; a knitter of caps, a cap-knitter.*

Bonneton. *A little cap, or bonnet.*

Bonnette : f. *The bonnet of a ſaile.*

Bonnette traineresse. *A drabler ; a piece added unto the bonnet, when there is need of more ſaile.*

Bonniere : f. *A proportion, or meaſure of land, not much differing from th'Arpent.*

Bon-lieu. *The name of a Priorie in Burgundie.*

Bons-enfans. *(The name of) a moſt ancient College in th'Univerſity of Paris ; firſt called in all congregations, and having the firſt, or higheſt place in all aſſemblies.*

Bons-hommes. *An order of Friers ; as* Minimes.

Bonté : f. *Goodneſſe, honeſty, ſincerity, vertue, uprightneſſe ; alſo, bounty, liberality ; alſo, valour, prowеſſe, courage.*

Beauté ſans bonté eſt comme vin eſventé ; Prov.

Booie. *The water-Serpent Boias ; which weſteth, to ſuck kine, as long as they are milch, and afterwards to devour them.*

Boolingue. *as* Boulingue.

Boote, Bootes ; *a ſlow moving ſtarre, ſeated in the North Pole, neer unto Charles waine, the which it followes.*

Boque. *as* Bocque.

Boquet : m. *A grove, or ſmall thicket of trees.*

Borax : m. *Borax-green earth ; Look* Borrain.

† Borborigme : m. *The rumbling, or croaking of the guts ; alſo, the murmuring noiſe yeelded by running waters.*

Bord : m. *The welt, hem, or ſelvedg, of a garment ; (and hence) the welt, or turn-over of a corke ſhooe ; alſo, the ſide, edge, brink, brim, ſhore, of a pit, of a hole, of a river, of a water, of the ſea ; alſo, th'end, concluſion, or laſt caſt of a matter.*

Bords. *Ribbons ; thicke boards nailed to th'outſide of the ſloore-timbers of a ſhip.*

Bord bas, ou bas bord. *The larboard, or left ſide of a ſhip.*

Bord plat, *or* plat bord. *In a ſhip, is the edge of the bridge, from the main-maſt unto the fore-caſtle, upon which the great ordinance is placed.*

Grain ſur bord. *Scant meaſure ; hard-ſtriken meaſure, of corne, or ſalt.*

Oultre bord. *Exceſſively, beyond meaſure.*

Il eſt ſur le bord de la foſſe. *Hee is a drooping, old, decrepit creature ; he is already at the pits brinke ; hee hath already one foot in his grave.*

Prendre bord. *To take land, to go a shore.*

Bordage. *as* Bord ; *Also, a base, drudging, or servile tenure ; villenage.*

Droict de bordage. *The drudgery, or base services, reserved by some Lords upon the letting of their cottages, or small tenements ; which cannot be given, sold, nor engaged by the poore slaves that have taken them.*

Borde : f. *A little house, lodging, or cottage of timber, standing alone in the fields, especially one thats built on wheeles, and may be quickly removed from field to field ; also (more generally) any scattered house, lodge, or village in the Country ; and in (some parts of France) any messuage, farme, or farme-house; also a shalle of pileth bempe.*

Bordé : m. ée: f. *Bordered, garded, welted ; also, imbrodered ; also, slopped, or slayed ; whence ;*

Nous sommes bordez à midy. *We left work at noone ; (rustically.)*

Bordeau : m. *A brothell, or bawdie-house ; the Stewes.*

Bordelage: m. *Brothelling, wenching, whorehunting.*

Bordeler. *To hunt whores, to haunt bawdy-houses.*

Bordelier : m. *A wencher, whore-monger, whore-hunter, hunter of bawdy-houses ;* also, *as* Bourdelier.

Bordeliere : f. *A certaine fresh-water fish, that resembles a Breame, and hath neither teeth, nor tongue.*

Bordelois. *The name of a very great grape.*

Border. *To border, gard, welt ; also, to imbroder ; also, to slay, slop, leave off, give over ; whence ;*

Border les avirons. *To hold up the oares, or to surcease rowing.*

Bordereau : m. *A note, breefe, ticket ; also, an account ; a bill, or booke, of accounts.*

Borderie : f. *A quantity of eareable ground furnished with competent medow and pasture, and containing altogether, in most parts of Poictou but two, and in fewer foure, Oxe-gates, or Oxe-gangs.*

Bordeur : m. *An Imbrodever.*

Autant pour le bordeur. *So much for that ; you marry sir now you have hit at; Or, one good turne requires another ; or, I would I were able to requite you sir ; all ironically ; and the last the most proper; this phrase (wherein there is an alluſion to* Bourdeur, *a liar) being fitly used, as a wish, by those, that could find in their hearts to pay a lyar in his owne money.*

Bordeux : m. euſe : f. *Full of, serving for, or belonging to, hemmes, edges, brimmes.*

Bordier : m. *A villaine, or cottager ; one that holds by a servile base, and drudging, tenure ; also, a farmer.*

Bordieux : m. *Small tenements, little cottages, cotes.*

Bordonné. *Looke* Bourdonné.

Bords. *Looke* Bord.

Bordure : f. *A border, welt, hemme, or gard of a garment ; and particularly the turne-over, or side between the sole and upper-leather of a corke shoe.*

Borée. *The North-east wind.*

Borgne : com. *One eyed, or that hath but one eye.*

Vne chambre borgne. *That hath but one window, and is thereby with the darkest.*

Esguillette borgne. *A point that hath but one tag.*

Intestin borgne. *The blind gut ; the first of the three great guts in the belly, seated on the right side, a little under the kidney ; and so full of turnings, and folds, that it seemes endlesse.*

Veine borgne. *Looke* Veine.

Ie le vous envoyeray par le borgne. *I will send it by John Long the Carrier ; you shall have it when I know not what else to doe with it.*

Vn borgne est Roy au païs des aveugles : Prov. *He that sees but little overrules them that see nothing.*

Borgner. *To winke with one eye, and looke with another ; as those that would discerne a thing through a narrow hole ; or, as* Borgnoyer.

Borgnesse : f. *A woman that hath but one eye.*

Esguillette borgnesse. *as* Esguillette borgne.

Borgnet : m. ette: f. *Halfe blind ; almost blind, or having wellnigh lost the use of one eye.*

Borgnoyer. *To want an eye ; to looke, or see but with one eye ; to winke with, or feign himselfe blind of, one eye ; also, to glow, glote, or lowre.*

Borgue. *as* Nasse ; *A weele for fish.*

Borlet. *See* Bourlet.

Bornage : m. *The bounds, or limits, of ; whence ;*

Bornage de Hercules. *The straits of Giblaltarre.*

Droict de bornage. *The royaltie, or priviledge of placing meeres, appointing limits, laying out bounds for other mens Lands.*

Bornal de miel : m. *A hony combe.*

Borne : f. *A bound, limit, meere, march ; the end, or furthest compasse of a thing.*

Mais là ne faut faire but ne borne. *But there we must not stop, nor pause ; thats no place to settle in, stay at, or dwell on.*

Au bout la borne ; Prov. *Th'end tries all ; at length we shall see what will be done.*

Borné : m. ée : f. *Bounded, limited ; apportioned ; proportioned ; stinted ; whose part or portion is appointed him.*

Borner. *To limit, bound, assigne marches, appoint meeres unto ; to apportion ; stint, proportion ; to sort out a part for ; to allot, or lay out a certaine portion, or proportion, which is not to be exceeded.*

Borneur : m. *A limiter, bounder ; apportioner ; stinter, proportioner.*

Bornion d miel. *A hony combe ; or, bees nest full of hony.*

Borrache. *A Spanish bonachoe, or bottle of leather.*

Borrais, ou Borras : m. *Borax, or greene earth ; a hard and shining mineral, or humour congealed in mines ; There is also an artificiall one, made of Roch Allum, Ammoniac, and other things ; both used by Goldsmiths.*

Borras blanc. *White Borax ; found (as Mathiolus thinks) in silver mines.*

Borras iaulne. *Yellow Borax, found in gold mines, and fittest for Goldsmiths.*

Borras noir. *Blacke (and the worst) Borax ; found, most commonly, in leaden mines.*

Borras Pierreux. *Unrefined Borax, as it comes out of the rock, or mine.*

Borras verd. *Greene Borax ; the best, and most medicinable kind thereof ; found (especially that which is of a darke greene colour) in brasse mines.*

Borrasque. *as* Bourasque.

Borret : m. *A yearling, or young beast thats about a yeare old :* ¶ Auvergnois.

Borrette : f. *A heyfer, or filly, thats about a yeare old.*

Borriere. vache borriere. *A cow that hath a calfe running after her.*

Bortugat. *The sea fish called otherwise,* Maigre. ¶ Baïonnois.

Bortiere : f. (*Corruptly, for* Portiere) *the female Salmon, greater, and fuller of red spots than the male, and having the end of her nether jaw hooked, or bending upwards, whereas his is straight.*

Bos. *as* Bois : ¶ Pic.

Bosc. *The name of a dry sower apple ; also, as* Bois : ¶ Pic.

Boscage. *as* Bocage.

Boscal. *A little wood, or forrest.*

† Bosialle. champ b. *A peece of ground, or common (without any house upon it) wherein divers have certaine, and severall parts.*

† Bosne : f. *as* Borne.

† Bosné. *Bounded, limited,*

Bosquet : m. *A thicket, grove, or little wood.*

Bosquillon : m. *A wood-feller, billet-maker, hedge-mender ; a labouring man that fells wood, makes billets, &c. and mends, or looses unto, the hedges, or inclosures of a wood.*

Bossé d'une rouë. *The nave of a wheele. Seeke* Moyeu.

Bosse : f. *A bunch, or humpe ; any round swelling, uprising, or pussing up ; hence, a wen, botch, bile, or plague-sore ; also a hulch in the back ; also, a knob, knot, or knurre in a tree ; also, a hillocke, mole-hill, small hill, or barrow of ground ; also, a bosse, or imbossing in workemanship ; also, the first putting out of a deeres head formerly cast ; which our woodmen call, if it be a red deeres, the burle, or seale, and, if a fallow deeres, the button ; (the which is also applyed unto the other.)*

Bosse de terre. *as* Truffe.

Sot en bosse, & platte peinture. *A foole in print, asse in graine, compleat coxcombe, absolute boydon.*

La male bosse. *A plague-sore, pestilent botch, contagious bile.*

Des robber la bosse à S. Roc. *To filtch, or steale any thing (how meane soever) that comes in his way.*

Bossé : m. ée: f. *Swollen, risen, bunchy, bulched, puffed up ; knoby, bulked, or humped out.*

Bosseler. *To dindge, or bruise, to make a dint in a vessell of mettall, or in a peece of plate.*

Bosselure : f. *A bruise, dindge, or dint in a peece of plate, or mettall.*

Bosserier : m. *A bosse-maker ; a stud-maker.*

Bosseure : f. *A little bunch, or knob ; also, a little heape, rising, or swelling of earth ; also, a bosse ; or bullion set on a hooke ; also, a stud on any part of a horses furniture.*

Bossis : m. *High grounds ; or, little hills, raised by the hands of men.*

Bossu : m. ue : f. *Hulch backt, crumpt-shouldered, knobby, knuppy, swelling, puffed up, rising unevenly, crookedly, unhandsomely.*

Mesnage

Meſnage boſſu. *A diſordered family wherein all is confounded, or awry.*
De noveau Medecin cimitiere boſſu ; Prov. *A new Phyſitian breeds a fat churchyard.*
Veau mal cuit, & poulets cruds font les cimitieres boſſus ; Prov. *Raw-veale, and chickens fill churchyards.*
Boſſuër. *To make bulch, crumpe, or crooked; to ſwell, or puffe up unevenly, and unhandſomely.*
Bot: m. *A woodden ſhooe, or patten.* ¶ Poict. *alſo, as* But. ¶ Norm. *alſo, a luncheon, at (ill-favored) big piece of.*
Bot. *Ill-favoredly-round ; whence ;*
Pied bot. *A ſtumpe or club-foot.*
Botaige. temps de botaige. *is from the ninth of October to the laſt of November.*
Botanique: com. *Herball ; of, or belonging to herbes, or, to skill in herbs.*
Botanomantie. f. *Divination, or witchcraft by the vertue of herbs.*
Botargues: f. *The hard rowes of the* Murene, *or of a kinde of Mullet, ſalted, and then dried, and eaten to provoke drinking.*
Bote : f. *A boot ; alſo, a faggot, a bundle, a bottle.*
S'ils penſent ainſi ils bruſlent leurs botes. *They are farre wide, or much too blame, if &c. or (as we ſay) I ſmell them hither.*
Tous les deux y laiſſeront les botes. *They can neither of them ſcape with life, they will both miſcarry, or die, in the place.*
Boté. *Booted.* See Botté.
Boteau. *A bundle, or bottle, as of hay, &c.*
Boteler. *To bottle, or bundle up ; to make into bottles, or bundles.*
Boteleur: m. *A maker of bottles, or of bundles.*
Boter. *To boot, pull on boots, or put boots on ; alſo, to prune, or cut off the ſuperfluous branches of a tree.*
Bothoral: m. alc: f. *Whealie, poukie, puſhie.*
Botine: f. *A buſkin, or Summer boot.*
Botineur : m. *A buſkin-maker ; alſo, one that continually weares boots, or buſkins ; as a Mouſke, or any ſuch creature, who being not ſatisfied with wearing them alive, will be buried in them, dead.*
Botryte: f. Cadmia *in grape-like cluſters, gathered from the roofes of copper-houſes, or over the furnaces wherein copper is ordinarily melted, or made.*
Botte: f. *The veſſell which we call a Butt ; alſo, as* Bote.
Botté. *Rooted.*
Gens bottez de foin. *Silly-clownes, rude-ſwaynes, ignorant-boores, home-bred hinds.*
Botteler. *as* Boteler.
Botter. *as* Boter.
Botterol: m. *A Toad.* (vieil mot.)
Bou. *A boyling, or bubling.*
Bouade: f. *The marke of two oxen, or uſe of a ſmall cart, due certaine dayes in Summer by tenants (that hold by ſocage, or villenage) unto their landlords, for the labouring, and dreſſing of their vineyards.*
Bouban, & boubance. Looke Bobance.
Boubax. *The name of a kinde of Olives.*
Bouc: m. *A male-Goat, or hee-Goat ; alſo, the engine of batterie called a Ramme ; alſo, a hoſſe, hard, and thick Sponge.*
Bouc d'eſtain. *The Alpian, and long-horn'd Wild goat, or beaſt like a goat, called (in Latine)* Ibex.
Barbe de bouc. *Goats-beard, Starre of Jeruſalem, Noone-tide, Goe-to-bed at noone ; (an herbe.)*
Couillon de bouc. See Couillon.
Eſpine de bouc. *Goats-thorne (whoſe root yeeldeth Gum-dragagant.)*
Langue de bouc. *wild-bugloſſe, wall-bugloſſe, ſnakes-bugloſſe, Vipers-bugloſſe, Vipers-herbe.*
Oeil de bouc. *The little ſhell-fiſh called, a Lympine, or Lempet.* Seek Oeil.
Yeux de bouc. *Goggle-eyes ; rolling-eyes.*
De bouc eſtourdi. *Raſhly, turbulently, with a hurrie.*
Traire les boucs. *To loſe time, or ſpend it fruitleſſy.*
Boucal : m. *as* Bocal ; *alſo, a vent for the fire, or heat, of a furnace.*
Boucan : m. *A woodden-gridiron, whereon the Cannibals broile peeces of men, and other fleſh.*
Boucané: m. ée: f. *Ridden by a goat ; alſo, roſted, broyled, or ſcorched on a woodden gridiron.*
Boucaner. *To doe like a goat ; to imitate the goat ; alſo, to broyle, or ſcorch on a woodden gridiron.*
Boucanier: m. ere: f. *Old, ſtale, paſt date, out of uſe, out of ſeaſon.*
Boueaſſin. *as* Boceaſin.
Bouccaiart : m. *Plaine-Chamlet, ſmatter-Chamlet ; or, as* Mouccaiart.
Bouchard. *A kind of great-eared brouze-wheat.*
Boucharde: f. *A Maſons hammer, or picke, pointed at both ends like a diamond.*
Bouchaſſes: f. *Wild, or baſtard, Cheſtnuts.*
Bouche: f. *A mouth ; alſo, a paſſage, entry, entrance, or overture, into.*
Bouches à feu. *Spit-fires ; Artillerie, Ordnance.*
Bouche freſche. Look Frez.
La bouche, & les mains. *Homage, and fealtie ; or, the ceremonies uſed in the doing thereof.*
De broc en bouche. *Immediately, ſpeedily, ſuddainly, out of hand, in a trice, while 'tis hot.*
Avoir bouche à Court. *To eat and drink ſcotfree ; to have budge-a-Court, to be in ordinary at Court.*
Avoir la bouche fraiche. Look Fraiche.
Avoir la bouche à pleine main. *A horſe to be neither too hard, nor too ſenſible, of mouth, thereby giving the hand a full roſt.*
Avoir bonne bouche. *To be ſecret ; to keep counſell.*
Elle a la langue en la bouche non en la bourſe (*of a prating huſwife*) *her tongue is ever at hand I warrant you.*
Dire de bouche. *To tell, or utter expreſſly, to make eſpeciall mention of in ſpeech, to declare unto in plaine, and open tearms.*
Faire la bouche à. *To inſtruct, or give a man his leſſon, beforehand.*
Faire la petite bouche. *To ſimper ;* Il ne faiſoit point la petite bouche. *Hee neither diſſembled, nor was loth to utter it, the ſpake it openly, plainly, freely enough.*
On y doit fermer la bouche, & ouvrir la bourſe; viz. *When alms are to be given.*
Garder pour la bonne bouche. *To reſerve a thing as the beſt for the laſt bit ; to keep it long of purpoſe to make up his mouth withall.*
Gouverner bien la bouche. *To be temperate in diet.*
Large de bouche, & eſtroict de ceinture. *That promiſes, or offers, much, but put unto it, will pare with little or nothing.*
Moderer ſa bouche. *To feed moderately, to eat ſoberly, or no more then ſhall do him good.*
Parler de quelqu'un en bonne bouche. *To ſpeake well, or give a good report of one ;* en male bouche ; *to reproach, raile on, revile one.*
Tromper vn corbeau à bouche beante. See Corbeau.
Venir l'eau à la bouche. Cela luy fit venir l'eau à la bouche. *That made his teeth water, or, ſet him on a longing.*
Bouche freſche pied ſec ; Pro. *Hee that would live a long time, muſt keep both his mouth cool, and moiſt, and his feet warm, and drie.*
De la main à la bouche ſe perd ſouvent la ſoupe ; Prov. *Betweene the hand and lip the morſell's loſt.*
Entre la bouche & le cueillier ſouvent adrient grand deſtourbier ; Pro. *Betweene the cup and the lip (ſay we, with the Latine Poet) many miſchances happen.*
Qui n'a argent en bourſe ait du moins du miel en bouche ; Prov. Looke Avoir.
Selon ta bourſe gouverne ta bouche ; Pro. *Governe thy mouth by thy meanes.*
Table ſans ſel, bouche ſans ſalive; Prov. *A table without ſalt, and a mouth without ſap ;* Look Table.
Bouchée: f. *A morſell, or mouth-full of.*
Boucheletre: f. *A little mouth.*
Bouchemens. See Bouſchemens.
Boucher: m. *A butcher, or ſlaughter-man.*
Boucher, *To ſtop ;* See Bouſcher.
Boucherie : f. *A butchers-ſhamble, ſtall, or ſhop; alſo, a butcherie, ſlaughter, diſmembring, or renting aſunder of a living creature.*
Droict de boucherie. Look Droict.
Boucheron. See Bouſcheron.
Bouchet : m. *A kind of broth for a ſicke body ; alſo, the ſweet drink, Hydromel, or, a drinke made of water ſweetned with ſugar and cinnamon ; or as ;*
Eau de bouchet. *A certaine compound water, which with that of Coriander, makes a kinde of Hipocras.*
Bouchette : f. *A little mouth.*
Bouchier : m. *A Butcher, or ſlaughter-man.*
Bouchimborbe : f. *Goats-beard, Joſephs-flower, Starre of* Jeruſalem, *Noone-tide, Goe-to-bed-at-noone ; (an herbe.)*
Bouchon : m. *A ſtopple ; alſo, a wiſp of ſtraw, &c. alſo, the buſh of a taverne, or alehouſe.*
Bouchons. *The little knots which bee in fine wooll, or fall from it in ſpinning.*
Bouchons de Chenilles. *Cluſters, or bunches of Caterpillers.*
A bouchon. *Grovching, lying with his teeth downeward; or, couched upon his face; as he is that lyes downe at the play called Hat-cocles.*
Il me donna le bouchon d'une bouteille. *Hee gave me a very trifle; or a thing*

a thing not worth taking.

Se mettre à l'ombre des bouchons. *To get him into a Taverne; to take ſhelter, or ſanctuary, in a Tap-houſe.*

Bouchonné : m. ée: f. *Rubbed, wiped, or ſtuffed, as a horſe with wiſpes of ſtraw.*

Bouchonner. *To rub, wipe, or ſtuffe, as a horſe, with wiſpes of ſtraw.*

Bouchonnet : m. *A little wiſpe, or ſtopple.*

Bouchonneux : m. euſe : f. *Full of ſtopples; wiſpes of ſtraw; taverne-buſhes; wooly knots; bunches, cluſters.*

Bouclas : m. *Birch.*

Boucle : f. *A buckle; alſo, a buble made by ſeething liquor.*

Tenir ſous boucle. *To reſtrain, hold in awe, keep under, or in order.*

Bouclé: m. ée: f. *Buckled, faſtned, cloſed, joyned, as with a buckle; alſo, rung, as a mare; alſo, cuffed, buffetted, alſo, ſwolne, bulching, riſing, or bearing out, in the middle, as a buckle.*

Cela eſt ſerré, & bouclé. *That matter is fully ended.*

Boucler. *To buckle; to cloſe, or faſten, as with a buckle; alſo, to ring a mare, thereby to keep her from the horſe; (alſo, to buffet, or cuffe) alſo, to ſwell, riſe, or beare out in the middle; alſo, to finiſh, end, performe, ſhut up.*

Il boucle ſa femme à la Bergamaſque. *Look* Bergamaſque.

Bouclette : f. *A ſmall buckle.*

Bouclier : m. *A buckler.*

Bouclier Barcelonnois. *A foot-mans targuet, or ſhield.*

Bouclier de l'eſtomac. *The triangular griſtle that growes to the bottome of the breaſt-bone, and from the middle thereof hangs over the ſtomacke.*

Levée de bouclier. *A great ſtirre about a ſmall matter; huge preparation for a ſlight action; much adoe about little or nothing.*

Faire bouclier de. *To truſt in the defence; relye on the protection of; to ſave, ſhadow, ſhrowd, or ſhelter himſelfe under.*

Bouclure : f. *A buckling; alſo, a ſwelling, or bearing out, in the middle; alſo, a buffeting.*

Bouclus : m. *Trenches, or ditches.*

Boucon : m. *A bit, morſell, mouthfull; eſpecially ſuch a one as is empoiſoned; and hence;*

Bailler le boucon. *To poiſon.*

Bouconnier : m. *A poiſoner, one that gives an invenomed bit.*

Boucque. *as* Bouche; ¶ Pic. *whence;*

Boucque du haut ventre. *The mouth, or hole of the ſtomacke, next under the breaſt-bone.*

Boucquet : m. *as* Bouquet.

Boucquine. *A rammiſh, or laſcivious queane.*

Bouc-ſoufflé. *as* Bourſoufflé.

Boudin : m. *A pudding.*

Boudinal : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, a pudding.*

Boudine : f. *The navell.*

Boudrée. *as* Bondrée.

Bouë. f. *Dung, mud, mire; filth, dung, ordure, healing, mattar.*

Bouë de fer. *The ſmall flakes that flye from hot Iron when tis beaten.*

Bouée : f. *A Boy for an anchor.*

Bouër. *To beale, to matter; alſo, (among Mintmen)* C'eſt refrapper les carteaux pour les arrondir.

Bouerande : f. *The weed cammock, Reſt-harrow, petie Whinne, ground Furze.*

Bouëte : f. *as* Bonnette.

Bouëtte. : f. *A little box; alſo, as* brouëtte.

Bouëur : m. *A ſcavinger; one that carries away the ſweepings, and durt of ſtreets, in Carts.*

Bouëux : m. euſe : f. *Durty, myrie, ſlimie, muddy; filthy, full of mattar, bealing, ordure.*

Bouſage. *as* Bouffage.

Bouſément. *Puffingly, ſwellingly, out-ſtrouting.*

Bouſeux : m. *A great eater, a greedy feeder; one whoſe cheekes are ſwolne by exceſſive dict, or ſwell exceedingly whenſoever bee dyets.*

Bouffage : m. *Any meat that (eaten greedily) fills the mouth, and makes the cheeks to ſwell; cheek-puffing meat.*

Bouffances : m. *Puffes in a garment, &c.*

Bouffant. *Puffing, blowing, ſwelling up, ſtrouting out; alſo, burgenning, or waxing big.*

Bouffard : m. arde: f. *Often puffing, much blowing, ſwelling up, ſtrouting out; alſo, ſwelling with anger; or, in a great chafe, in a monſtrous fume.*

Bouffe : f. *The part of our cheeks which we puffe up in blowing, or feeding; a ſwollen, or ſwelling cheek.*

Bouffé : m ée : f. *Puffed, blowne; ſwollen up, or out; growne big.*

Bouffée : f. *A puffe; a ſuddaine, violent, and ſhort blaſt; a berry, or guſt of winde; alſo, a ſhort, and violent fit.*

Bouffée de feu. *A flaſh of fire; ſuch a one as comes out of the mouth of a Canon, &c. when it is ſhot off.*

Bouffément : m. *A puffing, blowing, ſwelling up, or out; a burgeonning, a waxing big.*

Bouffément. *as* Bouſément.

Bouffer. *To puffe, blow; ſwell up, or ſtrout out; to burgen, or wax big.*

Bouffer de courroux. *To ſwell with anger; to be in hot fumes.*

Boufreux. *as* Boufeux.

Bouffi : m. ie : f. *Swollen, puffed up, ſtrouting out.*

Hareng bouffi. *A full-roed herring.*

Oeil bouffi. *An extreamly ſwolne eye that moves with difficulty, and hath loſt it naturall and lively colour.*

Bouffiné: m. ée : f. *Eaten greedily, or with full and puft up cheeks.*

Bouffir. *To puffe, or blow up; to make to ſwell, or ſtrout out; or, as* Bouffer.

Bouffiſſure : f. *A ſwelling, or puffing up, a ſtrouting out; alſo, a kinde of dropſie.*

Bouffon : m. *A buffoon, jeſter, ſycophant; merry ſoole, ſportfull companion; one that lives by making others merry.*

Danſer les buffons. *To dance a morris.*

Bouffonner. *To buffoonize it; to play the ſoole, jeaſter, buffoone; baſely to get a living by jeaſts, or jeaſting.*

Bouffonnerie : *Buffoonime, jeaſting.*

Bouffoneſque. *Buffoone-like.*

Bouffonneur. *as* Bouffon.

Boufron : m. *A Cuttle-fiſh.*

Boug : m. *The little, and venemous green frog, or hedge-toad.*

Boug coupé. *A Tortoiſe.*

Bouge : m. *A ſwelling, ſtrouting, or ſtanding out in a flat piece of worke; hence, the boſſe of a buckler; and, a belly, or out-leaning in the middle of a wall, &c. and, a little roome, or cloſet, built without the wall of a chamber.*

Bouge : f. *A budget, wallet, great pouch, male, or caſe of leather, ſerving to carry things in behinde a man on horſe-backe.*

Il a bien remply ſes bouges. *Hee hath gained exceſſively, he hath feathered his neſt exceedingly.*

Bougé : m. ée: f. *Stirred, budged, removed, parted from.*

Bougeon : m. *A bolt, or arrow with a great head.*

Bouger. *To ſtirre, budge, ſtir, remove, part from.*

Raſibus; qui bouge? *The words of a certaine game; Looke* Raſibus.

Qui bien eſt ne ſe bouge; Prov. *Let not him budge that findes himſelfe well ſeated.*

Tel penſe voler qui ne ſçauroit bouger; Prov. *He meanes to flye, yet cannot move a wing; (ſaid of an overweening ambition, which though it want all meanes attempts all matters.)*

Bougeron. *as* Bougre.

Bougetier. *A budget-maker; or, a maker little wooden coffers, &c. as in* Bougette.

Bougette : f. *A little coffer, or trunke of wood, covered with leather, wherewith the women of old time carried their jewells, attires, and trinkets at their ſaddle bowes, when they rid into the Country; now gentlemen call ſo, both any ſuch Trunke; and the Box, or till of their Cabinets wherein they keep their money; alſo, a little male, pouch, or budget.*

Bougie : f. *A ſearing candle; alſo, a ſize, or ſmall round candle uſed in Churches. Look* Poincte.

Bougié. *Seared with a wax-candle.*

Bougier. *To ſeare with a wax-candle.*

Bougiron : m. *A Buggerer, a Sodomite.*

Bougironné : m. ée: f. *Buggered, abuſed by a Sodomite.*

Bougironner. *To bugger, to commit (horrible) Sodomy.*

Bougnette : f. *The ſmooth and long-tailed Ray, called the Fork-fiſh.*

Bougoir : m. *A long candle-ſticke (of wet-tall) for a ſize, or (ſmall) wax-candle.*

Bougonner. *To bungle.* ¶ Orleannois.

Bougonneur : m. *A bungler.*

Bougrande : f. *Cammocke, Reſt-harrow, ground Furze, petty whinne.*

Bougre : m. *as* Bougiron.

Bougrerie : f. *Buggerie, Sodomy.*

Bougrin : m. ine : f. *Buggering; or, fit for buggerie; whence:*

Chauſſes à la bougrine. *Strait venetians, without codpeces.*

† Bougriſque : com. *Buggering, committing Sodomy.*

Bouhourd. *as* Behourd.

Bouhourdi premier & ſecond. *The firſt and*

and ſecond Sunday in Lent.
Bouillamment. *Hotly, eagerly, fervently, with a boiling deſire.*
Bouillant : m. ante : f. *Boiling, ſcalding hot.*
Bouilli : m. *Any broth, or boiled meat.*
Bouilli : m. ie : f. *Boiled, ſodden.*
Bouillir. *To boile, or ſeeth ; alſo, to bubble in ſeething.*
Bouillon : m. *Mullein, Wool-blade, Long-wort, High-taper, Torches, Long-beard, Bullocks Long-wort, Hares-beard.*
Bouillon blanc. *Baſe white Mullein, ſubcreſt there be two kindes, one with broad, the other with narrow leaves.*
Bouillon Lychnite. *Candle-weeke Mullein.*
Bouillon noir. *Baſe blacke Mullein.*
Bouillon ſauvage. *Wilde Mullein, hath leaves like Sage, and yellow ſhining flowers.*
Bouillon : m. *A boiling, bubling, or bubble; baſte, a broth, or boiled meat ; alſo, dirt, mire ; and, a plaſhing, or ſlaſhing ; alſo, Oaten grout, a kinde of ſmall drinke made of Oates ; alſo, a great and long ſhip-naile ; alſo, a ſtudde, any great headed, or ſtudded naile.*
Bouillon. *Puffes, in a garment, &c.*
Bouillon de fleurs, & fruicts. *A thicke bunch, or cluſter of ſundry leaves, fruits, and flowers ; ſeeming to grow altogether out of one ſtalke.*
Bouillon de fumée. vn gros b. *A cloud of ſmoake.*
Bouillon de ſang. *A clot of blood.*
Bouillonné : m. ée : f. *Boiled, bubled ; ſurged ; alſo, trimmed, or ſet out, with puffes.*
Bouillonnement : *A boiling, bubling, a ſurging, a ſeething over.*
Bouillonner. *To boile, bubble, ſurge, ſeeth over ; alſo, to make puffes in a Garment.*
Bouillonneux : m. euſe : f. *Boiling, or bubling ; alſo, dusty, miry, plaſhy ; alſo, full of puffes.*
Bouillu. *as* Bouilli.
Boujon: m. *A boult ; an arrow with a great, or broad, head.*
Boulaxte : f. *A Pigeon-hole in a Dove-coat.*
Bouis : m. *Box ; or, the Box-tree.*
Bouis d'aſne. *The Box-thorn, prickly Box, Aſſe Box-tree.*
Bouïs eſpineux ; ou piquant. *The ſame.*
Grand bouïs. *Great Box, or the Box-tree.*
Petit bouïs. *Dwarfe-Box, Ground-Box.*
Bouiſſiere : f. *A Box-plot ; a banke, or ground ſet, or ſtored with, Box.*
Boukimbarbe. *as* Bouchimbarbe.
Boulanger. *as* Boulenger.
Boular : m. *The little round neſt of a Martin, Titmouſe, &c.*
Boulay : m. *A Birch-tree.*
Boulaure d'un moulin. *The conduit, or fall-trough, wherein the Wheele goes.*
Boule : f. *A bowle (to play with ; or to drinke in.)*
Boule veuë. *A certaine play at Bowle-caſting, wherein if the Bowle bee at any time out of ſight, the Caſter loſes ; whence ;*
Iouër à boule veuë. *To deale ſurely, work on ſure grounds, make a wary bargaine, meddle with that for which hee ſees good warrant.*
Le coup valoit bien la boule. *See* Coup.
Tenir pied à boule. *To apply his buſineſſe ; to hold hard, or keepe cloſe to it.*
Bouleau : m. *Birch ; alſo, a ſmall bowle ; and hence ;*
Les bouleaux d'un vis. *The circles, or circling of a Screw.*
Boulengé : m. ée : f. *Baked, made into bread.*
Boulenger. *To Bake, make bread ; or make into bread.*
Boulengerie : f. *A baking ; alſo, a bake-houſe.*
Boulengier : m. *A baker.*
Pet de boulengier. *A fart in ſyrrup.*
Boulengiere : f. *A woman baker ; alſo, as* Boulengerie ; *a bake-houſe.*
Boulet. *To bowle.*
Boulerot : m. *A little round, blackiſh, and ſennie Gudgeon, that lives continually in mud.*
Bouleſche : f. *A great fiſh-net, called a Seene, or Seyne.*
Boulet : m. *A bullet ; alſo, as* Bolete ; *a Muſhrome.*
Boulet noir. *A heavy, perſonous, and blackiſh kinde of the Excreſcence, called* Agaric.
Arbaleſte à boulet. *A Stone-bow.*
Bouleuo : f. *A little Bowle.*
Boulettes de Cyprés. *Cypres nuts, or clogs.*
Bouleuer ; ou, Bouleverd : m. *A Bulwarke.*
Bouleverſe : f. *A ſubverſion, over-turne, over-throw.*
Bouleverſé : m. ée : f. *Subverted, over-turned, over-throwne.*
Bouleverſement : m. *An over-turning, ſubverting, over-throwing.*
Bouleverſer. *To over-turne, or turne topſie turvy, to ſubvert, to over-throw.*
Bouleverſeur : m. *An over-turner, ſubverter, over-thrower.*
Boulevert : m. *A Bulwarke.*
Boule-veuë. *See* Boule.
Boulge, & Boulgette. *as* Bouge, & Bougette.
Boulie : f. *Pap or broth for children.*
Cela ſent ſa boulie, viz. *is childiſh, fond ; raw, rude.*
Boulieux : m. euſe : f. *Full of, or belonging to, pap ; alſo, feeding much on, or fed very much with, pap.*
Boulime : m. *as* Boulimie.
Boulimie : f. *A greedie hunger, an inſatiable appetite, by diſeaſe, proceeding from the coldneſſe of the ſtomack.*
Boulin : m. *A Pigeon-hole in a Dove-coat.*
Boulinage : m. *A ſayling with a ſide-winde ; a laying of tacke aboord.*
Bouline : f. *A Boline, or Tacke ; alſo, as* Boulingue.
Aller à la bouline. *To ſaile with a ſide-winde.*
Boulingue : f. *A top-ſaile.*
Boullauſe : f. *A pout, or Eele-pout.*
Bouller. *To coy, foiſt ; beguile, deceive couſen ; alſo, to box, or pommell, with the fiſts. (v. m.)*
Boulligni. *An Italian coine worth about* ij. d. *ſterl.*
Boullon. *as* Boulon.
Boullonné : m. ée : f. *Puffed, or drawne out with Puffes.*
Boulœrs d'vn vis. *The circles, or circling of a Screw.*
Bouloirs. *as* Boulœrs.
Bouloire : f. *A bowling-alley.*
Boulon. *A long, big, and big-headed peg of wood, wherewith Carpenters joine great pieces of timber together.*
Boulon de fer. *A great pinne of Iron, ſuch as tradeſ-men ſhut in their ſhop-windowes withall.*
Boulongnois, *as* Boulligni.
Bouleuer : m. *A bulwarke, fortreſſe, or ſtrong hold. (v. m.)*
Boulture : f. *A boiling, ſeething, a bubling.*
Boune. *as* Borne.
Bouquanier. *as* Boucanier.
Bouqué : m. *as* Bouquet.
Bouque d'Ange : f. *Conſerve, or ſucket, of Lettice ſtalkes.*
Bouquer. *To kiſſe another mans thumbe ; to take, or give, a tucke, or kiſſe ; alſo, to ſtrike ſaile, or pay cuſtome, as ſhips, in paſſing by ſome places, are bound to doe.*
Bouquet : m. *A noſegay or poſie of flowers, &c. alſo, a locke of wooll ; alſo, a buckle-bone ; (alſo, a great Prawne, Norm.) alſo, a loope-hole in a wall.*
Branſle du bouquet. *The noſegay dance, or kiſſing dance (for there is much kiſſing in it.)*
Bailler le bouquet. *See* Bailler.
Elle a mis le bouquet ſous l'oreille. *(Of a widow) ſhe would faine be had, wonne, or married ; (of a whore) ſhee may (for money) be had, wonne, or uſed ; (In France, when they ride, or lead, out horſes, which they would ſell, they uſe to ſticke Poſies under their eares.)*
Bouquetier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, noſegaies, noſegay-like.*
Bouquetiere : f. *An herbe-wife ; ſuch a one as uſes to ſell, or to preſent, noſegayes.*
Bouquin : m. *A Kid ; alſo, the hairy buſh, or Pubes.*
Cornet à bouquin. *A (muſicall) Cornet.*
Vn vieux bouquin. *An old booke ; alſo, an old ſchollar ; or, one that hath read over many old bookes.*
Bouquin : m. ine : f. *Leacherous, laſcivious ; alſo, ranke, Rammiſh, Goat-like.*
Bouquiner. *To grow hairie about the privities ; alſo, to be as laſcivious, or ſmell as ranke, as a Goat ; alſo, to be bookiſh, or, to read much in old bookes.*
Bourache : f. *A* Borrachoe ; *or bottle (of leather) alſo, a candle-caſe ; alſo, an engine (like a candle-caſe) wherewith fiſh is caught.*
Bourachon : m. *A ſmall* Borrachoe ; *a little candle-caſe ; alſo, a drunkard, or Toſſe-bottle.*

Bouras : m. *The towe of hempe ; the courſeſt part of any ſuch like ſtuffe.*

Bouraſque : f. *A ſtorme, tempeſt, guſt, or flaw of winde.*

Bouraſſe : f. *A* Borrachoe, *or (Spaniſh) bottle of leather.*

Bourbe : f. *Mud, mire, durt; alſo, as* Bourbier.

Bourbelier : m. *The breaſt, or Eſſay of a wilde Swine.*

Bourbeter. *as* Bourbetter ; *alſo, to mutter, grunt, murmure.*

Bourbeteux : m. euſe. f. *Loving the mud, as a ducke, &c. alſo, full of mud.*

Bourbette. *A ſmall freſh-water Fiſh, that altogether lives on, and lyes in, mud.*

Bourbetter. *To wallow in mud ; to paddle, or pudder in the mire.*

Bourbeux : m. euſe : f. *Muddy, or full of mud ; filth, durt.*

Bourbier : m. *A muddy place, a ſlough, or puddle of durt, and mud.*

Bourblier. *as* Bourbelier.

Bourbonnois : m. oiſe : f. *Of* Bourbon.

Tarte Bourbonnoiſe. *A deep ſlough, bog, or quagmire ; a ſtable (of ill entertainement) for a horſe.*

Bourboulenc. *The name of a Vine.*

Bourcier. fief bourcier. *as* fief bourſal ; *(* par la Couſtume des Chartres.*)*

Bourdaine : f. *A certaine low, and upright-branched (French) hedge-tree, whoſe wood is very weake, and light, bearing a berrie (of the bigneſſe of a Haw) firſt pale, then red, at length blacke ; exceedingly loved by Stags.*

Bourdant : m. ante : f. *Jeaſting, bourding ; trifling, toying ; foiſting, cogging with, gulling of, people.*

Truffant Bourdant. *Betweene jeaſt and earneſt.*

Bourde : f. *A jeaſt, fib, tale of a Tub.*

Donner la bourde de l' Alouette. *Seek* Alouette.

Bourdé : m. ée. f. *Gravelled, as a Cart, &c.*

Bourdelage : m. *A Tenure in the dominion of* Nevers, *whereby the tenant is bound to pay unto his Landlord an yearely rent in money, corne, and feathers, or in any two of them ; which if hee omit three yeares together, he forfeits his eſtate ; In* Bourbonnois *it is as* Taille Réelle.

Bourdelais. *A certaine Vine, or Grape that yeelds very ſoure wine ; and therefore is it uſually ſet about arbours, more for the ſhadow, then for the fruit, it yeelds.*

Bourdelaſier. *Full of jeaſts, or of tales.*

Bourdelier. *Let out, or held in* Bourdelage ; *alſo, holding by, or ſubject unto, it.*

Seigneur bourdelier. *The Lord unto whom* Bourdelage *is due.*

Bourder. *To toy, triſle, dally ; bourd, or jeaſt with ; alſo, to cog, foiſt, gull, ſell a bargaine, give a gudgeon unto ; alſo, to quip, gird, mocke, ſcoffe at.*

Bourdereau. *as* Bordereau.

Bourdes : f. *Sybs, fibs, yappers, lies ; toies to mocke apes ; tales to gull aſſes ; with ; alſo, ſcoffes, jeaſts, gibes, cuts, quips ; and hence,*

Ce ſont les pires bourdes que les vrayes ; Prov. *The trueſt jeaſts ſound worſt in guilty eares.*

Bourdeur : m. *A mocker, jeaſter ; cogger, lier, foiſter, guller of people.*

Bourdican : m. *A begging Frier.*

Travailler en bourdican. *To trudge up and downe, to trot to and fro, to toile like a horſe, never to reſt.*

Bourdin : m. *The ſhell-fiſh called a Limpin, or Lempet.*

Bourdon : m. *A Drone, or Dorre-bee ; alſo, the humming, or buzzing of Bees ; alſo, the Drone of a Bag-pipe ; alſo, the big end of a club, &c. alſo, a Pilgrims ſtaffe ; alſo, a walking-ſtaffe having a ſword, &c. within it ; (ſometimes) alſo, a Pike, or Speare.*

Le bourdon d'un moulin à vent. *A wind-mill poſt.*

Chanter en faux bourdon. *See* Faux-bordon.

Demeure à bourdon planté. *A fixed dwelling, a ſetled reſidence in a place.*

Bourdonnaſſes : f. *A faſhion of great bolſtow launces uſed in old time.*

Bourdonné : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed with, or made like to a Pilgrims ſtaffe ; alſo, buzzed, or hummed.*

Bourdonnement : m. *A buzzing, or humming, as of Drones, &c.*

Bourdonner. *To buzze, or humme like a Drone, &c.*

Bourdonneſque : com. *Humming, buzzing, Drone-like.*

Bourdonneur : m. *A hummer, or buzzer ; alſo, one that playes on a Bag-pipe.*

Bourdonniere : f. *The gudgeon (turning in the top of the barre, or hindge-hand, of a gate.*

Bourelet. *as* Bourlet.

Bourellé : m. ée : f. *Tormented, tortured, extreamely vexed.*

Bourellement : m. *A torture, torment, cruell racking ; extreame vexing.*

Bourellement. *Moſt cruelly, with much torment.*

Boureller. *To torture, torment, vex horribly.*

Bourellerie : f. *as* Bourellement, *or* Bourrelerie.

Bouret. *A kinde of ſhell-fiſh.*

Bourg : m. *A Bourough, or great Towne (without walls or ditches.)*

De bourg en bourg. *Wandering, like a rogue, from bourough, to bourough ; or from one good towne to another.*

Bourgade : f. *A village, hamlet, ſmall bourough.*

Bourgage : m. *A townſhip, or bourough-ſhip ; the inhabitants of houſes in lands belonging to a towne, or bourough ; alſo, an eſtate, or tenure in Bourgage, held either of the King (as our Bourough Engliſh) or of other Lords of the bourough, and ſubject to no other than the cuſtomarie and accuſtomed rents, or ſervices thereof.*

Bourgalois : m. *A Spaniſh coine worth about 18 d. ſterl.*

Bourgamaiſtre : m. *A Mayor, or Bourgamaſter ; the principall Magiſtrate, or Officer, in a City, or good towne.*

Bourgeois : m *A citizen, towneſman, burguer, burgeſſe ; alſo, a free-man, in any place.*

Bourgeois d' Amphitrite. *A fiſh ; a free-man of the ſea.*

Bourgeois du Comte de Nevers. *His freed men ; who payed unto him an yearely rent of* xii d. Tourn. *and in regard of their freedome under him, were to renounce all other Lords.*

Le Bourgeois d'un Navire. *The owner of a ſhip.*

Bourgeois du Roy. *The Kings burgeſſe, or free-man ; a lay, and true-borne, yeoman ; (for neither gentleman, clerke, nor baſtard muſt be hee) at firſt of a ſervile, now of a free, condition ; yet ſubject unto all proceedings of Juſtice, though with ſome priviledge ; for, in many parts of France, he muſt not be impleaded in any Court but the Kings ; and elſe-where (in inferiour Courts) onely upon reall actions.*

Francs bourgeois. *Free Burgeſſes ; thoſe that pay no yearely fines for their freedome, nor ſo many ordinary amerciaments of Courts as others ; though they doe ſome other ſervices, and yeeld other contributions, as others, unto their Lords.*

Selon la ville les bourgeois ; Prov. *Such towne, ſuch townſmen.*

Bourgeois : m. iſe : f. *Burguerly, Citizenlike ; belonging to a citizen, burgeſſe, burguer.*

Caution Bourgeoiſe. *City ſecuritie, or ſecurity of rich, and reſident citizens.*

Pain bourgeois. *Cruſte bread ; bread thats betweene white and browne. See* Pain.

Bourgeoiſie : f. *A burgeſſhip, or burgeſſeſhip ; the eſtate, or condition of a burguer, or burgeſſe ; alſo, burguers, burgeſſes, free-men, townſmen, citizens ; or a crue, or the whole company thereof ; alſo, a bourough-ſhip ; and the liberties, freedome, or priviledges belonging to a towne, or bourough.*

Bourgeoiſied' ayenage. *A certain quantitie of Oats leavied to the Kings uſe, of thoſe, who are made free of the Townes of* Mahun ſur Eure *in* Berry.

Droict de bourgeoiſie. *Freedome ; alſo, an yearely duty, or fine of* xii d. Paris : *paied unto the King by free burgeſſes ; who in lieu thereof may refuſe to anſwer in any court, but his, any perſonall action, or complaint whatſoever ; except it bee for an offence committed at that preſent, or three moneths before their freedome obtained. (This duty is alſo called,* Devoir de bourgeoiſie.*)*

Droict de bourgeoiſie de la Baſſée ſous Lille. *An yearly rent, or duty of foure pence, paid by every free-man.*

Droict de bourgeoiſie de la Chaſtre en Berry. *A certaine yearely ſumme, and a hen, paied by every free-man unto the lord of that place.*

Droict de bourgeoiſie de Sedan. *Is twenty pence a yeare ; and when hee is made free (if hee bee the ſonne of a free-man) two ſhillings ſixe pence ; or (if a forreigner) five ſhillings to the Duke of* Buillon.

L'entrée de la bourgeoiſie de Calais. *A duty of* xxv francs, *paied by every one that is made a burgeſſe, or free-man, of* Calis.

Bourgeon : m. *The young bud, ſprig, or putting out, of a Vine ; alſo, a pimple in the face.*

Bourgeon de laine. *A locke of woole.*

Bourgeons. *Writlings, or critlings; the ſmalleſt and moſt untimely apples or peares; tearmed ſo by the Normane Fruiterers.*

Bourgeonné: m. ée: f. *Budded, burgeonned; put, ſprung, ſprouted out.*

Bourgeonnement: m. *A ſpringing, budding, putting out.*

Bourgeonner. *To bud, ſpring, or ſprout out; to burgeon, put, or ſhoot out.*

Bourgeonneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of buds; richly ſet with pimples.*

Bourget: m. *A round ſtoole.*

Bourgrain: m. *Buckeram.*

Bourgeſpine: f. *Buck-thorne, Waythorne, laxative-Ramme.*

Bourguignon: m. *A Burgonian, one of Burgundy; alſo, the name of a Vine, whereof there bee divers kinds.*

Bourguignon blanc. *The moſt fruitfull of all white Vines.*

Bourguignon cinquain. *as* Foirard.

Bourguignon noir. *as* Neraut.

Bourguignotte: f. *A Burganet, Huſkin, or Spaniſh Murrion.*

Bourjaſſotte: f. *The name of a certaine figge.*

Bouringue. *as* Boulingue.

Bourjon. *as* Bourgeon; *a budde, &c.*

Bourjonner. *as* Bourgeonner.

Bourleſque: com. *Feaſting, merry, pleaſant, flouting, gibing.*

Bourlet: m. *A wreath, or a roule of cloth, linnen, or leather, ſtuffed with ſtockes, haire, &c. alſo, the Hood worn by Graduats, Lawyers, and Citizens, at their aſſemblies; alſo, a ſupporter (for a Ruffe, &c.) of Satin, Taffata, &c. and having an edge like a roule.*

Cerveaux à bourlet. *Hooded braines, or, ſuch as have better-ſtuffed hoods then heads; and (more particularly) ignorant Lawyers, unskilfull plodders, Petti-foggers.*

Bournage. *as* Bornage.

Bournal: m. *A bonny-combe.*

Bournois. *as* Bournal; *or, a Beeneaſt, or Bee-hive, full of bonny-combes.*

Bourrabaquin: m. *A great carouſing glaſſe, faſhioned like a Cannon, Horne, or in ſome other antick manner; (ſometimes) alſo, a Bourrachoe.*

Bourrache. *as* Bourroche.

Bourrachiere. Corneille bour. *A Roiſton Crow.*

Bourrachon: m. *A tipler, quaffer, toſſepot, whip-can; alſo, a little Bourrachoe.*

Bourrade: f. *A tempeſt, or ſtorme; alſo, the cuffing, or ruffling of a bird by a haukе; alſo, the toſſing, or muzzling of a hare by a grey-hound before he beare her.*

Bourranſié. *Puffed up, ſtrouting out, with ſtocks, &c.*

Bourraquin. *as* Bourrabaquin; *or, a Bourrachoe.*

Bourras: m. *as* Borrais; *alſo, ſilk-raſh; alſo, groſſe, or courſe canvas.*

Bourraſſer. *To baſtinade, beat, belam, bethwacke.*

Bourre: f. *Flocks, or locks of wool, haire, &c. ſerving to ſtuffe ſaddles, bals, and ſuch like things; alſo, the downe, or haire coat wherewith divers herbes, fruits, and flowers are covered; alſo (laſſe properly) any ſuch traſh, as chaffe, ſhales, huskes, &c. alſo, (leaſt uſually) the covering, cloathing, or backe part of a man.*

Bourre de ſoye. *Towe of ſilke, or the courſeſt ſilke; comes of the balls which the wormes have pierced.*

Raiſins qui ſont encores en bourre. *Grapes that are as yet in the bloſſome, or, ſo young as they have no ſtone.*

Faire bourre voler. *To play much at Tennis (the ball being meant by bourre, wherewith it is ſtuffed) alſo, to uſe much, or ſpend much at, any coſtly game, paſtime, or exerciſe.*

Bourre. *A Ducke.* ¶ Norm.

Bourré: m. ée: f. *Stuffed, or ſtopped with haire, flocks, &c. alſo, beaten, thumped, cudgelled; alſo, ſtopped.*

Bourreau: m. *An executioner; a hangman.*

Bourrée: f. *A bavin, or faggot of twigs; a bundle of any ſuch like ſtuff.*

Bourrelé: m. ée: f. *Tortured, tormented; executed; extreamly vexed.*

Bourreler. *To torture, torment; execute; vex extreamely. See* Boureller.

Bourrelerie: f. *A torturing, tormenting, executing; the office of a hangman; alſo, an extreame vexation.*

Bourrelet. *See* Bourlet.

Bourrelier: m. *A maker of horſe-collars.*

Bourreller: m. ere: f. *Tormenting, torturing, executing with cruelty; vexing extreamly.*

Bourreller. *To torture, torment, execute cruelly; vex extreamly.*

Il boutrelle la beſongne. *(Said of a bungling artificer) hee ſpoiles both worke and ſtuffe.*

Bourrer. *To ſtuffe with flocks, and haire; alſo, to beat, or thumpe; alſo to ſtop.*

Bourrette: f. *The uppermoſt part of the clue, or ball of ſilke yeelded by the ſilke-worme; the courſeſt of ſilke.*

Bourreux: m. euſe: f. *Full of flocks, &c.*

Herbe bourreuſe. *Cudweed, Chaffeweed, Cotton-weed.*

Bourrier: m. *as* Bourre; *alſo, weeds; and generally, any filth; as ſweepings, or unprofitable, and houſe-defiling traſh.*

Il y a de bourriers en ſa fluſte. *All is not well with him; ſomewhat's amiſſe in the matter.*

Bourriquet: m. *A kinde of tombrell, or dung-cart; alſo, ſuch a title for an Aſſe as Jade is for a horſe; and hence;*

Harry bourriquet. *Words wherewith the Millers, &c. in France drive forward their Aſſes.*

Boutroche: f. *Bourage.*

Bourru: m. uë: f. *Flockie, hairie, rugged, high-napped.*

Vin bourru. *New ſweet wine; ſuch as is not yet ſetled after vintage; or, new, thicke, unfined (white) wine.*

Bourry. Moine bourry. *as* Moyne beur.

Bours de chevres. *Stables or Pennes for Goats.*

Bourſal: m. *A younger brother.*

Bourſal: m. ale: f. *Of a younger brother; whence;*

Fief bourſal. *The inheritance, or portion of inheritance, belonging to a younger brother.*

† Bourſalement. Tenir b. *By the title of younger ſhip; different from that of the elder brother, who is to doe homage unto the Lord for the whole inheritance.*

Bourſavit: m. *A prick-purſe, or purſe for a pricke; alſo, a kinde of big leatherne purſe, worne by many right before their codpieces.*

Bourſaul: m. *The Cane-Withie, or, Cane-Willow.*

Bourſaut: m. *A little purſe.*

† Bourſaux: m. *Younger brethren.*

Bourſe: f. *A purſe; alſo, a bagge, ſatchell, pouch; alſo, a caſe; any thing made of leather to put, or keep toules, or other implements in; alſo, a ballocke; or, the outward skin wherin the cod is contained; alſo, a purſe-net; alſo, the place of a Penſioner in a College (we call it a Schollerſhip, or Fellowſhip;) or in the Chancerie, or Exchequer; alſo, the Penſion it ſelfe; ſo tearmed, becauſe it is commonly delivered in a Purſe unto the party that hath it.*

Bourſe de berger. *Shepheards-purſe, poore mans Spermacetie, Toy-wort. Picke-purſe, Coolcwed.*

Bourſe couſtumiere. *A yeoman, or cuſtomary tenant; or, a purchaſe made by a yeoman, or cuſtomary tenant.*

Bourſe de Curé. *as* Bourſe de berger.

Bourſe delliée. *Ready money; or, money diſburſed, or, payed down for a thing.*

Bourſe de Paſteur. *as* Bourſe de berger.

Clameur de bourſe. *An action brought for the recovery of an alienced inheritance.* ¶ Norm.

Demarche de bourſe. *The ſame.*

Rouge bourſe. *A Robin red breaſt; (called ſo in Savoy.)*

Elle a la langue en la bouche, non en la bourſe: *(ſaid of tatling huſwife, whoſe Cliket is ever wagging) ſhe is not tongue-tied, I warrant you.*

Faire bourſe à part. *To keepe houſe, or make a houſhold, apart,*

and without any community of goods, or of eſtate with others.

Tous les priſonniers s'en ſont fuys de ſa bourſe. *Look* Priſonnier.

Venir entre la bourſe & les deniers. *To prevent, fore-ſtall, come betweene and home, Seek* Venir.

Abbé & convent ce n'eſt qu'un; mais la bourſe eſt en divers lieux; Prov. *Look* Abbé.

Belle hoſteſſe c'eſt un mal pour la bourſe; Prov. *A faire hoſteſſe brings in a foule reckoning.*

Le petit gain emplit la bourſe; Prov. *We ſay, light gaines make heavy purſes.*

Qui bien gaigne, & bien deſpend, ne luy faut bourſe à mettre argent; Prov. *Hee needs no purſe, that ſpends, as well as gets, much; or, that ſpends as much as he gets.*

Qui n'a argent en bourſe ait du moins du miel en bouche, Prov. *Looke* Argent.

Selon ta bourſe gouverne ta bouche; Prov. *Meaſure thy appetite by thy ability.*

Bourſé: m. ée: f. *Purſed, impurſed; incloſed, or ſhut up, as in a purſe; bulching, or bearing out, as a full purſe; bunted.*

Bourſeau. *A little bliſter, bumpe, or ſwelling, ſuch as riſes of a knocke, or after nettling.*

Bourſelle: f. *A Mariners Compaſſe, or Dyall.*

Bourſer. *To purſe, impurſe, incloſe, or ſhut up, as in a purſe; alſo; to gather, make bulch, or beare out, as a (full) purſe; to bunt, or leave a bunt in a ſayle.*

Bourſeron. *A little purſe; bagge, pouch.*

Bourſet de devant. *The fore-ſayle.*

Bourſet de hune. *The top-ſayle of a ſhip.*

Bourſereux: m. euſe: f. *Purſe-like; belonging to a purſe; full of purſes.*

Bourſette: f. *A little purſe.*

Bourſettes de la ſemence. *The ſeed-veſſels; as* Paraſtates.

Ietter la bourſette. *A hauke, taken out of the Mue, to be fully cleanſed, and purged before ſhe bee ſlowne.*

Bourſeux. *as* Bourſereux.

Bourſicouter. *To make a purſe, gathering, or collection.*

Bourſier: m. *A Penſioner; or one that hath an yearely penſion in a College; or out of the fees comming in by a Court of Juſtice; (and ſuch are the Kings Secretaries, and Clerkes of the Chancery, whoſe entertainment is payed them out of the profit made by the Great Seale.)*

Bourſiller. *To contribute every one his penny; to make a purſe, or lay their monies together, as Mummers, &c. uſe to doe; alſo, to put his hand into his purſe, or take ſomewhat out of of his purſe.*

Bourſillon: m. *A little purſe.*

Bourſin. *A certaine little rope that ſerves to fetch in the ſprit-ſayle.*

Bourſon: m. *A little purſe; caſe; bag.*

Bourſouffiade: f. *Windie pride, idle vanity.*

Bourſouffié: m. ée: f. *Swolne, puffed, or blowne up, as with winde.*

Bourſoufflier. *To ſwell with wind, to puffe, or blow, up.*

Bourſouffleure: f. *A ſwelling of the guts, or of any other part, by windineſſe; any ſwelling, puffing, or blowing up.*

Bouſant: m. *A Buzzard, or hauld-kyte.* ¶ Savoyard.

Bouſat. *as* Bouſant.

Bouſchement: m. *A ſtopping, ſtoppell, obſtruction.*

Bouſcher. *To ſtop; obſtruct, ſhut up; alſo, to hoodwinke.*

Les fruicts ſe bouſchent. *Said when the bloſſomes of a tree are cloſed (or nipped) by cold, ſo that no fruit comes of them.*

Bouſcheron. *A bill-man; alſo, a faggot-maker.*

Bouſchon: m. *A ſtopple. See* Bouchon.

Bouſe de vache: f. *The dung of a Cow; a Cow-turd, or Cow-ſhard.*

Bouſée: f. *The ſame.*

Bouſet, petit bouſet. *A little odious fellow; a paltrie crop of a Cow-turd.*

Bouſſier. *To puffe up, or blow wind into.*

Bouſille: f. *(perhaps as* Bouſin*) daubing, or ſtuffe to daub with.*

Bouſiller: m. *A dauber.*

Bouſiller. *To daube; alſo, to bungle, or ſlubber a thing over.*

Bouſin: m. *A ſoft, and mouldring, ſubſtance, that cleaves to the outſide of free-ſtone, in Quarries; and is uſually taken, or pilled, from the ſtone before it be wrought.*

Bouſinier. pierres bouſinieres. *Soft, and mouldering, or melting away in water, or by weather; (for thoſe be properties of the* Bouſin.*)*

Bouſade: f. *The rot, or plague, among ſheep.* ¶ Langued.

Bouſſe: f. *The bunch of a Cammels backe; or (generally) as* Boſſe.

Bouſſin: m. *A bit, cantill, mammock, morſell.* ¶ Gaſc.

Bouſſole: f. *A Pilots Dyall, Compaſſe, or Quadrant.*

Bouſſu. *as* Boſſu.

Bouſt: m. *A tombe, ſepulchre, grave, a place wherein a dead body hath been buried, or burned.*

Bouſtargues. *as* Botargues.

Bout: m. *The end, head, point, top, or tip, the extreme, or utmoſt, part (in the length) of a thing; hence, the chape of a ſcabberd; the head of an arrow, &c.*

Les bouts des coſtez. *Stitches in the ſides.*

Baſton à deux bouts. *A quarter-ſtaffe; or, a lopeſtaffe, where with Low-countrey men leape ditches.*

Vne corde à trois bouts. *A threefold rope.*

Bout cy bout là. *Raggedly, diſorderedly, ſlovenly; here a piece, and there a patch.*

A chaque bouch bout de champ. *Still, evermore, every where, in each place, at all times.*

Du bout des levres ſeulement. *Sleightly; nicely, daintily; from the teeth outward, onely with the tip, edge, or out-ſide, of the lips.*

Tout à bout. *On every ſide, at every turning, every where.*

Il eſt au bout de ſa corde. *He can doe no more, he can go no further; he may put up his pipes, goe ſhake his eares*

Ils ſont au bout de la roye. *They are at their wits end, at their laſt helpes; they have ſpent their powder; they have no more to ſay.*

Gaigner le haut bout. *To take, or ſet himſelfe in, the higheſt place of a table, alſo, (in contentions, or trials) to get the upper hand, carry away the beſt prize, winne the ſpurres.*

Il ne peut au bout de l'an nouër les deux bouts de ſa ſerviette enſemble. *Hee lives very barely; hath nought but from hand to mouth; cannot ſpare a dag a bone, at the yeares end.*

Recerchons le bout de noſtre fuſée. *Let us returne to our matter.*

Il ne regarde plus loing que le bout de ſon nez. *He is a careleſſe, idle, lazie, dull, improvident fellow.*

Se tenir ſur le bon bout. *To ſtand upon his good parts, behaviour, or birth.*

Se tenir ſur le haut bout. *To ſtand upon his pantofles, or on high tearmes.*

Au bout la borne; Pro. *At length wee ſhall reſolve, or ſettle, upon ſome-what.*

Au bout de l'aulne faut le drap; Prov. *Seek* Aulne.

Boutade: f. *A ſtarting; a ſuddaine, violent, and unexpected paſſion, or ſtirring; alſo, as* Boutée.

Boutage. droict de boutage. *A certaine Duty, or Fee, exacted by the Lord of Breci (a member of Bourges) for the wine retayled within his juriſdiction.*

Boutant: m. *A Buttreſſe, or ſhort-poſt.*

Boutant: m. ante: f. *Thruſting, putting, forcing, puſhing forward; alſo, budding, or putting forth.*

Arc boutant. *Look* Arc.

Boutargues. *as* Botargues.

Bouté : m. ée : f. *Thruſt, forced, puſhed forward ; alſo, budded, or put forth.*

Boute-cul : m. *A Monke, or Frier, thats but a novice, or newly entred into Orders ; called ſo by the common people.*

Travailler en boute-cul. *as* Travailler en bourdican ; *Look* Bourdican.

Boutée : f. *A put, puſh, thruſt ; a jert, bunt ; ſtonke ; violent attempt, vehement eſſay ; alſo, a putting, ſparing, ſprouting, or budding forth.*

A bouteés. *as* par boutées ; *Alſo, by heaps, or troupes.*

Par boutées. *By fits, or puſhes ; not all at once ; at ſeverall, now and then.*

Par pluſieurs boutées. *Many and ſundry times one after another ; by divers effects made one in the neck of the other.*

Boute-feu : m. *A boutefeu ; a wilfull, or voluntary firer of houſes ; alſo, a firebrand of ſedition, a kindler of ſtrife and contention ; one that loves to ſet, and ſee, men together by the eares.*

Boutefoice. *A certaine ſhittle yew-game.*

Boute-hors : m. *The play called, Thruſt out the barlat ; (wherein the meaneſt ever come to the worſt.)*

Bon boute-hors. *A good wit, conceit, underſtanding ; or, a good utterance, a ready tongue ; a quicke deliverie.*

Bouteille : f. *A bottle ; alſo, a bubble raiſed on the water, by a drop of raine, &c.*

Il en eſt plus affotté qu'un coquin de ſa bouteille. *He is more fond of it than a beggar is of his diſh.*

Il m'a baillé le bouchon d'une bouteille. *See* Bouchon.

Il s'eny vre de ſa propre bouteille. *He is too fur in love with his own good parts ; or, he abuſes them to his great ſhame, and confuſion.*

Terre loing de ſoy n'apporte que flaſcons & bouteilles ; Prov. *Grounds lying a far off, breed nought but flaggons, and bottles ; (viz. extraordinary expences.)*

Bouteillerie : f. *A cupboord, or table, to ſet bottles one ; alſo, a cupboord, or houſe, to keepe bottles in.*

Bouteillette : f. *A ſmall bottle, or buble.*

Bouteillier : m. *A butler ; alſo, a bottleman, or yeoman of the bottles ; alſo, a bottle-maker.*

Grand-bouteillier. *The great Butler of France ; an honourable Officer, but out of date, ever ſince Charles the ſevenths time.*

Bouteilliere : f. *A Tympany in, or ſwelling of, the lower part of the belly, by reaſon of much water, or wateriſh humour gathered together in it.*

Boutement : m. *A thruſting, putting, puſhing forward.*

Boutement des feu. *A malicious firing of houſes.*

Bouter. *To thruſt, put, force, puſh, forward ; alſo, to have a ſtrong breath (a falconers tearme) alſo, to bud, or put forth, as a tree in the Spring ; alſo, to root, as a Swine.*

Bouter cap à la mer. *To caſt about to ſea-ward ; a ſhip to make towards the maine.*

Bouter de loo. *To lay tacke aboord.*

Bouter ſelle. *To ſaddle ; to clap a ſaddle a horſes backe.*

Bouter au vent. *To beare roomeward ; or, to fill the ſailes with wind.*

Bouter vent devant. *To go too neere the wind.*

Bouter vent en penne. *To bring a ſhip upon the Lee.*

Bouter en la vie. *To ſaile directly into a port, or barred haven.*

Si boute sel feur telle vente. *The thing is ſold as it was bought, let go as it came ; or (more carelesly) no matter, 'tis well enough, let be how't will, come on't what can.*

Bouterolle. f. *The chape of a ſheath, or ſcabbard.*

Boute-ſelle. *The word for horſemen to prepare themſelves to horſe) to horſe.*

Boute-vent des Alchymiſtes ; *A hole, or vent, in the top of their furnaces.*

Bouteuſſle : f. *A buble.*

Bouteure : f. *as* Bouteure.

† Bouticle. *as* Boutique ; *Alſo, a well, or lepe, for fiſh.*

† Bouticlier : m. *A ſhop-keeper ; or, he that looketh to a ſhop.*

† Boutiſſle : f. *A buble of water, &c.*

Boutignan. *The name of a kind of Olive.*

Boutillier. *as* Bouteillier.

Boutine : f. *The navell.*

Boutique : f. *A ſhop.*

Courtant de boutique. *A Prentice, or ſhop-boy.*

La grande boutique. *The Law ; or the profeſſion thereof ; or the Hall (as ours at Weſtminſter) wherein it is practiſed ; (called ſo, boldly, becauſe many things may be had in it for money.)*

Madamoiſelle de la boutique. *Seeke* Madamoiſelle.

Qui ſçait l'art ſerre la boutique. *A proverbe taxing th' envie, or ſquemiſhneſſe of cunning Artiſts, who, for the moſt part, conceale from the world their excellent gifts.*

Qui ne ſçait l'art ſerre la boutique ; Prov. (*Imperatively*) *let him that hath no skill ſhut up his ſhop ; (ſo unfit, and unſafe a thing it is for a man to deale in a trade which he knoweth not ;) or, as in* Art.

Qui tiens boutique doit parler à chaſcun ; Prov. *Shopkeepers muſt be courteous ; or, ſuch as have ware to ſell muſt have words at will.*

Boutis : m. *The rooting of a wild Bore ; alſo, as* Boutement.

Boutoir : m. *A Farriers buttreſſe.*

Bouton : m. *A button ; alſo, a bud of a Vine, &c ; alſo, a locke of woell.*

Bouton de feu. *An actuall cautere beaded like a button.*

Boutons à queuë. *Long buttons ; ſuch as are laid on cloakes, &c.*

Bouton de verolle. *A pockie botch ; or a high, and eminent pimple, burſting out in any part of a body infected with the pockes.*

Cautere à bouton. *See* Cautere.

Serrer le bouton à. *To reſtraine, keepe ſhort, or beare a hard hand over.*

Boutonné : m. ée : f. *Buttoned ; budded ; cauterized ; ſet thicke with pimples, or pockie botches.*

Boutonnement : m. *A buttoning ; a budding ; a cauterizing.*

Boutonner. *To bud, ſpring, or ſprout out ; alſo, to button, or claſpe ; alſo, to cauterize, or ſeare with an actuall cautre.*

Boutonnerie : f. *A buttoning, or claſping ; alſo, a budding, or ſprouting out ; alſo, a cauterizing,*

Boutonnet : m. *Rupture-wort, burſtwort ; (an herb.)*

Boutonneur : m. *A buttoner ; or an inſtrument wherewith buttons are pulled through their over-ſtrait holes.*

Boutonniere : f. *A button-hole.*

Boutouër : m. *The ſnout of a wild Swine.*

Bouts. *A great bottle ; or, as* Oudre. (v.m.)

Boutrice. *An aſhler, or binding ſtone (in building.)*

Boutton. *Looke* Bouton.

Boutture : f. *The ſlip of an herb ; the ſprig of a plant ; a budding, or putting out, in either.*

Bouvaux. *The name of a kind of figs.*

Bouveau : m. *A bullock ; a little Oxe, or Bull.*

Bouvelet : m. *A young bull, or bull-calfe.*

Bouvi. qui sent le bouvi. *Smelling like an Oxe.*

Bouvier : m. *A Cow-heard, a Neat-heard, a keeper of Oxen.*

Bouviere : f. *A ſmall, round, bright-coloured, little mouthed, and toothleſſe fiſh, of the river* Seine ; *ſeldome eaten, becauſe very bitter.*

Bouvillon. *as* Bouveau.

Bouvine : f. *All kind of Oxen ; Neat ; Oxen.*

† Bouyau. *A bowell, gut, inteſtine ; See* Boyau.

Bouys : m. *The ſhrub, called* Box.

Bouys d'aſne. *Bay-thorne, prickly Box ; Aſſes-box, thorne box.*

Bouys eſpineux. *The ſame.*

Bouys poignant. *Knee-holme, Knee-holme ; Pettigree, butchers broome.*

Bouze. *as* Bouſe ; *Cow-dung.*

Bouzine : f. *A ruſticall Trumpet or wind-inſtrument, made of pitched barke.*

Boyau : m. *A bowell, gut ; entrall, inteſtine.*

Boyau avallé. *Burſting, or burſtneſſe ; (the bowels being fallen downe into the cods.)*

Boyau culier, ou cuillier. *The right gut, or arſe-gut (one of the three principall guts.)*

Boyau gaſté. *The hurt of the draught gut (a diſeaſe among Oxen.)*

Gras boyau. *as* Boyau culier ; *In beaſts called, be Inche-pinne, or Innepinne.*

Le long boyau. *The long gut ; the third gut from the Ventricle ; the thin, or ſmall gut, wherein the* Chylus *waxing thicker, beginneth to reſt ; alſo, the name of a fertile plaine in the Iſle of* France.

La maiſon de Monſieur boyau. *Said of a houſe thats flated before, and thatched behind.*

Il a vn aulne de boyaulx vuides pour feſtoyer ſes parens. *He hath a monſtrous ſtomacke, a terrible appetite, a hungry gut of his owne.*

† Boye : m. *An executioner, a Hangman.*

Bozel : m. *A thicke, or great boultell (commonly) in, or neere unto, the baſis of a pillar.*

Bozine : f. *as* Bouzine.

Braailler. *as* Braire ; *to bray like an Aſſe.*

Braçal. *See* Braſſal.

Braçats : m. *Braſſes, or Vambraſſes ; armor for the armes.*

Brace : f. *A meaſure of five foot ; or, as* Braſſe.

Bracelet : m. *A bracelet ; alſo, the wriſt of the arme.*

Bracelets. *Short linkes, and buttons, ſet to either ſide of the upſet, or port, of a bit ; or, the watering chaine of a bit.*

Brachet : m. *A kind of little hound.*

Brachial : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, an arme.*

† Brachialement. *With maine force of armes ; with all the ſtrength he hath.*

† Brachieux. *as* Brachial.

Braconniet : m. *A hunter.*

Braeque. *The name of a field neere* Paris, *wherein the Schollers of the Univerſity uſe to ſollace themſelves.* ¶ Rab.

Braquë. *Looke* Braqué.

Bradypepſie : f. *Slow concoction ; or, a painfull, and but halfe digeſtion, of meat.*

Bragard : m. arde : f. *Gay, gallant, flaunting ; vaine ; alſo, part, or dapper ; alſo, braggard, bragging, braggadochio like.*

Bragardement. *Gayly, gallantly, flauntingly ; vainly ; alſo, partly ; alſo, braggardly, braggingly, vauntingly.*

Bragarder. *To braue, or flaunt it ; to weare gay attire, to go gay ; alſo, to brag, vaunt, ſwagger.*

Bragardiſe : f. *Bravery, gayneſſe, flaunting, proud vanity ; alſo, bragging, vaunting, ſwaggering.*

† Bragmarder. *To draw, or imploy, his whinyard ; to leacher.*

Bragué : f. *A kind of Shortaiſe, or joyning of pecces together.*

Bragues. *Short (and cloſe) linnen breeches worne next unto the thighes.*

Braguer. *To flaunt, braue ; brag, or jet it.*

Braguerie : f. *Wanton tricking, laſcivious braverie, or pranking ; alſo, flaunting ; bragging, ſwaggering.*

Braguiques : f. *Large venitians having codpeeces, and gathered, or full of ſtuffe, at the knees.*

Braguette : f. *A codpeece.*

Bonnet à quatre braguettes. *A ſquare, or foure cornered, cap.*

Bragueur. *as* Bragard.

† Brahiers. *as* Brayers ; *Linnen breeches.*

Brailler. *as* Braire. *To bray like an Aſſe, &c.*

Il ne perdra point l'auoine à faute de brailler. *He will not loſe any commodity for want of words.*

Brain : m. *The branch of a tree.*

Braire : m. *An Aſſe-like braying ; a roaring, rude yelling, loud balling, unmeaſurable crying out.*

Braire. *To bray like an Aſſe ; to bawle, yell, cry out loudly ; rudely, unmenſurably.*

Braire avec les aſnes. *To follow the faſhion, how rude ſoever it be.*

Braiſe : f. *A burning coale ; quicke fire of coales ; or hot imbers ; alſo a kind of inflamed ſwelling full of rednoſſe.*

Saulter de la poile, & ſe ietter dedans les braiſes. *From ill to worſe, from the frying-pan into the fire.*

Braſier : m. *A live-coale ; or, burning coales.*

Braiſillonner. *To roaſt, or ſeeth upon quicke coales, or imbers ; or, as* Braſillonner.

† Braiſmer. *as* Bramer ; *to roare.*

Braiſiet. *as* Graiſſet ; *The greene toad.*

Brame : f. *A Breame.*

Brame de mer. *The ſea Breame (called ſo at Paris, where it is ordinary) alſo, the Guilt-head, or Goldennie (and divers other fiſhes of that kind are alſo called ſo by the inhabitants of the ſea coaſt.)*

Bramé : m. ée : f. *brayed, roared, yelled, cryed out with a harſh voice.*

Bramer. *To bray, roare, yell, or cry out with a harſh voice.*

Bran : m. *The branne of wheat ; alſo, as* Bren ; *a turd.*

Bran de Iudas. *Freckles in the face.*

Faire de l'Aſne pour auoir du bran. *To play the foole, or make an Aſſe of himſelfe, in hope of gaine, or victuals.*

Farine du Diable n'eſt que bran ; Pro. *Looke* Farine.

Touſiours truye ſonge bran ; Pro. *The ſlibby glutton ſtill dreames of his belly.*

Truye aime mieux bran que Roſes ; Prov. *The Sow loves graſſe better than delicacies.*

Bran bœuf bran. *A kind of unreclaimeable wild Oxe, in Provence, & Languedoc.*

Branc d'acier : m. *A curtelaſſe, or courtelax.*

Brancal : m. *The ſides of a wagon, the ſhafts of a litter ; the two beames, or poles, whoſe forepart makes the Thill ; alſo, a horſe litter, or cloſe litter ; and (generally) any ſuch thing that hath armes, or outbearing ſidebeames, and is to be carried by, or betweene, two ; alſo, as* Brancar.

Brancar. *as* brancal. *Alſo, a branch of Corrall ; alſo, the croſſe barre of a bit.*

Brancas : m. *as* Brancal.

† Branet. *Bearded red wheate.*

Branchage : m. *branchineſſe ; thickneſſe, or ſtore of branches ; alſo, branches, boughes ; alſo, Linage ; or the branch of a Pettigree &c ; as* Branche.

Branchages. *as* Branchieres.

Branche : f. *The branch, or bough of a tree ; alſo the gill of a fiſh ; alſo the cheeke of a bit ; alſo, a collaterall degree, or ſide, of kindred ; Linage ; or, a branch, or line, of a Pettigree.*

Branche d'angiues. *Looke* Augive.

Branche bircine : *as*

Branche vrſine. *Branck-urſin, beares-foot, beares-claw, beares-breech (an herb.)*

Droict de branche de Cyprés. *Looke* Cyprés.

Il ſe tient ſeulement à l'eſtoc ſans s'amuſer aux branches. *He holds him only to the ſubſtance, without reſpecting circumſtances.*

Vole bas de peur des branches. *Flye low, or be ſlopt by the branches ; beare a low ſaile, or be run under water ; a middle, or moderate courſe is little ſubject unto enviens croſſings.*

Brancheage : m. *as* Branchage.

Brancher. *To ſit upon a branch ; to light upon a bough ; to take a tree ; to take ſtand in a tree, as a hauke ; to pearch, as a Pheſant.*

Brancher vn larron. *To twich a theefe up at a bough, to hang him up at a tree.*

Tant que tige faict ſouche elle ne branche iamais. *As long as there are any heires of an elder Prince of the blood, the younger cannot inherit the Crowne.*

Branchet, Eſpervier branchet. *A brancher, or young hauke, newly come out of the neaſt.*

Branchette : f. *A little branche.*

Branchier : m. ere : f. *Haunting, or living among, branches ; pearching, or ſitting, on boughs ; alſo, of, or belonging to, a branch, or bough.*

Eſpervier branchier. *A brancher, or young hauke, newly come out of the neſt.*

Branchiere : f. *A Paſſage-toll ; or through-tall ; ſo called, becauſe the little log thats a ſigne thereof, (as in* Billette) *hangs on the branch of ſome tree or other.*

Branchieres. *The out-places, or parts of the high way, wherein the ſaid logs, or billets, have been, a long time, hung up.*

Branchillon. *A little branch.*

Branchu : m. ue : f. *branchie, branched, full of branches, or boughs.*

Branchuë : f. *A kind of ſmall red Cray-fiſh, which bred without a ſhell of its owne, ſeizes on ſome other, and there it continues, getting at length a reſemblance of the fiſh it belonged unto.*

Branchure : f. *A branch.*

† Brand. *as* Branc.

Brandes : f. *Healthy grounds.*

Brandif : m. ue : f. *brandiſhing, ſhaking, flouriſhing ; luſty, lively, ſtirring.*

Il manges vn gigot de mouton tout brandif, viz. *wholly, or all whole.*

Brandillé : m. ée : f. *brandled, tottered, wagged, ſhaken, ſwong, ſwagged ; alſo, gliſtened, or flaſhed.*

Brandillement : m. *A ſwinging, wagging, ſwagging, ſhaking, tottering up and down ; alſo, a gliſtening, or flaſhing.*

Brandiller. *To brandle, wag, ſhake, ſwing, totter ; alſo, to gliſten, or flaſh.*

Brandilloir : m. *A ſwing.*

Brandilloire : f. *The ſame.*

Brandir. *To caſt, or hurle with great force, or violence ; to make a thing ſhake, or quaver, by the force it is caſt with ; alſo to brandiſh ; to ſhine, or gliſter with a gentle ſhaking, or ſoft moving.*

Brandon : m. *A torch, firebrand, great creſſet, lanterne, or light ſet up ; alſo, the buſh of a Tauerne, or ale-houſe ; alſo, a ſtaſſe topped with ſtraw, and pitched downe by a Landlord into his Tenants ground, in ſigne of an arreſt, or ſeiſure for ſervices omitted, or his rent unpaid.*

Brandon doré. *The Sun.*

Brandonné : m. ée : f. *Stucke downe, as a ſtaſſe of ſtraw, on land, in ſigne of an arreſt, or ſeiſure ; or, ſeiſed, as land by that ceremony.*

Brandonner. *To ſeiſe land by pitching down into it a ſtaſſe topped with ſtraw ; as before in* Brandon.

Brane. bœuf brane. *A kind of wild and unreclaimeable Oxe in the country of* Languedoc, & Provence ; *fit only for the Shambles.*

Branlage : m. *A kind of toll, or tax.*

Branler. *See* Brandler.

Branquar. *as* Brancar ; *alſo, the edge of the decke of a ſhip.*

Branque vrſine. *Brank-urſin, beares-breech, beares-foot, beares-claw (an herb.)*

Branque vrſine ſavage. *Wild Acanthus, wild beares-breech.*

Branquetté : m. ée : f. *Riſled, ranſacked, oppreſſed.*

Branqueter. *as* Branſquetter.

Branque-vrſine. *Brank-urſin, Bears-breech (an herbe.)*

Branſcar: m. *Spoyle, ravage, ranſacking, oppreſſion, extreme wrong.*

Branſlant: m. ante: f. *Brandling; ſhaking, ſwinging; tottering; ſhogging, wagging; reeling, ſtaggering; wavering.*

Chariot branſlant. *Look* Chariot.

Branſle: m. *A totter, ſwing, or ſwindge; a ſhake, ſhog, or ſhocke; a ſtirring, an uncertaine and inconſtant motion; alſo, a brandling, &c. as in* Branſlement; *alſo, a brawle, or daunce, wherein many (men and women) holding by the hands ſometimes in a ring, and otherwhiles at length, move all together.*

Le branſle contrainct. *The ſhaking of the ſheets.*

Le branſle de la corde. *A ſwing in a halter; or, the rope-ſwing (which few men take with a good will.)*

Aller de grand branſle. *To move apace, to goe very faſt.*

Il eſt en branſle ſi. *'Tis doubtfull, or uncertaine whether yea or no; the matter hangs in ſuſpence, or is yet in the ballance.*

Sonner les cloches en branſle. *To ring out the bels.*

Branſlé: m. ée: f. *Brandled; tottered; ſhaken, ſwung, ſhogged, wagged; reeled, ſtaggered; wavered, wavered; often ſtirred, or moved from ſide to ſide; alſo, trembled, quaked.*

Branſlement: m. *A brandling; tottering; ſhaking, ſwinging; ſhogging, wagging; reeling, ſtaggering; wavering; often, and uncertaine moving from ſide to ſide; alſo, a trembling.*

Branſlement des dents. *Looſeneſſe of the teeth.*

Branſler. *To brandle; totter; ſhake, ſwing; ſhog, wag, reele, ſtagger; wave, waver; nod often, ſtirre apace, move uncertainely, or inconſtantly, from ſide to ſide; alſo, to tremble or quake.*

Branſler au manche. *To be looſe in the helve, or heft; to ſtagger, waver, ſhake, or flinch, upon a triall; to want courage, or grow faint-hearted, in a time, or at the point, of execution; reſolution to faile a man when he hath moſt need of it.*

Branſler la pique. *To frig, to wrigle it.*

Branſler la teſte. *To ſhake the head, in ſigne of contempt, ſcorne, mockerie or diſcontentment.*

La teſte luy branſle. *Said of one that is much afraid; and of one whoſe head by drinking is become too heavy for his body.*

L'Armée branſle. *The Army begins to give, or to loſe ground; begins to totter, or to fall into diſorder.*

Branſloire: com. *Any thing that ſhakes, ſhogs, or ſwings a man up and downe; any thing that makes him reele, totter, or ſtagger; alſo, a brandling, &c. as in* Branſlement; *and hence;*

Branſloire d'enfans. *A faſhion of tottering uſed by ſchoole-boyes, upon one ſtrme layed (with the feet upwards) overcroſſe another.*

Branſquetter. *To riſle, ravage, ranſack; to ſpoyle, or take in a towne by violence; to oppreſſe, wrong, or grate upon, extremely.*

Braque: m. *A kind of ſhort-tailed ſetting-dog; ordinarily ſpotted, or party-coloured.*

Braqué. *Bent, levelled, or planted, as Artillery, againſt a place; alſo, braked, as hempe.*

Braquemar. ou, Braquemard. *A wood-knife, bangar, whinyard.*

Braquer (l'artillerie) contre. *To levell; bend, or plant (artillerie) againſt.*

Braquer du chanvre. *To brake hempe.*

Braquer vn chariot. *To turne, ſet, or bend, a chariot on the right, or left hand.*

Bras: m. *An arme, of the body; of a river, of the ſea, alſo, the fore-legge of a horſe.*

Bras (plural.) *The two ſmall ropes that paſſe through the end of the Boltſprit yard, and ſerve to hale in the ſaile; our mariners name them, Gullings.*

Bras de l'antenne. *The ties; the tackling that holds, and ſtayes the ſaile-yard.*

Le bras ſeculier. *Secular-authority, lay-juriſdiction; civill-magiſtracy, or the civill magiſtrate.*

Les bras d'un Scorpion. *The cleyes, or clawes, of a Scorpion, &c.*

Chaire à bras. *A chaire with elbowes.*

Grand bras. *The whole arme, and hand.*

Homme de bras. *An artificer, labourer, handicrafts man; one that gets his living by the labour of his hands.*

Petit bras. *The upper part of the arme from the elbow to the ſhoulders.*

Vaillet à bras. *Look* Vaillet.

Bras à bras. *Arme in arme; lovingly, or equally, together.*

Les bras croiſez. *Idly, lazily, ſloathfully, negligently, carelеſly.*

Bras deſſus & bras deſſous. *Freely, affectionately, with ſtrict, or earneſt imbracements, moſt familiarly.*

A tour de bras. *Throughly, fully, ſoundly; with maine ſtrength, or confident authority.*

Se laiſſer aller ſous les bras d'autruy. *To rely upon another.*

Canonizé gros comme le bras. *Canonized as ſure as a tub. (Ironically.)*

Il iette la pierre, & cache le bras. *Hee does the moſt miſchiefe, and would be leaſt ſeen in it.*

Bras à la poictrine, iambe en geſine; Prov. *Thoſe parts, being hurt, muſt have reſt; the one in a ſcarfe; the other in bed, or on a ſtoole.*

A l'or le feu fort, au fort bras la luicte; Prov. *The worth of gold is tried by fire, the ſtrength of an arme by wreſtling.*

Argent receu le bras rompu; Prov. *Hee that payes for worke beforehand, lames his workeman; or, hath it but lamely done.*

Braſer. *To ſkue, or chamfret, viz. to ſlope the edge of a ſtone, as Maſons doe in windowes, &c. for the gaining of light.*

Braſer l'argent; C'eſt, la repaſſer vn peu ſur la braiſe.

Braſier: m. *A burning-coale, quick-fire of coales; hot-embers.*

Braſillé: m. ée: f. *Roſted, broyled, or boyled with a quick fire; alſo, broyled, or heated much.*

Braſiller. *To roſt, broyle, or boyle in quick coales, or hot embers; alſo, to broyle, or heat much.*

Braſillonner. *To broyle, or boyle with a very quick fire; alſo, to broyle extremely, burne out, or be on a light fire.*

Braſſage: m. *The fee which the maſters of the Mint have out of every ſort of money coyned; as out of every marc (or eight ounces) of gold* xxv s. Tourn. *and upon every marc of Douzains* vj s. vj d. Tour. *out of which they allow a certain proportion, in reſpect of every ſort, unto the Gravers, Moniers, and other workemen; which proportion of theirs is alſo tearmed* Braſſage.

Braſſal: m. *An Archers bracelet, or bracer; alſo, a vambrace, or piece of armour for the arme; alſo, the woodden cuffe, or bracer worne by Ballome-players.*

Braſſart. *as* Braſſal.

Braſſat. *The ſame.*

Braſſe: f. *A fadome, or arme-full; or meaſure of five foot.*

Braſſe de foing. *Is to be five foot ſquare every way.*

Pain de braſſe. *A great houſhold loafe (of courſe bread) a loafe as big as one can fadome.*

Braſſé: m. ée: f. *Brewed; alſo, deviſed, plotted, contrived.*

Braſſée: f. *A fadome, an arme-full, as much as one can hold within, or carry in, his armes.*

Braſſelet: m. *A bracelet, wriſtband, or bracer; alſo, an arming ganlet, that reaches up almoſt to the elbow; alſo, the wriſt.*

Braſſer. *To brew, or make beer; alſo, to plot, contrive, deviſe.*

Il ne ſçavoit pas quel breuuet ſe braſſoit, avec vn autre. *He knew little, what privat match was in making, what ſecret bargaine was a beating, what an od pranke was a forging, with another.*

Braſſerie: f. *A brewing; alſo, a contriving.*

Braſſeur: m. *A Brewer; alſo, a plotter, contriver, deviſer.*

Braſſier: m. *A Braſier; alſo, a ſling; alſo, a cudgell; alſo, the tub that receives the droppings of a tap; alſo, a labouring man.*

Braſſiere: f. *A waſt-coat, for a woman; or a child; alſo, (but leſſe properly) the doublet ſome women doe weare in childe-bed; alſo, the arme, or branch of a river; alſo, a brace; one of the ſtaves whereby men turn the beam of a Crane, &c.*

Braſſin: m. *A brewing.*

Braſſique: f. *Cole, or Coleworts.*

Braſſique marine. *The ſea Cole, or ſea Colewort, miſtaken by ſome for ſea Bindweed, or Scottiſh Scurvy-graſſe.*

† Brater vn chariot. *as in* Braquer.

Bravache. (ſoldat bravache) *A Roiſter, Cutter, Swaggerer, Swaſh-buckler; one thats ever vaunting of his own valour.*

Bravacherie: f. *An unſeemly, or unſeaſonable, cutting, roiſting, ſwaggering; alſo, a fond boaſting, vaunting, bragging of his own valour.*

Bravade: f. *A bravado; a ſwaggering pike, or quarrell; a boaſtfull affront; a glorious ſhew of challenge, or daring.*

De bravade. *(alſo) in a bravery.*

Brave: m. *The reward, or prize for him that hath done beſt in playes, or games.*

Brave: com. *Brave, gay, fine, gorgeous, gallant (in apparell;) alſo, proud, ſtately, teſty, braggard, magnificall, ſumptuous; alſo, valiant, hardy, ſtout, courageous, that will carry no coales.*

Faire le brave. *To ſtand on tearmes, or upon his pantofles; to boaſt of his owne worth; to prefer himſelfe before others.*

Bravement. *Bravely, gallantly, finely, gaily,*

gaily; ſumptuouſly, gorgeouſly; magnifico-like; alſo, proudly, haughtily, loftily; alſo, ſtoutly, valiantly, courageouſly; alſo, diſcreetly.

Braver. *To brave, abuſe, affront; ſwagger with.*

Se braver. *To brave it, or play the gallant;* alſo, *as* Faire le brave.

Braverie: f. *Bravery, gallantneſſe, gorgeouſneſſe, or coſtlineſſe in apparrell;* alſo, *as* Bravade.

Braveux: m. *Hee that gives the prize to the beſt doers in an exerciſe.*

Bray: m. *Ship-pitch, or a kinde thereof;* alſo, *Mault.*

Brayant: m. ante: f. *Braying, yelling, or crying, like an aſſe;* alſo, *braying, pounding, bruiſing.*

Brayart: m. *A braying, yelling, roaring, or crying Aſſe.*

Braye: f. *A cloſe linnen breek, or under-ſlop;* (*Look* Brayes) alſo, *a truſſe, a ſwathell, or halfe-ſlop of linnen, or leather, worne by ſuch as are burſt;* alſo, *a clout for a childes back-ſide.*

Brayes. *Short (and cloſe) breeches, drawers, or under-hoſe, of Linnen, &c. worne for cleanlineſſe, &c. next unto the skinne;* alſo, *Barnacles for a horſes noſe.*

Braye à chauſſe. *A kinde of fiſh-net, made ſomewhat like a breeke or ſlop.*

Braye de ocu. *A Cowſlip, or Paigle.*

Fauſſe braye. *A falſe-bray, or out-wall, in a fortreſſe.*

Fauſſes brayes. *The ſtrappes that hang downe on either ſide of a Horſes Furniture.*

Brayé: m ée: f. *Brayed, pounded, bruiſed; kneaded, as dough; braked, as hempe; graven, as a ſhip.*

Brayement: m. *A braying, pounding, bruiſing; braking;* alſo, *an Aſſe-like braying, yelling, or crying out;* alſo, *a graving, or pitching of a ſhip.*

Brayer: m. *as* Braye.

Le brayer d'une Chevre. *The Udder of a ſhee Goat.*

Le brayer d'un oiſeau. *The Braile, or pannell of a hauke.*

Brayer. *To bray, poune, bruiſe;* alſo *to knead dough with a ſtaffe;* alſo, *to bray, yell, or crye, like an Aſſe.*

Brayer du lin. *To brake, or dreſſe flaxe.*

Brayer vn navire. *To grave, picke, or pitch, a ſhip.*

Brayere: f. *A Flax-wife.*

Brayes. *Looke* Braye.

Brayette: f. *as* Braguette; alſo, *the tryall, tongue, or cocke, of a Ballance.*

Brayeuer. La langue me brayette. *My tongue trips or faulters.*

Brayetter la chemiſe. *To accommodate the ſhirt betweene the legs (paſſing the fore-ſkirt behinde, and the binder before) that it be not combroſome.*

Brayeul: m. *The parts, or feathers, about the Haukes fundament, called by our Faulconers the brayle in a ſhort-winged, and the pannell in a long-winged, Hauke.*

Breane. *The bird called, a Sizkin.*

Brebiail: m. *Sheep; Ewes.*

Brebiaille: f. *The ſame.*

Brebiette: f. *A little ſheep, or ewe.*

Petite brebiette touſiours ſemble ieunette; Prov. *The little ſheep ſeemes ever young.*

Brebis: f. *A ſheepe; properly, an Ewe.*

Brebis de rebut. *An old, or diſeaſed ſheep thats not worth keeping; wee call ſuch a one, a drape, or culling.*

Courage de brebis (le nez en terre, *followes*) *To it hearts; courage my lads; (an ironicall, or ſportfull phraſe of encouragement.)*

Brebis contées mange bien le loup. Prov. *The Wolfe eates counted, as well as uncounted, ſheepe; (appliable unto a beaſtly fellow, that reſpects nothing but the gluting of his filthie Appetite.)*

Brebis trop apprivoiſée de trop d'agneaux eſt tettée; Prov. *An over-kind man, or woman get more followers, than it ſtands with his eaſe, or her honeſty to keep.*

Ou brebis ſont laine eſt; Prov. *Where ſheep are, woall is.*

Depuis que la brebis eſt vieille le loup la mange bien; Prov. *A Wolfe can eate a ſheep though ſhe be old.*

Deux loups mangent bien vne brebis; Prov. *Two Wolves devoure one ſheepe with eaſe.*

En la peau de brebis ce que tu veux y eſcris; Prov. *One may write what he will in a ſheeps skin; (ſheep endure any thing.)*

Entre Beaucaire, & Taraſcon ne paiſt ne brebis, ne mouton; Prov. *Looke* Taraſcon.

Il n'eſt paſt touſiours ſaiſon de brebis tondre; Prov. *Sheep-ſhearing is not ever in ſeaſon; ſilly people muſt have ſome time allowed them to thrive in; ſo will their fleeces, at length be worth clipping.*

Pendant que les chiens s'entregrondent le loup devore la brebis; Prov. *Church-mens contention is the devills harveſt.*

Qui ſe fait brebis le loup le mange; Prov. *Thoſe that will needs bee ſheep the wolfe devoures; bee that like a ſheepe carries himſelfe, like a ſheepe ſhall bee fleeced, foulded, and fed on.*

Tendis que la loup muſe la brebis entre au bois; Prov. *While the wolfe ſtudies the ſheep eſcapes; while the cruell conſult, the innocent over-ſlip them; (hereby is alſo noted the inconvenience of an opportunity neglected; and their ſlownesſe, or dulneſſe taxed, who goe to councell when they ſhould fall to action.)*

Breborions: m. *Old damſicall bookes; alſo, the fooliſh charmes, or ſuperſtitious prayers, uſed by old, and ſimple women, againſt the tooth-ache, &c. any ſuch thred-bare, and muſty, rags of blinde devotion.*

Breche: f. *A bracke, or breach in a wall, &c.*

Brechê: m. ée: f. *Breached, full of bracks, full of breaches; or having a breach made in it.*

Brechedent: m. *A tooth-gaper; one that wanteth divers teeth; or, as* Breſchedent.

Brechet: m. *The brisket.*

Brecheure d'une riviere. *A breach in a River.*

Bredaille: f. *A great paunch, or belly.* ℣ Pic.

Bredailler: m. *A gorbelly, gorrell, gulch, fat-guts.*

† Brediner. *as* Bredouiller.

Bredouillard: m. arde: f. *Faultering, gabling, maſſeling, imperfectly ſpeaking.*

Bredouille: f. *A lurch at Cards, or Tables.*

Eſtre en bredouille. *To be tipled, or tipſie.*

Ma petite bredouille. *My pretty rogue, my little knave (a terme uſed much by the nurſes of France.)*

Bredouillement: m. *A faultering or maſſeling, an ill-favoured ſpeaking, imperfect pronounciation.*

Bredouiller. *To maſſle, or faulter, to ſpeake or pronounce imperfectly.*

Bref: m. *as* Brevet; *A breefe, note, ſhort writing;* alſo, *as* Brief; *a writ, &c.*

Droict de Brefs. *Certaine pecuniarie duties paid unto the Kings Receivers, or Farmers in the Ports of* Brittaine, *ever ſince the yeare 1566, when they were granted by a proviſionall Arreſt of the Parliament there, in regard (as it ſeames) of the Kings writs, licening the paſſage of veſſells out of thoſe Ports; hence;*

Bref d'année. *Is for veſſells of the burthen of five Tunnes and under; which pay vii. s. vi. d. Tour.*

Bref de conduicte & de victuailles. *Is given for veſſels that be of burthen from nine to nineteene Tunnes; Theſe pay 5. s. Tour.*

Bref de victuailles. *Is for veſſels that be from five to nine Tuns burthen; and theſe yeeld 17. s. 6. d. Tour.*

Tous briefs. *Muſt be had for ſuch veſſels as be of 19 Tunnes, or upwards; and for them, 100. s. paid.*

Bref. *See* Brief; *Short, &c.*

Breve: f. *Look* Breve.

Bregmatis. Os bregmatis. *(Latine words uſed much by French Anatomiſts:) Look* Os.

Brehaigne: f. *A barren woman, or female; or, (Adjectively) barren, ſterill.*

Brei: m. *as* Bret *(the foulers engine.)*

Breil de foreſt. *A thicke grawne wood, or corner of a forreſt, wherein great wilde beaſts uſe to lurke.*

Breits. *as* Bray.

Brelaſé. *Look* Balafré.

Brelan: m. *A houſe of gaming, tipling, or of any ſuch diſorder. Looke* Berlan.

Brelandier: m. *An ordinary haunter of gaming, or tipling-houſes;* alſo, *the Maſter, or keeper of ſuch an ungodly houſe.*

Brelengue. *as* Brelingue.

Brelingue: f. *A piece of coine worth about eight pence ſterling.*

Breller. *To bat-fowle; to catch birde by bat-fowling;* alſo, *to twinkle, or glitter.*

Brelles. Cives, chives; or, civet and ſweth.

Breluë, Il a la breluë. *His eyes are dazled. See* Berlue.

Bremant. Il n'a enfant ne bremant. *Hee hath nor childe, nor chicke to care for; hee lives without any manner of charge.*

Bremer. *as* Bramer.

Bremme: f. *as* Brame; *A Breame.*

Bren: m. *A turd, mans dung, excrement, ordure. Look* Bran.

Brenaſſerie: f. *Scurvie ſhitten ſtuffe, or ſtuffe.*

Breneux: m. euſe: f. *Beſhitten, all-to-berayed, full of turd, filth, or-dure.*

Breſche. *The name of a very hard, and ſundry coloured, marble.*

Breſché: m. ée: f. *as* Brechéd.

Breſchedent. *An ironicall alluſion to* Preſident; *or, as* Brechedent.

Breſil: m. *The wood Braſill; alſo, beefe long ſalted, and hung by the fire till it become red; Martlemas-beefe.*

Breſillé: m. ée: f. *Made red, as, or with, Braſile-wood.*

Boeuf breſillé. *as in* Breſil; *Martlemas beefe.*

Breſin: m. *The hooke of a crane; and, in a ſhip, the canne-hooke.*

Breſſaudes: f. *The criſpy mammocks that remaine of tried hogs-greaſe.*

Breſſaux. *A kinde of fine cakes, or wafers; or, as* Pain de Quinque.

Breſſe: f. *as* Broiſſe; *A bruſh; alſo, a thin leafe, or cake, as of wax, &c.*

Breſſeron: m. *The Sow-thiſtle.*

Breſſille des yeux: f. *The twinkling of the eyes.*

Breſſiller. *To twinkle with the eyes.*

Bret: m. *A little engine (made of two ſticks joyned together) wherewith Fowlers catch ſmall birds, the whilſt they wonder at an Owle, thats ſet of purpoſe to amaze them; alſo, as* Bray.

Bret. Eſtre, ou parler, bret. *To ſtammer, ſlut, or ſpeak indiſtinctly.*

Bretaudé. *Curtalled.*

Bretauder. *To curtall. See* Bertauder.

Breteler. *To brabble, chide, brawle, ſcowld, berate.*

Breteleur: m. *A brabler, chider, brawler, or wrangler; a litigious, or vaine-talker.*

Bretelles d'une hotte. *The armes, or handles of a baſket, or maund; (In France they are commonly made of a piece of girth.)*

Breteque. *as* Bretesque.

Bretesche. *The ſame.*

Bretesque. *A publicke place in a towne wherein out-cries and proclamations are ordinarily made; alſo, a part, or portall of defence, in the rampire, or wall, of a towne.*

Brethecque. *The ſame.*

Breton. *A Britan; An inhabitant of Britanie.*

Breton Bretonnant. *The low Britan, who ſpeaks halfe Welſh, halfe Saxon, all barbarouſly.*

Breton Gallo, ou Gallot. *The high Britan, who ſpeakes French but very corruptlie.*

Saut de Breton. *Looke* Saut.

Bretonnant *Speaking thicke and ſhort; alſo, (but leſſe properly) ſtammering, faultering, maſſling in the mouth.*

Breton bretonnant. *Looke* Breton.

Bretonner. *To ſpeake thicke and ſhort; or, as we ſay, nine words at once; alſo, to ſtammer withall.*

Brette: f. *A (Fencers) foile.*

Bretté: m. ée: f. *Notched, indented, jagged, or toothed, like a ſaw.*

Breteſſé: m. ée: f. *Imbattiled; adorned, garniſhed, or furniſhed with battlements.*

Breteſſe: f. *The battlements of a wall.*

Bretture: f. *An indenting, jagging, notching.*

Bretueil: m. *Th'Iron peece called a Fowler, or Port-peece.*

Brevade: f. *as* Brevet.

Breve: f. *The mettall which is, at one time, delivered unto a coiner, or money-maker, to be wrought; called thus, becauſe the quantity thereof is briefly ſpecified in a ticket.*

Brevet: m. *A breefe, note, breviate, little writing, ſhort declaration, ticket; or bill of ones hand, alſo, as* Brief; Sub.

Eſtre enferré aux brevets des marchands. *To be farre in their books.*

Hauſſer le brevet. *To come off more lively, to ſtretch the purſe ſtrings.*

Brevetade. *as* Brevet.

Breveter. *To abreviate, epitomize, reduce into breefes, or breviates.*

Breviaire: m. *A Breviarie, or Maſſe-booke; alſo, a breviarie, ſummarie, compendious abridgement.*

C'eſt matiere de breviaire. *Tis holy ſtuffe I tell you; ironically.* G. Rab.

Il eſt au bout de ſon breviaire. *He is at a plonge, or non-plus; he hath no more to ſay; from ignorant Prieſts, that can ſay no more than they finde in their Service-booke.*

Il eſt clerc iuſques aux dents, il a mangé ſon breviaire. *He makes a ſhew of learning, but indeed hath none in him; or, as in* Clerc.

Breuil. m. *A thick growne forreſt, wood, or grove, haunted by wilde beaſts.*

Breulet: m. *An engine of two ſticks, (governed by a ſmall cord) wherewith Fowlers catch little birds.*

† Breuſſe. f. *A diſh, or footleſſe cup, or bowle of time.*

† Breuſté: *for* Brouſté; *brooſed, or knapped off.*

Breuvage. *as* Bruvage.

† Breuvoer; m. *Liquor; or, any liquid ſtuffe, thats fit to be made into drinke.*

Breze. *as* Braiſe.

Brezil. *as* Breſil.

Brezillet. *To twinkle, or glitter; as the Sunne-beames in a hot ſeaſon.*

Bribe: f. *A peece, lumpe, or cantill of bread, given unto a begger.*

Il n'eſt vie que de coquins quand ils ont aſſemblé leurs bribes; Prov. *There is no life (no mirth) to that of a company of beggers, having laid their ſcrips together.*

Briber. *To beg his bread; alſo, to ravine, devoure, eate greedily; (from the ſound made by the lips of a horſe that eates provender.)*

Bribeur: m. *A begger, a ſcrap-crower; one that begges victualls from doore to doore; alſo, a greedy devourer, a ravenous feeder.*

Bribonner ſes oraiſons. *To mumble up his prayers like an old man.*

Briborions. *Prayers mumbled up; or, as* Breborians.

† Bric. prendre au bric. *To take at advantage; to catch hold of an unadviſed word, and make thereof a confeſſion; alſo, to give a dead lift, or ſore blow at the laſt.*

Brichet: m. *The bricket, or breaſt-peece.*

Bricole: f. *A bricke-wall; a ſide-ſtroke at Tennis (wherein the ball goes not right forward, but hits one of the walls of the Court, and thence bounds toward the adverſe partie) alſo, a kind of engine wherewith, in old time, they beat downe walls; alſo, as* Bricolle.

Il m'a ioué d'une bricole. *Hee hath played me ſore, or foule play; offered mee hard, or odde, meaſure; dealt extreamely, or cunningly with me; alſo, he hath deceived, or diſappointed, me.*

Bricoler. *To toſſe, or ſtrike a ball ſide-wayes; to give it a bricke-wall (at Tennis;) alſo, as* Bricoller; *alſo, to hunt at bowles.*

Bricolle: f. *as* Bricole; *Alſo, a kinde of toyle for wilde beaſts.*

Bricoller. *To toſſe, or ſtrike a ball ſide-wayes; to give it a brick wall, at Tennis; (Hence) alſo, to reele, ſtagger, or make indentwyes, in going; and to bee violently carryed over-thwart, or ſide-wayes; alſo, to turne ſhort (as a Swallow, &c. does in flying;) alſo, to leacher.*

Bricot: m. *The ſtump of a ſhrub, or little tree; an up-ſticking ſtub of a late cut ſhrub, or tree.*

Bricoteau. *A quoyte of ſtone. (v. m.)*

Bridaveaux: m. *Hollow, round, and wreathed crackuels of fine flower, ſugar, ſalt, and yoalkes of egges, incorporated together with water, and white-wine.*

Bride: f. *A bridle; alſo, a border, or carkanet of gold, and pearle for a womans head, (in the binder part whereof tis cloſed;) alſo, a kinde of drinking-veſſell.*

Bride de Chapeau. *A ſtay, for a hat; a ſtring put under the hat-band.*

Bride à oeilleres. *Looke* Oeillere.

Bride de Soulier: *as in* Souliers à bride.

Brides à veaux. *Fopperies; gulleries; groſſe tricks, or lyes; unlikely tales, or things; alſo, halters; alſo, as* Bridaueaux.

Souliers à bride, ou à brides. *Sandalls; or wooddes pattins held unto the foot by one, or more ſtrings (trayned brides) which faſtened on both ſides of their ſole, thence runne, and rayne, over th'inſtup.*

A bride avallée: *As faſt as he can drive; as faſt, or as much, as he can.*

Abandonné ſur la bride. *Hanging upon the hand; (a Horſemans phraſe.)*

Fort en bride. *Stout, head-ſtrong, ſtubborne, ſurly; unruely.*

Laſcher la bride à. *To carry a gentler hand upon; to afford more ſcope; or give more liberty, unto.*

Ie vous en mets la bride ſur le col. *I give you full power over it; I abandone it wholly unto you.*

Tenir en bride. *To reſtraine, to hold in.*

Bridé: m. ée: f. *Bridled; bitted; reſtrained, ruled, moderated, held under, kept in order.*

Brider. *To bridle, bit; reſtraine; moderate, rule, hold-under, keep in order.*

Brider l'aſne, ou, ſon cheual par la queuë. *To goe the wrong way to worke, to doe a thing by contraries.*

Brider la mule à. *To waite on, attend the leiſure of, or doe baſe offices for.*

Se Bride de ſerment. *Looke,* Serment.

Bridon: m. *A ſnaffle.*

Bridoye. *A goose-bridler; (a nickname for a Lawyer.)* ¶ Rab.

Brief: m. *A writ, or breefe; a ſhort mandamus, injunction; commiſſion, &c.*

Brief de Judgement; *as* Dictum de Judgement.

Brief d'obligation & de debt. *The firſt coppie, note, or ſeedule of an obligation, delivered in paper unto a creditor by the notary that drew it.*

Droit de briefs. *Look* Bref.

Brief: m. brieue: f. *Breef, ſhort, ſuccinct, compendious, of little length, of ſmall continuance.*

Le plus briet eſt le meilleur; Prov. *The ſhorter the better (in bad things.)*

Brief. Adverbially; *as.*

A brief parler. *To be ſhort; in a word; the ſumme of all is; not to trouble you with many words, not to hold you over long.*

De brief. *Shortly, anon, forthwith, incontinently, by and by, within a while, ere it be long.*

En brief. *Briefly, ſhortly, ſuccinctly, compendiouſly in few words.*

Briemart: m. *Poore ſolkes drinke, made of branne, leaven, and water.*

Briere. *as* Bruyere.

Brievement. *Briefly, ſhortly, ſuccinctly, compendiouſly; ſtraitly, in a narrow compaſſe, in a little roome.*

Brieveté: f. *Brevity, ſhortneſſe, ſuccinctneſſe, compendiouſneſſe.*

Brifaut: m. *A haſty devourer, a faſt eater, a ravenous feeder, a greedy glutton.*

Brifeau. *as* Brifaut.

Brifée: m. *A morſell, bit, ſnatch, mouthfull (eaten greedily.)*

Brifer. *To devoure, eat haſtily, feed ravenouſly, or like a hungry glutton.*

Briſeur. *as* Brifaut.

Briffaux: m. *Ravenous feeders, haſty devourers.*

Briffeur. *as* Brifaut.

Brigade: f. *A troop, crue, or company.*

Brigader. *To accompany, or aſſociate, one another; to troop, or keep company together.*

Brigaille: m. *A notable ſmel-ſmocke; or mutton-monger, a cunning ſolicitor of a wench.*

Brigand: m. *A footman armed, or ſerving, with a brigandine (In old time when thoſe kinde of ſouldiers marched, they held all to be good priſe that they could purloyne from the people; and thereupon this word now ſignifies) alſo, a theefe, purſe-taker, high-way robber.*

Brigandage: m. *A robbing, theevery, purſe-taking, boothaling, unjuſt pillage.*

Brigande: f. *as* Brigade. (v.m.)

Brigandeau: m. *A young, or ſmall theefe; a ſticher, a pilferer.*

Brigander. *To rob, to take a purſe; to theeve it by the high-way ſide.*

Brigandereau. *as* Brigandeau.

Briganderie: f. *A theeving; purſe-taking; robbery by the high-way.*

Brigandin. *as* Brigantin.

Brigandine: f. *A Brigandine; a faſhion of (ancient) armour, conſiſting of many jointed, and skale-like, plates, very pliant unto, and eaſie for, the body; (ſome, leſſe properly, confound it with (*Haubergeon*) a coate or ſhirt of mayle.)*

Brigant. *as* Brigand.

Brigantin: m. *A low, long, and ſwift Sea-veſſell; bigger then the fregat, and leſſe then a foiſt, and having ſome twelve or thirteen oares on a ſide: we call it alſo, a Brigantine.*

Brignon: m. *The name of an excellent plum, whereof there be two kinds, a bigger and a leſſe.*

Brigue: f. *A canvas, private ſuite, underhand labouring for an office, &c. (hence) alſo, debate, contention, altercation, litigious wrangling about any matter.*

Brigue de mezz. *A piece of coyne worth 10 pence* Tourn.

Briqué: m. ée: f. *Canvaſed, or laboured for, underhand; alſo, quarrelled, contended, wrangled about.*

Briguer. *To canvas, make private ſuite, labour underhand, for an office, &c. alſo, to quarrell, contend, wrangle about matters; alſo, to ſharke, or take purſes by the high-way ſide.*

Briguerie: f. *A private canvaſing, ſecret labouring, underhand ſuing for an office, &c. alſo, a litigious debating, wrangling, or contending for matters; alſo, a ſharking, robbing, purſe-taking.*

Briguet: m. *A mungrell; whence (alſo) a man that's nobly born but of one ſide.*

Brigueur: m. *One that privately labours, or underhand ſues, for the aſſiſtance, or favour of others; hence; a canvaſer for an office, &c. alſo, a quarreiſome, contentious, or litigious, perſon; alſo, as* Brigand.

†Brihat: m. *One that is hot, and loud.*

Bril: m. *A glitter, ſparkle, twinkle; or glittering, &c.*

Brillant. les brillants des femmes. *The jewels which they weare in their haire; and their gliſtering petticoats of changeable colours.*

Brillant. *Glittering, ſparkling, twinkling, ſhining.*

Brillement. *A glittering, ſparkling, twinkling, as of the ſtares; alſo, a bat-fowling.*

Briller. *To glitter, twinkle, ſparkle, as a ſtarre, or like a good diamond; alſo, as* Breller, *to bat-fowle.*

Briller apres. *Greedily to covet, or luſt after.*

Les chiens brillent bien. *Said of luſty, or well-mettled hounds, which nimbly caſt about, or (as in French)* Sons legiers à la queſte.

Brillonner. *as* Briller.

Brimbalatoire. *See* Brimballatoire.

Brimbalé: m. ée: f. *Tumbled headlong; throwne downe topſie-turvy; alſo, ſhaken, ſwagged, quagged.*

Brimbaler. *To tumble downe headlong, to fall downe topſie-turvy; alſo, to ſhake, ſwag, or quag, as a great dog, or th'unſound fleſh of a foggy perſon.*

Faire brimbaler les cloches. *To ſet the bels agate.*

Brimbales: f. *The bels worne by cart, or carriers, horſes.*

Brimballatoire: com. *Swagging, wagging, ſhaking, or quaking, ill-favouredly, or loathſomely.*

Brimballer. *as* Brimbaler.

Brimballotier. *See* Brimblotier.

Brimbeur: m. *A paultry pedler.*

Manteau de brimbeur. *A mantle, or cloake of rug, or courſe frize.*

Brimblotier: m. *A paultry pedler; one that hath nought but traſh to ſell; alſo, a ſhangle-maker.*

Brimborions. *as* Breborions; *alſo, the knacks, jagges, niſtes, bawbles, wherewith fooles capt, &c. are garniſhed.*

Il dit ſes brimborions; (*for* Breviaire) *He ſayes over his whole Pſalter; or hee mumbles to himſelfe his ſond, and ſuperſtitious, devotions.*

Brimboter. *To mumble, putter, mutter, grumble, or babble unto himſelfe.*

Brin: m. *A (little) ſlip, or ſprigge, of an herbe, &c. alſo, a corne of ſalt; and more generally, any ſmall ſubſtance, deale, or bit of a thing.*

Bois de brin. *Round, or uncleft wood.*

Brin à brin. *By piece-meale; or by little and little.*

Il n'eſt vn ſeul brin eſtonné. *Hee is not a jot, not a whit, not at all, aſtoniſhed.*

Brindelles de balay. *The ſprigs, or twigs, of a beeſome.*

Bringue: m. *A drinking to.*

Bringuenarder. *To ſwive.*

Bringuenarilles. *Wide noſethrils.* ¶ Rab.

Bringuenaudée: f. *A common hackney, a wench that's often ſwived.*

Brioche: f. *A brake for hempe; alſo, a rowle, or bun, of ſpiced bread.* ¶ Norm.

Brioler. *To glide, or ſlide, on the yce.*

Bronie: f. *Brionie, white vine, wild nep, tetterberry. See* Byronie.

Brique: f. *Bricke; alſo, a plate, leafe, or wedge of mettall faſhioned like a bricke.*

Lavet vne brique. *To labour in vaine; or, to loſe both time, and labour*

Briquer. *To ſet, or lay bricks; to worke, build, or fortifie with bricks.*

Briquerie: f. *A brick-kill; a houſe, or place wherein brick is made.*

Briquet: m. *as* Briguet; *Alſo, a yong hare.*

Briqueterie; f. *Brick-worke, laying of bricks; alſo, a brick-kill.*

Briquetier: m. *A Brick-layer.*

Briquettes: f. *Niſtes, triſtes, little toyes.*

Briqueux: m. euſe: f. *Bricky, full of bricks; fit for bricks.*

Briquier. *A Brick-maker; Bricke-ſeller.*

Bris: m. *A brack, breach, or great leake, in a ſhip.*

Droict de bris. *Th'Admiralty of a ſea-coaſt; which gives a man all wracks, or ſhipwracks.*

Bailler bris contre Robert. Ie luy bailleray bris, &c. *I will call him Jacke if he call me Gill; I will give him altogether as good as he brings.*

Courir au bris. *To run to wracke, to be in danger of ſhipwracke.*

Ie feray tel bris de toy que tu as merité. *I will make that ſhipwracke of thy reputation, or eſtate, which thy lewdneſſe deſerves.*

Briſable: com. *Burſtable, breakable, brayable.*

Briſans: m. *The foamy breaking of the ſea againſt rocks, or banks of ſand.*

Briſant: m. ante: f. *Breaking, burſting, beating, braying into pieces.*

Quartiers briſans. *The quarters of the Moon in the waine.*

Briſche: f. *A buſh made of lime-twigs, and a ſtale hung at it to draw birds unto it.*

Briſcoter. *To leacher.*

Briſe: f. *A peece of ground, thats new broke up for tillage, (and hath lien long untilled.)*

Briſé: m. ée: f. *Broken, burſt; brayed, beaten in pieces; alſo, rent, or torne off; alſo, bruiſed or cruſhed extreamely; (in Blaſon, oppreſſed, or charged with;) alſo, interrupted; alſo, infringed or violated.*

Chaire briſée. *A faulding chaire.*

Saiſine briſée. *Th'occupation, and uſe, of an inheritance taken by the tenant, notwithſtanding the ſeiſure thereof made by the Lord.*

Somme briſée. *A broken ſumme with odde money; or, a whole ſumme with ouer-plus.*

Vis briſée. *A ſtaire that hath foure or five ſteps upright, then turnes, and hath as many forward another way; or, a ſtraight ſtaire with halfe paces.*

Briſée: f. *A breach, brack, rupture; alſo, a ſtep, track, or footing.*

Briſees. *Boughes rent by hunters from trees, and left in the view of a Deere, or caſt overthwart the way wherein hee is likely to paſſe, thereby to hinder his running, and to recouer him the better; Our wood-men call them Blinkes.*

Reprenons nos briſées. *Let us return unto our former way, buſineſſe, diſcourſe, &c.*

Retournons par nos briſées. *The ſame.*

Ie ne vay plus ſur vos briſées. *I trace you no more, I follow your footing no longer; or, I am no longer your competitor, concurrent, corriuall.*

Briſe-grain. *Corne-breaking, grain-cruſhing.*

Briſe-guerer. *Fallow-breaking, mold up-tearing.*

Briſement: m. *A breaking, braying, beating to pieces; a rending, or tearing off; ſore cruſhing, or bruiſing; a violating, infringing, or interrupting.*

Briſe-ponts. *Bridge-breaking (of a river) all downe-breaking.*

Briſer. *To burſt, break, bray; beat in pieces; alſo, to plucke, rend, or teare off, or up; alſo, to cruſh, or bruiſe extreamly; alſo, to interrupt, or break off; alſo, to violate, or infringe.*

Briſer le fer aux dents. Il penſe briſer le fer aux dents. *He ſtrugling againſt too ſtrong an oppoſition, thinks to performe impoſſibilities.*

Briſe-tour. *Tower-breaking, tower-ſplitting.*

Briſette: f. *A little ſcale, or huſk; a little ſplint, or ſhiver, broken off any thing.*

Briſeur: m. *A burſter, breaker; brayer, beater in pieces; a tearer off, a plucker up; a violater, an infringer.*

Briſeure. *as* Briſure.

Briſeux: m. euſe: f. *Breaking, braying, cruſhing, burſting aſunder.*

Dents briſeuſes. *The tuskes, tuſhes, or dogs teeth.*

Briſgoter. (¶ Rab.) *as* Briſcoter.

Briſeures: f. *Broken peeces.*

Briſure: f. *A breach, burſt; breaking, or beating in pieces; alſo, a plucking, renting, tearing off, or up; alſo, an extream cruſh, bruiſe, cruſhing, or bruiſing; alſo, a broken piece of; alſo, an addition in armory, for the diſtinction of brothers; as, a Label, halfe Moone, Mullet, &c.*

† Bric, prendre au b. *Look* Bric.

Britanique: f. *Britannica, Biſtort, Snake-weed, Paſhions, Oiſterloite; (an herbe.)*

Brive: f. *A bridge.* (v. m.)

Britaſcher. I'ay oüi britaſcher d'une telle choſe. *I have heard ſome ſuch muttering.*

Briz: m. *A bracke, breach, or leake, in a ſhip, &c.* *Look* Bris.

Brize *for* Bize. *The North-winde:* ¶ Rab.

Brizer. *as* Briſer.

Broc: m. *A ſteane, great flagon, tankard, or pot; holding (moſt commonly) twelve Pariſian pints.*

De broc en bouche. *Suddenly, incontinently, while tis hot.*

Brocar: m. *Satin ſtript, or purfled, with gold.*

Brochard: m. *A quip, gird, or cut; a jeaſt, flout, ſcoffe, gibe, mocke; alſo, as* Brocar; *and as* Brocart.

Brocardé: m. ée: f. *Quipped, cut, or jeaſted at; ſcoffed, mocked, flouted, gibed.*

Brocarder. *To quip, cut, gird, reach over the thummes; jeaſt at; flout, mocke, ſcoffe, deride, or gibe at.*

Brocarderie: f. *A cutting, quipping, nipping; jeaſting at; flouting, mocking, ſcoffing, deriding, gibing at.*

Brocardeur: m. *A quipper, ſcoffer, mocker, flouter, derider, giber, or jeaſter at.*

Brocart: m. *A two-yeare-old Deere, which if he be a red Deere, we call a Brocket; if a fallow, a Pricket; alſo, a kinde of ſwift Stagge, which hath but one ſmall branch growing out of the ſtemme of his horne; alſo, as* Brocard.

Brocatel: m. *Tinſell, or thin cloth of gold, or ſilver.*

Brocelles. *as* Broſsailles.

Brochant: m. ante: f. *Broching, ſpitting, ſtitching.*

Brochant ſur le tout. *Over all; (ſpreading, or diſplaying it ſelfe, is meant, but omitted, by our blaſonners:)*

Brochard: m. *A peg, or prick of wood.*

Broche: f. *A broach, or ſpit; alſo, a (great) ſtitch.*

Broches. *The piles (in the fundament;) alſo, the tuskes, or tuſhes, of a baſe; or wilde bore.*

Broche de mer. *The Spit-fiſh.*

Couper broche à. *To prevent, or take away the occaſion of.*

Vendre vin à broche. *To retaile, or draw wine; to vtter, or ſell it, by potfulls, &c.*

Broché: m. ée: f. *Broached, ſpitted; alſo, (groſely) ſtitched; ſowed, or ſet with (great) ſtitches.*

Brocher. *To broach, to ſpit; alſo, to ſtitch groſſely, to ſet, or ſowe with (great) ſtitches.*

Brocher vn cheval des eſperons. *To ſpurre him, to ſtrike him with ſpurres; alſo, to ſpurre him hard, almoſt to ſticke him with ſpurring.*

Brochereux: m. *Little Pickerells.*

Brochet: m. *A Pike (fiſh;) alſo, a faucet, or quill for a wine veſſell.*

Brochet de mer. *The ſea-Pike, the Cod-fiſh; alſo, the Spit-fiſh; or, as* Bequet de mer.

Ils ietent les gardons pour tirer des brochets. *They forgoe an egge to gaine an Oxe; or ſmall, for great, matters.*

Brocheton: m. *A Pickerell, or ſmall Pike (of the length of a foot, or under.)*

Brochette de bois, &c. *A prick, or peg of wood, &c.*

Brochette d'argent. *A little wedge of ſilver.*

Brochoir: m. *A (Farriers) ſhooing hammer,*

† Brode: m. *Broth, pottage, brue.*

† Brode: f. *A blacke, ſwart, or Sun-burnt, wench.*

Pain de brode. *Browne bread.*

† Brode. langage brode. *A looſe, laskie, ſquattering, ſcurvy; alſo, an effeminate, language, or ſpeech.*

Brodé: m. ée: f. *Imbroydered.*

Robbe d'argent brodé de merde. *Juſtinians Inſtitutes; (called ſo because of the filthy Commentaries made on them.)*

Brodequin: m. *A buskin.*

Les brodequins. *Buskins, or bootes, (filled with hot ayle, &c.) wherevnto the legges being put are extreamly tormented.*

Broder. *To imbroyder.*

Brodes. *A cloke, or mantle of leather.*

Brodeur. *as* Bordeur.

Brodeure. *as* Bordure.

Brodier: m. *The arſe, bum, taile:* ¶ Norm.

Broiſe. *A bruſh. Look* Broſse.

Brommart: m. arte: f. *Drowſie.*

Broncher. *as* Bruncher.

Bronchique. muſcle b. *One of the foure muſcles which open the Larinx.*

Brondes: f. *Green boughes, or branches, of trees; browzing for cattell; or browze-wood.*

Bronze: m. *Braſſe.*

Bronzé: m. ée: f. *Braſen, braſſie, made of, or covered with, braſſe.*

Bronzer. *To braze; to make of, or cover with, braſſe.*

Broſtailles: f. *Little buſhes of thornes; alſo, little bundles of twigs, or ſticks faſhioned like bavens, or fagots; alſo, little looſe ſticks remaining in a place where fagots, or bavens have beene laded, or layed.*

Broſtailleux: m. euſe: f. *Full of little buſhes, or looſe ſticks.*

Broſsant. *Threeding a wood, ruſhing through it; alſo, bruſhing.*

Broſse: f. *A buſh; a buſhie ground, or thornie grove; alſo, the head-bruſh thats of a whitiſh, or ſtraw-coloured heath, (now moſt in uſe among the better ſort;) alſo, a bruſh of wire; alſo, a flax-combe, or hetchell.*

Broſser. *To threed a wood, runne through buſhes,*

buſhes, ruſh through thickets; alſo, to bruſh, or make cleane with a bruſh; alſo, to combe, or hetchel flax, &c.

Broſſer bien vn cheval aux Tournois. *To manage a horſe gallantly in Turneyes.*

Broſſettes: f. *Small heath whereof beadbruſhes are made.*

Brot. *as* Broc; *A flagon, or great tankard.*

Vn brot de vigne. *The bud of a vine.*

Brotonne. *Male Sotherwood.*

Brou: m. *The outward huske of a greene wallnut.*

Remaſcher ſon brou. *To chaw the cud.*

Brouäilles: f. *Waſhings of diſhes; alſo, guts, and garbage of fowle; any ſuch outcaſt traſh.*

Brouaz: m. *as* Brouhaha.

Broudier. *as* Brodier.

Brouet f. *A little white clowde.*

Brouée: f. *A miſt, or fog; alſo, as* Brouhaha; *or* Boutade; *a bluſtering or violent paſſion,, or perturbation.*

Brouër: m. *as* Brouée *(in the firſt ſence.)*

Brouët: m. *Potage, or broth; alſo, any liquor, podge, or ſauce, of the thickneſſe, or conſiſtence of that whereof our prunetarts are made.*

Bec à brouët. *A little peart, and pratling girle.*

Il ne ſçavoit pas le brouët qui ſe braſſoit auec vn autre. *(Poore man) he knew not that he was bought and ſold by others; or, what croſſe match was in hand underhand with others.*

Brouëter. *To ſet a wheel-barrow a-gate; to labour with, or carry things in, a wheelbarrow.*

Brouëtte: f. *A wheel-barrow; alſo, a tacknayle.*

Brouëtteur: m. *One that workes with a wheel-barrow.*

† Brouffer. *To ſnurt, or ſnifter with the noſe, like a horſe.*

Brouhaha: m. *A bluſter; hurry, hurlyburly.*

Brouhoux: m. *Stormes, bluſters; hurlyburlies.*

Brouil: m. *as* Brou.

Brouillar: m. *A cold miſt, or fog.*

Brouillard: m. arde: f. *Confounding, jumbling, diſordering, ſhuffling, or hudling matters in an unquiet, or ilfavoured, manner.*

Papiers brouillars. *Blotting, or waſt papers; looſe papers, wherein wee write things carelеſly, or at randome.*

Brouillas: m. *A miſt, or fog.*

Brouillaſſer. *as* Brouiller *(extremement.)*

Brouillaſſeur: m. *as* Brouilleur *(in the higheſt degree.)*

Brouillé: m. ée: f. *Jumbled, confounded, il-ſhuffled, diſorderly hudled, hurried, troubled; marred in the mingling.*

Oeil brouillé. *An eye wherein, by ſome great wound or inflammation, all the humours are mingled, and jumbled together; which cauſeth the ball, or aple, to appear of divers colours.*

Oeufs brouillez. *Whoſe ſubſtance is mingled, and beaten together with a little vargis; and ſo uſed, either for ſauce, or as an* Omelet.

Brouiller. *To jumble, trouble, diſorder, confound, marre by mingling together; to hudle, tumble, ſhuffle, things il-favoredly; to make a troubleſome hotch-potch; to make a hurry, or great hurlyburly.*

Brouiller les cartes. *To diſorder, confound, marre buſineſſes; alſo, to keep a foule coyle, a filthy ſtirre.*

Il ne fait que brouiller. *(Of one that playes on an Inſtrument)* he doth but jumble, or ſlubber over the leſſon he plaies.

Brouillerie: f. *A confuſion; a troubleſome, or diſordered ſhufling, jumbling, hudling, tumbling of things together.*

Brouilleur: m. *A confounder, jumbler, hudler, diſorderly ſhuffler, or mingler of things together; a troubleſome, or unquiet perſon; one that by over-doing marres whatſoever he does.*

Brouillis: m. *A confuſion; a confounding; a jumbling; a diſorderly hudling, ill-favoured ſhuffling, unquiet tumbling of things together; an il-compounded mixture; confuſed peſterment, intricate or perplexed hurry, trouble, hurly-burly.*

Brouillis de procez. Peti-ſoggery; *a diſordering, or intangling, of cauſes to make them the more litigious.*

Brouillon. *as* Brouilleur; *alſo, one that broakes in every thing, whereby he may get but a penny.*

Broüiné: m. ée: f. *Blaſted, or burnt with miſts.*

Brouïr. *To rumble, ruſtle, bluſter; alſo, to humme.*

Broüiſſement. *as*, Bruiement; *alſo, a humming.*

Brouſer. *To browze, knap, nible off, leaves, buds, &c.*

Brouſſaille: f. *A thorny, buſhy, or bricy, ground, plot, or grove.*

Brouſſin: m. *A bunch, or knurre, in a tree.*

Brouſt: m. *A browzing, nibling, knapping off of buds, ſprigs, leaves, &c. alſo, browze-wood; or a ſprig; tendrell, bud, &c. a yong branch, or ſhoot, fit to be browzed on.*

Qui ſuit le brouſt. *A ſmel-feaſt, or trencher-friend; one that daily haunts other mens well-furniſhed tables.*

Brouſter. *as* Brouter.

Brout. *as* Brouſt.

Broute: f. *The root of the box-tree, ſeaſoned, and fit for uſe.*

Broutement: m. *A browzing.*

Brouter. *To browze; to knap, or nible off the ſprigs, buds, barke, &c. of plants; alſo, as* Brouëter.

Ou la Chevre eſt liée faut qu'elle broute; Prov. *Look* Chevre.

Brouteur: m. *A browzer; alſo, as* Brouëteur.

Brouteur: m. eure: f. *Browzing; nibling, knapping off ſprigs, buds, &c.*

Broutеure: f. *A browzing.*

Broutilles: f. *Beggars ſcraps.*

† Broutique: f. *A monkey.* (v.m.)

† Broutonner. *as* Boutonner; *to bud.*

† Brouy: m. ie: f. *Burned, parched; withered by extreme heat.*

† Brouyr. *To parch, burne, wither with ſcorching heat.*

Broyé: m. ée: f. *Pounded, brayed, beaten ſmall, broken into little pieces.*

Broyement: m. *A braying, pounding, beating ſmall.*

Broyer. *To pound, bray, beat ſmall, breake into little pieces.*

Broyer de l'eau en vn mortier. *To loſe labour.*

Broyeur: m. *A brayer, pounder, beater of things untill they be broken ſmall.*

Bru: f. *A daughter in Law; a ſons wife.*

Bruant: m. *A certaine little beautifull, and dull-ſighted bird; enemy to horſes, whoſe neighing he counterfeits; ſome call him, a yellow-hammer, or yawlring.*

Bruchet: m. *The craw-bone, or merry thought, of a bird.*

Bruel: m. *The Brayle, or Pannell of a hauke.*

Brueil. *The ſame.*

Bruge-eſpine: f. *Buck-thorne, way-thorne, laxative ramme.*

Brugier. *To bellow, yell, roare, make a hideous noiſe.* (v.m.)

Brugne: f. *A faſhion of Corſelet, or Brigandine, uſed in old time.*

Bruiant. *as* Bruant.

Bruiement: m. *A rumbling, ruſtling, bluſtering; clattering, creaking, cracking, craſhing.*

Bruiment. *The ſame.*

Bruine: f. *A hot miſt that blaſteth, and burneth, plants.*

Bruiné: m. ée: f. *Blaſted, or burned with miſt; alſo, hoary, as a thing that's covered with a miſty ryne; and hence;*

Friteaux bruinez de ſucre-candy. *Glazed over with ſugar-candy.*

Bruinement: m. *A blaſting, or burning with hot miſts; alſo, a glazing over.*

Bruiner. *To blaſt, or burne with hot miſts; alſo, to glaze, or ſet a hoary gloſſe on.*

Bruineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of hot blaſting miſts.*

Bruire. *To rumble; ruſtle; bluſter; clatter, craſh; to ſound very lowd, and very harſhly; to make a lowd humming noiſe; alſo, as* Brugier.

Comme l'on bruit. *As the bruit is, as the world reports, as the talke goes.*

Bruit: m. *A bruit; a great ſound, or noiſe; a rumbling, clamor, cracking, creaking; alſo, a rumour, common tale, publike voice, fame, reputation, report, the talke of people, the ſpeech abroad.*

L'un a le bruit, l'autre lave la laine; Prov. *Th'one hath the credit, th'other the trouble; or th'one gets the credit, th'other takes the paines.*

Qui a bruit de ſe lever matin peut dormir iuſques au ſoir; Prov. *Hee that is thought to riſe betime, may lie abed till noon.*

Brule-langue. *See* Bruſle-langue.

Brulure: f. *Blight, brant-corn; (an herbe.)*

Brumal: m. ale: f. *Winterie, winter-like; Northerne, done on, or like to, the ſhorteſt winter-day.*

Bruman: m. *A ſonne in law; the husband of a daughter.*

Brumbay. *Browne bay, or darke bay.*

Brume. *The ſhorteſt day in the yeare; alſo, the midſt of Winter; alſo, Winter.*

Brumeſtre. *The name of a kind of vine.*

Brun: m. brune: f. *Brown, dusky, ſwart; obſcure, or darke of colour.*

Brunchement: m. *A tripping, or ſtumbling.*

Bruncher. *To trip, or ſtumble.*

Brune: f. *A brown-wench, a lovely nut-brown woman; alſo, the evening twylight, or edge of the evening; cockſhoot time.*

Bruneau. Clos bruneau. *The bumme, arſe, nockandroe.*

Bruner: m. ette: f. *Browniſh, ſomewhat brown.*

Fille brunette eſt de nature gaye, & nette; Prov. *A nut-brown girle is neat, and blith, by nature.*

Brunette:

Brunette: f. *A nut-brown girle; alſo a kinde of ſmall bird, like an Owſell; alſo, fine blacke cloth; whence;*

Auſſi bien ſont amourettes ſoubs bureau que ſous brunettes; Prov. *Love playes his prankes as well in Cotes as Courts.*

Brun-fauve: com. *Deer-coloured; or of a dark lyon-tawny.*

Bruni. le b. d'vn Cerf. *The burniſhing of a Stags head.*

Bruni: m. ie: f. *Burniſhed, furbiſhed, poliſhed; alſo, obſcured, bedusked, made browne.*

Brunie: f. *as* Brugne. (v.m.)

Brunir. *To burniſh, furbiſh, or poliſh; alſo, to beduske, obſcure, make browne.*

Bruniſſeure: f. *A burniſhing, or burniſhment; a furbiſhed neatneſſe, or poliſhed brightneſſe.*

Bruniſſoir: m. *A burniſhing bruſh, or ſtick; or, a burniſher, poliſher, furbiſher.*

Bruniſſure: f. *A burniſhing, furbiſhing, poliſhing.*

Bruſc: m. *Butchers-broome, Pettigree, Knee-holme, Knee-holver; (a ſhrub.)*

Bruſc: m. uſque: f. *Look* Bruſque.

Bruſlable: com. *Burnable; fit, or eaſie to be burned.*

Bruſlanc: m. ante: f. *Burning, firing, inflaming.*

Bruſlé: m. ée: f. *Burnt, fired, inflamed; ſindged, ſcalded, ſcorched.*

Bruſle-fer. *Iron-burning (an ordinary nicke-name for Smiths.)*

Bruſle-grain. *Corn-burning, grain-firing.*

Bruſle langue. *Tongue-ſcorching, tongue-inflaming.*

Bruſlement: m. *A burning, firing, inflaming; ſcorching, ſindging, ſcalding; a being on fire; a conſuming with fire.*

Bruſler. *To burne, fire, inflame; ſindge, ſcald, ſcorch; to be on fire; to conſume with fire.*

Bruſler la chandelle par les deux bouts. *Diſorderedly to waſt, and conſume his ſubſtance; to ſpend he cares not how, nor what; alſo, (contrarily, but leſſe properly) to wire-draw it; play the niether, make a thing go too too farre.*

Ils bruſlent leur bottes s'ils penſent ainſi. *They are in a foule errour, forget themſelves too much; or they runne into a great inconvenience, by thinking ſo.*

Se bruſler à la chandelle, &, Il ſe vient bruſler à la chandelle. *Looke* Chandelle.

De trop prez ſe chauffe qui ſe bruſle; Prov. *Hee warmes himſelfe too nere that burnes himſelfe.*

Tel ſe cuide chauffer qui ſe bruſle; Pro. *Some thinking but to warme, doe burne themſelves.*

Bruſleur: m. *Burner, firer; inflamer, ſcorcher, ſcalder.*

Habillé comme vn bruſleur de Maiſons. *Dreſſed like a tattered, and deſperat, rogue.*

Bruſlure: f. *A burning; or burnt place; alſo, as* Brulure.

Bruſque: com. *Briske, lively, quicke; alſo, raſh, haire-braind, heady; alſo, wilde, fierce, rude, barbarous, uncivill, harſh.*

Meſure bruſque. *A ſwift meaſure, or faſt time in Muſick.*

Vin bruſque. *Wine of a quick, ſharpe, or ſmart taſt.*

Bruſquement. *Quickly, lively; raſhly, headily; fiercely, wildly, rudely, harſhly.*

Bruſquet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat brisk, &c.*

Vin bruſquet. *Very ſmall, and ſharp wine.*

Brut: argent brut. *Foule, ragged, and rough ſilver, as it comes out of the mine.*

Caverne brute. *A rude, craggie, ſhapeleſſe, deane.*

Diamond brut. *A Diamond that never was cut, or is newly taken out of the rocke; a rough Diamond.*

Brutal: m. ale: f. *Beaſtly; wild, rude, ſavage, brutiſh; filthy.*

Brutalement. *Brutiſhly, beaſtly, wildly, rudely, ſavagely; filthily, foully.*

Brutalité: f. *Brutiſhneſſe, beaſtlineſſe, rudeneſſe, luskiſhneſſe; filthineſſe.*

Brute-bonne. *A certaine great, and ſoone-ripe peare, of an ill-favoured ſhape, but of an excellent taſt.*

Bruteſſe. *as* Brutalité.

Bruthier: m. *A Buzzard, or Bald-kite.*

Iamais tu ne ſeras d'vn Bruthier vn eſperuier; Pro. *A bald, and beaſtly kite will never prove good hawke.*

Brutif. *as* Brutal; *Alſo, raſh, rechleſſe, heedleſſe.*

Qui parle brutif. *One that falters, maſſes, fambles, or ſpeaks ſo thick, and faſt, that few can underſtand him.*

Brutivement. *Brutiſhly, rudely, ſavagely; alſo, faulteringly, ill-favouredly; alſo, raſhly, heedleſly, rechleſly.*

Bruvage: m. *Drinke, beverage.*

Bruy. *as* Brouy.

Bruyan: & Bruyant: m. *A yellow hammer; or, as* Bruant.

Bruyant: m. ante: f. *Rumbling, ruſtling, bluſtering; alſo, roaring, ſpeaking, yelling.*

Perſian bruyant. *The great black Moore-cocke; or, as* Coq de bois.

Bruyement. *as* Bruiment.

Bruyere: f. *Heath, ling, hather, whereof brooſhes be made (in which ſence tis commonly Plurall;) alſo, a heath, or heathy ground; alſo, the great Ægyptian Tamariſke, the fruit whereof reſembles Gals.*

Bruyere ſauvage. *The leſſe, and fruitleſſe Tamariſke of Ægypt.*

Bruyereux: m. euſe: f. *Full of heath, ling, or hather.*

Bruyné. *Look* Bruiné.

Bryonie: f. *Briony, white vine, wild nep, tetter berry.*

Bryonie noire. *The wild vine, blacke Briony, our Ladies ſeale.*

Bryonie ſauvage. *The ſame.*

Bryonnier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, Bryonie; and hence;*

Vigne bryonniere. *as* Bryonie.

Bu. *as* Beu.

Apres bu dodo; Prov. *After liquor taſteleſſe.*

Buanderie: f. *A Laundry; a place to waſh backs in.*

Buandiere: f. *A Laundreſſe, or bucke-waſher.*

Bubailer. *To gape, to yawne.*

Bubbe. *as* Bube.

Bube: f. *A puſh, wheale, bliſter, watery bud, hunch, or bumpe.*

Bube ſauvage. *A maligant ſcabby puſh (in quality reſembling a Carbuncle), which makes the ſkin red, and at length eats, and frets it extremely.*

Buberiges. *Dogs leeks; or, the herbe that beares the purple ſtarrie Facies.*

Bubelette: f. *A little red bunch, or pimple on the noſe, &c.*

Bubatte: f. *A little wheale, puſh, or bliſter.*

Bubon: m. *A great bunch, puſh, botch; a plague-ſore; pock-ſore, Wincheſter-goſe.*

Buc: m. *A buske; plated body, or other quilted thing, worne to make, or keep, the body ſtraight; See* Buſq, *or* Buſte.

Bucail. *The courſe mill, or graine, called French wheat.*

Buccail. *as* Bucail.

† Buccinateur: m. *A Trumpeter.*

† Buccine: f. *A Cornet, or Trumpet for the waves; alſo, the horne of a cowheard, or ſwineheard; alſo, the ſhell-fiſh called, Venus-ſhell.*

Saſſe bonne farine ſans tromps ne buccine; Prov. *Doe not publiſh, nor boaſt of, the good things you injoy; unleſſe you meane that greatneſſe, envy, or too much company, ſhall deprive you of them.*

Buce: f. *A certaine wine veſſell, containing about halfe a pipe; or, as* Buſſe.

Buche de bois. *A logge, back ſtock, or great billet. See* Buſche.

Droict de buche. *Look* Droict.

Bucheron: m. *A wood-cleaver, or wood-feller; one that makes fagots, bavens, or billets, in woods for hire.*

Bucheronner. *To cleave, or cut down, wood; to make fagots, &c. in wood.*

Buchettes: f. *Sprigs, twigs, little ſticks.*

Buchier: m. *A ſtalder, wood-houſe, or wood-pile.*

Buchs. *The name of a Gaſcon country (not farre from* Bourdeaux, *and) full of Roſen-Pine-trees; whence;*

Chandelles de Buchs. *Candles of Roſen, uſed by the poorer inhabitants both of that country, and of* Armignac.

Bucine. *as* Buccine.

Buclandere: f. *A kinde of Dutch-boat; or barke.*

Bucolic: m. ique. f. *Heardman-like; of, or belonging to, a heard'sman, or a heard of neat.*

Bucoliquement. *Heardman-like.*

Bucquer. *as* Buquer; *Alſo, to butte, or ioure.*

Bucé: f. *Lie wherewith clothes are ſcowred; alſo, a buck of clothes.*

Buer. *To waſh a back; to ſcowre with lie.*

Buffe: f. *A buffet, blow, cuffe, box, or whirret on the eare, &c.*

Buffelin: m. ine: f. *Buffe-like; of, or belonging to, a Buffle.*

Buffer. *To puffe, or blow hard; alſo, to ſpout, or ſpurt water on.*

Buffet: m. *A court-cupboard, or high-ſtanding cup boord; alſo, a cupboard of plate; (Hence) alſo, as much plate as will furniſh a cupboard.*

Buffeté: m. ée: f. *Wrought rough or ſhagge, like Buffe; alſo, buffeted, or well cuffed; alſo, deaded, as wine that hath taken winde, or hath beene mingled with water.*

Buffeter. *To make rough, or ſhagge, like buffe; alſo, to buffet, or cuffe; alſo, to marre a veſſell of wine by often taſting it before it be broached; or, to fill it up with*

water, after much wine hath been ſtollen, or taken, out of it.

Buſſeteurs de vin. *Such Carmen, or Boatmen, &c. as ſteale wine out of the veſſels they have in charge, and afterwards fill them up with water.*

Buſſeroit : m *The fiſh called a Lumpe, or Paddle, or ſea-Owle.*

Buſſle : m. *The buffe, buffle, bugle, or wild ox; alſo, the skin, or necke, of a buffe; See* Beuſle.

Buſſlée : f. *as* Buffe. *(v.m.)*

Buſſler. *To deceive.*

Buſſroy. *as* Baſſroy ; *or* Beſſroy.

Buſon : ſ. *A toad.*

Bugic. *The barke of a Barbarie tree ; (a terme uſed by Simpliſts.)*

Bugle : m. *Bugle, middle Conſound, middle Comfrey ; (an herb.)*

Qui a du bugle, & du Sanicle, fait au Chirurgien la nique; Prov. *So excellent are theſe herbs in the cloſing, and curing of wounds.*

Buglement : m. *A lowing, or bellowing.*

Bugler. *To low, or bellow.*

Le ventre me bugle de faim. *My belly croakes, or cries out, through hunger.*

Bugleux : m. euſe : f. *Often, or much lowing ; full of bellowing.*

Bugloſat. *Of Bugloſſe ; made of bugloſſe.*

Bugloſſe : ſ. *(Garden)* bayloſſe.

Bugloſſe ſavage. *Wild Bugloſſe ; whereof there be divers kinds ; as, Alkanet, or Orkanet ; and ſtone bugloſſe ; and Snakes bugloſſe, Vipers bugloſſe, or wall bugloſſe.*

Bugnets. *as* Bignets.

† Bugrande, ou Bugrane : ſ. *Reſt-harrow, Cammock, petty whinne, ground Furze.*

† Bugrate. *as* Bugrande.

† Bugrunde. *The ſame.*

Buie : ſ. *A water-pot, or pitcher.*

Buiré : ſ. *An oyle glaſſe, viall, or cruze.*

Buirette : ſ. *A cruet, or little viall.*

† Buiſart : m. *A buzzard, or bald-kite.*

† Buiſine : ſ. *A little pipe ; a conduit pipe ; a water pipe.*

Buiſſart. *as* Buiſart ; *Alſo, the veſſell called (otherwiſe)* Poinſon ; *Looke* Poinſon.

Buiſſine : ſ. *as* Buiſine.

Buiſſon : m. *A buſh ; thorne, brier ; alſo, a grove, covert, thicket ; baſhy ground.*

Buiſſon à connils. *A (private) warren for conies, neere unto, and for the proviſion of, a mans houſe.*

Meure de buiſſon. *A black-berry, or bramble berry.*

Roſe de buiſſon. *The dogges roſe, wild roſe, bryar roſe.*

La beſte a ſa ſon buiſſon. *There the beaſt uſeth to lodge, or laire.*

Tirer le ſerpent du buiſſon. *Looke* Serpent.

Amour de Signeur eſt ombre de buiſſon ; Prov. *The love of a great man is either momentary, or dangerous.*

En petit buiſſon trouve on grand lievre; Prov. *A little body (oft) harbours a great heart ; and a ſmall head much wit.*

Il n'y a ſi petit buiſſon qui ne porte ombre ; Prov. *The leaſt buſh hath it ſhadow.*

Buiſſonnages : m. *Buſhes ; or, buſhy grounds, buſhie plots, buſhie places.*

Buiſſonnailles : ſ. *Buſhes ; thorny groves.*

Buiſſonné : m. ée : ſ. *buſhie ; thicke with, or full of, buſhes ; alſo, lodged in, retired into, or withdrawn among, buſhes, or buſhie places.*

Buiſſonner. *To dog, watch, or lye in waite for, (alſo, to lodge) among buſhes.*

Buiſſonnet : m. *A little buſh ; thorne ; grove, thicket.*

Buiſſonneux : m. euſe : ſ. *buſhie, thorny, full of buſhes.*

Buiſſonnier : m. ere : ſ. *Of, or belonging to buſhes ; frequenting, or haunting buſhes ; living, or lurking, among buſhes ; and hence ;*

Faire l' eſchole buiſſonniere. *To play the truant, or ſeeke birds neſts when he ſhould be at ſchoole.*

Buiſſonniere : ſ. *A buſhy grove, plot, or ground ; a thicket of buſhes, bryers, thornes.*

Bulbe : m. *A bulbus ; a bulbed, or onion, root ; (generally) a root that is round, and hath many pills, or diviſions, one over the other, as th' onion ſorte, ſaffron, &c. (and particularly) the ſeallion.*

Bulbe ſauvage. *Dogs-bane, Corne-looke, wild or meadow Saffron.*

Bulbe vomitif. *The root of the muſky grape-flower ; ſome alſo call ſo, Narciſſus, or the white Daffadill ; others, the raſh Daffadill (though the bulbed roots of all Daffadils might as well be called ſo ; for all of them provoke to vomit.)*

Bulbeux : m. euſe : ſ. *Bulbed ; round headed like an onion, &c.*

Bule : ſ. *A bliſter ; or bubble.*

Buler. *as* Bugler ; *alſo, the Pope to write, grant, or ſend a bull ; to execute, or excommunicate, by bull.*

Buletin. *as* Bulletin.

Buliſte : com. *Of, or belonging to a bull, or, as* Bulliſte.

Bullage : m. *The ſealing of cloath ; the marking thereof with a ſeale of lead.*

Bulle : ſ. *A bull, a writ, commiſſion, or letter ſealed with lead, and ſent from the Pope ; any ſuch Papall, and leaden, diſpatch.*

Bullé : m. ée : ſ. *Sealed with lead, as a bull ; ſtamped, as the leaden ſeale of a bull ; alſo, that hath obtained the Popes bull for ſome particular advancement, or privilege to himſelfe.*

Bulleteau : m. *A boulter, or boulting cloath.*

Bulleter. *as* Bluter. *(v.m.)*

Bulletin : m. *A bill, ticket, cocket ; a billet in a lottery.*

Bulletins : m. *(Among the Grey Friers are) ſuch as have been reformed by the Popes bulls.*

Bullette : ſ. *as* Bulletin.

Bullettes. *Such bubbles, or bobs of glaſſe as women weare for Pendants at their eares.*

Bulliſte : m. *A writer, or a maker of bulls ; or as* Buliſte.

† Bullonner. *To run, boyle, or burſt, out in great abundance ; (an old word.)*

Bullot. *A certaine great, yellow, and ſower, apple.*

Buon : m. *The beake of an ewer, or pot ; the mouth of a cruet, viall, &c. alſo, a little oyle pot.*

Bupreſte. *The venomous blacke flie called, a long-leg, or wag-leg.*

Buquer. *To knocke, or to rap, at a doore.*

Bur : m. *as* Bureau.

Bur : m. Bure : f. *browne, ruſſet, darke coloured.*

Burail : m. *as* Burat ; *Silke-raſſe.*

Burail croiſé. *Silke ſay.*

Burail ſimple de Flanders, & vni. *Silke Mocadoe.*

Burat : m. *Silke-raſſe ; or any kind of ſtuffe thats halfe ſilke, and halfe worſted.*

Burat baſin. *Silke bombaſie.*

Burat creſpu. *Silke curle ; or Curle.*

Burate : ſ. *That which remaines in a churne after the beſt butter is taken out ; which ſtrained through a linnen cloath, and well ſaulted, and wrought untill it grow very thicke, is kept in earthen pots for the uſe of the meyney ; alſo, as* Burat.

Burbarin. *An allusion to* Buſtarin : ✠ Rab.

Bure : ſ. *as* Bureau ; *(in the firſt ſence.)*

Bureau : m. *A thicke and course cloath, of a browne ruſſet, or darke mingled, colour ; alſo, the table that's within a court of Auditors, or of Audience (belike, because 'tis uſually covered with a carpet of that cloath) alſo, the court it ſelfe ; alſo, the hearing, or deciſion, of cauſes in (ſuch a) court, audience ;*

Ventre de bureau. *One that feeds groſely.*

Le prochain bureau. *The next day of hearing.*

Mettre ſur le bureau. *To fall a talking of ; or to bring upon the ſtage.*

Mettre le proces ſur le bureau. *To bring the ſuit unto a hearing.*

Auſſi bien ſont amourettes ſous bureau que ſous brunettes ; Prov. *Love tricks are played (loves rites performed) as well by poore as rich, ſilkes, (or) as well in poore as rich, cloaths.*

Ventre de velours, robbe de bureau ; Prov. *A velvet belly cloaks the baſe in rug.*

Bureau : Adject. *Brown ruſſet ; or, darke browne, as the cloth,* Bureau.

Burelle d'argent & d'azur ; *(we blaze it thus) he beares ſo many cloſets argent, and azure.*

Burex : m. *The purple-fiſh* : ✠ Langued.

Burette : ſ. *A little cruet, viall, or bottle for oyle, or vinegar.*

Burgeté : m. ée : ſ. *(In ſtead of* Beluté*) boulted.*

Burex : m. *as* Buret.

Burgan : m. *A wilke, winckle, periwinkle ; or, a generall terme for moſt of thoſe ſmaile-like ſhell-fiſhes.*

Burgrave : m. *The Captaine, or Governor of a fortreſſe.*

Bourgueſpine. *as* Bourgueſpine.

Burin : m. *A graving ſticke, or yron.*

Buriné : m. ée : ſ. *Carved, ingraven, intailed ; alſo, pierced.*

Buriner. *To carve, grave, intaile ; alſo, to pierce.*

Burineur : m. *A carver, graver, intailer.*

Buriot : m. *A young duckling newly crept out of the ſhell* : ✠ Norm.

Burler. *as* Hurler ; *Alſo, to jeſt with ; or ſtout at* : ✠ Rab.

Burleſque : com. *Jeſting, or in jeſt, not ſerious ; alſo, mocking, flouting.*

Burne : ſ. *The ſolitary place, or corner, where in an Owle ſits in the day time.*

Burnie. main-burnie. *Ward, gard, cuſtody, (v. m.)*

Buron : m. *A poore Cottage.*

Burre. *as* Beurre. *butter.*

Burré. *Buttered.*

Burrer. *To butter.*

Burrier :

Burrier: m. *A ſeller of butter; alſo, a great cater of butter; a butter-box.*

Burriere: ſ. *A butter-wife; a wench that ſells, or eats, much butter.*

Burſauli: m. *Cane-withie, with the yellow-iſh barke.*

Buſard: m. *A buzzard.*

Buſe: m. *A buske; or, as* Buc. *Seek alſo for* Buſq; *and* Buſte.

Buſchailles: ſ. *Small twigs, or ſprigs.*

Buſche: ſ. *A logge, a barke ſtock; a great billet.*

Droict de buſche. *Look* Droict.

C'eſt vn buſche en ſon oeil. *That was a beame in his eye, a blocke in his way; a great impeachment to his plots; a hinderance to his proceedings.*

Tortue buſche faict droit feu; Prov. *A crooked logge makes a ſtraight fire.*

Tout bois vaut buſches; Prov. *Any wood is an good as a logge.*

Verde buſche faict chaud feu; Prov. *A green log makes a hot fire.*

Buſcheron. *as* Bucheron.

Buſcheter. *To gather ſticks for the fire.*

Buſchettes: ſ. *Small ſticks, or ſprigs.*

Buſchilles: ſ. *Little ſticks, twigs, or ſprigs.*

Buſchoier. *To gather ſticks; get wood.*

Buſe: ſ. *A bole; alſo, a Buzzard.*

Buſine: ſ. *The pipe of a Ceſterne, or conduit;* (See Buiſine; *) alſo, a bag-pipe; or as* Buxine.

Buſq. *as* Buc.

Au vieux buſq. *After the old cut.*

Buſque: ſ. *Fortune, chance, lucke; or, as th'Italian* Buſca; *a ſhifting, filching, pranking, catching by hook or crook; alſo, a baske; or buſke.*

Buſquer. *To ſhift, filtch; prawle, catch by hook or crooke.*

Buſquer fortune. *To goe ſeeke his fortune.*

Buſſart: m. *The veſſell called, otherwiſe,* Poinſon. *Look* Poinſon.

Buſſe de raiſins. *A drie-fat, or great (and hogſhead-like) veſſell wherein Raiſins be put, or tranſported.*

Buſt. *as* Buſc. *or, as* Buſte (*in the firſt ſenſe.*)

† Buſtarin. *A great lubber, thicke druggell; cowardly luske, daſtardly ſlaberdegullion.*

Buſte: m. *as* Buc; *Or, a buſt; the long, ſmall, (or ſharp-pointed) and hard-quilted belly of a doublet; alſo, the whole bulke, or body of a man from his face to his middle; alſo, a tombe, or ſepulchre.*

† Buſtoſer: m. vngros b. *A luske, loggerhead, lowt, ſlowch.*

Buſtuaire: com. *Burnt, as a dead body; or, craving, expecting, affecting, the ſacrifice of mens bodies.* ℣ Rab.

But: m. *A but, or marke; (and particularly, the prick that's in the middeſt of the Carreau in a bowling alley) alſo, a ſcope, reach; purpoſe, end.*

But à but. *Of equall eſtate, on like termes, at even hands, without any odds at all.*

Mais là ne faut faire but, & borne. *But there wee muſt not paſſe; that's no place to ſtop at, or ſettle in.*

Buté: m, fe: ſ. *Touched at, or by, th'end of.*

I'ay buté à vne pierre. *I have knocke, bit, ſtruck my foot againſt a ſtone.*

Buter. *To touch at th'end; to abut, or joyne unto, by th'end; alſo, to put, or thruſt, away.*

Buteux. *Of, or belonging to, a but; full of buts.*

Butin: m. *A booty, prey; or ſpoyle, taken.*

Butinant. *Bootehaling, preying, making ſpoyle of.*

Butinement: *A boothaling, preying on, making ſpoile of.*

Butiner. *To prey, get booty, make ſpoyle of, to boothale, to live, or gaine by pillage.*

Butineur. *A boothaler, preyer, pillager; one that lives of the ſpoyle.*

Butineux. *Full of prey, ſpoyle, booty; or as* Butinant.

Butoeſne: ſ. *Herbe Betonie.*

Butort: m. *A Bittor.*

Butte: ſ. *A but, or marke, to ſhoot at; alſo, a place appointed in open market for the ſale of goods in execution.*

Mettre haut le blanc à la butte. *To demand of one the reſolution of a matter which is above his capacity; alſo, to ſet a high price on a thing that would be ſold.*

Butter: m. *as* Hotte; *Serving that it is made of a courſe Oziер, called* du Plomb, *or* Plion; *and th'*Hotte *of a finer wicker cloſe wrought.*

Buvable: com. *Drinkable; fit to be drunke of.*

Buvage: m. *as* Bruvage.

Buveau: m. *A kind of Squire, or Squire-like Inſtrument, having moveable, and compaſſe, branches; or, th'one branch compaſſe, and th'other ſtraight; ſome call it a Bevell.*

Buvereau: m. *A bibber, ſupper, or ſipper; one that drinks ſlightly, and often.*

Buverie: ſ. *A drinking, bidding, ſipping, bowſing.*

Buveter. *To bib, ſip, ſup; drink but a little and often; or but a little at once; or, by little and little.*

Buvetier: m. *A certain Officer, that gathers money for the Judges Collations.*

Buvette: ſ. *Small houſhold wine.*

Buvettes. *Sippings, tiplings; and particularly the Judges drinkings, or Collations.*

Buvetter. *as* Buveter.

Buvotter. *The ſame.*

Buxolle: m. *The diall, or compaſſe, whereby a ſhip is guided.*

Buydon: m. *Such a cage, creele, or open baſket (of wicker) as Poulters keep, and feed their chickens, or other fowle in.*

Buye. *as* Buie. *A water-pot, or pitcher.*

Buyele: m. *as* Buxolle.

Buyer. *A Box-tree, or ſhrub.*

Buyrette: ſ. *as* Burette.

Buys: m. *Box; Look* Boule.

† Buyſé: m. 6e: ſ. *Boxed, full of holes; or, that hath holes made into it.*

† Buyſer. *To bore, pierce, make holes into, or make full of holes.*

† Bayſine. *as* Buiſine.

† Buytronne: ſ. *A furnace to melt, and fine, ſilver in.*

Buyzart. *Look* Buſſart.

Buzart. *A Buzzard, or bald-kite.*

Buze. *A Buzzard, or Bald-kite; alſo, as* Buſe.

Buzine: ſ. *A bug-pipe; or, a clownes trumpet; a clowniſh inſtrument, made of pitched barke, and ſounding like a trumpet.* ℣ Gaſc, *alſo, as* Buſine.

Byble: ſ. *as* Bible.

Byrraſque: ſ. *A turbulent, and high-going ſea, or horrible tempeſt at ſea; as* Birraſque.

Byrrantin. *A piece of coyne worth a double ducket, or thereabouts. Look* Beſant, & Biſantin.

Byze. *The ſeaſide, Bonito.*

C.

CA. *Is ſometimes of an Adverb of place, and ſignifies, hither, to this place, this way, ſometimes an Interjection of calling, or commanding; where one bids another come unto him; (and then ſignifies, approach, draw neer, come hither;) or to give him ſomewhat; (then ſignifying, lets ſee there, give me that, reach hither;) or to follow him; (and then ſignifies, follow hee, come after, &c.) This* Ca *is pronounced as* Sa.

ça en arriere. *Formerly, in former times, heretofore.*

ça & là. *Diſſolutely, ſcatteringly, now here now there, hither and hither; in ſcattered troopes, looſe companies.*

Cable. *as* Cable. *A wind-fall.*

Cabab: m. *The chacking, chatring, or louking of a Partridge.*

Cababetancé. *Loaden with bags, and mallets; alſo, commented on;* (*a word coyned by* Rab.)

Cabaget: m. *as* Caballet.

Cabal: m. *The money, or marchandiſe which one takes of another, to yield him the halfe, or third, or fourth, part of the gaine that's made thereof.*

Cabalanizer. *To drinke like a horſe; to ſwill, gull, quaffe, tipple extremely.*

Cabale: ſ. *The Jewes Caball; or, a hidden ſcience of divine myſteries, which the Rabbies affirme, was revealed, and delivered, together with the Law, unto Moſes, and from him derived, by ſucceſſive relation, unto poſterity;* (*yet is it, in truth, no better than a vaine rabble of their owne traditions.*)

Tenu ſecret comme Cabale. *Concealed as a ſpeciall myſterie.*

Cabalin: m in e: ſ. *Of, or belonging to, a but ſe.*

Ongle cabaline. *Seek* Ongle.

Cabaliſte: m. *A Cabaliſt; a profeſſor, or underſtander of the Jewes traditions.*

Cabaliſtique: com. *Cabaliſticall; of, or belonging to, the Jewiſh Caball, or Jewiſh traditions.*

Caban: m. *A gaberdine, or cloake of fell.*

Cabane: ſ. *A tent, or cottage; alſo, a ſhed, or cabin made of boughes.*

Cabaret: m. *An Ale-houſe; a tipling, and victualling houſe, tent, or booth; alſo, the herbe Haſſewort, Fatfoot, Cabaret, Aſarabacca.*

Suppoſt de cabaret. *An Ale-knight, Ale-houſe-haunter, lick-ſpigot, common tipler, ordinary drunkard.*

Cabaretier: m. *A ſutler, common victualler, Ale-houſe-keeper; alſo, as* ſuppoſt de Cabaret.

Cabaretter. *To frequent Ale-houſes.*

Cabas: m. *A braile, (for raiſins or figs.)*

Vn vieil cabas. *An old braile wherein figs,*

figs, &c. have beene; alſo, an old, or decayed woman, that hath been a good fellow in her dayes.

Cabaſſe: m. ée: f. *Frailed; put, or packed up in a fraile; heaped, or hoorded up together, as in a fraile.*

Cabaſſeau. *as* Cubaſeau.

Cabaſſer. *To fill a fraile with Raiſins, &c. to put, or packe up in a fraile; alſo, to heape or hoord up together, as raiſins, &c. in a fraile.*

Cabaſſet: m. *A ſleight helmet, or caſket.*

Cabaſſet de papier. *A long hood, or Miter, of paper.*

Cabaſſon: m. *A certaine little, toothleſſe, and great headed, fiſh.*

Cabat. *as* Cabas.

Cabau. *as* Cabal.

Cabaillau: m. *Freſh cod.*

Cabeçon. *as* Caveçon.

Cabeſtan: m. *The Capſtane of a ſhip.*

Cabillaud: m. *The Chevin; (termed ſo by French Purveyors.)*

Cabillau: m. *Freſh cod.*

Cabinet: m. *A cabinet, or casket, for jewells, &c. alſo, a cloſet, little chamber, or wardrobe, wherein one keeps his beſt, or moſt eſteemed, ſubſtance; alſo, an arbor in a garden.*

Cabinet d'Allemagne. *A kinde of ſtanding diſh; or a ſmall cabinet ſerving for, or having in it, a ſtandiſh.*

Le Cabinet du Roy. *The privy chamber.*

Cabirotade. *as* Capirotade.

Cabirots: m. *The ſperme, or ſpawne, of Sturgeons, ſpread upon bread, and eaten with vinegar, oile, and pepper.*

Cable: m. *A Cable, or great Rope.*

Cable: f. *A winde-fall; a tree overthrown by winde, or tempeſtuous weather.*

Cabochard: m. arde: f. *Heady, wilfull, obſtinate, giddy, fantaſticall, hare-braind.*

Caboche: f. *The Head.* ¶ Pic.

Caboche bien tymbrée. *A well-garniſhed head-peece; well-tackled braine-pan, a ſtayed, or diſcreet pate.*

† Cabochenu. *as* Cabochard.

Caboches. *A rebellious crue of Pariſians in in Charles the ſixts time; called ſo of their captaine, whoſe name was* Simonet Caboche.

Cabocheux. *as* Cabochard; *Or, whoſe head is full of toyes; whoſe courſes are wholy guided by the fond devices of his owne braine.*

Cabochon de pierre precieuſe. *The beazill, collet, head, or higheſt part of a ring, or jewell, wherein the ſtone is ſet; alſo, the Boſſe, or riſing of the ſtone it ſelfe; alſo, a fooles head.*

Cabot: m. *The Gull-fiſh, Bull-head, Millers-thumbe.*

Cabote: f. *as* Cabot; *Or, (more properly) a Gurnard.*

Cabre: f. *A Goat.*

A la cabre morte. *Upon his neake.*

Cabrer. *To reare, or ſtand upright on the hinder feet; to riſe high before; as a Goat, or Kid that brouzes on a tree.*

Cabrer ſur le devoir. *To be reſty, or backward in duty (from a jade that reares up when he ſhould goe forward.)*

Cabril: m. *A yong Kid.*

Cabriole. *as* Capriole.

Cabriolé: m. ée: *f. Capered.*

Cabrioter. *To caper, to cut a caper.*

Cabrol: m. *An iſſue made for a Fiſtula.*

Cabrole: f. *A certaine blew-backed, white-bellied, and ſmall-mouthed fiſh.*

† Cabucé: m. ée: f. *Headed, like a cabbidge.*

Caburlaut: m. *A Gull, Bull-head, Millers thumbe:* ¶ Tholoſain.

† Cabus: m. uce; ou, uſſe: f. *Headed, round headed; great headed; and, hence;*

Choux cabus. *A Cabbidge.*

Laictuës cabuces, ou cabuſſes. *Leaved, or headed Lettuce.*

† Cabuſser. *To cabbidge; to grow to a head; or, grow round and cloſe together, as a cabbidge.*

Cacaber. *To chucke, or iouke, as a Partridge; to counterfeit the voice of a Partridge.*

Cacaſement de poule. *The cackling of a hen.*

Cacaſangue: f. *The bloudy flix.*

Cache: f. *as* Chaſſe: ¶ Pic. *Alſo, a hiding hole, hidden corner; or nooke out of the way.*

Caché: m. ée: f. *Hidden, concealed, kept ſecret; in covert; in corners; lurking in ſome odde nooke or other; conveied away.*

Il eſt mal caché à qui le cul paroiſt; Pro. *He is ill hid whoſe taile appeares; he worſe diſſembles whoſe worſt parts appeare.*

Mal eſt caché à qui l'on voit le dos; Prov. *He ill conceales himſelfe that ſhewes his backe; or as the ſayinge.*

Cachebugade: f. *Æthiopian Hartwort, Seſeli of Æthiopia; (a ſhrub thats alwayes greene.)*

† Cache-col. *A velvet attire, or ornament for the necke; much worne by the women of France, in ancient time when their gownes were cut low before.*

† Cachectique: com. *In a conſumption; that pineth away, nothing he eateth doing him good.*

† Cachelaid: m. *A maske, or muffler.*

Cachelet. *as* Cachelaid.

Cachemaille: f. *A money-box.*

Cachement: m. *A biding, concealing, or keeping cloſe.*

Cachement. *Cloſely, privily, covertly, underhand.*

† Cachemi-tula. *A play wherein one muſt keep a thing privately delivered him, and another finde out the keeper among many others; which doing he is rewarded, otherwiſe puniſhed.*

† Cache-muſeau. *A kinde of ſtawne; or, as* Caſmuſeau; *alſo, a muffler, or maske for the face.*

† Cache-nez. *A maske, or muffler.*

Cacher. *To hide, conceale, keep ſecret; convey away; to cover, to ſuppreſſe; alſo, as* Chaſſer: ¶ Pic.

Cacher en la mer. *To ſend into the ſea; a ſhip to goe ſo low before, that at every puſh forward ſhe is like to thruſt her noſe into the Sea.*

Il iette la pierre, & cache le bras. *Hee does miſchiefe, but will not bee ſeene, nor ſeeme, to have any hand in it.*

Du temps qu'on ſe cachoit pour preſter de l'argent. *In time of honeſt ſimplicity, and innocent confidence; when men were more carefull to conceale others neceſſities, than to ſecure their owne debts.*

On ne cache pas aiguilles en ſac; Prov. *Needles are not hidden, or laid up in ſacks.*

Cachereau. *as* Chartulaire.

Cachet: m. *A Seale, or Signet.*

Cachet du Ruy. *The privie ſignet; wherein is not, as in ours, any ſeale uſed, but only the Kings name ſtamped in characters of ſilver, and afterwards covered with Inke by one of the Secretaries; (this ſtampe is moſt commonly kept by the Conſtable; ſometimes by a favorite.)*

Cacheté: m. ée: f. *Sealed.*

Cacheter. *To ſeale as a letter.*

Cachette: f. *A lurking-hole, or corner, a cloſe nooke, ſecret place, hiding hole; alſo, a denne, or covert.*

En cachette. *Privily, cloſely, ſecretly, covertly, biddenly, under-hand, in bugger mugger.*

Cacheur: m. *A hider, concealer, ſuppreſſer.*

Cachexie: f. *An evill diſpoſition of the body (gotten by long ſickneſſe, ill dyet, or bad phyſicke;) which makes the patient no whit the better for any thing he eates.*

Cachile. *Sea-rocket.*

Cachoire. *as* Chaſſoire: ¶ Pic.

Cachot. *as* Caquot; *Alſo, a covert for Deere, or denne for a ravenous wild beaſt.*

Cachotte: f. *as* Cachette; *Or, the hole in a priſon; ſometimes alſo, a grave; and hence;*

Il a eſté mis au jourd'huy en ſa cachotte. *He was buried to day.*

Cachotté: m. ée: f. *Layed in the hole, of a priſon.*

Cachry: m. *Roſemary ſeed (Mot Barbare.)*

Cacidoine. *The precious ſtone called a Calcedonie.*

Cacochymie: f. *Evill diſgeſtion; or, ill juyce in the body.*

Cocoethe: m. *A kinde of moſt venemous, and incurable bile, or ſore; or, a bile, or ſore thats ill to be cured.*

Cacolique. (*An ironicall alluſion to* Catholique; *otherwiſe of little or no ſence.*)

† Cacologie: f. *Evill ſpeech, railing, reproach, reviling, detraction.*

Cacophonie: f. *An ill, hiſſh, or unpleaſing ſound (in words;) a vitious utterance, or pronounciation.*

Cacque. *as* Caque; *A cag.*

Cacqueter. *as* Caqueter.

Cacquetoire. *See* Caquetoire.

Cad d'eau: m. *A great fall, or ſhowre of raine.*

Cadalec. *as* Chaſlit; *A bedſtead:* ¶ Langued.

Caparce pour faire capiton. *The tow, or coniſeſt part of ſilke, whereof ſleave is made.*

† Cadaſtre. *An ancient rent-roll, Regiſter, or Survey, ſpecifying what lands be Roturiers; and thereby ſubject unto the (kings) Taille.*

Cadavre: m. *A carkaſſe, or dead body.*

Cadav-

Cadavreux, : m. euſe : f. *Carkaſſe-like; leane, skragy, fleſhleſſe; alſo, putrified, ſtinking, rotten.*

Cade : f. *The crimzon, or prickly Cedar :* ¶ Langued.

† Cadeau : m. *A great capitall, or text, letter; alſo, as;*

† Cadel : *m. A caſtling, a ſtarveling; one that hath need much of cockering, and pampering.*

Cadelé : m. ée : f. *Cockered, pampered, fedled, cheriſhed; much made of.*

Lettres Cadelées. *Great, capitall, or text letters.*

Cadeler. *To cocker, pamper, fedle, cheriſh, make much of; alſo, to write a Text-hand; or, make a capitall letter, or great letters,*

Cadenat : m. *A Padlocke.*

Cadence : f. *A cadence; a juſt falling, round going, of words; a proportionable time, or even meaſure, in any action, or ſound.*

A chacune cadence. *At every turne, ever and anon.*

Cadene : f. *An Iron chaine.*

Cadet : m. *A yonger brother (among Gentlemen.)* ¶ Poict.

Cadmie : f. *Cadmia; is either minerall, or artificiall; the firſt, of two kindes; the one, a ſtone, participates of no metall, (though it be needfull to the parting of ſome metalls) the other hath ſome affinity with copper, or with ſilver. The artificiall one comes of the ſmoake, or ſparkles, that ariſe from furnaces wherein copper is melted, and made; and hereof there be divers kinds.*

Cadran. *as* Quadran.

Caducité : f. *Frailty, weakneſſe, aged feebleneſſe.*

Caduque : com. *Fraile, caduke, feeble, ruinous, ready to fall, unable to ſupport it ſelfe.*

Eaux caduques. *Water that runnes over a Poole; or, out of the waſte pipes, or ſpouts of Conduit-heads.*

Cæſarien : m. enne : f. *Looke* Ceſarien.

Cafard : m. *An hypocrite; a counterfeiter of, or diſſembler in, religion, devotion, picty; one that ſeemes, but is not, holy; eſpecially, a Preacher, or preaching Frier, who in his teaching reſpects his owne, or his Orders, profit, more than his auditors; alſo, as* Caffard.

Cafard : m. arde : f. *Hypocriticall, diſſembling, ſeeming holy, pious outwardly, devout onely in ſhew.*

Cafarde. à la cafarde. *Hypocritically.*

Cafarder. *To pretend devotion, play the hypocrite, ſeem godly, counterfeit holineſſe; look demurely, preciſely, religiouſly, and ſpeake piouſly, but meane impiouſly; to preach often, but more to profit himſelfe, or his Order, than his auditors.*

Cafardie : f. *Hypocriſie, outward holineſſe, pretence of zeale, ſhew of conſcience, counterfeiting of devotion; often preaching for private reſpects.*

Cafardiſe : f. *The ſame.*

Cafas. *A kinde of courſe Taffata.*

† Cafetin. ſucere cafetin. *Refined Sugar.*

Cafezate. *A certaine little, reddiſh, moſt venomous, and malignant ſerpent, that lurks (moſt commonly) among the leaves of trees, and thence flies at any man, or beaſt that paſſes under them.*

Caffard. *A moath, or beetle that flies by night; alſo, as* Cafard.

Caffardiſe. *as* Cafardie. *Hypocriſie.*

Cagade : f. *A vaine and effectleſſe flouriſh; a ſcurvy, ſhitten, idle boaſt, or boaſting.*

Cagarel, ou Cagaret. *A cockerell (fiſh.) Looke* Iuſcle.

Cagarole de mer. *A Periwincle.* ¶ Langued.

† Cagaſangue. *as* Cacaſangue.

Cage : f. *A Cage.*

Cage d'oſier. *A wicker cage; alſo, a Lettice window of wicker.*

Mieux vault eſtre oiſeau de bois que de cage. Prov. *(The difference betweene liberty, and thraldome.)*

† Cageois : m. *A countrey clowne, hynd; boore; a cottager; or one that dwells in a ruſticall cote.*

Cageoler. *To prattle, or jangle, like a Jay (in a cage) to bable, or prate much, to little purpoſe.*

Cageoleur : m. *A great, and idle, pratler, one that (like a Jay in a cage) jangles much to no purpoſe.*

Cagerotte : f. *A Cheſſord, or Cheeſfatt (of wicker.)*

Cagniard, Cagnardier, &c. *See* Caignard, *&c.*

† Cagnaſſe : f. *A great bitch.*

† Cagne : f. *A bitch.*

† Cagneſque; Parler cagn. *To ſpeak doggerie.*

Cagnole : f. *The ravenous, and ugly dog-fiſh, called (of the faſhion of her head) the Mallet-fiſh.*

Cagnot. *A little dog; and particularly, a kind of little dog-fiſh, that hates men extreamly.* ¶ Langued.

Cagnot blau. *Another of a light blew-colour; otherwiſe much reſembling the former; the blew dog-fiſh.*

Cagot : m. *An hypocrite, or diſſembler; alſo, a white leaper.*

Cagoterie. *Hypocriſie; alſo, white leproſie.*

Cagouille : f. *A deaw-ſnaile.*

Cagoulle : f. *A Monkes hood, or Cowle.* ¶ Norm.

† Caguemaille : m. *A filthy ſnudge, greedy wretch, miſerable ſcrape-good, covetous bilding.*

† Caguerafle : m. *A baſe micher, ſcurvy bagler, lowſie dodger; or a cruell extortioner, greedy catch-good, ravenous oppreſſor.*

Cahin cahau. *as* Qu-'a-hu qu-'a-ha.

Cahier. *as* Cayer. ¶ Rab.

Cahot : m. *The jumpe, hop, or jogge of a coach, &c. in a rugged, or uneven, way.*

† Cahoter. *To jump, jog, or hop, as a coach in uneven way.*

Cahuaille. *A company of Owles; an Owliſh company.* ¶ Rab.

Cahuët. *as* Cahot; *alſo, the backe point, or flap, of a Friers Cowle.*

Cahuette : f. *A little cottage; alſo, as* Luette.

Cahuot. *as* Cahot.

Cahute : f. *A little houſe, cote, or cottage.*

Cahutelle : f. *The ſame; (or a diminutive thereof.)*

Caiche : m. *As the Italian,* Catzo; membre viril. ¶ Rab.

Caignard : m. *A lewie vagabond, lowſie hedge-creeper, ſlothfull ſcowndrell; tottered, or beggarly, rogue.*

Caignarder. *To play the idle rogue; or (like a naſty and ſlothfull beggar) lie, and lowſe himſelfe, under a hedge, or in the Sunne.*

Caignardier : m. *as* Caignard.

Caignardiere : f. *A hedge-whore, lewie queane, lowſie trull, filthy curtall,* Doxie, *Morte.*

Caignart : m. *as* Caignard; *alſo, a naſty, and filthy place, or corner, wherein beggars lye in the Sunne, or lowſe themſelves; the haunt of idle vagabonds; and hence, are ſome bridges about* Paris *(under which ſuch rogues are wont to lurke) ſo called.*

† Caigne : f. *A bitch.*

† Caigne (*an Interjection of wonder*) *tuſh! Gods me! Gogs my wounds! Is it poſſible?*

† Caignon : m. *The chine, or binder part of the necke; (an old word.)*

Caignot. *as* Cagnot; *alſo, a little dog, a fyſting curre.*

† Cailhete : m. *A cockney.*

† Caillat. *as* Caillé.

Caillé : m. *Curds; curded milke, or, the curds of milke.*

Caille : f. *A Quaile; alſo, a round head, &c. as in* Cailles (*next after* Caillet.)

Caille coiffée. *A woman.*

Herbe aux cailles. *Plantaine, waybred.*

Mere des cailles. *A Rake.*

Roy des cailles. *The ſame.*

Chaud comme vne caille. *(Of a very hot complexion) as hot as a Quaile.*

Caillé : m. ée : f. *Curded, curdled; coagulated, congealed, thickned.*

Enfant caillé. *A fat purſie fellow.*

Caillebotes : f. *Curds; the curds of milke.*

Cailleboteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of curds.*

Lieux cailleboteux. *Craggy, ſtony, rocky, or flinty places; places made uneven, or uneaſie, by many ſtones.*

Caillement : m. *A curding, curdling, coagulating, congealing, thickening.*

Cailler. *To curd, or curdle; to coagulate; congeale as, turne into, curds.*

Cailles. *Round beads, wherewith Frenchmen play at* Trou-madame; *and whereof the* Trou-madame *is termed* Paſſe-caille.

Cailleteau : m. *A chack-ſtone, or little flint-ſtone.*

† Caillette : m. *A foole, ninny, noddy, naturall.*

Caillette : f. *A Rammes cod; alſo, the outward skinne of the cods; alſo, a ſmall bead; as in* Cailles; *or the diminutive of* Caille.

Cailloëux. *as* Cailloteux.

Caillon : m. *A dot, clutter, clot, or congealed lumpe of flegme, bloud, &c.*

Cailloroſat : m. *A Lording apple; alſo, a certaine greene, and great peare of a pleaſant taſte.*

Caillotté : m. ée : f. *Curded, curdled; clotted, congealed, thickned, turned.*

Cailloter. *To curd, or curdle; to congeale, thicken, or turne; as milke, &c.*

Cailloteux : m. euſe : f. *Flinty, full of hard, and ſharpe little ſtones.*

Caillou.

Caillou : m. *A flint ſtone.*
Caillouët. *The name of a very ſweet peare.*
Caillouëux : m. euſe : f. *Flinty ; full of ſmall, hard, and ſharpe ſtones.*
Caimand : m. *A beggar ; one that goes a begging, or craves almes, from doore to doore.*
Caimander. *To beg ; or goe a begging, to beg from doore to doore.*
Caimanderie : f. *Extreame poverty, beggarlineſſe, beggarie, the ſtate of a beggar ; the art, action, or uſe, of begging.*
Caimandiſe. *as* Caimanderie.
Caioler. *as* Cageoler.
Cajollerie : f. *A jangling, prating, babling, chattering.*
Caion. *A young, or little hog.* ¶ Lyonnois.
† Caire : f. *The viſage, countenance, looke, aſpect, repreſentation of the face.*
Cairin : m. *A Turkie Carpet ; ſuch a one as is brought from* Caire *in Ægypt.*
† Caiſne : f. *A bitch.*
† Caiſne. *as* Caigne.
Caiſſans. *The ſide-teeth, called, the grinders.* ¶ Langued.
Caiſſe. *as* Caſſe ; *alſo, a drumme ; alſo, the pit, or trench, wherein ſtones gathered off corne-lands are buried. See* Quaiſſe.
Caiſſier : m. *A cheſt-maker ; alſo, a cheſt-keeper, or treaſurer ; whence ;*
Aujourd'huy caiſſier demain caſſé ; Prov. *To day in caſh, to morrow caſſiered.*
Cal : m. *A thicke, and unſenſible skinne, or brawny hardneſſe of skinne, comming on the much-uſed parts of the hands, or feet.*
Le cal de la conſcience. *Hardneſſe of heart, an obdurate ſpirit, a ſeared conſcience.*
Calabace : f. *as* Calebaſſe.
Calage : m. *The caulking of a ſhip ; alſo, Ockam, or the towe, wherewith it is caulked.*
† Calamar : m. *A Penman ; alſo, the Calamarie, or ſleeve-fiſh.*
Calame : m. *A cane, reed ; wheaten, or oaten ſtraw ; pipe, flute, &c. as the Latine* Calamus.
Calame aromat. *The ſweet Arabian reed, or cane, termed,* Calamus odoratus, *or Aromaticall reed.*
Calament : m. *The herbe Calamint.*
Calament aquatic. *Water Calamint ; (hath a larger ſtalke, greater branches, and longer leaves, but leſſe veritue, then the other kindes.)*
Calament d'eau ; ou, de marais. *The ſame.*
Calament de montagne. *Mountaine Calamint, buſh Calamint, hoarie Calamint.*
Calament ſauvage. *Wilde Calamint, corne Calamint, wilde Pennyall, wilde Pollie.*
Calamenthe : f. *as* Calament.
Calaminaire. pierre Calaminaire. *A yellowiſh Minerall, or ſtone, whereby copper is turned into braſſe ; or, as* Calamine.
Calamine : f. *A certaine yellow minerall ſubſtance, which fire conſumes, but melts not ; mixed with copper, it changes it into a fine braſſe, that looks like gold ; alſo, the heavier ſtyle of braſſe, or copper ; which comes of the ſparkles, and ſmoake that ariſe from the furnace, and cleave to the roofe, and upper ſides, of the houſe, wherein it is melted ; alſo, a kind of apple.*
Calamiſtrer. *To friſle, curle, or criſpe the haire,*
Calamite : m. *The Adamant, Lond-ſtone, or Magnes-ſtone ; alſo, a kind of Cadmia, or the ſtuffe that cleaves to the Iron rods wherewith melting copper is ſtirred.*
Calamité : f. *Calamity, miſery, wretchedneſſe, great trouble, much woe ; misfortune, adverſity ; miſchiefe, extreame hurt, or damage.*
Calamite. *Of, or belonging to, reeds ; or kept in reeds ; whence ;*
Storax calamite. *The beſt kind of Storax, brought from* Aleppo, *and kept in canes, or in the leaves of reeds.*
Calamiteuſement. *Wretchedly, miſerably, miſchievouſly, to his great trouble, much woe, extreame hurt.*
Calamiteux : m. *A wretch, poore ſnake, miſerable perſon, moſt unfortunate fellow.*
Calamiteux : m. euſe : f. *Wretched, miſerable, woefull ; miſchievous ; moſt unfortunate, fraught with troubles, full of calamity.*
Calande. *A Wevell, or Mite, among corne.*
Calandre. *as* Calendre.
Calandré : m. ée : f. *as* Calendre.
Calangement : m. *An accuſing, an appeaching ; a challenging for, a charging with, a fault.*
Calanger. *as* Chalanger, *or* Calenger.
Calar. *as* Caler ; *alſo, to bee ſilent, leave talking, deſiſt from babling.* ¶ Gaſcon.
† Calate : f. *A gentle, or eaſie deſcent in ground ; alſo, a peece, or plot of ground ſo deſcending, ſo declining.*
† Calathe : m. *A baſket, pannier, or hamper of oziers ; alſo, a veſſell to bring milk, or cheeſe to market in ; alſo, a cup for ſacrifice.*
Calcante : m. *Vitriol.*
Calcination : f. *A calcination, or calcinating ; a reducing of metalls unto powder by the fire ; a purifying of metalls, or mineralls, by fire.*
Calcinatoire : com. *Calcinatory, calcinating ; or, which calcinateth.*
Calciné : m. ée : f. *Calcinated, burnt to duſt, reduced by fire, unto powder,*
Calcinement : m. *as* Calcination.
Calciner. *To calcinate, burne to duſt, reduce unto powder, by fire, any metall, or minerall.*
† Calcioler. *To beat, or ſtand much on a matter ; to repeat, or urge a thing often, thereby to make it the better underſtood, or remembred.*
Calcite. *as* Chalcite.
† Calcitrer. *To kicke, ſpurne, wince, fling, let flye, yerke out behinde, or with the heeles ; alſo, to be ſtubborne, diſobedient, obſtinate or, obſtinate in diſobedience.*
Calçons : m. *Short, and cloſe linnen breeches, drawers, under ſlops.*
Calcul : m. *A calculation, computation, reckoning ; an account, or caſting of accompts ; alſo, the Stone in the bladder, or (more properly) in the reines.*
Calculateur : m. *A reckoner, calculator, caſter of accounts.*
Calculatoire : com. *Calculatory, calculating.*
Calculement : m. *A calculating, reckoning, accompting.*
Calculer. *To calculate, reckon, accompt ; number, make a computation.*
Calderon. *A kinde of long, and round Whale.*
† Cale : f. *A Bay, or Creeke of the Sea, entring, or eating, into the land ; alſo, a kinde of little cap ; alſo, a little peece of wood put under a log, or peece of timber, thereby to make it lye the better.*
Calebaſſe : f. *A bottle made of an emptied gourd ; or, as* Callabaſſe.
Calemar. *as* Calamer.
Le calemar d'un retrait. *The funnell of a privy.*
Calendes : f. *Calends ; the firſt day of every moneth.*
Calendre : f. *The corne-devouring Mite, or Weevill ; alſo, the Calander, or greateſt kinde of Larke ; in* Paris *the great Thraſh is (erroniouſly) called ſo.*
Calendré : m. ée : f. *Gnawne, or devoured, as corne by Weevills ; alſo, fleeked, ſmoothed over, as linnen cloth, &c.*
† Calendrer. *To fleeke, ſmooth, plane, or poliſh (linnen cloth, &c.)*
Calendreure : f. *A fleeking, ſmoothing ; planing, poliſhing.*
Calendrier : m. *An Almanacke, or Calender.*
Calendrine. pierre calendrine. *A fleek-ſtone.*
Calenge. *A claime, a challenging of, or making title unto ; alſo, a challenge ; alſo, a complaint, accuſation, or urging of an offence againſt ; alſo, an arreſt, or apprehenſion of a man by a Sergeant ; alſo, a ſeiſure of, or complaint againſt, beaſts that are found Damage feſant.*
Calengé : m. ée : f. *Claimed ; challenged ; accuſed, appeached, complained of, charged with an offence, or treſpaſſe ; alſo, arreſted, apprehended ; ſeiſed.*
Calenger. *To claime, challenge, demand, make title unto ; alſo, to challenge ; accuſe, appeach, complaine, charge with, call in queſtion for, an offence, crime, or treſpaſſe ; alſo, to arreſt, apprehend, ſeize, attach.*
Calengié. *as* Calengé. ¶ Wallon.
Calepinages : m. *Dictionaries.*
Calepiner. *To interprete, or tranſlate, exactly, or word by word.*
Calepinerie : f. *A true, juſt, and preciſe interpretation, or tranſlation of every ſingle word.*
Caler. *To looſen, or let downe, a hard, or high-ſtretched thing ; and hence ;*
Caler les voiles. *To ſtrike ſaile ; and (metaphorically) to yeeld, ſubmit, or accommodate himſelfe to the ſeaſon.*
Calesons. *as* Calçons.
Calfactif : m. iue : f. *Heating, or warming ; of property, or power to heate, or to warme.*

Calfat: m. *An officer in a Galley that looks to the caulking thereof.*
Calfater. *as* Calfeutrer.
Calfaterie: f. *The caulking of a ſhip; the ſtopping of the holes and chinkes thereof with Ockam, or Towe; or a ſtopping in of Ockam, or Towe between each board, or planke, on the outſide thereof.*
Calfateur. *as* Calfat; *or, the caulker of a ſhip.*
Calfatin: m. *The ſervant of a Calfat, or caulker of a galley.*
Calfeutrage: m. *The caulking of a ſhip; or as* Calage.
Calfeutré: m. ée: f. *Caulked; whoſe chinkes are ſtopped, or the diſtances of whoſe plankes are filled, with Ockam, or, Towe.*
Calfeutrer. *To caulke a ſhip; to ſtop, or fill the rifts, or chinkes thereof with Ockam; or to ſtop in Ockam, &c. betweene each planke thereof.*
Calfeutreur de Navires. *A caulker of ſhips.*
Calfourchons. à cal. *as,* à cheuauchons, *Aſtraddle, or beſtriding.*
Calfreter. *as* Calfeutrer. ¶ Rab.
Calibiſtris. *The priuy parts, or members.*
Calibre: f. *A quality, ſtate, or degree; or, as* Qualibra.
Calibrer, ſe calibrer. *To equall, compare, ſet himſelfe in the rank of, peiſe himſelfe in balance with; eſteem himſelfe as good, value himſelfe as much, rate himſelfe as high as.*
Calice: m. *A Challice, or drinking cup.*
Le Calice d'une roſe. *The Calix, or cup of a roſe, whereby the yellow part and leaues of the flower are contained, and held in together.*
Calicules. *Little cups, or goblets; alſo, the rough ſhells of Cheſtnuts; alſo, the parings of a Corne, or Kernell; alſo, little skins upon the eye, liuer, or any other tender part of the body.*
Calidité: f. *Heat, warmth, hotneſſe.*
† Caliges: f. *Stockings, or nether-ſtocks; alſo, greaues, leg-harneſſe, or armour for the legs; ſorefold ſtartups, being full of nailes in the bottome; alſo, breeches, or flops, and hence,* Faire caliges, ou caligas. *To bewray his noſe; or to lay ſomewhat in them that ſhould not be there.*
Caligineux: m. euſe: f. *Dim, obſcure, miſty, almoſt darke.*
Caligineuſeté: f. *Obſcurity, dimneſſe, blindneſſe, darkneſſe.*
† Calimini. à cal. *Secretly, cloſely, priuily, in hugger-mugger.*
† Calin: m. *A beggarly rogue, or lazie vagabond, that counterfeits one diſeaſe, or other, in hope that men will pitty him, and giue him ſomewhat.*
Calinaire. *A louer, leyman, or ſweet-heart.* Provenç.
Caliot. *The name of a certaine peare.*
Callabaſſe: f. *A great gourd; alſo, a bottle made thereof.*
Callafater. *as* Calfeuterer. ¶ Rab.
† Calland. *A cuſtomer unto a ſhop.* ¶ Pic.
† Callate: f. *A deſcending, or declining plot; a ſideling, or ſloping peece of ground; the ſide (in the deſcent) of a hill.*
† Calle: f. *A Bay, or Creek of the ſea, &c. as* Cale; *alſo, the hold of a ſhip.*
Callebaſſe: f. *A great gourd; alſo, a bottle made of the emptyed rinde thereof.*
Callebotes. *Cards; or, as* Caillebotes.
Callebouté: m. ée: f. *Curded, or beeſly, as the milk of a woman thats newly deliuered.*
Calle-feutré: m. ée: f. *Caulked, or full rigged. See* Calfeutré.
Caller. *as* Caler; *alſo, to kittle, as a cat.*
Calles. *as* Cal, *or, corns in the feet, or toes.*
Calleux: m. euſe: f. *Hard, or thick-skinned, by much labouring.*
Callibordes: f. *Crutches.*
† Callifourchons. *as* Calfourchons.
Callique: f. *A certaine fiſh, that reſembles a little ſhad; and is taken moſt about* Montpelier.
Calloſité: f. *Calloſity, or a brawny hardneſſe of the skin.*
Calmar. *as* Calamar.
Calme: com. *Calme, ſtill, quiet, peaceable, faire; gentle, unmoued; without ſtorme, without ſurges.*
Calmement. *Calmely, quietly, peaceably, ſtilly, fairely, gently.*
Calmer. *To calme, appeaſe, pacifie, quiet, ſtill.*
Caloches. *as* Galoches; *wooden ſhooes, or pattens.*
Calomniateur. *A calumniator, malicious detractor, crafty, and falſe accuſer.*
Calomnie: f. *A calumnie; falſe accuſation, forged imputation, ſpightfull detraction; malicious inuention, or ſurmiſe deuiſed for the trouble, or diſgrace of another.*
Serment de calomnie. *An Oath taken, ſometimes, in perſonall actions, both by the plaintife that he ſues not, and the defendant that he anſwers not, with any purpoſe to calumniate, or vex his aduerſary; but becauſe hee imagines himſelfe in the right.*
Calomnié: m. ée: f. *Calumniated; accuſed falſely, charged maliciously, appeached wrongfully, reuiled injuriously, unjuſtly reproached, ſlandered, or detracted from.*
Calomnier. *To calumniate; ſlander, detract from; to reproach unjuſtly, accuſe falſely, charge maliciouſly, appeach wrongfully, to impeach the credit, blemiſh the fame, indanger the fortune of another, by forged imputations.*
Calomnieuſement. *Calumniouſly; ſlanderouſly.*
Calomnieux: m. euſe: f. *Calumnious, detracting, reproachfull, ſlanderous; full of malice, falſehood, or forgery in accuſations.*
Caloniere: f. *A pot-gun, made of a quill, or Elder ſticke.*
Caloſité. *as* Calloſité.
Calote. *as* Calotte.
Calotte: f. *The paper, or cloth which women put about their flaxe on the diſtaffe; alſo, a Coife, or halfe Kerchiefe for a woman; alſo, a little light cap, or night-cap, worne under a hat.*
† Calquas, *as* Carquois; *a Quiuer.* (v. m.)
Calſons: m. *Cloſe linnen breetches.*
Calvainier. *as* Calvanier.
Calvaire: m. *The (bare) skull, or skalpe of the head.*
Calvanier: m. *A hynde, or hireling, for the time of harueſt.*
† Calvatré: m. ée: f. *Laid all along (like a lozell, or lubber) on his backe.*
Calvau. pomme de Calvau. *A certaine apple, that hath a blackiſh rinde.*
Caly: m. *A kind of herbe; as* Kali.
Calyce: m. *as* Calice. *A Cup, or Chalice.*
Calycee. *Chalice-like; or made like a Chalice.*
Calyphe: m. *A Caliph; a name or title of Office, and of dignity, in Ægypt; (in old time the Caliphes were Lords of Caire; now they are but ſubiects.)*
Camail: m. *A Hood to couer the head in foule weather; alſo, a ribbon, lace, or ſtring to tie up the haire with; or, ſuch a ribbon as one of our Knights of the Order weares about his necke; alſo, a blacke or purple ornament, (ſomewhat reſembling a Captaines Gorget) worne by a Pontificall Biſhop aboue his Rochet, and reaching as low as the bending of his arme.*
Camamine: f. *The herbe Cameline, or Treacle Muſtard.*
Camar. *as* Camard; *or, borne with a flat noſe.*
Camard. nez Camard. *A flat noſe.*
Camarine: f. *A filthy and ſtinking lake in Sicilie; alſo, a certaine ſtinking herbe, that prouokes vomit.*
Camarre: f. *A Martingale for a horſe; or, as* Camorre.
† Camayeu. *The precious ſtone called a Sardonix; alſo, a brooche.*
† Camayeux antiques. *Medalls; or, old, and auncient Images of Metall, molten, and caſt into the forme of brooches.*
† Cambouy. *as* Camboy.
Camboy: m. *The blacke and oyly greaſe, of a wrought cart-wheele; ſome call it, the Gome.*
Cambray, ou, Toile de Cambray. *Cambricke.*
Cambre: com. *Crooked, boughty, bowed, cimbrell-like, vaulted, arched, bent or built arch-wiſe.*
Cambré: m. ée: f. *The ſame.*
Souliers cambrez. *Shooes which haue hollow, raiſed, or Polonian, heeles.*
Cambrer. *To bow, crook, bend, vault, arch, or build arch-wiſe.*
Cambreure: f. *A bought, vault, arch; or, as* Cambrure.
Cambrure: f. *A bowing, crooking, or bending; a vaulting, or building arch-wiſe; or as* Cambreure.
† Cameau. *as* Chameau; *a Cammell.*
Cameleon: m. *A Camelion; a beaſt, which (as many thinke) feeds on nought but the aire.*
Camelin. aller le camelin. *To pace like a Cammell; the right, and left foot behinde following the left, and right before.*
Camelin, ſauce cameline. *A certain daintie Italian ſauce.*
Cameline: f. *The herbe Cameline, or Treacle Muſtard.*
Camelot: m. *Chamlet, alſo,* Liſle Grogram.
Camelot à ondes. *Water Chamlet.*
Camelot plenier. *Vnwater Chamlet.*
Cameloté: m. ée: f. *Of Chamlet; waued like water Chamlet.*
Se Cameloter. *To grow rugged, or full of wrinckles; to become waued, like Chamlet.*
Camemine: f. *The herb Cameline, or Treacle Muſtard.*
Camerade: f. *A Camerade, or chamberfull;*

a company that belongs to, or is ever lodged in, one chamber, tent, cabin.
Cameraire: m. A chamberlaine; a groome of the chamber.
Cameriſte: m. A Comerade; or, chamber-fellow.
Cameſſine: f. A kind of Peare.
Camiere: f. (The name of) a certaine ſweet Apple.
Camille. A Meſſenger (in the Hetrurian tongue.) ¶ Rab.
Camin. as Chemin. ¶ Pic.
Caminée. as Cheminée. ¶ Pie.
Camion: m. The ſmall, and ſhort Pinne wherewith women pin in their ruffes, &c. alſo, a kind of little cart uſed by the vinegar-makers of Paris; alſo, a ſmall Muſe-role for a horſe.
Camiſade: f. A camiſado, canvas, or cold Pie, a ſuddaine aſſaulting, or ſurpriſall of the enemy (ſo tearmed, becauſe the ſouldiers that execute it, moſt commonly weare ſhirts over their armours, or take their enemies in their ſhirts;) alſo, the thin filme, or skin, which inwraps a child in the bed, or after-birth.
Camiſole: f. A waſtcote (for a man;) alſo, a certaine robe, or garment of linnen, worne by the French kings at their coronations.
Camomille: f. The herb Camamell, or Camomill.
Camomille blanche. white ſweet Camomill, or garden Camomill.
Camomille à fleur purpurée. Red Camomill, red Maithe, Roſearubie, Adonis red flower.
Camomille jaulne. Yellow ſweet Camomill; alſo, yellow Mayweed, or, golden Cotula.
Camomille ſaffranée. Golden corne-flower, yellow corne-flower; the wild, or corne Marigold.
Camomille ſauvage. Wild Camomill, Mayweed, ſtinking Maithes; ſome alſo call ſo, the herbe Horehound.
Camomille vulgaire. The common, or wild Camomill; like unto, but nothing ſo ſweet as, garden Camomill.
Camorre: f. A ſharp, and double-edged Caveſſon of yron, for an unruly horſes noſe.
Camote: f. the name of an Indian root, which roſted, is very good meat.
† Camouard: m. An ougly flat-noſed fellow.
Camouffiet: m. A ſnuff, or cold Pye; a ſmoaky paper held under the noſe of a ſlug, or ſleeper.
Camp: m. A Campe; an Hoaſt, or Army lodged; a Field.
Camparreſté. A fortified, ſetled, or ſtanding campe, abiding ſtill in one place, whether it be to keep the field, or to beſiege a fort.
Camp clos. Looke Champ.
Camp ouvert. A plaine or open place, wherein a battle or combate hath been, or may be, fought.
Camp volant. An armie of light horſe, or light armed footmen, kept for, and imployed in rades.
Le camp luy eſt demeuré. He hath gotten the victory; the field is his.
Campagne: f. A plaine field, large plaine, wide and levell peece of ground.
† Campaignard: m. arde: f. Fieldy; keeping, or living in; of, or belonging to, the fields.
Campaigne: f. A plaine field, &c. as Campagne.
† Campal: m. ale: f. Campall; of, in, or belonging to, a campe, or field.
Campane: f. A bell; alſo, the herb Elycampane; alſo, a Limbecke, or Stillatory; or the upper part thereof, which reſembles a Bell.
Mettre la campane au chat. To make a jarre, to ſet at odds, to begin a quarrell, to bring together by the eares.
Campanel: m. A Campanell, or Bell-faſhioned rowle in the mouth of a bit; alſo, a Bell bit.
Campanelle: f. as Campanel; alſo, a little tinging bell.
Campanelle à cul de baſſin. A Campanell, made compaſſe like the breech of a cannon, or outſide of the bottome of a baſon.
Campanelle à cul plat. A Campanell, whoſe broad end is made flat, and plaine.
Campanette: f. Withiewind; Bindweed, hedge-bels; alſo, the Peach-bell, or, Steeple-bell flower; alſo, the white Daffadill, or Narciſſus.
Campanettes blanches. white Peach-bels, or ſteeple-bell flowers; alſo, great ſmooth Bindweed, or Hedge-bels.
Campanotte jaulne de Bourgongne. The yellow Daffadill.
Campart. as Champart.
† Campeger. To incampe, or pitch a campe; alſo, to reſide, or dwell in the fields.
Campet. To campe, to incampe, to pitch a campe.
Camphre: m. The gumme tearmed, Camphire.
Camphre artificiel. Artificiall Camphire, is ſuch, as hath been refined, and whitened in the Sun, or by fire.
Camphre en roſe. Naturall Camphire, is ſuch, as hath not been touched by fire.
L'odeur de camphre chaſtre l'homme; Prov. (Such power hath that ſimple, divers waies, to make a man chaſt.)
Camphré: m. ée: f. Camphired; made of, or mingled with, Camphire; and hence;
Eau camphrée. Camphire water.
Camphrer. To make of Camphire; to dreſſe, mingle, or annoint with, Camphire.
† Campiger. as Campeger.
Campole. The name of a certain white grape, which hath very white kernels.
Campoles: f. The Tendrels, or twyning ſprigs, of plants.
Campos. The leave to play, or a vacation time, for ſchollars.
Il a prins campos. He hath betaken him to the wide, and broad fields; or, he is ſtutly run away.
Camus: m. camuſe: f. Flat-noſed.
Il fut rendu bien camus. He was very much aſhamed, extreamely out of countenance, exceedingly put downe; whence;
Des harangueurs bien camus. Blanked, gravelled, or driven to a non-plus.
Camuſer. To flatten, or quaſh downe, the noſe; to breake the bridge of the noſe; to make flat-noſed.
Camuſerie: f. The being flat-noſed.
Camuſet: m. ette: f. Somewhat flat noſed.
Cammuſette: f. A little flat-noſed Elfe.
† Canabaſſement: m. A canvaſſing; or, a curious examination, ſearching, or ſifting out, of matters.
† Canabaſſer. To canvas; or curiouſly to examine, ſearch, or ſift out, the depth of a matter.
† Canabaſſerie: f. as Canabaſſement.
Canabel: m. A kind of earth (like unto the ſmaleſt ſand) which (as Arabians report) falls with raine from the skie.
Canadelle: f. The ſmalleſt of rocke-fiſhes, beautified with ſpots of ſundry colours, and very good meat.
Canaille: f. Dogs; a kennell, or company of dogs, a knot of curres; alſo, a baſe crue, roguiſh troupe, raſcall company of ſcoundrels; the dregs, or offals, of the people; perſons of no worth, value, nor vertue.
Canal: m. A channell, kennell, furrow, gutter; alſo, a conduit pipe.
Le canal de la bouche d'un cheval. The hollow part wherein his tongue lies.
Le canal de colomnes. A hollow creviſe, or ſtrake, graven in pillars; a chamfring, or channell, in pillars.
Canaliere: f. A delicate Italian peare that's ripe in the beginning of Iune.
Canard: m. A drake.
Pied de canard. The herbe Gooſefoot, or wild Orache.
Vendeur de canards à moitié. A couſener, guller, cogger, foiſter, lyer.
Canarin: m. A canarie bird.
Canart. as Canard.
Grace de S. Canart; Prov. A gift of that which the giver cannot keep.
Cancame: m. as Lacque; An Armenian gumme uſed by Dyers.
† Cancelareſque: com. Chancery-like; of, or belonging to, the Chancery.
† Cancelation: f. A cancellation, or cancelling; a defacing, effacing, razing, blotting, or croſſing out of (a thing written;) alſo, a forgetting.
Cancelé: m. ée: f. Cancelled, razed; effaced, croſſed, or blotted out.
Canceler. To cancell, croſſe, raze; deface, efface, blot or put out.
† Cancelle: m. as Branchue.
Canceller. as Canceler.
Cancre: m. A crab-fiſh; alſo, the ſigne in the Zodiacke, tearmed Cancer; alſo, a canker; or, a hard, and uneven ſwelling, of an ugly, blackiſh, or blewiſh colour; alſo, an ancient engine of battery, whoſe ſtrong and yron head was made like a crab.
Cancre de Barbarie. The greateſt kind of crab, round, and very rough-ſhelld, ſhort legd, ſlow a land, very ſwift in the water; and by old authors tearmed Maia, or Maia.
Cancre ſquinade. Look Squinade.
Cancre! (an Interjection of denying, or forbidding) fie; warre that; what a pox meane you; &c.
† Candelabre: m. A candleſticke.
Candelette. A Suppoſitary. ¶ Langued.
Candeur: f. A bright, or ſhining whitenеſſe; alſo, courteſie, gentleneſſe, integrity, ſincerity, faire dealing, uprightneſſe.
† Candidat. A flatterer, ſoother, ſmoother; one that ever makes it faire weather.
Candide: com. white, faire; bright, orient; alſo, proſperous, happy, fortunate; alſo, gentile, courteous, faire conditioned; alſo, upright, ſincere, innocent.
Candidement. whitely, fairely, in white; favourably,

favourably, gently, mildly, faithfully, uprightly, sincerely, without fraud, malice, or envy.

Se Candir. *To candie, or grow candied, as sugar after boyling.*

Canet: s. *A ducke*; also, *a measure for cloth, being a yard, or thereabouts*; also, *a can, or such like measure for wine*; also, *a measure of five foot and tenn inches, for land.*

Cane de bois à bruster. *A certain quantity of, or fewmelling for, firewood.*

Cane d'une campane. *The lowest part of a bell, wherein commonly there is a wreath, border, or line made.*

Cane d'Inde. *Is bigger then our ordinary ducks, and differs from it in colour, and figure (the drake somewhat resembling a Turky-cock, especially in the head) as also from all other fowle, in being dumbe.*

Cane de mer. *A sea-fowle that resembles a young, or small goose; and having a white ring about her necke, is also tearmed,* Cane ou colier blanc.

La petite cane. *The wild ducke, lesse then the tame one.*

Bec de cane. *See* Bec; *also, a little instrument used in grafting en escusson.*

Estonner comme canes. *Skreid like a company of ducks.*

Faire la cane. *To ducke, like a coward, when a blow is comming; to play least in sight when blowes are a dealing; to hide, or absent himselfe, from a bickering, or battell, wherein he is much interessed.*

Canebasse: s. Calebasse; *a bottle made of a gourd.*

Canelé: m. ée: f. *Channelled, fluted, furrowed, straked.*

Canelet. *To flute, strake, furrow, channell; to cut hollow rewes, or gutters into (stone, or timber.)*

† Canelеures: f. *A fluting, channelling, straking, furrowing, gutter-worke (in stone, or timber.)*

Canelière: f. *A reed-plot; a ground that's full, or set full, of reeds.*

Canelle: f. *(Our modern cinnell, or cinnamon. (Look* Cinnamome*) also, the faucet, or quill of a wine vessell; also, the cocke, or spout of a conduit.*

Canellé: m. lée: f. *Of Cinnamon, of a Cinnamon colour; also, made of, or seasoned with Cinnamon.*

Canelline: f. *A little cannell pipe, or hollow rod.*

Canelure: f. *A channelling, or furrowing in stone, or in timber; a fluting.*

Canepetiere: f. *A certain dainty land-fowl, that resembles a Bustard, or the Partridge called* Arbepne; *onely she is not so big as that, nor rough-footed as this.*

Il fait de la canepetiere. *He (cowardly) hides himselfe in every hole; or ducks at the appearance of every danger.*

Canepin: m. *The thin inner rind of the bark of the Linden, and th' outward of the coat of a Birch, tree, written on in old time in stead of paper; also, th' outward thin, and white pilling, of a dressed sheeps skin.*

Canepineuse. *The barke, or inner part of a sugar cane.*

Caner. *To squirt.*

Canet. *A young duck; or, a wild duck.*

Caneter. *To waddle, or goe, like a ducke; also, to breed young ducks.*

Canetier: m. ere: f. *Of a ducke, like a ducke; catching ducks; feeding, or preying, on ducks.*

Canetille: f. *(Gold, or silver) Purle; also, a small purle of needle-worke; or, a small edging (lone) lace; also, a freckle, or the freckledneſſe of a face.*

Canetillé: m. ée: f. *Set, wrought, or inriched, with purle; also, edged with a small (needle-worke) purle, or bone lace; also, freckled.*

Canetон: m. *A duckling; young ducke, or drake.*

Canette: f. *A little ducke, young ducke, wild ducke; also, a little can, or cruse; also, the quill of a spinning wheele.*

Canetre d'eſtang. *A kind of small wild duck, that haunts meares, and great standing waters.*

Canevas; ou, Canevert: m. *Canvas.*

Canjar. *as* Caniard.

Caniard: m. *A Sea-crab, or Sea-gull.*

Canichon. *A little ducke, or drake; a dunbling.*

Caniculaires: (les jours ca.) *The dog-dayes.*

Canidé. *A certaine bird, whose backe and taile is blew, neck and belly yellow.*

Canif: m. *A pen-knife.*

Canin: m. ine: f. *Dogged, doggy, of dogs, dog-like.*

Convulsion canine. *The crampe of the mouth; or, a forced, and painfull crying of the mouth.*

Dents canines. *A mans tushes; or, the teeth wherewith he breaks his meat.*

Rose canine. *A wild Rose. Look* Rose.

† Caniſſe: f. *A little table, or burdle, of reeds, whereon fruits are dried, or silke-wormes feed.*

Canivet: m. *A pen-knife.*

Cannamelle: f. *The sweet cane, or sugar cane.*

Canne: f. *A reed, or cane; also, an Hebrew measure of nine foot; (the ordinary one; sur, Canne du Sanctuaire, was tenne) also, a kinde of long Pipe used in distillings.*

Spodon de canne. *Look* Spodon.

Canneau du col: m. *The nape of the neck.*

Cannelle. *as* Canelle.

Canne petiere. *See* Cane petiere.

Cannetille. *as* Canetille.

Canniſſe: f. *A cage, or basket, of reeds.*

Canniſſe: f. *as* Caniſſe.

Cannoniquement. *See* Canoniquement.

Cannule: f. *A little cane, reed, pipe, or hollow straw, through which one may suck, blow, or convey, any moisture, smoake, powder, &c.*

Cannule parfumatoire. *as* Canon parfumatoire.

Cannulé. *Hollowed like a reed, or, cane; or, as* Canelé.

Canolle: f. *A baukes Navell; one of the little holes whereat she drawes in, and lets out, her breath.*

Canon: m. *A Law; a Rule, Decree, Ordinance, Canon of the Law; also, a publique, and authenticall Rowle, or Catalogue; also, the Gunne tearmed, a Cannon; also, the barrell of any Gun; and (more generally) any instrument, or thing, that is long, and hollow, as the barrell of a Gun; also, the sound-board of an Organ; also, a Grasse; (Seek,* Enter en Canon;*) also, a Canon-bit for a horse; also, a little Duck, or Drake.*

Canon de Caſſe. *The cod, or pipe of Cassia fistula.*

Canons de Chauſſes. *Canyons.*

Canon parfumatoire. *A long funnell (strait, or crooked, as the parts for which it is to be used) wherewith Surgeons perfume, bathe, or moisten the Navels, rectum, fundament, &c.*

Canon peviere. *A Canon Pevier, or Perrier; a great murthering-Piece of a wide bore, and thin barrell, charged (most commonly) with a stone.*

Canon de ſuis. *A Kex, or Elder stick; also, a Penon made thereof.*

Bailler le canon. *To deceive, gull, cousen.*

Canonicat: m. *A Canonship, or Canons place, in a Cathedrall Church.*

Canonique: com. *Canonicall, authenticall; orderly, according unto rules; also, received, or put into the Roll, Catalogue, or List of.*

Canoniquement. *Canonically, authentically; also, orderly, in due forme, true season, right manner.*

Canoniſte: m. *A Canonist; a Professor of, or Pleadier in, the Canon Law.*

Canonization: f. *A canonization, or canonizing.*

Canonizé: m. ée: f. *Canonized, made holy, or a Saint; received, or put into the catalogue of Saints; also, made Canonicall.*

Canonizer. *To canonize; to make holy, or a Saint; to receive, or put into the catalogue of Saints.*

Canonner. *To shoot at, or beat, with a Canon; also, as* Enter en Canon.

Canonnier: m. *A Canonier, or maister Gunner.*

Canonniere: f. *A loop-hole, or port-hole, for a Piece of Ordnance; also, a Petgun.*

† Canore: com. *Shrill, ringing; harmonious, melodious, of a pleasant, or pleasing sound.*

Canteau. *as* Chanteau. *Look* Pic.

Canthare. *A certain duckie, and muddy sea-fish, that never changes her mate; also, a great Jugge, or Tankard.*

Cantharide: f. *The venomous green flye Cantharides; (which breeds in the tops of the Ash, and Olive, trees.)*

Cantharidiſe: f. *A confection of Cantharides.*

Canthenot: m. *A certain tawny, and unsavory, sea-fish.* ¶ Langued.

† Canthon. *as* Canon.

† Canthonniere. *as* Canonniere.

Canton: m. *A corner, or crosse way, in a street; also, a Canton, or Hundred; a Precinct, or circuit of Territory, wherein there be divers good townes, and villages; (This word is proper to* Helvetia, *or* Switzer-land; *which, at this day, consists of thirteen such cantons.)*

Cantonné: m. ée: f. *Cantonned, or cantonnized, severed from the rest of their fellows, and fortified, or quartered apart.*

Se Cantonner. *To canton, or cantonnize, it; to sever themselves from the rest of their fellows, or from the body of a State, and fortifie, quarter, or erect a new State, apart.*

† Cantonniere: f. *A Dexie, common barkery, bedge whore; one that will lie downe under any stall, or in any corner of a street.*

Canule: f. *A little cane, reed, or pipe. See* Cannule.

Canus. a kinde of ſtrong toothed, and pearch-like ſea-fiſh, purple on the backe, and on all other parts of a colour, betweene red and yellow; liues altogether among rocks, and ſtones; and is very good meat.

Cap: m. *A Promontory, Cape, hill, or mock of land ſtretched into the ſea; a head of land lying out into the ſea; alſo, the head, or nipple of a ripe Impoſthume.*

Cap d'Eſcadre, ou d'Eſcouade. *A Corporall.*

Cap de mouton. (*In ſhip-ing*) *a certaine flat piece of wood bound full of holes, and ſerving to ſtiffen, or ſtretch out, the main ſheat; we call it, the Rabbet-block.*

Bouter, ou faire cap à l'amer. *To put backe into the maine, for fear of running upon ſhallowes, or comming to neere the ſhore.*

Capable: com. *Capable, ſufficient; large, big, wide; apt to receive, or take into it; able to hold, or containe within it; alſo, of good capacity, apprehenſion, vnderſtanding.*

Capacité: f. *Capableneſſe, largeneſſe, receivableneſſe within, capacity, wit, vnderſtanding; ſufficiency.*

Caparaſon: m. *A Capariſon.*

Caparaſonné: m. ée: f. *Capariſoned, furniſhed with, prouided of, attired in, a Capariſon.*

Caparaſonner. *To capariſon; to furniſh with, prouide of, dreſſe or attire in, or put on, a capariſon.*

Caparis: m. *The Caper-tree, or ſhrub.*

Capdaſtre. *A Subſidy-book; a Regiſter of taxes, or of tributes; or, as* Cadaſtre. ¶ Langued.

Cap-deſcadre: m. *A Corporall.*

† Capdeuil: m. *A gentlemans chiefe houſe; falling (almoſt every where) vnto the ſhare of the eldeſt heire.*

Cape: f. *A Mariners gowne; or, a ſhort, and ſleeveleſſe cloake, or garment, that hath, inſtead of a cape, a capuche, behinde it; alſo, a hood, or large, and ſquare piece of water Chamlet, &c. wherewith women preſerue their heads from wind and raine.* See Cappe.

Cape de Bearn. *A ſhort, and ſleeveleſſe gown of courſe white cloth, vſually worn by the poore inhabitants of that Countrey.*

Capeau: m. (*In ſome of the outward parts of* France) *as* Chapeau; *and hence;*

Capeau carnu, ou charnu. *The ſea-Nettle; called ſo about* Marſeillis.

† Capéer. *as* Cappéer.

Capel: m. *A little hat; or as* Chapeau. ¶ Norm.

Capelan: m. *A Chapleine; or, the poore Curate of a Chappell; alſo, the Codfiſh, or, a kind thereof.*

Capelettes: f. *The heads of Cloues.*

Capelin: m. *as* Capeline.

Capeline: f. *A little flat, round, and narrow-brimm'd hat, vſually worn by ſhepheards, meſſengers, footmen, &c. In old time ſouldiers wore iron ſculs of that faſhion, and name, which bred the Phraſe;* Il eſt homme de capeline. *He is a man of action, full of courage, fit for an enterpriſe; he is a worthy, or gallant fellow.*

Capellan. *as* Capelan.

Capeluchon. *as* Coqueluchon.

Capendu. pomme de cap. *A certaine apple which is leſſe, and more delicious, then the Pepin.*

Caperaſſon: m. *A Capariſon.*

† Capeſolde. *as* Capeſoulde.

Capeſoulde: m. *A Gentleman of a company; or one that hath extraordinary Leadings; alſo, extraordinary Lendings, or entertainment.*

Capettes: m. *The poore Schollers of Montagu Colledge in Paris.*

Caphard, &, Capharder. *See* Cafard, & Cafarder.

Caphatde: f. *An hypocriticall mumb.*

Capharderie. *as* Cafardie; *Hypocriſie.*

Capheran: m. *A kinde of courſe, or groſſe, Taffata; alſo, a long caſſack of the ſame.*

† Capietrement. *Purily, ſlofely, inuiſibly, ſecretly, by ſtealth.*

Capifou. *A play which is not much vnlike our Harry-racket, or Hidman-blind.*

Capilaire: com. *Hairy, full of haire, belonging to haire.*

Capilament: m. *A haire; little ſtraw, or ſtem in a ſtone, &c.*

Capillaire: f. *The herbe Venus haire, Maydenhaire, or, our Ladies haire.*

Capillaire. *as* Capilaire.

Capiroade: f. *A Capirotade; or, ſtued meat, compounded of veale, capon, chicken, or Patridge, minced, ſpiced, and layed vpon ſeuerall beds of Cheeſe.*

Capiſtre: m. *Schoolemaſter, Regents, of Schooles.* ¶ Gaſc.

Capitaine: m. *A Captaine, Leader, or commander of a company of ſouldiers; or of a ſhip of warre; alſo, a Ring-leader.*

Capitaines du charroy de l'Artillerie. *Twenty; (choſen out of the frontier Prouinces, or as neer them as may be) who are to prouide, vpon occaſion of ſeruice, foure thouſand ſtraight horſes, a thouſand carters, and five hundred carts, or chariots, each in a like proportion: The yearly entertainment of euery one of them is two hundred pounds Tour. which hee hath (as well in peaceable times as in warlike) payed him by the receiver of the Tailles of the Election wherein hee reſides: In time of ſeruice hee hath alſo fifty ſhillings* Tour. *a day, for himſelfe, and twenty ſhillings for his deputy, towards the defraying of euery cart prouided by him; and theſe from the Threſorier des frais extraordinaires de l'Artillerie.*

Capitaine de la Porte. *The Gentlemans Porter, Groom-porter, or chiefe Porter, of the Kings houſhold.*

Capitaine du Roy, ou du Royaulme. *A title of dignity beſtowed onely vpon Princes; as Dukes, Marqueſſes, Earles.*

Le grand capitaine des gens de pied. *See* Colonel general de l'Infanterie Françoiſe.

Capitainerie: f. *A Captainſhip; the Authority, Office, or Place, of a Captaine.*

Capitaineſſe. *An Admirall Galley, or Ship.*

Capital: m. *Wealth, worth; a ſtocke, a mans principall, or chiefe, ſubſtance; alſo, a captaine, or commander.*

En argent ſoit le capital de celuy là qui ne veut mal; Prov. *Let money be thy enemies whole ſtocke; Look* Argent.

Capital: m. ale: f. *Chiefe; capitall; mortall, moſt hainous, deadly, death-meriting; worthy of diſgrace, or of great puniſhment.*

Lettres capitales. *Text letters, great letters.*

Capitalité: f. *Capitalneſſe; or, a capitall fact, or offence.*

Capitation: f. *Head-ſilver, Pole-money; a ſubſidie, tax, or tribute, payed by the Pole.*

Capitau: m. *A Captain, or Commander.* (Y. m.)

Capitaux. *are numbred, in the 73 Article of the Cuſtomes of Bourdeaux, among Earls, Viconts, and Barons.*

Capite. *A cabbin in a ſhip.*

Capitelum. *A ſtrong compounded Lie, whereof cauters, and other violent corroſiues are made.*

Eau de capitel. *A ſtrong corroſiue made of that Lye.*

Capiton: m. *Capitas; courſe ſleeue (ſilke.)*

Se Caphonner de. *To couer his head with.*

Capitoula: m. *Are (in Tholouſe) twelue principall magiſtrats; whereof the firſt is to be a Gentleman (of that Prouince) the reſt Lawyers, and ſubſtantiall Marchants.*

Capitoula d'Orleans. *The Shiriffes of Orleans, or, as, les Eſcheuins.*

Capitulaire: m. *A capitular decree, a capitall Ordinance.*

Capitulaire: com. *Capitular; of, or belonging to, a Chapter; alſo, capitall.*

Aſſemblée capitulaire. *A Chapter held, by the officers of a cathedrall church.*

Capitulairement. *Capitally; alſo, in Chapter, or, with full conſent of the Chapter.*

Capitulant: m. ante: f. *Having a voice in Counſels, Aſſemblies, Conuocations, Chapters; alſo, capitulating.*

Capitulation: f. *A capitulation; an article of agreement.*

Capitulé: m. ée: f. *Capitulated; agreed vpon, diſtinguiſhed by articles, or chapters.*

Capituler. *To capitulate; agree vpon articles; to diſtinguiſh by articles, or chapters.*

Capituleur: m. *A capitulator.*

Capnomantie: f. *Diuination by ſmoake riſing from an Altar, wherein Incenſe, or Poppy ſeed, is burned.*

Capolie: f. *A certaine Indian fruit much like a cherrie.*

Caporal: m. *The corporall of a band of ſouldiers.*

Capot: m. *A white Leaper; alſo, as* Cappor.

Cappe: f. *A ſhort cloake, or looſe, and ſleeveleſſe garment, which hath in ſtead of a cape, a capuche behind it; alſo, a kinde of long, and Muſkle-like, ſhell-fiſh; alſo, the name of a ſmall, round, and ruddy apple.* See Cape.

Cappe à femme. *A large hood of water-chamlet, &c. worn by citizens wiues, &c. in foule weather.*

Singler à la Cappe. *as* Cappéer.

Cappé: m. ée: f. *Hooded; or that hath a ſhort, and capuched, cloake on.*

Pigeons cappez. *Ruffed Pigeons; the top of whoſe neckes is enuironned with a ruffe, or border, of feathers.*

Cappéer. *A ſhip to lye a-try; alſo, to go very neer the wind.*

Cappet. noirs cappets. *Look* Chapeaux noirs.

Cappette:

Cappette : f. *A little hood, or cloake; vsuing a capuche in ſtead of a cape.*

Cappiettement. *for* Capiettement. *¶* Rab.

Cappot : m. *A country cloake, or course, and ſcanty cloake; alſo, as* Capot.

Cappres. *des cap. The fruit Capers.*

Cappres de Alexandrie. *Egyptian Capers; the beſt Capers; brought from Alexandria.*

Capprier: m. *A plot ſet with Caper ſhrubs; or, as* Capricr.

Capres : f. *(the fruit) Capers.*

Caprice : m. *A humor, a fantaſie, a giddy thought, a fantaſticall conceite, a fooliſhne will, deſire, or purpoſe to do a thing, (no matter how) but (apparently) reaſon.*

Capricieux : m. euſe : f. *Capricious, humorous, fantaſticall, conceited, giddy headed.*

Capricorne : m. *Capricorne; one of the twelve Signes, (containing twentie ſtarres.)*

Capries : m. *A caper ſhrub; or, Caper plant.*

Capriere : f. *A caper plot, bed, or ground.*

Caprifice : m. *A wilde Fig-tree.*

† Caprimulge : m. *A Goat-milker; an vnduckie, and Owle reſembling Night-bird, that ſucks Goats, and meriſles their uddders.*

Caprin, le caprin. *Goatiſh, the nature, of Goats; alſo, Goats-fleſh.*

Caprin : m. ine : f. *Goatiſh, of a Goat; like a Goat.*

Capriole : f. *A caper in dancing; alſo, the* Capriole, *ſault, or Goats ſault (done by a horſe;) alſo, the herbe Maſtic-groſſe, or Deus-groſſe; alſo, a Piece de Cornette.*

Capriole : m. *A caper in dancing.*

Caprioter. *To caper, to cut a caper.*

† Capſe : f. *A coffer, cheſt, box; caſe.*

† Capſelin : m. *A little coffer, or cheſt; a caſket, or box.*

Capſoos : m. *The rights, and royalties belonging to the Lord of a place. ¶* Bearnois.

† Capſule : f. *A little cheſt, or coffer; a caſket, box, or caſſet.*

† La capſule du cœur. *The skinne* Pericardium; *wherein the heart lies; and hence;*

Le cœur me tremble dans ſa capſule. *I am afraid at the very heart.*

Capcieuſement. m. *Curiouſly, ciuillingly; ouer-curiouſly; alſo, craftily, deceitfully, cautelouſly.*

Capcieux : m. euſe : f. *Captious, ciuilling, too curious; alſo, deceitfull, crafty, fraudulent, cautelous.*

Captif : m. iue : f. *Captive; taken in, impriſoned by, warre; alſo, ſeruile, ſubiect, that hath loſt his liberty.*

Captiuer. *To captiuate, take in, impriſon by, warre; alſo, to reſtraine of liberty, bring into ſeruitude, make a ſlaue of.*

Captivité : f. *Captivity, thraldome; impriſonment; loſſe of liberty.*

Capture : f. *A capture, or taking; an arreſt, or ſeiſure; an arreſting, or ſeiſing; alſo, a booty, or prey; alſo, little or ſmall gaine.*

Capuchon : m. *A Capuche; a Monks Cowle, or Hood; alſo, the head of a cloake; alſo, one of the ſix muſcles whereby the ſhoulder-blades are moued.*

Capucin : m. *A Capucine Frier (of S. Frances Order) weares neither ſhirt, nor breeches.*

Capucinage : m. *The profeſſion, Order, Eſtate, or life of a Capucine.*

Capulaire : m. *A coffin for a corſe.*

Capulons : m. *Munkes; or, Capuine Fryers.*

Caque : m. *A Cag; or, the fourth part of a Muid; (a barrell, or veſſell, wherein ſault-meats, pitch, roſen, &c. are vſually carried, or kept.)*

† Caquedue : m. *A niggard, nicher, miſer, ſcrape-good, pinch-penny, penny-father; a couetous, and greedy wretch.*

Caquerel. *A ſprat, or pickled herring; or, as* Cagarel.

Caquerolles : f. *The ſhells of Snailes, Periwinckles, and ſuch like. ¶* Rab.

Caquerollerie : f. *A ſhort fall of little ſhrub. ¶* Rab.

† Caquerotier : m. *A catcher, eater, or gnwer, of ſhell-fiſh.*

† Caquetangue : f. *Peeuiſhneſs, flix.*

Caqueter : m. *Prating, tatling, babling, little tattle, much talking.*

Caquetard : m. *A prattler, babler, tattler, long-tongue.*

Caquetté. *Tatled, prattled, babled, chattered.*

Caqueter. *To tattle, bable, pratle, chatter, prate, vſe many words.*

Caquetereau : m. *A pratle-basket; a tatling lack.*

Caqueteur. *as* Caquetard.

Caquetteuſe : f. *A willing huſwife.*

Caquettiere : f. *The ſame.*

Caquetoire : m. *A place wherein women meet, and prattle together; as a mill, an oven, a goſſips feaſt, &c.; alſo, the ſeat wherein they vſed to ſit at ſuch a meeting.*

Caquetrement : m. *A tatling, cackling, babling, pratling.*

Caquoue : f. *The herbe Horſe-taile, Shaue-graſſe, Pewter-wort.*

Caquots : m. *White Lettices, infected inwardly; (for their faces are very cleare, and faire.)*

Car : m. *A carre, cart, or waine. ¶* Picard.

Car. *For, becauſe; (alſo) inſomuch as, conſidering that, ſeeing it is as it is.*

Carabaſſe : f. *as* Callabaſſe; *a Gourd; or a bottle made thereof; (alſo, a Grit, Grampell, Pungar-fiſh. ¶* Marſeillois.)

Carabaſſé : m. ée : f. *Much vſed, or carried up and downe, as a Gourd-bottle is.*

Carabe : f. *A Caruale, or little round skiffe, made of Oziet twigs woven together, and couered with raw hides; alſo, yellow Amber.*

Carabin : m. *A carbine, or carbene; an Arquebuzier armed with a murrian, and breaſt-plate, and ſerving on horſebacke.*

Carabinage : m. *An aſſault made, or action performed, by carabines.*

Carabiner. *To ſhoot, hit, or knocke, with a Petronell, or horſemans peece.*

Caracol : m. *A Snaile; (whence,)*

Faire le caracol, *(Souldiers) to caſt themſelues into a Round, or Ring.*

Caractere : m. *A caracter; letter, figure, or forme of writing; alſo, a mark, token, ſigne, ſeale, impreſſion, or print in a thing.*

Caracteré : m. ée : f. *Caracterred, or caracteriſed; imprinted, ſtamped with a (peculiar) marke, figure, letter.*

Caracteres. *To caracter, or caracterize; to make, or print caracters, letters, figures; alſo, to imprint, ſtampe, ſet, fix a mark or ſigne on.*

Caraſſe : f. *A certain ſumme of money, payed as a paſſage Tole, or duty, vnto the Arabian boot-haylers, by ſuch as trauell, without a ſtrong Carauan, towards the Holy land, &c.*

Caramor : m. *A Prawne; or, as;*

Caramore : f. *The greateſt kinde of Prawne; ſomewhat reſembling, and little leſſe then, our Crewice. ¶* Marſeillois.

† Carance : f. *want, or lack of.*

Carance de biens. *A note, or inſtrument, all (vnder diuers hands) ſignifying, that ſuch a one hath no goods nor chattells in ſuch a place.*

Caraque. *See* Carraque.

† Caraſſe : f. *A huge, or great face.*

Carat : m. *A Carrat; among Goldſmiths, and Mint-men, is the three part of an ounce; among Jewellers, or Stone-cutters, but the 19 part; for eight of them make but one ſterlin, and a ſterlin is the 24 part of an ounce.*

Fol à 23 carats (dont les 24 font le tout.) *An egregious ſoule, a fiend beyond all proportion, (the fineſt gold being but of 24 Carrats.)*

Caratheement. *A charming of a man, childgetter.*

Caravane : f. *A Caraian, or conuoy of ſouldiers, for the ſafety of Merchants that trauell by land.*

Caravelle : f. *A Carvell; (the little ſhip ſo called.)*

Clou à Caravelle. *See* Clou.

Caravellon : m. *A ſmall Carvell.*

Caravene : f. *A little Boat, or Skiffe, made like a Trough, and (moſt commonly) of one piece.*

† Caravirée : f. *A wry-mouthed, or wry-faced wench; or one that often makes wry mouthes, or ill-fauoured wry faces.*

Carballat : m. *Wet ſucket, made of the vpper part of the long white Pompion, cut in ſlices.*

Carballe : f. *The Crab-fiſh termed, a Pungar.*

Carbau : m. *The Cabot fiſh.*

Carbonade : f. *A carbonado, a reſher of the coales; alſo, a ſlaſh ouer the face, which fetcheth the fleſh with it.*

Carboucle. *A carbuncle.*

Carcaillon : f. *A corne-deuouring Mouſe, or Weeuill.*

Caramouſſe : f. *The battering engine, called a Ramme.*

Carcan : m. *A Carkenet, or collar of gold, &c. worne about the necke; alſo, an Iron chaine, or collar, wherein an offender is tyed by the necke to a poſt, and (in that poſture) expoſed to the publick view.*

Carçant. *The ſame.*

† Carchiophe : m. *An Artichoke.*

† Carcinome. *A canker. See* Cancre.

Carcois : m. *as* Carquois; *alſo, the head,*

or

or upper part of a Maſt, where the cords that hold the ſaile unto the yard, paſſe through certaine Pullies.

Cardaire, *a kinde of Thornback, full of ſmall prickles.* ¶ Langued.

Cardamome: m. Cardamomum; *Graines; or Graine of Paradiſe; alſo, Ethiopian Pepper.*

Cardamome moindre, *The leaſt kinde of Graines.*

† Cardanalizé. *See* Cardinaliſé.

Carde. *A thiſtle Finch; alſo, the white thiſtle, whereof ſome kinds of Cardoons are made; alſo, the Cardoon it ſelfe.*

Cardes. *Cards for wooll, &c. working cards.*

Carde de montagne. *The white Carling thiſtle.*

Bois de carde. *See* Bois.

Cardé: m. ée; f. *Carded, (as wooll, &c.)*

Carder de laine. *To card wooll.*

Cardeur de laine. *A wooll-carder.*

Cardiaque: com. *Hearty, heart-eaſing, cordiall, comforting the heart; alſo, pained in the ſtomacke, wrung at the heart; alſo, in a conſumption, and continuall ſweat, by the indiſpoſition of the heart, and parts about it.*

Cardier: m. *A Card-maker.*

Cardinal: m. *A Cardinall, of the Church of Rome.*

Cardinal en Greve. *One that's beheaded in the Greve at Paris.*

Elle a ſon Cardinal. *She hath her flowers.*

Il a eſté fait Cardinal ſans s'en aller à Rome. *He hath got a red cap without a Cardinall-ſhip; viz. He hath loſt his head.*

Cardinal: m. ale: f. *Chiefe, principall, of the firſt ranke.*

Artillerie cardinale. *Ordnance of the wideſt bore; or, as* Cardinale.

Vent cardinal. *One of the foure principall winds; as Eaſt, weſt, North, or South.*

Vertus cardinales. *Cardinall vertues; viz. Wiſedome, Juſtice, Fortitude, and Temperance.*

Cardinalat: m. *A Cardinallſhip.*

Cardinale: f. *A kinde of Artillery for ſhipping, leſſe then the Culverine, and deviſed at firſt by the Cardinall of Lorraine.*

Cardinalin: m. *A little, or young Cardinall.*

Cardinaliſé: m. ée: f. *Red, reddied, made of a red or ſkarlet hue; in a red or ſkarlet habit, ſuch as Cardinalls weare.*

Cardons: m. *Cardoons; the ſtalkes of Artichokes, or of the white thiſtle, buried in the ground, or otherwiſe uſed, to get them a whiteneſſe; (excellent meat.)*

Caré: m. *as* Ableret.

Care: m. *A certaine diſeaſe that benummes the head, and makes the whole body more ſenceleſſe then an Apoplexie, or, a deep ſleepe, or ſleepineſſe, ſeized with weakneſſe of the braine, ſences, and motion.*

† Care: f. *The face, viſage, countenance, look, aſpect.*

† Carence: f. *Want, lacke of. See* Carance.

† Carene: f. *The Keele of a ſhip.*

Careſme: m. *Lent.*

Careſme entrant, *Shrove-tueſday.*

Careſme prenant, *Shrovetide; Faſtnes; or Shrove-tueſday.*

Plaidoyé de careſme prenant. *A wanton, bawdy, laſcivious plea, or argument.*

Amoureux de careſme. *A Lenton lover; a baſhfull, modeſt, or maidenly woer; one thats afraid to touch his Miſtreſſe.*

Figue de careſme. *A drie fig, Fraile fig, Lenten fig.*

Sainct de careſme. *Look* Sainct.

Violette de careſme. *The ordinary blew; or March Violet.*

I'y ay preſché ſept ans pour vn careſme. *I know the place well, and am full well knowne there.*

Careſme-entrant, &, Careſme-prenant. *See* Careſme.

Careſſe: f. *A cheering, cheriſhing, welcomming, friendly entertainment, hugging, blandiſhment, kinde uſage, making much of.*

Careſſer. *To cheriſh, hug, make much of, entertaine friendly, uſe kindly, make good cheere unto.*

Carer. fil de carer; *Pack-thread.*

Carfou: m. *The peale which we alſo terme Curfue, being of one bell, and about eight or nine of the clock at night.*

Cargade: f. *as* Cargaiſon.

Cargaiſon: f. *The freight, fraught, or lading of a ſhip.*

Cargue: f. *A charge, or aſſet, given on an enemy.*

† Carguer. *To charge; alſo, to lade; alſo, to leane all on one ſide; (in which ſence it is moſt uſed by Mariners.)*

Cariage. Le c. *The carriage, luggage, baggage; all the neceſſary proviſion of an army, &c. carried with, or after, it.*

Caribe. *The moſt biting kinde of Indian pepper.*

Caribot: m. *A luncheon, or big piece, of bread, &c.*

Carie: f. *Rottenneſſe, or putrifaction in wood by long continuance; a worme in wood; corruption in any thing.*

Se carier. *To rot, putrifie, corrupt.*

Carieux: m. euſe: f. *Rotten, putrified worme-eaten, corrupted.*

Carillon: m. *A chyming of Bels; a knell.*

Ie te frotteray à double carillon. *I will beat thee like a ſtock-fiſh, I will ſwinge thee while I may ſtand over thee.*

Carilloné: m. ée: f. *Chymed, or knowled.*

Carillonner. *To chyme, or knowle, bels.*

Carillonneur: m. *A chymer, or knowler, of bells.*

Carimari; carimara. ¶ Rab. *See* Carymari.

Carine: f. *The keele of a ſhip.*

Cariol: m. *as* Cariole.

Cariole: f. *The root of a horſes taile, or the bone thereof; the rumpe-bone.*

Cariophillate: f. *Herbe Avens, Bennet, or bleſſed.*

Cariſi. *The name of a certaine Peare; alſo, the perry made thereof.*

Carizé. *Kerſie.*

Carler. *as* Carreler.

Carlin. *An Italian coyn worth 40 Quadrins.*

Carline: f. *The Carline, or Carline thiſtle; erroniouſly confounded by ſome Authors, with our Ladies thiſtle.*

Petite carline. *The low, or little, Carline (thiſtle.)*

Carlingue: f. *The ſtep of a Maſt; the peece of timber wherein the foot thereof enters.*

† Carlonne. Vivre à la Carlonne. *To deale plainly.*

Carlure: f. *as* Carrelure.

Carmaignole: f. *An Apricocke.*

Carme: m. *A verſe; alſo, a charme; alſo, the horne-beame, or yoake-tree; alſo, a white Frier.*

Carmelitains: m. *The Carmelites; an Order of white Friers.*

Carminatif: m. ive: f. *Wind-voiding, wind-diſſolving, windineſſe-correcting; alſo, fleſh-taming, luſt-abating.*

† Carmineſcateur. *A verſifier; a maker of verſes.*

Carmouſſal: m. *A kinde of turkiſh ſhip.*

Carnacier: m. ere: f. *Fleſhie, of fleſh, bloody, cruell; fleſh-devouring, blood-aſſelling; living, or feeding on fleſh; alſo, as* Carneſſier.

Carnage. Fleſh time, *the ſeaſon wherein it is lawfull to eate fleſh.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, a ſlaughter, butchery, killing, ſlaying, murther of men.*

Carnages. *Fleſh, fleſh-meat, fleſh-ware, proviſion of fleſh.*

† Carnagier. *as* Carnacier.

† Carnallage: m. *as* Carnage; *a killing; a ſlaying; a ſlaughter, eſpecially of beaſts, as in* Carnaller.

† Carnaller. *To kill, butcher, ſlay, ſlaughter; eſpecially, breaſt-ſound damage-feſant, which the party damaged in ſome places, and caſes, may lawfully doe) and eate, or ſell their fleſh.*

Carnaſſeries: f. *Fleſhy matters.*

Carnaſſier: m. ere: f. *Plumpe, fleſhie, full, well baſted, well fed; alſo, as* Carnacier.

Carnaval: m. *Shrovetide; alſo, a licentious, or diſſolute ſeaſon.*

Carnavalée: f. *A wench thats growne to licentious, or is, uſed as licentiouſly, as the* Carnaval; (ou, qui eſt chevauchée tout le long du Carnaval.)

† Carne: f. *An edge, or corner.*

Carne de teſtons. *A quarterne of Teſtons, conſiſting of foure, or of forty.*

Carneau: m. *A battlement (of a wall.)*

Carnelé: m. ée: f. *Imbattled; having battlements.*

Carnelle: f. *The ſtampe of a peece of coine.*

Carneller. *To ſtampe, or coine a peece of coine.*

Carnet. *as* Cayer.

Carniforme: com. *Of a fleſhy ſubſtance, or forme; like fleſh.*

Carnoſité. f. *Carnoſity, fleſhineſſe, fulneſſe of fleſh.*

Carnu. *Look* Charnu.

Carobe. *as* Carrobe, *or* Carrube.

Carocher. *A coach-man.*

Carolle: f. *A kinde of dance wherein many dance together; alſo, a Carroll, or Chriſtmas ſong.*

Caroller. *To dance; to revell it; to ſing Carrolls.*

Carolus: m. *A peece of white money, worth*

worth ten pence Tour. or a juſt Engliſh penny.
Carolus de Bezançon. A ſilver coine, and is worth about nine pence, ſterl.
Carolus de Flanders. Another, worth about iii. s. ſterl.
Carooler. To inroule.
Caroſſe: f. A caroſſe, or caroach.
Carote: f. The Carrot (root, or herbe.)
Carote ſauvage. Daucus, wilde Carrot, birds-neaſt.
Carotes. The herbe Carroway, and Carroway ſeed; ¶ Dodoneus.
Carotide. A branch of the great Artery; which after it hath mounted a little by the ſide of the necke, divides it ſelf into two branches; one (inward and the greater) goes up to the braine; the other (outward) beſtowes it ſelfe on the Larinx, tongue, noſe, eyes, and muſcle of the temples.
Carouges: f. Carobs, or Carob-beanes, and Carob-beane cods; termed alſo, S. Johns bread.
Carous. A caronſſe of drinke.
Carouſſer. To quaffe, ſwill, carouſſe it.
Carozze. as Caroſſe; a caroach, or great coach.
Carpaſe: m. A certaine plant, whoſe juice being drunke, procureth ſleep; and in ſleeping ſtrangleth; (A report of ancient Herbariſts; for the moderne ones either make no mention of it, or, confeſſe they know it not.)
Carpe: m. The wriſt, or firſt part of the palme of the hand.
Carpe: f. A Carpe (fiſh.)
Carpe de mer. The ſea-Carpe; ſomewhat blacker than the freſh-water one, but otherwiſe very like unto her.
Saut de la carpe. A turning toppe over taile.
Carpeau: m. A young Carpe.
Carpendu. pomme de car. The apple called, a Short-ſtart.
Carpie: f. The yoke tree, horne-beame, hard-beame, yoke-Elme, Witch-haſell; (alſo, as Charpie. ¶ Pic.)
Carpion: m. A kind of long-headed, ſlender-bodied, blacke-backed, and white-bellied Trout; having very ſmall ſcales poudered (eſpecially towards the backe) with black and red ſpots; and growing not to above a foot in length.
Carpionne: f. as Carpion.
Carpir. as Charpir. ¶ Pic.
Carpobalſame: m. The fruit of the Balſamum, or Balſame, tree.
Carpot. The halfe, or part, of the fruit, or profit of a vineyard, yeelded as a Rent by the tenant, unto the Lord thereof.
Carquan: m. A Carcanet; a (rich) chaine for the necke.
Carquant. The ſame; or (both) as Carcan.
Carquaſſe: f. A carkaſe, or dead corps; the dead body of any creature; and hence, a Catch, Pelt, or dead bird, to take down a Hauke withall.
Carquois: m. A quiver for arrowes.
Carquois: m. iſe: f. Of a quiver, belonging to a quiver, kept in a quiver.
Carrabin. as Carabin.
Carracon: m. A ſmall (but ſtrong) Carrick.
Carraque: f. The huge ſhip termed a Carricke.
Carraquon. as Carracon.
Carrat de bois à baſtir. A certain quantity of timber.
Carré. A ſquare; a ſquare peece in Cut-worke, or Nett-worke; a ſquare bed in a garden.
Oeil de carré. A ſide, or leering eye; alſo, a proud, ſurly, ſtately, bigge, looke.
Carre. le Carre d'un rocher. The edge or corner of a rock.
Carre: f. as Caire.
Carré: m. ée: f. Squared, ſquare.
Carre: com. Square; broad.
B carre. B ſharpe (in Muſicke.)
De b carre en b mol. Inconſtantly, or uncertainely; from one ſubject to another.
Carreau: m. (in generally) a little ſquare; (particularly) a Diamond, or Pick at cards; alſo, a cuſhion; alſo, a bed in a garden; alſo, the ſquare of a Pillar, (or as Plinthe;) alſo, a paving tile; alſo, a coping, or planchet of metall, before it bee rounded, or coined; alſo, a tailors preſſing-Iron; alſo, a ſquare ſtone layed in levell with, and at each end of, a bowling-alley; and in the midſt thereof a pricke ſet, as the mark whereat (in France) they bowle. See Quarreau.
Carreaux. The bends, or wales, of a ſhip.
Franc du carreau. A certaine boyiſh Game, for counters.
Frizer les carreaux. To ſtrike a ball under the Line, at Tennis.
Carrefour: m. as Quarrefour.
Carreler. To pave with ſquare tyles, or bricks; alſo, to ſole, or coble, ſhooes.
Carrelet: m. A (kind of broad and ſhort) Plaice; alſo, a ſea-fiſh that reſembles a herring, and is (moſt) ſeen before a dearth, or plague.
Carrelure: f. A ſole; or, the ſoling of a ſhooe.
Carrelure de ventre. Meat, belly-timber, belly-cheere.
Carrer. To ſquare; to make broad, or ſquare.
Se Carrer. To ſquare it; to look ſtately, ſurly, or big on't.
Carreure: f. A ſquare; alſo, breadth, or ſquareneſſe; alſo, a ſquaring; alſo, a making broad, or ſquare.
Carrier: f. A finder of ſtones, or quarries of ſtones; alſo, a ſtone-digger, a quarry-man, a worker in Quarries.
Carriere: f. An high way, rode, or ſtreete (Langued.) alſo, a quarry of ſtones; alſo, a Carreere, or horſe-backe; and (more generally) any exerciſe, or place for exerciſe, on horſe-backe; as, a horſe race, or a place for horſes to run in; and, their courſe, running, or full ſpeed therein.
Carriere de Valois. 32 eight foot broad.
Lance de carriere. Seek Lance.
Donner carriere à ſon eſprit. To recreate his ſpirit; or, to ſet his wit a running, his conceit a gadding, his thoughts on a gallop.
Se donner carriere. To range, flye out; give himſelfe ſcope; or to recreate himſelfe; to run himſelfe out of breath.
Faire le loup à la carriere. See Loup.
Parfaire ſa carriere. To finiſh his carreere, to run out his courſe, to end his race.
Prendre bien ſa carriere. To part readily from the hand into a ſtrait, and ſwift, carreere.
Carrillon: m. A chyming, or knowling of bels. See Carillon.
Carrillonner. To chyme, or knowle bells; to make a knell.
Carrobe: m. The Carob, Carob-beane, or Carob-beane cod, S. Johns bread; alſo, as Carrube.
Carroce, &, Carroche. As Carroſſe; a Caroache.
Carrochier; ou, Carrocier. as Carroſſier.
Carroſſe. A caroach, or great coach.
Carroſſier. A Caroach-driver, a coach-man.
Carrot de Galien. Looke Cerat.
Carrote: f. as Carote.
Carroube: m. as Carobe; alſo, as Carroubier.
Carroubier: m. The Carob-tree, or Beane-tree.
Carrouge. as Carrobe.
Carrouſelle: f. A little hollow reed.
Carrozze: f. A Caroach.
Carrozzier: m. A caroach-man, a coach-man.
Carrube: m. as Carrobe; alſo, a ſmall weight (among Mintmen and Goldſmiths) making but the 24 part of an ounce.
Cartame: m. Baſtard-ſaffron, Mock-ſaffron, wilde-ſaffron, Saffron Dorte.
Cartame Sylveſtre. Wilde baſtard Saffron.
Cartaſonne. The Indian, whole-hoofed, and black-horned, Vicuine.
Carte: f. A paper, or peece of paper; alſo, a card; alſo, a childs horne-booke, or Abcee; alſo, a Pickadill, or ſupporter of Paſteboard covered with linnen.
Carte blanche. A Blanke; and hence;
Donner la carte blanche à. To offer to receive, or ſubmit himſelfe unto; any conditions.
I'en laiſſe la carte blanche à eux, I leave them to debate it; I leave the deciſion, (or diſpoſall) thereof to them.
Brouiller les cartes. Look Brouiller.
Le premier en carte. Th'eldeſt, or, the firſt thats dealt unto, at cards.
Cartée: f. A (letter of) defiance, or challenge, for a (ſingle) combat.
Cartel: m. as Cartée.
Cartaranche: f. A certaine meaſure for ſalt.
Carthame: m. Baſtard-Saffron, wilde-Saffron, Mocke Saffron, Saffron Dort.
Carthame ſauvage, ou ſylveſtre. Wilde baſtard Saffron.
Carthellages. Square peeces of free ſtone.
Cartibe. A ſquare table of ſtone, but ſomewhat more long then broad.
Cartibes d'vn moulinet. The ferrells, or bands of Iron whereby the ends of a windleſſe are ſtrengthened.
Cartilage: m. A Griſtle, or Tendrell of the Eare, or Noſe; or ſuch a ſkin as is betweene the toes of Geeſe, Ducks, &c.
Cartilagineux: m. euſe: f. Griſtly; full of Tendrels, or Griſtles.
Cartiſannier: m. A maker of (playing) cards.
Cartouche. as Carrouche; alſo, a Cartridge, or roll (in Architecture.)
Carton: m. The thicke paper wherein

Pain-

Painters draw ſometimes; and that whereof ſome fannes are made; alſo, a ſquare picce thereof, or of paſtboord; (alſo, a Carter, or carre-man. ℣ Pic.)

Cartons d'une Selle. *The skirts of a ſaddle.*

Cartophilaces. *Law-bookes, ancient Records, authenticall writings; alſo, the roome, cheſt, or preſſe, wherein ſuch writings be kept.*

Cartouche: f. *The cornet of paper whereinto Apothecaries, and Grocers put the parcels they retaile; alſo, a Cartouch, or full charge, for a piſtoll, put up within a little paper, to be the readier for uſe; alſo, a piece of paſtboord, or thicke paper, fluffed (in a round, or pudding-like form) with bullets, &c. and to be ſhot out of a great piece; alſo, as* Cartoche.

Cartouſle. *(The name of) a ſhrub, that beares a Muſhrome-like fruit; alſo, the fruit it ſelfe.*

Cartuche. *as* Cartouche.

Cartulaire. *A great paper-book; or, as* Chartulaire; *alſo, as* Reſve.

Cartulaire: com. *Cartular, of, or in, paper; proper unto paper, or paper-bookes.*

Iuges cartulaires. *Iudges that give their ſentences in writing.*

Carui: m. *Caowaies, or Caoway ſeed.*

Carui ſauvage. *Wilde Chervill, or wild Caowayes.*

Caruhcule: f. *A little piece of fleſh.*

Carymari carymara. *Feigned words expreſſing a great coyle, ſtirre, hurlyburly, or the confuſed muttering of a rude company.*

Caryote: f. *A Date.*

Cas: m. *A Caſe, cauſe, matter, thing; alſo, a crime, offence; fact; alſo, eſteem, account, reckoning of; alſo, the privities (of man, or woman.)*

Cas fortuit. *A hap, or chance.*

Cas previlegiez. *as* Cas royaux.

Cas royaux. *Royall caſes; cauſes wherein the King is intereſſed for the preſervation of his rights, or the maintenance of his authority; ſuch as be treaſons of all ſorts againſt (humane) Majeſty; the violation of paſports, or of protections, granted by himſelfe, or by the Officers of the Crowne; diſturbance offered unto any of his Officers, in the execution of their charges, or unto any that go up and down about his buſineſſe; Violence uſed, riots committed, or armes borne, in unlawfull aſſemblies; all cauſes that concerne his rights, revenue, finances, coyning, officers, ordinary ſervants; Churches Cathedrall or others of royall foundation, or otherwiſe privileged; the execution of letters patents, and of Commiſſions, or Injunctions under the great ſeale; and generally, all cauſes that depend on les* Droicts royaux; *for which, Look* Droict.

Avoir ſon cas. *A woman to bee in her flowers.*

Ce ſera bien voſtre cas. *This will fit you well, or be for your turne.*

Cas ſur cas n'a point de lieu. *(A ground in law) if a thing be ſeiſed by one, it cannot be reſeiſed by another, untill the former have tried his title unto it.*

Cas: m. caſſe: f. *Hollow, or broken ſounded; hoarſe like a bell that hath got a craze, or the voice of one that hath got a cold.*

Caſal: m. *A huge, or great houſe; a Manor houſe; alſo, a village, or hamlet.*

Caſanier: m. *A houſe-dove, or home-bred ſluggard; one that never ſtir's out of his owne doores.*

Caſaque: f. *A caſſock, mandilian, long coat.*

Caſard: m. arde: f. *Home-bred, houſe-loving, ever keeping within doores; alſo, tame, or kept about a houſe.*

Caſcaret: m. *A furious, and boyſing tide, or ſea, that ſometimes comes in (between* Bourdeaux *and* Rochel) *ſurging, and rowing, and overturning the barks which be in the way thereof.*

Caſcavelle: f. *A roundelay, or countrey ſong.*

Caſe: f. *(Is properly) a poore houſe, tenement, or cottage, (and ſometimes) any houſe, or dwelling place.*

Doubler en caſe. *A corner point taken with two men at Tables.*

La Caſe monſtre le Meſſer; Prov. *as,* La Maiſon fait cognoiſtre le Maiſtre.

Caſeiforme: com. *Made (round, and flat) like a cheeſe.*

Caſemate: f. *A caſe-mate; a loop, or loop-hole, in a fortified wall.*

Caſeret: m. *A cheeſe-fat, or cheſford, to make a cheeſe in.*

Caſette: f. *A little houſe; a cote, or ſmall cottage.*

Caſier. *as* Caſeret.

Caſine: f. *A cote, a little cottage, or country houſe.*

Caſois: m. *A countrey clowne, boore, clunch, hinde; a home-bred boyden; a ruſticall houſe-dove, an ignorant, or idle cluſterfiſt.*

Caſole: f. *A poſnet; alſo, a kind of narrow-mouthed pot, ſomewhat like a perfuming pot.*

Caſque: f. *The head-piece tearmed a caſke, or caſket.*

Caſquet: m. *The ſame; or, a little one.*

Caſſable: com. *Fraile, brittle, eaſie to be broken.*

Caſſade: f. *A gudgeon, frumpe, mocke, flout, gull, couſening part, cheating pranke, deceitfull trick; whence,*

Avoir la caſſade. *To be gulled; or, to ſwallow a gudgeon.*

Caſſant: m. ante: f. *Fraile, brittle, eaſie to be broken; alſo, quaſhing, caſſing, breaking, infringing.*

Eſtoffe caſſant. *Rending ſtuffe.*

Caſſard: m. *A cheſt-like cover, a caſe-like receptacle; alſo, a Buzzard.*

Caſſation: f. *A caſſation; a quaſhing, caſſing, breaking; abrogating, annulling, infringing.*

Caſſaudes: f. *Daiſies; or Bruiſewort.*

Caſſe: f. *The drug, or ſpice tearmed* Caſſia; *or as;*

Caſſe aromatique. *The aromaticall wood, barke, or baſtard Cinnamon, tearmed* Caſsia.

Caſſe de bois. *The ſame.*

Caſſe des iardins. *A ſweet herbe, which is held to be Lavender ſpike.*

Caſſe laxative. Caſsia fiſtula, *Pudding pipe.*

Caſſe nigre. *as* Caſſe laxative.

Caſſe: f. *A box, caſe, or, cheſt, to carry, or keep wares in; alſo, a Merchants caſh, or counter; alſo, any cheſt, casket, or cabinet; alſo, a coffin, or ſhrine; alſo, a dripping-pan; alſo, an open mouthed pan, or veſſell of earth, &c. fit to boyle things, or ſet plants, in; alſo, the hollow part of the ſole of a horſe-foot.*

Caſſe pointuë. *A faſhion of a ſmall boyling pan, which hath a narrow, or pointed bottome.*

Caſſé: m. ée: f. *Broken, burſt, quaſht in pieces; alſo, caſſed, caſſeered; cancelled; alſo, decayed, worne, or broken with age.*

Voix caſsée. *A weake, hoarſe, or whizzing voice.*

Aujourd'uy caiſſier demain caſsé, Pro. *to day in requeſt, to morrow caſſed.*

Caſſe-loix. *Lawes-infringing, diſorderly, exorbitant, outragious.*

Caſſe-moeurs. *Manners-breaking, rude, ſavage, uncivile.*

Caſſe-muſſaux. *Cheeſe-cakes; or, a kinde of thick, and three-cornered, or horned cakes, made of butter, egges, and cheeſe.*

Caſſe-noix: m. *A crack-nut, or nut-cracker; alſo, a kinde of little mountain Daw, ſpeckled, as an old Starling, all over with white.*

Caſſe-pot: m. *A ſport wherein (the gameſters ſtanding in rowes) one toſſeth an earthen pot at another, who if he catcheth it not, falling it breakes, and hee forfeiteth.*

Caſſer. *To breake, burſt, craſh in pieces, quaſh aſunder; alſo, to caſſe, caſſere, diſcharge, turne out of ſervice, deprive of entertainment; alſo, to infringe, annull, cancell, abrogate.*

Caſſer la noiſille. *To crack the nut; alſo, to cogge a Dye.*

La langue humaine n'a point d'os, & caſſe poiſtrine & dos. *A Proverbe expreſſing the force of a malicious, enraged, or infected tongue.*

Qui a des noix il en caſſe, & qui n'en a il s'en paſſe; Prov. *Many, when they have ſuperfluities, can uſe them, and when they have none, can want them.*

Caſſerie: f. *A breaking, or quaſhing; a diſcharging; an infringing, or cancelling.*

Caſſerins: m. *Tils, drawers, or boxes in a preſſe, or cabinet.*

Caſſeron: m. *The Sleeve, or Calamary; a fiſh, that's ſomewhat longer then the Cuttle, or Sea-cut, but otherwiſe reſembles her; alſo, a veſſell ſomewhat like a poſnet, but without feet.*

Caſſetin: m. *A little cheſt, casket, or cabinet; ſmall forcer, caſh, or counter; box, till, or drawer.*

Caſſette: f. *A little ſhallow box, caſe, or veſſell made of boords to put flowers, or branches of ſmall trees in; alſo, a ſmall casket, cheſt, cabinet, or forcer; alſo, a box, till, drawer; alſo, a ſmall coffin, or ſhrine; alſo, a little trough for birds meat; alſo, a little frying pan.*

Caſſeur: m. *A breaker, burſter, quaſher; caſſer; canceller.*

Caſſeure: f. *The battering, or cracking of a veſſell; any breaking, or burſting in pieces; alſo, a caſſing, diſcharging, cancelling.*

Caſſidonie: f. *A Caſſidony; a baſe, and brittle ſtone, of ſmall value, though it ſhine like fire; alſo, a kinde of excellent marble.*

Caſſier. *The tree that beares the fruit* Caſſia.

Caſſignon. m. *A pumpe, or thin-ſoled ſhooe.*
Caſſine: f *A banketting houſe; a graunge, out-houſe, or Summer-houſe in the fields; alſo, a little ware-houſe; alſo, a little Terrace-garden, or garden before a window.*
Caſſoire: f. *A whip.* ¶ Pic.
Caſſole: f. *A coffin, box, or caſket for perfumes, &c. alſo, as* Caſole.
Caſſolette. *A little cheſt, coffin, box, or caſket to put ſweet, or precious things in; alſo a kinde of ſmall pot with a narrow mouth, reſembling a perfuming pot; alſo, a little pipkin, or poſnet.*
Caſſolle. *as* Caſole; *or* Caſſole.
Caſon: m. *A great cheſt, binne, hutch, or ſtandard.*
Caſonade: f. *Powder-Sugar; eſpecially ſuch as comes from* Braſile.
Caſure. *as* Caſeure.
Caſtadour: m. *A Pioner.*
Caſtagnettes: f. *Finger-knackers, wherewith Players, &c. make a pretty noiſe in ſome kind of daunces.*
Caſtagneux: m. *The little water-fowle, called a dobchick, or Dydopper.*
Caſtagnole: f. *A big finned, and cheſnut-coloured ſea-fiſh, in ſeaſon about the ſpring time, but then withall ſo common, that the better ſort of people care not for it.* ¶ Marſeillois.
Caſtagnon. *A certain fiſh that maketh a neſt in the water. See* Requau.
Caſtaign: m. aigne. *Cheſtnut-coloured; of, or like a cheſtnut.*
Caſtaigne: f. *A ſcallop-like piece of yron in the midſt, or mouth, of an old faſhioned bit.*
Caſtaloigne. *A Spaniſh coverlet, or rug.*
† Caſte. *Look* Chaſte.
Caſtillan: m. *A Spaniſh waight proportionable unto the* Pelo, *which in gold comes to* viij.s. *ſterling, in ſilver to* iiij.s. *or thereabouts.*
Caſtillaniſer. *To imitate or affect Spaniſh faſhions, or humours; to play the Spaniard; (hence) alſo, to ſpeake big, ſtand on proud termes, take very much upon him.*
Caſtille: f. *Caſtile (the nobleſt part of Spain;) alſo, contention, debate, brabling, altercation; whence;* Ils ſont en Caſtille. *There is a jarre betwixt them; and;*
Prendre la caſtille pour autruy. *To undertake another mans quarrell.*
Pierre de caſtille. *Lime-ſtone.*
Caſtillier: m. *The wilde Gooſeberry ſhrub.*
Caſton: m. *The beazill, collet, or head of a ring, &c. wherein the ſtone is enchaced.*
Caſtor: m. *The beaſt called a Bever.*
Caſtorée: m. *as* Caſtoreum.
Caſtoreum. *The ſtinking oyle of Bevers ſtones; or rather an oylie liquor, contained in two pouches which cleave unto either ſide of the Groine of both male, and female, Bevers; (each of thoſe pouches being as big as a large henne egge, whereas the ſtones of the male are no bigger then a cocks ſtones, and one faſtned unto his backbone.)*
† Caſtrametation. *The pitching, or meaſuring out, of a campe.*
Caſtromantie. *Read* Gaſtromantie. ¶ Rab.
Caſuel: m. elle: f. *Caſuall, accidentall, uncertaine, tranſitory; happening by chance.*
Parties caſuelles. *The ſale of Offices, or the revenue which the King makes thereof. Seek* Partie.
Caſuellement. *Accidentally, caſually, by hap, or hab-nab; uncertainly; tranſitorily.*
Caſuiſte: m. *A caſuiſt; one that writes of the caſes of conſcience.*
† Catachreſe: f. *The abuſe, or neceſſary uſe of one word for lack of another more proper.*
† Catachreſtique. *Abuſive, or uſed, though improper, for want of that which would be more proper.*
† Catadoupes. *as* Cataduper.
Cataduper. *The fals of Nilus; or certaine high places where that river violently falling, makes a roaring, or horrible noiſe.*
† Cataglottiſer. *To kiſſe with the tongue.*
Cataglottiſme. *A kiſſe, or kiſſing with the tongue.*
† Catagmatique: com. *Of, or belonging to, broken bones, or the breaking of bones; alſo, healing, or cloſing ſuch breaches.*
Catalephie: f. *A diſeaſe comming of the braine, diſtempred with drineſſe, and cold.*
Catalogue: m. *A Catalogue, liſt, rowl, Regiſter, Kalender, enumeration, recenſion, recitall of names, matters, &c.*
Catalongne: f. *A (white) Spaniſh rug; or, a courſe coverlet of* Catologna.
† Cataminy. *Womens flowers.*
Cataplaſme: m. *A cataplaſme, or poultis; a (ſoft, or moyſt) plaiſter.*
Cataplaſme de chair de vautour avec les vits: *We ſay, a plaiſter of warme guts (wherein leachery is meant.)*
Catapuce grande. *The herbe Kick, or Tick,* Recinus, Palma Chriſti.
Catapuce petite. *Garden Spurge.*
Catapulte: f. *A ſling, or war-like engine, whereout great arrowes, or darts were ſhot.*
Cataracte: f. *A violent fall of waters from a high and ſteep place; alſo, a ſtrong iron-bound cheſt, open in the top, and ſet with pikes in the bottome, thereby to ſtick faſt, and ſtedily where it is to ſtand; (uſed eſpecially in water-works;) alſo, a Cataracke, or web in the eye.*
Catarré. *See* Catarrhé.
Catarrhe: m. *A rhewme, or catarre.*
Catarrhé: m. ée: f. *Troubled with rhewme.*
Catarrheux: m. euſe: f. *Rhewmaticke, full of catarres, or of the rhewme.*
† Cataſtre. *as* Cadaſtre.
Cataſtrophe. *A Cataſtrophe, concluſion, laſt act, or part of a play; the ſhutting up of a matter; alſo, the utter ruine, ſubverſion, deſtruction, fatall, or finall, end of.*
† Cateciſme. *A deluge, illuvion, or inundation.* ¶ Rab.
† Cateſique: com. *Sad, heavy, ſorrowfull, in melancholy, full of penſiveneſſe, and hanging downe the head withall; (uſed in my Authour (by one that would have ſpoken learnedly) for ſhort winded, or troubled with the Tiſick.)*
Catagide. *An ayrie inflamation.* ¶ Rab.
Categorique: com. *Categorical; plain, authentical, already reſolved on.*
Categoriquement. *Categorically, plainely, roundly, without wrangling, to the purpoſe.*
Catel. *A chattell; or, a thing, which (though of it ſelfe it be immovable) is divided, deviſed, and held, as a movable; or as* Cateud.
Catelongne: f. *as* Catelonne.
Catelonne: f. *A white Spaniſh rug; or, a courſe, and rough coverlet of* Catalogna *(in Spaine.)*
Catepleure: f. *A croſſe ſayle; (ſuch as is uſed in Caravels, Gallies, Hoyes, &c.) a ſmack, or mizzen ſayle.*
Caterolle: f. *A rabbets neſt; or, the hole wherein a (Doe) cony keeps, and feeds her young ones.*
Caterve: f. *A rout, crue, band, troop; uncertaine number, confuſed multitude.*
† Cateud. *A chattell; or, not only a moveable (which may follow a body, and be removed from place to place) but alſo, any immovable, that is no inheritance.*
† Cateul. *as* Catel.
Cathartique. *A purgative, or evacuative; a purging medicine.*
Cathechiſer. *To catechiſe.*
Cathedral: m. ale: f. *Cathedrall; of, or belonging to, a Cathedrall Church, and hence;* Eſgliſe cathedrale, *A Minſter, or Cathedrall church,*
Cathedrant: m. ante: f. *Sitting as Judge; or moderator.*
† Cathedratique. *A certaine fee, or duty, belonging to a Biſhop when he is firſt inveſted into his ſea.*
Cathegorie: f. *A predicament.*
Cathelane. *The name of an excellent plum; whereof there are three kinds, the green, white one, and violet one.*
Cathene: f. *A chaine; whence;* Mat de cathene. *A furious, or enraged foole.*
Catheretique: com. *Eating, or gnawing away ſuperfluous, and over-eminent fleſh, or skin.*
† Catherinaire. *The herbe Tobacco.*
† Catherine. *The bramble-berry, black-berry; dew-berry; the berry of the baire bramble, or heath bramble.*
Catherinettes: f. *Certain pretty flowers (leſſe then pinkes) growing in cluſters, or many together on one ſtalke.*
† Cathet: m. Cathete: f. *Perpendicular; plum downe.*
† Catheux. *A kinde of movables, although they adhere to the ſoyle, or be faſtened to a houſe.*
Catholicon. *A certaine compoſition in Phyſick, ſo termed, becauſe it purges all kind of humors.*
Catholique: com. *Catholick, univerſall, generall.*
Catholiſation: f. *The being, or becomming a Catholick.*
Catholizer. *To catholikize it, play the Catholick, become a Catholick.*
Cati: m. ie: f. *Clapped cloſe unto, thruſt hard together; hard, or cloſe woven; (for it is a weavers tearme.)*
Catiliniſme. *Catiliniſme, conſpiracy.*
Catinimi: *In corners, under-hand, in hugger-mugger.*
Catir. *To cloſe, to ſettle, to thruſt hard together, in weaving; (for it is a weavers tearme.)*
Catoblepe: f. *A kind of Baſiliſk, or venomous worme, which with her ſight kils a mile off.*
Catoire. *A bee-hive.*
Catonien: m. enne: f. *Grave, ſevere, grim, auſtere; cenſuring every body.*
Catons des ca. *Cattins, cattails, aglets,*

or aglet-like blowings of nut-trees, &c.

Catopromantie: f. *Divination by a looking glaſſe.*

† Catouiller. *as* Chatouiller ; *To trickle.* ¶ Pic.

Cattel. *A chattell, or moveable.* ¶ Wallon.

Droict du meilleur cattel. *A Heriot: the beſt beaſt a Tenant hath, at the time of his death, due unto his Landlord.*

Cavailler. *as* Cavallier.

Cavain: m. *A hole, cave, hollowneſſe, hollow place, hollow way.*

Cavalcade: f. *A riding, or, a road of horſe; whence;*

Faire la cavalcade. *To courſe, or range up and downe on horſeback,*

Cavalcador. *A Horſeman, a Rider.*

Cavale: f. *A mare.*

Cavaler. *To ſtaulk, to dog.* See Cavaller.

Cavalet: m. *A long hollow ſticke, through which they uſe, in ſome places, to blow the fire, inſtead of bellowes.*

Cavalier: m. *A horſeman, or man of armes; a Cavalier ; alſo, a gallant ; a noble, or worthy, fellow.*

Cavalin: m. *A little horſe.*

Cavalle: f. *A mare.*

Cavallé: m. ée : f. *Ridden ; travelled on, toyled ; alſo, ſtaulked, or dogged.*

Cavaller. *To ride ; alſo, to travell, toyle, uſe like, or as a horſe; alſo, to ſtaulk, or dog.*

Cavallerie: f. *Horſemanſhip; alſo, horſemen.*

Cavallet des planches. *The higheſt, or moſt-raiſed, part of garden-beds.*

Cavallette. *A kind of Locuſt.*

Cavallier : m. *A high platform in a fortreſſe, to plant great pieces on; alſo, as* Cavalier.

Cavallin. *as* Cavalin.

Cavalot: m. *A certain coyne worth about iij. s. alſo, a nag, or little horſe.*

Caubare: m. *A ſandy coloured and very venomous ſerpent of a cubits length.*

Caucheaux. *Taxes payed unto Lords in Henault towards the maintaining of common bankes, or cauſeyes.*

Cauchemare. *The diſeaſe called the Night-mare.*

Cauche-poulet, or Cauche-vieille, *as* Cauchemare.

Caucher. *To hatch, or ſit on ; to brood, or ſit over ; as hens do their chickens ; or, as* Cauquer; *to tread a hen.*

Cauciage. *as* Caucheaux.

Caudataire: com. *A train-bearer ; one that bears up the train of a great perſon.*

Caudelée: f. *A candell: (en la Beauſſe.)*

Cauderet: m. *A hot bath ; called ſo in the country of Bearn, where* Chaude *is pronounced,* Caude.

† Candice: m. *The ſtock, ſtumpe, or body of a tree, or ſhrub.*

Cave : f. *A cave, ſeller, vault, or hollow place in the ground.*

Eau beniſte de cave. *wine; ſtrong drink.*

Marier la cave & le puis. *To mingle wine and water together.*

Cauë: f. *A Chough, or Jack-daw.* ¶ Pic.

Cavé. *Hollowed, made hollow; digged into.*

Caveau: m. *A little cave, or ſellar.*

Cavechure: f. *A haulter ; or, thing to haulter with.* ¶ Pic.

Caveçon: m. *A cavechin, or caveſſon, for a horſes noſe.*

Cavedal: m. *The principall ſum lent out to uſe*

Cavelade: f. *A kinde of ray-fiſh of a very hard ſubſtance, (and therefore none eſ the daintieſt.)*

Cavelot: m. *A prop, ſtay, or treſſle.* ¶ Pic.

Cavement: m. *A hollowing, or making hollow ; an excavation ; a digging into.*

Cavenne de bergier : f. *Shepheards cote ; little cottage, or cabine made of turves, ſtraw, boughs, or leaves.*

Caver. *To hollow, or make hollow; to dig into*

Cavereau: m. *A little cave, or ſellar.*

Caverne: f. *A denne, caverne, gyot ; hollow place ; lurking hole, privie corner.*

Caverneau: m. *A little cave, or cavern.*

Caverneux: m. euſe: f. *Hollow, full of dens, caves, holes ; alſo, dwelling in caves, abiding in dens, lurking in holes.*

Caveſanne: f. *A caveſan, falſe-raine, or head-ſtraine (commonly of ſilke) to lead, or hold, a horſe by.*

Caveiche: f. *The head (barbarouſly.)*

Caveſne. *Forwardly,* (v.m.)

Caveſot: m. *A Pole-head, or Bull-head; the little black vermine whereof toads, and frogs do come,*

Caveſſane. *as* Caveſanne.

Caveſſine: f. *A martingale for a horſe.*

Caveſſon. *as* Caveçon.

Cavette : f. *A little ſellar ; alſo, a little cave, den, vault, hole, underground.*

Cauette: f. *A Chough, or Jack-daw.* ¶ Pic.

Caveure: f. *A hole, a hollow, a hollowing.*

Cauhare. *See* Caubare.

Cavier. Seigneur c. *A Landlord, or Lord of the ſoyle, who hath low juriſdiction over his tenants.*

Cavillateur: m. *A wrangler, caviller, contentious fellow.*

Cavillation. *A cavill ; a wrangling propoſition, overthwart reaſon ; alſo, a cavilling.*

Cavillatoire. *Wrangling, cavilling.*

Caviller. *To cavill, wrangle, reaſon croſſely, ſpeak overthwartly.*

Cavillon. *A kind of little Mullet.*

Cavin: m. *A hollow way, or drye brook.*

Cavine: f. *The bottome of the mouth wherein the root of the tongue is.*

Cavité: f. *A cavitie, hollowneſſe ; hollow way ; or hollow place.*

† Caule: m. *The ſtaulke, or ſtemme of an herbe ; alſo, the herbe Colewort.*

† Caulebaſſe : f. *A gourd ; or, a bottle made of the rind thereof.*

† Caulodis: m. *Cabbidges.*

Cault. *as* Chaud; *Hot.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, as* Caut; *craftie.*

Caumas. *Hot.* ¶ Gaſc.

Cauné. *The name of a kind of vine.*

Caune. *A certain fiſh, not much unlike unto a Pearch.*

Cauny. *as* Peneux *(at* Tours.*)*

† Cauqué : f. *A tent (for a wound;) and hence,*

Quand la fille peſe vn auque on luy peut mettre la cauque; Prov.

† Cauqué : m. ée : f. *Trodden, as a hen ; tented, as a wound.*

Cauquemare. *as* Cauchemare. ¶ Pic.

Cauquer. *To tread a hen, as a cock doth;* ¶ Norm. *alſo, to tent a wound.* ¶ Gaſc.

Cauquier. *as* Cauquer. ¶ Pic.

Cauſaïan: m. *A wrangler, brangler, brabling or litigious perſon.*

† Cauſateur: m. *A Suiter, a party contending; a party in a ſuit, or in Law.*

Cauſativement. *Litigiouſly ; alſo, cauſatively, or, for a cauſe.*

Cauſe: f. *A cauſe, reaſon, or occaſion; alſo, a caſe, matter, buſineſſe, or ſuit in law.*

Tel a bonne cauſe qui eſt condemné ; Prov. *A good cauſe often ſpeeds but badly ; or right ſometimes is condemned as wrong.*

Cauſer. *To cauſe ; bring, or be the occaſion of; alſo, to contend, wrangle, brawle, ſtrive together in words ; alſo, to prattle, babble, talke idly, reaſon fooliſhly, uſe much ſpeech to little purpoſe.*

Cauſereſſe: f. *A ſcowld, or brabling woman, alſo, a tatling huſwife, pratling goſſip.*

Cauſerie: f. *A pratling, talking, babling ; idle ſpeech, vaine talke, tedious diſcourſing.*

Cauſeur. *as* Cauſaïan; *alſo, a babler, pratler, tatler, jangler, idle talker ; one whoſe tongue never reſts; alſo, (in old law-books) as* Cauſateur ; *a party in a ſuit, or in law.*

Cauſeuſe: f. *as* Cauſeuſſe.

Cauſſe d'vn Aylement. *The bottome of a jakes ; the roome, or place wherein th'ordure lies.*

Cauſtique. com. *Cauſtick, burning, ſcalding, ſcorching the ſkinne ; alſo, ſmacking of ſalt, or, of a ſharpe taſt.*

Caut: m. caute: f. *Craftie, ſubtile, wilie, ſlie ; wary, adviſed, cunning, circumſpect.*

Cauteleuſement. *Cautelouſly, ſubtily, cunningly, ſlily, craftily, deceitfully, overreachingly.*

Cauteleux : m. euſe : f. *Cautelous, deceitfull, guilefull, craftie, couſening ; full of ſleights, wiles, fetches, reaches.*

Cautelle: f. *A wile, cautell, ſleight; a crafty reach, or fetch, guilefull deviſe or indeavor ; alſo, craft, ſubtilty, trumpery, deceit, couſenage.*

Cauteller. *To deceive, beguile, couſen, overreach.*

Cautement. *Silly, craftily, cunningly, ſubtily, warily, circumſpectly, adviſedly.*

Cautere: m. *A cauter ; a ſearing hot iron ; or, (more generally) any thing that's applied to burne, and is burning, or boyling, hot.*

Cautere actuel. *An actuall cauter; ſuch a one as burnes actually, and incontinently; as, ſcalding oyle, red-hot metall ; wood through-burnt, &c.*

Cautere à bouton. *The button cauter ; ſmooth, and headed like a button ; fit to cauterize a part, whereof the ſkinne is onely to be opened for an iſſue.*

Cautere circulaire. *The circular cauter; is made of five pointed buttons, ſet round, or in a ring, thereby to worke the more effectually.*

Cautere claval. *A certaine cauter that goes little deeper then the ſkinne.*

Cautere cultellaire. *The knife cauter; is like a knife with a thick back, which holding the heat long makes it in working the more effectuall.*

Cautere dactilaire. *The date cauter ; ſo called, becauſe faſhioned like a date ſtone.*

Cautere dorſal. *The back cauter; or, that kinde of knife-like cauter which cuts but on th'one ſide.*

Cautere emporte-piece. *The wimble-cauter; round, hollow, and cutting, and fit to cauterize, with leaſt flux of blood,*

the

the skinne of the head when 'tis to bee opened by a Trepane.

Cautere ensal. *The sword-cauter; made like the point of a two-edged sword.*

Cautere olivaire. *The olive cauter; termed so, because made like an olive-stone.*

Cautere à platine. *The plate cauter; a kinde of flat cauter, wherewith members cut off are seared, to prevent corruption, and Gangrenes.*

Cautere potentiel. *A potentiall cauter, is any causticke, or burning medicine, salve, or compound, and is termed otherwise* Ruptoire, *and* Vesicatoire.

Cautere punctual. *The punctuall, or pointed cauter; is almost square, and altogether sharpe pointed, and fit to open impostumes.*

Canterisation: f. *A cauterisation, or cauterizing.*

Cauterizé: m. ée: f. *Cauterized; burned, seared, or closed up with fire, or fierie medicines.*

Cauterizer. *To cauterize; to seare, burne, or close up with fire, or fire-hot instruments, Irons, ointments, medicines, &c.*

Cautelle: f. *as* Cautelle.

Caution: f. *A caution, a surety, pledge, or baile for; also, bailing, suertiship, security.*

Caution bourgeoise. *Look* Bourgeois.

O la bonne caution: ¶ Iron. *He is an honest man sure; I would not take his word for a button.*

Cautionnage. *as* Caution; *Bailing, suertiship.*

Cautionné: m. ée: f. *Bailed, bound with surety, that hath put in sureties.*

Cautionner. *To be bound, become suerty, enter into baile.*

Cautionneur: m. *A surety, pledge, baile.*

Cauvette. *A Chough, or Jack-daw.* ¶ Pic.

Cay. *as* Quay; *Also, a Semy-colon, used in the end of an imperfect period, and marked thus* [;]

Cayer: m. *A quire of written paper; a peece of a written booke divided into equal parts.*

Caymander. *as* Caimander.

Caymanderie. *as* Caimanderie.

Caymant: m. *A certaine great Lizard, or Crocodile that lives in hot rivers.*

† Cayreux: m. euse: f. *Worme-eaten, or moath-eaten.*

Cayfferon. *A little chest, or coffer of wood:* ¶ Langued.

Cayffon: m. *A wooden chest, or coffer:* ¶ Langued.

Cazole. *as* Casole.

Cazot: m. *A cote, or small house.*

Ce. *(A Pronowne demonstrative) this; also, that; also, it; and, (going before any (plurall) termination of the verbe* Estre) *these, or those: Put after that Verbe, in a question, tis as the Latine Interrogative* Ne; *as,* est ce ma femme? sera ce demain qu'il viendra? *Is this my wife or not? or, Is not this my wife? What? will he come to morrow? or, Will he not come to morrow? Look* Cet.

Ceans. *Here within; in this place; in this house.*

† Cebo: m. *A little hulch-backe, misshapen, or ill-favoured starveling.*

Ceci. *as* Cecy.

Ceciliane: f. *The water chaine of a bit.*

Cecilie: f. *The Blinde-worme, or Slo-worme.*

† Cecine: f. *Beefe growne dry, and red with long hanging by the fire; Martlemas beefe.*

Cecité: f. *Blindnesse, darknesse, uncertainty.*

Cecy. *(A Pronowne demonstrative) this, this here, even this, this very thing.*

Ceder. *To yeeld, grant, or give place to; to give, grant, or make over unto; To leave, or part with.*

Cedre: m. *The Cedar-tree.*

Cedre aigu. *The crimzon, or prickly Cedar.*

Cedre Lycien. *The rough Cedar of Lycia.*

Cedre Phoenicien. *as* Cedre aigu.

Cedre sapin. *The Cedar of* Libanus; *the great cone-bearing Cedar.*

Grand Cedre. *The same.*

Petit Cedre. *The little, or low Cedar; the crimzon, or prickly Cedar.*

† Cedrelate: m. *The great Cedar.*

Cedriat. *A kinde of Pome-citron, called so in* Provence.

Cedride: f. *The fruit, or berry of the low Cedar.*

Cedrie: f. *The rozen, or pitch that issues from the great Cedar.*

Cedrin: m. *The siskin; a little yellowish bird that resembles the Canary bird; but sings more, and more sweetly, than she.*

Cedule: f. *A cedule, a scrowle, hand-writing, or private instrument in writing; a bill, obligation, acquittance, &c. signed onely with his hand that passeth it; also, an addition, or scrowle annexed unto a Testament, or other deed.*

Cegué: f. *Hemlocke.*

Ceinct: m. *A girdle; a band, or string to hold a thing in with.*

Ceinct: m. cte: f. *Girt, begirt, beset about; environed, incompassed, inclosed, held, or bemd, in on all sides.*

Ceinctes: f. *The bends, or wales of a ship; the thick ledges that compasse the out-sides thereof.*

Ceincture: f. *A girdle; also, the waste-band of a hose, or doublet.*

Ceincture ardente. *The fiery Zone, seated between the two Tropicks, and ordinarily called,* Torrida Zona.

Ceincture à bourse. *A large, and double belt, &c. used in old time, both as a purse and a girdle.*

Ceincture à crouppiere. *A belt, arming-girdle, or sword-girdle of the old fashion.*

Ceincture dorée. *A golden girdle; in former times, worne onely by such as went for honest women; for noted whores were forbidden it; yet,*

Bonne renoumée vaut mieux que ceincture dorée. Prov. *A good report excells all ornaments.*

Ceincture de dueil. *See* Dueil.

La ceincture de la Royne. *A certaine pecuniarie right, or taxe due unto the Quene of France. Look* Royne.

Aban donner sa ceincture. *A woman to give over the administration, or disposition of her deceased and indebted husbands goods; (a phrase appliable also unto any administrator; See* Quitter la cincture; apres.)

Iecter sa ceincture à terre. *Looke* Iecter

Les mains pendues à leur ceincture: Ils pensent qui leurs femmes tiennent les mains, &c. *They thinke their wives live peakingly at home, and pull strawes, plucke daisies, picke rushes, or blow their fingers; generally the phrase imports, an idle, and lazie fashion, or posture.*

Parler dessous la ceincture. *A certaine tricke in prisons. Look* Parler.

Large de bouche, & estroict de ceincture. *Open mouthed, but close handed.*

Il a perdu sa ceincture. *He hath neither money nor meanes left him; all is gone.*

Les pouces à la ceincture. *Idly, sloathfully, carelesly; or, as* Les mains pendues à leur ceincture.

Quiter la ceincture. *To breake, to fall bankrupt, to give over his trade, to shut up his shop windowes; (In old time when men wore their gownes close girt about them (as the Romans did, and of latter dayes our country-men) bankrupts were forbidden wearing of girdles, that the decay of their estate being made notorious, their deceitfull fetches might be prevented: And even in these times, if a man want a girdle, some will merrily demand, if he be not bankrupt.)*

† Ceincturé: m. ée: f. *Girt.*

† Ceincturer. *as* Ceindre; *To gird, or put on a girdle.*

Ceincturette. *A little girdle.*

Ceinturon. *Look* Ceinturon.

Ceindre. *To gird, begird; environ, incompasse, hold, or bemme, in on all sides.*

Ceint: m. te: f. *Look* Ceinct.

Ceinture. *Look* Ceincture.

Ceinturier: m. *A girdle-maker.*

Ceinturon: m. *A short, or small girdle; also, the strap, or side-peece of a paire of hangers.*

Ceisan. *A vassall, or subject unto a Lord:* ¶ Bearnois.

Cela. *(A Pronowne demonstrative of the second, and third person) that, even that; also, the act you wot of.*

Celade: f. *A Sallate, or head-peece.*

Cele. *A kinde of preserve.*

Celé: m. ée: f. *Hidden, concealed, kept secret; covered, dissembled.*

Celebration: f. *A celebration, solemnizing, celebrating; also, a renowning; a making famous, or glorious.*

Celebre: com. *Famous, renowned, glorious, honourable.*

Celebré: m. ée: f. *Celebrated, or solemnized with great assemblies; also, magnified, renowned, exceedingly honoured.*

Celebrer. *To celebrate, or solemnize, with great assemblies of people; also, to magnifie, make renowned, spread abroad the reputation, or fame of.*

Celebrité: f. *Celebrity; glory, honour, renowne, famousnesse, a good name, a great report in the world.*

Celement. *Secretly, covertly, biddenly, privily, by stealth.*

Celer. *To hide, conceale, keep secret, cover, cloake, dissemble.*

† Celerier: m. *The Yeoman of a sellar.*

Celerin: m. *A little, yellow-headed, and white-bodied fish, living in the Sea (and in some lakes) and resembling the Sardines so neare, that many take it to be the same.*

Celerité : f. *Celerity, ſpeedineſſe, haſt, ſwiftneſſe, lightneſſe, nimbleneſſe.*

Celeſte : com. *Celeſtiall, heavenly, divine.*
Paõn celeſte. *A wild Peacocke.*

Celeſtiel : m. elle : f. *Celeſtiall, heavenly.*

Celeume. *The ſhout, or noyſe that Mariners make when they weigh anker, or doe any other office in the ſhip with joyned ſtrength ; an incouraging ſound.*

Celiac : m. aque : f. *Whence ;* Le flux celiac. *A continuall thin flux cauſed by the weakeneſſe of the ſtomacke, and accompanied with fretting, or paine in the belly.*
Maladie celiaque. *An extreame weakeneſſe, and diſability of digeſtion, in the ſtomack, accompanied with a moſt thin, or watery flux.*

Celiaque : com. *Troubled with belly-ache, or fretting, and a continuall flux proceeding from the weakeneſſe of the ſtomacke.*

Celibat : m. *Single-life ; the condition, or eſtate of an unmarried perſon.*

Celibe : com. *Unmarried, ſingle ; ſolitary, alone.*

Celidoine : f. *The herbe Celandine, Tetterwort, Swallerwort ;* Looke Chelidoine.

Celier : m. *A ſellar, or (more properly) a roome, above ground, to lay wine in ; for your vault under-ground, is better expreſſed by,* Cave.

† Celique. *as* Celeſte.

† Celivage : com. *Heaven-faire ; heaven-affecting ; wending, or bending towards heaven.*

Celle : f. *The houſe, or manſion of, and a community of goods among, villaines, or perſons of a ſervile condition ; their children alſo, being at ſchoole, or in ſervice, by their parents appointment, are ſaid to be,* en la celle.

Celle. *The feminine of* Celuy ; *ſhe.*

Cellerage. *Sellerage ; a duty payed for the laying of wine into ſellars.*

† Celleriet : m. *A Butler, Dreamer ; Yeaman of the ſellar.*

Celoce. *A kind of ſwift Brigantine, or Pinace, deviſed, at firſt, by the Rhodians :* ℣ Rab.

Celſitude : f. *Celſitude, highneſſe, excellency ; (tearmes conferred on Princes.)*

Celuy : m. celle : f. *The ſame.*

Celuy-là. *That ſame (man, &c.)*

Cement : m. *Cement ; a ſtrong, and cleaving morter, made (for the moſt part) of tyles, potſhards, glaſſe, flint, the droſſe of yron, &c. beaten to duſt, and incorporated with lime, oyle, greaſe, rozen, and water ;* Looke Ciment.

Cemetiere : m. *A churchyard.*
De nouveau medecin cemetiere boſſu ; Prov. *An unexperienced Phyſitian fattens the churchyard.*
Veau mal cuict, & poules creuds font les cemetieres boſſus ; Prov. *Raw veale, and chickens make fat churchyards.*

Cemiterre. *A Scimitar, or Turkiſh ſword.*

Cenacle. *Looke* Senacle.

† Cencer. *To recken, eſteeme, account among his revenue ; to number, tell, muſter ; alſo, to rate, aſſeſſe, taxe, value, prize.*

Cenchre : m. *A greeniſh Serpent, or Snake, whoſe body is covered all over with ſkales, and ſpots reſembling Millet ſeeds, (thoſe that be ſtung by him fall into a Letargie, and ſleeping, die ;) or as ;*

Cenchrite. *A gyeene, and ſwift-gliding Serpent, big about the head, very ſmall towards the tayle, and full of Mill-reſembling ſpots (only) on the belly ; or as* Cenchre.

Cenchryne. *as* Cenchrite.

Cencive. *as* Cens ; *Alſo an inheritance held by, or ſubject unto,* Cens ; *alſo the title of, or a Tenure by,* Cens.

Cendre : f. *Aſhes ; cinders ; imbers.*
Cendre gravelée. *Aſhes made of the burnt lees, or dregs of wine.*
Cendre des Orfevres. *as* Cendrées des Orfevres.
Le jour des cendres. *Aſhwedneſday.*
Quittons les cendres. *Lets quit our unworthy play, or ſluggiſh life, at home.*

Cendré : m. ée : f. *Aſhy, aſh-like, of aſhes ; alſo, aſh-coloured.*

Cendrée : f. *A melting, or purifying of ſilver, &c. in aſhes ; alſo, a wedge, barre, lumpe, or ball of ſilver, &c. ſo melted ; alſo, an aſh-heape ; and, a place, or thing, burnt unto aſhes.*
Cendrées, & laveures des Orfevres. *The aſhie mammockes, or bits of metall, and droſſe found, after a melting, in a Goldſmiths furnace, and among the ſweepings of his ſhop ; Theſe the Finer puts into a veſſell, and having waſhed them, pickes out that which is worth ought from among them.*
Argent de cendrée. *Fine, or purified ſilver (of xj. d. eighteen graines fineſſe) which the finers make at firſt into wedges, and marke them with their puncheons, thereby undertaking for the goodneſſe, and value thereof.*
Cendrée ſauvage. *Wild Marjerome, grove Marjerome, Organ, Origany.*

Cendreux : m. euſe : f. *Aſhy, full of aſhes ; alſo, pale, wanne, lew, of a dead, colour or complection ; alſo, lither, ſluggiſh, idle ; whoſe noſe is ever hanging over the fire, and hence ;*
Au Chat cendreux jamais ne tombe rien en gueule ; Pro. *The idle houſe-dout never getteth ought.*

Cendrier. *A maker, or ſeller of aſhes ; alſo, a place to keepe, or corner to throw, aſhes in ; alſo, a ſluggard, ſlowbacke, idleby ; houſe-doug ; one that ſits lurking in the chimney corner.*

Cendroyé : m. ée : f. *Burnt unto, or turned into, aſhes.*

Cendroyer. *To burne unto, or turne into, aſhes.*

Cene : f. *A ſupper ; (a word not much uſed but by thoſe of the Religion, who thereby meane, the Lords Supper.)*

Cenglade : f. *A yerke, laſh, or ſtripe with a girth.*

Cengle : f. *A girth (for a horſe ;) Looke* Sangle.
Il en avoit tout le long des cengles. *He was curſed, cudgelled, or chidden ſoundly ; alſo, he had taken in his full lading of liquor.*

Cenglé : m. ée : f. *Girt, girded.*

Cengler. *To gird, or girth.*

† Cenotaphe : m. *A monument, hearſe, or empty tombe erected in memory, or to the honour, of a great Perſon.*

Cens : m. *Rent of Aſſiſe, Quit rent, old rent, chiefe rent ; the firſt pecuniary charge thats layd on conquered, or unrented land, as a ſigne, or in acknowledgement, of the direct Seignorie of him that grants it : This charge had it originall from the firſt queſt of Gallia by the French ; whoſe Princes giving whole Territories unto their Captaines, they made a diviſion thereof among their Souldiers, and the naturall Inhabitants of the Country, on condition, that thoſe ſhould aſſiſt, and attend them in the warres (which condition, being a truſt, they intitled, Fiet) and that theſe ſhould till their land, and pay unto them for it ſuch yearely rents, or tributes, as they had formerly yeelded the Romanes (by whom theſe rents, &c. were tearmed* Cenſus ;) *and thus this charge impoſed at firſt as a reſemblance of former ſervitude, continues to this day a marke of a baſe, or ſervile, Tenure.*
Cens capital. *A chiefe, or capitall Cens ; chiefe rent.*
Cens à cherchage. *Which muſt be demanded by Lord* Cenſuel, *or his deputy, of the Tenant, or detayner of the Inheritance, that yeelds it ; therein different from that* Cens *which is payable at a place, and day, certaine.*
Cens à cher pris. *A racked* Cens, *which very neere countervailes the yearely revenue of land, and which being extraordinary, and chargeable to the tenant he is thereby diſcharged of the* Ventes, *and* Relevoiſons, *which the ordinary* Cens *carries with it.*
Cens à iour nommé. *Looke* Nommé.
Cens mort. *A* Cens *ſeck, or dead* Cens ; *a Quit rent ; which, beſides it ſelfe, yeelds the Lord no manner of profit, or advantage, at the death, or change of the tenant ; (This* Cens *is no ſigne of direct Seignurie.)*
Cens à queſte, ou requerable. *as* Cens à cherchage.
Cens rogo. *The ſame.*
Cens truant. *A* Cens *ſecke, or dead* Cens ; *a Quit* Cens, *or Quit rent ; of no profit, or advantage (other than what comes by it ſelfe) to the Lord, or owner thereof.*
Chef Cens. *A chiefe* Cens, *or chiefe rent.*
Cher Cens. *Looke* Cens à cher pris.
Droict cens. *The firſt, capitall, or chiefe* Cens ; *tearmed ſo becauſe tis a marke of direct Seignory.*
Gros cens. *A ſurcharge of* Cens *upon a ſecond grant of land, which by reaſon thereof ſtands doubly charged ; viz. both with the firſt* Cens, *which ever followes it ; and with this, which ever exceeds the firſt ; and is proportionable in ſome reſpects unto a Fee-farme rent.*
Menu cens. *The firſt, capitall, or chiefe* Cens ; *tearmed ſo becauſe tis commonly payed by pence, and halfe-pence, or exceeds not a very ſmall proportion.*
Premier cens ; &, pur cens. *The ſame ; or, a Quit rent, a chiefe rent ; a* Cens *of Aſſiſe.*

Cenſable : com. *For which, or to whom,* Cens *is due ; alſo, which may be charged with* Cens.

Cenſe : m. *as* Cens ; *alſo, a generall, and publique valuation of private mens goods, and poſſeſſions.*

Cenſe :

Cenſe: f. *A farme, alſo, Fee-farme.*

Cenſé: m. ée: f. *Reckoned, eſteemed, accounted; numbred, muſtered, among; alſo, rated, ſeſſed, taxed, valued, prized.*

Cenſeable: com. *For which, or to whom, Cens is due; alſo, which may be charged with a Cens.*

Cenſer. *To reckon, eſteem, account among his revenue; to number, tell, muſter; alſo, to rate, aſſeſſe, taxe, value, prize.*

Cenſeur: m. *A Cenſor; or Comptroller; a Maſter of diſcipline, reformer of manners, puniſher of diſorders.*

Cenſier: m. *A farmer, or Fee-farmer; one that payes a Quit rent, or chiefe rent for the land hee holds; (generally) one that holds by the title of* Cens.

Cenſier: m. ère: f. *Of* Cens; *yielding* Cens; *or, to whom* Cens *is due.*

Iuſtice cenſiere. *as* Iuſtice Cenſuelle.

Cenſit: m. *An inheritance, or eſtate in land that's held by* Cens; *alſo, the Seigneury thereof.*

Cenſif: m. iue: f. *Cenſive; held by the title of* Cens; *or for which* Cens *is due.*

Cenſive: f. *as* Cens; *Alſo, an inheritance held by, or ſubject unto,* Cens; *alſo, the title of, or a tenure by,* Cens.

Cenſivement. *By* Cens; *by the title of* Cens.

† Cenſivier. *A farmer, or Fee-farmer; one that payes a Quit rent, or chiefe rent for the land he holds; (generally) one that holds by the title of* Cens.

Cenſorin: m. ine: f. *Cenſor-like, cenſorious; auſtere, ſevere, controlling, impartially correcting.*

Cenſuel: m. elle: f. *Cenſuall; of, or belonging to,* Cens; *held by the title of* Cens; *whereto* Cens *is due; in regard whereof* Cens *is payed.*

Iuſtice cenſuelle. *Baſe, or low iuriſdiction, belonging to a Lord by reaſon, or for the recovery, of his* Cens, *and cenſuall rights.*

Retraict cenſuel. *Seek* Ratraict.

Cenſure: f. *A cenſure; admonition, animadverſion, reproofe, reprehenſion (that includes a puniſhment;) a denouncement, or ſentence, of puniſhment.*

La cenſure tourmente les Pigeons, laiſſant aller les Corbeaux libres; Prov. *Cenſure tormenteth Doves, and ſpareth Ravens (ſo comes weake innocency to the blocke, whilſt powerfull wickednesſe is winked at.)*

Cenſurer. *To cenſure, controule, admoniſh, reprove with authority; to pronounce, or denounce a heavie ſentence againſt (an offendor.)*

Cent. *A hundred.*

Centaure: m. *A Centaure; one that is halfe a man, and halfe a horſe.*

Centaurée. *The herbe Centorie.*

Centaurée majeur. *Great Centory.*

Centaurée mineur. *Small Centory, common Centory.*

Petite centaurée. *The ſame.*

Centeine: f. *A hundred; the number, or proportion of a hundred; a Band, or company of a hundred.*

Par centeines. *By hundreds, hundred by hundred, in great number, many together.*

Centenaire: com. *Of a hundred, containing the number of a hundred, of a hundred yeares continuance, a hundred years old.*

Centenier: m. *A Centurion, a Captaine, or Commander of a hundred ſouldiers, &c.*

† Centeſimer. *To count, or cull out, by hundreds.*

† Centidoine: f. *Centinody; Knot-graſſe, Way-graſſe, Birds-tongue, Swines-graſſe, Blood-wort, S. Innocents herbe.*

Centieſme: m. *A hundreth; a vaie, or proportion, of a hundreth; a bundle, or troop, containing a hundreth.*

Droict de centieſme. *The hundreth part of a ſubjects goods, or the value thereof, exacted by ſome Soveraign Lords.*

Centieſme: com. *The hundreth of.*

Centine d'une rouë: f. *The box, (or bole) of the nave of a wheele.*

Centoire: f. *The herbe Centory; as* Centaurée.

Centon: m. *A rapſody; a confuſed heap, or collection of many different things; a mingle mangle of many matters in one booke.*

† Centonifique: com. *Confuſedly heaping, or budling many ſeverall things together, making one worke of many different pieces.*

Centre: m. *A center; the very middeſt, or point in the middeſt, of any round, or circled thing.*

Centuriet: f. *A century, or hundreth of; alſo, a certaine quantity of, or meaſure for, ground, amounting to two hundreth* lugers, *or furlongs.*

Cep: m. *The ſtock of a tree, or plant; alſo, a log, or clog, of wood; ſuch a one as is hung about the neck of a raiſing curre.*

Des ceps. *A pair of ſtockes for malefactors; alſo, (but leſſe properly) ſhackles, boults, fetters, &c.*

Cepée: f. *An herbe that's very like unto Brook-lime, or water-Pimpernell (if it be not the ſame.)*

Cependant. *Nevertheleſſe, yet notwithſtanding, yet for all that;* Cependant que. *The whileſt that.*

Ceper vne muraille. *To undermine, digge, breake, or cut downe a wall, at the foot.*

Cephale: m. *The Pollard fiſh.*

Cephaleonomanie. *Divination by an aſſes head broyled on coles.* ¶ Rab.

Cephalique: com. *Good for the head; curing a diſeaſed head; of, or belonging to, the head.*

Veine cephalique. *The head Veine; Look* Veine.

† Cepier: m. *A goaler; one that looks to the ſtocks; or hath charge of them, or of thoſe that are in them.*

Cepride: m. *Taulme.*

Ceramite. *Potters earth.* ¶ Rab. *alſo, a precious ſtone of the colour of a tyle.*

Ceranvienne: f. *A certaine precious ſtone that's alwayes very moiſt, and ſeemes to ſweat.*

Ceraſte. *A moſt venomous ſerpent, called otherwiſe (and the more properly in French)* Serpent cornu. *See* Cornu.

Cerat: m. *A Plaiſter made of waxe, Gums, &c. and certaine oyles; we alſo, call it, a Cerot, or Seare-cloth.*

Cerat ſandlin. *The purple clout wherewith Cookes dye their Gelly; or, a Seare-cloth made of Saunders.*

† Ceraunobule. *Thundring with Bulls; as the Pope.*

Cerceau: m. *A circle, ring, hoope; a round, or a round compaſſe; alſo, the Sarcell, or Sarcell (feather) of a hawkes wing.*

Cerceau craquetant. *The jerking circle which a Peacock makes with his taile, or a Turky-cocke with his wings.*

Cercelé: m. ée: f. *Hooped, incircled; compaſſed with a round or circle; ſtreaked, or ſcored round as a circle.*

Cerceler. *To hoop, incircle; compaſſe with a round, or circle; ſtreake, or ſcore, round as a circle.*

Cercelle: f. *(The water-fowle called) a Teale.*

Cercelle. *as* Cerceler.

Cercerelle: f. *A rattle, clicket, or clapper; alſo, a kaſtrell, ſuckwind, ſteingall; alſo, a Teale.*

Cercereulle. *as* Cercerelle *(in the laſt ſence.)* (v.m.)

Cerche: f. *A ſearch, inquiſition, inquiry, ſeeking after.*

Cerche ralongée. *Th'inſtrument wherewith Maſons round, and faſhion, pillars.*

Cerché. m. ée: f. *Searched, ſought; hunted, inquired after; felt, groped, ſounded; traced.*

† Cerchefi. *Look* Sercifi.

Cerchement: m. *A ſearching, ſeeking, hunting, inquiring after; alſo, an inquiſition, or examination.*

Cercher. *To ſeek, ſearch, hunt, look, or inquire after; to trace, feel, grope, ſound.*

Cercher le brouſt. *To hunt after feaſts, to play the paraſite, or ſmell-feaſt.*

Cercher chappe cheute. *Look* Chappe.

Cercher midi ou il n'eſt qu'onze heures. *To look for a thing wich is not, or, before it is, to be had; alſo, to make faults of triſles; to ſeek after his owne hurt, or to purchaſe his owne harme.*

Cercher en vn mouton cinq pieds. *Curiouſly to ſeek for more at a mans hands then he is able to performe.*

Cercher noiſes pour noiſettes. *To picke a quarrell out of triſling occaſions.*

Qui m'aura perdu ne m'aile cercher en ce païs là. *(A phraſe, whereby one ſignifies his utter miſlike of a country.)*

Chacun cerche ſon ſemblable; Pro. *Every perſon ſeeks his Peer.*

Il cerche trop bas la charité qui ſouille prez des feſſes; Prov. *The charity is too baſe that ſtoopes ſo low as the buttocks; or, he looks too low for charity that gropes about the buttocks.*

Le fol cerche ſon malheur; Prov. *The foole indeavours to make himſelfe unhappy; or, the foole ſtudies his owne miſhap.*

Qui a affaire de ſeu le doit cercher; & qui a beſoing de feu le cerche avec le doigt; Prov. *We ſay, (with ſome little difference) Let them that be acold blow at the cole.*

Cercheur: m. *A ſeeker, ſearcher; inquirer, tracer, hunter, looker after; a feeler, groper, ſounder.*

Cercle: m. *A circle; a compaſſe, a round; alſo, a hoop for caske. Look* Cicle.

Cercle finiſſant. *Th'Orizon; a circle that divideth the viſible part of heaven from that which to us is invisible.*

Cercle vertical. *Seek* Vertical.

Il y quarre le cercle. *His ſquaring is there out of ſquare.*

On ne cognoiſt point le vin aux cercles; Prov. *The goodneſſe of wine is not knowne by the faſhion, or ſtrength of the hoopes that begirt it.*

Cerclé: m. ée: f. *Incircled, compaſſed; beght; bound, or hooped about.*

Cerclet: m. *A little circle, round, compaſſe; hoope; alſo, a ſmall wreath of Ozier twigs, to ſet under a diſh on a table.*

Cerclet à feu. *A wreath, or circlet of wild-fire; a fire-worke made like a wreath, or circlet.*

† Cerclouëre: f. *A paire of weeding tongs.*

† Cercot: m. *A ſafegard.*

Cercueil: m. *A coffin; alſo, (but not ſo properly) a beere; alſo, a tombe, graue, ſepulchre.*

† Cerebelle, *for* Cervelle: f. *The hinder part of the head wherein the memory is lodged.*

† Cerebrin: m. ine: f. *Heady, raſh, giddy, according to his own braine, after his own fancy, or humour.*

Cerelle: f. *A kind of pleaſant perry, made of the peare* Cariſi.

Ceremonial: m. ale: f. *Ceremoniall; of, or belonging to, ceremonies.*

Ceremonie: f. *A ceremony; a rite, cuſtome, or faſhion in, or about, religion.*

Ceremonieuſement. *Looke* Cerimonieuſement.

Ceremonieux. *Ceremonious; full of ceremonies.*

Cerf: m. *A ſtag, a red deere; a hart.*

Cerf ramé. *A raine deere.*

Cerf volant. *The great horned beetle, or bull-flie.*

Corne de cerf. *Hartshorne, Sandwort, Buckehorne plantaine, Crowfoot plantaine, herbe Ivie, or Eve.*

L'herbe au cerf. *Harts-fodder; ſuppoſed to be a kind of wild Parſenip.*

Langue de cerf. *The herbe Harts-tongue, or ſtone Harts-tongue; ordinarily miſtaken for, and made all one with,* Scolopendria.

Oeil de cerf. *A kind of wild Parſenip, that beares a red flower, and is not ill to be eaten.*

Poil de cerf. *The dunne, ſandy, or deere, colour of ſome horſes, &c.*

Ronce de cerf. *Rought Bindweed.*

Faire le cerf de. *To paſſe a thing ſlightly over, to make no conſcience, nor account, of it.*

Au cerf la biere, au ſanglier le barbier; Prov. *(So dangerous a beaſt is an enraged flag.)*

Cerfouëtte. *Looke* Serfouëtte.

Cerfouïr. *To dig the ground about the roots of trees; or as* Sarfouïr.

Cerfueil: m. *The herbe Charvell, or Chervill.*

Cerf-volant. *The great horned beetle, or bull-flie.*

Cerille: f. *A ſmall tittle, or addition to the foot of a* C *(as in* ç*) which makes it be pronounced as an* S.

Cerimonialement. *Ceremonially, reverently, religiouſly.*

Cerimonie. *A ceremony; a rite, cuſtome, or faſhion in, or about, Religion.*

Cerimonieuſement. *Ceremoniouſly, with great reverence, many ceremonies, much ado.*

Cerimonieux: m. euſe: f. *Ceremonious; affectiong, following, or full of ceremonies.*

Cerin: m. *as* Serin. *A ſmall bright-greene bird.*

Cerin-perſe. *A bright skie-colour.*

Ceriſaye: f. *A cherry garden; an orchard of cherrie trees.*

Ceriſe: f. *A cherry.*

Ceriſes d'outre mer. *The berries of the herb Nightſhade, called by our Herbariſts, winter cherries.*

Faire d'une ceriſe trois morceaux. *To eat nicely, feed daintily; to mince it, or make it goodly.*

C'eſt folie de manger ceriſes avec ſon ſeigneur; Pro. *No wiſe man will be very familiar with one that is much better, or mightier than himſelfe; beſides, he that eates cheries with his maſter gets not many good ones.*

Le Pigeon ſaoul trouve les ceriſes ameres; Prov. *Looke* Pigeon.

Ceriſée: f. *The revenue that comes in, or profit thats made, by cherries.*

Ceriſier: m. *A cherry tree.*

Ceriſier bas, ou petit. *The dwarfe cherry tree.*

Ceriſin: m. *The little bird called a Siskin.*

Cerne: m. *A circle, round, compaſſe; incloſure; a turning round, fetching a compaſſe, wheeling about.*

Cerné: m. ée: f. *Incircled, compaſſed with a circle; invironed, or incloſed round about; alſo, rounded, compaſſed, or wheeled about.*

Cerneau: m. *The kernell of a nut, &c.*

Cerneau d'aulx. *A clove of garlike.*

Cerner. *To incircle, compaſſe with a circle, inviron, or incloſe round about; alſo, to make a round, fetch a compaſſe, wheele about.*

Cerner les arbres. *To make a round ſlit, or inciſion into the barkes of trees; to open or cut them round about.*

Cerder des noix. *To cracke Walnuts; or, to open them, and picke out their kernels, with a* Cernoir.

Cernoir: m. *A little blunt, and hulch-backt yron toole, or knife, (of ſome two fingers length, and having a woodden handle about an inch thicke, and three fingers long) wherewith country people cut ripe wall-nuts in two (while they are yet in the ſhale) and picke out the kernels.*

De l'arbre d'un preſſoir le manche d'un cernoir; Prov. *To make of a very great, a very ſmall, thing, by often handling, or altering, and ever cutting away, ſome peece or other, of it.*

Ceroeſne. *as* Ceroine.

Ceroine: f. *Any oyntment, or plaiſter, whereof rozen, or wax are the principall ingredients.*

Ceromantie: f. *Divination, or ſoothſaying, by wax put into water.*

Ceroc: m. *A ſeare-cloth; or plaiſter made of wax, gum, or other cleaving ſimples.*

Cerouënne: f. *Any ointment, or plaiſter, whereof wax or rozen are the chiefe ingredients.*

† Cerquemage. *as* Cerquemanage.

† Cerquemanage: m. *An aſſignment of bounds, a limitation of marches, an appointment of meeres betweene the lands of ſeverall (private) men; or betweene private mens lands, and thoſe which belong to the publique; as commons, highwayes, rivers; &c.*

† Cerquemané: m. ée: f. *Bounded, limited, whoſe marches are appointed, whoſe meers aſſigned, and ſet, by publique officers.*

† Cerquemanement: m. *An aſſigning of bounds, an appointment of marches, a ſetting of meeres between land and land.*

† Cerquemaner. *To limit, aſſigne, or ſet meeres, appoint marches, lay out the bounds of land.*

† Cerquemaneurs: m. *Certaine ſworne Officers, who have authority to ſet, or plucke up, meeres and bounds between ſeverall mens poſſeſſions; and to examine, and reforme incroachments made upon high-ways, commons, rivers, &c.*

Cerre: m. *Th' unprofitable wild oke, termed, the Holme oke.*

Cerres: f. *as* Serres; *A hawkes talants; alſo, the pulſe called great Chichlings, or flat peaſon; Looke* Pois Cerre.

Cerres ſauvages. *Wild Chichlings, milke Vetches.*

Ceresine: f. *Gumme; or, liquor becomming like rozen, or gumme.*

Certain: m. *A certaintie, certaine truth, ſureneſſe, aſſurednesſe.*

Teſmoing de certain. *A witneſſe that aſſures, or ſaies he knowes, all he ſaies.*

Certain: m. aine: f. *Sure, doubtleſſe, unavoidable; aſſured, moſt true, unfeigned; approved; cleere, manifeſt; appointed, determined; firme, ſteady, faſt; conſtant, faithfull, truſty.*

Certaines perſonnes que. *Certaine, or ſome perſons that, &c.*

Certainement. *Certainly, doubtleſſly, ſurely, aſſuredly, verily, in truth, queſtionleſſe; unavoydably; cleerely, manifeſtly.*

Certaineté. *as* Certitude.

Certes à la certe. *Certainly, doubtleſſly, queſtionleſſe.*

Certeau à deux teſtes. *The name of a very tender and delicate peare.*

Certes. *Surely, verily, truly, &c. as* Certainement.

A certes. *In ſooth, in earneſt, roundly, throughly, to purpoſe, without dalliance, or delay.*

Certificateur: m. *A certifier, aſcertainer, aſſurer; alſo, an Informer, or notice-giver.*

Certification: f. *A certificat, a paſſeport; alſo, a certification, aſcertaining, aſſuring of.*

Certifié: m. ée: f. *Certified, aſſured, aſcertained; informed, or advertiſed of; made acquainted with.*

Certifier. *To aſſure, avouch, aſcertaine; alſo, to certifie, informe, advertiſe, or ſend word of; give notice, or intelligence, unto.*

Certioré: m. ée: f. *Certified, informed, advertiſed of, made acquainted with.*

Certitude: f. *A certainety; an aſſured notice, or true knowledge of.*

Cerve: f. *A Hind.*

Cerveau: m. *The braine.*

Cerveaux à bourlet. *Ignorant Lawyers, dunſicall pleaders, pettifoggers.*

Cerveaux enfroquez. *Monkes, or Fryers.*

Cerveau mal cuict. *A light, giddy, raſh, humorous, fantaſticall, or ill-digeſted diſpoſition.*

Petit cerveau. *as* Cervelet.

Avoir le cerveau vn peu gaillard. *To be humorous, teyſh, fantaſticall, new-fangled.*

Eſtre

Eſtre en cerveau. *To bee in his right wits; to bee ſtayed, well-adviſed, and out of adveſe, reſolute, or ſecure; to be provided againſt all chances, armed for all eſſayes, ready for whatſoever ſhall befall.*

Ceruelat: m. *An excellent kinde of drie ſaucidge that reſembles our blacke pudding, but that it is ſomewhat thicker, and ſhorter; and is eaten cold in ſlices.*

Ceruelet: m. *The hinder part of the brain, next to the nape of the necke; makes but a tenth of the whole, and is divided from the reſt by* Dura, & pia, Mater.

Ceruellin: m. ine: f. *Brainleſſe, beaddy, wilfull, giddy, fantaſticall, harebraind.*

Ceruelle: f. *The braine; or, hinder part of the head wherein the memory is lodged; the ſeat of the memory.*

Ceruelle à double rebras. *A dunce, blocked, jobernoll, ſoult-head, thicke-skinne, dull fellow; one that is obſtinately ſettled; into whom no wit can be beaten, no underſtanding driven.*

Gens de cervelle, ou (qui ſont) bien en cervelle. *Wiſe, or ſtayed people; ſuch as have ſound braines, or good heads.*

Tenir en cervelle. *To keep in awe, as in play; to arme with heed by often allarums; to harry, hold buſied, or in breath.*

Cervelliere: f. *A ſcull, or ſallet, of Iron.*

Cervical: m, ale: f. *Belonging to the nape, or hinder part of the neck.*

Artere cervicale. *Seek,* Artere.

Veine cervicale. *A branch of the* Soul-clauiere, *which paſſing along by the tranſverſe proceſſes of the neck-joynts, goes into the membrane called,* Dura mater, *and ends in it.*

Cervier. Loup Cervier. *See* Loup-cervier.

Cervine ſpine. *The ſhrub way-thorne, buckthorne, laxative ram.*

Cervoiſe. *Beere:* f.

Ceruſe: f. *Ceruſe, or, white lead, wherewith women paint; differs from Litharge (called alſo, white lead) for this is made of the groſſeſt lead, as it is in the mine; that, of lead refined, out of the mine.*

Ceruſeux: m, euſe: f. *Full of Ceruſe; beplaiſtered all over with ſard.*

Ces: m. *A ſtay, ceſſing, leaving, forbearing; alſo, a putting to ſilence, or forbidding to proceed.*

Ces (*The plurall of* Ce:) *Thus.*

Ceſarien: m. enne: f. *Ceſar-like; of, or belonging to* Ceſar.

Enfantement Ceſarien. *The birth of a childe, by cutting him out of his Mothers wombe; without the death of either.*

Section Ceſarienne. *Such a cutting.*

Ceſarine. Tondu à la Ceſarine. *Cut or powled round with, or like a diſh; (an old faſhion yet in uſe with ſome old men.)*

Ceſelſié: m. ée: f. *Sad, penſive; troubled, perplexed, vexed in mind;* ¶ Rab.

Ceſſation: f. *A ceſſation, ceaſing, ſtay, pauſe, intermiſſion, diſcontinuance, reſting, or leaving off for a time; a vacation; alſo, lingering, ſlackneſſe, loitering, ſloath.*

Ceſſe: f. *The ſame.*

Sans ceſſe. *Unceſſantly, without ſtint or ceaſing, perpetually, continually; alſo, exceſſively, immoderately, out of all ceſſe & cry.*

Ceſſé: m. ée: f. *Ceaſed, ſurceaſed, left off, diſcontinued, intermitted, forborne, ſtayed, held backe, or given over for a time; alſo, lingered, ſlackened, loitered.*

Ceſſement: m. *Look* Ceſſation.

Ceſſer. *To ceaſe, forbeare, ſtop, ſtay, pauſe, leave off, give over; to ſurceaſe, diſcontinue, intermit, reſt a while, hold backe for a time; alſo, to linger, loiter, ſlacken, play the ſluggard.*

Ceſſible: com. *Yeeldable, reſigneable, abandonnable.*

Ceſſion: f. *Yeelding up, or giving over; an abandonment of, or departure from, and particularly, a giving of place.*

Ceſſion des biens. *An abandonment of his owne goods, or a renouncement of his title to another man, thereby to bee but out of the reach, or danger, of creditors; Thus muſt bee done (eſpecially in the firſt caſe) by the debtor himſelfe (ungirt, and bare-headed) in the preſence of a full Court: After which he is not conſtrainable to pay his creditor more than can be raiſed by the ſale of his goods.*

Ceſſionnaire: com. *A ceſſionary; one that abandons, or gives up his goods as aforeſaid (in* Ceſſion de biens) *who though hee looſeth his credit thereby, yet is he not held ſo baſe as a bankrupt.*

Ceſſionner. *To cate between meales; to take an afternoones repaſt.* ¶ Norm.

Ceſt: m. ceſte: f. *as* Cet.

† Ceſton: m. *A ſtudded girdle, which (in old time) the Bridegroome put about his Bride as ſoone as they were married, and tooke off when they went to bed, together.*

Ceſtrin. *A kinde of yellow ſtone whereof beads are made.*

Ceſtuy. (*A Pronoune Demonſtrative*) *this man; alſo, he.*

Ceſtuycy. (*With addition of that locall Adverbe*) *this man here; this very man, this ſame man.*

Ceſue: f. *The ſappe of trees; Look* Seve.

Ceſure: f. *A cutting, ſection, diviſion.*

Cet: m. cette: f. *This; that; it; as* Ce; *but with this difference; that whereas* Ce *is put before words that begin with a conſonant, or* H *pronounced (as in naturall French it is)* Cet *precedes thoſe which begin with a vowell, or with* H *unpronounced, (as in words derived from Latine.)*

† Cetacé, poiſſon cetacée. *Of the kinde of Whales.*

Cete. *as* Cette; *The feminine of* Cet.

Ceterach: m. *The herbe. Seale-fearne, Stone-fearne, Finger-fearne, Miltwaſt.*

Cethin. *A kinde of wood that corrupts not.*

Cetier de bled. *A quarter of corne; or as* Septier.

Ceton: m. *A rowell for a bruiſed, or impoſtumed horſe.*

Cetuy. *Look* Ceſtuy.

Cevadere: f. *The ſprit ſaile of a ſhip.*

† Ceuchéter. *To whiſper in the eare.*

Ceve: f. *A whetſtone.*

Ceves: f. *Chives, Chibols.*

Cevotes. *The ſame.*

Chaas. (*Monoſillab.*) *Is the ſpace and length between beame and beame, wall and wall, in building; or a bay of building; alſo, the laſt of Kine after the bull; alſo, weavers ſtarch.*

Chabins: m. *The ſheep of Berry, whoſe wooll is very thicke, and as long as goats haire.*

Chable: m. *A cable, or great rope.*

Chable: f. *as* Cable, fem.

Chablis. bois chablis. *Wind-falls; the tree, or branches of trees, which the wind hath overthrowne.*

Chabot: m. *The little fiſh called a Gull, Bull-head, or Millers-thumbe; alſo, the little water vermine called, a Bull-head.*

Chabre: m. *The Cray-fiſh termed, a Pintger.*

Chabrer. *To reare upright; or, to riſe high before; as a Goat that would reach to a baugh.*

Chace. *Look* Chaſſe.

Chacer. *as* Chaſſer; *To hunt, &c.*

Chaceur. *A hunter, &c. Looke* Chaſſeur.

Chacie: f. *Bleareduceſſe, or bleare-eyedneſſe; a running, or waterineſſe of the eyes, accompanied with a painfull ſmarting and redneſſe.*

Chacieuſeté. *as* Chacie (*In extremitie.*)

Chacieux: m. euſe: f. *Bleare-eyed, whoſe eyes are full of water and bloud-ſhot.*

Chacun. (*Look* Chaſcun) *each one, every man.*

† Chacunetie: f. *Every ones owne; that which particularly concernes, or belongs unto, every one.*

Chacun à ſa chacunerie. *Every one to his owne home, or about his owne buſineſſe.*

Chaffauder. *To ſcaffold, or ſet up ſcaffolds; alſo, to ſet upon ſcaffolds; or ſhow upon a ſcaffold.*

Chaffault: m. *A ſcaffold.*

Chaffourré: m. ée: f. *Diſguiſed, blotted, blurred, beſmeared, marred; ſcribled.*

Chaffourrer. *To diſfigure, bot, blur, marre, beſmear; alſo, to ſcribble, or write ill-favouredly.*

Se chaffourrer. *To diſfigure, &c. himſelfe; alſo, to be drunke.*

Chaiouyn: m. *A Pole-cat.*

Chafourrer. *Look* Chaffourrer.

Chagrigner. *Look* Chagriner.

Chagrin: m. *Carke; melancholy; care, thought; perplexity, heavineſſe, anxiety, penſiveneſſe, vexation, or anguiſh of minde; alſo, a diſeaſe, or malady; eſpecially, ſuch as are comes by melancholy.*

Chagrin: m. ine: f. *as* Chagriné; *Or penſive, heavy, ſad, melancholick, out of quiet.*

Chagriné. *Vexed, grieved, perplexed, diſquieted.*

Chagrinement. *Penſively, heavily, ſadly, carkingly, carefully, in melancholy.*

Chagriner. *To vex, diſquiet, grieve, trouble, perplex, fill with care, heavineſſe, melancholy,*

melancholy, anguiſh.
Chagrineux: m. euſe: f. *Carefull, carking; penſive, perplexed, heavy, ſad, full of anxiety, fraught with anguiſh, all melancholy.*
Chahuant. *as* Chathuant.
Chaine: f. *A chaine. Look* Chene.
Chaine de drap, ou de Tifferand. *The woofe of cloth; the thread which in weaving runs over croſſe it.*
Chaine de S. Philibert. *A counterfeit chaine.*
Chainette: *A little chaine.*
Chainon d'une chaine. *A linke of a chaine.*
Le chainon du col. *The naupe, or (more properly) the chine-bone, of the necke. Look* Cheſnon.
Chair: f. *Fleſh.*
La chair duré. *The hard, and white part of an oyſter, which cleaves to the ſhell, and is covered with fiſh; the root of an oyſter.*
Il y a plus de chair que de ſauce. *Their company growes fulſome; there's much more fleſh than ſauce among them.*
Perdre la chair pour les os. *To loſe eſſentiall, for idle, things, the fleſh for the bones.*
Prendre chair. *To battle, get fleſh, wax fleſhy, grow into good liking, become fat and faire.*
Tremblant entre cuir, & chair. *As under* Cuir.
Amour ſe nourrit de ieune chair; Pro. *Young fleſh is food for love, love battles with young fleſh.*
Ieune chair, & viel poiſſon; Prov. *Young fleſh, and old fiſh (are daintieſt.)*
Plus près eſt la chair que la chemiſe; Prov. *Our women ſay, neare is my petticoat but nearer is my ſmocke.*
Toute chair n'eſt pas venaiſon; Prov. *All fleſh is not veniſon; every man is not to be affected, eſteemed, truſted, or uſed; every ſaying is not ſooth, every work not of worth.*
Chair-bouillé: m. *A ſodden fellow; or one whoſe fleſh doth look as if it had been ſodden.*
Chair-bouillé: m. ée: f. *Like ſodden fleſh; or, ſodden as fleſh.*
Chaircuicterie: *The market, or place, where bacon, or any kinde of bogges-fleſh may bee had ready boiled.*
Chaircuictier: m. *A Cook that ſelleth all kinde of bacon, porke, or bogges-fleſh ready boiled; alſo, a bungler; an unskilfull workman, or tradeſman.*
Chaircuiterie, &, Chaircuitier. *as* Chaircuicterie; &, Chaircuictier.
Chaircuté: m. ée: f. *Hacked, hewed, malled; cut as ſmall as fleſh to the pot.*
Chaircuter (à coups d'eſpées.) *To hew, cut, hacke, or chop as ſmall as fleſh to the pot.*
Chaire: f. *A chaire; alſo, a pulpit for a Preacher.*
Chaire briſée. *A foulding-chaire.*
Chaire percée. *A cloſe-ſtoole.*
Dire en chaire. *To preach.*
En défaut de ſage le fol monte en chaire; Prov. *A foole, for want of wiſer, ſteps into the roome.*
Chaiſe, or Chaize: f. *A pulpet.*
Chaiz. *Low ware-houſes, or ſellars to lay merchandiſe in:* ¶ Bayonnois.
Chalamine. *as* Calamine.
Chalan: m. *A wood-boat, or barge; a kind of midling boat, uſed (moſt) in the carrying of wood up and downe rivers.*
Chaland; ou Chalant. *A cuſtomer unto a Merchant, or ſhop.*
Chalandiſe: f. *Cuſtome, cuſtoming, uſuall trading unto one ſhip.*
Chalanger. *To claime, challenge, make title unto, ſet in foot for; alſo, to accuſe of, charge with, call in queſtion for, an offence; &c. as* Calenger.
Chalant: m. *A great barge; a weſterne barge; or, as* Chalen.
Chalant de. *Caring, paſſing, carking, taking thought for.*
Chalcide. *A kinde of ſpotted Lizard which is very venemous, and yet being taken in drinke, healeth the hurt ſhee made.*
Chalcidique. Liſard Chalcidique. *The ſame.*
Chalcite. *The recrement of braſſe, cleaving to the ſides of the furnaces wherein tis purified; (This is artificiall* Chalcitis; *for there is alſo, a naturall one, a cauſtick and corroſive mineral, that ſomewhat reſembles braſſe; is full of long, and ſhining veines; growes commonly next under* Miſy *(another mineral) and is of much uſe in eye-medicines; againſt corroſive ulcers, inflammations of the jawes, and offenſive tumors in other parts.)*
† Chalemeler. *To play on a little pipe.*
Chalemelle: f. *A little pipe made of a reed, or of a wheaten, or oaten, ſtraw.*
† Chalemie: f. *as* Chalemelle.
† Chalenée: f. *A boat-full, or barge-full of.*
Chalenger. *as* Chalapger.
Chaleur: f. *Heat, warmth, hotneſſe; boyling; vehement paſſion, fiery affection.*
Faire venir en chaleur. *To make a bitch proud, or ſault.*
Chaleureux: m. euſe: f. *Hot, fiery, ſcalding, burning; fervent; full of heat; full of hotneſſe.*
Chalibé: m. ée: f. *Steeled; done over with ſteele; wherein ſteel is quenched; belonging unto ſteele.*
Chalict. *Look* Chaſlit.
Chaline: f. *A little thunder, in a morning,* ¶ Poict. *alſo, drineſſe, drought, or dry weather. (v.m.)*
Chalifſier: m. *A maker of Bedſteads.*
Challer. *A hare to bee bagd; or breede young; alſo, to ſhale, or coſhell, Nuts, &c.*
Chaloir. ſe cha. de; *To paſſe, care, take thought for.*
Ne te chaille. *Care not, be of good cheere man, take no thought for the matter.*
Qui peut il chaloir quant a la diſpute? *What of that, what skils it, what matter makes it, of what conſequence, or importance can it be, in the diſputation?*
Chalon: m. *as* Chalan; *alſo; a kind of fiſh-net.*
Chaloppes: f. *The huſkes, parings, or ſhalings of a nut, or nut-kernell.*
Chaloupe: f. *A Shallop, or ſmall boat.*
Chaluc. *A kinde of mullet which delighteth much in her owne talk.* ¶ Lang.
Chalumeau: m. *A ſmall reed, or cane; alſo, the ſtem of an herbe; alſo, a wheaten, or oaten ſtraw; or a pipe made thereof.*
Chalumeux: m. euſe: f. *Knotty, or full of knots, as a reed, or the ſtalke of ſome herbes.*
Chamade: f. *The ſounding of Trumpets; a call, or ſummon by the ſound of Trumpets; and hence;*
Sonner la chamade. *To ſound a parley; alſo, to ſummon, challenge, call on.*
† Chamæciſſe: f. *Spurge time.*
Chamaeleon blanc. *The Carline, or Carlina thiſtle.*
Chamaeleon noir. *The black Chameleon thiſtle.*
Chamailler. *To ſtrike, hack, hew, fleſh with ſwords, or other weapons upon armour; or armed men.*
Chamailleur: m. *A fleſher, hackſter, waſh-buckler.*
Chamaillis: m. *The reſounding of ſtrokes, or blowes, or the claſhing ſound of blowes, in a battell, or ſkirmiſh of armed men; alſo, ſuch a battell, fight, bickering, skirmiſh.*
Chamaran: m. *The herbe* Scordium, *water Germaunder, Garlick Germaunder.*
Chamarier: m. *A certaine Officer, at Lyons.*
Chamarre: m. *A looſe, and light, gowne (and, leſſe properly, a cloake) that may be worne aſwaſh, or skarſe-wiſe; alſo, a ſtudded garment.*
Chamaré. m. ée: f. *Laced thick all over; aſlope, ore-croſſe, or billet-wiſe; alſo ſtudded, or ſet thick with ſtuds.*
Chamarrer. *To lace thick, all over; aſlope, ore-croſſe, or billet-wiſe.*
Chamarreure: f. *A thicke lacing aſlope, over-croſſe, or billet-wiſe; alſo, a ſtudding, or ſetting thick with ſtuds.*
Chamarrier. *as* Chamarier.
Chambellage: m. *An Income; a duty, or fine payed, of courſe, unto a Landlord upon every change of tenant; alſo, a fee thats due unto the chiefe uſher of the Chamber of Accounts, upon every homage made by one of the Kings tenants.*
Chambellan: m. *A Chamberlaine; alſo, a Gentleman, Groom, or Uſher of the Chamber (eſpecially the firſt; for the other two are more properly termed,* Valets de Chambre.)
† Chambellenage. *as* Chambellage. ¶ Breton.
Chambre: m. *Hempe.*
Chambre: f. *A chamber; Lodging, Roome, in a houſe; alſo, a Law-Court, or Court of Juſtice; or the room wherein 'tis uſually kept; alſo, the box of the nave, or ſtock of a wheele.*
Chambre aiſée. *A Privie, Jakes, houſe of Office; a Cabinet, or little corner to ſet a cloſe ſtole in.*
Chambre ardente. *A chamber, or court (in every Parliaments one) wherein thoſe of the Religion have been cenſured, and adjudged unto the fire.*
Chambre des Aydes. *The room wherein the Court of Aydes is kept (In* Paris *there be two of them.)*
Chambre baſſe. *as* Chambre aiſée.
Chambre des comptes. *The Court of Accompts, or of the Exchequer; In every towne of Parliament there is one of them; and in that of* Paris, *two rooms, and a double* Bureau: *In old time there was but*

one in France (at Paris) and then certain Lords Officers of the Crowne, and of the privy Councell, (two whereof, a Clark, and a lay-Lord, late ex Presidents) were appointed to looke unto the Accompts: Afterwards it was made (as now it is) an ordinary, and soveraigne Court, consisting of Presidents and their Assistants, Maistres des comptes (in other Courts termed Counsellors) and other Officers peculiar to it selfe: Montpellier was the next town of Parliament that got one; and after it the rest, at sundry times, got theirs.

Chambre du Conseil. *A soveraigne and extraordinary Court, consisting of two Presidents, and eight or ten Counsellors (halfe whereof belong to the Court of Parliament, and the other halfe to the Chamber of Accounts) who heare, and determine finally such complaints as are made by suitors against the arrests, and decrees of that Chamber; and otherwise take order, that the proceedings thereof bee not, without great cause, hindred, or oppugned.*

Les chambres de la Cour. *are as well, all the inferiour Officers, Counsellors, or Commissioners that belong to a Court, as the rooms wherein it is usually kept.*

Chambre aux deniers. *as* Chambres des monnoyes.

Chambre du Domaine. *A Court whereto Appeales are made from* la Chambre du Thresor.

La Chambre dorée. *The principal Chamber, or Court, of the Parliament, wherein the chiefe Presidents heare and determine the weightiest causes; termed so, because the upper seeling thereof is gilt.*

Chambre de l'Edict. *as* Chambre mipartie; *called so from an Edict (of the yeare 1594,) whereby it was established.*

Les Chambres des Enquestes. *The Chambers, or Courts of Enquests; whereof there be divers in the Parliament of Paris, for the examination, and triall of civill causes, and appeales, by witnesses, and other evidences.*

Chambre de femmes. *A Nurserie; or private room onely for women.*

Chambre haute. *A dining chamber.*

La chambre mipartie. *A Court of Justice established in divers good townes of France, in favour, and for the righting, of them of the Religion, whereof the one halfe of the Judges are, and the other halfe Papists.*

Cambres des monnoyes. *A Soveraigne Court, wherein the currantnesse, weight, and value of moneyes are examined; and the disorders, faults, and offences of Mintmen, coyners, clippers, &c. punished. This Court hath two Presidents, and eight generall (assistant) counsellors (besides inferiour Officers) belonging to it; and pretends it selfe as ancient as the Court of Accompts, or to have been incorporated into the same (whereto they yet belong) a room that hath a furnace within it, and is termed,* La Chambre des monnoyes.) *In old time moneyes were made in 25 French townes, and all they called* Chambres des monnoyes; *but there are not so many at this day.*

La chambre nouvelle. *A certaine late-erected Court of Justice, consisting of 20 Presidents, and Counsellors, besides inferior Officers.*

Chambre des Requestes. *The Court of Requests; whereof there be two; the one of good antiquity; the other (consisting of two Presidents, and eight Counsellors, &c.) erected in the yeare 1580.*

La Chambre Royale. *A Court erected of purpose for the examination of the dealings and carriage of Financiers, or Exchequer-men.*

Chambre du Thresor. *Was in old time a place of generall Receit for the revenue of the Kings demeane, attended on by* le Changeur du Thresor, *a Controller, and two clarks; Now it a court wherein the Treasurers of France, assisted by eight Counsellors, heare and determine all suits that concerne, or happen by reason of, the said demeane; also, the Rolls; or the place wherein all the principall Charters, and Evidences of France are kept.*

La Chambre des vacations. *An ordinarie Court (kept every vacation) by certain select Judges for the determining of petie causes.*

Arriere chambre. *Look* Arriere-chambre.

La grande chambre des Enquestes. *The great, or principall chamber of Enquests.*

La grande chambre du plaidoyé. *as,* La Chambre dorée.

La nouvelle chambre des Enquestes. *The new, or last-erected, Court of Enquests.*

Robbe de chambre. *A night-gowne.*

Vuides chambres font Dames folles; Pro. *Empty chambers make women play the wantons.*

Chambrée: f. *A Camerade; a chamberfull of; a company that belongs to, or lyes in, one chamber.*

Chambrerie: f. *A Chamberlainship; the estate, place, or office of a Chamberlaine.*

Chambrette: f. *A little chamber, a small room.*

Chambreux: m. euse: f. *Much loving, or living in, a chamber.*

Chambrier: m. *A chamberlain in an Abbey, or in an Inne; also, a chamberlain, or one of the chamber, unto a Prince.*

Grand Chambrier. *The Lo. Chamberlain (whose Office was by Francis the first suppressed, and the fees, profits, rights, and jurisdiction thereof annexed unto the demeane of the Crowne; Anno 1545.)*

Chambriere: f. *A chamber-maid, or maid-servant, (most commonly) one of the meanest ranke, and of basest imploiment; or one that serves as a drudge, or kitchin-wench in a house.*

En Moissons Dames chambrieres sont; Prov. *Ladies are but drudges, or wait on themselves, as long as harvest lasts.*

† Chambrillé: m. ée: f. *Chambery; full of inner rooms, or chambers.*

Chambrillon: m. *A little room, small chamber.*

Chambrillon: f. *A little, or young chamber-maid, or kitchin-wench.*

Chameau: m. *A Cammell.*

Pasture de chameau. *The reed, or rush, tearmed Camells hay, and Squinant.*

Donner le fardeau selon le chameau. *To proportion a load unto his strength that is to beare it.*

Chamedrée: f. *Germander, English Treacle (an herbe.)*

Chamelée: f. *Widow-wayle (a shrub.)*

Chameleon: m. *Look* Chamaeleon.

Chamelier: m. *A Camell-keeper; or Camell-driver.*

Chame. *A kinde of cockle, or small, and round shell-fish, the which in eating inflames the mouth like Pepper.*

Chamion: m. *A little dray, without wheels, whereon the vinegar-makers of* Paris *drag along their lees.*

Chamois: m. *A wilde Goat, or Shamois; also, the skin thereof dressed, and called ordinarily Shamois leather.*

Champ: m. *A field, land; open, or plaine peece of ground; & (by metaphor) any large, and copious subject for discourse; also,* Camp.

Champ de bataille. *A place of Battaile between two armies, or of combat between two champions.*

Champ bosialle. *A common field. See* Bosialle.

Champ clos. *A place railed in, or inclosed, as a Tilt-yard, for single combats.*

Champ ouvert. *A plaine, and open field, or place, wherein a battaile hath been, or may be, fought.*

Champ de relais. *A fallow ground, a ley land; a field that lyes a yeare together plowed, but unsowed.*

Champ verré. Velours champ verré. *A Vary-coloured, or party-coloured, Velvet.*

La clef des champs. *Liberty; Seeke* Clef.

La porte des champs. *The back-doore of a countrey-house.*

Sur le champ. *Presently, immediately, incontinently, forth-with, out of hand, at that very instant.*

Le champ luy est demeuré. *He hath got the victory, won the field: (for he that after a battaile keepes the field, though hee have lost the more men, is held the Master.)*

A chasque bout de champ. *Still, ever, in each place, which way soever one turne him.*

Assez de champ pour faire glane. *Room sufficient for many to helpe themselves in; advantages enow for them to take hold of; stuffe good store for them to gaine by; matter enough to be wrought on, gathered, or picked out, after others have done withall.*

Aller aux champs. *To goe into the country.*

Ayant vn oeil aux champs, & l'autre à la ville. *Seek* Oeil.

Courir les champs en pourpoint. *To run like a bedlam, to course up and down like a mad-man.*

Donner les champs à. *To give liberty unto.*

Donner la clef des champs à. *To dismisse, let go, send out, give liberty unto.*

Gaigner les champs. *To shew a faire paire of heeles, to flye his country, to run away.*

Mettre quelqu'un aux chãps. *To provoke*

one to anger, to put him into a chafe, to put him into choler, to make him as mad as a March hare; alſo, to ſet one aſtote, to put him into a great conceit of himſelfe; to make him goe the faſter on, or give the more forward; alſo, to diſmiſſe him, put him forth, or ſend him abroad, into the world.

Se mettre aux champs. *To braue it in ſhew, to put the better leg before; to ſet cock a hoop, or himſelfe out to the vtmoſt; alſo, to give himſelf ſcope, liberty, roome enough.*

Bois ont oreilles, & champs oeillets; Prov. *Woods haue their eares, and fields their eyes; ſo apt and able is euery place to detect cloſe villany.*

En petit champ croiſt bien bon bled; Prov. *Good corne growes very well in little fields; or (better) very good corne growes in little fields; excellent ſpirits are often lodged in exile, or ſmall, bodies.*

Champagne. *The name of a Prouince in France.*

Droict de Champagne. *The Fees due vnto the Officers of the chamber of Accounts, out of farmes let in that Prouince; viz. two ſhillings ſterl. out of ſuch as are worth a hundred pounds or leſſe; and foure ſhillings for thoſe that exceed that rate.*

Champaigne. *as* Campaigne; *alſo, a field, in armory; whence;*

Champaigne potencée. *is that which our Blaſoners terme, a Barre miere.*

Champar, ou champart *Field-rent; halfe, or part, or the twelfth part of a crop due, by bargaine, or cuſtome, vnto a Landlord, and taken off the ground for him, before the farmer lead any; alſo, a field, or cloſe; alſo, a green lying before a Countrey-houſe.*

Champarter. *To diuide a field (or the crop of a field) by euen, or due, parts; to lay out vnto euery one his portion therein.*

Champartereſſe, grange ch. *whereinto, the part of a crop due by the right of* Champart, *is layed.*

Champarteur. *A diuider of fields, or field-rent; one that ſhares out vnto euery one his due part of, or portion, in a crop.*

Champartir. *as* Champarter.

Champayage: m. *A running, or grazing of cattell in the fields; whence;*

Vn tel a champayage en tel lieu. *Hath going for his beaſts in ſuch a place.*

Champayer. *To reſide, or continue among fields; alſo, to wander in, or walke ouer, the fields; alſo, to field it, or carry abroad into the fields; alſo, to runne, feed, graze, or paſture in fields; alſo, (actiuely) to put cattell on a ground, or turne them into the fields, to let them goe therein.*

Champé d'aſur. *Azure, or, the field Azure.* (Blaſon.)

Champeſtre: com. *Fieldy, plaine, champian; of, or belonging to, the fields; alſo, clownish, ruſticke, booriſh, homely, bred in the countrey, liuing among fields; alſo, wild, rude, ſauage, hagard, vnreclaimed, vnciuill, barbarous.*

Champeyer. *as* Champayer.

Champi: m. Champiſe: f. *Baſtard, or baſe-borne;* of Bourbon. *alſo, couſening, cheating, nimble-fingered, alſo, ſeeming, but not being, honeſt.*

† Champicerie; vn tour de champicerie; *a cheating prank; a trick of nimble knauery, or of Legierdemaine.*

Champignon: m. *A Muſhrum, Toad-ſtoole, Paddock-ſtoole.*

Champignons de pourceaux. *The white, or yellowiſh muſhrums, which may bee eaten; in Latine they are alſo called,* Fungi ſuilli; *and by Latine Phyſitians,* porcini; *we may therefore lawfully call them, Hogs Muſhrums, or Swines Muſhrums.*

Champion: m. *A champion; one that fights a publick combat in his owne, or another mans, quarrell.*

Champis. *Look* Champi (*the plurall whereof it is.*)

Champleure. *as* Chantepleure.

Champoyer. *as* Champayer; *to continue in the fields, &c.*

Chance: f. *A chance, hap, aduenture, hazard; alſo, the game at dice called Mumchance, or ſuch another.*

Il n'eſt chance qui ne retourne; Prov. *All chances doe returne one time or other.*

Chanceler. *Look* Chanceller.

Chancelerie: f. *A Chancery Court; the Chancery; the Seale Office, or Court of euery Parliament, and Preſidiall Seat.*

Les Chanceleries Preſidiales. *The meaneſt Courts of Chancery in France; whoſe Seales are different from, and leſſe then, the ſeales of other Chanceries; and are not imployed but in ſome few Writs, or Letters, for cauſes that bee vnder the value of 250 pounds* Tourn. *Nor is any ſuitor tied to vſe them, but may procure his Writs to bee ſealed either in the great Chancery, or in that which belongs to the Parliament within the iuriſdiction whereof he liues.*

La grande Chancelerie. *The great Chancerie; euer attendant on the Kings perſon, and gouerned by the Lord Chancellor of France.*

Les petites Chanceleries. *The Chanceries of Parliaments, and Preſidiall ſeats, are indifferently termed ſo, in difference of* la grande Chan. *The ſeales of theſe Chanceries are gouerned by* les Gardes des ſeaux. *in abſence of the Maſters of Requeſts, who in their circuits, aſſigned them by the Lord Chancellor, viſit at leaſt, once a yeare, euery one of theſe Chanceries.*

Chancelier: m. *A Chancellor: The Lord Chancellor is the principall Magiſtrate of France (as ours of England) and is, in his iudgments, exempted from the iuriſdiction, or cenſure of Parliaments (as ours vncontroulable by the common Law;) On him depends the ordering, and diſpoſition of Iuſtice; the eſtabliſhment of good, and ſacred Lawes; the reformation of ſuperfluous, and abrogation of vnprofitable Edicts; and the putting downe of all Offices that be offenſiue to the people, or chargable to the State; He hath the keeping of the Kings (great) Seale; and by the vertue thereof either paſſes, or may put backe, ſuch Letters Patents, and Writs as are preſented vnto him.*

Chancelier de Geneviefve. *An Officer in the Vniuerſity of* Paris, *who hath authority to examine, and licence, Maſters of Art.*

Chancelier de noſtre Dame. *Another, who hath authority ouer Diuines, Lawyers, Phyſitians, &c. and puniſheth vnruly ſchollers, of what degree ſoeuer.*

Chancelière: f. *A Chancellors wife.*

Chancellant: m. ante: f. *Staggering, reeling, ſtutting, ſtammering.*

Chancellement: m. *A ſtaggering, reeling, wauering in gate; a ſtutting, ſtammering, faultering, in ſpeech.*

Chanceller. *To reele, ſtagger; waver, make indentures; alſo, to ſtammer, ſtut, faulter in ſpeech.*

Bien pouſſé longuement chancelle; Pro. *He ſtaggers long that's thruſt with a ſtrong hand.*

Il vault mieulx trebucher vne fois, que touiours chanceller; Prov. *Better fall at once, then ſtagger alwayes; better to erre altogether, then alwayes to waver; better to ſtep in for once, on the wrong ſide, then ſtill to doubt what ſide he ſhall follow.*

Chancellerie. *as* Chancelerie.

Chanceux: m. euſe: f. *Fortunate, happfull; ſucceſſiue,*

† Chanci: m. ie: f. *Muſty, fuſty, ſtinking, or vnſauoury with age, or ill-keeping.*

† Chanciſeure. *Look* Chanſiſeure. *Faſtineſſe,*

Chancre: m. *A canker; a paineſull, hard, vgly, and vneuen ſwelling with blacknesse, and inflames the veines that are about it.*

Herbe au chancre. *Turneſole, Wartwort, Heliotropium.*

Chancreux: m. euſe: f. *Cankerie, cankered; full of cankers.*

Boiſe chancreuſe. *A cankered byle; pocky ſore, Winchester goose.*

Chandeleur. La feſte de la Chandeleur. *Candlemas day; the Purification of the bleſſed Virgin.*

Chandeleuſe. la Chan. *The ſame.*

Chandeleux: m. euſe: f. *Full of candles, of a candle, belonging to a candle.*

Chandelier: m. *A Candleſtick; alſo, a Chaundler, or Candle-maker, or Candle-ſeller; alſo, Candlemas day.*

Mis au chandelier. *Entertained, rectiued, accepted of; vſed, imployed, ſet on worke.*

Il en tuera dix de la chandelle, & vingt du chandelier. *Looke* Chandelle.

Aujourd'huy Febvrier demain Chandelier; Prov. *(For Candlemas day is euer the ſecond of February.)*

Chandelier: m. ere: f. *Belonging to a Chandler, Candle, or Candleſtick.*

L'herbe chandeliere. *The Colewort is called ſo by ſome; by others (perhaps more properly) the herbe Mullein.* Seeke Herbe.

Chandelle: f. *A candle, a ſize; a light, or taper.*

Chandelles de buchs. *Rozen candles, vſed by the poorer ſort of people neare vnto* Bourdeaux.

'A la chandelle; *By candle-light; in extremity, or at the point of death, when a man is ready to giue vp the ghoſt (for then the Romaniſts light candles, vpon a conceit that euill ſpirits are driuen away thereby.)*

'A la chandelle allumée *The ſame; or, before all be gone; while there is time, or any life in it; whilſt it is in handling, or may be had.*

'A la

'A la chandelle eſteincte. *Too late; when a thing is paſt recovery; after all is gone, or the buſineſſe done; (This Phraſe, and the former, ſeeme derived from Outropes; wherein after the firſt offers made, a candle is lighted at the bidding of more; after which, that being put out, another is alſo lighted, when a third part more is bidden; and when twice as much, another; which once put out, the thing is inſtantly delivered ouer.)*

Bruſler la chandelle par les deux bouts. *To waſt, or ſpend, things diſorderly; to ſquander he cares not how, nor what; alſo (but leſſe properly) to play the micher, nigardize it, go very neerely to worke.*

Se bruſler à la chandelle. *Said of one that gives ſo much for a farme, &c. of the Kings (which is let by Outcrie, who will give moſt, while three pound of Wax candles laſt lighted) that he looſes very much by it; This Phraſe is alſo taken otherwiſe, as in that which followes.*

Il ſe vient bruſler à la chandelle. *The light he hath received, ruines him; or, that which might have directed, comes to ruine, him; alſo, he hath diſcloſed his own knavery, he hath bewrayed himſelfe.*

Emporter à la chandelle. *To carry a thing cleare away by offering the moſt for it. (Look in 'A la chandelle eſteincte.)*

Gaſter vne chandelle pour trouver vn petit mouchon. *To ſpoile much in ſearch after a little.*

Il en tuera dix de la chandelle, & vingt du chandelier. *He will do wonders, he will cut them into many peeces, he will make minced meat for Crowes of their carkaſſes; no man will be able to ſtand before him, he is growne ſo fell, fierce, or furious; (Ironically.)*

Le jeu ne vaut pas la chandelle. *It will not quit coſt; there will be nothing got by him that toyles, or deales in it.*

Il y avoit à chaque Sainct ſa chandelle. *There was for every Saint his candle; every one had ſomewhat, more or leſſe, beſtowed on him.*

Monter au greniet ſans chandelle. *To light in a turd.*

'A la chandelle la Chevre ſemble Damoiſelle; Pro. *By candle-light a ſhee Goat ſeemes a Gentlewoman; (where, by the candle, is meant a mans owne affection, or the opinion of another; either of which followed wholly in the choice of a wife, hath often proved erroneous.)*

Au plus debile la chandelle en la main; Prov. *(We ſay) he that worſt may holds the candle.*

Il n'y a ſi petit Sainct qui ne deſire ſa chandelle; Prov. *There is no man in authority, how ſmall ſoever, but lookes for the reſpect thats due unto him.*

Chanca. le grand chanes. *May-weed, wild Camomill, ſtinking Maithes.*

Chanfrain de Cheval d'armes. *The frontſtall, head-peece, or forhead peece, of a barbed horſe.*

Chanfrain (creux.) *A chanfering; or, a channell, furrow, hollow gutter, or ſtreake, in ſtone-worke, &c.*

Chanfron: m. *The name of an Italian coyne, worth about xx. d.*

Change: m. *Sumacke, leather Sumacke, or Curriers Sumacke. (a ſhrub.)*

Change: m. *A change, transformation, metamorphoſis; exchange; alteration, innovation; converſion; alſo, a Banke of Exchange, or place where the money is exchanged, and commodities bartered for; alſo, a wrong Deere (in hunting) or the beaſt whereinto a purſued Deere is gotten.*

Aller ou change: Il va au ch. *Is ſaid of a married man, or fornicator, that leaves his owne wife, or wench, and frequents the company of other women.*

Garder le change. *Hounds to purſue only the game they began with; hounds to ſticke to their owne, or old game; to run, or hunt, their owne.*

Prendre le change. *Hounds to riot, or to run riot; to ſpie out at a wrong Deere, and leave that which was firſt rowſed.*

Changé: m. ée: f. *Changed; transformed, metamorphoſed, altered, varied; converted; innovated; alſo, exchanged, interchanged, chopped, bartered, ſcoorſed.*

Changeant. *Changing, transforming; altering, varying, exchanging; interchanging.*

Changement: m. *A changing, transforming, altering, varying; converting; innovating; alſo, an exchanging, interchanging, chopping, ſcoorſing, bartering; alſo, a kind of ſhadowing; Looke Nuage.*

Changer. *To change, transforme, alter, varie; innovate, convert; alſo, to exchange, interchange, trucke, ſcoorſe, barter, chop, with.*

Changer de train. *To ſhift a thing out of one hand into another; and (in matters of inheritance) to have a new Lord, or owner.*

Changer de race. *Looke Nocr.*

Changer de poil. *To mend his manners, to alter his former diſpoſition, to become a new man.*

Tel change qui ne gaigne pas; Prov. *Many change for the worſe.*

Changeur: m. *A changer, exchanger, banker; alſo, a toletaker; or gatherer of tribute.*

Changeur du Threſor. *The Kings Receiver generall, called ſo in old time; at this day, Threſorier du Domaine.*

Chanoine: m. *A Canon in a Cathedrall church.*

Chanoiherie: f. *as* Chanoinie.

Chanoinie: f. *A Canonſhip; the place of a Canon.*

Chanſi: m. ie: f. *Muſty, muſhy; almoſt rotten, putrified; unſavoury through age, or long keeping; alſo, mouldy, buſty, vinewed.*

† Chanſiſſeure: f. *Muſtineſſe, muſhineſſe, putrefaction; alſo, bourineſſe, mouldineſſe, vinewedneſſe.*

Chanſon: f. *A Song; Aire; Ballade; Lay, Roundelay, Vyrelay; alſo, a Poem, or diſcourſe, in Meeter.*

Chanſon de Ricochet. *A Song, Play, Tale, or diſcourſe thats endleſſe, and hangs ill together; or, whereof one part confutes, or contradicts, another.*

Chanſon de Robin. *A merry and extemporall ſong, or faſhion of ſinging, whereto one is ever adding ſomewhat, or may at pleaſure adde what he liſt; hence, alſo, any tedious, or endleſſe diſcourſe, &c.*

Ces chanſons procedent de la meſme cornemuſe. *All theſe matters have but one head, all theſe buſineſſes but one originall.*

On luy demanda la chanſon. *(Spoken jeaſtingly of one thats but newly come out of priſon, where having been (as a bird in a Cage) incloſed, he may perhaps have learnt to ſing.)*

En vne chanſon n'y a qu'un bon mot; Prov. *And thats the laſt (in the opinion of barſh, and barbarous people.)*

Chanſonet: m. *A Canary-bird; or as* Sanſonet.

Chanſonnette: f. *A little ſong, a pretty aire; a ſlight, or light note, or tune.*

Chanſonneur: m. *A great ſinger of ſongs.*

Chanſonnier: m. ere: f. *Always ſinging, full of ſongs.*

Chanſons. *Colombine flowers.*

† Chanſtié: m. *as* Chantier, *a Gauntrie, or Stilling.*

Chant: m. *A Song, Ayre, Carroll, Ballade, Lay, Roundelay, Vyrelay; alſo, a Poem, or Diſcourſe, in Ryme.*

Chant Royal. *A kinde of ancient Poem dedicated to the honour of Jeſus Chriſt, or of his mother; and concluding with ſome five or ſix verſes, commending, or directed unto, one Prince or other, not formerly mentioned.*

Chanté: m. ée: f. *Sung, chaunted; warbled; crowed; reſounded; commended, or deſcribed in Meeter, or in verſe.*

I'ay chanté à ſon han. *I have ſpoken with him.* ℣ Barrag.

Chanteau: m. *A corner-peece, or peece broken off from the corner, or edge of a thing; (and hence) alſo, a gobbet, lumpe, cruſt, or cantell of bread, &c; alſo, a quarter, or the quarter-peece of a garment.*

Le Chanteau part le vilain; Prov. *See* Vilain.

Chantel, *as* Chanteau. ℣ Lang.

Chantellage: m. *A certain fee due unto ſome Lords for the Gauntries whereon wine that is ſold hath ſtood.*

Chantelle. Les quattre deniers de chantelle. *Four pence payed every yeare, within* Bourbonnois, *by certaine villaines unto their Lords, in acknowledgment of their ſervile Tenures.*

Chantement: m. *A ſinging, reſounding, chanting, warbling, crowing.*

Chantepleure: f. *A garden Pot, or Gardners watering Pot; alſo, the cocke of a ceſterne; alſo, a certaine device, or engine, for the emptying of a water-veſſell, made of two Latine pipes (of equall bigneſſe, and length) ſoyned together at the one end, and thence dividing themſelves into the forme of a forke.*

Chantepoulet: m. *The leſſer century, Ruttigall, Feaver-wort. (Junius.)*

Chantepoulets. *as* Armoires; *Sweet Williams, Tollmeyners, London Tufts. (Mathiolus.)*

Chanter: m. *A ſinging, or chanting, where;* Beau chanter ſouvent ennuye; Pro. *Even choice delights are often tedious.*

Chanter. *To ſing; reſound; chaunt it, warble, as a bird; crow as a cocke, &c. alſo, to deſcribe, or commend, in verſe.*

Chanter en faulſet. *To faine; alſo, to ſing lowder and lowder, or higher and higher; to riſe from note to note, in ſinging.*

Chanter devant la feſte. *To triumph before a victory.*

Chanter l'hymne du Cigne. *To ſing, ſpeake, or utter his laſt.*

Chanter pouilles *To ſcold, reproach, revile, raile on.*

Chantez à l' aſne, il vous fera des pets; Prov. *Sing you to an Aſſe, and he will fart unto you; beſtow any good thing on a churle, and if he do requite it, it ſhall be in one filthy manner or other.*

Aſſeurement chante qui n'a que perdre; Pro. *He boldly chants it that hath nought to loſe; we ſay; and who doth ſing ſo merry a note as he that cannot change a groat?* (*This proverbe alſo will afford worthier expoſition.*)

On ſe laſſe de bien chanter; Prov. *Sweete* Laſſer.

Tel chante qui n'a ioye; Pro. *Many a one ſings that is full ſorry;* (*Thoſe that, againſt their wils, ride up Holborne, eſ verifie this Proverb.*)

Chanterelle: f. *The treble, in ſinging; alſo, a treble ſtring, or bell; alſo, a ſmall bell for a chyme.*

Chantereme: f. *A greene frog, land toad, hedge toad.*

Chanteresſe: f. *A Chanteresſe; a woman that ſings, or ſings much.*

Chanterie: f. *Chaunting, ſinging; Muſick; alſo, a Chanterie; the place, degree, or office, of a Chanter.*

† Chanterre: m. *An ordinary Poet, rymer, or verſifier, ſo tearmed in old time.*

Chanteur: m. *A ſinger, a Chaunter; alſo, a ſmall, white-breaſted, and red-bellied forreſt-bird that ſings very much.*

Chantier: m. *A Wood-mongers, or Tymber-ſellers yard; alſo a Staulder, or Wood-pile; alſo, a Vine-ſupporting pole, or ſtake whether it ſtand upright, or lye, as a croſſe barre, overthwart; and* (*hence*) *alſo, as* Treillis, *or a raile for the ſame purpoſe; alſo, a Stoope, or Pile, underpropping the bancke of a river; alſo, a Gaunt, or Stilling, for Hogs-heads, &c. to ſtand on; alſo, a Treſtle to ſaw Tymber on.*

Chantier de bois. *A ſtaulder, woodſtacke, pile of wood.*

Leurs Navires eſtoyent ent chantier. *Their ſhips were on the ſtockes, or in the docke.*

† Chantillonné: m. ée: f. *Chaunted; ſung roundly, or merrily.*

† Chantillonner. *To chant it; to ſing roundly, or merrily.*

Chantonner. *as* Chantillonner.

Chantourné: m. ée: f. *Turned round, as the ſhell of a ſnaile; or often in and out, as the courſe of a brooke in a meddow.*

Chantournement: m. *The wrigling, eddy, or often, and uncertaine turning in and out of the courſe of ſmall rivers.*

Chantourner. *To writh, or turne often in and out, like a ſmall ſtreame in a plaine field, or meddow.*

Chantre: *A chanter, a ſinger; alſo, a Chaunter in a Quere, or Cathedrall Church; alſo, as* Chavalline; *alſo, a white-breaſted, and red-bellied forreſt-bird that uſes to ſing very much.*

† Chantrerie. *as* Chanterie.

Chanure: m. *Hempe.*

Chanure ſauvage. *Baſtard Hempe, wild Hempe, Nettle Hempe.*

Chanureux: m. eúſe: f. *Hempen, Hempy, of Hempe; full of Hempe.*

Chanurier: f. *A Hempen cloſe; or, yard wherein Hempe is ſowed.*

Chaos: m. *A Chaos; a confuſed, or diſorderly heape; a huge, immenſe, and formeleſſe Maſſe, or mingle-mangle of ſundry things hudled together.*

Chape: f. *A Cope; alſo, the locket of a dagger, &c. Looke* Chappe.

Chapeau: m. *A hat; hood, or bonnet for the head; alſo, a garland of flowers, &c.*

Chapeau à l' Albanoiſe. *A high-crownd hat; a hat with a crowne like a ſugar-loafe; or of the Spaniſh blocke.*

Chapeaux blancs. *A multitude of ſeditious, and mutinous Rebels of Flanders, in Charles the ſixts time.*

Chapeau cornu. *A certaine deformed, and prickly fiſh, called, the great ſea Nettle.* ¶ Provençois.

Chapeau de mer. *The ſame.*

Chapeaux noirs. *The flowers of* Lonchitis (*an herb, whereof hath* Dioſcorides *and* Pliny *make mention; yet* Mathiolus *proteſts, he never could find it; nor heare of any that of late had found it.*)

Chapeau de Roſes. *Looke* Chapel.

Chapeau rouge. *A Cardinals hat; alſo, the bloudy necke of a headleſſe carkas; whence;*

On luy a fait porter le chapeau rouge. *They have cut off his head.*

Chapeau de Triomphe. *A round garland worne about his head that triumphed.*

Qui a argent a des chapeaux; Prov. *He that is rich is reverenced; or, he that hath mony wants neither hat, nor bonds; he that hath ſtore of coyne hath ſtore of all needfull commodities.*

Chapel. *as* Chapeau; *a hat; a garland.*

Chapel de Roſes. *A ſleight incompetint, or leſſe then due Portion, given a maid by her father unto her marriage.* ¶ Lodunois.

Chapelain: m. *A Chaplaine; alſo, the Curate of a Chappell.*

Chapelainie: f. *A Chaplainſhip; alſo, the cure, or charge of a Chappell; alſo, the living, or glebe, that belongs thereto.*

Chapelé: m. ée: f. *Chipped, as bread; or, as* Chapplé.

Chapeler (du pain.) *To chip bread; alſo, as* Chappler.

Chapelet: m. *A Chaplet; garland, wreath for the head; alſo, a couer, copping, or topping* (*made like a Chaplet*) *for any thing;* (*Hence*) *alſo, a nayles head; alſo, a haukes hood; alſo, a paire of beads; alſo, a wreath, or circlet of wicker, &c. to ſet under diſhes at meale-times; alſo, the breech of a Gunne.*

Chapelet du genouil. *The ball of the knee.*

Chapelet du iarret *The haught of the hamme; the cambrell bough of a horſe.*

Danſer en chapelet. *To dance in a round, ring, or circle.*

Chapelier: m. *A Hat-maker; alſo, a maker of Garlands.*

Chapelier: m. ere: f. *Of a Chaplet, hat, or garland; becomming, or doing well in, a Chaplet, hat, or garland.*

Chapelicre: f. *A woman that makes hats, or garlands.*

Chapeline. *as* Capeline.

Chapelis. *Looke* Chapplis.

Chapelle: f. *A Chappell; Oratory; little Church; alſo, a Lymbecke; or Stillitory.*

Chapelures: f. *Chippings of bread.*

Chaperon: m. *A hood, or French hood* (*for a woman;*) *alſo, any hood, bonnet, or lettice cap.*

Caperon à bourlet. *Such a hood as Lawyers and Citizens weare on their ſhoulders upon ſolemne dayes.*

Chaperon de fou. *A fooles cap ſet out with hornes, eares, ill faces, and other ſuch fopperies.*

Le Chaperon d'une Trepane. *The head, or hood of Trepane, whereby it is hindered from entering further then he liſts that holds it.*

Vn Chaperon fait à l'en veux. *A notable whipſter, or twigger; a good one I warrant her.*

Le moule à chaperon. *A womans pate.*

Deux teſtes en vn chaperon. *Two men of a like, or the ſame, humour, will and diſpoſition; two minds, or hearts, agreeing in one.*

Il bailla à ſa femme dronos, & chaperon de meſme. *He bangde, belammed, thumped, ſwadled, her.*

Qui n'a point de teſte, n'a que faire de chaperon; Prov. *He that hath no head needs no hood.*

Chaperonné: m. ée: f. *Hooded, having a hood on.*

Pigeon chaperonné. *A ruffed, or copped, Pigeon.*

Chaperonner. *To be bare, or uncover his head before; to cap, or put off his cap unto; alſo, to hood, or put a hood on.*

Chaperonnier: m. *Looke* Chapronnier.

Chaperonnier: m. ere: f. *Hooded; hooding.*

Herbe chaperonniere. *Wild Larks-heele, or, Monks-hood with the purple flower.*

Chaperonniere: f. *Looke* Chapperonniere.

Chaperonniere: f. *A poore ſlut, a draggle-tayle.*

Chapiteau: m. *The top, head, or chapter, of a pillar; alſo, the upper part of a Limbecke.*

Chapitre: m. *The Chapter of a booke; alſo, a Chapter, or aſſembly of the Deane, Prebends, Canons, and other Officers, of a Cathedall Church.*

Pain de Chapitre. *Looke* Pain.

Avoir voix en chapitre. *To be heard with much attention, and reſpect; to beare great ſway in an aſſembly.*

Chapitré: m. ée: f. *Schooled, cenſured, checked, reproved.*

Chapitrer. *To ſchoole, correct, reprove, checke, take up; alſo* (*leſſe properly*) *to beat, bruiſe; chop, or cut in peeces.*

Chapitreur de foin: m. *A ſharte-crow, bugbeare; one that threatens much, and does but a little.*

Chapler. *as* Chapeler; *to chip bread; or, as* Chapler.

Chaplis. *as* Chapplis; *alſo, bread-chippings; alſo, the ſmall peeces that flye from ſtones in the hewing; we call them rags.*

Chapon: m. *A Capon; alſo, as* Chappon.

Chapon de mer. *The Rochel; or, a kind of red Gurnard.*

Vol d'un chapon *Is the Acre, or Arpent* (*or ſuch a like proportion*) *of land, that lies next unto a Manner houſe, or capitall Meſſuage, and ſals ever* (*if there bee*

not

not a competent garden, &c.) together with it, unto the ſhare of the eldeſt ſon. Look Cheze; & Vol.

Coucher en chapon. *To goe very ſoon to bed anights*; or, *to get him to bed as ſoon as he hath ſupped.*

A qui chapon mange chapon luy vient; Prov. *Hee that eats good meat ſhall have good meat.*

Iamais putain n'ayma preud hom, ny graſſe geline chapon; Prov. *Never did whore love honeſt man, nor wanton wife her weak man.*

Iamais tigneux n'ayma le pigne, ny chapon creſtet geline; Prov. *See* Creſtet.

Si tu re trouves ſans chapon ſois content de pain & d' oignon; Prov. *If thou haſt not a Capon, feed on an Onion.*

Chaponné. *Guelt, made a Capon; cut, as a Capon.*

Chaponneau: m. *A Caponet, or young Capon.*

Chapponner. *To cut Capons; to gueld.*

Chapoté: m. ée: f. *Hacked, or whitled; alſo, hagled, or dodged about the price of; buſied in many things to ſmall purpoſe.*

Chapoter. *To hacke, or whittle; alſo, to hagle, paulter, trifle, or dodge, about the price of; alſo, to piddle, meddle, or buſie himſelfe in many things, and doe nothing well.*

Chappe: f. *A (Church-mans) Cope; alſo, a Judges Hood; alſo, the helme (or head) of a Limbecke; alſo, the chape, or locket of a ſcabbard; alſo, the top, or crowne, on the top of a Bell; alſo, a Mill-hoope, or Mill-caſe; the open cheſt wherein the ſtones doe run.*

Cerchier chappe cheute. *To picke, or be deſirous of, a quarrell; to look, or ſpye, what fault he may finde.*

Debatre de la chappe à l' Eveſque. *To contend, or brable about trifles; or ſay things which belong unto others.* Looke Debatre.

Chappel: m. *A Hat; a Garland.* ¶ Auvergnois.

Chappel d'argent; *as*, Garlande d'Argent.

Chappelainie: f. *A Chaplainſhip; the eſtate, or place of a Chaplaine, or of the Curate of a Chappell.*

Chappelet. *Look* Chapelet.

Chappelier: m. *A maker of Hats; or, of Garlands.*

Chappelier: m. ere: f. *Looke* Chapelier.

Chappeliere: f. *A woman that makes Hats; or, Garlands.*

Chappelet: m. *Looke* Chapelet.

Chapperon. *as* Chaperon.

Chapperonniere: f. *A chamber-maid, ſpinſter, kitchin-maid, meane wench, homely huſwife.*

Chappier: m. *A Cope-maker.*

Chappins: m. *Choppines; a kind of high ſlippers for low women.*

Chapplé: m. ée: f. *Hacked, hewed, flaſhed; alſo, chipped; as bread.*

Chappler. *To hacke, hew, flaſh upon, or in pieces; alſo, to chip; as bread.*

Chapplis: m. *The hacking, hewing, and flaſhing thats among armed men when they incounter; alſo, bread-chippings; and, the chipping of bread.*

Chappon: m. *A ſlip, ſmall twig, or ſhoot of a plant, or tree.* ¶ Bourg. *alſo, as* Chapon.

Chappoté: m. ée: f. *Dodged, paultred, hagled; alſo, hacked, or whitled.*

Chappron. *as* Chaperon. *A hood.*

Chappronner. *as* Chaperonner.

Chappronnier. *Faulcon bon chappronnier. That takes the hood gently, or will eaſily be hooded.*

† Chappuis. *Look* Chapuis.

Chapron, *as* Chaperon; *and (in Rabelais) a hooded foole.*

Chapteel. *A leaſe of a beaſt, and of the whole increaſe thereof, made for a certaine time, and price; or, a beaſt let out to the halves.*

Chaptels deniers *The principall ſumme, and charges a purchaſer hath payed, and been at, for land which the next of kin offers to redeem.*

Chapuis: m. *A Carpenter; one that deales with timber, or with timber-worke.* ¶ Dauph. & Lionnois.

† Chapuiſer. *To play the Carpenter; to worke Carpenters worke; to deale with timber.*

Char: m. *A Carre, waggon, waine, or Chariot.*

† Characle. *Garden Spurge.*

Characlere. *A Caracter; figure, &c. See* Carachere.

Charadrien. *A certaine bird, which earneſtly beholding one ſtint ſicke of the Jaundice, or beheld by him, heales him.*

Charanton. *as* Charanton.

Charanſonné: m. ée: f. *Gnawed, eaten into, or eaten up, by Weevills.*

Charancon: m. *A Mite, or Weevill.*

Charavean: m. *A Beetle.*

Charbon: m. *A coale; alſo, a Carbuncle, or Plague ſore.*

Le charbon. *The firſt lines, or lineaments of a pillure; (ſo termed ſo, becauſe moſt Painters draw them with a peece of Charcoale.)*

Charbon blanc. *A kinde of coale made of the wood of the Crimſon, or prickly, Cedar.*

Charbon de terre. *Sea-coale, or Pit-coale.*

Faire charbon de tout bois. *To imploy, or make uſe of, every thing.*

D'un ſac à charbon ne peut ſortir que de la pouſſiere noire; Prov. *A coale-ſack yeeldeth nothing but blacke duſt. Blacke thoughts can none but balefull acts produce.*

Charbonné: m. ée: f. *Painted, marked, written, with a coale; collowed, ſmeered, blacked with coales; (hence) alſo, darkened.*

Charbonnée: f. *A Carbonado, or collop of, &c.*

A vilain charbonnée d'aſne. *Look* Aſne.

Charbonner. *To paint, marke, write, or ſmeare, with a coale; to collow; to bleach, or make black with a coale.*

Si vous ne le voulez croire charbonnez-le. *See* Croire.

Charbonnerie: f. *A coale-pit, or coale-mine; alſo, a coale-houſe.*

Charbonneſque: com. *Coalie, of coales.*

Charbonneux: m. euſe: f. *Coaly, full of coales, all to becollowed; alſo, full of Carbuncles, or plague-ſores.*

Charbonnier: m. *A Collier.*

Ce ſont ſacs de charbonniers qui ſe noirciſſent l' un l'autre; Prov. *Theſe fellowes corrupt, by accompanying one another.*

Charbonniere: f. *as* Charbonnerie; *alſo, a Colliers wife, or wench.*

Charbot: m. *A Beetle.*

Charbot de bœuf. *The venomous black, and beetle-like fly, called, a long-leg, or wag-leg; a deadly morſell to the beaſt that licks him up.*

Chardon: m. *A thiſtle; alſo, a Cardone, or the ſtalke of an Artichoake, which buried in the earth in the end of Auguſt, proves excellent meat towards Chriſtmas.*

Chardon argentin. *Oat-thiſtle, Gum-thiſtle, Cotton-thiſtle, wilde white thiſtle, Argentine, or ſilver, thiſtle.*

Chardon aſnin. *The white thiſtle, wild Artichoke, or our Ladies thiſtle.*

Chardon benoiſt. *Holy thiſtle, Heſſed thiſtle,* Carduus benedictus.

Chardon à cent teſtes. *The hundred-headed thiſtle, field* Eringus, *Levant ſea Holme, Champian ſea Holly; (a ſtranger, as yet, in England.)*

Chardon eſtoillé. *The ſtone thiſtle, Caltrop, ſtarre thiſtle.*

Chardon à foullon. *The Teazell, Fullers thiſtle, Card Teazell* Venus baſon.

Chardon frenc. *The Artichoke.*

Chardon marin. *The ſea thiſtle, ſea Holly,* Eringus.

Chardon de noſtre Dame. *Our Ladies thiſtle, white thiſtle, milke thiſtle.*

Chardon pignolat. *Fullers thiſtle.*

Chardon roullant. *as* Chardon à cent teſtes.

Chardon ſauvage. *as* Chardon argentin; *or the ordinary wilde thiſtle.*

Chardon teſtu. *The hundred-headed thiſtle, or field* Eringus.

Chardons de treillis de fer. *A kinde of Iron defence, made thiſtle-like, and full of prickles, to keep a wall from being ſcaled.*

Laiſſons aux aſnes les chardons. *Let Aſſes feed on thiſtles; leave unto power ſprits dull conceits.*

Qui ſeme les chardons recueille des eſpines; Prov. *He that ſowes thiſtles reaps thornes.*

Chardonner le drap. *To raiſe, or lay the nap thereof, to dreſſe it, with the Tazell.*

Chardonnereau: m. *The barre of a doore; the peece, hand, or plate, that rivets along on the hindge-ſide of ſome doors.*

Chardonneret: m. *A gold Finch, or thiſtle Finch.*

Chardonnerette: f. *The thiſtly, or prickly Artichoke.*

Chardonnet: m. *Our Ladies thiſtle, milke thiſtle, white thiſtle; alſo, a gold finch.*

Chardonnette: f. *The wilde, or prickly, Artichoke; alſo, a kinde of ſauce for Kid.*

Formage à la chardonnette. *Cheeſe, whoſe milke was curded with the juice of the wild Artichoke; or, a Leaſen cheeſe, made of eggs and the ſtamine of fiſhes, and curded with the juice of that thiſtle.*

Chardonniere: f. *A plot, or garden of*

Thiſtles;

Thiſtles, *Artichokes, or Tazels* ; *alſo, as* Chardonnereau.

Chardous: m. *Chardoones* ; *or, the ſtaulks of Artichokes.*

Chardouſſe: f. *The white Cameleon, or white Caſline thiſtle.*

Chardouſſe noire. *The blacke Cameleon thiſtle.*

† Chardrier. *as* Chardonneret.

Charée. *as* Charrée.

Charenſon: m. *The (corne-devouring) Mite, or Weevill.*

† Chareſſe, &, † Chareſſer. *See* Careſſe, & Careſſer.

† Chareti: m. *A waggon-houſe* ; *a hovell to ſet carts under.*

Charetier: m. *A Carter, or Carman.*

Charetin. *as* Chareti.

Charette: f. *A Chariot, or Waggon.*

Charevaſtre: m. *An Aſh-cloth, Naſh-cloth, or Buckcloth.*

Terny comme vn charevaſtre. *As pale as an Aſh-cloth.*

Chargais: m. *A certaine unlucky bird of a browne, and (in ſome parts) of a white colour. & Savoyard.*

Charge: f. *A Load, Burthen, Fardle* ; *alſo, a charge, hinderance, or cauſe of extraordinary expence* ; *an Office, Commiſſion* ; *Dignity, Eſtate* ; *Place, or Imployment, of charge* ; *a buſineſſe, or matter given in charge* ; *alſo, the charge of a Gunne* ; *alſo, a charge given upon the enemy* ; *alſo, an accuſation, imputation, or fault layed to the charge of* ; *alſo, a Poultis, or moiſt Plaiſter.*

Charge Palatine. *The Stewardſhip of an Imperiall Court.*

Charge Vilaine. *as* Roture *(called ſo in old time.)*

Tas de charge. *Look* Tas.

Chevaucher ſa charge. *To ride circuit, as a Judge, &c.*

Chargé: m. &c: f. *Charged, loaden, burthened, enerated* ; *put unto charges* ; *aſſaulted, or charged, as an enemy* ; *accuſed, or charged, as an offendor* ; *alſo, that hath charge of.*

Chargé à poids de marc. *Throughly tipled, ſoundly whittled, that hath taken his liquor to purpoſe* ; *that hath his full load, or carriage of it.*

Chargé de la plus fine. *The ſame* ; *or delicately cupſhotten* ; *or as in* Fin.

Le cert a chargé ſa venaiſon. *The Stag is very fat.*

Cheval chargé de teſte, ou de col. *A heavy-headed, or hard-borne, horſe.*

Couleur chargée. *A very deep colour.*

Temps chargée. *A gloomy, cloudy, overcaſt, and ram-threatning ſeaſon.*

Laiſſer paſſer les plus chargez. *To take no thought, paſſe the time merrily, let the world ſlide* ; *(whileſt others pine away through care* ;*) or, ſuffering others, the whileſt, to buſie, charge, and torment themſelves with cares.*

Chargeant: m. ante : f. *Heavy, burthenſome, troubleſome, expenſive* ; *alſo, charging, loading, burthening.*

Charger. *To charge, burthen, enerate, load; lie heavy on, lay on, or lay load upon; alſo, to trouble, charge, or put unto charges*; *alſo, to give charge unto, beſtow a charge on* ; *alſo, to charge, aſſault, or ſet on.*

Charger toutes les voiles. *To clap on all the ſayles.*

Ie ne charge de rien. *I will take nothing upon me.*

Qui n'a cheual, ne chariot, il ne charge pas quand il veut; Prov. *Hee loads not when he liſts that wants both horſe, and cart.*

Chargnure: f. *as* Charnure.

Chargue: f. *as* Chargue.

Chariage: m. *Carriage, Carriages, Carts, or Waggons laden with prouiſion.*

Charier. *To cart* ; *to carry, or conveigh in a Cart.*

Charier droit. *To tread ſtraight, to take a right courſe* ; *to behave himſelfe honeſtly, ſincerely, uprightly* ; *or diſcreetly, warily, adviſedly.*

Chariot: m. *A Chariot, or Waggon; alſo, the ſeven ſtars, or* Charles wayne.

Chariot branſlant. *The Waggon, Coach, or Coroache, that hangs by leathers* ; *a hanging Chariot.*

Compagnon bien parlant vaut en chemin chariot branſlant; Pro. *Agrees with the Latine,* Comes facundus in via pro vehiculo eſt.

Qui n'a cheval ne chariot, il ne charge pas quand il veut; Pro. *He often wants of his will, that wants wherewithall.*

Chariotage: m. *Waggonnage* ; *the riding in, or carrying by, wagons, &c.*

Chariotte: f. *A ſmall Chariot, or toy that runs on wheeles, and teaches, or helpes young children to goe* ; *alſo, a kinde of Litter borne up by an axletree, and two wheeles; uſed heretofore by citizens wives, who were not able, or not allowed to keep ordinary Litters.*

Charitable: com. *Charitable* ; *bountifull to the poore, liberall to the needy, mercifull to thoſe in miſery* ; *good unto all.*

† Charitatif: m. lue: f. *as* Charitable ; *alſo, doing charitable deeds* ; *or inclining unto charity.*

Charité: f. *Charity, love, mercifulneſſe* ; *pity on, goodneſſe unto, the afflicted, or poore* ; *alſo, love, or good will unto, agreement or concord with, neighbours* ; *hearty friendlineſſe maintained, good offices continued unto, or among, all* ; *alſo, a bad word given, imputation laid on, ill turne done one* ; *and hence* ;

Ce ſont des charitez qu'l m'a monſtré: *Such are the favours, and friendly offices which hee hath done me in my abſence* ; *(Ironically.)*

Il cerche trop bas la charité en fouillant ſi prés des feſtes. *Charity is too high a vertue to be looked for ſo low as the buttocks.*

Charité oingt, & peché poinct; Prov. *Charity comforteth, ſinne afflicteth.*

Charivaris: m. *A publique defamation, or traducing of* ; *a foule miſe made, blacke Santus rung, to the ſhame, and diſgrace of another*; hence, *an infamous (or infaming) ballade ſung, by an armed troope, under the window of an old dotard married, the day before, unto a young wanton, in mockery of them both*; *alſo, a manner of catching, or killing of Stockdoves by night.*

Charivaris de poelles. *The carting of an infamous perſon, graced with the harmony of tinging kettles, and frying-pan Muſicke.*

† Charlaide. *Stout, valiant, warlike* ; *reſembling, or holding of,* Charles ; *(a name, wherein the French (by reaſon of the worth of ſome Kings of theirs) do very much glory.)*

Charlatan: m. *A mountebanke, a conſening drug-ſeller, a prating quack-ſalver, a tatler, babler, fooliſh prater, or commender of triſles.*

Charlataner. *To couſen, beguile, gull* ; *cog, foiſt* ; *play the Mountebanke* ; *to prattle, babble, tattle fooliſhly.*

Charlatanerie : f. *Couſening, or gulling ſpeech* ; *cogging, foiſting, lying* ; *extreme commendation of a triſle, thereby to make it the more ſaleable.*

Charlater. *Look* Charlataner.

Charlaterie: f. *Charlatiſme* ; *or, as* Charlatanerie.

Charlot: m. *A Curlew.*

Charme : m. *The Yoake-tree, Yoake-Elme, Horn-beame, Witch-baſell, Hard-beame* ; *alſo, a Charme, Spell, Incantation, Inchantment* ; *alſo, a Stubble ground.*

Charmeau': m. *A young, or little Yoake-tree.*

Charme-cœur. *Raviſhing, heart-charming, thoughts-inchanting.*

Charme-peine. *Griefe-charming, ache-inchaunting, paine-appeaſing.*

Charmer. *To charme* ; *to inchaunt.*

Charmereſſe: f. *An Inchaintreſſe, Witch, or Wizard.*

Charme-ſoing. *Care-inchanting, paines-alleying.*

Charme-ſouci. *Comforting, care-charming, carke-appeaſing.*

Charmeur: m. *A Charmer, an Inchanter, a Wizard.*

Charmeuſement. *Charmingly, inchantingly.*

Charmoye : f. *A grove of Yoakes, or of Horne-beame trees.*

Charnage: m. *Fleſh-time; the ſeaſon wherein fleſh is eaten* ; *alſo, fleſh, or fleſhmeat.*

Charnalité : f. *Senſuality, fleſhlineſſe, carnalneſſe.*

Charnaut: m. *Fleſh-time; the ſeaſon wherein fleſh may be eaten.*

Charnié: m. *A ſtake, prop, ſtay, pole, to ſupport a vine.*

Charnie: f. *A Plaine, Downe, open, or uninclоſed ground.*

Charnier: m. *A churchyard, or chanell houſe, a place wherein dead bodies are layd, or their bones kept* ; *alſo, a little ſtake, pole, or prop* ; *alſo, a poudering tub* ; *and hence* ;

Plus rouillé que la claveure d'un vieil charnier, &, Le viſage leur reluiſoit comme la claveure d'un charnier. *Seek* Claveure.

Il fera trembler le lard au charnier. *He will do wonders* ; *or, he will terrifie them wonderfully. (Ironically.)*

Charniére: f. *A hindge* ; *alſo, a knuckle, or turning joynt* ; *alſo, a certaine Device, or Engine, whereby a woodden leg, or arme is made to move* ; *alſo, as* Chardonnereau.

La charniere des genoux. *The whirl-bone, or whirle-bone, of the knees.*

Charnu: m. uë: f. *Fleſhy* ; *groſſe, corpulent, quarry, thick.*

Capeau charnu. *The ſea nettle.*

Charnure:

Charnure: f. *Brawne, fleſhineſſe, fulneſſe of fleſh, the ſubſtance of boncleſſe fleſh; the fleſhy parts of the body.*

La charnure d'herbes. *Their pith, or pulpe; or the knotty, or big ſwelling of (ſome of) their ſtaulkes, and roots.*

Charongne: f. *A carrion; a ſtinking carkas; putrified fleſh.*

Charongneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of carrion; ſtinking of raw, and putrified, fleſh.*

Charongnier: m. ere: f. *Affecting, or feeding on, carrion; as Kites, Crois, &c.*

Charopper. *To boyle one ſort of liquor nine or ten times over; (a word moſt uſed by Syrrop-makers.)*

Charpentailler. *To cut, hack, hew; as a Carpenter doth Tymber.*

Charpentaire: f. *as* Herbe au Charpentier; *alſo, the ſea-Onyon.*

Charpente: f. *A frame of Tymber, (for a houſe, &c.)*

Bois de charpente. *Tymber.*

Charpenté: m. ée: f. *Wrought, or built, by a Carpenter; made, or framed of Tymber; alſo, cut, or hewed, as Tymber by a Carpenter; and hence; hacked, flaſhed, mangled, or wounded (in many places of the body.)*

Charpenter. *To play the Carpenter, worke Carpenters worke, make, build, or frame, of Tymber; alſo, to cut, or hew, as Carpenters doe Tymber; and hence; to hacke, flaſh, mangle, or wound in many places of the body; alſo, to rumble, or make a great noiſe in a roome, by removing of heavy things.*

Charpenterie: f. *Carpentry, Carpenters work; the trade of a Carpenter; Architecture of tymber.*

Charpentier: m. *A Carpenter, a Wright.*

Herbe au charpentier. *Prunell, Carpenters-herbe, Sickle-worte, Hook-heale, Selfe-heale; alſo, Rib-worte, Lambes tongue, ſmall Plantaine, &c. Look* Herbe.

Charpi: m. *Lint, or downe (of linnen.) Look* Charpy.

Charpi: m. ie: f. *Toſed, or teaſed; uncluttered, or pulled out (as a thick lock of wooll;) alſo, drawn gently, as wooll, in the ſpinning; alſo, hatchelled, or hackelled; refined on the hatchell, or flaxcombe.*

Charpie: f. *as* Charpi. *Lint.*

Charpir de la laine. *To toſe, or teaſe it; to pull out, or aſunder, the thick lockes thereof; alſo, to draw it (gently) in ſpinning.*

Charpir du lin. *To hackle, or hatchell flax; to refine it by hatchelling, or on the flaxcombe.*

Charpy: m. *Lint.*

Charpy de Nature. *A Cobweb.*

Charrau: m. *A Cart-way, Rutt-way.*

Charrée: f. *Buck-aſhes, the aſhes whereof Lye hath been made; alſo, a little twelve-footed water-worme, much hunted after by Trowtes, and therefore uſed by fiſhers as a bayt for them.*

Charreton: m. *A little chariot.*

Charette: f. *A Chariot; a Wagon.*

Chaſſe à la charrette. *Is by a Chariot (and the driver thereof covered with leavy boughs) wherein one lies, ready with a Piece, or Bowe, to ſhoot at Deere, while they gaze at the ſight, or ſtop at the noiſe, of the wheeles.*

Mangeur de charrettes ferrées. *A terrible cutter, ſwaggerer, bugheare, waſh-buckler; one that will kill all he ſees, and eat all he kills.*

Charriable: com. *Carriable; which may be carried on waynes, or in waggons.*

Charrié: m. *A bucking-cloth, or Naſh-cloth.*

Charrié: m. ée: f. *Carried, conveyed by cart, &c.*

Charrier: m. *as* Charrié.

Charrier. *To carry, or convey by cart, wain, charriot, or waggon. Look* Charier.

Charriere. *as* Carriere.

Charron: m. *A Waggon-maker, Cart-wright, or Cart-maker; alſo, a Waggon-man, Wayne-man, or Carreman; one that drives, or goes with, a Cart, wayne, or Waggon, whence;*

Bon charron tourne en petit lieu; Pro. *A good carter turnes in a narrow corner; a wiſe fellow quits himſelfe well in time of extremity, or, ſhifts himſelfe eaſily out of an extremity.*

Charronnerie: f. *Cart-worke, Cart-making; Carre-direfting, or driving.*

Charroy: m. *Carriage, Portage, Waynage, Waggonnage; the carrying of things by Wayne, Cart, or Waggon; alſo, a Cart, or other carriage; alſo, a Cart-load, Chariot-load, or Waggon-load of.*

Charroyer: *To carry in, or tranſport by, a Wayne, or Cart.*

Charruage: m. *The furniture belonging to a plough; the plough-geers; alſo, tilled, or plowed land.*

Droict de charruage. *as* Suitte de diſme.

Charruë: f. *A Plough.*

Tourner la charruë contre les bœufs. *To doe things prepoſterouſly.*

Charruë de chien ne vaut rien; Prov. *The plough that a dog drawes is not worth the driving.*

Charrué: m. ée: f. *Tilled, plowed.*

Charruër. *To till, eare, plow.*

Charte: f. *as* Carte; *alſo, the Charter of a Towne, or Corporation.*

Charté: f. *as* Cherté, *Deerneſſe, &c.*

Chartré: m. ée: f. *Having a Charter, holding, or held by Charter.*

Chartée: f. *A Cart-load, or, Cart-full of.*

Chartepartie: f. *A Charter-party, or bill of lading.*

Charterie: f. *A carterly, or churliſh, trick alſo, a Hevell to ſet carts under.*

Chartier: m. *A Carter, Carre-man, Waine-man, Waggon-man.*

Il iure comme vn Chartier. *He ſweares like a Carter; (we ſay, like a Tinker.)*

Il n'eſt ſi bon chartier qui ne verſe; Prov. *The beſt of them ſometimes overturnes his cart; or (as we ſay) the beſt Cart may oreſthrow.*

Chartil: m. *The frame of a Cart, Wayne, or waggon, without the wheeles.*

Chartin. *The ſame.*

Charton: m. *A Waggoner, or Chariot-driver.*

Charrre: f. *A Charter, &c. (as in* Chartres:*) alſo, a Priſon; or, the darkeſt, or worſt roome in a Priſon; the Hole, or Dungeon; alſo, a Conſumption; whence;*

Deuenir, ou eſtre en chartre. *To fall into, or be in, a conſumption; to languiſh, pine, waſte, or wither away; (Metaphorically, from ſuch as having been long pent up in a cloſe priſon, look for the moſt part, moſt pitifully on it.)*

Chartres: f. *Charters, ancient Rols, publick Records, Pleadings, Deeds, Inſtruments, or Evidences, concerning either the Crown, or Countrey; or, a Comminalty, or Corporation.*

Treſor des chartres. *The Rolls.*

Chartrier: m. *A Jaylor; alſo, a priſoner.*

Chartulaire: m. *A Terrier, or Coucher-book.*

Charvi. *Look* Chervis.

† Châs. *Look* Chaas.

† Chas. à chas vn; *Scarce, one, but one, onely one.*

Chaſcun: m. une: f. *Every one, all, each; Look* Chaſque.

Chaſcun a ſa guiſe. *Every one as he likes, &c.*

Chaſcun a ſon tour; Prov. *Every one hath his turne, courſe, time.*

Chaſcune: f. *Look* Chacunerie.

† Chaſcunerie, *or* Chaſcuniere. *Looke* Chacunerie.

† Chaſeret: m. *A Cheſſat, or Cheeſe fat.*

† Chaſereux: m. euſe: f. *Belonging to the Cheſſat.*

† Chaſier: m. *A Cheeſe-preſſe; or as* Chaſiere; *a Cheeſe-becke.*

† Chaſiere: f. *A Cheeſe beck; the long and round rack whereon cheeſe is dried; & the great, or grated Sæve hung, by a pulley, to the top of a Dayrie-houſe, or Stowe-houſe; and ſerving to keep cheeſe, white-meats, and other belly-timber in.*

Chaſlict: m. *A Bedſtead.*

Chaſmate: f. *A Caſemate in fortification; a murthering houſe placed in the ditch, to plague the aſſaylants, of a fortreſſe.*

Chaſque: com. *Each; or as* Chaſcun; *but with ſome difference; for this goes ever before a ſubſtantive; as,* chaſque choſe, chaſque livre, chaſque lieu, *&c. the other is moſt commonly, as a Subſtantive, alone;* chaſcun le voit; chaſcun à part, *&c.*

A chaſque mercier ſon panier; Prov. *Every one muſt look to his owne charge; or beare his owne burthen.*

Chaſſable: com. *Chaſeable; fit to be chaſed, purſued, hunted after.*

Chaſſe: f. *A hunting; a chaſe, purſuit, or following of; a ſearch for, inquiry after; alſo, a chaſe at Tennis; alſo, a Millers walk, or circuit, wherein he may lawfully fetch griſt unto his Mill; alſo, (in water-workes) that which feeteth the water out; or giveth it force to burſt out; any violent expulſion, expreſſion, putting forth, driving out; alſo, a Shrine for a Relick, or other (held) ſacred things; alſo, that thing, or part of a thing, wherein another is enchaſed; and hence;*

La chaſſe d'un Raſor. *The handle of a Raſor.*

La chaſſe d'une Roſe. *The green ſprigs on the bottome, or backſide, of a Roſe.*

La chaſſe des ſouldes. *Look* Soulde.

La chaſſe d'un trebuchet. *The ſhrine of a paire of gold weights; the hollow wher in the Cock, Tongue, or Tryall playeth.*

Arbaleſte de courte chaſſe. *That carries, or ſhoots, levell but a little way.*

Harquebouſe de chaſſe. *A fowling-piece.*

En chaſſe. *A bulling; as a Cow that's wanton.*

Marquez bien cette chaſse. *Heed well that paſſage, marke well the point, whereof I have informed you.*

Retourner ſes chaſses. *A hauke, when ſhe hath flowne out, at her bright, to come in againe.*

C'eſt vne Chaſse ou le veneur eſt prins; Prov. *Said of the ill (but deſerved) ſucceſſe of a falſe Accuſation; or of any Enterpriſe, that proves hurtfull to the undertaker, or deviſer of it; we ſay of ſuch a one; he hath made a rod for his owne tayle.*

Il n'eſt chaſse que de vieux levrier; Prov. *An old dog hunts ſureſt, bites ſoreſt, holds what hee catches, kils what he reaches.*

Chaſsé: m. ée: f. *Chaſed, purſued; hunted after; put to flight; driven away; rejected, or caſt off; expelled out of.*

Chaſse-boſse. *Herbe-willow, or willow-herbe, Looſeſtrife.*

Chaſse-chien: m. *The Clarke, or inferiour Officer, of a Church; who (beſides his authority over dogges) diſtributes the holy-bread, and begges for the (maſſing) Prieſt.*

Chaſse-corneille: f. *A kind of ſmall fowling-piece.*

Chaſse-crainte: com. *Feare-expelling.*

Chaſse-diable. *Saint Johns wurte, Saint Johns graſſe.*

Chaſse-ennui. *Care-expelling, cheering up.*

Chaſse-erreur. *Errour-expelling, zealous of truth.*

Chaſse-fievre: f. *Germaundr, Engliſh Treacle; an herbe.*

Chaſse-mal. *Miſchiefes-expelling, ill-things out-driving.*

Chaſse-marée: m. *A Rippier.*

Chaſse-meſse: f. *A fire-lock; or horſemans picce that goes off by a fire-lock, and is charged with Quarter-ſhot of ſteele; ſo tearmed, becauſe firſt uſed by them of the Religion.*

Chaſse-monſtre: com. *Monſter-purſuing (an Epithite for* Hercules.*)*

Chaſse-mort: com. *Preſervative, death expelling.*

Chaſse-nuë. *Skie-cleering.*

Chaſse-ordure: com. *Cleanſing, purging, filth-expelling, filthineſſe out-driving.*

Chaſse-pape. *as* Chaſse-meſse. *(A word deviſed in the late civill warres.)*

Chaſse-peine. *Toyle-expelling; cares-excluding; as wine, and gold, &c.*

Chaſse-peſte, ſubſtan. *as* Chaſse-boſse.

Chaſse-peſte. adject. *Plague-expelling.*

Chaſse-poulx. *Wild black Ellebore, or Bears-foot.*

Chaſser. *To chaſe, or drive away; to expell, reject, caſt off, or put away; alſo, to hunt; or, follow after; to purſue, or give chaſe unto.*

Chaſser-apres les mouches. *To ſpend the time moſt vainely, idly, fooliſhly; to as little purpoſe as may be; or to loſe time altogether.*

Autant vaut celuy qui chaſse & rien ne prend, comme celuy qui lit & rien n'entend; Prov. *As good hunt and take nought, as read and underſtand nought.*

Chaſse-rage. *The herbe wild-Creſſes; or, Dittany, Dittander, Pepper-wort.*

Chaſse-rat. *A certaine harmeleſſe Serpent, called ſo, becauſe ſhe commonly feeds on Rats.*

Chaſseresſe: f. *A huntreſſe.*

Chaſseret: m. *A little hunter.*

Chaſserie: f. *Hunting; a chaſing.*

Chaſserot: m. otret: f. *Much given to hunting.*

Chaſseteron. *A very ſmall cheſt, or coffer, of wood.*

Chaſseton: m. *A Scrichowle; alſo, a little cheſt of wood.*

Chaſseur. m. *A hunter, a chaſer; one that ſeeketh, or traceth out, others.*

Chaſseur de mouches. *A kill-flye; a Braggadochio; alſo, a vaine, or idle fellow.*

Deſjuner de chaſseur. *A large, or great, breakefaſt (eaten.)*

Meſse de chaſseur. *A ſhort, or ſoon-ſaid, Maſſe.*

Chaſsie. *Look* Chacie.

Chaſsieuſeté: f. *Extreme blear-eyednеſſe.*

Chaſsieux: m. euſe: f. *Blear-eyed; whoſe eyes doe runne continually.*

Chaſsis: m. *A frame of wood for a window; (hence) alſo, a woodden, paper, or linnen, window; and, the bands, or borders that are on either ſide of a doore, gate, or window; alſo, a Printers Tympane.*

† Chaſsiſsé. Feneſtre chaſsiſsée. *A window that is covered with paper, or Linnen cloth, in ſtead of glaſſe.*

Chaſsitier: m. *A maker of woodden, or paper, windowes; or of frames, for paper, or linnen, windowes.*

Chaſsoire: f. *A Carters whip, or whip to drive horſes.*

Chaſsot: m. *The Gull, Bull-head, or Millers thumbe; (a fiſh.)*

Chaſtaigne: f. *A Cheſnut.*

Chaſtaigne chevaline. *The horſe Cheſnut; or, a kinde of great black Cheſnut; rounder and ſweeter, but leſſe ſavoury, then the ordinary one.*

Chaſtaigne d'eau. *The water-nut, Saligot, water-Caltrop.*

Chaſtaigne femelle. *The ſmall, or wild Cheſnut.*

Chaſtaigne marine. *The ſea Urchin (a little ſhell-fiſh) ſome alſo call ſo the water Caltrop.*

Chaſtaigne maſle. *as* Marron; *The great, or domeſticall Cheſnut.*

Chaſtaigne de mer. *The ſea Urchin.*

Chaſtaigne de riviere. *as* Chaſtaigne d'eau.

Il en plumera la chaſtaigne. *Hee will ſmart, or pay deerely, for it; it will coſt him deerly; Seek* Plumer.

Chaſtaigneraye: f. *A Grove, Plot, or Orchard of Cheſnut trees.*

Chaſtaignier: m. *A Cheſſen, or Cheſnut, tree.*

Chaſtain. *Cheſnut-colour, Liver-hue.*

Chaſte: com. *Chaſt, luſtleſſe, continent, honeſt of body; pure, undefiled; inviolated, not diſtained with filth, or any (unlawfull) Venery.*

Chaſteadun. *The chiefe towne of the County of* Dunois; *whoſe inhabitants being as raſh, as quick ſpirited, gave beginning to the proverbiall phraſe.*

Il eſt de Chaſteadun. *He replies too haſtily; he is too quick of conceit; preſuming he underſtands all ones meaning by one word, he often miſtakes all.*

Chaſteau: m. *A caſtle (is properly, a houſe furniſhed with towers, incompaſſed by wals, and ditches; and ſtrengthened by a Mount, or Donjon in the middeſt; yet the French Courtiers tearme ſo any houſe of the Kings;) alſo, a Rook at Cheſſe.*

Chaſteau devant. *The fore-caſtle of a ſhip.*

Faire des chaſteaux en Eſpaigne. *To build caſtles in the aire (ſay we;) to muſe he knowes not about what; to beſtow the time in frivolous contemplations; to be full of wandering, and vaine imaginations; to propound unto himſelfe, or others moſt idle, or impoſſible, exploits; (for there are but few Caſtles in the main land of Spaine; or if more were to be built, who hath to doe withall but the Spaniard?)*

Chaſteau abbatu eſt à demi refaict; Prov. *A caſtle once throwne downe is halfe repaired.*

Bon chaſteau garde qui ſçait ſont corps garder; Prov. *A good fort guards hee, that himſelfe can guard.*

† Chaſtel: m. *as* Chaſteau; *alſo, a kinde of Peare whereof excellent Perry is made; alſo, a chattell; or ſtuffe, goods, movables.*

Deniers chaſtels. *Look* Chaptels.

Chaſtelain: m. *A Lord Caſtellaine; the Lord, or owner of a caſtle, or of a fortified houſe; or of a territory, unto which Caſtle-like Juriſdiction, and Royalties, belong; inferiour to a Baron in ranke (though in few points of Rights) and the meaneſt Lord of dignity that is; alſo, the Governour, Captaine, Conſtable, or Judge, of a Caſtle, or of a Towne that hath, or hath had, a caſtle in it; ſuch as be, at this day,* Les Chaſtelains des villes de Dauphiné, Auvergne, *and* Poictou; *as alſo thoſe of the countrey of* Foreſts *(wherein there be Judges of this name, whoſe Juriſdiction exceeds not matters of threeſcore ſhillings value;) And as now in theſe Provinces* Les Chaſtelains *are, even ſo heretofore in all others they were, but Officers, (Captaines, or Judges) placed by Dukes, or Earles (that had large Territories) within their principall, and moſt remote Bouroughes, to containe the inhabitants in obedience, or to adminiſter Juſtice unto them, in ordinary matters (for they were allowed to exerciſe no other then baſſe* Iuſtice *in villages, and moyeane in townes;) Thus having the command of places, and being farre from their Lords, they incroached by degrees, on the Inheritance, and Seignory thereof, and ſo became of Officers, abſolute Lords; turning all duties, and rights, which formerly they yeelded unto their founders, into a bare Tenure; or holding (as vaſſales, or tenants) that of them, which at firſt (as Miniſters, or Deputies) they held under them; And afterwards not contented with* La baſſe *or* moyenne Iuſtice, *they uſurped* La haute; *and (more then that) all ſuch extraordinary, or two fold Juriſdiction as the Barons of thoſe times had; and held it untill the yeare 1573. (Looke* Droct de Bailliage; *) Alſo, the Judge, or Steward of a Lord Caſtellains Courts.*

Grand chaſtelain. *A Lord Baron; called ſo in many places, from the conformity that*

that is between the eſtates of a Baron, and a Chaſtelaine, *who hath uſurped (almoſt) all Baron-like Rights, and Royalties.*

Chaſtelaine : m. aine: f. *Of, or belonging to a Caſtle; Caſtle-ſhip, Caſtlewick, or Caſtleward.*

Chaſtelainerie : f. *as* Chaſtellenie ; *or the Stewardſhip of a Lord Caſtellaines Courts.*

Chaſtelet : m. *A little Caſtle, Fort, or Hould ; alſo, a Court, or auditory, of Juſtice ; a Guild-hall, or ordinary) Seſſions-houſe, within a City, wherein both civill, and criminall cauſes are heard and determined by a Lieutenant or Provoſt (royall) and certaine Aſſiſtant* Conſeillers ; *alſo, a priſon (for great perſons ;) alſo, the childiſh game Cob-nut; or (rather) the throwing of a Ball at a heape of Nuts, which done, the thrower takes as many as he hath hit, or ſcattered.*

Le petit Chaſtelet. *The name of a priſon.*

Chaſtellain. *Look* Chaſtelain.

Chaſtellé : m. ée : f. *Chaſtellated (a terme of* Blaſon.*)*

Chaſtellenie : f. *A Caſtle-wick, or Caſtle-ſhip; the Tenure or Honour of a Caſtle-ſhip ; the Eſtate, Juriſdiction, or Dignity of a Lord Caſtellain ; a kinde of Seigniory thats held of ſome other than the King, or not directly of the Crowne, and hath all (ſubalterne) Juriſdiction annexed unto it. (In reſpect whereof,* Toutes les Juſtices ayans plein Territorie, & entier commandement ſont appellées Chaſtellenies ; *and in old Law-bookes this word often ſignifies,* L'enclaue, & diſtroict de toute pleine, & entiere Juſtice, *ſayes a learned French-man.) And though it bee inferiour to a Baronny in point of dignity, and ſometimes ſubject in Tenure (ſome* Chaſtellenies *being held of Barons) and have a farre leſſe Territory belonging to it (for a Baronny ſhould containe at leaſt three* Chaſtellenies*) yet doth it reſemble it in all Priviledges, and Royalties ; except that, of the walled, or fortified townes ; in ſtead whereof, the Lord Caſtellain may have a Caſtle, or fortified houſe ; and hath power to debar any one from building ſuch another within his Territorie, though the King have granted the other a licence to doe it.*

Droict de chaſtellenie: *So is* Droict de Bailliage *called in the cuſtome of Meaux, becauſe it belongs unto Lords Caſtellains.*

Chaſtellerie. *as* Chaſtellenie.

Chaſtement. *Chaſtly, continently, honeſtly, modeſtly, without luſt.*

Chaſtenereïe : f. *A plot or ground full of Cheſnut trees.*

Chaſteté : f. *Chaſtity, continency, luſtleſneſſe.*

Chaſtiable : com. *Chaſticeable ; fit to bee chaſtiſed.*

Chaſtié : m. ée: f. *Chaſtiſed, puniſhed; corrected.*

Chaſtier. *To chaſtiſe, puniſh, correct.*

Qui bien aime bien chaſtie; Prov. *Hee that loves throughly, payes home when he puniſhes.*

Qui ne chaſtie culot, ne chaſtie culaſſe; Prov. *Hee that cenſures not ſmall faults, over-ſees great ones ; or, hee that will not amend ſmall faults, cannot amend great ones.*

Chaſtieur : m. *A chaſtiſer, puniſher, corrector.*

Chaſtiment : m. *Chaſtiſement, puniſhment, correction,*

Chaſti-villain. *A whip, ſcourge, or cudgell for a knave; alſo, a Caſtle, or Citadall in, or neare, a good Towne.*

Chaſtrable : com. *Geldable; fit to be gelt, ſpeyed, or ſplayed.*

Chaſtré : m. ée: f. *Gelt, ſpeyed, cut, lib'd, ſplayed.*

Vn arreſt chaſtré. *Part whereof is revoked by way of interpretation, or declaration of the Court that made it.*

Porc chaſtré. *A hog, or barrow-hog.*

Chaſtrement : m. *A gelding, libbing, ſpeying, ſplaying.*

Chaſtrer. *To geld, lib, cut, ſpey, ſplay.*

Chaſtrer les arbres. *To pierce them at the foot, thereby to make them void th'ill humours which are in their ſtock, and branches ; alſo, to diſcharge them of noiſome, and ſuperfluous branches, or buds.*

Chaſtrer les mouſches à miel. *To drive a hive (of Bees.)*

Chaſtrer le parc. *To cull th'oldeſt ſheep out of a flock, and furniſh it with as many young ones.*

Chaſtreur : m. *A gelder, libber, ſpeyer.*

Chaſtrure : f. *as* Chaſtrement ; *Alſo, the art, or manner of gelding.*

La chaſtrure d'un ſaulx. *The ſuperfluous buds, or twigs which have beene cut, or pulled, from it.*

Chaſuble : f. *A chaſuble, a faſhion of cope thats open onely in the ſides ; and is worn at Maſſe both by the Prieſt (who hath it round) and his aſſiſtant Deacon, and Subdeacon, who have it ſquare, in the bottome.*

Chat : m. *A Cat, a puſſe.*

Chat fourré. *A Pettifogger, or paultry Lawyer.*

Chat garanier. *Look* Chat-garanier.

Chat huant. *An Owle, or Madge-howlet. Look* Chat-huant.

Chat de mer. *The ſmalleſt (kinde of) Dog-fiſh.*

Herbe au chat, ou, de chat. *Nep, or Nip, cats-mint.*

Herbe aux chats. *The ſame ; alſo, as* Ortie puante.

Oeil de chat. *Calves-ſnout, Snapdragon (an herbe,) alſo, a certaine white gem ; (Look* Oeil ; *) alſo, a cats-eye ; or ſight that is as good by night as in the day ; alſo, a great, and out-ſtrouting eye.*

Patte de chat. *Ground-Ivy, Cats-foot, ale-hoofe, tune-hoofe, Gill creepe by the ground.*

Pied de chat. *A kinde of port, or upſet of a hit, made like a Cats-foot.*

Poil de chat. *A whitlow in the finger; alſo, the feſtering ſore, termed a Cats-taile.*

Poire chat. *The name of a wholſome, ſweet-ſmelling, and ſharpe-taſting peare.*

Sault du chat. *The Cat-leape ; a certain tricke done by Tumblers ; and vaulters upon a table ſet aſlope againſt a wall.*

Acheter chat en pouche, ou en ſac. *We ſay to buy a pig in a poke.*

Aller du pied comme un chat maigre. *To be light, or ſwift of foot; alſo, to tread lightly, nicely, ſoftly, gingerly, as if he went on egges.*

Avoir vn oeil à la poiſle l'autre au chat. *To heed as well what will decreaſe, as what doth encreaſe, his gaine.*

Donner à manger au chien, & au chat. *To keep a plentifull houſe.*

Entendre le chat ſans dire minos. *To have a good conceit, quick apprehenſion, ready underſtanding ; to know without telling what is to be done.*

Eſveiller le chat qui dort. *To incenſe an angry body when he is at quiet ; to ſet th'ill-minded on miſchiefe ; to rub a hidden ſore ; to remember a forgotten fault.*

Plus eſveillé qu'vn chat qu'on fouette. *More quicke or nimble, than a whipped cat.*

Iecter le chat aux iambes d. *To caſt an imputation, to lay the whole blame, and ſhame of an offence, on.*

Mettre la campane au chat. *To begin a quarrell, to raiſe a brabble, make a farre, ſit at oddes, or together by the eares ; we ſay alſo, in the ſame ſenſe, to hang the bell about the cats neck.*

On ne prend pas tels chats ſans mouffles. *(Sayed of a ſtrong town, or ſtout perſon;) they will not be forced, or fetched in eaſily ; they will ſcratch thoſe that offer to catch them, and therefore goe provided for them.*

Vous l'euſſiez fait paſſer par le trou du chat. *You had made him do wonderfull matters ; or any thing (ironically.)*

Chat eſchaudé craint l'eau froide; Pro. *The ſcalded cat feares water though's bee cold.*

Le chat a faim quand il ronge du pain; Prov. *The cat is hungry when a crufe contents her.*

Au chat cendreux iamais ne tombe rien en gueule; Prov. *An idle houſe-drove never gets preferment.*

Au chat leſcheur bat on ſouvent la gueule ; Prov. *The lickerous cat hath many a rap.*

A bon rat bon chat; Prov. *Two knaves will met, or matched.*

Celuy a bon gage du chat qui en tient la peau ; Prov. *He's ſure of a cat that hath her skin.*

C'eſt belle bataille des chiens, & des chats, chacun a des ongles ; Pro. *Look* Bataille.

Les rats ſe promenent à l'aiſe là ou il n'ya point de chats; Pro. *Where cats are wanting rats in freedome walke.*

Occaſion trouve qui ſon chat bat; Pro. *We ſay (with ſome difference) a man may eaſily finde a ſtaffe to beat his dog.*

Tant dort le chat qu'il ſe reſveille; Pro. *See* Reſveiller.

Trop tard ſe repend le rat entre les pattes du chat; Prov. *When puniſhment's inflicted, repentance comes too late.*

Chat-chaſtel, ou chateil. *A defenſive engine of warre, ſomewhat reſembling the Romans* Teſtudo, *and growne (as it) altogether out of uſe.*

Chate : f. *A ſhe-cat, or doe-cat ; alſo, a certaine Engine, wherewith fiſh is (forbidden to be) caught.*

Chatel: m. *A Chattell, or movable.* ¶ Nor.

Chatemite. *An hypocrite ; a counterfeiter of holineſſe, religion, devotion*

Chatemiterie : f. *Hypocriſie ; a faining of zeale, a counterfeiting of holineſſe, religion, or devotion.*

Chatemitiquement. *Hypocritically.*

Chatemitte. *Look* Chatemite.

Chatepeleuſe : f. *A corne-devouring Mite, or Weevell.*

Chat-fourré : m. *A Lawyer ; or Petti-fogger (who commonly weares a Gowne furred with wild cat : ¶ Rab.*

Chat-garanier : m. *A Polt-cat ; or a kind of wilde Cat that haunts warrens.*

Chat-huant : m. *The great (rough-legd) Owle ; alſo, the Horne-coot or Horn-owle.*

Chat-huant plombé. *A ſmall, and lead-coloured Owle, very common in* Lorraine.

Petit chat-huant. *An Owlet, or the little (rough-legd) Owle.*

Chatillons : m. *Small freſh-water Lampreyes ; called ſo at* Tholouſe.

Chaton : m. *The Bezill, Collet, head, or broadeſt part of a ring, &c. wherein the ſtone is ſet ; alſo, the paulme, or flower of a Willow.* Look Chatton.

Chaton de l'œil : *as* Orbite.

Chatonner. *To kittle, or bring forth young cats.*

Chatonnie : f. *A waggiſh trick, a knaviſh or unhappy pranke ; alſo, th'art of pilfering, or nimming.*

Chatouille : f. *A (certain) fiſh, thats very full of ſmall bones, and therefore dangerous meat.*

Chatouillé : m. ée : f. Tickled ; gently, or with pleaſure, touched ; alſo, flattered ; ſoothed, pleaſed with praiſe.

Chatouillement : m. *A tickling, a pleaſant, or gentle touching, a delightfull moving ; alſo, flatterie, a ſoothing, praiſing, ſmoothing.*

Chatouiller. *To tickle, to touch gently ; to glad, or joy by touching ; to move with pleaſure, to provoke with delight ; alſo, to flatter, claw, ſmooth, praiſe, pleaſe with faire words.*

Se chatouiller pour ſe faire rire. *To flatter, and pleaſe himſelfe with fond hopes, and vaine imaginations ; alſo, to forge idle, and unſeaſonable jeaſts for himſelfe to laugh at, if others will not.*

Chatouilleux: m. euſe: f. *Tickliſh ; tickle, quaint, nice, dainty, preciſe ; louth, backward ; odde, prepoſterous ; wayward, froward ; keene, ſoon cutting, dangerous to be touched, ill to be handled, hard to be dealt with.*

Chatouilleux à la pointe. *Quicke at the ſpurre, or, quickly anſwering the ſpur.*

Chatouilloir : m. *Any tickliſh part of the body, eſpecially the ſide.*

Chatrin : m. *A Goaler, (an old word.)*

Chat-rocher. *A kinde of Dog-fiſh.*

Chatre : f. *A ſhe-cat, or Doe-cat.*

Toute chatre a ſon Febvrier ; Prov. *Every man hath his madding-fit ; or, a ſeaſon there is, wherein many women may be wooed, if not wonne.*

Chattement : m. *A kitling ; a breeding, or bringing forth kitlings, or young cats.*

Chatemiterie. *Look* Chatemiterie.

Chatton : m. *A kitling, or young cat.*

Des chattons. *The Catkins, Cattailes, agtu-like blowings ; or bloomings of nut-trees, &c.*

Chatus. *A kinde of vine.*

Chauäns : m. *Howlets. little Owles.*

Chavaſſine : f. *A meaſure, or quantity, of land, containing in length 120 foot, and in breadth 30 ; an Oxe-gang, or dayes worke for two plough-Oxen ; alſo, the end of a cloſe, or furrow, where the plough turneth.*

Chauce. *as* Chauſſe.

Chauceaux. *Taxts paied, or fees allowed, unto ſome Lords in* Henault, *for the maintenance of the common banks, or cauſeyes.*

Chaucée. *Look* Chauſſée.

Chauchage. *Look* Chauſſage.

Chauché. *Troden on ; troden downe ; alſo, troden, as a Hen by a cock.*

Chauche-mare. *The diſeaſe termed the Night-mare.*

† Chaucher. *To tread, as a cock doth a hen, and hence, to tread on, or downe.*

Chaud : m. *A heat, hot ſeaſon, hot place.*

Chaud : m. de: f. *Hot ; fervent, ardent ; alſo, teaſily, cholericke, in a chafe, in a fume ; alſo, vehement, violent, fierce, eager, earneſt, haſty, furious.*

Chaud mal. *A continuall feaver, or burning Ague.*

De fievre en chaud mal. *From ill to worſe ; out of the frying-pan into the fire.*

Fer chaud. *A marking-Iron, ſearing-Iron, red-hot Iron.*

A chaude colle. *In anger, in choller, while the bloud is hot, or up ; alſo, looke* Chaude-colle.

Il a les pieds chauds. *He is luſty, lively, gameſome, frolicke, wanton ; alſo, he babbles, or brabbles, much.*

Il ne trouve rien de chaud ; Or, Il ne trouve rien trop chaud, ny trop peſant. *He will take, or undertake any thing, nothing (whereof profit may be made) comes amiſſe unto him.*

Chaude : f. vne chaude. *A heating, as of Iron in the fire ; alſo, a fierce aſſai, a violent aſſault.*

A la chaude. *In a chafe, in heat, in choller.*

Chaudeau : m. *A caudle ; or, warme broth.*

Chaude-colle : f. *Saltneſſe, lecherouſneſſe, geereitch.*

A chaude-colle. *Hotly ; Look in* Chaud.

Chaudement. *Hotly ; ardently, fervently ; angrily, fiercely, furiouſly ; eagerly, earneſtly, vehemently ; roundly, in haſte, in great heat.*

Chauderon : m. *A Cauldron, or kettle.*

Le chauderon machure la poiſle ; *one friend, or kinſeman defames, diſgraces, or detracts from, another.*

Convercle digne du chauderon. *Like maſter, like man ; or bad entertainment for a bad gueſt ; the puniſhment his lewdneſſe deſerved.*

Chauderonnée : f. *A cauldron-full of.*

Chauderonnerie : f. *Fleſh (or fiſh) thats ordinarily boiled in cauldrons, or kettles.*

Chauderonnier : m. *A Copper-ſmith ; Kettle-maker ; Tinker.*

Chaudet : m. *A warme place.*

Chaudiere : f. *A great cauldron, or kettle.*

Chaudot : m. *A heat, or hot thing.*

Chaudron : m. *A kettle, or cauldron.* Looke Chauderon.

Chaudronnée. *Kettle-full of.*

Chaudronnier. *Look* Chauderonnier.

Chaveniere. *for* Cheneviere. *A hempe-yard, or hempen-cloſe.*

Chauet. *in ſtead of* Cahuët : ¶ Rab.

Chauffage : m. *Fewell ; heating-ſtuffe, or ſtuffe to heat with ; alſo, a heating.*

Droict de Chauffage. *A certaine quantity of fewell, due unto divers Officers of the (French) Kings woods, (but denyed by the laſt King, unto ſome of them.)*

Chauffe-cire : m. *A Chafe-wax (in the Chancerie, &c.*

Chauffe-con. *as* Chauffe-dos. *(called ſo becauſe homely women uſe to warme their weather parts before ſuch poor Chimneys,) or a ſtove ; ſuch a one as a Dutch-woman, in winter-time, ſets between her legs as ſhe ſits.*

Chauffe-dos : m. *A faſhion of ſmall, and low Chimney, which hath but a hole, in ſtead of a funnell, for the voiding of ſmoak.*

Chauffe-pied : m. *A foot-ſtove ; a little and low ſtove that ſerves to keepe the feet warme.*

Chauffer. *To beat, warme, chafe.*

Chauffer la cire. *To endure a long expectation of a benefit, or favour promiſed.*

Ie cognois bien de quel bois il ſe chauffe. *I know him as well as bee that made him ; I know well enough what ailes him, what he would have, what he can doe.*

De trop pres ſe chauffe qui ſe bruſle ; Prov. *He ſtands too neare the fire that burnes himſelfe.*

Tel ſe cuide chauffer qui ſe bruſle ; Prov. *Some, thinking but to warme, doe burne, themſelves.*

Chaufferette, *or* Chauffette : f. *A chafing-diſh.*

Chauffour. *Look* Chafour.

Chauffourrer. *To ſoile, blot, marre, diſfigure, bi'meare. Look* Chaffourrer.

Chaufour : m. *A lime kilne ; a hole wherein lime hath been made, or, whence the ſtuffe that makes it hath been digged.*

Chaufournier : m. *A lime burner, or lime maker ; alſo, one that works onely with lime, and chalke.*

Chaufrain. *as* Chanfrain.

Chauguette. *as* Eſchaugette ; *A Watch-tower.*

Chauld. *Look* Chaud.

Chaulde. *Look* Chaude.

Chauliere : f. *A plot, or bed, of cabbidges in a garden.*

Chaulmage : *The cutting, or mowing of ſtraw, or ſtubble.*

Chaulme : f. *Straw, or the ſtem of corne.*

Chaulmer. *To picke, or gather up ſtraw ; alſo, to cut, or mow, ſtubble.*

Chaulmeur : m. *A gatherer, or picker up, of ſtraw ; a cutter, or mower of ſtubble.*

Chaulſepot. *A certaine little bird.*

Chaulx : f. *Lime.*

Chaulx metallique. *Is made (eſpecially that kinde whereof Enamell is compounded) of two parts of lead, and one of Cornwall Tinne, well calcinated together in an oven of reverberation.*

Chaumeny : m. ye : f. *Muſty, mouldy, unſeaſonable : ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.*

Chaumer. *as* Chaulmer ; &, *as* Chommer.

Chaumes. *Deſart, or untilled, grounds ; lay lands ; or, as* Terres Chaumieres.

Chaumier : m. ere: f. *Strawy, of Straw,*

Lerres

Terres chaumieres. *Stubble grounds.*
Chaumin: m. ine: f. *Stubbly; made of, or covered with ſtubble.*
† Chaumine: ſ. *A thatched cote, or cabbin.*
Chaumoufflet: m. *Bumbaſt put into a cornet of paper, then kindled, and the ſmoke thereof put into the noſethrils of a ſleeper; we call it, a choaking pie, or cold pie.*
Chauſſage: m. *Shooe-money; expence in ſhooes; (alſo, in hoſe) alſo, hoſen, or ſhooes.*
Chauſſant: m. ante: f. *Shooing, putting on ſhooes.*
Marroquin chauſſant. *Gentle, yielding, retching.*
Chauſſe: f. *A hoſe; a ſtocking, or nether-ſtock* (Bas de Chauſſe) *alſo, a breech, or breech; (in which ſence it is moſt commonly plurall)* Haut de chauſſes.
Chauſſe d'un ayſement. *The bottome of a jakes; the vvome, or hole, wherein-to the ordure falls.*
Chauſſes à la bigotte. *Look* Bigotte.
Chauſſes à la bougrine. *Strait Venitians without codpieces.*
Chauſſe de cliſtere. *A cliſter bag.*
Chauſſes à la Gargueſque. *Greggs, or Gallogaskins.*
Chauſſes à la gigotte. *A faſhion of very cloſe Venitians; old faſhioned Venitians.*
Chauſſe d'hypocras. *The felt or cloth, through which that wine is diſtilled.*
Chauſſes en poincte. *Pieces of cloth wherewith Apothecaries clarifie their ſyrropes; uſed in ſtead of the felt.*
Chauſſes à queuë de merlus. *Round breeches with ſtrait cannions; having in the ſeat a piece like a fiſhes taile; and worne by old men, ſchollers, and ſuch like niggardy, or needy, perſons.*
Chauſſes à Tabourin. *Big, out-ſtanding, or outſtrouting, breeches; or the Swiſſe round hoſe, whoſe panes reſemble the outſide of a Taber.*
Braye à chauſſe. *A kind of fiſh-net made ſomewhat like a wide hoſe.*
Courtes chauſſes. *Women; (belike, becauſe many of them weare ſhort breeches, and few of them long ſtockings.)*
Tirer les chauſſes. *To kick up the heels; to make a dye.*
A courte chauſſe longue laniere; Pro. *(So that what wants in the one may bee ſupplied by the other.)*
Le vin va ſans chauſſes; Prov. *Wine wears no breeches; a drunkard conceales nothing.*
Chauſſé: m. ée: f. *Hoſed, ſhod; that hath hoſe, or ſhooes on, or put on.*
Chauſſée: f. *A woman that weares breeches; alſo, the cauſey, banke, or damme, of a pond, or of a river; alſo, the levell, or ſuperficies of the earth, whereout a wall firſt appears above ground; (Look* Rez.)
Tel mur eſt abbatu à rez de chauſſée. *Is overthrowne flat, or made levell to th'earth.*
Chauſſe-pied: m. *A ſhooing-horne.*
Chauſſe-pot. *Look* Chauſſe-pot.
Chauſſer. *To ſhooe, to ſhod, to ſerve, fit, or furniſh with ſhooes; alſo, to hoſe; to put on, or fit with, hoſe; or (leſſe properly) gloves.*
Chauſſer les ailes aux pieds, ou, les eſperons aux talons à. *To courſe, or give hard chace unto; alſo, to make to ſcud, runne, or flie a maine; alſo, to make forward, or earneſt, in purſuit of.*
Il me chauſſa bien les eſperons enuers le Roy. *He made me, by the tales I heard he had told of me, bite me towards the King.*
Il y chauſſa bien mal ſes lunettes. *Hee miſtooke exceedingly, or was much overſeen, therein.*
Il me chauſſe à moins de poincts que. *He makes me inferiour unto, or makes leſſe to ſerve my turne then.*
Chauſſetier: m. *A hoſier, or hoſe-maker.*
Chauſſetrape: ſ. *A Caltrop; or iron engine of warre, made with foure pricks, or ſharp points, whereof one, howſoever, it is caſt, ever ſtands upward; alſo, the ſtarre-thiſtle; (called (alſo) the Caltſhrop) alſo the water Caltſhrop, water Nut, Saligot; alſo, a Trapdoor.*
Chauſſe-trappe. *The ſame.*
Chauſſettes: ſ. *Short linnen breeches, drawers, or under-hoſe.*
Chauſſettes à eſtrier. *Stirrup ſtockings.*
Chauſſeure: ſ. *A hoſing, or ſhooing; alſo, hoſen, or ſhooes; Look* Chauſſure.
Chauſſon: m. *A little hoſe; alſo, a ſocke.*
Chauſſure: ſ. *A hoſing, or ſhooing; alſo, hoſen, or ſhooes.*
Ils ont rencontré chauſſure à leur pied. *They have met with ſtuffe for their purpoſe; or, they have met with their matches;* Ils ont trouvé ch. &c. *The ſame.*
Le vin n'a point de chauſſure; Prov. *Wine ever goes beare breeched; the drunkard diſcovers all that's within, or about, him; any man may ſee his heart, and (if he have a mind) his vſe.*
Chauve: com. *Bauld, hauld-headed, hauld-pated.*
Chauve d'eſprit. *Bauld-ſpirited: that hath as little wit in, as he hath haire on, his head.*
Chauver. *To wax bauld.*
Chauver des oreilles. *To clap downe the eares, as a horſe, or aſſe doth, when hee is angry, or intendeth miſchiefe; alſo, to make a ſigne with the eares.*
Chauveſouris: m. *A Batt, Flittermouſe, Reremouſe.*
Chauveſouriſſier: m. *The bat-wing bone (in the lower part of the head) ſo called, becauſe it ſpreads, or is made like the wing of a bat.*
Chauveté: ſ. *Bauldneſſe; hauld-patedneſſe; (and hence) alſo, the barenеſſe of a place wherein nothing grownes*
Chauvir. *To wax bauld.*
Chauviſant. *Waxing bauld; alſo, ſmiling, or ſmoyling.*
† Chauviſer. *as* Chauvir; *Alſo, to ſmile, or ſmoyle.*
Chaux: f. *as* Chaulx; *Lime.*
† Chaziere: ſ. *Look* Chaſiere.
Cheant. *Falling, or tumbling downe.*
† Cheau: m. *A whelpe, or cub.*
Chebule. *The biggeſt kind of the Mirabolan plumme; is long, and ſomewhat like a peare, or a ſmall lemon.*
† Chedins: m. *The chiefe, or head men of the pariſh; called ſo by the barbarous peaſant.*
Chef: m. *The head (of a man or woman;) alſo, a chiefe, or Generall; a head, or principall Commander; alſo, the end of a place, time, or buſineſſe; alſo, as* Chef lieu.
Le chef des armes d'une maiſon. *Is the eldeſt brother of a houſe, or the moſt ancient houſe in a family, which gives th'arms thereof without any difference.*
Chef d'oeuvre. *A Maſter-piece, or Maſters piece; any principall piece of worke, or of workmanſhip.*
Fief en chef. *A Fief held in Chiefe, or in Capite.*
La piece du chef. *A French coyfe.*
A Chef de piece. *In th'end, at length; alſo, as one would wiſh it.*
Venir à chef d'un' affaire. *To compaſſe, finiſh, or overcome, a buſineſſe.*
Venir à chef de ſon intention. *To obtaine, or attaine to, his purpoſe; to compaſſe, or accompliſh his deſire.*
Venir à chef d'un mauvais marchand. *To fetch over or prevaile againſt, an evill cuſtomer.*
Le pied ſaiſit le chef. *Look* Pied.
Chef. *chiefe, principall; capitall; paramount; Hence;*
Chef cens; chef lieu; chef mets; chef ſeigneur, &c.
† Chefcier: m. *The Threaſurer, or keeper of a Veſtry.*
Chef gros: m. *Shoomakers thread.*
Chef mois: m. *A chiefe Manor houſe. ℣ Norm.*
Cheintre: f. *A haulke, or ſwathe of graſſe, along a hedge, or high-way.*
Chegros: m. *Shoomakers great thread.*
Chelhydre. *Look* Chelydre.
Chelidoine: f. *Celandine; (an herbe, whereof there be two kinds.)*
Chelidoine la grande. *Celandine the greater, common Celandine, Tetterwort, Swallowwort, Swallowes herbe.*
Chelidoine mineure. *Little Celandine, or Celandine the leſſe, Pilewort, Figwort.*
Chelme: m. *A knave, a ſkellam.*
Chelſydre. *Look* Chelydre.
Chelydre. *A moſt venomous, and ſtinking Snake, or Serpent; rough-ſkaled, broad-headed, and of a darke tawny colour.*
Chemage. m. *The paſſage toll, or through-toll, that's payed at* Sens.
† Chemard: m. *arde: f. Sad, penſive, melancholicke, pining away by thought, and carefulneſſe.*
Chéme. *An ancient meaſure holding about two ſpoonfuls.*
† Chemer. *To decreaſe, or be (as the Moon) in the wain; to languiſh, grow lean, waſt, pine, or fall away through care, thought, griefe, anguiſh, or anxiety of minde.*
† Chemicher. *To whimper.*
† Chemier: m. *The eldeſt, or chief heire in a diſcent; who is to do homage, and ſuch other primary duties for the whole land that is diſcended.*
Chemin: m. *A way, a traſt, or path to go in; a ſtreet, or cauſey to travell in; a road; paſſage; courſe, traine; journey.*
Chemin chaſtellain (de Boullenois.) *Is 20 foot broad.*
Chemin de Clermont. *Is 32 foot broad.*
Chemin d'eſcole. *The longeſt, or furtheſt way.*
Chemin forain de Boullenois. *Is fifteen foot broad.*
Chemin S. Iacques. *The white ſtreak in the skie, termed,* Via lactea, *or, the milkie way.*
Chemin Royal. *The Kings high-way;*

which by the cuſtomes of ſome places may be made 60 foot broad; in others it is to be narrower; as;

Chemin Royal de Vallois. *It but 30 foot broad in arrable grounds, and 40 in woods.*

Chemin vicomtier (de Boullenois.) *Is Thirty foot.*

Chemin voiſinal. *Is to be eight foot broad.*

Le grand chemin. *The ordinary high-way; (which by the cuſtomes of Tours, Lodunois, and other places, muſt be ſixteen foot broad; in ſome countries much more; as;*

Le grand chemin de Boullenois. *Muſt be ſixtie foot broad.*

Le grand chemin de Bourgongne. *Is to be thirty foot broad.*

Le grand chemin peageau. *By the cuſtome of Anjou, and Maine, Muſt bee fowrteen foot broad.*

Le grand chemin Royal de Boullenois. *Is ſixty foot broad.*

Le grand chemin Royal de Clermont. *Is to be 64 foot broad.*

Tout d'un chemin. *All under one.*

Barre les chemins. *To way-lay, or lie in waite for, paſſengers; to rob on the high-way.*

Couper chemin à. *To barre, ſtop, croſſe, prevent, forеſtall.*

Gaigner chemin. *To make ſpeed, go faſt, ride hard, rid away apace.*

Il nous faut deſpeſcher de cela, comme d'un mauvais chemin. *We muſt rid that as we would an ill way; we muſt rid our hands of that as wee would our feet of ill way; ſuch worke ſhould as quickly be rid off, as ill way would be rid over.*

Aller & venir ſont le chemin peler; Prov. *Seek* Aller.

Il ne ſe tort pas qui va plain chemin; Prov. *Hee goes not much away that keeps the high road way.*

Qui a florin, rouſſin, & Latin par tout il trouve le chemin; Prov. *He that hath ſtore of money, a learned tongue, and a good horſe, cannot miſſe his way.*

Qui trop ſe haſte en cheminant, en beau chemin ſe fourvoye; Prov. *He that goes too faſt failes in a faire way; wee ſay, faire and ſoftly goes farre.*

Semelles, & du vin paſſent chemin; Prov. *Shoots, and wine rid way.*

Cheminant. *Walking, wading, journeying, travelling.*

Qui trop ſe haſte en cheminant en beau chemin ſe fourvoye; Prov. *The over-haſty traveller miſſes a plaine way; wee ſay, the haſty man ſeldome wants woe (now a greater woe then the miſſe of way cannot befall that hath cauſe to make haſte.)*

Cheminé: m. ée: f. *walked, went, gone, travelled, journeyed.*

Cheminée: f. *A chimney; alſo, a chimney-piece of Tapiſtry; or of Maſons work.*

Haut & bas la cheminée. *Chimney-ſweep; the crie of chimney-ſweepers.*

Licentié ſous la cheminée. *An unlearned Graduate; one that does his acts in tenebris, or ſtrales a degree.*

En petite cheminée fait on bien grand feu; Prov. *In little chimneyes good bigge fires are made.*

Cheminer. *To walke, wend, goe; trudge, journey, travell.*

Cheminer en pas d'Abbé. *Look* Abbé.

Autant chemine vn homme en vn jour comme vn Limaçon en cent ans. Prov. *A man goes as farre in a day as a ſnaile in an age; ſome men can diſpatch more buſines in one day then others in many*

Cheminеux: m. euſe: f. *That walks much; alſo, belonging to a way; or to a chimney; or full of chimneyes.*

Cheminier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Chimney.*

Chemiſe: f. *A ſhirt, or ſmock.*

Chemiſe de cloche. *The mould wherin a bell is caſt.*

Chemiſe de drap. *A waſtcoat.*

Chemiſe de neceſſité. *An inchaunted ſhirt, which (as ſome ſuperſtitious poople imagine) preſerves men from all hurt in battailes, and eaſes women in their travell.*

Avoir ſa chemiſe. *A woman to have her flowers (for* tachée de ſang *is underſtood.)*

Il leur porta vne chemiſe blanche. *Hee brought them a cleane ſhirt; viz. he raiſed them with a miſchiefe, roufed them with a vengeance; he gave them a ſound camiſadoe.*

Il m'en ſouvient autant que de ma premiere chemiſe. *I remember it as well as the houre I was borne in.*

Torcher à autruy le cul de ſa chemiſe. *To give one a pig of his owne ſowe, to afford him helpe out of his owne means; (we underſtand by the action expreſſed in this phraſe, the doing of a good, and a bad turne together; becauſe though one thing be wiped another is berayed.)*

Il faut diſcerner la peau de la chemiſe; Prov. *Wee muſt diſtinguiſh things which bee neere, from thoſe which bee further off, us.*

Plus pres eſt la chair que la chemiſe; Prov. *Look* Chair.

Chemiſette: f. *A little ſhirt, or ſmock; alſo, a waſtcoat; alſo, a covering for a booke.*

† Chemiſſant. *Whimpering.*

Chenal. m. *A channell, or gutter.*

Chenant: fleur de chenant. *A certaine flower whereon Camels uſe to feed.*

Chenarde: f. *Wild Saffron.*

Chene, *as* Chaine. *A chaine; alſo, a curbell of ſtone-worke.*

Chenets: m. *Andirons.*

Chenevel: m. *The name of a certaine freſh-water fiſh.*

Chenevi: m. *Hempſeed.*

Cheneviere: f. *A hempe-yard, or hempen-cloſe; alſo, a hempen ſtaulke; alſo a hemp countrey, or place wherein much hempe growes.*

Chenevilles: f. *The broken ſtaulks, or ſtems of hempe.*

Chenovette: f. *A hempen ſtaulke, or ſtem.*

Chenil: m. *A dog-kennell.*

Chenillaux: m. *Young Caterpillers.*

Chenille: f. *A Caterpiller.*

Chenille de mer. *A ſea Caterpiller; (of two kindes, th'one a very great fiſh, th'other, a ſmall, and footleſſe Inſect.)*

Chenille de pins. *A little, reddiſh, and hairy worme, that breeds in the tops of Pine branches.*

Chenilles veluës. *Certaine great, hairy, and darke-red wormes, or caterpillers, that feed altogether upon the roots of corne, and herbes.*

Chenille de vigne. *The little hairy, and many-footed worme, called the Vine-fretter.*

Chenillé: m. ée: f. *Of, or belonging to, Caterpillers; alſo, Caterpiller-like; alſo, full of, or wrought with, Caterpillers; and hence;*

Taffetas chenillé. *A kind of ſtript, or waved, Taffata.*

Chenillier: m. *An inſtrument wherewith Gardners pull downe Caterpillers.*

Chenin: m. *as* Chenil; *A dog-kennell.*

Chenin: m, inc: f. *Dog-like; of, or belonging to, a dog.*

Raiſins chenins. *A kind of great red grapes, fitter for medicines then for meat.*

Taiſon chenin. *A kinde of Badger, that is footed, and ſnowted like a dog, and willingly feeds on fleſh, and carrion, as a dog.*

Chenu: m. uë: f. *Gray, hoary, white-headed, old.*

Vin chenu. *Muſty wine.*

Cheoir. *To fall; to tumble down; alſo, to happen, chance, or fall unto, as an inheritance, or eſcheat.*

C'eſt tout vn de cheoir, & de trebucher; Prov. *A man had as good fall outright as ſtumble.*

Qui n'y va n'y chet; Prov. *Hee that climbes not fals not; he that venturs not failes not.*

Qui plus haut monte qu'il ne doit de plus haut chet qu'il ne voudroit; Prov. *He that climbes higher then he ſhould fals lower then he would.*

Qui rien ne porte rien ne luy chet; Prov. *Hee that carries nothing loſes nothing; or, nought falls from him that hath naught.*

† Chepage: m. *A Goaler; or, Goulerſhip.*

† Chepier: m. *A Goaler.*

Cher: m. ere: f. *Deare, leeſt, well-beloved, beſt-affected, much-eſteemed, very acceptable, or precious unto; alſo, deare, coſtly, of a great rate, or price, for which much is payed.*

I'aimerois auſſi cher. *I had as leve, I would as ſoone, I could be as willing;*

plus cher; *rather, ſooner, with a better will.*

Fille trop veuë, robbe trop veſtuë, n'eſt pas chere tenuë; Prov. *A maid oft ſeen, and a garment oft worne are meanly alike eſteemed of.*

Chercée: f. *A kind of earth-Alpicke.*

Cherchage. *A ſeeking, or ſeeching for, an inquiry after.*

Cens à cherchage. *Look* Cens.

Cherche ralongée. *Look* Cerche.

Chercher. *Look* Cercher.

Chercuiſtier. *Look* Chairculſtier.

Chere: f. *The face, viſage, countenance, favor, look, aſpect of a man; alſo, cheer, victuals, intertainment for the teeth.*

Chere lie. *Seek* Lie.

Faire bonne chere à. *To entertain kindly, uſe friendly, welcome heartily, make good cheere unto.*

Faire grande, ou ioyeuſe chere. *To be paſſing merry; to live moſt pleaſantly, and plentifully; to make great cheer.*

Faire mauvaiſe chere. *To frowne, pout, lowre, ſell ſowſe, hold downe the head; alſo, to liue barely, feed meanely; make but poore, or courſe cheere.*

Belle chere, & coeur arriere; Prov. *A willing looke, and unwilling heart.*

Belle chere vault bien vn mets; Prov. *A hearty welcome is worth halfe a feaſt.*

La belle chere amende beaucoup l'hoſtel; Prov. *The ill-fauoured houſe is much amended by the well-fauoured owner.*

Aujourd'huy en chere demain en biere; Prov. *To day glad, to morrow dead.*

Il n'eſt vie que de faire bonne chere, mais la fin n'en vaut rien; Prov. *The life ſpent in good cheere hath a faire beginning but a foule end.*

† Cherer. *To cheere, to cheriſh, &c.* Looke Cherir.

Chereté. *as* Cherté.

Cherfueil: m. *The wood-binde, or honey-ſuckle.*

Cheriſſable: com. *Cheriſhable, fit to be cheriſhed.*

Chermaye: ſ. *A wood of ſcarlet oakes; alſo, as* Charmoye.

Cherme. *The ſcarlet oake, or ſcarlet holme-oake; alſo, as* Cherme.

Chermes. *The ſcarlet-berry, or ſcarlet-graine.*

Chermiſin. *as* Chermes.

Chermine: ſ. *The fruit, or berry of the ſcarlet-oake.*

Cherpi: m. *A rag, or clout of linnen, or as* Charpie.

† Cherquemmage. *as* Cherquemanage.

† Chertrée: ſ. *Beache-aſhes; or, as* Charrée.

Cherlydre. *An Adder, or (more eſpecially) the Land-Adder.*

Cherté: ſ. Deerneſſe, dearth, ſcarcity, *want of.*

Cherubin: m. *A Cherubin.*

Rouge comme vn cherubin. *Red-faced, Cherubin-faced, having a fierie faties like a Cherubin.*

Chervis: m. *The root Skirret, or Skirwicke.*

Chesvis grand. *A Parſnip.*

Chervis ſauuage. *The wilde Parſnip, or wilde Skirret.*

Petit chervis. *The ordinary Skirret-root.*

† Chefaux: m. *The rubbiſh of decayed houſes; or (the Plurall of* Chefal) *manſions, houſes.*

† Cheſmer. *To decreaſe, wane, leſſen, abate, grow to want; pine, languiſh; decay, fall away.*

Cheſnaye: ſ. *A wood, greue, or thicket of oakes.*

Cheſne: m. *An oake; alſo, as* Chaine.

Cheſne forchu. *The ſtanding on the head: ſ. Rab.*

Cheſne vert. *The barren ſcarlet oake, holme-oake, or French-oake; a tree thats euer green.*

Petit cheſne. *The herbe Germaunder, Engliſh Treacle.*

Petit homme abat grand cheſne; Prov. *A little man fells a great oake; (ſo may a meane perſon ruine a mighty Prince.)*

Cheſneau: m. *A kinde of water-ſnake, mortall enemy to oakes; alſo, a young oake.*

Choſneteau: m. *A little young oake.*

Cheſnette: ſ. *as* Petit cheſne; *Germaunder, alſo, a little chaine.*

Cheſneux: m. euſe: ſ. *Of oake; or full of oakes.*

Cheſnon: m. *The rbine.*

Cheſtif. *Look* Chetif.

Cheſtivement. *Wretchedly, miſerably, vnfortunately; poorely, meanly, baſely, beggerly; alſo ſcarcely, ſcantly; with much paulting, or pinching; alſo, knauiſhly, curſtly, ſhrewdly; badly, naughtily, lewdly; ſauuage-like.*

Cheſtiveté: ſ. *Miſery, wretchedneſſe, vnfortunateneſſe, or, a forlorne eſtate; poorenſſe, beggery, baſeneſſe, meaneneſſe; alſo, want, ſcarcity, pinching, ſcantineſſe; alſo, curſtneſſe, knauery, ſhrewdneſſe; badneſſe, lewdneſſe, naughtineſſe.*

† Cheſtreux: m. euſe: ſ. *Poore, miſerable, in ill array.*

Cheſtron. *as* Chetron.

† Chet-doux. *Gently-falling.*

Chete: ſ. *The height, or depth of a ſhip from the vpper decke to the keele; Hence;*

Le navire a tant de pieds de chete. *The ſhippe is ſo many foot deepe in hold.*

Chetif: m. iue: ſ. *caitiue, wretched, miſerable, vnfortunate, forlorne, poore, needy, bare, beggerly; alſo, ſcarce, little, paultrie, ſcanty, ſmall; alſo, knauiſh, curſt, ſhrewd; naughty, bad, lewd; and hence;*

Qui en vuide chetif à la mer il n'en rapporte poiſſon ne ſel; Prov. *He that ſends a bad ſeruant to ſea, hath ſmall returne of his veſtment.*

Chetivement. *Poorely, beerely; wretchedly, miſerably; as one that is forlorne; alſo, badly, lewdly, naughtily; alſo, curſtly, ſhrewdly, alſo, ſparely, ſcarcely with much pinching.*

† Chetiver. *To pine, make wretched, bring to want; lay miſery, inflict pouerty, on.*

Chetiveté: ſ. *Look* Cheſtiveté.

† Chetivoiſon; ſ. *wretchednesſe, miſery, poverty.*

Chetron: m. *The Tail of a Coffer; or Cheſt.*

Cheu: m. Cheuë: ſ. *Fallen, tumbled downe, in the laſte; alſo, happened, chanced, fallen vnto; alſo, ſtrooke, diminiſhed, grown leſſe.*

Chevage. *An yearely duty, fine, or fee of twelue pence Pariſis payed to the Kings vſe, within the Iuriſdiction of Vermandois, and elſe where, by euery baſtard, ſtranger, ſeruaigner, and enfranchiſed perſon, whether bee bee, or haue beene married.*

Cheval: m. *A horſe.*

Cheval aquatique. *A certaine beaſt that liues in the riuer* Nilus (*in his backe, mane, and voice, reſembling a horſe, and therefore ſo termed.*)

Chevaux de couble. *Paires, or couples of horſes; coach-horſes, &c.*

Chevalcourant. *A running horſe; whence;*

Cheval courant eſt vn ſepulchre ouvert; Pro. (*So much danger is his neck in that rides him.*)

Cheval fondu. *A kinde of play like our truſſe.*

Cheval Hongre, ou chaſtré. *A Gelding.*

Cheval de haras. *A Stallion.*

Cheval de louäge. *A hackney.*

Cheval marin, ou de mer. *The Sea-horſe (a great and long-footed fiſh; alſo, a kind of ſmall ſea Inſect, or fiſh, whoſe fore-parts are ſomewhat like a horſes.*

Cheval de paille. *That feeds on ſtraw in ſtead of hay; whence;*

Cheval de paille cheval de bataille; Prov. *For ſuch horſes are commonly the hardeſt, and hardieſt.*

Cheval qui porte derriere. *A double horſe, or double gelding.*

Cheval de poſte. *A Poſt-horſe; alſo, a dunce, lobcocke, or logger-head.*

Cheval aux quatre pieds blancs. *A horſe that hath foure white feet; A marke which divers utterly miſlike; and hence;*

C'eſt le cheval aux quatre pieds blancs. *He promiſes much and performes little; or he failes at a pinch; he giues it ouer when there is moſt need of him.* (Look Blanc.

Cheval du Regne. *A Courſer of Naples.*

Cheval de rencontre. *Looke* Rencontre.

Cheval de riviere. *The water-horſe, &c. as* Hippopotame.

Cheval de ſelle. *A Saddle horſe; or, a ready horſe; a horſe that may ſafely be backed, ridden, trauelled on.*

Cheval de ſeruice. *A great horſe, or horſe of ſeruice; Look* Service.

Vaſſal à plein cheval de ſervice. *One that enioyes, or holdeth, a whole Knights fee.*

Cheval ſommier, ou de ſomme. *A Sumpter horſe.*

Cheval teſte de more. *A roane, or dapple-gray horſe with a blackiſh head.*

Cheval de traict. *A Dragge-horſe, Draught-horſe, Cart-horſe, Coach-horſe, &c.*

Chevaux traverſans. *Looke* Traverſins.

Cheval de trompette. *One thats not afraid of ſhadowes; one whom no big, nor bugs words can terriſie.*

Cul de cheval. *The ugly fiſh called a Sea Nettle.*

Dragée aux chevaux. *Blacke-wheat, or Buckwheat. See* Dragée.

Fer de cheval. *A horſe-ſhoe; alſo, a kinde of exfoed, or the ſmall pulſe called horſe-ſhoe.*

Pas de cheval. *The herbe fole-foot, coults-foot, horſe-foot, bull-foot, bull-foot, horſe-bonſe.*

Queuë de cheval. *The herbe horſe-willow, oats-taile, horſe-taile, ſhaue-graſſe. See* Queuë.

Sergent à Cheval. *Look* Sergent.

Brider ſon cheval par la queuë. *To go the wrong way to worke; or, to doe a thing cleane contrary.*

Eſtre à cheval. Il eſt à cheval. *He rides, or is on horſe-backe; alſo, he ſtands on haughty termes; or he is ſet on cock-horſe; he is all aboight, he now begins to flaunt it.*

Eſtre bien à cheval. *To ride comely, to ſit a horſe with a good grace.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon cheval qui n'en deviendroit roſſe. *It would anger a Saint, or jade the beſt man that lives, to bee thus troubled.*

Monter ſur ſes grands chevaux. *To ſwagger exceedingly, to beare himſelfe haughtily, to ſtand upon his pantofles, to uſe lofty tearmes; to bee preſently on the top of the houſe with a man.*

Parler à cheval. *To ſpeake upon advantage, on good ground, or, as one that is ſure of the better end of the ſtaffe; (hence) alſo, to uſe proud, ſcornfull, or diſdainfull words.*

Prendre vn cheval par les crins. *To worke wonders, doe great matters, performe (almoſt) impoſſibilities.*

Cheval faict, & valet à faire; Prov. *A made horſe, and a man unarm'd, are fitteſt for uſe: The like is;*

Cheval faict, & valet à faire; Prov. Cheval Roigneux n'a cure qu'on l'eſtrille; Prov. *A ſcabbed horſe loveth not the curriecombe; (nor an infected heart, correction.)*

A grand cheval grand gué; Prov. *A great horſe muſt have a great foord.*

A l'aiſe marche à pied qui mene ſon cheval par la bride; Prov. *Troubles are but trifles unto them, that have meanes enow to eaſe, or ſtrength enough to overcome, them.*

A ieune ſoldat vieil cheval; Pro. *Look* Soldat.

Apres bon vin bon cheval; Prov. *The pot hath made him valiant, and of a free humour; now that he hath drunk hard he dare ſwagger with any man, or cenſure every man.*

Il n'eſt cheval qui n'ait ſon meſhaine; Prov. *There is no creature perfect; every one is in ſome part, or point faulty, or defective; The like is;*

Il n'eſt cheval qui n'ait ſa tare; Pro. & Il n'y a cheval ſi bien ferré qui ne gliſſe; *The beſt-ſhod horſe doth ſlip ſometimes.*

Iamais coup de iument ne fit mal à cheval; Prov. *When women ſtrike men it is not to hurt them; or, men ſeldome-times catch hurt by womens blowes.*

Il ne faut pas lier les aſnes avec les chevaux; Pro. *Aſſes muſt not be tyed up among horſes; nor unworthy people conſorted with the worthy.*

Les maladies viennent à cheval, & s'en retournent à pied; Prov. *Seek* Maladie.

Les mouches vont tousjours aux chevaux maigres; Prov. *Flies are ever moſt buſie about leane horſes; ſo are Purveyors, and Promooters with the pooreſt, or leaſt powerfull, ranke of people.*

On touche tousjours ſur le cheval qui tire; Prov. *We ſay, ſolke alway call on the horſe that will carry; the willingeſt are ſoreſt laid unto.*

Oncques bon cheval ne devint roſſe; Prov. *Seldome hath a good horſe turned jade; a worthy fellow will never prove coward, nor knave; no age can weaken, no danger appall, no paine afflict, no offer infect, him.*

Ouvrier mediocre a cheval; Prov. *Seek* Ouvrier.

Qui n'a cheval ne chariot il ne charge pas quand il veut; Prov. *He cannot do what he would that wants wherewithall; beggers muſt not be chuſers.*

Qui ne s'adventure n'a cheval ny mule; Prov. *He that hazards nothing winneth nothing; faint heart never got faire Lady.*

Qui trop s'adventure perd cheval & mule: Prov. *Seek* Adventurer.

Trop preſſer fait le cheval reſtif; Pro. *To take too much of, or preſume too much on, a friend, is the way to make him loath you, and to make you loſe him; or, as in* Preſſer.

Chevaler. *To watch, eſpy, obſerve, or dog; to hunt, or follow after; alſo, to check, chide, reprove, ſchoole, courſe; alſo, in horſemanſhip, to inequalize, or, a horſe to lap one leg over another.*

Chevalereſſe. *Knightly, knight-like; alſo, of, or belonging to, a Knight.*

Chevalereuſement. *Valiently, valorouſly, doughtily, ſtoutly, manfully, courageouſly; knight-like.*

Chevalereux: m. euſe: f. *Chevalrous, doughty, valorous, valiant, couragious, manfull, ſtout, bold.*

Chevalerie: f. *Knight-hood, th'order of Knight-hood; alſo, chevalrie, doughtineſſe, valour, proweſſe; alſo, a bold attempt, hardy enterpriſe, manly, or gallant act.*

Aide de Chevalerie. *as in* Aides chevels.

Droict de chevalerie. *The priviledge of Knight-hood, or being made a Knight; due unto ſome Officers, and Magiſtrates, in France, as here unto the Lord Mayor of London.*

Chevalet: m. *A Nagge, or little horſe; alſo, the Bridge of a Lute, Viell, &c. alſo, the wodden legge whereon a Tanner ſcrapes his hides; (we call it his beame;) alſo, a ſawing Treſſle; alſo, a kinde of rack, or ſtretching torture.*

Chevaleter. *as* Chevaler; *To dog, &c.*

Chevaleureux. *Look* Chevalereux.

Chevalier: m. *Signifies properly, a horſeman; one that rides, or is, on horſebacke; (and hence, alſo, a* Gendarme, *or man of Armes;) but particularly, and more commonly, a Knight, or Cavaliere; (In France the title of* Chevalier *is, often, a bare title of honour, and ordinarily conferred on great Officers (whether of the ſhort, or long, Robe) and on the Lords of great, and meane Seignories; All which may qualifie, and ſtile themſelves Knights, as well as ordinary gentlemen may terme themſelves Eſquires: Alſo, a dainty waterfowle, as big as a Stock-dove, and of two kindes, the one veil, the other blacke; Alſo, the Knight-apple, ſomewhat bigger than an egge, and ſtreaked all over with red; Alſo, a raiſing, or ſmall heape of earth, or of cleds; a ridge made by a ſtradling labourer, that fetches, with his mattocke, &c. the earth between his legs, to ſuch a height, that he ſeems on horſebacke; alſo, a ſmall and whitiſh crabbe, ſomewhat ſpotted with red, and ſo ſwift, as a foot-man can hardly overtake her.*

Chevalier Bachelier. *A Knight Batchler. Look* Bachelier.

Chevalier des bains. *A knight of the Bath; ſo called, becauſe bathing is the principall ceremony of his admittance into that order.*

Chevalier banneret. *Looke* Banneret.

Chevalier de Cornevaille. *A Cuckold.*

Chevalier au drappeau quarré. *A Knight Banneret; called ſo in mockage.*

Chevalier errant du Royaulme de Logres. *A Knight errant of England; or one of King Arthurs Knights.*

Chevalier du guet. *The Captaine of the watch; as in* Guet.

Chevalier honoraire. *In difference from a Knight of any one of the orders. Looke* Honoraire.

Chevalier des loix. *A Lawyer, or meere Scholler knighted.*

Chevalier de S. Martin. *The little ſpotted flie, called Lady-ben, or, a Lady-cow;*

Hier vachier, huy chevalier; Prov. *Look* Vachier.

Poar l'amour du chevalier baiſe la Dame l'Eſcuyer; Prov. *The Lady kiſſes her man for his Maſters ſake.*

Chevalin: m. line: f. *Of, or belonging to a horſe; whence;*

Beſtes chevalines. *Horſes, mares, or colts, of what kinde ſoever.*

Chaſtaignes chevalines. *A kind of great, round, and blackiſh cheſtnuts; called ſo, becauſe they are good for ſhort-winded horſes.*

Orges chevalines. *A kind of winter-barlie; called ſo, becauſe the blades thereof in the Spring are good to purge, and fatten, horſes.*

Chevaline: f. *The herbe called Horſe-taile, or ſhave-graſſe.*

La chevaline. *Horſes, horſe-fleſh, or, the kinde of horſes.*

Chevalot: m. *A treſſle, or prop of wood, &c. as* Chevalet; *alſo, a coine of Guelderland, worth about 3 s. ſterl.*

Chevance: f. *Chevi ſance, wealth, ſubſtance, riches, goods.*

Chevauchable: com. *Rideable; eaſie to be rid on; fit to be rid in.*

Chevauché: m. ée: f. *Rid, beſtrid, ridden, rid on; rid over, or unto; and hence;*

Terre chevauchée eſt a demy mangée; Prov. *The revenue of land thats often rid unto is halfe conſumed in riding charges.*

Chevauchée: f. *A riding, travelling, journying, a road or courſe, a courſing to and fro, on horſebacke; (hence) alſo, a Princes progreſſe; a Judges circuit, &c. alſo, a furniſhing with horſes to ride on.*

Les chevauchées des Prevoſts des Mareſchaux de France. *The roads made by them over hills, through dales, narrow paſſages, and other ſuſpected places, thereby to cleare the country, and high-wayes of rogues, and robbers, whom as ſoone as they take they truſſe up.*

Droict

Droict de chevauchée. *Looke* Droict.

Chevauchement : m. *A riding*, *or*, *as* Chevauchée.

Chevaucher. *To ride*, *or beſtride a horſe*; *to travell on horſe-backe*; *alſo*, *to make a road*, *or journey with ſpeed of horſe and foot*, *againſt an enemy*; *alſo*, *to ſuruiue a woman.*

Chevaucher ſa charge. *To ride circuit*, *as a Iudge doth.*

Chevaucher la chevre en la vallée. *To vndertake a dangerous tarke*, *or matter which he is moſt like to faile in.* *Looke* Chevre.

Chevaucher la corde. *The ball (at Tennis) to hit the line*, *and to get ouer it (but with much odds.)*

Chevaucher à la genette. *To ride with very ſhort ſtirrups*; *to ſet ſquirting on horſe-backe with legges drawne vp almoſt vnto the ſaddle.*

Chevaucherie : f. *A riding*; *a ſwiuing.*

Chevaucheur : m. *A horſe-man*; *a rider*; *alſo*, *a Poſt-maſter*; *or one that keepes poſt-horſes*; *whence*;

Chevaucheurs d'eſcuyrie. *Poſts for the Packet.*

Sergeant chevaucheur. *A certain Officer in the Kings forreſts.*

Chevauchon. à chevauchons. *A ſtraddle*, *ſtradling*, *or beſtriding*, *as a man a horſe.*

Chevecerie : f. *The Veſtry*, *or Treaſurie of a Church*; *the place wherein the lights*, *and ornaments uſed in it*, *are layed vp*, *and kept.*

Cheveche : f. *An Owle*, *or Madge-howlet*; *th'ordinary rough-footed*, *and ſhort-tailed Owle.*

† Chevecher : m. *The Keeper*, *or Treaſurer of a Veſtry*; *a Sexton*; *or*, *as* Chevecier.

† Chevecherie : f. *The Veſtrie*, *or*, *as* Chevecerie.

† Chevechier. *as* Chevecier.

† Chevecier : m. *The Treaſurer*, *or Keeper of the Veſtry in a Cathedrall*, *or Collegiat Church*; *an Officer that hath charge of the wax*, *lights*, *and ornaments uſed therein.*

† Chevedage. feu, & che. *A dwelling-houſe*, *or houſhold.*

Cheveil. *as* Chevel.

Chevel. *chief*, *principall* : *of Norm.*

Aides chevels. *Look* Aide.

Fief chevel. *A noble inheritance held in Capite*, *and capable of Iuriſdiction.*

Lieu chevel. *A Manner houſe*, *or chiefe houſe.*

Cheveler. *To ſprig*, *or ſpriggle*; *to root*, *or put forth a hairy*, *or ſmall*, *root.*

Cheveliere : f. *A haire-lace*; *alſo*, *a dreſſing of haire.*

Chevelu : m. uë : f. *Hairy*, *full of haire*, *rugged with haire*, *wearing long haire.*

Eſtoille cheveluë. *A blazing ſtarre.*

Loy cheveluë. *A Law forbidding all men to weare long haire*, *except the Princes of the bloud*, *and their poſteritie*; *It was made by King Cledion the hairy*; *continued vnto King Pepins time*, *and then diſannulled.*

Chevelue : f. *A ſucker*; *a ſmall impe of a plant ſpringing from the root thereof*, *or of it ſelfe rooted.*

Chevelure : f. *A hairie buſh*, *or locke*; *hairineſſe*, *long haire*; *alſo*, *the fibbers or hairy threads that hang at the roots of plants.*

Chevelſche : f. *An Owle*; *as* Cheveche.

Cheveſne : m. *The Chevin*, *or Pollard-fiſh.*

Cheveſtre : m. *A rope*, *halter*, *caller for the head*; *a head-ſtall*, *or head-ſtrain (eſpecially for a cow*, *calfe*, *&c. for* Licol *is more proper to horſes*, *mules*, *&c. and more uſed.)*

Cheveſtreux. licol cheveſtreux. *Binding*, *or ſtraining the head.*

Chevet : m. *A bolſter (for the head.)*

Hauſſer le chevet de, &c. *To raiſe the price of a thing*, *to bid more for it*, *or value it higher*, *than before.*

† Chevetain : m. *A Captaine*, *Commander*, *Leader*; *a Chieftaine.*

Chevetain : m. ine : f. *Chiefe*, *commanding over*; *above*, *or ouer others* : *of Norm.*

Chevreux : m. *The haire of a man*, *or woman's head*; *alſo*, *a locke*; *buſh*, *or tuft of haire.*

Cheveux de Venus. *Venus haire*, *our Ladies haire*, *true maidens haire*, *blacke maiden haire*; *(an herbe.)*

Faire les cheveux à. *To powle*, *barbe*, *trimme*; *cut the haire.*

Vouloir prendre vn homme ras par les cheveux. *To hope for more from a man than he hath meanes to get*, *or th'other to giue.*

Cheuf. *as* Chef; *An old word.*

Chevi : m. ie : f. *Compaſſed*, *prevailed with*, *ſhifted withall*; *done good vpon*; *tamed*, *reclaimed*, *ſubdued*, *brought in or vnder*; *alſo*, *compounded*, *or agreed withall.*

Chevillage : m. *A pegging*, *or pinning*; *peggage*, *pinnage.*

Cheville : f. *A peg*, *or pinne of wood*; *alſo*, *a hutch in a varſe.*

Cheville du pied. *The Ankle-bone.*

Compter des chevilles. *To attend long in hope of a good turne*, *or preferment promiſed.* *See* Compter.

Pendre ſon manteau à foible cheville. *To aske advice of a foole*, *almes of a begger*; *or*, *to truſt in*, *or depend on*, *vaine hopes*, *weake helps.*

'A chaſque trou vne cheville; *Prov. For every fault an excuſe*, *for each obiection an anſwer*; *for any miſchiefe*, *a remedy*, *helpe*, *evaſion.*

'A tel pertuis telle cheville; *Prov. Said of any thing thats fitted*, *or ſuited in it kinde.*

Chevillé : m. ée : f. *Pegged*, *pinned*; *faſtened with pegs*, *joyned with pins.*

La teſte d'un cerf bien chevillée. *A Stagges head*, *well furniſhed*, *ſet*, *pinned.*

Cheviller. *To peg*, *to pin*; *to faſten*, *joyne*, *or cloſe with pegs*, *or pins.*

Chevilleur : m. *A pegger*; *alſo*, *a Sorcerer*, *that holding his finger in a hole*, *and muttering certaine ſuperſtitious words*, *will binder a man from piſſing*, *untill his finger be removed.*

Chevilleure. f. *A pegging*; *a faſtening with pegs.*

Chevilleures. *The braches of a Deeres head*; *all the pegs above the two loweſt.*

Chevillures. *as* Chevilleures.

Chevinian : m. *A Chevin.*

Chevir. *To compaſſe*, *prevaile with*, *ſhift withall*, *doe good vpon*; *alſo*, *to tame*, *reclaime*, *over-rule*, *bring in or vnder*; *alſo*, *to compound*, *make an end*, *come to an agreement*, *with.*

I'en cheviray bien. *I will bring him to reaſon*, *to my bent*, *vnto my will*; *I ſhall doe well enough with him.*

Ils ne pouvoyent tous chevir en la maiſon. *They could not all be lodged*, *or there was not roome enough for them all in the houſe.*

† Chevillance : f. *An agreement*, *or compoſition made*; *an end or order ſet downe betweene a creditor*, *and debtor.*

† Chevolée : f. *A ſprig*, *twig*, *or ſmall impe of a plant*; *alſo*, *a fibber*, *or haire-like thread growing vnto the root of a plant.*

† Chevoler. *To ſprig*, *to put forth ſprigs*, *or haire-like fibbers*, *as the roots of plants doe.*

Chevre : f. *A ſhee-Goat*; *alſo*, *a bag-pipe*; *alſo*, *the engine called by Architects*, *&c. a Fearne.*

Barbe de chevre. *Meadoſweet*, *meadeſweet*, *Queene of the Medowes (an herbe.)*

L'herbe aux chevres. *Shrub-treſoile*, *milke-treſoile*, Citiſus *buſh*, *tree-triſolie.*

Laictues de chevre. *A kinde of wilde-lettuce*, *called Lambes-lettuce*, *and corne-ſallade.*

Oeil de chevre. *An eye full of white ſpots*; *or*, *one that hath too much white*, *or a pearle in it*; *a wall eye.*

Pied de chevre. *The end of a groſſe of a croſſe-bow*; *alſo*, *the ſtay*, *or prop of a ladder*, *whereby it is both held ſteady*, *and kept from leaning too hard on what it is ſet againſt*; *alſo*, *a leaver pointed like the foot of a goat.*

Verd de chevre. *A kinde of ſand whereof Painters make their greens.*

'A la chevre morte. *With heeles*, *or belly*, *vpwards.*

'A pied de chevre. *Aſlope*, *or bias.*

Cheuaucher la chevre en la vallée. *To vndertake a dangerous tarke*, *or enter into a buſineſſe which he is very like to faile in*; *(for he that rides downe a hill on a goat (a beaſt that ſtoops*, *and hath ſhort legs before) can hardly come*, *without tumbling*, *to the bottome of it.)*

Il luy a mis les chevres en ſa court. *He hath put him in a terrible feare.*

Prendre le chevre. *To take Pepper in the noſe*; *to take a thing in dudgeon*, *or in ſnuffe.*

Reprenons noſtre chevre à la barbe. *Let us returne vnto our former diſcourſe*, *worke*, *matter*, *buſineſſe.*

'A la chandelle la chevre ſemble belle; *Prov. Hee that chuſes a wife by candle-light*, *or by other eyes than his owne*, *may perhaps be ſoule deceived.*

Ou la chevre eſt liée faut qu'elle broute; *Prov. The goat muſt browze where ſhe is bound*; *where a man is ſetled he is to ſeek meanes to live.*

Tant gratte la chevre que mal gift; *Prov.*

Prov. *He keepes such a ſtirre, he makes ſo much adoe, to be well, that he is the worſe for it: In old time a certaine Goat painfully ſcraping the earth to get her ſelfe an eaſefull couch, turned up a knife, wherewith preſently after her throat was cut in a ſacrifice; (This Proverbe is fitteſt applyed unto ſuch, as ruine, or incommodate themſelves, by being too buſie, or too curious, in what kind ſoever.)*

Chevreau. *A Kid, or young Goat.*

Chevreaux. *Certaine ſtarres which riſe about the eight and twentieth of September, and get them gone againe towards the evening of the nine and twentieth.*

Chevreau ſauvage. *A Roe.*

Chevre-fueille: f. *The Wood-bind, or Honie-ſuckle.*

Chevre-pied. *Cloven-hooved, Goat-footed; an Epithite for a Satyre.*

Chevreté: m. ée: f. *Kidded; fallen as a young Kid; alſo, enraged, horne-mad, almoſt wood.*

Chevreter. *To Kid, or bring forth young Kids; alſo, to be in a rage, almoſt wood, or horne-mad; to grow mad with anger, and deſpight; (from a Goat, which in his time of heat is mad for luſt.)*

Chevrette: f. *A little Goat; alſo, a wilde Goat; alſo, a great Prawne; alſo, a little and low Andiron; alſo, a Robinet, or ſmall peece of Ordnance, of a ſize betweene the Fauconnet, and Arquebuze a-crocke.*

Chevreul: m. *A Roe, or a Roe-buck; alſo, a wilde Goat; (which is alſo called;)*

Chevreul ſauvage. *A Shamois, or wilde Goat.*

† Chevrie: f. *A Bag-pipe.*

Chevrier: m. *A Goat-heard, one that keepeth, or looketh unto Goats.*

Chevrin: m. inc: f. *Goatie; Goat-like; of a Goat.*

† Cheurme: f. *Looke* Chiorme.

Chevron: m. *A Kid; a Chevron (of Timber in Building;) a Rafter, or Sparre.*

Chevronde. *Looke* Severonde.

Chevronneau: m. *A ſmall Rafter, little Chevron.*

Chevronot: m. *The ſame.*

Chevrot: m. *A Kid; a young, or little Goat; Roe; or Shamois.*

Chevrotin: m. *Kids-leather.*

Tirer au chevrotin. *To eate, or drinke exceeding much; alſo, to vomit (by that exceſſe.)*

Chevrottement: m. *The breeding, or bringing forth of Kids.*

Chevrotter. *To breed, or bring forth (as a ſhee-Goat) a Kid.*

Cheuſſon: m. *A Corne-deſtroying Mite, or Weevell.*

Cheute: f. *A fall, a lapſe; an overthrow.*

Cheute de l'oeil. *The fall of the eye; is, when it is cleane out of it hollow ſeat; eſpecially, if either an iſſue, or blow hath beene the cauſe thereof.*

De grand vilain grande cheute: Prov. *The greater a bad man is, the more ſcandalous and hurtfull are his vices, and therefore the more headlong, and infamous, his fall.*

Chez. chez moy. *With me, at, or in my houſe.*

De chez moy. *From me.*

Chezal: m. *A chiefe Manſion, or Manner-houſe.*

Cheze: m. *The part or portion of an Inheritance of courſe belonging unto the eldeſt Heire, over and beſides his ſhare in the reſt; which is, by the cuſtomes of* Tours, *the two* Arpens *of ground lying next without the walls and ditches of a Gentlemans Caſtle, or chiefe Houſe; and foure* Arpens *ſo lying about the Caſtle or Houſe of an Earle, Vicount, or Baron; by the cuſtomes of* Lodunois *it is otherwiſe called,* Le vol d'un Chapon; *and is as farre as a Capon can flye from the chiefe Manner-houſe of a Gentleman; and the three* Septerées *of ground lying next without the ditches of a Barons Caſtle.*

Chezeau: m. *A Gentlemans chiefe houſe; houſe-hold, or family.*

Chi, *as* Ci: ¶ Pic.

† Chiabrena. *A ſhitten-cone-ſhite; a paultrie ſhitten ſtigg; a nice, and ſcurvie wench.*

† Chiappon: m. *A kind of part in the mouth of a Bitt; as* Pas d'Aſne.

Chiard: m. *A ſhitten fellow; a ſtinking rogue; a ſcoundrell; a ſcurvie companion.*

Chiaſſe: m. *Droſſe, dregs, froath, of mettall.*

Chiaſſer. *To ſhite; alſo, to be too curious.*

† Chic. de chic à chic. *From little to little.*

Chicambault: m. *The Luffe-block; a long, and thick piece of wood, whereunto the fore-ſayle and ſprit-ſayle are faſtened, when a ſhip goes by the winde.*

Chicaner. *To wrangle, or pettifog it; to ſpoyle, or perplex a Cauſe, with craftie and litigious pleading; alſo, to write a very faſt hand.*

Chicanerie: f. *Wrangling, pettifogging; litigious, or craftie pleading; the perplexing of a Cauſe with tricks; or the peſtering thereof with (ſubtile, but) impertinent words.*

Chicaneur: m. *A wrangling Attourney, or Pettifogger; a buſie, craftie, litigious, and verball follower of Cauſes.*

Chicaneus; &, Chicanous. *The ſame.*

† Chichard, *as* Chiche.

Chicharou: m. *Baſtard Mackerell.* ¶ Saintongnois.

Chiche: com. *Miſerable, niggardly, niggiſh, neere, pinching, ſparing, hard, ſtrait-handed.*

Un chiche. *A wretch, pinch-penny, penny-father, covetous hilding; one that would not part with the paring of his nayles.*

Autant deſpend chiche que large; Prov. *The wretch conſumes as much as the great ſpender.*

Ce que chiche eſpargne large deſpend; Prov. *That which the nicher ſpares, the waſter ſpends.*

Homme chiche jamais riche; Prov. *Looke* Riche.

Il n'eſt banquet que d'homme chiche; Prov. *Wee ſay, there is no feaſt to the miſers; and by a miſers feaſt, we meane a plentifull, though a rare, one.*

Chiche-face: m. *A chichiface, nicher, ſneake-bill, wretched fellow; one out of whoſe noſe hunger drops.*

Chiche-maille. *A dodger, niggard, pinch-penny, penny-father; one that will ſtand whole houres bagling about a halfe-penny.*

Chichement. *Miſerably, niggardly, hardly, covetouſly, with a ſtrait, or cloſe hand.*

Chiches, poix chiches: m. *Ciches, Chiches, red Cich, Sheepes-Cich-Peaſon; a Pulſe thats ſomewhat leſſe then the ordinarie ſmall Peaſe.*

Chiches de belier. *Small black Ciches faſhioned like Rammes heads, and therepon called, Rammes Ciches, and, black Cich.*

Chiches colombins. *White Ciches.*

Chiches de montaigne. *Milke Vetches, mountaine Ciches.*

Chiches noires. *Rammes Ciches, black Ciches.*

Chiches rouges. *Red Ciches, &c; as* Venereïques.

Chiches ſauvages. *Wilde Ciches; alſo, Milke Vetches.*

Chiches Venereïques. *Red Ciches; (the moſt luſt-provoking kind of them all.)*

Chicheté: f. *Niggardlineſſe, miſerie, hardneſſe, pinching, too much dodging, needleſſe parſimonie, thrift, or ſparing.*

Chichorée: f. *Succorie; Looke* Cichorée.

Chicot. *A ſtub, or ſtumpe; or as* Chiquot.

Chicotin. *The bearbe Orpin, Liblong, or Livelong.*

Chicotrin. *as* Chicotin; *or, as* Cicotrin.

Chief. *Chiefe, principall, capitall; Looke* Chef.

Chien: m. *A dogge; alſo, a baſe, filthie, or ſhameleſſe fellow, alſo, the Snaphaunce of a Piſtoll.*

Chien d'Artois. *A Terrier.*

Chien de bergier. *A Shepheards curre.*

Chien cerf. *A Hart-hound.*

Chien de chaſſe. *A Grey-hound.*

Chien couchant. *A ſetting dog.*

Faire le chien couchant. *To play the coward, or baſe fellow; to humble, or deject himſelfe too much in the preſence of another.*

Chien courant. *A great hound, buck-hound, barrier; any hound.*

Chien de damoiſelle. *A pupſie, little dogge, fifling curre.*

Chien dogue. *A Maſtiffe.*

Chiens greffiers. *as* Bauds.

Chien de S. Hubert. *A kind of ſtrong, ſhort-legd, and deepe-mouthed hound, uſed moſt for the hunting of the Fox, Badger, Otter, &c.*

Chien de mer. *The Sea-hound, or Dog-fiſh, that (ſomewhat) reſembles a Lamprey.*

Chien de metairie. *A bandog, or countrey curre.*

Chiens muts. *The Hart-hounds* Bauds, *tearmed ſo, becauſe being croſſed by a chaine, they never open till they light on their firſt game.*

Chiens d'oiſeaux. *Spaniels.*

Chiens publiques. *So were in old time thoſe called, who had the letting and ſetting of the Subſidies granted, and taxes due, unto the King.*

Chien terrier. *as* Baſſet; *A Terrier.*

Appetit de chien. *A moſt unſatiate appetite;*

tite; a ſtomack which, though it lay in unto vomiting, ſtill would have more.

Choſe de chien. *A paultrie thing; a matter of no value, or conſequence; a triſle; traſh, trumperie.*

Chou de chien. *Dogs Cole, wilde Mercurie, dogs Mercurie.*

Couillon de chien. *See* Couillon.

Dent au chien. *Harts-horne Plantaine, Crowfoot Plantaine; alſo, (and the more properly) Cooch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe, Dog-graſſe;* Looke Dent.

Dent de chien. *Cooch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe, Dogs-graſſe; alſo, the hearbe Dandelion, Prieſts crowne, Piſſe-a-bed; alſo, grudge, repining, ill meaning.*

Dents de chien. *A mans tuskes, or tuſhes; on either ſide two, next unto the foure fore-teeth.*

Diſner de chien. *A meale made onely of bread, and water; or wherein there is nothing drunke but water.*

Eſguillettes de chien. *Courſe leather points, made of a dogs skin.*

Herbe à chien. *Dogs-graſſe, Cooch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe; or, (as ſome interpret it) the hearbe Dogs-tongue, or Hounds-tongue.*

Langue de chien. *The hearbe Dogs-tongue, Hounds-tongue, Hounds-piſſe.*

Mort aux chiens. *Medow Saffron; alſo, the hearbe Dogs-bane.*

Mouche à chien. *A Tick, or Tike.*

Oignon de chien. *A baſtard kind of the ſtarrie Jacinth, called, Dogs-leeke; alſo, as;*

Porreau de chien. *Leeke of the Vine, wild Leekes, French Leeke, Dogs Leekes.*

Ris de chien. *A diſloyall, or treacherous, jeering; a laughing on him whoſe throat he wiſhes cut.*

Ronce de chien. *The Hep-tree;* Looke Ronce.

Teſte de chien. *Calves-ſnowt, Snap-dragon; alſo, Fleawort.*

Teſticule de chien. *The hearbe Dogs-ſtones, Dogs-cullions, Dogs-teſticles, Standa-wort, Standa-graſſe, baſtard Satyrion.*

Entre chien & loup. *In twilights, or cock-ſhoot time, (when a man can hardly diſcerne a Dog from a Wolfe.)*

'A vn autre chien avec cet os. *Make that offer to, beſtow that kindneſſe on, ſome other.*

Auſſi toſt preſt qu'un chien auroit ſauté vn eſchalier. *As ſoone as a Dog would have leaped over a doore-ſill; or, as in* Eſchalier.

Batre le chien devant le lion. *To puniſh a meane man in preſence of, and for an example unto, the mightie.*

Donner à manger au chien & au chat. *To keepe a bountifull houſe.*

Dormer en chien. *To ſleepe faſting in the Sunne when it is at the higheſt; or, to ſleepe immediately before Dinner, or Supper.*

Jecter ſon lard aux chiens. *To ſpend his fortunes idly, unworthily, waſtfully; to beſtow much on hungry, baſe, and ſcurvie people; to laviſh it unreaſonably, to ſquander all away.*

Il veut beaux chiens à peu de pain. *He would be well attended on for little wages.*

Oſter les chiens pour venir à bout du troupeau. *Looke* Troupeau.

Perſonne ne luy demanda, es tu chien es tu loup. *No man ſaluted, eyed, reſpected, him; no man asked him what, nor whither, he would; no man ſpoke to him, no one tooke notice of him.*

Tirer du foin aux chiens. *To vomit, ſpue, caſt, ſell oakes, pull hay for dogs.*

Tout d'une venue comme la iambe d'un chien. *We ſay, All of a bigneſſe, like a poſt; or a Churne.*

Chien enragé ne peut longuement vivre; Prov. *A mad dog cannot long time live.*

Chien eſchaudé craint l'eau froide; Prov. *The ſcaulded dog feares even cold water; (ſomewhat like our, A burnt child dreads the fire.)*

Chien hargneux a touſiours les oreilles deſchirées; Prov. *A common brabler comes by many a knock; quarrelſome lads are ſeldome without black eyes, broken pates, or ſcratcht faces.*

Chien qui abbaye ne mord pas; Prov. *The dogge that barkes much, bites little; a great prater, a weake performer.*

Chien ſur ſon fumier eſt hardi; Prov. *A dog (we ſay, a cock) is valiant on his owne dung-hill.*

'A bon chien bon os; Prov. *A good dog deſerves a good bone; a good ſervant good intertainment; but;*

'A vn bon chien n'eſcheut onques bon os; Prov. *A good dog never lights on a good bone; or, the worſt bones ever fall to the beſt dogs ſhare; the honeſt man hath ſtill the worſt luck.*

De toute taille bon chien; Prov. *There are ſome able men of all ſorts, and ſizes.*

Deux chiens ne s'accordent point à vn os; Prov. *Two dogs never agree about one bone; churles will not part, nor part with, any thing.*

Mauvais chien iamais ne veut compagnon en cuiſine; Prov. *Greedie, or ill-natured people cannot indure competitors, or companions.*

Mauvais chien ne trouve ou mordre; Prov. *No place affords a living to a curre; the ſlothfull knave, or bungler, thrives no where.*

'A mauvais chien ne peut on monſtrer le loup; Prov. *An ill dog hates to looke on a wolfe.*

'A mauvais chien la queuë luy vient; Prov. *An ill weed growes apace.*

Souvent à mauvais chien tombe vn bon en gueule; Prov. *An unworthie fellow oft lights on worthie fortunes; or, the verier knave the better luck.*

'A meſchant chien court lien; Prov. *A froward curre muſt be tyed ſhort; a curriſh fellow well fettered; (ſo will they doe leaſt hurt.)*

'A petit chien petit lien; Prov. *Weake paſſions need but weake reſtraints.*

A rude chien dur lien; Prov. *Violent humors muſt be ſtopped by hard curbs; churliſh people awed with curſt uſage.*

Vn vieil chien iamais ne jappe en vain; Prov. *The old dog never barketh (aged experience never adviſeth) in vaine.*

Il n'eſt chaſſe que de vieux chiens; Prov. *There is no hunting to the old dogs; or, no dog hunts like the old one.*

Charruë de chien né vaut rien; Prov. *Looke* Charruë.

En lict de chien n'y a point d'oingture; Prov. *Look not for civet in a dogs kennell.*

'A chair de loup ſauce de chien; Prov. *The beſt ſauce for courſe meat is hunger, (or) the fitteſt intertainment for a knave, a cudgell.*

C'eſt belle bataille de chiens & des chats; chacun a des ongles; Prov. *Looke* Bataille.

D'oyſeaux, de chiens, d'armes, & d'amours, pour vn plaiſir mille douleurs; Prov. *The pleaſure got by hawkes, hounds, love, and armes, are deerely bought with millions of harmes.*

Eau, & pain eſt la viande du chien; Pro. *Bread and water is meat good ynough for a dog (though not for a man.)*

En fin les loups tuent le chien qui tué les loups; Prov. *At length the baſe-body comes unto his bane.*

Nature fait chien tracer; Prov. *Looke* Tracer.

Pendant que les chiens s'entregrondent le loup devore la brebis; Pro. *While Churchmen brabble, Satan feeds on ſoules.*

Quand vn chien le noye chaſcun luy offre à boire; Prov. *When a dog's a drowning every one offers him drinke.*

Qui a le loup pour compagnon porte le chien ſous l'hocqueton; Prov. *Let him thats matcht with a knave goe well provided for him.*

Qui aime Bertrand aime ſon chien; Prov. *Love me love my dog; (ſay we.)*

Qui ſe couche avec les chiens, ſe leve avec des puces; Prov. *They that lye downe with dogs riſe up with fleas; In filthie companie what can one gaine but filth?*

Qui veut avoir bon chien il faut qu'il le nourriſſe bien; Prov. *He that will have a good dog muſt feed him well; he that deſires a good ſervant muſt uſe him well.*

Qui veut batre ſon chien trouve aſſez de baſtons; Prov. *It is an eaſie matter to find a ſtaffe wherewith to beat a dog.*

Qui veut tuer ſon chien luy met la rage ſus; Prov. *When a bad Prince would be rid of a good ſubject, or ſervant, the trick is, to lay treaſon to his charge.*

Sous ombre d'aſne entre le chien au moulin; Prov. *(So gets the knave admittance, where otherwiſe he ſhould be excluded.)*

Tandis que le chien chie le loup s'en va; Prov. *While the dog ſcummers the wolfe ſcuds away.*

Tandis que le chien crie le loup s'enfuit; Prov. *While the dog bawles the wolfe eſcapes; (thus by delaying and tatling an enemie overſlips him, and many advantages others.)*

Tel le chien nourrit qui puis mange la courroye de ſon foulier; Prov. *Some breed up thoſe that prove their bane.*

Tel ſeigneur tel chien; Prov. *Like maſter like man.*

† Chien-cert. *A Hart-hound.*

Chien-dent. *Cooch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe, Dogs-graſſe; alſo, a noble ſtinker; a looſe, diſſolute, or idle good fellow.*

Chien-dents. *as* Dents de chien; *The tuſhes.*

Chienelle: ſ. *Dogs; a brood, or number; the kind, or nature, of dogs.*

Chien-lict. *A ſhitcabcd; a ſhitten fellow, beaſtly companion, filthy ſcoundrell, ſtinking jack, ſcurvy mate.*
Chienne: f. *A bitch.*
Chiennée: f. *The herbe Dogs-bane, or meadow Saffron; alſo, a litter of whelpes.*
Chienner. *To whelpe.*
Chiennerie: f. *A dog-houſe, or dog-kennell.*
Chienneſſe: f. *Dogs; a brood, litter, or number; the kind or nature, of dogs.*
Chiennet: m. *A little dog.*
Chienneté. *Whelped.*
Chienneter. *as* Chienner. *To whelpe.*
Chienneterie: f. *Doggiſhneſſe; the kind, or nature of dogs.*
Chiennetier: m. *A dog-keeper; yeoman ſcwterer, Groome of the Hunt, one that looks unto hounds.*
Chiennette: f. *A young, or little, bitch.*
Chien-rage. *The herbe Dogs-bane; or meadow Saffron.*
Chier. *To ſhite, cack, ſcummer, untruſſe the points, go to the ſtoole, doe that which no body can doe for him.*
Chier dans le panier, pour le mettre ſur la teſte. *To diſgrace a thing, of purpoſe, to obtaine it the eaſier; to intertain on neare tearms that whereof one hath formerly given moſt vile tearmes.*
Autant chie vn boeuf que mille moucherons; Prov. *As much dungs one oxe as a thouſand flies; one rich man may ſpend more than many poore ones.*
Tandis que le chien chie le loup s'en va; Prov. *While the dog ſcummers the woolfe eſcapes.*
Chietins. *as* Theatins; *An order of Prieſts, in credit about Pope* Clement *the ſeventh time; and of more antiquity, by ſome few years, than the Jeſuites.*
Chifetier: m. *A ſeller of old ſtuffe, clothes, clouts; or, one that cries up and downe ſuch trumpery to be ſold.* ¶ Norm.
Chiffe: f. *A clout, old ragge, over-worne, or caſt, piece of ſtuffe.*
Chiffiant. *Whizzing, hiſſing, whiſtling,*
Chifflement: m. *A whizzing, whiſtling, hiſſing.*
Chiffler. *To whiſtle, hiſſe, or whizze.*
Chiffon: m. *A little clout, rag, or piece, of over-worne ſtuffe.*
Chiffre. *as* Chitre; *Alſo, an engine to catch fiſh with (forbidden.)*
Chiffrer. *Look* Chifrer.
Chifre: m. *A Cypher; a figure, or number; the figures of 1, 2, 3, 4, &c. alſo, a ſtrange caracter, figure, or forme of writing, not (eaſily) underſtood by any but him that invented it, and ſuch as he hath acquainted with it.*
Le Chifre d'un Prince. *The liſt, or catalogue of a Princes Cyphers, delivered (and expounded) unto ſuch as he would have to underſtand him.*
Chifré: m. ée: f. *Cyphered; written in cyphers, or in ſtrange and unknowne caracters; alſo, calculated, or examined, as an accompt, by cyphering.*
Chifrer. *To cypher; to write in cyphers; to expreſſe his meaning in ſtrange, and unknowne caracters; alſo, to calculate, or examine, an accompt, by cyphering.*
Chignon: m. *The chyne, or chyne-piece of the neck; alſo, a knot, or knurre in a piece of Wood, or Tymber.*
Chigres: m. *Shoomakers thread; or, a tatching end.*
Chil. *as* Chile.
Chilagogue: f. *A choler-purging medicine.*
Chile: m. *The Chilus, or white juice (of diſgeſted meat) whereof our bloud commeth. Look* Chyle.
Chilifier. *To concoct, diſgeſt, or turne into a milky, or white juice.*
Chiller. *To ſeele, or ſow up the eyes; as* Siller.
Chilleure: f. *A ſeeling, or ſowing up of the eyes.*
Chilonique. à la Chilonique. *Briefly, ſuccinctly, compendiouſly; (from one of the Grecian wiſemen,* Chilo, *who in all his ſpeeches, and writings, was very ſhort.)*
Chimagrée: f. *A wry-mouth, &c. Look* Simagrée.
Chimeres: f. *Chymerats, idle conceits, frivolous thoughts, fond wiſhes, fruitleſſe imaginations, caſtles in the ayre, things that never were.*
Chimeric: m. ique: f. *Imaginary, altogether in fancy, that never was nor will be, onely in conceit.*
Chimie: f. *Melting; or Extraction; the ſecond part of Alchymie.*
Chimique: com. *chimicall, or Archymiſticall; extractive, melting.*
Chimolie. terre chimolie. *A kind of earth that is good againſt burning, and hot impoſtumes.*
Chinage: *as* Chemage.
Chinchille: f. *A little, Indian, and Squirrell-like beaſt, which hath a very ſmooth, and wholſome, ſkin.*
Chine: f. *A red, and ſpungious Indian root, good againſt the Gout.*
Chinfreneau: m. *A ſlampe, jert, wipe; thumpe, knock, bob.*
Chinon du col: m. *The nape of the necke; or as* Chignon.
Chinquer. *To quaffe, ſwill, tiple, carouſe, drink extremely.*
† Chiolé: m. ée: f. *Whelped.*
Chiorme: f. *A bank of Oares; or, the whole company of ſlaves, Rowers (in a Galley;) alſo, the noiſe they make in rowing; alſo, (in a ſhip) the Saylers; and the noiſe they make in weighing of anchor, and hoiſing up of ſaile-yards.*
† Chiot: m. *A whelpe, or little dog.*
† Chipault. il eſt tout chipault. *Hee is all to be ragged, and rent.*
Chipoter. *To dodge, miche, paulter; trifle, &c. as* Chapoter.
Chipoterie: f. *Dodging, miching, paultering, trifling, fidling, fooliſh meddling.*
Chipouton: m. *A niggard; a micher, dodger, paulterer; a miſer, pinch-penny, ſcrape-good, peniſather.* ¶ Gaſc.
Chippe. *A barke, or ſhip; alſo, an old clout, rag, or patch.*
Chiquaner. *Look* Chicaner.
† Chiquanique: com. *Wrangling, litigious, pettifogger-like.*
† Chiquanourris. peuple ch. *Crafty pleaders, or pettifoggers; wrangling, or litigious followers of cauſes.*
Chiquanons. *A litigious pleader, craftie pettifogger.*
Chiques. *as* Chiches. ¶ Picard.
Chiquenaude: f. *A fillip; flirt, or bob given with the finger, or naile.*
Chiquenaudé: m. ée: f. *Fillipped; flirted; bobbed with the finger.*
Chiquenauder. *To fillip; to flirt, or bob, with the finger.*
Chiquenie. *as* Squenie.
Chiquetant. *Cutting, ſhredding, jagging; cutting into ſhreds, gaſhes, jags.*
Chiqueté: m. ée: f. *Cut, gaſhed, jagged, hacked.*
Chiqueter. *To cut; gaſh, jag, hack.*
Chiqueteur: m. *A cutter.*
Chiqueteres: f. *Cuttings, jags, or ſhreds of cloth.*
Chiqueture: f. *A cutting; a gaſh, cut, garſe; a launcing, ſhredding, ſlitting.*
Chiquot: m. *A ſcale in the root, or end of a naile; alſo, a ſprig, or ſhoot of a tree; alſo, the ſtumpe of a tooth.*
Chiquoter. *To ſift, ſearch, or ſeek out; alſo, to hack, with a knife, &c.*
Chiragre: f. *Hand-gout; the gout in the hands.*
Chiroacte, *Nimble of hand, quicke-fingered.* ¶ Rab.
Chiroaine. *Look* Ciroeſne.
Chirographaire. Creancier chirographaire. *That hath for his aſſurance a Bill, or Note under the debtors hand.*
Chiromantie. *Palmiſtry; a gueſſing at ones fortune by the marke, or making, of his hand.*
Chiromantien. *A Palmiſter, a Fortune-teller.*
† Chiron. *as* Ciron.
Chirurgial: m. ale: f. *Belonging unto Surgerie.*
Chirurgie: f. *Surgery.*
Chirurgien: m. *A Surgeon.*
Choc: m. *A ſhock, a brunt; a buſtling, or hurrying together; a violent incounter, or coping of armed, and angry, ſouldiers.*
† Chocailler. *as* Chocquailler.
Chochepierre. *A kind of Nowpe, or Bullfinch, that feedes moſt on the kernels of Cherriſtones.*
† Chocquailler. *as* Choquer; *(eſpecially in the laſt ſence) to drink, tiple, quaffe, &c.*
Chocquer. *Look* Choquer.
Choenes. porteurs de choenes. *So doe ſurveyors and meaſurers of land call thoſe that goe before them, and carry their lines, or chaines, and rods wherewith they meaſure.*
Choerin: m. *A ſhoate, or barrow pig.*
Choeur: m. *The Quire of a Church; alſo, a round, ring, or troop of ſingers, or dancers; or of Auditors, or Spectators of thoſe, or the like Exerciſes.*
Enfans de choeur. *Quirriſters.*
Choier. *Look* Choyer.
Choine: m. *A loafe of white bread.* ¶ Nor.
Choir. *Look* Cheoir.
Chois: m. *A choice, election, picking, or culling out; alſo, ſtore, abundance, Gods plenty, good choice.*
Choiſi: m. ie: f. *Choſen, elected; culled, picked out from others; alſo, ſeen, or diſcerned, a farre off.*
Choiſir. *To chuſe, elect; cull, or pick out; alſo, to ſee, or diſcerne, a farre off.*
Il ne choiſit pas qui emprunte; Prov. *Borrowers muſt not be chuſers.*
Qui avec ſon ſeigneur mange poires, il ne choiſit pas des meilleures; Prov. *Look* Poire.
Choiſon: f. *Opportunity, occaſion; alſo, as* Foiſon.

Choiſne:

Choiſne: m. *A loafe of white bread.* ¶ Nor.
Cholagogue: f. *The thin, or ſmall gut, wherein the Chilus thickening beginneth to reſt; or (adjectively) of, or belonging thereto.*
† Chole: f. *Choler, anger, gall, ire.*
Cholere: f. *Choler, anger, fuming, teſtineſſe, chafing, ſtomack, moodineſſe; alſo, the complection, or humour, ſtiarmed, choler.*
Ronger vne cholere en ſon eſprit. *To fret.*
Cholére: com. *as* Cholerique.
Cholereux. *as* Cholerique; *or full of choler.*
Cholerique: com. *Choleriek, angry, teſty, ſtomacky, chafing, pettiſh, wrefull, in a rage, as hot as a toaſt.*
Cholique: f. *The Collick, a painfull windineſſe in the belly, or ſtomack.*
Cholique pierreuſe. *A paine like the Collicke, and cauſed by the Stone in the Kidneyes.*
Choliqueux: m. euſe: f. *Full of, or much troubled with, the Collick.*
Chomer. *Look* Chommer.
Chommable. iour chommable. *A day of reſt, a play day.*
Chommage: m. *A ceaſing from worke, a reſting, a making holy day; a lying idle, and out of uſe, as money which is not current.*
Chommer. *To make holy day, ceaſe from worke; play for want of worke; reſt, lye idle, and out of uſe; alſo, as* Manquer; *or, to want, whence;*
Nous en chommerons encor de pareil. *We ſhall not have the like in haſte.*
Chondrille: f. *Gum-Succory.*
Choner. *as* Chommer, *or* Chopiner. ¶ Rab.
† Chonquetage: m. *A Round gone about, or View taken of, the Kings Woodſales, by the principall officers of his forreſt, thereby to come to the knowledge of the offences (if any) committed by thoſe that have been put in truſt withall.*
Choper. *To trip, or ſtumble; to be faulty; erre, or miſſe in footing.*
Qui chope & ne tombe, adjouſte à ſon pas; Pro. *He that ſtumbles without falling, gets the more forward.*
Chopine: f. *A Chopine; or the Pariſien halfe pint; almoſt as big as our whole one; (At S. Denis, and in divers other places about* Paris, *three of them make but one pint.)*
Approbation faitte ſur chopine. *An allowance given, or paſſed, over the pot.*
Chopiner. *To tipple, queffe, ſwill, plie the pot, drink all day, or whole dayes, long.*
Chopinette: f. *A ſmall cup, or chopine.*
Choppe. Poire choppe. *Which by over-ripeneſſe growes ſoft, and is almoſt unſound at the core.*
Choppement: m. *A ſtumbling, a tripping.*
Chopper. *Looke* Choper; *alſo, a peare to grow ſoft, or almoſt unſound at the core.*
Choquar. *A Chough; or, Corniſh Chough.* ¶ Valeſien.
Choquer. *To give a ſhock; violently, and with a hurry to cope, knock, incounter, buſtle, or joyne battell, together; alſo, to quaffe, carouſe, tipple, toſſe the pot.*
Choquer ſa teſte contre la muraille. *To runne his head againſt the wall.*
Choraige: m. *A keeper of Players garments.*
Chorde. *See* Corde.
Chordé. *as* Cordé.
† Chore: m. *A company of ſingers, or dancers; any number, aſſembly, or whole company, as the Chorus between every Act in a Tragedy.*
Choreal: m. ale: f. *Frequenting, or belonging to, a Quere.*
Choret: m. *A ſhote, or barrow pig; a young hog.*
Choriaux: m. *Quere-men, ſinging-men, quirreſters.*
Chorion. *as* Arriereſaix; *or, the outmoſt of the three skinnes, whereof the Secundine conſiſts.*
Choriſte: m. *A Choriſt; a ſinging man in a Quire.*
Chormes des nauſi. *The Saylers, or Mariners. Look* Chiorme.
Choſe: f. *A thing; a matter; a cauſe; mean; caſe, affaire, deed; alſo, ſtuffe, geere, ſubſtance, goods, poſſeſſions.*
Choſe accouſtumée n'eſt pas trop priſée; Prov. *We prize not much the thing w'are uſed unto.*
Choſe bien donnée n'eſt iamais perduë; Prov. *A thing diſcreetly given is never loſt.*
Choſe faitte conſeil prins; Prov. *When a thing is done adviſe comes too late; a thing once done cannot be undone; the care is already taken.*
Choſe qui plaiſt eſt à demy venduë; Prov. *Ware that doth pleaſe is halfe ſold (when 'tis ſeen.)*
Petite choſe de loing poiſe; Prov. *We ſay, Light burthen farre beiny; a little thing farre farre grows heavy.*
Chou: m. *The herbe Cole, or Colewarts.*
Chou blanc. *as* Chou cabu.
Chou cabu. *Cabbage, white Colewort, headed Colewort, headed Cabbage, round Cabbage Cole.*
Chou cabu rouge. *Red Cabbage Cole.*
Chou de chien. *Dogs-Caule, Dogs-Mercury, wild Mercury.*
Choux creſpus. *Curled garden-Coles; ragged, criſped, wrinckled Colewarts.*
Choux fleuris, ſeuls, & floris. *The Collyflory, or Cypres Colewort.*
Chou grileaſtre. *A kind of gray-leaved Colewort that ſeldome cloſes, and is of little worth.*
Chou marin. *The ſea-Cole [illegible] thyme, ſea Solſoot, and Sea Scurvy-weed is tearmed ſo by very many writers; but moſt improperly; for the right ſea Colewort differs very much from it, or any kind of Bindweed.)*
Chou navean. *The rape Colewort.*
Chou noir. *The black, or ſmart Cole.*
Chou petit. *The ſmall, and ſlender Cole.*
Chou pommé, ou à pommes. *The ordinary Cabbage.*
Chou rouge. *The bitter red Cole; or, the garden red Colewort.*
Choux de Savoye. *Ruffed, or curled Savoy Colewarts; (there is alſo a ſmooth kind of them, tearmed, Savoy Coles.)*
Chou ſauvage. *The wild Colewort, or, wild ſea Cole.*
Choux tannez. *Wild red Colewarts; (fitter for medicine then for meat.)*
Choux verds. *Wrinckled, or ruffed green Colewarts.*
Petit chou. *as* Chou petit. *Alſo, a puffe cake, or loafe, made of butter, cheeſe, fine meale, and yolkes of eggs; (there bee two kinds of them; one round, and plump like an apple; the other alſo round, but much flatter.)*
Chou pour chou. *One good turne for another.*
Ie n'en donneroye pas vn chou. *I value, or weigh it not; I care not for it; I would not give a ruſh, a figge, a chip, for twenty ſuch.*
Il en fait ſes choux gras. *He gets well by it, makes his advantage of it, feathers his neaſt with it.*
Souffler les choux en dormant. *To piſſe in ſleeping.*
Quand le chou paſſe le cep le vigneron meurt de ſoif; Prov. *Looke* Paſſer.
Chou. *An Interjection expreſſing a ſence of a ſuddaine and extreme heat, or cold; alſo, a voice wherewith we drive away Pullein.*
Choüan: m. *A Pollard, or Chevin fiſh. (Angevin.)*
Choüans: m. *as* Chaüans.
Choüart. *Winſing, kicking, fluiſſing, flying out; and hence;*
Maiſtre Iehan Choüart. *A mans yard.*
† Choüca. *A Chough, or Jack Daw.*
† Choüchette: f. *The Chough, Cadeſſe, Daw.*
† Choüé: m. ée: f. *Diſappointed, fruſtrated, deceived.*
Choüette: f. *An Owlet; or, the little Horne-owle; (a therviſh night-bird;) alſo, a Chough, Cadeſſe, Daw, Jack-daw.*
Choüette rouge. *The Corniſh Chough; the red-legg'd Chough.*
† Choul: m. *as* Chou. *Cole.*
Chouquet: m. *A block.*
Chouqueue: f. *A Chough, Cadeſſe, Jack-Daw.*
Chou-rave. *The rape Colewort.*
Chourme: f. *Look* Chorme, *or* Chiorme.
Chouzer. *To ſwyve; (a countrey word.)*
Choyer. *To ſpare, forbeare, ſave, not to uſe, to refraine, abſtaine, with-hold himſelfe from; to preſerve, cheriſh, have a great care of.*
Chraies: f. *Wild Peares, choak Peares.*
Chran: m. *A ſmall kinde of the fiſh Glaucus, covered with little ſhining ſkales of a golden blew colour.* ¶ Marſeillois.
Chrao. *as* Chraies.
Chreſme. *See* Creſme.
Chreſmer. *To annoint with holy oyle.*
Chreſtien: m. *A chriſtian.*
Poire de bon Chreſtien. *A great Winter Peare, called by ſome the Euſebian Bearre. Look* Poire.
Parlez Chreſtien. *Speak plainly, or ſo as we may conceive you; deliver your minde in ſome language which we underſtand.*
Chreſtien: m. enne: f. *Chriſtian; of a Chriſtian, profeſſing Chriſtianity.*
Chreſtienné: m. ée: f. *Chriſtened, baptiſed.*
Chreſtiennement: m. *A chriſtning, or baptiſing.*
Chreſtiennément. *Chriſtianly, Chriſtianlike.*
† Chreſtienner. *To chriſten, or baptiſe.*
Chreſtienté: f. *Chriſtendom, or Chriſtianity.*
Chriſtocolle. *as* Chryſocolle.
Chriſt. *Chriſt, Saviour:*
Baume de Ieſus Chriſt. *Look* Baume.

Herbe de Chriſt. *Blache Hellebore, Chriſts worte, Chriſts herbe.*
Paulme de Chriſti. *The herbe Kick, Ricinus,* Palma Chriſti.
Chriſte-marine. *Sampire, rocke Sampire, Creſt marine.*
Chriſtianiſme: m. *Chriſtianity.*
Chriſtianizé. *Chriſtianized, chriſtened, made a Chriſtian.*
Chriſtodin: m. *A new Chriſtian, poore Chriſtian, ſimple Chriſtian.*
Chronique: com. *Temporall, or returning at a certaine time.*
Chroniques: f. *Chronicles, Annales; generall, or yearly relations of the chiefe matters acted, or happening in a country.*
Chroniqueur: m. *A Chronicler, Annaliſt, Hiſtoriographer.*
Chroniſte. *as* Chronicleur.
Chronographie: f. *A deſcription of the times.*
Chronologie: f. *A chronologie; a deſcription, or numbring of time.*
Chronologiſte: m. *A Chronologiſt, or Chronicler; a deſcriber of times.*
Chryſocolle: f. *Gold-ſolder; Borax, green earth, (whether artificiall, or minerall) as* Borrais.
Chryſocome. *Gold-flower, Gods-flower, Goldylockes, golden-Starchadoes (an herbe.)*
Chryſogone: com. *Gold producing.*
Chryſolaine: f. *Orage, Orache, golden herbe.*
Chryſolite: m. *A Chryſolite, a kind of Jaſper of a golden luſtre, or colour.*
Chryſopaſe: f. *A Chryſopaſe; a green precious ſtone that yeelds a golden luſtre.*
Chryſopatie. *The ſame.*
† Chuat: m. *A whelpe.*
† Chucas. *as* Chouca; *a Chough.*
Chucas rouge. *A Corniſh Chough.*
Chucheté: m. ée: f. *Whiſpered.*
Chuchéter. *To whiſper in the eare.*
Chuchoté. *Look* Chucheté.
Chue: f. *A Chough, Daw, Cadeſſe* (Savoyard,)
† Chupper. *To ſup, or ſuck up.*
Churle: f. *The white field Onyon, or Star of Bethelem.*
Charquette: f. *A mouſe-trap.* ☞ Pic.
Chut. *as* Cheu.
Chyle: m. *The Chylus, or white juice of diſgeſted meat; the matter whereof our blood is made: (The word originally ſignifies, a juice concocted by heat unto a conſiſtence that holds both of moiſture, and dryneſſe.)*
Chyloſe: f. *An expreſſion, confection, or diſgeſtion of ſap, or juice; alſo, a thicke, or creamie ſap, expreſſed.*
Chymerique: com. *Fond, vaine; imaginary, onely in conceit, Chymericall; Chymera-like.*
Chymie: f. *The ſecond part of Alchymy; melting; extraction; (much uſed for Alchymy it ſelfe.)*
Chymique: com. *A Chymiſt, or Alchymiſt; a Melter; or an Extractor, of Quinteſſences.*
Chymique: com. *Chymicall; meltings, extractive, quinteſſentiall; whence,*
Sel chymique. *Salt made of the quinteſſence, or fineſt ſubſtance, of any thing.*
Chymiſtique: com. *Chymiſticall, quinteſſentiall.*
Chyſt. *as* Kyſt.

Ci. *Here, in this place, in this matter.*
Ci pris ci mis. *Done ſpeedily, preſently, incontinently, quickly, out of hand; as ſoone done as ſpoken, no ſooner ſaid but done.*
† Ciané: m. ée: f. *Azure, bright-blue of colour.*
Ciathe: m. *A ſmall cup, or meaſure among the ancient Romans, containing four ſpoonfulls; about the weight of it Authors diſagree; ſome ſaying it was twelve drams; others, that it was but ten; and others, (the moſt probably) that it was two Carrats, and fifteen graines (of our weight) more then ten.*
† Ciboile. *as* Ciboire.
Ciboire: m. *A Pix; the box, or cup wherein the Sacrament is put, and kept in Poppiſh Churches.*
Ciboule: f. *A Chiboll, or hollow Leek.*
Cicatrice: f. *A Cicatrice, a skarre; a skin bred upon a wound, ſore, or ulcer.*
† Cicatricé. *Look* Cicatrizé.
† Cicatricer. *as* Cicatrizer.
† Cicatriſatif: m. iue: f. *as* Cicatrizé; *alſo, cicatrizing, skarre-breeding, skinne-bringing.*
Cicatrizé: m. ée: f. *Cicatrized; skinned; skarred; alſo, full of skarres; that bears about him the markes of many wounds.*
Cicatrizer. *To cicatrize; to skin; to ſkar; to ſet a skin, make a skar on; bring to a skin, bridle up to a ſkar.*
Ciceroles: f. *Small Cichlings, or Chichlings; ſmall petty Cichs; in Latine they are ſtiled* Cicera, *which* Gerard *holds to be, yellow wild Fitches.*
Cices: f. *Cicheſ, Chiches, red Cich, Sheeps Cich peaſon. Look* Chiches.
Cicharou: m. *Look* Chicharon.
Cichenie. *Look* Sequenie, *or* Squenie.
Ciches: f. *Cicheſ, Chiches, red Cich, Sheeps Cich peaſon; Look* Chiches.
Cichorée: f. *The herbe Endive.*
Cichorée blanche. *White Succory; alſo, garden Endive.*
Cichorée des champs. *Field Succory, wild Succory.*
Cichorée de Iardin. *Garden Succory; or, as* Scariole, *garden Endive.*
Cichorée ſaulne. *Yellow Succory (a wild kind thereof) alſo, Hauke-weed; alſo, Dandelion, Succory Dandelion, Piſſabed.*
Cichorée ſauvage. *Wild Succory, whereof there be divers kinds.*
Cichorée verrueuſe. *Gum Succory; or, a kind thereof, that hath a blackiſh, and Rampion-like root; and takes away warts, being eaten in Salades.*
Cicle: m. *A Shekle; an Hebrew coyne, or weight of two drams, worth about fourteen pence ſterling.*
Cicle du Sanctuaire. *Was twice as much as the ordinary one; four drams in weight; in value, two ſhillings four pence ſterling.*
Cicle: m. *A Circle, Compaſſe, Round.*
Cicle Lunaire. *The Golden Number, or, full courſe, or compaſſe of the Moon, performed in nineteen yeares.*
Cicle ſolaire. *The revolution, or full courſe, of the Sunne, performed in, and conſiſting of, eight and twenty years.*
Cicogne: f. *A Storke; alſo, a Swype, or Scoop to draw water out of a pit, or ſhallow well.*

Bec de Cicogne. *Herbe Pinke-needle, Storkes-bill, Cranes-bill, Hearons-bill.*
Contes de la cicogne. *Idle hiſtories; vaine relations; tales of a tub, or, of a roſted horſe.*
Cicogneau: m. *A yong Storke.*
Cicoigne, &, Cicoigneau; *as* Cicogne, *and* Cicogneau.
Cicotrin. *The herbe Orpin; Liblong, Livelong.*
Aloës cicotrin. *The beſt kind of Aloes; of a cleer, ſhining, and browne-yellow colour, tearmed ſo of the Iſland* Succotora, *whence it comes.*
Cicotriné. *Look* Cicrotiné,
Cicrotin: m. *A kind of extraordinary fine ſearce.*
Cicrotiné: m. ée: f. *Very finely ſearced.*
Cicutaire: f. *Mock Chervill, wild Chervill, great Chervill, Aſſe Perſeley,* Mirrhis *caſh, Cax, or Kex; alſo, Hemlocks.*
Cidrage: m. *Cidrage, Peaſhwort, dead Arſeſmart, dead Culerage.*
Cidre: m. *Cyder; drinke made of apples.*
Cie, *for* Scie; *a Saw.*
Ciel: m. *Heaven; alſo, the skye, welkin, Firmament; (in the plurall number* Cieux) *alſo, a canopy for, and, the Teſtern, and Valances of, a Bed; alſo, the canopie that is carried over a Prince as he walkes in ſtate; alſo, the inner roofe of a room of State; (In all which ſenſes, &c. the plurall is,* Ciels.)
† Cielin: m. ine: f. *Heavenly, of Heaven, divine; alſo, belonging to the Firmament; or to a Canopy, Teſtern, or upper ſeeling.*
Cier. *as* Scier. *To ſawe.*
Cierge: m. *A big wax candle. Seek* Poincte.
Cieure: f. *Sawduſt. Look* Sieure.
Cigale: f. *A thick, broad-headed, and mouthleſſe flye, which ordinarily ſits on trees, and ſings (after her skreaking faſhion) both day and night; living onely of the dew of heaven, which ſhe drawes into her by certaine tongue-like prickles, placed on her breaſt; ſhe hanteth both old, and cold countries; and therefore wee neither have her, nor name for her.*
Cigale de mer. *A gray-eyed, thin-ſhelled, white, and (almoſt) tranſparent fiſh (of the kind of Crevifes or inſects of the ſea) having two crimſon, and eye-like ſpots upon her (broad) tayle, and on either ſide of the upper part of her body three feet, beſides a long arme, the cley whereof is ſo hard, that picktooths are oftentimes made of it.*
Babillard en cigale. *Prating like a Parrat (ſay we.)*
Ferrer les cigales. *To ſpend the time in trifles; to take upon him fooliſh buſineſſes; to labour vainly, or in vain.*
Cigaler. *To chirpe, ſing, chatter, like a* Cigale.
Cigne: m. *A Swan.*
L'herbe du cigne. *The Swans herbe; growes (by* Cardans *report) in a Scottiſh lake tearmed* Morania, *and never rots.*
Chanter l'hymne du cigne. *To ſing his laſt.*
Cignean: m. anne: f. *Swan-like; of a Swan.*
Cigogne. *as* Cicoigne. *A Storke.*
Cigüe: f. *Hemlock, Homlock, herbe* Bennet, *Kex.*
Cil: m. *The brimme (or the ſingle ranke of haire*

haire that growes on the brim) of an eye-lid; the haire of an eye-lid; alſo, the twinkling, or nimble-motion of the eye-lids; and ſometimes (but leſſe properly) an eye-lid.

Cil. (uſed ſometimes, in ſtead of Celuy) he, that ſame man, that very man.

Cilindre: m. *A yowler; a round and long inſtrument of wood, wherewith Husbandmen break clods, and Gardners ſmooth their Alleyes, &c.*

Cillement: m. *A winking, twinkling, or beckening with the eye; alſo, a ſeeling, or hoodwinking of the eyes.*

Ciller. *To winke often; to twinkle with the eyes; to becken, or make a ſigne, by moving the eye-lids; alſo, to ſeele, or ſow up the eye-lids.*

Cillier. faulcon c. *Whoſe eyes are ſeeled, or ſowed up; a ſeeled Haulke.*

Cillier. *To ſeele, or ſow up the eye-lids.*

Cimaiſe. *Looke* Cymaiſe, *or* Cymace.

Cimaſulte. *Carving that reſembleth rowling waves.* ¶ Rab.

Cimbale: f. *A Cymball. Setke* Cymbale.

Cime: f. *The toppe, or knappe of a Plant.*

Ciment. *Cement; a ſtrong, and clearing morter, made (moſt commonly) of Tiles, Paſtboards, Flint, glaſſe, the droſſe of Iron, &c. beaten to duſt, and incorporated with lime, oyle, greaſe, roſin, and water.*

Ciment royal. *An excellent Cement, or Solder, uſed by Gold-ſmiths; (heretofore Mint-men compounded a Cement for the tridl of Gold, and termed it ſo.)*

Cimenté: m. ée: f. *Cemented; ſoldered, cloſed, or joyned by Cement.*

Cimenter. *To cement; to ſodder, cloſe, or joyne together with Cement.*

Cimet: m. *as* Cime; *the top of a plant, or tree.*

Cimeterre: m. *A ſcymitar, or ſmyter; a kind of ſhort, and crooked, ſword, much in uſe among the Turks.*

Cimettes. *Look* Cymettes.

† Cimier: m. *The upper part of a rumpe of Beefe, &c. next, or neare unto the chine.*

Iouër du cimier. *To teacher.*

Cimitiere: m *A Church-yard.*

De nouveau medecin cimitiere boſſu; Prov. *An unexperienced Phyſitian fatteth the Church-yard.*

Veau mal cuict, & poules cruds font les cimitieres boſſus; Prov. *Raw Veale, and Chickens, make fat Church-yards.*

Cimmerique. Tenebres Cimmeriques. *Cimmerian (viz. perpetuall, or continuall) darkneſſe.*

Cimolée. terre Cimolée. *as* Terre Cimolie.

Cimolie. terre Cimolie. *Fullers-earth; a kind of chalk; in lieu whereof (at this day not found, or not knowne) men foiſt in the thickned grounds, or bottome of the water of Grindleſtones.*

Cimolienne. Terre Cimolienne. *The ſame.*

Cin de bois. *A knot, or knuare, in wood.*

Cinabre. *as* Cinnabre. *Synoper; Vermillion; or, a kinde of Lybian Minerall, redder then Vermillion. Look* Cinnabre.

Cinabrin: m. ine: f. *Red, ruddy (as Vermillion.)*

† Cincinatule: m. *One that continually friezles, or curles his haire; one whoſe head is friezled, or curled (by art;) any ſuch effeminate, or ſpruce, youth.*

Cincture. *as* Ceincture. *A girdle.*

† Cindre: f. (*The ſame.*)

† Cindré. m. ée: f. *Girt; alſo, ſpotted; alſo, ſupported.*

† Cindrer. *To gird; alſo, to ſpot; alſo, as* Cintrer.

Cinefaction: f. *A reducing into, a burning unto, aſhes.*

Cinge. *Look* Singe.

Cinglane. *Sailing, Cutting the ſea.*

Cingler. *Look* Singler.

Cinic: m. *The little bird called, a Siſkin.*

Cinnabriſé: m. ée: f. *Mingled, or coloured, with Cynoper.*

Cinnabre: m. *Cynoper, Vermillion, Sanguinary; is either naturall (a ſoft, red, and heavy ſtone found in Mines) or artificiall (the more common and better coloured) made of calcinated Sulpher, and Quick-ſilver.*

† Cinnamé: m. ée: f. *Cinnamonized; ſweetned with Cinnamon; or ſweet as Cinnamon.*

Cinnamome: f. *Cinnamon: (ſome learned men are of opinion, that the true Cinnamon of the Ancients (being a wood, and not, as ours, the barke of a tree) is hardly to be found at this day; and that the rinde, or barke, which we commonly hold to be Cinnamon, is much inferiour unto it, and ſhould rather bee termed, Caſſia, and* Canella.)

Cinq. *Five.*

Cinquaine: f. *The name of a certain vine, that thrives not in a moiſt ſoile.*

Cinquante. *Fifty.*

Cinquantenier: m. *A certain Officer, or Magiſtrate in Paris, that ſomewhat reſembles, in his authority, our Aldermans Deputy; alſo, a Captaine, or Commander, of fifty men.*

Cinquantiéme. *The fiftieth.*

† Cinquener. *To yeeld five for one.*

Cinquiéme. *The fifth, or fift.*

Cintre: m. *A centrie, or mould for an Arch; the frame of wood whereon it is built, and whereby it is upheld in the building.*

Cintrer. *To mould an Arch; to build it on, or (in the building) to uphold it with, a centrie, or frame of timber.*

Cinturin. *Look* Ceinturon.

† Cion. *A great tempeſt, or whirlewinde upon the Sea; alſo, as* Sion, *or* Scion.

Cipres: m. *The Cypreſſe-tree. Looke* Cyprés.

Cipricimis (*compounded of foure words.*) *Look* Ci.

† Cipſule: f. *as* Capſule.

Ciréée: f. *A kinde of Night-ſhade, that beares many ſmall blacke flowers (not eaſily found now-a-dayes.)*

Circombilivagination: f. *A circumbilivigation, circular motion; going round, wheeling about.*

Circombilivaginer. *To turne, goe round, wheele about; and (in diſcourſe) to uſe many circumſtances.*

Circoncir. *To circumciſe.*

Circoncis: m. iſe: f. *Circumciſed.*

Circonciſion. *Circumciſion, the cutting of the fore-skin; alſo, the nation, or generation of the Jewes.*

La Circonciſion. *New-yeares day.*

Circonférence: f. *A circumference, compaſſing, or bringing about.*

Circonflex. Accent circonflex. *Looke* Accent.

Circongirer. *To turne, twirle; wheele about.*

Circonjacent: m. ente: f. *Lying about; ſituate, or aboording, on each ſide of.*

Circonlocution: f. *A circumlocution; a tedious paraphraſe, or deſcription; a going about the buſh (in words.)*

Circonſcript: m. te: f. *Circumſcribed, limited, bounded; appointed; reſtrained; made briefe, ſhort, ſuccinct; alſo, deceived, beguiled, fetcht over; alſo, aboliſhed, razed, put out.*

Circonſcription: f. *A circumſcription, limitation, meaſuring, bounding; reſtraint, or preſcription of compaſſe; alſo, guile, deceit, couſenage.*

Circonſcrire. *To circumſcribe; to reſtraine, or hold within certaine limits; to limit, appoint, or meaſure out bounds unto; alſo, to cheate, beguile, deceive, fetch over.*

Circonſpection: f. *Circumſpection; heed, adviſement, providence, warineſſe; a vigilant conſideration, a diligent looking round about.*

Circonſtance: f. *A circumſtance.*

Circonſtancié. *Circumſtanced; furniſhed with circumſtances; or, compaſſed, as with circumſtances.*

Circonvenir. *To environ, or incompaſſe; and hence; to circumvent, fetch in, or over; to beguile, deceive, couſen, intrap, compaſſe with great ſlight.*

Circonvention: f. *Circumvention, deceit, couſenage; an intrapping, beguiling, wyly compaſſing, or fetching over.*

Circonvenu: m. uë: f. *Environed, incompaſſed, come about; alſo, circumvented, fetched in or over; deceived, beguiled, couſened, intrapped.*

Circonvoiſin: m. ine: f. *Neighbouring, neare, hard by, lying cloſe unto, neare adjoyning to.*

Circonvolution: f. *A circumvolution; a wrapping, or foulding; alſo, a rowling, or tumbling, about.*

Circuir. *To circuit; environ, incompaſſe, or goe about; alſo, to inwrap, infould, incloſe.*

Circuit: m. *A circuit, compaſſe, going about; a round courſe, or race.*

Circuit: m. ite: f. *Environed, incompaſſed; gone about; alſo, inwrapped, infoulded, incloſed.*

Circuition: f. *A circuition; a circular courſe, or motion.*

Circuition de paroles. *A circumlocution, paraphraſe, great circumſtance of words; a going about the buſh.*

Circulaire: com. *Round, circular, orbicular, compaſſing about, in a ring; belonging to a circle, round, ring.*

Cautere Circulaire. *See* Cautere.

Circulai-

Circulairement. *Roundly, orbicularly, circularly, with a compaſſe, in a circle.*

Circularité : f. *Circularity, roundneſſe, orbicularneſſe.*

Circulateur : m. *A Jeaſter, Jugler, Impoſter ; one that delights, or deceives with fables, tricks, and ſlights, the people gathered about him.*

Circulation : f. *A circulation; a ſubliming, or extracting of Water, or Oyle by a Lambicke, &c. termed ſo, becauſe the vapour, before it be reſolved into either, ſeems to goe round, or circlewiſe.*

Circulatoire : com. *Circulatorie; circulating ; ſubliming ; extracting, or ſerving for extraction ; whence;*

Vaiſſeau circulatoire. *A Lembick, Stillatory, &c.*

Circulé : m. ée : f. *Circulated ; ſublimed, extracted ; (exactly) diſtilled.*

Circuler. *To circulate; ſublime, extract, or diſtill (exactly,)*

Ou ſe circulent les humeurs. *Wherein the humours make many a circle, before they produce, or bee reſolved into, any water, &c.*

Cire : f. *Wax ; alſo, a combe of wax in the hive.*

Cire d'Eſpaigne. *Hard-wax ; or, as* Lacre.

Cire gommée. *Wax mingled with Roſin and Turpentine.*

Cire jaulne. *Yellow wax ; is uſed onely in the Chanceries of France.*

Cire minerale. Piſſaſphalte *is called ſo in ſome places.*

Cire verde. *Green wax ; wherewith the writs, and other diſpatches of inferiour Courts ; as alſo, all Charters, perpetuities, and generall pardons granted by the King, are ſealed.*

Droict de cire. *is eighteen pence* Tourn. *in every pound above twenty, given, or agreed upon, for a wood-ſale ; due unto the King in regard of the lights which are (ſaid to be) ſpent while the bargain is in making.*

A yeux de cire. *Tender ; eaſily melting, or quickly ſhedding teares.*

Chauffer la cire. *To attend long for a promiſed good turne.*

Faire vn nez de cire à. *To ply, or apply a thing at pleaſure ; to give it any forme that is for his turne, or ſerves his purpoſes.*

Ciré : m. ée: f. *Waxed ; ſeared ; dreſſed, covered, cloſed, or mingled, with wax.*

Cirement : m. *A waxing ; a ſearing ; a dreſſing, cloſing, covering, or mingling, with wax.*

Cirer. *To wax ; to ſeare ; to dreſſe, cover, cloſe, or mingle, with wax.*

Cirette. *The name of a certaine Peare, that yeelds moſt excellent Perry.*

Cireux : m. euſe : f. *Waxie ; of wax; full of wax.*

† Cirier : m. *A wax-chandler.*

† Cirier : m. ere : f. *Waxie, of wax.*

Cirine : f. *as* Gyrine.

Ciroeſne. *A Scare-cloth ; or any plaiſter, or ointment whereof Wax, Roſin, or Gums, and Wine are the principall Ingredients.*

Ciron : m. *A Hand-worme.*

Mais dont me vient ce ciron icy entre ces deux doigts ? *But whence comes this worme betweene theſe two fingers ? (A knaviſh queſtion from an knaviſh an action ; to put the fore-finger of one hand betweene the firſt, and ſecond finger of the other; under pretence, that a worm makes the place itch, but with a purpoſe to make hornes at the party of whom the queſtion is asked.)*

† Cironnier. Main cironniere. *A hand that is full of, or troubled with, wormes.*

Ciroп : m. *Sirrup.*

Cirque. *A place in Rome wherein the people ſate to behold Playes, Games, and publike exerciſes.*

† Cirre: m. *A tuft, or locke of curled haire; alſo, the feathery tuffe, creſt, or cop on the heads of ſome birds ; alſo, the ſmall ſtaulk of ſome herbes (as Withywinde, &c.) intangled like a buſh of haire ; alſo, the hairie ſubſtance cleaving unto Oyſters.*

Ciſſotomie : f. *The cutting, or opening of the corrupt veines, called* Varices.

Ciſaille : f. *The clipping of coine preſently after the ſtampe.*

Ciſaillé : m. ée: f. *Clipped, or cut with ſhoers, or fizars ; alſo, whoſe fleſh is nipped off with hot pincers.*

Ciſailler. *To clip, or cut with fizars, or ſhoers; alſo, to nip, or pull off the fleſh with hot pincers.*

Ciſailles : f. *Garden ſhoeres ; a Gardeners clipping ſhoeres ; any great ſhoeres.*

Ciſé: m. ée : f. *Carved ; wrought with a chiſell, or graving-Iron.*

Ciſeau : m. *A Surgeons Launce, Launcet, or Inſtrument of Inciſion ; alſo, a chiſell, or graving-Iron.*

Ciſeaux : m. *Sizars, (or little) ſhoers.*

Le drap, & les ciſeaux luy ſont delivrez; Prov. *The whole matter is put unto him ; all is at his owne diſpoſition, or in his owne hand ; he may now be his owne carver ; hee may now both part and chuſe.*

Ciselé : m. ée : f. *Carved, or graven with a chiſell ; alſo, clipped, or cut with fizers.*

Ciſeler. *To carve, or grave with a chiſell ; alſo, to clip, or cut with fizars.*

Ciſelet : m. *A little fizar, or chiſell.*

Ciſeleure : f. *Chiſell-worke ; or as* Cizelleure.

Ciſellage : m. *A clipping with ſhoers, or fizars.*

Ciſte : m. *The plant called* Ciſtus, *and Hollie Roſe.*

Ciſteaux ; m. *An Order of white Friers (inſtituted in the year 1090) who under their (upmoſt) white habit weare a blacke one, and red ſhooes.*

Ciſterne . f. *A ceſterne.*

Ciſternin : m, ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Ceſterne.*

Ciſternon : m. *A little Ceſterne.*

Ciſtophore : m. *An ancient coine worth about two pence farthing.*

Ciſtre : m. *A kinde of brazen Timbrell.*

† Ciſure. *Look* Sciſſiure.

Citadelle : f. *A Citadell ; a ſtrong Fort, or Caſtle, that ſerves both to defend, and to curbe a city.*

Citadin : m. *A Citizen, Burgeſſe, Burguer, free-man in a City.*

Citation : f. *A Citation, Summons, warning to appeare ; alſo, a ciling, adjourning, ſummoning.*

Cité : f. *A City ; a walled, and incorporate Towne, being the ſeat, and ſea of a Biſhop, and having a Cathedrall Church within it.*

Cité : m. ée : f. *Cited, ſummoned, adjourned, warned to appeare ; alſo, alledged, or cited, as a Text.*

Citer. *To cite, ſummon, adjourne, warn, ſerve with a writ, to appeare ; alſo, to cite, or alledge, as a Text.*

Citonart. *as* Zedoare ; *A certain root very like to Ginger.*

Citoyen : m. *A Citizen, Burguer, Burgeſſe, free-man of a City.*

† Citoyennerie : f. *A Citizenſhip, the freedome of a city.*

Citre. *The worſt kinde of Pompion ; blacke of colour, and continued in gardens, onely for the ſeed, which is medicinable ; the reſt is throwne unto hogs.*

Citrin : m. ine: f. *Of a Citron, Citron-like, pale-yellow, as a Citron.*

Concombre citrin. *A Citrull, or Citrull cow-cumber.*

Couleur citrine. *A citron-colour, pale Orange-colour; pale-yellow.*

Myrobalan citrin. *The yellow, or citron, Myrobalan.*

Citrinité : f. *Pale-yellowneſſe ; or, a pale yellow.*

Citron : m. *A Citron, Pome-citron.*

Citronne : f. *Baulme, ſweet Baulme (an herbe.)*

Citronnelle: f. *A kinde of ſmall Baulme, of a faire green colour, and very good in a Sallet.*

Citronnier : m. *A Citron-tree.*

Citronnier : m, ere : f. *Citron-like ; of a Citron.*

Baſilic citronnier. *Citron Baſill, middle Baſill.*

Citrouille: f. *A Citrull; a Citrull-cowcumber, or Turkiſh gourd ; a kinde of great Melon, in colour, and forme reſembling a Citron.*

† Citrulle. *The ſame.*

Civade : f. *The Shrimpe, or beard-fiſh; alſo, Oates, or Provender for horſes.*

Civadier : m. *The fourth part of a Quarteron.* ¶ Langued.

Civadiere : f. *The ſprit-ſaile of a ſhip.*

Civé : m. *A kinde of blacke ſauce for a Hare. Look* Sivé.

Cive : f. *A Scallion ; or unſet Leek.*

Civelle : f. *A Lamprill ; the ſmall, or freſh-water Lamprey.* ¶ Lyonnois.

Civets. des c. *Slices of bread toaſted, then ſoaked an houre or two in water and wine ; then ſtrained, and ſpice put to them; an excellent ſauce ; we may call them ſippets.*

Civette : f. *Civet; alſo, (the beaſt that breeds it) a Civet cat ; alſo, a Chive, little ſcallion, or chiboll.*

† Civettien. m. enne : f. *Perfumed with, or ſmelling of, Civet.*

Civiere : f. *A hand-barrow ; (to carry mucke, &c. on) alſo, a Beere (to carry a dead corps on.)*

Civiere à col. *A neck-barrow, or Beere-like ſhrine, whereon Images, and Relicks*

licks, are carryed in Procéſſions, &c.
En cent ans civiere en cent ans banniere; Prov. *See* Banniere.

Civil: m. ile: f. *Civill, courteous, gentle, mannerly, well-behaved; alſo, temperate, milde, quiet; alſo, town-bred, or burguer-like; alſo, politick, lay, ſecular, civill.*
Cauſe civile. *A private cauſe; or, ſuch a one, as is neither Eccleſiaſticall, criminall, nor capitall; but concernes a mans eſtate.*
Fruicts civils. *Are ſuch as are gathered, or taken by the courſe of right, and without any helpe of nature; as hire for houſes, wages for offices, arrearages for rent, &c.*
Iour civil. *The civill day; continues from Sunne-riſing to Sunne-ſet. Looke* Iour.
Lieutenant civil. *See* Lieutenant.
Nuict civile. *Begiunes when the day ends, from Sunne-ſet unto Sunne-riſing.*
Partie civile. *A private man; one that is lyable to any action; alſo, an ordinary Suitor, or Client.*
Partie civile & formée, ou intereſſée. *He that followes a criminall action, onely in reſpect of, or to get ſome amends for, a wrong done to himſelfe.*
Requeſte civile. *Seek* Requeſte.

Civilement. *Civilly, gently, courteouſly; in a good faſhion, decent order, comely manner; alſo, mildly, quietly, temperately; alſo, according to Order, Juſtice, and Law.*

Civiliſé: m. ée: f. *Civilized; made civill; framed, or trained up, to civility.*

Civiliſer. *Look* Civilizer.

Civilité: f. *Civility, gentleneſſe, humanity, courteſie; alſo, modeſty, mildneſſe; quietneſſe of diſpoſition, and faſhion.*

Civilizer. *To civilize, bring to civilitie, make civill; to tame, quiet, reclaime.*
Civilizer vn criminel. *To change his Indictment into an action; to turne a criminall, into a civill, cauſe.*

Civois: m. *A bed of Stallions; or of unſet Leeks.*

Civot: m. *A Stallion; or unſet Leek.*

† Cizaillé: m. ée: f. *Clipped, or cut, with ſizzars.*

† Cizailler. *To clip, or cut, with ſizzars, or ſheers.*

Cizailles: f. *as* Ciſailles.

Cizelé: m. ée: f. *Carved, or graven with chizells.*

Cizeler. *To faſhion, carve; or grave with a chizell; alſo, to cut, or clip with ſizzars.*

Cizellage: m. *as* Ciſellage.

Cizelleure: f. *Chizell-worke; carving, or ingravery with a chizell.*

Clabaud: m. *A name for a Hound; alſo, the barke, or barking of a bawling curre.*

Clabauder. *To barke; bawle, raile at; ſpightfully to accuſe, or ſpeake againſt.*

Clabauderie: f. *A barking, bawling, railing; an envious accuſing, a ſpightfull reproaching.*

Clabotter. *To boyſe, or toſſe up and down; alſo, to bedaſh, or beray, with dirt.*

Clac: m. *A clicket, or clapper; any thing that makes a clacking, or clattering noiſe; hence (moſt properly) the clacket that frights away birds from fruit-trees, &c.*

Clache: f. *A certaine engine wherewith (ſmall) birds are caught.*

Claguet: m. *The name of a faire, ſappy, and ſavourie apple.*

† Claigner. *Look* Cligner.

Claim: m. *A publick demand, or claime; a pretence of title unto land, &c. alſo, a Declaration, or Bill of complaint put, or preferred, into a Court.*

Clain: m. *as* Claim; *alſo, an Arreſt, or ſeiſure of a debtors goods, upon an execution; alſo, a fine of twenty pence, or of three ſolz Tourn. due unto Juſtice for the ſeiſure of beaſts Damage-feſant; alſo, a penalty (in ſome places, of twenty pence Tourn. in others, of thirty pence Pariſis) inflicted on the party that yeelds by confeſſion in Court before the ſuit come to conteſtation.*

Clair: m. *as* Clarté; *or, a clear thing; whence;*
Clair de la Lune. *Moon-light, or Moon-ſhine.*
Clair d'un oeuf. *The white of an egge.*

Clair: m. ire: f. *Clere, light, ſhining, bright. as* Cler.

Clair-coulant. *Cleare-gliding, cleare-ſtreaming, running cleare.*

Clairement. *Clearely, brightly; evidently, plainely.*

Clairet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat cleare, bright, or ſhining.*
Eau clairette. *A water (made of Aquavite, Cinnamon, Sugar, and old red Roſe-water) ſoveraigne againſt all the diſeaſes of the wombe.*
Vin clairet. *Claret wine; (it is commonly made of white and red grapes mingled, or growing, together.)*

Clairins: m. *A certain Order of Cordeliers, or Gray-Friers.*

Clairon: m. *A Clarion; a kind of ſmall, ſtraight-mouthed, and ſhrill-ſounding Trumpet, uſed (commonly) as a Treble unto the ordinary one.*
'A pain, & oignon trompette, ne clairon. Prov. *Hard fare, poore diet, courſe Acates, require neither ſtate in the ſerving, nor muſicke in the eating; or, the ſound of forraigne Trumpets is but ſeldome heard in a poore, and barren State.*

Claironner. *To ſound a Clarion; alſo, to ſqueake, ſqueale; ſpeak ſhrilly, ſmally, or with an effeminate voice.*

Clamable: com. *Claimable, challengeable.*

Clamant: m. *A claimer, a challenger; one that makes title unto land, &c. alſo, a creditor, that ſeizes his debtors goods upon an Execution.*

Clamant: m. ante: f. *Calling, crying out; alſo, claiming, or challenging.*

Clame: f. *A fine levyed, in ſome place, upon thoſe that deſerve the payment of their debts; alſo, the fine payed unto Juſtice, or a Lord having juriſdiction, for the ſeiſure of beaſts found Damage feſant; alſo, as* Clain.

Clamé: m. ée: f. *Claimed, challenged, demanded; called, or cried out; ſpoken aloud, or with a high voice.*

Clamer. *To call, cry, ſpeake aloud, or out; alſo, to claim; to make a claime to, or lay in a claime for, to challenge, demand, pretend a title unto; alſo, to arreſt, or ſeize, his debtors goods.*
Clamer en garend, ou en garieur. *To demand a thing by way of poſſeſſion, or of property; or, to complaine in Court, of the wrongs which have beene done him thoſe wayes.*
Clamer à Juſtice. *To exhibit a claime, or demand; or, to prefer a Bill of complaint unto a Court.*
Clamer ſon ſubject de ſerve condition qui ſe veut advouër d'autre ſeigneur; c'eſt, le pourſuivire.
Il le clama fils de putain. *He called, or cleaped, him whoreſon.*
Se clamer en Cour ſuzeraine de Cour inferieure. *To addreſſe himſelfe, for the more expedition, unto a ſuperiour Court, though hee were ſummoned by an inferiour.*

Clameur: f. *A clamour, cry, out-cry, exclamation, ſhout; roaring; alſo, a claime unto, a challenge, or demand of, a publicke ſuit for, a thing.*
Clameur d'Haro. *Look* Haro.
Clameur pour le Seigneur Inſticier. *The fine that is due unto him upon the ſeiſure of beaſts found Damage feſant within his Juriſdiction.*
Forte clameur. *Look* Fort.

Clamme: f. *A Pilgrims cloke, Pelt, or Gabardine.*

Clamporte. *as* Cloporte.

Clanche: f. *The latch of a dore.*

Clandeſtin: m. ine: f. *Clandeſtine, cloſe, privy, ſecret, hidden.*

Clandeſtinement. *Privily, ſecretly, cloſely, under-hand, in hugger mugger.*

† Clangueur: f. *A ſkreaking, ſhrilneſſe, or ſhrill noiſe; a ſkriking, ringing, loud reſounding.*

† Clangueux: m. euſe: f. *Shrill, ſkriking, ſkreaking, loudly ſqueaking, ringing, reſounding.*

Clanponniere. *as* Clapponniere.

Clapier: m. *A clapper of conies; a heape of ſtones, &c. whereinto they retire themſelves; or (as our clapper) a court walled about, and full of neaſts of boords, or ſtone, for tame conies; alſo, a Rabbets neaſt: (In old time Bawdy houſes were alſo tearmed,* Clapiers.)
Clapiers d'vlcere. *The Sinus, boſomes, or angles of an Vlcer; the many croſſe, or overthwart holes wherein it putrifies as it goes.*

Clapoir: m. *A botch in the Groyne, or yard; a Wincheſter-Gooſe.*

Clapoire: f. *The ſame.*

Clapponnier. *as* Clapponniere.

Claponnier: m. *The ſame.*

Clappetter. *To clap on with the hand.*

Clapponniere: f. *The buckle, paſtle, or paſterne, bone of a beaſt.*

Claque-dent: m. *A lazy rogue, idle huſke, ſloathfull idleſbie; one that will rather ſtarve with cold, and hunger, than worke to get heat, or meat.*

Claquer. *To clacke, to clap, to clatter; to craſh; to cracke; to creake.*

Claquer.

Claquer les dents. *To gnaſh the teeth; or to chatter, or didder, like an Ape, that's afraid of blowes.*

Claquet. *The name of an Apple whereof excellent Cyder is made.*

Claquet de moulin. *The clapper, or clack, of a Mill-hopper.*

Claquetant: m. ante: f. *Clacking, clapping, clattering; chattering; craſhing; cracking, creaking.*

Claquetement: m. *A clattering, clacking, craſhing, chattering, creaking, clapping.*

Claqueter. *as* Claquer.

Claquetis: m. *A clattering, clacking, clapping; a craſhing; a cracking; a creaking; a chattering.*

Claquette: f. *A Lazers Clicket, or Clapper.*

† Claré: m. *as* Eau Clairette.

Clarer. Vin claret. *Claret wine.*

Clarifié: m. ée: f. *Clarified, cleered, fined, purified.*

Clarifier. *To clarifie; cleer, fine, purifie.*

Clariné. vache clarinée d'Azur. *A Cow with Azur bels hanging about her necke; our Blaſonners ſay no more but, the bels Azur.*

Clarté: f. *Cleernaſſe, light, brightneſſe, luſtre, tranſparency.*

† Clas: m. *as* Glas; *A knell, or mofull noiſe.*

Claſſe. *A ranke, order, or diſtribution of people according to their ſeverall degrees; In Schooles (wherein this word is moſt uſed) a forme, or Lecture reſtrained unto a certeine company of Schollers, or Auditors; and hence;*

Eſcolier babillard prez le feu, & badin hors la claſſe; Prov.

Claſſique: com. *Claſſicall; formall, orderly, in due, or fit ranke; alſo, approved, authenticall, chiefe, principall.*

†Clavaire: m. *A kind of receiver, or Officer that lookes to the receit, of the Kings demeſne.*

† Claval. Cautre Claval. *See* Cautre.

†Clavaller. *To ſettle, or ſtrengthen, the young ſhoots, or ſlips of a vine againſt the fury of ſtrong winds.*

† Clavandier: m. *A porter, or key-bearer; one to whom keyes are committed to be kept, alſo, the chaine whereon women uſe to weare their keyes.*

† Clavandiere: f. *A ſhe-porter, key-keeper, or key-bearer.*

Calvarins. *An Order of black Friers, which weare two great paper keyes upon their habits.*

Claudication: f. *A limping, halting, lameneſſe.*

† Claudition: f. *as* Claudication.

Claveau: m. *The Scab among ſheep; alſo, the Haunſe, or Lintell of a doore; alſo, a claſpe, hook, or buckle.*

Clavelade: f. *A Thornback.* ℣ Langued.

Clavelé: m. ée: f. *Scabbed, or infected with the ſcab, as a ſheep; alſo, nailed, or faſtned with nailes; alſo, rooted ſurely in.*

Herbe clavelée. *Paunſie, herbe Trinity, Hearts-eaſe.*

Raye clavelée. *The Rock Ray; or, as* Raye bouclée. *Seek* Raye.

Clavelée: f. *The ſcab among ſheep; alſo, the ſcabbineſſe of a horſes legs.*

Claveler. *To naile, or faſten with nailes; to ſettle, or ſet, faſt in.*

Clavellé: m. ée: f. *as* Clavelé

Claveller. *See* Claveler.

Claveſſins: m. *Claricords, or Claricols.*

Clavet: m. *as* Clavelée. *(In the firſt ſence.)*

Clavette: f. *The Cannell-bone, or Craw-bone; alſo, a Spring-pinne; the little piece of iron wherewith tradeſmen keep in the iron pins of their ſhop-windowes; alſo, the Capſquire, or Fore-lock of the carriage of a Canon; or (more properly, that which faſtens it) the fore-lock key.*

Clavette du pied. *The heele, or hinder bone of the foot.*

Claveure: f. *A key-hole; or all that part of a lock wherein the key turnes, or plaies, alſo, a chinke, or cranny.*

Plus rouillé que la claveure d'un vieil charnier. *More ruſtie than the keyhole of an old poudering tub.*

Le viſage leur reluiſoit comme la claveure d'un charnier. *Their faces gliſtned (with greaſe) like the lock, or key-hole, of a poudering tub.*

Clavicules: f. *The kannell-bones, channell-bones, neck-bones, craw-bones; extending (on each ſide one) from the bottome of the throat unto the top of the ſhoulder.*

† Clavier: m. *A key-chaine; or chaine for keyes, or chaine whereat keyes are hanged.*

Clavier d'une eſpinette, &c. *The keyes of, or, a ſet of keyes for, a paire of Virginalls.*

† Claviere: f. *A key-keeper, or key-carrier; a woman that hath charge of all the keyes in a houſe.*

† Clavin: m. *A little grapple, or hook like a claw.*

† Claune. *as* Mare; *a Poole, or Pond of ſtanding water.*

Clauſe: f. *A Clauſe, Period, concluſive ſentence, or concluſion.*

Clauſtier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Cloyſter; living in a Moneſtery, or Cloyſter.*

Clauſtral. *as* Clauſtier.

Prieur clauſtral. *The Prior, or Head of a Frierie; an ordinary Prior.*

Clauſule: f. *A little clauſe, end, concluſion.*

Claye: f. *A hurdle, or lettice of (Oziер) twigs, &c. alſo, a (watled) gate, or yate, in a hedge.*

Clayer. *To wattle with rods, or with reeds, &c. to compaſſe, hedge, or cleze in, make or ſhut up, with watlings, hurdles, lattices, &c.*

Cléé: m. ée: f. *Watled, latticed, hurdled; incompaſſed, hedged or cloſed in, made or ſhut up, with watlings, hurdles, lattices, &c.*

Clef: f. *A Key; alſo, a brace to hold beames together; alſo, a knot or ſcutcheon in the middeſt of a vault, wherein (in Timber-worke) the ends of the poſts doe meet; and (in Maſonry) the courſe of Stone-worke ends; alſo, a Cliffe in Muſicke; alſo, the middle-wedge of a boot-laſt.*

Les clefs. *as* Clavicules.

Clef d'arbaleſte. *The Gaffle of a Croſſe-bow.*

La Clef d'une fountaine. *The head of a Fountaine, or Conduit.*

La clef de la main. *The wriſt.*

La clef d'une porte. *The Pendall, or key-ſtone of a gate; the ſtone which hangs downe ſomewhat below it followes juſt in the middle of the Arch.*

Clef ſurpenduë. *The Scutcheon; the peece of wood, or ſtone that knits up an Arch, or Vault, and hangs downe in the very middle thereof; the key of an Arch deeply carved.*

Le jeu des clefs. *A kind of Shuffle-board play with keyes, a knives-point being the mark.*

Donner la clef des champs à. *To diſmiſſe, diſcharge, let goe, ſet at liberty, ſend out.*

Mettre les clefs ſur la foſſe. *A widow to refuſe, and waive, the goods, or her part in the goods, left by her indebted Husband, by laying her keyes on his grave as ſoon as it is covered, and renouncing her ſaid part, in the preſence of a Notary publicke.*

Prendre la clef des champs. *To get out, give it ſelfe room, take liberty, ſlip, by a private way, away.*

† Cleigner. *as* Cligner. *To twinkle, or winke often.*

Clematide. *as* Clematite.

Clematite: f. *A third kind of the herbe Hartwort, or Birthwort, called, climing Birthwort.*

Clemence: f. *Clemency, mildneſſe, meekneſſe, mercifulneſſe, benignity, pitty, favour.*

Clement. *Clement; gentle, milde, gracious, benigne, humane; meeke, mercifull, pittifull, eaſily pardoning, ſoone-forgiving,*

Clepſydre: f. *A Gardeners watering-pot; alſo, an houre-glaſſe, or veſſell which meaſureth houres by the running of water, or ſand thereout; alſo, an Aſtronomicall inſtrument wherewith the meaſure of ſtarres is taken.*

Clepſydrie: f. *A proportionable, juſt, or limitted running, or diſtilling, as of water out of a* Clepſydre, *or of ſand in an houre-glaſſe.*

Cler: m. clere: f. *Cleare, bright, lightſome, tranſparent, pure-coloured; ſhining; alſo perſpicuous, plaine, apparent, evident, eaſie to be diſcerned.*

Laict cler. *Whey.*

Toile clere. *Lawne.*

Cler ſemé. *Rare, thin-ſet, growing not thicke, whereof there are, or grow, but very few.*

Clerc: m. *A Clarke; a ſcholler, or learned perſon; hence; alſo, a Church-man (who ſhould be learned;) alſo, a Clarke in an Office; a Lawyers Clarke; and generally, any pen-man.*

Clercs de la chambre. *The Kings principall, or domeſticall, Secretaries; (termed ſo in old time.)*

Clerc des fiefs. *The Kings, or any other lords, Attorney is called ſo, becauſe he keeps a Regiſter of the homages their vaſſalls are to doe, and of the duties they are to pay.*

Clerc ſolut. *A lay, or ſecular Church-man.*

Qui n'a qu'une ſimple tonſure, & n'eſt lié à l'egliſe) *as a Deacon, Prebend, Canon, &c.*

Clerc tonſuré. *A Prieſt, a Shaveling; one thats fully entred into orders.*

Pas de Clerc. *A fooliſh trick, impertinent act, fond part; any childiſh, or ignorant proce-*

proceeding in matters of the world.
Vin des Clercs. *Look* Vin.
Clerc iuſques aux dents. *Well read in a porridge-pot, an excellent Clark in a Cooks ſhop.*
Iamais danſeur ne fut bon clerc; Prov. *See* Danſeur.
Il en parle comme vn clerc d'armes. *He ſpeaks thereof ignorantly, ſimply, without proofe, or skill; onely by heare-ſay.*
On croit d'vn fol bien ſouvent, qu'il ſoit Clerc pour ſes veſtemens; Prov. *Handſome, or decent apparell makes fools oft paſſe for wiſe men.*
Tout ce que le Clerc labourę folle femme deuore; Prov. *All that the ſcholler gaines his wench conſumes.*
† Clercelière: f. *A kinde of courſe ribban wherewith country wenches gird themſelves; alſo, a ſtring, or chaine, wherewith women hang their keyes to their girdles.*
Clerė. *A kind of red Hypocras.*
Clerement. *Clearly, brightly; apparantly, evidently.*
Cleres-voyes: f. *Lattices, or ſecret holes to ſpie out at; croſſe-barred windowes (of wood or yron) through which one may ſee, and not be ſeen.*
Clergę: m. *The Clergy.*
Clergez. *The Officers of Juſtice (who either are, or ſhould be learned) were called ſo in former times.*
Clergeau: m. *A petty Clarke, under Clarke, or young Clarke.*
Clergeon: m. *as* Clergeau; *or, a Singing man, or Quireſter, in a Quęre.*
Clergeſſe: f. *A learned woman.*
Plume clergeſſe. *A learned penne.*
Clergie: f. *Learning, skill, ſcience, Clarkeſhip.*
Il a des muids de clergie en la teſte. *(So were they wont, in old time, to ſay of a great learned man;) He hath a buſhell of learning in his head.*
Mieux vaut plein poing de bonne vie qu'avoir plein muy de clergie; Prov. *Better a little honeſty then a great deale of learning.*
Clerical privilege clerical. *The priviledge of the Clergy, of his Clergy, or of a Clarke. Look* Clericature.
Clericalement. *Clarkely, Prieſt-like, Scholler-like.*
Clericature: f. *Clarkeſhip; or, the being a Clarke, or Prieſt, or in Orders.*
Privilege de Clericature. *The privilege of the Clergy; which is, to be tried before the Ordinary, and not before any temporall Judge.*
Alleguer ſa clericature. *To allege his Orders, and claime the privilege of his Clergy; or, to appeale from a Civile, or lay Judge unto his Ordinary.*
† Clerté: f. *as* Clartė.
† Cleſché. *as* Cliſé.
Clicquettes: f. *Clickets; or flat boxes, wherewith a pretty rattling noiſe is made. See* Cliquette.
Clide: f. *A woodden Engine of warre (now out of uſe) which holding by a counterpoiſe, hurl'd out, when it was looſed, a great number of ſtones.*
Clie. *as* Claye; *A hurdle, or yate, in a hedge.*
Client: m. *A Client, or Suitor; a Noblemans Retainer, or Follower, the ſcope of whoſe attendance, or duty, is to be protected.*
Clientelle: f. *Protection, countenance, defence, tuition, ſafegard; alſo, number, or ſtore of clients.*
Clitoire: f. *A Plaiſterers Tray, or Boſſe.*
Cligné. *Winked, or twinckled as with the eyes.*
Clignement des yeux: m. *A winking, or twinckling with the eyes.*
Clignemuſſet. *The childiſh play called Hodman-blinde, Harry-racket; or, are you all bid.*
Cligner les yeux. *To winke, or twinckle with the eyes.*
† Clignetter. *To twinckle, to winke often, and thick.*
Clignottement: m. *An often winking, or twinckling with the eyes.*
Clignotter. *as* Clignetter.
Climactere: com. *Climatericall; whence,*
L'an climactere. *The Climatericall yeare; every ſeventh, or ninth, or the 63 yeare of a mans life; all very dangerous, but the laſt, moſt.*
Climacterie de 63 ans. *The Climatericall, or dangerous, yeare of 63. at which age divers worthy men have died.*
Climat: m. *A Clyme, or Clymate; a diviſion in the Skie, or Portion of the world, betweene South and North.*
Climatere. l'an climatere. *See* Climactere.
Climée: f. Cadmia, *Braſſe-oare.*
Clin d'oeil: m. *The twinckling of an eye.*
Clincaille. *Chinkes, money, coyne.* (v.m.)
Cline-muſſette: f. *The game called Hodman-blinde; Harry-racket; or, are you all bid.*
Clinique: com. *One that is bedred; or ſo ſick that he cannot riſe.*
Clinquaille. *as* Clincaille.
Clinquallerie: f. *A chinking, clinking, ringing of much money; or of many pannes and skellets together; alſo, coyne, or (as we ſay) chinkes.*
Clinquant: m. *Tinne plate-lace of Gold, or Silver.*
† Clinquer. *as* Cliquer; *alſo, a certaine trick in wreſtling.*
Cliquaille. *as* Clincaille.
† Cliquefoire. *A Squirt.*
Cliquer. *To clacke, clap, clatter, click it.*
Cliquet: m. *The ring, knocker, or hammer of a doore; alſo, a Lazers clicket, or clapper; alſo, a certaine Engine to catch fiſh withall.*
Cliqueter. *as* Cliquer; *or as* Cloquer.
Cliqueris: m. *as* Cliquettement.
Cliquette: f. *A clicket, or clapper; ſuch as Lazers carry about with them; alſo, a childs rattle, or clack.*
Cliquettes. *as* Caſtagnettes.
Cliquettement: m. *A clicketting, clattering, clapping, clacking, chattering.*
Cliſe: f. *A little wreath of wicker, to ſet under a diſh on the Table; alſo, a wattle, or hurdle of willow, or ozier twigs.*
Treillis de cliſe. *A Lattice, or Grate of wicker.*
Cliſé: m. ée: f. *Made of wicker; plaited, or watled with ozier, or willow twigs.*
Cliſtere. *See* Clyſtere.
Clitie. Or de Clitie. *A Marigold.*
† Clitoris: m. *A womans Privities.*
Cliver. *To bow, leane, or hang outward, as the Cliffe, or ſteep ſide of a hill; (an old word.)*
Cloaque: f. *A common Sinke, or Sewer in a towne.*
Cloche: f. *A bell, or Clocke; to ring, or ſtrike; alſo, the upper part of a Lymbeck, wherein the vapours are gathered, and reſolved into water; alſo, a little Bell-reſembling veſſell, wherein Pewter are ordinarily ſcowred, or ſodden.*
Cloches de S. Lautens. *Great bliſters riſing in the face, through heat.*
Herbe aux cloches. *Withywind, Bindweed, Hedgebells.*
Mettre la cloche au chat. *To ſet people to worke by the eares.*
C'eſt le ſon des cloches. *This is a matter that may be varied, or tuned at pleaſure.*
A conſeil de fol cloche de bois; Prov. *Call fooles to counſell by a wodden bell.*
Cloche-man. Mpuron el. *A bell-weather.*
Clocherie: f. *A haulting.*
Cloche-pied. à cloche-pied. *Haulting, limping, lamely.*
Clocher: m. *A Bell-founder.*
Clocher d'egliſe. *as* Clochier.
Clocher: *To haule, or limpe; to be lame, to go lamely, or ſtraight; alſo, (in ſome places) to ring, or tell a Bell; to make a bell ſound, or ſtrike.*
Clocher devant les boiteux. *To apply himſelfe unto the (faulty) humours of others with a purpoſe to helpe, or deceive them; alſo, to ſpeake Latine before Clarkes; (or more generally) to ſhew cunning, uſe tricks, diſſemble, or play the knave any way, in preſence of thoſe that are as skilfull as himſelfe; (In all which ſences were alſo uſe the ſame Proverbiall phraſe.) to hault before a cripple.*
Clocher des deux coſtez. *To hault with, or on both ſides; inconſtantly to doubt, or be uncertaine, whoſe part he ſhall take, what ſide he ſhall follow; or, to follow now the one, then the other ſide, without holding touch with, or doing good unto, either.*
Ie ſçay bien de quel pied il cloche. *I know his diſeaſe or defect well enough.*
Clocherie: f. *A ringing, or peale of Bells.*
Clochetier: m. *A Bell-founder.*
Clochette: f. *A little Bell; alſo, Withywind, or Campanette.*
Clochier: m. *A Steeple; alſo, a Pariſh, Borough, or Village; and ſometimes (in a large ſence) a Biſhoprick, or Diocaſſe.*
Cloiſier. *as* Cloiſonneur.
† Cloiſin: f. *A cloſure, or incloſure.*
Cloiſon: f. *Any thing that incloſeth, as a hedge, pale, or vailes; and (moſt properly) a mudde wall.*
† Cloiſonneux: m. *A maker of mud-walls, or incloſures.*
Cloiſonneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of, or belonging to, mud-walls, hedges, or incloſures.*
Cloiſtral: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, an Abbey, or Cloiſter.*
Cloiſtre: m. *A Cloiſter, a round walke or incloſure (covered over head, and) environed with pillars; alſo, an Abbey, Priory, religious Houſe; alſo, as* Caloſtre.
† Clomaſoles: f. *The defence which a horſe makes with his nether lip, or gummes, againſt his Bit.*
† Cloniſſe: f. *The little, ſharpe, and muddy*

cockle, tearmed, a Palour.
† Cloper. as Clocher.
Cloquer. To limpe, or hault. (v. m.)
† Cloporte : m. A Wood-louse, Chesslop, Kitchin-bolt.
† Cloquer. as Clocher. To limpe, hault, or goe lamely.
Se mocque qui cloque; Prov. He mocks that wants nay; fame feasts at other mens defects, and yet are moſt defective.
Clorre. To cloſe; incloſe, hedge in, ſhut up; alſo, to finiſh, accomplish, perfect, make an end of; alſo, to ſtop, to barre; to prevent.
Clorre comptes. To paſſe, conclude, or finiſh Accompts.
Clorre le pas. Qui cloſt le pas. That concludes, or gives a full reſolution of; or end to, the controverſie; (ſaid moſt properly of one that leaping furtheſt, both ends the ſport, and wins what he leapt for.)
Clorre le pas à. To interclude, barre, ſtop, ſit a block in the way of.
En vain plante qui ne cloſt; Prov. In vaine he plants that hedges not.
Clos : m. A Cloſe, or Field incloſed.
Clos bruneau. The tayle, arſe, neck, androe.
Clos : m. cloſe : f. Cloſed, incloſed; hedged in, ſhut up; alſo, barred, ſtopped; forſtalled, prevented; alſo, finiſhed, fulfilled, perfected, accompliſhed.
Clos, & muni de toutes parts. Armed at all points; furniſhed to all purpoſes; prepared againſt all attempts.
Eſtat clos. Son eſtat eſt clos. The offices, or places of his houſe are all beſtowed.
Ville cloſe. A cittie, or walled Towne.
A clos yeux. Blind-fould, hood-winkt.
† Cloſcueu : m. The Neſtling, or Neſt-cockle; the laſt-hatched bird in a Neſt.
† Cloſerie : f. An incloſure, or thing incloſed. Look Enclos, or Cloſture.
† Cloſier : m. A hedger; an incloſer.
† Cloſporte. as Claporte.
† Cloſſer. To clocke like a Hennt.
Cloſſer les grains. Many ſtalkes, or eares to ſhoot up, or come from one grains of ſeed.
Cloſtier. as Cloſtier.
Cloſture : f. An incloſure; an incloſement of, or incloſing with, hedges, pales, &c; alſo, a concluſion, cloſing, finiſhing, or ſhutting up; as, of ſpeech, of accompts, &c.
Clot : m. Iouër au clot. To play at Hurry-packet, or Hide and find.
Clou : m. A Nayle; alſo, a corne (in a foot, or toe;) and hence, the Pinne (in the bottome of a Haukes foot.)
Clou à bandes. A ſtreake Nayle.
Clou de caravelle. A great Nayle, at leaſt a foot long; uſed in ſhips.
Clou à crochet. A Tenter-hooke.
Clou d'eſtoupe. A Speake, or ſtoathing Nayle; uſed in ſhips.
Clou de giroſle. A clove.
Clou à hape. A clowte Nayle.
Clou de manguiere. A Scupper-Nayle; uſed in ſhipping.
Clou à ſoufflet. A Tack-Nayle; or, the ſmall Nayle wherewith Bellowes are made up, or mended.
Ie n'en donneroye pas vn clou à ſoufflet. I would not give a pinne, a chip, a ruſh, for it.
A cloux de diamant. Moſt faſt, moſt ſure, not to be ſtirred, impoſſible to be looſed.
Compter les cloux. See Compter.
River ſes cloux à. Ie luy ay bien rivé ſes cloux. I have given him his full payment; or, I have fitted him with an unanſwerable reply; I have pozzled, or ſetled him with a ſound anſwer.
Vn clou ſert à pouſſer l'autre; Prov. One Nayle ſerves to drive out another; one friend imployed to ſupplant the other.
Clouage : m. A nayling.
† Clouclouquer. To clocke; as a Henne, that hath (or would have) Chickens.
† Clouë : f. A Block. See Bloc.
Cloüé : m. ée : f. Nayled; faſtened, joyned, ſet on with Nayles.
Raye cloüée. The rock Ray, or buckled Ray.
Clouëment : m. A nayling.
Clouër. To nayle; to faſten, joyne, or ſet on, with Nayles.
Cloüer à cloux de diamant. See Clou.
† Cloueſtre : m. A Cloyſter in an Abbey, &c; or, as Cloiſtre.
Clouët : m. A little Nayle; a Tack-Nayle.
Clouëur : m. A Nayler.
Clouëure : f. A Nayling.
† Clouïr. To open, and produce young ones, as egges that have been ſitten on their full time.
Clouiſſe : f. as Pelarde, & Marſeillon.
† Clouſſer. as Cloſſer.
† Clouſſeuſe : f. A clocking Henne, or Henne that uſes to clock much.
Cloutier : m. A Nayler, a Nayle-ſmith; a ſeller or maker of Nayles.
Cloye. as Claye; A hurdle, &c.
Clucher. as Cloſſer. To clocke.
Clye. as Claye; a hurdle, or lattice of wicker, &c.
Clyſpedric. Looke Clepſydre.
Clyſtere : m. A Gliſter.
Ie luy appreſteray vn clyſtere barbarin. I will provide for his belly a plaiſter of wayme guts. & Rab.
Clyſteriſé : m. ée : f. Cliſterized; applyed as, or made into, a Gliſter; conveyed by a Gliſter up into the guts.
Clyſteriſer. To apply a Gliſter; to convey by Gliſter up into the guts; alſo, to make, or put a thing into a Gliſter.
Clytoris : m. as Clitoris.
Coäc : m. The croaking, or cry of Frogs.
Coäcervation : f. A coacervation, or heaping together.
Coädjuteur : m. A coadjutor, helping fellow, or fellow helper.
Coädunation : f. A coadunation, gathering, aſſembling, uniting, joyning together.
Coägulation : f. A coagulation, congealing, or curding; a turning into curd.
Coäguler. To coagulate; curd, or congeale into a curd; to joyne together, or make to joyne.
Coäille : f. Course wool; not Berruyer.
† Coäine. as Cheune.
† Coälescer. To cloſe, joyne, or grow together againe.
† Coärcté : m. ée : f. Strained, preſſed, or thruſt hard together; reſtrained, or brought within a narrow compaſſe.
† Coärcter. To ſtraine, preſſe, or thruſt hard together; to reſtraine, or bring within a narrow compaſſe.
Coäſſer. To croake, or cry as a Toad, or Frog.
Coät : m. The underling, ſtarveling, or writling of a beaſt; the wrecking, or neſt-cockle, of birds.
Coäugmenté : m. ée : f. Increaſed together; or, much increaſed.
† Coäxer. as Coaſſer.
Cobbir. To bruiſe, or breake into peeces. & Rab.
Cobeter vne cloche. To toule a bell; or, to ring it not full out, but ſo, as it ſtrikes onely the one ſide.
Cobter. as Cobeter, or Copter.
Coc : m. See Coq.
Cocard : m. A nice Doult, quaint Goſe-head, or ſaucie Cokes, proud, or forward Meacock. See Coquard.
Cocarde. bonnet à la cocarde. A Spaniſh cap; or cap made after the old faſhion. See Coquarde.
Cocardeau : m. A proud Aſſe, pert Gull, ſhitten Sauce-box; one that hath better ſtore of clothes on his back, then of wit in his head.
Coccognide. The black Cameleon thiſtle.
Coche : m. A Coach.
Coche : f. A nock, notch, nick, ſnip, or nib; (and hence) alſo, the Nut-hole of a Croſſe-bow; alſo, a young Sow, or Sow-pig; alſo, a ſluttiſh; a woman growne fat by eaſe, and lazineſſe; alſo, a ſhell, or ſplint.
Coché : m. ée : f. Nocked, notcht, nicked, ſnipped; furrowed.
Front bien coché. That is high on both ſides of the fore-top.
Pillules cochées. A certaine compoſition of Pills, which purge the head very ſtrongly.
Cochelin : m. A kind of Cake full of notches, and given in ſome parts of France (as about Blois) unto children for New-yeares-gifts.
Cochenille. Cuchineale, wherewith Skarlet is dyed.
Cochepierre. A bird like a Bull-finch, that feeds moſt on the kernels of Cherriſtones.
Cocher : m. A Coachman.
Cocher : m. ere : f. Of a Coach, or Coach-houſe; whence;
Porte cochere. A Coach-houſe doore.
Cocher. To nick, nock, or make notches, as on a Tally; (alſo, to have to doe with a woman. & Pic.)
Cochet : m. A Cockerell, or Cock Chick; alſo, a ſhote, or ſhete, Pigge.
Cochevis : m. The copped Lark; the Lark that hath a little tuft ſtanding on her head.
Cochier : m. A Coachman.
Cochiere : f. A Coach-woman; a woman that drives a Coach.
† Cochin : m. A Pigge.
Poiſſon, gorret, & cochin, vie en l'eau, & mort en vin. Waterifh Acates require much wine both for their dreſſing, and diſgeſtion.
Cochon : m. A Pigge.
Gras comme vn cochon. (We ſay the ſame) as fat as a Pigge.
Manger le cochon enſemble. To complot, agree in a plot, joyne in a conſpiracie together; (belike in old time, when conſpirators met to conſerre, and conclude, their principall Diſh was a Pigge.)
Rappeler le cochon. To repeat the words wherewith he began; to come to the matter againe.
Cochonné : m. ée : f. Pigged, farrowed.
Cochonner. To farrow, to pigge; to breed, or bring forth pigges, as a Sow; alſo, to

to cocker, cheriſh, nouriſh daintily, make a fondle of.

Cochonnet: m. *A ſhote, or ſhete pig, a pretty big pig.*

Cochonniere: f. *A Sow, or Sow-pig.*

Cocles. des c. *as* Coquelourdes.

Cocluchon. *as* Coqueluchon.

Cocodrille: m. *See* Crocodile; *a Crocodile.*

Cocque: f. *A Cockle.*

Cocque de Cyprés. *A Nut, or Clog, of the Cypres tree.*

Cocque d'oeuf. *An egge-ſhell.*

Cocqueter. *as* Coqueter.

Cocquillé: m. ée: f. *Shelly, ſhell-like; or as* Coquillé.

Cocu: m. *A Cuckoe; alſo, a Gurnard, or Curre-fiſh; alſo, a Cuckold. (See* Coucou.)

Cocu cocuant. *A Cuckold-maker, a Graffe-borne.*

Cocu cocuë. *A Cuckold, or wittall.*

Brayes de cocu. *Cowſlips, petty Mullenes, Palſeworts.*

Pain à cocu. *The ſmalleſt, and dainticſt red Muſhroom.*

Pain de cocu. *Cuckoe-bread, Alleluya, Stubworte, ſoure Treſoile, wood-ſorrell, Wood-ſower.*

Il vaut mieux eſtre cocu que coquin; Prov. *See* Coquin.

Cocu: m. cocuë: f. *Cuckolded, made a cuckold, or crooked.*

Mary cocu. *The hedge-Sparrow, called ſo, becauſe ſhe hatches, and feeds the Cuckoes young ones, eſteeming them her own.*

'A l'enfourner on fait les pains cocus; Prov. *Loaves get their crookedneſſe at the ſetting in. Look* Pain.

Cocuäge: m. *A cuckoldſhip; the being a cuckold.*

Cocuant. *Cuckolding, cuckold-making, horngraffing.*

Cocuë: f. *Hemlock, homlock, herbe bennet, kex.*

Cocuye. *See* Cucuye.

† Cocytide. homme cocytide. *A limme of the devill; a moſt fell, cruell, or belliſh fellow.*

Codicilaire: com. *One that is elected unto, or inſtituted into, a benefice, &c. by Codicile.*

Codicile: m. *A Codicile, ſcedule, bill annexed.*

Codicillaire. *as* Codicilaire.

Codignat: m. *Codiniack, or Marmalade of Quinces.*

Codignat de four. *Bread.*

Coeffe: f. *A quiſe, or coyfe; alſo, a night-cap; See* Coiffe.

Coeffé. *Coyfed; See* Coiffé.

Coeffer. *To coyfe, weare a coyfe, put on a coyfe; See* Coiffer.

Coeffure: f. *as* Coeffe.

Coegal: m. *A fellow, or match unto, one that's in all points equall to another.*

Coeliaque: com. *as* Celiaque.

Artere coeliaque. *A main branch of the great Arterie, from which it deſcends unto the Midriffe, and intrals.*

Coelibat. *Look* Celibat.

† Coeneux: m. euſe: f. *Mirie, durtie, filthy.*

Coënne de lard: f. *The skinne of bacon. See* Coiſne.

Coëpeller. *To chip wood.* (v.m.)

† Coëque: m. *A copartner, or copartcener.*

Coërcion, ou Coërction. *A reſtraint, compulſion, conſtraining; a keeping in ſubjection.*

† Coeſte: m. *A very thick, and great glave, uſed by the ancient Grecians in their Theater combats.*

†Coeſton. *The ſame.*

Coëternel: m. elle: f. *Coeternall.*

† Coëtivé: m. ée: f. *Fomented, cheriſhed, kept warme.*

† Coëtivement: m. *A keeping warme, a cheriſhing, fomenting, or preſerving in naturall heat.*

† Coëtiver. *To foment, or keep warme, to cheriſh, or preſerve, in naturall heat.*

† Coëval ſes coëvaux. *His equals in age; thoſe that be as old as he.*

Coeur: m. *A heart; alſo, the heart, mind, thought, affection; inward conceit, fancy, or opinion; alſo, courage, metall, ſtomack; alſo, the core of fruit; alſo, the Queer of a Church; alſo, the heart-reſembling cherry, called, the French, or Spaniſh, cherry; alſo, the upper, larger, and more ſencible, orifice of the ſtomack.*

Coeur d'hyuer: au fin coeur d'hyuer. *In the depth, or middeſt, of winter.*

Enfant de coeur. *A Quireſter, or ſinging boy.*

Herbe de coeur. *Heart-wort, or Heartmint; The Picards call Sage, and Cowſlip of Jeruſalem, ſo.*

Par coeur. *By heart, by rote, readily, without book, without miſſing.*

Mon coeur luy eſt, ou fait, mal. *I beare him a grudge, I like him not, I cannot abide him.*

Avoir le coeur. Il a le coeur aſſis en bonne part. *He is an honeſt, gallant, valiant, worthy, fellow.*

Il en aura le coeur net. *He will be fully ſatiſfied in, reſolved of the matter.*

Mettre corps, & coeur. *To labour, ſtrive, indeavour by all the meanes he hath.*

Cela leur mit le coeur au ventre. *That cheered, heartned, encouraged them.*

Sentant ſon coeur. *Growing ſtout, recovering his ſtomack; taking heart at graſſe, or, feeling his heart come to him.*

Tenir ſon coeur. *To beare a grudge, owe a ſpight unto; to carry a ſpleen a long time againſt.*

Coeur content, & manteau ſur l'eſpaule; Prov. *The heart content, and cloke thrown over the ſhoulder; (either becauſe the contented man wears it ſo in jollity; or becauſe he cares not greatly how hee wears it.)*

Le coeur fait l'oeuvre; non pas les grand iours; Prov. *Not length of day, but ſtrength of heart, vids worke.*

Le coeur ne veut douloir ce que l'oeil ne peut veoir; Prov. *What the eye ſees not, the heart rues not.*

'A coeur dolent l'oeil pleure; Prov. *Teares in the eyes, ruth in the heart.*

'A povre coeur petit ſouhait; Prov. *Little things content low thoughts; or, an humble heart is humble in deſires.*

Belle chere, & coeur atriere; Prov. *A faire look, and falſe thoughts; or, a froward look, and frayward thoughts; one that ſpeakes me faire, and wiſhes my throat were cut.*

Bon coeur ne peut mentir, Prov. *An honeſt heart cannot diſſemble. Seeke* Mentir.

En petit ventre grand coeur; Prov. *A great heart in a little body; great courage in a ſmall corps.*

Ioye triſte, & coeur travaillé; Prov. *All joy hath ſadde effects in troubled hearts.*

Quand les yeux voyent ce qu'ils ne veirent oncques, le coeur penſe ce qu'il ne penſa oncques; Pro. *Unwonted objects breed unwonted thoughts.*

Qui n'a coeur, ait jambes; Prov. *Hee that dares not truſt to his hands had beſt truſt to his heeles; or, he that dares not fight may do well to flie.*

Coeuret: m. *A little heart.*

Coeur-failli: m. *A lazie, ſlothfull, faint-hearted, white livered, Creature; a ſincher; one that hath not the courage to end what he hath begun*

† Coferruminer. *To mingle, joyne, or ſolder, yron with other mettals.*

Coffre: m. *A coffer, cheſt, butch, arke; alſo, the bulke, or cheſt of the body.*

En coffre ouvert le juſte peché; Prov. *Opportunity makes, or warrants, a thiefe.*

Coffré: m. ée: f. *Put into a cheſt, or coffer; alſo, impriſoned, or laid up.*

Coffrer. *To put into a cheſt, or coffer.*

Coffrer aulcun en priſon. *To impriſon, to caſt, and keep in priſon; to lay up cloſe, or where he ſhall ſee no light.*

Coffret: m. *A casket, cabinet, forſet; a little cheſt, or coffer.*

Coffrier: m. *A coffer-maker; alſo, a coffrer unto a Prince.*

Cofin: m. *A coffin; a great candle-caſe; or any ſuch cloſe, great, and round Vtenſile of wicker.*

Cofin à roupies. *A womans maske.*

Cofinet: m. *A little coffin, basket, or box (of wicker, &c.)*

Cogitation: f. *A cogitation, thought, imagination, conſideration, purpoſe, project.*

Cogiter. *To cogitate, thinke, muſe, imagine, conſider, contemplate, caſt in the minde; ſtudy on, adviſe himſelfe, deviſe with himſelfe; intend, purpoſe, determine, minde.*

Cognaciere: f. *A Quince-tree.*

Cognation: f. *Cognation, affinitie, alliance, kindred, parentage.*

Cogneu: m. euë: f. *Knowne, kenned, diſcerned, perceived, underſtood; noted, notable, notorious, of note; acknowledged, owned, adowned.*

Choſe perduë eſt lors cogneuë; Prov. *The worth of things is knowne when they be loſt.*

Coguil: m. *The baſtard Tunny fiſh; or, as* Coguoil.

Cognoiſſance: f. *Knowledge; acquaintance, familiarity with; skill, cunning, experience in; a notice, or notion; an intelligence, underſtanding, or apprehenſion of; alſo, a deed, or ſcedule of acknowledgement, or confeſſion of a debt, &c. alſo, a badge, or cognizance.*

Cognoiſſant. *Knowing; underſtanding; apprehending, perceiving; alſo, wiſe, cunning, learned, expert, skilfull, well ſeen, in.*

Cognoiſtre. *To know; underſtand; skill, wot well, or be aſſured, of; be fully acquainted with; to kenne, diſcerne, apprehend, perceive; alſo, to confeſſe, acknowledge; advow.*

Cognoiſtre d'une cauſe. *To take notice of, deale in, or intermeddle with, a Suit, or Cauſe, depending in Law.*

Qui ne te cognoiſtroit (bonne beſte!) *If a man knew thee not, thou wouldſt make him believe thou wert a very Saint; I know thee but too well.*

Se cognoiſtre en Medecine. *To have inſight, or prettie skill, in Phyſick.*

L'herbe qu'on cognoiſt on la doit lier à ſon doigt; Prov. *(For it is moſt unſafe to deale with unknowne Medicines.)*

La Maiſon fait cognoiſtre le Maiſtre; Prov. *By the houſe one may gheſſe at the owner; by the faſhion, or government thereof, what his abilitie and humor is.*

On cognoiſt le diable à ſes griffes; Prov. *Looke* Diable.

Qui bien ſe cognoiſt peu ſe priſe, qui peu ſe priſe Dieu l'aviſe; Prov. *He knowes himſelfe, himſelfe deſpiſes, the ſelfe-deſpiſer God adviſes.*

Cognoſcitive: f. *The facultie of knowing, underſtanding, diſcerning; an apprehenſive propertie.*

Coguoil: m. *A fiſh like unto a Mackerell, but greater, and thicker; or as* Cognil.

Coherence: f. *A coherence, or coherencie; a cleaving, or ſticking of matters together; a hanging thereof one upon another; a knitting, uniting, or faſtening thereof one unto the other.*

† Cohertion: f. *as* Coërtion.

Cohibé: m. ée: f. *Reſtrained, ſtopped, repreſſed; curbed, held in, kept under.*

Cohiber. *To reſtraine, ſtop, let, repreſſe; curbe, hold in, keepe ſhort or under.*

Cohier: m. *The female Oake; (which beares a longer and broader leafe, and a ſhorter and leſſe nourishing Acorne, then the male.)*

Cohorte: f. *A cohort, or companie, band, or troupe of ſouldiers.*

Cohourde: f. *A gourd.*

Cohüe: f. *A Hall to plead in; a Seſſions-houſe, or Shire-Hall:* ¶ Brett. & Norm.

Coi: m. *The crie, or grunting, of pigges, and young ſwine.*

Coi. *as* Coy; *Quiet, ſtill.*

Coiaux: m. *Returned, or hip, rafters (in Building.)*

Coiche: f. *The feathering of an arrow.* (v. m.)

Coiffant. *Putting on a coife; or any other thing as a coife; alſo, beſotting; or gulling, beguiling, deceiving; (Looke* ſe Coiffer.)

Coiffe: f. *A coife, cawle, or cap, for the head; alſo, the fat pannicle, or kell, wherein the bowels are lapped.*

Coiffe d'une tour. *The covering, or higheſt out-ſet windowes, of a tower.*

Coiffé: m. ée: f. *Coifed, attired with a coife; alſo, gulled, beguiled, abuſed; alſo, filled, or poſſeſſed; and, peſtered, or beſotted, with.*

Cailles coiffées. *Women.*

Il eſt né tout coiffé. *Borne rich, honourable, fortunate; borne with his mothers kercher about his head; wrapt in his mothers ſmock, ſay wee; alſo, hee is verie maidenlie, ſhame fac'd, beloc.*

Coiffer. *To coife, or put a coife upon; alſo, to beguile, gull, couſen, deceive.*

Se coiffer de folles opinions. *To intertaine, or put on fond opinions; to beſot himſelfe, or to fill, poſſeſſe, or peſter his head, withall.*

† Coignacier: m. *The great, or Peare, Quince tree.*

Coignant: m. ante: f. *Wedging, faſtening with a wedge, driving, or knocking faſt in.*

† Coignaſſe: f. *A female Quince, or Peare Quince; the greateſt kind of Quince.*

Coignaufond. *Knocking, Leatcherie, Venerie:* ¶ Rab.

Coigné: m. ée: f. *Wedged; driven, or knocked in; ſtamped, coyned.*

Coigneau. *Privet, or Primprint; called ſo at* Fontaine-bleau.

Coignée: f. *An hatchet, or axe.*

Letter le manche apres la coignée. *To throw the helve after the hatchet; to loſe courage in adverſitie; or after one loſſe to make wilfull ſhipwrack of all.*

Contre coignée ſerrure ne peut; Prov. *Weake locks cannot reſiſt ſtrong hatchets.*

Coigne-feſtu: m. *An idle fellow; one that ſpends his time and travaile to no purpoſe; or, one that will neither doe good himſelfe, nor ſuffer others to doe any.*

Coigner. *To wedge, to faſten with a wedge; to drive hard, or knock faſt in, as with a wedge; alſo, to ſtamp, or coine.*

Coigner feſtus. *To loſe his time, or ſpend it to no purpoſe.*

Coigner ſes larmes. *To ſuppreſſe, or hold in his teares by force.*

Coignet. *A little wedge; alſo, a little cone, or corner.*

Coigniaux. *A kind of ſmall, and bright-greene vermine, which ſharke off, and cut in peeces, the tendrels, and grapes, of Vines.*

Coignier: m. *A Quince tree.*

Coignoir: m. *A wedging-toole; a Wedger.*

Coin. *as* Coing; *alſo, the cry, or grunting of Pigs, and young Swine; alſo, the ſpawne, row, or egs, of fiſh, Caterpillers; &c.*

Coin de beurre. *A cake, or diſh (of the ordinarie faſhion of our pound) of Butter.*

Coin de mer. *A kind of Mullet fiſh.*

Se Coincher. *as,* ſe Conchier.

† Coine. *as,* Coënne; *The skin of Bacon; alſo, a thick filme, or skumme, ſuch as is uſually on a ſtanding and ſtinking puddle.*

Coing: m. *A wedge; alſo, a Quince; alſo, an angle, nooke, or corner; alſo, a coyne, or ſtamp, upon a peece of coyne.*

Coing de beurre: *See* Coin.

Enter au coing. *To lodge a graffe in the cleſted top of a ſtock.*

Pour fendre le bois il fit des coings du bois meſme; *Looke* Bois.

Tous frappez à vn meſme coing. *All made in one mould; all ſtamped with one figure; all birds of a feather.*

A dur, ou mauvais noeud mauvais coing; Prov. *Sayd of a ſwaggering, or litigious fellow, matched with one, in his owne kind, worſe then himſelfe.*

Fol eſt qui de ſon poing faict coing; Prov. *He is a foole that makes a wedge of his fiſt; as did ſtrong Milo; who attempting to rive aſunder a great tree which lay in a Foreſt ha'fe cleven, and held open with wedges, they ſlipping downe it cloſed, and incloſed his hands ſo faſt, that he could not pull them out, but quickly became a prey unto wilde beaſts; whereupon this proverb calls any man foole, that preſumes too much on his owne ſtrength, or knowes not the right uſe of his owne things.*

Meſchante vie quiert le coing; Prov. *An evill-liver would ever be hanging.*

Coingné: m. ée: f. *as* Coigné.

Coïnquination: f. *A coinquination, or coinquinating; a ſoyling, defiling, polluting; a ſuming.*

Coïnquiné: m. ée: f. *Coinquinated; ſoyled, polluted, defiled; alſo, defamed.*

Coïnquiner. *To coinquinate; pollute, ſoyle, defile; alſo, to defame.*

† Coint: m. cointe: f. *Quaint, compt, neat, fine, ſpruce, brisk, ſmirk, ſmug, daintie, trim, tricked up.*

Coïntelligent. *Having intelligence, holding privat correſpondencie, with.*

† Cointement. *Quaintly, comptly, finely, ſprucely, neatly, trimly, daintily.*

† Cointiſe: f. *Quaintneſſe, comptneſſe, neatneſſe, trimneſſe, fineneſſe, ſpruceneſſe, daintineſſe.*

Coipeau: m. *A chip.*

Vin de coipeau. *See* Vin.

† Coiraux: m. *Fat Oxen; ſuch as have been fed both in the houſe, and field.*

Coiſne. *as* Coënne. *The skinne of Bacon; and, th'outward hard rinde, or skinne, of any ſuch thing.*

Coiſſin: m. *A cuſhion; alſo, a pillow.*

Coiſtre: f. *A Tick for a Bed.*

Coiti, & Coitis: *as* Coitte; *or, the blue-ſtreaked ſtuffe whereof tis made.*

Coitte: f. *The Tick of a Bed.*

Coitte-pointe: f. *A Quilt, or quilted Covering, for a Bed.*

Col: m. *The neck; a neck.*

Col du bras. *The wriſt.*

Col de grue. *Cranes-bill, Storkes-bill, Heavens-bill, Pinkneedle; an herb.*

Col d'un os. *The neck of a bone; the ſlendereſt part thereof, having a broad, or bigge part next unto it.*

Col d'oye. *The port, or upſet of ſome Bitts, made round, and bowing like the neck of a Gooſe.*

Col du pied. *The inſtep.*

Col rompu. *The neck-bone; a ſmall ha'friſing in the middle of the mouth of ſome Bitts.*

Col d'une Vigne. *The ſtock of a Vine; or, as* Courſon.

Tordre le col à. *To ſcorne, diſdaine, contemne, looke aſkew on.*

Colac: m. *The Shadfiſh:* ¶ Langued.

† Colaphiſer. *To box, or buffet.*

Colas. *A Derivative, or Diminutive of* Nicolas; *whence;*

Dieu colas faillon. *By Saint* Nicholas; *or, for Saint* Nicholas *ſake;* ¶ Lorrainois. Rab.

Colatoire du nez. *The ſpungie bone through which the ſnivell paſſeth from the braine into the noſethrils.*

Colature: f. *An expreſſion, or ſtraining; alſo, a colature; the thing ſtrained; or, a thin liquor which hath paſſed through a ſtrainer.*

Cole:

Cole : m. *A ſtormy, or tempeſtuous gale of winde.*

† Cole : f. *Anger, choller.*

Colere : f. *See* Cholere.

Colet. *as* Collet.

Coleté : m. ée : f. *Imbraced about the neck; alſo, wraſtled, ſtriven, or ſtrugled with.*

Coleter. *To imbrace about the necke; alſo, to wraſtle, ſtrive, or ſtruggle with.*

† Coleuvre. *as* Couleuvre ; *An Adder.*

Coleuvrée. *as* Coulevré.

Coliart. *A kinde of ſmooth, and ſtraw-coloured Ray-fiſh.*

Coliaux. *The name of a kinde of Olives.*

Colier. *See* Collier.

Colimbades. *Small pickled Olives.*

Colimbales. *The ſame.*

Colin : m. *Collin ; a proper name (and a derivative of* Nicholas *) alſo, a Sea-cob, or Gull ; (or as* Collin *)*

Colin tampon. *The Drum-ſound of the Suiſſers march.*

Grand colin. *A diſgraceſull terme of the ranke of* Maraud, beliſtre, coquin, *&c.*

Gros colin. *Brawne, or the great of the ſiſtings of corne ; alſo, dogges meat made of it.*

Coline. *as* Colline ; *A little hill.*

Colique : f. *The Chollick ; a painfull windineſſe in the ſtomack, or entrailes.*

Colique : com. *Of the Chollicke, belonging to the Chollick.*

Coliqueux : m. euſe : f. *Full of, or ſubject unto, the Chollick.*

Colisée : m. *A Coloſſus, or Coliſeum.*

Colitor. *The name of a certaine Vine.*

† Collane : f. *A neck-lace.*

Collateral : m. ale : f. *Collaterall ; not direct, on th'one ſide.*

Muſcles collateraux. *Two muſcles in the mouth , one bringing the tongue , the other drawing the Larinx, a-to-ſide.*

Vent collaterall. *A ſide-winde, or quarter-wind, at ſea.*

Collateralité : f. *Collaterallity , or collateralneſſe.*

Collateur : m. *A Patron ; or any officer who hath the beſtowing of Benefices.*

Collation : f. *A comparing , or examining of one thing by another ; alſo, a collation, reve-ſupper, or repaſt after ſupper ; alſo, a collation, conferring, or gift of a Benefice.*

Collation de Moyne. *A Monks nunchcon; as much as another man eats at a large meale.*

Collationné : m. ée : f. *Compared with, or examined by, another; alſo, having made, or , entertained with, a collation ; alſo, conferred , or beſtowed (as a Benefice.)*

Collationner. *To examine a coppy by the originall ; to conferre , or compare one writing, or thing , with another ; alſo, to collation it, or make a reve-ſupper , to banquet , or take a repaſt (after ſuppers ;) alſo to give, conferre, beſtow a Benefice.*

Collaudation : f. *A mutuall commendation, praiſing, extolling.*

Collaudé : m. ée: f. *Collauded ; praiſed, or commended with others.*

Collauder. *To collaud, praiſe, extoll, commend, with others.*

† Colle: f. *Anger , choller ; alſo, as* Colline ; *or, as in* Colles.

A chaude colle. *In anger, in choller, in hot bloud , or while the bloud was up.*

Colle : f. *Glue ; alſo, ſolder ; alſo, the unprofitable corners of hides, and ſkins, cut off in the dreſſing.*

Colle de bouche. *Mouth-glue , water-glue ; (the beſt kinde of glue.)*

Colle de cerf. *as* Forte ; *white, and cleare-coloured glue ; made of the ſkins of all kind of foure footed beaſts.*

Colle de farine. *(Stationers) paſte.*

Colle forte. *Ordinarie white glue ; as in* Colle de cerf.

Colle à or. *Borax, or green earth ; uſed in the ſoldering of gold.*

Colle à pierres. *Cement ; made of ordinary marble, Parian Marble , and the ſtrongeſt glue.*

Colle de poiſſon. *Mouth-glue, water-glue.*

Colle de taureau. *The ſtrongeſt kinde of glue , uſed by Carpenters , Joyners, &c.*

Collé: m. ée : f. *Glued ; ſoldered ; paſted ; faſt joyned, ſurely cloſed.*

† Collectage : m. *A collelling, or gathering together.*

Collectanes : m. *A certaine order of Franciſcan , or Grey-friers.*

Collecte : f. *A collection , levie , gathering.*

Collecteur : m. *A Collector , levier , gatherer of.*

Sergent collecteur. *Look* Sergent.

Collectif : m. iue : f. *Collective, gathering, or that gathereth.*

En nom collectif. *All together, one with another.*

Collection : f. *A collection, or gathering together.*

Collée: f. *A neck imbracement , an imbracing about the necke ; a greeting, or welcome, expreſſed by ſuch an imbracement ; alſo, a duſt, thump, or blow, in the necke; and hence ;*

Donner la collée. *To knight.*

College : m. *A Colledge.*

Collegue : m. *A Colleague, fellow, or copartener, in Office.*

Collement : m. *A gluing, or ſoldring together.*

Coller : *To glue ; ſolder, paſte ; joyne, or cloſe up, ſurely.*

Collerage : m. *Collerage ; a pecuniarie duty exacted , in ſome places , for the Collers worne by wine-drawing horſes, or men.*

Collerette de femme. *A ſmall neck-ruffe, neckercher, or neck-band, (worne by women.)*

Colles : f. *Croſſe walls of ſtone, &c. in ſome Vineyards. Look* Bancs.

Collet : m. *The throat, or fore-part of the necke ; alſo, the coller of a Jerkin, &c. the cape of a cloke ; the neck-peece of any garment ; alſo, a kind of ginne or ſnarle, wherewith Conies are caught (moſt commonly by the necke.)*

Collet de chimiſe. *A Shirt-band.*

Collet de femme. *A neckercher.*

Collet de marroquin. *A Spaniſh-leather Jerkin.*

Collet de mouton. *A neck of mutton.*

Vn collet à peignoir. *A large raile which women put about their necks when they combe themſelves.*

Mettre la main ſur le collet à. *To ſtay, arreſt, or ſeize on ; to take one priſoner.*

Colletages : m. *Taxes, aides, and ſubſidies levied of the people.*

Colleter. *To imbrace about the necke, &c. See* Coleter.

Colletin : m. *A Jerkin.*

Colleur : m. *A gluer.*

Colleure : f. *A gluing ; or ſoldering; a ſure cloſing.*

Colleux : m. euſe : f. *Glewie, full of glue, cleaving as glue.*

Collier : m. *A coller (or chaine) of gold, &c. for the necke ; alſo, a dog-coller ; horſe-coller ; &c. any coller.*

Colliers. *Earings , or clues ; the ſtrings wherewith the bottome of a ſaile, or the bonnet , and the tacke, or ſheat, are tyed together.*

Vous eſtiez le chien au grand collier. *You were the onely noted man , th'onely kill-cow , th'onely terrible fellow ; (ruſtically.)*

Tirer au collier contre. *To contend, ſtrive, wraſtle hard with.*

† Colligance : f. *A binding, tying, or knitting together.*

Colligé : m. ée : f. *Gathered, or brought together ; alſo, united, or aſſembled.*

† Colligence. *as* Colligance ; *Or, a gathering, or bringing together.*

Colliger. *To gather, or bring together ; alſo, to unite, or aſſemble in one.*

Collin : m. *A long-beaked River-fowle, of a beautifull grayiſh colour ; alſo, as* Colin.

Colline : f. *A little hill.*

Colliquatif : m. iue : f. *Subject to the chollick.*

Colliquation : f. *A colliquation ; a conſumption of the radicall humour, or ſubſtance of the body ; alſo, a melting, reſolving, or diſſolving.*

Collique paſſion. *The Chollicke. See* Colique.

Colliqueux : m. euſe : f. *Sicke, or full of the Chollicke.*

Colliſion : f. *A knocking, daſhing , clapping, beating together.*

† Collitigant : m. ante : f. *wrangling, jangling, going to law together ; at ſuit on with another, litigiouſly handling one another.*

Collizée. *See* Coliſée.

† Collobe : m. *A kind of ſleeveleſſe upper garment in faſhion among the old Romans.*

Collocation. *An orderly placing, ſetling, or diſpoſing of things together.*

Colloir : m. Colloire. f. *A cullander, or ſtrainer.*

Colloque : m. *A conference, communication ; conſultation.*

Colloqué. *Set, ſetled, placed, diſpoſed, applyed, beſtowed.*

Colloquer. *To place together ; to ſettle in, or aſſigne to, one, and the ſame ranke ; to diſpoſe, put, ſet, beſtow, apply, fitly, equally, orderly.*

Colludant : m. *One that doth any thing by covin, or colluſion ; a deceiver, a double dealer.*

Colludant : m. ante : f. *Colluding, dealing by covin, or, doubly dealing.*

Collu-

Colluder. *To collude; to make ſhew of one thing, and doe the contrary; to deale by covine, and colluſion; to betray his cauſe unto an adverſary; to plead doubly, and further his adverſaries cauſe, thereby to deceive a third perſon.*

Colluſion: f. *Colluſion, fraud, covine, deceit, guile, double-dealing; a ſhew of diſagreement, or controverſie with one, thereby to deceive another.*

Collyre: m. *A (liquid) medicine for the eyes; or a medicine applied to the eyes in a liquid forme; alſo, a kind of Samian earth, whereof among other things, eye-medicines are made.*

Colobe: m. *A ſhort, and ſleeveleſſe garment, or jacket, in faſhion among the ancient Romanes; alſo, a furred hood, or tippet, worn by graduate Prieſts.*

Colocaſie. *The herbe Aaron, wake-Robin, Calves-ſoot, Cuckoe-pint, Prieſts-pintle; alſo, the root of the Ægyptian bean.*

Colocinthe. *as* Coloquinte.

Colon: m. *The firſt, or great gut* Colon, *wherein the Chollick breedeth; alſo, a volume, or member of a ſentence.*

† Colom: m. *A Dove, Pigeon, Culver.*

Grand colomb. *A Queeſt, or Stocke-dove.*

Colombage: m. *Boord-worke on th'out ſide of walls, &c. or the boording, or boords, betweene which mudde walls, &c. are made.*

Colombain: m. ine: f. *Dove-like; of the nature of Doves; of, or belonging to, Doves.*

Colombe: f. *A Henne Pigeon, or, female Pigeon.*

Colombe de Tonnelier. *A toole of his, which reſembles a plane turnd upſide-downe.*

Pied de colombe. *A kinde of cranes-bill, or Pinke-needle called, Pigeons-foot, or Doves-foot.*

Colombeau: m. *A little young Pigeon.*

Colombelle: f. *A Pigeon, or young Dove.*

Colombier: m. *A dove-cote.*

Cela chaſſera les pigeons du colombier. *That will drive away your (ſilly) clients, or cuſtomers; or that will force irreſolute folke out of their hold.*

Colombin. *The herbe Colombine; alſo, colombine, or dove-colour, or the ſtuffe whereof 'tis made.*

Colombine: f. *A whitiſh, and ſpungy ſtone, found in leaden mines; alſo, a delicate Italian peare, that's ripe in Auguſt.*

Colomne: f. *A columne, or piller.*

La colomne du nez. *The bridge of the noſe; or the whole bone thereof.*

Colomneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of columnes, full of pillers.*

Colonie: f. *A colony; a countrey, or city, which people are ſent to inhabite; alſo, the people ſo ſent, and ſetled; alſo, a Grange, Farme-houſe, or Farmers houſe.*

† Colonnation: f. *A pillering, or making of pillers.*

Colonnel. *A Colonell, or Coronell; the Commander of a Regiment.*

Colonnel general de l'Infanterie Françoiſe. *The Coronell Generall of the French foot; whoſe place was in old time conferred, at the beginning of a warre, on ſome valiant, and experienced Captaine (therefore tearmed* le grand Capitaine des gens de pied) *and again taken from him aſſoon as th'army was caſſed; But it hath ſince been made an office perpetuall, or ordinary, and of the Crown.*

Colophone. *The herbe Scammony; alſo, as* Reſine Colophonienne.

Colophonien: m. enne: f. Reſine Colophonienne. *Clarified, or hard Rozen; ſuch as we rub Violl ſticks withall.*

Coloquinthe: f. *The wild, and flegme-purging Citrull* Coloquintida.

Coloration: f. *A colouring; a ſhadowing.*

Coloré: m. ée: f. *Coloured; ſhadowed.*

Tiltre coloré (en matiere de Benefices) eſt reputé celuy qui vient du vray, & ordinaire Collateur, duquel l'incapacité n'eſt cogneuë; & la poſſeſſion priſe en vertu d'iceluy eſt dite colorée. *§ Code Henry.*

Coloſſal: m. ale: f. *Huge, mighty, Coloſſus-like.*

Coloſſe: m. *A Coloſſe, or Coloſſus; a huge image, or ſtatue.*

Coloſſien: m. enne: f. *Coloſſus-like; of, or belonging to, a Coloſſus; alſo, as* Coloſſal; *and hence,*

Fais coloſſien. *A moſt heavy, or mighty burthen.*

Coloſtration: f. *Coloſtration; or, the indiſpoſition of infant-ſtomacks, by the ſucking of beeſt.*

Coloſtre: m. *The firſt milke, tearmed beeſt, or beeſtlings; accounted dangerous for ſome two, or three dayes, in which time it uſually is drawne out.*

Colot. lean Colot; *The name of a certaine merry Artificer in* Troyes, *who ordinarily wore about him three knives in one ſheath, all not worth a good ſheath; whereof the Proverbe;*

Les couſteaux Iean Colot, l'un vaut l'autre. *Like to our; neither barrell better herring.*

Colouvrine: f. *A Culverin.*

† Colporté. *Carried on the necks, or ſhoulders of men.*

† Colporter. *To carry upon the necke, or ſhoulders (as a courſe unto buriall, &c.)*

Colporteur: m. *A pauſhy Pedler; as* Biſouart.

† Columb. *as* Colomb.

Columelle. *The uvula; or a ſpungious fleſh reſembling a cocks' ſpurre, and hanging down in the bottome of the roofe of the mouth; alſo, the ſwelling thereof.*

Colure: m. *An imperfect circle in the Spheare, whereof there be divers (all imagined to meet in the Poles) but the two principall ones, are;*

Le colure des equinoxes. *Goes through the beginnings of* Aries, *and* Libra.

Le colure des ſolſtices. *Goes through the beginnings of* Cancer, *and* Capricornus.

Colure: f. *The neck, or creſt, of a horſe.*

Colure de vignes. *as* Coulure.

Colymbades. *Olives (as we have them) preſerved in pickle.*

Combat: m. *A combat, conflict, battell, bickering, fight; ſtrife, debate, contention, extreme jarring.*

Combatant: m. *A combatant, combater, fighter; a champion, that is to fight a combat; or ſouldier inrolled, and ready for the battell.*

Combatant; part. *Combating; fighting, bickering, battelling.*

Combateur. *as* Combatant; *A combater, &c.*

Combatre. *To combate, fight, bicker, battell; to conflict, skirmiſh, contend, ſcuffle with; alſo, to overcome in combate.*

Combatre ſon ombre. *To fight with his owne ſhadow; to be angry without cauſe, or, be knowes not at what; alſo, to revile, or ſlaunder the abſent; alſo, to forge, or deviſe things, and afterwards diſgrace, or raile at them.*

Combatre contre la plume. *To ſtrive in vaine.*

Qui combat avec armes d'argent eſt aſſeuré de vaincre; Prov. *Thoſe that with ſilver weapons fight are ſure to overcome.*

Qui ſe combat n'eſt pas mort; Prov. *He that doth fight's not dead.*

Combatu: m. uë: f. *Combated, fought, bickered, battelled; contended, ſtriven, conflicted, skirmiſhed.*

† Combe: f. *A narrow valley, or paſſage between two hills; wherein commonly theeves do lurke.*

Combiberon: m. *A fellow drunkard, or companion in drinking.*

Combien. *How; how much, how great, how many; &c.*

Combien que. *Although, albeit that, howſoever that.*

Non combien mais comment bien; *not how much, or how long, but how well.*

Combinage: m. *A combination, coupling; uniting, or joyning of paires; or of ſeverall things together.*

Comble: m. *Fulneſſe, aboundance, heaped meaſure; the chiefe point, whole ſumme, ſummary, or accompliſhment of; alſo, the roofe of a houſe, &c.*

De fonds en comble. *Fully, wholly, throughly; utterly; from the top to the bottome.*

Comblé: m. ée: f. *Heaped full of, or filled up with; alſo, fulfilled, accompliſhed; made, or cloſed up; rooved, roofed.*

Comble: com. *Full to the top; or up to the roofe.*

Combleau: m. *A great table, uſed about the carriage of a piece of ordnance; wee call it, the breeching.*

Comblement: m. *A heaping, up-filling, or filling up to the top; a fulfilling, accompliſhing; making, or cloſing up.*

Combler. *To fill, or heap, up; alſo, to accompliſh, fulfill; ſatiate; make, or cloſe, up.*

Celuy eſt bien mon Oncle qui le ventre me comble; Prov. *He's my beſt uncle, who fils my belly moſt.*

Comblette: f. *The cleft, or diviſion of a red Deers foot.*

Combourgeois: m. *A fellow citizen.*

Combourgeoiſie: f. *Fellow-bourgeſſeſhip; a community of freedome between th'inhabitants of one city, or between two cities, and their inhabitants.*

Combré. *inſtead of* Cambré: *(in ſome editions of* Bartas.*)*

Combrecelle: f. *A tumbling trick, or Sommer-ſault, wherein the heeles are caſt over the head; alſo, reciprocation of venery.*

Combreſſelle. *The ſame.*

Combuſtible:

Combustible: com. *Combustible, soon fired, easie to be burned.*

Combustion: f. *A combustion, burning, or consuming with fire; also, a tumult, and strife.*

Enter en combustion avec. *To make a stirre, to raise an uproare, to keep an old coyle against.*

Comedie: f. *A Comedy, a Play, or Enterlude (that begins in dissention, or sorrow, and ends with agreement or merriment.)*

† Comestible: com. *Comestible, eatable, fit to be eaten.*

Comete: f. *A comet, or blazing starre.*

Comette: f. *as* Comete.

Cometeux: m. euse: f. *Like unto a comet; of a comet; or full of comets.*

Comic, *as* Comique.

Comin: m. *The herbe Cummine.*

Comique: com. *A Comedian, Player, Stage-Player.*

Comique: com. *Comicall; Comedy-like; of or belonging to a Comedy; intreated of in Comedies.*

Comite: m. *The Captain, Governour, or Master of a Galy; or, an Officer that looks to the sure chaining of the slaves; whom sometimes he encourages, but more commonly scourges, with their businesse; also, the Bote-swain of a ship.*

Command: m. *Command, power, authority; the absolute sway, rule, or disposition of a thing; also, a Mandamus, or an Injunction for possession, &c. also, an ingoyner, commander.*

Commande: f. *as* Commende; *Also, the maine, or master cable of a ship, whereby it is moored fast unto a key, &c. also, a thing left in trust with, or committed unto the charge of, another.*

Droict de commande. *ij. d. Parisis taken yearly by some Lords of every one of their widowes (that holds by Villenage) in acknowledgement, and preservation, of the right of their authority over them.*

Commandé: m. ée: f. *Commanded, bidden; charged, appointed, prescribed, injoyned; also, ruled, governed, domineered over; also, recommended, or committed over unto the charge, or care of.*

Commandement: m. *A charge, command, precept, rule, commandment, prescription, appointment; also, a Proclamation, Mandamus; decree, or ordinance, passing from such as are in authority.*

Commander: *To command, bid, charge, appoint; prescribe, injoyne unto; also, to rule, sway, governe, commend, also, to recommend, or to commit over unto the care of another.*

Commander à baguette. *To command absolutely, wholly, peremptorily.*

Adieu vous command, *God be with you; fare you well.*

Commanderesse: f. *A commandresse, governesse, rulеresse; also, authority, rule, command.*

Commanderie: f. *A commandery, or commandership; the place, or office of a Commander (of one of the Orders.)*

Commandeur: m. *A commander; bidder, appointer; prescriber of lawes unto others; also, a Commander, Ruler, Governour, Master over others.*

Commandeurs de l'Ordre du S. Esprit. *Are six. viz. Foure Cardinals, th'Aumer, and foure other Prelates of note; who have greater authority, and larger priviledges, than the knights, or the rest of the brethren of that order.*

Commet: f. *See* Comme.

Comme. *As, even as, even like as, much like unto, as much as.*

Comme à cette heure. *About this time a day.*

Comme ainsi fustque. *It being so, or, admit it were so.*

Comme cela. *Thereabouts.*

Comme en serois ie si &c. *In what a case, in what a pickle, in what straines should I be? how should I do it, what course should I take, what shift should I make, if, &c.*

Commedial: m. *A fitt, or merry, discourse,*

Commemorable: com. *Commemorable, memorable, worthy to be mentioned, fit to be remembred.*

Commemoration: f. *A commemoration; mentioning, rehearsing, remembring, putting in mind of.*

Commemoré: m. ée: f. *Commemorated, mentioned, remembred; rehearsed, recorded.*

Commemorer. *To commemorate, remember, mention, rehearse, record; also, to advertise, or put in mind of.*

Commencé: m. ée: f. *Commenced, begun, undertaken; entred into.*

Commencement: m. *A beginning; a commencement, an entrance into.*

Commencement n'est pas fusée; Prov. *Things are not done as soone as begun; or, things are not therefore compassed, because they are undertaken.*

'A tout il y a commencement; ou; il y a commencement par tout; Prov. *Every thing hath a beginning.*

Sur petit commencement on fait grande fusée: Prov. *Of small beginnings are great matters raised.*

Vn fol fait toustours le commencement; Prov. *The foole begins, but forsakes not, a worke, when he hath begun, he hath done.*

Commencer. *To commence, begin, take in hand, undertake, enter into, make an overture unto.*

Tel cuide avoir fait qui commence; Prov. *Some thinke they have done when they are to begin; or, when they have but begun; or, some are new to begin, when they think they have done, a businesse.*

† Commendaces: f. *Funerall Orations; prayers made for the dead; verses made in praise of the dead.*

Commendataire: m. *A commendatary, one that holds, or lives for, a Commendum.*

Commendataire: com. *Commendatary, given in, enjoyed, or enjoying by, Commendum.*

Abbé commendataire. *A Secular Abbot; one that hath an Abbey in Commendum, and yet was never Monke, nor Priest.*

Commende: f. *A Commendum; or Benefice given in Commendum.*

Commenderesse: f. *as* Commanderesse.

Commeniat. (¶ Rabelais L. 4. chap. 44.) *A barbarous or jesting repetition of the word comme going some two lines before, and used by Friar John.*

Commensal: m. *A companion at table; a sojourner, or daily guest.*

Les commensaux de la maison du Roy. *Such officers as be in ordinary, or have touche (which we call budge) à Court.*

Commensalité: f. *Commensality; a continuall feeding together at one table.*

Commensuration: f. *Commensuration; a joint measuring.*

Comment: m. *as* Commentaire.

Comment. *How, in what sort, after what fashion, by what means, for what reason, in what manner.*

Le commence à mon de sa femme. *His wives new-should-I-call-it.* ¶ Rab.

Commentaire: m. *A comment, commentary, glosse, exposition.*

Commentateur: m. *A commentator, or commenter; a glosser, expositor, or expounder of a text.*

Commenté: m. ée: f. *Expounded, commented on.*

Commenter. *To comment; to write commentaries; to expound.*

Commerage: f. *Gossiping; the acquaintance, affinity, or league that growes betweene women by christning a child together, or one for another.*

Commerce: m. *Commerce; intercourse of traffick; familiarity; or acquaintance gotten; correspondency; or intelligence continued, betweene people, in dealing, or trading together.*

Leurs offices tombent en commerce. *Their offices are saleable, vendible; set to sale; to be bought, and sold.*

Commere: f. *A gossip, or goslmother; a gossip.*

Commere de festes. *A bed-broaker, an arse-gossip; a gossip for all bitches matches, or, to all bawdy meetings.*

Vin de commere. *A sweet, and pleasant wine.*

Tout y va par compere, & commere. *All things are carried among them by favour, and friendship; like good drunken gossips, they will do any thing one for another.*

† Commerer. *To gossip it, to play the gossip.*

Commesurable: com. *Measurable together, or with one and the same measure.*

Commettre. *To commit, refer, give over, assigne, or injoyne a charge, or businesse unto; also, to appoint, or delegate unto a charge, or businesse; also, to doe, commit, or perpetrate an offence.*

Commettre son fief. *To forfeit his inheritance.*

Se commettre à. *To commit, betake, or yield himself over into; to venture upon.*

Commeu: m. euë: f. *Moved, or stirred much; troubled, disturbed; chafed, shaken.*

Commin: m. *Cummin (seed, or herbe.)*

Commination: f. *A commination; an extreme, or vehement threatning.*

Comminatoire: com. *Comminatory; threatfull, threatning much.*

Comminé: m. ée: f. *Threatned extremely, menaced vehemently.*

Comminer. *To threaten extremely, menace vehemently.*

Comminué: m. ée: f. *Bruised small; beaten, or broken, into small pieces; also, diminished, minished, lessened.*

Comminuer. *To bray small; to beat, or break,*

into ſmall pieces; alſo, to leſſen, miniſh, diminiſh.

Commis: m. *A committee; one that's appointed to examine, or decide, a matter; alſo, a Deputy in an office; alſo, a Commiſſioner; alſo, a Commiſſary; alſo, a forfeiture.*

Commis: m. iſe; f. *Aſſigned, appointed, delegated; alſo, referred, unto; alſo, done, acted, committed, as an offence, &c. alſo, forfeited.*

Commiſe: f. *A forfeiture, or forfeiting.*

Droict de commiſe. *The right, or power a Landlord hath to confiſcate, ſeiſe, or enter on, the land held by his vaſſall, or tenant, who diſadvowes him, gives him the lye, or commits felony.*

Commiſeration: f. *Commiſeration; compaſſion; a ſencible apprehenſion, or pity taken of other mens miſeries.*

Commiſſaire. *A Commiſſioner; one that receives his authority by Commiſſion; hence, a Juſtice, or Commiſſioner, of the peace; who is to inquire after faults, diſorders, and treſpaſſes committed; alſo, a Judge Delegate; alſo, a Judge, or Arbitrator appointed to examine, determine, or accord, a private controverſie; alſo, an Overſeer, Sequeſtrator, or ſeller of goods, authorized thereto by the Magiſtrate, and one, that hath, by the ſame authority, the poſſeſſion, and keeping of lands, that are ſeiſed by publick order, given him.*

Commiſſaires de l'artillerie. *Are a certaine number of Commiſſioners, or Commiſſaries, one whereof the Maſter of the Ordnance aſſignes to every Province, of Government for th'overſeeing of th'Ordnance that is therein.*

Commiſſaires du Chaſtelet. *Are, in Paris, little other then our London Scavengers; for their principall office is to look that the ſtreets be kept cleane, and well paved.*

Commiſſaires des fermes. *Certaine Officers, who looke that the farmes of the Aides be well paſſed, and the revenue thereof duly payed.*

Commiſſaires des guerres. *Commiſſaries, or Muſter-Maſters of armies: theſe muſt be Gentlemen, ſuch as have been Gens d'armes des ordonnances (at the leaſt) ſix yeares; and are commanded onely by the Marſhalls of France, or, in their abſence, by the Kings Lieutenants generall.*

Commiſſaires des Monſtres. *The ſame; or ordinary Muſter-Maſters.*

Commiſſaires des Vivres, & Munitions. *Generall Overſeers, appointed, by Commiſſion, to look that the victuals provided for armies, and garriſons, be juſtly diſtributed, and diſpoſed of.*

Les grands commiſſaires des procez. *A ſelect company of the Preſidents, and Counſellours (or aſſiſtants) of a Court, who ordinarily pronounce Judgements, and make decrees.*

Les petis commiſſaires des procez. *Are others, who by th'appointment, and limitation of the Court, examine the proves, or contradictions, and dates of evidences, books, depoſitions, &c. and thereof making a report, proceed no further.*

Repaiſtre en commiſſaire. *To feed plentifully, or apace, at other mens tables, or charges.*

Traicté en commiſſaire. *That hath both fiſh and fleſh ſet afore him; or, as wee ſay, intertained like a Lord.*

Commiſſion: f. *A commiſſion, or delegation; a charge, Mandate, commandement, or warrant, for th'exerciſing of juriſdiction, &c. given by letters patents, or under a publique ſeale.*

Elle a touſiours quelque commiſſion par la ville. *Said merrily of a woman that's ever gadding abroad.*

Commiſſure: f. *A commiſſure, or ſeame in a bone, (as in the ſkull;) alſo, any neer cloſing, joyning, or couching of things together.*

Commiſtion: f. *A commiſtion; a mixing, or mingling of ſeverall things together.*

Committimus: lettres de com. *Speciall commiſſions, directed, in the behalfe of priviledged perſons, unto their peculiar Judges.*

† Commodat: m. *A loane, or lending.*

Commode: com. *Commodious; convenient; proper, apt, meet, fit.*

Commodement. *Commodiouſly; conveniently; aptly, fitly, meetly; to the purpoſe, as one would have it.*

Commoderation du corps. *A good diſpoſition of the whole body; a correſpondency, or equall proportion, of good temper in every part, or member thereof.*

Commodité: f. *Commodity, utility, profit, benefit, thrift; alſo, aptneſſe, fitneſſe, convenience, eaſe, handſomeneſſe.*

† Commodier. *To thrive, gaine, grow rich, prevaile; benefit, or accommodate, himſelfe.*

Commotion. *A commotion, tumult, ſtirre, uproar, hurly burly; a perturbation, trouble, diſquietneſſe.*

Commourans. *Dying together.*

Commourir. *To die together, or one for company of another.*

Commouvoir. *To vex, trouble, diſturbe; ſhake, move, raiſe, or ſtirre up; (alſo, to riſe, or ſtirre) together againſt.*

Commué: m. ée: f. *Changed, altered; bartered, exchanged.*

Commuer. *To change, alter; barter, truck, exchange one thing for another.*

Commun: m. *A people, the common people; a comminalty; a corporation; alſo, a thing that's common, or enjoyed in common; whence;*

Commun n'eſt pas vn; Prov. *Common things are no one mans things; or, that which is common belongs to no man.*

Ouvrage de commun ouvrage de nul; Prov. *All mens worke is no mans worke; or that which is done for many is acknowledged by none.*

Qui ſert commun nul ne le paye, & s'il defaut chaſcun l'abbaye; Prov. *The ſervice done to a people no man rewards, the diſſervices every man raiſes at.*

Commun: m. une: f. *Common, publick, vulgar, generall, that belongs to one as well as to another; alſo, much uſed.*

Chemin commun. *The high-way, road-way.*

Chiens communs. *Hounds that will deale with any kind of game.*

Veine commune. *Look* Veine.

De bien commun on ne fait pas ſouvent monceau; Prov. *Men ſeldome raiſe great heaps of publick treaſure.*

† Communal: m. *A common, or great piece of untilled land.*

Communauté: f. *The comminaltie, or common people; alſo, community, participation, fellowſhip, ſociety, fraternity; good correſpondency, neer familiarity one with another; alſo, a ſociety, brotherhood, corporation, or company incorporate; alſo, a commoning, or holding in common with others.*

Commune. la com. *The common people; the vulgar, the rude and raſcall multitude; alſo, a commons, common field, or towne field.*

Communes. *Companies of ſouldiers levied, and taken out of villages.*

Communément. *Commonly, uſually, ordinarily, generally, publiquely, in common, with common conſent.*

Communicable: com. *Communicable, fit for, appliable unto; alſo, converſable, affable.*

Communicatif: f. ive: f. *Familiar, courteous, affable, eaſie to be ſpoken with; alſo, communicative, or whereof many are to have part.*

Communication: f. *A communication, or converſation; a talking, a conſultation; alſo, a participation, imparting, or making common a thing with others.*

Communier. *To communicate, to receive the Communion.*

Communion: f. *A communion, fellowſhip, mutuall participation.*

Communiqué: m. ée: f. *Communicated, participated, imparted; alſo, conferred, talked, or communed, with.*

Communiquer. *To communicate, participate, impart; mix with, take, or give part of; alſo, to conferre, talke, or commune with; to reveale a counſell, or ſecret unto.*

Commutatif: m. ive: f. *Commutative; bartering, trucking, exchanging one with, or for, another.*

Compacte: com. *Compacted, well ſet, knit, truſt, pight, or joyned together.*

Compacture: f. *The compaſture, ſolide frame, ſubſtantiall joyning of all the parts of a thing together.*

Compagn. *as* Compagnon. *V. Rab.*

Compagnable: com. *Companable, friendly, ſociable, converſable.*

Compagne: f. *A ſhe mate, fellow, friend, companion.*

C'eſt vne bonne compagne. *She is a ſociable wench, a good merry laſſe: a phraſe not taken altogether ſo ill as our good fellow would be.*

Compagnie: f. *Company, fellowſhip, ſociety; alſo, a crue, rout, aſſembly, conſort, or knot of; alſo, a company, or band of ſouldiers.*

Compagnie Françoiſe. *Vnchriſtned (in the opinion of a wanton Prieſt.)*

Beſtes de compagnie. *Young wild ſwine which follow their dams, in great troopes, untill they be about eighteen monthes old, and then leave them; and with them, the title.*

Compagnon: m. *A companion, aſſociate, fellow, mate, colleague, partner, or copartner; alſo, an acceſſary in an offence.*

Compagnon d'armes. *A companion; or fellow, in arms; (a tearm of more eminency then,* Compagnon de guerre.)

Compag-

Compagnon de guerre. *He that ſerves in the ſame action, army, and armes, and under the ſame colours, with another.*

Compagnon de meſtier. *A Journeyman, an artificer that hath not ſet up for himſelfe.*

Petit compagnon. *An upſtart, meane companion; ſcoundrell, baſe fellow, a ſcarvy, ſaucy, or proud Groome.*

Demandez le à mon compagnon qui eſt auſſi menteur que moy. *We ſay, aske my fellow whether I be a theefe or no.*

Compagnon bien parlant vaut en chemin chariot branſlant; Prov. (*Neere to the Latine,* Comes iucundus in via pro vehiculo eſt.)

Qui à compagnon a maiſtre; Prov. *He that is tyed unto company is tyed with controlements; (And therefore the way to be abſolute, is to be alone.)*

† Compagnonné: m ée: f. *Accompanied, aſſociated, conſorted, fallen in company, joyned in fellowſhip, with.*

† Compagnonner. *To accompany, aſſociate, conſort, be familiar, joyne in fellowſhip, walke together, go cheeke by jowle, with.*

Compaignie: Compaignon: &c. *as* Compagnie, Compagnon; &c.

Compaing. *as* Compagnon: *Fr* Pie.

Companage: m. *Meat, acates, victuals; all kind of food except bread, and drinke.*

† Comparagé: m. ée: f. *Compared, or paragoned with.*

† Comparager. *To Paragon, or compare, with.*

Comparaiſon: f. *A compariſon; a matching, or paragoning; a likening, or conferring of things together.*

Comparé: m. ée: f. *Compared, paragoned, proportioned with; equalled, matched, conferred together; alſo, bought, or payed for, deerely.*

Comparence: f. *An apparance, an appearing.*

Comparent: m. *An appearer.*

Comparer: m. Le comparer du corps. *The price of a mans life; or, the buying of a thing with the loſſe thereof.*

Comparer. *To compare, liken, conferre together, to equall, paragon, proportion one with, or by, another; alſo, to buy, or pay deerely for; and hence;*

Ie le te feray bien comparer. *I will make thee ſmart, or pay ſoundly for it; I will cauſe thee to rue, bewaile, repent it.*

Comparition: f. *A compariſion; an apparance, appearing, or repreſenting of himſelfe to open view.*

Comparoir. *To appeare; to preſent, or ſhew himſelfe; alſo, to aſſiſt, or be preſent at.*

Comparoir vne faute. *To be puniſhed, or pay deerely, for a fault.*

Comparoiſtre. *as* Comparoir.

Comparſonnier: m. *A fellow Officer, or fellow labourer.*

Comparti: m. ie: f. *Divided, parted, put into equall parts.*

Compartiment: m. *A compartement; a ſquare (table, or peece) in building (eſpecially of ſtone) alſo, a bed, or border in a garden; alſo a partition, or equall, and proportionable diviſion.*

Compartir. *To divide, part, or put, into equall peeces.*

Compartiſſant: m. *A copartner, or fellow-partner.*

Compartiſſant. *Dividing, or parting with.*

Comparuit. *An act, order, or teſtimoniall, ſignifying the apparance of a party.*

† Comparution: f. *An apparance; or as* Comparition.

Compas: m. *A compaſſe; a circle, a round; alſo, a paire of compaſſes.*

Compaſsé. *Compaſſed, begirt, incircled; alſo, meaſured, by compaſſes.*

Compaſſement: m. *A compaſſing, incircling, turning round; alſo, a meaſuring by compaſſes.*

Compaſſer. *To compaſſe, incircle, begird; alſo, to turne raund; alſo, to make a circle, or compaſſe; alſo, to meaſure, or ſquare out by compaſſe, or compaſſes.*

Compaſſion: f. *Compaſſion, pity, mercie.*

Compaſſionnaire: com. *Compaſſionarie, compaſſionate, having compaſſion of.*

Compaſſionner. *To take compaſſion, to have pity of.*

Compatibilité: f. *Compatibility; a concurrency, acord, agreement together; a mutuall enduring of, or bearing with, one another.*

Compatible: com. *Compatible, conſonable; which can abide, or agree together; or indure, or beare with, one another.*

Compatir. *To ſuffer, indure, abide, or beare with, one another; to agree, accord, together.*

Compatriote: m. *Ones Country-man.*

Compenſable: com. *Able to recompence, or make amends for.*

Compenſation: f. *Satisfaction, recompence, equall amends.*

Compenſe: f. *as* Compenſation.

Compenſé: m, ée: f. *Recompenſed, or ſatisfied (with a like meaſure, proportion, ſtore, &c.)*

Compenſer. *To ſatisfie, recompence, make amends unto, with the like.*

Comperage: m. *A goſſipſhip, a goſſiping of, or between, men; the affinity, or friendſhip gotten by their chriſtening of children.*

Compere: m. *A goſſip.*

Compere d' oribus. *A ſuperficiall friend, or companion.*

Compere preſtez moy voſtre ſac. *Words uſed in a certaine Yew-game.*

Tout y va par compere, & commere. *All things there do go by friendſhip.*

Compere de la Pouille coupte & deſpouille; Pro. *Seeke* Pouille.

Entre deux comperes ſe perdit le foſſoir; Pro. *Our neareſt friends oft make us the worſt accounts; ſo may a coſen ſafely be tearmed a couſener.*

Qui de maſtin fait ſon compere plus de baſton ne doit porter; Pro. *He that's in league with a churle hath no need of a cudgell.*

† Compermutant: m. *A changer, ſcoorſer, bartrer, interchanger.*

† Compermutant: m. ante: f. *Changing, ſcoorſing, battering, interchanging.*

† Compermutation: f. *A change, exchange, interchange.*

† Compermué: m. ée: f. *Changed, exchanged, interchanged.*

† Comperre. *as* Comparer; *To buy, or pay deerely for.*

Competemment. *Competently, convenicntly, ſufficiently, meetly well; a prettie deale, or time; alſo, aptly, fitly, agreeably.*

Competence: f. *Competency; conveniency, ſufficiency; aptneſſe, fitneſſe, agreeableneſſe; alſo, a concurrency, or competitorſhip; and hence,*

Venir en competence avec vn autre. *To ſtrive or contend for, to make equall claime to, a thing, with another; to challenge, covet, or ſue for, a thing as well as another; alſo, to paragon, or compare himſelfe, or, to be laid in equall ballance with, another; to make, or hold, himſelfe every way as good as another.*

Competent. *Competent, ſufficient, able, full, convenient.*

Competer. *To be ſufficient for, ſuitable with, agreeable unto; alſo, to belong, or appertaine to; alſo, to demand, or ſue for the ſame thing that another doth.*

Competiteur: m. *A competitor, concurrent, fellow ſuitor, or ſeeker for.*

Compilation: f. *A compilation, or compiling; alſo, a rapſodie; a booke, treatiſe, or collection, of ſundry matters, heaped together.*

Compilé: m. ée: f. *Compiled, heaped together.*

Compiſſant: m. ante: f. *Staying to piſſe at every poſt; bepiſſing every place; all-to-bepiſſing.*

Compiſſé: m. ée: f. *Bepiſſed, all-to-bepiſſed.*

Compiſſer. *All-to-bepiſſe; to piſſe every where, or bepiſſe every place he comes in, every corner he comes neere.*

† Compite: m. *A croſſe way, or place where divers waies do meet; as, the corner of a ſtreet, &c. See* Carrefour.

Complaignant: m. *A complainant, or complayner; properly, one that complaines, of an Offence committed, unto a Magiſtrate, or court, of Juſtice; referring to them the proſecution, and puniſhment thereof, and refuſing to meddle further in it.*

Complaignant: m. ante: f. *Complaining; plaining, or finding himſelfe agrieved; or expreſſing his griefe.*

Complaindre. *To plaine, complaine, bemoane, bewaile, find himſelfe aggrieved, or expreſſe his griefe.*

Se complaindre en matiere de ſaiſine, & de nouvelleté. *To bring a writ of Novel diſſeiſin againſt.*

Complainte: f. *A plaint, complaint, moane, lamentation; alſo, an accuſation, or bill of complaint.*

Complainte de Novelleté. *A writ, or Action of* Novel diſſeiſin *(muſt be brought within a yeare of the diſſeiſin.)*

Ramener la complainte ſur les lieux. *To procure a Judge to heare, examine, and determine a controverſie upon the land in controverſie.*

Complaire. *To pleaſe, like, delight; ſerve, obſerve, be obedient, or obſequious unto; conform me, or apply himſelfe to the humours of.*

Complaiſance: f. *Delight, pleaſure; fulneſſe of, or fullneſſhip in, ſo.*

Complaiſant: m. ante: f. *Obſequious; obſervant; ſoothing, (and thereby) pleaſing.*

Complant : m. *A vine plant ; alſo, a plate that, planted with young vines ; the nurſery of a vineyard ; alſo, verjuyce ; alſo, as* Complanterie.

Tenir vignes à complant. *Which is, on condition to plant new, or preſerve the old, vine-plants ; or, to yeeld unto the Lord a certaine portion of the fruits and revenue, of the vineyard.*

Complanté : m. ée : f. *Planted or ſtored with young plants.*

Complanter. *To plant a vineyard ; to ſtore it with vine-plants ; to ſet new, or preſerve old vine-plants ; alſo, to lay out, or deliver over, a Lords part, or ſhare, in the fruits of a vine-yard let by him unto parts, or halves ; or to let a vineyard in that manner.*

Complanterie : f. *A letting out of a vineyard to halves, or for part of the fruit thereof ; alſo, the part, or portion due unto the Landlord by ſuch a leaſe, or eſtate made.*

Complexion : f. *The complexion, making, temper, conſtitution of the body ; alſo, the diſpoſition, affection, humours, or inclination of the mind ; alſo, as* Simplocе.

Complexionné : m. ée : f. *Complexioned ; made, framed, compoſed ; of complexion, or conſtitution ; diſpoſed, affected, inclined.*

Corps bien complexionné. *well faſhioned, or tempered, well ſet together ; of a good conſtitution, of an excellent compoſition.*

Mal complexionné. *Ill diſpoſed, affected, inclined ; of lewd behaviour, bad manners, and worſe conditions.*

Complication : f. *A complication, or folding together.*

Complice : m. *A complice, confederate, companion (in a lewd Action.)*

Complicité : f. *A conſpiracy, a bad confederacy.*

Complie : f. *The compline ; or, a part of the Popiſh Evenſong.*

l'heure de complie : *Seeke* Heure.

Compliqué : m. ée : f. *Folded, enwrapped, intangled together.*

Complot : m. *A complot, conſpiracy, covin, confederacy, packe, or compaſſing together.*

Comploté : m. ée : f. *Complotted, conſpired, packed between, or among.*

Comploter. *To complot, conſpire, combine, or packe together.*

Comploteur : m. euſe : f. *Full of, or addicted unto, complots, or complotting.*

Componé. La bordure componée. *A border Gobonny, in Bliſon.*

Comporté : m. ée : f. *Comported, behaved, borne, ſuffered ; behaviour, maintained, ſuſtained.*

Comportement : m. *Comportment, behaviour, carriage, the bearing of himſelfe.*

Comporter. *To endure, beare ; ſuffer ; alſo, to extend, or lye (in Surveying.)*

Se Comporter. *To carry, beare, behaue ; maintaine, or ſuſtaine, himſelfe.*

Compoſé : m. ée : f. *Compoſed, compounded, made, framed ; diſpoſed, ordered, digeſted, written, or done in verſe ; alſo, attended, agreed, attested, compounded, reconciled.*

Compoſer. *To compound, make, frame ; diſpoſe, order, digeſt ; to write verſes, compoſe, or poetize it ; alſo, to accord, attone, reconcile adverſaries ; or, to compound, finiſh, take up, their differences ; and hence ;*

Compoſer avec. *To agree, take an order, make an end, fall to attonement, come to a compoſition, with.*

Compoſer ſon eſprit contre les afflictions, &c. *To frame, enure, or ſettle, his mind to reſiſt griefes, indure croſſes, beare miſchances.*

Compoſeur : m. *A compoſer, poet, writer, maker ; a ſetter in Muſick.*

Compoſteur : m. *as* Compoſeur ; *alſo, a Printers Compoſitor, he that ſetteth the letters for the Preſſe ; alſo, an Arbitrator, tickler, umpier, friendly compounder of differences.*

Compoſition : f. *A compoſition ; making, framing ; a confection, compoſiture ; compounding, alſo, a worke, or booke ; or the writing of a worke, or booke ; alſo, an accord, compoſition, attonement, agreement ; alſo, a Quietus eſt, or generall acquitance from the King to a Treaſurer, &c.*

Compoſſeſſeur : m. *A compoſſeſſor ; a joint poſſeſſor ; one that enjoyes, or hath part in, a thing with another.*

Compoſte : f. *A condiment, or compoſition ; a wet ſucket, (wherein ſweet wine was uſed in ſtead of ſugar) alſo, a pickled, or winter Sallet of herbs, fruits, or flowers, condited in vinegar, ſalt, ſugar or ſweet wine, and ſo keeping all the yeare long ; any hearbes, fruit, or flowers in pickle ; alſo pickle it ſelfe.*

Porter le bras en compoſte. *To carry the arme in a Skarfe.*

Compoſté : m. ée : f. *Compounded ; bedrugged ; mingled, or made of condiments, or compound ſtuffe ; alſo, pickled.*

Compoſter. *To compound, ſophiſticate, bedrug ; to ſeaſon with, or make of, condiments ; alſo, to pickle.*

Comprehenſion : f. *A comprehenſion, containing ; apprehenſion, underſtanding of.*

Comprendre. *To comprehend, containe, compaſſe, compoſſe ; to perceive, underſtand, apprehend, attaine unto the knowledge of ; to conceive, to be capable of.*

Compter. *as* Comparer ; *To buy :* ✠ Pie.

Compreſſe : f. *A bouſter, pillow, or fold of linnen, to bind up, or lay on, a wound.*

Compriné : m. ée : f. *Preſſed, ſqueezed, thruſt, cloſed, or ſtrained hard together.*

Comprimer. *To preſſe, to ſqueeze, to thruſt, cloſe, or ſtraine, together.*

Comprimeur : m. *A preſſer, thruſter, ſqueezer together.*

Comprins : m. inſe : f. *Comprized, comprehended, contained within the compaſſe, or limits, of.*

Compromettre. *To compromit, or put unto compromiſe.*

Compromis : m. *A compromiſe ; a mutuall promiſe of adverſaries to referre their differences unto arbitrement ; or, a private power to end a controverſie, given by the mutuall conſent of the parties in controverſie.*

Compromis : m. ſe : f. *Compromitted, put unto compromiſe.*

Compromiſſaire : m. *He unto whom a controverſie is compromitted.*

Comptable : com. *Accountable, accountant, lyable unto account.*

Comptant. *Counting, accounting, reckoning, numbring.*

Argent comptant. *Ready mony ; Looke* Argent.

Bailler comptant. *To give ready mony, to pay preſently, out of hand, or downe in hand.*

Compte : m. *A account, a reckoning ; a computation, or calculation ; a number ; alſo, a reſpect had, regard made, of ; alſo, the reaſon, or cauſe of a matter ; alſo, a fib, gull, tale ; an idle, or unlikely tale ; hiſtory, relation ; (See* Conte.)

La chambre des comptes. *The Court of Accounts ; the Exchequer, or Exchequer chamber.*

Homme de bon compte. *One that is true in all his dealings ; a right honeſt man.*

Ligne de compte. *Seeke* Ligne.

Perle de compte. *A Paragon ; a faire, great, Oriental Pearle.*

Roue de compte. *A watch wheele (in a watch, or clocke.)*

Petis comptes. *Triſling words, ridiculous tearmes, toyes to mock Apes withall.*

A ton compte. *As thou telleſt it ; or, as thou thinkeſt, or makeſt account ; according to thy reaſon.*

Hors de compte. *Se voyant hors &c. Seeing, that he had miſt of his reckoning ; or, that matters anſwered not his expectation.*

Abreger ſon compte. *To make the matter ſhort.*

Avoir ſon compte. *To be merry, jolly, lively, light-hearted, all-a-boights ; Looke* Avoir.

C'eſt le compte. *This reckoning falls out right.*

Il eſt bien au compte de la douzaine. *He is a ſorry fellow, ſilly mate, ſimple companion.*

Servir dieu par compte. *That is, juſt ſo many times a day, weeke, month, yeare, &c. and no more.*

Tenir compte. *To ſcore, or keepe reckoning.*

Tenir compte de. *To prize, reſpect, eſteeme, regard, make reckoning of.*

Trouver ſon compte. *Ie trouve mon compte. A have reaſon for it ; or, it appeares by my reckoning ; I know it well enough ; I am certaine of it ; my conceit of it falls out right.*

A vieux comptes nouvelles diſputes ; *Prov. Old accounts breed new diſputations (whereto, either their diſorder, or the forgetfulneſſe of thoſe they concerne, makes them very ſubject.)*

Qui vit à compte il vit à honte ; *Prov. He lives but ſhamefully that reckons all he ſpends ; (yet is there very little difference between a gallant that knowes not how, and a gull that cares not what, he ſpends.)*

Compté : m. ée : f. *Told, reckoned, numbred, counted, calculated, accounted.*

Comptement : m. *A counting, telling, reckoning, numbring, calculating, accounting.*

Compter. *To count, account, reckon, tell, number ; to calculate, or caſt, an account ; alſo, to make, or give up, an account ; alſo, to fib, fable, cog, tell lies namely, that idly, tell a fooliſh, fabulous, or unlikely, tale.*

Compter les ais, & ſouliveaux. *To picke ſtrawes, to loſe time, or ſpend it to ſmall purpoſe.*

Compter les chevilles. *When one makes another wait a little too long at his doore before hee open it, the Frenchmen ſay,* c'eſt luy faire compter les chevilles; viz. *To mocke, or amuſe him to no purpoſe; and when they will threaten to make one attend long for the thing he deſires, they ſay,* Ie te feray compter des chevilles; *(I will make you coole your heeles before you have it;) and hence, are moſt Courtiers tearmed,* grands compteurs de Chevilles.

Compter les cloux. *The ſame; or to loſe time; or conſume it in idle feaſting.*

Compter ſans ſon hoſte. *(we ſay the ſame) to reckon without his hoſt; Look* Hoſte.

Qui compte ſans ſon hoſte, il faut qu'il compte deux fois; Prov. *He that reckons without his hoſt muſt reckon twice; hee that concludes, or determines of, buſineſſe, without the privity, or preſence of him whom it moſt concerns, is like enough to heave of it, or be troubled with it, at leaſt once more.*

Vne fois faut compter à l'hoſte; Pro. *Our account muſt be made, our reckoning paid; (our lives examined, our vices cenſured) one time or other.*

Apres compter il faut boire; Prov. *Look* Boire.

C'eſt vn marchant qui prend l'argent ſans compter, ni peſer. *One of Saint Nicholas Clerks; or an arrant thiefe.*

Comptereau: m. *A booke of accounts; a bill of reckoning.*

Compteur: m. *A reckoner, counter, accomptor; a caſter of accounts; alſo, the Numerator; or figure that ſtands above the line, in an Arithmeticall fraction.*

Compteur de chevilles. *An ordinary, or thred-bare Courtier; as in* Compter les chevilles.

Comptoir: m. *A Counter, or Table to caſt accounts on.*

Comptoir de chemin. *A box, cabinet, or little coffer to carry letters, or other writings in.*

Compulsé: m. ée: f. *Compelled, forced, conſtrained, unto.*

Compulſer. *To compell, force, conſtraine, unto.*

Compulſoire: f. *A compelling, or compulſion; alſo, an inſtrument or meanes of compulſion; alſo, a commiſſion injoyning a Regiſter, Notarie, or Clerke, to deliver the contracts, pleadings, acts, orders, or judgements which a ſuiter hath need of.*

Compunction: f. *Compunction, remorſe; the prick, or ſting of conſcience.*

Compurgateur: m. *A compurgator; one that by oath juſtifies the (innocency) report, or oath, of another.*

Computiſte: m. *A computiſt, or computatiſt; a reckoner, calculator, or counter of.*

Comte: m. *A Count, an Earle. As ſoone as the ancient Franks had wonne* Gallia *from the Romanes, their Kings appointed ſome of their principall followers, (by the names of* Comtes) *to be the Governours, and Judges of Provinces; and others (by the ſame title) of good townes; giving them withall the territories thereof, to be held of them as* Fiefs; *and ſo they became both Officers, and Vaſſals; yet were they neither but at the will of their Soveraigne, or, at moſt, not longer then during their owne lives; But within a while they found meanes to make their* Fiefs *hereditary; and afterwards procured their governments to be annexed unto their* Fiefs; *and at length (taking advantage of the miſfortune, weakneſſe, or facility of their Princes) incroached on the Soveraignty of them both: (In all which time the Earles of Provinces were no whit inferiour unto Dukes; having as large dominions as they, and Earles of townes under them as well as they; beſides that, the Governours of divers Provinces (as Normandy, Britaine, and others) were as often called Earles, as Dukes.) Being at this height, and thereupon growing emulators, and ſometimes th'enemies, of Kings, they on the other ſide took a courſe, at firſt by the Parliament, (ſetled at* Paris) *to abridge part of the royalties; and afterwards by Eſcheats, Confiſcations, or marriages, to re-unite unto the Crowne the whole eſtates, of as many of them, (whether Earles, or Dukes) as yet acknowledged any dependency on them by Homage, or otherwiſe; (The reſt, either at firſt (as Lorraine, and Savoy) having uſurped an abſolute Soveraignty; or ſince by miſchances (as Burgundy, and Flanders, by the impriſonment of* Francis *the firſt) being alienated from the Crowne;) And creating other Earles, have granted them onely a juriſdiction, or ſoveraignty (if ſo they will have it) that's wholly controllable by the Parliaments, and ſubject unto themſelves.*

Comte d'Eſtable. *Was in old time the title of the Maſter of the Horſe; and hence (do ſome perſwade themſelves) was the name of* Conneſtable *derived.*

Comte du Palais. *Was the title of the Lord High Steward of the Kings houſe; now tearmed,* Le Grand Maiſtre de France, & de la maiſon du Roy.

Comté: m. *A County, Shire; Earledome: (In France it is to have foure Baronnies, and every Baronny the eſtates of, at the leaſt, tenne Gentlemen, belonging to it.* ¶ Nicot. *But by an Edict, made in the yeare 1579, and grounded on a decree of the Privy Councell the tenth of March 1578 (though confirmed onely in the Parliament of Britaine) it was enacted, That an Earledome ſhould conſiſt of two Baronnies, and at the leaſt three* Chaſtellenies *(which countervaile one Baronny) or of one Baronny, and ſix* Chaſtellenies; *all united together, and held, by one homage, of the King.)*

Con. *A womans &c.*

Conare: m. *A kernell (reſembling a Pine-apple) that ſtickes to th'outſide of the braine.*

Concaſſe: m. ée: f. *Squaſhed, or burſt into pieces.*

Concaſſer. *To ſquaſh, daſh, bruiſe, or burſt in pieces.*

Concathenation: f. *A concathenation; chaining, or linking of things together.*

Concathenature. *The ſame.*

Concathené: m. ée: f. *Concathenated; chained, or linked together.*

Concathener. *To concathenate; to linke, or chaine, to tie, as with links, or chaines, together.*

Concavé: m. ée: f. *Hollowed, made concave.*

Concavité: f. *A concavity, hollow bowing, or boughty hollowneſſe.*

La concavité des cieux. *The round firmament, or cope of heaven.*

Concedé: m. ée: f. *Granted, conſented, or yielded unto.*

Conceder. *To grant, conſent unto; believe.*

Concentrer. *To joyne in one center.*

Concentrique: com. *Having one, and the ſame center.*

Concept: m. *as* Conception.

Conceptacle: m. *A conceptacle, any hollow thing, which is apt to receive, hold, or containe.*

Conception: f. *A conceit; alſo, ſence, apprehenſion, judgement, underſtanding; alſo, the conception, or conceiving of women with child; whence;*

La conception noſtre Dame. *The conception of our Lady; a ſolemne holy-day kept by the Church of Rome on the eight of December.*

Concerner. *To concerne, touch, import, appertaine, or belong unto.*

Concert de Muſique. *A conſort of Muſick.*

Concerté. *Conſorted, accorded, agreed together.*

Concerter. *To conſort, or agree, together.*

Conceſſion. *A conceſſion, grant, or granting; a leave, permiſſion, ſufferance.*

Conceu: m. euë: f. *Conceived; apprehended, gathered, underſtood; alſo, conceived, or a breeding in the wombe.*

Concevoir. *To conceive, apprehend, underſtand; alſo, a female to conceive, or breed young (bones) in her wombe.*

† Conchambrier: m. *A chamber-fellow, a comerade.*

Conche: f. *A kind of baſon, or open veſſell reſembling a baſon; as* Coquille; *alſo, as the Latine* Concha, *the ſhell of a muſcle, cockle, &c. alſo, order, equipage, or furniture; whence;*

Eſtre bien en conche, ou en bonne conche. *To be well clothed, handſomely attired, in good faſhion or order, in fit equipage or array.*

Conches. *Certain receptacles for ſea-water (as in* Amezeau)

Conchier. *To beſhite, bedung, beſquatter, beray.*

Conchilion: m. *Any ſhell-fiſh, or ſcaled fiſh, with whoſe blood purple is died; but eſpecially one (bearing ſcales) which yields a reddiſh purple, or ſcarlet colour.*

Concierge: m. *A houſe-keeper; he that keeps a great mans houſe, or looks to the ſtuffe that is therein; alſo, a Keeper, Goaler, Warder of a priſon; alſo, a principall, rector, chiefe maſter, or governour of a publique exerciſe, or ſchoole.*

Conciergerie: f. *The name of the common goale belonging to* Paris; *hence, alſo, a priſon, or goale.*

Concile: m. *A Councell; an Aſſembly, Seſſion, or ſitting of councellours; alſo, a (generall) Councell (for Church matters.)*

Conciliabule. *A Conventicle; a ſmall, or private aſſemblie.*

Conciliateur: m. *A reconciler, peace-maker, procurer of favour, and good will for, or betwixt others.*

Conciliation : f. *A conciliation, a reconcilement, or procuring of favour ; an attone-making ; an agreement, reconciliation, union, league of friendſhip made among ſuch as were foes.*

Conciliatrice : f. *A conciliatrix, reconciliatrix ; a woman that reconciles thoſe that were enemies.*

Concilié : m. ée ; f. *Attoned ; united, accorded, agreed, or made friends with ; reconciled unto.*

Concilier. *To attone, reconcile, accord, or make friends together ; to joyne, or knit in love one with another.*

† Concilipete. *One that is going towards a generall Councell.*

Concion : f. *An aſſembly, or congregation of people, called together ; alſo, the Oration, or Speech, delivered and addreſſed, unto them.*

Concis : m. iſe : f. *Conciſe, briefe, ſhort, ſuccinct, compendious.*

Concitateur : m. *An inciter, incenſer, urger, provoker, ſtirrer, or quickener, up unto.*

Concitation : f. *A concitation ; inciting, urging, provoking ; a raiſing, rouſing, ſtirring, or quickning, up unto.*

Concitatrice : f. *A concitatrix ; incitreſſe, provokereſſe.*

Concité : m. ée : f. *Concited ; incited, urged, provoked ; raiſed, ſtirred, or quickened, up unto.*

Conciter. *To concite ; incite, excite ; urge, prick forward, provoke ; raiſe, quicken, or ſtirre, up unto.*

Concitoyen : m. *A fellow Citizen.*

Conclave : m. *A Conclave, or Cloſet ; an inner Parlour, or Chamber ; a ſecret, or private Roome ; and eſpecially that (for it is ſeldome uſed but to expreſſe that) wherein the Cardinalls aſſemble about the election of a new Pope ; alſo, the Aſſembly it ſelfe.*

Conclu : m. uë : f. *Concluded ; decreed, determined, reſolved on.*

A ces fins conclu. *See* Fin.

Conclure. *To conclude ; decree, determine, reſolve upon.*

Conclure in Barocco. *See* Barocco.

Conclure à la mort. *To give ſentence of death ; to adjudge, or condemne unto death ; or, in an Argument, to conclude that the partie accuſed is worthie of death.*

Concluſion : f. *A concluſion ; end, iſſue, cloze ; reſolution, determination, the Epilogue, or laſt part of.*

Prendre concluſions rigoureuſes à l'encontre d'un criminel. *To urge the Evidence hard againſt a priſoner ; to lay ſore unto him ; to put him to his neck-verſe ;* (C'eſt le Procureur du Roy, & la Partie civile qui prennent leurs concluſions : Celuy-la conclud à la peine, & reparation publique ; ceſtuy-cy en reparation de ſon honneur (s'il y eſchet) & en deſpens, dammages, & intereſts : ¶ Code Henry.)

Concoction : f. *Concoction ; good diſgeſtion ; a boyling, or ſeething (of meat in the ſtomack.)*

Concombre : m. *A Cowcumber.*

Concombre aſinin. *as* Concombre ſauvage.

Concombre citrin. *A Citrull, or citrull Cowcumber, a Pome Citrull.*

Concombre long. *The crooked, long, or Adders, Cowcumber.*

Concombre marin. *The round pompion, or Melon.*

Concombre ſauvage. *The wild Cowcumber, Spirting Cowcumber, Touch-me-not.*

Concombre Turquois. *A muſk-Melon ; alſo, the Turky Cowcumber, ſomewhat reſembling a Pompion, and having a more ſolide, and firme pulpe then the ordinary one.*

Concombriere : f. *A bed of Cowcumbers ; a plot of ground wherein Cowcumbers grow.*

Concomitance : f. *Concomitancy ; fellowſhip, or aſſociation with, company together.*

Concordat. m. *An accord, agreement, concordancy, pacification, peaceableneſſe ; alſo, an Act, or Article of agreement ; and particularly, the ſolemne Act, or book of agreement, that paſſes between the Pope, and the French King touching the diſpoſition of Benefices.*

Concorde : f. *Concord, accord, harmony ; peace, agreement, quietneſſe ; a compoſition.*

Concorder. *To accord, compound, pacifie, quiet, agree ; alſo, to live in peace, and concord together.*

Concreé : m. ée : f. *Bred, compoſed, made, created together ; alſo, congealed, compacted, gathered cloſe together.*

Concréer. *To breed, compoſe, make, or create together.*

Se concréer. *To be bred, compoſed, made, &c. alſo, to thicken, congeale, curd, or cloſe together.*

Concret : m. *A conjunction, or conglutination ; an intireneſſe, or intire thing.*

Concret : m. ete : f. *Concrete ; hardned, thickned, compacted, congealed, conjoyned together.*

Concretion. *A compaction, conglutination, congealement, thickning, joyning, curding, clottering, faſtning together.*

Concubin : m. *A man unlawfully kept, and uſed, by a woman.*

Concubinage : m. *Concubinage ; the keeping of a whore for his owne filthy uſe.*

Concubinaire. enfant concubinaire. *A baſtard borne of a concubine ; a whores ſon, the brood of a whore.*

Concubine : f. *A concubine, a leyman ; a woman uſed ordinarily, as a wife.*

Conculcation : f. *A Conculcation, or treading under foot ; a ſuppreſſion, or extreme keeping under.*

Conculqué. m. ée : f. *Oppreſſed ; trodden under foot.*

Conculquer. *To oppreſſe, or tread under foot ; to bruiſe, or weare with often treading, or ſtamping on.*

Concupiſcence : f. *Concupiſcence, luſt, fervent deſire, greedy appetite unto.*

Concupiſcible. faculté concupiſcible. *The unreaſonable, or ſenſuall part of the ſoule, which covets meats, drinkes, and all ſorts of delights beyond meaſure.*

Concurrence : f. *A concurrence, or concurrency ; an agreement, of ſeverall matters, or in circumſtances (all comming to one point, or ayming at one thing ; a running, meeting, or joyning, in courſe, together.*

Iuſques à la concurrence de ſa debte ; *To the value, or quantity of his debt ; untill it be fully ſatisfied, or run up.*

Concurrent : m. *A concurrent, corrivall, competitor.*

Concurrent : m. ente : f. *Concurrent, concurring, agreeing with, joyning or meeting in courſe, running together.*

Concuſſeur. *as* Concuſſionaire.

Concuſſion : f. *Concuſſion ; publique extortion, cloſe rapine ; an extorting of gifts by a falſe ſhew of authority, or impoſition of crimes ; any violent, and unjuſt procurement of bribes ; alſo, a joulting, or knocking one againſt another.*

Concuſſionaire : m. *A Concuſſionarie, or publique extortioner ; one that (counterfeiting an authority) extorts gifts from men by threatning to puniſh, or proſecute their offences ; or any officer, or Magiſtrate, that will neither do right, nor give good words unleſſe he be ſoundly bribed.*

Condamnation, & Condamnatoire. *as* Condemnation, & Condemnatoire.

Condamné, & Condamner. *See* Condemné, & Condemner.

Conde : m. *A butler ; or, a yeoman of the Larder.* ¶ Rab.

Condemnade. *A kind of Card-play, like unto* Lanſquenet. ¶ Rab.

Condemnation. f. *A condemnation ; a damning or condemning.*

Condemnation d'amende. *An amercing, or putting to a fine.*

Paſſer condemnation. *To give over a ſuit, to yield unto an agreement, to deſiſt from brabling, in Law.*

Il paſſa condemnation de tout ce qu'ils deſiroyent. *He granted, or yielded unto, whatſoever they required.*

Condemnatoire : com. *Condemnatory, condemning ; amercing, fining.*

Condemné : m. ée : f. *Condemned, damned, overthrowne in Law ; alſo, amerced, fined, put unto his fine.*

Val lieu condemné. *An uncouth, or unacceſſable place.*

Tel a bonne cauſe qui eſt condemné ; *Prov. Hee that's i'the right oft times receives the foile.*

Condemner. *To condemne, or damne ; to overthrow in judgement, overcome by Law.*

Condemner à l'amende. *To amerce, fine, or put unto his fine.*

Condenſé : m. ée : f. *Thickned, made thick, compacted, or cloſed, together.*

Condenſe : com. *Condenſe, thicke, cloſe together.*

Condenſer. *To thicken, or make thicke ; to gather, or flock together.*

Condenſité : f. *Condenſitie, thickneſſe, hardneſſe, cloſeneſſe.*

Condeſcendre. *To condeſcend, vouchſafe, yield, grant unto.*

Condeſcendu : m. uë : f. *Condeſcended ; vouchſafed ; granted, or yielded unto.*

Condignac. *as* Codignat ; *Marmalade of Quinces.* ¶ Rab.

Condigne : com. *Condigne, well-worthy.*

Condignement. *Condignely, worthily, honeſtly ; as it behoveth.*

Condile. *as* Condyle.

Condiſciple. *A ſchoole-fellow, or fellow diſciple.*

Condition: f. *A condition, covenant; law, or bargaine conditionall; alſo, the property, nature, diſpoſition, manner, one uſeth, or is of; alſo, ones eſtate, fortune, place; birth; quality, (eſpecially mean, or baſe,)*
le neſçay pas les conditions du ieu. *I know not the lawes of the Game.*

Condicionaire: com. *Conditionary, conditionall, upon condition, under covenant, covenanting.*

Conditionnel. *as* Conditionaire.

Conditionnellement. *Conditionally, upon, or under, a condition.*

† Condol: m. *A ridge, or raiſing of earth.*

Condoloir. *See* Condouloir.

† Condonné: m. ée: f. *Given freely, forgiven, pardoned.*

† Condonner. *Freely to give; to pardon, or forgive.*

Condore. *The name of a great, ſtrong, and ravenous Indian bird.*

† Condot: m. *as* Condol.

Condouloir. *To ſorrow, or meane with, to ſympathize with the griefe, or pain of.*

Conducteur: m. *A Conductor, Leader, Guide, Ring-leader; alſo, a Captaine.*

Conductrice: f. *A Conductreſſe.*

Conduict: m. *A Conduit; alſo, a gutter, or trench of ſtone, &c. whereby the water, or courſe of a river is turned, and feicht into, or by, any place*
Conduicts de fleuves. *The heads of rivers.*

Conduicte: f. *A conduct, conduction, guiding, leading, bringing on; a trayning, or government; alſo, a managing, or handling.*
Conduicte de l'eſprit. *The inclination, motions, or ſway of the minde.*

Conduire. *To conduct, leade, guide, bring on; governe, ſway, rule, wholly diſpoſe of; alſo, to handle, or manage.*
Conduire ſourdement vne Orne. *Look* Orne.

Conduiſeur: m. *A Leader, Guider, Conducter.*

† Condui-ſomac. *Sleep-conducting, ſilent, quiet.*

Conduit: m. ite: f. *Conducted, led, guided, brought on; trained, governed; ſwayed, wholly diſpoſed of.*

Conduit: m. *as* Conduict.

Conduite: f. *as* Conduicte.

Condyle: m. *The tuberioſity, out-ſwelling, roundneſſe, or knots, of the thigh, knee, ankle, elbow, or knuckle-bones; alſo, a blow with the fiſt, a box, or cuffe.*

Condylome: m. *A ſwelling, or excreſcence of fleſh (like unto little warts, or the ſtones of a raiſin, or figge) in the fundament, or in a womans privities.*

Cone: m. *A Cone; a Geometricall body; or any figure that is broad, and round below, and ſharpens towards the top.*

Conеſtable. *See* Connеſtable.

Conеſtablie: f. *A Conſtableſhip; alſo, a Captainſhip, or government held in Peerdome; alſo, a company, band, or battalion of Souldiers.*

† Confanon. *A Standard, or Banner, &c. as* Gonfanon.

† Confanonier: m. *A Standard-bearer.*

† Confanons. *The wild Poppy.*

Confection: f. *A confection, or compoſition, a mingling; a confecting, or confect-making.*

Confederation: f. *A confideration, or confederacy; the making of, or entring into, a league with others; alſo, a complot, or conſpiracy.*

Confederez. *Confederate, in friendſhip, entred into a league, together; alſo, joyning in a plot, or conſpiracy.*

Conference: f. *A conference; alſo, a compariſon.*

Conferer. *To conferre, commune, deviſe, or talke, together;* (conferer enſemble;) *alſo, to contribute, or be at alike, and equall charge with another,* (conferer avec vn autre.)

Confermé: m. ée: f. *Confirmed, ſtrengthned, fortified, ſetled; hardned; incouraged, aſſured; ratified, eſtabliſhed; avouched, averred for truth.*

Confermer. *To confirme, ſtrengthen, fortifie, ſettle, harden; aſſure; eſtabliſh, ratifie, make good; incourage, comfort; avouch, or averre for truth.*

Confeſſe: f. *as* Confeſſion.
Aller à la confeſſe. *To go to ſhrift.*

Confeſſé: m. ée: f. *Confeſſed; acknowledged, yielded unto, diſcovered, revealed, bewrayed; alſo, ſhriven.*

Confeſſer. *To confeſſe, acknowledge, yield unto; reveale, diſcover, bewray.*
Se confeſſer au preſtre. *To be ſhriven.*

Confeſſeur: m. *A Confeſſor, or ghoſtly father.* Lacyndæmons.

Confeſſion: f. *A confeſſion, or acknowledgement; a revealing, or bewraying, of a ſecret.*
Confeſſion auriculaire. *Shriving, auricular confeſſion.*

Confeſſionnaire: com. *Confeſſionary; belonging to, or treating of, auricular confeſſion.*

Confeſſionnat: m. *An act of confeſſion tending to abſolution.*

Confez. *Confeſſed, ſhriven.*

Confiance: f. *Confidence, truſt, aſſurance, hardineſſe.*

Confiant. *Truſting, having confidence in, building upon.*

Confidant: m. *A friend to whom one truſts, in whom he hath confidence, on whoſe aſſiſtance he relies; a ſecond in a ſingle combat, ſuch a one as a man takes into the field with him.*

Confident. *as* Confidant.

Confidentiaire: com. *Treacherous, faith-breaking, truſt-deceiving.*

† Confidentionnaire. *as* Confidentiaire.

Confier. *To truſt, believe, have confidence in; aſſure himſelfe of; build, rely, or depend upon.*

† Confiez de Cour. *as* Pairs de la Cour.

Configuration: f. *A likeneſſe, or reſemblance, of figures.*

Confin: m. ine: f. *Neer, neighbour, confining, or adjoyning, unto; bounding, or bordering, upon.*

Confinant: m. ante: f. *Confining, bounding, bordering, abbutting, adjoyning, lying neer unto; alſo, confining, baniſhing.*

Confiner. *To confine; to abbut, or bound upon; to abboord, adjoyne, lie neer unto; alſo, to aſſigne limits, appoint marches, lay out bounds unto; alſo, to confine, relegate, baniſh into a certaine, or limitted, place.*

Confire. *To preſerve, confect, ſuake, or ſteep in; alſo, to ſeaſon, reliſh, or give ſavour unto.*

Confirmatif: m. ive: f. *Confirmative, confirming; eſtabliſhing, ratifying; aſſuring; avouching.*

Confirmation: f. *A confirmation, ſtrengthening, ſetling, aſſurance; ratification, eſtabliſhment; alſo, a heartning, or incouragement; alſo, an avouching, or averrall of a thing for truth; alſo, confirmation, Biſhopping, or (as the vulgar) Biſping.*
Droict de confirmation. *The fine, or fee due, by all Officers of the kingdome of France, unto the King at his firſt comming to the Crowne, for confirming them, by his Letters Patents, in their places.*

Confirmé. *as* Confermé.

Confirmer. *See* Confermer.

Confis: m. *Any thing that hath been ſoaked, or ſteeped; any pickled, or preſerved thing.*

Confict: m. *A confiſcation, or thing confiſcated.*

Confiſcation: f. *A confiſcation, a publique ſeiſure; alſo, a forfeiture.*

Confiſeur: m. *A Confector, preſerver, or Confet-maker.*

Confiſqué: m. ée: f. *Confiſcated; ſeiſed to publique, or unto the Princes, uſe; alſo, forfeited; loſt by, or made ſubject to forfeiture.*

Confiſquer. *To confiſcate; to ſeiſe, as forfeited unto the Princes, or common, Treaſury; alſo, to forfeit.*

Confiſſable: com. *Fit to be ſteeped, ſoaked, preſerved, confected.*

Confiſſeur: m. *A Confector, Confet-maker; Preſerver.*

Confit. m. ite: f. *Steeped, confected, fully ſoaked, wholly imbrued with.*

Confit en amertume. *Whoſe heart is full of bitterneſſe; a moſt dolefull perſon, a moſt wofull man.*
Confit en malice. *A moſt ungracious fellow; one that hath gotten a full habit of wickednеſſe; one that's obdurate in, or given over to, roguerie; one that minds, or is made of, nought but villany.*

Confiture: f. *A confecting, preſerving; ſteeping, ſoaking; ſaucing, ſeaſoning; alſo, a confection, condiment, preſerve; and hence;*
Confitures. *Confets, jonkets, all kind of ſweet-meats; and, moſt properly, fruits, bloſſomes, leaves, ſtalkes, &c. of plants, preſerved whole; Preſerves.*

Conflagration: f. *A conflagration; a generall burning, or conſuming with fire.*

Conflant: m. *A place whereat two rivers meet.*

Conflé: m. ée: f. *Blowne, or puffed up.* *See* Gonflé.

Conflict: m. *A conflict, skirmiſh, bickering, or battell.*

Confluant. *as* Confluant.

Confondre. *To confound; diſorderly to mingle, or tumble together.*

Conformateur: m. *A conformer; a maker of things like one another, and fit altogether.*

Conformation: f. *A conforming; a framing, faſhioning, or diſpoſition of things to a likeneſſe between themſelves, and a fitneſſe altogether.*

Conforme: com. *Conformable, conforme, agreeable*

agreeable unto, agreeing, or of a like faſhion, one to the other.

Conformé: m. ée: f. *Conformed*; made apt for, fitted with, faſhioned like.

Conformément. *Conformably, accordingly, therefter.*

Conformer. *To conforme*; fit with, faſhion as; make apt for, like to, proportionable unto; alſo, (ſimply) to make, frame, faſhion, proportion.

Conformité: f. *Conformity, conformableneſſe*; a reſemblance, likeneſſe, fitneſſe, or befitting.

Confort: m. *Comfort, ſolace, conſolation*; an incouragement, or cheering up; an eaſing, or mitigating of griefe; the application of ſtrength unto weakneſſe, thereby to inforce it.

Confortatif: m. ue: f. *Comfortative*; of power, or property, to comfort.

Conforté: m. ée: f. : *Comforted, eaſed, ſolaced*; ſtrengthned; ſupported.

Conforte-main. *The ſtrengthning, and confirmation of an inferiour perſons ſeiſure by the ſuperiors aſſiſtance*; as when a Lord, having ſeiſed an inheritance held of him, prayes in aide of the King (or a Meſne Lord of the Lord Paramount) and procures it, for the better aſſurance of his poſſeſſion.

Donner conforte-main. *To helpe, ſuccour, aide, aſſiſt*; to lend a helping hand unto.

Conforter. *To comfort, ſolace, recreate*; to encourage, or cheer up; alſo, to confirme, helpe, ſtrengthen, reinforce.

Conforter vne playe. *To corroborate a wound by fomentations, or other (externall) applications.*

Confoulant. *A certaine village hard by Paris; tearmed ſo, becauſe two rivers (Marne, and Seine) meet at it.*

Confrairie: f. *A Fraternity, Brotherhood, Fellowſhip, Society*; a company of one trade, or profeſſion,

Le pain beniſt de la confrairie. *Bobbes, thumps, thwacks, blowes.*

Confreres: m. *Fellowes of one, and the ſame company, or ſociety.*

Confrontation: f. *A confronting, or bringing face to face*; alſo, a reading, or examining of the depoſitions of accuſers in preſence of the accuſed.

Confronté: m. ée: f. *Confronted, brought face to face; examined, compared, conferred one by another*; layed neer together.

Confronter. *To confront, or bring face to face*; to examine, or compare, one by another; to conferre, or lay, ſeverall things together.

Confronter teſmoins. *To confront witneſſes*; to bring accuſers, or accuſing witneſſes, before the accuſed; and, to examine them, or to read and examine the evidence they have given in, or depoſitions which they have made, in his preſence.

Confus: m. uſe: f. *Confuſed, diſordered*; hudling, indiſtinct; alſo, confounded, troubled; abaſhed, amazed, diſmayed, put or daſht out of countenance.

Confuſément. *Confuſedly, undiſtinctly, without order*; one with another.

Confuſion: f. *A confuſion, or diſorder*; a rude mingle-mangle, chaos, hurly-burly; a confounding; alſo, a thick Ruffe that's worne cloſe before.

Confuté: m. ée: f. *Confuted, convinced, refelled, diſproved, overcome in arguing.*

Confuter. *To confute, convince, refell, diſprove, overcome in arguing.*

Confuter vn teſmoing. *To diſgrace, confound, puzzle, blanke him*; to put him out of countenance, or, drive him to a Non-plus.

Congé: m. *Leave, licence, permiſſion, grant of liberty, diſcharge, diſmiſſion*; alſo, a paſport.

Congé de Cour. *Look* Renvoy.

Congé deffault. *A diſmiſſion upon default*; (Se donne à l'appellant, qui a eſté anticipé, contre l'anticipant defaillant; Quia fungitur vice rei, & actoris. ¶ Ragueau.)

Congé de Morteſaiſon. *Look* Morteſaiſon.

Congé ſimple. *A ſimple diſmiſſion, or diſcharge out of a Court*, S'obtient par vn defendeur contre vn demandeur non comparant, ou à faute de repliquer: & par l'intimé contre l'appellant defaillant qui avoit relevé, & aſſigné. ¶ Ragueau.)

Il me donna congé de ma chambre. *He gave up my chamber.*

Congeable: com. *Diſmiſſable, licenſable, diſchargeable.*

Domaine congeable. *Which the poſſeſſor is to leave when his Landlord pleaſes; a demayne held at will.*

Congedié: m. ée: f. *Diſmiſſed, diſcharged, licenced, that hath leave to be gone.*

Congedier. *To diſmiſſe, diſcharge, licence, give leave unto, permit to goe, ſuffer to depart.*

Congedier vne armée. *To breake up an army.*

Congelation: f. *A congelation, congealing, freezing*; alſo, the diſeaſe tearmed Catalepſis, viz. *a ſuddaine detention, or occupation of the body, and minde*; the patient continuing in the ſame form, & holding the ſame poſture, which he had when he was taken with it.

Congelé: m. ée: f. *Congealed, frozen, cloſed together.*

Congeler. *To congeale*; to be frozen, or cloſe together with freezing, &c.

Congemination: f. *A congemination, doubling, often repeating*; (whence) alſo, as Epizeuxe.

Congeneré: m. ée: f. *Congenerated*; begotten, or ingendred together.

Congiaire. m. *A dole*; a largeſſe, or liberall gift (of money, or victuals) unto the people.

Congie: m. *A veſſell among the ancient Romanes containing ſome foure pints and a halfe, of Pariſien meaſure*; or very neere our gallon.

Conglutination: f. *A conglutination*; a joyning, a knitting, a cloſing, or gluing together.

Conglutiné: m. ée: f. *Conglutinated*; glued, cloſed, or knit with.

Conglutiner. *To conglutinate*; joyne, glue, cloſe, knit with, or together.

Congnoiſtre. *See* Cognoiſtre.

Congratulation: f. *A congratulation, or verball rejoycing with one for his good fortune.*

Congratulé: m. ée: f. *Congratulated, rejoyced with.*

Congratuler. *To congratulate*; or, in words, to rejoyce with another for his good fortune.

Congre: m. *A Congar, or cungar (fiſh.)*

† Congreé: m. eée: f. *Congealed, thickned, curded, gathered cloſe together, clottered*; compact, made hard.

† Congréement: m. *A congealing, curding, thickening, growing, or clotting together.*

† Se Congréer. *To congeale, thicken, curd, cloſe*; gather, compact together.

Congregation: f. *A congregation*; aſſembly, or company of people gathered together in a publique place.

Congregé: m. ée: f. *Congregated, gathered, aſſembled together.*

Congréger. *To congregate, gather, aſſemble together.*

Il ſe congrége en pierre precieuſe. *It growes, or congeales into, a precious ſtone.*

Congreſſion: f. *Company, congreſſion with others*; or, as Congrez; an aſſembly, meeting, &c.

Congrez: m. *A ſolemne aſſembly, or meeting*; alſo, an incounter: coaping, or ſcuffling together.

Conjectural: m. ale: f. *Conjectural*; which may be gathered by gheſſe, or ſcand at by conjecture.

Conjecturalement. *Conjecturally, by gheſſe, or conjecture, hab-nab, hitty-miſſy.*

Conjecturant: m. ante: f. *Conjecturing, gheſſing at.*

Con, le lion par les ongles. *See* Lion.

Conjecture: f. *A conjecture, or gheſſe*; a judgement given, or conceit taken, on uncertaine grounds, or at randome.

Conjecturé: m. ée: f. *Conjectured, gheſſed, imagined*; deemed, divined.

Conjecturer. *To conjecture, gheſſe, divine*; to judge, or imagine by.

† Coniguer. *To ſcratch, or claw.*

Conillart. *A certaine very tender, and delicat peare.*

Coniller. *To play the coward, or lurke in corners*; to ſeek a hole to hide his head in; to ſneake, or ſlinke from place to place, as a conny that boults from buſh to buſh.

Conilliere: f. *A Conny-hole, or conny-borrow.*

Conioignant: m. ante: f. *Joyning, uniting, combining, coupling with, or together.*

Conjoinct: m. cte: f. *Joyned, conjoyned, combined, coupled, united, knit, ſure with.*

Conjoinctement. *Joyntly, wholly together, as well the one as the other.*

Conjoindre. *To conjoyne, combine, couple, counite*; to joyne, aſſociate; faſten, knit; marry, make ſure with, or together.

Conjonctif: m. iue: f. *Conjunctive*; joyning, coupling, combining, uniting with, or together.

Membrane conjonctiue. *The white of the eye*; or, the skin that covers it.

Conjonction: f. *A conjunction*; combination, coupling, or knitting together; alſo, the part of ſpeech tearmed, a Conjunction.

Conjouï. *Congratulated, or gladded with.*

Se Conjouïr. *To congratulate, or be glad with.*

Conjouïſſement. *A congratulation, or rejoycing with.*

Se Conjoyr. *as* Conjouïr.

† Conjoyſſement. *as* † Conjouïſſement.

Coniſe.

Coniſe. *Flea-bane, or Flea-bane mullet; (an herbe.)*

Conjugal: m. ale: f. *Conjugall; belonging unto man and wife, or unto wed'ock; joyned, or yoaked together, as man and wife in wedlock.*

Os conjugal. *as* Os lougal.

Conjuger. *To play the part of a husband; to know, or uſe, his owne wife.*

Conjunction. *as* Conjonction.

Conjuncture: f. *A conjuncture; a joyning together.*

Il venoit en vne fort mauvaiſe conjuncture. *He came when all things were cleane off the hindges; or quite out of joint.*

Conjurateur: m. *A conſpirator.*

Conjuration: f. *A conſpiracy; complement, priuat confederacy againſt; alſo, a coniuration, or conjuring.*

Conjute: f. *as* Conjuration; *alſo, a ſummoning, or calling of people together.*

Conjuré: m. ée: f. *Conjured, adjured; earneſtly beſought, or intreated; alſo, conjoyned, or conſorted; alſo, warned, ſummoned, or called together; alſo, conſpired againſt.*

Conjurer. *To conjure; adjure; beſeech earneſtly, inſtant vehemently; alſo, to conjure, or exorciſe (as) ſpirits;) alſo, to conſpire; complot; joyne in a priuat confederacy, againſt.*

Conjurer la Cour; ou ſes hommes. *To call, or warne, a Court; to ſummon, or ſend for, his people together.*

Connaturel: m. elle: f. *Connaturall; naturall unto all alike; alſo, agreeable to the nature of.*

Conneſtable: m. *A Conſtable; (In former times the maſters of the Kings Horſe, and the Captaines of certaine bands in garriſond in frontier townes, and other ſorts of importance, were termed, Conneſtables: At this day the Conſtable of France is the principall officer of that Crowne, eſpecially in warlike Expeditions, whereof, when Princes abſence, he is (or ſhould be) the Generall; He alſo keeps the Kings Sword, and does him homage for it.)*

Conneſtablie: f. *A Conſtableſhip; the Office, or Place, of a Conſtable; alſo, a Captainſhip, or Government, held in Petredome; alſo, a Squadron, Band, or Battalion, of Soulders.*

Connexe: m. ée: f. *Knit, joyned, tied, truſſed together.*

Connexion. *A connexion, joyning, knitting, tying, truſſing together.*

Connexité: f. *as* Connexion.

Connin: m. *as* Connil. *A Conny.*

Connin, & vilain avec la main; Prov. *A Conny diſmembred with the hand, a knave well pummelled with the fiſt, are much the ſooner eaten, or amended.*

Conninieree: f. *A Connigry, or warren of Connies.*

Connivé: m. ée: f. *Winked at; tollerated, ſuffered, borne with, ſeen and not ſeen (of purpoſe, or by conſent.)*

Connivence: f. *A connivence, or winking at; a ſufferance, tolleration, permiſſion; a ſeeing, and not ſeeing (by conſent.)*

Connivet. *To winke at; ſuffer, tollerate, beare with; to ſee and not to ſee; to make as though he neither ſaw, nor knew ought of the matter.*

Connoiſſance: f. *Knowledge. See* Cognoiſſance.

Connoiſtre. *To know. See* Cognoiſtre.

Connon: m. *A long Dray, or Cart, having at the fore-end a Pully for the drawing up of loading.* ¶ Pic.

† Conoeidal: m. ale: f. *Cone-like; broad, and round at the bottome, and ſharpe at the top.*

Conopée: f. *A Canopy; a Tent, or Paviſion.*

Conquaſſé: m. ée: f. *Stamped, pounded; broken, ſplit, quaſhed in peeces.*

Conquaſſer. *To pownd, breake, or bruze; to ſtampe in a morter; to ſplit, or quaſh in pieces; or, as* Concaſſer.

Conque: f. *Shell-fiſh; alſo, the ſhell it ſelfe; ſometimes the pearle found in a ſhell-fiſh; alſo, a certaine meaſure for corne, of 38 pound weight.*

Conquerable: com. *Conquerable, vanquiſhable, ſubduable, winable.*

Conquerant: m. *A conquerer, or overcommer; a ſubduer, a vanquiſher.*

Conquereur. *as* Conquerant.

Conquerir. *To conquer, ſubdue, vanquiſh, overcome; overmaſter, bring under obedience; alſo, to get, purchaſe, winne, acquire (during marriage, or jointly with another.)*

Conquerre. *as* Conquerir.

Conqueſt: m. *An Eſtate, or Purchaſe compaſſed by a mans owne induſtry, labour, or meanes; alſo, a thing got, or matter cumd by, wherein another is to have a ſhare; (thereln differing from Acqueſt.)*

Conqueſte: f. *A conqueſt; the ſubduing of a forraine country; or, the inlarging of his owne dominions by the winning of other mens.*

Conqueſté: m. ée: f. *Conquered, ſubdued; wonne, gotten, purchaſed.*

Conqueſter. *as* Conquerir. *To ſubdue, conquer; win, get, purchaſe.*

Conquis: m. iſe: f. *Conquered; ſubdued, vanquiſhed, wonne; overmaſtered, overcome, wholly brought under; alſo, gotten, acquired, purchaſed (as in* Conquerir.)

Conroy: m. *Stuffe throughly tawed, or curried.*

Conroyé: m. ée: f. *Curried, tawed, or dreſſed, as leather; rough-hewed, chipped, ſquared, or faſhioned, as tymber; alſo, well wrought; well ſadned, or ſettled, by working.*

Conroyement: m. *A currying, or dreſſing of leather; a chipping, or ſquaring of tymber.*

Conroyer. *To curry, taw, or dreſſe, as leather; alſo, to chip, rough-hew, or ſquare, as tymber; and (metaphorically) to worke throughly; or, to ſaddon, or ſettle together by a through working.*

Contoyeur: m. *A Currier; a Leather-dreſſer.*

Conſacré: m. ée: f. *Conſecrated, hallowed, dedicated, devoted unto.*

Conſacrer. *To conſecrate, hallow, dedicate, or devote unto.*

Conſaline de mer. *The great horſe-muſcle.*

Conſanguinité: f. *Conſanguinity, neerneſſe in bloud, kindred by birth, or bloud.*

Conſaul. *as* Conſeil. *(an old word.)*

† Conſcachance: f. *A full knowledge, or notice of.*

† Conſcachant de. *Fully acquainted with, or privy unto; having notice, or knowledge enough of.*

Conſcience: f. *Conſcience; the teſtimony of our owne knowledge, the witneſſe of our owne thoughts; a remorſe, or a remorſefull remembrance, of.*

Conſcience à patir levis. *A very large conſcience; the bunber of ſuch as dare commit, or will admit of, any villany.*

Charger ſa conſcience. *To commit a wicked, or lewd act.*

Faire conſcience de. *To ſtick at, or make a ſcruple of.*

Qui veut la conſcience monde, Il doit fuir le monde immonde; Prov. *Looke Monde.*

Conſcientieuſement. *Religiouſly, devoutly, with a good conſcience; curiouſly, ſcrupulouſly.*

Conſcientieux: m. euſe: f. *Conſcientious; godly, devout, religious, of a good conſcience, full of conſcience; alſo ſcrupulous, tiderous, curious.*

Conſelnomantie. *Divination by a ſive, and a paire of ſheers.* ¶ Rab.

Conſecutif: m. ive: f. *Conſecutive, or conſequent; next or immediatly ſucceeding, enſuing neceſſarily, certainly following.*

Conſecution: f. *A conſequence, or conſequent; an order, ſucceſſion, following, a neceſſary iſſue, or enſuing.*

Conſecutivement. *Conſequently.*

† Conſeigneur: m. *A fellow Lord; a Partner, Aſſociate, equall in dominion, or ſeigniory.*

Conſeil: m. *Counſell, adviſe; a judgement, or opinion demanded, or given; alſo, a Court, Company, Aſſembly, or Aſſociation of Counſellors; The body of the Counſell, whence,*

Conſeil des Affaires. *The Counſell of State; the Privy Counſell; held ordinarily in the King's cloſet, and moſt commonly a mornings, or at his getting up; when the Packets of forraine Princes, Embaſſadours, and Governours of Provinces be opened, and reſolutions taken as well upon them, as upon other important, and State-affaires of the time; the overture, and diſpatch whereof is committed over unto the principall Secretaries, who ever attend his Majeſty in this Counſell, either alone, or with ſuch Lords as he pleaſes extraordinarily to call unto it.*

Conſeil d'Eſtat. *An aſſembly of Counſellours, wherein, when it concerns matters of war, the Conſtable, when cauſes of Juſtice, the Chancelor the Preſidents, and the Princes of the bloud, Peers of France, Officers of the Crowne, Governours of Prouinces, chiefe Preſidents of the Parliaments, and (by ſpeciall favour, or commiſſion from the King) other great Perſonages be aſſiſtants; yet none, with any obligation of ordinary attendance, but a few of them (commonly of the long Robe) who have penſions alowed them for it. This Counſell is thus ſtiled when it is aſſembled about publique, and important buſineſſes; for upon*

other

other occasions it is termed otherwise.
Conseil estroit. *as* Conseil des Affaires.
Conseil des finances. *as* Conseil d'Estat; *which it is assembled about the ordering, or disposing of the Kings Revenue.*
Conseil privé. *as* Conseil d'Estat; *but called thus when it is assembled about particular controversies, or causes between party and party, and of some resemblance with those, which are determined at our Counsell Table.*
Conseil secret; & Conseil secret d'Estat; *as* Conseil des Affaires.
Le grand conseil. *A Court composed of four Presidents (who are withall to be Masters of Requests) and twenty Counsellours; which determine ordinarily of appeales from the Provost of the Kings household; and extraordinarily of such causes as be visited unto them by commission from* Le Conseil privé.
Le privé conseil. *as* Conseil privé.
Nos gens ne parlent pas en conseil, viz: *They gape so loud that all the house rings of them.*
A conseil de fol cloche de bois; Prov. *For woodcocks counsels woodden bels.*
Chose faicte conseil prins; Prov. *For things already done the care; already taken; matters once past it; bootlesse to talke of them; a businesse ended ends dispute about it.*
De chose perdue le conseil ne se remue. Prov. *Advice is idle when a thing is lost; or when things are lost why should we aske advice?*
Il peche tagement qui fait folie par conseil; Prov. *Look* Pecher.
La nuict donne conseil; Prov. *Night gives advice; we say, take counsell of your pillow.*
Pour neant demande conseil qui ne le veut croire; Prov. *In vaine he counsell askes that will not trust in't.*

Conseiller: m. *as* Conseillier.

Conseiller. *To counsell, advise, direct, perswade, admonish, warne.*
Se conseiller à. *To demand counsell, take th'advise, aske the opinion, crave the direction of.*
Se conseiller sur. *To examine, weigh, ponder; to advise, deliberate, consult of.*

† Conseillerie: f. *A counsellorship; the place, or office of a counsellour, or* Conseillier.

Conseillier: m. *A counsellour; one that gives his advice, or delivers his opinion, upon a doubt propounded, businesse discussed, or cause to be determined; hence, a Privy counsellour unto a Prince; a Senatour in a City; and an Assistant in a Court of Justice; also, (in Norman-French) an Advocate, or Counsellour at Law.*
Conseillier de son oreille. *Said of a Privy counsellour, whose advice his Prince ever likes well, and loves to heare often; one that frames his words to fit the well-knowne humour of his Prince; one that, in respect thereof, is very gracious with him, or hath his eare.*

† Consemblable: com. *Very like unto, much resembling, matching with.*

† Ses consemblables. *His followes, consorts, complices, companions.*

Consentant: m. ante: f. *Consenting, or partaking, with; accessary, or agreeing unto; approving, or allowing of.*
Consentant du cas. *A consenter, accessary, partaker.*

Consentement: m. *A consent; an agreement, or accord, unto; an approbation, or allowance, of.*

Consentir. *To consent; accord, or agree, unto; jumpe, or concurre, with; approve, or allow, of.*
Assez consent qui ne dit mot; Prov. *He consents enough that sayes nothing; (Many, who knowne not much more Latine, can say,* Qui tacet consentire videtur.)
Tel consent qui se repent: Prov. *Some yielding (in basse) repent (at leisure;) or, some agreement; prove agreevances.*

Consequentment. *Consequently, successively, by course, in order; thereafter.*

Consequence: f. *A consiquence, consequent, (necessary) sequele.*
Vne matiere de consequence. *A matter of importance, moment, or weight.*

Consequent: m. ente: f. *Consequent, following, successive, succeeding, orderly, well ranked, in consequence, fitly hanging together.*

† Consequentieux: m. euse: f. *Most important, full of consequence.*

Consequutif: m. iue: f. *Consecutive; or as* Consecutif.

† Conserte: f. *A conference.*

Conserté: m. ée: f. *Ordained, made, stirred, or set, up.*

† Consertion: f. *A joyning, coupling, interlacing, intermingling.*

Conservateur: m. *A Conservator; Preserver, Maintainer; Defender, Protector; Saver, or Saviour.*
Conservateur Apostolique. *The Popes Conservatour in Universities; an Officer that both upholds the priviledges granted, by the Church of Rome, thereto; and takes notice of all the Ecclesiasticall controversies, and causes therein.*
Conservateur des foires de Lyons. *A Magistrate, who hath jurisdiction over all manner of debtors, for commodities taken-up at any of the said Fayres.*
Conservateur Royal. *The Kings Conservatour in Universities; an Officer that both maintaines the priviledges granted by the Crowne unto them; and is their Judge of all causes, and controversies that be meerly civile, or lay.* (*In* Paris *the Provost of the City always holds this place.*)

Conservation: f. *A conservation; keeping, maintaining; preservation; defence, protection.*

Conservatoire: f. *Th'Office of a Conservatour; his Court, or the roome wherein he useth to keep it.*

Conservatrice: f. *A Conservatrix; Preservereſſe; Protectrix, Defendreſſe.*

Conserve: f. *Preservation, guard, safe custody, keeping; also, a Conserve, as of Roses, Violets, &c.*
Conserve de grain. *A cave, pit, or hole under ground, to keep corn in.*
Navires de conserve. *Ships of a Fleet, or of one consort.*

Conservé: m. ée: f. *Conserved; kept, guarded, maintained, preserved, saved; protected, defended, upheld.*

Conserver. *To conserve; keep, guard, maintaine, preserve, save; defend, protect, uphold.*

† Conserve: santé. *Holesome, or health-preserving.*

Considerable: com. *Considerable; to be considered, advised on, or thought of.*

Considératif: m. *One that does things with consideration, and advisement.*

Consideration: f. *Consideration; advisement; also, discretion, circumspection, heedfulnesse, carefulnesse; also, an examination, or discussion of.*

Considéré: m. ée: f. *Considered, thought of, advised on; examined, pondered, perpended, revolved, weighed in the mind.*

Considerément. *Considerately, advisedly, discreetly, circumspectly; with great consideration, upon a good, or a safe, ground.*

Considerer. *To consider, advise upon, thinke of; examine; ponder, perpend, revolve, or weigh in the mind.*

Conſierge. *See* Concierge.

Consignation: f. *A consignation; presentation, exhibiting, delivery in hand, or into the hands of; also, the laying, or laying down of a stake, or pawn.*

Consignature: f. *A consignature; a full stamping, or absolute signature of.*

Consigné: m. ée: f. *Consigned; presented, exhibited, or delivered in hand, or into the hands of; also, delivered, or appointed over; also, delivered, or layed down, as a stake, pawn, or gage.*

Consigner. *To consigne; present, exhibite, or deliver in hand, or into the hands of; to deliver, assigne, or appoint (absolutely) over; to deliver, gage, or lay downe, as a pledge, pawn, or stake.*

Consilles. *Two conduits, or pipes in the throat.*

Consimilitude: f. *Consimilitude; likenesse, concurrence, equality, agreement together.*

Consin: m. *A Mite, or weevell.*

Consire: f. *The herb Comfrey, Consound, Asse eare, Knitback, Backwort.*
Consire moyenne. *Middle Consound, middle Comfrey, brown Bugle; also, the Daisie.*
Le grande consire. *Great Comfrey, &c. as* Consire.
Petite consire. *The little wild Daisie: called otherwise, Bruisewort; also, the herbe Prunell, Carpenters herbe, Selfheale, Hookheale, Sicklewort.*

Consistence: f. *A consistence, or being; a residence, or setling.*

Consister. *To consist, be; rest, reside, abide; to settle, stand still, or at a stay.*

Consistoire: m. *A Consistory; a counsell-house of, or counsell held by, Prelats; a session, sitting, or assembly of Ecclesiasticall persons.*

Consistorié: m. ée: f. *Censured, or determined of, in Consistory.*

Consistorier. *To censure, or determine of, in Consistory.*

Consolateur: m. *A consolator, solacer, comforter; also, a Corbell (in building) or, as* Console de bastiment.

Consolation: f. *Consolation, comfort, solace.*

Consolé:

Consolde: f. *Comfrey, or Consound, Wall-wort, Asse-eare.*

Console de bastiment: f. *A corbell, or pendant of stone; a bracket, or cartridge, of timber.*

Consolé: m. ée: f. *Consolated, comforted, solaced.*

Consoler. *To comfort, solace; cherish, or cheere up.*

Consolidation: f. *A consolidation, a strengthening, sound-making; a closing, or joyning up, as of a wound.*

Consolidé: m. ée: f. *Consolidated, made sound, healed, or closed up.*

Consolider. *To consolidate, or make sound; to heale, or close up, as a wound, or ulcer.*

Consommé: m. ée: f. *Consummated, accomplished, perfected, fulfilled, finished; summed up.*

Consommé en Grammaire. *A perfect, or absolute, Grammarian.*

Consommé en bonnes lettres. *A sound (and generall) Scholler.*

Consommer. *To consummate, accomplish, perfect, finish, fulfil; to make, or summe, up.*

Consonance: f. *Consonance, accord, harmony, concordance, agreement, good proportion.*

Consonant. *Consonant, accordant, harmonious, agreeing in sound, consorting with.*

Consone. *A Consonant.*

Consoner. *To accord, consort, agree, or sound, alike.*

Consors: m. *Consorts, mates, fellowes, complices, partakers, companions; also, neighbours, whose lands lye together.*

Consorte: f. ma Con. *My wife, yoake-mate, bedfellow.*

Consoulde: f. *The herb Comfrey, Consound, Asse-eare, Knitbacke, Backwort.*

Consoulde moyenne. *Middle Consound, middle Comfrey, browne Bugle; also, the great white Daisie.*

Consoulde royale. *Larkes heele, Larks spurre, Larks toe, Larks claw, Monks hood, Kings Consound.*

La grande Consoulde. *Comfrey, Consound, great Comfrey, &c. as* Consoulde.

La petite Consoulde. *The ordinary little Daisie, and Bruisewort; or, as* Petite Consire.

Consourde. *as* Consoulde.

Conspection: f. *A conspection, seeing, beholding.*

Conspiration: f. *A conspiracy.*

Conspiré: m. ée; f. *Conspired; contrived, or complotted; entered into a conspiracy, with others.*

Conspirer. *To conspire; to enter into a conspiracy; to joyne, or agree, in a plot, or opinion with others.*

Constamment. *Constantly, stedfastly, firmely, stably, unremoveably, perseveringly, ever alike, in one manner.*

Constance: f. *Constancy, stability, steadfastnesse, firmenesse, unremoveablenesse, perseverance, strength of continuance.*

Constant. *Constant, stedfast, firme, stable; durable, sure, setled, unremoveable, persevering, ever the same.*

Conster. Il conste. *(as the Latine Impersonall* Constat*) it is cleare, plaine, certaine, evident, manifest, apparent; generally agreed on, out of all doubt, without any manner of controversie.*

Constellation: f. *A constellation, or assembly of starres together in one signe.*

Consternation: f. *Consternation, astonishment, dismay; a great, or stupifying, feare.*

Consterné: m. ée: f. *Astonished, dismayed, amazed, amated, dejected in courage, heartfallen; afraid.*

Consterner. *To astonish, dismay, amaze, dull, deject, amate; affray.*

Constipé: m. ée: f. *Constipated; costive, or bound in belly.*

Constitu: m. *An order, institution, decree, sentence, constitution, ordinance, act, statute; a matter throughly enacted, or determined.*

Constituant: m. *He that appointeth to his place, or setteth in his roome, some other.*

Constituant: m. ante: f. *Constituting, making, creating; ordaining; appointing, assigning unto, establishing; setling, or confirming, in.*

Constitué: m. ée: f. *Constituted, made, ordained, created; appointed unto, established, setled, confirmed, in, also, concluded.*

Constitué prisonnier. *Taken prisoner; also, arrested, apprehended.*

Constitué sur vn affaire. *Imployed as a committee, or commissioner, in a matter.*

Rente constituée. *A rent upon mortgage; or, a rent that is raised upon, or procured by, money.*

Constituer. *To constitute, make, ordaine, create; appoint, or assigne unto; also, to settle, establish; or, confirme, in.*

Constituer vne Rente sur. *To raise a rent upon; or to charge with a Rent.*

Constituteur: m. *A constituter, maker, ordainer, appointer, establisher, enactor.*

Constitutif: m. iue: f. *Constitutive; making, ordaining, enacting, appointing.*

Parties constitutives de l'homme. *The parts whereof he consists.*

Constitution: f. *A constitution, act, ordinance, decree, determination, ordinance, appointment; also, the raysing of a Rent; also, the constitution, temper, or complexion of the body.*

Construction: f. *A construction; composition, building, framing; also, a construing, or exposition of words.*

Construict: m. icte: f. *Made, built, framed; also, construed, or expounded.*

Construire. *To build, make, frame, found; also, to construe, or expound, words.*

Constupration: f. *A constupration, ravishing, deflouring, defiling of a woman.*

Constupter. *To constuprate, ravish, deflowre, defile a woman.*

Consubstancial: m. ale: f. *Consubstantiall, of the same substance, or stuffe whereof another is made.*

Consubstancialité: f. *Consubstantiality, the being of the substance whereof another is made.*

Consuivre. *See* Consuyvre.

Consul: m. *A Consull. (The old Romans chose yearely two Consuls, to governe their city, and command their Armies: In Paris,* Les Consuls *are five honest, and substantiall citizens, who determine all cases of debt (not exceeding 300 l. Tour.) betweene Merchant, and Merchant; Their authority continues but a yeare, and the utmost punishment they can inflict is but imprisonment: In most Cities of Aquitaine the chiefe Governours are tearmed* Consuls; *the rest of the good townes in France have such Consuls as Paris, by the names of,* Les Iuges, & Consuls des Marchands.*)*

Consulat: m. *A Consulship; the office, or place, of a Consul.*

Consultatif: m. iue: f. *Consultative; consulting.*

Qui a voix consultative. *Who (in a Court, or Councill) propounds his opinion, delivers his advice, or gives his voice, as an Assistant; but neither concludes, nor determins, as Iudge.*

Consultation: f. *A consultation; a solemne deliberating, or discussing of; a deliberation, advisement, or pawsing, on.*

Consulte. *as* Consultation.

Consulté. *Consulted, deliberated, pondered of.*

Consulter. *To give, or take, advice; to consult, or deliberate; ponder, or thinke of, rest, or pause, on the matter.*

Consulteur: m. *A consulter; a counsellor; an adviser; a demander, or giver, of advice.*

Consumé: m. *A Coulis.*

Consumé: m. ée: f. *Consumed, wasted, spent out, worne away, brought unto nothing.*

Consumer. *To waste, consume, spend out, weare away, destroy, bring unto nothing.*

Consumption: f. *A consumption; destruction; consuming, wasting, wearing out; pining away.*

Consuyvre. *To overtake, reach, attaine unto; also, to get, obtaine; atchieve.*

Consyre: f. *See* Confire.

Contablerie: f. *A Constableship; the office of a Constable; or, place wherein his office is kept.*

Contact: m. *A mutuall touching, or carnall feeling, one of another.*

Contadin: m. *A countreyman, boore, swaine, clowne, husbandman.*

Contagieux. *Contagious, infecting, pestilent.*

Contagion: f. *Contagion, infection, pestilent sickenesse.*

Contaminé: m. ée: f. *Defiled, polluted; contaminated; stained, violated.*

Contaminer. *To defile, pollute, contaminate; to staine, distaine, violate.*

Contant. *Telling, declaring, delivering, reporting; also, counting, numbring, reckoning.*

Argent contant. *Sheere money, ready coyne.*

Argent contant porte medecine. *Looke* Argent.

Vous vous abusez contant. *You abuse your selfe openly, plainly, extreamely.*

Vous avez perdu tout contant. *You have flatly, utterly, absolutely, lost.*

Conte: m. *An Earle. See* Comte.

Comté: f. *An Earledome. See* Comté.

Conte: m. *A story, relation, history; tale, fib, fable. See* Compte.

Contes de la Cigogne. *Foolish, idle, vaine, fantasticall, stories; tales of a tub, or of a rosted horse.*

Contes de la quenouille. *Old wives tales*

Fin de conte. *To be briefe, to conclude, to come to an end; or in the end of his tale.*

Ils en font leurs contes. *It is their common table talke; tis growne to be a publicke, or ordinary feast among them.*

Vn conte attire l'autre; Pro. *One tale drawes on another.*

De sot homme on n'en peut faire vn bon conte; Prov. *A fools whole life affords not one good tale.*

Conte: m. *An account.* See Compte.

Ie sçay le conte de mon argent. *I know how much money I have.*

Contemné: m. ée; f. *Contemned, despised, scorned, neglected, set at nought.*

Contemnement: m. *A contemning, despising, scorning, neglecting, setting at nought.*

Contemner. *To contemne, scorne, despise, neglect, make light of, set at nought.*

Contemneur. *A contemner, despiser, scorner; a disdainefull person; one that snuffes at every thing, and likes nothing, or sees that neglects, or disesteemes, another.*

Contemperé: m. ée: f. *Seasoned, mingled, tempered together.*

Contemperer. *To temper, season, qualifie, mingle one thing with another.*

Contemplateur. *A contemplator, great thinker, serious beholder of matters.*

Contemplatif: m. iue: f. *Contemplative, musing, thinking much, mind-beholding, meditating.*

Contemplatifs: m. *Certaine Friers (of S. Mary Magdalens Order) who feed on all sorts of flesh, and weare blacke upper habits, and white under ones.*

Contemplation: f. *Contemplation, deep consideration, inward beholding of, profound musing on, a mater.*

Contemplé: m. ée: f. *Contemplated, deeply considered, or musted on.*

Contemplement: m. *A contemplating, deep considering, profound musing; serious beholding of.*

Contempler. *To contemplate, muse, or meditate upon; to behold seriously, to view with great earnestnesse, or affection.*

Contempleur. *as* Contemplateur.

Contemporain: m. aine: f. *Of a like time, equall age, one standing; that lives in the same time.*

Contemt: m. *Contempt, scorne, despight, neglect.*

Contemptible: com. *Contemptible, abject, base; fit to be scorned, neglected, disdained, slightly regarded.*

Contenance: f. *The countenance, looke, cheere, visage, favour; gesture, posture, behaviour, carriage; presence, or composition of the whole body; also, the fan, or little skreene, which women hold before their faces to preserve them from the scorching heat of a great fire; also, the small looking glasse which some Ladies have usually hanging at their girdles; also, one of their Snuffkins, or Muffes; (called so in times past when they used to play with it for feare of being out of countenance.)*

Contenancé: m. ée: f. *Countenanced, favoured, graced.*

Maintien contenance. *Gracefull audacity, comely boldnesse; a constant, and pleasing set, or garbe of the countenance.*

Contenancer. *To countenance, favor, grace, maintaine, give countenance unto; also, to frame, or set the face handsomely; to give it a gracefull and constant garbe.*

Contendre. *To strive, contend, brable, debate, wrangle, jarre, be at odds, or variance, with.*

Contenir. *To containe, hold, or comprehend; also, to bridle, restraine, moderate; keepe in.*

Se contenir. *To refraine, forbeare, withhold from.*

Content. *Content, satisfied, pleased with what he hath; also, indifferent, which takes all things well.*

Cœur content & manteau fur l'espaule; Pro. *In an honest estate, how meane soever, there is great contentment to be found.* See Cœur.

Contenté: m. ée: f. *Contented, satisfied, satiated, fully pleased, throughly appeased.*

Contentement: m. *Satisfaction, contentment, full pleasure, or delight in; also, indifferency.*

Faire contentement. *To do one reason, or give him satisfaction.*

Contenter. *To content, satisfie, satiate, fulfill the minde, or appetite; also, to please; quiet, pacifie.*

Se Contenter. *To live at rest, be in peace, rest at ease; to quiet, please, contene himselfe with.*

Assez a qui se contente; Prov. *We say, a contented minde is a great treasure; or, is worth all.*

Contentieusement. *Contentiously, litigiously, debatefully, with much wrangling.*

Contentieux: m. euſe: f. *Contentious, debatefull, wrangling, litigious, full of controversie.*

Contention: f. *Contention, strife, debate, variance, contraversie, quarrelling, brawling, jarring, brabling.*

Contentor. Droict de Registre, ou de contentor. *A certaine Tour, upon every Charter; The fee of the* Audiencers *of Chancries.*

Contenu: m. uë: f. *Contained, comprehended, held in.*

Contenure: f. *Capacity; or, a containing.*

Conter. *To tell, say, speake, report, deliver, declare, expresse, relate, reckon up.*

Tu m'en veux conter. *Thou art disposed to talke.*

Tu nous en contes bien. *Tis a wise tale you tell us; or, such a tale fits a goose.*

Vn homme qui conte vingt & onze. *A coxcombe, noddypeake, ninnihammer.*

Contereau. *as* Compereau; *A bill of reckoning, &c.*

Contetolle: m. *as* Contreroelle.

Contesse: f. *A Countesse; the wife of an Earle.*

Contestablement. *By way of protestation.*

Contestation: f. *A contestation; a protestation, taking, or calling to witnesse; also, a contesting, striving, debating, reasoning, brabling about a matter; also, a contestation against; a gainsaying, denying, or waging, of Law.*

Contestation de cause. *An opening, before a Judge, the points contained in the Bill and Answer.*

Contestation en cause. *A rule given by the Judge upon the said opening, or the waging of Law by the defendant, having made a default, or being put from his other helps.*

Contestation feinte. *A but a slourish or shew of contestation, by reason, or vertue, of defaults.*

Contestation vraye. *A resolute, or peremptory contestation made by both parties.*

Contesté: m. ée: f. *Contested; protested; called, or taken to witnesse; also, debated, reasoned; argued, brabled about; also, denied, gainsayed, contested against.*

Contester. *To contest; call, or take to witnesse, make an earnest protestation, or complaint unto; also, to brable, argue, debate a matter with; also, to deny, gainsay, contest against.*

Contester la cause. *To open before a Judge the chiefe points of the bill and answer.*

Conteur: m. *An idle talker, vaine speaker; ordinary teller of old wives tales; also, as* Compteur; *also, a Counsellor, or Attorney imployed for the pleading, or opening of a cause in Court.*

A fol conteur fage escouteur; Prov. *A foolish talker had need to find a wise hearer; or, let him talke never so foolishly, they are wise enough that heare him.*

Contexte: m. *A context; a whole web, composition, worke; or, an interlacing, joyning, or weaving together; also, the forme, or stile of a Peece, Booke, or Discourse.*

Par vn contexte. *Altogether; with one tenour, in one manner; without any interruption, or intermission.*

Contigu: m. uë: f. *Neere adjoyning, fast by, close together, touching one another.*

† Contiguë: m, ée: f. *Joyned; layd neere, or close unto.*

† Contin. Mon contin. *My countryman.*

Continemment. *Continently, soberly, chastly; sparingly; with much temper, and moderation; abstemiously.*

Continence: f. *Continency, sobriety, forbearance of; abstinence from, pleasure.*

Continent. *Continent; sober, moderate; abstinent, abstemious, delights forbearing.*

Continu: m. uë: f. *Continuall, perpetuall, day by day, without intermission, or interruption; intire, whole.*

Continu à faire quelque chose. *Diligent, laborious, ever at it, persevering in it.*

Fiévre continuë. *A continuall fever, whose fit never ceaseth till the disease, or diseased, end.*

Continuation: f. *A continuation, or holding on without any stop, or intermission; a perseverance.*

Continuë: f. *as* Continuation.

A la continuë l'eau cave la pierre; Prov. *At length, or in continuance of time, the water pierceth stone.*

Continué: m. ée: f. *Continued, held on; persevered in; prolonged, drawne out in length, perpetuated.*

Continuël: m. ëlle: f. *Continuall, perpetuall, unstinted, without intermission, dayly, that ever dureth.*

Continuëllement. *Continually, unessantly, without stop, or stint; perpetually, everlastingly, for ever.*

Continuër. *To continue, last, hold out; proceed, persevere, hold on; to perpetuate, prolong, draw out in length.*

Continuité. *Continuation; a wholenesse; an intirenesse, or intire conjunction.*

Solution de continuité. *The division of a whole part, or thing.*

Contoir: m. *A closet, or counting-house.*

Contorsion:

Contorſion : f. *A contorſion ; a wrything, wreſting, drawing, or pulling awry.*
Contorſion de maſchoire. *A diſeaſe whereby the lower jaw is drawne altogether awry.*
Contour : m. le contour d' une ville *The compaſſe, or whole round of territory, or ground, lying nixt unto, and about, a towne.*
Contourements fievreux. *The turnings, toſſings, and other unquiet ſtirrings of thoſe that have an ague.*
Contournable : com. *Plyable ; which may be turned any way.*
Contournant. *Turning, wheeling, winding about.*
Contournant la teſte comme vn Singe qui avalle pillules. *Wheeling his head like a Mawe over thiſtles.*
Contourné : m. ée : f. *Turned round, wheled, or compaſſed about.*
Contournement : m. *A nimble turning, or winding.*
Contourner. *To round, turne round, wheele, compaſſe about.*
Contract : m. *A contract, bargaine, agreement ; a coaping ; treaty ; covenant.*
† Contractation : f. *A bargaining, contracting, covenanting with.*
Contracte : m. *as* Contract.
Contracté : m. ée : f. *Contracted, bargained, agreed ; coaped, or covenanted with.*
Contracter. *To contract, bargaine, agree ; to coape, chaffer, covenant with.*
Contraction de nerfs : f. *The crampe ; a convulſion, or ſhrinking of the ſinewes.*
Contracture : f. *A contraction, ſtraightening, gathering, or drawing up narrower, and narrower ; a making ſmaller in one place, then in another.*
Contradiction : f. *A contradiction, gainſaying, thwarting ; a croſſe word, or ſpeech.*
† Contrahant : m. ante : f. *Contracting, or making a contract.*
Contraignable : com. *Conſtrainable, compellable.*
Contraigneur. *A forcer, compeller, conſtrainer.*
Contrainct : m. cte : f. *Conſtrained, compelled, forced, thruſt, or put, on againſt his will.*
Le branſle contrainct. *The ſhaking of the ſheets.*
Contraincte : f. *Conſtraint, violence, compulſion.*
A toute contraincte. *Moſt ſtrictly, in all extremity.*
Sans contraincte. *Freely, willingly, of his owne accord.*
† Contrainctment, avec contrainct. *Forcibly, violently, by compulſion, by conſtraint.*
Contraindre. *To conſtraine, compell, force, thruſt forward, or againſt his will.*
Contraire : com. *Contrary, adverſe ; againſt, much diſagreeing ; alſo, directly overagainſt.*
Au contraire. *contrariwiſe on the otherſide or part, much otherwiſe ; alſo, overagainſt.*
Contrarié : m. ée : f. *Contraried, croſſed, impugned, thwarted, reſiſted, withſtood, or ſtroven againſt.*
Contrarier. *To contrary, croſſe, thwart, impugne ; reſiſt, withſtand, ſtrive, or be againſt.*
Contrarieté : f. *Contrariety ; extreame difference, maine oppoſition, mighty diſagreement.*
Contraſte : m. *Withſtanding, ſtriſe, contention, difference, repugnance.*
Contraſté : m. cé : f. *Withſtood, ſtriven, contended againſt.*
Contraſter. *To ſtrive, withſtand, contend againſt.*
Contravention. *as* Contrevention.
Contre. *(Subſtantively, as)* faire le contre. *To ſecond, aſſiſt, helpe forward ; and (in Muſicke) to beare the burden ; or ſing the Plainesong, whereon another deſcants. Look* Faire.
Contre. *Againſt, contrary to ; much oppugnant, oppoſite, or in oppoſition, unto ; alſo, over-againſt, on the other ſide ; alſo, towards ; as,* Contre diſner ; contre la nuict ; *and ſometimes in compoſition ; as* in Contrebas, Contremont, &c.
Il eſtoit tout contre. *He was very neere, or hard by, alſo, he was right over againſt, them.*
Halener contre. *To blow upon.*
† Contr-'adveu : m. *An Anſwer, or Oppoſition to a Bill of Complaint for poſſeſſion of moveables.*
† Contreadveu. *See* Contr-'adveu.
† Contre-advoué : m. ée : f. *Owned, or claimed by ſeverall parts, one ſaying tis his, another that tis his.*
† Contr'amour : m. *A holy, and honeſt love ; oppoſite unto the laſcivious, and diſſolute paſſion, which is commonly tearmed love*
† Contr'animé : m. ée : f. *Animated, encouraged, againſt.*
† Contr'antidote : m. *A remedy, or poyſon againſt a preſervative, a counter-antidote.*
† Contr'applegement. *An Anſwer, or Oppoſition, to a Bill of Complaint for the poſſeſſion of an immoveable.*
Contrebalance : f. *A counterballance, or counterpeiſe.*
Contrebalancé : m. ée : f. *Counterballanced, counterpeiſed.*
Contrebalancer. *To counterballance, or counterpeiſe ; to weigh againſt, or to eſteem by ; to make of equall weight with.*
Contrebande. Merchandiſe de contrebande. *Merchandiſe that is forbidden (by Proclamation, &c.)*
Contrebarre : f. *A counterbarre ; the long (outward) barre, wherewith ſome (two-leaved) doores and windowes, and the moſt ſhop-windowes, are ſhut in.*
Contrebarré : m. ée : f. *Counterbarred ; barred, or ſhut in, on the outſide ; alſo, (in Blaſon) counterbarrie.*
Contre-bas. *Downeward.*
Contre-baſe : f. *A counterbaſe ; the loweſt part of a Baſis ; or the part, or peece, whereon it ſtands.*
Contre-baſſe : f. *The baſe part in Muſick.*
† Contrebondi. *Rebounded, leaped back, or againſt.*
Contrebondir. *To rebound ; leape backe, or againſt.*
Contreboutant. *as* Contrefort.
Contrebouté : m. ée : f. *Underpropped, borne up, or borne againſt.*
Contrebouter. *To underprop, ſupport, beare up, or beare againſt.*
Contrecarre : f. *A counterſtrength, oppoſition, reſiſtance, defence ; (alſo, a reaſoning, or arguing) againſt ; alſo, comparison, or equality.*
Contrecarré : m. ée : f. *Set, or oppoſe againſt ; alſo, compared, equalled, or laye in ballance with.*
Contrecarrer. *To reſiſt, withſtand, contrary, ſet, or oppoſe himſelfe againſt ; alſo, to paragon, equall, compare, ſet in even ballance with.*
Contrecedule : f. *The counterpane of a Scedule.*
Contrechange : m. *A counterchange ; mutuall changing, or, croſſe exchange.*
Contrechangé. m. ée : f. *Counterchanged, exchanged acroſſe.*
Contrechanger. *To counterchange, or exchange acroſſe one thing for another.*
Contrechanter. *To record in ſinging ; to anſwer in the ſame note, or time.*
Contrecharger. *To countercharge ; to interchange burthens, or accuſations.*
Contrechifre : m. *A countercypher ; a note explanatory of particular cyphers ; or, as,* Le Chifre d' un Prince.
Contrechifrer. *To anſwer cyphers with cyphers ; alſo, to expound cyphers ; alſo, to requite private affection in a private faſhion.*
Contrecoeur. *as* Contrecueur.
Contrecourbé : m. ée : f. *Bent frowward, or one from the other.*
Contrecourber. *To bend one from another, as wreſtlers do their backe.*
Contrecueur : m. *Loathing, irkeſomneſſe ; alſo, the backe of a chimney.*
Cela me vient à contrecueur. *That goes againſt my ſtomacke ; my thoughts loath, mind hates, heart abhorrs, it.*
Contredict : m. *A contradiction, gainſaying ; refutation, confutation ; a croſſe anſwer, a replication ; a proving of the contrary.*
Contredict : m. icte : f. *Contradicted, gainſayed ; thwarted, contraried in words ; refelled, refuted, confuted.*
Contredigué : m. ée : f. *Fenced, or fortified with bankes and ditches againſt banks and ditches.*
Contrediguer. *To fence, or fortifie with bankes and ditches ; or, to oppoſe, or ſet up, banks againſt banks.*
Contredire. *To contradict, gainſay, thwart, croſſe, contrary in words ; alſo, to refell, convince, confute.*
Contredisant : m. ante : f. *Croſſing, contradicting, thwarting, gainſaying ; quarrelſome, contentious, contrary, croſſe.*
Contredise : f. *as* Contredite.
Contredite : f. *A contradiction, or croſſe ſpeech.*
Contrée : f. *A Country, Land, Region, Part, Coaſt, Quarter.*
Contr'effort : m. *A counter effort ; or effort uſed againſt force, a withſtanding ſtriving, reſiſtance, indeavour againſt a ſtrong, and ſtirring adverſary.*
† Contr'elider. *To counterbit, counterſtrike, counterdaſh, counterſquize ; to breake a ſtroke, or daſh, &c. with a ſtroake, or daſh, &c.*
Contr'eſcarpe : f. *A counterſcarſe, or counterminde in a fortified towne.*
Contr'eſchangé : m. ée : f. *Counterchanged.*
Contr'eſchanger. *as* Contrechanger.
Contr'eſcript : m. *A reply unto a former writing ; a writing repugnant ; a confutation, or treatiſe written againſt ; alſo, a copy.*

Contr'eſcript : m. ipte: f. *Confuted, written againſt ; alſo, copied, written out.*

Contr'eſcrire. *To confute, or write againſt ; alſo, to copie, or write, out.*

Contr'-eſſay : m. *A ſecond eſſay, a further triall of.*

† Contr'eſtang : m. *A Poole-damme ; a back-poole, or counter-pond ; a great ditch, or hollow ground, whereinto the water of a Pond, that's to be fiſhed, is let.*

Contr'eſter. *To withſtand, reſiſt, contend with ; to repugne.*

Contrefaict : m. icte: f. *Counterfeit, adulterate, fained, forged, falſe ; alſo, deformed, diſfigured, miſhapen, ill-favoured ; crooked, hulchbacked ; or (as wee ſay) a changeling.*

Contrefaire. *To counterfeit, imitate, reſemble, faine.*

Contrefaire le loup en paille. *See* Loup.

Se contrefaire. *To diſſemble, or diſguiſe himſelfe, to ſeem other then he is.*

Contre-feneſtre : f. *A woodden window (on the out ſide of a glaſen one) a counter-window, or outward window.*

Contretente: f. *The bruiſe, or craze of a bone in another, or oppoſite, part to the place where the blow (that cauſed it) was given ; this happens, eſpecially, in the ſkull.*

† Contreferme. *A counter-affirmation, or counter-avouchment ; an affirmation of that whereof another affirmes the contrary.*

† Contrefermé: m. ée: f. *Counter-affirmed, counter-avouched ; the contrary whereof is affirmed, or avouched.*

† Contrefermer. *To oppoſe an affirmation unto an affirmation ; to affirme the contrary of that which another hath affirmed ; a Law-tearme.*

Contrefeu : m. *An iron-back, or plate for the back, of a chimney.*

Contre-fil. à contre-fil. *Contrariwiſe, cleane kamme, or againſt the haire.*

Contrefineſſe : f. *Counter-cunning, deceiving of the deceiver ; the meeting with as craftie a knave as himſelfe.*

Contreflaté: m. ée: f. *Whoſe flattery is required, or anſwered with flattery.*

Contreflater. *To returne one faire word, or flattry for another ; to flatter as faſt as another.*

Contreflux : m. *An ebbe, or ebbing ; the fall, or going out, of a Tide ; or a check, or ſtop, unto a Tide.*

Contrefort. (*in Architecture*) *a Buttreſſe, prop, or ſhore-poſt ; an up-bearing arch, or pillar.*

† Contrefortuner. *To arme againſt the injuries of fortune ; to make ſhift for one (howſoever the world go.)*

Contrefrontail : m. *The brow-piece, or upmoſt poſt, of a doore ; a haunſe, or breaſt ſummer.*

Contregage: m. *A counter-gage, or counter-pawne ;* (Que aucuns ſeigneurs ont pretendu, pour pouvoir de leur auctorité faire priſes, quand on leur avoit fait tort. *Of* Ragueau.)

Contre-garde : m. *An under Warden, or counter-warden.*

Contre-garde des monnoyes. *An Officer of the Mint ; who takes notice, and keeps a reckoning, of the mettall that is delivered in to be coyned ; and afterward overſees the working thereof ; together with the Warden, whoſe place he executes, (as the other his) in abſence.*

Contregardé: m. ée: f. *Kept, ſaved, preſerved, made much of, looked well unto.*

Contregarder. *To keep, ſave, preſerve, conſerve, look well to, make much of.*

Se contregarder. *To reſerve, ſpare, or forbeare himſelfe ; to take his eaſe.*

Contrehaſtier : m. *A Racke, to turne ſpits on.*

Contrehaulte: f. *as* Haultecontre.

† Contr-'imiter. *To reſemble, imitate, counterfeit ; or to imitate one that imitates him.*

Contr-'invective. f. *A counter-invective ; an anſwer to an invective.*

Contrejoueur : m. *A counter-player ; an adverſary, or opponent, in play.*

Contre-lettre : f. *A counter-letter, or counter-maund ; a retractation of a letter by letter ; and particularly, a privat releaſe, or acquittance, in diſcharge of a Bond paſſed ; or a privat diſcharge of a duty, or ſervice acknowledged, before a publique Notary.*

Contre-lettre ſecrette. *Notice given in writing from a buier unto a ſeller, of a privat agreement made between them, contrary to the tenor of the deed they have paſſed before a Notary ; or, a privat agreement made between two that are contracted, without the knowledge, or conſent of their kindred that were preſent at the contract.*

† Contrelouër. *To retiorne praiſe with praiſe, or a good word for a good word ; to commend one that hath commended him before ; to ſcratch the back of one who hath already clawed his elbow.*

Contreluttè: m. ée: f. *Wraſtled, ſtriven, contended againſt.*

Contrelutter. *To wraſtle, ſtrive, contend againſt.*

Contre-maiſtre : m. *The Maſters mate in a ſhip.*

Contremanche : f. *A falſe ſleeve, halfe ſleeve, or, drawer over a ſleeve.*

Contremand : m. *A countermand ; a revocation, or contradiction of a former command.*

Contremandé : m. ée : f. *Countermanded ; contradicted.*

Contremandement : m. *A countermand, or countermanding.*

Contremander. *To countermand ; to recall, or contradict, a former command.*

Contremarque: f. *A countermarke.*

Contremejane. *The ſecond mizen, or aftermizen, of a ſhip.*

† Contrementir. *To ſet one lie againſt another.*

Contremettre. *To oppoſe ; object, lay, ſet, or wage againſt.*

Contremine: f. *A countermine ; a mine digged, by defendants, within a fortreſſe, to meet with another made by the enemy without it.*

Contreminé: m. ée: f. *Countermined.*

Contreminer. *To countermine.*

Contremont. *Upward ; alſo, up ; as,*

Contremont l'eau. *Up the water, directly againſt the ſtream.*

Contremonté: m. ée : f. *Mounted, or got up againſt.*

Contremonter. *To mount, or go up againſt.*

Contremunir. *To fortifie inner, or binder parts, thereby to ſuſtaine the outward, or forward ones ; alſo, to repaire ſuddainly ſuddaine ruines ; as in a ſiege.*

† Contreoffrir. *To change his offer ; to offer otherwiſe then before ; or, to make an offer contrary to that he made before.*

† Contreouvrier: m. *One that works againſt another.*

Contrepan: m. *A pledge, gage, or pawne, eſpecially of an immovable ; (It is commonly the eighth penny of the worth of land, as it is rented) or as* Hypotheque.

Contrepané : m. ée : f. *Pledged, pawned, engaged.*

Contrepaner. *To pledge, pawn, engage an immovable ; alſo, as* Compenſer.

Contrepant. *A gage ; or counterpane ; or as* Contrepan.

† Contrepensé : m. ée : f. *Diſliked, or diſtruſted after liking, or truſt ; thought otherwiſe of then before.*

† Contrepenſer. *To thinke otherwiſe then he hath done ; to diſlike a thing which he hath affected, or diſtruſt thoſe whom he hath relied on.*

† Contrepenſeur: m. *A counter-thinker ; one that thinks otherwiſe then, or contrary to, that he hath done ; one that changes, or doubts of, the conceit, or aſſurance he hath had of a thing.*

Contrepeſant. *Counterpeiſing ; countervailing.*

Contrepeſé. *Counterpeiſed.*

Contrepeſer. *To counterpeiſe ; countervaile, weigh in equall ballance.*

Mal poiſe qui ne contrepoiſe ; Prov. *He peiſeth ill that counterpeiſeth not ; he uſes not good luck aright that thinks not of, or provides not for, ill luck.*

† Contrepeter. *To anſwer one crack with another ; alſo, to counterfeit, or play the counterfeit.*

Contrepicqué : m. ée : f. *Counter-girded, counterpricked, countermipped.*

Contrepicquer. *To returngird for gird ; to give a nip for a nip ; or, one prick for another.*

Contre-pied. *That which we call Counter in hunting ; whence ;*

Tenir contrepied à. *To ſet, or hold his foot againſt another mans, thereby to ſtop him from going any further ; to croſſe, or impeach all he may the deſignes, or enterpriſes of another.*

Contrepleige m. *A Counterſurety ; one that's bound to ſave a ſurety harmeleſſe.*

Contrepleigement : m. *A counterband ; or, the ſecurity given to a ſurety.*

Contrepleiger. *To ſave a ſurety harmleſſe by counterband, &c. To give him a counterſurety, or other ſecurity.*

Contreplié : m. ée : f. *Bent, bowed, or foulded backe ; made ſtraight thereby.*

Contreplier. *To bend, bow, or fould backe ; to make, or ſet ſtraight by ſuch a bending, &c.*

Contrepoids. *as* Contrepois.

Contrepoil. à contrepoil. *Againſt the wooll, the wrong way, cleane contrary, quite kamme.*

ça que ie t'eſpluche à contrepoil. *Seeke Eſplucher.*

Contrepoinct : m. *The back ſtitch, or quilting ſtitch ; alſo, a quilt, counterpoint, (quilted) covering ; alſo, a croſſing, difference, oppoſition, alſo, a ground, or plain-ſong (in Muſick.)*

'A contrepoinct ; ou à contrepoincts. *By a quilting, with quilt ſtitch, or in a quilted faſhion ; alſo, backward and forward, interchangeably ; now one way, then another ; alſo, croſſely, thwartly, oppoſitely, contrary-waies.*

Contrepoincte : f. *as* Contrepoinct.

Contrepointée : m. ée : f. *Quilted, wrought with the backe ſtitch ; alſo, interchanged, ſet backward and forward ; croſſed, ſtood againſt, oppoſed, or in oppoſition with.*

I' ay la peau toute contrepointée de coups. *My ſkinne-coat hath received as many knocks as a quilt hath ſtitches.*

Contrepoincter. *To quilt, to worke the back ſtitch, or worke with the backe ſtitch ; alſo, to interchange, or ſet backward, and forward ; alſo, to croſſe, thwart, oppoſe unto, ſtand oppoſite againſt, be in oppoſition with.*

Contrepoinctier : m. *A Quilter, or quilt-maker.*

Contrepoint : & Contrepointer ; *as* Contrepoincte ; & Contrepoincter.

Contrepointerie : f. *The ſhop of a Quilter, or Counterpoint-maker.*

Contrepois : m. *Counterpois, equall weight ; alſo, a ground, or plaine-ſong, in Muſicke.*

Bailler contrepois. *To counterpoiſe, baliſt, make of even or equall weight.*

Marcher à contrepois. *To walke formally, or by line and levell ; to proportion, or meaſure out his ſteps.*

Contrepoiſon : m. *A counterpoiſon, antidote, medicine, or preſervative againſt poiſon.*

Contreporteur : m. *as* Biſouart *(So termed, becauſe he carries his packe, or burthen before him.)*

Contrepotencé : m. ée : f. *Counterpotency (a tearme of Blaſon.)*

Contrequarre. *as* Contrecarre.

† Contrequerant : m. *A rivall, competitor, concurrent.*

Contrequictence : f. *A counter-acquittance.*

Contrerepliqué : m. ée : f. *Replyed again, or againſt.*

Contrerepliquer. *To reply againe, or againſt.*

Contrerolle : m. *A controlement, or contrarolement ; the copy of a role (of accounts &c. a Parallell of the ſame quality and content, with the originall ; alſo, a controling, or overſeeing ; and, the Office of a Controler, or overſeer ; alſo, a Controler, or overſeer.*

Contrerollé : m. ée : f. *Controled, overſeen, obſerved ; alſo, the copy whereof is taken, and kept.*

Contreroller. *To controle ; obſerve, overſee, ſpie faults in ; alſo, to take, and keep a copy of a role of accounts ; to play the controler any way.*

Contrerolleur : m. *A Controler ; obſerver, overſeer ; properly, an Officer, that takes notes, or keepes a role, of another Officers accounts, thereby to diſcover him if he do amiſſe.*

Contrerolleurs des Aides. *Controlers of the Aides, looke that the Elleus, Aſſeſſors, Collectors, and Receivers of Subſidies doe their duties ; of all the particulars whereof they muſt every yeare ſend a role into the Chamber of Accounts.*

Contrerolleur de l' Audience de France. *The Controler of the Chancery attendant on the kings perſon ; unto whom les,*

Contrerolleurs des Chanceleries *(whereof there is in every Court of Chancery one) ſend halfe-yearely a particular account of the revenue of the Seale received in their ſeverall places.*

Contrerolleurs du Domaine. *Controlers of the Kings Demaine ; one eſtabliſhed in every ſeat of ordinary Receit for the Demaine ; who is to aſſiſt at the ſaid Receit ; at the making of leaſes of farmes ; and at the ſales of wood, wine, corne, hay, fiſh, &c. got in the Kings lands ; and is to take notice of all eſcheats, duties, and rights of Seignury, due, or occurring thereby ; and keeps a reckoning of all workes, reparations, almes, coſts of ſuit, and other charges, defrayed by the ordinary Receivers. Of all which he makes a role, and ſends it unto the Treaſurers generall, who thereby keepe in awe the ſaid Receivers.*

Contrerolleur general de l' Artillerie. *The Controler generall of the Ordnance ; next in place, and degree unto the Lieutenant : he keeps a regiſter of all munition that comes into, or goes out of, the ſtore ; and Inventories (delivered unto him by the Warden generall) of all that remaines in particular Fortreſſes, &c. and certifies them, with his controlements of them, every yeare, into the Exchequer.*

Contrerolleur general du Domaine. *One eſtabliſhed in every generality by Henry the third, in the yeare 1581, and ſuppreſſed againe by himſelfe in the yeare 1584.*

Contrerolleurs generaux des finances. *One in every generall Receit, who lookes that the Kings money be paid over by the particular Receivers (or farmers) unto the generall one ; to which end they are to bring unto him the others acquittances, which if they omit, or ſlack, he informes the Treaſurers generall who the fault is in. The money being paid, he keeps one key of the cheſt wherein tis layed, and the Receiver generall (in whoſe houſe it ſtands) another ; this until, amounting unto a round ſumme, they both together ſee it conveyed unto the Exchequer. Of all which, as alſo of every ſort of coyne ſo conveyed, and of the charge of levying, and conveying it, he is to ſend a role, or Inventory into the Chamber of Account.*

Contrerolleur general des guerres. *Tearmed alſo,* Secretaire, & Con. general des guerres. *The Controler generall of the warres ; Look* Secretaire.

Contrerolleurs des Mines. *Controlers of the Mines ; every one whereof is bound to ſend, from yeare to yeare, one Role, or controlement (containing the proportion of ſilver, which hath been delivered by the Maſter of the Mines unto the Maſters of the Mint, or otherwiſe drawne from, and fined within, the ſaid Mines that yeare) unto the Receivers, or Treaſurers within whoſe charge the Mines are ; and another unto the chiefe Maſter of the Mint.*

Contrerolleurs provinciaux, ou ordinaires, des guerres. *Provinciall, ordinary, or inferiour Controlers of the warres ; muſt, in the ſeverall Provinces aſſigned unto them, be preſent at all Muſters, and fifteene daies after every one, ſend unto the Controler generall a ſummary thereof, containing, the juſt number of the men that were muſtered, and an account of the moneyes paid, or laid out thereat.*

Contreroolle : & Contrerooolleur ; *as* Contrerolle, &c.

Contreruſe : f. *A counter-ſleight ; a wile for a wile ; one tricke in lieu of another.*

Contre-ſanglot : m. *A Tab ; the leather whereto a girth is faſtened ; a girth-leather.*

Contrescarpe. *A counterſcarfe, or countermure.*

Contreſcedule : m. *The counterpane of a Schedule.*

Contreſchangé : m. *A counterchange, interchange, croſſe exchange.*

Contrechangé : m. ée : f. *Counterchanged.*

Contreſeel : m. *A (little) ſeale put unto a label, &c. whereby divers writings already ſealed are joyned, or cloſed together ; a counter-ſeale.*

Contreſeeller. *To ſeale the label, &c. whereby ſealed writings are joyned, or faſtened together.*

Contreſigné m. ée : f. *Subſigned ; ſigned after, or under, the ſignature of another.*

Contreſigner. *To ſubſigne ; to ſigne a letter, &c. or put his name, or ſet his marke unto it, after, or under, another ; (ſo do the French Secretaries of State ſet their names unto letters Patents, under the Kings.)*

Contreſing : m. *A ſubſignature ; a hand, name, or marke, ſet to a letter, &c. under another ; a ſubſcription made lower than the other.*

Contreſommer. *To revoke, or countermand, a Summons, or Citation.*

Contreſonné : m. ée : f. *The contrary whereof is ſounded.*

Contreſonner. *To ſound the contrary, or to the contrary.*

Contré-ſouffle : m. ée : f. *Counter-blowne, croſſe-blowne ; Blowne on both ſides, or blowne up two contrary wayes.*

Contretaille : f. *The one part of a tally, or ſcore, already marked, or notched ; alſo, the Counter-tenor part, in Muſicke, and he that ſings, or beares, it.*

Contretaluer. *To oppoſe banke unto banke, or cauſey againſt cauſey, to reſiſt, or ſtrengthen, as with a double banke or cauſey.*

Contretemperament : m. *A croſſe, or contrary temper ; whence ;*

Faire vn contr. à la nature. *To alter nature.*

Contre-temps. *Ill, or falſe time ; or motions out of time.*

Contreteneur : m. *The Counter-tenor part in Muſicke.*

Contretenir. *To hold, or bale, againſt ; alſo, to challenge, quarell, debate for, pretend title unto, a thing againſt another.*

Contretenon de potence. *A ſtop (in a watch, or clock.)*

Contretenu. *Held againſt, or on the other ſide ; alſo, claimed, challenged, quarelled for, pretended unto.*

Contreteſte. faire contreteſte à ; *To withſtand, reſiſt, make head againſt.*

Contretiré : m. ée : f. *Drawne againſt ; alſo,*

alſo, drawne after the patterne of.

Contretirer. *To tug, hale, pull; hurle, throw, fling, againſt; alſo, to draw after the patterne of.*

Contretrahiſon: f. *A counter-treaſon; treaſon againſt treaſon.*

Contretrancher. *To counter-trench, or fortifie againſt an enemy i trenched.*

Contretraverſant: m. ante: f. *Counter-croſſing, counter-traverſing.*

Contreval. *Downward; alſo, downe.*

Contrevenant: m. ante: f. *Swarving, tranſgreſſing, departing from; going, or doing againſt an agreement, promiſe, or bargaine; alſo, croſſing, thwarting, contradicting; reſiſting.*

Contrevengé: m. ée: f. *Fully revenged.*

Contrevenger. *To revenge one blow, or injury, with another.*

Contrevenir. *To ſwarve, tranſgreſſe, decline, go, or depart from; to do contrary to promiſe, or otherwiſe than was agreed; alſo, to croſſe, thwart, contradict; reſiſt, or be againſt.*

Contrevent: m. *A contrary mind.*

Contreventer. *To hold againſt the wind:* ¶ Rab.

Contrevention: f. *A ſwarving from a promiſe, or contract; a going againſt once word; alſo, a thwarting, contradiction; reſiſtance.*

Contrevenu: m. uë: f. *Swarved, tranſgreſſed, gone from his word, or agreement; alſo, croſſed, thwarted, reſiſted, oppoſed againſt.*

Contre-vitre. *A counter-window, outward-window, or fence for a glaſſe window.*

Contreuve. *A fib, leaſing, tale of invention, or matter invented.*

Contribuable: com. *Contributable; fit, able, or accuſtomed, to contribute; liable, or ſubject unto contribution.*

Contribué. *Contributed.*

Contribuer. *To contribute, to give, or diſburſe together, to make a common purſe, to lay their monies together.*

Contributeur. *A contributer.*

Garend contributeur. *See* Garent.

Contribution: f. *A contribution; a joynt gift of many; alſo, as* Deſconfiture; *A diſtribution, or ſhaving of a debtors, or bankrupts goods among all his creditors.*

Contriſté: m. ée: f. *Grieved, afflicted, made ſorrowfull.*

Contriſter. *To grieve, ſadden, afflict, make ſorrowfull.*

Contrit: m. ite: f. *Contrite, agrieved, remorſefull, moſt penitent, or ſorrowfull, for miſdeeds.*

Contrition: f. *Contrition, remorſe, repentance; hearty ſorrow, inward lamenting for, a painefull apprehenſion, or memory of, offences.*

Controle, & controolle. *as* Contrerolle.

Controngle: f. *The dewe-claw, or water-claw of dogs, &c.*

Controverſé: m. ée: f. *Litigious, in controverſie; full of ſtrife, and controverſie; alſo, gainſaid, called in queſtion, diſputed againſt; made, or handled as, a controverſie.*

Controverſe: f. *Controverſie, variance, debate, ſtrife, altercation.*

Contrové: m. ée: f. *Fained, forged, invented, deviſed.*

Controuvement: m. *A fayning, fibbing, lying; a matter invented, meere imagination, forged ſtuffe.*

Controuver. *To faine, forge, deviſe, invent, imagine, out of his owne braine.*

Contr-'ouverture. *A counter-opening; See* Contr'ouvrir.

Controuveur: m. *A fainer, forger, inventer, deviſer, lyer.*

Contr'ouvrir. *To open counter, to make a revoltion; to pierce, or open a thing (as a part of the body) either farre off, or oppoſitely againſt, the place the overture is intended for.*

Contumace: f. *Stubbornneſſe, obſtinacy, wilfulneſſe, perverſeneſſe; diſobedience, contempt.*

Contumacer. *To deale ſtubbornely, be perverſe; follow his owne will, diſobey, or rebell againſt his Superiours; to make a contempt; alſo, to judge, or proceed againſt, as diſobedient, obſtinate, rebellious, to puniſh, or cenſure, a contempt.*

Contumax: m. ace: f. *Stubborne, ſullen, refractary, rebellious, contemptuous, diſobedient: obſtinate, ſtiffe-necked, headſtrong, wilfull, heady, ſelfe-willy: (The French Lawyers make, deux eſpeces des contumax; The firſt, ſuch as after three ſeverall, and publike, ſummons refuſe to appeare; the ſecond, thoſe that appearing ſtand mute, and will not anſwer; A ſilence which imports a confeſſion.)*

Contumelie: f. *Contumelie; reproach, an outrage in words; a ſpightfull reproofe, injurious checke, ſcandalous or ſlanderous rebuke.*

Contumelieuſement. *Contumeliouſly, reproachfully, in deſpightfull tearmes.*

Contumelieux: m. euſe: f. *Contumelious; reproachfull, deſpightfull, outragious, or moſt injurious, in words.*

Contundre. *To beat, knock, thumpe, bruiſe, pound, or ſtampe, in peeces.*

Contuſion: f. *A knocking, thumping, bruiſing, beating, pounding, ſtamping.*

Contuteur: m. *A joynt Tutor, or Gardein.*

Conu: m. uë: f. *Knowne, &c. as* Cogneu.

Convaincre. *To convict, convince, take tardy, prove faulty; finde in the manner.*

Convaincu: m. uë: f. *Convicted, convinced; taken tardy, proved faulty, found in the manner.*

Convaleſcence: f. *A recovery of health, ſtrength, and vigour; a waxing ſtrong againe.*

Convalidé: m. ée: f. *Recovered, reſtored unto health, growne well againe.*

Convalider. *To recover, to reſtore unto health, or ſtrength.*

Convaſſal: m. *A fellow vaſſall.*

Convenable: com. *Convenient; apt, fit, meet for; agreeable, ſutable, according unto; proper, comely, decent, beſeeming, ſeemly.*

Convenablement. *Conveniently; aptly, fitly, agreeably, ſutably, properly, to the purpoſe; decently, beſeemingly; well.*

Convenance: f. *An accord, concordance, agreement, condition; covenanting; alſo, conveniency, proportion, handſomeneſſe, agreeableneſſe.*

Convenancé: m. ée. f. *Covenanted; agreed; promiſed, contracted upon Covenants.*

Convenancer. *To covenant, bargaine, contract, agree with, promiſe unto, upon covenants.*

Convenant: m. *A covenant, or agreement upon covenant; a conditionall bargaine, or contract; a faithfull, and publique, or ſolemne promiſe.*

Convenant: m. ante: f. *as* Convenable; *alſo, agreeing, ſuiting with; befitting, beſeeming.*

Convenir. *To aſſemble, meet, or come together; alſo, to befit, beſeeme, ſort well unto; to be meet, proper, or convenient for; alſo, to agree, conſent, accord with; alſo, to couple, conclude, joyne; come to the point.*

Convenir en juſtice. *To bring in ſuit, convent before a Judge, enter an action againſt.*

Il me convient. *I muſt, I ſhould, I have need, tis neceſſary for me; proper, or belonging to me.*

Convent. *A Covent, Cloiſter, or Abbey of Monkes, or Nunnes.*

Abbe & convent ce n'eſt qu'un; mais la bourſe ſe garde en divers lieux; Prov. *An Abbot and Covent though but one body have ſeverall minds, ends, or meanes.*

Pour vn Moine ne faut convent; Pro. *One onely Monke deſerves not an Abbey; or one Swallow makes not a Summer.*

Conventicule: m. *A conventicle; a little, or private, (and, moſt commonly, unlawfull, or ill-affected) aſſembly.*

Convention: f. *A covenant, contract, bargaine, agreement; alſo, a ſuing, impleading, or conventing before a Judge; and hence;*

Cecy n'eſt pas de facile convention. *This is hard to be compaſſed by ſuit of law.*

Conventioné. *as* Conventionel.

Conventionel: m. elle: f. *Contracted, covenanted, agreed upon; or paſſed by contract; done by agreement, under articles, or covenants.*

Intereſt conventionel. *Intereſt, or uſe for the lone of mony, &c. as in* Intereſt.

Propre conventionel. *See* Propre.

Conventuël. prieuré conventuël. *A Priory wherein there are Friers.*

Conventuëls: m. *An order of* Obſervantine Friers; *not altogether ſo ſtrict as the ordinary ones.*

Convenu: m. uë: f. *Aſſembled, met, or come, together; alſo, covenanted, promiſed; accorded, or agreed unto; alſo, impleaded, ſued, conventd or called, before a Judge.*

Convereau: m. *A fiſh that ſomewhat reſembles, but is leſſe than, the* Aloſe.

Convers: vn con. *A convertite; one that hath turned to the Faith; or is wonne unto a religious profeſſion; or hath abandoned a looſe to follow a godly, a vitious to lead a vertuous life.*

Converſation: f. *Converſation, commerce, great acquaintance, familiarity, aſſociation, with.*

Converſe: f. *A Nunne (that formerly hath been of looſe behaviour, or hath in her time, been a good one.*

Converſer avec. *To converſe, or be much converſant, aſſociate, or keep much company, with; to haunt, frequent, reſort often unto.*

Conversion : f. *A conversion ; alteration, change ; a turning ; revolution, compasse, or course of things.*
Conversion Sainct Paul. *A Holy-day kept by the Church of Rome the xxv. of January.*
Converti : m. ie : f. *Converted, altered, changed, turned, transformed, translated.*
Convertir. *To convert ; alter, change, transforme, turne ; translate.*
Convertissement : m. *A converting, turning, altering, changing.*
Convertoir. *Part of the head, or chapter of an Ionian pillar.*
Convexe : com. *Crooked, bunting, or binding downe on every side ; as an arch, &c.*
Convexion : f. *The crookednesse, or bending of a hollow thing turned downward.*
Convi : m. *A banquet, feast, great supper, or dinner, wherto acquaintants, and friends are invited.*
Convice : m. *A reproach, railing word, biting taxme, frightfull scoffe, despightfull gird, or glaunce, malicious taunt.*
Convié : m. ée : f. *Invited, or bidden unto a feast.*
Conviement. *An inviting, or bidding unto a feast.*
Convient. Il con. que vous : *(Impersonally) you must, or should ; it behoves, it behooves you ; See* Convenir.
Convier. *To invite, or bid unto a feast, &c.*
Convicieux : m. cieuſe : f. *Reviling, reproachfull, railing, maliciously taunting, despightfully girding at.*
Convocation. *A Convocation ; an assembly, or calling together.*
Convoitable : com. *Covetable, fit to be coveted, or lusted after.*
Convoitant. *Coveting, desiring, longing for, lusting after.*
Convoité : m. ée : f. *Coveted, desired, affected, longed for, lusted after.*
Convoitement : m. *A coveting, desire, lust, a stomach, or appetite unto.*
Convoiter. *To covet, desire, affect greedily, wish, or long for, thirst, or lust after.*
Qui tout convoite tout perd ; Prov. *He that covets all tastes all.*
Convoiteux : m. euſe : f. *Covetous, greedy, desirous of, longing for, lusting after.*
Convoitise : f. *Covetousnesse, concupiscence, an earnest desire, overblasse affection, greedy thirst, unsatiable lust, after.*
Convoler en secondes nopces. *To marry a second wife (in haste.)*
Convoqué : m. ée : f. *Called, assembled.*
Convoquer. *To call, or assemble many together.*
Convoy : m. *An accompanying ; a following, waiting, or attending on ; especially in marriage, and burials matters ; also, a convoy, or company of Souldiers, or ships, for the wafting, or safe-conducting of passengers.*
Convoyé : m. ée : f. *Convoyed, accompanied, followed, waited, attended on.*
Convoyer. *To convoy, or accompany ; to follow, wait, or attend on.*
Convulsion : f. *A convulsion ; a plucking up, or shrinking, as, of the sinews in a crampe ; also, a pricking, or shooting ache.*
Conyle : f. *Great Chervill, sweet Chervill, mirrhe Chervill.*
Conyse. *The herbe Flea-bane, or Flea-wort ; of three kinds.*
Conyse grande. *Great Flea-wort.*
Conyse moyenne. *Flea-bane Mullet.*
Conyse petite. *Dwarfe, or small Flea-bane.*
Coöperer. *To worke, effect, or labour, with.*
Cope gorgée. *Instead of,* Gorge coupée. *q Rab.*
Copeaux. *as* Coupeaux ; *Chips.*
Copelle : f. *as* Coupelle ; *A Test, or Coppell.*
Copellé : m. ée : f. *Tested ; melted, or fined, as silver, in a Test, or Coppell.*
Copené. face copenée ; *A Pesse Gobony, (a terme of Blazon.)*
Coper : m. *as* Couperet.
Cophin : m. *A Basket, hutch, or small pannier of Wicker. See* Cofin.
Copie : f. *The copy of a writing ; also, store, plenty, abundance of.*
Copié. *Copied, written out ; also, flowted.*
Copier. *To copy, or write out ; also to flowt, scoffe, deride, ride, mock, give at ; to play the knave with in words, &c.*
Copiere. Herbe copiere, *as* Oeil de Cerf.
Copieusement. *Copiously, plentifully, abundantly, greatly, at large, in great measure.*
Copieux : m. *A well-spoken, or Courtly person ; (a word misused by clowns ;) also, a flowting, or jesting companion, whence;* Les Copieux d'Angers. *(To Angeulme being held great flowters.)*
Copieux : m. euſe : f. *Copious, abundant, plentifull ; great, large, full ; well furnished, throughly provided of.*
Copiosité : f. *Plenty, store, abundance, fulnesse, copiousnesse.*
Copiste : m. *A maker of Counterpanes, a writer out of copies.*
Coppe. *A measure ; the halfe of a Burgomain Bushell.*
† Coppé. *as* Coupé ; *Cut.*
Coppeau. *as* Coupeau ; *A chip.*
† Copper. *To cut ; See* Couper.
† Copperet. *To ring all in, or the last peale.*
Coppiet. *To rouse, and stretch out himselfe, as one that goes about an exercise, or to trie a mastery ; (an old word.)*
Coppon : m. *A pint ; or, the eighth part of a Parisian bushell.*
Copte. *A certaine fish very like unto a Sturgeon.*
† Coptè : m. ée : f. *Tolled, or strucken only on the one side, as a Bell, &c.*
† Coptet. *To toll, or strike only on one side ; as a bell, when it is not fully rung out.*
Copuland : m. *A coupling, or joyning together ; q Rab.* Copulatif.
Copulatif. *An exercise in Schooles ; when Scholers dispute, and he that hath done best is placed highest.*
Copule : f. *A conjunction, a joyning, or coupling together.*
Coq : m. *A cock ; (vn coq ;) also, the Dorce, or Saint Peters fish ;* (le coq ;) *also, costmary, Balsamine, Alecoast ; also, (and the more properly) Dittany, Dittander, Pepperwort (du coq.)*
Coq à l'asne. *A libell, pasquin, Satyre.*
Coq de bois. *A black, and rough-legg'd Moore-cock, full twice as big as ours, and living altogether in the mountains.*
Coq d'eſglise. *A weather-cock.*
Coq d'Inde. *A Turky ; a Turky-cock.*
Creste au coq. *The herbe Coxcombe, Penny-grasse, yellow and white Rattle ; also, the herbe Clary.*
Pied de coq. *Hedge-Fumitory, Hennes-foot ; also, bastard Parsley ; also, the herbe Crow-foot, Kings-cob, Gold-cup, Gold-flower ; Butter-flower (the single one ; the double one being ordinarily called) double Crowfoot, or Batchelers buttons.*
Elle chante le coq. *Said when a bonne crowes.*
Il n'y fera rien, non plus que le coq sur les oeufs. *(Whereon he cannot by any meanes be brought to sit.)*
On n'y a iamais ouy le coq chanter. *Said of an unhaunted, and unhabited place.*
Sauter du coq à l'asne. *To run, without order, out of one matter into another.*
Il ne chante le coq si vlendra le iour ; Prov. *Though the cock never crow, day will come.*
Coqu : m. *A cuckow, or cuckold. See* Cocu.
Coquage : m. *Cuckoldry, the state of a cuckold.*
Coquar : m. *An egge, or egge-shell, or, an.*
Coquard : m. *A proud gull, peart goose, quaint fop, fancy doult, malapert coxcombe, rash or forward coxes.*
Mieux vaut l'ombre d'un sage vieillard que les armes d'un ieune coquard ; Prov. *The shadow of an advised grandsire is better then the sword of an adventurous goosecap.*
Coquard : m. Coquarde : f. *as* Coquart.
Coquarde. bonnet à la coquarde. *A Spanish cap, or fashion of bonnet used by the most substantiall men of yore ; (Termed so (perhaps) because those that wore of them grew thereby the prouder, and presumed the more of themselves) also, any bonnet, or cap, worne proudly, or pearly on th'one side.*
Coquardeau : m. *A proud asse, bold goose, fond sawcebox ; one that hath more wealth then wit, or is much more forward then wise.*
Coquardise : f. *Fond pride, sawsinesse, presumption, malapertnesse ; unadvised peartnesse, jollity, cheerfulnesse, cockernesse.*
Coquart : m. arde : f. *Foolishly proud, saucy, presumptuous, malapert ; undiscreetly peart, cocket, jolly, cheerfull ; more bold then welcome, forward then wise.*
† Coquasse : f. *A kettle, or chafer.*
† Coquassier : m. *A seller of egge-shells ; also, a maker, or seller of kettles, or chafers.*
Coquatrix : m. *A Basiliske, or Cockatrice.*
Coque : f. *A cockle, also, a bump, or knob on the forehead ; also, an egge-shell, &c.*
Coque de Levant. *The small medicinable shell called in shops,* Vnguis odoratus.
Nulle noix sans coque ; Prov. *No nut without a shell.*
Coquefredouille : m. *A meacock, milksop, sneakby, worthlesse fellow.*
Coquelicon : m. *Cock-crowing ; the sung of a cock.*

Coquelicoq. *as* Coquelicon; *Alſo the wild Poppie, Corne-roſe, red Corne-roſe.*

Coqueliné: m. ée: f. *Dandled, fedled, cockered, pampered, made a wanton of.*

Coquelinement: m. *A dandling, fedling, cockering.*

Coqueliner vn enfant. *To dandle, cocker, fedle, pamper, make a wanton of, a child.*

Coquelineux: m. euſe: f. *Fantaſticall, brainſick, humorous, moodie, giddie, ſhittle-headed, whoſe head is full of crotchets.*

Coquelourdes: f. *The Wind-flower; alſo, the baſtard Wind-flower, Paſſe-flawer, Paſque-flower, Flaw-flower; alſo, the flower called, Roſe-campion.*

Coqueluche: f. *A hood; alſo, the coqueluchoe, or new diſeaſe; which troubled the French about the yeares 1510, and 1557; and us but a while agoe.*

Coqueluchon: m. *The Capuche, or hood of a cloke; alſo, a weather-hood.*

Coqueluchonné: m. ée: f. *That weares a hood, or a Spaniſh Capuche.*

Coquemare: f. *The diſeaſe called the night-mare.*

Coquemart: m. *A brazen pot, or chafer, having a cover.*

† Coqueplumet. *A proud cockeſcombe, a ſcarrecrow; a way-feather; one that ſwaggers, or ſtalkes up and downe the ſtreets, with a top like a fort-horſe; or, one who, by th'authority of his high feather, preſumes he may over-rule, or put downe, a whole ſtreet.*

Coquer. *To play the cocke, to tread hennes like a cock.*

Se coquer contre. *To knocke himſelfe, or runne his head againſt.*

Coquerelles: f. *Red Night-ſhade, Alkakengie, Winter-cherries.*

Coqueret: m. *The name of a certaine red, and very ſweet apple, that's ripe about Allhallowntide.*

Coquerets des co. *as* Coquerelles.

Des Coquerettes. *The ſame.*

Des Coquerez. *The ſame.*

Coques des coques: f. *Cockles.*

Coquet: m. *A Cocke-boat; alſo, a weather-cocke.*

Coqueté. *Cackled, or Chucked; alſo, ſtrowted, or ſwaggered.*

Coqueter. *A cock to call his hennes; or to chucke, as a cocke among hennes; alſo, to ſwagger, or ſtrowt it, like a cocke on his owne dunghill.*

Coquetier: m. *A ſeller of eggs; or of eggeſhels.*

Coquette: f. *A pratling, or proud goſſip; a fisking, or ſlipperous minx; a cocket, or tatling houſwife, a titiſill, a ſtebergebit.*

Coquillade: f. *A certaine little, ſlender, ſcaleleſſe, ſmall mouthed, and grey-eyed ſea-fiſh, living among rocks.*

Coquillage: m. *Shell-worke; worke made of, or trimd with, ſhells.*

Coquillant. *Making, or vaulting, like a ſhell.*

Coquillard. *as* coquardeau; *Alſo, a ſmall veſſell whereon, in Paris, they ſerve reare eggs unto the table.*

Coquillard: m. arde: f. *Shelly, full of ſhells.*

Coquille: f. *The ſhell of a fiſh; of a ſnaile; of a nut; or of an egge; alſo, a boat-baſon, or any open veſſell, that's faſhioned like a baſon, or Scallop-ſhell; alſo, a French-hood; alſo, a meaſure containing five ſpoonefuls.*

Coquille de S. Iacques. *The Scallop fiſh; alſo, a Cockle.*

Coquille de S. Michel. *A Cockle.*

Coquille de Preſtre. *The herb Chickweed; or a kind thereof, held by Dodonens to be the right Mouſe-eare.*

Coquille ſabotée. *The Yaulke; a ſhell-fiſh called ſo, becauſe it ſomewhat reſembles a Top.*

Large coquille. *A Scallop.*

Bailler de coquilles. *A couſener, cheater, conie-catcher, impoſtor, mount-bankes: Hence alſo,*

Dreſſer vne coquille. *To deviſe a gulling trick; to invent a cheating device; to lay a ſnare for a foole.*

A qui vendez vous vos coquilles? *followed by,* à ceux qui viennent de S. Michel? *Why ſhould you thinke to couſen us, that are as cunning as your ſelves? 'tis ill hawking before a cripple.*

Coquillé: m. ée: f. *Set thick with ſhells; alſo, made, or faſhioned like a ſhell.*

Pain coquillé. *A faſhion of an hard-cruſted loafe, ſomewhat like our Stillyard Bunne.*

Coquiller. *To vault, bow, or faſhion, a thing like a ſhell; alſo, as* Recroquiller.

Coquilleux: m. euſe: f. *Shellie, full of ſhells.*

Coquillier: m. ere: f. *Having a ſhell, or bearing a ſhell; of, or belonging to, a ſhell.*

Coquilliere: f. *A woman that (now) makes biggens, and caps; (but whoſe chiefeſt worke in times paſt, was the French-hood* Coquille.)

Coquillon: m. *A tittle ſhell, or hood; alſo, a fooles hood; or, a hooded foole.*

Coquimbert qui gaigne perts. *A gamſt at cards; like our loſing Ledam.*

Coquin: m. *A begger, poore ſnake, needie wretch, tattered rogue, louſie vagabond, that begges from doore to doore; any baſe ſcoundrell, or ſcurvie fellow: alſo, as* Egau. C'eſt vn grand cas la fureur de deux coquins à vne porte. *A proverb meant, as well of th'ordinary jarring, and threatings that paſſe betweene two ambitious Competitors, as of the ſculding, or other ſcurvie ſtirre, made by two hungrie and envious beggers at a mans doore.*

Il n'eſt vie que de coquins; Pro. *There's no life to the beggers; Looke* Vie.

Il vaut mieux eſtre coquu que coquin; Prov. *Better be a cuckold then a beggerly knave.*

Coquin: m. ine: f. *Beggerly, needie, louſie, roguiſh, vagabond-like.*

Mouton coquin. *A Bell-weather.*

Pigeon coquin. *A tame Pigeon.*

Elle entrejetta la jambe coquine. *She interpoſed her wanton, laſcivious, or harlots, legge.*

Coquine: f. *A begger-woman; alſo, a cockney, ſimperdecockit, nice thing.*

Coquineau: m. *A ſcoundrell, baſe varlet, beggerly raſcall, beaſtly fellow.*

Coquiner. *To begge, to crave like a begger; to play the rogue, or baſe raſcall.*

Coquinerie: f. *Beggerie, begging; alſo, roguerie, knaverie, baſeneſſe; or baſe humours; alſo, meats that are more toothſome then holeſome; forced meats.*

Coquiol: f. *A degenerate Barley, or weed commonly growing among Barley, and called, Haver-graſſe.*

Coquu. *as* Cocu.

Cor: m. *A Hunters Horne; a Bugle, or Hatchet; alſo, a corne in the foot; alſo, the hard and horny ſwelling in Horſes, termed, the Sit-faſt.*

Cors. *The broches of a Deers head; all the pegs thereof, from the ſecond, or third, upwards.*

Cor de mer. *The Sea-horne; a ſhell-fiſh that ſomewhat reſembles a horne.*

A cor & à cry. *By Proclamation; alſo, by might and maine, with heave and hoe; eagerly, vehemently, ſeriouſly.*

Corail: m. *Corrall; (growes in the Sea, like a thick ſhrub, and is then of a greeniſh colour; taken thence, it waxeth very hard, and (after it hath been dreſſed) becomes red, and ſmooth; (There is alſo a white, a black, and a yellow, kind of Corrall.)*

Coralin: m. ine: f. *Corralin, of Corrall, like unto Corrall.*

Coraline: f. *Sea-moſſe, Corralline, or Corrall-moſſe.*

Corapel. *A Printes Cloth of Eſtate.*

Corbat peſcheret. *A Cormorant: Dauph.*

Corbature. *as* Courbature.

Corbau: m. *The Cabot fiſh; or, as* Corp.

Corbeau: m. *A Raven; alſo, a Corbill (in Maſonrie); and, a Bracket, or ſhouldering peece (in Timber-workes); alſo, a certaine marine inſtrument; alſo, the broyſed bone of a leg, or ſhoulder, of Mutton, having ſome fleſh left about it.*

Corbeau d'eau. *A Cormorant.*

Corbeau de mer. *The ſame; or the Sea-Raven.*

Corbeau du nuict. *The Night-Raven.*

Corbeau peſcherer. *A Cormorant.*

Repaiſtre les corbeaux. *To hang in chaines; or, to lye unburied in the fields.*

Tromper vn corbeau à bouche beante. *To couſen a greedie fellow of a bit which he gapes after; or, as in* Tromper.

De mauvais corbeau mauvais oeuf; Prov. *Of an ill bird, an ill brood.*

La cenſure tourmente les pigeons laiſſant aller les corbeaux libres; Prov. *Cenſure torments Pigeons, and frees Ravens; and hence are Lawes compared unto Cobwebs; little Flies are caught in them, great ones breake through them.*

Corbeil. *The name of a towne thus is not farre from Paris; and hence the proverbiall phraſe;*

Prendre Paris pour Corbeil. *To take an Apple for an Oyſter; to miſtake the matter quite and cleane.*

Corbeille: f. *A Wicker Basket, or Maund; alſo, a Doſſer.*

Qui fait corbeille il fait panier; Prov. *He that makes a Basket, makes a Pannier; he that can doe one thing, can doe another.*

Corbeillée: f. *A Basket-full of.*

Corbeilleux: m. euſe: f. *Belonging to a Basket, or Maund; alſo, full of Baskets, &c.*

Corbeillon: m. *A little Basket, Pannier, or Maund.*

Corbieu. *Gogs heart.*

Corbigeau: m. *A Cormorant, or Sea-Raven.*

Corbillat: m. *A young Raven.*

Corbillon. *as* Corbeillon.

Corbin: m. *A (carrion, or carre) Crow.*

Bec de corbin. *A Pentioners halberd, or pollax; alſo, a Chirurgions toole, called a Crowes-bill; See* Bec.

Os corbin. *A certaine hollow bone in the crupper of a Deere.*

Pied de corbin. *The herb Crow-foot, Kings-cob, Gold-cups, Gold-flower, Butter-flower.*

Corbiné: m. ée: f. *Stollen, filched, purloined, lurched; alſo, polled, exacted, extorted; extremely uſed.*

Corbiner. *To ſteale, filch, purloine, lurch; alſo, to poll, extort, or exact more then is due.*

Corbinerie: f. *Stealing, filching, lurching; alſo, polling, exaction, extortion.*

Corbinet: m. *The crooking of Ravens, or Crowes.*

Corbineur. *A filcher, lurcher, poller, exacter.*

Corbineurs du Palais. *Lawyers, and Clerkes; which ordinarily fleece, lurch, poll, and ſpoile, poor ſuiters.*

Corcalihat: m. *The crie of Quailes.*

Corceſque: f. *A kinde of broad-headed Javelin, or dart.*

Corchiere: f. *The battlement of a wall; alſo, (in a gallie) as* Courſie.

Cordace. *A kind of country dance.* ℣ Rab.

Cordage: m. *Cordage, ropes; or ſtuffe to make ropes of.*

Cordaille de navire. *Tackling.*

Corde: f. *A cord, rope, halter; a twiſted ſtring, band, or line; alſo, as* Tendon.

Corde de bois. *A certain meaſure, or quantity, of wood (whether fagots or billets) laid together; eight, or ten foot in length, about foure in height, and having at either end two ſtakes to hold it in.*

Corde du bras. *The greateſt, and moſt notable, branch of the ſhoulder veine.*

Corde d'un Cordelier. *A grey Friers girdle; or, the knotted cord wherewith he girds himſelfe.*

Cordes du iarret. *The ham-ſtrings.*

Haut mal de la corde. *A hanging.*

Homme de ſac & de corde. *One for whom the gallowes grone; Look* Sac.

Avoir deux cordes à ſon arc. *To bee furniſhed with two helpes, to have a double hope of ſucceſſe, in his buſineſſe; (we alſo uſe the ſame phraſe.)*

Bailler à vn la corde pour ſe pendre. *Cunningly to give one an advantage which if he uſe will turne to his prejudice.*

Coucher ſous corde. *In game, &c. to ſtake downe ready coine; from Tennis-players, that lay the money they play for under the line.*

Elle n'eſt ſi fine que la corde n'y apparoiſſe. *As cunning as ſhee thinks her ſelfe, her tricks may be diſcerned: (a metaphor from cloth, whoſe thread may be ſeen.)*

Il eſt au bout de ſa corde. *Hee is at the end of his meanes; he hath ſhewed his utmoſt skill in the matter; he can do no more to it, ſay nought elſe of it, go no further in it.*

Il y aura beau ieu ſi la corde ne rompt. *Wee ſhall have good ſport if the line break not; i. if all things continue as they are, or hold, that are now, good.*

Pendant que la corde eſt au puis. *While the matter is hot; while there is opportunity; while your hand is in.*

Plus couſte la corde que le tardeau. *Said when the charges of law, or traffick, &c. exceed the principall, or diminiſh ones ſtock.*

A groſſe larron groſſe corde; Prov. *A ſtrong halter for a ſtrong thiefe.*

A longue corde tire qui d'autruy mort deſire; Prov. *Hee that longs for another mans death, hath a long (or a cold) ſuit of it; Wee ſay, hee that waits for dead mens ſhoon ſhall go long barefoot.*

Qui plus qu'il n'a vaillant deſpend il fait la corde à quoy ſe pend; Prov. *Who more then he is worth doth ſpend, hee makes a rope his life to end.*

Cordé. *Corded; twiſted as a cord; bound with cords; alſo, out of ſeaſon; (a Metaphor from Lampreyes, which being out of ſeaſon have a hard ſtring in their backs.)*

Cordeau: m. *A Carpenters chalked, or Oakered, line.*

Cordeau courant. *A Gardeners line; the line wherewith he meaſures out his plots, and beds.*

Cordeau volant. *The ſame.*

Cordée: f. *A ſtring-full of; alſo, a ranke, row, liſt, file.*

Cordelé: m. ée: f. *Twiſted, or made into cords.*

Cordeler. *To twiſt, or make ropes; or make into cords, ropes, &c.*

Cordelette: f. *A ſmall cord; a twine, or packthread; a twiſted lace, line, or ſtring.*

Cordeleux: m. euſe: f. *Cordie, cord-like; full of cords.*

Cordelier: m. *A Grey Frier (of the Order of S. Francis) a Cordelier; alſo, twiſt.*

Monnoye de Cordelier. *Thanks; or a Benedicite; (for Grey Friers are to carry no money about them.)*

Cordeliere: f. *A Grey Friers girdle (made of a piece of a rope full of equall-diſtant knots;) Hence, any knotted thread, or ſtring; and the blacke, and knotted necke-lace (no better then a ſtring) worne by ſome Gentlewomen; alſo, knotted cord-worke in Imbrodery, &c. alſo, a Nunne of Saint Francis his Order; alſo, a row, file, courſe, ranke of ſeverd, or ſeverall things; and hence;*

Vne longue cordeliere de montaignes.

Cordelle: f. *as* Cordelette; *A little cord, or twiſted ſtring.*

Tirer en ſa cordelle. *To winne unto his faction; allure, or draw, unto his ſide.*

Corder. *To twiſt, or make ropes; alſo, to bind, or pack up with ropes, or cords; alſo, to meaſure with ropes, or cords.*

Cette Lambroye ſe corde. *This Lamprey is out of ſeaſon; (by having a hard ſtring in her back.)*

Cerdeur de terres. *A Surveyor; or Meaſurer of lands.*

Cordial: m. ale: f. *Cordiall, hearty, ſincere; unfained; affectionate; alſo, heart-ſtrengthning, heart-comforting.*

Les trois fleurs cordiales. *Roſes, Bourage, and Bugloſſe.*

Cordiale: f. *The herb Motherwort, (good againſt the throbbing, or exceſſive beating of the heart.)*

Cordialement. *Cordially, heartily; truly, faithfully, with the whole heart.*

† Cordialeuſé: m. ée: f. *Hearty, cordiall; full of heart, or heartineſſe; alſo, heartened, cheered; well comforted, or encouraged.*

Cordialité: f. *Cordiallneſſe, heartineſſe, heartfulneſſe.*

Cordiaque: com. *Cordiall, heart-comforting, mind-cheering.*

Cordier: m. *A Roper, a Cord-maker.*

Deſmarche de cordier. *A ſtepping, or going, backwards.*

Cordillat d'Eſpagne. *A kind of twiſted ſtuffe, made of fine wooll.*

Cordilles. *The young frie of Tunnie.*

Cordon: m. *A ſtring, twine, twiſt; one of the twiſts of a rope, or cord; alſo, a wreath; and thence, an out-ſtanding wreath, or edge of ſtone (commonly diſtinguiſhing the ſeverall Stories) on th'outſide of a Building.*

Cordon de chapeau. *A (wreathed) hatband.*

Cordons d'une trompette. *The cordines, or ſtrings of a Trumpet.*

Tel larron tel cordon; Prov. *Such theefe, ſuch halter; a puniſhment befitting th'offence.*

Cordonné: m. ée: f. *Twiſted, twined, plaited; wreathed; alſo, made as, or into, a cord.*

Cordonner. *To twine, twiſt, plait; wreath; alſo, to make as, or into, a cord.*

Cordouan: m. *Cordevan leather; (which is properly, a Goats skin tanned.)*

Cordouannerie: f. *Shoo-making, the trade of a Shoo-maker; alſo, the part of a towne wherein Shoo-makers worke; Shoo-maker-row, Shoo-maker-ſtreet.*

Cordouannier: m. *A Shoo-maker; a Cordwainer.*

Cordouanniere: f. *The wife of a Shoo-maker; or woman that is a Shoo-maker.*

† Cordueil: m. *Hearts-griefe, teene, anguiſh, heartie ſorrow.*

Cordule: m. *A kind of very ſmall water-Newt, or Lizard, miſtaken, and oft miſuſed, in ſtead of the* Scinque.

Core: f. *The broad peece that's betweene the croſſe-bars of the hilt of a ſword.*

Corée de pourceau. *A Swines gullet, or a Hogs haſlet.*

Corgeal: m. ale: f. *Choaking; of a choaking propertie, or qualitie.*

Coriace. *(The feminine of* Corias;*) as tough as a hide; as hard as leather.*

Corial: m. *A Singing-man, Quire-man, or Quirriſter.*

Coriandre: m. *The herb, or ſeed Coriander.*

Corias: m. ace: f. *As tough as leather, as hard as a hide.*

Corions de ſouliers: m. *The latchets of ſhoes.*

Corlieu: m. *A Curlue.*

Corlis. *as* Corlieu.

Corman: m. *The greedie water-fowle, ſtiled a Cormorant; alſo, the Cabot fiſh.*

Cormé. *A drinke, or wine made of the Sorbe apple; it ſurpaſſes in goodneſſe Perrie, or Cider; and comes neereſt, of any of theſe kinds, unto white wine.*

Corme: f. *The Service, or Sorb-apple.*

Cormier: m. *The Sorbick tree, Sorb-apple tree.*

Cormorant: m. *as* Corman.

Cornabon. *A muſicall cornet; or ſuch a wreathed inſtrument.* ¶ Rab.

Crnardiz d'Eſpagne. *Baſe pieces of money, thirty ſix of them being worth but one* Douzain.

Cornage: m. *Hornage; an yearly duty of corne exacted by the Lord* Chaſtelain *of* Berri (*in the juriſdiction of* Bourges) *upon every Oxe that labours in the Winter-corne-ground which is within his territory.*

Cornaline: f. *The Cornix, or Cornaline; a fleſh-coloured ſtone that is eaſie to be graven on, and therefore much uſed in ſignets.*

Cornalique: com. *Cuckoldly, cuckold-like.*

Cornard: m. *A cuckold, or horned beaſt; one of the forked Order.*

Cornardiſe: f. *Cuckoldry.*

Corne: f. *A horne; alſo, horne; alſo, the houfe of a beaſts foot; alſo, the Sit-faſt; (a hard, or horny ſwelling in the backe-part of a horſe) alſo, a corner; limit, or bound.*

Corne boeuf. *The herbe Fenegreeke.*

Corne de cerf. *Buckhorn Plantain, Crowfoot Plantaine, Harts-horne; Sandwort, herbe Ivie, or Eue.*

Cornes du front. *The ſwelling, or outbearing, of the bone of the temples on eiſide of the forhead.*

Corne prendre. *To wax proud.*

Avoir du foin aux cornes. Il a du foin aux cor. *Hee is a fierce; proud; ſturdy, ſurly mate; a ſhrewd, curſt, unſociable companion; a dangerous fellow to deale with.*

Bailler foin en corne. *To deceive, couſen, gull, give a gleek, ſell a bargain.*

Baiſſer les cornes. *To humble himſelfe, to let fall his creſt; to yield, ſtoop, ſtrike ſaile.*

Haulſer, ou, leuer la corne. *To grow proud, wax hauty, become lofty, (or lively) begin to take ſtate upon him,*

Prendre vn boeuf par les cornes. *To undertake, or performe, a dangerous act.*

Dieu donne biens, & boeuf, mais ce n'eſt pas par la corne; Prov. *Looke* Boeuf.

Corné. *Horned, having hornes.*

Corne-boeuf. *The herbe Fenegreek.*

Cornée de l'oeil. *The horny Tunicle wherein the apple of the eye is placed; ſo called, becauſe both in colour, and conſiſtence, it reſembles a thin, and tranſparent, horn.*

Corneille: f. *A Crow; alſo, a Cornill berrie.*

Corneille emmantelée. *The Roiſton Crow, or Winter Crow, whoſe back, and belly are of an aſhie colour.*

Corneille ſauvage. *The ſame.*

Pied de corneille. *Crowfoot Plantaine, Buckhorne Plantaine, Coronop Plantain, Herby Ivie, Harts-horne.*

Putain fait comme la corneille, plus ſe laue, & plus noire eſt elle; Prov. *A whore is like a Crow; the more ſhe waſhes her the blacker ſhee is, viz. the more ſhe excuſes, the more ſhee betrayes, her ſelfe; or, in ſtriving to juſtifie, ſhe condemnes, her ſelfe.*

Cornelle. *as* Corneole.

Cornement des oreilles. *The glowing, or tingling of the eares.*

Cornemuſe: f. *A Bagpipe; alſo, as* Cornuë; *the veſſell, or Lymbecke whereby oyles oyles are extracted from Gummes, wood, or metals.*

Toutes ces choſes procedent de la meſme cornemuſe. *All theſe things come from one head, runne from one ſpring, have one and the ſelfe-ſame originall.*

Cornemuſeur: m. *A Bagpiper.*

Corneole: f. *Willow-herbe, Looſe-ſtrife, Water-willow.*

Corne-pied. *Hoofed, horne-footed.*

Corner. *To ſound a Cornet, to wind a Horn; alſo, to ſtinke, or ſmell muſtily, as meat that hath taken wind.*

Cela cornoit priſe. *That finiſhed the chace, that made a full end of the matter.*

Les oreilles me cornent. *My eares glow, or tingle.*

Cornes. *as* Cornilles.

Cornet: m. *A Cornet, a Trumpe; a little Horne; alſo, a ſea-Cut, or Cuttle-fiſh; or, as* Caſſeron, *about* Bayonne; *alſo, as,* Siffler.

Cornet à bouquin. *A Muſicall Cornet.*

Cornet à encre. *An Inkehorn.*

Cornet de papier. *The Cornet, or Coffin of paper, wherein a Grocer makes up his retailed parcell of Spice, &c.*

Corneté: m. ée: f. *Scarified, or cupped.*

Corneter. *To cup, or ſcarifie with horned cups.*

Corneteux: m. euſe: f. *Uſed in cupping, or ſcarifying.*

Cornette: f. *A Bugle, Hutchet, or little Horne; alſo, a Doctors Tippet; alſo, a Cornet of horſe; and, the Enſigne of a horſe-company; alſo, a faſhion of ſhadow, or Boongrace, uſed in old time, and at this day, by ſome old women; alſo, the tuft, or tipping, of a Hawkes Hood.*

Les cornettes d'un arc. *The hornes, or horny tips of a long Bow.*

La cornette baſſe. *An old-faſhioned Shadow, or Boongrace; (as in th' originall.)*

La cornette d'un chaperon. *The cornet of a French-hood.*

Corneur: m. *A Horner; a winder of a Horn.*

Corniat: m. *The Juice, or Syrrop of Cornill berries.*

Cornice: f. *The corniſh, or brow of a piller, or wall.*

Corniche: f. *A kind of little ſea-Cut, or Cuttle-fiſh; or, as* Cornichet; *alſo, the corniſh, or brow of a wall, piller, or other piece of building.*

Cornichet: m. *The ſleeve, or Calamary (fiſh.)*

Cornichon: m. *A little Horn; alſo, a Deers head while it is young, or but new put out; alſo, a play at* Quoites, *wherein a piece of horne is led, or layed for the mark; or a play at Bowles with a Miſtreſſe (for commonly they play at Pricks) ſtearmed* Cornichon.

Cornier: m. *as* Cornillier; *alſo, a Horner.*

Cornier: m: ere: f. *Belonging to, ſtanding in, the corner; angular.*

Pieds Corniers. *Look* Pied.

Corniere: f. *A corner; alſo, a ſhe horner.*

Cornillat. *A little young Crow, a neſt Crow.*

Cornillé: m. ée: f. *Furred, or butted with hornes.*

Corniller. *To jurre, or butt with the hornes.*

Cornilles: f. *Cornill berries.*

Cornillier: m. *The long cherry, wild cherry, or Cornill tree;* Cornillier maſle.

Cornillier femelle. *Hounds-tree, Dogberry tree, Prick-tymber tree; Gaten, or Gater, tree.*

Cornillier ſauvage. *The ſame.*

Corniole: f. *Part of a Stags throat; or, as* Gargatte, *the Vvula. See* Gargatte.

Cornoaller: m. *The Cornill tree; as* Cornillier.

Cornoalles: f. *Cornill berries.*

Cornoiller. *as* Cornillier.

Cornoilles: f. *Cornill berries.*

Cornoüaille: f. *Cornwall; one of the ſhires of* England; *alſo, a part of Low Brittaine; whence;*

Chevalier de Cornoüaille. *A Cuckold, a horned beaſt, one of the forked, or cornuted, Order.*

Eſtraim de Cornoüaille. *Seek* Eſtraim.

Voyager en Cornoüaille. *To weare the horne, to be one of the head men of his pariſh.*

Cornu: m. *A kind of Serpent; as* Serpent cornu.

Cornu: m. uë: f. *Horny, horned; cornuted; having hornes; bearing, or wearing horns; alſo, crooked, or boughty, like a horn.*

Argument cornu. *A fantaſticall, frivolous, impertinent ill-made argument.*

Aſpic cornu. *Look* Aſpic.

Aſtre cornu. *The Moon.*

Baſton cornu. *A battle-axe (of the old faſhion.)*

Bonnet cornu. *A cornered, or ſquare cap.*

Pain cornu. *A loafe that is not round, but made with corners, or faſhioned ill-favouredly, and with uneven ſides.*

Perle cornuë. *A ragged pearle.*

Pois cornus. *A kind of flat, or ſquare, peaſon; being either Sheeps Cicher, or Dodoneus his Cichelings, called alſo, flat peaſon.*

Serpent cornu. *A ſand-coloured Serpent, which hath two, or (as* Iulius Solinus *reports) foure Snayle-like horns on his head, and his hinder parts full of ſcales, which make him ſeem to biſſe as he goes; (his biting is almoſt incurable.)*

Bailler des plus cornuës. Il vous en baillera, &c. *Hee will tell you many a loud lie.*

Fuſt il plus Diable qu'il n'eſt cornu. *Were he more terrible indeed then he is in ſhew.*

Ie le rendray plus Diable qu'il n'eſt cornu. *I will put him in greater feare then he puts others.*

A l'enfourner on fait les pains cornus; Prov. *A carteſſe, ervonious, or ignorant entrance into a buſineſſe diſorders the whole courſe of it, and, in concluſion, marres it; of the ſame ſence is;*

Qui mal enfourne tire les pains cornus; Prov. *He that begins unſeatly ends ill-favouredly.*

Cornuaille. *as* Cornoüaille.

Cornuchet. *A little Cornet.*

Enter en cornuchet. *Look* Enter.

Cornuë: f. *A kind of bending Limbecke (like a Bagpipe) of glaſſe, varniſhed, and leaded within; uſed for th' extracting of oyles out of hard and drie things, as wood, metals, &c. alſo, as* Malarmat, *a kind of Gurnet.*

Cornüette: f. *The ſmall Pulſe called Axe-ſeed, Axewort, Axefitch, and Hatchet-fitch; alſo, horned wild Cummin.*

Coro-

Corolaire : m. *A Corollaire ; a ſurpluſage, overplus, addition to, vantage above meaſure ; alſo, a ſmall gift, or largeſſe beſtowed on the people at publique feaſts, and playes.*

Coronal : m. ale : f. *Coronall, Crowne-like; of, or belonging to, a Crowne.*

Artere coronale. *Seek* Artere.

Commiſſure coronale. *The Coronall Suture, or ſeame, which compaſſes the forehead, or fore part of the skull, in forme of a halfe circle.*

Os coronal. *Seeke* Os.

Veine coronale. *A branch of the hollow veine, ſo termed, becauſe it invirons the heart in forme of a Crowne ; there is alſo another of that name, a branch of the Spleene veine ; as* Stomachique.

Coronne : f. *A Crowne, or Garland, &c. See* Couronne.

Corp : m. *A blackiſh ſea-fiſh, whoſe head ſhineth almoſt like gold ; ſome tearme it a Cabot.*

Corpaut. *A pot :* ¶ Barrag.

Corporail : m. *The Corporall ; the fine linnen wherein the Sacrament is put.*

Corporalier : m. *A Pixe, or box for the foreſaid linnen, or Sacrament.*

Corporance : f. *Corporature ; the quantity, faſhion, or conſtitution of the body.*

Corporel : m. elle : f. *Corporall, bodily, perſonall.*

Veine corporelle. *as* Mediane.

Corporellement. *Corporally, bodily, perſonally ; in perſon ; without Attourney, or Deputy.*

Corporence : f. *as* Corporance.

Corpors : m. ue : f. *Corpulent, big-bodied, groſſe, fleſhie, well fed, of a great ſtature.*

Corps : m. *A body, a corps, the whole bulk, or ſubſtance, of ; alſo, a volume ; alſo, a company, or corporation ; alſo, as* Vaiſſeau corpulent ; *alſo, (in cloth, or ſtuffe) ſubſtance, tacke, ſtuffineſſe.*

Le corps d'un arbre. *The ſtocke, or body of a tree.*

Vn corps de cuiraſſe. *A Corſelet.*

Corps de garde. *A Court of gard, in a Campe, or Fort.*

Vn corps d'hoſtel. *The body, or heart of a houſe ; that part wherein the chiefe roomes, and lodgings, are contrived.*

Le corps d'un navire. *The Hull of a ſhip.*

Femme de corps. *A Villaineſſe, or woman of a ſervile condition.*

A corps perdu. *Deſperately, furiouſly, headlong, without any care of his own ſafety.*

Droguer le corps. *To make an Apothecaries ſhop of his belly.*

Excuſer aucun par ſon corps. *To fight in another mans quarrell ; to defend another mans innocency with the hazard of his owne body.*

Logez ſous noſtre corps. viz. *Under our roofe, or covert ; at our charge, or allowance.*

Marcher en corps. *as* la Cour marche en corps ; *All the Officers of the Court go along together.*

Mettre corps & coeur. *To labour tooth and naile, to endeavour by all meanes poſſible.*

Pendre au corps. *To arreſt, or, take priſoner.*

Bon chauſteau garde qui ſçait ſon corps garder ; Pro. *Looke* Chaſteau.

Homme endormi corps enſeveli ; Pro. *There is no diffevence betweene a dead, and a ſleepy, body ; or, as good be dead outright, as alive, and do nought.*

Quand les biens viennent les corps faillent ; Pro. *Moſt mens lives are meere ſpent before they have got any thing to ſpend.*

Corpſet : m. *A little body ; alſo, a paire of bodies, or, a womans bodies.*

Corpulence : f. *Corpulency, groſſeneſſe, fatneſſe, bigneſſe of body.*

Corpulent : m. ente : f. *Corpulent, groſſe, big-bodied, quarry, fat.*

Vaiſſeau corpulent. *The body, or the lower part of a Limbecke ; that which containes the fluſſe which is to be diſtilled.*

Corratage : m. *Brokage, alſo, horſe-ſcoorſing ; alſo, couſenage ; or, as* Courretage.

Corraterie : f. *A broking ; alſo, horſe-ſcoorſing ; alſo, couſening.*

Corratier : m. *A Broker ; alſo, a horſe-ſcoorſer.*

Corraye : f. *as* Courroye ; *A thong, or belt of leather.*

Correct : m. correcte : f. *Correct, congruous, perfect ; good, pure, neat.*

Correctement. *Correctly, purely, neatly, with congruity, without fault.*

Correcteur : m. *A reformer, corrector, controler, amender, fault-finder.*

Correcteur des comptes. *An Officer that examins, and controlls, or paſſes, the accounts of the Receivers, under-Treaſurers, and others the like accountants of the Exchequer ; (there are foure of them belonging to the Chamber of Accounts.)*

Correction : f. *A correction, reformation, controlement.*

Correglole : f. *as* Corrigiole.

† Cortelaire : m. *An addition, aduntage, ſurpluſage, overplus of meaſure ; or, as* Corolaire.

Correlatif : m. iue : f. *Correlative.*

Corrente. *A ſtreit of the ſea, as that of Gibraltar, of* Magellan, *&c. where commonly it runs violently.*

Correſpondance : f. *A correſpondency ; a mutuall agreement, or anſwer ; a reſemblance, or equality of humours, affections, qualities, quantity.*

Correſpondant : m. *A ſurety.*

Correſpondant : m. ante : f. *Correſpondent, anſwerable, or according unto ; equall, or agreeable with, in all points.*

Correſpondre. *To correſpond, hold correſpondency with ; be correſpondent unto ; to accord, conſent, agree all together ; to run one, and the ſame courſe together ; or to reſemble, anſwer, equall ; to be like, anſwerable, or equall, in all points.*

Corret : m. *An agnaile, or little corne, upon a toe.*

Corriaſſe. *as* coriace.

Corridor. *A curtaine, in fortification.*

Corrigé : m. ée : f. *Corrected, amended, reformed ; improved ; redreſſed, ſtraightned.*

Corriger. *To correct, amend, reforme, redreſſe, better, ſtraighten.*

Corrigiole : f. *Male Knot-graſſe, Swines-graſſe, Birds-tongue.*

Corrion : m. *A latchet, ſtrap ; little thong, or belt of leather.*

Corroboré : m. ée : f. *Corroborated, ſtrengthened, fortified, confirmed.*

Corroborer. *To corroborate, ſtrengthen, fortifie, confirme.*

Corrodé : m. ée : f. *Gnawne, worne, or fretted, away, about the ſides.*

Corroder. *To gnaw, bite ; weare, or fret away, about the ſides, or edges.*

Corrompable : com. *Corrumpable, corruptible, pervertible, deprivable.*

Corrompereſſe : f. *A corruptreſſe ; a woman that marres others.*

Corrompeur : m. *A corrupter, depraver, defiler, miſleader, perverter.*

Corrompeur de filles. *A deflourer of maids, a filthie teacher.*

Corrompeuſe : f. *She that marres, or miſleads others.*

Corrompre. *To corrupt, rot, putrifie, taint ; marre, ſpill, ſpoyle ; deprave, infect, vicia te ; invert ; pervert, miſlead ; alſo, to bribe ; ſubborne, or win, by gifts.*

Corrompu : m. *A diſſolute youth, unthrifty pack, riotous yonker, looſe mate, notable way, terrible wencher.*

Corrompu : m. uë : f. *Corrupted, tainted, putrified ; marred, ſpoyled ; infected, viciated ; miſled, perverted ; alſo, bribed ; wonne ; ſeduced, or ſubborned, by bribes.*

Corrompu comme la teſte d'un Poſtillon. *Looke* Poſtillon.

† Corrompure : f. *A corrupting, or corruption ; alſo, waſte, loſſe, or ſpoyle, by corruption.*

Corrolé : m. ée : f. *Corroded, fretted, bitten, gnawne, worne or waſted about, or on the edges, or ſides.*

Corroſif : m. ue : f. *Corroſive ; biting, gnawing, or fretting away (on the edges, or ſides.)*

Corroſion : f. *A corroſion ; a fretting, gnawing, or biting away (on the edges, or ſides.)*

Corroſivité : f. *as* Corroſion ; *or corroſiveneſſe.*

Corroye : f. *See* Courroye.

Corrude : f. *Stone* Aſparagus, *mountaine Sperage.*

Corrugation : f. *A corrugation, a wrinkling, or furrowing of the skin ; a frowning.*

Corruptelle : f. *A corruption, depravation, falſification.*

Corruptement. *Corruptly ; to the ſpoyle, marring, or putrifaction.*

Corruptible : com. *Corruptible ; ſubject unto corruption ; eaſie to be corrupted.*

Corruption : f. *Corruption ; putrifaction ; alſo, marring, depraving, perverting, viciating ; alſo, a falſifying, of.*

Corruptrice : f. *A corruptrix ; a woman that marres, or miſleads, others.*

Cors. *The plurall of* Cor ; *See* Cor.

A cors & à cri. *By Proclamation, or with hue and cry ; alſo, by might and maine, with beave and loe, earneſtly, eagerly, vehemently, ſeriouſly.*

Corſage : m. *The forme, habit, or conſtitution of the body.*

Gens de corſage. *Villaines ; or ſuch as hold their land by a ſlaviſh, and ſervile tenure.*

Corſaire : m. *A courſer ; as* Courſier ; *alſo, a pyrat.*

De corſaire à corſaire n'y perd que barriques rompues ; Pro. *Nought is to be got of rovers but trouſh, or blowes.*

Corſelet : m. *A very little body.*

Corſer. *To imbrace, take, or hold, by the bo-*

dy; to catch, take, or lay, hold of the body.

Corſeſque: f. *A kind of broad-headed Javelin, Gleve, or Dart.*

Corſet: m. *A little body; alſo, a paire of bodies (for a woman.)*

Corſu: m. uë: f. *Groſſe, fleſhy, corpulent, big-bodied.*

Conſyre. *A kind of herb.*

Cortine. *See* Courtine.

Corveable: com. *Liable, or ſubject unto baſe, and perſonall ſervices; bound to performe, or of whom a Landlord may exact certaine dayes worke in the yeare.*

Corvée: f. *A boone, or bound; a toileſome, and drudging daies worke; lent unto a friend; or (the more properly) due by a vaſſall, or tenant; and to be done, either (and moſt properly) in his owne perſon, or by his cattell, plough, or teame; in the ground, or about the houſe, of his Lord, or Landlord; alſo, any ſervice of duty for which there is no recompence expected; and hence;*

Faire corvée. *To do a thing with an ill will, as one that knowes he ſhall not be rewarded for his paines.*

Faire vne grande corvée. *See* Courvée.

† Corybanter. *Madly to run up and downe, playing on a Cymball, and waging his head, like one of Cybeles Prieſts; alſo, to ſleep with open eyes.*

† Corybantiant. *So running; or ſleeping.*

† Corymbe: m. *An Ivie berry.*

Coryphée: m. *The firſt in a ranke, the beſt at a game, the cheefe of an Order; a Preſident, Principall, or prime man; hence, the leader of a dance; and, he that in any manner of knowledge excells, or exceeds, all others.*

† Coſcoſſons: m. *Curdes; or, as* Coſcorons.

† Coſcoré: m. ée: f. *Spotted, or pounced.*

† Coſcorons: m. *Freſh cheeſe; or, as* Coſcoſſons.

Coſmographe: m. *A Coſmographer, or deſcriber of the whole world.*

Coſmographie: f. *Coſmographie, or the deſcription of the whole world.*

† Coſmo-vague: m. *A wanderer, or traveller throughout the world.*

Coſſars de febues, pois &c. *The huſkes, or cods of beanes, &c.*

Coſſe: f. *as* Gouſſe; *A huſke; alſo, the jarring of two Rammes in their fight; alſo, the upper part of the maſt of a ſhip; alſo, as* Coſte; *a rib.*

Coſſé. *Butted, jarred.*

Coſſer. *To butt, or jar, as fighting Rammes.*

Coſſi: m. *The warbling note of a Swallow.*

Coſſon: m. *A mite, or weevell.*

Coſſonnerie: f. *The market for Fowle, or Veniſon, in Paris.*

Coſſot. *as* Coſſon.

Coſſu: m. uë: f. *Codded, huſked, hulled.*

Coſt: m. du coſt. *Coſtmary, Balſamine, Alecoaſt.*

Coſtal: m, ale: f. *Belonging to the ſides, or the ribs.*

† Coſtamer: m. *Coſtmarie, or Alecoaſt.*

Coſtau: m. *A little hill.*

Coſtaux de montaignes. *The ſides, or ſkirts of mountaines.*

Coſté: m. *The ſide (of any thing;) alſo, a party, or faction; alſo, a coaſt, or quarter.*

Haut coſté. *A Surloyne.*

De coſté. *Sideling, ſidewaies.*

Clocher des deux coſtez. *Look* Clocher.

Couper des deux coſtez. *To play with both hands, bet on both ſides, intertaine both parties with good, or hopefull, tearms.*

Dormir ſur les deux coſtez. *To barrell up ſleepe; Looke* Dormir.

Coſte: m. *The Aromaticall, and medicinable root* Coſtus.

Coſte: f. *A rib; alſo, the ſide of a man, &c. alſo, the ſtemme, or ſtalke of an herb; alſo, a clove of garlick, &c. alſo, a little hill, or deſcent of land; alſo, a coaſt, or land by the ſea ſide; alſo, the tow of fine ſilke.*

Les coſtes. *The wedge-like peeces of wood wherewith the ſides of a Boot-tree, or Boot-laſt are inlarged.*

Coſte à coſte. *Equally, in even ranke, ſide by ſide, cheeke by jowle.*

Coſteau. *as* Coſtau.

Coſtelette: f. *(The Diminutive of* Coſte*) a little rib, ſide, &c.*

Coſtelettes de porc. *The Sparribs.*

Coſtereauls. *A nickname given unto certain footmen, that ſerved the Kings of England in their French wars; or as* Cotereaux; *or* Cottereaux.

Coſtié: m. ée: f. *Sided, on a ſide, of the one ſide; alſo, tainted, or (applyed unto fruit) bruiſed.*

Coſtier: m. ere: f. *Side, ſideling; of, or on, a ſide.*

Coſtiere. à coſtiere. *Aſide, ſideling, ſidewaies.*

Coſtin, huile coſtin. *An oyle made of Coſtus (a medicinable root) or, of the herb, Alecoaſt.*

Coſton: m. *The ſtalke of an herbe; alſo, the Aromaticall root,* Coſtus; *(the beſt kind whereof, being white and light, comes from Arabia; the ſecond, light and black, from the Indies; and the third, heavy and yellow, from Suria.)*

Coſton baſtard. *The roote of Chirons All-heale.*

Coſtoyé: m. ée: f. *Accoaſted, ſided, abborded; coaſted, or gone along by.*

Coſtoyer. *To accoaſt, ſide, abbord; to be, or lye, by the ſide of; alſo, to coaſt along by, or go by the coaſt of.*

Cotée: f. *A Coyte, or Moore-henne*

Coter. *To quote.* See Quoter.

Cotereaux. *as* Coſtereaux; *Or, a certaine crue of peaſantly outlawes, who, in old time, did much miſchiefe unto the Nobility, and Clergie.*

Coteret: m. *A faggot made of great ſticks, or cloaven wood; alſo, a kind of peaſantly weapon uſed in old time; alſo, a veſſell containing 48. pintes of Neuers meaſure.*

Coterie: f. *Company, ſociety, aſſociation of people; or, as* Cotterie.

Cothurne: f. *A ſaſhion of high-ſoled buskin uſed by the ancient Tragedians; alſo, a high and lofty ſtile, as of a Tragedy.*

Cothurné: m. ée: f. *Shod with pantofles, or wearing high-ſoled buskins, as in a Tragedy.*

Cetice. *as* Cotice.

Cotignac: m. *Codinniack; Conſerve, or Marmalade of Quinces.*

Cotile: *Rab. as* Cotyle.

Cotillon: m. *A Petticoat.*

Cotine: m. *Vernice Sumach, ſilken Sumach, red Sumach.*

Cotis: m. *The ſparribs of a porke*

Cotiſation. *See* Cottiſation.

Cotiſer. *See* Cottiſer.

Cotivet: m. *The upper part of a hennes, or capons, necke.*

Cotollaire, *in ſtead of* Corolaire: *Rab.*

Coton. *as* Coſton.

† Cotouere. *as* Cottoire.

Cotte: f. *A coate, or frocke; alſo, as* Quote; *alſo, a ticke for a bed.*

Cotte d'armes. *A coat-armour; a long coate worne over armour.*

Cotte de femme. *A Kirtle.*

Cotte de mailles. *A ſhirt of maile.*

Ils tiennent cotte & ligne. *They have both ends of the ſtaffe, the law is in their owne hands; or, the world at will.*

Femme ſotte ſe cognoiſt à la cotte; Prov. *Looke* Femme.

Cotté: m. ée: f. *Coated; that hath gotten, or put one a coat; alſo, (of a bazoke) full, or well mued; alſo, whoſe ſides are underpropped, ſuſtained, or underſet.*

Cotte-maillé. *Armed with a coat of maile.*

Cotter. *(as* Accoter;*)* To *underſet, ſuſtaine, underprop, hold up the ſide of.*

Cottereaux: m. *Takers, outlawes, freebooters, highway-robbers, peaſant-ſtirrers, church-ranſakers; (an old word; See* Cotereaux.*)*

Cotterie: f. *A baſe, ignoble, and ſervile tenure, or tenement, not held in fee, and yeilding only rent, or if more, but cens, or ſureens at moſt; as* Poſſeſſion Roturiere, *or de main-ferme.*

Cottice: f. *A Cottice, or Battune; a third part leſſe then a Bend, in Blaſon.*

Cottier: m. ere: f. *as* Roturier; *Or, yeilding only rent, and cens, or ſureens, and no better duties, nor ſervices; alſo, baſe, ignoble, ſervile, not held in fee; or, held, or holding, by a ſervile, baſe, and ignoble tenure; (for this word is ever oppoſed unto feudal, noble, & franc; and, like enough, is an originall to our* cottagers.*)*

Iuge Cottier. *Before whom a Cottier is, or ought to be, tried.*

Cottierement. *Ignobly, baſely, Roturier-like, ſervilly, not in fee, only for rent, or cens, or at moſt, ſureens.*

Cottir. *To jarre, butt, ruſh, juſtle, knocke heads together.*

Coviſation: f. *A cotriſation, aſſeſſement, or taxation.*

Cottiſé: m. ée: f. *Taxed, aſſeſſed, rated at his part.*

Cottiſer aucun. *To taxe, aſſeſſe, rate, or ſet downe his part of payment.*

Cottité: f. *A particular mans rate, part, or portion of an aſſeſſement, or impoſition.*

Cottization, & Cottiſer. *as* Cottiſation, & Cottiſer.

† Cottoire (de Perles.) *A chaine (of Pearle.)*

Coton: m. *Bumbaſte, cotton.*

L' herbe à coton. *as* Cotonniere.

Manne de cotton. *The worſt kind of Manna, reſembling flacks of bumbaſte.*

Cottonné: m. ée: f. *Bumbaſted, or ſtuffed with cotton.*

Cottonner. *To bumbaſt, or ſtuffe with cotton.*

Cottonner le moule du pourpoint. *To feed ſoundly, or exceſſively.*

Cottonneux. *Cottony; full of cotton; ſoft as cotton; overgrowne with a white, ſoft, or cotton-like downe.*

Cottonniere: f. *The herbe Chaffeweed, Cudwort, Cudweed, Cotton-weed, petty Cotton.*

† Cottouere. *as* Cottoire.

Coturnique: m. ée: f. *Bebuskined, in buskins.* ℣ Rab.

Cotyle. *An ancient measure containing about 24 spoonfuls.*

Cotyledons: m. *The mouths, or ends of the Menstruall veines, whereby the superfluous bloud of all the body fals into the wombe, and gives nourishment unto the child there (if there be any.)*

Cou: f. *A whetstone.*

Couãné: m. ée: f. *All foamy, or frothy.*

Coüanne. *as* Couënne.

Coüard: m. *A coward, a dastard, a cow.*

Ia coüard n'aura belle amie; Prov. *Faint heart never wonne fair Lady.*

Mieux vaut coüard que trop hardi; Prov. *'Tis better to be a coward then foolhardy.*

Coüard: m. arde: f. *Cowardly, dastardly, unmanly; timerous, fearfull, white-livered, heartlesse, faint-hearted.*

Plus coüard qu'un Lievre. *More heartlesse then a Hare.*

Hardie langue coüarde lance; Prov. *as in* Langue.

Coüardement. *Cowardly, dastardly, heartlesly, timerously, fearfully.*

Coüarder. *To be a coward, or play the coward.*

Coüardise: f. *Cowardise, dastardy, cowardlinesse, unmanlinesse, faint-heartednesse, timerousnesse.*

† Couãt: m. *The undriving, wrictling, starveling, or dwarfe, of any beast, or bird.*

† Coubde: m. *as* Coude; *The Elbow.*

† Coubdée. *as* Coudée.

Couble. chevaux de couble. *Paires, or couples of horses; coach-horses; draught-horses.*

† Coubre. *The Elbow.*

Couchable: com. *Fit, easie, or possible to be lien on.*

Couchant. *Couchant, couching, lying; laying along.*

Couche: f. *A bedstead; also, a couch, or bed; also, a (square high) bed in a garden; also, a womans lying in (child-bed;) also, the Post, or mast of a sute, at cards; also, a set, lay, or stake, at any game.*

Couches. *A childs clouts; also, receptacles, or ponds for sea-water (as in Amezeau;) also, a womans lying in.*

Vn lict à triple couche de plumes. *A bed stuffed with three course of feathers one above the other.*

Panneau de couche. *as* Sommier.

I'entends le pair & la couche. *I understand the matter throughly.*

Prins au pair, & à la couche. *Beset, intangled, indangered, overtaken, at losse, in extremity, on all hands.*

Couché: m. ée: f. *Couched, layed along, lying; also, couched, mentioned, or set downe in writing; also, staked, or set, at play.*

Couché à quatre pattes. *Prostrated, laid all along, or upon all foure.*

Couché en estat. *Being made Officer;* qui n'est couché en l'estat: *Banished, omitted, passed in election, and not chosen.*

Couché entre l'enclume & les marteaux. *Seated in the midd'st of dangers; or, invironed on all sides, with dangerous mischiefes; pestered, perplexed, afflicted which way soever he turne him.*

Couchement: m. *A couching, lying, or laying downe.*

Couche-m'-icy. *The weed called Dodder.*

Couchenil: m. *Cuchœmele.*

Coucher. *To couch, or lie (also, to lay) down, or along; to goe (also, to get, bring, or have) to bed; also, to mention, or set downe in writing; also, to plant, or set a root, or slip, flat along within the ground; also, to stake, at play.*

Coucher de belles. Ils en couchent de belles. *They write goodly matters sure; 'tis sweet stuffe that they set downe; ironically.*

Coucher en chappon. *To goe early to bed.*

Coucher soubs corde. *To stake downe ready coine. See* Corde.

Coucher à l'enseigne de l'estoille. *To lie without doors all night.*

Coucher tout à bander & à racler. *To venture all on desperat tearmes, to set all on sixes and sevens.*

Se coucher abouchon. *To lie groveling, to sleep on the face.*

Se despouiller avant que se coucher. *Said of him that in his life time gives his heires absolute possession of all he hath.*

Qui se couche avec les chiens se leue avec des puces; Prov. *From filthy company what can one bring but filth?*

Couchette: f. *A little bed; a couch, or bed of ease.*

Mignon de couchette. *A Carpet-Knight, one that ever lives to be in women chambers.*

Coucheur: m. *A coucher, staker; layer downe of; also, a Bedfellow.*

Couchille. *The tree that beares the graine Kermes, wherewith Skarlet is died; we call it, the Skarlet Oake.*

Couchine. *The name of a certaine apple.*

Coucombre: *A Cowcumber. See* Concombre.

Coucon. *The little bottome, or clue of silke spun by the silke worme.*

Coucou: m. *A Cuckoe.*

(I'ay beau luy remonstrer;) ie ne fais non plus que le coucou aux cannes. *No words terrifie him, or prevaile with him.*

Coucourbe. *as* Coucourde.

Coucourde: f. *A round Gourd; also, a kinde of large Stillatory; or, as* Courge.

Coucourelle. *The name of a certaine fig.*

Coude: m. *The elbow.*

Coude de la branche. *The elbow, or outbearing of the branch of a Bit.*

Os du coude. *The under bone of the arme, from the elbow to the wrist.*

Il y a mis la main iusques au coude; &, il a entré en la paste iusques aux coudes. *He hath gone very farre in the matter; he is up to the eares in it.*

Plier le coude. *To drinke hard, to plie the pot apace; or, to fall to that seriously, to settle himselfe to tallie; (for, such as doe so, commonly leane upon their elbowes.)*

Pouller du coude. *Proudly to justle, and shoulder every one that comes in his way.*

Coudé: m. ée: f. *Bowed, or crooked, or standing, elbow-wise.*

Coudée: f. *A cubit; (extends from the elbow to the end of the middle finger; and is in ordinary measure, a foot and a halfe.)*

Coudées franches. *Elbow-room, free liberty.*

Coudée Geometrique, *Containeth six ordinary cubits.*

Coudee royale. *Is three fingers longer then the ordinary one.*

Coudéer. *To jog, or joule with the elbow.*

Coudepied. *The instep.*

Coudoyer. *as* Coudéer.

Coudraye: f. *See* Couldraye.

Coudre: m. *A Hasell; a small Nut tree; a Filberd tree; (for this word comprehendeth all those kinds of small Nut trees.)*

Coudre: f. *A small Nut, a Hasell Nut; and a Filberd; (for it comprehends them all.)*

Coudre franche. *A Filberd.*

Coudré: m. ée: f. *Tanned, steeped in a Tanfat.*

Coudre. *To sow; to stitch together.*

Coudre la peau de regnard à celle de lion. *To attempt that by crafty, which he cannot get by forcible, meanes.*

Ie ne sçay quelle piece coudre à cecy. *I know not what remedy to apply unto this, nor what art to use in the repaire of it.*

Coudrer. *To tanne, to steep, or stiffen, in a Tanfat.*

Coudrier: m. *A small Nut-tree, of what kind soever.*

Coudroir. *A Tanfat, or Tanpit.*

Couë: f. *as* Queuë, *a tayle.*

Coué: m. ée: f. *Tayled, having a tayle.*

Couënne de lard. *The skin of Bacon.*

Couet: m. *(The name of) a certaine little apple.*

Couets. *Two ropes belonging to the mizen sayle of a ship.*

Couetté: f. *A tick (to lie, or sit on;) as* Coitte.

Coufler. *To smell, or be puffed up.*

Cougourde: f. *A Bottle Gourd; the round Gourd whereof Bottles are made.*

Cougourle. *The same.*

Couhourde. *The same.*

Couillage: m. *A Tribute payed in times past by Priests for Licences to keep women.*

Couillards: m. *as* Clides; *or, certain round and ringing pieces of iron, which in old time they used to shoot out of ships.*

Couillatris. *Wall fruit (peculiar to the Ile.)*

Couille: f. *A testicle; also, (but lesse properly) a cod, bollock, or testicle; also, a long, lazie, and lubberly companion, a heartlesse, faint-hearted, or white-livered fellow.*

Couille barbe. *A certaine little apple, which is red on the one side, and yeelds an excellent Cyder.*

Couille de belier. *A kind of ball made of a Ram's cod.*

Couille au chien. *as* Couillon de chien.

Couille à l'Escosse. *A kind of sallet herbe.*

Couille au loup. *Wild Priest-maddane, Wormegrasse, or Stonecrop.*

Les couilles luy pendent à faute de gibbeciere. *He hath taken too much of the lower sheet, or he is tame enough by this time: (Spoken of a young man, after he hath beene married some two or three monethes.)*

Couille-barbe. *See* Couille.

Couilleu. *Stoned; or, that wants not his ſtones.*

Couillon: m. *A cod, ſtone, teſticle, cullion.*
Couillon de boue. *Goats ſtones, Goats cullions; (an herbe.)*
Couillon de chien. *Dogs-ſtones, Dogs-cullions, Gandergooſe, Standlewort, Standergraſſe, Ballock-graſſe, Adders-graſſe, baſtard Satyrion.*
Couillon de preſtre. *Spindletree, Prick-wood, Prick-tymber.*

† Couïnne. *as* Couënne. *The skin of Bacon.*

† Couïonnade. *as* Coyonnade.

Coulac. *The ſhad fiſh; (called ſo in Bourdeaux.)*

Coulagion: f. *The running of a ſore, &c.*

Les Coulans d'un jardinier. *A Gardners lines, wherewith he meaſures out his beds, and plots.*

Coulant: m. Le c. d'une Riviere. *The ſtreame of a river.*
Vn coulant d'eau de mer. *An arme of the ſea.*

Coulant: m, ante: f. *Gliding, ſlipping, flowing gently along.*
Vaine doucement coulante. *A ſweet ſmooth veine in Poetry, &c.*

Coulde. *as* Coude. *The elbow.*

Couldée. *as* Coudée, *alſo, a certaine crooked toole belonging to Maſons.*

Couldier: m. *A dwarfe; one thats no higher then three horſe-loues, one that's but a ſhaftment high.*

Couldoye. à c. *Made with an out nooke like an elbow.*

Couldraſſe: f. *A beige toad, or land toad.*

Couldray: m. *as* Couldraye.

Couldraye: f. *A Wood, Grove, or Orchard, of Haſell, or of ſmall Nut, trees; a Haſell wood, or Haſell grove.*

Couldre: m. *A Haſell tree, a ſmall Nut tree, of what kind ſoever.*

Couldre: f. *A Haſell Nut, or ſmall Nut, of what kind ſoever.*
Couldre franche. *A Filberd.*

Couldré. *as* Coudré.

Couldrer. *as* Coudrer.

Couldrier: m. *A Haſell, or ſmall Nut tree, of what kind ſoever.*

Couldroir. *as* Coudroir.

Coulé: m. ée: f. *Ran, glid, gone, ſlipped gently along; ſtole, trilled, trickled down; alſo, ſtrained; alſo, thawed.*

Coulée: f. *as* Coulement.

Coulement: m. *A gentle running, eaſie paſſing, ſoft gliding, glib ſliding, (as of water, &c.) along; a trilling, or trickling down; alſo, a leaking; alſo, a ſtraining.*

Couler. *To glide, ſlip, run quietly along; to goe glib away, to ſlow gently, glide eaſily by; to trill, trickle, or fall down ſoftly; alſo, to leake; alſo, to ſtrain.*
Se couler. *To creep through, or into; to crawle over.*
Le navire couloit à bas en pleine mer. *went, or ſunk, down to the bottome.*
Cette playe fait couler les raiſins. *Makes them drop, or fall off.*

Coule-ſang: m. *A certain Viper, ſo called, becauſe thoſe that are bitten by her bleed to death.*

Coulet: m. *as* Collet.

Couletage. Droict de c. *A penny, or halfe-penny toll collected, and taken, of all wares, or merchandiſe bought and ſold.*

Couleur: f. *A colour, hue; die; ſtain; alſo, a pretext, pretence, cloake, ſhew, ſhadow, for a matter.*
Couleur baſtarde. *A weake, pale, wan, decayed colour.*
Couleur de Caſſidoine. *A mingled colour between purple and white; a Mallow colour.*
Couleur chargée. *A deep colour, in any kinde.*
Couleur de ciel ſerein. *A bright skie colour.*
Couleur d'enfer. *as much as* Noir-brun entumé.
Couleur flamboyante. *A flame colour.*
Couleur de fleur de peſcher. *A Peach colour.*
Couleur de gris violant. *A whitiſh purple, or the Mallow-flower colour.*
Couleur de jaulne paille. *Straw-colour.*
Couleur incarnat. *A Carnation, or Damaske-Roſe, colour.*
Couleur d'Inde. *A Painters brown Violet, made of the ſcumming of woad ſodden with ſlaked lyme, or chalke, and mixed afterwards with a little Amydon.*
Couleur de Minime. *A huswives dark gray, or light ſoot colour, wherein there is an eye of gray.*
Couleur paillarde. *The green ſickneſſe; or, a pale, wan, bleake hue.*
Couleur paſle. *A vaded, or imperfect colour, ſuch as that of Box wood is.*
Couleur pers. *A Blue, or Watchet.*
Couleur perſe. *Skie-colour, Azure-colour, a Blunket, or light blue.*
Couleur de poil de ſouris. *A Mouſe-dunne.*
Couleurs Rhetoriques. *Phraſes, conceits, figures, flouriſhes of Rhetorick, ornaments of ſpeech.*
Couleur de Roſes ſeiches. *The beſt dark Crimſon, or murrey.*
Couleur de Roy. *Was in old time, Purple; but now is the bright Tawny, which we alſo tearme, Colour de Roy.*
Couleur Turquine. *A right blue, or Venice blue; the colour of the Turkie ſtone.*
Couleur de verd de mer. *A ſea-green.*
Haulte couleur. *A fiery red, or flame colour.*
Les paſles couleurs. *The green ſickneſſe.*
Les riches couleurs. *The yellow Jaundiſe.*
Il en parle comme vn aveugle de couleurs. *He ſpeakes he knows not what, nor of what; Seek* Aveugle.

Couleurée: f. *The weed Brionie; or, as;*
Couleurée blanche. *Briony, white Briony, the white Vine, Tettar-berry.*
Couleurée noire. *The wild Vine, black Briony, our Ladies Seale.*
Couleurée ſauvage. *Wild Briony, or the wild black Briony.*

Couleuriner. *as* Couleuvriner.

Couleuvre: f. *An Adder.*

Couleuvré: m. ée: f. *Made after the faſhion of an Adder.*

Couleuvreé. *Snakeweed, Oyſterlait.*

Couleuvreau: m. *A young Adder.*

Couleuvrin: m. ine: f. *Adderlike, of an Adder.*

Couleuvrine: f. *A Culverin; the piece of ordnance called ſo.*

Couleuvriner. *To ſquat, lurke, lie cloſe, or flat along; alſo, to glide wrigling along.*

Coulier: m. *See* Collier.

Coulis: m. *A cullis, or broth of boiled meat ſtrained; fit for a ſicke, or weake body.*

Coulis: m. iſſe: f. *as* Coulant; *Gliding.*
Potage coulis. *as* Coulis.
Vent coulis. *The hurtfull, or unwholſome winde, which blowes through a hole, creviſe, or cranny.*

Couliſſe: f. *A Portcullis; or any other door, or thing, which, as a portcullis, falls, or ſlips, or is let, downe; alſo, a web in the eye.*
Couliſſe d'un arbaleſte. *The hollow furrow wherein the arrow lies; we call it, the gutter, or chace (of a croſſe-bow.)*

Coullebobes: f. *The herbe Alkakengie, or, the fruit thereof; Winter-cherries.*

Coullon. *as* Coulon.

Couloir: m. *A cullander, or ſtrainer.*

Couloir: m. ire: f. *Cullander-like, belonging to a cullander, ſtraining through it, as a cullander.*
Os couloir du nez. *The head bone, or inner bone of the noſe.*

Couloire: f. *as* Couloir. *A cullander.*

Coulomb: m. *A Dove, a Pigeon.*
Coulomb biſet. *A Stock-dove, Queeſt, Culver.*

Coulombier: m. *A Dove-cote, a Pigeon-houſe.*

Coulombin. *Dove-colour. See* Colombin.

Coulomne: f. *as* Colomne; *a pillar.*

Coulon: m. *A Dove, Pigeon, or Culver.*
Coulon ramier. *A Queeſt, Cowſhot, Ringdove, Stockdove, wood-Culver.*

Coulouëre. *as* Couloire; *alſo, a channell, gutter, or any ſuch hollow, along which melted things are to runne, as Bell-metall, from the furnace to the mould.*

Coulouöir: m. *A ſliding blow.*

Coulouré: m. ée: f. *Coloured. See* Colorè.

Coulourer. *To colour; ſhadow; make pretences.*

Coulpable: com. *Culpable, guilty, offending, faulty, blame-worthy.*

Coulpe: f. *A fault, offence, treſpaſſe, miſdeed, or ill deed.*
Batre ſa coulpe. *To beat his breaſt for his faults.*
En dire ſa coulpe. Le meſme.

Coulper. *To blame, tax, reprove, chide, reprehend, find fault with.*

Coulteau, & Coultel. *as* Couſteau. *A knife.*

Coultre: m. *The Sexton of a Church; alſo, the Cultre, or knife of a Plough.*

† Coulture: f. *A great plowed field; a large cloſe of tilled land; alſo, plowing, or tillage. See* Cloſture.

Coulure: f. *A gentle running, ſlipping, or ſliding along; trilling, or falling downe; creeping through, or into; gliding, or crawling over; alſo, a leaking; alſo, a draining.*
Coulure de Vignes. *A fault, or imperfection in Vines, the chiefe grapes falling, and the reſidue very little; comes by much raine when they were young, or in knitting.*

Counil : m. *A Connie.*

Counille : f. *A Doe Connie, a female Rabbet.*

Counilleau : m. *A young Rabbet, little young Connie.*

Counin : m. *as* Counil. *See* Connin.

Coup : m. *A blow, ſtroake ; knock, rap, thump, cuffe, whirret ; alſo, a hit, or touch ; a Vennie, in Fencing ; alſo, a fling, or caſt, as at Dice, &c ; alſo, a Cuckold.*

Coup de bec. *A pecking, or peck (of a birds beake,) alſo, a quip, taunt, cut, or bad word ; alſo, a kiſſe.*

Coup d'eſſay. *A Tryall-peece, or Maſter-peece ; Looke* Eſſay.

Coup d'eſtoc. *A thruſt, foine, ſtab ; alſo, a prick-caſt.*

Coup de haut. *A downe-right blow ; alſo, a quaffe, carouſſe, or ſound draught.*

Coup de langue. *A check, taunt, rebuke ; alſo, a quip, cut, gird ; ſlander, diſgracefull nip, reproachfull touch ; a tearme of imputation ; and hence the Proverb ;*

Vn coup de langue eſt plus dangereux qu'un coup de lance. *A word is (oft) more dangerous then a wound.*

Coup de mer. *A violent wave, a mightie Sea ; or, a blow given by a wave of the Sea.*

Coup de rets. *The draught (of a Net.)*

Coup de taille. *A ſlaſh, cut, gaſh, wipe.*

Coup orbe. *A bruiſe, cruſh, thump, duſt, dry-blow.*

Coup-orbe. *Red pimples in the face.*

Coup perdu. *A Miſſe ; alſo, a Caſt, or Throw made at randome, and without any apparent hope, or likelyhood of hitting ; whence ;*

A coup perdu. *Fruitleſly, in vaine, unto no purpoſe ; alſo, at randome ; without any certaine aime, or hope of hitting ; and,*

Prins à coup perdu. *Atchieved by chance, obtained by meere fortune, ſucceeding beyond expectation, gotten more by hap then by any manner of cunning.*

Le tiers coup de baſton. *The Knock which in a Port-ſale (or Act which any other way) gaines a full, and abſolute poſſeſſion.*

Coup à coup. *Ever ; every time, or, from time to time.*

Coup ſur coup. *Often, eſtſoones, now and anon, ſucceſſively, one in the neck of another.*

A coup ; tout à coup ; tout à vn coup ; tout d'un coup. *Speedily, ſuddainly, at once, all at once, all together.*

A tous coups. *Often, eſtſoones ; every time, continually, at each blow.*

Au bon du coup. *When the matter is at beſt, or in beſt tearmes ; or, when it is time to doe a mans beſt in it.*

Le coup valoit bien la boule. *His good Caſting was worth all other advantages ; or, his good Play was unto him as great an advantage, as Leading unto the other.*

Donner coup à. *To ſtrike the onely ſtroake ; to be of moſt availe, to doe all in all, in.*

Donner vn coup de gaule par ſous l'huis. *To ſupplant, or give a privie lift. See* Gaule.

Faire coup ſur. *To ſtrike home unto, be of great conſequence in, worke an important effect on.*

Faire vn coup de ſa main. Il a fait &c. *He hath played a lewd part.*

Faire vn mauvais coup. de peur qu'il ne teiſt quelque mauvais coup. *Leſt he ſhould enter into ſome naughtie practiſe, or execute any villanous project.*

Faire ſelon la jambe le coup. *(as we ſay) to cut his coat according to his cloth.*

D'une pierre faire deux coups. *To kill two birds with one ſtone ; to make a double uſe, or profit, of his travell.*

Gauchir au coup. *To avoid a blow by turning, or by wrinching, the body aſide.*

Gauchir le coup. *To give a winding blow, thruſt indirectly, ſtrike awry.*

Porter coup. *To hit home ; to prevaile ; to attaine to the purpoſe it was directed unto.*

Porter coup à la foy. *To wrong, blemiſh, violate, infringe, breake, faith given.*

Prendre coup. cela a deſja pris coup. *Hath alreadie received a fatall blow ; or, is come unto ſo ill a ſtate, that the ruine thereof muſt of neceſſitie follow.*

Rompre le coup. *To beat, or put by a blow. Seeke* Rompre.

Suivre ſes coups. *To proſecute, or ſecond, with great earneſtneſſe, an enterpriſe begun.*

Tenir coup à la beſongne. *To ply a matter ; to follow it diligently, proſecute it ſeriouſly, hold hard unto it.*

A tout perdre n'y a qu'un coup perilleux ; Prov. *One ſound blow will ſerve to undoe us all.*

Chaſcun eſt ſage apres le coup ; Prov. *Looke* Sage.

En adventure giſent grands coups ; Prov. *In doubtfull caſes great blowes are beſtowed.*

L'arbre ne tombe pas du premier coup ; Prov. *The firſt blow ſells not the tree ; the firſt attempt, or eſſaie, carries not a great matter.*

On ne fait pas à grand coups douce vielle ; Prov. *Tis not the great (but the apt) ſtroake that makes the harmonie.*

Qui viſe loing iamais ne rend ſon coup heureux ; Prov. *The farre-off leveller ſhall never hit the white.*

Coupant : m. *A Spade ; or ſuch another earth-cutting inſtrument of Husbandrie.*

Les Coupans des coſtez des traces d'un ſanglier. *The ſharpe edges, or ſides, of the foot of a wilde Boare.*

Coupant : m. ante : f. *Cutting ; cleaving ; backing, hewing ; lauuing, ſlitting ; carving, intailing ; lopping, mowing.*

Coupau : m. *A Cuckold ; alſo, a greene Gooſe.*

Coupe : f. *A cut, or cutting ; a gaſh, a ſlit, an inciſion ; alſo, a Cup, Goblet, or Maſer ; alſo, the roofe of a houſe, made almoſt round ; the cop of a houſe.*

Coupe de balance. *The ſcale of a Balance.*

Coupe de bois. *The cutting, felling, or lopping of wood ; alſo, the ſeaſon thats fitteſt to cut, or fell, it in ; alſo, the ſoyle whereon the wood ſo cut, or felled, grew.*

Bois de coupe. *wood thats betweene ten, and thirtie, yeares growth.*

Tel bois à la coupe rouge. *Such wood cuts red.*

Coupé : m. ée : f. *Cut ; cloven, ſliced ; hacked, ſlaſhed, hewed ; carved, graven, intailed ; ſlit, lauuced ; pruned, lopped, felled, as a tree ; mowed, as graſſe.*

Croix coupée. *A croſſe-bunet ;* Blazon.

Coupeau : m. *The top, head, or top of a thing.*

Coupeau de bois. *A chip.*

Coupeau d'oignon. *The head, or peele of an Onyon.*

Coupeau de la teſte. *The Crowne, or Noddle.*

Piquant coupeau. *A kind of prickie Thiſtle, tearmed thus about Paris.*

Coupe-aureille. *See* Coupe-oreille.

Coupe-bourſe : m. *A Cut-purſe.*

Hardi en coupe-bourſe. *as bold as a Cut-purſe.*

Coupelle : f. *A Coppell ; the little aſhen pot, or veſſell, wherein Goldſmiths melt, or fine their metalls.*

Argent de coupelle. *Silver that hath beene teſted, or tryed ; fine ſilver.*

Coupement : m. *A cutting, ſlicing, hewing, ſlaſhing ; a cleaving, ſlitting ; lauuning, inciſion-making ; alſo, a pruning, lopping, or felling of trees ; a ſheering of corne, mowing of graſſe ; alſo, a dividing, ſundering, ſeparating.*

Coupe-oreille : f. *A (faſhion of) ſharpe ; and thin-bladed French knife, wherewith the eares of rogues, and pettie theeves, are cut off.*

Coupe-queuë. Deux mots à coupe-queuë. *Two ſhort, and ſoon-done words ; two words, and there's an end ; but two bare words, and no more.*

Couper. *To cut, ſlice, hack, ſlaſh, hew, to cleave, ſlit ; lauuce, make an inciſion ; alſo, to carve, grave, intayle ; alſo, to prune, lop, or fell trees ; mow corne, or graſſe ; alſo, to divide, ſunder, ſeparate.*

Se Couper. *To cut himſelfe ; alſo (in ſpeaking) to trip.*

Couper broche à. *To prevent, cut off, cut ſhort.*

Couper chemin à. *To ſtop, croſſe, foreſtall, prevent, let from proceeding any further.*

Couper de deux coſtez. *To deale on both hands, to intertaine both ſides, with promiſe of his aſſiſtance.*

Couper l'herbe ſous les pieds à. *To ſupplant, undermine ; marre the market of ; ſet beſide the cuſhion.*

Couper les ongles de prés à. *To curbe very ſhort ; to keepe very bare, or niere ; to reſtraine, impoveriſh, yeeld hard, or ſcant allowance to ; or withdraw moſt of his meanes, or allowance from.*

Couper la queuë à. *To deſiſt, give over, leave off from, (and particularly) to breake off talke with.*

Couper la queuë au ieu. *To leave playing with one whoſe money he hath woon ; to give over a winner.*

Couper le vin. *To leave blowne drinke ; or to drinke but part.*

Il a vn nez qui coupe. *He hath a moſt ſearching wit, a moſt piercing ſpirit.*

Se Couper ſoy meſme par ſes defenſes. *To ſpeake againſt, in thinking to defend, himſelfe.*

Il ſe coupe de ſon propre couſteau. *He wounds himſelfe with his owne weapons; as does a learned Diuine, that falls into hereſie; an eloquent ſpeaker, that wreſts or perverts the Law; a beautifull perſon, that growes diſſolute, or effeminate; a wealthie man, that becomes either a miſer, or an vnthrift; &c.*

Couperet : m. *A Butchers Knife, or Cleaver.*

Couperoſe : f. *Copres; alſo, extreame redneſſe of the face, accompanied with many pimples, and rubies, eſpecially about the noſe.*

Couperoſé : m. ée : f. *Mingled, ſeaſoned, or dreſſed with Coperous; alſo, Crimſon-faced, Copper-noſed, red, ruddie.*

Coupet : m. *The top, head, height, cop, creſt, ridge, of.*

Coupet de cheveux. *A tuft, or topping, of haire.*

Coupeur : m. *A cutter, cleaver; backer, hewer; carver, intayler; launcer, ſlitter; mower, lopper, feller of trees; and moſt particularly, a reaper or cutter of grapes, in the time of Vintage.*

Coupeur de bourſes. *A Cut-purſe; whence;*

Eſtonné comme vn coupeur de bourſes pris ſur de fait; *Amazed like a Cut-purſe, taken in the manner.*

Coupeur de cuir. *A Cut-purſe.*

Coupeure : f. *See* Coupure.

Coupeuſe : f. *A woman that reapes, or cuts grapes in the time of Vintage.*

Coupeux : m. euſe : f. *Cutting; or, full of cutting; or fit to cut.*

Dens coupeuſes. *The ſore-teeth.*

Coupier : m. *A cup-bearer; one that waiteth on his maſters cup.*

Couple : f. *A couple; a paire; alſo, a paire of dog-couples.*

En couple. *Coupled, by paires, two and two together.*

Couplé : m ée : f. *Coupled; yoaked, united, joyned, grapled, together.*

Coupler. *To couple, joyne, yoake, unite together; alſo, to coape, or grapple together, as in fight.*

Couplet de chanſon. *A Staffe, or a Stanze of a Poem, or Song.*

Couplet de bois. *A woodden ſole, or Nut for a Screw; the foot of a Screw; &c.*

Coupon : m. *A great Cup, or Bowle; alſo, a Tray of wood, &c; alſo, a cut of; or, a thick and ſhort ſlice, or piece cut from, a thing.*

Coupon de drap. *A ſhred of cloth.*

† Coup-orbe. *Red pimples on the face.*

Couppe. *as* Coupe.

Couppe-bourſe. *as* Couppebourſe.

Couppelettes de gland. *Akorne cups.*

Coupperet : m. *A Butchers Knife, or Cleaver.*

Couppier : m. *A Cup-bearer; or one that waiteth on his maſters cup.*

Couppon. *as* Coupon.

Coupure : f. *A cutting, ſlicing, cleaving, launcing, lopping, ſheering (&c. as in* Coupement; *) alſo, a cut (&c. as in* coupe; *) and hence;*

Par coupures. *Peece-meale; by peeces; in ſlices; by ſhreds.*

Cour : f. *A Court of Law, or Iuſtice; any Seſſion, or Aſſemblie of Iudges; or the place wherein they uſe to aſſemble; alſo, the Court of a Prince; or of a private houſe. See* Court.

Cour des Aides. *A ſoveraigne Court, wherein all cauſes that concerne the Aides, Tailles, &c, are heard, and determined: (Some report, that King Iohn, others that Charles the firſt, about the yeare 1380, erected that which is at Paris; Charles the ſeventh erected another at Montpelier, Anno 1437. There be others alſo, at Roan, and at Montferrant in Auvergne; and one at Bourdeaux, the which was firſt at Perigueux.)*

Cour feudale. *A Court Leet, or Baron; the Lords Court, whereto his vaſſales and tenants owe their ſuite, and ſervice.*

Cour fonciere. *A Court Baron; or, Court of baſe iuriſdiction.*

La Cour des monnoyes. *as,* La Chambre des monnoyes.

La Cour des Pairs. *A Court Leet, or Baron.*

La Cour de Parlement. *Looke* Parlement.

Cour perſonnelle. *See* Perſonnel.

Cours ſouverains. *The higheſt Courts, from which there is no appealing.*

Retraict de barre, ou de Cour. *See* Retraict.

De par la Cour. *By the opinion, conſent, or ſentence of the Iudges, in Court.*

En pleine Cour. *In the hearing of the whole Court; when all the Iudges and Officers thereof were preſent.*

Courage : m. *Courage, mettall, ſpirit, heart, ſtomacke; valour, ſtoutneſſe, bouldneſſe, hardineſſe, forwardneſſe; alſo, confidence, aſſurance, hopefulneſſe; alſo, livelineſſe, alacritie, ſolitie, cheerfulneſſe; alſo, willingneſſe, alſo, the mind, will, humor, fancy, affection, diſpoſition.*

Courage de brebis. *(A merry forme of encouraging, or cheering up; wherein tis meant that,* Le nez en terre, *ſhould follow) On with a ſheepes heart.*

Dur courage. *A rude, ſtiffe, obdurate, inflexible, humor.*

Felon courage. *A fierceneſſe, rigor, cruelty, an untractable, or unſociable diſpoſition.*

Franc courage. *Openneſſe, plainneſſe, freeheartedneſſe; de franc courage, cheerfully, freely, willingly, with a heart.*

Laſche courage. *Negligence, cowardneſſe, faintneſſe, ſlackneſſe, weakneſſe, abjection, lowlineſſe.*

Petit courage. *Weakeneſſe, feebleneſſe, puſillanimity; ſlender wit, little ſpirit, poore mettall.*

De courage. *as* Courageuſement.

Sans courage. *Dully, ſlackly, cowardly.*

Tu cognois mon courage. *Thou knoweſt my minde, thou art well acquainted with my humor.*

I'ay bon courage mais les jambes me faillent. *My heart is very good, but my heeles (viz. my meanes) doe faile me.*

'A grand danger grand courage. *Prov. Courage, when danger is, had need be great.*

Courageuſement. *Courageouſly, ſtoutly, valiantly, boldly, forwardly, hardily; confidently, with great aſſuredneſſe.*

Courageux : m. euſe : f. *Courageous, valiant, hardie, bold, ſtout, manly, adventurous, forward; full of confidence, full of aſſurance, full of aſſuredneſſe.*

Couramment. *Swiftly, glibly, readily, without ſtop.*

Courance : f. *A flux, or laxativeneſſe in the body; the Squirt.*

Courans. *as* Coulans.

Courant : m. *A current, or ſwift courſe of waters; alſo, an upper Mil-ſtone, called (alſo by our Millers) the runner.*

Courant. *Running, ſpeeding, poaſting; courſing, chaſing.*

Cordeau courant. *See* Cordeau.

Queſte courant. *Such an impoſition as may be layed by a Lord on his tenants, when, and in what a proportion he liſt.*

Rente coutant. *A rent-ſeck, or charge; raiſed of, or bought with, money.*

Courante : f. *A Currante.*

† Courbaſſé : m. ée : f. *Hulch-backed, or crooke-ſhouldered. Scoke* Boſſu.

Cour-baſton : m. *A truncheon, or ſhort cudgell; alſo (in a ſhip) a crooked peece of tymber, termed a Knee, or Futtocke.*

Courbatu : m. uë : f. *Tyred, over-toyled, worne out, growne crooked, with extreame labour; alſo, beaten till he ſtoope againe, or ſo much, that he is growne crooked withall; alſo, foundered.*

Courbature : f. *The ſoundering of a horſe, or beating of his feet, by over-much travell.*

Courbe : f. *A bought; alſo, a crooked, or bowing peece of tymber; and (more particularly) a compaſſe, or moulded, Rafter; alſo, the Curbes (in a horſes hinder legs.)*

Courbes d'un navire. *The ribs of a ſhip; called by Mariners, the Futtocks, or Navell tymbers.*

Courbes d'une voulte. *The arching of a Vault.*

Courbé : m. ée : f. *Crooked, bowed, plyed, vaulted, arched, bent arch-wiſe.*

Les bras courbez en anſe. *With armes a kemboll.*

Courbée : f. *as* Courvée. ¶ Gaſc.

Courbe-eſpine. *The name of a delicate Normand apple,*

Courbement : m. *A crooking, bowing, vaulting, arching; plying, or bending, arch-wiſe.*

Courber. *To crooke, bow; vault, arch; ply, or bend, arch-wiſe.*

Courbes : f. *The legs;* ¶ Barrag; *alſo, the plurall unto* Courbe.

Courbette : f. *A ſmall crooked Rafter, or peece of tymber; alſo, a curvet, or, the curvetting of a horſe.*

Courbure : f. *as* Courbement; *or, a bought.*

Courcaillée de cailles. *The calling of Quailes.*

Courcie : f. *Part of a Galley termed, the Courſey.*

Courde : f. *A Gourd.*

Courdier : m. *A Gourd-plant.*

Courée de mouton : f. *A Sheepes Pluck; the intrailes, or inwards of a Mutton.*

Courement : m. *A running, poaſting, courſing, paſſing on apace.*

Coureur : m. *A runner; a courſer; a Poaſter, a Poſt; alſo, a roamer, or wanderer abroad; one whoſe ſhooes are made of running leather; one that never keepes at home, or where he ſhould be; alſo, a courſor, out-rider, rank-rider; and hence;*

Coureurs. *Light horſemen, imployed in the*

the over-running, ravaging, or forraging, of an enemies country.

Coureuſe : f. *A gadding huswife; alſo, a common publique, notorious, whore.*

Courge: f. *The fruit called, a Gourd; alſo, a wide, and deep Lymbeck, made ſomewhat Gourd-like; alſo (and the more properly) the wide bellie, or lower part of ſuch a Lymbeck; alſo, a Stang, Paleſtaffe, or Coleſtaffe, carried on the ſhoulder, and notched (for the hanging of a Pale, &c.) at both ends.*

Courge blanche. *The white Gourd, a very holeſome fruit either boyled, fried, or preſerved.*

Courge d'hyver. *The ordinary great round Pompion, or Gourd, hung up in Kitchins for winter proviſion.*

Courge d'Inde. *as* Courge d'hyver; *ſo called, becauſe the firſt ſeeds thereof came out of the Indies; ℣ Mathiolus; (yet are there, beſides this, three ſeverall kinds of Indian Pompions; a ſmall round one; a cornered one; and the Muſhroome Pompion. ℣ Gerard.)*

Courge longue. *The Snakes Gourd, or long Gourd.*

Courge marine. *The ſea Gourd, whereof there be divers kinds; (though Gerard have none.)*

Courge ſauvage. *The wild Gourd; ſome alſo call ſo the wild Citrull, or fleam-purging* Coloquintida.

Courge de Turquie. *The Turkie Gourd.*

Grande courge. *The great round Gourd.*

Petite courge. *The bottle Gourd, or leſſe Gourd.*

Courier: m. *A Poſt, &c. as* Courrier.

† Courin. *as* Couſin.

Courir. *To runne, poſt, gallop; make ſpeed, hie apace, go very haſtily, paſſe very ſwiftly; runne on; proceed faſt in; alſo, to ride a running horſe, or (as in poſting) runne on horſeback; alſo, to hunt, courſe up and downe, follow hard, purſue haſtily, give hot chaſe unto; alſo, to overrun, ravage, ranſacke, make hoſtile incurſions upon; alſo, to have courſe, or be current; to be in date, uſe, requeſt, or faſhion.*

Courir les champs en pourpoint. *To play the Bedlam; to runne up and downe like a mad man.*

Courir les choſes legierement. *To run, or paſſe over things very ſleightly; to take a ſnatch, and be gone; to give onely a touch, and away.*

Courir danger. *To be in danger, or, in a doubtfull eſtate; to be as like to ſpeed ill as well.*

Courir au deuant de. *To meet with.*

Courir l'eſguillette. *To play the impudent, or importunate, whore; extremely to luſt, or maddingly to runne after a P.*

Courir fortune. *To be in danger of ſhipwrack; or, to abandon a ſhip, in a great ſtorme, unto the mercy and conduction of the wind and waves.*

Courir fortune avec; ou, courir la fortune de. *To imbarke himſelfe, or take part, with another, in all his attempts, or hazards whatſoever.*

Courir la lance. *To tilt, or, to runne at tilt.*

Courir la lance S. Creſpin ſur vn eſcabelle à trois pieds. *To play the Shoomaker.*

Courir vn livre; *To runne over a booke with the eye, noting onely the words, and neglecting the matter; or, to read a book ſleightly, and haſtily over, without much reſpect had, or heed taken, either to the phraſe, or matter.*

Courir vn office. *To ride poſt for the getting of an Office.*

Courir apres ſon ombre. *To ſpend his time idly, fondly, vainly; or, to loſe time.*

Courir la poule. *To forrage, ravage, ranſack, ſpoile, or make pillage of, every thing that comes in his way; (Said of a diſorderly, and ill-governed, ſouldier, who in his march, or reſidence in a country, twitches up every poor mans hen that peeps out.)*

Courir comme vne raſle, viz. *Very ſwiftly.*

Courir les rues. *To play the Bedlam; to range, roame, or gad up and downe, like a mad man.*

Courir ſus à. *Furiouſly to invade, aſſaile, or ſet upon; alſo, to uſurpe, or incroach on, to interrupt, or intermeddle with, another mans profit, or imployment.*

Ce n'eſt pas tout de courir, Il faut partir à temps; Prov. *'Tis not enough to purſue diligently, unleſſe we have begun diſcreetly.*

Il ne faut iamais courir apres ſon eſteuf; Prov. *One muſt never let go a thing, which he hath, and may hold, with a purpoſe to follow, or for any hope to recover, it; Look* Eſteuf.

L'eau qui dort eſt pire que celle qui court; Prov. *Standing waters are much worſe then running ones; ſleepy diſpoſitions of leſſe worth (or more dangerous) then giddy ones.*

† Courle: f. *as* Courge; *a Gourd.*

Courle ſauvage. *Wild Nep, white Bryony, the wild or white Vine; alſo, the wild flegme-purging Gourd,* Coloquintida.

Courlis: m. *A Curlue.*

Courmaran: m. *A Cormorant.*

Couronne : f. *A Crowne; the Diademe, or circlet wherewith Princes be crowned; alſo, a wreath, garland, or chaplet of flowers, &c. for the head; alſo, the coyne ſo called; alſo, the crowne, top, or beginning of a horſes hooſe; the place, or part where at it joynes unto the leg; alſo, a round, or a ring made by many perſons that ſtand cloſe, or hold hands, together; (In Architecture) alſo, the* Corona, *crowne, or member of greateſt ſayle, in a Corniſh.*

Couronne de Clercs. *The crowne of a ſhaveling, or, a Prieſts ſhaven crown.*

Couronne Imperiale. *The Imperiall Crowne; (a goodly flower.)*

Couronne de Preſtre. *Dandelyon, Piſſa-bed; (an herb.)*

Lettre de couronne. *A cup; or as* Taſſe. ℣ Barrag.

Enter en petite couronne. *Setke* Enter.

Femme bonne vaut vne couronne; Prov. *A vertuous dame is worth a Diadem.*

Couronné : m. ée : f. *Crowned.*

Couronnement: m. *A crowning; alſo, the outward mouth of the wombe, ſo tearmed by Midwives.*

Couronner. *To crowne; to ſet a crowne, diadem, circlet, or garland upon (the head.)*

Couronneure : f. *The broad-ſpread, and crowne-reſembling, top of a Deeres head.*

Couroye, & Couroyer. *See* Courroye, & Conroyer.

Cour-pendu. Pomme de cour-pendu. *The ſhort-ſtart, or ſhort-ſhanke; (an excellent apple.)*

Courquaillet: m. *A Quaile-pipe.*

Courracteur. *See* Courratier. ℣ Rab.

Courran: m. *as* Courreau.

Courratage: m. *Brokage; ſcourſing, horſe-courſing. See* Courretage.

Courraterie: f. *as* Courratage.

Courratier: m. *A Broker; one that ſels other mens ſtuffe for them; alſo, a foot-poſt, meſſenger, or carrier.*

Courratier de chevaux. *A horſe-courſer.*

Courratiere : f. *A Brokereſſe; or Brokers wife.*

Courre. *as* Courir; laiſſer courre; *to let ſlip, or, to hound a dog, at.*

Courreau d'une huiſſerie. *The bolt, or barre of a doore.*

Courretage: m. *Brokage; horſe-courſing; buſie dealing, or intermedling betweene party and party.*

Courretier: m. *as* Courratier.

Courrier: m. *A Poſt, or, a Poſter; alſo, a horſe-rider; alſo, a Broker.*

Courrier de mer. *A kind of very ſwift fiſh. Looke* Poſte de mer.

Courroucé : m. ée : f. *Angry, offended, fuming, diſpleaſed, in a great chafe; alſo, vexed, grieved, afflicted; impatient, out of quiet.*

Bien courroucé de peu pleure; Prov. *Hee that's throughly angered hardly weeps.*

Il n'eſt pas aiſe qui eſt courroucé; Pro. *Hee's not at eaſe that's in a chafe.*

Courroucément. *Angrily, chafingly; as one that is offended, or in a fume.*

Courroucer. *To anger; offend, move, diſpleaſe; vex, grieve, afflict, put out of quiet.*

Se courroucer. *To fret, fume, chafe, be angry, take pet, or pepper, in the noſe.*

Se courroucer contre ſes morceaux. *To be angry at his own morſels; rather to ſtarve then chaw his own meat, rather to want then uſe his own meanes.*

Courrouceuſement. *wrathfully; moſt angrily.*

Courroux: m. *Anger, chafing, fuming, wrath, rage, indignation; diſpleaſure, ſtomacke againſt; alſo, vexation, griefe, ſorrow, affliction of mind; impatiency.*

Courroye: f. *A thong, or belt of leather; a ſtrong leather ſtrap, or ſtring; alſo, the latchet of a ſhooe.*

Alonger la courroye. *To delay, prolong, or draw out in length, a gainfull imployment; as many Lawyers doe their clients cauſes, and ſome Generals the warres they command in.*

Avoir les deux bouts de la courroye. *To have the Law (or the abſolute diſpoſition of a thing) in his own hands.*

Il veut avoir les deux bouts de la courroye, & le milieu. *He is a hard, and sore dealer: he will neither do right, nor take wrong; or no lesse will serve him then all, he will have the very extremity of Law.*

Faire d'autruy cuir large courroye. *To spend liberally on another mans purse.*

On a fait de son dos courroye. *He hath been whipped extreamely.*

Mieux vaut avoir amy en voye qu'or ny argent en courroye: Pro. *We say (with some little difference) better is a friend in Court then a penny in the purse.*

Qui cuir voit tailler courroye en demande: Pro. *While a thing is whole it may be wholy kept.*

Courroyé: m. ée: f. *Curried; tawed, or dressed, as leather.*

Courroyement. *as* Conroyement *(In the first sence.)*

Courroyer. *as* Conroyer; *To currey; tew, or dresse, leather.*

Courroyeur: m. *A Currier (of leather.)*

Cours: m. *A course, race, running, also, the place wherein a race is runne; also, a continuall journey, passage, traine, trace, motion forward; also, length, or tract of time; also, a stile, fashion, way, manner, or meanes of proceeding; also, a road, or expedition against an enemy at sea; (and hence, piracy, roving, sea-robbing.)*

Cours du ciel. *The course of the Starres, Planets, or of the Regions wherein they are seated; also, (among Gardiners) a certaine bad constellation, whereby the growth of herbs is hindered.*

Vn Cours Civil, ou Cannon. *All the Volumnes, or Bookes, of the Civill, or Cannon Law.*

Le cours des Loix, de Medecine, de Philosophie, &c. *The whole order, or proceeding of study in those Arts, from the first and sleightest rudiments, to the last and deepest mysteries thereof.*

Cette marchandise n'a plus de cours. *Is cleane out of date, out of use, out of request; no chapman will buy it, no tradesman can utter it, there is no further dealing in it.*

† Coursable. † Monnoye coursable. *Current money.*

Coursaire: m. *A Rover, a Pyrate, a seathecfe. See* Corsaire.

Course: f. *A course, a race; a course, running, speed; also, a road, or incursion into an enemies countrey; also, a small and light chariot, or waggon.*

Courserot: m. *A little Pyrate; also, a little Courser, or horse of service.*

Coursey. *as* Coursou.

Courſie: f. *Part of the hatches of a Galley, tearmed the Coursey; or the Gallery-like space, on both sides whereof the seats of the slaves are placed.*

Coursier: *A Courser of Naples; also, a Tilting-horse, or horse for the Carecre.*

Coursier: m. ere: f. m. *Belonging, or like, unto a Courser; and hence;*

Mule coursiere. *Which in height and breadth resembles, or equalls, an ordinary Courser.*

Coursiere: f. *The Grating, in a ship of warre; also, a compendious course, ready meane, short cut, speedy way.*

Coursif: m. ive: f. *Swift, speedy, fast, running.*

Lettres coursives. *Written by a quicke, or swift hand; fast written.*

Coursou: m. *A young vine-branch, or shoot, reserved, in the cutting of the vine, for store.*

† Coursouër. *as* Escoursouër.

Court: f. *The Court of a Prince; The Estate, or State, of his house, and household; also, his household servants, or followers; also, the assembly of Nobles about him; also, courtship, the humours, or fashions of Court; and the courting, or wooing of a wench; also, the Court, or yard, or, the Court-yard, of a house; also, as* Cour.

Bouche à Court. *Budge-a-Court, diet allowed at Court.*

Eau benifte de Court. *Court-holy-water; fawning, soothing, smoothing, flattevie, faire (but false) words.*

Faire la court à. *To court, woose, fawne upon, solicite, or sue unto; collogue, or cog with.*

Sçavoir la court. *To be a skilfull Courtier; to know well the fashion of entertainment, the phrases of complement, the humours, and proceedings, used in Court.*

Tenir Court; ou, Tenir Court planiere. *A Prince to keepe open house; or to entertaine, and feast, all commers.*

La Court du Roy Petaud, ou chascun est maistre; Pro. *Look* Petaud.

En la Court du Roy chascun est pour soy; Pro. *In Court men study only their owne fortunes.*

Court: m. courte: f. *Short, briefe, succinct, cutted, compendious; low; also, little, small.*

Courte boule. *Our round bowle.*

Courtes chausses. *Short hose; also women.*

Court en paste. *Short, crummy, not holding, ill cleaving together.*

Robbe courte. Gens de robbe c. *Noblemen, Gentlemen, or Souldiers; or Officers, that be any of them.*

A leur courte honte. *To their exceeding shame.*

Demurer court. *To play at Mumbudget, or be at a Nonplus; not to have a word to throw at a dog.*

C'estoit le plus court, & le plus aisé, de les renvoyer. *The best, or the neereſt, and easiest course was, to send them backe.*

Il y alla tout court. *He went thither on a suddaine, or without any manner of staying.*

Pour le faire court. *In summe, or in few words; to conclude; to abridge the matter; not to hold you long.*

Tenir court. *To restraine, bridle, keepe under, tye up short, hold unto hard meat.*

Tourner court: I' apprendray bien à tourner court à celuy. *I will teach him to be more dutifull, ready, supple, pliable.*

Courtes folies sont les meilleures; Pro. *The shorteſt follies are the best.*

Courtault, ou Courtaut: m. *A Curtall.*

Courtaut de boutique. *A tradesmans prentise; a shop-keeping boy.*

Double courtaut. *A strong curtall; or, a horse of a middle size between the ordinary curtall, and horse of service.*

Courtaut: m. aude: f. *Curtall; being curtalled.*

Fouëtter quelqu'un en chien courtaut. *To whip one extreamly,*

Court-baston. *A Truncheon, or short cudgell; See* Courbaston.

Court-d'aleaume. *The name of a certaine bitter sweet apple.*

Courte-pointe: f. *A Quilt, or quilted counterpoint.*

Courtes-fesses. *A button breech, one that is pin-buttockt; or hath but small or slender buttocks.*

Court festu: m. *Drawing of cuts.*

† Courtiban; *or* † Courtibau. *A coat-armour, long cassock, or horsemans coat, worne by a Prince, or Commander in an army.*

Courtier. *as* Courratier; *A Broaker; horsecourser, Messenger.*

Courtil: m. *A back-yard; or garden.*

Courtilliere: f. *A kind of Palmer, or yellowish, and many legd vermin, that abides almost ever in the ground, and is a great enemy to herbs (especially Onions) whose roots she gnawes asunder.*

Courtinages: m. *Curtaines; hangings for beds, or windowes.*

Courtine: f. *A Curtaine; and (in fortification) the plainenesse of the wall betweene bulwarke and bulwarke.*

Sous la courtine. *Secretly, closely, privately, underhand, in corners, in bugger mugger.*

Courtineau: m. *A little Curtaine; also, the head-peece, or peece that hangs downe at the head, of a stuffe-bed.*

Courtisan: m. *A Courtier.*

Courtisane: f. *A Lady, Gentlewoman; or waiting-woman of the Court; also (but lesse properly) a curtizan, professed strumpet, famous (or infamous) whore.*

† Courtisanie: f. *Courtship; courtly behaviour, or humour.*

Courtisanne: f. *as* Courtisane.

Courtisanneau: m. *A young, little; paultry, or scurvy, Courtier.*

† Courtisanner. *To play the Courtier.*

Courtisé: m. ée: f. *Courted, sued unto; entertained with respective complements; also, flattered, fawned on, cogged with.*

Courtiser. *To court, make court unto; intertaine with all complements, or offices of respect, and observance; also, to flatter, sooth, fawne on, cog with.*

Courtois: m. ise: f. *Courteous, genile, debonaire; civile; gracious, benigne, affable; tractable, faire-conditioned; complemental.*

Chambre courtoise. *An Ajax; or, as* Chambre aisée.

Lance courtoise. *A tilting-staffe; or, launce with a blunt, and buttoned, head.*

Qui fut François si fut courtois; Prov. *The French were ever full of courtesie.*

Courtoisement. *Courteously, gently, affably, benignely, civilly, graciously.*

Courtoisie: f. *courtesie, civility, affability, gentlenesse, humanity, debonarity, benignity, graciousnesse; also, a kindnesse, favour, good office; whence;*

Courtoisie tardiue est discourtoisie; Pro. *A favour long in comming proves disfavor.*

Courtoisie qui ne vient que d'un costé ne peut longuement durer; Prov. *Courtesies unrequited continue not.*

Couru:

Couru: m. uë: f. *Run, courſed, hied, ſpeeded, poſted, gallopped; alſo, hunted, chaſed, followed hard, hotly purſued; alſo, overrun, ranſacked, ravaged.*

Fortune luy a couru ſus. *Fortune hath aſſaulted, or afflicted him; a great misfortune is befallen him.*

Courvé. *as* Courbé.

Courvée: f. *A dayes worke, due by a Tenant unto his Lord.* See Corvée.

Il a fait vne grande courvée. *He hath done a great dayes worke, he hath made a long dayes journey; or, he hath diſpatched the matter with very much toile.*

Courver. *To crook, bow, bend, arch, vault.*

Couſant. *Sewing, or ſowing.*

† Couſe: f. *A jeaſt, a toy, a ſleight matter.*

Couſement: m. *A ſewing; or, a ſeame.*

Couſin: m. *A couſin, or kinſman; alſo, a Gnat, or Midge.*

Au preſter couſin, au rendre fils de putain; Prov. *Some, when they would borrow give good words, but when they ſhould repay, moſt bad ones.*

Couſinage: m. *Kindred, conſanguinity, couſinſhip.*

Couſiner. *To claime kindred for advantage, or particular ends; as bee, who to ſave charges in travelling, goes from houſe to houſe, as couſin to the owner of every one.*

Couſinette. *The name of a certaine little red apple.*

Couſſegail: m. *Meſſelin, corne mingled.* ¶ Langued.

† Couſſer. *To but, or jurre, as Rams doe.*

† Couſſeur: m. *A butter, or jurrer.*

Couſſi: m. *The name of a ſmall (but excellent) black Grape.*

Couſſin: m. *A cuſhion to ſit on.*

Couſinet: m. *A cuſhinet, or little cuſhion; alſo, a ſtuffing, or boulſtering uſed in womens garments, when one ſhoulder is higher then another, to make them ſeem ſtraight though they be not; alſo, a cuſhinet, or boulſter of folded linnen, layed on the plaiſter of a wound.*

Couſinet de la teſſe. *The fleſhy tip, or muſcle of the buttocks.*

Couſinet de la trompe. *The firſt bed, or couching of ſtones, on the right hand of the vault of the out-juttying room* Trompe.

Couſineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of, or ſtored with, cuſhions; alſo, ſoft as a cuſhion; fit to uſe as a cuſhion.*

Couſſon: m. *The guſſet of a ſhirt, or ſmock; alſo, a Mite, or Weevill.*

Couſt: m. *Coſt, charges, expence.*

† Couſtange: m. *as* Couſt.

† Couſtangeux: m. euſe: f. *Deer, coſtly, chargeable.*

Couſtau: m. *A little hill, or riſing of ground; a Downe, or high ground.*

Couſtau de montaigne. *The ſide, or skirt of a mountaine.*

Couſté. *(The Participle of* Couſter;*) coſt.*

Couſteau m. *A knife, or whittle; alſo, a ſword, or any ſuch cutting weapon; alſo, the principall feather in a Hawks wing, teamed by our Faulkoners (in ſhort-winged Hawkes) the Cut, or Cuttie.*

Couſteau marin, ou de mer. *The Pyrot, or Hag-fiſh; a long and rountl ſhell-fiſh, of a bright, and ſhining colour; In ſome parts of France, The Sleeve-fiſh, and by ſome French Authors, the Sword-fiſh, are alſo called ſo.*

Couſteau des moiſſons. *Corne-Sedge, Corne-Flagges, Corne-Gladen, the right Gladen.*

Couſteau à pied. *A Shoomakers round cutting-knife.*

Couſteau à rongner. *The knife wherewith Bookbinders cut the leaves of their bookes.*

Couſteau de tripiere. *A (faſhion of) two-edged knife; and by Metaphor, one that playes Jack on both ſides.*

Manche de couſteau. *as* Couſteau marin *(in the firſt ſence.)*

Pied de couſteau. *A Play at Shuffleboord with keyes, a knife being the marke.*

Au pain, & au couſteau avec. *Familiar, converſant, a daily companion, haile fellow well met, with.*

Se couper de ſon propre couſteau. *To cut himſelfe with his owne knife;* See Couper.

Iouër des couſteaux. *To fight, combat, bicker, battaile; to come to open warre; to lay luſtily about him; alſo, to feed eagerly, beſtirre himſelfe at a Table, fall hotly to his victuals.*

Les couſteaux de Iehan Colot, l'un vaut l'autre; Prov. *See* Colot.

Dans vne gaine d'or vn couſteau de plomb; Prov. *A leaden ſword in a golden ſheath; a foule heart in a faire body.*

Peu peut bailler à ſon eſcuyer qui ſon couſteau leche; Prov. *Where the Maſter pinches the ſervants pine; or, he can ſpare others but little that hath but little for himſelfe.*

Selon la gaine le couſteau; Prov. *An inſide anſwerable unto the outſide.*

Selon le pain il faut le couſteau; Prov. (*Like our*) *the coat according to the cloth.*

Vn meſme couſteau me coupe le pain, & le doigt; Prov. *One knife both cuts me bread, and my finger; (ſaid of any thing that one while helpes, and another while hurts.)*

Couſtelet: m. *A little knife; or ſword.*

† Couſteleux. *Full of, or furniſhed with, knives.*

† Gaine couſteleuſe. *A ſheath which is never without knives.*

Couſtelier: m. *A Cutler, or maker of knives.*

Conſtellerie: f. *A Cutlers ſhop, or worke-houſe.*

Couſtemens: m. *Coſts, and charges.*

Couſte-pointe: f. *A counterpoint, or double coverlet.*

Couſter. *To coſt, in price; (*Ceey me couſta cent livres; *I gave a hundred pounds for this;* Telle choſe ne me couſte gueres. *I have ſuch a thing for little, or nothing.)*

Couſte & vaille. *whatſoever come of it, howſoever I come by it; at what price, or perill ſoever I buy it; or, I care not what I pay for it ſo it be good.*

Compere de la Pouille, couſte, & deſpouille; Prov. *(Said of a dangerous companion) one that will both feed on you and filch from you, and at length wholly fleece you.* See Pouille.

Couſteux: m. euſe: f. *Coſtly, chargeable, very deer.*

† Couſtier: m. ere: f. *Wide, aſide, or of one ſide; alſo, as* Cottier.

Couſtil. *as* Coutil; *a tick for a bed.*

Couſtilier. *as* Couſtillier.

Couſtillade. *See* Coutillade.

Couſtille: f. *A kind of long Pomiard, uſed heretofore by Eſquires.*

Couſtillé: m. ée: f. *Oft ſtrucken, or ſtabbed with a* Couſtille.

Couſtiller. *To ſtrike, or ſtab, often with a* Couſtille.

Couſtilleur. *as* Couſtillier.

Couſtillier: m. *An Eſquire of the body; an Armour-bearer unto a Knight; the ſervant of a man at Armes; alſo, a groom of a ſtable, a horſe-keeper.*

Couſtre. *as* Coultre.

Couſtume: f. *Cuſtome, uſe, ure, uſage, wont, guiſe; habit, manner; continuall faſhion, or order; alſo, an ancient Law, or Cuſtome in a country; alſo, a Cuſtome, Impoſition, Tax, Toll; alſo, a cuſtomary Rent, Service, or Tenure; alſo, the uſe of, or freedome in, another mans woods, or grounds.*

La petite couſtume. *Is (in moſt places) a penny for an Oxe, Cow, pipe of wine, or load of corn ſold, and carried out of the Territory belonging to a Lord Juſticer; for other leſſe beaſts, as Hogs, and Sheep, a halfepenny, or Maille; for a cart-load of movables* iiij d. Tourn. *for a Horſe-load* ij.d. *for a mans burthen, a penny.*

Droict de couſtume. *Is (in Normandy) the Toll that's payed for commodities uttered in the market place; and by the cuſtome of grand Perche, a penny* Tourn: *due unto the Lord (that hath low Juriſdiction) for every four-footed beaſt (not milch) that hath been bred, bought, and delivered, within his Territory.*

Droict de groſſe couſtume. *Look* Droict.

Prendre heritage en couſtume. *That is on condition to pay yearly a certaine quantity of Corn, or Hens; which if they be unpayed (having been demanded) three years together, the Landlord may re-enter, as he may alſo, if the thing be aliened, or ſold without his conſent; or if the Tenant die without iſſue lawfully begotten.*

Gaſteau, & mauvaiſe couſtume ſe doivent rompre; Prov. *(for the one does no good, the other much hurt, if it be kept.)*

Le loup alla à Rome, & y laiſſa de ſon poil, mais rien de ſes couſtumes; Prov. *The Wolfe went unto Rome, and there left part of his coat, but none of his ill conditions behind him.*

† Couſtumerie: f. *A cuſtome-taking; or cuſtome-levying; alſo, a Place, Paſſage, or Liberty, whereunto cuſtome is due.*

Couſtumier: m. *A Cuſtomary tenant, or tenant by cuſtome, a Copy-holder;* See Couſtumiers.

Couſtumier: m. ere: f. *Cuſtomary, uſuall, wonted, inveterate.*

Aides couſtumiers. *as* Aides chevels. *Look* Aides.

Bourſe couſtumiere. *A purchaſe of land made, or price given for a purchaſe, by a yeoman, Roturier, or ignoble perſon.*

Païs couſtumier. *A country that's altogether governed by particular cuſtomes; (as moſt of the Provinces in France be.)*

Quint couſtumier. *The portion of young: or brethren in the inheritance left by their father; which is (by the cuſtome of divers places) a fifth part onely, divided among them.*

Couſtumierement. *Ordinarily, uſually, commonly, cuſtomarily; after, or according to, the ordinary uſe, and cuſtome.*

Couſtumiers. *Ancient, and experienced Lawyers, who are able to informe the Court what the Law, and locall cuſtomes are in any caſe.*

Couſture: f. *A Seame.*

Couſture incarnatiue. *Look* Incarnatif.

Herbe ſans couſture. *Adders tongue, Serpents tongue.*

Deffait à plate couſture. *Vtterly defeated; overthrowne horſe and man.*

Harenguer à plate couſture. *To make a rude, plaine, or homely, oration.*

De ſorte couſture dure deſchirure; Prov. *A ſtrong ſeame ſtrongly rent aſunder.*

Couſturier: m. *A Taylor, or Botcher; a Seamſter; alſo, a little red worme, or flie, of the kind of Moathes.*

A ce drap couſturiers. *To this geare, to it, ſee to it my maſters; let's roundly about this buſineſſe.* *Look* Drap.

Couſturiere: f. *A Seamſter; or woman botcher.*

Couſturiers: m. *Certain long muſcles in the outward part of the thigh, which they make pliable, to croſſe one leg over the other.*

Couſu: m. uë: f. *Sewed, ſeamed, ſtitched, faſtned together; alſo, pierced, gored, run through.*

Vn viſage couſu. *A wrinkled, or a writhen viſage, that lookes as if the skinne thereof had been gathered, or plaited with a needle.*

Ses fineſſes ne ſont couſuës que de fil blanc. *His deviſes are plaine, and apparant enough; every one may ſee how ſubtilly he hath dealt.*

Coulyre: f. *Bugle, Comfrey, Walwort.*

Coutau: m. *A hillock, or little hill; a Downe, or high ground.*

Coute: f. *A ſeame; as in* Coutes.

Couteau. *A knife, &c. See* Couſteau.

Coutelas: m. *A Cuttelas, or Courtelas, or ſhort ſword, for a man at armes.*

Coutelaſſe ſur le viſage: f. *A ſlaſh over the face with a cuttelas.*

Coutelaſſé: m. ée: f. *Wounded, ſlaſhed, or ſtricken with a Cuttelas.*

Coutelaſſer. *To wound, ſlaſh, cut, or ſtrike with a Cuttelas.*

Couteleu. *as* Couſteau de mer.

Coutes: f. *The ſeames; or diſtances that are betweene Planke and Planke (in a ſhip.)*

Coutil. m. *A Tick, or Quilt ſtuffed with ſtacks, wooll, or feathers; a Mattreſſe, Woole-bed, Flock-bed, Feather-bed.*

Coutillades: f. *Hacks, gaſhes, wipes, cuts, wounds, given or made by edge-tooles.*

Couton: m. *A faggot-ſtick; or, the thicke ſtalke of ſome Plants, as of Cabbage, &c.*

Coutonner. *To cudgell, firwack, haſte, belam.*

Coutre: m. *as* Coteret *(in the firſt ſence.)*

Coutre: f. *as* Coutil *(in the latter ſence.)*

Coutrepointer. *(in ſtead of* Contrepointer*) to quilt.*

Couture. *See* Coulture.

Couvade: f. *as* Couvée, *or, as* Couvement.

Faire la couvade. *To ſit cowring, or ſkowking within doors; to lurke in the campe when Gallants are at the Battell; (any way) to play leaſt in ſight.*

Couvaiſon: f. *as* Couvement.

Couvé: m. ée: f. *Brooded, ſet on, covered or cowred over, cheriſhed, or kept warme; hatched; bred, or brought to perfection, by being continually ſet on.*

Couvé de mauvaiſe pie. *Ill-bred, of an evill race, come of an evill kind.*

Couvecendre. *A lazie huſwife; one that is ever hanging her noſe over the fire.*

Couvée de pouſſins: f. *A brood, or hatching of chickens; as many as came of one ſitting.*

† Couveleque: f. *The lid of a pot, or cup. (v. m.)*

Couvement: m. *A brooding, ſitting on, cowring over; a cheriſhing, or keeping warme; alſo, a hatching.*

Couvement de pouſſins. *A brooding, or hatching of chickens; or, a brood, &c. as* Couvée.

Couver. *To brood, ſit on, or cowre over; to cheriſh, keep warme; breed, or bring to perfection (by a continuall ſitting over;) Hence alſo, to hatch.*

Couver vn mauvais oeuf. *To nouriſh an ill deſigne.*

Elle y peut bien pondre, mais elle n'y couvera pas. *She may perhaps be there for a day or two, but longer then that ſhe ſtayes not.*

Iamais mauvaiſe poule ne le couva. *He is come of gentle kind, of a right noble ſtraine; he hath no manner of ill breeding in him.*

Couvercle: m. *A Cover, or Lid.*

Couvercle digne du chauderon; Prov. *A Cover good enough for the Cauldron.*

Tel pot tel couvercle; Prov. *Such pot ſuch pot-lid, like maſter like man.*

Couvereſſe: f. *A ſitting henne.*

Couvert: m. *A Covert; a wooddy plot, or countrey; a place full of buſhes, and trees; alſo, the covering, or furniture of Table for the meale of a Prince, &c. alſo, a young ſhad (called ſo in Anjou.)*

Nous ſommes mal à couvert ſous. *Wee are ill ſhadowed, or ſhrowded under.*

Couvert: m. erte: f. *Covered, vailed; cloſed; ſecret, hidden; buried; overcaſt, overſhadowed; clowdy, or darkned; as a thing overſhadowed.*

Fief couvert. *An inheritance for which homage and fealty is done, or hath been duly offered, upon change of the Tenant, or Tenure.*

Homme couvert. *A ſtill, ſilent, or cloſe fellow.*

Les rachapts, & arrerages de cens couverts. *An abſolute poſſeſſion, or preſcription; a quiet enjoying of land held by Cens, for thirty yeares together.*

Les rachapts d'un fief couverts. *Happning, or fallen before the receit of homage and fealty, or a diſcharge given by the lord to the vaſſall for them; and without any reſervation of them; ſo that hee hath no way to get them but by Action.*

Vin couvert. *Red, black, or darke-coloured wine.*

Le feu plus couvert eſt le plus ardent; Prov. *The fire that's covered moſt burnes moſt; or, the more 'tis hidden the hotter it burnes.*

Couverte: f. *A Coverlet, or bed-covering.*

Tirer la couverte de ſon coſté. *Look* Tirer.

Couvertement. *Covertly, cloſely, ſecretly, obſcurely, darkely, privily, underhand.*

Couvertoir: m. *A trick, or Engin wherewith water-fowle is caught.*

Couverture: f. *A coverture, or covering; an arraying, cloathing, cladding, attiring; alſo, apparell, rayment, attire; alſo, a hiding, vailing, obſcuring, over-ſhadowing; alſo, a coverlet, or covering for a bed.*

Couverture de maiſon. *the roof of a houſe*

Couverture de murailles. *The plaiſtering, dawbing, white-liming, parget-ting, rough-caſting; alſo, the coping, of wals.*

Couverture veluë. *An Iriſh Rug, Mantle, or Cadow.*

Sous couverture de. *Under the pretext, ſhadow, or colour, of.*

Couvi. oeuf couvi. *An addle egge, or a rotten egge (that hath been ſet on.)*

Couvine: f. Il en ſçait bien toute la couvine. *He is well acquainted with their packing; he knowes full well how the matter hath been carried.*

Couvoir: m. *A hens neſt; the place where ſhe ſits her egges; alſo, the height, or top, of a bed in a garden.*

Couvoiter. *See* Convoiter.

Couvrailles: f. *Goſſymeare; or, the white, and cobweb-like exaltations which flie abroad in hot Sunny weather.*

Couvre-chef: m. *A Kerchiefe.*

Couvre-coeur. *The* Pericardium, *a thinne skin, or membrane, wherewith the heart is covered.*

Couvrement: m. *A covering; concealing, hiding, obſcuring; burying; vailing, overcaſting, overſhadowing.*

† Couvre-ordure. *Gold; alſo, a womans Maske.*

† Couvre-rive. *Bank-covering, ſhoare-ſurrounding.*

Couvrir. *To cover; vaile, cloake; hide, conceale, ſtop, or cloſe up; to hoodwinke, overſpread, overcaſt, overſhadow; alſo, to cloath, apparell, attire all over; alſo, a dog (or ſuch like beaſt) to lyne a bitch; (In which ſence, Aligner is the word for Wolves; and Sailler for Horſes, Buls, and ſuch other great beaſts.)*

Couvrir le feu de ſon fivatier. *A Lord to ſeiſe, or make an entry upon, his tenants land for default of payment of the rents, rights, and ſervices due unto him; which, as it ſeems, is done by raking out, or covering over, the fire found in the tenement.*

Couvrir la jouë à. *To give a box on the eare unto.*

Couvrir ſon mommon à. *To tickle a Wench.*

Couvrir leur raſtelier. *Seeke* Raſtelier.

Se couvrir d'un ſac mouillé. *To colour his hard, or ill dealing with idle and inſufficient pretences; to alledge for himſelfe excuſes, which rather condemne, then clear, him.*

† Couyol: m. *as* Coyon.

Coy: m. *A Sinke; or, as* Foſſe coye.

Coy: m. coye: f. *Quiet, ſtill, peaceable, calme, reſtfull, huſht. See* Quoy.

Foſſe coye. *A Privy, Jakes, houſe of Office.*

Coyau: m. *A returned, or hip, Rafter.*

Coyed. *as* Cayer. *& Pic.*

Coyement. *Quietly, peaceably, ſtilly, calmly; ſoberly; patiently.*

Coymeaux: m. *A kind of Cherries.*

Coyon:

Coyon : m. *A coward, cullion, ſcowndrell, baſe fellow, faint-hearted companion.*
Coyonnade : f. *A cowardly, or cullionly trick, a baſe, or daſtardly part.*
Coyonnerie : f. *Baſe roguerie, cowardiſe, cullionnerie.*
Coypellé : m. ée : f. *Chipped; alſo, thwyted, whitled, or cut as a ſtick, &c.*
Coypeller. *To chip; alſo, to thwyte, or cut a ſtick, &c.*
Coyraul. *See* Coiraux.
Coyté : f. *Quietneſſe, calmeneſſe, peaceableneſſe, gentleneſſe; patience; ſoberneſſe.*
Coytes : f. *Tacks; great Ropes uſed about the (maine) ſayle of a ſhip.*
Coytis. *as* Coytes. *Tick; or, the blew-rewed ſtuffe whereof Ticks for Beds are made; alſo, a Bed-Tick.*
Coyts. *as* Coytes.
Crabbat : m. ate : f. *Comely, proper, decent, handſome, gracious, of a ſweet preſence, pleaſing to the eye.*
Crabron : m. *A Hornet.*
Crac : m. *A crack, or thing that cracks.*
† Crachard. *as* Crachat.
Crachat : m. *Spittle, or ſpit; alſo, a ſpitting.*
Craché : m. ée : f. *Spet, or ſpatled out; ſpattered, beſpawled.*
C'eſtoit luy tout craché. *He reſembled him in every part; he was as like him as if he had been ſpit out of his mouth.*
Crache-en-ruelle. *A ſpawling, or ſpattering fellow.*
Crache-fil. *Thread-ſpinning (the Epithete of a Spider.)*
Crachement : m. *A ſpitting, ſpatling, ſpattering, ſpawling.*
Cracher. *To ſpit; ſpawle; ſpattle, beſpatter.*
Cracher au baſſin. *To pay downe readie coyne; to give readie money; to come off with round fees; to beſtow a reward in hand; alſo, to ſpit (as a man may doe with his mouth ſhut) into a fleſhly baſen; alſo, to play a mad, fond, retcheleſſe, or careleſſe part.*
Cracher vn Iacobin. *Looke* Iacobin.
Cracheur : m. *A ſpitter, ſpawler, ſpatterer.*
Cracquer. *as* Craquer.
Crage : f. *as* Croye. *Chalke; (a ruſticall word.)*
Craie : f. *as* Croye. *Chalke.*
Craies. *Wild Peares, choake Peares.*
Craignant. *Dreading, fearing; doubting, redoubting, ſtanding in awe of.*
Craillement : m. *The croaking of a Raven, or Toad.*
Crailler. *as* Croailler.
Craindre. *To dread, feare; doubt, redoubt; ſtand in awe of.*
Il ne craind ny les rez, ny les tondus. *He reſpects no man, feares no body, is awed by no creature living; Looke* Rez.
Craine : m. *The ſkull, or braine-pan of the head.*
† Crainſer. *To ſhrinke in, or together; (alſo, to crackle) as Parchment, &c. throwne into the fire.*
Craint : m. ainte : f. *Dreaded, feared; doubted, redoubted.*
Crainte : f. *Feare, dread; awe, doubt of, redoubting.*
Craintif : m. lue : f. *Fearefull, dreading, timerous; baſhfull, cowardly, daſtardly, faint-hearted, white-livered.*
Craintivément. *Fearefully, timerouſly, with a faint heart.*
Craion. *See* Crayon.
Cramaillere : f. *The pot-hanger, or pot-hookes.*
Cramas : m. *Stones torne from rocks by tempeſts, inundations, or the violent working of the Sea.*
Cramoiſi : m. *Crimſon colour.*
Sot en cramoiſi. *An Aſſe in graine.*
Cramoiſi : m. ie : f. *Crimſon, Crimſon-coloured, of a Crimſon hue.*
Crampe : f. *The Crampe.*
La crampe du pied d'un cheval. *A horſes hoofe.*
Les gouttes crampes. *Convulſions; tenſions, or ſtiffeneſſe of the muſcles, cauſed by ſharpe, and groſſe vapours incloſed among the Membranes.*
Crampelle : f. *A Grampell, Grit, or Pungar-fiſh.*
Crampon : m. *A Cramp-yron; a hooke, or crampe of yron, &c.*
Crampon de cuir. *A loope, or tab, of leather.*
Les crampons d' un ſer de cheval. *Caulkes; or, caulkings.*
Cramponné : m. ée : f. *Ioyned, or faſtened with Cramp-yrons; alſo, tatched, haſped, hooked; looped; caulked.*
Cramponner. *To joyne, or faſten together with Cramp-yrons; alſo, to tatch, haſpe, hooke; loope; caulke.*
Cramponnet : m. *A little Cramp-yron; tack, or loope.*
Crane : m. *The ſkull, braine-pan, or bone of the head.*
† Cranequin : m. *The Gaffle of a Croſſe-bow; or, as* Crennequin; *alſo, an Engine for batterie, uſed in old time.*
† Cranequinier : m. *A Croſſe-bow man, (whether he ſerve on horſeback, or on foot) or, as* Crennequinier; *alſo, an (inferior) Officer, that had, in old time, the conduction of warlike Engines.*
† Crannequin. *as* Cranequin.
Crapaud : m. *A Toad.*
Crapaud de mer. *The ſea-Toad; an ougly, and unholeſome fiſh; or, the full-rowed belly of the Dog-fiſh, &c.*
La danſe des crapauds. *A State, or Government, wherein knaves and fooles are ſupported.*
Il en eſtoit chargé comme vn crapaud de plumes. *He was little burthened, nothing troubled, withall.*
Crapaudaille : f. *A crue of ougly knaves, of noyſome rogues; a pack of baſe, and beaſtly ſcowndrels.*
Crapaudeau : m. *A young, or little, Toad.*
Crapaudine : f. *The ſtone Chelonitis, or, the Toad-ſtone; alſo, the ſquare peece of yron, &c. wherein the Pivot playes, or turnes, in the bottome of a Gate; ſome of our workmen call it, the Sole.*
Crapaudon : m. *A young Toad.*
Crape : m. *The Crabfiſh, tearmed, a Pungar.*
Crappaude : f. *The ſea-Toad, or ſea-Devill; (an ougly, and ravenous fiſh.)*
Crappe. *as* Crappaude.
Crapule : f. *Drunkenneſſe, or drunken ſurfetting; heavineſſe of the head by exceſſive drinking.*
Craquant : m. ante : f. *Cracking, creaking, craſhing, claſhing.*
Craquelin : m. *A Cracknell; made of the yolks of egges, water, and flower; and faſhioned like a hollow trendle; hence alſo, a little light cap of that faſhion.*
Craquement : m. *A cracking, creaking, claſhing.*
Craquement des dents. *The craſhing of the teeth.*
Craquer. *To crack, to crake; to craſh; to claſh.*
Craquetant : m. ante : f. *Cracking, creaking; craſhing often.*
Cercceau craquetant. *The jerting circle made by a Peacock with his tayle, by a Turkie-cock with his wings.*
Craqueter. *Often to crack, creake, claſh, craſh.*
Craquetis : m. *An often creaking, claſhing, cracking, craſhing.*
Cras. *as* Croye. *Chalke.* ¶ Villageois.
Cras. *as* Chraies; *Choake-Peares.*
Craſſe : f. *(Thick-growne) filth, or ordure; ſlovenrie, ſluttiſhneſſe, greaſineſſe, bawdimeſſe, naſtineſſe; loathſome array.*
Craſſe de bronze. *The ſkumme of melted Braſſe.*
Craſſe de la teſte. *Dandriff; the ſkales that fall from the head, &c. in combing, &c.*
Craſſeuſement. *Filthily, naſtily, greaſily, bawdily, ſlovenly, ſluttiſhly.*
Craſſeux : m. euſe : f. *Filthie, greaſie, bawdie, begreaſed, naſtie, durtie, ſlovenlie, ſluttiſh, full of uncleanneſſe, full of ordure.*
Plus craſſeux que la taſſe d'un Meſeau. *More loathſome then a Lazers diſh.*
Craſſi. *A certaine Italian coyne, worth about j d. q.*
† Craſſitie : f. *as* Craſſitude.
Craſſitude : f. *Thickneſſe, fatneſſe, groſſeneſſe.*
Cravant : m. *The ſmall Gooſe, or Gooſe-like fowle, tearmed, a Brigander.*
Cravanté : m. ée : f. *Oppreſſed, foyled, or ſpoyled with exceſſive toyle, or ſtripes.*
Cravanter. *To oppreſſe, foyle, or ſpoyle with exceſſive toyle, or ſtripes.*
Craye : f. *Chalke.*
Mal de craye. *The ſtone-Cray; a diſeaſe in Hawkes.*
Crayé : m. ée : f. *Chalked; marked, whited, ſcowred, or cleanſed, with Chalke.*
Crayement : m. *A chalking; a marking, dreſſing, ſcowring, or cleanſing, with Chalke.*
Crayer. *To chalke; to dreſſe, marke, white, ſcowre, or cleanſe, with Chalke.*
Crayon : m. *Drie painting; or, a painting in, or Picture of, drie colours; alſo, the Table whereon a Painter mingleth (ſuch) colours; and the firſt draught, or lineaments of a Picture, made with any of them; hence alſo, a patterne, or example.*
Crayonné : m. ée : f. *Painted, or drawne in drie colours; alſo, rudely drawne, as a Picture is at the firſt.*
Crayonner. *To paint, or draw in drie colours; alſo, to draw the firſt lines, or make the firſt draught, of a Picture.*
Creable. *as* Credible; *or,* Croyable.
Creac, ou Creal; *a Sturgeon.* ¶ Langued.

Creac de buſc. *The Scate-fiſh.*

Creance: f. *Faith, beliefe; truſt, aſſiance, confidence; alſo, credulity, or credulouſneſſe; alſo, credit with Merchants, &c. alſo, a debt entruſted; alſo, docibleneſſe; apprehenſion of, or obedience unto, precepts; alſo, behaviour, faſhion, carriage, good or ill manners; alſo, a taſte, or eſſay taken of another mans meat; alſo, a Hawkes criants.*

La creance d'un Embaſſadeur. *The effect, or ſubſtance of his Embaſſage, reſerved unto his owne report.*

Lettres de creance. *Letters of truſt, and credence; wherein the writer wills, that his meſſenger be credited in thoſe things which hee ſhall deliver by word of mouth.*

Creancer. *To promiſe; to aſſure by his promiſe, to undertake upon his word* (v.m.) *alſo, to taſte another mans meat, or drink; to play the taſter.*

Creancier: m. *A creditor, or truſter.*

Creanciere: f. *A creditrix; the woman that truſteth.*

Createur: m. *A Creator; maker, framer; founder.*

Creation: f. *A creation, creating, framing, making.*

Creature: f. *A creature; a thing made of nothing.*

Il eſt creature d'un tel Seigneur. *He is the creature of, or hath been onely advanced by, ſuch a Lord; he hath made him all that he is; but for him hee had been of no wealth, no credit, no authority.*

Crecerelle: f. *A Rattle, or Clack for children to play with; alſo, a Keſtrell, Fleingall, or Fuckwinde.*

Credence. *as* Creance.

Teſmoing de credence. *That depoſes only what he believes, or thinks is true, without any abſolute, or further, aſſuring of it.*

Credence d'argent. *Silver-plate; or, a cupboord of ſilver-plate.*

Credentier: m. *A cupboord-keeper; alſo, a Princes Taſter, Eſſayer, Cup-bearer.*

Credible: com. *Credible, believable; to be credited, or believed.*

Credit: m. *Credit; reputation, account, renowne; eſteem in, favour with, good opinion of, the world; alſo, truſt, beliefe, affiance, faith; alſo, loyalty; alſo, as* Creance; *truſt, or credit given; or a debt entruſted.*

Batre à credit. *Look* Batre.

Plaiſir à credit. *A ſleight pleaſure.*

Perdre leurs ames à credit. *To hazard their ſouls on a ſhallow, or upon no, ground.*

Servir Dieu à credit, & par procureur. *To ſerve God but ſleightly, careleſly, or onely for a ſhew.*

Aſſez a qui bon credit a; Prov. *A good name is a ſufficient treaſure.*

Crediteur: m. *A creditor; one that believeth, or truſteth.*

† Credos, qui fait credos charge ſon dos. *He that lendeth often loſeth.*

Credule: com. *Credulous, truſtfull; eaſie, or light, of beliefe.*

Credulité: f. *Credulity, lightneſſe of beliefe.*

Crée: f. *as* Croye.

Creé: m. creée: f. *Created, made, framed, formed; choſen, ordained, eſtabliſhed; alſo, marked with chalke.*

Créer. *To create, make, forme, frame, give the firſt being unto; alſo, to chuſe, ordain, eſtabliſh; alſo, as* Croyer; *to mark with chalke.*

Creiche: f. *A cratch, rack, Oxe-ſtall, or crib; alſo, a Bullace, or ſmall plum.*

Cremaillée. *as* Cremaillere.

Cremaillere: f. *A hook to hang any thing on; eſpecially a pot-hook, or pot-hanger.*

† Cremant. *Fearing, dreading.*

Cremaſteres. *Two ſinewes, or muſkles, whereby the cods do hang.* ¶ Rab.

Creme: f. *Creame.*

Cremeau. *as* Creſmeau.

† Cremeu. *Fearfull, or full of dread.* (v.m.)

† Cremeur: f. *Feare, dread; alſo, a creamy, or milky diſpoſition, or humour.*

Cremillée, & Cremillére. *as* Cremaillere.

† Cremir. *To feare, to dread.*

Cren: m. *A breach, or ſnip in a knife, toole, &c. a notch in a ſcore; a nock in a bow, or arrow; alſo, the cleft, or cloven neb of a pen; alſo, the nicke of an Indenture, or jag about the edge of a leafe.*

Crene: f. *as* Cren.

Crené: m. ée: f. *Nicked, ſnipped, broken into, nocked, notched; jagged, indented.*

Creneau: m. *A nook, or corner.*

Creneaux. *as* Carneaux; *the battlements of a wall.*

Crenelé: m. ée: f. *Imbattled; made into, or faſhioned like, battlements; or, as* Crené.

Creneler. *To imbattle; to make into, or faſhion like, battlements.*

† Creneleure: f. *An imbattling; a making into, or like unto, battlements.*

† Crenequin. *as* Cranequin, *or* Crennequin.

Creneure: f. *A jagging, nicking, notching; indenting; or an imbattling, or making into ſquare notches.*

Crenne. *as* Cren.

† Crennequin. *as* Cranequin; *or* (*as ſome interpret it*) *a faſhion of horſemans head-piece, reſembling the Helmet.*

† Crennequinier. *as* Cranequinier; *or, a croſſebowman armed with a faſhion of head-piece that reſembles an Helmet.*

† Crenquenier: m. *A Catchpole, Sergeant; or Officer, that can execute, or ſerve Executions.*

Crenure. *as* Creneure; *and as* Cren.

† Crepature: f. *A burſting, cracking, riving aſunder.*

Crepelu. *as* Creſpu.

† Crepez, ou Crepets: m. *Fritters; alſo, Wafers.*

Crepillé: m. ée: f. *Frizled, curled.*

Crepiller. *To frizle, or curle.*

Crépine: f. *as* Creſpine.

Crepir. *as* Creſpir; *To parget.*

Crepiſſage: m. *Pargetting, rough-caſting.*

Crepiſſeure. *as* Creſpiſſeure.

Crepitation: f. *A creaking, craſhing, crackling, vatling, noiſe.*

Creppe. *as* Creſpe.

Crepuſcule: m. *The twilight;* (*either in the evening, or morning.*)

Crepuſculin: m. ine: f. *Between day and night, of the twilight.*

Creſcent: m. *as* Croiſſant; *an halfe-Moone.*

Creſche. *as* Creiche; *a cratch, rack, or crib.*

Creſeau: m. *Keyſie.*

Creſeul: m. *A Cruzet, or Crurible; a Goldſmiths melting pot.*

Creſme: m. *The Criſome, or oyle wherewith a baptized child is annointed;* (*And becauſe it is to be bleſſed, by a Biſhop, before it be uſed, it ſignifies*) *alſo, a Diocez.*

Homme de bon creſme. *An open-hearted, good natured, plain-dealing, man.*

Creſme: f. *Creame.*

Creſmé: m. éeſf. *Fleeted, creamed, or, whoſe cream is ſcummed off; alſo, full of creame.*

Creſmeau: m. *The Criſome wherewith a child is annointed* (*in Popiſh Churches;*) *or* (*more properly*) *the cloth, or Chriſtning cap, that's put on the head of the child, as ſoon as it hath been annointed.*

† Creſnette: f. *A pen-knife; or, a ſharpe, and ſmall graffing knife.*

Creſpe: m. *Cipres; alſo, Cobweb Lawne.*

Creſpe de chaperon. *A Crepine; the Crepine of a French hood* (*moſt commonly of Cobweb Lawn, or white Cipres.*)

Creſpe: com. *Curled, frizled; criſped; alſo, criſpe.*

Creſpé: m. ée: f. *The ſame; alſo, crackled, creaked; craſhed.*

Creſpelet: m. ette: f. *Curled, frizled, criſped, a little.*

Creſpelu. *as* Creſpelet.

Creſpelure: f. *A curling, frizling, ruffling.*

Creſpément. *Criſpingly; frizingly, curlingly.*

Creſper. *To crackle, or creak, as new ſhooes, or drie ſticks that are layed in the fire; alſo, to craſh between the teeth* (*a thing that's criſp, or brittle;*) *alſo, to criſpe, curle, frizle, ruffle, braid; alſo, to ſleek, make to ſhine, or glitter.*

Creſpi: m. *Parget, rough-caſt.*

Creſpi: m. ie: f. *Pargetted, rough-caſt; alſo, curled, or frizled.*

Femme creſpie de couleurs. *Whoſe face is all-to-bedawbed, or plaiſtered over, with painting.*

Creſpillé: m. ée: f. *Frizled, curled, criſped.*

Creſpiller. *To frizle, to curle, to criſpe.*

Creſpillonné. *as* Creſpu.

Creſpillonner. *as* Creſpiller.

Creſpin: m. *A proper name for a man; and, the name of a certain Saint, who is Patron to Shoomakers; whence;*

Apprenti de S. Creſpin. *A Shoomaker.*

Lance de S. Creſpin. *An Awle.*

Creſpine: f. *The Crepine of a French-hood.*

Creſpine de chevreau. *The call of a Kid.*

Creſpine du ciel. *The skie, the coape of heaven.*

Creſpinette: f. *A third kind of Knot-graſſe, held* (*by ſome*) *to be Gerards Knawell, or Parſley peart.*

Creſpir. *To parget, or rough-caſt; alſo, to curle.*

Creſpiſſement: m. *A pargetting, rough-caſting; curling.*

Creſpiſſeure: f. *A pargetting, rough-caſting.*

Creſpon: m. *A curled, or frizled lock.*

Creſpu: m. uë: f. *Curled, frizled, ruffled, criſped; fleeked, ſhining.*

Creſſerelle. *as* Crecerelle; *a Rattle or Clack for children; alſo, a Keſtrell, Stanniell, Fleingall.*

Creſsiné. *Crackled, or clattered; alſo, chattered.*

Creſsiner. *To creak, or crackle, or clatter.*

Creſsiner des dents. *To chatter; to ſay an Apes Paternoſter.*

Creſſon: m. *The herb termed Kars, or Creſſes.*

Creſſon alenois. *Kerſe, garden Creſſes, town Karres, town Creſſes.*

Creſſon

Creſſon d'eau. *as* Creſſon de ruiſſeau.
Creſſon de ruiſſeau. *Water Karres, water Creſſes, browne Creſſes.*
Petit creſſon aquatique. *Little water Creſſes, or Cuckow flowers.*
† Creſſonadiere : f. *A bed of Creſſes, or place where they grow.*
Creſſonniere : f. *The place, bed, or plot whereon Creſſes grow; alſo, a woman that ordinarily ſells Creſſes.*
Creſte : f. *A creſt, cop, combe; alſo, a tuft, or little plume ſtanding on the top of.*
La creſte des cheveux. *The ſeame of the head, or parting of the haire in the middle of the head.*
Creſte au coq, ou, de coq. *The herbe Coxcombe, Penny-graſſe, yellow and white Rattle; alſo, the herb Clary.*
La creſte d'un fer de cheval. *A welt about a horſe-ſhooe.*
Creſte à geline. *as* Creſte au coq, *Coxcombe.*
Creſte marine. *Sampier, ſea Fennell, Creſt-marine.*
Fourni d' entendement comme vn oiſon de creſte. *As wiſe as a Woodcocke.*
Creſté : m. ée : f. *Creſted, copped, adorned with a combe.*
Creſteaux : m. *The battlements of a wall, &c.*
Creſtelé. murs creſtelez. *Imbattled, having battlements.*
Creſter. *Creſted, combed; having a creſt, or combe.*
Iamais tigneux n'aima le pigne, ny chapon creſter geline ; Prov. *The guilty cannot abide reproofe, nor a weake man a woman.*
Crete. *as* Creſte ; *and hence ;*
Crete marine. *as* Creſte marine ; *Sampier.*
Crete : com. *Gay, fine, gawdy, ſpruce, neate.*
Cretelé. tour creteleé d'argent. *Imbattled ſilver.*
Cretiſme. *Lying ; falſhood, or falſeneſſe, in words.*
Cretonart : m. *The drug tearmed Zedoarie, or Serapions Zedoarie.*
Cretons : m. *The criſpie peeces, or mammockes, remaining of lard, that hath been firſt ſhred, then boyled, and then ſtrained through a cloth, &c.*
Creu : m. *Growth ; increaſe, &c ; as* Cru.
Creu : m. euë : f. *Growne, waxen, increaſed ; (The Participle of* Croiſtre ; *) alſo, truſted, credited, beleeved ; (of* Croire.*)*
Il veut eſtre creu. *He will ſtand to his owne opinion, none ſhall overrule him ; (*Creu de ; *) He will have what he propounds, or appoints, to paſſe for current ; he will have things to go as he liſt himſelfe.*
Crevacé : m ée : f. *Riven, cleft, chinked, chawed, chapped.*
Crevailles. Il nous invita à ſes crevailles. *He invited us unto his burſting ; (ſpoken of a huge fat-guts.)*
Crevaſſe : f. *A crevice, chinke, yiſt, cleft, chap, chawne.*
Crevaſſes d'un cheval. *Cratches, or Ratstailes in a horſes legs.*
Crevaſſes du fondement. *The Piles, or Emrods.*
Crevaſſé : m. ée : f. *as* Crevacé.
Crevaſſer. *To chop, chawne, chap, chinke, rive, or cleave aſunder.*
Creuë : f. *A groweth, acceſſe, riſing ; augmentation ; increaſe, eeking ; alſo, a fifteen, or any other increaſe of Subſidie.*
De creuë. *Over and beſides, moreover.*
Crevé ; m. ée : f. *Burſt, broken, riven aſunder.*
Creve-coeur : m. *Hearts-ſore, heart-breaking ſorrow, extreame griefe of heart, anguiſh of ſpirit.*
A creve-coeur. *Sore againſt the will ; or to deſpight, or breake, his heart withall.*
Crevellé. muraille crevellée. *See* Crenelé.
† Creventriſſime. *An ironicall alluſion unto* Reverendiſſime.
Crever. *To burſt, or breake aſunder, to chink, rive, cleave, or chawne.*
Crever les yeux à. *To put, plucke, or dig, out the eyes of.*
Crevette : f. *A Shrimpe, or Prawne.*
Petite crevette de riviere. *The Beard, or freſh-water Shrimpe.*
Creveure : f. *as* Crevaſſe ; *a chinke, cleft, rift.*
Creuſé : m. ée : f. *Hollowed, made hollow ; undermined ; underdigged.*
Creuſement : m. *A hollowing, or making hollow ; an undermining, a digging into, or under.*
Creuſer. *To hollow, make hollow, dig into, or under ; to undermine.*
Creuſet : m. *A Crurible, Cruzet, or Cruet ; a little earthen pot, wherein Goldſmiths melt their ſilver, &c.*
Creux : m. *A cave, hole, hollow place, or corner.*
Le creux de l' eſtomach. *The hole, or pit of the ſtomack.*
Le creux des mains. *The palme, or middle of the palme, of the hands.*
Creux : m. creuſe : f. *Hollow, deep, caved, full of holes.*
Racine creuſe. *The herb Holewort, or Hollow-root.*
Songer creux. *To muſe deeply of a matter.*
Teſte creuſe. *A ſhallow braine.*
La viande creuſe (aſçavoir, les beſtes à deux pieds) *Wenches, trulls, femall raſkalls.*
Creziou : m. *as* Creſeul : *q Rab.*
Cri : m *A cry, clamour, skrike ; ſhout ; an outcrie, loud noiſe, acclamation ; alſo, a Proclamation.*
Le cri, & les armes. *The name, title, quality ; Armes, Device, or Scutcheon of a noble family ; belonging only, or chiefly (at leaſt) unto the eldeſt heire (as he pretends.)*
A cor, & à cri. *See* Cry.
En bas cri. *Whiſpringly ; or, in a low, and ſtill voice.*
Criage : m. *The Cryers fee ; alſo, a crying, or proclaiming of ; alſo, a Crierſhip ; or, the Office, or place, of a publicke Crier.*
Criaillé. *Bawled, cried, ſqueaked out often and aloud ; ſpoken earneſtly, proteſted vehemently.*
Criaillement : m. *A bawling ; as* Criaillerie.
Criailler. *To bawle, crie, or ſqueake out often, and aloud ; to ſpeake high and earneſtly ; to proteſt with great vehemency.*
Criaillerie : f. *Loud babling, or brawling ; a clamorous urging, or proteſtation.*
Criailleur : m. *A bawling fellow, clamorous perſon ; a loud and importunate ſpeaker ; one who with his high ſpeaking deafes all that are about him.*
Criard : m. arde : f. *clamorous, out-crying, full of noiſe ; that does nothing but bawle, bray, and cry out.*
Criarde : f. *A ſcowld ; an unquiet woman of her tongue.*
Criblage : m. *A ſifting.*
Crible : m. *A ſive, or ſifter ; raunging ſive.*
Criblé : m. ée : f. *Sifted, raunged.*
Cribler. *To ſift, or to raunge.*
Cribleur : m. *A ſifter.*
Cribleure ; *or,* Criblure : f. *A ſifting, or raunging of meale ; alſo, ſiftings.*
Cribleux : m. eule : f. *Sive-like, full of holes as a ſive ; alſo, full of ſives.*
Os cribleux. *The bone* Etmoïde, *whereof the top of the noſe is made ; ſo tearmed, becauſe it is full of little holes like a ſive.*
Cricaille : f. *Chinkes, coine.*
† Cride. *A publique Crier.*
Cridons : m. *Certaine thicke haires of a pins length, which vexe and paine children in their turning, as much as if they had ſo many thornes, in their backs.*
Crie : f. *A Proclamation, Crie, or outcrie ; alſo, a Criers fee ; alſo, a crier.*
Crié : m. ée : f. *Cried, ſhreeked, ſhouted, hallowed ; exclaimed of, complained on ; alſo, proclaimed.*
Criée : f. *Any Proclamation, cry, or outcry ; whence alſo, an outrope, or outcry of goods (tearmed more commonly then properly, a* Portſale, *which is rather a preſent ſale of fiſh in Havens ;) alſo, a crying, exclaiming, bawling, braying.*
Criées. *The publication of a future ſeiſure, and ſale of a mans goods, made by a Sergeant, or Cryer, at the doore of his Pariſh Church, on ſundry dayes, and ſundry times, before the ſeiſure, or ſale, be executed.*
Criement : m. *A crying, calling, ſhouting ; an exclaiming, railing, complaining, crying out againſt, a proclaiming ; alſo, a wrangling, brabling, brawling.*
Crier. *To cry, ſhreeke ; hallow, ſhout ; bray, bawle ; exclaime, complaine of, cry out upon ; alſo, to wrangle, brawle, brabble, contend in words ; alſo, to proclaime ; to ſummon, ſignifie, denounce by proclamation.*
Crier harol. *To make hue and cry after, or to exclaime upon, &c. Seek* Harol.
Crier au lard ſur. *To flowt, deride, ſcoffe at publickly ; to diſgrace with outcries, and acclamations.*
Crier au regnard l'un ſur l' autre. *To revile extreamely, raile on bitterly one another.*
Ou crier le loup plus grand qu'il n'eſt ; Pro. *Report makes miſchiefes greater then they be.*
La pire rouë du chariot eſt celle qui crie le plus fort ; Pro. *The worſt wheele of the wagon is that which creakes moſt ; the moſt ignorant ſot in aſſemblies talkes higheſt ; and the veriеſt cow in a company brags moſt.*
On plume l'oye ſans la faire criet ; Prov. *Looke* Oye.
Tandis que le chien crie le loup s'enfuit ; Prov. *While the dog doth nought*

but

but barke, the wolfe hath leasure to escape.

Tant crie on Noel qu'il vient; Prov. *We call so oft on Christmas, that at length it comes.*

Trop tard crie l'oiseau quand il est prins; Pro. *Too late cries the bird when she is taken; too late comes repentance when we are sure of punishment; or we repent us too late of wrongs done when we are paying for them.*

Crierie: f. *A shewt, exclamation, bawling, or crying out.*

Crieur: m. *A Crier; proclaimer; exclaimer.*

Crieurs de tref-passez. *Certaine Bell-men, who attired in blacke, and bearing on either sides of their gowns the Armes of one thats lately dead, go up and downe the streets tinging their bells, and publishing his death, and the time, and place, of his buriall; at which they march before the coarse, attired, and tinging, as before; In Paris there be 24 of them; all which are never imployed except it be at the funerall of the King, or Queen; for at others (how great soever) there must be but 23 at the most.*

Crieurs de vin. *Wine-criers; those that publish throughout the neighbour streets the names, and dwelling places of such as have wine to sell; together with the price tis held at, and goodnesse it is of; which to approve, they carry some of it in a pot, and a silver cup, to give any man, that demands, a taste of it.*

Crignon: m. *A field Cricket, or Grasse-hopper.*

Crime: m. *A crime, fault, offence; imputation.*

Criminalité: f. *Criminality; a criminall action, case, or cause.*

Crimination: f. *A crimination, or accrimination; an accusing of, or charging with, a crime.*

Criminatoire: com. *Criminatory, accusatory; criminall, accusing.*

Criminel: m. *A malefactor, guilty person, offendor; the defendant in a criminall action, or accusation; the prisoner at the barre; also, an accuser.*

Criminel: m. elle: f. *Criminall; guilty, faulty, culpable; also, capitall, or, of life and death; whence;*

Iuge criminel. *The Judge that sits on life and death.*

Lieutenant criminel. *The same, See* Lieutenant.

Criminellement. *Criminally; culpably, faultily, guiltily; also, capitally.*

† Crimineux: m. euse: f. *Faultfull, naughty, lewd, wicked, subject unto accusation.*

Crin: m. *A haire; See* Crins.

Il n'est si petit crin qui ne porte son ombre; Pro. *The smallest haire hath its shadow; the least act a circumstance; the lowest word a sound.*

Crineux: m. euse: f. *Hairy, full of haire.*

Crinjere: f. *A haire-cloth; also, a hood for a horse; also, a Crannet; armour for the necke, or mane, of a horse; also, haire; or a locke, or tuft of haire; whence;*

Crinjere horrible. *An ugly bush of haire.*

Verte crinjere. *The haires of trees; viz. the boughs, or branches.*

Crinons des cheminées. *Crickets: & Pic.*

Il a beaucoup de crinons en la teste. *His head is troubled, or full of crochets; he is much perplexed in his thoughts.*

Crinons en teste gastent la feste; Pro. *Looke* Teste.

Crins. les crins. *The haires; haire.*

Les crins d'un cheval, &c. *The mane of a horse, &c.*

Cripaulme. *as* Agripaulme; *The herb Motherwort.*

† Criquemelette.: f. *A crackling, rustling, ruffing, or huffing wench; one that bustles, or brushes the ground, as she goes.*

Criquement: m. *A creaking, crackling, rattling, bustling, rumbling, rustling.*

Criquer. *To creake, rattle, crackle; bustle, rumble, rustle.*

Criqueter. *as* Criquer; *Also, to knacke, or knap with the fingers.*

Criqueter des dents. *To gnash, or chatter with the teeth.*

Crise: f. *The judgement of Physicke upon the alteration of a disease; also, the conflict between nature, and the disease.*

Crissant. *Crackling, or creaking; or crashing.*

Crissement: m. *A creaking, as of a doore; a crashing, as of things broken; a whistling, as of the wind; any such loud, or shrill voice.*

Cristal: m. *Crystall.*

Cristalin: m. ine: f. *Crystally, Crystall-like; white, and transparent; as Crystall; of, or belonging to, crystall.*

Humeur cristalin. *The crystaline humour; seated in the middest of the eye, and of a round figure, somewhat flattened both before and behind; it is the first instrument of sight; and a glasse wherein the spirit examines, judges of, the formes represented unto it.*

Critiquer. *To play the Criticke; to controll, or correct what another hath done; also, to shew the signes of it selfe; or, to foreshew, by signes, what will succeed.*

La maladie critiquoit. *Came to a Crisis, or, altered on a criticall day.*

Critiqueur: m. *A Criticke; a Controlor, or Corrector of other mens workes, or doings.*

Croäc: m. *The croaking of Ravens, Frogs, or Toads.*

Croäceux: m. euse: f. *Croaking, as a Raven, &c.*

Croäillement: m. *The croaking of a Raven, or Toad.*

Croäiller. *To croake like a Raven, or Toad.*

Croaillerie: f. *The croaking like a raven, or Toad.*

Croäilleur: m. *A croaker.*

Croäilleur: m. eure. *as* Croäilleux.

Croäilleux: m. euse: f. *Often croaking, full of croaking, using much to croake.*

† Croäquer. *To croake as a Raven.*

Croässement. *as* Croäillement.

Croässer. *To croake like a Raven, or Toad.*

Croässeur: m. *A croaker, a croaking Raven, or Toad; one that cries like a Raven, or croakes like a Toade.*

Croc: m. *A grapple, or great hooke.*

Donner le croc en jambe à. *To overthrow, foile, overturne; supplant.*

Vn proces pendu au croc. *A suit put off, deferred, or hanging by the wall; the like us;*

Sac au croc. *A suit undecided.*

Croce. *A Crosier, or Bishops staffe; also, a kind of game; See* Crosse.

Crocer. *as* Crosser; *To play at Cricket.*

Envoyer croçer. *To send packing; See* Crosser.

Crocette: f. *A vine-slip; a small twig, or shoot of a vine, springing from the stauke, and fit to be planted.*

Croceux. *as* Croäceux.

Croché: m. ée: f. *Crooked, hooked; as* Crochu.

Crochèment des dents. *The crookednesse, or outward bending of the teeth, or tusks.*

Crochet: m. *A small booke, or fish-booke; also, a nuthooke; or, a kind of booke wherewith Mulberries be gathered; also, a grubbing forke, or booke-like instrument, wherewith the earth is digged, or turned up; also, the double shrue-booke whereat saddles be hung up in Stables; also, the tush, tuske, or fang of a beast; also, a Quaver in Musicke; also, a place in, or part of, a market, wherein many things are confusedly sold together; also, a Romane Beame, or Stellere; a beame of yron or wood full of nickes, or notches, along which a certaine peice of lead, &c. playing, and at length setling towards the one end, shewes the just weight of a commodity hanging by a booke at the other end.*

Le crochet d'un crocheteur. *The forke, or crooked staffe, used by a (burthen-bearing,) Porter.*

Clou à crochet. *A tenter booke.*

A crochets. *Cleaving one to another; by heaps, or hudling one among another.*

Donner le crochet à. *To trip, cast, overturne, overthrow.*

Il ne faut aller aux Meures sans crochet; Pro. *Mulberies must not be gathered without a booke; nor harsh worke fingered with naked hands.*

Crocheté: m. ée: f. *Picked open with a booke; also, hanged on a booke.*

Crocheter. *To open, picke open, with a booke, &c. also, to hang on a booke.*

Crocheterie: f. *A picking of lockes.*

Crocheteur. *A Porter, or common burthen-bearer.*

Crocheteur de serrures. *A pick-locke, a filtcher, or filtching theefe.*

Il les fit crocheteurs. *He laid load on them.*

Crocheton. *A peece of silver money, worth about iij.s. ix.d. sterl.*

Crochu: m. *The Cormorant tearmed, a Sea-drake.*

Crochu: m. uë: f. *Hooked, crooked, bowed downwards, or inwards.*

Avoir les maines crochuës. *Looke* Main.

Crochuë: f. *A Quaver in Musicke; whence;*

Il a des crochuës en teste. *(We say) his head is full of crotches.*

Crochuëment des dents. *The crookednesse, or bending out of the teeth, or tusks.*

Crochure: f. *Crookednesse bookednesse.*

† Crociteur. *as* Crocheteur de serrures.

Crocodile: m. *A Crocodile.*

Le petit crocodile. *The small Crocodile tearmed* Scinque.

Crocodilée:

Crocodillée : f. *A medicine made of some parts of a Crocodile, for the suffusions, and webs of eyes.*

Crocomaglie. *An ointment made of saffron; also, the dregs of Saffron oyle.*

Crocqué. *as* Croqué.

Crocquer. *as* Croquer.

Crocquer la pie. *To wet the whistle, or weasan throughly; to drinke hard.*

Crocqueter. *as* Croqueter.

Crocute. *The Crocute; a monster begot of a Lyonesse by the Hyena.*

Croe. *as* Croye : *Chalke.*

Croiel. *as* Croyer.

Croire. *To believe, or thinke assuredly; to trust, have confidence in, give credit unto; also, to leane, put in trust with, commit into the hands of; also, as* Croyer; *and* Devoir.

Si vous ne le voulez croire, charbonnez-le. *If you will not (chalke, or) believe him, bleach him.*

Et pour le faire croire. *And to make it be believed.*

S'en faire croire. *To overrule, prevaile on, make himself sure of; absolutely, or at his owne pleasure to dispose of; also, to believe, give, or have credit to; Get as in* Accroire.

Si m'en croyez. *If you credit, believe, or will be ruled by, me.*

Ne croire à Dieu que sur bons gages, ou à bonnes enseignes. *To trust no man further then he sees him; to believe no promise, nor protestation before the deed be done.*

Pol ne croit jusques à tant qu'il reçoit; Prov. *The sicke believes not till he do receive (the whole fruit of his owne hopes, or of other mens promises.)*

Pour neant demande conseil qui ne le veut croire; Prov. *In vaine he craves advice that will not follow it.*

Qui femme croit, & asne meine, son corps ne sera il sans peine; Prov. *He that trusts a woman, and leads an Asse, is never without one trouble or other.*

Crois : f. *as* Croix.

Croisade : f. *An expedition of Christians, assembled out of diverse countries, (by preachings, and the Popes Bulls) against the Turkes, or other Infidels; so termed, because every one of them, when he undertakes the journey, accepts of, and weares on his casseeke, or coat-armour, the badge of the Crosse.*

Croisades. *Crossings.*

† Croisadeur : m. *A crosser; he that crosses, or sets, or makes the signe of the Crosse on himselfe, or others.*

Croisé : m. ée : f. *Crossed; layed acrosse, or overthwart; also, that hath taken on him the Crosse, or undertaken to fight against Infidels.*

Les bras croisez. *Idly, sloathfully, lazily; carelesly; also, mournfully, wofully, dolefully, with heavy cheere.*

Croix croisée. *A crosse crosset (in Blazon.)*

Paroles mal croisées. *Ill coached, or set together.*

Croiseau : m. *A Stockdove, Queest, Culver.*

Croisée : f. *The crosse-barre of a window, also, a window so crosse-barred; also, the space that is betweene the shoulders on the top of the backe; and (generally) any crosse, or crosse-like proportion, or thing thats made crosse-wise, or set acrosse; also, the herb Crosswort Gentian; or a kind of small Gentian, that beares red flowers, and hath a white, long, and most bitter root, soveraigne against belly wormes, the plague, the stinging of Serpents, &c. and ulcered throat-wormes, or the Kings Evill.*

Les croisées d'un espée. *The crosse-barre or hilts, of a sword.*

Demy croisée. *A window that hath but one barre, from side to side.*

A la croisée. *Crosse-wise, overcrosse, or one overthwart another.*

Croiser. *To crosse; to signe, or marke with a crosse; to set crosse-wise; to lay overthwart, or one overcrosse another; also, to cut, or divide in forme of a crosse-like x; also, to cancell, or crosse, a writing; also, (at Tennis) the ball to crosse, or to take a touch of the side-wall before it touch the wall at the end.*

Se croiser. *To crosse himselfe, or make the signe of the crosse on himselfe; also, to take on him the crosse, or undertake, with others, a holy journey, or warre against miscreants, and Infidels.*

Croisset : m. *A Cruet, Crucible, or little earthen pot, such as Goldsmiths melt their gold in; also, a greene Frog.*

Croisette : f. *A little crosse; also, the herb Crosswort Gentian; or as* Crolée.

Croiseur : m. *One that sets, makes, or stampes, a crosse on any thing.*

Croisi. *as* Croiseau.

Croisie : f. *A crosse, a crossing, a marking with a crosse.*

Croisillons. *The small crosse barres of a window.*

Croissance : f. *Growth, increase, a growing, augmentation, eeking.*

Croissant : m. *The halfe-Moone, in Blazon, a Cressant.*

Le croissant du jour. *Its about nine a clock in the morning.*

Ordre du Croissant. *Seeke* Ordre.

Croissant : m. ante : f. *Growing, increasing, waxing bigger and bigger.*

Croisset : m. *A greene Frog.*

Croisselte. *as* Crocette.

Croissir. *To cracke, or crash, or crackle, as wood thats ready to breake.*

Croist : m. *A growth, increase, thriving.*

Bail de bestes à croist. *A lease made of beasts (with reservation of their property) for part of whatsoever profit shall be made of them.*

Croistre. *To increase, grow, thrive, waxe bigger, augment; swell, or rise in height, shoot up; come on apace.*

Le nez luy croist. *Said of one that quietly swallowes, and digests, a publique affront, or disgrace, which he might have returned, revenged, or prevented; we say of such a one, he will carry coales; or, he is an Asse whom any man may ride.*

Mauvaise herbe croist toujours; Pro. *An ill weed growes apace.*

Croisure : f. *A crosse, a crossing, the forme of a crosse; or, a making of the signe of a crosse, or forme of a crosse.*

La Croisure des espaules. *The breadth of, or space betweene, the shoulders; the top or part, of the backe, which is between the shoulders.*

Croix : f. *A crosse; also, the signe, badge, or forme, of the crosse.*

La croix du cerf. *The bone thats found in the heart of a Stag.*

La croix de par Dieu. *The Christs-crosse-row; or, the horne-booke wherein a child learnes it.*

Exaltation Saincte croix. *Holy-rood-day; (the fourteenth of September.)*

Invention Saincte croix. *The invention of the holy crosse; a holy-day kept by the Church of Rome the third of May; also, a shift, invention, or device for the getting of money.*

Croizer. *See* Croiser.

Crolain. *as* Croulant; *whence;* Bois crolain d'un ladre. *A Lazers clacker, or clicket.*

Cronique. *See* Chronique.

† Crope : f. *The top, or knap of a hill; See* Croupe.

Cropion : m. *The rump, or crupper; a little thing like a taile, or Cuckoes beake, composed of foure small bones, and hanging at the end of the Os Sacré.*

Le cropion du becqueligue. *The haunch, or flanke, of a Gnat-snapper.*

Le mal de cropion. *The Rumpe-evill, or Crupper-evill; a disease wherewith small (cage) birds are often troubled.*

Croppe : f. *as* Crope.

Croppiare. *as* Croupiere; *A Crupper.*

Bonnet à croppiere. *A square cap.*

Croqué : m. ée : f. *Creaked, cracked, crackled, crasht; also, eaten, or snatcht up at a bit; swallowed, or let downe at a gulpe; dispatched on a sudden, in a trice.*

Croque-jarret. *A Baker-legd fellow; one whose hammes are wrapt, or, that goes in with the hammes.*

Croque-lardon : m. *A smell-feast, a lickerous fellow; a wastfull glutton, a greedy eater; and (most properly) one that pickes the lard out of meat, as it roasts.*

Croque-mouche : m. *A flie-catcher; an idle gaping boidon.*

Croque-noilette. *A nut-cracker.*

Croque-notaire : m. *A Prenotary, or Promotary; a word devised by Rabelais in derision of* Protbonotaire.

Croque-quenouille. *He whose wife beats him with a distaffe :* ¶ Rab.

Croquer. *To croake, creake, cracke, crash, crackle, as a bone which a dog breakes; also, to eate, or chaw; to catch, or snatch at a bit; also, to gulpe, as a man that drinkes hastily.*

Croquer la pie. *Seeke* Pie.

Croqueter. *To eate lickorously, to pick out the daintiest morsels; to devoure, or feed greedily.*

Croqueterie : f. *Lickorous feeding, or gurmandizing.*

Croqueteur : m. *An eatmell, a greedy, and lickorous feeder.*

† Cros : m. *Deepe holes digged into the earth to preserve corne in.*

Crosilles : f. *The shells which Pilgrims weare about their hats.*

Crossé : m. ée : f. *Shaken, wagged, fast moved.*

Crosser. *To shake, wag, tremble; quaver, move fast; quiver, quake.*

Crosſier: m. ere: f. *Shaking, wagging, quaking, trembling.*

Crosſiere: f. *A quagmire, bog, or piece of looſe, and ſoft ground, that ſhakes under the foot.*

Croſſe: f. *A Croſier, or Biſhops ſtaffe; alſo, a Cricket ſtaffe, or the crooked ſtaffe wherewith boyes play at Cricket.*

Donner la Mitre, & la croſſe à. *To authoriſe, or heart out, by the priviledge of a religious ſanction; to cover with the ſpecious cloak of Religion.*

Eveſque d'or croſſe de bois, croſſe d'or Eveſque de bois; Prov. *The leſſe a Biſhops ſtaffe, the more his vertue ſhines; Pompe firſt corrupted Prelacy.*

Croſſer. *To play at Cricket.*

Aller ou en voyer croſſer. *To ſend one packing, to bid him go ſhake his eares.*

Croſſette: f. *A ſlip of a tree, or plant.* See Crocette.

Croſſir. *as* Grincer.

Croſtes. *as* Crottes.

Crot: m. *A hole, den, cave, grot.* ℣ Pariſien.

† Crotaphique: com. *Belonging, or neer unto, the* Crotaphiques.

Artere crotaphique. *A great ſinew neer unto the temples.*

Crotaphiques. *The two muſcles of the temples.*

Crote. *as* Crotté.

Crotenotaire. *as* Croquenotaire.

Crotes. *as* Crottes.

Croteſque: f. *Rude contrary painting, or carving, wherein many things are confuſedly repreſented.* See Grotelques.

Croton: m. *as* Crotton; *and (more particularly) the dungeon of a priſon.*

Crotpeſcheret. *A kinde of blacke Offrey.* ℣ Bourg.

Crotte. See Crottes.

Crotté: m. ée: f. *Bedaggled, bemired, berayed, with durt.*

Crotté en Archediacre. *Dagged up to the hard heeles, extremely bedaſhed, all-to-be dabled; (Belike when this phraſe came firſt in uſe, Archdeacons trudged up and downe on foot.)*

Crotter. *To digge, or make holes in the earth, or in old wals; alſo, to daggle, bedurty, bemire.*

Crottes: f. *Durt, filth, mire, dagling ſtuffe; alſo, the dung, excrements, or oduure of Sheep, Goats, Conies, Hares, &c.*

Crotton: m. *A deep hole, a filthy dungeon.*

Croüacement. *as* Croüas.

Croüas: m. *The croaking, or cry of Ravens.*

Croüaſſer. *To croake or cry like a Raven, or Crow.*

Croué d'un preſſoüer. *as* Eſcroué; *or the uppermoſt board, and the hole thereof, whereinto the Vice-pinne enters.*

Crouillere: m. *The latch of a doore.*

Croulant: m. ante: f. *Shaking, wagging, moving, trembling.*

Crouler. *as* Croſſer; *to ſhake, wag, or quake.*

Croule-vniuers. *World-ſhogging, all-ſhaking.*

Croulier: m. ere: f. (prez crouliers. *Which tremble, or ſhake under one;*) *ſhaking, wagging, trembling, quagmire-like.*

Crouliere: f. *A quagmire; a trembling, or ſhaking piece of ground; as* Croſſiere.

Croupant: m. ante: f. *Crooching, ſtooping, bowing downwards; alſo, long ſtanding in one place; and hence,*

Eau croupante; *puddle water.*

Croupe. *as* Crope; *the top or knap of a hill; alſo, the rumpe, or crupper peece.*

La croupe du dos. *The ridge of the back.*

Vn chien aſſis ſur la croupe. *A dog ſitting on his taile or buttocks.*

Porter en croupe. *To carry behinde on horſeback.*

Croupeton. *vn lievre eſtant à croupeton. That ſits upon her buttocks, (as ſhe doth often while ſhe is at reliefe) and raiſes her ſelfe thereon, to liſten at every wag of a feather.*

Croupi: m. ie: f. *as* Croupy.

Eau croupie. *Standing water, which hath no courſe, as that of lakes, puddles, &c.*

Croupie. chaſſer à la croupie. *To find a Hare at reliefe, and then cauſe her with Greyhounds.*

Croupiere de cheval. *A horſe-crupper.*

Croupir. *To crooch, bow, ſtoop, grow or go double; alſo, to reſt, or grow idle; ſtand, or abide long at a place.*

Croupiſſant eau croupiſſante. *A ſtanding puddle, a dead water.*

Crouppe: f. *The top, or knap, of a hill.*

Croupy: m. pie: f. *Crooched, or crooching; inclined, crooked, ſtooping, bowing; alſo, reſting, ſtanding, living idle.*

Crouſille: f. *The ſhell-fiſh, called a Scallop.*

Crouſiller entre les dents. *To croſſe, or crackle between the teeth, as a nut-ſhell, &c.*

Crouſte: f. *A cruſt, a ſcab, or hard ſcurfe.*

Crouſtes de paſtez valent bien pain; Prov. *Piecruſt is alwayes worth a piece of bread; or may well ſerve in ſtead of bread.*

Crouſteau: m. *A great cruſt, or great ſcab.*

Crouſteau de cire. *A wax comb wherein bees make, or lay up, their hony.*

† Crouſteleué. *Scurvy, beſcabbed; full of the pocks.*

† Crouſteleveure; f. *Scurvineſſe, ſcabbineſſe, pockineſſe.*

† Crouſteleux. *Cruſty; as* Crouſteux.

† Crouſtelles; ou Crouſtellettes. *Little cruſts, or ſcabs.*

† Crouſter. *To cruſt, or ſcab; to bring a cruſt, or ſcab upon.*

† Crouſteux: m. euſe: f. *Cruſty, beſcabbed; hard, and rugged, like a wall that is pargetted.*

Crouſtons: m. *Sharpe ſtony ſtones.*

† Croute: f. *A hole, grot, cave, denne.*

Croutelevé. *as* Crouſtelevé. ℣ Rab.

Croyable: com. *Credible, believable, to be truſted unto, relied on.*

Choſe aiſée croyable; Pro. *That which is eaſily done is ſoon believed.*

Croyablement. *Credibly.*

Croyance: f. *Beliefe, believing, credit given unto.*

Croye: f. *Chalke.*

Croye pour nettoyer draps. *Fullers earth.*

Croye rouge. *Ruddle, red-Lead, red Oaker.*

Croye teinſte de pourpre. *Cheek vernish, red painting.*

Croye verde. *as* Verd de terre.

Croyé: m. ée: f. *Chalked; marked, or whited with chalke.*

Croyer. *To chalke; to marke, or white with chalke.*

Croyeux: m. euſe: f. *Chalky, full of chalke.*

Cru: m. *A growth, growing, increaſe, or increaſing.*

Armé à cru. *In compleat armour, or all over armed.*

Cela n'eſt pas de ſon cru. *That was none of his owne ſetting, or planting; that is none of his owne invention, or doing.*

Cru: m. uë: f. *Crude, raw, unripe, evenew; imperfect, unprepared; alſo, unſavory.*

Cruauté: f. *Cruelty, inhumanity, fierceneſſe, tyranny, rigour, bloudthirſtineſſe.*

Cruche: f. *An earthen pot, pitcher, or ſteane; alſo (in old French) a ſcale.*

Telle terre telle cruche; Prov. *Such ſtuffe, ſuch work; ſuch will, ſuch words; ſuch affection, ſuch actions; ſuch diſcretion, ſuch directions.*

Cruché: m. ée: f. *Hollow, or trellowed, as a pitcher; made like a pitcher.*

Cruſher. (quaſi la meſme que Bruſler; *or*) *To crunch; alſo, to make hollow like a pitcher.*

Cruchetier. *as* Chuchetier.

Cruchette. *A little pitcher.*

† Crucial: m. ale: f. *Croſſe-wiſe, croſſe-like.*

Crucié: m. ée: f. *Tormented, vexed, grieved, afflicted.*

Crucier. *To torture, torment; vex, grieve, afflict.*

Crucifié: m. ée: f. *Crucified, nailed on the croſſe.*

Crucifiement: m. *A crucifying, or nailing on the croſſe.*

Crucifier. *To crucifie; to naile, or put to death on a croſſe.*

Crucifix: m. *A Crucifix.*

Mangeur de crucifix. *An hypocrite.*

Crucifix: m. ixe: f. *Crucified, put to death on the croſſe.*

Crucigeres: m. *Croſſe-bearers; or, an Order of Fryers, which wears croſſes on their habits.*

Crud. *as* Cru. *Crude, raw, unripe; unprepared.*

Crudité: f. *Crudity; rawneſſe, unripeneſſe; indigeſtion.*

Cruë. *as* Creuë.

Cruel: m. elle: f. *Cruell, fell, uncouth, fierce; tyrannous, rigorous, unmercifull; bloudy, bloudthirſty, bloody minded.*

† Cruelisé: m. ée: f. *Uſed, or handled cruelly.*

Cruellement. *Cruelly, fiercely, bloudily, fellly, rigorouſly, unmercifully.*

Cruement. *Rawly, barely, nakedly, alſo, raſhly.*

Cruente. le flux cr. *The bloudy flix.*

Crujon: m. *Any round thing, as a mans skull, or brain panne.*

Cruon. *The skull, or brain panne; or, as* Crujon.

Cural: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, the thighes.*

Muſcle crural. *as* Cuiſſier.

Veine crurale. *A branch of the deſcendent trunke of the hollow veine; devided into foure branches.*

Cruzol. *as* Cruzeul.

Cruzeul. *A Founders mould, wherein the melted metall is conveyed.*

Cry. *The motto, or device of an Emblem.*

Cry. à cor & a cry. *By proclamation; or, by hue and cry.*

† Cryptoportique. *A ſecret walke, or vault under ground, or in ſome low place; a cloſe low gallery for coolneſſe in Summer.*

Cryſolite. *A pretious ſtone; as* Chryſolite.

Cryſtal:

Cryſtal: m. *Cryſtall.*
Cryſtalin. *as* Cryſtal.
Cryſtallin: m. inc: f. *Cryſtalino, of Cryſtall.*
Cubaſeau: m. *The little Sea-nettle.* *See* Bourdeloſe.
Cube: m. *A Cube, or, figure of Geometry, fowre ſquare like a Die.*:
Cubebes: f. *Cubebs; an Aromaticall, and Indian fruit.*
Cubiculaire: m. *A Groome of the chamber.*
Cubiculaire: com. *Cubicular; belonging to the Bed-chamber.*
Cubique: com. *Square, or made ſquare.*
Cubital: m. alc: f. *Cubitall; of, or belonging to, the Cubite.*
Artere cubitale. *See* Artere.
Cucube. Herbe cuç. *Garden Nightſhade.*
Cucurbite: f. *A gourd.*
Cucurbitin: m. inc: f. *Of, or belonging to, gourds.*
Cucuye. *An admirable bird in* Hiſpaniola *(no bigger then a thomb) having two eyes in her head, and two under her wings (which are double, a greater and ſmaller paire) ſo ſhining in the night (wherein onely ſhe flies) that five or ſix of them tied together, give as much light as a torch.*
Cueillement: m. *A gathering, reaping, picking up; a culling, collecting, chuſe, or chuſing out.*
Cueiller: m. *An oare.*
Cueillette: f. *A collection; a reaping, or gathering together.*
Bonne cueillette. *Plenty of corne, and of all other fruits; a plentifull Autumne, or Harveſt.*
Cueilleur: m. *A gatherer; a reaper; a picker, chuſer, or culler.*
Mis en cuilleur de pommes. *Turned into the habit of an Appleſquire.*
Cueilleure: f. *A gathering; reapings, picking, culling, or chuſing out.*
Cueilli: m. ie: f. *Gathered, reaped, picked up; choſen, culled, collected out.*
Cueillier. *The ſowle tearmed a Shoveler; alſo, as* Cuillier, *a ſpoone; and hence the Proverbe;*
Entre la bouche & la cueillier ſouvent advient grand deſtourbier. *Much may happen betweene the cup, and the lip.*
Cueillir. *To gather; to reap; to picke up; to cull, collect, or chuſe out.*
† Cuens. *An Earle, or Count.* (v.m.)
Cueur: m. *The heart.* *See* Coeur.
Cueurs. *The heart-reſembling Cherries, called French cherries, or Spaniſh Cherries.*
Cueur: f. *A whetſtone.*
Cueux de plomb. *A Sow of Lead.*
Cuferin: m. *A running at the Noſe got by a Horſe after an over-long courſe, or gallop, whereby the Veines of his Braine are opened ſo wide, that they are hardly, or not in a ſmall time, cloſed again.*
Cuict: m. icte: f. *Sodden; baked; concocted, diſgeſted, ripe enough; fit to be eaten.*
Bois cuict. *Charcoale.*
Matiere cuicte. *(Sometimes uſed for)* Matiere ſecale.
Miel cuict. *A kind of Pancake made of, or ſeaſoned with, honey.*
Teſte mal cuict. *An unſtayed, or green, head.*

Cuidance: f. *Thought, weening, imagination, ſuppoſition, preſumption.*
Orgueilleuſe ſemblance monſtre folle cuidance; Prov. *Looke* Semblance.
Cuidant. *Thinking, weening, ſuppoſing, imagining, deeming; preſuming.*
Cuide. *Thought, weened, imagined, ſuppoſed, deemed; preſumed.*
Cuider: m. *A thought, conceit, gheſſe, weening, imagination, opinion, ſuppoſition, preſumption.*
Cuider n'eſt pas iuſte meſure; Prov. *Imagination is no juſt meaſurer.*
Cuider. *To thinke, ween, deem, imagine, ſuppoſe, preſume, have an opinion of, make a gheſſe at.*
Cela cuide avenir à. *That had like to have happed at.*
† Cuidereau: m. *A Braggadochio; a pretty hardy fellow; one that thinkes well of himſelfe; one that is bold or ſo.*
† Cuideur: m. *A thinker, weener, deemer, ſuppoſer; imaginer, preſumer.*
Cuideur de vendenge. *One that is deceived in that he thinketh; and, more particularly, one that farts in ſyrrop; or, meaning but to fart, marres all.*
Cuideurs ſont en vendenge; Prov. *Upon a merry Harveſt many ground fond hopes.*
Cuidrelles. *See* Cuydrelles.
Cuigner. *To wedge, or hold open with wedges.*
Cuignet: m. *A little corner; alſo, a little wedge.*
Cuilier: f. *A ſpoon;* *See* Cuillier.
Cuilliere: f. *A ladle.*
Cuillerée: f. *A ſpoon-full of.*
Cuillier: f. *A ſpoon.*
Cuillier de mer. *The Sea-ſpoon; a kind of long Cockle.*
Herbe aux cuilliers. *Spoonwort, Scurvy-graſſe.*
De vieilles maiſons bruſlées il ſçait tirer des cuilliers neufues. *(Said of a skilfull, and thrifty houſe-keeper;) he can extract new ſpoons from old burnt houſes.*
Entre la bouche & le cuillier ſouvent advient grand deſtourbier; Prov. *Diſturbance oft ſteps in twixt cup, and lip.*
Cuillier. boyau cuil. *The arſe-gut.* *See* Boyau.
Cuin: m. *A wedge.*
Cuir: m. *The ſkin; alſo, a ſkin, fell, hide; alſo, leather.*
Coupeur de cuir. *A cut-purſe.*
Le cuir luy tient. *Hee is clunged, or hide-bound.*
Faire d'autruy cuir large courroye. *To ſpend freely on another mans purſe; to cut a large thong out of another mans leather.*
Il ſe iette ſur tout cuir. *He deales with every thing; all is fiſh that comes to his net, all good priſe that comes in his way; hee greedily ſails aboord on any traſh, or trull.*
On s'eſt ioué de ſon cuir. *His ſkin hath been played with, to his paine; (ſaid of one that hath been throughly whipped.)*
Tremblant entre cuir & chair. *Trembling inwardly, extremely, throughly, or (as we ſay) at the very heart.*
Qui cuir voit tailler courroye en demande; Prov. *He that ſees Leather cut requires a thong of it.*

Cuirace. *as* Cuiraſſe.
Cuirain: m. *Leathern ſtuffe; proviſion, or marchandiſe, of leather.*
Cuiraſſe: f. *A Cuirats; armour for the breaſt, and back.*
Cuiraſſé: m. ée: f. *Armed with a Cuirats.*
Lievres cuiraſſez, ou mortonnez. *Silly, or cowardly Artificers watching in armour; the ordinary watchmen of good townes.*
Cuiraſſeux: m. euſe: f. *Leathery, of a hide; or, thick and ſtiffe, as a hide.*
Cuiraſſier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, ſerving for, a Cuirats.*
Cuiraſſine: f. *A ſleight Cuirats for a light Horſeman.*
Cuire. *To ſeeth, boyle; bake; digeſt; make ripe, or ready; alſo, to itch, or ſmart.*
Cela me cuict. *That vexeth, fretteth, ſtingeth, or grieveth me.*
† Trop grater cuict, trop parler nuit; Prov. *Too much ſcratching paines, too much talking plagues.*
Cuirie: f. *A leathern ſerkin; (an old word.)*
Cuiſlant: m. ante: f. *Smarting, itching, metling, ſtinging.*
Cuiſinal: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Kitchin.*
Livre cuiſinal. *A book of Cookery.*
Cuiſine: f. *A Kitchin; (and ſometimes) alſo, meat; whence;*
Leur cuiſine ordinaire. *Their ordinary diet, or proportion of Victuals.*
Harpye de cuiſine. *A ravenous, or moſt greedy devourer; a beaſtly feeder; one that eats extremely much, and ſpoyles the reſt which he cannot eat.*
Latin de cuiſine. *Groſſe Latine.*
Faire la cuiſine. *To play the Cooke, to dreſſe meat.*
Se ruer tresbien en cuiſine. *To fall eagerly to his victuals, to be a very good trencher-man.*
Graſſe cuiſine maigre teſtament; Prov. *Great houſe-keepers leave poore executors; The like is;*
De graſſe cuiſine povrete s'avoiſine; Prov.
Mauvais chien ne veut iamais compagnon en cuiſine; Prov. *A churle cannot endure a companion in his gainfull imployments.*
Cuiſinement: m. *A dreſſing of meat, a cooking, or playing of the Cook.*
Cuiſiner. *To cook, play the Cook, dreſſe meat as a Cook.*
† Cuiſineux: m. euſe: f. *Fit for Cookery, belonging to the Kitchin.*
Cuiſinier: m. *A Cook.*
Cuiſiniere: f. *A woman-Cook.*
Cuiſſal; *or,* Cuiſſaux. *Cuiſſes; Armour for the thighes.*
Cuiſſe: f. *The thigh.*
Vne cuiſſe d'ail. *A clove of Garlick.*
Cuiſſedame: f. *The name of a kind of peare.*
Cuiſſelette: f. *A little thigh.*
Cuiſſe-né. *Thigh-burnt; (an Epithete of Bacchus.)*
Cuiſſette: f. *as* Cuiſſelette.
Cuiſſier: *Of, or belonging to, the thigh.*
Muſcle cuiſſier. *One of the foure principall muſcles whereby the thigh is bent, or ſtretched out.*
Cuiſſin: m. *A cuſhion.*
Cuiſſenet: m. *A little cuſhion.*

Cuiſſineux : m. euſe : t. *Soft as a cuſhion, fit for a cuſhion ; holding of the cuſhion ; full of cuſhions.*

Cuiſſon : f. *A ſeething ; alſo, a ſmarting ; a ſtinging, as of Nettles.*

Cuiſſots : m. *Taſſes ; armour for the thighs.*

Cuic : *as* Cuict

Cuite : f. *A ſeething ; baking, batch ; alſo, digeſtion.*

Cuivre : m. *Copper.*

Cuivreux : m. euſe : t. *Full of Copper.*

Cul : m. *An arſe, bumme, tayle, nockandroe, fundament.*

Cul d'aſne. *as* Cubaſeau. *The ſmall Sea-nettle.*

Cul blanc. *The bird called a whittaile.*

Cul de cheval. *A ſmall, and ugly fiſh, or excreſcence of the Sea, reſembling a mans bung-hole, and called the red Nettle.*

Le Cul d'un 'eſguille. *The eye of a needle.*

Cul d'un 'eſpingle. *The head of a pin.*

Cul de foſſe. *A dungeon.*

Cur de tour. *The bottome of an oven.*

Cul de lampe. *See* Lampe.

Cul noüé. *The name of a certaine ſhort-tailed Apple.*

Cul de poule. *A certaine hard, and eminent ſwelling on the Orifice, or edge of a Fiſtula; alſo, a bringing, or ſetting all the tops of the fingers cloſe together.*

Cul ſur pointe. *Topſie turvy, arſie-varſie, upſide down.*

Cul rouge. *The bird called a Specht, or Specht.*

Cul ſur teſte. *as* Cul ſur pointe.

Au cul du ſac. *At length ; in the end, or bottome ; when all is done and gone.*

De cul & de teſte. *Furiouſly, fiercely, on all hands, on every ſide, every way.*

Aſſis entre deux ſelles le cul à terre. *Between two ſtooles the breech goes to the ground.*

Grattant le cul au ſoleil. *Idely, ſloathfully, ſlovenly ; as one that lies clawing his breech, or breaking himſelfe, in the Sunne.*

Il leur fit leuer le cul à Dreux. *He raiſed their ſiege, or made them riſe from before* Dreux.

Iouër à pique en cul. *To thruſt out the harlot, or drive out one naile with another.*

Vn Mangeur de culs de poules. *A nick-name for a ſauldier.*

Mettre de cul. *To ſet on his arſe ; to overcome, confound, overturne, overthrow.*

Torcher à autruy le cul de ſa chemiſe. *To do a man a pleaſure, but (which he could have done himſelfe) only by his owne meanes ; Looke* Chemiſe.

A cul de toirard touſiours abonde merde ; Prov. *A ſhitten taile hath ever ſtore of ordure ; a ſhitten fellow is ſtored with filthy humours, or ſcurvy followers.*

Il eſt mal caché à qui le cul paroiſt ; Prov. *He's but ill hid that ſhewes his taile ; he is but a ſhallow diſſembler that ſuffers the world to take notice of his worſt humours.*

Culace : f. *as* Culaſſe.

Culaçon. *The breech of a peece of Ordnance.*

Culant. *Setting on his taile, giving an arſe-poſſe unto.*

Culaſſe : f. *The Counter (in the Poope) of a Ship ; alſo, the breech of a Gunne ; alſo, a fault-great, or full-growne arſe, or breech ; alſo, a lumpe of guld or ſilver melted in a crucible, &c. and ſtill retaining the form of the bottome thereof.*

Qui ne chaſtie culot, ne chaſtie culaſſe ; Prov. *He that corrects not youth, controuls not age ; he that nips not vice in the bud, ſuffers it, a branch.*

Culaſſé : m. ée : f. *Foiled, overthrowne, ſet on the taile ; that hath received an arſe-poſſe, or fall on the arſe.*

Culaſſeur : m. *One that foyles, or ſets another on his taile.*

Culbute : f. *A tumbling ; a turning, or toſſing upſide downe ; See* Culebute.

Faire la culbute. *To play the tumbler ; or, to turne as a tumbler, top over taile.*

Culbuté : m. ée : f. *Tumbled, throwne topſie turvy ; overturned, turned top over taile.*

Culbuter. *To tumble, throw topſie turvy, turne upſide downe ; alſo, to overturne, ſet on the taile ; tumble one upon another.*

Culebute. bider de culebute. *The ſinewie inſtrument of mankind.*

Culeron : m. *The hinder part of the buttocks of a horſe.*

Culetage : m. *Buttocke-ſtirring, taile-waggings, lecherie.*

Culeter. *To wag, or ſtirre the buttockes up and downe ; to move the taile in a wanton time, or with the taile keepe time unto a wanton muſicke.*

Culetis : m. *as* Culetage.

Culette : f. *as* Culaçon.

Culier : m. ere : t. *Of, or belonging to, the taile, arſe, or fundament.*

Boyau culier. *The arſe-gut ; See* Boyau.

Culiere : f. *A crupper for a horſe.*

Culinaire : com. *Of, or belonging to, a kitchin.*

Cul-leve. Iouër à cul-leve. *To play at level-coyle.*

Culloc. *as* Culot ; *Alſo, a cuſhion (made) to ride poſt on.*

Cullottes. *as* Culottes.

Culot : m. *A little arſe, a ſmall taile ; (and by metaphor, a lad, or young body ;) alſo, as* Qulocul ; *and, the lag, or laſt of a company ; alſo, as* Cullot.

Culot de bronze. *A hollow barre, or wedge of braſſe.*

Culot de fondeur. *The mould wherein a Bell-founder, &c. caſts his metall.*

Marcher comme culots. *To come behind, or, in the rereward of the reſt.*

Qui ne chaſtie culot ne chaſtie culaſſe ; Pro. *He that corrects not ſmall faults, will not controll great ones ; or, he that corrects not a knave while he is young, will not be able to controll him when he is old.*

Culottes : f. *Armour for the hinder parts, or taile peece, of a horſe ; alſo, (a faſhion of) cloſe breeches.*

Culpe d'un artichaud. *(Perhaps miſtaken for* Pulpe ; *) The pulp, pith, or ſubſtance of an Artichocke.*

Cul-pelé : m. eé : f. *Bauld-arſt, bare-taild, pild-breecht.*

Culrage. *as* Curage.

Culte : m. *Reſpect, worſhip, honour given, ſervice done one.*

† Cultellaire : com. *Of a knife, or knife-like.*

Cautere cultellaire. *See* Cautere.

Cultivage : m. *Tillage.*

Cultivant. *Tilling, husbanding, dreſſing, labouring.*

† Cultivation : f. *A tilling, or tillage.*

Cultivé : m. ée : f. *Tilled, wrought, laboured, husbanded ; improved by plowing, bettered by tillage.*

Cultivement : m. *A tilling, husbanding, labouring, plowing ; culture, or improving by culture.*

Cultiver. *To labour, till, plow ; improve by culture, better by plowing.*

Cultiveur : m. *A husbandman ; a labourer, or tiller of land.*

Culture : t. *Culture, tillage, husbandry.*

Cumanè. *Of the Sybill* Cumana : *See* Rab.

Cume de preſſoüer. *(Belike miſtaken for* Cuve ; *) the vat, or trough which receives the liquor expreſſed.*

Cumin : m. *The herb, or ſeed, Cummin.*

Cumin ſauvage. *Wild Cummin ; whereof there are three kinds ; the ordinary, the codded, and the horned one.*

Cumulativement. *Largely, abundantly, by heaps.*

Cumulé : m. ée : f. *Heaped, accumulated, filled up ; gathered by heaps.*

Cumuler. *To heape, accumulate, fill up ; to augment, or gather together, by heaps.*

Cunctation : f. *Cunctation, tarriance, delay, abiding, lingering, prolonging of the time.*

† Cuneiforme. *Wedge-reſembling, wedg-like, of the faſhion of a wedge.*

Os cuneiforme. *Seeke* Os.

Cuniculeux : m. euſe : f. *Full of inward holes, or by-corners.*

Cunilage. *Savory, Winter Savory ; alſo, wild, or baſtard Marierome ; (ſome alſo call Fleabane,* Cunilago.)

Cunöet. *A Kennet (apple.)*

Cupide : com. *Covetous, greedy, deſirous of, luſting after.*

† Cupidique. Embloquer à la Cupidique ; autant que, beſongner.

Cupidité : f. *Cupidity ; luſt ; covetouſneſſe ; wanton affection, diſhoneſt love ; unjuſt, or ill-ſeaſoned, deſiring.*

† Cupule : f. *The little cup, or ſhell, of an Acorne.*

Curage : f. *The herb Water-pepper, Arſe-ſmart, Killridge, or Culerage.*

Curage rouge. *Water Dragon, or Marſh Dragon.*

Curailles de maiſon : f. *The duſt, filth, ſweepings, or cleanſing, of houſes.*

Curatelle : f. *Wardſhip, the office of a Gardian, or Tutor ; a ſurveying, an overſeeing.*

Curateur : m. *A Gardian in Socage ; a Tutor, an overſeer ; a Surveyor, &c.*

Curation : f. *A cure ; curing, healing.*

Curé : m. *The Curate, or Parſon of a Church ; he that hath the ſpirituall charge of a Pariſh.*

Bourſe de curé. *The herb Toywort, Pick-purſe, Cooſeweed, Shepheards-pouch, or purſe, poore-mans Parmacety.*

Cure : f. *Care, heed, reſpect, regard ; carke, thought, penſiveneſſe ; alſo, a cure, or charge of Soules ; a Perſonage, or Vicarage ; alſo, a cure, healing, reſtoring to health ; alſo, a Hawkes caſting.*

Il eſt tout preſché qui n'a cure de bien faire ; Prov. *He that will not be ſaved needs no preaching ; advice prevailes not with ſuch as are careleſſe of their owne good.*

Curé: m. ée : f. *Cleanſed, purged, purified, cleered, voided of ordure ; picked, pruned ; alſo, healed, cured, recovered.*

Cure-dent : m. *A tooth-picke.*

Curée : f. *A (dogs) reward ; the bounds fees of, or put in, the game they have killed.*

La curée d'un foſſé. *The cleanſing, or ſcowring of a ditch ; the mud, ſlime, or dirt, thats taken out of it.*

Cure-oreille. *An eare-picker.*

Curer. *To cleanſe, cleare, purifie, purge, void of ordure ; picke, prune ; alſo, to heale, recouer, cure ; alſo, to caſt, as a Hawke doth.*

Curefstable : m. *A ſtable-cleanſer, an Oſtler, horſekeeper, or Groome of a Stable.*

Curette : f. *A Chirurgeons Proſe, or Probe ; an inſtrument wherewith he ſounds the bladder, and gathers together ſuch gravell, congealed blood, or other filth, as remaines in it, after a ſtone taken out ; alſo, an eare picker ; alſo, a Plough-ſtaffe, or Aker-ſtaffe (wherewith the Culter is cleanſed.)*

Curecures de maiſon. *as* Curailles.

Curial : m. ale : f. *Of the Court, belonging to a Court.*

Amende curiale. *See* Amende.

† Curialiſte : m. *A Courtier.*

† Curialité : f. *Formality, courteſie, or courtſhip.*

† Curie : f. *A Tribe, or ward in a City,*

Curieuſement. *Curiouſly, preciſely, nicely, quaintly, daintily, doubtfully, ſcrupulouſly, carefully, heedfully, buſily, too too diligently.*

Curieux: m. euſe: f. *Curious ; quaint, nice, dainty, preciſe ; doubtfull, ſcrupulous, heedfull, buſie, too too diligent ; more carefull then needs.*

† Curin : m. *A thinne, or ſmall skin.*

Curioſité : m. *Curioſity, curiouſneſſe ; daintineſſe, niceneſſe ; affectation.*

Curoir : m. *as* Curette *(in the firſt ſence.)*

Curtille : f. *A little manny-legd vermine, that gnawes aſunder the roots of plants.*

Curtin : m. *(The name of) a very ſweet, and long-laſting Apple.*

Cuſcoamy. *as* Cuſcouil : ℣ Rab.

† Cuſcouil, *well banged, well ſtoned.*

Cuſcute. *A kind of worme ; alſo, the weed Dodder.*

Cuſins : m. *Whurtle-berries, or Winberries.*

† Cuſſonné: m. ée : f. *Worme-eaten.*

Cuſtode : m. *A Gardian, Warden, keeper, overſeer.*

Cuſtode (de lict.) *A Curtaine (for a bed.)*

† Cutané : m. ée : f. *Skinny, or, of the skin.*

† Cuticulaire; peau cuticulaire. *Full of Pores, or of holes, for ſweat to come out at.*

Cuve : f. *An open tub ; a fat, or vat.*

A fonds de cuve. *Largely, throughly, fully.*

Foſſé fait à fonds de cuve. *Having a bottome like a fat, or, flat-bottomed, and down-right ſided.*

Goutte à goutte on emplit la cuve; Prov. *By drop after drop the fat is filled ; See* Goutte.

Cuvé : m. ée : f. *Put into, or ſeaſoned in, a great vat, or tub.*

Cuveau : m. *A little fat, or tub.*

Cuvée : f. *A tub full of.*

Cecy eſt d'un autre cuvée. *This is of another veſſell, of another edition ; of another ſort, of another faſhion.*

Cuvelier : m. *A vat-maker, or tub-maker.*

Cuver. *To tunne, or put into a fat, or tub ; to ſeaſon, let worke, or ſtand in, a vat, or tub.*

Cuvir ſon vin. *To digeſt his liquor ; to evacuate, or paſſe over, the fumes thereof by a good nap, or any other helpe.*

Cuvette : f. *A little fat, or tub.*

Cuvette de Venus. *The Teazell, or Fullers Thiſtle.*

Cuviel : m. *A bathing tub.*

Cuvier. *as* Cuviel ; *Alſo, a Dying fat, or lead.*

Cuviere : f. *An open veſſell, or ciſterne to waſh, or coole drinking pots in Summer ; or as* Cuvier.

Cuydercolles. *as* Cuydrelles.

Cuydrelles : f. *Crow-flowers, wild williams, marſh Gilliflowers, Cuckoe Gilliflowers.*

Cuyraſſine. *See* Cuiraſſine.

Cuyvre : m. *Copper.*

Cuyvreux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Copper.*

Cy : f. *The name of a Saint ; whence ;*

Pain beniſt de la S. Cy. *Wine, good liquor, Nippitaty.*

Cy. *Here, in this place, hither, in this matter ; Looke* Ci.

Cy devant. *Heretofore.*

Cyané : m. ée : f. *Azure, bright, blew of colour.*

Cyathe : m. *A ſmall cup, or meaſure among the ancient Romans, containing about foure ſpoonfulls ; and in weight an ounce, halfe a quarter, two charats, and fifteen grains of our weight ; Looke* Ciathe.

Cyboïde. os Cyb. *A certaine bone in the inſtup.*

Cyclamine: *The herb Hogs-bread, Sowes-bread, Swines-bread ; alſo, the wild vine, blacke Briony, our Ladies Seale, alſo, Wood-Nightſhade, Bitterſweet.*

Cycle. *A round, or circle.*

Cyclopique. *Monſtrous ; one-eyed, halfe-blind ; cruell, furious.*

Cycogne. *A Storke ; Looke* Ckogne.

Cycogneau : m. *A young Storke.*

Cyerce. *The Northerne wind ;* ℣ Rab.

Cygne: m. *A Swan ; Looke* Cigne.

Cygneau : m. anne : f. *Like a Swan ; of, or belonging to, a Swan.*

Cygneur : m. *A Swan-keeper ; (a word ſometimes uſed in deriſion of* Seigneur.)

Cylindre : m. *A rowler ; the wooden inſtrument wherewith clods are broken, and allies plained.*

Cymace : f. *A ledge, or mouthed member in Architecture, faſhioned ſomewhat like a Roman S, and termed a Wave, or Ogee.*

Cymacion. *A ſmall Wave, or Ogee.*

Cymaiſe. *as* Cymace.

Cymas. *The ſame.*

Cymat. *A ſmall Wave, or Ogee (in building.)*

Cymbale : f. *A Cymball to play on.*

Iouër des cymbales autant que paillarder ; ℣ Rab.

Cyme. *as* Cymace ; *alſo, as* Cime.

Cymettes : f. *The ſhoots, or tender buds yeelded by the ſtaulkes of Colewortes, after the greater leaves have been cropped off.*

Cymier : m. *as* Cimier ; *Alſo, a Creſt, Cogniſance, or device, borne on the top of an helmet.*

Cymitiere. *A Churchyard ; Looke* Cimitiére.

Cynabre. *Cynoper ; a kind of Vermillion ; Looke* Cinnabre.

Cinamolge. *An Arabian bird, that uſeth to ſucke bitches.*

Cynanthropie. *A Frenzie, which makes a man haunt unfrequented places, with a conceit, that he is turned into a dog.*

Cynic : m. icque: f. *Dogged, cinicall, doggiſh, curriſh, churliſh.*

† Cyniphe. *A gnat, midge, or dog-flie.*

† Cyniphé: m. ée : f. *Dogged.*

† Cynocephale : m *A Baboone.*

Cyntre. *Looke* Cintre.

Cyon : m. *A Whirlewind ; or, the boiſterous incounter of two ſtrong winds (at Sea.)*

† Cypere : m. *Cyperus, or Cypreſſe, Galingale, (a kind of reed.)*

Cyprés : m. *The Cyprus tree ; or Cyprus wood.*

Ciprés de Candie. *The Candian Cyprus tree ; is lower, and ſmaller, and ſpreads its boughs in a rounder forme, then the ordinary one.)*

Cyprés de Iardin. *Lavender Cotton, or, garden Cyprus.*

Cyprés ſauvage. *Female Southernewood.*

Le menu, ou petit Cyprés. *The ſame ; or ſweet Southernwood.*

Droict de branche de Cyprés. *A duty yeelded in old time by Engliſhmen arriving at* Bourdeaux, *as a ſigne that they had been there.*

Cypreſſier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, Cyprus.*

Cyprin : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, the Iſland Cyprus, or unto Venus, the Patronneſſe thereof ; whence ;*

Torche cyprine. *The flame of love.*

Cyre. *Looke* Sire.

Cyron : m. *A hand-worme ; Looke* Ciron.

Cyronne. *A ſeare-cloth ; &c. as* Ceroeſine.

† Cyſimbre : m. *Water-Mint, fiſh-Mint, brooke-Mint, and horſe-Mint.*

Cyſtepatique. Artere cyſ. *A branch of the Artery* Coeliaque ; *which goes to the liver and gall.*

Cyſtique. veine cyſtique. *A certaine little veine iſſuing from the trunke of the Port veine, and thence mounting to the bladder of the gall ; before it comes at which it is ſometimes ſingle, and ſometimes double ; but there divided into two branches.*

Cytharíſer. *To ſing, or whizze as the wind.*

Cytiſe. *The ſhrubby plant Citiſus, ſhrub-Trefoyle, Herbariſt, and Tetrifoly ; ſome alſo call it, milke Trefoile ; becauſe it increaſes milke in the caſtell that feed on it.*

Cyvade. *A Shrimpe, or Prawne.*

D

Dâ, for deâ. *An Interjection, confirming the word whereto it is joyned; as* ouy dâ, *yes verily;* non dâ, *no in truth, or, no forsooth.*

Dablée. *See* Dablée.

D'abbordée. *At first, at first sight, at their arrivall, as soone as they touched, as soon as they came together.*

† Dablée: f. *A crop of corne, &c corne growing, or standing on the ground; also, Harvest, or the reaping of corne, &c.*

Daces: f. *Tolles.*

† Dacier: m. *A toll-gatherer.*

Dacque. *A certaine weed like unto our Docke.*

Dacte: m. *A Date.*

Dactier. *The Palme, or Date tree.*

Dactier d'Inde. *The Indian Date tree.*

Dactilaire: com. *Of, or belonging to, a Date; also, Date-like.*

Cautere dactilaire. *See* Cautere.

Dactilomantie: f. *Finger-Magicke.*

Dactyle: m. *The Date-grape, or Finger-grape; also, the herb Dogs-tooth; also, a kind of long shell-fish; also, a long precious stone found in Candia; also (in versifying) a foot of three sillables, whereof the first is long, the two other short.*

† Dactylogie: f. *Finger-talke, speech made with the fingers.*

Dada. *A horse; (Childishly.)*

Dadée: f. *Childish toying, speech, or dalliance; whence;*

Souffrir à vn enfant toutes ses dadées. *To cocker, or cokes it; to make a feddle, or wanton of it.*

Dadvantage. *Moreover; furthermore; over and besides; also, better then; as,* il estoit monté d'advantage, *He was better mounted then the rest; (in which sence it must ever be written with an Apostrophe.)*

Daemon: m. *A devill, spirit, soule.*

Dagard: m. *A Brocket, Spitter; Pricket; a young male Deere that but begins to put forth a head.*

† Dagasse: f. *A great dagger.*

Dagobert. *The name of a certaine ruddy, and very good peare.*

Dagorie: f. *The name of a faire yellow apple.*

† Dagorne: f. *A decrepite, and toothlesse beldame.*

Dague: f. *A dagger; also, the head of the young Deere, called a Spitter, or Pricket.*

Dague & baston. *Large measure, heaped measure, measure with advantage.*

Dague à roëlles. *A scottish dagger; or Dudgeon haft dagger.*

Servante faicte à la dague. *A soothing wench, a colloguing queane.*

Daguenet: m. *A little (pocket) dagger.*

Daguer, *To stab with a dagger.*

Daguette: f. *A little dagger.*

Daignant. *Deigning, vouchsafing.*

Daigner. *To deigne, vouchsafe, thinke worthy of.*

Dail: m. *A sithe to mow with.*

Daille: f. *A kind of long shell-fish, thats covered, or armed with two shells.*

Daim: m. *A fallow Deer.*

Dain: m. *as* Daim.

Dain: m. Daine: f. *Dainty, fine, quaint, curious; (an old word.)*

† Daincean. *as* Dainteau.

Daine: f. *The Sea-fish called, otherwise,* Maigre.

Daing: m. *as* Daine.

Dainteau: m. *A young fallow Deere.*

Daintiers: m. *The Doucets, tenderings, or stones of a Deere.*

Dais, *or* Daiz. *A cloth of Estate, Canopie, or Heaven, that stands over the heads of Princes thrones; also, the whole State, or seat of Estate; also, the boards of a beds teaster whereat the vallances be hanged.*

Daisselle: m. ée; f. *Made of, or covered with, boords.*

† Dalaser. *A kind of fruit lesse, and barren Privet.*

Dalâre. *A Flemish coyne worth about* iiij. s.

Dale. *as* Dalâre; *Also, a slice.*

† Dalle: m. *A sewer, or pit, whereinto the washings, dish-water, and other such ordure of houses, are conveyed.*

† Dalle: f. *as* Dale; *also, as* Dailles.

† Dallet: m. *The coyne called a Doller.*

Dalmatique: f. *(A fashion of) a long white Gowne, or Vestment (spotted, or tufted all over with purple) at first brought up by the Dalmatian, or Sclavonian Priests; also, a wide-sleeved Vestment, or Surplus worne at this day, by Deacons during the celebration of solemne daies Masses.*

Dam. *Sir; (an addition, or title of respect, and honour, given, in courtesie, unto a Gentleman, or Knight: Thus in old time; and yet the Governors of the Charterhouse Monks are stiled* Dams.)

Dam: m. *Dammage, losse, hinderance, harme.*

Damage. *as* Dam: *¶* Pic. *Losse, dammage, hurt.*

Damaisine: f. *A Damascene, or Damsen plum.*

Damas: m. *Damaske.*

Eau de Damas. *Damaske, or sweet-water (distilled from all sorts of odoriferous herbs.)*

Huile de Damas. *Oyle Damascene.*

Raisins de Damas. *The best sort of Raisins of the Sun.*

Rose de Damas. *The Damaske, or Muske Rose.*

Terebenthine de Damas. *Turpentine of Venice.*

† Damasceure: f. *Damasking, or Damaske worke.*

Damasquin: m, ine: f. *Of Damaske, or, wrought like unto Damaske.*

Rose Damasquine. *The white Muske Rose.*

Damasquinage: m. *Damaske worke.*

Damasquine: f. *Damasking, or Damaske worke.*

Damasquiné. *as* Damassé.

Damasquiner. *To Damaske, to worke Damaske worke; to flourish, carve, or ingrave Damaske-wise.*

† Damasquineure: f. *as* Damasceure.

Damassé: m. ée: f. *Damasked; of Damaske, wrought, or flourished, like Damaske.*

Damasser. *as* Damasquiner.

Damastic: m. *A kind of varnish like unto Damasking.*

Dame: f. *A Dame; a Mistresse; a Lady; also, a Stepdame; also, a man at Tables, or Draughts; also, a Pye, Pisanet, Magatepie. (In old time this word, signifying that which* Monsieur *or* Seigneur *doth now, was appropriated unto men.)*

Dame du milieu. *A certaine thicke skin, or filme, which is broken when a virgin is made a woman.*

Belle Dame. *Seeke* Beau.

Mes Dames. *The Title, and stile of the French kings daughters.*

Nostre Dame. *Our Lady; the virgin Mary, the blessed virgin.*

L'assumption nostre Dame. *Our Lady day in Harvest.*

Chardon de nostre Dame. *The white Thistle, milke Thistle, our Ladies Thistle.*

La conception nostre Dame. *The conception of our Lady; the eighth of December, kept holyday by the Church of Rome.*

Les cinq doigts nostre Dame. *Five leaved grasse.*

Fillasse de nostre Dame. *The slender threads of Cobwebs.*

Herbe de nostre Dame. *The herb Clary; so called in* Languedoc.

Laict de nostre Dame. *as* Chardon de nostre Dame.

Mente de nostre Dame. *Speare-mint, Baulme-mint, Browne-mint, Macvell-mint, our Ladies mint, common Garden-Mint.*

La Nativité de nostre Dame. *A solemn holy-day kept by the Church of Rome on the eighth of September.*

Poire de nostre Dame. *A very good peare, called Maries Peare, or, our Ladies Peare,*

La presentation nostre Dame. *The Presentation of our Lady; a holy-day kept by the Church of Rome on the 21 of November.*

Rose de nostre Dame. *Peony, Piony, Kings Bloome, Rose of the Mount; also, the shrub called Rose of Hierusalem, Rose of Jerico, our Ladies Rose, and heath Rose.*

Seau de nostre Dame. *Our Ladies Seale, blacke briony, wild Vine; (an herb.)*

La Visitation nostre Dame. *The Visitation of our Lady; a holy-day kept by the Church of Rome, on the second of July.*

Dame qui trop se mire peu file; Pro. *She that heeds her beauty much, tends her benefit but little; a proud, and a good, huswife are incompatible.*

En moissons Dames chambrieres sont; Prov. *While Harvest lasts, all fellowes.*

Pour l'amour du Chevalier baise la Dame l'Escuyer; Prov. *The Lady kisses her man for his Masters sake (an excesse of her love which very well might be spared.)*

Quand la Messe fut chantée, si fut la Dame parée; Prov. *By that time Prayers were done her tiers were on.*

Vuides chambres font les Dames folles; Prov. *The roome once voided, farewell modestly.*

Damé: m. ée: f. *Made a Quern, as a Pawn at Chests; doubled at Draughts.*

Damer. *To make a Queene at Chests; to double a man, or make a king, at Draughts.*

Ie dameray ceste-cy. *I will requite, or second this tale; I will tell another upon the*

the neck of it; (a Metaphor from the making of a King, by doubling of a man, at draughts.)

Dameret: m. *An effeminate fondling, or fond carpet Knight; one that spendes his whole time in the interlayning or courting of women.*

Dames. (*The Plurall to* Dame, *also,*) *the place on the out side of a paire of Tables, called draughts.*

Iouër aux dames rabbatuës. *To teach it.*

Damier: m. *A Chesse-borde, or paire of Tables.*

Damnable: com. *Damnable, condemnable; blameable, unfit to be allowed.*

Damnation: f. *Damnation; a damning, a condemning.*

Damné: m. ée; f. *Damned, condemned, adjudged unto death.*

Damner. *To damne, condemne, give judgement against, adjudge unto death.*

Damoiseau. *as* Damoisel; *and as* Damoiselet; *also, a neat fellow, spruce jetter, effeminate youth.*

Damoisel: m. *A young Gentleman professing Armes, and not yet knighted.*

Damoisel d'un tel lieu. *The Lord of such a place* (*an ancient forme of speech.*)

Damoiselet: m. ette: f. *Gentlewomanlike; or, waiting on a Gentlewoman.*

Teinct damoiselet. *An effeminate complexion; a face of hue more womanly then man-like.*

Damoiselette: f. *A little Gentlewoman; a Gentlewoman of meane estate, or of low degree.*

Damoiselle: f. *A Gentlewoman; any one, under the degree of a Lady, that weares, or may weare, a Velvet hood.*

Damoiselle d'attour. *The Gentlewoman, or waiting woman, that uses to dresse, and make ready, her Lady, or Mistresse.*

Mes damoiselles. *The title, and stile of the French Kings younger brothers daughters.*

† Damp chevalier. *Thou sir Knight; or, as,* Dam.

Damyon. *The name of a certaine apple, that yields very clere Cyder.*

Danché. *Indented, or* (*as in tearms of blazon*) *dancy.*

Dandin: m. *A meacock, noddy, ninny, a bondon, sot, lobcock; one that knows not how to looke, and gapes at every thing he knowes not.*

Dandiner. *To get gaping ill favouredly, looking unstedily; to gape, and look, like an Asse, Noddy, Ninny.*

Dandrilles: f. *Hangars, Dantrils; Looke* Dendrille.

Danger: m. *Danger, perill, jeopardie, hazard.*

Les dangers des bois. *The amerciaments, and confiscations adjudged unto the King by the Officers of woods and forests.*

Droit de tiers, & danger. *A third and tenth* (*as of xxx pound xiij*) *payed unto the King out of the price of every wood-sale made in the woods and forests of his, or other Lords demaines* (*especially within* Normandie) *wherein hee hath those rights.*

Fief de danger. *Look* Fief.

Il y a danger que. *It is to be feared least.*

'A grand danger grand courage; Prov. *Great courage is in greatest dangers tried; or as in* Courage.

Il n'est danger que de vilain. ¶ Prov. *A clowne* (*enraged*) *is most dangerous.*

Dangereusement. *Dangerously, perilously, with much jeopardy, with great hazard.*

Dangereux: m. euse: f. *Dangerous, perilous, jeopardous, full of hazards.*

Sergens dangereux. *Certain Officers, that travell, unto the Kings use,* les dangers des bois, & le droict de tiers & danger, *until the yeare* 1583, *when they were cassed by* Charles *the ninth.*

Dans. *as* Dedans. *In, within.*

Danse: f. *A dance, or dancing.*

La Danse des crapaux. *as* In Crapaud.

Danse du loup la queuë entre les jambes. *Lecherie.*

Danse Macabré. *Death; (a dance wherein there is no respect of age, degree, worth, or dignity.)*

Danse Trevisanne. *Lechery.*

Elle sçait assez de la vieille danse. *She knowes well enough what belongs to the Game, she hath been a backster, a twigger, a good one, in her time.*

De la panse vient la danse; Prov. *Men are the merriest when their bellies are fullest; or, when the belly is full the wretch would be figging, (for by this* Danse *is any lustfull, or sensuall, motion understood.)*

Dansé. *Danced, hopped, skipped.*

Dansement. *A dancing, hopping, skipping, a motion directed by time, and harmony.*

Danser: m. *To dance; also, to hop, skip, or leap (for joy.)*

Danser en bille. *To dance very lively.*

Danser la grue. *To hop, leap, skip, dance often; or but upon one leg.*

Il ne sçait sur quel pied danser. *Hee is at his wits end, he knowes not what in the earth to doe.*

Amour apprend les alnes à danser; Pro. *Love makes the cokes turne courtiers.*

Chascun n'est pas aise qui danse; Prov. *Every one is not merry that dances; of such a one we say, his heart is not so light as his heeles.*

Danseresse: f. *A woman-dancer.*

Danserie: f. *A dancing, &c. as* Dansement.

Danseur: m. *A dancer, hopper, skipper.*

Iamais danseur ne fut bon clerc; Prov. *Never was dancer good scholler.*

Danspied. *The hollow part of the sole of the foot.*

Dante. *A certaine hard-skind Indian beast, resembling a Mule.*

Daphnomantie. *Divination by a Laurell, or Bay-tree.*

Dapifer. *The great Master, or Steward of the Kings house;* (*so termed in old time.*)

Darceau. *A certaine fish, as* Dereeau.

Dard: m. *A Dart, a Javelin, a Glaive, also, a kind of ash-coloured serpent; which from high trees throweth it selfe at passengers; also, a Dace, or Dare fish.*

† Dardanaire: m. *A Regrater, Ingrater, or Ingrosser; one that buies, and hoords up corne, or other provision, with a purpose to sell it againe when 'tis growne dear.*

† Dardanier. *as* Dardanaire.

Darde: f. *A play, wherein boyes having layed a heap of points under a stone, and made a circle about them, dart at them with a rod, and win as many as they drive out of that circle; (Our boyes laying their points in a heap of dust, and throwing at them with a stone, call that play of theirs, Dust-point.)*

Dardé: m. ée: f. *Darted, flung, hurled, cast, thrown, as a dart; also, bit, hurt, smacken, wounded with a dart.*

Darder. *To dart; to fling, hurle, cast, or throw a dart; also, to bit, wound, pierce, or hurt with a dart.*

Darderesse: f. *A woman that casteth a dart.*

Dardé-tonnere. *Thunder-hurling, thunder-shooting.*

Dardeur: m. *A darter, or thrower of a dart.*

Dardiller. *To shake, or waver, like a dart cast with violence.*

Dardoises fourmis. *Beasts among the Dardes* (*in the North part of* Indin) *coloured like cats, and as big as Ægyptian wolves; they dig gold oure, as Moles earth, and keep it carefully, till creeping, in extreme heat, into caves, they are consumed thereof by the country people.*

† Dare. *A huge big belly; also,* Dole.

† Dariolet: f. *Small pasties filled with flesh, herbes, and spices, mingled, and minced together.*

† Dariolette: f. *A bawd, or carrier of love-messages.*

† Darne: m. *A slice; a broad, and thinne piece, or partition of.*

Darres: f. *A Tetter, or Ring-worme.*

Dars. *as* Dardz. *Fully, enough.*

Dataire: m. *A dater of writings; and* (*more particularly*) *the dater, or dispatcher of the Popes Buls; an ordinary Officer in the Court of Rome.*

Date: m. *Pisse, urine, lust.*

Date de lettres. *The date of Letters, or Evidences.*

Mis en date. *Brought into date, or into reckoning; come in request.*

Mis en date de. *Set in the ranke, or number of.*

Daté: m. ée: f. *Dated, as a letter, &c.*

Dater. *To date a writing, also to pisse.* ¶ Normand.

Datif: m. ive; f. *Dative; giving; of power to give.*

Quint datif. *See* Quint.

† Datil. *A Date.*

† Dation: f. *A gift, or giving.*

Datte. *as* Dacte. *A Date.*

Dattier: m. *The Palme, or Date-tree.*

Davantage. *See* Dadvantage.

Davanture. *Peradventure, by chance, perhaps.*

Daubé. *as* Dobé.

Dauber. *To beat, swindge, lamme, canvasse throughly.*

Davesnes. *Horse-plums.*

Daugier. Droict de tiers, & daugier. *Look* Danger.

Davier de barbier. *The Pincer wherewith he draws, or pulls out, teeth.*

Davier d'un pelican: m. *A certaine instrument to picke a locke withall; an yron booke, or cramp-iron for that purpose.*

Daulphin. *as* Dauphin. *A Dolphin.*

Dau-

Daulphin de France. *The Dolphin, or eldeſt ſon of France; called ſo, of* Daulphiné, *a Province given, or (as ſome report it) ſold in the yeare* 1349, *by* Humbert *Earle thereof to* Philippe de Valois; *partly on condition, that for ever the French Kings eldeſt Sonne ſhould hold it (during his Fathers life) of the Empire.*

Davoines. *A kind of Plummes; or, as* Davesnes.

Dauphin: m. *The fiſh called, a Dolphin; Looke* Daulphin.

Fort comme vn dauphin en terre; Prov. *Moſt weake, moſt feeble, without force, (for a Dolphin dies as ſoone as he is out of the water.)*

Daurade: f. *The fiſh tearmed a Guilt-head; alſo, as* Dorée.

Daurée. *as* Dorée.

Dauſſe d'ail. *A clove of Garlicke.*

Dauſſé: m. ée: f. *Cloved, divided into ſeverall parts, or cloves, as a head of Garlicke.*

Se Dauſſer. *To be divided in ſeverall parts, or cloves, like a head of Garlicke.*

Daymon. *Looke* Demon.

Day: m. *as* Dets.

Dé: m. *A Dye.*

Dé à couldre. *A thimble.*

Les dez luy diſent fort bien. *The dice are very favourable to him; or, he hath paſſing good luck at dice.*

Le dé ſoit jetté. *Put the matter in hazard; ſet all on ſix and ſeven; it can be but an ill caſt; whatſoever it be let a venture on it.*

Les dez ſont deſia iettez. *The worſt is paſt; or, the action is already begun, the matter already determined; we muſt now ſtand to it, or abide the brunt of it.*

Les dez ne me veulent. *The dice croſſe me, or runne not as I would have them.*

Sans flatter le dé. *Roundly, plainely, truly, without ſoothing, ſmoothing, or making things better then indeed they be.*

Les graces du Lombart ſont trois dez ſur table; Prov. *See* Lombard.

De. *Sometimes ſignifies, of, (the note of the Genitive caſe) as,* Le chappeau de, le ques; le chaulme de l' avoine: *Sometimes (a Preposition) it ſignifies from, as,* Ie viens de Paris; *Sometimes, in, or at; as,* de mon temps, de ce temps là; *and ſometimes, by; as,* Nul ſi beau don fut onques donné de prince; la ſentence, ou iugement donné de nous, &c.

De. *Sometimes giues Nounes an Adverbiall ſignification; as,* Il vit de reigle; Il court de viſteſſe, &c. *He lives regularly, runnes ſwiftly.*

D'icy à vn an. *Till this time twelvemonth; alſo, a yeare hence.*

De par Dieu ſoit. *In the name of God be it; God proſper it, or ſend it well to ſpeed.*

De par luy bon Dieu. *In the name of God; or, for Gods ſake.* ¶ Lymoſin.

De par moy; &, De par le Roy. *Looke* Par.

De partie à partie. *Betweene party and party.*

Dé. *An Interjection. as,* Dé; ouy dé; *Yes truly, verily, without doubt, alſo, a tearme of expoſtulation; as,* dé, qui vous mouvoit? *Why, or, good God, what reaſon had you? or, what a Gods name moved you?*

Dealbatoire: com. *whiting, whitening, making white.*

Deambulatif, *as* Ambulatif.

Deambulatoire: com. *Oft removing, ever going, never reſting; or, removeable, or changeable from place to place.*

Iuſtice deambulatoire. *Iuſtice adminiſtred in circuits.*

Debaccher. *To rave, rage, rayle, take on like a drunken man.*

Debagoulé: m. ée: f. *as* Desbagoulé; *alſo, mumbled, or muttered.*

Debagouler. *as* Desbagouler; *alſo, to mumble or mutter.*

Debail: m. *A Gardien, Tutor, Governour; as the husband is, (or ſhould be) of his wife.* ¶ Boullenois.

Debaquer. *as* Debaccher.

Debardeur: m. *A Lighter-man; a Porter that belongs to a Ship, or Lighter, for the unlading thereof.*

Debarraſſé: m. ée: f. *Diſintangled, rid from.*

Debarraſſer. *To looſen, diſintangle, rid from.*

Debaſté. *Unſadled, rid of his pack-ſaddle, as an Aſſe after his worke done.*

On y va comme aſnes debaſtez. *Looke* Aſne.

Debaſter. *To take off the pack-ſaddle from an Aſſe, &c.*

Debat: m. *Strife, debate, variance, contention, difference, diſagreement; jarring, altercation, diſpute, controverſie, brabbling, wrangling.*

Rondé table oſte le debat; Prov. *The reaſon followes;* Chaſcun eſtant aupres du plat.

Debatable: com. *Diſputeable, debateable, ſubject to oppoſition.*

Debatement: m. *A debating; or, as* Debattement.

Debateur: m. *A debater, arguer, diſputer, contender.*

Debatis: m. *The bating, or unquiet fluttering of a Hauke.*

Debatre. *To debate, argue, diſcuſſe, examine, diſpute of; to wrangle, cavill, jarre, brabble; to ſtrive, contend, bicker, differ about; in law to demurre upon.*

Nous debatons de la chappe à l' Abbé. *We ſtrive for that whereto neither of us hath right; or that we ſhall both go without; for that which belongs, or is due to another; or, we brabble about had I wiſt; caſtles in the aire; moonſhine in the water. (The leſſe properly.)*

Se Debatre, & demener. *To beſtirre himſelfe, hard, or apace.*

Par trop debatre la verité ſe perd; Prov. *By two much arguing truth is loſt.*

Debattement des flancs. *A painting in the flancke.*

Debatu: m. uë: f. *Debated, argued; diſputed on; brabbled about.*

Au temps que cela n' eſtoit debatu aux ieunes hommes. *When that was not refuſed, or denied young men; when there was no difficulty made of admitting young men unto it.*

Debauchement. *Looke* Desbauchement.

Debaucher. *Looke* Baucher.

Debellé: m. ée: f. *Conquered, vanquiſhed, ſubdued, overcome in war.*

Debeller. *To ſubdue, vanquiſh, overcome, by war.*

Debendadé: f. *A ſuddaine disbanding of a company one from another; an unbending; a violent looſing, or letting go, as of an arrow out of a bow.*

A la debendade. *Confuſedly; without order, or array; alſo, violently, or furiouſly.*

† Debexiller. *To cruſh, or breake aſunder, to beate unto peeces.*

Debiffé. *Razed, or ſcraped out; alſo, ragged, tattered; rent in peeces, torne aſunder; alſo, out of order, much out of tune; looking ſorrily as one that is not well; alſo, far ſpent, ſore decayed, ſhrewdly ſhaken, as one that is but newly recovered of a great ſickneſſe; of whom compared to that he hath been may be ſaid, he is as a letter almoſt ſcraped out, which hardly ſhews what it was.*

Debiffer. *To raze, or ſcrape out, as a letter; alſo, to rend, or teare in peeces.*

Se Debiffer. *To ſplit, or flie aſunder; as boards that rive, or cleave in a ſhip, or other building, for want of due ſeaſoning, or cloſe joyning together.*

Debile: com. *Debile, weake, feeble, faint, infirme.*

Au plus debile la chandele en la main; ¶ Prov. *He that worſt may the candle holdeth; or, let him that is the weakeſt hold the candle.*

Debilitation: *A Debilitation, weakening, enfeebling, faintneſſe; infirmity, feeblenеſſe.*

Debilitation de veuë. *Shortneſſe of ſight, weakeneſſe of the eyes.*

Debilité: f. *Debilitie, weakeneſſe, faintneſſe, feeblenеſſe, infirmity, imbecility, decay of ſtrength.*

Debilité. *Debilitated, weakened, enfeebled.*

Debiliter. *To debilitate, weaken, enfeeble.*

Debiller. *To unlooſe the rope of a boate faſtned unto the perce of wood which runs overthwarte the hammes of boat-building horſes.*

Debit: m. *as* Debite.

Debitage: m. *Retaylage.*

Debite: f. *A diſtribution, or ſale of any thing by parcels; utterance of commodities, in retaile, and upon truſt, or otherwiſe.*

Ces bleds n'ont aucune debite. *This corne is not ſaleable, will take no money, yeelds no commodious returne.*

Debité: m. ée: f. *Diſtributed, uttered, retailed, paſſed away by parcels, upon truſt.*

Terres debitées. *Lands given by the Lord unto a tenant to be held of him by rents, or ſervices, or both.*

Debitement: m. *A diſtributing; a ſelling, uttering, paſſing away by retaile, or in parcels, and (moſt properly) upon truſt.*

Debiter. *To diſtribute, or do away things, one by one; to ſell, or utter by parcels, to paſſe away by retaile (and moſt properly, upon truſt;) alſo, to vid much worke, diſpatch buſineſſe apace.*

Debiter vn arbre qui eſt abatu. *To peece-meale it, to cut it into many ſeverall peeces, or parcels.*

Debiteur. *A diſtributer; or ſeller by retaile; a retailer, upon truſt; alſo, as* Debteur.

Debitis. Lettres, ou mandement de debitis. *A generall, and peremptory writ, granted out of the Chancerie, or by ſome of the chiefe Juſtices, to compell a debtor, by the ſeiſure, and ſale of his goods, and impriſonment of his perſon (if he be bound, or ſubject thereto) to ſatisfie his creditor, that procured it.*

† Debitoribus, il eſt tout deb. tourné à gauche; *he is clean ſpoyled, overthrown horſe and foot, utterly undone; or he dares not look his creditor in the face.*

† Deblée. *as* Desblée.

† Debleure: f. *Corne ſtanding, or hanging by the roots.*

Deboire: m. *An after-taſte, ill ſmacke, or twang, which an unſavory thing leaves behind in the mouth.*

Deboité. *Looke* Desboité.

Debonnaire: com. *Debonnaire, courteous, affable, gentle, milde, of a ſweet, or friendly converſation.*

Debonnaire Mire fait playe pnante; Prov. *A tender-hearted Surgeon makes a wound to ſtinke.*

Oiſeau debonnaire de luy meſme ſe fait; Prov. *The gentle hauke (halſe) manues her ſelfe.*

Debonnairement. *Debonnairely, courteouſly, affably, gently, mildly.*

Debonnaireté: f. *Debonnairie, or debonnairneſſe; courteſie, friendlineſſe, affability; gentleneſſe, mildneſſe, faire or ſweet behaviour.*

Grand'debonnaireté a maintes hommes grevé; Prov. *Much courteſie hath ruined many.*

Deboſquer. *To ruſh, or iſſue out of a wood; to ruſh, or ariſe from an Ambuſcadoe (in a wood.)*

Deboucler. *as* Desboucler.

Debourrer. *See* Desbourrer.

Debout. *Up, ſtanding; upright, bolt upright.*

Bois debout. *The branch of a vine, that (when all the reſt are cut off as ſuperfluous) is left growing for the next yeares increaſe.*

Debouté: m. ée: f. *Debouted; put, or thruſt from; driven fro, deprived, or turned out, of; depoſed, expelled, excluded; alſo, repulſed, rejected, utterly refuſed; alſo, denied, or diſmiſſed with a ſharp, and ſhort anſwer.*

Debouteme'nt: m. *A depoſing, putting, or thruſting from; a deprivine, or turning out of; an expelling, or excluding; a repulſe; an abſolute refuſall, or peremptory denyall, of; a ſhort and ſharpe diſmiſſion; alſo weakneſſe, imbecillity, infirmity.*

Debouter. *To deboute; to put, thruſt, or drive from; to depoſe, deprive, or turne out, of; to expell, repulſe, exclude, reject; refuſe abſolutely, or peremptorily; alſo, to diſmiſſe with a ſhort, and ſharpe anſwer; to ſend away with a flea in the eare.*

Deboutonné: m. ée: f. *Unbuttoned, unbraced.*

Manger à ventre deboutonné. *To eat while his skin will hold; or, till his belly crack again.*

Deboutonner. *To unbutton, to undo a button, to looſe, or let ſlip, a button.*

Debradé: m. ée: f. *Unarmed, or whoſe arme is burſt aſunder; without an arme, wanting an arme.* ¶ Rab.

Debraguetter: m. *An untying of the codpiece.*

Elle ne vault pas le debraguetter. *Shee is but abumely piece of ſtuffe; ſhe is not worth the paines one ſhould take with her.*

Debraguetter. *To unty the codpiece.*

Debranchi: m. ie: f. *Lopped, unbranched.*

† Debranchir. *To lop a tree; to cut, or pull off the branches thereof. See* Esbrancher.

† Debrigandé: m. ée: f. *Tattered, ragged, or ſtript naked, as one that hath paſt through the hands of needy theeves.*

Debris: m. *A wrack; a breaking, or ſplitting aſunder, as of a ſhip againſt a rocke; alſo, any rupture, or breach.*

Debriſé: m. ée: f. *Burſt, broken, ſplit aſunder; alſo, nimbly footed (in dancing.)*

Debriſement: m. *as* Debris.

Debriſer. *To break, burſt, or ſplit aſunder; alſo, to foot it nimbly in dancing.*

Debriſer la voix. *To divide, or reliſh cunningly.*

† Debriſure. *as* Debris.

Debrouillé: m. ée: f. *Diſintangled, unpeſtered.*

Debrouiller. *To unpeſter, diſintangle, rid from trouble.*

Debte: f. *A debt; a duty, or thing due.*

Debtes actives. *debts owing, or due, by others unto us.*

Debtes Hypothecaires. *Look* Hypothecaire.

Debtes paſſives. *Debts which are owed, or due by us unto others.*

Debtes perſonnelles. *Perſonall debts; thoſe that graw due upon a bare promiſe; or appear to be due by a Scedule, or Scroll.*

Je t'en feray la debte bonne. *I will warrant it, undertake for it, make it good.*

Il ne laiſſe dormir la debte ſur le ſoleil. *He is an excellent quick paymaſter.*

Vieilles debtes duiſent; Prov. *Looke* Duire.

Debteurs: m. *A debtor.*

Debvoir: m. *Duty, devoire, indeavour; a ſervice, good office, obligation; alſo, a Hauke, reward, or part, of the game ſhe hath taken.*

Debvoirs. *The act of ſubmiſſion, and acknowledgement of duty, unto a landlord, expreſſed by the tenants mouth, hands, and oath of fealty.*

Debvoir des Delicts. *A buſhell of Rye payed unto the Lord of the Borough of* Pont Nioſillae *(in Britain) by every houſholder of ancient tenure, that keepes Tillage within the Territory thereof.*

Debvoir de Ligence. *See* Ligence.

Debvoir de lignage. *Certain toll exacted upon every load of wood that's brought into* Rennes.

Debvoir de lucts. *as* Debvoir des Delicts.

Debvoir de moulage. *The Fee, or Toll that's due, for grinding, unto the Miller, or Lord of the Mill.*

Debvoir de Paſques. *A Lambe at Eaſter, due unto ſome Curates, by every one that keeps ſheep within their Pariſhes.*

Francs debvoirs. Ce ſont les charges que doivent les hommes de franche, & libre condition, pour vſage de bois, pour paſcage, panage, ou autrement. ¶ Ragueau.

Debvoir. *To owe; to be due; to be bound unto.*

Je luy doy cela de retour. *I am beholden to him, or I am bound to requite him, for that.*

Le temps le debvoit. *The time gave, required; allowed, or approved, it.*

Ceux qui nous doibvent nous demandent; Prov. *Our debtors are as bold with us as if they were our creditors; (appliable unto thoſe that having received great favours, are not ſatisfied, but either impudently demand more, or ungratefully complaine they have not had enough.)*

Fais ce que tu doys advienne ce que pourra; Prov. *Doe thou thy duty, happen what hap may.*

Il ſied mal à qui doibt de parler plus haut qu'il ne doibt; Pro. *It ill becomes him that owes to ſpeak lowder then hee ought; (viz. to ſtand on prowd tearms.)*

Il n'eſt pas quite quidoibt de reſte; Pro. *He is not out of debt that is to pay ought.*

Va ou tu peux, meurs ou tu doys; Prov. *Goe whether thou canſt, but dye where thou ſhouldſt; young men may travell, but the old muſt reſt at home.*

Debuſquer. *as* Desbuſquer.

Debuter. *as* Desbuter.

Deça. *On this ſide; from hence; hether.*

Decacheté: m. ée: f. *Unſealed, as a letter, &c.*

Decacheter vne lettre. *To unſeale a letter.*

Decade. *A Decade; the tearme, or number of ten yeares, or monethi; alſo, a tenth, or, the number of ten.*

Decadenaſſer. *To undoe a padlock; alſo, to reſolve a Riddle.*

Decadence: f. *Decay, ruine; declining, falling away.*

Decal d'argent. *Want of alloy in ſilver.*

Decaller. *To ſlacken, or grow ſoft; to become leſſe firme, hard, or ſtrong then before.*

Decalogue. *The Ten Commandements.*

Decapité: m. ée: f. *Decapitated, beheaded.*

Decapiter. *To decapitate, or behead.*

Decaptivé: m. ée: f. *Uncaptivated, delivered from captivity.*

Decaptiver. *To uncaptivate; free from captivity, ſet at liberty.*

Decartelé: m. ée: f. *Quartered. See* Escartelé.

Decarteler. *To quarter.*

Decedé: m. ée: f. *Deceaſed, departed, dead.*

Decéder. *To die, deceaſe, depart this life.*

Decelé: m. ée: f. *Detected, diſcovered, diſcloſed, bewrayed.*

Decelement: m. *A detection, diſcloſing, diſcovering, bewraying.*

Deceler. *To diſcover, detect, diſcloſe, lay open, bewray.*

Deceleur: m. *A detector, diſcloſer, diſcoverer, bewrayer of.*

Decemment. *as* Decentement. *Decently, ſeemly, comelily.*

Decempedal: m. ale: f. *Of ten foot, or ten foot long, &c.*

Ombre decempedale. *The ſhadow of a Dyall falling upon the point of ten.*

Decence: f. *Decency, ſeemlineſſe, comelineſſe, handſomeneſſe.*

Decent. *Decent, ſeemly, handſome, comely, graciſull, becomming, beſeeming, befitting; meet, convenient, apt, fit.*

Decentement. *Decently, comely, handsomely, gracefully, beseemingly; aptly, fitly, conveniently.*

Decepti: m. iue: f. *Deceptive, deceitfull, deceiving; wilie, craftie, full of subtilitie.*

Deception: f. *Deception, deceit, fallacie, craft, subtilty, couſenage.*

Decercle: m ée: f. *Uncircled; ſquared as a circle; taken out of a circle.*

Decercler. *To uncircle; ſquare a circle; take out of a circle.*

Decerné: m. ée: f. *Decreed, ſentenced, adjudged, ordered, determined, concluded; appointed by judgement.*

Decerner. *To decree, determine, ſentence, order, judge; conclude, appoint, in Court.*

Deceu: m. euë: f. *Deceived, beguiled, gulled, couſened, circumvented, overraught; diſappointed; betrayed.*

Il eſt toſt deceu qui mal ne penſe; *Prov. He that thinkes no hurt is ſoone deceived; the harmleſſe man is quickly over-raught.*

Decevable: com. *Deceivable; deceitfull, apt to beguile, couſen, gull.*

Decevance: f. *as* Deception.

Decevant. *Deceiving, beguiling, gulling, couſening.*

Deceveur: m. *A deceiver, beguiler, guller, couſener, impoſtor, cheater, conny-catcher.*

Decevoir. *To deceive, beguile, gull, couſen, circumvent, over-reach, mock; diſappoint, betray.*

Decez: m. *A deceaſe, or deceaſing; death, or a departure out of this life.*

Dechalandé: m. ée: f. *Out of trade, without cuſtomers.*

Dechaſſé: m. ée: f. *Expelled, ejected, driven, or chaſed away.*

Dechaſſement: m. *A driving, expelling, or chaſing away; an expulſion, ejection, abdication.*

Dechaſſer. *To chaſe, or drive away, from, or out of; to abdicate, expell, eject, thruſt out.*

Decheant: m. ante: f. *Falling away from; alſo, decaying, waſting, leſſening, diminiſhing.*

Dechoir. *To fall away from; alſo, to miniſh, leſſen; decay, waſte, fall to want.*

Dechoir de claim. *To relinquiſh, or give over, his clayme; or, to be Nonſuited.*

Decheoir du droict de. *To looſe, or forfeit his right in.*

Dechet: m. *A fall from former worth, or goodneſſe; a decay, waſte, leſſening, miniſhing, in Gold, Silver, Wine, Oyle, &c.*

Decheu: m. euë: f. *Fallen away (from;) miniſhed, leſſened; waſted, decayed; (Looke* Decheoir.*)*

Dechiffrer. *To decipher.*

Dechiqueté. *Looke* Deſchiqueté.

Gelée dechiquetée. *Cut Dyamond-wiſe.*

Dechiqueter. *as* Deſchiqueter.

Dechiré: m. ée: f. *Torne, rent, mangled, diſmembred.*

Dechirer. *To rend, teare, mangle, diſmember.*

Decidé: m. ée: f. *Decided, determined, compounded, ended; alſo, cut off, cut ſhorter.*

Decider. *To decide, determine, compound, bring a matter to end; alſo, to cut off, or cut ſhorter.*

† Decidu: m. uë: f. *Falling, or fallen off; hanging, or falling downe.*

† Decimable: com. *Tytheable.*

Decimal: m. ale: f. *Tything, or belonging to Tythe; whence;*

Fruicts decimaux. *Tythe-fruits.*

Decime: f. *The Tythe, or tenth of.*

Decimé: m. ée: f. *Tythed; payed as, or, put unto, Tythe.*

Armée decimée. *Whereof every tenth ſouldier is culled out, and put to death for an offence committed by them all.*

† Decimer. *as* Diſmer. *To pay, or take Tythe.*

Decimeſtre. *Of ten monethes.*

Decicif: m. iue: f. *Deciſive, deciding, determining; fit, or able, to end a controverſie.*

Deciſion: f *A deciſion, determination, end of a controverſie.*

Deciſoire: com. *Deciſorie, deciding; fit, uſed, or able, to decide controverſies.*

Declamateur: m. *A declamer; alſo, an outcryer.*

Declamation: f. *A declamation, an Oration made of a feigned ſubject, or onely for exerciſe; alſo, a crying out aloud.*

Declamatoire: com. *Declamatorie, declaming.*

Declamer. *To declame; to make Orations of feigned ſubjects, or onely for exerciſe; alſo, to cry out aloud.*

Declarant. *Declaring, telling, relating, publiſhing, manifeſting; ſignifying; expreſſing, explaning, expounding; denouncing.*

Declaration. *A declaration; a relation; an interpretation, explication, expoſition; a ſhewing, ſignifying, denouncing; a ſurvey of land, or Inventorie of goods, couched in writing.*

Declaré. *Declared, told, related; publiſhed, denounced, manifeſted, ſignified, expreſſed, explaned, expounded.*

Declarer. *To declare, tell, relate; ſignifie, teſtifie; denounce, publiſh, pronounce; open, cleave, manifeſt, expreſſe, expound, explane.*

† Declaveté: m. ée: f. *Unpegged, unbouſted, unpinned.*

† Declaveter. *To unbouſt, unpinne, unpeg; looſe from.*

Declin: m. *A fall, declining, deſcent, or bending downwards; alſo, an eſchewing, waiting, ſwarving, winding, or bending from; alſo, a waxing, decaying, decreaſing; or, ſo in Declineiſons.*

Declinatoire: f. *An exception taken againſt a Judge, or to the Juriſdiction of a Court of Juſtice; the diſabling, or a refuſall, of either of them, in a tryall.*

Declinatoire: com. *Diſabling, excepting againſt, or refuſing to be tryed by, a Judge, or Court of Juſtice.*

Fin declinatoire. *Looke* Fin.

Declinant. *Declining, downwaſalling; alſo, eſchewing, wayving, avoiding, bending from.*

Decline. *Declined, bent, or fallen downewards; alſo, declined, eſchewed, wayved, avoided, ſwarved, ſwunde, or turned away from.*

Declinement. *as* Declin; Le declinement du jour. *The latter part of the day.*

Decliner. *To decline, bend, or fall downewards; alſo, to eſchew, decline, bend from, wayve, avoid, ſwarve, turne away, paſſe by.*

Decliner la Iuriſdiction. *To except againſt, or refuſe to be tryed by, a Court, as of inſufficient Juriſdiction.*

Decliquer. *To jet, clack, or clatter out; raſhly to blab, or babble; to let flye, let goe, rap out.*

Declive: com. *Steepe, deepe, hanging, or bending down-ward.*

Declos. *Diſparked, wide open; See* Deſclos.

Decoction: f. *A boyling, or ſeething; alſo, a decoction; or, the liquor wherein things have been ſodden.*

Decognoiſtre. *as* Deſcognoiſtre; *To unknow, or, not to know.*

Decoler. *as* Deſcoler. *To unglue.*

Decollation. *A beheading.*

Decollation Sainct Iean. *An holy-day kept the 29 of Auguſt.*

† Decombres: f. *Looke* Deſcombres.

Decompter. *See* Deſcompter.

Deconte. *A prepoſterous numbring, or reckoning backwards; Looke* Deſcompt.

Decoration: f. *A decoration, beautifying, bedecking, adorning, garniſhing, trimming, gracing.*

Decoré: m. ée: f. *Decked, adorned, graced, trimmed, beautified.*

Decore: com. *Handſome, comely, graceſull, ſeemely, beautifull, with a good* Decorum.

Decorement. *as* Decoration.

Decorer. *To decorate, garniſh, adorne, trim, grace, beautifie, make gorgeous, ſet forth unto the eye.*

Decoucher. *See* Deſcoucher.

Deconlé: m. ée: f. *Flowed, run, glid, or fallen (gently) down-ward; ſlipped away; alſo, faded, waſted, conſumed, come unto nothing.*

Decoulement: m. *A flowing, running, or falling down-ward; a fading, conſuming, melting away.*

Decouler. *To flow, runne, or fall (gently) down-ward; to glide, or ſlip away; to fade, conſume, come unto nothing.*

Decoulouré: m. ée: f. *Diſcoloured; pale, bleake, wan, few.*

Decoulourement. *A ſtaining, diſcolouring, or loſing of colour.*

Decoulourer. *To ſtaine, diſcolour, take away the colour of.*

Decoupé: m. ée: f. *Cut downe, cut off; pared, or cut away; ſlit, ſliced.*

Decouper. *To cut downe, or cut off; to pare, or cut away; to ſlice; to ſlit.*

Decoupure: f. *A cutting, paring; ſlicing; ſlitting.*

Par decoupures. *Peece-meale, in ſlices; by ſlits.*

Decoutrir. *To runne downe; to baſte, or bye apace; alſo, to purge downewards.*

Decouronné: m. ée: f. *Uncrowned; bereaved of a Crowne.*

Decouronner. *To uncrowne; or, deprive of a Crowne.*

Decours: m. *A courſe, a ſtreame, a running; a paſſing away; the time a man hath paſt through; the end of his courſe.*

Decours de la Lune. *The waine, decreaſe, or later age of the Moone.*

† Decouru: m. uë: f. *Runne downe; baſted, hyed; alſo, purged downwards.*

† Decouſtement: m. *Coſts, and charges.*

De-

Decramponné: m. ée: f. *Unhooked, unclaſped, undone.*

Decramponner. *To unhooke, unclaſpe, undoe.*

Decraſſé: m. ée: f. *Looke* Deſcraſſé.

Decraſſer. *To cleanſe, or rid from filth, Look* Deſcraſſer.

Decrepité e com. *Decrepit, very old; whoſe candle is almoſt burnt out; that hath one foot already in the grave.*

Decrepiteux: m. euſe: f. *Full of agedneſſe, and aches.*

Decrepitude: f. *Extreame agedneſſe.*

Decret: m. *A Statute, Ordnance, or Decree; alſo, a Sentence, or Order paſſed in Court for the ſale of a debtors goods, already ſeized into the hands of Iuſtice.*

Decretales. *The Decretals; Bookes containing the Decrees of ſundry Popes.*

Decretaliarche: m. *An abſolute Commander; one that commands by decrees; or, whoſe command is, and is obeyed as, a Decree.*

Decretant: m. *The Creditor, at whoſe ſuit a debtors goods are decreed to be ſold.*

Decretant. *Ordering, ordaining, decreeing.*

Decretation: f. *An Order paſſed in Court for the ſale of a debtors goods; or, a proceeding thereby.*

Decreté: m. *The Debtor whoſe goods, after a publike ſeiſure, are ordered to be ſold.*

Decreté: m. ée: f. *Decreed, enacted, ordered, ordained, awarded, appointed.*

Decreter. *To order, ordaine, decree, enact, eſtabliſh, award, appoint; alſo, to give a judgement, paſſe an order, in Court, for the ſale of a debtors goods.*

Decroire. *To unbeleeve; or, not to beleeve; to diſtruſt, or, thinke otherwiſe of then he hath done.*

Decroiſſant. *Decreaſing, waining, leſſening.*

Decroiſtre. *To leſſen, decreaſe, waine; weare away.*

Decroter; Decrotoire. *See* Deſcroter, &c.

Decruſtation: f. *A decruſtation, or uncruſting; a paring away of the uppermoſt part, or outmoſt rind.*

Decruſté: m. ée: f. *Uncruſted; bared of cruſt, or whoſe cruſt is pared away.*

Decruſter. *To uncruſt; to pare off the uppermoſt part, barke, or cruſt of.*

Decuiſant. *Boyling, or ſeething very much.*

Decuit: m. itte: f. *Unſodden; made raw againe; alſo, boyled, or ſodden very much.*

† Deculpé: m. ée: f. *Excuſed, purged, Juſtified, delivered from imputation, diſcharged of blame.*

† Deculper. *To excuſe; purge; deliver from imputation, or diſcharge of blame.*

Decumane. *Large, mighty, huge, as big as ten.* ¶ Rab.

Porte Decumane. *The chiefeſt gate of the Romane campe.*

Decuple: com. *Ten times as much.*

Decurie: f. *A band of ten, Senatours, or Souldiers; (a diviſion of much uſe among the ancient Romans.)*

Dedalé. *Intricate, perplexed; Deddlian, Maze-like.*

Dedaler. *To make a Maze, or Laberinth.*

Dedans. *Within, inwardly, in.*

Dedans ou dehors. *Faſt, or looſe, (a Jugglers phraſe.)*

Eſtre dedans. *To be drunken, to be in drinke.*

Dedans-terré. *Upland, or inland.*

Dedens. *as* Dedans.

Dedicace: f. *A dedication, a conſecration; a giving for ever.*

Dedicaſſe, & Dedication. *as* Dedicace.

Dedié: m. ée: f. *Dedicated, devoted, conſecrated.*

Dedier. *To dedicate, devote, or give for ever.*

Dedoré: m. ée: f. *Unguilt.*

Dedorer. *To Unguild.*

Deduction: f. *A deduction; diminution, abatement, withdrawing, deducting; alſo, a guiding.*

Deduire. *To deduct, abate, plucke backe; diminiſh part of a ſumme; to draw out, or withdraw; alſo, to handle, intreat, or diſcourſe of.*

Se deduire. *To ſport, or ſolace himſelfe; to take pleaſure, and delight in.*

Deduiſant. *Deducting, abating; intreating, diſcourſing of.*

Deduit: m. *Delectation, ſport, paſtime, ſolace, pleaſure, delight.*

Deduite: f. *A Deduction, Diminution, abatement.*

Deeſſe: f. *A Goddeſſe.*

Defaillance: f. *A fayling, languor, faintneſſe; defect, want, lacke, defection; alſo, a fainting.*

Defaillance de coeur. *A ſounding; when all ſtrength failes one by reaſon that the orifice of his ſtomack is ill affected.*

Defaillancé. *Fainted, languiſhed, out of heart, growne feeble, decayed, worne, or withered away.*

Defaillant. *Fayling, defective; fainting, pining, decaying; wanting, lacking, making a default.*

Defaille: f. *A default, defect, or failing; a pining, languiſhing, or wearing away.*

Defaillement: m. *as* Defaille.

Defaillir. *To decay, languiſh, pine, faint, wax feeble, weare, or wither away; alſo, to want, lacke, faile; to be away, or wanting; to make a default.*

Defaite: f. *A diſeat, or overthrow; alſo, proportion, ſhape, ſhew, making (but outward;) alſo, any ſleight uſed by a Hare for the avoiding of the dogs that purſue her.*

Il eſt de belle defaite; *He is faire to looke on, or faire in ſhew, but otherwiſe of little worth; alſo (ſimply) he is of a goodly preſence.*

Defalque: m. *Defaulked, deduced, deducted, bated, abated, taken out of.*

Defalquer. *To defaulke, deduce, diminiſh, cut off, or take away part of;* See Deffalquer.

† Defané: m. ée f. *Unwithered; recovered, reſtored to its former life, or freſhneſſe.*

Defarde: m. ée: f. *Unpainted; whoſe painting is worne, wiped, or waſhed away.*

Defarder. *To unpaint; to waſh, take, or wipe off, painting.*

Defaroucher. *as* Desfaroucher. *To make tame.*

Defaucillé: m. ée: f. *Put out of joint.*

Defaucille. *To put out of joint.*

Defaveur: f. *Diſfavor; loſſe, or lack of favor.*

Default, ou defaut: m. *A default, fault, offence, defect; want of appearance before a Judge; the default which dogs are ſometimes at in hunting; any want, lack, penurie, ſcantneſſe, or ſcarceneſſe; a defection.*

Default d'homme. *Want, or omiſſion, of due homage, and fealtie.*

Default ſimple, ou pur. *Looke* Simple.

Default. *(The third perſon of the preſent tenſe of* Defaillir.) Rien ne me default. *I want nothing.*

Defaux. *The ground, or paſture wherein a beaſt ſhould not be; or, wherein it is a treſp aſſer; or, as* Default.

Defectueux: m. euſe: f. *Defective; wanting, lacking, faying, maimed, full of defects.*

Defectuoſité: f. *Lacke, want, defect, maimedneſſe.*

† Defedation: f. *A fowling, ſoyling, filing, defiling, ſtaining, ſpotting of.*

Defence. *as* Defenſe.

Defences. *Defences, flankes, caſemats, and ſuch like parts of fortification, provided for the ſafegard of thoſe that make good a place beleaguered; alſo, the tuſkes of a wild Boce.*

Defendant. *Defending, ſaving, ſhielding, preſerving.*

Defendeur: m. *A defendor, or protector; alſo, a defendant; a party challenged, accuſed, or ſued.*

Defendo. *A play with bits of bread (ranked one by another) which the player counts with certaine words, and the laſt bit words end on, he takes, whither it be little, or great.* ¶ Rab.

Defendre. *To defend, ſave, guard, ward, ſhield; preſerve, maintaine; protect, patrocinate, ſuſtaine; alſo, to forbid the doing of a thing.*

Harnois ne vaut rien qui ne defend; Prov. *The Armour is worth nothing that defends not.*

Defenſable. *Defendable, defenſible, which may be defended, guarded, or preſerved.*

Defenſe: f. *A defence, a defending; a preſervation, ſafegard, protection; a fence or fortification; alſo, an injunction, prohibition, forbidding; alſo, a reply, anſwer, argument, or allegation uſed, or urged in defence.*

Defenſes. *as* Defences.

Se couper ſoy meſme par ſes defenſes; *To accuſe, by meaning to excuſe, himſelfe.*

Defenſeur. *as* Defendeur. *A defender; or defendant.*

Defenſible. *as* Defenſable.

Defenſif: m. *A defenſative; a medicine that keeps humours from comming unto a ſore, or place affected; or hinders the inflamation thereof.*

Defenſif: m. iue: f. *Defenſive, defending.*

Defenſoire: com. *Defenſorie, which defendeth, guardeth, or preſerveth.*

Defequé: m. ée: f. *Cleanſed, fined, purged, purified.*

Defequer. *To fine, purge, cleanſe, purifie.*

Deferé: m. ée: f. *Charged, appeached, accuſed; alſo, admitted, allowed, accepted of; yeelded unto.*

Deferer. *To charge, accuſe; appeach.*

Deferer à vn appel. *To admit, allow, or accept of; to give way unto an Appeale.*

Deferer à vne compaignie. *To yeeld, refer, or attribute much unto, a company.*

Defermer. *as* Desfermer. *To open, unſhut; looſe, undoe.*

Deterrer. *See* Desferrer.
Deterrure: f. *An unshooing, or casting of a shooe.*
Deteublé: m. ée: f. *Unclasped; unmuffled; open, discovered, uncovered, unclothed.*
Deteubler. *To unclaspe, unbutton; unmuffle; open, discover, uncover; put by, or cast off, the clothes that hide, or pester.*
Detfaicte. *as* Desfaicte.
Detfaire, & Detfait, *as* Desfaire, & Desfait.
Detfalqué: m. ée: f. *Defaulked, deducted, bated, abated.*
Detfalquer. *To defaulke, deduct, bate, abate.*
Detfascher. *Look* Desfascher.
Detfaveur: f. *Disfavour; want, or losse, of (accustomed) favour.*
Detfault. *as* Default.
Detfavorisé: m. ée: f. *Disfavoured, out of favour.*
Detfavoriser. *To disfavour, not to favour, to withdraw his favour from.*
Deffectueux de ses membres. *Maimed, lame, impotent, wanting his limmes, or the use of them.*
† Deffené. *Hay-fed; or, as* Affené; *inseamed with Hay.*
Mon estomac est bien à poinct deffené, & aggrené. *My stomack is throughly furnished, hath drinke, and meat enough in it; (for seeing that* fené *signifies withered, or dried, as Hay,* deffené *a Privative may perhaps, for a need, be taken for wet, moistened, or fresh.)*
† Deffenſatrice: f. *A defendresse.*
Deffermé: m. ée: f. *Opened; unshut; undone.*
Deffermer. *To open; to unshut, or undoe a thing shut.*
Deffeuré: m. ée: f. *Unshooed, as a horse; also, the iron whereof is taken, or plucked off.*
Deffeurer. *To unshooe a horse, &c. and (more generally) to take, or pluck off, the iron from any thing.*
Se Deffeurer l'un l'autre. *To ruine one another. See* Desferrer.
Deffiamment. *Mistrustfully, diffidently, distrustfully.*
Deffiance: f. *Distrust, diffidence, mistrust.*
Deffier. *To mistrust; (Look* Desfier;) *also, to defeat; also, as* Defier.
Deffilé: m. ée: f. *Untwisted, ravelled; also, disordered. Steke* Desfilé.
Deffiler. *To untwist, unspinne, loose, ravell; also, to put out of his ranke, or file; also, to take off a file.*
Deffileure: f. *An untwisting, ravelling; disordering; displacing.*
Desfleurer. *To raze, scotch, or scratch; Look* Desfleurer, *or* Defleurer.
Defformité. *as* Difformité.
† Deffortune: m. *Misfortune, mischance.*
† Deffortuné: m. ée: f. *Unfortunate.*
Deffouir. *To dig up, to uncarth, to take out of the earth.*
Deffrayer. *as* Defrayer.
Deffriché *as* Defriché; *Grubd up, &c.*
Deffroncer. *To unfrounce, unwrinckle, uncrumple.*
Deffrongner. *The same; and (as the same) to smooth the forehead, or leave frowning.*
Deffroqué: m. ée: f. *Stripped, unclothed.*
Deffuler. *as* Defeubler, *or* Desfuler.
Defi: m. *A challenge, defie, provocation, defiance.*
Defiance: f. *A defying, or defiance.*
Defiché: m. ée: f. *Unfixed, loosed, unfastned.*
Defficher. *To loose, unfix, unfasten.*
Defié. *Defyed, provoked, or challenged to fight, or contend.*
Defiement: m. *A defying, or challenging to fight.*
Defier. *To defie, challenge, provoke, or call unto fight, or contention.*
Defigurée: m. ée: f. *Disfigured, deformed, mishapen, defaced; whose fashion is mared.*
Defigurement: m. *A disfiguring, disgracing, mishaping, defacing; a marring of the fashion of.*
Defigurer. *To disfigure, deforme, deface, disgrace; to spoyle the fashion, marre the figure of.*
Defilé: m. ée: f. *Ravelled.*
Se Defiler. *To ravell, as cloth, stuffe, silke, or linnen doth after it is cut.*
† Defilocher. *as* Defiler. *To ravell.*
Defiloter. *The same.*
Definant. *Pining, wasting, consuming, wearing away; also, blasting, taking, suddainly benumming.*
Definé: m. ée: f. *Wasted, consumed, worne, fallen away; at an end, come to nothing; also, blasted, or taken.*
Definement: m. *A pining, wasting, consuming, wearing, or falling away. (*le Definement du monde. *The latter end of the world;) also, a blasting, taking, suddain benumming, or putrifaction of a member.*
Definer. *To pine, consume, waste, weare away; also, to blast, or suddainly benum (a member, &c.)*
Definir. *To define, conclude, determine, or discusse; precisely to expresse; fully to describe, exactly to declare.*
Definitif: m. ive: f. *Definitive, which limiteth, expresseth, describeth, or determineth; fully; which makes a full end of.*
Definition: f. *A definition, exact description; precise limitation; short, and full declaration; a defining; apt, and just expressing; true, and lively describing.*
Definitivement. *Definitively, determinately, expresly, precisely, fully.*
Deflamé: m. ée: f. *Whose flame is extinguished, or put out.*
Deflamer. *To quench, extinguish; put out, or take away, the flame of.*
Defleuré: m. ée: f. *Deflowred; distained; defiled, violated; whose floures be cropped, or shed.*
Defleurer. *To deflour; to defile; to crop the flower of; to distaine, violate, blemish; diminish the chiefest grace, and beauty of a thing.*
Se defleurer. *as* Defleurir.
Defleurir. *To shed, or let fall it flowers; hence, to lose the beauty, or grace, which erst it had; or, it former beauty to fade, faile, or fall away.*
† Se Deflicher. *To pluck an arrow, or arrows out of his (owne) body.*
Defloration. *A deflowring; the change from a flourishing colour to the contrary.*
Se Deflorer. *as* Defleurir.
Defluer. *To flow, or to runne, as water, or a sore.*
Defluxion: f. *A Defluxion, Rhewm, Catarrhe.*
Defoncé. *as* Desfoncé. *Knocke out, as the head of a wine-vessell, &c.*
† Deforcé: m. ée. f. *Dispossessed, disseised.*
† Deforcer. *To disseise, dispossesse, violently take, forcibly pluck from.*
Deformation. *A deforming, disfiguring, defacing, disgracing.*
Deformé: m. ée: f. *Deformed, defaced, disfigured, made ougly; disgraced.*
Deformer. *To deforme, disfigure, deface, make ougly; disgrace.*
Defortifié: m. ée: f. *Unfortified; rased.*
Defortifier. *To unfortifie, to raise a fortification.*
Defoulé: m. ée: f. *Trodden, trampled on; also, taunted, rebuked, reproached.*
Defoulement. *A treading, or trampling on; also, a taunting, rebuking, reproaching.*
Defouler. *To tread, or trample on; also, to rebuke, reproach, taunt, or take up.*
Defraudateur. *A defrauder, deceiver, beguiler, lurcher.*
Defraudé: m. ée: f. *Defrauded, beguiled.*
Defraudement: m. *A defrauding, deceiving, beguiling.*
Defrauder. *To defraud, beguile, cousen, deceive, imbeasill, or take away the profit belonging to another.*
Defrayé: m. ée: f. *Defrayed; discharged; acquited.*
Defrayer. *To defray; to discharge; to furnish, or beare, all the charges of.*
Defrayeur: m. *A Cater, or Steward; one that in a journey furnishes, and defrayes the provision, and expence of the whole company.*
Defreloqué: m. ée: f. *Torne, ragged, tattered; that hath not a whole clout on him.*
Defreloquer. *To teare into rags, make tatters of.*
Defrichage: m. *The shrubbing, or grubbing up of young wood, or bushes; any such preparation, or worke, fitting land for tillage.*
Defriché. *Grubb'd, rid of bushes, roots, &c. hindering the Plough; prepared, or first broken up for tillage; made arable.*
Defrichement: m. *A grubbing, shrubbing, ridding the ground from bushes, and thereby to make it arable; a preparation, or breaking up for tillage.*
Defricher. *To grub, shrub, rid a grand from roots, bushes, thistles, &c. thereby to make it arable; to prepare, or break up land for tillage.*
Defrichis: m. *Grubbings; bushes, roots, thistles, &c. pluckt out of the ground.*
Se Defriper. *To rub, or scrub with the shoulders, after the fashion of lowsie hedge-creepers.*
Defroissé: m. ée: f. *Crushed in pieces.*
Defroisser. *To crush in pieces.*
Defroque: f. *Spoyle, booty, pillage, got by stripping of poor men.*
Defroqué: m. ée: f. *Stripped, unclothed, despoyled, or deprived of garments.*
Defroquer. *To strip, uncloth, dispoile, deprive of his habillements.*
Defroy: m. *A defraying; a bearing of other mens charges.*

Defueillé:

Defueillé : m. ée : f. *Vnleaved; bard, or bereft of leaves.*

Defueiller. *To unleave, to plucke the leaves from, to deprive of leaves.*

Défunct. Vn défunct. *A deceased, or dead person; one that is departed this life.*

Defunctoirement. *By descent, or succession after the decease of another.*

† Degaerie : f. *An under Bayliwicke; the Office, Authority, Precinct, or circuit of a Degan.*

Degallicó. *Waxen poore, undone, downe the weather.* Pie.

Dégan : m. *A certaine inferiour Officer, or under Bayliffe, chosen every May day within the severall members, or Hamlets of the Jurisdiction of* La Solle ; *(he cannot arrest a Gentleman ; and deales most in personall Actions.)*

Degasouiller. *To sing, or warble fast, and confusedly; as a troope of small birds met, and set downe in a tree, bush, or hedge, together.*

Degast : m. *Waste, losse, spoyle, ravage, ransacke, ruine, destruction.*

Degasté : m. ée : f. *Wasted, spoyled, ransacked, ravaged, ruined.*

Degastement : m. *A wasting, spoyling, ravaging, ransacking, destroying, devastation.*

Degastement de maisons. *The raising, or ruining of houses.*

Degaster. *To waste, spoyle, ransacke, ravage, devast, destroy, ruine.*

Degasteur : m. *A waster, spoyler, ransacker, ravager, destroyer.*

Degel : m. *A thaw, or thawing weather.*

Degeler. *To thaw the ice ; to resolve.*

Degeneré : m. ée : f. *Degenerated.*

Degenerer. *To degenerate, grow out of kind, be unlike his ancestors.*

Degloutí : m. ie : f. *Devoured, swallowed downe.*

Degloutir. *as* Engloutir. *To devoure, or swallow up.*

Deglution : f. *A devouring, or swallowing downe ; also, the passage, or descending of meat and drinke from the mouth into the stomacke.*

Degodalie. *Skittish, jadish.* ℣ Rab.

Degoisé : m. ée : f. *Warbled; chirped.*

Degoisement : m. *The chirping, or warbling of birds.*

Se Degoiser. *To chirpe, or warble (as a singing bird.)*

† Degondé : m. ée : f. *Lift off the hindges.*

† Degonder. *To lift or heave off the hindges.*

Ils commencent à se degonder. *They begin to lash, or flie out ; to revell it, or play reakes ; they begin very much to disorder themselves.*

Degourt. *Blithe, jocond, lusty, frolicke.* ℣ Rab.

Degoust. *as* Degout.

Degout : m. *A drop, or dropping.*

Le degout du rost. *The gravy, or fat that drops from meat as it rosts.*

Degouttant. *Dropping, distilling.*

Degoutté : m. ée : f. *Dropped, distilled.*

Degouttement. *A distilling, or dropping.*

Degoutter. *To drop ; distill ; fall downe by little and little.*

Degracié : m. ée : f. *as* Disgracié. *Unacceptable, (and therefore) unsuccessive ; whence ;*

Saison degraciée. *An ill, or unlucky season.*

Degradant. *Degrading ; depriving of office, degree, &c. also, spoyling, wasting, making havocke of.*

Degradation : f. *A degradation ; a degrading, or depriving of office, estate, benefice, dignity or degree.*

Degradé : m. ée : f. *Degraded, deprived of his degree ; also, wasted, spoyled, defaced.*

Degradement. *as* Degradation ; *also, waste, spoyle, or hurt done, and committed in other mens houses, gardens, woods, &c.*

Degrader. *To degrade, or deprive of degree, office, estate, or dignity ; also, to spoile, or waste ; or make waste, and havock of.*

Degrader vne foreſt. *To hagge, or fell it all downe.*

Degraſſer. *as* Desgraſer.

Degravé. *Ungravelled, set a float ; also, taken out of, or, plucked from the ground.*

Degraver. *To ungravell, or set a float a ship that stucke fast in the sand ; also, to take out of the ground ; also, to plucke up by the roots.*

Degré : m. *A staire, step, greese ; also, a degree, ranke, or place of honour ; also, an occasion, meane, or way unto a thing.*

Degrez tetradiques. *Looke* Tetradique.

De degré en degré. *By degrees, by leisure, by little and little ; faire and softly ; also, in order, one after another.*

Degresseur : m. *A skowrer of greasie things.*

Degrossi : m. ie : f. *Refined, civilized.*

Degrossir. *To refine, to civilize.*

† Degroumelé : m. ée : f. *Resolved, unclotted, unclustered,*

† Degroumeler. *To resolve, or unclot a thing that's cluttered, congealed, or curded together.*

Deguener. *as* Desgainer. *To unsheath, or draw out of the sheath.* ℣ Rab.

Deguerpi : m. ie : f. *Quit, left, abandoned, forsaken, forgone, throwne away, yeelded up, given over.*

Deguerpir. *To quit, leave, abandon, forgo, forsake, yeeld up, give over ; to throw away, as we do things which we care not for, or will not keepe in our houses.*

Deguerpiſſement : m. *A quitting, leaving, abandoning, forgoing, forsaking, giving over, yeelding up of a thing ; a throwing out, or away.*

Deguerpiſſeur. *A quitter, leaver, forgoer, abandonner.*

Deguerpy : m. ie : f. *Seeke* Desguerpy.

† Degueſtré : m. ée : f. *whence ;* Femme degueſtrée. *A slut, or slatterne, one thats unhandsome in her cloathes, or weares them most unhandsomely.*

Degun. *Any one ;* Gasc. ℣ Rab.

Dehaché : m. ée : f. *Hacked, hewed, cut into small peeces ; made into a hachey.*

Dehacher. *To hacke, or cut in small peeces ; to make a hachey of.*

† Dehait : m. itte : f. *Merry, pleasant, jocond, blithe, lusty, frolicke.*

† Dehaité. *as* Deshaité. *Ill at ease.*

† Dehalé : m. ée : f. *Leane, meager, scraggy, disfigured, ougly, or ill favoured, by extreame leanesse.*

† Dehayté : m. ée : f. *Distasted, or loathed as meat ; also, out of tune, ill at ease.*

† Dehayter. *To distaste, or loath meat ; to be out of tune, ill at ease.*

Dehinch. *Away hence ;* Allem. ℣ Rab.

Dehonté : m. ée : f. *Shamelesse, impudent, brasen-faced.*

Dehors. *Without, abroad, out of, on the outside of.*

De dehors. *From, abroad, from forraine places.*

Dedans, ou dehors. *Fast, or loose (a Jugglers tearme.)*

Par dehors. *Outward, without, on the outside.*

Dehotté : m. ée : f. *Drawne out of the mire.*

Dehotter. *To draw (as a fast-sticking cloath &c.) out of the mire.*

Dehoulé : m. ée : f. *Dis-ankled, rid out of the way ; also, unbooted, or whose boots are pulled off.*

Dehoussé : m. ée : f. *Unsaddled, uncovered ; also, unrugged, or made low rapped, as new cloaths, with the Teazell.*

Deiect : m. iecte : f. *as* Deiecté.

Deiecté : m. ée : f. *Dejected, abased, brought low, cast downe ; also, expelled, rejected, thrust from with contumelie or contempt.*

Deiectement : m. *A dejecting, abjecting, bringing low ; also, a contemptible rejection, contumelious repulse.*

Deiecter. *To deject, abject, abase, abate, bring low, throw downe ; also, to repell, reject, shake off, thrust fro, put from with contumelie, or contempt.*

Se Deiecter. *To stand on tearmes ; or, proudly to behave himselfe.* ℣ Nicot.

Deification : f. *A deifying.*

Deifié : m. ée : f. *Deified, made a God.*

Deifier. *To deifie, to make a God of.*

† Deillavier. *To starve, to bereave of life.*

De joindre. *as* Desjoindre.

Deité : f. *The deity, or Godhead.*

Delà. *Beyond, over, on the further, or other side of.*

Par deça, & par delà. *On this side and that, on both sides, every way.*

Vingt escus, & par delà. *Twenty crowns and better ; and more ; and above.*

Delahté : m. ée : f. *Unbraced, unloosed, untrussed ; also, ragged, torne, tattered.*

Delacher. *as* Deslacher. *To loose, discharge, let go, let flye.*

Delai. *as* Delay.

Delaiſſé : m. ée : f. *Forsaken, abandoned, left, or cast off, relinquished, or given over ; also, forgotten, overslipped, neglected, or left out, when good was t'have been done ; also, destitute, forelorne, or left alone ; also, devoid of, or left without.*

Toutes autres choſes delaiſſées. *All other things laid apart, or set aside.*

Delaiſſement : m. *A forsaking, abandoning, leaving, or casting off ; relinquishing, or giving over ; also, a forgetting, overslipping, neglecting, or leaving out ; also, a depriving of, or leaving without ; also, a destituting, or leaving alone ; or (passively, as in the two next phrases) a being destitute, or left alone.*

Delaiſſement d'amis. *The wretched, or succourlesse estate of one that hath not a freind left to help him.*

Dela-

Delaissement d' enfans. *The forlorne, or pitifull estate of Orphans, left to look unto, or shift for, themselves.*

Delaissement de raison *A defection, declining, revolting, or swarving from reason.*

Delaisser. *To forsake, abandon, leave, or cast off, relinquish, or give over; to discontinue, leave alone, or without; also, to overslip, overpasse, neglect, or leave out (when good may be done;) also, to swarve, revolt, or decline, from.*

Delateur: m. *A Promooter, Informer, Complainer, Pickthanke, Tell-tale, or Tale-bearer; (properly such a one, as either in love unto Justice and the State, or in hope of reward or gaine, prosecutes offenders, or publishes Concealements at his owne charge.)*

Delation: f. *An Information; or bill of Complaint exhibited, and followed by an Informer; also, a private accusation, or tale framed against.*

† Delavé: m. ée: t. *Washed away.*

Delay: m. *A delay; stay, lingering, protraction, cavillation, deferring; or driving off; a pause, a space, an intermission; also (in Law) a day given, for appearance; or for the bringing in, or amending of a Plea, &c. and hence;*

Delay peremptoire. *A peremptory day; the last of delayes.*

Injure de delay. *A wrong so hainous, that a sudden revenge will not serve, but opportunity must be waited for the quitting of it in a more cruell manner.*

Paroles de delay. (Of the same sence, or) *Reproaches, or Slanders in the highest degree; as the termes of Traitor, Murtherer, Church-robber; which to prove, were enough to ruine, or for ever to disgrace a man.*

Delayant. *Delaying, deferring; also, allaying, or mace-rating.*

Delayé: m. ée: f. *Delayed, deferred, suspended, prolonged, protracted, driven, shifted, or put off; also, allayed, or softned by steeping; also, made thin.*

Delayement: m. *A delaying, deferring, protracting, passing, suspending; also, a macerating, or allaying.*

Delayer. *To delay; deferre, procrastinate, protract, suspend, prolong; drive, put, or shift off from day to day; to pawse, linger, wiredraw it, or draw out in length; also, to macerate, allay, or soften, by steeping, &c. also, to make thin.*

Delayeur: m. *A delayer, deferrer, protracter, prolonger, lingerer, wiredrawer.*

Delectable: com. *Delectable, delightfull; pleasant, pleasing.*

Delectation: f. *Delectation, delight, pleasure, oblectation.*

Delecter. *To delight, please, joy; make sport, yield pleasure, give contentment, unto.*

Delegation: f. *A delegation; a chusing for, or appointment unto a charge, &c.*

Delegué: m. ée: f. *Delegated, appointed, assigned, or chosen, unto a charge, &c.*

Deleguer. *To assigne, commit, or appoint unto an office, charge, or commission; to chuse, or delegate unto a businesse, or for a message.*

Les Deleguez. *The Delegates; Judges appointed, or chosen to decide, and determine of certaine matters.*

Deleuce. *in stead of* d'ellend. *Of the colour of an Elke.* ¶ Rab.

Delez. *Hard by.* (vieil mot.)

Del b.ratift m. iue: f. *Deliberative; determinative.*

Deliberation. *A deliberation, consultation, thinking, advising; also, a determination upon former advisement.*

Delibe.é: m. é: f. *Deliberated, consulted, advised of; also, determined, concluded, resolved on; also, resolute, courageous, ready, cheerfull, in the middest of dangers; hearty; merry, jocond, of a pleasant humour.*

Deliberer. *To deliberate; advise, consult, think what were best to be done; also, to purpose, resolve, determine.*

Delica: m. ate: f. *Delicate, dainty, pleasing, pretty, delicious, tender, nice, effeminate, of a weak complexion.*

Vn ouvrage delicat. *An excellent, or prime, piece of worke.*

Delicatement. *Delicately, daintily; deliciously; pleasantly, sweetly; prettily, tenderly; nicely, wantonly, weakly, effeminately.*

Delicatesse: f. *Delicacy, daintinesse; tendernesse, nicenesse, wantonnesse, effeminacy; sensualitie.*

Delicatet.é: f. *The same.*

Delices. f. *Delights, dainties, pleasures, pleasant fantasies; sports, pastimes; pretty toyes.*

Delicieusement. *Deliciously, delightsomely, delicately, pleasantly.*

Delicieux: m. euse: f. *Delicious, delightsome, delicate, pleasant.*

Delict: m. *A fault, offence; misdeed, or omission of duty; a trespasse; also, a rift, or cleft in a stone.*

Debvoir des delicts. *A bushell of Rye, payed unto the Lord of the Borough of* Pont Niusillac (*in Britaine*) *by every householder of ancient tenure that keepes a fire, and tillage within the territory thereof.*

Se Delicter. *Cette pierre facilement se delicte. This stone quickly rives, or easily cleaves asunder.*

Delié: m. ée: f. *Thin, slender, fine, small, sparing, scant.*

Deliément. *Thinly, smally, slenderly, finely, scantly.*

Delier. *To make thin, small, fine, slender; to lessen, extenuate, or minish.*

Delineation. *The delineation; first draught, or portraiture of a thing.*

Delineature. *The same; or, a delineature.*

Deliniment: m. *A smoothing, assuaging, appeasing, mitigation, qualification.*

Delinquant: m. *A delinquent, offendor, faulty, or guilty person.*

Delinquer. *To offend, misdoe, commit a fault, faile in duty.*

Deliot. *Sodden pot-herbes.*

Deliré. *Doated, raved.*

Delire. *To chuse, cull, select, gather, pick out.*

Delirement: m. *A raving, or doating.*

Delirer. *To doat, rave, doe things against reason.*

Delitescence: f. *A lurking, or lying hidden.*

Delivrance: f. *A deliverance, delivery, delivering; a releasing, discharging, setting at liberty; also, as* Arrierefaix.

Delivre: f. *The seconds, or after-birth; the skin wherein a child is wrapped at its birth; (a Midwives tearme.)*

D livre de sa personne: com. *An active nimble wight; whose joints are not tied with points; one that can wield his limbs at pleasure.*

A Delivre. *Loosely, freely, at full scope, with good liberty.*

Delivré: m. ée: f. *Delivered, freed, loosed, released; also, dispatched, rid from; also, delivered, or yielded over unto.*

Delivrer: m. *To deliver, free, loose, release; dispatch, rid from; also, to deliver, give, make, or yield over unto.*

Delivreur. *A deliverer, preserver, looser, a ridder from.*

Deloché: m. ée: f. *Unjointed, or put out of joint.*

Delocher. *To loosen, disjoint, put out of joint.*

Deloisir. à deloisir. *At leisure, having little to doe.*

† Deloüer. *as* Desloüer.

Deltoïde. Muscle d. *A certaine Muscle, which draweth the arme upwards.*

Deluge: m. *A deluge, great flood, or inundation of waters.*

Bois de deluge. *Tymber a long time overwhelmed by waters;* Look Bois.

† Delugé. Eaues delugees. *Waters broken out of their bankes, or overflowing their bounds; surrounding waters.*

† Delurer. *To pick.*

† Demachoiré: m. ée: f. *Unjawed; whose jaw is rent, or cut from the cheek.*

† Demachoirer. *To unjaw, to cut, or teare a jaw from.*

Demacqué: m. ée: f. *Unchawed; put, spit, or spued out of the mouth; also, loosed, or let goe.* ¶ Pic.

Demacquer. *To unchew; to put, or spit forth of the mouth; to tell, or spue out; also, to loose, or let goe.* ¶ Pic.

Demain. *To morrow;* (Look Aujourd'huy.)

Quand mes amis me prient ie n'ay point de demain. *When my friends intreat me, I cannot delay them, I cannot post them off to the next day.*

Chasque demain apporte son pain. Pro. (*So mercifull doth God provide for his creatures.*)

Ia ne vienne demain qu'il n'apporte son pain; Prov. Look Pain.

Tels sont huy qui demain ne verront pas; Prov. *Some are alive to day, that will be dead to morrow.*

† Demaine: m. *A Demaine, &c. as* Domaine.

† Demainier: m. *An owner of a Demaine, or of lands, &c. in Demaine.*

Demaisonné: m. ée: f. *Deprived, or turned out, of a house.*

Demaisonner. *To deprive, or turne out, of a house.*

Demanché: m. ée: f. *Unhafted; bereft, or taken out of, it handle.* See Desmanché.

Demandant. *Asking, demanding, questioning; requesting, beseeching, suing for.*

Demande: f. *A Demand, or Question; also, a Request; Suit, Action; Petition, Supplication; also, a Claime.*

Beaucoup offrir à vn qui peu demande, c'est luy nier tout à plat sa demande; Prov. Look Demander.

Demandé: m. ée: f. *Demanded, asked, questioned; also, request, required; sued for.*

Demander. *To demand, aske, propound a queſtion unto; alſo, to deſire, woot, crave, beg, requeſt, require, make ſuit, or bring an Action, for.*

On luy demanda la chanſon; *They intreated him to ſing; (Spoken mockingly of one that's newly come out of priſon, where having been, as a bird in a cage, pent up, he may, perhaps have learnt to chaunt it.)*

Se demander en vn lieu. *To wiſh himſelfe in a place.*

Aſſez demande qui ſe pleint; Pro. *He begs enough that plaines his wants.*

Aſſez demande qui bien ſert; Prov. *Looke* Aſſez.

Chaſcun demande ſa ſorte; Prov. *Like will to like; a Jacke lookes for a Gill.*

Qui demande ce qu'il ne devroit, il oit ce qu'il ne vouldroit; Pro. *He that aſkes what he ſhould not, heares what he would not.*

Beaucoup offrir à vn qui peu demande, c'eſt luy nier tout à plat ſa demande; Prov. *An offer of more then is required, imports a flat denialk.*

Ceux qui nous doibvent nous demandent; Prov. *Looke* Debvoir.

Il eſt bien fol qui à ſoi ſens demande; Prov. *He is a very foole that lookes for wit from a foole.*

Il n'aura le bon marché qui ne le demande; Pro. *Let no man thinke to have, that aſkes not, things good cheape.*

Demanderesſe: f. *A demandreſſe; a woman that is a Plaintiffe; or Petitioner.*

Demandeur. *A demander; asker, begger, requeſter; queſtioner; alſo, a demandant, plaintiffe, complainant, petitioner.*

A bon demandeur bon refuſeur; Pro. *we ſay, ſhamefull craving muſt have a ſhamefull nay.*

Demange-chair. *Fleſh-tickling, ſetting an itch on the fleſh.*

Demangeaison: m. *An itching, or itch.*

Se Demanger. *To itch.*

Demangerie. *An itch, an itching.*

Demangéſon: f. *An itch, or itching.*

Demangéſon de dents. *The painfull itch that's felt by children while their teeth are in breeding.*

Demangeure: f. *as* Demangéſon.

Demantelé: m. ée: f. *Dismantled.*

Demanteler vne ville. *To dismantle, or deface the walls of a towne.*

Demantellement: m. *A dismantling.*

Demantibulé: m. ée: f. *Unjawed, or, whoſe jawes are daſht in peeces.* Of Rab.

† Demaquer. *as* Demacquer.

Demarche: f. *A gate, pace, going; the ſetting of one foot before the other; or (moſt properly) behind another; the traverſing of ground; alſo, ward-ſtune, or, the lying of the body in fencing; and generally, the ſetting, poſture, or carriage of the body in any kind whatſoever.*

Demarche de bourſe. Looke Bourſe.

Demaré: m. ée: f. *Unmoored, as a ſhip.*

Demarer. *To unmoore; to looſen a ſhip thats moored, or anchored, and put out to ſea.*

Demarrier. *To unmarry, divorce, unwed.*

Demence: f. *Madneſſe.*

† Demené: m. *A practiſe; or, as* Deménée.

Demené: m. ée: f. *Stirred, wagged, jogged, moved to and fro, removed often; tumbled, toſſed, canvaſſed up and downe; much handled, managed, or dealt in.*

Demené parmi tous les communs proverbes. *A common by-word; the ſubject of common proverbes; a ſubject throughly, or ordinarily, played on.*

Le procés s'eſt ainſi demene iuſques à icy. *The ſuit hath ſo been carried, or followed, hetherto.*

† Demenée: f. *A ſtirre, jog, wag, unquiet motion, frequent remove; a tumble, toſſe, canvaſſe; or, as* Demenement; *alſo, a practice, plot, ſecret enterpriſe, or device.*

Demenement: m. *A ſtirring, jogging, wagging, moving to and fro, removing often; a tumbling, toſſing, or canvaſſing up and downe; a frequent handling, or ſerious following of.*

Demener, & ſe Demener. *To ſtirre much, move to and fro, remove often; to wag or jog, tumble, or toſſe up and downe; to fit fidging as if the itch were in his taile.*

† Demener le dueil de. *To lament, or mourne for.*

† Demener joye. *To rejoyce, make merry, be glad.*

† Demener marchandiſe. *To trade, or traffique; to turne over, or paſſe away, commodities.*

† Demener vn procés. *To follow, purſue, or deale in, a ſuit.*

† Se Demener. *To complaine, make moane, bewaile himſelfe.*

† Se Demener de. *To meddle with; to buſie, or intangle himſelfe, in.*

Dementi. *as* Desmenti.

Dementir. *Looke* Desmentir.

Se Dementir. *To faile; prove naught or falſe; to belye, or derogat from, himſelfe; to diſſemble, or forte, his owne nature, or humour.*

Demerice: m. *Deſert, merit, deſerving; alſo (the contrary) a diſſervice, demerite, miſdeed, ill carriage, ill deſerving; (In which ſence it is moſt commonly uſed at this day.)*

Demeſler. *See* Deſmeſler. *To diſintangle.*

Demeſler vn fuſeau avec. *To have to do with in a matter; to perſonne a buſineſſe jointly with.*

Demettre. *To diſmiſſe, or let go.* See Deſmettre.

Demeurance: m. *A tarrying, ſtaying, remaining, abiding, continuing, dwelling.*

Demeurant: m. *A reſidue, remnant, remainder, arrerage, reliqe; the reſt of.*

Au demeurant. *Moreover; as touching, or for, the reſt; alſo, in other matters.*

Tenez chaud le pied, & le reſte, au demeurant vivez en beſte; Pro. *The foot and head kept warme, no matter for the reſt.*

Demeurant. (*participi.*) *Abiding, ſtaying, tarrying, remaining, continuing, dwelling.*

Demeure: f. *An abode, ſtay, tarriance; delay; continuance; alſo, a ſeat, manſion, habitation, houſe, dwelling, lodging, place of abiding.*

Longue demeure faict changer amy; Prov. *Long abſence changes love; loſes friends; alters affection.*

Demeuré: m. ée: f. *Left, remaining; behind; ſtayed, or continuing, behind.*

Il eſt demeuré entre deux ſelles à terre. *Betweene two ſtooles his taile is come to ground.*

Demeurer. *To abide, remaine, tarry, ſtay; linger, ſtand long on, continue, perſevere; to dwell, ſojourne, inhabite, ſeat, ſettle, or plant himſelfe in a place;* Looke Demourer.

Demeurer court. *To be gravelled, plunged, put to ſilence, or to a Nonplus.*

Demeurer entre deux & as. *Looke* As.

Il ne demeure pas trop qui vient; Pro. *He tarries not too long that comes at length.*

De ce que fol penſe ſouvent en demeure; Prov. *A foole commes often ſhort of his intentions.*

Demi: m. Demie: f. *Halfe, demy.*

Demi-arpent: m. *The halfe Arpent; the French halfe acre; containes 50 pearches, and every Pearch 20 foot.*

Demi-boiſſeau: m. *A halfe Buſhell.*

Demi-boſſe. *as* Baſſe-taille.

Demi-ceinct: m. *A halfe-girdle; or a faſhion of womans girdle, whoſe fore-part is of gold or ſilver, and hinder of ſilke, &c.*

Demi-ceinctier. *A maker of ſuch halfe-girdles.*

Demicinct, & Demicinctier. *as* Demi-ceinct, &c.

Demi-crochuë: f. *A ſemiquaver in Muſick.*

Demi-dieu: m. *A demy-god; one that is partly God, and partly man.*

Demi-eſpineux. Muſcle dem. *One of the two muſcles that extend the ſtanke.*

Demi-veuë. en dem. *That one can ſee but halfe thereof.*

Demi-frere: m. *A halfe-brother, a brother of one ſide only.*

† Demigraine. *as* Migraine; *The Megrum.*

Demi-lict: m. *The halfe-bed; brotherhood, or ſiſterhood, on the one ſide only.*

† Demi-membraneux: m. euſe: f. *Halfe-skinny.*

Deminé: m. ée: f. *Minced; cut ſmall; ſhred.*

Demi-nerveux: m. euſe: f. *Halfe-ſinewy, halfe a ſinew.*

Muſcle demi-nerveux. *One of the ſoure muſcles which bow the thigh.*

Demi-quart. *as* Demy-quart.

Demi-quarteron. *The halfe of a Quarteron; See* Quarteron.

Demiqueuë: f. *The name of a wine veſſell much uſed in Orleans, Anjou, and Maine; it containes twenty ſeven Septiers, and every Septier eight of their pintes.*

Demiſaut: m. *A halfe-leape; alſo, the rope-leape, or ſome mens laſt leape; whence,*

Faire le demiſaut. *To leape ſhort; ſtretch a rope: be hanged.*

Demi-ſeur: f. *A halfe-ſiſter; a ſiſter only by father or mother.*

Demi-ſextier. *The quarter of a French pinte, and much about our half pinte; (a meaſure.)*

Demiſſion: f. *An humbling, caſting, or letting downe; alſo, a demiſe, leſting, or demiſing; and hence;*

Demiſſion de foy. *A reſervation of fealty made by a vaſſall, in the alienation, or leſting*

letting out of his eſtate (in part, or in whole) unto another.

Demiſphere: ſ. *An Hemiſphere; or, halfe the compaſſe of the viſible heaven.*

Demi-taille: ſ. *as* Demi Relief: figure de demi-taille. *A repreſentation thats halfe carved, halfe imboſſed.*

Demi-vent. vn d. *A ſide-wind, or half-wind.*

Democratie: ſ. *A Democratie popular government, rule, or authority.*

Democratique: com. *Mocking, ſeering, laughing (as old Democrates) at every thing; alſo, popular.*

Democratiquement. *Vulgarly, popularly, commonly; alſo, ſcoffingly.*

Demoli: m. ie: ſ. *Demoliſhed; raſed, ruined, ſubverted, throwne, or pulled downe.*

Demolir. *To demoliſh, raſe, ruin; ſubvert, overthrow, pull downe, a building.*

Demolition: ſ. *A demoliſhment; the ruine, ſubverſion, overthrow; raſing, ruining, beating, or pulling downe, of buildings, &c.*

Demon: m. *A devill, ſpirit, bobgoblin.*

† Demonachation. *An abandoning, or depriving, of Monkiſh profeſſion.*

Demoniaque: com. *Poſſeſt with a ſpirit, or devill.*

Demonique: com. *Devilliſh, Helliſh.*

Demonſtrance: ſ. *A demonſtrance, or demonſtration; a plaine declaration, evident ſhewing, apparent ſignification.*

Demonſtrateur: m. *A demonſtrator; one that evidently ſhewes, plainly declares, perſpicuouſly delivers things.*

Demonſtratif: m. iue: ſ. *Demonſtrative; plainely ſhewing, evidently ſignifying.*

Demonſtré: m. ée: ſ. *Demonſtrated, ſhewed plainely, declared evidently, ſignified manifeſtly.*

Demonſtrer. *To demonſtrate, ſhew plainly, declare manifeſtly, deliver perſpicuouſly, point to (as it were) with the finger.*

Demordre. *as* Deſmordre; *To forgo, or give over.*

Demoulé: m. ée: ſ. *Unmoulded; whoſe mould is broken, forme ſpoyled, frame defaced.*

Demouler. *To unmould; breake the mould, marre the forme, ſpoyle the frame, &c.*

Demourance. *as* Demeurance.

Demoure. *as* Demeure; *An abiding place, &c.*

Demourer. *To abide, ſtay, tarry, &c. as* Demurer.

Demourez. *Rub (at bowles.)*

Ne demourez pas. *Be not ſhort; (a bowlers teame.)*

Demouſſé: m. ée: ſ. *Rid, or bared of moſſe; from which the moſſe hath beene pulled.*

Demouſſer. *To rid, or bare of moſſe; to pull moſſe from, pluck the moſſe off.*

Demuſſier. *To unbride, unhoodwinke, uncouer the eyes.*

Demy. *Halfe, demy.*

Demi-arpent. *A quantity of, or meaſure for, land, containing fifty pearches, and every pearch twenty foot in length; or the halfe* Arpent *whatſoever.*

Demy-ceinct. *as* Demi-ceinct.

Demyon. *as* Demiſexuier: ℣ Rab.

Demy-quart. *A kind of meaſure.* See Quart; *alſo, a peece of ſilver money, worth the eighth part of a French Crowne, or* xx. d. ſterl. *the halfe of a* Teſton.

Demy-quarteron. *The halfe of a* Quarteron; *See* Quarteron.

Demy-taille. *as* Demi-taille.

Demy-teſte. *An iron ſkull, or ſteele cap.*

† Denaire. *The number of ten; or, a tenth.*

Dendrille: ſ. *The rag, or clout wherewith a leaking tub is ſtopped; alſo a mans privities; or that which hangs dangling betweene his legs.*

† Deneanti: m. ie. ſ. *Abaſed, made worthleſſe, vile, moſt baſe.* See Aneanti.

† Deneantir. *To abaſe; to make worthleſſe, vile, moſt baſe.*

† Deneantiſe: ſ. *Worthleſneſſe; vileneſſe, extreame baſeneſſe.*

Denegation: ſ. *A denegation, denying, diſadvowing, refuſall, forſaking.*

† Deneraux: m. *Patternes whereby coyne is to be made, or every peece weighed, before it be coyned.*

† Denerée: ſ. *Ware, merchandiſe; as* Denrée.

Denerver. *To weaken;* See Deſnerver.

Deni. *A Nay, deniall; refuſall.*

Deniaiſer. *To make, or become, wiſe by coſtly experiences; to teach one wit by often couſening, or gulling of him.*

Denié: m. ée: ſ. *Denied; diſ-affirmed; inficiated.*

Deniement: m. *A deniall, denying, inficiation, diſ-affirming, ſaying nay unto.*

Denier: m. *A penny, a denere; a ſmall copper coyne valued at the tenth part of an engliſh penny; alſo, a penny-weight; or 24 graines, in weight; alſo, the price of a thing.*

Deniers: (plurall.) *Money, coyne, treaſure; a ſumme, or ſtocke, of money.*

Deniers communs. *as* Deniers patrimoniaux; & Deniers d'octroy.

Denier à dieu. *An earneſt penny, or peece of ſilver.*

Deniers d' Eſtat. *Looke* Eſtat.

Denier de Marc. *A penny-weight; or, twenty foure graines.*

Deniers d' octroy. *The tolls, &c. which upon ſpeciall ſuit made by citizens, the Prince allowes them to levy within their liberties; towards the repairing, and upholding of their walls, rampiers, gates, cauſeyes, bridges, &c.*

Deniers patrimoniaux. *The common ſtocke, revenue, or treaſure of a towne; comming in by rent of lands, houſes, ſhalls, and other commodities, or priviledges, of a long time belonging to it.*

Denier de ſervice. *Penny rent; a quit, or chiefe rent; or, the reſervation of a ſingle penny in lieu of all other rents and ſervices, (homage excepted.)*

Chambre aux deniers. *Looke* Chambre.

Droict du dixieſme denier. *The tenth penny, or pennyworth of all Mines, minerals, metalls, and other ſubſtances got within ground (in whatſoever part of France) due unto the king; alſo, the Admirals tenth part, or ſhare in all Shipwracks, priſes, conqueſts, &c. made at Sea.*

Droict de tiers denier. *The third penny, or part of the price given for an inheritance* Roturier, *or* Bourdelier, *due, in ſome places, unto the Land-lord.*

Francs deniers. *Looke* Franc.

Au denier douze. *After twelve yeares purchaſe; and (in matters of intereſt) a penny for a yeares loane of twelve pence, which comes to eight pounds and a noble in the hundred.*

Venir entre la bourſe & les deniers. *To prevent, foreſtall, come betweene and home; a Law phraſe;* Looke Venir.

Denier ſur denier baſtit la maiſon; Prov. *One penny after another builds the houſe; by little and little great matters are effected, great workes finiſhed.*

Deniers avancent les bediers; Prov. *Coine prefers Coxcombes.*

Apres beſongne repos, & denier; Pro. *Eaſe, and wealth are the rewards of labour; or, when a man hath done his work, he loves to reſt, and lookes to be paid.*

Bonne la maille qui ſauve le denier; Pro. *Well is the money ſpent that ſaves more then it ſelfe.*

Denier. *To deny, diſ-affirme, inficiate, ſay nay unto.*

Denigré; m. ée: ſ. *Blacked, or ſmeared with blacke; alſo, defamed, blemiſhed in reputation; alſo, unvailed.*

Denigrer. *To blacken, or ſmeare with black; alſo, to defame, or blemiſh the reputation of; alſo, as* Denicher. *To unneſtle, or plucke out of his neſt.*

Denis. *Dionyſius, or Denis; a proper name for a man; and one of Bacchus his ſurnames.*

Denombrement: m. *A denumeration; a numbring, reckoning, or telling over; alſo, a liſt, roll, or catalogue of names; alſo, an Inventory of goods; alſo, a ſurvey of land, particularizing the quantity, ſeat, rents, ſervices, and tenure thereof.*

Denommé: m. ée: ſ. *Denominated; nominated, named.*

Les denommez en ceſte charge. *The within-named, which are appointed to undertake, or undergo this charge.*

Denommer. *To denominate, nominate, name, give names, or titles unto.*

Denoncé: m. ée: ſ. *Denounced; ſummoned; threatened; publiſhed; proclaimed; warned, advertiſed; foreſhewed ſignified; alſo, accuſed, or appeached of; charged with, or blamed for; informed againſt.*

Denoncement: m. *A denouncing; a threatning; a ſignifying, declaring; warning, advertiſing of; alſo, a publike accuſing of, charging with, or blaming for, a fault.*

Denoncer. *To denounce; threaten; ſummon; ſignifie, declare; warne; foreſhew; publiſh, proclame; alſo, publikly to accuſe, appeach of; charge with, or blame for, an offence; to informe againſt.*

Denonciateur: m. *A denouncer; threatener; publiſher, proclamer of alſo, an Informer, or publike accuſer; or Delateur.*

Denonciation: ſ. *A denunciation, or threatning Summons; a publication, declaration; publike threatning, ſending of defiance.*

Denonciation faite en Iuſtice. *An information, accuſation, bill of complaint.*

Denoré: m. ée: ſ. *Denoted; ſhewed, ſignified.*

Denoter. *To depote; ſhew, ſignifie.*

Denouër, & Denoüe. *Looke* Deſnouër, & Deſnoüe.

Denrée: ſ. *ware, ſtuffe, merchandiſe; any ordinary chaffer that is retailed; alſo, a certaine meaſure, or proportion in buying and ſelling; as*

Vne denrée d' herbes, &c. *A pennyworth of hearbs, &c.*

Denſe : com. *Thicke, compact, hard, cloſed together.*

Dent : f. *A tooth ; or fang ; tuske, or tuſh.*

Dents briſeuſes. *as* Dents caninес.

Dents caninес. *The tuſhes, or tuskes.*

Dent au chien. *Couchgraſſe, Quitchgraſſe, Dogs-graſſe ; alſo, (but leſſe properly) Harts-horne Plantaine, or Crow-foot-Plantaine ; (Gerards* Dens caninus, *or Dogs-tooth is a kind of Satyrion.)*

Dent de chien. *Couth-graſſe, Dogs-graſſe ; alſo, Dandelion, Prieſts-crown, Piſſeabed ; alſo, a grudge, repining, ill meaning.*

Dents de chien. *The tuſhes.*

Les dents d'une herſe. *Harrow-teeth.*

Dents inciſives. *The foure fore-teeth.*

Dents de laict. *Coulrs teeth, young teeth; (Il luy porta vn dent de laict ; He bore him a grudge, or ſpleene.)*

Dents longues, qui a les dents bien longues. *That is, throughly a hungred, or moſt ſharpe ſet.*

Dent de lyon. *The herb Dandelyon, Piſſeabed, Prieſts-crowne, Swines-ſnowt.*

Dents maſchelieres. *Looke* Maſchelieré.

Dents maſchoires. *The cheeke teeth, or grinders.*

Dents molares. *The great Jaw-teeth, or eye-teeth ; the grinders, or cheeke teeth, wherewith we gently breake, and grind our meat.*

Dents oeillieres. *The upper tuſhes, or eye-teeth.*

Dents riantes. *The fore-teeth ; (becauſe in laughing they are commonly ſeene.)*

Dents de ſens & de ſageſſe. *The jaw-teeth.*

Dents tranchantes. *as* Ineiſiues.

Arracher les dents en dormant à. *Looke* Dormant.

Mal aux dents. *The tooth-ach ; alſo, extreame hunger, or an hunger-ſtarved eſtate ; whence ;* Qui a mal aux dents a mauvais parents ; Prov.

Mauvaiſe dent. *as* Dent de chien.

Elle à les dents à maſchecoulis, le haut defendant le bas, *She hath a thinne row of teeth, whoſe ſtench, and rottenneſſe drive men from her trench.*

Batre le tambour avec les dents. *To dider, or chatter, as an Ape that ſaies his Paternoſter.*

Cheoir à dents. *To fall groveling.*

Clerc iuſques aux dents. *A good trencher ſcholler ; a excellent Clerke in a Cooks ſhop.*

Faire de l' argent avec les dents. *To grow rich by eating little.*

Ne marcher que ſur les dents. Ils ne marchent que ſur, &c. *They ſtirre not a foot but for good cheere ; they are true paraſites, trencher-friends, ſmell-feaſts.*

Mettre vn pot &c à dents. *To turne it upſide-downe, to whave it with the mouth downewards.*

Mettre ſur les dents. *To toile out, or to overtoyle ; to take too much of ; to ſpend or ſpoyle, by puting to too much.*

Monſtrer la dent. *To girne, or gynne at ; looke threateningly, or grimly on ; fall into anger, grow into choller with.*

Parler à vn des groſſes dents. *To check, taunt, reprove, take up, chide throughly, ſpeake roughly to ; to talke to one as if he would eate him.*

Prendre le frein aux dents. *To take the bit betweene his teeth ; to reſiſt authority, as a ſtubborne horſe doth his rider ; or, obſtinately to follow his owne courſe, or go on with his owne project, whatſoever advice, or command be given to the contrary.*

Prendre la lune à belles dents. *To performe impoſſibilities.*

Rire à groſſes dents. *To laugh only from the teeth outward.*

Telle dent telle morſure ; Prov. *Looke* Morſure.

En vne herſe bien dentée n'y faut nulles dents ; Pro. *A thing being once well done, what need additions?*

Tel a du pain lors qu'il n' a plus de dents ; Pro. *Some have great plenty when they can take no pleaſure in it.*

Vin trouble ne briſe dents ; Pro. *Thicke wine breakes no teeth.*

Dentade : f. *A biting, or bit of the teeth ; ſuch a ſnatch, or pinch as a dog will ſometimes give on a ſudden.*

Dentaire : f. *A kind of Sanicle ; alſo, Toothwort, or clownes Lungwort.*

Dental : m. *as* Denté.

† Dentateur : m. *A Tooth-drawer.*

Denté : m. *The ruddy, and ſpotted Sea-Breame, or Goldenie ; called ſo for the tuſhes that appeare out of his mouth ; whereas the other fiſhes of that kind, either have none, or none ſo appearing.*

Denté : m. ée : f. *Toothed, furniſhed with teeth ; having many teeth ; alſo, indented, notched, jagged.*

En vne herſe bien dentée n'y faut nulles dents ; Prov. *Looke* Dent.

Dentée : f. *as* Dentade ; *or, a gaſh made, or blow given, by the tuſh of an angrie bore, &c.*

Dentelé : m. *A kind of miſchievous Dog-fiſh that doth much hurt with his teeth.*

Dentelé : m. ée : f. *Toothed, toothy ; full of jags reſembling little teeth.*

Rouët dentelé. *A cog-wheele.*

Dentelet : m. *A little tooth ; (alſo, a repaſt, or meale :* ℣ Barrag.)

Dentelez : m. *Foure muſcles, (two little, and two great ones) belonging to the breaſt.*

Denteliz : m. *Teeth ; or a tooth-like notching, or jagging, in Imagery, &c.*

Dentelle : f. *Small edging (and intended) Bonelace, or Needleworke.*

Denteleure : f. *A tusking, or toothing, or tooth-like jagging, in Architecture.*

Denticules : m. *Tuskings, tooth-like jags, or carving, on the chapters of pillers, or on any ledge, or edging.*

Dentier : m. *The part of an helmet that covers the teeth.*

† Dentir. *To breed young teeth.*

Denudation : f. *A denudation, or denuding ; a laying, or leaving, bare.*

Denué : m. ée : f. *Denuded, hared, ſtript naked.*

Denuer. *To denude, bare, ſtrip naked ; leave, or lay, bare.*

Denys : m. *as* Denis.

Deoppilatif : m. iue : f. *Deoppilative ; opening, or unſtopping obſtructions.*

Depaiſé : m. ée : f. *Driven out of his country ; alſo, growne courtly, or that hath left the country faſhion.*

Depaiſer. *To drive out of his country.*

Se depaiſer. *To grow courtly, make it fine, leave the country faſhion.*

Depaiſer le beſtial. *To change their ſoile, to ſend them out of the country they were bred in.*

† Depaiſtre. *as* Deſpaiſtre. *See* Paiſtre.

De par. *From ; by the commandement, or authority of.*

De-par vous. *From you ; on your part ; in your name, roome, or place.*

† Deparceler. *as* S' accorder. *To agree, or come to an agreement.*

† Deparler. *To diſpraiſe, blame, deſpiſe. (v. m.)*

Deparqué : m. ée : f. *Diſparked, diſincloſed, layed open ; alſo, broken, or got out, of a Parke, or incloſure.*

Se Deparquer. *To breake out of a Parke, or incloſed place ; alſo, to go out, or away from.*

Depart : m. *A departure, or going from ; alſo, the parting of metalls ; and hence ;*

Eau de depart. *A kind of ſtrong water, uſed in the parting of metals.*

Departement : m. *A parting or departing ; alſo, a dividing ; an allotting, parting, or appointing out unto every one his part ; and hence ; a diviſion, or partition of a country, as ;*

Chaque Gouverneur eſt allé à ſon departement. *Unto the place of government allotted unto him.*

Departeur : m. *A divider, parter, diſtributer.*

Departeur d' or, & d' argent. *One that parts metalls, or ſevers the one from another.*

Departi : m. ie : f. *Parted, gone, departed ; alſo divided, diſtributed, diſpoſed, ſorted, or ſet into parts ; alſo, refuſed, renounced, quitted, left, deſiſted from ; alſo, parted, or ſevered, as metalls.*

Departie : f. *as* Depart ; *A parting, or departure.*

Departiment : m. *A diviſion, parting ; ſquaring, or ſorting out into ſeverall parts, or for ſundry purpoſes.*

Departir. *To part, depart, or go from ; alſo, to divide, diſtribute, ſort, or diſpoſe into ſeverall parts ; alſo, to part, or ſever metalls aſunder.*

Se departir de, &c. *To refuſe, quit, renounce ; alſo, to leave, or deſiſt from.*

Departir vn procez. *When one Court is equally divided, to require the opinion of the Judges of another ; that making up one of two of the three, judgement may be thereon given.*

Departiſſement. *A parting, dividing, diſtribution, partition ; a ſorting, or ſetting into parts ; alſo, a leaving, departing, or going from.*

Depaſſionner. *To be angry, or grow into choller.*

Depecé. *Diſmembred.* Looke Deſpecé.

Depeinct : m. & e : f. *Portrayed, painted, lively drawne, or deſcribed.*

Depeindre. *To draw, paint, portray ; deſcribe lively.*

Ie vous depeindray de vos couleurs. *I will ſet you forth in your colours.*

† Depellé : m. ée : f. *Pilled, skinned, blanched ; flayed ; parted.*

† Depenaillé. *as* Deſpenaillé.

Dependance : f. *A dependancy ; waiting, relying on ; the hanging of one thing upon another.*

Dependant, *Depending, relying, hanging, waiting on.*

Dependre. *To depend, rely, hang on; to rest, or consist in; also, to unhang; or take downe from the gallowes.*
Dependre l'huis, ou fenestres de la maison. *Looke* Huis.

Dependu: m. uë. f *Unhanged; or, taken downe from the gallowes; also, (more generally) unhung, or taken off that whereon it hung.*

Deperdition: f. *Utter ruine, totall perdition.*

Deperi: m. ie: f. *Perished, quite lost.*

Deperir. *To perish; to be lost, to be ruined, or utterly undone.*

Deperissant: f. *Perishing.*

Depesche. *as* Despesche.

Depeschè: m. ée: f. *Dispatched.*

Depescher. *To dispatch. Looke* Despescher.
Depescher quelqu'vn. *To talke freely of, to censure at pleasure, to rip up a mans actions; also, to jest at.*

Depestrer. *as* Despestrer; *To unpester.*

† Depié de fief. *A dismembring of an inheritance; an alienating part thereof.*

Depilatoire: m. *A depilatory; any ointment, salve, water, &c. which takes away haire.*

† Depilé: m. ée: f. *Bauld; bare, or bared of haire.*

Depiteux. *as* Despiteux.

† Depitonné. *See* Despitonné.

Deplanter. *To displant, or unplant; to unset; to remove.*

Deplaistrer. *To unplaister, to pull the plaister off; hence also, to bare, or discover.*

† Deplayé: m. ée: f. *Extreamely wounded, sore hurt.*

† Deplayer. *To wound extreamely, hurt very sore.*

Deplicer. *To unplait, or unfold; to undoe the plaits, to open the folds, of.*
Se Deplicer de. *To rid himselfe of; to unfold himselfe out of; to disintangle himselfe.*

Deplorant. *Deploring, bewailing, lamenting.*

Deploré: m. ée: f. *Deplored, bemoaned, bewailed, lamented for; also, desperate, remedilesse, past helpe, out of hope; forsaken, or given over.*

Deplorer. *To deplore, bewaile, moane, bemoane, lament for.*

Deplumation: f. *A deplumation, pluming, unfeathering; also, an inflamed, and hard thicknesse of the eye-lids, with losse of all their haire, which once gone, either cannot get through again, or being got through, fasten not within them.*

Depoché: m. ée: f. *Unpouched, unpocketted.*

Depocher. *To unpouch; to pull, or draw a thing out of a pocket.*

Depopulé: m. ée: f. *Depopulated, unpeopled; also, destroyed, wasted, ravaged.*

Depopuler. *To depopulate, unpeople, or dispeople; also, to waste, ravage, ruine, destroy.*

Deport: m. *Disport, sport, pastime, recreation; pleasure; also, two of the three parts of a words revenew, due unto a Land-lord.*
Le deport des benifices. *The first fruits, or one yeares revenue of vacant benifices (due unto the Prince, Patron, or Prelate, as the custome, or case is.)*
Sans aucun deport. *Without any let, stop, or delay.*

Deporté: m. ée: f. *Saved, spared, exempted, excused from; borne with, forborne; left off, let alone, abstained from; also, disported, sported, played; also, banished.*

Deportemens: m. *Deportments, demeanor.*

Deporter. *To beare, suffer, indure; also, to spare, or exempt from; also, to banish (into an Island, &c.)*
Se deporter. *To cease, forbeare, leave off, give over, pause on, quiet himselfe, hold his hand; also, to disport, play, recreate himselfe, passe away the time.*
Se deporter de. *To omit, let alone, let passe; abstaine, surcease, forbeare, from.*
Se deporter sur quelqu'un (d'vne chose.) *To relie, or beare himselfe altogether upon one (in a matter;) to referre, or commit it, wholly unto him.*

Deporter: m. *A sporting bable; a wenches &c.*

Deposé: m. ée: f. *Deposed, sworne unto; also, deposed, or put from.*

Deposer. *To depose, to testifie by oath; also, to depose, deprive of, or put from.*

Depositaire: m. *He unto whom a thing is layed in gage, or committed for safer keeping; a Gardian, or feoffee, upon trust.*

Deposité: m. ée: f. *Layed downe as a gage; committed unto the trust, or keeping of.*

Depositer. *To lay downe as a gage; to infeoffe upon trust, to commit unto the keeping, or trust of.*

Deposition de tesmoignes. *The deposition, or testimony of witnesses (written downe.)*

Depossedé: m. ée: f. *Dispossessed; deprived, or disseised of.*

Deposséder. *To dispossesse, deprive, disseise of.*

Depost: m. *A pledge, or gage; a thing left in, or committed unto, another mans keeping.*

Depourprer. *To unpurple, or make pale.*

† Deppié. *Looke* Depié.

Depraver. *To deprave, marre, viciate, corrupt.*

Depredé: m. ée: f. *Ravaged, ransacked, robbed, made booty of.*

Depreder. *To ravage, ransacke, rob, make spoyle, prey, or booty of.*

Depressoir de la membrane. *An instrument wherewith, after trepaning, the membrane that covers the braine is held downe, thereby to know if there be any thing left between it and the scull, to hurt, or annoy it.*

† Depri: m. *as* Depry.

Depriant: m. *The purchaser that agrees with the Lord* Censuel *for his* Lods *and* Ventes, *or praies time for the paiment of them.*

Depriant. *Earnestly praying; humbly beseeching.*

Deprier. *To pray earnestly, request instantly; beseech humbly; also, as* Desprier; *also, a purchaser to agree before-hand with the Lord* Censuel *for his* Lods *and* Ventes; *Or to shew him the contract of his purchase, and beseech him to forbeare for a while his censuall duties, that, if they be not payed in due time, be may incurre the lesse danger.*

Deprimé: m. ée: f. *Depressed, abased, brought low, kept downe.*

Deprimer. *To depresse, abase, bring low, to keepe, hold, thrust, or weigh, downe.*

† Depry: m. *An agreement made by a purchaser with the Lord* Censuel *for his* Lods *and* Ventes; *or rather, a signification of his purchase, and humble request, unto him, that he will forbeare his duties, that, if they be not paid in due, or the accustomed time, there may be the lesse advantage taken against him.*

Deps: m. *A kind of royalty, or Seigneuriall duty.*

Depucelé: m. ée: f. *Depucelated, deflowred; Looke* Despucelé.

Depuceler. *To depucelate, or deflowre a virgin; to take her maidenhead.*

Depucelle. *as* Depucelé

Depuis. *Since, or sithence.*

Depuration: f. *A depuration; purging, purifying, or clarifying.*

Depuré. *Purged, cleered, purified, clarified.*

Depurer. *To purge, cleere, purifie, clarifie.*

Depurgatoire: com. *Depurgatory; purging.*

Deputé: m. *A Deputy; (properly, one thats imployed by subjects unto their Prince.)*

Deputé: m. ée: f. *Deputed, ordained, appointed, assigned.*

Deputer. *To depute, appoint, ordaine, assigne.*

Dequoy: m. *(Substantively) stuffe, substance, wherewithall.*

Dequoy. *(Adverb.) whereto, wherefore, to what end; as,* Dequoy me sert cela? *whereto doth that serve me? what use have I of that? or, what am I the better for it?*
Il y a bien dequoy. *There is good cause for it.*

Derbre: m. *A kind of small-mouthed, blew-backt, and white-bellied, Sea-fish.*

Derceau. *A little Dace, or Dare-fish, q. Rab.*

Derechef. *Againe, moreover; once, or ever, againe.*

Deregler. *Looke* Se Desreigler.

Deretté. *Disintangled, unsnared, got out of the net.*

Deridé: m. ée: f. *Smoothed, unwrinkled, planed, made plaine; also, loosened, slackned, unstiffened.*

Derider. *To smooth, plane, or make plaine a thing that had wrinkles; or as in;*
Derider les cordes, les voiles, &c. *To loosen, unstiffen, or slacken the tackling, sailes, &c.*

Deris: m. *A mocke, flout, gibe, derision.*

Derision: f. *Derision, mockerie, flouting, scoffing.*

Derivé: m. ée: f. *Derived, or drawne from; also, drained.*

Deriver. *To derive; or draw from; also, to drain, or draw dry.*

† Derme: m. *The (true) skin which covers the extreame parts of the body.*

† Derne: m. *as* Darne; *A slice; a broad and thinne peece, or partition of.*

Dernier: m. ere: f. *The last, hindmost, uttermost, farthest, or furthermost; also, the latter, or second, in ranke, or place.*
Au dernier. *Finally, at the last cast.*
Maudissant le dernier. *Cursing the last; vi. striving to run (away) with the formost.*
Le dernier le loup le mange; *Pro. The lag, (or laziest) of a flocke is preyed on.*
Le dernier venu est le mieux aimé; *Pro. He that came last, is best beloved; the newest friend, &c. most trusted, best used.*
Les derniers venus ferment les portes; *Pro. The last commer shuts the door; strikes up the bargaine; ends the businesse.*

Les

Les derniers venus ſont les Maiſtres; Prov. *The laſt commers get the maſterie, overrule the reſt, rule the roaſt.*
Vn iour iuge de l' autre, & le dernier iuge de tous; Prov. *One day rules another, but the laſt overrules all.*

Dernieretain: m. aine: f. *Late, or lateward; very backward; which is long in coming, or late before it be ripe.*

Dernierement. *Lately, or, not long ago.*

Deroché: m. ée: f. *Pulled, or fallen, from a rocke;* Looke Deſroche.

Derogant. Looke Derogeant.

Derogation: f. *A derogation; a diſabling, or diſparaging of; a diminution; abrogation, or aboliſhment of part of.*

Derogatoire: m. *A derogatory, or act of derogation, or of diſparagement.*

Derogatoire: com. *Derogatory, diſparaging, derogating from; alſo, diminiſhing; abrogating, or aboliſhing part of.*

Derogé: m. ée: f. *Diſparaged, or derogated from; diſabled; alſo, abrogated, or aboliſhed in part.*

Derogeant. *Derogating from; diſparaging; diſabling; impairing; abrogating, or aboliſhing part of.*

Deroger. *To derogate from; to diſparage; to diſable, or empaire; to abrogate a peece, aboliſh a part, of.*

Deroguer. *as* Deroger.

Derompement: m. *A breaking, or burſting in peeces; a riving aſunder.*
Derompement de maiſons. *A raſing, overthrowing, pulling, or breaking downe of houſes.*

Derompre. *To burſt, or breake in peeces; to rive, or teare, aſunder; to overthrow, raſe, ruine, breake downe.*

Derompu: m. uë: f. *Burſt, or broken in peeces; riven, or torne, aſunder; full of breaches; broken downe.*

Deroute: f. *A rout, a defeature, or flight of men.*

Derrain. *as* Deriner. *The laſt;* ¶ Pic.

† Derrainier. *The ſame.*

Derrée *as* Denrée; *Ware, &c.*

† Derrenier. *See* Dernier.

Derrider. *To ſmooth, plaine, unwrinkle, ſtretch out.*
Derrider les voiles. *To looſen, or ſlacken the ſayles;* a Mariners phraſe.

Derriere. *(Subſtantively; as)* le derriere de. *The hinder part, backe part, or backſide of.*
Courir ſur le derriere. *A horſe to gallop all upon his hinder parts.*

Derriere. *(An Adverb of Place;) behind, backward, on the backe-ſide, or backpart of.*
Au devant par derriere. *The wrong way to the wood; round about next way, and in at ſurther doore;* Looke Devant.
Gaigner le devant par derriere. *See* Devant; *or* Gaigner.
Cheval qui porte derriere. *A double gelding, a horſe that will carry double.*

† Derſ: m. *A cloath of State, hanging full over, and falling low behind, a Soveraigne Princes chaire of Eſtate.*

† Derſelet: m. *A little ſquare Canopy, or cloath of Eſtate.*

Dertre. *as* Dartre; *A tetter, or ring-worme.*

Des. *From, even from, ſince.*
Des à preſent. *Forthwith, incontinently, from this very time forward.*
Des que i' auray diſné. *As ſoone as ever I have dined,*

Deſabillé: m. ée: f. *Uncloathed, undreſſed; unarrayed.*

Deſabiller: m. *A Ladies cuſhion-cloth.*

Deſabiller. *To uncloath, undreſſe, unray, put of habiliments.*

Deſabuſé: m. ée: f. *Diſabuſed; unblinded; delivered of errors, rid from abuſes.*

Deſabuſer. *To diſabuſe, to rid from abuſes.*

Deſaccointé: m. ée: f. *Diſacquainted; growne out of acquaintance with; made ſtrange unto,*

Deſaccointer. *To diſacquaint; to breake, or diſſolve the acquaintance of; alſo, to renounce, or forgoe all acquaintance with.*

Deſaccommodé: m. ée: f. *Diſaccommodated.*

Deſaccommoder. *To diſaccommodate.*

Deſaccord: m. *A jarre, diſcord, untunableneſſe; diſagreement, contention, difference.*

Deſaccordance: f. *A diſcordance, or diſcording; a ſquaring, jarring, differing, variance, diſagreeing.*

Deſaccordant. *Diſcordant; ſquaring, jarring, diſagreeing, diſcrepant, repugnant unto.*

Deſaccordé. *Diſcordant, jarring, out of tune; alſo, diſaccorded.*

Deſaccorder. *To diſcord, or diſaccord; to jarre, differ, diſagree, diſſent, ſquare, be repugnant.*

Deſaccoſtable: com. *Unaccoaſtable, unapproachable; uncompanable, unſociable.*

Deſaccouplé: m. ée: f. *Uncoupled; unyoaked.*

Diſaccoupler. *To uncouple; unyoake; diſjoyne.*

Deſaccouſtumance: f. *A diſuſe, unwontedneſſe, unaccuſtomednеſſe, diſcontinuance; a leaving of a faſhion, a forgoing of a cuſtome.*

Deſaccouſtumé. *Diſaccuſtomed, leſt off, diſuſed, given over, worne out of uſe, grown out of faſhion.*

Deſaccouſtumer. *To diſaccuſtome; diſuſe; bring out of uſe; to diſcontinue the cuſtome, forgo the faſhion of.*

Deſaccroché: m. ée: f. *Unhooked.*

Deſaccrocher. *To unhooke.*

† Deſacré: m. ée: f. *Unhallowed, prophaned.*

† Deſacrer. *To prophane, to unhallow.*

Deſadjuſté: m. ée: f. *Diſadjuſted; diſapted; diſordered; made uneven, or unſteaddy.*

Deſadjuſter. *To diſadjuſt, unfettle, diſorder, diſapt, make uneven, or unſteaddy.*

Deſadmoneſté: m. ée: f. *Diſadmoniſhed, or diſwaded; warned from, or to the contrary of.*

Deſadmoneſter. *To diſadmoniſh, or diſſwade,*

Deſadvenant. *A portion of an inheritance left a vaſſall, but not ſufficient for the homage due unto the Lord.*

Deſadvenantageuſement. *Diſadvantagiouſly.*

Deſadventure: f. *Misfortune, miſadventure.*

† Deſadveſt: m. *A diſſeiſin, diſpoſſeſſion; diſadveſture, diſinheriting.*

† Deſadveſtir. *To diſſeiſe, diſadveſt, diſpoſſeſſe, diſinherit.*

Deſadveu. *A diſclaime, diſadvowing, renouncing; alſo, a thing done at unawares, or againſt the will.*

Deſadviſé: m. ée: f. *Unadviſed, inconſiderate, fooliſh, raſh.*

Deſadvoüé: m. ée: f. *Diſadvowed, diſclaimed from.*

Deſadvoüement: m. *A diſadvowing, or diſclaiming from.*

Deſadvoüer. *To diſadvow, diſclaime, refuſe, renounce.*

Deſaffamé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe hunger is ſlaked, or ſatisfied.*

Deſaffamer. *To ſlake, or ſatisfie the hunger of.*

† Deſaffleuré: m. ée: f. *Deflowred; or, whoſe flouriſhing is hindered.*

† Deſaffleurer. *To deflower, or unflower; to plucke the flowers from; to hinder the flowring, or flouriſhing of.*

Deſaffublé: m. ée: f. *Unmuffled, unhooded, unhoodwinked.*

Deſaffubler. *To unmuffle, unhood, unhoodwinke; uncover.*
Il ſe diſaffubla. *He caſt open his gowne, or caſſocke, wherewith he had covered his face.*

† Deſagé: m. ée f. *Under age, not of full age, not yet of yeares; alſo, decrepit, very old, or ſo old, as he hath need of tending.*

Deſagencé: m. ée: f. *Diſadapted, diſadjuſted, diſordered.*

Deſagencement: m. *A diſadapting, diſadjuſting, diſordering,*

Deſagencer. *To diſadapt, diſadjuſt, diſaccommodate, diſproportion, diſorder; to ſet out of frame, put out of faſhion, bring out of the right, into a wrong, place.*

Deſagenouillé: m. ée: f. *Riſen, or got up from kneeling.*
Se Deſagenouiller. *To ariſe, or get up from kneeling.*

Deſagrafé: m. ée: f. *Unclaſped, ungrapled, unhaſped.*

Deſagrafer. *To unclaſpe, ungrapple, unhaſpe.*

Deſagreable: com. *Diſagreeable, unacceptable, unpleaſing.*

Deſajancer. *as* Deſagencer.

Deſaigri: m. ie: f. *Sweetned; appeaſed.*

Deſaigrir. *To ſweeten, or unſharpen, to allay the ſowerneſſe of; alſo, to aſſwage, mitigate, pacifie, appeaſe.*

Deſaiguilleter. *To untruſſe, or undoe points; alſo, to take the points from, or deprive of points.*

Deſaimé: m. ée: f. *Unloved, fallen into the diſlike of.*

Deſaimer. *To unlove; deſiſt from loving; loath what before was loved; fall into diſlike, or diſguſt of.*

Deſaire. *To unayre; or ſpoyle, and deſtroy an ayry of Hawkes, &c.*

Deſaiſe: f. *A ſickeneſſe; a diſeaſe; a being ill at eaſe.*

Deſaiſé: m. ée: f. *Diſeaſed, ſicke, out of temper, ill at eaſe.*

Deſaiſine. Looke Deſſaiſine.

Deſalé: m. ée: f. *Taught wit by experience, purged of the ſcale, that hath ſeene the Lyons.*

† Deſalier. *as* Deſlier; *To unbind.*

Deſallé. *as* Deſalé.

Deſalteré: m. ée: f. *Whoſe thirſt is quenched, ſlaked, allayed.*

Deſalterer. *To quench, allay, ſlake thirſt.*

Deſamaſſé : m. ée : f. *Vnheaped, unpiled.*

Deſamaſſer. *To unheape, unpile; pull downe a heape; conſumit things heaped.*

Deſancré. *Weighed, as an Anker; let goe, or looſed, as a bold.*

Deſancrer. *To weigh Ankers, and be gone; alſo to looſe ones hold.*

Deſangé : m. ée : f. *Extirpated; the race whereof is deſtroyed.*

Deſanger. *as* Deſenger ; *To extirpate, or deſtroy the race of.*

Deſanimé : m. ée : f. *Deprived of ſpirit, or life.*

Deſanimer. *To deprive of life, or ſpirit.*

Deſamourat. *Deflowred, as a virgin that hath leachered :* ¶ Langued.

Deſapareillé ; m. ée : f. *Diſordered, ruffled, made unreadie.*

Deſapareiller. *To ruffle, diſorder, make unreadie, put out of tune, or trim.*

Deſapareilleur : m. *An undreſſer ; a maker unreadie ; a diſorderer.*

Deſaparié : m. ée : f. *Vnmatched, unpaired, uncoupled ; whoſe match, mate, or companion is taken from him.*

Deſaparier. *To unmatch, unpaire, uncouple ; to divide, ſunder, or ſeparate mates, fellowes, couples.*

Deſapetiſſance : f. *A diſtaſte, or loathing of meats.*

Deſapetiſſé ; m. ée : f. *Diſtaſted, loathed, as meat.*

Deſapetiſſer. *To diſtaſte, marre the ſtomack ; take away the appetite ; to breed a diſlike, or loathing, of meats.*

Deſapointé : m. ée : f. *Diſappointed, fruſtrated ; alſo, removed, or put from an office, eſtate, or authoritie.*

Deſapointer. *To diſappoint, or fruſtrate ; alſo, to remove, or put from an office, or eſtate ; to deprive, or bereave of authoritie ; alſo, to wry the levell, put by the aime of.*

Deſappetit : m. *Want of appetite ; an ill, or no ſtomack unto a thing ; a queaſineſſe, or diſguſt of ſtomack.*

Deſapprendre. *To unlearne, or learne anew, or otherwiſe then before ; alſo, to leave a faſhion uſed, or forget what hath beene learned.*

Deſapreſent. *From this very inſtant ; See* Des.

Deſarboré : m. ée : f. *Let, or ſtrucke downe ; as the maſt of a ſhip.*

Deſarborer. *To let, or ſtrike downe the maſt of a ſhip.*

Deſarçonné : m. ée : f. *Diſmounted, unhorſed, caſt out of the ſaddle.*

Deſarçonner. *To unhorſe, diſmount ; throw over, ſet beſide, caſt out of the ſaddle.*

Deſareſter. *To take the bones out of fiſh.*

Deſargenté : m. ée : f. *Vnſilvered, without ſilver, cleane out of ſilver.*

Deſarme. *Diſarmed, deprived of Armes.*

Deſarmement : m. *A diſarming, a depriving of Armes.*

Deſarmer. *To diſarme ; to deprive of Armour, bereave of weapons.*

Se deſarmer. *To unarme himſelfe ; to put off his Armes, lay downe his weapons.*

Deſarnaché : m. ée : f. *Vnharneſſed ; whoſe harneſſe, or furniture, is taken off.*

Deſarnacher vn cheval. *To unharneſſe a horſe, to take off his harneſſe, or furniture.*

Deſarrengé : m. ée : f. *Diſordered, unranked, diſ-arrayed.*

Deſarrengement : m. *An unranking, diſordering, diſ-arraying.*

Deſarrenger. *To unranke, diſorder, diſarray.*

† Deſarreſſer. *To make fall a ſtanding yard ; to coole, or take downe the courage of.*

Deſarroy : m. *Diſorder, confuſion, diſ-array ; ſpoyle, huvock, hurly-burly ; alſo, a rout, overthrow, diſcomfiture, as of an armie.*

En deſarroy. *Pel-mell, confuſedly, out of array, cleane without order ; alſo, in rout.*

Deſarroyé : m. ée : f. *Diſordered, diſarrayed ; put into rout ; confounded, diſcomfited.*

Deſarroyer. *To diſorder, diſ-array, confound, marre the order, or faſhion of ; alſo, to diſcomfit, overthrow, or put to rout, an armie, &c.*

Deſaſſemblé : m. ée : f. *Diſ-aſſembled, diſjoyned, parted, divided, ſeparated, diſunited ; diſperſed, ſcattered.*

Deſaſſembler. *To diſ-aſſemble, diſ-joyne, diſunite, part, or take in peeces ; to ſeparate, ſcatter, diſperſe, diſ-aſſociate, diſſipate.*

Ce qu'aſſemble pille pille deſaſſemble tire tire : Prov. *That which prowling gathers, prodigalitie ſcatters.*

Deſaſſeuré : m. ée : f. *Diſ-aſſured ; put in feare, brought into doubt ; made unſetled, uncertaine, unſteadie ; made to ſtagger.*

Deſaſſurer. *To diſ-aſſure ; to put in feare, or bring into doubt, one that was well reſolved ; to make unſetled, unaſſured, unſteadie, what formerly was ſtayed.*

Deſaſſiegé : m. ée : f. *Delivered from ſiege.*

Deſaſſieger. *To raiſe a ſiege, to deliver from a ſiege.*

Deſaſſocié : m. ée : f. *Diſaſſociated ; ſeparated, parted from the companie of.*

Deſaſſocier. *To diſaſſociate, breake companie, diſſolve ſocietie, ſeparate, or part, friends.*

Deſaſtre : m. *A diſaſter, misfortune, calamitie, miſadventure, hard chance.*

Deſaſtré : m. ée : f. *Diſaſterous, unfortunate ; unhappie.*

Deſatteler. *as* Deſteler.

Deſattiſé : m. ée : f. *Quenched, ſtaked, put out, as a kindled firebrand.*

Deſattiſer. *To quench, put out, or ſtake a (kindled) fire, or firebrand.*

Deſavancé : m. ée : f. *Hindered, impeached, kept back, driven backward.*

Deſavancer. *To hinder, caſt backward, keepe, or drive back ; impeach the proceedings of.*

Deſavantage : m. *Diſadvantage, hinderance, dammage, loſſe.*

Deſavantagé : m. ée : f. *Diſadvantaged ; incommodated, indammaged, hindered.*

Deſavantager. *To diſadvantage, hinder, diſpleaſure, incommodate, indammage, impeach.*

Deſaubé : m. ée : f. *Off the bindges, out of reparations ; torne, ragged, tattered, all in peeces :* ¶ Bleſien.

Deſaventureux : m. euſe : f. *Vnhappie, unfortunate.*

Deſaugmenter. *To diſ-augment, wane, diminiſh, decreaſe, waſte, grow leſſe and leſſe.*

† Deſavié : m. ée : f. *Starved ; or, bereft of life.*

† Deſavier. *To bereave of life ; to ſtarve, murther, kill.*

Deſavoüé : m. ée : f. *Diſ-advowed, diſallowed ; renounced, diſclaimed, refuſed.*

Deſavouër. *To diſ-advow, diſ-allow ; refuſe, renounce ; diſclaime.*

Desbagager. *To pack, or truſſe up his bag and baggage.*

Desbagoulé. crin desbagoulé. *Ruffled, ſtaring, or diſordered haire.*

Morceau desbagoulé. *A morſell chawed, and put out of the mouth againe.*

Desbagouler. *To ruffle, or diſorder ; alſo, to ſpue, or put out of the mouth a morſell halfe chawed.*

Desballé : m. ée : f. *Vnpacked ; untruſſed.*

Desballer. *To unpack, or untruſſe, to undoe a pack, or truſſe.*

Desbandade : f. *A diſbanding ; a caſſing of whole troupes, or companies of ſouldiours ; alſo, as* Debendade.

Desbandage : m. *A diſbanding ; an unbending.*

Desbandé : m. ée : f. *Diſbanded ; unbent ; unbound ; looſe ; carteſſe, diſperſed, ſcattered.*

Desbandée. à la desbandée. *Out of their ranks, out of order, out of array.*

Desbander. *To looſen, unbind, unbend ; alſo, to caſſe, diſband ; ſcatter, diſperſe.*

Se desbander. *To diſband ; leave his ranke ; forſake his Companie, or Colours.*

Desbander l'arc ne gueriſt pas la playe ; Prov. *The bowes unbending heales no wound it made ; the diſ-uſing of a miſchievous inſtrument is no amends for the hurt it hath done.*

† Desbaraté : m. ée : f. *Diſordered, out of order.*

Desbarbouillé : m. ée : f. *Cleanſed, rid of ſpots.*

Desbarbouiller. *To cleanſe, make cleane, unſpot, or cleare from ſpots.*

Desbardé : m. ée : f. *Vnladen, as a ſhip ; diſarmed, as a great Horſe ; unſadled, as an Aſſe.*

Desbarder. *To unload a ſhip, or boat ; to unbeape, unburthen, diſburthen ; alſo, to unbarbe, or diſarme a Horſe of ſervice ; to unſaddle a Moyle, or Aſſe.*

Desbardeur : m. *A Lyter-man, or Lighter-man ; a Porter that uſes to unload ſhips, or carry wares out of ſhips, &c.*

Desbarger. C'eſt, abbatre la terre du chevalier de coſte, & d'autre qui peut cheoir ſur les plantes de Vigne.

Desbarqué : m. ée : f. *Diſ-imbarked, put a land, ſet on ſhore.*

Desbarquer. *To diſ-imbarke, put a land, ſet on ſhore.*

Desbarré : m. ée : f. *Vnbarred, unboulted.*

Desbarrer. *To unbar, unboult ; open.*

Desbasté : m. ée : f. *Vnſadled ; or, whoſe pack-ſaddle is taken off.*

Desbaſter vn aſne. *To unſaddle an Aſſe ; to take off his pack-ſaddle.*

Desbaſti : m. ie : f. *Pulled downe, as a building.*

Desbaſtiment : m. *A pulling downe of buildings.*

Desbaſtir. *To ruine, unbuild, take downe, or pull downe a building.*

Desbaſtonné : m. ée : f. *Diſarmed ; deprived of weapons.*

Desbaſtonner. *To diſarme, or deprive of weapons.*

Desbauche: f. *Incontinency, diſſolutenceſſe, lewdneſſe, vice, wantonneſſe, diſorder.*

Desbauché: m. ée: f. *Deboſhed, lewd, incontinent, ungracious, diſſolute, naught, miſchiefie, vicious, unruly, diſordered; alſo, depraved, miſled, ill-adviſed, or led by ill advice.*

Desbauchement: m. *A deboſhement; a corrupting, marring, depraving, viciating; ſeducing, miſleading.*

Desbaucher. *To deboſh; marre, corrupt, ſpoyle, viciate; ſeduce, miſlead; make lewd, bring to diſorder; draw from goodneſſe.*

Il ſe desbauche. *He roams, digreſſes, flies out, goes from the purpoſe, runs altogether from the matter.*

† Desbaudi: m. ie: f. *Made ſad, or aſhamed.*

† Desbaudir. *To make ſad, or aſhamed; (old words.)*

Desbaugé: m. ée: f. *Unſtonghed; raiſed (as a wild ſwine) out of the dirt wherein he lay wallowing.*

Desbauger vn ſanglier. *To raiſe, or to rouſe a wild boar from the place he lies, or wallowes in; to unſtough him.*

Desbellé: m. ée: f. *Subdued, vanquiſhed, overcome by warre, &c.*

Desbeller. *To ſubdue, vanquiſh, overcome; in warre.*

† Desbaux: m. *A generall deboſhement, diſorder, diſſolutenceſſe.*

Desbendade: f. *as* Debendade; *An unbending.*

A la desbendade. *Swiftly, violently, furiouſly, like an arrow out of a bow; alſo, diſorderly.*

Desbender. *To unbend, looſen; diſband; unbind.*

Desberger. *as* Desbarger.

Desbité. *as* Debiſſé.

Desbiſement: m. *A raſing, or ſcraping out; alſo, decay, pining, languor, ſory looking, low taking, poore eſtate of body; alſo, a rending, or a riving aſunder.*

† Desblaver. *To reap corne; to deſpoile, or unfurniſh of corne; to gather a crop of corn.*

Desblayé: m. *Diſincumbred, unpeſtered; cleer of, rid from.*

Desblayer. *To unpeſter, diſincumber, cleare; take away lets, remove impediments.*

† Desblée: f. *Hinderance, dammage, diſadvantage by ſcarcity; alſo, corne, or a crop of corne; alſo, a ſtacke, or baſſe-thraue, of corne.*

Desbléer. *as* Desblayer.

Desbleure. la desb: ou les desbleures. *Hay, or ſtubble, whether it be made in cocks, or lie unmade up on the ground.*

Desbleyer. *as* Desblayer.

Desblouqué: m. ée: f. *Unblocked; alſo, unbuckled.*

Desblouquer. *To unblocke, or open the (blockt-up) paſſages of; alſo, to unbuckle.*

Desböeté: m. ée: f. *Unboxed, taken out of a box; put out of joint.*

Desböeter. *To unbox, or take out of a box; alſo, to put out of joint; (in which ſence it is uſed moſt.)*

Desböetüre. *A putting out of joint.*

Desboire: m. *Look* Deboire.

Desboiſté: m. ée: f. *Unboxed, out of it's right box; or as* Desböeté.

Desboiſtement. *The being out of joint.*

Desboité. *as* Desboiſté.

Desboiter. *To unbox, unjoint, take out of a box; put out of joint.*

Desbondé: m. ée: f. *Unbunged, opened, unſtopped.*

Desbonder. *To unbunge, open, unſtop; to take out the bunge, pull out the ſtopple of.*

Se desbonder. *To guſh, ruſh, or breake ſtrongly, (as water that's let) out of a pond, ſluce, or bunghole.*

Desbondonner. *as* Desbonder.

Desbord: m. *as* Desbordement.

Desbordé: m. ée: f. *Overflowne or broken (as water) out of its banks, or bounds; alſo, exceſſive, profuſe, diſordered.*

Desbordement: m. *An overflowing, ſurrounding, or breaking out, as of waters; alſo, riot, exceſſe, diſorder, ſuperfluity, profuſion.*

Se desborder. *To overflow, ſurround, run over his bankes, break out of his bounds; exceed rule, order, meaſure.*

Desborné: m. ée: f. *Unbounded; whoſe bounds are laid open.*

Desbornement: m. *An unbounding, or laying open of bounds.*

Desborner. *To unbound, lay open the bounds; pluck up, or pull downe the meers of.*

Desbort, *as* Desbordement.

† Desboſſué: m. ée: f. *Unbunched; ſmoothed, planed, plained, levelled, fallen, made flat, or without bunches.*

† Desboſſuer. *To unbunch, plane, levell, make flat, plaine, without bunches, or bunching.*

Desbouché: m. ée: f. *Opened, unſtopped; alſo, diſparked, diſincloſed; alſo, unmuffled, unmasked, whoſe mouth is uncovered.*

Vn cheval desbouché. *Ill-mouthed, of an unſetled mouth; alſo, not fitted by his bit.*

Desbouchement: m. *An unſtopping; a diſparking, an opening of incloſures.*

Desboucher. *To unſtop, open, breach; to diſparke, to breake downe hedges, or incloſures; alſo, to unmuffle, unmaske, uncover the mouth.*

Desbouclé: m. ée: f. *Unbuckled, looſe, unfaſtened.*

Desboucler. *To unbuckle, to open, to looſe.*

Desboucler vne ville. *To raiſe a ſiege, or free it from thoſe that had blocked it up.*

Desbourbé: m. ée: f. *Drawne out of the mire.*

Desbourber. *To pull out of a ſlough, or muddy puddle; to draw out of the mire.*

Desbourgeonner. *To pluck, or nip off yong buds.*

Desbourrer. *To rid of* Bourre. *Looke* Bourre.

Il commence à desbourrer: *Said of a ſtranger that begins to ſpeake tollerable French; as alſo, of one that having been kept under, and thereby lived barely, begins a little to ſtir out, and lives in a better faſhion then he did before.*

Desbours: m. *A diſburſement of money.*

Desbourſé: m. ée: f. *Diſburſed, laid out of a purſe.*

Desbourſement: m. *A diſburſing; or laying out of money.*

Desbouſcher. *Look* Desboucher.

Desboutonné. *Unbuttoned; Look* Deboutonné.

Desboutonnement: m. *An unbuttoning.*

Desboutonner. *To unbutton, or undoe a button. See* Deboutonner.

Desbraguetter. *To untie the codpiece point. Look* Debraguetter.

Desbraillé: m. ée: f. *Unbraced, unbuttoned, all open afore.*

Desbrailler. *To unbrace, or unbutton himſelfe.*

Desbranchi: m. ie: f. *Lopped, or topped; whoſe branches are cut, or pulled off.*

Desbranchir. *To top, or lop the boughes; to cut, or pluck off the branches of a tree.*

Desbraquer. *To unplant, or diſmount artillery; to wry, or diſappoint the levell thereof.*

Desbride: f. *An eare-wire; or, the wire that ſtayes the flaps, or head-piece, of a Frenchhood.*

Desbridé: m. ée: f. *Unbridled.*

Desbrider. *To unbridle.*

Desbrigandiner. *To deprive of a Brigandine; to rip, undoe, take, pull, or cut, off a Brigandine.*

Desbris. *as* Debris.

Desbriſé: m. ée: f. *Riven, cloven, torne, burſt, or ſplit aſunder.*

Desbriſement. *A riving, cleaving, burſting, or ſplitting aſunder.*

Desbriſer. Se desbriſer. *To rive, or cleave aſunder, as boards that gape. See* Debriſer.

Desbrodequiné: m. ée: f. *Whoſe buskins are drawn, or pulled off.*

Desbrodequiner. *To unbuskin, to pluck, or draw, off buskins.*

Desbrouillant. *Clearing, diſintangling.*

Desbrouillé: m. ée: f. *Diſintangled, unpeſtered; cleered.*

Desbrouillement: m. *A diſintangling; a clearing.*

Desbrouiller. *To diſintangle; rid from incombrance, winde out of trouble; alſo, to cleare, manifeſt, lighten, expell the miſt of.*

Desbuiſſonné: m. ée: f. *Rouſed, forced, or driven from a covert, or thicket.*

Debuiſſonner. *To rouſe, raiſe, drive, or force, out of a covert, or thicket.*

Desbuſqué: m. ée: f. *Parted, flit, gone roundly from; ſcudded away.*

Desbuſquer. *To part, or depart, flit, ſtir, goe roundly from, to ſcud away; to get him gone.*

Desbuté: m. ée: f. *Repelled, thruſt back, driven or put from his marke; pretences, appointments.*

Desbuter. *To repell, thruſt back, drive from his pretence, or place; to put from the marke he was, or aimed, at; to diſappoint.*

Deſcaché: m. ée: f. *Diſcovered, uncovered, unhidden, revealed, opened, brought to light.*

Deſcacher. *To uncover, diſcloſe, open, reveale, diſcover.*

Deſcaicheté: m. ée: f. *Unſealed, whoſe ſeale is burſt open.*

Deſcacheter lettres. *To unſeale, or breake open, letters.*

Deſcaillé: m. ée: f. *Uncurded, reſolved.*

Se Deſcailler. *To reſolve, uncurd, fall aſunder.*

† Deſca-

† Deſcalengé : m. ée : f. *Unarreſted, unapprehended, non inventus; alſo, diſcharged; or redelivered after a ſeiſure.*

Deſcampé: m. ée: f. *Diſcamped.*

Deſcampement : m. *A diſcamping; a raiſing or a removing of; a departing from, the camp.*

Deſcamper. *To diſcampe; to raiſe, or to remove a campe; to depart from the campe.*

Deſcapité : m ée : f. *Decapitated, beheaded.*

Deſcapiter. *To decapitate, behead, ſtrike off the head.*

Deſcapuchonné : m. ée: f *Unhooded, uncowled; uncovered, bare-headed.*

Deſcapuchonner. *To unhood, uncowle, uncover.*

Deſceinct : m. ćte ; f. *Ungirt, without a girdle.*

Deſceindre. *To ungird, unlooſe, or undoe a girdle.*

Se deſceindre, & iecter ſa ceincture à terre. *A ceremony, by which (being done in Court) a debtor gives unto his creditors the poſſeſſion of his whole eſtate; A vaſſall alſo when he prepares himſelfe to do his homage, or fealty, muſt put off his girdle, and lay by the ſword, or other weapon which he uſually weares.*

Deſceler. *To diſcover, diſcloſe, detect, bewray.*

Deſcendant. les deſcendans de. *The progeny, or off-ſpring of.*

Deſcendant. *Deſcending; alighting; going downwards.*

Qui va en deſcendant. *Steep, declining, cuclined, bowing, bending, or hanging downwards.*

Deſcendement. *as* Deſcente; *Or, a deſcending, alighting; a going, falling, lighting downe; alſo, a caſting, taking, laying downe,*

Deſcendre. *To deſcend, goe downe, come from, alight, light off, or downe; alſo, to caſt, bring, take, or lay downe; to fetch from a higher place unto a lower.*

Deſcendu : m. uë: f. *Deſcended, derived, come from; alſo, caſt, brought, let, layed, taken downe; alſo, put over, as the meat a Hawke hath eaten.*

Deſcenduë: f. *A diſcent, race, progeny, off-ſpring, linage.*

Deſcenglé : m. ée : f. *Ungirded, or ungirthed.*

Deſcengler. *To ungird, or ungirth.*

Deſcenſoire : com. *Deſcenſive, deſcending; of power, or property to deſcend.*

Deſcente : f. *A diſcent; fall; ſteep ſide of a hill, &c. alſo, a deſcending, declining, or going downe.*

† Deſceptré: m. ée. f. *Depoſed, unkinged, deprived of a (royall, or kingly) Scepter.*

† Deſcepter. *To depoſe, or put from, to bereave, or deprive of, a (kingly) Scepter.*

Deſceu. à mon deſceu. *Unwitting to me, without my knowledge.*

Deſchainé : m. ée: f. *Unchained, unfettered; looſed, or delivered from chaines; feiters; bondage.*

C'eſt vn diable deſchainé. *He is a very fury, an incarnate devill; or limme of the devill; a man would think that hel's broke looſe where he is.*

Deſchainer. *To unchaine; to looſe out of chaines; to deliver from ſlaviſh captivity.*

Deſchalandé : m. ée : f. *Out of trade, without cuſtome, or cuſtomers.*

Deſchalander. *To drive away cuſtomers; or deprive of cuſtome.*

Deſchambré : m. ée : f. *Separated, ſcattered, parted, as chamber-fellowes; alſo, driven, rouſed, or thruſt out of a lodging, or chamber.*

Deſchambrer. *To divide, ſeparate, ſcatter, diſperſe, part a company, that lived, or lay together in a chamber; alſo, to rouſe, drive, or thruſt out of a lodging, or chamber.*

Deſchampé: m. ée: f. *Unfoulded; alſo, broken out of a fould.*

† Deſchamper. *To unfould; alſo, to breake out of a fould, like unto ſheep.*

Deſchant: m. *Deſcant (of Muſicke) alſo, a Palinody, recantation, or contrary ſong to the former.*

Deſchanté : m. ée : f. *Deſcanted; alſo, recanted.*

Deſchanter. *To deſcant; alſo, to recant, or unſay what one hath formerly delivered.*

Deſchaperonné : m. ée : f. *Unhooded; capped; uncovered.*

Deſchaperonner. *To unhood, to cap, to pull off the hood, or covering of.*

Deſcharge: f. *A diſcharge; acquitance;* Quietus eſt.

Les deſcharges. *Coſts, and charges (in a ſuit.)*

Deſchargé : m. ée : f. *Diſcharged, unloaden, diſburdened.*

Deſchargé de chair. *A cleane timbred man, one that hath not too much fleſh on his back.*

Couleur deſchargée en bleu. *Neere unto a light blew, or of a light blew; light, (and ſo of other colours.)*

Deſchargement: m. *A diſcharging, unloading, eaſing, diſburdening; a cleering, or acquiting.*

Deſchargeoir: m. *A ſluce, or water-paſſage of plankes bored full of holes, whereout the ſuperfluous water of a Mill damme diſchargeth it ſelfe.*

Deſcharger. *To diſcharge, diſburden, exonerate, unload; eaſe; alſo, to cleare or acquit of, rid or deliver from, a charge; alſo, to purge, draine, evacuate, put out, or take away, ſuperfluities.*

Se deſcharger ſur vn autre. *To lay the blame which he hath deſerved upon another; to charge with a fault which hee hath committed, another; to excuſe himſelfe by accuſing of another.*

Deſcharges. les deſcharges. *Coſts and charges (in a ſuit.)*

Deſcharmé : m. ée : f. *Uncharmed, unſpelled.*

Deſcharmer. *To uncharme, unſpell, fruſtrate a charme, diſſolve a ſpell.*

Deſcharné : m. ée : f. *Lanke, ſcraggie, fleſhleſſe, dog-leane, fallen away, clean ſtarved, looking like a ghoſt, that hath nought but skinne and bone left on him.*

Deſcharner. *To take fleſh from; to make leane.*

Deſcharner les os. *To teare, cut, looſen, or divide, the fleſh from the bones.*

† Deſcharongné: m. ée: f. *Torn, rent, or plucked, as carrion, or fleſh, aſunder.*

† Deſcharongnement. *A tearing, renting, or breaking of fleſh into pieces.*

† Deſcharongner. *To teare in pieces, to rent aſunder fleſh, or carrion.*

Deſcharper. *Look* Deſcharpir.

Deſcharpi : m. ie : f. *Cleered, freed from, got rid of, Look* Charpi.

Deſcharpir la trame d'un eſcarlate : c'eſt autant que deffiler. *Or, to take off the nap thereof, to make it thread-bare.*

Ie ne me puis deſcharpir de luy. *I cannot free my ſelfe from him; I cannot rid my hands, I cannot get cleare, of him.*

Deſchaud, & Deſchault. *Bare-foot, and bare-legged.*

Deſchauſſé : m. *as* Deſchaud; *Alſo, uncovered, or opened, as a tree, at the root.*

Deſchauſſement: m. *An unſhooing.*

Deſchauſſement d'arbres. *An opening, or baring of trees at the root.*

Deſchauſſer. *To unſhooe, to pull off ſhooes; alſo, to unboſe, or draw off boſen.*

Deſchauſſer vn arbre. *To open, or bare a tree at the root.*

Deſchauſſer Bertrand. *To be whitled, cup-ſhotten, throughly drunken.*

Deſchauſſer les dents. *To bare their bottomes, to cut, or divide the gummes from about them.*

Deſchauſſoir: m. *A Fleame; the toole wherewith Barbers divide the gum from the tooth which they would draw out.*

Deſchaux. *as* Deſchaud.

Deſcheance: f. *A decay, diminution, waſt, conſumption; ruine of.*

Deſcheoir. *as* Decheoir. *To miniſh, leſſen, decay, fall away.*

Deſcherpilleur. *A notable robber, or free-booter; a famous purſe-taker.*

Deſchet: m. *as* Deſcheance; *or,* Dechet.

Deſcheu. *Fallen away, &c. as* Dechu.

Deſchevalé: m. ée: f. *Unhorſed, caſt, or tumbled from horſeback.*

Deſchevaler. *To unhorſe, to throw off horſeback.*

† Deſchevancé: m. ée: f. *Robbed, deſpoiled, beggered.*

Deſchevancer *To rob, ranſack, beggar, deprive, or deſpoile of wealth, or ſubſtance.*

† Deſchevaucé: m. ée: f. *as* Deſchevalé.

Deſchevaucher vn homme. *To throw, or tumble a man from his horſe.*

Deſchevelé. vne femme toute deſchevelée. *Diſcheveled, with all her haire diſorderly falling about her eares.*

Deſcheveler. *To diſchevell; to looſe, diſorder, ſcatter; pull the haire about the eares.*

Deſcheveſtré: m. ée; f. *Unhaltered; looſed, diſintangled.*

Deſcheveſtrer. *To unhalter, or take off the halter from; to unfetter, unpeſter, diſintangle, unty, unlooſe, undo, rid, wind out of.*

Deſchiffré: m. ée: f. *Decyphered.*

Deſchiffrer. *To decypher; expound, explane, explicate an obſcure matter, or myſtery.*

Deſchiffreur: m. *A decypherer; an expounder; unfoulder, interpeter of Cyphars; of myſticall, or dark writings.*

Deſchiqueté: m. ée; f. *Cut, ſlit, ſhred, jagged; pinked, or cut thick, ſmall, and neer together.*

Deſchiquetement: m. *A cutting, ſlitting; a jagging, mangling, or ſhredding into little pieces; a pinking, or ſmall, and thick cutting.*

Deſchiqueter. *To pinke, or cut full of ſmall holes; to jag, ſlit, mangle, flaſh, or ſhred into many ſmall peeces or parcels.*

Deſchiquoter. *as* Eſthiquoter.

Deſchirant. *Rending, tearing, diſmembring, mangling.*

Deſchiré. *Rent, torne, diſmembred, mangled, plucked in peeces, raſhed in two.*

Deſchirement: m. *A tearing, renting, diſmembring, mangling, plucking in peeces, raſhing in two.*

Deſchirer. *To teare, diſmember, mangle, rend, or pluck in peeces; to vive aſunder, to raſh in two.*

Deſchirure: f. *A teare, a rent, a violent raſh, diſmembring, rive; alſo, a tearing, rending, riving.*

De forte couſture dure des chirure; Prov. *Strong ſeames by ſturdie hands are torne aſunder.*

Deſchute: f. *A lapſe, or fall.*

† Deſcigler. *Looke* Deſtiller.

Deſcimenter. Cette Muraille ſe deſcimente. *This wall growes unmortered, or hath worne out it morter.*

Deſciré, Deſcirer, &c; *as* Deſchiré, Deſchirer, &c.

† Deſclaveté: m. ée: f. *Diſmounted, unlocked, or taken, as a Cannon from it Carriage.*

† Deſclaveter vn Canon. *To diſmount a Cannon; (properly to unlock the Carriage thereof.)*

Deſcliquer. *To let goe, let flye; rap out. See* Decliquer.

Deſclorre. *To diſparke, uncloſe; diſ-incloſe, pull downe hedges, or incloſures.*

Deſclos: m. oſe: f. *Diſparked, uncloſed, layed open, diſ-incloſed.*

Fleur deſcloſe. *A flower thats ſpred, full blowen, fully bloomed.*

Secret deſclos. *Diſcloſed, revealed, bewrayed.*

Deſclouë: m. ée: f. *Vnnayled, uncloyed.*

Deſclouër. *To unnayle, or uncloy; to looſe, pull off, draw out, a nayle.*

Deſcoché: m. ée: f. *Shot, looſed, or ſent, as an arrow out of a bow.*

Deſcocher vne fleiche. *To ſhoot; looſe, or ſend an arrow from a bow.*

Deſcoeffé: m. ée: f. *Vncoifed, unhooded, whoſe head is diſ-arrayed, or uncovered.*

Deſcoeffer. *To uncoife; to diſ-array, diſattire, unhood, uncover, the head.*

Deſcogneu: m. euë: f. *Vnknowne, not knowne, forgotten; alſo, diſ-advowed, or denyed.*

Deſcognoiſſance: f. *A not knowing, or forgetting of; alſo, a diſ-advowing, or denyall.*

Deſcognoiſtre. *To unknow, or to not know, to forget what one hath knowne; alſo, to diſ-advow, denie; take no notice of.*

Deſcoiffer. *To uncoife, or pull a coife off the head; or, as* Deſcoeffer.

Deſcolé: m. ée: f. *Vnglued.*

Deſcoler. *To unglue, to looſe, or pluck aſunder, things that are glued.*

Deſcollé: m. ée: f. *Decapitated, beheaded.*

Deſcoller. *To decapitate; behead, or cut the head off.*

Deſcoloré: m. ée: f. *Diſcoloured, or decayed in colour; that hath loſt colour; alſo, pale, bleake, wanne, lew.*

Se Deſcombatre de: *To rid his hands of, or deliver himſelfe from.*

Deſcombré: m. ée: f. *Diſ-incombred; unpeſtered; cleared of; rid, or freed from; alſo, warranted (in law.)*

Deſcombrement: m. *A diſ-incombring, or unpeſtering; alſo, a warranting (in law.)*

Deſcombrer. *To diſ-incomber, or unpeſter; to rid, free, deliver from, cleare of, incombrances; alſo, to warrant (in law.)*

† Deſcombres: f. *The ruines of decayed, the rubbiſh of down-fallen buildings; alſo, a clearing of a ground, &c. from them.*

Deſcompt: m. *An accompt given for things received; a back-reckoning.*

Deſcompter. *To accompt (for the profits of land &c. received) to accompt back, or make a back-reckoning.*

Deſconfire. *To diſcomfit, vanquiſh, defeat; ruine.*

Deſconfiture: f. *A defeature, overthrow, diſcomfiture; alſo, a diſtribution, or equall ſharing of a bankrupts goods among all his creditors, as farre as they will goe, whence;*

Payer par deſconfiture. *A debtor bankrupt, or decayed, to pay his creditors after ſome ſuch ſmall rate as 12 pence in the pound.*

Deſconfit. *Defeated, diſcomfited, vanquiſhed, overthrowne.*

Deſconfort: m. *Diſcomfort; ſadneſſe, penſiveneſſe, heavineſſe of heart; griefe, that will not admit, or cannot taſte, of comfort.*

Deſconforté: m. ée: f. *Diſcomforted, diſconſolated; moſt heavie, ſad, penſive; much out of heart.*

Se Deſconforter. *To be diſcomforted; moſt heavie, ſad, penſive; to be much out of heart.*

Deſconſeillé: m. ée: f. *Diſ-counſelled, diſſuaded from, adviſed to the contrarie of; alſo, uncounſelled, void of counſell, wanting advice.*

Deſconſeiller. *To diſ-counſell, diſſuade, debart, adviſe unto the contrarie.*

Deſconſeilleur. *A diſſuader, debarter; a counſellor, or adviſer, to the contrarie.*

Deſconſolé: m. ée: f. *Comfortleſſe, diſcomforted.*

Deſconſoler. *To diſcomfort, ſadden, grieve; to make or leave deſolate.*

Deſcontenancé: m. ée: f. *Abaſhed, put out of countenance.*

Geſtes ſols, & deſcontenancez. *Vncomely, ungracefull, ill-favoured, geſtures.*

Deſconvenuë: f. *Griefe, ſorrow, trouble, diſcomfort; misfortune, inconvenience.*

Deſcordant. *Vntwiſting, undoing, looſing a cord, or ſtring.*

Deſcordelé. *Vntwiſted, untwined.*

Deſcordeler. *To untwiſt a cord, or ſtring.*

Deſcorder en chantant. *as* Deſaccorder; *To jarre.*

Deſcorder vne corde. *To undoe, or untwiſt, a cord.*

Deſcouché: m. ée: f. *Gotten up, riſen out of bed; alſo, lyen from; alſo, diſ-lodged, or put from his lodging.*

Deſcoucher. *To lye from, alſo to diſ-lodge; to deprive of, or put beſide, his lodging.*

Se Deſcoucher. *To get up, to riſe out of bed.*

Deſcoudre. *To unſowe, undoe ſtitches, rip or breake open ſtitched things.*

Deſcouler. *To ſlide, or ſlip away, to glide along; See* Decouler.

Deſcoulouré: m. ée: f. *Diſcoloured, diſtained; growne pale, wanne, lew; that hath loſt it colour, or hue.*

Deſcoulourement: m. *A diſcolouring, or diſtaining; a loſing, or taking away, of colour.*

Deſcoulourer. *To diſcolour, or diſtaine; to make pale, wanne, lew; to take away the hue of.*

† Deſcoulpé: m. ée: f. *Diſcharged; cleared, purged, rid of an imputation, delivered from blame.*

† Deſcoulper. *To diſcharge, cleare, purge, rid of an imputation, free from blame.*

Deſcoupé. *Looke* Decoupé.

Deſcouple: m. *The uncoupling of hounds, or looſing them after their game.*

Deſcouplé: m. ée: f. *Vncoupled.*

Deſcoupler. *To uncouple; to looſe, or let goe, out of couples.*

† Deſcourable: com. *Slipperie, ſlitting; eaſily eſcaping from the place it was put in.*

Deſcouragé: m. ée: f. *Diſcouraged, amated, made heartleſſe, in deſpaire, out of conceit with his owne fortune, or valour.*

Deſcourager. *To diſcourage, unhearten, feare, frighten, ayall, put into doubt, drive out of heart, bring out of conceit, with his owne fortune, or worth.*

Deſcouronné: m. ée: f. *Vncrowned, put from a crowne.*

Deſcouronner. *To uncrowne; deprive of a crowne; diſpoſſeſſe of a Diadem.*

Deſcourtoiſie: f. *Diſcourteſie, want of courteſie; Looke* Diſcourtoiſie.

Deſcouſeur: m. *A ripper, unſower; undoer of.*

Deſcouſu: m. uë: f. *Ripped, unſowed; undone.*

Eſtre tout deſcouſu (apres la colere.) *To be as calme as a (ſtanding) clock; to have no metall, ſpirit, wiger, in him; to be as good as nobody.*

Deſcouſure: f. *A ripping, unſowing, undoing of.*

Deſcouvert: m. erte: f. *Diſcovered; uncovered; detected, diſclosed; expoſed unto the worlds view; open, evident, manifeſt, apparent, without any cloake, pretext, or colour; alſo, deſcryed, or diſcerned a farre off.*

A deſcouvert. *Manifeſtly, openly, evidently, apparently, in the view of all men, abroad in the ayre, without doores.*

Il a deſcouvert le paſté. *Looke* Paſté.

Deſcouverte: f. *A diſcoverie, detection, diſcloſure, denudation; a deſcrying, diſcerning, perceiving, or ſpying out of.*

Deſcouvrement: m. *A diſcovering, uncovering, detecting, diſcloſing; a deſcrying, diſcerning, or perceiving a farre off.*

Deſcouvreur: m. *A diſcoverer; detector, diſcloſer; a ſcout, an eſpiall.*

Deſcouvrir. *To diſcover; to uncover, unhill, denude, lay naked, make bare; to diſcloſe, detect, manifeſt, open, lay open, expoſe unto the worlds view; alſo, to deſcrie, diſcerne, perceive a farre off.*

Deſcouvrir la meiche. *To vent (and avoid) a deadly miſchiefe; Looke* Meiche.

Deſcouvrir Sainct Pierre pour couvrir Sainct Paul. *To rob, or borrow of, one, therewith to inrich, or pay, another.*

Deſ-

Deſcraſsé : m. ée : f. *Cleanſed, made cleane, cleered, of greaſe, or greaſineſſe ; rid from filthy, or ſlovenly ordure ; the thicke-growne durt whereof is gotten out.*

Deſcraſſer. *To cleanſe, make cleane, wipe away greaſie filth, get out thick-growne durt, rid from ſlovenly ordure.*

Deſcri. *as* Deſcrit.

Deſcrié: m. ée: f. *cried downe, called in ; as naughty, or falſe, money ; alſo, diſcredited, whoſe credit is broken, or cracke; openly defamed, in diſgrace with the publique.*

Deſcriement : m. *A crying downe, or calling in ; alſo, an open diſcrediting, publique diſgracing, or diſparaging.*

Deſcrier. *To crie downe, or call in, uncurrent, or naughty coine ; alſo, publiquely to diſcredit, diſparage, diſgrace ; to publiſh the faults, divulge the imperfections, blaze the wants, proclame the defects, of.*

On le deſcrie comme la vieille monnoye. *He hath a very bad report among the people ; his credit is wholly cracke, fame blemiſhed, reputation loſt.*

Deſcripc: m. ipte: f. *Deſcribed, ſet downe, or declared.*

Deſcription: f. *A deſcription.*

Deſcrire. *To deſcribe ; ſet downe, or declare.*

Deſcrit de monnoyé : m. *The calling in of money.*

Deſcroché: m. ée: f. *Unhooked, looſed, undone.*

Anere leuée, & deſcrochée. *Weighed, pulled up.*

Deſcrocher. *To unhooke, to undoe, or looſen a hooke ; to ſhake, or pull a thing off a hook.*

Deſcrocheter. *as* Deſcrocher.

Deſcroire. *To diſcredit ; or, to give no credit unto ; not to believe.*

Deſcroisé: m. ée: f. *Uncroſſed, ſet ſtraight.*

Deſcroiſer. *To uncroſſe ; to open, divide, lay, or ſet ſtraight a thing which ſtands acroſſe.*

Deſcroiſſement: m. *A decreaſing; miniſhing; leſſening, waning.*

Deſcroiſtre. *To decreaſe, diminiſh, wane, wax leſſe, weare away.*

Deſcroté : m. ée : f. *Rubbed off, ſcoured out, wiped away, as durt, &c.*

Deſcroter. *To rub off, ſcoure out, wipe away, durt.*

Deſcroteur: m. *A rubber, or maker cleane of cloathes ; alſo, one that rubs on, or runs over, things.*

Deſcrotoire: f. *A rubbing-brush.*

Deſcroulé : m, ée : f. *Shaken aſunder.*

Deſcrouler. *To ſhake aſunder.*

Deſcroyant. *Diſtruſting, misbelieving, not believing.*

Deſcuire. *To unſeeth ; or leave ſeething.*

Deſcuvé : m. ée : f. *Turned, or taken out of a fat, or tub.*

Deſcuver. *To take out of a fat, or tub.*

Deſdaignable : com. *Diſdainable, contemptible, deſpiſeable.*

Deſdaigné : m. ée: f. *Diſdained, ſcorned, contemned, deſpiſed.*

Deſdaignement: m. *A diſdaining, deſpiſing, ſcorning, contemning.*

Diſdaigner. *To diſdaine, deſpiſe, contemne, ſcorne, loath, not to vouchſafe ; to make vile account of.*

Deſdaigneur : m. *A diſdainer, ſcorner, contemner, deſpiſer.*

Deſdaigneuſement. *Diſdainfully, ſcornfully, contemptibly ; proudly, coily, ſqueamiſhly.*

Deſdaigneux: m. euſe: f. *Diſdainfull, ſcornfull, coy, ſqueamiſh.*

Deſdaing : m. *Diſdaine, ſcorne, contempt ; coineſſe, proud ſqueamiſhneſſe; hautineſſe; deſpight; moodineſſe.*

Deſdamer. *To unlady; to deny a Lady her due title, or ſtile; to deprive her of the title, or ſtile of Lady ; alſo, to take a man at Tables, a Queen at Draughts.*

† Deſdetté : m. ée : f. *Rid out of debt, ſet cleere aboord.*

† Deſdetter. *To rid out of debt.*

Deſdict: m. icte: f. *Unſayed, recanted, revoked ; contradicted ; forbidden.*

Deſdié: m. ée : f. *Dedicated; given, or devoted unto ; deſtined, purpoſed, reſerved for.*

Deſdiement : m. *A dedicating, devoting ; deſtining unto ; reſerving, or purpoſing for.*

Deſdier. *To dedicate, give, or devote unto; to deſtine, reſerve, or purpoſe for.*

Se Deſdire. *To unſay, recant, retract, revoke ; forbid ; contradict himſelfe, goe from his words.*

Deſdommage. *as* Deſdommagement.

Deſdommagé: m. ée: f. *Indemnified, ſaved harmeleſſe ; diſcharged.*

Deſdommagement : m. *An indemnity, or indemnifying ; a ſaving harmeleſſe ; an amends-making.*

Deſdommager. *To indemnify, ſave harmeleſſe ; diſcharge ; make an amends unto.*

Deſdoré : m. ée : f. *Ungilt; or whoſe gilding is worne off.*

Deſdorer. *To ungild ; to take the gold off.*

† Deſdormi. *Awaked ; rouſed, raiſed from ſleeping.*

Les mains deſdormies. *Unaſtonied, unbenummed hands.*

† Deſdormir. *To awake, rouſe, raiſe from ſleep ; to quicken, unbenumme, take away the drouſineſſe of.*

† Deſdormiſſement: m. *An awaking, rowſing, raiſing from ſleep ; a quickning, or unbenumming.*

Deſdoublé : m. ée : f. *Unlined, whoſe linings are taken out.*

Deſdoubler. *To unline, or take the linings out of a garment.*

† Deſdouloir. *To leave off ſorrow, to ſurceaſe from mourning.*

Deſduict: m. icte : f. *Diſcourſed, handled, intreated, dilated of.*

Deſduire vn poinct. *To handle, intreat, dilate, or diſcourſe of a point. See* Deduit.

Deſduit. m. *Sport, paſtime, recreation, delight.*

Deſduite: f. *A Diſcourſe ; the handling of a matter; alſo, as* Deduite.

Deſembarqué: m. ée: f. *Diſimbarked.*

Deſembarquement: m. *A diſimbarking.*

Deſembarquer. *To diſimbarke, or unload a ſhip ; alſo, to land, or go aſhore out of a ſhip, &c.*

Deſembarraſsé: m. ée : f. *Diſintangled, unpeſtered.*

Deſembarraſſer. *To unpeſter, diſintangle ; rid from intricateneſſe, or troubles.*

Deſembellir. *To diſimbelliſh, diſfigure, impaire the beauty of.*

Deſembroché : m. ée: f. *Unbroached, unſpitted.*

Deſembrocher. *To unbroach, unſpit ; pull off the broach, or ſpit.*

Deſembuſché: m. ée: f. *Riſen from an Ambuſcadoe; gone, or gotten from among buſhes.*

Deſembuſcher : m. *The place, or part of a Thicket, whereout wild beaſts uſe to goe into the Plaines.*

Se Deſembuſcher. *To riſe from an Ambuſcadoe; to ruſh up from among buſhes ; to goe out of a thicket into plaine ground.*

Deſemmuré: m. ée : f. *Diſimmured, taken out of a wall wherein it was incloſed ; alſo, unwalled ; or whoſe walls are taken downe.*

Deſemmurer. *To take a thing out of a wall wherein it was incloſed; alſo, to unwall, or take downe the wals of.*

Deſempacqueté : m. ée : f. *Unpacked; taken out of a pack, or packet.*

Deſempacqueter. *To unpack, to unlooſe a pack ; to take out of a pack, or packet.*

Deſemparable. *Partable, ſeverable, ſeparable ; deprivable ; abandonable ; diſorderable.*

Deſemparé : m. ée: f. *Diſſeiſed, deprived, diſpoſſeſſed of ; alſo, divided, parted, ſevered, ſeperated ; alſo, left, quit, abandoned; alſo, diſordered, unſorted.*

Deſemparement: m. *A diſſeiſing, depriving, diſpoſſeſſing ; a diſſeiſin ; a leaving, quitting, abandoning ; a looſing, or letting go, the poſſeſſion of ; alſo, a ſevering, parting, ſeparating ; alſo, a diſordering, or unſorting of.*

Deſemparer. *To diſſeiſe, deprive, diſpoſſeſſe off ; alſo, to ſever, divide, part, put aſunder ; alſo, to diſorder, or unſort what lay in order : alſo, to leave, quit, abandon.*

Se deſemparer. *To looſe, leave, or let go the poſſeſſion of a thing ; alſo, to be gone; to quit, or abandon a place.*

Deſempartement. *A diviſion, ſeparation ; a dividing, or departing from.*

Deſempenné: m. ée: f. *Unfeathered, whoſe feathers are pulled off.*

Deſempenner. *To unfeather ; to pull the feathers off an arrow, &c.*

Deſempeſché: m. ée: f. *Diſimpeached, cleered, diſincombered.*

Deſempeſcher. *To diſimpeach, diſincomber, cleere.*

Deſempeſtré: m. ée: f. *cleered, freed, unpeſtered, diſintangled.*

Deſempeſtrer. *To unpeſter, cleer, untangle, free, deliver from intricacy.*

Deſempli: m. ie: f. *Emptied, or unfilled.*

Deſemplir. *To empty, or unfill ; to lade, or ſhift out of one thing into another.*

Deſemplumé : m. ée : f. *Plumed; whoſe plumes are plucked, feathers pulled.*

Deſemplumer. *To plume; to pull his plumes, to pluck his feathers off.*

Deſempriſonné : m. ée : f. *Diſimpriſoned ; freed, ſet at liberty, delivered out of priſon.*

Se Deſempriſonner. *To free, or deliver himſelf ; to ſet himſelfe at liberty, or get himſelfe out of priſon.*

Deſenchainé : m. ée: f. *Unchained, or looſed from chaines.*

Deſen-

Deſenchainer. *To unchayne, to looſe from chayns.*
Deſenchanté : m. ée : f. *Diſ-inchanted.*
Deſenchanter. *To diſ-inchant ; to rid from charmes, or inchantments.*
Deſencloué : m. ée : f. *Unnayled ; uncloyed.*
Deſencloüer. *To unnayle ; to uncloy ; to take the nayles out of ; alſo, to eaſe a horſe that hath beene prickt in ſhooing.*
† Deſencordé. *Uncorded, unſtrung.*
† Deſencoulpé : m. ée : f. *Purged, or diſcharged from blame.*
† Deſencoulper. *To diſcharge from blame.*
Deſendetté : m. ée : f. *Rid out of debt.*
Deſendetter. *To bring out of debt.*
Deſendormir. *as* Deſdormir.
Deſendormiſſement. *as* Deſdormiſſement.
† Deſenduire. *To undawbe ; to bare, to pull the dawbing off ; to diſcover whats under a dawbing.*
Deſenflé : m. ée : f. *Unſwelled ; whoſe ſwelling is abated, or aſſwaged.*
Se Deſenfler. *To unſwell ; to aſſwage, fall, or wax leſſe, after ſwelling.*
Deſenforgé : m. ée : f. *Diſ-inforged.*
Deſenfourné : m. ée : f. *Drawne, or taken, out of an Oven.*
Deſenfourner. *To draw, or take, out of an Oven.*
Se Deſenfrongner. *To looke chearefully, to leave frowning.*
Deſengagé : m. ée : f. *Diſ-ingaged, redeemed.*
Deſengager. *To diſ-ingage, ungage, redeeme.*
† Deſengeancé : m. ée : f. *The race whereof is extinguiſhed.*
† Deſengeancer. *To ruine, or extinguiſh the race of.*
† Deſengé : m. ée : f. *Extirpated, or deſtroyed, as a noyſome plant.*
† Deſenger. *To root up, to pluck up by the root ; to deſtroy an evill impe, a noyſome plant.*
Deſengigné : m. ée : f. *Diſ-inchanted, delivered from inchantments.*
Deſengourdi : m. ie : f. *Unbenummed, awaked, reſtored from ſleepineſſe, or clumpſineſſe, to ſence.*
Deſengroſſir. *A full-bellied woman to miſcarry.*
† Deſenhorté : m. ée : f. *Deborted, diſſwaded.*
† Deſenhorter. *To debort, diſſwade, adviſe to the contrarie of.*
† Deſenhorteur : m. *A deborter, diſſwader.*
† Deſennuyance : f. *Paſtime, ſporting, driving away of time, or of trouble.*
Deſennuyé : m. ée : f. *Cheared up, delivered from heavineſſe, irkſomeneſſe, carke, or care.*
Deſennuyer. *To expell wearineſſe, or tediouſneſſe ; to drive away heavineſſe, carke, or care.*
Deſenrouillé : m. ée : f. *Skoured ſurbuſhed, or cleanſed from ruſt.*
Deſenrouiller. *To skoure, ſurbuſh, or take the ruſt from.*
Deſenroule : m. ée : f. *Caſſed, put from his wages, raſed out of the roule, or liſt of ; alſo, unrouled, unfoulded.*
Deſenrouler. *To unfold, or unroule ; as* Deſrouler ; *alſo, to caſſe, diſcharge, put out of the roule, or liſt of.*
Deſenſeigner. *To unteach, or teach otherwiſe then was taught before.*
Deſenſeveli : m. ie : f. *Unburied, taken out of the grave.*
Deſenſevelir. *To unburie, to take out of a grave.*
Deſenſorcelé : m. ée : f. *Unbewitched, exorciſed.*
Deſenſorceler. *To unbewitch, exorciſe, rid from ſorcerie.*
Deſentaſſé : m. ée : f. *Unheaped ; taken off a heape.*
Deſentaſſer. *To unheape, unload ; take off a heape, or load.*
Deſenterré : m. ée : f. *Diſ-interred, unburied.*
Deſenterrer. *To unburie, to take out of the earth againe.*
Deſentortillé : m. ée : f. *Untwiſted, unwrithen, unwoven.*
Deſentourner. *To turne, or wind off, to take from about.*
Deſentraillé : m. ée : f. *Paunched, bowelled.*
Deſentrailler. *To paunch, to bowell, or unbowell ; to draw.*
Deſenvelopper. *as* Deſveloper.
Deſenyvré : m. ée : f. *Made, or become ſober, (after drunkenneſſe.)*
Deſenyvrer. *To rid from drunkenneſſe, to make ſober againe.*
† Deſequé. *as* Deſequé.
Deſert : m. *A Deſart, a Wilderneſſe, a place unfrequented, or abandoned of inhabitants.*
Deſert. *as* Deſerté.
Appel deſert. *An appeale made before the time, or unfitly, and out of time ; or, an appeale neither begun, nor followed, as it ought to have beene.*
Deſerte : f. *Deſert, merit ; Sans deſerte. Undeſervedly.*
Deſerté : m. ée : f. *Forſaken, deſolate, deſart, unhabited, abandoned of all men.*
Deſerter. *To make deſart ; to ruine a whole nation ; of an inhabited place to make an uninhabited Wilderneſſe.*
Deſerteur : m. *A forſaker, ſtragler, fugitive ; run-away ; one that abandoneth his friend, cauſe, or country.*
Deſertion : f. *A leaving, abandoning, forſaking.*
Deſertion d'appel. *An unfit, undue, or untimely appealing ; an appeale unſeaſonably begun, and unorderly followed ; alſo, a faſling in, or giving over of, an appeale.*
Deſertion de cauſe. *A Nonſuit, or letting fall of a Suit.*
Deſervice. *Diſ-ſervice, a diſpleaſure, ill office, bad turne.*
Deſervi : m. ie : f. *Deſerved, merited ; earned.*
Deſervir. *To deſerve, to earne, or merit ; (whether it be well or ill.)*
Deſervir ſus table. *To take away.* Ste Deſſervir.
Deſeſperable : com. *Deſpairable, unhopefull.*
Deſeſperade : f. *A kind of mournfull ſong.*
Iouër à la deſeſparade. *To ſet his whole reſt, or ſet all on ſixes, and ſevens ; to throw at all.*
Deſeſperance : f. *Deſperateneſſe, deſpaire.*
Deſeſperément. *Deſperately, hopeleſly, in deſperation, without any hope of helpe, or of ſucceſſe.*
Deſeſperer. *To deſpaire ; to be in deſpaire, or without hope.*
Deſeſpoir : m. *Deſpaire, deſperation.*
Deſeſtimé : m. ée : f. *Diſ-eſteemed, neglected, ſet naught by.*
Deſeſtimer. *To diſ-eſteeme, neglect, contemne, ſet naught by, make no reckoning of.*
Deſeſtouffé : m. ée : f. *Vnſtuffed, emptied, evacuated.*
Deſeſtouffer. *To emptie, evacuate, unſtuffe.*
Deſeſtourdi : m. ie : f. *Vnamaſed, recovered of, roused from, aſtoniſhment.*
Deſeſtourdir. *To recover of, or to rouſe from, an aſtoniſhment.*
Desfacer. *as* Eſtacer.
Desfacher. *Looke* Desfaſcher.
Desfacilé : m. ée : f. *Put out of joynt.* ¶ Rab.
Desfaict : m. ćte : f. *Vndone, broken ; defeated, diſcomfited, overcome ; ruined, deſtroyed, overthrowne.*
Vn vilage desfaict. *Growne very leane, pale, wan ; or, decayed in feature, and colour.*
Desfaicte : f. *A defeat, or defeature ; a diſcomfiture, or overthrow ; alſo, a ſhift, excuſe, evaſion, avoidance ; (Looke* Defaitte) *alſo, a riddance, diſpatch, clearing the hands of, puting off.*
Il ſçait ſes desfaictes. *He is a very cunning Merchant, he will make ſhift for one.*
Desfaire. *To undoe ; break, defeat, diſcomfit, overcome, ruine, deſtroy, overthrow.*
Desfaire vn cerf. *To breake up a red Deere.*
Se Desfaire de. *To rid, or deliver himſelfe from ; to quit himſelfe, to diſpatch, or cleare his hands of.*
Se desfaire ſoy meſme. *To murther, or make away himſelfe ; to lay violent hands on himſelfe.*
Aſſez faict qui s'en desfaict ; Prov. *He does enough that rids himſelfe of (a whore.)*
Desfait, & Desfaitte. *as* Desfaict, & Desfaicte.
Desfarouché : m. ée : f. *Reclaymed, made gentle, tamed.*
Desfaroucher. *To make gentle, to reclayme, or tame.*
Desfaſché : m. ée : f. *Appeaſed, quieted, almed ; eaſed, comforted, lightned at the heart.*
Desfaſcher. *To appeaſe, quiet ; eaſe, comfort, lighten the heart ; to take away loathing, or irkſomeneſſe.*
Desfaveur. *Diſavour, want, or loſſe, of favour.*
Desfavorisé : m. ée : f. *Diſavoured, out of favour with.*
Desfavoriſer. *To diſavour, not to favour ; to withdraw his favour from, to baniſh from his favour.*
Desfermé : m. ée : f. *Vnſhut, layed open, diſcloſed ; diſcovered.*
Desfermer. *To unſhut, lay open, diſcloſe ; diſcover.*
† Desferre : f. *An old ſuit of apparrell, caſt clothes ; alſo, as* Diſferre ; *alſo, an intangled, and unprofitable buſineſſe ; alſo, a ſhift, or ſhifting.*
Ces gens ſont de faſcheuſe desferre. *Theſe are unruly, ſtubborne, obſtinate, froward people ; they are ill to be governed, hard to be pleaſed.*

Desferré. *Unshod, or having cast his shooes, as a horse; also, weakned, or deprived of his best helpes; of rich become poore.*

Desferre-cheval. *The small pulse, or Hatchet Fetch, called Horse-shoe.*

Desferrer vn cheval. *To unshooe a horse.*

Desferrer l'asne. *To rid the wild Mare.*

Se desferrer. *To contradict (and thereby betray) himself; also, to cast, or lose his shooes, as a horse.*

De fi: m. *as* Defi; *a challenge, or hostile defiance.*

Desfiance: f. *A diffidence, or mistrust.*

Desfiant. *Distrusting; despairing in; mistrustfull; also, defying.*

Desfiché: m. ée: f. *Loosed, unfixed, unfastned.*

Desficher. *To loose, unfix, unfasten, unsettle.*

Desfiement: m. *A defying; also, a distrusting.*

Desfier. *To defy, to challenge unto the combat.*

Se desfier. *To distrust; or to dispaire.*

Se desfier l'vn de l'autre comme aveugles. *To mistrust, like two blind men, one another.*

Desfigurer. *See* Defigurer.

Desfilé: m. ée: f. *Untwisted; unwoven; ravelled, disordered.*

Soye desfilée. *Sleve silke.*

Desfiler. *To untwist, untwine, unweave, loose, ravell; also, to unranke, disorder; put off a file.*

Desfinancé: m. ée: f. *Deprived, unfurnished, drained, of treasure.*

† Desflammé: m. ée: f. *Quenched, extinguished, put out, as a flame.*

† Desflammer. *To quench, extinguish, put out the flame.*

Desfleurer. *To deflowre; See* Defleurer.

Desfleuri: m. ie: f. *Whose flowers are cast, or shed.*

Desfleurir. *as* Defleurir.

Desfoncé: m. ée: f. *Knocked out, broken open, as the head of Caske.*

Desfoncer vn vaisseau. *To knock out the head, or bottome of a vessell.*

Desfonser. *as* Destoncer.

† Desfortune: m. *Misfortune, misadventure, mishap.*

Desfortuné: m. ée: f. *Unlucky, unhappy, unfortunate.*

Desfouï: m. ie: f. *Digged out.*

Desfouïr. *To dig out.*

Desfrais, à frais & desfrais. *Defraying, or freeing of charges.*

Desfrayé: m. ée: f. *Defrayed, discharged, whose charges are borne.*

Desfrayer. *To defray, discharge, or beare the charges of.*

Desfriché. *as* Defriché.

Desfrichement. *as* Defrichement.

Desfricher. *To grub, shrub, rid the ground from rootes, bushes, &c. Looke* Defricher.

Desfroissé: m. ée: f. *Crushed in pieces.*

Desfroncé: m. ée: f. *Unwrinckled, smoothed; cleered, or cheered up.*

Desfroncer son visage. *To look merrily; to cleer, unclowd, or unwrinckle his visage, to shew a cheerfull countenance.*

Desfrongner. *as* Desfroncer, *or* Desenfrongner.

Desfroquer. *as* Defroquer.

Se Desfroquer. *To renounce, or abandon his Monkish habit, as* Luther *did.*

Desfroy: m. *A defraying, or bearing of charges.*

Desfuite: f. *An excuse, evasion, starting-hole, shift, cavill.*

Desfulé: m. ée: f. *Uncapped, unmitred, uncovered, bare headed.*

Desfuler. Se Desfuler. *To put off his cap, hat, or miter; to be uncovered, or stand bare headed before.*

Desgagé: m. ée: f. *Ungaged, disingaged, redeemed.*

Desgagement. *An ungaging, disingaging; a redeeming, or fetching out of a gage.*

Desgager. *To ungage, disingage, redeeme; fetch out a gage, or pledge.*

Desgageur: m. *A disingager, or redeemer.*

Desgaine: f. *An unsheathing, or drawing out, of a weapon.*

Il y marcha bien d'un'autre desgaine. *He proceeded in a farre quicker fashion; he went about it with another manner of resolution.*

Desgainé: m. ée: f. *Unsheathed, drawne out of the sheath.*

Desgainée, & Desgainement. *as* Desgaine; *a drawing forth of the scabberd.*

Desgainer. *To unsheath; to draw out of the scabberd, or sheath.*

Desgainnade: f. *An unsheathing, or drawing of weapons; also, a hackering wherein edged tooles are vsed; also, a Purchase made, or Prize taken, by theeves, or pyrats.*

Desgarni: m. ie: f. *Disgarnished, unfurnished of.*

Desgarnir, *To disgarnish, unfurnish, deprive of, take away from.*

Desgarnir la terre. *A vassall to transport his moveables, or commodities out of his Lords territory.*

Desgaroté: m. ée: f. *Unbound, unloosed, unfettered, untied, delivered from bands; also, torn, ragged, tattered; whence;*

Vn vallet desgarote. *A Raggamuffian; and we say, when the toes, or knees peep out, they have broken loose, or broken prison.*

Desgasté: m. ée: t. *as* Degasté.

Desgaste-pares. *Fould-ravaging, park-wasting.*

Desgaster. *To waste, spoyle, make havock of, bring losse unto.*

Desgelé: m. ée: f. *Thawed, melted, resolved.*

Se Desgeler. *To resolve, melt, thaw.*

Desgister vn lieure. *To put a Hare off her forme.*

Desglacé: m. ée: f. *Thawed; the ice whereof is melted.*

Desglacer. *To thaw, or take the ice off; to make warme.*

Desglouti: m. ie: f. *Gulped, or swallowed downe.*

Desgloutir. *To gulpe, or swallow down.*

Desgloué: m. ée: t. *Unglued; loosed; severed.*

Desgluer. *To unglue, to loose, to sunder, to sever.*

Desgobillé: m. ée: *Spued, cast, vomited out; also, as* Desgozillé.

Desgobiller. *To spue, cast, or vomit.*

Desgofiller. *To rob.*

Desgonder. *Looke* Degonder.

Desgorgé: m. ée: f. *Disgorged, spued, vomited out; emptied, evacuated, voided; also, scowred, or cleansed from grease, &c. by fulling.*

Desgorgement. *A disgorging, vomiting, spuing, casting; an emptying, evacuating.*

Le desgorgement d'vn lac. *The mouth, or issue of a lake that's nourished by a Spring.*

Desgorger. *To disgorge, vomit, spue out, cast his gorge, unburthen his stomack; to void, evacuate, empty; also, to scoure, or take out grease, &c. by fulling.*

Desgouler. *To vomit, spue, cast, or put out of, the throat.*

Desgourdi: m. ie: f. *Unbenummed; supplied; made nimble, gentle, pliant; also, dispatched, rid out of the way.*

Desgourdir. *To unbenumme; to quicken, revive, resolve a thing that is benummed, or stiffe with cold; also, to supple; to make, or wax nimble, gentle, pliant; also, to rid, or dispatch out of the way.*

Desgourmé: m. ée: f. *Uncurbed.*

Desgourmer vn cheval. *To uncurbe a horse.*

Desgoust: m. *as* Degout.

Desgousté. *Tastlesse, distastfull, without stomack; nice, dainty, disdainfull, wayward, froward; loathing every thing, pleased with nothing; out of the humour with, having no mind unto.*

Desgoustement: m. *A distasting, loathing, abhorring of meats; also, the strange lusting, or longing of women.*

Desgouster. *To distaste, loath; dislike, abhorre; be out of humour with, have no mind, nor maw unto.*

Desgouziller. *To gulpe, or swill up, to swallow downe.*

Desgozillé. *Whose throat is cut.*

Desgradé: m. ée: f. *Degraded, deposed, put from a place, or degree.*

Desgrader. *To degrade, or depose; to deprive of, or put from, a place, or degree.*

Degraté: m. ée: f. *Unclasped, ungrapled, unhooked, loosed from.*

Desgrafer. *To ungraple, unclaspe, unhook, loose, or sunder, things that are grapled.*

Desgraissé: m. ée: f. *Unfatned, made leane; also, cleansed, purged, ungreased, rid of grease; also, rifled.*

Desgraisser. *To unfatten; ungrease; rid of fat; purge from grease; make leane, or cleane; also, to rifle.*

Terre à desgraisser. *Fullers earth.*

Desgrapher. *as* Desgrafer.

Desgravir. *To fetch, or throw, downe a climbing thing.*

Desgresté, & Desgresser. *as* Desgraissé, & Desgraisser.

Desgrossé: m. ée: f. *Lessened, subtilized, made small, fine, or lesse grosse; also, polished, refined, made handsome, brought into fashion.*

Desgrosser. *To lessen, ungreaten, subtilize, make small, fine, or lesse grosse; also, to polish, refine, make handsome, bring into fashion.*

Desgrossir. *as* Desgrosser.

† Desguerpir. *Look* Deguerpir.

† Desguerpissement: m. *A quitting, leaving, abandoning, forgoing, giving over of.*

† Desguerpisseur: m. *as* Deguerpisseur.

† Desguerpy: m. ie: f. *Quit, left, abandoned, forgone, yielded up, given over.*

Desguilleté: m. ée: f. *Untrussed; or whose hose are deprived of their points.*

Desguilletter. *To untrusse, unty, or undoe points; also, to take points from.*

Desguin-

Deſguinde : m. ée : f. *Let downe, or let fall, from the height it was lift up unto.*

Deſguinder. *To let downe, or let fall (a thing) from the height it was lift up unto.*

Deſguiſé : m. ée : f. *Diſguiſed, diſſembled, feigned, counterfeited; adulterated, falſified, ſophiſticated.*

Deſguiſement : m. *A diſguiſing; a diſſembling, counterfeiting, feigning; a falſifying, adulterating, ſophiſticating.*

Deſguiſer. *To diſguiſe; to counterfeit, or ſet a falſe coat or gloſſe on; to alter, adulterate, falſifie, ſophiſticate.*

Se deſguiſer. *To feigne, diſſemble, counterfeit, be double, falſe, hollow-hearted; ſay one thing, and meane another.*

Deſguiſeure : f. *as* Deguiſement.

Deshabillé : m. ée : f. *Diſ-arrayed, unclothed.*

Deshabiller. *To diſ-array, uncloth, make unreadie; put, or take off clothes.*

Deshabité. *Diſ-inhabited, without inhabitants.*

Deshabiter. *To diſ-inhabitate, or deprive of inhabitants.*

† Deshaict : m. *Sadneſſe, heavineſſe, penſiveneſſe; diſquiet.*

† Deshait. *as* Deshaict.

† Deshaité : m. ée : f. *Sad, grieved, penſive, heavie-hearted, deprived of joy, devoid of gladneſſe; alſo, craſie, ſickly, unhealthfull.*

Tu m'as deshaité. *Thou haſt turned my joy into ſadneſſe.*

† Deshaitement : m. *Unhealthfulneſſe, infirmitie, ſadneſſe, penſiveneſſe.*

Deshalé de famine. *Pined, withered, worne away through hunger; ſtarved.*

Vn cheval deshalé. *Out of heart; haled, or tyred out.*

Deshanché : m. ée : f. *Whoſe hanches are broken, or put out of joynt.*

Deshancher. *To breake, or put out of joynt, the hips, or hanches.*

Deshanté : m. ée : f. *Diſuſed, or not haunted as in former times; alſo, whoſe handle, or ſtaffe, is broken, or taken from it.*

Deshanter. *To forbeare his haunt; to leave the companie of; alſo, to take from the head of a Speare, &c, the handle, or ſtaffe, thereto belonging.*

Desharnaché : m. ée : f. *Unharneſſed, untrapped; unfurniſhed, or whoſe furniture is taken off.*

Desharnacher. *To unharneſſe, or untrap; to take off the furniture from a horſe.*

Desheaulmé. *Bereaved of his helmet.*

Desheaulmer. *To take a helmet from the head.*

† Desherance. *Want of heires; or the inheritance of one that hath left no heire behind him; an Eſcheat for want of heires.*

Droict de des. *See* Droict.

Desheritance : f. *A diſſeiſin.*

Desherité. *Diſſeiſed, diſ-inherited, deprived of an inheritance.*

Desheritement : m. *A diſ-inheriting, a diſſeiſing.*

Desheriter. *To diſſeiſe, diſ-inherite, bereave of an inheritance.*

† Deshingandé : m. ée : f. *Liſt, or throwne, off the hindges; out of frame, out of all order.*

† Deshingander. *To liſt, or throw, off the hindges; to put out of frame, bring out of all order.*

Deshonneſte : com. *Diſhoneſt, lewd, bad; foule, impure, filthie, villanous; unfitting, unbeſeeming, diſhonourable.*

Deshonneſtement. *Diſhoneſtly, impurely, vilely, filthily, badly, lewdly, naughtily, diſhonourably, ſhamefully.*

Deshonneſteté. *Diſhoneſtie, lewdneſſe, villanie, badneſſe; filthineſſe, impuritie; baſeneſſe, vileneſſe, unſeemelineſſe.*

Deshonneur : f. *Diſhonour, ſhame, reproach, infamie, diſgrace, obloquie, diſcredit, ignominie.*

† Deshonoration. *A diſhonouring, diſcrediting, diſgracing, deſaming, traducing.*

Deshonoré : m. ée : f. *Diſhonoured, diſcredited, diſgraced, ſhamed, traduced, deſamed.*

Deshonorement. *as* Deshonoration.

Deshonorer. *To diſhonour, diſcredit, ſhame; deſame, traduce, diſgrace.*

Deshonté : m. ée : f. *Impudent, ſhameleſſe, braſen-faced.*

Deshontement. *Impudently, ſhamefully, ſhameleſly.*

Deshouſé. *Whoſe boots are pulled off.*

Deshouſer. *To pluck off boots.*

Deshouſſé : m. ée : f. *Whoſe foot-cloth is taken off.*

Deshouſſer vne mule. *To take off the foot-cloth from a Mule.*

Desia. *Alreadie.*

Des-ja. *So farre; or, thus farre.*

Desjanté : m. ée : f. *Unſtraked, as a wheele.*

Desjanter vne roüe. *To unſtrake a wheele, to pull the ſtrakes from about it.*

Deſiccatif : m. iue : f. *Deſiccative, of power, or propertie to drie up.*

Deſiccation. *A drying up.*

† Deſidence : f. *Idleneſſe, non-reſidencie.*

† Deſidieux : m. euſe : f. *Idle, lazie, lither, ſlouthfull.*

Desjeuné : m. ée : f. *Whoſe faſt is broken (in a morning.)*

Il a eſté desjeuné de ce nouveau ſtyle. *He hath (to his coſt) learnt what theſe new tearmes meane.*

Desjeuner. *See* Desjuner.

Deſignatif : m. iue : f. *Deſignative, denotative; appointing; ſhewing, declaring.*

Deſigné : m. ée : f. *Denoted, ſignified, ſhewed by ſignes, or tokens; alſo, deſigned, preſcribed, appointed.*

Deſigner. *To denote, ſignifie, or ſhew by a marke, or token; alſo, to deſigne, preſcribe, appoint; as,* Deſigner les limites de, &c.

† Deſinence : f. *A deſinence, ending, cloſing; an end, or cloſe.*

Deſing : m. *A deſigne, purpoſe, project, private intention, or determination.*

Desintereſſé : m. ée : f. *Diſcharged from; or, that hath forgone, or loſt, all intereſt in.*

Desintereſſer. *To diſcharge, or ſave harmeleſſe; to rid from all intereſt in.*

Desjoinct : m. ête : f. *Diſ-joyned; parted, ſevered, ſeparated, ſundered, divided, diſ-united, uncoupled.*

Desjoindre. *To diſ-joyne, diſ-unite, part, uncouple, divide, ſeparate, ſever, ſunder.*

Desjoingnement : m. *A diſ-joyning, diſuniting, parting, ſeparation, diviſion, ſevering, ſundering.*

Desiouſſé : m. ée : f. *Unhuſked.*

Deſir : m. *Deſire; a coveting of; a wiſh, wiſhing, or longing for; a fancie, affection, or appetite, unto; a luſting after.*

Il commence bien à mourir qui abandonne ſon deſir; Prov. *He that leaves to deſire, begins to dye.*

Deſirable : com. *Deſirable; fit, or worthie to be wiſhed for.*

Deſirant. *Deſiring; coveting, affecting, wiſhing for, luſting after.*

Deſiré : m. ée : f. *Deſired, covetted, wiſhed, or longed for; affected, fancied, luſted after.*

Paſques long temps deſirées ſont en vn iour toſt paſſées; Prov. *(So that which was expected long is enjoyed but little.)*

Deſirer. *To deſire, covet, wiſh, or long for; to fancie, affect; require; luſt after.*

Deſireux : m. euſe : f. *Deſirous, full of deſire.*

Deſiſté : m. ée : f. *Deſiſted, ceaſed, forborne, left off, given over.*

Deſiſtement : m. *A deſiſting, ceaſing, forbearing, leaving off, giving over.*

Deſiſter. *To deſiſt, ceaſe, forbeare, leave off, give over.*

Desjuché : m. *Unrouſted; taken downe (as a bird) from the rouſt whereon it reſted.*

Desjucher vn oyſeau. *To unrouſt, or take downe a bird from his rouſt, or pearch, where he reſteth.*

Desjuné : m. *as* Desjuner : m.

Desjuné : m. ée : f. *That hath broken his faſt; Looke* Desjeuné.

Desjuner : m. *A breakfaſt, a mornings repaſt.*

Desjuner de chaſſeur. *A large breakfaſt, meale, repaſt.*

Desjuner. *To breake faſt in the morning.*

Leuer matin n'eſt pas heur; mais deſjuner eſt le plus ſeur; Prov. *There is more ſafetie in eating, then happineſſe in riſing early a mornings.*

Deſlabré : m. ée : f. *Torne, ragged, full of rags; alſo, all unbraced, or looſely untruſſed.*

Deſlabrer. *To teare, tatter, make ragged, or make rags of; alſo, to unbrace.*

Deſlacé : m. ée : f. *Untyed, unlaced, as a woman.*

Deſlacer. *To unlace; to untye.*

Deſlaché : m. ée : f. *Diſcharged; looſened; let goe, let flye.*

Deſlacher. *To diſcharge, as a Gun, or Croſſe-bow; to let goe, let flye, let looſe.*

Deſlaicté : m. ée : f. *Milked; alſo, weaned.*

Deſlaicter. *To milke, or draw the milke from; alſo, to weane.*

Deſlainé : m. ée : f. *Pheeld; whoſe wooll is pouled, or pulled off.*

Deſlainer. *To fleece; poule, pill; deſpoyle of ſubſtance.*

Deſlaitté. *as* Deſlaicté.

Deſlaitter. *To weane, to take from the dam, or nurſe; or, as* Deſlaicter.

Deſlaſché : m. ée : f. *Looſed, let flye.*

Deſlaſcher. *To looſe, or let flye.*

Deſlaſſé : m. ée : f. *Eaſed, refreſhed, unwearied.*

Deſlaſſer. *To refreſh; to eaſe after much travell; to rid from wearineſſe, or weariſome incumbrances.*

† Deſlaté : m. ée : f. *Unlathed.*

† Deſlater. *To unlath; to take, or pull, away lathes.*

† Deſlavé : m. ée : f. *waſhed away.*

† Deſlavement. *A waſhing away; an inundation.*

† Deſlaver. *To waſh away.*

† Deſlayé : m. ée : f. *Suppled, ſoftened, allayed; ſoaked, ſteeped.*

† Deſlayer. *To ſupple, ſoften, allay; ſoake; ſteep.*

† Deſleement. *A ſoftening, allaying, ſupplying; ſoaking, ſteeping.*

† Deſleer. *as* Deſlayer.

Deſlié: m. ée: f. *Vnbound, vnfettered, vndone, vntyed, at liberty, looſe, free.*

Deſlier. *To vnlooſe, vntie, vnbind, vnloe; to deliver, to free, to rid from.*

On euſt dit qu'il euſt ſceu deſlier vne mouſche. *One would have thought that butter would not have melted in his mouth.*

Deſli-ſoing: m. *An Epithete of* Bacchus, *or Wine, which delivers men from care, penſiveneſſe, or thought-taking.*

Deſlogé: m. ée: f. *Diſlodged, removed, parted, or departed from an vſuall lodging.*

Deſlogement: m. *A diſlodging, removing, ſhifting of an ordinary lodging; a flitting, parting, or departure from an accuſtomed abode.*

Deſlogement de vie. *A dying, deceaſing, departing.*

Deſloger. *To diſlodge, remove, ſhift, flit, part, or depart from an accuſtomed lodging.*

Se deſloger. *The ſame.*

Faire deſloger de. *To vnmaſtle; to thruſt, or drive out of; to diſpoſſeſſe, or diſſeiſe of.*

Deſloqueté: m. ée: f. *Ragged, torne, tattered.*

Deſloquerer. *To teare vnto rags, or tatters; to make clouts of.*

† Deſlouë: m. ée: f. *Diſpraiſed; diſallowed, reproved; alſo, looſened, or put out of its place.*

† Deſlouër. *To diſpraiſe, diſallow, blame, reprove; alſo, to looſen, or put out of its place.*

† Deſlouëure. f. *A looſing, mooving, or putting of a thing out of its right place.*

Deſloyal: m. ale: f. *Diſloyall, vnfaithfull, traiſtleſſe, treacherous, falſe, traiterous.*

Deſloyalement. *Diſloyally, vnfaithfully, falſely, treacherouſly.*

Deſloyauté: f. *Diſloyalty, treachery, falſhood, faithleſſeneſſe, vntruth, vnfaithfulneſſe, infidelity.*

Deſmaché: m. ée: f. *Vnchawed; alſo, blurted out.*

Deſmacher. *To vnchaw; alſo, to blurt out, by force, a ſecret, and concealed matter; or, as* Demacquer.

Deſmaçonné: m. ée: f. *Pulled downe, or taken aſunder, as ſtone-worke.*

Deſmaçonner. *To undoe, take aſunder, pull downe ſtone-worke.*

Deſmaillé: m. ée: f. *Vnmailed; vnlinked; vndone, cut in peeces, hacked into peeces, as a coat of maile.*

Deſmailler. *To vnlinke, vndo, cut in peeces, or hacke to peeces, a coat of maile.*

Deſmailloté: m. ée: f. *Vnſwathed, vnſwadled*

Deſmaillotement: m. *An vnſwadling, or vnſwathing.*

Deſmailloter. *To vnſwadle, or vnſwath, to looſe, or take, a child out of the ſwathing bands.*

Deſmaillure: f. *An vnmailing, an vnlinking, tearing, or cutting, as of maile, in peeces.*

Deſmaintenant. *Preſently, even now; from henceforth.*

Deſmaiſonné: m. ée: f. *Turned out of his houſe; thruſt out of his owne doores; diſſeiſed, or diſpoſſeſſed of his owne dwelling.*

Deſmaiſonner. *To diſpoſſeſſe, or diſſeiſe of his owne dwelling, to drive out of houſe and harbour; to turne out of his owne doores.*

Deſmanché: m. ée: f. *Looſe, diſorderly, unbelved, off the bindges.*

Deſmanchement: m. *An vnhafting; a flying out of it haft, of helve; hence, any outlaſhing, or vnruly, diſordinate, or diſobedient, prancke.*

Deſmancher. *To vnhelve, or take off the helve, or haft from an axe, &c. alſo, to looſen, diſorder, put out of frame; turne out of it right place.*

Deſmandibulé: m. ée: f. *Vnjawed, whoſe jawes are burſt, or put out of joynt.*

Deſmandibuler. *To breake, or vnjoynt the jawes of.*

Deſmanteló: m. ée: f. *Diſmanteled.*

Deſmanteller. *as* Deſmanteller.

Deſmantellement: m. *A diſmanteling; razing, or beating downe the walls of a towne.*

Deſmanteller. *To take a mans cloake off his backe; alſo, to diſmantle, raze, or beat downe the walls of a fortreſſe.*

Deſmarche: f. *A backe ſtep; a ſtepping, or ſtirring backward; a ſetting of one foot behind the other; alſo, a ſtepping aſide, a traverſing of ground; and (more generally, and moſt uſually) any pace, gate, or going; alſo, ward, fence, or the lying of the body in fenſing; and the poſture, or carriage thereof in any motion, or action whatſoever.*

Deſmarche de cordier. *A ſtepping, or going backward.*

Deſmarché: m. ée: f. *Stepped backe, removed backward; that hath loſt ground; that is gone, or put, from the place he held; thats recoyled, thats retired.*

Deſmarcher. *To ſtep, or go, backe; to plucke, twitch, or bring backe a ſtep; to remove a foot backward; to recoyle, retire, ſtire from, give backe, loſe ground.*

Deſmarer. *To vnmoore; or, as* Demarer.

Deſmarié: m. ée: f. *Divorced, unmarried againe.*

Deſmarier. *To divorce, unwed, or unmarry.*

Deſmarquer. *To take away the marke from; or, to put from his marke.*

Deſmarrer. *as* Demarer.

Deſmaſquer. *To unmaske, diſcover, pull, or take off his maske.*

† Deſmelancolié: m. ée: f. *Unmelancholied, rid of melancholy.*

† Deſmelancolier. *To rid of melancholy, take away ſadneſſe; gladden, revive, cheere up, comfort, ſolace.*

Deſmembré: m. ée: f. *Diſmembred, peecemealed, rent, or torne from.*

Deſmembrement: m. *A tearing, diſmembring, rending from, or in peeces.*

Deſmembrer. *To diſmember, peecemeale; teare, mangle, cut, rend from, or in peeces; to make havocke of.*

Deſmembrer ſon fief. *To ſell, alien, paſſe away, or part with, a part thereof.*

† Deſmenacer. *To unthreaten, to revoke a threat.*

Deſmenagé: m. ée f. *Scattered as a family, removed as a houſhold, broken up as a houſe; alſo, tranſported, or ſhifted, as houſhold-ſtuffe, from one lodging to another.*

Deſmenagement: m. *A diſſolving, or ſcattering of a family, a breaking up of houſe.*

Deſmenager. *To give up houſe, to diſſolve, or ſcatter his family, to remove houſhold; alſo, to tranſport houſhold-ſtuffe out of one lodging into another.*

Deſmenter. *See* Dementer.

Deſmenti: m. *The Lye (given, or taken;) alſo, a little Stiletto, or ſharpe-pointed dagger.*

Deſmenti: m. ie: f. *Digreſſed, or derogated from, proved naught, growne falſe, failing in word, or of expectation, alſo, by whom, or to whom the Lye is given.*

En cette maiſon il n'y a rien de deſmenti. *This houſe is not a whit ſunke, ſhrunk, or fallen into decay.*

Deſmentir. *To give the Lye unto; alſo, to fayle; digreſſe, or derogate from; prove naught, or falſe; do contrary to expectation.*

Se Deſmentir. *Looke* Se Dementir.

Vn bon arbre ne deſmentira poinct ſon fruict en ſa ſaiſon. *A good tree will not deny it fruit, or will not faile to yeeld it fruit, in due ſeaſon.*

La maiſon deſment. *The houſe begins to faile, ſhrinke, ſinke, fall into decay.*

Deſmenture: f. *A failing, decaying, ſhrinking, ſinking.*

Deſmeſlé: m. ée: f. *Looſed, opened, cleered, unpeſtered, diſintricated, diſintangled; alſo, dealt in, handled, managed.*

Deſmeſlement: m. *A looſing, opening, cleering, unpeſtering, diſintricating, diſintangling; alſo, a handling, managing, diſpatching of, dealing in, buſineſſes.*

Deſmeſler. *To looſe, open, cleere, unpeſter, diſintricate, reſolve, diſintangle; alſo, to handle, manage; diſpatch; and hence;*

Se deſmeſler de. *To determine, finiſh, diſpatch; or, to rid his hands, get cleere of, unwind himſelfe out of.*

Vne choſe à deſmeſler. *A matter to decide in, a courſe to meddle with, a thing to ſcuffle for.*

Deſmeſnager. *as* Deſmenager.

Deſmeſuré: m. ée: f. *Huge, unmeaſurable, immenſe, infinite, exceeding great; enormous, exceſſive, outragious, inſatiable, unreaſonable; moſt unruly, unbridled, laviſh, diſordered, immoderate.*

Deſmeſurément: m. *A hugeneſſe, immenſeneſſe, unmeaſurableneſſe, exceeding greatneſſe; alſo, outragiouſneſſe, enormity, inſatiableneſſe, unreaſonableneſſe, extreame diſorder, exceſſive wreulineſſe.*

Deſmeſurément. *Hugely, immenſly, unmeaſurably, exceeding greatly; outragiouſly, inſatiably, exceſſively, moſt unreaſonably; the moſt out of ſquare, out of rule, out of order that may be.*

Deſmettre. *To diſplace, or put out of his right place, as a member out of joynt; alſo, to diſmiſſe, let go, lay downe; alſo, to depoſe.*

Se deſmettre du bien qu'on nous a fait. *To returne, ſend, or give backe the good turne one hath done us.*

Se deſmettre d'un 'entrepriſe. *To abandon, leave off, deſiſt from, an enterpriſe.*

Se deſmettre d'un' office. *To reſigne, ſurrender, give over an office.*

Deſmeu: m. euë: f. *Removed, altered, put off; deſiſting from.*

Deſmeublé: m. ée: f. *Diſfurniſhed, or deprived of moveables.*

Deſmeubler. *To unfurniſh, or deprive of moveables;*

moveables; to take away the houſhold-ſtuffe from a place.

Deſmis: m. iſe: f. *Diſplaced, depoſed, miſplaced, put out of due place; alſo, diſmiſſed, reſigned, let goe, left off, given over; alſo, ſubmitted, humbled, ſubmiſſive.*

Deſmiſſion: f. *A demiſſion, depoſition; a diſplacing, miſplacing; a reſignation; diſmiſſing, forgoing.*

Deſmiſſion de toy. *An acknowledgement of tenure made by the tenant unto his land-lord; a ſubmiſſion, or humbling of himſelfe.*

Deſmoelé: m. ée: f. *Emptied, or deprived of marrow, weakned.*

Deſmoeler. *To empty, or deprive of marrow; hence, alſo, to weaken.*

Deſmonté: m. ée: f. *Diſmounted, taken, or lift off, caſt, or throwne down.*

Deſmonter. *To diſmount; to take, or caſt, or lift, off; alſo, to deſcend, or goe downeward.*

Deſmonter vn canon. *To diſmount, or throw down a Canon with counter-battery; alſo, to take it off the carriages.*

Deſmonter vn eſpee. *To take it out of the hilts.*

Deſmonter vn homme. *To unhorſe a man.*

Deſmonter vne navire. *To diſarme a ſhip, to deſpoile her of all her munition, and furniture.*

Deſmorché. *Without powder in his touch-hole.* ¶ Rab.

Deſmordre. *To diſtaſte; to part from; to forgoe, give over, looſe, let goe his hold.*

Deſmouvoir. *To remove, diſplace, drive back, put from.*

Se deſmouvoir de. *To decline, ſwarve, change, be carried from.*

Deſmuni: m. ie: f. *Unfurniſhed, diſgarniſhed, unprovided, left bare of.*

Deſmunir. *To unfurniſh, diſgarniſh, leave bare, or unprovided of.*

Deſnaturé: m. ée: f. *Unnaturall, ſavaliſh, unkinde, without naturall affection; alſo, weakned through the leſſening, or loſſe of nature; alſo, unnaturalized upon his owne petition, or by renouncing publiquely, and to that end, his naturall Prince, and Country.*

Deſnaturer. *To make unnaturall; to weaken in nature; to renounce his naturall Prince, or Country, to th'end he may live where, and under whom, he liſt.*

Deſnervé: m. ée: f. *Bereaved of ſinewes, or of ſtrength.*

Deſnerver. *To bereave of ſinewes, or ſtrength; to weaken, enfeeble, debilitate.*

Deſni: m. *A nay, deniall, denying.*

Deſniaisé: m. ée: f. *That hath beene extremely cheated, or gulled; alſo, purged of the foole, that hath ſeen the Lyons; made wiſe, taught wit, by coſtly experience, or by many tricks put upon him.*

Deſniaiſer. *To couſen, cheat, gull of; alſo, to purge of the foole; to make wiſe, or teach wit by often deceiving, or putting many tricks upon.*

Se Deſniaiſer; or Deſniaiſer (without ſe) *To put off childiſhneſſe, learn wit, gain experience, by having been often cheated, or much gulled.*

Deſniaiſeur: m. *A couſener, guller, cheater, conycatcher; or, one that makes th'ignorant grow cunning by couſening them.*

Deſniché: m. ée: f. *Unneaſted, or unneaſtled; driven, chaſed, or plucked out of a neaſt, hole, or hold.*

Deſnicher. *To unneaſtle; to drive, chaſe, or pluck out of a neaſt, hole, or hold.*

Deſnigration: f. *A defaming, ſlandering, diſcrediting; a blemiſhing, or blotting the good name of.*

Deſnigré: m. ée: f. *Diſamed, traduced, reproached, diſcredited, whoſe good name is foully ſtained, or blemiſhed.*

Deſnigrement: m. *as* Deſnigration.

Deſnigrer. *To defame, traduce, reproach, diſcredit, blemiſh, or blot the good name of.*

Deſnoüé: m. ée: f. *Looſed, diſſolved, unknit, unbound; unfoulded, reſolved; out of joint.*

Deſnoüement: m. *An untying, unknitting, unbinding (of knots;) a putting out of joint.*

Deſnoüer. *To unknit, unbinde, unty; diſſolve, reſolve; to explicate, manifeſt, unfould.*

Se deſnoüer quelque membre. *To looſe the bone thereof, or put it out of joint.*

Deſnoüeure: f. *as* Deſnoüement; *alſo, a part, or member of the body, that's out of joint.*

Deſnué: m. ée: f. *Bared, ſtripped; bereaved, deprived; voided, or devoid of; cleane without.*

Vn enfant deſnué. *Bared of fleſh, that hath nought but skin and bone left on it.*

Deſnüer. *To bare, ſtrip, turne naked, bereave, deprive, or void of.*

Deſobeïr. *To diſobey, reſiſt authority; be ſtubborne, reſty, unruly.*

Diſobeïſſance: f. *Diſobedience, ſtubbornneſſe, headineſſe, wilfulneſſe, reſtineſſe, unruline ſſe.*

Deſobeïſſant. *Diſobedient; ſtubborne, unruly, reſty, ſelfe-willed; ſullen; hard, ſtiffe, unpliant.*

Deſobligé: m. ée: f. *Diſobliged; diſcharged, from all obligation, or beholdingneſſe.*

Deſobliger. *To diſoblige; to releaſe, or diſcharge of a bond, to acquit of an obligation.*

Deſolation: f. *Deſolation, devaſtation, extreme ſolitarineſſe, or lonelineſſe; utter ruine, or deſtruction.*

Deſolé: m. ée: f. *Deſolate, deavely, deſart; made ſolitary; abandoned of all comfort, or company.*

Deſolement: m. *A deſolating, extreme waſting, making deſart, or ſolitary; a ruining, utter deſtroying.*

Deſolément. *Deſolately, ſolitarily; without ſolace, comfort, or company.*

Deſoler. *To deſolate; make lonely, ſolitary, deavely, or deſart; to devaſt, waſt extremely, ruine utterly.*

Deſoppilé: m. ée: f. *Unſtopped, ſet open.*

Deſoppiler. *To unſtop, unſhut, or ſet open.*

Deſordonnance: f. *Diſarray, diſorder, breach of order, confuſion.*

Deſordonné: m. ée: f. *Diſorderly, diſordinate, unruly, diſordered, outragious, unbridled, out of all good compaſſe.*

Deſordonnément. *Diſorderly, diſordinately, diſorderedly, unrulily, outragiouſly, without meane, without meaſure, without any manner of order.*

Deſordre: m. *Diſorder, confuſion, unruline ſſe, licentiouſneſſe, exceſſe.*

† Deſoreres. *From henceforth.*

Deſormais. *Yet; for all that; alſo, from henceforth.*

Deſoſſé: m. ée: f. *Unboned; whoſe bones are taken out.*

Deſoſſer. *To take out, or away, the bones from; to deprive of bones.*

Deſourat. *Deſlowred before her time.* ¶ Langued.

† Deſourdi: m. ie: f. *Unwoven; unwound; done, and undone.*

† Deſourdir. *To unweave; unwinde; to do, and undoe, or undoe what is already done.*

Deſpaïsé: m. ée: f. *Baniſhed, or driven out of his naturall countrey; alſo, growne courtly, or having left rude countrey faſhions.*

Deſpaïſement: m. *The abandoning of, or driving one out of, his naturall countrey; alſo, a leaving of rude countrey faſhions.*

Deſpaïſer. *To drive, or ſend out of his naturall countrey. See* Depaïſer.

Deſpaiſtre. *To feed, graze, paſture*

† Deſpampé: m. ée: f. *Bared, as a Vine, of leaves.*

† Deſpamper. *To unleafe, bare of leaves, pull the leaves off a Vine, &c.*

La vigne, ou la Roſe, ſe deſpampe. *Sheds her leaves, or leavy branches.*

Deſpamprer. *as* Deſpamper.

Deſpaqueté: m. ée: f. *Unpacked; broken open as a pack, or packet.*

Deſpaqueter. *To unpack; to riffle, open, or breake up a packet.*

Deſparagé: m. ée: f. *Diſparaged.*

Deſparager. *To diſparage; to offer unto, or impoſe on, a man unfit, or unworthy condition.*

Deſpartement. *as* Departement.

Deſpartir. *Look* Departir.

Se deſpartir. *To be divided; to part, or go aſunder.*

Deſparty. *as* Departi.

Deſpecé: m. ée: f. *Diſmembred, piecemealed, cut in pieces; pulled, plucked, rent, or torne aſunder.*

Deſpecé à grands coups d'injures. *Extremely reviled, cruelly ratled, horribly railed on.*

Deſpecement: m. *A diſmembring, piecemealing, or cutting in pieces; a pulling, breaking, rending, or tearing aſunder.*

Deſpecer. *To diſmember, piecemeale, cut in pieces, break into parcels, pull, plucke, rend, or teare aſunder.*

Deſpecer ſon fief. *as* Deſmembrer ſon fief.

Deſpeinct: m. cte: f. *Unpainted; whoſe painting is defaced, luſter decayed, colours worne, or blotted out; alſo, as* Depeinct.

Deſpeindre. *To unpaint; to deface, blemiſh, raze, blot, or put out, things painted.*

Deſpeint. *as* Deſpeinct.

† Deſpeintaillé: m. ée: f. *Ragged, torne, tattered; full of chaps, rags, tatters.*

Deſpence: f. *A larder, ſtorehouſe, garden, manger; alſo, houſehold wine; or, ſmall wine mingled with water.*

Deſpencé: m. ée: f. *Diſtended, expended, ſpent; beſtowed, or diſpoſed of.*

Deſpen-

Deſpenſer. *To diſpend, ſpend, expend; beſtow, diſpoſe of.*

Deſpenſerie: f. *A Spence, Larder, Storehouſe, for victuals.*

Deſpendance: f. *A dependancy; a relying, or hanging on.*

Deſpendeur: m. *A ſpender, laviſher ſpendthrift, waſtgood, riotous, or prodigall fellow.*

† Deſpendeux: m. euſe: f. *Spendfull, waſtfull, riotous, laviſh, prodigall, expenſive.*

Deſpendre: m. (*Subſtantively*) *ſpending, expence; as in this Proverb:*

Au deſprendre giſt le profit. *There's gaine made by (ſome) ſpending; or, (not much unlike our) Ever ſpare and ever have; Looke* Profit.

Deſpendre. *To diſpend, ſpend, expend, diſburſe; beſtow, imploy, lay out upon; alſo, as* Dependre.

Deſpendre tout. *To waſt, conſume, or ſquander all away.*

Deſpondre trop. *To prodigalize it, laviſh, or laſh out.*

Autant deſpend chiche que large; Prov. *Looke* Chiche.

Prou deſpendre, & peu gaigner ſaccage le meſnager; Pro. *Laviſh expence and little gaine put a houſekeeper to much paine.*

Ce que chiche eſpargne large deſpend; Prov. *That which the wretch doth ſpare the waſter ſpends.*

Qui bien gaigne, & bien deſpend, ne luy faut bourſe à mettre argent; &, Qui plus deſpend qu'il ne pourchaſſe, il ne luy faut pas de beſace; Prov. *He that ſpends all he gets, or, prodigall waſts any more, needs not a purſe with the rich (but may need a ſcrip with the poore.)*

Qui plus qu'il n'a vaillant deſpend, il fait la corde à quoy ſe pend; Prov. *He that ſpendeth above his ability, may at length hang himſelfe with great agility.*

Trop tard ſe repend qui tout deſpend; Prov. *When all's conſum'd repentance comes too late; or, repentance is never in ſeaſon with one thats ever an unthrift.*

Deſpendu: m. uë: f. *Diſpended, ſpent, expended; beſtowed, imployed, layed out upon; alſo, prodigalized, laviſhed, laſht out; waſted, conſumed, ſquandered away.*

Deſpens: m. *Expence, coſt, charge; or, expences, diſburſements, layings out, coſts, and charges.*

Maiſon de deſpens. *Looke* Maiſon.

Deſpenſaire: m. *as* Diſpenſaire.

Deſpenſe: f. *Charge, coſt, expence; or, an expending, diſpending, or laying out of money; alſo, as* Deſpence.

Deſpenſé: m. ée: f. *Diſpended, ſpent, expended; diſpoſed of.*

Deſpenſer. *To diſpend, ſpend, expend; beſtow, diſpoſe of.*

Deſpenſier: m. *A ſpender, waſter, prodigall, ſpend-thrift, waſt-good; alſo, a cater, or clarke of a Kitchin.*

Deſpenſier: m. ere: f. *Spending, expenſive, ſpendfull, prodigall, unthrifty, waſtfull; exceſſive in, laviſh of, expence.*

Deſpenſiere: f. *as* Deſpenſerie; *alſo, a woman cater, keeper, or diſpoſer of victuals.*

Deſperché: m. ée: f. *Unpearched; thrown, beaten, or fetched, off a pearch.*

Deſpercher. *To unpearch; to throw, beat, or fetch, off a pearch.*

Deſperonné: m. ée: f. *Without ſpurres.*

Deſperonner. *To deprive of ſpurres.*

† Deſperſuadé: m. ée: f. *Diſſuaded.*

† Deſperſuader. *To diſſuade.*

Deſpeſche: f. *A diſpatch, haſte, riddance, diſcharge.*

Deſpeſché: m. ée: f. *Diſpatched, haſtened, rid, ſent away quickly; alſo, delivered, freed, diſcharged.*

Deſpeſcher. *To haſten, diſpatch, rid, ſend away quickly; to take a ſpeedie courſe with, make a ſpeedy end of; alſo, to deliver, free, diſcharge;* Looke Depeſcher.

Deſpeſcher au petit point. *To canvaſſe throughly, curry ſoundly, take up for halting.*

Deſpeſſi: m. ie: f. *Unthickened, or made thinne; alſo, clarified.*

Deſpeſſir. *To unthicken, or make thinne; alſo, to clarifie.*

Deſpeſtré: m. ée: f. *Unpeſtered, cleered, diſintangled; unwound, unfoulded, rid out of.*

Deſpeſtrer. *To unpeſter, diſintangle; unfould, unwind, cleere, deliver, rid out of.*

Deſpeuplé: m. ée: f. *Diſpeopled, or unpeopled, diſinhabited.*

Deſpeupler. *To diſpeople, or unpeople; to diſinhabite.*

† Deſpié. *as* Depié.

Deſpieça. *Long ago.*

Deſpiecé, Deſpiecement, & Deſpiecer. *Looke* Deſpecé, Deſpecement, & Deſpecer.

Deſpit: m. *Deſpight, ſpight, anger, ſpleene, ſtomacke, vexation.*

Il n'eſt ſi grand deſpit que de pauvre orgueilleux; Pro. *There's no deſpight to that of a proud beggar.*

Deſpitant. *Deſpighting, ſpighting, angry, vexing, chafing.*

Deſpité: m. ée: f. *Angry, vexed, fuming, chafing, ſnuffing at; offended, moody, much moved.*

Deſpiter. *To deſpight, ſpight, or do a thing in ſpight of.*

Se deſpiter. *To be exceeding angry; to fret, fume, chafe, ſtomacke extreamely; to take in great ſcorne, dudgeon, or ſnuffe.*

Deſpiteuſement. *Deſpighfully, moſt angrily, moodily; maliciouſly; with great ſpleene, or ſpight.*

Deſpiteux: m. euſe: f. *Teſtie, fumiſh, deſpighfull, ſtomackfull, exceeding angry, or moody; full of ſpleene, or ſpight.*

† Deſpitonné: m. ée: f. *Wayward; coy, ſqueamiſh.*

Deſplacé: m. ée: f. *Diſplaced, or put from his place.*

Deſplacer. *To diſplace, to put from a place; alſo, to part, or depart from a place.*

Fol ſe doit nommer en face qui bien aſſis ſe deſplace; Prov. *Looke* Fol.

Deſplaire. *To diſpleaſe, diſlike, offend, anger, vexe, grieve.*

Qu'il ne vous deſplaiſe. *By your leave, with your favour, on good tearmes be it.*

Deſplaiſance: f. *Grieſe, unpleaſantneſſe, anguiſh, heavineſſe; alſo, a diſpleaſure, or ill turne; as* Deſplaiſir.

Deſplaiſant. *Diſpleaſing, offenſive, troubleſome, unpleaſant, irkeſome.*

Eſtre deſplaiſant de. *To take in ill part, or, not to be well contented with.*

Deſplaiſir: m. *A diſpleaſure, office, bad office, ill turne; affront, wrong, injury; trouble; prejudice.*

Deſplanché: m. ée: f. *Unfloored, or, whoſe floore is taken up.*

Deſplancher. *To take, or pull up the (boorded) floore of.*

Deſplanté: m. ée: f. *Diſplanted, plucked up by the root; unplanted, unſet, removed.*

Deſplanter. *To diſplant, or plucke up by the root; to unplant, unſet, remove.*

Deſplié: m. ée: f. *Diſplaied, unplaited, unfolded; manifeſted, made plaine, layed open, ſpread abroad.*

Deſpliement: m. *An unfolding; diſplaying, unplaiting; plaining; manifeſting; opening, diſcovering.*

Deſpliement des jambes. *The nimbleneſſe of the legs; or a nimble beſtirring, or gathering up thereof.*

Deſplier. *To diſplay, unplait, unfold; manifeſt, make plaine, lay open, ſpread abroad.*

Deſplier les jambes. *To runne lightly, nimbly to beſtirre, or gather up his leggs.*

Deſpliſſé: m. ée: f. *Unfolded, unplaited, unwrinckled.*

Deſpliſſer. *To unfold, unplait; unwrinckle, uncrumple; ſmooth, plaine.* Looke Deplicer.

Deſpliſſeure: f. *An unfolding, unplaiting, unwrinckling, uncrumpling; a ſmoothing, plaining, making plaine.*

Deſplorable: com. *Lamentable, deplorable; remedileſſe, deſperate, paſt all recovery.*

Deſploré. *See* Deploré.

Deſployé: m. ée: f. *Diſplayed, opened, unfolded, ſpred abroad.*

A voille deſployée. *With might and maine; as faſt, or as much, as one can.*

Deſployer. *as* Deſplier; *To unfold, or lay open unto view, as a Marchant his wares, or a Pedler his packe, in a Market.*

Deſplumation. *Looke* Deplumation.

Deſplumé: m. ée: f. *Plumed, or beriſt of feathers.*

Deſplumer. *To plume, or deprive of feathers.*

† Deſpluvié. Toicts deſpluviez. (C'eſt à dire, faicts en dos d'Aſne.) *Looke under* Dos.

Deſpoché: m. ée: f. *Unpouched, or, drawn out of a pouch.*

Deſpocher. *To unpouch, draw out of a pouch, or pocket.*

Deſpoiſſe: m. ée: f. *Unpitched.*

Deſpoiſſer. *To unpitch, or get the pitch from.*

Deſpoſſedé: m. ée: f. *Diſpoſſeſſed; put out of poſſeſſion.*

Deſpoſſeder. *To diſpoſſeſſe, to put out of poſſeſſion.*

† Deſpote: m. *A Deſpote; the chiefe, or ſoveraigne Lord of a Country.*

Deſpouille: f. *A booty, prey, ſpoyle, pillage taken from enemies; alſo, the skin, fell, or hide of a beaſt; alſo a Tiring-houſe in Tenis Courts; the roome wherein ſuch as intend to play may attire themſelves for the purpoſe.*

La deſpouille d' arbres. *Their fruit, leaves, barke, boughes.*
Les deſpouilles de baſtimens. *All kind of rubbiſh.*
Les deſpouilles de iardins. *Weeds; withered, or dead hearbs; refuſe, or out-caſt ſtaulkes, leaves, &c.*
La deſpouille de terres. *Corne, hay; all kind of fruits comming in by Husbandry; or of themſelves yeelded by, or otherwiſe gotten within, grounds.*
La deſpouille de vignes. *Grapes.*

Deſpouillé: m. ée: f. *Stript, diſarrayed, unclothed; deſpoyled, deprived, unfurniſhed of; robbed, pilled, poled; alſo, flayed, mued, uncoated.*

Deſpouille-autels. *Sacrilegious, altar-ſpoyling, Church-deſpoyling.*

Deſpouillement. *A deſpoyling, taking off, or away; a ſtripping, diſarraying; depriving, or unfurniſhing of; a flaying, a muing, a caſting of the skin, or coat.*

Deſpouiller. *To ſtrip, uncloth, diſarray; to deſpoyle, take away, unfurniſh, deprive, or bare of; to rob, pill, pole, ſpoile; alſo, to flay, or take the skin off.*
Deſpouiller vn cert; *To breake up a Deere.*
Se Deſpouiller. *To uncloth himſelfe; to mue himſelfe; to caſt his coat, or skin.*
Se deſpouiller avant que ſe coucher. *To make his heires, in his life time, abſolute Maſters of all he hath.*
On ne peut deſpouiller vn homme nud; Pro. *Of a naked man who can have clothes? Where there is nothing, the King loſes his right.*

† Deſpoulſer. *To expulſe, or thruſt out of.*

Deſpourpré: m. ée: f. *Whoſe (purple) hue is loſt, altered, or decayed.*

Se Deſpourprer. *To loſe it purple hue.*

Despourveu. *as* Deſprouveu; *Unprovided.*

Deſpravation. *A corrupting, depraving, marring; a crooking, wrying, ſpoyling.*

Deſpravé: m. ée: f. *Depraved, marred, corrupted, ſpoyled.*

Deſpraver. *To deprave, corrupt, viciate, ſpoyle, marre; make crooked, wreſt, wry to bad purpoſes.*

Deſprendre. *To looſe from, to let his hold goe.*

Deſprier. *To unpray, diſintreat; revoke a ſuit, recall prayers, deſire to the contrary.*

Deſpris: m. *Diſeſteeme, deſpiſall, neglect, little regard, ſmall reſpect, contempt, or diſdaine of.*
Deſpris de Dieu. *Impiety, wickednesſe, ungratiouſneſſe, extreame ungodlineſſe.*

Deſpriſable: com. *Vile, baſe, deſpiſeable, contemptible.*

Deſpriſé: m. ée: f. *Diſeſteemed, neglected, made light of, priſed very low; deſpiſed, diſdained, contemned; alſo, diſpraiſed, diſcommended, blamed, condemned.*

Deſpriſement: m. *A diſeſteeming, neglecting, low-priſing; deſpiſing, diſdaining, contemning; diſpraiſing, blaming, condemning.*

Deſpriſer. *To diſeſteeme, vilipend, neglect, make light of, ſet naught by, prize at a low rate; to deſpiſe, contemne, diſdaine; alſo, to blame, condemne, diſpraiſe, diſcommend.*

Deſpriſereſſe: f. *A diſeſteemeveſſe, deſpiſereſſe, or diſpraiſereſſe of; a ſcornefull, or diſdainfull, woman.*

Deſpriſeur: m. *A diſeſteemer, neglecter, deſpiſer, or diſpraiſer of.*

Deſpriſonné: m. ée: f. *Diſimpriſoned; delivered from, got out of, priſon; freed, ſet at liberty.*

Deſpriſonner. *To unpriſon, or diſimpriſon; to deliver from, to get, or take out of priſon; to free; to ſet at liberty.*

Deſprouveu: m. euë: f. *Unprovided, unfurniſhed; devoid of, without.*
A deſprouveu. *At unawares; without thinking of, or looking for; or, unthought on, unlooked for; napping, as Moſſe took his Mare.*

Deſpucelé: m. ée: f. *Depucelated, deflowred, unmaidened; deprived of, or that hath loſt, her maidenhead.*
Eſpée deſpucelée. *That hath been imbrued; that hath been dipped in, or ſeaſoned with, blood; that hath drawn blood.*

Deſpuceler. *To depucelate, deflowre, take the maidenhead of, deprive of her maidenhead.*

Deſpucelage: m. *Depucelage; a deflowring.*

Despucellement: m. *A depucelating, or deflowring; the taking of a maidenhead.*

Deſpumé: m. ée: f. *Scummed; clarified; whoſe foame, or froath, is taken away.*

Deſpumer. *To clariſie, to ſcumme the foame, or froath, off*

Deſtracher. *To pluck off, or teare away.* ¶ Rab.

Deſtracné: m. ée: f. *Rooted up, or out; plucked up by the roots.*

Deſtracinement: m. *A rooting out, a plucking up by the root.*

Deſtraciner. *To deracinate, root out, or plucke up by the root.*

† Deſtraiſon: f. *Wrong, injuſtice, unreaſonableneſſe, want of reaſon.*

Deſtraiſonnable: com. *Wrongfull, unjuſt, unreaſonable.*

† Deſtraiſonné: m. ée: f. *Without reaſon, bereft of reaſon.*

Deſtramé: m. ée: f. *Without boughes, or branches; whoſe boughes have been cut, and lopped off.*

Deſtramer. *To unpearch, to plucke off, or pull downe, from a bough; to rid, bare, or deprive of boughes.*

Deſtrangé: m. ée: f. *Diſtranged, diſordered, diſarrayed.*

Deſtranger. *To diſranke, diſarray, diſorder, to thruſt out of his ranke, put out of array; turne out of order.*

Deſtrayé: m. ée: f. *Diſordered, out of order and array, out of his due place.*

Deſtreiglé: m. ée: f. *Unruly, diſordered, outragious, unbridled; unmannerly; immoderate, immodeſt; irregular, unreaſonable, unmeaſurable, out of frame.*

Deſtreigheméne: m. *Unralineſſe, diſorder, outrage; immoderateneſſe, immodeſty, laviſhneſſe, outlaſhing; irregularity.*

Deſtreiglément. *Diſordinately, unruly, outragiouſly, immoderately, immodeſtly; out of ſquare, beyond all meane, without all meaſure.*

Se Deſtreigler. *To be unruly, or unreaſonable; do diſorder himſelfe; to be out of order, out of all frame.*

Deſtrene: f. *A juſtification, or proofe of the denyall of an act, or fact, wherewith a man is charged by his adverſary.* ¶ Nor.

Deſtrener. *To dereine; to juſtifie, or make good, the deniall of an act, or fact.* ¶ Norm.

† Deſtreté: m. ée: f. *Unſnared, freed, or delivered out of a net.*

† Deſtreter. *To unſnare; free, rid, or deliver out of a net.*

Deſteumé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe rheume is dried up.*

Deſteumer. *To dry up the rheume.*

† Deſtridant. *Planing, ſmoothing; looſning, ſlackning.*

Deſtridé: m. ée: f. *Unwrinckled, unfolded; planed, ſmoothed; alſo, looſened, or ſlackened.*

† Deſtridement: m. *A planing, unwrinckling, unfolding.*

Deſtrider. *To unfold, unwrinckle, or take away wrinckles; to ſmooth, plane, or make plaine.*
Deſtrider les voilles, cordes, &c. *To looſen, or ſlacken the ſailes, tackling, &c.*

Deſtrivé: m. ée: f. *Unrivetted; alſo, overflowne, broken out of; or, overflowing, breaking over it bankes, or ordinary channell.*

Deſtrivement. *An unrivetting; alſo, an overflowing, breaking over, going out of it bankes, or ordinary channell.*

Deſtriver. *To unrivet; to looſen a naile, or take out a pinne that is rivetted.*
Se deſtriver. *To overflow, breake over, go out of it bankes, or ordinary channell.*

Deſtrobbant. *Stealing, filching, lurching, pilfering.*

Deſtrobbé: m. ée: f. *Stollen, filched, nimmed, lurched, pilfered; alſo, contrived.*
Enfant deſtrobbé. *That was begotten in Adultery.*
Vn huis deſtrobbé. *A ſecret, or privy doore.*

Deſtrobbée. à la deſtrobbée. *Privily, ſecretly, by ſtealth, covertly, cloſely, under hand.*

Deſtrobbement: m. *Stealth; a ſtealing, filching, pilfering, nimming, lurching.*

Deſtrobber. *To ſteale, filch, pilfer, picke, nimme, purloine; ſlily to lurch, privily to take, ſecretly to withdraw, from.*
Deſtrobber la boſſe à S. Roch. *Looke Boſſe.*
Il eſt caus larron qui deſtrobbe à vn larron; Pro. *He is a cunning theefe that robs a theefe.*

Deſtrobbeur: m. *A theefe, ſtealer, filcher, pilferer, nimmer, purloyner.*

Deſtroché: m. ée: f. *Taken, or hewed out of a rocke; violently pulled, caſt, beaten, throwne; alſo, fallen downe, as the broken peeces of a rocke.*

Deſtrocher. *To beat, or hew, out of a rocke; alſo, violently to pull, breake, throw downe; alſo, to fall downe, as the broken peeces of a rocke.*
Se derocher d'un rivage. *Suddainly to put off from ſhore (as a ſhip that gets cleere of a rocke:) or, to part from the ſhore, as a ſhip from a rocke.*

Deſtroller. *To unroule, to open a roule; or, as* Deſtrouler.

Deſtrompre. *as* Derompre.

Deſtrompu. *See* Derompu.

Deſtrondir. *To unround, unbow, uncompaſſe, bring out of roundneſſe, or compaſſe.*

Deſtroqué:

Desroqué : m. ée : f. *Overthrowne in wrastling.*
Desroquer. *To overthrow, as in wrastling.*
Desroté : m. ée : f. *Untyed, unbound.*
Desrougi : m. ie : f. *Growne pale, or decayed in rednesse.*
Desrougir. *To grow pale, to lose his rednesse.*
Desrouillé : m. ée : f. *Scoured, unrusted, or, whose rust is got off, rustinesse taken away.*
Desrouiller. *To scoure, furbish, get out rust, fetch off rustinesse.*
Desroule : m. ée : f. *Unrouled, unfolded, layed open, displayed.*
Desrouler. *To unroule, unfold, lay open, display.*
Desroute : f. *A rout, breaking, discomfiture, putting to flight.*
Desroute : m. ée : f. *Put, forced, or inticed out of the way; also, broken, discomfited, put into rout, unto flight.*
Desroutement. *Cleane awry, as one out of the way, as one that is put by, or driven from, his way.*
Refuser tout desroutement ; *To refuse wholly, utterly, altogether ; or to put a demander, by an absolute deniall, cleane out of the way of renewing his request ; or to breake his heart, or crush his hopes, by a resolute denyall.*
Desrouter. *To put by, drive from, intice out of, the way ; also, to breake, discomfit, put into rout, or unto flight.*
Destroy : m. *Disorder, disarray, unrulinesse, confusion ; or, as* Desarroy.
Desroyé. *as* Desarroyé.
Desroyer. *To disorder, disarray, drive out of order, put out of array. See* Desarroyer.
Desruer. *To go amisse, or lose his way, in a towne ; to mistake one street for another.*
Desrumé : m. ée : f. *Rid of the Rheume, dryed up as a Rheume.*
Desrumer. *To rid, or dry up, the Rheume.*
Desruné : m. ée : f. *Disordered, disjusted, perverted, unfitly disjoyned, ill-favouredly taken asunder, or set together.*
Desruner. *To disorder, disjust, pervert, put out of fashion, or array, a thing which before was every way well fitted ; ill-favouredly to take asunder, or set together.*
Dessacré : m. ée : f. *Prophaned, unhallowed, violated.*
Dessacrer. *To prophane, violate, unhallow.*
Dessaisi : m. ie : f. *Disseised, dispossessed, deprived, bereaved, put out of.*
Dessaisine : f. *A disseisin, dispossession, deprivation, bereavement ; a loosing, forgoing, or letting go his hold of ; in Law, most properly, a yeelding of possession ; or the leave given by the seller unto the purchaser, to enter into the land sold.*
Se dessaisir de. *To disseise, dispossesse, bereave, deprive himselfe of ; to forgo, give over, loose, or let go, his hold of.*
Dessaisonné : m. ée : f. *Unkindly, unseasonable.*
Dessaler. *To unsalt, make fresh ; become fresh.*
Dessallé : m. ée : f. *That hath seen the Lyons ; or, as* Desniaisé.
Dessanglé : m. ée : f. *Ungirt, or ungirthed.*
Dessangler. *To ungird ; to loose, or loosen, a girth.*
Dessarrier. *A woman to cast her child.*
Deffauvagé : m. ée : f. *Tamed, civilized, reclaimed, brought from wildnesse.*
Dessauvager. *To tame, reclaime, civilize, bring from wildnesse.*
Desscelé : m. ée : f. *Unsealed.*
Desscéler. *To unseale, take away the seale from, open a thing thats sealed.*
Desseigné : m. ée : f. *Designed, purposed, projected.*
Desseigner. *To designe, purpose, project, lay a plot.*
Desseiller. *as* Dessiller.
Dessein : m. *A designe, plot, project, purpose, determination ; resolution.*
Dessellé : m. ée : f. *Unsaddled.*
Desseller. *To unsaddle.*
† Dessemblé : m. ée : f. *Disassembled, disjoyned, divided, separated.*
† Dessembler. *To disassemble, disjoyne, divide, separate.*
Dessenglé. *as* Dessanglé.
Dessengler. *To ungirth, or loosen the girths of.*
Dessente. *The Gout proceeding from a Rheume.*
† Desserpilleurs de passans. *Rifflers, ransackers of passengers ; robbers by the high way.*
Desserre : f. *A suddaine loosing, opening, unshutting, ; releasing, discharging, inlarging, or setting at large, a violent, or quick letting go.*
Desserré : m. ée : f. *Released, opened, unshut, loosed, discharged, set at large.*
Desserrer. *To loose, or set at large ; to release, discharge, open, unshut, undo.*
Dessert : m. *The last course, or service at table ; of fruits, comfits, sweat meats, &c.*
Desserte : f. *as* Dessert ; *or, the reversion of a meale ; also, merit, or deserving.*
Desservice : f. *A disservice, demerite, offence, ill office, misdeed.*
Desservir. *To do one ill service, or bad offices.*
Desservir sus table. *To take away the Table.*
Desserviteur : f. *A table-attendant, an ordinary waiter.*
Dessevelí : m. ie : m. *Disinterred, unburied.*
Dessevelir. *To disinterre, unbury, take up, or out of the ground.*
Dessevré : m. ée : f. *Disevered, parted, sundered.*
Dessevrer. *To disever, part, sunder.*
Dessiccatif. *as* Desiccatif ; *Desicative, or drying up.*
Dessiegé : m. ée : f. *Freed from a siege.*
Dessieger. *To raise a siege, to free from siege.*
Dessillé : m. ée : f. *Unseeled, unhoodwinke, whose eyes or sight is opened.*
Dessiller. *To unseele, unhoodwinke ; open the eyes of, restore unto sight.*
† Dessiner. *or rather* Deschirer. *To rend, or teare. S. Rab.*
Dessing. *as* Desseing.
† Dessoivé : m. ée : f. *Whose thirst is quenched.*
† Se Dessoiver. *To quench the thirst.*
Dessolé : m. ée : f. *Unsoled ; the bottome of whose foot, or hoose, is pared quite away.*
Dessoler vn cheval. *To unsole, to pare away, or wholly cut off, the bottome of a horses foot.*
† Dessonger. *To breake off sleep with a snort, or start ; to awake out of a dreame, starting.*
Dessorcelé : m. ée : f. *Disinchanted, unbewitched.*
Dessorceler. *To disinchant, unbewitch, unwitch.*
Dessoté : m. ée : f. *Unbesotted ; much quickened, or improved in understanding.*
Dessoler. *To unbesot ; to quicken, refine, or cleere a dull understanding.*
Dessoubs : m. *(Substantively)* le dessus. *The bottome, lowest, or undermost part of.*
Dessoubs adverb. *Under, beneath, below.*
S'en dessus. dessoubs. *Upside downe, topsie turvy, with the bottome upwards.*
Dessoulde. En dessoulde. *Scattered, out of order, disarrayed, straggling.*
Dessouldé : m. ée : f. *Unsoldered ; unloosed.*
Dessolder. *To unsolder, loose, dissolve.*
Dessous. *as* Dessoubs.
Dessous-mis. *Muscle des. A muscle (in the inner part of the hand) whereby the fingers are bowed.*
Dessuëtude : f. *Disuse.*
Dessus : m. *(substant.)* le dessus de. *The Superficies, top, or upper part of ; also, the treble part, in Musicke.*
Le dessus d'un habit ; *The outside of a garment (called so by taylors.)*
Vn dessus de porte. *The hausse of a doore.*
Faire le dessus. *To sing the treble part ; also, to play the Master, overrule, domineere over ; and hence ;*
L'homme fait la malencontre quand sa femme fait le dessus ; Prov. *(Wherein there is a double meaning.)*
Dessus. *(adverb.) Above, over, upon, aloft, on high.*
Dessus & dessoubs. *as* s'en dessus dessoubs ; *in* Dessoubs.
Et bien, là dessus ? *Well, what then ? what of that ? what came of that ?*
Estre dessus. *To be on foot ; or stand up on his feet.*
Il est tout dessus. *He is upon the head of it (a Bowlers phrase.)*
Leur estant touiours dessus. *Having alwaies the better of them, prevailing ever against them ; also, being still upon their backs.*
Estre au dessus du vent encontre. *To have the wind, advantage, or upper hand of ; to have on the hip.*
Venir au dessus de. *To atchieve, compasse, obtaine, subduc, conquer, overcome.*
Dessus-mis : m. ise : f. *Put over, set above.*
Destaché : m. ée : f. *Untyed, loosed, unbound ; also, cleansed, or purged from spots.*
Destacher. *To unty, loose, unbind ; also, to take out, or purge from, spots.*
Destail. *as* Detail.
Destaillé : m. ée : f. *Cut, slit, gashed, backed, nicked, notched ; also, retayled.*
Destailler. *To cut, slit, gash, backe, nick, notch ; also, to retaile, or passe away by parcels.*
Destaindre. *To staine, distaine, take away the colour of ; or, as* Desteindre.
Destampé : m. ée : f. *Unpropped, whose tresses are taken from under it.*

Deſtamper. *To vnprop ; to take the treſſles from.*

Deſteinct: m. cte: f. *Diſtained ; pale, wan, bleak, ill-coloured ; whoſe die is decayed, or colour loſt.*

Deſteindre. *To diſtaine ; to dead, or take away the colour of.*

Se deſteindre. *To decay in colour, to loſe it (lively) die.*

Deſteler les chevaux. *To vnlooſe, vntteame, vnſpang the draught horſes.*

Deſtendre. *To vnbend, ſlacken, vnſtretch, looſe, vndoe, or let downe.*

Deſtendre la Tapiſſerie. *To vnhang, or take downe Hangings.*

Deſtendu: m. uë: f. *Slackned, vnbent, vnſtretched, looſed, vnhanged, let or taken downe.*

Le temps eſt deſtendu. *The weather is opened, or begins to thaw.*

Deſtenture: f. *An vnbending, vnſtretching, ſlackning, looſing, vnhanging, letting, or taking downe.*

Deſterré : m. ée : *Digged, or taken, out of the ground.*

Deſterrer. *To dig, or take out of the ground.*

Deſthroné : m. ée : f. *Diſthronized, depoſed from a Throne.*

Deſthroner. *To diſthronize, or vnthrone ; to depoſe from, or put out of, a Throne.*

Deſtiltre. *To vnweave ; or, as* Deſtitre.

Deſtin: m. *Deſtinie, fate ; Gods prouidence, ordinance, purpoſe, or decree.*

Deſtination: f. *A deſtination, ordainment, appointment.*

Deſtiné : m. ée : f. *Deſtinated, ordained, appointed vnto, purpoſed for.*

Nul vent ne fait pour celuy qui n'a point de port deſtiné. *No helpe ſerues him that runs vncertain courſes (or knowes not where to end them.)*

Deſtinée: f. *as* Deſtin.

Deſtiner. *To deſtinate, ordaine, appoint vnto, to purpoſe for.*

Deſtiſtre. *To vnweave, vntwiſt, vnplait ; looſe, diſſolve, vndoe.*

Deſtituable: com. *Deſtituable ; diſappointable.*

Deſtitué: m. ée: f. *Deſtitute, vnfurniſhed, or diſappointed of.*

Deſtituer. *To diſappoint, abandon, forſake, faile at a pinch, to leave deſtitute, or vnfurniſhed of.*

Deſtitution: f. *A deſtitution, or deſtituting ; a leaving, failing, diſappointing.*

Deſtitution de compagnie. *Lonelineneſſe, or ſolitarineſſe, want of company.*

Ils pourſuyvirent la deſtitution d'aucuns Capitaines. *They ſued to have ſome Captaines caſſed.*

Deſtombi: m. ie : f. *Vnclumpſed, vnbenummed, vnaſtonied ; reſtored vnto warmth, ſence, motion.*

Deſtombir. *To vnbenumme, vnclumpſe, vnaſtony ; reſtore vnto warmth, ſence, or motion.*

Deſtonnement : m. *A diſcord, or jarre, in ſound ; alſo, a changing of tune.*

Deſtonner. *To change, or alter, a tune ; to take it higher, or lower.*

Deſtordement : m. *A wringing, writhing, wrinching, a crooking, bowing, bending awry.*

Deſtordre. *To writh, wrie, crooke, wrinch, wring, bow, bend, wreath, turne out of the right way.*

Se deſtordre. *To ſtray, to erre, wander, decline from, or go out of, the way.*

Deſtorſe : f. *A writh, wrinch, wring ; alſo, an errour ; alſo, an erring, ſtraying, or wandering out of the way, alſo, a by-way, ſide-way, or turning-way ; alſo, miſfortune, hinderance, incumbrance.*

Deſtortillé: m. ée : f. *Opened, vnwrithen, vnwrapped, vnwound.*

Deſtortiller. *To vnwrith, vnwind, open, vnwrap.*

Deſtortoire. *as* Deſtournoire.

Deſtoupé. *Vnſtopped, vnſtopelled.*

Deſtouper. *To vnſtop, or pull the ſtopple out of.*

Deſtour : m. *A turning, by-way, crooked-way ; alſo, a blind corner betweene hills, or in a houſe, wherein men may hide themſelves ; alſo, a cuming ſhift, ſubtile euaſion, crafty avoidance.*

Deſtourbé : m. ée : f. *Diſturbed, troubled, impeached, hindered, interrupted, incumbred.*

Deſtourbement : m. *A hindering, letting, ſtopping, impeaching.*

Deſtourber. *To diſturbe, trouble, cumber ; let, hinder, interrupt ; alſo, as* Deſtourner ; *whence,*

Sans vous deſtourber gueres de voſtre chemin. *without turning you much out of your way.*

Deſtourbeur : m. *A diſturber, troubler ; hinderer, letter, interrupter ; a troubleſome fellow, cumberſome gheſt, prating, or buſie companion.*

Deſtourbier : m. *A diſturbance ; cumber, trouble, interruption, impediment, incumbrance, let, hinderance.*

Entre la bouche, & la cuiller ſouvent advient grand deſtourbier ; Prov. *Great lets oft thruſt betweene the ſpoone and mouth ; miſchances happen when men think all ſure.*

Deſtourné : m. ée : f. *Turned, declined, withdrawne, diverted, alienated, diſſuaded, removed, altered from, alſo, conveyed, filched, purloyned.*

Lieux deſtournez. *By-places, blind corners, vnhaunted roomes, dcavely habitations, ſolitary lodgings, dwellings which ſtand out of all high-wayes.*

Deſtournement : m. *A turning, diverſion, diverting ; a withdrawing, diſſuaſion, diſtraction ; alienating, eſtranging, removing from ; alſo, a conveying, or pilfering away.*

Deſtournement de pieces de procez. *A concealing, or ſuppreſſing of bookes, or evidences.*

Deſtourner. *To turne, divert, diſtract, avert, withdraw, diſſuade, remove, alter, alienate, eſtrange from ; alſo, to take away craftily, convey away falſly, foreſtall with violence ; to filtch, pilfer, convert vnto his owne vſe what was provided for another.*

Se deſtourner de. *To forbeare the company of ; to withdraw his favour, and love from.*

Se deſtourner du chemin. *To erre, wander, ſwarve, goe aſtray, decline from the right way ; or (as we ſay) go by the way.*

Se deſtourner d'un dard. *To avoid, eſchew, or bend from, a dart, by a nimble turning, or leaping aſide.*

Deſtournoire : f. *A hunting-pole (wherewith cumberſome branches are turned aſide by a wood-man paſſing through thickets.)*

† Deſtourtoire. *as* Deſtournoire.

Deſtrabord. *Starboord ; the right ſide of a ſhip.*

Deſtracqué: m. ée : f. *as* Deſtraqué.

Deſtracquer. *To put from a rack, or, to ſpoyle the rack, marre the pace, of ; to put out of his rack, or pace ; (Hence) alſo, to deprave, diſorder, miſlead, corrupt, ſeduce, or draw from honeſt courſes ; alſo, to ſlaunder, or detract from.*

Deſtracquer vn livre. *To vnty the doubles of a Hare.*

Deſtrainct : m. cte : f. *Strained, preſſed, wrung, vexed extremely : alſo, ſtraitened, reſtrained, abridged of liberty.*

Deſtraincte: f. *A narrow ſtrait, or pitch ; a hard, or extreme wring ; alſo, a reſtraint of liberty.*

Deſtraincte d'amour. *The anguiſh, impatience, or extremity of paſſion, in love.*

Deſtraindre. *To ſtraine, preſſe, wring, vexe extremely ; alſo, to ſtraiten, reſtraine, or abridge of libertie.*

Deſtranché : m. ée: f. *Cut off, hewed from, hacked aſunder, chopped in pieces.*

Deſtranchement : m. *A cutting off, hewing aſunder, chopping in pieces.*

Deſtrancher. *To cut off, hew from, hacke aſunder, mangle, or chop in pieces.*

Deſtrancher à coups de langue. *To revile, reproach, rattle up, raile on.*

Deſtrapé. *Beaten, or ſtamped with the feet ; alſo, rid, or freed (as the feet) from intanglements.*

Deſtraper. *To beat, or ſtampe with the feet ; alſo, to free, rid, or cleere the feet from the things intangling them.*

Deſtraqué: m. ée: f. *Put out of a racke, or pace ; alſo, ſeduced, miſled, corrupted, depraved, or drawne from honeſt courſes ; alſo, ſlaundered, or detracted from.*

Deſtraquer. *To ſpoyle the pace of, or put out of his pace ; hence ; to deprave, corrupt, miſlead, ſeduce ; or draw from honeſt courſes ; alſo, to ſlaunder, or detract from ; Looke* Deſtracquer.

Deſtravé : m. ée : f. *Vnſhackled, vngived, vnfettered.*

Deſtraver. *To vnſhackle, vngive, vnfetter.*

Deſtrempé : m. ée : f. *Steeped, ſoaked, moiſtened, made fluid, liquid, or thinne ; ſeaſoned, or layed in water ; ſofined, or allayed by watering.*

Deſtrempement : m. *A ſoaking, ſteeping ; moiſtning, watering.*

Deſtremper. *To ſoake, ſteep, moiſten, water, ſeaſon, or lay in water ; ſoften, or allay, by laying in water ; to make fluid, liquid, or thinne.*

Deſtrempis. *as* Deſtrempement.

Deſtrenché. *as* Deſtranché.

Deſtrencher. *as* Deſtrancher.

Deſtreſſe: f. *Diſtreſſe, perplexitie, anguiſh of minde, ſcarcity in eſtate ; a ſtrait, narrow pinch, hard tearmes.*

Deſtrier: m. *A ſteed, a great horſe, or horſe of ſervice ; alſo, a kind of wafer.*

Deſtroict : m. *A ſtrait ; a narrow place, or paſſage ; a narrow entrance into, or coming vnto, a way ; a way between two hils ; alſo, a narrow ſea, or ſtrait between two lands.*

Le deſtroict d'un Bailliage. *The juriſdiction,*

diction, precincts, or liberties of a Bailiwicke.

Deſtroict de la gorge. *The bottome of the mouth, or jawes, next above the* Larinx.

Deſtroit. *as* Deſtroict.

Deſtroquer. *To untruck; to alter, annihilate, or goe from, a change agreed on;*

Deſtrouſſe: f. *Spoyle, booty, pillage, or baggage got from; a ranſacking, or ſtripping of; a hand made upon, enemies; alſo, a hoſtile road, incurſion, or invaſion wherein ſuch booty is got; alſo, a defeature, overthrow; beggering, or undoing of people.*

Deſtrouſſé: m. ée: f. *Untruſſed, untucked, unpacked, unloaden, undone; alſo, robbed, ranſacked, ſtripped, (and thereby) undone.*

Deſtrouſſement: m. *An untruſſing, unpacking, unloading.*

Deſtrouſſement de gents. *A robbing, riſling, ranſacking, ruining of people; a free-booting.*

Deſtrouſsément, tout deſtrouſsément. *Flatly, plainly; confidently, reſolutely; or, quickly, ſpeedily, haſtily.*

Deſtrouſſer. *To untruſſe, untuck; unload, unpack, undoe; alſo, to rob, riſle, ſtrip, ranſack, deſpoile, all commers, or paſſengers; to free-boot, or boothale.*

Deſtrouſſeur de gens. *A robber, a ranſacker of people by the high-way-ſide; one of S. Nicholas Clerkes; alſo, a free-booter, or boothaler.*

Deſtruction: f. *Deſtruction; an utter ſubverſion, or devaſtation; an abſolute ruine, or overthrow of.*

Deſtruict: m. cte: f. *Deſtroyed; utterly ſubverted, or devaſted; abſolutely ruined, or overthrowne.*

Deſtruire. *To deſtroy; ruine, ſubvert, overthrow; devaſt, make deſolate; ravage, or ſpoyle, utterly.*

Deſtruiſant. *Deſtroying; utterly ſubverting, or devaſting; abſolutely ruining, or overthrowing.*

Deſtruiſeur: m. *A deſtroyer; a ruiner, ſubverter, ſpoiler of every thing hee deales with, or comes neer.*

Deſvalizé: m. ée: f. *Rifled, ſtripped, robbed of all he hath.*

Deſvalizement: m. *A triſling, robbing, ſtripping.*

Deſvalizer. *To rob, deſpoyle, riſle; ſtrip out of all he hath; to deprive of cloak-bagge, bagge and baggage.*

† Deſveiné: m. ée: f. *Bereft of all his veines, or bloud.*

† Deſveiner. *To bereave, or deprive of all his veines; to ſuck the blood out of.*

Deſvelopé: m. ée: f. *Unwrapped, unfolden; opened, undone; diſplayed, ſpread abroad; alſo, cleered.*

Deſvelopement: m. *An unwrapping, unfolding; undoing, opening; manifeſting, diſplaying, ſpreading open.*

Deſveloper. *To unwrap, unfold; undoe, open, ſhew forth, diſplay, ſpread abroad; rid, unpeſter, cleare.*

† Deſvely: m. ie: f. *Changed through ſickneſſe, or indiſpoſition; whoſe face is ſo altered that a man can hardly know him.*

Deſverdiat. *Deflowred, as a virgine that leachers.* ¶ Langued.

Deſverrouillé: m. ée: f. *Unboulted.*

Deſverouiller vn huis. *To unboult, or unſparre a doore.*

Deſveſti: m. ie: f. *Deveſted, uncloathed; diſſeiſed, diſpoſſeſſed.*

Deſveſtir. *To uncloath, deſpoyle, deprive; diſſeiſe, diſpoſſeſſe of.*

Se deſveſtir de. *To forgoe, leave, give over, paſſe away, diſpoſſeſſe himſelfe of.*

Deſvidé: m. ée: f. *as* Devidé.

Deſvider. *To wind thread, &c. from blades into bottomes.*

Deſvidoir: m. *A paire of blades, or yarne-windles.*

Deſvié: m. ée: f. *Miſled, put out of the way; alſo, dead, or deceaſed.*

Deſvier. *To miſlead, or put out of the way; alſo, to die, deceaſe, or depart this life.*

Deſviſagé: m. ée: f. *Deformed, diſfigured; defaced, whoſe face is rent, or torne.*

Deſviſager. *To deforme, diſfigure, bereave of feature; to deface.*

Deſultoire. Chevaux deſultoires. *Two horſes (tied together) from the one whereof an active rider leapes upon the other, in a full careere; alſo, horſes that be led, and kept freſh for the uſe of Souldiers, which in a fight have tired thoſe they ſerved on.*

Deſumbré: m. ée: f. *Unſhaded, or deprived of the ſhadow.*

Deſumbrer. *To unſhade, or deprive of ſhadow.*

Deſuni: m. ie: f. *Diſunited, diſjoyned, uncoupled, ſevered, ſundered.*

Deſunion: f. *Diſuniting, diſunion, diſjunction, ſeparation.*

Deſunir. *To diſunite, uncouple, diſjoyne, divide, ſeparate, ſunder.*

Deſvoilé: m. ée: f. *Unveiled, manifeſted, openly ſhewed.*

Deſvoiler. *To unveile, diſcover, manifeſt, take away the veile from.*

Deſvoyé: m. ée: f. *Miſled, ſtrayed; in an errour; brought out of the way.*

Chemin deſvoyé. *An indirect, unuſuall, or uncertaine way.*

Eſtomac Deſvoyé. *A looſe, weakned, or diſtempered, ſtomack.*

Deſvoyement: m. *An erring, wandering, ſtraying one knowes not whither; a miſleading.*

Deſvoyement d'eſtomac. *Looſeneſſe, or weakneſſe, of the ſtomack.*

Deſvoyement de riviere. *The turning of a river out of it uſuall courſe, or channell; alſo, a damme, or banke made for that purpoſe.*

Deſvoyer. *To miſlead, or bring out of the way.*

Se deſvoyer. *To erre, ſtray, ſwarve, decline out the way.*

† Deſuſage: m. *Diſuſage, diſcontinuance.*

† Deſuſitation: f. *A diſuſing, diſcontinuing, leaving off.*

Deſuſité: m. ée: f. *Diſuſed, diſcontinued, left off, grown out of uſe.*

Deſuſiter. *To diſuſe, diſcontinue, diſaccuſtome, leave off.*

Deſyvré: m. ée: f. *Made ſober againe.*

Deſyvrer. *To make ſober after drunkennesſe.*

† Det: m. *A die to play with. See* Dé.

Detail: m. *A piecemealing; a hewing, or cutting in pieces (hence) alſo, retaile, ſmall ſale, or a ſelling by parcels, or in pieces.*

Detaillé: m. ée: f. *Piecemealed; cut into parcels, hewed in pieces (or as* Deſtaillé;*) alſo, retailed, ſold by retaile.*

Detailler. *To piecemeale, to cut into parcells, or pieces; (hence) alſo, to retaile, or ſell by retaile.*

Detailleur. *A retailer, or tradeſman that ſels by retaile.*

† Detalenté: m. ée: f. *Unwilling, luſtleſſe, undiſpoſed, out of the humour, that hath no diſpoſition unto a thing.*

Detapper. *To unbung, to open the bunghole of.* ¶ Bleſien.

Detendre. *See* Deſtendre.

Detenir. *To detaine, or with-hold; alſo, to retaine, buſie, occupy, ſtay, bold, continue in a place; alſo, to reſtraine, or keep in.*

Detente d'arquebuſe: f. *The Tent of a Caleiver; the little piece of yron that keeps the Cock up.*

Detenteur: m. *A detainer; a wrongfull keeper of poſſeſſion; a with-holder of another mans right.*

Detention: f. *A detention; detaining, with-holding; reſtraining.*

Detenu: m. ue: f. *Detained, with-held; reſtrained, kept in; buſied, occupied.*

Detenuë: f. *as* Detention.

Detergent: m. ente: f. *Cleanſing, ſcouring, rubbing away, wiping off.*

Deterioration: f. *An impairing, or making worſe.*

Deterioré: m. ée: f. *Impaired, marred, ſpoiled; grown, or made worſe.*

Deteriorer. *To impaire, make worſe, marre, ſpoyle, ſtroy.*

Determinance: f. *An order, decree, ordinance, ſentence, determination; an ending, concluſion, determinatim of a matter already debated.*

Determiné: m. ée: f. *Determined, reſolved on, ended, concluded.*

Vn homme determiné. *A reſolute, or courageous fellow; one that fears no dangers, dreads no colours.*

Determinément. *Reſolutely, courageouſly; alſo, with a full end, and concluſion of matters; determinately.*

Determiner. *To determine, conclude, reſolve on, end, finiſh.*

Deterré: m. ée: f. *Digged or taken out of the earth; alſo, diſinherited, diſſeiſed, left landleſſe.*

Deterrer. *To dig, or take out of the ground; alſo, to diſinherit; deprive of, leave without, land.*

Deterſif: m. iue: f. *Deterſive; of a ſcouring, or cleanſing qualitie.*

Deteſtable: com. *Deteſtable, execrable, abhominable, moſt odious, exceeding loathſome.*

Deteſtation: f. *A deteſtation, loathing, abhorring.*

Deteſté: m. ée: f. *Deteſted, loathed, abhorred.*

Deteſter. *To deteſt, loath, abhorre, have in abhomination.*

Dethroner, ou Dethroſner. *as* Deſthroner.

Detiré: m. ée: f. *Racked, retched, or ſtretched out with violence; almoſt pulled in pieces.*

Detirer. *To rack, retch, or ſtretch out with violence; to pull almoſt in pieces.*

Detomber. *To untombe, or take out of a tombe.*

Detordre. *To wrie, to writh, &c. See* Deſtordre.

† Detouillé: m. ée: f. *Diſincumbred; alſo, diſintangled, unſnarled.* ¶ Pic.

† Detouiller. *To diſ-incumber, or unpeſter; alſo,*

alſo, to unſnarle, or diſ-intangle; and hence;

I'ay beaucoup à detouiller. *I have much intricate, and ſhuffled, buſineſſe to order.*

Detourbier. *as* Deſtourbier.

Detracter. *To detract from; to ſlander, back-bite, deprave, diſpraiſe, traduce, report ill of, diſparage in ſpeeches; raile on, revile one, behind his back.*

Detracteur: m. *A detractor; ſlanderer, back-biter, depraver; an ordinarie traducer, or diſparager of others behind their backs; an ill-tongued, or foule-mouthed fellow.*

Detraction: f. *Detraction; ſlander, back-biting, depravation, diſcrediting, miſ-report of, private diſgracing, or diſparaging; ſlanderous ſpeeches, reprochfull tearmes given of one behind his back.*

Detrapper. *as* Deſtraper.

Detraqué: m. ée: f. *Out of the tract, juſt path, right way; or, as* Deſtraqué.

Se Detraquer. *To put himſelfe out of his path, or out of the way; Looke* Deſtraquer.

Detravé. le monde eſt tout detravé. *The world is cleane out of ſquare, out of faſhion, out of frame, out of order, off the hindges.*

Detrencher. *See* Deſtrancher.

Detreſſe: f. *Looke* Deſtreſſe.

Detrichoüere: *as* Dextrochere; *alſo, the ſould of leather wherewith yarne-winders preſerve their fingers from skarres; alſo, the ſharp Iron, wherein the quill, or ſpindle, of a wheele doth twirle.*

Detriment: m. *Detriment, loſſe, damage, hurt, hinderance, decay.*

Detrimenteux: m. euſe: f. *Hurtfull, damageous; much hindering, full of loſſe, dammage, diſadvantage.*

† Detriſte: m. ée: f. *Comforted, cheared up; whoſe griefe is allayed, whoſe ſorrow layed aſide.*

† Detriſter. *To drive away ſadneſſe.*

Detrompé: m. ée: f. *Delivered from error.*

Detromper. *To undeceive, to rid of error.*

Detrouſſément. *as* Deſtrouſſément.

Dette: f. *A debt; See* Debte.

Deturper. *To defile, file, foule, ſoyle, make foule or ill-favoured.*

Deu: m. deuë: f. *Due, owed, or owing, out owne; alſo, juſt, fit, right, apt, ſeaſonable, convenient.*

Devallant. *Deſcending, alighting; bringing, or letting downe; tumbling, or throwing downe.*

Devallé: m. ée: f. *Brought, or let downe; tumbled; or thrwne downe-ward; deſcended, alighted.*

Devallée: f. *A deſcent, or low ground; a fall in ground.*

Devallement: m. *A deſcent, an alighting; a ſliding, or going downe; a bringing, or letting, a tumbling, or throwing, downe-ward.*

Devaller. *To bring, or let downe, to tumble, or throw downe-ward; alſo, to deſcend, alight; ſlide, or goe downe.*

Devancé: m. ée: f. *Out-gone, exceeded, ſtripped, over-run, preceded, got before.*

Devancer. *To ſtrip, out-goe, over-run, get, or goe before; to prevent, precede, fore-run.*

Devancier. nos Devanciers. *Our anceſtors, or predeceſſors, our fore-fathers.*

Devancier: m. ere: f. *Fore-running, preceding, more old, of greater antiquitie then; got, or gone before; out-going, exceeding, that hath over-run another.*

Devant: m. *(Subſtantively) as;* vn devant de robbe; *a kirtle, or, apron.*

Le devant d'un pourpoint, &c. *The forebodie.*

Gaigner le devant par derriere. *To out-ſtrip, or out-goe by wrong, private, or by-wayes; to croſſe, or prevent a mans projects by courſes different from th'ordinarie, or his.*

Devant. *(of the verbe* Devoir; *)* laquelle choſe devant eſtre. *Which thing ſince it muſt be.*

Devant. *Before, formerly.*

Par ci devant. *Heretofore, in former times.*

S'en *(or* Sens *)* devant derriere. *The wrong end forward; the inſide outward; the cart before the horſes; cleane kamme.*

Tout devant. *Right againſt, over-againſt.*

Aller au devant. *To goe meet.*

Aller au devant par derriere. *To goe the wrong way to worke.*

Devant. (Interject.) *Uſed as our, Avaunt, in the driving away of a dog.*

Devanteau: m. *An apron.*

Devantel, & Devantier. *The ſame.*

Devants: m. *Stands, or places wherein men ſtand with bowes, dogs, or otherwiſe, to ſhoot, hound, or looke, at a Deere, as he paſſes along.*

Deuës à vetando. *Priviledges of forbidding (others to fiſh, or gather ſticks, in his waters, or woods.)*

† Deveiner. *as* Deſveiner.

Developpé: m. ée: f. *Diſ-inveloped, unwrapped, unfolded.*

Developper. *To unwrap, unfold, diſplay.*

Deüement. *Duely, rightly, fitly, as it ſhould be.*

† Devely. *Changed, or altered, ſo that a man cannot know him.*

Devenir. *To wax, to grow, to become.*

Que deviendra ceſt argent? *What will become of, what ſhall be done with, this money? how ſhall it be beſtowed, how muſt it be diſpoſed of?*

Que deviendray je? *What will befall me, what ſhall betide me? how ſhall I ſhift, what ſhall I doe?*

Devenu: m. uë: f. *Become, waxen, or growne.*

† Devergondé: m. ée: f. *Shameleſſe; (a ruſticall word.)*

Deverrouillé: m. ée: f. *Unboulted, unſparred.*

Deverrouiller. *To unboult, or unſparre a doore.*

Devers. *Towards.*

Devers Orient. *Towards the Eaſt; alſo, of the Eaſterne coaſt, or countries; as,* je ſuis fille d'un Roy devers Orient; *I am the daughter of an Eaſterne King?* Ie viens de devers la riviere. *From, or from-wards the river come I.*

Devertaper. *To open, or unbung: & Orleannois.*

† Deveſt. *A diſadveſture; or, as* Deſſaiſine.

Deveſtir. *To put himſelfe out of poſſeſſion of; Looke* Deſveſtir.

Deveſtu: m. uë: f. *Diſſeiſed, put out of poſſeſſion of.*

Devexité: f. *Devexitie; a hollowneſſe, bowing, bending, hanging double, or downe-wards.*

Devidé: m. ée: f. *Wound from blades (or yarne-windles) into bottomes; alſo, reeled.*

Devideau: m. *A little paire of blades, or of yarne-windles.*

Devider. *To wind (as yarne &c.) from blades &c. into bottomes; alſo, to reele; whence;*

Pour devider la fuſée il faut trouver le bout du fil; Prov. *To conceive, diſpoſe, or diſcourſe of things rightly, one muſt find out their beginnings.*

Devidereſſe: f. *A woman that winds yarne &c. from the blades &c. into bottomes; or, from the ſpindle on a reele.*

Devider. *as* Devideau.

Devidoir: m. *A paire of blades, or of yarne-windles.*

Devidoire: f. *as* Devidoir.

Devier. *See* Deſvier.

Devin: m. *A Divincr, Soothſayer, Fortune-teller, gheſſer at, fore-teller of, things to come.*

Renvoyer quelqu'un au devin, cecy nous renvoit au devin. *We not know what this is, what it was, what to make, or thinke of it.*

Devinailles: f. *Divinations, predictions, conjectures, gheſſes.*

Devinaiſes: f. *as* Devinailles.

Devinance. *as* Devinement.

Deviné: m. ée: f. *Divined, fore-told, gheſſed, conjectured.*

Devinement: m. *A divining, ſoothſaying, fore-deeming, conjecturing, gheſſing, ſuppoſing, ſurmiſing what will follow.*

Deviner. *To divine, preſage, ſoothſay it; to conjecture, gheſſe, fore-deeme, ſuppoſe, ſurmiſe, preſume, what will follow.*

Il nous a mis à deviner. *He hath put us to our plunges, or dumps; he hath driven us to our wits end, or to ſearch every corner of our wits.*

Devineresſe: f. *A Divinereſſe, or Propheteſſe, a woman that gheſſes at, or fore-tells of, things to come.*

Devineur. *A Soothſayer, &c; as* Devin.

Devis: m. *Speech, talke, diſcourſe, a conference, or communication; deviſing, conferring, or talking together; alſo, a device, invention; diſpoſition, or appointment of.*

Deviſagé: m. ée: f. *as* Deſviſagé.

Deviſager. *as* Deſviſager.

Deviſe: f. *A Device, Poeſie, Emblem; conceit, Coat, or Cognizance borne, or given for ſome private reſpect; an invention; alſo, a diviſion; bound, meere, or marke dividing land.*

Quelle deviſe y avoit il en cela? *What reaſon, or ſenſe, was there in that?*

Deviſé: m. ée: f. *Diſcourſed, talked, invented, deviſed; ordered, digeſted, diſpoſed of.*

Deviſer. *To commune, talk, diſcourſe, conferre, deviſe, chat, converſe with; alſo, to deviſe, or invent; alſo, to order, digeſt, or diſpoſe of.*

Deuüement. *as* Deüement.

Devoir: m. *See* Debvoir.

Devolu: m. *A lapſe; a thing devolved, fallen fall, or fallen into lapſe; or, as* Devolut.

Devolu: m. uë: f. *Devolved; in lapſe, fallen into lapſe; or fallen from one to another; alſo, letten fall; and hence;*

Proces devolu. *An Action, or Suit, ſurceaſed, Non-ſuited, abandoned given over.*

Devolut: m. *as* Devolutaire; *alſo, a grant of, or preſentment unto, a Benefice, by lapſe; alſo, as* Devolu.

Devolutaire: m. *A devolutarie; one that obtaines the grant of a Benefice by a complaint, or pretence of inſufficiency, or intruſion, in him that poſſeſſes it; alſo, hee whom the ſuperiour preſents to one, fallen into lapſe, for want of due preſentment by the Patron, or Ordinary.*

Devolutif: m. iue: f. *Devolutive, ready, or like, to devolve.*

Devolution: f. *A devolution, or falling into lapſe.*

Devoré: m. ée: f. *Devoured, ravined.*

Devorer. *To ravine, devour, inglut; eat greedily, ſwallow whole, gulpe, or let downe without chawing.*

Devot: m. te: f. *Devout, holy, godly, zealous, religious; alſo, ſcrupulous, or curious (religiouſly.)*

Devotement. *Devoutly, holily, religiouſly, zealouſly; alſo, curiouſly, ſcrupulouſly, withfeare of conſcience.*

Devotieuſement. *Moſt devoutly.*

Devotieux: m. euſe: f. *Full of devotion.*

Devotion: f. *Devotion, zeale, holineſſe, conſcience, godlineſſe; a religious awe, reverend feare, ſcruple, curioſity.*

Hommage de devotion. *Looke* Hommage.

Devotionné: m. ée: f. *Devoted, affected unto.*

Devoüé: m. ée: f. *Devoted, vowed, or deſtined unto; appointed, ordained, provided for.*

Devouëmeur: m. *A vowing; or, devoting unto.*

Devouer. *To vow, devote, or deſtine unto; appoint, ordaine, or provide for.*

Devouré: m. ée: f. *Unvaulted, unarched; unbent; as a bow, &c.*

Devouter. *To unvault, or unbend, as a bow in ſhooting it off.*

Deuſdet. *as* Maſſe d'armes.

Deuvet. *as* Duvet; *Soft downe.*

Deux. *Two.*

Les deux, ou tous deux. *Both, or each of them.*

Deux à deux. *By two and two, from two to two, by couples, every two.*

Deux fois. *Twice.*

Deux pour vn. *A Snipe-knave; ſo called, becauſe two of them are worth but one Snipe.*

Entre deux. *Doubtfull, indifferent, in ſuſpence, one knowes not whether; alſo, in the mid-way, or between both; alſo, ready in mind, or about to do a thing; alſo, at his owne choice, as he liſts himſelfe.*

Demeurer entre deux & as. *Look* As.

Mettre en deux. *To double (in foulding;) or to fould double.*

Reſpondre entre deux & as. *Cunningly to frame ſo doubtfull an anſwer between yea and no, that the demander knowes not what to make of it; (from a Die that ſtands edgling, and thereby yields an uncertaine chance.)*

Deux chiens ne s'accordent point à vn os; Prov. *Look* Accorder.

Deux hommes ſe rencontrent bien; mais iamais deux Montagnes; Prov. *Two men may often meet, but mountains never.*

Deux loups mangent bien vne brebis; Prov. *Two wolves can make good ſhift with one poor ſheep.*

Deux orgueilleux ne peuvent eſtre portez ſur vn aſne; Prov. *One ſimple Aſſe cannot beare two proud Aſſes.*

Deux yeux voyent plus clair qu'un; Prov. *Two eyes ſee better (two men know more) then one.*

Qui bien tire deux en a; Pro. *He that draws well draws twice; a good draught countervailes a double draught.*

Secret de deux ſecret de dieu; Pro. *Look* Dieu.

Dieux-pour-vn. *A Snipe-knave.*

Dexterité: f. *Dexterity, nimbleneſſe, quickneſſe, readineſſe, aptneſſe; alſo, handſomeneſſe, comelineſſe, gracefulneſſe.*

Dextre: com. vn homme dextre. *An able, active, proper, handſome, well-behaved man. Scek* Adeſtre.

Dextre. à dextre; ou, à coſté dextre. *On the right hand, or ſide.*

Dextrement. *Nimbly, aptly, actively, properly, fitly, featly, handſomely, gracefully.*

Dextrier. *as* Deſtrier; *a Steed, or horſe of ſervice.*

Dextrochere: m. *The right arme (from the elbow to the wriſt) whereon there hangs a Maniple fringed at the bottome, and charged all over with Ermines.*

Dez en dez. *Incontinently, by and by, forthwith; ever and anon.*

Dia. *The crie wherewith Carters make their horſes turne on the left hand; alſo, a tearm ſet before medicinall Confections, or Electuaries, that were diviſed by the Greeks.*

Diabete: m. *A continuall, and immoderate voiding of urine, accompanied with extreme thirſt.*

Diable: m. *A devill, a Fiend, an evill Spirit.*

Diable deſchainé. *A devill got looſe; a Hell-hound, or Fury broken out of hell; a devilliſh, horrible, or terrible fellow.*

Diable de mer. *A ſea-Goat; or, ſea-Cormorant; alſo, the ougly wide-mouthed fiſh, called, the ſea Frog, or ſea Toad.*

Diable en procez. *A notable wrangler, or caviller, a wonderfull pledding, ſtirring, or buſie-headed companion.*

Vn povre diable. *A poore wretch, poore ſnake; ragged, needie, or beggerly fellow.*

Banquet de diables. *Wherein there is no ſalt.*

Mors à diable. *Herbe Avens, Bennet, or Bleſſed (called ſo by ſome.)*

Mors du diable. *The herbe Forebit, or Devils bit.*

Vallet du diable. C'eſt vn val: du d; il fait plus que l'on luy commande. *Said of one that's too diligent, officious, or buſie.*

Voix de diable: Aile d'Ange, & voix de diable. *The deſcription, or ſtile of a Peacock.*

Le diable y ſera bien. *There will be a foule coyle, horrible ſtirre, monſtrous confuſion, or garboyle.*

A ces diables. *To it apace and ſpare not, ſirs; forbeare it not as long as it will laſt.*

Faire le diable de Vauvert. *To keep an old coyle, horrible buſtling, terrible ſwaggering; to play monſtrous reaks, or rak-jakes.*

Faire d'un diable deux. *To make a thing the worſe by ſeeking to amend it; to commit two errours in ſtriving to ſalve one.*

Fuſt il plus diable qu'il n'eſt cornu. *Were he much more terrible then he ſeemes to be.*

Ie le rendray plus diable qu'il n'eſt cornu; *I will affright him more then he feares others.*

Il n'eſt ſi diable qu'il eſt noir. *Hee is not ſo lewd as he lookes, nor ſo bad as he is taken, for; he is nothing ſo offenſive, miſchievous, or dangerous, as hee ſeems to be.*

La diable n'eſt pas touſiours à vn huis; Prov. *The devill is not alwayes at one doore; hee tempts, and attempts, men ſundry wayes.*

Au preſter Ange, au rendre diable; Prov. (*Thus doe ungratefull men when they would borrow, flatter, when they muſt repay, rayle.*)

De jeune Angelot vieux diable; Prov. *We ſay, a young Saint an old devill.*

Et plus a le diable, & plus veut avoir; Prov. *The more the devill hath the more he would; (And herein, as in moſt points elſe, the greedy ſcrape-good humours him.)*

Ire de Freres, ire de Diables; Prov. *Look* Ire.

La farine du diable s'en va moitié en ſon; Prov. *Halfe of the devils meale turns unto braune.*

On cognoit le diable à ſes griffes; Prov. *The devill is knowne by his clawes; a covetous heart diſcerned by catching hands.*

Quand le François dort le diable le berſe. (*a Proverbe made by the Flemings out of patience with th'impatient, and reſtleſſe humours of the French.*)

Qui a maraſtre il a le diable à l'atre; Prov. *Look* Atre.

Diablerie: f. *Devilliſhneſſe; alſo, a devilliſh crue, knot, or company; alſo, a Play, or ſhew of devils; and hence,*

La diablerie à quatre perſonnages. *A great matter, or miſchiefe; a miſchievous hap; alſo, a wonderous rumbling, terrible coile, horrible ſtirre.*

Diableſſe: f. *A ſhe devill, or female devill.*

Diableteau. *A little devill, a young devill.*

Diableteau de coeur. *A lad-devill, or novice-devill (a prophane alluſion to* Enfans de coeur; *a Quirriſter.)* ¶ Rab.

† Diableuſement. *Moſt devilliſhly.*

Diabolique: com. *Diabolicall, devilliſh, fiend-like.*

Diaboliquement. *Diabollically, devilliſhly.*

Diacartami. *A purging compoſition, made of ſundry ingredients.*

Diacatholicon. *A compoſition ſo tearmed, becauſe it purgeth all kind of humors.*

Diaciminon. *A compoſition made of Simples fit to diſſolve windineſſe in the ſtomack.*

Diaconal: m. ale: f. *Diaconall; of, or belonging to, a Deacon.*

Diaconat: m. *as* Diaconie.

Diaconie: f. *A Deaconry; the place of a Deacon.*

Diacre: m. *A Deacon.*

Diaculon. *A certaine mollifying plaiſter, tearmed otherwiſe,* Diachylon, *becauſe it is made of juices.*

Diade-

Diademe : *A Diadem ; a Crowne, or wreath for the head of a King ; properly it ſignifies, a wreathed headband (with which the ancient Kings were contented, as thinking, that the Crowne belonged only to the gods.)*

Diafane : com. *Cleere, bright, tranſparent, tranſlucent, through-ſhining, through which one may ſee.*

Diagalange. *A confection, or ſalve made of Galingale.*

Diagonal : m. ale : f. *Diagonall ; or extending from one corner to another.*

Diagonalement. *Diagonally ; from corner to corner.*

Diagone : m. *A line that extends from one corner to another.*

Diagoné : m. ée : f. *as* Diagonal. *Alſo, more high, or deepe, then broad.*

Diagredé. *A medicine, or ointment, made of the Gumme* Diagredi.

Diagredi. *A ſtrong-purging Gumme, which diſtilleth from the root of the herb Scammonie.*

Diagredié : m. ée : f. *Mixt whith* Diagredium, *or Scammonie prepared.*

Diaire : m. *A Diarie, or Journall ; a relation of things done every day.*

Diaire : com. *Of a day, of one day, continuing for a day (and no longer.)*

Diale. *The devill :* ¶ Pic.

Dialecte : m. *A Dialect, or propriety of language.*

Dialecticien. *A Logician.*

Dialectique : f. *Logicke, the Art of reaſon, or of reaſoning.*

Dialectiquement. *Logically, by the art of Logicke ; as a good Logician.*

Diallement. *Deviliſhly, furiouſly, ſelly.*

Dialogiſme : m. *A figure, or diſcourſe, wherein one arguing with himſelfe as if he talked to another, both moves the queſtion, and makes the anſwer.*

Dialogue : m. *A Dialogue ; a diſcourſe betweene two, or more.*

Diakhée. *An ointment, whoſe principall ingredient is the mucilage, or ſlime of Althea, or marſh Mallow.*

Diamant : m. *A Diamand ; alſo, the Loadſtone ; (in ſtead of* Aymant.*)*

Cloué à clous de diamant. *Moſt faſt, moſt ſure.*

Diamantin : m. ine : f. *Of a Diamond, as hard as a Diamand.*

Diamargariton. *An Electuary, ſo called by reaſon of the Pearles whereof it is made.*

Diambre. *A confection of Amber, and other heart-comforting ſimples.*

Diamerdis. *A confection of turds, pilgrims ſalve ; alſo, a ſhitten fellow.*

Diametralement. *Oppoſitively, right overthwart, cleane croſſe, in oppoſition to, or one over againſt another.*

† Diametraler à. *To correſpond, or anſwer unto diametrally ; to ſtand right over againſt.*

Diametre : m. *A Diameter ; a ſtraight line, which paſſing through the middle, or center of a ſquare, circle, or other figure, divides it into two equall parts.*

Diammour. *The devill :* ¶ Barrag.

Diamouron. *Syrrop of Mulberies.*

Diamoſchum. *A kind of cordiall powder.*

Diane. à la diane. *In the morning, at the breaking up of the watch (a military tearme.)*

Bailler la diane. *To give a cold pie, or mornings camiſadoe ; alſo, to ſurpriſe, or aſſault, by Moone-light.*

Sonner la Diane. *Trumpeters to ſound in a morning to their Generall, and Captaines.*

† Dianier : m. ere : f. *Conſecrated to Diana ; or, that hath vowed chaſtity.*

Dianiſum. *An Electuary made of Aniſe-ſeeds, and other things good to breake wind.*

Dianre. *The devill, the god of darkeneſſe :* ¶ Norm: ¶ Rab.

Diapaſon. *A Diapaſon, in Muſicke ; alſo, as* Iauge ; *a gage to meaſure caske with.*

Diapente. *A powder, or compoſition, wherein there are five ſimples equally incorporated ; Myrrhe, Gentian, long Birthwort, Bay berries, and ſhaven or ſcraped Ivory.*

Diaphane. *as* Diafane. *Tranſparent, tranſlucent, cleere as Cryſtall.*

Diaphaner. *To cleere, brighten, make tranſparent.*

Diaphenicum. *A purging Electuary made of the Dates called Phenices.*

Diaphoretique : com. *Diſſolving, or evaporating humors.*

Diphragmatique. veine diaph. *Looke* Veine.

Diaphragme. *The Midriffe ; a long, and round muſcle, whereby the vitall parts are ſeparated from the naturall, and, the heart and lights from the ſtomack, and nether bowells.*

Diapré : m. ée : f. Diaperd, *or diapred ; diverſified with flouriſhes, or ſundry figures.*

Diaprer. *To diaper, flouriſh, diverſifie with flouriſhings.*

Diapreſie : f. *Flouriſhing in worke ; or, flouriſht worke.*

Diapreure : f. *A diaping, or flouriſhing in worke ; as in Diapers.*

Diarrhée. *A laske, or flux without inflamation.*

Diarrhoétique. *That hath ſuch a laske.*

Diarrodon. *A kind of paine-abating ſyrrop.*

Diarthroſe. *A knitting, or connexion of bones, that evidently move together.*

Diaſene *as* Diaſennè.

Diaſenné. *A purging compoſition made of Senè, or Trifolie.*

Diaſpertiſant (*or rather*) Diaſpermatiſant. *Diſſeminating, or ſowing of ſeed :* ¶ Rab.

Diaſtolé. *The dilatation of the heart.*

† Diatipoſe : f. *A double deſcription, or Figuring.*

Diatolique : com. *Continuall without intermiſſion :* ¶ Rab.

Diaule : m. *A meaſure containing two furlongs.*

Dicaſtes : m. *The Judges of the ancient Thebans :* ¶ Rab.

D'ici. *Looke* D'icy.

Dict : m. cte : f. *Sayed, ſpoken, delivered, uttered, expreſſed, ſhewen, told, declared, ſignified, reported unto.*

Dictam : m. *as* Dictame.

Dictame : m. *The herb Dittany, Dittander, garden Ginger,*

Dictame baſtard. *Baſtard Dittany ; ſomwhat reſembles the right one, but is neither ſweet of ſmell, nor biting in taſte ; ſome alſo call* Fraxinella *ſo.*

Dictame blanc. Tragium, Fraxinella ; *called alſo, baſtard, or falſe Dittany ; and oft miſtaken, and much uſed, by Apothecaries, for the right Dittany, though, in forme, it be nothing like it :* ¶ Mathiolus.

Dictame de Candie. *Dittany, and, Dittany of* Candia, *the right Dittander.*

Dictamon. *as* Dictame.

Dictateur : m. *A Dictator ; an Officer among the Romans, who, for the time he ruled, had Soveraigne authority.*

Dictature : f. *The Dictatorſhip.*

Dicté : m. ée : f. *Dictated, indicted.*

Dicter. *To dictate, appoint, or tell another, what, and how, he ſhall write.*

Diction : f. *A diction, ſpeech, or ſaying.*

Diction : m. *A conceit, pithy ſentence, pretty ſaying ; an Apothegme ; alſo, a ſinall arreſt, ſentence, judgement, order, penned at large, and commonly ſubſcribed by the Judge, and his aſſiſtants.*

D'icy. *From hence ; from this place, or time.*

D'icy à quel temps ? *How long ? in what time ? till when ?*

Diesble, *for* Diable ; *The devill :* ¶ Pariſien.

Dieſe : f. *A ſharp in Muſicke.*

Dicte : f. *Diet, or daily fare ; alſo, a Diet, Parliament, or aſſembly of the States, and Princes of the Empire.*

Dietitique : com. *Of, or belonging to diet ; preſcribing a diet.*

Dieu : m. *God,*

Dieux ! *An interjection of admiring, as we ſay, good God !*

Boeuf de dieu. *A Wren.*

La Croix de par dieu. *The Chriſs-croſſe-row ; or Horne-booke wherein a child learnes it.*

La feſte dieu. *Whitſunday.*

Vne Iambe de dieu. *So do the canting, and blaſphemous rogues of France tearme a cankered, gangrened, or deſperately ſore leg.*

Maiſon dieu. *A Spittle, or Hoſpitall.*

Paulme dieu. Palma Chriſti. *Satyrion royall.*

Vn pleuſt à dieu. *Looke* Plaire.

Dieu Colas. *By S. Nicholas, or for S. Nicholas ſake :* ¶ Lorrainois : ¶ Rab.

A dieu ne plaiſe. *God forbid, God ſhield, God ſweare-not.*

De par dieu ſoit. *In the name of God be it ; God proſper it, or ſend it well to ſpeed.*

De par luy bon dieu. *In the name of God ; or, for Gods ſake :* ¶ Lymolin : ¶ Rab.

Et encor pour dieu ſoit. *And he may thanke God, or, he is beholden to his adverſaries ſiers, if.*

Ne croire à dieu que ſur bons gages. *To truſt no man, how rich ſoever, but with good pawnes ; to believe no man, how honeſt ſoever, without great preſages : (in which phraſe though God be mentioned, yet is not an impious, but a churliſh, diſtruſt meant by it.)*

Faire le doux dieu deſſous vne peſle. Il fait &c. *He is very nice, quaint, preciſe, or curious in all his actions ; Looke* Peſle.

Oublier dieu parmi tous les Saincts. Il oublie, &c. *The nearer he is to the Church, the further he is from God.*

Dieu donne biens, & bœuf, mais 'ce n'eſt pas par la corne; Prov. *Looke* Bœuf.

Dieu donne le froid ſelon le drap; Prov. *God ſends men cold according to their cloath*; viz. *afflictions according to their faith.*

Dieu ſçait qui eſt bon pelerin; Prov. *God knowes the hearts of Pilgrims.*

A pere à maiſtre, à dieu tout puiſſant, nul ne peut rendre l'equivalent; Pro. *No man can ſufficiently requite his Father, Maſter, Maker,*

A toile ourdie dieu mende le fil; Prov. *God workes begun enables us to follow.*

En petite maiſon dieu a grand part; Pro. *In a little manſion God hath a great portion.*

En peu d'heure dieu labeure; Prov. *God quickly does what he will do.*

Il ne perd rien qui ne perd dieu; Pro. *He loſes nothing that keepes God his friend.*

La ou dieu veut il pleut; Prov. *Looke* Plouvoir.

Pour devenir bien toſt riche il faut tourner le dos à dieu; Prov. *The way to grow ſoone rich is to forſake religion.*

Qui ſert dieu il a bon maiſtre; Prov. *He that ſerves God, ſerves a good maſter.*

Secret de deux ſecret de dieu; Prov. *Yet we ſay, that; two can keep counſell when one is away.*

Dieu-donné: m. *Theodore* (*a proper name for a man*)

Dieu-gard: vn dieu-gard. *A ſalutation, or, a, God-ſave you.*

Dieutelet: m. *A little god.*

Dieux! Interject. *Looke* Dieu.

Diffamation: f. *A defamation; defaming, depraving, diſcrediting, traducing, open diſgracing in ſpeeches.*

Diffamatoire: com. *Defamatorie.*

Diffame: m. *Infamie, obloquie, reproach, diſcredit, ignominie, diſhonour, diſgrace, an ill report, an evill name, an imputation.*

Diffamé: m. ée: f. *Defamed, infamous, diſcredited, diſhonoured, much and ill ſpoken of; whoſe good name is tainted, reputation blemiſhed, credit loſt.*

Diffamer. *To defame, ſlaunder, diſcredit, reproach, deprave, diſgrace, diſhonour.*

† Differante: m. ée: f. *Differed, or diſagreed from; in debate, or at variance with; alſo, diverſified.*

† Differanter. *To differ, or diſagree from; to jarre, contend, debate, or be a variance with; alſo, as* Differenter.

Differé: m. ée: f. *Deferred, protracted, delayed, lingered, driven, put, or ſhifted off.*

Differemment. *Diſtinctly, ſeverally, differently, with a difference.*

Difference: f. *A difference, diverſity; inequalitie; diſtinction; diſagreeing; alſo, a certaine diſtance, or meaſure in Geometry.*

† Differencié: m. ée: f. *Diſtinguiſhed, made different from.*

Different: m. *A difference, controverſie, ſuit, variance, diſagreement, contention, ſtrife, debate, ods; alſo, a different marke, or thing; or a marke whereby one thing is diſtinguiſhed from another.*

Different. *Different; unlike, divers, differing, varying, diſagreeing, ſeverall from, of another condition or quality, nature or kind.*

† Differenter. *as* Differanter; *Alſo, to diverſifie, or varie.*

Differer. *To defer, delay, drive, or put off; to protract, prolong, linger, procraſtinate, ſhift off day after day.*

Sans differer. *Preſently, at the very inſtant, without ſtaying one jot more, any whit longer.*

Difficile: com. *Difficile, difficult; hard, uneaſie, troubleſome, intricate, painfull, almoſt impoſſible.*

Qui fait du difficile. *Thats backward, unwilling; ſtubborne; ſqueamiſh, coy, nice; thats very loath to meddle with, or to be drawne unto, a thing; thats very hard to be intreated, or wonne to undertake a thing.*

Difficilement. *Difficultly, hardly, uneaſily, troubleſomely, ſcantly, ſcarcely, with great paine, with much adoe.*

Difficulté: f. *A difficulty; a great let, maine impediment, a trouble, a painfull or intricate enterpriſe.*

Difficulté de digeſtion. *Ill digeſtion, rawneſſe of the ſtomacke.*

Difficulté d'haleine. *Purſineſſe, obſtruction of the conduits of the lights.*

Difficulté d'uriner. *The Strangury.*

Difficulter. *To difficultate, or difficilitate; to make difficult, or uneaſie; to make it a hard matter; to make bones of.*

Difficultueux. *Very hard, very difficult, full of difficulties.*

Diffinitivement. *as* Definitivement.

† Diffiation: f. *A diffiation, blowing, or breathing.*

Difforme: com. *Deformed, ougly, ill-favoured, unſeemely, uncomely, miſhapen, formleſſe, out of faſhion.*

Difformité: f. *Deformity, ouglineſſe, unſeemlineſſe, uncomlineſſe, ill-favouredneſſe; a blemiſh in favour.*

Diffus: m. uſe: f. *Diffuſed, ſpred, ſcattered abroad; large, wide, extended; hanging looſe; alſo, ſpilt, powred out.*

Diffuſément. *Diffuſedly, ſcatteredly, diſorderedly.*

Digame. *One that hath two wives together; alſo, one that marrieth after his firſt wives death; one that hath had two wives.*

Digaſtrique. *Having two bellies.*

Muſcle digaſtrique. *A muſcle iſſuing from the Proceſſe called* Maſtoïde (*ſometimes from* Scilloïde) *the uſe of it is, to draw the lower jaw downeward.*

Digeré: m. ée: f. *Digeſted, concocted, digeſted, borne, abiden; alſo, diſpoſed, ſorted, ordered.*

Digerer. *To digeſt, concoct; brooke, beare, digeſt, abide, away with; alſo, to ſort, order, diſpoſe.*

Digerer bien vn conſeil. *Throughly to examine, weigh, thinke, or conſider of, a counſell given.*

Digeſtif: m. ive: f. *Digeſted, or procuring digeſtion.*

Digeſtion: f. *Digeſtion, concoction, digeſtion.*

Digitale. *The herb called Foxe-gloves.*

Digitale jaulne. *Foxe-gloves with the yellow flower,* (*is leſſe, and leſſe common then*)

Digitale purpure. *Purple Foxe-gloves; called ſo of the colour of the flowers.*

Digitation: f. *The forme of the fingers of both hands joyned together; or the manner of their ſo joyning.*

Digitte: m. *A Diget, the Character which expreſſeth a figure in Arithmeticke; as an* v, *the figure of five, &c.*

Digne: com. *Worthy; condigne, deſerving, meet, fit for.*

Dignement. *Worthily, condignely, deſervedly, according to merit.*

Dignité: f. *Dignity; promotion; honour; authority, ſuperiority, greatneſſe of eſtate, or in office; great eſtimation, or worthineſſe; Nobility, or nobleſſe.*

Fief de dignité. *A Fief that hath a dignity, or title of Nobility, annexed unto it; Looke* Fief.

Signeurs de dignité. *Are Dukes, Marquiſes, Earles, Princes, Vicounts, Barons, and Chattelains; Noble-men; or ſuch Gentlemen as are Lords by inheritance, or birth.*

Digonner. *To dig, or pricke:* ❡ Norm.

Digreſſion: f. *A digreſſion, or digreſſing; a going, ſtraying, ſwarving, aſide, or from the matter; a changing of purpoſe, an altering of diſcourſe.*

Digue. *A ditch, bound, or banke; a jetty, damme, or mount, raiſed up for a defence againſt the incurſions, or inundations of waters.*

Dilacération: f. *A tearing, or rending aſunder.*

Dilacéré: m. ée: f. *Dilacerated; rent, or torne in peeces.*

Dilacerer. *To dilacerate, rend, or, teare in peeces.*

Dilaié: m. ée: f. *Delayed; or, allayed.*

Dilaier. *To delay; or, allay.*

Dilapidé: m. ée: f. *Dilapidated.*

Dilapider. *To dilapidate; ruine, or pull downe ſtone-buildings; alſo, to rid of, or purge from, ſtones.*

Dilatable: com. *Dilatable, inlargeable, extendable, widenable.*

Dilatateur: m. *A dilatator, inlarger, widener; extender.*

Dilatation: f. *A dilatation; a widening, inlarging, ſtretching out, ſpreading abroad.*

Dilatoire: m. *A dilatatory, or inlarger; an Inſtrument wherewith Chirurgions open thoſe parts that by ſickneſſe, or other accident, are too much cloſed.*

Dilaté: m. ée: f. *Dilated, widened, inlarged, ſtretched out, ſpread abroad, made broad.*

Dilater. *To dilate, widen, inlarge, extend, ſtretch out, ſpread abroad, make broad.*

Dilation: f. *A deferring, delaying, prolonging, protraction.*

Dilatoire: com. *Dilatory, delaying, deferring.*

Dilayant. *Delaying, deferring, protracting, prolonging.*

Dilayement: m. *as* Dilation.

Diligemment. *Diligently, ſedulouſly, quickly, ſpeedily; laboriouſly, ſtudiouſly, carefully, induſtriouſly; intentively, vigilantly.*

Diligence: f. *Speed; ſedulity; diligence, quickneſſe; much travell, or ſtudy; great inſtance*

inſtance; laborious induſtry; earneſt intention, about.
Faire ſes diligences. *To performe, or pay his duties; meant of ſuch as are to be performed before one can recover land ſold by his next kinſman, or forfeited by his owne default; alſo, in the firſt caſe, to entre his action for; or, to enter, and take poſſeſſion of, the land ſo alienated.*
Diligence paſſe ſcience; Pro. *Diligence exceedeth Science; painfulneſſe of more merit then ſkilfulneſſe.*
Diligent. *Diligent, ſedulous, quicke, ſpeedy; ſtudious, laborious, painfull; vigilant, intentive, carefull; earneſt, or buſie about a thing.*
Diligenté: m. ée; f. *Speeded, haſtened; quickly prepared, ſoone provided; forwarded apace.*
Diligenter. *To haſten, forward, give ſpeed unto, ſet on apace.*
Se diligenter. *To be diligent, nimble, quicke; painfull, earneſt about; to make ſpeed, or beſtirre himſelfe apace, in a buſineſſe.*
Dille: f. *The Quill, or Fawcet of a Hogshead, &c.*
Dillon: m. *A Quinſell, for a horſe.*
Dilucide: com. *Cleere, bright, plaine, manifeſt, evident, eaſie to be diſcerned.*
Dilucidé: m. ée: f. *Dilucidated; cleered.*
Dilucider. *To cleere, dilucidate; explaine, manifeſt, make plaine to be underſtood.*
Dimenche: m. *Sunday, the Sabbath day.*
Dimenche de blanches. *Palme-Sunday.*
Le Dimenche de paſques fleuries. (*The ſame.*)
Dimencheret. valet dimencheret. *A Holyday ſervant; one that waits but on good daies.*
Dimenſion: f. *A dimenſion, or meaſuring.*
Diminué: m. ée. f. *Diminiſhed, leſſened, impaired, abated, extenuated; qualified.*
Diminuer. *To diminiſh, leſſen, impaire, abate, extenuate; alſo, to qualifie; alſo, to divide (in ſinging.)*
Diminution: f. *A diminution; appairing, leſſening, impairing, diminiſhing, extenuation; abatement.*
Diminutions. *Diviſion (in Muſick.)*
Dinanderie: f. *Broken ware, Copper ware, Tinkers worke; alſo, the place where ſuch ſtuffe is ſold, or made.*
Dinandier: m. *A Copper-Smith, or Braſier; a word (as the former) derived from* Dinand, *a towne (ſtanding on the river of* Meuſe) *wherein copper kettles, &c. are made.*
Dinarchie: f. *The joint government of two Princes.*
Dindan: m. *The ding-dong, or ringing out of bells.*
Dindar. *A Turkey-cocke. Seeke* Indar.
Diner. *A dinner. See* Diſner.
Dintiers: m. *The cods, dowcets, or tenderings of a Deere.*
Dioceſe: m. *A dioceſſe; the juriſdiction of a Biſhop.*
Diole. *The devill.* ℣ Brett.
Diphthere. Peau Diphthere. *The skinne of the* Amalthean *Goate, wherein Jupiter is feigned to record humane occurrences.* ℣ Rab.
Dipſade. *A Snake whoſe biting brings with it a mortall drineſſe.*
Dipſode. *A thirſty fellow.* ℣ Rab.
Diptam, ou Diptame. *Herb Dittany, Garden Ginger. Looke* Dictame.
Dique: f. *as* Digue.
Dire: m. *A ſaying, tale, ſpeech, talke, word.*
Du dire au faict y a grand traict; Pro. *Deeds and words dwell far aſunder: either becauſe many things that are ſpoken are not intended to be done, or becauſe few things will ſo quickly, or can ſo eaſily be done, as they are ſpoken.*
Dire. *To ſay, ſpeake, talke, utter, expreſſe, deliver, tell, declare, ſhew, ſignifie, relate, report unto, alſo, to bid, or command.*
En dire ſa coulpe. *To beat, or thumpe his breaſt, as a repentant ſinner for his faults.*
Dire par jeu. *To jeaſt.*
Dire le mot. *To breake a jeaſt.*
Dire mille pouilles à. *To revile, reproach, raile on, ſcold at.*
A dire. Il y a autant à dire, que du. *There is as much difference, as betweene.*
Trouver à dire. *To miſſe, lacke, need, want the things we had before.*
Ie ne trove rien à dire en cela. *I find no fault with, I ſee no defect in, that.*
Ie ne dis pas. (Encore ſi elle eſtoit ieune, ie ne dis pas.) (*I would never ſpeake on't.*
Mal dire. fortune voulut mal dire à. *Would croſſe, or become foe unto.*
Ouy dire. par ouy dire. *By heare-ſay, by the report of others.*
Sans dire guare. *On a ſudden, without warning, at unawares.*
Que faut il tant dire? *what need ſo many words about the matter?*
Dis tu? *Indeed? Is it even ſo?* (*an angry manner of ſpeaking.*)
Que dis tu! (*In admiration*) *Is it poſſible! good God who would have thought it! tis a wonder you tell me!*
Ie ne dis qui le dit? *I am nothing, who is any thing?* (*a Card-players phraſe.*)
Les dez luy diſent fort bien. *He caſts very well, or hath paſſing good lucke, at dice; the dice are exceeding favourable unto him; The like is;*
Fortune vous dit. *Fortune anſweres your expectation, or, is favourable unto you.*
La livre dit douze onces. *The pound containes, or conſiſts of, 12 ounces.*
On dit. *The ſpeech is, the report goes; tis ſaid, or talked abroad.*
On me dit ton frere. *Men call, name, or tearme me thy brother.*
Vous dites d'orgues. *You ſpeak to the purpoſe, you ſay marvellous well;* (*ironically.*)
Aſſez en dit qui apporte bonnes nouvelles; Pro. *He ſaies enough that ſaies his newes are good; or he that brings good newes loves to tell them often.*
Bien dire fait rire, bien faire fait taire; Prov. *Good words breed laughter, good deeds admiration.*
Entre faire & dire il y a grand à dire; Prov. *Betweene ſaying and doing there is great difference.* (*Looke before in* Dire Subſtant.)
On doit dire du bien le bien; Pro. *Of things well done we ought to ſpeake well.*
Tout ouïr, tout voir, & rien dire, merite en tout temps qu'on l'admire; Prov. *Heare and ſee all, but ſay nothing, ſo maiſt thou ſtill be admired.*
Tout vray n'eſt pas bon à dire; Prov. *Every truth is not to be told.*
Direct: m. cte: f. *Direct, ſtraight, right, juſt, plaine; immediate, peculiar,*
Seigneur direct. *A land-lord; a direct, immediate, or next Lord.*
Directement. *Directly, rightly, ſtraightly, juſtly, immediately; plainly, without circumſtances, to the purpoſe.*
Directer. *To direct, guide, lead, conduct; rule, order; ſtraighten the courſe of, or keep in a ſtraight courſe; alſo, to acknowledge from whence a good commeth.*
Directeur: m. *A directer, leader, conducter, guide; ruler, governour; inſtructer.*
Direction: f. *A direction; guide, conduction; inſtruction.*
Directoire: com. *Directory, directive, directing.*
Direption: f. *A ſpoyling, robbing, ranſacking; pulling, rending, tearing, or taking away by violence.*
Dirigé: m. ée: f. *Directed, guided, conducted, led; ordered, ruled, governed; addreſſed, levelled, made right, kept ſtraight.*
Diriger. *To direct, guide, lead, conduct; addreſſe, levell, make right, keep ſtraight; rule, order, govern.*
Diſceptateur: m. *An arguer, diſputer, contender, debater; a pleader; alſo, a Dayesman, arbitrator, or ſtickler.*
Deſceptation: f. *A diſceptation; diſputation, contention, arguing, debating, reaſoning about a matter; alſo, an arbitrement.*
Diſceptatrice: f. *A woman that diſputes, reaſons, or debates, a matter; alſo, an arbitratrix.*
Diſcepté: m. ée: f. *Diſputed, debated, reaſoned, pleaded, argued; examined, arbitrated.*
Diſcepter. *To diſpute, debate, reaſon, plead, argue a Caſe; to arbitrate, or examine a controverſie betweene party and party.*
Diſcerné: m. ée: f. *Diſcerned, or diſtinguiſhed; parted, ſevered, ſundered.*
Diſcerner. *To diſcerne, or diſtinguiſh one thing from another; alſo, to part, ſeparate, ſever, divide aſunder; to make, or put a difference betweene.*
Diſciple: m. *A Scholer, a learner, a Pupill, a Diſciple.*
Diſciplinable: com. *Diſciplinable; teachable, fit to learne.*
Diſciplinaire: com. *Diſciplinary; belonging to diſcipline, full of inſtruction; corrective, ſchooling.*
Diſcipline: f. *Diſcipline, learning, doctrine, inſtruction; an art, a ſcience; alſo, correction, ſchooling, and penance; or a whip to doe penance, or give puniſhment with.*
Diſciplinè: m. ée: f. *Diſciplined, ſchooled, corrected; put unto penance.*
Diſcipliner. *To diſcipline, ſchoole, correct, bring under coram; (and hence) alſo, to whip, or put unto a ſharpe penance.*
Diſcole: com. *Unruly, not obſerving orders, without government.*
Diſcommodation. *Damage, hurt, inconvenience, hinderance, diſeaſe, diſpleaſure.*
Diſcommodé: m. ée: f. *Diſcommodated, or incommodated; hurt, indamaged, hindered.*

Diſcom-

Diſcommoder. *To diſcommodate, incommodate, hurt, hinder, bring damage, breed inconveniences, unto.*

Diſconcerté : m. ée : f. *Diſordered, confuſed ; ſet awry.*

Diſcontinuation : f. *A diſcontinuation, or diſcontinuing ; an intermiſſion, ſurceaſing, diſcontinuance, breaking off, giving over, for a time.*

Diſcontinué : m. ée : f. *Diſcontinued, ſurceaſed, intermitted.*

Diſcontinuément. *Diſcontinuingly, intermiſſively, by ſtops, with interruptions.*

Diſcontinuer. *To diſcontinue, ſurceaſe, intermit, forbeare, put off for a time.*

Diſconvenance : f. *A diſagreeing with, a diſſenting from ; a being unfit for, or unlike unto.*

Diſconvenir. *To diſagree, or be at ods with ; to be unfit for, or unlike unto ; to diſſent from.*

Diſcord : m. *Diſcord, jarring, repugnancie, diſagreement ; variance, debate, altercation, ſtrife ; diſſention ; contention.*

Diſcordamment. *Jarringly, repugnantly, diſagreeingly, without any order, or harmone.*

Diſcordant. *Diſcordant, jarring, diſagreeing, repugnant, contrarie ; moſt harſh ; moſt untuneable.*

Diſcorder. *To diſagree, differ, diſſent from ; to jarre, ſtrive, be at diſcord with ; to be repugnant, unlike, or contrarie unto.*

Diſcoſte : com. *Diſtant, remote, farre, farre aſunder, farre off.*

† Se Diſcorter de. *To remove, put from him, rid himſelfe of, leave aſide, abandon, quit, forſake, forgoe.*

Diſcourir. *To diſcourſe of ; to relate, report, recite, rehearſe ; to particularize point after point ; alſo, to peruſe, examine, ſearch into ; ſurvey, diſcover, run over ; and hence ;*

Diſcourir pluſieurs païs. *To paſſe, or travell through, many lands.*

Diſcours : m. *A diſcourſe, report, relation, rehearſall of a matter ; alſo, a ſurvey, peruſall, examination, pondering of things in the mind.*

Diſcourtois : m. iſe : f. *Diſcourteous, ungentle, uncivile, rude, harſh, without humanitie.*

Courtoiſie tardiue eſt diſcourtoiſe ; Prov. *A late-ward courteſie is a diſcourteſie ; favours that are long a doing, are loathſome, done.*

Diſcourtoiſie : f. *A diſfavour, diſcourteſie, ungentle trick, uncivile pranke, rude part.*

Diſcraſié : m. ée : f. *Pulled, haled ; alſo, drie, drained, or wrung drie ; of an ill complexion.* ¶ Rab.

Diſcrepance : f. *A diſcrepancie, difference, repugnancie, diſagreement.*

Diſcrepant : m. ante : f. *Diſcrepant, different, diſagreeing from, repugnant unto.*

Diſcret : m. ete : f. *Diſcreet, adviſed ; prudent, ſage ; provident, heedfull, circumſpect.*

Diſcretement. *Diſcreetly, adviſedly ; prudently ; providently, heedfully, circumſpectly.*

Diſcretion : f. *Diſcretion, (true) diſcerning ; a difference made, or, a ſenſibleneſſe of difference had, betweene things ; hence, judgement, adviſedneſſe, knowledge ; wit enough, to find out whats good, t'eſchew what is bad ; and to make the beſt uſe of either ; alſo, a wager, (but an uncertaine one ; it being at the loſers choiſe to pay what he thinks good.)*

Vivre à diſcretion. *To live as he liſt, to pay for his board &c. what he liſt.*

Diſcrucié : m. ée : f. *Excruciated, extremely afflicted.*

Diſcrucier. *To excruciate, vex, torment, afflict extremely.*

Diſcuſſion : f. *A diſcuſſion, or ſtrict examination, by parcells ; a ſearching into, or ſifting out of.*

Faire diſcuſſion ſur les biens d'un debteur. *To priſe, or examine the value of, a debtors goods, thereby to know how able he is to ſatiſfie Creditors.*

Diſcuté : m. ée : f. *Diſcuſſed, debated, examined, diligently ſought into ; narrowly ſifted out ; alſo, priſed, or praiſed, as a debtors goods.*

Diſcuter. *To diſcuſſe, examine, debate, ſearch into, ſift out ; alſo, to value, or praiſe goods.*

Diſcuteur : m. *A diſcuſſer, examiner, debater ; alſo, a valuer, or praiſer of goods, to ſee what they are worth.*

Diſcution. *as* Diſcuſſion.

Diſeaux de gerbes. *Sheafes of corne ſet ten and ten in a heape ; halfe-sheaves of ten ſheaves apeece, (ten-sheaved) ſtonks, or ſhocks of corne.*

Diſenier : m. *A Counſellor, or Alderman of a Citie ; alſo, a Captaine, or Commander over ten ſouldiours ;* Looke Dixenier.

† Diſentourner. *To unturne, or turne off.*

Diſert : m. erte : f. *Eloquent, well ſpoken, of good utterance.*

Diſertement. *Eloquently, elegantly, with choiſe words and good utterance.*

Diſeteux : m. euſe : f. *Needie, wanting, in want, poor, beggerly, penurious, unfurniſhed of neceſſaries.*

Diſette : f. *Want, ſcarcitie, beggerie, lacke, povertie, neceſſitie, dearth, penurie, needineſſe.*

Diſeur : m. *A ſpeaker, an arguer, a pleader, a prater.*

Diſeur d'heures. *A Chaplaine ; a ſayer of prayers.*

† Diſerre : f. *An horſe-ſhooe of two peeces joyned together at the top with an yron pinne, and thereby ſtraitened, or enlarged, to fit the foot, at pleaſure.*

Diſgrace : f. *A diſgrace ; an ill fortune, hard luck ; defeature, check-mate, miſ-hap ; alſo, uncomelineſſe, unſeemelineſſe, ill-favouredneſſe ; a deformitie, ill faſhion, rude behaviour, ougly manner.*

Diſgratié : m. ée : f. *Unhappie, unluckie, diſaſtrous, unfortunate ; alſo, unſeemely, deformed, unhandſome, uncomely.*

† Diſgregé : m. ée : f. *Diſgregated, diſperſed, ſcattered, ſevered, ſundered.*

† Diſgreger. *To diſgregate, diſperſe, ſcatter, ſever, ſunder.*

Diſjonctif : m. iue : f. *Diſ-junctive, diſjoyning, diſ-uniting, dividing.*

Diſjonction : f. *A diſ-junction, diviſion, diſ-unitement, parting, or putting aſunder.*

Diſlayer. *as* Delayer ; *To defere, delay, put off.*

Diſlocation : f. *A diſ-location, a diſplacing.*

Diſlocation de membre. *A putting out of joynt.*

Diſloqué : m. ée : f. *Diſplaced ; put out of joynt.*

Diſloquer. *To put out of joynt ; to remove out of his due place ; to diſplace.*

Diſmages. *Tythings, or matters belonging to tythes.*

Diſme : f. *A tythe, or tenth of.*

Diſmes inſeudées, ou inſeodées. *Impropriations of tythes.*

Diſme, & terrage à deux mains. *Looke* Main.

Veau de diſme. *A notable ſot, blockhead, lobcock.*

Amaſſer la diſme de l'ail. *To procure unto himſelfe a ſound beating ; (In* Poictou *they ſay of one that hath beene well cudgelled,* Il vouloit amaſſer la diſme de l'ail. *Becauſe the Poictevins will not ſuffer Tythe-Garlick to be payed.*

Diſmé : m. ée : f. *Tythed, whereof tythe is taken.*

Diſmer. *To tythe, or take the tenth of.*

Diſmerie : f. *A tenth, tythe, or tything ; the title, or poſſeſſion of a tythe ; a place where-out tythe is due.*

Diſmeur : m. *A tythe-gatherer ; the owner of tythes, or he to whom tythe is due.*

Diſmier. *A tyther ; or, as* Diſmeur.

Diſné. *Dined.*

Ou nous avous diſné nous ſouperons ; Prov. *Looke* Souper.

Diſner : m. *A dinner ; and (ſometimes more generally) a meale.*

Diſner d'Advocats. *A large meale ; (eaten, not given.)*

Diſner de chien. *Hounds fare, onely bread and water ; or, a meale wherein there is nothing drunke but water.*

Diſner de mouche. *A poore pittance, a ſmall bit, a little morſell, a Sparrowes dinner.*

Diſner de ſemonce. *A feaſt, or ſolemne dinner, whereunto many gueſts are invited aforehand.*

Contre diſner appert vallet ; Prov. *When meat is to be had my man appeares (ſayes the ill-ſerved Maſter.)*

Petit diſner longuement attendu, n'eſt pas donné, mais cherement vendu ; Prov. *Looke* Attendu.

Qui garde ſon diſner il a mieux à ſouper ; Prov. *He that keepes his dinner hath the better ſupper.*

Diſner. *To dine.*

Mal ſoupe qui tout diſne ; Prov. *He ſups ill that dines all ; after a gluttonous and diſordinate youth, followes a needie and hungrie age.*

Diſparagement : m. *A diſparagement ; an unfit, or unworthie condition offered unto, or impoſed on, a man.* ¶ Norm.

Diſparer, ou, ſe Diſparoir. *To vaniſh away, to withdraw himſelfe, or ſlinke out of ſight on a ſuddaine.*

Diſparoiſſance : f. *A diſ-appearing, or vaniſhing out of ſight ; a ſuddaine withdrawing, or ſlinking out of companie.*

Diſparution : f. *A diſparition ; or, as* Diſparoiſſance.

† Diſpathie : f. *An antipathie, or naturall diſagreement.*

Diſpenſaire : m. *A Diſpenſatorie, or Booke, that teacheth how to make all Phyſicall compoſitions.*

Diſpenſateur : m. *A diſpenſer ; a diſpoſer of things.*

Diſpenſation : f. *A diſpenſation ; a diſtribution, or diſpoſing of things.*

Diſpenſe : f. *as* Diſpenſation.

Diſpenſé : m. ée : t. *Diſpenſed with ; releaſed, or held excuſed ; alſo, proportionably diſtributed, or diſpoſed of.*

Diſpenſer. *To diſpenſe with, to take leave of ; to releaſe, or give leave unto ; alſo, proportionably to diſtribute, or diſpoſe of.*

Diſperſé : m. ée : f. *Diſperſed, ſcattered, ſundered farre.*

Diſperſion : f. *A diſperſion, ſcattering, diſſipation.*

Diſpos : m. oſe : f. *Nimble, active, luſtie, ſound, well diſpoſed in body.*

Diſpoſé : m. ée : f. *Diſpoſed, ordered, ſorted, appointed, trimmed, ſet in frame, put in array.*

Diſpoſer. *To diſpoſe, range, order, trim, dreſſe, appoint, ſet in frame, put in array.*

Diſpoſiteur : m. *A diſpoſer, ſorter, orderer, arranger of.*

Diſpoſitif : m. iue : f. *Diſpoſitive, diſpoſitorie, diſpoſing.*

Diſpoſition : f. *A diſpoſing, ordering, ſorting, arraying, ranging, ranking ; alſo, an inclination, or diſpoſition ; a naturall humour, or affection unto.*

Diſpoſte : com. *as* Diſpos.

Diſpoſtement. *Nimbly, actively, luſtily, ſoundly, with a good ſtrength, with great agilitie.*

Diſproportion : f. *A diſ-proportion, an inequalitie.*

Diſproportionné : m. ée : f. *Diſ-proportioned, unequall, ill agreeing.*

Diſputable : com. *Diſputable ; which may be reaſoned of, which will admit the debating.*

Diſputaillé : m. ée : f. *Fondly diſputed of, idly debated.*

Diſputailler. *To diſpute fondly, to debate a matter ſcurvily.*

Diſputation : f. *A diſputation ; reaſoning, talking, or debating of a matter* pro & contra.

Diſpute : f. *A diſpute, difference, debate, altercation.*

A vieux comptes nouvelles diſputes ; Prov. *Old accompts breed new differences.*

Grande diſpute verité rebute ; Prov. *Looke* Verité.

Diſputé : m. ée : f. *Diſputed, debated ; reaſoned, argued, talked, or treated of on both ſides.*

Diſputer. *To diſpute, reaſon, argue, talke, or treat of,* pro & contra, *to debate a matter in controverſie.*

Diſruption : f. *A burſting, or breaking aſunder.*

Diſſection : f. *A diſſection ; a cleaving in peeces, a cutting off, or aſunder.*

Diſſeiché : m. ée : f. *Dried up.*

Diſſeicher. *To drie up.*

Diſſeillonner. *To unſeele, or open the eyes.*

Diſſemblable : com. *Diſſemblable, unlike, divers, different, unreſembling.*

† Diſſemelé : m. ée : f. *Unſolcd, or, whoſe ſoles are pulled off.*

† Diſſemeler. *To unſole, or pull the ſoles off a ſhoo.*

Diſſentiment : m. *Diſſent, diſagreement, diſaccord, repugnancie in opinions.*

Diſſention : f. *Diſſention, ſtrife, debate, variance ; controverſie, jarring, diſcord.*

† Diſſequé : m. ée : f. *Cut in peeces, cloven aſunder.*

† Diſſequer. *To cut in peeces ; to open, or cleave aſunder.*

Diſſimilaire : com. Parties du corps diſſimilaires. *Such compound parts of the body as are of ſundry ſubſtances.*

Diſſimulateur : m. *A diſſembler, hypocrite, diſguiſer, double-dealer.*

Diſſimulation : f. *Diſſimulation, diſſembling, diſguiſing, hypocriſie, cloaking.*

Diſſimulatrice : f. *A woman diſſembler.*

Diſſimulé : m. ée : f. *Diſſembled ; pretended, counterfeited.*

Diſſimulément. *Diſſemblingly, cloſely, covertly, under-hand, as though he were not the man.*

Diſſimuler. *To diſſemble, counterfeit, play the hypocrite, pretend one thing and doe another.*

Diſſipateur. *A diſſipator, diſperſer, or ſcatterer abroad ; an unthrift, ſpend-all, waſter, conſumer.*

Diſſipation : f. *A diſſipation, diſperſing, ſcattering ; a waſting, unthriftineſſe, prodigalitie, conſuming.*

Diſſipé : m. ée : f. *Diſſipated, diſperſed, ſcattered ; waſted, rioted, conſumed.*

† Diſſipendre. *as* Deſpendre, *or* Diſſiper.

Diſſiper. *To diſſipate, ſcatter, diſperſe, diſſolve, or ſend packing ; to waſt, conſume, riot, bring unto naught.*

Diſſociable : com. *Unſociable, unaccompanable ; ſterne, rude, churliſh, froward, unfriendly.*

Diſſociation. *A diſſociation, or dividing of companie ; a ſeparation of fellowſhip.*

Diſſocié : m. ée : f. *Diſſociated ; ſeparated, or ſevered from the reſt.*

Diſſolu : m. uë : f. *Diſſolute, looſe, lewd, retchleſſe, unruly, diſordered.*

Diſſoluëment. *Diſſolutely, looſely.*

Diſſolution : f. *A diſſolving, aboliſhing ; a diſſolution, or looſing ; alſo, diſorder, exceſſe, retchleſneſſe, looſeneſſe of converſation.*

Diſſonant. *Diſſonant, diſcording, diſagreeing, jarring, untuneable, of different tune from, ſounding unlikely.*

Diſſouldre. *To diſſolve, undoe, breake, overthrow.*

Diſſuadé : m. ée : f. *Diſſwaded, or deborted from.*

Diſſuader. *To diſſwade, or debort from.*

Diſſuaſion : f. *A diſſwaſion, diſſwading, deborting, adviſing to the contrarie.*

Diſſuëtude : f. *Diſ-uſe ; the leaving of a cuſtome, or uſe.*

Diſſyllabe : com. *Of two ſyllables.*

Diſtance : f. *A diſtance, or difference ; a ſpace betweene place and place.*

Diſtant. *Diſtant, different, divers ; farre off, farre removed, farre aſunder.*

Diſtenſion : f. *A diſtenſion, ſtretching, retching, racking, or ſtrouting out.*

Diſtenſion, & convulſion de nerfs. *The Crampe.*

Diſtillable : com. *Diſtillable ; fit, or apt to be diſtilled.*

Diſtillation : f. *A diſtilling, trilling, or dropping downe.*

Diſtillation d'humeurs. *A Rhewme, or Catarrhe.*

Diſtillé : m. ée ; f. *Diſtilled ; trilled, dropped downe.*

Diſtillement : m. *as* Diſtillation.

Diſtiller. *To diſtill, trill, drop downe by little and little.*

Diſtinct : m. cte : f. *Diſtinguiſhed, divided, ſeparated, ſevered, differing, alone ; diſtinct, orderly ; marked, noted, pointed.*

Diſtinctement. *Diſtinctly, ſeverally, aſunder, pointed in order, plainely.*

Diſtinction : f. *A diſtinction, diverſitie, difference, a ſeparation ; alſo, a note, point, or marke of difference.*

Diſtingué : m. ée : f. *Diſtinguiſhed, divided.*

Diſtinguer. *To diſtinguiſh, divide, ſeparate, ſever ; to diſcerne, or put a difference betweene ; to ſunder by different markes, notes, or colours.*

Diſtique : m. *A Diſtic ; a couplet, or couple of verſes.*

† Diſtract : m. *Any diſtraction, or diviſion of a Contract, Right, or Act.*

Diſtraction : f. *A diſtraction, a pulling into divers parts, or by divers parties ; a violent withdrawing, diſſwading, or leading away, from.*

Diſtraict : m. cte : f. *Diſtracted, or diſtraught ; plucked into divers parts, pulled by divers parties ; violently withdrawne, diſſwaded, or led awy, from.*

Diſtraict & tiré d'une part & d'autre. *Wonderfully diſtraught, or diſtracted ; in a thouſand minds, moſt unreſolved which way to take, which part to chuſe ; what ſide to follow, or fall in with.*

Diſtraire. *To diſtract, or diſtraught ; to rend into ſeverall peeces ; or hale into ſeverall wayes ; to draw into ſundry parts, or drive into ſundry paſſions ; violently, and diverſly to withdraw, diſmember, or diſſolve.*

Diſtrait. *as* Diſtraict.

Diſtrayant : m. ante : f. *Diſtracting ; drawing into ſeverall parts, driving into ſundry paſſions ; violently and diverſly withdrawing, or diſmembring.*

Diſtribué : m. ée : f. *Diſtributed, divided, parted ; dealt, beſtowed ; delivered, allotted, appointed.*

Procez diſtribué. *Looke* Diſtribuer les procez.

Diſtribuer. *To diſtribute ; to diſtinguiſh, divide, ſort ; to deale, beſtow, give in ſundry parts ; to allot, or appoint unto every one his portion.*

Diſtribuer les procez. *To referre th' examination of Cauſes unto ſome judicious* Conſeillier, *that may report unto the Court the true ſtate thereof ; alſo, to appoint Cauſes their ſeverall dayes of hearing.*

Diſtributeur : m. *A diſtributer, dealer, divider ; he that appoints unto others their ſeverall portions in a thing beſtowed.*

Diſtributif : m. iue : f. *Diſtributive, dealing, dividing, diſtributing.*

Diſtribution. *A diſtribution, dealing, parting, diviſion ; a ſorting, or ſevering ; a deale ; an allotting or appointing out unto each his portion.*

Diſtribution des procez. *The ſorting of Cauſes unto their ſeverall dayes of hearing, and Courts to be heard in ;* or, *as in* Diſtribuer les procez.

Diſtrict : m. *A Diſtrict ; the liberties, or precincts of a place ; the territorie, or circuit of countrey, within which a Lord,*

or his Officers may judge, compell, or call in queſtion the inhabitants.

† Diſtroict. *as* Diſtrict.

Diſtroict de moulin. *as* Banlieuë de moulin.

Dit : m. *A ſaying, ſpeech, tearme, word.*

Il ne faut pas enquerir d'ou ſoit le dit, mais qu'il ſoit bon ; Prov. *Inquire not whence a ſpeech came ſo it be good.*

Dit : m. ite : f. *as* Dict.

† Ditateur : m. *An inricher.*

† Dite : f. à ſa dite. *At his becke, at his nod ; after his will and pleaſure.*

† Ditellet : m. *A little worke, a Pamphlet, a ſmall Treatiſe.*

Divague : com. *Straying, ranging, roguing about, roaming abroad, wandring up and downe, whoſe ſhooes are made of running leather.*

Divagué. *Strayed, ranged, roamed ; wandered about.*

Divaguer. *To ſtray, range, rogue about, roame abroad, run unſteadily from place to place, wander inconſtantly up and downe.*

Divers : m. erſe : f. *Divers, differing, unlike, ſundry, repugnant ; alſo, froward, unquiet, waſpiſh, diverous, waiward, hard to pleaſe.*

Diverſement. *Diverſly, ſeverally, aſunder, apart by it ſelfe ; differently, in ſeverall faſhions, in ſundry manner.*

Diverſifié : m. ée : f. *Diverſified, varied ; made of divers formes, faſhions, colours.*

Diverſifier. *To vary, diverſifie ; decke with ſundry colours, worke in divers faſhions ; interlace, or mingle ſundry formes together ; to change, or alter often.*

Diverſité : f. *A diverſity ; ſeverality, varietie ; a difference, or unlikelineſſe.*

Diverti : m. ie : f. *Diverted, turned, altered, withdrawne, diſſuaded, averted, kept, or driven from.*

Divertir. *To divert, avert, alter, withdraw, diſſuade, keep, or drive from.*

Divin : m. ine : f. *Divine, godly, heavenly, moſt holy ; participating of the Godhead ; belonging to, or comming from, God.*

Huile divin. *Oyle extracted by diſtillation from tiles, or bricks which have been ſome time ſteeped in very old oyle.*

† Divinance : f. *A divining, preſaging, foretelling, gheſſing, prophecying.*

Divination : f. *A divination, preſage, or conjecturall judgement of things to come.*

Divinement. *Divinely, godlily, heavenly, moſt holily.*

Diviner. *To divine, preſage, foretell.* See Deviner.

Divinité : f. *Divinity, Godhead.*

Divis. *as* Diviſé ; *Or deviſed ; paſſed, or granted by deviſe.*

Dot, & mariage divis. *The dowry, or portion given, or appointed out for, a daughter by her father, or mother.*

Doüaire divis. *The joynture, or dower accorded, aſſigned, and laid out at the time of the contract.*

Diviſé. *Divided, parted, ſeparated, disjoyned, ſundered, diſtinguiſhed.*

Doüaire diviſé. *as* Doüaire devis.

Diviſement. *Dividedly, or diviſively ; ſeparately, diſtinctly, ſeverally.*

Diviſer. *To divide, part, ſunder, diſtinguiſh, disjoyne, ſeparate ; ſort into ſeverall parcels, cut out into equall portions.*

Diviſible : com. *Diviſible, dividable.*

Diviſion : f. *A diviſion, partition, ſeparation, diſtribution, diſpoſing of a thing into ſundry members, parcels, or portions.*

Divorce : m. *A divorce ; a ſeparation, ſundering, parting of man and wife ; the diſſolution of mariage ; alſo, trouble, croſſes, overthwarting.*

Diuretique : com. *Which hath the power, or property to make one piſſe.*

Diurne : com. *Diurnall, daily, done by day, belonging to the day.*

Diuturne : com. *Long-laſting, of long continuance.*

Divulgateur. *A divulger, publiſher, proclaimer.*

Divulgué : m. ée : f. *Divulged, publiſhed, proclaimed, talked, or known all the world over.*

Divulguer. *To divulge, publiſh, make common, ſpread abroad in the world.*

Divulſion : f. *A divulſion, or pulling up ; alſo, a cutting, ſection, or diviſion.*

Dix. *Tenne.*

Dixain. *See* Dizain.

Dixaine : f. *A Ward in a City, comprehending ten Pariſhes, Conſtableſhips, or Tribes ; alſo, a halfe-threave of corne conſiſting of ten ſheaves.*

Dixenier. *An Officer, or Overſeer, next in authority unto the* Quartenier, *in a* Dixaine, *or ward ; and ſomewhat reſembling our Aldermans Deputy ; but that every* Quartenier *hath divers of theſe under him.*

Dixhuict. *Eighteene ; alſo, a Lapwing, or Blacke-Plover ; (ſo tearmed becauſe her ordinary cry ſounds not unlike this word.)*

Dixhuitieſme. *The eighteenth.*

Dixieſme. *The tenth.*

Droict de dixieſme denier. *The tenth penny, or penny-worth of all Mines, Minerals, Metalls, and other ſubſtances gotten within the ground, throughout France, due unto the King ; alſo, the Admiralls ſhare, or part (being a tenth) of all ſhipwrackes, prizes, conqueſts, &c. made at Sea.*

Dixme, &, Dixmer. *as* Diſme, &, Diſmer.

Dixneuf. *Nineteene.*

Dixneufieſme. *The Nineteenth.*

Dixſept. *Seventeene.*

Dizain : m. *A tenth ; alſo, a Ditty of tenne Stanzoes, or Stanzo of tenne verſes ; alſo, a paire of beades containing tenne peeces (or courſes ;) alſo, a (French) Penny.*

Dizain : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, ten ; ten, or containing juſt ten.*

Dizaine : f. *A tenth ; ten whole parts ; the number of ten.*

Dizeaux. *as* Diſeaux.

Dözanne. *as* Doüane.

† Dobbe : f. *A Tub.*

Dobé : m. ée : f. *Beaten, lammed, bethwacked.*

Dober. *To beat, ſwinge, lamme, bethwacke ; to canvaſſe throughly.*

Docile : com. *Docible, teachable, tractable, apt to learne, quickly taught, eaſily inſtructed, ſoone conceiving.*

Dociliſé : m. ée : f. *Made docible, teachable ; tractable.*

Docilicer. *To docilize, to make docible, tractable, teachable.*

Docilité : f. *Docility, aptneſſe to learne, quickneſſe of apprehenſion.*

Docte : com. *Learned, skilfull, cunning, throughly inſtructed.*

Doctement. *Learnedly, skilfully, cunningly, clerke-like.*

Docteur : m. *A Doctor.*

Docteur de Quandoque. *A Dunſicall Doctor.*

Docteur en gaye ſcience. *A Doctor of Rie ; (in* Tholouſe *they ſometimes uſe to make a merry companion proceed Doctor with this title.)* ¶ Rab.

Doctoral : m. ale : f. *Doctorall ; of, or belonging to, a Doctor.*

Doctorande : f. *The ſolemnity, or time of proceeding Doctor in any Art ; Doctors commencement.*

Doctorat : m. *A Doctorſhip ; the degree of a Doctor.*

† Doctorie : f. *The degree of a Doctor ; a Doctorſhip.*

Doctrinable : com. *Docible, teachable, apt to learne, fit to be taught.*

Doctrinal. *The patterne of learning.*

Doctrine : f. *Learning, doctrine, ſchollerſhip, ſcience, Clerkeſhip ; skill in, knowledge of, good letters.*

Doctrine du Palais. *Civility, courteſie, good manners, courtly behaviour, faſhion, carriage.*

Document : m. *A document, precept ; inſtruction, admonition ; experiment, example.*

Dodecaëdre. *A Geometricall body, or figure, of twelve faces.*

Dodechedron. *A twelve-cornered proportion, or figure.*

Dodeliné : m. ée : f. *Rocked ; alſo, fondly nodding, unſteadily carried ; alſo, dandled, lolled, lulled, fedled.*

Dodelinement : m. *A rocking ; alſo, a fooliſh nodding, unſteady wagging (as of the head) up and downe ; alſo, a dandling, lolling, or lulling of.*

Dodeliner. *To rocke, or jog up and downe ; alſo, to dandle, to loll, or lull, to fedle, cocker, hug fondly, make a wanton of.*

Dondeliner de la teſte. *To nod often, or wag the head much ; to carrie the head unſteadily, or like a boat in a ſtorme.*

Dodelineur. *The rocker of a cradle ; or, as* Dodelineux.

Dodelineux : m. *A rocker ; alſo, one that nods much, or wags his head very often ; alſo, a fond, fantaſticall, or giddy-headed noddy ; one whoſe head, and humours are moſt unſteady ; alſo, a fawning, or flattering companion.*

Dodelineux : m. euſe : f. *Much nodding, often wagging the head ; alſo, toyiſh, fond, fantaſticall, humorous, unſteady-headed, giddy-braind.*

Dodentral. *See* Dodrental.

Dodine : f. *A fond, or giddie wag of the head ; or, as* Dodelinement.

Canars à la dodine. *Served in with (French) onion ſawce.*

Dodiner. *To rock ; ſhake, ſhog, wag up and downe ; or, as* Dodeliner.

Dodineux.

Dodineux. *as* Dodelineux.

Dodo. *A word wherewith Nurſes rock, or lull, their ſucklings aſleepe.*

Apres bu dodo ; Prov. *After ſwinke ſleepe.*

Dodrental : m. ale : f. *Nine ounces heavie ; nine inches, or a full ſpan, long.*

Dodu : m. *A fat chops, or chuffe.*

Dodu : m. ue : f. *Fat, plump, chuffie, round-cheeked, full-bodied.*

† Doet : m. *A brooke, or ſpring.*

Dogguin : m. *A filthie great old curre.*

Dogmatiſer. *To teach ſtrange Doctrine ; to breed a Sect, or broach new opinions.*

Dogmatiſme : m. *The teaching, or preaching of new Doctrine, the producing of a new Sect.*

Dogmatiſte : m. *A forger of new Sects, or Opinions ; one that makes, or would trie, concluſions.*

Dogue : m. *A Maſtiffe, or great dog.*

Doigt : m. *A finger ; alſo, a fingers breadth ; or, the ſixteenth part of a foot, in meaſuring.*

Les cinq doigts noſtre Dame. *Five-leaved graſſe.*

Se donner du doigt dans l'oeil. ſe penſans ſigner ſe donnent du doigt dans l'oeil. *Thinking to croſſe, they ſcratch, themſelves : (appliable to ignorant, or heedleſſe coxcombes.)*

Mettre le doigt deſſus. *Tu as mis le doigt deſſus. Thou haſt hit it, or gheſſed aright (from them that lay their hand on their ſmut.)*

Mettre le doigt entre le bois, & l'eſcorce. *To love medling, to be of a buſie humour ; or, fawcily to intermeddle with, or take too much notice of, the buſineſſes that are ; or differences that may be, betweene two neere friends ; alſo, to breed quarrels, make debate, or ſet diviſion, betweene them.*

I'en mettray le doigt au feu. *I am moſt aſſured of it ; I dare anſwer for it, or pawne my head on it ; I know it is moſt true.*

Monſtrer au doigt. *To ſhew manifeſtly, point out evidently, lead one (as it were) by the hand unto a thing.*

Mordre les doigts. *To chafe, or fret inwardly at a thing which is paſt helpe, or out of his power to alter.*

Servy au doigt, & à l'oeil. *Served at a beck.*

Toucher du bout des doigts. *To runne lightly, or ſlightly over ; onely to glance at.*

Les Alemanes ont l'eſprit aux doigts ; Prov. *The Germans are excellent Artificers ; or, have nimbler fingers then heads.*

L'herbe qu'on cognoiſt on la doit lier à ſon doigt ; Prov. *Looke* Herbe.

Qui a beſoing de feu lecerche avec le doigt ; Prov. *Let him that needeth fire, take paines to find it.*

Qui remue les pierres ſes doigts caſſe ; Prov. *He that removeth ſtones, cruſheth his fingers ; harſh things are ſeldome ſtirred without hayme.*

Vn meſme couteau me coupe le pain, & le doigt ; Prov. *(Appliable unto any thing that does both good and ill offices.)*

Doigtier : m. *A thimble, or finger-ſtall ; alſo, as* Digital.

† Doil : m. *A pipe-ſtaffe ; and, (leſſe properly) any veſſell, or caske of a (reaſonable) big ſize.*

Doile : *The ſame ; or, as* Douille.

Panneau de doile. *A cant pane, or peece.*

Doille : *as* Douille.

Doire ; *for* Doüaire ; *A dower, or dowrie.*

Doïſil : m. *A faucet.*

Dol : m. *The name of a Citie in Burgondie.*

Fiebvre de Dol. *The French pox.*

Dol : m. *Deceit, fraud, guile, craft, tromperie, trecherie, falſehood, wilineſſe.*

Dolé : m. ée : f. *Squared, planed, hewed ſmooth, wrought, or made plaine with an ax, or addis.*

Doleance : f. *A wayling, lamentation, moaning, complaining, waymenting.*

Dolent. *Sorrowfull, heavie, grieving ; painfull, aking, ſmarting ; wretched, wailefull, miſerable, wofull.*

Dolentement. *Mournefully, heavily, ſorrowfully, wofully, grievouſly, wailefully.*

Doler (du bois.) *To chip, to ſquare, to plane, to hew ſmooth, to make plaine with an ax, or addis.*

Doleur : f. *Griefe, ſorrow, anguiſh, woe, ſadneſſe, teene, heavineſſe, ache, paine, ſmart, ſorenеſſe ; a throw, throbbing, wringing.*

† Doleux : m. euſe : f. *Wilie, deceitfull, ſubtill, guilefull, fraudulent ; falſe, trecherous.*

Doliman. *as* Dolyman.

Doloir. *To grieve ; ſorrow ; moane, throb ; to ake, warch, paine, ſmart.*

Bien eſcorche à qui ne deult ; Prov. *No matter though they flayed be who feele no paine in flaying.*

Femme ſe plaind, femme ſe deult, femme eſt malade quand elle veut ; Prov. *Looke* Femme.

Doloire : f. *A (Coopers) ax, or addis ; alſo, a Carpenters ax, or plaining hatchet.*

Dolouere. *as* Doloire.

Doloureuſement. *Dolorouſly ; heavily, ſorrowfully, wailefully, moſt wofully ; alſo, grievouſly, or till it ake againe.*

Doloureux : m. euſe : f. *Sorrowfull, dolorous, painfull, wofull ; alſo, ſmarting, grieving, paining, or putting to much paine.*

Parties doloureuſes. *Tender, or which cannot indure to be touched.*

† Dolouſant. *Wayling, lamenting, waymenting, making moane.*

† Dolouſer. *To wayle, moane, lament, waymент, complaine.*

Dolyman : m. *A Turkiſh gowne, long coat, or upper garment ; collarleſſe, and cloſed with long buttons downe to the girdle-ſtead.*

Dom Iehan. *Sir John, or, Lord John.*

Domaine : m. *A demaine ; a mans patrimonie, or inheritance, proper and hereditarie poſſeſſions ; thoſe whereof he is the right or true Lord, poſſeſſor, and abſolute owner ; alſo, an abſolute, and hereditarie propertie in, and poſſeſſion of, land, &c ; alſo, an Honor ; or, a principall Fief, Mannor, or Mannor-houſe ; the place whereof inferiour Fiefs are held, or vaſſalls hold.*

Domaine congeable ; *See* Congeable.

Domaine de la Couronne. *The Crowne-land ; Ancient Demeſne ; or, the ancient Inheritance of the Crowne ; alſo, any land which hath remained in the Kings hands, and beene diſpoſed of by his officers, for the ſpace of ten yeares.*

Domaine forain ; *Was at the firſt, in* Francis *the firſts time, an Impoſition of* iiij. d. *in the pound upon all kind of wares, and* v. s. Tout. *upon every* Queuë *of wine, ſold : whereunto* Henry *the ſecond joyned two other Impoſts,* Reſve, & Haut paſſage, *and tooke for them all together* viij. d. *in the pound, but afterwards diſ-united them in effect (levying their ſeverall and uſuall rates) and joyned them onely in this name.*

Domaine de France. *as* Domaine de la Couronne ; *And, as it, unalienable ; not by any eſpeciall Law, but by the generall cuſtome of all Monarchies, intereſſed in the preſervation thereof, as of the chiefeſt dowrie which they bring to their Princes at their comming to the Crowne.*

Domaine immuable. Cenſives, *Chiefe rents, and all fundamentall rights, and ſervices, which follow the land, howſoever it deſcend, or be diſpoſed of.*

Domaine muable. *A propertie in a thing whoſe value may be improved, or impaired, according to the yearely letting of it ; (generally) ſuch land as is, or may be ordinarily, and often leaſſed ; and the rents thereof raiſed, or leſſened, upon everie Leaſe.*

Domaine du Roy. *The Kings Demaine ; the rents, revenue, profits, and fruits of the Crowne lands ; alſo, the benefit of caſualties, and rights of Seigneurie, or of Juriſdiction thereunto belonging ; alſo, all manner of lands confiſcated by, or forfeited unto him ; and ſuch as he had in his own right before he came to the Crowne ; and ſuch as he purchaſed after.*

Domaine du Royaume. *as* Domaine de la Couronne.

De ſon domaine faire ſon Fief. *Looke* Fief.

De ſon Fief faire ſon domaine. C'eſt, reünir à ſa Table, & ráproprier à ſon domaine le Fief ; ou Cenſif tenu de ſoy : ¶ Ragueau.

Domanial : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Demayne, Mannor, or principall* Fief.

Exploict domanial. *A ſeiſure made by a Lord of his tenants land, for his homage, rights, and ſervices with-held from him.*

† Domanier : m. *The owner of a Demayne, or of land in demayne.*

† Domanier : m. ere : f. *as* Domanial.

† Droict domanier. *The priviledge a Lord Juſticer hath, to proceed, of his owne authoritie, by way of execution, without any written Commiſſion, in caſes that concerne his ancient demayne, or the accuſtomed rights thereof.*

Seigneur domanier. *The Lord of the ſoile of a Mannor ; a chiefe Lord.*

Dome. *A Towne-houſe, Guild-hall, State-houſe, Meeting-houſe in a Citie (from that of Florence, which is called ſo,) alſo, as* Doſme.

Domeſtique : com. *Domeſticall, houſhold, of our houſehold ; alſo, tame, familiar, privie.*

Domeſtiquement. *Domeſtically, ſamely, familiarly, privately, at home, within doores.*

Domeſtiquer. *To tame, reclaime; civilize, make familiar, gentle, tractable, houſall.*

Domeſtiqué: m. ée: f. *Tamed, reclaimed, civilized, made familiar, gentle, tractable, houſall.*

Domicile: m. *An houſe, manſion; habitation, dwelling, place of aboade.*

Domicilié. homme domicilié en vn tel lieu. *houſed, or that hath a dwelling, in ſuch a place; an inhabitant of.*

Domicilier: m. *A houſekeeper.*

Se Domicilier. *To houſe himſelfe; to go to inhabite, or to keepe houſe.*

Dominant. *Governing, ruling, commanding, bearing ſway, having authority over.*

Fief ſuzerain, & dominant. *A mannor held in chief, or whereof divers others hold.*

Seigneur dominant. *A Lord paramont, or chiefe Lord.*

Dominateur. *A maſter, ruler, commander, governor.*

Domination: f. *Dominion, rule, power, authority, government, ſoveraignty, ſway over others.*

Dominatrice: f. *A governeſſe, commandereſſe, Miſtris, Lady of.*

Dominé: m. ée: f. *Governed, ruled, commanded, ſwayed, maſtered, ſeigniorized, domineered over.*

Dominer. *To governe, rule, command, maſter, domineer, to have ſoveraignty, beare ſway over, a ſtroke among, others; to ſeigniorize it.*

Domineur. *as* Dominateur.

Dominical. la lettre dominicale. *The dominicall letter.*

L' oraiſon dominicale. *The Lords prayer, the Paternoſter.*

Domino: m. *A kind of hood, or habit for the head, worne by Cannons; (and hence) alſo, a faſhion of vaile uſed by ſome women that mourne.*

† Dominorié: m. ée: f. *Domineered over.*

† Dominorier. *To domineer, to beare ſway; as* Dominer.

Dominotier: m. *A maker of the hood called* Domino.

Dommage: m. *Damage, loſſe, detriment, hinderance, incommodity, diſcommodity, hurt, harme, ſcath, diſpleaſure; diſadvantage; a miſchiefe done, or over-heavy charge impoſed.*

Mais dommage que, &c. *But it is ſtrange, or tis a wonder, that, &c.*

Qui eſt loing du plat eſt prez de ſon dommage. Prov. *He that ſits farre from the diſh is neere his diſadvantage.*

Dommageable: com. *Damageable; hurtfull, harmefull, hindering, incommodious unto.*

Dommageablement. *Hurtfully, with damage, to ones harme, loſſe, and hinderance.*

Dommas: m. *A Cope-wearer; or the Prieſt, or Cannon, who, by turne, is to weare a Cope for a weeke together.*

Dompté: m. ée: f. *Tamed, reclaimed, ſubdued.*

Dompter. *To tame, reclaime; daunt; &c. as* Donter.

Dompte-venin: m. *Celandine the greater ſwallowes herb, tetterwort, pilewort, figwort.*

Dompte-villain: m. *A good cudgell, or any thing whereby a ſtubborne knave is tamed, or awed.*

Dompture: f. *A taming, reclaiming; daunting; breaking, ſubduing.*

Ce que poulain prend en dompture il le maintient tant comme il dure; Pro. *Looke* Poulain.

Don: m. *A gift, grant; offering, preſent; bribe; reward; alſo, as* Dom.

le don de mercy. *The gift wherein a woman is more mercifull then modeſt.*

Donaiſon: f. *A free gift, or deed of gift.*

Donat. *The name of a certaine Grammarian read in ſome Scholes; whence;*

Les diables eſtoient encores à leur Donat. *The devills were, as then, but breeching boyes, like Grammar Schoole boyes, but young in experience, but Novices in the world.*

Donataire: m. *A donatary, or donee.*

Donateur: m. *A doner; giver, beſtower.*

Donation: f. *A donation; a preſent, gift, or deed of gift; alſo, a giving.*

Donation à cauſe de mort. *See* Mort.

Donation entre vifs. *A perfect, and unrevokeable gift; an abſolute deed of gift, (made, and executed in a mans life time.)*

Dondaine: f. *A certaine warlike engine (out of uſe in theſe daies) whereout great round ſtones were ſhot; alſo, the burden of a ſong.*

Dondon: f. *A ſhort, fat, and groſſe woman; a female bundle of farts.*

Dongeon: m. *A Dungeon; a ſtrong Tower, or platforme, in the middle of a Caſtle, or fort, wherein the beſieged make their laſt efforts (of defence) when the reſt is forced.*

Donjon. *as* Dongeon.

Donné: m. ée: f. *Given, conferred, beſtowed; preſented; yeelded, or delivered up; alſo, dated.*

Vn donné à entendre. *A relation, ſpeech, tale, narration.*

Il s'en eſt bien donné. *He hath tipled ſquarely.*

On luy a donné ſon fac, & ſes quilles. *He is caſſed, diſmiſſed, or turned out of ſervice.*

Choſe bien donnée n' eſt iamais perduë; Prov. *He that gives diſcreetly gaines directly.*

Donnée: f. *A dole, gift, or diſtribution, a donative.*

Donne-lardon: m. *A mocker, flouter, giber, jeaſter; one that beſtowes a livery, or caſt of his wit, upon every one he ſees.*

Donnement: m. *A giving, beſtowing, conferring; preſenting; yeelding, or delivering up.*

Donner. *To give, beſtow, conferre, miniſter; preſent, grant; offer; yeeld, or deliver up.*

Donner des adoos. *To lay luſtily about him, to beſtirre himſelfe like a man.*

Donner barres à. *To ſtop, or ſtay the current of; to ſhut up.*

Donner le bond à. *Looke* Bond.

Donner carriere à. *To ſet a running, a galloping, a gadding; alſo, to let go, or give ſcope unto.*

Se donner carriere. *To range, flie out; make a vagary; to take ſome liberty, or a little ſwinge abroad; to recreate himſelfe a little.*

Donner la carte blanche à. *To deliver a man a blanke ſigned with his hand; hence, to offer to receive, or undergo, any conditions he will tye him to, or exact of him.*

Donner les champs à. *To free, or ſet at liberty.*

Donner la clef des champs à. *To diſmiſſe, let go, ſend out.*

Donner la cognoiſſance de. *To bring acquainted with.*

Donner coup à. *To worke effect, or do good in.*

Donner le croc en jambe à. *To ſupple, ſupplant, overturne, overthrow.*

Donner dedans les. *To breake in upon, ruſh among the thickeſt of, them.*

Donner à dos à. *To aſſaile, or ſet upon, behind; Looke* Dos.

Donner dronos. *Looke* Dronos.

Donner le flanc à tout propos. *To yeeld unto, or be wonne by, every word.*

Donner fond. *To caſt anker.*

Donner es gauffriers. *To leacher.*

Donner iour à. *To grace, beautifie, decorate, give light, or luſtre unto.*

Donner jour à ſa deſpence. *So to ſpend as the world may take moſt notice of his expences. Looke* Iour.

Donner main-levée de. *To reſtore, give backe, yeeld up, things taken, or ſeiſed.*

Donner mal de teſte à. *To make jealous.*

Donner en mandement. *To command, bid, give in charge; to will and command (the phraſe of Princes in their Letters Patents.)*

Donner la mitre, & la croſſe à. *To countenance, or authorize by the ſpecious pretext of religious Ornaments.*

Donner la muſe à. *To put into a dumpe; to make to ſtudy, or pauſe about a matter.*

Donner des oeufs de Paſques à toutes reſtes. *Looke* Paſque.

Donner ombrage à. *To make jealous, fill with ſuſpition; give an inkling of.*

Donner parole à. *Looke* Parole.

Donner pente à. *In wraſtling, to offer play, or an advantage, unto his adverſary.*

Donner pied à. *To ſet a foot, ſend abrodd into the world; give beginning to.*

Donner pied ferme à. *To ground, ſettle, aſſure the ſeat of, give ſure footing unto.*

Donner du piod à. *To ſcorne, contemne, ſpurne.*

Donner le plein & le rond à. *To accompliſh, or perfect.*

Donner à poinct nommé. *To hit point-blanke; to ſtrike the marke he ſhoots at.*

Donner du roſmarin. *To give a wooer his anſwer; or, a flat denialll.*

Donner vn mauvais ſault. *To do a man a miſchiefe; give him a vild puſh; make him catch great harme.*

Donner vne lourde ſtrette. *To jerke ſhrewdly, pinch extreamely. See* Strette.

Donner de la teſte. *To butt, or jowre; to run his head againſt.*

Il ne ſçait ou donner de la teſte. *He knowes not what to do, nor whither to betake him.*

Donner entre deux vertes vne meure. *To ſeaſon matters, or jumble good and bad together.*

Donner d' vne. *To tell a lye; to give a gudgeon, a lurch, a gleeke; a dry liſt; to gull, or make a foole of.*

Donner vogue à. *To authorize; to give ſway, or ſcope unto.*

Donner voile à tous vents. *To ſaile with*

with all windes, weakely, to be perſwaded by every one that ſpeakes to him; inconſtantly to be ſwayed by every ſeuerall humor that moues him.

Se donner du doigt dans l' oeil, qui ſe penſant ſigner ſe donnent du doigt, &c. *who (with their fingers) meaning to bleſſe, are like to blind themſelues; (applyable to Nimy-pimmers.)*

Se donner de garde. *To beware, take heed, be circumſpect, looke well about him.*

Se donner de bon temps. *To make much of himſelfe, to liue merrily, or at eaſe; to paſſe away his time delightfully.*

Ie te le donne gaigné. *I grant it, I yeeld vnto thee, I giue thee place, I leaue thee the victory.*

Ce qu'on donne luit, ce quo'n mange puit; Pro *(A true difference betweene bounty and ſenſuality.)*

Entre promettre, & donner doit on la fille marier; Prov. *Betweene promiſing, and giuing the maid ought to be married, (or as vnder* Promettre.*)*

Fille qui donne s'abandonne. Prov. *Looke* Fille.

Promettre ſans donner eſt ſol reconforter; Prov. *Faire words make ſoules faine.*

Qui toſt donne deux fois donne; Prov. *He that giues quickly giues twice: viz. Doubles the eſtimate of his gift.*

Qui tout me donne, tout me nie; Prov. *He that giues me all denies me all: viz. He that offers me all, meanes to giue me nothing.*

Tout eſt perdu ce qu'on donne à fol; Prov. *Whatſoeuer is giuen to fooles is loſt: for either they are ſimple and cannot, or ungratefull and will not, requite it.*

Donneur: m. *A donor; a giuer, a beſtower.*

Donq. *Then, therefore.*

Donques. *The ſame.*

Dont. *Whence, whereby, wherefore, whereupon; and (in the beginning of queſtions) how comes it to paſſe.*

Dontable: com. *Tameable; reclaimeable, which may be ruled.*

Donté: m. ée: f. *Tamed, broken, reclaimed, ruled; daunted, ſubdued, ouercome, brought vnder.*

Dontement: m. *A taming, reclaiming, breaking; ouercomming, ſubduing.*

Donte-mer. *Sea-taming, waues-breaking, ſurges-calming.*

Donte-orgueil. *Pride-taming, ſtoutneſſe-daunting, hautineſſe-dimme-pulling.*

Donter. *To tame, reclaime, breake; daunt; vanquiſh, ouercome, ſubdue, bring vnder.*

Dontereſſe: f. *She that tameth, or ſubdueth.*

Donteur. *A tamer, reclaimer, breaker, ruler; daunter, ſubduer, ouercommer.*

Donzelle: f. *An Eele-pout.*

Dorade: f. *The fiſh Gilthead, or Goldeny; alſo, as* Dorée.

Dorcade: *A Roe-Bucke.*

Doré: m. ée: f. *Gilt ouer; alſo, of gold; alſo, faire, beautifull, brightly ſhining.*

Brandon doré. *The Sun.*

Il eſchappa par la porte dorée. viz. *By money.*

Dorée: f. *The Dorce, or Saint Peters fiſh; alſo (though not ſo properly) the Goldfiſh, or Goldeny; alſo, a kind of delicate yellow Summer peare; the gold peare.*

Dorelle: f. *The pulſe* Orobus, *bitter Vetch, or bitter Fitch.*

Dorelot: m. *A darling, dilling, ſweet heart; wanton, fedle; alſo, as* Dorlot.

Doreloté. *as* Dorlotté.

Doreloteur. *A cockerer, dandler, hugger; fawner, ſoother, flatterer of.*

Dorelotter, *as* Dorlotter.

Dorer. *To gild, or doe ouer with gold.*

Dorerie: f. *Gilt worke; alſo, a gilding.*

Dores-en-avant. *Henceforth, from hence forward; hereafter.*

Doreur. *A gilder.*

Doreur de la nuict. *A Gold-finder, a Fakes-farmer.*

Doreure: f. *A gilding; alſo, a Billement, or Jewell of two pieces.*

† Doriphage: m. *A Munch-preſent; a deuourer of bribes, an eater of gifts.*

Dorlot: m. *A jewell, or pretty trinket, as a Chaine, brooche, ring, aglet, button, billement, &c. wherewith a woman ſets out her apparell, or decks her ſelfe.* ¶ Pic. *and hence;* as Dorelot.

Dorlotté: m. ée: f. *Decked, or ſet out with pretty trinkets; alſo, dandled, cockered, bugged, much made of; alſo, drowned in pleaſure, vp to th'eares in delights; alſo, nice, quaint, mincing it, making it fine or goodly.*

Dorloter. *To furniſh, deck, or ſet out with pretty trinkets; alſo, to cocker, dandle, hug, ſtroake, make much of; alſo, to mince it, make it fine, or goodly; alſo, to tumble or wallow in fulneſſe of delights.*

Dormailler. *To ſlumber.*

Dormance. *Sleeping;* En dormant; *in his ſleep, while he tooke his reſt, as he ſlumbered.*

Eau dormante. *Standing water, ſuch as is in pits, ceſternes, &c.*

Feneſtre à voirre dormant. *A cloſe window of glaſſe without any caſements; a ſtanding window that is not to be opened, nor ſhut.*

A qui l'on peut ſans les reſveiller arracher les dents en dormant. *Whoſe teeth one may pluck out without making them; (Applyable to ſuch as be ſluggiſh, dull, or ſenſeleſſe in extremity.)*

Dormart: m. *A ſlug-a-bed, a drouſie companion, a heavy-headed luske; one that ever ſleeps as he goes, one of the ſeuen ſleepers.*

Dormeveille: f. *A being betweene a ſleep and awake; or a counterfeiting of ſleep.*

Dormeur: m. *A ſleeper.*

Iamais dormeur ne fit bon guet, ni pareſſeux ne fit beau faict; Prov. *Looke* Pareſſeux.

Dormilieuſe. *as* Dormilleuſe.

Dormille: f. *The ſickneſſe of ſilkewormes, during which they ſleep; alſo, a kinde of ſmall Lamprey.*

Dormilleuſe. *The crampe-fiſh, whoſe propertie is to benumme the hands of her taker.*

Dormilleux: m. *as* Dormillart.

Dormilleux: m. euſe: f. *Heavy, ſleepy, drouſie, ſluggiſh.*

Dormir: m. *A nap, a ſleep; a ſleeping.*

Vn dormir attrait l'autre; Prov. *The more a man ſleeps, the more he may.*

Dormir. *To ſleep, reſt, ſlumber, take a nap; alſo, to ſlug it, or be negligent.*

Dormir en chien. *To ſleep a ſeaſonable, or faſting, in an open Sunne.*

Dormir ſur les deux poſtez. *To betrell vp ſleep; or, when one is weary with ſleeping on th'one ſide, to turne, and to it againe on th'other.*

Dormir la graſſe matinée. *To lie in bed long a mornings.*

Dormir ſur le jour. *To take a nap at dinner time, or preſently after; to ſleep at noon dayes.*

Dormir ſon vin. *To ſleep vpon a drinking, or diſgeſt his drunk with ſleeping.*

Ce ſont des contes à dormir debout. *Theſe are moſt idle, ſtriuelous, or fooliſh tales.*

Il ne laiſſe dormir ſa debte ſur le Soleil. *He lets not the Sunne go downe vpon his debt; he alwayes payes his debts before he go to bed.*

Aſſez dort qui rien ne fait; Prov. *As good be faſt aſleep as idle awake.*

En ſeureté dort qui n'a que perdre; Prov. *He ſleeps ſecurely that hath nought to loſe.*

Le lict eſt vne belle choſe, qui n'y dort on y repoſe; Prov. *As in Lict.*

Qui a bruit de ſe lever matin peut dormir iuſques à diſner; Prov. *Hee that is thought an early man may ſleep till dinner time; he that is held an honeſt man may long abuſe the world; common report guls many, who thinke no hurt when outwardly they ſee none.*

Tant dort le chat qu'il ſe reſveille; Prov. *The ſlugging or ſleepy cat at length awakes.*

Regnard qui dort la matinée n'a pas la langue emplumée; Prov. *He cannot thriue that lies in bed a mornings.*

Dormitoire. *A ſleep-procuring medicine.*

Dorque. *A kind of great and round earthen veſſell;* ¶ Lang. *alſo, a great fiſh that's enemy to the Whale.*

Dorſal: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, the backe; whence:*

Cautere dorſal. *The back-cauter; ſomewhat like a knife; or hauing a backe like a knife, and ſtaring onely on the other ſide.*

Dortoir: m. *A dorter or lodging wherein many ſleep together; alſo, a Churchyard.*

† Dortuit. *Sleepy, drouſie.*

Dorure: f. *as* Doreure. *A gilding.*

Dos: m. *The back; a back-part, or backſide; alſo, a ridge.*

Dos du nez. *The bridge of the noſe.*

Nichil au dos. *Looke* Nichil.

A dos d'Aſne. *Ridgill-backed, high-ridged, or hauing a ſharpe ridge; high, or higheſt in the middle ſharpe, or ſharpening toward the top, or middle; reſembling the back of an aſſe.*

Donner à dos à. *To aſſaile, or ſet vpon behinde;* ſe donnerent eux meſmes à dos. *They tumbled for haſte, one ouer another.*

Faire enſemble la beſte à deux dos. *To leacher.*

On a fait de ſon dos courroye. *He hath been whipped ſoundly, laſhed horribly.*

Mal eſt caché à qui l'on void le dos; Prov. *Hee's but ill hid whoſe backe is ſeen.*

Qui faict credos charge ſon dos; Prov. *Hee that credits much carries much*; or, *he that gives much credit undergoes a great charge.*

Doſe. *A doſe*; *the quantity of potion, or medicine, which a Phyſition appoints his patient ſhall take at once.*

Doſme: m. *A flat-round tower, or open roofe, to a ſteeple, banketting-houſe, pidgeon-houſe, &c. ſomewhat reſembling the bell of a great watch.*

Doſſe d'ail. *A clove of garlik.*

Doſſé: m. éc: f. *Indoſſed.*

Dofferaſſes f. *A buttreſſe, or ſupporter to beare up the great beam of a wall.*

Doſſier: m. *A back-ſtay*; *any thing that taſteth, or ſtayeth the back, or ſerves for it to lean on*; *as a raile behinde a forme*; *the back of a chaire, &c. alſo, the back of a chimney.*

Vn doſſier de pavillon. *The head of a Pavillion, or Canopy*; *the piece that hangs downe at the head thereof.*

Doſſier de ſable. *A ſhelfe, or banke of ſand.*

Doſſier: m. *Of, or belonging to, the bathe*; *alſo, eaſing, bearing, or, ſtaying the back*; *alſo, growing on the back*; *and hence*;

Soye doſſiere. *A hogs briſtles.*

Doſſiere: f. *The part of a draught horſes harneſſe which runs ore-croſſe his backe*; *we call it the ridgeband.*

Doſt: m. *A downy*; *a maidens portion*; *goods or lands given with a woman in marriage.*

Dot. *as* Doſt.

Dotal: m. ale: f. *Dotall*; *given in dowry*; *of, or belonging to, a downy.*

† Dotateur: m. *An endower.*

Doté: m. ée: f. *Indued, or endowed with*; *having a portion in.*

Dotter. *To doate.*

Doüaire: m. *A dower, or jointure for a woman after her husbands death*; *alſo, her marriage good, or the portion ſhe hath, or brings, to her marriage.*

Doüaire plein, & entier. *A jointure of, or thirds in, the whole land deſcended*; *which is eſpecially, when no other woman hath any dower out of it.*

Doüairiére: f. *A dowager*; *a widow endowed, or that hath a jointure.*

Doüane. *The name of the Cuſtome-houſe at Lyons*; *hence alſo, any cuſtome, or impoſt*; *and particularly, two French Crownes taken by th'Officers of that houſe, for every piece of gold, or ſilver (and ratably for all other kindes of ſtuffe, and merchandiſe) imported.*

Doüanne: f. *as* Doüane.

Doüannier: m. *An Officer of the Cuſtome-houſe.*

Doubé: m. ée: f. *Rigged, or trimmed up, as a ſhip.*

Douber. *To rig, or trim, a ſhip.*

Doublage. *as* Aides Chevels; *called ſo in the Cuſtomes of* Anjou *and* Maine; *Look* Aides; *a reliefe is alſo called*, Doublage; *becauſe a double, or two yeares rent, or* Cens *is paid for it.*

Doublant. *Doubling, making double, or as much more.*

Double: m. *A double*; *double part*; *or double pace*; *twice as much*; *alſo, the copy of a writing*; *alſo, a piece of baſe coin worth two pence* Tourn.

Double d'Aouſt. *Look* Aouſt.

Le double d'un cerf. *Deers ſuet.*

Au double. *Doubly, with great uſury, two-fold, unto his great advantage.*

Double: com. *Double*; *twice as big, as great againe*; *of as much weight*; *or worth againe.*

Double vaiſſeau. *A cauldron, or kettle, full of hot water, or, as* Bain de Marie.

Habillement double. *A garment that's lined, or furred cleane through, or double all over.*

Doublé: m. ée: f. *Doubled*; *made two-fold, or twice as much*; *increaſed very much, or unto as much more*; *alſo, bowed much, or made almoſt to meet at the ends*; *alſo, copied out as a writing*; *alſo, lined, as a garment*; *alſo, repeated, reiterated.*

Doubleau: m. *as* Hemicycle; *A halfe circle*; *alſo, a double quarter of timber.*

Doubleau. *Somewhat double, almoſt two-fold.*

Arcs doubleaux. *as* Branches d'Angiues.

Double-marcheur: m. *The little, ſpotted, and wormlike Serpent* Amphisbæna; *which having a head at both ends (an errour in ancient authors, in the opinion of* Mathiolus, *and* Grevinus) *can goe both wayes.*

Doublement: m. *A doubling*; *a making two-fold, or twice as much*; *ariſing unto as much more*; *alſo, the copying out of a writing*; *In a Portſale, a double outbidding, or double the price of the moſt that was at firſt bidden (which he that ariſes unto, moſt commonly carries the thing.)*

Doublément. *Doubly, two wayes, in two ſorts, for two cauſes.*

Doubler. *To double*; *to make two-fold, or twice as much*; *to increaſe very much*; *or unto as much more*; *alſo, to bow much, or make both ends meet*; *alſo, to copy out a writing*; *alſo, to line a garment*; *alſo, to reiterate.*

Doublet: m. *A Doublet*; *a Jewell, or ſtone of two pieces joyned, or glued together.*

Doublet en caſe. *A corner-point taken with two men at Tables.*

Double-teſtu: m. *The worme-like Serpent* Amphisbæna; *double headed, as ancient authors have imagined*; *But no Serpent, ſayes* Mathiolus, *hath naturally two heads*; *Look* Double-marcheur.

Double-vaiſſeau. *as* Bain de Marie.

Doublier: m. *A long, and large Table-cloth of Damask, Diaper, &c. hanging to the ground on both ſides of the boord, and laid double thereon*; *a Table-cloth for Princes, and great States.*

Doublure: f. *Lining for a garment.*

Fin contre fin n'eſt bon à faire de doublure; Prov. *Two crafty knaves being unmatcht, will never agree together.*

Doubtable: com. *Doubtable*; *redoubtable*; *certaine, fit to be feared.*

Doubtance: f. *Doubt*; *ſuſpition*; *feare*; *uncertainty.*

Doubtant. *Doubting*; *ſuſpecting*; *uncertainly thinking of*; *(and ſometimes) alſo, as much as hoping.*

Doubte: f. *A doubt*; *ſuſpect*; *feare, ſcruple*; *miſtruſt*; *ſuſpence*; *uncertainty of, or ſtaggering in, opinion*; *alſo, a reverent awe, or dread of.*

Sans doubte. *Queſtionleſſe, undoubtedly, certainly*; *without faile, as ſure as can be.*

Amener, ou mettre, en doubte. *To call in queſtion, bring in controverſie, make men doubtfull of.*

Tenir en doubte. *To delay, deferre, hold in ſuſpence.*

Doubté: m. ée: f. *Doubted*; *ſuſpected*; *miſtruſted*; *feared, awed.*

Doubtement: m. *A doubting, ſuſpecting*; *fearing.*

Doubter. *To doubt, ſuſpect, miſtruſt*; *be uncertaine, make a queſtion, or ſcruple of*; *to ſtagger, ſtammer, waver, between hope and feare*; *to be in ſuſpence*; *alſo, to fear, awe, dread, redoubt*; (*ſometimes*) *alſo (as much as) to hope.*

Qui ne ſcait rien de rien ne doubte; Prov. *He that knowes nothing lives in fear of nothing.*

Douteuſement. *Doubtfully, uncertainly, inconſtantly, wavering ly*; *miſtruſtfully.*

Doubteux: m. euſe: f. *Doubtfull, uncertaine, in ſuſpence*; *alſo, variable, inconſtant, ſtaggering*; *alſo, ambiguous, perplexed, ſubject to cavilling, or exception*; *whereof a queſtion may be made, a controverſie raiſed, or divers ſences gathered*; *alſo, fearfull, terrible, redoubtable.*

Douce (*The feminine of* Doux) la douce perſonne. *A ſweet ſellow ſure*; *Ironically. See* Doux.

Douceaſtre: com. *Sweetiſh.*

Doucelet: m. ette: f. *Dulcet, pretty and ſweet, or, a little ſweet.*

Doucement. *Sweetly, deliciouſly*; *ſoftly, ſmoothly*; *mildly, graciouſly, courteouſly, lovingly*; *eaſily, tractably.*

Douce-ente: f. *The name of a certaine thick, ruddy, and ſappy apple.*

Doucereux: m. euſe: f. *Full of ſweetneſſe, delicious*; *moſt pleaſant*; *moſt courteous.*

Doucet: m. *A kind of ſea-fiſh like a Hedge-hog*; *Look* Douſin.

Doucet: m. etté: f. *Dulcet, pretty and ſweet, or, a little ſweet.*

Doucettement. *Sweetly*; *prettily*; *mildly, gently, eaſily.*

Douceur: f. *Sweetneſſe, delight, pleaſantneſſe, daintineſſe*; *ſoftneſſe, ſmoothneſſe*; *meekneſſe, gentleneſſe, mildneſſe, tractableneſſe*; *kindneſſe, humanity, courteſie*; *indulgency, mercy, clemency.*

Douceur de chant. *The melody, or harmony of tunable ſinging.*

Il faut avoir mauvaiſe beſte par cœur; Prov. (*Some-what like to our, the rough Net is not the beſt catcher of Birds*;) *ſhrewd beaſts would be caught by ſweet baites.*

Doucin. *as* Douſſin.

Doucine. *as* Doulcine.

Dove: f. *A caſtle-ditch, or Town ditch (with water in it.)*

Doüé: m. ée: f. *Endued*; *endowed.*

Douëlle: f. *A Pipe-ſtaffe*; *alſo, the ſtrickle uſed in the meaſuring of Corne.*

Douen d'antan. *Hence over a yeare.*

¶ Norm.

Douër. *To indue, endow, or give a downy unto.*

Douës: f. *as* Douves.

† Douët: m. *A brooke, or ſpring.*

Douëtte. à longues douëttes. *In long rowes, files, rankes.*

¶ Bret.

† Dougé:

† Dougé : m. ée : f. *Small, fine; little; ſlender, thinne.*

Douger. *To trip; as a horſe that ſtumbleth not outright, (an old word.)*

Douille : f. *The ſocket of the head of a pike, javelin, &c. alſo, the ſocket of a candleſticke; any ſocket; alſo, the barrell of an harqueburee, or piſtoll.*

Douillet : m. ette : f. *Dainty, tender, delicate, ſoft, effeminate; a milke-ſop; one that cannot beare a feather without breathing; alſo, quaint, curious, as nice as a Nunnes beane.*

Douillettement. *Daintily, tenderly, delicately, effeminately; alſo, quaintly, nicely, curiouſly.*

† Douit : m. *as* Douët : *A brooke.*

Doulcin : m. *The fiſh called the ſea Urchin.* ✠ Marſeillois.

Doulcin raſcaz. *A greater, and white, kind thereof. Looke* Douſſin.

Doulcine. *as* Cymaiſe, *or* Cymace.

Douleur : f. *as* Doleur.

Douloüere. *A plaining axe, a Coopers addice.*

Douloureuſement, Douloureux. *as* Doloureuſement, & Doloureux.

† Se Doulouſant. *Pitifully complaining, in a lamentable taking, waimenting, moſt woe-begon.*

† Se Doulouſer. *To lament, waile, complaine, wayment.*

Doulx : m. Doulce : f. *Looke* Doux.

Dour : m. *A hands breadth; or the breadth of foure fingers; the fourth part of a Geometricall foot, in meaſuring.*

† Dourdé : m. ée : f. *Knocked, mawled, thumped, rapped, beaten.*

† Dourder. *To knock, mawle, beat, thump, rap.*

† Dourdier : m. *A luske, lout, ſlouch.*

Douſil : m. *A ſpigot.*

Douſſaine : f. *A certaine muſicall inſtrument.*

† Douſſé : m. ée : f. *Indorſed.*

Douſſer. *To indorſe, a paper, &c.*

† Douſſereſſe. *as* Doſſeraſſe.

† Douſſier : m. *An indorſement.*

Douſſin. *The ſea Urchin; a fiſh thats eatable, though unſavory enough.*

Douſſin raſcas. *The greateſt, and whiteſt kind thereof; not to be eaten.*

Doutance : f. *Looke* Doubtance.

Douve : f. *A caſtle-ditch (having water in it) alſo, a certaine herb, that kills the ſheepe which eate of it.*

Douves. *A mortall diſeaſe bred in ſheeps pluckes, or intrailes, by the eating of the herb aforeſaid.*

Douves d'un tonneau, &c. *The head-pecces of a Tunne, &c.*

Douvelle : f. *A Cinter, or Centry; the frame of wood whereby a vault, or arch is both in the making, and for a while after, held up.*

Doux : m. douce : f. *Sweet; delicious, delightſome, dainty, pleaſing; ſoft, pliant; ſmooth, tractable; gentle, mild, meeke; lovely; kind, courteous, loving.*

Doux de ſel. *Freſh, unſavory, not throughly ſeaſoned; alſo, of ſmall ſtanding, or experience.*

Doux à taſter. *Smooth, ſoft, without any roughneſſe; alſo, ſweet, or without any manner of harſhneſſe.*

Eau douce. *Freſh water.* Medecin d'eau douce. *A young, or unexperienced Phyſitian.*

Eſtain doux. *The beſt kind of Time; gotten in our Cornwall.*

Pierre douce. *A certaine white ſtone, called, the bony ſtone.*

Taille douce. *Sweet cutting; ſmall ingravery, ſuch as prints in copper are cut with.*

Tout doux. *Huſht; quietly, ſtilly, calmely, without noiſe, or dinne.*

Faire les doux yeux. *To counterfeit civility, or modeſty; to ſeeme coy; alſo, to make as though he ſlept, and ſaw nothing; or to be betweene ſleeping and waking; alſo, to winke, or ſmile prettily with the eyes.*

Faire les doux yeux à. *To play at bee-peepe with; to winke laſciviouſly, or wantonly at; alſo, to frame, or ſet the eyes to looke alluringly, flatteringly, or pitifully at one, thereby to get ſomewhat of him.*

Filer doux. *To flatter, or ſpeake faire.*

Douce parole n'eſcorche langue; Pro. *We ſay, good words breake no bones.*

Douce parole rompt grand'ire; Prov. *Gentle words appeaſe the irefull.*

Douces promeſſes obligent les fols; Prov. *Faire promiſes oblige fooles; or (as our) faire words make fooles faine.*

De doux arbre douces pommes; Prov. *Such as the tree ſuch is the fruit; ſweet the one, ſavory the other; (yet we ſay, that many a good cow hath but an evill calfe.)*

Doux-amer. *Bitter-ſweet.*

Doux-auveſque. *The name of a ſweet, and tender apple, as big as a middle Orange.*

Doux-balon. *A certaine round, great, green, ſoft, and ſweet apple.*

Doux-belheur. *A certaine great, ſweet, round, and hard-skinned apple.*

Doux-gliſſant. *Glib, gently-gliding.*

Doux-grave. viz. Doucement grave.

Doux de la Lande. *The name of a white ſweet apple, that yeelds moſt excellent cyder.*

Doux-Martin. *A certaine white, long, and dry apple.*

Doux-veret. *The name of a white, long, and tender apple.*

Douzain : m. *A Sous, or French ſhilling; (whereof ten make but one of ſterling money.)*

Douzaine : f. *A dozen.*

Il eſt bien au compte de la douzaine. *He is a ſorry fellow, a ſilly companion; one thats neither able enough to do hurt, nor wiſe enough to do good; (for things that are ſold by the dozen, (becauſe not curiouſly beeded) are often ſleightly made.)*

Douze. *Twelve; a dozen.*

Au denier douze. *Looke* Denier.

Douze-doigtier. *A ſmall gut, or entrall, ſeated on the right ſide, and deſcending obliquely towards the backe-bone and ending where the circumvolution of the guts begins.*

Douzil : m. *A ſpiggot.*

Douzieſme. *The twelfth; alſo, an impoſition of 12. d. in the pound upon all wares ſold; firſt raiſed by King Charles the fifth.*

Droict de douzieſme. *An yearely rent of 12. d. due by every affranchiſed inhabitant of* Haynault, *unto the Earle thereof, in acknowledgement of his former thraldome, and as a recompence of his now-got freedome.*

Doyen : m. *A Deane; the head of a Colledge, or Cathedrall Church.*

Doyenné : m. *A Deanery; or Deaneſhip.*

Doygé : m. ée : f. *as* Dougé.

Doze de Veniſe. *The Duke of Venice.*

Drache : f. *The little ſtaulke whereby a grape cleaves to the bunch.*

Drachme. *as* Drame; *A dram; the eighth part of an ounce.*

Dragacanth. *as* Dragagant.

Dragagant : m. *Gumme Dragagant, a gummy liquor which diſtills from the root of the Candian ſhrub, called Goats-beard.*

Dragée f. *A kind of diſgeſtive powder, uſually preſcribed unto weake ſtomackes after meat; and hence, any jonkets, comfets, or ſweet meats, ſerved in at the laſt courſe, (or otherwiſe) for ſtomacke-cloſers; alſo, ſmall haile-ſhot, of lead, &c.*

Dragée aux chevaux. *Provender of divers ſorts of pulſe mingled together; or, as* Farrage; *alſo, the courſe graine called Bolymmy, French-wheat, Blacke-wheat, or Bucke-wheat.*

Drageoir. *A comfet boxe, of ſilver; alſo, the fat, or veſſell that receives new wine falling by a narrow paſſage, from the preſſe.*

Drageon : m. *A vine branch, twig, or ſprig.*

Drangeon fourcheran. *A ſprig that ſpurteth out betweene two branches, as from the middle of a forke.*

Drageon fruictier. *The branch that beareth the grape.*

Drageon pampier. *A vine branch, or twig that beareth no fruit, but only leaves.*

Drageries : f. *Comfets, jonkets, ſweet meats,*

Dragme : m. *A dramme; the eighth part of an ounce, or three ſcruples; alſo, a handfull of.*

Dragme ſarmentine. *A cup of wine; See* Pilure.

Dragoir. *Looke* Drageoir.

Dragon : m. *A Dragon; alſo, the herb Dragonwort, or Dragons.*

Dragon marin. *The Viver, or Quiviver; a monſtrous, and venemous fiſh.*

Sang de dragon. *Dragons-blond; is not (as ignorant people imagine) the blond of a Dragon cruſht to death by an Elephant, but the Gumme of the Dragon tree opened, or bruiſed in the dog-daies; alſo, Bloud-wort, red Patience, bloudy Patience; (an herb.)*

Dragoncean : *A yong, or little Dragon.*

Dragoncelle : f. *as* Dragontée.

Dragonné : m. ée : f. *Dragonlie; whoſe binder parts reſemble a Dragon : (a word of Blazon.)*

Dragonneau : m. *A young, or little Dragon; alſo, the overfulneſſe of any great veine being bent, or ſtretched out.*

Dragontée : f. *The herb Dragons, or Dragonwort.*

Dragontée mineur. *Small Dragonwort.*

Draguinage. *So do they at Lyons terme a kind of Gibridge, whereby priſoners uſe to fetch drinking money from new-come gueſts.*

† Drumant. *Miching, pinching, drawing out things ſcantly, uſing them ſo ſcarcely as if he were affraid, or loath, to touch them.*

Drame :

Drame: m. *as* Dragme; *A dramm.*

† Dramé: m. ée: f. *Miched, pinched, miserably used, scantly disposed of, strictly measured, or delivered, out.*

† Dramer. *To miche, pinch, dodge; to use, dispose of, or deliver out, things by a precise weight, or strict measure; or so scantly, so scarcely, as if the measurer were afraid to touch them, or loath to have them touched.*

Drap: m. *Cloth; woollen cloth; broad cloth.*

Drap mortuaire. *A Hearse cloth.*

Demy-drap. *Cloth-rash.*

Estre des draps de. *To be towards; to be an attendant, or servant of, to belong, or be a retainer, unto.*

Le drap, & les ciseaux luy sont delivrez. *The matter is wholly referred unto him; hee hath the law in his owne hands.*

Le drap des deux est d'une mesme piece. *They are both of one kind of stuffe, metall, humour; there went but a paire of sheers between them.*

A ce drap cousturiers. *To it whoresons; or, let us go roundly to worke; also, there was old cutting, snipping, shredding, laying about them.*

Au bout de l'aulne faut le drap. *There is but just measure, no more then will serve the turne; more were too much, lesse too little.*

Il veut avoir drap, & argent ensemble. *He is an extreme, or unjust dealer; hee would have mens ware without paying for it; or, hee would have both stuffe, and money; one thing contents him not, he would have both.*

Dieu donne le froid selon le drap; Prov. *Look* Froid.

Drapé. *as* Drappé.

Drapeau: m. *A (linnen) cloth, or clowt; also, an Ensigne, Standard, Banner, Colours.*

Drapeau d'un fusil. *Tinder.*

Drapeau de la Meleze. *A white, and leather-like filme, or skinne (found neere to the pith of the bodies of old Larch trees) wherewith countrey people close wounds, and stanch bloud.*

Vieux drapeaux. *Old ragges, clowts, clothes past wearing; trash, trumpery, od ends; outcast fripery.*

Chevalier au drapeau quarré. *A Knight Banneret; so called, because his Colours in the field are to be of a square forme; as also, his Arms may be painted in a square field.*

Il est tout passe, & mort comme vn drapeau. *Hee lookes like death; or as pale as a clowt.*

Drapelet. *A little linnen cloth, clowt; or Ensigne.*

Draper. *To make, or worke cloth; to dresse, or full cloth; to beat, or thicken, as cloth, in the fulling; also, to seise, or take another mans goods, &c. under a faire pretext; also, to mock, flowt, deride, jeast at; also, to cut, or champ, apace.*

Draperie: f. *Drapery; cloth-selling, cloth-working; also, a flourishing with leaves, and flowers in wood, or stone, used especially on the heads of pillers, and tearmed by our workmen Drapery, or Cilery.*

Drapier: m. *A Draper.*

Drapier drappant. *A Clothworker.*

Drappant. *Working, dressing, or fulling of cloth; thickning, or beating cloth in the fulling; also, mocking, flowting, deriding, jeasting at.*

Drappé: m. ée: f. *Dressed, wrought, fulled (as cloth;) beaten, or, thickned (by beating) as cloth is in the fulling; also, derided, mocked, flouted; also, taken, or seised under a faire pretext.*

Sarge drappée. *Milled Sey.*

Drappeau: m. *as* Drapeau.

Drappelet: m. *A little linnen cloth, rag, or clowt.*

Drapper. *as* Draper.

Drapperie: f. *Look* Draperie.

Drappeux: m. euse: f. *Full of cloth, or fit to make cloth.*

Drappier. *as* Drapier.

Drappier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, cloth; also, fit to make cloth.*

Drave: f. *Spanish, or Babylonian Cresses.*

Dravée: f. *All kinde of pulse, as Beans, Pease, &c.*

Draule: m. *as* Drole; *A wagge, or merry grig.*

Draulerie: f. *Waggery; also, the figure of a Maske, Satyre, Munkie, or such like apish visages, and anticke resemblances, set on the top of a Scutcheon, or coat of Armes.*

Drege: f. *A kind of fish-net; forbidden to be used, except for the catching of Oisters.*

Drelotter. *as* Dorlotter.

Dressé: m. ée: f. *Straightned, levelled, evened, set right, made straight; also, raised, advanced, erected; held, lifted, set, or taken up; also, directed, instructed, trained up; ordered; framed, made, fashioned; also, devised, contrived, invented; also, found of, as Deere by dogges; also, covered, as a table; dished up, as meat for a meale.*

Dresser. *To straighten, set right, make straight, levell, even; also, to raise, advance, erect; lift, set, hold, or take up; also, to direct, instruct, order, governe, train up; to fashion, frame, build, make.*

Dresser vn cerf. *The dogges to finde of a Deere.*

Dresser les cheveux. *To stroake up the haire.*

Dresser vne coquille. *To set a trap for a woodcock. See* Coquille.

Dresser vne entreprise. *To plot, project, contrive an enterprise.*

Dresser des finesses. *To devise sleights, or lay snares, for fooles.*

Dresser vn lict. *To make a bed.*

Dis au Cuisinier qu'il dresse. *Bid the Cooke dish up his meat; ou, au sommelier qu'il dresse; or the Butler, that hee cover.*

Se dresser. *To raise, to advance himselfe, to stand boult-upright.*

Se dresser vn bon heur. *To procure unto, or provide for, himselfe a great fortune.*

Il se dresse vn guerre. *A warre is in preparing.*

Les cheveux luy dressent. *His haire stares, or stands an end.*

Se faire dresser quelque chose à quelqu'un. *To get him to set it straight, or to give order for it.*

Dresseur: m. *A straightner, director, leveller; setler; a raiser, erecter; framer, fashioner, orderer, instructer.*

Dresseur de compte. *An Account-caster.*

† Dressiere: f. *A straight or outright path, or traft; a direct, or directive, way.*

Dressoir: m. *A cupboord; a court-cupboord (without box, or drawer) onely to set plate on.*

Dressoüir: m. *A setting yron, or poating stick, for ruffe bands; a standing thing.*

Dridiller. *To gingle, as a Hawkes bels.*

Drillant. *Twinkling, sparkling, glistering, like a starre, or good diamond.*

Driller. *To twinkle, or sparkle; to cast a glittering, or yield a glistning, light.*

Drilles: f. *Rags, tatters, beggerly clowts.*

Drilleux: m. euse: f. *Tattered, ragged, in beggerly array.*

Dringuemorigue. *A nickname for a Dutchman.*

Marcher en dringuemorigue. *To stanke, or strout it, like a swaggering huffe-snuffe.*

Drogue: f. *A drug.*

Drogué: m. ée: f. *Bedrugged; mingled, purged, or seasoned with drugs.*

Boisson drogué. *A spiced cup; also, an impoisoned one.*

† Drogueman: m. *An Interpreter.*

Droguement: m. *A drenching, bedrugging, or ministring of drugs.*

Droguer. *To drug, bedrug; season, purge, or mingle, with drugs.*

Droguer le corps. *To stuffe himselfe with drugs, to make an Apothecaries shop of his belly.*

Droguerie: f. *The season of fishing for herrings, and other such fish, which is to be salted, and barrelled up.*

Drogueries: f. *Drugs, druggeries, confections; also, trash.*

Droguet: m. *A kind of stuffe that's halfe silke, halfe wooll.*

Drogueur: m. *A druggist, or drug-seller.*

Droict: m. *The Law (Civile, Canon, or Common;) also, right, law, justice, equity, reason; also, a right, or title unto, an interest or property in, a thing; a mans due; that which either he hath, or should have.*

Droict escrit. *(Is particularly) the Civile Law.*

A bon droict. *Lawfully, worthily, upon just cause, with good reason.* (*See* Droict *Adverb.*)

Ses menus droicts. *His vails, fees, wages.*

Venir à ses droicts. *A Ward, or pupill, comming unto his yeares, to enter into the possessions that were left him.*

Venir, ou estre appellé, aux droicts du Roy. *To come, or, be called into the Court of the Peeres of France, for the triall of his cause.*

Bon droict a bon mestier d'aide. *(A Proverb taxing th'iniquity, and injustice of our times; wherein good right hath oftuntimes need of great favour.)*

Droict: m. *(also) A duty, right, fee, prerogative, privilege, royalty, power.*

Droict d'acquest; ou de nouvel acquest; ou de nouveaux aquests. *The fine due unto the King upon purchases made by Church-men, or in Mortmaine; and either to the King, or unto other Lords, upon purchases, made by th'ignoble, of* Fiefs, *or noble inheritances held of them; The rate of it is, one yeares profit in three; or otherwise, as their composition, or the custome is;*

it; (for this Rate is most proper unto
Droict de nouvel acquest, *a personall right.)*

Droict d'acquit. *The right of Toll, or Custome, due by passengers unto the Lord of the place wherein 'tis usually taken, and payable, if they be not free by birth (as the Noble) or by condition (as Churchmen) or by Patent, or Charter (as some Officers, and Townsmen) In which cases they must, in a good fashion, acquaint him beforehand with their estates, or privileges.*

Droict d'advouerie. *Soveraigne patronage, or protection.*

Droict d'afleurage. *as* Droict d'afforage.

Droict d'afforage. *Two pots of wine, &c. due upon the broaching of every vessell retailed; one to the Lord Feodall, his right for the standing thereof in his Mannor, and for his leave (if he have jurisdiction) to sell it; another unto the Magistrate, for allowance of the liquor, and for the rate which he sets on it.*

Droict d'aide. *Look* Aide.

Droict d'aisnesse. *The right and prerogative of an eldest heire; or, the portion due, by prime birth, unto him; which is, in most places, the principall house, and garden with th'inclosure thereof; and if it have no garden, the furlong of ground which lies next unto it; or as much as a Capon can flie over from it: In the rest of the land he hath but an equall share with the younger: (But this is not generall.)*

Droict d'Aisneté, ou d'Aisneage; *The same.*

Droict d'Amende. *Power to fine a new purchaser for not acquainting the Lord of the Mannor, or soyle, with his bargaine, so soone, as by the custome of the place he was bound to doe.*

Droict d'Annate. *A yeares revenue of a vacant rest Benefice; challenged heretofore in most Countries by the Pope; but taken from him by the* Pragmatique Sanction, *and some other Edicts, before* Luthers *time.*

Droict d'arrest de meubles. *Liberty, or power to arrest goods for a debt not acknowledged; a Privilege of divers towns; and either given them by the Prince, or taken, and approved by custome.*

Droict d'Assize de six deniers 6 d. Tour. *due unto the Township of* Tournay *for every pottle of wine thats retailed within it.*

Droict d'Aubaine. *Escheatage by strangers; the right of succession in the estate of all strangers, who die (in any part of France) without Naturalization, and French-born issue. Looke* Aubaine.

Droict d'Aubenage. *The same.*

Droict d'Aurillage. *The profit of Beehives; or a fee due, to a Lord, or to the King (as in* Provence) *upon the profit thats made of every hive, by the owner.*

Droict de bac. *The fare due unto the Lord, or owner, of a Ferry boat.*

Droict de Bailliage. *Looke* Bailliage.

Droict de ban à vin. *An unalienable Privilege, enjoyed by many Gentlemen in* Touraine; *who for sortie dayes together after vintage may forbid any other wine then their owne, to be sold within their Precincts.*

Droict de bannerie. *The Royalty of having a common Mill, Oven, Presse, &c. whereto the tenants of, and dwellers within, a Liberty, or Mannor are to resort.*

Droict de bannie. *The same; and the revenue thereof; or the power to take fees for the use of such a Mill, Oven, Presse, &c.*

Droict de banniere. *as* Droict de Bannerie.

Droict de Blairie. *The power a Lord hath to fine any forreiners, who without his permission turne their cattell into the wastes, or* Vaines pastures, *belonging to his Mannors; as in* Blayrie.

Droict de bordage. *The drudgery, or base services reserved by some Lords upon the letting of their cottages, or small tenements; which cannot be sold, given, nor ingaged by the poore slaves that have taken them.*

Droict de bornage. *Power to place meers on, appoint limits unto, lay out the bounds of, other mens lands.*

Droict de boucherie. *The Privilege of keeping a common slaughter house, whereat all the inhabitants of that Quarter are to have their beasts killed; also, the fees belonging thereto; enjoyed by such Lords as have* Moyenne Iustice.

Droict de bourgeoisie. *Freedome. Looke* Bourgeoisie.

Droict de boutage. *A certaine duty, or fee, exacted by the Lord of* Breci *(a member of* Bourges) *for the wine thats retailed within his jurisdiction.*

Droict de branche de Cypres. *A duty paid, in old time, by English men arriving at* Bourdeaux; *In signe, and as a token, that they had beene there.*

Droict de brassage. *The fee due, to the particular Masters of the Mint, out of every sort of money thats coined; also, the fees of the workman, cutter, stamper, &c. (whom the Masters are to pay;) Look* Brassage.

Droict de brefs, ou briefs. *Look* Bref.

Droict de bris. *The Admiralty of a Seacoast, which gives a man all wrecks, and shipwracks.*

Droict de buche; ou de busche. *The Officers of the wood-yards fees; or, the proportion of wood allowed, unto every Office at Court; and unto divers Officers of th'Exchequer, over and besides their ordinary wages.*

Droict de Carnalage. *A Privilege enjoyed by the inhabitants of some places, to kill, and eat, or make profit of, such beasts as breake into their grounds; but this only in some cases, and for a certain number; which if they exceed they are answerable for all, as other men.*

Droict de meilleur Catel. *Heriotage; the best chatell a tenant hath when he dies, due unto his Landlord.*

Droict de Cauciage. *The power of imposing taxes on tenants, or of taking toll of passengers, towards the reparation, or maintenance of a common causey; (In some Lords of* Haynault.)

Droict de Cellerage; *Cellerage; a duty, or fee payed unto some Lords, at the laying of wines into cellars.*

Droict de Centiesme. *Look* Centiesme.

Droict de Chambellage. *An Income; or the fine due by every new tenant (that comes in as heire by a direct succession) unto the Lord of the Mannor whereof his land is held: the rate of it is, by the customes of* Mante, *a Crowne of the Sun, by those of* Senlis 20 s. Parisis; *as also, by those of* Valois; *and those of* Noyon (*whereby 'tis due at every change of tenant:*) *by those of S. Quintins, a piece of gold worth (at least) halfe a Crown; by those of S. Paul, 30 s. Paris. by those of* Laon, *a piece of gold of what value the tenant will: In other places he payes more, or lesse, according to their customes: Also, a fee due unto the chiefe Usher of the Chamber of Accompts, by every one of the Kings tenants, when hee does his homage.*

Droict de Chambellenage. *Is, by the customes of* Britaine, *a duty of 5 s. Tour. payed by every vassall at the doing of his fealty, unto his Liege Lord.*

Droict de Chambrelage. *as* Droict de Chambellage; *Stiled so, in the customes of* Cambray; *and of* Haynault; *in which country the rate of it is, 60 s.*

Droict de Champagne. *The fees due unto the Officers of the Exchequer upon the letting of the farmes which belong to* Champagne, *viz. 2 l. 6 d. sterl. for such as are worth 100 l. or lesse; and 4 s. for those which exceed that rate.*

Droict de Champart. *Look* Champart.

Droict de Chantellage. *Gauntellage; or, a certaine fee due unto some Lords for the Gauntries wherein wine, thats any way to be sold, doth stand.*

Droict de Charruage. *as* Droict de suitte de disme.

Droict de Chastellenie. *The Royalties belonging to a Castleship, or Castleward, Look* Chastellenie.

Droict de chauffage. *Look* Chauffage.

Droict de Chemage. *The passage-toll, or, through-toll, thats taken at* Sens.

Droict de Cheminage. *The same.*

Droict de Chevage. *An yearely duty, fine, or fee, of 12 d. Parisis payed to the Kings use, within* Vermandois (*and some other places*) *by every bastard, stranger, forreiner, and affranchised person, that is, or hath been, married.*

Droict de Chevalerie. *The Privilege of Knighthood, or to be made a Knight. Look* Chevalerie.

Droict de Chevauchee. *Composition money, due (upon agreement) by some townes-ships; thereby exempted in the Kings journeyes, and progresses, from providing of horses, and carts for his traine.*

Droict de chevelure. *The wearing of a lock, which in old time, none but a Prince of the bloud might weare.*

Droict des chiens. *That part of the game which belongs to the hounds for their reward.*

Droict de Cire. *Is 18 d. Tour. in every pound above twenty given, or agreed, for a wood-sale; due unto the King, in regard of the lights, which are (imagined to be) spent, while the bargain is in making.*

Droict de Collerage. *Collerage; a fee due*

for the collers worne by the horſes, or men, which draw wine up and downe.

Droict de commande. Is 2 d. Pariſis, *taken yearely, by ſome Lords, of every one of their widowes (that hold by Villenage) in acknowledgment, and preſervation of the right of their authority over them.*

Droict de commis. *The right, or power ſome Landlords have, to confiſcate, ſeiſe, or enter on the inheritances of ſuch their tenants, or vaſſalls, as diſavowe them, give them the lie, or commit felony.*

Droict de commiſe. *The ſame.*

Droict de confirmation. *The fine due by all Officers of the kingdome of France unto the King, at his firſt comming to the Crowne, for eſtabliſhing them by his Letters Patents, in their places.*

Droict de contentor. *See* Contentor.

Droict de Cornage. *Hornage, or a quantity of corne, taken yearely by the Lord Chaſtellain of* Berri *(a member of* Bourges*) for every Oxe, or horned beaſt that workes at the plough in the Winter-corne grounds which be within his juriſdiction.*

Droict de Couletage. *See* Couletage.

Droict de Couſtome. *Is (in* Normandy*) the cuſtome, or toll, due upon the ſale of wares in Markets; In* Grand Perche*; it is a penny* Tour*, payable unto Lords that have baſe Juriſdiction, for every beaſt that gives no milke, and was bred, bought, and delivered within their territories; This under a penalty of 2 s. 6 d for every one thats not ſo paid for.*

Droict de groſſe couſtome. *A toll, or impoſt of 48 s. 10 d.* Tour. *upon every eighteene Muids of Sallt paſſing along by Chartres; due unto, and equally divided betweene, the King, and the Biſhops of that City.*

Droict de petite couſtome. *See* La petite couſtome, *in,* Couſtome.

Droict de deſherance. *Eſcheatage; power to ſeiſe, and convert unto his owne uſe, an inheritance whoſe owner dies inteſtate, and without heires, belongs to the King, Lord high Juſticer, or Land-lord.*

Droict de directe, ou fondalité. *The Seigneuriall rights, or duties annexed unto the ſoile, or belonging to the Lord thereof.*

Droict du dixieſme denier. *The tenth penny, or penniworth of all mines, metals, minerals, and other (extraordinary) ſubſtances got within ground, throughout all France, due unto the King; alſo, the Admiralls tenth part, or ſhare in all ſhipwracks, prizes, conqueſts, &c. made at ſea.*

Droict de tiers denier. *The third penny, or part of the price given for an inheritance* Roturier*, or* Bourdelier*, due, in ſome places, unto the Land-lord.*

Droict de dixieſme. *Looke* Dixieſme.

Droict domainer. *The Privilege a Lord Juſticer hath, to right himſelfe by execution, without any former proceeding, in caſes that concerne his ancient demaine, or the cuſtomary duties thereto belonging.*

Droict de doublage. *Looke* Doublage.

Droict de douzieſme. *An yearely rent of* 12 d. *due by every affranchiſed inhabitant of* Henault *unto the Earle thereof, in acknowledgement of his former thraldome, and in thankfulneſſe for his newgot freedome.*

Droict de folle enchere. *The right of confiſcating money payed beforehand for an Office, which after the bargaine made the chapman would refuſe, as too deere.*

Droict d' Entrage. Entrage*; a fee due for the entrance of merchandiſe into the Havens, and walled townes of the kingdome; alſo, an Income payable to a Leſſor at the entry of the Leſſee.*

Droict d' Entrée. *Looke* Entrée*; Alſo, halfe a crowne due to every Treaſurer and Generall of the Finances (beſides their ordinary wages) for reſidence, every day they meet, and ſit in their Courts about the Kings buſineſſe.*

Droict d' eſcas. *The tenth penny of the value of moveables which are left by a Freeman unto a forreiner within* Seclin*, and* Baſſee ſous Liſle*; due unto the common Treaſurie of thoſe townes.*

Droict d'eſchats, & Tavernes. *A certaine Impoſition upon wines that are ſold by retaile, and in Tavernes; (from which all Prieſts benificed within* Bourdeaux *are exempted, for as much as grew in their owne grounds, glebe, or Prebendaries.)*

Droict d'Eſcheance. *Eſcheatage.*

Droict d' Eſchevinage. *Power to incorporate a towne.*

Droict d' Eſſongne. *A duty, or fine, payable (in* Brittaine*) by the heire, or ſucceſſor of a deceaſed tenant unto the Lord, under whoſe Cenſiue he held, and enjoyed land at the time of his death: And this is, a penny* Pariſis*, or two, or twelve; or more or leſſe, according to the value of the land, and according to the cuſtome, ſeverall, in ſeverall places.*

Droict d' Eſtablage. *That which in our Law is called Stallage; or a fee taken by Lords, of Merchants, for permitting them to open, and ſell their wares in their Faires, and Markets; alſo, Stallage, or that which is payed for the ſtanding of a horſe in a ſtable.*

Droict d' Eſtallage. *Stallage.*

Droict d' Eſtallonnage. *The Royalty, or Privilege of aſſigning, and aſſizing of publike weights, and meaſures.*

Droict d' Eſtellage. *Stallage.*

Droict de faultrage; ou fautrage. *A certaine unalienable fee, due upon each head of cattle that runnes in the common meadowes, or paſtures of a Mannor; In lieu whereof a beardſman is maintained, to keepe the ground in good order, and to look that the beaſts at firſt put in be not after changed.*

Droict de ferrage. *A privilege whereby ſome ſpeciall officers, and followers of Court claime to have their horſes ſhod at the Kings charge; alſo, a certaine fee due to the Cutters of the mint.*

Droict de feſtage. *An yearely duty payable unto certaine lords for every ridge, roofe, or houſetop within their dominion; alſo, the feaſts that are due by ſome Prelats unto their Chapters.*

Droict de feſtin. *The ſame (in the latter part.)*

Droict de feurmariage; *as* Droict de formariage.

Droict de foire & marchez. *The royalty, or privilege, of holding a faire, or keeping markets, within a mans owne territory (originally of the Kings grant.)*

Droicts de fondalite. *The rights, or royalties which are annexed unto the ſoile, and belong ever to the lord thereof.*

Droict de forage. *A certaine fee, or part, out of wines that are ſold, belonging to the lords of the Juriſdiction, or place wherein they are ſold: by the cuſtome of* Amiens*, and of* Beauqueſne*, it is two pots on every ſingle veſſell, or bottome thats retailed; and belongs to the lord high maine, or low Juſticer: by the cuſtomes of* Teroanne*, it is alſo two pots upon every veſſell thats ſold in groſſe, and belongs to the Biſhop: In* Beauvois*, there in* xx d. *for every veſſell ſold in groſſe, and* xvj d. *for every one retailed in the towne, payed unto the Biſhop of that See: And by the cuſtomes of* Ponthieu*, a Lord of a ſoile, that hath but low Juriſdiction, may take two pots of every barred veſſell thats broached upon his ſoyle, or within the limits of his authority; In other places, otherwiſe.*

Droict de forban. *The royalty, or power, of baniſhing an offendor out of his territories.*

Droict de formariage. *The halfe, or third, or (as the cuſtome is) other part of a villeines ſubſtance, due unto his land-lord, or the lord of the Juriſdiction wherein he lives, if he marry a woman thats free, or a forreiner; and this, although he have leave to do it, for otherwiſe he loſes ſixty ſhillings more: In old time baſtards, and ſtrangers, who married out of their owne condition, were ſubject unto this penalty; Now thoſe in moſt places, and theſe in ſome, are privileged.*

Droict de foüage. *Chimney-pence; or, an yearely taxe levied in old time by ſome ſupreame Lords upon every chimney, or fire, kept within their territories; In Charles the fifts time it was foure pound* Tour*, and ſome tooke foure buſhels of Oats; others bread; and others other things: the black Prince would have exacted a franc of every fire kept in* Aquitaine*; which bred him great miſchiefe (ſaies a Frenchman:) Since thoſe times the* Tailles *have ſucceeded this taxation in moſt places.*

Droict de francs-fiefs. *Looke* Francs-fiefs.

Droict de fournage. *The fee thats due for baking in a common Oven; alſo, the fine payed by vaſſals or tenants, bound to reſort unto their lords, for a licence to uſe their owne.*

Droict de freſange. *One hog, or more, due unto the maſter of the waters and forreſts of* Aubigny *(and elſewhere) by the farmer of the maſtage, and brouſage thereof.*

Droict de Gabelle de ſel. *The impoſt, or gabell of ſalt. See* Gabelle.

Droict de Gabelle de vins. *The impoſt of wines due to the duke of* Buillon.

Droict de gambage. *Foure Bottles of beere upon every brewing, due unto divers Lords within the county of* Boullenois.

Droict de Gants. *A paire of gloves, or in lieu thereof, money (more or leſſe according to the cuſtome) due by a purchaſer, as a concluſion of all his firſt ſervices, unto the*

the Lord Cenſuel, *or of the ſoyle*; Seeke Droict de ventes & gants.

Droict de garde. *Soveraigne patronage, or protection.*

Droict de garde noble. *The Wardſhip of gentlemens lands held in Capite, or by Knights ſervice, due by the cuſtomes of* Normandie, *unto the King, or Lords, of whom they are held.*

Droict de giſte. *Power to lye at the houſe of a tenant, vaſſall, or ſubject, in paſſing along by it; due to the King onely, not to the Queene: (though ſome Dukes and Earles have had it at the Abbeyes and Monaſteries within their territories;) now the great Biſhops and Abbots, by an yearely allowance in money, have got themſelves diſpenſed withall.*

Droict de garene. *Free warren; or, a libertie to hunt all over the grounds of his ſubjects, or vaſſals.*

Droict de Grarie. *The Kings fee out of every ſale of wood made in his ſubjects Forreſts; due unto him for the Juſtice done, and good order kept, within them, by his officers; thereby alſo, he challenges a part, or propertie in part, of the Demaine, and revenues thereof.*

Droict de greffe. *Sixtie three ſhillings nine pence* Tour. *due to the King upon a ſale of wood, in* Normandie, *and elſewhere.*

Droict de gruerie. *The brouſage, or pawnage of ſome woods, belongs to the Lords that have high Juriſdiction over their owners; or, as* Droict de grurie.

Droict de grurie. *Conſiſts in the fines and amerciaments levied, and in the confiſcation of treſpaſſing beaſts, within Forreſts; and belongs unto the King.* See Grurie.

Droict de guerre. *Feud; or, the libertie which one ſubject had, in old time, to make warre upon another whom he had firſt defyed.*

Droict de guet. *Caſtle-gard, or Caſtle-ward; whereunto the vaſſals of divers Lords, that have Caſtles, are bound (in time, or expectation, of warre) by their tenures; yet are they not bound to doe this ſervice at any other place then the Caſtle whereof they hold; nor to doe it thereat, if it be very ruinous, untill it be repaired: alſo, the watch which a vaſſall, inhabiting a frontire, or ſea-coaſt, is tyed to keepe, ordinarily, once a month; in lieu, or default, whereof he payes his Lord* v s. Tour. *a time; or an yearely quantitie of Corne, or number of Hens, &c, as the cuſtome of the place is, or as they can agree.*

Droict d'hallage. *Hallage; the toll due to a Lord by thoſe that ſell wares in the common Halls of Townes, wherein the King hath licenſed him to keep Faires, or Markets.*

Droict d'harenc. *A certaine number of Herrings, heretofore due every Lent unto th'officers of the Chamber of Accompts; who at this day have, in lieu thereof, an yearely allowance in money.*

Droict d'Haubert. *A certaine privilege, whereof there are many parts, the moſt of high Juriſdiction, enjoyed by divers Lords of* Normandie.

Droict d'Haultban. *An yearely tax of* vj s. Pariſis, *levied for the King of every Baker, and ſome other Artificers, within* Paris.

Droict d'Herbage. *Herbage; or the libertie ſome have to graze their cattell in other mens woods.*

Droict d'herbage mort. *A penny, or halfpenny (as the cuſtome is) payed by a poore Cottager, or Copy-holder, unto the Lord that hath high, or mean Juriſdiction over him, for every ſheep he hath, if he have not above ten, or (as in ſome places) twentie.*

Droict d'herbage vif. *If he have more then ten, or twentie, then he gives every tenth ſheepe; which is choſen by the Lord, or his Officers. Theſe duties are levied at Midſummer, and grow due from Chriſtmas Eve.*

Droict d'hommes. *The Kings Prerogative, and power of his Officers, to moderate, or diminiſh th'exceſſive taxes layed, by meſne Lords, in the juriſdiction of* Tours, *upon their villeines, whom otherwiſe they might tax at pleaſure.*

Droict d'hoſtelage. *The rate Merchant-ſtrangers are at, in ſome parts of* France, *for their ware-houſes; and which, if they hold them but a night, they pay, if a whole yeare, they doe but pay; alſo, as* Pains d'hoſtelage, *in* Hoſtelage.

Droict de Iallage. *One, two, or three pintes (as the cuſtome is) of wine, taken by a Lord upon every* Poinſon *retailed within his juriſdiction.*

Droict d'Indemnité. *Looke* Indemnité.

Droict d'Inquant. *Five in the hundreth, due to the King in ſome parts of* Provence.

Droict d'Inteſtat. *A privilege which the next of bloud hath (in ſome places) to enter on the poſſeſſions left by his inteſtate kinſman.*

Droict d'Inveſtiſon. *The right of inveſture of Prelates, &c, due unto the Prince.*

Droict d'Iſſuë. *The Cuſtome due for the tranſportation, or exportation of merchandiſe, &c, out of the land; alſo, the rights, fine, or ſervices due unto a meſne Lord upon his tenants alienation, or leaving of his tenement unto another.*

Droict de Iurée. *A dutie, or fine levied yearely by th'old Earles of* Champagne, *upon all their ſubjects, and vaſſals; viz. 6 d. in the pound for moveables, and 2 d. for every pounds worth of immoveables; yet might the richeſt be quit for 4 s. ſterl. yearely; others, not under 12 d. At this day the King, and other Lords of Juriſdiction, take this dutie, in ſome places, of their Burgeſſes, or free-men.*

Droict de Levage. *An impoſition of three buſhels, and three quarters, or 15 s. Tour. upon every boat-full of ſalt tranſported: In ſome parts of* France *(as within* Anjou, *and* le Maine*) tis alſo, a penny for a Beeſe, pipe of Wine, load of Corne, &c, and a half-penny for a Sheepe, Hog, &c, due unto a Lord of Juriſdiction, if they have been within his liberty eight dayes together before their ſale, or tranſportation.*

Droict de Liage. *Hoopage; or, a fee due unto ſome Lords upon every hooped veſſell of Wine which their vaſſals have, or ſell.*

Droict de ligne eſteinte. *Eſcheatage; the right which a Lord hath in the land of his tenant, dying without heires of his body, or bloud.*

Droict de litige. *The right of preſentation to a Benefice, by a Lord, while his vaſſals are at ſuit for it, was the Dukes of* Normandie, *now tis the Kings: ſome hold it to be rather a receiving of the fruits, and profits thereof, while the ſuit laſts.*

Droict de loges. *A certaine annuall fee due unto ſome Lords for the lodgings their vaſſals have within their caſtles, in time of warre.*

Droict de logies. *An yearely tax of 16 s. 6 d. ſterl. levied unto the Kings uſe upon every Provoſtſhip within the Countie of* Poictou, *over and beſides the rent at which, or price for which, it is farmed; and 18 d. for the Officers of the Chamber of Accompts.*

Droict de logues. *A certaine fee due to th'under Butler of the Abbey of* Deots *in* Berri, *out of the tythes belonging to that Abbey.*

Droict de lots. *Certaine duties payed by a purchaſer unto the Lord* Cenſuel, *who in receiving them, gives him poſſeſſion of the land he hath bought; (They be commonly as much as the* Ventes, *and got together.)*

Droict de maille d'or. *A golden halfepenny, due unto the Duke of* Nevers, *by the Prior of S.* Privé, *for the Faire he keepes in that place.*

Droict de Mainbournie. *Soveraigne patronage, or protection.*

Droict de Maire, & Communauté. *The priviledge of having, being, or belonging to, a Corporation.*

Droict de Manée de ſel. *A certaine quantitie of ſalt, upon every horſe-load thereof entring into* Bourges, *and of every one that ſells any within* Bourges; *taken by th'Abbot, and Covent of S.* Sulpice. *Looke* Manée.

Droict de Manteaux. *Is 20 s. ſterl. a yeare; and belongs both to every Secretarie of the Houſe, and Crowne of* France, *that takes wages, and unto thoſe Counſellors of Parliament, which are of, or for, the Church.*

Droict de Marc. *The Provoſt of the Mints fee upon every Marke, or halfe pound of Gold, Silver, or* Billon, *that is coyned.* Looke Marc.

Droict de Marchage. *The Common of paſture which the inhabitants of one Juriſdiction, Pariſh, Village, or Manour, have over all the grounds belonging to another.*

Droict de Marché. *The royaltie of having, or keeping a Market within his territorie, belongs to a Lord Chattelain, and ſometimes is conferred by the King on meaner Lords of Juriſdiction.*

Droict de Marciage. *In every third yeare, all the profit of naturall fruits, as Hay, &c, and the halfe of all others, as Wine, Corne, &c, due, within* Bourbonnois, *unto a Landlord, in lieu of his whole rent; tis alſo due, as a fine, upon every change of Lord and tenant.*

Droict de Marque. *Power to arreſt the body, and ſeize the goods, of another; granted by the King, and, in old time, given by the Parliament, againſt a ſtranger, or forreiner.*

Droict de Meſurage. *The appointing, or proportioning of meaſures in a territory; belongs to the Lord thereof; alſo, toll-corne, and toll-ſalt; a diſhfull upon every Septier of either.*

Droict de Minage. *The toll due unto ſome Lords, upon every* Mine *of corne thats meaſured within their Juriſdictions.*

Droict de Moiſſon. *A certaine quantity of corne due yearely unto the King, out of the towne, and Juriſdiction of* Bourges.

Droict de Monneage. *An Aide, or Subſidie of* 12 d. *paid, each third yeare, by every houſholder within Normandy, unto the Duke, or (as now) the King, on condition, that the money of the countrey be not altered: from this, are all Church-Officers; beneficed men; Gentlemen; widowes that have not above* 2 s. *yearely Revenew, or* 4 s. *in goods (beſides their apparrell, and houſhold ſtuffe) and divers others, by their Charters, exempted.*

Droict de Montenage. *Toll payed unto certaine Lords by thoſe that buy, and ſell beaſts, or other merchandiſe within their territories.*

Droict de Montrouvage. *The ſame (falſe Printed.)*

Droict de Morte-main. *The right a Lord hath to the eſtate of villeine dying without heire of his body, and no tenant in common with any other of his owne condition.*

Droict de Mortuage. *A mortuary; due to a Parſon at the death of one of his pariſhioners. Looke* Droict de Neufme.

Droict de Moulage. *Multure; the fee, or toll, for grinding, due unto the Miller, or Lord of the Mill; is (by the cuſtomes of Britaine) the ſixteenth part of the Corne that is to be ground.*

Droict de Moulture, ou de Moulure. *The ſame.*

Droict de Moutonnage. *as* Droict de Montenage.

Droict de Neufieſme. *A ninth part of the yearely profits of ſome benefices in Britaine, demanded by the Pope.*

Droict de Neufme. *A ninth of a third part of a deceaſted perſons moveables, due to the Perſon for his Mortuary.*

Droict de Nommer aux Eueſchez, & Abbayes du Royaulme. *Belongs to the King.*

Droict de noplages. *The fee due to a Parſon for a marriage.*

Droict d' obliages. *The fine due unto a Lord by his tenant who hath omitted, or forgotten to pay his rent, or yearely duties at his day.*

Droict d' obole. *A halfepenny in the pound due to the King upon all Obligations of money lent, and contracts of ſale, exceeding* xv li. Tourn.

Droict d' oſtizes. *A certaine number of hennes due every yeare unto Lords from their tenants, in lieu of their Chimney-pence, or as a rent for their houſes.*

Droict de oublic. *A Douzain, or Sol in the mouth of a Capon, payed, in ſome places, as a rent.*

Droict de padventage. *The right of common of paſture in one, or more pariſhes.*

Droict du paillé. *The privilege of the Pall, or of wearing a Pall, due only to ſome Biſhops.*

Droict de pain de paniere. *A great white-loafe due yearely by the tenants of Saint* Gondon ſur Loire *(beſides their* Cens*) unto their Lord.*

Droict de parée. *A correſpondency held betweene ſome neighbouring Lords, for the purſuing of one anothers villains into their ſeverall territories; thereby to take from them the pretence, they would otherwiſe have, of being affranchiſed by being got out of their Lords dominions.*

Droict de pariage. *A perpetuall aſſociation, or correſpondency of juriſdiction, agreed upon between a ſpirituall, and a temporall Lord; alſo, the right of common of paſture in one anothers grounds.*

Droict de parnage. *Pawnage; or, (more generally) the profit made, or money received by the Lord of a forreſt for the agiſtment, laying, or feeding of ſwine with the maſt, or of Cattle with the herbage, thereof.*

Droict de patronnage. *The Patronage, or advowſon of a benefice, either when a man, that gives land to the Church, reſerves the ſeigneury thereof; or when the founder of a Church conditions, that he and his heires ſhall have power to nominate, and preſent unto the Biſhop, a perſon capable of the benifice, whenſoever tis vacant.*

Droict de peage. *A through-toll, or paſſage-toll.*

Droict de peſcherie. *A right of fiſhing, or liberty to fiſh, in waters from which all others be reſtrained.*

Droict de plaſſage. *A fee due, in ſome places, by Merchants and ware-ſellers, for the ſhewing, and ſelling of their commodities in the market place, or publike ſtreets, and for the roomes wherein they ſhew, and ſell them; therein like our ſtallage.*

Droict de poiſage. *Poiſage; or, a fee due in ſome places, unto the King, for the weighing of wares in the Market-hall, or Towne-houſe.*

Droict de police. *Looke* Police.

Droict de pontenage. *Pontage; paſſage-toll at a bridge, or, toll due for merchandize paſſed over a bridge.*

Droict de porte. *A certaine duty paied by the Scholars of Paris, at their admiſſion into Colledges.*

Droict de preage. *A priviledge enjoyed by ſome Lords, to put, at certaine times, and with ſufficient gard, their horſes, and kine into their vaſſals meadowes; for which they are, at all times bound to find one that ſhall keepe, and looke unto them.*

Droict de prelation. *The privilege of being preferred before others in a purchaſe.*

Droict de premice. *A ſheafe of corne, or* ij. s. Tour. *and a lamb, if there be ten or more; if fewer a penny for every lamb, due unto Parſons.*

Droict de premices. *The firſt fruits of Eccleſiaſtick all livings.*

Droict de preſence. *Halfe a Crowne due unto every Treaſurer, and generall of the* Finances *(beſides their ordinary wages) for reſidence; or, every day they meet and ſit about the Kings buſines.*

Droict de prevoſté. *The privilege of having a Prevoſt under him to keepe his Courts, and levy his tolls, rights, fines, &c. (belongs unto a Lord Baron, or Chattelain that have Juriſdiction;) alſo, a paſſage toll.*

Droict de quart denier du prix, ou de l' eſtimation. *The fourth penny, or part, of the worth of an Inheritance* Cottier, *due unto Land-lords upon any alienation thereof.*

Droicts de quatrieme. *The fourth part of, or penny taken for, Wine, Cyder, and other ordinary drinke retailed; due in ſome places unto the King; and firſt granted, for wine, unto Charles the fifth at a Parliament held in Paris.*

Droict de quenaiſe. *The right of Eſcheatage, whereby an Inheritance* Roturier *falls into the Lords hands, if his tenant leave no lawfull iſſue of his body behind him.* G Bretton.

Droict de quint. *The fifth part of the price of land ſould; belongs to the Lord of the ſoile upon the ſale thereof, and is payed ſometimes by the ſeller, in ſome places by the buyer, and in ſome equally by both.*

Droict de Regale. *Seeke* Regale.

Droict de Regiſtration. eſt deu pour inſinuer en Iuſtice vn tranſport d'heritage, de cens, ou rente: ou pour l'approbation d'une ſaiſine. G Ragueau.

Droict de Regiſtre. *A foure-penny duty payed by a tenant* Cottier *unto his Land-lord, when he puts him in poſſeſſion of his tenement.*

Droict de Regiſtre, ou Contentor. *A certaine fee due unto the audienciers of Chancerics; (viz. iiij. s. ſterling upon every Charter.)*

Droict de Relevoiſon. *A yeares rent in ſome caſes, in others* vi. d. *for each penny of yearely* Cens, *payed by tenants* Cenſiers *unto their Lord when they firſt enter into their tenements. Looke* Relevoiſon.

Droict de Relief. *Reliefe; a fine due to the Lord of a Mannor, upon the change of a tenant which holds of him in fee: by the cuſtomes of* Amiens *it is* 60 s. Pariſis *for every Noble fee held by a full homage, and* x li. Paris, *for every one held in Peeredome: by the cuſtomes of* Peronne, *the yeares Revenue after the change, or the third part of the Revenue of the three yeares next before it, at the Lords choice: by the cuſtomes of* Valançai, S. Aignan, *and* Selles, xij d. *for every penny of yearely* Cens: *And by the cuſtomes of Paris, and (almoſt) all other places, the Lord may chuſe whether he will take a yeares Revenue, or a whole Summe at once offered unto him by the Tenant.*

Droict de Relods. xx d. Tour. *Payable by a purchaſer unto the Landlord upon every pound due to him for the Lods and Ventes.*

Droict de Rendage de chaſcun ouvrage; *Containes both the Kings Right of* Seigneuriage, *And the Maſter of the Mints* Braſſage.

Droict de Repreſailles, ou Repreſailles. *Liberty, or power to take, in time of war, a ſtranger priſoner, and to keepe him, untill he have repayed unto his Taker the ranſome*

ranſome he payed formerly, or ſatiſficd him for goods taken from him by one of his countreymen; Look Repreſſailles.

Droict de Requart. *A Quarter of a Quarter of the price, or worth, of an Inheritance* Cottier, *due unto the Landlord upon the alienation thereof; (aboliſhed by ſome late cuſtomes.)*

Droict de Requint. *A fift penny of the fift penny of the price, or value, of an Inheritance* feodal, *due in all alienations unto the Lord* feodal; *but aboliſhed, by the cuſtomes of ſome places, as the* Requart.

Droict de Reſſort. *Look* Reſſort.

Droict de Reſue. *An ancient Tax, or Impoſition of* iiij d. *in the pound for Merchandiſe, and* xs. Tour. *for every Pipe of wine, brought into, or ſent out of, the Kingdome.*

Droict de Retenuë. *A Privilege of ſome Landlords; who may redeem, within forty dayes, the lands which their tenants have ſold, paying for them unto the purchaſer, over and beſides his lawfull coſts and charges, as much as he gave.*

Droict de Reviers; *as* Droict de Reventes.

Droict de Reventes. *A fine due, beſides the* Lods *and* Ventes, *unto the Lord* Cenſuel, *by a Purchaſer, who buying an Inheritance that's charged with* Cens, *doth undertake to acquit the ſeller from the payment of* Lods.

Droict de Reventons. *The ſame.*

Droict de Reverſion. *The right of Reverſion; power to take back, and reunite unto the demaine of the Crowne, ſuch lands as have been divided from it by Dowers, younger brothers Portions, &c. as alſo to ſeize on Duchies, and Earldoms that fall among daughters.*

Droict de Rivage. *Shorage, or Boatage; the Cuſtome, or Toll for wine, or other wares, put upon, or brought from, the water, by boats.*

Droict de Robbes de Paſques. *Gownes at Eaſter, due unto the Officers of the chamber of Accompts.*

Droict de Rodage. *A certaine Toll exacted by ſome countrey Lords upon every Wayne that paſſes (through the high way) by their Seigniories, whether it be loaden or no; for if it be, they will alſo be paid for the Load.*

Droict de Roſes. *A certaine quantity of Roſes, or a fee in lieu of them, belonging to the Officers of the chamber of Accounts.*

Droict de Roüage. *Wheelage; a certaine Toll, or impoſition upon wine ſold in groſſe, and carried away in Carts; levied, before a wheele therof be ſuffered to turn: In ſome places, a Lord* Terrageur *hath alſo, as a wheelage, a ſheafe upon every load of his tenants corne, towards the carrying of his* Terrage *unto his Barn, wherto by covenant, or cuſtome they are bound to lead it.*

Droicts Royaux. *The Royall Prerogative, or Privileges; ſuch as be the protection of Univerſities, and Cathedrall Churches, (whoſe Officers, Members, Miniſters, Servants, and Vaſſals are not to be tried before any other Judges then the Kings) Exemption from Excommunication, both for himſelfe, and his Officers (by reaſon of their Offices;) Power to prohibit the publication, and execution of Admonitions, Interdictions, or Suſpenſions denounced againſt the Prelates, or Officers of his Kingdome; Abſolute, and onely power, to forgive offences committed againſt the Publique; to recall the Baniſhed, releaſe the Gallyſlave, and free other mens Villains; to give Protections, generall Paſſeports, and Safeconducts; to puniſh Traitors, Rebels, and Coyners; to give Letters of Mart, and Repriſall; of Nobilitation, Legitimation, and full reſtitution; to raiſe new Cuſtomes, and Taxes; grant Fairs, and Markets; found Univerſities; erect Corporations, and new Offices; make all kinde of Knights; to enter into Warre, Peace, League, or Truce with an enemy; to create of a Caſtellany, a Barony, or County; and of this a Marquiſdome, or Duchy; to acknowledge no Superiour in temporall matters, no ſubjection unto the Lawes Imperiall; generally, to exerciſe, and execute, all Soveraigne, and Monarchall Juriſdiction.*

Droict de ſaintre; *belongs unto ſome Lords; who may thereby eat, with (onely) their cattell, all the waſt, untilled, ſtuble, or buſhy grounds that be within their Mannors.*

Droict de ſaiſine. *The money due unto the Lord* Cenſuel, *and of the Style, by a Purchaſer of an Inheritance* Cenſuel, *when he is inſeiſined, and put into poſſeſſion thereof; (by the cuſtomes of* Paris *it is* xlij d. Pariſis.)

Droict de ſalage. *A certaine quantity of Salt due unto the Abbot of* Bourgmoien *within* Blois, *upon every boat that carries any into the haven, or under the bridges, of that Towne.*

Droict de Salin. *as* Gabelle de Sel.

Droict de Salvage. *A tenth part of goods which were like to periſh by ſhipwrack, due unto him that ſaves them.*

Droict de Saunelage; *the ſame.* ℣ Breton.

Droict de Sauvelage. *The ſame.*

Droict de Seel. *The Privilege of having a Seale, wherewith his vaſſals are to ſtamp all their contracts.*

Droict de Segorage. *A certaine duty, or fee, belonging to the Lord of the Iſle* Savari *within the Balywike of* Touraine.

Droict de Segreage; *The ſame.*

Droict de Seigneuriage. *Whereby defective coine is forfeited unto the Crowne; alſo, the right of coinage, or fee for coyning, due unto the King; the firſt is, the profit he makes, in generall, by the defect of the coyne which he authoriſes; the ſecond is (moſt commonly) ſixty five ſhillings* Tour. *upon every Marc of gold; ſoure ſhillings ſix pence upon a Marc of ſilver; and twenty pence upon every Marc of Billon, or courſer metall, coyned.*

Droicts Seigneuriaux. *Rents, Services, Wardſhips, Eſcheats, and all other Rights due, or Profits accruing, unto a Lord out of the land that's held of him; Looke* Seigneurial.

Droict de Sepulture. *A Pariſhons duty, or fee, for the buriall of one of his Pariſhioners.*

Droict de ſixieſme; &, du ſixieſme denier. *Look* Sixieſme.

Droicts de Souveraineté. *Look* Souveraineté.

Droict de Stellage. *Toll-corne, and Toll-ſalt; a diſtaſt upon every Septier of either ſold within* Buillon, *due unto the Duke thereof.*

Droict de Stippes, & nobis. *is in ſome parts of* Normandie, *a penny* Tour. *in other places three pence, upon every pound made of the farmes of the Kings* Domaine muable, *due to the Officers of the Court of Accounts.*

Droict de ſuitte de beſtes. *The power one hath, who lets a beaſt out to halves, or hire, to challenge and ſeize it, being ſold, or paſſed away, without his knowledge, by him he let it unto.*

Droict de ſuitte de diſme. *A right, whereby a Lord of tythe-grounds which have kept, and wintered, cattell, whoſe owners worke with them in the tythe grounds of another Lord, may lawfully take halfe of thoſe tythes, when they are to be gathered; (The maintaining of this unreaſonable Right breeds many ſuits and quarrels; and therefore it might, without wrong to the Publique, be ſpared; ſayes* Ragueau.)

Droict de ſuitte de gens; *as*

Droict de ſuitte de perſonnes ſerves. *The power ſome Lords have to compell their villaines, or others that hold land of them by villenage, to reſide, and keep a continuall fire, on their tenements; from this Right (which extends unto their goods, or perſons) all the Inhabitants of the Kings Townes within* Berry, *are exempted.*

Droict de ſuriect. *Power to adde unto the laſt price that's offered in a Portſale, or Outrope.*

Droict de Tabellionnage. *The Privilege of a Lord Chattelain, or high Juſticier, to make, and keep under him a Notary for the ingroſſing of all deeds, and contracts paſſed within his Juriſdiction. Look* Tabellionnage.

Droict de Taille. *The right of ſubſidie, Tax, or Tallage; belongs as well unto divers Lords, by the cuſtomes of their Mannors, as unto the King; alſo, the Prerogative, or power to raiſe new taxes (onely in the King.)*

Droict de Terceau. *A certaine duty taken by a Lord at the Fait, or other veſſell of his vaſſals wine; and to be payed unto himſelfe, or his Officer, before the wine be drawne, or elſe the vaſſall forfeits ſixty ſols* Tour.

Droict de Terrage. *Field-Rent; Countrey-toll. Seek* Terrage.

Droict de Thonnieu. *as* Droict de Tonlieu.

Droict de Tiers & danger. *A third, and a tenth part, of the price for which wood is ſold in the woods, and forreſts belonging to the Kings Demaine (eſpecially within* Normandy) *due unto him. Look* Danger.

Droict de Tiers denier. *The third penny of the price given for the purchaſe of an Inheritance* Roturier, *or* Bourdelier, *due, in ſome places, unto the Landlord.*

Droict de Tirage. *Draggage; or a toll, or fee for draggage (of ſalt, or wine) due unto ſome Lords.*

Droict de Tonlieu. *Toll due to the Lord of a Faire, or Market, for all kind of Merchandiſe, and Cattell, bought and ſold; (By the cuſtomes of* Boulenois *it is* iiij d. *from the Buyer, and as much from the Seller, of a Horſe, Oxe, or Cow; a penny for a Sheep, or Goat; and* ij d. *for a Hog, equally payable, as the former, between the Buyer and Seller, before Sunne ſet.)*

Droict de Tonnelieu; &, de Toulieu; *The ſame.*

Droict de Traicte. *Is* ij d. Tour. *levied for the King of every cartload of Merchandiſe tranſported out of the Territory of* Mehun. *Looke* Traicte.

Droict de Traicte de bleds. *An Impoſition of* vij s. *ſterl. upon every Tunne of wheat (and rateably of all other kindes of graine) tranſported out of the Realme.*

Droict de Traicte foraine. *Look* Forain.

Droict de Trainage, *as* Droict de ſuitte de diſme.

Droict de Travers. *Croſſe-toll; paſſage-toll, or, through-toll.*

Droict de Treu. *The Toll, or Cuſtome due unto Lords for Salt, or Merchandiſe, carried through their dominions; and generally, any Toll.*

Droict de Treu accouſtumé. *A Privilege of the Lords high Juſticers in the County of* Burgundy; *where if a beaſt be taken, or killed in any one of their dominions, it muſt be brought, and given unto him, or to ſome one of his Officers for him, whoſoever the hunter bee, or from whence ſoever the game was chaſed.*

Droict de trezieſme. *The thirteenth penny, or part, of the money for which land is ſold, payable unto the Lord, of whom 'tis held in fee by the Seller (unleſſe there be a covenant to the contrary;) alſo, the thirteenth ſheafe of a crop, due unto a Lord that hath field-Rent, or countrey-toll.*

Droict du trezieſme denier; *the ſame (in the firſt part.)*

Droict de trezieſme de Vin. *The thirteenth pot, or penny of the price of wine retailed; due, in ſome places, unto the Lord of the Soyle, or of the Juriſdiction.*

Droict de Trouſſe. *A certaine number of Geeſe, or duty payed in Geeſe, within the Juriſdiction of* Croſies *neer unto* Bourges.

Droict de Truage. *as* Droict de Treu.

Droict de Venditions. *The Toll which Lords of Markets, and Faires take for the ſale of wares, and merchandiſe therein.*

Droict des Veneurs. *The Huntſmens, or Hunters, part of the Deere, or other game.*

Droict de venterolles. *A certaine fine due to the Landlord by the Purchaſer that undertakes to diſcharge the Seller of all ſuits: By the Cuſtomes of* Lagni (*within the Juriſdiction of* Meaux) *it is* xx d. *in every pound which he gives; by thoſe of* Senlis, *the ſixteenth part of the* Droict de ventes; *by thoſe of* Amiens, *the thirteenth penny of the* Trezieſme; *and by thoſe of* Doulens, *the ſixt of the* Sixieſme; *By thoſe of* Clermont *it is called* Reventes; *and by thoſe of* Arthois *it is as* Droict de Requint.

Droict de ventes. *Is (moſt commonly) the twelfth part of the price of land* Cenſuel, *due to the Lord of whom it is held, and payably, in ſome places, by the Purchaſer, in others by the Seller, and in others between them both: (The French Lawes and Cuſtomes often joyne, with this, another duty called* Lods, *or* Lots; *which is ever as much as this; both together ſwallowing up a ſixt part of that which is given for the purchaſe.)*

Droict de ventes, & Gants. *A twelfth part (as before) and* xv d. *(by the cuſtoms of* Tours) *or* x d. *(by the cuſtomes of* Lodunois) *for a pave of gloves.*

Droict de ventes, & honneurs. *The ſixt, or other part (as the cuſtome is) due onely by the Purchaſer.*

Droict de ventes & iſſuës. *Is alſo a ſixt part, or* iij s. iv d. *in the pound; (whereof, as if it were* Lods *and* Ventes, *there is but halfe meant for* Ventes.)

Droict de Verre. *A certaine number of drinking glaſſes, divided, in old time, among the Officers of the chamber of Accounts, but at this day allowed them in money.*

Droict de Vertemoulte. *A certaine duty, or fine payable unto Lords in* Normandy, *by their tenants that inne their corn out of their Mannors.*

Droict de veſt. *Power to make Livery and Seiſin unto a Purchaſer, belongs in a few places to the Seller, in many to the Lord* Cenſier, *or* Foncier; *alſo, the fine, or fee due to a Lord for Livery and Seiſin made by him.*

Droict de veuës. *Authority to make windowes in other mens houſes, for the commodity and advantage of a neighbour; or to dam up ſuch as hinder, or annoy a neighbour.*

Droict de Veufve. *Looke* Veufve.

Droict de viager. *An eſtate for life in; or liberty to injoy a thing during his life.*

Droict de vignages. *A certaine toll, or fee, taken by Lords, of Merchants, or Drovers, &c. which with their commodities, or cattell, paſſe by their territories.*

Droict de ville cloſe. *Liberty, or power to incloſe a Town with wals, or fortifie it with Rampiers, procured from the Prince.*

Droict de Vin, ou de Vins. *A fine of* iij s. *upon every alienation of an Inheritance* Cenſuel *exceeding* xx s. *due, beſides* Lods *and* Ventes, *unto the Covent of* Fareſmontier, *by the Inhabitants of* Iouy (*in the Juriſdiction of* Meaux.)

Droict de mettre prix au Vin. *A Privilege which a Lord, high or meane Juſticer, hath over all thoſe that retaile Wine, or ſell it by the pot, within his Juriſdiction; alſo, the fee thereto belonging; which is, a loafe of bread, and a lot of the Wine, delivered unto his Officers as a taſt of it.*

Droict de Vins & ſtippes. 45 s. Tour. *upon every ſale of wood within the Dominions of the Duke of* Buillon, *payable unto the officers of the forreſt out of which the ſale is made.*

Droict de Vins & ventes. *A* Iallée *full of wine, due to a Lord* Cenſuel *upon the ſale of land held of him, over and beſides the twelfth part of the price for the* Ventes, *and payable by the Purchaſer.*

Droict de Vinade. *The uſe, and worke of two yoake of Oxen, or of a Cart, all Vintage time, due unto the Lords of ſome Places, from their vaſſals and tenants.*

Droict de Vinage. *Twelve pence, due to the Officers of the Court of* Aides, *upon a pound comming in for Wine (onely in ſome caſes;) Alſo, the portion of Wine due out of a Vineyard unto a Lord* Cenſier, *in lieu of his* Cenſive, *and to be allowed him at the head of the Vatt, before the tenant can (lawfully) draw any Wine out of it; At* Angiers, *and in other places, this duty is turned into a pecuniarie, and yearly* Cens.

Droict de Vinenotte. *as* Droict de Vivelotte.

Droict de Vingtieſme. *The twentieth part of Wine thats made, and Corne thats gotten, every yeare, payed in* Dauphiné, *and elſewhere, towards the building, fortifying, and reparation of the walls of Townes, Holds, and Caſtles.*

Droict de Vivelotte. *The dower, or thirds due to the widow of a* Cottier, *or tenant of* Mainferme.

Droict de Vivenotte. *The ſame.*

Droict d'extreme Vnction. *The fee due to the Prieſt for that ceremony.*

Droict de Voirie. *The right of Juſtice; or power to exerciſe Juriſdiction as a* Voyer. *Look* Voyer.

Droict de Voüade. *The labour of two Oxen, or uſe of a ſmall Cart, due certaine dayes in Summer by tenants (that hold by Villenage, or* Mortaille) *unto their Landlords for the turning up of their Vineyards.*

Droict de Vouerie. *Meane Juriſdiction; or, as* Droict de Voirie.

Droict: m. cte; f. *Right, ſtreight, direct; levell, even; juſt, lawfull, reaſonable; ſincere; upright.*

Inteſtin, ou boyau droict. *The ſtreight gut, or arſe gut.*

Muſcle droict. *The name of one of the foure principall muſcles in the thigh.*

Pied droict. *The Jaume, or Jaumbe of a doore, chimney, window, &c.*

A droict fil. *Directly forward, right forth, ſtreight on.*

Mal droict. *Unapt, unwieldly; unhandſome, uncomely in every thing he does.*

Droict. *(Adverbiall) as,* Droict en ce lieu, *juſt here, in this very place, or preciſely in this place.*

'A droict. *as* 'A droict fil.

Parler à droict. *To ſpeake diſtinctly, or to the purpoſe.*

Tenez ceſt homme à droict. *Deale juſtly with this man; uſe him indifferently, or well.*

'A droict, ou à tort. *By hook, or crooke; by right or by wrong; one way or another.*

Au droict d'entre eux. *Right over againſt them.*

Tout droict. *Right forth, ſtreight on, directly forward.*

Droictement. *Streightly, directly, rightly; juſtly, uprightly, rightfully.*

Droictement à l'heure. *Juſt at the time, at the very houre appointed.*

Droicture : f. *Right, reaſon, juſtice, directneſſe, impartiality, uprightneſſe ; alſo, a Right, or due, or, the rights and duties belonging to a Land-lord, &c. alſo, a full, or juſt poſſeſſion of land.*
Droicture de Patronnage. *Patronage, or the Right of Preſentation to a Benefice.*
Relever droicture. *as* Droicturer.
Qui d' honneur n' a cure honte eſt ſa droicture ; Pro. *He that for honour doth not care, diſgrace beſmeares him, ſhame's his ſhare.*
† Droicturé : m. ée : f. *That hath payed his Reliefe, and all other the rights, or duties of Tenancy.*
Droicturer. *A new Tenant, or vaſſall to doe his Lord all right, and pay him all the rights, belonging to him.*
† Droicturier : m. ere : f. *Juſt, rightfull, ſincere, unpartiall, intire, incorrupt, upright ; alſo, ſevere, ſtrict, according to the letter of the Law ; alſo, direct, or next.*
† Droicturier Seigneur. *A mans true, right, or, lawfull Lord.*
Seigneur droicturier. *as* Seigneur feudal.
† Droicturierement. *Juſtly, rightfully, incorruptly, uprightly, unpartially ; ſtrictly, ſeverely.*
† Droiſſer. *as* Dreſſer. *To direct ; erect ; inſtruct.*
Droit, & Droiturier. *See* Droict, & Droicturier.
† Droitier. *Right-handed ; alſo, as* Droicturier,
† Droitatique : com. *Waggiſh, knaviſh, full of rye, pleaſant, merry, ſportfull.*
Drole : m. *A good fellow, boone companion, merry grig, pleaſant wag ; one that cares not which end goes forward, or how the world goes.*
Droler. *To play the wag ; to paſſe away the time, as a good fellow, merrily, or carelesly ; alſo, to beat ſoundly.*
Dolerie : f. *Rye, waggery, good roguery ; a merry pranke, a pleaſant, and knaviſh part ; good-fellowſhip ; See* Draulerie.
Dromant : m. *A Drumbler, Caravell, or ſuch like ſmall, and ſwift veſſell, uſed by Pyrats.*
Dromedaire : m. *A Dromedary, or great beaſt of burthen, like a Camell ; very ſwift and handy in travell, and of little charge to him that uſeth him.*
Dromille : f. *A little fiſh caught (all Summer long, but ſeldome during Winter) in the rivers about* Lions.
Dromon. *as* Dromant.
Dronine : f. *A ſpade.*
Dronos. donner dronos. *Knockes, thumpes, raps, thwacks.* ℣ Rab.
Dropace. *A depilatory ; an ointment, or medicine to take away haire.* ℣ Rab.
Dru : m. druë : f. *Thicke, cloſe together, full of, many one by another ; copious, plenteous.*
Oiſeau dru. *A full-fledg'd bird, a young bird ready to flie.*
Druement. *Thickly, many together, cloſe one by another, plenteouſly, copiouſly.*
Druge : f. *as* Truffe ; *A dainty, round, and ruſſet root, thats all incloſed within, but not on any part faſtened unto, the ground ; by the bulking out whereof tis found.*
Drugé : m. ée : f. *Wet, throughly moiſtened.*
Drugeon : m. *A little branch, twig, or ſprig.*
Drugeonnement. *A bearing, or putting forth of ſmall branches, or twigs.*
Drugeonner. *To beare, or put forth many ſmall branches, or twigs.*
Drugeonneux. *Twiggy, ſpriggy, full of ſmall branches.*
Druger. Voild que druge bien. *(Spoken of a ſound ſhower) this wets throughly.*
† Druguement. *A Truchman, or Interpretor.* (v. m.)
† Drulle : f. *as* Drylle.
† Dryinade. *as* Chelydre.
† Drylle : f. *The Maſte, or Akorne of the (female) Oake.*
Du. *Is ſometimes (as an Article) ſet before Maſculine words, which begin with a Conſonant, and ſignifie the kinds or ſpecies of things ; as,* du pain, du vin, &c. *(then of little, or no ſignification;) Sometimes it ſerves as a note of the Genitive Caſe, unto Nownes of the nature aforeſaid ; and then ſignifies, of them ; as,* Le fruict du iardin : *Sometimes it does the Office of a Preposition ; and then ſignifies, in the ; as* Si i' euſſe du commencement faict cela ; du temps du Roy Henry, &c. *or, from the ; as,* Il vient du iardin ; du milleu d' eux ; *or, by the ; as,* Il a eſté batu du Maiſtre.
Du moins. *At the leaſt.*
Du tout. *Throughly, utterly, altogether.*
Dubitation : f. *Doubtfulneſſe, uncertainty, ſuſpence, or ſuſpition.*
Duc : m. *A Duke. (When the French Kings had chaſed the Romans out of Gallia, and found ſome of the Provinces thereof governed, under the Emperours, by certaine martiall Commanders termed* Duces, *they, who altered but few of the ancient faſhions of the country, beſtowed the ſame Title (a little curtailed à la Françoiſe) on ſuch of their owne principall captaines as they placed in the roomes of the others : At which time Dukes were but Officers, and Vaſſalls ; and their Functions, and Fiefs revocable at the Princes pleaſure, or determined with their lives ; howſoever afterwards, they uſurped, firſt, the Inheritance of, and then a Soveraignety over, them both : Looke the word* Comte ; *wherein whatſoever is ſaid of the ancient, or moderne eſtate of (Provinciall) Earles agrees with that of Dukes ; with this only difference, that, commonly, the Title of Duke was conferred on the more warlike, and* Comte *on the more civill, followers of Princes ; whereupon it is conjectured, that when both a Duke, and an Earle have been in one town, the one governed the Soldiers, the other the people.)*
Duc : m. *(Is alſo) the great Owle termed, a Horne-owle, or Horne-coot ; of three kinds.*
Gran duc. *The great Horne-coot ; is bigger then a Gooſe, and keepes alwaies in forreſts, and deſart places.*
Moyen duc. *Is ſomewhat leſſe then the former : Both of them be hairy-legd, and rough-footed ; and have tufts of feathers, on either ſides of their heads, bearing out like hornes ; and now and then breath out horrible ſhrikes.*
Petit duc. *The ſmall Horne-owle, or Horne-coot ; ſhaped like, but ſomewhat leſſe then,* le Moyen duc.
Pouldre de duc. *The name of a moſt comfortable powder, made of Aromaticall drugs, and ſpices.*
Ducal : m. ale : f. *Ducall, Duke-like ; of, or belonging to, a Duke.*
Ducat : m. *A Dukedome, or Duchy.*
Ducat : m. *The coyne, tearmed a Ducket ; worth* vj s. viij d.
Ducat d'Aragon ; de Bolongne ; de Caſtille ; d' Eſpaigne à deux teſtes *(the ducat thats currant among us)* de Florence ; de Gennes ; d' Hongrie ; de Portugal ; de Portugal à la longue croix ; de Portugal à la petite croix ; de Portugal à la palme, de Sicile, de Valence, de Venize ; *All forraine coynes ; of whoſe value (often changed by the French Kings) no certaine interpretation can be given, other then that they hold a rate much about* v, *or* vj s. *ſterl. the peece.*
Ducat Henry. *A coyne of Glod worth* vj d. *ſterl. more then the ordinary Crowne of the Sunne.*
Ducaton. *A ſmall ducat, or halfe ducket.*
Duché : m. *A Dukedome, a Duchy.*
Ducteur. *as* Donducteur ; *a guide, leader, &c.*
Ductile : com. *Eaſie to be hammered, or beaten into thin plates.*
Dudepuis. *Since, ſithence, from that time.*
Dueil : m. *Dole, griefe, ſorrow, heavineſſe ; mourning, wayling, moaning, lamentation ; alſo, mourning weeds, or mourning attire ; as,* Il porte le dueil ; *alſo, a mourner, or mourners, following a coarſe to the grave ; as,* voila le dueil, *or,* le dueil paſſe ; *alſo, a duello, ſingle combat, or fight between two.*
Apres tout dueil boit on bien ; Prov. *Drinke after dole goes merrily downe ; or, they tipple now as much as erſt they teend.*
Aſſez boit qui a dueil ; Prov. *Sorrow is dry, ſay we ; or, as in* Boire.
Bon eſt le dueil qui apres aide ; Prov. *That mourning's well beſtowed that helpes the mourner.*
Chacune vieille ſon dueil plaind ; Prov. *See* Plaindre.
De petit enfant petit dueil : Prov. *The death of little ones is not much bemoand.*
Duelle : f. *The third part of an ounce.*
Duire. *To uſe, accuſtome, enure ; faſhion, train up, frame ; lead, induce, bring, unto.*
Cela me duit. *That is good, or maketh for me ; that is helpefull, availeable, or commodious, unto me ; in which ſence they ſay ;* Vieilles debtes duiſent ; Prov. aſçavoir ; *helpe the creditor, (but hurt the debtor.)*
Duiſable : com. *Convenient, fit, for ones turne ; availeable, profitable, whereof good uſe, or great benefit, may be made.*
Duiſant. *Apt, meet, convenient, fitting ; handſome, ſeemely, becomming.*
Duiſible. *as* Duiſable.
† Duiſſon : f. *An accuſtoming, uſing, enuring ; faſhioning, training, framing, making fit, or apt for.*
Duit : m. duite : f. *Accuſtomed, uſed, enured ; framed, faſhioned, trained up unto ; alſo, fitting, availeable, helpefull, convenient, good for, to the purpoſe.*
† Duiter. *To frame unto uſe, to make fit for his purpoſe.*

Dumere :

Dumetté : m. ée : f. *Downie ; of downe ; ſoft as, full of, ſtuffed with, downe.*
Dun. *An old French word, ſignifying a hill, or rock ; (and therefore the townes whoſe names end in it, have, commonly, a rockie acceſſe, or ſeat.)*
Dune : f. *A wave, or ſurge of the ſea ; alſo, a Downe ; a ſandie banke, or hill, neere the ſea ; called ſo, (at firſt by the* Flemmings*) becauſe it reſiſts the violence of thoſe waves, and uſed, moſt commonly, in the plurall number,* Dunes.
Duner. *To plaine, as a horſe, that neither halteth out-right, nor ſetteth his foot hard on the ground.*
Dunes. *Looke* Dune.
Dunette : f. *A Thruſh ; alſo, a little downe, or ſandie hill.*
Dunne : f. *as* Dune.
† Duodene : m. *as* Douze-doigtier.
Dupe : f. *A whoope, or hooper ; a bird that hath on her head a great creſt, or tuft of feathers, and loves ordure ſo well, that ſhe ever neſtles in it.*
Duplication : f. *as* Duplique.
Duplique : f. *A rejoynder, or, the ſecond anſwer of a defendant.*
Duppe. *as* Dupe.
Dupliquer. *To double ; alſo, to rejoyne, or anſwer the ſecond time.*
Duquel. *Of whom, from whom, whereof.*
Dur : m. dure : f. *Hard ; ſtiffe, ſolid ; alſo, rough, harſh, rude ; alſo, ſturdie, fierce, cruell, difficile, rigorous, inflexible, unmercifull ; alſo, dull, groſſe, heavie, ſottiſh, or ſlow of apprehenſion ; and hence ;*
Dur à l'eſperon. *Dull, ſluggiſh, heavie-mettled, that will not be moved, nor ſtirred up by any inſtigation.*
Dure mere de la teſte. *The outward skin of the braines.*
Dure taye. *as* Dure mere.
Ouïr dur. *To be thick of hearing.*
Tunique dure. *One of the thin skins of the eye, the which it environs ; it comes from the* dure mere*, and covers alſo the optick ſinew.*
Durable : com. *Durable, laſting, of long continuance.*
Duracines. *The Peaches, Plummes, Cherries, &c, whoſe pulpe cleaves faſt unto their ſtones ; alſo, ſuch as are of a hard, or firme pulpe, and thereby long-laſting.*
Duraines. *as* Duracines.
Durant. (Particip.) *During, laſting, continuing ; enduring, brooking, ſuffering.*
Durant (Conjunct.) ces iours-là. *During that age, in thoſe dayes.*
Durant que. *Whiles that, whilome that, untill that.*
Trois mois durant. *Three moneths together.*
Durci : m. ie : f. *Hardened, ſtiffened.*
Durcir. *To harden, ſtiffen ; wax hard, become ſtiffe, grow ſolid.*
Dure : f. Coucher ſur la dure (terre, *is underſtood*) *to lye on the bare earth.*
Duré. *Dured, indured, laſted, continued, remained ; brooked, ſuffered, ſuſtained.*
Durée : f. *A during, a laſting, a continuance.*
Longue durée. *Everlaſtingneſſe, perpetuallneſſe, long laſting.*
Dureines. *as* Duracines.
Durement. *Hardly, ſtraitly, ſtiffely ; harſhly, roughly, rudely ; cruelly, fiercely, rigorouſly ; alſo, greatly, mainely, extremely, exceeding much ; as,* Il eſt durement haï des Seigneurs.
Durer. *To dure, laſt, continue, indure, abide, remaine, perſiſt ; alſo, to ſuſtaine, brooke, ſuffer.*
Homme à qui on ne peut durer. *A froward, wayward, ſullen, harſh, rude, ſoure, unſociable fellow.*
Ils ont bien beſoing que ie leur dure. *My lives continuance imports them very much ; it ſtands them much upon to have me long among them.*
Endurer faut pour durer ; Prov. *To dure we muſt indure.*
Touſiours ne dure orage ne guerre ; *Extremities laſt not alwayes.*
Dureſſe : f. *Hardneſſe, ſoliditie, ſtiffeneſſe.*
Duret : m. ette : f. *Somewhat hard ; ſtiffe, ſolid ; rough, harſh ; difficile, inflexible ; ſturdie, rude, fierce.*
Dureté : f. *as* Dureſſe ; *alſo, roughneſſe, harſhneſſe, rudeneſſe ; aſperitie, rigour.*
Dure-teſte : f. *A kind of ſpotted, and hard-headed, Spider.*
Durillon : m. *A hard knot, or knurre, in a peece of timber, or ſtone, which dulls the workemans tooles ; alſo, a corne, or hard skin in the feet, or hands ; alſo, a hard ſparkle, or graine, in ſome Sapphires, &c, hindering the cutting thereof.*
Duvet : m. *Downe, ſoft feathers.*
Duvet du linge. *Lint.*
Duvetté : m. ée : f. *Downie, ſoft as downe ; full of, or filled with, downe.*
Duyere : f. *A Conny-hole.*
Dy, ay, & hory ho. *The Cry of Carters.*
Dyafané, & Dyaphané. *Tranſparent. See* Diafané.
Dynandrie. *as* Dinanderie ; *Braſen ware, &c.*
Dynarchie. *The joynt rule of two Princes.*
Dyſcole : com. *Wayward, froward, hard to rule, ill to intreat ; out of all order.*
Dyſcraſié. *Looke* Diſcraſié.
Dyſenterie : f. *The bloudie flix.*
Dyſenterique : com. *Troubled with, or ſick of, the bloudie flix.*
Dyſopie. *Vicious, or exceſſive ſhamefaſtneſſe.*
Dyſurie : f. *Difficultie of voiding Urine, and paine withall when it voides, by the ſharpeneſſe thereof, and the inflammation, or exulceration, of the neck of the Bladder.*

E

EAge : m. *Age. Seeke* Aage.
Eagé. *Old, aged, of ſuch an age, of ſo many yeares.*
Eale. *A blackiſh* (Ethiopian) *beaſt, that hath cheekes like a* Boare*, a tayle like an Elephant, and two long hornes, which he extends, or drawes inward, at pleaſure.* ¶ Rab.
Eard : m. *The black Poplar tree.*
Eau : f. *Water ; alſo, the element of water ; alſo, the yellowiſh ſweat which evapoureth continually from the skin of an infant (and lyes betweene the coiſe, or biggin, called* Amnios*, and the body) while it is in the wombe.*
Les Eaux. *Windgalls in a horſes legs.*
Eau d'Ange. *A kind of excellent ſweet compound water.*
Eau ardant. *Aquavite.*
Eau beniſte de cave. *Good Wine, or ſtrong Beere.*
Eau beniſte de Cour. *Court holy-water ; complements, faire words, flattering ſpeeches, gloſing, ſoothing, palpable cogging.*
Eau de boucher. *A compound water, which with Coriander water makes a kind of Hypocras.*
Eau clairette. *A water (made of Aquavite, Cinnamon, Sugar, and old red Roſe-water) excellent againſt all the diſeaſes of the Matrix.*
Eau endormie. *Seeke* Endormi.
Eau ferrée. *Wherein a gad of hot ſteele hath beene quenched.*
Eau Gringoriane. *Holy-water.* ¶ Rab.
Eau de laict. *Clarified Whay.*
Eau de nafe, ou de naphe. *Orange-flower water.*
Eau de vie. *Aquavite.*
Eau vifve. *A ſpring ; a running water.*
Beuveur d'eau. *Looke* Beuveur.
Fil d'eau. à fil d'eau. *With the ſtreame.*
Fleur d'eau. *The water Lilly, water Roſe, yellow or white Nenuphar.*
A fleur d'eau. *Cloſe by the water, betweene wind and water.*
Medecin d'eau douce. *A yong, raw, or unexperienced Phyſician ; (we ſay, a freſh-water ſouldier.)*
Pierre d'eau de mer. *A kind of white, and glittering, Gemme ; as,* Oeil de Chat.
Verſeur d'eau. *The celeſtiall Signe,* Aquarius.
De belle eau. Perle de belle eau. *Of a faire luſtre, or water.*
De bonne eau. *Of a good reliſh, or taſte, having a good ſmack with it.*
De delà l'eau. Gens de delà l'eau. *Simple fellowes, witleſſe companions, ignorant creatures.*
Affleurir l'eau. *To ſkimme the water ; or, goe cloſe by it, as doth a ſhips lee-ſide in a ſtrong ſide-wind.*
Amener l'eau au moulin. *To draw in gaine, to bring in crownes, to furniſh with cuſtomers, or commodities.*
Avoir de l'eau vers les garces. *To have ſap, and moiſture, enough for his lecherie.*
Batre l'eau. *To loſe his labour, to ſpend his time in vaine.*
Batre les eaux. *A Deere to take ſoyle.*
Batre leur eau. *To digeſt, or ſhake downe their drinke, as a horſe thats ridden two or three miles after watering.*
Eſtre en eau. *To ſweat ; (we ſay alſo) to be all on a water ;* Eſtre en l'eau. *To be in, or upon, the water ; (ſo that the Article makes the difference.)*
Faire eau. *To leake ; alſo, to water, or take in freſh water, for the proviſion of a ſhip.*
Laiſſer de l'eau en ſon moulin. *To leave himſelfe ever ſomewhat to doe.*
Mener à la bonne eau. *To ſteale (as) a horſe, (whereto this phraſe is chiefely applyed.)*
Mettre de l'eau dedans leur vin. *To temper, coole, qualifie, tame them ; to take them a hole lower.*
Nager en grand' eau. *To haunt, frequent, or abide in places, wherein moſt honour, gaine,*

gaine, ſoome, and companie may be gotten. *Looke* Nager.

Nager entre deux eaux. *To be in danger on all ſides; to ſayle betweene* Scilla *and* Charybdis; *alſo, to hold on a middle courſe betweene two extreames; alſo, to play on both hands, or apply himſelfe unto the time, whatſoever. Looke* Nager.

Paiſtry d'eau froide. *White-livered, dull, fearefull, without ſpirit, without metall.*

Peſcher en eau trouble. *To ſeeke for gaine by other mens loſſes, or troubles; or, to make a benefit of publike tumults, or calamities.*

Piler l'eau en vn mortier. *To loſe time, or ſpend it very fondly.*

Tenir le bec en l'eau; Prov. *To hold in ſuſpence; to put off with dalliances, or delayes.*

Il n'a pas tenu le bec en l'eau. *He hath plyed the wine-pot, and is become tipſie; he is throughly drunke (but not with water.)*

Tirer de l'eau en ſon moulin. *To draw all dealings into his owne hands; to ſeeke onely his owne profit, without reſpecting the intereſt of others.*

Tomber de l'eau. *To piſſe, leake, make water.*

Cela luy fit venir l'eau en la bouche. *That made his teeth water; viz. put him into an extreame longing.*

L'eau qui dort eſt pire que celle qui court; Prov. *So is a ſleepie humor worſe then a giddie.*

Eau & pain c'eſt la viande du chien; Prov. *Bread and water is diet for dogs.*

En petite eau ſouvent on trouve grand bieure; Prov. *A great beaver is often found in a little brooke.*

Fol eſt qui ſe fie en eau endormie; Prov. *Looke* Endormi.

Il fait beau peſcher en eau large; Prov. *There is no fiſhing to the ſea, ſay we.*

Il n'a pas ſoif qui de l'eau ne boit; Prov. *Hee's not athirſt that will not water drinke.*

Il n'eſt nager qu'en grand' eau; Prov. *The higgeſt waters are the beſt to ſwimme in.*

Il n'y a pire eau que la quoye; Prov. *The ſtilleſt waters (and humors) are ever the worſt.*

Eauë. *as* Eau.

† Eauïer: m. *A gutter, channell, ſinke, ſewer, for the voiding of ſoule water.*

Eaulice: f. *The herbe Helicampane, Scabwort, Horſe-heale.*

Eaufolle: f. *as* Aerolle; *a wheale, or bliſter.*

† Eauvier. *as* Eſvier.

Ebaucher. *To rough-hew; as* Esbaucher.

Ebe. *An ebbe; or, the ebbing of water.*

Tout ce que vient d'Ebe s'en retournera de flot; Prov. *The tyde will fetch away what th'ebbe brings in.*

Ebene: m. *The black wood, called Heben, or Ibonie.*

Ebeſté: m. ée: f. *Made, or growne beſtiall, beaſtly, blockiſh.*

Eborgner. *To deprive of one eye.*

Ebouiller. *Seeke* Esbouillir.

Ebouller. *as* Esbouler; *to throw, or tumble downe.*

Eboulu. *Seeke* Esboulu.

Ebreché: m. ée: f. *That hath loſt divers teeth; or, in whoſe mouth the loſſe of teeth hath made divers breaches.*

Ebrieté: f. *Drunkennеſſe.*

Ebrioſité: f. *Continuall drunkennеſſe.*

Ebulition. *as* Ebullition.

Ebullition: f. *An ebullition, boyling, ſeething, or bubbling up; a riſing up in bubbles.*

Eburnin: m, ine: f. *Of, or belonging to, Ivorie.*

Ecaille: f. *as* Eſcaille.

Ecaillé: m. ée: f. *Scaled, or ſhaled.*

Ecailler. *To ſcale, or ſhale; to pull the ſcales off, to rid of ſcales.*

Ecamoter. *To change, diſguiſe, or alter. Seeke* Eſcamoter.

Ecarboté: m. ée: f. *Stirred, or ſcattered, as the fire; alſo, bruiſed, or cruſhed, as an apple.*

Ecarboter le feu. *To ſtirre up, or ſcatter the fire.*

Ecarboter vne pomme. *To bruiſe, or cruſh, an apple.*

† Ecardan. *Nice, daintie, queaſie-ſtomacked; whence;*

Ie ſuis plus ecar. à boire qu' à manger. *Any ſlattiſhneſſe is more loathſome to my ſtomack in drinke then in meat.*

Eccleſiaſte: m. *A Preacher.*

† Eccliſe. *as* Egliſe. *The Church.*

Eccliſſe. *as* Eſcliſſe.

Eccliſſer. *as* Eſcliſſer.

Ecentrique: com. *Without center, out of the center; alſo, without meaſure, whereof no meaſure can be taken.*

Fol ecentrique. *An unruly, or irregular coxcombe; one that can be held within no compaſſe.*

Ecervelé. *as* Eſcervelé. *Braine-leſſe, hare-braind.*

Echaudé: m. ée: f. *Scalded. Looke* Eſchaudé.

S'Echauder. *To be ſcalded; to grow too hot, or be put into over-much heat.*

Echelette. *Seeke* Eſchelette.

Echelle: f. *A ladder.*

Echelon: m. *The ſtep of a ladder.*

Echevelé. *Diſcheveled. as* Deſchevelé.

Echevement: m. *as* Eſchevement.

† Echidne: f. *A Viper, or Hydra; any kind of Serpent.*

Echine. *as* Eſchine.

Eclat, & Eclater. *Seeke* Eſclat, & Eſclater.

Eclipſe: f. *An Eclipſe; a leſſening, diminution, defect of.*

Eclipſé: m. ée: f. *Eclipſed; leſſened, impaired.*

Eclipſement: m. *An eclipſing, leſſening, diminiſhing, impairing.*

Eclipſer. *To diſ-appeare, to vaniſh out of ſight (in part;) alſo, to eclipſe, leſſen, diminiſh, impaire.*

Ecliptique. *The Ecliptick line, or way of the Sunne; ſo tearmed, becauſe Eclipſes happen when the Moone is either in conjunction, or oppoſition, under this line.*

Eclipcique: com. *Belonging to an Eclipſe.*

Ecliſſe. *Looke* Eſcliſſe.

Ecloy: m. *Laut, piſſe, urine. & Pic.*

Ecluſe. *as* Eſcluſe.

Eclyptique. *as* Ecliptique.

Ecolleté. *as* Eſcouleté.

Econome, & Economie, *as* Oeconome, & Oeconomie.

Ecoſſe. *as* Eſcoſſe; *A cod, huſke, &c.*

† Ecoüé: m. ée: f. *Curtall, curtalled, without a tayle.*

† Ecouër. *To curtall, or cut off the tayle. Seeke* Eſcouër.

Ecphraſe: f. *A plaine declaration, or expoſition.*

Ecraſer. *as* Eſcraſer.

Ecreté: m. ée: f. *Topped, uncreſted; whoſe top, or creſt, is taken off.*

Ecrioches: f. *Crutches (at* Tours.)

Ecſtaſe: f. *An extaſie, ſwooning, trance; aſtoniſhment; a dampe, or dumpe; a great amazement.*

Ecſtatique. *In an extaſie. Seeke* Extatique.

Ectique: com. *In a conſumption; or, ſick of an Hectick fever: The word properly ſignifieth, habituall; (as any thing is, that by continuance is turned unto nature) and thence is a fever called Hectick, when it hath poſſeſſed all parts of the body, without any alteration in it ſelfe.*

Eculée: f. *A diſhfull.*

Ecume: f. *Looke* Eſcume.

† Edent. il tomba edent. *He fell groveling on his face, on his teeth.*

Edenté: m. ée: f. *as* Edent; *alſo, toothleſſe, whoſe teeth are daſht, or fallen, out of his mouth.*

Edenter. *To make toothleſſe; to bereave of teeth; to draw, or ſtrike, out the teeth of.*

Edenter la morſure de. *To diſappoint, or make vaine the biting of.*

Edenter vn pot, ou autre vaiſſeau. *To over-turne a pot, or ſet it on the ground with the mouth downeward.*

Edict: m. *A Statute, Edict, Ordinance.*

La Chambre de l'Edict. *as* Chambre mipartie.

Edificateur: m. *An ediſter; builder; maker, framer.*

Edification: f. *An edification, building, erecting, framing, making.*

Edifice: m. *An Edifice, building, or houſe readie built; alſo, the frame of a building; alſo, the art, or worke, of building.*

Edifié: m. ée: f. *Edified, builded, framed, erected, founded; alſo, bred, come, or brought, up of.*

Edifier. *To edifie, build; frame, erect, found, make up (any thing, but eſpecially) a houſe.*

Tell' herbe s'edifie de. *Is ſet, or planted by; is bred, or comes, up of.*

Education: f. *Nurture, education, bringing up.*

Eduction: f. *An eduction, leading, drawing out, bringing forth.*

† Efaiſté: m. ée: f. *Topped, or whoſe top is cut off, or taken downe.*

† Efaiſter. *To top, or cut the top of, a plant; to take downe the top of.*

Efemeridiaire. fievre ef. *An ague that continues but one day.*

Effable: com. *Speakable; which may be uttered, or ſpecified, in words.*

Effacé: m. ée: f. *Defaced, effaced, razed, blotted out.*

Effacement: m. *An effacing, defacing, razing, blotting out.*

Effacer. *To efface, deface, raze, blot, rub out, wipe away; to aboliſh.*

Effaré: m. ée: f. *Skared, amazed, aſtonied, wilde, or gaſtly of look; alſo, diſturbed; moved; altered, diſtempered, or put into paſſion.*

Effarer. *To skare, amaze, terrifie, appall; move, perturbe, diſtemper, put into paſſion.*

Effaroucher. *To mad, make wood, skittiſh, wild, fierce, cruell; to exaſperate; alſo, to fright, skare, feare away.*

Qui veut prendre vn oiſeau, qu'il ne l'effarouche; Prov. *Let not him anger, that would take, a bird.*

Effaſſure: f. *A defacement, raze; blot, blurre; a daſh, or ſtroke through a thing written, or painted.*

Effect: m. *An effect, or worke; the iſſue, or ſucceſſe of a thing; a working, bringing to paſſe, making to be.*

Homme de peu d'effect. *A weak, and witleſſe fellow; one that can do little, that's ſcarce worth taking up; one in whom their is no manner of worth.*

Qui n'a point d'effect. *Vaine, void, ſucceſſeleſſe; that is come to no proofe, whereby one is much diſappointed.*

Effectrice: f. *An effectrix; ſhe that cauſeth, procureth, or bringeth to paſſe.*

Effectué: m. ée: f. *Effectuated, effected; executed.*

Effectuër. *To effectuate, effect, execute, performe, diſpatch, bring to paſſe.*

Effectueux. *Effectuall; to the purpoſe; alſo, effecting, working, doing, cauſing, procuring, diſpatching.*

Effemination: f. *An effemination, or effeminacy; a womanizing, weaking, wantonizing; a making womaniſh, weake, wanton.*

Effeminé: m. ée: f. *Effeminate, womaniſh, woman-like, heartleſſe, weake, tender, delicate; that hath no hardineſſe, that can endure no hardneſſe.*

Homme effeminé. *A weakling, milkeſop, ſenſuall and refined gooſe, puling or faint-hearted cokes.*

Effeminement. *Effeminately, womaniſhly; weakly, tenderly, delicately.*

Effeminer. *To effeminate, weaken, make dainty, tender, nice, quaint, womaniſh.*

Efferé. *Wild, skittiſh, giddy, wood; alſo, proud.*

Effiancé: m. ée: f. *Affianced, betrothed.*

Efficace: f. *Efficacy, force, effectualneſſe, vertue, ſtrength, ableneſſe.*

Efficacement. *Forcibly, effectually, ſtrongly, throughly, pithily, with efficacy, to purpoſe.*

Efficacieuſement. *Moſt effectually, very forcibly, with much ſtrength, to great purpoſe.*

Efficacieux: m. euſe: f. *Moſt effectuall, forcible, ſtrong, of much power, of great efficacy.*

Efficient. *Efficient, cauſing, effecting, accompliſhing, making, wholly procuring, onely finiſhing.*

Effigial: m. ale: f. *Repreſenting, reſembling; alſo, belonging to an image, or ſhape.*

Effigie: f. *An image, picture, figure, counterfeit, reſemblance, repreſentation of a ſhape, or feature.*

Pendu en effigie. *Hanged in picture; if an offendor, whoſe fault deſerves hanging, eſcape, yet is he, by the Cuſtomes of France, adjudged to the gallowes, and his picture hanged thereon; A ſigne, that whenſoever hee is taken, hee ſhall be truſſed up in perſon.*

Effigié: m. ée: f. *Drawne, figured, pourtrayed, counterfeited, reſembled, repreſented.*

Effigier. *To figure, draw, picture, pourtray, counterfeit, expreſſe the forme, repreſent the ſhape, make a true reſemblance of, (by painting, carving, or otherwiſe.)*

Effilé: m. ée: f. *Ravelled, unwound, looſened; alſo, weakned, or looſe-hangled.*

Effiler. *To ravell, unwind, looſe; looſen; alſo, to weaken or looſen the joints.*

Effilanché. (Cheval effilanché.) *Swayed in the back.*

Effilanqué: m. ée: f. *as* Eſtilanqué.

Effleurant. *Deflowring; alſo, skimming over, grazing along upon.*

Effleuré: m. ée: f. *Deflowred, or deprived of flowers; alſo, skummed, gone lightly over, grazed along on; alſo, razed a little; whoſe beauty, or beſt pieces are gone.*

Effleurer. *To deflowre; or, deprive of flowers; alſo, to skumme, or take onely the top off; to graze along, as a bullet on the ſide of a wall; to goe lightly over, as a ſtone on the water; alſo, to pick out ſleightly the beſt, and moſt gracefull pieces of a thing.*

Effloreſcence: f. *The outward face, or ſuperficies, the upmoſt rinde, pilling, or skin, of any thing; whence;*

Effloreſcence du cuir. *The ſuperficiall, and outmoſt thin skin of the body; that which riſeth in bliſters after a burning, and the skaly ſubſtance pilled from ſcabdried hands, &c.*

Effoncé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe bottome is beaten out.*

Effoncer. *To drive, or beat out the head, or bottome of a veſſell, &c. to bulge.*

† Effondément. *Profuſely, extremely, excedingly, without meaſure.*

Effondré: m. ée: f. *Paunched, bowelled, or drawne; burſt open; ſtrucke through; alſo, as* Enfondré.

Chemin effondré. *A way full of holes, or miry ſloughes; a very deep, and durty way.*

Effondrer. *To bowell, paunch, draw the guts, or garbage out of.*

Effondrer vn cheval. *To ſtrike, or thruſt a horſe through the belly.*

Effondrer vn huis, ou vn vaiſſeau. *To burſt open a doore, to knock, or beat, out the bottome of a veſſell.*

Effondrille. *The ground, bottome, lees, or dregs of liquor.*

Efforcé: m. ée: f. *Indiavoured, laboured, travelled in with utmoſt force, ſtriven in with might and maine.*

Efforcement: m. *Indeavor, &c. as* Effort. (v. mot.)

Efforcément: m. *Earneſtly, vehemently, with all his might, with great indeavour, with tooth and naile.*

S'Efforcer. *To indeavour, labour, inforce himſelfe; to ſtrive with might and main; to uſe his utmoſt ſtrength, apply all his vigour, imploy his whole power.*

Efforcillons. *A certaine diſeaſe, or diſtemperature, in a Haukes tongue.*

Effort: m. *An effort; indeavour; labour, travell, paines-taking; a ſtriving for a matter with whole force, power, meanes.*

Effort de gens de guerre. *A violent aſſault, a furious onſet, or attempt.*

Faire effort à. *To offer violence, or doe open wrong unto.*

Ils font leur effort. *They doe what lies in them; they doe their beſt, or worſt; they doe performe their utmoſt; or, they are at their height of ſtrength.*

Effray. *as* Effroy.

Effrayable: com. *Fearfull, dreadfull, terrible, hideous, horrible.*

Effrayablement. *In a fearfull, and terrible manner.*

Effrayant: m. ante: f. *Hideous, fearefull, horrid, gaſtly, frighting, horrible; alſo, affrighting, skaring, fraying.*

Effraye: f. *A Scrichowle, or Lyebefowle; an unlucky night-bird, which in ſhape, colour, and bigneſſe reſembles a Cuckoe.*

Effrayé: m. ée: f. *Affrighted, frayed, skared, feared; amazed, appalled, daunted, diſmayed.*

Effrayement. *Dreadfully, terribly, after a fearfull ſort, in a horrible manner.*

Effrayer. *To affright, fray, skare, feare; alſo, to daunt, appall, amaze, diſmay.*

Effreinte: f. *A default of bounds.*

Effrenation: f. *Unrulineſſe, unbridled headineſſe, immoderate liberty, headlong raſhneſſe.*

Effrené: m. ée: f. *Unbridled, raſh, heady, diſſolute, unruly, diſordered, without government.*

Effrenément. *Raſhly, headily, diſſolutely, diſorderedly.*

Effrener. *To unbridle; ſet at large, turne looſe, give head unto, leave wholly to his owne ſwindge, direction, or government.*

† Effrité: m. ée: f. *Frighted, agaſt, afraid.*

† Effriter. *To affright, skare, affray.*

Effroide: m. ie: f. *Cooled.*

Effroidir. *To coole.*

Effrondille. *The lees, dregs, or grounds of wine, &c.*

Effronté: m. ée: f. *Shameleſſe, impudent, over-bold, braſen-faced, whom nothing can daſh out of countenance; alſo, one that hath a great, and large forhead.*

Effronté en putain. *as impudent as a whore.*

Effrontément: m. *Impudency, malapertneſſe, unſhamefaſtineſſe, ſhameleſneſſe.*

Effrontément. *Impudently, ſhameleſſely, unſhamefaſtly, without bluſhing, with a braſen face.*

Effronterie. *as* Effrontément; *alſo, an impudent, or ſhameleſſe part.*

Effroué: m. ée: f. *Crummed, crumbled, broken very ſmall.*

Effrouër. *To crumme, crumble, break very ſmall.*

Effroy: m. *A fright, feare, dread, affright, terror, aſtoniſhment, amazement.*

Effroyable. *as* Effrayable.

Effroyablement. *Fearfully, dreadfully, terribly, hideouſly.*

Effroyant. *Hideous, gaſtfull, terrible, horrible, dreadfull, fearfull, affrighting.*

Effroyé. *as* Effrayé.

Effroyer. *To fray, skare, feare, affright; alſo, to daunt, amaze, aſtoniſh, appall, diſmay.*

Effruicté: m. ée: f. *Whoſe fruit is cropped, gotten, or gathered.*

Effruicter. *To take, or gather the fruit of.*

Effueillé. *Unleaved; ſtripped, or bard of leaves.*

Effueillement: m. *An unleaving; a cutting, or pulling off ſuperfluous leaves from plants.*

Effueiller. *To unleafe; to cut, pluck, or nip off ſuperfluous leaves; to ſtrip, or bare of leaves.*

Effueilleur: m. *A pruner of trees; a puller of leaves from trees.*

Effuſément. *Profuſely, extremely, out of meaſure.*

Effuſion: f. *An effuſion, ſhedding, ſpilling, powring out.*

Efelé: m. ée: f. *Mild, calme, unmoved, without ſpleen, or gall.*

Egal: m. ale: f. *Equall, ſemblable, even, well matched, alike.*

Egalement. *as* Egualement.

Egale-nuicts. *Nights-equalling; or night and day matching.*

Cercle egale-nuicts. *The Equator, or Equinoctiall circle.*

Egaler. *To equall, even, levell, match.*

† Egalizement. *as* Egualizement.

Egalizer. *Look* Egualizer.

† Egaronné: m. ée: f. *Trodden, as a ſhooe, downe at the heeles.*

Egarotiner vn ſoulier. *To tread, a ſhooe, downe at the heeles.*

Egaſé: m. ée: f. *Set on edge, as a tooth.*

Egau: m. *The leſſe kind of the baſtard Mackerell; or a young one.* ¶ Marſeillois.

Egelfin: m. *The Haddock; as* Egrefin.

Egener le labeur. *To run through their worke; to diſpatch, or to rid away worke apace. (A Ploughmans terme.)*

Egeſtion: f. *A voiding, evacuation, caſting out of excrements, and ordure.*

Egipanes. *Satyres; or beaſts like men, but footed as goats.* ¶ Rab.

Egiptiaque. L'onguent Eg. *A certaine ſalve, or ointment, of a cleanſing faculty, and good to prevent mortification.*

Egliſe: f. *A Church; or Congregation of Chriſtians.*

Coq d'Egliſe. *A weathercock.*

Gens d'Egliſe. *Churchmen, Prieſts, &c.*

Pres de l'Egliſe eſt ſouvent loing de Dieu; Prov. *The nerer to the Church, the further from God; (ſay we)*

Egoſle: f. *A cod, huske, or hull, of pulſe, &c.*

s'Egouffrer. *as* s'Engouffrer; *or, to ingulfe it ſelfe.*

Egouſſer. *To ſhale, cod, pill. Seek* Eſgouſſer.

Egout. *as* Eſgout.

Egoziſſé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe throat is cut; alſo, vomited, or ſpued out.*

Egoziller. *To cut the root of; alſo, to vomit, or ſpue out.*

Egratigné: m. ée: f. *Scratched, ſcraped, rent, or torne with the nailes.*

Egratigner. *To ſcratch, to ſcrape, to rend, or teare, with the nailes.*

Egratigneure: f. *A ſcruping, or ſcratching; alſo, a ſcratch, or little ſkarre.*

Egrefin: m. *A kind of Haddock.*

† Egrege: com. *Excellent, notable, ſingular, principall, paſſing good, of chiefe marke, of ſpeciall worth; one of the choiſeſt.*

† Egremé: m. ée: f. *Uncreamed; ſleeted, or skummed, as milke.*

Egrette. *as* Aigrette; *A foule, that reſembles a Heron.*

Egrugé: m. ée: f. *Crummed, crumbled, broken into ſmall pieces.*

Egruger. *To crum, crumble, breake into ſmall pieces.*

Egrumer. *To unclufter, or pluck from the cluſter.*

Egrun: m. *Any thing that angers, or exaſperates, a diſeaſe, or ſore.*

Egual: m. ale: f. *Equall; even, levell; ſemblable, well matched, of a like eſtate, nature, age, condition, quality.*

Egualé: m. ée: f. *Equalled, matched, levelled, evened, made like; reſembled, compared unto.*

Egualement. *Evenly, equally, alike, ſemblably; in even parts, in equall portions, indifferently, as much the one as the other.*

Egualer. *To equall, match; even, levell; make like, reſemble, compare.*

Egualizé: m. ée: f. *Equalled, matched, or made even with.*

Egualizement: m. *An equalling, levelling, matching, reſembling, making even, or alike.*

Egualizer. *To match, equall, even, levell; make one thing like another.*

Eguillat: m. *A kinde of dogge-fiſh, that hath two long and ſtiffe prickles on his back.*

Eguillon: m. *A prick or ſting. Look* Eſguillon.

Eguillonner. *To prick, ſting, provoke, incenſe. Look* Eſguillonner.

Eguiſer. *To whet, or ſharpen. Seeke* Eſguiſer.

Egyptelle. *A kinde of white ſtone, or minerall, that hath blacke and red veines, or ſtreakes.*

Egyptiac: m. *An excellent (though ſharpe) ointment, or ſalve, to prevent, or correct the putrifaction, and mortification of wounds, and ſores.*

Ehancé. *as* Ehanché.

Ehanché: m. ée: f. *Whoſe hip, or hanche, is bruized, or out of joint.*

Ehancher. *To bruize the hanch, or put it out of joint; alſo, to leave hanchleſſe, or cut off a hanch.*

Ejaculation: f. *An ejaculation; a violent caſting, ſlinging, hurling forth; ſpurting, jerting, ſpouting out.*

Ejaculatoire: com. *Ejaculatory; of property, or power to caſt, ſpout, or ſpurt forth; and hence;*

Vaiſſeaux ejaculatoirtes. *Certaine aſſiſtant, and active parts in the worke of generation.*

Ejaculatrice. vertu eja. *Darting, ſhooting, ſpouting, ſpurting, caſting from afar.*

Ejarté: m. ée: f. *Houghed, cut off by the hammes.*

Ejarter. *To bough, or cut off at the hammes.*

Eine: f. *The groine, or grine; the part thats next about our privities.*

Ela. *The higheſt note of the Gamuth.*

Nous ſommes audeſſus d'Ela, hors toute la Gamme. *we are clean off the hinges, or out of all good compaſſe; alſo, we are in very great extremity.*

Elaboratoire: m. *An Elaboratory, or worke-houſe.*

Elaboré. *as* Elabouré.

Elabouration: f. *Elaboration; diligent labour, paines-taking; a perfect, or skilfull working.*

Elabouré: m. ée: f. *Elaborated; cunningly wrought, exactly done; laboured painefully, travelled throughly in.*

Elabourer. *To elaborate; labour painfully, travell throughly; to worke exactly, doe a thing fully, and finely.*

Elambiqué. *as* Alambiqué; *Diſtilled.*

Elambiquer. *as* Alambiquer; *To diſtill, or extract by Lymbeck.*

Elan. *A certaine wild beaſt; as* Ellend.

Elancé: m. ée: f. *Launced, cut, pierced, or pricked with a launcet.*

Elancement: m. *A cutting, launcing, piercing, pricking with a launcet; alſo, as* Eſlancement.

Elancer. *To launce, cut, prick, pierce with a launcet; alſo, to hurt, paine, pinch as a ſtitch doth. Seek* Eſlancer.

Elangoré: m. ée: f. *Langorous, languiſhing, dejected, creſt-fallen.*

Elargir. *Look* Eſlargir.

Elarmé de pleurs. *That can weep no more; whoſe eyes are wholly drained with much weeping.*

Elatine: f. *The herb called Speedwell, or Fluellin the female.*

Elation: f. *Loftineſſe, hautineſſe.*

Elebore. *Seek* Ellebore.

Electeur: m. *An Elector, a chuſer.*

Electif: m. iue: f. *Elective, ſubject unto choice; gotten, or paſſing, by election.*

Election: f. *An election, or choice, a chuſing, culling, or picking out; alſo, the province, or circuit of an* Eleu, *or generall aſſeſſor of Subſidies.*

Electorat: m. *An Electorſhip, a chuſing, or electing; or the right, or power of election, ſuch as the ſeven Electors of the Empire have.*

Electre: m. *Amber whereof beads, and bracelets are made; alſo, a mixture of gold, copper, and a fift part of ſilver.*

Electuaire: m. *An Electuary; a medicinable compoſition made of choice drugs, and of ſubſtance between a ſyrrop and a conſerve, but more enclining to this then to that.*

Elegamment. *Elegantly, eloquently; neatly, comptly, quaintly, finely, politely, trimly, minion-like.*

Elegance: f. *Elegancy, eloquence, dainty ſpeech, neat words, choice of tearmes; alſo, comptneſſe, quaintneſſe, neatneſſe, trimneſſe, delicacy, fineneſſe.*

Elegant. *Elegant, eloquent, fine-ſpoken, choice in words, neat in tearmes; alſo, compt, quaint, ſpruce, trimme, dainty, delicate, polite.*

Elegiaque. *Elegiacall, belonging to an Elegy, lamenting, mournfull.*

Elegie: f. *An Elegy; a mournfull verſe, Poeme, Song, or Ditty.*

Element: m. *An element; as water, earth, fire, or aire; alſo, a rudiment, or firſt principle of Art; the ground, foundation, or beginning of any thing.*

Elementaire. *Elementall; belonging to elements, rudiments, principles.*

Elemi. *A kind of Gumme, or Roſen (as ſome will have it, becauſe it melts before the fire) which is an excellent healer, and cloſer of head-wounds.*

Elemmy. *as* Elemi.

Elenchie. vnion elenchie. *A pendant pearle of the faſhion of an egge.*

Eleomeli. *A ſweet, and fat liquor that iſſues from the old trunke of certain trees in Syria.*

Elephangines. *Certaine pills (by Phyſitians tearmed ſo, or de aromatibus) good to ſtrengthen the ſtomake, and to helpe diſgeſtion.*

Elephant : m. *An Elephant.*
Elephant de mer. *A kind of great Lobſter.*
Elephanteau : m. *A young Elephant.*
Elephantin. *Elephantine; of, or belonging to, an Elephant.*
Elephantique. *Leprous, infected with a leproſie.*
Eleu. *A generall Aſſeſſor of the Kings Aides, and Subſidies, in every particular Circuit, Province, or Dioceſſe. Looke* Eſleu.
Elevation ; f. *An elevation, liſting, heaving, holding, raiſing, or rearing up. Looke* Eſlevation.
Elevatoire : m. *An Elevatorie; th'inſtrument wherewith Chirurgians lift up the broken, and ſunk-in, parts of the ſcull, and draw out bullets, or haile-ſhot, that's entred but a little way into the fleſh, or bones.*
Eleveur : m. *A raiſer, or lifter up.*
Elice. *The Signe in Heaven called* Charles-Waine, *or* Vrſa major.
Elicie. *A fierie vapour drawne from the clouds.* ¶ Rab.
Elider. *To quaſh, daſh, breake, ſplit, or bit againſt ; to pound, or ſtampe ; to ſqueeze, or preſſe ; to ſtrike, or daſh, out ; alſo, to ſtrangle, throttle, ſtifle.*
† S'Elider de. *To riſe, or burſt, up out of.*
Elider la production de la partie adverſe. *Privily to convey, or purloine, from an adverſarie his cheifeſt evidence, or proofes, thereby to weaken his Cauſe.*
Eligible : com. *Eligible ; to be elected ; fit, or like, to be choſen.*
Eliminé : m. ée : f. *Thruſt, caſt, hurled, or put out of doores ; alſo, divulged, or publiſhed.*
Eliminer. *To thruſt, caſt, hurle, or put out of doore ; alſo, to divulge, or publiſh abroad.*
Elingue. *A ſting.* ¶ Norm.
Elire. *as* Eſlire; *To chuſe.*
Eliſer la monnoye. *To pare, ſlip, or cut, money round about the bemme.*
Elixe. *Quinteſſence ; or, the Philoſophers ſtone ; as* Elixir.
Elixir. *Quinteſſence ; or, the Philoſophers ſtone ; or, one of the names thereof ; ſome take it for the chymicall powder of Production : (the word originally ſignifies force, or ſtrength.)*
Elle. *(The feminine of* il, *or* luy) *ſhe.*
Ellebore blanc. *White Hellebore,* Lingwort, *Neeſewort.*
Ellebore baſtard. *The herbe Ox-eye ; alſo, the black baſtard Hellebore.*
Ellebore noir. *Black Hellebore ; whereof* Gerard *deſcribes foure kindes ; the true black Hellebore ; the baſtard, or wild black Hellebore ; great Ox-beele, or great wild black Hellebore ; and the ordinarie Ox-beele, Beares-foot, Setterwort ; the two laſt are alſo called Lowſie-graſſe, and Lowſe-worts.*
Elleborine : f. *Wild white Ellebore.*
Ellée. Bailler les ellées à vn cheval. *To give a horſe the head ; to gallop with bridle layd on his neck.*
Ellend : m. *Th'Elke ; a moſt fearefull, melancholike, ſtrong, ſwift, ſhort-necked, and ſharp-hooved, wild beaſt ; much troubled with the falling-ſickneſſe, and (by reaſon of the extraordinarie length of his upper lip) ever going backward as he graizeth: (ſome report, that his fore-legs are joynt-leſſe, and his fleſh good veniſon; but* Vigenere *(upon* Cæſar*) denies th'one, and* Geſner *diſlikes th'other.)*
Elocher. *To looſen, or make looſe. Looke* Eſlocher.
† Elocquer. *To ſhake off ; (a word properly uſed of things that are firmely joyned together.)*
† Eloiſe : f. *A lightning ; alſo, (metaphorically) a little ſpace of time.*
Elope. *as* Elopien ; *Alſo, a kind of ſea-fiſh, whoſe fiunes are turned towards her head ; ſhe lives in the deepe* Pamphilian *ſea ; when ſhe is taken, (which is but ſeldome) the fiſhers crowne themſelves with garlands, and bring her to ſhore with joyfull applauſes, and ſound of pipes, hoping they ſhall have good luck for a long time after.*
Elopien. *A kind of harmeleſſe Serpent.*
Eloquence ; f. *Eloquence ; graceſull ſpeaking, ſweet utterance, tearmes choiſely ſorted, readily delivered.*
Eloquent. *Eloquent, well-ſpoken, of a ſweet deliverie ; whoſe words are choiſe, utterance graceſull, ſpeech moſt plauſible.*
Elourdé : m. ée : f. *Dulled, amazed, aſtoniſhed.*
Elourder. *To dull ; dall, amaze, aſtoniſh.*
† Eloyſe. *as* Eloiſe.
Elucidation. *An elucidation ; a cleare manifeſtation, or expoſition ; an outward ſhining.*
Elucidé : m. ée : f. *Cleared, manifeſted, made bright, evident, apparent ; expreſſed, expounded.*
Elucider. *To cleare, manifeſt, make bright, or perſpicuous ; to expound, or expreſſe ; alſo, to ſhine outward.*
Elue. *The wild Pine tree.*
† Emaceration : f. *An emaceration ; leanneſſe, or falling away in fleſh ; or, an* Emaciation.
† Emaciation : f. *A pulling downe, or making leane ; a falling away in fleſh.*
† Emacie : f. *Leanenеſſe.*
† Emacié : m. ée : f. *Made, or growne, leane.*
Email : m. *Amell, or enamell.*
Emaillé : m. ée : f. *Enamelled.*
Emailler. *To enamell.*
Emaillure : f. *An enamelling, or worke enamelled.*
Emanation : f. *An iſſuing, or comming forth ; alſo, a publication of.*
Emancipé : m. ée : f. *Affranchiſed, made free, ſet at libertie ; alſo, alienated, made away, put over to another.*
Emanciper. *To affranchiſe, diſmiſſe, make free, ſet at libertie ; alſo, to alienate, paſſe away, make over an intereſt, or poſſeſſion.*
Emané : m. ée : f. *Proceeded, iſſued, flowed, or come out from ; alſo, publiſhed, divulged, ſpred abroad.*
Emaner. *To proceed, iſſue, flow, or come out from ; alſo, to publiſh, divulge, ſpred abroad.*
Emant : m. *The Adamant, or Loadſtone.*
Emantellement. *A mantle ; alſo, a bemantling, or covering, as with a mantle.*
† Emanuër. *as* Emanciper; *Or, to manumit.*
Emargé : m. ée : f. *Noted, or quoted in the Margent.*
Ematite : f. *The bloud-ſtone.*
† Embabillé. vn courtiſan bien em. *well-ſpoken ; that hath tongue at will, or that wants no Babil.*
† Embabionné. *as* Embabouïné.
Embabouïné : m. ée : f. *Gulled, deceived, beſotted, made a child of, brought into a fooles Paradiſe.*
Embabouïner. *To deceive, gull, ride, bring into a fooles Paradiſe ; to give ſuck unto ; to uſe like a child.*
S'Embabouïner. *To beſot, or deceive himſelfe ; to bring himſelfe into a fooles Paradiſe ; alſo, to be medling with matters he hath little skill in ; or fooliſhly to wind himſelfe into a buſineſſe which he is not able to get well out of.*
† S'Embadurnoſer. *To annoint himſelfe.*
Embagué : m. ée : f. *Bejewelled ; furniſhed, inriched, bedecked, with Jewels.*
Embaguer. *To furniſh, inrich, or deck with Jewels.*
Embaillonné : m. ée : f. *Gagged, begagged.*
Embaillonner. *To gag, begag.*
Embaler, &c. *as* Emballer, &c.
Emballage : m. *The packing up of ware, or merchandiſe.*
Emballé : m. ée : f. *Packed up, made up in packs.*
Emballer. *To pack up, to make up in packs.*
Emballer quelqu' un d'un trouſſeau. *To play one a fine trick ; to ſerve one a prettie tuch.*
Emballeur : m. *A packer up of wares.*
Embaras, &c. *as* Embarras, &c.
Embarbouillé : m. ée : f. *Berayed, beſmeared, bemired, beſpotted, begrimed.*
Embarbouiller. *To beray, beſmeare, beſpot, begrime.*
Embarqué : m. ée : f. *Imbarked, imbarqued, ſhipped, put or got a ſhip-board.*
Embarquement : m. *An imbarking, taking ſhip, going a ſhip-board, putting into a ſhip ; alſo, an imbarquing.*
Embarquer. *To imbarke, ſhip, get or put on ſhip-board ; alſo, to imbarque ; to furniſh, or imploy ſhipping.*
S'embarquer. *To take ſhip, or goe on ſhip-board.*
S'embarquer en vn entrepriſe. *To undertake, enter into, or ingage himſelfe in, an action ; to make one.*
S'embarquer ſans biſcuit. *To undertake an enterpriſe, without helpes to begin, or meanes to follow it.*
Embarras : m. *A peſterment, intricacie, perplexitie, confuſion, garboile, trouble.*
Embaraſſé : m. ée : f. *Peſtered, intricated, intangled, perplexed, troubled.*
Embaraſſement. *as* Embarras ; *Or, a peſtering, intangling, intricating, perplexing, troubling.*
Embaraſſer. *To intricate, peſter, intangle, perplex, confound, cumber, trouble.*
Embaraſſeur : m. *An intricator, peſterer, cumberer.*
† Embarré. Heaume embarré. *Sore bruiſed, beaten in, or faſtened to, the head with blowes.*
† Embarrer. *To rayle, or ſet barres on ; alſo, to cruſh, bruiſe, ding, or beat inward.*
Embarrer ſon eſpée en vn Arbre. *To faſten his ſword in a tree.*
† Embarrure ; f. *A bruiſing, dinging, or beating inward.*
Embas. *Below, or beneath.*
Trape d'embas. *Looke* Trape.
Vent d'embas. *The weſterne wind.*
† Embaſer. *To give a Baſis, or bottome unto ; alſo, to ground, make a Baſis, have a bottome ; end at the Baſis, or bottome.*

Em-

Embaſmé : m. ée : f. *Imbalmed ; annointed, or dreſſed with Balme.*

Embaſmer. *To imbalme ; to dreſſe, or annoint all over with Balme.*

Embaſſade : f. *An embaſſage, or meſſage ; alſo, an Embaſſador accompanied with his ordinary traine ; as,* Voila l' embaſſade de tel Royaume.

Embaſſadeur : m. *An Embaſſadour ; a (publicke) meſſenger.*

Embaſſement. *Looke* Soubaſſement.

Embaſté : m. ée : f. *Sadled with a packe-ſaddle ; alſo, ſeiſed, or put into poſſeſſion of.*

Embaſter. *To ſaddle with a packeſaddle ; alſo, to put into poſſeſſion of (land, &c.)*

Embaſtonné : m. ée : f. *Armed with, or provided of, weapons ; alſo, cudgelled.*

Embaſtonner. *To arme, or furniſh with weapons ; alſo, to cudgell ; belabour, bethwacke with cudgels.*

Embatage : m. *The laying of ſtreakes about the wheele of a Carroche, &c.*

Embatonner. *as* Embaſtonner.

Embatre. *To arrive, ruſh, or come in upon ſuddenly.*

Embatre les bandages de rouës. *To naile, or faſten the ſtreakes unto wheeles.*

Ie m' embati ſur luy. *I fell upon him by chance, I met with him on a ſudden, I light one him ere I was aware.*

Il luy embatit l' eſpée iuſques au foye. *He thruſt him into the liver.*

Embattage. *as* Embatage.

Embattes. *The Eaſterly winds which ordinarily raigne about the Dog-daies.*

† Embatu : m. uë : f. *Arived, ruſhed, thruſt, caſt, or come in upon on a ſudden, lighted, or ſlipt into, fallen upon, ere he was aware.*

† Embauché : m. ée : f. *Imployed, uſed, occupied, beſtowed in, or put unto, worke.*

† Embaucher. *To imploy, occupy, uſe in buſineſſe, put unto worke.*

Embaveté, ou Embavieté : m. ée : f. *Imbibbed ; that, as a child, hath a bib, or mocket put before his breaſt, to keepe him from drivelling therein.*

Embavieté de machoueres. *Whoſe broken Jawes hanging downe, ſerved him, in ſtead of a bib, to ſlaver on.*

Embaumé : m. ée : f. *Imbalmed, annointed, or preſerved with Balme.*

Embaumement : m. *An imbalming.*

Embaumer. *To imbalme ; to dreſſe, annoint, or preſerve with Balme.*

Embecqué. *That hath his leſſon ; inſtructed beforehand.*

L' oiſeau gazouille ſelon qu'il eſt embecqué ; Prov. *A man ſpeakes even as his hopes do move, or paſſions urge him ; It may be alſo applyed to a Lawyer, who according to the fee he hath received, pleads for his Client, better or worſe.*

Embecquer. *as* Emboucher, *To give one his leſſon beforehand.*

Embelli : m. ie : f. *Imbelliſhed, beautified ; garniſhed, bedecked, adorned, ſet out.*

Embellir. *To imbelliſh, beautifie ; garniſh, adorne, bedecke ; trime up, ſet out unto the eye.*

Embelliſſage : m. *An imbelliſhing, beautifying ; decking, adorning, garniſhing.*

Embelliſſement. *as* Embeliſſage ; *Or, an imbelliſhment.*

Embelliſſement de maiſon. *A pleaſant tuft, or grove of trees, growing neere, or about, a houſe ; tearmed ſo in Law.*

† Emberni : m. ie : f. *Covered with, or clad in, rug.*

† Embernir. *To cover with, or clad in, rug.*

Embeſongné : m. ée : f. *Buſied, imployed, occupied, ſet on worke.*

Embeſſongnement : m. *A buſineſſe, or buſie worke ; alſo, an imploying, or buſying.*

Embeſongner. *To buſie, imploy, occupie, ſet on worke.*

Embeurré : m. ée : f. *Buttered, dreſſed, or annointed with butter.*

Embeurrer. *To butter, or bebutter ; to dreſſe, or annoint all over with butter.*

Embezars. *Aumes ace on the dice.* ℣ Rab.

† Emblavé : m. ée : f. *Sowen, as a field, with corne ; alſo, whoſe corne is put up a pretty height above ground.*

† Emblavence de bled. *Corne ſprung, or put up, a pretty height above ground ; or, the ſpringing, or putting up of corne.*

† Emblaver. *To ſow the ground with corne.*

† Emblaveures. *Corne ; whether growing, or in ſheaves.*

Emblayement. *A trouble, cumber, peſterment.*

Emblé : m. ée : f. *Stollen, filched, pilfered, purloyned, imbezeled.*

Ie me ſuis emblé de la troupe. *I ſlunke out of the company.*

Emble-coeur. *Alluring, winning, heart-ſtealing.*

Emblée. à l'emblée. *Privily, cloſely, by ſtealth, with two fingers and a reach.*

D'emblée. *Subtilly, craftily, underhand, at unawares.*

† Emblemature : f. *An emblemizing, or making of Emblems.*

Embleme : m. *An Emblem ; a Picture, and ſhort Poſie, expreſſing ſome particular conceit.*

Embler. *To ſteale, filch, lurch, pilfer, winne, purloyne, imbezell, convey away.*

Embleſme : m. *A Cataplaſme, or Poultis.*

† Embleuires. *Corne ſtanding, or hanging by the roots.*

Emblic. *A kind of round Mirabolan, wherewith the Indians, for want of other things, tanne their leather, and make inke and blacking ; never putting it, as we do (and as they all other Mirabolans) unto Phyſicall uſes.*

† Emblocquer à la Cupidique : autant que, beſongner.

Embobeliné : m. ée : f. *Botched, or patched up ; alſo, deceived, gulled, beguiled ; whoſe eyes are bleared.*

Embobeliner. *To botch, or patch up ; alſo, to deceive, gull, beguile, bleare the eyes of.*

Emboeture : f. *An imboxing, or putting in a boxe ; as* Emboiture.

Emboir. *To imbue, moiſten, bedeaw ; alſo, to ſoke, or drinke up.*

Emboiſtement. *as* Emboitement.

Emboiſter. *To imboxe ; incloſe, inſert, faſten, put, or ſhut up, as within a boxe ; alſo, to joyne, or cloſe together.*

S'Emboiſter. *To enter, or be included, as a leſſe thing within a greater, or one thing within another.*

Emboiſture : f. *as* Emboiture ; *Alſo, the ring, or plate of iron, &c. that keepes the boxe of a wheele from wearing.*

Emboité : m. ée : f. *Imboxed ; inſerted, incloſed, entered, or put within a bigger, or other thing ; alſo, joyned, bound, or faſtened together.*

Emboitement : m. *An imboxing, or incloſing within a bigger, or other, thing ; any ſuch faſtning, joyning, or cloſing.*

Emboiter. *as* Emboiſter.

Emboiture : f. *An imboxing ; incloſing, entering, or inſertion, (as of one bone into the hollow end of another) any ſuch colligation, cloſing, joyning, or faſtening of things together ; alſo, the joint, part, bone, or thing ſo incloſed, or cloſed ; alſo, as* Emboiſture.

Emboliſmal : m. ale : f. *Added, as a day unto a yeare ; or increaſed, as the yeare, by ſo many daies.*

Emboliſme : m. *An addition, as of a day (or more) unto a yeare.*

Embonpoint : m. *Fulneſſe, plumpneſſe, healthfull eſtate, good liking, ſound diſpoſition, of the body.*

Vn embonpoint de nourrice. *A fat, or foggy conſtitution of a woman.*

Emboiqué : m. ée : f. *Woodded ; ſet with wood ; ſhrowded in a wood.*

Emboſquer vne terre. *To plant, or ſet wood in it ; to turne it into a wood.*

S' emboſquer. *To ſhrowd himſelfe in a wood ; to get a wood on his backe, to take into a wood.*

Emboſſer. *To ſwell, or ariſe in bunches, bulches, knobs ; to grow knotty, or knurry.*

Embotelé : m. ée : f. *Imbottled ; made, or parke up in bundles, or bottles.*

Embotteler. *To make up in bundles, or bottles.*

Embouché : m. ée : f. *Mouthed ; put into the mouth of ; inſtructed, ſuborned, made, prepared, leſſoned, beforehand ; alſo, bitted ; furniſhed, or fitted with a Bit ; alſo, entered into, alſo, ſtraightned, or narrowing (as a river from the mouth upwards.)*

Bas embouché. *Whoſe mouth ſtands low.*

Fourreau de cuir embouché de velours. *Whoſe mouth, or top is tipped with velvet.*

Homme mal embouché. *A detractor, ſlanderer, backbiter ; a foule-mouthed fellow, one that hath been ill taught, leſſoned, inſtructed.*

Embouchement : m. *A mouthing, or putting into the mouth of ; a ſuborning, or fore-inſtruction ; a leſſon given, or learned beforehand ; alſo, the bitting, or bridling of a horſe.*

Emboucher. *To mouth, or put into the mouth of ; beare, to ſuborne, inſtruct, prepare, or make, beforehand ; to give one his leſſon aforehand ; alſo, to bit a horſe ; to furniſh, or fit him with a Bit.*

S'emboucher. *To enter into ; alſo, to ſtraighten, or grow narrow, as a river from the mouth upwards.*

Emboucher. d' vn menſonge. *To put a lye into the mouth of, to teach to lye ; alſo, to face downe, or ſtay in the mouth, with an (apparent) lye.*

Il m' embouccha de l' argent qu'il me preſta. *He unbraided me, or caſt me in the teeth, with the money he lent me.*

Embouetter en la mer. *To ſaile, or enter into the ſea, (as a river ;) alſo, to run,*

or

or enter, farre into the ſea (as the ſtreame of a violent, or ſwift river.)

Emboucheure : f. *as* Embouchement; *Alſo, a mouth, or open paſſage; an entry, or overture.*

Emboucheure d' vn cheval. *The barres, or part of his nether jaw, whereon the Bit reſteth; alſo, a Bit, or, the mouth of a Bit.*

Cheval de mauvaiſe emboucheure. *An ill, or vicious, mouthed horſe.*

Emboucheur de farines. *A putting of the beſt meale in the mouth, or at the top, of a ſacke; (a couſening tricke among Meale-men.)*

Emboucheure de Montagne. *A gullet, ſtraight paſſage, or narrow entry, at the foot of a Mountaine.*

Emboucheure d' vne Riviere. *The mouth of a river; the place whereat it runs, or empties it ſelfe, into the Sea.*

Embouchoir : m. *A Boot-laſt, or Boot-tree; alſo, a horne to drench a horſe with; or, as* Embouchouër.

Embouchonné: m. ée: f. *Stopt with a ſtopple; alſo, having a buſh (as a Taverne, or Alehouſe) hanging before it.*

Embouchouër : m. *A horne to drench a horſe with; (generally) any thing that ſerves to convey another thing into a mouth.*

Embouchure : f. *as* Emboucheure.

Embouclé : m. ée : f. *Buckled, claſped.*

Emboucler. *To buckle, faſten, claſpe together.*

Emboüé : m. ée : f. *Bemired, bedurtied, berayed with mud, beſpatled with ordure.*

Embouër. *To bemire, bedurt, beray, bedaſh with mud, beſpatle with ordure.*

Embouqueté : m. ée : f. *Beſet, or bedecked, with noſegaies.*

Embourbé : m. ée : f. *Bemudded; berayed with, layed, or ſtucke faſt, in mud; alſo, made or growne muddy; overgrowne with mud.*

Embourbement : m. *A bemudding; a beraying with, or ſticking faſt in, mud.*

Embourber. *To bemud; to beray with, or lay faſt in, mud.*

S'embourber. *To ſticke faſt in, or be berayed with, mud; alſo, to corrupt, waxe thicke, or turne into mud, as a ſtanding water that wants a ſpring to feed it.*

Embourbeure : f. *as* Embourbement.

Embourré : m. ée : f. *Stuffed, bumbaſted, or puffed up with ſtockes, &c.*

Embourrement : m. *A ſtuffing, or bumbaſting with ſtockes, haire, &c. alſo, a cuſhion, boulſter, &c. ſo ſtuffed.*

Embourrer. *To ſtuffe, bumbaſte, or puffe up with ſtockes, haire, &c. to make ſtrout out.*

Embourreur : m. *A ſtuffer, bumbaſter, or puffer up of things with ſtockes, haire, &c.*

Embourſé : m. ée : f. *Purſed, imburſed; put into, or laid up in, a purſe.*

Embourſer. *To purſe up, to imburſe; to put into, or lay up in, a purſe.*

Embouſcher en la mer. *To run, or fall into the ſea. Seeke* Emboucher.

Embouſé : m. ée : f. *Bedunged; berayed with Cowes ordure.*

Embouté : m. ée : f. *Plated, ſtiffened; or, as* Embouti; *Imboſſed.*

Marteau embouté d' argent. *Tipped, or trimmed at the end, with ſilver.*

Embouti : m. ie : f. *Extended, retched, ſtretched out; alſo, puffed, or drawne out with puffes; alſo, raiſed, imboſſed; or boultled; raiſed into, wrought with boultles.*

Emboutir. *To retch, extend, ſtretch out; alſo, to raiſe, or imboſſe; alſo, to draw out with puffes; alſo, to ſtitch with pack-thread; whence;*

Eſguille à emboutir. *A pack-needle.*

Emboutiſſement : m. *An extending, retching, ſtretching out; alſo, a raiſing, or imboſſing; alſo, a puffe, or a drawing out with puffes.*

Emboutiſſements de ſoye. *Silke thrums.*

Emboutoir. *as* Boutoir.

Embouzé. *as* Embouſé.

Emboyſture. *as* Emboiture.

Embrabile : com. *Broad headed.* (vieil mot.)

Embraceler. *To furniſh, or bedecke with bracelets.*

Embraſe. *as* Braiſe. (*Barbarouſly.*)

Embraſé. *Fired, inflamed, ſet on, conſumed with, a light fire; alſo, skued, or chamfretted.*

Embraſement : m. *A conſuming with fire, a burning to aſhes, or coles; alſo, a kindling, inflaming, firing, ſetting on fire; alſo, as* Embraſure.

Embraſer. *To burne unto coales, or aſhes, to conſume with fire; alſo, to kindle, inflame, fire, ſet on a light fire; alſo, to skue, or chamfret off the faumbes of a doore, or window.*

Embraſſade : f. *An imbracement; a clipping, hugging, colling, imbracing in the armes.*

Embraſſant. *Imbracing, hugging, folding in the armes.*

Embraſſé : m. ée : f. *Imbraced, clipped, colled, hugged; held, taken, or inſolded in; put, or buckled unto, the arme; alſo, comprehended.*

Embraſſé : f. *An arme-full, or fadome.*

Embraſſelé : m. ée : f. *Betraceletted, having a bracelet on; furniſhed, or bedecked, with a bracelet.*

Embraſſement. *as* Embraſſade.

Embraſſer. *To imbrace, coll, hug, clip, imbrace, or infold, in the armes; to intreat kindly, entertaine lovingly.*

Embraſſer ſon eſcu. *To put his ſhield upon his arme; to buckle his ſhield unto his arme.*

Trop embraſſer, & peu eſtraigner. *To meddle with more buſineſſe then he can wield; to have too many irons in the fire; to loſe all by coveting all.*

Embraſſe-tout. *Huge, immenſe, all-imbracing, all-comprehending.*

Embraſure : f. *as* Embraſement; *Alſo, the skuing, ſplaying, or chamfretting of a doore, or window.*

Embrazé. *as* Embraſé.

Embrené : m. ée : f. *Berayed, beſhitten.*

Embrener. *To beray, or beſhite.*

Embretelé. lié, ou ceinct avec bretelles. *Looke* Bretelles.

Embreuvé : m. ée : f. *Moiſtened, ſoaked in, ſoftened with, liquor; alſo, dyed, indued, imbued.*

Embreuver. *To moiſten, bedeaw, ſoake in, ſoften with, liquor; alſo, to die, indue, imbue; as* Abbreuver.

Embridé : m. ée : f. *Bridled; reſtrained, held backe, tamed, kept in.*

Embrider. *To bridle; reſtraine, hold backe, tame, keepe in.*

Embrion. *as* Embryon.

† Embrocation : f. *An embrochation; a fomenting, beſprinkling, or gentle bathing of the head, or any other part, with a liquor falling from aloft upon it in the manner of raine.*

Embroché : m. ée : f. *Spitted, broached, put upon a ſpit, or broach.*

Embrocher. *To ſpit, broach, put upon a ſpit, or broach.*

Embrocheure : f. *A ſpitting, or broaching.*

† Embronché : m. ée : f. *Aſtonied, amazed, dizzied with a blow; whoſe head hangs downe, or totters up and downe, after a blow received; alſo, hoodwinked; alſo, as* Renfrongné.

† Embroncher. *To bow, or hold downe the necke, and head; as one that is ſtonied with a rap on the ſconce; alſo, to hide the face, or eyes with hands, a cloth, or any ſuch matter.*

† Embroqué : m. ée : f. *Gently bathed, wet, or bedewed with moiſt things; as in* Embrocation.

† Embroquer. *Gently to bath, wet, beſprinkle, or bedew with moiſt things; as in* Embrocation.

Embroué : m. ée : f. *Bedurtied, ſoiled, defiled.*

Embrouillaſſer. *as* Embrouiller.

Embrouillé : m. ée : f. *Intricated, incumbred; confounded; intangled, peſtered.*

Embroillement. *A peſtering, intangling, incumbring, intricateneſſe, confuſion, ambiguity.*

Embrouiller. *To peſter, intangle, incumber, intricate; confound.*

Embrouilleur : m. *A confounder, intricater, incumbrer, peſterer of.*

† S'Embruer. *To endeavor himſelfe; alſo, to imbrue, or bedable himſelfe with.*

† Embrunché : m. ée : f. *Wainſcotted, ſeeled; alſo, as* Renfrongné.

† Embruncher. *To Wainſcot, or ſeele with wainſcot.*

Embruni : m. ie : f. *Darkened, obſcured, made browne, or blackiſh; grewne brown, darke, or blacke.*

Embrunir. *To darken, obſcure, make browne or blackiſh; alſo, to grow darke, or blacke.*

Embryon. *The Infant in the mothers wombe before it hath got perfect ſhape; or, the ſeed thats received into the wombe before the Infant be faſhioned; any rude maſſe, or lumpe of fleſh.*

Embu : m. ue : f. *Imbued, imbrued, wet, moiſtened, indued; drunke with; dyed, or ſtained with.*

Embuche, & Embucher. *as* Embuſche, & Embuſcher.

Embuffé : m. ée : f. *Deceived, couſened, gulled, beſotted; led (as a Buſle) by the noſe.*

Embuffler. *To deceive, couſen, gull, beſot; lead (as a Buſle) by the noſe.*

Emburelucoqué : m. ée : f. *Turmoiled, blundered, or peſtered, as the braine about a troubleſome buſineſſe.*

Emburelucoquer l' eſprit de. *To trouble, blunder, or peſter the mind with, to beat*

the

the braines about. ¶ Rab.

Embuſcade: f. *An Ambuſcadoe, or ambuſh, a way-laying, or lying in wait for.*

Embuſche: f. *as* Embuſcade.

Embuſché. *Layed in ambuſh; belaying, way-laying.*

Embuſcher. *To belay, to lay in ambuſcadoe for; to way-lay; alſo, to take a wood; or get into a thicket, for ſhelter.*

S'embuſcher. *To lie in waite, or ambuſh for; or as* Embuſcher.

s'Embuſquer. *as* s'Embuſcher.

Embut. *A funnell; alſo, a pipe to ſuck with.*

† Emeduller: m. ée: f. *Unmarrowed, whereout the marrow is taken; deprived of marrow.*

† Emeduller. *To unmarrow, draw the marrow out of, deprive of marrow.*

Emembré: m. ée: f. *Divided, diſmembred, diſjoyned, diſjoynted.*

Emendateur: m. *A mender, amender, reformer, corrector, ruler.*

Emendation: f. *An amending, mending, reformation, correction.*

Emendatrice: f. *She that corrects, amendeth, reformeth, redreſſeth; a correctreſſe, reformereſſe.*

† Emende: f. *as* Amende.

† Emendé: m. ée: f. *Mended, amended, reformed, corrected.*

† Emender. *To mend, amend, reforme, redreſſe, better; improve; correct.*

Emeril: m. *The black hard mineral ſubſtance, or ſtone, called an Emerod; wherewith iron-workers are furbiſhed, and precious ſtones and glaſſe, cut.*

Emerillon: m. *A Merlin, or Marlin.*

Emerillonné: m. ée: f. *Watched narrowly, looked to nearly; obſerved, or proſecuted with a quick (and cruell) eye.*

Emerillonner. *To watch narrowly, look to nearly; to obſerve with a quick (and cruell) eye.*

Emerillonner à feu & à ſang. *To proſecute with fire and ſword.*

Emeute: f. *A ſtirr, commotion, rebellion, uprore.*

Emeute des chiens. *as* Meute.

Emicicle: m. *An Hemicycle, or halfe circle.*

Emier. *as* Eſmier.

Emine: f. *A meaſure that containes three Poſſons; and comes to, (in weight) about ſeven and a halfe of our moderne ounces; I call them moderne, becauſe th'ancient Hemina was ten ounces.*

Eminemment. *Eminently, apparently.*

Eminence: f. *Eminency, excellency, apparentneſſe, ſurpaſſing of others; alſo, a riſing up above, or bearing out beyond, others.*

Eminent. *Eminent, apparent, bearing outwards, high, or loſty in ſight; excelling, ſurpaſſing, overpeering, others.*

Emiſſaire: m. *A ſluce, or floudgate to let water out of a river, or pond.*

Emiſſole. *A ſmooth-skind, and toothleſſe, kind of Dog-fiſh.*

Emmaigri: m. io: f. *Made leane, ſtarved, pined.*

Emmaigrir. *To make leane, to ſtarve, to pine.*

S'emmaigrir. *To grow leane, waſte in fleſh, fall away.*

Emmaigriſſant. *Making leane.*

Emmailloté: m. ée: f. *Swadled, ſwathed.*

Emmaillotement: m. *A ſwadling, or a wrapping in ſwathe-bands.*

Emmailloter. *To ſwadle, to ſwathe, to wrap in ſwathe-bands.*

Emmaiſonné: m. ée: f. *Houſed, furniſhed with a houſe.*

Emmaiſonner. *To houſe; to put into, or furniſh with, a houſe.*

Emmaiſtriſé. *Made, or paſſed Maſter, that that hath taken the degree of a Maſter; that is growne as cunning in an Art, as any Maſter.*

Emmaladi: m. ie: f. *Made, or grown, ſick.*

Emmaladir. *To make ſick.*

Emmallicé: m. ée: f. *Full of rancor, or malice; enraged with ſpight, very deſpightfull.*

Emmalliſſant. *Maliciouſly raging, or growing malicious.*

Emmanché: m. ée: f. *Helved; ſet into a haſt, or handle.*

Laſche emmanché. *Lazy, idle, ſlothfull, weake, feeble, looſe-joynted, faint-hearted.*

Emmancher. *To helve; to ſet a haſt, or handle on; (and hence) alſo, to ſet in order, bring into faſhion, make as it ſhould be.*

Emmanchoire: f. *A helving; a ſetting on of a haſt, or handle; alſo, the upper part, or ſetting on, of a ſleeve.*

Emmanchoir: m. *The hole, or eye of a hatchet, &c. whereinto the handle is put.*

Emmanné: m. ée: f. *Full of, or bedrawed with, Manna.*

Emmanoré: m. ée: f. *Manacled, handfaſt.*

Emmanoter. *To manacle; to handfaſt, or tie the hands together.*

Emmantelé: m. ée: f. *Becloaked; covered with, wrapped as in, a cloake.* Seek Emmenteleé.

Emmaroté: m. ée: f. *wearing a Scepter; or, a fooles bable.*

Emmarré: m. ée: f. *Caſt into the Sea; alſo, as* Amarré.

Emmarrer. *To caſt into the bottome of the ſea; alſo, as* Amarrer.

Emmartelé: m. ée: f. *Put into a jealouſie; poſſeſſed, or perplexed with a reſtleſſe paſſion.*

Emmarteler. *To put into a jealouſie, poſſeſſe with love; beſot, or perplex with any reſtleſſe paſſion.*

Emmati: m. le: f. *Mated, amated; decayed; quailed, allayed, abated in vigor; mortified; faded, upon withering.*

Emmatir. *To mate, or amate; to quaile, abate, or allay ſome part of the vigor of; alſo, to mortifie, make fade, wither, decay.*

Emmaſſé: m. ée: f. *Piled, heaped, gathered together.*

Emmatrelé. *Hoarſe; troubled with a poſe, or ſtuffed with cold.* ¶ Pic.

Emmatriculé: m. ée: f. *Matriculated.*

Emmatriculer. *To matriculate; to ſweare of an Univerſity, to incorporate, or confirme, by oath, in a Society.*

Emmayé: m. ée: f. *Decked, hung, or ſtrewed with May flowres, &c.*

Emmayer. *To deck, hang, ſtrew, or furniſh with greene herbes, boughes, or May flowers.*

Emmeché: m. ée: f. *Furniſhed with match, or candleweek; alſo, ſnuffed.*

Emmecher. *To furniſh with a match, or candleweek; alſo, to ſnuffe.*

Emmelie. *A quiet kind of daunce, as the Pavin, Meaſure, &c.* ¶ Rab.

Emmelioré: m. ée: f. *Bettered, improved, amended.*

Emmeliorer. *To better, improve, amend.*

Emmené: m. ée: f. *as* Amené.

Emmener. *To bring, or lead unto; to fetch in, or to.* Look Amener.

Emmener par force. *To hale, pull, drag, force to come away with him.*

Emmener vne choſe à ſon profit. *To make profitable uſe of a thing; to derive, convey, or draw a thing unto his owne benefit.*

Emmenoté. *as* Emmanoté; *Manacled.*

Emmenteleé. *as* Emmantelé; *Wrapped in a cloake, covered, as with a cloake; bemantled, becloaked.*

Beuf emmenteleé de noir. *A blacke, or blackiſh Oxe; a blacke-bodied Oxe.*

Corneille emmenteleé. *The Winter-crow, whoſe backe, and belly are of a darke aſh-colour; we call her a Royſton Crow.*

Emmenteler. *To cover with, to wrap in, a cloake, or mantle; to cloake, mantle, bemantle.*

Emmenuiſé: m. ée: f. *Small, or made ſmall; peecemealed, in little peeces, or parcels.*

Emmenuiſer. *To make ſmall, to peecemeale, to reduce into little parcels, or peeces.*

Emmerdé: m. ée: f. *Beturded; beraied with ordure.*

Emmerder. *To beturd, or beray with ordure.*

S'Emmeſler. *To meddle, to deale much; to buſie, peſter, intangle himſelfe with.*

Emmeſnager. *To ſet a houſe, or houſhold in good order; to play the good husband.*

Emmeublé: m. ée: f. *Furniſhed with moveables.*

Emmeublement. *Furniture, or, a furniſhing with moveables.*

Emmeubler ſa maiſon. *To furniſh his houſe with ſtuffe, proviſion, moveables.*

Emmeurer. *as* Emmurer.

Emmi. *Through, or in the middeſt of.*

Courrir emmi les rues. *To run along, or about, the ſtreets.*

Emmiellé: m. ée: f. *Honied, made of hony, ſeaſoned, or ſweetened with hony; ſweet as hony; alſo, inticed, invaigled, allured, tolled, or drawne on by ſweet meanes.*

Emmiellement: m. *An allurement, inticement, pleaſant inducement, ſweet provocation; alſo, a dreſſing, ſeaſoning, ſweetning, annointing with hony.*

Emmieller. *To hony; to ſweeten; dreſſe, annoint, mingle, or ſeaſon with hony; alſo, to allure, invaegle, intice, winne, draw, or toll on; paciſie, or appeaſe, with ſweet meanes.*

Emmielleure, or Emmiellure: f. *Sweetneſſe, honiedneſſe; or, as* Emmiellement.

Emminer. *To put into a Mine.*

Emmitouflé: m. ée: f. *Muffled, hooded, hudled, or hidden within ſuyes, or furred clothes.*

S'Emmitouffler. *To muffle, hood, hide, ſhrowd, lap, or keepe himſelfe warme in ſuyes, or furred clothes.*

Emmitré: m. ée: f. *Bemitered; crowned, or hooded with a Myter.*

Emmitrer. *To bemyter; to crowne, or hood with a Myter.*

Emmoeller. *Seeke* Eſmoeller.

Emmor-

Emmoncelé : m. ée : f. *Heaped, piled, compacted ; gathered, packed, or made up together.*

Emmonceler. *To pile, compact, packe ; assemble, gather, or make up into a heape ; to heape together.* Looke Amonceler.

Emmont. *as* Amont ; *Upward.*

Emmorionné: m. ée: f. *Covered, or armed, with a Murrion, or headpeece.*

Emmorisque : com. *Moorish, Mauritanian, Moore-like ; that ſounds, or ſavors, of the Moore.*

Emmortaisé : m. ée : f. *Mortaiſed ; joyned, or cloſed by mortaiſe.*

Emmortaiſer. *To mortaiſe ; to joyne, or cloſe by mortaiſe.*

Emmouflé : m. ée : f. *Covered, or kept warme, as the hand, with a mittaine ; alſo, bemuffled, wrapped, or lapped cloſe within (warme) clothes.*

Emmouffler. *To put on his mittaines ; to cover, or keepe warme his hands with mittaines ; alſo, to bemuffle, hide, wrap, or lap up his whole body within (warme) clothes.*

Emmuré : m. ée : f. *Immured ; walled about, incloſed with, or within a wall ; flancked, or defended by walls.*

Emmurer. *To immure, or wall about ; to cloſe up into a wall, or betweene two walls ; to flanke, or defend with walls.*

Emmuſelé : m. ée : f. *Muffled.*

Emmuſeler. *To muffle.*

Emmuſqué : m. ée: f. *Bemuſked, perfumed with Muſke.*

Emmuſquer. *To bemuſke, or perfume with Muſke.*

Emolli : m. ie : f. *Mollified, ſoftned.*

Emollient. *Softening, mollifying, aſſuaging.*

Emollir. *To ſoften, mollifie ; make gentle, or pliant.*

Emologation : f. *An admiſſion, allowance, approvement, or approbation of ; a conſent, or aſſent unto.*

Emologué : m. ée : f. *Admitted, allowed, accepted, approved of, aſſented, or conſented, unto.*

Emologuer. *To admit, intertaine, accept, approve, allow of ; to conſent, or aſſent, unto*

Emolument : m. *Emolument, profit, commodity, benefit, gaine.*

Emonctoire : m. *An Emunctory ; a kernelly place of the body, that ſerves for the voiding of ſuch humours as be ſuperfluous in, or offenſive unto, a principall, or noble part ; ſuch be under the eares for the braines, the armepits for the heart, and the groinc or ſhare for the liver ; alſo, a ſnuffer.*

Emondé. *as* Eſmondé, *Cleanſed, cleered, purged.*

Orge emondée. *Naked Barlie ; whoſe huske falls of it ſelfe from the graine, as ſoone as it is ripe.*

Emonder. *To cleanſe, &c. Looke* Eſmonder.

† Emorcer. *as* Amorcer ; *To baite, inveagle, beguile,*

† Emorcher. *as* Amorſer ; *To put powder into the touch-hole of a peece.*

Emotté : m. ée : f. *Whoſe clods be broken.*

Emotter. *To breake clods, or turves on the ground.*

Emoucé: m. ée : f. *Dulled, blunted.*

Emoucer. *To dull, blunt ; break, or ſpoyle the edge of.*

Emouchail: m. *A flie-flap.*

Emoucher. *Seek* Eſmoucher.

Emouchon: m *A holy-water ſprinkle.*

Emouſſé : m. ée : f. *Rid, or bared, of moſſe.*

Emouſſer. *To rid, or bare, of moſſe.*

Emouvant. *Moving, ſtirring up.*

Empacqué : m. ée : f. Ils eſt empacqué. *He is moſt wilfull, obſtinate, or obſtinately ſullen; from the ſheep* Pacos *(whereon th' Indians, in ſtead, or for want, of horſes, carry their merchandiſe) which being angred, lie downe with their burthens, and will not riſe for any blowes, untill their mood be fully paſt, and diſgeſted.*

Empacté: m. ée: f. *Heaped, compacted, or packed up cloſe together ; alſo, cruſted, or hard baked.*

Empacter. *To heape, compact, or packe up cloſe together ; alſo, to cruſt, or bake hard.*

Empaillé: m. ée: f. *Beſtrawed ; filled, made, furniſhed, with ſtraw.*

† Empaindre. *Violently to aſſayle, or ſet upon ; to ſtrike, or hit with violence.*

† Empaint: m. te: f. *Violently aſſailed, ſhocked, ſet on ; hard preſſed ; furiouſly hit, or ſtrucken.*

Empaint en mer. *Entred farre into the ſea ; a great way in the ſea.*

† Empainte : f. *A violent ſhock, impreſſion, aſſailing, or ſetting on.*

Empalé: m. ée: f. *Impaled, or ſpitted on a ſtake.*

Empaler. *To impale ; to ſpit on a ſtake ; to thruſt a ſtake in at the fundament, and out at the mouth ; (a manner of death inflicted on offendors by the Turkes.)*

Empaletoqué : m. ée: f. *Muffled, or lapt up about the chinne, as with a Caſſock, or Gabcrdine.*

Empalin : m. *as* Empan ; *Or, a little ſpanne.*

Empalmé : m. ée: f. *Strucken with the palme of the hand ; hit full, or taken right (as a Ball) with an open hand.*

Empalmer. *To ſtrike (or box) with the palme of the hand ; to hit full, or take right, a Ball ; &c. with an open hand ; to give a ſound whirret, or full blow therewith.*

Empampré : m. ée : f. *Decked with Vine branches.*

Empan: m. *A ſpan.*

Empanaché. *Beplumed, feathered ; decked, adorned, ſtuck, or ſet out with feathers, or plumes of feathers ; wearing, or having, a plume ; and hence ;*

Armet bien empanaché. *Whoſe creſt is beautified with a goodly plume.*

Empanage. *as* Appennage.

Empaneré. *Put into panniers, or wicker baskets.*

Empanarer. *To put into panniers, or wicker baskets.*

Empanné. *as* Empenné; *Feathered.*

Empantoufflé : m. ée : f. *Impantofled, or wearing pantofles.*

Livre empantoflé. *A Book with a thick cover.*

Empaqueté: m. ée: f. *Made up in, or into, a packet, bundle, or fardle.*

Empaqueter. *To pack up, to make up in, or into, a packet, bundle, or fardle.*

Empaqueteur : m. *A packer up of.*

Emparagé. *That hath his due part, or portion.*

Fille emparagée ſuffiſamment, ou deuëment. *Fitly matched, equally maried ; no way diſparaged by her match.*

† Emparché: m. ée: f. *Impounded ; put into a pound.*

Emparé: m. ée : f. *Seiſed, caught hold of, layed hands on ; got into his poſſeſſion, or got poſſeſſion of.*

Emparement. *A ſciſing, or laying hands on ; a catching hold, or taking poſſeſſion of.*

Emparence : f. *Defence.*

Emparenter. *To joyne in kindred, to make one of kinne to another.*

Emparer. *To ſeiſe, or lay hands on ; to catch hold, or take poſſeſſion of ; alſo, to aſſemble, or gather forces together for the performance of one puſh, or bount.*

Emparfumé: m. ée: f. *Perfumed, ſweetned with odors.*

Emparfumer. *To perfume, or ſweeten with odors.*

† Emparlé. homme bien emparlé. *An eloquent, or well-ſpoken man.*

† Emparle-ſilence. *A dumbe ſhew, or ſpeaking by ſignes.*

† Emparlier. *A Counſellor, Barreſter, Pleader, imparler. (vieil mot.)*

Empas : m. *Shackles, fetters, or paſternes for unruly, or unbroken horſes.*

Empaſté : m. ée : f. *Cruſted, or baked hard ; kneaded, put, or made into paſte ; impaſted.*

Empaſtelé: m. ée: f. *Crammed (as pullein) with rolls of paſte.*

Empaſteler. *To cramme pullein with rolls of paſte.*

Empaſtement : m. *Paſte ; or, a paſting, or bedawbing with dough ; or, a making of dough into paſte.*

Empaſter. *To knead, or make into dough, or paſte ; to paſte ; to bedawbe with dough, or paſte.*

Empatement. *as* Empiettement.

Empatenoſtré : m. ée : f. *Full of, loaden with (Paternoſters, or) Beads ; hypocriticall, ſuperſtitious ; that hath a paire of Beads, or is never without a paire of Beads, hanging at his girdle.*

Empatronné. *Seiſed on ; made Lord, or Maſter of.*

S'Empatronner de. *To ſeiſe on, to make himſelfe the Lord, and Maſter, to take on himſelfe the Seigniory, and command of.*

Empatté. *as* Eſpaté.

Empattement. *as* Elpatement.

Empaulmé : m. ée : f. *Impaulmed ; fully griped, ſeiſed, or taken into the hands.*

Empaulmer. *To impaulme ; to gripe, ſeiſe, lay full hand on ; to take into his hand ; alſo, as* Empalmer.

† Empavoiſé: m. ée : f. *Defended, ſhielded, covered, or ſhrowded under a Targuet, or Targuet-fence.*

† S'Empavoiſer. *To defend, ſhield, or cover themſelves, as with Targuets.*

Empayſer. *To grow naturall to, or inward with ; to thrive, or proſper, in, as one of, a Countrey.*

Empeau : m. *An Impe to graffe.*

Empeigne : f. *The barre-pinnes of a peece of caske.*

Empeigné :

Empeigné: m. ée: f. *Faſtened within the teeth of a combe; alſo, ſcratched with a combe;* (¶Rab. *as* Empiegé; *infnared;*) *alſo, pinned, as the barre of a peece of caske.*

† Empeigner. *To combe; to prick, rub, ſcratch, dreſſe, currie, as with a combe.*

Empeigner le bout d'vne douve. *To pinne the barre of a peece of caske.*

† Empeinte. de cett' empeinte. *At this puſh, at this ſhock; at this very inſtant. Seeke* Empainte.

Empennaché. *as* Empanaché.

Empenné: m. ée: f. *Feathered, as an arrow.*

Empenner. *To feather, as an arrow.*

Empennon: m. *The feather of an arrow.*

Empereur: m. *An Emperour; alſo, the Sword-fiſh.*

Emperier: m. ere: f. *Imperiall; belonging, or like, vnto an Emperour.*

Grandeur emperiere. *The higheſt greatneſſe, or greateſt dignitie, a moſt ſupreme authoritie.*

Emperiere: f. *An Empreſſe.*

Empeſrlé: m. ée: f. *Impearled, bepearled; inriched, adorned, or ſet thick, with pearle.*

Emperler. *To impearle, or bepearle; to inrich, deck, or ſet thick, with pearle.*

Empertuqué: m. ée: f. *Imperiwigged, that weares a Periwig, or Gregorian.*

Empeſché: m. ée: f. *Impeached; let, hindered; peſtered, incumbered; alſo, buſie, buſied, occupied, imployed; alſo, ſeiſed, entred upon, or taken into his owne hands; alſo, withſtood, or kept back; alſo, ſhut, or dammed up.*

Empeſché de ſa perſonne. *Vnweldie, heavie-bodied, purſie, groſſe.*

Poictrine empeſchée. *Stopped; obſtructed, or troubled with obſtructions; and (more particularly) as in* Poictrine.

Faire l'empeſché. *To be (or ſeeme) very buſie, to beſtirre himſelfe hard, in a matter; alſo, as in;*

Vous faictes bien de l' empeſché. *You make as though.*

Empeſche-maiſon: m. *A trouble-houſe; a lazie, unprofitable, or cumberſome gueſt; one thats good for nothing, or fit for no employment, in a houſe.*

Empeſchement: m. *An impeachment; a let, ſtop, hinderance, impediment, obſtacle; diſturbance, cumber, trouble; difficultie; buſineſſe; alſo, a withſtanding; alſo, a ſhutting, or damming up.*

Empeſchement de fief. *A ſeiſing, or ſeiſure of, an entire made upon, a fief.*

Empeſchement de perſonne. *Vnweldineſſe of body.*

Empeſcher. *To hinder, let, barre, ſtop; impeach; peſter, trouble, diſturbe, incumber; buſie, toyle, hold occupied, keepe imployed; alſo, to withſtand, or keepe back; alſo, to ſhut, or damme up.*

Il ne peut empeſcher le fief mouvant de luy. *He cannot ſeiſe on, or take into his poſſeſſion, the &c.*

Qui peut, & n'empeſche, peche; Prov. *He ſinnes, that may, and will not, hinder evill.*

Empeſé: m ée: f. *Starched; alſo, having a wheele, or joyned to a wheele (as a ſpindle hath, or is.)*

Empeſer. *To ſtarch.*

Empeſté: m. ée: f. *Infected, or viſited, with the plague; alſo, plaguie, peſtilent, peſtiferous.*

Empeſter. *To infect, or viſit, with the plague; to ſet the plague on, give the plague unto.*

Empeſtre: f. *A peſterment, incumbrance, intricacie, trouble, intanglement.*

Empeſtré: m. ée: f. *Impeſtered, intricated, intangled, incumbred.*

Empeſtrement: m. *A peſtering, intricating, intangling, troubling, incumbring.*

Empeſtrer. *To peſter, intricate, intangle, trouble, incumber.*

† Empetuoſité: f. *Looke* Impetuoſité.

Emphaſe: f. *An Emphaſis; a ſtrong or vigorous pronunciation of a word; an expreſſe or earneſt ſignification of an act; a ſignificant force in either.*

Emphaſtique: com. *Emphaſticall, ſpoken, or done, with an Emphaſis; (hence) alſo, vigorous, forcible, earneſt, expreſſe.*

Emphatiquement. *Emphatically, effectually.*

Emphyteoſe: f. *The making of a thing better then it was when it was received; land improved in goodneſſe, or, an eſtate upon condition to improve it; an improvement.*

Emphyteoſien. *A Farmer, or one that taketh land, or other commodities, on condition, to better, and improve them.*

Emphyteote. *as* Emphyteoſien.

† Emphyteuſe. *as* Emphyteoſe.

† Emphyteutique. *Whence;*

† Seigneur emphyteutique. *That raiſes, or improves, his rents.*

Empiece. *Not of a great while.*

Empiegé: m. ée: f. *Enſnared, taken, or intangled, in a ſnare.*

Empieme. *as* Empyeme.

Empienne de ſoulier. *Th'upper leather of a ſhooe.*

Empierré: m. ée: f. *Turned into ſtone.*

Coeur empierré. *An obdurate, hard ſtonie, or flintie, heart.*

Empierrement: m. *A turning into ſtone.*

Empierrer. *To turne, or transforme, into ſtone.*

Empieté: *Pawed, pounced, clawed, tallented; that hath pounces, &c; alſo, ſeiſed, held, griped in clawes, or clouches; alſo, uſurped; alſo, intangled, or fettered by the feet.*

Empietement. *A ſeiſing, griping, holding, as in clawes, clouches, &c; an uſurpation of another mans right. Looke* Empiettement.

Empietement d'vne montaigne. *The foot, or bottome, of a hill.*

Empieter. *To ſeiſe, gripe, hold within the pawes, clawes, pounces, tallents, clouches; to ſet forward the foot, thereby to catch at a thing; alſo, to uſurpe another mans right.*

s'Empieter. *To fetter, enſnare, intangle himſelfe by the feet.*

Empietre. *as* Empieté.

Empiettement. *as* Empietement: *Alſo, the foot, or bottome of; and hence;*

Empiettement de colomne. *The Baſis, or foot, of a pillar.*

Empieture: f. *The footing, or bottome, of a thing; the part whereby it ſtands on, or is ſetled into, another thing.*

Empillé: m. ée: f. *Piled, heaped on.*

Empillier: m. ere: f. *Bepillered; ſet on pillers; made with pillers.*

† Empiné: m. ée: f. *Turned into a Pine tree.*

Empirance: f. *An impairing, or impairement; the waſt, looſe, or decay of a thing by uſe, or wearing; alſo, the proportion of allay, or imbaſement, in coines of gold, or ſilver; which is, in peeces of gold of 23 Carats fineneſſe, a foure and twentieth part, of ſilver, and copper, or of either; and in peeces of ſilver of 11 d. fineneſſe, a twelfth part of copper.*

Empire: m. *An Empire, or Emperie; alſo, Empire; Imperiall dominion, Seigneury, Soveraignty; prehemincue; juriſdiction, rule, government; the higheſt dignity, the greateſt ſway, the moſt ſupreme power, moſt abſolute authority.*

Empire. à l' empire. *Impairing, decaying, waxing worſe and worſe, mending as ſowre Ale in the Summer. Looke* Monde.

Empiré: m. ée: f. *Impaired, waſted, decayed, growne worſe for the wearing; imbaſed.*

Empirement: m. *as* Empirance; *Or, a growing worſe and worſe.*

Empirer. *To impaire, imbaſe, or make worſe; alſo, to waſte, weare, decay in goodneſſe, grow worſe and worſe, or worſe for the wearing.*

Il ne l' empire en rien. *He is euen as good as he.*

Femme mauvaiſe qui n' empire, encore n'eſt elle pas la pire; Prov. *A bad woman that paires not as not the worſt of women.*

Empireume: m. *A marke of fire, ſcorching, or burning; a remainder of warmth, or heat; a ſparkle, or ſmall fire.*

Empirique: com. *An Empiricke; a Phyſition which without regard either of the cauſe of a diſeaſe, or of the conſtitution of the patient, applies thoſe medicines whereof he hath had experience in others, worke they how they will.*

Empiſtolé. *Armed with a Piſtoll.*

Empiſtoler. *To arme, or furniſh, with Piſtolls.*

Emplacé: m. ée: f. *Placed, planted, ſeated, ſetled.*

Emplacement d'vne ville. *The ſeat of a towne.*

Emplacer. *To ſettle, place, plant.*

Emplage: m. *A filling.*

Au feur l' emplage. *Looke* Furemplage.

† Emplaidé: m. ée: f. *Impleaded, ſued.*

† Emplaider. *To ſue, to implead, to bring an action againſt.*

† Emplaſtration: f. *A plaſtring, or dawbing, a laying of plaiſter; alſo, an emplaſtration; a grafting by inoculation, without a Scutcheon; and, in Phyſicke, the applying of a ſalve, or plaiſter.*

Emplaſtre: m. *A plaiſter.*

Emplaſtré: m. ée: f. *Plaiſtered, beplaiſtered; covered with a plaiſter.*

Emplaſtrer. *To plaiſter, or beplaiſter; to cover with a plaiſter.*

Emplaſtreure: f. *A plaiſtering, or beplaiſtering; alſo, a plaiſter.*

Emplaſtreux: m. euſe: f. *Full of plaiſters; alſo, belonging to, or ſerving for, a plaiſter.*

Emplacement: m. *A flatting, a laying flat unto; a making broad, or flat; also, a flat, or broad, part of.*

Emplette. *as* Emploicte.

Empli: m. ie: f. *Filled, repleniſhed; complete, top-full, up to the neck, mouth, or brinke.*

† Emplier. *as* Employer.

Emplir. *To fill, repleniſh; gorge; make, or ſtuffe up to the top.*

Emplir vne femelle. *To ſerve, bag, make her great, fill her panniers, give her her paiment, get her with young.*

Achever d'emplir. *To performe, finiſh, fulfill, accompliſh, make complete.*

Emploit m. *Uſe, or imployment of a thing. as* Employ.

Emploicte: f. *as* Employ; *Alſo, buſineſſe, occupying, traffick, trade, commerce; alſo, a bargaine made, purchaſe bought; or, a thing whereon money hath beene, or may be, well imployed; alſo, utterance of commodities.*

Femme qui eſt encores de bonne emploicte. *That is yet of a tollerable age, that hath yet ſome good ſtuffe in her; with whom, as yet, pretty ſport might be made.*

Marchandiſe d'emploicte. *Ware that ſels well, that utters quickly, that goes away apace; merchandable ware.*

Emploicter. *To traffique, trade; bargain, chaffer for; beſtow, or imploy money in.*

Emploire. *as* Emploicte.

Emplomber. *To lead; cover with lead; ſet in lead.*

Emploronné: m. ée: f. *Wound upon a clue, made into a bottome, conglomerated.*

Emploronner. *To winde upon clues, to make into bottomes, or, to make bottomes of; to conglomerate.*

Employ: m. *Imployment, uſe, daily occupation of, neceſſary buſineſſe for, a thing.*

Employé: m. ée: f. *Imployed, applied, uſed, buſied, occupied; beſtowed, conferred, diſpended, layed out.*

Employement: m. *An imploying, applying, uſing, occupying; a beſtowing, diſpending, diſtribution, laying out.*

Employer. *To imploy, apply, uſe, occupy, buſie; confer, beſtow, diſpend, diſtribute, lay out.*

s'Employer. *To indeavour, labour, be earneſt upon, to ſet himſelfe about; to give, apply, or addict himſelfe unto.*

Emplumassé: m. ée: f. *Beplumed, decked, adorned, garniſhed, ſet out with, ſtuck full of, plumes, or plums of feathers.*

Emplumé: m. ée: f. *Feathered, befeathered; ſet, ſtuck, adorned, garniſhed with feathers.*

Regnard qui dort la Matinée n'a pas la langue emplumée; Prov. *The ſleepy Fox hath ſeldome feathered breakfaſts.*

Emplumer. *To feather, befeather, ſtick, ſet, garniſh, or dreſſe with feathers.*

Emply. *as* Employ.

Empoché: m. ée: f. *Impoaked, impouched.*

Empocher. *To impouch, to put into a pouch, or budget; to bag, poake, or pocket up.*

Empoigné: m. ée: f. *Scized, griped, caught, got into the fiſt, layed hold of.*

Empoigner. *To ſeize, gripe, catch, lay hands on, attach, take, lay hold of.*

Empoignure: f. *A handle; or the part whereof hold is taken.*

Empoinctant. *Pointing on; making a point for, giving a point unto.*

Empoincter. *as* Empointer.

Empoint. bien empoint de faire &c. *About, ready, or likely, to doe, &c.*

Mal-empoint. *Unhandſome, untrimmed, foule, ſluttiſh, in ill plight, out of array.*

Empointer. *To point on; make a point for, give or ſet, a point unto.*

Empointer les doigts ſur le luth. *To fingure a Lute; alſo, handſomely, to ſet, couch, or place, the fingers ends thereon.*

Empois: m. *Starch.*

Empoiſonné: m. ée: f. *Poiſoned, impoiſoned; venomed.*

Empoiſonnement: m. *A poiſoning, impoiſoning; venoming.*

Empoiſonner. *To poiſon, impoiſon; venome.*

Empoiſonneresſe: f. *A poiſonnereſſe, a woman that impoiſons.*

Empoiſonneur: m. *A poiſoner, impoiſoner.*

Empoiſonneuſe: f. *as* Empoiſonneresſe.

Empoiſsé: m. ée: f. *Pitched, bepitched; covered, or dreſſed with pitch; alſo, ſtarched.*

Empoiſſer. *To bepitch; to dreſſe, or cover with pitch; alſo, to ſtarch.*

Empoiſſonné: m. ée: f. *Filled, ſerved, furniſhed, with fiſh.*

Empoiſſonnement. *A ſtoring of a pond, &c. with fiſh.*

Empoiſſonner. *To furniſh or fill, to ſerve or ſtore, with fiſh.*

† Empor: m. *A Mart towne; a place wherein an univerſall Faire is kept.*

Emporté: m. ée: f. *Carried, borne, taken, conveyed away; alſo, woon, gained, gone away with.*

Il a emporté à la chandelle. *Hee hath (out-ſit all commers) out-bid all cuſtomers; he hath gotten it, by bidding the moſt for it.*

Emportement: m. *A carrying, bearing, taking, or conveying away.*

Emporte-piece. *See* Cayterc.

Emporter. *To carry, beare, convey, or take away; to win, gaine, get, or get away with; alſo, as* Importer; *alſo, to bring, or beare unto.*

Emporter la balance, ou le poids. *To beare downe the ballance; to overweigh, or weigh downe more than.*

Autant en emporte le vent. *So much breath is loſt; (uſed, when one, having ſpoken to ſuch as heare, or heed, him not, will ſignifie, that he hath loſt his labour.)*

Il ſe laiſſe emporter du vent. *He runnes on freely without ſtopping; alſo, he is inconſtant, flitting, variable, unſteady, light; or ſuffers himſelfe to be ſwayed altogether by his own giddie humors.*

Le ventre emporte la teſte; Prov. *Said of Apoſtataes, who in hope of eaſe and preferment abandon a knowne truth; ſaid alſo of thoſe, who above all things reſpect their bellies; or by an exceſſive diet riune, or dull, their underſtandings.*

Empoudré: m. ée: f. *Beduſted, or powdered; filled, or defiled, with duſt.*

Empouldrer. *To beduſt; to fill, or defile, with duſt.*

Empoule: f. *A little wheale, bliſter, puſh, water-powke; a riſing of the skin, ſuch as comes after netling, &c. alſo, a ſmall bubble on the water.*

Empoulé: m. ée: f. *Bliſtered, pimpled, or unevenly puſt up in many places, as the skin after netling; bubbly; or raiſed, or riſing, in bubbles, as water in a great ſhowre of raine.*

Empoulément. *Swellingly, bubblingly, puſſe-like, or puſh-like.*

Empoulure: f. *A bliſtered part of the body; a place full of wheales, powkes, puſhes.*

Empouppant. *Being, or blowing, as wind in the poope of a ſhip.*

Empouppé. *Hit in the poope; driven, or blown forward by a wind in the poope.*

Empoupper. *To hit the poop; to be, or blow, as wind in the poope of a ſhip; to drive, ſet, or beare forward, as a full wind doth a ſhip.*

Vn vent empouppe mon navire. *My ſhip goes with a full, or fore, wind.*

Empourpré. *Impurpled; clothed, or decked with purple.*

Vn traict empourpré de ſang. *Died, diſtained, imbrued with bloud.*

Empourprer. *To clothe, adorne, or inrich with purple.*

Empraignant. *Printing, imprinting, preſſing in.*

Empreinte: f. *as* Empreinte.

† Empré. *Medowy, turned into a medow, grown a medow, and fit to beare hay.*

† Empréer. *To make a medow of; to turne paſture, or corne-grounds, into medowes; to turne medow.*

† Empreignée. *With child, conceived; bagd.*

Empreinct. *The Palſie, wherein any one of the ſides loſeth both ſence, and motion.*

Empreinct. *as* Emprein:.

Empreincte: f. *A ſtampe, a print; as* Empreinte.

Empreincte. *Bagg'd, full, with young, that hath taken.*

Empreindre. *To print, ſtampe, ſet, preſſe, or thruſt hard in; alſo, to aſſaile, or ſet on with violence.*

Empreint: m. te: f. *Printed, ſtamped, preſſed, thruſt hard in; alſo, violently aſſailed, furiouſly ſet on.*

Empreinte: f. *A ſtampe, a print, impreſſion, hard ſetting in; a violent aſſault, a furious and forcible onſet.*

† Emprendre. *as* Entreprendre. *To undertake.*

Empres. *Hard-by, neere-hand, cloſe adjoyning.* (v. m.)

Empreſsé: m. ée: f. *Preſſed, ſqueezed, thruſt, crowded, or ſtrained together.*

Fort empreſsé. *Very buſie, forward, ſawcily intruding into matters; hard layed to, or put extremely to his ſhifts, to his plunges.*

Empreſſer. *To preſſe, ſqueeze, thruſt, crowd, or ſtraine together.*

† Empreur. *One; the firſt word of reckoning, or numbring; or, as wee ſay* Imprimis.

† Empris. *as* Entrepris; *Undertaken.*

Empriſe. *as* Entrepriſe.

Empriſonné: m. ée: f. *Impriſoned, layed by the heeles.*

Empriſonnement: m. *An impriſonment, a ſhutting up, a full reſtraint of liberty.*

Empriſonner. *To impriſon, to caſt in priſon, to lay by the heeles, to ſhut up.*

† Empru-

Emprunelé : m. ée ; f. *Belonging to the apple of the eye.*

Emprunt : m. *A borrowing.*
Mis à l'emprunt. *Charged with a privie Seale.*

Emprunté : m. ée ; f. *Borrowed.*
Il n'eſt pas emprunté en ſon diſcours. *His ſpeech is naturall, or his owne ; he is beholden to no body for it.*

Emprunter. *To borrow.*
Emprunter le nom d' autruy. *To uſe, or abuſe, another mans name in a matter.*
Il ne choiſit pas qui emprunte ; Prov. *Borrowers (wee ſay beggers) are no chuſers.*

Emption : f. *A purchaſing, a buying.*

Empuanti : m. ie : f. *Beſtunke, filled or defiled with ſtench, perfumed or annoyed with ill ſavours.*

Empuantir. *To beſtinke ; to fill with ſtinke, annoy with loathſome ſmells, perfume with filthie odours.*
s'Empuantir. *To wax unſavourie, to begin to ſmell.*

Empunaiſi : m. ie : f. *as* Empuanti.

Empunaiſir. *as* Empuantir.

† Emputé : m. ée : f. *Appeached, accuſed, complained of.*

† Emputement : m. *An imputation, aſperſion ; accuſation, or bill of complaint.*

† Emputer. *To appeach, accuſe, complaine of ; to lay an imputation, caſt an aſperſion, on.*

† Emputeur : m. *A ſecret accuſer ; a pickthanke, tell-tale, complainer, appeacher, informer.*

Empyeme : m. *An inward collection of corrupt matter in any part of the body, but eſpecially betweene the breſt and lungs.*

Empyré. ciel empyré. *The Imperiall, or higheſt heaven ; the maniſion and dwelling place of God, and his elect.*

Empyreume : m. *A drie, and accidentall heat, or fierie qualitie ; or, as* Empireume.

Emuctoire. *Looke* Emonctoire. *Rab.*

Emulateur : m. *An emulator, imitator, or envier of another ; a competitor, concurrent, or corrivall.*

Emulation. *Emulation, counterfeiting, imitation, with deſire to excell ; alſo, envie.*

Emulgeant. *Milking. Look* Emulgent.

Emulgence : f. *A milking, or ſtroaking.*

Emulgent. veine emulgente. *One of the two maine branches of the hollow veine ; which goes to the reines, and there is divided into divers others ; ſome call it the pumping veine.*

Emulſion : f. *An emulſion ; any kind of ſeed, &c, brayed in water, and then ſtrained to the conſiſtence of an Almond milke ; alſo, any kind of creame, or milkie humour.*

Emut. *as* Eſmeut.

Emutiſſement : m. *The muting, or droppings of birds.*

Emyna. *A kind of meaſure ; as* Emine.

En. *(Relating to a thing meant, or mentioned before, ſignifies) thereof ; as,* Il m' a faict tort, il s' en repentira ; *alſo, any, or none, thereof ; whence ;* Vous parlez d'argent, en avez vous ? Ie n' en ay point.
En avoir ; *whence,* En as tu ? *Haſt thou that I asked for ? Haſt thou the thing I inquired after ? Alſo, as in ;*
I' en aura. *(blowes being underſtood) I ſhall be well beaten ; my ſkin-coat will be ſoundly curried.*
I' en ay bien avallé ; &, Ie m' en ſuis bien donné. *I have taken in my liquor freely.*
I' en ay trop. *(at Bowles, &c.) I am too hard thrownе.*
Il y en a en ce monde à qui ne chault. *There be ſome in this world that care not.*
En eſtre ; *whence ;* En voulez vous eſtre ? *Will you make one ?*
C' en eſt faict. *(The buſineſſe is) alreadie diſpatched, or finiſhed ; (the man is) utterly undone, or but a dead man.*
Cela n' en eſt pas. *(at game) That is no play.*
I' en ſuis ainſi. *I am in this taking ; ſuch is my caſe, it is even ſo with me.*
Qu' en eſt il ? *What of that ?*
Que vous en eſt il ? *What is that unto you ?*
Nous en venons tout maintenant. *We come from it, or from doing it, but even now.*

En. *(Relating to a place before mentioned, ſignifies) thither ; as,* Il va en France ; vous en allez vous ? *alſo, thence, or from thence ; as,* Ie viens du temple, en venez vous auſſi ?

En. *Set before Verbes of motion (as in the laſt example) without reference unto a place certaine, or ſpecified before, hath little, or no ſignification ; as in,* Ie m' en vay ; en quel lieu m' en fuiray-ie ?

En. *A Prepoſition ; hath divers ſignifications ; as in, into ; at, on, or upon.*
En amont. *Upward ;* en bas ; *Beneath, below, downeward.*
En apres. *Afterward.*
En ce diſant. *The while, or whileſt he ſaid thus.*
En outre. *Moreover, furthermore.*
En pour. *(Vulgarly) in lieu, in ſtead.*
En tout advenement. *Whatſoever happen ; howſoever it be.*
En viſion d'eſprit. *By a viſion.*
Adopter en filz. *To adopt, or chuſe one for his ſonne.*
C'eſt fait en homme, en beſte. *This is done like a man, like a beaſt.*

Enaigri : m. ie : f. *Sharpened, exaſperated ; angered ; made, or growne, worſe and worſe.*

Enaigrir. *To make, or grow ſharpe ; to anger, exaſperate, make a matter the worſe.*
s'Enaigrir. *To grow worſe and worſe.*

† Enameré : m. ée : f. *Made bitter.*

† Enamerer. *To make bitter.*

Enamouré de. *Enamoured of, in love with.*

s'Enamouret de. *To grow enamoured of, to fall in love with.*

† s'Enarbrer. *A horſe to ride ſo high, that he is like to fall backward. See* Cabrer.

† Enarché : m. ée : f. *Arched ; covered with an arch.*

† Enarcher. *To arch, or cover with an arch.*

† Enarmes : f. *The handles of a ſhield, or targuet.*

† Enarthroſe : f. *A full, and perfect union, or uniting of bones, the head of the one being wholly received, and ſhrowded, within the hollow end of the other.*

Enaſé. *Noſe-leſſe. Looke* Eſnaſé.

Enaſer. *To cut off the noſe ; to deprive of a noſe.*

† Enaſpri : m. ie : f. *Sharpened, made eager, exaſperated.*

† Enaſprir. *To ſharpen, make eager, exaſperate, hurt with ſharpeneſſe.*

Encacqué : m. ée : f. *Incaged ; put into a cag.*

Encacquer. *To put into a little barrell, or cag.*

Encadené : m. ée : f. *Chained, tyed in, or with, a chaine.*

Encadener. *To chaine, or tye in a chaine.*

Encagé : m. ée : f. *Incaged, impriſoned.*

Encager. *To incage ; to ſhut within a cage ; to impriſon.*

s'Encaillouïr. *To become hard, or flintie, or, as hard as flint.*

Encaiſſé : m. ée : f. *Put into a caſe ; or cheſt.*

Encaiſſer. *To put into a caſe, or cheſt.*

Encaloché : m. ée : f. *That weares high woodden ſhooes.*

Encaly : m. ie : f. *Hardened, or kernelled, as the skin of a mechanicall, and toyling, hand.*

Encant : m. vendre à l'en. *To ſell by Port-ſale, or Outrope. Seeke* Incant.
En vn encant tiens la bouche coye ; (Prov.) vld. *Be not haſtie to over-bid another.*

Encapé : m. ée : f. *Cloaked, hooded, covered with a hood, or cloake.*

Encapeliné. *Wearing a little, flat, narrow-brim'd hat ; or, armed with a ſcull of yron.*

Encapeluchonné : m. ée : f. *Wearing a Cowle, as a Monke ; incapuched, wearing a Capuche.*

Encaper. *To hood, or cloake ; to furniſh, or cover, with a hood, or cloake.*

Encapironner. *To hood, or cover the head.*

Encapuchonné. *as* Encapeluchonné ; *Or, hooded.*

Encapuchonner. *To incapuche ; to hood with a Capuche, &c.*

† Encarené : m. ée : f. *Carried in ; or, layed on the ſide, (as a ſhip.)*

Encarener vne nef. *To carrie in a ſhip, to lay her on her ſide.*

Encarné : m. ée : f. *Incarnated ; made fleſhie, or fat.*

Encarner. *To incarnate, fatten, or make fleſhie.*

Encarré. nef encarrée. *Gravelled ; or, as* Encarené.

Encarrer. *To levell at ; or, as* Acarrer.

Encaſſé : m. ée : f. *Caſed, incheſted ; made up in, put up into, a caſe, or cheſt.*

Encaſſer. *To caſe, or incheſt ; to make up in, or put up into, a caſe, or cheſt.*

Encaſtellé : m. ée : f. *Incaſtellated, or narrow-heeled, (as a horſe.)*

s'Encaſteller. *To grow incaſtellated, or narrow-heeled.*

Encaſtelure : f. *A being incaſtellated, or growing narrow-heeled ; a vicious, or painfull narrowneſſe in a horſes heele.*

† Encaſtillement : m. *as* Enchaſſement ; *An inchacement.*

Encavé : m. ée : f. *Hallowed, or made hollow ; alſo, lodged in, let downe, or layed into, a Cellar ; alſo, frequenting, or dwelling in, Cellars, &c.*

Encaver. *To hollow, to make hollow.*
Encaver les nids de poules. *To make places in walls for hennes to lay, or sit, in.*
Encaver les vins. *To lay, or let downe, wines into a Sellar.*
Encaveur: m. *A hollower, or maker of things hollow.*
Encaveure: f. *An hollowing, or making hollow; also, a concavity, or hollownesse.*
Ecaunché: m. ée: f. *Pestered, intangled (and thereby) stucke fast, or hindered from going on.* ¶ Orleannois.
Encauſte: m. *Enamell, or varnish; any such flourishing, wrought with fire.*
Encauſtique. *Enamelled, varnished, wrought with fire.*
Enceinct: m. cte: f. *Girded, environned, compassed.*
Vne femme enceincte. *A woman great with child.*
Enceincte: f. les enceinctes d' vne eſgliſe. *A close; or, the wall, or circuit of, or the pillers set round about, the close of a Cathedrall, or great Church; also, as* Enceinte.
Enceindre. *To gird, compasse, environ, incloſe, hemme in, set about with.*
Enceinct. *as* Enceinct.
Enceinte: f. *as* Enceincte; *Also, the walke of a Deere, the place of his ordinary haunt, or passage.*
Encellé. *as* Enſellé.
Encens: m. *Incenſe; Frankincenſe.*
Encens Amomite. *A kind of whitish Incenſe, which in handling becommeth soft like Maſticke.*
Encens d' Arabie. *Arabian Incenſe; the second, or next in goodneſſe, unto the male.*
Encens blanc. *White Frankincenſe.*
Encens d' Inde. *Indian Incenſe; of a faint, and withered red colour, is made round by art;* (*And this is held to be our ordinary Frankincenſe.*)
Encens maſle. *Male Incenſe; the whiteſt, and beſt kind of all others; of it ſelfe round; and, broken, fatty within.*
Herbe d' Encens. *wormewood.*
Manne d' Encens. *Looke* Manne.
Encenſé: m. ée: f. *Cenſed; perfumed with Incenſe.*
Encenſement: m. *A cenſing; a perfuming with Incenſe.*
Encenſer. *To cenſe, or perfume with Frankincenſe.*
Encenſier: m. *A ſtarre in heaven; called the Altar, or Cenſer; placed under the ſting of the Scorpion.*
Encenſier: m. ere: f. *Cenſing, perfuming.*
Herbe Encenſiere. *Fleabane, Conyza, Fleabane Mullet.*
Encenſoir: m. *A Cenſer; a cenſing, or perfuming pan.*
Souffler à l' encenſoir. *To drinke hard; to ply the pot; (for they that uſe to blow the Cenſer, becomming dry, ſteale often to the wine-pot provided for the communion, and there ſucke up as much wine, as before they let out wind.*)
† Encentrer. (*Sometimes uſed for* Entrer) *to graffe.*
Encepé: m. ée: f. *Set in the ſtockes; also, laden with irons.*
Enceper. *To ſet in the ſtockes; also, to clap irons on the legs of.*
† Encercelé: m. ée: f. *Incircled, encompaſſed; bound about with hoopes, as a wine veſſell, &c.*
Encerclé: m. ée: f. *Incircled, incompaſſed; hooped, bound about.*
Encercler. *To incircle, or incompaſſe; also, to hoope, or bind about.*
Encernant. *Environing, incompaſſing; incircling, hooping in, or about.*
Encerné: m. ée: f. *Environed, incompaſſed; incircled, hooped in, or about.*
† Enchafouiné: m. ée: f. *Out of tune, out of temper, ſcurvy, as one that, through cold, hurkles like a cat, or is know not how.*
Enchagriné: m. ée: f. *Made melancholike, filled with melancholy; grieved, vexed, afflicted.*
Enchagriner. *To vex, afflict, make melancholicke, fill with carefulneſſe,*
Enchainé: m. ée: f. *Enchained, chayned; bound or tyed in, decked or inriched with, chaines.*
Enchainement: m. *A chaining; a binding in, or bedecking with, chaines*
Enchainer. *To enchaine, to chaine; to bind, or tye in chaines; to deck, or inrich with chaines.*
Enchainure: f. *A chaining; a chaine; chainage; also, as* Encheſneure.
Enchalaſſé: m. ée: f. *Propped, underſet, held up, as a vine, by poles, &c.*
Enchalaſſer une vigne. *To prop, or underſet a vine.*
Enchambré: m. ée: f. *Inchambred; lodged as in a Chamber; also, mortaiſed, encloſed within.*
Enchampré: f. *A chizell; a cutting, carving, or graving toole.*
Enchancré: m. ée: f. *Cankered, feſtered, growne to a canker.*
Enchancrer. *To canker, or feſter, as an old ſore.*
Enchanté: m. ée: f. *Charmed, inchanted; bewitched.*
Enchante-coeur. *Heart-charming, heart-inchanting.*
Enchantelé: m. ée. f. *Supported, underſet, borne or propped up by ſtakes, as a vine, &c.*
Enchanteler. *To ſupport; beare, ſtay, or prop, up with ſtakes, as vines.*
Enchanteler du bois. *To pile up wood.*
Enchantement: m. *An inchanting, or charming.*
Enchanter. *To charme, inchant, bewitch; bleare the eyes, deceive the underſtanding.*
Enchanteries. *Charmings, inchantments; deceits; deluſions, juggling trickes, ſubtill conveyances, ſleights of legerdemaine.*
Enchanteuſement. *Charmingly, inchantingly.*
Enchapelé: m. ée: f. *Crowned, or decked with garlands; also, batted, or coverd, as with a hat.*
Enchapeler. *To decke, or crowne with chaplets, or garlands; also, to bat, or ſet a hat on the head.*
Enchapeuſent d' une chemmée. *The head, or broad top, of a chimney.*
Enchaperonné: m. ée: f. *hoodded, or attired with a French-hood.*
Enchaperonnement: m. *A hooding; also, the outjutting, or over-hanging of the eaves, or bottome of a Roofe.*
Enchaperonner. *To hood; or cover the head with a (French) hood.*
Enchappé. *Wearing a coape; attired in a coape.*
Enchappeler. *as* Enchapeler.
Encharacteré: m. ée: f. *Incharactered, written, or printed in characters.*
Encharacterer. *To incharacter, to write, or print in characters.*
Encharbouté: m. ée: f. *Confuſed, or crumpled; ruffled on knots, as haire that hath been long uncombed.*
Enchardonné: m. ée: f. *Weeded, rid, of thiſtles.*
Enchardonner. *To weed out thiſtles.*
Enchargé: m. ée: f. *Bid, commanded, charged, injoyned; given in charge; also, cloyed, or over-charged.*
Encharger. *To bid, command, injoyne, charge, give in charge to do a thing.*
Encharger l' eſtomac. *To ſurſet, to cloy, or overcharge the ſtomacke with too much met.*
Femme qui encharge. *That growes big on't; who burniſhes, or whoſe belly encreaſes.*
Encharné: m. ée: f. *Incarnated, fleſhed, whereon fleſh is bred, or made grow.*
Encharné au coeur. *Rooted, or fleſhed, in the heart.*
Encharnelé: m. ée: f. *Propped, underſet, upheld, as a vine.*
Encharneler vne vigne. *To prop, or underſet a vine.*
Encharner. *To incarnate, fleſh, breed fleſh on, make the fleſh grow; A tearme of Chirurgery.*
Enchaſſé: m. ée: f. *Enchaced, ſet into; also, driven, or hunted, away.*
Enchaſſement: m. *An enchacing, or enchacement; also, a driving, or hunting away.*
Enchaſſer. *as* Chaſſer; *To drive, or hunt away.* ¶ Pic.
Enchaſſer en or &c. *To enchace, or ſet, in gold, &c.*
Enchaſſeure: f. *An enchasement; an enchacing, or ſetting in; and particularly, the ſtocke of a band, or ruffes.*
Enchaſſillé de menuiſerie. *Compaſſed, bound, held in, by a frame, or band of wainſcot; ſet in a wainſcot frame.*
Preſſe enchaſſillée. *A Printers Preſſe with a Tympan.*
Enchaſſiller. *To ſet in; to encloſe, compaſſe, bind, hold, in with a woodden frame.*
Enchaſſure. *Looke* Enchaſſeure.
Enchatonner. *as* Enchaſſer; *To enchace.*
Enchaucié: m. ée: f. *Chaced, purſued; (An old word.)*
Enchaulmé: m. ée: f. *Thatched, or covered with ſtraw.*
Enchaulmer. *To thatch, or cover with ſtraw.*
Enchauſſeure: f. *A ſhooing; alſo the meaſure of a foot, taken to make a ſhooe by.*
Enche. *as* Anche.
Encheinure. *as* Enchainure.
† Encheminer. *as* Achemíner; *To ſet in the way.*
Enchemiſé: m. ée: f. *Covered, or clothed with, put into a ſhirt, or ſmocke.*
† Enchenard: m. *Part of a womans &c.*
Enchepé: m. ée. f. *Set in the ſtockes*
Encheper. *To ſet in the ſtockes; alſo, to clap ſhackles, or bolts on the legs.*
Enchere: f. *A bidding, or out-bidding; the making or offering, the raiſing or enhauncing,*

cing, of a price; any Portſale, Outrope, or bargaining, wherein he that bids moſt for a thing is to carry it.

Folle enchere. *Is, when one hath bid too much for a thing, and then would goe from his bargaine, but cannot; whence;*

Droict de folle enchere. *See* Droict.

Il en payera la folle enchere. *He ſhall ſmart for it; he ſhall dearly abuy his being ſo buſie, luſtie, foole-hardy.*

Mettre enchere ſur. *To outbid; or bid money for what another is about to buy.*

Mettre à l'enchere. *To raiſe, or enhaunce the price of; to make deare; to ſet, or hold, at a very high rate; to let goe unto him that will bid moſt.*

Encheri: m. ie: f. *Raiſed, or enhaunced (alſo, riſen) in price; made, held, or grown, deare; alſo, let goe, or paſſed over unto ſuch as have bid moſt; alſo, endeared, or dearely cheriſhed.*

Elle ne faiſoit de l'encherie. *She played not the cut-throat; ſhe ſet not the dice on her cuſtomers; ſhe held not her ware very deare.*

Encherie: f. *The preparative unto Melting, or Extraction; the firſt part of Alchimy.*

Encheriment: m. *An overpriſing, a raiſing, or enhauncing of a price; a riſing in price, a growing very deare; alſo, an out-bidding; alſo, an endearing, or dear cheriſhing.*

Encherir. *To raiſe, or enhaunce the price of; to overpriſe, or make too deare; alſo, to riſe in price, or grow deare; alſo, to out-bid, or bid more then another; alſo, to let a thing go unto out-bidders; alſo, to endeare, or cheriſh dearly.*

Encheriſſeur: m. *A high-bidder, or out-bidder of others; a raiſer or enhaunces of the price of things, in an Outrope, or Portſale.*

Encherner. *as* Encharner. *To fleſh.*

† Encherre. *as* Encherir.

Encheſneure: f. *A chaine, or cheyning; alſo, a rew, courſe, or ſucceſſion of things linked together.*

† Enchet: m. *A falling, or dropping: as of water, or of metall that melteth.*

Enchevallé: m. ée: f. *Set, or lapped, as one foot over another.*

Enchevaller. *A horſe to ſet, or lap, one foot over another.*

Encheveſtré: m. ée: f. *Haltred; tied, or fettered in a halter, or horſe-coller; inſnarled, intangled, as a horſe with his owne coller; alſo, inveagled; inſnared.*

Encheveſtrement. *A haltering, or fettering; a being intangled with his owne halter, or coller; alſo, an inveagling.*

Encheveſtrer. *To halter, fetter, tie in a halter, put in a coller; to inſnarle, intangle, as a horſe with his owne coller; alſo, to inveagle; or any way, to inſnare.*

Encheveſtrure: f. *A haltering, or tying in a horſe coller; a fettering, inſnaring, intangling.*

Encheveſtrure de cheminée. *The Mantle-tree of a chimney.*

Encheux. *as* Angois; (vieil mot.)

Enchiffré: m. ée: f. *Cyphred; expreſſed, or ſet downe, in cyphers.*

Enchiffrené: m. ée: f. *Whoſe noſe is ſtopt with a cold, or a rhewme; that hath the murrhe, or poze.*

Enchiffrer. *To cypher.*

Enciré: m. ée: f. *Waxed, waxie, mingled, covered, or ſeared with; made, compounded, or full of, wax.*

Encirer. *To wax; to cover, or doe over with wax; to make, or compound of wax.*

† Encis: m. *The murthering of a great-bellied woman, or of the infant within her belly.*

Encisé: m. ée: f. *Cut up, or into.*

Enciſer. *To cut up, or into; to make an inciſion.*

Enclave: f. *A mortaiſe, or inlocking; an entry into, or within, another thing; a lying one within another; alſo, a march, bound, or limit of Territory, or Juriſdiction; a Precinct, or Liberty.*

Les enclaves d'une Province. *The marches, bounds, or limits thereof (eſpecially ſuch as lie intermingled with thoſe of another Province.)*

Enclavé: m. ée: f. *Inlocked, cocketed, mortaiſed, cloſed, or entered into, or within, another; layed, or lying within another; alſo within the marches, or limits of.*

Enclavement: m. *An inlocking, or mortaiſing; a cloſing, or ſhutting; alſo, an entring within another; a laying, or lying, one within another.*

Enclavemens. *as* Enclaves.

Enclaver. *To cloſe, mortaiſe, locke, ſet, or ſhut one thing within another; alſo, to enter into another; to lay, or lie, as pieces of ſeverall mens land, one within th'other.*

Enclaveure: f. *as* Enclavement; *or, a mortaiſe, or mortaiſed cloſure.*

Enclin: m. *An inclination, diſpoſition, addiction, naturall affection, inſtinct, or humour unto.*

Enclin: m. ine: f. *Inclined, bent, prone, given, addicted, or diſpoſed, unto.*

Encline: m. ée: f. *Inclined, declined, bent, bowed, crouching, or ſtooping downward; bumbled, ready, or likely, to fall.*

Enclinet. *To incline, decline, bend, bow, looke, ſtoop downeward; to decay; to begin, or be ready, to fall; to hang to the ground-ward.*

S'encliner. *To crouche, duck, lout, make low courteſies; to bumble himſelfe before another.*

Encloure. *To include, incloſe, compaſſe, hedge, imparke, infould; ſhut in, or up; alſo, to comprehend, contain, or comprize.*

Enclos: m. *An incloſure, or incloſing.*

Enclos: m. ſe: f. *Incloſed, incompaſſed, ſhut up, hedged in, on every ſide; imparked, infoulded, compaſſed, hedged in on all parts; alſo, contained, comprehended, comprized.*

Encloſtré: m. ée: f. *Incloiſtered, ſhut up within a cloiſter.*

Encloſtrer. *To incloiſter, to ſhut up within a cloiſter.*

Encloſture: f. *An incloſure, or incloſing; a cloſe, or place hedged in.*

† Encloxir. *To earth; to drive a Fox, or Conny into an earth, or berry.*

Encloucher. *To prompt, or tell one what he ſhall ſay; (an old word.)*

Encloüé: m. ée: f. *Nailed, faſtened, pricked, cloyed with a naile.*

Ie m'y ſuis encloüé. *I am ingaged therein to my great hurt, or diſadvantage.*

Enclouër. *To naile, to drive in a naile; to faſten with a naile.*

Enclouër artillerie. *To cloy a piece of Ordnance; to drive a naile, or iron pin, into the touch-hole thereof.*

Enclouër vn cheval. *To prick a horſes foot in the ſhoeing.*

Enclouëure: f. *A prick in a horſes foot.*

Il y a bien de l'enclouëure. *There is ſomewhat amiſſe, or ſome notable flaw in the matter.*

Il ſe doubes bien de l'enclouëure, *He miſtruſted, that all was not well, that there was ſome miſchievous plot in working.*

† Encloyer. *To cloy, choake, or ſtop up.*

Enclume: f. *An Anvile; alſo, a little bone ſhaped within the eare, and ſerving, together with other parts, as a principall inſtrument to diſtinguiſh the ſounds brought unto it.*

Couché entre l'enclume, & les marteaux. *Lodged between two extreme dangers, or difficulties; perplexed, or afflicted which way ſoever he turn him.*

A l'enclume le marteau; Prov. *A quarrelling, mutinous, or litigious fellow ſhould be matched with one that's worſe then himſelfe; or, a hard heart needs hammering.*

A dure enclume marteau de plume; Prov. *By gentleneſſe, and patience wee ſurmount all difficulties: So doe ſkilfull Engineers oppoſe bags of woull, and wals of ſoft earth, unto the fury of the Canon.*

Enclumeau: m. *A little Anvile.*

Encoche: f. *A nock, or notch. as* Coche.

Encoché: m. ée: f. *Nocked, or notched, as an arrow; alſo, faſtened, tied faſt, moored, as a cable, or a ſhip with cables.*

Encocher vne fleſche. *To nock an arrow; to put the nocke thereof into the bow-ſtring.*

Encocher les gumenes. *To faſten, or tie them faſt, to moore a ſhip with them.*

Encochure: f. *A nocking, nocching, ſnipping, nicking; alſo, a nock, notch, or nick; alſo, a faſtening, or mooring.*

Encoeur. *as* Encoeur.

Encoffré: m. ée: f. *Incoffred; layed, or put, up in a Coffer.*

Encoffrer. *To incloſe, lay, or put up, in a cheſt, or coffer, &c.*

Encoigné: m. ée: f. *Made corner-wiſe; thruſt into a corner; alſo, wedged, or faſtened in with wedges.*

Encoigneure: f. *A cone, or corner; alſo, a corner-piece, or part, of.*

Encoigneure de chemin. *A ſhort, or narrow turning of a way; a ſtrait corner wherein one winds before he be aware.*

Encoleure: f. *The neck-piece; or, a neck-like piece of any thing; alſo, the part wherein one member, or piece is joyned unto another; and, ſuch a joyning; (whence) alſo, the ſetting on of the head, neck, or creſt, &c. alſo, the countenance, geſture, or behaviour of a man; the reyn of a horſe, or the poſture, or carriage of his creſt; alſo, a barre, neck, or narrow piece, of land lying between two ſeas.*

Encoleure du bras. *The wriſt, or part of the arme that next unto it.*

Encoleure du pied d'un arbre. *The bottome*

bottome of the ſtocke, body, or trunke; the ſetting on of the foot, or of the root, thereof; the necke of the foot.

Encollé: m. ée: f. Necked; having a faire, ſliſſe, and big necke; alſo, put about the necke of.

Long encollé. Necked like a Crane.

Encoller. To put about the necke.

Encollure: f. as Encoleure.

Encoloré: m. ée: f. Full of colours, much coloured, coloured all over, all in colours.

Encombre: f. as Encombrier; alſo, the rubbiſh, or ruines of falling, or decayed buildings.

Encombré. Troubled, peſtered, incumbred; diſquieted.

Mariage encombré. Looke Encombrer; or, Mariage.

Encombrement: m. An incumbring, peſtering, moleſting, troubling; an annoiance; or, as Encombrier.

Encombrer. To cumber, incumber, perplex, peſter; binder, trouble, give much buſineſſe unto; to afflict, vexe, annoy; diſquiet, moleſt; put unto great labour, toyle, trouble.

Encombrer le mariage de ſa femme. A husband to alien his wives land, whether it be with, or without, her conſent. See Mariage.

Encombrier: m. A cumber, incumbrance, peſterment; binderance; trouble; moleſtation, affliction, vexation, annoyance; miſchiefe; misfortune.

Encomiaſtique: com. Praiſing, commending, extolling to the skies.

Encommencé: m. ée: f. Begun, commenced, undertaken, gone about, or in hand with.

Encommencement. A beginning; an undertaking, or taking in hand.

Encommencer. To commence, begin, goe about, fall in hand with.

Encommenceur: m. A commencer, beginner, undertaker.

† Enconché: m. ée: f. Trimmed, dreſt, arrayed; Nous voila bien en conche; we are fairely dreſt, we are even well handled.

Encontenancé: m. ée: f. Bold, audacious; well behaved; of a ſetled countenance; ſeldome, or never out of countenance; that hath put a good face on the matter.

Encontenancer. To geſture it; to ſet a face on; to put on a geſture, or behaviour.

Encontre: f. (A Subſtantive) an encounter, a meeting; an encountring, or ſhocke of enemies; alſo, hap, lucke, chance, fortune.

Encontre. (A Preposition) Towards; against, oppoſitely; right against, over against, just on the other ſide.

Aller encontre quelqu'un, ou luy aller à l'encontre. To goe meet one.

Encontré: m. ée: f. Incountred, or met with; lighted, or happened, on.

Encontrer. To encounter, or meet with; to light, or happen on.

† Enconvenancé: m. ée: f. Covenanted, conditioned; contracted, indented with.

† Enconvenancer. To covenant, condition, indent, or contract with; to promiſe unto.

Encoqueluché: m. ée: f. Sicke of the Coqueluchoe, or new diſeaſe; alſo, hooded.

Encoqueluchonné. Hooded; wearing a hood, or Spaniſh Capuche.

Encoquillé. Poiſſon en. Shell-fiſh.

Encorbellement. as Corbeau; or, a ſhouldering, or ſupporting, by Corbels, or Brackets.

Encordé: m. ée: f. Becorded, bound with cords.

Encordelé: m. ée: f. Corded, ſtrung, or ſtringed; faſtened, or made up with cords, or ſtrings; alſo, caught, fettered, intangled, or inſnared therewith.

Encordeler. To ſtring, or becord; to bind, faſten, packe, or make up; to catch, fetter, intangle, or inſnare, with ſtrings, or little cords.

Encorder. To cord, becord, ſtring; to bind, faſten, or make up; to fetter, intangle, or inſnare, with cords.

Encordonné: m. ée: f. Twiſted of many ſtrings; twined, plaited.

Encordonner. To twiſt, plait, or twine of many ſtrings.

Encore. Yet, as yet, even yet.

Encore lors. Even then, even to that time.

Encore pas. Not yet, or, not that, neither.

Encore de preſent. Even now, as yet, untill this very time.

Encore que. Albeit that, though that.

Mais encores. But for all that.

Encoremes. The ſignes of Urine; eſpecially thoſe that ſwim on the top thereof.

Encornal: m. The Hounds of a Maſte.

Encorné: m. ée: f. Horned; trimmed, necked, or tipped with horne; alſo, put into a horne, or cornet; alſo, put into the necke of; alſo, wearing, or having hornes.

Encorner. To haſt, necke, tip, or trim, with hornes; alſo, as Encornetter; alſo, to put into the horned necke of.

Encornetté: m. ée: f. Incornetted; put into a horne; wrapped up, as ſpice, &c. in a cornet, or coffin.

Encornetter. To put into a horne; alſo, to wrap up in a cornet, or Grocers Coffin, ſpice, &c.

Encornure: f. A haſting, tipping, or trimming with horne; alſo, the hornes, or horned head, of a beaſt.

Encorny. Lieu encorny. A place thats hard (and ſmooth) as horne; or, as Pelouſe.

Encoronné: m. ée. f. Crowned.

Encoronner. To crowne; to decke, or adorne with a crowne.

Encotonné: m. ée: f. Bumbaſted, or ſtuffed with cotton.

Encotonner. To bumbaſt, to ſtuffe, with cotton.

Encotonner de barbe le menton. To furniſh the chin with ſoft, and tender haire; to make it bud, ſhoot, or put out abundantly.

Encoüardé: m. ée: f. Made cowardly, bereaved of courage.

Encoüarder. To make a coward, bereave of courage.

Encoüardi: m. ie: f. Growne cowardly, become daſtardly, faint-hearted, white-livered.

Encoüardir. To waxe a coward, prove a daſtard, become faint-hearted, grow white-livered.

Encouleure. as Encoleure.

Encoulpé: m. ée: f. Accuſed, or blamed for.

Encoulper. To appeach, accuſe, blame for, lay the fault, caſt the imputation, of a matter on.

Encoulpeur: m. An accuſer, appeacher, promooter, informer.

Encoultré: m. ée: f. Furniſhed with a culter.

Encoultrer. To furniſh (a Plough) with a culter.

Encouragé: m. ée: f. Incouraged, heartned, imboldened.

Encouragement: m. A heartening, imboldening, incouraging, incouragement.

Encourager. To hearten, imbolden, incourage; to put metall into, give ſtomacke unto.

† Encouregement. A puniſhment, or penalty incurred.

Encourir. To incurre; to runne, or fall into; to get, or procure unto himſelfe; to undergo a danger, diſgrace, penalty, &c.

Encourrayé: m. ée: f. Bound, or furniſhed, with leathern thongs.

Encourrayer. To bind, or furniſh, with leathern thongs.

Encourtiné: m. ée: f. Becurtained; over which a curtaine is drawn; covered or hanged with, ſhadowed by, hidden behind, a curtaine.

Encourtiner. To becurtaine, to draw a curtaine over; to cover or hang with, to ſhadow by, to hide behind, a curtaine.

Encouru: m. uë: f. Incurred, run into.

Encoutelaſſé: m. ée: f. Armed with a ſhort ſword, or cuttleas.

Encoutelaſſer. To furniſh, or arme with a curtleax, or cuttleas.

Encraſſé: m. ée: f. Bedawbed, begrimed, begreaſed by ſlovenlineſſe; growne thicke with filth, and ordure.

Encraſſer. To begrime, begreaſe, beray, bedawbe with ſlovenly filth, or ordure.

Encre: m. Inke; alſo, blacking.

Encrené: m. ée: f. Nicked, notched, indented on; or, as Encroüé; whence; Beſicles encrenées ſur le nez. Lodged, or ledged, on both ſides of the noſe.

Encreſmé. Creamy, creamed; full of cream, made of creame.

Encreſmer. To fill, or furniſh with cream.

† Encreté: f. Bitterneſſe; alſo, inkineſſe, or blackneſſe.

Encreuſer: m. ée: f. Hollowed; alſo, boorded, or layed up in holes, or hollow places.

Encreuſer. To hollow; alſo, to boord, or lay up, in holes, or hollow places.

Encrier: m. An Inke-maker.

Encrier: m. ere: f. Inkie; of, or belonging to, Inke.

Encrou. as Eſcrou.

Encroüé: m. ée: f. Lodged, as a cudgell in a tree; hanging on, or ledged in. ¶ Nor.

Encrouër. To lodge, as a cudgell in a tree; to hang on, or ledge in.

Encrouſté: m. ée: f. Pargetted, rough-caſt; becruſted, or whereon a ſcab is ſet.

Encrouſtement: m. A pargetting, rough-caſting, a ſetting of a cruſt, a bringing of a ſcab on.

Encrouſter. To parget, rough-caſt; make cruſty, bring a ſcab on.

Encruché: m. ée: f. Put into an earthen pot; alſo, as Encroüé.

Encrucher. To put into an earthen pot:

Encrudi: m. ie: f. *Made, or become, raw.*
Encrudir. *To make, or become, raw.*
Encueur: m. *The Stithie; (a diſeaſe of horſes, and cattell.)*
Encuict: m. ćte: f. *Raw, undigeſted, not yet concocted, not fully boyled, not throughly baked; alſo, hardened through heat.*
Encuiraſſé: m. ée: f. *Hardened, growne hard, thicke, rough, or harſh; alſo, bound hard.*
Vn linge encuiraſſe. *A linnen cloth grown ſtiffe with naſtineſſe, and ordure.*
Encuiraſſer. *To harden, thicken, make rough, harſh, thicke or ſtiffe (with ordure, &c.) as leather; alſo, to bind hard.*
Enculé: m. ée: f. *Set, or ſetled upon the tayle, nether, or lower part; poſſed down; alſo, planted, or ſtucke downe with the bottome turned up, or doubled; ſet aſlope, or with an imbowed bottome.*
† Enculé: m. ée: f. *Accuſed, appeached; detected, bewrayed.* See Accuſé.
† Encuſement: m. *A detection, diſcloſing, bewraying; appeaching, accuſing.*
† Enculer *To appeach, accuſe, informe againſt; bewray, detect, diſcloſe.*
† Encuſeur: m. *A detecter, diſcloſer, appeacher, accuſer, betrayer, bewrayer.*
Encuvé: m. ée: f. *Put into a fat, or tub.*
Encuver. *To put into a fat or tub.*
Encycopledie: f. *The perfection of all knowledge, and liberall ſciences; an art that comprehends all others; or, learning that comprehends all Arts.*
Encyliglotte. *The tongue-ſtring.*
† Encyrer. *as* Inciſer.
† Enda. *In faith, indeed, in ſooth, in truth, truſt me, on my word.*
Endaims. *Looke* Andaims. ¶ Pic.
Endamoiſellé. *Effeminated, growne womaniſh; attired in gentlewomans apparell.*
† Endare; & endare; *and he went his way.*
† Endazé: m. ée: f. *Earneſt, or haſtie in a matter.*
Endebté: m. ée: f. *Indebted, in debt, brought into debt.*
Endebtement: m. *A debt; or being indebted; a bringing into debt.*
Endebter. *To bring into debt.*
s'Endebter. *To be indebted; to owe.*
Endelechie: f. *Aſſiduity, continualneſſe, perennity, perpetualneſſe, or perpetuall motion; as* Entelechie.
Endemené: m. ée: f. *Wanton, lively, ſtirring, waggiſh, laſcivious, that loves to be ſtirring, fidging, or frigging.*
Endementiers. *In the meane while, in the meane time, ſpace, or ſeaſon; (an old word.)*
Endenté: m. ée: f. *Indented, ſnipt on the edges, notcht in the ſides.*
Endenter. *To indent, ſnip, notch, jag on the edges; alſo, to ſet, or make teeth in.*
Endernier. *The laſt, or, the latter end.*
† Endeſvé: m. ée: f. *Mad, furious, raging; earneſt, vehement, full of ardor.*
† Endeſver. *To rage, be mad after, or moſt hot upon, a thing; to long for vehemently, luſt for exceedingly, deſire moſt fervently, affect moſt immoderately.*
Endetter. *as* endebter.
Endiablé: m. ée: f. *Poſſeſſed with a devill; full of devilliſhneſſe; devilliſh, horrible; damned, belliſh.*
Endiabler. *To poſſeſſe with a devill, to fill with devilliſhneſſe.*
Endiamenté: m. ée: f. *Set with Dyamonds.*
† Endicté: m. ée: f. *Indicted, accuſed, informed, complained of.*
† Endictement: m. *An indictment, accuſation, information, or bill of complaint.*
† Endicter. *To indict, accuſe, appeach; informe againſt; complaine upon, charge with an offence.*
† Endicteur. *An indicter, accuſer, informer.*
† Endimanché: m. ée: f. *Attired for high-daies, or, that hath his hollyday ſute on.*
Endité: m. ée: f. *as* Endicté; *alſo, demonſtrated, manifeſted, ſhewed, or pointed at, with a finger.*
Endive: f. *The herb Endive.*
Endive creſpe. *Curled Endive.*
Endive grande. *Great garden Endive.*
Endive petite. *The leſſe Endive, bitter garden Endive.*
Endive ſauvage. *Wild Endive (whoſe ſtalke is full of a milkie juice.)*
Endiseler les gerbes. *To ſtooke, or ſhocke up ſheaves of corne; to ſet, or make them up in (ten-ſheaved) halfe-thraves.*
Endoctrinable: com. *Docible, teachable, inſtructable.*
Endoctriné: m. ée: f. *Taught, inſtructed, nurtured, trayned up, in learning, &c.*
Endoctrinement: m. *Inſtruction, teaching, nurture, a training up in learning, &c.*
Endoctriner. *To teach, inſtruct; nurture; to traine, or bring up in the knowledge of Learning, or Arts.*
Endoille. *as* Andouille.
Endommagé: m. ée: f. *Indamaged, incommodated, hindered.*
Endommagement: m. *A loſſe, damage, indamagement, or indamaging.*
Endommager. *To indamage, incommodate, hinder; bring, or breed loſſe unto.*
Endoré: m. ée: f. *Gilt all over; beſet, inriched, adorned with gold.*
Endorer. *To gild all over; to beſet, inrich, adorn with gold.*
Endormant. *The Serpent* Cenchris, *whoſe ſtinging breeds rottenneſſe, and a continuall ſleeping.*
Endormi: m. ie: f. *Sleepy, drowſie, heavy, lazie, ſluggiſh, ever aſleepe, that ſleepes as he goes; alſo, aſleepe, huſht, quiet, calme, appeaſed, at eaſe, at reſt.*
Eau endormie. *A calme, ſtill, or ſtanding water.*
Fol eſt qui ſe fie en eau endormie; Prov. *Men of a ſtill, ſad, ſleepie, melancholicke diſpoſition are not to be relied on; for either they can do little, or that which they do is full of treacherie, and diſſimulation.*
Membres endormis. *Aſtonied, benummed, aſleepe.*
Endormi comme vn Envent. *Looke* Envent.
Homme endormi corps enſeueli; Prov. *There is as much uſe of a dead coarſe, as of a drowſie creature; or, a drowſie body is little better then a dead.*
Endormie: f. *The herbe Henbane, or Poppie.*
Endormir. *To lay, or lull aſleepe; to caſt into a ſleepe; to calme, quiet, appeaſe, bring to reſt; alſo, to aſtonish, or benumme.*
Endormir ſur l'une & l'autre aureille. *To give much eaſe unto, beſtow all wiſhed contentments on; to bring a-bed (ſay we.)*
Endormir vn trompe. *To ſet a Top.*
s'Endormir. *To fall aſleepe; to be faſt, or ſound aſleepe; to give himſelfe to ſleeping.*
s'Endormir ſur les injures. *To be inſenſible of wrongs; dully to fore-ſlow, or cowardly to delay, the revenge thereof.*
s'Endormir ſur le meſtier. *See* Meſtier.
s'endormir ſur le roſty. *To ſleepe upon the offer of a great advantage, faire opportunitie; or, lazily to neglect, or fore-ſlow, the acceptance of them.*
s'endormir en ſentinelle. *To ſleepe when he hath moſt cauſe to watch; to take it when he hath moſt need to looke about him.*
Endormiſſement: m. *Sleepineſſe, drowſineſſe, or ſluggiſhneſſe; alſo, a bringing, laying, or lulling aſleepe.*
Endormiſſon de membres. *Numneſſe, inſenſibleneſſe, benumming, aſtonishment, or ſtupiditie of the members.*
Endos. *as* Endoſſement.
Endoſé. *That hath his ſhare, or portion, aſſ; whoſe part is limitted, or preſcribed, unto him.*
Endoſſé: m. ée: f. *Indorſed; put upon the back; alſo, backed, or having a back; whence;*
Vn banc endoſſé. *A Bench, a Forme, having a back, or ſtay for the back; alſo, the Bench that's next, or joyning to, a wall.*
Eſpée bien endoſſée. *A ſword that's well, or ſtrongly, backt.*
Endoſſement: m. *An indorſing, or indorſement; alſo, a putting on the back; alſo, a backing, or ſetting a back unto.*
Endoſſer. *To indorſe; alſo, to back, or put a back unto; alſo, to put on the back; whence;*
Endoſſer vn harnois. *To arme himſelfe; to put on his harneſſe; to get an Armour on his back.*
Endoſſeure: f. *The back, or back-part, of any thing; alſo, an indorſement.*
† Endoüairé: m. ée: f. *Endowed; indued with.*
† Endoüaires. *To endow, to indue with.*
Endouille: f. *as* Andouille. *A linke; a chitterling.*
Endouiller: m. *The Brow-antler, or laveſt branch of a Deeres head.*
† Endouloury: m. ie: f. *Grieved, pained.*
† Endoubté: m. ée: f. *Uncertaine, ſtaggering, doubtfull, in doubt.*
Endroict: m. *The ſuperficies, face, or ſide, of a thing; alſo, a Coaſt, Quarter, Place, or Part; and hence;*
En cet endroict. *Hereabouts.*
Robbe à deux endroicts. *A gowne thats made alike on both ſides, or is as good on the one ſide as the other.*
Chaſcun en ſon endroict. *Every one in his quality, ſtate, place, ranke; every one to his power; as much as lies in every one.*
Nager à l'endroict. *To ſwim on the belly.*
Nul endroict ſans ſon envers; Prov.

No outſide without an inſide.

Endroict. m. ćte: f. *Direct; and hence*;
Parjure endroict. *A plaine oath-breaker; or palpable faith-breaker; a moſt falſe man. (An old phraſe.)*

Endroict. (Prepos.) *By, neer, or nigh to; about; round about; alſo, with, towards, in reſpect of.*

Endroict moy. *For my part, as for me.*

Endroit. *as* Endroict.

† Endüe. vne femme bien endüe en la ſaincte Eſcriture; *A woman thats skilfull, or well ſeen, in the Scripture.*

Enduict: m. *Look* Enduit.

Enduict: m. icte: f. *Dawbed, Plaiſtered; alſo, annointed, beſmeared, rubbed over with; alſo, as* Enduit.

Enduire. *To plaiſter, dawbe; annoint, beſmeare: doe, rub, or cover, over with; alſo, to indue, or diſgeſt, as a hawk doth her meat.*

Enduiſement: m. *A plaiſtering, dawbing; annointing, beſmearing; doing, rubbing, or covering over with.*

Enduiſeur: m. *A plaiſterer, dawber, annointer, ſmearer.*

Enduiſſion: f. *as* Enduiſement; *or* Enduit.

Enduit: m. *Plaiſter; alſo, a bed, or lay of plaiſter; alſo, a plaiſtering, or covering over, as with plaiſter: alſo, a dawbing, annointing, ſmearing, or beſmearing.*

Enduit: m. te: f. *Plaiſtered, &c. as* Enduict; *alſo, indued, or diſgeſted, as meat by a hawke.*

Enduite: f. *as* Enduit; *a plaiſtering; alſo, a bed, or lay of plaiſter.*

Endurable: com. *Indurable, beareable, tollerable, ſufferable.*

Endurant. *Induring, patient, ſuffering, abiding, bearing with.*

Endurci: m. ie: f. *Hardened, indurated, confirmed, obdurated.*

Endurcir. *To indurate, harden, obdurate, confirme.*
s'Endurcir. *To wax hard, grow ſtiffe, abide long, ſuſtaine with conſtancy; beare off with head and ſhoulders.*

Enduré: m. ée: f. *Dured, laſted, continued; borne, indured, ſuſtained, ſuffered, abidden, tollerated, undergone.*

Endurement: m. *A during, laſting, long continuance; an induring, ſuffering, tolleration, bearing, ſtanding to it, abiding by it.*

Endurer. *To dure, laſt, continue long; alſo, (and moſt properly) to indure, tollerate, ſuffer, beare, ſuſtaine, abide, undergoe.*
Endurer de quelqu'vn. *To uſe one reſpectfully, or tenderly; to deale with him kindly, intreat him favourably, beare with much at his hands.*
Endurer faut pour durer; Prov. *Such as will dure muſt indure.*
L'on endure tout fors que trop d'aiſe; Prov. *Look* Aiſe.
Le papier endure tout; Prov. *as ſoule blurres, falſe reckonings, all kind of hard, or ill words.*

Enduvetter. *To bedowne, to fill, or ſtuffe, with downe.*

† Eneauë. *Watered; ſeaſoned with, turned into water.*

† Eneauër. *To turne into water; to mingle, or ſeaſon with water.*

† Enenda. *In faith, in truth, in ſooth, truſt me, on my word, in very deed.*

Energie: f. *Energy, effectuall operation, force, efficacy.*

Enervation. *An enervation, weakning, enfeebling; alſo, the ſinewie ſeparation of the Muſcles.*

Enervé. *Enervated, weakned, enfeebled; alſo, feeble, weake, tender, effeminate, without force, without pith, without vigor.*

Enerver. *To enervate, weaken, debilitate, enfeeble; to bereave of force, of pith, of vigor.*

Enfagotré: m. ée: f. *Put into a fagot; made up in the forme of a fagot.*

Enfagotter. *To put into a fagot; or, make up in the forme of a fagot.*

Enfaiſé: m. ée: f. *Made up into a bundle, or truſſe.*

Enfaiſſer. *To pack, or truſſe up; to make into a pack, bundle, truſſe.*

Enfaiſtau: m. *A Ridge-tyle, Creaſt-tyle, Roofe-tyle.*

Enfaiſté: m. ée: f. *Roofed; or, as* Enfeſté; *in* Maiſon Enfeſtée.

Enfaiſture: f. *A ridge, or a ridging; or the frame of a ridge, roofe, or houſe-top.*
Pieces d'enfaiſture. *Sparres, rafters, ridge-pieces of timber.*

Enfance: f. *Infancy, childhood.*

† Enfanchonnets. *Nephewes; or, the children of our children.*

Enfançon: m. *A little infant; a baby, or ſucking child.*

Enfangé: m. ée: f. *Bedurtied, bemyred, bemudded.*

Enfangement. *A bedurtying, bemiring, bemudding.*

Enfanger. *To bedurty, bemudde, bemyre; to ſpattle, beray, or durty all over with myre.*

Enfanſon. *as* Enfançon.

Enfant: m. *An infant; a child.*
Enfant de choëur. *A Quirreſter.*
Enfant de choëur de la meſſe de minuict. *A rale-belly night-walker.*
Enfans de famille. *Yonkers of account, youths of good houſes, children of rich parents (yet alive.)*
Enfant de France. *The ſonne of a King of France.*
Enfant de la mate. *A ruffin, backſter, ſwaſh-buckler, ſwaggerer; mad ſhaver; alſo, a cut-purſe.*
Enfans perdus. *Perdus, in warre; (ordinarily) gentlemen of companies, reſerved for, and expoſed unto, all deſperate ſervices.*
Enfans rouges. *Children brought up in a certaine Hoſpitall at Paris, and attired in red, (as ours of Chriſts-Church in blew.)*
Enfant ſans ſoucy. *An unthrift, ſpend-good, careleſſe companion; alſo, a Jugler, Buffoone, or Tumbler.*
Enfans de la terre. *Licentious, diſſolute, ſenſuall, perſons; thoſe that are wholly ſwayed by their voluptuous, or intemperate humours; thoſe that make earth their heaven, or have their heaven on earth.*
Enfans trouvez. *The name of a Pariſien Hoſpitall, wherein children, found by chance, are nouriſhed.*
Bons enfans. *The name of the moſt ancient College in the Univerſity of Paris.*

Vn fait d'enfant. *A trifling, ſimple, boyiſh, or childiſh part.*
Enfans deviennent grands gens; Pro. *Children, in time, grow men; or, (as we ſay) boyes will be men one day.*
Enfans ſont richeſſes de pauvres gens; Prov. *Children are poore mens riches: (In other Countries, whoſe people are induſtrious, they may perhaps be ſo; but in ours, for the moſt part, ſtore of children make poore me plaine beggers.)*
Ce que l'enfant oit au fouyer, eſt toſt conu iuſques au Monſtier; Prov. *What children heare at home ſoone flies abroad.*
De petit enfant petit dueil; Pro. *A little mourning ſerves for little children.*
Il faut laiſſer ſon enfant morveux pluſtoſt que luy arracher le nez; Pro. *Better a ſnotty child then a noſeleſſe.*
Qui voit enfant, il voit neant; Pro. *He that ſees an infant, ſees nothing (belike becauſe it alters ſo quickly.)*
Soleil qui luiſarne au matin, femme qui parle Latin, & enfant nourry de vin, ne viennent point à bonne fin; Pro.

Enfantant. *Bringing forth a child.*

Enfanté: m. ée: f. *Bred, brought forth, or, brought to bed of a child.*

Enfantement: m. *A bringing to bed, a birth, or bringing forth of children; the time of a womans travell.*

Enfanter. *To bring forth a child, to be delivered, as a woman, of child.*

Enfantiere. femme en. *A child-bearing woman, or woman that lies in childbed.*

Enfantil: m. ile: f. *Childiſh, boyiſh, triſling, ſimple, fond.*

Enfantilement. *Childiſhly, fondly, boy-like.*

Enfantillage: m. *Childiſhneſſe, boyiſhneſſe, childiſh humors.*

Enfantiller. *To play the child, or play as children do; to triſle, to toy it.*

Enfantin. *as* Enfantil.

Enfantinément. *Childiſhly, boyiſhly, infant-like.*

Enfardelé: m. ée: f. *Packed, or made up into a fardle, or bundle.*

Enfardeler. *To packe; to make up into a fardle, or bundle.*

Enfariné: m. ée: f. *Bemealed; whited, or ſtrewed over with meale.*
Bien enfariné. *Flush, mellow, cupſhotten, that hath his headgeere ſoundly; (a metaphor taken from flower caſt on meat, that it cleave not to the Gridiron, and ſo burn; for here his drinke is as flower to keepe his liver from burning his meat.)*

Enfariner. *To bemeale; to white, or ſtrew over with meale.*
Qui entre dans vn moulin il convient de neceſſite qu'il s'enfarine; Pro. *He that goes into a Mill muſt needs be bemealed; he that touches pitch muſt needs be defiled.*

Enfeconder. *To fertilize; to make fruitfull, or fertile.*

Enfelonni: m. ie: f. *Become fierce, waxt curſt, growne cruell.*

s'Enfelonnir. *To become fierce, waxe curſt, grow cruell.*

s'Enfelonniſſant. *Becomming fierce, waxing curſt, growing cruell.*

Enfer: m. *Hell.*

Couleur d'enfer. *A darke, and ſmoakie browne.*

Ou rendre, ou prendre, ou mort d'enfer attendre ; Prov. *The theefe that reſtores not, or is not puniſhed, in this life, hath cauſe to expect damnation in the next.*

† Enferger. *To ſhackle, or fetter.*

† Enferges: f. *Sackles, fetters, irons for the legs.*

Enfermé : m. ée : f. *Shut, kept, locked up cloſe ; under lock and key ; alſo, incloſed, hedged, or hemm'd in.*

Enferme : com. *Infirme, weake, feeble, unable ; craſie, broken, ſickiſh.*

Enfermement : m. *A ſhutting, locking, or keeping up ; an incloſing, hedging, or hemming in.*

Enfermer. *To ſhut, lock, or keep cloſe up, to incloſe, hedge, or hemme in.*

Enfermerie: f. *An Hoſpitall, or Spittle for ſick, or maimed people ; alſo, a Cloiſter, or Fryerie.*

Enfermier : m. *An overſeer of the ſicke in Hoſpitals ; alſo, the Porter of a Fryerie.*

Enferré : m. ée: f. *Shackled, layed in irons, chained up ; alſo, pierced, or thruſt into, with an iron blade, as ;*

Ils eſt enferré. *He hath run, or fallen, upon his owne ſword ; he hath run himſelfe quite through.*

Enferrer. *To ſhackle, chaine up, or lay in irons ; alſo, to ſtrike, run, pierce, or thruſt into, with a ſword, &c.*

Les Enfers. *Hell. Seek* Enfer.

Enfeſtau : m. *A Roofe-tile, or, a Ridge-tile.*

Enfeſté : m. ée : f. *Kept holyday ; or, ſolemnized with a holyday ; alſo, roofed ; whence ;*

Maiſon enfeſtée. *whoſe roofe is furniſhed, or tiled.*

Enfeſter. *To keep holyday ; to ſolemnize with a holyday ; to make holyday for the ſake, or make a holyday in remembrance of.*

Enfeſter vn edifice. *To tyle a houſe, or, to finiſh the roofe thereof by tyling it.*

Enfueillé: m. ée: f. *Covered with, or hidden among, leaves.*

s'Enfueiller. *To cover himſelfe with, or hide himſelfe among, leaves.*

Enfiellé : m. ée : f. *Made bitter as gall ; filled, or mingled, with gall.*

Enfieller. *To make bitter ; to fill, or mingle, with gall.*

Enfieri: m. ie: f. *Grown proud, lofty, ſtately.*

s'Enfierir. *To wax proud, grow ſtately, become lofty, take much upon him.*

Enfievré : m. ée : f. *Driven, put, or caſt into an ague.*

Enfievrer. *To put, or caſt into an ague ; to drive into a feaver.*

Enfilé: m. ée ; f. *Threaded as a needle ; alſo, put on a thread, as pearle, &c. alſo, intangled, inſnared, caught faſt.*

Enfiler. *To thread ; alſo, to intangle, or inſnare ; alſo, to ſtab, or pierce into.*

Enfiler la venelle. *To run away.*

Il en cuida bien enfiler ſon aiguille. *He thought to have gotten much by the bargain, he meant to feather his neaſt well by it.*

† Enfinceux: m. euſe: f. *Wanton, laſcivious, petulant ; or, as* Endemené.

Enfiſtulé: m. ée: f. *Infiſtulated ; that hath gotten a Fiſtula.*

Enflambant. *Inflaming, firing, or, ſetting on a light fire.*

Enflambé: m. ée : f. *Inflamed; inkindled, ſet on a light fire.*

Amende enflambée. *Look* Amende.

Enflambement : m. *An inflaming, firing; incenſing, inkindling ; an inflammation.*

Enflamber. *To inflame, fire, ſet on a light fire ; bliſter with heat ; incenſe, inkindle, fill with ardor.*

s'enflamber de courroux. *To fume, chafe, wax as hot as a toſt.*

Enflammant. *Inflaming ; inkindling ; firing, or ſetting on a light fire.*

Enflammé : m. ée : f. *as* Enflambé.

Enflé: m. ée: f. *Swollen; riſen ; puffed up, ſtrouted out.*

Enfle-boeuf : m. *The long-legd Beetle, or Ox-fly.*

Enflecheures : f. *The ratlings ; the cordy ſteps whereby Mariners climbe up to the top of a Maſt.*

Enflement: m. *A ſwelling; riſing, raiſing ; puffing up, ſtrouting out.*

Enflément. *Swellingly ; puffingly, ſtroutingly.*

Enfler. *To ſwell, raiſe, blow, or puffe up; alſo, as ;*

s'Enfler. *To ſwell, riſe, wax big, ſtrout out.*

Enfleſcher. *To pierce, or ſhoot into with arrowes.*

Enfleure : f. *A ſwelling, riſing, inflation, puffing up, ſtrouting out.*

Enfleurer. *as* Enfleurir.

Enfleurir. *To beflower ; to ſpread, ſtrew, ſet, or deck, with flowers.*

Enfleuronner. *as* Enfleurir.

Enflure: f. *as* Enfleure.

Enfoiri: m. ie: f. *Beraged, beſquattered, beſhitten.*

Enfoirir. *To beſquirt, beſquatter, beray, beſhite.*

Enfolaſtré : m. ée : f. *Fooliſhly enamoured, or doating on, fondly in love with.*

Enfoncé m: ée: f. *Sunke deepe, gone farre, into ; fallen into the bottome of, as* Enfoncé.

Enfoncement : m. *A ſinking ; a bulging ; a driving, or dinging farre in ; a beating, or forcing downe ; a breaking, going, or working deep into ; alſo, a ding, dint, hole, bottome, hollow.*

Enfoncer. *as* Enfonſer.

Enfondrant. *Sinking, drowning, overwhelming (as in a puddle, or mire ;) alſo, yielding, as a ſoft thing to the force, or violence of a hard.*

Enfondré: m. ée: f. *Sunke, drowned, overwhelmed, plunged into the bottome of (a puddle, or mire ;) alſo, extremely dinted, or beaten farre in.*

Enfondrer. *To ſinke, drowne, overwhelme, plunge into the bottome (of a puddle, ſlough, or mire.)*

Enfondrer vn chemin. *To weare or make great holes in, a way ; to make a deep way.*

Enfondrer vn harnois. *To make a great dint in an armour.*

Enfondu : m. uë: f. *Muck-wet, wringing-wet.*

Enfonsé: m. ée: f. *Sunke, gone deep ; driven, forced, or fallen, downe into the bottome of ; bulged ; beaten farre in ; broken open ; wrought deep into.*

Il a enfonsé la matiere. *Het hath thruſt himſelfe very farre, he hath run himſelfe over head and eares, into the matter.*

Enfoncer. *To drive, or force downe to the bottome ; to beat deep ; or thruſt far, into ; to bulge.*

s'enfonſer. *To ſinke, or go deep ; to fall downe into the bottome ; to overwhelme himſelfe ; to run over head and eares into.*

Enfonſer vn arc. *To bend a bowe very hard ; or, to draw a bowe as farre as it will bend.*

Enfonſer vn huis. *To beat in, or breake open, a doore.*

Enfonſer vn lict. *To boord the bottome of a bed.*

Enfonſer de la marchandiſe en de tonneaux. *To pack up wares into Drifats, or Tunnes.*

Enfonſer le poignet. *To greaſe in the fiſt ; to corrupt with gifts or bribes ; alſo, to gaine, or grow rich, by ſuch corruption.*

Enfonſure: f. *A beating, or dinging, a ſinking, or thruſting, farre in ; or, as* Enfoncement.

L'enfonſure d'un chaliz. *The boordell bottome of a bedſtead.*

L'enfonſure du teſt d'une noix. *The bottome of a Nuſhell.*

Enforcé : m. ée : f. *Strengthned, confirmed, given force unto ; or whereunto force is given.*

s'Enforcer. *Alors s'enforça la feſte. Then did the feaſt increaſe.*

Enforci: m. ie: f. *Inforced, confirmed, ſtrengthned.*

Enforcir. *To inforce, confirme, ſtrengthen ; add power, apply force, give ſtrength, unto.*

s'Enforcir. *To grow ſtrong, become luſty, wax couragious, or vigorous ; take heart, recover his force, pick up his crummies.*

Enformé : m. ée : f. *Formed, faſhioned.*

Enformer. *To forme, faſhion, add ſhape, or making unto.*

† Enforti: m. ie: f. *Strengthned ; faſtned ; inforced, fortified, alſo, thickned (as cloth is by fulling.)*

Enfoüé : m. ée : f. *Converted, or turned, into fire.*

Enfoüer. *To convert into fire ; to turne to fire.*

Enfoui : m. *Digged in ; buried, interred.*

Enfouïr. *To dig in, to bury, interre, hide, or lay, in the ground.*

Enfouïſſement: m. *A digging ; an interring, a burying, or biding in the ground.*

Enfourché : m. ée : f. *Forked, made forke-wiſe.*

Enfourchir. *To beſtryde ; alſo, to beſtride.*

Enfourchure: m. *as* Fourcheure.

Enfourné : m. ée : f. *Put into, or ſhut up in, an oven ; alſo, begun, ſet in worke, taken in hand.*

Enfournement: m. *A putting into, or ſhutting up in, an oven ; a ſetting in ; alſo, the beginning, or firſt part, of a matter.*

Enfourner. *To put or ſet, plate or ſhut up, in an oven ; alſo, to begin, ſet in hand, or on worke.*

s'Enfourner: m. *To undertake, enter into, imbarke himſelfe in.*

Il eſt auſſi ſage qu'oncques puis n'enfournaſmes nous. *He is even as wiſe as he was at firſt ; a cocombe be wan, and a cokes be it.*

A l'enfourner on naît les pains cornus ; Prov. *A buſineſſe is ſooneſt mar'd while it is a beginning ; or, at the ſetting in is moſt hurt done, for then are faults moſt eaſily committed, and (a little overſlipt) hardly amended ; of a like ſence is* ; Qui mal enfourne tire les pains cornus ; Prov. *He that begins (a matter) untowardly, ends (it) ilfavouredly.*

Enfouy. *Digged in ; buried, interred ; layed, put, or hid, in the ground.*

Enfouyr. *as* Enfouir.

Enfractueux : m. euſe : f. *Intricate, mazelike, involved, perplexed ; that hath many turnings, and windings.*

Enfractuoſité : f. *A manifold winding, turning, involution, intricacy, compaſſe.*

Enfraint : m. ẽte : f. *Infringed, violated, broken.*

Enfraindre. *To infringe, violate ; break in pieces.*

Enfrangé : m. ée : f. *Befringed ; edged with fringe.*

Enfranger. *To befringe ; to edge, or ſet, with fringe.*

Enfriché : m. ẽe : f. *Growne wild, overgrowne with ſhrubs, or weeds ; for want of tillage, &c.*

s'Enfricher. *To grow wild, or be overgrown with ſhrubs, or weeds, as land for want of tillage, &c.*

Enfroidureé. Ie ſuis enfroidureé. *I have gotten a cold, I have taken cold.*

s'Enfroidurer. *To take cold, to get a cold.*

Enfroqué : m. ée : f. *Attired in, or covered with, a Monkes hood, or Cowle ; and hence,*

Cerveaux enfroquez. *Monkes, Friers, &c.*

Enfroquer. *To attire in, or cover with, a cowle ; and hence, to make, or inſtitute a Monke, &c.*

Enfruité : m. ée : f. *Stored, filled, or garniſhed, with fruit.*

Enfruiter. *To ſtore, fill, or garniſh, with fruit.*

Enfueillé : m. ée : f. *Incircled, ſtuck or ſet, ſtored or furniſhed, with leaves.*

Enfueiller. *To beleafe ; to ſtick or ſet, ſtore or furniſh, with leaves.*

s'Enfueiller. *To hide, or ſhrowd himſelfe among leaves.*

s'Enfuir. *To flie, take his heeles, run away, get packing as faſt as he can, ſhew a faire paire of heeles.*

s'Enfuir en cachette. *To giue the ſlip, ſlinck away privily, ſlink out of company.*

Le vin s'enfuit par deſſus. *The wine ſpills, or runs over, at the top of.*

Qui s'enfuit on l'enfuit ; Prov. *Men follow thoſe that flie.*

Enfumé : m. *as* Canthare. *A dusky ſeafiſh, that lives upon ſlime, and ordure.*

Enfumé : m. ée : f. *Smoaked, or beſmoaked ; perfumed or ſmothered, with ſmoak ; hanged or dryed, in the ſmoake ; alſo, ſmoaky ; and, of a ſmoake-browne, or duskie-ruſſet colour ; ſmoake-coloured.*

Enfumement : m. *A ſmoaking, or beſmoaking ; a perfuming with ſmoak, or hanging in the ſmoake.*

Enfumer. *To ſmoake, or beſmoak ; to ſmother or perfume, with ſmoake ; to hang or dry, in the ſmoake.*

† Enfuriés : m. ée : f. *Enraged, inflamed with fury, ſtarke mad.*

Enfuſté : m. ée : f. *Inpiped, or incaſked ; joyned or faſtned unto, entered or put into, the ſtaves, or ſide-boords, of Caske.*

Engage : m. *A pledge, pawne, gage, ingagement.*

Engagé : m. ée : f. *Ingaged, impledged, pawned.*

Engagement : m. *A pawning, ingaging, impledging, laying to pawne.*

Engager. *To pawne, impledge, ingage, to lay to pawne, or to pledge.*

Engageur : m. *A pledger, ingager, pawner.*

Engageure : f. *as* Engagement.

Engaigne : f. *A wyle, deceit, ſleight, craft, fraud.*

Engaigné. *as* Engigné. ¶ Pic. *alſo, egged, urged, provoked.*

† Engaigner. *To couſen, gull, deceive ; alſo, to charme, or inchant ; alſo, to egge, incite, ſet on, provoke.* ¶ Pic.

Engain : m. *Anger, choler.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, a deceit, wile, ſleight, couſening trick.*

Engainé : m. ée : f. *Sheathed ; put into a ſheath.*

Engainer. *To ſheath, to put up into the ſheath.*

Engane-paſtre. *The little bird called, a water-wagtaile.*

Enganer. *To deceive ; and (more particularly) a nurſe to conceale her being with child ; whereby ſhe defrauds her charge of due nouriſhment.* ¶ Langued.

Enganté. m. ée : f. *Beloved.*

Mitaines enganteés. *Mittaines like gloves.*

Engarber. *as* Encontenancer *(but with more boldneſſe, and bravery ;) alſo, to cavet.*

Engardé : m. ée : f. *Kept, with-held, letted, hindered, ſtopped, ſtayed from ; prohibited, forbidden, ſtinted, repreſſed, reſtrained.*

Engarder. *To with-hold, keep from ; let, ſtop, hinder, ſtay ; prohibite, forbid, ſtint, reſtraine.*

Engarder la hardieſſe de. *To bridle the ſaucineſſe, curb the boldneſſe, keep downe the ſtomack, of.*

† Engaſtrimyte. *That ſpeaks out of the belly, as one that is poſſeſſed, ſeems to do.*

† Engaſtrimythes. *(The ſame) crooked-backtmen are ſo termed becauſe, commonly, their voice is hollow.*

† Engaunché. *as* Encaunché.

Enge. *as* Engeance.

Engé : m. ée : f. *Stored, furniſhed, filled with th'increaſe, or kind of ; alſo, grown, increaſed, ſpread farre abroad.*

De poules, & de pauvreté on en eſt bien toſt engé ; Prov. *Chickens and poverty come on apace.*

Engeance : f. *A breed, race, brood ; the ſeed, or off-ſpring of.*

Engeancement. *A breeding, increaſing, continuing the race of.*

Engeancer. *To breed, grow ; increaſe in growth.*

Engelé : m. ée : f. *Frozen, congealed.*

Engeler. *To freeze, congeale, ſet an ice on.*

Engeleure : f. *A chilblane ; or, the blandſhot which cold ſettles, and congeales upon the fingers.*

Egendré : m. ée : f. *Ingendred, procreated, begotten, bred ; made, cauſed, procured, begun.*

Engendrement : m. *An ingendring, procreating, begetting, breeding ; a cauſing, making, procuring, beginning.*

Engendrer. *To ingender, procreate, beget, breed ; cauſe, make, procure, begin.*

Engendreur : m. *An ingenderer, begetter, breeder ; a maker, procurer, beginner of.*

Engendreure : *or* Engendrure : f. *A procreation ; or as,* Engendremens.

Engeolé. *as* Enjaulé ; *alſo, incaged, or ingaoled.*

Engeoler. *To attract, intice, allure, win, inveagle, beſot, inthrall (by faire and deceitfull words ;) alſo, to incage, or ingaole, to put in a cage, to lay in gaole.*

Enger. *To produce, or make to grow ; to ſtore, furniſh, or fill with th'increaſe, or kind of ; alſo, to grow, increaſe, extend, or ſpread it ſelfe abroad.*

Engerbé : m. ée : f. *Bound up together in a ſheafe, as Corne.*

Engerber. *To ſheafe, or bind up (as corne) in a ſheafe.*

Engeronné : m. ée : f. *Dandled on, or hugged in, the lap.*

Engeronner. *To dandle upon the lap, as a nurſe, or mother, her child.*

† Engigné : m. ée : f. *Charmed, bewitched, inchaunted ; alſo, couſened, beguiled, gulled.*

† Engigner. *To charme, bewitch, inchaunt ; alſo, to couſen, gull, deceive, beguile.*

† Engigneur : m. *A deceiver, beguiler, couſener ; alſo, an Inchaunter.*

Engin : m. *An engin, toole, inſtrument ; alſo, underſtanding, policy, reach of wit ; alſo, ſubtilty, fraud, craft, wilineſſe, deceit.*

Vn homme ſans mal engin. *A ſincere, upright, plain-dealing man.*

Mieux vaut engin que force ; Pro. *Better be wiſe then ſtrong.*

† Enginé : m. ée. f. *Bewitched, inchanted, inchaunted, couſened, gulled, beguiled.*

† Enginer. *as* Engigner.

Enginier : m. *An Enginer ; a maker of Engins.*

Engiponné : m. ée : f. *Clothed, muffled, or lapped up in a coat, or ſhort caſſock ; alſo, ragged, or, in rags.*

Englacé : m. ée : f. *Grown cold as ice.*

s'Englacer. *To wax as cold as ice.*

Englantine. *An Eglantine. Seek* Anglantine.

Engle : f. *as* Angle ; *a corner.*

Englentier. *A Sweet-brier tree.*

Engler. *To ſhut up in a corner. Seeke* Angler.

Englet. *Seek* Anglet.

Englobé : m. ée : f. *Inglobed ; comprehended, or contained within the circumference of.*

Englober. *To inglobe ; to comprehend, or containe within the circumference of.*

Englobure : f. *An inglobing ; alſo, a globelike circumference, or compaſſe.*

Englouti : m. ie : f. *Inglutted, ingulfed, greedily devoured, ſwallowed up.*

Engloutir. *To devour, inglut, ingulfe, ſwallow up.*

Englué : m. ée : f. *Belymed, caught, or dreſſed, with birdlyme.*

Engluer. *To lime, to dreſſe, or catch, with birdlime.*

† Englume. *as* Enclume ; *an Anvile.*

Engolfé : m. ée : f. *Ingulphed, ſwallowed up in a gulfe.*

Engolfer. *To ingulfe.*

Engon-

Engoncé : m. ée : f. *Pinn'd in by, or ſet faſt in ; ſtraitned, wanting libertie, not able to ſtirre for ; (a metaphor from dowves, which turne not well upon their hindges.)*

Engorgé : m. ée : f. *Ingorged, ravened, devoured, ſwilled up, ſwallowed downe ; alſo, choaked.*

Engorgement : m. *A glutting, ravening, devouring, ingorging ; a ſwallowing up, as of a river by the ſea ; alſo, a choaking, or ſtopping the throat of ; alſo, a giving of a full gorge unto.*

Engorger. *To raven, ingorge, devoure, glut, ſwill up, ſwallow downe.*

Engorger le cours d'un moulin. *To choake, or ſtop up, a mill with too much water.*

Engorger vn oyſeau. *To give a Hawke a full gorge.*

Engorgeur : m. *A ravener, glutton, gulch, ingorger ; one that, to eat the faſter, ſwallowes downe his meat whole.*

Engorgeux : m. euſe : f. *Ingorging, ravenous, greedie, devouring, ſwilling up, ſwallowing downe.*

Engoüé : m. ée : f. *Choaked, ſtifled, ſtrangled with too great a morſell.*

Engoüer. *as* Anoüer ; *or (altogether) to choake, or ſtifle.*

Engouffrer. *To ingulfe.*

s'engouffrer. *A little thing violently to fall into, and utterly be loſt in (or devoured by) a greater ; as a brooke when it meets with a river, or a river when it comes to the ſea ; to ſinke downe, or deepe, as into a gulfe.*

Le vent s'engouffre, & s'entonne en ce lieu là. *The wind whirles, and whizzes terribly ; or, hath a great ſtrength, and makes a great noiſe, in that hollow place.*

Engouler. *To put into, or ſend downe, the throat ; to devoure, to ingorge.*

Engouleur. *A raveuer ; as* Engorgeur.

Engoulphé : m. ée : f. *Ingulfed ; entred into, or ſwallowed by, a gulfe.*

Engourdi : m. ie : f. *Benummed, nummed, aſtonied, ſtupified, ſenſeleſſe, aſleepe.*

Eſprit engourdi. *A dull, and blockiſh wit ; a wit that's devoid of invention.*

Engourdir. *To numme, benumme, ſtupifie, make ſenſeleſſe, aſtoniſh ; alſo, to be, or grow numme, ſtonied, ſenſeleſſe.*

Engourdiſſement : m. *A benumming, or nummeſſe ; an aſtonying, or ſenſeleſneſſe, a ſtupiditie, or dullneſſe ; a ſleeping of any limbe, or member.*

Engourmelé : m. ée : f. *Curded, or curdled thick.*

Sang engourmelé. *Clotted bloud.*

Engourmeler. *To curd, or curdle much ; alſo, to thicken, or clot, as bloud when it growes cold.*

Engouſté : m. ée : f. *Put in taſte, brought unto a ſtomack ; alſo, inchaſed, incloſed, or ſet into.*

Engrais de terre : m. *The manuring, or dunging of land, whereby it growes the fatter, and fitter for any uſe.*

Engrais de volaille. *The franking, or fattening of fowle.*

Beufs d'engrais. *Fat Oxen, Beeves alreadie fed.*

Tenir ſon ventre à l'engrais. *To feed, franke, or fatten himſelfe.*

Engraiſſant. *Fattening, franking, feeding.*

Engraiſſé : m, ée : f. *Fed, fattened, franked ; crammed ; alſo, marled, or manured.*

Engraiſſement : m. *A franking, fattening, feeding, batling ; a puting, or growing into fleſh, and fatneſſe.*

Engraiſſer. *To feed, franke, fatten ; to put, or bring into fleſh, and fatneſſe.*

Engraiſſer vn champ. *To marle, manure, or dung a field ; to battle it, or make it fertile.*

Le temps s'engraiſſe. *The weather growes thick.*

Engraiſſiſſant. *as* Engraiſſant.

Engraiz : m. *Looke* Engrais.

† Engrand. Tu es bien engrand de trotter. *Thou wouldſt faine be packing ; thou longeſt much to be gadding, thou haſt a monebis mind to be gone.*

Engrangé : m. ée : f. *Inned, or put into a barne, as corne, &c.*

Engrangement : m. *An inning of corne, &c. a puting, or ſhutting up in a barne.*

Engranger. *To inne corne, &c. to put, or ſhut up in a barne.*

Engravé : m. ée : f. *Ingraven, carved, intailed.*

Engraver. *To ingrave, cut, carve, taile.*

Engraveur : m. *A carver, cutter, ingraver, intailer.*

Engraveure : f. *An intailing, cutting, ingraving ; ingraverie ; alſo, a figure ingraved.*

s'Engreger. *To grow worſe, become ſower, wax more painefull, grievous, or troubleſome.*

† Engreigné. Porc engreigné. *A meaſeld Hog.*

Engrené : m. ée : f. *Ingrained ; filled, or furniſhed with ſeed, or corne.*

Engrener. *To ingraine ; to fill, or furniſh with ſeed, corne, or graine.*

Engreſlé : m. ée : f. *Ingrayled, or invecked, (a tearme of Blaſon.)*

Engreſſure : f. *An ingrayling, or invecking ; a kind of ſmall indenting, or jagging, in a Coat of Armes.*

Engreſſement : m. *as* Engraiſſement.

† Engriner. *To biggen, increaſe, grow greater.*

Engroignè : m. ée : f. *Sullen, pouting, lowring, grunting, frowning.*

Engroin : m. *Sullenneſſe, pouting ; lowring, frowning ; malice, deſpightfulneſſe.*

Engroiſſi : m. ie : f. *Greatned ; made, or growne big.*

Engrommelé. *Clotted, cluttered, curded thick ; gathered into knobs, or knots.*

Engroſſi : m. ie : f. *Greatned, increaſed, inlarged, well thriven, batled apace ; growne large, become groſſe, waxt great, made big.*

Engroſſir vne femme. *To greaten, make great, or groſſe ; to get with child.*

s'Engroſſir. *To thrive, increaſe, become groſſe, grow large, wax big ; to fatten, or battle apace.*

Engroſſiſſement. *A growing, increaſing ; thriving ; (de femelles) a hagging ; a being great with child, or big with young.*

Engroüée : m. ée : f. *Stopped, cloged, or choaked up, as the courſe of a water-mill, by weedes, &c. or, as* Angoüé.

Pie engroüée. *A Wariangle ; or, a ſmall Wood-pecker, white and black of colour, and but halfe as big as the ordinary greene one ; called thus about* Tours.

† Enguigné : m. ée : f. *Deceived, couſened, gulled, beguiled.*

† Enguigner. *To deceive, couſen, gull, beguile.*

† Enguiponné. *as* Engiponné.

Enguirlandé : m. ée : f. *Adorned, or crowned, with a garland ; wearing a garland.*

Enguirlander. *To adorne, or crowne, with a garland.*

Engyronner. *To inviron, incompaſſe ; as* Environner.

Engys. *as* Aupres. ¶ Rab.

Enhaillonné : m. ée : f. *Tattered, ragged, full of clouts, or of patches ; wearing torne, or patched, clothes.*

† Enhair. *To hate, loath, deteſt.*

Enhanné. *Toyled hard, laboured extremely, wrought unto ſweating, toyled unto ſighing.*

Enhanner. *To toyle hard, labour extremely, or vehemently ; worke till he ſweat, or ſigh withall.*

† Enhanté : m. ée : f. *Having a ſtaffe, or handle, put unto it.*

Enhanter vne pique. *To put the ſtaffe into the head of a Pike.*

Enhardi : m. ie : f. *Heartened, animated, imboldened, incouraged ; growne bold, hardie, confident.*

Ie me ſuis enhardi, de. *I preſumed ; or was ſo bold as.*

Enhardir. *To hearten, imbolden, animate, incourage ; make hardy, give heart unto, put metall into.*

s'enhardir. *To waxe hardy, get heart, grow confident ; alſo, to preſume, or venture on.*

Enharnaché : m. ée : f. *Harneiſted ; furniſhed, fully trapped.*

Enharnachement : m. *The harneiſe, or furniture ; alſo, a harneiſing, of a horſe.*

Enharnacher vn cheval. *To harneis a horſe ; to put on all his furniture.*

† Enharnichement. *as* Enharnachement.

† Enhaſté : m. ée : f. *Spitted, put upon a ſpit.*

† Enhaſter. *To ſpit, to put on the ſpit.*

Enhault. *Aloft, above ;* d'enhaut. *From above.*

† Enhazé : m. ée : f. *Very buſie, keene, or eager at worke ; full of imployments, that hath many irons in the fire ; or much to do.* ¶ Pariſien.

Il eſt tout enhazé à plouvoir. *It is ſet to raine.*

† Enherbé : m. ée : f. *Charmed, bewitched, or impoiſoned, with herbes.*

† Enherbement : m. *A bewitching, or impoyſoning with herbes.*

† Enherber. *To charme, bewitch, or poyſon, with herbes.*

Enheritet aucun. *To make one his heire.*

† Enheudé : m. ée : f. *Fettered, or tethered.*

† Enheuder. *To fetter, tether, faſten the legs, or faſten by the leg.* ¶ Brect.

† Enhorner. *to To tip, or nocke with horne.*

† Enhort : m. *An exhortation, perſwaſion, requeſt ; incitement, incouragement.*

† Enhorté : m. ée : f. *Exhorted, required ; perſuaded, adviſed ; incited, animated, incouraged, unto.*

† Enhortement. *as* Enhort ; *Alſo, an exhorting, requiring ; perſuading, adviſing ; inciting, incouraging unto.*

† Enhorter. *To exhort, require, deſire, move, perſwade, adviſe ; incite, incourage, animate ; ſtirre, or cheere up, unto.*

† Enhorteur : m. *An exhorter, perſuader, mover, adviſer ; inciter, incourager, cheerer up, unto.*

Enhorté: m. ée: f. *Stuck fast (as a coach, &c.) in the mire.*

† Enhui. *To day, this day.*

Enhuilé: m. ée: f. *Oyled; annointed, mingled, or seasoned, with oyle.*

Enhuiler. *To oyle; to dresse, annoint, season, mingle, besmeare, with oyle.*

Enhuiler vn homme qui meurt. *To minister the Sacrament of extreme Unction.*

Enhydrer. *To breed many mischiefes by the cutting off of one; or many mischiefes to breed by, &c.*

Enhydride. *An Adder, or water-Snake.* ℣ Rab.

† Enjablé: m. ée: f. *Whose Crowes are made; or, whose head is fitted for the Crows.*

† Enjabler. *To rigoll a piece of cake; or, to make the Crowes; also, to make the head fit for the Crowes.*

† s'Enjalouser. *To grow jealous.*

Enjambé: m. ée: f. *Strid over; also, incroached on.*

Enjambée: f. *A stride; or, as much ground as one can stride over.*

Enjambement: m. *An incroaching upon, or, striding over.*

Enjamber. *To stride over; also, to incroach upon; and hence;*

Enjamber sur les marches d'autruy. *To usurpe, intrude upon, or meddle with, another mans right.*

Enjambeure: f. *as* Enjambée; *a stride.*

Enjambûre. *The same.*

Enjavelé: m. ée: f. *Made, or bound up, as corne, into Javels.*

Enjaveler. *To make up corne into Javels, or Gavels.*

Enjaveleur: m. *A maker, or binder up of corne into Javels.*

Enjaveliner. *To arme, or strike, with a Javeline.*

Enjaulé: m. ée: f. *Attracted, inticed, allured, inveagled, besotted, inthralled by faire, (but deceitfull) words.*

Enjauler. *To intice, attract, allure, besot, inveagle, win, inthrall by faire, (and deceitfull) tearms; to cog extremely with.*

Enjauleur: m. *A beguiler, inveagler; guller; a foisting companion, cogging marchant, cousening mate; one that by faire speech deceives them he deales with.*

Enjauleuse: f. *An inticing bus-wife.*

s'Enjaunir. *To wax yellow.*

Enjeoller. *as* Enjauler, *or* Engeoler.

En-jeu. va en. *A stake at play.*

Enig. *With.* ℣ Alleman. ℣ Rab.

Enigmatique: com. *Enigmaticall; obscure, mysticall, hard to be understood.*

Enigme: m. *A riddle; a darke question, an obscure, and mysticall demand.*

Enjobeliné: m. ée: f. *Besotted, gulled, abused, brought into a fooles Paradise.*

Enjobeliner. *To deceive, besot, bring into a fooles Paradise; to gull, to abuse.*

Enjoinct: m. cte: f. *Injoyned, commanded, appointed to be done.*

Enjoincté: m. ée: f. Bas enjoincté. *Low jointed.*

Enjoindre. *To injoyne, ordaine, appoint, or command a thing to be done.*

Enjoler. *as* Enjauler. *To deceive, or besot with faire words.*

Enjolivement: m. *Neatnesse, Finnesse, comelinesse, handsomnesse, gallantnesse, curiositie (in attire.)*

Enjoliver. *To deck, adorne, pranke, trim; to make neat, fine, gallant, handsome.*

Enjoliveure: f. *A decking, pranking, trimming; attiring; also, an attire.*

Enjolleur: m. *as* Enjauleur.

Enjoncé: m. ée: f. *Strewed, bedecked, or set out, with green rushes, fresh herbs, or pretty flowers.*

Enjoncher. *To strew, imbellish, or decke; as with green rushes, pretty flowers, fresh herbes.*

Enjoüé: m. ée: f. *Chuffie, full-cheeked, swolne-cheeked; also, lecherous, lascivious, wanton; blithe, jocond, frolick.*

† Enjoyallier. *To bejewell; to decke, furnish, inrich, with jewels.*

† Enjuvencé: m. ée: f. *Made young, or youthfull.*

† Enjuvencer. *To make youthfull, young, lusty, frolick.*

† Enixe: com. *Earnest, indeavouring, labouring hard.*

Enlacé: m. ée: f. *Snarled, intangled, insnared.*

Enlacer. *To snarle, intangle, insnare.*

Enlaidi: m. ie: f. *Growne foule, ougly, ill-favoured, filthie, sluttish, disfigured; out of favour.*

Enlaidir. *To make foule, ouglie, ill-favoured; to disfigure, defile, distaine.*

Enlaidissant. *Disfiguring, defiling, making foule.*

Enlaidissement: m. *A disfiguring, or defiling; a making foule, ougly, loathsome to the eye,*

Enlanguagé. Bien en. *An eloquent, or well-spoken man.*

Enlassé: m. ée: f. *Hard-knit, strait-bound; also, insnared, intangled.*

Enlassement: m. *A strait-knitting, or binding; also, an intangling, insnaring, insnaring.*

Enlevé. *Swollen; lifted, raised up; also, conveyed, or carried away.*

Imagette enlevée. *A small imbossed image.*

Enlevement: m. *A lifting, raising, or heaving up; also, a conveying, or carrying away.*

Enlever. *To lift, heave, raise up; also, to take, convey, or carry away (by force, &c.)*

Enleveure: f. *as* Enlevement; *a swelling, rising, puffing, raising up of.*

Enleveure d'un os. *An extraordinary, and unnaturall swelling of a bone in any part thereof.*

† Enliém. ée: f. *Bound, or knit up together.*

† Enlier. *To bind, or knit up together.*

Enlignagé. Bien en. *Of a good kindred, very well allyed, of a great house.*

Enlissé: m. ée: f. *Smoothed, sleeked.*

Enlisseure: f. *A smoothing, or sleeking.* Seek Parer.

Enlourdi: m. ie: f. *Grown dull, sottish, lumpish, heavy headed, lob like.*

Enluminé: m. ée: f. *Cleered, brightened, inlightened, illuminated; sleeked, burnished; also, limned.*

Visage enluminé. *The flusht, or fiery countenance of one that hath taken, or uses to take, a pot too much.*

Enluminer. *To illuminate, inlighten, cleere, brighten, illustrate; also, to sleek, or burnish; also, to limne.*

Enlumineur de livres. *A burnisher of bookes; (we call one that coloureth, or paineth upon, Paper, or Parchment, an Alluminer.)*

Enlumineure: f. *A burnishing, or sleeking; also, a limning.*

† Ennasin. *Belonging to the nose.*

Ennassé: m. ée: f. *Intrapped, inclosed, imprisoned, or caught, as fish in a weele.*

s'Ennasser. *To be inthralled, imprisoned, intrapped, inclosed, or caught, as fish in a weele, (which is easily entred, but hardly got out of.)*

† Ennazé: m. ée: f. *Put on the nose.*

† Ennazer. *To put on the nose.*

Enneigé. *Full of snow.*

Ennelé. Jambes ennelées. *Baker-legs.*

Ennemi: m. *An enemy, a foe, an adversary.*

Il n'eſt nuls petis ennemis; Prov. *No enemy can be tearmed little; the least enemy is too great for him that loveth peace.*

Qui paſſe vn iour d'hyuer; il paſſe vn de ſes ennemis mortels; Prov. *Look* Paſſer.

Ennemie: f. *A shee-foe.*

Ennicroché: m. ée: f. *Hooked, intangled, intwrapped, or wrought one within another.* ℣ Rab.

Enniellé. *Blasted, as corne, &c.*

s'Ennieller. *Corn, vines, or fruits, to be blasted.*

Ennobli: m. ie: f. *Ennobled, nobilitated, made noble, made a gentleman (most properly meant of one that hath bought his Gentry of the French King, who makes many such Gentlemen when he wants money.)*

Ennoblir. *To ennoble, nobilitate, make noble.*

Ennoblissement: m. *An ennobling, nobilitating, making noble, or of gentle bloud.*

Ennoirci: m. ie: f. *Blacked, grown blacke, made black.*

Ennoircir. *To black; to make black; also, to wax black.*

Ennombré: m. ée: f. *Enumerated, numbred out; told, or counted over.*

Ennombrer. *To enumerate, or number out; to tell, or count over.*

† Ennoſé. *Almost choaked with a bone.* Seek Enoſé.

Ennoué: m. ée: f. *Tied up, or on a knot.*

Ennoüer. *To make a knot, or tie on a knot.*

Ennoye: f. *A certain venemous worme, which going both wayes, and having (as a ground-worme) her head, and taile of one bigneſſe, is said to have two heads.*

† Ennuagé: m. ée: f. *Overclouded, overshadowed with a cloud.*

† Ennuager. *To overcloud, or overshadow, as with a cloud.*

† s'Ennuër. *To wax cloudy, as the skie before ill weather.*

Ennuicté: m. ée: f. *Benighted, turned into night.*

Ennuicter. *To benight, make night, turn into night;* Looke Anuicter.

Ennuicti: m. ie: f. *Benighted*

Ennuy: m. *Annoy; vexation, trouble, disquiet, molestation; sorrow, griefe, anguish, wearisomnesse, tedious-nesse, irkesomnesse; importunity; a loathing, or society, of; a discontentment, or offence, at.*

Ennuyé: m. ée: f. *Annoyed; vexed, disquieted, molested, grieved, afflicted; wearied, loathed, over-much importuned; offended at, or discontented with.*

Ennuyer. *To annoy; vex, trouble, disquiet, molest; discontent, grieve, afflict, offend; weary, loath, irke, distaste; importune over much.*

Ennuyeux : m. euſe : f. *Troubleſome, diſpleaſing, offenſive ; grievous ; loathſome, wearyſome, tedious, irkſome ; diſtaſtfull ; moſt importunate.*
Les mauvais Muſiciens ne ſont iamais ennuyeux à eux meſmes. *Harſh voices never are unpleaſing to themſelves ; or, men ſeldome grow weary of their owne jarring.*
† Enny. *as* Ennoye.
Enombragé : m. ée : f. *Overſhadowed ; or, as* Enombré.
Enombrager. *To ſhadow, cover, cloake, hide, caſt a miſt over.*
Enombré. *Shadowed, overſhadowed ; covered, or hidden, with, or under, the ſhadow of.*
Enombrer. *as* Enombrager.
Enoncé : m. ée : f. *Signified, declared, denounced, publiſhed, pronounced.*
Enoncer. *as* Annoncer.
Enondé : m. ée : f. *Waved ; wrought, floating, or ſhining, like waves.*
Enordi : m. ie : f. *Defiled, polluted, beray'd.*
Enordir. *To defile, pollute, beray himſelfe.*
Enorgueilli : m. ie : f. *Made lofty, become proud.*
Enorgueillir. *To make lofty, or proud ; to puffe, or ſwell up the mind ; to give, or bring preſumption unto.*
Enorme : com. *Huge, exceſſive, unmeaſurable, enormous ; exceeding great ; diſordered, immoderate ; hainous, moſt wicked.*
Enormément. *Enormouſly, hainouſly, unmeaſurably, exceſſively, without meaſure, much amiſſe ; far out of ſquare.*
Enorniſſime. *Moſt enormous, or hainous ; moſt wicked, moſt exceſſive.*
Enormité : f. *An enormity, hainouſneſſe ; great iniquity, or wickedneſſe ; extreame want of meaſure, moderation, order.*
Enortié : m. ée : f. *Netled, benetled ; ſtung, pricked, rubbed over, with nettles.*
Enortier. *To nettle, or benettle ; to ſting, pricke, rub over, with nettles.*
Enoſſé. *Choaked with a bone ; alſo, having a bone in his throat ; alſo, having a bone taken out of his throat ; alſo rooted, or ſetled in the bones.*
Enoyſelé : m. ée : f. *Fed with, or fleſhed upon, birds, as a Hawke.*
Enperruqué. *Looke* Emperruqué.
Enquaiſſé : m. ée : f. *Incheſted ; put, or packed up, into a cheſt.*
Enquaiſſer. *To incheſt ; to put into, or packe up in, a cheſt, or caſe.*
Enquant. *as* Inquant.
Enquantellé. *Baſton bien enquantellé de fer. A ſtaffe well piked, or well grained, with yron.*
Enquenouilller de filace. *To draw a diſtaffe.*
Enquerir. *To enquire, aske, demand, make ſearch, or inquiſition after.*
Il ne faut pas inquerir d'où ſoit l'homme, le vin, & le dit ; mais qu'il ſoit bon. *Looke* Homme, Vin, & Dit.
† Enquerquenner. *To yoke ſwine.*
Enquerre. *as* Enquerir.
Enqueſte : f. *An inqueſt, Inquiſition, ſearch, inquiry, examination, or queſtioning with ; alſo, the teſtimony ; or depoſition of witneſſes.*
Enqueſte d'eſtabliſſement. *A requeſt, or a writ, for the eſtabliſhing of a poſſeſſion.*
Les chambres des enqueſtes. *Looke* Chambre.
s'Enqueſter. *To ſearch, examine, inquire, queſtion, aske, make inquiſition after.*
Enqueſteur : m. *A ſearcher, examiner, demander, queſtioner, inquiſitor ; a juror.*
Enracinable : com. *Rootable, fit to take root.*
Enraciné : m. ée : f. *Rooted, grounded, or ſetled in.*
Enracinement : m. *A rooting, or taking root.*
Enraciner. *To ſettle, to root in a thing ; to inracinate ; alſo, to root, or take root.*
Enragé : m. ée : f. *Enraged, raging, madde, wood, frantick, furious, outragious, beſides himſelfe, out of his little wits.*
Chien enragé ne peut longuement vivre ; Prov. *A madde Dogge lives not, violent humors laſt not, long.*
Vn fol vn enragé ; Prov. *Once a ſoole ever madde ; or there's little difference betweene a ſoole and a madde man.*
Vilain affamé, demy enragé ; Prov. *Barre a clowne of his victualls, you baiſe madde him.*
Enragemént : m. *Rage, inraging ; madneſſe, fury, frenzy ; fellneſſe ; outragiouſneſſe.*
Enragément. *Ragingly, madly, woodly, frantickly, furiouſly, outragiouſly, Bedlam-like.*
Enrager. *To rage ; rave, ſtorme play the Bedlam, fare like a madde man, be ſtarke madde.*
Enrailler, *as* Eſrailler ; *To ſtare.*
Enramé : m. ée : f. *Stucke ; or ſet thicke with boughes ; alſo, pearched, mounted, or got upon a bough.*
Enramement : m. *A laying, or ſpreading of boughes ; a pearching, leaping, ſkipping, mounting, or climbing on boughes.*
Enramer. *To lay, ſticke, or ſpread boughes.*
s'Enramer. *To pearch, or take a ſtand in a bough ; to leape, mount, or climbe upon boughes.*
Enranci : m. ie : f. *Growne muſty, muſhy, reſty.*
Enrancir. *To grow muſhy, muſhy, reſty.*
Enraqué : m. ée : f. *Bemired, or ſticking in the mire.* ¶ Plc.
Enraſſé. *as* Enragé. *Starke madde.* ¶ Rab.
Enrayé : m. ée : f. *Stayed, or held backe, as a wheele by a Trigger.*
Enrayer vne rouë. *To ſtay, or hold a wheele backe with a Trigger.*
Enrayoir : m. *The wheele-gate, or beame, that ſtoppeth the courſe of a water-mill ; alſo, a Trigger, the ſtaffe thats put before a cart-wheele, to keepe it from overthrowing, or over-haſty going.*
Enregiſtrable : com. *Fit to be regiſtred, or enrolled.*
Enregiſtré : m. ée : f. *Regiſtred, enrolled.*
Enregiſtrement : m. *A regiſtring, or enrolling.*
Enregiſtrer. *To regiſter, to enroll.*
Enrencé : m. ée : f. *Growne muſty, muſhy, reſty.*
Enrethé : m. ée : f. *Caught, intangled, inſnared, inwrapped, in a net.*
Enrether. *To catch, intangle, inſnare, inwrap, in a net.*
Enrheumé : m. ée : f. *Troubled with the rheume, poſt, or mure.*
Enrichi : m. ie : f. *Inriched, made wealthy.*
Il n'eſt orgueil que de povre enrichi ; Prov. *No man's ſo ſurly as the enriched begger.*
Vilain enrichi ne connoit parent, ni ami ; Prov. *Looke* Vilain.
Enrichir. *To enrich, to make wealthy.*
Enrichir vn conte. *To amplifie, enlarge, adde unto, it.*
Qui s'acquite s'enrichit ; Prov. *Looke* Acquiter.
Enrichiſſeure : f. *An enrichment ; an enriching.*
Enrimé : m. ée : f. *as* Enrheumé.
Enrimer. *To get the rheume, the mure, the poſe.* (v. m.)
Enroché : m. ée : f. *Made rocky, turned into a rocke.*
Enrocher. *To make rocky, to turne into a rocke.*
Enrocheur. ronnelier enrocheur. *as* Encaveur.
Enroidi : m. ie : f. *Growne ſtiffe ; became obſtinate.*
s'Enroidir. *To grow ſtiffe ; to became obſtinate.*
Enrollé : m. ée : f. *Inrolled, regiſtred ; muſtered, among others.*
Enrollement. *An inrolling.*
Enroller. *To enroll, to regiſter ; to muſter, enter, or put names, &c. into a booke, or bill.*
Enroollement : m. *as* Enrollement.
† Enroculé : m. ée : f. *Inrolled ; ſet downe in a roll.*
† Enroculer. *To inroll, to couch, or paſſe in a roll among others.*
Enroüé : m. ée : f. *Hoarſe, wheezing, or wheezing, of a broken ſound.*
Enroüément : m. *Hoarſeneſſe, wheezing.*
Enroüément. *Hoarſly, or as one that wheezes.*
s'Enroüer. *To grow hoarſe, to get the mure, or poſe ; to wheeze, to yeeld a broken, and unpleaſing ſound.*
Enroüëure : f. *as* Enroüément.
Enrouillé : m. ée : f. *Ruſtie, ruſted, cankered.*
s'Enrouiller. *To ruſt, to canker.*
Enrouilleure : f. *Roſt, canker, ruſtineſſe of mettals.*
Enroulé. *Seeke* Enrollé.
Enrouler. *as* Enroller.
Enroullir les yeux. *To roll the eyes ; to ſtare, gaze, or looke about him amazedly, or madly.*
Enroupie. *Smutty, beſmirelled, dropping at the noſe.*
† Enrouſe. *as* Arrouſe.
† Enrouſer. *To water, to bedew ; as* Arrouſer.
Enruché : m. ée : f. *Inhived, put into hives, abiding in a hive.*
Enrucher. *To inhive, or put into a hive.*
s'Enruiſſeler. *To run out in, or to divide it ſelfe into, little ſtreames, brookes, channels.*
Ens. *In, within, inward.*
Faire venir les deniers du Roy ens. *To gather, and ſend up the Kings money into the Exchequer.*
Enſablé : m. ée : f. *Filled, ſtrawed, or covered with ſand ; alſo, run, or ſplit, as a ſhip, on the ſands.*
Enſabler. *To fill, cover, or ſtrew with ſand.*

ſand; alſo, to ſplit, or run on the ſands, as a ſhip.

Enſablonner. *To beſprinkle, ſtrow, or fill with gravell, or great ſand.*

Enſaché: m. ée: f. *Inſacbelled, impoaked, put up into a bag, ſachell, or poake.*

Enſacher. *To poake up; to put into a bag, ſacke, or poake.*

Enſafrané: m. ée: f. *Beſaffroned; mingled or ſeaſoned, ſtained or coloured, with Saffron.*

Enſafranner. *To mingle, ſeaſon, dreſſe, or ſtaynish; to dye, ſtaine, colour, or paint over with Saffron.*

Enſagi: m. ie: f. *Growne ſage, made wiſe.*

Enſagir. *To grow ſage, or wiſe; to waxe adviſed.*

Enſaiſiné: m. ée: f. *Fully ſeiſed; put into abſolute poſſeſſion of.*

Enſaiſinement: m. *An inſeiſining; a delivery of, or putting into, poſſeſſion.*

Enſaiſiner. *To give ſeiſin, or aſeiſure; to put into full poſſeſſion of.*

† Enſalli: m. ie: f. *Defiled, fouled, polluted, made naſty, growne filthy.*

† Enſallir. *To defile, foule, pollute; infect; corrupt; make naſty, beaſtly, filthy.*

Enſalliſſement: m. *A filing, defiling, polluting; infecting, corrupting.*

Enſanglanté: m. ée: f. *Bebloudied; imbrued with, died, in bloud.*

Enſanglanter. *To bebloudy, to make bloudy; to die in bloud; to imbrue, or beſprinkle with gore.*

Enſaque: m. ée: f. *Put into a ſacke, or wallet.*

Enſaquer. *To put up into a ſacke, or wallet.*

Enſavonné: m. ée: f. *Beſoaped; waſhed, or done over, with ſoape.*

Enſavonner. *To beſoape; to waſh or lather in, to annoint, or beſmeare with, ſoape.*

Enſceptré: m. ée: f. *Wearing, or bearing, a Scepter; poſſeſſed of a Scepter.*

Enſcophionné: m. ée: f. *Coifed, wearing a cawle, or coif.*

Enſeigne: m. *An Enſigne, Auntient, Standard-bearer; be that, in war, carries the Collours of a Company of foot.*

Enſeigne: f. *A ſigne, token, marke, note, badge, argument, or preſumption of a thing; a print, trace, or traft, to find it out by; alſo, an Enſigne, Standard, or Banner; the Collours under which a Band, or company of footmen ſerve; alſo, the Band, or Company it ſelfe; alſo, a Signe hung out at a doore; alſo, a Jewell (given.)*

A bonnes enſeignes. *Truly, throughly, for a certaine, in good earneſt, not only in ſhew.*

A fauſſes enſeignes. *Vainedly, falſly, counterfeitly, by forged markes, or tokens; only for a colour.*

Coucher à l'enſeigne de l'eſtoille. *To lie without doores all night.*

Enſeigné: m. ée: f. *Taught, inſtructed, leſſoned; ordered, faſhioned, trained up; directed, ſhewed, pointed out unto.*

Enſeignement: m. *A teaching, inſtruction, document, precept, inſtitution, doctrine; leſſon, or example ſet; a diſciplining, ordering, faſhioning, directing, or trayning up.*

Les Enſeignements d'vn procez. *Inſtructions, Bookes, Evidences, Inſtruments, Authorities.*

Enſeigner. *To teach, to inſtruct; to give precept, to ſet leſſons to; to direct, ſhew, mark, point, or trace out unto; alſo, to faſhion, or traine up.*

Enſeignent: m. *A Teacher, or Inſtructer; and, (more particularly) the Uſher of a Free-ſchoole; alſo, the firſt finger, pointing finger, or fore-finger.*

Enſeigneurié. *Inſeignorized, made Lord, or owner of.*

† Enſel. *Sword-like, of a ſword.*

Cautere enſel. *See* Cautere.

Enſellé: m. ée: f. *Saddle-backt; alſo, ſadled.*

Enſeller vn cheval. *To ſaddle a horſe; (a word ſeldome uſed.)*

Enſemble. *Alſo, likewiſe; with, withall, jointly, together, one with another, one in company of another; alſo, one againſt the other.*

Nous ſommes bien enſemble. *We are good friends; or well met; alſo (angrily) I care as little as you.*

Enſemblement. *Together, one with another, jointly; all, or both at once; as well the one as the other.*

Enſemencé: m. ée: f. *Sowed, ſeeded; furniſhed with ſeed.*

Enſemencement: m. *A ſowing, ſeeding, or furniſhing with ſeed.*

Enſemencer. *To ſow; to ſet, or furniſh with ſeed.*

† Enſement. *Likewiſe; as* Semblablement. *(v. m.)*

Enſencement. *as* Encenſement.

Enſeprelir. *See* Enſevelir.

Enſepulturé: m. ée: f. *Buried, intombed, layed in a Sepulchre.*

Enſepulturer. *To lay in a Tombe, or Sepulchre.*

Enſerpenté. *Full of Serpents, covered with Serpents.*

Enſerré: m. ée: f. *Cloſed, incloſed, locked, or ſhut, faſt up; kept cloſe, held hard in, ſtraightned, reſtrained, ſore preſſed, neere pinched.*

Enſerrement: m. *A cloſing, or ſhutting faſt up; a keeping, or holding cloſe in.*

Enſerrer. *To cloſe, incloſe, locke, or ſhut, faſt up; keep cloſe, hold hard in; ſtraighten, reſtraine, preſſe very ſore, pinch very neere.*

Enſeveli: m. ie: f. *Buried, intombed, interred, layed in grave.*

Homme endormi corps enſeveli; Pro. *Looke* Endormi.

Enſevelir. *To bury, interre, intombe, lay in a grave; alſo, to wrap up a dead coarſe in a winding-ſheet.*

† Enſoigne. *An Eſſoine; a lawfull excuſe for an abſent, or good cauſe of diſcharge for an impotent, perſon.*

Enſoigner. *To Eſſoine; to excuſe an abſent, or diſcharge an impotent perſon; a* Wallon.

Enſoing; & Enſoingne. *as* Enſoigne.

Enſoirre. *A Shooe-makers tacking-end; or hogs briſtle.*

Enſoirrer. *To dreſſe, or furniſh with hogs briſtles.*

Enſongnie, & Enſonie. *as* Enſoigne.

Enſorcelé: m. ée: f. *Charmed, inchanted, bewitched, forſpoken.*

Enſorcelement: m. *A bewitching, inchanting, charming, forſpeaking.*

Enſorceler. *To charme, inchant, bewitch, forſpeake, forelooke, eye-bite.*

Enſorcelerie: f. *Witchery, Sorcery, forſpeaking, eye-biting.*

Enſorceleur: m. *A Witch, Charmer, Inchanter, Sorcerer.*

Enſoufflé: m. ée: f. *Blowne, gently puffed, or breathed; alſo, breathing, gently puffing, or blowing.*

Enſoultré: m. ée: f. *Inſulphured; mingled, perfumed, or dreſſed, with Sulpher.*

Enſoultrer. *To inſulpher; to dreſſe, mingle, fill, or perfume, with brimſtone.*

Enſouple: m. *A Weavers Yarne-beame.*

Enſoupleau: m. *A Weavers Cloth-beame.*

Enſtocatte. *A field encloſed with pikes, and appointed for a ſingle combate, by permiſſion of the Prince, or of his Lieutenant Generall.*

Enſuairé: m. ée: f. *Wound up, as a coarſe in a ſheet.*

Enſuairer. *To wind a coarſe in a ſheet; alſo, to wipe with, or lap in, a handkercher, &c.*

Enſuble de tiſſeran. *A Weavers beame; that wherewith he makes his threads to cloſe together; or, as* Enſouple.

Enſuccré: m. ée: f. *Sugary, beſugared; ſweetned, or ſeaſoned, with ſugar.*

Vne enſuccrée. *A nice, coy, quaint wench; one that ever minces it, ever makes it goodly.*

Enſucrer. *To beſugar; to ſweeten, or ſeaſon with ſugar.*

† Enſué: m. ée: f. *Sowed up.*

† Enſuer. *To ſow up; or, as* Enſuerer.

† Enſuerer. *To wind a coarſe in a ſheet, &c. as* Enſuairer.

Enſuyvant. *Following, ſucceeding, next after.*

Enſuyvi: m. ie: f. *Followed, purſued, run after; or come next unto; alſo, imitated, or emulated.*

Enſuyvre. *To follow, purſue, run, or chaſe after; alſo, to imitate, or emulate.*

S'enſuyvre. *To inſue, ſucceed, follow, come immediately after, or upon.*

Qui s'enfuit on l'enſuit; Prov. *Such as flie are followed.*

Entablature: f. *An Intablature; or, as* Entablement.

Entablé; m. ée: f. *Boorded, planked; ſeeled.*

Entablement: m. *A boording, or planking; a joining, or cloſing of boords; a covering, or ſeeling with boords; alſo, ſeeling, wainſcot, board-worke; any thing made (only) of boords; or a cloſe lay, courſe, or frame of boords upon, or over, a thing; alſo, as* Vireſon.

Entablement d'un pilier. *The (ſquare) foot, or Baſe of a pilier.*

Entaché: m. ée: f. *Spotted, ſtained, ſoyled; polluted, corrupted, tainted; touched with, or guilty of, an offence.*

Entacher. *To ſpot; ſtaine, defile, taint, infect; pollute, corrupt.*

Entacher vne beſongne. *To undertake, or take upon him, &c.*

Entacheure: f. *A ſpot; alſo, a ſpotting; alſo, a ſtaining; tainting, or taint; a vicious marke.*

Entail: m. *A mortaiſe, or inputting.*

Entaillé: m. ée: f. *Intailed, carved, graven, cut.*

Entaillet. *To intaile, grave, carve, cut in.*

Entailleur : m. *A carver, graver, cutter, intailer.*

Entailleure : f. *A carving, graving, inting, intailing; also, a cut, gash, or gurse.*

† Entalenté : m. ée : f. *Much desiring, affecting, or longing after, having a great mind, or appetite unto.*

Mal entalenté envers. *Ill affected towards, slighting, bearing a grudge unto.*

† Entalenter. *To breed a longing, imprint a desire in; beget an affection, give a great appetite, unto.*

Entamé. m. ée : f. *Cut, opened, or broken up; (already) begun, or tasted of; also, exulcerated, wounded, hurt; violated; marr'd, spoyled.*

Entamer. *To cut, open, or breake up; to begin unto; to taste, or take an assay of; also, to violate, marre, spoyle, wound, hurt.*

Entamer l'honnesteté. *To disgrace, deprave, or detract from; to hurt the good name of.*

Entamer le pas. *To begin; to lead the daunce, or breake the yce, unto; to make an overture unto.*

Entamer le peau. *To exulcerate, breake, or cut, the skin.*

Entameure : f. *A cutting, opening, breaking up; a beginning, or overture; an assay taken of; also, an exulcerating, hurting, wounding; violating, marring.*

Entant que. *Seeing that, in as much, or forasmuch, as.*

Entant qu'en moy est. *With all my meanes, as far as I can, as much as lieth in me.*

Entassé : m. ée : f. *Heaped, packed, piled, layed up together, or one upon the other.*

Entassement : m. *A heaping, piling, packing, laying up together, or one upon another.*

Entasser. *To heape, packe, pile, lay up together, or put one upon another; to exaggerate, gather in heapes, adde heape unto heape.*

Entasseur : m. *A heaper, or piler up of.*

Ente : f. *A graffe.*

Enté : m. ée : f. *Graffed; ingraffed; fixed, fastened, or setled, in.*

Entelechie : f. *Absolute perfection, or efficacy; perfect motion, or essence; force moving of it selfe; also, as* Endelechie.

† Entellectuel : m. alle : f. *Intellectuall, belonging to the understanding.*

Entement : m. *A graffing; a fastening, or setling, in.*

Entendement : m. *Understanding, apprehension, conceit; judgement; intelligence; naturall knowledge.*

Mettre son entendement à. *To give his mind to, set his wit on; addict, or apply himselfe unto; to intend, or attend, with diligence.*

Entendeur : m. *An understander, conceiver, apprehender.*

† Entendible : com. *Conceivable, intelligible, understandable, plaine, evident.*

† Entendiblement. *Plainely, perspicuously, intelligibly; so as it may be understood with ease; also, learnedly, sensibly, understandingly, with good judgement.*

† Entendoire. *as* Entendement.

Entendre. *To understand, conceive, apprehend, perceive, judge of; also, to learne, or heare; to have notice, get intelligence, come by the knowledge of.*

Entendre à. *To study, mind, heed, care for, looke to; addict, apply, or give, himselfe unto.*

Il entend le numero. *He is throughly acquainted with the matter.*

Il n'en entend que le haut Alleman. *He understands not a jot, he is utterly ignorant, of it.*

I'en teray comme ie l'entendray. *I will do as I see cause.*

Tu l'entens mal. *You are much mistaken, you take your markes amisse, you make a wrong interpretation of the matter.*

S'entendre avec. *To practise underhand, have secret intelligence, be in league and friendship, hold private correspondency, with.*

Qui mal entend mal respond; Prov. *He that understands wrong answers awry.*

Entends-tu. *Looke* Entendu.

Entend-trois. *An equivocation of doubtfull, or double meaning.*

Il fait de l'entend-trois. *He answers (of purpose from the purpose) as though he understood not the question; or, he seemes to listen to somewhat else; or, makes as if he had three to answer at once, and therefore cannot satisfie every one.*

Entendu : m. ue : f. *Understood, conceived, apprehended, perceived; also, wise, cunning, witty, skilfull, expert, knowne, well seene or experienced, in.*

Entendu que. *Seeing, or considering that; now that, in as much as.*

Enterine. f. *A saile-yard.*

Entente : f. *Intention, purpose, meaning; mind, fancy, will, affection; diligence, indeavour; also, as* Entendement.

Respondre à deux ententes. *To answer equivocally, doubly, ambiguously, doubtfully.*

Ententif : m. ive : f. *Busie, earnest, intentive, studious, diligent, vehemently set or bent upon, firmely resolved, constantly disposed unto.*

Ententivement. *Intentively, busily, earnestly; attentively, carefully, heedfully.*

Enten-tu : m. *Wit, conceit, understanding, apprehension.*

'A bon enten-tu il ne fault qu'un demy mot; Prov. *A good wit needs but one word to informe it; or, a wise man pickes whole sence from halfe a word.*

† Entenu. *Je vous suis fort entenu. I am very much beholden to you.*

Entreprinse. *as* Entreprise; *An enterprise.*

Enter. *To graffe; also, to fasten, settle, or fixe, in.*

Enter en Canon. *To lodge a short graffe (cut off with some more barke at the foot then needs to cover it) within the tender barke of a shoote, or branch, thats little bigger then the graft it selfe.*

Enter au Coin. *To graffe within a cleft made in the top of a Stocke; (the ordinary fashion.)*

Enter en cornucher; *as,* Enter en Canon.

Enter en petite couronne. *To graffe betweene the barke and the tree; much after the fashion of,* Enter en Canon; *but with this difference, that the graffe must be lodged within the thick barke of a well-grown tree.*

Enter en escusson. *Looke* Escusson.

Enter en fente. *To graffe within a cleft made in the top of a Stocke; (our ordinary fashion.)*

Enter en flusteau. *as,* Enter en Canon.

Enter à la hanede. *as,* Enter en perche.

Enter un oeillet. *To fasten a bud with clay in the barke of a tree.*

Enter en perche. *To graffe in a willow pole; take a good big branch of willow, or of any other soft wood; pearce it with a wimble unto the pith in severall places at least halfe a foot asunder; put into each hole a graffe, well closed at the foot (to keepe out water) then lay your pole along in the earth, and cover it over, leaving only some two inches of each graffe to peare, and spread, above ground: of the substance of this pole (which quickly takes root) they being nourished, within three or foure yeares grow pretty trees; then is it taken up, and with a saw parted among them, to serve to root them in the next ground they are set in.*

Enter en poupée. *To lodge a graffe within a cleft made in the top of a Stocke.*

Enter en tuyau; *as,* Enter en Canon.

Entesiné. m. ée : f. *Admitted, allowed, approved of; confirmed, consented unto; absolutely passed, wholly granted; and thereupon fully executed, obtained, or accomplished.*

Enterinement : m. *An absolute admitting, allowing, approving, letting passe; a full grant, or confirmation, followed by the effect, or execution thereof; for it also imports (more then a bare approbation) an accomplishment; or, at least, a decree for it.*

Enterriner. *To admit, approve, allow of; to let passe, yeeld consent, or give confirmation, unto, and thereupon to effect, execute, accomplish; or judge, and pronounce fit to be effected, executed, accomplished.*

Enterrage : m. *as* Enterrement.

Enterré : m. ée : f. *Interred, buried, layed in a grave; hid in the earth, put into the ground, covered over with mould.*

Aujourd'uy en terre demain enterré; Prov. *Looke* Terre.

Enterrement : m. *An interring, burying, buriall; also, a grave, sepulchre, or place of buriall.*

Enterrer. *To interre, bury, lay in a grave; to hide in the earth, cover over with mould, put into the ground.*

Enterreur : m. *An interrer, or burier.*

Entesté : m. ée : f. *Buried into the eares, put into the head of; made heavy headed; also, put on the head, or, wherein to the head is put.*

Entester. *To trouble, or make heavy, the head; to breed, or bring, the headach; also, to put (an opinion, or conceit) into the head; also, to put the head into, or put a thing on the head.*

Entesteure :

Enteſteure: f. *A troubling, or making of the head very heavy; a breeding, or bringing, of the headach; alſo, a putting of the head into; or putting upon the head; a hooding; alſo, a hole to put the head through.*

Enteur: m. *A graffer.*

Enteure: f. *A graffing.*

Enteyſe: ſon arc iuſques à l' oreille. *To draw his bow up to his eare.v.m.*

Enthroné: m. ée: f. *Inthronized, placed in a throne.*

Enthroner. *To inthronize, or ſet in a throne.*

Enthuſiaſme: m. *A raviſhment of the ſpirit; divine motion, or inſpiration, poeticall fury.*

† Enthyrſé: m. ée: f. *Decked, ſtucke thicke, wrapped about, with Ivie.*

† Entiché: m. ée: f. *Tainted; faulty, unſound, corrupt, corrupted, polluted; or, as* Entaché; *ſpotted, &c.*

Entier: m. *A graffing, or graffed ſtocke; alſo, a plot, or nurſery of graffed, or graffing ſtockes.*

Entier: m. ere: f. *Intire, whole, ſolide, ſound; full; inviolate; unbroken; ſtrong, firme, ſteadfaſt; aſſured, faithfull; alſo, upright, ſincere, honeſt, unpartiall, juſt; alſo, faſt, conſtant, ſtiffe, obſtinate in his opinion, whom nothing can remove, no reaſons diſſuade, from a conceit once taken.*

Cheval entier. *A ſtone-horſe; alſo, a horſe that turnes unwillingly, or is not pliant to his turne.*

Entiercé: m. ée: f. *Sequeſtred, into a third hand.* ¶ Orleannois.

Entiercement: m. *A ſequeſtration, ſequeſtring, or putting into a third hand.*

Entiercer. *To ſequeſter, or put into a third hand.*

Entierement. *Intirely, wholly, fully, ſoundly, throughly, altogether; ſtrongly, firmely, ſteadfaſtly, faithfully; uprighly, juſtly, ſincerely, honeſtly, uncorruptly.*

† Entieretê: f. *Entireneſſe, wholeneſſe, ſolidity, ſoundneſſe; alſo, honeſty, integrity, ſincerity, uprightneſſe; alſo, conſtancy, or obſtinacy, in an opinion.*

† Entimbraillé. *That beares a device on the top, or flouriſh hanging from the top of his helmet.*

Entimbré. *as* Entimbraillé.

† Entiquer. *To cleave, or ſticke faſt like a Ticke.*

Entoilé: m. ée: f. *Made of, or furniſhed with, linnen, or canvas; alſo, intangled, or caught, in toyles.*

Entoiler. *To make of linnen, to furniſh, or garniſh with, linnen cloth, or canvas; alſo, to intangle, or catch in toyles; or, to compaſſe, or bemme in with toiles.*

Entoiſé: m. ée: f. *Bent, as a bow; lift up, as a ſword ready to execute, or ſtrike.*

Entoiſer vn arc. *To bend a bow:*

Entoiſer vne eſpée. *To lift up a ſword with an intention to ſtrike.*

Entombé: m. ée: f. *Intombed, layed in a Sepulchre.*

Entomber. *To intombe, interre, lay in a Sepulchre.*

Entombi: m. ie: f. *Stonied, benummed, clumpſe, aſleep.*

† Entommeure. *as* Entoumeure; *or, as* Entonnoir.

Enton. *A little graffe.*

Entonnage: m. *Tunnage, tunning.*

Entonnelé. *Tunned, put into caske.*

Entonnelement: m. *A tunning; or putting of liquor into caske.*

Entonneler. *To tunne (by a funnell.)*

Entonné: m. ée: f. *Singing, ſounding, reſounding; alſo, ſung, tuned, or ſounded; alſo, tunned, or put into a veſſell with a funnell.*

Entonnement. *A ſounding, or ſinging; alſo, a tuning, or giving of a tune.*

Entonner. *as* Entonneler; *alſo, to tune, ſing, chant it; ſound, reſound; and moſt properly, to begin, or give a tune, in ſinging, &c.*

Entonnoir: m. *A funnell, or tunning-diſh.*

Entonnoir matricall. *An inſtrument uſed for the infuſion of medicines into the matrix; it may be alſo underſtood of a P.*

Entorce: f. *A wrinch, wring, ſtraine, gird, griping; alſo, crookedneſſe; alſo, a ſhrewd turne, ſore part, or aggrievance; an overthwarting.*

Entorce: com. *Wrie, crooked; and hence;* Iambe entorce.

Entorceure. *as* Entorſeure; *And, more peculiarly, a wrinch in the backe-bone which turnes, and wries the joints thereof, and makes it of the forme of a Roman S.*

Entorné. *Rounded, or incircled by; compaſſed about with.*

Entors: m. *A wrinch, wring, ſtraine.*

Entorſe: f. *as* Entorce.

Entorſé: m. ée: f. *Wrinched; wrung, ſtrained, wried, by-ſtraying; wreſted, griped; vexed, grieved, extremely.*

Entorſer. *To wrinch; to wring; to ſtraine, or wrie by ſtraining; to wreſt, gripe, vex, aggrieve, extremely.*

Entorſeure: f. *A wrinch, wreſting, wrying; Looke* Entorceure.

Entortillé. *Writhed, writhen, wrigled; wound, twirld, twined about.*

Inteſtin entortillé. *The third ſmall gut, ſeated in the lower part of the Navell; it is very red, and makes many turnes, which extend unto the Os ſacrum: In it the Chylus waxing thicker beginneth to reſt.*

Entortillement: m. *A writhing, or winding about a thing; a turning into a rundle, or circle; a twining, twiſting, curling, twirling.*

Entortiller. *To turne, writhe, wreath, or wind about; to plie, or fold into a round, rundle, or circle; to twine, twirle, twiſt, curle round.*

Entortillonné, & Entortillonner. *as* Entortillé, & Entortiller.

† Entouillé; m. ée: f. *(Signifies moſt properly, betrayed, or defiled; but the more commonly) peſtered, incumbered, hindered; ſnarled, intangled, confounded, without head or foot.*

† Entouillement: m. *A filthy peſtering, incumbrance, impeachment, hinderance; confuſion; intanglement.*

† Entouiller. *(Is moſt properly, to betray, defile, make ſoule; but moſt commonly uſed for) to peſter, incumber; inſnarle, inſnare, intangle; (and thereby) to confound, or hinder.*

† Entoumeure: f. *A gobbet, a great bit, or cut of meat, &c. or, as* Entonnoir.

Entour: m. *A round, circle, rundle, compaſſe.*

Les entours d'vn ville. *The liberties, or territory belonging to a towne; the compaſſe of ground, or circuit of country, that's next unto, or about, it.*

Entour. *About, round about; on all ſides, on each hand, of.*

Tout à l' entour. *In all places, countries, or quarters thereabouts.*

Entouré: m. ée: f. *Compaſſed, rounded, environed; inwrapped, incloſed, or bemmed in, on all ſides; alſo, betowred; furniſhed, or beautified with towers, or turrets.*

Damoiſelle entourée. *Masked.* ¶ Rab.

Entourellé; m. ée: f. *Betowred; bedeckt, or begirt with turrets.*

Entourement: m. *A compaſſing, environing, rounding, incircling, incloſing on all ſides.*

Entourement d' eaux. *A ſurrounding of waters.*

Entourer. *To compaſſe, inviron, go about, round, ſurround; incloſe, infold, bemme in on every ſide; alſo, to furniſh, or beautifie with towres.*

Entoureure: f. *Looke* Entourure; & Entourement.

Entourné: m. ée: f. *Rounded, inwironed, incircled, or compaſſed by; alſo, turned, or wound on; put, or wound about.*

Entourner. *To turne, wind, or put about; alſo, to compaſſe, incloſe, inviron, bemme in, or about.*

s'Entourner. *To go round, or turne into a round forme; to twirle, or wheele about.*

† Entourney: m. *as* Entonnoir; *A funnell.*

Entournure: f. *A round, a circle, a rundle.*

Entourtillant. *Wreathing; rowling about with.*

Entourtillé. *as* Entortillé.

Entourtillon. *A wreath, twirle, rowle.*

Entourtilluro: f. *A wreathing, twirling, twining, rowling about with; alſo, as* Entortillon.

Entourure: f. *A compaſſe, a compaſſing; any thing that compaſſeth, and incloſeth another; a go-about.*

Entracaſſé: m. ée: f. *Halfe-broken.*

Entract: m. *The greeniſh ſalve called* Trait.

Entrage: m. *as* Entrée; *A fee, or cuſtome due at the entering of merchandize into a place; alſo, a fine, or income payed for a leaſe.*

Entrailles: f. *The intrals, inteſtines, inwards, bowels, guts.*

Entrainé: m. ée: f. *Drawen, haled, or pulled away; trayned, or trailed, along.*

Entrainer. *To hale, draw, or pull away; to traine, drag, or traile, along.*

Entrait: m. *A ſhort peece of timber indented within another peece, thereby to hold it the faſter.*

† Entrange. *as* Entrage.

Entrant. *Entering; beginning; going into.*

Careſmeentrant. *Shrovetide, or Shrove-tueſday.*

Vn homme entrant. *A bold or audacious fellow; one that (without inviting) thruſts into any company.*

Entrape: m. *A peſtement, cumber, trouble, incumbrance; any thing that catches, binders, or intricats, a man as he goes.*

Entrapé:

Entrapé: m. ée: f. *Cumbered, peſtered, troubled, intricated, intrapped, caught, or confined, within a trap.*

Entraper. *To peſter, cumber, trouble, take up too much roome; alſo, to intricate, or as* Entraver; *alſo, to intrap.*

Entraver. *To ſhackle, or fetter, the legs.*

Entraverſer. *To run, goe, or bind, overcroſſe; to overthwart.*

Entraves: f. *Shackles, fetters; paſterns for the legs of unruly horſes.*

Entraveſtiſſement: m. *An interveſting, or interveſture; a mutuall poſſeſſion, or joint poſſeſſing of.*

Entraveſtiſſement de ſang. *Is betweene ſuch as are joyned by marriage; where the ſurvivour hath all, or the moſt part of that which was jointly poſſeſſed.*

Entraveur: m. *A fetterer, or ſhackler.*

Entré: m. ée: f. *Entered, gone into; alſo, begun in.*

Vn viſage entré. *A hollow, jaw-fallen, ſunke-in, countenance.*

Entre. *Between, amongſt, in, among, together, one with another.*

Entre deux. *Doubtfull, indifferent, in ſuſpence, at his owne choice whether yea or no; alſo, ready, or about.*

Entre deux & as. *Look* Deux.

Droict d'entr'eux. *Right over againſt them.*

s'Entr'accointer. *To become acquainted, or grow familiar, together.*

s'Entr'accoller. *To embrace, coll, or clip one another; to catch hold each by others neck.*

s'Entr'accompaigner. *To keep company, hold ſociety, converſe together; to travell both one way.*

s'Entr'accrocher. *To claſpe, grapple, hook or cloſe together; to lay faſt hold one of another.*

s'Entr'accuſer. *To accuſe, or appeach one another.*

s'Entr'advertir. *To hold intelligence together, to have intelligence one with another.*

s'Entr'affoler. *To hurt, wound, ſell one other.*

s'Entr'aguiſer. *To ſharpen each th'other.*

s'Entraider. *To give mutuall aſſiſtance one to the other.*

s'Entr'aimans. *Mutuall friends, equally affecting each other; between whom no love is loſt.*

s'Entr'appeler. *To call one another.*

s'Entr'approcher. *To approach one another, to draw neer together.*

Entr'arraché: m. ée: f. *Plucked up here and there, rooted out from between.*

Entr'arracher. *To pluck up here and there, to root out from between.*

s'Entr'aſſener des eſpées. *To ſtrike, or hit one another with their ſwords.*

Entr'attacher. *To tie, faſten, claſpe, knit together, or one within another.*

Entr'attachez: m. ées: f. *Tied, faſtned, claſped, knit together, or one within another.*

Entr'avoir. *To have, or poſſeſſe, one another. Look* Fol.

Entrebaail: m. *A cleft, riſt, chinck, chap; halfe-gape, or yawne; halfe opening, ſmall overture, or diviſion in the middle of a thing.*

Entrebaaillé: m. ée: f. *Halfe gaping; halfe, or yawning-open, chinked, chopped, riven, cloven, ill joyned, or couched together.*

Entrebaailler. *Halfe, or in the middle, to gape, yawne; cleave, rive, open; or ſet open.*

Entrebailler. *as* Entrebaailler.

s'Entrebaiſer. *To interchange kiſſes; to kiſſe one another.*

Entrebaſti: m. ie: f. *Built betwixt.*

Entrebaſtir. *To build betwixt, to joyne one building to another.*

s'Entrebatre. *To fight, to fall together by the eares; or ſcuffle one with another.*

Entrebatu. ils ſe ſont entrebatus. *They have pummelled, or cudgelled, one another; they have fought, or beene by the eares together.*

Entrebayement: m. *A halfe-gaping, or halfe-opening; a chink, chap, cleft, riſt, between, or in the middle of a thing.*

Entrebecqueter. *To peck at one another.*

Entrebeu: m. éuë: f. *Halfe drunke, almoſt whiſt, whoſe cap is neer hand ſet.*

s'Entrebleſſer. *To hurt, or wound, each other.*

Entreboyau: m. *A thick, and fat skin, that faſtens the bowels to the backe, and each of them to the other.*

s'Entrebrecher. *To breake, or make breaches into, one another.*

Entrebriſé: m. ée: f. *Halfe-broken, broken between, or in the middeſt; (brace) alſo, diſtinct, diſtinguiſhed; alſo, uneven, as a thing that is halfe burſt.*

s'Entrebrouiller. *To intangle, or trouble, one another.*

Entrebruire. *To make a rumbling, or humming noiſe, to keep a jarring, rumour, or murmure among others.*

s'Entrebruſler. *To burne each other.*

Entrebruſlez: m. ées: f. *Burned by both parties, or both ſides; mutually burned.*

s'Entrecareſſer. *To cheriſh, welcome, uſe kindly, one another; to beſtow mutuall complements, to interchange kindneſſes.*

Entrecaſſé: m. ée. f. *Halfe broken, almoſt broken, neither fully whole, nor broken.*

Entrecaſſer. *Halfe, or almoſt to breake.*

s'Entrecaſſer les dents. *To bruſe the teeth by gnaſhing them hard one againſt another.*

s'Entrecéder. *To yield, or give place one to the other.*

s'Entreceler. *To hide, or conceale one another.*

Entre-cep. *The diſtance betweene ſtock and ſtocke.*

s'Entrecercher. *To ſearch for each other.*

Entreceſſe ſans en. *Without intermiſſion, intermedium, reſt, pauſe; or ceaſing.*

s'Entrechamailler. *Armed men to hack, or ſlaſh one another, or each other.*

Entrechangé: m. ée: f. *Interchanged.*

s'Entrechanger. *To interchange; or bolde to alter, almoſt to change; and hence;*

La veuë m'entrechange. *My ſight diminiſheth, mine eyes grow dimme.*

s'Entrecharger. *To charge one an other.*

Entrechaſſe: f. *A croſſe caper.*

Entrechaucher. *To tread upon, to trample amongſt*

s'Entrecherir. *as* s'Entrecareſſer.

Entrecheris: m. ies: f. *Mutually cheriſhed, made much of one by the other.*

Entrechevaucher. *To ride betwixt, or among.*

Entrechoc: m. *An interſhock; a mutuall, or interchangeable, ruſhing one upon another.*

s'Entrechoiſir. *To cull, pick, chuſe out, one another.*

s'Entrechoquer. *Two armies, or enemies violently to cope one with, ruſh one againſt, or preſſe one upon, another; to interchange, or come together with, a furious ſhock.*

Entrecler: m. ere: f. *A little cleer, ſomewhat bright or light, or between darke and light, as in a twylight.*

Entrecognoiſtre. *To diſcerne from others, to know one among others.*

s'Entrecognoiſtre. *To know one another, or have acquaintance together.*

Entrecogneu: m. euë: f. *Knowne among others, diſcerned from others.*

Entrecolomne. *The ſpace, or place between pillars.*

Entrecolomnement. *A leaving of ſpace between piller and piller.*

s'Entrecommuniquer. *To communicate one with another.*

s'Entreconvier. *To lathe, bid, invite, one another.*

s'Entrecoſſer. *To juſte, or butt together, as Rammes.*

s'Entrecoudoyer. *To juſtle, or elbow, one another; to give one another the elbow.*

Entrecoulé: m. ée: f. *Glid, ſlid, runne in between, or among.*

Entrecouler. *To glide, ſlide, run between, or among.*

Entrecoupé: m. ée: f. *Cut between, halfe cut; cut off in the middeſt; interrupted.*

Entrecouper. *To cut between, or in the middeſt; halfe to cut; alſo, to prune, cut off, or pick out unneceſſary ſprigs from among the fruitfull braunches; alſo, to interrupt.*

Entrecoupeuſe: f. *An intercutting; an halfe cutting; an interruption, a cutting off in the middeſt.*

Entrecourir. *To runne both ſides, joyntly, to runne.*

s'Entrecourir. *To incounter; to run one upon another.*

s'Entrecraindre. *To ſtand in feare one of another.*

Entrecroiſé: m. ée: f. *Thwarted, intercroſſed, wrought, or marked overcroſſe.*

Entrecroiſement: m. *A towaring, or interceſſing, or lying one overcroſſe another.*

s'Entrecroiſer. *To intercroſſe; to thwack, intangle, or lie overcroſſe one another.*

Entrecroiſure: f. *A double croſſe, or intercroſſing.*

Entrecueilli: m. ie: f. *Picked between, gathered from among.*

Entrecueillir. *To pick, or gather between, or from among.*

Entrecuiſſes. *The cods of a wild Boare.*

s'Entredebvoir. *To owe each unto other.*

s'Entredefendre. *To defend one another.*

s'Entredemander des nouvelles. *To aske one of another how the world goes.*

Entredent. *The ſpace that is betweene two teeth.*

s'Entredepecer. *To pull one another in peeces.*

s'Entredeſchirer. *To teare each other aſunder.*

s'Entredestaire. *To undoe, or defeat, one another.*

Entredeu : m. euë : f. *Due interchangeably, betweene man and man, or from one to another.*

Entredeux : m. *A distance, a space, partition, vacant place, or time betweene, or in the middest of; an intermedium, or interval; any thing that parts, or divides, other things.*

Il fut entredeux de le tuer. *He was about to kill him; or in doubt whether to kill him or no.*

Vn livre relié avec du papier blanc entredeux. *A Booke bound with a leafe of cleane, betweene each leafe of printed, paper.*

s'Entrediffamer. *To defame, disgrace, discredit one another.*

s'Entredire iniures. *To raile at, or to revile, one another.*

s'Entredisants. *Telling one another, saying one to the other.*

Entrediſcerner. *To discerne, or know one from another; to make a difference betweene themselves.*

s'Entredommager. *To wrong, or hinder each the other.*

Entredonné : m. ée : f. *Interchanged, exchanged, given one for another.*

s'Entredonner. *To interchange, exchange, give each to the other;* s'entredonner courage. *To hearten, or encourage one another.*

Entredormir. *To slumber; to lie betweene sleeping, and waking.*

Entredoubté : m. ée : f. *Staggered at, somewhat doubted of, or whereof one is partly in suspence.*

Entredoubter. *To stagger at, somewhat to doubt of, to be in suspence.*

Entrée : f. *An entrie, passage, entrance, allie, way, or path leading unto a place; a gate, a doore, or threshold of a house; an accesse; a meane to come unto a thing; an entring, or going in; a beginning, or overture; the first blow given, stone laid, ice broken; also, custome, or impost, for merchandise brought into a place; also, the income paid by a purchaser unto his new Land-lord; also, a present, or gratuity bestowed on a Prince, &c. at his first entrie into a place.*

L'entrée de table. *The first course, or the meat that is first served up, at table.*

Entrée de vin es villes cloſes. *An Impoſition of vs. Tour. upon every Muid of wine brought into a walled towne; or into the suburbs thereof, to be sold; first raised by Charles the ix. and since enhaunced by Henrie the third unto* xxs. Tournois.

Amende de toſt entrée. Loyſe Amende.

Droict d'entrée. *as* Droict de preſence.

La ſouris qui n'a qu'une entrée eſt incontinent happée : Prov. *The mouse that hath but one hole is soone caught; the man that hath but one helpe's soone orethrowne.*

s'Entr'embraſſer. *To imbrace, or beg one another in their armes.*

s'Entr'empoigner. *To clasp (as wrastlers) one another by the wrists, or armes.*

s'Entr'encourageants. *Incouraging one another.*

s'Entr'encourager. *To hearten, to encourage, one another.*

s'Entr'entendre. *Underhand to serve one anothers purposes; to hold secret intelligence one with another.*

Entr'eſclos : m. oſe : f. *Halfe hatched.*

Entr'eſcrire. *To interline, or write betweene.*

Entr'eſcrit : m. ite : f. *Interlined, written betweene.*

s'Entr'eſſayer à la. *To trie one another at.*

Entrefaicte. ſur ces entrefaictes. *In the meane while, hereupon, while these things were a doing.*

s'Entrefaire grande feſte. *To make very much one of another; to congratulate with great joy their good haps together.*

s'Entrefascher. *To be angrie, or fall out, one with the other; to brable, or brawle together.*

Entrefendre. *To divide, cut betweene, cleave in two, part in halves; also, halfe to cut, almost to cleave.*

Entrefendu : m. uë : f. *Halfe cloven, almost divided; also, cloven in two, parted in halves.*

Entreferir. *To interchange some blowes; to strike, or hit, at once, one another; also, to interfeere, as a horse.*

Entreſeſſier : m. *The space betweene the buttocks.*

Entreſeſſion : m. *The spate betweene the privities and the fundament; or as* Entreſeſsier.

Entreſleures de drap. *The space betweene thread and thread.*

s'Entreſlatter. *To sooth each other, to smooth one with another.*

s'Entrefondre, *as* s'Enfoncer; *To runne, or sinke over head and eares into; or, to sinke deepe into the filthie, or dreggie bottome of.*

Entrefonds : m. *The distance, or space that is betweene pit and pit, or betweene ditch and ditch.*

s'Entrefouëtter. *To whip each other.*

Entrefouïr. *To dig betweene.*

Entrefouler. *To tread among, to trample in the middest, or thickest of.*

s'Entrefrapper. *To strike, or smite, each other.*

Entrefrizé : m. ée : f. *Frizled, or curled, one within another.*

Entrefrizer. *To curle, frizle, russle (the haire, &c.)*

s'Entrefroiſſer. *To clap, clash, knocke, break, bruise, one against another; to trash one another in peeces.*

Entrefroiſſez : m. ées : f. *Clapped, knocked, broken, cracked, one against another.*

s'Entrefrotter. *To rub one against another; to interfeere; also, to beat, belabour, or thumpe, each other soundly.*

Entrefrotture : f. *A rubbing one against another; a horses interfeering.*

s'Entregaller. *To rub, scratch, or claw, one another.*

Entregent : m. *Civility, courtesy, complement, good carriage; a bold, and comely fashion of behaviour.*

Qui ſçait bien ſon entregent. *as* Entregenté.

Entregenté : m. ée : f. *Well behaved; that knowes good fashions (and vses them) that becomes whatsoever he does.*

s'Entregenter. Il ſe ſçavoit en : en toutes compagnies. *He knew well how to carry himselfe in all companies.*

Entreget. *as* Entreject.

s'Entregratter. *To scratch, claw, scrub, each other.*

s'Entregronder. *To whurre, jarre, grumble one at another, whence;*

Pendant que les chiens s'entregrondent le loup devoure la brebis : Prov. *Looke Chien, or Brebis.*

s'Entreguerroyer. *To make warres one upon another.*

s'Entrehaïr. *To hate one another.*

s'Entrehanter. *To converse much together.*

s'Entrehapper. *To catch hold one of another.*

s'Entrehargeler. *To vexe, harrie, trouble, tug, one another.*

Entreheurt : m. *An intrehocke; or, as* Entrecheurtement.

Entrecheurtement : m. *A scuffling, justling, justling, butting, bickering, together; a knocking, one against the other.*

s'Entreheurter. *To justle, butt, or jarre, one another; to scuffle, or bustle, together.*

Entrebeurtis. *as* Entrecheurtement.

s'Entrehucher. *To call, whoope, or whistle, one to, or for, another.*

Entrejamber. *To crosse legs.*

Entrejant : m. *as* extregent.

Entreject : m. *An interposition; a casting, or putting betweene; a word cast, or speech given, forth by way of motion, or otherwise.*

Entrejectant. *Interlacing, interposing, thrusting, or casting betweene.*

Entrejecté : m. ée : f. *Interposed, intermingled; cast, or thrust betweene, or among.*

Entrejecter. *To interpose, interlace, intermingle; cast, thrust, or forcibly put in, betweene, or among.*

Entreillizé : m. ée : f. *Intergated, thick lattised, crosse-barred.*

Entrejoindre. *To couple, or joyne, together.*

s'Entrejoindre. *To clip, coll, imbrace, each other.*

s'Entrejouër. *To play, to sport, one with another.*

Entrelacement. *as* Entrelaſſement.

Entrelaiſſe. *Deserted, intermitted, put by left off a while, discontinued for a time.*

Entrelaiſſer. *To intermit, leave, deserte, discontinue, slacken, put off for a time.*

Entrelardé : m. ée : f. *Interlarded; fat and lean, together.*

Entrelardement : m. *An interlarding; a mingling of different things, as fat and leane, great and small, together.*

Entrelarder. *To interlard; to mingle different things together.*

Entrelas : m. *A knot hard to be looſed, an intricate businesse, a worke much intangled; also, as* Entrelaſſement.

Entrelaſſé : m. ée : f. *Interlaced, intermingled, foulded, plaited, intangled, one within another; set, put, thrust, in, between or among, interposed.*

Entrelaſſement : m. *An interlacing, intermingling, interposing, a plaiting, wrapping, foulding, or intangling one within another; a setting, putting, or thrusting, in, between, or among.*

Entrelaſſer.

Entrelaſſer. *To interlace, intermingle, interlard; fould, plait, twine, or intangle one within another; to ſet, put, or thruſt in, between or among.*

s'Entrelaſſer. *To weary, or tire out, one another.*

Entrelaſſeure. *as* Entrelaſſement.

Toicts ornez d'entrelaſſeures. *Roofes decked with interlaced frets.*

Entrelaſſis: m. *An interlating, plaiting, interweaving.*

Entrelié: m. ée: f. *Tied together; bound between.*

Entrelier. *To tie together; to binde between*

Entreligne: f. *An interline, or interlining.*

Entreligné: m. ée: f. *Interlined.*

Entreligner. *To interline (a writing.)*

Entrelire. *To read together.*

s'Entrelouër. *To commend one another.*

Entreluicter. *To wraſtle one with another.*

Entreluire. *To appeare, ſhine, or be ſeen among, betweene, or in the middeſt of; alſo, to give a glimpſe, or ſhine by halfe.*

Entrelunaires. Iours en. *The dayes, or ſpace, wherein neither the old, nor new Moone is ſeen.*

Entremander. *To ſend between party and party.*

s'Entremanger. *To eat up, or undoe, each other.*

†Entrement: m. *An entring, or going in; a beginning, an entrance. See* Entrée.

Entremeſlé: m. ée: f. *Interlaced, intermixed, intermingled, ſet, inſerted, mingled among.*

Entremeſler. *To intermingle, interlace, intermix, to ſhuffle up one with another, to inſert, or ſet among.*

s'Entremeſler de. *To intermeddle with, to imbarke, or put, himſelfe into.*

Entremets: m. *Certaine choice diſhes ſerved in between the courſes at a feaſt, or banquet.*

Entremetteur: m. *A ſtickler, mediator, daies-man; an intermedler, or dealer in other mens cauſes, or controverſies.*

Entremettre la beſongne. *To intermit, ſlacken, defeare, diſcontinue, delay, put, or leave it off for a time.*

s'Entremettre de. *To meddle, or deale with; to thruſt himſelfe into.*

s'Entremeurir. *To wax, or be, halfe ripe.*

s'Entremignarder. *To dandle, cocker, or flatter, one another.*

Entremiſe: f. *A meanes, or mediation; an intermedling, or brokage; a dealing between party and party; any medling in, or managing of, (other mens) buſineſſes.*

s'Entremocquer. *To interchange mockes, gibes, quips, ſcoffes, flouts; to ride, or deride, one another.*

s'Entremordre. *To bite one another.*

s'Entremouiller. *To wet, bedew, beſprinkle, moiſten, each other.*

Entremoyen: m. *A diſtance, intermedium, meane, or meane while.*

s'Entrempeſcher. *To diſturbe, or hinder one another.*

Entre-mutiner. *To put into a mutiny; to ſet together by the ears.*

Entremuye de moulin. *The mill hopper.*

Entremy, par en. *Amongſt, or in the middeſt of.*

Entrenaiſtre. *To ſpring up, ariſe, be borne, between, or among.*

s'Entrenavrer. *To wound each other.*

Entrenavrez. *Wounded, each by th'other.*

Entrenoüé: m. ée: f. *Interlaced, intangled; tied, or knotted between; alſo, ſwum between, or among.*

Entrenouër. *To ſwimme betweene, or among; alſo, to intangle, or tie knots between.*

s'Entrenuire. *To hurt, endamage; hinder, peſter, one another.*

s'Entr'injurier. *To revile, or abuſe, one another.*

s'Entr'obliger. *To bind, oblige, or make beholden themſelves, one to the other; to enter into mutuall bonds.*

Entr'obligez. *Bound, obliged, beholden, the one to the other.*

s'Entr'occir. *To kill each other.*

Entr'oeil: m. *The ſpace between the eyes.*

Entr'oublié. m. ée: f. *Forgotten in the meane while; ſlipt out of memory ſince that time.*

Entr'oublier. *To forget in the meane while, or ſince then.*

s'Entr'oublier. *To forget each other.*

Entr'ouï: m. ie: f. *Heard ſcatteringly, by halves, or but here and there a word.*

Entr'ouïr. *To heare by halves; to heare here and there a word; to hear unto his thinking; or to thinke he hearcs.*

Entr'ouvert: m. erte: f. *Chopped, chawned, cloven, gaping; halfe, or almoſt open; wither fully ſhut, nor open; whence;*

Les yeux cachez à doigts entr'ouverts. *Covered with ſtradling, and halfe-open, fingers; rather bidden to ſhew then hindered of their ſight; or ſo bidden by them that the hider may with eaſe looke through them.*

Entr'ouvrir. *Halfe to open, to make way through; alſo, to lay (halfe) open unto.*

s'Entr'ouvrir. *Halfe, or almoſt to open, to gape, cleave, goe aſunder of it ſelfe.*

s'Entrepardonner. *To forgive one another.*

Entreparlement. *An interrupting, a ſpeaking in a mans caſt.*

Entreparler. *To interrupt one that ſpeakes; to ſpeake in his tale, to hinder his ſpeech, with demands.*

Entrepas: m. *A faſt walke, a rack; a racking, or great pace of ſome horſes, that cannot amble, and muſt not trot.*

Entrepend: m. *Part of a womans, &c.*

s'Entrepicquer. *To prick, nip, taunt, quip, cut, each other.*

s'Entrepigner. *To combe, or claw one another; to pluck one another by the beards; to goe together by the eares.*

Entreplanter. *To plant, or ſet between.*

Entreplié: m. ée: f. *Interfoulded, or foulded between.*

Entreplier. *To fould between, to interfould.*

s'Entrepoindre. *To pricke, ſting, nettle; gird, gall, or vex, one another.*

†Entrepos: m. *An interpoſition; or, thing that's put, in an equall diſtance betweene others; alſo, a ſetting, putting, laying.*

Entrepoſer. *See* Interpoſer.

Entrepoſition. *as* Interpoſition.

s'Entrepoulſer. *To thruſt out the harlot; to thruſt, or puſh one another.*

s'Entrepouſſans. *Thruſting, or crowding one another.*

Entreprenant. *Enterpriſing, attempting; bold, hardy, courageous, forward, adventurous; that cares no little for his fleſh as another.*

Entreprendre. *To enterpriſe, attempt, undertake, or take in hand; aſſume, or take upon him; to venter upon, enter into, goe in hand with; alſo, to uſurpe, or incroach upon.*

s'Entreprendre. *To congeale, curdle, thicken; knit, or joyne together.*

s'Entreprendre par les mains. *To ſhake hands, to joyne hands together.*

Entrepreneur. *An enterpriſer, attempter, undertaker; alſo, a Broker, Pettifogger, or Intermedler in other mens controverſies.*

Marchand entrepreneur. *A Merchant venturer.*

Entrepreſé. *Cloſed, crowded, thruſt, preſſed in, or, one between another.*

Entrepreſſer. *To ſtop, cloſe, or preſſe in, or one betwixt another.*

s'Entrepreſſer. *To preſſe, crowd, or thruſt hard one another.*

s'Entrepreſter. *To lend one to another.*

Entreprins: m. ſe: f. *Undertaken, attempted, enterpriſed.*

Entreprins de ſes membres. *Taken, benummed, or blaſted.*

Entrepriſe: f. *An enterpriſe, action, attempt, adventure; alſo, an undertaking, or taking in hand; alſo, an uſurpation, or incroachment upon.*

Homme d'entrepriſe. *A man that's fit for great imployment.*

s'Entrepromettre vne choſe. *To promiſe a thing one unto another.*

s'Entreprouver. *To prove, trie, aſſay one another.*

s'Entrequerir. *To ſeek each other.*

Entrer: m. *An entrie, or going into; an acceſſe unto.*

Entrer de fief ſervi. *Looke* Servi.

Entrer. *To enter, goe, or ſtep in; to have acceſſe unto; to begin to put himſelfe into.*

Entrer en beutes. *To fall a tipling, or quaffing; or to grow tipſie by tipling.*

Entrer en combuſtion avec. *To fall to deadly feud with; to raiſe a great tumult againſt.*

Entrer par la feneſtre. *See* Feneſtre.

Entrer en la haute game. *To ſtretch, or buſie his wits.*

Entrer en quartier. *To begin his waiting; to get into favour, credit, authority, dealings; to come in requeſt.*

Entreracle: m. ée: f. *Scraped about, filed, or poliſhed between.*

Entreracler. *To ſcrape about; to file, or poliſh between.*

s'Entreregarder. *To behold, or look on each the other.*

s'Entreregreiter. *To deplore or bemoan each other; paſſionately to wiſh for one another.*

s'Entrerencontter. *To meet one another, or together.*

Entrerompant. *Interrupting, ſtopping.*

Entrerompre. *To interrupt, ſtop, confound, break off in the mids.*

Entrerougir. *To bluſh a little, to look ſomewhat red.*

Entreroulé: m. ée: f. *Rowled betweene; or now and then.*

Entreroüler. *To rowle between.*

s'Entreruer des pierres. *To pelt one another with stones; to throw stones one at another.*

s'Entresaisir bras à bras. *To seize one another by the armes.*

s'Entresaluër. *To salute each other.*

Entresciseures: f. *Intersawings; frequent (but distant) cuts, or entries, made by a saw, &c.*

s'Entrescourir. *To assist, releeve, or succour, one another.*

s'Entressembler. *To resemble one another.*

Entresemé: m. ée: f. *Set, sowed, inserted, interlaced between.*

Entresemer. *To set, sow, insert, interlace between, or here and there one.*

Entresserré m. ée: f. *Stopped, shut, or closed in, or between.*

Entresserrer. *To stop, shut, or close in, or between.*

Entresolive. *A space, or quarter between two rafters.*

s'Entresouffrir. *To endure, abide, or brook each other.*

s'Entresouvenir de. *To remember one another of; also, halfe to remember.*

Entrespace. *An intermedium, or space between.*

s'Entr'espier. *To spie, or prie into one anothers doings.*

s'Entresuir. *As* s'entresuyvre.

s'Entresurprendre. *To surprise, to take napping one another.*

Entresuyte: f. *A continuation, or immediate succeeding one of the other, a close, or neer following one of another.*

s'Entresuyvre. *To follow (close, or neere) one another; to succeed immediately, or in the neck one of the other.*

Entretaché: m. ée: f. *Spotted (and spatled) here and there.*

Entretaille: m. ée: f. *Cut between, or in the middest; cut here and there; cut by pieces, and with pauses; cut at severall times; also, interseived.*

Entretaillement: m. *A cutting between, or in the middest; a cutting here and there; a cutting by pieces (with pauses, or at severall times;) also, an interseiving; and hence, a tripping, or contrariety in speech.*

Entretailler. *To cut between, or in the middest of; to cut here and there; to cut (an entire thing) by pieces, and with pauses, or at severall times.*

s'Entretailler. *To cut, or hack one another; also, to interseeve; to bit, (and in bitting to hurt, or bedurt) one leg with th'other; also, to trip, or contrary, himselfe in his own speech.*

Entretailleure: f. *as* Entretaillement; *Or, a cut here and there.*

s'Entretaster. *To taste, feele, essay, sound, handle, or grope, another.*

Entretemps: m. *An intermedium, or meane while.*

Entretenement: m. *A coherency, or hanging of things together; an uninterrupted continuation of matters; an intertaining; also, a pension, wages, intertainment.*

Entretenement de voix sans respirer. *The holding of a note.*

Entretenir. *Mutually to hold, or keep; (both sides) to intertaine, or continue in a course agreed on; also, (without reciprocation) to observe, or keep inviolably; also, to intertaine, defray, sustaine, maintaine; also, to intertaine, or hold in talke; to chat, or converse with; to use affably, courteously, kindly; also, to intertaine, or accept of, an offer; also, to hold, keep, retaine, together.*

Ie ne fais point les bresches, mais ie les entretiens fort bien. *(The speech of an aged teacher.)*

s'Entretenir. *To cleave, hold, or hang close together.*

s'Entretenir de. *To nourish, intertaine, or sustaine himselfe with.*

Ils s'entretiennent comme font les gruës. *Said of such as obstinately follow a sect, or fashion.*

Qui veut entretenir son ami n'ait nuls affaires avec luy; Prov. *He that loves to continue a friend, must have but little to doe with him.*

Entretenu: m. uë: f. *Intertained; held, kept, observed; also, defrayed, sustained, maintained; also, held in talke, or chat, complemented with, courteously used; also, accepted of; also, retained, or held together.*

Entretien: m. *Intertainment, maintenance, meanes, nourishment; also, complement, complementing, or intertaining of one another with courteous speeches.*

Entretissure: f. *The woofe of cloth.*

Entretissu: m. uë: f. *Woven, or wrought between, as gold plate in tinsell; interlaced.*

Entretistre. *To interlace, or weave between.*

Entretoise. *A crosse quarter, or overthwart rafter, of timber.*

Entretortillé: m. ée: f. *Interlaced, much intangled, or twined.*

Entretortiller. *To interlace; to twine, or intangle much.*

Entretouchement: m. *A touching, sticking, cleaving, or hanging of things closely together; also, a continuation.*

s'Entretoucher. *To touch one another; to abut, neighbour, or be neer one to the other.*

† Entretouillé: m. ée: f. *Intangled, fubbled, confounded; pestered, incumbered.* ¶ Pic.

† Entretouiller. *To mingle, intangle, confound, fubble up things together; to pester, to incumber.*

s'Entrouver. *To find each other.*

s'Entreuüer. *To kill one another.*

Entrevesché: m. ée: f. *Intangled, insnarled, fettered, intricated.*

Entrevescher. *To intangle, insnarle, falter, intricate.*

Entreveillé. *Halfe awake, or between sleeping and waking.*

Entreveiller. *To be waking now and then; or to lye betweene sleeping and waking.*

Entrevenir. *To come in on a suddain; to happen, or befall at unawares; to be present among others; also, to mediate, or come betwixt.*

Tels Seigneurs entreviennent au traité. *Such Lords are contained, or comprised, within the treaty.*

Entrevenu: m. uë: f. *Come, happened, befallen, in the meane while; or on a sudden.*

Entrever. *To understand.* ¶ Barrag.

Entreverdir. *To be greenish; or to be green among other colours.*

Entreverdoyer. *The same.*

s'Entreverser. *To overturne, or overthrow one another.*

Entrevesché: m. ée: f. *Pestered, intangled, insnarled, intricated.*

Entrevescher. *To snarle, or intangle one within another; or as* Entrevecher.

Entrevisé: m. ée: f. *Viewed, or visited, now and then.*

Entreviser. *To view, or visit, now and then.*

Entrevisité: m. ée: f. *Seen, or visited, now and then.*

Entrevisiter. *To goe to see, or visit sometimes.*

Entrevoir. *Scarcely to see, to have but a glimpse of.*

s'Entrevoir. *To behold, or visit, one another.*

Entrevomi: m. ie: f. *Vomited, spued, or cast out now and then, or among other things.*

Entrevomir. *To cast, or vomit out among other things; to parbreake sometimes, or by fits.*

Entroupelé. *Trouped, or flocked together; assembled, or gathered, by troops.*

Entroupeler. *To troop, heape, or flock together; to gather in companies; to assemble.*

Entrouper. *as* Entroupeler.

Entuilé: m. ée: f. *Tiled; covered with tiles.*

Entuiler. *To tile; to cover with tiles.*

Enrure: f. *as* Enrement; *A grassing.*

Envahi: m. ie: f. *Invaded, assailed, assaulted, set on.*

Vne volonté de fuïr les avoit premier envahie. *They had from the beginning resolved to flie; or, feare had at first possest their minds, and put them into a humour of flying.*

Envahie: f. *An assault, an onset, an invasion.*

Envahir. *To invade, assaile, assault, or set upon; also, to seise, apprehend, or lay hold on; (as in th'example under* Envahi.)

Envain. *A kind of Serpent; as* Envern.

† Envaiſſelé: m. ée: f. *Invesselled, put into a vessell.*

Vn bel esprit envaiſſelé. *A good pot wit.*

Envasé: m. ée: f. *Invesselled, put into a vessell.*

Envaſer. *To put into a vessell.*

Envasquiné: m. ée: f. *In a long, Spanish, or old-fashioned, Verdingale.*

Enucleation. *An enucleation, or unkernelling; an explanation, full interpretation, absolute exposition, plaine manifestation of.*

Envelope: f. *Any thing that serves to wrap another in; a cover; a lapper; a wrapper; a piece of waste paper for that purpose.*

Envelopé: m. ée: f. *Inveloped; wrapped, infoulded, inclosed, involved; also, pestered, intangled, perplexed, incumbred.*

Envelopement: m. *An inveloping, wrapping, infoulding; intanglement, implication, incumbrance.*

Envelopément. *Obscurely, intricately; cumbersomely; by wrapping, or involution.*

Enveloper.

Enveloper. *To wrap, infold, involue, implicate, include; alſo, to poſter, intangle, inſnare, perplex, incumber.*

Enveloppé: m. *as* Enveloppe.

Enveloppe, & Envelopper, & Enveloppoir. *as* Enveloppe, Enveloper, &c.

Envelouté: m. ée: f. *Of Velvet, or cloathed with Velvet.*

Envenimé: m. ée: f. *Invenomed; impoiſoned.*

Envenimer. *To invenome; alſo, to poiſon the outſide of.*

Envenet: m. *A ſhort blind Serpent, which is thought to ſleepe all winter; whence;*

Endormy comme vn envenet. *An extreame ſlug.*

Envergongné: m. ée: f. *Much aſhamed, far out of countenance.*

† Envermé: m. ée: f. *Filled with, or grown full of, wormes.*

† Envermer. *To fill with, or grow full of, wormes.*

Enverré: m. ée: f. *Diſpleaſed with, incenſed againſt.* ¶ Norm.

Envers: *(A Subſtantive)* m. *The inſide, or wrong ſide of a thing;* l'envers du drap.

Mettre à l'envers. *To overthrow, turne vpſide-downe, tumble, or caſt topſie turvy.*

Nager à l'envers. *To ſwim on his backe.*

Tourner à l'envers. *To turne the inſide, or wrong ſide, outward.*

Nul endroict ſans ſon envers; Prov. *No commodity without a diſcommodity.*

Envers. *(A Preposition, ſignifies) towards, neere to, about; alſo, in the preſence, or in reſpect, of; alſo, againſt.*

† Enverſé: m. ée: f. *Inverted; turned vpſide-downeward, or the inſide outward; alſo, turned in and out.* Looke Renverſe.

† Enverſer. *To invert; to turne vpſide-downeward, or the inſide outwards; alſo, to turne in and out.*

Envi. *as* Envy; *With an ill will.*

Envictailler. *To victuall; to furniſh with, or prouide of, victuals.*

Evictuailler. *The ſame.*

Envie: m. *The ſpot, or marke which a child hath on ſome part of his body, repreſenting the thing his mother longed for, or was affrighted with, when he was in her belly.*

Envie: f. *Envy, ſpight, grudge, repining, griefe, diſpleaſure at the proſperity, or good parts of another; a malicious emulation; alſo, a deſire, or luſt vnto, a longing after; whence;*

Vous auriez bien envie de me faire peur. *Belike you would faine make me afraid.*

Envieux meurent, mais envie ne mourra iamais; Prov. *The enuious die, but envy liveth alwaies.*

Il n'eſt envie que de moine; Prov. Looke Moine.

Envié: m. ée: f. *Envied, ſpighted, maligned; repined at.*

Envieillir. *To wax old, grow in yeares; become ſtale; begin to decay; to quaile, faile, draw towards his end.*

Envieillíſſement: m. *A waxing decrepite, a growing into age, a ſtepping into yeares; a quailing, failing, decaying, becoming old, or ſtale.*

Envier. *To envie, to maligne, ſpight, grudge, repine at the worth, or good fortune of others; alſo, to deſire earneſtly, to long for.*

Envier (au ieu.) *To vie.*

Envieuſement. *Enviouſly, ſpightfully, maliciouſly.*

Envieux: m. *A Slow-worme, or Blind-worme.*

Envieux: m. euſe: f. *Envious, malignant, repining, deſpightfull, ſpighting at another mans worth, or fortune.*

Femme envieuſe. *A woman that longeth.*

Euvieux meurent, mais envie ne mourra iamais; Prov. *Though enuious people dye, yet envy ſhall liue euer.*

Envinaigré: m. ée: f. *Seaſoned with vinegar.*

Envinaigrer. *To ſeaſon, or ſharpen, with vinegar.*

Envine: m. ée: f. *Stued, furniſhed, or ſeaſoned with wine.*

Enviroller. *Whoſe top, end, or tip, is bound about with a ring, or hoope of iron, &c.*

Environ: m. les environs d'vne ville. *The compaſſe of ground, or circuit of country, next about it.*

Environ. *About; thereabouts; nigh vnto.*

Et mon homme environ. *And my merchant to worke, fell cloſe to it, went roundly about it.*

Tout à l'environ. *All thereabouts, round about, on each ſide, on every part.*

J'ay aſſez à faire environ les mains. *I have my hands full of buſineſſe; I have as much to doe as I can turne me to.*

Environné. *Inuironned, compaſſed, begirt, incloſed, bedged, or bound in on every ſide.*

Environnement: m. *An incompaſſing, inuironing, incloſing round about.*

Environner. *To inuiron, incompaſſe, begird, incloſe, budge or bemme in, on all ſides.*

† Envis, bien envis. *Unwillingly; loathly; repiningly.*

Toutes fois eſt fait de qu'envis eſt fait. Looke Faict.

Enviſagé: m. ée: f. *Set with the viſage or face towards, oppoſite to the forepart vnto.*

Enviſager. *To ſet the face or viſage towards, to looke towards or againſt; the forepart of a thing to be in oppoſition with another.*

Envitaillement. *A victualling; a providing of, or furniſhing with, victuals.*

Envitailler. *as* Envictailler.

Envie. *Vice at play.* ¶ Rab.

Enule-campane. *The herbe called Helleborine, Scabwort, and Horſe-heale.*

Enumeration: f. *An enumeration, reckoning, numbring, rehearſall.*

Enunciation. *An enunciation, ſignification, declaration, a denouncing; alſo, a maxime, or propoſition.*

Environné: m. ée: f. *Beſet, beſtirred, compaſſed with, neere vnto, vſed by, neighbours.*

Envolé: m, ée: f. *Fled away, paſſed haſtily or ſwiftly, gone ſuddenly; eſcaped, got packing, departed.*

s'Envoler. *To flie away; to eſcape, depart, get packing; high away ſpeedily, haſte away quickly, paſſe away ſuddenly.*

Envoulté. qui a l'elguillette nouée. *Charmed in his chiefe member.*

Envouté: m, ée: f. *Vaulted, arched; bowed, or bending downwards like a vault.* See Voute.

† Envoutement. *as* Deſgouſtement; *A diſtaſting.* (v. m.)

Envoy. *A meſſage, or ſending; alſo, the Envoy, or concluſion of a Ballet, or Sonnet; in a ſhort ſtanze by it ſelfe, and ſerving, oftentimes, as a dedication of the whole.*

Envoyé: m. *A ſpeciall meſſenger ſent by a Prince vnto his Embaſſador in a ſereene countrey.*

Le ſainct Envoyé. *The holy Apoſtle.*

Envoye: f. Looke Ennoye.

Envoyé: m. ée: f. *Sent; delegated; addreſſed or directed, vnto; alſo, caſt or thruſt, out.*

Envoyer. *To ſend; to delegate; addreſſe or direct, vnto; alſo, to caſt, or thruſt, out.*

Envoyer au gras. *To ſend a grazing; a Maſter to put away his man; (and perhaps from this phraſe came our contemptuous, Go ſtarue.)*

Ie le vous envoyeray par le borgne. *I will ſend it you by John Long the Carrier.*

Qui envoye chetif à la mer il n'en rapporte ne poiſſon ne ſel; Prov. Looke Poiſſon.

Qui ſot envoye ſot attend; Prov. *He that ſends a foole, ſtaies (either) for (or as) a foole.*

† Envoyrinez. *To glaſe a window.*

† Envoyſinate: f. Mackery; *an old word.*

Envy. *Unwillingly, repiningly, grudgingly, loathly, againſt the will, much againſt the humor of.*

'A l' envy l' vn de l' autre. *One to deſpight the other, or in emulation one of the other.*

Enyvré: m. ée: f. *Drunke, drunken; made, or become drunke; in drinke, mellow, tipled, faſed, ouerſeene.*

Enyvrer. *To make drunke; to faſe.*

s'Enyvrer. *To be drunke, or in drinke; to be mellow, tipled, ſlufht, ouerſeene.*

Il s'enyvre de ſa propre bouteille. *He is drunke by his owne bottle; (ſaid of one that is too farre in loue with a good part of his owne, or abuſes it vnto his ruine.)*

Le Tavernier s'enyvre de ſa Taverne; Prov. *Of the ſame, or like, ſence.*

Eolipyles. *Hollow braſen bowles, (or balls) which being filled with water, and ſet by the fire vntill they be throughly heated, yeild forth of the narrow holes (whereof they have many) ſtrong puffes of wind, and continue them vntill all the water bee evaporated.*

Epacte. *An addition; (in Almanacks) the Epact.*

Epaigneul. *as* Eſpaigneul.

† Epalouir. *To melt, or ſmelter with extreme heat.*

Epanalepſe: f. *The repetition of a word, whereby a ſentence or verſe is ended, at the beginning of the next; alſo, a repetition after a long Parenthеſis; the figure of Reſumption.*

Epanode.

Epanode. *A ſeverall rehearſall of two things which at firſt were ſpoken of joyntly; or (more generally) any returne, regreſſion, renovation, repetition.*

Epanons d'un dard. *The feathers of a dart.*

† Epanter. *as* Eſpouvanter. ; *To diſmay.* ¶ Pic.

Epatique. *The herb Trinity, or noble Agrimony.*

Epaulart m. *An Orke; a great ſea-fiſh mortall enemy to the Whale.*

Epe. *In ſtead of,* Et puis ; *a ruſticall word.*

Epeiche : f. *A Speight; the red-tayled Woodpecker, or Highaw.*

Epelan : m. *A Smelt.*

Epelé : m. *Spealt, or ſpealed.*

Epeler. *To ſpeale.*

† Eperge : f. *A Bruſh.*

Eperlan : m. *A Smelt.*

Ephebe : m. *A marriageable youth or ſtripling; one thats fourteene and upwards.*

Ephectique : com. *One that after long ſtudy, and ſearch, is more doubtfull then he was at firſt.*

Ephemere. *The herb Liricumſancy, or May-Lillies; alſo, an ague of but one daies continuance.*

L'Ephemere Colchique. *The wild Medow Saffron with the darke-red roots.*

Ephemerique. Fievre eph. *That laſts but a day.*

Ephimeris. *A Iournall, or daily Regiſter of things done.*

† Epicaïe : f. *Equity, mitigation of the rigour of the Law.*

† Epicaïzer. *To judge according to equity, to mitigate the vigor of the Law.*

Epiche : f. *A Speight; the red-tailed Woodpecker, or Highaw.*

Epicycle. *A leſſer circle, whoſe centre is within the circumference of a greater; hence, a leſſer circle that comprehends, and carries about with it, a Planet, it ſelfe being carried about by a greater; the Seat of a Planet, or Story wherein it is fixed.*

Epiderme. *The moſt outward thin skin of the body.*

Epidimial. Maladie Epidimiale. *as* Epidimie.

Epidimie. *An univerſall ſickneſſe, or generall infection; a moſt catching, or contagious, diſeaſe.*

Epidimique : com. *Infectious, contagious, peſtilent; or, univerſall, generall, growne common, very much diſperſed, among the people.*

Epiecé : m. ée : f. *Divided, peecemealed, rent in peeces.*

Epiecer. *To peecemeale, divide, rent aſunder, pull in peeces.*

Epigaſtre : m. *All the outward part of the belly from the bulke to the privities.*

Epigaſtrique. *Belonging thereto.*

Artere Epigaſtrique. *Looke* Artere.

Veine Epigaſtrique. *A branch of the Iliack, or ſlanke veine; there are two of them; an outward, and an inward one, both which at length are joyned with the Mammales.*

Epigloxide. *The cover, weſſell, or flap of the throat.*

Epigrammatique : com. *Epigrammaticall, or Epigram-like.*

Epigrammatiſte. *An Epigrammatiſt, a writer of Epigrams.*

Epigramme : m. *An Epigram; a Couplet, Stanzo, or ſhort Poem, wittily taxing a particular perſon, or fault; alſo, a title, inſcription, or ſuperſcription.*

Epigrer. *as* Eſcacher, & Fouler. *(at Tours.)*

Epilemie. *A ſong of the ſuperſcription of a thing.* ¶ Rab.

† Epilence. *A kind of falling evill in a Hawke.*

Epilepſie. *The falling ſickneſſe, or foule evill.*

Epileptique. *That hath the falling ſickneſſe.*

Epilogue : m. *An Epilogue; the concluſion knitting up, or finall end, of a Play &c.*

Epilogué : m. ée ; f. *Concluded, ended, finiſhed, knit up.*

Epiloguer. *To conclude, or knit up; to make a concluſion, epilogue, or finall end of.*

Epinarde. *A little fiſh; as* Eſpinoche.

Epinete. *as* Eſpinette ; *A paire of virginalls.*

Epinices. *Feaſts, verſes, or ſongs of triumph after a victory.* ¶ Rab.

Epinoche. *as* Eſpinoche.

Epinyctide : f. *A wheale, or puſh that riſes on the skin by night.*

Epiphanie : f. *The Epipheny, or Twelfth day in Chriſtmas.*

Epiphore : f. *The Rheumaticke moiſtneſſe, watrineſſe, or dropping of the eyes; alſo, violence, impreſſion, vehemency.*

Epiphyſe : f. *An addition, or appendix to a bone, obtaining a peculiar circumſcription within, and annexation to, it, though otherwiſe it be no true part of it.*

Epiploïque. Veine epiploïque. *See* Veine.

Epiſcopal : m. ale ; f. *Epiſcopall; of, or belonging to, a Biſhop.*

Epiſcopaux : m. *The followers, favorites, or favorers of Biſhops.*

† Epiſemaſie : f. *A note, or deſignation; a ſignification of the mind by the countenance, or geſture:* Rabelais *uſes it (as if it were* Epiſemanomie*) for a popular ſhout, or acclamation.* ¶ Rab.

Epiſtemon. *A Teacher.* ¶ Rab.

Epiſtre : f. *An Epiſtle, a letter miſſive.*

Epiſtrophe. *The ending of two verſes with one word; (a figure.)*

Epiſtyle : m. *as* Architrave ; *alſo, a little piller ſet upon a greater.*

Epitaphe : m. *An Epitaph; a funerall poem, or inſcription.*

Epitaſſe d'une tragedie. *The buſieſt part of a Tragedy.*

Epithalme. *A wedding Song, or Poeme; verſes made, or a ſong ſung, at a wedding, in commendation of the parties married.*

Epitheme : m. *A liquid medicine, applyed unto an outward part of the body, by a peece of thin linnen, or cotton dipped in it; thereby to ſupple the place, or coole and comfort the inward (heart, ſtomacke, or liver) thats under it.*

† Epithemé : m. ée : f. *Bathed, moiſtened, wet, bedewed.*

† Epithemer. *To bath, moiſten, wet, bedew.*

Epithimer. *as* Epithemer.

Epithin : m. *The weed Dodder; eſpecially that kind thereof, which growes twining about the branches of Time.*

Epitoge : m. *A long Cloake, or Caſſocke, worne looſe over other apparell; alſo, a Graduats hood.*

Epitome : m. *An Epitomy, Abridgement, Breviarie.*

† Epizeuxe. *A figure, whereby a word, or more, having no other betweene them, are doubled in one ſence.*

Epodes. *A kind of Lyricke verſes; the firſt whereof is longer then the ſecond.*

Epotique. *Drunken, ſwilling.* ¶ Rab.

Eprenas. *The bloudy flix, and belly ache, that comes by the ulceration, or excoriation of the bowels.* ¶ Dauph.

Epta-ſyllabe : com. *Of ſeven ſyllables.*

Epulotique. *Skin-breeding.*

Epuré : m. ée : f. *Cleanſed, purified, clarified; alſo, dried by running, dreyned of liquor by wringing.*

Epurer. *as* Eſpurer.

† Equable : com. *Even, equall, of one ſort, all alike.*

† Equaliſé : m. ée : f. *Equalled, matched, made even; reſembled, compared.*

† Equaliſer. *To equall, match, make even, reſemble, compare.*

† Equalité : f. *Equality, evenneſſe, matchableneſſe; reſemblance; indifferency, compariſon.*

† Equalizer. *as* Equaliſer.

Equanimité : f. *Indifferency, moderation, quietneſſe of mind; a humor that takes all things well.*

Equarri : m. ie : f. *Meaſured, or ſquared out, by a Squire.*

Equarrir. *To meaſure, or ſquare out, by a Squire.*

Equarriſſement : m. *A meaſuring, or ſquaring out, by a Squire.*

Equateur : m. *The Equator, or Equinoctiall Circle; one of the ſixe chiefe Circles imagined to be in the Firmament; thus called, becauſe tis equally diſtant from the two Poles; and becauſe when the Sun is in it, the day and night are of equall length.*

Equerre. *as* Eſquierre.

† Equeſtre : com. *Of, or belonging to, Horſemen, Knights, or Gentlemen.*

Equibiens. *The Halſes; or two holes in the prow of a ſhip, through which the Anchorcables paſſe.*

Equidiametral : m. ale : f. *Equidiametrall.*

Equidiſtamment. *Of equall diſtance aſunder.*

Equidiſtance : f. *An equall ſpace, an even diſtance, aſunder.*

Equidiſtant. *Equally diſtant one from the other.*

Equierre. *as* Eſquierre.

Equilance : f. *The bole, or hollow, wherein the tongue of a ballance playeth.*

Equilibre : m. *Equality of weight.*

Equilibré : m. ée : f. *Weighed in equall ballances.*

Equilibrer. *To poiſe, or weigh, in equall balance.*

Equinancie : f. *The Squinſie, or Squinancy; an impoſtumous ſwelling about the necke.*

Equinocce : m. *The Equinoctiall; or equall length of day and night; It falls out in the Spring about the eleventh of March;*

March; *in Autumne, about the ſixteenth of September.*

Equipage: m. *Equipage, furniture, good armour, fit attire; ſtore of neceſſaries; full order, ſufficient array.*

Equipage d'un navire. *(Moſt properly) her Marriners, and Souldiers.*

† Equiparable. *Fit to be compared, or equalled unto.*

† Equiparaiſon: f. *Likeneſſe, reſemblance, matching, equality; compariſon.*

† Equiparé: m. ée: f. *Matched, equalled; reſembled, likened; compared; altogether as well done.*

† Equiparer. *To compare, liken; match, make equall; to do as well as another.*

Equipé: m. ée: f. *Equipped; armed, attired, ſtored with, provided of, all neceſſary furniture, prepared for an exploit, ſet in good order, ſufficient array, full equipage.*

Equiper. *To equip, arme, attire, ſtore with, provide of, neceſſary furniture; to prepare, make ready, ſet in array, enable, by full proviſion, for an action, ſervice, or exploit.*

Equipolence: f. *Equipolency, equality in value.*

Equipolent: m. *Compoſition money; or, as* Equivalent.

A l'equipolent. *Accordingly, of a like value, proportionably, by every portions, for his proportion or part.*

Equipolent. *Equivalent, of equall worth, of a like value, as good as the other.*

Equipoler. *To be of like, or equall value; to countervaile the worth of; alſo, to make equall in value with.*

Equipollé: m. ée: f. *Countervailed, equalled in value with.*

Equipoller. *as* Equipoler.

Equippage: m. *Equipage, furniture, &c. as* Equipage.

Equippé: m. ée: f. *as* Equipé.

Equippée: f. *Equipage; or, a being in, or putting into, array, order, equipage; alſo, a ſudden, and fantaſticall prank, or out-ſtart; a ſpringall flying out of the way; and hence alſo, a digreſſion.*

Les equippées d'un lievre. *Her running an end, an outright courſe.*

Equitable: com. *Equitable; juſt, even, equall, ſincere; upright.*

† Equitation: f. *A riding on horſebacke.*

Equité: f. *Equity, equality; evenneſſe; uprightneſſe; mitigation of rigor; moderation of humor; mildneſſe, clemency, mercifulneſſe.*

Equivalent: m. *Equall value; like for the like, one thing for another; or, the worth of a thing in exchange; hence; compoſition money, or an yearely compoſition yeelded unto the King by moſt of the commons, in lieu, and for the abolishment, of an ancient Toll of xij d. in the pound, levied upon all ſmall wares, victuall, and other proviſion, retailed by country people in their ordinary Markets: The Languedocians, Limoſins, Perigordins, and the inhabitants of ſome other countries thereabouts, do alſo pay a compoſition to be exempted from the Gabelle de ſel, and others the like Impoſitions; All, to avoid the exactions, and hard dealing of the collectors, and farmers of them; for otherwiſe, this compoſition is as beneficiall to the Prince, and chargeable to the Subject, as thoſe Tolls, and Taxes were.*

Rendre l'equivalent. *To acquit, requite, returne like for like, or one good turne for another; whence;*

A pere, à Maiſtre, à Dieu tout-puiſſant, nul ne peut rendre l'equivalent; Prov.

Equivalent. *(Adject.) Equivalent; of a like worth, or equall value; as good as another.*

Equivoque: f. *An equivocation; a double, or divers ſence in one word, &c.*

Nous ſommes en equivoque. *You meane one thing, and I another; or we miſtake, or miſconceive, one another.*

Equivoqué: m. ée: f. *Equivocated; doubtfully ſpoken, doubly meant.*

Ie me ſuis equivoqué. *I miſtooke one word for another.*

Equivoquer. *To equivocate, or uſe words of divers ſignifications; to ſpeake doubtfully, or with a double meaning.*

Erable. *The ſmall Maple, or common Maple tree.*

Grand erable. *The great Maple (erroniouſly) called the Sycomore tree.*

Eraige: m. *An ayrie of Hawkes; or, as* Herage; *whence;*

En eſt il encore de l'eraige? *what? is there yet more leſt of the kind of them?*

Eraigne. *as* Eraige. *& Rab.*

Eraillé. *as* Eſraillé.

Erailler. *Seeke* Eſrailler.

Erain. *as* Airain. *Braſſe.*

† Eramme: m. *A fine, or amerciament ſet on a parties head for want of due appearance.*

† Eraſer. *Leake* Eſraſer.

Erater. *To unmilt, or take the milt out of.*

† Erbergé: m. ée: f. *Lodged, harboured,*

† Erberger. *To lodge, to harbour.*

Erchat. *as* Archat; *Yellow wire made of Latten, or Copper.*

Erculiſſe: f. *Liccorice.*

Erectif: m. ive: f. *Erective; raiſing, advancing, lifting up, making to ſtand, ſetting bolt upright.*

† Eremodicié: m. ée: f. *Forſaken, deſart, ſolitary, ſaluorne.*

Cauſe eremodiciée. *A matter thats given over for deſperate.*

Ergole: m. *A ſmall weight of two graines.*

Ergalie: f. *The framing, and diſpoſition of veſſels, and furnaces for Extractions, &c.*

Ergaſtule: m. *A Priſon, or Houſe of Correction (as our Bridewell) for diſſolute, and idle perſons.*

Ergate: m. *A windleſſe, Windbeame, or Draw-beame; alſo, a Racke for a Croſſe-bow.*

Ergot: m. *The ſpurre of a Cocke; the dew-clam of a dog; the heele, or talon of a Hog.*

Eſtre ſur ſes ergots. *To be very ſtately, ſtoſtly, ſurly; to ſtand on tearmes, or on his Pantoflas.*

Plein d'ergots. *(as if it were, Ergo) full of concluſions; quidditics, cavilling.*

Fendre l'ergot. *To run away.*

Ergoté: m. ée: f. *Spurred, or having ſpurres; dew-clamed; armed, or furniſhed with ſpurres, or dew-clawes.*

Ergoter. *To riſe on his toes, or ſtand upon his tip-toes; alſo, to wrangle, debate, cavill, contend.*

Ergoteure: f. *as* Ergoture.

Ergotique: com. *Sophiſticall; cavilling, full of concluſions, or quiddities.*

Ergotiſme: m. *Arguing, cavilling, ſophiſtry, quidditics.*

Ergotiſte: m. *A wrangling arguer, a cavilling ſophiſter.*

Ergoture: f. *as* Ergot; *alſo, an arming, or furniſhing, with ſpurres, or dew-clawes; alſo, as* Ergotiſme.

Erigé: m. ée: f. *Erected, raiſed, advanced, liſt or ſet up; alſo, created.*

Eriger. *To raiſe, erect, advance, liſt, or ſet up.*

Eriger en Duc, ou Conte. *To create a Duke, or Earle.*

Erigoteures. *The ſpurres of a Cocke; the dew-clawes of a dog, &c. Seeke* Ergoture.

Ermaire. *as* Armaire.

† Erme. Terres ermes. *That lye waſte, deſart, and untilled.*

Ermine. *The (hate-ſpot) Ermelin; alſo, the ſkin, or furre thereof; Ermines.*

Ermine: m. ée: f. *Furred with Ermines; poudered Ermines.*

Erminer. *To furre with Ermines.*

Erminette. *A little plaining Axe.*

Ermitage: m. *An Hermitage.*

Ermite: m. *An Hermite; one that liveth alone in a deſart.*

Erné: m. ée: f. *as* Eſrené.

Erner. *To breake, or bruiſe, the reines; to cruſh, or weaken, the backe.*

Erodé: m. ée: f. *Gnawne off, or about; eaten into.*

Eroder. *To gnaw off, or about; to eate into; alſo, to drive from field to field, from hill to hill.*

Erogene. *A certaine love-procuring herb.*

Eron. *as* Heron; *A Herneſhaw.*

Eroſion. *A gnawing, or eating into.*

Erraillé: m. ée: f. *Spred wide open, ſet far aſunder.*

Oeil erraillé. *A ſtaring eye.*

Errailler. *To ſpread wide open, ſet far aſunder; (and hence) alſo, to ſtare with the eyes; to ſhale with the feet; to ſtraddle with the legs, or thighs.*

† Erramme. *A fine, or amerciament ſet on a plaintiffes, or defendants head, for not appearing.*

Errammment. *Quickly, preſently, out of hand; nimbly, readily; alſo, at randome.*

Ferir erramment. *To ſtrike among the thickeſt, one knowes not whom.*

Errandonner. *To flie away at randome, or he cares not which way, ſo he may be gone; (an old word.)*

Errant. *Errant, wandring, uncertaine, roving, roaming, ſtraying, vagabond, ſtraggling.*

Erraté: m. ée: f. *Unlimited; (and thereby) nimble, or light.*

Errater. *To take out a mans milt, thereby to make him the nimbler.*

Erratique. *as* Errant.

Fiebvres erratiques. *Agues whoſe fits hold no certaine time of returne.*

Erre: f. *A way, path; courſe, or pace.*

Erres. *In the (plurall) number; as* Erre; *alſo, the view, or ſooting of a Deere.*

Erre de chaſſerie. *All the furniture, proviſion, and equipage of hunting; as dogs, &c. and hence;*

Pren-

Prendre erre de chaſſerie. *To prepare, or get, himſelfe to hunting; to begin to hunt.*

Erre de la mer. *The floating, or waving of the ſea; the courſe of tides.*

Grand erre. *Swiftly, faſtly, ſpeedily, quickly, haſtily, with noteable diligence, with great celerity; whence;*

Aller grand'erre, ou, à grand erre, ou grand erres. *To ſpeed, make haſt, hy apace, goe very faſt.*

Limier de hautes erres, & bonnes. *A fleet, or ſpeedy hound.*

Pourſuyvre ſes erres. *To purſue his firſt argument; or, to continue the ſubject he began with.*

Reprendre ſes erres. *To returne unto the way, or ſubject from which he was diverted; to come to his way, or matter againe.*

Erré: m. ée: f. *Erred, ſtrayed, wandered, roved, roamed; miſtaken, miſſed, failed; offended, tranſgreſſed.*

Errement. *as* Arrement; *alſo, a path, ſtep, tract, or way.*

Errementer. C'eſt (au ſtil du païs de Normandie) prendre expedition, & proceder en la cauſe avec ſa partie adverſe. *Of* Ragueau.

Errer. *To erre; ſtray; wander; miſſe, foyle, miſtake; alſo, to tranſgreſſe, offend, be faulty.*

Qui ne parle n'erre; Prov. *He that ſpeakes not, erres not (in ſpeech)*

Erres. de erres. *Much, or very much; (an old word.)*

Erreur: f. *An error, overſight, overſlip, miſtaking; an ignorance, or falſe opinion; a wandering, or ſtraying out of the right way; alſo, a miſſe, fault, offence, tranſgreſſion; In Law, an Error (not as ours, in proces or pleading, but) in an Arreſt, or Judgement; and that two waies;*

Erreur de Droict. *Errour in Law; is when a Judge hath given ſentence directly againſt Law; See* Propoſition d'erreur.

Erreur de faict. *Error in fact; is when he hath decreed againſt the Proves made, or Evidence given in,*

Propoſition d'erreur. *A writ of Error; is procur'd out of the higheſt Chancery; oftenest, when Errors in fact are complained of; for it is not eaſily beleeved, that the Judges, who can make Lawes, can erre in Law.*

Errhine. *A tent-like medicine applyed unto, or put into, the noſe, to purge it, or the braine; as alſo, to ſtop bleeding; provoke ſneezing; or to procure childbirth.*

Erroné m. ée: f. *Erronious, fraught with errors; falſe.*

Erronnée: f. *The herb Centory, Earth-gall, Feverwort.*

Erronnéement. *Erroniouſly, falſely.*

Ers. les Ers d'un cheval. *as* Les Ars, *or* Harts.

Ers. des Ers. *The pulſe called Cich, Orobus, bitter Vetch, or bitter Fitch; It commonly beares a white flower, and therefore ſome do tearme it,* Ers blancs.

Ers de Crete, ou de Candie; *Candian Orobus; leſſe in the cod, and ſeed, then the ordinary one.*

Ers roux. *The great wild Tare, Cichling; Peaſe everlaſting.*

Ers ſauvage. *Wild* Orobus *(growes of it ſelfe among corne, and is oft miſtaken for the wild Fitch.)*

Erte: f. *A place that ſtands high, or is ſomewhat high to be looked at; a ſteepe, or craggy aſcent; a watch-tower.*

Eſtre à l'erte. *To obſerve, or watch (from a high place) to lye in waite for; to have a nimble, or carefull eye; to be circumſpect, vigilant, wary, ready for all advantages; to looke moſt heedfully about him.*

Tirer vn ennemy à l'erte. *To draw out an enemy into the field, or to fight.*

† Erubeſcence: f. *Bluſhing, ſhamefac'dneſſe.*

Eruce: f. *The herb Rocket; alſo, the Canker-worme.*

† Erucé: m. ée: f. *Nibled finely, licked up daintily.*

† Erucer. *To nible finely, to licke up daintily.*

Eructation: f. *A belching, or breaking of wind.*

Erudition: f. *Erudition, learning, teaching, doctrine.*

Erugineux: m. euſe: f. *Of the colour of Verdigreece; ruſty, cankred, or corrupted.*

Eruité. *as* Evité; *Weakened.* *Of* Rab.

Eryſimon. Dioſcorides *called ſo, bunke Creſſes, or winter Creſſes:* Theophraſtus, *and* Galen, *Two herbs of one kind; the one called* Miagrum, *or gold of pleaſure; the other* Cameline, *or Treacle Wormeſeed.*

Eryſipele. *A painefull, and hot ſwelling, or impoſtumation, the matter whereof being very thin, and cleare, makes it looke almoſt as though it ſhined; ſome call it, the holy fire.*

Es. *(Of the Verbe,* Eſtre) tu es. *Thou art.*

Es. *(A Prepoſition, ever ſet before words of the plurall number, as,* en, *before thoſe of the Singular.) In the, at the; into, or unto the.*

Es vous; *for* voicy; *behold; (an old word.)*

Esbaillé: m. ée: f. *Cloven, riven, gaping wide, ſet open, or wide aſunder.*

Esbahi: m. ie: f. *Abaſhed, aſtoniſhed, amazed, appalled.*

A l'Esbahi. *Baſhfully, amazedly, with great admiration, with much aſtoniſhment.*

s'Esbahir. *To wonder, marvell, be aſtomed, waxe amazed, at,*

Faire esbahir. *To appall, affright, aſtoniſh, put out of countenance.*

Esbahiſſement: m. *A wondering, marvelling, admiration, appallment, aſtoniſhment.*

Esbahy. *as* Esbahi.

† Esbailleure: f. *A gaping, or openneſſe.*

† Esbalançon. *A horſes diſordered leape out of time, and meaſure.*

† Esbanney: m. & Esbannoye: f. *as* Esbanoy.

† Esbanoie: f. *Paſtime, ſport, recreation.*

† Esbanoy: m. *Paſtime, ſport, recreation.*

† Esbanoye: f. *The ſame.*

† s'Esbanoyer. *To ſport, play, recreate himſelfe.*

Esbarbé: m. ée: f. *Made beardleſſe; barbed, ſhaven, ſheered, pruned, cut, or cropped, off; alſo, ſmoothed.*

Esbarbement: m. *A barbing, ſhaving, ſheering, clipping; a cutting, pruning, or cropping, off; alſo, a ſmoothing.*

Esbarber. *To cut, ſhave, clip, ſheere off, haire, ſhag, a nap, &c. alſo to cut, picke, prune, or crop off, ſmall ſprigs, &c. alſo, to ſmooth (a rugged thing.)*

Esbarber vn livre. *To cut off, or pare away, the edges, or corners, of the leaves of a booke.*

† Esbarluër. *as* Esberluër.

† Esbaſé: m. ée: f. *Looſe, or ſhaken at; looſed, or ſlipt from; driven, or ſled out of, it* Baſis, *ground, or foundation.*

† Esbaſer. *To looſe, or make looſe, at the bottome; to dig up, or take away, the foundation of; to ſhake from, or drive out of, it baſe, ground, or foundation.*

s'Esbaſer. *To ſlip from, or flye out of it* Baſis, *ground, foundation.*

Esbat: m. *Sport, paſtime, play, recreation; delight, pleaſure, dalliance, jeaſting.*

Esbatement: m. *A ſporting, playing, dallying, jeaſting, recreation.*

s'Esbatre. *To ſport, play; dally; jeaſt; paſſe away the time in mirth, and recreation.*

Esbauché: m. ée: f. *Rough-hewed, rudely begun; ſquared, framed, or cut groſſely out of the whole peece.*

Esbauché (en peinture.) *Tricked.*

Esbauchement: m. *A rough-hewing; a groſſe framing, ſquaring, or cutting out of a whole peece; a rude beginning; alſo, a tricking.*

Esbaucher. *To rough-hew, groſſely to frame, forme, ſquare, or cut out of the whole peece; to begin rudely, any peece of worke; alſo, to prune a tree; and, in painting to trick.*

Esbaudi: m. ie: f. *Glad, merry, cheerefull, heartened, exhilarated, cheered.*

Esbaudir. *To glad, rejoyce, exhilarate, make merry, hearten, cheere up; alſo, to rouſe, awake, or ſtirre up from ſleepe.*

Esberge: m. *A houſe, lodging, or harbour; alſo, an Inne.*

Esbergé: m. ée: f. *Lodged, harboured, houſed, ſojourned, or abode in.*

Esbergement: m. *A houſe, lodging, harbour, ſtation, place of ſtay, abode, retreat.*

Esberger. *To lodge, harbour, houſe; to ſtay, abide, or ſojourne in.*

Esberger en foy vne faute. *To commit, or be guilty of, a fault; alſo, to take a fault upon himſelfe.*

† Esberluë: m. ée: f. *Dazled, dimmed, made purblind.*

† Esberluër. *To dazle, or dimme the eyes; to make them purblind.*

Esblaré: m. ée: f. *Gaſtly, or pale of countnance; bleake, wan, as one that is affrighted, or hath had a fever.*

Esblouï. *Dazled; dimme-ſighted; or whoſe ſight is darkened.*

Esblouïr les yeux. *To dazle, dimme, caſt a miſt before the eyes; to make them glimmer.*

Esblouïſſant. *Dimming, dazling, caſting a miſt before.*

Esblouïſſement: m. *A dazling, dimneſſe, obſcurity.*

Esblouïſſon:

Esblouiſſon: f. *as* Esblouiſſement; *or, a miſt caſt before the eyes.*
Esblouiſſon de la teſte. *Giddineſſe of the braine.*
Esboché: m. ée: *f. Rough-hewed, ſquared out, begun rudely; cut groſſely out of a groſe piece. Look* Esbauché.
Esbocher. *To rough-hew, ſquare out in great; begin rudely; cut groſſely out of the whole piece. Look* Esbaucher.
† Esboire. *To ſoak in, to drink up.*
Esboirement: m. *A ſauneſſe, or laming.*
Esborgné: m. ée: *f. Deprived of an eye.*
Esborgner. *To put out an eye, to deprive of one eye.*
† Esbouffer. *To burſt out into a laughter; alſo, as* Esbaudir.
† s'esbouffer à gueter. *To buffe, or bluſh out in ſpeech.*
† Esbouflé: m. ée: *f. Spurted, ſpouted, or blowne (as moiſture) upon.*
† Esboufler. *To ſpurt, ſpout, or blow moiſture upon.*
Esbouilli: m. ie: *f. Throughly boyled; ouerboyled; leſſened, or decayed, in boyling; almoſt dried up with boyling.*
Esbouillir. *To boyle throughly; to boyle to the diminution of the liquor that's in boyling; to ouerboyle, or boyle almoſt dries alſo, to worke, as new beere, &c.*
Esbouilluë: f. *Stuffe ouerboyled; burnt, or decayed in boyling.*
Esboulé: m. ée: *f. Ruinous, decaying, tumbled downe, fallen, or broken off, mouldred away of it ſelfe.*
Terres esboulées. *Decayed, or tired out, by ouermuch tillage.*
Esboulement: m. *The ruine, decay, falling away, or tumbling downe, of a thing.*
Esbouler. *To rowle, or tumble downe, to fall, or burſt off; to moulder away of it ſelfe; as earth, ſtone, &c. in the hanging ſides of an old, or, ill made, wall, banke, &c. thereby going to decay.*
Esbouli. *as* Esbouilli.
Esboulu. *as* Esboulé; *or, boyled out, or away.*
Esbourgeonné: m. ée: *f. Pruined, picked.*
Esbourgeonnement. *as* Esbourjonnement.
Esbourgeonner la vigne. *To pruine, ſhred, or nip off, the ſuperfluous, and needleſſe buds, or ſprigs of a vine.*
Esbourgeonneur: m. *A pruiner, picker, or nipper off, of Vine buds.*
Esbourjonnage. *as* Esbourjonnement.
Esbourjonnement: m. *A cutting off, or plucking away of, ſuperfluous buds, or ſprigs from Vines; a pruining, or ſhredding of their ſmall branches.*
Esbourjonner. *as* Esbourgeonner.
Esbourjonneur: m. *A pruiner of Vines.*
Esbourré: m. ée: *f. Cleanſed, winnowed, purged, taken out of it huske.*
Esbourrer. *To winnow, unhuske, unſhale; to ridde, purge, cleanſe from chaffe, haire, huskes, ſtocks, downe, &c. alſo, to rinch, or waſh (as cloath, &c.) lightly, or ſleightly.*
Esbouy, *for* Esbloui. *Dazeled.* ¶ Rab.
Esbraillé: m. ée: *f. Unbraced, unbuttoned, untruſſed, looſely dreſſed; alſo, with his puddings about his heeles.*
Esbranche: f. *as* Esbranchement.
Esbranché: m. ée: *f. Lopped; bared, or deprived, of branches.*
Esbranchement: m. *A lopping; a baring, or depriving, of branches.*
Esbrancher. *To lop, or cut off boughes; to bare, or deprive, of branches.*
Esbrandi: m. ie: *f. Imbrandiſhed caſt violently, or furiouſly upon.*
Quand le feu eſt esbrandi en pluſieurs maiſons. *When fire hath violently ſeized on, or flaſhes into, many houſes.*
Esbranlé, Esbranlement, & Esbranler; *as,* Esbranſlé, Esbranſlement, & Esbranſler.
Esbranſlé: m. ée: *f. Shaken, jogged, ſhogged; brandiſhed; ſtirred; moved; made to quake; waver, ſtagger; incline, or decline.*
La partie eſt bien esbranſlée pour luy, *is farre ſpent, or neere hand loſt.*
Esbranſlement: m. *A ſhaking, jogging, ſhogging; moving, ſtirring, brandiſhing; wagging.*
Esbranſler. *To ſhake, ſhog, jog, brandiſh; move, wag, ſtirre up and downe; to make tremble, quake, waver, totter, ſtagger; incline, or decline; and bettie;*
Esbranſler quelqu'un de ſon opinion. *To remove one from, or make him alter, his opinion.*
s'Esbranſler de ſon devoir. *To ſwerve from his duty; to tranſgreſſe.*
Esbranſle-rocher. *Rocke-ſhaking; (an Epithete for a bluſtering wind.)*
Esbreché: m. ée: *f. Broken, or whereinto a breach is made.*
Esbrecher. *To breake, or make a breach in to.*
Esbrillade: f. *A jerk, jerke, or conviſſion, given a horſe with the bit, or bridle.*
Esbroüé: m. ée: *f. Hard rubbed (in the waſhing;) alſo, ſnurted, or ſnuſtered.*
Esbrouëment: m. *A rubbing hard, as in the waſhing of a naſtie cloth; alſo, a ſnurting, or ſnuſtering with the noſe.*
Esbrouër. *To rub hard, or together; as in the waſhing of a foule, or hard thing.*
Esbrouër des narines. *To ſnurt, or ſnuſter.*
Esbroueure: f. *as* Esbrouëment.
† Esbruché: m. ée: *f. Scattered, diſperſed, ſowed abroad.*
† Esbrucher. *To ſcatter, diſperſe, or ſow abroad.*
Esbu: m. uë: *f. Soaked in, drunk up.*
Esbucheter. *To gather, or pick up, ſticks.*
Esburré: m. ée: *f. Unbuttered; or, from which butter hath been taken.*
Laict esburré. *Butter-milke, churned-milke.*
Esburrer. *To take butter from; to make butter-milke of.*
Escabeau: m. *A ſtoole.*
Escabelle: f. *A little, or low ſtoole.*
Escabreux: m. euſe: f. *Rough, rugged.*
Escache: f. *The Bitt called, a Staub.*
Escaché: m. ée: *f. Squaſhed; beaten, battered, or cruſhed flat; preſſed, thruſt, knocked, ſqueezed hard together.*
Escachement: m. *A ſquaſhing; a beating battering, or cruſhing, flat; a preſſing, thruſting, knocking, ſqueezing hard, or cloſe, together.*
Escacher. *To ſquaſh; beat, batter, or cruſh, flat; to thruſt, preſſe, knock, ſqueeze, hard or cloſe together.*
Escacheur: m. *A ſquaſher; a beater, or cruſher of things flat; a thruſter, preſſer, or ſqueezer of things, hard or cloſe together.*
Escachure: f. *A ſquaſhing; beating, or cruſhing, flat; a thruſting, preſſing, or ſqueezing, hard or cloſe together; alſo, a ſquaſh, cruſh, knock, or squeeze, (whereby a thing is flatted, or beaten cloſe together.)*
Escadre: f. *as* Eſquadre. *A ſquadron; or ſquare batallion.*
Escadres iſnelles. *Swift, and light companies, as of birds, &c.*
Escadron: m. *as* Eſquadron; *a ſquadron of Souldiers.*
Escaffette: f. *A kind of great, and long muſcle-ſhell (reſembling a little Skiffe, or Troy) wherewith the women of Picardy ſkumme their milke.*
Escaffignon: m. *A Sack; alſo, a pump; or, a cloſe, and ſingle-ſoled ſhooe of thin leather.*
Escaigne de fil, ou de ſoye: f. *A skaine of thread, &c.*
Escaille: f. *The skale of a fiſh, &c. any skale, broken ſhell, or ſhale; alſo, as* Coucon; *alſo, the cruſt, or upper laying of a Pauement.*
Escailles. *(alſo) ſticks of wood wherewith ſeames, or crannies left betweene ſtones, in building, are filled up; alſo, the little skaly plats wherein an Armour is made pliant unto the body.*
Escaille d'acier, de bronze, d'etain, de fer, &c. *the Offals of Steele, &c. the skales that flie from them when they are hammered; coſtly imbellishments; eſpecially thoſe that fall from the unwrought braſſe, or copper; wherein nailes are forged.)*
Alun d'eſcaille. *Stek Alun.*
Angeles à la groſſe escaille. *An old Angell; and (metaphorically) one that hath in him more ſtuffe and worth, then forme or faſhion.*
Bois d'escaille. *The heart of wood; (called ſo by Joyners.)*
Pourpoint d'escaille. *A plated Corſelet made ſcale faſhion.*
Tel cuide avoir des oeufs au feu qui n'y a que les escailles; Prov. *Some ween they have eggs, that have but ſhels, i'the fire.*
Escaillé: m. ée: *f. Skaled, skaly, having skales, or ſhales.*
Mur escaillé. *A wall full of cracks, or chinkes.*
Escaillement: m. *A skaling; pilling, ſhaling of.*
Escailler. *To skale, or pull the skales of; alſo, to beat, bethwack, belabour the skin-coat of.*
Escailler ſa ieuneſſe. *To ſpend, paſſe, conſume, or waſt, his youth in diſſolute, vitious, or licentious courſes.*
Escailler des noix. *To pill, or ſhale, Walnuts.*
Escailleur: m. *A skaler; piller, ſhaler of.*
Escailleure: f. *A skaling, &c. as* Escaillement.
Escailleures de pierres. *Shards, or ſhals; ſmall pieces broken, or hewed, from ſtones.*
Escailleux: m. euſe: f. *Skaly; full of skales, or ſhales.*
Escaillon: m. *A horſes tuſh, or tucke.*
Les Escaillons du palais. *(Signifie alſo)*

the skales, or skale-like divisions, in the roofe, or palate of the mouth of a beaſt.

Eſcalade: f. *A ſcalado; a ſcaling; the taking, or ſurpriſall, of a place, by ſkaling.*

Eſcaladé: m. ée: f. *Skaled; taken, ſurpriſed, or entred into, by ſcalado.*

Eſcalarder des noix. *To ſhale Nuts.* ℣ Norm.

Eſcalbotté: m. ée. f. *Pilled, unhuſked.*

Eſcalboter. *To pill; as Beaſts doe in boyling; to unhuſke, or looſen the huſke of.*

Eſcalé: m. ée: f. *as* Eſcaillé.

Eſcalier: m. *A winding ſtaire.*

Eſcalle. *Look* Scalle.

Eſcallé: m. ée: f. *Skaled; taken, ſurpriſed, or entred into (as a Towne) by ſcalado; alſo, gone into divers parts, and Ports; alſo, as* Eſcaillé.

Eſcaller. *To ſkale; to take, ſurpriſe, or enter into, by ſcalado; alſo, to goe into divers parts, and Ports; alſo, as* Eſcailler.

Eſcallier: m. *as* Eſcalier.

† Eſcalonnier: m. ere: f. (Dens eſcalonnieres. *A horſes teaks, or taſhes.*)

† Eſcalqueur: m. *An Uſher, or Sewer.*

Eſcalventré: m. ée: f. *Whoſe guts are ſquaſhed out, or belly burſt, by treading on it.*

Eſcalventrer. *To tread out the guts, to burſt the belly with trampling on it.*

† Eſcamme. *as* Eſcarane.

Eſcamotte: m. *A Bruſh, Feame, or Soot; alſo, a ſtep to get up into a higher thing by.* ℣ Pic.

Eſcamoté: m. ée: f. *Diſguiſed, changed, ſophiſticated.*

Eſcamoter. *To change, diſguiſe, alter, ſophiſticate, foiſt in ill wares.*

Eſcampe: f. *A ſcaping, ſlutting, ſhifting, flying away; a ſpeedy diſlodging, quicke retiring.*

Eſcampé. *Scaped, flit, ſhod, avoided, recoyled, diſlodged, runne away.*

s'Eſcamper. *To ſcape, flit, flie, avoid, recoyle, retire; to runne away, or diſlodge quickly out of a place.*

Eſcandal: m. *A Mariners ſounding Plummet.*

Eſcandillé: m. ée: f. *Scantled; made according to the pattern or ſcatling of.*

Eſcanne: m. ée: f. *Stifled, throtled, ſtrangled.*

Eſcantuole: f. *The Pumpe of a ſhip; or, as* Eſcandal. ℣ Rab.

Eſcapade: f. *An eſcape, or eſcaping; and (more particularly) a licentious, rebellious, or diſordered motion, in a horſe; and (ſometimes) the diſordered, or licentious flying out of a man.*

Eſcaper. *as* Eſchapper.

Eſcapolin: m. *A remnant, or parcell, of a piece of ſtuffe.*

Eſcappe. *A ſmall ſquare-edged circle, or fillet in a piller, &c. alſo, the body of a piller.*

Eſcarade: f. *The opening of the nether part of the branch of a horſes Bits.*

Eſcaras. *as* Eſchalas. ℣ Pic.

Eſcarbeloxte: f. *A ſmall Beetle.*

Eſcarbillat: m. ate: f. *Quicke, luſtie, lively, Frolicke, ſpiritfull, ſtirring, that will ſtand on no ground; alſo, fantaſticall, humorous, gidday, haire-brained.*

Eſcarbox: m. *The blacke Flie called, a Beetle.*

Eſcarbox cornu. *as* Cerf volant.

Eſcarboté: m. ée: f. *Stirred up, as the fire.*

Eſcarboter le feu. *To ſtirre up the fire.*

Eſcarbotte: f. *as* Eſcarbox.

Eſcarboucle: m. *The precious ſtone tearmed, a Carbuncle.*

Eſcarboucle: f. *The peſtilent botch, or ſore, tearmed a Carbuncle.*

Eſcarbouillé: m. ée: f. *Cruſhed, ſquetred, battered, burſt in pieces.*

Eſcarbouiller. *To cruſh, ſqueeze, batter, burſt in pieces.*

Eſcarbouiller la cervelle. *To braine.*

Eſcardé: m. ée: f. *Carded.*

Eſcarder. *To card, as wooll.*

Eſcardes. *Cards for wooll, &c.*

Eſcardeur: m. *A carder.*

Eſcardeure: f. *A carding.*

Eſcare: m. *A certain fiſh which (againſt the cuſtome of all others) chewes his meat.*

Eſcare: f. *A ſkarre, or ſcab, or as* Eſchare.

Eſcargot. *A ſnayle.*

Eſcargot de mer. *A whelke; alſo, a winckle, or periwinckle; (the firſt, the greateſt; th'others, leſſe kinds thereof.)*

Eſcarlate: f. *Scarlet; alſo, the Scarlet apple.*

Eſcarlatin: m. ine: f. *Of ſcarlet, or of a ſcarlet hue.*

Roſe eſcarlatine. *A Damaſke roſe.*

Eſcarlate. *as* Eſcarlate.

Eſcarmouchant. *Bickering, ſkirmiſhing.*

Eſcarmouche: f. *A ſkirmiſh, bickering, brablement; a ſmall fight, or fray.*

Eſcarmouché. *Bickered, ſkirmiſhed, brabled.*

Il s'eſt bien eſcarmouché. *He hath talked throughly; hee hath wrangled, or beſtirred himſelfe exceedingly in the matter.*

Eſcarmoucher. *To ſkirmiſh, bicker, brable; to beſtirre himſelfe like a horſe that drives away flies with his taile.*

Eſcarmoucheur: m. *A bickerer, ſkirmiſher; brabler.*

Eſcaronique. *Skarre-breeding; ſkab-bringing.*

† Eſcarouſté: m. ée: f. *Scratched, torne, rent.*

† Eſcarouſter. *To ſcratch; to teare, to rend.*

Eſcarpe: f. *A ſcarſe, or little wall without the maine rampire of a fort.*

Eſcarpé: m. ée: f. *Vaulted, alſo, out ſteep downe; and hence;*

Foſſé eſcarpé en plomb. *A dike made plum downe.*

Eſcarper. *To cut ſmooth, and ſteep.*

Eſcarpins: m. *Pumpes; light, or ſingle-ſoled ſhooes; alſo, a kind of torture.*

Eſcarpoulette: f. *A kind of ſwing (wherein a man ſits as he ſwings.)*

Eſcarque. *as* Eſcalque. ℣ Rab.

Eſcarquiller. *as* Eſquarquiller; *to ſet wide open.*

Eſcarrabillade: com. *as* Eſcarbillat.

Eſcarre: f. *A ſkarre, or hard ſcab upon a wound; Look* Eſchare.

Eſcarure: f. *A womans ſquare.*

Eſcart: m. *A diſcarding; a departing, or putting aſide, and out of the way; alſo, a place of ſolitary retirall.*

A l'eſcart. *Apart, aſide, out of the way; aſunder, one from another.*

Eſcarté: m. ée: f. *Scattered, diſperſed, diſparcled; diſcarded; thrown abroad.*

Eſcartelé. *Quartered; cut into quarters.*

Femme bien eſcartelée. *A woman big ſet, of thick limbs, and large quarters.*

Eſcarteler. *To quarter; to ſlaughter, butcher, cut in quarters.*

Eſcartellé. *as,* Eſcartelé. *Quartered.*

Eſcarter. *To ſcatter, diſſipate, diſparch; alſo, to diſcard; to ſet, or lay apart; alſo, to ſhred, ſquatter, throw about, or abroad.*

s'Eſcarter. *To get aſide, get out of company, ſlip out of the way.*

Eſcas. *The tenth penny of the value of moveables, wherein a ſorciter ſucceeds a freeman, due unto the Townes of Seclin, & Baſſée ſous Lille, by their particular cuſtomes and charters.*

Eſcaſſable. Meubles eſcaſſables. *Moveables ſubject unto Eſcas.*

Eſcaveſſade: f. *A ſhake, ſert, or blow, with the cord of a Caveſſon.*

Eſcéer. *To cut, or ſlive; alſo, to gill.*

Eſcellest f. *The arme-hole.*

Eſcerné: m. ée: f. *Unkernelled, whoſe kernell is taken or cut out; alſo, opened, ſcraped, or ſcarified round about.*

Eſcerner. *To unkernell; to take, or cut a thing clean out of the round place wherein it was; alſo, to open, ſcrape, or ſcarifie a thing round about, or on every part or ſide of it.*

Eſcervelé: m. ée: f. *Brain-ſick, haire-braind, wild-braind, cock-braind, heady, giddy, humorous; alſo, brained; whoſe braines are knocked, or daſht out; alſo, brainleſſe, or deprived of braines.*

Eſcerveler. *To brain, to knock, or daſh out the brains of; alſo, to take the braines out of.*

Eſcervellement: m. *A braining.*

† Eſchabouillé: m. ée: f. *Scorched, overheated.*

Eſchafaudage: m. *A ſcaffolding; a building or ſetting up of, a preſenting or ſhewing out on, ſcaffolds; alſo, a ſcaffold, or, ſcaffold-like Stage, &c.*

Eſchafaudé: m. ée: f. *Made into a ſcaffold; alſo, preſented on a ſcaffold; or, carried from ſcaffold to ſcaffold, for a ſhew, or to his greater diſgrace; alſo, ſet on the Pillory.*

Eſchafauder. *To build ſcaffolds; to preſent on a ſcaffold; to ſet on the pillory; alſo, to deviſe, invent, plot, or practiſe villany.*

Eſchafaudis: m. *A ſcaffold.*

Eſchafaulder. *as* Eſchafauder.

Eſchafaut: m. *A Scaffold, or high Stage; alſo, a Pillory.*

Eſchaffaudage: m. *as* Eſchafaudage.

Eſchalas: m. *A pole, prop, ſtake, or ſtay, whereby a Vine, or any other weake-branched, up-creeping, or high-growing Plant is held, and helped, up.*

L'eſchalas fait tomber la Vigne; Pro. *Looſe* Vigne.

Eſchalaſſé: m. ée: f. *Propped, ſuſtained, underſet with a pole, or ſtake.*

Eſchalaſſeau: m. *A ſhort, or ſmall pole, prop, or ſtake.*

Eſchalaſſement: m. *The propping, ſuſtaining, or underſetting of Vines, &c.*

Eſchalaſſer. *To prop, ſuſtaine, underſet, or ſtay up a Vine, Hop-plant, &c.*

Eſchalaſſier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, furniſhing or bearing ſtore of, poles, props, &c. for Vines, &c.*

Eſchalier: m. *A winding ſtaire; whence,*

Auſſi

Auſſi toſt preſt qu'un chien auroit rauté vn eſchalies. *Readie after a while; or as ſoone ready as one, that does all things with deliberation, can be; (for whether a dog leape up or downe ſuch a ſtaire, he commonly takes him leiſure. Looke Sauté.)*

Eſchallat: m. *as* Eſchalas.

Eſchalle: f. *A little ringing, or tinging Bell.*

Eſchallier. *as* Eſchalier.

Eſchallon: m. *A kinde of great ladder for a high loft, &c.*

Eſchalon. *as* Eſchellon.

Eſchalote. *as* Eſchalotte.

Eſchalotte: f. *A Cive, or Chive; (in which ſence, the Plurall, des eſchalottes, is moſt uſed) alſo, a bruſed ſtalke of hempe.*

Se mettre en rang d'oignon, & ne valoir vneſchalotte. *To uſurpe a place, or imployment, whereof he is no way worthy.*

† Eſchambouillure: f. *as* Eſchaubouillure; *a puſh.*

† Eſchampé: m. ée: f. *Flowne out, runne, or gotten looſe; got abroad, at liberty, or at randome.*

† Eſchamper. *To flee out, to take liberty; to runne looſe, freely, licentiouſly, or at randome.*

† Eſchampre. *as* Enchampre.

Eſchancré: m. ée: f. *Infected with, or eaten into, by a Canker, or cankered ſore; alſo, cut or made hollow, and into a halfe-round; ſemi-circled, halfe-rounded; alſo, neere pared, or nipped off; alſo, notched.*

Souliers eſchancrez. *Voided, or cut with an opening, in the ſides.*

Eſchancrer. *To eat, as a canker, into; alſo, to cut or make hollow, and halfe-round; alſo, to pare very neer, nip off too too neer; alſo, to notch.*

Eſchancrure: f. *A halfe-round; or, a halfe-round notch, dint, or hole cut, made, or eaten; alſo, an eating into, a cutting, or making hollow, and halfe-round; a notching; a neer paring, or nipping off.*

Eſchandille: m. *as* Eſchantillon.

Eſchandillé: m. ée: f. *Scanled; or, as* Eſchantillé.

Eſchandillon. *as* Eſchantillon.

Eſchandole: f. *A ſhort boord, or ſhingle, ſuch as, in ſome places, houſes are covered withall; alſo, a Thatchers Beater, or Combe and Beater.*

Eſchange: f. *An exchange, trucking, barter, ſcoorſing.*

Eſchangé: m. ée: f. *Exchanged; interchanged, chopped, ſcoorſed, bartered, trucked.*

Eſchanger. *To exchange, interchange, trucke, chop, ſcoorſe, barter, change one for another.*

Eſchanſon: m. *A cup-bearer, or cup-taſter unto a great perſon.*

Eſchanſonne: f. *A woman cup-bearer.*

Eſchanſonner. *To play the cup-bearer; and, to taſte, or take an aſſay of another mans cup.*

Eſchanſonnerie: f. *The office of a Cup-bearer, or cup-taſter.*

Eſchanteler. *To breake into cantles; or, to cut off the corners, or edges of.*

Eſchantillé: m. ée: f. *Cut talled, abridged; broken, or cut into corners, or cantles.*

Eſchantillon. *A ſmall cantle, or corner-peece; alſo, a ſcantling, ſample, patterne, proofe of any ſort of Merchandiſe.*

Vn petit eſchantillon de ieuneſſe. *A tricke of youth.*

Eſchantillonner. *To breake off a ſmall cantle, or corner-peece; alſo, to cut, or take off a ſample, proofe, patterne, or ſcantling.*

Eſchapeler. *as* Chapeler. *To chip.*

Eſchappatoire: m. *An evaſion, ſtarting hole, by-corner, meane to eſcape by, chinke to creepe out at; a ſhift, or excuſe; alſo, an exception againſt.*

Eſchappé: m. ée: f. *Eſcaped, evaded, ſhifted, ſlipt, or got ſafe away, delivered, freed, rid, or diſcharged from; alſo, diſſolute, licencious.*

La pierre eſt eſchappée. *Looke* Pierre.

Il n'eſt pas eſchappé qui traine ſon lien: Pro. *He is not freed that trayles his ſhackles after him, or, due puniſhment ever comes at length, although ſometimes it be deferred a while.*

Eſchappée: f. *A ſcape, eſcape, ſlip; ſhift, evaſion.*

Eſchapper. *To eſcape, fly, evade, avoid, ſhift away; to ſcape, come, or paſſe through, ſafely; to free himſelfe, or get rid, from; to ſlip, creepe, or winde out of.*

† Eſchaque: f. *Scurfe, ſcales, or dandriffe in the head, or beard.*

Eſchar. *as* Eſchars.

Eſcharalle: f. *A dead, and ſtinking fleſh, which breeds about wounds made with ſhot, or otherwiſe much bruſed.*

Eſcharas. *as* Eſchalas.

Eſcharaveau. *as* Charaveau.

Eſcharbot. *as* Eſcarbot; *A Beetle; alſo, a Saligot, Caltbrop, water Nut.*

Eſcharboter. *as* Eſcarboter. ¶ Rab.

Eſcharcement. *Scarcely, ſcantly, barely, hardly, miſerably, needily; ſavingly, meerly, niggiſhly, niggardly, pinchingly, penny-ſatherlike.*

Eſcharceté: f. *Scarcity, ſcantneſſe, barenes; pinching, neerneſſe, miſery; alſo, baſeneſſe, or want of due alloy, in coyne.*

Eſcharcette: f. *as* Eſcharceté (*in the laſt ſenſe.*)

Eſcharde: f. *A ſplint, or ſplinter; a ſharpe and ſhort ſtumpe, of cloven wood, or flying from wood in the cleaving; alſo, a little, leane, or ſkraggie girle, that looks as if ſhe were ſtarved.*

Eſchardonner. *To weed, or pluck up, thiſtles; to cleere a ground, or garden of thiſtles.*

Eſchardonneur: m. *A weeder of thiſtles.*

Eſchardonneuſe: f. *A woman that weeds, or plucks up thiſtles.*

Eſchare: f. *A ſkarre, or hard ſcab upon a ſore, hurt, wound; alſo, the cruſt which ariſeth upon an actuall, or potentiall cautery.*

† Eſcharfaud, ou Eſcharfaut. *as* Eſchaffaut. *A ſcaffold.*

† Eſcharfaudé. *as* Eſchaffaudé.

Eſchargotté: m. ée: f. *Pruined, as a tree; picked round about.*

Eſchargotter. *To pruine a tree; to pick any thing round about.*

Eſcharné: m. ée: f. *Fleſhleſſe; pulpleſſe, pithleſſe; deprived of fleſh; pulp, or pith.*

Eſcharotique: com. *Which breeds or brings a ſcab, or ſcar upon a wound, ſore, ulcer, &c.*

Eſcharpe: f. *A Scarfe; a Baudrick; alſo, a rap, or wipe over the ſhoulder with a ſword.*

Eſcharpes de cordage. *The ropes which ſtrengthen, and ſettle the jaumbes, or cheeks of Cranes, or the like Engins.*

L'eſcharpe d'un pelerin. *The ſcrip, wallet, or pouch wherein he carries his meat.*

Eſcharpeux: m. euſe: f. *Scarffy, ſcarfe-like, flaunting it with many ſcarfes about him.*

Eſcharre: f. *as* Eſcharé.

Eſchars: m. arſe: f. *Scarce; needy, ſcanty, ſaving, ſparing, hard, niggard, pinching, niggiſh, covetous, neere, ſtrait-handed.*

Eſchars plaidoyeur hardi perdeur: Pro. *A niggardlie pleader is an evill ſpeeder.*

Eſcharſement. *Seeke* Eſcharcement.

Eſcharſeté: f. *Scantneſſe, or ſcarcitie; alſo, defect, or want of weight, in coyne.*

Eſchat. Droict des eſchats, & Tavernes. *A certaine dutie, or impoſition upon wine ſold by retayle, & in Tavernes; from which all Prieſts beneficed within Bourdeaux are exempted, for as much as grew in their own grounds, glebe, or Prebendaries.*

Eſchaſſes: f. *Stilts, or ſcatches to go on.*

Mieux vaut vn pied que deux eſchaſſes; Pro. *Better is one foot then two ſtilts.*

Eſchaſſeur. *One that goes upon ſtilts, or ſcatches.*

Eſchaſſier. *as* Eſchaſſeur.

Eſchaubouillant. *Scalding hot; or ſo hot, that it bliſters where it touches.*

Eſchaubouillé: m. ée: f. *Full of hot blaines, puſhes, wheales, bliſtered; or, having the Shingles.*

Eſchaubouillure: f. *A hot puſh; blaine, bliſter; or, a kind of inflamation, which brings with it unevenneſſe, and ruggedneſſe to the skinne, with many little buds, or bliſters that fret it; Some call it the Shingles, ſome the running worme, others, wild-fire.*

Eſchauboulé, & Eſchaubouilure. *as* Eſchaubouillé, & Eſchaubouillure.

Eſchaubourré: m. ée: f. *Troubled, moved, in an agonie; (a word uſed about Tours.)*

Eſchaudé: m. *A kind of wigg, or Symnell, faſhioned ſomewhat like a Hart; a three-cornered Symnell.*

Eſchaudé: m. ée: f. *Scalded with, bathed in, hot liquor.*

Chat eſchaudé craint l'eau froide: & Chien eſchaudé craint l'eau froide; Pro. *Looke* Chat, *or* Chien.

Eſchauder. *To ſcald, or caſt hot liquor upon.*

Eſchaudet. *as* Eſchaudé.

Eſchaudure: f. *A ſcalding.*

Eſchaufaiſon: f. *A heating, chafing, warming, making hot; alſo, a heat, or a diſeaſe that comes of immoderate heat.*

Eſchaufant. *Chafing, heating, warming.*

Eſchaufé: m. ée: f. *Chafed, warmed, heated, ſet in a heat; alſo, hot, fervent, ardent; vehement, eager, earneſt in a matter.*

Eſchauferet: m. *as* Eſchauffement.

Eſchaufer. *as* Eſchauffer.

Eſchaufeure: f. *A chafing, warming, heating, or, as* Eſchaufaiſon.

Eſchauffadaiſe: f. *A hot whore.* ¶ Langued.

Eſchauffader. *as* Eſchafauder.
Eſchauffaiſon : f. *as* Eſchaufaiſon.
Eſchauffé : m. ée; f. *as* Eſchaufé.
Eſchauffement : m. *A chafing, warming, heating, ſetting in a heat.*
Eſchauffer. *To chafe, warme, heat, make hot, ſet in a heat.*
Ils s'eſchauffe en ſon harnois. *Said of one that growes in choler, or into paſſion, for the ſatisfying of ſome diſordinate humor.*
Bonne beſte s'eſchauffe en mangeant ; Prov. *A good beaſt eates till he ſweat againe ; or, eates that he ſweat withall ; we ſay, good at meat good at worke.*
Eſchaufferette : f. *A little Chafing-diſh.*
Eſchauffette : f. *A Chafing-diſh.*
Eſchauffeture : f. *as* Eſchaufeture.
Eſchauſure : f. *A chafing, or fretting by heat.*
Eſchauguette : f. *A Sentrie, watch-tower, Beacon.*
Eſchauguetté : m. ée : f. *watched in a Beacon, or high Tower ; beheld from high, or a farre off.*
Eſchauguetter. *To watch at a Beacon, or in a high tower ; to eſpie, behold, ſee from high, farre about, or a farre off ; to ſtand Sentinell.*
Eſchauguetteur : m. *A Sentinell, or watchman in a high Tower, or at a Beacon ; hence, any Spy, Scout, Eſpyall.*
Eſchays. Aller eſchays. *To ſhale, ſtraddle, go crooked, or wide between the feet, or legs.*
† Eſcheable : com. Eſcheatable.
† Eſcheance : f. *An Eſcheating, or eſcheating ; alſo, an Eſcheat (for want of heires.)*
Eſchec : m. *A Checke at Cheſſe-play.*
Des eſchecs. *The Cheſſe-men.*
Eſchec & mat. *Checke-mate at Cheſſe ; and (metaphorically) a remedileſſe diſaſter, miſery, or miſfortune.*
Donner eſchec & mat à. *To ſubdue, conquer, overcome ; ſurmount, ſurpaſſe ; win, or get the better, of ; alſo, to ruine, or overthrow, the fortunes of.*
† Eſchef : m. *A fall, waſting, or diminution.*
Eſcholer. *as* Eſcholler.
Eſchelette : m. *A Skeliton, or Anatomy.*
Eſcheleure : f. *The bird called a Wall-pecker ; alſo, the little ſtalke of a Grape ; alſo, as* Eſchellette.
Eſchellage : m. *as* Eſchellement.
Eſchelle : f. *A Ladder, or Skale ; (alſo, a ſquadron of ſouldiers ; in old French.)*
Eſchelle altimetre. *Part of an Aſtrolabe.*
Mes à l'eſchelle. *Set on, or faſtened unto, a ladder with a Miter, or Paper, about his head ; hence (alſo) publikely diſgraced, put unto open ſhame (any way.)*
Se voyant au pied du mur ſans eſchelle. *See* Mur.
Eſchellé : m. ée : f. *Skaled, or climbed up on ; alſo, publikely diſgraced (by ſtanding in open Market on a ladder.)*
Eſchellement : m. *A skaling, or climbing up unto, a getting upon, by a ladder.*
Eſcheller. *To climbe ; to skale, or get up unto, by a ladder ; alſo, publiquely to diſgrace, or put unto open ſhame, an Offendor, by ſetting him, in open Market, on a Ladder with a Miter, or Paper about his head.*
Eſcheller vne grandeur. *To aſpire unto a dignity, to mount unto greatneſſe.*

Eſchelleure : f. *A little ladder, or skale ; a ſmall ſtep, or greece ; alſo, a little hand-bell, ſuch as cryers uſe.*
Eſchelleur : m. *A climber by, or skaler with, a ladder.*
Eſchellon d' eſchelle. *The round, or ſtep, of a ladder.*
Tondre à eſchellons. *To clip unevenly ; to notch, or make ſteps in the haire.*
Eſchelon. *as* Eſchellon.
Eſchemeau : m. *The bed of a Vine ; the ridge wherein it ſtands.*
Eſchemer. *To ſwarme, or breed young, as Bees.*
Eſchenal : m. *A gutter, or channell.*
Eſchenillé : m. ée ; f. *Rid from Caterpillers.*
Eſcheniller. *To rid of Caterpillers.*
Eſcheoir. *To happen, chance, betide, fall out, befall ; to fall, or come unto.*
Eſcheoir en foy, ou main tierce. *Looke* Tiers.
Il n'eſchet point à vn homme de bien de mentir. *An honeſt man cannot lye ; or, it very ſeldome knowne to lye.*
'A vn bon chien n'eſcheut oncques vn bon os ; Prov. *A good dog never lighted on good bone ; an honeſt perſon rarely comes to preferment ; the verier knave the better lucke, ſay we.*
Eſchequé : m. ée : f. *Checkered ; or (as Blaſoners) checky.*
Eſcheque-mat : m. *A check-mate at Cheſſe.*
Eſchequier : m. *A Checker, or Cheſſe-board.*
Eſcherpillerie : f. *Robbing on the high-way, purſe-taking, violent ſtripping, or deſpoiling of a paſſenger.*
Eſcherui. *The Skirret root.*
Eſchet : m. *An Eſcheat, or thing fallen to.*
Eſcheu : m. euë : f. *Befallen, happened, chanced ; fallen, or come unto.*
Il y avoit deux jours eſcheu. *Two daies were come and gone.*
† Eſchevé : m. ée : f. *Eſchewed, ſhunned, avoided, beat, or bowed from.*
† Eſcheveau : m. *A skaine, or loope of thred, or ſilke.*
Deſmeſler vn eſcheveau. *To wind himſelfe out of an intricate buſineſſe, or danger.*
Eſchevelé : m. ée : f. *Diſcheveled, ruffled ; whoſe haire falls looſe, or in diſorder, about the eares ; (a word moſt proper, and moſt uſed, in the feminine ;) alſo, bared (as of haire ;) made bare, or bald.*
† Eſchevement : m. *A ſhunning, eſchewing, avoiding, bending from.*
† Eſchever. *To ſhun, eſchew, avoid, bend from.*
Eſchevin : m. *The Sheriffe of a Towne ; or, an Officer who (repreſenting the Roman Ædilis) looke that the Market be duly furniſhed, and well ſerved ; the houſes fitly ranked, and well built ; the ſtreets even paved, or cleane kept : And where a Towne hath, by any Priviledge, the diſpoſall of it owne Police, the Eſchevins (for there be ever more then one) diſpoſe of it ; and (howſoever) they be in authority next unto the Mayor, (or, as in Paris, to the Provoſts des Marchands) and, in the Townes that have no Mayors, the principall Magiſtrates.*
Eſchevinage : m. *The Sheriffeſhip of a Towne ; the Office, or Authority of a Sheriffe, or* Eſchevin ; *alſo, a Sheriffes Court, or, the Juriſdiction thereof ; alſo, a Corporation, or the Incorporation of a Town ; and hence ;*
Droict d'eſchevinage. *Looke* Droict.

† Eſchevliſſement. *as* Eſchevement.
Eſcheure : f. *as* Eſchoëtte. *An Eſcheat, &c.*
Eſchez. *Cooke* Eſchec.
Eſchif : m. iue : f. *Ravenous, or greedy at meat ; (a Hunters terme.)*
Eſchiffeur. *A Cutter, or Pinker.*
Eſchiffié : m. ée : f. *Split, riven.*
Eſchiffier vne branche d'arbre. *To ſplit, rive, or halfe breake off, a branch.*
Eſchimeau. *as* Eſchemeau.
Eſchinal : m. *The head of a Sinke, covered with a Grate.*
Eſchine : f. *The Chine, backe bone, ridge of the backe ; alſo, (in a Pillar) a round boultell cut with edges.*
Longue eſchine. *A ſlimme, lunges, lanke, long-backt, or ill-ſhaped, looby.*
Eſchiné : m. ée : f. *Chined, broken-backed.*
Eſchinée (de porc.) *A chine (of Porke.)*
Eſchiner. *To chine ; to divide, or breake, the backe of.*
Eſchineux : m. euſe : f. *Of a great, and ſtrong backe.*
Eſchinon : m. *The chine, or upper part of the backe between the ſhoulders.*
Eſchiqueté. *Checkit ; (a terme of Blaſon.)*
Eſchiquier : m. *The Exchequer ; (in Normandy) is an Aſſembly of high Juſtices, wherein the Decrees, Orders, Commiſſions, and Inſtitutions awarded by Bayliffes, Vicounts, and inferiour Juſtices, may be cenſured, and amended : (This Aſſembly was extraordinary, and held at uncertaine and unſet times, untill that Lewis the twelfth made it ordinary ; and of it, (as it ſtill continues) a Soveraigne Court ;) alſo, a Cheſſe-board ; alſo, Checker-worke.*
Planter à l'eſchiquier. *To plant trees Checker-wiſe, to ſet them in equall diſtance one from the other ; or, ſo to ſet them, as which way ſoever one looke between them ; he ſees direct Alleys, and Rowes, in equall diſtance one from the other.*
Eſchiqueté : m. ée : f. *Rid, as a tree, of unprofitable ſhoots, or ſiences.*
Eſchiquoner. *To cut off, or take away unprofitable ſhoots, or ſiences from trees.*
Eſchoëtte : f. *An Eſcheat ; land that falls to a man by Aſcidtm ; Succeſſion, or Diſcent ; alſo, (more generally) any Succeſſion.*
Eſchoir. *as* Eſcheoir ; *To befall, happen ; fall unto.*
Eſchoite : f. *An Eſcheat ; land fallen, &c. as in* Eſchoëtte.
Eſchoiter. *To ſucceed, or follow in the roome of another.* ¶ Bourbon.
Eſcholage. *as* Eſcolage.
Eſcholaſtre. *as* Eſcolaſtre.
Eſchole. *as* Eſcole.
Eſchope : f. *A little, and (moſt commonly) low ſhop ; ſuch a one as one of our meaner Semſters, or Pedlers hath.*
Eſchoppe. *as* Eſchope.
Faire eſſay à l'eſchoppe. *To lay a ſmall, and thinne peece of ſilver, &c. upon a hot burning coale, thereby to try the value, and alloy of it ; (a Goldſmithes phraſe.)*
Eſchoué : m. ée : f. *That hath eſcaped after a ſhipwracke ; alſo, ran a land, faſt on ground, as a ſhip.*
Eſchouër. *To run, or touch upon a banke, ſhelfe, or ſhore, and there make ſhipwrack.*
Eſciemment. *Wittingly, of ſet purpoſe.*

Eſcient.

Escient. à bon escient. *In deed, in earnest, in good faith, in good sadnesse, from the heart.*

A son escient. With his consent, or knowledge; wittingly, willingly, or for the nonce.

De tel escient. *In such sober sadnesse, in so good sooth.*

Escimé: m. ée: f. *Topped, whose top, or head is cut off.*

Escimer. *To top; to cut off the tops, or heads off.*

† Esclaboché: m. ée: f. *Bespotted, bespatled, besprinckled with water, or durt.*

† Esclabocher. *To besprinckle, bespattle, bespot with water, or durt.*

Esclaboter. *as* Esclabocher. ¶ Pic.

† Esclaffer. *To buffe, or burst, out into a laughter.*

Esclair: m. *Lightning; a leame, or flash of lightning; a suddaine blaze, or flash of light.*

Esclaircí: m. ie: f. *Cleered, discovered; explained, displayed, fined, clarified.*

Esclaircir. *as* Esclercir.

Esclaircissement. *as* Esclercissement.

Esclaire: f. *The herbe Celandine, Swallowwort, Tetterwort;* (La grande Esclaire.)

Petite Esclaire. *Little Celandine, Pilewort, Figwort.*

Esclairé: m. ée: f. *Lightned, lighted, also, watched, observed.*

Edifices bien esclairez. *Lightsome, or well-windowed, houses.*

Esclairer. *To shine, glisten, glister; to lighten, to flash out, to appeare, or manifest it selfe; to give light unto; also, to watch, or observe; to spie, or prie into.*

Pourveu que ie voye esclairer, ce sera fait. *If I may see the gold glister, or some chinks stirring, it shall be done.*

Esclaire-tout. *All-seeing, all-lighting, all-observing.*

Esclaireur: m. *An observer, or overseer of others; also, an assistant unto a plaintife, or accuser, for his benefit, and to prevent the corruption, or collusion, which otherwise might be used in the handling of his suit.*

† Esclame: com. *Gaunt, lanke, small in the belled.*

† Esclamme: f. *A long, and thicke riding cloake to beare off the raine; A Pilgrims cloake, or mantle; a cloake for a traveller.*

Esclanche de mouton. *A leg of Mutton (cut large with the whole bone at it.)*

Esclandre: m. *A slaunder; a defamation, detraction, unjust imputation; also, a slaughter; also, a mishap, danger; tumult, uproare; mischiefe.*

A grand pecheur esclandre; Prov. Great sinners ever come to shame.

Esclandreux. *Scandalous, slaunderous, or slaunder-breeding.*

Esclandrir. *To slaunder, defame, dishonour, deprave, detract from.*

† Esclappe: f. *Grossenesse, corpulencie, fatnesse.*

Esclat: m. *A shiver, splinter, or little piece of wood broken off with violence; also, a small, and thin Lath, or Shingle.*

Esclat de lumiere. *A glimpse, or suddaine flash of light.*

Esclat de tonnerre. *A clap, or cracke, of thunder.*

Diamond de bon esclat. *A diamond that shines very faire, or sparkles much in the eye; a diamond of a good luster, or water.*

Par esclats. *Piece-meale, in shivers, into a thousand pieces.*

Esclatant: m. ante: f. *Splitting, crashing, cracking; ringing; bright-shining, glistering, glittering, flashing, brandishing; having a fresh, or faire glosse.*

Oraison esclatante. *An earnest, vehement, or pearing, speech.*

Esclate. *A kind of disease among children.*

Esclaté: m. ée: f. *Burst, split, crashed, shivered into splinters; also sparkled, glittered, glistered, flashed out.*

Esclater. *To shine, sparkle, glisten, glitter; to flash out; also, to have a fresh or faire glosse.*

s'Esclater. *To split, burst, crash, breake, shiver into splinters, or pieces.*

Esclature. *A splitting; shivering in pieces, a bursting into shivers, or splinters; also, a glistning, sparkling, glittering; flashing.*

† Esclau. *as* Esclave. *A slave.*

Esclavage: m. *Slavery, bondmanship; villenage.*

Esclave: m. *A slave, bondman, bondslave, bought servant.*

Esclaver. *To enthrall, make slavish, bring into slavery or bondage.*

Esclavine: f. *as* Esclamme; *or a sea-gowne; or a course, high-collared, and short-sleeved gowne, reaching downe to the mid leg, and used most by Seamen, and Saylers.*

† Esclayer. *To unbundle, unpacke, unbarre; to break open, pull away, or make way through, hurdles, &c.*

† Escleche. *A dismembring; or separation; also, a part, or piece dismembred, or separated from.*

† Escleché: m. ée: f. *Dismembred; rent, or torne from; in parcels, divided, separated from.*

Escler. *Seek* Eschair.

Esclerci: m. ie: f. *Cleered; explained, manifested, illustrated; fined, clarified; growne thin, light, faire.*

Esclercir. *To cleere; illustrate, manifest, explane, display; also, to fine, clarifie, make cleere.*

s'Esclercir. *To wax thin in substance; to grow few, or small in number; light, or faire in colour; to cleere up.*

Esclercissement: m. *A cleering, manifestation, explanation, illustrating of matters; also, a fining, or clarifying.*

Esclere, ou Esclerte. *as* Esclaire; *The herbe Celandine.*

Esclerement. *Clearly, brightly, gladly, manifestly.*

Esclesche: f. *as* Escleche.

Esclichoir: m. *A Squirt, or Syringe.*

Esclische. *as* Esclesche. ¶ Wallon.

Esclisché: m. ée: f. *Dismembred, divided, pieced, peeced, parted.*

Esclischement: m. *A dismembring, parting, dividing of an entire thing.*

Esclisse: f. *Any (small) Hurdle, or any Wainfill of wattled Ozier, or Wicker, &c. boord; a Cheese-fat, or Cheesefond thereof; and, the Rundle, or circlet put under a dish at Table; a wicker bottome for a dish; also, a twigge, or sticke of Ozier, or Wicker; and hence;*

Esclisses. *Splents, bound about a broken legge, &c. also, the sides of a Viall, or Fiddle.*

Esclisé: m. ée: f. *Squirted; spurted, spatled, or spouted from (or as from) a Squirt; also, watled, woven of, or made up with, Ozier or Wicker twigs, &c. also, splinted; bound up in, or kept straight by, splents.*

Fromage esclisse. *Formed in the Cheese-fat; or, that hath still on it the print of the Cheesefoord.*

Esclisser. *To squirt; to spurt, spattle, or spout from (or as from) a Squirt; also, to watle, or make up with Ozier or Wicker twigs, &c. also, to splent; to bind up in splents, or keep straight by splenting.*

Esclissoire. *A Squirt.*

† Esclistre. *as* Fouldre.

Esclot: m. *A Pattin, or wooden shoe.* ¶ Tholosain.

Esclopé: m. ée: f. *Maimed, limping; lame.*

Escloppé. *The same.*

Escloppet. *To maime, to lame.*

Esclorre. *To hatch; also, to disclose, produce, bring forth.*

Esclorre la bouche. *To open the mouth.*

Esclos: m. se: f. *Hatched; disclosed; opened.*

Esclop: m. *as* Esclop; *also, a Reed, or Cane, to suck with; also, a Reed in Musick; also, a Galley-slave.*

Esclouüere. *A Clap Net.*

Esclou: m. *The print of a horses foot.*

Escloy: m. *Pisse, taint, or imbrued flesh.* ¶ Pic.

† Esclуine. *as* Esclamme.

Esclusam. *Stepping, as by a Sluice; or, as* Excluant.

Esclusе: f. *A Sluice, Flood-gate, or water-gate; also, a Mill-damme; also, any Damme, Cesterne, or great Vessell, whereby the water that comes from a spring is received, and kept for use; also, a passage between hils, or at the foot of a hill, which by a high, and bestowred gate separates the marches, or territories of one country from another.*

Escodilles: f. *The bulbes, or bulbed roots, of Daffodils, or Daffadowndillies.*

† Escoffier: m. *A Shoomaker.*

† Escoffraye: f. *A Shoomakers Stall, or the board whereon he works.*

† Escoffret: m. *as* Escoffraye; *or a little one.*

Escofion: m. *A Coife, or Gowle.*

† Escofraye. *as* Escoffraye.

Escogriffe: m. *A Louse, A great Slouch, Clusterfist, foule Clutch.* ¶ Orleannois.

Escoinson: m. *A Sconce; the back part of the jambe of a window.*

Escolage: m. *Schoole-hire; a stipend, or money, given for the teaching, or tutoring of a Scholler.*

† Escolastre: m. *The Rector, chiefe Master, Superintendant, or Overseer, of a Schoole; also, an unlearned, or meane Scholler; one that is but halfe a Scholler.*

† Escolastrerie: f. *A Rectorship, or government of, a Superintendency over, a Schoole; also, meane Schollership.*

Escole: f. *A Schoole, or College, wherein any Art is taught.*

Chemin de l'escole. *The longest way.*

Faire

Faire l'eſcole buiſſonniere. *To play the truant.*

Table vaut eſcole notable ; Pro. *Table talke is an excellent Schoolemaſter.*

Eſcolier : m. *A Scholler, Learner ; Pupill, Student.*

Il en parle comme vn eſcolier d'armes. *He ſpeakes thereof ignorantly, improperly, or from the purpoſe.*

Eſcolier babillard prez le feu, & badin hors la claſſe ; Prov. (*Meant only of a meere Scholler ; as our*) *A Maſter of Art is not worth a fart unleſſe he be in the Schooles.*

Eſcolleté : m. ée : f. *Uncollered ; whoſe coller is taken off, or pulled away.*

Eſcolleter. *To uncoller ; to divide, pluck, or take away the coller from a garment.*

Eſcolté. boulier eſcolté. *Looke* Eſcouleté.

Eſcome. *The blade (or broad end) of an Oare.*

Eſcomé. Peis eſcomé. *The ſhit-fiſh, or ſea Pike, ſo tearmed at* Marſeille.

Eſconduire. *To deny, or ſay nay unto ; to refuſe, or reject the requeſt of.*

Eſconduit : m. ite : f. *Denyed ; whoſe requeſt is refuſed.*

Eſconjuré : m. ée : f. *Driven, or gotten, away by intreaty, or conjuring.*

Eſconjurer. *To drive away by intreaty, or conjuring.*

Eſconſé : m. ée : f. *Hidden, covered, concealed ; ſet, as the Sun.* ¶ Pic.

Eſconſement. *as* Abſconſement ; *a concealing.* ¶ Pic.

Eſconſement de ſoleil. *The ſetting of the Sun.*

Eſconſer. *as* Abſconſer ; *To hide, conceale, cover.* ¶ Pic.

Eſcopetade. *The ſhot of a Harquebuze, or ſmall Peece.*

Eſcopetin. *as* Squiopetin.

Eſcopette : f. *A Petronell, Carbine, long Piſtoll, ſhort Harquebuze ; any ſuch ſmall Gun that goes off by a fire-locke.*

Eſcopetterie : f. *Gun-ſhot ; a volley of ſhot.*

Eſcorce : f. *The rinde, or barke of a tree ; the outward skin, or pilling of fruit.*

Mettre le doigt entre le bois & l'eſcorce. *Buſily to intermeddle with, or take much notice of, the differences, or unkindneſſes that are betwixt neere friends.*

Eſcorcé : m. ée : f. *Barked, pilled, unrinded ; blanched ; pared.*

Eſcorcée : f. *as* Eſcorcement ; *alſo, the pilled, or unrinded part of a Plant.*

Eſcorcement : m. *A barking, pilling, unrinding ; blanching ; paring.*

Eſcorcer. *To barke, or unbarke ; to pill, pare, blanch, unrind.*

Eſcorceſque : m. *as* Corceſque.

Eſcorceur. *A barker of trees.*

Eſcorché : m. ée : f. *Flayed ; unskinned ; excoriated.*

Eſcorche-cul, à eſcorche-cul. *To the flaying of the buttocks ; or (as in,* Tirer à es.) *with bare arſe kiſſing, or dragd along on, the ground.*

Eſcorchement : m. *A flaying, or pulling the skin off ; alſo, an excoriation ; and hence ;*

Eſcorchement des boyaux. *The bloudy flix.*

Eſcorcher. *To flay, or plucke off the skin ; alſo, to excoriate.*

Eſcorcher les anguilles par la queuë. *To go the wrong way to worke.*

Eſcorcher le Latin. *To inkhornize it, or uſe inkhorne termes.*

Eſcorcher le Regnard. *To ſpue, caſt, vomit ; (from the ſubject to the effect ; for the flaying of ſo ſtinking a beaſt is like enough to make them ſpue that feele it ; Looke* Regnard.)

Aſſez eſcorche qui tient le pied ; Prov. *The Aſſiſtant is as guilty as the Actor ; the Acceſſary as the Principall ; he does miſchiefe enough that helpes to do miſchiefe.*

Bien eſcorche à qui ne deult ; Prov. *Senceleſſe people may well enough be ſtayed ; or, tis good fleecing of them that have ſo much, as they miſſe not what is gone.*

A la preuve l'on eſcorche l'Aſne ; Pro. (*Appliable unto ſuch things as cannot be tryed without danger.*)

Beau parler n'eſcorche langue ; Prov. *Faire words flay not the tongue ; teare no skin, breake no bones.*

Eſcorcherie : f. *A flaying houſe ; the place wherein ſlaughtered beaſts are uſually flayed.*

Eſcorcheter. *To flay ; to pill the rind off, or pull the skin from.*

Eſcorcheur : m. *A flayer, alſo, an Outlaw, or Freebooter.*

Eſcorchouër : m. *A flaying of beaſts.*

Eſcorchure : f. *A flaying, or pulling the skin off ; a gauling, or peelingneſſe of any part of the body.*

Eſcorçu : m. uë : f. *Barkie, having a barke.*

Eſcore : com. *Plumpe, or ſtraight down, in depth ; whence ;*

La mer eſt eſcore en ceſte coſte. *The ſea is very deep, or, the channell is on this coaſt.*

Eſcores. *The ſtocks whereon a ſhip ſtands in the dock.*

Eſcorgée : f. *A thong, or belt (of leather,) alſo, a ſtripe, or laſh with a leatherne thong.*

Eſcotne : f. *Shame, diſgrace, contempt, ſcorne.*

Eſcorné : m. ée : f. *Unhorned, without hornes, that hath loſt his hornes ; hence, (alſo) melancholike, out of heart, out of countenance, aſhamed to ſhew himſelfe, as a Deere is, when he hath caſt his head ; alſo, uncornered ; whoſe corners are broken, or cut off ; and hence ; defaced, ruined, ſcorned, diſgraced.*

Arbre eſcorné. *A tree whoſe branches are lopt off.*

Dez eſcornez. *Ground Dice, blunt-cornered Dice.*

Eſcornement : m. *An unhorning, or depriving of hornes ; a diſgracing ; defacing ; baring, or bereaving of ornaments.*

Eſcorner. *To unhorne, dishorne, or deprive of hornes ; to cut, pull, or take from one a thing which is (or he thinkes is) an ornament, and grace unto him ; to breake off the corners of a ſquare thing ; to lop, or ſhred off the boughes of Trees ; to ruine, deface, diſgrace any thing.*

Se laiſſer eſcorner. *To ſuffer himſelfe to be ridden, made a foole, uſed like a Gull.*

Eſcornicher. *Inſtead of* Eſcorner, *or* Eſcorcher. ¶ Rab.

Eſcorniflé : m. ée : f. *Uncornered ; whoſe corners have been eaten, or broken off.*

Eſcornifler. *To knap, eate, or breake off the corners of ; alſo, to ſmell a feaſt, or eate hard, at a feaſt (which another man paies for ;) alſo, to picke a thanke, or carry tales for victuals ; or, (under pretence of jeaſting, or tale-carrying) to procure himſelfe acceſſe unto feaſts, or other mens tables.*

Eſcornifleur : f. *Feaſt-ſmelling ; faſt eating at (other mens) feaſts ; alſo, baſe Paraſitiſme, jeaſting, or tale-carrying, for victuals.*

Eſcornifleur : m. *A baſe pickthanke, or paraſite ; greedy feeder, or ſmell-feaſt ; one that carries tales, jeaſts, or newes from houſe to houſe, thereby to get victualls.*

† Eſcornizer. *as* Eſcorner.

† Eſcort : m. orte : f. *Diſcreet, wary, heedy, adviſed, circumſpect ; obſervant ; that knowes well how to carry himſelfe, in any buſineſſe wherein he meddles, or company wherewith he meets.* See Accort.

Eſcorte : f. *A guide ; convoy ; ſafe conduct, a direction, or ſafeguard for the way.*

Eſcoſſe : f. *The huske, hull, or cod of a beane, peaſe, &c.*

Escoſſé : m. ée : f. *Unhuſked, ſhaled, hulled.*

Escoſſer. *To unhuske, ſhale, hull.*

Escoſſois : m. oiſe : f. *Scottiſh, of Scotland.*

Magot Escoſſois. *A Coot, or Moorehenne.*

Escot : m. *A ſhot ; alſo, a young ſhoute of a tree ; alſo, a ſplinter, thorne, or ſtumpe of a thorne offenſive to the barefooted.*

Diſner à escot. *A dinner at an ordinary ; or, whereat every gueſt paies his part, or, ſhare and ſhare like.*

Faiſons l'escot. *Words uſed by the Capuchines when they ſhake their robes over the imbers, to avoid their vermine, and to conſume by the aire of the fire the matter whereof they breed.*

Parler par escot. *To ſpeake by turnes, to heare one another ſpeake.*

Payer l'escot pour autruy. *To pay, or be puniſhed for other men.*

Il a prins, ou fait cela, soubs l'escot. *He hath taken, &c. that in ſecret, under hand, by ſtealth, in bugger mugger.*

Il s'a beau taire de l'escot qui ne paye rien ; Prov. *He may well enough conceale the ſhot that paies no part of it.*

Escotté : m. ée : f. *That is within a ſhot, or hath payed a ſhot.*

Escotter. *Every one to pay his ſhot, or to contribute ſomewhat towards it, &c.*

Escoüade : f. *The traine, or followers of a Captaine, or Leader ; alſo, the company of ſouldiers whereof a Corporall hath the leading ; a ſquadron.*

Escoüarde. *as* Escoüade ; vn cap d'es. *A Corporall.*

Escoube : f. *A bruſh ; alſo, a maukin for an oven.* ¶ Langued.

Escoudé : m. ée : f. *Deprived of his ſupport, of the ſtay whereon he leaned, of the meanes whereon he relied.*

† Escoüé : m. ée : f. *Curtalled ; whoſe taile is loſt, or cut off ; alſo, wagged, or ſhaken up and down.*

† Escouër. *To curtall, or cut off the taile ; alſo, to wag, or ſhake a thing up and down.*

Escouëte : f. *A Plaiſterers whiting bruſh.*

Escou-

Escouëttes. *Sheates; Looke* Escoutes.

Escouſſe : f. *A Kite, Puttock, or Glead.*

Escouillé : m. ée : f. *Gelt, libd, unſtoned; bereaved, or maimed of his ſtones.*

Eſcouillé de Sybille. *One of Sybells (gelt) Prieſts.*

Eſcouillement : m. *A gelding, libbing, bereaving of ſtones.*

Eſcouiller. *To geld, lib, unſtone, cut away the ſtones of, bereave of ſtones; alſo, to maime, or make impotent, by ſtriking on the cods, or ſtones.*

Eſcouillon : m. *A wiſpe, or diſhelowt; a maukin, or drag, to cleanſe, or ſweepe an oven.*

Eſcouillure : f. *A gelding, or libbing; a cutting away of the cullions.*

Eſcouiſſon, *as* Eſcoinſon.

Eſcoulable : com. *Drainable; conſumeable; eaſie to be dried, or decayed; ſoone ſlipping, or gliding by.*

La memorie de le homme eſt escoulable. *Quickly paſt, eaſily raſed, ſoone gone.*

Escoulant : m. *as* Eſcoulement; *Or, a drain; or ſtrainer; alſo, a ſloping part, or place, downe which a thing eaſily glides, or is apt to run.*

Eſcoulant. *Draining, or drying up; gliding, or, ſlipping by.*

Eſcoulé : m. ée : f. *Drained; alſo, ſtrained; alſo, derived from one to another; alſo, ſlid, ſlipt, paſſed, runne, fleit ſmoothly, glibly, quietly along, or away; alſo, conſumed, waſted, pined away by little and little.*

Iour eſcoulé. *A day overſlipt, overpaſt, or gone, almoſt before it was thought of.*

Eſcoulement : m. *A draining, or drying up; alſo, a ſtraining; alſo, a conſuming, waſting, or pining away, as of the body.*

Eſcoulement d'eau. *A gliding, ſliding, ſlipping, ſmooth running, glib falling, gentle paſſing along, of water.*

Eſcouler. *To draine, or drie up; alſo, to derive from one to another; alſo, to ſtraine through.*

S'eſcouler. *To glide, ſlip, ſlide, runne quietly, paſſe covertly, along; to fall downe glibly, flie ſmoothly away; alſo, to waſt, pine, decay, conſume.*

Eſcoulerés. *ſouliers eſcoulerez. Welted; alſo, cut, or open on th'inſtep, and tied with a latchet paſſing over it.*

Eſcouluré : f. *A ſtrainer.*

Eſcoullement. *as* Eſcoulement.

Eſcoullet. *as* Eſcouler.

Eſcoupellé : m. ée : f. *Topped, or whoſe top is cut off.*

Eſcoupeller : *To top, or cut off the top of a tree.* (v.m.)

Eſcoupette. *as* Eſcopette; *A Petronell, or long Piſtoll.*

Eſcourgée : f. *A thong, latchet; ſcourge, or whip.*

Eſcourgeon : m. *Amelcorne, Starch-corne; a kind of baſt and degenerate wheat, which being grownd yeelds very white (but very light, and little nouriſhing) meale.*

Eſcourre. *To thraſh, or ſever corne from the chaffe; alſo to beat, or ſhake, as duſtie cloathes, &c.*

Eſcourſouër : m. *The dale of aiſſhips) pumpe, whereby the water is paſſed out.*

Eſcourté : m. ée : f. *Curtalled, ſhortened, cut, or chopped off.*

Escourter. *To curtall, ſhorten, cut, or chop off*

Eſcouſſe : f. *A ſhaking, ſwagging, ſwinging, ſhogging, jogging; alſo, a ſway, ſwing, or violent ſway; alſo, as* Reſcouſſe.

Escouſſe. (*The feminine of* Escoux.)

Escoutant. *Hearing, hearkening, liſtening unto.*

Il ne serok nuls mesdians s'il n'eſtoit des escoutans; Prov. *None would revile if men would heare.*

Escoute : m. *A ſpie, eave-dropper, prying companion; alſo, a ſcout; ſcout-watch, or Sentinell; the diſcoverer, or forerunner, of an armie.*

Croupir aux escoutes de gros morceaux. *Looke* Morceau.

Eſtre aux escoutes. *To liſten, hearken, watch, or ſpie, whats done abroad; to eave-drop, to prie into mens actions, or courſes; privately to obſerve their lookes, or ordinarie ſpeeches.*

Escouté : m. ée : f. *Hearkened, liſtened, given eare unto.*

Escoutement : m. *A hearkning, or liſtening; a hearing with attention.*

Escouters. *To hearken, heare, liſten, give eare, yeeld attention unto; to beare the ſpeech, obſerve the words of.*

Escoutes. *The Sheates; the double ropes which ſerve to faſten the maine ſaile behind.*

Escouteur. *An hearer, hearkener, liſtener, eaves-dropper.*

A tel conteur sage escouteur. Prov. *white footes do ſtrake wiſe men had need to heare.*

Escoutilles : f. *The ſcuttles, or hatches of a ſhip; th'overture, or trap-doores, whereat things are let downe into the hold.*

Escoutillon ; m. *A ſcuttle.*

Escoux : m. Escouſſe : f. *Shaken, jogged, ſwinged, ſwagged.*

Paille escouſſe. *Wherein no corne is left.*

Escouvelle : f. *A bruſh; as* Escouëne.

Escouvillon. *as* Escouillon.

Escouvillonner. *To ſponge a piece; to cleanſe her before and after ſhe is diſcharged.*

Escrageant. *Cruſhing, or ſquizing out.*

†Escragé : m. ée : f. *Cruſhed, or ſquezed out.*

† Escrager. *To cruſh, and ſqueeze out of.*

Escraigne. *A little bovell, made of poles ſet round with their ends meeting at the top, and covered with turves, ſods, and dung, ſo thicke, that no weather can pierce it.*

Escrain : m. *A Casket, a ſmall Cabinet; a little Ring-box, or Iewel-box; alſo, the till of a Cheſt.*

Escran : m. *A skreen to ſet between one and the fire; alſo, the teſter of a bed.*

Fair escran contre le vent. *To turne his noſe into the wind, to ſet his noſe againſt the winde, or, to ſtand between one and the wind.*

Eſcrasé : m. ée : f. *Squaſht downe, beaten flat, cruſhed in peeces with much preſſing, or hard leaning on.*

Escrasement : m. *A cruſhing flat, or ſquaſhing downe.*

Ecraser. *To ſquaſh downe, beat flat, cruſh in peeces with much preſſing, or hard leaning on.*

Escraseur : m. *A cruſher, ſquaſher, or beater of things flat by hard preſſing of them.*

d'Escravanter. *To burſt, or ſpit himſelfe.*

Escriere. Pie en. *The ravenous bird called, a Shrike, Nimmurder, Wariangle:* ¶ Savoyard.

Escrazé. *Looke* Escrasé.

Escroin : m. *A skreene.*

Escremé : m. de : f. *Vncreamed; fleeted; as milke.*

Escremer. *To fleet, or take away the creame from milke.*

Escresmer. *The ſame.*

Escrevé : m. ée : f. *Vnchaulked, or deprived of chaulkie whitenesſe.*

Escrevé : m. ée : f. *Riven, cloven, burſt, or ſplit, aſunder.*

Escrever. l'os du iour, ou de la nuict. *The dawning of the day, the twilight.*

s'Escrever. *To rive, cleave, burſt, or ſplit aſunder.*

Escreviſſe : f. *A Crevice, or Craiſſh;* (*By ſome Authors, but not ſo properly, the Craiſſh is alſo tearmed ſo.*)

Escreviſſe de fumier. *The great, & venimous black Beetle.*

Escreviſſe de mer. *A Lobſter, or, (more properly) a Sea-Crevice.*

Pas d'escreviſſe. *A backe-ſtep, a going backward.*

Pierres d'escreviſſe, *Looke* Pierre.

Plus Lunatique qu'un escreviſſe. *More lunaticke then a Crevice.*

Escreviſſer. *To goe backward.*

Escreviſſes. *The jointed plates, or parts, of a Cuirats, reſembling the backe of a Crevice.*

Escri : m. *An outcry, or acclamation.*

Escrié : m. ée : f. *Exclaimed, cried out.*

Escriement, *as* Escri; *or, an exclaiming, or crying out.*

Escrier aucun. *To exclaime, cry out on, call upon one.*

s'Escrier. *To exclaime, crie out, make an out-crie; to rore, bray, or yell.*

Escrime : f. *Fencing, the art of fencing.*

Escrimer. *To fence, or play at fence, alſo, to lay hard about him.*

† Escrimerie : f. *as* Escrime.

Escrimeur : m. *A Fencer, a Maſter of Fence.*

Escrin, *as* Escrain; *A Casket.*

Escrimer. *To barbe; to powle, or plucke off the haire.*

Escrinier : m. *A Joyner; and (more particularly) a Casket-maker, Cabinet-maker.*

Escript : m. *A writing; a manuſcript, ſcrowle, ſcedule, thing written; an indenture, or peece of evidence.*

Bailler par escript. *To publiſh, declare, offer, exhibit, put forth, ſet out, in writing.*

Escript : m. te : f. *Written, deſcribed or decyphered, publiſhed or declared, couched or ſet downe in writing.*

Mettre par escript. *To couch, digeſt, record, ſet downe in, commit unto, writing.*

Droict escript. *The Civile Law.*

Escripteau : m. *A note, or bill of ones hand; an inſcription, title; ſhort memorandum, libell, certificate, a declaration, or deſcription of a thing, in writing.*

Escriptoire : f. *A Penner.*

Escripture : f. *Writ, Scripture, writing; a ſtile, or manner of writings; the making, or writing of bookes; an inſcription, or title; a deed, writing, or evidence.*

Scavoir moult d'escripture. *To be learned, or skilfull in, or well acquainted with, moſt bookes.*

Escrire. *To write; ſcribble, ſcribe it; to indite, deciphor, pourtray, diſplay, couch, or ſet downe in writing; to make a book, or worke.*

Eſcrire nicement. *Looke* Nicement.

'A mal exploicter bien eſcrire. *Applicable when a man by a faire tale, or well-couched words, indeavors to extenuate the guilt of his faults, or of his errours in proceeding.*

En la peau de brebis ce que tu veux y eſcris; Prov. *One may write what he will in a ſheepes skin.*

Eſcrit: m. ite: f. *Written. Looke* Eſcripte.

Eſcriteau: m. *as* Eſcripteau.

Eſcriture: f. *as* Eſcripture.

Eſcrivaille: m. ée: f. *Scribled, ſcurvily penned, bauldly written.*

Eſcrivailleric: f. *Scribling, bauld writing.*

Eſcrivailleur: m. *A ſcribler, bauld writer, paultry penman.*

Eſcrivain: m. *A Notary, Scribe, Scrivener.*

† Eſcrivainerie: f. *Scrivenerſhip; the Art, or Act, of a Scrivener.*

Eſcriviſſe. *as* Eſcreviſſe.

Escrober. *To ſhog, or jog, as a cart in an uneven way.*

Escroé. *as* Escrouë.

Escrotter. *To gnaw, or bite with the teeth.*

Escrou: m. *A Goalers booke, &c. as in* Escrouë.

Escrouë: m. *A ſcrue; the hole, or hollow thing wherein the vice of a preſſe, &c. doth turne; alſo, a ſcrowle; alſo, the booke wherein a Goaler ſets downe, and regiſters the names, and ſurnames of his priſoners, and the day, moneth, and yeare of their entrance, and diſmiſſion; alſo, a Survey of the ground held by a Cottier, or Coppiholder, delivered unto his Landlord; alſo, a roll containing the particulars of the Courts expence in acates, &c. digeſted, and ſigned every day by the Steward, and Comptroller of the houſhold, and delivered over unto the Treaſurer; alſo, the Breviate of a caſe, or cauſe, in controverſie; alſo, the warrant thats delivered by a generall Aſſeſſor unto inferior Collectors, for the levying of a Subſidie, taxe, or impoſition.*

Escrouëlle: f. *A little Shrimp-reſembling worme, or vermin in puddles, and ſome ſprings.*

Escrouëllé: m. ée: f. *Troubled with the Kings evill.*

Ame escrouëllée. *An infected, traiterous, or depraved ſpirit.*

Les Escrouëlles. *The Kings Evill.*

Herbe des escrouëlles. *Little Celandine, Pilewort, figwort.*

Escroulé: m. ée: f. *Shaken, tottered, ſhogged.*

Escroulement. *A ſhaking, ſhogging, tottering.*

Escrouler. *To ſhake, totter, ſhog.*

Escroupionné: m. ée: f. *Rumpleſſe; whoſe crupper is broken.*

Escroufté: m. ée: f. *Chipped; uncruſted; unſcabed.*

Escroufſtement: m. *An uncruſting; or unſcabbing.*

Escroufter. *To chip; uncruſt; unſcab; to pare the cruſt off, pull or pill the ſcab from.*

Escrouter. *To uncruſt; to chip, or pull the cruſt off.*

Escru. drap escru. *Raw, new, freſh, undreſſed, untrimmed cloth; even as it comes from the weaver.*

Escruë. *as* Accreuë.

Escu: m. *A crowne in money; alſo, a ſhield, or targuet, alſo, a Scutcheon (of Armes; and ſometimes the Armes themſelves) or coat of Armes.*

Escu couronne. *It leſſe in value, by a* Sous, *then the* Escu Sol.

Escus à l'eſtoille Pouſſiniere. *Looke* Eſtoille.

Escu du Palais. *A counter.*

L'escu du ſoc. *The eare of the plow-ſhare.*

Escu sol. *A Crowne of the Sunne; (the beſt kind of Crowne that is now made) hath a little ſtar on the one ſide.*

Escu vieil. *An old Crowne; is worth* vij s. ij d. ſterl.

Il n'a escu ny targe: *The devill may freely dance in his purſe; there is not a croſſe to fright him, or bleſſe the owner withall.*

Il fait de son teſton vn escu. *He thrives well, gaines much, increaſes mightily in eſtate.*

Escudes. *as* Escudettes.

Escudettes. *The herb Hipwort, Venus-navell, Penny-wort, Penny-graſſe.*

Escueil: m. *A rocke; alſo, a rocky place.*

Escuelle: f. *A ditch.*

Escuelle à oraillons. *A porrenger.*

Grande escuelle. *A platter, or charger.*

Petite escuelle. *A ſaucer; or ſmall diſh.*

Les affaires domeſtiques y vont par escuelles. *All things are ſquandered, rioted, or diſorderly waſted, in that houſe; The like is;*

Tout y va par escuelles. *There is cheere in bowles; there is no ſparing, pinching, nor ſaving of any thing; and;*

Mettre tout par escuelles. *(As we ſay) to throw the houſe out at windowes.*

Qui s'attend à l'escuelle d'autruy il dine souvent bien tard; Prov. *'Tis long before he be ſerved that waits for another mans leavings.*

Escuellée: f. *A diſh full of.*

Escuelles. *Hipwort, Wall-pennywort, Ladies-navell; (an herb.)*

Escuellette: f. *A little diſh.*

Escueuil: m. *A kind of Oake whoſe acornes are good to be eaten; ſome hold it to be, the barren Scarlet Oake.*

Escuier. *as* Escuyer; *An Eſquier, &c.*

Escuirie: f. *as* Escuyrie.

Escuisant. *Smarting, itching, netling, ſtinging.*

Escuiſſé: m. ée: f. *Hipped; or whoſe hip, or thigh is put out of joint.*

Escuiſſer. *To hip; to put the hip, or thigh out of joynt.*

Esculé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe taile is burſt; heele traden downe.*

Esculée: f. *A diſhfull of.*

Esculer. *To burſt the taile of.*

Esculer vne aiguille. *To breake a needles eye.*

Esculer ses souliers. *To tread his ſhooes downe at the heeles*

Escume: f. *Scumme, droſſe, ſoame, froth,*

Escume de mareschal. *The refuſe, or droſſe of yron; ſmithy duſt.*

Escume de plomb. *Lead-ſoame, comes by cleare water caſt upon hot lead, preſently after it hath been melted.*

Escume de sel. *Looke* Sel.

Escumé: m. ée: f. *Scummed, or skimmed; refined, clarified; cleanſed in the outward parts; alſo, ſcowred, as the ſea by a pyrat, &c.*

Eſcumement: m. *A foaming; alſo, a ſcumming, or skimming; alſo, a ranging, roving; alſo, a ſcowring of the ſeas.*

Eſcumer. *To ſoame, or yeeld a frothy ſlaver; to gather unto a froth, or ſcumme; alſo, to skimme, or clarifie, liquor; to refine, or take off the (outward) filth from; alſo, to range, rove, deale at randome, whence;*

Eſcumer la mer. *To ſcowre, as a fleet of warlike ſhips, the ſea; to play the pyrat, to uſe piracy.*

Eſcumer: m. *(Is properly) a ſcummer, or skimmer of liquor; alſo, (leſſe properly, but more commonly) a pirate, or a rover at ſea.*

Eſcumeux: m. euſe: f. *Foamy, frothy, ſlithy.*

Eſcumier: m. ere: f. *Of ſoame, or froth; whereupon ſome Poets tearme Venus, Ille eſcumiere, becauſe ſhe is feigned to have been bred of the ſea-ſoame.*

Eſcumoir: m. *A ſcummer.*

Eſcumoire: f. *The ſame.*

Eſcurage: m. *A ſcowring; cleanſing; feying.*

Eſcuré: m. ée: f. *Scowred; cleanſed; feyed.*

Eſcurer. *To ſcowre; fey, vinſe, cleanſe, or make cleane.* ℣ Rab.

Eſcureur. *as* Eſcurieu; *A Squirrell; alſo, a ſcowrer, cleanſer; feyer.*

Eſcurie: f. *as* Eſcuyrie.

Eſcurieu: m. *A Squirrell.*

Eſcurs. *The little ſallade herb called, Cives, or Chives.*

Eſcuſſon: m. *A Scutcheon; a ſmall targuet, or ſhield; alſo, the knop in the middle of a timber-vault where the ends of the cowrbed poaſs do meet; alſo, the bud of a tree, cut off with part of the barke, in forme of an ordinary Scutcheon, and hence;*

Enter en eſcuſſon. *To lodge that bud in the barke of a tree by an inciſion made thereinto of the forme of a T, or by any other hole apt to receive it; the cleſts, and breaches thereof being afterwards cloſed up with wax, or clay.*

Eſcuſſonnable: com. *Fit to be ſo graffed.*

Eſcuſſonné: m. ée: f. *Defended, or covered with a ſcutcheon, or ſhield.*

Eſcuſſonner. *as* Enter en eſcuſſon; *alſo, to defend, or cover with a ſcutcheon, or ſhield.*

Eſcuyer: m. *An Eſquire, or Squire; alſo, he that beares an Errant knights lance and ſhield; alſo, an Uſher, or Sewer; alſo, the falſe bud of a Vine; alſo, a young male deere which, ordinarily, keeps an old one company; alſo, a kind of yellow, and hard-rined Peare.*

Eſcuyer de Cuiſine. *The clarke of a kitchin.*

Eſcuyer d'Eſcuyrie. *A query, in a Princes Stable; the gentleman of a Lords horſe.*

Eſcuyer trenchant. *A carver, or ſquire of the mouth; alſo, a Taſter; (for he that carves to a Prince, ever taſts of what he carves, before his maſter touch it.)*

Le grand Eſcuyer de France. *The maſter of the horſe; who beſides his authority over all the Officers of the kings ſtables, hath alſo (which here belongs to the Earle marſhall) juriſdiction over heralds, and purſivants; in old time the great maſter, or ſteward of the Kings houſe, was alſo called thus.*

Peu peut bailler à ſon Eſcuyer qui ſon couſteau leſche; Prov. *He that hath but little for himſelfe hath not much for his man.*

Pour l'amour du Chevalier baiſe la Dame l'eſcuyer; Prov. *(Wherein his worſhip is, often, but little beholden to her Ladiſhip.)*

Eſcuyere: f. *A woman eſquire; a Gentlewoman that attends on a knight as his Eſquire.*

Eſcuyrie: f. *The ſtable of a Prince, or nobleman; alſo, a Querry-ſhip; or the duties, or offices belonging thereto; alſo, (in old authors) a Squires place; or, the dignity, title, or eſtate of an Eſquire.*

Eſdenter. *as* Edenter.

Eſfarouché: m. ée: f. *Frighted, ſcared, frightened, feared away; alſo, tamed, reclaimed, made gentle, inward, or traftable.*

Eſfaroucher. *To fright, ſcare, frighten, affray, feare away; alſo, to tame, win, reclaime, make gentle, traftable, inward.*

Eſfilé. *as* Effilé.

Eſflanqué: m. ée: f. *Swayed in the back; alſo, leane, meager, gaunt, thin-flanked, or ſhrunke in the flanke, that hath no belly at all.*

Eſflanqué en cheval de poſtillon. *As lanke as a poſt-horſe.*

Eſflanquer. *To fway in the backe; or, to make leane, meager, gaunt, thin-flanked, ſmall-bellied.*

Eſfloré. *To deprive of flower, or of flowers. Looke* Effleurer.

Eſfoiré: m. ée: f. *Bedunged, bemired, bewrayed.*

Eſfrontément. *as* Effrontément; *Impudently.*

† Eſgail: m. *A fine morning froſt, that ſhines like glaſſe.*

Eſgal. *as* Egual; *Equall, even, levell.*

Les Ondes ſont à l'eſgal. *Plaine, ſmooth, calme.*

Eſgaler. *as* Egualer.

Eſgallé: m. ée: f. *Equalled, matched, evened, levelled.*

Eſgallement. *Equally, evenly, alike matchably.*

Eſgaller. *To equall, match; levell, even.*

Eſgard: m. *Reſpect, heed, regard, obſervation; advoiſement, conſideration, reckoning, account; alſo, a report made, or account given, of.*

Eſgards. ſont gens expers, & cognoiſſants à faire viſitations, & rapports. *Ragueau.*

Eſgaré. il s'eſt eſgaré de, &c. *He is wandered or ſtrayed, he ſwarves or digreſſes, from; he is out of the way.*

Eſgaré de bouche. *(Of a horſe) not ſubject to the bit, unſtayed, in all things diſobedient.*

Mais il ne fut pas pourtant eſgaré. *Yet was he not abaſhed, or put down; he had not yet loſt himſelfe; he knew for all that, well enough where he was.*

Eſgarement: m. *A ſtraying, wandering; ſwarving, digreſſing from; alſo, a ſcattering, diſperſing, miſlaying.*

Eſgarement en la veuë. *A ſtaring, gaſtlineſſe, amazednеſſe of looke; or an uncertaine faſhion of gazing up and downe.*

Eſgarer. *To ſcatter, diſperſe, miſlay.*

s'Eſgarer. *To erre, wander, ſtray, rove, to flie out, ſwarve, or digreſſe from, to run out of the high way.*

Eſgargaté de crier. *Whoſe throat is almoſt burſt, or well nigh riven, with crying.*

Eſgaronné: m. ée: f. *Trodden down, as a ſhooe at the heele.*

Eſgaronner vn ſoulier. *To tread a ſhooe downe at the heele.*

Eſgarouillé. yeux eſgarouillez. *Wide-ſtaring, or gloring, eyes.*

s'Eſgaudir. *To rejoice; to be jocond, merry, glad; to be full of glee.*

s'Eſgayer. *To ſport, make merry, be gameſome; to skip, leape, or play, as duckes, or fiſh, in the water.*

Eſgeré: m. ée: f. *Ploughed, or broken up, as land for fallowes.*

Eſgerer. *To plough, or breake up land for fallowes.*

Eſglantier: m. *The Eglantine, ſweet Brier, Hep-tree, wild Roſe-tree.*

Eſglantier odorant. *The ſweet Brier.*

Eſgliſe: f. *as* Egliſe; *A Church.*

Eſgommé: m. ée: f. *Ungummed, whoſe gumme is taken away.*

Eſgommer. *To ungumme; to take away the gumme from.*

Eſgorgé: m. ée. f. *Whoſe throat is cut.*

Eſgorgement. *The cutting of a throat; alſo, a whirle-poole, or ſwallowing abiſme, or guſfe.*

Eſgorger. *To cut the throat of.*

Eſgorgeté: m. ée: f. *Whoſe throat is cut; alſo, bare-necke; bare, or open-breaſted; or wearing a very low, or wo, coller to his ſhirt, doublet, jerkin, &c.*

Eſgorgeter. *as* Eſgorger; *Alſo, to go bare-necke, open-breaſted; or to fold downe the coller of a garment, thereby to bare, or diſcover the necke, or boſome.*

Eſgoſillé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe throat is cut.*

Eſgoſillement: m. *A throat-cutting.*

Eſgoſiller. *To cut the throat of.*

Eſgoſſe: f. *A cod, huske, hulling.*

Eſgoüé: m. ée: f. *Cloyed, ſaded, over full, or full unto ſaciety.*

Eſgoüer. *To be cloyed, ſaded, over full; to eate unto ſaciety.*

Eſgouſſer. *To unhuske; to pill, or ſhale broſſed fruits.*

Eſgouſt: m. *as* Eſgout.

Eſgout: m. *A drop, or dropping, as of water from a houſe eaves; alſo, a little ſinke, channell, or gutter to void filth by.*

Pluye de Fevrier vaut eſgout de fumier; Prov. *Looke* Fumier.

Eſgouté: m. ée: f. *Drained drie, ſoaked of moiſture, by little and little.*

Eſgoutement: m. *A draining by dropping.*

Eſgouter. *To drain, or make drie by little and little; to leave never a drop in.*

Goutte à goutte la mer s'eſgoutte; Prov. *The ſea by a continuall draining will grow dry.*

Eſgouteur: m. *A drainer, ſoaker, drier up by drops.*

Eſgoutille: f. *A little hole, or gullet, through which water can do little more then drop.*

Eſgoutoir: m. *A draine, channell, ſinke, or low gutter in a dairy, kitchen, &c.*

† Eſgrailler. *To ſhale, or ſtraddle with the feet, or legs.*

Eſgrainer. *as* Eſgrener.

Eſgraphé: m. ée: f. *Looſed, pulled aſunder, pulled away from; or as* Deigraté.

Eſgraphier. *To looſe, pull aſunder; or pull away from; or, as* Desgrafer.

Eſgraphigner. *as* Eſgratigner.

Eſgratigné: m. ée: f. *Scratched, ſcraped, rent, or torne with the nailes.*

Eſgratignement: m. *A ſcratching, ſcraping, tearing with the nailes.*

Eſgratigner. *To ſcrape, ſcratch, rend, or teare with the nailes.*

Eſgratigneur: m. *A ſcraper, or ſcratcher.*

Eſgratigneure: f. *as* Eſgratignement; *Alſo, a ſcratch, rend, or teare, with the nailes.*

Eſgrené: m. ée: f. *Fruitleſſe, barren, ſterill; without corne; alſo, ungrained, unſeeded; deprived, as an huske of it ſeed, an eare of it corne, or graine.*

Eſgrener. *To ſhake corne out of it eare; peaſe, or beanes out of their huskes; to deprive, or make barren of corne; to unſeed, or take the ſeed out of.*

Eſgrette. *as* Aigrette.

Eſgrugé: m. ée: f. *Grated ſmall; alſo, crumbled, crummed, or broken into ſmall peeces.*

Eſgrugeoir: m. *The little round grater of latin, that's kept in a caſe of the ſame, and uſed moſt for the Nutmeg.*

Eſgruger. *To grate ſmall; alſo, to crumble, or breake unto crummes.*

† Eſgrumé: m. ée: f. *Uncluſtered, unclattered; ſhaken, or taken, from it cluſter.*

† Eſgrumelé. *as* Eſgrumé.

† Eſgrumeler. *To uncluſter, or unclatter; to ſhake, or take aſunder things that hang looſe together.*

† Eſgrumer. *To plucke grapes from their cluſter.*

† Eſgruné: m. ée: f. *Crummed, crumbled, broken ſmall.*

† Eſgruner. *To crumme, crumble, breake ſmall.*

Eſgual. *as* Egual.

Eſgualation. *An equalling, matching, levelling, making like.*

Eſgualé, &, Eſgualer. *Serke* Egualé, &, Egualer.

Eſgue: f. *A leane, ill-favoured, carrion mare.*

† Eſguerée. la douciſſe eſguerée. *Serke* Esgaré.

† Eſguerer. *as* Esgarer.

Eſgueulé: m. ée: f. *Gorged; whoſe throat is cut, or mouth burſt.*

Eſgueuler. *To gorge; to cut the throat, or burſt the mouth of.*

s'Eſgueuler de crier. *To ſplit his mouth by vehement exclaiming.*

Eſguiere: f. *An Ewer, a Laver.*

Eſguille: f. *A needle; alſo, a ſmall fiſh called, a Horn-binke, Sweet-fiſh, Gane-fiſh, Piper-fiſh. Looke* Aiguille

Eſguillé: m. ée: f. *Of a needle, full of needles; wrought with the needle; pricked with needles.*

Eſguillée : f. *A needlefull of; alſo, a prick, or ſtitch with a needle.*

Eſguilleter. *To truſſe the points.*

Eſguillette : f. *A point.*

Eſguillettes d'armes. *Looke* Aiguillettes.

Eſguillette de chien. *A courſe leather point.*

Eſguillettes de ſouliers. *The ſtraps.*

Eſguillette nouée. *The charming of a mans codpeece point ſo, as he ſhall not be able to uſe his owne wife, or woman (though he may uſe any other;) Hence;* avoir l'eſguillette nouée, *ſignifies, to want erection: (This impotency is ſuppoſed to come by the force of certaine words uttered by the Charmer, while he ties a knot on the parties codpeece-point.)*

Courir l'eſguillette. *To be madde after a P. to run up and downe after her lecherie, like a ſalt bitch; to play the common whore; (in old time common wenches were enjoyned to weare a point on one of their ſhoulders, thereby to diſtinguiſh them from thoſe that profeſſed honeſtie.*

Eſguillier : m. *A needle-maker.*

Eſguillon : m. *A pricke, a goad, a ſting, a ſpurre, a provocation; any thing that incenſeth, ſtirreth, or urgeth forward; alſo, an inward griefe, pinch, or biting hurt.*

Eſguillons. *Little ſtakes headed with yron, and ſtucke into the ground, for the galling of horſemen.*

De petit eſguillon poinct on bien grande aſneſſe : Prov. *A little goad can prick a great ſhe aſſe.*

Qui contre eſguillon recule, deux fois ſe poind ; Prov. *Seeke* Reculer.

Tel aſne tel eſguillon ; Prov. *Looke* Asne.

Eſguillonné : m. ée : f. *Pricked, ſtung; pinched; vexed; urged, incenſed, provoked forward.*

Eſguillonnement : m. *A pricking, ſtinging; pinching; urging, incenſing forward.*

Eſguillonner. *To pricke, ſting, pinch; vex; urge, egge, force, provoke, incite, inſtigate, forward.*

Eſguillonneur : m. *A pricker, ſtinger; urger, incenſer, provoker, inſtigater.*

Eſguillonneuſe : f. *She that moveth, incenſeth, urgeth, pricketh forward.*

Eſguiſé : m. ée : f. *Whetted, ſharpened, whereon a good edge is ſet.*

Eſguiſer. *To whet, ſharpen, ſet an edge on.*

Eſguiſeur : m. *A ſharpener, a whetter of blades.*

Eſhanché : m. ée f. *Whoſe hip, or hanch is out of joynt.*

Eſhancher. *To put a hanch, or hip out of joynt.*

Eſhancheure : f. *A putting of the hip, or hanch out of joynt.*

Eſherbé : m. ée : f. *weeded.*

Eſherbement : m. *A weeding, a ridding of weeds, a plucking up of graſſe, or weeds.*

Eſherber. *To weed, rid of weeds; pluck up the graſſe, or weeds.*

Eſhonté : m. ée : f. *Shameleſſe, impudent, brazen-faced, over-bold, whom nothing can put out of countenance.*

Oſt eshonté. *The forehead bone, ſo called by ſome.*

Eſhontement : m. *Shameleſnes, impudencie, unſhamefaſtneſſe, graceleſneſſe.*

Eſhontément. *Shamelеſly, impudently.*

s'Eſhonter. *To be ſhameleſſe, impudent, over bold; to have a braſen face; to bluſh at nothing; to be paſt grace.*

Eſjetté : m. ée : f. *Ejected, jerted, or ſquirted up; caſt out, launched forth.*

s'Eſjetter. *To jert, or ſquirt up; to eject, caſt out, or launch forth, it ſelfe.*

Eſjeuné : m. ée : f. *Kept faſting, ſtarved.*

Eſjeuner. *To keep faſting, to ſtarve.*

s'Eſjouir. *To rejoyce, make merrie, be glad, bluthe, jocond, pleaſant, frolick, full of glee.*

Eſjouiſſance : f. *Joy, mirth, glee, rejoycing, gladneſſe.*

s'Eſjouiſſant. *Gladſome, frolicke, jocond, rejoycing.*

s'Eſjourner. *To linger, tarrie long, take his leaſure, uſe delayes.* Looke Sejourner.

†Eſlagué : m. ée : f. *Pruned, rid, or cleanſed of unprofitable ſhutes, baughes, or branches.*

†Eſlaguer. *To crop, and cut off unprofitable, burſtull, or unhandſome branches, from trees.*

†Eſlaguoir : m. *The inſtrument wherewith ſuch branches are cut off.*

†Eſlaguiſſant. *Pruning, cropping, or plucking off unprofitable branches.*

Eſlaínde. *An engine wherewith great ſtones are lifted up.*

Eſlançant. *Violently launching, ſhooting, hurling, throwing, thruſting, puſhing forward; ſtretching out.*

s'Eſlancant. *Furiouſly leaping, running, ſitting, or flying upon.*

Eſlance : m. ée : f. *(Violently, or with an out-ſtretched bodie) leaped, girded; skipped, launched; put, puſhed, thruſt on, or forward; throwne, caſt, hurled, flung, darted, ſhot out, or from; alſo, ſtretched up, or out; alſo gaunt, lanke, long, thinne or leane bodied; ſcrag-like; right like a Gaſgrell.*

Eſlancement : m. *A violent leaping, launching, skipping, putting, puſhing, thruſting on, up, out, or forward; hurling, throwing, darting, ſhooting out, or from; a retching, or ſtretching out of the bodie in any of thoſe actions; alſo, as* Elancement; *alſo, a ſtitch; or pricking in the body, cauſed by an Impoſtume, Pleuriſie, &c.*

Eſlancement de l'eſprit. *An unquietneſſe, a diſquieting, or ſtirring up of paſſions; an out-jerting of the ſpirit, a ſudden motion of the mind, or tranſportation of thoughts.*

Eſlancer. *(Violently, or with an out-ſtretcht bodie) to thruſt, put, puſh, up forward, on, or upon; alſo, (and in the ſame manner) to hurle, throw, caſt, fling, dart, ſhoot out, or from; alſo, to ſtretch out, as the bodie, in any of theſe actions; alſo, as* Elancer.

Eſlancer vn cerf. *To rowſe a Stag.*

Eſlancer vn cheval. *Suddenly to thruſt a horſe forward with the ſpurre, &c.*

s'Eſlancer. *Violently, or ſuddenly to leape, skip, jert, gird, launch forward.*

s'Eſlancer ſur vn ennemy. *To make furiouſly towards him, ſet fiercely upon him; leape, or flie, at his face.*

Eſlangouré. *as* Eſlangoré.

Eſlangui : m. ie : f. *Languiſhed, in languiſhment, or fallen into languiſhment.*

Eſlans : m. *A ſtretching out, or jerting up, or thruſting forward, of the body prepared unto a violent action, or motion, as leaping, hurling, darting, &c. hence alſo, any lively, violent, or ſudden motion, be it leap, skip, jert, thruſt, or ſtretch; alſo, the wilde, and diſordered preſſing forward of a doing horſe.*

Eſlargi : m. ie : f. *Dilated, widened, inlarged, greatned, increaſed; alſo, freed, inlarged, releaſed, ſet at liberties; alſo, given largely, dealt frankly, beſtowed bountifully.*

Eſlargir. *To dilate, inlarge, widen, greaten, increaſe, alſo, to free, ſet at large, give libertie, or ſcope unto, alſo, to give largely, beſtow frankly, deale bountifully.*

s'Eslarger en la mer. *To get ſea-roome, or goe roomeward to ſea; to get, put, or make out into the maine.*

Eſlargiſſant. *Dilating, inlarging, widening, increaſing; alſo, freeing, ſetting at large, or at libertie; alſo, giving, dealing, beſtowing largely, frankly, bountifully.*

Eslargiſſement : m. *An inlarging, dilating, widening; alſo, a freeing, a giving a ſcope unto, or ſetting at liberty; alſo a large, or liberall giving, dealing, beſtowing.*

Eſlargiſſement de la prunelle. *An imperfection in the eye; when the grapie Membrane being greater then it was, or ſhould be, confounds all objects, and makes them ſeem farre bigger then they be.*

Defailler au jour de ſon eſlargiſſement. *To make defaults on the day of his appearance (whereto he was bound.)*

Eſlavé : m. ée : f. *Moiſtened, bedewed, waſhed over; waſhie, dewie; waſhed away.*

Eſlaver. *To moiſten, bedew, waſh over; waſh away.*

Eſlay : m. *A carreve, or courſe on horſeback; (an old word.)*

Eſle. *as* Aile.

Eſlection : f. *An election, choice, or chuſing; alſo, an Election, the ſeat, or circuit of an* Eſleu; *a Towne, or Diviſion (whereof there be divers in each Generality) within which a certaine number of* Eſleus *doe exerciſe their jurisdiction.*

Eſleus : m. *Generall Aſſeſſors of Subſidies, &c. or Magiſtrates, who, when any Aide, Subſidie, or Impoſition is to be levied, rate, at a certaine ſumme, every Pariſh, and Village of the Election, or Diviſion wherein they reſide; and accordingly ſend their warrants unto the particular Officers, or chiefe inhabitants thereof, for the preſent gathering of what they have rated: They alſo take notice of the raiſing, and maintenance of publicke bankes, and cauſeyes, and of collections of money for the walling, or fortification of Townes; and (as Iudges) of all actions (whether Civill or criminall) that concerne, or come of, any of theſe matters. At firſt, when the Aides were not levied but in time of warre, nor then without conſent of the people, they choſe two Aſſeſſors in every Townеſhip, and from that choice gave them this name, which they held no longer then during*

during the levy: But after that they grew ordinary, and to be imposed at the pleasure of the Prince, the Esleus changing their Masters, became his officers, and officers during their lives; yet receive they still their wages of the people, and sometimes large Espices to boot; Since then they have increased both in number, and authority, so much, that they are now become very burdensome unto the whole countrey.

Esleu: m. euë: f. *Elected, chosen, culled, picked out.*

Eslevable: com. *Fit to be elevated, raised, advanced; reared, bred, brought up.*

Eslevation: f. *An elevation; or as* Eslevement; *also, a rebellion, commotion, or uprising of people.*

Eslevé: m. ée: f. *Elevated, raised, lifted, hoven up; advanced, extolled, promoted; also, risen, swollen, puffed up, strouted out; bolt upright; also, high, lofty, hauty, stout; also, heaped, or piled on; also, reared, bred, brought up.*

Eslevement: m. *A lifting, raising, heaving up; advancing, extolling, promoting; also, a mounting, rising, swelling, puffing up, strouting out; also, a rearing, breeding, or bringing up.*

Eslever. *To elevate, lift, raise, heave up, advance on high; extoll, promote; also, to heape, lay, pile, or put one thing upon another; also, to reare, breed, or bring up.*

s'Eslever. *To rise, mount, swell, puffe up, strout out; to grow lofty, hauty, high-minded, proud, presumptuous.*

Esleveur: m. *A raiser, lifter, mounter, heaver up; an advancer; a piler up; a rearer, breeder, bringer up of.*

Esleveur. *Elevating, lifting, raising up; and hence;*

Muscle esleveur. *Looke* Muscle.

Esleveure: f. *A raising; or, a rearing; also, a rising, or swelling up in height; an imbossing, or outstrouting; also, an imbosſement, or bunch; a thing risen, swollen, or puffed up.*

Esligible: com. *Eligible; worthy, fit, or like, to be elected; in election.*

Eslingé: m. ée: f. *Slender, lanke.*

Eslire. *To chuse, elect, cull, picke out.*

Eslite: f. *A choice, election, picking out.*

Gens d'eslite; mots d'eslite. *Choice people, quaint termes; men, or words of the better sort.*

Eslochè: m. ée: f. *Shaken, wagged, jogged; loosed in the joint.*

Eslochement: m. *A shaking, or loosening, as of a joint.*

Eslocher. *To shake, wag, jog, waver; to loose in the joint.*

Esloigné, ou Esloingné: m. ée: f. *Removed, sent, set, put, banished, or driven, farre away.*

Faire la part au plus esloigné. *To yeeld but a small part, allot a poore share, unto.*

Esloignement, ou esloinguement. *A removing, or conveying away; a banishing from, a putting, or setting far off.*

Esloigner; ou esloingner. *To remove, banish, drive, set, put, far away; to keepe aloofe, to send a great way from.*

S'esloigner de. *To leave, abandon, forsake; to depart, or get him farre from.*

Eslourdement: m. *A dulling, or dulnesse; an astonishing, amazing; a dizzinesse, an amazement.*

Esloudir. *To dull, blunt, make heavy, sottish, lumpish; also, to astonish, dizze, amaze.*

S'esloudir. *To waxe dull, grow sottish, prove heavy headed; also, to be amazed, astonied, dizzed.*

Esluder. *To deceive, mocke, scoffe at; to dally with; to avoid or shift off with words.*

Esmail: m. *Ammell, or enammell; (is made of glasse, and metals, or* Chaulx metalique; *for which Looke* Chaulx.)

Esmail de Venise. *A kind of blacke enammell made at* Venice.

Esmaillé: m. ée: f. *Enammelled.*

Esmailler. *To enammell.*

Esmailleur: m. *An enammeller.*

Esmaillure: f. *An enammelling.*

Esmanè. *as* Emané.

Esmaner. *Seeke* Emaner.

Esmarmelé: m. ée: f. *Crushed, crooſed, or burst in peeces.*

Esmarmeler. *To crush, crooſe, or burst in peeces.*

Esmay. *as* Esmoy; *Thought, care, carke.*

s'Esmayer. *To be sad, pensive, astonied, carefull; to take thought.*

Esme: m. *An aime, or levell taken; also, a purpose, intention, determination.*

Esmenuisé: m. ée: f. *Made small, broken or beaten into little peeces.*

Esmenuiser. *To breake, or beate into small peeces; to make small; or, as* Esmier.

Esmer. *To aime, or levell at; to make an offer to strike, &c. also, to purpose, determine, intend.*

Esmeraude: f. *An emerald.*

Esmerauldin: m. ine: f. *Like an emerald, belonging to an emerald.*

Esmeril: m. *An Emrod, or Emerill stone.*

Esmerillon: m. *The hawke termed a marlin; also, a small peece of Ordnance, about the size of a Robinet.*

Ioyeux comme un esmerillon. *As merry as a marlin.*

Esmerillonnant. *Watching narrowly; observing with a quick eye.*

Esmerillonné: m. ée: f. *Lively, quicke, sprightfull; or as* Emerillonné.

Esmerillonner. *Looke* Emerillonner.

Esmerveillable: com. *Marvellous, admirable, miraculous, wonderfull, much to be wondered at.*

Esmerveillé. *Marvelled, wondered.*

Esmerveillement: m. *A marvelling, wondering; admiration, admiring; a gazing at.*

Esmerveiller. *To make to wonder, admire, or marvell at; to breed astonishment, or admiration in.*

S'esmerveiller. *To wonder, marvell, admire; also, to looke, or gaze at with astonishment.*

Esmery: m. *An Emrod, or Emerill stone; used by Juellers, Lapidaries, Glasiers, &c.*

Esmesché: m. ée: f. *Snuffed.*

Esmescher. *To snuffe a light.*

Esmeu: m. euë: f. *Moved, or stirred up; excited, incited, incouraged, provoked, set on; pricked, put, urged, or egged, forward; also, wagged or shaken up and down.*

Esmeut: m. *The mute, or dropping of a bird.*

Esmeute: f. *A tumult, stir, uproare, commotion, insurrection, or rising of people; a brayle, riot, sedition, burley-burly, old coyle; also, a private motion, or sudden instinct unto a thing.*

Esmeute de chiens. *A kennell of hounds that be much of a size, and color. See* Meute.

Esmeuti. *Muted, dropped; purged.*

Esmeutir. *To mute, or drop, as birds doe; hence; also, to purge any way.*

Esmiable: com. *Crummable, crumblable.*

Esmié: m. ée: f. *Crummed, crumbled; mouldred; broken into small peeces.*

Esmier. *To crum, crumble, breake into small peeces.*

S'esmier. *To fall into small peeces; to moulder away.*

Esmiettement: m. *A crumming, crumbling, breaking into small peeces.*

Esmieure: f. *A crumming, crumbling, mouldering.*

Esminage: m. *A measure in some parts of Burgundy, containing about halfe a bushell.*

Esminal: m. *Another measure; being the halfe of the* Bichot.

Esminote: f. *A measure of about two* Burgonian *bushels.*

Esmoëllé: m. ée: f. *Without marrow; bereaved of pith, deprived of marrow.*

Esmoëller. *To deprive of marrow; to pick marrow out of bones, pith out of trees; to bereave of strength.*

† Esmoignonné: m. ée: f. *Stumped, cut off at the stumpe; made a stumpe of.*

† Esmoignonner. *To stumpe; to cut off at the stumpe, or, make a stump of.*

Esmonctoires. *Looke* Emonctoire.

Esmonde real. *Osmund royall, male ferne.*

Esmondé: m. ée: f. *Cleansed, purged, cleered, made cleane, picked; pruned; weeded (by hand.)*

Esmondement: m. *A cleansing, purging, cleering; or making cleane; a picking; pruning; weeding (by hand.)*

Esmonder. *To cleanse, purge, cleere, make cleane; to pick (as Corne;) to prune (as trees;) also, to weed (by hand) or pull up weeds (with the hands.)*

Esmondeur: m. *A cleanser, purger, cleerer, maker cleane; a picker (of Corne;) a pruner (of trees) a weeder by hand.*

Esmont. *as* Esment. *(An old word.)*

Esmotche: f. *Touch-powder; also, a tickling; also, the ordure that cleaves to an unwiped, or ill-wiped arse.*

Esmorcellé: m. ée: f. *Peecemealed; beaten, or pulled, into small peeces.*

Esmorceller. *To peecemeale; to beat in peeces, or breake into small morcells.*

Esmotelé: m. ée: f. *Whose clods are broken; also, consumed, or eaten.*

Esmoteler. *as* Esmotter; *Also, to eate, or consume.*

Esmotion: f. *An emotion, commotion, sudden, or turbulent stirring; an agitation of the spirit, violent motion of the thoughts, vehement inclination of the mind.*

Esmotter. *To breake the clods of a plowed land.*

Esmouché: m. ée: f. *Dulled, blunted.*

Esmoucer. *To dull, blunt, or take away the edge of.*

Esmouchail: m. *as* Esmouchoir.

Esmouché: m. ée: f. *Rid of flies.*

Esmouche-lourdaut. *A cheater, guller, conicatcher, foisting companion; a crafty flattering knave; a deceiver of simple, or sottish people.*

Eſmoucher, *To rid of, or drive away, flies.*

Eſmoucheté. *Flie-blowne; alſo, pincked, or ſet with little tufts.*

Eſmouchette : f. *The round tuft, or head of heardes, wherein their ſeed is contained.*

Des Eſmouchettes. *A paire of ſnuffers.*

Eſmouchoir : m. *A flie-flap, or fan to drive away flies.*

Eſmouëlle. *as* Eſmoëlle.

Eſmoulage : m. *A grinding, whetting, ſharpening of.*

Eſmouldre. *To grind, whet, make ſharpe.*

Eſmoulendier : m. *A Sheer-grinder.*

Eſmouleur : m. *A grinder, whetter, ſharpner of blades.*

Eſmoulu : m. ue : f. *whetted, ſharpened, ground, that hath an edge ſet on it.*

A fer eſmoulu. *Violently, vehemently, throughly, in full earneſt; to the proofe, without boording, with all extremity.*

Gentilhomme frais eſmoulu. *A gentleman newly forged; a gentleman of the firſt head.*

Eſmoulure : f. *A grinding, whetting, ſharpening, a giving of an edge unto.*

Eſmouſſe : m. ée : f. *Rid, or bared of moſſe.*

Eſmouſſer. *To rid of moſſe, to pluck the moſſe from.*

Eſmouvement : m. *A moving, or ſtirring up; as exciting, inciting, urging, provoking unto; alſo, a toſſing, agitation; exerciſe; wagging, or ſhaking up and downe.*

Eſmouveur : m. *A mover, or ſtirrer up; an exciter, inciter, incourager, provoker, ſetter on, a picker, putter, egger, or urger forward.*

Eſmouvoir. *To move, or ſtirre up; to agitate, excite, incite, incourage, provoke, ſet on; to pricke, put, urge, or egge forward; alſo, to wag, or ſhake up and downe.*

Eſmoy : m. *Carke, care, thought, ſorrow, heavineſſe, penſiveneſſe.*

s'Eſmoyer de. *Earneſtly to aske, or enquire, of.*

Eſmundé : m. ée : f. *Rid or cleered of, cleanſed or purged from, dead, broken, withered boughes, &c.*

Esmundement. *as* Eſmondement; *A pruning.*

Eſmunder. *To cleanſe; to prune; Seeke* Eſmonder.

Eſmuſir. *as* Eſmeutir; *To mute, or mewt.*

Eſmutiſſement. *as* Eſmeut; *A muting.*

Eſmyne. *A kinde of meaſure; as* Emine.

Eſnaſé : m. ée : f. *Noſeleſſe; made noſeleſſe; whoſe noſe is cut off, or pulled away.*

Ie me ſuis eſnaſé contre. *I have daſht, or almoſt burſt, my noſe againſt.*

Eſnaſer. *To make noſeleſſe, to cut, or pull off, the noſe.*

Eſnervé : m. ée : f. *weakened; enfeebled, made ſinew-leſſe, deprived of ſinewes.*

Eſnerver. *To weaken, infeeble, make ſinewleſſe, deprive of ſinewes, bereave of ſtrength.*

Eſor. *Oyſeaux eſors. Wild, unmade, or ill-mand hawkes; apt, when they are awing, to take a toy, or to flie their country.*

Eſpace : m. *A ſpace, or diſtance; a reſpite, pauſe, intermedium.*

Eſpade : f. *A broad ſhort ſword.*

Eſpadon : m. *A ſhort two-handed ſword.*

Eſpagneul : m. *A Spaniell.*

Eſpagnol : m. *A Spaniard; alſo, a Spaniell.*

Le feu des Eſpagnols. *A hot ſcorching Sun.*

Va eſpagnol ſans Ieſuite eſt vne perdris ſans orange; Prov. *A Spaniard without a Ieſuite is (we may ſay) cheeſe without muſtard.*

Eſpagnol : m. ole : f. *Spaniſh, of Spaine.*

Eſpée Eſpagnole. *A Rapier, or Tuck.*

Eſpagnolade : f. *A Spaniſh trick, blow, bob.*

Eſpagnole. A l'Eſpagnole. *After the Spaniſh manner, faſhion, humor.*

Payer à l'Eſpagnole. *To give knocks inſtead of coine; or to riſte ſuch as he ſhould requite; (a phraſe deuiſed by ſome Dutchman.)*

Eſpagnolé : m. ée : f. *Spaniolized; made Spaniſh, or Spaniard-like.*

Corps bien Eſpagnolé. *A bodie made ſlender.*

Eſpagnolette : f. *A Band-ſupporter of wire in workes done over with ſilke.*

Eſpagnoliſer. *To play the Spaniard; to ſpeake, or doe like a Spaniard.*

Eſpagnotter. *To woo, to court; as* Muguetter.

Eſpaillier. *Looke* Eſpallier.

Eſpals. *Thicke; Seeke* Eſpez.

Eſpaiſſiſſant. *Thickning.*

Eſpaix : m. *Thickneſſe, cloſeneſſe, denſitie, groſeneſſe.*

Eſpalé : m. ée : f. *Scattered, caſt, or ſpred abroad, with a ſhovell.*

Eſpaler. *To ſcatter, caſt, or ſpread, abroad with a ſhovell.*

Eſpalier : m. *He that rowes with the firſt oare in a galley; alſo, as* Eſpallier.

Eſpaller. *as* Eſpaler.

Eſpallier : m. *An hedge-row of ſundrie fruit trees ſet cloſe together, their boughes interlaced one within another, and held in with ſtakes, railes, or pales; alſo, a buttreſſe, ſhore-poſt, or ſhouldring peece (in Architecture.)*

Eſpalmé : m. ée : f. *Caulked, or pitched over, as a Ship.*

Eſpame : m. *The Crampe.*

Eſpamé : m. ée : f. *Infeebled, weakened, made leane, as with faſting; alſo, troubled with a crampe, or convulſion, fallen into a ſwound.*

Espamer. *To infeeble, weaken, make leane, as with faſting; alſo, as* Espaumer.

Espampé, roſes espampées. *Which be fully blowne.*

Espampré : m. ée : f. *Pruned, as a vine, of ſuperfluous ſhoots, &c.*

Espamprement : m. *The pruning of a vine.*

Espamprer la vigne. *To prune a vine, to pluck, or cut away the ſuperfluous ſhoots thereof.*

Espan : m. *A ſpan.*

Eſpanché : m. ée : f. *Squattered, ſpilled, ſhed, or powred out in haſt, or diſorder.*

Espanchement : m. *A diſordered, or haſtie ſquattering, ſpilling, ſhedding, or powring out.*

Eſpancher. *To ſquatter, ſpill, ſhed, or poure out diſorderedly or in haſte.*

Eſpancher de l'eau. *To ſpill water; alſo, to piſſe.*

Eſpandable : com. *which may be ſhed, ſpilled, poured out.*

Espandement : m. *A ſhedding, ſpilling, pouring out, a ſpreading, dilating, extending.*

Espandre. *To ſhed, ſpill, poure out; to ſpread, caſt, or ſcatter abroad in great abundance.*

s'eſpandre. *To ſpread, run abroad, overflow, dilate, increaſe, extend it ſelfe.*

Espandu : m. ue : f. *Shed, ſpilled, poured out; ſpred, caſt, or ſcattered abroad; dilated, largely extended.*

Espani : m. ie : f. *Blowen; ſpred abroad; ſtretched, diſplayed.*

Espanir. *To blow, or ſpread, as a blooming Roſe, or any other flower, in the height of its flowriſhing; alſo, to diſplay, ſtretch, or ſpread out.*

† Eſpanité. *as* Espavité.

Espanoui : m. ie : f. *Blowne, diſplayed, ſpread out.*

Eſpanouïr. *as* Eſpanir.

Espanouiſſement : m. *A blowing, or blooming of flowers; a ſpreading, or diſplaying.*

Espapilloté : m. ée : f. *Beſpangled, beſpatled, beſpotted.*

Espapilloter. *To beſpangle; beſpot, beſpatle.*

Esparcet : m. *A kind of thick graſſe, or pulſe, in Dauphiné, the hay whereof is very good for cattell, and the ſeed for pulleyns, is newly ſowen every fourth yeare.*

Esparcete. *as* Pariotaire. *Pellitorie of the wall.*

Esparcetiere : f. *A plot, or cloſe that's ſowed with* Esparcet.

Eſpardement : m. *A ſcattering, ſprinkling, diſperſing, diſſipation.*

Espardre. *To ſcatter, diſperſe, ſpread abroad, to diſſipate, diſſolve, breake into many peeces, to caſt here and there.*

Esparer. *To fling, or yerk out with the heeles, as a horſe in a high manage.*

Le ciel commence s'eſparer. *The skie begins to breake; or to ſcatter, or throw aſunder the clouds that overcaſt it.*

Esparges. *Sparagus.*

Eſpargnant. *Hard, neere, warie, thriftie, ſcantie, ſaving, frugall, ſparing, niggardlie, ſomewhat miſerable.*

Espargne : f. *Thrift, frugality, ſaving, ſparing, warineſſe, neereneſſe, parcimonie, good husbandrie; alſo, a ſtrait, compendious, or ſcantie courſe of proceeding; alſo, the Treaſurie or Exchequer of a Prince; alſo, ground reſerved, by particular men, onely for paſture.*

Taillé d'eſpargne. *Cut with ſparing worke, the incuſting being filled with enamell; and the worke ſet out, or appearing among it, in gold, &c.*

Espargné : m. ée : f. *Spared, ſaved, husbanded; reſerved; forgiven, forborne; alſo, contrived, cut, or made out of.*

Espargner. *To ſpare, ſave, husband; forgive, forbeare, or beare with; alſo, to contrive, make, or cut, out of.*

Sans espargner ne Roy ny Roc. *without mercie, or reſpect of perſons; with as little favour to one as to another; indifferently, or alike ſeverely to all.*

Bons mots n'espargnent nul; Pro. *See* Mot.

Ce que chiche espargne, large despend; Pro.

Prov. *That which a niggard ſaves his heire conſumes; or that which one ſpares another ſpends.*

Marchandiſe n'eſpargne nuls; Prov. *Ware will deceive any body, ſpares no body.*

Qui bien gaigne, & bien eſpargne devient tantoſt riche; Prov. *He that gets and ſaves, much, growes quickly rich.*

Eſpargoutte: ſ. *The herb Feverfew, Feddersew, White-wort, Mother-wort.*

Petite eſpargoutte. *Starwort, Sharewort, Cudwort.*

Eſparpillé: m. ée: f. *Scattered, diſperſed, diſparkled; alſo, touſed, diſordered, diſhevelled, as a womans haire; alſo, ſpred, wide opened, ſet far aſunder.*

Eſparpillement: m. *A ſcattering, diſperſing, diſparkling of many things aſunder; a diſordering, diſheveling, or untoward touſing of things; alſo, a ſpreading, wide opening, ſetting far aſunder.*

Eſparpiller. *To ſcatter, diſperſe, diſparkle aſunder; alſo, to ſet wide open, or far aſunder; alſo, to diſhevell, diſorder, touſe, as a womans haire.*

Eſparpiller ſon beurre. *To ſpread his butter.*

Eſparre. *The barre of iron that's nailed on a doore, and turnes at the end on the bindge.*

Eſpars. *Scattered, diſperſed, diſſipated, diſmembred, rent, or broken into many parcells, caſt here and there.*

Eſparſément. *Scatteringly, diſorderedly, uncertainly, here and there, all abroad, not one ware to another.*

Eſpartant. *Scattering, diſperſing, dividing, far-ſundering.*

Eſpartillé: m. ée: f. *Diſparkled; or diſperſed; infuſed by ſmall parcells; divided by partitions.*

Eſpartir. *To ſcatter, diſperſe, part, divide, ſet aſunder.*

Eſparvain: m. *A ſpavin in the leg of a horſe, or beaſt.*

Eſparvier: m. *A Sparhawke, or Sparrow-hawke; and (more generally) a ſhort-winged hawke; alſo, a great ſweep-net for fiſhing.*

Eſparvier de Montagu. *A lowſe.*

Herbe d'eſparvier. *as* Cichorée ſauluage.

Mieux vault meſtier qu'eſparvier. *Better is a good occupation then hawking; or, better it is to follow a trade then a Hawke.*

On ne peut faire d'hibou eſparvier; Prov. *He thats a clowne by nature, cannot be gentilized by nurture; The like is;*

On ne peut d'vn Pigeon faire vn vif eſparvier; Prov.

Eſpaſe: f. *A ſword.* ¶ Langued. Peis eſpaſe. *Looke* Spaſe.

Eſpaté: m. ée: f. *Broad-footed, flat-footed; well underlayed; well ſpread, or of a good breadth at the bottom; well grounded, fixed, ſetled, at the foot.*

Eſpatement: m. *The (broad) foot, or footing; the groundworke, or foundation, of.*

s'Eſpater. *To be broad-footed, or well underlaid; to ſpread, have ſome compaſſe, beare a good breadth, at the bottome; and (thereby) to be well grounded, fixed, ſetled.*

Eſpatté. *as* Eſpaté.

Eſpattement. *as* Eſpatement.

Eſpatule: f. *A (Chirurgions, or Apothecaries) little ſlice.*

Eſpave. *A waife, or ſtray; a chattell, or beaſt unowned; any thing whoſe originall, or owner, is not known; (hence) alſo, a ſtranger borne in a far countrey.*

Eſpave & effreinte des chiens. *A faute de ſuite of dogs, having utterly loſt both ſight, and ſent, of the game which they hunted.*

Eſpave: com. *Maſterleſſe, without author, or owner; alſo, forreine, far-borne; of unknown birth, or beginning.*

Mots eſpaves. *Strange, new-forged, unaccuſtomed, words.*

Eſpavent: m. *A Spaven in a horſe.*

† Eſpavité: f. *The right a Soveraine Lord hath to the lands, or goods of ſtrangers, dying within his dominions; or the being a ſtranger; as* Eſpave.

Eſpaulart: m. *A Sea-monſter, enemy to Whales; as* Orque.

Eſpaule: f. *A ſhoulder.*

Par deſſus l'eſpaule. *Over the ſhoulder, or the wrong way; and hence;* Riche, ou vertueux, par deſſus l'eſpaule; *(ſignifies) a very begger, or, an arrant knave.*

Baiſſer les eſpaules. *To yeeld, or undergoe.*

Faire eſpaule à. *To help, aſſiſt, ſecond, backe, ſupport.*

Hauſſer l'eſpaule. *To lift up the ſhoulders; (a geſture gotten from the Italians, and much uſed when we refuſe to doe a thing which we are afraid, or loath, to meddle with; and imports as much, as if we ſhould ſay, you ſhall pardon me ſir, &c.)*

Porter à deux eſpaules. *(In a ſaltime) to ſhift often from ſide to ſide; to adhere ſometimes unto the one, ſometimes to the other; or to be neither conſtant, nor very behoveſull, to either.*

Porter ſur les eſpaules. *To carry a burthen on his ſhoulders; alſo, to grow weary of, or find himſelfe overcharged with.*

Pouſſer le temps à l'eſpaule. *To delay, or drive off, the time; to ſpend, or paſſe away his daies idly, but ſo ſo; or, even as he may.*

Preſter eſpaule à. *To help to beare, to lend a helping hand unto.*

Ie me recommande à leurs eſpaules. *woe to their ſhoulders; or, their ſhadders are like to pay for it; or, their ſhoulders are ſure of a whipping.*

Sentir ſon eſpaule de mouton. *To ſmell very ranke, very ſtrong, very rammiſh.*

Tenir eſpaule à. *as* Faire eſpaule.

Tirir l'eſpaule. *To ſhrinke in the ſhoulders, as one that likes not what he ſees, or heares.*

Les belles robbes pleurent ſur des eſpaules indignes; Prov. *Good clothes weep on unworthy ſhoulders.*

Eſpaulé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe ſhoulder is burſt, or out of joint.*

Vne beſte eſpaulée. *Cracke ſhuſſe, broken ware; a wench that hath had a clap.*

Eſpaulée: f. par eſpaulées. *By fits, by ſhoves, by divers ſhoulderings; now and then; with many pauſes betweene.*

Eſpaulement: m. *A burſting, or unjointing of the ſhoulder.*

Eſpauler. *To burſt a ſhoulder; to put a ſhoulder out of joint; alſo, to ſhoulder, to ſupport with, or beare on, the ſhoulders.*

Eſpauletée. *as* Eſpaulée; *whence;*

Reprendre, ou retaire vne muraille par eſpauletées. *To repaire a wall by parcells, without taking any of it down.*

Epaulette: f. *A little ſhoulder; alſo, the wing of a gowne, doublet, &c. alſo, a buttreſſe, ſhore-poſt, or ſhouldering peece.*

Maçonnerie à eſpaulettes. *Uneven worke in walls, &c. built up by fits, and peeces, and by thoſe intermiſſions, laſt higher in one part then in another; or ſhouldering, bearing, or ſtanding out in one place more then in another.*

Eſpaulier. *Belonging to, ſupporting or ſerving for, the ſhoulder,*

Veine eſpauliere. *See* Veine.

Eſpauliere: f. *A ſhoulder peece, the peece of armour, or apparell that ſerves for the ſhoulder; alſo, a buttreſſe, ſhore-peece, or ſhouldering peece to ſupport, or ſtrengthen a wall.*

Eſpaulu: m. ue: f. *Broad-ſhouldered.*

Eſpaulure: f. *as* Eſpaulement.

Eſpauſmer. *To fall in a ſwoune (v. m.)*

Eſpauſmure: f. *A ſwounding, or falling into a traunce,*

† Eſpautré: m. ée: f. *Pelted, pauted, beaten, thraſhed,*

† Eſpautrer. *To paut, pelt, thraſh, beat, cruſh, bruiſe.*

Eſpe. *(at Blois) as* Empan *(in other places.*

† Eſpeaultre. *Spelt, or ſpelt-corne,*

Eſpece: f. *A kind, or ſort of.*

Eſpecial. par eſpecial. *Eſpecially, particularly, peculiarly.*

Eſpectative. eſtre à l'eſpectative. *To ſtand waiting, looking, attending, expecting for.*

Eſpée: f. *A Sword; Rapier; Tucke; a Glaive, Cuttelaſſe, Faucheon, Hanger; Blade; alſo, a certaine round ſtaffe, that lies betweene the upper boards of a Vine-preſſe, and the mother, or ſubſtance of the grapes; (ſometimes) alſo, valour; and, a valiant man; (c'eſt vn'des meilleures eſpées de la France.)*

Eſpée d'armes. *as* Eſpée de Chevalier; *or,* Eſtoc d'armes.

Eſpée blanche. *Looke* Blanc.

Eſpée des bleds. *Corne ſedge, corne flags, corne gladen.*

Eſpée de Chevalier. *A ſharpe, and broad ſword, of a reaſonable length, and plainebilted, having but only one croſſe-bar.*

Eſpée Eſpagnole. *A Rapier, or Tucke.*

Eſpée Muniſque. *A kind of Scimiter.*

Eſpée de mer. *The Sword-fiſh.*

Eſpée miſericorde. *Looke* Miſericorde.

Eſpée des moiſſons. *Corne ſedge, corne gladen.*

Eſpée rabaruë. *A faile.*

Eſpée Romaine. *Certaine twiſted, and reverted leaves on a horſe; reſembling, and by ſome called, a feather.*

Plaid de l'eſpée. *High juriſdiction; authority to puniſh, or proſecute offenders with the ſword.*

Sergent de l'eſpée. *Look* Sergent.
Hardi comme vne eſpee. *As bold, or hardy as a ſword (which is oft more bold then welcome.)*
Iouër de l'eſpée à deux Iambes. *To ſhew a fair paire of heels; to runne away.*
S'en iouër de l'eſpée à deux mains. *To doe what he liſt withall. See* Iouër.
Eſpelé: m. ée: f. *Spealed, ſpelled; pilled, ſtayed.*
Eſpelement: m. *A ſpelling, or ſpealing of words; a joyning of letters, or of ſillables together.*
Eſpeler. *To ſpell, to ſpeale; to joyne letters, or ſillables together; to make of letters ſillables, of ſillables words; alſo, to flea, pill, or pull the skin, or rind off.*
Eſpeller. *as* Eſpeler; *(Eſpecially in the laſt ſignification.)*
Eſpeluche: f. *Plush.*
Eſpendre. *Look* Eſpandre.
† Eſpenaillé: m. ée: f. *Torne, ragged, all to tatters.*
Eſpeoir. *Seek* Eſpoir.
† Eſperable: com. *Hopeable, fit to be hoped for, hopefull.*
Eſperance: f. *Hope, truſt, confidence, aſſiance.*
En eſperance d'avoir mieux tant vit le loup, qu'il devient vieux; Prov. *The Woolfe growes old by hoping ſtill for better; or, while the Woolfe hopes for better he growes old.*
Eſperdu: m. uë: f. *Forlorne, loſt, foregone, farre-gone; in a deſperate or miſerable taking; alſo, diſmayed, aſtoniſhed, appalled, amazed, abaſhed.*
Eſperdument. *Deſperately, forlornly; diſmayedly, amazedly; utterly, extremely, without meaſure.*
Eſperé: m. ée: f. *Hoped for, truſted after.*
Eſperer. *To hope, truſt, have aſſiance, repoſe confidence, in.*
Eſperit. *Seek* Eſprit.
Eſperlan: m. *A Smelt.*
Eſperlucat: m. *A lock, or buſh of curled haire. (v. m.) alſo, a neat, ſpruce, pleaſant, and lively companion; a feat, or deft youth.*
Eſperon: m. *A ſpurre; alſo, a kind of fortification called, a Spurre; alſo, the ſtem, noſe, or beak-head of a galy.*
La Iournée des eſperons. *Look* Iournée.
Os de l'eſperon. *The leſſe bone of the legge.*
A eſperons pareils. *With both ſpurres at once, and in the ſame part, of each ſide of a horſe.*
Arrondir les eſperons. *Look* Arrondir.
Chauſſer les eſperons à. *To courſe or purſue amaine, to give hard chace unto; to make one runne, or ſcud away as fire were at his taile; alſo, to haſten, or make forward in.*
Dur à l'eſperon. *Dull, ſluggiſh, heavy-metalled; that will not be moved, or put forward by any inſtigation.*
A morceau reſtif eſperon de vin; Pro. *(A cup of ſack agrees with a cold ſtomack;) a reſtive morſell needs a ſpurre of wine.*
Tout cheval a beſoing d'eſperon; Pro. *All men have need of ſome correction.*
Le vilain ne ſçait qu'eſperons valent; Prov. *Full little knowes the clowne what ſpurres can doe; baſe people know not, or cannot uſe, brave helpes.*
Eſperonnade: f. *A ſpurring; a jert, or prick, with a ſpurre.*
Eſperonné: m. ée: f. *Spurred; alſo, beſpurred, having ſpurres on his heeles.*
Fol eſt qui eſt eſperonné, & à cheval dit, hay; Prov. *Look* Hay.
Eſperonnement: m. *A ſpurring; a pricking forward; an inciting, or urging onward.*
Eſperonner. *To ſpurre; prick forward; incite, or urge, onward.*
s'Eſperonner. *To put on his own ſpurres; alſo, to prick himſelfe on.*
Eſperonnier: m. *A Spurrier; alſo, a Bit-maker.*
Eſperonniet: m. ere: f. *Belonging to a ſpurre, or to the leſſe bone of the leg.*
Muſcle eſperonnier. *A double muſcle; one of the five whereby we ſtretch out the firſt part of our feet.*
Eſperruqué: m. ée: f. *That weares long locks, or curled haire.*
Eſpervain: m. *A ſplint in a horſes leg.*
Eſpervier. *Look* Eſparvier.
Eſpeſſement. *Thickly, ſpiſſely, cloſe together.*
Eſpeſſeur: f. *Thickneſſe, denſitie, ſpiſſeneſſe, cloſeneſſe; maſſiveneſſe, bigneſſe, groſſeneſſe.*
Eſpeſſi: m. ie: f. *Thickned, compacted, cloſed hard together; ingroſſed, made big.*
Eſpeſſir. *To thicken; ingroſſe, increaſe, make bigge; to compact, or cloſe hard together.*
Eſpeſſiſſement: m. *A thickning; an ingroſſing, or making big; a compacting, or cloſing hard together.*
Eſpeſſiſſeure: f. *as* Eſpeſſeur.
Eſpeuré: m. ée: f. *Frightened, affrighted, affrayed, made fearfull.*
Eſpeurer. *To frighten, affright, make fearefull, affray.*
Eſpez: m. eſſe: f. *Thick; maſſive, groſſe, bigge; cloſe, neere, hard compact together.*
Eſpi de bled. *An eare of corne.*
Eſpi d'eau. *Pond-weed, Water-ſpike; (an herbe.)*
Eſpi de lard. *Seek* Eſpis.
Tuiles couchées en façon d'eſpi. *Laied edgelong, or edge to edge.*
Eſpiant. *Spying, prying, watching, marking, obſerving narrowly; dogging, waytaying, lying for.*
Eſpice: f. *Spice; alſo, the Spice-apple (whereof excellent Cyder is made.)*
Eſpices. *Spices, or Spice; alſo, the fees that be taken by the (French) Judges, and their aſſiſtants, for Bookes peruſed, Conſultations had, and ſentence given, in a cauſe; (from the ancient manner of gratefull ſuitors; who, having prevailed, were wont to preſent the Judges, or the Reporters, of their cauſes, with Comfets, or other Jonkets; which gratuity they afterwards turned into money, and by degrees have ſuffered it to become a duty and (as it is at this day) the onely, or beſt, revenew belonging to Judiciall places.)*
L'on perd l'appareil d'vne poule, à faute d'acheter pour vn liard d'eſpices; Prov. *Some to ſpare a penny loſe the uſe of that which coſt them a pound.*
Eſpicé: m. ée: f. *Spiced; ſeaſoned, or ſweetned with ſpice.*
Telle cauſe eſt eſpicée. *The fees due to the Judges, &c. upon ſuch a cauſe bee taxed, vated, or ſet downe.*
Eſpicenaire: com. *Of both ſexes, male and female.*
Eſpicer. *To beſpice; to ſeaſon, or ſweeten with ſpice; alſo, to taxe, rate, or ſet downe the Judges fees, or* Eſpices, *in a cauſe.*
Eſpicerie: f. *A Spicery; alſo,* Spices.
Es petis ſacs ſont les fines eſpiceries; Prov. *The fineſt Spices are in little bagges.*
Eſpiceur: m. *A taker, or taxer, of fees.*
Eſpicier: m. *A Groſer, a ſeller of Spices, a Drug-ſeller.*
Eſpie: f. *A ſpie, ſcout, eſpiall; privie-marker, obſerver, dogger of people; eavedropper, prying companion.*
Eſpies. *Ambuſhes, way-layings; malicious obſerving, treacherous dogging, of people.*
Eſpié: m. ée: f. *Reſembling an eare of corne; alſo, eared; growne to an eare; (as* le bled eſt eſpié; *) alſo, ſpied, watched, way-layed, narrowly obſerved.*
Lard eſpié. *Seek* Lard.
Eſpiecé: m. ée: f. *Piecemealed; cut, broken, or torne in pieces.*
Eſpiecer. *To divide, piecemeale; cut, break, or teare in pieces.*
Eſpiement: m. *A ſpying, ſcouting, prying, watching, marking, narrow obſerving; a lying in ambuſh, or in wait for.*
Eſpier. *To ſpie, watch, marke, pry into; obſerve narrowly; to dog, lie for, way lay; alſo, to eare, or ſhoot out in an eare, as a blade of corne.*
Eſpierré: m. ée: f. *Unſtoned; rid from, cleered of, ſtones.*
Eſpierrement. *A picking ſtones off land, a ridding from ſtones.*
Eſpierrer. *To unſtone; to rid from ſtones; to pick ſtones from.*
Eſpierreur: m. *A ſtone-picker, ſtone-gatherer.*
Eſpieu: m. *A Boare-ſpeare; a hunting ſtaffe, or Javelin; alſo, a Partiſan, or Captaines leading-ſtaffe.*
Eſpieur: m. *A ſpier, marker, obſerver; alſo, a ſcout, or watchman.*
Eſpieur des chemins. *A taker, purſe-taker, thiefe on the high-way, one of Robinhoods followers, one* S. Nicholas *Clerkes.*
Eſpij d'eau. *as* Eſpi d'eau.
Eſpinal: m. *A thorny grove, plot, or place.*
Eſpinarde. *as* Eſpinoche; *A Stickleback.*
Eſpinars. des eſpinars: m. *Spinage, or Spinach.*
Eſpinat femelle. *A barren kind thereof, which beares no ſeed at all.*
Eſpinaye: f. *A thorny plot, bramble-buſh, place full of briers.*
Eſpince: f. *A pinching, nipping, or pricking; alſo, as* Pince.
Eſpincettes. des eſ: f. *A paire of Pincers.*
Eſpine: f. *A thorne, bramble, brier; a prick, ſting, or prickle; alſo, a quill, or faucet for a wine-veſſell; alſo, a kind of Caltrop uſed in warre for the galling of horſes feet, &c.*
Eſpine Arabique. *Th'Arabian thorne, or thiſtle;*

thiſtle; a kinde of white thiſtle.
Eſpine blanche. Milke thiſtle; white thiſtle, our Ladies thiſtle; alſo, the white thorne, or hawthorne.
Blanche eſpine. The Carline thiſtle.
Eſpine benoiſte. The Barberry-tree.
Eſpine de bouc. Goats thorne; whoſe roots yield Gumme Dragagant.
Eſpine du dos. The back-bone.
Eſpine noire. The black thorne.
Eſpine vinette. as Eſpine benoiſte.
Qui ſeme des chardons, recueille des eſpines; Prov. Hee that ſowes thiſtles gathers thornes.
Qui veut aller les pieds nuds ne doit ſemer des eſpines; Prov. He that will bare-foot goe, muſt ſow no thornes.
Trop achette le miel qui ſur eſpines le leche; Prov. Too deer's the ſweet thats bought with much affliction.

Eſpiné: m. ée. f. Pricked, as with a thorn.
Du filet eſpiné. Thread that's whitened, or whited.

Eſpinée: f. The chine, or backe-bone of a porke.

Eſpinelle: f. A kind of Ruble.

Eſpiner. To prick, as a thorne.
s'Eſpiner. To prick; alſo, to intangle himſelfe, as among briers, and thorns.

Eſpineſes. des es. Splents in a horſes legs.

Eſpinette: f. A paire of Virginals.
Eſpinette organiſée. A Virginall and wind Inſtrument joyned together; a ſet of Pipes added to a Virginall.

Eſpineux: m. euſe: f. Thorny, briery, full of brambles; alſo, belonging to the backe-bone; and hence;
Muſcle eſpineux. A certain muſcle which helpes to ſtretch out the neck.

Eſpingarderie. The Harquebuzery; or, a troope of Harquebuziers. v. m. (Looke Eſpringalle). ¶ Rab.

† Eſpingardier. An Harquebuzier, or ſmall ſhot.

† Eſpingardine. f. A ſmall (and old faſhioned) Chamber, (Piece.)

Eſpingle: f. A pinne.
Il tira ſon eſpingle du jeu. Hee ſlipt his neck out of the cullet.

Eſpinglé: m. ée: f. Pinned; faſtned, or furniſhed with pinnes.

Eſpingler. To pinne; to faſten, or furniſh with pinnes.

Eſpingleur: m. A Pinner, or Pinne-maker.

Eſpinglier. as Eſpingleur; Alſo, a Pin-pillow, or cuſhinet to ſtick pins on; alſo, a pincaſe, or thing to put pinnes in.

Eſpinglon: m. A little pinne.

Eſpinguer. To ſpring, or leape ſprightly. (v. m.)

Eſpinoche: f. A Sharpling, Shaftling, ſtickling, Bankſtickle, or Stickleback.

Eſpinon: m. A little thorne; hence alſo, the tongue, or thong of a buckle.

Eſpinoye: m. A thicket, greve, or ground full of thornes; a thorny plot.

Eſpinoye: f. The ſame.

Eſpinſe. as Pinſe.

Eſpion: m. A ſpie, ſcout, eſpiall; a privy obſerver of, or prier into, mens behaviour; a malicious dogger, watcher, way-layer of others; alſo, a ſwift Barke ſent out to ſea, for diſcovery; alſo, the little Sea-ſtarling, or Beard.

Eſpionné: m. ée: f. Spied, pried into; obſerved, watched, way-layed.

Eſpionnement: m. A ſpying, or prying into; an obſerving, or watching of.

Eſpionner. To ſpie, or prie into; to watch privily, obſerve narrowly; to dog, ſtaulk, way-lay.

Eſpionneur: m. as Eſpion (In the firſt ſence.)

Eſpis. The two utmoſt, and fatteſt, pieces of a ſide of Porke, divided (after the Pariſien faſhion) into three parts, the legs being firſt cut off for gammons.

Eſplan: m. A Smelt.

Eſplanade: f. A planing, levelling, evening of wayes, by grubbing up of trees, and removing all other incumbrances out of them.

Eſplanadé: m. ée: f. Levelled, planed, layed even; diſincumbred.

Eſplanader. To levell, plane, lay even; remove impediments, deliver from incumbrances.

Eſplanaderaye. A plaine way, or ſtrand.

Eſplané: m. ée: f. Made plaine; levelled, layed even with the ground; alſo, explained, or expounded.

Eſplaner. To make plaine; to levell, or lay even, with the ground; alſo, to explane, declare, manifeſt, expound.

Eſpleuré: m. ée: f. Full of, all-to-be-blubbered with, teares; whoſe eyes are, by exceſſive weeping, drained of moiſture.

Eſpleurer. To waile bitterly, and beyond meaſure; to weep the eyes drie.

Eſplingue. as Eſpingle; A pin. ¶ Norm.

Eſplij guette: f. A ſmall pin. ¶ Norm.
Alſo, a priming iron; that wherewith the touch-hole of a piece is uſually cleanſed.

† Eſploucher. as Eſplucher.

† Eſplouré: m. ée: f. Beblubbered with teares. Look Eſpleuré.

† Eſplourer. as Eſpleurer.

Eſployé. m. ée: f. Diſplayed; and hence;
Aigle eſployée. A ſpred-Eagle.

Eſpluché: m. ée: f. Picked, or culled, as peaſe, &c. alſo, plucked, or teiſed, as flowers, wooll, &c. (hence) alſo, throughly ſifted, or ſearched into, examined narrowly, peruſed diligently.

Eſpluchement: m. A picking, or culling; a plucking, or teiſing; alſo, a through ſifting, full ſearching, diligent examining of.

Eſpluche. To pick, or cull, as peaſe, &c. to pluck, or teiſe, as Roſes, Wooll, &c. alſo, to ſift throughly, ſearch narrowly, examine fully, peruſe diligently.
ça que ie t'eſpluche à contrepoil. Come hither and let me claw, or ſcratch, thee for thy labour.
Qui trop eſpluche les choſes n'a pas vne vie aſſeurée; Prov. Hee lives inſafely that looks too nicely to matters.

Eſpleucheur: m. A picker, plucker, teiſer; a curious, or diligent ſifter, or ſearcher into.

Eſplucheures: f. The pickings, or cullings; the pluckings, or teiſings of.

Eſplugehant. A kind of river-ſwila.

Eſplumé: m. ée: f. Plucked, unplumed, without feathers; bereaved, or bared, of feathers.

Eſpluquer. as Eſplucher, ¶ Pic.

† Eſpluyé: m. ée: f. Sprinkled, ſpattled, or ſpattered upon.

† Eſpluyer. To ſprinkle, ſpattle, ſpatter, or caſt upon.

Eſpoictriné, &c. Look Eſpoitriné.

Eſpoinçonner. as Eſpoindre.

Eſpoinct: m. cte: f. Pricked, ſpurred; incited, provoked, violently moved, vehemently ſtirred.

Eſpoincté: m. ée: f. Unpointed, blunted; whoſe point is dulled, broken, or cut off.

Eſpoincter. To unpoint, or blunt; to dull, breake, or cut off the point of.

Eſpoindre. To prick, ſpurre; provoke, urge, incite; ſtirre vehemently, move extremely.

Eſpointement: m. An unpointing; a blunting; a breaking the point of.
Eſpointement de queſtions. A pacifying of quarrels, a quieting of altercations; alſo, a reſolution of queſtions.

Eſpointer. as Eſpoincter.

Eſpoir: m. Hope, truſt, confidence, affiance.

Eſpois d'un cerf. The top of a red Deeres head; of a fallow, the Spellers.

Eſpois. as Eſpez; thick.

Eſpoiſſir. To thicken. Seek Eſpeſſir.

Eſpoitriné: m. ée: f. Open breaſted, whoſe boſome lies open to view.

Eſpoitronnement: m. A diſcovering of the boſome, a going open breaſted.

Eſponce d'heritage: f. A quitting, abandoning, forgoing, giving over an eſtate in land.

Eſponcé: m. ée: f. Quit, left, abandoned, forgone, given over.

Eſponcer. To quit, leave, abandon, forſake, forgoe, give over.

Eſponcion. as Eſponce.

Eſponge: f. A Spunge.
Eſponges d'aſperge. The clottered root of garden Sparagus.
Eſponge d'eau douce. A certaine herbe, that flotes on rivers, and is called, Spunge of the river.
Eſponges femelles. Thoſe which have the feweſt, and leaſt holes.
Eſponge de riviere. Spunge of the river; an herbe.
Pierre d'eſponge. Look Pierre.
Porter l'eſponge; ou, paſſer l'eſponge, ſur. To deface, or blot out.

Eſpongette: f. A little Spunge.
Eſpongette du Roſier ſauvage. A Brier-ball, or canker-Roſe ball; the round, and ſpungie excreſcence, which cleaves to the branch of a wild Roſe, Brier-Roſe, (or Hep-tree.

Eſpongieux: m. euſe: f. Spungy, full of ſpunges; light, or full of holes; like a Spunge.

Eſportle: f. A vaſſals acknowledgment of the ſervices, and duties which he owes unto his Lord.

Eſporter. A vaſſall to acknowledge the duties and ſervices he owes, to his Lord.

Eſporte: f. A handbaſket.

Eſpoudré: m. ée: f. Duſted; cleared from, cleanſed of, duſt.

Eſpoudrer. To duſt; to beat, or wipe the duſt from; to cleanſe, or clear from duſt.

Eſpouventablé: com. Dreadfull, frightfull, fearefull; horrible, gaſtfull, horrid; monſtrous, terrible; able to ſcare, or amaze any man.

Eſpoventablement. Dreadfully, frightfully, fearefully; terribly, horribly, ghaſtfully,

with great amazement.

Espoventail: m. *A bug-beare, or Scarre-crow; a man of clouts to feare birds with.*

Espoventaire. *The same.*

Espoventant. *Frighting, flighting, skaring, terrifying, amazing with dread, filling with horror.*

Espovente: f. *Dread, fright, great feare; terrour, horrour, ghastlinesse, astonishment, consternation, amazement.*

Ils ont prins l'espovente. *They are mightily skared; they have taken a terrible allarum; they are afraid of every feather that wags, or shadow that appeares; or, they scud away as fast, and as fearefully, as if fire were at their tailes.*

Espoventé: m. ée: f. *Frighted, frayed, monstrously affrayed, skared, terrified; appalled by dread, amazed by terrour, filled with horrour.*

Espoventement: m. *as* Espovente; *or, a frighting, fraying, skaring, terrifying.*

Espoventer. *To fright, flight, fray, terrifie, feare exceedingly; amaze, appall, astonish by feare; fill with horrour, or terrour, or with horrible or terrible apprehensions.*

Espouillé: m. ée: f. *Lowsed, rid of lice.*

Espouiller. *To lowse, kill lice, rid of lice.*

Espouillereſſe: f. *A woman that picketh, or killeth, lice.*

Espousailles: f. *An Espousals, or Bridall; a wedding, or marriage.*

Espouſe: f. *A Spowse; a wife.*

Espouse du soleil. *The Marygold, so called by some.*

Espousé: m. ée: f. *Espoused, wedded, married.*

Espousée: f. *A Spouse, an Espoused.*

Espouſer. *To espouse, wed, marry; also, to defend, imbrace, undertake, intertaine as his owne, take wholly upon him; whence;*

Espouser la querelle d'aucun.

Espouser la gruë. *See* Gruë.

Espouser vne rouë. *To be broken upon a wheele.*

Espouſſe. *as* Pouſſe; *A disease in a horse.*

Espouſſeté: m. ée: f. *Brushed; dusted; wiped downe.*

Espouſſeter. *To brush; dust, wipe the dust off.*

Espouſſette: f. *A brush; also, a duster, or dusting cloth for a horse; and hence;*

Donner des espouſſettes, (que ie ne die des eſtrivieres) à. *Lightly to touch, (if not to taxe.)*

Espouventable, &c. *Looke* Espoventable, &c.

Espoux: m. *A Spouse, Bridegroome, new married man; one that is married, wedded, espoused.*

Espoys. *The uttermost, or uppermost branches of a Deeres head. Look* Espois.

Espraintes. *The dung of an Otter, or other such vermine.*

Espreinctes. *as* Espraintes.

Espreindre. *To presse, wring, strain, squeeze out, thrust together.*

Espreint: m. te: f. *Pressed, wrung, strained, squeezed out, thrust hard together.*

Espreinte: f. *A pressing, straining, wringing, thrusting together; a squeezing out; also, a great desire to goe to the stoole.*

Espreintes. *as* Espraintes.

Espremaſon: f. *The bloudy flix, accompanied with a painfull wringing of the bowels.* ¶ Gasc.

S'Espreindre. *To take, seise, catch hold; also, to fire, to kindle.*

† Espreu. Tout à espreu. *Expressely, of set purpose, for the nonce.*

Esprevains. *A Splint, or Spavin in a horses legge.*

Esprevier: m. *A Sparhauke; also, any kind of short-winged hauke.*

Espreuve: f. *A proofe, triall, experiment, essay, attempt.*

Mettre en espreuve. *To put unto triall, or to the touch; to adventure, hazard, see what will happen, try what may be done.*

Espringalle: f. *An ancient Engin of warre, whereout stones, pieces of iron, and great arrowes were shot at the wals of a beleagured Towne, and the defenders thereof; (now out of use.)*

Espringaller. *To leap, spring, bound, spurt; (an old word.)*

Espringarde. *as* Espringalle.

Espris: m. ile: f. *Taken, surprised, seised; also, inflamed, kindled, wholly possessed with.*

Esprit: m. *The Spirit, Soule; Heart, breath, heat; mind, thought; opinion, wit, conceit; also, life, courage, mettall, stomack, vivacity, livelinesse, or smartnesse of humor; also, affection, fancy, disposition, inclination; also, a ghost, or spirit.*

Voicy vn'estoffe qui n'a que l'esprit. *(Merrily) this stuffe is but sleight, or hath no substance in it.*

Les Alemans ont l'esprit aux doigts; *Prov. The Germans wit rests in their fingers, viz. they are better Artisans then Artists, better at handy-crafts then at head-craft.*

Espronnade. *as* Esperonnade.

Esprouvé: m. ée: f. *Proved, tried; approved, experimented; attempted, hazarded, assayed; searched, sounded.*

Esprouver. *To prove, trie, attempt, assay; sound, look, or search into.*

Esprouvette: f. *A probe; a little instrument wherewith wounds, and ulcers are searched.*

Espucer. *To flea; to rid of fleas; to kill fleas.*

Espucé: m. ée: f. *Fleaed, rid of fleas.*

Espuceter. *as* Espucer.

Espuisé: m. ée: f. *Drained; exhausted, emptied, drawne drie (as a well of water;) also, drawne out (as water out of a well;) also, withered; wasted, consumed; (as a substance whose moisture is spent:)*

Espuisement: m. *A drayning; exhausting, empying, drawing out, or drawing dry.*

Espuiser. *To drayne; exhaust, empty, draw dry (as a well of water;) also, to draw out (as water out of a well;) also, to waste, consume, soake, or suck up the moisture of.*

Espuiſeur: m. *A drayner; exhauster, emptier of moisture; also, a drawer of water out of a well.*

Espuiſoir: m. *Any thing that serves to drain, exhaust, or emptie another thing of moisture; and hence, the hallow shovell wherewith watermen lade their leakie boats.*

Espulcer. *as* Espucer.

Eſpuration: f. *A running, as of a sore; also, a cleansing, or clarifying; also, a straining, or squeezing of liquor from.*

Eſpuré: m. ée: f. *Cleansed, purified, clarified; also, drained, or growne drie, as a sore that runne; also, strained, wrung, or squeezed out.*

Eſpurer. *To runne, as a broken sore; also, to runne, or drop, drie; also, to straine wring, or squeeze liquour out of; also, to cleanse, purifie, clarifie.*

Eſpurge: f. *Garden Spurge, whereof there are two kinds, a greater, and a lesse.*

Eſpurgé: m. ée: f. *Purged out; cleansed, cleered, rid of; also, pruned.*

Eſpurger. *To purge, cleer, cleanse, rid of; also, to prune, or picke off the noysome knobs, or buds of trees.*

Eſpy. *as* Eſpi; *also, as* Eſpée Romaine.

Eſquadre: f. *A squadron (of footmen;) Look* Eſcadre.

Eſquadron: m. *A squadron; a troope of souldiers ranged into a square body, or battalion. (This word is most commonly meant only of horsemen, (*Bataillon, *of footmen) and sometimes both of horse, and foot.)*

† Eſquaille: f. *as* Eſcaille; *a scale, or shale.*

† Eſquailler. *To oile, shale, or scale.*

† Eſqualié: m. ée: f. *Levelled, planed, smoothed, made even.*

† Eſqualier. *To level, plane, smooth, make even.*

Eſqualle. *as* Eſcaille.

Eſqualler. *as* Eſquailler.

Eſquarcelle: f. *A leathern pouch.*

Eſquarquillé. *Put, spred, wide open; set, severed, farre asunder; straddled.*

Eſquarquillement: m. *A spreading, or setting wide asunder; a straddling.*

Eſquarquiller. *To spread, set, or open, wide; to put farre asunder.*

Eſquarquiller les jambes. *To straddle, stride, set the legs wide open.*

Eſquarquiller les yeux. *To stare; to look big on it.*

Eſquarre: f. *A square, or squarenesse.*

Eſquarré: m. ée: f. *Square, or squared.*

Eſquarrir. *To square, make square; hew, or cut square.*

Eſquarriſſeur. *A squarer of stones, or timber.*

Eſquarriſſure: f. *Squarenesse; or, a squaring.*

Eſquarrure: f. *The same.*

Eſquartelé: m. ée: f. *Quartered; dismembred.*

Eſquartelement: m. *A quartering; a dismembring. Look* Eſquartellement.

Eſquarteler. *To quarter; dismember; cut or hew, into quarters; rent or teare, in pieces.*

Eſquarteleure: f. *as* Eſquartellement.

Eſquartellement: m. *A quartering, dismembring, tearing, or hewing in pieces; also, the cast or casting, proportion or composition, of members or quarters.*

Eſquarter. *as* Eſcarter; *to scatter, &c. also, to empty quart-pots.*

† Eſquené: m. ée: f. *Broken-backed, or swayed in the back.*

† Eſquener. *To break the back of, to sway in the back.*

Eſqueüé: m. ée: f. *Curtall, curtalled, untailed, without taile, deprived of a taile.*

Eſqueuilles:

Eſqueuilles: ſ. *Dregs, oven-ſweepings; excrements, offals.*

Eſqueuillon. *A Spunge, or Scourer for a piece of Ordnance; or, as* Eſcouillon.

Eſqueuré: m. ée: f. *Out of heart, leane, poore, pulled downe, fallen away extremely.*

† Eſquiavine: ſ. *A long and violent correction, or beating, of a ſtubborne, and untoward Jade.*

† Eſquiche. *The firſt rude, or ſlight draught of a Modell, or Platform for a building.*

† Eſquiché: m. ée: f. *Imboſſed; rudely done, or ſlightly drawn.*

† Eſquicher. *To imboſſe; to make a rude, or ſlight, or the firſt draught of a Modell, or Platforme. See* Esbaucher.

Eſquierre: ſ. *A Rule, or Squire; an Inſtrument uſed by Maſons, Carpenters, Joyners, &c. alſo, an Inſtrument wherewith Surveyors meaſure land.*

Vn trait d'eſquierre. *A perpendicular line, or meaſure; tearmed ſo by workemen.*

'A l'eſquierre. *Juſtly, directly, evenly, ſtraightly; by line and levell, to a haire.*

Aux eſquierres des Cloches, & Egliſes. *Juſt over-againſt the Steeples and Churches; or, as farre as the Steeples, and Churches.*

Eſquiers. *as* Eſquierres.

Eſquif: m. *A Skiffe, or little boat; alſo, the bone* Scaphoide; *called ſo, becauſe it ſomewhat reſembles a ſmall Skiffe.*

Eſquifon: m. *A little Skiffe, a very ſmall boat.*

Eſquignon: m. *A feſcue.* ℣ Pic.

Equignonné: m. ée: ſ. *Cut, or broken off, as a lumpe, cantle, or cruſtie heele from a loafe of bread; alſo, cut, or broken into lumpes, luncheons, or cantles.*

† Eſquignonner, *To cut, or break off a lump, cantle, cruſtie-heele, or piece from a loafe of bread; alſo, to cut, or break into lumps, luncheons, or cantles.*

Eſquille: ſ. *A little ſcale, or ſplint of a broken bone, &c.*

Eſquilleux: m. euſe: f. *Splinty, ſcaly, full of little Splints, or Scales.*

Eſquinance: ſ. *The Squincy, or Squinancy; (a diſeaſe.)*

Eſquine. Bois d'eſquine. *The knotty, and medicinall root of a certain* Indian Bull-ruſh.

Eſquiper. *as* Equiper.

Eſquirener. *To break the back.* ℣ Gaſc. ℣ Rab.

Eſquivé: m. ée: f. *Shunned, eſchewed, avoided; alſo, ſcorned, rejected, deſpiſed; alſo, ſhifted away, ſlipped aſide.*

Eſquiver. *To ſhunne, avoid, eſchew; to ſcorne, reject, deſpiſe; to ſhift away; to ſlinke, or ſlip aſide.*

Eſquoüé. *as* Eſcoüé.

Eſraciné: m. ée: ſ. *Rooted up, or plucked up by the root.*

Eſraciner. *To root up; or pluck up by the root.*

† Eſrafflade: ſ. *A ſcratch, or ſcratching.*

Eſratflé: m. ée: f. *Scraped, ſcratched.*

Eſraffler. *To ſcrape, or ſcratch.*

Eſraillé: m. ée: f. *Spread, or ſet wide open; ſtaring; ſhaling, ſtradling, or ſtradled; alſo, frayed.*

Oeil eſraillé. *An eye whoſe lower lid (by a cicatrice, or other accident) is reverſed, leaving that part of the white altogether uncovered.*

Eſraillement: m. *A ſpreading abroad, or ſetting wide open; a ſtaring; ſtradling, ſhaling; fraying.*

Eſrailler. *To ſpread, or ſet wide open; hence, to ſtare; ſtradle, ſhale; alſo, to fray, as in ſtarching.*

Eſrené; m. ée: f. *Feeble, weake, broken-reind, looſe-backt; unfit for Venery, utterly diſabled (that way.)*

Eſrener. *To weaken, infeeble, break, or cruſh the reines.*

Eſſaim: m. *as* Eſſain.

Eſſaimer. *To ſwarme, as Bees.*

Eſſain: m. *A Swarme (of Bees.)*

Eſſais de fourrage. *Scatterings, or leavings, of fodder.*

Eſſangé: m. ée: f. *Wet, as linnen before it be layed in the bucking-tub.*

Eſſanger. *To wet linnen, before it be layed in the bucking-tub.*

† Eſſardé: m. ée: f. *Drie, thirſty, lacking moiſture; burnt up.*

Soif eſſardée. *An extreme thirſt, a thirſt which can hardly be quenched.*

† Eſſargoter. *as* Eſſarter.

Eſſart: m. *A glade in a wood; alſo, a piece of untilled ground.*

Eſſarté: m. ée: f. *Gladed; made into a glade; or, wherein glades are made; alſo, lopped off, as the boughes of a tree; or bared, as a tree of boughes; alſo, grubd up, as buſhes, &c. or cleered as a ground of buſhes, &c.*

Eſſartement: m. *A glading, lopping; grubbing up of, or cleering of a ground from, ſhrubs, &c.*

Eſſarter. *To glade, or make glades in a wood; alſo, to loppe off the boughes of a tree, or bare, as a tree, of boughes; alſo, to grub up, or cleere a ground of, buſhes, ſhrubs, thornes, &c.*

† Eſſaur: m. *as* Eſſor.

Eſſay: m. *An eſſay, proofe, triall, experiment; an offer, attempt; a taſt, or touch of a thing to know it by; alſo, the taſt, or Eſſay taken of a Princes meat, or drinke; alſo, the veſſell whereout, or piece whereof, it is taken.*

Eſſay de bled. *A triall, or proofe of Corne; a courſe taken to know how much it weighes, and how much flower, meale, and branne it yields, when it is grownd, in reſpect of that which it weighed, and was, before.*

Coup d'eſſay. *The maſter-piece of a young workman, or of one that's but newly come out of his yeares; a beginning, entrance, onſet, attempt; a flouriſh, or preamble, whereby a taſt of a thing is given, or taken.*

Eſſayant. *Eſſaying; trying, proving, taſting, attempting; feeling before hand.*

Eſſayé: m. ée: f. *Eſſayed, tried, proved, attempted; taſted, felt before hand.*

Eſſayer. *To eſſay; trie, prove, taſt, attempt; take a taſte; make a triall of; to feele before hand.*

Eſſayer à prendre. *To catch, reach, leap at; offer to take.*

Eſſayerie: ſ. *A trying-houſe.*

Eſſayeur: m. *An eſſayer; trier, prover, attempter; one that taſts, or takes an eſſay; and particularly, an Officer in the Mint, who touches every kind of new coyne before it be delivered out.*

Eſſe. *The letter S; alſo, the forme of an S. in any workmanſhip.*

Eſſeau: m. *A Coopers chipping-axe.*

Eſſedaires. *A kind of warriers in old time, who marched in waggons, but fought on foot, and hard layed to, retired againe to their waggons.*

Eſſeillé: m. ée: f. *Waſted, conſumed.* ℣ Pic.

Eſſeiller. *To waſt, or conſume.* ℣ Pic.

Eſſein. *as* Eſſain; *a ſwarme.*

Eſſeiner. *To ſwarme (as Bees.)*

† Eſſemé: m. ée: f. *Inſeamed; unfattened, cleanſed from, purged of, groſſeneſſe, or groſſe humors; alſo ſwarmed.*

† Eſſemement: m. *An inſeaming, unfattening; cleanſing; alſo, a ſwarming.*

† Eſſemer. *To inſeame; unfatten; cleanſe from, or purge of, groſſeneſſe, or groſſe humors; alſo, to ſwarme.*

Eſſence: ſ. *An eſſence, or being; the nature, or ſubſiſtence of things.*

Eſſencié. *as* Eſſentié.

Eſſencier. *To bring unto the ſame nature, or being, that another is of; to make, or become both of one nature, and eſſence; eſſentially to mingle with, or be joyned unto.*

Eſſende: ſ. *A ſhingle (of wood.)*

Eſſentié: m. ée: f. *Made, or become, of one eſſence with; eſſentially joyned, or linked unto.*

Eſſentiel: m. elle: f. *Eſſentiall, reall, naturall, materiall; effectuall; forcible, powerfull.*

Eſſentier. *as* Eſſencier.

Eſſeppé: m. ée: f. *Stocked, or whoſe ſtock is cut.*

Eſſepper. *To ſtocke, or cut the ſtocke of.*

Eſſette de Tonnolier. *A Coopers chipping-axe, or Addis.*

Eſſeulé: m. ée: f. *Abandoned, forſaken, left all alone.*

† Eſſeuoüere. *A common Sinke, or Sewer.*

Eſſieu: m. *An axletree.*

Eſſil: m. *A Shingle, or thin board of wood, ſuch as we cover houſes with.*

Eſſiller. *To laviſh, or ſpend waſtfully.*

Eſſilliere: ſ. *The clout that's layed between the legs of an infant.*

† Eſſimé: m. ée: f. *Made leane, drawne drie, pulled downe, brought low.*

Eſſimé comme vn harang ſoret. *As leane as a rake, or a red Herring.*

† Eſſimer. *To unfatten, or take away ſuperfluous fat; to pull downe, make leane, bring low.*

S'eſſimer avec les femmes. *To keepe much with women; to draine, ſoake, or draw himſelfe drie in their company.*

Eſſoin. *as* Eſſein; *a ſwarme of Bees.*

Eſſoine. *as* Exoine; *alſo, want of ability in Souldiers to defend, or beſiege, a place.*

Eſſoinner. *To ſwarme, as Bees.*

Eſſois: m. *Axletrees of Carts, &c.*

Eſſongne. Droict d'eſſongne. Looke Droict.

Eſſonnier. *To eſſoine; to excuſe, diſcharge an abſent, or impotent perſon, &c. as* Eſſoyner, *or* Exonier.

Eſſor: m. *Drought, dry weather, dryneſſe,*

lack of moiſture; alſo, a withering, decaying, or comming to nought, by exceſſive drought, or dryneſſe; alſo, as Eſſort.

L'eſſor du iour. *The heat, or hot, and drying time, of the day.*

Aller à l'eſſor. *To go weather him; alſo, a Hawke to flie downe the winde, or goe out.*

Mettre à l'eſſor. *To draine, ſoake, draw dry; to waſt, conſume, bring to decay by drought; alſo, to lay out a drying, or in the heat of the day; or to expoſe unto the aire; to weather.*

Eſſorbé: m. ée: *f. Supped up.*

Eſſorber. *To ſup up.*

Eſſoré: m. ée: f. *Dryed, drained, ſoaked, or drawne dry; withered, or conſumed by drought; alſo, weathered, ayred; layed out in the aire, expoſed unto all weathers, alſo, mounted or ſoared up; alſo, flowne downe the wind; fled, or carried away by the wind; gone out; alſo, vented, breathed, iſſued, or paſſed, out into the aire.*

Eſparvier eſſoré. *A ſore ſparhawke.*

Lieu eſſoré. *An open place, a Sunnie brow, or banke.*

Eſſoreillé: m. ée: f. *Eareleſſe, without eares, that hath loſt his eares. Looke* Eſſorillé.

Eſſoreiller. *To make eareleſſe, cut off eares, deprive of eares.*

Eſſorer. *To dry; draine, draw dry; ſoake; to marre, make wither or decay by overmuch drought; alſo, to aire, or weather; to expoſe unto, or lay out in, the weather; alſo, to mount or ſore up; alſo (being mounted) to flie downe the winde; flie his courſe; fly away, or goe out; alſo, to vent, breath, iſſue, or paſſe, out into the aire.*

S'eſſorer. *To weather himſelfe, or drie himſelfe in the weather; alſo, to mount or ſoare up, &c. as in* Eſſorer; *alſo, to keepe himſelfe dry; to ſhade or ſhrowd himſelfe from wetting; to ſhun approaching, or threatned ſtormes.*

Eſſorillé. *as* Eſſoreillé; *whence;*

Cette coiffe eſt trop eſſorillée. *The eares of this coife are too ſhort, or too little.*

Eſſort: m. *as* Eſſor; *alſo, a ſoaring, mounting, elevation, high-riſing; alſo, a vent, iſſue, paſſage, hole to breath or breake out at.*

Eſſourdé. *as* Eſſourdi.

Eſſourdet. *To deafen, to make deafe.*

Eſſourdi: m. ie: f. *Growne deafe, made deafe, ſtone-deafe.*

Eſſourdir. *as* Eſſourder.

† Eſſoyné: m. ée: f. *Weakened, diſabled of bodie, made impotent by ſtripes, blowes, wounds, &c. hence alſo, eſſoyned, whoſe abſence is excuſed by reaſon of his impotencie.*

† Eſſoyner. *To weaken, enfeeble, diſable, make impotent by ſtripes, blowes, wounds, &c. alſo, to eſſoine, or excuſe. Looke* Exonier.

Eſſuccé: m. ée: f. *Soaked, drained, drawne dry, without ſap, without moiſture.*

Eſſucer. *To drinke, ſoake, or ſucke up; to draine, to draw drie.*

Eſſué. *as* Eſſuit.

Eſſueil: m. *The threſhold of a doore.*

Eſſuiau: m. *A diſh-clowt.*

Eſſuiau de bois. *Billet-wood faſtened together with young Polls, and ſo conveyed downe rivers.*

Eſſuier. *To wipe, cleanſe, make cleane; drie up.*

Eſſuit: m. ite: f. *Wiped, cleanſed, made cleane; dryed up.*

Eſſuler. *To exile, to baniſh.*

Eſſuyé: m. ée: f. *Wiped; cleanſed, or made cleane on the outſide; alſo, dryed, or dry; alſo, tallowed; or annointed with tallow.*

Eſſuye-main: m. *A hand-towell; or cloth to wipe the hands on.*

Eſſuyer. *To wipe; to cleanſe; or make cleane (alſo to drie) the outſide of; alſo, to tallow, or annoint with tallow.*

Eſt: m. l'Eſt. *The Eaſt; or the Eaſt-winde.*

Eſtablage: m. *Stabling for horſes; alſo, a fee due for their ſtanding in an Inne, &c. alſo, as* Eſtallage; *ſtallage.*

Eſtable: f. *A Stable; an Oſterie, or Oſtellerie; alſo, a ſheep-houſe, or fold.*

Eſtable à bœufs, *&c. An Ox-ſtall, or Ox-houſe.*

Eſtable à oyes. *A penne, or coope for Geeſe.*

Eſtable à pourceaux. *An hog-ſtie, a ſwines-ſtie.*

De groſſe table à l'eſtable: Pro. *He that in houſe-keeping ſpends more then he's able, may fall to horſe-keeping, and dye in a Stable.*

Eſtablement. *Stabling, or ſtanding for horſes.*

Eſtabler. *To Stable; to put into, or ſet up in a ſtable.*

Eſtabli: m. *A ſtall.*

Eſtabli: m. ie: f. *Eſtabliſhed; ſetled, aſſured, fixed, confirmed, made faſt; enacted, ordained; ſurely appointed.*

Eſtablie: f. *The ſtall of a Taylor, &c. alſo, as* Eſtabliſſement; *and hence;*

Brief d'eſtablie. *A writ, or Injunction for the ſetling, or eſtabliſhment of a poſſeſſion.*

Eſtablier m: *as* Eſtablie; *a ſtall.*

Eſtablies: f. *Companies, ſquadrons, or battallions of ſouldiers; tearmed ſo in old time, becauſe they were appointed together unto certaine places, or ſtandings; which they were to hold, or make good.*

Eſtablir. *To eſtabliſh, to ſettle, fix, confirme, aſſure, make ſtedfaſt, ſet faſt; to enact, inſtitute, ordaine, appoint ſurely.*

Eſtabliſſement: m. *An eſtabliſhment, or ſtabliſhing; a ſetling, aſſuring, fixing, confirming; alſo, an inſtituting, enacting, ordaining, appointing; in law, a ſetling of a poſſeſſion; and hence;*

Enqueſte d'eſtabliſſement. *Looke* Enqueſte.

Eſtabliſſeur: m. *An eſtabliſher; ſetler, fixer, confirmer, enacter.*

Eſtacade: f. *A liſt, or place railed in for a combat.*

Eſtacher. *To faſten, to tye. Sticke* Attacher.

† Eſtacquer. *To marke for his owne; to ſet his marke upon.*

Eſtaffier: m. *A lackey, or foot-boy, that runs by the ſtirrup; a footman, or ſervingman that waites afoot, while his maſter rides; alſo, an armed Sergeant attending on an Officer of Juſtice.*

Eſtaffier S. Martin. *The devill.* ¶ Rab.

Eſtaffillade: f. *A ſtripe, jerke, or laſh with a whip, or ſtrap of leather; alſo, a flaſh over the face.*

Eſtage: m. *A ſtorie, ſtage, loft, or height of a houſe; alſo, a lodging, dwelling houſe, or place of abiding; alſo, laſtage, or the balaſt of a ſhip.*

L'eſtage de rez de chauſſée. *The ſtowe, or loweſt roome of a houſe.*

Droict d'eſtage. *A fee, or cuſtome exacted for the harbouring of forraine corne within the ports, or havens of ſome townes in* France.

Eſtager: m. *A vaſſall, ſubject, inhabitant; one that hath a houſe, or dwelling, under one Lord, or other; a tenant, and dweller within ſuch or ſuch a liberty, or Mannor.*

Eſtagier: m. *as* Eſtager.

Eſtagné: m. ée: f. *Gutt, or lopped, as a tree.*

Eſtagner. *To gueld trees, to lop, or cut off their branches.*

Eſtagues. *Two ropes (faſtened to the middle of the maine yard) which paſſing through the* Encornal, *ſerve to hoiſe up the ſayle; we call them,* Tyes.

Eſtaie: f. *as* Eſtaye.

Eſtaier. *Looke* Eſtayer.

Eſtail: m. *as* Eſtal; *a ſtall.*

Il leur tient eſtail. *He holds them tacke or play.*

Eſtaillé. (Barber eſtaillé) *Handſomely, clipt, or ſhorne; ſo cut, as he lookes like a Lyon.*

Eſtailleures de pierres. *Shards, or peeces that fly from ſtones in the hewing, or ſquaring of them.*

Eſtaillier: m. *A ſtall-man; or the foreman of a ſhop; he that lookes to the ſtall, and there expoſes his ware to ſhew, and ſale.*

Eſtails: m. *Tyes; the ſtrings, or ropes of ſailes.* ¶ Rab.

Eſtaim: m. *Tyme.*

Eſtaim de cornoüaille. *as* Eſtain doux.

Eſtaim doux. *The beſt kinde of Tynne; gotten in Cornwall.*

Eſtaim de glace. *Another kinde, uſed in the tinning of the back-ſides of Looking-glaſſes, and for the uſe of boure-glaſſes; being of a ſubſtance moſt thinne, ſmall, even, dry, and little ſubject to giving, by any change of weather.*

Eſtaim ſonnant. *Pewter.*

Eſtaimmé: m. ée: f. *Tinned; leaded.*

Eſtaimmer. *To tinne; to lead; to cover, glaze, or do over with tynne, &c.*

Eſtain. *as* Eſtaim; *alſo, fine woollen (or linnen) yarne, thread, or wooſe.*

Boue d'eſtain. *The great-bearded, and long-horned wild goat,* Ibex.

Eſtainct: m. cte: f. *Extinguiſhed, quenched, put out; ſpent, loſt, aboliſhed, utterly periſhed; conſumed, come to nought.*

A la chandelle eſtaincte. *Looke* Chandelle.

Eſtaingnier: m: *A Pewterer, a Tinner.*

Eſtainier: m. ere: f. *Of Tynne, or Pewter; belonging unto Tynne, or Pewter.*

Eſtal: m. *The ſtall of a ſhop, or booth; any thing whereon wares are layd and ſhewed to be ſold.*

Eſtalé: m. ée: f. *Diſplayed, opened, ſet, layed abroad, ſpread wide; expoſed unto view, as ware, on a ſtall.*

Eſtaler. *To diſplay, unfould, ſhew, ſpread wide, lay open wares on ſtals; to expoſe unto the view of all paſſengers; commers, cuſtomers; to place, or ſet upon a ſtall.*

Eſtalier: m. *as* Eſtaillier.

Eſtallage: m. *Stallage.*

Eſtallé. *as* Eſtalé; *or ſet, or placed, as a commodity, on a ſtall.*

Eſtallement: m. *The ſtall of a ſhop; alſo, the laying out of wares upon a ſtall; a diſplaying; an expoſing unto publique view.*

Eſtaller. *as* Eſtaler.

Eſtallier. *as* Eſtaillier.

Eſtallon: m. *The juſt quantity, ſcantling, patterne, or ſize, of meaſures appointed by authority, and commonly hung up in ſome publique place of a Towne. Looke* Eſtalon.

Eſtallonnage. *as* Eſtallonnement; *alſo, a fee due for that aſſizing; or the power, or privilege, to aſſize publique weights and meaſures.*

Eſtallonné: m. ée: f. *(Of a meaſure) aſſized; reduced unto the juſt proportion of the common ſize, and ſtamped with the publique marke. Look* Eſtalonné.

Eſtallonnement: m. *The aſſizing of meaſures.*

Eſtallonner. *as* Eſtalonner.

Eſtalon. *as* Eſtallon; *alſo, a Station for Mares; alſo, a ſtale (as a Larke, &c.) where with Fowlers traine ſilly birds unto their deſtruction; alſo, as* Baliveau, *a Stander in a wood; alſo, a ſhort, and thicke pegge, or piece of timber, whereby two ſparres are faſtened by as-wiſe together.*

Eſtalonage. *as* Eſtallonnage.

Eſtaloner. *as* Eſtalonner.

Eſtalonné: m. ée: f. *as* Eſtallonné; *alſo, covered, as a Mare, with a horſe; and hence;*

Iument eſtalonnée. *A Mare which hath taken the horſe.*

Eſtalonner. *To aſſize meaſures; to adjuſt weights; to give them their juſt ſcantling, their due ſize; alſo, to make a horſe a Station; or to turne him among Mares; alſo, to play the Station, or cover Mares.*

Eſtalonner vn ſoulier. *To tread a ſhooe downe at the heeles.*

Eſtambor: m. *A piece of wood in a ſhip, that extends from the Keele to the top of the Poupe, and bends together with it; wee call it, the Sterne poſt.*

Eſtambres. *The two thicke peeces of wood that inviron the hole through which a Maſt paſſes the Decke, or Hatches; we call them Partnours.*

Eſtamé: m. *Worſted; or, as* Eſtamet.

Eſtamé: m. ée: f. *Tynned; or, done over with tynne; glazed, made ſmooth, and ſleeke, as an earthen veſſell.*

Eſtamet: m. *Cloth-raſh.*

Eſtameure: f. *A tynning.*

Eſtamier: m. *A Tynner, Tynne-man; Pewterer.*

Eſtamine: f. *The ſtuffe Tamine; alſo, a ſtrainer, ſearce, boulter, or boulting cloth; (ſo called, becauſe made (commonly) of a thin kind thereof.)*

Paſſer par l'eſtamine. *To ſtraine; to bring unto the touch; to put unto proofe, or tryall; to paſſe the pikes.*

Eſtaminé: m. ée: f. *Strained, ſearced, boulted; paſſed through a ſtrainer, ſcarce, boulter; alſo, tryed, or throughly examined.*

Eſtaminer. *To ſtraine, ſearce, boult; to paſſe through a ſcarce; alſo, to try, or examine the worth of.*

Eſtamineux. *Which uſeth a ſtrainer, ſearce, or boulter; alſo, fit to make a ſtrainer of.*

Eſtampe: f. *A ſtampe, impreſſion, preſſe, print, printing; alſo, as* Conſole.

Eſtampé: m. ée: f. *Supported, or underpropped, with treſſles.*

Eſtampeau: m. *A treſſle.*

Eſtamper. *To ſupport, or underprop with treſſles.*

Eſtamperche: f. *A great upright beame, in building; a principall poſt.*

Eſtancer. *as* Eſtançonner; *to ſtay; to prop.*

Eſtanceure: f. *A ſupporting, or underpropping.*

Eſtanche. *A ſtanching; and hence;*

Pierre d'eſtanche. *The bloud-ſtone.*

Eſtanché: m. ée: f. *Stanched; ſtaked, quenched, quailed; ſtopped, ſtayed.*

Eſtanchement: m. *A ſtanching; a quailing; ſtaking; ſtopping, ſtaying.*

Eſtancher. *To ſtanch; ſtop, or ſtay (an iſſue of bloud, &c.) to quaile; ſtake, or quench (hunger, thirſt, &c.)*

Eſtancheur: m. *A ſtancher; ſtopper (of an iſſue of bloud, &c.) quailer, ſtaker, quencher (of hunger, thirſt, &c.)*

Eſtançonner. *Looke* Eſtanſonner.

Eſtandart: m. *A Standart; a kind of Enſigne for horſemen uſed in old time; alſo, the meaſure, or ſcantling for meaſure, which we alſo call the Standard.*

Eſtang: m. *A great pond, poole, or ſtanding water.*

Eſtanſon: m. *A prop, ſtay; treſſle; a forked peece of wood wherewith a Vine, &c. is underſet.*

Eſtanſonné: m. ée: f. *Underſet, upheld, propped or ſtayed, up.*

Eſtanſonner. *To prop, ſtay up, underſet, uphold.*

Eſtanſonner le menſonge d'un roſeau. *To ſupport a lye with a reed; to maintain an untruth with ſlight or frivolous arguments.*

Eſtant. *Being; ſubſiſting; reſting; alſo, ſtanding upon his feet, bolt upright; whence;*

En ſon eſtant. *Standing, bolt upright, upon his feet.*

Navire bien eſtant. *A ſhip that is tight, ſound, whole, and without leake.*

Eſtanterol. *Part of a ſhip very neere unto the poupe.* ¶ Rab.

Eſtape: f. *A Staple; a Mart, or generall Market; a publike Store-houſe in a ſea-towne, or towne of trafficke, wherein Merchants ſtrangers lodge their wine, oyle, corne, or other commodities which they meane to vent; alſo, a certaine Place, or Towne, whereto the country is inioyned to bring in victuals for the proviſion of a (marching) Army, or Troopes; alſo, the pecuniary contribution allowed by thoſe townes, or perſons that bring in none; (In both which ſences this word is moſt uſed plurally;) alſo, as* Eſtanſon.

Vivre par eſtapes. *To live on the penny; to have no more then he paies for, no manner of proviſion other then he buyes (for ſouldiers, in their marches, either do, or ſhould, pay for all the victuals they take of the country people.)*

Eſtaphe: f. *A Stirrup (for a ſaddle.)*

Eſtaphiſagrie: f. *Staves-acre; Louſe-wort; (an herb.)*

Eſtappe. *as* Eſtape.

Eſtaques. *Olive plants, or Suckers.*

Eſtarnuër. *as* Eſternuër; *To ſneeze.*

Eſtaſe. *as* Extaſe.

Eſtaſques. *The Suckers, or ſcions that ſpring up at the feet of Olive trees.*

Eſtat: m. *The eſtate; caſe; nature, ſubſtance, being; faſhion, property, condition, quality of things; alſo, the eſtate, meanes, wealth, fortunes; trade, calling; office, dignity; ranke, degree, which a man hath, or is of; alſo, the ſtate, head, iſſue, knot, principall point of a matter in controverſie; alſo, the ſtate, or pompe of great perſons, appearing by the richneſſe of their apparell, or multitude of their followers; (*Tel porte grand eſtat;*) alſo, the ſpeciall note and marke taken, reſpect had, or account made, of ſuch great ones; whence;*

Perſonnage de grand eſtat.

L'eſtat, & bon d'eſtat d'un Compte. *The remainder, or overplus due by, or in the hands of, an Accomptant, after all charges deducted, and allowed him.*

L'eſtat d'un Decret. *A particular Catalogue, or Survey of the quantity, and ſcite of each parcell of land thats ſeiſed by publike order.*

L'eſtat d'un finance; l'eſtat de la recepte; bailler par eſtat ce qu'a eſté receu, ou frayé, &c. *A Collection, Booke, or Bill of Receits, and Diſburſements; any Liſt, Roll, Regiſter, Summary, or Survey of ſuch like matters.*

L'eſtat d'une Maiſon. *A certaine, and ſetled order of the government, ſervice and expence of a (great) mans houſe; alſo, the Liſt, Catalogue, Regiſter, or Check-roll, containing the names, rankes, and functions of all the officers, and ſervants therein.*

Eſtat en matiere de Regale. *is that, which in the caſes of other Benefices, and Eccleſiaſticall functions, is termed,* Recreance. *Looke* Recreance.

L'eſtat du Roy; *as in,* l'eſtat d'une maiſon.

L'eſtat d'un Royaulme. *The State; or the ſtate of a Kingdome; the diſpoſition, managing, policy, conduct of, the order, courſe, proceedings held in, State-affaires.*

Les eſtats; &, les gens des trois eſtats. *The whole body of a Realme, or Province, conſiſting of three ſeverall Members, Eſtates, or Orders; the Clergie, Nobility, and Comminalty.*

Les eſtats (generaux.) *A Parliament; or generall Aſſembly of the aforeſaid Orders, in a Kingdome, &c.*

Les eſtats particuliers. *A Provinciall Seſſions, or Aſſembly for conſultation.*

Deniers d'eſtat. *An eſtimate made, by the Treaſurers of France, in the beginning of a yeare, of all the ſummes which are to be levied, and received that yeare.*

Lettres d'eſtat. *A Writ, or Injunction for the ſtay of a ſuit, for a time, in caſes, when either the Counſell of one of the parties is otherwiſe buſied, or the party himſelfe imployed in ſervice of the State (as*

an Embaſſador, &c. and cannot attend, or be preſent, in Court.

Non-valoirs d'eſtat. *Such ſummes as (whatſoever account the Treaſurers made of them in the beginning) are not by the end of the yeare got in, though the Collectors and Receivers did their utmoſt.*

Plus-valeurs d'eſtat. *The ſummes which by the end of the yeare are payed in, over and beſides all thoſe, that are mentioned in the aforeſaid Eſtimate (in Deniers d'eſtat.)*

Reſtats d'eſtat. *The ſummes due, at the yeares end, and after accounts given up, unto the Receivers generall, and particular, by the Treaſurers of France.*

Couché en eſtat. *Made officer; entertained into ſervice, or pay.*

Qui n'eſt couché en l'eſtat. *Overſlipt, hſt out, forgotten, not choſen.*

Faire eſtat de. *To purpoſe, or make account to; alſo, to uſe, or make a practice of.*

Faire l'eſtat de. *Looke* Faire.

Faire ſon eſtat. *To do his dutie, play his part, execute his office, exerciſe his authority.*

Mettre eſtat en la cauſe. *To ſtop, or ſtay the proceedings in a cauſe.*

Tenir en eſtat. *To keepe in order; hold in awe.*

Tout eſtat, & rien au plat; Prov. *All pompe, no hoſpitality; the belly is ſtarved by the backe.*

Tout eſtat eſt viande aux vers; Prov. *Every creature is wormes meat.*

Eſtau: m. *as* Eſtal; *Alſo, a hollow place under the root of a tree, that ſtands by a water ſide; alſo, the iron inſtrument wherewith Smiths hold faſt their worke in the forging thereof.*

Demeurer eſtau. *To ſtand ſtill.*

Eſtaudeau: m. *as* Heſtoudeau.

† Eſtaudi: m. ie: f. *Sheltered, or ſhrowded, as under a ſcaffold, or ſtall.*

† Eſtaudir. *To ſhrowd, or ſhelter himſelfe, as under a ſcaffold, or ſtall.*

Eſtaudy: m. *A ſcaffold, in building; alſo, a ſtall before a ſhop; alſo, a certaine defence of boords, uſed in approaches, or at the entring of a breach.*

Eſtay: m. *A rope faſtened to the top of the maine Maſt, and holding it ſteady when the maine ſaile is hoiſed up; we call it the ſtay.*

Eſtaye: f. *A prop, ſtay, ſupporter, ſhore, buttreſſe.*

Eſtayé: m. ée: f. *Propped, ſupported, ſhored, underſet.*

Eſtayement: m. *A ſhoring, propping, ſupporting, underſetting.*

Eſtayer. *To prop, ſhore, ſtay, underſet, ſupport.*

Eſté: m. *Summer.*

Eſte S. Martin. *The latter part of Autumne.*

Cela ne faict ny hyver, ny eſté: *is neither fiſh, nor fleſh; do neither good nor harme; (and therefore may be ſpared.)*

En hyver par tout pleut; en eſté là ou dieu veut; Prov. *In Winter it raines all over, in Summer but ſome where.*

Eſté. *Been, ſubſiſted; remained, ſtood.*

Il y a eſté trois iours. *He hath ſtayed three daies about it.*

Tout a eſté à autruy, & ſera à autruy; Prov. *Looke* Autruy.

Eſteignement: m. *A quenching, ſlaking, extinguiſhing, extinguiſhment.*

Eſteigneur: m. *A quencher, ſlaker, extinguiſher.*

Eſteinct. *as* Eſtainct; *quenched, extinguiſhed.*

† Eſteindement. *as* Eſteignement.

† Eſtendible: com. *Extinguiſhable, quenchable.*

Eſteindre. *To extinguiſh; to quench, to ſlake, or put out; to aboliſh, or bring unto nothing.*

Cela eſt plus propre à eſtendre, qu'a eſteindre, le mal. *That is more apt to extend, then to extinguiſh, the miſchiefe.*

Eſteinte: f. *An extinguiſhment, or extinguiſhing.*

Gambadans à eſteinte de chandelle; viz. *untill the candle burnt, or went, out.*

Eſtel. *as* Eſtal; *a ſtall.*

Eſtelé: m. ée: f. *Starry, ſet with ſtars; having (as a horſe) a ſtarre in the forehead.*

Raye eſtelée. *Looke* Raye.

Eſteler. *To beſtarre, to ſet thicke with ſtarres.*

Eſteler les chevaux. *Looke* Attelee.

Eſtelin. *as* Eſtellin; *A weight of eight and twenty graines.*

Eſtellage: m. *Stallage; alſo, as* Attelage.

Eſtelle: f. *A rod, or ſticke; alſo, a little ſtarre; and the vowell of a ſpurre; (barbarouſly.)*

Eſteller. *as* Eſtaler.

Eſtellin: m. *A Goldſmiths weight, containing eight and twenty graines, or the twentieth part of an ounce.*

Eſtellon. *as* Eſtallon; *a ſize, or patterne for meaſures, or proportion; alſo, a patterne of Merchandiſe, ſuch as ſhop-keepers lay forth upon their ſtalls; alſo, a Stallion.*

Eſtelloner. *as* Eſtalonner.

Eſtelon. *as* Eſtalon; *alſo, a croſſe-beame, or binding peece of timber.*

Eſtenché, Eſtencher. *Looke* Eſtanché, Eſtancher.

Eſtendant. *Extending, retching, ſtretching out.*

Eſtendart: m. *An Enſigne, or Standart. Looke* Eſtandart.

Eſtendement: m. *An extending; retching, or ſtretching out; a pulling, or ſpreading, forth; a lengthening; widening, inlarging; alſo, a plaining, unfolding; diſplaying, ſetting, or ſhewing, abroad.*

Eſtendre. *To extend; retch, or ſtretch, forth, pull or ſpread out; lengthen, widen, inlarge; unfold, plaine, diſplay, ſet or ſhew abroad.*

Eſtendre la loy. *To wreſt, or ſtraine the Law; to make large expoſitions, or uſe farfetcht interpretations, thereof.*

S'eſtendre. *To extend, or ſtretch out it ſelfe; alſo, to increaſe, propagate, or multiply exceedingly.*

Eſtendu: m. ue: f. *Extended; retched or ſtretched forth; pulled or ſpred out; lengthened, widened, inlarged; unfolded, plained, diſplayed, ſet, or ſhewed abroad; alſo, increaſed, or multiplied, or diſperſed mightily.*

Tout plat eſtendu. *Layed all along, or at full length; lying as flat as a flooke.*

Eſtenduë: f. *Extent, extention; an out-ſtretched proportion; length; wideneſſe, largeneſſe, greatneſſe, dilatation, ſpaciouſneſſe.*

L'eſtenduë du ciel. *The out-ſtretcht cope, or ſcope of heaven; all the ſpace that is between heaven and earth.*

Eſtendure: f. *An extention, or extending.*

Eſter. *To ſtand, indure, abide by it, continue in, ſticke unto.*

Eſter à vne choſe conuenuë. *To keepe touch; hold tacke, ſtand to a bargaine.*

Eſter à droict. *To referre himſelfe unto the Law.*

Eſter en iugement. *To ſue; to commence, or defend a ſuit; to ſtand to his triall; or to refer his cauſe unto ordinary triall; alſo, to appeare, as a party, in Court.*

Eſterdre le beſtiail. *To litter cattell.*

Eſterlin. *as* Eſtellin; *or, a penny ſterling; our penny.*

Eſterni: m. ie: f. *Strawed, ſpred, diſplayed, throwne abroad, layed along.*

Eſternir. *To ſtrow, ſpred, throw, lay abroad, or along; to diſplay.*

Eſterniſſement: m. *A ſtrowing, ſpreding, diſplaying; laying abroad, or along.*

Eſternuement: m. *A neezing, or ſneezing.*

Eſternuer. *To neeze, or ſneeze.*

Herbe à eſternuer. *Sneezingwort, or Sneezewort of Auſtria, wild Pellitory of Spaine.*

† Eſteſté. *Looke* Etoſté.

† Eſteſter. *Looke* Eteſter.

Eſteuf: m. *A Tennis-ball.*

Courir apres ſon eſteuf. *Fooliſhly to purſue a thing which he had, and might have held, in his hands; alſo, (as fooliſhly) to rely on, ſtraine himſelfe for, or follow after, uncertainties.*

Se donner l'eſteuf l'un à l'autre. *To aſſiſt, or ſerve one anothers turne.*

Il ſe mit encores apres ſon eſteuf. *He betooke himſelfe to his firſt enterpriſe; or, to that he had moſt in his head; or (as before) he obſtinately followed that againe, which himſelfe let go.*

Il releva cet eſteuf. *He apprehended this occaſion, he ſeiſed on, or made uſe of, this advantage.*

Se renvoyer l'eſteuf l'un à l'autre; *Looke* Renvoyer.

Eſteule: f. *Straw, or ſtubble, growing.*

Nouvelles eſteules. *New ſtubble, or ſtubble ground; ſo termed for the three next daies after the ſheaves are bound up.*

Eſtienne. *Stephen (a mans proper name.)*

Invention Sainct Eſtienne. *An holy day kept by the Church of Rome, the third of Auguſt.*

Miches de S. Eſtienne. *Stones.*

† Eſtier: m. *Looke* Septier.

Eſtimable: com. *Eſteemeable, valuable, priſeable.*

Eſtimateur: m. *An eſtimator, valuer, prizer, eſteemer of things.*

Eſtimation: f. *An eſtimation, prizing, valuing; a conſideration had, or judgement given, of.*

Eſtime: f. *An eſtimate, eſtimation, price, value, eſteeme, valuation; an account, regard, reckoning made of; the reputation, or credit given to; the opinion had of.*

Eſtimé: m. ée: f. *Eſteemed; thought, ſuppoſed; held, reputed; priſed, valued; reſpected,*

respected, regarded; held deare; set much by, made account of; judged; weighed, considered.

Eſtimer. *To eſteeme; thinke, deeme, trowe, ſuppoſe, repute, hold; weigh, conſider; judge; priſe, value; regard, reſpect, hold deare, ſet by, make much account of.*

Eſtincelle: f. *A ſparkle, or ſparkle of fire; a twinkle; a flaſh.*

Eſtincellé: m. ée; f. *Sparkled, ſparked, twinkled; alſo, powdered, or ſet with ſparkles.*

Eſtincellement: m. *A ſparkling, a twinkling.*

Eſtinceller. *To ſparkle, to ſparkle, as fire; to twinkle, as a ſtarre, or Diamond; to ſprinkle as wine; to powder, or ſet thick with ſparkles.*

Eſtincellette: f. *A little ſparkle, a ſmall twinkling.*

Eſtiomene. *S. Anthonies fire (a painfull ſwelling full of heat, and redneſſe.)*

Eſtiomené: m. ée: f. *Inflamed, or infected with S. Anthonies fire.*

Eſtiomener. *To cut off the member ſo inflamed, or infected.*

Eſtiro: m. *The yron toole wherewith a Currier draines the skins he receives from the Tanpit; ſome call it, a Sleeker.*

Eſtiré: m. ée: t. *Strained, ſtretched, wreſted, retched; ſet on the tenter hookes.*

Eſtirement: m. *A ſtretching, or reaching; a ſtraining, or ſetting on the tenter hookes.*

Eſtirer. *To retch, or ſtraine above compaſſe; to wreſt, or ſtretch, to ſet on the tenter hookes.*

Eſtival: m. ale: f. *Of Summer, belonging unto Summer.*

Eſtivalet: m. *A Buskin, or Summer boot.*

Eſtive: f. *The loading, or lading of a ſhip; alſo, the hold wherein moſt of that lading is contained.*

Eſtivé: m. ée: f. *Loaden, or laden (as a ſhip.)*

Eſtiveler. *as* Etiveler.

Eſtiver. *To Summer, to paſſe the Summer in; to reſt in Summer.*

Eſtivet: m. *A little Summer, halfe a Summer, another Summer.*

L'eſtivet de S. Martin. *The latter end of Autumne.*

Eſtoc: m. *The ſtocke, trunke, or body of a tree; alſo, the principall ſtock or ſtemme, direct and chiefe line of a Family, Kindred, or Pedigree; alſo, the race, kind, or ſort of other things; alſo, a Rapier, or tucke; alſo, a thruſt; alſo, a Vice.*

Eſtoc d'armes. *A kind of ſtrong, ſharpe, and ſhort horſemans ſword, broad at the handle (where it hath but one barre for defence) and narrowing to the point-wards.*

Coup d'eſtoc. *A thruſt, ſtome, ſtockado, ſtab; alſo, a prick-eaſt.*

D'eſtoc. *Thrusting, ſtoining; ſtabbing.*

D'eſtoc & de taille. *Both with the point and the edge; alſo, both waits, in both kinds; or by all kind of meanes, moleſtations, miſchiefes.*

Se tenir à l'eſtoc ſans s'amuſer aux branches. *To adhere unto the principall, without reſpect of dependants.*

Eſtocage: m. *A linage, or the chiefe ſtemme of a linage.* ¶ Wallon.

Eſtoccade: f. *A ſtocado; ſtab, ſtome, thruſt.*

Eſtoccader. *To give the ſtocado; to ſtab, ſtome at, pricke deep into, thruſt through.*

Eſtoccage: m. iiij*d*. *Upon the ſale of an inheritance, due (in ſome places) unto the Landlord, and to be payed him, in lieu of a Rebeſe, the ſame day it is ſold.*

Eſtocquer. *as* Eſtoccader; *or, as* Eſtoquer.

Eſtocuf. *as* Eſtcuf.

Eſtoeuvier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Temſe-ball.*

Eſtoffe: f. *Stuffe; matter, ſubſtance; ware, chaffer; alſo, the quality, ranke; ability, or worth of a man.*

Chevaliers de bonne eſtoffe. *Knights well armed, and well managing their Armes.*

Eſtoffé: m. ée: f. *Stuffed, made with ſtuffe; ſtored, or furniſhed with neceſſaries; alſo, carved, graven, intailed.*

Eſtoffer. *To ſtuffe; to make with ſtuffe; to furniſh, or ſtore with all neceſſaries; alſo, to carve, grave, intaile.*

Eſtofferie: f. *The art of graving.*

Eſtoffeur: m. *A cutter, graver, carver, intailer.*

Eſtoillé: m. *The Lizard Stellio, whoſe backe is full of ſtarre-like ſpots.*

Eſtoille: f. *A ſtarre; a planet; alſo, the herb Starwort, Starwort, Cudwort.*

Eſtoille de mer. *An excrement of the ſea, called the Five-foot, or Star-fiſh.*

Eſtoille polaire. *The North ſtar. See* Polaire.

Eſtoille Pouſſiniere. *The ſeven ſtarres; called by ſome, the Heune and her Chickens.*

Eſcus à l'eſtoille Pouſſiniere. *Counters (for there are no ſuch Crownes.)*

Herbe de l'eſtoille. *Buckehorne, Crowfoot Plantaine, Hartshorne Plantaine, Sandwort, herb Ivie, or herb Eve.*

Ordre de l'eſtoille. *An order of knighthood, inſtituted by* John *King of* France *in the yeare* 1351. *abandoned long agoe by the Nobility, becauſe it grew too common; and retained at this day only by the ordinary watchmen of* Paris.

Pierre d'eſtoilles. *A kind of Orange-coloured Carbuncle, wherein (ſetting it between and the light) many golden, ſparkling, and ſtar-like drops may be diſcerned.*

La belle eſtoille. *The name of a Village that lies in the high-way between* St Denis *and* Pontoiſe.

A l'enſeigne de l'eſtoille. *(Coucher à l'en. To lye without doores all night) under the Canopy of the faire heavens.*

On les fait croire que les eſtoilles ſont des papillottes. *They are made beleeve that ſtars be (no better then) ſpangles; viz. They are extremely gulled, or abuſed.*

A midi eſtoille ne luit; *Prov. At mid day no ſtar ſhines. Looke* Midi.

Eſtoillé: m. ée: t. *Starry, full of ſtars; powdered, or ſet thick, with ſtars.*

Eſtoillée: f. *The herb Lions foot, Ladies mantle, great Sanicle.*

Eſtoiller. *To ſet with ſtars.*

Eſtoilleux: m. euſe: f. *Starry, full of ſtars, ſet thicke with ſtars.*

Eſtoillin: m. *An Order of Friers, that weare ſtarres on the breaſts of their gownes.*

Eſtoitelette; f. *A kind of rich ſurre.*

Eſtole: f. *A ſtole, (for the neck of a Prieſt.)*

Eſtomach: m. *The ſtomach, the gorge, alſo, the bulke, boſome, or breaſt (being the ſeat of the ſtomacke;) alſo, a ſtomacke, luſt, appetite unto, deſire of meate.*

Vn eſtomach de perdrix. *The wing, and breaſt, the breaſt (the beſt) peece.*

Les viandes nouvelles font rebondir l'eſtomach: Prov. *Looke* Rebondir.

Eſtomaqué: m. ée: f. *Angrie at, in a rage againſt.*

s'Eſtomaquer à l'encontre de. *To be angry with, to take the pet, or poppit in the noſe, at.*

Eſtomiſſeur. Vn vieil eſtomiſſeur de ſacre. *An old bungling, or buzzing Saker.*

† Eſtommi: m. ie: f. *Stommed, benummed, dulled, made ſenceleſſe.*

Eſtonné: m. ée: t. *Daunted, aſtoniſhed, amazed, appalled, aghaſt, abaſhed.*

Eſtonnez comme canes. *Diſmayed like ſo many ducks.*

Eſtonné comme vn coupeur de bourſes. *Confounded like a Cutpurſe (taken in the manner.)*

Eſtonné comme vn fondeur de cloches. *Much out of countenance, as a Bell-founder (whoſe worke miſcarries.)*

Eſtonnement: m. *An aſtoniſhment, aſtoniſhing, or ſtonying; a ſtupifieſſe, numneſſe, or benumming; a ſenceleſſeſſe; dulneſſe, amazedneſſe, dulling, numming.*

Eſtonner. *To aſtoniſh, amaze, daunt, appall; abaſh, put out of countenance; make aghaſt; alſo, to ſtonie, benumme, or dull the ſences of.*

Tout ce que tonne ne nous eſtonne point; Prov. *All that does thunder does not blunder us.*

† Eſtophe. *as* Eſtoffe.

† Eſtoquant. *Thruſting, foyning, ſtabbing, pricking, giving the Stockado unto; alſo, reviling, railing at.*

Eſtoqué: m. ée: f. *Thruſt, foyned, pricked, ſtabbed into; alſo, reproached, reviled, rayled at.*

Eſtoquer. *To thruſt, or foyne at; prick, or ſtab into; alſo, to reproach, revile, raile at, or cold with.*

Eſtorce: f. *A ſtraine, wring, wrinch; alſo, a bad part; hard meaſure offered; an unhappy turne played.*

† Eſtorcir. *as* Eſtordre.

Eſtordant. *Wringing, wrinching, wreſting, writhing.*

Eſtordre. *To wring, wrinch, wreſt, writhe; extort violently, take wrongfully; pull out of, or from between the fingers of another.*

Eſtorée: m. ée: f. *Built, made, erected, edified; alſo, furniſhed, ſtored, garniſhed with, provided of.*

Tenir à Cour feſte haute, & eſtorée. *To keep at Court a plentifull, or bountifull feaſt.*

Eſtorer. *To build, make, edifie, erect, raiſe, reare; alſo to ſtore, garniſh, or furniſh.*

Eſtorſe: f. *as* Eſtorce.

Eſtorſement: m. *A wringing, wreſting, wrinching, writhing; extorſion, violent pulling out of the hands of another.*

Eſtouble: f. *Stubble, or ſtraw growing.*

Eſtoubles, *Stubble ground.*

Eſtoudeau. *as* Eſtourdeau.

Vn jeune eſtourdeau ſuperbe. *A proud pinion boy.*

Eſtouffe:

Eſtouffé : m. ée : f. *Stifled, ſuffocated, ſmothered.*

Eſtouffement : m. *A ſtifling, ſmothering, choaking, ſuffocating, ſtopping of the breath.*

Eſtouffer. *To ſtifle, ſmother, choake, whirken, ſuffocate, ſtop the breath.*

† Estouillon : m. *A faune to gather winde withall.*

Eſtoupade : f. *A ſtoppage, or ſtopping.*

Eſtoupade des reins. *A certaine kernell neere about the reines.*

Eſtoupe : f. *Towe, beards, Ockam.*

Clou d'eſtoupe. *A Sperke, or ſheathing nayle, uſed in ſhipping.*

Souffler aux eſtoupes. *To (helpe to) continue, or increaſe, a trouble, or troubleſome buſineſſe; to keepe the wheele agate.*

Il a tiſſu lin avec eſtoupe. *He hath mingled, or jumbled, good and bad together.*

Eſtoupé : m. ée : f. *Stopped, cloſed ſhut, made up.*

Eſtoupement : m. *A ſtopping, or ſhutting up.*

Eſtouper. *To ſtop, to cloſe; to ſhut, or make up.*

Eſtoupeux : m. euſe : f. *Heardie, flaxie, full of towe.*

Eſtoupillon : m. *A ſtopple, or thing that ſtoppeth.*

Eſtouppade : f. *as* Eſtoupade; *or, a tent, or ſtopple, (of towe, &c.)*

† Eſtour : m. *A fight, combat, conflict, ſcuffling, ſhocke, encounter; alſo, the aſſault of a towne, or fortreſſe.*

Eſtourbillon : m. *A whirlewinde.*

Eſtourdi : m. ie : f. *Dulled, amazed, aſtoniſhed, dizzie-headed, or whoſe head ſeemes very much troubled; (hence) alſo, heedleſſe, inconſiderate, unadviſed, witleſſe, uncircumſpect, raſh, retchleſſe, or careleſſe; and ſottiſh, blockiſh, lumpiſh, lusk-like, without life, metall, ſpirit; alſo mazed, felled, or knocked downe.*

Eſtourdi de baſton, ou de bateau. *Extreamely benummed, or amazed; moſt unfit, or unready, for a ſuddain imployment; or, at his wits end when he is ſuddenly put to any thing; alſo, in a deſperate, or pitifull taking.*

A l'eſtourdi. *Amazedly; heedleſly, unheedfully, witleſly, inconſiderately, careleſly, raſhly, at randome; as one that minds not the worke he is about, or knowes not what he does; alſo, dully, ſottiſhly, blockiſhly, heavily, drowſily, dreamingly.*

De bouc eſtourdi. *Raſhly, turbulently, with a hurrie.*

Plus eſtourdi que le premier ſon de Matines; *Looke* Matines.

Eſtourdie : f. *as* Eſtourdiſſement.

A l'eſtourdie. *as,* à l'eſtourdi.

Eſtourdir. *To aſtoniſh, amaze, dull, trouble the braines, deprive of wit, and heed; make giddie, or dizzie in the head; alſo, to mall or knock downe.*

Eſtourdir ces morceaux. *To chaw his meat ill, or ſwallow it downe without chawing (having rouled it once about his mouth, we ſay, to make brick walls.*

Eſtourdiſſement : m. *A dulling, amazing, aſtoniſhing, depriving of ſence, wit, heed; alſo, an amazednesſe, aſtoniſhment, ſenceleſneſſe, dazzineſſe, or the ſwimming of the head; alſo, heedleſneſſe, inconſideration, unadviſedneſſe, raſhneſſe, retchleſneſſe, careleſneſſe; and ſottiſhneſſe, dulneſſe, blockiſhneſſe; alſo, a malling, felling, or knocking downe.*

Eſtourgeon : m. *A Sturgeon; the fiſh Sturgeon.*

Eſtourneau : m. *A Stare, or Starling.*

Eſtrace : f. *Raw ſilke thats ſo ruffled or tangled, as it cannot be wound, and therefore they are faine to card, and afterwards to ſpin, it.*

Eſtrade : f. *A ſtreet y away, a high-way.*

Batteurs d'eſtrade. *The Scouts, Forragers, or Fore-runners of an Army; alſo, Purſe-takers, Boot-halers, or S. Nicholas clarkes.*

Eſtradiot : m. *A light-horſe, an Albanian horſe-man; a Carbine.*

Eſtradiote. Chevaucher à l'Eſtradiote. *To ride long, or with long ſtirrups.*

Estragon : m. *The herbe Tarragon.*

Estraigné : m. ée : f. *Wrung, or griped within the fiſt.*

Estraigner. *To wring, or gripe with the fiſt.*

Trop embraſſer, & peu estraigner. *To have too many yrons in the fire at once; to deale in ſo many trades (or matters) that he can thrive by none.*

Estrain : m. *Straw, litter, fodder of ſtraw, or ſtubble.*

De grand train ſur l'estrain ; Prov. *From (keeping) a great traine into the ſtraw; viz. unto beggery.*

Estraincte : f. *as* Estreinte.

Estraindre. *To ſtraine, wring hard, bind faſt, thruſt up cloſe together.* Looke Estreindre.

Estraines : *as* Estreines.

Estrainte : f. *as* Estreinte; *alſo, a kind of cloſe buckle, or claſpe (moſt commonly of ſilver) uſed in the faſtnings of clokes, hatbands, womens girdles, &c. and much more cloſe, and comely, then the ordinarie buckle, or claſpe.*

† Estraires. *as* Estrayeres; *or, as* Eſpaves.

† Estraïure : f. *An Eſcheat, or Perquiſite; an Eſcheating.*

Estramaçon : m. *A downe-right-blow, gaſh, or cut; alſo, a cuff, bang, rap.*

† Estrancher. *as* Trancher ; *to cut.*

Estrangé : m. ée : f. *Eſtranged, alienated, altered, ſeparated from; growne fremme, or out of knowledge, and acquaintance.*

Estrange : com. *Strange, uncouth, unuſuall; forraine, alien, outlandiſh; unaccuſtomed, unacquainted; alſo, harſh, rude, odde (in condition, or conſtitution.)*

Estrangement : m. *An eſtranging, or alienating himſelfe from others; a ſhunning of company, a quitting of all uſuall faſhions.*

Estrangément. *Strangely, unuſually, wonderfully; out of ordinarie courſe, in an uncouth manner.*

Estranger : m. *as* Estrangier.

Estranger. *To eſtrange, alienate; alter, divide, ſeparate, withdraw from.*

S'estranger de. *To ſhun, avoid; leave the haunt of; withdraw his mind, diſuſe himſelfe from.*

Estrangeté : f. *Strangenes, unwontednes, uncouthneſſe, alſo, a ſtrange act, or accident; a rare, or wonderfull matter; (in which ſence tis moſt uſed in the plurall number:) alſo, rudeneſſe, harſhneſſe, frowardneſſe, perverſeneſſe.*

Eſtrangier : m. *A ſtranger, alien, forreiner, an outlander, or outlandiſh man; alſo, a fremme body, that is neither a dweller with, nor of kin unto, us; one with whom we have no familiarity, or hold no correſpondency.*

Eſtranglé : m. ée : f. *Strangled, ſtifled, choaked, throtled, whirkned, ſmothered.*

Eſtrangle-leopard : m. *Labbards bane, Crayfiſh wolves-bane; (an herb.)*

Eſtrangle-loup. *Wolves-bane, Wolfe-wort; (a moſt pernicious herb.)*

Eſtranglement : m. *A ſtrangling, ſtifling, throtling, whirkning, choaking.*

Eſtrangler. *To ſtrangle, choake, throtle, ſtifle, whirken, ſmother.*

Eſtranguillon. Poire d'es. *A choake peare.*

Pomme d'eſtranguillon. *A Crab, or Wilding.*

Eſtranguillons : m. *The Strangles, a diſeaſe (in horſes, &c.)*

Eſtrapade : f. *The puniſhment called, the Strappado.*

Eſtrapaſſé : m. ée. f. *Harried, over-toyled, oppreſſed with labour, whereof too much is taken.*

Eſtrapaſſer. *To harry, over-toyle, oppreſſe with labour, take too much of.*

Eſtraper. *To mow, or cut down ſtubble.*

Eſtrapoire. *as* Eſtrappoire.

Eſtrappade. *as* Eſtrapade.

Eſtrappé : m. ée : f. *Mowed, or cut down, as ſtubble.*

Eſtrapper. *To mow, or cut down, ſtubble.*

Eſtrappoire : f. *A kind of little, and long-handed Sickle, wherewith ſtubble is cut downe.*

Eſtraſſe. *as* Eſtrace.

Eſtraſſier : m. *One that cards, or ſpinnes ruffled ſilke.*

Eſtrave : f. *The ſtemme, or ſtemme-poſt of a ſhip.*

Eſtravé : m. ée : f. *Unſhackled; freed from ſhackles.*

Eſtraver. *To unſhackle; to free, or deliver from ſhackles.*

† Eſtrayer : m. ere : f. *as* Espave : com.

† Eſtrayeres : f. *Eſcheats; the goods of ſtrangers dead without French-borne iſſue; and of baſtards, dead inteſtate, or without iſſue.*

Eſtre : m. *A ſubſtance, or ſubſiſtence; an eſſence, being; ſtate; alſo, the ſtocke, ſtemme, or direct line of a Pedigree, kindred, or family.*

Les Eſtres d'une maiſon. *The inward conveyances, private windings or turnings within, entries into, iſſues out of, a houſe.*

Se maintenir touſiours en meſme eſtre. *To hold at one ſtay, continue in one eſtate, keepe ſtill his former ſtate, be alwaies the man he was, or the ſame man.*

Eſtre. *To be, ſubſiſt; remaine, abide, ſtand, reſt.*

Eſtre à cheval. *To ride, or ſit a horſe, or on horſebacke; alſo, to deale upon advantage; alſo, to ſtand on lofty, or high tearmes, as one that knowes he hath the advantage.*

Eſtre apres quelqu'un. *To lye at, or be earneſt with, one to do any thing.*

Eſtre deſſus. *To ſtand.* Looke Deſſus.

Eſtre en eau. *To ſweat; or, as we ſay, to be all on a water.*

Eſtre en l'eau. *To be in, or upon, the water.*
Eſtre entre deux fers. *Looke* Fer.
Eſtre de garde. *To continue long in good plight; to keep well; beare his age well.*
Eſtre du guet. *To be taken napping; alſo, to be gulled, or to ſwallow a gudgeon.*
Eſtre à la groſſe haleine. *To gape, or gaſpe for breath; to be almoſt cleane out of breath.*
Eſtre à l'herte. *Looke* Erte.
Eſtre du lard: tout y eſtoit du lard. *All went on wheeles there; there was no hoe with them, they were ſo luſhy.*
Eſtre en ſon lourdant. *To ſeek Sowce; to be ſicke of the Mumps; to be troubled with the ſullens.*
Eſtre malade. *A woman to have her flowers.*
Eſtre de Rhodais. *The ſame.*
Eſtre à ſoy. *To be his owne Maſter, or Man; to be at his owne command; to have the abſolute government of himſelfe; alſo, to find himſelfe; whence;* Faulcon qui eſt à ſoy; *a wild, or baggard Hawk; a Hawke that preyes for her ſelfe.*
Eſtre ſur. Femme qui n'eſt point ſur les hommes. *That is very chaſte, or continent; that is not eager of the Man; that cares not very much for a man;* Hence *alſo,* Eſtre ſur le Vin. *To love Wine; alſo, to have the right ſmatke of, or a right taſte for, Wine.*
Fuſt qu'aucun raccontaſt. *Whether one tell of.*
En eſtre. En voulez vous eſtre? *will you make one? (at play, &c.)*
Et en ſuis là. *And I am of the ſame opinion.*
I'en ſuis ainſi. *Such is my caſe, it is even ſo with me.*
Qu'en eſt il? *What of that?* Que vous en eſt il? *what is that to you?*
Y eſtre. Il y eſt. *(at Tennis;) the Ball is in the hazard;* &, Il y eſtoit. *It had been there but that I ſaved it.*
Vous y eſtes. *You are in the right; you have hit it; you have ſaid as truly, done as fitly, as is poſſible: alſo, you ſtirre not, or cannot ſtirre; you ſticke faſt, or are ſet faſt, therein.*
Vous n'y eſtes pas *(at Bowles; you are, or have throwne, wide.*
Vous n'y eſtes de rien. *You have nothing to do in the matter.*
Ce m'eſt Dieu. *So helpe me God (corruptly.)*
Quand ce fut à faire ceey, ou cela. *When it comes to the doing of this, or of that.*
Qui n'y eſt n'y a ſa part; Prov. *He that comes not, ſhares not, among them.*
Tout à eſté à autruy, & ſera à autruy; Pro. *All came from, and will go to, others.*

Eſtreci: m. ie: f. *Straitned; pinched, ſhrunke in, plucke neere together; contracted, abridged, made or drawne ſhort, brought into a narrow compaſſe.*
Eſtrecir. *To straiten, pinch, draw, or ſhrinke in, plucke neere together; to contract, abridge, make ſhort, bring into a narrow compaſſe.*
Eſtreciſſement: m. *A straitning, pinching, ſhrinking in, a contracting, abridging, drawing neere, bringing narrow, together.*
Eſtreciſſon: f. *A ſtraitneſſe, or ſtrait; a ſhrinke, pinch, contraction, abridgement.*
Eſtreciſſure: f. *as* Eſtreciſſement.
† Eſtrée: f. *A houſe; an abiding, or place of abode.*
Eſtreignement: m. *A ſtraining, wringing, ſqueezing, faſt-griping, hard-holding, ſore preſſing; cloſe thraſting up together.*
† Eſtreiller. *as* Eſtriller.
Eſtreinct: m. ćte: f. *Strayned, wrung, ſqueezed, griped faſt; alſo, ſtrained, punched, ſhrunke up, reſtrained; bound hard, kept faſt in; alſo, ſtrait, ſtrict, or cloſe.*
Eſtreindre. *To wring, ſtraine, ſqueeze; to straiten, reſtraine, preſſe hard, thruſt up cloſe together.*
Eſtreindre les feſſes. *To twindge in the buttockes, as one thats hard ſet, and muſt not yet go to it.*
Et plus gele et plus eſtreinct; Prov. *The more it freezes the harder it growes.*
Eſtreine: f. *A New-yeares gift, or Preſent; alſo, a Handſell.*
En bonne eſtreine. *In good time, a Gods name, luckily may it be.*
A bon iour bonne eſtreine; Prov. *On ſo holy a day happy ſucceſſe betide us; (Sometimes tis alſo applyed (ironically, and in a contrary ſence) unto one, that on a great day commits any grievous offence) he hath handſelled the day fairely; or ſore betide him for his goodly act on ſo godly a day.*
Eſtreinct m. ćte: f. *Handſelled; that hath the handſell or firſt uſe of; alſo, beaten, ſwindged, cudgelled, or corrected.*
Eſtreint: m. te: f. *as* Eſtreinct.
Eſtreinte: f. *A straining, &c. as* Eſtreignement; *alſo, a ſtraine, gird, wring, narrow, or ſore pinch; alſo, a kind of ſilver girdle, for women; or, as* Eſtrainte.
Eſtreintif: m. *A reſtringent and binding medicine, or plaiſter.*
† Eſtrelures. *as* Eſtrayers; *alſo eſcheatings.*
Eſtrelin: m. *An Eaſterling; one of the Eaſt parts, or of the Hanſe-townes, of* Germany; *alſo, a drunken buff-ſnuff, ſwaggerer, ſwaſh-buckler.*
Eſtrelin: m. ine: f. *(whence,)* Livre Eſtrelin. *A pound ſterling.*
Eſtrene: f. *as* Eſtreine.
Eſtrené: m. ée: f. *Handſelled; or, that hath had a New-yeares gift; alſo, cudgelled, ſwindged, corrected.*
Eſtrener. *To handſell, or beſtow a New-yeares gift on; alſo, to beat, ſwindge, cudgell, correct.*
Eſtrette: f. *A gird, pinch, nip, wrench, yerke, wring; alſo, a violent aſſet on an enemy; alſo, a kind of puniſhment.*
Eſtrez. *A croſſe of Gueules, (in Heraldry.)*
Eſtribort. *The Starboord; or the right ſide of a ſhip.*
Eſtricqué: m. ée: f. *Pranked, decked, neat, fine, ſpruce, tricke up.*
Eſtricquoyes. *Iron Pinſers. (v. m.)*
† Eſtrié. *A kind of bread, or paſte, of fine flower kneaded with water, white wine, the yolkes of egges, ſalt, and ſugar.*
† Eſtrié. Vn homme bien eſtrié. *Soaked, drained, drawne dry, by wenching.*
Eſtrief: m. *One of the three little bones that be ſeated far within the eare, and ſerve as inſtruments of hearing.*
† Eſtrier: m. *A ſtirrup.*
Alonger les eſtriers. *To lengthen his (laſcivious) delight; or draw it out, and make it continue, as long as he can.*
† Eſtrier. *To draine, or draw dry; to ſoake, or draw liquor, ſap, juyce, &c. from.*
Eſtrieu. *as* Eſtrier.
Eſtrif: m. *Strife, debate, contention, diſcord; brabling, altercation.*
Eſtrille: f. *A horſe-combe, or curry-combe.*
Vn manche d'eſtrille. *A Dwarfe; the diminutive of a man.*
Eſtrillé: m. ée: f. *Curried; alſo, hanged, thwacked, beaten, belabored; alſo, thin, ſlender, gaunt, lanke.*
Eſtriller. *To curry (a horſe,) to rub over with a curry-combe; alſo, to lamme, cudgell, bang, thwack, belabor, beat.*
Cheval roigneux n'a cure qu'on l'eſtrille; Prov. *The ſcabbed horſe cares not for currying.*
Tel eſtrille fauveau qui puis le mord; Prov. *The ungratefull jade bites him that does him good.*
Eſtrilloir: m. *That which is wrapped about thread, in winding, to keep the fingers from being cut therewith.* ¶ Orleannois.
Eſtrindore. *A kind of* Britiſh *drinke.* ¶ Rab.
Eſtripé: m. ée: f. *Unripped, unbowelled, with his guts, or bowels, about his heeles.*
† Eſtriqué: m. ée: f. *Pulled on, as a boot, &c. alſo, as* Eſtriqué.
† Eſtriquer. *To pull on boots, or boot-hoſe; alſo, to force a wild beaſt out of his denne, or out of thickets, into the plaine.*
† S'eſtriquer. *To pranke, trick, decke, or trimme up himſelfe.*
Eſtriver. *To put foot into the ſtirrup; as,* Il eſtrive trop; *he puts his foot too far into the ſtirrup; alſo, to ſtrive, debate, vary, contend, brawle, or brabble with.*
Eſtriveur: m. *A ſcolder, brawler, brabler, contentious perſon.*
Eſtriveux: m. euſe: f. *Contentious, litigious, brabling, unquiet, brawling, full of debate, ever wrangling with one or other.*
Eſtriviere: f. *A ſtirrup leather.*
Bailler les eſtrivieres. *To beat, or laſh, with a ſtirrup leather.*
En diſant cela il donne des expouſſertes (que ie ne die des eſtrivieres) à l'autre; *in ſaying that, he ſomewhat touches (perhaps he taxes) or, he lugs (if he laſh not) the other.*
Eſtroicciſſement: m. *A contraction, ſtraitning, narrowing, reſtraining.*
Eſtroict: m. *A ſtrait of land betweene two hills, or of the ſea between two lands; and (more generally) any ſtrait, narrow place, or plot.*
Mettre à l'eſtroict. *To drive to a narrow ſtrait, or to an extremity; to put unto the pinch, or to his plunges.*
Ranger à l'eſtroict. *The ſame; or, as,*
Tenir à l'eſtroict. *To reſtraine, keepe ſhort, hold unto hard meat, or conditions.*
Eſtroict: m. ćte: f. *Strait, narrow, cloſe; contracted, reſtrained; alſo, ſtrict, hard, pinching; rigorous, auſtere, ſevere.*
Large de bouche, & eſtroict de Ceinture; *liberall of tongue, but ſparing in purſe.*
Voila vn cheval qui eſt eſtroict, viz. *That's narrow before.* ¶ Pariſien.
Eſtroictement. *Straitly, narrowly, cloſely; ſtrictly, hardly; auſterely, ſeverely.*
Eſtroicteur: f. *Straitneſſe, narrowneſſe, contraction.*
Eſtroiſſi: m. ie: f. *as* Eſtreci.

Estroiſſir. *To ſtraiten, pinch, reſtraine, contract, make narrow, or cloſe; bemme in.*

Estroit. *as* Estroict.

Estron: m. *A Turd.*

Estronçonné: m. ée. f. *Trunked, or cut off by the trunke.*

Estronçonner. *To trunke, to cut of by the trunke.*

Estropiat. *Lame, cripple, maimed, halting, wanting ſome principle member.*

Estropié. *Lamed, maimed, made cripple.*

Estropié de caboche, au de ceruelle; *Franticke, witleſſe, braine-ſicke, braine-cracked.*

Estropier. *To mayme, lame, becripple, or make a cripple.*

† Estrouble. *as* Estouble. *Stubble.*

Estrouſſe: f. *An abſolute ſale, and deliverie of a thing unto him that offers the moſt for it.*

† Estrouſſé: m. ée: f. *Vnpacked, untruſſed; alſo, ſold out-right, and delivered to him that offers moſt.*

Estrouſſer. *To untruſſe, unpacke, untie, or undoe a truſſe or packe; alſo, to ſell, and deliver a thing unto him that offers, or gives moſt for it.*

Estude: f. *A Studie; a private Cabinet or Cloſet to ſtudie in; alſo, ſtudie; diligent ſearch, muſing, meditation, beating of the braine about matters of learning; and (more generally) a care, diligence, labour, endeavour to compaſſe any matter; alſo, an affection, fancie, humour, deſire, appetite, good will, great mind, unto.*

Estudiant: m. *A Student, a ſcholler, one that followes his booke.*

Estudie: f. *as* Estude.

Estudié: m. ée: f. *Studied; muſed, meditated on, ſeriouſly thought of; alſo, endeavoured, laboured, diligently plyed; alſo, affected, fancied.*

Estudier. *To ſtudie, muſe, meditate; beat the braines about; endeavour, labour, caſt how to get; uſe diligence in, bend the minde unto, beſtow great care upon; alſo, to affect or fancie in the heart.*

Esturgeon: m. *A Sturgion fiſh.*

Peſcher des Esturgeons en l'air. *Seeke* Peſcher.

Eſtuve: f. *A Stove, Hot-houſe, Hot-bath.*

Estuvé: m. ée: f. *Soaked, bathed, ſtued, waſhed in warme liquor.*

Estuvée. Vne carpe à l'estuvée. *A ſtued Carpe.*

Estuvement: m. *A ſoaking, bathing, ſtuing.*

Estuver. *To ſtue, ſoake, bathe; alſo, to warme.*

S'estuver. *To ſweat in a hot-houſe; to waſh himſelfe in hot waters.*

Quand vous avez ſi longuement demeuré à vous eſtuver, & crié à gorge rompuë. *When you have ſteyed ſo long ſoaking in the raine, &c.*

Eſtuves: f. *Stewes; alſo, Stoves, or Hot-houſes.*

Eſtuvier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Stewes, or Hot-houſe.*

Eſtuy: m. *A ſheath, caſe, or box to put things in; and (more particularly) a caſe of little inſtruments, as ſizzars, bodkin, penknife, &c. now commonly tearmed, an Etwee.*

Eſtuy d'eſcriptoire. *A Pennar.*

L'Eſtuy des grains. *The huske, pill, hull, or hulling of corne.*

L'Eſtuy d'un'Image. *A Tabernacle, Caſe, or Covering for an Image.*

Eſtuyé: m. ée: f. *Sheathed, caſed; covered with, put into, ſhut up in, a ſheath, or caſe.*

Eſtuyer. *To ſheath, caſe; cover with, put into, ſhut up in, a ſheath, or caſe.*

Eſtyrolle: f. *The looſeneſſe, and pilling, or clefts of the skinne about the root of the nailes.*

† Eſvachir. *To flag; to ſlacken, or grow looſe; and ratch, or ſtretch by looſeneſſe.*

Eſvaluer. *To value, rate, prize, eſtimate.*

† Eſvanide: com. *Feeble, weake, faint, of no force; withered, fruitleſſe, decayed, without vigour; ſtale, paſt the beſt.*

Eſvanouï: m. ie: f. *Vaniſhed; ſlipt out of ſight, gone on a ſuddaine; alſo, ſwooned, or in a traunce.*

s'Eſvanouïr. *To vaniſh, to ſlip out of ſight, be gone on a ſuddaine; alſo, to ſwoone, or fall into a traunce.*

Eſvanouiſſement: m. *A ſwooning; alſo, a vaniſhing out of ſight.*

Eſvanouy. *Vaniſhed; ſwoomed, fallen into a traunce.*

Eſvaſé. *as* Evaſé.

Evaſement: m. *Spaciouſneſſe, wideneſſe; an open and broad concavitie.*

Eſvaſer. *as* Esbaſer; *and as* Evaſer.

Eſvaſure: f. *An opening wide; a gaping; widening, or ſetting wide open; alſo, a hollowing, or inward ſloaping.*

Eſveillé: m. ée: f. *Awaked, rowſed, raiſed out of ſleepe; alſo, quick, vigilant, watchfull, heedie, warie, carefull, induſtrious, diligent, wittie, readie to take hold of any advantage.*

Eſveillé, & non eſveillé. *Betweene ſleeping and waking.*

Plus eſveillé, qu' vn chat qu' on fouëtte. *More nimble, or obſervant then a cat with a whip at her breech.*

Eſveiller. *To waken, awake, rowſe, raiſe from ſleepe; alſo, to excite, or ſtirre up.*

Eſveiller le chat qui dort. *To awake the ſleeping Lyon (ſay we;) Looke* Chat.

Eſveilleur: m. *An awaker, or waker; a rowſer, a raiſer from ſleepe.*

Eſvent: m. *The vent of a wine veſſell.*

Vin qui ſent l'eſvent. *Wine that hath taken winde, or unto which too much vent hath beene given.*

Eſventail: m. *as* Eſventoir.

Eſventé. vn eſventé. *A giddie, humorous, fantaſticall, hairebraind, raſh, undiſcreet, light-headed fellow; one whoſe words are but wind; hence alſo, a boaſter, braggard, ſwaggerer.*

Esventé: m. ée: f. *Winded, tainted, mard with wind, that hath taken wind; windie, ſtale, out of ſeaſon, paſt the beſt; alſo, diſcovered, vented, found out; publiſhed, ſpread abroad; alſo, fanned, winnowed, aired, as with a fanne; cooled; or breathed with wind.*

Esventelles. *The ſailes of a wind-will.*

Esventement: m. *A fanning, or winnowing; a giving aire, or winde unto; alſo, a venting; or taking, or giving, of wind; alſo, a publiſhing, or diſcovering.*

Eſventer. *To fanne, or winnow; alſo, to puffe, blow, breathe, give, or yeeld wind; alſo, to deſcrie, diſcover, vent, or find out; alſo, to divulge, publiſh, or ſpread abroad.*

s'Eſventer. *To take vent, or wind.*

Eſventeur: m. *A Fanner, or winnower of corne; alſo, a venter, or vent-giver.*

Eſventilé: m. ée: f. *Fannowed, winnowed, blowne, breathed on; whereunto winde is given.*

Eſventiler. *To fanne, winnow, blow, breath on; give winde unto.*

Eſventoir: m. *A fanne; flip-flap, flie-flap, or flabell, to gather wind, give aire, or drive away flies.*

Esventoire: f. *as* Eſventoir.

Eſventoiſe: f. *A vent, in caske, &c.*

Eſveré: m. ée: f. *Wormed, as a dog, &c.*

Eſverer. *To worme a dog, &c.*

† Esveux: m. euſe: f. *Wateriſh, full of water.*

Eſvier: m. *A ſinke, or channell, to void water by.*

Eſviſagé: m. ée: f. *Plucked by, or ſcratched on, the face.*

Eſviſager. *To pull by, or ſcratch on, the face.*

Eſule: f. *The hearbe* Eſula, *Divells-milke, Quackſalvers Turbith, Quackſalvers Spurge: (Apothecaries give every kinde of Tithymall, or Spurge, the name of* Eſula. ¶ Mathiolus.)

Eſule ronde. *Pettie Spurge.*

† Eſvolé: m. ée: f. *Shameleſſe, impudent, braſen-faced, over-bold; alſo, light, inconſtant, haire-braind, ſhittle-headed, ſhallow, that can keep no counſell.*

Faulcon Eſvolé. *A hawke that hath flowne away from ſome one or other; a taken-up hawke.*

† Esvolement. *Raſhly, over-boldly, ſhamelеſſly, impudently; lightly, inconſtantly; on a ſlight occaſion.*

Esurial: m. ale: f. *Faſting, meat-forbearing.*

Et. *And, likewiſe, alſo, aſwell, both.*

Et puis. *Well then; what though; what of that; ſuppoſe, or, put the caſe it be ſo; Looke* Puis.

Eternel: m. elle: f. *Eternall, everlaſting, immortall, continuall, perpetuall, moſt durable, ay-during, without end.*

Eternellement. *Eternally, immortally, everlaſtingly, continually, perpetually, for ever, ever more, alwayes.*

Eterni: m. ie: f. *Throwne or ſtrucke down, layed flat along.*

Eternité: f. *Eternitie, immortality, everlaſtingneſſe, endleſſe continuance.*

Eternizé: m. ée: f. *Eternized, immortalized, perpetuated.*

Eternizer. *To eternize, perpetuate, immortalize.*

† Eteſies. *The Eaſterly winds which commonly blow in the Dog-dayes.*

Eteſté: m. ée: f. *Headleſſe; headed; topped, lopped.*

Eteſtement: m. *A heading; a topping, or lopping of trees.*

Eteſter. *to make headleſſe; to top, lop, or cut off all the branches of a tree.*

† Etheré: m ée: f. *Airie, of aire.*

Ethologie: f. *A morall; an Enterlude of a morall ſubject, or wherein mens manners are acted, and expreſſed.*

Etique: com. *In a conſumption, meager, languiſhing.*

Etiquet. *A little note, breviate, bill, or ticket; eſpecially ſuch a one, as is ſtuck up on the*

the gate of a Court, ſignifying the ſeiſure, &c. of an inheritance by order of juſtice.

Etiqueté. *Noted, Titled, intitled; alſo, lodged by billet.*

Etiqueter. *To note, marke, or title a booke, bag, or bill, on the outſide, the better to remember, or conceive on a ſudden, the ſubject of it; alſo, to lodge by ticket, or billet, as harbingers do.*

Etiqueter les teſmoings. *To deliver unto a Judge, Examiner, or Commiſſioner, a breviate, containing the witneſſes names, and the points whereon they are to be examined.*

Etiquetier: m. *A Harbinger.*

Etiquette: f. *A ticket faſtened within the mouth of a Lawyers booke bag, and containing the titles of the bookes, and the names of them to whom they belong; any inſcription, ſuperſcription, title, note, or marke ſet on the outſide of a thing, thereby to find it out the ſooner; alſo, a token, billet, or ticket, delivered for the benefit, or advantage of him that receives it.*

Beſongner à l'etiquette. *To worke cloſe, hard, continually; or to worke taske-worke.*

† Etirement. *Looke* Eſtirement.

† Etiveler. *To whiſtle, or whoope, as a hunter.*

Etmoïde. Os Et. *The bone whereof the top of the noſe is made.*

Etrichoir: m. *That which, in winding of thread, is (to ſave the fingers) wrapped, or put about it.* ℣ Pariſien.

Ettiquer, &, Ettiqueter. *as* Etiquer, &, Etiqueter.

Ettaie, &, Ettaier. *Seeke* Eſtaye, &, Ettayer.

Etymologie: f. *The Etimologie; or true expoſition of words.*

Etymologizer. *To etimologize; to interpret, or expound words truly.*

Evacuatif: m. iue: f. *Evacuative; purgative.*

Evacuation: f. *An evacuation, voiding, emptying, purging.*

Evacué: m. ée: f. *Evacuated, voided, emptied; purged.*

Evacuer. *To evacuate, empty, void; purge.*

Evadé: m. ée; f. *Evaded, eſcaped; ſlipped, paſſed, or got, away without hurt.*

Evader. *To eſcape, evade, make an evaſion, give the ſlip, get away ſafely, paſſe without danger.*

Evagation: f. *A wandering, roving, ſtraying abroad; an uncertaine courſe of journeying.*

Evaguer. *To wander, ſtray, rove, travell uncertainly.*

Evaluation: f. *An evaluation, eſtimation, rating, prizing, valuing.*

Evalué: m. ée: f. *Valued, prized, eſteemed, rated at.*

Evaluer. *To rate, prize, eſteeme, value, ſet a priſe on, conſider of the worth of.*

Evangile: m. *The Goſpell; good newes.*

Evangelique: com. *Evangelicall; of the Goſpell, belonging to the Goſpell.*

Evangeliſé: m. ée: f. *Preached, as the Goſpell.*

Evangeliſer. *To preach the Goſpell.*

Evangeliſer vn procez, c'eſt verifier la production, ou le rapport d'iceluy, ſur les pieces, & productions des parties. ℣ Ragueau.

Evangeliſte: m. *An Evangeliſt; a reporter, or bringer of good newes.*

Les Evangeliſtes d'vn procez. *Are two Councellors, appointed by the Court as aſſiſtants unto the reporter of a Proces:* (Le Conſeiller qui verifie le rapport d'vn proces, ſur les pieces, & productions des parties; Et le Maiſtre des Comptes, qui tient les acquits du comptable, lors que l'Auditeur rapporte au Bureau, ſont appellez Evangeliſtes. ℣ Ragueau.)

† Evanide. *as* Eſvanide.

Evaporail: m. *A hole, pipe, or place, to breath out at.*

Evaporation: f. *An evaporation, breathing, ſteaming.*

Evaporé: m. ée: f. *Evaporated, breathed out.*

Evaporer. *To evaporate; breath, or ſteame out.*

† Evaré: m. ée: f. *Frightned, affrighted, ſcared.*

† Evarer. *To frighten, ſcare, make afraid.*

† Evaſé: m ée: f. *Wide open, wide ſpred, gaping wide.*

† Evalement: m. *A wide opening, or wide ſpreding; alſo, the wide, open, and hollow circumference, or concavity of a thing.*

† Evaſer. *To widen; to open wide; to gape, or ſet, wide open; alſo, as* Esbaſer.

Euchariſtie: f. *The Euchariſt; the Sacrament of the body and bloud of Chriſt.*

Euchariſtique: com. *Belonging to the Euchariſt.*

Iour Euchariſtique. *A Communion day.*

Eudemon. *Ones good Angell.* ℣ Rab.

Evé. *The ſhrubby herb called, Wallwort, Dancwort, and Dwarfe-Alder.* ℣ Langued.

† Eüe: f. *Water.*

Evé: m. ée: f. *watered, moiſtened, or mingled with water.*

Evendiqué: m. ée: f. *Claimed, or challenged; or recovered by claime, or challenge.*

Evendiquer. *To claime, or challenge; to recover by claime, or challenge.*

Evenement: m. *An event, ſucceſſe, end, iſſue of a matter; alſo, adventure, hope, chance, fortune, hazard; whence;*

A tout evenement. *Whatſoever come of it; howſoever it happen, what chance ſoever may follow.*

Event: m. *as* Eſvent; *A vent.*

Poulce & event. *A thummes breadth given between every ell in the meaſuring of cloth.*

Eventation. *A venting; alſo, the opening of a veine.*

Eventé: m. ée: f. *as* Eſventé.

Eventer. *as* Eſventer.

Eventré: m, ée: f. *Drawne, paunched, bowelled.*

Eventrer. *To draw, paunch, bowell; to pull the guts, or garbadge out of.*

† Euër. *To water; to moiſten, or mingle with water.*

† Everdumé: m. ée; f. *Whoſe freſhneſſe, or freſh taſte (and ſharpneſſe) is decayed; alſo, drained of juyce.*

† Everdumer. *To wring, or ſqueeze the greene juyce out of herbs; to deprive of greeneſſe, freſhneſſe; or ſharpneſſe.*

Evergongné: m. ée: f. *Shameleſſe, impudent, immodeſt.*

Everteur: m. *A ſubverter, overturner, overthrower.*

Everſion: f. *An everſion, ſubverting, overthrow; ruine, overturning.*

Everti: m. ie: f. *Everted, ſubverted, overturned, ruined, overthrowne.*

Evertir. *To evert, ſubvert, ruine, overturne, or turne upſide-downe.*

Evertiſſeur. *as* Everſeur.

Evertuement. *Laſtily; effectually, with whole power, or uttermoſt indeavour.*

s'Evertuer. *To labour, ſtrive, indeavour, travell; inforce himſelfe, uſe his utmoſt ſtrength, in.*

Eveſché: f. *A Biſhopricke.*

Eveſque: m. *A Biſhop; a Prelate.*

Eveſque des champs. *One that is hanged in chaines.*

Les Trois Eveſques. *The name of a Pariſian Colledge (built by three Biſhops) wherein the Kings Lecturs be, at this day, read.*

Debatre de la chappe à l'Eveſque. *Two to brabble about a thing that belongs to a third.*

Devenir d'Eveſque Anmoſnier. *To become of a Prelate a private man; to fall from a high, to a low, eſtate;* (*Many ſay rather,* d'Eveſque devenir Muſnier; *for which, Looke* Muſnier.)

Eveſque d'or croſſe de bois, croſſe d'or Eveſque de bois; Prov. *as in* Croſſe.

Eveſſé. *Maved, ſpoiled, ruined, undone; (a word moſt uſed in jeaſt, and by the inhabitants of* Blois.)

† Eueux: m. euſe: f. *Wateriſh, watery, full of water.*

Euf. *as* Oeuf.

Eviction: f. *An eviction, convincement, or convicting.*

Evidemment. *Evidently, plainely, clearely, apparently, perſpicuouſly, that all the world may ſee it.*

Evidence: f. *An evidence; a manifeſtation; clereneſſe, plaineneſſe, openneſſe, perſpicuity; apparentneſſe.*

Evident. *Evident, perſpicuous, cleere, apparent; manifeſt, plaine, open.*

Evier: m. *Seeke* Eſvier.

Eviere: f. *An Ewer, or Laver.*

† Evieux: m. euſe: f. *Wateriſh, watery, full of water.*

Terre evieuſe. *Sobbie earth, ſoyle full of ſprings.*

Evig. *Without.* ℣ Aleman. ℣ Rab.

Evincé: m. ée: f. *Evinced, evicted, convinced, convicted; overcome by, overthrowne in, law.*

Evincer. *To evince; or evict; convince, or convict; overcome by, overthrown in, law.*

Eviré: m. ée: f. *Weakened, enfeebled, without ſtrength, without force, without vigour.*

Eviſceré: m. ée: f. *Drawne, bowelled, paunched.*

Eviſcerer. *To bowell, paunch; draw out the bowells, or guts of.*

Evitation. *as* Evitement.

Evité: m. ée: f. *Avoided, eſchewed, ſhunned, ſhrunke from.*

Evitement: m. *An eſchewing, voiding, avoiding, ſhunning.*

Eviter. *To avoid, eſchew, ſhun, ſhrinke from.*

Euloge : m. *A praiſe, or benediction ; alſo, a report made, or teſtimoniall given, of ones praiſe, or diſpraiſe ; alſo, an Epitaph, or ſuperſcription on a tombe ; alſo, a Teſtament, or laſt will.*

Evneuque : m. *An Eunuch ; a gelded man.*

Evocation : f. *An evocation ; a withdrawing, pulling, or calling back ; a calling out, or forth ; alſo, a calling before one by authority ; a transferring, or removing of cauſes unto a higher Court by command of the Judges thereof ; a calling from one to another.*

Evohe. *The crie of madde men ; or the ordinary acclamation of* Bacchus *his maade Prieſts.* ℣ Rab.

Evonyme. *Spindle-tree, Prick-timber tree.*

Evoqué : m. ée : f. *Called out, forth, back, or away ; withdrawne, transferred, removed ; called from one to another ; alſo, aſſembled, or called together ; alſo, ſummoned, or cited before.*

Toute la force de la ville y fut evoquée. *All the troupes in the towne were drawne together into that quarter.*

Evoquer. *To call out, forth, or away ; to withdraw, remove, transferre, call from one to another ; alſo, to aſſemble, or call together ; alſo, to call, command, or ſummon to come before a Judge, &c.*

Eupatoire : m. *The herb called Agrimony, and Liverwort.* Looke Aigremoine.

Eupatoire baſtard. *Baſtard Agrimony, water Agrimony, water Hempe.*

Euphorbe : m. *The poiſonous gummy Thiſtle* Euphorbium ; *alſo, the cauſticke, and congealed ſap, teare, or juyce thereof, ſold ordinarily in Apotchecries ſhops by the name of,* Euphorbium.

Euphraiſe : f. *Eye-bright.*

Euphroſine. *Bugloſſe ; alſo, as* Euphraiſe.

Eur, &, Eureux. Look Heur, &, Heureux.

Euſtagues : f. *Ropes in a ſhip called, the Ties.*

Evulſion : f. *An evulſion ; a pulling up ; a drawing out ; alſo, as (or miſtaken, in* Maiſon Ruſtique, *for)* Emulſion.

† Euvre. *as* Oeuvre ; *A worke.*

Exacerbation : f. *An exaſperating.*

Exacerbé : m. ée : f. *Exaſperated.*

Exacerber. *To be exaſperated, or very angry ; to grow into great choller.*

Exacte : m. ée : f. *Exacted ; extorted ; extremely dealt withall.*

Exactement. *Exactly, perfectly, fully well.*

Exacter. *To exact, extort, take the utmoſt of, deale extremely with, take violently from.*

Exacteur. *An exacter, extortioner, hard dealer, mercileſſe collector ; ſevere corrector ; one that takes, or lookes for, the utmoſt, or extremity of a debt, or duty.*

Exaction : f. *Exaction, hard dealing, a taking the utmoſt or extremity of a debt, or duty.*

Exaggeration : f. *An exaggeration, or heaping together ; alſo, an aggravating, or adding of wrong unto wrong.*

Exaggeré : m. ée f. *Exaggerated ; aggravated, increaſed, amplified.*

Exaggerer. *To exaggerate, aggravate, lay on load, adde heape unto heape, or heape one on another ; to augment, amplifie, increaſe.*

Exagitation : f. *An exagitation, ſtirring, toſſing, hurrying, turmoiling, vexing, ſhaking up.*

Exagité : m. ée : f. *Exagitated ; vexed, diſquieted, troubled ; toſſed, canvaſſed, hurried, turmoiled, ſhaken up ; alſo, debated, or diſcuſſed throughly.*

Exagiter. *To exagitate ; vex, trouble, turmoile, diſquiet ; canvaſſe, toſſe, hurry, ſhake up ; alſo, to debate, or diſcuſſe throughly.*

Exagone : com. *Six-cornered.*

Exaltation : f. *An exaltation, or exalting ; an extolling, high-raiſing, renowning.*

Exaltation ſaincte Croix. *Holy-Rood day.*

Exalté : m. ée : f. *Exalted, high-raiſed, extolled, lift up on high ; magnified, renowned, glorified, exceedingly commended.*

Exalter. *To exalt, extoll, raiſe high ; renowne, glorifie, magnifie ; commend exceedingly, lift up unto the ſkies.*

Exalumineux. perles exalumineuſes. *Bright, ſhining, orient Pearles.*

Examen : m. *as* Examination.

Examen à futur. *A preexamination of witneſſes, by Commiſſion, before a ſuit be begun, or before the uſuall time, when it is begun, upon doubt of their death, or abſence, when they are ſickly, aged, or in imployment that neceſſarily will require their preſence elſewhere.*

Examinateur. *An examiner, an inquiſitor.*

Examination : f. *An examination, inquiſition ; ſearch, inquiry after ; diſcuſſion of.*

Examiné : m. ée : f. *Examined, ſearched into, inquired after ; diſcuſſed, pondered.*

Examiner. *To examine ; or miniſter interrogatories unto ; to ſearch into, inquire after ; diſcuſſe ; weigh, ponder, thinke of.*

Exangue : com. *Bloudleſſe ; timerous, fearfull ; pale, wanne.*

Exanthemes. *The ſmall pocks ; alſo, wheals, or puſhes on the skin.*

Exarcat : m. *The chiefe place of dignity under the Emperour ; the Lieutenancy of the Empire.*

Exarche. *A Vice-Emperour, or Lieutenant of the Empire.*

Exaſperation : f. *An exaſperation, provocation, urging, exaſperating, vexing, bringing out of quiet.*

Exaſperé : m. ée : f. *Exaſperated ; made rough, ſharpe, harſh, angry ; aggravated, incenſed, provoked, urged unto curſtneſſe, ſtirred unto choller.*

Exaſperer. *To exaſperate ; make ſharpe, harſh, rough, or angry ; to aggravate, provoke, vexe ; incite unto cruelty, urge unto curſtneſſe, whet unto choller.*

Exaulcé : m. ée : f. *Exalted, extolled ; alſo, heard perfectly, and to purpoſe.*

Exaulcement : m. *Ad exalting, extolling, magnifying ; alſo, a perfect, and effectuall hearing.*

Exaulcer. *To exalt, magnifie, extoll, praiſe highly ; alſo, to heare perfectly, and effectually ; to lend a gentle eare unto.*

Exauthoration. *A degradation, or diſauthorizing.*

Exauthoré : m. ée : f. *Exauthorized, unauthoriſed ; put from, deprived of, authority.*

Exauthorer. *To exauthorize, or unauthorize ; to diſpoſſeſſe of, or degrade from, authority.*

Excalfactif : m. iue : f. *Excalfactive ; heating, chafing, warming.*

Excandeſcence. *An inclination, or promptneſſe unto anger ; an anger ſoone taken, ſoone come and gone.*

Excavation : f. *An excavation ; a hollowing, a making hollow.*

Excedé : m. ée : f. *Exceeded, paſſed, gone beyond.*

Exceder. *To exceed, paſſe, go beyond.*

Excellement. *Excellently, exceedingly, notably, in the higheſt degree, paſſing well, moſt worthily.*

Excellence : f. *Excellency, exceeding worth, prime worthineſſe, principall goodneſſe.*

Excellent. *Excellent ; excelling in worth, exceeding in goodneſſe, paſſing in value, ſurpaſſing in worthineſſe.*

Exceller. *To excell ; to ſurmount in worth, exceed in worthineſſe, paſſe in value, ſurpaſſe in goodneſſe, all others.*

Excentriqué : m. ée : f. *Diſcloſed, layed open, brought forth, drawn out of.*

Excentriquer. *To diſcloſe, lay open, bring forth, draw out of.*

Excepté : m. ée : f. *Excepted, reſerved, forepriſed ; reſtrained, limited ; ſeparated from ; alſo, beſides, or, over and beſides.*

Excepter. *To except, forepriſe, reſerve, take out of ; reſtraine, limit ; ſeparate, or divide from.*

Exception : f. *An exception, reſervation, forepriſall, reſtraint, or clauſe that reſtraineth a generality ; alſo, (in Law) a ſtop, or ſtay unto an Action ; a Barre pleaded, or put in, by a defendant.*

Exceſſif : m. iue : f. *Exceſſive, exceeding, unmeaſurable, immoderate, extreme ; riotous, laviſh, outlaſhing.*

Exceſſivement. *Exceſſively, immoderately, extremely, too much, above meaſure.*

Exceſſiveté : f. *Exceſſiveneſſe ; extremity, immoderateneſſe, unmeaſurableneſſe.*

Excez : m. *Superfluity, exceſſe, outlaſhing, intemperance, riot, laviſhing.*

Excez de main non garnie. *A thumpe, or blow given by a weaponleſſe hand.*

† Exciper. *as* Excepter ; *Or, to put in an exception, or clauſe of aſſurance ; to give, or take ſecurity, or warrantiſe ; to take bond, or be bound, for.*

Exciſion : f. *A waſting, deſtroying, razing, breaking downe.*

Excitatif : m. iue : f. *Exciting ; rowſing, raiſing up.*

Excitation. *An excitation, exciting, awaking ; a rowſing, raiſing, or ſtirring up.*

Excité : m. ée : f. *Excited, raiſed, rowſed, ſtirred up.*

Exciter. *To excite, incite, ſtirre up, raiſe, rowſe ; incourage unto.*

Exclamation : f. *An exclamation, an outcrie, or crying out.*

Exclamé. *Exclaimed.*

Exclamer. *To exclaime, cry unto, make an outcry, to call aloud.*

Excluant. *Excluding, ſhutting out ; rejecting.*

Exclure. *To exclude, ſhut out ; reject, refuſe.*

Exclus : m. uſe : f. *Excluded, put or ſhut out.*

Excluſe. *A ſluce, or pond head.*

Excluſivement. *Excluſively ; debarring, or out-ſhutting, all others ; alſo, outwardly, or, out of the compaſſe of ; alſo, definitively, or without hope of appeale.*

Exclu-

Excluſivement à tous autres. *Abſolutely his owne; wherein none elſe have, or are to have, ought to doe.*

Excogité: m. ée. f. *Excogitated; ſeriouſly thought, earneſtly conſidered of; invented, or found out by an earneſt thinking; exactly, or ſtudiouſly deviſed.*

Excogiter. *To excogitate, ſeriouſly to thinke, earneſtly to conſider, intentively to ſtudie of; alſo, to invent by ſerious thinking, deviſe after an exact conſideration, finde out with earneſt ſtudie.*

† Excolé: m. ée: f. *Garniſhed, decked, furniſhed, trimmed up.*

† Excommange. *An Excommunication.*

Excommunié: m. ée: f. *Excommunicated.*

Excommuniement: m. *as* Excommange; *Or, an excommunicating.*

Excommunier. *To excommunicate.*

Excoriation. *An excoriation, a flaying; or fretting the skinne off.*

Excorié: m. ée: f. *Excoriated, flayed; fretted, as the skinne.*

Excorier. *To excoriate, flay; plucke, ſtrip, or fret the skinne off.*

† Excortiquer. *as* Eſcorcer; *To flay, pill, or pull off the rind from.*

Excremens: m. *Excrements; or, the purging of any part of the bodie; (hence) alſo, dregs, ordure, filth, or filthie evacuations.*

Excrementeux: m. euſe: f. *Dreggie, filthie, full of excrements.*

Excreſcence. *An excreſcence, a ſuperfluous, or unnatural growing out of a thing, as of a wart, wen, &c.*

Excretion: f. *The purging, or voiding of the ſuperfluities, and excrements of the bodie.*

Excroiſſance: f. *An excreſcence; a ſwelling, or ſhooting out beyond the parts about it; as in a bunch, knob, hulch, wheale, &c.*

Excrucié: m. ée: f. *Excruciated; tormented; extreamely vexed, or afflicted.*

Excrucier. *To excruciate; torment, vex, grieve, afflict extreamely.*

Excuſable: com. *Excuſable; that may be excuſed, thats worthie of excuſe.*

Excuſation: f. *An excuſing, or excuſe-making; ſome ſatisfaction given, or juſtification alledged.*

Excuſe: f. *An excuſe; a colourable or tollerable anſwer, ſhift, helpe, avoidance, purgation, or ſatisfaction; and in Law, an Eſſoine.*

Elle a perdu ſon excuſe. *Said of a wanton widdow, which gotten with child now wants a husband to father it on; or awed by that want, is afraid to eat her fill of the diſh that ſhe moſt affects.*

Excuſé: m. ée: f. *Excuſed; eſſoined; tollerably anſwered, indifferently cleered, prettily well avoided.*

Excuſer. *To excuſe, colour, eſſoine; to anſwer tollerably, avoid prettily, ſhift off indifferently well, an objection, charge, or imputation.*

Ie ne me puis excuſer de la mort, ſi. *I cannot eſcape death, if.*

Tel s'excuſe qui s'accuſe; Prov. *Some when they meane to excuſe, accuſe, themſelves.*

Excuſeur: m. *An excuſer, an eſſoiner.*

Execrable: com. *Execrable, accurſed, abominable, deteſtable.*

Execration: f. *An execration, curſing, horrible banning, or blaſphemie, a wiſhing at the devill.*

Execré. *as* Execrable; *Alſo; execrated, curſed, banned, abhorred.*

Execrer. *To execrate, curſe, banne, abhorre, deteſt, wiſh at the devill.*

Executé: m. ée: f. *Executed, acted, accompliſhed; put to death; diſtrained, or ſeiſed for a debt, &c.*

Executer. *To execute, performe, effect, act, accompliſh, finiſh; to execute, or put to death; to diſtraine; ſeize, or levie for debt, &c.*

Le mort executе le vif. *The heire, &c. of a creditor may put an Obligor in execution; but not his heire; for all perſonall executions end with the Obligor.*

Executeur. *An Executor, effecter, performer, accompliſher of what he hath in charge; alſo, the Executor of a Teſtament; alſo, an Executioner, or Hang-man.*

Sergent executeur. *That diſtraines; or ſeiſes a debtors goods, &c. in the behalfe of the creditor.*

Execution: f. *An execution, act, performance; the accompliſhing, or doing of a thing given in charge; alſo, an Execution upon a Iudgement, or for debt, &c.*

Executoire: m. *A writ of Execution; or authority, given by commiſſion, to diſtraine or ſeize a ſuitors goods, for coſts of ſuit awarded; or for the fees due unto the Court, or unto his Counſell, &c.*

Executoire: com. *Executorie, executing, or importing an Execution.*

Exemplaire: m. *A patterne, ſample, or ſampler; an example, preſident, or precedent, for others to follow; or to take heed by; alſo, the copie, or counterpane of a writing.*

Exemplairement. *Exemplarily; for others to follow, or to take example by.*

Exemple: m. *An example, ſample, patterne, or preſident to follow; a copie, or counterpane of a writing; one thing alledged to prove, or inforce, another that reſembles it.*

Exempt: m. pte: f. *Exempt; freed; diſcharged, priviledged; alſo, void of, without part in.*

Exempté: m. ée: f. *Exempted; priviledged, freed from, diſcharged of.*

Exempter. *To exempt, free, diſcharge; acquit, releaſe, from; to priviledge.*

Exemptible: com. *Exemptible; looſe, free, quit, priviledged: that may be removed with eaſe.*

Exemption: f. *Exemption; freedome, immunitie, priviledge, franchiſe, diſcharge, from.*

Exenteré: m. ée: f. *Drawne, paunched, bowelled, whoſe intralls are taken out.*

Exenterer. *To bowel, paunch, draw, pull out the intralls of.*

† Exequant. *Finiſhing, performing, executing; alſo, proſecuting, purſuing; alſo, expreſſing, declaring.*

Exeques. *Funeralls, or funerall ſolemnities.*

Exercé: m. ée: f. *Exerciſed, uſed, practiſed; executed, managed, medled with.*

Exercer. *To uſe, practiſe, exerciſe; to execute, handle, manage; to meddle with.*

s'Exercer. *To practice; to inure himſelfe.*

Exerceur: m. *An exerciſer, a practiſer.*

Exercice: m. *Exerciſe, enurement, uſe, practiſe, action, execution.*

Eſtre en exercice. *To wait; (as in alternative Offices, wherein attendance is to be given by turnes, or only for a time.)*

s'Exercitant. *Exerciſing, uſing, practiſing, enuring himſelfe.*

Exercitation. *An exerciſing, uſing, practiſing, enuring.*

Exercité: m. ée: f. *Exerciſed, uſed, practiſed; enured, ſtiled, much occupied, of good experience in.*

Exercite: m. *An hoaſt, or army of men.*

Exercité: m. ée: f. *Exerciſed, practiſed in, uſed or enured unto.*

s'Exerciter. *To exerciſe, practice, uſe, enure himſelfe, meddle or deale with, very much.*

Exfoliatif. trepane exfoliatif. *That goes no further then the ſuperficies of the ſkull.*

Exfoliation d'os. *An opening, or taking up of the only ſuperficies of a bone.*

Exhalaiſon: f. *as* Exhalation.

Exhalation: f. *An exhalation, ſunne, dampe, vapour ariſing from the earth.*

Exhalé: m. ée: f. *Exhaled, breathed forth, puffed out.*

Exhaler. *To exhale, breath forth, caſt up, puffe out, a fume, or vapour.*

Exhauſsé: m. ée: f. *Exalted, raiſed, mounted, advanced.*

Exhauſſer. *To exalt, mount, raiſe, advance.*

Exherbé: m. ée: f. *Cleane weeded, graſſeleſſe, bared of graſſe.*

Exherber. *To plucke up, or weed out, herbs, graſſe, weeds.*

Exheredation: f. *A diſinheriting.*

Exheredé: m. ée: f. *Diſinherited.*

Exhereder. *To diſherite, or diſinherite, to deprive of the rights of inheritance.*

Exhibé: m. ée: f. *Exhibited; preſented, offered, given; publikely ſhewed, or ſet forth.*

Exhiber. *To exhibit, offer, preſent; give, deliver; alſo, to ſhew, or ſet forth publikely; as* Exiber.

Exhibition: f. *A preſenting, offering, exhibiting; a gift, an exhibition; a ſhew, or ſetting forth.*

Exhilaré: m. ée: f. *Exhilerated, gladded, rejoyced.*

Exhilarer. *To exhilerate, glad, rejoice, make frolick.*

Exhorter. *as* Enhorter.

Exibé: m. ée: f. *Exhibited, preſented, ſhewed, or layed out unto view; alſo, offered, miniſtred, brought in.*

Exiber. *To exhibit, ſhew, preſent, lay out unto view; alſo, to offer, miniſter, beſtow, bring in, things neceſſary.*

Exigence: f. *Exigence, neceſſity, extremity.*

Selon l'exigence du cas. *According to the need of the buſineſſe, even as the caſe requireth.*

† Exiguer. *To redeliver, or give up a beaſt kept unto halves; or to part the profit that hath been made, or increaſe that hath come, thereof.*

Exil: m. *An exile, baniſhment, relegation.*

Exilé: m. ée: f. *Exiled, baniſhed, relegated.*

Exile: com. *Exile, ſlender, thin, fine, ſmall; worthleſſe, of little value.*

Exilement: m. *A baniſhing, an exilement.*

Exilement de païs. *The diſpeopling of a countrey.*

Exiler. *To exile, to baniſh; or, as* Exuler.

Exiler vn pays. *To deſtroy, depopulate, make deſolate, a countrey.*

† Eximé : m. ée : f. *Leane, drained, drawn drie; alſo, exempted, freed, diſcharged from.*

† Eximer. *To exempt, free, diſcharge, deliver from; alſo, as* Eſtimer.

† Eximé : m. ée : f. *Emptied, evacuated.*

† Exinanition : f. *An emptineſſe, an evacuation.*

Exiſtimé. *as* Eſtimé.

Exitial : m. ale : f. *Baneſull, deadly, deſtruction-bringing.*

Exiture : f. *An exaſſe, iſſue, departing, or going forth; alſo, a ripe impoſtume.*

Exoine : m. *An Eſſoine, or excuſe; a diſcharge of, or taleration for, abſence, upon a lawfull cauſe alledged; a delay in Court, upon an Attorneys oath, or affirmation, that one of the parties is ſicke, or not able to travell; alſo, as* Exoniateur.

Exoiné : m. ée : f. *Eſſoined; excuſed, or borne with (although abſent, or not appearing) by reaſon of ſickneſſe, or ſome other lawfull impediment, alleadged, or depoſed, by another.*

Exoineur : m. *An Eſſoiner; or, as* Exoniateur.

Exoinié : m. ée : f. *as* Exoiné.

Exolution : f. *A faintneſſe, or looſeneſſe in all parts of the body.*

Exoniateur : m. *An Eſſoiner; an Attorney, &c. who ſufficiently excuſes the abſence of another, by ſwearing, or affirming, that he is ſicke, or not able to appeare.*

Exonié : m. ée : f. *Eſſoined; or excuſed; as* Exoiné; *or, as* Eſſoyné; *alſo, ſaved harmeleſſe.*

Exonier. *To eſſoine; to excuſe one from appearing in Court, or going to the warres, by oath, that he is impotent, inſufficient, ſicke, or otherwiſe neceſſarily imployed; alſo, to ſave harmeleſſe. Looke* Eſſoyner.

Exorable : com. *Exorable; fit, or eaſie, to be intreated.*

Exorbitant. *Exorbitant; monſtrous, irregular, enormous, exceeding great.*

Exorciſme : m. *An exorciſme, or exorciſing, a conjuring, an adjuring.*

Exorciſte : m. *An Exorciſt; or, Conjurer.*

Exorde : m. *An exordium, beginning, entrance, unto.*

Exoſtoſe. *A ſwelling of the bones.*

Exotique : com. *Strange, forreine, outlandiſh.* ¶ Rab.

Expatriation : f. *A baniſhment, abſence, or being, out of his owne country.*

Expatrié : m. ée : f. *From home, baniſhed, abſent from, or out of his owne country.*

Expectatif : m. iue : f. *Expectative, expecting.*

Expectation : f. *An expectation, attending, longing, looking for.*

Expectative. *as* Expectation. ſon Expectative.

Benefices conferez en expectative. *In reverſion, or expectance; or, which muſt be waited for.*

Expedié : m. ée : f. *Diſpatched, performed, finiſhed, expedited, rid out of the way.*

Oeuvre expedié. *Such a ſetting of pillars, &c. againſt a wall, as makes them, aſarve aſſ, ſeeme part of it, although, indeed, they touch it not.*

Expedient : m. *A help, fit meanes, device, tricke, ſhift, evaſion, to avoid a miſchiefe, or compaſſe any matter; and (particularly) a propoſition, cauſe, or meanes of agreement, to prevent further ſuit, or charge in ſuit.*

Expedient *Expedient, fit, behoveſull; needfull, neceſſary.*

Expedier. *To expedite, atchieve, diſpatch, performe, go through with, haſten to an end, rid out of the way.*

Expeditif : m. iue : f. *Quicke, ſpeedy, expeditive, prompt, ready, ridding, diſpatching, ſoone atchieving.*

Expedition : f. *Expedition, riddance, diſpatch of; alſo, an expedition, voyage, action, warlike enterpriſe.*

Prendre expedition. *Looke* Prendre.

La choſe ſera de longue expedition. *Will be long a doing.*

Experience : f. *Experience; cunning, ſkill, knowledge, wiſdome, gotten by much practice, and many trials.*

Experiment : m. *A triall, proofe, experiment.*

Experimenté. *Tried, proved, experimented; alſo, as* Expert; *of good experience.*

Experimenter. *To experiment, prove, aſſay, trie; attempt.*

Expert. *Expert, ſkilfull, cunning, well ſeene, much experienced in things.*

Expertiſe : f. *Expertneſſe, cunning, ſkilfulneſſe.*

Expiation : f. *An expiation, purgation, ſatisfaction.*

Expiatoire : com. *Purging, ſatisfying, ſacrificing for.*

Expié : m. ée : f. *Expiated, purged by ſacrifice, &c.*

Expier. *To expiate, to purge, or cleanſe, by ſacrifice; to make amends, or ſatisfaction for.*

Expilé : m. ée : f. *Pilled, fleeced, robbed, extorted upon.*

Expiré : m. ée : f. *Expired; breathed out, paſſed, or vaniſhed, as a breath; dead, periſhed; determined, ended, finiſhed.*

Expirer. *To expire; to die, periſh, breath out his laſt; to paſſe away, as a breath, or vapor; to determine, end, finiſh.*

Explanade : f. *A plaine paſſage, even path, eaſie way.*

Explanadé : m. ée : f. *Plained, planed, levelled.*

Explanader. *To plaine, plane, levell.*

Explaner. *To expound, expreſſe, explaine, make plaine; declare, manifeſt.*

Explaudé. *Publickly exploded; diſgraced, or driven away with hiſſing, or clapping of the hands.*

Explauder. *as* Exploder.

Expletif : m. iue : f. *Filling, making up; fulfilling, perfecting.*

Explétivement. *Fillingly, compleatly, perfectly.*

Explication : f. *An explication, unfolding, explanation, expoſition, interpretation.*

Expliqué : m. ée : f. *Explicated, unfolded, explained, interpreted, expounded.*

Expliquer. *To explicate, unfold, explaine, interpret, expound.*

Expliqueur : m. *An explicator, unfolder, explainer, interpreter, expounder.*

Exploder. *To explode; publickly to diſgrace, or drive out, by hiſſing, or clapping of hands.*

Exploict : m. *An exploit; act, action, deed, worke, execution, diſpatch, atchievement, matter performed; alſo, an adjournment, or Citation; alſo, an Execution of, or upon, a Judgement; and a ſeiſure by vertue thereof; alſo, the poſſeſſion, uſe, holding, or enjoying, of a thing.*

Exploict de Cour : C'eſt vne expediel. on de cauſe par defaut, ou congé, ou Congé defaut, ſelon la qualité de icelle, au profit de celuy qui compare à l'a audience, contre le defaillant.

Exploict libelle. *See* Libellé.

Exploict de Sergent. *The warrant which he hath for; alſo, the report, or returne he makes of an Adjournment, Arreſt, Execution, or ſeiſure of perſon or goods, ordered by the Court.*

Les derniers exploicts, & actes de poſſeſſion. *Looke* Acte.

Exploictable : com. *Seiſable; liable unto an Execution, or to ſeiſure; alſo, as* Exploitable.

Exploictation de biens. *An Execution againſt goods; or a ſeiſure of them by the King, a Court, or Landlord.*

Exploicté : m. ée : f. *Diſpatched, exploited, acted, executed, done, performed; alſo, ſeiſed, or taken by Execution; entred upon, by a Lord; alſo, poſſeſſed, uſed, enjoyed.*

C'eſt bien exploicté à toy. *You take great care of, or make great haſte in, the matter ſure; (Ironically.)*

Exploicter. *To exploict; performe, diſpatch; act, execute, atchieve; alſo, to ſeiſe; enter upon; put in execution; alſo, to hold, enjoy, poſſeſſe, uſe.*

Exploicter chemin. *To make haſte, go faſt, rid away apace.*

Exploicter le fief à pure perte. *Looke* Perte.

Exploicter le vaſſal. *A Lord to enter on, and take the fruits of, his vaſſalls land.*

A mal exploicter bien eſcrit; Prov. *A faire pretence for a foule act; good words after evill deeds.*

Exploicteur : m. *An acter, atchiever, executer, performer, diſpatcher, doer of an exploit; alſo, as* Sergent exploicteur.

Exploicteur. *Acting, performing, executing; ſerving an Execution upon.*

Sergent exploicteur. *The ordinary Sergeant, or Meſſenger of a Court, for Seiſures, Executions, &c.*

Exploit. *Seeke* Exploict.

Exploitable : com. *Exploitable, diſpatchable, riddable, ready to be performed, eaſie to be done; alſo, as* Exploictable.

Exploiter. *as* Exploicter.

Explorateur : m. *An explorator, eſpiall, ſcowt, privie ſearcher.*

Exploration : f. *An exploration, ſearch, or tryall by ſearch.*

Exploré : m. ée : f. *Searched, or proved by ſearch; looked far into.*

Explorer. *To explore, ſpie, ſearch or looke far, into; to prove, or trie, by ſearching.*

Expoliateur : m. *A ſpoyler, robber, bereaver, or depriver.*

Expolié : m. ée : f. *Diſpoyled, robbed, bereaved, or deprived of.*

Expolier. *To ſpoyle, diſpoyle, rob, deprive, bereave, of.*

† Expoly : m. ye : f. *Poliſhed, ſmoothed, ſleeked, burniſhed; cleanly, neat, fine, trimme, polite.*

† Exponce. *as* Eſponce. *A lawfull quitting, leaving, or forſaking of the poſſeſſion of land, &c.*

Exposition, *as* Exposee.

Exposé: m. ée: f. *Exposed, set out, put, or layed open to; a faire marke for; also, expounded, interpreted, explained.*

Enfant exposé. *An outcast, or vnknowne child, that hath been left in the fields, or at some doore.*

Exposer. *To expose, lay out, put or set open to; also, to expound, interpret, explaine.*

Exposeur: m. *An exposer; an expounder, interpreter, explainer.*

Exposition: f. *An exposition, interpretation, explanation.*

Expres: m. esse: f. *Expresse, special; of purpose; direct; manifest.*

Par expres; & tout expres. *Expressely, specially, purposely; namely, chiefely; directly; seriously.*

Expressément. *as* Par expres.

Expression: f. *An expression; pressing, straining, wringing, thrusting, squeezing hard together.*

Les expressions. *A great motion and desire, but little or no power, to purge downwards.*

Exprimé: m. ée: f. *Expressed, shewed, declared; uttered, pronounced, signified; expounded, or translated.*

Estoit il assez exprimé de paroles? *Could more have been said to that purpose? were there not words enow spent in the matter?*

Exprimer. *To expresse, declare, shew, signifie; utter, pronounce; also, to expound, or translate.*

Exprobation: f. *An exprobation; upbraiding, reproaching, twitting in the teeth; laying in the dish of.*

Expropié: m. ée: f. *Expropriated; put from the propriety of, deprived of all propriety in.*

Expugnable: com. *Expugnable, pregnable, which may be forced, or won by force.*

Expugnateur: m. *An expugner, forcer, subduer, overthrower of townes, &c.*

Expugnation: f. *An expugnation, forcing, subduing, overthrowing of townes by violence.*

Expugné: m. ée: f. *Expugned, forced, won by assault, overcome with violence.*

Expugner. *To expugne; force, breake open, or into by violence; win by assault; vanquish, conquer, overcome.*

Expulsé: m. ée: f. *Expulsed, expelled; thrust, or chased out, by force.*

Expulser. *To expulse, expell; drive, chase, or thrust out.*

Expulseur: m. *An expulser, an expeller.*

Expulsion. *An expulsion, or expelling; a forcible putting, or driving forth.*

Exquis: m. ise: f. *Exquisite, exact, excellent, perfect; curious, dainty, choice, picked.*

Exquisement. *Exquisitely, exactly, excellently, perfectly, throughly; choicely, daintily, curiously.*

Exsiccatif: m. ive: f. *Exsiccative; of a drying property.*

Exsiccation: f. *A drinesse, or drying up of.*

Extase: f. *An extasie; or trance; a ravishment, or transportation of the spirit, by passion, &c.*

Extatique: com. *In a trance, in a swoone, in an extasie; in an extreame passion.*

Extenseur: m. *An extender, drawer, stretcher out at length.*

Extensible. *Extensible; which may be extended, or drawne out in length.*

Extension. *An extension, or extending; a wresting, wire drawing; drawing, or stretching out; also, a kinde of cramp; (extension des nerfs.)*

Extension de la loy. *A wresting, straining, large exposition, or far-fetcht interpretation, of the Law.*

Les trois extensions. *The three measures; length, breadth, and depth.*

Extention. *as* Extension.

Extenuation: f. *An extenuation, or extenuating; a lessening, impairing, diminution.*

Extenué: m. ée: f. *Extenuated; made slender, or thinne; lessened, impaired, much wasted, or decayed; fallen away, growne leane, pulled downe; looking very thin on it.*

Extenuer. *To extenuate; make slender, or thinne; to lessen, diminish, impaire; waste, or decay much; pull downe, make leane.*

Exterieur: m. eure: f. *Exterior, outward.*

Exterieurté: f. *Exteriorite, outwardnesse; the superficies, outside, or upper part.*

Exteriorité: f. *as* Exterieurté.

Exterminant. *Exterminating.*

Exterminateur: m. *An exterminator, banisher; destroyer.*

Extermination: f. *An extermination, or exterminating; a casting, or driving forth; a ruining, or destroying (thereby.)*

Exterminé: m. ée: f. *Exterminated; driven forth, cast out, chased away, and ruined, undone, destroyed (thereby.)*

Exterminer. *To exterminate, cast out, chase forth, drive away; to ruine, undoe, destroy (by banishment.)*

Extinction: f. *An extinction, extinguishment, extinguishing; an utter stinting, or putting out; an abolishing.*

Extispicine: f. *Divination, or south-saying by th'inspection of the intralls of beasts.* ¶ Rab.

Extirpation: f. *An extirpation, rooting out, or plucking up by the roots.*

Extirpé: m. ée: f. *Extirpated, rooted out.*

Extirper. *To extirpate; root out, or plucke up by the roote.*

† Extiture: f. *An apparance, a shew, or standing forth.*

Extorqué: m. ée: f. *Extorted; wrested from.*

Extorquer. *To extort, exact, wrest from by force, take away by violence.*

Extorqueur: m. *An extorter, exactor, violent dealer.*

Extortion: f. *Extortion, exaction; a violent wringing, or wresting of things from others.*

Extraction: f. *An extraction, issue, derivall, originall, drawing from.*

De noble extraction. *Very well descended, or bred; come of a noble stocke, a great house, a worthy straine.*

Extraict: m. cte: f. *Extracted, drawne, derived, issuing or comming from; also, taken from by force.*

Extraict: m. *An extract, breviate, abridgement, summary collation, or draught out of; also, the right of succession in the goods of intestate bastards.*

Extraire: m. *as* Extraict; or, *as* Estrayere.

Extraire. *To draw, write, or copie out; to abridge, reduce into a briefe, or make a short collection of, the principall points in a matter.*

Extrait: m. *as* Extraict.

Extrajudiciaire: com. *Extrajudicial; done out of court.*

† Extraires. *as* Estrayeres.

Extraniser. *To chase, drive, or banish into a forreine country.* ¶ Rab.

Extraordinaire: com. *Extraordinary, unwonted, unusuall; out of custome, against the common fashion.*

Offices extraordinaires, s'entendent ceux des finances, Aides, tailles, & des greniers à sel, à la difference de ceux de la Iustice ordinaire, & du Domaine. ¶ Code Henry.

Vn procez extraordinaire. *A criminall action, or suit.*

Extraordinairement. *Extraordinarily; unwontedly, unusually, out of common order.*

Extravagance: f. *An extravagancy; an idle digression; a giddy, unstaid, fantasticall action.*

Extravagant. *Extravagant; idle, astray, out of the way.*

† Extravagation: f. *as* Extravagance; *or, an extravagation, or extravagating; an idle digressing, vaine raunging, fantasticall gadding out of the way.*

Extravaguer: m. ée: f. *Extravagated, idly digressed, vainly raunged, gone in a humour, out of the way; also, extravagant, wandering, digressing.*

Extravaguer. *To extravagate; raunge, raunge, wander, goe in a humour, digresse from the purpose, or matter; stray, or gad, fantastically out of the way.*

Extrayeur de procez. *A Reporter, or abridger of Cases; a breviate-maker.*

Extreme: com. *Extreme; worst, farthest from a meane, or from goodnesse, exceeding ill; also, the last, or uttermost.*

Extremement. *Extremely, in extremes; most badly, most violently; beyond measure, without order.*

Extremité: f. *The extremity; end, or top; hemme, skirt, edge, brinke, brim, or border; the utmost piece, last part, farthest point of a thing; also, an extremity, vice, or violence.*

Extrinseque: com. *Extrinsecall; outward, from without, on the outside.*

Extrinsequement. *Extrinsecally, outwardly.*

Extumescence: f. *An extumescence, a swelling, arising up.*

Exture. *as* Exture.

Exuberance: f. *Exuberancie; swelling, abundance, great plenty, or fruitfulnesse, exceeding store, of.*

Exuberant. *Exuberant; plenteous, abundant, swelling with store of fruit.*

Exuberer. *To abound, be plentifull, swell with store of fruit, bear in great abundance.*

Exulceration: f. *An exulceration; an eating into, or a rasing of, the skin, or flesh by a fretting humor.*

Exul-

Exulceratoire: com. *Exulceratory; exulcerating; skin-breaking, blister-raising, making sore, eating into the flesh.*

Exulceré: m, ée: f. *Exulcerated; galled, fretted, or eaten into, as the skinne, or flesh; also, exasperated, filled with rancor.*

Exulcerer. *To exulcerate; or make ulcerous; to gall, fret, break, or eat into, the skinne, or flish; also, to vexe, exasperate, corrupt, or fill with rancor.*

Exuler. *as* Exiler; *Or, to be banished; or, to live in exile.*

Exultation: f. *Exultation, great glee, much gladnesse, triumphing, leaping for joy.*

Exuperance: f. *Passing store, great abundance; as* Exuberance.

Exustion: f. *An exustion; parching, or burning.*

F

Fabagine: f. *Judas tree; the kind of tree whereon (tis thought) hee hanged himselfe.*

† Fabal. le fa: de febues. *The chaffe, huls, or shalings of beanes; the cleansing of beanes.*

Fable: f. *A fable, fib, lie, leasing, false tale, unlikely thing reported; also, a Comedy, or Enterlude.*

† Fabloyer. *To tell tales, talke idly, prate foolishly; to fable, to fib it.*

Fabre: f. *A forge; a smithy.*

† Fabregue: f. *An odoriferous garden herbe, which put and kept in a vessell full of water thrives exceedingly.*

Fabric: m. *as* Fabrice.

Fabricateur: m. *A Fabricator, framer, builder, maker, forger; inventer, deviser.*

Fabrication: f. *A fabrication; framing, building, making, forging.*

Fabricque, &, Fabricquer. *as* Fabrique, &c.

Fabrice: f. *The fabricke; reparation, or maintenance of a Parish Church; also, the state, or estate of the Parish it selfe.*

† Fabricier: m. *A Churchwarden; or an Officer, that looks to the fabricke, reparation, or maintenance of a Parish Church; the chiefe Officer of a Parish, and hee that in publique meetings represents it.*

Fabril: m. ile: f. *Fabrile; of stone, or timber; of, or belonging to the craft of a Smith, Mason, or Carpenter.*

Fabrique: f. *A fabrick; a worke; frame, or building; also, the Art of making, framing, or building; also, the fabricke, facture, framing, or forging of things.*

Fabrique d'vn Eſgliſe. *The fabrick, reparation, or maintenance of a Church; also, the revenue, or affaires thereof; also, the Officers that have the same in charge.*

Fabriqué: m. ée: f. *Fabricated, framed; built, forged, made; plotted, invented, contrived, devised.*

Fabriquer. *To fabricate; frame; build, make, forge; fashion, forme; plot, invent, contrive, devise.*

Fabriqueur. *as* Fabricier.

Fabuleux: m. euſe: f. *Lying, feigned, fabulous, full of fables.*

Fabuliſte: m. *A fabler, a fibber, an ordinary teller of fibs, or fables.*

Fabulosité: f. *Fabulousnesse; the invention of lies, tales, fables, or feigned reports.*

Façade: f. *The forefront, forepart, outside, or representation of the outside, of a house.*

Maiſon qui a belle façade. *A faire, goodly, seemly, stately house, or front of a house.*

Façadé. Maiſon façadé. *Whose forefront, or outside is pourtrayed; also, of a goodly forme, faire outside, beautifull front.*

Face: f. *A face; visage; looke, cheer, countenance; also, the forme, figure, proportion, shew, representation, resemblance; (also, the) superficies, upper side, outward part, or side of; also, a Pesse, in Blazon.*

Face d'Abbé. *A red, or illumined face; a fierie facies.*

La face de l'architrave. *The face of a (pillers) Architrave; a large fillet, or bend, that commonly, makes a fist part thereof.*

De prime face. *At the first; at first sight; as soone as ever I saw him.*

Facé. *Fesse, or barred; a tearm of Heraldrie.*

Facecie. *as* Facetie.

Facendes: f. *Businesse, doings, affaires, dealings in matters, trafficking, and plotting one with another.*

† Facet: m. *A Primmer, or Grammer for a young scholler.*

Facetie: f. *Witty mirth, a merry conceit, a pretty incounter in speech.*

Facetieuſement. *Merrily, conceitedly, wittily, pleasantly.*

Facetieux: m. euſe: f. *Facetious; merrily conceited, wittily pleasant.*

Faciate: f. *A forepart, or forefront.*

Faciendaire: m. *An Agent, or Negociator; one that's imployed in a businesse, or made the instrument of effecting it, for another.*

Faciendes: f. *Look* Facendes.

Facile: com. *Base, facile, eath, prone; gentle, gracious, tractable, pliable, soone pleased, quickly intreated.*

Plus facile recompenſe. *A recompence sooner come by.*

Facilement. *Easily, with good facility, with little stirre, with small trouble, with no great adoe; also, lightly, quickly, readily; gently, pliably, tractably.*

Facilité: f. *Facility, easinesse; proclivity, pliablenesse, aptnesse, promptnesse, readinesse; lenity, courtesie, gentlenesse, good nature.*

Facilité: m. ée: f. *Facilitated, made easie.*

Faciliter. *To facilitate, or make easie.*

Façon: f. *The fashion; forme; outward frame, or shape; a making, proportion, workmanship; manner, behaviour, order; custome, guise, wont.*

Les façons de la femme en la vigne. *A womans worke in a vineyard, (is twofold) the binding of the plants, or young shutes unto their poles; and the ridding them of their superfluous, or noysome sprigs.)*

Les façons des terres labourables. *As many severall breakings, or turnings up, as the seed that is to be lodged in them requires.*

Les façons de la vigne. *Are foure; la taille; le hoüage; le binage; & le terçage; (For which looke in their severall places.)*

C'eſt vn homme qui a ſes façons. *The man is a little humorous, or fantasticall.*

Il a toutes ſes façons. *He is fully provided of, throughly furnished with, all things he hath need of; he hath all that he should have; he hath his full due; also;*

Il luy a baillé toutes ſes façons. *Hee hath coursed him soundly, hampred him throughly, payed him home; hee forbare him not, hee dallied not with him; hee gave him his due.*

Le livre eſt de ſa façon. *Is right of his phrase, or stile.*

Il trouva façon de faire cela. *He found a means to doe that.*

Facond: m. de: f. *Eloquent, well-spoken, of a graceſull utterance, of a sweet delivery.*

Faconde: f. *Eloquence, ready utterance, graceſull speaking, sweet delivery.*

Facondement. *Eloquently.*

Façonné: m. ée: f. *Fashioned, formed, figured, proportioned, shaped, made, framed; also, mannered, behaved.*

Façonnement: m. *A fashioning; forming, figuring, proportioning, shaping; outward making, or framing.*

Façonner. *To fashion; forme, figure, proportion, shape, make, or frame (th'outside of;) also, to accommodate, adapt, or make fit for.*

Se façonner à. *To apply, or conforme himselfe, unto.*

Façonnier: m. *A Cloth-worker.*

† Facque: m. *as* Faquin.

† Facque: f. *A little pocket, or pouch.*

Facteur: m. *A Factor; an Agent; a dealer for another.*

Aujourd'uy facteur demain fracteur; *Prov. To day a Banker, to morrow a Bankrupt.*

Facteure: f. *Facture, workmanship.*

Factieux. *Factious, seditious, troublesome, contentious.*

Faction: f. *A faction, or sect; a side, or party, divided, or dissenting, from others; also, a mutinous company, turbulent crue, seditious troop; also, an enterprise, action, or matter in action.*

Factionnaire: com. *Factious, mutinous, turbulent, seditious, much given to sects, or siding.*

† Factiſte: m. *A maker, a Play maker, a Poet that writes Comedies, &c.*

† Factorerie: f. *as* Facturerie.

Facture: f. *The facture, workmanship, framing, making of a thing; also, a factorship; or, the duty, and charge of a factor.*

Lettres de facture. *Bils of lading.*

† Facturerie. *A Factory; a house for factors to trade, and abide in.*

Faculté: f. *Faculty; leave, licence; aptnesse, readinesse; power, ability; occasion, force, opportunity.*

Facultez. *Wealth, substance, riches, possessions, goods.*

Fadas. *as* Fat; *Sottish, foolish.*

Fade: com. *Unsavoury, tastlesse, wallowish, watrish; weak, faint; witlesse.*

Fadement. *Unsavoury, tastlesly; also, weakly, faintly; foolishly.*

Fadeſe:

Fadeſe: f. *Taſtineſſe, want of ſavour, wallowiſhneſſe, weakneſſe, waterineſſe in taſt.*

Fadeſes. *Follies, toyes, trifles, ſopperies, fooleries, gulleries.*

Fadeſeries. *as* Fadeſes.

Fadeur: f. *as* Fadeſe.

Fadoche. *The name of a certaine peare.*

Fadrin: m. *The maſters mate in a ſhip; in a gally, the Officer that rules the ſlaves.*

Fafelu: m. uë: f. *Puffed up; fat cheeked; a chops.*

Faffelu: m. uë: f. *as* Fafelu.

Fafiloches: f. *Ravellings of linnen, or cloth.*

Fagot: m. *A ſagot; a bundle of ſticks.*

Les tripes du fagot. *The ſmalleſt ſticks of the fagot.*

Fagotage: m. *A heaping together, a truſſing up in bundles; fagot-making.*

Fagoté: m. ée: f. *Made into fagots; tied, or truſſed up in bundles, or fagots; huddled, or clapped up together.*

Fagoter. *To make fagots, to tie, or truſſe up in bundles, or fagots; to bundle, or clap up together.*

Fagoteur: m. *A fagot-maker.*

Fagoteur de tabus. *A contentious perſon.* ℣ Rab.

Fagouë: f. *A certain kernell under the kannell bone (in men ſlender, thick in beaſts) alſo, the fag-piece, or kernelly part, next unto the neck, of a Boare.*

Fagoule: f. *A Grit, Grampell, Pungar.* ℣ Marſeil.

Faguenat: m. *A filthy rammiſh ſmell.*

Fagule: f. *The Crab-fiſh tearmed, a Pungar.*

Faict: m. *A fact, act, action, worke; deed; a feat, pranke, part; performance, atchievement, exploit; alſo, an allegation, propoſition, argument, or article, in pleading.*

Le faict fort. *The full price of the farme of monies; or the full rate of ſeigneuriage (agreed to upon the farming thereof) yielded unto the King by the Maſter of the Mint, whether he have made any money, or no.*

Les faicts nouveaux. *Look* Nouveau.

Faict à faict que ie l'eſcris. *As faſt as I writ it.*

•A faict, &, de faict. *Seriouſly, throughly, roundly, in good earneſt, unto purpoſe, indeed.*

De faict adviſé, ou de faict à penſe. *Adviſedly, wittingly, of purpoſe, to his knowledge, with his full conſent.*

Tout à faict. *Throughly, wholly, altogether.*

Par voye de faict. *By force, or violence.*

Il fait bien ſon petit faict. *He manageth diſcreetly his meane eſtate; or, by his diligence he improves, by his forecaſt he increaſes, the little he hath.*

Faire ſon propre faict de. *Look* Faire.

Du dire au faict y a grand traict; Prov. *There is great difference betweene words, and deeds; we have an old and triviall rime ſomewhat to this purpoſe; Saying, and doing end both with a letter; ſaying is good, but doing is better.*

Faict: m. faicte: f. *Done, acted, made, wrought; forged, compoſed, framed; faſhioned; performed, exploited; atchieved, compaſſed; finiſhed, accompliſhed.*

Faict au hola. *Dutifull, obſequious, ready, comming at a becke, running at ons call.*

Faict à i'en veux. chaperon faict, &c. *A bold, ſwaggering, and laſcivious queen.*

Faict à la vieille mode. *Seek* Vieil.

C'eſt faict de moy. *I am utterly ruined, overthrown, undone.*

C'en eſt faict. *The matter is already paſſed, diſpatched, finiſhed, at an end.*

Cinq mille de nombre faict. *Full five thouſand.*

Ie ſuis faict tout au rebours de vous. *I am of a contrary humour, or opinion; I thinke, or judge otherwiſe then you.*

C'eſt vn papelard tout faict. *Hee is a ranke diſſembler, a notable counterfeit, a very hypocrite.*

Son proces eſt faict. *He is already convicted, and condemned.*

Teſte bien faicte. *A well-bred ſpirit; a learned, and diſcreet headpiece.*

Cela vault faict; or, la choſe vault faicte. *The matter is wellnigh diſpatched, or, as good as done.*

Bien faict n'eſt iamais perdu; Prov. *One ſeldome loſes by a good deeds doing.*

Toutesfois eſt faict ce qu'enuis ont faict; Prov. *Though againſt their wils they did it, yet 'tis done.*

Faictis: m. itle: f. *Made according to, framed after the likeneſſe, forged unto the reſemblance, of, another; alſo, neat, feat, comely, handſome, proper, well made, well featured, well ſet together.*

† Faictiſſement. *Neatly, handſomely, featly, trimly, fitly, gayly, exactly, quaintly, with much comelineſſe.*

Faicture: f. *as* Facture.

Faillance: f. *A defection, failing; decaying.*

Faille: f. *The (round and out-bearing) vaile worne by Nuns and widowes of the better ſort; alſo, a faile, miſſe, fault, or default; and hence;*

Sans faille. *Certainly, aſſuredly, without doubt; alſo, without miſſing of a jot, of a bit, of a haire, &c.*

Failli: m. ie: f. *Failed; ſlipped, erred, miſſed, miſtaken; offended, gone aſtray, done amiſſe; alſo, imperfect, wanting, fainting; decayed, extremely weakned; alſo, deceived, or diſappointed; alſo, ended, ſurceaſed, left off; alſo, broken, or, out at heeles, as a bankrupt.*

•A iour failli. *At darke night, when day was even done.*

Encore n'a pas failli qui a ruer; Pro. *He hath not miſt that hath one throw to caſt; or, he hath not yet miſt that hath anee to throw.*

Faillir. *To faile; ſlip, ſlide; erre, miſſe; miſtake, miſunderſtand; offend, goe aſtray, doe amiſſe; alſo, to omit; lacke, want; alſo, to quaile, decay, fade; faint, or tire; alſo, to deceive, or diſappoint; alſo, to ſurceaſe, leave, end.*

Faillir pas le bec. *To want words; or, to faile for want of words.*

Faillir de promeſſe. *To breake promiſe, to go from his word.*

Faillir au ſtyle. *To commit an errour in pleading, or in his plea.*

Il faillit à. *He was welnigh, or very neer, he had like to have.*

Il faillit belle. *He had a faire ſcape.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon qui ne faille; Prov. *The beſt men have their faults, the honeſteſt their errours.*

Les plus ſages faillent ſouvent en beau chemin; Prov. *The skilfulleſt are often deceived in ordinary matters.*

Faillite: f. *A failing, as of corne, &c. in an unſeaſonable yeare; a deceiving, diſappointing; decaying, waſting; fainting.*

Faire faillite. *To break, or fall bankrupt.*

Faire faillite à. *To couſen, deceive, diſappoint; break his word with; fruſtrate th expectation of.*

Payer ſes creanciers en faillites. *To pay his creditors in papers.*

Faillon. (Dieu Colas faillon.) *as* Compagnon. ℣ Lorrain. ℣ Rab.

Faim: f. *Hunger; a great appetite, or exceeding ſtomacke, unto meat; and hence, an exceeding deſire of, or great longing after, any thing; alſo, dearth, famine, extreme want of victuals.*

Manger avec vne faim de biſcuit. *Look* Biſcuit.

La faim chaſſe le loup hors du bois; Prov. *Hunger drives the wolfe out of the wood.*

•A la faim il n'y a point de mauvais pain; Prov. *To him that's hungry any bread ſeems good; we ſay, hungry dogs love durty puddings.*

Feinct: m. cte: f. *Feigned, deviſed, forged, adulterated, counterfeited, ſuppoſed, falſe, diſſembled, ſeeming other then it is. Look* Feinct.

Oeuvres feinctes. *Things in Maſonry ſo joyned unto a wall, that the halfe, or part of them beares out, the reſt being faſhned, or ſuppoſed to be, within it.*

Faindre. *To feigne, forge, diſſemble. See* Feindre.

Faine: m. *A Beech-tree.*

Faine: f. *Beech-maſt, or Buck-maſt; the fruit of the Beech-tree.*

Faineance: f. *as* Faineantiſe.

Faineant: m. *An idle, drowſie, lither, ſlothfull luske; a heartleſſe loyterer, a lazie fellow; one that's without wit, without vertue, without ſpirit; a droane, a dullard, a houſe-dove; alſo, a lewd companion, looſe fellow.*

Faineantiſe: f. *Idleneſſe, lazineſſe, loytring, ſlothfulneſſe, lithernеſſe; drowſineſſe, faintheartedneſſe, heartleſneſſe; dulneſſe.*

Fainin: m. *A kind of coyne.*

Faintement. *Faſtly, faintly, feignedly, fabulouſly, counterfeitly, with much diſſembling.*

Faintiſe: f. *Diſſembling, hypocriſie, feigning, cogging, counterfeiting, forging, foiſting; a falſe pretence, or colour.*

Faire. *To doe, act, exploit, performe, effect, commit, worke; to cauſe, make, forme, forge, compoſe, frame, give a being, or faſhion unto; alſo, to counterfeit, reſemble, imitate; alſo, to be; as* Faire chaud, froid, beu temps, &c.

Faire les affres à. *To fright, ſcare, affright, affray.*

Faire aiguade. *To water, or take freſh water into ſhips.*

Faire ambezatz. *To caſt aumes-ace. See* Ambezatz.

Faire armes. *To fight; alſo, to fight valiantly.*

Faire l'aſne. *To play th' Aſſe; and particularly in a kind of card-play; to loſe a*

double

double ſtake, by loſing a game which he undertook to win.

Faire la babaye; ou, la babou. *Scoffingly to gape, or make a mouth at.*

Faire la banniere. Il tait la ban. *Said of a theeviſh Tailor, who in cutting out a garment makes over-large ſhreds.*

Faire barbe. *To aſſemble together in troopes; as bees doe, before, or about, the doores of their hives, when they purpoſe to ſeek out a new lodging; a phraſe in uſe among the country people of* Languedoc.

Faire la barbe à vn. *To barbe one; alſo, to withſtand, beard, or braue him to his teeth.*

Faire barbe de foarre à. *To contemne, ſcorne; couſen, delude; abuſe.*

Faire barriere à. *To ſtop; raile, or hem in; alſo, to back, ſhroud, or ſhield.*

Faire de tout bois fleches. *To make uſe of any thing that comes in his way.*

Il ne ſçait plus de quel bois faire fleches. *He knowes no longer what to doe, nor whither to betake him.*

Faire bon pour. *To anſwer, undertake, or give his word for; alſo, to play the game of.*

Faire vn faux bond. *Look* Bond.

Faire la bouche à. *To inſtruct one, or give him his leſſon, before-hand.*

Faire la petite bouche. *To mince, or ſimper it; to make it goodly; to ſtand on nice tearmes. Look* Bouche.

Faire bourre voler. *To play at Tennis; or, as in* Bourre.

Faire vn bringue à. *To drink unto.*

Faire la buée. *To lay, or waſh, a buck.*

Faire la cavalcade. *To courſe up and downe on horſeback.*

Faire de cent ſous quatre. *To bring a noble to ninepence; to conſume a great ſum quickly.*

Faire vne chambre. *To dreſſe up a chamber.*

Faire vne charruë de Regnards. *To ſpend the time in moſt triſling imployments*

Faire les cheveux à. *To powle, barbe, trim.*

Faire ſes choux gras de. *Greatly to inrich, or improve his eſtate by.*

Faire le contre. *To ſecond, or help forward; or as in Muſicke, to beare a burden, or ſing the plain ſong whereon another deſcants; alſo, at a card-play to hold, or undertake, the game, as well as another.*

Faire corvée. *To doe a thing unwillingly; or onely of duty, without any hope of recompence.*

Faire d'autruy cuir large courroye. *To cut a wide ſleeve out of anothers cloth; to ſpend freely on another mans purſe.*

Faire la cuiſine. *To dreſſe meat, as a Cooke in a Kitchin; or to dreſſe up a Kitchin.*

Faire la culbute. *To play the tumbler, to flie top over taile.*

Faire le demy ſault. *To caper on a paire of gallowes.*

Faire le deſſus. *To dominere, to ſignorize it; alſo, to hold, or ſing a treble part.*

Faire d'vn Diable deux. *To make an ill thing worſe by ſtriving to amend it.*

Faire le Diable de vauvert. *To play reakes; to keep an old coile, a horrible ſtirre; to make a hurly-burly.*

Faire ſes diligences. *Look* Diligence.

Faire la dormeveille. *To counterfeit ſleep, to make as though he were aſleep.*

Faire eau. *To leake; alſo, to take in freſh water.*

Faire de l'entend-trois. *To anſwer from the purpoſe, as though he underſtood not, or as one that will not underſtand, what was demanded.*

Faire envers (quelqu'vn.) *To deale with, to be a meanes unto.*

Faire l'eſcole buiſſonniere. *To play the truant; to lurke among buſhes when he ſhould be at his booke.*

Faire l'eſcroue d'vn priſonnier. *To write his name in the Goalers booke.*

Faire eſpaule à. *To helpe, aſſiſt, backe, ſupport, ſecond, give ſuccour unto.*

Faire eſtat de. *To purpoſe, or make account; alſo, to uſe, or make a practiſe of.*

Faire l'eſtat de. *To execute, or injoy the Office, or place of another.*

Faire l'eſtat de ſa Maiſon. *To ſettle, or ſet downe an order in; to looke into, or take a view of, the eſtate of his family.*

Faire ſon eſtat. *To doe his duty; to execute, or exerciſe his Office; to performe what's fit for one of his calling, or place.*

Faire le faict, & le desfaict. *To doe and undoe; to weave* Penelopes *web.*

Faire ſon propre faict de. *To manage a buſineſſe as well, or take as great care of it, as if it were his owne.*

Faire faillite. *To breake, or fall bankerupt.*

Faire faillite à. *To deceive, diſappoint, faile, breake with; alſo, to offend, or treſpas againſt.*

Faire faire. *To cauſe, procure, or force to be done.*

Faire faire ſes cheveux. *To get himſelfe powled.*

Faire faucée. *To pierce, break through, runne in upon, runne through.*

Faire faute à. *To faile, or forſake.*

Faire ferme. *To ſtand faſt; or, to make a ſtand; alſo, to ſtop, or make to ſtand.*

Faire feſte à. *Look* Feſte.

Faire feſte de. *To rejoyce at, or joy in; alſo, to brag, boaſt, be proud, make much, of.*

Faire fin. *To finiſh, conclude, end; alſo, to thrive, cheeve, proſper.*

Faire le fin. *To make it dainty, ſeeme ſtrange where he would be bold, refuſe a thing he would be invited to take.*

Faire finance. *To give money for an Office; alſo, to gather a ſtock of money.*

Faire folie. *To play the wanton, tread her ſhooe awry.*

Faire force. *To indeavour, ſtrive, inforce himſelfe.*

Faire force de. *Look* Force.

Faire les forces. *A horſe to hold his mouth open, and often turne his chops from one ſide to another.*

Faire foy de. *To give credit unto.*

Faire vne fraſque à. *To gull, couſen, coniecatch, put a trick upon.*

Faire fredon ſur fredon. *To uſe many nice, or curious trieks one upon the necke of another.*

Faire la fringue. *To jet, brag, ſpruce it, wantonnize it.*

Faire les fruicts fiens. *Look* Fruict.

Faire gambades à la terre. *To hang on a gallowes; or in chaines.*

Faire gille. *To flie, eſcape, give the ſlip.*

Faire glane. *To gleane after reapers. Look* Glane.

Faire gloire. *To take pride in.*

Faire du grobis. *To grow proud, or take a ſurly ſtate upon him.*

Faire le groin. *To powt, lowre, grumble, or grow ſullen.*

Faire vne groſſe grauité. *To be ſurly, or take much ſtate upon him.*

Faire de guedon guedon. *To make it goodly, ſeeme loath; or, ſay nay and take it, as maides (that would be no maids) doe. See* Guedon.

Faire le guet. *To watch, to keep watch.*

Faire le guet à Montfaucon. *To be hanged.*

Faire le guet au temps. *To obſerve narrowly the change of ſeaſons, courſe of the ſtarres, revolutions of the skies; to affect, or ſtudy for, weather-wiſedome; alſo, to let ſlip no advantage that the time offers, or affords.*

Faire gros hahay. *To make a huge ſtirre, or mighty ſlaughter.*

Faire halte. *To ſtop, ſtay, make a ſtand.*

Faire haut le bois. *To drink for the heavens; alſo, ſouldiers, advancing their pikes, to ſtop, or make a ſtand.*

Faire du herr. *To play the maſter; to take more upon him then hee ſhould doe. Look* Herr.

Faire le hola. *To ſtop, ſtay, bid ſtand.*

Faire hon de la teſte. *To ſeem loath, or ſhew himſelfe unwilling, to do a thing.*

Faire iambes de vin. *To drinke hard when he is ready to take a journey.*

Faire ſelon la jambe le coup; *as;*

Faire ſelon la jambe le pied. *To cut his coat according to his cloth; or, to doe things proportionably.*

Faire la jambette. *A horſe to goe, or manage, on three legs, and gracefully hold up the fourth.*

Faire iarret. *See* Iarret.

Faire le ject. *In a ſtorme to caſt overboard the loading of a ſhip.*

Faire ioug à. *To yield, or ſubmit himſelfe unto.*

Faire jour. *Day to break, or appeare. Look* Iour.

Faire jour à. *To make way unto.*

Faire jour en. *To paſſe, or pierce through and through.*

Faire du lard. *To live idly, fare daintily, grow fat with eaſe, pleaſure, and good chear.*

Faire largeſſe. *Princes to throw money among the people. See* Largeſſe.

Faire largue. *To make room, give place, leave ſpace enough.*

Faire la lexiue. *To waſh the buck.*

Faire litiere de. *To ſcorn, contemne, abaſe, tread, or pull under foot; to abuſe, violate, prophane.*

Faire lignade. *To take firewood into a ſhip.*

Faire le lime ſourde. *To make as though he heard not, or cared not, what were ſpoken.*

Faire de liperquam. *To ſhew his authority to be abſolute, to take very much upon him.*

Faire

Faire le logis à. *To provide, prepare, or take up, a lodging for.*
Faire le long. *See* Long.
Faire longue. Il ne la tera longue en ce monde. *He is no man of this world, he cannot live any long time.*
Faire le loup à la carriere. *See* Loup.
Faire le loup plus grand qu'il n'eſt. *To report, or imagine, a miſchiefe greater then it is.*
Faire la lype. *To powt, ſell ſowce, hang the lip.*
Faire la maille bonne de. *To warrant, make good, anſwer, or undertake for.*
Faire main baſſe. *To put all unto the ſword.*
Faire main forte à. *To joyne ſtrongly with.*
Faire main miſe. *To ſeiſe upon*; *See* Main miſe.
Faire ſa main. *To inrich himſelf, or feather his neaſt by priſes taken, purchaſes gotten.*
Faire d'une main l'autre. *To apply one thing unto divers uſes; or after the uſe of it one way to imploy it another.*
Faire mal de: (mon coeur luy fait mal. Ils me veulent faire mal de vous.) *To fall out with; to hate, loath, deteſt, wiſh ill unto.* *Looke* Mal.
Faire vn marc. *Looke* Marc.
Faire le mauvais. *To crack, brag, ſwagger, keepe a ſtinking ſturre.*
Faire mine. *To ſeem, or make a ſhew of.*
Faire des mines. *Looke* Mine.
Faire la mine. *To lowt, to lowre upon.*
Faire les mines. *To act it, or play on a ſtage.*
Faire bonne mine. *Looke* Mine.
Faire bonne mine, & mauvais ieu. *To ſet a good face on a bad matter.*
Faire le mitou. *To diſſemble, play the hypocrite; to looke humbly, poorely, ſimply, ſowrely on it.*
Faire la morgue. *To looke ſadly, gravely, ſeverely, auſterely.*
Faire mort. On le faiſoit mort. *They gave him out for dead.*
Faire la mouë aux harengieres. *To be ſet on the pillorie.*
Faire vn nez de Cire à. *Looke* Nez, *or* Cire.
Faire la nique. *To mocke, by nodding of the head, or lifting up of the chin; or, to bid a fig for, &c. as in* Nique.
Faire ſa nuict. (*when a man ſells up his houſhold-ſtuffe*) *they ſay* (*in ſome parts of France*) Il faict ſa nuict.
Faire de ſes oeufs poules. *To count his chickens before they be hatched.*
Faire l'ore ille ſourde. *To give no eare, nor heed unto, to be deafe of that eare.*
Faire leurs orges. *To ſpeed exceeding well; to make a good market, or their mouthes up to the full.*
Faire de tel pain ſoupes. *Looke* Soupe.
Faire le Palais. *To plead, or argue at the Barre.*
Faire du pall-allant. *To ſtaulke, or ſtrout it; to march with a ſtately gate.*
Faire la part au plus eſloingné; ou, au plus ieune. *To part and chuſe; or to allot one but a ſmall part, but a poore ſhare out of.*
Faire vn faux pas. *To ſlip, miſſe his footing; erre, miſtake.*
Faire les paſques. *To receive the Sacrament.*
Faire la patrouille. *To be driven to linger, and ſpend his time idly, as one thats forced to watch.*
Faire vn peigne. *To flie, avoid, give the ſlip.*
Faire vn pertuis dedans vn trou. *To be idle, or buſie about nothing.*
Faire le pet à. *To bid a fart for.*
Faire vn pet. *To let a fart.*
Faire le petit. *To humble himſelfe; or uſe many courteſies; alſo, to pretend great inſufficiency; or take very little upon him.*
Faire le petit pain. *To live meerely, to play the niggard.*
Faire ſes petits. *To whelpe, kittle, kindle, farrow, &c. breed little ones, bring forth young ones.*
Faire le pied de veau. *To make an untowardly, or clownish leg; or, to uſe a fooliſh lifting up of the leg in dauncing, &c.*
Faire pieds neufs. *To caſt his hoofes, as a horſe; to be delivered of child, as a woman.*
Faire de pierres pain. *To make uſe of any thing; to turne to his advantage, or apply unto his purpoſe, any matter whatſoever.*
Faire la pirouëtte. *To whirle, or turne often about.*
Faire du plait. *To talke, babble, or prattle much; to keepe an old coyle, a filthie ſturre, a ſcurvie adoe with his tongue.*
Faire planche à. *Looke* Planche.
Faire de ſon poing vn maillet. *To make hard ſhift, or to be ignorant of the right uſe of things; or, fottiſhly to put himſelfe, or his, unto over-rude uſes.*
Faire la poule. *To play the coward.*
Faire pourquoy, & ne tera pourquoy; *and there ſhall be no cauſe why.* ¶ Rab.
Faire le precedent. *To ſit firſt, or come firſt unto a ſitting.*
Faire le preſtre Martin. *To anſwer himſelfe; to play both Prieſt, and Clarke.*
Faire le procez à. *To indite, or arraigne.*
Faire le quant à moy. *To be well conceited of himſelfe; alſo, to ſeeme daintie, or ſtand on nice, and curious tearmes.*
Faire quartier neuf, ou faux quartier. *A horſes hoofe to rive, or cleave from the top to the bottome.*
Faire quartier à part. *See* Quartier.
Faire la queuë. *To drag, or come behind the reſt; alſo, to play the coward, or be in the rereward when blowes are a dealing.*
Faire quinaut. *To poſe, or drive to a Non-plus.*
Faire la quine à. *Scoffingly to point at with the finger.*
Faire quinquenelle. *To fall bankrupt; to breake.*
Faire race. *To get children; alſo, to breed, or begin a race of horſes, dogs, &c.*
Faire ſa rate. *To get many purchaſes, to take many priſes; and thereby feather his his neaſt, or fatten his purſe.*
Faire vne raffle. *To ſweepe, or ſnatch up all that is before him.* *See* Raffle.
Faire rage. *To be very brief, or very buſie; to worke wonders, to keepe a great coyle, a ſtinking ſturre.*
Faire de ſon Raminagrobis. *To counterfeit gravitie.* *See* Raminagrobis.
Faire le Regnard. *To ſlinke away, to ſlip aſide, when a danger approaches, or any likelihood of being taken in the manner; alſo, to play the truant.*
Faire de renvois. *Looke* Renvoy.
Faire ſa reſte à. *To ſpeake roundly unto, handle rudely, deale roughly with.*
Faire de Roland. *To ſwagger.* *Looke* Roland.
Faire la ronde. *To walke, or goe the round.*
Faire la rouë. *To turne; or wheele about*; *See* Rouë.
Faire à quelqu'un ſon roulet. *To prompt, or appoint one what he ſhall ſpeak.*
Faire le ſaut. *To breake, or turne bankrupt; alſo, to leape, or be turned off a ladder; alſo, as* Franchir le ſaut; *in* Franchir.
Faire le ſaut de la carpe. *To turne over topſie turvie.*
Faire ſcalle. *To land, ſet foot on land; alſo, to aſcend, mount, or go up unto.*
Faire Sceſſion. *To breake, or fall bankrupt.*
Faire le ſenaud. *To play the knave; alſo, to niche it, or a rich man to make ſhew of povertie.*
Faire la ſentinelle. *To ſtand ſentinell.*
Faire ſerment. *To take his oath.*
Faire la ſerpente. *To wriggle, writhe winde in and out.*
Faire ſoleil. Il fait ſoleil. *The Sunne ſhines; in which ſence this Verbe is not ſo neerely joyned to* Lune; *for they ſay not,* Il fait Lune; *but,* Il fait cler de Lune.
Faire ſtoques. *Looke* Stoques.
Faire le ſucré. *To flig, to wriggle; to commit* Diogines *his ſin.*
Faire la ſucerée. *To mince it, or make it goodlie.*
Faire ſon temps. *To lead his life, to paſſe his time.* Il a fait ſon temps; *he is growne old, or out of date.*
Faire tenir vne choſe à. *To ſend, or convey a thing.*
Faire de la terre le foſſé. *To diſpoſe of his owne at his owne pleaſure.* *Looke* Foſſé.
Faire teſte à. *To reſiſt, or withſtand.*
Faire tin. *Looke* Tin.
Faire le tour du labyrinthe. *To returne, after much turning, into the way he firſt tooke, or to deale with a perplexed, intricate, and endleſſe buſineſſe.*
Faire tout ſous ſoy. *A (child) to bray himſelfe.*
Faire trembler le lard au charnier. *To ſwagger extreamely, threaten horribly, to uſe big, or bugs words*; (*ironically.*) ¶ Rab.
Faire vn trou à la nuict; *Looke* Trou.
Faire la veille. *To watch, keep watch; liſten, or looke about him, while others are aſleepe.*
Faire bon ventre. *To looſen, or ſoften the belly, to make ſoluble.*
Faire verſure. *To make ſhift in the world; or as in* Verſure.
Faire viſage de bois à. *To ſhut the doore againſt; to exclude, or ſhut without doer.*
Faire le voiage de Baviere. *To get, or travell for, the Pox.*
Faire voile. *To ſet ſayle, or make out to ſea.*
Faire voile en Levant. *To ſayle Eaſtward; to be ſtolne, or pilfered away.*
Faire voile à tout vent. *Inconſtantly to follow all faſhions, adhere to every faſhion, profeſſe any religion thats in uſe, authoritie, or sway.*
Faire les yeux. *To winke, or twinckle with the eyes.*

Faire les doux yeux. *To make it goodly, counterfeit civility or modeſty, ſeeme coy; alſo, to winke, or ſmile pretily with the eyes; alſo, to be between ſleeping and waking, or ſeem to ſleep and ſee nothing.*
Faire les doux yeux à. *To play at bo-peep; or to winke laſciviouſly, to looke flatteringly, or pitifully, at one, thereby to get ſomewhat.*
Se faire; *whence,* Se faire tous les iours en meilleur poinct. *To battle, or to grow fatter and fairer every day then other.*
Se faire honneur. *To win, or gaine honour; to procure to himſelfe great honour.*
Se faire tenir. *To be luſty, play the gallant, take upon him, doe whatſoever he liſt.*
S'en faire accroire. *Look* Accroire.
S'en faire fort. *To depend, rely, build, or be bold, on; to make ſure account, or full reckoning of.*
Se laiſſer faire au clerc. *To let the Clarke take his pleaſure of her, or doe with her what he will.*
A que faire? *To what purpoſe, to what end?*
Auſſi ne feray ie. *So will I not, or, no more I will.*
Ce fais mon. *So I doe indeed, or, ſo I do, ſo I doe.*
Cela ne fait rien. *It boots, or availes, not; it makes no matter.*
Cela ſe faiſoit au temps iadis. *That was the old faſhion; or, that's at this day cleane out of faſhion.*
Ie n'ay que faire à luy. *I have no buſineſſe, no traffick, no commerce, with him.*
Ie n'en ay que faire. *It touches, or concerns, not me; I weigh it not, I care not for it.*
Il fait bien ſon petit faict. *Look* Faict.
Il me fait mal de luy. *I am ſorry for him.*
Il ne s'en fait que mocquer. *He doth, but mock them.*
Les faiſoit moult bon voir. *They were very well worth looking on, it was a paſſing goodly ſight to behold them.*
Le diable vous en feroit bien mal trouver. *The devill were in't if you ſhould not be well withall; or, you muſt needs be well withall I trow.*
Mon autre mari ne me faiſoit pas ainſi. *My other husband uſed me otherwiſe.*
Se peut il faire? *is it poſſible? can it be?*
Avoir fort à faire à. *To be extremely peſtered with, or buſied about.*
Bailler fort à faire à. *To imploy much, taske hard, lay many buſineſſes upon, put unto toyle enough.*
Eſtre à tout faire. *To be for all purpoſes, be fit for all uſes, be ready for any thing he is put unto.*
Fais ce que tu dois, advienne ce que pourra; Prov. *Doe thou thy duty happen what hap may.*
Il fait aſſez qui fait faire; Prov. *He doth hurt, or good enough, that makes it to be done.*
Mal fait qui ne parfait; Prov. *Ill does he that all does not; diſcontinuance of worke diſhonours the workman.*
Tel fait la faulte qu'un autre boit; Prov. *One doth the ſcathe, and another hath the ſcorne.*
Tel fait le mieux qu'il peut qui ne fait choſe qui vaille; Prov. *Some do their beſt, and yet do nothing well; or, ſome though they do their beſt do nothing well.*
Aſſez dort qui rien ne fait; Prov. *As good one ſleep as be idle and do nothing.*
Bien dire fait rire, bien faire fait taire; Prov. *Good words breed laughter, good deeds admiration.*
De ce que tu pourras faire iamais n'attens autruy; Prov. *For that which thou canſt do thy ſelfe rely not on another.*
Entre dire & faire il y a grand adire; Prov. *Between ſaying and doing there is great difference.*
Il faut acheter Maiſon faicte, & femme à faire; Prov. *Look* Femme.
Il ne ſçait rien qui ne veut bien faire; Pro. *He nothing knows that will not do his duty; or, vaine is the skill that's without vertue.*
La fin fait tout; Prov. *The end proves all; or, is all in all.*
Qui bien ſera bien trouvera; Prov. *well thrives he that does well; or hee that does well cheeves well.*

Fais: m. *A bundle, fardle, pack, bunch of; alſo, any heavy load, charge, burthen.*
Faiſable: com. *Feaſible, doable, effectable, makeable, which may be performed, acted, or done.*
Faiſan: m. *A Pheſant.*
Faiſan bruyant. *The great blacke Moore-cocke; or, as* Coq de bois.
Faiſances. *as* Corvées. *Of Norm.*
Faiſandé: m. ée: f. *Mortified, made tender, and (thereby) as dainty as a Pheſant.*
Faiſander. *To mortifie fowle, &c. to make it tender, by hanging it up, or (otherwiſe) keeping it ſome while after it is killed.*
Faiſanne: f. *A Pheſant-henne.*
Faiſanneau: m. *A Pheſant-poot, a young Pheſant.*
Faiſannier: m. *A keeper, or breeder of Pheſants.*
Faiſant. *as* Faiſan.
Faiſant. *Acting, doing, exploiting, effecting; making, cauſing, forging, framing, &c.*
Faiſceau: m. *A little bundle, or fardle; a packet; a ſmall bunch, or ſheave; a handfull of.*
Faiſeur: m. *A doer, actor, performer; maker, cauſer, forger, framer, worker, compoſer.*
Faiſeur d'oeuvre blanche. *as* Taillandier.
Grands vanteurs petis faiſeurs; Prov. *Great promiſers weak performers.*
Faiſible: com. *Feaſible, makeable, effectable, doable.*
Faiſſeau. *as* Faiſceau.
Faiſſelle: f. *A Chesford, or cheeſefat, of wicker; or of earth, pierced in the bottome to let out the whay when the cheeſe receives it forme.*
Faiſſer. *as* Enfaiſſer.
Faiſſine: f. *A bundle, or faggot.*
Faiſt. *as* Faiſte.
Faiſte: m. *The top, height, ridge, roofe of; alſo, the better end of a piece of cloth.*
Par le fin faiſte. *Strictly, ſtraitly, unto the utmoſt, to a haire.*
Faiſtiere. *A Ridge-tyle, Creaſt-tile, Roofe-tile.*
Fait. *See* Faict.
Faitard: m. de: f. *Sluggiſh, drowſie, lazie, ſlothfull, idle, negligent; alſo, cowardly, faint-hearted; ſlow, dull, by lazineſſe.*
Faitardement. *Slothfully, drowſily, lazily ſluggiſhly; alſo, faint-heartedly.*
Faitardiſe: f. *Sloth, ſluggiſhneſſe, idleneſſe, drowſineſſe, lazineſſe, negligence; alſo, dulneſſe, or faint-heartedneſſe (bred therby.)*
Faitifs. *as* Faictis.
Faitis. *The ſame.*
† Faitiſé. *as* Faictis.
Faitneantiſe: f. *Idleneſſe, lazineſſe; faint-heartedneſſe, heartleſneſſe.*
Faix, m. *A pack, load, or burden, a weighty charge.*
Pierres de faix. *Great, or weighty ſtones.*
Plier ſur le faix. *To ſhrinke under his burden; to find or acknowledge, the charge layed on him too heavy for him.*
Cela a prins ſon faix. *That thing is ſetled, ſunke in as farre, preſſed downe as much, as it will be.*
A haute montée le faix encombre; Prov. *To a high climber a burden is comberſome.*

Faizander. *To dreſſe a Pullet, or Capon, like a Pheſant; or, as* Faiſander.
Fal: m. *A player, or playing ring, in a Bitt.*
Falaize: f. *A banke, downe, or hill by the ſea ſide; alſo, fine ſand gotten by a water ſide.*
Faldes: f. *A pair of Baſes to ride with.*
Fallace: f. *A fallacie; guile, deceit, wile, trompery, a craftie tricke, cheating ſleight, couſening device.*
Fallacieux: m. euſe: f. *Full of fallacies; falſe, craftie, wily, deceitfull, couſening, cheating, beguiling; counterfeiting; uncertaine.*
Falleré: m. ée: f. *Barded, trapped; decked, tricked up.*
† Fallevuches: f. *The ſparkles, or fiery and ſmall flakes, that ariſe from furnaces wherein metals are melted.*
Falloir. *A Verbe Impersonall; or uſed onely in the third Perſon.*
Il fault, or, il faut. *It ought, it muſt, it ſhall, it needs, it behoves, it is expedient.*
C'eſt un faire le fault. *'Tis a matter of neceſſity; it muſt needs be ſo; there is no remedy; there is no gainſaying of it, no ſtriving againſt it.*
Il s'en faut. *It miſſes, wants, lacks.*
Il ne s'en fallut gueres que luy. *Hee failed but little of; he had well-nigh; he was very neer, very like to have, &c.*
Il ne fault trop de choſes. *Thou art too nice, dainty, curious; nothing pleaſes thee; or, enough contents thee not.*
Tant s'en faut que luy. *So farre it is from him, ſo unlikely is it that he.*
Quand argent faut tout faut; Prov. *When money is miſſing all's amiſſe.*

Fallope. *as* Farlouſe. *The Chit, the Meddow-Larke, or Heath-Larke.*
Fallot. *as* Falot.
Fallu. *Failed, wanted, lacked, miſſed.*
Il ne s'en eſt rien fallu que. *Hee had well-nigh, he was very neere, or like to have; he failed but little of, &c.*
Faloiſe. *as* Falaize; *eſpecially in the later ſence.*
Faloppe: f. *The Chit, Meddow-Larke, or Heath-Larke.*
Falot: m. *A Creſſet light (ſuch as they uſe in Play-houſes) made of ropes wreathed, pitched, and put into ſmall, and open cages of iron; alſo, a craftie, ſubtill, wilie mate; alſo, the herb Cats-taile.*

Vn gentil falot. *A trimme mate, ſweet youth, fine fellow indeed; a good companion ſure; (Ironically, or with an ironicall alluſion to our word fellow.)*

Falotement. *Good-fellow-like.*

Falotier : m. ere : f. *Serving for, or belonging to, a creſſet, &c.*

Falouidin. *See* Falourdin. ℣ Rab.

Falouque : f. *A barge, or a kind of Barge-like boat, that hath ſome five or ſix oares on a ſide.*

Falourde : f. *A great faggot; or, a bundle of ſticks thats bigger, and heavier then an ordinary faggot.*

Falourdin : m. *A luske, lowt, lurden, a lubberlie ſleven, heavie ſot, lumpiſh boydon.*

Falouze : f. Elaphoboſcum, Gratia Dei, *Harts fodder, or Harts ey; held by ſome Authors to be the wild Paſnep, and by others, wild or baſtard Dittany; Howſoever, they ſay that if a Hart ſtung by a Serpent eat of it, he is preſently cured.*

Falſifiable : com. *Falſifiable; which may be falſified, adulterated; forged, ſophiſticated.*

Falſification : f. *A falſification, or falſifying; a forging, adulterating, ſophiſticating.*

Falſifié : m. ée : f. *Falſified, adulterated, ſophiſticated, forged, foiſted in; altered, depraved.*

Falſifié de col, ou de queuë. *A horſe whoſe neck, or traine is unſeadie.*

Falſifier. *To falſifie, ſophiſticate, adulterate, forge, counterfeit, or marre with counterfeiting; to alter; to deprave, or ſpoile by altering.*

Falviſe : m. *A kind of Serpent;* as Cenchre.

Fame : f. *Fame, credit, report, reputation, renowne.*

Famé. Perſonnage bien famé. *A man of good credit, of honeſt reputation, that hath a good report among his neighbours.*

† Fameilluſement. *Greedily, hungrily, as if he were ſtarved.*

† Fameilleux : m. euſe : f. *Hungrie, ſtarved, pined, kept long faſting.*

Famelic, ou famelique. *as* Fameilleux. *Pinched with hunger.*

Fameux : m. euſe : f. *Famous, renowned, notable, of much credit, of great reputation.*

Famfreluches. *as* Fanfreluches.

Familiarement. *Familiarly, friendly, boldly and plainely, privately, homely, ordinarily,*

Familiarizer aucun. *To grow familiar, wax acquainted, become bold, with any one, to uſe friendly, privately, boldly, familiarly.*

Se familiariſer d'aucun. *The ſame.*

Familiarité : f. *Familiarity; neere acquaintance, cuſtome, friendſhip; homely or ordinarie uſage of, private converſation with.*

Familier : m. ere : f. *Familiar, friendly, well acquainted, much converſant, with; alſo, tame, inward, bouſall; uſuall, homely, ordinary.*

Famille : f. *A familie, or houſhold; a kindred, ſtocke, houſe, linage, generation of.*

Enfans ou fils de famille. *Youthes of good houſes, rich young men, (whoſe parents are living.)*

La famille d'Archimbaud plus y en a & pis vaut, Pro. *A knot of naughtie packes; a ſtate, or family ſwarming with leud, and diſſolute companions; a diſordered, corrupted, vicious Family, or State.*

Famine : f. *Famine, dearth, a generall hunger.*

Famuſe : m. *as* Cenchre.

Fam : m. *A Fawne, or Hind-calfe; the young one of any ſuch beaſt; as alſo, of an Elephant.*

Fanal : m. *The Lanthorne of a ſhip, or galley; alſo, a huge lanthorne, ſtanding on the top of a tower, and ſerving to guide ſhips, by night unto, or into, a haven.*

Fanatique : com. *Mad, frantick, in a frenzie, beſides himſelfe, out of his little wits; alſo, raviſhed, or inſpired, with a Prophetical furie.*

Fandeſteuf. *as* Faudete ul. *(vieil mot.)*

Fané : m. ée : f. *Vaded, withered; putrified, corrupted; or, as* Fenè.

Fanegue : f. *A certaine meaſure that containes about as much as the (French) buſhell.*

se Faner. *To fade, wither, wax dead: or, as* seFener.

Faneſſant. *Withering, fading; rotting, corrupting.*

Fanfare : f. *A ſounding of Trumpets, or a comming into the Liſts with ſound of Trumpets, at a publicke Iuſts; hence (alſo) any publick bravado, or flouriſh; any loud-reſounding brag, or oſtentation.*

Fanfarer. *To ſound, or reſound, as trumpets; to challenge, or brave one another with ſound of Trumpets; to brag, vaunt; make a great flouriſh, or bravado.*

Fanfaronnades : f. *Reſoundings of Trumpets; gallant, braving, or bragging acclamations.*

Fanfrelucher. *To ſwyve, to teacher; alſo, to triſle it.*

Fanfreluches : f. *Looſe threds, or hanging ſhreds in rags, and torne clothes; any ſuch traſh, excrement, riffraffes; or, as* Fintreluches.

Fanfreluches antidotées. *Vanities, fopperies, fooleries, fond tricks.*

Fangas : m. *A heape of mud, or durt; See* Fangeat.

Fange : f. *Mud, mire, durt, filth.*

Fangeas. *as* Fangeat.

Fangeat : m. *A durtie, or muddie ſlough on the high-way.*

Fangeux : m. euſe : f. *Durtie, muddie, miric, filthie, bedaſhed, bemired, bedabled.*

se Fanir. *as* se Faner; *To wither, to corrupt.*

Fanné : f. *as* Faine; *Beech-maſt.*

Fanner. *as* Faonner.

Fanon : m. *as* Fanal; *alſo, the dewe-clap of an Oxe, &c. alſo a Fannell, or Maniple, a ſcarfe-like ornament worne in the left-arme of a ſacrificing Prieſt; alſo, an Enſigne, or Banner; alſo (in Blaſon) any large bracelet, that hangs downe (in faſhion of the foreſayd Maniple) from the arme.*

Fantaſiant. *Fancying, imagining, feigning.*

Fantaſie : f. *The fancie, or fantaſie; opinion, humor; imagination, conceit, affection, judgement; the minde of a bodie; alſo, a viſion, repreſentation, or image of things conceived in the minde; alſo, the Muſicall leſſon, tearmed a Fancie.*

Il a pris ſubitement vne fantaſie. *He hath taken a toy.*

Fantaſié : m. ée : f. *Fancied, imagined, feigned, made, or painted fantaſtically; alſo, affected.*

Fantaſier. *To imagine, deviſe, conceive, invent; caſt about, thinke of, revolve in mind; repreſent by imagination; alſo, to fancie, or affect.*

Fantaſme. *as* Fantoſme.

Fantaſque, *as* Fantaſtique.

Fantaſquement. *Fantaſtically, humerouſly, concetedly, skittiſhly, giddily.*

Fantaſſin : m. *A footman in warres.*

Fantaſſin : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, a footman; and hence;*

Forces fantaſſines. *Footmen, or a power of footmen.*

Fantaſtique : com. *Fantaſticall, humorous, new-fangled, giddie, skittiſh; inventive, conceited.*

Fantaſtiquer. *To conceive, imagine, deviſe, caſt about, repreſent in the imagination; alſo, to affect fantaſtically; to fill with, or feed on, idle fancies.*

Fantaſtiqueries : f. *Fantaſticall tricks, humorous toyes; idle thoughts, vaine imaginations.*

Fantoſme : m. *A ſpirit, ghoſt, bug, bobgoblin; viſion, apparition; falſe imagination; hence alſo, a ſcarcrow.*

Fantoſmeries : f. *Strange fancies, extravagant conceits, idle viſions, odde imaginations, caſtles in the aire.*

Fanuiſe. *as* Cenchre; *and ſhould be* Falviſe, *or* Famuſe.

Faon. *as* Fan : m. *A Fawne.*

Faonné. *Fawned.*

Faonnement : m. *A fawning.*

Faonner. *A Doe to fawne, or bring forth young.*

† Faque : f. *A pocket, or pouch; a ſatchel, or ſack.*

Faquin : m. *A Porter, a Pack-bearer; any baſe conditioned fellow.*

Comme vn faquin porte faix ainſi vn baſton la paix; Pro. Looke Baſton.

Faquinage : m. *Portage; the fee, or furniture, belonging to a Porter.*

Far : m. *A high Tower, or Beacon at the mouth of a Haven, wherein continuall lights are kept anights for the direction of ſea-faring people; a Lanthorne on a watch-tower by the ſea-ſide.*

† Farain. Fain tarain. *A kind of great, and very yellow houſhold bread, of the better ſort.*

Faras : m. *A great confuſed heape; alſo, a mixture of ſundrie graines together, called Bolymong.*

Faraſſe : f. *A Creſſet; alſo, the courſeſt of hempe, Swingle foot herds, courſe towe.*

Farce : f. *A (fond and diſſolute) Play, Commedie, or Enterlude; alſo, the lyg at the end of an Enterlude, wherein ſome pretty knavery is acted; alſo, a Pudding-Haggas, Livering, any ſtuffing, in meats.*

C'eſt vne vraye farce. *Tis a meere jeaſt, a very mockerie.*

Il ioue ſa farce. *He playes his prankes; he acts his part.*

Farcer; ou, ſe farcer de. *To mocke, deride, flout, or gibe at.*

Farcereau : m. *A maker of playes, a deviſer of jeaſts; an inventor of lyes.*

Farcerie: ſ. *A playing, jeaſting; an acting, or making, of Playes, Feaſts, Enterludes; a counterfeiting.*

Farceſque: com. *Counterfeit, Player-like.*

Farceur: m. *A comedian, or Stage-player; a common jeaſter, or counterfeiter of mens geſtures.*

Farci: m. *A Haggas-pudding.*

Farci: m. ie: f. *Stuffed, franked, fed, filled up.*

Tout farci d'eſcus. *That hath ſtore of crownes; a great monied man.*

Farciere: ſ. *One of the three skins which enwrap an infant in the wombe.*

Farcin: m. *Scurfe; a leaproſie proceeding of melancholy, choller, or fleegme exceedingly aduſt, and filling the skin with black wan ſpots, and drie parched ſcales; alſo, the farcy in a horſe.*

Farcineux: m. euſe: f. *Leaprous, ſcurvy, beſcabbed.*

Farcir. *To ſtuffe, cramme, fill up; to frank, to feed.*

Farciſſeure: ſ. *A ſtuffing, cramming, filling up.*

Fard: m. *Fard; painting (properly, Ceruſe, or white Lead) alſo, any coloured, or adulterate beauty; a deceit, pretence, falſehood, couſenage, blearing of the eyes.*

Fardé: m. ée: f. *Farded; coloured, painted, of an adulterate luſter; whoſe beauty is diſguiſed, or borrowed.*

Fardeau: m. *A fardle, burthen, truſſe, pack, bundle.*

Donner le fardeau ſelon le chameau. *Looke* Chameau.

Plus couſte la corde que le fardeau. *The ſuit countervailes not the charge one hath been at about it.*

En grand fardeau n'eſt pas l'acqueſt; Prov. *Greatneſſe makes not a burthen gainfull; or the gaine reſts not in the greatneſſe of a burthen; 'tis not the great, but the good burthen one thrives by.*

Petit fardeau poiſe à la longue; Prov. *We ſay, light burthens farr heavy.*

A vn chaſcun ſon fardeau poiſe; Prov. *Every one finds his owne burthen heavy enough.*

Fardeler. *To truſſe, or pack up; to reduce, or make into fardles, burthens, bundles.*

Fardelet: m. *A fardle; a little fardle.*

Fardement: m. *A painting, a colouring with fard; a beautifying with borrowed, or falſe colours; a pranking, or ſetting out of things, the ſooner to ſell, or the better to ſhew, them.*

Farder. *To paint, colour, diſguiſe, trick up, ſet out, with falſe beauties; to poliſh with a borrowed luſter; to uſe pretences; to deceive the eares, or blear the eyes with faire, but counterfeit, matters.*

De toute femme qui ſe farde donne toy ſoigneuſement garde; Prov. *Take heed of any woman that doth paint.*

Fardeur: m. *A painter, colourer, diſguiſer, counterfeiter; a tricker up, or ſetter out, of a thing with borrowed, or falſe ornaments.*

Fardeur de chevaux. *A Horſe-courſer.*

Fare. *as* Far.

Farfadet: m. *A little ſpirit, yong hobgoblin.*

Farfanterie. *Look* Forfanterie.

Farfelu: m. uë: f. *Druggally, ſhort and thick, as thick as long; or, as* Fafelu.

†Farfonte. *A Wreme.*

Farfouillé: m. ée: f. *Towſed, ruffled, berumpled by rifling; diſorderly ſearched, or diſordered by ſearching into.*

Farfouiller. *To ruffle, towſe, crumple, berumple with rifling; to ſearch diſorderedly, or untowardly; or, to diſorder by an untoward ſearch; alſo, to dabble, or puddle in the water, famble in the durt, rake in the mire.*

Fariboles: ſ. *Triſles, niſtes, flim-flams, why-whawes, idle diſcourſes, fond tatling, tales of a tub, or of a roaſted horſe.*

†Farigoulier. *as* Fregolier. *The Lote tree.*

Farine: f. *Meale, or flower.*

La farine de Febvrier. *Snow.*

Farine folle. *Meale duſt, or Mill-duſt; the meale that flies up and downe a Mill.*

Farine volante. *as* Farine folle.

Badin ſans farine. *An arrant Doult, notable Aſſe, notable Cokes, egregious Cockscombe.*

Paiſtry de folle farine. *Compounded of light, or ſleight ſtuffe; a vaine-headed, or idle-humored woodcocke; one that hath no manner of ſubſtance in him.*

Pour recueillir farine il verſe l'huile. *(Of an undiſcreet husband, who to ſave a penny loſes a pound.)*

Vanner ſa farine au vent. *To ſquander away his revenue in vain, and idle humors.*

La farine du diable va moitié en vent ou au ſon; Prov. *Little good comes of that the devill hath, or doth; or ill gotten goods come to little good.*

Saſſe bonne farine ſans trompe ny buccine; Prov. *Fare-well, and hold thy peace.*

Farineux: m. euſe: f. *Mealy, beſtowred, bemealed; made white, or done over with meale; alſo, drie, as meale.*

Lepre farineuſe. *The white Leproſie.*

Farline: f. *An Iriſh-Rug.*

Farlouſe. *The little Medow Lark, or Heath-Larke.*

Farne. *A kind of Oake.*

Faron: m. *The week of a Linke, or Torch.*

Farouche: com. *Wild, ſavage, untamed, fierce, untractable, fell, cruell, froward, ſhrewd, curſt.*

Farouchetè: m. ée: f. *Made wild, ſavage, untractable, cruell, ſhrewd, froward, curſt.*

Farrage: m. *A mixture of ſundry graines, and ſeeds gathered from the winnowings of corne (as alſo, divers ſorts of courſe graine, and pulſe mingled) and ſowed pell-mell together for winter forrage, or fodder.*

Farragiere: f. *A plot, or piece of ground ſowed with the winnowings of corne; or with courſe corne, and pulſe mingled all together.*

Farre. *as* Foarre.

Faſché: m. ée: f. *Diſpleaſed, angered, offended; vexed, grieved, moleſted, diſquieted, annoyed; troubled, importuned, wearied, cloyed, brought unto a loathing of.*

Faſcher. *To anger, diſpleaſe, offend; vex, grieve, irke, diſquiet; annoy, trouble, moleſt; importune, weary, toyle, harry, cloy, bring to a loathing of.*

Faſcherie: ſ. *Offence, vexation; anger, diſpleaſure; annoyance, trouble, diſquiet, care, griefe; importunity; irkeſomeneſſe, wearineſſe, loathſomeneſſe, or a loathing of.*

Faſcheuſement. *Offenſively, troubleſomely, tedioufly, harſhly, moſt unpleaſingly, painfully; angrily, frowardly.*

Faſcheux: m. euſe: f. *Offenſive, troubleſome, tedious, importunate, irkeſome, loathſome, harſh, grievous, painfull; moſt unpleaſing; alſo, angry, froward, unquiet, peeviſh, overthwart, croſſe, adverſe.*

Faſcheux à ferrer. *Stubborne, ſurly, obſtinate, heady, unruly, ſelfe-willed.*

Temps faſcheux. *An ill, hard, ill favored, or unfortunate ſeaſon.*

Faire le faſcheux. *To make it dainty; to ſtand on ſtrict, nice, or curious tearms.*

Faſcinateur: m. *A Charmer, Sorcerer, Inchanter.*

Faſcination: f. *A charme, or inchantment; a bewitching, eye-biting, forſpeaking.*

Faſcine: f. *as* Faſſine.

Faſciné: m. ée: f. *Charmed, bewitched, eye-bitten, forſpoken; diſfigured, or transformed by Inchantments.*

Faſciner. *To charme, bewitch, eye-bite, forſpeake; to diſfigure, or transforme by Inchantments.*

Faſeoles: m. *Faſels, long Peaſon, Kidney Beanes, Sperage Beanes, French Beanes, Romane Beanes, Garden Smilax. Looke* Phaſeoles.

†Faſqué: m. ée; f. *Loaden.*

Faſſade. *The forefront, forepart, or outſide of a houſe.*

†Faſſe: f. *as* Naſſe; *A Weele, or a Bownet.*

Faſſine: ſ. *A faggot, bavin, kidd, or bundle of ſticks.*

Faſte: m. *Pride, ſcorne, contempt, diſdaine, loftineſſe, haughtineſſe, arrogancy, ſurquedrie.*

Faſtide: com. *Tedious, loathſome, irkeſome, unpleaſing.*

Faſtidioſité: ſ. *A loathing, or abhorring, as of meats, by an ill diſpoſed ſtomacke.*

Faſtueux: m. euſe: f. *Proud, lofty, ſcornefull, diſdainefull, arrogant, high-minded.*

Fat. *Fooliſh, foppiſh;* vn fat; *a ſot, an ideot, a ninnie, a noddy, an aſſe, a gull.*

Fatal: m. ale: f. *Fatall, deſtined; appointed by, belonging to, deſtinie; alſo, inevitable, unavoidable.*

Fatalement. *Fatally, by deſtiny.*

Fatalité: ſ. *Fatality, or fatalneſſe; alſo, unavoidablenſſe, as of a thing appointed by deſtiny.*

Fatalizer. *To deſtinate, appoint, or deſigne unto an inevitable iſſue.*

Fatidic: m. ique: f. *Preſaging, prophecying, fore-telling.*

Fatidique: com. *A Prophet, preſager, fore-teller of things to come.*

Fatidiquement. *Prophetically, preſagingly.*

Fatigable: com. *Wearying, tyring; troubling; or, which may be wearied, tyred; troubled.*

Fatigation: ſ. *A wearying, tyring, cloying, troubling; alſo, as* Fatigue.

Fatigue: ſ. *wearineſſe, tedioufneſſe; travaile, trouble, vexation; labour, toyle, over-much paines.*

Fatiguer. *To weary, tire, trouble, cloy, overtoyle; to give no reſt unto.*

†Fatiſte: m. *A maker, or a Poet that makes Plaies.*

Fattaille. *Traſh, trumpery, things of no value.*

Fatras:

Fatras : m. *A confuſed heap, or bundle of traſh, toyes, trifles, vaine, and idle things, fooleries, fopperies.*
Vn fatras de cleſs. *A bunch of keyes.*
¶ Rab.
Il ſçait tout le fatras. *All the packe; all that roguery, or roguiſh plot is he acquainted with.*
Fatraſſé : m. ée : f. *Patched, botched, ill favoredly ſet on; confuſedly heaped, fooliſhly put together; alſo, trifling, vaine, idle; made, or conſiſting of, traſh.*
Fatraſſier. *Trifling, paultry, vaine; alſo, confuſed, bungling, budled and fumbled together botcher-like.*
Fatrer. *To botch, patch, or bungle up a thing, like an unskilfull workman.*
† Fatrin. *as* Fatraille.
Fatrouiller. *To trifle, toy, foole it, play the fop; invent, or buſie himſelfe about, idle and frivolous vanities; alſo, as* Fatrer; *to botch.*
Fatrouilleur : m. *A trifler, dallier, vaine fellow; alſo, a botcher, patcher, bungler.*
Fatuité : f. *Fooliſhneſſe, doltiſhneſſe, blockiſhneſſe, dulneſſe, ideotiſme, ſottiſhneſſe.*
Fau : m. *A Beech tree.*
Favade : f. *Beane ſtraw, or a Beane ſtalke.*
Faval : m. *The chaffe, ſhalings, hullings, offals, or cleaſing of beanes.*
Favas : m. *as* Faval; *alſo, a Beane cloſe; alſo, (but leſſe properly) Beane ſtraw.*
Fau-bourgs. *Looke* Faux-bourgs.
Fauce-foy : m. *A faith-breaker, a trecherous companion.*
Faucel. *A little Sithe.*
Faucer. *To ſtand, as a crooked blade; See* Fauſſer.
Fauchage : m. *A mowing; or the hire of a mower.*
Fauche. *A reaping; mowing; harveſt.*
Fauché. *Mowed, cut cloſe by the ground, or cleane away.*
Il a fauché, & fené. *He hath made a cleane houſe, or ſhop; he hath left himſelfe nothing in them; all is gone, ſpent, conſumed, loſt.*
Fauchement : m. *A mowing.*
Faucher. *To mow; to cut cloſe by the ground; to ſweepe, or cut cleane away; alſo, to diſpatch, or rid buſineſſe apace; and hence (of a Clarke)*
Il fauche bien. *He writes very ſwiftly.*
Faucher l'herbe ſous les pieds à. *To ſupplant; alſo, to prevent.*
Fanchefon : f. *A mowing; or, ſeaſon good to mow in.*
Fauchet. *A Sythe, or toole to mow with.*
Faucheur : m. *A mower.*
Fauchon : m. *A Fauchion, Curtleax, or Hanger.*
Faucille : m. *as* Focille; *and (in a horſe) the bought, or peſtle of the thigh.*
Faucille : f. *A Sickle.*
Il ne mettray la faucille en ſa moiſſon. *I will not meddle with his matters, deale in his profeſſion, incroach upon his intereſt, looke into his dealings; I will not procure to my ſelfe any gaine, aſſume to my ſelfe a reward, thats due unto his labour.*
Faucillon. *A little ſickle.*
Bois à faucillon. *Bruſh wood, ſmall wood.*
Faucon. *See* Faulcon.
Fauconniere : f. *A Faulkners bag, or pouch.*
Faudeſteul, & Faudeteul. *as* Fauldeteuil.
Faudiere : f. *The Pouldron, or skirt-peece of an Armour.*
Faudrinier : m. *as* Fourdrinier.
Faverots : m. *A kind of ſmall Beanes; or, as* Faverottes.
Faverottes : f. *Earth-nuts, Kipper nuts, Earth cheſt-nuts.*
Faveur : f. *Favour, grace, good opinion; kindneſſe, love, good-will; ſupport, maintenance, protection; alſo, a favour beſtowed, and worne for the givers ſake.*
Faviere : f. *A Beane field, land, or plot.*
Faulce. *as* Faulx; *a Sythe.*
Faulcé. *as* Fauſſé.
Faulcon : m. *A Faulcon; and (generally) any long-winged Hawke, or Hawke that's made unto the Lure.*
Faulcon gentil. *A Falcon gentle; the beſt, and boldeſt kind of Faulcon; ſomewhat leſſe, but much better, then the Pelerin.*
Faulcon gerfaut. *A Gerfaulcon.*
Faulcon lanier. *A Lanner, or a Lanneret.*
Faulcon de mer. *A kind of ſmall-mouthed Mullet that hath long finnes like wings.*
Faulcon nocturne. *The night-Faulcon; a kind of Stritchowle.*
Faulcon pelerin. *Looke* Pelerin.
Faulcon ſacre. *A Saker.*
Faulcon Tunicien. *A Barbary Faulcon.*
Bec de faulcon. *A kind of Pollaxe, borne ſometimes for ſtate by the Peeres of France, and ordinarily by the French Kings Penſioners.*
Faulconneau : m. *The peece of Ordnance called, a Faulcon; alſo, a young, or little Faulcon.*
Faulconnerie : f. *Faulconry; Hawke-manning; or, the art of keeping Hawkes.*
Faulconnier : m. *A Faulconer.*
Faulconniere : f. *A hawking bag.*
Faulde : f. *as* Giron. ¶ Langued.
† Fauldeteuil : m. *A low, large, and eaſie foulding chaire, having both a backe and elbowes.*
† Fauldiere : f. *as* Faudiere.
Fauls : m. *Looke* Faux.
Fauls : m. faulſe : f. *Falſe, counterfeit, untrue, lying, deceiving, unfaithfull, trecherous; double, hollow-hearted, halting with friends.*
Fauls adveu. *The vaſſals challenging, or acknowledging of a wrong Juſticer, or Landlord.*
Fauls germe. *A Moone-calfe. Looke* Germe.
Fauls pas. *Looke* Pas.
Fauls rompu. Vn f. *A ſubtill fellow, one that hath been much beaten to the world.*
Fauls viſage. *A Viſard, or Maske.*
Queuë faulſe. *An unſteady, much whiſking, or often wagling, traine of a horſe.*
Faulſaire : m. *A forger of Writings, a falſifier of Evidences; one that counterfeits another mans hand with a falſe intent; alſo, a trecherous violater of his faith; Looke* Faux.
Faulſé. *as* Fauſſé; *pierced, &c. alſo, forged, falſified, counterfeited; alſo, ſtanding, or made crooked, as a ſword by a fall, &c.*
Faulſe-braye : f. *A falſe braye (in fortification;) Looke* Braye.
Faulſeé : f. *A breach (as in a wall, &c.) alſo, a tranſpiercing, violent piercing; ſtriking, a charging through and through.*
Faulſe-foy. Vn f. *A faith-breaker.*
Faulſement. *Falſly, untruly, deceitfully, counterfeitly.*
Faulſer. *To falſifie, forge, counterfeit; to deale untruly in; alſo, as* Faucer.
Faulſer compagnie. *To forſake, or abandon the companie which one hath ſworne, undertaken, or promiſed to keepe; alſo, to part, or breake companie, to leave any companie.*
Faulſer vn eſcu, ou vn haubert. *To pierce, to ſtrike, or to run, through a ſhield, &c. to make a breach into it.*
Faulſer les gonds. *To force, or breake aſunder, the hindges.*
Faulcer vne troupe. *To charge through, and through a troupe.*
Faulſet : m. *A ſaining, in ſong; alſo, a diſcord.*
Chanter en faulſet. *To faine; alſo, to ſing louder and louder, or to riſe from note to note, in ſinging.*
Voix en faulſet. *Looke* Voix.
Faulſet : m. *A faucet; &c.* Fauſſet.
Faulſeté : f. *Falſhood, untruth, lying, trecherie.*
Faulſeteux : m. euſe : f. *Moſt falſe; fraught with untruths, full of lyes.*
Fault. Il fault. *It ought, it behoves, &c. Looke* Falloir.
Faulte : f. *A fault; a ſin, vice, delict, offence, treſpaſſe, tranſgreſſion; alſo, an error, ſlip, miſſe, faile, default, omiſſion; alſo, want, lacke, need, povertie, penurie, ſcarcitie of; alſo, a baulke untilled betweene two furrowes.*
Faulte d'homme. *Looke* Homme.
Sans faulte. *Pure, innocent, perfect, ſpotleſſe, blameleſſe, faultleſſe; alſo, aſſuredly, certainly, without doubt, without failing, not to miſſe.*
Faire faulte à. *To faile, diſappoint; or ſhrinke from.*
Tirer à faulte. *To miſſe what he ſhot at; and ſo,* Voler à faulte. *To miſſe his flight, or what he flew at.*
Qui a fait la faulte ſi la boive; Pro. *Let him that did the wrong incurre the penalty.*
Tel fait la faulte qu' un autre boit. Pro. *The one playes the pranke, and the other payes for it.*
Faulſir : m. iue; f. *Faultie, offending, misdoing, failing, ſubject, or apt; to doe a miſſe.*
Faultrage. *as* Preage.
Faulveret. *A little bird like a Reed-Sparrow, which buildeth her neaſt among Beanes; or, as* Fauverette.
Faulx : m. *as* Faux.
Faulx : f. *A Sythe (to mowe with.)*
La faulx paye les prez. Pro. *The keene Sythe giveth Meades their due.*
Faulx : m. Faulſe : f. *as* Fauls.
Faulx-bourgs : m. *The Suburbs of a towne, Look* Faux-bourgs.
Favourable : com. *Favourable, gracious, propitious, kind, friendly, loving.*
Favourablement. *Favourably, propitiouſly, kindly.*

kindly, graciously, lovingly.

Favori: m. *A favorite, or minion; one thats in favour.*

Favori: m. ie: f. *Favoured, graced, countenanced; kindly used.*

Favorissant. *Favouring, gracing, affecting, cherishing.*

Favorisé: m. ée: f. *Favoured, graced, countenanced; affected, loved, cherished.*

Favoriser. *To favour, grace, countenance; affect, love, cherish.*

Favorisseur: m. *A favourer, supporter; furtherer.*

Favorit. *as* Favori.

Favorite: f. *A Princes Mistris; a Sweet-heart, or she-favourite.*

Favot de febves: m. *A Beane-stacke; also, as* Faval.

Fauperdrieux: m. *A Hawke somewhat lesse then a Kite, yet higher; her beake, and tallons not so crooked as those of other Hawkes; her legs small, and yellow; her traine, and tip of wings, blacke; the top of her head, and bottome of her throat, of a reddish white; the rest of a darke tawny colour.*

Fauquet: m. *A shaling wry-legd fellow.* ¶ Pic.

Fausonnerie: f. *A forging, or falsifying of Evidences; a false counterfeiting of another mans hand.*

Faussaire. *as* Faulsaire; *or, an Impostor.*

Fausse. *Pierced, runne, thrust through; also, violently burst, broken, divided;* Looke Faulse.

Faussée: f. *as* Faulsée.

Fausser. *as* Faulser.

Fausset: m. *A faucet, for a Hogs-head, &c.*
Par le petit fausset. *Niggardly, sparingly, scantly, in small measure.*

Fausterne. *The herb called, round Birth-wort.*

Faut. il faut; *It ought, it must, &c. See* Falloir.

Faute. *A fault, offence; want of; See* Faulte.

† Fauteur: m. *A fautor, favourer; furtherer, helper; supporter, protector; a partaker, a companion.*

Fautier. *as* Faultif; *faultie, blame-worthy.*

Fautrage. Droict de f. *Looke* Droict.

Fauve: com. *Fallow, deepe-yellow, Lyon-tawny, light-dunne.*
Bestes fauves. *(A generall word for) all kind of Deere, wild Goats, and such like beasts.*

Fauveau: m. *A dunne horse; also, a Puffin, or Fork-fish.*
Tel estrille fauveau que puis le mord; Prov. *Some make but bad returne of a good turne; or, the ungratefull use those worst that have been best unto them.*

Fauveau. *Yellowish, darke yellow, dunne, somewhat fallow.*

Fauvette: f. *A yellowish bird somewhat lesse then the Nightingale, whereunto she resembles both in singing, and shape; some call her, a Linget.*
Fauvette rousse. *A certaine ruddy bird, which is no bigger then the end of a mans finger.*

Faux: m. *A beech-tree; also, falsehood, falsenesse, or a falsifying; Hence, the Crime tearmed among Lawyers;*
Le Faux. *Which is the falsifying of Writs, Instruments, or Evidences; and the bearing of false witnesse; and the coyning of false money; and the wilfull using of false weights, or measures.*

Faux à Connils. *A Clapper, or imperfect Warren of Conies.*

Faux du corps. *The Waste, or Middle.*

Le faux d'un harnois. *The part thereof thats next unto the Tasses; called so, because it is the weakest, or made the sleightest.*

Peine de faux. *Was, in ancient Rome, confiscation of goods, if the offendor were a freeman; and death, if a servant, or slave, by the Law* Cornelia: *But the Lawes of* France, *making no such difference, inflict Death, on all that forge Contracts, or beare false witnesse (in a Court of Justice;) or falsifie the Kings Chancery Letters, and Seales; and upon all Exchequer men, that have falsified Accompts, Rolls, Acquittances, or Discharges, &c.*

S' inscrire en faux. *is, to undertake, that an Evidence, &c. is false; or, to undertake, in a Court of Justice, to prove it false, or falsified; also, to accuse of, or charge with, falsehood, or falsenesse, any thing.*

Maintenir de faux. *To challenge, or except against, a Deed; to offer to prove it false, or forged;* (Celuy qui veut Maintenir de faux somme la partie que produit la piece, de declarer s'il s'en veut aider; & apres sa declaration de s'en aider, se fait l'inscription en faux contre la minute originale, laquelle l'accusé doit faire representer, & mettre au greffe.)

Faux: f. *as* Faulx; *a Sythe.*

Faux: m. fausse: f. *False. Looke* Fauls.

Faux. à faux. *(Adverbially) amisse, not rightly; to no purpose, vainely; and hence;*
Ce coup tomba à faux. *This blow was lost; or, hit not the intended place, but was defended, avoided, or put by.*

Faux-bond. *A false tricke, a faithlesse part, a treacherous pranke; a deceitfull, or cousening, action.*
Elle a fait vn faux-bond. *She hath played false, or trod her shooe awry.*

Faux-bourdon. *The drone of a Bag-pipe.*

Faux-bourgs: m. *The suburbes of a Town; whence;*
Iardin aux faux-bourgs vaut cent solz au rebours; Prov. *A Garden in the suburbs is worth a hundred pound backewards; (which divers of our fond citizens have to their cost found true.)*

Faux-feu. *A sayling, missing, or not taking of effect; a deceiving, or disappointing; also, a shrewd turne, or ill office, done under hand.*

Faux-marcher. *To step, or go awry; to set the foot ill in going; also, to slip, or stumble by such going.*

Faux-marchure: f. *A wrinch, or straine in a bone, or joynt of the foot, &c. got by a slip, or wry step.*

Fauxoiseau: m. *as* Fauperdrieux; *or (more generally) any ravenous bird which hath not the name of a Hawke.*

Faux-pas. *A false, or hollow peece of ground that sinkes under the feet in going; also, a slip, or misse in footing; a slipping, an error, a mistaking.*

Fauxperdriau. *as* Fauperdrieux.

Fayant: m. *A Beech tree.*

† Fayerie: f. *as* Féerie; *or, a fancie, imagination, illusion, or vision of Fairies.*

Fayfort: m. *A warranting of the goodnesse, and sufficiency of sale-ware; or, as* Le faict fort:

Faymidroict. *Base, or low jurisdiction; called so by the customes of* Solle.

Fays. *as* Fais. ¶ Langued.

Fayssle: f. *A swath-band for a child.* ¶ Langued.

Faziols: m. *Fasels, long Peason, Kidney Beanes, French Beanes, Romane Beanes.*

Fé: f. *as* Foy; *faith (an old word;)* par la fé Dieu; *(now turned by the countrey people into,* Par la feste Dieu*) by the faith I owe to God.*
Fé Dieu *(an Interjection of admiring;)* si telle chose advint onc. *Oh God man, or, Gods me, such a thing was never.*

Feable. *as* Feal. *Honest, trustie, faithfull; also, worthy of account, of reputation.*
Onction feable. *The pruning, or annointing which a Hawke gives her feathers, by the moisture she sucks from her Crupper.*

Feablement. *as* Fealement. *Honestly, loyally.*

Feage: m. *Fee simple; or, an inheritance, or house held in fee simple.*

Feal: m. ale: f. *Faithfull, trusty, loyall, true, honest.*

Fealement. *Faithfully, trustily, loyally, honestly.*

Fealté: f. *Fealty; fidelity, faithfulnesse, loyaltie, trustinesse.*

Feauté. *The same.*

Febé: m. *A double secret, or secret story; a thing hidden; (Originally, this is the word thats spoken, or, as a question demanded, in the Cake-choise of King and Queene at the latter end of Christmas, by him that would have a peece of the Cake.)*

Feble. *as* Foible. *Feeble, weake.*

Febricitant. *Sicke of an ague.*

Febrifique: com. *Ague-breeding; full of the feavour; aguish, apt for feavers.*

Febril: m. ile: f. *Feaverie; of a feaver; aguish, belonging to an ague.*

Febve: f. *A Beane.*
Febve Egyptiaque. *The Beane of Egipt; a water plant that beares a Rose coloured flower, and a very great leafe; (the fruit, or Beane, and the root thereof (tearmed by some,* Colocasia*) are medicinable, and no ill meat;) also, the fruit of the Lote tree.*
Febve espesse. *Orpine, Liblong, or Livelong; (an herb.)*
Febves frittes. *The Note, or Character ff in the Civill Law, signifying* Digesta; *(tearmed so by young Students.)*
Febve de mer. *A kind of hard, ruddy, and writhen shell-fish.*
Febves peintes. *French Beanes, or Beanes of* Rome; *as* Febves de Rome.
Febve Pontique. *as* Febve Egyptiaque.
Febve de porc. *The weed Henbane; so called in former times.*
Febves de Rome. *Kidney Beanes, Sprage Beanes, French Beanes, Phasels, or long Peason.*
Febve sauvage. *The wild Beane-plant, whose flowers be of a bright Crimson colour,*

colour, and whose peaſelike pulſe is moſt unſavory.

Bailleur de febves à my-croiſt. *A couſener, cheater, impoſter, deceiver, conycatcher.*

Comme vne febve en la gueule d'un Lion. *We ſay, like a Beane in a Monkes hood.*

Trouver la febve au gaſteau. *To find what one lookes for, to meet with a thing for his purpoſe.*

Quand les febves ſont flories les ſots commencent leurs folies ; Prov. *When Beanes do flower youth enters into folly.*

Febveux : m. euſe: f. *Beany, full of Beanes, yeelding Beanes.*

† Febvre : m. *A Blacke-ſmith.*

En forgeant on devient febvre ; Prov. *Continuall practiſe begets cunning.*

† Febrier : m. *as* Fevrier.

Fecal : m. ale : f. *Durty, dreggy, unſetled, unfined.*

La matiere fecale. *Dung, or excrements.*

Fece : f. *Lees, dregs, grounds ; any thicke ſubſtance ſetled in the bottome of liquor.*

Fecond : m. de : f. *Abundant, ranke, full, fertile, fruitfull, plentifull.*

Fecondement, *Fully, fertilly, fruitfully, abundantly.*

Feconder. *To make fertile, fruitfull ; ranke, abundant.*

Fecondité : f. *Fruitfulneſſe, fertility, ſtore, fulneſſe, plenty, abundance of fruits.*

Fecot : m. *The yongling of an Ewe (or of any other ſuch beaſt) newly come out of her belly.*

† Fecture. *as* Facture ; *The finiſhing, or making up of.*

Feculent : m. te : f. *Thicke, muddy, dreggy.*

Fée : f. *A Fairie.*

Feé : m. eée : f. *Fatall, appointed, deſtined ; alſo, taken, bewitched, or foreſpoken ; alſo, charmed, inchanted.*

† Féerie. Pat féerie. *Fatally, by deſtiny, by appointment of the Fairies.*

Fein : m. *Hay. See* Foin.

Feinct : m. cte : f. *Feigned, forged, ſuppoſed, &c. as* Fainct.

Feincte : f. *A ſmall, or yong Shad ; the river Pilchard.*

Feindre. *To feigne, diſſemble, forge, cog, foiſt, counterfeit, pretend, play the hypocrite, make falſe reſemblances, or offers ; alſo, to imagine, ſuppoſe, deviſe.*

Il feignoit à marcher. *He hung an arſe, dragd behind, came but ſlowly forward, or on.*

Se feindre. *To make ſhew of one thing, and do another ; to ſuffer of purpoſe his adverſary to prevaile againſt him ; to diſable himſelfe more then he needs ; to proceed coldly in a matter ; to come ſlowly forward ; to drag behind ; any way to forbeare, or do leſſe then he can do.*

Se feindre au train de derriere. *A beaſt to favour his hinder parts ; or, to halt behind.*

Sans ſe feindre. *Diligently, ſeriouſly, earefully, indeed, in very good earneſt, throughly, home.*

Feine : f. *Beech Maſte ; alſo, a kind of apple, the cyder whereof is of long continuance.*

Feinte : f. *An Apparition, or Phantaſme ; alſo, a dumbe ſhew ; alſo, one that repreſents, or acts it ; alſo, a Sharp, in Muſick.*

Feintement. *as* Faintement ; *faintly, fainingly.*

Feintiſe : f. *Diſſembling, feigning, cogging, &c. See* Faintiſe.

Feletin : m. *Flannen ; or, a ſtuffe like Flannen, whereof hangings are (ſometimes) made.*

Felice : com. *Happy, luckie, bliſſefull, proſperous, favorable ; alſo, good, fat, fertile, fruitfull, abundant in increaſe.*

Felicité : f. *Felicity, happineſſe, bliſſe, proſperity, great lucke, exceeding good fortune.*

Feliciter. *To make proſperous, happie, luckie.*

Feliciter avec vn de. *To rejoyce, or congratulate with one for.*

Felin : m. *A certaine weight ; (among Goldſmiths, ſeven graines, among Lapidaries, two carrats) alſo, the ſtuffe, or thin woollen cloth, called Wadmall.*

Felle. *A kind of fiſh-net, forbidden to be uſed.*

† Felle : com. *Fell, ſpightfull, diſdaineſull, cruell, fierce, furious, untractable, outragious.*

Felé : m. ée : f. *Crazed, cracked, flawed, a little riven, or broken.*

Felleure : f. *as* Fellure.

Felleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of bitterneſſe.*

Fellin. *as* Felin.

Fellon. *as* Felon.

Fellonie. *Looke* Felonnie.

Fellure : f. *A ſmall craze, cracke, or flaw (in a Jewell, Glaſſe, Pot, &c.) no bigger then a haire.*

Felon : m. *A ſickneſſe of the ſtomack, termed, the chollericke paſſion ; or, a flux (accompanied with vomiting) that proceeds of choller.*

Felon : m. ne : f. *Fell ; fellonious ; furious, deſpightfull, cruell, curſt, pitileſſe, harſh, rough, froward, untractable, outragious.*

Regard felon. *A grimme, ſterne, terrible, frowning, lowring, ſoure, miſchievous looke.*

Amour vainc tout fors que le cœur felon ; Prov. *Love conquers any thing but a fellonious heart.*

Felongne : f. *Sclandine the greater, Swallowes herb, Swallow-wort, Tettar-wort.*

Felonie : f. *as* Felonnie.

Felonnement. *Felly ; felloniouſly ; furiouſly, deſpightfully, cruelly, curſtly, harſhly, frowardly ; grimly, ſternely, ſourely, outragiouſly.*

Felonnie : f. *Fellneſſe, curſtneſſe, deſpightfulneſſe, ire, anger ; untractableneſſe, cruelty, unmercifulneſſe, outragiouſneſſe ; alſo, diſobedience ; treacherie, treaſon ; any ſuch hainous falſhood, or offence, committed by a vaſſall againſt his Lord, or by a ſubject againſt his Soveraigne, whereby he loſes, or is worthy to loſe, his eſtate.*

Felouque : f. *as* Falouque.

Felure : f. *A flaw, craze, or ſmall cracke.*

Femelin : m. ine : f. *Womaniſh, effeminate ; weake, tender, delicate.*

Femelle : f. *The female, or ſhee of man, or beaſt.*

Femelles. *The rings which beare up the Rudder of a ſhip ; we call them, Gudgeons.*

Femelle. *Female ; of the female ſex, or kind.*

Femellette : f. *A little female creature.*

Femier : m. *A Bayliſe, or overſeer of the husbandrie, in a gentlemans houſe.*

Feminin : m. ine : f. *Feminine ; or, as* Femelin ; *effeminate.*

Femme : f. *A woman ; a wife ; a female.*

Femme de chambre. *A Chamber-maid.*

Femme de corps. *A Villeneſſe, a woman of a ſervile condition.*

Pomme de belle femme. *The name of a certaine beautifull, delicate, and juicie apple.*

Follettes femmes. *The herbe Orage, or Orache.*

Sage femme. *A Midwife.*

En femme. *Effeminately, womaniſhly, woman-like, nicely, tenderly, daintily ; weakely (faintly, fearefully.*

Femme, argent, & vin, ont leur bien ; & leur venin : Pro. *A woman, coyne, and wine, have good, and bad things in them.*

Femme de bien vaut vn grand bien : Prov. *An honeſt woman is worth much.*

Femme bonne qui a mauvais mari a bien ſouvent le cœur marri ; Prov. *The good wife of a wilfull man hath many a wofull day ; The like is.*

Femme qui a mari mauvais a peu ſouvent le cœur en paix.

Femme bonne vaut vne couronne ; Pro. *A vertuous dame is worth a Diademe.*

Femme fiere en toute ſaiſon veut eſtre maiſtre de ſa maiſon ; Pro. *The proud ſhroe ſcornes to be a ſubject.*

Femme lechereſſe ne fera ia porée eſpaiſſe ; Pro. *Looke* Porée.

Femme mauvaiſe qui n'empire encore n'eſt elle pas la pire ; Pro. *An ill wife that growes not worſe is not of wives the worſt.*

Femme trop piteuſe faict ſa famille teigneuſe ; Pro. *The over gentle houſwife marres her houſhold.*

Femme ſe plaind, femme ſe deult, femme eſt malade quand elle veut ; Pro. *women lament, weepe, ſicken, when they liſt.*

Femme prudente, & ſage eſt l'ornement de ſon meſnage ; Pro. *Looke* Prudent.

Femme qui envis file porte chemiſe vile ; Pro. *Beggery, and naſtineſſe are the fruits of ill houswiverie, and lazineſſe.*

Femme qui ſes levres mord, & qui ſon alleure tord, ſe meſle du meſtier ord, ou fait à ſoy meſme tort ; Pro. *The wife that bites her lips and treads askue, is to her husband, or her ſelfe, untrue.*

Femme qui perd ſa honte eſt ſans eſtime, & conte ; Pro. *A woman that hath loſt her ſhame, hath loſt reſpect, eſteeme, good name.*

Femme rit quand elle peut, & pleure quand elle veut ; Pro. *A woman laughes when ſhe can, and weepes when ſhe will.*

Femme ſatre, & yvrongneſſe, de ſon corps n'eſt pas maiſtreſſe ; Pro. *Looke* Yvrongneſſe.

Femme ſage, & de façon de peu remplit ſa maiſon : Pro. *The wiſe, and well-behaved woman fils her houſe with little ; or, a woman wiſe, and provident, by thrift doth ſtocke her tenement.*

Femme ſotte ſe cognoiſt à la cotte ; Prov. *The fooliſh woman's by her weeds diſcerned ; the woman's garment ſhewes how fond ſhe is.*

De femme volage, & friande, En tout temps bon heur nous defende ; Prov. *Fom women light, and lickorous, good fortune ſtill deliver us.*

De toute femme qui ſe farde, donne toy ſoigneuſement garde ; Prov. *Let no womans painting breed thy ſtomackes fainting.*

Qui femme a noiſe a ; Prov. *Looke* Noiſe.

Qui femme croit, & Aſne meine ſon corps ne ſera ia ſans peine ; Prov. *(Belike becauſe the one is (ſometime) falſe, as the other is ever fooliſh.)*

Toutes les femmes ſe reſemblent ; Pro. *All women are (in good, or bad) alike.*

A peine cognoiſt on la femme, & le Melon ; Prov. *(The meaning is, untill they be broken, or cut up ; and, the outſide is often the beſt part of them.)*

A qui Dieu veut aider ſa femme luy meurt ; Prov. *The wife of him whom God will helpe ſoone dies.*

Aux receveurs les honneurs, & aux femmes leurs douleurs, Prov. *Receivers get preferment, fooliſh women pain ; or (as truly for the matter) womens paine brings them honour, Receivers honour breeds their paine.*

Beauté de femme faſcheux reſveille-matin ; Prov. *Looke* Reſveille-matin.

C'eſt folie de ſe prendre aux femmes, & aux beſtes ; Prov. *Het's madde that quarrels (with women, or beaſts.)*

Ce n'eſt rien, c'eſt vne femme qui ſe noye ; Prov. *'Tis no great matter though a woman drown her ſelfe.*

Chaſcun cuide avoir la meilleure femme ; Prov. *Every Ape thinkes her puppy the faireſt.*

Deux pots au feu ſignifient feſte, & deux femmes font la tempeſte ; Prov. *Two pots well fild are ſignes of a feaſt ; two women ill-wild of a ſtorme.*

Il faut acheter maiſon faicte, & femme à faire ; Prov. *(For by building is many a man undone ; and with a widow (if ſhe liſt) any man ſhall have enough to do)*

Il ne ſe faut fier ni à femme, ni au giron ; Prov. *Look* Giron.

Il n'eſt ſi bon que femme n'aſſotte ; Prov. *The beſt man may be aſotted on a woman.*

Les hommes donnent aux femmes ce qu'ils n'ont pas, & ne peuvent avoir ; Prov. viz. *Milke.*

Par trop trotter la poule, & la femme ſe perdent facilement ; Prov. *A gadding henne, and houſewife are ſoone loſt.*

Qui perd ſa femme, & cinq ſols c'eſt grand dommage de l'argent ; Prov. *He that loſes his wife, and ſix pence hath ſome loſſe by the money.*

Soleil qui luiſarne au matin, femme qui parle Latin, & Enfant nourry de Vin, ne viennent point à bonne fin ; Prov. *A learned woman ſeldome proves a a good one.*

Tout ce que Clerc labeure folle femme devore ; Prov. *All that the Clarke toyles for his Punke devours.*

Vn homme de paille vaut vne femme d'or ; Prov. *A man of ſtraw is worth a woman of gold (ſor rude, or violent purpoſes will ſome ſay.)*

Femmelette : f. *A pretie little wife, or woman.*

Femmette. *A little wife, low woman.*

Femois : m. *A certaine (forbidden) fiſh-catching Net, or Engine.*

Fenaiſon : f. *Hay time, Hay-harveſt, the ſeaſon wherin Hay is gotten.*

Fenaſſe ; f. *as* Sainct-foin.

Fenault : m. *A Hay-loft, or Hay-houſe.*

Fendant : m. *A ſlaſh, gaſh, wipe, great cut, or down-right blow ; alſo, a cutter, backſter, ſwaggerer, ſwaſhbuckler.*

A poincte, & à fendant. *Both thruſting, and ſtriking ; in all extremity ; by all means, every way.*

Fendant. *Cleaving, ſlitting, chapping, chopping, riving aſunder.*

Geler à pierres fendant. *To freeze extremely.*

Fendaſſe : f. *A cleft, riſt, chop, choane.*

† Fendement : m. *A cleaving, chopping, chapping, dividing, riving, or cutting aſunder.*

Fendeur : m. *A cleaver, ſlitter ; a river, a divider.*

Fendeur de naſeaux. *A cutter, ſwaggerer, ſwaſhbuckler.*

Fendillé : m. ée : f. *Cloven, riven, chapped, opened in, or broken into, ſmall riſts or chinks.*

Fendiller. *To cleave, rive ; chap, choane, open, or break, in ſmall chinks, or riſts.*

Fendre. *To cleave, ſlit ; rive ; divide, or cut, aſunder.*

Se fendre. *To cleave, rive, gape, chap, chinke, or choane ; to open, break, or get, aſunder of it ſelfe.*

Fendre l'ergot. *To run his countrey ; or, to run away.*

Fendre à noyau. *To take the eſſay of a Deere.*

Fendre les pieds à. *To runne away from.*

Il luy faudroit fendre les pieds, & l'envoyer paiſtre, comme vne pecore. *(Appliable to an unmannerly logarhead) he ſhould be turned to the hogs-trough ; or, ſent a grazing ; he is fitter to feed with beaſts then with men.*

Fendre le vent. *as* Fendre l'ergot.

Fendu : m. *The ſlit, or cloven ſide of a thing.*

Fendu : m. uë : f. *Cleft, ſlit, riven, cloven, divided, cut aſunder ; opened, or open ; gaping, chappy, full of cranies, full of choanes.*

Levre fenduë. *A Hares mouth ; See* Levre.

Oignon fendu. *A Scallion.*

Radis fendu. *The cleft Raddiſh, double Raddiſh, many-rooted Raddiſh.*

Bien fendu de gueule. *Wide-mouthed, ſparrow-mouthed, mouthed up to the eares.*

Fené : m ée : f. *Withered ; alſo, weatherd ; made as, or into, Hay.*

Il a fauché & fené. *He hath conſumed, or loſt all ; or, he is at his height, at his beſt ; he hath got all he will to get.*

Fener. *To make Hay, or make into Hay.*

Se fener. *To fade, wither, wax deadiſh ; to decay.*

Fenerateur : m. *An Vſurer.*

Feneration : f. *Vſury, or the practiſe therof.*

Feneratoire : com. *Vſurious.*

Feneſtrage : m. *Windowes ; or, the faſhion, ſeat, caſt, placing, or contrivement therof.*

Feneſtre : f. *A window.*

Feneſtre baſtarde. *A falſe window ; or faſhion of ſloping window (as in ſome ſhops) yielding a falſe light.*

Feneſtre dormante ; ou à voirre dormant. *A Dorre window, or cloſe window of glaſſe, &c.*

Feneſtre Flamende. *A five-cornered window of timber-work, bearing out, in the upper parts, from the roofe of a houſe, &c. and ſelled in the bottome, upon the height of the houſe wall.*

Pain de feneſtre. *Houſehold-bread ; wheaten-bread ; bread made of unboulted corne.*

Entrer par la feneſtre. *To come unto by indirect courſes, to enter the wrong way ; (whence belike we ſay that a baſtard came in at the window.)*

S'ils ne veulent paſſer par là qu'ils paſſent par la feneſtre. *If they will not take that courſe, let them doe worſe (or amiſſe) and ſpare not.*

Feneſtré : m. ée : f. *Windowed, having windowes, open, pierced.*

Feneſtrelle : f. *A little window.*

Feneſtrier : m. ere : f. *Belonging to a window ; alſo placed in, or looking out at, a window ; whence ;*

Fille feneſtriere, & trotiere rarement bonne meſnagere ; Prov. *Seldome proves gazer, or gadder, a good houſewife.*

Feneur : m. *A hay-maker.*

Feneux : m. euſe : f. *Hayie, full of hay.*

Fenicte. *A little Shad-fiſh.*

Fenier : m. *as* Fenil.

Fenil : m. *A hay-loft, hay-mowe, hay-houſe ; a Reek, or Stack of hay ; alſo, the Racke wherein hay is put.*

Fenné. *Withered, faded.*

Fenoil : m. *as* Fenouil. *Fennell.*

Fenons : m. *Rowles made of ſticks about a finger thicke, firſt wrapped in hay, or ſtraw, then within a piece of linnen, and applied unto broken thighes, or legges, about the ſplints, and bands, to ſettle them, and keep them in order ; outward ſplints.*

Fenouil : m. *The herbe Fennell ; alſo, the ſeed thereof.*

Fenouil de Barbarie. *Fennell giant, great Fennell, Barbary Fennell.*

Fenouil doux. *Sweet Fennell (in all reſpects bigger then the ordinary one, and therefore diſtinguiſhed from it.)*

Fenouil marin. *Rocke Sampire, Creſt-marin.*

Fenouil de porceau. *Sow-fennell, Hogs-fennell, Hore-ſtrange, Hore-ſtrong, Sulpher-wort, Brimſtone-wort.*

Fenouil Romain. *The herbe Anniſe, or anniſed.*

Fenouil ſauvage. *Wild-Fennell, horſe-Fennell, great Fennell.*

Fente : f. *A cleft, riſt, ſlifter, chinke, ſlit, crany, chap, choane.*

Fente en poil. *A cleft in a bone, as ſmall as any haire.*

Fenugrec : m. *The herbe, or ſeed, Fenigreeke.*

Feodal : m. ale : f. *Feodall ; of, or belonging to, a Fief ; alſo, held (by homage and fealty) as a Fief ; alſo, poſſeſſing divers fiefs ; Looke* Feudal.

Seigneur feodal. *A Lord Paramont, or chiefe Lord; one of whose fiefs divers other fiefs are held, by homage and fealty.*

Cela nous appartient par forfaiture du Seigneur feodal. *We have no possibility of right unto that.*

Feodalité: f. *The estate of a Feodall, or chiefe Lord; the possession of, or Seigniory over, divers fiefs, feudalitie, or feodality; also, a tenure in fief; or, by homage and fealty.*

Feodé: m. ée: f. *Infeoffed; given unto in fief; also, held in fief, or in fee.*

Sergent feodé. *Looke* Sergent.

Fer: m. *Iron; also, the head of a Pike, Launce, Arrow, &c. also, the tag of a Point.*

Fers. *Shackles, fetters, boults, irons; also, horse-shooes.*

Fer d'archail. *Iron-wire.*

Fer blanc. *White Lattin.*

Fer de cheval. Vn fer de cheval. *A horse-shooe;* Le fer de cheval. *A kind of Axseed, or small Pulse, called Horse-shooe.*

Fer de guerre. *The steely, and sharpe head of a Pike, Launce, or horsemans staffe.*

Fer maillé. Feneſtre à fer maillé. *An Iron-grated window, whose barres are not (or ought not to be) above foure inches asunder.*

Fer de moulin. *A Mill-ring, or Mill-rind; called by Heraldś, an Inkmoline.*

Fer à ravaler. *A Tanner, or Leather-dressers shaving knife, beame knife, or working knife.*

Fer de richard. *as* Fil d'archal; *or, great Iron wire.*

Fer de rochet. *A Burre; or, the blunt, or dulled head of a tilting staffe.*

Vieux fers. *Old Iron; old, or broken things of Iron; also, old rags; any over-worne trash.*

A fer eſmoulu. *Extremely; or, in good earnest. Look* Eſmoulu.

Entre deux fers. *In equall ballance; of a like, or just weight, of the same substance, quality, proportion, goodnesse.*

Elle n'a eu fer à Pied. *She is untainted, pure, undefiled, she hath not yet beene manned; shee hath not yet beene broken up.*

Batre le fer. *To play at blunt, or at foyles.*

On frotte tant le fer qu'a la fin il s'eſchauffe; Prov. *Cold Iron by much rubbing will grow hot; Appliable unto a dull spirit, which by much urging enters into choller.*

Fere: f. *A wild beast.*

Fercules: m. *The things whereon Images, or Pageants are carried; also, Beeres for dead men.*

Fereluche. *as* Freluche; *a moat, &c.*

Feri: m. ie: f. *Hit, stricken, wounded, hurt.*

Feriage. *as* Feage.

Ferial: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, a holy-day; idle, resting, vacant, unoccupied; also, jocond, merry, pleasant; also, ridiculous.*

Vn ferial beuveur. *A square drinker, a faithfull drunkard; one that will take his liquor soundly.*

Feriat: m. *A vacation time; an idle, or play-day.*

Feries: f. *Holy-dayes, festivall-dayes, resting-dayes, idle times, Wakes, Vacations, or vacant seasons; properly such holy-dayes as Monday and Tuesday in Easter week, &c.*

Ferin: m. ine: f. *Wild, savage, beastly, cruell.*

Ferir. *To hit, strike; wound, hurt.*

Mal iouë qui hert la iouë; Prov. *Hee makes but ill sport whose play tends to hurt.*

Fermage: m. *Farmage; the profit made of, revenue comming in by, a farme.*

Fermail: m. *The claspe of a booke, &c.*

Fermaille: f. *A small buckle, or claspe.*

Feneſtre à fermaille. *A window that shuts with a haspe; or (in stead of, à fer maillé) as in* Fer.

Fermaillé: m. ée: f. *Buckled; hasped; clasped; also, garnished, or set thick with small buckles.*

Fermailler: m. *A Buckle-maker, or Claspe-maker.*

Fermailler. *To buckle, haspe, claspe; also, to set, or garnish with small buckles.*

Fermaillet: m. *A Carkanet, or border of gold, &c. such as Gentlewomen weare about their heads, or hoods; also, an inchaunted image, collar, or chayne, worne about the neck, as a preservative against poyson, witchcraft, wounds, &c. also, a small buckle, or claspe.*

Fermance: m. *A certain officer within the jurisdiction of* La Solle.

Fermant: m. *A buckle, haspe, or claspe; also, a shutter; any thing that (surely) binds, fastens, closes.*

Fermant. *Shutting, stopping up, closing, sealing, locking, fastning, making up.*

†Fermative: f. *An affirmation, asseveration, or protestation of right unto a thing in controversie, made before a Judge, by him that pretends it.*

Ferme: f. *A Farme, or Lease; a thing farmed; a Toll, Rent, Manner, or Demesne in farme; also, the farming thereof, or an estate therein by farme, or lease; also, a farme, or farme-house in the country; also, as* Fermative.

Les fermes du Roy. *Those parts of his Revenue, or Demesne, which may be let out.*

Ferme: com. *Firme, stable, sure, fast, steady, setled, certain, assured; constant, stedfast; also, decreed, ratified, confirmed, established.*

Faire ferme. *To stand still; to make a stop, or stand; also, to stop, cause to stop, make to stand (faire ferme à.)*

Fermé: m. ée: f. *Closed, shut, fastned, locked, sealed up; inclosed, kept in; made up.*

Ferme, Adverb. (*as* Fermement;) *and hence;* Ferme à ferme *(in Horsmanship) any Aire done in a little roome, and a just time.*

Fort & ferme. *Very hard, very much, amaine, stiffely; extremely, excessively, exceedingly; fiercely, violently, vehemently; assuredly, confidently.*

† Fermeille: f. *as* Fermaille.

†Fermeillet: m. *as* Fermaillet.

Fermement: m. *A closing, shutting, fastning, locking, sealing, making up.*

Fermément. *Firmely, fastly, surely, steadily; soundly; certainly, assuredly; constantly, stedfastly.*

Fermentation: f. *A fastning, setling, assuring; also, a fermentation; a raising, as of paste with leaven, a leavening; also, a working, as of ale or beere; also, an infusion, or infusing; a setting, or letting stand, divers simples together, in the Sun, over a furnace, or among horse dung, untill they be fully incorporated, or their substances throughly mingled.*

Fermenté: m. ée: f. *Setled, fastned, assured; wrought; raised, as beere, or bread; also, infused, steeped.*

Fermenter. *To settle, fasten, assure, make firme; also, to worke, as ale or beere; also, to infuse; or lie steeping; as in* Fermentation.

Fermenter la paſte. *To leaven it; or, to make it rise, as leaven doth.*

Fermer. *To shut, stop, close, locke, seale, fasten, or make up; also, (a demandant, and defendant) to affirme, or protest before a Judge, holding their hands within his, that they have good right unto the thing they sue for.*

† Fermeſſe: f. *as* Fermeté.

Fermeté: f. *Stability, steadinesse, firmenesse; constancie, stedfastnesse; certainty, sureneſſe, assurednesse; also, a fortresse, or place of strength.*

Fermeture: f. *A closing, shutting, fastning, locking up, or in; also, the end of a place (for where it is shut up, it endeth;) also, the claspes of a booke.*

Fermeur: m. *A shutter, closer, fastner, locker, stopper, maker up of.*

Fermeure: f. *as* Fermement.

Fermier: m. *A Farmer; a Lessee; also, a chiefe Hind, or Husbandman; a Baylife, or Overseer of another mans Husbandrie.*

Fermier du Revendage du Roy. *Looke* Revendage.

Fermier: m. ere: f. *Farming; taking to, or enjoying by, farme.*

Prevoſt fermier. *A certain Officer, who had all publique fines and amerciaments, and was (before* Charles *the eights time) Judge of all causes, and controversies raised by reason of his Office.*

Sergent fermier. *That hath farmed his place (which by Law he should not doe.)*

Fermoirs: m. *The claspes of a booke; or, as* Fremoirs.

Fernel: m. *A certain beame in the prow of a ship.*

Feroce: com. *Cruell, fierce, curst, untractable; hard-hearted, sterne, rigorous, austere.*

Ferocité: f. *Fiercenesse, cruelty, untractablenesse, rigour, austerity, sternenesse.*

Feronnier: m. *An Iron-monger.*

Ferrage: m. *The shooing of horses; also, any worke, of, or working in, Iron.*

Droict de ferrage. *Look* Droict.

Ferraille: f. (*Old*) *Iron worke; Iron implements, Iron tooles.*

Ferrailles. *Old Iron.*

Cette ferraille de moines. *These old, rusty, out-cast Monkes.*

Ferrailleries: f. *Iron worke, implements, or tooles.*

Ferran: m. *as* Aguillade.

Ferrandier: m. *A dresser of Hempe.*

Ferrant. *Shooing a horse, &c. whence;*

Mareſchal ferrant. *A farrier.*

Ferraſſe: f. *The smooth, and long-tayld Skate, called, the Fork-fish; also, the coursest of Hempe, Swinglesoot herds, coarse Towe.*

Ferrat. *Shod (as a horse with Iron.)*

Barbe raſe pied ferrat ; Prov. *Looke* Barbe.

Ferré : m. ée : f. *Shod (as a horſe with Iron ;) alſo, covered, headed, tipped, or bound about, with Iron ; alſo, hard, obdurate, ſtiffe, ſtubborne, obſtinate.*

Ferré à glace. *Shod, or ſhod with Froſt nailes ; hence alſo, ſteady footed, ſure of foot, ſeldome ſlipping, never failing, or falling.*

Gofier ferré à glace. *A paved mouth. See* Gofier.

Eau ferrée. *Wherein a piece of hot Iron, or Steele, hath been quenched.*

Mangeur de charrettes ferrées. *A terrible buffe, ſnuffe, ſcar-crow, braggadochio.*

Il n'y a cheval ſi bien ferré qui ne gliſſe ; Pro. *The wiſeſt erre; the beſt offend; he that hath ſureſt footing ſometimes fals.*

Ferrement : m. *An inſtrument, or toole of Iron.*

Ferrements de la Meſſe. *The ornaments, implements, or inſtruments, belonging to the Maſſe.*

† Ferrementiporte. *A wandering Prieſt that ever carries about with him thoſe ornaments, or implements ; alſo, a carrier of tooles, or beads of ſpeares, or blades of weapons.*

Ferrer. *To ſhooe a horſe, &c. alſo, to cover, head, or bind about with Iron.*

Ferrer vne ceincture. *To ſet buckles unto a girdle.*

Ferrer les cigales. *To ſpend the time in trifling ; to undertake a fooliſh buſineſſe ; to loſe time altogether.*

Ferrer la mule à. *To bring in an extraordinary, or falſe reckoning unto ; any way to play the cloſe thiefe with.*

Ferrer les oyes. *as,* Ferrer les cigales.

Il eſt fort difficile à ferrer. *He is very ſtubborne, ſelfe-willie, unruly, froward ; he will hardly be tamed ; he will carry no coales.*

Ferret : m. *The tag of a point.*

Ferreur : m. *A flax-combe, or hatchell (of Iron.)*

Ferreux : m. euſe : f. *Of Iron, as hard as Iron.*

Ferriere : f. *A kind of big Dutch Leatherne bottle ; alſo, a place to keep Iron in ; alſo, a powch to put horſe-nailes in ; or a great caſe, or powch of leather (cloſed, as a Portemantue, with chaine, and locke) wherein tooles for the ſhooing of horſes are kept, and carried ; alſo, a kind of Adamant.*

Ferronnerie : f. *An Iron-mill, or forge ; alſo, an Ironmongers ſhop.*

Ferronnier : m. *An Ironmonger ; one that ſels unwrought Iron in Barres, &c.*

Ferruginoſité : f. *Ruſt of Iron.*

Ferrumination : f. *A ſouldering, cimenting, faſtning together, properly, in matters of Iron*

Ferrure : f. *The ſhooing of horſes ; or, as* Ferrement ; *alſo, Iron-worke.*

Fers. *Look* Fer.

Fertile : com. *Fertile, fruitfull, abundant, ſul, rank, batle, ſtore-bringing, much-yielding*

Fertilement. *Fertilly, fruitfully, abundantly, rankly, plenteouſly.*

Fertilité : f. *Fertility, fruitfulneſſe, rankneſſe, fulneſſe, fatneſſe ; plenty, ſtore, abundance.*

Fertilizé : m. ée : f. *Fertilized, made fertile, or fruitfull, &c.*

Fertilizer. *To make fruitfull, fertile, rank, abundant ; alſo, to increaſe, grow fertile, fruitfull, &c.*

Feru : m. uë : f. *Struck, hurt, hit, wounded, beaten, knockt.*

Mal feru. *A malander in the bought of a horſes knee.*

Nerf feru. *In a man ; the diſeaſe of frenzie or madneſſe ; in a horſe ; a ſinew ſprung in his knee, or other joynt.*

Ferve. par ferve. *According to, after the rate of.* ☞ Bourbonnois.

Fervement. *Fervently, hotly, ardently, earneſtly, eagerly, fiercely, vehemently.*

Fervent : m. ente : f. *Fervent, hot, ardent, ſcaulding, ſcorching, burning ; chafed ; eager, angry, fierce ; vehement, earneſt.*

Ferveſti, &, Ferveſtu. (*Old words*) *clad in, or armed with, iron.*

Ferveur : m. *Fervor, fervencie ; heat, burning, ardor, anger, violence ; haſtineſſe ; vehemence, eagerneſſe, earneſtneſſe.*

Ferulacé. *Round ; alſo, of the kind of the herbe Ferula.*

Ferule : f. *A Ferula, or Paulmer uſed in Schooles for correction ; alſo, the herbe Ferula, Sagapene, Fennell Giant ; alſo, a reed, or cane.*

Ferules. *Splents for broken legs, armes, fingers, &c.*

Ferun : m. *Rankneſſe, rammiſhneſſe ; extreme, or ſtrong unſavorineſſe.*

Ferure : f. *A ſtroke, hit, ſtriking, hitting.*

Feſlé. *Crazed ; as* Felle.

Feſſe : f. *A buttocke ; a haunch ; a breech, or one ſide of the breech.*

La feſſe tonduë. *Bare-breecht ; that hath not a rag to cover his taile withall.*

Commere de feſſes. *A goſſip for the buttacks, an arſe goſſip, a goſſipping bawd.*

Corrumpu comme la feſſe d'vn Poſtillon. *Seek* Poſtillon.

N'y aller que d'vne feſſe. *To go ſlackly, or unwillingly to work ; to work by halves.*

Il cerche trop bas la Charité qui fouille prés des feſſes ; Prov. *'Tis an untoward charity that's groped for neere to the buttocks.*

Feſſé : m. ée : f. *Breeched, ſcutched, jerked ; whipt, or beaten on the buttocks.*

Feſſeau. *as* Faiſceau.

Feſſe-breviaire : m. *A Prieſt that quickely whips over, or mumbles up, his Breviary ; any one that ſayes over his ordinary prayers too faſt.*

Feſſe-cul. *A Pedanticall whip-arſe.*

Feſſée : f. *A ſcutch on the breech, a laſh on the buttocks, a jerke on the poſteriorums.*

Feſſe-matthieu. *An Uſurer ; a Banker ; a Returner, or letter out of money, upon intereſt, or by exchange.*

Feſſe-pain. *A great eater of bread.*

Feſſe-pinte. *A tipler, bibber, quaffer, cankiller, pot-whipper, faithfull drunkard.*

Feſſer. *To breech, beat, whip, ſcourge, on the buttocks.*

Feſſes : f. *The buttocks, the breech, the bumme. Look* Feſſe.

Feſſe-tonduë. *A bawdy companion, a notable whipſter ; or, a knaviſh Epithite for a ſmell-ſmocke. Look* Feſſe ; (*for it hath alſo another ſence.*)

Feſſeur. *A whipper, ſcourger, breecher.*

Feſſier : m. ere : f. *Belonging to the breech, or buttocks.*

Muſcles feſſiers. *Three muſcles in the breech, a great, middle, and little one; all which doe ſerve to ſtretch out the thigh.*

† Feſſiffier. *To worke, doe, or play with the buttocks ; to teacher it.*

Feſſu : m. uë : f. *Fat bumd, well-breeched, great buttocke.*

Feſt. *as* Faiſte ; *whence ;*

Gibet à feſt. *A gibet that hath a topping, or chaplet made over it.*

Feſtage. *An yearly duty paid unto certaine Lords for every roofe, ridge, or houſe-top within their juriſdiction, or Seigneury ; alſo, a feaſting, or feaſts due by certain Prelates unto their Chapters.*

Feſtard : m. arde : f. *Sluggiſh, drowſie, lazie ; dull, ſlow ; faint-hearted.*

Feſtardiſe : f. *Sloth, ſluggiſhneſſe, drowſineſſe ; alſo, dulneſſe, ſlowneſſe ; cowardiſe, faint-heartedneſſe ; (bred by ſloth.)*

Feſte : m. *The ridge, or top of a houſe. Look* Faiſte.

Feſte : f. *A feaſt ; a holy-day ; a feſtivall day ; (Look* Fe.*)*

Feſte à baſton. *A publique feaſt, whereat all the companies of an incorporate Town goe in (a kind of) Proceſſion.*

La feſte Dieu. *Corpus Chriſti day.*

La feſte des feſtes. *Palme-Sunday.*

La feſte des morts. *All-ſoules day.*

La guerre eſt la feſte des morts ; Prov. *warre is the dead mans holy-day.*

Feſtes au palais. *Such holy-dayes as are not Hall-dayes.*

La feſte des rameaux. *Palme-Sunday.*

La feſte des Rois. *The Epiphany, or Twelfth day in Chriſtmas.*

La feſte du Sacré. *The Coronation day ; or the feaſt of the dedication of a Pariſh Church, &c.*

La feſte de tous Saincts. *All-Saints, All-hallow-maſſe, All-hallow day.*

La paix eſt la feſte de tous Saincts ; Prov. *Peace is the holy mans holy-day.*

Les feſtes du village. *Wakes ; Ales ; Plough-mens feaſts, or holy-dayes.*

La petite feſte dieu. *The Octaves of, or, ſome eight dayes after, Corpus Chriſti day.*

Chanter devant la feſte. *To triumph before the victory.*

Eſtre bien avant de feſte. *To live merrily, or in jollity.*

Faire feſte à. *To flatter, ſmooth, fawne on, make faire weather unto.*

Faire feſte de. *To joy in, rejoyce at, be glad of ; to brag, boaſt, be proud, make much, of.*

Apres la feſte & le Ieu, les pois au feu ; Prov. *After feaſting and jollity, ſobrietie.*

Apres la feſte on grate la teſte ; Pro. (*viz. After a feaſt made.*)

Crinons en teſte gaſtent la feſte ; Prov. *One humorous, or diſcontented gueſt marres a whole feaſt.*

Deux pots au feu ſignificent la feſte, & deux femmes font la tempeſte ; Prov. *Two pots oth' fire a feaſt, two women a ſtorme, portend.*

Le fol reſte apres la feſte ; Prov. *The foole doth reſt after a feaſt ; or (more properly) after a feaſt once made a foole for ever.*

Les

Les grillons gaſtent la feſte; Prov. *See* Grillons.

Il n'eſt pas touſiours feſte; Pro. *Feaſts laſt not alwayes; or, we muſt not alwaies thinke to feaſt it; every day is not ſunday (ſay we.)*

Feſté : m. ée : t. *Feſtivall, kept holy; feaſted.*

Feſter. *To feaſt it; keepe holy-day, make a vacation.*

† Feſtide. *as* Faſcherie.

† Feſtier. *as* Feſtoyer.

Feſtiere : f. *A ridge-tile; or (being turned) a gutter-tile. See* Faiſtiere.

Feſtin. *A feaſt, or banquet.*

Droict de feſtin. *Looke* Feſtage.

Il a eſté au feſtin de Martin baſton. *He hath had a tryall in Stafford Court, or hath received Jacke Drums entertainement.*

Feſtination : f. *Feſtination, ſpeed, haſte, quick proceeding.*

Feſtivant. *A feaſter, or feaſt-maker,*

Feſton : m. *A garland, bundle, or border of fruits, and flowers; eſpecially in graven, or imboſſed works; alſo, a noſegay.*

Feſtondienne. (*as much as*) Par la feſte de dieu; *corruptly; or by one that dares not ſweare out.*

Feſtoyant : m. *A feaſter, or he that feaſts.*

Feſtoyant : m. ante : f. *Feaſting, banquetting; cheriſhing, making very much of.*

Feſtroyement. *A feaſting, banquetting; a cheriſhing, or kind entertaining of.*

Feſtoyer. *To feaſt, banquet, intertaine with feaſts, and banquets; to cheriſh, uſe kindly, make much of; alſo, to celebrate an holy-day.*

Feſtu : m. *A feſkue; a ſtraw, ruſh, little ſtaulke, or ſticke, uſed for a feſkue.*

Foible comme vn feſtu. *As weake as a ruſh; or (as we ſay) water.*

Coigner Feſtus. *To ſpend the time very fooliſhly; or to loſe it altogether.*

Ie n'en donneroye pas vn feſtu. *I value it not of a ruſh; I would not give a ſtraw for it.*

Rompre le feſtu avec. *To fall out, or at oddes with a freind.*

Profit ſans vertu ne vaut vn feſtu; Prov. *Diſhoneſt gaine's not worth a chip; or, no ſcoundrell to the unhoneſt rich man.*

Feſtuſer. *See* Fetuſer.

Fetardiſe : f. *Sloth, cowardiſe; as* Feſtardiſe.

Feteur : f. *Stinch, filthineſſe, ill ſmell, or ſavor.*

Fetide : com. *Stinking, filthie, ill-ſmelling.*

Fetiſſe. liqueurs fetiſſes. *Made, or compounded liquors.*

Feton. *as* Feſton; *Alſo, the frush, or middle of the ſole of a horſes foot.*

Fetuſé : m. ée : f. *Touched, or wiped over with a feskue; alſo, tickled by ſuch a touching.*

Fetuſer. *To touch, or wipe over with a feskue; alſo, to tickle, by touching with a feskue.*

Feu : m. *Fire; alſo, as* Foüage; *(alſo a houſe, or family, in old French;) alſo, light.*

Le feu. *A kind of light, (neere a foot long) made of old clouts ſteeped in tallow, and writhen like a torch; wherewith Fowlers catch Duckes, Teales, Pochards, &c. in the night; alſo, a ſcab, tetter, or ſcurfe among cattle.*

Feu S. Anthonie. *Saint Anthonies fire; a ſwelling (full of heat and redneſſe) that beginnes of a bliſter; and growes to a ſcab, or ſore, like a tetter; and in the end mortifies the part (eſpecially the bone) it hath ſeiſed on.*

Feu ardent. (*as* Coulevrée blanche.) *White Brionie, wild Nep, Tetter-bervie; The Wallons (ſayes Gerard) call Garden Nightſhade,* Feu ardent.

Feu de behourdis. *A bond-fire.* (v. m.)

Le feu des eſpagnols. *A hot, ſcorching, or ſhining Sunne.*

Feu Gregeois. *Wild-fire; or the beſt kinde thereof; ſuch as will burne within the water, &c.*

Feu d'Helene. *as* Feu S. Herme.

Feu S. Herme. *Saint Helens, or S. Hermes fire; a meteor that often appeares at ſea; Looke* Furole.

Feu S. Marcel; ou, feu Martial; *as* feu S. Anthonie.

Feues miſiles. *Squibs; or, any fireworks throwne to a miſchievous end.*

Feu Perſien. *An inflamed; and painefull impoſtumation, the bloud or matter whereof being very thin, makes it looke almoſt as if it ſhined: ſome call it, the bolie fire; the Grecians,* Eryſipelas.

Feu de riqueraque. le mau fin feu de riqueraque. *Wild-fire; or as* Feu Perſien.

Les feus du Roy. *An yearely revenew of* ijs. Pariſis *paid unto the King by the inhabitants of divers villages in the Provoſtſhip of* Laon, *thereby exempted from certaine Appeales*

Feu Sacré. *Looke* Sacré; *or, as* Feu Perſien.

Feu ſauvage. *The ſhingles, running-worme, or wild-fire.*

Feu volage. *A ring-worme, or tetter.*

Pierre à feu. *A flint-ſtone; alſo, the Marcaſite, or fire-ſtone.*

Artiſer le feu avec l'eſpée. *To provoke an angrie, or angred perſon.*

Avoir le feu à la teſte. *To be hot, haſtie, cholericke, fierce, furious; alſo, to be forward, hazardous, adventurous.*

Avoir les pieds au feu. Il ſemble qu'il ait les pieds au feu. *Said of one that in a reſtleſſe humor, will not ſettle, or cannot ſit ſtill, any where.*

Iecter le feu par la gorge. *To ſpit fire; to be in a great furie, fume, chafe; or, to keepe a terrible ſwaggering, a horrible ſtirre.*

Ie n'iroye pas du banc au feu. *I would not ſtep over the doore, I would not move one foot, for it.*

I'en mettray le doigt au feu. *I dare anſwer for, I may preſume on, I am aſſured of, it.*

Verſer de l'huyle ſur le feu. *To adde fuell to the fire, ſay we (better acquainted with wood then with oyle) to furniſh a violent paſſion, or humor, with a matter to worke on.*

Vivre à pot, eſt à feu avec. *See* Pot.

Le feu eſt bon en tout temps; Prov. (*Belike it ſhould be,* le bon feu; *for fire ſometimes does miſchiefe too much.*)

Le feu eſt demie vie de l'homme; Pro. (*And worth his whole life unto him; for without it either he cannot live, or ſhall do very little.*)

Le feu plus couvert eſt le plus ardant; Pro. *The more that fire is kept diverne the more it burns; ſuppreſſed heat workes vehemently.*

Il n'eſt feu que de gros bois; Pro. *Great wood makes the beſt fire.*

A mour de putain feu d'eſtoupe; Pro. (*The expoſition is*) qui luit fort, & dure peu.

En petite cheminée fait on bien grand feu; Pro. *Men ſometimes make great fires in little chimneys (to their coſt.)*

Qui a affaire de feu le doit cercher; &, Qui a beſoign de feu le cerche avec le doigt; Pro. *He that wants neceſſaries muſt take any paines for them.*

Tortuë buſche fait droict feu; Prov. *The crooked log makes a ſtraight fire.*

Verde buſche fait chaud feu; Prov. *Looke* Buſche.

Feu : m. Feuë : f. *Dead, deceaſed, departed.*

Feu mon pere. *My late Father.*

Feüaige : m. *as* Foüage.

Feuchere. *as* Feuchiere.

Feuchiere : f. *Fearne, brakes.*

Feuchiere aquatique. *Water, Fearne, Oſmund, Oſmund royall, Oſmund the waterman, S. Chriſtophers herb.*

Feuchiere des cheſnes. *Oake-fearne, petty fearne, moſſe-fearne, pild Oſmund.*

Feuchiere Femelle. *She-fearne, female fearne, common fearne, brakes.*

Feuchiere maſle. *Male fearne, great fearne.*

Feudal : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Fief, Manor, Fee, or Fee ſimple; alſo, held in fief, or in fee; alſo, holding divers Fiefs.*

Cour feudale. *A Court Leet, or Baron; the Lords Court, whereto his vaſſalls, and tenants owe ſuit and ſervice.*

Homme feudal. (*Signifies both*) *a Lord that hath tenants holding of him; and (the more Commonly) a vaſſall or tenant.*

Rettaict feudal. *The power of redemption which a Land-lord hath by the privilege of his Seigneurie.*

Seigneur feudal. *A Lord Paramount, or chiefe Lord.*

Fief de condition feudale. *A Fee ſimple, or, an abſolute, and hereditarie fief; (for ſome fiefs deſcend not.)*

Feudalité : f. *as* Feodalité; *eſpecially in the laſt ſence.*

Feudataire : com. *Owing fealtie, holding by fealtie; alſo, held by fealtie, or, held of another.*

Feve. *as* Febue; *A Beane.*

† Feverondes : f. *The eaves, or eaſings of a houſe.*

Feugiere. *Fearne.*

Feugiere de cheſnes. *The hearbe Oake-fearne, pettie fearne, pild Oſmund.*

Feville, &, Feuillée. *See* Fueille, & fueillée.

Feuillure. *See* Fueillure.

Feultre : m. *Felt; a felt, a peece of felt; Looke* Feutre.

Feultré : m. ée : f. *Made of felt; covered with, or, as with, felt.*

Feultrer. *To make of, cover with, felt.*

Feulu. *as* Fueillu.

Feur : m. *The coſt and charge a husbandman is at in the tilling, and reaping of his ground; alſo, as* Foire; *a Faire; alſo, a rate, or price ſet on a thing; and hence;*

'A feur de. *According to, after the rate or proportion of.*
Au feur l'emplage. *The ſame.*
Si boute tel feur telle vente. *Looke* Bouter.
Fevre: m. *A Blackſmith. Look* Febvre.
Fevrier: m. *(The Moneth) February.*
La farine de Fevrier. *Snow.*
Fevrier le court pire de tous; Prov. *Becauſe it is commonly the fouleſt; and thereupon we call it, Fill-dike.*
Au jour d'huy Fevrier demain Chandelier; Prov. *Look* Chandelier.
Pluye de Fevrier vaut eſgout de fumier; Prov. *Wee ſay, Aprill ſhowers bring in May flowers.*
Toute Chatte a ſon Fevrier; Prov. *Every dog hath his day (ſay we) or (more properly) every woman hath her wanton fit.*
Feurmariage. *as* Formariage. ¶ Bourgognois.
Feurolles. *Night-fires; Look* Furole.
Feurre. *as* Foarre; *Straw.*
Vn Seigneur de feurre combat bien vn vaſſal d'acier. *Look* Seigneur.
Feurs. *The Plurall unto* Feur; *onely in the two firſt ſences.*
Feuſtre. *as* Feultre; *Or the thick, hairen, and felt-like ſtuffe, uſed by Sadlers for ſtuffing, or in ſtiffnings.*
† Feutraict. *A man drawn out of his countrey, bounds, or borders; alſo, wine, corne, or ſuch commodities taken thence.*
Feutre: m. *Felt; alſo, a filter; a piece of felt, or thick woollen cloth to diſtill, or ſtraine things through.*
Feutré: m. ée: f. *Wrought thick, as felt; alſo, ſtuffed, or ſtiffened, with felt.*
Feutré d'herbe. *Set thick, or overgrowne, with graſſe.*
† Feyturage: m. *A charme, or inchantment.*
Fez. *as* Faix; *A burden.*
Fi. (*An Interjection;*) et fi fi va t'en d'icy; *Fie upon thee, get thee hence, I cannot abide thee. Look* Fy.
Maiſtre fi fi. *A Gold-finder, Dung-farmer, cleanſer of jakes, ſeyer of privies.*
Fiable: com. *as* Feable; *Truſtie; or credulous, that eaſily truſteth.*
Fiacre. *The name of a Saint.*
Fic, & Fil S. Fiacre. *Look* Fic, & Fil.
Mal S. Fiacre. *A kind of ſcab, or great wart in the fundament; or in a womans privities.*
Fiançailles: f. *A publique betrothing of a couple before their full mariage; (and ſometimes) alſo, mariage it ſelfe; whence;*
Fiançailles chevauchent en ſelle, & repentailles en croupe; Prov. *Repentance ſits full cloſe (or dwels next doore) to mariage.*
Fiance: f. *Truſt, credit, affiance, aſſurance, confidence.*
'A ma fiance. *Upon my word.*
Fiancé: m. ée: f. *Affianced, betrothed, handfaſt, promiſed, ſure unto.*
Fiancé à la corde. *Condemned, or deſtined, unto the gallowes; for whom the gallowes grone.*
Fiancer. *To affiance, betroth, promiſe, make faſt, aſſure, unto.*
Fianſailles: f. *A publique betrothing of man and woman before full mariage. Looke* Fiançailles.
se Fiant. *Truſting, believing, hoping on, or in; intruſting unto, committing to the truſt of.*
Fiat: m. *Truſt, aſſurance, affiance.*
Fibres: f. *The ſmall ſtrings, or haire-like threads of roots; alſo, the fibers, threads, or ſtrings of muſcles, and veines; in Lincolne-ſhire they are tearmed Cheyres.*
Fibreux: m. euſe: f. *Fibrous; full of haire-like threads, or ſtrings.*
Fic: m. *A certain ſcab, or hard, round, and red ſore, in the fundament, called alſo,* Fic S. Fiacre.
Ficelle: f. *Packthread.*
Fiche: f. *A Gardeners dible, or ſetting iron.*
Par ma fiche. *By my fey.*
Planter à la fiche. *See* Planter.
Fiché: m. ée: f. *Fixed, faſtned, ſetled; thruſt, planted, ſet faſte in, firme, ſteady, ſure, ſticking faſt in; alſo, decreed, eſtabliſhed, reſolved on.*
Croix fichée. *A croſſe Fitchet (in Heraldrie.)*
Fichemént: m. *A fixing, faſning, ſetting, ſetling.*
Fichément. *Fixedly; ſetledly.*
Fiche-pain. *The vermine called an Eare-wig; ſome alſo call ſo the Wood-louſe.*
Ficher. *To fix, faſten, ſettle; to drive, ſtick, ſet, thruſt, plant faſt, or ſarre in.*
Fichet. arbre de fichet. *A tree that is come of a twig, or tender ſcion planted.*
Ficheur: m. *A fixer, faſtner, ſetler, or ſetter in.*
Fichеure: f. *A fixing, faſtning, driving, ſticking, planting, ſetting, thruſting ſarre in.*
Fichu: m. uë: f. *as* Saugreau; *Or abſurd.*
Ficotte: par ma ficotte. *A diminutive of,* ma foy, *or* ma fique; *as we ſay, by my ſeckins.*
Ficte. *A little Shad-fiſh.*
Fictil: m. ile: f. *Earthen, or made of earth.*
Fiction: f. *A fiction, invention, lie, fib, cog; a thing imagined, fained, or foiſted in.*
Dire ſans fiction. *To ſpeake ſincerely, confeſſe plainly, profeſſe from the heart.*
Fidei-commis: m. *A Feoffement in truſt.*
Fideiuſſeur: m. *A ſurety, pledge, caution.*
Fidele: com. *Faithfull, truſtie, loyall, true, ſure of his word, or to his ſide; alſo, religious.*
Fidelement. *Faithfully, loyally, truſtily; unfainedly, truly, ſurely; religiouſly.*
Fidelité: f. *Fidelitie, faithfulneſſe, loyalty, truſtineſſe; truth, ſincerity, unfainedneſſe.*
Serment de fidelité. *Th'oath of fidelity made by all Prelates unto the King, at their inveſture, in acknowledgement of his Soveraignty, and of th'obedience, and fidelity which they owe him; This, although they hold no fiefs in right of their Prelacies; for if they doe, they alſo doe both homage, and fealty for them.*
Fidelium. *The laſt Prayer that's ſaid for the dead.*
Il paſſe pluſieurs choſes par vn fidelium. *Hee huddles, or ſhuffles up many things under one; hee ſlightly diſpatches, runnes, or goes over the matters committed unto him.*
Fidicule: f. *The Harpe of heaven; a company of ſtarres which reſemble a Harpe.*
Fiduciale. *Part of an Aſtrolabe turning round about the border, or edge thereof; th'Index, or hand of an Aſtrolabe.*
Fié: m. ée: f. *Truſted, believed, hoped on or in; alſo, intruſted, truſted with, committed unto the truſt of.*
Fiebvre: f. *A ſeaver. Looke* Fievre.
Fiebvrette: f. *A ſlight ague.*
Fiebvreux: m. euſe: f. *Full or ſicke of, ſubject unto, a feaver; alſo, feaver-breeding, ague-bringing.*
Fied. *as* Fief. ¶ Bourgognois.
Fief: m. *A Fiet; a (Knights) fee; a Manor, or inheritance held by homage, and fealty; and given at the firſt, in truſt, and upon promiſe of aſſiſtance, or ſervice in the warres: (A learned Frenchman defines it,* L'heritage tenu à foy & hommage, baillé à aucun pour la fiance qu'on a euë en luy; *Another;* La terre concedée à cauſe de confiance, ou foy promiſe par le preneur d'icelle, d'aſſiſter ſon Seigneur en guerre: *which both together make good my definition:) Alſo, a tenure, or eſtate in fiet, or in fee. This word was firſt heard of, after the conqueſt of* Gallia *by the* Francs (*or ancient French men*) *when their Soveraigne Princes, reſerving ſome land for their own Demaines, diſtributed the reſt (by whole countries, or large territories) among their Captaines, and principall followers, on condition, that they ſhould hold of them, and aid them in their warres; In which diſtribution reſpect was alſo had of, and proviſion made for, th'inferiour French ſouldiers (whereof the more, or fewer thoſe Captaines had under them, the greater, or leſſe were their portions) whereupon the Captaines, having (as formerly their Princes) reſerved ſomewhat for their particular demaines, they divided the beſt part of the reſt among them, to be held of themſelves by the ſame tenure, and on the ſame condition, that they held the whole of the King: (Hence came th'Arriere fiefs:) Th'other part they ſhared among the naturall inhabitants of the countrey, on much baſer conditions (expreſſed in the word* Cens:) *In thoſe times all* Fiefs *were determined by the death of the feoffees, and revocable at the will of the feoffer: But not long after they became (as the moſt of them are now) patrimonial, or hereditary.*
Fief abregé. *A fief abridged, reſtrained, or not noble; a fief that wants, and is not capable of, juriſdiction; a tenure in* Cenſive; *or in Socage.*
Fief ample. *A full, or whole fief, or Knights fee; for which the Lord of whom 'tis held hath the tenants beſt horſe (or if he had none, 60.s. Tour.) and part of his armour, for a Heriot.*
Fief de Baſoche. *Looke* Baſoche.
Fief bourſal. *The fiet, or portion of a fief, that belongs to a younger brother.*
Fief en chef; &, fief chevel. *A noble fief; an inheritance held in* Capite, *and having juriſdiction.*
Fief de condition feudale. *An abſolute fee ſimple, or hereditary fief; (for ſome fiefs deſcend not; ſay the* Feudiſts.)
Fief de danger. *Such a fief as is forfeited unto the Lord of whom 'tis held, if it be*

be entred into by the tenant (under any title other then of lineall diſcent) before homage and fealty done, or at the leaſt, offered.

Fief de dignité. *A noble fief, ſuch a one as hath ſome title of dignity (as a County, Vicounty, Barony, or Chaſtelleny) annexed unto it; a fief that dignifieth (a gentleman; for a Roturier, unleſſe hee have it by lineall diſcent from his grandfather, or be withall ennobled by the King, receives no manner of diguity by it.)*

Fief dominant. *A fief, or Manner belonging to a Lo. Paramount; a fief held in chiefe, and whereof many others hold.*

Fief d'Hauber, ou d'Haubert. *Any fief or inheritance, whoſe owner is bound to ſerve in the Kings warres with an Haubergeon, or coat of maile; (whereto one addes, a horſe, a ſword, a ſhield, and an helmet.)*

Fief liege, ou lige, ou tenu en plein lige; *as* Fief ample; *Held directly, and without meſne, of the Crowne.*

Fief mort. *An inheritance that yields the Lord no manner of profit other then a bare rent; and therefore may be tearmed, a* Fief ſec.

Fief noble. *A Noble fief, or Manner; the markes whereof be, Antiquity, Juriſdiction,* Cenſiue, *a dependancie of divers inferiour fiefs; and (onely in ſome places) a faire houſe with ditches, or a mote round about it; but the moſt certaine mark of it (for the King may at any time erect a Noble fief; and the Juriſdiction, a thing ſeverall, may be divided from it) is, that it be held either of the Crowne, or of ſome other fief that's held immediately thereof.*

Fief ouvert. *Is when no vaſſall, or tenant preſents himſelfe to doe the ſervices, and pay the rights which be due unto the Lord thereof; or when by the change of the tenant (by death, or otherwiſe) the Lord wants thoſe rights, and ſervices.*

Fief Patrimonial. *Looke* Patrimonial.

Fief en Regale. *A Noble fief, held immediately, and in* Capite *of the King; or, as* Fief de Dignité.

Fief reſtrainct. *as* Fief abregé.

Fief de revenuë. *A fee; a rent charge, or annuity in fee, out of land.*

Fief rural. *Is (by the cuſtomes of Nevers) a fief that wants Juriſdiction, a moted houſe, and all other ſuch markes of Nobility, and Antiquity.*

Fief ſervant. *A meſne, or inferiour fief; a fief that holds of a fief* Dominant.

Fief vif. *In oppoſition to* Fief mort; *that yields the Lord no more profit then a bare rent.*

Francs fiefs. *Free, or affranchiſing fiefs; or as in* Franc.

Menu fief. *An inferiour fief, of ſmall value, and altogether without juriſdiction; oppoſed unto;*

Plein fief. *A full, or whole fief; an intire Knights fee; of juriſdiction, and good worth.*

Clerc des fiefs. *Look* Clerc.

Entrer de fief ſervi. *The homage, &c. due by a vaſſall at his firſt entry, done well enough by another; as by the eldeſt brother for the younger, by a husband for his wife, &c. and thereby the Lords entry prevented.*

Hommes de fief. *Freeholders; or Lords of (inferiour) fiefs, bound to aſſiſt the Bailli of the Juriſdiction in the Courts hee keeps, and anſwerable, or finable, for all wrongfull judgements given therein.*

Sergent du fief. *Looke* Sergent.

De ſon domaine faire ſon fief. *A vaſſall to alien part of his fief, and thereof create a new tenure, or cauſe it to be held of him by a meſne tenure.*

De ſon fief faire ſon domaine. *To reunite unto his demaine a fief that held of him.*

Exploicter le fief à pure perte. *To make a full, or abſolute ſeiſure of the inheritance forfeited unto him.*

Relever vn fief. *Seek* Relever.

Tenir fief. *To enjoy an inheritance feodall; to be ſeiſed of land in his demeſne as of fee.*

Tenir en fief. *To be ſeiſed of a right, or privilege, in fee, or in the quality of a fief.*

Qui fief nie fief perd. *He that denies his tenure, forfeits his eſtate.*

Fieffal: m. ale: f. *Feoffall; of a fief; in fee, held in fee. Look* Juriſdiction.

Fieffe: f. *as* Fief. ¶ Norm.

Fieffé: m. ée: f. *Infeoffed; given, or granted in fee; held as a fief, or in fee.*

Domaine fieffé (ou non fieffé.) *A Noble inheritance held by homage and fealty; (or an unnoble one for which no homage is due:)* ¶ Norm.

Goutteux fieffez. *A fit Epithite; for the gowt, moſt commonly, deſcends, which way ſoever the land goes.*

Heritiers fieffez. *Whom the Lord puts in poſſeſſion; or to whom he makes livery and ſeiſin, of th'inheritance belonging to them.*

Sergent fieffé. *Looke* Sergent.

Fieffer. *To infeoffe; to grant, paſſe, alien, a fief, or an inheritance in fee.*

Fiefferme. *A fee farme.*

† Fieffvé; &, Fiefvé. *as* Fieffé.

Fiefvement: m. *A feoffement, or an infeoffing.*

Fiel: m. *Gall; or, the Gall.*

Fiel de terre. *The herb Earthgall, Feverwort, ſmall Centory, common Centory, Centory the leſſe.*

Pierre de fiel. *Seek* Pierre.

† Fieller. *To make bitter.*

Fielleux: m. euſe: f. *As bitter as gall; full of bitterneſſe, or of gall.*

Fiens: m. *Dung, ordure; muck, manure.*

Fiens de chien, & marc d'argent ſeront tout vn au iour de lugement; Prov. *All will be one at the latter day, ſay we.*

Fiente: f. *Dung, turd, filth, ordure, excrecrements of man, or beaſt; eſpecially of vermine, as Foxes, Badgers, &c.*

Fienté: m. ée: f. *Dunged; fed or filled, covered or compaſſed, manured or mingled, with dung; alſo, ſhitten, or beſhit.*

Fienter. *To dung, ſhite, ſcumber; alſo, to fill, feed, cover, compaſſe, mingle, or manure, with dung.*

Fienteux: m. euſe: f. *Full of dung, turds, ordure.*

Fientiſé: m. ée: f. *Beſhitten, berayed, beturded.*

Fier: m. ere: f. *(of one ſyllable) Proud, arrogant, inſolent, ſcornfull, diſdainfull, high-minded; alſo, fierce, eager, bloudy, cruell, ſavage, unmercifull, inhumane; alſo, bold, ſtout, confident, courageous, audacious.*

Il en eſt fier comme vn aſne d'vn baſt neut. *He is as proud of it as an Aſſe of a new packſaddle (which if he were not an Aſſe he would not be proud of.)*

Femme fere en toute ſaiſon, veut eſtre maiſtre de ſa maiſon; Pro. *Looke* Femme.

ſe Fier. *(of two ſyllables) To truſt, or intruſt unto; to beleeve or have affiance, to put his hope or confidence in.*

De qui ie me fie dieu me garde; Pro. *God preſerve me from him whom I truſt.*

Fierement. *Proudly, inſolently, hautily, arrogantly; fiercely, cruelly, ſavagely, inhumanely, unmercifully; alſo, boldly, ſtoutly, audaciouſly.*

Fieret: m. ette: f. *Somewhat loftie, a little fierce.*

Fiereté: f. *Pride, inſolencie, ſtateline ſſe, arrogancie, ſurline ſſe, diſdaine, ſcornfulneſſe; crueltie, fiercene ſſe; inhumanitie; alſo, boldne ſſe, audacitie, ſtoutne ſſe, mettle, ſpirit.*

Fierettement. *Somewhat hautily, inſolently, arrogantly, a little fiercely, ſavagely, cruelly.*

Fier-humble. *Stoutly-humble; a ſtout heart humbled.*

Fiert. *A verbe Impersonall;* Cecy fiert à. *This is like unto, or, agrees well with.*

Fierté. *as* Fiereté.

Fierte: f. *A ſhrine, or coffin wherein the bones of Saints are incloſed.*

Fieul. *as* Filz; *A ſonne:* ¶ Pic.

Fievre: f. *An ague, a feaver.*

Fievre ardente. *A burning feaver.*

Fievres blanches. *The agues wherewith maidens that have the greene ſickneſſe are troubled, and hence;*

Il a les fievres blanches. *Either he is in love, or ſick of wantonneſſe.*

Fievre continuë. *See* Continu.

Fievre de Dol. *The French Pox.*

Fievre intermittente. *An ague that comes and goes by fits.*

Fievre de veau. (qui tremble quand il eſt ſaoul.) *Trembling after meat; ſickneſſe upon ſurfetting.*

De fievre en chaud mal. *From ill to worſe, out of the frying-pan into the fire.*

Tes fortes fievres. *A peſtilence take thee, a plague choake thee.*

Fifre: m. *A Fife; a Flute, or little pipe accorded with a Drumme, or Taber.*

Figé: m. ée f. *Fixed, ſetled, faſtened; compacted, cloſed together.*

Laict figé. *Milke thickened, or curded, as with the runnet.*

Sang figé. *Bloud clotted, or cluttered together, as when it is cold.*

Figement: m. *A fixing, faſtening, cloſing; (and hence) alſo, a thickning, curding, or curdling.*

Figer. *To fix, faſten, ſettle, cloſe, or compact together.*

Se figer. *To thicken, curd, clutter, curdle, coagulate.*

Figon: m. *A lover, or ordinarie eater, of figs.*

Figue: f. *A fig; alſo the diſeaſe in a horſes hoofe, called, the fig.*

Figue de Careſme. *A dry fig, a Lenten fig.*
Figue folle. *The fruite of the outlandiſh Syccamore, or Mulberrie-fig-tree; it reſembles the wild fig, but is, withall, the ſweeter of the two, and without ſeeds: It ripens not (eſpecially if the tree be overladen) untill it be ſcraped with an yron hooke: Alſo, a fig-date; or any fig that opens of it ſelfe, and diſcovers it ſeeds, as it growes.*
Figues primerouges. *The firſt figs that come upon the tree; ſtarveling-figs.*
Figue royalle. *A Date.*
Ces figues ſont trop hautes. *Theſe dainties are above our reach, they coſt too much, they grow too deere.*
Il n'eſt ny figue ny raiſin. *He is neither fiſh nor fleſh, hot nor cold; there is nothing in him.*
Moitié figues moitié raiſins. *Betweene jeaſt and earneſt; or, halfe the one, halfe the other.*
Figueraye: f. *An Orchard of figtrees.*
Figuerie: f. *as* Figuiére.
Figuier: m. *A fig-tree.*
Figuiére: f. *A fig-yard; an Orchard of figtrees.*
Figuratif: m. iue: f. *Figurative, ſpoken by a figure.*
Figure: f. *Figure, ſhape, image, forme; ſavour, likeneſſe, reſemblance, repreſentation, counterfeit; faſhion, making of; alſo, a figure, or flouriſh of Rhetoricke.*
Figure accordée. *An exact ſurvey of land in controverſie, drawne by the conſent of both parties.*
Veuë figure. *A deſcription, of a place by the eye; or of a place which is preſent, and in the eye.*
Figuré: m. ée: f. *Figured, faſhioned, delineated, painted, repreſented, pourtrayed; alſo, figurative, in figures, by a figure.*
Velours figuré. *Looke* Velours.
Figurement: m. *A figuring, ſhaping, forming, delineating, repreſenting, pourtraying.*
Figurer. *To figure, paint, picture, draw, delineate, pourtray, repreſent; to forme, ſhape, faſhion; imagine, conceive.*
Figurine: f. *A prettie little image, picture, counterfeit figure.*
Fil: m. *Thread; alſo, a thread, line, or ſtring, alſo, a ſtreake, ſmall daſh, or ſtroke; alſo, a file, ranke, order, courſe, row, ray; alſo, an infection, or imperfection in trees, whereby their barkes come to be gnawen, and eaten into.*
Fil d' archal. *(Great) yellow wire, made of copper, or latten.*
Fil de caret. *Packthread.*
Fil d' eau. à fil d' eau. *With the ſtreame.*
Fil d' entendement. *Sharpeneſſe of wit, nimbleneſſe of apprehenſion, quickneſſe of conceit.*
Fil d' vn'eſpée. *The edge of a ſword. Look* Paſſer.
Fil d' Eſpinay. *A kind of looſe-twiſted, and (ſomewhat) courſe thread; made at* Eſpinay, *a towne in* Artois.
Fil, S. Fiacre. *A great wart, hard ſwelling, or excreſcence of fleſh.*
Fil de Florence. *A fine, & hard-twiſted thread, made in* Florence.
Fil d' or traict. *The ſmalleſt gold wire.*
Fil perlé. *Looke* Perlé.
De fil en aiguille. *From point to point, from one end to the other, all wholly over.*
De droict fil. *Directly on, ſtraight forward, with the thread, as even as a thread.*
Donner de droict fil. *To hit juſt; to paſſe right on.*
Tout d' vn fil. *Wholly, altogether, without ſtop, or intermiſſion.*
Bailler le fil. *To cog, foiſt, ſooth, flatter, ſmooth, deceive, gull, gloze with.*
Bailler le fil à. *To ſet an edge on.*
Coulu de fil blanc. *Manifeſt, evident, apparent.*
Fourni de fil & d' aiguille. *Furniſhed with neceſſaries, ready for all eſſayes.*
*A toile ourdie dieu mande le fil; Pro. *The worke that's well begunne God helpes to end, or beginne thy worke, and God will helpe to end it. (Some expound it more prophanely.)*
Filace: f. *Fine flaxe, dreſſed flaxe, flaxe made ready for the diſtaffe. Look* Fillaſſe.
Filacier: m. ere: f. *Fit, ready, or eaſie to be ſpunne.*
Filamens: m. *Filaments; little ſtrings, threads, or haires, in veines, plants, roots, &c. the beard of a root.*
† Filamenteux: m. euſe: f. *Full of thoſe ſtrings, &c.*
Filandier. *A man that ſpinnes.*
Filandiere: f. *A Spinſter; a Flaxe-woman; alſo, a kind of ſmall boat.*
† Filandré: m. ée: f. *Streaked with, or full of, ſmall threads, fibers; felanders.*
† Filandrerie: f. *Spinſtrie, ſpinning.*
Filandres: f. *The felanders; ſmall wormes that breed in braſed, ſurfeited, or ſoulefed, hawkes; alſo, nets to catch wilde beaſts with.*
Filant. *Twiſting, or ſpinning.*
Filant les mouſtaches. *Twirling, twining, or often ſtroking, his muſtachoes.*
Filat: m. *Congar; ſo tearmed about* Marſeilles.
Filé: m. *A net to catch wild beaſts, or fiſhes with; a toile, bay, drag-net, &c. alſo, a ſnare, ſnarle, ginne.*
File: f. *A file, yanke, direct, and even row of.*
*A la file. *One after another, one by one, in due courſe, all on a row.*
Filé: m. ée: f. *Twiſted, ſpunne, drawne out; made into thread.*
Filée: f. *The Eagle tearmed, a Bone breaker.*
File habits. *Clothes-ſpinning.*
Filer. *To twiſt, ſpinne, draw out treads; alſo, to linger, delay; prolong, extend in length; alſo (among Mariners) to looſen, undoe, and make up.*
Filer doux. *To ſooth, ſmooth, flatter, or give faire words; alſo, to beare much and ſay little.*
Filer gros. Ils filent bien gros. *They work rudely, deale groſly, proceed ſottiſhly.*
Filer prim. *To runne thinne, or by little and little.*
Filer de la ſoye. *To take a purſe; to rob by the high-way ſide.*
Faire filer quelque choſe. *To draw a thing out in length, to make it goe a great way.*
Au temps paſſé Berthe filoit; Prov. *In old time the greateſt women were the greateſt huſwives. Looke* Berthe.
Dame qui trop ſe mire peu file; Prov. *Seek* Dame.
Femme qui enuis file porte chemiſe vile; Pro. *Beggerie, and ſluttiſhneſſe are the fruits of ill huſwiferie, and of lazineſſe.*
Fileret. *as* Filleret.
Filerie: f. *A ſpinning; or, ſpinſtrie; alſo, a friendly meeting between the young men, and maids of a countrey towne; where they play at many ſorts of (active) games, while theſe both ſpinne, and look on.*
Filet: m. *A little thread, ſtring, or twiſt; alſo, as* Filé; *alſo, the fillet of a beaſt; alſo, a horſes watering bit.*
Filet carré. *A ſmall ſquare part, or member of a piller, &c. a ſquare fillet.*
Filet d' huyle. *A ſmall drop, or threading of oyle.*
Les Filets d' vn mords. *as* Bracelets.
Avoir le filet. *To be tongue-tied.*
Fretaillé de filets. *Looke* Fretaillé.
Fillette: f. *Yarne.*
Fileul: m. *A Godſonne,*
Fileure: f. *Thread ſpunne; or, the ſpinning thereof.*
Fil-gros. *Shoomakers thread.*
Filiaſtre: m. *A ſon in law, ſtep-ſone, ſonne by a former marriage.*
Filiation: f. *The being a ſonne; the eſtate of a ſtone.*
Filiére: f. *A cryance; or a long thread tyed to the lunes of an Hagard, or young Hawk, when ſhe is taught to come unto the fiſt, or lure; alſo, a net; alſo, a ranke, file, row; alſo, a Lyon-peece, or ridge-peece, of timber; a ſide-weaver.*
Filipende. *as* Filipendule.
Filipendule: f. *Filipendula, Dropwort, red Saxifrage.*
Fillains: m. *The tackling of a ſhip; ſmall tackle.*
† Fillandrerie. *See* Filandrerie.
Fillaſſe: f. *as* Filace.
La fillaſſe de noſtre Dame. *The ſmall, and ſlender ſtrings of a Cobweb.*
Fillaſtre: m. *A ſon in law, or ſtep-ſon.*
Fille: f. *A daughter; alſo, a maid; girle, modder, laſſe, wench.*
Fille de France. *A daughter of France, the French Kings daughter.*
Fille de joye. *A whore, punke, harlot, queane, ſtrumpet, cocatrice, common hackney, pleaſant ſinner.*
Filles penitentes. *as* Filles Repenties.
Fille perduë. *A deſperate filth, gracteleſſe ſlurt; or, as* Fille de joye.
Filles repenties. *An Order of Nunnes, which have beene profeſt whores; Convertiſts.*
Belle fille. *A ſtep-daughter; daughter by a former marriage, daughter in law.*
Les ſept filles de la Prevoſté de Paris. *Seven Bayliwickes, or Towne-ſhips, which belong, and are ſubject unto the Caſtelet of Paris;* viz. Poiſſy, S. Germain en Laye, Tornan & Torcy en Brie, Corbeil, Monlehery, & Gonneſſe en France.
D'une fille deux gendres. *A ſeverall commoditie, or hire, drawne from ſeverall parts, or parties, for the uſe of one thing.*
Se fier en vne fille? Allez vous y frotter. *Looke* Frotter.
Fille aimant ſilence eſt douée de grand ſcience; Pro. *The love of ſilence in a maid is great ſcience.*
Fille brunette eſt de nature gaye, & nette; Pro. *The nut-browne laſſe for mirth and neatneſſe doth ſurpaſſe.*

Fille feneſtriere, & trotiere rarement bonne meſnagere ; Prov. *A gazing, and gadding maid ſeldome proves good houſwife.*

Fille bonneſte, & moriginée, eſt aſſez riche, & bien dotée ; Prov. *An honeſt maid of mannerly behaviour, hath wealth enough for any man to have her.*

Fille oiſeuſe rarement vertuëuſe ; Pro. *An idle maid is rarely vertuous ; or, a maid that does naught learnes to doe naught.*

Fille oiſive à mal penſive; Prov. *The ſloathfull maid ſtill thinks of ſinne ; a maiden ſit-ſtill thinks on ill.*

Fille qui donne s'abandonne ; Prov. *A maid that gives it eaſily gotten.*

Fille qui prend elle ſe rend ; Prov. *A maid that takes (much) is as good as taken.*

Fille trop veuë, Robbe trop veſtuë, n'eſt pas chere tenuë ; Prov. *A maid oft ſeen, gowne too oft worne, are diſeſteem'd, and held in ſcorne.*

Mauvaiſe fille ſe mocque de ſa mere ; Prov. *So does the filthie bird heray her neaſt.*

Les ſottes filles à marier ſont taſcheux troupeaux à garder ; Prov. *Wenches found of mariage are troubleſome cattell to keep.*

Quand la fille peſe vn auque on luy peut mettre la cauque ; Prov. *Looke* Cauque.

Autant ſe priſe beau varlet que belle fille ; Prov. *A faire lad thinks himſelfe good enoughfor any laſſe, or thinks as well of himſelfe as any laſſe ; a Jack's at all times worthy of a Gill.*

Entre promettre, & donner ſe doit la fille marier ; Prov. *See* Promettre.

La goutte en la hanche la fille en la panse ; Prov. *The Gout in the haunch, a girle in the paunch ;* viz. *If a woman feele often paine in her back, flanke, hips, legs, and knuckles, 'tis a ſigne that ſhe is with child of a girle.*

Mere piteuſe fait ſa fille roigneuſe ; Prov. *A gentle mother breeds a ſcurvy daughter.*

Fille-femme. *A cracke piece, one that hath got a clap ; one that goes for a maid, (but is none.)*

Filleret: m. ette: f. *Maidenly, white-livered, effeminate.*

Fillerie. *as* Filerie.

Fillet. *A watering bit for a horſe ; or, as* Filet.

Fillette: f. *A girle, young maid, little wench; alſo, a firkin, barriquet, ſmall wine veſſell.*

Fillette de Bourgongne. *The halfe of a* Muid ; *holds nine* Stiers, *and the* Stier *eight (French) pintes.*

Filleul: m. *A god-ſonne.*

Filleule : f. *A god-daughter.*

Filliaſtre. *as* Fillaſtre.

Filliere. *as* Filiere.

Filloche: f. *A little thread.*

Fillol: m. *as* Filleul ; *A god-ſonne.*

Fillole : f. *A buddy knob in a vine, like a wart.*

Fillot: m. *A god-ſonne.*

Filoire: f. *A ſpinſter.*

Filon. *A veine of metall in a mine.*

Filoſelle: f. *Ferret-ſilke, or fluxt-ſilke; and the ſtuffe Filozella, being all, or the better halfe, of ferret-ſilke.*

Fils: m. *A ſonne ; a boy ; a man-child.*

Fils de putain. *A whoore-ſonne ; a baſtard. Look* Putain.

Beau fils. *A ſtep ſonne ; or ſonne by a former mariage.*

'A pere amaſſeur fils gaſpilleur; Prov. *See* Pere.

Filtration : f. *A ſtraining, diſtilling, or paſſing of ſimples, &c. through a felt.*

Filtré: m. ée: f. *Strained, diſtilled, or paſſed, through a felt.*

Filtrer. *To ſtraine, diſtill, or paſſe, through a felt.*

Fimport: m. *A forme of, or, courſe in, Law, binding a plaintife to fetch in, and make joyne in ſuit with him, all ſuch as can pretend any right, intereſt, or portion in the thing which he meanes to recover : (By the cuſtomes of Britaine.)*

Fimporter. *A plaintife to fetch in, and make joyne in ſuit with him, all ſuch, as pretend any right, intereſt, or portion in the thing he meanes to ſue for.*

Fin : m. le fin de l'eſſay de monnoye. *The remainder, overplus, or ſurpluſage thereof.*

Fin: f. *A fine, end, iſſue, concluſion, ſucceſſe; alſo, a finiſhing, ceaſing, ending ; alſo, a ſeame, or veine, in a quarrey of ſtone; alſo, a barre, excluſion, refuſall, or exception, urged, or pleaded in iſſue ; and ſometimes th'iſſue it ſelfe.*

Fins de non proceder. *Are no better then dilatory pleas ; as an exception, againſt the juriſdiction of the Court, or by reaſon of the quality of the perſon unfit to be impleaded therein, &c.*

Fins de non recevoir. *Look* Recevoir.

Fin de terre. *A Promontory in Britaine, ſo termed, becauſe it is one of th'ends of* France.

Bonne fin. faire bonne fin. *To thrive, cheeve, increaſe, or proſper well.*

Faucon de bonne fin. *A well-liking, or well-proving hawke.*

'A toutes fins. *Of force, of neceſſity, howſoever we come by it, by booke, or crooke, by any meanes whatſoever.*

La fin fait tout ; Prov. *The end does all in all.*

'A la fin ſçaura on qui a mangé le lard ; Prov. *The thiefe will be at length diſcovered (howſoever he conceale, or, how cunningly ſoever he carry, himſelfe.)*

Telle vie telle fin ; Prov. *Such as his life ſuch was his end.*

Fin: m. fine: f. *witty, craftie, ſubtile, cunning, wilie, fraudulent, cautelous, beguiling ; alſo, fine, ſmall, pretty, curious ; perfect, exact, pure, exceeding good, of the very beſt ; alſo, moſt, very utmoſt.*

Anguille fine. *The female Eele ; called ſo in* Languedoc.

Fin à dorer. *A notable impoſter, cheater, conſener, cony-catcher.*

Fin comme vne mouche. *As craftie as a fox ; and ;*

Vne fine mouche. *A ſubtile fox, or piece of fleſh.*

Le mau fin feu de riquerasque. *Looke* Feu.

Du fin fond. *Out of th'utmoſt depth, or bottome, from the very middeſt of.*

Par le fin faiſte. *Strictly, ſtraitly, exactly, by line and levell, to a haire, or to th'utmoſt, in all extremity.*

Pour le fin moins. *At the leaſt.*

Chargé de la plus fine. *That's payed ſoundly, powdered throughly, that hath his load of the moſt delicate pockes ; alſo, as in* Chargé.

Faire le fin. *To be ſqueamiſh, make it dainty, ſeeme ſtrange, refuſe an offer cunningly, and with a hope to be the more invited.)*

Mais à fin contre fin. *But craft met with cunning, or, two craftie knaves were therein very well met.*

Fin contre fin n'eſt bon à faire de doubleure ; Prov. *Craft in both parties hinders all attonement.*

Fin. Adverb. *and hence.*

Fin à tel jour. *Untill ſuch a day ; and ;*

fin que ; *untill that, whileſt that.*

Fin de conte. *Finally, to conclude, to be briefe, to make ſhort, to make haſte.*

Fin de propos, il diſoit, que. *The laſt he ſaid was, or in the end he ſaid, that ; or (as in* Fin de Conte) *to make an end ; he ſaid, that.*

Pour le fin moins. *At the leaſt.*

Tout fin. *Even-now, ſtreight ; hard by ; alſo, wholly.*

Tout fin à Noel. *Very neere to Chriſtmas, when it was almoſt Chriſtmas.*

Tout fin nere nu. *All diſcovered, ſtarke-belly naked ; as naked as my naile.*

Finablement. *as* Finalement.

Finage: m. *All the ſmall cordage in a ſhip ; tackling.*

Finages : m. *Th'utmoſt limits or liberties, the furtheſt bounds or borders, of a country, or city.*

† Finaiſon: Quand argent faut finaiſon nulle. *No bargaine, or ſatisfaction, without money.*

Final: m. ale: f. *Finall, finiſhing, laſt, concluding, utmoſt ; alſo, ſubject unto a concluſion, or end ; and hence ;*

Creature finale. *A mortall creature ; a creature that muſt end one time or other (his dayes.)*

Fin finale. *The laſt end of all ; a peremptory concluſion, or iſſue.*

Finalement. *Finally ; at length ; at the laſt ; in ſumme, in concluſion, in the end.*

Finance : or, Finances : f. *Wealth, ſubſtance, riches, goods ; alſo, a Princes revenue, or treaſure. (The French word* Threſor *ſignifies (moſt properly) the Kings demain, which conſiſts of ordinary revenues ; but* Finance *(more generall) comprehends both the demaine, and all extraordinary levies ; as th'Aides, taxes, impoſitions, &c.)*

Perte de finance. *Loſſe of publique treaſure by a robbery, &c. the ruine, or decay of a private eſtate, by exceſſive, or needleſſe uſury.*

Prendre à perte de finance. *Looke* Prendre.

Faire finance. *To give money for an Office ; alſo, to make, or gather, a ſtocke of money.*

Financé : m. ée : f. *That hath yielded ſome treaſure, or a revenue (to the King ;) or (more generally) diſburſed.*

Financer. *To yield a revenue, or treaſure to the King, &c. alſo, (more generally) to diſburſe ; to give, or pay money for.*

Finan-

Financier : m. *A financer, or Exchequerman ; a Receiver, under-Treasurer, or Teller, in the Exchequer.*

Fine de poules : f. *Hennes dung, or ordure.*

Finé : m. ée : f. *Ended, finished, determined, concluded, accomplished ; come to an issue.*

Finemẽt : m. *An end, issue, conclusion, expiration ; or, an ending, determining, finishing of.*

Finément. *Subtilly, craftily, slily, wilily, cunningly; hence, also, industriously; providently, discreetly, warily, cautelously, and guilefully, deceitfully, fraudulently, or, with a fraudulent intent.*

Finer. *as* Finir ; *To end; also, to obtaine, get, recover; overrule, command, prevaile with; also, to furnish, or afford ; also, as* Affiner ; *to trie, cleanse, fine.*

Ie ne me puis finer d' argent. *I cannot come by any mony.*

Homme de qui on fine aiſeement. *A gentle, or tractable fellow; one that is easily won, or soone prevailed with.*

Finerot. chemin fin. *A way that is about 18 foot broad :* ¶ Bourgong.

Fineſſe : f. *Craft, subtiltie, guile, deceit, policie, cunning, fraud, slight, slineſſe, wilineſſe.*

Fineſſes de verre. *Shallow tricks ; such as are easily looke into ; or seen thorow.*

Finet : m. finette : f. *A petty crafty slave ; a slie rogue, a wilie mate, a subtile companion.*

Finfreluches : f. *Shales, or scales, or scalie excrements ; as dandriffe, &c. or, as* Fanfreluches.

Fingard : m. de : f. *Lazie, lither, idle, slothfull, sluggish, dull, restleſſe, careleſſe, negligent.*

Fini : m. Finie : f. *Finished, ended, concluded, determined, accomplished ; also, prescribed, limited, stinted, compassed, comprehended.*

Finir. *To end, conclude, finish ; determine, accomplish ; also, to define, prescribe, limit, stint; comprehend, compasse.*

Finiſſant. *Ending, determining, defining, limiting.*

Le cercle finiſſant. *The horizon.* Looke Cercle.

Finiteur : m. *The circumference of a piller, from the top to the bottome thereof.*

Finoinct. *A kind of peare; good, raw, or rosted.*

Fins : m. *The marches, borders, frontiers, utmost ends, or limit, of a Countrey.*

Fiole : f. *A violl of glaſſe, &c.*

Fiquatelle : f. *A womans privities.*

Fique. par ma fique. *By my feckins.*

Fiquer. *as* Ficher ; *To fasten.* ¶ Pic.

Firmament : m. *The skie, welkin, firmament.*

† Firme : com. *Firme, strong, stable.* See Ferme.

† Firmeté : f. *Strength, firmeneſſe.* Looke Fermeté.

Fiſcal : m. ale : f. *Fiſcall ; belonging, or comming to the publick purſe, treasure ; Treasurie, or Exchequer.*

Procureur fiſcal. *A Lord high Justicers ordinarie Atturney, who pleads, and proſecutes within his circuit, all causes wherein either the publicke, or his Lords inheritance, or both, be intereſſed.*

Fiscalins : m. *Children, or freed men maintained, or nourished in the Kings house, or upon his land.*

Fiſcelle : f. *Packthread.*

Fiſcellette : f. *Small packthread.*

Fiſellé : m. ée : t. *Fuzellie ; or, bendie counterbendie; a tearme of Blazon.*

Fiſq : m. *as* Fiſque.

Fiſque . m. *The publick purſe ; the publick revenew, or Treasure ; a Treasurie, or Exchequer.*

Fiſtaigne, *A certaine tumbling tricke.*

Fiſſau. *A Fitch, or Fulmart.*

Fiſſaye : f. *A quicke, and violent daunce much used by the French.*

Fiſſelle. *as* Fiſcelle; *Packthread.*

Fiſſure : f. *A cleft, rift, chinke, chop.*

Fiſſuré : m. ée : f. *Cleft, riven, chinked.*

Fiſt. il fiſt. *He did.* See Faire.

Fiſticin : m. ine : f. *Of Piſtachoes, or fiſticke nuts.*

Fiſtique. *The Piſtachoe, or fiſticke nut.*

Fiſton : m. *A little ſonne, or boy.*

Fiſtonneau. *(The diminutive of* Fiſton*) a very little ſonne, or boy.*

Fiſtule : f. *A pipe, or flute; a tap, or faucet; also, the running ſore called an Iſſue or Fiſtula.*

Fiſtuleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Fiſtulaes ; or of holes, like a ſponge.*

Fivatier : m. *A vaſſall, copieholder, or cuſtomarie tenant, properly, the vaſſall ; or tenant of a Lord* Cavier.

Fivele : f. *A Buckle.* ¶ Langued.

Fixe : com. *Fixed, ſetled, faſtened, ſure, ſteadie; unmoveable.*

Fizain : m. *Spindle-tree, pricke-timber.*

Fizellé. *as* Fiſellé

Flabellation. *A fanning, airing, or giving winde unto.*

Flabellé : m ée : f. *Fanned, aired, blowne on, that hath wind given to it.*

Flac : m. *A ſlat, flap, ſlampe, or clap given by a thing that is violently throwne againſt a wall, or unto the ground ; and the report, or ſound made by hands, &c. ſtrucke, or hit, one againſt the other.*

Mettre à la flac. *To emptie a purſe (of the ſound an emptie purſe makes) also, as* Flacquer; *or, ſuddainly (and with a hurrie) to ruine, caſt downe, overthrow.*

De grand vilain grand flac ; Pro. *He that lives villanously falls violently ; or, the fall of a great rogue makes a great report.*

Flaccide : com. *Weake, flaggie, limber, flagging, hanging looſe ; faded, withered.*

Flaccon. *as* Flacon.

Flacconner. *To plie the pot; to quaffe, or tipple hard.*

Flache com. *Weake, limber, flaggie; lolling, drooping, hanging downe the head; withered, faded; faint, effeminate.*

Flacon *as* Flaſcon; *A (great) leartherne bottle.*

Flacquer. *To make a thing to flap, ſlamp, or clap, by caſting it violently againſt a wall, or ground.*

Il la vous flacca là. *He ſquaſht, flat, or ſquat her downe there; he gave her an oſſepoſſe ; he make her buttockes ring with the fall he gave her; there he clapt her, and ſo left her.*

Flaſia. *as* Flagorneur; *A Blab.*

Flagellation : f. *A whipping, ſcourging, laſhing, jerking.*

Flagellé : m. ée : f. *Whipped, laſhed, jerked, ſcourged.*

Flageller. *To whip, ſcourge, laſh, jerke.*

Flageol. *as* Flageolet.

Flageoler. *To pipe, or play on a whiſtle.*

Flageoler en l' oreille. *To flatter ; to whiſper.*

Flageolet : m. *A pipe, whiſtle, flute ; alſo, as* Flageollet.

Flageoleur : m. *A piper, a whiſtler ; alſo, a couſener, cheater, conycatcher, notable deceiver.*

Flageollet : m. *Iris, flag, or Flowerdeluce.*

Flagorner. *To blab, tattle, tell tales, report idle newes ; alſo, privately to appeach, diſgrace, detract from others, thereby to pleaſe the hearers.*

Flagorneur : m. *A blab, tell-tale, tatler, tale-carrier ; alſo, a pickthanke, private detractor, ſecret accuſer ; one that by ſuch baſe Offices hopes to win favour.*

Flagrance d'vn deliƈt. *Plaine apparency, or palpableneſſe, of an offence ; the crying of a ſinne.*

Flagrant : m. ante : f. *Flagrant, ardent, burning, flaming ; earneſt, fervent.*

Prendre au faict flagrant. *To take at it, or in the manner ; to apprehend upon the deed doing, or preſently after.*

Flaine : f. *A ticke for a bed.*

Flair : m. *Sent, ſmell.*

Flairé : m. ée : f. *Sented, ſmelled, vented, winded ; alſo, perfumed.*

Flairement : m. *A ſenting, ſmelling, ſavoring, venting, winding.*

Flairer. *To ſent, ſmell, vent, wind ; alſo, to perfume, caſt a ſmell, yeeld a ſavor, breath out a ſent.*

On flaire cela. *There is great doubt, or ſuſpition had thereof ; or, men begin to diſcover it, vent it, find it, out.*

Flaireur : m. *A ſenter, ſmeller, venter.*

Flaironné : m. ée : f. *Sented, ſmelt, vented.*

Flaironner. *To ſent, ſmell, vent ; ſucke up his breath at his noſethrills often together.*

Flaiſtri : m. ie : f. *Marked, branded, burnt, as a rogue, in ſome apparent member, with an hot Iron ; alſo, publikely defamed, openly diſgraced, knowne for a knave.*

Flaiſtrir. *To burne in the hand, or eare, to brand in the forehead, to marke for a rogue, with an hot Iron ; alſo, to diſfame publikely, diſgrace openly ; blemiſh the reputation of, lay a foule imputation on ; alſo, as* Fleſtrir.

Flaiſtriſſure : f. *A diſgraceful brand, or marke ; an open blemiſh ; alſo, a fading, or withering.*

Flaitrir. *as* Flaiſtrir.

Flaman : m. *A certaine reddiſh, long-bild, and long-legd, Sea-fowle ; of the bigneſſe of a Stork, or ſomewhat bigger, and indifferent good meat.*

Flambant. *as* Flaman.

Flambant. *Flaming, ſhining, gliſtering, yeelding a bright luſter.*

Flambart. *as* Furole ; *S. Hermes fire; alſo, the herb Water-torch, or Cats-taile.*

Flambe : f. *A flame, a great blaze of fire ; alſo, the blew Flowerdeluce (called otherwiſe) Garden flags ; alſo, as* Spaſe.

Flambe baſtarde. *Sedge, Gladen, Glader,*

Sword-

Sword-graſſe, Water-flag, yellow-flag, Lavers, Levers.

Flambe blanche. *The white Flowerdeluce; alſo, the Flowerdeluce of Florence, of whoſe Aromaticall root, our Orice powder is made.*

Flambe de riviere. *Water-flag, water-Flowerdeluce*; or, *as* Flambe baſtarde

Flambé. *Flamed, blazed, gliſtered; alſo, baſted with flaming, or hot-ſcalding lead.*

Flambeau: m. *Is (generally) a light; or any thing that yeelds a flame, and is carried, in the darke, for light; and (particularly,) a linke, or torch of wax, having neither any roſen in it, nor woodden handle unto it; and the great wax candle, thats uſed, for ſtate, in the houſes of great men.*

Il porta le flambeau en ces ſecrets. *He divulged, or diſcovered, he led men to the knowledge of, theſe ſecrets.*

Flambelot: m. *A ſmall torch, linke, or light.*

Flamber. *To flame, to blaze; to ſhine, gliſter, yeeld a great luſter, give much light; alſo, to baſt (meat) with flaming, or hot ſcalding lard.*

Flamberge: f. *A ſword:* ¶ Barrag.

Flambillon. *A ſmall flame, light, or linke.*

Flambo. *A kind of long, ſlender, & flame-coloured ſea-fiſh.* ¶ Langued.

Flamboyant. *Flaming, blazing, ſhining, radiant.*

Couleur flamboyante. *A flame-colour.*

Flamboyantement. *Flamingly, ſhiningly, radiantly, moſt brightly.*

Flamboyer. *To flame, ſhine, blaze, give much light.*

Flamend: m. de: f. *Of Flanders, Flemiſh, belonging to a Fleming.*

Feneſtre Flamende. *Looke* Feneſtre.

Flamiche: f. *(In Paris, and thereabouts they call ſo) a kind of better bread then ordinary, reſerved for the Maſters, and Miſtreſſes own mouthes; as alſo, a cake made of butter, cheeſe, flower, and yolkes of eggs; after baking glazed over with ſugar, and roſewater.*

Flamman. *as* Flaman.

Famme: f. *A flame, or great blaze.*

Des flammes. *The greater kind of thoſe round muſcles, or cockles which the Latines tearme* Chamæ, *and which, being eaten, inflame the mouth like pepper; the leſſe or leſſe-inflaming ones are tearmed,* flammettes.

Flammeche. *as* Flammeſche.

Flammerolles: f. *Fire-Drakes; ſtrange repreſentations of fire, appearing, ſometimes in the skie; or, as* Furoles.

Flammeſche: f. *A ſparke, or ſparkle.*

Flammette: f. *A little flame; alſo, the herbe Crowfoot; alſo, a kind of Launcel, pointed like a broad arrow head, wherewith Chirurgians uſe to open a veine.*

Des flammettes. *Looke* des flammes, *under* flamme.

Flammie: f. *The Office, or dignitie of a (Pagan) Arch-prieſt; a Flaminſhip.*

† Flamme-vome: com. *Flame-vomiting.*

Flammuche. *as* Flamichie.

Flammule: f. *The herbe called upright Clamberer, or upright virgins-bower; alſo, the herbe called, Spearwort, or Speare-Crowfoot.*

Flanc: m. *The flank, or ſide; alſo, a flanker (in fortification;) alſo, a coping, planchet, or plate of metall ready to be ſtamped on, or coyned.*

Mal de flancs. *A continuall ſtitch in the ſide; or, a Pleuriſie.*

Aller du flanc. *To pant.*

Batre les flancs. *To pant hard.*

Donner le flanc à tous propos. *To yeeld unto, or be wonne, every word.*

Tirer des flancs. *A horſe to ſtrike (often) at his owne flanke.*

Il a tourné en mes flancs. *I bore him; I carried him in my belly.*

Flançais. *A draught-horſes drawing traces; thoſe that run along his ſides.*

Flancars: m. *Side Lances; Armour for the flankes, or ſides of a barbed horſe.*

Flanchere: f. *A flanker, ſide peece, or flanked peece of timber, in building.*

Flannet: m. *A doucet, or little cuſtard.*

Flanquers: m. *as* Flançais; *alſo, as* Flancars.

Flanqué: m. ée: f. *Flanked, ſtrengthened with flankes; fenced, defended; accoaſted.*

Flanquer. *To flanke, ſtrengthen with flankes; accoaſt, ryme along by the ſide of, to defend, ſupport, or fence; to be at ones elbow for a helpe at need.*

Flans: m. *Flawnes, Cuſtards, Egge-pies; alſo, round planchets, or plates of metall; See* Flanc.

Flaons: m. *Round planchets, or plates of metall, readie to be ſtamped, or coyned.*

Flaque: com. *Weake, feeble, faint, flaggia. See* Flache.

Flaſche. *as* Flache.

Flaſcon: m. *A (great) leatherne bottle.*

Terre loing de ſoy n'apporte que flaſcons, & bouteilles; Pro. *Ground that lies farre off yeelds nought but pots, and bottles.*

Flaſconner. *as* Flaconner.

Flaſque. *as* Flaſcon. *Alſo, a flaske, or, box for powder; alſo, the carriage of a peece of Ordnance; the frame where on it lyes.*

Flaſquet: m. *A little flaske.*

Flaſſade: f. *The covering of a bed; alſo, the daintieſt kind of Ray, or ſmooth Thornback.*

Flaſtereau: m. *A kind of flat* Naveau.

Flaſtrer. *To marke, burne, or brand with an hot iron.*

Flaſtri: m. ie: f. *Marked, burnt or branded with an hot iron.*

Flaſtrir. *as* Flaſtrer; *or, as* Flaiſtrir.

Flatant. *Flattering, fawning on, colloguing with, clawing, ſmoothing, ſtroaking.*

Flatard: m. de: f. *The ſame.*

Flaté: m. ée: f. *Flattered, ſoothed, ſmoothed, ſtroaked, fawned on, glozed with.*

Flatelet: m. *A Hallibut (fiſh.)*

Flatement: m. *A flattering; ſoothing, ſmoothing; fawning on, colloguing or glozing with.*

Flatement aux chevaux. *A ſtroaking of them with the hand; alſo, the popping, or ſmacking uſed by riders.*

Flater. *To flatter, ſooth) ſmooth, fawne on, gloze or collogue with, uſe faire words, give (over) good tearmes unto, alſo, to claw, ſtrokes, clap gently.*

Sans flater le dé. *Plainely, ſincerely, roundly, without making the matter better then it is.*

Qui flate il grate; Prov. *He that flatters thrives.*

Flatereau: m. *Haſſe a flatterer; one that ſomewhat flatters.*

Flatereſſe: f. *A flattering, or cogging wench.*

Flaterie: f. *Flatterie, fawning, glozing, adulation, aſſentation, ſoothing, ſmoothing, cogging, foiſting.*

Flateur: m. *A flatterer, glozer, fawner, ſoother, foiſter, ſmoother; a claw-backe, Sycophant, Pickthanke.*

Flateuſe. *as* Flatereſſe.

Flateuſement. *Glozingly, fawningly, flatteringly.*

Flatré: m. ée: f. *Branded in the forehead, bored through the eare, marked for a knave.*

Flatrer. *To brand, burne, or marke with an hot yron. See* Flaiſtrir.

Flatri. *as* Flatré.

Flatriſſement: m. *A branding in the forehead, a burning through the eare; an open marke of diſgrace; a publicke deſcription.*

Flatti: m. ie: f. *Flatted, beaten, and made flat.*

Flattir. *To flat; to beat, or make flat.*

Flatueux: m. euſe: f. *Flatulent, windie, full of windie humors.*

Flatulent. *as* Flatueux.

Flatuoſité: f. *Flatulencie, windineſſe, fullneſſe of winde.*

Flavelle: f. *Triſling. (v.m.)*

Flayau: m. *A flaile to threſh with.*

Fleau: m. *as* Flayau; *Alſo, the beame of a great ballance; alſo, the tendrill, or tender ſhute of a vine, whereby it catcheth hold on what is next unto it; It is alſo much uſed, by metaphor, for a ſcourge, plague, or judgement of God.*

Les Fleaux des poiſſons. *The finnes of fiſhes.*

Les Fleaux des rameaux des arbres: *The ſmall tops, or twigs of branches.*

† Fleble. *as* Foible.

Fleche: f. *A ſhaft; an arrow; alſo, a peece of wood in the beakehead of a ſhip; the ſprit ſayle whereof it ſerves to hold in.*

Fleche d'vn arbre. *The trunke; or body of a tree.*

Fleche de lard. *A flitch of Bacon.*

Faire de tout bois fleches. *Looke* Bois.

Il ne ſçait plus de quel bois faire fleches. *He knowes no longer what wood to make arrowes of, viz. what ſtuffe to make uſe of, what helps to rely on, what friends to recourſe to.*

Flecheurs. *Benders, pliers, bowers; (and more particularly) the muſcles that ſerve to bow the joynts of the fingers.*

Flechi: m. ie: f. *Bent, bowed, plied, moved, turned, gone awrie, or on the one ſide.*

Flechir. *To bend, bow, plie; to move; turne, goe awrie, or on the one ſide.*

Facile à flechir. *Gentle, pliant, flexible, tractable; turnable; tender; inconſtant; moveable; ſome bent, eaſily bowed.*

Flechissant. *Yeelding, plying, bending, bowing unto.*

Flechissement : m. *A bowing, bending, plying.*

Flechissure : f. *A bought, or crookednesse; also, a bending, crooking, bowing.*

Flection. *as* Flechissement.

Flegart. *A common place, or way.* ¶ Pic.

Flegmatique : com. *Flegmaticke; full of flegme; breeding flegme; subiect unto flegme.*

Flegme : m. *Flegme.*

Flegmon : m. *A bot, and red swelling, or inflamation of bloud, called by Physitians a Flegman.*

Fleiche. *as* Fleche.

Fleichade : f. *A wound, or pricke of an arrow.*

Flesche. *as* Fleche; *Also, a kind of water grasse.*

Fleschier : m. *An Archer.*

Flechissant. *as* Flechissable.

Fleitri. *as* Flatré; *Also, faded, withered; quailed, decayed.*

Fleitrir. *as* Flaurer; *also, to fade, wither; flag, droop; decay, or dry up; to quaile, faile, or fall away.*

Laisser fleitrir pour graine. *To let run to seed.* See Graine.

Fleitrissëure : f. *A withering, fading, quailing, drooping, vfailing, drooping, flagging, falling away; also, as* Fleitrissure.

Fletan. *as* Flettan.

Flemlet. *A Hallibut, or holy-hut-fish.*

Flettan. *The greatest kind of Sale-fish.*

Flette. *A Lyghter; a small Barke; also, a Flounder.*

Fleve : com. *as* Foible.

Fleumatique : com. *Flegmatick, subiect unto flegme.*

Fleume. *as* Flegme.

Fleur : f. *A flower; bloome, blossome; a catkin, or blowing.*

Fleurs. *A womans monethly fluxe, or flowers.*

Fleur d'aage. *The prime, or most flourishing time of anes age.*

Fleur d'amour. *Flower-gentle, Flower-amour.*

Fleurs blanches. *The whites; (a disease well knowne among women.)*

Fleur des Chardons. *Thistle-downe.*

Fleurs cordiales. les trois fleurs cordiales. *The three cordiall flowers, Roses, Bugloss, and Bourrage flowers.*

La fleur du cuir. *The graine, or upper part of leather.*

Fleur d'eau. *The water Lilly, water Rose, yellow, or white Nenuphar.*

Fleur d'erain. *Little red, and shining graines that fall from the smoake arising of cleere water cast upon melted, liquid, and red-hot brasse; (of great use in Physicke, and Chirurgery.)*

Fleur de farine. *Flower, or the finest meale; also, meale-dust, or mill-dust.*

Fleur d'huyle. *as* Mere goutte.

Fleur S. Iaques. *Ragwort, Staggerwort, Staverwort. S. Iames-wort.*

Fleur à faulnir. *Dyers weed, greening weed, wood-waxen, base broome.*

La Fleur de mouton. *The best of the rack; and the ribs of the breast which be nat under the shoulder.*

Fleur de la pierre Assienne. *The saltish mold, or heare, that growes on that stone; an excellent preserver of the things which are seasoned withall.*

Fleur de sel. *as* le Sel.

Fleur du vin. *The mother of wine; the white, or mouldy spots that stout on the top of old wine.*

Choux fleurs. *Colly-florie, Cypres Colewoorts.*

Couleur de fleur de Peschet. *A Peach colour.*

La noble fleur. *Flower-gentle, Velvet flower, Flower amour, Flower valure.*

'A fleur. Blanchir de la toile à fleur. *To bleach, or whiten linnen.*

'A fleur d'eau. *Close by the water, between wind and water.*

'A fleur de terre. *Close unto, even with, hard at, the ground.*

La fleur n'est que cendre. *The best is but trash; the fairest no better then a dead flourish.*

Fleurage : m. *Flowrinesse; a heap, or abundance of flowers.*

Fleurant le plan de la terre. *as* à Fleur de terre.

Fleurant comme le calemard d'vn retraict. *Smelling, or casting a sent, like the funnell of an Ajax.*

Fleurdelisé. *Branded, or marked for a rogue, with the print of a Flowerdelince, between his shoulders, &c.*

Fleurdelisé d'or. *Set, inriched, flourished, beautified, with golden Flowerdeluces.*

Fleurdeliser. *To set a Flowerdeluce between the shoulders with a hot Iron (the marke of a rogue;) also, to flourish, beautifie, sticke, set thicke, with Flowerdeluces.*

Fleurée : f. *The froath, fome, or upmost flowery scumme of a thing that boiles.*

Fleuret. *Course silke; floret silke.*

Mesler la soye avec le fleuret. *To mingle good and bad, fine and course, deare and cheape, together.*

Fleuretant. *Sleightly running, lightly passing over; only touching in the passing by; also, venting, or winding.*

Fleureter. *Sleightly to run, lightly to passe over; only to touch a thing in going by it (metaphorically from the little Bees nimble skipping from flower to flower as she feeds;) also, as* Fleuretter.

Fleuretis de paroles. *Fine tearmes to small purpose; an idle flourish of words.*

Fleurette : f. *A litile flower, small bloome, or blossome.*

Fleuretté. *Fleuretty (a tearme of Blazon;) also, vented, or winded.*

Fleuretter. *To vent, or wind; also, to sneake, or take-stop it; also, as* Fleureter.

† Fleureux : m. euse : f. *Flowery; stored with choice of flowers; also, fragrant, odoriferous, sweet-smelling.*

Fleuri : m. ie : f. *Flourishing, flowred, blossomed.*

Choux fleuris. *Colly-florie; Cypres tete.*

Pasques fleuries. *Palme-Sunday.*

Vieillesse fleurie. *White, or gray-headed.*

Fleurin : m. *as* Florin; *Or, a Low-Country coyne worth about ij s. sterl.*

Fleurir. *To blossome, bloome, flower, bring or beare, flowers; also, to prosper, excell, flourish, be renowned, come into credit, have much reputation in the world.*

Fleurissant. *Blooming, blossoming, flourishing, bearing many flowers; also, prosperous, renowned, had in estimation.*

Fleuron : m. *A Fleuron, or fleuret; a small flower, little blossome, young bloome.*

Fleuronné : m. ée : f. *Flourishing; decked, or set thicke, with young flowers, blossomes, bloomes.*

Croix fleuronnée. *A crosse botany; (in Blazon.)*

Fleuronner. *To bloome, to blow; to begin to blossome.*

Fleuris : m. *A flourish, or flourishing.*

Fleuris des oyfillons. *The warbling of little birds.*

Fleury. *as* Fleuri.

Fleute : f. *A flute; a pipe.*

Le fleute d'vn Alambic. *The beake, or nose of a Limbeck.*

Fleute d'Aleman. *A Lamprey; called so in some places by reason of the little holes which she hath in the upper part of her body.*

Il y a de l'ordure dans leurs fleutes. *All goes not well with them; somewhat is amisse among them.*

Ils ont accordé leurs fleutes. *They are agreed upon the matter.*

Ce qui est venu par la fleure s'en retourne avec le Tabourin; Prov. *What the pipe hath gathered the Taber scatereth; goods ill gotten are commonly ill spent.*

Robin se sovient tousjours de sa fleute; Prov. *Looke* Robin.

Fleuter. *To play on the flute.*

Fleuteur : m. *A Fluter, a Piper.*

Fleuteuse : f. *A Flutéresse; a woman that playes on a flute.*

Fleutrer. *See* Flatrer.

Fleuve : m. *A flood, streame, river.*

Le fleuve passé le Sainct oublié; Pro. *The danger once past our vowes are ill paid.*

Flexible : com. *Pliant, flexible; tractable; soone bent, quickly bowed, easily won or changed; good to be dealt with, fit to be wrought on.*

Flexir. *To bend, bow, ply, turne, wind about.*

Flexueux : m. euse : f. *Intricate, crooking or crooked, full of cranklings, that hath many turnings, winding in and out.*

Flexuosité : f. *Flexuositie; a most crooked, or manifold turning; an intricate, or often winding in and out.*

Flex. *A Flounder.*

Flic : m. *A jerk, or jerke; a twang, a dash, a flat, or slamp; also, an arrow or shaft.*

Fliche de larde : f. *A flich, or side, of bacon.*

Flin : m. *A thunder-stone; a kind of stone wherewith Cutlers furbush their blades; or, as* Esmeril.

Flion. *A kind of tender, and dainty shell-fish, not much unlike a Cockle, but that the shell thereof is somewhat whiter, and much smoother.*

Flique de lard. *as* Fliche. ¶ Pic.

Flis : m. *A slight-shaft.*

Flisquant : m. ante : f. *Whisking, jerting, twanging.*

Flo : m. *The high-water marke, at sea.* Looke Floc.

'A flo. *Floating, or swimming upon the sea.*

Choses du flo. *Floisens, or floatgams; goods that lie floating, or swimming on the top of the water.*

Floc de laine. *A locke, or flocke of wooll.*

Floc de Moine. *as* Froc.

Floccard;

Floccard : m. *A fashion of head-attire, put on by the bethrothed maidens of Lyons, and left off when they have beene married a twelve-month.*

Floche. *Looke* Floſche.

Floçon. *as* Floc.

Flocquars : m. *Taſſels, puffes, or tufts, as of Sarcenet that's drawne out of, or cut under, another ſtuffe.*

Flocquet. *To puffe out, as Sarcenet in a breech cut after the Swiſſe faſhion; to hang forth loſe, to ſit baggingly, ſagging, or beſtrampled as an over-wide garment.*

Flocquoir : m. *A ſquirt.*

Floflotant. *Flowing, floating, ſurging, ſounding like waves, or billowes.*

Floflotement. *A floating, or ſurging; a bubling, or tempeſtuous noiſe.*

Flofloter. *To float, ſurge, or wave up and downe; alſo, to make a ſurging, bubling, or tempeſtuous noiſe.*

Flon. *as* Felon; *alſo, a white meat made of milke, eggs, butter, and meale, or as;*

Flondelarc : m. *A certaine baked meat that ſomewhat reſembles our flawne.*

Floquer. *See* Flocquer.

Floquet. gentil floquet. *A ſweet youth, ſprucke companion, minion, milk-ſop.* Rab.

Floquets de poil. *Flockes, or lockes of haire.*

Florable. *The herbe Cheeſe-rumbell, or Cheeſe-renning, our Ladies bedſtraw, petite Muguet, Maides haire.*

Floraux. leurs Floraux. *A certaine wittie, and pleaſant contention among French Rimers, or Poets; a ſilver Eglantine being the reward, or prize, for the beſt doer, and a Marigold for the ſecond.*

Florée : f. *The blew ſcumme of woad boyling in the Dyers lead; which fleeted off, and dried into powder, ſerves Painters, and Silke-Dyers for divers uſes.*

Florencé. croix florencée. *A croſſe flurt; (in Blazon.)*

Floret : m. *A ſoile; a ſword with the edge rebated.*

Floré : m. ée : f. *Bloomed, bloſſomed, flouriſhing, in the flower; whence;*

Quand les febues ſont flories, les ſots commencent leurs folies; Prov. *Looke* Febue.

Floride: com. *Lively, freſh, luſty, flouriſhing.*

Florin : m. *A Florin, or Franc, an ancient coine of gold in France, worth* iijs. ſter. *not current at this day, (though* Languedoc, *and the countries adjoyning retaine the name ſtill in a peece that's worth* 18d. ſter.)

Florin de Merz. *Is worth* iijs. ſter.

Florin au traict. *Wants ſomewhat of* iijs. (19s. Tourn.)

Florin de Vic. *Goes for* 33s. Tourn.

Qui a Florin, latin, rouſſin, par tout il trouve chemin; Pro. (*wherein, by florin, ſtore of coine is underſtood.*)

† Floſche : com. *Foggie, weake, ſoft; as a bonelesſe lumpe of fleſh.*

Soye Floſche. *Sleave ſilke.*

Flot : m. *A wave, ſurge, floud; or, the waving, floating, or flowing of any water; alſo, a tyde, or the tyde; or as* Flo : *the high-water marke at ſea.*

Le flot de Mars. *The great Spring-tydes which come in about the Equinoctiall, or thirteenth of March.*

Le flot de Septembre. *The like tydes, comming in about the Autumne Equinoctiall.*

A flot griſſe graſſe. *Floating, ſurging, ſwimming aloft on the waves.*

Tout ce que vient d'Ebe s'en retourne en flot; Pro. *Whats got by one hand will be loſt by another.*

Flotage : m. *A floating, ſurging, ſwimming on the top of.*

Le premier flotage d'un Navire. *The launching of a new ſhip.*

Flotelant. *as* floflotant.

Floter. *as* Flotter.

Floton : m. *A tuft, locke, or puffe of.*

Flottage. *as* Flocage.

Flottant. *Floating, flowing, ſurging, waving, as water; alſo, ſayling, or ſwimming on the water.*

Flotte : f. *A Brewers Cooler; alſo, a fleet of ſhips.*

Flotte de gens. *A crue, rout, a troupe, flocke, a companie, multitude, ſtreame of people.*

Flotte de marrein. *A raft, or float-boat of timber joyned together, and ſent downe a river.*

Flotté : m. ée : f. *Floating; ſet aſloate; alſo, ſhaken, toſſed, moved; carried up and downe by, or on, the waves.*

Bois flotté. *Looke* Bois.

Flottement : m. *A floating, ſwimming, waving.*

Flotter. *To floate, hover, ſwimme aloft on the water; to boyle, flow, ſurge, riſe in waves, or billowes.*

Floüet : m. ette : f. *Weake, waſhie, tender, delicate, nice.* ¶ North.

Vne main floüette. *A ſoft, or daintie hand.*

Floüin : m. *A Barke of ſome furtie or fifty tun higher decked then a Galley, and lower then an ordinarie Barke; and going both with ſailes, and oares (without bankes) and fitted both for fight, and burthen; we may call it a Ry-boat, or a Ry-man (for the faſhion of it came from Ry, ſayes* Nicot.)

Flour. *as* Fleur; *a bloſſome or flower.*

Floure : m ée : f. *Flowred in Blazon.)*

Flourir. *See* Fleurir.

Fluction : f. *An iſſue, flux, flowing.*

Fluctuation. *A ſurging, floating, ſwimming, a doubting, wavering, uncertainty, inconſtancie.*

Fluctuer. *To float, ſurge, wave up and downe, as the water; to be toſſed, turmoyled, diſquietted; alſo, to waver, doubt, hold an uncertaine courſe, have an uncertain eſtate, be at no certainty, behave himſelfe inconſtantly.*

Fluer. *To flow, runne, ſlip, ſlide, glide, or paſſe along, as water.*

Fluëurs de femme. *A womans monthly flowers.*

Fluïde : com. *Flowing, running, waſhie, ſlaſhie, moiſt, watriſh; thinne, fluide, weake, as water; alſo, glib, current, ſmoothly running along.*

Fluidement. *Flowingly, running, moiſtly, watriſhly, thinnely; weakely; alſo, coarently, glibly, ſmoothly along.*

Fluidité : f. *A flowing, moiſtneſſe, waſhineſſe, watriſhneſſe; thinneſſe; ſlaſhineſſe; weakeneſſe.*

Fluſteau. *A little Flute, or pipe. Seeke* Enter.

Fluſte-bergiere. *An herb, which ſome hold to be water Plantane.*

Fluté. *as* Fleute; *alſo, a certaine peece of ſmall Artillerie.*

Fluter, & Fluteur. *See* Fleuter & Fleuteur.

Fluviatile : com. *Of a river, ſtreame, or water; belonging to, or bred in, a river, ſtreame, or water.*

Flux : m. *A flowing, running, ſtreaming, or riſhing out; a current (or tide) of water; alſo, a flux, flixe, laxe, looſeneſſe; (a thinne, or liquid) iſſue; alſo, a ſmall nut Carduus.*

Cela eſt encores en flux. *That is as yet in action, or upon the increaſe.*

Paſte ſans flux. *Neſſe, I am not ſlaſh; alſo, let-go, no matter, or not a pinne matter.*

Fluxible : com. *Flexible, fluide, or flitting.*

Fluxil : m. ile : f. *Fluxive, fluent, flowing, flitting, running.*

Fluxion : f. *A fluxion, a running, flowing, or floating of waters; alſo, a flux, flixe, looſeneſſe.*

Foarre : m. *Straw; alſo, litter, or fodder.*

Foarreux : m. euſe : f. *Full of, well furniſhed with, ſtraw.*

Focile : m. *The arme from the elbow to the wriſt; the leg, or ſhanke from the knee to the ankle; each conſiſting of two bones.*

Focile grand. *The upper of theſe two bones, being the longer and greater.*

Focile mineur; ou petit focile. *The under-moſt, and leſſe of them.*

Fodina : f. *A quarry, or mine; a place or pit wherein any thing is digged.*

Foecide. *as* Feride; *Sinking.*

Foeu. *Seeke* Feu; *A fire.*

Foge. *A kind of Engine to catch fiſh with.*

Foguer. *To grumble, ſpeak, ſowle.*

Fogon d'vne navire. *as* Fougon.

Foiblage de poids. *Want of weight, ſcant weight.*

Foible : com. *Feeble, weake, ſtrengthleſſe, faint, ſpeedleſſe.*

Foible comme va ſeau. *We ſay, as weak as water.*

Le fort portant le foible. *One with another, good and bad together, ſome better to make amends for the worſe.*

Qui a le reſſort foible. *That wants reſtition.*

Foiblement. *Feebly, weakely, faintly, without ſtrength, without force, without vigor.*

Foibleſſe : f. *Feebleneſſe, weakeneſſe, want of ſtrength; faintneſſe, infirmitie; a fainting, or falling into a qualme; alſo, want of due weight, or, ſcant weight in coine.*

Foibleſſe de cœur. *Daſtardie, faint-heartedneſſe, cowardiſe, want of courage.*

Foie. *as* Foye.

Foignaſſe : f. *Medicke fodder, Spaniſh Trifolie, Snaile Clover.*

Foigne : f. *A long ſtaffe that hath at the one end a ſquare caſting-net, uſed moſt by ſea-fiſhermen.*

† Foigner. *To pewl, lowre, grumble, murmure, or be offended at; alſo, as* Feindre; *and hence;*

Ils ne ſe foignoyent de gueres. *They diſſembled, or ſwhore, but a little.*

Foin : m. *Hay; alſo, a great white Mould,*

ny slight slit, thrust, somewhat resembles a Beetle.

Foin d'arriere saisin. Fog, Late Math, Lateward Hay.

Foin de Bolligodgne. Spanish Trifolie, Medick fodder, Snaile Clover.

Foin dur. Hard Hay, So Pasture wort, square or great S. Johns grasse.

Foin Grec. (The herb, or seed) Fenugreeke.

Foin foin, ou faincts foin. Spanish Trifolie, Medick fodder, Snaile Clover.

Bailleur de foin à la mule. A Chester, drayman, Coop-feather.

Chapitreur de foin. A shave-cow; one that seemes better then he is, or assumes more then he should.

Bailler foin en corne. To deceive, gull, cousen, sell a bargaine, give a gudgeon.

Bailler de l'avoine pour du foin. To lose by an exchange, to give ware for ware.

Botté de foin. Rustickt, rusticall, clownish, boorish, rude; also, ignorant, simple, fond.

Il y a du foin, il n'y a que les bestes qui y mangent. Your tapes are very yellow, or white; the thing you gape for's most unworthy of note.

Se remplir de foin, ou de paille. To stop his guts with, or glut himself on, any thing; (from a horse, that wanting Hay fals to his Litter.)

Tirer du foin aux chiens. To spue, cast, vomit, puke, or further.

Tourner les trippes au foin. To answer from the matter, to digresse from the purpose.

Foin en corne; Prov. A good warning, or marke, for the avoiding of a dangerous person; a thing worth to give notice that the weaver is not to be safely accosted; (From the ancient Romanes, who used to tie a whisp of Hay about the the horne of a shrewd, or curst Beast;) and hence;

Il a du foin aux cornes. He is a dangerous knave; a fierce, proud, surely, surly, unsociable, fellow.

De mauvais payeurs foin, ou paille; Prov. For a desperate debt take any satisfaction, or an ill paymaster any thing.

Foine. as Fouine. A Foyne, or polecat.

Foine. A Pigeon-house, that hath one entry on the top, without other hole, or window for light, or eyre; also, as Faine; Beech-Mast.

Foinil: m. A Hay-stack, Hay-rick, Hay-mow; Hay-loft, Hay-house.

Foirard: m. A shitten fellow; also, a kind of white Vine, or grape of no great worth; so termed, of the property it hath to loosen the belly.

A cul de foirard tousiours abonde merde; Prov. A filthie tale seldome wanteth filthy Auditors.

Foire: f. A faire; a Mart; a generall Market.

Il s'est bien trouvé de la foire. He hath made a good match, or market; he hath sped very well; (Applicable unto one that hath gotten a good wife.)

On ne s'en va pas des foires comme du marché. Look Marché.

Foire: f. Squirt, thin dung; a laske.

Faire barbe de foire à. To disgrace, violate, wrong extremely, abuse egregiously.

A saincte Foire chandelle de merde; Prov. A gift ungreeable to her nature; or manner; fit (and filthie) Latine for her (stinking) lips.

Foirelle: f. French Mercury, garden Mercury.

Foirer: Et squirt, tussire abinne, as in a Laske; also, to besquirt, or bray with squirting.

Foiret: m. as Foret.

Foiteux: m. euse: f. Ak to besprittem, or bewyed with squirting; also, having the squirt, troubled with a Laske, loose behinde.

Foirolle: f. as Foirelle.

Fois: m. Le fois du corps. The waste, or middle.

Fois: f. a time, twise, course, bout; (A word that hath ever another before it.)

L'autre fois. Th'other time; Les autres fois, th'other times; & Autre fois (as an Adverbe, and most used as one word;) heretofore, in times past; while-tare, sometimes, at another time.

Quelque fois. Sometimes, one time or another.

Toutes fois. Nevertheless, notwithstanding.

Toutes fois & quantes. Every time and tide; as often as.

Vne fois; once: deux fois; twice: trois fois; thrice: quatre fois; foure times; (and so forward, reckoning by so many times.)

De fois à autre. Ifsoones, now and then, ever and anon; one time after another.

Par fois. Sometimes, or by times, now and then.

Foison: f. Store, plenty, abundance, great substance, enough.

A foison. Copiously, plentifully, abundantly.

Foisonnant. Abounding with, having plenty of.

Foisonner. To abound; be full, have plenty of.

Foisonneux: m. euse: f. Plentifull, abundant, full of, well stored with.

Folte-cuit: m. A Pedant; a whip-arse.

Foiter. as Fouetter.

Fol: m. A foole; asse, goose, calfe, dotterell, woodcock, noddy, cokes, goose-cap, coxcomb, shrard, peasoose, nunny, naturall, idiot, wiseacre; also, a Bishop, at Chesse; also, a kind of great Canary-bird, so called, because she never stirres wagging her head.

Il en est plus affeté qu'un fol de sa marotte. (See dotes more on it then a foole on's bable (which, we say, he'le not give for the Tower of London.)

Fol est qui se coupe de son propre cousteau; Prov. He is an asse that hurts himselfe with his owne helpes; or, abuses his owne good parts to his owne destruction.

Fol est qui s'enyvre de sa propre bouteille; Pro. Of the same sence, or, he is an asse that's besotted on his own good parts.

Fol est qui est esperonné, & à cheval dit hai; Prov. He is an asse that having sufficient, doth use insufficient helpes.

Fol est qui est à table, & n'ose manger; Prov. He is an asse that having wealth enough dares not use it; or being where 'tis to be had, dares not put for it.

Fol est qui iette à ses pieds ce qu'il tient en ses mains; Prov. He is an asse that throwes at his heeles what he holds in his hands; viz. that neglects his own (whatsoever.)

Fol est qui perd la chair pour les os; Prov. He is an asse that loses; fish for bones, viz. that leaves importance, to follow paultrie, matters.

Fol est qui de son poing fait coing; Prov. He is an asse that presumes too much on his own strength, or knowes not the right use of his owne things.

Fol & avoir ne se peuvent ensemble avoir; Prov. A foole and wealth cannot possesse each other.

Fol qui beaucoup desire choisit, & prend la pire; Prov. The greedy fooles that all would passe, by hasty choise lights on the worse.

Fol se doit nommer en face qui bien assis se desplace; Prov. He should be call'd a foole to his face, that being well doth quit his place.

Fol quiert iusques au crever ce qui ne se peut trouver; Prov. (Meant especially of the Alchymist.)

Fols sont sages quand ils se taisent; Prov. Fooles are wise untill they speake.

Le fol est fol quant & quant, mais tout fol n'est pas fol; Prov. All fooles be fools, but all fools be not fooles.

Le fol reste apres la feste; Pro. Looke Feste.

Vn fol advise bien vn sage; Prov. A foole may sometimes give a wise man counsell.

Vn fol cerche son malheur; Prov. A foole doth seeke his owne mishap; the curious searcher finds himself unfortunate.

Vn fol va enragé; Prov. Once a foole ever a mad man; or, he that hath played the foole once, will, ere he leave, play the mad man.

Vn fol fait tousiours le commencement; Prov. The foole begins, but never ends, a businesse.

A fol avanturous n'est mestier d'avoir sens; Prov. An enterprizing foole needs little wit.

A fol ne faut point de sonnette; Prov. (So quickly his words, and gesture tell you what he is.)

Au fol la marotte; Prov. We say also, Give the foole his bable; or what's a foole without a bable?

Il est bien fol qui cuide tousiours vivre; Prov. He is a very asse that thinks he shall live ever.

Il est bien fol qui à fol sens demande; Prov. He's a true asse that bokes for wit in an asse.

Il est bien fol qui s'oublie; Prov. Hee is a right foole that forgets himselfe.

De ce que fol pense souvent en demeure; Prov. A foole of's finds himself short of his reckonings.

Mettez fol à par soy il pensera; Prov. Leave a foole alone, and hee will bethink himself (what he hath to do.)

Qui fol envoye fol attend; Prov. Seek Envoyer.

Qui fol va à Rome fol en retourne; Prov. Let no foole hope to become wise by travelling (at least, we use to say of some

of

as vn giddy Traueller) let vs come home as very a foole as he went.

Quoy que ſil eſt des fous ne me garde ; Prov. *While fooles do paſſe the day it ſeruety time ſlaues non deſirer fooles diſire.*

Si le fol n'alloit au marché on ne vendroit pas la mauvaiſe denrée : Prov. *If fooles went not to market ill wares would be kept.*

Si le fol ne fol ſe hiperd ſa ſaiſon. Pro. *A foole that would ſeeme wiſe is moſt abſurd when he playes the foole.* or, *the fond'ſt fooles when he is leaſt fooliſh.*

Si aucun des fols portoit la marque, nul ne ſeroit pas de quel bois on ſe chauffe-roit ; Prov. *If all fooles bables bore, fooles would be very rare.*

A barbe de fol on apprend à raire ; Prov. *By ſhaving a foole we learne to ſhave.*

A barbe de fol hardi raſoir ; Prov. *The razer may boldly grate on a fooles beard.*

A barbe de fol ſi raſoir eſt mal ; Prov. *A foole troubles any diſgrace ; A foole ; not ſenſible of any wrong.*

A conſeil de fol eſcorce de bois ; Prov. *When loggar-heads conſult logs ſerue for bells.*

En larmes de fol ne ſe doit on fier ; Prov. *The teares of a foole are not to be truſted.*

Belle promeſſe fol le croit. Prov. *Looke* Promeſſe.

Bonne iournée faict qui de fol ſe delivre ; Prov. *He doth a good daies worke that gets cleere of a foole.*

Douces promeſſes obligent les fols ; Prov. *Faire promiſes oblige the improvident.*

En defaut de ſage monte vn fol en chaire ; Prov. *Looke* Sage.

Grand beſoing a de fol qui de ſoy meſme ſe fait ; Prov. *He needs a foole too much that will needs play the foole.*

On croit d'un fol bien ſouvent qu'il ſoit Clerc, pour ſes veſtemens ; Pro. *Grave clothes make daintie aſſes ſeeme great Clarkes.*

Promettre ſans donner eſt fol reconforter ; Prov. *Fruitleſſe promiſes applaude none but fooles.*

Qui commet affaire à vn fol s'appreſte à le ſuyvre ; Prov. *Leſt he miſſe he had gone about it himſelfe ; alſo, he that imploies a foole may follow him for company ; for wiſe men vſe to imploy wiſe men.*

Tout eſt perdu ce qu'on donne à fol ; Prov. *All that is given to a foole is caſt away ; (whereupon ſome Criticke will perhaps conclude, that all the labour beſtowed on this word hath been mis beſtowed.)*

Fol : m. folle ; f. *Fooliſh, fond, ſimple, witleſſe, foppiſh, idle, vaine.*

Farine folle. *Meale-duſt, or Mill-duſt.*

Paiſtri de folle tarine. *A ſlight, vaine, or idle fellow.*

Figue folle. *A Fig-dart ; alſo, a Sicamore fig ; the fruit of the outlandiſh Sicamore, or Mulberry Figtree.*

Paille folle de bled. *The vtmoſt thinne rind, or outſide, of ſtraw.*

De fol iuge breve ſentence ; Prov. *A foole ſoone gives his verdict.*

Vuide chambre ſont les Dames folles ; Prov. *Looke* Chambre.

Folaſtre : *wanton, laſcivious, toying, ſoule, effeminate.*

Folaſtrement : *wantonly, laſcivioſly, toyingly, effeminately.*

Folaſtrer. *To play the wanton, lumber it, vſe laſcivious tricks.*

Folaſtrerie : *a faſhion of toying, vaine cockes ; alſo, as* Folaſtreménr.

Folatre, Folatrement. *vel* Folaſtre, Folaſtrement.

Folatrer. *as* Folaſtrer.

Folatreries : *Fond tricks, laſcivious pranks, wanton faſhions, effeminate actions.*

Folatrie : *impertinence, foppery, foolery.*

Folement. *Fondly, ſimply, foppiſhly, witleſly, fooliſhly, vnwiſely, idly, vainly.*

Folet : m. *A preaty foole, a little fop, a young ſtarr, none of the wiſeſt.*

Folet : m. *vſed in Somerſhire for Fond, preaty and foppiſh, a little fooliſh, or, young and fooliſh.*

Eſprit folet. *An Hobgoblin, Robin good-fellow.*

Poil folet. *A young moſſie beard ; alſo, the firſt downe of young birds.*

Foleton. *as* Folet.

Folie : f. *Folly, ſimplicity, fooliſhneſſe, fondneſſe, witleſſeneſſe, foppiſhneſſe, impertinency, vainneſſe ; alſo, a kind of ſpiced bread.*

Folie aux gaiçons. *Lechery ; and beaſtlineſſe.*

Faire folie. *A woman to play falſe, enter a nun more then ſhe ought, or tread her ſhoue awry.*

Folie faire, & folie recognoiſtre, ſont deux pairs de folie ; Prov. *He's doubly fond that juſtifies his fondneſſe.*

C'eſt folie de ſe prendre aux femmes, & aux beſtes ; Prov. *Mad is the man that medles with women, and beaſts.*

Courtes folies ſont les meilleures ; Prov. *Short follies are the beſt ; or, the beſt of a fond act is the ſhortneſſe of it ; or, follies the leſſe while they laſt the more they are to be borne with.*

En amour eſt folie, & ſens ; Prov. *In love there is both wit, and vnwitt.*

Il peche ſagement qui fait folie par conſeil ; Prov. *He wiſely ſaues whom counſell makes to faile ; or, faules done by adviſe are moſt excuſable.*

Qui le bien void, & le mal prend, fait folie en bon eſcient ; Prov. *He that ſees what's good, and takes what's bad, is guilty of wilfull idleneſſe.*

Follier. *To play the foole, do like an aſſe, behave himſelfe like an idiot.*

Il n'eſt ſi ſage qui ne folie aucunes fois ; Prov. *The wiſeſt man is fooliſh now and then.*

Si le fol ne folie il perd ſa ſaiſon ; Pro. *A foole is moſt abſurd when he playes not the fool.*

Follaſſes : f. *The herb Beets.*

Follaſtrerie : f. *as* Folaſtrerie.

Follet. *as* Eſprit follet. *An Hobgoblin, Robin good-fellow, Bugbeare.*

Follettes. *Orage, Atriplex, golden herb.*

Folliculе : m. *A little bag, pouch, or ſack ; alſo, a huske, hull, peele, or skin inclosing ſeed.*

Folliere. *as* Folliere.

Folliner. *To play the wanton, or vſe laſcivious tricks.*

Fomentation : f. *A fomentation, or fomenting ; a comforting, cherſhing, aſſwaging ; a making ſupple by a Moiſter, Poultis, &c. (if it be moiſt) or within a bag, or quilt (if it be dry) either to the ſick comfort, or eaſe the paine is lyed on, or to make way, by opening the pores, for vnctuous, or plaiſters to be layed on it.*

Fomenté : m. fe : f. *Fomented ; cherſhed, comforted, ſupplied, vſed.*

Fomenter. *To foment ; cherſh, comfort, ſupple, make ſupple, aſſwage, or allay ; as in* Fomentation.

Fondé : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed, well grounded, whoſe ground is ſtrength, or ſtored with ; alſo, broken, that is as a piece of cake, &c.) hath a head, or bottome ſet into it.*

Fonceau : m. *A little bottome, hole, bottom, or lowe place.*

Fonceau d'un Canon. *The bigge or bread end of a Cannon bore.*

Foncer. *To head a peice of Caske ; to ſet a bottome, or head into any ſuch veſſell.*

Foncier : m. ére : f. *Fundamentall ; of, or the ſoyle, for the ſoyle, belonging to the ſoyle.*

Cour fonciere. *A Court Baron ; or, Court of baſe Juriſdiction.*

Juſtice fonciere. *Low Juriſdiction, or a Court thereof, exerciſed by the Lords of Fiefs, for the recovery of their rights from their vaſſalls ; and often-times for Freehold, and therefore diſtributed, and forbidden, by the Cuſtomes of diuers Prouinces.*

Rente fonciere. *A Rent-ſeruice, Rent-charge, or Feodi-firme rent ; or exception unto Cens ; or, a ſecond charge impoſed on land upon the ſecond graunt thereof, called thus, becauſe the ſoyle is euer after liable unto it.*

Seigneur foncier. *The (diriſt) Lord of a Fief ; the Lord of the Soyle.*

Serfs fonciers. *Such as having been conquered by the ancient French, received lands of them, on the Condition of doing them any ſervice ; theſe were by no means permitted to change the habitation they firſt betooke them to.*

Fond : m. *A bottome, ſtaye, ground, foundation, deep, or depth ; alſo, land, ſoyle, mould ; a plot, or piece of ground ; (vn fond.) alſo, the drawing out of a (cut) garment ; alſo, the head of Caske, or of any hollow veſſell ; alſo, a Merchants ſtocke, whether it be money, or money worth.*

Fond de terre. *So was the Taxe, or Aide (which in the yeare 1412 ſhould have been impoſed on euery Arpent) called.*

Vn bon fond de deniers. *A good round ſumme of money, gathered before hand for the bearing out of, or going through with, an affaire ; and leyed.*

Il n'a point de fond. *He is not within, or not in the matter, or hath it not in the leather ; he wants wherewithall ; he hath made no proviſion, or but ſmall proviſion of money.*

A fonds de cuve. *Throughly, fully, lively, home.*

Fossé faict à fonds de cuues. *Broad, and flat bottomed.*

De fond en comble. *See* Comble; *or,* Fons.

A fin fond de. *From the very middest; out of the depth, or bottome of.*

A plein fonds. *Large, deepe, fide, full enough.*

Donner fond. *To cast anker; or to let fall an anker.*

Labourer en fond. *To plow very deep.*

Monter à fonds. *To sinke (a ship) &c.*

Au matin les monts, au soir les fonds; Prov. *Looke* Mont.

Il est plus aisé le tirer de la rive que du fond; Prov. *It is more easie to leave a businesse in the beginning, then in the middest of it; or, a man may better desist when he hath but entered, then when he is farre engaged.*

Fond de cire: f. *The melting of wax.*

Fondalité: f. *Fundality; right of, or interest in, the soyle; the title or estate of the Lord of a soile.*

Fundamental: m. ale, f. *Fundamentall; belonging to a foundation, or ground-worke.*

Pierre fondamentale. *The principall stone; the chiefe strength of a foundation.*

Fondamment. *as* Fondement.

Fondant. *Founding, or grounding; also, melting, resolving; consuming; wasting away; also, sinking, falling, or comming downe on a suddaine.*

Fondateur. *A founder, maker, creator, builder, first inventer, chiefe deviser, principall author of.*

Fondation. *A foundation, or ground-worke; the first building, or erecting of.*

Fonde: f. *A sling, to cast stones with.*

Fondé: m. ée: f. *Founded, grounded; built, erected, established, resting on, consisting of.*

Fondé par dessoubs. *Underset, underlayed, or layed under.*

Je suis fondé en equité. *The right is on my side; I stand on iust, and honest termes; my cause I am sure is good.*

Nous y sommes aussi bien fondez l'un que l'autre. *Our causes are much of one goodnesse, or much after one; we have both reason alike.*

Fondement. Pleurer fondement. *To weepe extreamely, to resolve, or melt, into teares.*

Fondegue: f. *A Merchants ware-house, or store-house.*

Fondelle. *A kind of Engine for battery, used in old time.*

Fondement: m. *A foundation, ground, ground-worke; a principall stay, chiefe meanes; good beginning, or way; also, a melting, resolving; wasting, consuming away; also, the fundament.*

Il faisoit grand fondement de. *He reposed, or built very much upon.*

Rien ne peut estre grand qui n'a bon fondement; Prov. *Nothing that wants a good ground can be great.*

Fonder. *To found, ground, lay the foundation of, make a beginning to; to build, settle, rest, or stay upon.*

Fonderie: f. *Bell-founding, the trade of melting, or of casting things in metall.*

Fondeur: m. *A melter, or caster of metalls; a founder.*

Estonner comme fondeurs de cloches (quand la fonte n'a pas bien pris) *extremely amazed, appalled, abashed out of countenance.*

Fondier: m. *A slinger; one that throwes stones out of a sling.*

Fondilenter: v. *To chops, rifts, thonnes, in a woman's over full breasts.*

Fondrailles: f. *The grounds, lees, or dregs of liquor.*

Fondre, *To melt, or cast, as metals, &c. to resolve, as snow before a hot Sunne; also, to powre, or shead abroad; also, to sinke, fall, or goe downe; and hence;*

Fondre d'enhaut. *To stoop, to fall down plump, to come downe amaine, as an eager, and high-flying hawke does upon her prey.*

Fondre à terre. *The same; or to stoop, as a hawke; to drop as a patridge.*

Se Fondre. *To melt, waste, resolve, consume away; to sinke downe on a suddaine.*

Fondreau. *as* Fondrillon.

Fondrées: f. *as* Fondrilles.

Fondriere: f. *A bog, or quagmire; also, a great bottome, or large, and deep valley; also, as;*

Fondrilles: f. *The grounds, dregs, lees, or thick grosse bottome of liquor that hath stood any time; the settings of liquor.*

Fondrillon: m. *A bottome of mind silke, thread, or yarne on; also, a knot tangled in thread.*

Fondroyer. *To hang downe to the ground; to hang low, or towards the ground; to hang so low that it touches the ground.*

Fonds. *Looke* Fond; *also, a font. Looke* Font.

Fondu: m. ue f. *Melted, resolved; cast as metall, founded, as a thing of metall; consumed, worne, wasted unto nothing.*

Bastiment fondu. *Sunke, or fallen down.*

Poix fonduë. *Tarre.*

Fondure: f. *A founding, melting, or casting of metals, &c.*

Fonge: m. *A Mushrome, or toadstoole.*

Fongeux: m. euse: f. *Spungie; light, or full of holes, as a spunge.*

† Fongnement: m. *A frowning, pouting, louring, lowring; also, a discontented grumbling.*

† Fongner. *To frowne, powt, lowt, loure, glow, sett sowre, also, to grumble,*

Fons. *Looke* Fond.

De fons en comble. *From the very foundation; or from the top to the bottome; wholly, throughly, fully.*

Fons: m. *A Font to baptise children.*

Lever vn enfant des fons. *To be a childs witnesse, or Godfather, at the font.*

Tenir vn enfant sur le fons. *To christen a child; to name the child; as,* Lever.

Font. *as* Fontaine; *and hence;*

Au matin vers les monts, au soir vers les fonts; Prov. *Looke* Mont.

† Fontaignier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to a fountaine; or, as* Fontenier.

Fontaine: f. *A fountaine; spring, source; well; also, a Cocke, or spout in a fountaine; and, the quill, or faucet of a wine-vessell.*

La fontaine de meschanceté. *The head, roote, originall source, principall cause of wickednesse.*

Fountaine de la teste. *The mould of the head.*

Endurer la soif auprés d'une fontaine. *To starve in a Cookes shop, we say.*

A petite fontaine boit on à son aise; Prov. *Looke* Boire.

Qui n'a laine boive à la fontaine; Pro. *Let him that hath no wooll (viz. no wealth) drinke water.*

Fontaineux. *Full of springs, or fountaines.*

Fontainier. *as* Fontaignier.

Fontanel: m. elle: f. *A veine* fontanelle. *The principall veine in the thigh of a horse, &c.*

Fontanelle: f. *A running sore; or, an issue made for a vicke, or sore; as* Cabrol.

Fonte: f. *A melting, founding, or casting of metals.*

Torche de fonte. *A kind of great linke, all of wax. Looke* Torche.

Fontenelle. *A little spring, a small fountaine; also, as* Fontanelle; *an issue.*

Fontenelle de la teste. *The upper part of the head forward.*

Fontenette. *as* Fontenelle; *a little fountaine.*

Fontenier: m. *A fountaine-maker; a digger of wells, a searcher for springs; a conduit-maker, a conveyer of water from springs to conduits.*

Fontenil: m. *A small fountaine.*

Fontenille: f. *The same.*

For: m. *A Court, or common place for pleading; as,* Le for l'Evesque. *The Bishops Court.* ¶ Parisien.

For. *(In composition) signifies, out or without; as in* Forclos, &c. *and sometimes also, badly or ill; as in* Forconseiller, &c.

† Foradjourn. *as* Adiour.

Forage droict de 50. *Foure pots of wine upon every perce thats sould by retayle, due unto the Lord of the Iurisdiction wherein t is sold; In some places it is also, two pots upon every perce thats sold in grosse; Looke* Droict.

Forain: m. ine: f. *Forreine, strange, alien, out-landish.*

Chemin forain (de Boullenois) *Is to be fifteen foot broad.*

Domaine forain. *An ancient imposition of* iiij*d.* Tour *in the pound upon merchandise, &c. or, as* Resuë.

Imposition forraine. *An imposition of* xij*d.* Tour. *in the pound upon merchandise, and commodities imported, or brought into the Realme (onely within* Paris *there is but* vj*d. taken.)*

Prevost forain. *Seeke* Prevost.

Traite foraine. *Is as* Imposition foraine; *but levied upon commodities transported, or carried out of the Realme.*

Foraines: f. *The Customes, or Tolls that are levyed in faires, and markets.*

Forans. *A certaine receptacle for Sea-water (whereof salt is made) conveyed into it out of others by a trunke, or pipe of wood.*

Forban. *as* Ban; *or an exclusion.*

Forbanni: m. ie: f. *Expelled, banished, cast forth, driven out.*

Forbannir. *To banish, reject, expell, cast forth, drive out.*

Forbannissement: m. *A banishment, expulsion, exclusion, out-casting, forth-driving.*

Forbaru : m. uë : f. *Canvaſed, or beaten throughly, ſwinged out of doores.*

Forbe : f. *as* Fourbe. *A cunning, and conſenning trick.*

Forbeu : m. euë : f. *Mellow, fine, cup-taken, pot-ſhotten, whoſe ſudling, or barley Cap is on.*

Cheval forbeu. *A horſe that hath drunke being too hot, and is thereby foundered.*

Se forboire. *To ſurfeit with drinking, to be ſomewhat overſtene, or too blame ; to take a dram too much ; to drinke untill he ſtare againe ; alſo, to founder as a horſe, by drinking when he is very hot.*

† Forbours. *as* Faulxbourgs. *Suburbes.*

Forçable. *Forceable, compelable.*

Forçat : m. *A galley-ſlave ; alſo, a game at araughts, wherein one muſt take his adverſary when he may, or elſe he himſelfe is taken.*

Force : f. *Force, might, ſtrength, power, ability, vigour, vehemency ; vertue, effect, operation, energie, efficacy, powerfull working ; violence, conſtraint, compulſion, raviſhment ; (alſo, ſtore, plenty, abundance, many of ; whence ;* Force cieus ; force arbres.)

Force forcée. *Of force, of neceſſity, will he nill he, in ſpight of his teeth.*

A force. *With great might, with much indeavour ; whence ;* Couru à force, *Hardly, eagerly, or extreamely, purſued.*

La force luy en eſt demeurée. *He hath got the victory ; the upperhand, the better end of the ſtaffe, in the matter.*

Ce que luy ſera force. *Which he ſhall be faine, or forced to doe.*

Faire force. *To indeavour, labour, ſtrive, inforce, himſelfe.*

Ie ne tais point force de cela. *I care not for, I force not of, I am not moved by, that thing.*

Mieux vaut engin que force ; Prov. *Better be wiſe then ſtrong.*

Forcé : m. ée : f. *Forced, compelled, conſtrained ; alſo, raviſhed, as a woman ; alſo, burſt open, broke through ; alſo, hard layed too ; brought unto a narrow ſtrait, hard pinch, ill paſſe.*

Force forcée. *Of neceſſity ;* Looke Force.

Forcement : m. *A forcing ; a compelling, or conſtraining ; alſo, a burſting open, or breaking through.*

Forcenant. Chien forcenant. *A dog that's eager in chace, hot after his game, and will ſtand long.*

Forcené : m. ée : f. *Mad, wood, frantick ; raging, furious, out of his wits.*

Forcenement : m. *Madneſſe, raging, fury, woodneſſe, frenzie.*

Forcener. *To be mad, frantick, furious.*

Forcenerie, *as* Forcenement.

Forcer. *To force, compell, urge, conſtraine ; alſo, to violate, forct, or raviſh (as a woman ;) alſo, to breake open (as a doore ;) alſo, to lay hard unto, or bring into extremity (as dogs do a Deere after a long chace ; alſo, to overcome, ſubdue, force, paſſe, through by force ;* (forcer les gardes d'une porte.)

Forcer de la laine. *To pick, or teaſe wooll :* v. m.

Forces : f. *A paire of ſheeres.*

Faire les forces. *A horſe to hold his mouth open, and turne his chaps often from one ſide to the other.*

Forcette : f. *A cizar, a ſmall paire of ſheeres.*

Forceur : m. *A forcer, compeller, urger, conſtrainer ; a violent ſubduer, conqueror, overcommer.*

Forchaſſer, come vn arc. *To caſt, or ſhoot awry, as a bow, that is ſtronger on one ſide then of another.*

† Forcheminé. *Wandered, gone out of the way.*

† Forcheminer. *To wander, ſtraggle, take a wrong courſe, go out of the way.*

Forchette. *Looke* Fourchette.

Forclorre. *To exclude, reject, expell, ſhut out ; to diſmiſſe from, or, not admit unto.*

Forclos : m. oſe : f. *Excluded, rejected, expelled, ſhut out ; diſmiſſed, or debarred from.*

Forcluſion : f. *An excluſion, or ſhutting out ; a diſmiſſing, or debarring from.*

Forcommand : m. *A putting out of poſſeſſion, or a voiding of poſſeſſion, by order, or command of a Court.*

† Forcommandé : m. ée : f. *Voided, outed, or put out, of poſſeſſion.*

† Forconſeillé : m. ée : f. *Ill adviſed, counſelled amiſſe.*

† Forconſeiller. *To give ill counſell.*

† Forconte : m. *A miſreckoning, or miſcounting.*

† Forconté : m. ée : f. *Miſreckoned, counted amiſſe.*

Forconter. *To miſreckon, or count amiſſe.*

Fore : f. *as* For ; *a Court.*

Foré : m. ée : f. *Bored, pierced ; wherein holes are made.*

Forer. *To bore, pierce, make holes in.*

Fores. De fores. *Without, forth of.*

Foreſt : m. *Looke* Forct.

Foreſt : f. *A Forreſt ; a great, (and priviledged) wood, or wooddy wilderneſſe ; Some (Frenchmen) have generally interpreted it (from the Latine words foris, & ſta) a Place whereto the acceſſe, and entry is forbidden, by the owner, unto others ; and hence, it ſeemes, that priviledged fiſhings, or large waters (wherein none but the Lords thereof could fiſh) were alſo termed,* Foreſts.

Foreſtain : m. ine : f. *Wooddy, wild, forreſt-like.*

Foreſtier : m. *A forreſter, or foſter ; a Keeper of, or in, a forreſt, a Ranger, Woodman, or wood-warden ; an Officer that looks to the Kings woods, or forreſts ; (In old time the Governours of* Flanders *(for the French) were termed* Foreſtiers ;) *alſo, a forrainer, alien, ſtranger.*

Foreſtier : m. ere : f. *Wooddy, forreſt-like ; of, or belonging to, a forreſt ; wild, ſavage ; alſo, forraine.*

Sergent foreſtier. *Looke* Sergent.

Foret : m. *A Gimblet, or Piercer.*

Forfaict : m. *A crime, ſin, fault, miſdeed, offence, treſpaſſe, tranſgreſſion.*

Forfaict : m. cte : f. *Offended, ſinned, miſdone, treſpaſſed ; alſo, offending, ſinning, miſdoing.*

Forfaicture. *as* Forfaict ; *A tranſgreſſion ; alſo, a forfeiture, or confiſcation.*

Cela nous appartient par forfaicture du ſeigneur feodal. *Thereto we have no poſſibility of right.*

Forfaire. *To ſin, offend, commit a fault, miſdoe, tranſgreſſe, treſpaſſe againſt ; alſo, to forfeit.*

Si truye forfaict les pourceaux le ſeaftrent ; Prov. *Pigs fare the worſe for harmes done by the Sow.*

Forfaiture. *as* Fortaicture.

Forfait. *as* Forfaict.

Forfin : m. *A knave, rogue, raſcall, rakehell, varlet, villaine, vagabond, baſe fellow, filthy ſlave, naughty packe, lewd companion.*

Forfanter. *To play the rogue ; to meane all he meddles with.*

Forfanterie : f. *Roguery, knavery, villany ; alſo, a crue of rakehelly ſcoundrells.*

Forgagé : m. ée : f. *Redeemed, had from pawne.*

Forgager. *To redeeme, or fetch out, a pawne, &c.*

Forgas : m. *A ſeiſure, or ſale of goods upon execution.* ¶ Norm.

Temps de forgas. *Certaine daies after the open ſale of goods in execution, given unto the executie to prove the execution wrongfull, and recover them with coſts ; or to ſatisfie his creditor ; or to have his goods againe for the money which was bid for them ; which time if he neglect, they are gone for ever.* ¶ Norm.

Forge : f. ſer. *A Smiths Forge.*

Gens de bonne forge. *People of good credit, much worth, great honeſtie, or of an honeſt diſpoſition.*

Forgé : m. ée : f. *Forged, made, framed ; formed, faſhioned.*

Forgeant. *Forging, framing ; working at the Anvyle.*

En forgeant on devient febvre ; Pro. *Looke* Febvre.

Forgement : m. *A forging, making, framing ; alſo, a horſes over-reaching.*

Forger. *To forge, make, frame, compoſe ; hammer, deviſe, coyne, invent ; alſo, a horſe to over-reach, or cut his forefeet with his binder.*

Forgeron : m. *A forger, or Forge-man ; a Smith.*

Forgeture : f. *Looke* Forjeſture.

Forgeur : m. *A forger, maker, framer, compoſer, coyner, inventer, deviſer.*

Forhu. *A whoo-whup, or, the call, hooting, or whooping of huntſmen at the death of their chace.*

Forhuer. *To whoope, ſhout, hoot, hallow ; crie whoo-whup.*

Foriboles. *as* Fariboles. ¶ Rab.

Forject : m. *A jutting, or leaning out, or over ; a reliſh, or out-footing.*

Forjecture : f. *The coping, or water table of a wall ; a reliſh, or footing out of a wall, or from a foundation.*

Forjet. *as* Forject.

Forjetter. *To ſet, reliſh, cope, leane out, hang over ; alſo, as* Forchaſſer.

Forjecture. *as* Forjeſture.

† Foriſſir de raiſon. *To tranſgreſſe, or exceed the limits of reaſon.*

† Foriſſu : m. ue : f. *Sprung, or iſſued out of.*

† Forjugé : m. ée : f. *Wrongfully judged, alſo, diſpoſſeſſed, or outed by a Judgement.*

Forjugement : m. *A wrongfull judging, or unjuſt condemning of ; alſo, a diſinheriting, depriving, diſpoſſeſſing of ; alſo, an outing upon a Judgement.*

Forju-

Forjuger. *To judge, or condemne, wrongfully*; *also, to disinherit, deprive, dispossesse of*; *also, to out by judgement.*
Forjuger l'absent. *as*, Forjurer l'absent.
† Forjur: m. *A quitting, release, discharge of*; *or, as* Forjurement.
† Forjurement: m. *A quitting, forsaking, abandoning, abjuring, renouncing*; *also, a selling, or aliening*; *also, a discharging.*
† Forjurer. *To quit, forsake, abandon, renounce, abjure, give over*; *to release unto*; *also, to sell, alien, passe away.*
† Forjurer l'absent. *To barre, and amerce, by decree, an absent, and wilfull defendant, or a defendant that will not appeare.*
Forjurer les facteurs. *To quit, excuse, discharge, or leave prosecuting of, the committers, actors, or malefactors.*
Forlignant. *Degenerating, growing out of kinde.*
Forligné. *Degenerated, growne out of kind.*
Forlignement: m. *A degenerating.*
Forligner. *To degenerate, or grow out of kind*; *to differ in conditions from his ancestors*; *also, a villaine, bastard, or stranger, to match with a free, true-bred, home-borne woman*; *to marrie out of his ranke, or condition*; *also, land to descend collaterally, or get out of one line into another.*
Fooliner. *as* Forligner.
Forlonge. *Very farre off*; *(a tearme of Hunting.)*
Les chiens chassent de forlonge. *The dogs are farre behind the Deere, Hare, &c.*
Les chiens resentent de forlonge. *The dogs find of the Deere, though he be farre off, or before, them.*
Forlongé: m. ée: f. *Gone farre before, left far behind.*
Forlonger. *To goe farre before, leave farre behind.*
Formage. *See* Fourmage.
Formagerie. *as* Fourmagerie.
Formaillet: m. *An inchaunted Image, or representation of some creature, worne about the neck, to preserve the wearer from danger*; *See* Fermaillet.
Formalité: f. *Formality, quaintnesse, preciseneſſe in outward matters*; *also, the strict forme of proceeding, or pleading in law.*
Perdre son procez par vne formalité. *To lose his suit by an error committed, or clause mistaken, in his declaration, &c.*
se Formalizer. *To take in dudgeon*; *to be discontented with, or oppose himselfe against.*
Se formalizer pour aucun. *To undertake one's quarrell openly*; *to imbarke himselfe into a quarrell for another.*
† Formarcher. *as* Faux-marcher.
Formariage: m. *Marriage against Law, or Custome*; *also, marriage out of ranke or condition.*
Amende, ou droict de formariage. *Is the halfe, or third, or (as the custome is) other part of whatsoever a villaine is worth, forfeited to his Landlord, or Lord of the jurisdiction wherein he lives, by marrying a woman that's free, or of a forraine jurisdiction*; *this, although he have got leave to do it, whereas if he doe it without leave, he loses 60 s. more*; *In former times bastards, and strangers, who married other then bastards, or strangers, were subject to this penaltie*; *Now those in most places, and these in some, are wholly exempted from it.*
† Formarié. *Married out of his ranke, degree, or condition*; *or to a woman of a forraine jurisdiction.*
† Formarier. *To marrie out of his ranke, degree, or condition*; *or to a woman of a forraine jurisdiction.*
Formation. *A forming, framing, fashioning.*
Forme: m. *A kind of Faulcon, or long-winged Hawke.*
Forme: f. *A Forme, fashion*; *manner, method*; *a mould, patterne, draught, frame, representation, type, character*; *shape, resemblance, favour, figure of*; *also, a Cheesefat, or chesford*; *also, a long Bench, or forme to sit on*; *also a Shoomakers last*; *also, a Hares forme.*
En forme. *Formally, handsomely, orderly, as it should be.*
En forme de. *Resembling, or like unto.*
'A telle forme tel soulier; Prov. *(Of a thing fitted, or fitly suited.)*
Formé: m. ée: f. *Formed, shaped, fashioned*; *drawne, pictured, printed, figured*; *framed.*
Heretique formée. *A full, resolute, arrant, heretick.*
Partie formée. *An accuser in, or follower of, a criminall action (in respect of his particular interest;) Looke* Formel.
Formel: m. elle: f. *Formall, plaine, open, flat, expresse, exact*; *absolute, proper, according to Art*; *earnest, vehement, violent, resolute, fixe, obstinate.*
Contradiction formelle. *Which appeares, or is expressed, in the case, and cause.*
Ennemy formel. *A professed, open, or utter enemy.*
Garent formel. *See* Garent.
Portage reel, & formel. *A partition fully executed*; *a reall, or actuall partition.*
Partie formelle. *A complainant, or Accuser in a criminall action*; *as in* Partie formée; *(This accuser offers to lye in prison with him he accuses, until he have made good his accusation*; *but is seldome taken at his word.)*
Formelier: m. *A Last-maker.*
Formelizé: m. ée: f. *Formed, whereunto forme is given.*
Formelizer. *To forme*; *to give, or adde forme unto.*
Formellement. *Flatly, plainely, directly, expressely, openly, wholly, utterly, without exception*; *fixedly, earnestly, vehemently, resolutely*; *exactly, precisely*; *also, quickly, speedily, forthwith, immediately, without delay.*
† Formené: m. ée: f. *Disquieted, vexed, afflicted, molested, harried, tormented.*
† Formener. *To vex, disquiet, afflict, molest, harrie, torment, give much trouble unto.*
Forment: m. & formentée: f. *Furmentie, Wheat*; *See* Froument & Froumentée.
Forment. *Almost (as in,* forment guery;*) also, exceedingly, greatly, mightily, very much*; *(*Forment malade.*)*
Formentin: m. ine: f. *Of wheat.*
Vne pilure formentine. *A loafe, or Manchion of white-bread.*
Former. *To forme, fashion, shape*; *make, frame, order, dispose, institute*; *figure, draw, picture, devise, represent.*
Former le procez à. *To draw an Indictment against.*
Formerets: m. *The small branches of a vault, in the ends, or inside thereof.*
Formi: m. *An Ant, a Pismeare*; *Looke* Fourmi.
Formiant. Poulx for. *The pulse that beats very fast, but very weakely*; *(a signe of approaching death.)*
Formidable: com. *Fearefull, dreadfull, terrible.*
Formie: f. *as* Formi.
Formiere: f. *An Ants hill, or neast of Pismires.*
Formilliere. *as* Formiere; *also, a kind of wart in the fundament, somewhat resembling a Mulberrie.*
Formillement: m. *The pricking smart of Ringwormes, or Warts, like the stinging of Ants.*
Formilles. *as* Herpes.
Formillon. *A small blacke Spider like an Ant, and spotted on the back with little star-like specks.*
Formion: m. *A small Ant, or Pismeare.*
Formoret: m. *A kinde of strong Lye, whereof sope is made.*
Formort. *as* Formorture.
Formorture: f. *An escheat falling to, or succession falling on, a man, by the death of another.*
Formosité: f. *Beautie, comelinesse, well-favouredneſſe, sweet feature.*
Formoture. *as* Formorture.
Formulaire: m. *The stile, fashion, or manner of proceeding in the Law*; *a President for the drawing of a Deed, Patent, Pleading, &c. also, a womans thing.*
Practicien qui entend bien son formulaire. *A cunning pleader.*
Formule: f. *A stile in writing*; *a certain rule, order, manner, fashion of proceeding, or pleading, in Law.*
Fornage. *See* Fournage.
Fornaise. *as* Fournaise; *A furnace.*
Fornicateur: m. *A fornicator, wencher, small-smock, mutton-munger, whore-hunter.*
Fornication: f. *Fornication*; *lecherie committed by an unmarried couple.*
Forniquer. *To play the fornicator*; *to lecher it, unmarried, with an unmarried person.*
† Forpaïser. *To wander farre out of his country*; *also, a wild beast to abandon the Covert (wherein he useth to lodge) and flye, or take, into the champion.*
† Forparler. *To misspeake; or speake ill.*
se Forpasser d'un pas. *To go a step further then he needs, or should.*
Forpie: f. *The mouth, or middle of an opened paire of sheeres.*
Forrage. *as* Forage.
Forregardant. *Out-looking, or awry-looking.*
Fors. *Except, unlesse, but only, without it be*; *also, without doores, or abroad*; *also, out, right out, all out.*
Forsage. *Over-weight in money*; *when a peece is heavier then it should be.*
Forsaire: m. *A Galley-slave.*
Forsené. *as* Forcené.

Fort : m. *A Fort, Hold, Fortresse; also, a standing, or setled Campe, defended and girt about with ditches, rampiers, or palisadoes, and litle Bastions: also, the herbe Wormewood (so termed of the strong smell which it hath.)*

Le fort d'un affaire. *The chiefest point in, hardest part of, a businesse.*

Le fort d'une boule. *The drawing part, or Byas of a Bowle.*

Le fort d'un cerf. *The hold of a Stag; the thicket, or covert wherein he lyes, or whereto he flyes.*

Les forts des forests. *Thickets, or the thickest parts of forrests.*

Le fort d'un lievre. *The Covert of a Hare.*

Fort : m. forte : f. *Strong; tough, massive, hardie, sturdie, lustie, able-bodied; mighty, forcible; powerfull, effectuall; able to beare a great shock, assault, or brunt.*

Forte clameur. *A fine of* iijs. vid. Tour. *due to the King within the Chastellenie of* Montereau *(upon every personall action) for the first summons, or serving of the writ, although the parties agree, and the cause proceed no further: If it doe, and come to a hearing,* vijs. vid. *must be payd; both by the partie that first yeelds, or is foyled.*

Forte monnoye, solz forts. *Good money, money of the best sort, or most value; (for* 25 solz forts *are worth* 40 solz Tour.*) A word peculiar to the* Sol, *and used when the reckoning and rates of many were grounded thereon.*

Vn bois fort. *A thick wood.*

Le faict fort. *See* Faict.

Terroir fort. *A hard, or hungrie soyle.*

Fort en bride. *Stubborne, stout, unruly, head-strong.*

Fort comme vn Dauphin en terre. *Most weake, most feeble, of no force at all.*

Le fort portant le foible. *Good and bad together, one with another.*

Tes fortes fievres. *A plague choake thee, a pestilence take thee.*

Cecy n'est pas fort à faire. *There is no great difficulty in this; it is not hard to do.*

Ie me fais fort de cela. *I take that matter upon me; I am assured of it; I presume, rely, or build on it; I dare undertake that it will beare me out.*

Faire main forte à. *Looke* Faire.

Fort est qui abbat, & plus fort qui se releve; Prov. *He that recovers a foyle is stronger then he that gave it.*

Qui attend il a fort temps; Prov. viz. *Thinkes his time very long.*

Fort. (Adverbe.) *Very, most, very much, mainely, exceedingly, excessively, extreamely, vehemently.*

Fort & Ferme. *Looke* Ferme.

Au fort aller. *At most, at worst, if the worst come the to worst.*

Fortelet : m. ette : f. *A little strong, pretie and forcible, or pretie and strong to his age.*

Fortement. *Strongly; forcibly, mightily, powerfully, ably; effectually; toughly, hardily; extreamely; mainely; very much.*

Fortereſſe : f. *A Fortresse, or Hold.*

Fortet. *as* Fortelet. *Pretie and strong.*

Fortifiable : com. *Fortifiable; which may be fortified.*

Fortification : f. *Fortification; the Art, or worke, of fortifying.*

Fortifié : m. ée : f. *Fortified; strengthened, corroborated; inforced, enabled, confirmed; hardened, setled, assured.*

Fortifiement : m. *A fortifying, strengthening, inforcing, enabling.*

Fortifier. *To fortifie, strengthen, corroborate; enable; inforce, confirme; harden, settle, assure.*

Fortilrer. *A Deere to shun the place wherein does are layd for him.*

Fortraction : f. *A lurching; purloyning; withdrawing.*

Fortraire. *To lurch, purloyne; withdraw from.*

Fortrait : m. aite : f. *Lurched, purloyned, withdrawne.*

Fortuit : m. ite : f. *Casuall, accidentall, at adventure, happening by chance.*

Cas fortuit. *An offence committed by chance-medley.*

Fortuitement. *Casually, by chance, at adventure, by hap hazard; more by hap then any cunning.*

Fortunable : com. *Disastrous, unfortunate.* (v.m.)

Fortunal. *as* Fortune; *also, a great, and suddaine tempest at sea.*

Fortune : f. *Fortune, also, hap, chaunce, luck, lot, hazard, adventure; also destiny, fatall necessity.*

Courir fortune. *To be in great danger; to incurre a great hazard (whether of shipwrack, or any other mischief;) to be neer, or next dore, to a ship-wrack.*

Suyvre la fortune. *To follow, or adhere unto, the stronger side.*

Fortune aide à celuy qui se veut aider; Prov. *Fortune aides him that loves to aid himselfe; fortune helpes an the forward.*

Fortune n' espargne ny serviteur ny Maistre, elle donne & reprend, c'est son estre; Prov. *Fortune spares no man, keepes no covenants, observes no condition.*

Fortune ne vient seule; Prov. *Ill luck comes not alone; or, an ill luck followes in the neck of another.*

Les biens de fortune passent comme la Lune; Pro. *Fortunes blessing, slit like the Moone; or hardly continue the age of a Moone.*

Contre fortune nul ne peut; Pro. *No man can withstand his destinie; or, be against a chance.*

Assez fait qui fortune passe, & plus encor qui putain chasse; Prov. *He does much that all fortune misses, but he does more that quits a whore.*

Aux yeux la Lune borne fortune; Pro. *See* Lune.

Mieux vaut vne once de fortune qu'une livre de sagesse; Pro. *Better is an ounce of good fortune then a pound of good foretast.*

Fortuné : m. ée : f. *Fortunate, happy, luckie; also, made fortunate, blessed with good hap.*

Fortunément. *Fortunately, happily, luckily successively, prosperously.*

Fortuner. *To make fortunate, blesse with good hap, give good successe unto.*

Forvoyer. *To erre, to go astray. See* Fourvoyer.

Fossailli : m. ie : f. *Ditched in, trenched about; or that hath a pit made into it.*

Fossailler. *To ditch in; to make a pit, or ditch.*

Fossat : m. *as* Fossé *or* Fosse. ¶ Langued.

Fossé : m. *A long hole, or pit made into the ground; hence, a dike, ditch or trench about a towne, fort, camp, close; or house.* Looke Fosse.

Cul de Fossé. *A dungeon, or deep hole in a prison for bainout malefactors.*

Entre la haye & le fossé. *Between barke and tree; or narrow termes; at a strait pinch; when one hath but little shift to make for himselfe; when he must either break through the hedge, and be scratched; or, wade through the ditch, and be wet.*

Faire de la terre le fossé. *To dispose of his owne at his owne pleasure; or, to make reasonable good shift with that he hath; or, by charging to discharge, by hurting to help, himselfe.*

De terre d' autruy remplir son fossé. *To make up his mouth, or stuffe his purse full, with another mans mony.*

Foss : f. *Any pit, or hole; but most commonly that which is round (or* Fossé *is more properly a long one,) & made into, & appearing above, the ground (for a cave, den, or hollow, whose greater part is hidden under ground, is more fitly termed,* Caverne, &c.) *hence, a Grave, a Mote, or pond for fish; and sometimes (though seldome) a ditch, trench, or deep channell.*

Fosse coye. *A privie, jakes, house of office.*

Fosse à poissons. *A little fish pond, or stue for fish.*

Il est sur le bord de la fosse. *He hath already one foot in the grave.*

Mettre les clefs sur la fosse. *A widow to renounce the administration of her husbands goods.*

Vn aveugle meine l'autre en la fosse; Prov. *Looke* Aveugle.

Fosselu : m. uë : f. *Dimpled; that hath a little pit, or hole in the middest of it.*

Fossette : f. *A little pit; small hole; narrow ditch, or trench; also, a dimple on the cheeke, or chin; also, the hollownesse that is between the shoulder blades.*

Fossette de l'oeil. *The eye-pit.*

Fossette de la teste. *The nape of the necke.*

Iouër à la fossette. *To play at cherrie-pit (with nuts.)*

Fosseterie : f. *Packinesse, or the being full of pack-holes.*

Fossetteux : m. euse : f. *Full of little pits, pockets, or pack-holes.*

Fossile. Grand f. *The thigger of the two bones in the leg.*

Petit fossile. *The lesse.* Looke Focile.

Fossile : com. *Which is, or may be, digged.*

Fossoir : m. *as* Hoyau.

Entre deux comperes se perdit le fossoir; Prov. *Between two stooles the tayle goes to the ground; or, as under* Compere.

† Fossoureur. *as* Fossoyer.

Fossoyant. *Digging, ditching, trenching.*

Fossoye : f. *A certaine garment used in old time.*

Fossoyé : m. ée : f. *Digged; ditched, trenched about.*

Fossoyement : m. *A digging, a ditching, trenching, pit-making.*

Fossoyer. *To dig; to ditch, or trench about; to make a pit.*

Fossoyeur : m. *A digger, or ditcher; also, a grave-maker.*

Foſſoyeure: ſ. *A digging; a ditching, a pit-making.*
Foterle. *Saxifras Burthwort, or Hartwort.*
Foterne. *as* Foterle.
† Fou: m. *A fomentation, or medicine, applyed to warme, or comfort; a diſeaſed part.*
Fou: m. *A Beech tree.*
Fou. (Buvez fou; venez fou; *drinke, or come, out*) *corruptly uſed for* Fors.
Foüace: ſ. *A thicke cake haſtily baked, on a hot hearth, by hot imbers layed on it, and burning coales over them; a round Bunne; alſo, a great Kid, Raven, or faggot of ſmall ſticks. Looke* Fougaſſe.
Manger ſa foüace ſans pain. *To eate dry bread for want of other victuals.*
Foüacier: m. *One that makes, or ſells,* Foüaces.
Foüage. *An yearely tax, or dutie, levied in old time by ſupreame Lords upon every chimney, or houſe-fire kept within their dominions;* In Charles *the fifths time it was* 4 livres Tourn: *ſince that time, in moſt places, the* Taillies *have been introduced in lieu thereof.*
Foüaille. *The reward which hunters give their dogs at the death of a wild Swine.*
Foüailler: m. *The ſindging, or dreſſing of a wild Swine.*
Foüant: m. *A Muſke-cat; or, as* Fouïnne.
Fouarre. *as* Foarre.
Foüaſſe: ſ. *A Bunne, or Cake haſtily baked. Looke* Foüace.
Foüaſſier. *A Cake-maker; as* Foüacier.
Foucque: ſ. *A Coote, or ſeame-Ducke.*
Foudre. *as* Fouldre.
Foudroyant. *Thunder-ſtriking; darting thunderbolts; violently beating, impetuouſly bearing downe (as thunder, and lightning) whatſoever it lights on.*
Foudroyer. *as* Fouldroyer.
Foüées: ſ. *The ſmalleſt ſort of Ravens, Kids.*
Fouere: ſ. la to. *The ſquirt.*
Foüet: m. *A whip, ſcourge, rod.*
Vn foüet ſans corde. *A Sergeants Mace wherewith he arreſteth.*
Vie foüet, & au vent. *Avant, get you packing, be gone (a Beech wherein* foüet *is uſed as if one called for a whip to drive the party ſpoken to away.)*
Il n'a pas le foüet pour mener cette trompe. *He is not ſufficient for ſo bouncing a wench.*
Foüettable: com. *Worthy to be whipped.*
Foüettade: ſ. *A laſhing, whipping, ſcourging.*
Foüetté: m. ée: ſ. *Whipped, laſhed, ſcourged, jerked, ſwindged.*
Foüettement: m. *A whipping, laſhing, ſcourging, breeching.*
Foüetter. *To ſcourge, whip, laſh, yerke, or jerke, ſwindge, breech.*
Foüetteur: m. *A whipper, ſcourger, breecher, ſwindger, jerker, laſher.*
Foüetteux: m. euſe: f. *Fit to be whipped, jerked, ſcourged.*
Foufoulet; *whence,* Iouër au foufoulet. *To play the whore.*
Fougade: ſ. *A Mine; an up-blowing fire-worke, or wild-fire; alſo, as* Fougue.
Fougaſſe: ſ. *A (thicke) cake baked on a hot hearth, with hot embers layed on it, and burning coales over them. Looke* Foüace.
Ie vous rendray pain (ou paſte) pour fougaſſe. *You ſhall have of me one for another, or as good every whit as you bring.*
Fouge: ſ. *The rooting of wild Swine among Fearne, &c.*
Fouger. *To root, as a Swine; to ſtirre up ordure.*
Fougeraye. *A Fearny plot of ground.*
Fougiere: ſ. *Fearne brakes. Looke* Feuchiere.
Fougon d'une navire. *The Cooke-roome of a ſhip.*
Fougoux: m. ouſe: f. *Soone heated, eaſily angred; ready, prompt unto, ſuddainly falling into, fury; alſo, proceeding, or carrying himſelfe, in his anger, or heat, without either feare, or wit.*
Fougue: f. *Inclination, or aptneſſe, unto ſuddaine anger, or fury; alſo, a deſperate, and ſuddaine effort, or effect of fury, or of any ſuch turbulent, and impetuous paſſion.*
Foui: m. ie: f. *Digged, or delved into; mined, or wherein is holes are made.*
Fouïer: m. *Looke* Fouyer.
Fouïer. *as* Fouiller.
Fouigner. *To whyne; pewl, lowre, hang the lip, fell Sowre.*
Fouillard: m. *A leavy bough, or branch.* ¶ Norm.
Fouillé: m. ée: f. *Groped, ſearched, felt, rifled; alſo, rooted, or digged (with the noſe) for.*
Fouillement: m. *A groping, feeling, ſearching, rifling; alſo, rooting, or digging (with the noſe) for.*
Fouille-merde. *A Beetle (flye.)*
Fouiller. *To grope, ſearch, feele (all over;) to rifle; alſo, to root, or dig (with the noſe) for.*
C'eſt trop bas chercher [la charité de fouiller prez des feſſes; Prov. *He lookes too low for charity that lookes ſo low as the buttocks.*
Fouilleur: m. *A groper, ſearcher, feeler; a rifler; a rooter; a digger (with the noſe) for.*
Fouilleur de Taupes. *A Mole-catcher.*
Fouillouſe: ſ. *A bag, ſcrip, or pouch.* ¶ Barrag.
Fouïne: f. *as* Foüinne; *alſo, a kind of inſtrument in ſhips like an Eele-ſpeare, to ſtrike fiſh with; alſo, as* Faine; *Beech-maſt.*
Foüinne: f. *The Foine, wood-Martin, or Beech-Martin.*
Foüir. *To dig, delve, mine, make holes in the ground.*
Foüir aux taupes. *To turne up the beetes; go ſeed wormes, make a dye.*
Foüiſſement: m. *A digging, or delving.*
Foüiſſeur: m. *A digger, delver; ditcher; labourer.*
Foüiſſeure: ſ. *as* Foüiſſement.
Foulage: m. *as* Foulement.
Foulcre. *A Coote, moore-Henne, ſea-Ducke.*
Fouldre: ſ. *A thunderbolt.*
Fouldroyant. *Thundering and lightning; darting thunderbolts. Looke* Foudroyant.
Fouldroyé: m. ée: f. *Thunder-ſtricken, blaſted with lightning, and thunder; alſo, violently beaten, or borne downe.*
Fouldroyement: m. *A thunderſtriking; a darting of thunderbolts; a blaſting with lightning, or (inlightned) thunderbolts.*
Fouldroyer. *To caſt, or dart thunderbolts, to ſtrike, burne, or blaſt with lightning, or (inlightned) thunderbolts; Hence alſo, to beat, or beare downe with great violence all that comes in his way.*
Foule: ſ. *A crowd, preſſe, or throng of people; alſo, a fulling Mill.*
A la foule. *Thruſting, thronging, budling, or ſhooving hard, one upon the neck of another.*
Foulé: m. ée: f. *Troden, ſtamped, or trampled on; bruiſed, or cruſhed by the feet; &c. alſo, thronged, or thruſt together; alſo, ſoiled, oppreſſed, overcharged; weighed downe; grieved, vexed, afflicted, harried.*
L'hoſte eſt touſiours le plus foule; Prov. *The gueſt (or Hoſt) is always charged moſt.*
Foulée: ſ. *The ſlot of a Stag, the Fuſe of a Bucke (the view, or footing of either) upon hard ground, graſſe, leaves, or duſt; we call it (moſt properly) his foyling.*
Foulement: m. *A treading, trampling, or ſtamping on; a bruiſing, or cruſhing with the feet, &c. alſo, a foyling, oppreſſing, ſurcharging, overcharging, extreame wronging.*
Fouler. *To tread, ſtampe, or trample on; to bruiſe, or cruſh, by ſtamping; hurt, or obtruſe, by treading on; to thruſt, or weigh downe; to leane exceeding hard againſt; to preſſe, oppreſſe, foyle, overcharge, extreamely.*
Fouler l'honneur de. *To diſgrace, or ſcandalize; to reproach, or uſe approbriouſly.*
Le cheval ſe foule. *The horſe is ſurbated, or heated of his feet.*
Foulerie: ſ. *as* Foulement; *alſo, as* Fouloire.
Fouleur: m. *A treader (of grapes, &c.) a ſtamper, or trampler on.*
Foulure: ſ. *A ſtraine, or wrinch, in a joint.*
Foulures. *as* Foulées.
Fouliere. *as* Foulerie.
Foulis. *as* Foulement.
Foullage. *Fullage, money payed for the thickning of cloth at a fulling Mill.*
Foullé: m. ée: f. *Fulled as cloth in a Mill; alſo, as* Foulé.
Fouller. *To full, or thicken cloath in a Mill.*
Foulleure. *as* Foulcure.
Foullon. *as* Foulon.
Foullonné: m. ée: f. *Thickened, or fulled.*
Foullonner. *To full, or thicken cloth in a Mill.*
Foullonaire. *as* Fouloire. ¶ Rab.
Fouloire. *The round trough, wherein the wheele of a preſſe, often turning, or the treader, often ſtamping, cruſhes the ſtuffe that is in it.*
Foulon: m. *A fuller, or thickener of clothes; alſo, a fulling Mill; alſo, the great, and ſtinking Droane, or darre-Bee.*
Chardon à foulon. *The Teazle, or Fullers thiſtle.*
Herbe à foulon. *Fullers herb, Sopewood, Sopewort, Bruiſewort.*
Foulque. *A Coote, Moore-Henne, or ſeame-Ducke.*
Foulure: ſ. *A treading, ſtamping, or trampling on; as* Foulement.

Foulx. *Certaine pieces of Veniſon cut out from between the neck, and the eſſay of a Deere; that part of the ſide which is next to the neck.*

Foupi: m. ie: f. *Crumpled, rumpled, cruſhed, trampled on, or cruſhed by trampling on.*

Foupier: m. *as* Fripier.

Foupir. *To rumple, or crumple; to cruſh, or marre the faſhion of, by ſitting, or treading on.*

Fouquer. *To finger, lay hold on, get into his fingers.* ¶ Tour.

Fouquet. *The proper name of a man; alſo, a certaine game like ours, wherein one, ſetting a ſtaffe againſt his noſe, runs tilting at a candle.*

Petit Fouquet. *A leacherous, effeminate, licorous tailed fellow; a ſmell-ſmock, wencher, muttonmonger.*

Et puis adieu Fouquet. *And then wee may even goe hang our ſelves; or bid farewell to all good fellowſhip.*

Four: m. *An oven; alſo, a Furnace; alſo, a great piece of timber in the prowe of a Ship, called, the Hooke.*

Four balet. *A Maukin.*

Four à ban, ou bannal, ou bannier. *A common Oven for the tenants, or inhabitants of the Juriſdiction wherein it ſtands.*

Béer contre vn four. *To halt before a cripple.*

Ce n'eſt pas pour luy que le four chauffe. *Tis not for him that this proviſion is made; this is no meat for his mouth; no graſſe for his mowing.*

Il ne peut eſtre enſemble au four, & au moulin. *Hee cannot follow two buſineſſes together; he cannot be here and there too.*

Mettre le pain en vn four froid. *Look* Pain.

Ils luy mettoyent vn pain au four. *They raught him a bone to gnaw on; or, they made him have ſomewhat to doe.*

Il a monté deſſus le four. *He is at his full growth.*

Il en porta la paſte au four. *He bore the burthen of it; in whomſoever the fault was, the puniſhment fell onely on him.*

Le four appelle le moulin bruſlé; Prov. *The nicher tearms the coward covetous; (and may be applied to any, that checks another for a fault whereof onely himſelfe is guilty.)*

C'eſt au four, & au moulin, ou l'on ſçait des nouvelles; Prov. *For while the bread bakes, and the corne grinds, people have ſome leiſure to tell how the world goes.*

En four chaud ne croiſt herbe; Prov. *Hot Ovens breed no herbes.*

Quand vn four eſt bien chaud la gueule s'en reſſent; Prov. *Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth ſpeaketh.*

Prodigue, & grand beuveur de vin, n'a du fien ne four, ne moulin; Pro. *The ſwilling prodigall ſome waſts, and ſels, both Mill, and Oven, and each good thing elſe.*

Fourbe: f. *A fib, jeaſt, fitton, gudgeon, mockerie, gullery; a wile, guile, deceit, impoſture; a couſening, cheating, conycatching tale, or trick.*

Fourbi: m. ie: f. *Furbiſhed, poliſhed, burniſhed.*

Fourbir. *To furbiſh, poliſh, burniſh, make bright.*

Fourbiſſeur: m. *An Armorer; a Cutler; or, moſt properly, a furbiſher, ſcourer, burniſher, poliſher.*

Teſte à teſte comme deux fourbiſſeurs. *(which commonly worke with their heads cloſe together.)*

Fourbiſſeure: f. *A furbiſhing, ſcowring; poliſhing, burniſhing.*

Fourbouilly. *Boyled, or ſtued meat with broth, or portage.*

Fourbure: f. *The foundering of a horſe.*

Fourc: m. *A forke; or any thing which, forke-like, makes a ſharpe angle; alſo, a forkednesſe.*

Le fourc d'un arbre. *The twiſt of a tree; (Look* Fourcheure.*)*

Le fourc d'un chemin. *The angle, or corner of a way that parts in two; and the ſame partition, or the wayes that come thereof.*

Le fourc des doigts. *The part that lies between the ſetting on of every two of the fingers; or the parting thereof.*

Le fourc des rues. *That part of ſtreets whereat they are parted in two.*

Fourcelle: f. *The breaſt-blade, or heart-blade; alſo, the channell-bone, or craw-bone. Look* Fourchette.

Fourchage: m. *A branch of a linage, family, or kindred; any branch, member, or ſide of a ſtock divided.*

Fourché: m. *A forke, or forkednesſe; alſo, the forked, or double-brocked, top of a Deeres head.*

Fourche: f. *A Forke, Pitch-forke, or Prong; alſo, a gibbet or paire of gallowes; whence;*

Fourche patibulaire. *(An appurtenant, or marke of high Juriſdiction) ſtanding on two pillars, it belongs to a* Seigneur haut Iuſticier; *on 3, to a Lo. Chattelain; on 4, to a Baron; and on 6, to an Earle: (And yet by the cuſtomes of* Blois *the* Moyen Iuſticier *may have that with 2 pillars; and by the Cuſtomes of* Auxerre, *thoſe that ſtand on 3 or 4, belong to high Juſticers; and elſewhere thoſe that ſtand on 4 belong onely to Lo. Chattelains; but theſe proportions are nothing ſo proper, nor ſo generall, as the former.)*

Fourche à trois pointes. *A Trout-ſpeare, or Eele-ſpeare.*

Coups de fourche baillez par quelques femmes à leurs maris. *Hornes like forked times.*

Panſer vn cheval à la fourche. *To dreſſe a horſe but ſlightly; or, to give him blowes inſtead of currying.*

Paſſer ſoubs la fourche. *To yield his necke to the yoake; abandon his freedome; ſubmit himſelfe unto thraldome.*

Traicter à la fourche. *To ſwaddle, baſte, lamme, ſwindge well favouredly; to uſe hardly, intertaine rudely, deale roughly with.*

Fourché: m. ée: f. *as* Fourchu.

Fourche-fiere: f. *A long Staffe, or Quarter-ſtaffe, having at the one end a forke, and at the other a Pike.*

Fourche-fiere à trois pointes. *A Trout-ſpeare, or Eele-ſpeare.*

Fourchelle. *A little forke; or, as* Fourchette.

Fourchément. *Forkedly; alſo, crookedly.*

Foucheon. *A forket, the tooth, or graine of a forke.*

Fourcher. *To forke; to cleave, or divide in two; alſo, to ſtay, or make a ſtand, as a Muſketier does when he ſets downe his reſt; alſo, to be hanged.*

Ce chemin fourche, ou ſe fourche. *This way parts in two.*

La langue luy fourche. *Hee ſtuts, or trips with his tongue.*

Fourcheran. Drageon fourcheran. *The (vine) ſprig that ſhoots out between two branches.*

Fourchette: f. *A forket, or ſmall forke; alſo, the breaſt-blade, or heart-blade, (the forked, or triangular griſtle which cleaves to the bottome of the breaſt-bone,) alſo, the putting of the neck-joynts out of joint; alſo, a horſes Pete-lock; alſo, a Muſket-reſt.*

Fourchette d'enhaut, ou ſuperieure. *The craw-bone, cannell-bone, neck-bone, throat-bone.*

Fourcheu. *as* Fourchu.

Fourcheure: f. *A forkineſſe, or forkednesſe; a forke-like diviſion, or cleaving; alſo, that part of the body from whence the thighes doe part; (I thinke wee call it the Twiſt.)*

Fourcheure d'un arbre. *The twiſt of a tree; the top of the body, where it begins to be divided by the maine branches.*

Fourchier: m. *A cord untwiſted in the middeſt, and (a ſtone being put thereinto) uſed as a ſling.*

Fourchier à trois dents. *(A triple-toothed forke) a Trout-ſpeare, or Eele-ſpeare.*

Fourchon. *as* Fourcheon.

Fourchon du raiſin. *The ſtaulke of a cluſter of grapes.*

Fourchu: m. uë: f. *Forked; divided, or cloven in two.*

L'Arbre fourchu. *A ſtanding on the hands with out-ſtretcht legs.*

Pied fourchu. Beſtes à pied fourchu. *Halfe-hoofed, or cloven-footed beaſts; as Neats, ſheep, Swyne, &c.*

L'Impoſt du pied fourchu. *The tall that is payed in Faires, or Markets, upon the ſale of any of thoſe kind of cattell.*

Fourchument. *Forkedly, forke-like.*

Fourchure: f. *The part of a mans body, whence his thighes part. Looke* Fourcheure.

Fourdrines: f. *Sloes.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, wilde, or mountaine, Plummes.*

Fourdrinier. *The black thorne that beareth Sloes; alſo, the wild, or mountaine, Plum-tree.*

Fourgangnement: m. *A recovering of, or a re-entring into, land, for non-payment of Rent.* ¶ Wallon.

Fourgangner. *To recover, or to re-enter into, land, for non-payment of Rent.* ¶ Wallon.

Fourgon: m. *An Oven-forke, (termed in Lincolnſhire, a fruggin) wherewith fuell is both put into an Oven, and ſtirred when it is (on fire) in it.*

A telle paelle tel fourgon; Prov. *One filthie knave matcht with another.*

La paelle ſe mocque du fourgon; Pro. *The Peele derides the Oven-ſorke; one ſloven, or neighbour, another.*

Fourgonner. *To put fuell in'o an Oven; alſo, (and the more properly) to toſſe, or ſtirre it (being on fire) in the Oven, with a Fruggin.*

Que fourgonnes tu la? *What a ſtirre, what a rumbling, what a puddering, keepeſt thou there?*

Fourgonneur: m. *An Oven-tender, or Oven-ſtirrer; one that lookes to an Oven, with a Fruggin, or Forke, in his hand.*

Fourmage: m. *Cheeſe.*

Fourmage de Bans. *A cheeſe made of Goats-milk, or as the Angelot.*

Fourmage de Betune. *A kind of cheeſe made of Sheeps milke.*

Fourmage de Louans. *A kind of hard cheeſe, made at a village of that name.*

Fourmage eſt bon quand il y en a peu; Prov. *The leſſe cheeſe the better; or, cheeſe is good when a miſerable hand gives it; according whereunto they ſay alſo,* Tout fourmage eſt bien ſain qui vient de chiche main.

Fourmage de taupe, & pain d'Argus; Prov. *Heavy cheeſe, and light bread (are commonly, the beſt.)*

Nul ne pele ſon fourmage qui n'y ait honte, ou dommage; Pro. *No man pares his cheeſe without ſhame, or loſſe.*

Qui a fourmage pour tous mets, il le doit couper bien eſpez; Pro. *He muſt not ſcant his cheeſe that hath nought elſe to feed on.*

Fourmageon: m. *A little cheeſe.*

Fourmagere: f. *A cheeſe-preſſe.*

Fourmagerie: f. *Cheeſe ware, a commodity of cheeſe; alſo, a cheeſe-houſe, or cheeſe-dairy; a roome, or place, wherein cheeſe is uſually made.*

Fourmageur: m. *A cheeſe-ſeller, Cheeſe-monger, merchant of cheeſe.*

Fourmageux: m. euſe: f. *Cheeſie, full of cheeſe, belonging unto cheeſe.*

Fourmagier: m. *A cheeſemonger; alſo, a great eater of cheeſe.*

Fourmagiere. *as* Fourmagere.

Fourman. Vn grand pain fourman. *A great wheaten, or white loafe; (ſo great, that the mouth of an ordinary Oven is filled with it.)*

Fourme. *A kind of net for water fowle.*

Fourment. *Wheat. See* Froment.

Fourmenée: f. *Furmenty; boyled wheat.*

Fourmenter. *To yield, or bring forth; wheat.*

Fourmentier: m. ere: f. *Wheat-yielding, wheaty, of wheat.*

Fourmi: m. *An Ant, Piſmeare, Emmet.*

Fourmi d'Inde; ou, Dardoiſe fourmi. *Look* Dardoiſe.

Ventre de fourmi. *A ſwag belly.*

Plus ioyeux que fourmis en grain. *More frolick then Ants in a heape of corn.*

Souffler les fourmis dans leurs fourmillieres. *To blow Ants into their holes. Look* Fourmilliere.

Fourmiant, frappement fourmiant. *Such a ſoft, and gentle ſtroake as is given by the touch, or feet, of a creeping Ant.*

Fourmier. *as* Fourmillier.

Fourmiere: f. *An Ants hole, or neaſt; a billock, or banke full of Ants; alſo, a diſeaſe of hawkes, making the horny part of their beaks to pill.*

Fourmiller. *To abound, or ſwarme in great troopes, as Ants in their neaſts, or caves; alſo, to paine, or prick, as the ſtinging of Piſmeares.*

Fourmilliere: f. *An Ants hole, or neaſt; a billocke, or bank full of Ants.*

Vne fourmilliere de gens. *A great number, a huge troop, of people crowding together like Ants.*

Souffler les fourmis dans leurs fourmillieres. *To blow Ants into their holes; to ſtrive againſt the ſtreame, or draw on himſelfe a miſchiefe by ſtriving to expell it; (for the more one labours, by blowing, to get them in, the more he provokes them, and makes them to come out.)*

Fourmion: m. *A little Ant, ſmall Piſmeare.*

Fournage: m. *The fee taken by a Lord of his vaſſals, and tenants, bound to bake in his common oven; or for a permiſſion to uſe their owne; alſo, as* Foüage.

Fournaillé: m ée: f. *Baked (in an oven.)*

Fournailler. *To bake (in an oven.)*

Fournaiſe: f. *A furnace.*

Fournaiſer: m. ere: f. *Belonging to a furnace.*

Fourneau. *A little oven.*

Fournée de pain. *A batch, or oven full of bread.*

Prendre vn pain ſur la fournée. *To get a ſnatch at his wench before ſhe be married.*

Fourni: m. *A bakehouſe.*

Fourni: m. le: f. *Furniſhed, fraught, appointed, provided of, ſupplied with; in a compleate faſhion, with full equipage.*

Lance fournie. *See* Lance.

Fournier: m. *A baker, or one that keeps, or governs a common oven.*

Fourniere: f. *A woman-baker, or ſhee that keeps a common oven.*

Fournil: m. *A bake-houſe.*

Fournillé: m. ée: f. *Baked (in an oven, or bakehouſe.)*

Fourniller: m. ere: f. *Much in a bakehouſe; haunting the bakehouſe.*

Fourniller. *To bake (in an oven, or bakehouſe.)*

Fourniment: m. *Full fraught, proviſion, furniture; perfection; that which compleates, or makes up a thing; alſo, a furniſhing, or fraughting.*

Le fourniment d'vne Piſtole. *A caſe for a Piſtoll.*

Le fourniment des reins. *The muſcles of the backe, about the kidnes.*

Fournir. *To furniſh, fraught, ſupply, miniſter, finde, provide of; accommodate with.*

Fournir à vn appointment. *To performe, fulfill, or accompliſh the conditions of an agreement.*

Fournir la complaincte. *Look* Reſaiſir.

Autrement on n'en fournira pas. *Otherwiſe one ſhall not get him, one ſhall have no helpe, or uſe of him.*

Fourniſſement: m. *A furniſhing, or furniſhment; a fraughting, ſupplying, fitting with, providing of, things neceſſary; (in Law,* C'eſt le ſequeſtre de la choſe contentieuſe en matiere poſſeſſoire, & de complainte, & le reſtabliſſement des fruicts, qui doit eſtre faict es mains du Commiſſaire. ¶ Ragueau.)

Fourniſſeur: m. *A furniſher, fraughter, provider, ſupplier.*

Fourniture: f. *Furniture, fraught, proviſion, a full meaſure, or ſupply of neceſſary implements, or equipage.*

Fournoyé: m. ée: f. *Baked (in an oven.)*

Fournoyer. *To bake (in an oven.)*

Fourquat: m. *A kind of Plough uſed in* Languedoc.

Fourque. *as* Fourche; *A forke; a paire of gallowes.*

Fourquier: m. *A Brewers ſtirrer.*

Fourrage: m. *Forrage for horſes; alſo, fodder for cattell.*

Fourrage des corbeaux. *A falſe knave, a filthie lewd fellow, crowes-meat, one for whom the gallowes grones.*

Fourragé: m. ée: f. *Foddered; forraged, ravaged, forrayed.*

Fourragement. *A fodd'ring; forraging, ravaging, forraying.*

Fourrager. le four. *as* Fourragement.

Fourrager. *To fodder; alſo, to forrage, prey, forray, go a foraging; to ranſacke, ravage, boot-hale it.*

Fourrageur: m. *A fodderer; a forrager, a purveyor of victuall for horſes, and cattle; alſo, a boot-haler.*

Fourré: m. *A kind of fiſh-net ſtretched out with hoopes in the forme of a whale-bone ſleeve.*

Fourré: m. ée: f. *Furred; alſo, entred, thruſt, or put far in; ſheathed, cased; lodged within.*

Coups fourrez. *Interchanged blowes.*

Paix fourrée. *A counterfeit peace; a peace made with a purpoſe to be broken.*

Fourreau. *A ſheath; a ſcabberd.*

Le fourreau d'vne beſte. *The thicke ſkin wherein the yard, or pizzle of a beaſt is ſheathed.*

Le fourreau d'vne halebarde, harquebouſe, piſtole, &c. *A caſe for a halbeard, harquebuſe, piſtoll, &c.*

N'admirons le fourreau pour meſpriſer la lame. *Let not a faire outſide make the inſide leſſe eſteemed of.*

Fourrelier: m. *A ſcabberd maker.*

Fourrer. *To put, thruſt, or throw into, to lodge in, or hide within, a hole or hollow thing; Hence; to caſe; and to ſheath; alſo, to ſtirre; alſo, as* Fourrager.

Se fourrer en. *To enter boldly, thruſt freely, pierce farre into; alſo, to ingage, or intangle himſelfe in.*

Se fourrer es biens d'autruy. *To intrude upon the government of other mens goods; to diſpoſe of them unbidden, or whether the owners will or no.*

S'y fourrer iuſques aux oreilles. *To plunge himſelfe up to the eares in.*

Fourrer vn gasteau. *To butter a cake.*

Fourrer la main à. *To bribe, to greaſe the fiſt of.*

Fourreur: m. *A Furrier; a Skinner; alſo, a Forrager.*

Fourreure: f. *See* Fourrure.

Fourrie: f. *Pillage, forrage, ravaging, boot-haling, ranſacking.*

Fourrier: m. *An Harbinger.*

Le fourrier de la Lune a marqué le logis. *Appliable to a woman that hath her flowers.*

Fourriere: ſ. *A cave, or cloſe Cellar, to lay wine, or oyle in.*

Fourrons. *An approbrious name, or nick-name, given by the* Tholoſains *unto the Sergeants, or attendants of the Captaine of of the watch.*

Fourrure: ſ. *Furre, furring, ſkins to furre with.*

Fourſer. *So ſpawne, as Carps in a pond.*

Fourvoye: m. ée: ſ. *Strayed, erred, ſwarved, gone out of the way; that hath miſſed, or miſtaken the way.*

Fourvoyement: m. *A ſtraying, erring, wandring, going out of the way.*

Fourvoyer: *To miſſe, or miſtake the way; to erre in, ſwerve from; rove, wander, ſtray, or goe, out of the way.*

Ce nous ſera fort joyeux, & ſi ne te fourvoyeras de rien. *This will be a great pleaſure to us, and no hinderance unto you, or no whit out of your way.*

Il ne ſe fourvoyit point qui à bon hoſtel va; Prov. *He goes not out of his way that goes to a good Inne.*

Qui trop ſe haſte en cheminant, en beau chemin ſe fourvoye ſouvent; Pro. *He that makes too much haſte oft wanders in plaine way.*

Fouſſer. *as* Fouïr; *To dig; & (more particularly) to dig, or turne up, a vineyard; ſomewhat before the vines begin to bud.*

Fouſſette. *as* Foſſette.

Fouſteau. *as* Fouteau.

Fouteau: m. *A Beech tree.*

Foutoir: m. *A (battering) Ramme; alſo, a rammer; or, a rammer head for a peece of Ordnance.*

Fouton: m. *A Snite; ſo called, becauſe ſhe wags her taile very much.*

Foutouër: m. *The warlike Engine called a Ramme, wherewith, in old time, walls were battered;* Looke Foutoir.

Foutre. *To leacher.*

Foutu, vn foutu. *A ſcowndrell; a fellow of ſmall account.*

Foutu: m. uë: ſ. *(The participle of* Foutre.)

Fouyaſſe. *as* Fouace. ¶ Bourbon.

Fouyer: m. *The hearth (of a chymney.)*

Le Fouyer d'une arquebuſe. *The fire-pan, or touch-pan of an Harquebuſe.*

Fouyer de Galere. *The Cook-roome in a galley.*

Ce que l'enfant oit au fouyer eſt bien toſt cogneu iuſques au Monſtier; Pro. *Little pitchers have wide eares (we ſay; and it ſeemes by this Proverbe that) little children have long tongues.*

Fouynne. *as* Fouïnne.

Fouzil. *as* Fuſil.

Foy: m. Le foy du corps. *The middle, or waſte.*

Foy: ſ. *Faith, truſt, confidence, aſſurance, beliefe in; credit given; alſo, loyaltie, faithfulneſſe, truſtineſſe; alſo, fealtie; alſo, fee ſimple; alſo, a ring cloſed with a hand in hand.*

Demiſſion de foy. *Looke* Demiſſion.

Homme de foy. *A vaſſall, tenant, ſubject, that owes, or holds by, fealty.*

Poſſeſſeur de bonne foy. *He that poſſeſſes a thing upon a title which he knowes, and is, good.*

Poſſeſſeur de mauvaiſe foy. *It be, that either by force detaines another mans goods, or uſes them, knowing that they belong to another.*

En bonne foy? *Is it poſſible? Is there any ſuch matter? can it be ſo?*

En bonne foy. *(without interrogation) In good earneſt, in good ſooth, in good ſadneſſe.*

Il y va à la bonne foy. *He goes roundly, plainely, ſimply, ſincerely, to worke.*

Il y va auſſi à la bonne foy que le loup qui mangea la chevre. *(Said of a great deceiver.)*

Faire foy de. *To beleeve, truſt, give credit unto.*

Mis ſous ſa foy. *Left to his owne diſcretion, or government; given over to himſelfe.*

Tomber, ou venir en foy tierce. *An inheritance to fall into a third hand, or come into the hands of a third heire.* Looke Tiers.

Foy de Granes; Prov. *Treachery, or treaſon.*

Nul n'a trop pour foy de ſens, d'argent, de foy; Prov. *No man hath for himſelfe too much wit, faith, or pelfe.*

Foye: m. *The liver.*

Foye marin. *The ſea Liver; a kind of Breame-like fiſh, that is but ſeldome ſeen; alſo, a ſtinking excreſcence reſembling a ſodden liver, and cleaving, in the bottome of the ſea, unto the weed* Algo.

Iamais homme ne mange foye que le ſien non ait joye; Prov. *The liver of the liver-eater, is comforted and much the better.*

Foyer, *as* Fouyer.

Foyes: ſ. *The ſlot of a Stag, the view of a Bucke, the footing of either.*

Foyne. *as* Faine; *Beech maſt.* ¶ Bourbonnois.

Foynne. *as* Fouïnne; *A Foine, or Polecat.*

Frac. On ne trouve chez luy ni fric ni frac. *There is nothing to be had, or gotten, at his houſe.*

Fracas: m. *Violent breaches; extreame bruiſes; wracks, deſtruction; havocke, hurlyburly.*

Fracaſſé: m. ée; ſ. *Broken, craſhed; extreamely craſhed; wracked; battered; ruined, made havock of.*

Fracaſſer. *To craſh; to breake, batter, bruiſe, or cruſh, extreamely; to wracke, deſtroy, ruine, make havocke of.*

Fracaſſeur: m. *A craſher, violent breaker, batterer; or cruſher.*

Fracein: m. *as* Vleere ambulatif.

Fracteur: m. *A breaker; alſo, a bankrupt; and hence the Proverbe;*

Aujourd'uy facteur demain fracteur.

Fraction: ſ. *A fraction, or fracture; a breaking, burſting; rending, tearing in peeces.*

Fracture: ſ. *A fracture, breach, or burſting.*

Fracture faicte en raiſort. *Looke* Raiſort.

Fracturé: m. ée: ſ. *Burſt, broken.*

Fragate: ſ. *A Frigate.*

Fragile: com. *Fraile, brittle, ſone burſt, eaſily broken, weake, mortall.*

Fragilité: ſ. *Fraiſtie, fragilitie, brittlenеſſe, weakeneſſe.*

Fragment: m. *A fragment; a peece, or parcell, of a broken thing; a gobbet, or ſhard.*

Fragrant. *Fragrant, odoriferous.*

En fragrant delict. *While the offence is freſh in memorie; or, preſently after the committing thereof.*

Fraiche. *The feminine of* Frais. *Looke* Frais; *or* Frez.

Fraile: com. *Fraile, brittle, weake, eaſily broken.*

† Fraille. *as* Fraile.

† Frailé: m. ée: ſ. *Crumbled in peeces, broken into ſmall crumlockes, or mammocks.*

† Frailler. *To crumble in peeces, to breake into ſmall crumlockes (brittle things.)*

Frain: m. *A bit; the part of a bridle which is in the horſes mouth.*

Prendre le frain aux dents. *To be very earneſt; or to goe forward notwithſtanding any command, or advice, to the contrarie.*

Ronger ſon frain. *To bite of the bit.*

A vieille nul frain doré; Pro. *Said in deriſion of an old woman that hath newly trim'd up, or flecked over, her ſelfe.*

† Fraire. *To ſurfet; to fill full; alſo, to ſwell, riſe, or increaſe, as a womans dugs when the menſtruall blood begins to dilate the veines of the matrix.*

Frairie: ſ. *A Friarie, a brotherhood.*

Frais. *as* Fraiz.

Frais. le fr. *(d'vn homme.) The freſh view, or late ſteps, track, or footing of a man.*

Frais: m. Fraiſche: f. *Coole; freſh; young, new, luſtie; unfoiled; untoiled; alſo, freſh, or, without ſalt.* Looke Frez.

Fraiſchement. *Freſhly.* See Freſchement.

Fraiſcheur: ſ. *Coolneſſe; freſhneſſe; newneſſe; luſtineſſe.*

Fraiſe: ſ. *A ſtrawberry; alſo, a ruffe; alſo, a calves thaldere.*

Fraiſé: m. ée; f. *(Look* Frezé; *)* pain fraiſé. *A Panadoe of the crummes of pale Manchet, ſteeped ſome while in two or three changes of water, and then boiled in a pipkin with butter, or in chickin or capon broth, and often ſtirred with a ſpoon untill it be ready.*

Fraiſier: m. *A ſtrawberry-plant; or, the herb that beareth ſtrawberries.*

Fraiſſé: m. ée: f. *Broken, burſt (into many ſmall pieces.)*

Fraiſſe: com. *as* Fraile; *Fraile.*

† Fraiſſer. *To breake, to burſt (into many ſmall pieces.)*

Fraiſſure: ſ. *Brittleneſſe, frailtie.*

† Fraiſſuccement. *Brittlely, weakly; of a fraile ſtrength; in a fraile manner.*

Fraiſne: m. *An aſh-tree.*

Fraiz: m. *Coſts, expences, charges.*

Peindre à fraiz. *To paint with water-colours on a greene, or new-mortered, wall.*

Fraix: m. Fraiſche: f. *Look* Frais; *or,* Frez.

Fraize: ſ. *as* Fraiſe.

Fraizé. febves fraizées. *Pilled, or ſhaled, beanes.*

Fralaté: m. ée: f. *Racked, or drawne off the Lees; alſo, powred out of one veſſell into another, as wine.*

Fralatement: m. *A racking of wine; a drawing it off the lees; or ſhifting it out of one veſſell into another.*

Fralater. *To rack wine, to draw it off the lees; to ſhift, or powre it out of one veſſell into another.*

Fram-

Framboiſe : f. *A Raſp is, bindberry, framboiſeberry ; alſo, a pleaſing ſmell or ſavor in wine, or fruits ; and hence ;*

Ce vin ſent ſa framboiſe. *This wine ſmels delicately.*

Framboiſier: m. *A Raſp is buſh ; the plant, or ſhrub, that beareth Raſpiſes.*

Franc : m. *A franke, or ſtie, to feed, and fatten hogs in.*

Franc. *A piece of money worth, in old time, but one* Sol Tournois ; *now it goes for twenty ; which amount unto* ijs. ſterl.

Franc Bourdelois. *Is but* 15. Solz Tour. 18 d. ſterl.

Franc à cheval. *An old piece of gold worth between* vj. *and* vij s. *now it goes, as the ordinary* Franc, *but for* ijs. ſterl.

Franc à pied. *Another worth about foure, or five ſhillings ſterling.*

Franc : m. Franche: f. *Franke, free ; at liberty ; ſubject unto no man ; exempt from ſubſidies, duties, or ſervices ; alſo, frank, liberall, bountifull ; courteous, gracious ; alſo, valiant, hardy, forward, bold, courageous ; alſo, plaine, round, open-hearted ; ſincere, honeſt ; without any fault, or ill quality ; alſo, tame, naturall, kindly, ſeaſonable, well tempered, of the right ſtampe.*

Franc aleu. *Free tenure ; or, a free tenant. Seek* Alleud.

Franc archer. *One trained bow-man in every Pariſh, well armed, and ready upon ſummons, and at a rate certaine, to march; in regard whereof he is exempted from all taxes, and ſubſidies.*

Francargeur. *as* Francs deniers.

Francs Bourgeois. *Free Burgeſſes; which pay no yearely fines for their freedome, nor ſo many amerciaments of Courts as others ; although they yeeld ſome other contributions, and ſervices, unto their Lords.*

Francs deniers en vente de fief, &c. *A ſellers freeing, or diſcharging of the purchaſer from thoſe fines which he were otherwiſe to pay, at his entrie, unto the Landlord.*

Francs devoirs. *Looke* Debvoir.

Franc fief. *A free, or affranchiſing,* Fief ; *as all* Fiefs be (*and therefore one ſayes, that* Franc *is a generall, and perpetuall Epithite unto a* Fief) *whereof, at firſt, none were capable but* les Francs (*a people of the Germane* Franconia) *who conquered* Gallia; *nor ought any to hold them at this day, but ſuch as are noble, freeborne, and exempted from ſubſidies; yet if a villaine get one of them it makes him a freeman, though not a Gentleman ; but he cannot hold it without his Lords permiſſion, and a licence from the King ; and hence ;*

Droict de francs fiefs. *The fine thats due unto the King upon the purchaſe of a fief by a Burguer (of an unprivileged towne; for* Paris, *and ſome others are privileged)* Roturier, *Villaine, or other ignoble perſon : (this was certaine, viz. ſix yeeres value if the land were held of the King, and three yeers, if of another Lord ; but now it is whatſoever the Officer of the Exchequer will ſet downe;) alſo, the power of inabling them to purchaſe fiefs ; a point of Soveraignty peculiar to the King.*

Impoſition de francs fiefs. *The ſame (in the firſt part.)*

Franc homme. *A vaſſall, or tenant that owes fealtie.*

Franche ſalaiſon. *as* Franc-ſalé.

Francs Taulpins. *Trained men ; ſouldiers levied in villages, or made of husbandmen.*

Franche verité. *An inquiry of diſorders committed within a Juriſdiction, or Manner (by eſpeciall order, and authoritie from the Lord thereof) before any actuall complaint, or apprehenſion of offends. be made; a privie Seſſions.*

Cave franche. *A fatt well ſeaſoned, or fit to receive new wine.*

Pierre franche. *The (ſoft white) free-ſtone.*

Repeuë franche. *A meale come freely by, or which coſts the eater nothing.*

Roſe franche. *A red roſe.*

Sergent franc. *An Officer which ſome vaſſalls may keep to look unto their woods, and to ſeiſe, and detaine ſuch beaſts, as are found Dammage feſant within them.*

Terre franche. *Mould, pure ſoyle, ſoyle of it ſelfe ; a ſoyle without ſand, gravell, ſtones, or tuph.*

Franc au collier ; franc au traict. *That drawes, or labours hard ; that does, falls to, goes through with, his buſineſſe luſtily, roundly, willingly, freely.*

A la franche Marguerite. *In the plaineſt faſhion, after the homelieſt manner.*

Refuſer tout à franc. *To refuſe abſolutely, deny reſolutely, utterly, altogether ; and to deprive himſelfe, by ſuch a refuſall, of all power, or means of acceptance, or yeelding afterwards.*

Franc de Carreau, *A certaine play with a peece of money at a ſquare croſſed.* ¶ Rab.

Francarchers : m. *Archers, or trained bow-men, that ſerve on foot ; exempt from Subſidies, becauſe bound to march, on a ſudden, and at a certaine monthly rate, whenſoever they be commanded.*

Franc-a-tripe. *One that feeds on free-coſt ; or, a tall trencher-man, glutton, belly-god ; one that is bountifull to his guts, free to his paunch; one that loves his belly well.*

Franc-eſtu : m. *The Garden Glabe; an excellent apple.*

France. (*The kingdome of*) France.

De France. *An honourable addition, beſtowed only on the French Kings children (as* Enfant de France,) *or on the immediate Officers of the Crowne (whence,* Conneſtable de France ; Chancelier de France; Admiral de France, &c.)

Franc-fief. *Looke* Franc.

Franc-gontier. *A good rich Yeoman, ſubſtantiall yonker, wealthy chuſſe.*

Franche-mariette. *The name of a great, and tender apple, ſpotted with red on the one ſide.*

Franchement. *Frankly, freely, liberally ; bountifully ; ſincerely ; plainely, roundly, boldly, without halting; with an open heart.*

Franchemulle d' un mouton. *A Sheepes call, or bell.*

Franchi : m. le : f. *Freed, quit, unthralled, ſet at libertie, delivered ; redeemed, diſcharged ; alſo, leaped, or jumped, on, or over.*

Le coup eſt franchi. *Overthrowne, outgone.*

Franchir. *To quit, free, deliver, unthrall, redeem, diſcharge ; alſo, to leap, jumpe, or bound, on, or over; hence ;*

Franchir le Rubicon. *Looke* Rubicon.

Franchir le fault. *To out-leap, exceed, go beyond (ordinary, or fit limits;) and particularly, to grow prophane, to make a jeaſt, or (at leaſt) have no care, of religion.*

Franchiſe : f. *Franchiſe, freeneſſe, liberty, freedome, exemption ; alſo, good breeding, free birth, tamenеſſe, ſeaſonableneſſe, kindlineſſe, right kind ; alſo, a Sanctuary, Franchiſe, Liberty, Privileged place ; alſo, the diſcharge of a debt.*

Francier. *To ſpeak fine, and eloquent French, (Ironically.)*

Franciſque : f. *A kind of Ax ; as* Ancon ; *or a faſhion of ſword uſed by the ancient French.*

François : m. Francis (*a proper name.*)

Mal S. François. *Want of money.*

François : m. oiſe: f. *French, of France.*

Compagnie Françoiſe. *A wench (among wanton Church-men.)*

Vins François. *Wines that are gotten below the bridge of* Sens, *and in the Countries on either ſide of the rivers of* Marne, Seine, *and* Oiſe.

A la Françoiſe. *After the French faſhion ; raſhly, retirelеſly, careleſly, leaving all at randome.*

Iamais François ne furent veus recreus de bien faire ; Prov. *Frenchmen were never ſeen weary of well doing.*

Quand le François dort le Diable le berſe. *A Proverb deviſed by the Flamings in taxation of the reſtleſſe humor of the French.*

Qui fut François ſi fut courtois; Pro. *If he a French man were, courteous he was.*

Françoiſe : f. *as* Franciſque ; *Alſo, the name* Frances (*for a woman.*)

Francolin : m. *A delicate red-legged fowle, of two kinds ; one ſomewhat reſembles our Godwit, and feeds altogether on fiſh ; another (more like to a Partridge) lives among hills, and high grounds, and is the rarer, and deerer, and (perhaps) the daintier of the two; In ſome parts of* Naples *they are bigger bodied then Hennes, and have very long bills, necks, and feet.*

Francolin de Mer. *A kind of ſmall, and ſmooth-skinned Tunny, held very dainty, and much eſteemed of by the inhabitants of* Creet, *and* Candie, *neer whereunto it is moſt commonly taken.*

Il eſt muet comme vn francolin pris. *He uſes very few words, or fewer then he was wont; (for this fowle being at liberty ſings (after her faſhion) but in a cage is ſilent.)*

Francoly. *as* Francolin. ¶ Rab.

Francoule; *or,* Fronceurle. *as* Francolin; *or (as ſome imagine) our Moore-game, or Grouſe.* ¶ Rab.

Francquieſme *A certaine free tenure, or Manner, differing from a* Fief, *and conferring on ſuch as hold by it, for one it, many privileges.*

Franc-ſalé. *A priviledge of ſelling, and buying of ſalt (for private uſe) without paying any cuſtome for it ; enjoyed by the inhabitants of* Auvergne, Rhetelois, *and the countries adjoyning.*

Francſoreau. *The name of a certaine peare.*

Franc-

Franctopin : m. *A clowne, carle, churle, chuffe, clusterfist, bind, boore ; or as* Franc taulpin.

Frange: f. *Fringe.*

Frangé: m. ée: f. *Fringed ; edged with fringe ; also, wrimpled ; notched, snipt, or jagg'd on the edges.*

Futtaine frangée. *Course tufted fustian ; the course fustian-like stuffe, that's tufted in fringe-like rewes.*

Franger. *To fringe ; to edge, or set with fringe ; also, to crumple ; wrimple, jagge, or snip on th'edges.*

Frangible: com. *Frangible, breakable.*

Frapart. *as* Frappart.

Frappart: m. *A knocker, striker, beater.*

Frappart : m. arde: f. *Knocking, rapping, striking, beating.*

Frere frappart. *A lusty, strong, tough Frier ; a good boxer, a sound knocker ; a notable striker, a belly-bumper.*

Frappé: m. ée: f. *Strucke, knocke, rapt, hit ; wounded ; also, blasted, as with lightning.*

Cela est frappé à la porte d'vn trespassé. *All that is labour lost, done to no purpose, spoken to deafe eares, or shewed unto blind eyes.*

Tous frappez à vn mesme coing. *All of one opinion, fashion, or fashion.*

Frappement: m. *A striking, knocking, rapping, hitting, smiting, dashing, clapping ; also, a blasting.*

Frapper. *To knock, rap, clap, thumpe, hit ; hit, strike, smite ; also, to dash ; also, to blast. Looke* Batre.

Frapper coup sur. *To give a blow unto.*

Frapper dedans. *Violently to rush, enter, or break in upon.*

Frapper d'estoc. *To foyne, thrust, or give a thrust unto.*

Frapper d'estoc & de taille. *To strike every way, in all fashions, on all hands ; to lay about him like a mad-man.*

Frapper en paulme. *Look* Paulme.

Frapper des pieds contre terre. *To stampe with the feet.*

Frapper à route. *To rouse a Deere with a line-hound.*

Tel cuide frapper qui tue ; Prov. *Some kill those whom they would but strike.*

Tel se cuide bien garder qui se frappe sur le nez ; Prov. *Some thinking to defend, offend, themselves.*

Tousiours ne frappe l'on pas ce à quoy l'on vise ; Prov. *One alwayes hits not what he aimes at.*

Frapperie: f. *Knocking-stuffe ; or, as* Frappement ; *a knocking, rapping, &c.*

Frappe-teste. *A certain Spider whose sting is neere, or in, her head.*

Frappeur: m. *A rapper, knocker, clapper, hitter, thumper ; striker, smiter, boxer.*

† Frarachage. *as* Frarescheie.

† Frarachaux : m. *Cobeires, coparceners, partners in an inheritance, or succession.*

† Frarager. *as* Frarescher. (v. m.)

† Frarescheie: f. *Partition of lands among brethren, neer kinsmen, or cobeires.*

† Frarescher. *To part land, or a succession, as brethren, or cobeires.*

† Frarescheur : m. *A partner, a coparcener, or cobeire.*

Frareuseté : f. *The custome, course, or title of Partition among brethren, coparceners, or cobeires.* ❡ Wallon.

Frareux : m. euse : f. *Parted, or partable among coparceners ; also, belonging to a coparcener.* ❡ Wallon.

Fraricparage : m. *Fraternity, brotherhood.* (v. m.)

Frasque : f. *A gull, gullery, mockery ; also, an odde trick, strange pranke, idle part.*

Frater. *A Frier ; (a word used most commonly in mockage.)*

Fraternel : m. elle : f. *Fraternall, brotherly, belonging to a brother.*

Fraternellement. *Fraternally ; brotherly.*

Fraterniser. *To fraternize ; concurre with, be neere unto ; agree as brothers.*

Fraternité : f. *Fraternity, brotherhood.*

Fratesque : com. *Frier-like ; of, or belonging to a Frier ; also, hypocriticall ; superstitious.*

Frate : m. *A Frier ; a brother ; a confederate.*

Fratricide : m. *A murtherer of his owne brother.*

Fratrisseau : m. *A novice ; a young, and unexperienced Frier.*

Fraudateur. *as* Fraudeur.

Fraudation : f. *A defrauding, deceiving, beguiling.*

Fraude : f. *Fraud, guile, deceit, cousenage, gullery, cosin, cheating, trumpery.*

Fraudé : m. ée : f. *Defrauded, deceived, beguiled, cousened, cheated, circumvented, disappointed.*

Frauder. *To dection, defraud, beguile, circumvent, fetch over, cousen, cheat, gull, disappoint.*

Fraudeur : m. *A defrauder, cousener, deceiver, cheater, beguiler.*

Fraudulentement. *as* Fraudulentement ; *and the better French (saies* Nicot.)

Fraudulent. *Fraudulent, crafty, deceitfull, cousening, cheating, wily, cunning.*

Fraudulentement. *Fraudulently, deceitfully, craftily, guilefully, cunningly.*

Frauduler. *To deceive ; as* Frauder.

Fraudulensement. *as* Fraudulentement ; *or, full craftily, most deceitfully.*

Frauduleux : m. *A deceiver, cheater, cousener, crafty mate, wily pack, overreaching companion.*

Frauduleux : m. euse : f. *Most crafty, fraudulent, guilefull, deceitfull.*

† Fraux : m. *Commons ; or common, publike, and void grounds, waies, places ; or, as* Eros.

Frax. *A kind of ravenous fish (or as* Lamie) *called thus about* Bayonne.

Fraxinelle : f. *Bastard Dittany, false Dittander.*

Fray : m. *A Frier ; also, the spawn of fish ; whence ;*

Quand la grenouille n'est plus en fray. *When the frog is empty, or without spawne ; or when she hath done breeding.*

Frayable. chemin frayable. *An usuall, beaten, or well troden, way.*

Frayé: m. ée : f. *Hit sideling, grated upon, raked along on ; also, rubbed ; and rased, fretted, much worne by much rubbing ; also, defrayed ; also, burnished.*

Chemin frayé. *A way much used, or trod on ; a beaten way.*

Frayement. *A hitting sideling, a grating upon, a raking along on ; a rubbing, fretting, rasing, wearing of things by often hitting one against another ; a burnishing.*

Frayer. *To hit sidelong ; to grate upon ; to rake along on ; also, to rub ; and to rase, or fret by often rubbing ; also, to burnish (as a Deere his head) by rubbing ; also, to weare, beat downe, make plaine, smooth, or even, by much using, or treading on ; also, to spawne as fishes, &c. also, to defray, or beare the charges of.*

Frayeur : f. *Feare, dread, fright, affrighting, terror, scaring, horrible.*

Frayeure : f. *as* Frayement.

Frayeux : m. euse : f. *Fearefull, dreadfull, terrible, horror.*

Frayoire. *The racke-staffe, or rag of a mill ; the little peece of wood which rubbing against the hopper makes the corne fall from it.*

Frayoüer : m. *A Deeres burnishing of his head.*

Fredaine : f. *A gudgeon, mockery, wile, gullery ; a deceitfull part, a roguish pranke, a knavish or cousening device.*

Fredintredaille. *To teather.* ❡ Rab.

Fredon : m. *A Semy-quaver, or Semy-semy-quaver in musicke ; and hence, Division ; and a warbling, shaking, or quavering.*

Faire fredon sur fredon. *To heape curiosity upon curiosity, to adde one nice point unto another, or use many together.*

Fredonner. *To shake, divide, warble, quaver in singing, or playing on an instrument.*

Fredonneux : m. euse : f. *Full of Semie-semie-quavers ; or of quavering, shaking, warbling ; dividing much.*

Fredonnié. *Shaked, quavered, warbled, divided.*

Fredonnifer. *as* Fredonner.

Fregate : f. *A Frigate ; a swift Pinnace.*

Fregolier. *The Lote tree, or Nettle tree.*

Freguereul. *The little fish called, a Minnow.*

Frein. *See* Frain.

Frelan : m. *A rough, and prickled shrub, called, Butchers-Broome, Knebolme, and Petigree ; also, a Butchers Broome, or a rough brush made thereof.*

Frelaté. vin frelaté. *That is swifted out of old into new vessels ; or drawne off the lees, and kept in bottles ; we say, racked.*

Frelatement : m. *A racking of wine ; or as* Fralatement.

Frelater. *To racke, or draw wine from the lees, and put it into a new vessell ; Stoke* Fralater.

Frelateur : m. *A racker of wine.*

Frelaut. *A good fellow.* ❡ Rab.

Frelon : m. *A Hornet ; also, a Dorre, or Drone-Bee. (See* Freslon) *also, as* Frelan.

Freloque : f. *A tatter that hangs downe trailing from a garment, &c.*

Frelore : com. *Undone, fortune, lost, cast away.* ❡ Rab.

Frelot. *as* Frelaut.

Freluche : f. *A mote ; a small straw, or hint.*

Freluquet : m. *A French halfe-penny ; also, a spruce dwarfe, or pretty dapper fellow.*

Frelus. *as* Frelore ; *or, Overthrowne horse and foot.*

Fremiller. *as* Fourmiller.

Fremir.

Fremir. *To quake, tremble, ſhiver, ſhake; be exceedingly moved, either with anger, or feare.*

Fremoirs: m. *The claſpes of a booke; alſo, a Joyners ſtraight Chizells.*

Frenaiſie: f. *Frenzie, raving, lunacy.*

Frenatique: com. *Franticke, raving, lunaticke, beſides himſelfe, out of his little wit.*

Frenouiller. *To fiddle, to rake, to pudder in.* ¶ Bleſien.

Frequence: f. *Frequencie; a great haunt, meeting, reſort, company, aſſembly of.*

Frequentation: f. *A frequentation, frequenting, haunting, reſorting, often aſſembling, thicke ſetting together.*

Frequenté: m. ée: f. *Frequented, haunted, much viſited, often reſorted unto.*

Frequenter. *To frequent, haunt, uſe much, viſit often, reſort many times unto.*

Frerage. *as* Frareſche; *or, a partition made between brothers, coheires.*

Frere: m. *A brother; alſo, a Frier.*

Frere d'armes. *A brother in Armes; (a title thats uſed between Prince and Prince, or where the one is a Prince; where as ordinary Knights tearme themſelves only,* Compagnons d'armes.)

Freres de la Cour. *Fellow vaſſalls, or tenants holding of their Lord in one manner, or by one kind of tenure, and having equall authority in his Courts.*

Frere de laict. *A foſter brother; the ſonne of a mans Nurſe.*

Freres des Lombards. (*as* Harpies;) *Moles, or Moonecalves; tearmed ſo, becauſe they are ſo often ingendred with a living child; and if without, yet being bred in the ſame wombe, and nouriſhed with the ſame milke, they may in ſcorne be called brothers of the perfect children. See* Lombard.

Freres uterins. *Harpies, monſters, monſtrous children; Moles, or Moone-calves; by the ſame reaſon.*

Le frere veut bien que ſa ſoeur ait, mais que rien du ſien n'y ait; Prov. *The brother would have his ſiſter rich, any way, but at his charges.*

Ire de feres ire de Diables; Prov. *Brothers anger deviliſh anger.*

Il n'y a terme qui paſſe par delà celuy de frere; Prov. *Calls he me brother? how can he call me more? no frendly tearme exceeds the tearme of brother.*

Frere-lay. *A ſervant, or houſhold Officer in an Abbey, or Covent.*

† Frerer. *To ſwell; alſo, to itch. Look* Fraire.

† Freteſcheur. *as* Frareſcheur; *A Coparcener.*

Frereux. Couſin frereux. *A Couſen-germaine by the brothers ſide; my fathers brothers ſonne.*

Frerie: f. *A Friery.*

Frerot: m. *A ſhaving, or ſhifting, fellow.*

Fres: m. *Charge, coſt; expence.*

Fres: m. Freſche: f. *as* Frais; *Freſh, new; coole; or as* Frez.

Freſange. *One hog, or more, due unto the Maſter of the waters, and forreſt of Aubigny (and elſewhere) by the farmers of the Maſtage, and brouſage thereof.*

Freſaye: f. *A Scrich-owle.*

Freſcades: f. *Refreſhments, or things refreſhing; as (in Summer-time) light garments, coole aire, cold places, bowers, or ſhades, overſpred with green boughes.*

Freſchedent: m. *A glutton, ravenor, greedy fellow, good trencher-man; one that eats as if he had been hunger-ſtarved.*

Freſchement. *Newly, lately, freſhly, even now, but a ſmall while agoe; alſo, coolly.*

Freſcheur: f. *Freſhneſſe, coolneſſe.*

Freſchin. *A certaine bitter-ſweet apple; alſo, rankneſſe; or, the ſmell, or ſent of vermine, as Foxes, Polecats, &c.*

Vn freſchin de ſalive. *Sweetneſſe, or freſhneſſe, of ſpittle.*

Freſillon. *Privit, Primprint.*

Freſle: com. *Fraile, weake, feeble, brittle, ſoone broken.*

Freſlé: m. ée: f. *Furled; undone, or ſlackned, and made up.*

Freſler. *To furle; to ſlacken, or undoe, and make up.*

Freſlon: m. *A Hornet; alſo (but leſſe properly) a Dorre, or Drone Bee; alſo, the ſhrub called Pettigree, Butchers Broome, Knee-holme, and Knee-holver.*

Irriter les freſlons. *To provoke angry perſons.*

Les abeilles ne deviement point freſlons; Prov. *Look* Abeille.

Freſlonné: m. ée: f. *Bitten, or ſtung with Hornets.*

Freſnaye: f. *A grove, or wood of Aſh-trees.*

Freſne: m. *An Aſh tree.*

Freſne champeſtre. *The field Aſh, great Aſh, common Aſh.*

Freſne de montaigne. *The wild Aſh, whicken tree, Quicken tree, Quick-beam tree.*

Freſne petit. *Baſtard, or falſe, Dittany.*

Freſne ſauvage. *as* Freſne de montaigne; *The whicken tree. &c.*

Freſnier: m. ere: f. *Of Aſh, Aſhen, belonging to an Aſh.*

Freſnin: m. ine: f. *as* Freſnier.

Freſnoy: m. *A grove, tuft, or wood of Aſh-trees.*

Freſquades. *Look* Freſcades.

† Freſſurades: f. *Complements of outward courteſie in matters of intertainment, or ſalutation; as, the bowing of the knee, or a ſtooping to touch one anothers knees; alſo, triſling, fondneſſe, toying, idle geſtures, actions to no purpoſe; alſo, a horſes lifting up of his legs.*

Freſſure, ou Freſure. *The inwards, or intrals; as* Freſ. de mouton. *A ſheeps pluck.*

Freſſure de pourceau. *A hogs haſlet.*

Fret: m. *The fraught, or fraight of a ſhip; alſo, the hire that's payed for a ſhip, or for the fraught thereof.*

Fretail de perles. *Refuſe, or ragged Pearles, Pearles of ſmall value.*

Fretaillé: m. ée: f. *Cut, hackt, notcht, jagged.*

Chemiſe fretaillée de filets. *A ſhirt, or ſmock wrought in frets about the skirts.*

Frete. *A Verrill; the iron band, or hoope that keeps a woodden toole from riving.*

Freté: m. ée: f. *Hired, fraughted, and furniſhed, as a ſhip.*

Fretel. *A kind of whiſtle which the Sowgelders of France uſually carry about them.*

Freter. *To hire a ſhip of burden; and to fraught, or load her, hired.*

Freteure: f. *A fraughting, loading, or furniſhing of a (hired) ſhip.*

Fretille: f. *Straw.* ¶ Barrag.

Fretillant. *Laſcivious, wanton, luſtfull, tickliſh, wriggling, frigging, [illegible]; buſie, moving, wagging; nimble, [illegible]; ſtanding on thornes, longing to be [illegible].*

Fretillard: m. arde: f. *The [illegible], as* Fretilleur.

Fretiller. *To move, wag, [illegible] and on no ground; to wriggle, [illegible], luſt to be at it.*

Fretilleur: m. *A laſcivious, wanton, tickliſh, luſtfull companion; alſo, a buſie body, a reſtleſſe ſop, one that often ſtirres, or figs up and downe, as if he had an itch on his breech.*

Fretillon: m. *A little nimble dwarfe, or boy-on-my thumbe; a Jacke of the Clock houſe; a little buſie-body, medler, Jack-ſtickler; one that hath an oare in every mans Boat, or his hand in every mans diſh.*

Fretin: m. *Furniture, fraught, proviſion; alſo, the ſize, largeneſſe, or goodneſſe of Cod, or Green-fiſh; (a tearme in that ſence applied unto that onely fiſh;) alſo, the fry of any fiſh.*

Le menu fretin. *The leaſt ſize, and worſt ſort, of Cod; of people, the meaneſt commoners, raſcall vulgar, baſe rout.*

Fretinfretailler. *as* Fredinfredailler.

Frettots. *A Sect of Religious men, and women (which wore a ſecret Crowne on their heads) inceſtuous, as the Adamites, by night, and ſuppreſſed in the yeare 1310.*

Frettée. *Frettie; a tearme of Blaſon.*

Frettin: m. *as* Fretin.

Freux: m. *A Rooke, or white-billed Crow.*

Frez: m. *as* Freſcheur; *Coolneſſe.*

Frez: m. Freſche: f. *New, freſh, recent, raw, greene; ſound, luſtie, newly come, lately done; alſo, coole; alſo, freſh, or without ſalt.*

Bouche freſche. *A lickorous, or hungry palate; one whoſe ſtomack is alwayes ready, whoſe appetite ever awake; alſo, as in;*

Tant voux avez la bouche freſche. *What fine tearmes you uſe; what goodly words you come out with;* (Ironically.)

Gueule freſche. *One that hath a notable good ſtomack.*

Frezaye. *A Scrich-owle.*

Freze: f. *A calves chaldern; alſo, a ruffe.*

Entrer en freze. *Silk wormes to begin to mount upon the boughes layed for them (In which mounting they ſpinne their ſilke.)*

Frezé: m. ée: f. *Set, as a ruffe; or (more properly) ruffled, or ſet ruffingly, after the manner of the (thicke) French ruffe.*

Febves frezées. *Pilled, or ſhaled beanes.*

Frezillon: m. *Privet, Primprint.*

Friable: com. *Bruiſeable, eaſie to be broken.*

Friand. vn fr. *A ſweet-lips, pick-morſell, curious feeder, lickorous companion, dainty-mouthed fellow; an eat-nell, ſap-ſauce, lick-diſh.*

Friand: m. de: f. *Saucie, lickorous, dainty-mouthed, ſweet-toothed; alſo, delicate, of a pleaſing ſmack, taſt-inticing, delicious in taſt.*

Navire friand à la voile. *A ſhip that ſayles exceeding well; an excellent ſayler.*

Trebuchet friand. *An alluring trap, ſweet poiſon, pleaſing bait.*
De femme volage, & friande en tout temps bon heur nous defende; Prov. *Looke* Femme.

Friandeau: m. *A ſweet-lips. Looke* Friand.

Friandement. *Saucily, lickoriſhly; ſweetly, deliciouſly.*

Friander. *To feed daintily, taſte curiouſly, eat lickoriſhly, picke the beſt morſels out of meat; to love, or to live on, ſweet and daintie acates.*

Friandiſe: f. *Daintineſſe, or lickoriſhneſſe of taſte; a curious choice, or chuſing of meats; alſo, delicious fare; and hence;*
Friandiſes. *Dainties, Jonkets, ſweet meats, curious acates.*
Qui a le nez tourné à la friandiſe. *Said of a light houſewiſe; (belike from the affinitie thats betweene a lickoriſh tongue, and a leacherous taile.)*

Fribours: m. *A kind of counterfeit Doubles; (The Huguenots have alſo beene tearmed ſo by ſuch as accounted them counterfeit ſtuffe.) ¶* Poictevin.

Fric. On ne trouve chez luy ny fracny tric. *There is no proviſion to be got, no entertainment to be had, at his houſe.*

Fricandeaux: m. *Short, skinleſſe, and daintie puddings, or Quelkchoſes, made of good fleſh and herbes chopped together, then rolled up into the forme of Livorings, &c. and ſo boyled.*

Fricaſſe: m. ée: t. *Fried; alſo, ſpent, or ſquandred away.*

Fricaſſée: f. *Any meat fried in a panne; alſo, a kind of charge for a Morter, or murdering peece, of ſtones, bullets, nailes, and peeces of old yron cloſed together with greaſe, and gunpowder.*

Fricaſſer. *To frie; alſo, to ſpend, or ſquander all away.*

Friche. en Friche. *Wild, untilled, ſavage; deſert, neglected, unhusbanded, unmanured.*
Bois en friche. *Wood newly lopt, or cut, and let ſtand untill it be growne up againe.*
Terre delaiſſée en friche. *Land untilled; or once tilled, and afterwards neglected; whereby it becomes overgrowne with ſhrubs, and weeds.*

Friction: f. *A frikkion, or frication; a frigging; rubbing, chafing.*

Frid. *as* Frit.

Fries: f. *The view, or ſooting of a Deere.*

Friez. terres laiſſées en friez. *Looke* Friche.

† Frigaler. *To feed curiouſly, daintily, lickoriſhly; to picke (onely) the beſt morſels out of a peece of meat.*

† Frigaler: m. *A lickorous, or dainty-mouthed youth; a ſlap-ſauce, pick-morſell, ſweet-lips.*

† Frigalleries: f. *Dainties; lickoriſh morſels, luſhious acates.*

Frigoule: f. *The herbe Time.* ¶ Langued.

Friller. *To ſhiver, chatter, or didder for cold.*

Frilleux: m. euſe: f. *Chill, cold of nature.*

Frimas; ou Frimats: m. *A rime, or thicke miſt, which in winter moſt commonly falls, and leaves behind it a whitiſh, or froathie hoare.*
Avelleurs de frimats. *Couſening knaves, idle companions, loytering rogues; alſo, a nickname for Judges; who uſing to riſe, and goe abroad early, ſwallow a great deale of miſt in their dayes.*

Frime. Il n'en fit point de frime. *He ſhewed no paſſing, he ſeemed not to be moved, at it.*

Frime. bled frime. *Cow-wheat, Ox-wheat, black-wheat, horſe-flower.*

Fringant. *Gay, ſpruce, compt, gallant, fine.*

Fringoter. *To quaver, to divide in ſinging; alſo, as* Fringotter.

Fringoteries: f. *Frets; cranklings, wrigled flouriſhings, in carving, &c.*

Fringotter. *To fret; or worke frets in gold, ſilver, &c.*

Fringue. faire la fringue. *To frig, or wantonnize it, &c. as* Fringuer.

Fringuer. *To jet, or brave it; to be fine, ſpruce, trimme, neat; alſo, to minionize, or wantonnize it; and (more particularly) to leacher, or laſciviouſly to frig with the taile, in leachering.*

Fringuereau: m. *A jetter, ſpruce minion, gay fellow, compt youth; alſo, a licentious or laſcivious perſon.*

Fringuerie: f. *A jetting, ſpruceneſſe, trimmeſſe; alſo, leacherie, taile-frigging, ſenſuall wantonneſſe.*

Frinſon *as* Pinſon.

Friolé: m. ée: f. *Conſumed; ravined, devoured (crackingly, or with a noiſe, as ſtubble by the fire.)*

Frioler, *To conſume, ravine, devour, (cracklingly, or with a noiſe, as fire does ſtubble) alſo, to brave it.*

Friolet. *A lickorous boy; or, as* Vn-friand.

Friollet. *as* Frioler.

Fripaillé: m. ée: f. *Foiled, or torne, with wearing, and handling; ragged, or full of jags.*

Fripé: m. ée: f. *as* Frippé.
Veſtments fripez. *Old clothes new trimd, and expoſed unto ſale; Brokers ware, friperie.*

Friperie: f. *A friperie; Brokers ſhop, ſtreet of Brokers, or of Fripiers.*

Fripe-ſauce: m. *A ſnap-ſauce, licke-diſh, lickoriſh fellow:* ¶ Rab.

Fripier: m. *A Fripier, or Broker; a mender, or trimmer, up of old garments, and a ſeller of them ſo mended.*

Fripiére: f. *A woman that ſels, or trimmes up, old garments.*

Fripon: m. *A rag, or tattered clowt; alſo, an unworthie fellow, one that uſeth, or is given to, baſe tricks, and ſhifts; or, one that hath no inclination to any goodneſſe; whence;*
Fripon de College. *A wag, a rakehell; or, one that loves to be gadding abroad when he ſhould be at his booke.*

Frippé: m. ée: f. *Rubbed much; alſo, worne, unto rags (by much rubbing;) alſo, beaten, banged, belammed; ſpoiled, robbed; roughly handled; alſo, as under* Fripé.

Frippe-lippe: m. *A lickoriſh ſlave, a ſaucy companion:* ¶ Rab.

Fripper. *To rub up and downe; to weare unto rags (by often rubbing;) alſo, to beat, bang, belamme, belabour; uſe roughly, deal hardly with, rob, deſpoyle,*

Frippon. *as* Fripon.

Fripponnerie: f. *A baſe ſhift; or ſhifting trick.*

Friquandeaux. *as* Fricandeaux.

Friquenelles: f. *Slender, and ſmall chitterlings, or linkes; (¶* Rab.) *alſo, a raſcall company, or a roguiſh crue of baſe, and rude biſonians; ignorant clownes, ſcoundrels, ſhagrags.*

Friquet: m. *A little ſlice, or ſcummer, to turne fiſh in a frying-pan; alſo, a ſticke of Lickoriſe; alſo, a kind of ſparrow that keepes altogether about Walnut-trees.*

Friquette: f. *A lingell, ſmall ſklice, little ſcummer; alſo, a pretie, nimble, gay, jollie, blithe, laſſe.*

Frire. *To frie.*
Il n'y a que frire. *There is nothing to be had, no good to be done; we have not wherewithall.*
Il n'y a plus que frire. *All is conſumed, waſted, ſpent, gone.*
Il ne luy chaut d'avoir paeſle puis qu'il n'y a plus que frire. *He cares not for that which he cannot uſe; or, he eſteemes not of a thing longer then he hath uſe for it.*

Friſcades. *as* Freſcades; *Freſh aire, coole places, &c.*

Friſe. drap de friſe. *Friſe.*

Friſé: : m ée: f. *Curled, frizled, braided, criſped, ruffled. See* Frizé.

Friſer. *as* Frizer; *Alſo, to cut a ſtroake, at Tennis.*

Friſeure: f. *A Frizling, curling, criſping, ruffling; alſo, as* Frizure.

Friſon: m. *A Dutch tankard; alſo, a man, or horſe, of* Frizeland.

Friſotté: m. ée: t. *Criſped, curled, ruffled in many knots.*

Friſquaire: com. *as* Friſque.

Friſque: com. *Friske, lively, jollie, blithe, briske, fine, ſpruce, gay.*

Friſſement d'un traict. *The whizzing ſound of a flying arrow.*

Friſſon. *A ſhivering, quaking, diddering, through cold, or feare; a trembling, an horror.*

Friſſonnant. *Shivering, ſhrugging, diddering, ſhuddering.*

Friſſonner. *To tremble, quake, ſhrug, ſhiver, didder, ſhudder, earne, through cold, or feare.*

Friſſure: f. *as* Frizure.

Friſure: f. *A light hurt; raſe, or ſcratch; alſo, as* Friſeure.

Frit: m. *A bending, or leaning inwards; (a Maſons tearme.)*

Frit: m. ite: f. *Fried; alſo, waſted, ſpent, conſumed.*
Refine frite. *Drie clarified Roſen.*
Sa part eſt frite de. *He may roaſt all his part thereof upon his finger, or put it into his eye, and neither hurt finger, nor eye.*

Friteau: m. *A Fritter; alſo, as* Fritou.

Fritou; m. *A kind of ſhel-fiſh of a ſpannes length, and ſomewhat like a Mullet.*

Friture: f. *A frying.*

Frivole: com. *Frivolous, vaine, ſleight, idle, triſling, of no value.*

Frivolement. *Frivolouſly, vainely, triflingly, to no purpoſe.*

Frivuſcule: m. *A toy, triſle, wiſle, frivolous matter.*

Frizailles: f. *Friſes, or peices of friſe.*

Frize: f. *The cloth called friſe; alſo, (in Architecture) the broad, and flat band, or member, thats next below the corniſh, or between it, and the Architrave; called alſo by our workemen, the Frize.*

Frizé: m. ée: f. *Frizled, curled, criſped, braided, ruffled; alſo, raſed or grazed along on; touched lightly, paſſed ſlightly over; onely, or but a little, ſcratched.*

Frizer. *To frizle; criſpe; curle (as water blown on by a gentle winde) ruffle, braid; alſo, to touch lightly, or paſſe over ſlightly, the upmoſt part of; to raze, or graze along on; to ſcratch a little.*

Frizer la queuë. *To leacher; or, to wriggle the tayle (in leachering.)*

Frizer les carreaux. *To ſtrike a ball under the line (at Tennis.)*

Frizons. m. *Frizled, or raiſed worke of gold or ſilver wire, &c. alſo, ſtone pots printed.*

Frizoté: m. ée: f. *Frizled, curled, braided.*

Frizoter. *To frizle, curle, braid, ruffle.*

Frizure: f. *A Frizling, &c. as* in Friſeure; *alſo, the raiſed worke which is upon cloth of Gold, or Tiſſue; bodkin worke.*

Froc: m. *as* Frou.

Froc de moine. *A Monks Cowle; or Hood.*

Ietter le froc aux orties. *A Monke to abandon his Order, and profeſſion; (and hence) alſo, to Apoſtatiſe it.*

Frocs. *Common, or void grounds, wayes, places; or as* Fros.

Frodiere. *A coole place; alſo, a deep cave neer unto* Bezançon, *in which there is great ſtore of ice all Summer.*

Frodille. *as* Aphrodille.

Froid: m. *Cold, cooth; coldneſſe, chilneſſe,*

Avoir froid. *To be acold.*

Avoir froid aux pieds. *To be in ill tearms. or ill at eaſe (in eſtate, or minde) to have no liſt (or cauſe) to laugh, or to be merry; alſo to be jealous.*

Barre à froid. *(A metaphor from Smiths) to proceed ſlowly, or goe but ſlackly to worke; to worke a thing out with extreme toyle; or to beſtow much toyle and get but little forward; and hence; alſo, to labour in vaine; alſo, as* Branſler la pique.

Dieu donne le froid ſelon le drap, Pro. *God ſends his cooth according to their cloth; viz. ſuch affections as he knows them able to beare.*

Froid: m. de: f. *Cold, acold, bream, chill, coole, Winter-like; alſo, ſlack, ſlow, remiſſe, backward in proceeding; alſo, fearfull; faint, weake, impuiſſant, that cannot performe nuptiall rites.*

Avoir les pieds froids. *as* Avoir froid aux pieds. *Look* Froid.

Dieu t'en doint vne froide joye. *God ſend thee much ill luck with, or but ſmall joy of it,*

Froidelet: m. ette: f. *Chilly, coldiſh.*

Froidelettement. *Chilly, coldiſhly.*

Froidement. *Coldly, chilly; ſlackly; remiſſly; weakly, faintly.*

Froidilleux. *Chill. See* Frilleux. (v.m.)

Froidure: f. *Coldneſſe; Winter-weather.*

Froidureux: m. euſe: f. *Very chill, very cold.*

Froilon: m. *as* Freſlon; *A Hornet.*

Froiſſé: m. ée: f. *Craſhed, burſt, or broken, in pieces, alſo, cruſhed, quaſhed, bruiſed; alſo, daſhed, knocked, or clattered together.*

Froiſſement: m. *A craſhing, burſting, or breaking in pieces; alſo, a cruſhing, quaſhing, bruiſing; alſo, a daſhing, knocking, or clattering together.*

Froiſſer. *To craſh, burſt, or break in pieces; alſo, to cruſh, quaſh, bruiſe; alſo, to daſh, knock, or clatter together.*

Froiſſer la iachere. *as* Iaſcherer. ¶. Norm.

Froiſſis: m. *as* Froiſſement; *or, A ruſhing, clattering, craſhing, juſtling, buſtling, knocking of armed bodies one againſt another; alſo, fallow ground, plowed lands.*

Le froiſſis des cauſes. *The conflict, or contradictions of adverſe allegations, or pleadings.*

Froiſſure: f. *as* Froiſſement; *or, A craſh, or breach.*

Fromage. *as* Fourmage; *Cheeſe.*

Froment: m. *Wheat; alſo, (any kind of) bread-corne. See* Froument.

Fromentée: f. *Furmenty, or, ſodden wheat.*

Fromentin: m. ine: f. *Of, or belonging to, wheat.*

Pilure fromentine. *A white loaſe. See* Pilure.

Froncé: m. ée: f. *Gathered, plaited, folded; wrinkled, crumpled, frumpled.*

Froncer. *as* Fronſer.

Fronceure: f. *as* Fronſure.

Froncis: m. *A plait, fold, gathering; a wrinkle, or crumple; or as* Fronſure.

Le froncis du ſourcil. *The knitting of the eyebrowes.*

Froncle: m. *The hot, and hard bumpe, or ſwelling, tearmed, a Fellon, or uncome.*

Fronde. *A ſling, or engine wherewith ſtones are caſt; alſo, a (green, or leavy) branch, or bough.*

Frondé: m. ée: f. *Caſt, hurled, or flung from a ſling.*

Frondelée: f. *The caſt or ſhot of, (alſo,) a rap, or blow from, a ſling.*

D'vne meſme frondelée. *At once; at one jert, or aſſay, with one ſtone.*

Frondelet: m. *A baked-meat ſomewhat reſembling a Flawne.*

Fronder. *To caſt, hurle, or throw out of a ſling.*

Frondillon. *read* Fondrillon; *A bottome to wind ſilk, thread, yarn, &c. on.* ¶ Rab.

Frondoyer. *To branch; to yield, or bring forth leaves, or leaved branches.*

Fronsé. *as* Froncé.

Fronſer. *To gather; plait, fold, wrinkle, crumple, frumple.*

Fronſer la bouche. *To twinge the mouth in, or draw the mouth cloſe together.*

Fronſer le front. *To frowne, or knit the browes.*

Fronſure: f. *A gathering, wrinkling, frumpling; frowning.*

Front: m. *The forehead; the brow; the front, or forepart of a thing.*

Baiſſer le front. *To humble, or ſubmit himſelfe; to bow downe the head in ſigne of humility, or of ſubmiſſion.*

Eſchauffer le front à. *To nettle, warme, chafe, ſet in a heat, put in an anger.*

Qui a le front rompu. *as* Effronté; *or, an impudent fellow.*

Frontal: m. *A frontlet; or forehead-band; alſo, a medicine applied to the forehead to provoke ſleep, or eaſe paine.*

Le frontal. *The torture of tying a cord about the forehead, and wreſting it untill the eyes be ready to ſtart out.*

Frontal: m. ale: f. *Of the forehead; belonging to the forehead.*

Apparence frontal. *An open face, cleere countenance, unwrinkled forehead.*

Os frontal. *The forehead bone.*

Veine frontale, ou du front. *Look* Veine.

Fronteau: m. *A fillet, frontlet; forehead-cloth; alſo, the forepart of a cart, or tumbrell.*

Fronteau d'vne porte. *The hauſe of a doore,*

Fronteau volant. *The ſight, or viſer of an helmet.*

Frontiere: f. *The frontier, marches, or border of a country.*

Frontiere d'vne bride. *The fronſtall, or headſtall of a bridle.*

Frontiger. *To front, or accoaſt; alſo, to reſt, or dwell on the frontiers of.*

Frontiſpice: m. *The frontiſpice, or forefront, of a houſe, &c.*

Frontoyant. *Fronting, affronting, neer unto a front.*

Frontoyer. *To front, affront, be neere unto a front.*

Froqueur: m. *A mender of highwayes.* ¶ Pic.

Fros: m. *Flouds, rivers, meares, ponds, ſprings; all kind of common waters; or, as* Frocs. ¶ Pic.

Frotis: m. *A common place, or void ground in a towne; (an old word.)*

Frotte: f. *as* Frete.

Frotté: m. ée: f. *Rubbed, fretted, chafed; alſo, bathed; alſo, lambd, thwacked, baſted, beaten.*

Frotte-botte. *A baſe drudge, boot-rubber, maker of boots cleane.*

Frottée: f. *as* Frottement.

Frottement: m. *A chafing, rubbing, fretting; a lamming, thwacking, ſwindging.*

Froter. *To rub; to chafe; to fret, or grate againſt; alſo, to bathe; alſo, to cudgell, thwack, baſte, or knock ſoundly.*

Se frotter le culau panicaut. *To doe vaine, or idle things; to ſpend the time in trifles; or in lazie, and unpoſitable exerciſes.*

Frotter leur lard enſemble. *To coape, grapple, cloſe, or ſcuffle together; alſo, to leacher it.*

Frotter à quelqu'vn ſon lard. *To bethwack one ſoundly.*

Il ne s'y fait pas bon frotter. *It is not good medling with it; the matter is ſomewhat too hot for our handling; (of which ſence is;)*

Ne t'y frotte pas. *(Said by way of adviſe unto one that meanes to quarrell with a man of more ſtrength, and better means, then himſelf) meddle not with him.*

Se fier en vne fille? Allez vous y frotter. *Truſt a maid? not I; you may if you will: Or, (becauſe* Frotter *hath, in this phraſe, a double ſignification) thus; Rely on a maid? not I; you may lie on her if you will.*

On frotte tant le fer qu'à la fin il s'eſchauffe Prov; *Cold humours may at length be urged unto choller.*

Frottis: m. *as* Frottement.

Frottoir: m. *A rubbing, or friction; alſo, a rubber, a rubbing cloth.*

Frou. *A publique, and common place, free for every man to reſort unto, or make uſe of; hence, a waſte ground, highway, &c.* ¶ Pic.

Frouelle. *An agnell, pinne, or warnell in the the.*

Frouër. *To crumme, crumble, breake ſmall.*

Froument : m. *Wheat; alſo, any kind of bread-corne.*

Froument quoüé *A ſoft, hairie, earie, or ſpikie flower, ſhaped like a Foxes taile, and therefore called Foxtaile.*

Quiers tu meilleur pain que de froument ? Prov. *(A taxation of over-much curioſitie, or daintineſſe) would you have better bread then's made of wheat.*

Froumenté. *A kind of ſweet, and pleaſing white grape.*

Froumentée : f. *Furmentie; wheat boyled; pottage of wheat; or, as* Frumentée.

Froumenteux : m. euſe : f. *Wheatie; full of, or abounding with, wheat.*

Froyé : m. ée : f. *Rubbed, grated upon; fretted, raſed, much worne by much rubbing; or, as* Frayé.

Froyement : m. *A rubbing; or often hitting againſt; See* Frayement.

Froyer : m. *A rubber; alſo, a raſpe.*

Froyer. *To rub; fret, raſe, grate upon; hit, or ſmite often one againſt another. See* Frayer.

Fructifier. *To fructifie; to increaſe, or abound with fruit; to beare fruit.*

Iamais grain ne fructifie ſi premier ne ſe mortifie ; Prov. *See* Grain.

Fructueux : m. euſe : f. *Fruitfull; copious, plentifull, commodious.*

Fructuoſité : f. *Fruitfulneſſe; plentie, ſtore, aboundance, of fruit.*

Fructure : f. *The fructure, uſe, fruition, poſſeſſion, or enjoyment of.*

Frugal : m. ale : f. *Frugall, thriftie, ſparing, provident, neere, temperate in expence.*

Frugalement. *Frugally, thriftily, ſparingly, ſavingly.*

Frugalité : f. *Frugalitie, thriftineſſe, good husbandrie, ſparing, ſaving, moderate or ſmall expence.*

Fruict : m. *Fruit (of the earth, trees, plants; females; our actions;) returne, or increaſe, of profit made, in time, out of the things one hath, or doth; or, as in;*

Fruicts. *All the revenew, or commoditie raiſed out of a thing (whether it be movable or immovable) or received by the occaſion, or means thereof.*

Fruicts civils. *Looke* Civil.

Fruicts naturels. *Are ſuch as come only by the nature of a thing, or both by nature, and culture; as pears, apples, hay, corne, &c.*

Faire les fruicts ſiens. *To applie unto his owne uſe, or to enjoy in his owne right, the profits of land forfeited unto him.*

Fruictier : m. *A fruiterer, fruit-ſeller, Coſtermunger; alſo, an Orchard, or ground wherein fruit growes.*

Fruictier : m. ere : f. *Fruit-bearing, yeelding fruit; alſo, full of, ſtored with, abounding in, fruit.*

Fruictiere : f. *A fruit-wife, or woman that ſelleth fruits.*

Fruïr. *To injoy, hold, have; take the profit, keepe the poſſeſſion, make a continuall uſe, of.*

Fruitage : m. *Fruitage, fruits.*

Fruiterie : f. *A fruitterie; or place to keepe Fruit in.*

Fruition : f. *Fruition, enjoying; uſe, or poſſeſſion of a thing.*

Frumentau. *The wild Mulberie; (a low ſhrub.)*

Frumenteau. *A kind of white vine.*

Frumentée : f. *Furmentie; or wheat ſteeped in water; then pilled, or skinned; then dried in the Sunne; then ground a very little, as oatmeale, and reſerved for pottage, Panadoes, &c.*

Frumentelle. *A certaine peare good to be dried; and dried, continuing longer then any other.*

Fruſtration. *A fruſtration, defrauding, deceiving, diſappointing, beguiling of an expectation.*

Fruſtratoire : com. *Fruſtratorie, fruſtrating, diſappointing, deceiving; alſo, void, vaine, idle, fruſtrate, of no force, to no purpoſe.*

Fruſtratoirement. *Voidly, in vaine, with no effect, unto no purpoſe.*

Fruſtré : m. ée : f. *Diſappointed, fruſtrated; put by; deceived, beguiled.*

Fruſtrer. *To diſappoint, fruſtrate, put by, make looſe; deceive, defraud, beguile the expectation, or hopes of.*

Fryez : m. *The view, or footing of a Deere.*

Fuchiere. *as* Feuchiere.

Fueillade : f. *a greene arbor, or bower; a ſhadie place under trees; alſo, the ſhadow of leaves, or of leavie trees.*

Fueillage : m. *Branched worke, in Painting, or in Tapiſtrie.*

Ce menſonge eſt mal à couvert ſous ce fueillage. *A lie is but ill countenanced by ſuch pretexts; theſe colours are not ſufficient to cover an untruth.*

Fueillame : m. *A bunch of leaves.*

Fueillans : m. *An order of begging Friers that weare habits of a brownish colour.*

Fueillar : m. *A greene, or leavie braunch, or bough of a tree; alſo, a cloſe theefe, pilferer, night robber.*

Fueille : f. *A leafe (of an herb, or tree,) alſo, a ſheet, or leafe, of paper; alſo, a flaw in yron-worke; alſo, the foyle of precious ſtones; or looking-glaſſes; and hence; a grace, beautie, or gloſſe given unto; a colour, pretence, or excuſe made for, a matter.*

Fueille d'vn eſpée. *The blade of a ſword.*

Fueille d'Inde. *An Aromaticall leafe, that (as ſome hold) ſwimmes on pooles, and ditches, without any apparent root; yet Gerard ſayes, it is the leafe of a great tree, which growes in* Arabia, *and* Cambaia, *farre from any water, and calls it* Tamalapatra, Tembul, *and* Malabathrum.

Fueille de poulmon. *A Lobe of the lungs; whence;* Il ne ſçait de quelle fueille de poulmon reſpirer. *He knowes not what to doe, whether to betake him, how to behave himſelfe; he is even ready to go hang himſelfe.*

Fueilles de ſcie. *The teeth of a ſaw; in Blazon, a feſſe indented.*

Vin de deux fueilles. *Wine that is two yeares old.*

Bourſe liée avec fueilles de porreaux. *Thats ready, or eaſie to be opened.*

Porter des fueilles au bois. *To preſent gifts to the rich, or beſtow things on thoſe that have already as much as they can uſe.*

Les mauldiſſons ſont fueilles qui les ſeme les recueille; Pro. *Thoſe that curſe often ſhall accurſed be.*

Qui a peur des fueilles ne doit aller au bois; Prov. *(like our) let him that feares the wagging of feathers keep from among wildfowle.*

Qui ſe garde deſſous la fueille deux fois ſe mouille; Pro. *He's doubly wet that ſhrowds him under trees.*

Telle racine telle fueille; Prov. *We ſay; ſuch as the tree, ſuch is the fruit.*

Fueillée : f. *as* Fueillade } *An arbor, or bower, framed of leavie plants, or branches; a greene arbor.*

Fueiller. *To leafe, or leavie, to beare, or bring forth leaves; to wax green with leaves.*

Fueillet : m. *A leafe (of a booke.)*

Fueilleté : m. ée : f. *Leaved; alſo, looked, or turned over; as the leaves of a booke; ſeriouſly peruſed, throughly examined, ſtudied hard, read much upon.*

Gasteau fueilleté. *A cake of puff-paſt.*

Fueilleter. *To turne, or looke over, the leaves of a booke; to peruſe, examine, ſtudie hard, read much on, bookes.*

Fueillette : f. *A wine veſſell, or meaſure containing about eleven and a halfe of our gallons.*

Fueillette d'Avignon. *Is ſomewhat bigger then the demie* Seſtier *of Paris.*

Fueilletter. *as* Fueilleter.

Fueilleux : m. euſe : f. *Leavie, full of leaves.*

Fueillir. *as* Fueiller.

Fueillu : m. *A kind of round, red, and very ſweet apple.*

Fueillu marin. *Sea-weed, Sea-moſſe, Lungwort, Oiſter-greene; a broad-leaved herbe.*

Fueillu : m. uë : f. *Leavie, full of leaves.*

Vent fueillu. *A weſterly winde.*

Fueillure : f. *Leavineſſe; alſo, leaves; alſo, leafe-worke, or a leavie flouriſhing.*

Fugitif : m. ive : f. *Fugitive; gadding, flitting, runne-away, runnagate, quickly gone, of no continuance of no ſure abiding, of no certaine ſtay; inconſtant, giddie, fickle; (alſo) full of evaſions.*

Fugue : f. *A chace, or report of Muſick, like two, or more parts in one.*

Fuir. *To flie, eſcape, runne faſt, ſcowſe, ſcud, or ſlip away; to ſhow a faire pair of heels; alſo, to ſhun, avoid, eſchew, refuſe to deale with; alſo, to flinch, dally, delay, excuſe, put or ſhift off, uſe evaſions.*

Remede contre la peſte par art, fuir toſt, & loing, retourner tard ; Prov. *According to the Latin,* Citò, longè, tardè.

Fuirolles. *Fire-drakes, or, as* Furoles.

Fuite : f. *A flight, eſcape, flip, running away, a ſhunning, avoiding; evaſion, ſhift, excuſe, delay.*

Sans eſtre pourſuyvi le meſchant prend la fuite; Prov. *Selfe-guilt (if nothing elſe) makes ſinners flie.*

Fuitif. *as* Fugitif.

Fulci : m. ie : f. *Supported, underſet, upheld, underpropped, ſuſtained; fortified.*

Fulcir. *To underſet, underprop; ſupport, ſuſtaine, uphold, ſtay, fortifie.*

Fuligine : f. *Soot, ſootineſſe, smokineſſe.*

Fuligineux. m. euſe : f. *Sootie, blacke, smokie.*

Fulmination: f. *A thunder-striking.*
Fulminatoire: com. *Fulminatory; thundering, lightning; destroying, terrible.*
Fulminer. *To thunder, lighten, strike with thunder, blast with lightning; to storme, rage, take on like a Deuill.*
Fumage: m. *A dunging, manuring, fatning with dung.*
Fumar: m. *Ray, or Scate-fish.* ¶ Lang.
Fumé: m. ée: f. *Dunged, manured, fatned with dung; also, fumed, smoaked; evaporated; besmoaked; hung, or dried in the smoake.*
Fumeau: m. *A brand, or smoaking stick.*
Fumée: f. *Smoake; fume, reeke, steame; a vapor, an exhalation.*
Fumée des Peintres. *Painters soot, or black; got in glasse-houses, and vsed also by Clothworkers.*
Fumées: f. *The dung, or excrements of Deer, called by woodmen, fewmets, or fewmishing.*
Fumées en plateaux. *Flat gratishing, or fewmishing.*
Fumelle. See Femelle.
Fumement: m. *A dunging, or manuring of the earth; also, a smoaking, fuming, reeking; a hanging, besmoaking, or hanging in the smoake.*
Fumer. *To smoake, reek; fume; evaporate; bleare, besmoake; hang, or drie in the smoake; also, to dung, manure; fatten with dung.*
Fumeron. *A little dung-hill, a small heap of dung.*
Fume-terre: f. *The herb Fumitory.*
Fumeusement. *Smoakily, fumingly, reekingly.*
Fumeux: m. euse: f. *Smoaky, fumy, reeking; also, hot, fumish, choleric.*
Fumier: m. *A mexen, dung-hill, heape of dung.*
Relevé du fumier. *Raised from a dung-hill; of a late Clowne became a lame Gentleman.*
Chien sur son fumier est hardi; Prov. *We say the same of a cock.*
Pluye de Fevrier vaut egout de fumier; Prov. *We say, Aprill showres bring in May flowres.*
Fumier. *Of dung; as* Estable fumiere; *a stable full of dung.*
Fumieres: f. *as* Fumées.
Fumigacion: f. *Fumigation; a smoaking, or perfuming with smoake.*
Funain. mettre vn navire en funain. *To moore a ship, or tie her under a lee shore.*
Funambule: m. *A Tumbler that walketh, and doth tricks upon a rope.*
Function: f. *A function; a charge, or office exercised, or executed.*
Fundigue. *A ware-house, or store-house.*
Fundique. *as* Fundigue.
Funebre: com. *Funerall; mourning, deadly, or dolefull; done at, or belonging vnto, funerals.*
Honneurs funebres. *Look* Honneur.
Funebrement. *Mourningly; dolefully; in manner, or after the fashion, of a funerall.*
Funerailles: f. *Funerals, burials.*
Funeste: com. *Mournfull; deadly, mortall; vnluckie; lamentable, abhominable, detestable.*
Funge: m. *A mushrome, or toad-stoole.*
Fungosité: f. *Spunginesse; hollownesse, thinnesse, lightnesse.*
Fungueux: m. euse: f. *Hollow, spungie; thinne, light; mushrome-like; full of mushromes.*
† Fur. au fur de. *Proportionably, according to, after the rate of.*
Furain. *Look* Funain.
Furas. *Instead of* Faras ¶ Rab.
Furculaire. Os furculaires. *The points of the forepart of the shoulders meeting a little below the neck.*
† Furemplage. au furemplage de. *Proportionably, according to, after the rate of.*
Furet: m. *A ferret.*
Fureté: m. ée: f. *Ferreted; searched, hunted, boulted out; narrowly pried, neerly spied into.*
Fureter. *To ferret; search, hunt, boult out; prie, looke, spie narrowly into every corner of.*
Fureteur: m. *A ferreter, searcher; prier, spier.*
Fureur: f. *Fury, rage, madnesse; fiercenesse, outragiousnesse; extreme wrath, anger, impatiencie.*
Furfuré: m. ée: f. *Branny, scaly like bran.*
Furfures. *Dandrisse; the scurfe, or scales which fall from the head in combing.*
Furgon. *See* Fourgon.
Furial: m. ale: f. *Raging, furious, fury-like; horrible, outragious.*
Furibond: m. de: f. *Wood, madde, raging, furious.*
Furie: f. *Fury, madnesse, frenzie, woodnesse.*
Furies. *The furies of hell.*
Furieusement. *Furiously, madly, ragingly, woodly, wrathfully, bedlam-like.*
Furieux: m. euse: f. *Furious, raging, most impatient, frantick, madde, wood, brainsick, outragious.*
Furiole. *See* Furole.
† Furlucqué: m. ée: f. *Searched, ferreted, hunted out.*
Furole: f. *A little blaze of fire appearing by night on the tops of Souldiers launces, or at sea on the saile-yards, where it whirles, and leapes in a moment from one place to another; some Mariners call it S. Hermes fire; if it come double 'tis held a signe of good luck, if single, otherwise.*
Furt: m. *A robbing, theft, stealth, filching, purloyning, pilfering.*
Furtif: m. ue: f. *Filching, theeuish, felonious; also, nimbled, pilfered, imbezelled, stollen, conveyed away.*
Furtivement. *Theeuishly, feloniously, filchingly, by stealth; privily, closely, vnderhand; at vnawares.*
Furuncule: m. *A felon, or whitlaw.*
Fusain. *Spindle-tree, Pricke-wood, Prickle-timber.*
Fusé: m. ée: f. *Dissolued, melted; spred, scattered.*
Chaux fusée. *Slaked, or sluckt lime.*
Fuseau: m. *A spindle; or spoole; also, as* Fusée; *also, a stick to set Acornes with; also, (in cases of succession) the feminine line.*
Fuseau des champs. *Wild bastard Saffron.*
Demesler vn fuseau. *To handle, manage, deale in; or, to debate; impester, dispatch, rid away, a businesse.*
Ie sçay bien avec lequel i'ay à demesler ce fuseau. *I know well enough whom I have to doe with in this businesse.*
Le fuseau doit suyvre le gorreau; Pro. *while the husband labours abroad the wife must not idle it at home; or, a wife is to follow her husband in what course of his fortune soever.*
Fusée: f. *A spoole-full, or spindle-full, of thread, yarne, &c. also, a squib; also, as* Fuzée.
Fusée avec ses pesons; *as* Astragale; *because commonly the worke on it resembles many spooles and werbles threaded, or joyned together.*
Cela meslera nos fusées. *That will jumble, confound, or make alike, our imployments, causes, occasions.*
Recherchons le bout de nostre fusée. *Let us returne vnto our matter.*
Il en sçait toute la fusée. *He is acquainted with the whole matter, he knowes it all from the one end to the other.*
Commencement n'est pas fusée; Prov. *He hath not done, that hath begunne, a businesse.*
Sur petit commencement on fait grande fusée; Prov. *Great mischiefes often have but small beginnings.*
Pour devider la fusée il faut trouver le bout du fil; Prov. *Look* Devider.
Fuselé: m. ée: f. *Spunne upon a spindle, or spoole; also, made like a spindle, or spoole.*
Fuselier: m. *A spindle-maker, a maker of spooles.*
Fusible: com. *Fusible; meltable, which may be melted.*
Fusier. *as* Fusain; *Spindle-tree.*
Fusil: m. *A fire-steele for a tinder-box; also, the steele wherewith a Butcher whets his knives.*
Pierre à fusil. *A flint-stone.*
Fusiller. *as* Fureter. *To search, or ferret every corner of.*
Fusque: com. *Duskie, brown, dark, swart, tawny, of a Moors hew.*
Fust: m. *Any staffe, stake, stacke, stumpe, trunk, or log (that's headlesse; or, vnderstood without its head) hence, the staffe of a speare; the steale of a dart, or javelin; also, the frame, or carriage of a piece of Ordnance; also, the great beam of a wine-presse; also, sustinesse.*
Fust de selle. *The tree of a saddle.*
Aulner fust à fust. *To give hard, strait, or scant measure, where ell is laid close unto ell.*
Livrement de fust, & terre. *A forme of Liverie and seisin vsed in some parts of France.*
Mettre le doigt entre le fust, & l'escorce. *Busily to meddle with, or take notice of, the differences which are between private, or neer friends.*
Fustaille: f. *Caske; vessels for wine.*
Fustaillier: m. *A Cooper, or Caske-maker.*
Fustaine: f. *Fustian.*
Fustaine frangée. *Tufted fustian in fringelike rewes; therein differing from* Fustaine boupée; *which is tufted all over.*
Fustaine à grain d'orge. *Bustian.*
Fustaine boupée, ou mouschetée. *Tufted fustian; a coarse fustian-like fluffe that's tufted all over.*

Fustai-

Fuſtainier : m. ere : f. *Of fuſtian, belonging unto fuſtian.*

Fuſtaye. *A wood, or forreſt of high trees; and hence';*

Bois de haute fuſtaye. *Great trees, high trees; properly ſuch, as have not been cut, nor lopt of (at the leaſt) 30 yeares, or as ſome affirme of 100 yeares, for no leſſe time ſerves to make of a copſe,* vn Bois de haute, ou bonne fuſtaye.

Vne choſe de haute fuſtaye. *A gallant, ſtately, lofty, worthy, notable, thing.*

Fuſte : f. *A foiſt; a light gally that hath about 16, or 18, oares on a ſide, and two rowers to an oare; alſo, caske; any veſſell, or peece, for wine; as a Pipe, Hogshead, &c.*

Fuſte de ſelle. *The tree of a ſaddle.*

Fuſté : m. ée : f. *Fuſty; taſting of the caske, ſmelling of the veſſell, wherein it hath been kept; alſo, ſtocked, brambleſſe, without boughes, as a tree; alſo, rifled, ranſacked, unfurniſhed by violence of all it had, or held.*

Fuſtée: f. Bois de fuſtée. *Brambleſſe wood; naked, or powled trees.*

Fuſter. *To ſtocke a tree; to cut off, or bare it of, it branches; alſo, to ravage, ranſake, rifle, carry away by violence all thats in a place.*

Fuſterne : f. *The upper part of a Firre tree, full of ioints, or knots.*

Fuſtier. *Any Artificer that workes in wood; as a Carpenter, Joyner, &c.*

Fuſtigation : f. *A whipping, ſcourging, breeching; alſo, a lamming, thwacking, baſting with a cudgell.*

Fuſtiger. *As* Fuſtiguer.

Fuſtigué : m. ée : f. *Whipped, laſhed, ſcourged, breeched; alſo, cudgelled, lammed, curried, baſted, bethwacked.*

Fuſtiguer. *To whip; ſcourge, laſh, breech; alſo, to cudgell, belabour, curry, lamme.*

Futile : com. *Light, vaine, unprofitable, fooliſh.*

Futur : m. ure : f. *Future, ſucceeding, hereafter, to come.*

Examen à futur. *Looke* Examen.

Fuy : m. ye : f. *Fled, eſcaped, gone, evaded, ſlipt aſide, run away.*

Tous les priſonniers s'en ſont fuys de ſa bourſe. *All the priſoners are gone out of his purſe; viz. he is purſe pennileſſe, or he hath not a penny left him.*

Fuyant. *Flying, eſcaping, evading, got away; ſhunning, avoiding, eſchewing; excuſing, delaying; loathing, loth to deale with; alſo, momentary, of ſmall continuance, quickly paſt, ſoone gone.*

Fuyard : m. *A kind of Stock-dove.*

Fuyard : m. *A coward, a flyer, a runaway; alſo, a ſhunner of companie; alſo, a baulter, ſtincher, delayer, ſhifter, one that draweth backe when a matter comes to an upſhot, or to the pinch, and point of triall.*

Fuyard : m. de : f. *Momentarie, ſoone gone, ſlitting, running, paſſing away; alſo, cowardly flying, running away for feare; whence;*

Fuyard en lievre. *Scudding away like a Hare (with dogs at her heeles;) or gone upon the firſt, or leaſt, apprehenſion of danger.*

Fuye : f. *A Pigeon-houſe; alſo, a flight of Pigeons.*

Fuyeur : m. *A flyer, coward, runaway; runner; ſtincher.*

Fuzain: m. *Spindle tree, Prick-wood, Prick-timber.*

Fuzé : m. ée : f. *as* Fuſé.

Fuzée : f. *as* Fuſée; *alſo, the barrell, or the axletree of a Crane,*

Fuzelier : m. *A Spindle-maker.*

Fuzil : m. *as* Fuſil.

Fy. *as* Foy; *Faith.* ℣ Pic. Par ma fy. *By my fecke.*

Fy. (Interject.) *Fye, away, fye away, fye fye, out upon it.*

Maiſtre fy ly. *A Dung farmer, Gold-finder, ſeyer of Privies.*

Fy d'avoir qui n'a ioye, & d'amours ſans monnoye; Pro. *Fy upon meanes without mirth, and a miſtreſſe without money.*

Fy de ieuneſſe, & de beauté deſgarnie d'humilité; Prov. *Fye upon youth, and beauty devoid of humility.*

Fy de manteau quand il fait beau; Prov. *Fye upon a cloake in faire weather.*

Fy de plaiſirs, d'eſtats, & d'or, qui de vertu n'a le threſor; Prov. *Out upon honour, wealth, and pleaſure, which of vertue want the treaſure.*

Fy de ſcience, & d'art, qui en raiſon n'a part; Prov. *Fye on Knowledge, and on art, which in reaſon have no part.*

G

GAban : m. *A cloake of Felt for rainy weather; a Gabardine.*

Gabanlee : m. *A maker of ſuch Cloakes, or Gabardines.*

Gabarre : f. *A Lighter; the boat whereby ſhips are loaden, and unloaden.*

Gabarrier : m. *A Lighter-man.*

Gabellage : m. *A cuſtoming; an impoſing, or paying of cuſtome.*

Gabelle : f. (*Any kind of*) *impoſt, impoſition, or cuſtome; eſpecially that which is payed unto the King upon ſale of ſalt; and hence;*

Gabelle de ſel. *The Impoſt of ſalt; firſt begun by* Philip *the* Long, *who took for it a* Double (ij d. Tour:) *upon the pound; after whom* Philip de Valois *doubled that; and* Charles *the ſeventh raiſed it unto* vj. d. *which was doubled by* Lewis *the eleventh; ſince whoſe time it hath been altered, from ſo much upon the pound, unto a rate upon every* Muid; *as uncertaine as the former (being ſometimes 30 pound, ſometimes 44 pound, and ſometimes 45 pound) and riſing, or falling, as the will and pleaſure of the Prince.*

Gabelle de Tonnieu. *A certaine Impoſt taken by the Duke of* Buillon *upon every Tun, and Hogshead of wine tranſported, or ſold by Great.*

Gabellé: m. ée: f. *Cuſtomed for; on which an impoſt is layed.*

Gabeller. *To pay cuſtome for; alſo, to impoſe a cuſtome, lay an impoſt, on.*

Gabellier : m. *A levier, or gatherer of, Impoſt.*

Gabeloux : m. *A ſcoffing knave, gibing merchant; cogging companion.*

Gaber. *To mocke, flout, ride; cog with; to gull, cheat, coſen, fetch over.*

Gaberies : f. *Mocks, flouts; tales, fibs, ſoiſts, gleeks, gudgeons, gulleries.*

Gabes. *as* Gaberies.

Gabet : m. *A white leaper; ſo called about* Bourdeaux.

Gabeur : m. *A mocker, flouter; cogger, ſoiſter; cheater, coſener; ſeller of bargaines.*

Gabegregeux : m. *Rogues, varlets, raſcals, ſcoundrels, baſe fellowes.*

Gabian. *as* Gavian.

Gabie : f. *The upper part of a maſt whereto the ſhrouds are faſtened; the head of the Maſt.*

Gabinet : m. *A Cabinet.*

Gablon : m. *A gabion; a defence for Canoniers, made of great baskets filled with earth.*

Gablonnade : f. *A ranke, or defence of gabions.*

Gablonné : m. ée : f. *Gabioned; fenced, or fortified with gabions.*

Gablonner. *To defend, or fortifie with gabions; to make a defence of gabions.*

Gabors : m. *The ribs, or Knees of a Ship.*

Gabot : m. *A white leaper; as* Caliuet; *alſo a red fiſh, or Gurnard; alſo, as* Gavot.

Gaboux : m. ouſe : f. *Full of ſcoffs, mocks, jeſts, deriſions, ſcoffs.*

Gache. *as* Gaſche.

Gacher. *as* Gaſcher; *alſo, to ſpoil, or ſurfet on.*

Gachis : m. *A daſhing, or waſhing of water; alſo, the ſtroake of an Oare, or noiſe which it makes in rowing.*

Gades : f. *Red Gooſeberries, beyond-ſea Gooſeberries, baſtard Currans, common Ribes.*

Gadille. *as* Gadrille.

Gadiller. *To paddle; jog, or ſtirre up and downe.*

Gadouard: m. *A gold-finder, Jakes-farmer, ſeyer of Privies; alſo, a Scavinger.*

Gadoué : f. *Dung, filth; donge, ordure.*

La charrette de la gadoué. *A common Dung-cart; or Scavingers Carre.*

Gadriers. *as* Gades. *Red Gooſeberries.*

Gadrille : f. *The little bird called a Robin-red-breaſt.*

Gadtiller. *(A wench) to rauny, or play the rig.*

Gadrouillette : f. *A whim, gigle, flirt, fillet, Gixie, (a feigned word, applyable to any ſuch cattle.)*

Gaffe: f. *An iron hooke wherewith fiſhers pull great fiſhes into their ſhips.*

Gagate : f. *The blacke ſtone called, Jet.*

Gage : m. *A gage, pawne, pledge; alſo, a wager; and a ſtake at play; alſo, a guerdon, reward, or ſalary; alſo, a diſtreſſe, or moveable taken for a diſtreſſe.*

Gages. Plural. *Wages, hire, ſtipend, intertainment; alſo, goods taken by a Sergeant upon an Execution.*

Gage de bataille, ou de combat. *A gage, or pledge (and moſt commonly, a glove, or gantlet) throwne downe by one that offers, or undertakes, to fight with another.*

Amende de gage. *Looke* Amende.

Clameur de gage pleige. C'eſt vne Action proprietaire, & poſſeſſoire enſemble; quand aucun ſe doute qu'autre face entrepriſe ſur ſaiſine poſſeſſoire, ou droicture à luy appartenant.

Gages

Gagé : m. ée ; f. *Gaged, pledged, pawned; also, taken to pledge, or in pawne ; also, betted, or layed, as a wager ; also, waged, or battell ; also, distrained, or taken as a distresse.*

Gagement : m. *A gaging, pawning, impledging ; also, a betting, or laying ; also, a waging of battell ; also, a distraining, or taking as a distresse ; also, the obligation, assurance, or pawne of an obliged debtors goods.*

Gage-mort : m. *as* Mortgage ; *also, the pawne, or fee, given for the delivery of beasts found Damage-fesant.*

Gager : m. *as* Gaiger.

Gager. *To gage, or ingage, to pledge, or lay to pawne ; also, to take in pawne ; also, to bet, or lay a wager ; also, to wage battell ; also, to distraine, take a distresse, or take as a distresse.*

Gager l'amende. *To discharge, or pay the amercement.*

Gager personnes en son domaine. *To arrest their bodies, or seise upon, as a pawne, somewhat about them.*

Gager le rachapt. *To pay, or offer to pay it downe.*

Gagerie : f. *A distraining ; a distresse ; or, as* Gagement.

Gargerie de rachapt. *as in* Gager.

Simple gagerie. *A distraining, without carrying away the distresse.*

Gages. *A kind of artificiall stone (made of Bitumen) the smoake whereof drives away Serpents.* (*Looke under* Gage.)

Gageure : f. *A wager ; also, a reall and actuall offer.*

Gagier : m. *An hireling, or stipendary ; one that hath, or taketh, wages.*

Gagnole : f. *A little, long, small-eyed, and lesse-mouthed fish, covered, in stead of scales, with a hard, and crusty skin ; Some hold it to be a kind of Hornebeake.*

Gagrille : f. *The Robin-read-breast.*

Gahets. *A generation of poore, irreligious, and very laborious leapers, in* Gascoigne.

Gai. *as* Gay ; *Merry, jocund, buxome, blithe.*

Gaian : m. *A fish (and by Gesners description, the ninth kind of the fish* Turdus) *not much unlike a Pearch, and of colour in some parts yellow, in others, greene ; only it hath a white line running along from the gils to the taile ; some also call so, the fish* Auriol.

Gaideropo. *The unsavory, or ill-tasting oyster, termed in Latin,* Spondylus.

Gaige-plege. *A kind of jurisdiction, or Court, in* Normandy, *Wherein the parties must bind themselves by pawnes, or sureties, to continue, or make good, their suites.*

Gaiger : m. *A Church-warden, or overseer of a particular Churches businesses.*

Gaignable : com. *Getiable, winnable, gainable ; to be got ; available, commodious, profitable.*

Terres gaignables. *Rich, or fruitfull ground ; arable grounds that yeeld much, or are of great, increase.*

Gaignage : m. *The Crop, or fruits of tilled, or planted grounds ; the gaine, revenue, profit, or increase thereof ; also, a Ground, Coast, or Country, wherein there growes plenty of corne, and herbs ; a fruitfull Plot, or Place ; also, a Farme (so termed by the inhabitants of* Champaigne ;) *also, a kind of graine.*

Gaignages. (*Hunters tearme so*) *all kind of corne grounds, and gardens, wherein there grow no trees.*)

Bon gaignage fait bon potage ; Prov. *Fruitfull crops yeeld fattening sops ; or, good herbs good pottage yeeld.*

† Gaignaux. Prez gaignaux. *Fertile medowes, which yeeld a double crop, or may be twice mowed.*

Gaigne : f. *Gaine, profit, increase, commings in ; or, as* Gaignage *in the first sence.*

Gaigne coustumiere. *The part, or portion of goods whereunto, by custome, the survivor of a maried couple succeeds.*

Gaigné : m. ée : f. *Gained, won, procured, gotten.*

Ie te le donne gaigné. *I grant it, I yeeld it thee ; I confesse thee thy action ; I give thee the bucklers.*

Il a bien gaigné la mort. *He hath well deserved to dye.*

Sans l'avoir gaigné. *Without cause, without desert.*

Gaigneau. Pré gaigneau. *as* Gaignau. ¶ Poictevin.

Gaigne-denier. *A Porter ; or a day-Labourer ; who, in old time, took for his daies worke but a* Denier ; (*but then it was of silver, and worth v.d. sterl.*)

Gaigne-journée. *A Labourer by the day.*

Gaigne-pain. *as* Gaigne-denier ; (*and hence,* Vn bon gaigne-pain. *A painfull Labourer, a thrifty, and provident workman ;*) *also, the trade, art, exercise, occupation, or meanes, whereby one gets his living ; and thence will the French souldier tearme oft times his Sword, and sometimes his Harquebuse,* Son Gaigne-pain.

Gaigner. *To gaine, get, win ; procure, purchase, obtaine ; to profit, or thrive by ; to atchieve, attaine ; reach, or come unto ; also, to overcome, conquer, win ; also, to merit, or deserve.*

Gaigner son avoine. *Look* Avoine.

Gaigner les champs. *To run away.*

Gaigner chemin. *To make haste, rid way apace.*

Gaigner le devant par derriere. *To outstrip, overrun, or get before, one by a contrary course ; or, to prevent the designes of another by policies contrary to his.*

Gaigner les gigoteaux. *To betake him to his heeles ; to flye as fast as his legs will carry him.*

Gaigner le hault. *To run his countrey ; to flye as if fire were at his taile.*

Gaigner le hault bout. *To win the spurs, to carry away the best prize ; also, to take the highest place at a table.*

Gaigner pais. *To stealeon, to rid way.*

Gaigner peine &c. pour gaigner peine & papier ie le fais brief. *To save labor, and spare paper, I write the lesse.*

Gaigner-au pied. *To run away.*

Gaigner le temps. *To dispatch ; to rid away time apace.*

Gaigner leur vie à reculons. *To live by going backward ; viz. by rope-making,* ¶ Rab.

Gaigner le tour du roule. *See* Roule.

Assez gaigne qui malheur perd ; Prov. *He gets enough that misses an ill turn.*

Iamais ne gaigne qui plaide à son seigneur ; (ou qui procede à son Maistre ;) Prov. *No man ever throve by suing his Lord or Master ; (for either God blesses not so undutifull a strife, or successe followes not in so unequall a match.)*

Marchand qui ne gaigne perd ; Prov. *The marchant loses when he gaines not ; and yet ;*

Il n'est pas marchand qui tousiours gaigne ; Prov. *He trades not cunningly that alwayes gaineth.*

Qui bien gaigne, & bien despend ne luy faut bourse à mettre argent ; Pro. *Look* Despendre.

Qui bien gaigne, & bien espargne, devient tantost riche ; Prov. *Hee that gets well, and spares wisely, soone growes rich.*

Tel change qui ne gaigne pas ; Prov. *Some change for the worse.*

† Gaignerie : f. *A tilled ground ; also, tillage, or tilling ; also, the profit that's made of tillage, or of the beasts that be used therein.*

Gaigneur : m. *A gainer, getter, winner, obtainer ; one that thrives by, or makes a profit of, his trafficke, labour, industry.*

Mon gaigneur. *My Hind, Husbandman, Ploughman ; one that labours, and by his labour gets, for me ; one that labours to make me live, or gaine.*

Hardi gaigneur hardi mangeur, Prov. *A sore toyler a sound trencherman ; they that work hard eat hard.*

Mieux vaut bon gardeur que bon gaigneur ; Prov. *See* Gardeur.

Gaillard : m. *The round house, or hinder castle of a ship.*

Gaillard : m. arde : f. *Lusty, lively ; frolick, buxome, cheerfull, blithe, jocund, pleasant, gamesome ; brave, gallant ; valiant ; well disposed, in good time ; also, rash, or somewhat undiscreet, by too much jollity.*

Galop gaillard. *See* Galop.

Il a le cerveau vn peu gaillard. *Hee is a little humorous, toyish, fantasticall, new-fangled, light-headed.*

Ouvrier gaillard cele son art ; Prov. *The industrious workman prostitutes not his Art.*

Gaillardement. *Lively, lustily ; cheerfully, pleasantly ; gallantly, like a gallant.*

Gaillardet : m. *See* Guaillardet.

Gaillardeté : f. *Lustinesse, livelinesse ; cheerfulnesse, pleasantnesse, jocundnesse, glee ; gallantry, bravery ; also, rashnesse, folly, indiscretion ; or an act rashly, foolishly, or undiscreetly done, by the headinesse, jollity, or too much forwardnesse, of youth.*

Gaillardise : f. *as* Gaillardeté ; (*and the better, and more usuall word.*)

Gaille. Perdrix gaille. *The French Patridge ; a kind of great browne Patridge, that hath a red beake, and red legs.*

Gaimaux. Prex gaimaux. *as* Gaignaux. ¶ Lodunois.

Gain : m. *Gaine, profit, lucre, advantage, gettings, increase, commodity, commings in.*

Gain de cause. *A victory, or speeding in a suit.*

Le petit gain emplit la bourse ; Pro. *Many a little makes a mickle ; or, light gaines makes heavy purses.*

Gaine : f. *A sheath, or scabberd.*

Dans vne gaine d'or vn couſteau de plomb; Pro. *A leaden Sword in a golden ſheath; a godleſſe heart in a goodly body.*

Selon la gaine le couſteau; Prov. *Like ſheath like knife.*

† Gaineaux. Prez gaineaux. *as* Gaignaux.

Gainette: f. *A little ſheath, or ſcabberd.*

Gaing: m. *as* Gain.

Gaings. *The fruits growing on, or comming of, tilled grounds; or the profit comming in by ſowing of grounds.*

Gains. *as* Gaings; *and comprehends all kinds of graine, pulſe, and ſuch like fruits (tenants encore par les racines.* ℱ Nicot.

† Gaiolle d'un moulin, *for* Gayole. *See* Gayole.

Gaiole, *as* Gayole: f. *A Cage.* ℱ Pic.

Gaioler. *To prattle, tattle, chatter, like a bird in a Cage.*

Gaion. *A Jay.*

Gajure: f. *A wager.*

Gajure de rachape. *Lee* Gagerie.

Gaiz (*for* Guez.) *Fourds, or ſhallow places.*

Gal: m. *A Cocke*; *alſo, a Dorce, or Gold-fiſh.* ℱ Langued.

Gals eſcouillez. *Capons*; *Eunuches.* ℱ Rab.

Galactite. Pierre galactite. *See* Pierre.

Galaffre: m. *A ravenous feeder, greedy devourer, glutton, gulch, cormorant*

Galaffrerie: f. *Gourmandizing; ravenous, or greedy feeding.*

Galange. *as* Galangue.

Galangue: f. *Sweet Ciperus, Engliſh Galingale; or the Aromaticall root thereof.*

Galaxie: f. *The milkie way in the Firmament.*

Galbanon. *Galbanum; a gumme, or liquor iſſuing out of the* Syrian Ferula, *or Fennell giant.*

Galbe. *A Wenne*; *alſo, garbe, comelineſſe, gracefulneſſe*; *alſo, the belly, or forepart, of a doublet.*

Galbé: m. ée: f. Bien galbé. *Comely, gracefull, well-behaved, having a good garb.*

Galbuge. *See* Garbouil, *or* Grabuge.

Gale. *A Gall-nut, or Oake-apple*; *ſerving both for dying, or making of Inke.*

Galeace: f. *A Galeaſſe.*

Gale-bon-temps. *A merry grig, a good fellow, good drunkard, pot-companion.*

Galée: f. *The top, or ſcuttle of a galley.*

Gale-teſſon. *A ſcratcht bumme, or ſcabd-arſe.*

Galefreté: m. ée: f. *Rigged, or trimmed up, as a ſhip.*

Galefreter. *as* Calfeutrer; *To trimme, to rig up a ſhip.*

Galefretier: m. *A rigger, trimmer, mender of ſhips*; *alſo, as* Galefrotier.

Galefrotier: m. *An idle vagabond; a poore ſcabby knave;*

Galemar: m. *A Pennar.*

Galemment. *Gallantly, bravely, goodlily, nobly, worthily.*

Galeote. *A kind of Lizard, thats an enemy unto all Serpents.* ℱ Rab.

Galerand: m. *The Fowle termed a Bittor.* ℱ Brett.

Galere. *A Galley. See* Gallere.

Galerie. *as* Gallerie; *A Gallery.*

Galerien: m. *A Galley-ſlave*; *a Souldier, or Marriner in a Galley.*

Galerien: m. enne: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Galley*; *haunting, or frequenting the Gallys.*

† Galerite: f. *The (Medow) Larke.*

Galerne: f. *A North-weſt wind.*

Galerneux: m. euſe: f. *North-weſterly.*

Galetage: m. *Garrets*; *Galleries*; *alſo, Garret-worke.*

Galetas: m. *A Garret.*

Galette: f. *A broad thin take*; *alſo, a little itch, or ſcab.*

† Galier: m. *A Jade, a dull horſe.*

Galiffre: m. *A greedy feeder, a ravenous eater.*

Galiffré: m. ée: f. *Greedily fed on, ravenouſly eaten.*

Galiffrer. *To devour, eate greedily, feed ravenouſly.*

Galimachuë. *as* Maſſuë; *a club.* ℱ Pic.

Galimaſſuë: f. *A club.*

Galimatias, largon de Gal. *Gibbriſh, Fuſtian language, Pedlers French.*

Galingal. *The Aromaticall root of the ruſh called Cypreſſe, and Engliſh Galingale.*

Galin-Galois, ou Galin-galon. *A merry ſcabd whoreſon.*

Galion: m. *A Gallion, or great ſhip of war. See* Gallion.

Galiot: m. *A Pirate, a Rover*; *one that robs, or ſcoures the ſeas with a Galliot*; *alſo, a Rower in a Galley, or Galliot, whether he be a ſlave, or do it voluntarily*; *alſo, the herb Avens, Bennet, or Bleſſed.*

Galiote: f. *A Galliot*; *a ſmall Galley, or Galley-like veſſell, having twenty Oares on a ſide, and two or three Rowers to an Oare; much uſed by Turkiſh and Mooriſh Rovers.*

Gallangue: f. *as* Galangue; *alſo, the ſea-Toad.*

Gallant homme. *A gallant, goodly*; *noble, worthy, vertuous*; *alſo, a ſubtile, wiſe, craſty, cunning, willy fellow.*

Gallanterie: f. *Gallantneſſe, worthineſſe, bravery, ſtoutneſſe, frankneſſe of humour*; *alſo, a knaviſh pranke,*

Gallantiſe: f. *Gallantneſſe, nobleneſſe, bravery*; *alſo, a gallant, and merry pranke; a pleaſant, and noble, or open-hearted humor.*

Galle. Noix galle. *The fruit called a Gall*; *alſo, an Oake-apple.*

Galle: f. *A galling, fretting, itching of the ſkin*; *a dry ſcab, or ſcurfe.*

Galle S. Main. *The wild ſcab.*

L'Amour, la touſſe, & la galle ne ſe peuvent celer; Prov. *Love, ſcabs, and coughing will not be concealed.*

Gallé: m. ée: f. *Rubbed, ſcrubbed, ſcraped, ſcratched*; *alſo, intertained with variety of ſport, game, or glee.*

Gallée. *as* Gallere; *a Galley.*

Gallemar. *A Pennar.*

Galler *To gall, fret, itch*; *alſo, to rub, ſcrape, ſcrub, claw, ſcratch where it itcheth*; *alſo, to be very jocund, or full of glee; to entertaine with variety of ſport, game, or glee.*

Galler le bon temps. *To make merry, to paſſe the time pleaſantly, to play the good fellow.*

Gallerand: m. *A Bittor.* ℱ Breton.

Gallere: f. *A Galley*; *alſo, an Inkehorne.*

Vogue la gallere. *Let the world wag, ſlide, go how it will; let go a Gods name; not a pinne matter whether we ſinke or ſwimme.*

Gallerie: f. *A Gallery, or long roome to walke in*; *alſo, mirth, glee, pleaſantneſſe, good ſport.*

Galleriens: m. *Galley-ſlaves.*

Galles: f. *The plurall of* Galle.

Gallet: m. *The ſhoulder-peece, or point*; *the hinder (and upper) part of the necke*; *in a horſe, the Withers.*

Gallette: f. *A kind of wreathed take.*

Galleverdine: f. *A Gaberdine*; *a long Coat, or Caſſock of courſe, and (for the moſt part) motley, or party-coloured, ſluffe.*

Galleux: m. euſe: f. *Scabby, ſcurvy, mangy, itchy.*

Gallicelle: f. *as* Biaut, *or* Sequenie.

Gallico. Prendre au gal: ou de gal. *To ſurpriſe; take napping, or unprovided*; (*A Proverbiall phraſe, that ſeemes to have been deviſed either in commendation of the livelineſſe, and quickneſſe of the French, whereby they are able to ſurpriſe others*; *or, as a taxation of their negligence, and careleſſeneſſe, which make them apt to be ſurpriſed by others.*)

Gallie: f. *Garbe, or gracefulneſſe.*

Gallien: m. *A Galley-ſlave.*

Gallier: m. *A ſcurvie fellow, ſhifting companion*; *or, as* Galier. ℱ Rab.

Gallimart: m. *A Pennar, a caſe for pens.*

Galline: f. *A Gurnard*; *ſo called about Marſeillis.*

Gallion: m. *A Gallion, an Armada, a great ſhip of warre*; *alſo, the herb Cheſe-runnell.*

Galliot: m. *The herb Avens, herb Bennet, herb Bleſſed.*

Galloches: m. *Schollers in Univerſities, admitted of no Colledge, but lying in the Towne, and being at libertie to reſort unto what (publike) Readers, or Lectures they pleaſe*; *termed thus, becauſe, in paſſing the ſtreets, they commonly weare* Galloches.

Galloches: f. *High wodden Pattens, or Clogs, &c. as in* Galoche.

Gallochier: m. *A Meſſenger, or Poſt-poſt, one that goeth to and fro on errands. Look* Galochier.

Gallon: m. *Brawne, or hardneſſe of the fleſh, or ſkin*; *alſo, as* Galon.

Les gallons des cheveux. *Hard curled locks.*

Gallonné: m. ée: f. *Stroaked, cheriſhed, gently rubbed, or clawed*; *alſo, edged, laced, or tyed with galloone lace.*

Gallonner. *To ſtroake, cheriſh, claw, or clap on the backe*; *to ſmooth*; *to rub gently*; *alſo, to edge, or lace with galloone.*

Gallop. *as* Galop.

Galloper. *See* Galoper.

Gallopins: m. *Under Cookes, or Scullions in Monaſteries.*

Galoche: m. *as* Gallochier.

Galoche: f. *A wooden Shoe, or Patten, made all of a peece, without any latchet, or tye of leather, and worne by the poore clowne in winter.*

Galocher. *To behave himſelfe rudelie, uncivillie, ruſticallie, to play the clowne, alſo, to trot, or wander undiſcreetlie up and down.*

Galochier: m. *A maker of Galoches, or wooden ſhoes.*

Galochier: m. ere: f. *Baſe, meane, poore; alſo, clowniſh, rude, uncivill, ruſticall, without manners, as thoſe are that, ordinarily, weare thoſe woodden ſhooes.*
Galoiſe: f. *A ſcurvy trull, ſcabby queane, mangie punk, filthy whore.*
Galon: m. *Galloone-lace.*
Galonné: m. ée: f. *as* Gallonné; *and hence;*
Treſſes galonnées. *Locks plaited, or tyed up with galloon-lace.*
Galonner. *as* Gallonner; *and, to plait, bind, or tie up with lace.*
Galop: m. *A (horſes) gallop; or galloping.*
Galop gaillard. *The Gallop, Gallyard; or, a Paſſa ſalto; or, one pace, and a leap.*
Aller le grand galop. *To runne in haſte, to flie apace; to paſſe a full carriere.*
Galopade: f. *A galloping.*
Galopé. *Galloped; alſo, courſed, chaſed; curried, uſed ſomewhat roughly, taken up roundly.*
Galoper. *To gallop; alſo, to courſe, curry, uſe rudely, take up for halting; give chaſe unto.*
Galopins. *as* Gallopins.
Galvardine: f. *A Gabardine.*
Galvol: m. *A Shittlecock.*
Gambade: f. *A gamboll, jew-game, tumbling trick.*
La gambade du rocher. *The rock gamboll; the being thrown headlong from a rock.*
Faire gambades à la terre. *To hang, or hang in chaines.*
Payer en gambades. *To runne away when he ſhould pay.*
Les vieilles gens qui font gambades, à la mort ſonnent des aubades; Prov. *Old peoples friſking doth preſage their ending.*
Gambader. *To turne heels over head, make many gambols, fetch many friſkes, ſhew tumbling tricks.*
Gambadeur: m. *A tumbler, a maker of gambols.*
Gambage. Droict de g. *A fee, or duty of foure pottles upon every brewing, payed unto divers Lords within the County of* Boullenois.
Gambayer. *To wag the legs in ſitting, as children uſe to doe*
Gambe. *as* Iambe; *a legge, or ſhanke.* ¶ Pic.
Le plus en gambe. *The beſt footman, the ſwifteſt runner, the quickeſt goer, the lightеſt of his legs.*
Gambeſon: f. *A faſhion of long horſemans coat. See* Gobiſſon.
† Gambi: m. ie: f. *Bent, crooked, bowed.*
Gambier. *To wag the legs in ſitting, as children uſe to doe.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, to walk, or goe.*
† Gambiller. *as* Gambier.
† Gambir. *To bow, crook, bend.*
Gambre: m. *The ſea-Creviſſe.*
Game: f. *Gamut (in Muſick.)*
Fol à la haulte game. *An arrant foole, notable coxe, true dunce; an Aſſe in graine.*
Entrer en la haulte game. *To buſie or peſter his braines with many matters; to enter into deep, and ſerious meditations; to ſtretch his wits.*
Nous ſommes hors toute la Game. *Wee are out of all good compaſſe; or, quite off the bindge.*
Gamelle: f. *A woodden bowle.*
† Gammare: m. *A Lobſter, or ſea-Creviſſe.*
Gamme: f. *A chime; alſo, as* Game.
Sonner la gamme. *A chime to ſound at certaine houres.*
Gan. *as* Gant; *A Glove.*
Ganabin. *The Northerne wind.* ¶ Rab.
Gances: f. *Loops (of twiſt, lace, &c.)*
Ganché: m. ée: f. *Let fall (as in a ſtrappado) on ſharp ſtakes pointed with iron, and thereon languiſhing untill he die.*
† Gandalin: m. *A bawd, or carrier of love-meſſages.*
Gandole. *as* Gondole; *a Gondola.*
Ganglion. *A watery impoſtumation in the throat.*
Gangrene: f. *A Gangrene; the rotting, or mortifying of a member.*
Gangrené: m. ée: f. *Rotted, putrified, mortified, become ſenceleſſe, fallen into a Gangrene.*
Gangules: f. *Kernels, or wartes in the throat.*
Ganif: m. *A pen-knife.*
Ganiver: m. *A little pen-knife.*
Ganivetier: m. *A pen-knife-maker.*
Ganſe: f. *A loope (of lace, &c.)*
Gant: m. *A glove.*
Gans de noſtre Dame. *The herbe called Fox gloves, London buttons; and, our Ladies gloves; (a name which is alſo given unto the male* Coniza, *or great Fleabane.)*
Gans d'ocaigne. *Dogs-leather gloves oyled in the inſide to keep the hands moiſt, and coole.*
Droict de gans; &, ventes & gans. *A paire of gloves, or in lieu thereof money (more, or leſſe, as is the cuſtome of ſeverall places) due, and payed as an Income by a purchaſer unto the Lord* Cenſuel, *or of the ſoyle.*
Gante. *as* Iante. ¶ Pic.
Gantelée: f. *The herbe called Fox-gloves, our Ladies gloves; (which name (alſo) the male* Coniza, *or great Fleawort hath) and* London buttons.
Gantelet: m. *A gantlet, or arming glove.*
Hauſſer le gantelet. *A Merchant put into his Booke, or Bill, that which was never taken up; to over-reach with falſe reckonings.*
Plier le gantelet. *To yield, ſtoop, ſubmit himſelfe; to confeſſe himſelfe overcome.*
Gantes. *as* Iantes; *the felles of a Cart-wheele.* ¶ Pic.
Gantier: m. *A Glover.*
Ganymedés. *The name of a Trojan boy, whom* Iupiter *ſo loved (ſay the Poets) as he took him up to heaven, and made him his cup-bearer; hence, any boy thats loved for carnall abuſe; an Ingle.*
Gaquiere. *as* Iachere; *Land which lieth lay; a fallow field, ſowne every other yeare.* ¶ Pic.
Gar. Vn regard à gar. *A ſquint look; the caſt of a skenning eye.*
Garagnon: m. *A Stallion.*
Garance: f. *The herbe Madder; with whoſe root Dyers make cloth Orange tawny; or, for a need, red; and joyning it with woad, black.*
Garance ſauvage. *Wild-Madder; (Some alſo call ſo the herbe Woodroofe; or Woodrowell.)*
Garancé: m. ée: f. *Dyed with Madder.*
Garand. *See* Garant, *or* Garent.
Garans de palenc. *Two ſlender cords tyed to the bottome of the great pullie of a maſt, and paſſing from that, through divers others.*
Garant: m. *A vouchee; warrant; warranter of the thing he hath paſſed unto another; a ſupporter, defender, maintainer, protector; alſo, an author, in a report.* See Garent.
Se bouter à garant. *To take Sanctuarie; to flie into a ſafe, or ſtrong place for refuge.*
Tenir fort à garant. *To hold off; (a ſea tearme.)*
Garantage: m. *A warranting, or warrantie.*
Garanti: m. ie: f. *Warranted, protected, ſaved harmeleſſe.*
Garrantie: f. *Garrantie, warrantie, or warrantiſe; protection, maintenance, defence, ſupportation.*
Recours de garrantie. *See* Recours.
Garantir. *To warrant; or paſſe by warrantie, to ſave harmeleſſe; to protect, ſupport, defend, keep ſafe from danger.*
Garavelle: f. *The name of a delicate Peare, thats ripe in Auguſt.*
Garbe: f. *A garbe, comelineſſe, handſomeneſſe, graceſulneſſe, good faſhion.*
Garber. *To ſpruce it; to adorne, decke, ſet forth, make fine, comely, neat, graceſull.*
Garbin: m. *A Southweſt wind.*
Garbot: m. *A kind of fiſh about* Orleans.
Garbouil: m. *A garboyle, hurliburly, great ſtirre, monſtrous rambling, horrible rumbling.*
Garburge: f. *as* Garbouil.
Garçe: f. *A wench, laſſe, girle; alſo, (and as we often meant by the firſt) a Punke, or whore.*
Avoir de l'eau vers les garçes. *To have ſap, and moiſture enough to ſatisfie his privat leacherie withall.*
Amour de garçe & faut de chien ne dure ſi l'on ne dit, tien; Pro. *Looke* Amour.
Garchote: f. *A water fowle, ſomewhat leſſe then, but otherwiſe reſembling, a Mallard.*
Garçon. *A Boy, lad; youth, ſtripling.* See Garſon.
Folie aux garçons. *Leacherie, whoredome, incontinencie, laſciviouſneſſe.*
C'eſt vn mauvais garçon. *He is a ſhrewd (or tall) fellow; one that will throughly both lay, and looke, about him.*
Garçonné: m. ée: f. *Leachered withall; ſwyved, ridden by boyes,*
Garçonner, *To play the boy; alſo, to leacher, to defile a woman, deflowre a maid; play the laſcivious boy with.*
Garçonniere: f. *A leacherous, or laſcivious queane.*
Gardant. *Garding, warding, keeping, preſerving, reſerving for himſelfe, or others.*
Garde: m. *A Guardian, Warden, Keeper; any Officer unto whoſe keeping a thing is intruſted; hence;*
Garde de bois. *The Warden of, or a keeper in, a Wood, or Forreſt.*

Garde

Garde des coffres. *The (keeper of the) Privy Purſe; or, as* Threſorier des menus.

Garde general de l'Artillerie. *The Warden generall, or chiefe Warden, of the Artillery, keeps a reckoning of all the pieces of Ordnance that be within the realme, to which end he takes particular Inventories from all Commanders of Fortreſſes, &c. containing the number, ſize, and quality thereof, and informes himſelfe by them of all their ſtore, and wants: He alſo viſites the places themſelves, to ſee whether the Pieces be well kept, and ſafely beſtowed: After all which, he delivers over the ſaid Inventories into the Controller generall, who having regiſtred, redelivers them. This Officer hath a Deputy reſident in every one of the ten generall Governments of* France.

Garde de Iuſtice. *A royall Prevoſt, or Judge, that keeps either the Kings (inferiour) Courts, or the Courts of a Lord Juſticer; and is inferiour, in all reſpects, unto a* Bailli.

Garde des Livres de la Chambre des Comptes. *The keeper of all the Records of that Court.*

Garde d'un Malade. *A Keeper; one that lookes to a ſick body.*

Garde des Monnoyes. *The warden of the Mint; an Officer, who is to be preſent at all finings, allayings, and provings of Metall; and overſees both the delivery thereof to the workmen, and them in their working; to which end he weighes, and viewes every piece, and forces them, at their owne charge, to new-make the light, and miſſhapen ones, or cenſures them otherwiſe as he thinks good: The Money being full made, he delivers it unto the Maſters; to whom, though in place he be inferiour, yet may he at any time call them to an accompt, for as much as they have received from him.*

Gardes des Portes. *Wardens of the out-Ports; Officers, that look there be no prohibited commodities tranſported, or imported; They alſo receive of Merchants the Bils that containe all the parcels they have bought, and the acquittances of duties payed, within land; and onely they, and the Searchers, may arreſt the bodies, or goods of ſuch, as, to deceive the King of his cuſtome, or to tranſport forbidden commodities, would ſlip out of the Realme by oblique Paſſages, odd Creekes, decayed Ports, or any by-wayes.*

Garde de la Prevoſté. *A rurall Prevoſt; or, as* Garde de Iuſtice.

Garde des Salines. *The Warden of the (Kings) Salt-pits; an Officer that delivers out the ſalt unto Merchants, and, together with the Clarke thereof, keeps a Regiſter of the quantity delivered, of their names to whom it is delivered, and of the places whereunto it is carried.*

Garde des ſeaux. *The keeper of the Seales, one in every Chancery eſtabliſhed in the ſeven (inferiour) Parliamentall, and in the Preſidiall, townes; whither when any of the maſters of Requeſts are come in circuit, he is bound to bring, and deliver up unto them the Seale, whereof at all other times he hath the abſolute charge, and keeping.*

Garde du ſeel Royal. *The Commiſſioner, who in the ſickneſſe, abſence, or ſuſpenſion of the Lord Chancelor is appointed to ſeal, and paſſe Letters Patents, &c. or he, that hath the keeping of the ordinary (royall) ſeale of contracts, or of iudiciall diſpatches: For the uſe of which Seale there is no fee taken of the Secretaries, nor of the Lord high Chamberlain of France (who keepes the Kings Privie Signet while he attends) nor of ſome other Officers of the Crowne.*

Garde: f. *Gard, ward, cuſtodie; ſafe, or long keeping; the reſerving, or preſerving of a thing for private uſe; alſo, the guard of a Prince; (and hence) the charge of, or looking unto, a thing; and, heed, care, obſervation, vigilancie, advizement; alſo, defence, maintenance, protection, ſafety; alſo the Wardſhip of an infant, or heire, (wherein* Garde *is moſt commonly meant of direct,* Bail *of collaterall, kinſmen; or of an againe married mother, or grandmother.*

Les gardes d'un canon. *The branches of a Canon-bit.*

La garde d'un eſpée. *The hilt of a ſword.*

Les gardes d'un ſanglier. *The draw-clawes, or binder clawes of a wild Boare.*

Garde faicte. *It, when beaſts that are kept in other mens grounds make ſpoyle, or doe hurt by the craft, or fault of their keepers.*

Garde gardienne. *A priviledge of the Schollers and Officers of Vniverſities, and of the Prieſts, Prelats, and Poſſeſſors of ſome Churches, Abbeyes, Colledges, Hoſpitals, &c. and of the Officers of the Crowne, and Kings houſe, not to be impleaded before other then their peculiar Iudges.*

Garde liges. *See* Lige.

Denier de garde. *A certaine ſumme, or ſmall peece of money, payable, by old Leaſſes, inſtead of Rent, thoſe yeares wherein the ground lay fallow, and could not be ſerved.*

Droict de garde noble. *See* Droict.

Poire de garde. *A Warden, or a winter Peare.*

Prevoſt de garde; ou, en garde. *An under Iudge to a* Bailli; *or the Deputie of a Prevoſt, or under-Prevoſt.*

Il n'a garde de s'y laiſſer aller. *He hath no mind, list, mind, ſtomacke, humor, to goe thither.*

Il n'a garde de s'en vanter. *I beleeve he will not brag thereof in haſte; or, he is not very haſtie, forward, willing, to brag thereof.*

Se donner de garde. *as* Prendre Garde.

Eſtre de garde. *To keepe, or continue long, unchanged; to beare age very well.*

Faire la garde. *To make faſt; (a phraſe uſed by ſailers, or winders of yarne.)*

Prendre garde. *To heed, looke well, have an eye, unto; beware, take heed; prevent by fore-ſight, provide that a thing do not happen.*

La mauvaiſe garde paiſt ſouvent le loup; Prov. *Ill watch doth fatten the woolfe; or, the ſleepy ſhepheard fattens the hungry woolfe.*

Gardé: m. &c: f. *Warded, garded, kept; preſerved, ſaved; ſhielded, defended, protected, maintained; watched, beheld, marked, obſerved, regarded, looked unto.*

Garde-bras. *A vambrace; armour for an arme.*

Garde-corps: m. *A Yeoman of the Guard; an Halberdier, or Sergeant, that guards, or attends on, the perſon of a Prince, commander, or publike officer.*

Garde-fol: m. *as* Garde-feure.

Garde-fols, &, Garde-foux. *Reyles, ſtayes, or ſlight walls on the outſides of a bridge, high walke, Terrace, or open Gallery.*

Garde-fort. *as in* Garde-fols.

Garde-main. *A ſtrong glove for a Maſon, or Stone-cutter to worke with.*

Gardemanceur. *A creditor, or any other placed by order of Law in a debtor's houſe; the which he may keepe untill he be ſatisfied, or have ſecurity for ſatisfaction.*

Gardemangier. *An Ambrie, Gardemanger, cupboard to keep meat in.*

Garde-nappe: f. *A wreath, ring, or circlet of wicker, &c. ſet under a diſh at meale times, to ſave the Table-cloth from ſoyling.*

Garde-notes. Notaire garde-notes. *Looke* Notaire.

Garde-poing: m. *A Vamplate.*

Garde-porte: f. *A peece of Tapeſtry hung before an open dore; a dore-peece.*

Garder. *To keepe; ward, guard; ſave, preſerve, ſhield, protect, maintaine, defend; watch, heed, marke, obſerve, regard, or looke unto.*

Se garder de. *To refraine, forbeare, abſtaine from; to hold off, hinder backe, reſtraine himſelfe.*

Garder le change. *A hound to keepe unto his firſt game without changing, to run, or hunt, his owne.*

Garder vne fille à graine. *To let a maid run to ſeed; to keepe her long without a husband. See* Graine.

Garder la lune des loups. *Fooliſhly to care for that which cannot do amiſſe.*

Dieu gard la Lune des loups. *See* loup.

Dieu gard de mal qui voit bien & ne oit goutte. *For my part I conceive no jot of it; or, care not for it if I conceived it; or, will not beleeve it though I know it to be ſo.*

Il la luy garda bonne. *He owed him a good turne; or (the contrary) he bare him a grudge for it, a long time after.*

Salmet Anthoine te gardera. *Thou art, or wilt prove, but a Hog, or a Sow.*

A qui eſt l'aſne ſi le garde. *Let him that owes the Aſſe looke to him; (a Proverb applyable unto any thing thats in danger of straying.)*

Bon chaſteau garde qui ſçait ſon corps garder; Prov. *A good fort ſaves he that can ſave his body.*

De qui ie me fie dieu me garde; Prov. *(For, in truſt is Treaſon, ſay we.)*

Il ne ſe garde pas bien qui ne ſe garde touſiours; Prov. *He looks not, that ſtill looks not, to himſelfe; or, he guards not well, himſelfe, that alwaies guards not.*

Qui garde ſon diſner il a mieux à ſouper; Prov. *He that keeps his dinner hath the more to ſup withall; youth preſerved breeds an able old-age.*

Qui n'a qu'un oeil bien le garde; Prov. *He that hath but one eye had need*

make much of it, had beſt looke well to it.

Tel ſe cuide bien garder qui ſe frappe ſur le nez; Prov. *Looke* Frapper.

Garderobbe: f. *A Wardrobe; alſo, a houſe of Office; alſo, a cloth, or cleake worne, or caſt over a garment, to keep it from duſt, raine, &c. alſo the herbe Sotherne-wood.*

Garde-ſerre. *The reſt of the locke of a Harquebuſe.*

Gardeur: m. *A Keeper, Warder, Warden, Gardien, Overſeer, looker unto.*

Gardeur de beſtiail. *A Paſtor, Heardſman, Neat-heard.*

Mieux vaut bon gardeur que bon gaigneur; Pro. *(A degree beyond the Latine.* Non minor eſt virtus quam quærere parta tueri.*)*

Gardien: m. *A Warden, Keeper, Gardien; a Sequeſtree; one unto whoſe keeping a thing is committed.*

Gardien de biens. *A Sequeſtree, a keeper of the goods of an indebted, or condemned perſon, ſeiſed by order of Law.*

Gardien d'un enfant mineur. *A Gardien; one that hath the wardſhip, or tuition of a child under age.*

Gardien: m. enne: f. *Keeping, warding, garding; obſerving, overſeeing, looking unto.*

Garde gardienne. *See* Garde.

Pere gardien. *The chiefe Overſeer, Controller, or Viſitor of a Frierie.*

De pere gardien filz garde rien; Prov. *A retcheleſſe ſonne, of a wretched Father.*

Gardin. *as* Iardin; *a Garden.* ¶ Pic.

Gardon: m. *A certaine freſh-water fiſh that reſembles the Chevin; onely his head is leſſe, and bodie broader. Some hold it to be the freſh water Mullet; others (more probably, though* Geſner *ſay otherwiſe) the Roche, or a kinde thereof.*

Plus ſain qu'un Gardon. *More lively, and healthfull then a Gardon (then which, there is not any fiſh more healthfull, nor more lively.)*

Ils iettent les gardons pour tirer des brochets. *They reject ſmall to obtaine great matters.*

† Gardouché. *A Store-houſe, or Garner.*

Gardoire: m. *A little Pond, or Stue, to keep fiſh in.*

Gare. Intonation de gare & ſerre. *The ſounding of Drumme, or Trumpet, whereby ſouldiers are warned to ſtand cloſe, and looke unto themſelves.*

Gare le heurt. *(The voice of them that drive horned beaſts) warre hornes.*

Sans dire gare. *On the ſuddaine, at unawares; before any word ſent, or warning given.*

Garé. Terre garée. *Old fallow ground.*

Garence. *as* Garance; *Madder.*

Garenciere: f. *A Field, or plot of ground, ſowed with Madder; a Madder-yard, or Madder-ground.*

Garendie. *as* Garentie; *Warrantie.*

Garene. *as* Carine; *and, as* Garenne.

Garené. *as* Garenné.

Garrenne: f. *A warren of Conies, &c. alſo, a (certaine, or limited) fiſhing in a river.*

Garenné: m. ée: f. *Warrenned; made into a warren; incloſed; priviledged, reſtrained from common uſe; made private, or belonging to a private perſon, as a warren, &c.*

Garrenneux: m. euſe: f. *Haunting, or loving, or living in, Warrens.*

Garennier: m. *A Warrenner.*

Garent: m. *A warranter, Protector, Defendor; ſecurer, undertaker for; a ſeller with warrantie; a Vouchee; alſo, Warrantie.*

Garent abſolut. *One that undertakes a ſuit for another, wholly ridding, and diſcharging him of it; (This warrantie is proper unto reall actions.)*

Garent contributeur. *One that undertakes but part of a ſuit for another; whom he leaves to follow the reſt at his owne charge.*

Garent formel. *as* Garent abſolut.

Garent ſimple. *One that is vouched to aſſiſt, and joyne with the vouchor in the proves, and defences needfull in a perſonall action.*

Qui tire à garent & garent n'ha, ſa cauſe perduë il a. *(* Cela eſtoit de la vieille pratique; & n'a plus de lieu; *The rigor thereof being qualified.)*

Garentage: m. *Warrantie, warrantize, warrantage.*

Garenti: m. ie f. *Warranted, ſecured, undertaken for, borne out, ſaved harmeleſſe.*

Garentie: f. *Warrantie, ſecuritie; protection, defence.*

Garentigionné. Inſtrument ga. *An authenticall inſtrument, made by a Notarie publicke, and ſignifying, that execution is readie to come out againſt a confeſſing, and almoſt condemned, debtor; by the cuſtomes of Bayonne, tis alſo a kind of inrolled Bond, whereby both a mans body is ſubject unto arreſt, and his goods to execution.*

Garentir. *To warrant, make good, undertake for, ſell, or paſſe with warrantie; to ſecure, ſave harmeleſſe, defend, protect, beare out.*

Garentiſſement: m. *A warranting, undertaking for, making good; a ſecuring, ſaving harmeleſſe, protecting, defending.*

Garentiſſeur: m. *A warranter, &c. as* Garent.

Garenty: m. *One that is warranted.*

Garer. *To ware, beware, take heed of; to ſhun, eſchew, avoid by ſlipping aſide. See* Gare.

Garet. *See* Gueret.

Gargamelle: f. *The throat.*

Garganton: m. *A great glutton, or belly-god, one that waſts his ſubſtance on good cheere.*

Gargantua. *Great throat.* ¶ Rab.

Gargareon: m. *The forepart of the throat.*

Gargarization. *as* Gargarizement.

Gargarizé. *Gargled, gargarized.*

Gargarizement: m. *A gargling, or gargarizing; a gargariſme,*

Gargarizer. *To gargle, to gargarize.*

Gargaſſane: f. *The Wind-pipe.*

Gargate: f. *as* Gargaſſane; *or, the throat-pipe.* ¶ Pic.

Gargatte: f. *The Vvula; a little peece of ſpongious fleſh, reſembling a Cockes ſpurre, and hanging downe in the roofe of the mouth, neer the paſſage into the noſethrils.*

Gargouille: f. *The weeſle, or weaſon of the throat; alſo, the mouth of a ſpowt, repreſenting a Serpent, or the Anticke face of ſome other ugly creature; alſo a gutter that receives and voids the raine falling on divers roofes, or houſes; alſo, a bubble, or puffe, made by winde on the water; alſo, the joynt of a flat hinge; or, ſuch a joynt as is in the flat hinge of a window, or ſmall dore.*

Gargouillé *Gargled, gargarized; alſo, ratled in the throat.*

Gargouillement: m. *A gargling, or gargarizing; alſo, a ratling in the throat.*

Gargouiller. *To gargle, or gargarize; alſo, to ratle in the throat.*

Gargouillis: m. *A gargling, or gargling noiſe.*

Gargoulle. *as* Gargouille.

Garguesques: f. *A faſhion of ſtrait* Venetians *without codpeeces.*

Garguette. *as* Gargatte.

Garguille: m. *(A nickname for) an odd, mad, or fooliſh companion; ſuch a one as we (ſomewhat contemptuouſly, or to his derogation) ſtile, a certaine fellow.*

Garguillon: m. *The Pipe, or throat-pipe, whereby meat paſſeth into the ſtomack, or craw of birds.*

Garieur: m. *A warrantor.* ¶ Gaſc.

Garignon: m. *A buckle-bone; whence,* Iouër aux garignons. *To play at Cockall.*

Garigues. *as* Guarigues.

Gariment: m. *Garrantie, or warrantie.* ¶ Gaſc.

Tenir en gariment. *To hold part of a fief otherwiſe then by ſucceſſion, and upon covenant, to pay, or yeeld for it ſome dutie which is noble, and no way roturier.*

Garine: f. *The ſhrub Ciſtus, or Hollie-roſe.*

Garingal. *as* Galingal.

Garinnon. *See* Garignon.

Gariofilé. Aromatique gar. *A certain compoſition (wherein there are Cloves) good for the paſſions of the heart.*

Garioller. *To whiſtle, chirpe, or warble, as birds.*

Gariophyllate. *Herbe Avens,* Bennet, *or Bleſſed.*

Gariot: m. *The wind-pipe of a horſe, or other beaſt.*

Garipot: m. *The wild Pine, or Pitch tree.*

Garite: f. *A place of refuge, and of ſafe retyrall in a rowt, diſaſter, or danger; the recourſe of ſuch as are diſcomfited; (hence) alſo, the dungeon of a fortreſſe, whither the beleaguered ſoldiers make their laſt retire, and flight; alſo, a by-way, or path that leads one aſide, and out of the high way; alſo, a Sentrie, or little lodge for a Sentinell, built on high.*

Prendre la garite. *To ſlip o'the to-ſide, run away.*

Garlande. *as* Ghirlande; *a Garland; and hence;*

Garlande d'argent. *Is due in ſome parts of* Auvergne *unto a widow by the heire of her deceaſed husband, and ought to be of the value of their nuptiall bed.*

Garnache: f. *A frocke for a Carter.*

Garlet: m. *A little Plaice.*

Garnement: m. *Proviſion, furniture, or munition layed in for the maintenance, or defence of a place; alſo, a rakehell, ſlip-ſtring, raſcall, naughtie packe, lewd unthrift, graceleſſe patch, ungracious wretch, one for whom the gallowes groanes; (In which ſence it is uſed either (Ironically) alone, or with the adjective* Mauvais; *as,)*

En

En mauvais garnement. *Lewdly, naughtily, wickedly, unthriftily, ungraciously, roguishly, villanously.*

Garni: m. ie: f. *Garnished; provided, stored, supplied, furnished, full of; decked, trimmed, adorned, beautified, set out with; perfected, throughly wrought.*

Poing garni. *An armed fist; a hand that holds a stone, or weapon; to strike withall.*

Garniment. *as* Garnement.

Garnir. *To garnish; provide, store, supply, furnish, accommodat, fill with; decke, adorne, trimme, beautifie, set forth with.*

Garnir vne accuſation. *To accuse throughly, to bring in much evidence, many witnesses against.*

Garnir à caution. *To provide, or bring in sureties, or a sufficient pawne for the security of a debt, &c.*

Garnir la main. *To take a thing to pawn, or morgage; also, to seize, or distraine, upon an execution, for debt; or (more properly) an arrested debtor to pay down what he owes, or to give saleable goods, to the value of the debt, for the security thereof.*

Garnis. *A kind of engine to catch fish with.*

Garniſon: f. *Store of furniture; provision, munition, preparation; also, the garrison of a towne; also, a garrison towne.*

Garniſon de main. *A taking to pawne, or in morgage; also, a seising, or distraining upon an execution, or otherwise, for debt, for arrerages of rent, &c. or (more properly) present payment of a debt; or saleable goods delivered by the arrested debtor, for the security thereof.*

Le magiſtrat envoya le demaudeur en garniſon en la maiſon du defendeur. *Put him in possession, or sent him to take possession, of the defendants house.*

Garniſſement: m. *A garnishment, or garnishing; a furnishing, storing, supplying; a decking, trimming, adorning, setting forth, with; also, a taking to pawne, or in morgage; also, the giving of assurance, or security for a debt, &c.*

Garniture: f. *Garniture, garnishment, furniture; provision, munition, store, necessary implements; also, a ruffe-band; also, any kind of ornament, or attire.*

Garniture de doigts. *A glove; ring; finger-stall; thimble, and such like.*

Garniture d'eſperon. *A spurre-leather.*

Garniture d'un pourpoint. *The facing; (also) the quilt of a doublet.*

Garon: m. *Pickle of fish; or, the liquor wherein salt fish hath been resolved, or long soaked; also, the little Anchova-like fish,* Garum, *whereof (being heated in a dish, with oyle or butter, and thereby melted) the best kind of that liquor is made.*

Garot. *as* Garrot.

Garou. *Wild, savage, hideous, cruell.*

Garoüage. Aller en garoüage. *(A married man) to go a caterwawling, or steale abroad by night a wenching.*

Garoupe: f. *The shrub called, Spurge Olive, and widow wayle.* ¶ Provençal.

Garous. (*A Syncope of the words,* Gardez-vous, *or* Garez-vous; *take heed, turne aside, looke to your selves.*) *See* Loup-garou.

Garoute: f. *A Carrot root.*

Garrau. *as* Garrot.

Garrer vn bateau. *To hale, or pull a boat ashoare, or under a shed; there to trimme her;) also, to moore, or tie her unto a key, or under a lee shore.*

Se garrer deſſous. *To shrowke; shadow, shrowd, or put himselfe, under; whence;*

Qui ſe garre deſſous la fueille deux fois ſe mouille; Prov.

Garrigues. *as* Guarrigues.

Garrobe. *The Carob-beane-cod. See* Carrobe.

Garrobier: m. *The Plant that beares Carobs.*

Garrot: m. *A boult for a Crossebow; also, the wythers of a horse, &c. also, a wring, or pinch in the wythers; also, the Cudgell wherewith a Carrier, &c. winds up, and straines hard, the cord he binds his packe withall.*

Garroté: m. ée: f. *Strained, or wound up, as a pack-cord with a cudgell; also, hard tied, or bound with cords.*

Garrotement: m. *The straining, or winding up of a cord with a cudgell; also, a binding, or tying hard with cords.*

Garroter. *To straine, wring, or wind up a pack-cord with a cudgell, &c. also, to bind fast in, tie hard with, cords, &c.*

Garrulité: f. *Garrulity, prating, prattling, tatling, chattering, cackling, busie talking, much babling, overmuch chat.*

Gars: m. *A lad, boy, stripling, youth, yonker; wag.*

Aller à gars. *To hunt after lads; (a wench) to go a caterwawling.*

Garſcher. *To chap, as the hands, or lips do in a sharp winde.* (v.m.)

Garſe: f. *A wench, lasse, girle; and (as we commonly use the first) a punke, or whore. See* Garce.

Garſette: f. *A young lasse, little wench; pretty whore.*

Garſon: m. *A lad, boy, youth, stripling. See* Garçon.

Faire le garſon. *To play the sot; use apish, or childish, tricks.*

Garſon-fillette. *An Hermaphrodite.*

Garſonnaille: f. *A crue of lads, a troop of boyes.*

Garſonner. *To play the boy, or use boyish tricks.*

Garſonner la femme d'autruy. *To lie with another mans wife.*

Garſonnet: m. *A little boy.*

Garſote: f. *The water-fowle called, a Teale.*

Garſouiller la femme d'autruy. *as* Garſonner.

Garuche: f. *A torturing wheele, upon which the accused having heavy bolts, or irons on his legs, is hoysed on high, untill hee confesse.*

Garvences: f. *Fitches; Chichlings.*

Garum: m. *Pickle of salt fish, or liquor wherein it hath been resolved, or long soaked. See* Garon.

Garzignole: f. *The name of a delicate Pear that's ripe in, August.*

Gaſche: f. *An Oar, or Scul to row with; also, a staple for a lock;* (*also, a cake.* ¶ Norm.)

Gaſchement: m. *A rowing; also, a flashing, dashing, or plashing, as of water in rowing; also, a making of morter; or, a mingling and beating of lime, or clay with water, as in the making of morter.*

Gaſcher. *To row, or pull at an Oare; also, to dash, plash, flash (as water in rowing;) also, to make plaister, or morter; to beat lime, clay, or sand and water together (as in the making of morter.)*

Gaſchet du gros. *To shite, also, to spue; to purge upwards, or downwards.*

Gaſcher du poiſſon (ſalé.) *To water it, to cast water on it; or lay it in water.*

Gaſcheues pour tenir les doigts fermes. *Splints for broken, or crooked fingers.*

Gaſcheur: m. *A Rower; also, a flasher, or dasher of water.*

Gaſcheux: m. euſe: f. *Flashy, plashy, washie, dashing, bespatling.*

Gaſchis d'eau: m. *A dashing, plashing, or flashing of water, in rowing. See* Gachis.

Gaſcon: m. *A Gascon; one of Gascoigne; also, the Mackerell (fish.)*

Gaſconner. *To steale, filch, pilfer.*

Gaſon: m. *A green sodd, a sodd of grassie earth; also, a banke made of, or hill covered with, green sodds; any fine grassie, or mossie, banke.*

Gaſouillement: m. *A warbling, whistling, or whizzing noise.*

Gaſouiller. *as* Gazouiller.

Gazouilleur: m. *A warbler, chirper, whistler, or whizzer.*

Gaſpillé: m. ée: f. *Wasted, lavished; carelesly, prodigally.*

Gaſpiller. *To squander, waste, lose out, lavish away medisly, carelesly, prodigally.*

Gaſpilleur: m. *A spend-all, waste-good, unthrift, lavisher, squanderer, prodigall and careless waster; whence;*

A pere amaſſeur fils gaſpilleur; Prov. *A wastfull sonne succeeds a wretched father.*

Gaſſe: f. *The weed called, Darnell, Ray, and Iuray.*

Gaſt: m. *Waste, spoyle, &c. or, as* Gaſtement.

Gaſtadour: m. *A Pioner.*

Gaſté: m. ée: f. *Marred, spild, spoyled; rotten, viciate, corrupted, wasted, consumed; ruined, defaced, overthrowne, destroyed, undone; soyled, defiled, stained, perverted, besotted.*

Gaſteau: m. *A (great) Cake.*

Le gaſteau ne cuict pas pour luy. *The cake's not baked for him; his part is like to be least in it; he is not like to lick his lips after it; (appliable unto any thing that's in hand for another then him that lookes for it.)*

Il a ſa part au gaſteau. *He hath a hand in the practise; a part in the fruit, or punishment, thereof.*

Partir le gaſteau. *To assigne unto every conspirator the part he is to act, or share he is to have, in a Practise.*

Trouver la febve au gaſteau. *To meet with the thing he lookes for, to light on that which will serve his turne.*

Gaſteau, & mauvaiſe couſtume ſe doivent rompre; Prov. *A (good) cake, and an ill custome should be broken.*

Gaſte-bois: m. *An unskilfull Carpenter.*

Gaſteler: m. *A little cake; also (the name of) an excellent Cyder-apple.*

Gaſtelier: m. *A seller, or maker of cakes.*

Gaſtement: m. *A marring, spoyling, spilling; a wasting, consuming, corrupting; a soyling, defiling, distaining; a ruining, defacing, destroying.*

Gaſte-muſeau : m. *A little round lumpe, or bunne, made of fine meale, oyle, and raiſins ; a Lenten loafe.*

Gaſte-pavé : m. *A gadder, wanderer, earth-planet, pavement-beater, ſtreet-wearer, way-wearier ; one that does nought but trot up and downe the towne.*

Gaſter : m. *The bellie.* ℣ Rab.

Gaſter. *A woman to caſt her child.*

Gaſter. *To waſte, marre, ſpill, ſpoyle ; viciate, corrupt, invert, pervert, ſeduce, deprave ; infect ; violate ; ſoyle, defile, diſtaine ; conſume, ruine, undoe, deface, deſtroy, turne upſide-downe.*

Vous ne ſçauriez tien gaſter. *You can do no harme ; (a Bowlers phraſe.)*

Gaſtereſſe : f. *A woman that marreth ; waſteth ; deſtroyeth.*

Gaſte-ſanté. *Unholeſome, infective, healthſpoyling.*

Gaſteur : m. *A marrer, ſpoiler ; waſter, conſumer ; ſoyler, defiler ; ſeducer, perverter ; defacer, deſtroyer.*

Gaſtier. *An Officer appointed by Juſtice, at the nomination, and requeſt of the Inhabitants of a place, to guard, and watch the fruits of their Grounds, and Vineyards, and to keep them from being imbezeled, or ſpoyled by men, or beaſts.*

Gaſtine : f. *A Waſte, a Deſart ; a Rocke, or ſandy Ground ; alſo, a Cloſe, or Paſture incloſed, and enjoyed in common ; a Commons belonging to particular men, and the particular Commons of a Townſhip, or Pariſh ; alſo, a kind of earth found in Mines of Iron, and helping to melt it ; alſo, the name of a Croſſe in Paris, planted where once the houſe of one who bore that name (and was burnt for Religion) ſtood.*

Gaſtis : m. *Waſte, ſpoyle, or a treſpaſſe done in grounds by (a ſtrangers) beaſts.*

Gaſtre piploique. Veine gas. *The third branch of the trunke of the Port-veine, iſſuing ſide-waies out of the right ſide thereof, and ſpreading abroad in the bottome of the ventricle.*

Gaſtrimythe : m. *A belly-god.*

Gaſtrique. *The ſecond branch of the trunke of the Port-veine.*

Gaſtrolatre. *A bellie-god ; one that makes a god of his bellie.* ℣ Rab.

Gaſtromantie : f. *Divination by the bellie.*

Gaſtroraphie : f. *The ſtitching up of a rent, or divided belly.*

Gaſtrotomie : f. *The ſection, or cutting up of the bellie.*

Gate. *as* Iatte ; *A bowle, or mazer.* ℣ Pic.

Gathe : f. *A little Shad-fiſh.* ℣ Bourdel.

Gatte : f. *The top of the maine Maſt.* ℣ Norm.

† Gattouiller. *as* Chatouiller ; *To tickle.*

Gau. *as* Geau.

Gavache : m. *A countrey clowne, or cluſterfiſt ; and hence, an ſcowndrell, or baſe companion.*

Gavache : com. *Lennow, flaggie, limber ; alſo, licentious, diſſolute, ſenſuall, gluttoniſh ; alſo, clownish.*

Gavar : m. arre : f. *Shaling, ſplay-footed, or Baker-legd ; (at Tours.)*

† Gaubiſon. *as* Gobiſſon.

Gauché : m. *A blow with the left hand.*

Gauche : com. *Left, left-handed ; being on the left hand ; belonging to the left ſide ; wrong, ſiniſter, awry.*

Pied gauche. *A ſplay foot.*

Planté ſur le pied gauche. *Looke* Planté.

Gauche : m. ée : f. *wrong, wryed, crooked, awry.*

Gauchier. *as* Gauchier ; *and, as* Gauche.

Gauchi : m. ie : f. *Wryed ; bent, or turned awry, or from the right ſide ; alſo, avoided by turning awry.*

Gauchier : m. ere : f. *Left-handed, keyfiſted.*

Gauchir. *To wry ; to turne, bend, writhe from the right, or any way aſide ; alſo, to ſhun, or avoid by turning awry ; and hence ;*

Gauchir au coup. *To eſchew a blow by winding, turning, bending, or wrinching of the bodie.*

Gauchir le coup. *To give a winding blow, to thraſt, or ſtrike indirectly ; to aime at one place, and ſtrike another.*

† Gaudé. *See* Gaudez.

Gaude : f. *The ſtaulke of a certaine plant, wherewith Dyers make their clothes yellow, and afterwards (adding woad) green ; we may call it, Dyers weed, or greening weed ; alſo, a ſmall ſhowre of raine.*

† Gaudebillaux : m. *The fat tripes of ſtall-fed Oxen.*

† Gaudées : f. *Babling prayers ; or, as* Gaudez.

† Gaudence. *An Eſtate in an Inheritance, let from nine to nine yeares, and ſo forward for ever.*

† Gauderon. *as* Goderon.

Gauderonné. *as* Goderonné.

† Gauderonner. *To trimme, decke, or prinke up a thing. See* Goderonner.

Gaudez : m. *Prayers (whereof the Papiſts have divers) beginning with a* Gaudete.

Gaudi : m. ie : f. *Scoffed, flowted, played on, jeaſted at.*

Gaudine : f *A pleaſant Laſſe, a gameſome wench.*

Gaudinette. *The diminutive of* Gaudine.

Gaudipiſe : f. *A codpeece.* ℣ Rab.

Gaudipiſé : m. ée : f. *Codpeeced ; or wearing a codpeece.*

Gaudir. *To be frolick, lively, jollie, pleaſant, merry ; gibe, jeaſt ; play the good fellow, make good cheere.*

Se gaudir de. *To flowt, ſcoffe, jeaſt at, be pleaſant with.*

Gaudiſſant. *Flowting, gibing ; jeaſting, being merry with.*

Gaudiſſerie : f. *A jeaſting, flowting ; merriment.*

Gaudiſſeur : m. *A jeaſter, flowter, giber ; a pleaſant-headed fellow ; alſo, a glutton, pot-hunter, Alehouſe-haunter, (drunken) good fellow.*

Gave : f. *The gorge, or craw of a bird, wherinto her meat is at firſt received, after ſhe hath ſwallowed it.*

Gaveau : m. *A Hole, Stue, or little Pit to keep fiſh in.*

Gavellé. (Ceux qui font le ſel l'appellent gabellé, ou gavellé, quand il eſt eſſuyé. ℣ Ragueau.)

Gavereau : m. *A kind of ſea-fowle that ducketh very much.*

Gauffre. *as* Gaffre.

Gauffré : m. ée : f. *Printed (as a garment ;) alſo, ſet with paſſes.*

Gauffrer. *To print (a garment ;) alſo, (but leſſe properly) to decke, or ſet out, with puffes.*

Gauffreure : f. *The printing of a garment, &c. alſo, but (leſſe properly) a decking, or ſetting out with puffes.*

Gauffrier : m. *A Waferers Iron, or Print ; a Wafer-mould, or Wafer-print.*

Donner es gauffriers. *To leacher, to ſtrike.*

Gauge. *as* Iauge.

Gaugo. I gaugo. *See* Gogo.

Gavian : m. *A Mew, or ſea-Mew.*

Gavier : m. *The throat.*

Gavion : m. *The gullet, or throat-boll.*

Gauldé. *as* Gaude.

Gaule : f. *A pole, big rod ; long ſtaffe, or pearch.*

Gaule de gibiere. *A hawking Pole.*

Donner vn coup de gaule par ſous l'huis. *To lurch ſecretly, or give a privie liſt unto ; to do a ſhrewd turne, or bad office, under hand.*

En Normandie l'on vendange avec la gaule ; Prov. *The Grapes of* Normandy *(viz. Apples, and Peares) are gathered (or beaten downe) with poles.*

Gaulé : m. ée : f. *Beaten with a cudgell ; beaten downe with a pole ; alſo, robbed, or deſpoiled of.*

Gaulée : f. *A beating, or dinging downe (as of fruit, &c.) with poles ; and hence ; a cudgelling, baſting, thwacking, thumping ; alſo, the deceiving, or hurting of trees by an exceſſive, or unſeaſonable beating down of their fruit.*

Gauler. *To dinge, beat, or fetch downe with poles ; and thence, to cudgell, thwack, baſte, belambre ; alſo, to rob, viſite, or deſpoile of.*

Gauleur : m. *An unlearned, or countrey Surveyor, that meaſures land only by the Pole.*

Gaulge. *as* Iauge ; *A gage for caske.*

Gaulger. *as* Iauger.

Gaulgeur : m. *A gager of wine veſſels.*

Gaulois : m. iſe : f. *Of France, French, a Frenchman.*

Gaultier : m. *A mad whorſon, mad wag, rakehell, good-fellow ; alſo, a noddy, ninny, goſecap, coxcombe, idiot ; and, as* Garguille.

Gaultiere : f. *A whore, punke, drab, queane, gill, flirt, ſtrumpet, cockatrice, mad wench, common hackney, good one.*

Gavot : m. *A little ſharpe-toothed, ſcalleſſe, lively, and ſliperie ſea-fiſh, that at firſt ſight reſembles a gudgeon, or the little ſea-dragon ; he lies much under ſtones, and among rockes ; where he is taken (at an ebbing water) ſometimes to the takers paine ; for if he looke not very well to him, he will nip him by the fingers.*

Gavote : f. *A (kind of) Brawle, danced, commonly, by one alone.*

Gaupe : f. *A waſpe.* ℣ Norm. *alſo, as* Gaultiere ; *and hence ;*

C'eſt vne laide gaupe. *She is a filthy ouglie whore ; or (as we ſay) a foule Scawpe.*

† Gauque : f. *as* Cauque ; *a tent for a wound.*

† Gaurrier. *as* Gorrier ; *Arrogant, proud, huffing.*

Gauſſe d'ail. *A clove of Garlick.*

Gauſſé. *Mocked, flowted, ſcoffed, gibed, jeaſted*

feasted at, ridden, derided.

Gausser. *as* Gosser; *To mocke, flowt, scoffe, gibe, jeast at, ride, or deride.*

Gausseur: m. *A mocker, flowter, giber, scoffer, jeaster, derider.*

Gautier. Toile Gautier. *A kind of Seare-cloth; or, Linnen, dipped in a melted Salve.*

Gautte: f. *A Shad-fish; called so about* Bayonne.

Gay. *as* Geay: m. *Also, a Jay; and sometimes (but lesse properly) a Cornish Chough, or Jack Daw.*

Gay; *whence,* Hur le gay. *Drunken, cup-shotten, soundly whitled, throughly tipled.*

Gay: m. gaye: f. *Merry, frolicke, blithe, jollie, cheerefull, jocond, pleasant, gladsome, buxome, light-hearted; lustie, lively; also, willing, hearty; resolute; quick, ready, prompt, in action; also, light, or bright, of colour.*

Perdrix gaye. *as* Gaille.

Gayable: com. *Wadeable, which may be waded over.*

Gayac: m. *Guaicum,* Lignum vitæ, Pockwood.

Gaye: f. *Jet.*

Gayé: m, ée: f. *Waded over.*

Gayement. *Merrily, gladly, joyfully, jocondly, blithly, pleasantly; cheerefully, lustily, willingly, with a heart, with a good will.*

Gayer: m. *A Foord, or wadable passage over a river.*

Gayer. *To wade.*

Gayet: m. *Jet.*

Gayeté: f. *Mirth, glee, livelinesse, cheerefulnesse, joyfulnesse, alacrity, gladnesse; readinesse, willingnesse, heartinesse.*

Gayetier: m. *One that makes all manner of small toies in Jet; also, one that carries people over a foord on his shoulders.*

Gaymau. Pré gay. *as in* Prez guimaux.

Gayole. *A cage; also, a prison.* ¶ Pic.

Gayole d'un moulin. *The trundle; or, a paire of trundleheads.*

Gayoler. *as* Gaioler.

Gayon. *A kind of small fish.*

† Gayvé: m. ée: f. *Wained; left, forsaken, abandoned, relinquished, quitted.*

† Gayver. *To waine; to leave, abandon, relinquish, quit, forsake.*

† Gayves. *Choses gayves, Weises; things forsaken, miscarried, or lost; which not being justly claimed in a yeare and a day, may be lawfully retained by the finder, or by the Lord of the Manner wherein they were found.*

† Gazaille: f. *A Commons, or common field, wherein the inhabitants of severall parishes have distinct parts.*

Gaze: f. *Cushion Canvas; the thinne Canvas that serves women for a ground unto their Cushions, or Passe-worke, &c. also, (the sleight stuffe) Taffany; also, a Mantle, Fall, Scarfe, or long peece thereof; also, wealth, substance, riches, goods; and, a Princes Treasury.*

Gazeau. *as* Gazon.

Gazel. *as* Gazelle.

Gazelle. *A kind of wild Goat.*

Gazette. *A certaine* Venetian *coine scarce worth our farthing; also, a Bill of News; or, a short Relation of the generall occurrences of the time, forged most commonly at* Venice, *and thence dispersed, every moneth, into most parts of Christendome.*

Gazon: m. *A greene sodd, or turfe of earth; also, rich, and fat land.* See Gason.

Gazonné: m, ée: f. *Covered with greene sodd.*

Gazouil, *as* Gazouillis.

Gazouillard: m, arde: f. *Singing, chirping, or warbling, as a bird; that makes a whistling, or whizzing noise.*

Gazouiller. *To sing, whistle, chirpe, as many birds together; also, to warble, as a young bird when it first begins, or learnes, to sing; also, to make, or yeeld a whistling, or whizzing sound.*

L'oiseau gazouille selon qu'il est embecqué; Prov. Like Embecqué.

Gazouilleux. *as* Gazouillard.

Gazouillis: m. *A singing, chirping, warbling, whistling, whizzing; the confused voice, or song of many birds, &c. together.*

Gazouillis de fontaine. *The trickling fall of water from the cocke, or spout, of a Fountaine.*

Gé: m. *Yeast.*

Geais: m. Du g. *Jet.*

Gealloye: f. *A measure containing about twelve of our quarts.*

Geant: m. *A Giant; a man of a huge stature, or size.*

Celuy qui est sur les espaules du geant voit plus loing que celuy qui le porte; Prov. *We, having the aid of our ancestors knowledge, understand somewhat more then they did.*

Geante: f. *A Giantesse; a woman Giant.*

Geanterie: f. *Giantrie; the generation, race, kind, or brood, of Giants.*

Geantin: m. *A young, or little Giant.*

Geantin: m, ine: f. *Giantly, Giant-like, huge-bodied, big made.*

Geantiser. *To Giantize; to make as big as a giant; also, to play the Giant.*

Geau: m. *A Cocke.*

Geay: m. *Jet; also, as* Gay.

Gect: m. *A cast, or throw, as at dice; also, the draught of a Fish-net; also, a Marinter's sounding lead; also, a gard, or welt; also, a full set of Counters.*

Les gects d'un oyseau. *A Hawkes Jesses.*

Gectons: m. *Counters.*

Gede. *A wolshing Bowle.*

Gehainer. *To groane, or grunt.*

Gehenne: f. *A racke, or torture; a place, or instrument of racking, and retching torments.*

Gehenné: m. ée: f. *Racked; retched, or stretched upon a racke; tortured, tormented.*

Gehenner. *To racke, torture, torment; to retch, or stretch upon the racke.*

Gehenneux: m. euse: f. *Full of racking.*

† Gehi: m. ie: f. *Racked, tortured; or wrung out by extreame torture.*

† Gehine: f. *as* Gehenne.

† Gehir. *To racke; to wring out a confession by extreame torture,* (v. m.)

Geindre. *To groane; mourne, lament, complaine (as the oppressed) grievously; also, to croon, crooke, or mourne as a Dove.*

Geine: f. *as* Gehenne.

Geiné: m. ée: f. *Racked; retched, or stretched upon the racke; tortured, tormented in racking; also, extorted by torture.*

Geiner. *To racke, torture, torment; to retch, or stretch upon the racke; to extort confessions by torture.*

Geisses: f. *A kind of flat, or square Peuse, resembling somewhat the Chichling.* ¶ Langued.

Gel. *as* Gelée.

Gelais. Arbaleste à gelais; *a Stone-bow.*

Gelamine; f. *A kind of mineral earth.*

Gelasin: m. *A wrimple in the face, or, a dimple in the cheeke of one that laugheth.*

Gelatine: f. *An excellent white-broth made of the fish* Maigre.

Gelé: m, ée: f. *Frozen; congealed, thickned, or stiffened with extreame cold.*

Gouttes gelées. *Isicles.*

Avoir le bec gelé. *To be tongue-tyed.*

Il est gelé de ne rien faire. *He is even starved with idlenesse.*

Gelée: f. *A frost; also, gelly.*

Geleniabin. *Honey mixt with Roses.* ¶ Arab. ¶ Rab.

Gelement: m. *A freezing, or congealing, by cold.*

Geler. *To freeze; to thicken, or congeale with cold.*

Et plus gele, & plus estraint; Prov. *The more the earth freezes the closer it growes.*

Geleur: m. *A freezer.*

Geline: f. *A Hennie.*

Geline d'Aphrique. *A Guinnie, or Barbary Hennie.*

Geline de bois. *as* Gelinote de bois.

Creste à geline. *The herb Cocxcombe, Prince-grasse, yellow, and white rattle.*

La journée d'une geline. *An egge.*

Laict de geline. *See* Laict.

Pied de geline. *Hermits-foot, Hermits-Claw, badge or yellow Fumetory; also, a trench, ditch, or pit under ground, whereby marshes, and over-moist corne-lands are drained; it is fed by many branches, filled with stone, (through which the moisture hath sufficient passage) and covered all over with earth.*

Geline qui poind, & ne pond; Prov. *A barren sow.*

La geline pond par le bec; Prov. *A Hennie laies as she is fed.*

En aoust les gelines sont soutdes; Pro. *In August Hennes are chaste.*

Iamais grasse geline n'aima chapon; Prov. *A wanton wife never loved a defective husband.*

Iamais chapon crester n'aima geline; Prov. *See* Crester.

Noire geline pond blanc œuf; Prov. *A blacke Henne may breed a white chicke; a blacke woman a beautifull child.*

Pour grasse que soit la geline elle a mestier de sa voisine; Prov. *How rich, or powerfull soever a man be, he may have need of his neighbours.*

Qui naist de geline il aime à grater; Prov. *Cat after kind good Mouse-hunt.*

Gelinette: f. *A little Hennie.*

Gelinette d'eau. *A Coote.*

Gelinette sauvage. *as* Gelinote; *or, as* Francolin (*in the last sence.*)

Gelineux: m. euse: f. *Of, or belonging to, Hennes.*

Geli-

Gelinier: m. *A Hen-houſe, or Hen-rooſt.*
Gelinote: f. *as* Gelinote de bois.
Gelinote de bois. *The pied, or peckled Pheaſant, or wood Henne; ſomewhat rounder bodied, and much daintier meat, then an ordinary Henne.*
Gelinote de Numidie. *The Guinnie Hen.*
Gelure: f. *Ice, froſt; alſo, a freezing.*
Gembette. *as* Iambette. ¶ Rab.
Geme. *Tarre, or Pitch.*
Gemeau: m. *A twin.*
Gemeaux. *Two muſcles of equall bigneſſe, the one outward, the other inward, which ſpringing from the root of the thighs* Condyles, *and meeting in the middle of the leg, make one big griſtle, that ends on the heele; their office is, to turne the thigh a-round inwards.*
Gemelier: m. ere: f. *Double, or twinne-like.*
Arteres gemelieres. *Looke* Artere.
Gemelle: f. *A ſloe twinne.*
Geminé: m. ée: f. *Iterated, doubled, redoubled.*
Geminer. *To double, iterate, redouble.*
Gemir. *To grone; ſigh, ſob, mourne, complaine grievouſly, as thoſe which are oppreſt, or overcharged.*
Gemiſſable: com. *Moſt lamentable, fit to be groned for, or ſighed at.*
Gemiſſement: m. *A groning; ſighing, wailing, ſobbing, mourning, heavy lamentation.*
Gemme: f. *A gemme, a jewell, a pretious ſtone; alſo, pitch.*
Gemmé. couleur gemmée. *A pearle, or peacocke colour.*
Gemmeux: m. euſe: f. *Pretious, rich, full of gemmes, jewels, pretious ſtones.*
Genaux: m. *Caſters of Nativities.*
Gencive: f. *A gumme.*
Souliers à double gencive. *Double ſoled, or two-ſoled ſhooes.*
Gendarme: m. *A man of Armes; a horſeman armed at all points; one that ſerves in compleat armour, and on a great horſe.*
Genſdarmes des Ordonnances. *The ordinary men of Armes of* France; *firſt reduced by* Charles *the ſeventh (in the yeare 1444.) into certaine Companies, and under particular Orders; Part whereof be; that the* Gendarme *muſt be, at the youngeſt, between 20 and 21 yeares old; and muſt have been, at leaſt, one yeare, an* Archer *(which no man ſhould be but a Gentleman borne, and bred; or one that hath been a Captaine, Lieutenant, Enſigne, or Sergeant Major of a foot-Companie ſixe yeares:) He muſt alſo keep three horſes; two for ſervice, and one for his baggage; In regard whereof &c. he hath 400. l. Tourn. of ordinarie, and yearely, entertainment; (Theſe* Genſdarmes *were at firſt only 1500. but ſince they have been increaſed unto 100. Companies.)*
se Gendarmer. *To ſtrout, or ſquare it like a man of armes; to put the better leg before; alſo, to tricke, ſet out, or ſtirre up, himſelfe; to prepare himſelfe for a ſcuffling; to arme himſelfe with all his helps, againſt a warre.*
Gendarmerie: f. *The Gendarmrie, men of Armes, or compleat horſemen, of an army; a troope of great thoſe.*
Gendre: m. *A ſonne in law; (by the marriage of a daughter.)*
D'une fille deux gendres; Prov. *Two friends gotten by one good office performed, or favour done; a ſeverall gaine drawne from ſundry men by the venting, or uſe, of one thing.*
Tel eſt le gendre comme le ſoleil d'hyver; Prov. viz. *That does but a little good, and that for a little while.*
Gendreſſe: f. *A daughter in law (by the marriage of a ſonne.)*
Genealogie: f. *A Genealogie; Pedegree.*
General: m. *A Generall, or chiefe Commander, of an Armie; or of an Order of Friers, &c.*
Les generaux des Aides. *Were at firſt foure Commiſſioners deputed for the levying of the* Aides *throughout all the kingdome; to which end each of them had aſſigned him certaine gengrall Provinces, whoſe particular Townes, Dioceſſes, and Diviſions he rated at ſuch ſums as hee thought they could beare: At length by reaſon of the warres they were made ordinary Officers; and have ſince increaſed much in number, and ſomewhat in authoritie; being Aſſiſtants, and next in degree, unto* les Preſidens de la Cour des Aides; *whereof they are ſtiled ordinarily,* Conſeillers generaux, *or* Generaux Conſeillers.
Les Generaux des finances. *The Treaſurers, or diſpoſers of the publique treaſure; or as* Threſoriers de France.
Les Generaux des Monnoyes. *Are Counſellors aſſiſtant unto the Preſidents of the Court of Moneyes, and the ordinary riders of Circuit for that Court; In which ſervice halfe of them (by halfe-yearely turnes) are ſtill abroad, (licenſing, and ſwearing of Goldſmiths, and giving them authority to fine their* Lavcures; *viſiting, and ſearching the houſes of money-changers; and providing, in generall, that the Orders of that Court be duly obſerved, and the breakers thereof quickly reformed, or informed againſt) whileſt the other halfe attend, and ſit in, the Court, without any vacation, from before eight unto ten of the cloke in the forenoone, and from three to five in the afternoone. Theſe are alſo tearmed* Conſeillers generaux de la Cour des Monnoyes.
Les Generaux provinciaux, & ſubſidiaires, des Monnoyes. *Whereof there is one belonging to every one of the ſeven (inferiour) Parliaments, within the precincts whereof he rides his circuit, with authority like unto the* Generaux *that be ſent from the Court of Moneyes, unleſſe they meet; for then he gives them place, and does nothing before he have acquainted them withall.*
Les quatre Generaux. *The foure high Treaſurers of* France; *or may be alſo meant of the* Generaux des Aides, *who in their firſt inſtitution were but foure.*
General: m. ale: f. *Generall, univerſall; common, or kindly, unto all.*
Conſeillers generaux de la Cour des Aides; &, de la Cour des Monnoyes; *as* Les generaux des Aides; & des Monnoyes.
Les Threſoriers generaux. *Tearmed otherwiſe,* Les Threſoriers de France; *whereof there is a number certaine in every Generaltie. Looke* Threſorier.
La Generale: f. *An Admirall gallie, or ſhip.*
Generalement. *Generally, univerſally, all-comprehending, altogether.*
Generalité: f. *Generalitie, generalneſſe, univerſality; alſo, a Generaltie; a place of generall receit of the* Finances; *whereof there be at this day, 21. viz.* Paris, Rouen, Caen, Nantes, Tours, Bourges, Poictiers, Agen, Tholouſe, Montpellier, Aix, Grenoble, Lyon, Dijon, Chaalons, Amiens, Orleans, Lymoges, Soiſſons, *and* Moulin; *each having it peculiar limits, and Officers.*
Generateur: m. *An ingenderer, begetter, father, progenitor, creator.*
Generatif: m. iue: f. *Generative; ingendring; of an ingendring facultie, or breeding power.*
Generation: f. *A Generation, linage, brood, kind; alſo, an ingendring, begetting, breeding.*
Generatrice. humeur generatrice, *which breedeth, or ingendreth.*
† Generé: m. ée: f. *Ingendred, begotten, bred, brought forth; made, created, forged, framed.*
† Generer. *To beget, or ingender, as the male; to breed, or bring forth, as the female; to make, forge, create, frame.*
Genereux: m. euſe: f. *Generous; noble, gentle, worthie, gallant; of a brave humour, of an excellent race, of the right ſtampe, of a good kind; alſo, valiant, courageous, hardie, ſtout.*
Plaids genereux. *Seſſions; Aſſiſes.* ¶ Valenciennois.
Vin genereux. *Strong, luſtie, mightie wine.*
Generoſité: f. *Generoſitie; gentilitie, gentrie; generouſneſſe, noblaneſſe, great worthineſſe; braverie of diſpoſition, gallantneſſe of humour; courage, valour, ſtoutneſſe.*
Geneſie: f. *Generation, nativitie; alſo, a kind of herb of ſundry colours.*
Geneſt: m. *Broome; (eſpecially that kind thereof which is called, Baſtard Spaniſh Broome.)*
Geneſt d'Afrique. *as* Geneſt d'Eſpaigne *Spaniſh Broome.*
Geneſt d'Eſpaigne. *Spaniſh Broome; (ſome alſo tearme* Gaude *ſo, becauſe they reſemble one another,)*
Geneſt eſpineux. *Furres, Whinnes, Gorſe, Thorne-broome.*
Petit geneſt. *Sweet Broome, Heath, or Ling.*
Geneſtay: m. *A broome cloſe.*
Geneſte: f. *Ordinarie Broome, or the Broom whereof Beeſomes are made; alſo, a kind of garden herbe reſembling Beets.*
Geneſteux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Broome.*
Geneſtier: m. ere: f. *Of Broome, belonging to Broome.*
Geneſtriere: f. *A ground, or country full of Broome, or Juniper.*
Genet: m. *A kind of bit with a round port; a bit for a Genet; a Genet-bit.*
Genethliaque. *Birth, nativitie.*
Genethliatique. *A Caſter, or calculator of Nativities.*
Genette: f. *A Genet, or Spaniſh horſe; alſo, a bit for a Genet; alſo, a kind of Weeſell, black-ſpotted, and bred in Spaine.*
Vne houſſe à la genette. *A very ſhort foot-cloth.*
Ordre de la genette. *Seeke* Ordre.

Che-

Chevaucher à la genette. *To ride with very ſhort ſtirrups.*
Genevre: m. *Juniper.*
Genevrier: m. *A ſhrub, or plant of Juniper.*
Genevrier rouge. *Cedar-Juniper; the crimzon, or prickly Cedar.*
† Gengive: ſ. *as* Gencive; *A Gun.*
Genial: m. ale: f. *Geniall; belonging to luck, or chance; or to a mans nature, diſpoſition, inclination.*
Genie. la g. *Ones good, or bad angell; alſo, his nature, inſtinct, inclination, originall diſpoſition.*
Geniculiere. *The herb Salomons-ſeale,* Scala cœli, *white-root, or White-wort.*
Genillette. *A Henne.* ¶ Savoyard.
Genin: m. *A Wittall.*
Geniſſe: f. *A heyfer.*
Mener la geniſſe au taureau. *To play the Baud, ſell a Virginity, proſtitute a maid.*
Genital. *Genitall, fit for breed, apt to beget, ſerving to ingender.*
Genitif: m. *The Genitive caſe.*
Genitif: m. iue: f. *Naturall, ingendering, of an ingendering faculty.*
Genitoires: m. *The genitories, or genitals; the privy parts, the inſtruments of generation.*
Geniture: f. *A race, linage, progeny, generation; alſo, a birth; an ingendering, breeding, begetting.*
Genne: f. *as* Gehenne.
Genner. *as* Gehenner.
Genoillet: m. *The herb called White-root, or White-wort, Salomons ſeale, and* Scala cœli.
Genoilliere: f. *as* Genoillet.
Genouil: m. *A knee; alſo, a certaine piece of crooked wood in the poope of a ſhip.*
Rompre l'anguille au genouil. *To attempt impoſſibilities; to labour in vain.*
Genouillé: m. ée: f. *Knotty; kneed; full of joints, as the ſtaulke of ſome herbes.*
Genouillée: f. *Kneed graſſe; alſo, as* Geniculiere. *; Some alſo call the herbe Stitchwort ſo, beeauſe it is full of joints.*
Genouillere: f. *Salomons ſeale,* Scala cœli, *white-root, White-wort.*
Genouilleres: f. *Pully-pieces (Armour) for the knees.*
Genouillet: m. *A little knee; alſo, a knot, or joynt in the ſtaulke of an herbe or of corne; alſo, as* Genoillet.
Genre: m. *Kind; a kinde of.*
Gens: m. *Men, people, folke, nations, inhabitants of a countrey; alſo, the ordinary attendants, or followers of a great man.*
Gens d'armes. *Compleat horſemen, men of Armes. Look* Gensdarmes.
Gens de comptes. *The Offi[illegible] Overſeers of the Chamber of Accompts.*
Gens de corps, ou de corſage. *Villeines; or ſuch as hold by a ſervile tenure.*
Gens d'egliſe. *The Miniſtery, Clergy, Church-men; Prelates, Prieſts, Friers, &c.*
Gens de Iuſtice. *Counſellors, Judges, Juſticers, Magiſtrates, Officers of Juſtice.*
Gens de main morte. *as* Gens de poeſte.
Gens de meſtier. *Artificers, or handicrafts-men.*
Gens d'Ordonnance. *Trained horſemen; or, as* Gensdarmes des Ordonnances.
Gens perdus. *Deſperate people; alſo, ſouldiers expoſed unto the greateſt hazards; the forlorne hope.*
Gens de pied. *Footmen; or th'Infantry of an Army.*
Gens de poeſte, poſte, au pote. *Yeomen,* Roturiers; *ignoble vaſſals, or tenants; unnoble perſons.*
Gens de robbe longue. *Lawyers; alſo, all others, whoſe civill profeſſion enjoyns them, ordinarily, to weare long gowns.*
Les gens du Roy. *The Kings Counſell learned.*
Gens de ſac & de licol. *Raſcals, rakehels; rogues, vagabonds, loytering ſcoundrels; alſo, begging Friers.*
Gens de ſuitte. *Villeines. Look* Suitte.
Gens de voirie. *Scavingers, Dung-farmers, Gold-finders.*
Gens de bien ſont touſiours gracieux; Prov. *Good men are ever gracious, affable, courteous.*
A gens de bien on ne pert rien; Prov. *One ſeldome loſes by dealing with, or dwelling neer, honeſt men.*
De gens de bien vient tout bien; Prov. *From good men comes all goodneſſe.*
Les gens de bien ſont touſiours bien, ont touſiours bien, & ſont touſiours bien; Prov.
Il y a gens & gens; Prov. *There are of all ſorts, good and bad; there is much choice of, great difference in, men; one ſhould not expect (that cannot deſerve) as much as another.*
Tant de gens tant de guiſes; Prov. *As many different natures as nations; as many ſeverall faſhions as folke.*
Gens d'-armes. *Look* Gendarme.
Genſemy: m. *The little ſweet flower Jaſmine,* Gelſomine, *or* Geſſe.
Gent: f. *A nation, people; ſtock, race, kind, linage, family, kindred. Look* Gens.
Gent: m. gente: f. *Neat, ſpruce, fine, compt, pretty, picked, well arrayed, featly ſuited, quaintly dreſſed, handſomely attired; alſo, gentle, pliant, ſoft, eaſie.*
Le gent corps. *Anciently ſignified one of a ſmall ſtature; and may yet be applied to a pretty dapper man, or (if a woman) to a pretty ſoule.*
Gente: f. *as* Iante.
Gentément. *Neatly, ſprucely, finely, compt-, prettily, featly, quaintly, handſomely; alſo, gently, eaſily, ſoſily, gingerly.*
Gentiane: f. *Gentian, Bitterwort, Fellwort, Baldmoine, or Baldmony.*
Gentiane grande. *Great Gentian; bears a yellow flower.*
Gentiane moindre. *Croſſewort Gentian; bearing a blew flower.*
Gentiane petite. *Little Croſſewort Gentian; bears a ſmall red flower.*
Gentienne. *as* Gentiane.
Gentifame: f. *A Gentlewoman.*
Gentil: m. ile: f. *Gentle, tame, tractable, mild; affable, courteous, gracious; kind, loving; pliant, ſoft, ſupple, tender; ſmooth; alſo, comely, ſightly; pretty, quaint, neat, fine; well-faſhioned, well-behaved; goodly, faire; gallant, noble; delightſome, pleaſant; alſo, Gentile, Pagan, Heathenish; (When Gallia was conquered by the* Francs, *or ancient French, the* Gaules, *who were at that time Chriſtians, tearmed the Conquerors, by reaſon of their Heathenish Religion,* Gentils, *or* Gentils hommes.)
Gentil bois. *Wild Line, wild Flax.*
Bois gentil. *Spurge-Flax, German Olive Spurge, Mizereon, Dwarfe Bay.*
Ouvrier gentil à l'hotpital; Prov. *The fine workman dies in an Hoſpitall; (whether his pride, idleneſſe, or ill-husbandry ſeldome faulcs to ſend him.) Looke* Ouvrier.
Gentileſſe: f. *Gentry, Gentility, Nobility.*
Gentileſſes. *Pretty conceits, deviſes, knacks, feats, tricks.*
Gentilhomme: m. *A Gentleman; alſo, a certaine hollow engine (ſet thicke on th'outſide with pikes, and charged with powder and ſhot) which diſcharged, ſcatters it ſelfe, to the ruine of thoſe it lights on. Look* Gentil.
Gentihomme ſervant. *A waiter, or attendant on the King, at meale-times.*
Gentilhomme de ville. *A Gentleman of the firſt head, an upſtart Gentleman.*
Il iure comme vn Gentilhomme. *He ſweares after a thouſand pound a yeere.*
Gentilhommeau: m. *A ſmall, or ſingle-ſoled, Gentleman; a Gentleman of low degree.*
Gentiliſer. *To gentilize it, live as the Heathen, play the Pagan.*
Gentiliſme: m. *Paganiſme, Heatheniſhneſſe.*
Gentilité: f. *The ſame.*
† Gentillaſtre: m. *A meane Gentleman; a new Gentleman, one that is ſcarce a Gentleman; one that paſſes, or affects to go, for a Gentleman, though he be none.*
† Gentillaſtreté: f. *Poore gentry, meane gentry; uſurped, or new gentry.*
Gentillement. *Gently, lovingly, kindly, graciouſly; ſoſtly, tenderly; neatly, quaintly, handſomely; nobly, gallantly.*
Gentils. les Gentils. *The Gentiles, Pagans, Heathen people.*
Gentiment. *as* Gentement; *or as* Gentillement.
Gentre. *Look* Iantre.
Genuflexion: f. *A bowing, or bending, of the knee.*
Geoffroy. *Geffrey; a proper name.*
Geographie: f. *The deſcription of the earth; Geographie.*
Geographique: com. *Geographicall, earth-deſcribing.*
Geolage: m. *A Goalerſhip; or the being in Goale; alſo, the fee that's due to a Goaler at th'entry, and departure of a priſoner.*
Geole: f. *A Goale, or Priſon; alſo, a cage, or coop for birds; alſo, the pinne, or circle in the middle of a white, or mark, at ſhooting.*
† Geoliage. *as* Geolage.
Geolier: m. *A Goaler, a Keeper.*
Geoliere: f. *A Goalers wife, a woman Goaler.*
Geollage. *as* Geolage.
Geolle, & Geollier. *Look* Geole, & Geolier.
Geomantie: f. *Divination by points, and circles made on the earth.* ¶ Rab.
Geometrie. *Geometrie; the meaſuring, or pro-*

proportioning of figures.
Geometrien : m. *A Geometrician; a profeſſor of, or Maſter in Geometrie.*
Geometrique, *Geometricall; of, or, belonging to, Geometrie.*
Pied Geometrique. *The Geometricall foot; is foure hand-breadthes, or ſixteene fingers-breadthes.*
Geraffe, *as* Giraffe.
Geratien. *A kind of blackiſh ſtone.*
Gerbe de blé. *A sheafe of corne.*
Faire gerbe de ſoarre à dieu. *To mocke, ſcorne, abuſe, delude defraud God of his right; or (in matters of Religion, and conſcience, where bountie is required) to play the nicher; In the Jews law it was held a great impietie in any man to give the Levites chaffe, or ſtraw, in ſtead of corne; thence came this Proverbe, wherein many, abuſively, uſe* Barbe, *in ſtead of* Gerbe.
Gerbé : m. ée : f. *Bound up (as corne) into ſheaves; alſo, ranged, ranked, or placed in order, one upon another.*
Gerbée : f. *A ſhocke, halfe-threave, or heape of ſheaves; alſo, a bundle of ſtraw.*
Gerber des javelles. *To bind corne of ſwath into ſheaves; to sheave up corne.*
Gerber des tonneaux. *To raunge, or ſet wine veſſels one upon another.*
Gerbier : m. *A ſtacke, or halfe-threave, of corne; alſo, a great Garner to keep ſalt in.*
Gerbiere : f. *A reeke, or ſtacke, of corne.*
Gercé : m. ée : f. *Chapped, riven, cleft, chawned, with cold.*
† Gercer. *To sleeve, rive, cut in many places, and by ſmall clefts; to chinke, chap, chawne (as the North wind does) the face, hands, &c.*
† Gerceure. *as* Iarſure; *or* Gerſure.
Gere : f. *The Hebrew halfepenny, ſomewhat more then our penny, 40 of them going to the ounce.*
Geré : m. ée : f. *Done, wrought, executed, managed, handled; alſo, carried, brought, or borne.*
Gerer. *To doe, make, worke, exerciſe, execute, manage, handle; alſo, to carry, or beare.*
Gerfault : m. *A Gerfalcon; the greateſt of Hawkes; called alſo,* Faulcon gerfaut.
Germain. *(A proper name for a man)* German.
Germain : m. ine : f. *Germaine; come of the ſame ſtock, bred of the ſame kind; neere of kinne, of all one race.*
Germaine. *The name of an Apple; that yeeldes verie cleere, and pleaſant Cyder.*
Germandrée : f. *Germander, Engliſh treacle (an herbe.)*
Germandrée aquatique, ou d'eau. *Water Germander, Scordion, Garlicke Germander.*
Germandrée baſtarde. *Baſtard, or wild Germander.*
Germe des arbres, herbes, &c : m. *A young ſhoote, ſprout, bud, ſprig, or twig of trees, &c.*
Germe des aulx, oignons, &c. *The middle ſtaulkes, which are betweene the blades, and roots of Garlicke, Onions, &c.*
Germe d'vn oeuf. *The ſperme of an egge; the little ſtring which is on either ſide of the yolke of a raw, or a reare, egge.*
Fauls germe. *A Mooncalfe; a hard ſwelling, or ſhapeleſſe peece of fleſh in the wombe, which makes women beleeve they are with child when they are not.*
Germe. *A faſhion of open boat, or bark, without hatches, uſed in the* Levant *Seas for the tranſportation of merchandiſe, and paſſengers.*
Germé : m. ée : f. *Budded, burgeonned, ſprouted, ſprung out, put forth.*
Germement : m. *A ſprouting, budding, burgeonning, putting forth, ſhouting out, of trees, &c.*
Germer. *To ſprout, bud, burgeon, ſpring, put forth, ſhoute out, yong ſprigs, buds, tenderells, &c.*
Germeux : m. euſe : f. *Sprouting, budding, burgeonning; alſo, full of yong ſprigs, or buds; alſo, full of ſeed.*
Germination : f. *A ſprouting, &c.* as Germinement.
Geron. *Looke* Giron.
Gerre : f. *The ſmall, or white Cackerell fiſh; or as* Picarel.
Gerſe : f. *A wood-louſe; or Ladicow.*
Gerſé : m. ée : f. *Looke* Gercé.
Gerſure : f. *A cleft, riſt, chinke, chap, chawne, alſo, the nib of a pinne.*
Geſante. vne geſ. *A woman that lieth in.*
Geſier. *as* Ieſier. *The guiſerne of a bird.*
Geſine : f. *A lying in childbed; a lying in.*
Bras à la poictrinie, jambe en geſine; Prov. *Keepe a ſore arme to thy boſome, a ſore leg in thy bed.*
Geſir. *To lie, to lie down, along, or long by it; to lie in child-bed, or in the ſtraw, as a woman; alſo, to conſiſt, or reſt in; alſo, to remaine, or abide.*
Geſir aupres. *To lie neere unto, to bound, abut, or border upon.*
Nous ſçavons ou giſt le lievre. *Seek* Lievre.
Ma vie euſt ieu en cela. *My life had lien therein, or depended thereon.*
Tant gratte la cheure que mal giſt; Prov. *One often ſpeeds the worſe for being too curious, or deſirous of ſpeeding well. Looke* Cheure.
Tout ce que giſt en peril n'eſt pas perdu; Prov. *All is not loſt that is in danger.*
Geſne. *as* Gebenne; *Racking, torture.*
Geſſe : f. *A common ſinke, or ſewer; a gutter for the voiding of ordure.* ¶ Bretton.
Geſſes. *A kind of peaſe; as* Geiſſes.
Geſtation : f. *A bearing, or carrying.*
Geſte : m. *Geſture, faſhion, behaviour, carriage, demeanor; alſo, a making of ſignes, or countenances; a motion, or ſtirring of any part of the bodie.*
† Geſtion : f. *An action; or, an acting, doing, exploiting.*
† Geſver. *as* Gueſver.
Get : m. *A caſting, or throwing out; alſo, a ſet of counters; alſo, (the blacke hard earth, or minerall, called) Jet.*
Getiſſe. terre getiſſe. *Such as is throwne out of a houſe, &c.*
Gets. *Looke* Geſts.
Getéen : m. enne : f. *Of Jet; blacke as Jet.*
Getter. *as* Ieſter; *To caſt, &c.*
Getronner. *To bud, ſprout, or ſhute out.*
Gettons : m. *Counters.*
Gettons des arbres. *Buds. Looke* Iections.
Geve : f. *A cage, coop, or open basket; to keep chickins, &c. in.*
† Geural : m. *A Certificate, Paſſeport, or Safeconduct for a traveller.*
Geure. *as* Gjure.
Ghirlande. *A Garland.*
Giaret : m. *A ſmall bright-coloured ſeafiſh, not much unlike to, but that it is ſomewhat leſſe (and yet bigger ſcaled) then, the Cackarell.* ¶ Marſeillois.
Gibbar. *A kind of ſlender, and long-noſed Whale, that hath a bulch backe, and a pipe on his forehead, out of which he ſpouts water with great violence.*
Gibbaſſe : f. *A pouch, or budget; alſo, a great bunch, or butch-like ſwelling.*
Gibbe : f. *A bunch, or ſwelling; a bulch; any thing that ſtands poking out.*
Gibbecier : m. *A pouch-maker.*
Gibbeciere : f. *A pouch, bag, poake, budget.*
Gibbet : m. *A gibbet, gallow tree, faire of gallowes; (In France all Gentlemen that have* Haute Iuſtice, *have alſo (or may have) gibbets (for the executing of malefactors) within their territories, though (ordinarily) with ſome difference in making, or faſhion, according to their difference in eſtate, or dignitie; for the gibbet of the (ſimple) high* Iuſticier *hath but two pillers; the Lord* Chattelaines, *three; the Barons, foure; the Earls, ſix; & the Dukes, eight; And yet theſe differences are more preciſe then generall; for all cuſtomes agree not in them.)*
Que gibbet veut dire cecy? *What a miſchiefe meane you by this?*
Il eſt plus malheureux que le bois dont on fait le gibbet. *He is a moſt unfortunate man.*
Au gibbet le repentir vient trop tard; Prov. *Too late he repents that repents at the gallowes.*
Les beaux hommes au gibbet; Pro. *Faire men come often to fowle ends; the properer the men the worſe their lucke.*
Gibbeux : m. euſe : f. *Hulch, bunched, much ſwelling, imboſſed.*
Gibbeyer. *as* Gibboyer.
Gibbier : m. *Game (of any kind that is hunted, or hawked at; but moſt properly, the latter) fowle; whence;*
Gaule de gibbier. *A hawking pole.*
Cecy n'eſt pas de voſtre gibbier. *This is not your trade, not your profeſſion; this is no ſubject for you to ſpeake, no courſe for you to deale in; you are here out of your proper element.*
Chacun à ſon gibbier. *Every one to that he is fit for, to that he hath skill in.*
Eſtre en beau gibbier. *To be faire, and fat; to like exceeding well.*
Gibboſité : f. *The being bulch-backt; ſwelling, bunchineſſe.*
Gibboyer. *To hawke; hunt; fowle, or ſhoot at fowle.*
Gibboyeur : m. *A Fowler, or Gunner; one that ordinarily ſhoots at fowle.*
Gibet. *as* Gibbet.
Gibets. *Little packets of grapes wrapt up in fig leaves, whereby they are preſerved freſh two yeares together.*
Gibier. *Look* Gibbier.
Giblet : m. *A gimlet, or piercer.*
Giboleé : f. *A ſwift, great, and ſudden ſhowre of raine.*

Gibou-

Giboulée. *as* Giblée.

Gieroglifique : com. *Gieroglifically, like, or belonging to, Gieroglinckes.*

Giez. *as* Gects; *A hawkes gesse.*

Gifflard : m. arde : f. *Chuffie, full-cheekt; swollen, or puft up, in the face, and throat.*

Giffle : f. *A cheeke, or chap; or (most properly) the bag on either side of the chap, wherein meat is bidden, or held.*

Gigandal : m. ale : f. *Huge, monstrous big, Giant-like.*

Gigantal. *The same.*

Gigantin : m. ine : f. *Huge, big-boned, of an extraordinarie stature, Giant-like.*

Gigantomachie : f. *The warres of the Giants against the gods.*

Gigot (de mouton.) *A leg (of mutton) cut large with the whole bone at it, and so roasted; some also, call so a joyne from which the chine is taken.*

Gigoteau : m. *A knuckle, or the vimie end of the leg.*

Gaigner les gigoteaux. *To betake him to his legs, to shew his heeles, to vanne away.*

Gigotte. chausses à la gigotte. *Looke* Chausses.

Gile. *as* Gille.

Gille. faire gille. *To slip, give the slip; runne away; and hence will some in choller say:* Avant gille; *Out, be packing, be gone.*

Gilles. (*A proper name*) Giles : m. Mal de S. Gilles. *A kind of Cancer, or Fistula.*

Pomme de S. Gilles. *A certaine greene sweet apple.*

Vis S. Gilles. *A fashion of winding staires, vaulted under the steps.*

Faire Gilles. *as* Faire gille.

Gimbelet : m. *A gimlet, or piercer.*

† Gimbreter. *To play the wanton, to do lasciviously, to leacher it.*

† Gimbreteux : m. euse : f. *Leacherous, wanton, lascivious.*

Gimpier : m. *A maker of crepines for hoods.*

† Gindre. *See* Geindre.

Gingembre : m. *Ginger.*

Gingembre blanc. *White Ginger.*

Gingembre de lardin. *The herbe Dittanie, or, Dittander; some also call so, the plant that beares* Guinie *Pepper.*

Gingembré : m. ée : f. *Begingered, seasoned, or strewed with Ginger.*

Gingioule : f. *A longish, and yellow fruit of a reasonable good taste, but inferiour to the Lozeberrie, for which it hath been mistaken by some Authors.*

Gingioulier : m. *The narrow-leaved tree that beares the* Gingioule.

Ginglyme : m. *A mutuall receiving, or lodging of one bone within another.*

Ginguets : m. *Sower wines; a tearme first given them in the yeare 1555, which being extraordinarie cold, and moist, the grapes could not possibly ripen.*

Ginguette : f. *Small, poore, or sower wine; called so about* Tours.

Gippon : m. *A (short) Cassock; also, a rag, clowt, or tatter, throwne up and downe.*

Cottonner le moule du gippon. *To eat much, to ballast the belly, stuffe the guts; to feed soundly, or excessively.*

Gips : m. *Monster, Plaister,* Fargel.

Giraffe : f. *A certaine spotted, and long-necked beast, (gotten (as tis thought) by a Cammell on a female Panther) whose forelegs are much longer then her hinder; both which she moves, as she goes (in their severall turnes) together.*

Girandin : m. *A certaine Swyne-like bird, that useth to wind, or wheele about, in rising.*

Girasole : f. *A Girasole, or precious stone, of the kind of Opalls, that yeelds an eye-like lustre, which way soever you turne it, unlesse it be opposite to the Sunne; for then it casts forth the beames like the Sun.*

Giraudette : f. *The name of an Apple.*

Girbe : f. *The cause, or Kell, wherein the bowells be wrapped.*

Giré : m. ée : f. *Veered, or turned with the winde; twirled, whirled, or wynced about.*

Girelle : f. *A little sharp-nosed rock-fish in the Italian seas; that bites fishers, and swimmers like a flea.*

Girer. *To veere, or turne with the wind, to twirle, whirle, or wheele about.*

Girets : m. *Armour for the thighes of horsses.*

Giroflade. *as* Giroflée : ¶ Dangued.

Giroflade de mer. *A certaine Gillyflower-like excrescence growing on rockes.*

Girofle. clous de girofle. *Cloves.*

Girofié : m. ée : f. *Sea-sticke, sweet-ned, or seasoned with Cloves.*

Girofle-ze. *Made of Cloves, or of Gilloflowers.*

Girofliée : f. *A Gilloflower; and most properly, the clove Gilloflower.*

Girofliée jaulne. *The Wall-flower, or yall Gilloflower.*

Girofliée de Inde. *A kind of Tansie that beares a flower like a Gilloflower; or, as* Oeillet d'Inde; *the French Marigold, African Gilloflower, or Gingiolme flower.*

Girole : f. *The skirwort, or Skirret-root.*

Gironmantie : m. *Divination by circles.* ¶ Rab.

Giron : m. *The lap, or bosome.*

Tender le giron en la justice. *A descendant to appeare, and confesse the Action.*

Il ne se faut fier ni à femme ny au giron. Pro. (*For neither of them (the) very surely the things intrusted unto them.*)

Gironnée : f. *A lapfull, or bosomefull of.*

Gironomique : com. *Circular.* ¶ Rab.

Girouet : m. *as* Girouette.

Girouëtte : f. *A fane, or weather-flag; also, (but nothing so properly) a weather-cocke.*

Girouëtté : m. ée : f. *Furnished with a fane, or weathercocke; also, inconstant, variable, turned by every winde, as a fane.*

† Girousle. *as* Giroste.

Giroule. *as* Girole; *A Sherret root.*

Gisant : m. *The lowest of the three tailes of a Cart, &c.*

Le gisant d'vn moulin. *The Bed, Bedder, or nether mill-stone.*

Gisant : m. ante : f. *Lying, layed along.*

Gisante : f. *A woman that lyes in.*

Gisié : m. *The gysorne of birds.*

Giste : m. *A bed, couch, lodging, place to lie on, or to rest in.*

Giste d'vn lievre. *The forme of a hare.*

Droict de giste. *Looke under* Droict.

Toust attrapée est la souris qui n'a pour giste qu'vn pertuis; Prov. *Looke* Souris.

Giste de bœuf : f. *A round, of beefe; a long, and fleshie peece, cut out from betweene the flanke, and buttocke.*

Gith, *Herbe gilden, Bishops wort, Saint Katherines flower,* Nigella Romana.

Gith sauvage. *Wild Gith, wild Nigella.*

Giue : *Sid sprig, or putting out, in a Branch.*

Giver. *as* Girer.

Givereau : m. *A pide, or blacke and white water-fowle, somewhat lesse then a Ducke.*

Giure : m. *A white, or hoare frost upon trees after great, and long freezing.*

Glace : f. *Ice; also, the glasse of a looking glasse.*

Alun de glace. *Roche Allum, so termed because at first it is melted, and made in great glasses, like yce.*

Estaim de glace. *Looke* Estaim.

Ferré à glace. *Shod with frost-nailes (whence) also, steady-footed, sure of foot, seldome slipping, sailing, or falling.*

Gosier ferré à glace. *An hardened or senselesse palate, a paved mouth.*

Glacé : m. ée : f. *Frozen, congealed, hardened, turned into, covered over with, yce; also benummed, or growne senselesse by extremitie of cold; also, fleshbasted, as the lining of a cloake, &c. also, inserted, or foisted, as a word into a chapter, &c. into a booke.*

Glacer. *To freeze, harden, congeale, turne into yce; to cover, or overcast with yce; also to benumme, beclumpse, make senselesse, by extreame cold; also, to flesh-baste; or stitch downe the lyning of a garment, thereby to keep it from sagging.*

Glacer vn mot. *To insert, put, thrust, or foist a word into a writing.*

Glacial : m. ale : f. *Icie, overgrowne with yce, ever frozen, or congealed by extreame cold; also, extreamely cold.*

Glacis : m. *A plaine made sliperie by wet lately fallen, and frozen on; also, a sloaping banke or causy; also, a sloaping, slopinesse, gentle bending downewards; and hence;*

En glacis. *Sloaping, sloape, gently inclining, declining by little and little.*

Glaçoir : m. *A Jakes, or Privie.*

Glaçons : m. *Icicles, or flakes of yce; also, flawes in stones resembling flakes of yce.*

Gladiateur : m. *A Fencer, or Master of Fence.*

Gladiation : f. *Fencing.*

† Glagou. *as* Glayeul; *or, Sedge; also, a dor, or collar of pigeon spet out.*

Glaieul. *as* Glayeul.

Glainage : m. *A gleaning.*

Glaine : m. ée : f. *Gleaned.*

Glainer. *as* Glaner. *To gleane.*

Glaineur : m. *A gleaner.*

Glaire : f. *Gravell, sand, and small pible stones, or, sand mingled with flawes; also, a whitish, and slimie soyle.*

La glaire d'vn œuf. *The white of an egge.*

Glaireux : m. euse : f. *Slimie; also, gravelly, full of gravell.*

Terre glaireuse (in Maison Rustique.) *as* Terre glaize.

Glais. *as* Glayeul; *Corne-flag, Corne-sedge, Corne-gladen.*

Glaitch. *as* Glais.

Glaive: m. *A Gleave, or Sword; alſo, a Launce, or boſcmans ſtaffe.*

Glaize. terre glaize. *A moiſt, and ſlimie white ſoile.*

Glammet: m. *A Mew, or Sea-mew.*

Gland: m. *An Acorne; Maſt of Oakes, or other trees.*

Gland de Iupiter. *A Cheſnut.*

Gland de mer. *A kind of Muſcle, or ſhell-fiſh, that ſomewhat reſembles an Acorne.*

Gland onguentaire. *The Aromaticall nut, or fruit, whereof the Perfumers vſe of Benne is made.*

Attendre le gland qui tombe. *To liue in expectation of profit, or preferment (at Court, &c.)*

Glandage: m. *Maſt; alſo, Maſtage; the ſeaſon of turning hogs into the woods; the feeding of hogs, by Maſt, in woods; the Agiſtment, or laying of ſwine into maſtie woods.*

Glandage: m. ée: f. *Fed, or nouriſhed (as hogs) with maſt.*

Glandager les porceaux. *To feed, or nouriſh hogs with Maſt; to agiſt, or lay ſwine in maſtie woods.*

Glandaux. *The name of a kind of Olives.*

Glande: f. *A kernell; a fleſhie ſubſtance filled with pores, and growing betweene the fleſh and skin.*

Glande pituitaire. *A certaine kernell in the head, which receiues the excrements contained in the Turnell thereof.*

Glandée. bonne glandée. *Good ſtore of Maſt, a good yeare for Acornes.*

Glandeer. *To get, or gather Maſt.*

Glandeux: m. euſe: f. *Maſty, full of Maſt, well ſtored with Acornes.*

Glandier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to Maſt; alſo, as* Glandeux.

Glands: m. *Pellets, Bullets.*

Glandulaire: com. *Kernelly; of a kernell, like a kernell, in kernells.*

Glandule: f. *A little kernell.*

Glandule carniforme. *A great, fleſhie, and ſoft kernell, conſiſting of many ſmall ones, and placed vnder the ventricle, to keepe it from touching the back, which otherwiſe would hurt it; wee call it (eſpecially in edible beaſts) the Sweet-bread.*

Glanduleux: m. euſe: f. *Kernelly, full of fleſhie kernells.*

Glane: f. *A gleaning; alſo, the corne that's gleaned, or left for the gleaner.*

Il y a aſſez de chaup pour faire glane. *There is ſtuffe enough to worke on, matter enough to profit by.*

Glané: m. ée: f. *Gleaned.*

Glanement. *A gleaning. as* Glaneure.

Glaner. *To gleane; to picke up eares of corne after reapers.*

Qui glane il ne fait pas ce qu'il veut. Prov. *Somewhat like our, Beggers muſt be no choſers.*

Glaneur: m. *A gleaner.*

Glaneure: f. *A gleaning, or gathering up of looſe eares of corne, left by reapers; a leaſing of corne.*

Glanion: m. *A little Sea-cut, or Cuttle-fiſh.*

Glap: m. *The barking of a dog.*

Glappier. *as* Clapier.

Glappir. *To barke like a dog, to yealpe; yawle, bawle.*

Glappiſſement. *A barking, or yealping; a bawling, or yawling.*

Glappiſſeur: m. *A barker, yealper; bawler, yawler.*

Glas: m. *Noiſe, crying, bawling; alſo, yce; alſo, a knell for the dead.*

Glas. Bled glas. *Blaught wheat.*

Terre glaſe. *Fat earth.*

Glaſon. *as* Glazon; *A clod, ſod, or turfe of earth.*

Glaſonneux: m. euſe: f. *Cloddy, ſoddie, turfie; full of clods, of ſods, of turfes.*

Glaſſé: m. ée: f. *Sticke* Glacé.

Glaſſer. *as* Glacer.

Glaſſis: m. *A ſtrong penthouſe vpon the walls, or the rampire, of a fortreſſe; alſo, a ſloaping cauſey, downe, or banke, ouer the water. See* Glacis.

Glaſſon. *as* Glaçon.

† Glaſſouer: m. *A Iakes, or Privie.*

† Glaſtre: m. *Ouſe, or mud of the ſea.*

† Glatir. *To barke, yawle, bawle.*

† Glatiſſant. *Barking; yawling, bawling.*

† Glatiſſement: m. *A barking, or bawling.*

† Glatiſſeur: m. *A barker; bawler, yawler.*

Glatteron: m. *The Burre Docke, Clote Burre, great Burre.*

Glattir. Glattiſſement. Glattiſſeur. *as* Glatir, &c.

Glaumet: m. *A Sea-cob, or Sea-gull.*

Glavoir: m. *A braying, yelling, ſhrieking, bawling, out-crying. (* ✠ *Blaſon.)*

Glay. *as* Glas; *A noiſe.* ✠ Picard. *as* Glaye.

Glaye: f. *The blew Lilly, or Flowerdeluce.*

Glayeul: m. *Corne-flag, Corne-ſedge, corne-gladen, right Gladen, Gladen, Glader, Sword-graſſe.*

Glayeul baſtard. *Sedge, wild flags, water flags, yellow wild Irſes, baſtard Flowerdeluce, water Flowerdeluce, Lewers, or Iewers.*

Glayeul jaulne. *The ſame.*

Glayeul de marais. *as* Glayeul baſtard.

Glayeul puant. *Stinking Gladen, Spurgwort, wild Irſes.*

Glayeul de riviere. *Sedge, Water-flags, Sword-graſſe, Gladen, Gladen, wild Flags, yellow baſtard, or water, Flowerdeluce, Lewers, and Iewers.*

Glayeul ſauvage. *as* Glayeul puant.

Glaz. *as* Glace. ✠ Rab.

Glazeux: m. euſe: f. *Cloddy, turfie; clammy, fat, claſhie.*

Glebe. *Glebe; land belonging to a Perſonage.* ✠ Norm.

Glene. *A ſmall hollownes in a bone; and (moſt properly) the outward concauity of the ſhoulder-blade.*

Gleneur: m. eure: f. *Gleaning, or gathering after.*

Glenoïde. *as* Glene.

Gleteron. *as* Glatteron; *The Clote Burre.*

Glette: f. *The froth of an egge; alſo, the gelly of any thing that congealeth; alſo, the flegme, or filth, which a humke throwes out at her beake, after her ſaſting.*

Gletteux: m. euſe: f. *Slimie, frothy, flegmy, filthy.*

Glic. iouer au glic. *To leaſher; to play at faſt and looſe.*

Gliceau. *A bottome of thread. (v. m.)*

Glimpe. *A light made of the ſtalkes, or ſtemme of an hemp dried, and afterward greaſed ouer.*

†Glincer. *as* Gliſſer; *To glide, or ſlide. (v. m.)*

Glire. *read* Dire, *or*, luy dire. ✠ Rab.

Gliron: m. *A Dormouſe.*

Gras comme gliron. *We ſay, fat as pigs, or hogs, &c.*

Gliſcher. *as* Gliſſer. ✠ Pic.

Gliſſade: f. *A ſlip, or ſlipping; a gliding, ſliding; ſtealing, or creeping along; alſo* glouſſe.

Gliſſant. *Slipping, gliding, ſliding; ſtealing, wriggling, or creeping along; alſo, ſlippery, or, whereof no certaine hold can be taken.*

Gliſſé: m. ée: f. *Slipped; ſlid; crept, or ſtolen along.*

Gliſſeau: m. *A bottome of thread.*

Gliſſement: m. *A ſlipping, &c. as* Gliſſade.

Gliſſer. *To ſlip; to ſlide, or glide; creepe, wriggle, or ſteale along; to be ſlippery; to runne glib; to trickle downe by little and little.*

Il n'y a cheval ſi bien ferré qui ne gliſſe; Prov. *The beſt ſhod horſe doth ſlip ſometimes.*

Mieux vaut gliſſer du pied que de la langue; Prov. *Better the foot ſlip then the tongue trip.*

Gliſſe-touſjours. *Ever gliding, ſtill wriggling, alwaies moving.*

Gliſſoire: f. *A ſlippery place.*

Glis: m. *A Dormouſe.* ✠ Rab.

Globe: m. *A Globe; a round bowle, or ball.*

Globeux: m. euſe: f. *Gibby; round like a globe; of, or belonging to, a globe; full of globes.*

Globuleux. *as* Globeux.

Gloc. *The clocking of a beaſt.* ✠ Langued.

Glôe. *A chrom peece of wood.* ✠ Norm.

Gloire: f. *Glory, fame, reputation, renowne, a great name, or generall commendation; the conſent of good men in the praiſe of.*

Faire gloire. *To take a pride.*

Gloire vaine aſſez fleurit, porte fueille, & point de fruit; Prov. *Vaine-glory brings forth nought but flowers, and leaues; or, vain-glory having bloſſomed, periſheth.*

Gloriation. *A glorying, boaſting, vaunting, bragging, crauking.*

Glorieuſe: f. *Small glory, little praiſe, not much commendation; alſo, a little vane in the top of a tower; alſo, a little banqueting houſe in a garden.*

Glorieuſe: f. *A kind of Snake-fiſh that hath a head like a Toad, and a venimous pricke in her taile; called ſo, becauſe of her ſlow, and (ſeeming) ſtately, manner of ſwimming.*

Glorieuſement. *Gloriouſly, renownedly, with great reputation; alſo, proudly, vainly, boaſtingly, vainglorioully.*

Glorieuſeté: f. *Pride, boaſting, vain-glory, crauking, vaunting, ſelfe-loue, ſelfe-liking.*

Glorieux: m. euſe: f. *Glorious, famous, renowned, notable excellent, extraordinarily eſteemed, much praiſed, much praiſe-worthie, highly commended, of great reputation; alſo, proud, vaunting, boaſting, vain-glorious, crauking, bragging, ſelfe-conceited, ſelfe-loving.*

Glorifié: m. ée: f. *Glorified, magnified, renowned.*

Glorifier.

Glorifier. *To glorifie; to bring unto glorie; to renowme.*
se Glorifier. *To vaunt, brack, brag, boast of his owne acts, to commend, or magnifie, himselfe.*
Glorin. *A kinde of Scate, called, the Forke-fish.*
Glose: f. *A glosse, comment, or exposition.*
Glosé: m. ée: f. *Glossed, expounded, commented on.*
Glosier. *A kinde of white Wine, very fruitfull.*
Glosateur: m. *A Glosser, an Interpreter; one that writes a glosse, or Comments upon a text.*
Glossement: m. *The clucking, or clocking of a brood Henne.*
Glosser. *To cluche, or clocke, as a Henne.*
Glouglouter. *To guggle; to sound like a narrow-mouthed pot, or strait-necked bottle, when it is emptied.*
Glouflant. poule glouflante. *A clocking Henne.*
Glout: m. gloute: f. *Gluttonous, greedy, devouring, ravinous.*
Gloutement. *Gluttonously, ravinously, greedily.*
Glouteron: m. *The Clote, Burre Docke, or great Burre.*
Petit glouteron. *The Louse Burre Ditch Burre, lesse Burre Docke.*
Glouton: m. *A glutton, devourer, cormorant, raviner; greedy-gut, belly-god, great eater; also, a knave, rascall, filthie fellow.*
Chair de mouton manger de glouton; Prov. *See* Mouton.
Glouton: m. onne: f. *Gluttonous, greedy, ravinous.*
Gloutonnaire: com. *Gluttonous, greedy, devouring, gormandizing.*
Glouronnie. *Gluttonie, a ravining, devouring, or great eating, a gormandizing, or greedy feeding.*
Gloux. *Gluttonous, greedy, devouring.* ¶ Rab.
Glu de foarre: m. *A bundle of straw.*
Glu: f. *Glew; or (more properly) birdlime.*
Glu de Damas. *Birdlime of Damascus; is made of the Sebesten, or Assyrian Plumme.*
Gluant: m. te: f. *Glewish, glewie, clammie, glewing, cleaving, sticking to, like birdlime, whatsoeuer it toucheth.*
Gluaux: m. *Lime-twigs.*
† Gluber. *To slay, or pill.*
Gluc. ergo Gluc. (*A word used by the Schollers of* Paris, *in derision of an absurd conclusion;*) *Well concluded Roger; wisely brother James.*
Glué: m. ée: f. *Limed; caught with, or intangled by, birdlime; also, glewed.*
Gluement: m. *A glewing, a fast-joyning, sure closing; a liming, a catching with, or intangling in, birdlime.*
Gluer. *To lime; to glew, to joyne, or close very fast, as with birdlime, or glew; to catch with, or intangle in, birdlime.*
Glueur: m. *A glewer.*
Glueur: f. *Glewinesse, clammines.*
Glueux: m. *Glewie, full of glew; also, as* Gluant.
Gluïts: m. *Long, and whole straw.*
Gluön: m. *A lime-twig.*
Glutinosité: f. *Glutinositie, glewinesse, clamminesse.*
Gluy. *as* Gluïts; *Straw.*
Glyphonoire: m. *as* Clifoire; *a Plaister.*

vers bosse: ¶ Rab.
† Goache. perdrix g. *The grey Partridge.*
Goalon. *A sloven; one that weares his clothes unhandsomely, or puts them on carelessly; so termed about Blois.*
Gob. l'avalla tout de gob. *At one gulpe, or, as one gobbet, he swallowed it.*
Gobeau: m. *A bit, gobbet, or morsell; also, a violl, or strait-mouthed vessell (of glasse;) also, a Maser, or great Goblet.*
Gobelet: m. *A Goblet, Bole, or wide-mouthed cup to drinke in; also, the flower Crowfoot, Gold-knap, Yellow Crow.*
Le Gobelet du gland. *The head, shell, or cup of an Acorne.*
Le gobelet d'une Rose. *The bud of a Rose when it is almost full-blowne; or (more properly) the five-leaved Cup, or huske thereof; called, by some, the five brothers of the Rose.*
Le retraict du Gobelet. *The Butterie, or Wine-seller.*
Gobelets. des gobelets. *Crowfoot, Gold-knap, yellow-Crow, Butter-flower.*
Gobelin: m. *A Goblin, Hob-goblin, Robingoodfellow, Bug.*
Gobelin, face gobeline. *A crimson face; the visage of a plie-pot.*
Gobeliner. *To play the Goblin; to rumble, or make a horrible noise, like a Goblin.*
Gobe-mouche. *as* Moineau de haye.
Gobequinaut: m. *A greedie feeder, a ravenous, and ougly devourer; one that makes bricke-walls of his chaps, or hastily swallowes whole, and unchawed gobbets.*
† Gober. *To ravine, devoure; feed greedily, swallow great morsells, let downe whole gobbets.*
Gobe quinault. *Sup her up (in cold) ynough, downe with it wholesome.*
Goberge: f. *A kind of Haddock, or Codfish.*
† Goberger. *To cast, vomit, spue.*
† Gobier. chant Gobier. *Plaine, homely, ordinarie, without Art.*
Gobillon: m. *A fashion of long, and quilted horsemans cassocke, or coat, used in old time.*
Gocourt. *as* Court; *Short.* ¶ Rab. (v.m.)
Godal: m. *A tit, a jade.* ¶ Norm.
† Godde. vne lasche godde. *A sloth full hylding.*
Goddon: m. *A filthie glutton, or sweller; one that hath a vild wide swallow.*
Gode. *as* Godde.
Godeau: m. *A Gardeners setting yron.*
En godeau. *Right downward; (a Gardeners tearme.)*
† Godeluré: m. ée: f. *Fumbled, crumpled, ruffled.*
Godelureau: m. *A gull, fop, asse, coxcombe; a proud woodcocke.*
Godemare. *The disease called, the Nightmare; also, a sound made, or word cast out, at a feast, whereby the guests are warned to forbeare eating for a certaine time; (This* Godemare *was a King of* Bourgongne, *so redoubted by the* French, *that the onely sound of his name astonied them, and made them desist from that they were in hand with: yet was he at length surprised by* Clotaire *in* Autun, *and the terrour of his name turned into a jeast.)*
† Godemiche: f. *A Dildoe.*
Goderon: m. *The set of a (single) ruffe, after the Spanish (or plaine) fashion; also, the setting thereof; also a ruffe so set; also, as* Godran, *also, a fashion of imbossement used by Gold-smithes, &c. and termed knurling.*
Goderon de beau langage. *Affectation in speech, the trimming of the tongue, with quaint phrases, choice tearmes, &c.*
A goderons. *wrought with knurles.*
Goderonné: m. ée: f. *Set, as a ruffe; pitched, or tighted, as a ship; also, knurled, wrought or set with knurles.*
Oeufs goderonnez. *whose white, and yolke are beaten together with a little verjuice.*
Goderonner. *To set, a ruffe; to pitch or tight a ship; to worke, or set with knurles.*
Godet: m. *An earthen Bole, a plaine Cup, or Jug.*
† Godichon. mon godichon. *My pigsnie.*
Godillon: m. *A girdle.* ¶ Poitevin.
Godin: m. ine: f. *Neat, fine, trimme, spruce, comely, proper, handsome.*
Godinet: m. ette: f. *Prettie, dapper, feat, peart, indifferently handsome.*
Godinette: f. *A prettie peart lasse, a loving, or lovely girle.*
Godiveaux. *See* Goudiveaux.
Godran: m. *Ship-pitch; or, the Pitch (and Tarre) wherewith ships are tighted, or trimmed.*
Godron. *See* Goderon.
Godronné: m. ée: f. *as* Goderonné.
Godronner vne traise. *To set a ruffe.*
† Goerin. *as* Gorret.
Goës. *The name of a kind of grapes.*
Goëtie: f. *The black Art, devillish Magick, or Witchcraft.*
Goffe: com. *Dull, sottish, doltish, lumpish, blockish, heavie-headed, grosse-witted, sodden-brain'd.*
Goffre: f. *A wafer; also, a bonnie combe; also, a kind of scurfe, like to the ordinarie one, but that the humor it yeelds, is more like, in colour, to honie.*
Gogaille. (*A cheerefull, or cheerling word, much like our*) *frolick.*
Gogayer. *as* Goguer.
Gogo. à gogo. *With full contentment, or his belly full.*
Gogue: f. *A sheepes paunch; and thence, a baggas made of good herbe, chopt lard, spices, eggs, and cheese; the which incorporated, and moistened with the warme blood of the (new-killed) beast, are put into her paunch, and sodden with other meat.*
Gogues. *Follitie, glee, jocusnesse, lightheartednesse; and hence;*
Estre en ses gogues. *To be frolicke, lustie, lively, wanton, gamesome, all-a-boit, in a pleasant humor, in a veine of mirth, or in a merrie mood.*
Goguelu: m. uë: f. *Proud, cocket, scornfull, braggard, vaine-glorious; that takes more state upon him then becomes him.*
Goguelureau. *A proud coxcombe; one thats of no worth at all, how well soever he thinke of himselfe.*
Goguenarder. *To buffoonize it; breake jeasts, tell merrie tales.*
Goguenelle: f. *A feigned title, or tearme, for a wench; like your Gixie, Callet, Minx, &c.*

se Gouguer. *To be moſt frolick, lively, blithe, cranke, merry; to take his pleaſure, ſport at eaſe, make good cheere, ſet cocke-a-hoope, throw the houſe out at windowes; enjoy all wiſhed delights, or affected contentments.*

Goguette. *A ſmall ſheeps hargas;* (*made, as before, in* Gogue;) *alſo, a kind of blackiſh, and ſhort-tailed Cherie.*

Avoir vne femme en ſes goguettes. *To have his full pleaſure of a woman.*

Eſtre en les goguettes. *as* Eſtre en ſes gogues; *or, to be ſet upon the merrie pinne.*

Gohée: f. *A welcome, joyfull ſalutation, or hearty entertainment at meeting:* ¶ Norm.

Golart: m. *A long bedging bill, or booke; a welſh booke.*

† Goibier: m. ere: f. *Baker-legd; alſo, play-footed, ſhaling, ill-favoredly treading.*

† Goie: f. *A little hand-bill, bedging booke, or bedging knife.*

Goiſſon: m. *A Gudgeon.* ¶ Lionnois.

Goilant: m. *A certaine white Sea-fowle as big as a Pigeon, which when tempeſts approach flies up unto freſh waters.*

† Goildronneur. *A pitcher, trimmer, or rigger of ſhips.*

† Goimpre, *as* Goinfre.

Goinfre: m. *A wag, ſlipſtring, knaviſh lad, a merrie conceited whoreſonne, a notable good fellow, an excellent companion.*

Goiran, *as* Bondrée; *A kind of ſhort-winged Eagle, that lives altogether on fiſh.*

Goitre: f. *A wenne; a ſwelling, bunch, or lumpe of fleſh under the throat; very common among thoſe which dwell about the Alpes, becauſe they uſe to drinke much cold, and unwholeſome water.*

Goitreux: m. euſe: f. *Full of wennes; or having a wenne under the throat.*

Goitrons: m. *Waddles, or wattles; the two little, and long excreſcences, which hang, teat-like, at either ſide of the throat of ſome hogs; alſo, the wenny bags that breed under the throats of the moſt inhabitants of the Alpes, by reaſon of their continuall drinking of water.*

Goiveau. Il fait goi. *It is dreary;* (*a ruſticall word.*)

† Golette de maille. *as* Holette.

Golfe: m. *A gulph, whirlepoole, or bottomleſſe pit; alſo, a boſome, or gulfe of the ſea between two Capes, or high lands.*

Gomar: m. le gom. d'vn Boulengier, ou Paſtiſſier. *A kneading table; the board whereon they worke their bread, or make their pies.*

† Gomene. *as* Gumene.

† Gomir. *To vomit, caſt, ſpue.* (v. m.)

† Gomiſſement: m. *A vomiting, caſting, ſpuing.*

Gomme: m. *Gumme.*

Gomme Arabic. *Gumme Arabicke; comes from the ſhrub Acacia, the Egyptian thorne.*

Gomme Elemny. *Steele Elemy.*

Gommé: m. ée: f. *Gummed; ſtiffened, thickned, mixed, or ſeaſoned with Gumme.*

Cire gommée. *Wax mingled with Rozen, and Turpentine.*

Gommement: m. *A gumming; a thickning, or ſtiffening with Gumme.*

Gommene: f. *See* Gumene.

Gommer. *To gumme; to ſtiffen, thicken, ſeaſon, or annoint, with Gumme.*

Gommeux: m. euſe: f. *Gummie, full of Gumme, ſtiffe by gumming, thicke with Gumme.*

Gomorrhean: m. *A Sodomite, a Buggerer.*

Gomphoſe. *A faſtening of one bone within another, as of a naile, or wedge into a peece of wood, ſo are the teeth ſet into the Jaw bone.*

Gonagre. *The gowt in the knees.*

Gondole: f. *A Gundola, or* Venetian *wherry.*

Sa teſte ſe berle en gondole. *His head totters like a boat in a ſtorme.*

Gondolier: m. *A* Venetian *Wherry-man.*

Gonds d'vne porte. *The hookes, or bindges of a doore.*

Sortir les gonds. *To grow impatient, fall into extreames, flie out, forget his duty; proceed with too much violence, or vehemency.*

Goneſſe. *A Village neere unto* Paris, *wherein excellent bread is made; and hence;*

Pain de Goneſſe.

Gonfalonnier. *as* Gonfanonnier.

Gontanier: m. *As Enſigne, or Standard-bearer.*

Gonfanon: m. *A little ſquare Flag, or Penon at the end of a Launce; or (more particularly) an old faſhioned Banner, or ſquare Standard, borne on the top of a Launce; ſuch as, even to this day, is uſed in the warres made by the Pope; and hence;*

Le gonfanon de l'Egliſe. *The Generall of the Churches forces (before whom ſuch a Standard is carried.)*

Gonfanonnier: m. *A chiefe Standard bearer.*

Gonin. Maiſtre Gonin. *A notable Jugler, nimble, or active Tumbler, one that; perfectly ſeene in trickes or cleanly conveyances; (and thence) alſo, a ſubtile whoreſonne, wily, or ſlie mate, a Maſter in craft, or his crafts Maſter.*

† Gonnelle: f. *A whole Petticote; the bodies, and skirts being ſowed together.*

Gonomphe. *A kind of Boxe.* ¶ Rab.

Gonorrhée: f. *The running of the reines.*

Gont-fanon. *The royall Standard;* (*ſo tearmed in old time*) *or, as* Gonfanon.

† Gontier, franc gontier. *A rich Chuffe, good Yeoman, wealthie whoreſonne, a ſubſtantiall fellow.*

† Gorbion: m. *as* Euphorbe.

† Gorde. *as* Corde; *A rope.*

Gorgaillet: m. *A Quaile-pipe.*

Gorge: f. *The throat, or gullet,* (*moſt properly*) *the bottome of the mouth; or, the moſt deepe, and inward part thereof; in a woman, the outward, and upper part of the breaſt, between the necke and pappes; alſo, the gorge, or craw of birds; and a meale, or gorgefull given unto birds* (*eſpecially Hawkes.*)

Gorge droicte. *In Architecture, as* Naſſelle.

Gorge renverſée. *A gullet reverſt, or an Ogee.*

Gorge-rouge. *A Robin-red-breaſt.*

Ietter le feu par la gorge. *To ſume, chafe, take on extreamely, play terrible reakes.*

Paſſer le pied ſur la gorge à. *Look* Paſſer

Rendre ſa gorge. *To caſt, vomit, ſpue.*

Rire ſoubs gorge. *To laugh in his ſleeve.*

Tenir le pied ſur la gorge à vn. *To have one at his mercy, his throat under his feet, his necke under his girdle.*

Voler ſur la gorge. *To exerciſe, or labour hard, on a full ſtomacke.*

Gorgé: m. ée: f. *Gorged, crammed, filled with.*

Gorgée de vin. *A gulpe, or ſwallow, as much wine as one lets downe his throat at once.*

Gorgément. *Up to the throat.*

Gorger. s'en gorger de viandes. *To gormandize it, or full-gorge himſelfe, to eat untill his belly crack.*

Gorgeretté: f. *A Gorget, Mocket, Bib, or breaſt-cloth.*

Gorgerin: m. *A Gorget of maile; alſo, a Carkanet (worne overthwart the breaſt) alſo, the neck-peece, or collet, of a garment; and ſometimes the neck, or throat it ſelfe; and hence,*

Il eſt bien ruiné du gorgerin. *He hath a goodly wide throat or ſwallow.*

Gorgerin. (*in Architecture*) *a ſmall round member, accompanied with a square one, in the foot, or bottome of the Chapter of a Piller, &c. a ſmall boultell* (*with a fillet under it*) *in the Chapter of a Piller, &c.*

Gorgerin: m. ine: f. *Of, or belonging to the throat.*

Eſcrouelles gorgerines. *The Kings evill (in the throat.)*

Gorge-rouge. *A Robin-red breaſt.*

Gorgette. *A pretie little throat, or mouth.*

Gorgias: m. *as* Gorgeretue; *A Gorget.*

Gorgias: m. aſe: f. *Gorgeous, gaudie, flaunting, brave, gallant, gay, fine, trimme, quaintly clothed, richly attired, ſumptuouſly apparelled; alſo, glorying, delighting, or pleaſed, in braverie; alſo, ſinding, or bailing with mirth.*

† Gorgiaſement. *Gorgeouſly, gaudily, gayly, gallantly.*

† ſe Gorgiaſer. *To flaunt, brave, or gallantize it; to cut it out of the whole peece, alſo, to be proud of, or pleaſe himſelfe in, the bravery of his apparell.*

Gorgiaſeté: f. *Braverie, gallantneſſe, fineneſſe, trimneſſe, gorgeouſneſſe, gaudineſſe.*

Gorme: f. *The thick humor which young horſes void at their narrells, or by the overture made under their throat; ſome call it the Strangles.*

Gormette. *as* Gourmette.

Gorre: f. *A Sow;* (*alſo, the French Pockes;* ¶ Norm. *alſo, bravery, gallantneſſe, gorgeouſneſſe, pompe, magnificence, ſumptuouſneſſe.*

Femmes à la grande gorre. *Huſſing or flaunting wenches; coſtlie or ſtately dames.*

Gorreau: m. *as* Gorret; *Alſo, the thread, or quantitie of flax, &c. that's drawne, at once, from a diſtaffe, in ſpinning.*

† Gorrerie: f. *Gallantrie, braverie, ſumptuouſneſſe in apparell, ſtatelineſſe of geſture; alſo, pride, vaunting, vainglorie.*

Gorret: m. *A little Sheat, or Barrow-pig.*

Poiſſon, gorret, & cochin, vie en l'eau & mort en vin; Prov. (*Such flegmatick meats requiring much wine to be drunke with them.*)

Gorrette: f. *A cap; alſo, a juſtle, jurre, thumpe, or thwacke.*

† Gorrier:

† Gorierement. adv. Gorgiasly, more then by vallant deeds in apparell, carriage, and gesture; also, proud, brag-gard, vaunting, vaine-glorious.

† Gorrierement. Bravely, gallidy, gallantly; proudly, vainglorioufly.

Gorron: m. A Sheat, or little pound hog.

† Gose: f. A weare in a running water; or an Goute.

† Gosarde: f. Archaye, cap, hood; an ornament for the heade, or neck.

† Goscoté. See Coscoté.

Gosier: m. The throte; and more properly that part of it which stands from the head to the breast.

Le mal de gosier. The Squinancy, or Squinzie.

† Gossampine: f. The Bumbast, or cotton-bush; the plant that bears cotton, or bumbast.

Gosse: f. as Gouste; Also a stroke, vibe, stroke.

Gosse d'aulx. A clove of Garlick.

Gossé: m. ée: f. Marked, spotted, stained, or bespotted with.

Gosser. To give, deride, mock, flout, scoffe at; boast, or vaunt with.

Gosserie: f. Mockery, scoffing, flouting, gibing.

Gosseur: m. A scoffer, mocker, flouter, gibber, jeaster.

† Gosteux. as Goitreux.

Gothique: com. Gothick; rude, uncivil, barbarous.

† Gototi: m. in stead of Groton; A little gut.

† Gouaion. as Goaion.

Gouasche. A kind of Partridge; as Goasche.

Goubeau. as Gobeau.

Goubelet. as Gobelet; Also, a kind of little round pie resembling an obelet.

Goubelettes: f. Little vessels, of tin made like goblets, but without feet; used by flusters, and Inholders.

† Gouber: m. An vnidders-meal, or afternoones repast.

Goude: f. A Marigold.

Goudeau. as Godeau.

Planter au goudeau. as Planter à la barre. See Barre.

Goud-fallot. A boone companion, a good fellow. ¶ Rab.

Goudiveau: m. A kind of open Pie, made of minced veale, butter, herbs, and spice, baked togther, and afterwards hard yolks of egges put on the lap of it; also, a figure in carving, like that pie; or, a long painted Ovall.

Goudronné: m. ée: f. Set (stiffe) as a ruffe; also, pitched, or tighted, as a Ship. See Goderonné.

Goudronner, To set a ruffe; also, to pitch, trimme, or tight a Ship. See Goderonner.

Goueastre: m. as Goitreux; That hath a wen, bunch, or swelling, under his throat.

Gouesh. The name of a fruitfull vine, whose wood is of a tawny colour.

Gouët: m. A kind of little short knife, wherewith in France the boyes crack nuts, and pill green wallnuts; a little cut-purse knife.

Gouët, faulcon gouët; Whose feathers are ill marked, mailed, or coloured; we call such a one, a drop Flanke.

Gouffre: m. A gaile, whirlepoole, deep hole, or bottomlesse hole (as of waters) that swalloweth up whatsoever approaches, or comes into it.

Gouffre d'argent. A great insatiable greedie wretch, whose name should be good.

Gouffreux: m. euse: f. Gaping, full of gulfes, holes, deep; (bottomlesse) devouring, or swallowing up; also, full of rotten, or hollow trees, or stumps, or apt to be overthrowne, or come into it.

Gouge. as Vouge. Also, a Souldiers Gogge, also, a Southern Rag, or Punke; a whore that followes the Campe; also, the Hammer wherewith trees are marked in the Kings Forrests.

Gouhource: f. A Gourd.

Goujat. A Gadgeon.

Goujat de mer. The Sand-Eele, or Sea-Gudgeon.

Goujat: m. A Souldiers boy.

Goujatille: f. A troop of Souldiers boyes; a crue of crackropes; a race of Rascallings.

Goujate: f. A Souldiers Punke; as Gouge.

Goujaterie: f. la g. Souldiers boyes, or the young raskallly race following a Campe.

Goullarder, & Goullarde. as Goulardeur, & Goularde. ¶ Savoyard.

† Goullart. as Goulard; A glutton, or greedy gut.

Gouinstre: m. A mad-cap, merry Wag, pleasant, mirth concerted wretch, &c.

Gouion: m. A Gudgeon; also, the pin which the fruite of a fairy runneth on; also, the Gudgeon of the Spindle of a wheele, the Axletree.

Gouions: m. Sheeles; or Sceares, for Mowers.

Goulr. as Jouir. To enjoy. ¶ Pit.

† Goujon: m. The fat chin-cheek, plumpe-faced chubbe, or part of the throat &c.

Goulard: m. A Ravener, devourer, swallower, gully-gut, greedy feeder.

Goulard: m. arde: f. Ravenous, greedy, devouring, that hath a great swallow.

† Goulardé: m. ée: f. Eaten greedily, devoured hastily, gulped, or swallowed down.

† Goularder. To eat greedily, feed hastily, devour extremely; to ravine, swallow, glut up, swallow downe, huge morsels, or mouthfuls.

Goulardise: f. A ravening, devouring, hasty, or greedy feeding.

Gouldron. as Goudron; also, as Gouderon.

Gouldronné: m. ée: f. Pitched, or tighted, as a ship; as, as Goudronné.

Gouldronner. as Goudronner.

Goulée: f. A mouthfull, or gulpe &c. Elle n'en peut finer finon à la goulée. She can get but a snatch and away, there is no tying for her at vaile and meate. See Goullée.

† Gouléeur. as Arpenteur; or, as Gouleur; A Surveyor of lands, that measures onely by the Pole.

Goullet: m. A gullet; the end of a Conduit pipe whereat it dischargeth it selfe; also, the mouth, or neck of a Viall, Bottle, or other long, and narrow-necked Vessell; also, the hole or earth of a Fox, or Badger; also, a narrow brook, or deep gutter of water. Goulet de cheminée. The funnell, or funnell of a chimney.

Goullet de fenestre. A narrow loophole or long cranny in the wall of a Prison &c. such a one (especially) as hath a round, or a witch, in the middle.

Goullette de vin. A gulpe, mouthfull, or small quantity of wine.

Goulse. See Goulx.

Goulu: m. & f. Swollen, or puft up; full plumpe, fat, well fed.

Goulsre. as Gouffre.

Goullafrerie. as Goularderie; Also, ribaldry, lecherie, or villanous talke.

Goullier: a sa g. Privily, secretly, stealthy; as, as Goulée.

Goullot: m. The joint of a sinke, or gutter.

Goultrain: m. Ship-pitch.

Goulu: m. ue: f. Glutton, greedy, ravenous, devouring, insatiate, swallowing up.

Goulument. Greedily, gluttonously, ravenously, like a gut-bu.

Gouphon: m. The bridge of a deske, window, &c. ¶ Langhed.

† Goupil: m. A Fox. (x m.)

Goupil ne cherche rien ne tombe en sa gueule. The thief never misses what's fit to be taken, that will keep what it should be done, true to a knife, and deep beggar.

Goupille: f. The iron pinne that goes through the joynt of a hinge, a pinne of a claspe.

Goupillon. as Guepillon; An holy water sprinkle, also, the brush of bristles mixed with wyers, &c. to cleanse Pistols, &c. ¶ Toupillon; A Fox; also, a young, or little Fox; whence

Faire le Goupillon. To play the Tyrant.

† Gourah. as Goulah.

Gourd: m. as Gourt; or, A whiskonade; or deep (and long) boile ing trough of hot water; also, as Gourgue.

Gourd: m. de: f. Numme, benummed, asleep, stiffe, senceless, benummed, as the hands with much cold; also, drousie, slow, dull, heavy, dumpish.

Gourd-foulement: m. A crushing, or bruising; a mortifying, by violent handling.

Gourdi. Numme, benummed, astonied, stunned (by coldnesse.)

Gourdir. To be numme, senceless, astonied, stonned, (by the extremity of cold.)

Gouret. as Gouret; A Sheat, or Barrow pig.

† Gourfoulé: m. ée: f. Crushed, bruised; mortified, by violent handling &c.

† Gourfoulement. as Gourd-foulement.

† Gourfouler. To crush, or bruise; to mortifie, by violent handling, &c.

Gourgias. as Gorgias; Also, a gromel, fry; stately, standing on his gentrise. ¶ Rab.

Gourgue de moulin: f. The kenning of a water-mill; the water-sow (or ditch) that is directly under the wheele.

Gourmade: f. A cuffe on the mouth, a push on the nose.

Gourmand: m. A glutton, gormand, belly-god, greedy gut; a great eater, monstrous feeder, gully-gut.

Gourmandant. Gluttonizing, or gormandizing; also, prowling, ravening, ravening, misusing.

Gourmander. To ravine, devour, play the gormandize, or gluttonize it; swill up, swallow downe greedily; also, proudly to domineere,

damnetere, insult, or crow over; insolently to taunt, check, take up; imperiously to curbe; misuse, abuse.

Gourmandereſſe. *A gluttonneſſe.*

Gourmandeur: m. *A glutton; (a word whereby Rabelais meanes, and deſcribes, a Cannon of a Cathedrall Church.)*

Gourmandiſe: f. *Gluttonie, gormandizing; devouring, ravining, exceſſive eating, immoderate feeding.*

Gourmandiſe tue plus de gens qu'epée en guerre trenchant; Prov. *More are killed by ſurfeiting then by the ſword.*

Gourme: f. *The Strangles; the thicke humor which young horſes void at their nares, alſo, ſoame, or a foamie ſlime.*

Gourmé: m. ée: f. *Curbed; alſo, cuffed on the mouth, paſhed in the noſe, or face; alſo, purged from ſlime, or ſoame.*

Gourmer. *To curbe a horſe; alſo, to knocke, buffet, pommell, cuffe, paſh on the mouth, or face.*

Se gourmer. *To void his ſlime, to purge his ſoame.*

Gourmet: m. *A wine-taſter; a wine-merchants Broker; one whoſe buſineſſe is ſtill with the watching, and imployes in the venting, of his new-came commodities.*

Gourmeter. *To curbe.*

Gourmette: f. *A curbe.*

Tenir en gourmette. *To curbe, & keepe in awe.*

Gourmetté: m. ée: f. *Curbed.*

Gourmeter. *To curbe.*

Gourmauld: m. *A Gormand, &c.*

Gournay. *The name of a towne in Normandy.*

Vous avez paſſé ſur le pont de Gournay; *You are without feare, ſhame, or feare; you dare doe any obſcene thing openly.*

Gourreau. *A Gormand.*

Gourré. *Beguiled, cheated, couſened, conveyghed.* G. Barr.

Gourrier. *as* Gourgias; *or, as* Gorrier.

† Gourt: m. *A violent ſtreame, or guſhe of waters; or, a whirlepoole, or deep hole in a water.*

Gouſſe: f. *The huſke, ſwad, cod, hull of beanes, peaſe, &c.*

Gouſſe d'aulx. *A head of Garlick.*

Gouſſé: m. ée: f. *Devoured, ravined, eaten; ſtuffed with eating.*

Gouſſepiller. *To ſhake, or tug, as a Dog doth a Cat, &c. alſo, (and moſt properly) to unhuſke, or take puſſe out of the ſwads; and hence; to ſtrip, or uncaſe.*

Gouſſer. *To eat, ravine, devour, to ſtuffe, or fill with meat.*

Gouſſet: m. *A Guſſet; the piece of Armour, or of a ſhirt, whereby the armehole is covered; alſo, a Bracket in Joyners work.*

Gouſſu: m. üe: f. *Coddy, hully, huſkie, ſwadey.*

Gouſt: m. *The taſte; alſo, a ſmack, or ſavour; alſo, a good conceit, or liking, upon the firſt eſſay, of a thing; alſo, a little skill, inſight, or experience in a matter; alſo, as* Eſgouſt; *or th'end of a gutter whence the raine falls in drops, from a houſe.*

En cela eſt la gouſt de la noix. *Looke* Noix.

Gouſté: m. ée: f. *Taſted, ſavoured, ſmacked, eſſayed, touched upon, felt, or conceived a little; diſgeſted indifferently; admitted of; wherein ſome inſight, or experience is had.*

Gouſter: m. *A nunchion, drinking, aunderſmeat, afternoone collation, mindtes-recreation.*

Gouſter. *To taſte, or take an eſſay of; to taſte, ſhavour; touch upon; feele, or conceive a little; alſo, to digeſt, or diſgeſt indifferently, Take a liking to, begin to affect, or fancie; alſo, to have ſome experience, a little inſight, meanes knowledge, in.*

Goute: f. *as* Goutte.

Goute: m. ée: f. *Gowtie, or troubled with the gowt.*

Goutran: m. *Ship-pitch; or Pitch wherewith ſhips are tighted.*

Goutte: f. *A drop of water, &c. alſo, a little, a iot, a whit, a very ſmall matter.*

La mere goutte. *Unpreſſed wine, or oyle; that which of it ſelfe, and without preſſing, comes from the Grapes or Olives, as ſoone as they are ſettled in the Preſſe-trough.*

Goutte à goutte. *By little and little, by degrees, drop after drop, or, one drop after another; and hence;*

Goutte à goutte on emplit la Cuve: & goutte à goutte la mer s'eſgoutte; Prov.

Boire la goutte ſur l'ongle. *To leave emply bowles, make cleane cups; drinke up all but ſo much as will ſtand on the drinkers naile.*

Ie n'y voy ny grain ny goutte. *I ſee it not a whit, I diſcerne in not a iot, I perceive, or conceive, it not at all.*

Dieu garde mal qui voit bien, & n'ois goutte. *For my part, I am loath to conceive it, though I ſee it, well enough.*

Il eſt bien povre qu'ne voit goutte; Prov. *Hee's very poore that wants his eye-ſight.*

Goutte: f. *The Gowt.*

Goutte crampe ou, crappe. *The Cramp; or, a Convulſion.*

Goutte de lin. *The weed called Dodder. See* Lin.

Goutte maurequinte. *as* Goutte ſerene.

Goutte nouée. *The Gowt in any of the joynts.*

Goutte ſerene. *Blindneſſe, or extreme dimneſſe of ſight, cauſed by the obturation of the Optick Sinewes.*

Goutte Sciatique. *The Sciatica; a pain, ache, or ſtitch in the hips.*

La goutte en la hanche, la fille en la pance; Prov. *Look* Fille.

A la goutte le medecin ne voit gourte; Prov. *(As they find (by the little helpe they finde) that have it, and take Phyſick for it.)*

Gouttoron: m. *A Viol, or Cruet wherein Oyle, or Vinegar is ſerved to the table; alſo, a ſmall Ewer, or Laver; alſo, a little drop.*

Goutte-roſe. *An extreme redneſſe of the face; pimpled, and ſet thick with rubies, or firy ſpeckles.*

Gouttreux: m. euſe: f. *Gowty, full of the Gowt.*

Gouttiere: f. *A gutter; a channell.*

Gouttieres. *The little furrowes that runne along the head, or bornes of a red Deere.*

Bonnets à quatre gouttieres. *Foure-cornered, or square caps.*

Gouttreule. *A certain white, long-beaked, and tongleſſe bird, that hath a great red pouch hanging from her mother beak to her breaſt; otherwiſe (in bigneſſe, and ſhape) ſomewhat reſembling a Swanne.*

Gouvernail: m. *The rudder, or helme of a ſhip.*

† Gouvernah. *The ſame.*

Gouvernant. *Governing, ruling, swaying, maſtering; ordring, overſeeing, tempering, moderating.*

Gouvernante: f. *A Governeſſe, a commandreſſe.*

Gouverné: m. ée: f. *Governed, ruled, commanded, ſwayed, maſtered, ordred, overſeen; tempered, moderated; alſo, intertained with talke, held with diſcourſe.*

Gouvernement. *The rule, government, commaund, abſolute ſway of; a power, empire, dominion, regiment, authority, (ſoveraigntie over; alſo, a governing, ruling, commanding, maſtering, full order in, totall conduction, whole direction of.*

Le faict & gouvernement d'une republique. *The policy, or courſe of proceeding in State-matters, the managing of publicke buſineſſe in a country.*

Gouverner. *To governe, rule, command, maſter, ſway, guerſon; to ſeignorize, or have authority, over; alſo, to guide, order, direct, conduct, look unto, have the charge of; alſo, to temper, moderate, reſtraine; alſo, to intertaine with diſcourſe.*

Qui gouverne bien la bouche. *That is a temperate feeder.*

Qui gouverne bien ſon cas. *One that looks well to his buſineſſe.*

Ie le gouvernay reſte à teſte environ vne bonne heure. *I converſed with him hand to hand; I held him chat, or in diſcourſe, I intertained him with talke, an houre together.*

Celuy gouverne bien mal le miel qui n'en taſte; Prov. *Hee's but an ill cook that lickes not his owne fingers. Look* Miel.

† Gouvernereſſe: f. *as* Gouvernante.

Gouverneur: m. *A Ruler, Governour, Commander, Overſeer.*

† Gouvert. *as* Gouvernement.

Gouytrouz. *as* Goitrons; *Swines gnadles.* ¶ Rab.

† Goy: m. *A little hand-bill, Vine-hook, or Vine-knife.*

† Goyart. *A long hedging bill, or Welch hook.*

Goye: f. *Joy.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, as* Goy.

Goyelle: f. *A kind of Cheeſe-cake; as* Talmouſe. ¶ Pic.

Goyon. *A Gudgeon.*

Gozal: m. *A ſitting Pigeon.* ¶ Rab.

Grabat: m. *A poore mans bed; a courſe Mattreſſe, a Straw bed; alſo, a Couch.*

† Grabeau: m. *A garbelling of ſpices, &c. (hence) alſo, a curious examination, neer ſifting of, preciſe ſearch into matters.*

† Grabellé: m. ée: f. *Garbelled; alſo, neerly examined, preciſely ſifted, narrowly looked, curiouſly ſearched, into.*

† Gra-

† Grabeller. *To garbell spices, &c. (and hence) also, to examine precisely, strictly, looke narrowly, search thoroughly, into.*

Gradué. *An Ironicall allusion to* Gradué ; *a Graduate.*

Grabuge : f. *A great coile, stirre, garboile, turmoile, hurlyburly.*

Grabuger. *To keepe a coile coile ; to make a great stirre, or tumultuous hurlyburly.*

Grace : f. *Grace, favour, good will, good liking, good opinion ; credit, reckoning, reputation ; also, beauty, seemelinesse, comelinesse, handsomenesse ; a Decorum ; a grace or, or becomingnesse ; also, vertue, honesty, integrity ; a good disposition, an inclination unto goodnesse ; also, a pardon, forgivenesse, remission ; dispensation ; (In old time the Licence procured by Gentlemen for Rotturiers to beg their Fiefs, (when they wanted money to follow the warres) was also termed Grace.)*

Graces (Plurall.) *Thanks.*

Grace de Sainct Cansart. *The bestowing of a thing which the bestower cannot keep; or, a favour done to a wife one cannot withall.*

Grace de Sainct Paul. *A certaine little stone that's good against the biting, and stinging of venemous beasts (as the Countreymen say that would sell it.)*

Bonne grace. *as* Bonne-grace ; *also, a Snuffle, or Muffe.*

Lettres de grace. *Are, generally, such as proceed from the meere grace, liberality, bounty, or goodnesse of the Prince ; and which he may refuse without violation of common right, or of the Lawes ; as Pardons, Remissions, Gifts, Grants, Dispensations, Privileges, Patents of Offices, Warrants for money, &c. more particularly, a Pardon for Murther, Manslaughter, or of a person condemned for an offence, which the Law, of it selfe, cannot dispence with; (in which sense, this word grace is also generall, both to Remission, and Pardon, saith Ragueau ; though another make it aspecies unto Remission;) And this Pardon is to be procured from the King himselfe, and in the highest Court of Chancerie.*

Moines de grace. *An Order of white Monkes, which weare on their breast a great red Crosse.*

Avec grace. *Gracefully, decently, pleasingly, plausibly, with a good fashion, in comely sort, after a handsome manner.*

De grace. *Of courtesie, I pray you heartily, I beseech you sir.*

Pour grace. *The same.*

N'aurois-ie bonne grace de ? *Would it not become me well to ?*

Graces : f. *The three Graces ; viz.* Aglaia, Thalia, *and* Euphrosine, *reputed the daughters of* Jupiter *and* Venus, *and adored as Goddesses, by the ancient* Painims; *whence ;*

Il a besoing de sacrifier aux Graces, *He is a harsh, unpleasant, rough-hewed, currish, or churlish, fellow.*

† Grachinoier. *as* Grafigner.

Gracieusement. *as* Gratieusement.

Gracieuseté : f. *Graciousnesse, favourablenesse ; affability, courtesie, humanity, benignity, gentlenesse ; also, as* Gratuité.

Gracieux : m. euse : f. *Gracious ; gentle, affable, courteous, benigne, pleasant, debonaire. See* Gracieux.

Gracieux seigneur. *A stately fish, of a long forme, over cleaving unto Rockes, and so daintie, and delicate found, that countrey people hold him a fit present for their Landlords.*

Gradation : f. *A gradation, step, degree, staire.*

Grade : f. *A degree, state, or dignity ; advancement unto greatnesse ; a step, staire, greese.*

Gradé, ée : f. *Graduate, or having taken a degree.*

Gradoir : m. *A Garnard.*

Gradué. *A Graduate ; one that hath taken a degree in an University.*

Gradué : m. ée : f. *Graduated, having taken a degree.*

Homme non gradué. *(Opposed unto* Homme marié*) a single, or unmarried man.*

Graduel. *A Masse-booke, or part of the Masse, invented by Pope* Celestine *in the yeare 430.*

Gradüellement. *Gradually, by degrees, orderly, step after step, from hand to hand.*

Grafigner. *To scratch, or scrape ; to rend, or teare up with the nailes.*

Grafle. Grifle grafle. *By hooke or by crooke, scamblingly, catch that catch may, any way.*

Graffions. *In old time the Lieutenants of Castles were, were a kind of the best sweet Cherries are, called so.*

Graier ; m. *The Officer that gathers the Kings right of Grarie in woods, and forrests.*

Graigneur. *as* Greigneur ; Greatter. *Norm.*

† Graillant. *as* Grailleur.

† Grailler : m. *A Rooke, or white-bild Crow.*

† Graille : f. *The same.*

† Graille : cont. *as* Greſle ; Slender.

† Grailler. *To winde a Horne hollowly ; to blowe a Trumpet ; to speake hoarsely, or with a hollow voice ; to sing hoarsely, unmusically ; to croake, or cry like a Rooke.*

† Grailleur : m. euſe : f. *Speaking hoarsely, sounding hollowly, or hoarsely ; blowing, resting in the throat ; croaking like a Rooke.*

Grain : m. *Graine, corne ; seed ; also, a graine, or bitt of salt, sand, &c. a Meat ; (and hence, a little, bit, while ;) also, the kernell, or little stone of a Grape, or other Berrie ; also, a Grape ; also, a Barly-corn, or the fourth part of an inch, in measures ; also, a graine, or the foure and twentieth part of a penny-weight ; (also, a whirle-wind, or storme of wind, at sea. Norm.)*

Grain bernage. *The peculiar corne of one countrey ; or corne that grew on a mans owne land, or in his owne soile ; also, Messelin ; or, Wheat, Rie, and Barly mingled together.*

Grains de ladrige. *Spots of leprosie ; mezild spots.*

Grain de sel. *A graine of salt ; Vn gros grain de sel. A great bitt, or stone, of salt.*

Grain de Turquie. *Turkie corne, Turkie wheat, Indian wheat, Maiz.*

Grain sur bord. *Scant, or hard-stricken measure of corne, salt, &c.*

* A grain d'orge. *In a triangular forme.*

Ie n'en ay grain, ne goutte, &, Ie n'y voy ny grain, ny goutte. *I neither have a iot, nor see a drop, of it.*

Il y a plus de paille que de grain. *There is more trash then good stuffe to be had.*

Ioyeux comme fourmis en grain. *As merry as the Ants on a Corne-heape.*

Iamais grain ne fructifie si premier ne se mortifie ; Prov. *Seed never comes to fruitfull issue till it first have mortified.*

Nul grain sans paille ; Prov. *No corne without straw (or chaffe,) good and bad are commonly together.*

Tel grain tel pain ; Prov. *Like Pain.*

Vin de grain est plus doux que n'est pas Vin de presse ; Prov. *The first wine is better then the second expression ; good offices willingly done are of much more worth then such as be extorted.*

Vaisseau percé ne peut tenir le grain ; Prov. *A sacke that's full of holes can hold no corne.*

† Grainant. *Seeding, running to seed.*

Graine : f. *The seed of herbs, &c. also, grain, wherewith cloth is dyed in grain, Scarlet-dyes, Scarlet in grain ; wherein ;*

Graine d'escarlate. *as* in Chermes.

Graine de Paradis. *Grains of Paradise ; or, the fruit which we call Grattes.*

Graine de perroquet. *Wild Saffron, bastard Saffron, mocke Saffron, Saffron dart.*

Graine des vers. *as* Mort aux vers.

Laisser vne fille flestrir pour graine. *To keep a maid long without a husband ; of such a one may be said, she is fit ranne to seed, as well as of herbs ungathered, for that any purpose ; Garder vne fille à graine, ou grenie, hath the same meaning.*

Grainé : m. ée : f. *Seeded, run unto seed.*

† Grainer. *To seed ; or, to run unto seed.*

Temps de grainer. *The season of laying Swine ; the time wherein they are driven into forrests, and woods, for Mastage, and other feeding.*

† Grailtie. *as* Graile.

Grais : m. *A kind of Potters clay, or earth, fit to make vessels of ; also, a hard, and sparkling-brownish free stone : as* Grez ; *also, the name of a certaine vine that bears a very big flocke.*

Graisle : cont. *as* Gresle.

Graillelet. *as* Gresselet.

Graissayer. *To liste.*

Graisse : f. *Fat, fatnes, greasse.*

De haute graisse. *Full, plumpe, goodly, fat, well-fed, in good liking.*

Il n'y a pas grande graisse. *There is not much good to be done, wealth to be had, profit to be gotten, gaine to be made.*

Graissé : m. ée : f. *Greased, annointed, or smeared with fat.*

se Graisse-fondre. *To swell, sweller, founder.*

Graisseement. *Fatly, grossely, greasily.*

Graisser. *To grease ; to annoint, or smeare with fat.*

Graisseur : m. *The little (venemous) greene fly, or toad.*

Graisseure : f. *Fatnesse, greasinesse, greasing.*

Graisseux : m. euse : f. *Fatty, greasie, full of greasse.*

Graissier : m. *One that loves fat things ; also, a Grasier, or fattener of cattell.*

Graissin :

Graiſſin: m. *Fat mould, or dung to manure ground with.*

Graller. *To parch, as Peaſe, Nuts, &c.* ✠ Bleſſen.

†Grame, ou gramen. *Couch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe, Dogs-graſſe*; also, *any kind of graſſe*; *and bents*.

† Grame de Manne. *Manna-graſſe, Dearn-graſſe, (whoſe ſeed the Hollanders eate, as we do Oatmeale.)*

† Grame de parnaſſe. *Pernaſſus-graſſe, white Liver-wort.*

† Grame piquant. *Pricking, or ſharpe Dogs-graſſe.*

† Gramigne. *Couch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe, Dogs-graſſe.*

Grammaire: f. *Grammer, the Art of Grammer.*

Grammairien: m. *A Grammarian; a Profeſſor of Grammer.*

Grammatical: m. alt: f. *Grammaticall; of, or belonging unto Grammer.*

Grandement. *as* Grandement; *Greatly.* (v.m.)

N'a pas grammement. *It is not long ago.*

Gramouſſe: f. *A diſh made of ſlices of cold meat fried with Hogs ſeame, and ſerved up in ſauce of beaten egges, and verjuice boyled a while, in a little of the broth wherein the meat was ſodden.*

Grampe: m. ée: f. *Taken with the cramp; or not able to ſtirre, as one that hath the crampe.*

Grampelle: f. *The ſea-Crab tearmed a Grampell, Gril, and Purger.*

† Granche: f. *as* Grange; *also, the Carkaſſe of a fowle.*

Grand: m. *Le grand des biens ou de la terre: the whole (maſſe of) ſubſtance, or inheritance, that's to be parted among Coheires.* ✠ Breton.

Grand: m. grande: f. *Great; big, large; huge, mightie; ſubſtantiall*; also, *high, loftie, ſtately.*

Le grand bras. *The whole arme and hand together.*

Grands iours. *A generall, and extraordinarie Seſſions called by Commiſſion, or Letters Patents, from the King, (moſt commonly) after a warre, civill broyle, or Inſurrection, whereby the courſe of Law, and proceedings of Juſtice have beene impeached*; *Looke* Iour.

Grand d'oye. *Good ſtore, a great deale, abundance, numbers of.*

La grande piece. *Looke* Piece.

Le grand vendredi. *Good Friday.*

On a veu d'auſſi grand vent venter. *We have heard as big words as theſe without trembling; or, little enough hath been ſeen to come of as great words: a mountaine hath beene brought to bed of a Mouſe ere now.*

Grand bandon fait grand larron; Pro. *Great liberty makes great theeves.*

Grand bien ne vient pas en peu d'heure; Pro. *Rome was not built in a day.*

Grande debonnaireté a maintes hommes greué; Pro. *Many have rued their great courteſie.*

Grande moiſſon l'obeiſſant recueille; Prov. *Great is the gaine of thoſe that are obedient.*

Le grand beuf apprend à labourer au petit; Prov. *The old Oxe learnes the young to draw.*

Les grands beufs ne font pas les grandes iournées; Prov. *The greateſt Oxe rides not moſt worke.*

Le plus grand eſt le premier pourry; Prov. *The greateſt is the ſooneſt rotten.*

A grand cheval grand gue; Prov. *A tall horſe can make ſhift with a deepe foord; or what needs a tall horſe for a ſhallow foord?*

A grand danger grand courage; Pro. *Great dangers are by courage greatcome; or, much danger needs much courage.*

A grand homme grand verre; Prov. *A little glaſſe befits not a great gulch.*

A grand pecheur eſclandre; Prov. *Great ſhame is the great ſinners meed.*

A grand peſcheur eſchappe anguille; Prov. *An Eele eſcapes from the expert Angler.*

Aux grands eſt deu grand honneur; Prov. *Great reverence is due unto great perſons.*

Aux grands honneurs grands enuieux; Prov. *Envie the companion of honour.*

De grande maladie, vient on bien en grande ſanté; Prov. *Sound health comes after ſore diſeaſes.*

De grand peché grand pardon; Prov. *A gracious pardon for a foule offence.*

De grand grain ſur l'eſtrain; Pro. *Looke* Eſtrain.

De grands vanteurs petis faiſeurs; Pro. *Great braggers, little doers.*

De grand vilain grand ſiac; Prov. *A great offender merits a great fall; or, a wayſome knave deſerues a wayſome knock; &c.*

De grand vilain lourde cheute. *A great offender hath a grievous fall.*

En grand tardeau n'eſt pas l'acqueſt; Prov. *Het gaines not moſt that carries moſt; not weight but worth, not greatneſſe but goodneſſe, makes a burthen gainfull.*

En grande pauureté n'y a pas grande loyauté; Prov. *Thoſe that are very poore are not very loyall.*

Il n'eſt ſi grand iour qui ne vienne à veſpre; Prov. *The longeſt dayes have evenings; (all earthly things an end.)*

De petit eſguillon poind on bien grande alneſſe; Prov. *A little goad ſets on the great ſhee Aſſe.*

Douce parole rompt grand' ire; Prov. *A gentle anſwer quayles fell anger.*

Du petit vient on au grand; Pro. *From little men come to great; viz. from a meane eſtate unto much wealth; from errors to willfull diſorders; from veniall to mortall offences, &c.*

En aduenture guient grands coups; Prov. *While things are doubtfull great things may be done.*

En petit buiſſon trouue on grand lieure; Prov. *A little groue may harbour a great Hare.*

En petite cheminée ſoit on bien grand feu; Prov. *A little chimney can hold a great fire.*

En petite maiſon Dieu a grand part; Prov. *Looke* Maiſon.

En petite teſte giſt grand ſens; Prov. *In a little head great wit.*

Enfans deuiennent grands gens; Pro. *(we ſay) boyes will be men one day.*

Il faut haſarder vn petit poiſſon pour prendre vn grand; Prov. *We muſt adventure a penny to gaine a pound.*

Il n'eſt nager qu'en grand eau; Prov. *(We ſay) there is no fiſhing to the ſea.*

Le cœur fait l'œuure, non pas les grands iours; Pro. *Not long daies, but ſtrong hearts, diſpatch a worke.*

Les petits ruiſſeaux font les grandes rivieres; Pro. *Narrow brookes make nauigable rivers.*

Mort n'eſpargne ny petit ny grand; Prov. *Looke* Mort.

On ne ne tait pas à grands coups douce vieille; Prov. *Hard ſtraakes yeeld but harſh Muſicke.*

Petit homme abat bien grand cheſne; Prov. *A low man can fell a tall Oake.*

Petite playe abat grand vent; Prov. *(So ſaid a mad fellow, who, lying in bed, bepiſt his ſeruing wives backe.)*

Grand. *In ſtead of* Grandement, *greatly*; Feneſtre, ou porte toute grand ouuerte. *Wide open.*

Grandelet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat great, pretie and big.*

Grandement: m. *Greatly, high, largely; hugely, mightily, exceedingly, extreamely; earneſtly, vehemently, very much.*

Grandeſſe: f. *as* Grandeur.

Grandet. *as* Grandelet; *Biggiſh, greatiſh.*

Grandeur: f. *Greatneſſe, bigneſſe, largeneſſe; hugeneſſe; mightineſſe; fulneſſe, ampleneſſe, highneſſe, loftineſſe, ſtatelineſſe.*

Grandeur de lieu. *Spacious neſſe, capacity, wideneſſe.*

Grandiſſime: com. *Huge, mightie, exceſſive, exceeding great.*

Grands-iours. *Looke* Iour.

Grand-ville. *The name of a ſoure apple.*

Granes. *Foy de Granes*; Prov. *Treachery, treaſon, unfaithfulneſſe, diſloyaltie.*

Grange: f. *A barne for corne; alſo, a Grange.*

La grange eſt pres des bateurs. *Said of a Nunnerie that's ſeated neere a Priorie.*

Grangeage: m. *Corne, or fruits laid up in Barne*; also, *a fee paid for corne-room in a Barne.*

Paſſer grangeage d'un champ. *To leaſe out a corne-field, or the crop thereof.*

Grangée: f. *A graunge, or Country houſhold.*

Grangée de bled. *A barneſull, or abundance, a large heape, or huge quantity, of corne.*

Granger: m. *A Farmer, a Barne-keeper.*

Granger: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Barne.*

Grangeux: m. euſe: f. *Of a Barne, full of barnes.*

Grangier: m. *as* Granger.

Grangiere: f. *A Farmers wife; or, a woman that keepes a Barne.*

Grangoüſier. *Great ſwallow, mightie throat.* ✠ Rab.

Granit oriental. *An oriental Garnet; a ſtone very neere as good, and well-coloured, as the Rubie.*

† Granulé: m. ée: f. *Reduced into ſeed, or graine.*

† Granuler. *To reduce into ſeed, or graine.*

† Granuleux: m. euſe: f. *Grainie, ſeedie; alſo, ingraines, or little ſeed-like peeces.*

Graphide: f. *A deſcription, or delineation.* ✠ Rab.

Gra-

Graphigné: m. ée: f. *Scraped, ſcratched, or clawed.*
Graphigner. *To ſcratch, to ſcrape, to claw.*
Grapillon. *See* Grappillon.
Grapir. *To creep, crawle, or climb up (hardly, and with ſome pain.)*
Grappage: m. *Cluſter-gathering, Grape-gathering, Vintage, Wine-harveſt.*
Grappe: f. *A bunch, or cluſter, of grapes.*
Grappe de mer. *A thing in the ſea covered as it were with the flowers of a Vine; otherwiſe of a rude, and ougly ſhape.*
Il ſemblоit mordre à la grappe. *Hee ſpake ſo heartily, ſo earneſtly, ſo boldly, that hee ſeemed to act what he uttered.*
Grappelle: f. *The Lowſe-burre, Ditch-bur, leſſe Burre-dock.*
Grapper. *To gleane after grape-gatherers.*
Grappes: f. *The Scratches (in horſes legs.)*
Grappetant. *Gleaning after grape-gatherers.*
Grappetté. *Gleaned, or gathered (as grapes.)*
Grappeuſe: f. *A grape-gleanereſſe; a woman that gleans after grape-gatherers.*
Grappil: m. *The graple of a ſhip.*
Grappillage: m. *Grape-gleaning.*
Grappiller. *To glean after grape-gatherers.*
Grappilleur: m. *A grape-gleaner.*
Grappillon: m. *A little cluſter of grapes.*
Grappin: m. *as* Grappil.
Grappu: m. uë: f. *Grapy, cluſtery, full of cluſters of grapes.*
Grarie: f. *The Kings right, part, or fee, in every ſale of wood made in the forreſts of his ſubjects, due unto him by reaſon of the Juſtice done, and good order kept, within them, by his Officers; hee doth alſo challenge thereby a part in the property of the ſoyle, demaine, fruits, and revenue thereof; (for generally, la grarie is a Right that one hath in the property, and ſoyle of another mans woods, and forreſts; whereby he lookes for a part of the price when they are ſold, and of the fruits, &c. when they are gathered.)*
Gras: m. Vn gras. *A broad, or bawdy, tale.*
Le gras de la iambe. *The calfe of the leg.*
Gras: m. graſſe: f. *Fat, greaſie, well-fed; groſſe, quarry; purſie; alſo, fertile, much-yielding, fruitfull.*
Le gras boyau. *The Inch-pinne, or Innepin. See* Boyau.
Le gras double. *The fat tripe; or, that part of the paunch which yields the fatteſt, and thickeſt tripes.*
Cauſes graſſes. *Bawdy ſuits, immodeſt actions.*
Pain gras. *That's doughie, or not baked enough.*
Parler gras. *A liſping; or not pronouncing of R.*
Paroles graſſes. *Ribauldry, laſcivious ſpeeches.*
Son gras. *Bran that hath ſome meale among it (whereby it feeles ſmooth, full, or fatty;) Some call it Pollard.*
Vin gras. *Fat, oylie, or greaſie, wine.*
Gras comme vn cochon. *as fat as a Pig.*
Gras comme vn gliron. *as fat as a Dormouſe.*
Gras comme vn moine, ou comme vn pourceau. *as fat as a Frier, &c.*
Dormir la graſſe matinée. *To lie long in bed; or, ſleep all the morning long; (for, morning ſleep is thought to fatten ſuch as uſe it.)*
Il en fait ſes choux gras. *He gaines well, gets much, thrives apace, &c.*
Graſſelet: m. ette: f. *Fattiſh, fattie, ſomewhat fat, in pretty good liking.*
Graſſeſſe: f. *Fatneſſe, greaſineſſe, groſſeneſſe.*
Graſſet. *as* Graſſelet.
Graſſette: f. *The herb Orpine, Liblong, or Live-long.*
Graſſeur: f. *Fatneſſe, groſſeneſſe, fleſhineſſe.*
Graſſier. *To liſpe. (v. m.)*
Graſſure. *as* Graſſeur.
Grat: m. *Paſture, feeding, grazing for cattell; alſo, a ſcraping, ſcratching, or clawing.*
Envoyer au grat. *To ſend a grazing; a maſter to turn away his ſervant.*
Gratant. *Scratching, ſcraping, clawing, rubbing, ſcrubbing.*
Gratant le cul au ſoleil. *Idly, ſloathfully, lazily, like a lowſie beggar.*
Grate: com. *Gratefull, acceptable, pleaſing unto.*
Gratè: m. ée: f. *Scratched, ſcraped, clawed, ſcrubbed.*
Grate-cul: m. *A Hep; the fruit of the wild Brier, &c.*
La Roſe en fin devient vn grate-cul; Prov. *The Roſe at length becomes a Hep.*
Grateleux: m. euſe: f. *Scabbie, itchie, ſcurvy.*
Gatelle: f. *Itch; or ſcurfe.*
Gratement: m. *A ſcratching, ſcraping, clawing, ſcrubbing; alſo, an itching, which makes one ſcratch.*
Grater. *To ſcratch, to ſcrape, to ſcrub, claw, rub.*
Grater païs. *To flie, take his heeles, truſt to his legs, runne away.*
Tant grate la Chevre que mal giſt. *(A Proverb appliable to ſuch as cannot be quiet when they are well.)*
Trop grater cuit trop parler nuit; Pro. *Too much ſcratching hurts the skinne, too much talking the whole body.*
Apres la feſte on grate la teſte; Prov. *Repentance begins where feaſting ends.*
Qui flate il grate; Prov. *Great flatterers are great ſcrape goods.*
Qui naiſt de geline il aime à grater; Prov. *He that's borne of a Henne loves to be ſcraping.*
Qui ſuit les poules apprend à grater la terre; Prov. *Henne-followers turne earth-ſcrapers; wee quickly learne the bent of thoſe we much frequent.*
Grateron: m. *The ſmall burre called Gooſeſhare, Gooſe-graſſe, Love-man, Cleaver, and Claver.*
Gratia Dei. Elaphoboſcum, *or Harts ſodder, held by ſome Authors to be a kind of wild Parſenip, and by others the wild, or baſtard Dittany; we call other herbs, viz. Hedge Hyſſop; and blue Cranes bill, or Crowfoot Cranes-bill; and dwarfe, or low* Ciſtus, Gratia Dei.
Gratieuſement. *Graciouſly, courteouſly, affably, reſpectively; benignly, gently, favorably.*
Gratieuſeté: f. *Graciouſneſſe, favourableneſſe; affability, courteſie, reſpectiveneſſe; humanity, benignity, gentleneſſe.*
Gratieux: m. euſe: f. *Gracious, courteous, affable, reſpective, debonaire; gentle, benigne, favorable; full of humanity; alſo, in good grace, or in great favour with. See* Gracieux.
Gens de bien ſont touſiours gratieux; Prov. *Honeſt people are ever full of reſpect.*
Gratification: f. *A gratification, or gratifying; the doing of a pleaſure in lieu of a pleaſure done.*
Gratifié: m. ée: f. *Gratified; bountifully recompenced, thankfully requited.*
Gratifier. *To gratifie; requite, recompence; conferre a benefit on, doe a pleaſure unto (in thankfulneſſe.)*
Gratigné: m. ée: f. *Scratched, ſcraped, clawed.*
Gratigner. *To ſcratch, claw, ſcrape.*
Gratin: m. *The remnant of childrens pap, left in, or ſticking to, the bottome of the skellet wherein it was boyled.*
Gratiole: f. *The Herbe called Hedge-hyſſope, and Gratia Dei.*
Gratitude: f. *Thankefulneſſe, gratefulneſſe.*
Graton de pore. *Of the fat that holds the entralls, being melted, there remaines a fleſhie part, which cut in peeces, is thus termed (at Paris.)*
Grattement. *See* Gratement.
Gratter. *as* Grater.
Grattoir: m. *A bread-grater, or great grater.*
Gratture: f. *A ſcratch, a ſcrape; a ſcratching, a ſcraping.*
Gratuit. don gratuit. *A free gift.*
Gratuité: f. *A gratuity, or free gift.*
Gratuitement. *Freely, of meere good-will; without hope of recompence, or of returne.*
† Grauade: f. *A reproach, taxation, or hard tearme; alſo, any hard meaſure.*
Gravage de la mer. *The ſands, the ſea-ſhore.*
Gravaigne. *The wild gooſe tearmed a Barnacle.*
Gravan. *The name of a ſmall ſea-fiſh; as* Belenne.
Gravant. *Graving, carving, cutting; alſo, creeping, climbing, or ſcrambling up a thing.*
Grave. f. *Sand, or gravell; alſo, the pulſe Ax-fitch, hatchet-fitch, ax-ſeed, ax-wort.*
Grave: com. *Grave, ſtately, ſolemne, ſevere, auſtere, ſtayed, ſetled, conſtant; ſage, diſcreet, adviſed; ſad, important, heavy, grievous.*
Gravé: m. ée: f. *Graved, carved, cut; pierced, or entred into.*
Gravée: f. *A ſhaking. Norm.*
Gravelé cendres gravelées. *Aſhes made of wine-lees burned.*
Gravelée. *Tartar, old lees of wine.*
Gravelleux: m. euſe: f. *Gravellie, full of ſtone.*
Gravelle: f. *Small gravell, or ſand; ſuch as is in ſprings, or ſtreames; alſo, the ſtone.*
Gravelleon: m. *The ſtone.*
Gravement. *Gravely, ſolemnly; ſeverely, auſterely; ſetledly, conſtantly, ſtayedly; ſagely, diſcreetly, adviſedly; ſadly, heavily.*
Graventer. *as* Greuanter.
† Graveolence: f. *An evill ſmell, ſmacke, or ſavour.*
Graver. *To grave, cut, carve; pierce, or enter into.*
Graveur: m. *A graver, carver, cutter.*
Graveure: f. *A graving, carving, cutting; piercing.*
Graui: m. ie: f. *Climbed, ſcaled, crawled, ſcrambled, crept up, or upon.*

Gravier : m. *Gravell*; *ſand mixed with ſmall ſtones.*

Gravir. *To climbe, ſcale, crawle, ſcramble, creepe, up, or upon, by little and lettle.*

Graviſſant. *Climbling, ſcaling, creeping upward.*

Gravité : f. *Gravitie; ſtate, authoritie, ſolemnitie; ſeverity, auſteritie; ſtayednesſe; a ſage and ſetled faſhion of behaviour, and carriage; alſo, importance, heavineſſe, greevouſneſſe.*

Faire vne groſſe gravité. *To walke like an Alderman; be ſurlie, take a great deale of ſtate upon him.*

Gravoir : m. *A heape of gravell.*

Gravois : m. *Gravell.*

Gravonner. *To proke, or dig, with the fingers, into the ground; (hence) alſo, to ſearch out.*

Gravouer. *as* Gravier.

Graux : m. *Sluces, or open paſſages, made of purpoſe to let the ſea into ponds, or low places.*

Graye : f. *The Rooke, or white-bild Crow; alſo, the Corniſh Chough.* See Grole.

Grayerie. *See* Grarie.

Gré : m. *will, willingneſſe; allowance, liking; accord, conſent; affection; heart, mind; wiſh, deſire, humor; alſo thanks, thankefulneſſe, gratefulneſſe, or a gratefull and good acceptation.*

*A gré. *Willingly, freely, without conſtraint, of himſelfe, of his owne free will, with his whole conſent; alſo, with good ſucceſſe, after a mans wiſh, unto his liking.*

A mon gré. *Willingly, by my good will; after my mind, according to my fancie or humor, even as I would have it.*

En gré. *Gratefully, thankefully, acceptably, in good part.*

Tout de gré. *Wittingly, willingly, of ſet purpoſe.*

Porter gré à quelqu'un de. *To take thankefully at the hands of, to acknowledge himſelfe beholden to, one for.*

Ie vous en ſçay bon gré. *I like you well, or give you heartie thankes, for it.*

Bon gré mal gré va le Preſtre au Sené; Prov. *Needs muſt he goe whom the Devill (neceſſitie) driveth.*

Greal. ſang greal; *Looke* Sangreal. ¶ Rab.

Greau. *A diſh, or diſhfull of.* ¶ Bourg.

† Grebe. *as* Griaibe.

Grebonde : f. *A ſervice at Tennice, wherein the ball runnes not along on the houſe, but bounds on the ſide thereof.*

Grec : m. *A Greeke, or Grecian, one of Greece; alſo, a booke uſed in Popiſh churches.*

Il eſt Grec. *He is a moſt craftie, or ſubtill Courtier.*

Grec : m. Grecque : f. *Greek, Greekiſh, Grecian; of, or belonging to, Greece.*

Beauté Grecque. *A fogaie plumpneſſe, or fatneſſe of body; (for the Grecians hold the fat bodie the faireſt.)*

Foing Grec. *The herbe, or ſeed, fine-grecke.*

Ortie Grecque. *The Roman, or male, nettle.*

Vent Grec levant. *A Northeaſt winde.*

Relier vn livre à la Grecque. *To make the back thereof plaine.*

Grecanizant. *Grecanizing, or Grecianizing is, ſpeaking Greeke; imitating a Grecian.*

Grecizer. *To Grecianize it; to play the Grecian; or to ſpeake Greeke.*

Grecques : f. *Gregs, Gallogaskins, wide Venitians.*

Grecs : m. *A wilde Bores upper tuſhes.*

Gredillé : m. ée : f. *Frizled, curled, criſped; alſo, puckeyed, or crumpled, by heat, &c; alſo flattered, or ſoothed.*

Grediller. *To frizle, curle, or criſpe the haire, &c. with a hot Iron; alſo, to crumple, or pucker with heat; alſo, to ſooth, flatter, or feed with good words.*

Grée : f. *An agree ment, accord, attonement.* ¶ Bret.

Grée : m. ée : f. *Agreed unto, allowed of.*

Gréer. *To agree, or give conſent, unto; to approve, allow; accept, admit, of.*

Gref. *See* Grief.

Greffe : m. *The Office of a Pregnotarie, Secondarie, or chiefe Clerke to a Court; a Regiſtrie; a Clerkes office.*

Droict de greffe. 63s. 9d. Tour. *due in divers places, unto the King upon every ſale of wood.*

Greffe : f. *A graffe; a ſlip, or young ſhoot fit to be graffed.*

Greffe de Monſieur. *The name of a certaine great ſweet apple.*

Greffé : m. ée : f. *Graffed, ingraffed.*

Greffer. *To graffe; or ingraffe.*

Greffier : m. *A Regiſter, Pregnotarie, or principall Clerke to a Court; a Secondarie in an Office, or Court; a Clerke of Aſſiſe, or of Inrollments.*

Greffiere : f. *A Notareſſe, Regiſtreſſe; a ſhe Clerke, a Regiſters, or Clerks, wife.*

Greffiers : m. *A kind of white bounds, as* Bauds.

Gregeois : m. oiſe : f. *Grecian, Greekiſh, of Greece.*

Feu gregeois. *Looke* Feu.

Gregual : m. *A Northeaſt winde.*

Gregues : f. *Wide Slops, Gregs, Gallogaſcoins, Venitians; great Gaſcon, or Spaniſh, hoſe.*

† Gregueſque. *as* Gregeois.

† Gregueſques : f. *Slops, Gregs, Gallogaſcoines, Venitians.*

† Greigneur. *Great; alſo, greater, larger, bigger, elder.*

Greinſelle : f. *A Gooſeberrie.*

Grelace : f. *Great Hayle.*

Grelle. *as* Greſle. *Hayle.*

Grelot. Trembler le grelot. *as* Grelotter.

Grelotter. *To ſhake, tremble, didder, quake for cold; to ſay an Apes Pater-noſter.*

Grelurette. *as* Gurluret.

Gremeaux de ſang. *Clots of congealed bloud.*

Gremeler. *as* Grommeler.

Gremil : m. *The herbe Gromill, Grummell, or Graymill, Peare-plant, Liche-wall.*

Grenade : f. *A Pomegranet; alſo, a ball of wild-fire, made like a Pomegranet.*

Grenadier : m. *A Pomegranet tree.*

Grenadille : f. *A Pomegranet bloſſome; alſo, a little Pomegranet.*

Grenage : m. *Graine, corne, ſeed; or the growth, or increaſe thereof.*

Grenaille : f. *Graine, or ſeed; alſo, the gold, ſilver, &c. taken out of water, whereinto it hath beene throwne red hot out of the Crurible; ſo tearmed becauſe it is commonly in graines.*

Grenaille de bronze. *The ſkalie duſt, or ſubſtance lying on braſſe, &c. after it hath beene melted; and falling from it of it ſelfe, or with a little blowing.*

Grenat : m. *The precious ſtone called a Granat, or Garnet; alſo, a Carbuncle of a Pomegranet colour.*

Grenat rouge. *A kind of botch, or pockie ſore.*

Grenatier : m. *The little border ingraven about a ſcale; ſo tearmed, becauſe it is like a row of Pomegranet kernells.*

Grenatine : f. *A ſmall Granat, or Garnet; alſo, mayble ſpotted red, whether naturally or artificially.*

Grene : f. *as* Graine.

Grené : m. ée : f. *Seeded; eared.*

Marbre grené. *Sparkled, or ſpotted marble.*

Grenée. Pouldre de groſſe grenée. *Great graine powder fit for the Canon.*

Grener. *To ſeed, as herbes; to eare, as corne.*

Greneterie : f. *The place, or Office, wherein the Controllers of the Kings Garners reſide.*

Grenetiers : m. *Overſeers, Keepers, or Controllers, of the Kings ſalt-Garners.*

Grenie. Garder vne fille à grenie. *See* Graine.

Grenier : m. *A Garner; a Corne-loft; a room to keepe ſalt, or corne, in.*

Grenier à coups de poing. *A knave, one that often deſerves to be pommelled.*

Grenier à morpions. *A filthie lowſie fellow, or one thats full of Crab-lice.*

Monter au grenier ſans chandelle. *To light in a turd.*

Grenil. *as* Gremil. *Herbe Grummell, &c.*

Grenouillant. *Swilling, quaffing; bibbing, ſipping; alſo, croaking, like a Frog.*

Grenouille : f. *A Frog, a Paddocke.*

Grenouille peſchereſſe. *The ſea-frog, ſea-devill, ſea-toad.*

Grenouiller. *Continually to bib, tiple, ſip, ſwill in drinke; to ſpend his whole time in potting; alſo, to croake, or cry like a frog.*

Grenouillere : f. *A froggie place, as* Grenouilliere.

Grenouillette : f. *A little frog.*

Grenouillette : f. *Crowfoot, Kings Kob, gold Cups, gold Knops, butter Flower.*

Grenouillette aquatique. *Water Crowfoot, marſh Crowfoot.*

Grenouillette de bois. *Wood Crowfoot, ſweet Crowfoot.*

Grenouillette dorée. *Gold-Crap, golden Crowfoot, gold-haire Crowfoot, yellow Craw.*

Grenouillette heriſſonnée. *White Crowfoot, or Vrchin Crowfoot.*

Grenouillette petite. *White Crowfoot; or, as* Grenouillette de bois.

Grenouilliere : f. *A froggie place.*

Grenouillon : m. *A little frog.*

Grenu : m. uë : f. *Grained; full of graine, of ſeed, of graines.*

Gres. *as* Grez.

Greſil : m. *Hayle, drizling; alſo, reeme, or the white froſt that hangs on trees.*

Greſillé. *Drizled on; covered, or hoare, with reeme.*

Greſiller. *To hayle, drizle, fleet, reeme to fall; alſo, as* Greziller.

Greſillon : m. *A Criket.*

Greſillonné. *Whitiſh, or hoarie, as graſſe with froſt, &c.*

Greſillonner. *To creake, or chirpe like a Criket.*

Greſle : *to Hayle.*
Greſle : com. *Thinne, ſmall, ſlender; lanke; little, pretie; diminiſhed; alſo, ſhrill, or ſqueaking.*
Greſlé : m. ée : f. *Hayled on; alſo pockie, or that hath the pockes.*
Greſlement. *Thinnely, ſmally, ſlenderly; lankely; prettily; alſo, ſhrilly, or ſqueakingly.*
Gleſler. *To hayle.*
Gleſler ſur le perſil. *To domineere over a weake adverſarie; to ſhew himſelfe bold, and ſtout againſt one that is not able to reſiſt him.*
Gleſlet : m. ette : f. *Little, prettie, deft, ſmalliſh.*
Greſleté : f. *Smalneſſe, littleneſſe, exilitie, ſlenderneſſe, thinneſſe.*
Greſleux : m. euſe : f. *Haylie, full of hayle, ſubject unto hayle; ſtormie.*
Greſlier : m. ere : f. *Haylie, of, or belonging to, hayle.*
Chapeau greſlier. *A hat for the hayle, or to be worne while it hayles.*
Greſſe. *as* Graiſſe; *Fat; greaſe.*
Greſſer. *as* Graiſſer.
Greſſier : m. *A liſper, one that liſpeth.*
Greſſier : m. ere : f. *Fattie, greaſie.*
Greuiller. *To crackle; See* Greziller.
Grettes de lin : f. *The hards, or towe of flax,*
Grevable : com. *Grievous, painefull; alſo, likely to burſt.*
Grevance : f. *A grievance, or aggrievance.*
Grevant. *Grieving, aggrieving, vexing, oppreſſing.*
Grevanté : m. ée : f. *Grieved, aggrieved, vexed, oppreſſed.*
Grevanter. *To grieve, aggrieve, moleſt, vex, oppreſſe;*
Greve : f. *The place of execution, in* Paris.
Ange de Greve. *A Porter, or burthen-bearer; alſo, one that hangs on a Gibbet.*
Faict Cardinal en Greve. *One thats beheaded at the* Greve.
Greve : f. *Sand, or gravell; and, a ſandie Strand, or Shore; alſo, the ſhanke, ſhinne, or (fore-part of the) leg.*
La greve des cheveux (&, les cheveux departis en greve.) *The ſhedding, or ſhading of the haire; the parting thereof on the forehead (after the old faſhion.)*
Grevé : m. ée : f. *Grieved, aggrieved, pained, vexed, hurt; moleſted, annoyed, wronged, oppreſſed, overcharged, overburthened; alſo, burſt, or whoſe bowells are fallen into his cods.*
Grevelure. *The mayle of a Hawke.*
Grever. *To grieve, aggrieve, paine, vex, hurt; afflict, annoy, trouble, diſquiet, moleſt; wrong, injure, overcharge, overburthen, oppreſſe; alſo, to dig into, or make hollow, with the nailes.*
Greves : f. *Bootes; alſo, greaves, or armour for the legs.*
Greveure : f. *An inward rupture, or burſting (of the lower part of the belly) or an extraordinarie ſwelling of the cods, by the bowells falling into them; a burſting or being burſt.*
† Grevolable : com. *Deſerving the Rope; for whom the Gallowes groanes.*
Greux. Les greux : m. *The nailes.* ¶ Pic.
re z : m. *A greelie, browne-gray, ſhining, hard, and long-laſting free-ſtone, good to pave with; and (ſmall-broken) to ſcowre braſen, or pewter veſſell. See* Grais.
Grezillé. *Wrigled; crumpled; crackled; curled, frizled; twirled.*
Greziller. *To wrigle, or ſtirre as a live fiſh on a hot gridiron; to crumple together, as leather, or parchment in the fire; alſo, to crackle, as a ſhell in fire, or ſalted fleſh on coales; alſo, to curle, twirle, frizle haire, &c.*
Grezillons. *Hawkes bells; alſo, as* Grillons; *alſo, little gobbets of fat, or ſalt meat broyled; alſo crumplings, or twirles, as of haire curled.*
Griache. *as* Grieſche. ¶ Rab.
Griaibe. *A ſea-Mew.* ¶ Savoyard.
Griais : m. *A kind of daintie red-legd Partridge; or, as* Perdrix grieſche.
Griais. *Gray; or, of the colour of a Starling.*
Griblettes : f. *Collops.*
Gribouiller. *To rumble, or croake (as the guts doe through windineſſe.)*
Gribouillis : m. *The rumbling, croaking, or ſtirring of the guts; alſo, aſeigned name for a devill.*
Gribouri : m. *A Goblin, Robingoodfellow, walking ſpirit that rumbles in houſes a nights.*
Grief : m. *An aggrievance, wrong, injurie; oppreſſion; vexation, moleſtation, trouble.*
Bailler griefs en plaidoirie. *An Appealant to alledge the wrongs, and points of injuſtice, done unto him by the ſentence, from which he hath appealed.*
Grief : m. ieve : f. *Grievous, offenſive; noyſome, troubleſome; heavie, wrongfull, obnoxious.*
Grieſche : com. *Gray; or peckled as a Stare; alſo, ſharpe, or prickling; whence;*
Ortie grieſche. *The male, Romane, or Greeke nettle; (a ſtranger in* England; *) ſome alſo call ſo the ſmall, red, ſtinging, nettle.*
Perdrix grieſche. *The ordinarie, or gray Partridge.*
Pie grieſche. *The Wariangle; (a ravenous bird.)*
† Grieux : m. *A villaine, theefe, raſcall. (v. m.)*
Grifes. *See* Griffes.
Griffade : f. *A clawing; a ſcratch, or gripe with the clawes; a raunche, or clinch with a beaſts paw.*
Griffe : m. *A kind of big tumbler, or dog thats bodied (but not deep-bunged) like the Talbot.*
Griffe : f. *A Claw, nayle, tallon.*
Griffe graffe. *By hooke or by crooke, ſquimble ſquamble, ſcamblingly, catch that catch may.*
On cognoiſt le Diable à ſes griffes; Prov. *The devill is knowne by his clawes.*
Griffé : m. ée : f. *Clawed, or having clawes; alſo, griped, or graſped with clawes.*
Griffer. *To gripe, graſpe, ſeize, catch, lay hold on with clawes, &c. alſo, to ſeize, or catch at violently, greedily, and wrongfully.*
Griffon : m. *A gripe, or Griffon.*
Pied de Griffon. *A Griffons foot; an inſtrument (made like the foot of a Griffon) wherewith Surgeons draw moles, or the parts of a dead child, out of womens wombes; alſo, as* Pommelaye, *or* Pomelée.
Griffonner. *To write faſt, and ill; to ſcribble, to ſcrall it.*
Griffu : m. üe : f. *Having great clawes, or ſhort tallons.*
† Grigne : com. *Wrinkled.*
Grigner. *To grinne.*
Grignette. Perdrix g. *The ordinarie Partridge.*
† Grigneur. *Greater, larger, huger, mightier.*
Grignon de pain. *A cruſtie peece of bread, or corner of a loafe.*
Grignoté : m. ée : f. *Gnawed, knapled, or nibled away.*
Grignoter. *To mumble, or eat, like a Conny, or ſquirrell; alſo, to gnaw, knaple, or nible away.*
Gril : m. *A Gridiron.*
Grillant. *Broyling on a Gridiron; alſo, grating up; alſo, gliding, ſliding, glib-running; trickling, along.*
Grille : f. *An iron grate.*
Grille de bois. *An Engine made of ſtickes, or peeces of wood, bound together, and applyed unto the wry neck of a beaſt, thereby to force it unto ſtraitneſſe.*
Les grilles d'une feneſtre. *The grating, or barres of a window.*
Grillé : m. ée : f. *Broyled on a Gridiron; hence; alſo, parched, withered, or dryed up with extreame heat; alſo, glid, or ſlipped along; alſo, grated, or cloſe barred up.*
Grillement : m. *A broyling on a Gridiron; alſo, a parching with extreame heat; alſo, a gliding, or ſliding along; alſo a grating, or ſhutting up with grates.*
Griller. *To broyle on a Gridiron; alſo, to ſcorch, parch, or dry up with extreame heat; alſo, to grate; ſet a grate before, ſhut up with grates; alſo, to glide, ſlip, ſlide, ſteale, trickle, runne, glib along; alſo, as* Griſſer; *alſo, to ſit rumpled, or in plaits, as a garment thats too ſide-waſted; alſo, to ruffle, or ſnarle, as over-twiſted thread.*
Grillet : m. *A Hawkes bell; alſo, as* Grillon.
Grilletier : m. *A Cricket-catcher; alſo, a maker of Hawkes bells.*
Grilleté : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed with bells, as a hawke.*
Grilleux : m. euſe : f. *Gratie; full of grates; made like a grate.*
Grillon des champs; *A Graſhopper; de cheminée; a Cricket.*
Il a beaucoup de grillons en la teſte. *He is in his dumps; his head is much troubled, full of crotchets, or of Proclamations.*
Les grillons gaſtent la feſte; Prov. *Loud bablers are ever offenſive at feaſts; a Proverbe taxing Buffoones, and Sycophants, who with their idle chat are troubleſome to all that heare them.*
Grillons. *A kind of manacles, or torment for the fingers.*
Grillot : m. (*The name of*) *a certaine apple thats ripe about Auguſt.*
Grillotier : m. *A Gridiron-maker; alſo, a maker of Rattles, Curralls with Bells, and ſuch like toyes for children.* ¶ Rab.
Grillottement : m. *A ringing, rickling, ratling, or crackling; alſo, a ſhogging, or jogging.*
Grillotter. *To ring, rickle, ratle, crackle; alſo, to ſhog, or jog.*
Grimace : f. *A crabd looke; a face, wry mouth, ill-ſavoured countenance made; a mowing, or Apes face.*

Grimacer. *To make a face, or a wry mouth; to mowe.*

Grimacier : m. *A carver, or maker of ſuch Monkeyes, or Antickes, as in ſumptuous buildings ſeeme to ſupport great arches, pillars, beames.*

Grimaſſeur : m. *A maker of mouthes, or faces.*

Grimau, ou Grimaud. *as* Grimauld.

Grimaude : f. *A kind of Owle. as* Cheveche.

Grimauderie : f. *A ſchoole, or crew of Pettics, or of meane Grammer ſchollers.*

Grimauld : m. *A grim-faced fellow; a crabbed, wayward, froward, unpleaſing perſon; alſo, as* Grimaude; *alſo, a Grammer-ſchoole boy.*

Grimbetilolletée. *as* Beſongnée. *&* Rab.

†Grimelet : m. *as* Grimouche; *or, a ſmatterer in matters of learning.*

Grimoire. *A booke of conjuring, or exorciſing, much in uſe among Popiſh Prieſts.*

Mots de la Grimoire. *Conjurations, Exorciſmes; conjuring, or exorciſing tearms.*

Grimouche : m. *A paultrie Pedant, meane Grammarian.*

Grimpement : m. *A climbing, crawling, creeping, ramping, running, upwards.*

Grimpe-mur. *A climbe-wall, one that ſcrambles up a wall.*

Grimper. *To climbe, crawle, creepe, ſcramble up; to rampe, or ruane upwards, as plants that are ſet againſt a wall.*

Grimpereau : m. *The little climbing, and reſtleſſe bird called, a Wood-pecker.*

Grimpeur : m. *A climber; a crawler, creeper, ſcrambler, upwards.*

Grimpreau. *as* Grimpereau.

Grimpure : f. *as* Grimpement.

Grincé : m. ée; f. *Gnaſhed, or craſhed together.*

Grincement : m. *A gnaſhing, grinding, or grating of the teeth together.*

Grincer les dents. *To gnaſh, grind, grate, or craſh the teeth together for anger.*

Grinceur : m. *An angry gnaſher of the teeth.*

Grinches. *as* Guiſnes noires; *A kind of blacke ſweet Cherries.*

† Grimeur. *for,* Plus grand; *Greater.* (v. m.)

Gringalet : m. *A merry grig, pleaſant rogue, ſportfull knave, conceited whoreſon.*

Gringette. *See* Grignette.

Gringoriane. Eau Gringoriane. *Holy-water; tearmed ſo, becauſe firſt invented by a Pope* Gregorie.

Gringotement : m. *A quavering, or ſhaking with the voice.*

Gringoter. *To warble, quaver, ſhake with the voice.*

Gringotis : m. *A quavering, warbling, diviſion.*

Gringuenaudes : f. *The filth which, after purging, ſticks to the taile.*

Gringuenotant. *Warbling, quavering, ſhaking of the voice.*

Gringuenoter. *as* Gringoter.

Gringuenoteur : m. *A warbler, ſhaker, quaverer; one that in ſinging uſeth to divide much.*

Gringuenoris : m. *as* Gringotis.

Grinon. *as* Grillon; *A Cricket.*

Grinſon : m. *A Spinke, Sheldaple, Chaffinch.*

Grinſſer. *as* Grincer; *alſo, to crackle, or claſh.*

Grio : m. *New Barly ſteeped in water, then dryed by a fire, and then fried, and kept for (phyſicall) uſes.*

Griote : f. *A kind of tart, or ſoure Cherry.*

Griote ſeiche. *as* Grio.

Grioter. *To gather thoſe Cherries.*

Grioteux : m. euſe : f. *Gravelly; alſo, light.*

Griotier : m. *A ſoure Cherrie-tree.*

Griotier à roſes. *A certaine great tree that reſembles the double-flowred Cherry-tree.*

Griotte : f. *Gravell; alſo, the meale, or floure of parched, or fried Barlie; or, as* Grio.

Grip : m. *Rapine, violence; or a violent catching, forcible taking, of other mens things.*

Allons au Cap de grip. *Let's abroad for a prize, or purchaſe; (a phraſe of Pirates, when they would to ſea.)*

Gripaulme. *The herb Motherwort.*

Griphe. *as* Griffe.

Gripher. *as* Grifter.

Gripp'argent : m. *A Gripe-money, or Catch-coine; a greedy, or covetous Judge, Magiſtrate, Officer, Lawyer.*

Grippé: m. grippée: f. *Seiſed, graſped, caught at greedily, griped, or taken violently.*

Grippement : m. *A griping, ſeiſing, graſping.*

Grippeminaud. *A griping, catching, greedy, covetous, cruell fellow.*

Grippeminer. *To gripe, graſpe, ſeiſe greedily, cruelly, covetouſly.*

Gripper. *To ſeiſe, gripe, graſpe; clinch, catch, or ſnatch at; lay violent hold, or covetous hands, on.*

Poudre à gripper. *Any laſcivious, or luſt-begetting Powder.*

Grippets : m. *The rumples of an over-long, or ill-made garment; alſo, the ruffings, or ſnarles of over-twiſted thread.*

Grippeur : m. *A griper; catcher, ſnatcher, greedy taker, violent ſeiſer of other mens goods.*

Gris : m. *A kind of Weeſell, or little beaſt of a blewiſh colour; alſo, grainteſſe, or the colour gray; a gray.*

Gris de Minime. *See* Minime.

Gris pommelé. *A dapple gray.*

Gris violant. *Mallow-flower colour.*

Gris : m. iſe : f. *Gray, light-ruſſet, grizle, aſh-coloured, hoary, whitiſh.*

Nihil gris. *Looke* Nihil.

Perdrix griſe. *The ordinary gray Partridge.*

Le pied gris. *The Hob, Clowne, Boore, Hind; ſo called, of his ever-duſty, or durty ſhooes.*

Griſard : m. *A Badger, Boaſon, Brocke, or Gray; alſo, a Sea-cob, or ſea-Gull.*

Griſaſtre : com. *Grayiſh, hoarie, whitiſh.*

Griſer. *To grow gray-haired, to wax heare-headed.*

Griſle. *as* Grille.

Griſlement : m. *A crackling noiſe, as of meat in the broiling.*

Griſon. Pierre de griſon. *A kind of free ſtone, which is but ſoft when it is taken out of the Quarrey, but afterward grows very hard.*

Griſon : m. onne : f. *Gray with age; whitiſh, hoary, grizle; oldiſh, or ſomewhat old; and hence;*

Oyſon verd bon, griſon guerebon; Prov.

Griſonné : m. ée: f. *Growne gray, hoarie, whitiſh.*

Griſonnement : m. *Grainteſſe, hoarineſſe, whitiſhneſſe; a growing whitiſh.*

Griſonner. *as* Griſer.

Griſonneure : f. *Grainteſſe, hoarineſſe, whitiſhneſſe; or, the growing hoary, &c.*

Griſſer. *To crackle, or (like a ſhooe) to creake.*

Elles griſſoient d'ardeur de le voir. *They longed extremely to ſee it; or, their deſires were on fire untill they ſaw it.*

Grive : f. *The great Thruſh called a Fieldfare, or Feldifare; alſo, the Throſtle.*

Grive ſiſalle. *Looke* Siſalle.

Grivelé : m. ée : f. *Peckled, ſpeckled; meneld, mayled, (blacke and white, or dunne and white.)*

Grivelée : f. *A Bill, Scroll, or Scedule; (becauſe it is blacke, and white.)*

Grivelement : m. *Peckledneſſe; or, a ſpeckled colour; eſpecially ſuch a one as is compoſed of blacke and white, or dunne and white.*

Griveleure : f. *A peckledneſſe, or ſpeckledneſſe.*

Grivette. *A Throſtle, or Mavis.*

† Grivolé : m. ée : f. *Peckled, ſpeckled, meneld, blacke and white, like the belly of a Snaile.*

Grivolement. *See* Grivelement.

† Grivoler. *To peckle, or ſpeckle; to ſpot with divers colours; or (moſt properly) with blacke and white, or dunne and white.*

† Grivolure : f. *as* Griveleure.

Grizonner. *as* Griſer.

Gro-bec : m. *A certaine aſh-coloured, and great-headed bird, ſomewhat leſſe then a Thruſh.*

† Grobianiſme. *Grobianiſme, ſlovenlineſſe; unmannerly parts, or precepts.*

Grobis. Faire du grobis. *To be proud, or ſurly; to take much ſtate upon him.*

Groée : f. *A great quantity, or number of ſtirring, or ſtirred things; whence;*

A la groée. *The boyiſh ſcrambling for nuts, &c. caſt on the ground; a Muſſe.*

Groigner. *To nuzle, or to root, with the ſnowt.*

Groignon. *A kind of Peach.*

Groin de porceau. *The ſnowt, or noſe of a Hog.*

Le groin delievre. *A Hares mouth; often counterfeited by mantons, with lips thruſt out together.*

Groin de Porc. *The head, or upper part of the ſhoulder-blade, ſo tearmed by Anatomiſts; alſo, the herb Dandelion, Prieſts crowne, Piſſe-abed.*

Faire le groin. *To powt, lowre, frown, be ſullen, or ſurlie; to hang the lip, or ſcll ſowre.*

Rengourmer le groin à. *To cuffe ſoundly; or, to paſh on the mouth.*

Groiſelier : m. *A Gooſeberry ſhrub.*

Groiſelles. *Gooſeberries; Thorne-berries; Fea-berries.*

Groiſelles noires. *Blacke Gooſeberries, blacke Ribes; an ill-taſting kinde of the beyond-ſea Gooſeberrie.*

Groiſelles d' outre mer. *as* Groiſelles rouges.

Groiſelles rouges. *Red Gooſeberries, beyond-ſea Gooſeberries, Garden Currans, baſtard Currans.*

Groiſellettes tranſ-marins. *as* Groiſelles rouges.

Groiſſe: f. *as* Groſſeſſe.

Groiſſelet. *as* Groiſelier; *The Gooſeberry Shrub.*

Groizil: m. *Broken Glaſſe.*

Grole: f. *A Rooke, or white-billed Crow; alſo, a Corniſh Chough; or, the red-billed Rooke.*

Grolle; f. *The round circle in the white, at Butts.* ¶ Poict.

Grollé: m. ée; f. *Parched, or carled, as Peaſe, Beanes, &c.*

† Grollier: m. *A Cobler.*

Grollier. Noyer grollier. *A Walnut-tree thats ſo young, or little, as it may be yet ſhaken.* ¶ Rab.

† Gromé; m. ée; f. *Buffeted, cuffed.*

Grommelement: m. *A grumbling, muttering, murmuring.*

Grommeler. *To grumble, repine, murmure, mutter between the teeth.*

Grommeleur: m. *A grumbler, mutterer, murmurer.*

Grommeleux: m. euſe: f. *Grumbling, muttering, murmuring; alſo, rugged, rough, curdie, clotty, cluttering, cluſterie.*

Bruit grommeleux. *A confuſed, burring, humming, or deep noiſe.*

Grommellement: m. *A grumbling, muttering, murmuring.*

Gromné; m. ée: f. *Buffeted, cuffed.*

Grommer. *To buffet, or cuffe.*

Gronau: m. *A Gurnard.* ¶ Langued.

Groncer. *To roare, as the ſea in a ſtorme.*

Grondeller. *To rumble; or, to roare, as a tempeſtuous water that beats againſt rocks, or roots growing to the bankes thereof.*

Grondement; m. *as* Grondetie.

Gronder. *To whurle, whurre, yarre, like a dog that is angrie; alſo, to grunt, groane, grumble (with threatning) againſt a Commandement.*

Gronderie: f. *A grunting, grumbling; whurling, yarring.*

Grondeur: m. *A grunter, or grumbler; a whurrer, or yarrer.*

Grondin. *A Hog.* ¶ Barrag.

Grondir. *as* Grondeller.

Grongnard; m. arde: f. *Grunting; alſo, powting, or frowning.*

Grongnement; m. *A grunting.*

Grongner. *To grunt, like a Hog.*

Gros; m. *Greatneſſe, bigneſſe; or, the great ſumme, or groſſe of; alſo, an impoſition upon wine, ſold by great.*

Le gros d'un'affaire. *The moſt difficult, and moſt important, part of a buſineſſe.*

Le gros d'une armée. *The Battalion which hath the moſt and beſt men in it; or, the thickeſt, and greateſt troope in the Groſſe, or body, of an army.*

Le gros de la gorge. *The throat-boll; the Dew-lap.*

Le gros d'une herbe. *The ſtemme, or ſtalke of an herb.*

Le gros d'une ville. *The moſt rich, eminent, and able perſon in a towne.*

Vendre en gros. *To ſell by great; to vent, or utter his commodities by whole-ſale.*

Gros. m. *The coine called a Groat; alſo, a Dramme, or the eighth part of an ounce, of Gold, or Silver; of other wares, the 32 part of an ounce; or, the 256 part of a pound.*

Gros de Iacques Cœur. *An old Coine of fine ſilver, weighing three deniers, and firſt deviſed at Bourges, by one of that name, in the yeare 1448.*

Gros de Lorraine. *A coine worth* ij s. viij d. Tour.

Gros de Metz. *Is of the ſame value.*

Gros de Neeſle. *Is worth* iij d. ſterl.

Gros de Naples. *Silke Grogeran.*

Gros: m. groſſe: f. *Groſſe, great, big, thicke; alſo, heavy, ſad, weighty; alſo, dull, blunt, rude, ſottiſh, blockiſh.*

Groſſe haleine. à groſſe haleine. *Blowing hard, with full breath.*

Eſtre à la groſſe haleine. *To gaſpe, or gape for breath; to be almoſt out of breath.*

Les groſſes maiſons de la ville. *The richeſt houſes; or the moſt powerfull, and moſt eminent families in the Towne.*

Gros mal. *The falling ſickneſſe; or, foule evill.*

Gros voyers. *Such as have meane, or middle Juriſdiction.*

Groſſe teſte. Il a vne groſſe teſte. *He is a very blockhead, groutheed, joulthead.*

Il n'a pas la teſte ſi groſſe. *He is not ſo wiſe, or not ſo well ſeene in matters; he is not of ſo deepe a reach, of ſo great an underſtanding.*

Amende groſſe. *A fine, or amercement of* vj s. ſterl. *or upwards.*

Gros comme le bras. *as big as an arme; as ſure as a club.*

Filer gros. *Looke* Filer.

Regarder d'un gros oeil. *To frowne, looke big, or ſower on; to caſt a ſurly eye at.*

Gros-bec. *An aſh-coloured, and great-headed bird, ſomewhat leſſe then a Throſſe.*

Gros-doux. *A kind of faire, great, and ſweet apple.*

Groſelier: m. *A Gooſeberry ſhrub.*

Groſelier rouge. *The ſhrub that beares the red Gooſeberry, beyond-ſea Gooſeberry, red Corinthes, or baſtard Corrans.*

Groſelles. *as* Groiſelles. *Gooſeberries.*

Gros-grain. *The ſtuffe Grogeran.*

Groſſe: m. ée: f. *Tottered, rocked, ſhaken.*

Febves groſſées. *as* Groulées.

Groſler. *To rocke, totter, or ſhake, as a weake building in wind; alſo, as* Graller.

Groſlier. *See* Grollier.

Gros-menil. *The name of a certaine hard, and rough-skind Peare.*

Gros-oeil. *The name of an excellent apple for Cyder.*

Groſſe: f. *A groſſe, or twelve dozen; alſo, as* Groſſeſſe de femme; *alſo, the ingroſſement of an Inſtrument, Pleading, Evidence, &c. or an Inſtrument, &c. ingroſſed.*

Groſſelles. *as* Groiſelles.

Groſſement. *Groſſely, rudely; heavily, ſadly, blumily, blockiſhly.*

Gröſſer. *To rattle in the throat.*

Groſſerie: f. *Great workes, things wrought by great; alſo, rudeneſſe, groſſeneſſe; alſo* Groſſery; *wares uttered, or the uttering of wares, by whole-ſale.*

Groſſeſſe de femme. *A womans groſſeneſſe, greatneſſe, or being great with child.*

Groſſeur: f. *Groſſeneſſe, bigneſſe, thickneſſe, greatneſſe, fullneſſe.*

Groſſier: m. *A Grocer; or, as* Marchant Groſſier.

Groſſier: m. ere: f. *Groſſe, rude, unpoliſhed; blockiſh, dull, clownifh, lumpiſh.*

Marchant groſſier. *That ſells only by Great, or utters his commodities by whole-ſale.*

Noix groſſiere. *A Wallnut.*

Groſſierement. *as* Groſſement.

Groſſir. *To grow big, to wax fat, thicke, or groſſe.*

Groſſiſſement: m. *Thick-making; or, a growing big, fat, groſſe.*

Groſſoyé; m. ée: f. *Ingroſſed; written faire, or in great and faire letters.*

Groſſoyer. *To ingroſſe; to write faire, or in great and faire letters.*

Grote: f. *A coole roome under-ground for the Summer; or, as* Grotte.

Groteſque. *as* Grotte.

† Groteſquer. *To lurke in caves, dennes, and obſcure places.*

Groteſques: f. *Pictures wherein (as pleaſe the Painter) all kind of odde things are repreſented without any peculiar ſence, or meaning, but only to feed the eye.*

Groton: m. *A little grot, caverne, or hole; alſo, as* Croton.

Grotte: f. *A grot, cave, denne, caverne, hole, (under the ground.)*

Grouée. La grouée des fruicts; *That fruit which falls in the night; wind-falls, night-falls, or night-wind-falls.*

Grouetteux. *as* Grouetteux.

Grouette: f. *Gravell; or, a gravelly ſoyle.*

Grouetteux: m. euſe: f. *Gravelly, ſtony.*

Grougnaut; m. *A Gurnard.* ¶ Langued.

† Grougouler. *To rumble, or croake, like the guts.*

Grouiller. *To move, ſtirre, ſcrall; to make ſhew, or give ſignes, of life by ſtirring; to ſpring, as a child in his mothers woombe; alſo, to rumble, as thoſe that in a houſe remove heavy things; alſo, to ſwarme, abound, or breake out confuſedly in great numbers.*

Grouillier: m. *as* Grollier.

Grouillis: m. *A ſtirring heape of wormes, or other vermine; alſo, the ſpringing of a child in the woombe.*

Groulard. *The bird called, a Bunting.*

Groulé. Febves groulées. *Parched, or carled, beanes.*

Groulier. *as* Grouiller.

Groumeler. *To murmure, grumble, mutter.*

Grouppade: f. *A certaine lofty manage, which muſt be beaten with a lively, and ſetled meaſure; the turns being more wide, and the horſes hinder parts more raiſed, then in an ordinary carvet.*

† se Groyer. *To boaſt, vaunt, crake of his deeds.*

Gruage. Couſtume de gruage. *The cuſtome, order, or manner, of ſurveying, meaſuring, rating, and delivering, of wood ſold in forreſts, &c.*

Gruan: m. *Oatmeale.*

Gruant: m. *Oatmeale, Groats.*

Gruau.

Gruau. *Course meale, or, the great of corne; also, a young Crane; also, as* Grio; *also, a Shittlecocke,*

Gruaux d'avoine. *Oatmeale, Groates.*

Gruë: f. *A Crane; also, the Engine so called; also, a sot, asse, goose-cap, boydon, lobcocke.*

Gruë franche. *Free lading, and unlading at a wharfe; (a Priviledge due unto some Merchants.)*

Bec de gruë. *as* Col de gruë; *also, a Cranes bill (or Pinsers fashioned like a Cranes bill) wherewith Surgeons pull bullets, and arrowe-heads out of wounded bodies.*

Col de gruë. *The herb Cranes-bill, Herons-bill, Storkes-bill, Pincke-needle; also, the herb Doves-foot; also, the herb Robert; (The latter two being severall kinds of the first.)*

Teste de gruë. *as* Col de gruë.

Danser la gruë. *To hop; or dance upon (only) one leg.*

S'entretenir comme font les gruës. *Obstinately to follow together one sect, side, or faction.*

Gruë: com. *Simple, silly; sottish, foolish; and hence;*

Le monde n'est plus gruë. *The world growes wise adayes,*

Gruërie. *as* Grurie; *also, the walke of a* Gruyer.

Droict de gruërie, & garenne. *A royaltie belonging unto some Lords Justicers, who have thereby the hunting, brousage, and pawnage of their subjects, or vassals, woods.*

Grugeoir: m. *A small Grater; as* Esgrugeoir.

Grugeons. *The smallest, or most writhen fruit on a tree; Writlings.* ¶ Norm.

Gruger. *To grudge, repine, mutter* (v.m.) *also, to crumble, or breake into small peeces; or, as* Esgruger

Gruier: m. *as* Gruyer; *Part of whose Office is the keeping of the Hammer wherwith the wood, and timber that's felled for sale, or for the use of Commoners in Forrests, is marked.*

Gruierie. *as* Grurie.

Gruiner. *To gruntle, or grunt like a Hog.*

Gruir. *To crumble, or creake, like a Crane.*

Gruire. *as* Grurie.

Grum. *as* Grain. ¶ Langued.

Grume: m. *A knot, bunch, cluster; clutter; also, a twinkling, or sparkling, as of a Diamond.*

Grumeau de sang: m. *A clot, or clutter of congealed blood.*

Grumelement: m. *A grunting, as of Hogs.*

Grumeler. *as* Grommeler.

Grumeleux: m. euse: f. *Clotty, cluttering, clusterie.*

Bois Grumeleux. *Rough, knotty, rugged wood.*

Grumer. *To shit grapes; or, to void a dung that shewes the dunguer to have eaten grapes; (a word applyed most unto wild Swine.)*

Grumeux. *as* Grumeleux.

Gruo. *Barly flower dried by the fire, &c. as* Grio.

† Gruolleux: m. euse; f. *Gravellie, stonie.*

Gruotte. *as* Griotte.

Grupé: m. ée: f. *Grasped, seised, griped.*

Grupement: m. *A grasping, or griping; a seisure.*

Gruper. *To seise, gripe, grasp.*

Ie le vous gruperay au truc. *See* Truc.

Gruppade: f. *A violent gripe, seisure, grasp, catching, snatching at.*

Grurie: f. *Is a right of Jurisdiction (most properly) in the woods, and forrests that belong to another man, and consists of the notice taken of, and of the amerciaments and confiscations raised by, the offences committed therein. This right belongs wholly to the King in all the woods that be inclosed within his forrests, by reason whereof the amerciaments and confiscations are ever adjudged unto him, and the restitutions and dammages unto the Proprietaries: (And yet if another have so great a proportion of woods inclosed within, or joyning unto, the Kings forrests, that he must of necessity keep Officers to looke unto them, and have withall (by Prescription, or Charter) this right, or a Jurisdiction, within them, he may exercise it by his Officers, without the impeachment of the Kings;) also, the Office, or the walke of a* Gruyer.

Grurie du charbon. *Such a like Jurisdiction over the makers of Charcoale; as also, a propertie in part thereof, belonging to the King, in whose woods soever they be made.*

Grus: m. *Gruell; or water wherein any corne is boiled; corne-broth; and hence;*

Grus de froment. *Furmentie.*

Grus d'orge. *as* Orgemondé.

Gruser. *To grieve, or to repine, at.*

Grusler des pois. *To parch Pease.*

Gruyau: m. *Oat-meale; or the course meale of any other corne; the great of corne.*

Gruyer: m. *A principle Forrester; a chiefe Warden, or Verderer; a master Sergeant in a Forrest; for this name is generall, and proper unto all these severall officers; who in the title, and right thereof belonging to the King, have authority, to cause his Ordinances to be kept, and to punish the breakers thereof (as well within other Lords woods, as within his) either by setting amerciaments on their heads, or by confiscating of their cattell (the whole benefit whereof is, in most places, adjudged unto him) yet if the fact committed (in his Forrests) require a greater penalty then 60 s. Tourn. they must refer it over to the censure of the masters of the Forrest; also, as in* Gruier.

Gruyer: m. ere: f. *Of a Crane; also made (as a Hawke) only for the Crane.*

Gruyerie, & Gruyrie. *as* Grurie.

Gruyo sec. *as* Grio.

Gryllon: m. *A Cricket, or Grasse-hopper.*

Gryotte. *as* Griotte.

Grypaume: f. *The herb Motherwort.*

Gryper. *See* Griper.

Grys. *as* Gris.

Guaillardet: m. *A streamer, Pennon, or Pendant, in Ships, &c.*

Guainier: m. *The tree called, Judas-tree; (belike because he hanged himselfe on one of that kind.)*

† Guaire. *as* Guere; *Little.*

† Guaive. *Choses guaives, waifes, or straies; or, things quitted, abandoned, forsaken, left at randome.*

† Gualebaut: m. *A boyse-cup, or tosse-pot.*

Guaranion. *A kind of horse; (an old word.)*

Guarantir. *as* Garantir; *To warrant.*

Guarbances: f. *Fitches, Vetches.*

Guarde-manger. *See* Garde-manger.

Guardon. *as* Gardon.

Guare guare. *War, war; take heed, take heed.*

Sans dire guare. *On a sudden, at unawares, before any warning given, without bidding beware.*

Guarent. *See* Garent.

Guari: m. ie: f. *Healed, whole, cured, recovered, of a disease.*

Guarigues. *Plaine champian fields.* ¶ Rab.

Guarir. *To heale, cure, mend, recover, make whole, restore unto health.*

Bon est le medicin qui se sçait guarir; Prov. *He is a good Physitian that can heale himselfe.*

Guarison: f. *Health; curing, healing; recovery, amendment.*

Qui veut la guarison du Mire, il luy convient tout son mal dire; Prov. *He that would cured be must all his ill confesse.*

Guarissable: com. *Healeable, cureable, recoverable.*

Guarite: f. *as* Garite.

Guarrot. *See* Garrot.

Guastaliens. *An Order of religious people, consisting both of men and women, and instituted the yeare 1537. by the Countesse of* Guastala, *a Mantuan Lady.*

† Guastier: f. *One that is hired to tend other mens grounds; or, as* Gastier.

Guatte: f. *The small, or yong Shad, the river Pilchard.* ¶ Bayonnois.

Guault. *The name of an apple, that yeelds very pleasant, and cleere Cider.*

Guayac. Guacum, Lignum vitæ. *Pockewood.*

† Guayer. *as* Guéer.

Guaynier. *as* Guainier.

Guayre. *as* Guere. ¶ Provençal.

Gué: m. *A Foord; a shallow part of a river, where it may be waded over.*

'A grand cheval grand gué; Prov. *A great horse a great Foord must have.*

Gueable: com. *Wadeable; fit, likely, or easie, to be waded over.*

Guedde, ou Guede: f. *as* Gueste; (*Course*) *Woad.*

Guedé: m. ée: f. *Stuffed, strouting, crammed full of, or filled up with, meat and drinke.*

Guedon. Faire de guedon guedon. *To mince, or simper it; to be nice, quaint, scrupulous of receiving what inwardly is longed for; to say nay and take it, as men say maids do; whence;*

Et apres guedon. *(Of women which do a thing after they have made it strange a while;) and afterwards they fall to it with a better stomacke then they had refused it.*

† Guedouar. *as* Gadouard.

† Guedouste: f. *A small oyle-pot, or bottle (most commonly) covered with leather; a small Burrachoe.*

† Guedouille: f. *as* Guedouste.

† Guedousse.

† Guedouſſe de vinaigre. (*Corruptly for* Gueſdouſſe.) *A ſmall vineger bottle.*

Guéé : m. éée : f. *Waded over ; alſo, vinced.*

† Guéer. *To wade.*

Guéer vn cheval. *To waſh, or water a horſe in a river.*

Guéer du linge. *To rince linnen.*

Guelphe : com. *Of the Guelphian faction (in Italie ;) alſo, factious, or ſeditious.*

Guementé : m. ée : f. *Asked, or enquired after ; alſo, lamented, or complained of.*

se Guementer. *To aske, or enquire after ; or, as* Se Guermenter.

† Guenaud : m. *A begger ; alſo, a digger of graves.*

† Guenchir. *To ſtart, ſhrinke, or wrench aſide, thereby to avoid a comming blow. (v. m.)*

Gueneau : m. *The throtle, or throat-boll.* ¶ Bleſien.

† Guenille : f. *A rag ; or old, and tattered clowt.*

● Guenipe : f. *as* Guenille.

Guenon : f. *A Monkie ; alſo, an Ape ; whence ;*

Guenon de mer, *as* Singe de mer.

Guenonnée : f. *A moſt beaſtly wench ; one that hath been ridden by a Monkie.*

Guenot : m. *A Shepheards Familiar ; a Spirit, or Hobgoblin, which (as ſome of thoſe ignorant Swaines imagine) preſerves, and defends from wolves, and theeves, the ſheep of him he belongs to.* ¶ Bleſien.

Guenupe : f. *A little Monkie, or Marmouſet.*

Guepillon. *A holy-water-ſprinkle.*

Guepillonneux : m. euſe : f. *Sprinkling, bedewing, caſting water upon.*

Guerb. *Common of paſture for a mans beaſts throughout all his neighbours grounds ; (In ſome part of* Brittany.)

Temps de guerb. *Is from mid September to the middle of Februarie.*

Guerdon : m. *Guerdon, recompence, meed, remuneration, reward ; alſo, as* Gardon.

Guerdonné : m. ée : f. *Guerdoned, rewarded.*

Guerdonnement. *A guerdoning, recompencing, remunerating, rewarding.*

Guerdonner. *To guerdon, remunerate, recompence, reward.*

Guere. *But little, ſmall, ſcant, ſcarce, rare ; but a while, not long, but a little, not much.*

Guere ſouvent. *Rarely, ſeldome, not often, not many times.*

Il ne s'en fault guere. *There wants not much ; there ſcarce wants any ; 'tis like, or very neere.*

Gueres. *as* Guere ; *and hence ;*

Il n'y a gueres. *It was but lately ; it is not long agoe.*

Quand il n'eſt gueres de Lune. *When it is but young Moone.*

Gueret : m. *Fallow, or fallow ground ; land well manured, laboured, tilled ; fitted, and prepared for ſeed, &c. alſo, mould, or ſoyle ; alſo, mud, or filth.*

Gueret vieux. Terres de g. *Ground which hath lyen fallow a whole yeare at leaſt.*

Guereté : m. ée : f. *Layed, or made fallow ; manured ; laboured ; fitted for ſeed, &c.*

Guereter. *To lay, or make land fallow ; to eare, manure, till ; to labour ; or prepare for ſeed, &c.*

Guerguesſes : f. *Wide Slops, or Gallogaskins, great Gaſcon, or Spaniſh hoſe.*

Gueri : m. ie : f. *Healed, cured.*

Guerir. *as* Guarir ; *To heale ; to cure.*

Guerir aulcun de tous ſes maulx ; *To kill one.*

Gueriſon. *See* Guariſon.

Gueriſſable : com. *Healable, curable.*

Gueriſſeur : m. *A healer, or curer.*

Guerite : f. *as* Garite ; *or, a place of retreat, or hiding hole (whereof divers were wont to be made) in thick Rampiers, for the preſervation of thoſe that, in a ſurprize, had the lucke, or leiſure, to get into them ; alſo, a Sentrie, or Watch-tower.*

Guerité. Murs guerirez. *Rampiers furniſhed with ſuch defences, or places of retreat ; or Sentries.*

† Guerle : f. *A Sive made of a skin dryed, and pierced full of holes.*

† Guerle : com. *Squint-eyed, or gogle-eyed.*

† Guerler. *To ſift (through a* Guerle.)

† Guerluſet. (*Somewhat like our Shagrag ;*) *a by-word for a beggerly ſouldier.*

† se Guermenter. *To lament, mourne, complaine, groane, alſo, toſſet, afflict, or vex himſelfe ; alſo, to aske, or enquire after ; (an old, and ruſtick word.)*

Guernette : f. *A Prawne.* ¶ Pariſien.

Guernier. *See* Grenier.

Guerpi : m. ie : f. *Left, quit, forſaken, abandoned, relinquiſhed, given over ; alſo, crept, crawled, gone forward by little and little.*

Guerpie : f. *as* Guerpine ; *Alſo, a creeping, trawling, moving forward by little and little.*

La guerpie. (*In ſome ancient cuſtomes doth ſignifie*) *a widow.*

Guerpine : f. *A quitting, leaving, abandoning, relinquiſhing, forgoing, forſaking.*

Guerpir. *To quit, leave, abandon, relinquiſh, forgoe, forſake ; yeeld, or give over, (alſo in a contrary ſence) to ſeize, get, lay hold on, take poſſeſſion of ; alſo, to creepe, crawle, move, or go forward by little and little.*

Guerpiſon : f. *as* Guerpine.

Guerre : f. *Warre, warfare, diſcord, ſtrife, contention, debate.*

Guerre guerroyable. *Open, or mortall, warre.*

Bonne guerre. *Faire play ; or, the keeping of Quarter ; a taking, and ranſoming, of priſoners in warre.*

Droict de guerre. *See* Droict.

Fer de guerre. *The ſharpe head of a horſemans ſtaffe.*

Tour de vieille guerre. *A notable ſleight, plot, ſhift, an excellent ſtratagem.*

Sentir la vieille guerre. *To be of the old ſtampe, cut, faſhion, or humor.*

La guerre eſt la feſte des morts ; Prov. *Warre is deaths holy-day.*

Argent faict guerre ; Prov. *Money makes warre, viz. incites men to undertake, and enables them to undergo, it.*

Homme mort ne fait guerre ; Prov. *A dead man deales no blowes.*

Mieux vaut en paix vn oeuf qu'en guerre vn boeuf : &, Mieux vaut ſeruitude en paix que ſeigneurie en guerre ; Prov. *Loake Paix.*

Nulle terre ſans guerre ; Prov. *No land without warre ; or thus hath land is ſeldome out of law ; The like is,*

Qui a terre, ſi, a guerre ; Prov. *He that hath ſoyle hath ſuites.*

Touſjours ne dure orage ne guerre ; Prov. *Nor ſtorme, nor warre, continues ever.*

Guerrier : m. *A warrier, or Martiall man.*

Guerrier : m. ere : f. *Warlike, Martiall, valiant, or forward in war ; alſo, contentious, brabling, litigious.*

Guerrier. *To war, make war upon, fight, or contend againſt.*

Guerrite. *A kind of defence in a rampier. See* Guerite.

Guerroyable : com. *Warrable ; fit to be warred on. See* Guerre.

Guerroyant. *Waring, fighting, contentious.*

Guerroyé : m. ée : f. *Warred, or contended againſt, brabled or brawled with.*

Guerroyement : m. *Warre, warfare, or warfaring.*

Guerroyer. *To warre ; fight, or contend againſt ; brable with ; make war upon.*

Guerroyeur : m. *A Martialiſt, or Warriour ; alſo, a fray-maker, ſwaggerer, contentious perſon.*

Guery : m. ye : f. *Healed, cured.*

Gueſde : f. *Woad, or Wade ; both herb, and ſtuffe thats made of the leaves thereof ; Many of the French Dyers call the courſer ſort of the ſtuffe* Gueſde, *and the finer* Paſtel ; *moſt writers confound them ; we call the herb Garden or tame Woad, therein to make it differ from ;*

Gueſde ſauvage. *Wild woad ; which growes of it ſelfe in grounds wherein the other hath been ſowne ; and differs not much from it but in ſtaulke, wherein this is the tenderer, browner, and ſmaller of the two.*

Gueſdé : m. ée : f. *Woaded ; dyed with woad.*

Gueſpe : f. *A waſpe.*

Gueſpée : f. *A traſt, or ſwarme of waſpes.*

Gueſpier : m. *A Woodwall, Wood-pecker, Eate-Bee (a little bird ;) alſo, a kind of Spider that ſomewhat reſembles a waſpe.*

Gueſpiere : f. *A waſpes neaſt.*

Gueſpilleur : m. *as* Gaſpilleur ; *A ſquanderer.*

Gueſpillonné : m. ée : f. *Beſprinkled, bedewed with a ſprinkle.*

Gueſpillonner. *To beſprinkle, or bedew, as with a holy-water ſprinkle.*

Gueſpine : f. *A waſpiſh dame ; or (as our Cockney of* London) *a nickname for a woman of* Orleans.

Gueſt. harang gueſt. *A ſhotten, or leane herring.*

Gueſtré : m. ée : f. *Having ſtartups on.*

Gueſtres : f. *Startups ; high ſhoos, or gamaſhes for countrey folkes.*

† Gueſvé m. ée : f. *Waived ; refuſed, abandoned, given over.*

† Gueſve. Seigneut gueſve. *A Landlord unto whom ſurrender is made of the ground held of him.*

Choſes

Choſes gueſves. *Waiſes, ſtraies, or things left, quitted, abandoned.*

† Gueſvement : m. *A waiving, a refuſing; alſo, a reſignation, or ſurrender of land.*

† Gueſver. *To waive, refuſe, abandon, give over; alſo, to ſurrender, give backe, reſigne, redeliver.*

† Gueſveux : m. euſe : f. *Plaſhy, flaſhie; alſo, beplaſhed.*

Guet : m. *Watch, ward, watch and ward; alſo, heed, obſervation, carefull ſpying, diligent looking about; alſo, the watch, or company appointed to watch.*

Guet à pens; ou, à penſé; ou, appens; ou, appenſé. *An ambuſh prepared, or laid with a purpoſe to intrap, deceive, or deſpoile the party watched for; alſo, the act done, or offence committed, by the means of ſuch an ambuſh; and hence;*

De guet à penſée. *Wittingly, willingly, adviſedly, deliberately, of ſet purpoſe; and, with a malicious intent, or a reſolution to do miſchiefe.*

Archers du guet. *Look* Archer.

Chevalier du guet. *The Captaine of the ordinary watch of* Paris.

Droict du guet. *A Prerogative ſome Lords (inhabitants of the borders of the ſea coaſt) have over their tenants, every one of whom they may compell to watch the coaſt one day in a month (whether there be occaſion or no) or to pay for each default 5 s. Tourn. which are often changed into a certaine quantity of corne, hennes, &c. according to the cuſtome of the place, or the compoſition made with them; alſo, Caſtle-gard, or Caſtle-ward. See* Droict.

Accouſtré pour aller au guet. *Throughly tipled, ſoundly whitled, that hath ſeene the devill.*

Aller de guet à ſes affaires. *To go ſlowly, lazily, drouſily, ſleepily, about his buſineſſe.*

Eſtre du guet. *as* Avoir la caſſade; me voila bien du guet. *I am now plainly couſened, beguiled, over-rought; I am come to a faire paſſe, I am finely dreſt indeed.*

Faire le guet à Montfaucon. *To be hanged (we may ſay at Tiburne;* Montfaucon *being a hill (neere* Paris*) whereon the common Gibbet ſtands.)*

Faire le guet au temps. *To obſerve narrowly the courſe; and revolution of times, and ſeaſons. Look* Faire.

Tenir le guet. *To watch and ward.*

Bon guet chaſſe malaventure; Prov. *Good heed prevents miſfortunes, (or expells them.)*

Guettable. *Watchable; ſubject unto watching, and warding.*

Guettant, *watching, warding; prying, ſpying; heeding, marking, obſerving; dogging, ſtaulking after.*

En guettant, & eſpiant. *Craftily, ſlilly; on advantage, at unawares.*

Guette : f. *A watchman, warder; ſpie, eſpiall; a ſcout-watch; alſo, a Sentinell, or watch-Tower in a caſtle, or fortreſſe.*

Guetté : m. ée : f. *Watched, warded; alſo, pried, or ſpied into; narrowly obſerved, maliciouſly dogged.*

Guettement : m. *A watching, warding; prying; heeding, obſerving; dogging, lying in wait for.*

Guetter. *To watch, ward, watch and ward; ſpie, prie, looke about; marke, heed, note, obſerve narrowly; dog, ſtaulke after, lye in wait for.*

Guetteur : m. *A watcher, warder; ſpie, eſpiall; prier, buſie obſerver of.*

Guetteur de chemins. *A way-layer, a robber on the highway, a purſe-taker, one of St* Nicholas *Clerkes.*

Gueu. *as* Queux; *A Cooke.*

Gueüant. *Begging in the highway; or, like a rogue any way.*

Guever. *See* Gueſver.

† Gueüer. *as* Gueuſer.

†, Gueüeſſe : f. *as* Gueuſe; *A woman begger.*

Gueule : f. *The mouth; alſo, (and moſt properly) the throat, gullet, pipe, or paſſage, whereby meat is ſent from the mouth downe to the ſtomacke; alſo, the ſtomack it ſelfe; or the mouth, or Orifice thereof.*

Gueule droitte. (*In Architecture*) *as* Naſſelle.

Gueule renverſée. *as* Cyme.

Harnois de gueule. *Meat, victuals, mouth-armour, throat-harneſſe.*

Marchandiſe de gueule. *Victuals, Kitchen ware.*

Mot de gueule. *A jeaſt, or merrie word.*

Tonneau à gueule bée. *A Tunne whoſe head is beaten out; or, thats open at the one end.*

Bien fendu de gueule. *Well mouth-cleven, that hath a goodly wide mouth.*

Au chat cendreux jamais ne tombe rien en gueule : &, à regnard endormi rien ne chet en la gueule; Prov. *Sluggiſh, or idle people never get any thing to purpoſe; we ſay, of idleneſſe comes no goodneſſe.*

Au chat leſcheur bat on ſouvent la gueule; Prov. *Looke* Chat.

Gueules. *Gules, red, or ſanguine, in Blazon.*

Gueullard : m. *The muzzle, or mouth of a beaſt; alſo, a wide-mouthed fellow; alſo, an imboſſe (like the head of a Lyon) upon ancient buſkins.*

Gueulle : f. *See* Gueule.

Gueus : m. *A begger; an idle rogue, a louzie tattered vagabond.*

Gueuſant. *as* Gueüant.

Gueuſe : f. *A woman begger, a ſhe rogue, a great, lazie, and louzie queane; a Doxie, or Mort; alſo, a great lumpe of melted yron, rude, and unfaſhioned, even as it comes from the furnace.*

Gueuſer. *To beg on the highway, like a rogue.*

Gueuſerie : f. *Beggerie; a canting, or begging.*

Guey : m. *as* Gué; *A foord.*

Gueuze. *as* Gueuſe.

Gui : m. *See* Guy.

Guichet : m. *A wicket; or hatch of a doore.*

Madame du guichet (*A nickname for a Midwife.*)

Guichetier : m. *He that keepeth the wicket of a priſon.*

Guidage. *A paſport, or Writ of ſafe-conduct.*

Guide : f. *A guide, leader, conductor, director; alſo, a certaine little ſea-fiſh that continually ſwimmes before the Whale; alſo, a kind of diſeaſe, or ſore, in a horſes withers.*

Guidé : m. ée : f. *Guided, conducted, directed.*

Guideau : m. *A kind of fiſh-net.*

Guider. *To guide, lead, direct, conduct; ſet, or keep, in the way.*

Guideymant. *The needle of a ſea-compaſſe.*

Guidon : m. *A Standard, Enſigne, or Banner, under which a troupe of men of Arms do ſerve; alſo, he that beares it.*

Guieor. *as* Guide; *An old word.*

Guier. *as* Guider; *To guide.* (v.m.)

Guieres. *as* Guere.

Guiges : f. *The handles of a Targuet, or Shield.*

Guignade : f. *as* Guignement.

Guignement : m. *A winking, or aiming at a thing with one eye.*

Guigne-queuë. *The little bird called a Wagtaile, or Diſh-waſher.*

Guigner. *To winke, or aime at with one eye; to levell at a thing, winking; alſo, to blinke; to winke and looke askew.*

Guigneur : m. *A winker; an aimer with one eye, as a Gunner taking his levell; alſo, a blinker.*

Guignons de roches. *The corners, or edges of rockes.*

Guigneron. *A gold-finder, a Dung-farmer.*

Guilée : f. *A great ſhower of raine.*

Guilhedin : m. *A gelding.*

Guillardet. *as* Guillard. [redacted]

Guillaume. (*A name;*) William; *alſo, a nickname for a gull, dolt, fop, foole.*

Guillaume baillez moy la lance. *A play (or puniſhment) wherein one thats hudwincked rides on anothers backe, and calling thus, hath a ſhitten ſtaffe raught him.*

Guille : f. *The quill, or faucet of a wine veſſell; alſo, the keele of a ſhip; alſo, guile, craft, deceit.*

Guille de beurre. *A peece of butter made of the faſhion of a finger.*

Guillé : m. ée : f. *Beguiled.*

Guillebardeau : m. *A toole, or inſtrument.*

Guillée. *as* Guilée.

Guillemine : f. *A certaine Edict againſt ſome exorbitant privileges of the Church; deviſed, and publiſhed by* Guillaume Poiet, *a Chancellor of* France.

Guillemins : m. *An order of Hermites, inſtituted by* Guillaume, *Duke of* Guienne, *and Earle of* Poictou. *Stile* Les Blancs Manteaux, *in* Manteau.

Guillemot : m. *A certaine three-towed fowle, that ſomewhat reſembles a Plover.*

Guillenard : m. *Part of a womans, &c.*

† Guiller. *To couſen, beguile; deceive.* (v.m.)

Guilleret : m. ette : f. *Merrie, frolicke, pleaſant, lively; alſo, red about the gills, as one that is cup-ſhotten, or hath drunke ſomewhat hard.*

Guillerie de paſſereaux : f. *The chirping of Sparrowes.*

Guillery : m. *as* Guillerie.

Guillochis : m. *A kind of flouriſhing in Maſonrie, or Carpentrie.*

Guilloquet. *Part of a womans, &c.*

Guillot : m. *A proper name for a man, and hence;*

Guillot le Songeur. *A dreaming fellow, a dull ſleepie loggar-head.*

Logé chez Guilloc le Songeur. *Put into a dumpe, muſe, dreame, driven into a ſtudie.*

Guilmin: m. *A noddie, nimnie, coxe, ideot.*

Guilon: f. *A rigge, a wanton, or wandring girle.*

Guilverdons: m. *Great gobbets of liquid meats, as of Oyſters, &c.*

Guimauves: f. *Marſh Mallowes, mooriſh Mallowes, white Mallowes.*

Guimauves ſauvages. *The wild Mallowes called, Vervine Mallowes, cut Mallowes, and Simons Mallowes.*

Guimaux. prez Guimaux. *Fertill Medowes, which are mowed twice a yeare.* ¶ Rab.

† Guimpe. *as* Guimphe: f. *as* Guimple.

† Guimpier: m. *A maker of Crepines.*

† Guimple: f. *The Crepine of a Frenchhood.*

Guinche: f. *A ſword, or hatchell for a flaxwife,*

Guincher. *To wriggle, writhe, winch a toe-ſide.*

Guindage: m. *A hoyſing, or liſting up; or an engine to liſt up things with.*

Guindal: m. *An engine to liſt up ſtones, or timber with.*

Guindé: m. ée: f. *Liſt, or hoyſed up.*

Guinder. *To hoyſe, or liſt up on high.*

Guinder les cieux. *To bow downe the heavens.*

Se Guinder. *To bound, skip, or leape up; alſo, to knit, or gather himſelfe together.*

Guindereſſe. la g. de la miſaine. *The mizen halliards, the rope whereby the mizen ſayle is hoyſed up.*

Guindol. *See* Guindal.

Guindoles. *as* Guindoules.

Guindoules: f. *The fruit called, Jujubes.*

Guindre: f. *A reele, or wheele to winde ſilke on.*

Guines. *See* Guiſnes.

Guinguois. de Guinguois. *Slovenly, unevenly, unhandſomely, awry; alſo, huſſingly, ſwaggeringly, aſwaſh.*

† Guinſon. *as* Pinſon.

Guipilon. *An holywater ſprinkle.*

Guipure: f. *A groſſe black thread (covered, or whipt about with ſilke) whereof corded hat-bands be made.*

Guipures d'or. *Golden (and wreathed) Aglets, or Tags.*

Guirlande: f. *A Garland.*

Guirlandé: m. ée: f. *Begarlanded, wearing a Garland; bedecked, or ſet out, with Garlands.*

Guiſarme: f. *A kind of (offenſive) long-handled, and long-headed, weapon; or (as the Spaniſh Viſarma) a ſtaffe, that hath within it two long pikes, which with a ſhoot, or thruſt forward, come forth.*

Guiſe: f. *Guiſe; manner, faſhion, cuſtome, uſage; humor.*

Chaſcun a ſa guiſe; Prov. *Every one as he likes.*

Tant de villes tant de guiſes; Prov. *In every town be ſeveral cuſtomes, or faſhions.*

Guiſnes: f. *A kind of little, ſweet, and long cherries; tearmed ſo, becauſe at firſt they came out of* Guyenne; *alſo, any kind of cherries.*

Guiſner: m. *A ſweet-cherrie tree.*

Guiterne; *or* Guiterre: f. *A Gitterne.*

Gulpe: f. *A wound, or bloud-wipe; (in Blazon, a golp; and muſt be purple.)*

† Gulpine: f. *A quitting, leaving, abandoning, forſaking, waiving, giving over an eſtate in land.*

† Gulpir. *as* Guerpir. *To quit, leave, waive.*

Gumenes: f. *The tackling of a ſhip.*

Guoguette. *as* Gogue.

Le coeur luy dit guoguette. *He is exceeding merrie, lively, jocund, frolicke; his heart leaps for joy.*

Guorre: f. *as* Gorre; *A ſow.* ¶ Rab.

Guoy: m. *A little hand-bill, uſed for the cutting, and pruining of Vines.*

Gurleret. *A nickname, or by-word for a beggarly ſouldier.*

† Gurpir. *To quit, forgoe, leave, abandon.*

Gurpilon: f. *A quitting, forgoing, leaving, abandoning.*

Guſes. *The ball of the eye; ſo tearmed in blazon; and muſt ever be ſanguine.*

Gutale. ou Guttale. *Ale, good ale.*

Guttural: m. ale: f. *Gutturall; belonging to the throat.*

Guy: m. *Miſſeltoe, or Miſſeldine.*

Guy de Flandres. *A kind of marter wherewith fret-worke is made.*

Guyberges. *as* Guymberges.

Guybourc. *The name of a certaine greene, and ſweet apple.*

Guymauves. *as* Guimauves.

Guymberges. *Flouriſht woorke in ſeeling, or vaulting.*

Guynettes: f. *Young* Guiſnie bonnes.

Guynnes. *as*, Guiſnes.

Guypierre. *as* Guipure.

Guypure. *as* Guipure.

Guyron. *That which we call Germes, in blazing of armes.*

Guyſarme. *as* Guiſarme.

Guyſarmier. *One that ſerves with a* Guiſarme.

Guyure: f. *A ſnake, an adder.*

Gy: m. *Plaiſter, morter. Looke* Gyp.

Gymnaſte. *Exerciſed, or, nimble at exerciſe.* ¶ Rab.

Gynecocratie: f. *Feminine rule, or authoritie, the government of a woman.*

Gyngois. à gyngois. *as* de Guinguois.

Gynocratie: f. *The government of a woman.*

† Gyp, *or* Gypa. *Morter, plaiſter; or a kinde of white ſtone whereof plaiſter is made.*

† Gypſé: m. ée: f. *Like morter, or plaiſter; alſo, mortered, or plaiſtered.*

† Gyraffe. *as* Giraffe.

Gyrine: f. *The frog tearmed, a Tadpole.*

Gyroflée: f. *A gilloflower, See* Giroflée.

Gyroles: f. *Skirret roots.*

Gyron. *as* Guyron (*a tearme of blaſonrie.*)

Gyrouët: m. *A ſane, or weathercocke; See* Girouëtte.

Gyrouëtte: f. *as* Gyrouët.

Gyrouëtteux: m. euſe: f. *Flitting, wavering, inconſtant, giddie, unſteddie, as a ſane, or weathercocke.*

H

HA. (*The third perſon of the Preſent tenſe of the verbe* Avoir) Il ha: *He hath.*

Ha. *An Interjection, ſometimes denoting a wiſh; as*, ha s'il m' eſtoit permis! *ſometimes griefe; as*, ha, quelle faſcherie! *Ah, or alaſſe, what trouble! ſometimes threatning, or anger; as*, ha meſchant tu es mort: *Ha villaine thou art dead.*

Ha ha. *An Interjection of feare, or of wonder (upon the ſeeing, or finding of a thing on a ſuddaine) A ha; alſo, of laughter (then accompanied with hé) as*, ha ha hé.

Haaler. *as* Haſler.

† Habarre: f. *A Lyter; See* Gabarre.

† Habatre. *as* Abbatre.

Habeliné: m. ée: f. *Diſtempered; or, (as ſome have underſtood it) all-to-bepiſſed.* ¶ Rab.

Habile: com. *Able; ſtrong, luſtie, powerfull, hardie; quick, nimble, active, ready, cunning, expert; ſufficient; fit for, handſome in, apt unto, any thing he undertakes, or is put unto.*

Habilement. *Ably; ſtrongly, luſtily, hardily; nimbly, quickly, readily; aptly, fitly, with good decorum; cunningly, expertly, ſufficiently.*

Habileté: f. *Ableneſſe, abilitie; ſtrength, luſtineſſe, quickneſſe, lightneſſe, activity, nimbleneſſe, aptneſſe, readineſſe, handſomeneſſe, dexteritie, cunning; ſufficiencie.*

Il ne tient ia qu'à vne habileté de main. *There needs no more but one right blow; one blow will ſet on would ſerve the turne.*

Habilité. *as* Habileté.

Habilité: m. ée: f. *Enabled; fitted; confirmed; avowed, allowed of.*

Habiliter. *To enable; confirme, give ſtrength, or power unto; to apt, or make fit for; to avow, or allow of.*

Habiliter vn mineur. *To enable an infant to ſue, or anſwer in law, by appointing him a Gardian who may doe it for him.*

Habiliter vn proces. C'eſt quand les parties droiſſent leurs procedures, pieces, & productions avec inventaire, pour en mettre les ſacs par devers le Iuge, pour avoir droict, & iugement. ¶ Rageau.

Habillage de poullailles. *The dreſſing thereof; as the pluming, drawing, &c.*

Habillé: m. ée: f. *Dreſſed, clothed, arrayed, attired, apparelled, furniſhed, decked, adorned.*

Habillé comme vn bruſleur de maiſons. *In tattered, or deſperate array.*

Habillement: m. *Apparell, clothing; array, attire; a ſuite of apparell; alſo, a garment, rayment, veſtiment, or veſture; alſo, armour, or harneſſe; and hence*

Habillement de teſte. *An helmet, or headpeece.*

Habiller. *To cloth, dreſſe, apparell, array, attire; to furniſh; alſo, to decke, trimme, adorne.*

Habit: m. *A garment, raiment, veſtiment, or veſture; apparell, or a ſuite of apparell;*

alſo, an habit; a faſhion ſetled, a uſe or cuſtome gotten.

Il n'eſt pas ſi fol qu'il en porte l'habit. *He is not ſo fond as he ſeemes, or makes ſhew for.*

L'habit ne fait pas le moine; Prov. *'Tis not the habit (but the heart) that makes a man religious.*

Habitable: com. *Inhabitable; which may be dwelt in.*

Habitacle: m. *An habitacle, or habitation; a dwelling, or abiding place.*

Habitant: m. *An inhabitant, or inhabitor; a dweller, or abider in a place.*

Habitant. *Inhabiting, dwelling, abiding in.*

Habitation: f. *An habitation, or inhabitation, a dwelling, or place of abiding.*

Habité. *Dwelt, inhabited, lodged, remained, aboad.*

Habiter. *To dwell, inhabit, lodge, reſide, remaine, wone, abide, or live in a place.*

Habitual: m. ale: f. *Habituall; cuſtomary, continuall; alſo, wholly poſſeſſing.*

Habituation: f. *An habit, uſe, or cuſtome; a manner gotten faſhion ſetled, forme taken.*

Habitude: f. *Cuſtome, uſe, acquaintance, familiarity with.*

L'habitude de corps. *The eſtate, plight, liking, or diſpoſition of the body.*

Avoir habitude avec. *To converſe, or commerce; to meddle, dealt, or have much to do, with.*

Habitué: m. *A houſhold ſervant, or attendant; one that dwells with, and weares the Livery of, him he belongs to.*

Habitué: m. ée: f. *Uſed, enured, accuſtomed, framed, or made, unto; ſetled, well practiſed, that hath got an habit, in; alſo, well ſhaped, well liking, of good conſtitution of body.*

Habituer. *To uſe, accuſtome, enure, make, or frame, unto; to ſettle, practice, breed an habit, in.*

Hable: m. *A Port, or Haven.*

Habler. *To ſpeake, whence;*

Quand Matthe file, & Ambroſe hable, leur cas eſt triſte, & pitoyable; Prov. *When wives do ſpin, and husbands babble, their caſe is hard, and lamentable.*

Hableur: m. *A talkative perſon, a man full of words.*

Habordean: m. *The fiſh Haberdine.*

† Habrizer. *To get into the ſhade, or ſhrowd himſelfe under a covert; alſo, to ſleepe.*

Hache: f. *An axe; alſo, a crooked peece of land ſomewhat reſembling the bowed beake of an axe; alſo, the herbe Smallage; (for which looke Ache) alſo, a Torch.*

Hache d'armes. *A Battle-axe, or Maſe of Armes.*

Hache royalle. *The Aſſodill, or Aſphodill flower; eſpecially (the ſmall kind thereof called) the Speare for a King.*

Haché: m. ée: f. *Hacked, ſhred, ſliced, chopped, cut, or hewed in peeces; hatched, as the hilt of a ſword.*

Hachement: m. *A hacking, ſlicing, hewing, or cutting*

Par hachemens. *In pe[illegible]ces, or ſhreds; as a hachee; or [illegible] meat in a hachee, or ſtew.*

Hacher. *To ha[illegible]ce; hew, chop, cut in peeces [illegible] an axe;) alſo, to cut the [illegible]ord that flies apace; alſo, [illegible]bil.*

Hachereau: m. *A little axe; an Addis.*

Hacheue: f. *A hatchet, or ſmall axe.*

Hachis: m *A hachey, or hachee; a ſliced gallimaufrey, or minced meat.*

Hacquebute: t. *An Hiquebut, or Harquebuze.*

Haequebuter. *To ſhoot in, or with, an Harquebuze.*

Hacquet: m. as Haquet; *Alſo, a little Ciſterne, or open veſſell, for the rinſing of glaſſes, or cooling of wine in Summer.*

Hacquetier. as Haquetier.

Hadea. *(An Interjection of perceiving, or ſurpriſing) ha are you there?*

† Hadot; m. *A ſalt Haddocke.*

† Hadou. as Hadot.

Haffres: f. *Fright, aſtoniſhment. Look* Affres.

Haffreux. as Affreux.

Hagard: m. arde: f. *Hagard, wild, ſtrange; froward, contrary, croſſe; unſociable, uncompanable, incompatible.*

Faulcon hagard. *A Hagard; a Faulcon that preyed for her ſelfe long before ſhe was taken.*

Hagiographe: com. *Written holily, or ſacredly.*

Haglé: m. ée: f. *Mailed; ſpeckled as the coat of a hawke.*

Haglure: f. *The maile (or ſpeckledneſſe) of the coat of a hawke.*

Hahay. faire gros hahay. *To make a great ſtir, or mighty ſlaughter.*

Haï: m. Haie: f. *Hated, loathed; deteſted, abhorred.*

Il eſt povre qui eſt de Dieu haï; Pro. *Poore is the man whom God abhorres.*

Qui de ſes ſubjects eſt haï n'eſt pas Seigneur de ſon païs; Prov. *The Prince that's hated, is not Lord, of his countrey.*

Hai. *An Interjection, of encouragement, as,* hai avant; *On afore there boe; alſo, of complaining, as,* hai hai hai vous me bleſſez; *Alas, fie, out, you hurt me. Look* Hay.

Haias: m. *A kind of Beech tree.*

Haict. *Seeke* Hait.

Haie: f. *A hedge. Looke* Ha ye.

Hailler: m. *A great thicke buſh, or buſhie place; a thornie plot, ground full of briers, thicket of brambles.*

Haillier. as Hailler.

Haillon: m. *A clowt, a tatter, arag; alſo, an old, torne, or tattered garment.*

O les beaux haillons. *(So ſay they in ſome parts of France, when they ſee a man moſt richly attired.)*

Haillonné: m. ée: f. *Cut into rags, or tatters; whereof clowts are made.*

Diſcours haillonnez. *Ragged, or patched diſcourſes.*

Haillonner. *To cut in[illegible], or tatters; to clowt, or [illegible]*

Haillonn[illegible]ne: f. *Ragged, torne, tat[illegible]s of clowts, patches; rags, or*

[illegible]m. *A (fiſhing) hooke.*

[illegible]ne: f. *Hate, hatred; loathing, deteſtation; malice, rancor, a grudge, ill-will.*

Haine de Prince ſignifie mort d'homme; Prov. *A Princes hate imports the death of man.*

Nul bien ſans haine; Prov. *No happineſſe without hatred.*

Haines. les haines: f. *The hips; or, as* l'Eine.

Haineur: m. *A hater, loather, deteſter, abhorrer.*

Haineuſete: f. *Hatefulneſſe, odiouſneſſe; or an extreame deteſtation of.*

Haineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of hate, hating, loathing, deteſting extreamely; alſo, hateſull, deteſtable, moſt odious.*

Haïr. *To hate; loath, deteſt, abhorre, ſpight, malice, repine at, beare ill-will unto.*

Oncques n'ayma bien qui pour ſi peu haït; Prov. *He never ſoundly loveth that hateth for a toy.*

Haire: m. *A leane, or ill-favoured curtall; a carrion jade; (hence) alſo, a wretched or miſerable fellow; a poore ſnake.*

Haire: f. *A Sackcloth; a ſleeveleſſe ſhirt, &c. made of rugged haire, and worne (as a penance, or fleſh-tamer;) alſo, a Tormer, Boulter, or Strainer; alſo, a ſhrewd, or villanous pranke; and hence;*

Bailler la haire. *(Seeke* Bailler;) &;

Faire mille haires à. *To vexe, trouble, diſquiet, moleſt extreamely.*

Haireux: m. euſe: f. *Rough, rugged, harſh, like Sackcloth.*

Hairon. *A heron, herne, herneſhaw.*

Hairon marin. *The Sword-fiſh.*

Haironneau: m. *A young heron.*

Haironnier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a heron; alſo, heron-like; hence, long, tall; ſlender; leane, ſtarveling, meager; lanke.*

Faulcon haironnier. *A herner, a faulcon made only to the heron.*

Haironniere: f. *A herons neſt, or ayrie; a herneſhaw, or ſhaw of wood, wherein herons breed.*

Haïſſable: com. *Hatable; fit, or worthy to be hated.*

Haiſtre: m. *A Beech tree.*

Hait: m. *Livelineſſe, luſtineſſe; gladneſſe, cheereſulneſſe; willingneſſe; readineſſe.*

Cela eſt bien à mon hait. *That fits my humour, pleaſes my fancy; ſorts to my wiſh, jumpes with my deſires.*

Haité: m. ée: f. *Lively, luſty, ſound, blithe, buxome, cheereſull, diſpoſe.*

Haiter. *To like well of, or be well pleaſed with; alſo, to cheere up.*

† Haitié. as Haité.

Haitoudeau: m. *Looke* Heſtoudeau.

Hal: m. *An aſhie coloured Scate-fiſh, whoſe skin is powdered all over with browne ſpots.* ¶ Norm.

Halachie: f. *A Shad-fiſh.* (¶ Marſeillois.)

Halainé: m. ée: f. as Halené.

Halbrené: m. ée: f. *Beſhitten, ill berayed; alſo, ſad of looke, or, all out of heart, as a man diſcontented, or tired, or hurt. Look* Hallebrené.

Faulcon halbtené. *A Faulcon thats ragged, or broken-feathered.*

Halcion vocal. *A Nightingale of the river.*

Hale: m. *Sun-burning, or the extreame heat of the Sun.*

Hale: f. *An open Market houſe, or hall, ſtanding on pillers; (as that under which meale is ſold in Newgate Market; or that of the woall Staple in Weſtminſter;) alſo, a common hall, or Towne-houſe.*

Les hales. *Such a Market houſe, hall, or ſhambles, wherein fleſh, and other victuall's are ſold.*

Halé: m. ée: f. *Sun-burnt;* as Haſlé; *alſo, veered, as a cable; alſo, bounded, or ſet, as a dog at.*

Halebant. as Albrent.

Halebarde:

Halebarde : f. *An halberd ; alſo, a kind of copper good to make Ordnance of.*

Halebardier : m. *An Halberdeere, one that ſerues, or fights, altogether with an halberd.*

Halebran : m. *A Teale; alſo, as* Albrent *(in the two former ſignifications thereof.)*

Halebreda : com. *A great, unweldie, long, miſhapen, ill-fauoured, or ill-faſhioned, man, or woman ; a lyske, a ſlouch ; a foſſe.*

Halebrent. *as* Halebran.

Halecret : m. *A Corſlet.*

Halecreté. *Armed with a Corſlet.*

Haleiné : f. *Ones breath, or wind ; breathing.*

A la groſſe haleine. *See* Gros.

Pouſſer à toute haleine. *To thruſt with all his force, to labour tooth and naile.*

Haleineux : m. euſe : f. *Long winded, full of breath.*

Halenée : m. ée : f. *Breathed on, winded, vented, ſearched, or ſmelt out ; whoſe nature is diſcouered, whoſe humor is found out.*

Halenée de la flatterie. *Fed with the breath, or ſucking up the aire, of flatterie.*

Halené : f. *A breathing, venting, winding, exhaling ; alſo, a breath, exhalation, winde.*

Halenement : m. *A breathing, or blowing on ; a venting, winding ; a ſmelling, or ſearching out.*

Halener. *To breath, or blow vpon ; alſo, to vent, ſmoke, wind, ſmell, or ſearch out ; and (by metaphor) to diſcouer the inclination, or find the humor of.*

Háler. *To Sunne-burne, or ſcorch in the Sunne ; to black, or make ſwart, a thing, by diſplaying it in a hot Sunne ; alſo, to hound, or ſet, a dog at.*

Háler vn chable. *To vecre a cable ; or let it out, or let it runne out, at full length, or as farre as u needfull.*

Haletant. *Purſie, ſhort winded, panting, breathing faſt.*

Haletement : m. *A (painfull, or faſt) panting, a thick brtathing, or letting in and out of the breath ; alſo, a breathing, exhaling, evaporating, or venting out.*

Haleter. *To pant, or blow apace ; to breath faſt, to draw the breath very ſwicke, and painfully, as one thats ready to die ; alſo, to breath, exhale, evaporate, or vent out.*

Haleter apres les beautez d'vne femme. *Extreamely to long for, or luſt after, them ; (a metaphor from the manner of a dogs wooing.)*

Haliboron. *as* Aliboron.

† Haligornes : f. *Traſh ; old, or out-caſt ſtuffe.*

Halime : m. *A kind of ſea Purſlane much eaten in Sallades.*

† Haliter. *as* Haleter ; *Alſo, to excite, or ſtirre up.*

† Halitre : m. *as* Haſle.

Hallage. droict d' hallage. *Hallage ; the toll thats due to the Lord of a Faire, or Market, for ſuch commodities as are vented in the* Hale *of the place.*

Halle. *as* Hale : f.

Halle. *(An interiection, of cheering, or ſetting on of a dog ;) ha boy, now now.*

Hallebatté. ¶ Rab. *as* Hallebotté.

Halleboter. *To gleane after grape-gatherers ; (hence) alſo, to rake, or gather together.*

Hallebotté : m. ée : f. *Plaggie, or ill-filled, like the ;*

Hallebottes : f. *The prettie-big, and bladder-like tops, or flowers, of a certaine weed, containing ſome two or three little red ſeeds apeece.*

Hallebrené : m. ée : f. *Sad, creſt-fallen, heauie-looking, drooping ; off the hinges, cleane out of heart (as a moorish ducke ; or a ragged hawke :) alſo, beſhitten, beduzged, grieuouſly beraied.*

Hallebrent. *as* Albrent.

Hallecret. *as* Halecret.

Halleſſelier : m. *A ſcoundrell, abaſe, contemptible, or ſcurvie fellow ; (This word is often applyed vnto, and (as ſome thinke) was deuiſed for, the flattering attendant, or prying inſtrument of a tyrant.)*

Hallené. *as* Halené.

Hallener. *as* Haleter.

Haller. *To hallow, or incourage dogs with hallowing ; alſo, to hound, or ſet them at.*

Halleron : *Part of a womans &c.*

Halles. les Halles. *as* les Hales.

Halleter. *Seek* Haleter.

Hallier. *as* Hailler.

† Halmyrach : m. *An Admirall.*

† Halox : m. *as* Bruine ; *A bot, and blaſting miſt.*

Halte. faire halte. *To ſtop, ſtay, make a ſtand.*

Hambour : m. *A kinde of barrelet, or firkin.*

Hambourg. *as* Hambour.

Hamé : m ée : f. *Hooked, furniſhed with a booke.*

Hameau : m. *A hamlet, a ſmall village.*

Hameçon. Confection h. *A purging compoſition, termed thus by the deuiſor thereof.*

Hameçon : m. *A little fiſh-booke.*

Hameçonné : m. ée : f. *Behooked, full of, or furniſhed with, fiſh-hookes.*

Hameçonner. *To behooke, to furniſh with fiſh-hookes.*

Hameſſon. *as* Hameçon.

Hameſſonné. *as* Hameçonné.

Hamet : m. *A ſmall fiſh-booke.*

Hampe : f. *The breaſt, brisket, or eſſay of a Deere.*

Hampe d'halebarde. *as* Hante.

Han. *The groane, or ſorced, and ſigh-like voice, wherewith wood-cleauers, &c. keep time to their ſtroakes.*

I'ay chanté à ſon han. *I haue ſpoken with him.* ¶ Baragouin.

Hanap : m. *A drinking cup, or goblet.*

Hanche : f. *The haunch, or hip ; alſo, as* Anche.

La goutte en la hanche la fille en la pance : Prov. *The gowt in the haunch, a girle in the paunch (of a great bellied woman.)*

Hancher. *To gnaſpe, or ſnatch at with the teeth. (* vicil mot.)

Hanchois : m. *A Pilchard (fiſh.)*

Hanchu : m. uë : f. *Big haunched, well bumme-growne, great hipt.*

Handon : m. *A kind of Dragon, whoſe biting is not venomous.*

Hanebane : f. *(The weed) Henbane.*

Hanebane iaulne. *Yellow henbane, Engliſh Tobacco.*

Hanede. *whence,* Enter à la hanede. *as* Enter en perche ; *(under the word* Enter.)

Hanegue : f. *A corne meaſure, containing about ſix* Pariſien *buſhells.*

Haneton : m. *A Locuſt, or huge flie, which hath ſix wormie, and ſolide legs, and foure wings ; two (the vpper, and larger) wormie of colour, and ſomewhat thicke ; the other two yellowiſh, and very ſleader. Now the naturall ſtupidity of theſe flies, or their violent and raſh manner of flying ; and their ingendring (like ſilke-wormes) backward, and taile to taile ; or their holding each by others taile (as they lye in holes, and hollow trees, all winter long) haue produced the proverbes following.*

Eſtourdi comme vn Haneton. *As dull, or beedleſſe, as an* Haneton.

Parentage d'hanetons. *Lecherous alliance, kindred intertained vpon a luſtfull projects, or with a wanton purpoſe : (This alſo applied vnto ſuch, as (like the Princes of the houſe of* Auſtria *) match, for the moſt part, in their owne families.)*

Hannicroches. *as* Hannicrochemens.

Hannebané. *as* Hanebane.

Hannicrochemens : m. *Subtilties, intanglements, cavills, troubleſome vexations.*

Hanni. *Neighed like a horſe.*

Hannir. *To neigh.*

Elles ne hannirſoient à autre avoine. *They longed for no other thing ; their minds ran on, their teeth watered at, nought elſe.*

Hannirſement : m. *The neighing of a horſe.*

Hannon : m. *A Cockle, tearmed ſo at* Roan.

Hanſe : f. *The* Hanſe ; *a company, ſociety, or corporation (for ſo it ſignifies in the bookes of the Ordonnances of* Paris, *and in ſome other old bookes) of Merchants ; Or (as a Ciuilian interprets it) a certaine ſociety of Merchants combined together for the good vſage, and ſafe paſſage, of Merchandiſes ; alſo, an aſſociation with, or the freedome of, the* Hanſe ; *alſo, the fee, or fine, which is payed for that freedome.*

Hanſe Teuthonique. *An aſſociation with the Merchants of the* Hanſe ; *or, a participation with, or communication of the priuiledges granted (any time this 300 yeares) by ſouereaigne Princes vnto the* Germane *Merchants, trafficking vnto* London *in* England, Bruges *in* Flander, Berges *in* Norway, *and* Nonogrod *in* Ruſſia.

Hanſé : m. ée : f. *Free of the* Hanſe ; *or ſworne of the companie of* Hanſe *Merchants ; whence alſo, ſworne, and made free, of any Companie, or Corporation.*

Hanſer. *To make free of the* Hanſe ; *or of any ciuill company, or corporation.*

Hante : f. *The ſtaffe, or ſhoft of a Javelin, Halberd, &c.*

Hanté : m. ée : f. *Haunted, frequented, much reſorted vnto.*

Chemin fort hanté. *A way very much vſed, a full beaten way.*

† Hantement : m. *A haunting, frequenting, or frequent reſorting vnto ; alſo, as* Hantiſe.

Hanter. *To haunt, frequent, reſort vnto ; to be familiar with ; to converſe, or commerce with.*

Hantiſe : f. *An ordinarie haunt, or haunt-*

ing; frequentation; commerce, converſation; familiarity, or great acquaintance, with; much reſort unto.

Hape. as Happe.

Happe: f. A claſpe, or, the booke of a claſpe; or a booke to claſpe with; alſo, the clowt, or band of iron thats nailed upon the arme, or end of an Axletree, and keeps it from being worne by the often turning of the Nave (of a wheele.)

Clou à happe. A clowt-naile.

Happé: m. ée: f. Caught, happed, ſnatched, or graſped at.

Happée: f. A catch, a graſpe, a ſnatch.

Saiſine d' happée. A violent ſeiſure of, or entry into, another mans land; a forcible entry, or diſſeiſin.

Happelopin: m. A catch-bit, ſycophant, ſmell-feaſt.

Happelourde: f. A thing that makes a faire ſhew, but is of no worth at all; hence, a counterfeit Jewell; and a fellow in whom there is nothing but an outſide; alſo, an arrant, and (almoſt) apparent lie; a gull, fob, foiſt; a faire tale fit only to catch fooles; alſo, a groſſe part in behaviour.

Happement: m. A catching.

Happer. To hap, or catch; to ſnatch, or graſp at.

Happe-ſoupe. A ſpoone.

Haquebute: f. An Haquebut, or Arquebuſe, a Caliver.

Haquebutier: m. An Arquebuſier, or ſmall ſhot.

Hacquenée: com. An ambling Horſe, Gelding, or Mare.

Haquet: m. A Dray; or low, and open Cart, ſuch as London Brewers uſe.

Haquetier: m. A Dray-man.

Har: f. A with of greene ſticks; the band of a fagot.

Sur paine de la har. Upon your life, upon paine of the haulter; (Malefactors in old time were, and at this day in ſome barbarous countries are, hanged with withs.)

Harang: m. A Herring. Looke Harenc.

Harangeſon: f. Herring-ſeaſon.

Harangiere: f. A Herring-wife; alſo, as Harengue.

Haranguant: m. as Harangueur.

Haranguant. Pleading unto, diſcourſing before.

Harangue: f. An Oration, Pleading, Declaration; ſet ſpeech, long tale.

Haranguè: m. ée: f. Pleaded before, preached unto, held with a long diſcourſe.

Haranguer. To make an Oration; to hold with a long diſcourſe; to plead before, to preach, ſpeake long, unto.

Harangueur: m. An Orator, or Oration-maker; a pleader, a Preacher.

Haranier: m. ere: f. Of, belonging or like unto, a Herring.

Haranſor. as Harenc ſor. A red Herring.

Haras: m. A Race; horſes, and mares kept only for breed.

Haraſſé: m. ée: f. Tired, or toiled out; weakened with overtoiling; harried, moleſted, hurried; vexed, importuned, troubled, turmoiled, tormented.

Haraſſer. To tire, or toile out; to ſpend or weaken, weare or weare out, by overtoiling, or taking too much of; alſo, to vex, diſquiet, importune, harry, hurry, turmoile, torment.

Haraſſier: m. The owner, or overſeer of a Race.

Haraud: m. The forme of a Hare; alſo, a certaine crie uſed in Normandy. Looke Haro.

Haraudé: m. ée: f. Openly reviled, reproached, railed at, exclaimed againſt, cried out upon.

Harander. To revile, reproach, raile at, or ſcould with, openly; to exclaime againſt, or crie out upon.

Harault. as Haraud, or Haro; (and hence;)

Le monde luy crie harault. The world exclaimes, cries out, or bids fie, upon him.

Harce. Looke Herce.

Harcelé: m. ée: f. Vexed, harried, hurried, turmoiled, much troubled, or annoyed; and prevoked, incenſed, or urged (therewith all.)

Harceler. To vexe, harry, turmoile, hurry, trouble, moleſt, or diſquiet, much; alſo, to provoke, incenſe, or urge (therewith;) alſo, to haggle, bucke, bedge, or paulter long in the buying of a commoditie.

Harceleur: m. A fire-brand, make-bate, ſtirre-ſuit; a brabling, litigious, or contentious fellow.

Harcelle: f. A little with.

Hard. as Har.

Hardage. as Hardes.

Harde: f. A heard, flocke, or troupe of wild beaſts; alſo, an egge laied with a ſoft skin, or filme (about it) in ſtead of a ſhell; a ſoft-ſheld egge; a wind egge; alſo, a board.

Hardes. (The Plurall of Harde; alſo) furniture, ſtuffe, implements, baggage, neceſſary chaffer.

Hardé: m. ée: f. Loaden with ſtuffe, or neceſſary baggage; alſo, tracked, bartered, exchanged.

Hardeau: m. A little with, or fagot-band; alſo, a young lad, or boy, alſo, a clownish fellow that thinkes very well of himſelfe.

Hardelle: f. A little with, or fagot-band; alſo, a troupe, or heard of beaſts; (and) a rout, or crue of men; alſo, a girle, yong maid, laſſe, or mother.

Hardiment: m. Hardineſſe, boldneſſe, audacity, ſtoutneſſe; (an old word.)

Harder. To trucke, barter, ſcoarſe, exchange.

Hardes. Looke Harde.

Hardeux: m. euſe: f. Full of, or loaden with, ſtuffe, or baggage.

Hardi: m. ie: f. Hardy, daring, ſtout, bold, confident, adventurous; valiant, courageous.

Hardi en couppe-bourſe. As confident, or impudent, as a cut-purſe.

Hardi comme vne eſpée. Look Eſpée.

Hardi gaigneur hardi mangeur; Pro. Good at meat good at worke, ſay we.

Hardi langue coüarde lance; Prov. A hardy ſpeech a beartleſſe ſpeare.

Mieux vaut coüard que trop hardi; Prov. Better no heare then too much hardineſſe.

Hardiement. as Hardiment.

Hardieſſe: f. Hardineſſe, boldneſſe, audacity, ſtomack, ſtoutneſſe, mettall; courage; confidence in, or aſſurance of, his owne force, ability, valour.

Hardillon: m. The thong of a buckle.

Hardiment. Hardily, boldly, ſtoutly; adventurouſly; confidently; courageouſly.

Hardiment parle teſte ſaine; Prov. Look Sain.

Hardiment heurte à la porte qui bonne nouvelle apporte; Prov. Hee that brings good news boldly knocks at doore.

Hardouer: m. A reſorting, or, a repaire, unto.

Hardré. Oeuf hardré. A wind egge, or ſoft-ſheld egge.

Hare-levrier. Hoo hoo, loo loo, how how, hoe dogs.

Harelle: f. A troop, heard, flock; alſo, a popular commotion; (for ſo was once tearmed one begun, at Roan, by the oppreſſed people.)

Harenc: m. A Herring.

Harenc de mar. A great, fat, and full rowed Herring.

Harenc de la nuict. A red Herring.

Harenc faur, ou fauret; & ſor, ou ſoret. A red Herring.

Eſſimé comme vn harenc ſoret. As lean as a rake; as lanke as a ſhotten Herring.

Droict d'harenc. A certaine number of Herrings, heretofore due, every Lent, unto the Treaſurers, and Officers of the Chamber of Accompts, but at this day allowed them in money.

La caque (ou la poche) ſent touſiours l' harenc; Prov. The poke ſtill of the Herring ſmells; Our nature will, do what we can, ſubſiſt.

Harengade: f. A fiſh that reſembles a little ſhad, called ſo at Marſeillis.

Harengerie: f. A Herring cellar, ſhop, or market; the place wherein Herrings are kept, ſhewed, or ſold; alſo, a ſelling of Herring, or the Herring ſellers trade.

Harengeſon: f. The ſeaſon of Herring fiſhing; the time when Herrings are in ſeaſon; Herring ſeaſon.

Harengiere: f. A Herring-wife; a woman that cries, or ſells Herrings.

Faire la moüe aux harengieres. To ſtand on the Pillory.

Harer vn chien. To hound a dog at, or ſet a dog on, a beaſt, &c. alſo, to incourage him by ſome voice, or by clapping on the backe, when he is ſet on.

Harfleur. Signifies as much as, le Contreflus de la mer.

Hargas. faulcon hargas. A Sore Faulcon.

Hargneux. Peeviſh, wrangling, divorous, overthwart, croſſe, waiward, froward; ill to pleaſe, ever complaining, never quiet; hence alſo, very litigious; alſo, as Hergneux.

Chien hargneux a touſiours les orelles deſchirées; Prov. A brabling curre is never without torne eares.

Haricot: m. Mutton ſod with little turneps, ſome wine, and toſts of bread crumbled among; tis alſo made otherwiſe, of ſmall peeces of mutton firſt a little ſodden, then fried in ſeame, with ſliced onions, and laſtly boiled in beefe broath with Parſley, Iſop, and Sage: And in another faſhion, of livers boiled in a pipkin with ſliced onions and lard, verjuice, red wine, and vinegar, and ſerved up with toſts, ſmall ſpices, and (ſometimes) chopped herbs.

Haridelle,

Haridelle: f. *A poore tit, or leane ill-fauored jade.*

Harié: m. ée: f. *Harried, vexed, molested, importuned, toiled, turmoiled.*

Harier. *To harry, hurry, vex, trouble, disturb, disquiet, molest, importune, annoy; toyle, turmoyle.*

Harigot. *A kind of Figge.*

Harle: f. *A kind of Sheldrake.*

Harlou. *in stead of* Hare-loup. *A word wherewith dogs that hunt, or assaile, A woolfe, are cheered, and incouraged.*

Harmene. *A barbarous name for, a little Basilike.*

Harmonie: f. *Harmony, melody, tunablenesse, a sweet consent of sounds; also, a conjunction of bones by a single line which fits them one to th'other (and so are the bones of the nose conjoyned.)*

Harmonieux: m. euſe: f. *Harmonious, musicall, melodious, tunably sounding, sweetly resounding.*

Harmonique: com. *as* Harmonieux.

Harnaché: m. ée: f. *Harnessed, as a horse.*

Harnachement: m. *The harnesse of a horse.*

Harnachemens. *as* Harnas.

Harnacher vn cheval. *To harnesse, or make ready, a horse; to put on his furniture.*

Harnacheur: m. *A harnesser of a horse; a Groome of a stable; also, a bungling Armourer, or Harnesse-maker.*

Harnas de cheval. *A horse; harnesse, or furniture.*

Vn harnas de Mouton. *The head, and pluck of a sheep.*

Harnas de nature. *A plough.*

Harnois: m. *Armour, harnesse; also, a teame, cart, or carriage, &c. also, as* Harnas.

Harnois de gueule. *Meat, victuals, acates, mouth-armour, belly-furniture.*

Harnois noirs. *Reisters, Rutters, Pistoliers on horseback.*

Il s'eſchauffe en ſon harnois. *Hee heats himselfe in his armour; said of one that growes in choller, or fals into a passion, for the satisfaction of some other in temperate humor.*

Harnois ne vaut rien qui ne ſe defend; Prov. *Defend thy selfe or else all armor's vaine.*

Haro. ou Harol. Crier Haro ſur. *To cry out upon, or make hue and cry after; (used in* Normandie *by such as are outraged, or in some high degree wronged; thereby seeming to implore the aid of their Duke* Rol, *who is reported to have been a most just Prince;) In which case those that are within the hearing thereof must pursue the malefactor, or else they pay a fine.*

Clameur de Haro, ou Haro crie. *A claime, or protestation of such as are in possession of land which others goe about to put them from; it must be made before a Sergeant, or two witnesses, and then is a sufficient warrant for the holding of the possession.*

Haroder. *as* Harander.

Harondelle: f. *A Swallow; Stek* Arondelle.

A la nouvelle venuë des harondelles. *(A description of the Spring approach.)*

Harou. *as* Haro.

Harpade: f. *A catching, or snatching at, a griping, or seizing on, with the clawes.*

Harpail: m. *A troop, flock, heard, crue, rout.*

Harpaille. *See* Herpaille.

Harpailleur: m. *A keeper, or overseer of Deere, also, as* Arpailleur.

Harpanter. *To survey, or measure land.*

Harpaut. *The name of a shepheards dog.*

Harpe: f. *A Harpe; also, the jaumbe, or side of a doore.*

L'harpe d'vn chien. *A dogs claw, or paw.*

Il mania tresbien ſes harpes. *He stirred his fingers very nimbly.*

Harpechorde: f. *An Arpsicord, or Harpsicord; a Dulcimer.*

Harpeus: m. *A kind of night-bird.* ¶ Dauphinois.

Harper. *To harpe, or play on a Harpe.*

Se harper l'vn à l'autre. *To grapple, grasp, hasp, claspe, imbrace, cope, close, together; to scuffle, or fall together by the eares.*

Harpes. *instead of* Hardes. ¶ Rab.

Harpeur: m. *A Harper, one that playes on the Harpe.*

Harpi: m. ie: f. *Greedy, devouring, catching, snatching, grasping at.*

Harpie: f. *A Harpie. Look* Harpye.

Harpon: m. *A crampiron wherewith Masons fasten stones together.*

Harpoy: m. *Poison. (an old word.)*

Harpye: f. *An Harpie; one of those monstrous, and ravenous birds which Poets feign to have had women's faces, hands armed with talons, and bellies full of an ordure wherewith they infected all the meat they touched; and hereof are the monstrous brood (Molas, or Mascalves) of some women so tearmed.*

Har pye de cuiſine. *A most ravenous, and filthie devourer.*

Harquebouſade: f. *The shot of an Arquebuse.*

Harquebouſe, & Harquebouſé, *as* Harquebuſe, & Harquebuſé.

Harquebouſade: f. *as* Harquebouſade.

Harquebuſe: f. *An Arganchus, or Caliver. Look* Arquebuſe.

Harquebuſe de chaſſe. *A fowling piece.*

Harquebuſé: m. ée: f. *Shot, or shot at with, slain with the shot of, an Arquebuse.*

Harquebuſer. *To shoot, or shoot at with, to kill with the shot of, an Arquebuse.*

Harquebuſier: m. *An Arquebuſier, or small shot.*

Harquebutier. *The same.*

Harry. *(A Carterly voice of exciting) Hay vee.*

Harry bourriquer. *Rudely, clownishly, confusedly; or braying out in a lewd, and harsh accent, such as the French Millers use in the driving of their Asses. Look* Bourriquer.

Hars. *as* Har.

Harſe: f. *A Harrow.*

Harſelle: f. *A little wich.*

Harſeller. *as* Harceler.

Harſement: m. *A harrowing; also, a stiffe, or upward standing.*

Harſer. *To harrow; also, to stand up streight, or stiffe.*

Harſeur: m. *A harrower.*

Hart: f. *A with, also, a bauder. Look* Har.

Les harts. *The shoulder veine, or necke vein of a horse, whereat most commonly he is let bloud; or as* les Ars.

Haſard: m. *Hazard, adventure, jeopard, fortune, chance.*

Haſardé: m. ée: f. *Hazarded, adventured, jeoparded, committed unto fortune or chance.*

Haſarder. *To hazard, adventure, jeopard, set on sixes and sevens, committed unto fortune and chance.*

Il faut haſarder vn petit poiſſon pour prendre vn grand. *A little, for a great gaine, must be hazarded.*

Haſardeur: m. *A hazarder, venturer, jeoparder, adventurer.*

Haſardeuſement. *Hazardously, adventurously, hab nab, hitty missie, on sixes and sevens.*

Haſardeux: m. euſe: f. *Hazardous, venturous, adventurous.*

Haſchehſach. *A feigned voice of coughing, in* Rabelais.

Haſcher. *as* Hacher. ¶ Rab.

Haſe: f. *An old female Conie, or Hare.*

Haſeau: m. *A Breame of a middle size.*

Haſle: m. *Sunne-burning; or the extreme, and scorching heat of a Summer Sunne.*

Haſlé. m. ée: f. *Sunne-burnt; scorched in the Sunne.*

Haſler. *To Sun-burne, or scorch in the Sune; to bleak, or make smart a thing by displaying it in a hot Sunne; also, to bound, set a dog, or turne a dog loose, at.*

Haſte: m. *A gut, or breach.*

Armes d'haſte. *Look* Armes.

Haſte: f. *Haste, speed, swiftnesse, quickenesse, posting, suddennesse.*

Haſte ne vient ſeule; Prov. *Haste never comes alone, viz. hath ever some trouble or other t'accompany it.*

Haſté: m. ée: f. *Hasted, speeded, quickly gone, come, or done; set on apace; also, hasty, or speedy; also, requiring haste.*

Haſtelé: m. ée: f. *Bound up with small splints.*

Haſtelettes: f. *Little splints, wherewith Faulconers bind up their hawkes broken legs.*

† Haſteleux: m. euſe: f. *Hastie, full of haste, quick, speedy, nimble, swiftly moving.*

Haſtemenuë: f. *A bags basket.*

Haſter. *To hasten, accelerate, speed, quicken, set forward apace; also, to hedge, or inclose with a hedge.*

S'haſter. *To haste, make haste, get fast, move quickly, runne speedily, hie apace.*

Qui trop ſe haſte en cheminant eſt beau chemin ſe fourvoye ſouvent. Pro. *The more haste the worse speed; they that make too much haste mistake the fairest way.*

Haſtereau: m. *The throat-piece, or fore-part of the neck, of a hog (belike from the wallowes, by whom a mans throat, or neck, is thus tearmed;) also, one livre or more of a calfe, &c. wrapped up (whole, or sliced, and seasoned with good herbs, and spices) in the caull of the beast, and afterwards roasted, or fried, and served up hot with Orenges, or in some good sauce. This dish, as also another (if not more) dressed in another fashion, is called* Haſtereaux.)

Haſtereel: m. *as* Haſtereau. *A hogs bushet.*

Haſteur: m. *A hedger, or hedge maker.*

Haſtif: m. *Hastie, sudden, rash, quicke, speedy, forward, soone-comming, lying upace.*

Poires, ou pommes haſtives. *Hastings; such as are soonest ripe.*

Haſtilles:

Haſtilles f. *Th'inwards of a beaſt; as a hogs haſlet, calves gather, ſheeps pluck, &c.*

Haſtiveau : m. *An haſtie, raſh, inconſiderate, hairebraind aſſe, alſo, a haſting apple, or peare; and hence;*

Roſes d' haſtiveau. *Very forward Roſes.*

Haſtivel. *as* Haſtiveau ; *or, a ſoone-ripe apple called, the S. Johns apple.*

Haſtivement. *Haſtily, headlong, ſuddenly, raſhly, quickly, ſwiftly, ſpeedily, forwardly, apace, in a moment, on a ſudden, out of hand.*

Haſtiveté : f. *Haſtineſſe, raſhneſſe, acceleration, ſpeedineſſe, ſwiftneſſe, quickneſſe, poſt-haſt-making.*

Hatelier. *as* Artelier.

Hattereau. *Looke* Haſtereau.

Hau. *An Interjection of calling, Haw, heare ye me, hoe there.*

Haubans : m. *as* Aubans; *The ſhrowds of a ſhip.*

Haubelon : m. *Hops.*

Haubereau. *as* Hobreau.

Haubergeon : m. *(The Diminutive of* Hauberc;*) a little coat of maile; or, onely ſleeves, and gorget of maile.*

Haubergeon de femmes. *The roll wherewith they beare up their gownes about their hips.*

Maille à maille on fait les haubergeons; Prov. *Linke after linke the coat is made at length; peece after peece things come to full perfection.*

Haubergeonnier : m. *A maker of coats of maile.*

Haubert : m. *A coat of maile; alſo, as* Haulbert; *a high, or chiefe Lord.*

Droict d'haubert. *A certaine priviledge enjoyed by divers* Norman *Lords; it conſiſts of many parts, and the moſt of them of high Juriſdiction.*

Fief d'haubert. *An inheritance (held immediately, and in* Capite *of the King) whoſe owner is bound to ſerve, on horſe-backe, in compleat armor, and with a coat of maile, ſhield, ſword, and helmet, in the warres.*

Have : com. *as* Havé ; *and hence,* yeux haves.

Full-drained, hollow, ſad, or ſunke-in eyes.

Havé : m. ée : f. *Soaked, withered, waſted; alſo, dreadfull, diſfigured, wild-looking, ghaſtly, ghoſt-like.*

Havée : f. *A gripe, or handfull; alſo, a bootie, or prey; alſo, a toll exacted by the executioner of ſome townes upon ſmall wares, and fruit ſold on Market dayes.*

Havement. *Greedily, ravinouſly, covetouſly.*

Haver. *as* Happer ; *or, To booke, or grapple with a hook.*

Haveron. *as* Aveneron; *Wild Oats.*

Havet : m. *A little booke; alſo, a boat-hooke, or pole having a hooke at the end; alſo, a little dandiprat, ſhort hop-on-my-bombe.*

Havi : m. ie : f. *Parched, ſcorched, withered, burnt up, as graſſe by the hot Sun.*

Havi de froid. *Stiffe, clumpſe, benummed.*

Havir. *To ſcorch, parch, wither, burne or drie up, as a hot Sunne doth graſſe, &c.*

Haulbert : m. *A high, or chiefe Lord. Look* Haubert.

Haulche : f. *A raiſing, or out-bidding, in an Outrope, or Outcry.* ¶ Wallon.

Haulcher. *To raiſe, or out-bid, in an Outrope, or Outcry.* ¶ Wallon.

Haulchié : m. ée : f. *Raiſed, out-bid.* ¶ Wallon.

† Haulchier. *as* Haulcher.

Haulſage : m. *as* Hauſſage : *Alſo, pride, arrogancie, ſurquedrie, powerfull oppreſſion.*

Haulſaire : com. *Loſtie, ſtately, prond, arrogant, high minded (by a preſumption of ability, or power.)*

Haulſe : f. *The underlaying of a ſhooe, or peece of leather that underlayes it.*

Haulſé : m. ée : f. *Hoyſed; &c. as* Hauſſé.

Haulſe-bec : m. *A liſting up of the chinne in ſcorne, or mockerie; alſo, a blow, or chocke under the chinne.*

Houlſe-col : m. *A Gorget; or, Armour for the necke.*

Haulſe-menton : m. *A crutch-like prop of wood, ſerving to beare up the head of one thats fallen into extreame weakneſſe; alſo, a lewd lye, proud fooſh, falſe or vaine brag.*

Haulſe-pied. *A net, or engine wherewith Wolves, Badgers, Foxes, &c. are caught.*

Haulſer. *Looke* Hauſſer.

† Haulſerée : f. *The drawing, or haling of Barges, or great Boats up a river by the force of men a ſhore.*

† Haulſerie : f. *A hoyſing, raiſing, advancing, heaving up, ſetting aloft; alſo, loftineſſe, hautineſſe.*

Hault. *Looke* Haut.

Haultain : m. aine : f. *Hautie, loftie, ſtatelie, proud, high-minded, ſurly, diſdainfull, arrogant.*

Fauleon haultain. *A high-flying hawke.*

Vent haultain. *The ſouth wind.*

Faire le haultain. *To be high in the inſtup, ſtand on his pantofles, take ſtate upon him; alſo, to be extreamely in choller.*

Haultainement. *Hautily, loftily, proudly, arrogantly, diſdainfully.*

Haultaineté : f. *Hautineſſe, loftineſſe, ſtatelineſſe, pride, arrogancy, diſdainfulneſſe.*

Haultban, Droict d'haultban. *The ſumme of 6 ſolz Pariſis leavied yearely to the Kings uſe of every Baker (and of ſome other Artificers) within the towne of* Paris.

Haultbaniers. *Such Artificers as are ſubject to the* Haultban.

Haultbert. *as* Haubert.

Haultbois : m. *A Hoboi, or Hoboy.*

Haulte-contre : com. *The Countertenor part in ſinging; alſo, (a Countertenor) he that beares it.*

Haulte-liſſe. *Tapiſſerie de haulte-liſſe. Large, and rich Tapiſtrie.*

Haultement. *as* Hautement.

Haulteſſe : f. *Height, hautineſſe, highneſſe, excellency, ſublimitie.*

Haulteur. *as* Hauteur.

Haultmuré : m. ée : f. *High walled; compaſſed, or flanked with high walls; alſo, tall and ſoule, ſlim, ſlangam, luskiſh, loobie-like.*

Vn plat de ſouppes haultmurées. *A diſh of browes whoſe ſoppes are heaped roofe-wiſe one upon another.*

Haulx-murer. *To compaſſe, fortifie, or flanke with high rampiers.*

Haumelotte : f. *An Omelet, or Pancake of egges.*

Havoir. *Seeke* Avoir.

Havre : m. *A Haven, Port, Harbor for ſhipping.*

Havre : com. *Grim, fell, horride, ghaſtlie.*

Hauſſage : m. *A hoiſing, raiſing, heaving up, liſting high; alſo, as* Haulſage.

Hauſſaire : com. *as* Haulſaire.

Hauſſant. *Hoiſing, raiſing, heaving up.*

Hauſſe : f. *A ſcoope to lade, or fetch up water.*

Iouër à la hauſſe qui baiſſe. *To play at titter totter, or at totter-arſe; to ride the wild-mare.*

Hauſſé : m. ée : f. *Hoiſed, raiſed, advanced, elevated, boven up, lifted high, ſet aloft.*

Hauſſe-bec : m. *A diſdainfull caſting up of the head, or liſting up of the chin.*

Hauſſe-col. *as* Haulſe-col.

Hauſſe-cul : m. *A French Vardingale; or (more properly) the kind of roll uſed by ſuch women, as weare (or are to weare) no Vardingales.*

Hauſſe-plié : f. *A Vardingale (ſtarmed ſo by citizens wives.)*

Hauſſe-plié : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed with a Vardingale.*

Hauſſe-queuë : f. *The yellow water-wagtaile.*

Elle s'en va à hauſſe-queuë. *See* Queuë.

Hauſſer. *To hoiſe, raiſe, elevate, heave up, lift high; ſet aloft, advance.*

Hauſſer l'eſpaule. *To liſt up the ſhoulders; to uſe the Italian ſhrug; an argument of unwillingneſſe, or feare to do; or of a forced, and ſilent contentment of, or conſent unto, what is done.*

Hauſſer le gantelet. *To overreach with falſe reckonings; a ſhopkeeper to put more in his booke then the chapman bad of him.*

Hauſſer les mouſtaches. Ce ſeroit pour luy bien hauſſer les mouſtaches. *That would ſet him on the height.*

Hauſſer le raſtelier à. *See* Raſtelier.

Hauſſer vn ſoulier. *To underlay a ſhooe.*

Hauſſer le temps. *To ſpend or paſſe away the time in quaffing, ſwilling, carouſing.*

Iouër à la hauſſe qui baiſſe. *Looke* Hauſſe.

Haut. (Subſtant.) *A high place; whence;*

Gaigner le haut. *To run his country, to flye away;* S'en aller en haut. *The ſame.*

Sur le haut de ſon age. *Being well in yeares, well ſtept into yeares.*

Haut : m. haute : f. *High, tall; haute, loſty, great, noble, honourable; chiefe, eminent, excellent; ſumptuous, magnificent, moſt glorious; alſo, deep, ſecret, profound; weighty, of importance; alſo, lewd.*

Haut coſté. *A Surloine.*

Haute cour. *The Court of a King, or great Lord.*

Hautes erres. Limier d'hautes erres. *A fleet hound.*

Haute fuſtaye. Bois d'h : f. *Looke* Fuſtaye.

Haute heure. *Late, or far on the day (from morning to noone.)*

Haute game. *See* Game.

Haut

Haut homme. *A great, eminent, moſt noble, right honourable perſonage.*
Haute Iuſtice. *High juriſdiction. Look* Iuſtice.
Haute lice. *as in* Haute-lice.
Haute luicte. de h. l. *Violently, forcibly, with extremity, by maine ſtrength.*
La Haute main. (*Sometimes*) *the upper hand.*
Haut mal. *The falling ſickneſſe.*
Le haut mal de la corde. *Hanging.*
Haute mer. en h. m. *In the wide, or deep ſeas, farre in the ſea.*
Haut nez. Chien d' h. n. *A well-ſented, or cold-noſed dog.*
Haut parage. *Look* Haut-parage.
Haut paſſage. *An impoſition of ſeven pence in the pound, upon wools, clothes, linnens, canvaſſes, &c.*
La haute piece. *A Poldron; or the upper part thereof.*
Chambre haute. *A dining chamber.*
Iour haut. *High adayes, late, farre on the day.*
Matiere haute. *weighty, important, myſticall, excellent ſtuffe.*
Haut d' aureilles. *Deafe, or thicke of hearing.*
Haut à la main. *Proud, ſurly, ſtately; a ſtriker, one with whom there is but a word and a blow.*
Tenir la bride haute à. *To awe, reſtraine, keep ſhort, hold in.*
Haut. (Adverb.) *Highly, above, aloft, on high; alſo, lowdly, or alowd.*
Haut & bas la cheminée. *The crie of Chimney-ſweepers.*
Haut le pied. s'en aller h. le p. *To run away apace, or, as faſt as his feet can carry him.*
Faire haut le bois. (*Pikemen*) *to make a ſtand; alſo, to quaffe, tipple, carouſe for the heavens.*
Faulcon trop haut aſſis. *Whoſe ſtaulks, or legs are too long.*
Taillables haut & bas. *Taxably at the will and pleaſure of the Lord.*
Qui plus haut monte qu'il ne doit de plus haut chet qu'il ne vouldroit; Pro. *He that climbes higher then he ſhould, falls lower then he would.*
Hautaignes: f. *Vines which (as hops) embrace, and creep up on, long poles.*
Hautain. *Seek* Haultain.
Hautainement, &, Hautaineté. *as* Haultainement, & Haultaineté.
Haut-bert. *A high, or chiefe Lord.*
Haut-coſté. *A Surloyne.*
Haut-d'-ais. *A cloth of Eſtate.*
Haute: m. *A Dock to mend, or build ſhips in.*
Haute. vn' h. de manche. *The wing of a ſleeve.*
Haute-contre: com. *The Countertenor part, in ſinging, &c. alſo, (a Countertenor, or) he which beares that part.*
Haute-lice. Tapiſſerie de haute-lice, ou Hautes liſſes. *Tapiſtry of rich ſtuffe, or high price; the beſt, and largeſt kind of Tapiſtry.*
Haute-liſſier: m. *A maker of (rich, and large) Tapiſtry.*
Hautement. *Highly, tally; hautily, loftily; greatly, nobly, honourably, eminently, excellently; ſumptuouſly, magnificently; deeply, profoundly; weightily, importantly.*
Hauteſſe: f. *Look* Haulteſſe.
Hauteur: f. *Height, length, tallneſſe; eminence, altitude, elevation; alſo, depth, or deepneſſe.*
Haut-gourdier: m. *A deſperate bankrupt; one that having but little to loſe, cares for himſelfe but a little.*
Hautin: m. *The Sea-pike, or Spit-fiſh.*
Hautins. *as* Autins.
Haut-licier: m. *as* Hauteliſſiet.
Haut-mal: m. *The falling ſickneſſe.*
Haut-parage. *The higheſt Peerdome; a title, or tenure whereby the Peers, and Princes of the blood, of* France, *hold their land; or (more generally) a tenure in Capite; for (as that tenure) it moves wholly, and directly of the Crowne.*
Haut-paſſage. *Look* Haut.
Hauvens: m. *Penthouſes of cloth hung before ſhop-windowes.*
Hay: m. Haye: f. *Mated, &c. as* Haï.
Hay. *An Interjection of forwarding, or of incouragement. Look* Hai.
Fol eſt qui eſt eſperonné & à cheval dit hay; Prov. *The aſſe having ſpurres on, cries On to his horſe; or he is an aſſe, who furniſhed with ſound meanes, makes uſe of ſleight ones.*
Haye: f. *A hedge; a fence of ſhrubs, thornes, &c.*
Haye vive. *A quick-ſet hedge.*
Anguille de haye. *The blackeſt hedge or dunghill Adder; not very venomous.*
Mords à haye. *A Scatch.*
Combatre, ou marcher, en haye. *By files.*
Pendre entre la haye, & le bled: &, entre la haye, & le foſſé. *To ſurpriſe, take unawares, or ſet upon on a ſudden.*
Qui fait haye ſouvent dit haye; Prov. *Look* Haye *Inte jett.*
Hayé: m. ée: f. *Hedged; incloſed with a hedge.*
Haye. (*An Interjection of complayning, or crying out for paine*) *Oh, alas, out alas.*
Qui fait haye ſouvent dit haye; Prov. *Hee that makes hedges often pricks his fingers.*
Hayer. *To hedge; alſo, to hate.*
Hayeſon: f. *Hedge-making; alſo, hedging-time, or, the ſeaſon to make hedges in.*
Hayeur: m. *A hater, loather, deteſter.*
Hayneux. *as* Haineux.
Hayon. *as* Tente.
Hayreux: m. euſe: f. *Leane, ſcraggie; poore; miſerable, wretched, forlorne; alſo, as* Haireux.
Hayt. de bon hayt. *Willingly, freely, heartily, cheerfully.*
Hazard, &, Hazarder. *Look* Haſard, &, Haſarder.
Haze. *as* Haſe.
Pomme d'Haze. *The name of a certaine long yellow apple.*
Hé. *An Interiection of calling.* Vien ça hé. *Come hither boe.*
Heaulme: m. *An helmet; the headpiece of a man of Armes; alſo, the Helmet cherry, Heart-cherry, French-cherry. Looke* Heaume.
Heaulme doré, & ouvert. *A gilt, and open helmet; which on the top of a coat of Armes denotes, that the bearer is either a Vicount, Baron, or Chattelain.* (*Look for more touching this in* Ouvert.)
Heaulmerie: f. *An Armorers ſhop, or warehouſe; alſo, the name of a ſtreet in* Paris, *wherein many Armorers dwell.*
Heaulmier: m. *An Armorer, or Helmet-maker; alſo, the Heart-cherry tree.*
Heaulmiere: f. *The Rudder-port of a ſhip.*
Heaume: m. *An helmet, the headpiece of a man of armes; alſo, the helme, or rudder of a ſhip; alſo, the Heart-cherry, French-cherry, Spaniſh-cherry. Looke* Heaulme.
Heaumé. *Wearing a helmet, armed with an helmet.*
Heaumer. *To put on an helmet, to arme his head with an helmet.*
Hebbe de la mer. *The ebbe, or ebbing of the ſea.*
Hebene: m. *Heben, or Ebony; the black, and hard wood of a certaine tree growing in Æthyopia, and the* Eaſt-Indies.
Hebené: m. ée: f. *Black, Heben-like; made of Ebony.*
Sourcils hebenez. *Black, diſmall, frowning, lowring browes.*
Hebenin: m. ine: f. *Of, or belonging to, Ebony.*
Heberge: f. *A houſe, lodging, harbour.*
Hebergé: m. ée: f. *Houſed, lodged, harboured.*
Hebergement: m. *as* Heberge.
Heberger. *To lodge, harbour, dwell, abide in; alſo, to lodge, harbour, houſe, give houſe-room, lend a dwelling unto.*
Hebeté: m. ée: f. *Dull, ſottiſh, witleſſe, blockiſh, blunt, ſlow, ſenceleſſe, heavy-headed; alſo, dulled, blunted; made blockiſh.*
Hebeter. *To dull, blunt, ſot, make blockiſh.*
Hebraïſme: m. *Hebrewiſme; the ſpeech, faſhion, or diſpoſition of the Hebrews.*
Hebrieu: m. *An Hebrew, or Jew; alſo, the Hebrew, or language of the Hebrews.*
Il entend l'Hebrieu. *Hee is drunke, or (as we ſay) learned: (from th' Analogy of the Latine word* Ebrius.)
Hecatombe. *A Sacrifice wherein an hundred beaſts were killed.*
Hectique: com. *Sick of an Hectick, or continuall Feaver; (hence) alſo, meager, leane, dried up, in a Conſumption.*
† Hederiforme: com. *Faſhioned like Ivie.*
Veine hederiforme. *A certaine veine which paſſes downe along by the ſides of the wombe.*
Hedre. *as* Heſtre; *A Beech tree.*
Hedret. *Look* Haidroict.
Hee. (*An Interjection of lamenting*) *Ay me.*
Hei. *as* Hé.
Helaine: m. *Elecampane, Scabwort, Horſe-heale.*
Helas. *Alas, well-away, well-aday.*
Helenites. *An Order of White Friers, that weare a yellow croſſe on their breaſts.*
Heleoſeline: m. *Smallage.*
Helepolle. *A great wooden engine wherewith, in old time, the tops of rampiers were battered.*
Heleſie: f. *A many-coloured garden herb, in proportion ſomewhat like Beets.*
Heliotrope: m. *The herb Turnſole, Ruds, Wartwort; alſo, a precious ſtone which, as a burning-glaſſe, receiveth, and reverberateth the Sunne-beames.*
Helixine. *Barren, or creeping Ivy.*
Helvenaque. *The name of a kind of grape.*
Hematide. Pierre Hematide. *The Bloud-ſtone.*

Hemi-

Hemicraine : m. *The Meagrum, or head-ache by fits.*
Hemicranique : com. *Troubled with, or ſubiect unto, the Meagrum.*
Hemicycle : m. *An Hemicicle, or halfe circle.*
Hemine : f. *as* Emine.
Hemiolie. *So much, and halfe ſo much againe ; (an Arithmeticall proportion.)*
Hemiplexie : f. *A dead Palſie, in halfe of the body.*
Hemiſphere : m. *An hemiſphere ; halfe the compaſſe of the viſible heaven.*
Hemiſtique : com. *A halfe verſe.*
Hemitritée. la fiebvre hemittitée. *An Ague compounded of a continuall Tertian, and an intermittent Quotidian.*
Hemorrhagie : f. *An abundant flux of bloud.*
Hemorrhoïdal : m. ale : f. Veine hemorrhoïdale. *A ſmall branch of the ſplene veine comming to the fundament ; alſo, a certaine veine in the necke of a womans wombe. (Looke* Veine.*)*
Hemorrhoïde : f. *An iſſue of bloud by the veines of the fundament.*
Hemorrhuës : f. *The ſame, called ordinarily, the Emrods, or Piles.*
Hemy. *(An Interjection of lamenting) Ay me, alas for me.*
Hen heu hasch. *Feigned words, wherewith* Rabelais *expreſſeth a coughing.*
Hen hen. *Oh ho.* ¶ Rab.
Hennir. *To neigh, or whinny like a horſe. Looke* Hannir.
Henniſſement : m. *The neighing, or whinnying of a horſe.*
Henouars : m. *Salt-Porters, carriers of ſalt, whereof only 24 be allowed, within* Paris, *to carry it from the Salt-wharfe unto the Garners, and Warehouſes of Merchants.*
Henricus. *A golden Crown worth about two French Crownes.*
Henry : m. *(A proper name)* Henry, Harry ; *alſo, a coine of gold worth about 6 s.* ſterl.
Bon Henry. *Roman Sorrell, round Sorrell,* Tours *Sorrell ; alſo, the herb which we call, Good Henry, and All-good.*
Double Henry. *Is worth about 14 s.* ſterl.
Ducat Henry. *Is ordinarily worth more by 6 d.* ſterl. *then the Crowne of the Sun.*
Heouſe. *Holly, or the Holme tree.*
Hepathique : f. *The moſſe called Liverwort, and ſtone Liverwort ; alſo, the herb golden Trefoile, noble Liverwort, three-leaved Liverwort, noble Agrimony, herb Trinity.*
Hepatique : f. *The ſame.*
Hepatique : com. *Hepaticall ; of, or belonging to, the liver ; alſo, Liver-helping ; comforting a whole, or curing a diſeaſed, Liver.*
Aloes hepatique. *The middle (in goodneſſe) of the three ſorts of Aloes.*
Heptaphon. *(¶* Rab.*) Seven-fold.*
Heptomagene : m. *The ſeventh male.*
Herage : m. *An airie of hawkes ; and hence, a brood, kind ; flocke, linage.*
Herauder. *To blaze ; publikely to denounce, manifeſt, or commend.*
Herault : m. *An Herauld, a King of Armes.*
Heraut. *as* Herault.
Herbage : m. *Herbage, Paſture ; or that which is payed for the herbage, or paſture of cattell ; alſo, Common of paſture in other mens woods, or grounds.*
Herbage mort. *Is a penny, or halfepenny* Tourn. *payed by every poore Cottager, or cuſtomary tenant unto the Lord that hath high, or meane Juriſdiction over him, for every ſheep he hath, if he have not above ten, or (as in ſome places) twenty.*
Herbage vif. *Is every tenth ſheepe (where the tenant hath more then ten, or twenty) choſen by the Lord, or his Officer : Theſe Rights grow due from Chriſtmas eve to Midſummer and then are levied.*
Franc herbage. *Free herbage ; is when the tenants ſheepe go in grounds held by a free, or noble tenure ; for then the Lord hath neither* Mort, *nor* Vif herbage *for them.*
Herbageux : m. euſe : f. *Graſſie, heavy ; full of graſſe, fraught with herbs.*
Herbaut. *The name of a merry Devill, or Hobgoblin, that appeared moſt commonly on horſe back.* ¶ Rab.
Herbaux. *Certaine duties, or charges, whereto ſome inheritances are, by the cuſtomes of* Poictou, *liable.*
Herbe : f. *An herb ; weed ; plant, wort ; alſo, graſſe.*
Herbe d'Aloes. *Herb Aloe, ſea Houſeleeke, ſea Aigreene.*
Herbe de l'Ambaſſadeur. *Nicotian, or French Tobacco.*
Herbe d'arondelles. *Celandine, Swallow-wort, Teſtarwort.*
Herbe aux aulx. *Sauce alone, Jacke of the hedge.*
Herbe de l'aune. *Helicampane, Scabwort, Horſebeale.*
Herbe de Sainct Barbe. *Winter Creſſes, St Barbaraes herb.*
Herbe de benjoin. *Laſerwort, Magydare.*
Herbe bourreuſe. *Cudweed, Chaffweed, Cottonweed.*
Herbe aux cailles. *Plantaine, Waybred.*
Herbe au cerf. *Harts ſodder, wild Parſenip,* Gratia Dei.
Herbe au chancre. Heliotropium, *Torneſole, Wartwort.*
Herbe chandeliere. *Colewort, or Cabbage herb ; alſo, Mulleine, Higtaper, Torches ; or, Candle-weeke Mullein (a kind thereof.)*
Herbe chaperonniere. *Wild Larkes-heele, or Monks-hood, with the Purple flower.)*
Herbe au charpentier. *Prunell, Hookeheale, Selfe-heale, Sickle-wort, Carpenters herb ; ſome alſo call Brownе Bugleſo ; others (the more properly) Ribwort, Lambs tongue, ſmall Plantaine ; and others call Mill-foyle, or Yarrow,* Herbe à charpentier, *becauſe tis good for wounds, and cuts.*
Herbe au chat, ou de chat, *Nep, Nip, Cats-mint.*
Herbe aux chats. *The ſame ; alſo, as* Ortie puante.
Herbe aux chevres. *Shrub Trefoile, milke Trefoile, Citiſus buſh.*
Herbe à chien. *The Burre called Dogs Burre ; alſo, the dogs Cole.*
Herbe de Chriſt. *Chriſts herb ; or, as* Ellebore noir ; *ſo tearmed, becauſe it flouriſheth about Chriſtmas.*
Herbe du cigne. *Looke* Cigne.
Herbe clavelée. *Paunſie, Harts-eaſe, cull me to you, love or live in idleneſſe, two faces under a hood.*
Herbe aux cloches. *Withywind, Bindweed, Hedge-bells.*
Herbe de cœur. *Heartwort, or Heartmint, (The Picard calls ſpotted Comfrey, Sage of Jeruſalem, or Cowſlip of Jeruſalem, thus)*
Herbe copiere. *A kind of wild Parſenip that's not ill meat.*
Herbe à coqu. *The Cowſlip, or Paigle.*
Herbe à cotton. *Cudwort, Chaffweed, Cudweed, Cotton-weed, petty Cotton.*
Herbe ſans couſture. *Adders tongue, Serpents tongue.*
Herbe cucube. *Garden Nightſhade.*
Herbe aux cuilliers. *Spoonewort, Scurvygraſſe.*
Herbe d'Encens. *Wormewood.*
Herbe Encenſiere. *The ſame ; or, Fleabane, Flea-bane Mullet,*
Herbe d'Eſcarlate. *The Skarlet Oke, or Skarlet Holme-Oke.*
Herbe des Eſcrouëlles. *Little Celandine, Pilewort, Figwort.*
Herbe d'Eſpaigne. *Spinage.*
Herbe d'Eſparvier. *The hawkeweed called yellow Cicborie.*
L'Herbe à eſternuër. *Sneezing wort, wild Pellitory of* Spaine.
Herbe de l'eſtoille. *Crowfoot Plantaine, Harts-horne Plantaine, Buckorne, herb Ivie, Herb Eve.*
Herbe forte. *Saracens Conſound, Comfrey, or Woundwort.*
Herbe à foulon. *Fullers herb, Sopewort, Mocke-gillovers, Bruiſewort.*
Herbe à vne fueille. *The herb called One blade, or One-leafe.*
Herbe de S. Iacques. *James his wort, or flower ; country people call it Staggerwort, Staverwort, and Ragwort.*
Herbe à iaulnir. *Dyers weed, welde, yellow weed ; alſo, baſe Broome, Woodwaxen, Greene-weed, or Greening weed.*
Herbe de S. Iean. *Thin-leaved Mugwort ; ſome alſo call Clarie ſo.*
Herbe impie. *Herb impious, wicked Cottonweed, Chaffweed, or Cudweed.*
Herbe de S. Innocent. *Centinody, male Knot-graſſe, Birds tongue, Swines graſſe.*
Herbe Iudaique. *Jewes herb, Tetrabit, Glideworth (a kind of Balme.)*
Herbe aux ladres. *Speedwell, Groundbeele, Paules Betony, male Fluellin.*
Herbe à laict. *Spurge, Tithimal, Milkeweed, Wolves milke.*
Herbe au laict. *The ſame ; alſo, Milkewort, ſea Milkewort, ſea Triſolie, blacke Saltwort.*
Herbe aux langues. *Tongueworth, Tongue-blade, Pagan tongue, Double Tongue, Horſe tongue, Lawrell of* Alexandria.
Herbe Laurageoiſe. *Woad.*
Herbe à limaçon. *Medicke Fother, Snaile Claver.*
Herbe au loup. *See* Loup.
Herbe à cent maladies. *Monny-wort, herb two-pence, two-pennie graſſe.*
Herbe de Saincte Marie. *Our Ladies Mint, Speare-Mint, common garden Mint ; alſo, Coſtmary, and Alecoſt ; by ſome alſo the herb Crowfoot, or yellow Camomill ;*

mill; *by others*, Hogs-bread, Swines-bread, *or* Sowbread, *is called ſo.*
Herbe marine. *Sea groſſe, or weed of the ſea*; Slank, Wrake, Laver.
Herbe à maſſes. *Water torch*, Cats taile, *reed Mace, marſh Beetle or Peſtle*, Dutch Dowue.
Herbe à tous maux. *as* Nicotiane.
Herbe militaire à milleſueilles. Knights Milfoyle, ſouldiers Yarrow, yellow or little Yarrow, yellow Knighten Yarrow.
Herbe aux mites. Purple, *or* Mothe, Mulleine.
Herbe Mithridate. *Scordium water Germander* (*ſo called of King* Mithridates, *the firſt finder thereof.*)
Herbe moniale. *Wild Larkes-heele, purple Monkes flower.*
Herbe au moyneau. *as* Morgeline.
Herbe nervis. (*or more properly*, Neris.) *Roſe-bay, Roſe-tree, Oleander.*
Herbe de noſtre Dame. *as* Orvale; *ſo called in* Languedoc.
Herbe nouée. *Centinody, Knot-graſſe, Birds-tongue, Swines-graſſe.*
Herbe de la nuict. *An herb, or Arbour plant, whoſe flower, ſhut up all day, opens onely anights.*
Herbe du papier. *The Egyptian great ruſh* Papyrus, *whereof the firſt paper was made.*
Herbe de paralyſie. *The Cowſlip, or Oxſlip, tearmed otherwiſe* Palſie-wort, *and petty* Mulleine.
Herbe aux pattes. *Fole-foot, Colts-foot, Horſe-foot, Hall-foot.*
Herbe aux perles. *Perle-plant*, Lich-wall, Grommill, Gremill.
Herbe de S. Pierre. *Sampire, Creſtmarin.*
Herbe à piment. *as* Piment.
Herbe aux pouilleux. *Lice-bane, Staves-acker, Louſe-wort, Louſe-powder.*
Herbe aux poulmons. *Sage or Cowſlip of Jeruſalem, Sage of Bethlem, ſpotted comfrey, Lungwort; alſo, the moſſe called Lungwort, or Oiſter-green.*
Herbe aux poulx. *as* Herbe aux pouilleux.
Herbe poyvrée. *Dittander, Dittany, Pepper-wort.*
Herbe du grand Prieur. *Tobacco, or the herbe Nicotian.*
Herbe puante. *A fourth kind of ſmall Flea-bane, Coniza, of a ſtrong ſmell, or ſtinking ſavor.*
Herbe à pulces. *Fleawort; alſo, Fleabane, or Fleabane Mullet*; (*The ſeeds of that are like, the ſmell of this is death, to fleas.*)
Herbe à punaiſes. *Fleabane, Coniza, Fleabane Mullet.*
Herbe Robert. *Herb Robert; a kind of Storkes Bill.*
Herbe de S. Roch. *Coniza, Fleabane.*
Herbe de la Roine mere. *French Tobacco.*
Herbe ſaincte. *Nicotian, Tobacco.*
Herbe Sardonique. *Crowfoot of the fallow field, or Crowfoot of Illiria.*
Herbe Savonniere. *Soperwort, Soperweed, Struthie, Bruiſewort, mocke Gillovet; alſo, wild Roſe Campion, Crow-ſope.*
Herbe ſauvage. *A weed, or wilding.*
Herbe aux ſcorpions. *Scorpion wort, Scorpion graſſe, Caterpillers.*
Herbe aux ſerpens. *Snakes Bugloſſe, Vipers Bugloſſe, Vipers herb, wild Bugloſſe the leſſer.*
Herbe de S. Simeon. *Simons Mallow, Verveine Mallow, cut Mallow.*
Herbe ſolaire. *The Marigold.*
Herbe au ſoleil. *A very great, round, flat, and faire yellow flower, which turns with the Sunne, and ever lookes towards it; the ſtalke it groweth (ſingle) on, dryed (though very great, and between twelve and fifteen foot long) is very light; being little other then ſo much pith wrapped up in a ſolid, and woody rinde, which makes it ſtrong, and fit to ſerve for a Prop.*
Herbe du ſoleil. *The Marigold*; *alſo*, Heliotropium, Turnſole, Wartwort.
Herbe du tac. *Lungwort, wood Liverwort*; *(a kind of Moſſe.)*
Herbe aux taincturiers. *Madder.*
Herbe terreſtre. *A third kind of* Sideritis, *or Ironwort*; *an herb thus called, becauſe it growes cloſe to the ground.*
Herbe aux tigneux. *The butter Burre.*
Herbe tore. *Broad-leaved* Aconitum, *wolves bane, Wolfeswort.*
Herbe de la Trinité. *Herb Trinity, Pauſie, Harts-eaſe, two faces under a hood*; *alſo, Harefoot, or Harefoot Trefoyle.*
Herbe qui tue les brebis. *Moneywort, herb two-penny, two-penny graſſe.*
Herbe de turnicis. *Frothie, or ſpatling Poppy, white Ben*; *alſo, the herb Sweet williams.*
Herbe au Ture; &, Herbe du grand Turc. *Rupturewort, Burſtwort.*
Herbe veluë. *as* Herbe à cotton.
Herbe du vent. *The wind flower.*
Herbe vermineuſe. *Purple or Mothe Mulleine.*
Herbe aux Viperes. *Wild Bugloſſe the leſſer, Snakes Bugloſſe, Vipers Bugloſſe, Vipers herb.*
Les bonnes herbes. *as* Herbettes.
Arracher les bonnes herbes, & planter les mauvaiſes. *To ſupplant vertue, and ſupport vice*; *or, to pluck up vertue to ſet up vice.*
Couper l'herbe ſous les pieds à. *To ſupplant.*
Manger ſon bled en herbe. *To turne his cattell into his corne*; *to ſpend (the value of) his revenue before it come in.*
Mettre toutes les herbes de la S. Iean. *To imploy all his skill on, or meanes in*; *(Divers imagine, that the herbs, which are to be kept for the whole yeares ſtore, are better, gathered on Midſummer day, then on any other*; *and therefore be Markets extraordinarily furniſhed, on that day, with all ſorts of new-gathered herbs.)*
Reduict à l'herbe. *Brought to extreme want, in great neceſſity, full of poverty.*
L'herbe qu'on cognoiſt on la doit lier à ſon doigt; Prov. *Thoſe, or that, which a man knowes beſt, he muſt uſe moſt.*
En four chaud ne croiſt herbe; Prov. *Graſſe growes not in hot Ovens.*
Il faut que l'herbe ſoit bien courte quand on ne trouve que repaiſtre; Pro. *Commons muſt needs be ſhort where no meat's to be come by.*
Mauvaiſe herbe croiſt touſiours; Prov. *An ill weed growes apace.*

Herbé: m. ée: f. *Fed with graſſe*; *layed on the graſſe*; *turned into graſſe.*
Herbillé: m. ée: f. *Fed on, or with, graſſe.*
Herbeiller. *To feed on, or with, graſſe.*
Herbelette: f. *A ſmall herb*; *or ſmall graſſe.*
Herber. *To graze, or feed on graſſe*; *to lay on the graſſe*; *to turne into*, *or out to, graſſe.*
Herbergage: m. *A lodging, or dwelling.*
Herberge: f. *A houſe, harbour, lodging.*
Herbergé: m. ée: f. *Inhabited, or dwelt on.*
Herbergement: m. *A lodging, tenement, or houſe lyen in*; *alſo, a lodging, harbouring, dwelling.*
Herberger. *To harbour, lodge, or dwell in a houſe.*
† Herbergerement: m. *An harbour*; *houſe, tenement, lodging, dwelling.*
Herbergerie: f. *The ſame.*
Herberie: f. *Herbs*; *increaſe, proviſion, or ſtore, of herbs*; *alſo, a birds weaſon, or wind-pipe*; *a beaſts gullet, or throat-bole.*
Herbette: f. *Small graſſe*; *or, a ſmall herb.*
Herbettes. *Lettuce, Burrage, Purſlane, Sorrell, and ſuch like holeſome herbs*; *termed ſo by the vulgar.*
Herbeux: m. euſe: f. *Groſſie, herby*; *full of graſſe, or of herbs.*
Herbier: m. *An Herball*; *alſo, an Herbaliſt*; *alſo, a Gardener, or Herb-ſeller.*
Herbiere: f. *An herb-wife*; *alſo, the weaſon, or wind-pipe of a bird*; *and, the throat-bole, throat-pipe, or gullet of a beaſt.*
Herbis: m. *Graſſie, or well-growne, Paſtures.*
Herbiſte: com. *An Herbiſt, or Herballiſt*; *one that underſtands the nature, and temper of herbs.*
Herboriſer. *To gather herbs*; *to be much among them*; *or, to obſerve, examine, or ſtudy their ſeverall natures*; *to play the Herballiſt.*
Herboriſte: m. *as* Herbiſte.
Herbregé: m. ée: f. *Commonly dwelt on, uſually lodged, or lyen in.*
Herbregement: m. *as* Herbergement.
Herbreger. *To dwell on*; *commonly to lodge, or lie in.*
Herbregerie: f. *A lodging, or dwelling*; *a tenement to lodge, or houſe to dwell, in.*
Herbu: m. uë: f. *Graſſie, herbie.*
Herce: f. *A Harrow*; *alſo, a kind of Portcullis, that's ſtuck (as a Harrow) full of ſharp, ſtrong, and out-ſtanding (Iron) pins.*
Herces. *Pikes, or ſharp Iron pinnes upon gates.*
En vne herce bien demée n'y faut nulles dents; Prov. *A thing well done needs no addition.*
Herceler. *Seek* Harceler.
Hercement: m. *A harrowing.*
Hercer. *To harrow*; *alſo, to joult, or juſtle one thing againſt another.*
Herceur: m. *A harrower*; *he that leads, and guides the harrow horſes.*
Hercevre: f. *A harrowing.*
Hercher. *as* Hercer. ¶ Norm.
Herculiane, & Pierre Herculienne. *A Loadſtone.*
Herdertiſſer. *The great, or maſter Devill.* ¶ Rab.
Herdre. *To cleave, or ſtick ſtaſt unto*, (*an old word.*)

Here. *as* Haire.
Hereditable: com. *Hereditable, inheritable.*
Hereditaire: com. *Hereditary, ſucceſſive; comming by inheritance, belonging to an inheritance.*
Heredital. *The ſame; or, as* Herital.
Quint heredital. *See* Quint.
Heredité: f. *An heritage, inheritance, patrimony.*
Hereſiarche, ou Hereſiarque; *an arch-heretick.*
Hereſie: f. *Hereſie; obſtinate, or wicked error.*
† Hereſié: m. ée: f. *Growne heretical, turned Heretick, grounded in hereſie; as obſtinate, or impious, as an Heretick.*
† Hereſte de poiſſon. *as* Areſte.
Heretique: com. *An Heretick.*
Hergne: f. *Burſting; or a rupture within the cods; alſo, waywardneſſe, peeviſhneſſe, frowardneſſe; alſo, a ſtarveling or ill-thriving tree, a ſtocke tree; alſo, a ſucker that ſprings up from the root of a tree.*
Hergneux. *Burſt; alſo, froward. Looke* Hargneux.
Herigoté: m. ée: f. *Dew-clawed; having ſpurres, or dew-clawes.*
Herigotes: f. *Dew-clawes; alſo, ſpurres.*
Herigoteure: f. *The having of dew-clawes, or ſpurres.*
Heripé. *as* Herupé.
Heriper. *as* Heruper.
Heriſſe: m. ée: f. *Set, ſtaring, or ſtanding up, like briſtles, or the haire of an affrighted creature; horrid; rough, rugged.*
Heriſſement: m. *A ſetting up of the briſtles; a ſtaring, or horrid ſtanding up, as of briſtles; alſo, as* Heriſſonnement.
Heriſſer. *To ſet up his briſtles; to make his haire to ſtare.*
Se Heriſſer. *His haire to ſtare; alſo, to ſhiver, or yearne, through feare.*
Heriſſon: m. *An Urchin, a Hedgehog.*
Heriſſon de mer. *The ſea Urchin; a fiſh whoſe outſide ſomewhat reſembles the land-Urchin.*
Parez l'heriſſon il ſemblera Baron; Pro. *Good clothes hide much deformity; or a clowne well clothed ſeemes a Gentleman.*
Heriſſonné. *as* Heriſſé.
Heriſſonnement: m. *A ſudden quivering, ſhivering, or yearning, by the fence, or apprehenſion of an abhorred thing.*
se Heriſſonner. *as* s'Heriſſer.
Heritable: com. *Inheritable, alſo, held in fee ſimple, or for ever.*
Heritablement. *Inheritably, in fee ſimple, for ever.*
† Heritableté: f. *An Inheritance; the ſoile inherited.* ¶ Wallon.
Heritage: m. *An Inheritance, Heritage, Patrimony.*
Rentes à heritage. *Looke* Rente.
Mettre les mains à l'heritage. *To fall on his hands to the ground.*
De jeune Advocat heritage perdu; Prov. *The land is loſt which a young Lawyer pleads for.*
Vie n'eſt pas ſeur heritage; Prov. *Life (though it be free-hold) is no inheritance (no ſure hold;) or, life's no inheritance to build on.*
Herital: m. ale: f. *Of inheritance; alſo, inherited, or held in fee.*
Heritance. *as* Heritage; *(an old word.)*
Herité: m. *An inheritance, or heritage.*
Herité: m. ée: f. *Inherited; gotten, or come unto by diſcent.*
Il eſt herité en ces marches. *He hath gotten land, or an eſtate of inheritance, in theſe Quarters.*
Heritel: m. elle: f. *Inheritable; or, of inheritance.*
Heriter. *To inherite; to get, or come unto by inheritance, or diſcent; alſo, to get land of inheritance, or an eſtate of inheritance in land.*
Heritier: m. *An heire, an inheritor.*
Heritier conventionnel. *An adopted heire by reaſon of marriage; as a ſon, or daughter in law made by the father one of his heires, either in lieu of one of his other children, or as one among the reſt.*
Heritier ſimple. *An heire by diſcent.*
Heritier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, an heire, inheritor, or inheritance.*
Herle. *as* Harle.
Hermaire. *as* Armaire.
Hermandrée. *Looke* Germandrée.
Herme: m. Hermes; *The name of a Saint.*
Feu S. Herme. *A fierie meteor appearing on the tops of ſhip-maſts at ſea. Looke* Furole.
Herme: com. *as* Ferme. ¶ Gaſc. *alſo, deſert, waſte, untilled; ſolitary, unhaunted, unfrequented.*
Hermile. *A little round member in Architecture, tearmed otherwiſe* Aſtragale.
Herminer. *To furre with Ermines.*
Herminette: f. *A little plaining Axe.*
Hermitage: m. *An Hermitage.*
Hermite: m. *An Hermit.*
Hermite marin. *as* Branchuë; *A kind of ſmall red Crayfiſh.*
Bernard l'Hermite. *The ſame.*
Le Regnard eſt devenu hermite; Prov. *The Foxe doth preach (beware your Geeſe.)*
Hermitreſſe: f. *An Hermiteſſe; a woman Hermit.*
Hermodacte. *Hermodactill, Dogs bane, wild Bulbe, Meade or Meadow Saffron, the ſon before the father.*
Hermole: f. *Burſtwort, Rupturewort.*
Herné: m. ée: f. *Burſt; having a rupture about the privities.*
Herniaire: f. *as* Hermole.
Hernie. *Burſting; or, a rupture within the cods.*
Heroë: m. *A Worthy; a Demygod; one whom his valour hath deified, or immortalized.*
Heroïne: f. *A Lady of admirable beauty, or of moſt excellent parts; a moſt worthy Ladie.*
Heroïque: com. *Heroicall; moſt worthie, noble, gallant, high-minded, or valiant.*
Heron: m. *A Heron. Looke* Hairon.
Herouët. *(The name of) a certaine great, yellow, and ſoft apple.*
Herpail: m. *A troope, herd, flocke, a crue, a rowt.*
Herpaille: f. *A knot, or crue of beggarly, and roguiſh vagabonds, that live by pilfering, or upon the ſpoile.*
Herpailleur: m. *A ſeller of old trinkets of iron, &c.*
Herpé: m. ée: f. *Graſped, ſnatched, caught at greedily; griped, booked, violently ſeiſed; alſo, Harpe-like, ſhaped or faſhioned like a Harpe; out-breaſted, and well voided or lanke in the Groine, like a well-made Greyhound.*
Herpelu. *A Stiver, or French ſhilling.* ¶ Barrag.
Herper. *To graſpe, ſnatch, catch, clinch greedily; to gripe, booke, ſeize violently, lay violent hands on.*
Herper contre terre. *To creepe, or crawle.*
Herpes: f. *The ſhingles, Running worme, or wild fire.*
Herr. *Maſter, or Sir.* ¶ Aleman.
Vous faictes du herr. *(A ruſticall taxation of a ſawcy young man, or ſervant;) you are very cockit, or luſtie; you take too much upon you.*
† Herre: m. *A rogue, beggar, vagabond.*
† Herry: m. *The fundament, or arſe-gut.*
Hers. *(An Interjection of calling) hoe, here ho.*
Herſe: f. *A harrow; alſo, a kind of Portcullis. Looke* Herce.
Herſelé. *Seeke* Hercelé.
Herſement: m. *A harrowing.*
Herſer. *To harrow; alſo, to vexe, turmoile, diſquiet, hurry, torment.*
Herſeur: m. *A harrower; alſo, a vexer, or tormenter of.*
Herſoir. *Yeſternight.*
Herte. Eſtre à l'herte. *Looke* Erte.
Hertringue. *I drink to you (in Dutch.)* ¶ Rab.
Herupé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe haire ſtares, or ſtands an end; alſo, briſtly, pricled, rough, horrid; alſo, towſed, diſchevelled, diſordered.*
Heruper. *To diſchevell, towſe, or diſorder the haire; to make it ſtare, or ſtand illfavouredly.*
s'Heruper. *To ſet up the briſtles, as one that growes into choller; alſo, his haire to ſtare; or, as* Se Heriſſer.
Heruppé. *as* Herupé.
Heſitation: f. *Heſitation, doubtfulneſſe, uncertainty; ſtammering, ſtaggering.*
Heſité. *Doubted, ſtucke at; ſtammered, ſtaggered (in opinion.)*
Heſiter. *To doubt, feare, ſticke, ſtammer, ſtagger (in opinion.)*
Heſpalier: m. *A Sailer, or Mariner.*
Heſperie. *The weſt Tower.* ¶ Rab.
Heſtoudeau. *A Cockerell, or great Cocke chick, alſo, a Capone; and in ſome few places (wherein any ſort of young, big, or well-grown pullein is termed thus) a Pullet.*
Heſtre: m. *A Beech tree.*
Heſtreau: m. *A young, or little, Beech tree.*
Hetaudeau. *as* Heſtoudeau.
Heteroclite: com. *Irregular, extraordinary, not declined as other Nownes.*
Reſolu comme Pihourt en ſes heteroclites. *Looke* Reſolu.
Hetique: com. *as* Hectique.
Heu: m. *A (Dutch) Hoy, alſo, a Lighter.*
Heu haſch. *Fained words for a Cough.* ¶ Rab.
† Heudri: m. ie: f. *Muſtie, corrupted, putrified; ſtained, or ſpotted, as un-aired linnen.*
† Heudrir. *To muſt, corrupt, putrifie; to ſpoile, or marre by ill keeping, or want of ayring.*
† Heulet: m. *A boult, or little Iſle cut out of the land of purpoſe to be over-flowed every tide by the ſea; that of the froth thereof (then left behind, and gathered after) ſalt may be made.*
Heullant. *Yelling, howling.*

Heur:

Heur : m, *Hap, lucke, fortune, chance.*
Le bon heur toſt ſe paſſe qui n'en a ſoing ; Prov. *Good fortune quickly ſlips from ſuch as heed it not.*
Heure : f. *An houre ; alſo, time, ſeaſon, ſpace ; alſo, the clocke.*
Heures. *A Prayer booke for certaine houres. Looke after* Heurelival.
L'heure de complie. *Compline-time ; Evening-ſong tide, the edge of the evening.*
Heures equinoctiales. *The 24 equall parts, or houres, whereof a naturall day conſiſts.*
Heures d'horologes. *The ſame, or, equall, or even houres (ſuch as clockes make) one juſt as long as the other, ordinarie houres.*
Heures ineſgales. *The 12 unequall parts of the artificers day ; which laſts (all the yeare long) from the riſing to the ſetting, of the Sunne.*
Heures des Planettes. *as* Heures ineſgales; *Unequall houres ; ſuch as are ſometimes longer, ſometimes ſhorter then, and ſometimes like unto, the ordinary houres.*
Haute heure. *Faire on the day, (the ſeaſon from about eight in the morning untill noone.)*
A l'heure. *At that houre, at that inſtant, then, in the time of.*
A l'heure que. *When, whileſt that.*
A la bonne heure. *Happily, luckily, fortunately, in good time, in a good houre.*
De bonne heure. *In good time ; alſo, early, betimes.*
Pour l'heure. *Then, at that inſtant, for that preſent.*
Sur l'heure. *as* Pour l'heure.
Tout à cette heure. *Now, even now, incontinently, forthwith, preſently, at this very inſtant, by and by.*
L'heure a ſonné. *It hath ſtrucke eleven; (a Lawyers phraſe.)*
Toutes heures ne ſont pas meures; Pro. *All times are not in ſeaſon for all things.*
Il n'eſt qu'une mauvaiſe heure au jour ; Prov. (*There is but one ill (or unluckey) houre in the day.*
Heuré : m ée : f. *Set, or appointed an houre; limited, ſtinted, or tasked by the houre.*
Bien heuré. *as* Heureux.
Heurelival. *The name of a ſoure apple, fit to make Cyder.*
Heures : f. *A latine booke of prayers, appropriated unto certaine houres in the morning, and then ſaid of dutie by Shavelings, and in devotion by others.*
Heureté : f. *Happineſſe, bleſſedneſſe, bliſſefulneſſe, proſperity, felicity, fortunatemeſſe.*
Heureuſement. *Happily, bleſſedly, bliſſefully, fortunately, proſperouſly.*
Heureuſeté : f. *as* Heureté.
Heureux : m, euſe : f. *Happie, bleſſed, bliſſefull, proſperous, luckie, fortunate.*
Il eſt bien heureux qui ſe meſle de ſes affaires; Prov. *He is very happie that followes his owne buſineſſe ; (then is the dullard that cannot, the ſluggard that will not, and the unfree that muſt not, doe it, very unhappy.)*
Heurlement : m. *A bowling, or yelling.*
Heurler. *To bowle; Seeke* Hurler.
Heurlerie : f. *as* Heurlement.
Heurt : m. *A ſhocke, puſh, a daſh ; a violent meeting, or conflict, ſcuffling, or incounter ; a knocke, or knocking together of; alſo, a peece of high ground ; alſo, the top, or upper part of a mountaine.*
Tout à heurt. *Headie, all-ahead.*
Baſtir en heurt. *To build high ; or on the upper part, or ſide, of a hill.*
Gare le heurt. *See* Gare.
Ils ont eu tant de heurts. *They have beene ſo much afflicted ; they have received ſo many joults ; ſo many miſchiefes have aſſaulted them.*
Heurtade : f. *A ſhocke, knocke, jurre, jolt, puſh, daſh.*
Heurtant. *Shocking, puſhing, knocking, jurring, joulting, violently meeting.*
Heurté : f. *as* Heureté.
Heurte. à toute heurte. *Still, ever, every foot, now and then.*
Heurté : m. ée : f. *Knocked, puſhed, joulted, jurred, violently hit againſt.*
Heurtement : m. *A knocking, joulting, puſhing, daſhing, ſtriking, jurring, violent hitting againſt.*
Heurter. *To knock, puſh, jurre, joult, ſtrike, daſh, or hit violently againſt.*
Heurter des pieds. *To ſtampe, or applaud by often ſtamping.*
Se Heurter à vne pierre. *To ſtumble at a ſtone.*
Heurter la teſte contre l'huis. *To runne his head againſt the doore ; to take wax off the dore with his head.*
Hardiment heurte à la porte qui bonne nouvelle apporte ; Prov. *He that brings good newes boldly knockes at doore.*
Heurtes : f. *Small Azure balls ; tearmed (in Heraldrie) hurts on men, and tongue-moles on women.*
Heurtis : m. *as* Heurtement.
Heuſe. *Looke* Houſe.
Heuſſe : f. *The Linch pinne, whereby the arme of the axletree is kept within the nave of a Cartwheele, &c.*
Heyron : m. *as* Hairon ; *alſo, a ſea-Mew.* ¶ Savoyard.
Hiacinthe. *Looke* Hyacinthe.
Hiacinthin : m. ine : f. *Light-blue, Purple, Violet ; of the colour of a Iacinth (flower.)*
Hibernal : m. ale : f. *Winterie ; of, or belonging to, the winter.*
Hibou : m. *An Owle, the ordinarie great Owle.*
Hibou cornu. *as* Moyen duc. *See* Duc.
On ne peut faire de hibou eſpartier ; Prov. *One cannot make a Hawke of an Owle.*
Hideur : f. *Dread, horror, quaking, feare, (or the cauſe thereof) a thing horrible, and fearefull to behold ; alſo, ghaſtlineſſe, terribleneſſe, ouglineſſe, hideouſneſſe.*
Hideuſement. *Hideouſly, ghaſtly, grimly, horribly, terribly, fearefully.*
Hideux : m. euſe : f. *Hideous, grimme, dreadfull, ghaſtlie, terrible, horrible.*
Hie : f. *A Rammer, or Paviers beetle ; alſo, a Commander, or water-Pile Sledge, wherewith great ſtakes are driven downe into the ground.*
Hié : m. ée : f. *Rammed in, driven, or beaten downe.*
Hieble : m. *Wallwort, dwarfe Elderne, Dantwort.*
Hement : m. *A ramming ; a driving downe of ſtones, or piles into the ground.*
Hier. *To ramme ; to beat, or drive downe ſtones, or piles into the ground, alſo, to beat flat, or ſadden (as a floore) with beating.*
Hier. *Yeſterday.*
Devant hier. *Two dayes agoe.*
Hier vachier huy chevalier ; Prov. *Looke* Vachier.
Hieracite. Pierre h. *A kind of bloud-ſtone, or ſtone that ſtaunceth bloud.*
Hierarchie : f. *An Hierarchie ; a ſacred principalitie, a holy Government.*
Hiere piere. *A certaine yellow, and very bitter compoſition in powder.*
Hieroboeane : f. *Vervine, Iunoes teares, holy herbe, Mercuries moiſt bloud.*
† Hierre : m. *Ivie. Seeke* Lierre.
Hierre terreſtre. *Ground Ivie, Alehoofe, Cats foot, Gill-creep-by-the-ground.*
Hileux : m, euſe : f. *Black-tayled, or black on the taile, as a beaſt is.*
Hillots : m. *Fellowes.* ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.
† Hinard : m, arde : f. *Wry-necke, wry-headed.*
† Hinnelement. *Seeke* Iſnellement.
Hipaſe : f. *A ſixt, or the proportion of ſix, in Muſicke.*
Hipocras : m. *(The compound wine called) Hipocras.*
Hipocras d'eau. *Metheglin ; wine, or drinke made of honey and water.*
Hipogriphe : m. *Looke* Hypogriphe.
Hipothecaire. *See* Hypothecaire.
Hipothequé : m. ée : f. *Ingaged, morgaged, layd to pawne.*
Hipothequer : f. *To pawne, ingage, or morgage (immovables.)*
Hippiatrie : f. *Horſe-phiſicke.*
Hippocras. *as* Hipocras.
Hippogloſſe : m. *Horſe-Tongue, Double-Tongue, Tongue-blade.*
Hippopotame : m. *A water-horſe (living in the river Nilus) that hath feet like an Oxe, backe and maine like a horſe, tuskes like a Bore, and a winged taile.*
Hirable. *as* Giraffe.
Hiraudie : f. *A paltry garment (in old french.)*
Hircin : m. ine : f. *Goat-like ; of a Goat.*
Branche hircine. *Brank-Viſin, Beares-claw, Beares-breech.*
Hire : f. *A Rammer, or Beater.*
Hireté. *as* Heredité ; *(an old word.)*
Hirondelle, *or* Hirundelle ; *A Swallow ; Seek* Arondelle.
Hirondelle de mer. *as in* Arondelle ; *alſo, the ſmall aſh-couloured Mew, which after the departure of the ordinarie Sea-Mew, flyes alone, and in flying ſtrikes along rivers.*
Hirondelle de rivage. *A ſea Swallow ; a little bird that builds in the banks of rivers.*
† Hiſnel. *Seek* Iſnel.
Hiſope : f *(The herbe)* Hiſope.
Hiſtoire : f. *A Hiſtorie, Story, Chronicle, Relation.*
Hiſtorial : m. ale : f. *Hiſtorical ; of, or belonging to, a hiſtorie.*
Hiſtorié : m. ée : f. *Flouriſhed, wrought, or beautified, with ſtorie-worke ; alſo, contained in Hiſtories.*
Hiſtorien : m. *A Hiſtoriographer, Chronicler, Storie-writer.*
Hiſtorier. *To write, or compile Hiſtories ; alſo, to flouriſh, or beautifie wainſcot, or Tapiſtrie, with Hiſtories, Storie-worke.*

Hiſtrion: m. *A Comedian, Enterluder, Stage-player.*
Hiſtrionique: com. *Player-like; fit for, or belonging to, a Stage-player.*
Hiulque: com. *Gaping, as the earth in drought; full of chaps, or chinkes; ill couched, joyned, or ſet together.*
Ho: m. *A Groſſe, or great troop of Cavallerie; many troops of horſemen together.*
† Hobain. *as* Aubain.
† Hobeine. *as* Aubaine.
† Hober. *To ſtirre, move, remove from place to place; (a ruſtike, and ruſticall word)*
† Hobere: m. *as* Aubere.
† Hoberger. *To flie; or, to ſave himſelfe by flying.*
† Hobille: f. *A Jerkin, Jacket, or Coat.* ¶ Pic.
† Hobin: m. *A hobby; a little ambling (and ſhorn-maned) horſe.*
Aller le hobin. *To amble, or pace, like a Hobbie.*
Hobineux: m. euſe: f. *Hobby-like; or belonging to a Hobby.*
Hobreau: m. *(The Hawke ſo termed) a Hobby; alſo, a mungrell, or halfe-gentleman; one whoſe father, or mother were of mean parentage.*
Hoc: m. *as* Croc; *alſo, as* Ho.
Hoche: f. *A nick, or notch, on a Tally, &c.*
Hochebot. *A kind of Boat (an old word.)*
Hochebride: m. *A reſtleſſe rakehell, a deſperate or careleſſe companion.*
Hochecue. *as* Hoche-queuë.
Hochement: m. *A ſhaking, wagging, jogging, jobbing, nodding.*
Hochepli: m. *A Vardingale.*
Hochepot: m. *A hotch-pot, or Gallimaufrey; a confuſed mingle-mangle of divers things jumbled, or put together.*
Hoche-prunier. *A Plum-tree ſhaker; a man yard.*
Hoche-queuë: f. *A water Wagtaile.*
Hocher. *To ſhake, wag, jog; nod, nod.*
Hocher du nez. *Diſdainfully to ſnuffe at.*
Hocher de la teſte. *To nod, or caſt up the head; as one that would ſeeme to refuſe a thing offered, or deny a thing ſpoken.*
Hochet de petis enfans. *A Rattle, or clack wherewith children play.*
Hocquer, & Hocqueter. *as* Hoquet, & Hoqueter.
Hocqueteur: m. *A Baſket-carrier.* (v. m.)
Hocqueton: m. *A (ſleeveleſſe, and ſhort) Jacket, Coat, Caſſock, or Jerkin (at Court) a Coat for one of the Guard.* Look Hoqueton.
Hocton. *as* Hocqueton; *and hence;*
Qui a le loup pour compaignon porte le chien ſous l'hocton; Prov. *Let him that's yoakt with a knave be armed with a cudgell.*
Hodé: f. *Toyle, tiring, wearineſſe.*
Hodé: m. ée: f. *Wearied, tired, over-toyled.*
Hoder. *To weary, tire, over-toyle.*
Hoe. *An Interjection of wondering; as* Hoho; *alſo, reprehenſion; whence,* vous eſtez bien hardi, hoe; *alſo, of forbidding to touch a thing; as when they ſay,* Allons hoe.
† Hogner. *as* Hoigner.
† Hoguiné: m. ée: f. *Vexed, moleſted, annoyed, infeſted, offended.*
† Hoguinement: m. *A vexing, moleſting, annoying, infeſting, offending.*
† Hoguiner. *To vex, trouble, diſquiet, annoy, moleſt, infeſt, offend.*
Hoguines: f. *The pieces of Armour which cover the armes, thighes, and legs.*
Hoho. *(An Interjection of wondering) what hoe! is it poſſible!*
† Hoigne: f. *A grumbling, muttering, murmuring, repining; whyning; (The Normand Towne* Valoignes *hath been ſurnamed* La Hoigne, *becauſe the inhabitants thereof are by nature very litigious.)*
† Hoigner. *To grumble, mutter, murmure; to repine; alſo, to whyne as a child, or dog.*
Hoir: m. *An heir, or inheritor; (In ſome French lawes (wherein the* Appennages *of the Sonnes of* France *are treated of) an heire male, and in ſome ancient Fermes and Leaſes, a direct heire, is underſtood by this word.)*
Hoir de quenouille. *An inheritrix, heire female, daughter and heire.*
Hoirie: f. *An heritage, inheritance; heirdome; inheriting.*
Hola. *(An Interjection) hoe there, enough, ſoft ſoft, no more of that if you love me; alſo, heare you me, or come hither.*
Faict au hola. *Dutifull, obſervant, ready, at a beck, at call.*
Faire le hola. *To ſtop, ſtay, interrupt, bid ſtand; alſo, to part a fray.*
Holette de maille. *A ſhirt of Mayle.*
Holocauſte: m. *A ſacrifice killed, and layed whole on the Altar.*
Holos. *for* Helas. ¶ Rab.
Holoſteon. *Hairie ſmall Plantaine, flouring ſea Plataine; alſo, mountaine Plantaine, alſo, the herb called Stitchwort, or All-bony.*
Holothurie: f. *A certain thing found in the ſea, yet neither Plant, Fiſh, nor fit to be eaten.*
Holotte: f. *A Madge-howlet, or little Owle.*
Hom. *as* Homme; *a man.* (vicil mot.)
Homage. *Look* Hommage.
Homar: m. *A ſea-Crevice, or ſmall Lobſter.*
Grand homar. *The great, or ordinary, Lobſter.*
† Homelette. *as* Aumelette; *an Omelet, or Pancake of egges.*
Homenage. *as* Hommage. ¶ Bearnois.
Homenas. *A good ſilly cokes.* ¶ Rab.
Homicide: m. *Manſlaughter, or murther; alſo, an homicide, man-killer, murtherer.*
† Homicidé: m. ée: f. *Killed, ſlaine, murthered.*
† Homicider. *To ſlay, kill, murther (a man.)*
† Homicidere: com. *An homicide, man-killer, murtherer.*
Hommace: f. *A Virago; a mankie, or ſtout woman.*
Hommage: m. *Homage,*
Hommage de bouche, & des mains. *is done by a vaſſall with head uncovered, hands joyned, and a kiſſe received, and bindes him to fight for his Lord only in defence of the land whereof he holds.*
Hommage de devotion. *which is given to the Church in* Frankalmoine, *and carries with it neither fief, Juriſdiction, nor any other duty.*
Hommage lige. *Is done by the vaſſall ungirt, and bare-headed, with joyned hands layed on the Evangeliſts, and a kiſſe received in the taking of his oath; and binds him to became an enemy to all his Lords enemies, and to follow him all his life time againſt all men (except the King.)*
Hommage plein. *Full, or abſolute homage; or, as* Hommage lige. *(And yet ſome Cuſtomes make them differ. Seeke* Lige.)
Hommage ſimple. *as* Hommage de bouche, & des mains.
Hommagé: m. ée: f. *Held by homage; for which homage is due, or done.*
Hommager. *To owe, or doe homage unto; alſo, to reverence.*
Hommaſſe: f. *as* Hommace.
Homme: m. *A Man; alſo, a tenant, &c. (Look the next marginall word.)*
Homme de bras. *An Artificer, or Handicrafts man; one that gets his living by the labour of his hands.*
Homme de Capeline. *A reſolute, or valiant fellow.*
Homme de peine. *A laborious, or painfull fellow; an extreme toyler, or traveller; alſo, as* Homme de bras.
Homme de bon creſme. *A plain, honeſt, ſincere, open-hearted companion.*
Il le despecha comme vn homme de ſon païs. *He uſed him rudely, or contemptibly; he handled him like a clowne as he is; he baffled, or abuſed him.*
Homme aſſailli à demy vaincu; Prov. *He that's aſſaulted is halfe overcome.*
Homme chiche iamais riche; Pro. *Look* Riche.
Homme endormi corps enſeveli; Prov. *A ſleeping, is no better then a dead, man:*
Homme matineux ſain, alaigre, & ſoigneux; Prov. *Look* Matineux.
Homme mort ne fait guerre; & Homme mort ne mord point; Prov. *A dead man fights not; we ſay; A dead dog bites not.*
Homme mutin, bruſque Rouſſin, fiaſcon de vin prennent toſt fin; Prov. *A factious aſſe, free horſe, good cup of wine, are quickly ſpent.*
Homme ruſé tard abuſé; Prov. *Look* Ruſé.
Homme ſeul eſt viande aux loups; Prov. *The lone man is Wolves meat.*
Homme à deux viſages n'agrée en villes, ny villages; Prov. *Look* Viſage.
Les hommes donnent aux femmes ce qu'ils nont pas, & ne peuvent avoir; Prov. viz. *Milke.*
Les hommes ſe rencontrent, & non pas les montagnes; Prov. *Not hils, but men, doe uſe to meet.*
Vn homme de paille vaut vne femme d'or; Prov. *Look* Femme.
Eſtre homme de bien c'eſt meſtier iuré, il ne l'eſt pas qui veut; Prov. *Every one cannot be honeſt that would (for ſome by ignorance, and others by neceſſity, are, or muſt be, knaves.)*
Celuy eſt homme de bien qui eſt homme de biens; Prov. *Hee is a righteous,*

that

that is a rich, man (sayes the wordling.)

'A grand homme grand verre; Prov. *Look* Verre.

De meschant homme bon Roy; Prov. *A froward man becomes a good King.*

Autant chemine vn homme en vn iour comme vn limaçon en cent ans; Pro. *Seeke* Limaçon.

Bon poete mauvais homme; Prov. *A good Poet an evill person.*

Il ne faut pas enquerir d'ou soit l'homme mais qu'il soit bon; Prov. *No matter whence one comes so he be good.*

Le bœuf par la corne, & l'homme par la parole; Prov. *An Oxe (is bound) by the horne, a man by his word.*

Tant travaille, & tracasse l'homme qu'il se rompe, ou somme. *Looke* Travailler.

Tant vaut l'homme tant vaut sa terre; Prov. *A man is prised by his land.* See Terre.

Vne science requiert tout son homme; Prov. *One Art requires a whole man; a man that will be perfect in an Art must follow nothing else.*

Homme: m. *A Tenant, Liegeman, Vassall, Subiect.*

Homme de corps. *A villaine, or one that holds by a servile tenure.*

Homme de la Cour du seigneur. *Such as owe suit and service to his Court.*

Homme feudal. *Is, in some Customes, the title of a Lord; but in the most, of a vassall.*

Homme de fief. *A Vassall, or Tenant in freehold; and sometimes the Lord of a Fief.*

Hommes de la loy (de Gand.) *The Magistrates (of Gaunt.)*

Homme sans moyen. *That holds immediately (and by homage) of the Crown.*

Homme de paix. *A vassall that ought to be at peace with his Lord; or ought (by the vertue of his homage) to keepe the peace made by his Lord; or one that hath sworne freindship, and fellowship with a greater then himselfe.*

Homme de plejure. *A vassall that is, or may be, a Baile, Pledge, or Surety for his Lord.*

Hommes profitables. *Of whom the Lord makes profit, or from whom he hath his revenue.*

Homme de service. *That holds his land by fealty, and certaine manuall, or meane, services.*

Homme de servitude. *A villaine, or one that holds by a servile tenure.*

Homme vivant, mourant, & confiscant. *A Vicar, Substitute, or Deputy for a Church, Colledge, or Comminalty; at whose death the Lords of their fiefs are to have such rights as would have been due out of them at the death of a temporall, or single, tenant.*

Droict d'hommes. *A privilige which the Kings Officers have in some places, to qualifie, and lessen the excessive taxes imposed by Lords on their Tenants, whom otherwise they might taxe at their pleasure.*

Faute, ou defaut d'homme. *Want, or omission of due homage, fealtie, or services; whereby the Landlord is enabled to seize into his hands the fiefs out of which they be due.*

Hommeau: m. *A dwarfe, dandiprat, little man, low fellow.*

Hommelet, & hommenet. *as* Hommeau; *or, a very little man.*

Hommesse: f. *A Virago; a manly, or stout woman.*

Hommet. *as* Hommeau.

Homocentricalement. *In one Center.*

Homogené: m. ée: f. *Of one kind.* ¶ Rab.

Homologation: f. *An admission, allowance, approvement, or approbation of; a consent unto.*

Homologué: m. ée: f. *Admitted, accepted, allowed, approved of; assented, or consented unto.*

Homologuer. *To admit, accept, allow, approve of; to assent, or consent unto.*

Homonceau: m. *A petty, or paultry, fellow.*

Homonyme: f. *An equivocation, or word of divers significations.*

Homonyme: com. *Equivocall.*

Homonymie: f. *An equivocation; or, a double, or different sense in one word.*

Homs. *as* Homme; *a man.* (vieil mot.)

Hon hon. *(An Interjection expressing wonder, or a fearefull apprehension of approaching misehiefe;) aha, aha.*

Faire hon de la teste. *To seeme loath. Seeke* Faire.

Hondelée de foing. *A load of Hay.*

Hondresondre: m. *A drunken, or swaggering Dutchman.* ¶ Rab.

Hongner, *as* Hoigner.

Hongre: m. *An Hungarian; also, a gueldred man, or horse; an Eunuch, a Gurlding.*

Honneste: com. *Honest, good, vertuous; just, upright, sincere; also, gentle, civill, courteous; also, worthie, noble, honourable, of good reputation; also, comely, seemely, handsome, well befitting.*

Honnestement. *Honestly, vertuously, sincerely, uprightly; gently, civilly, courteously; worthily, nobly, with good credit; handsomely, decently, in a good fashion.*

Honnesteté: f. *Honestie, vertue, goodnesse, integrity, truth, sincerity; justnesse, uprightnesse; humanity, courtesie, civility, gentlenesse; worth, or worthinesse; freedome of nature, open-heartednesse, a noble disposition; decency, a Decorum.*

Honneur: f. *Honour; renowne, reputation, credit, praise, glory, fame, great account, high reckoning, much estimation, worship, reverence; dignity, promotion; also, an Honour; or an honourable estate, inheritance, or title bestowed by a Prince, or great Lord.*

Honneurs funebres. *Funerall solemnities, rites, or rights.*

Le morceau d'honneur. *The last bit of a dish of meat. Looke* Morceau.

Vesve d'honneur. *Honest widow; a women that had a good report, but now hath lost it.*

Ventes, & honneurs. *Look* Vente.

Presse de son honneur. *Hard set, sore layed to, that must needs go to it, that must of necessity yeage, or intrusse, (a mannerly phrase.)*

'A tous seigneurs tous honneurs; Pro. *Give to all Lords all the honours due unto them.*

Qui d'honneur n'a cure honte est sa droicture; Prov. *Shame falls on him that cares not for (true) honour; or, he that his credit doth not weigh, reproach attends him, shame his pay.*

Qui n'a honte il n'aura ja honneur; Prov. *He that wants shame shall never want credit with.*

Honni: m. ie: f. *Reproached, shamed, disgraced, dishonoured, defamed; cursed, reviled, outraged, in words; (also, spotted, blemished, soiled, polluted, defiled. ¶ Pic.)*

Honnir. *To reproach, disgrace, dishonour, defame, shame; revile, curse, or outrage, in words; (also, to spot, blemish, pollute, foule, file, defile. ¶ Pic.)*

† Honnorance. *as* Honoraire.

Honorable: com. *Honourable, noble; worthie, famous, renowned; reverend, worshipfull; great, high, stately, magnificent, sumptuous.*

Amende honorable. *Seeke* Amende.

Honorablement. *Honorably, nobly; worthily, famously, renownedly; reverently, worshipfully; statelie, magnificently, sumptuously; in a high degree, after a gallant manner.*

Honoraire: m. *An honourable Present given to a Prince, Embassador, or great Officer at his first entry; also, a fee due, by custome, or for advice given, paines taken, or service done; hence, also, a Donative bestowed on Souldiers.*

Honoraire: com. *Honourable; or worthy of honour.*

Chevaliers honoraires. *Such as are Knights by the privilege of their birth, and not in the right of any Order; (as all Noblemen, from the Duke to the Chastelain, are.)*

† Honorance: m. *as* Honoraire; *(especially in the last sense.)*

Honoré: m. ée: f. *Honoured; reverenced, renowned, praised, prised; much respected, greatly esteemed, highly accompted of.*

Honorer. *To honour; renowne; reverence; praise exceedingly, prise highly, respect very much.*

Honorifique: com. *Honourable, honour-breeding, noble, worthie, worshipfull.*

† Honouars: m. *Looke* Henouars.

Honte: f. *Shame; shamefulnesse, or shamefastnesse; also, discredit, infamy, ignominy, imputation, disgrace.*

'A leur courte honte. *With much disgrace unto them, to their exceeding shame.*

Dire honte. *To infame, defame, revile, reproach, dishonour, cry shame on, or out upon.*

Femme qui perd sa honte est sans estime, & conte; Prov. *Looke* Femme.

Il ne va pas du tout à honte qui de demie voye retourne; Prov. *He that turnes backe (having been halfe way) goes not at all for shame.*

Qui a honte de manger a honte de vivre; Prov. *He that's ashamed to eat's ashamed to live.*

Qui n'a honte il n'aura ja honneur; Prov. *Look* Honneur.

Qui d'honneur n'a cure honte est sa Droicture; Prov. *His meed is shame that weighes not his good name.*

Qui vit à compte vit à honte; Prov. *He basely lives that reckons all he spends; (yet is there small difference between him that*

that knowes not what he ſpends, and him that ſpends he knowes not what.)

Tel cuide vanger ſa honte qui l'accroiſt; Pro. *Some thinking to revenge, renue, their ſhame.*

Vieil peché fait nouvelle honte; Prov. *Old ſinne inflicts new ſhame.*

Honteux: m. enſe: f. *Shamefaſt, baſhfull, hehs, modeſt, backward, fearfull; alſo, ſhameſull, infamous, ignominious, diſhonourable, reproachfull, diſhoneſt; alſo, belonging, or ſeated neer, to the privy parts; whence;*

Artere, *or,* veine honteuſe. *Look* Artere, & Veine.

La partie honteuſe. *The groine, or part whereon the* Pubes *groweth.*

Honteux comme vne truye qui emporte vn levain. *As ſhamefaſt as a Sow that laps up a Sillibub.*

se Hontir. *as,* se Hontoyer.

se Hontoyer. *To be aſhamed of; to bluſh, or be baſhfull, at; to hang downe the head for ſhame.*

Hopelande: f. *as* Houpelande.

Hopperie: f. *A whooping, or ſhowting.*

Hoquet: m. *The hickock, or yexing.*

Hoqueter. *To yex, or clock; to have the Hickup, or Hickock.*

Hoqueton: m. *A (faſhion of) ſhort Coat, Caſſocke, or Jacket, without ſleeves, and, moſt in faſhion among the country people.*

Hoqueton argenté. *A Coat for one of the Kings Guard.*

Hoqueton de guerre. *A Souldiers Caſſack, a Horſemans coat-armour.*

Hoqueton ortavriſé. *as* Hoqueton argenté.

Horaprime. *as* Orraprime.

Horcentric, ou Horcentrique. *Out of the Center, cleane without the compaſſe of; (Mathematicians apply this word to the Sunne, when the Center thereof, being at the full height of his Epicycle, is furtheſt from the centre of the earth.)*

† Horche. à horche. *Look* à Ourſe.

† Hord. *as* Hourt.

Hordeat: m. *Barly water; drinke made of Barly.*

Hordoux. *Slovenly, greaſie, naſty, filthy.*

Hore. de là en hore. *From that time to this.*

Horée: f. *A great ſhower of raine.*

Horepole: f. *A Whirlepoole (fiſh.)*

Horion: m. *A duſt, cuffe, rap, knock, thump; alſo, a luncheon, or big piece.*

Horizon: m. *A Horizon; ſo much of the Firmament as we can behold; or a circle dividing the Firmaments halfe-Sphere, which we ſee, from that halfe which we ſee not.*

Horloge: m. *A Clock, or Dyall,*

Horloge d'eau. *A* Clepſydra, *or water Dyall; a veſſell out of which water runs continually, and in a certain proportion for every houre.*

Horloge à ſablon. *An houre-glaſſe.*

Horloge au ſoleil. *A Sunne-dyall.*

Horloge des villageois. *The Marigold; (ſo termed becauſe it ſheweth them, by the changes of turning towards the Sunne, how the day paſſeth.)*

Il n'eſt horloge plus juſte que le ventre; Prov. *The belly is the beſt, or trueſt clocke.*

Horloger: m. *as* Horlogeur.

† Horlogeur: m. *A Clock-maker, or Dyall-maker.*

Hormale. *as* Orvale.

Hormin: m. *Clarie; or (as* Mathiolus *affirmes) ſo miſtaken by divers Herbaliſts; (for Clarie beares a Carnation flower (ſayes he) or a whitiſh one (ſayes* Gerard*) and* Horminium *a purple one; beſides, the ſeed of Clarie is round, that of* Horminium *long; notwithſtanding which differences, it may well enough paſſe for a kind of Clary.)*

Hormis. *Saving, excepting, beſides onely, but, otherwiſe then.*

Horo. *I ſee him; (a Hunters tearme, or voice, whereby he ſignifies that he hath the ſight of the beaſt in chaſe.)*

† Horologeur. *as* Horlogeur.

† Horologier. *The ſame.*

Horoſcope: m. *The Horoſcope, or Aſcendant of a nativity; a diligent obſervation of the juſt time wherein one was born; alſo, the part of the firmament which riſeth every houre from the Eaſt.*

Horreau: m. *A Mackerell.* ¶ Marſeillois.

Horreur: f. *Horror, loathing, deteſtation, abhorring; alſo, dread, or feare.*

Horrible: com. *Horrible; terrible, deteſtable, execrable, abhominable; hideous, moſt ougly.*

Horriblement. *Horribly; tervibly; hideouſly; execrably, abhominably.*

Horribler. *To make horrible, or moſt ougly.*

Horribleté. *Horribleneſſe; terribleneſſe; hideouſneſſe.*

† Horripilation: f. *A ſuddain quaking, yerning, ſhuddering, ſhivering, or quivering; alſo, a growing rough with haire.*

† Horripiration: f. *Smart; or, a ſuddaine quaking, &c. as* Horripilation.

Hors. *Out of, without.*

Hors d'icy. *Hence.*

Du coſté hors le montoir. *On the wrong, or the other, ſide of the horſe.*

Du tetin en hors. *From his very infancy, ever ſince he ſucked.*

Horſmis. *Look* Hormis.

Hortailles: f. *All kind of Gardening utenſiles; or as* Hottailles.

Hortatif: m. iue: f. *Hortative, exhorting.*

Hortie. *as* Ortie; *a Nettle.*

Hortolages: m. *Herbes, fruits, roots, Gardenſtuffe; things growing in Orchards, or Gardens.*

Hortolan: m. *A delicate bird (of the bigneſſe of a Larke) that hath a reddiſh beak and thighes; a necke, and breaſt ſtreaked with yellow and green; a Scarlet belly ſpotted with Aſh colour, and the feathers of his wings & tayle in ſome parts black, in ſome red, in ſome aſh-coloured.*

Hory ho, hay & ho. (*The ordinary harſh accent, or voice of Carters.*)

Hoſcher. *as* Hocher; *Alſo, to ſwyve.*

Hoſeaux. *Look* Houſeaux.

Hoſpillé, & Hoſpiller. *Seek* Houſpillé, & Houſpiller.

Hoſpitable: com. *Hoſpitable; alſo, inhabible, or fit to dwell in.*

Hoſpital: m. *An Hoſpitall, a Spittle.*

Aller à l'hoſpital. Ie m'en vay à l'h. *My fortunes are in the wane, or at a very low ebbe; I may go whither I will for any thing I have.*

Envoyer à l'hoſpital. *To begger, undoe, turne (in a poore pickle) out of doores.*

L'Ouvrier gentil à l'hoſpital; Prov. *Seek* Ouvrier.

Hoſpitaler. *To receive into, (and) to relieve within, an Hoſpitall.*

Hoſpitalier: m. *The Maſter of an Hoſpitall; alſo, a Knight of the religious Order of the Hoſpitall.*

Hoſpitalier: m. ere: f. *Very hoſpitable, uſing hoſpitality, that keepeth a good houſe.*

Hoſpitalité: f. *Hoſpitality, good houſekeeping.*

Hoſquet. *as* Hoquet.

Hoſt: m. *An Hoſt, or Army; and (more particularly) a Troop, Squadron, or Battallion of Souldiers ranked, not in file, but cloſe together; a Squadron, or Batallion trooping, or in troops.*

Hoſt banni. *as* Ban & Arriereban.

Hoſtage: m. *An Hoſtage, Pawne, Surety, Pledge; (A terme of payment being expired, the Debtor muſt deliver Hoſtages; to wit, three, or foure, who goe to an Inne, and there continue (having bath wages, and their charges allowed them by him) untill he have taken order.)*

Hoſtager: m. ere: f. *Given in hoſtage, layed in pawne, left in pledge for.*

Hoſtarde: f. *A Baſtard.*

Hoſtau. *as* Hoſtel. ¶ Langued.

Hoſte: m. *An Hoſte, Inne-keeper, Inneholder; alſo, a gueſt; alſo, a tenant, or vaſſall.*

Compter ſans ſon hoſte. *To reckon without his hoſt; to make himſelfe ſure of things which are wholly at the diſpoſition of others.*

Qui compte ſans ſon hoſte il faut qu'il compte deux fois; Prov. *Twice muſt he reckon without his hoſt who reckons.*

Vne fois faut compter à l'hoſte; Prov. *Our reckoning muſt be made one time or other.*

L'hoſte & le poiſſon, paſsé trois iours, puent; Prov. *A gueſt and fiſh after three dayes are fuſtie.*

L'hoſte eſt touſiours le plus foulé; Prov. (*Appliable to Goſſiping feaſts;*) *The intertainer's alwayes troubled moſt.*

Tel hoſte tel hoſtel; Prov. *Like hoſt like houſe.*

De meſchant hoſte bon reconduiſeur; Prov. *A needy hoſt (or gueſt) is a friendly guide.*

Il ſe peut bien ſeoir ſans contredit qui ſe met là ou ſon hoſte luy dit; Pro. *He that ſits where his hoſt him bids, may lawfully keep his place.*

Le ſanglier n'eſt qu'un hoſte; Prov. *Becauſe he raunges continually from wood to wood, from forreſt to forreſt.*

Meſtier n'avons d'hoſte à chere marrie; Prov. *A ſoure fac't hoſt (or gueſt) may well enough be ſpared.*

Hoſtel: m. *An Hoſtell, Houſe, Lodging; Hall, Place, Palace; (This word is commonly a mark of Greatneſſe; as* L'Hoſtel de Bourbon; L'Hoſtel de ville, &c. *other inferiour Houſes being tearmed* Maiſons, *and* Logis.)

Hoſtel Dieu. *A Spittle, or Hoſpitall.*

Hoſtel de ville. *A Guild-hall, common Hall, Townehouſe.*
Vn corps d'hoſtel. *See* Corps.
Maiſtre d'hoſtel. *A Steward, or Clarke of the Kitchin.*
A l'hoſtel priſer, & au marché vendre; Prov. *Prize goods at home, but ſell them in the market.*
C'eſt l'hoſtel du Roy Petaud ou chaſcun eſt maiſtre; Prov. *Appliable to a diſordered houſhold, wherein every one commands, and does, what he liſt.*
Il ne ſe fourvoit point qui à ſon hoſtel va; Prov. *He goes not out of his way that goes to a good houſe.*
La belle chere amende beaucoup l'hoſtel; Pro. *Good cheere makes good amends for a bad houſe; or, a bad houſe by good cheere is much amended.*
Qui toſt vient à ſon hoſtel mieux luy en eſt à ſon ſouper; Prov. *He fares the better that comes early home.*
Tel hoſte tel hoſtel; Prov. *The hoſt, and the houſe are (commonly) alike.*
Hoſtelage: m. *Hoſpitalitie; alſo, a bed, or nights-lodging (for a gueſt.)*
Droict d'hoſtelage. *Looke* Droict.
Pains d'hoſtelage. *A certaine dutie paied (within the Seigniorie of* Dunois*) by vaſſals unto their Lords, in regard of the houſes wherin they dwell.*
† Hoſtelé: m. ée: t. *Lodged.*
† Hoſteler. *To lodge; to give, lend, or hire out lodging unto; alſo, to lodge, or take a lodging in.*
Hoſtelerie: f. *An Inne; an Hoſterie; a victualling houſe, wherein meat and lodging may be had for money.*
Hoſtelier: m. *An Hoſt, Inne-keeper, Innebolder.*
Ris d'hoſtelier; Pro. *A jeering, or feigned laughter; a diſſembling cheerefulneſſe; mirth only from the teeth outward.*
Hoſtellage. *Looke* Hoſtelage.
† Hoſteller. *To lodge; give, or afford lodging unto; alſo, to take, or have a lodging in.*
Hoſteſſe: f. *An Hoſteſſe.*
Belle hoſteſſe c'eſt vn mal pour la bourſe; Prov. *A faire Hoſteſſe is a foule pickpurſe; or, the beauty of an Hoſteſſe is the purſes bane.*
Hoſtie: f. *A ſacrifice, or thing ſacrificed.*
Hoſtiere. Gueux d'hoſtiere. *Such as beg from doore to doore.*
Hoſtierie: f. *An Hoſpitall; alſo, an Hoſtery, or little Inne.*
Hoſtigement de fief. *A declaration in open Court, to whom a fief belongs after the deceaſe of him that held it laſt; or for the ſecurity of a debt.*
Hoſtigié. Heritage hoſtigié. *whoſe true owner is named in Court; as in* Hoſtigement.
Hoſtile: com. *Hoſtile, hatefull, enemy-like, belonging to an enemy.*
Hoſtilement. *Hoſtilie, hatefully, deadly, mortally, with deadly feud.*
Hoſtilité: f. *Hoſtility, feud, enmity, deadly hatred, mortall hate.*
Hoſtiſe: f. *as* Oſtize.
Hot. *Looke* Hoſt.
Hottaille: f. *(All kind of) Baskets, Doſſers, &c.*
Hotte: t. *A Scuttle, Doſſer, Basket to carry on the backe; (The right* Hotte *is wide at the top, and narrow at the bottome.) See* Buttet.
Hotte de cheminée. *The firſt part of the funnell of a chimney, reaching from the Mantletree to the middle thereof.*
Mors à hotte. *A flat Cannon; or, a Scatch bit.*
Hottée: t. *A Scuttle-full of.*
Hotter. *To beare a Scuttle, to carry a Doſſer, on the backe.*
Hottereau: m. *A Scuttle; a ſmall (wide-mouthed, and narrow bottomed) basket.*
Hotteur: m. *A Basket-carrier, or Scuttle carrier; one that carries a Doſſer on his backe.*
Hottier, *as* Hotteur.
Hotton: m. *The ſtaulke of an eare of corne.*
Hottons. *Broken peece of eares, or of corne, and other ſuperfluities, divided by the winnower from the cleane, and whole corne, and reſerved for Pullein.*
Hou hou hou. *Hootings, or whoopings; voices wherewith Swine are ſcared, or infamous old women diſgraced.*
Houage: m. *A digging, or turning up of the ground; an opening at the root, with a* Houë.
Houäller. *To yawle, wawle, or cry out aloud.* ¶ Bleſien.
Houay. *How now.* ¶ Pariſien.
Houbelande. *as* Houpelande.
Houbelon: m. *Hop, or Hops.*
Houbiller vne vache. *To milke a Cow.*
Houcle. *A Surgeons inſtrument, wherewith the mouth of a wound is ſtitched, and drawn together.*
Houë: f. *An inſtrument of Husbandrie, which hath a crooked handle, or helve of wood, ſome two foot long, and a broad, and in-bending head of Iron.*
Houë fourchuë. *A grubbing axe; or forked pickaxe, whoſe double tongue bends inward as the head of the ordinary* Houë, *and is uſed for ſtony ground, whereinto the other cannot well enter.*
Houë platte. *A dible, or ſetting ſticke.*
La petite houë. *The fee belonging to the Millers, and Bakers that grind, and make bread of, provant corne; viz. to thoſe, a cupfull upon every buſhell; to theſe, all the braune.*
Houé: m. ée: t. *Digged up, into, or about; turned, or broken up, as the earth; opened at the root as a tree with a* Houë.
Houëau. *as* Hoyau.
Houëment: m. *A digging up, into, or about; a turning, or breaking up of the earth; an opening at the root with a* Houë.
Houër. *To dig up, into, or about; to breake, or turne up ground; to open a plant at the root, with a* Houë.
Houët: m. *A Tentar booke.*
Houëur: m. *A digger; or, one that workes with a* Houë.
Houille: f. *Sedge, or Fenne-graſſe; alſo, a kind of Mineralll (in the Countrey of* Liege*) that makes very good fires.*
Houiſche. *An Interjection whereby ſilence is impoſed) huſht, whiſt, iſt, not a word for your life.*
Houlette de berger. *A Sheep-hooke, or Shepherds Crooke.*
Houlette de connil. *A Rabbits neaſt.*
Houlle. *The waves, or the rolling of the waves, of the ſea.* ¶ Rab.
Houpé: f. *as* Houppe.
Houpé: m. ée: f. *Tufted, or taſſelled; ſet, or trimmed with tufts, taſſells, or pretie lockes; alſo, whooped at, or unto.*
Fuſtaine houpée. *Looke* Fuſtaine.
Houpelande: f. *A Shepherds Cloke, Pelt, or Gabardine; (hence) alſo, a ſhort gowne, or long cloke with ſleeves*
Houpelu: m. ue: f. *Lockie, taſſellie, tufted; or, as* Houpé *(in the firſt ſence.)*
Houper. *To taſt; to trimme with taſſells, or pretie lockes; alſo, to hoope unto, or call a farre off.*
Houpier d'un Arbre: m. *The tuft, thicke top, or topping of a tree.*
Houplande. *as* Houpelande.
Houppe: f. *A tuſt, or topping, a taſſell, or pretie locke.*
Houppelande. *as* Houpelande.
Houppier. *as* Houpier.
Houquet: m. *The pickocke.*
Houquet: m. *A Scaffold.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, as* Heurt; *and hence;*
Ou eſt meu le hourd. *Where blowes are walking, thumpes given, thwackes dealt; or where there is ſuch rude buſtling together.*
Hourdage: m. *A faſhion of walling, or covering for walls, of reeds wrought like hurdles, and dawbed over with loame, or clay.*
Hourde. *as* Harde (*in the firſt ſence.*)
Hourdé: m. ée: f. *Loaded, burthened; alſo covered with hurdles, or with reed wrought hurdle-wiſe, and daubed over with loame.*
Hourdet. *To charge, burthen, load; alſo, to cover with hurdles, or with reed wrought hurdle-wiſe, and daubed over with loame, or clay.*
Hourdis. *as* Hourd; *alſo, hurdles, or reeds wrought like hurdles, and covered over with loame.*
Hourque: f. *A Hulke, or huge Flie-boat.*
Hourt: m. *A boiſterous incounter, a violent conflict, or ſhocke. Looke* Heurt.
Hourvaris. *The doublings of a purſued Hart, or Deere.*
Hous. *as* Houx.
Houſe: f. *A drawer, or courſe ſtocking worn over a finer, by country people.*
Houſé: m. ée: f. *That hath drawers on; (hence) alſo, booted.*
Tel eſt houſé qui n'eſt pas preſt; Prov. *Said of one thats furniſhed many waies, and yet wants his principall helps.*
Houſeau: m. *A courſe drawer worne over a Stocking in ſtead of a Boot.*
Il a laiſſé les houſeaux. *He hath got him to (his laſt) bed; he is even as good as gone; he is no better then a dead man.*
Houſée: f. *as* Houſeau; *alſo, an Hipocras bag, or hoſe to ſtraine Hipocras through; alſo, a ſhower of raine.*
se Houſer. *To pull on drawers, to draw on boots.*
A l'an ſoixante & douze, temps eſt que l'on ſe houſe; Prov. *At 72 we had need to thinke of our laſt deed.*
Houſeau: m. *The Holme, Hulver, or Holme-tree.*
Houſpaillier: m. *A horſe-keeper; a Groome of, or Lad in, a Stable.*
Houſpillé: m. ée: f. *Tugged, towſed, lugged, hurried, raffled, diſordered, torne, ragged, tattered.*
Houſpillée. *as* Houſepillée.
Houſpillement: m. *A violent pulling, dragging, lugging, tugging, towſing, tearing of*

of ones garments, or of one by the garments.

se 'Houſpiller l' un l'autre. *To tug, lug, hurrie, teare one another, to ſhake, or towſe, as one dog doth another.*

Houſſe : f. *A ſhort mantle of corſe cloth (and all of a peece) worne in ill weather by country women, about their head and ſholders; alſo, a ſoot-cloth for a horſe; alſo, a coverlet, or Counter-point for a bed (in which ſence it is moſt uſed among Lepers, or in Spitles for Lepers.)*

Houſſé : m. ée : f. *Covered with a ſoot-cloth, as a horſe; with a Blanket, as a Bed; or with a ſhort, and corſe Mantle, as a Country woman; alſo ſwept, or made cleane, as a chimney, or the ſeeling, &c. of a duſtie houſe.*

Houſſée de pluye. *A ſhower of raine.*

Houſſepaillée : f. *A ſluttiſh dragle-tayle, whoſe gowne ever ſticks full of ſtraw.*

Houſſepailler. *as* Houſpiller.

Houſſepailleur. *as* Heſpalier; *or* Houſpaillier. ¶ Rab.

Houſſepillée : f. *A ragged ſlut, a tattered huſwife; one whoſe gowne hath never a whole peece about it.*

Houſſepillement. *as* Houſpillement.

Houſſer. *To ſweepe, or make cleane a chimney, or the upper parts of a duſtie roome, with a long beeſome; alſo, to cover with a ſoot-cloth, or put a ſoot-cloth on.*

Houſſer vn arbre. *To ſhake a tree.*

Houſſeur : m. *A ſweeper; or one that ſweeps, with a* Houſſoir.

Houſſeuſe : f. *A woman that ſweepes, duſts, or makes cleane, a houſe with a* Houſſoir.

Houſſine : f. *A Switch, or Whisker; (moſt properly) a riding rod of Holly; a Holly wand; a crop of holly.*

Houſſiner. *To ſwinge with a Switch; to bang or beat, with a Hollie-rod.*

Houſſineux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Hollie-wands, or Switches.*

Houſſoir : m. *A bruſh, or beeſome of Butchers broome; and (more generally) any broom tyed to the end of a long ſtaffe, or pole, for the ſweeping of chimneyes, or the upper parts of duſtie roomes.*

Houſſon : m. *Kneebull, Kneebulver, Kneeholme, Pettigree, Butchers Croome.*

Houſſouer. *as* Houſſoir.

Houſſu : m. uë : f. *Hairie, high-haired, rugged with haire.*

Crins houſſus. *Thicke lockes, or tufts of haire.*

Mouton houſſu. *A ſheepe well woolled, or of great burthen.*

Houſſure de laine : f. *A fleece, a great lock of wooll.*

Houtarde : f. *A Baſtard.*

Houtin. *as* Autin.

Houx : m. *The Hollie, Holme, or Hulvertree.*

Petit houx. *Kneebolme, Kneebulver, Pettigree, Butchers Broome.*

Houzé. *Looke* Houſé.

se Houzer. *Looke* se Houſer.

Hoyau : m. *The French Mattock, or an Inſtrument of Husbandrie, having a ſtrait and ſtronge helve of wood ſome two foot long, and an iron head ſome foot and a halfe long, and about three inches broad.*

Hoyé : m. ée : f. *Cruſhed, tired, overtoyled; alſo, lame, or impotent by nature.*

Hu : m. *as* Huée.

Hua : m. *A kinde of blacke Kyte (rare, if at all, in* England*) whoſe taile is not forked.*

Huan. *as* Hua.

Huant, au chat huant. *The rough-legd Owle; or, as in* Chat-huant.

Huant. *Hooting, ſhowting, crying out, making hue and cry.*

Huard : m. *A Buzzard-like Eagle that preyes altogether upon Coots, and wild ducks.*

Huau. *as* Hua.

Huaume : m. *The helme of a Ship.*

Hubi : m. ie : f. *Lively, ſprightly; alſo, well hailed, well amended in fleſh, &c.*

† Hubir. *To raiſe, make thrive, cauſe to grow, by wholſome dyet, and other good uſage.*

Il s'en faut hubir le mieux qu'on pourra. *We muſt make as good ſhift with it as we can.*)

† Hubir : m. *A Briſtling, a ſetting up of the briſtles.*

Huchant. *Calling for; whooping, or hollowing unto.*

Huchant en paume. *Whiſtling for, or calling unto by whiſtling in the fiſt.*

Huche : f. *A Hutch, or Binne; a kneading Trough, or Tub; alſo, a Mill-hopper.*

Huché : m. ée : f. *Hooped, called, or hallowed unto.*

Huchement : m. *A whooping, or hallowing for, a calling unto.*

Hucher. *To whoope, or hallow for; to call unto.*

Huchet : m. *A Hutchet, Bugle, or ſmall Horne; ſuch a one as Poſt-boyes uſe.*

Hué : m. ée : f. *Hooted, or ſhowted after; exclamed, or cryed out upon; followed with hue and cry.*

Huée : f. *A ſhowting, or hooting; an acclamation, outcry, or hue and cry, of many voyces together.*

Huer. *To hoot, ſhout, exclaime, cry out, make hue and cry.*

Huerie : f. *A hooting, ſhowting, acclamation, crying, outcry.*

Huet. *A proper name; alſo, a Nick-name; and hence;*

Ie conſens eſtre appellé Huet. *Then call me cut and ſpare not.*

Huetant. *as* Huant.

Houotte : f. *A Howlet, or the little Horne-Owle; as* Hulotte.

Huge. *as* Huche.

Hugrement. *Bravely, gallantly.* ¶ Rab.

Huguenots : m. *Huguenots, Calviniſts, Reformiſts; thoſe of the Religion in* France; *(at firſt tearmed thus of a Gate in* Tours *called* Hugon, *neer unto which they aſſembled when they ſtirred firſt; or of the beginning of their firſt Proteſtation,* Huc nos venimus.)

Huguenot : m. otte : f. Gent Huguenotte. *as* Huguenots.

Huguenotterie : f. *Huguenotiſme, Calviniſme.*

Huguenottique : com. *Huguenot-like; of, or belonging to, a Huguenot.*

Hui. (Adverb.) *To day, this day, Look* Huy.

Hui mais. *as* Meshuy.

Huict. *Eight.*

Huictaine : f. *An eighth; the number of eight; alſo, (a proportion of) eight daies; whence;*

A huictaine. *Eight daies hence, or within eight daies.*

Huictante. *Eightie, foureſcore.*

Huictieſme : m. *An eighth part; and (more particularly) the eighth pennie of the price of retayled Wine, Cyder, and other ſuch drinkes, payed unto the King by the retayler thereof; (This impoſt was begun in, and hath continued ſince, the reigne of* Charles *the ſixt,* Anno Dom. 1382.

Huictieſme : com. *The eighth.*

Huile : com. *Oyle.*

Huile de Maguelet. *Oyle of the* Arabian *Cherrie Macalet.*

Huile Omphacin. *Oyle that's made of greene, or unripe Olives.*

Huile d'onction. *The oyle uſed in Popiſh Baptiſme, and Extreme Vnction.*

Huile de pierre. *A ſoft, and ſulphurous mould or earth, which is eaſily inflamed by any fire that is neere it, and once fired will not be quenched, eſpecially not by water, which caſt upon it, makes it burne the more vehemently. Looke* Naphte.

Huile ſacrée. *Oyle of Amber; called ſo of it admirable, and ſecret vertues.*

Huile ſainct. *Holie Oyle; the Oyle wherewith children in baptizing, and others in dying, are among Papiſts annointed.*

Huile Saincte, ou de Sapience. *Looke* Sapience.

Huile ſambacin. *Oyle of Jeſſomin flowers; good againſt cold diſeaſes.*

Huile ſambucin. *Oyle of Elders.*

Huile Sicyonien. *Is made of Oyle Omphacin twice boiled with a leſſe quantitie of cleere water in a wide-mouthed Copper veſſell.*

Huile de vic. *Oyle of Vitriol, called ſo of it excellent propertie.*

Huile Virginal. *Virgins Oyle; the Oyle that comes from the Olive of it ſelfe, and without preſſing.*

Huile de Zambach. *as* Huile Sambacin.

Pour recueillir farine il verſe l'huile. *To gaine a ſmall commoditie he wilfully loſes a great one; Or (becauſe there is no ſuch difference betweene Meale, and Oyle) to gaine one thing he loſes another.*

Tirer de l'huile d'un mur. *To draw Oyle out of a wall (an impoſſibility.)*

Verſer de l'huile ſur le feu. *To poure Oyle upon fire; to feed any violent paſſion.*

Qui meſure l'huile il s'en oingt les mains; Prov. *He that meaſures oyle beſmeares his fingers.*

Huilé : m. ée : f. *Oyled; annointed, or ſeaſoned with Oyle; alſo, as* Huillé.

Huilement : m. *An oyling; a ſeaſoning, annointing, or beſmearing, with oyle.*

Huilerie : f. *An Oyle-cellar, oyle-ſhop, oyle-houſe; a roome to keepe oyle in.*

Huileux : m. euſe : f. *Oylie, full of oyle.*

Huille. *as* Huile; *Oyle.*

Huillé : m. ée : f. *as* Huilé; *Alſo, ſtained with oyle, or ſtained for ever, as a garment thats ſpotted with oyle.*

Huis : m. *A doore.*

Huis de derriere. *A back-doore:* Iuſtices qui n'ont point de huis de derr:

High, and Soveraigne Courts, from which there is no appealing.

Huis verd. *A peece of Tapiſtrie, or of Damaſk, hanging before a doore.*

A huis clos. *Privily, ſecretly, in bugger mugger.*

A huis ouvert. *Openly, plainely, fully, wholly, in open Court.*

Dependre l'huis de la maiſon. *To heave, or throw the doore off the hinges, in ſigne of a ſeiſure of the houſe, for non-payment of the rent, &c.*

Donner vn coup de gaule par ſous l'huis. *To ſupplant, or give a private liſt unto.*

Le diable n'eſt pas touſiours à vn huis; Prov. *The devill is not ever at one doore.*

Tant de povres ne ſont pas bons à vn huis; Prov. *So many beggers at one doore, ſo many ſutors for one thing, are not good, or, are not like to ſpeed.*

Huiſſerie: f. *The Office of an Vſher, Meſſenger, or door-keeper in a Court; alſo, door-ſhip; the appurtenances, or furniture, of a doore; ſtuffe for a doore.*

Huiſſeries. *The iaumbes, lintells, and groundſils of doores.*

Huiſſet: m. *A wicket, or little doore.*

Huiſſier: m. *An Vſher, or doore-keper of a court, or of a Chamber in Court; alſo, a Meſſenger, or Apparitour.*

Huiſſiere: f. *A woman door-keeper.*

Huit. *as* Huict; *Eight.*

Huitieſme. *as* Huictieſme.

Huitre: f. *An Oyſter.*

Les huitres d'vne poule. *The two daintie morſells on the ſides of the bottome of a hennes backe-bone.*

Huitriere: f. *A bed of Oyſters; the place wherein Oyſters are got, fiſhed, or found.*

Huleu: m. *The name of a Stewes in Paris.*

Hullement: m. *A bowling, or yelling.*

Huller. *To bowle, or yell.*

Hulotte: f. *A Madge-howlet; or a ſmall kind of hairie-legd, and rough-footed Owle, which hath ſticking out on either ſide of her head a little tuft of feathers.*

Hum hum. *A coughing accent, or voice.*

Humable: com. *Suppable.*

Humaige: m. *as* Humée (v.m.)

Humain: m. ine: f. *Gentle, courteous, freindly, civill, mild, affable, tractable; alſo, humane, manly; of, or belonging to, a man.*

Humainement. *Gently, courteouſly, mildly, affably, tractably, friendly, civilly, humanely.*

Humanité: f. *Humanity, courteſie, civilitie, gentleneſſe, mildneſſe, affabilitie, tractableneſſe; alſo, humanitie, or mans nature, humane condition, or ſtate.*

Humanthin. *as* Bernadet.

Humble: f. *A kind of Trout; or Trout-like fiſh. Looke* Vmble.

Humble: com. *Humble, ſubmiſſe, lowlie; creeping, ducking, crooching; alſo, poore, ſimple, baſe, low; dejected, abiect.*

Humble-fier. *Meeke and milde well dealt with, ſtout and froward being abuſed.*

Humblement. *Humbly, ſubmiſſly, lowly, allow; with creeping, and crooching; with great reverence; alſo, baſely, poorely, ſimplie.*

Humbleſſe: f. *as* Humilité.

Humé: m. ée: f. *Supped, ſipped, or ſucked up; ſet bed, or drawne in with the breath.*

Il m'a humé le ſang. *He hath handled me cruelly, or put me downe extreamely, by the bitterneſſe of his jeaſts.*

Humectation: f. *An humectation, moiſtening, wetting.*

Humecté: m. ée: f. *Moiſtened.*

Humecter. *To moiſten.*

Humée: f. *as* Humet; *or, A broath for a ſicke man.*

Humement: m. *A ſupping, ſipping, or ſucking up; drawing or fetching in with the breath; alſo, a bibbing, ſwilling, bowſing.*

Humer. *To ſup, ſip, or ſucke up; alſo, to fetch, or draw in, as the breath, or with the breath; alſo to bib, ſwill, quaffe, bowſe.*

Humer la parole. *Fooliſhly to ſup, or ſuck up, his owne words; to ſpeake abruptly, or undiſtinctly; ſcarce to be able to ſpeake, or not to ſpeake of a long time, through feare, abaſhment, or amazement.*

Humer la parole à. *To tongue-tie, or deprive of ſpeech, by a ſuddaine amazing, or fearing.*

Humer la ſang à. *Looke* Humé.

Humeraire: com. *Of, or belonging to, the ſhoulder.*

Humeral: m. ale: f. *Humerall; or, as* Humeraire.

Veine humerale. *Seeke* Veine.

Humerie: f. *A ſupping, ſipping, ſucking up; alſo, a bibbing, ſwilling, bowſing.*

Hume-ſang. *The herbe Burnet.*

Humet: m. *A broath, pottage, cawdle, any liquid, and ſupping meat; alſo, a ſup thereof.*

Humetter. *To ſup, ſip, or bib; alſo, to wet, or moiſten.*

Hume-veine. *A ſuck-fiſt, one that layes his noſe on his next followes bumme.*

Humeur: m. *A ſupper up of.*

Humeur: f. *Humor, moiſture, ſap, juice, wet, liquor.*

Humeux: m. *A ſucke-pinte, or ſwill-pot; a notable drunkard.*

Humide: com. *Humide, moiſt, wet, watery, juicie, ſappie, full of liquor.*

Humidité: f. *Humiditie, moiſture, ſappineſſe, juycineſſe, wetneſſe, wateriſhneſſe.*

Humier: m. *The Occupant of a thing whereof another is the owner; one that reapes the profit of, though he have no propertie in, a thing.*

Humiere: f. *as* Humerie; *Alſo, the occupancie of another mans land, &c.*

Humilié: m. ée: f. *Humbled, brought low, caſt downe, pulled under, taken a hole lower.*

Humiliez: m. *The Humiliſts; Gray Friers of the order S. Bennet.*

Humilité: f. *Humilitie, humbleneſſe, lowlineſſe, abiection, ſubmiſſion, meekeneſſe, gentleneſſe.*

Humoire. *A cloſe bit, or bit without any libertie for a horſe.*

Humoral: m. ale: f. *Humorall; of humors; moiſt, juycie, ſappie.*

Fiebvre humorale. *An ague bred of the abundance, or corruption of humors in the bodie.*

Flux de ventre humoral. *A laſk, or looſneſſe without inflamation.*

Vertu ſubſtantifique, & humorale. *Any ſtrong, or ſubſtantiall liquor, as mans ſeed, &c.*

Hune: f. *The ſcuttle of the maſt of a ſhip.*

Huniſque. eſpée Humique. *A kind of Scimiter uſed in old time.*

Hupe: f. *A little woollen thread, or tuft in the top of a cap; alſo, the creſt, or cop on the head of a bird; alſo, the whoope or dunghill Cocke (a bird that neſtles in mans ordure.)*

Hupé: m. ée: f. *Copped, creſted, high crowned; (hence) alſo, tall of ſtature; alſo, proud, cocket, loſtie, ſtately, that beares himſelfe high, that thinkes well of himſelfe.*

Pigeons hupez. *Copped, or creſted Pigeons, called about* London, *Ramms-pats.*

Hupée: f. *as* Huquée.

s'Huper. *To raiſe, or ſet up his creſt againſt; to become proud, loſtie, ſtately.*

Huppe. *as* Hupe.

Huppé. *as* Hupé.

Huque. f. *A Huke, or Dutch mantle; or Dutch woman Mantle.*

Huquée: f. Il n'y a qu'vne huquée. *(Much like our Northerne Wechit,) you have but a little (ſayes the clowne, when you have a great) way thither.*

Hur le gay. *Soundly whiſtled, throughly tipled, that hath ſeene the devill.*

Huraut: m. *A great, or full-growne wild boare; a boare thats (at the leaſt) three yeares old.*

Hurbec. *as* Liſet; *The worme called a Vine-fretter; or devills goldring.*

Hure: f. *The head of a Beare, Woolfe, wild Boare, or any other ſavage, and dangerous beaſt; (hence) alſo, a ſtaring, horrid, unkembd, or ill-kept, pate of haire.*

Hure à hure. *Face to face; or as in* Huze.

Huré: m. ée: f. *Staring, rude, unkembd, briſtlie, horrid, like a wild Boares head.*

Hurebais. *Vine-fretters, the devills goldrings.*

Hurgon: m. *Blits, vild Beets.*

Hurle. *Yelled, howled.*

Hurlement: m. *A bowling, or yelling.*

Hurler. *To bowle, to yell.*

Hurler avec les loups. *To bowle with others yell; to follow the faſhion how rude, or vile, ſoever it be.*

Hurque: f. *A bulke.*

Hurt. *as* Heurt.

Hurte-biſe. *One that ſtraffles with, or kickes againſt, the Northerne wind.* ¶ Rab.

Hurteller. *To trample on with the feet.*

Hurter. *as* Heurter.

Hurtis: m. *Shocks, knocks, or knocking, daſhes, bits.*

Hus du hus. *The Elder tree.*

Huſche. *Looke* Huche.

Huſcisme: m. *Heniſme.*

Huſſite: f. *A Bohemian tenet, ſo termed in memory of* Iohn Hus, *the Bohemian Proteſtants firſt (burnt) Martyr.*

Huſſite: m. ée: f. *Turned Proteſtant.*

Hauſtaudeau: m. *A cockerell, or big cocke chicke; alſo, a Caponet; alſo, as in* Heſtaudeau.

Hutaudeau. *as* Huſtaudeau.

Hute: f. *A cote, or cottage. Look* Hutte.

Huter. *To build, or ſet up, (alſo) to lodge, or lurke in, a cote, or cottage.*

Hutin: m. *A brabling, brawling, ſcolding, chiding, clamor, acclamation; mutinie,*

contention; disquiet, vexation, trouble, annoyance.

Hutin: m. ine: f. *Brabbling, clamorous, mutinous, contentious, unquiet.*

Hutinement: m. *as* Hutin.

Hutiner. *To chide, revile, reproach, brabble with, brawle on, scould at; also, to vex, trouble, disquiet, harry, annoy.*

Hutineux: m. euſe: f. *Clamorous, contentious, mutinous; full of brabbling, very troublesome.*

Hutte: f. *A cote, or cottage; also, the cloth or bush behind which men hide themselves in staulking for the wolfe.*

Venir de la maiſon aux huttes. *To fall from wealth to beggery, from something to little or nothing.*

Hutudeau. *as* Huſtaudeau.

Huvelot. Haut hurelot. *Up-heaped, well heaped on.* ℣ Norm.

Huy. (Adverb.) *To day, this day; also, the voice wherewith Carters turne their horses on the right hand.*

D'huy. *as* D'icy. ℣ Rab.

Hier vachier huy chevalier; Prov. *Hee is now a Knight who last day was but a clowne.*

Tels ſont huy qui demain ne verront pas; Prov. *Some that are blithe to day to morrow will be blind.*

Huyé: m. ée: f. *Hooted at, showted after; exclaimed on, cried out upon, followed with hoy and crie.*

Huyer. *To hoot at, showt after, exclaime on, crie out upon, follow with hoy and cry.*

Huyle: f. *Oyle.* Seek Huile.

Huylé: m. ée: f. *Oyled; seasoned, annointed, besmeared, or spotted with oyle.*

Huyler. *To oyle; to season, annoynt, besmeare, or spot with oyle.*

Huys: m. *A doore.* Look Huis.

Huyſſier. *as* Huiſſier.

Huyſtres: f. *Oysters.* Looke Huitres.

Huze à huze. *Side by side, cheek by jowle; face to face, right over against.*

Hyacinthe: m. *The blew, or purple Jacint, or Hyacinth flower; we call it also, Crow-toes.*

Hyacinthe Oriental. *The Orientall blew Jacint (a beautifull flower.)*

Hyades: f. *The five (or seven) rainy starres which be in the head of the Signe Taurus.*

Hyaſcyame: m. *Henbane.*

Hybleanne: f. *The Bee (so termed because she feeds much on the dwarfe Elderne.)*

Hydrargire. *Quicksilver, liquid silver.*

Hydraulique. voix hy. *The sound of (running) waters; or Musick made thereby.*

Hydre: f. *An Hyder; a water Adder.*

Hydrie: f. *A water pot, or bucket to draw water with.*

Hydrocele: f. *The being burst, or the falling down of humors into one of the stones.*

Hydrographie: f. *A Sea-card.*

Hydromancie: f. *Divination by the observation of water, or by spirits appearing in it.*

Hydromel: m. *Metheglin; or drink made of water and hony sodden together.*

Hydrophobie: f. *An extreme fearing of water, and of every kind of liquor; (caused by melancholy, or by the biting of a mad dog.)*

Hydropique: com. *Sick of, or subject unto, the dropsie.*

Hydropiſie: f. *The dropsie.*

Hye: f. *as* Hie.

Hyeble: m. *Dwarfe Elderne, Danewort, Wallwort, Woodwort.*

Hyer. *as* Hier.

Hyere: f. *A powder compounded of Aloes, and other (bitter) simples.*

Hyeuſe. *as* Yeuſe.

Hygienique: f. *Health-preserving Physicke.*

Hymenean: m. anne: f. *Of, or belonging to, a wedding, or marriage.*

Hymenée: f. *A wedding, or marriage; also, a wedding song, or song of joy at a wedding; also, a certaine filme, or thicke skinne, which is broken when a maide is made a woman.*

Hymne: m. *A hymne; a song of praise.*

Chanter l'hymne du Cigne. *To sing, or speake, his last.*

† Hynaire: m. *A Saker passenger.*

Hyoïde. Os hyoïde. *The forked bone which is at the root of the tongue.*

Hypate: f. *as* Hipate.

Hypenemien: m. enne: f. *Windy, barren, fruitlesse, like the egges layed by an untroden henne.* ℣ Rab.

Hyperbole: f. *An Hyperbole; an excesse in depressing, or advancing.*

Hyperbolic: m. ique: f. *Hyperbolicall, excessive, unlikely, passing all credit, beyond the limits of truth, without the scope of belieſe.*

Hyperdulie: f. *The highest worship, worship that belongs onely to God.*

Hypernepheliſte: m. *A contemplater of high matters among the clowds.*

Hypocauſte: m. *A stew, stove, or hot-house.*

Hypochondres: m. *The flanks, or soft parts under the short ribs.*

Hypochondres de tous les diables. *By the belly, and bowels of all the Devils.*

Hypochondriaque: com. *In, or of, the Hypochondras; also, troubled with a windie melancholy in those parts.*

Hypociſte. *Th'excressence that shoots up from the root of the shrub* Ciſtus, *or Hollirose; also, the medicinable juice extracted from it, and hardened by druggists.*

Hypocras. *as* Hipocras.

Hypocriſer. *To dissemble, or counterfeit goodnesse, to set a good face on a bad mind, to play the hypocrite.*

Hypocriſie: f. *Hypocrisie, dissembling, counterfeit goodnesse, feigned holinesse.*

Hypocrite: m. *An hypocrite, a dissembler, a counterfeit companion.*

Oeil d'hypocrite. *An often-twinkling eye.*

Hypocritement. *Hypocritically, dissemblerlike.*

Hypogaſtre: m. *The lower part of the belly, from the navell to the Pubes, or haire of the privities.*

Hypogaſtrique: com. *Of, or belonging to, the* Hypogaſtrum.

Veine hypogaſtrique. *Look* Veine.

Hypogée: m. *A vault, cellar, or such like under-ground roome, arched over head.*

Hypogriphe: com. *(A monster) halfe horse halfe Griffon.*

Hypopie: f. *Boaling, or matter growing, or gathering in a crusted eye; also, a bone under the eye.*

Hypoſarque: f. *A kind of dropsie, or swelling of the body, bred of the fulnesse of cold, and flegmatick humors.*

Hypoſtaſe: f. *A substance; also, a residence in wine slitting towards the bottome thereof.*

† Hypothadée. *Given, or devoted, unto, God.*

Hypothecaire. Debtes hypothecaires; ſont celles qui ſont douës par Obligation emportant hypotheque generale, ou ſpeciale, ou par jugement, ou acte engendrant hypotheque, comme eſt la dation de tutele.

Hypotheque: f. *An ingagement, mortgage, or pawning (of an immoveable.)*

Hypothequé, &, Hypothequer, *as* Hipothequé, &, Hipothequer.

Hyppodrome: m. *A course, or running place for horses; also, a place wherin horses are broken, rid, managed, or made.*

† Hyrundelle. *Seek* Arondelle.

† Hyrundinier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Swallow.*

Hyſgin: m. *A light red, or bright bay; or a kind of purple staine made by the blackberry.*

Hyſſer. *To heave up; (a Mariners tearme.)*

Hyſſope: f. *Hisop.*

Hyſterique. Affection hyſterique. *The suffocation of the matrix.*

Hyver: m. *The winter.*

Cela ne faict ny hyver, ny eſté. *That is little to the purpose, makes little to the matter, does neither good nor harme.*

En hyver par tout pleut, en eſté là ou Dieu veut; Prov. Look Plouvoir.

Si l'hyver eſtoit outre la mer, ſi viendra il à S. *Nicolas* parler; Prov. *were winter beyond Sea, yet would it have a saying to S.* Nicholas; (*whose feast is on the sixt of* December.)

A la S. Pierre l'hyver s'en va ou il reſerre; Prov. Look Reſerrer.

Qui paſſe vn iour d'hyver il paſſe vn de ſes ennemis mortels; Prov. *One of his mortall foes he avoids that avoids a winters day.*

Hyvernal: m. ale: f. *Wintery, Winterly, Winter-like; of the Winter.*

Hyverné: m. ée: f. *Wintered.*

Hyvernée: f. *The Winter season.*

Hyverner. *To winter; also, to dig, or dresse a vineyard in Winter, or immediately after the Vintage.*

I

IA. (*An Adverb of time*) *nigh, wellnigh, wellneer, almost, lacking but a little; also, never; also, a particle whereby a Negative is inforced; as,* Il ne viendra ja; *he will not come at all.*

Ja ſoit que. *Though, although, notwithstanding, albeit that.*

Iables: m. *The crees of a peice of caske, the furrow, or hollow (at either end of the pipe-staves) wherein the head-pieces be enchaſed.*

Iabler. *To make the Crees of Caske, viz. a furrow, or hollow (at either end of the pipe-staves) wherein to the head-pieces may be enchaſed.*

Iabloir: m. *A trucke, or pully.*

Iabot: m. *The craw, crop, or gorge of a bird.*

Iacée: f. *Herb Trinity, Hearts-ease.*

Iacent: m. cente: f. *Lying.*

Iachere: f. *Fallowes, fallow ground, lay-Land, plowed lands; also, any earth that lies idle.*

Iacin-

Iacinthe m: m. *The precious ſtone, called a Jacint; alſo, as a* Hyacinthe.
Couleur de Iacinthe. *Purple, blew, or violet; the colour of an Hyacinth flower.*
Iacobin: m. *A Jacobin, or white Fryer.*
Cracher vn Iacobin. *To ſpit out a collop, or dot of flegme.*
Iaçoit que. *Looke* Ia.
Iacot: m. *A proper name for a man, and a diminutive of* Iacques.
Iacotin: m. *Another, the Diminutive of* Iacot.
Iacqué: m. ée: f. *Jacked, or, thats armed with a Jack. Looke* Iaque.
Iacquelet: m. *A Jacke of the Clock-houſe; or the little man that ſtrikes the quarters in a clock.*
Iacquemard: m. *A Coat, or ſhirt of maile; alſo, a great ſtatue of wood, againſt which, in old time, young ſouldiers practiſed to fight.*
Iacquemin. *as* Iaquelin.
Iacques: m. *Iames, Iacob.*
Iacques bons homs. *The Subſtantiall men of the Pariſh.*
Iacques du four. *The name of a very delicate, and tender peare.*
Fleur de S. Iacques. *Staggerwoot, Staverwort, Ragwort, Saint Iames his herbe, Saint Iames his flower.*
Herbe de S. Iacques. *The ſame.*
Iacquet: m. *A Paraſite, claw-backe, beggarly tale-carrier; a ſmell-feaſt, or trencher-friend. Looke* Iaquet.
Iacquette: f. *Look* Iaquette.
Iactance: f. *A bragging, boaſting, vaunting, cracking, proud oſtentation.*
Iactateur: m. *A boaſter, vaunter, cracker, bragger, braggard, braggadochio.*
Iactation: f. *as* Iactance; *Alſo, a ſwinging, toſſing, ſhaking up and downe.*
Iacter. *To brag, vaunt, boaſt, cracke; alſo, to ſwing, toſſe, tumble, or ſhake up and down.*
Iacture: f. *Loſſe, dammage, decay, much hurt, great hinderance; a caſting away, as of a ſhips lading in a tempeſt.*
Iadeau: m. *A bowle, or mazer.*
Iadis. (Adverb.) *Of old, in times paſt, before time, formerly, heretofore.*
Iaet: m. *Jet, or Jeat.*
Iagayette: f. *A kid of ſhort ſpeare having a bone handle, and to be throwne, as a dart, on horſeback.*
Iagleur. *See* Glayeul.
Iaguette: f. *A Pie, Pie-annat, Megatapie.*
Iaiant. *Looke* Geant.
Iaibeau: m. *A little pit, or hole full of water to keep fiſh in.*
Ialet: m. *Jeat.*
Ialaye: f. *A wine meaſure, or veſſell for wine, &c. containing twelve* (French) *Pintes; alſo, a Soe, or Tub.*
Ialet. *See* Iallet.
Iallage: m. *as* Forage; *Alſo, a* Ialaye *full of wine, &c.*
Iallay. *as* Ialaye.
Ialle: f. *A chilblane, or a red ſwelling that comes of cold;* (Bleſien;) *alſo, as* Ialaye.
Iallée. *as* Ialaye; *Alſo, A Soe-full, or Tub-full.*
Iallet: m. *A little caſting bowle.*
Iallet embraſé. *A fire-ball.*
Arc à Iablet. *A Stone-bow.*
Ialli: m. *Spurted out, ſprowted up.*
Iallir. *To ſpurt out, ſprout up, ſpin upward, as water forced out of a ſpout.*
Iallifſement: m. *A ſpurting, ſprowting, ſpouting, or ſpinning up (of water.)*
Ialouſement. *Iealouſly, ſuſpitiouſly, zealouſly.*
Ialouſie: f. *Iealouſie, ſuſpition, miſtruſt; alſo a lattice window, or grate to looke through; alſo, the flower called, Flower gentle.*
Ialoux: m. ouſe: f. *Jealous, miſtruſtful, ſuſpicious.*
Ialoux comme vn Tigre. *Looke* Tigre.
Iamais. vn iamais. *A very long time, a mightie while, an everlaſting age.*
Iamais. (Adverb.) *Never.*
A iamais. *Eternally, everlaſtingly, for ever;* A grand iamais: &, A tout iamis. *For ever and a day, for ever and ever.*
Iambages: f. *The jaumbes, or ſide-poſts of a doore, &c.*
Iambe: f. *The leg, or ſhanke (extending from the knee to the ankle) alſo, (in Architecture) a Corbell, or peece; and the jaumbe, or ſidepoſt of a doore, &c.*
Iambe de Dieu. *Looke* Dieu.
Iambe de pourceau. *A peſtle of porke; a Gammon.*
La grambe iambe. *The whole thigh, leg, and foot; ſo tearmed by Anatomiſts.*
Os de la iambe. *Is properly, the bigger bone of the leg; the ſhin-bone.*
Iambe deca iambe delà. *Straddling, with wide-open legs.*
Donner le croc en iambe à. *To give a fall, or foile unto; to ſupplant, ruine, overthrow.*
Faire iambes de vin. *To drink hard before a journey.*
Iecter ſes chat aux iambes. *Look* Chat
Iouër de l'eſpée à deux iambes. *To make the moſt uſe he can of his legs; or, to weld them as nimbly as a Fencer a two-hand ſword; to runne away.*
La queuë entre les iambes. *Much aſhamed, or out of countenance, as one thats taken in the manner; alſo, foully diſgraced or ſhamed, with ſhame enough.*
Selon la iambe le coup: ſelon la iambe le pied; & ſelon la iambe la ſeignée; Pro. *Ratably, proportionably, with effort anſwerble to fence, according to the meaſure of his meanes.*
Danſe du loup la queuë entre les iambes. Prov. *Leſſons.*
Ils ont du coeur, mais les iambes leur faillent. *They have more ſtomacke then ſtrength, more courage then meanes.*
Qui n'a coeur ait iambes; Prov. *Let him that hath not a heart have heels; or let him that dares not uſe his hands, beſtirre his heeles.*
Iambette: f. *A little leg, or ſhanke.*
Donnir là iambette. *To give a trip, or foil.*
Faire la iambette. *A horſe to goe on three legs, and gracefully to ſhift, and hold up, the fourth.*
Iambier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to the leg.*
Iambier. *as* Gambier.
Iambiere: f. *A greave, leg-harneſſe, or, armour for a leg; alſo, a leg, leg-peece, or part of the bodie about the leg.*
Iambon: m. *A gammon.*
Iambonnier: m. *A Begget (alſo, a ſeller) of bacon, or of gammons of bacon.*
Iamboyer. *To jet, or, wantonly to go in and out with the legs; alſo, to croſſe the legs often in dancing.*
Iamme: f. *Pearle.*
Ian. *as* Iean; *Iohn; alſo, a cuckold.*
Ian de blanc. *A hen-harme, or white Kite; alſo, the conſecrated bread, or body of Chriſt in the Popiſh Euchariſts; (tearmed ſo by the Calviniſts.)*
Ian gipon. *A gull, lot, ninnie, ſop, cokes.*
Iancer vn cheval. *To ſtirre a horſe in the ſtable till he ſwart with all; or (as our) to jaunt; (an old word.)*
Iane: f. *A certaine veſſell, or meaſure, for vineger, &c.*
Ianequin. *(A Diminutive of* Ian; *) Ienkin, or Iack.*
Ianet. *Iacke.*
Ian-femme. *An Hermaphrodite, one that is both man and woman; alſo, an effeminate meacock, faint-hearted milkeſop.*
Iangler. *To jangle, prattle, tattle ſaucily, or ſcurvily.*
Ianglerie: f. *Jangling, ſaucie pratling, ſcurvie tatling, ſcurvile jeaſting.*
Iangleur: m. *A jangler, ſaucie pratler, ſcurvie tatler, ſcurrile jeaſter.*
Iannet d'eau. *Nenuphar, Water Lillie, Water Roſe.*
Iannette: f. *Judge, Jennie; (a womans name.)*
Iannin: m. *A wittall; one that knowes, and beares with, or winkes at, his wives diſhoneſtie.*
Ianniſſaires: m. *Ianizaries; the Turks principall footmen, and of his Guard.*
Iannot: m. *(A Diminutive of* Ian) *Ienkin, or Iack.*
Ianot. *as* Iannot.
Ians-femme. *Looke* Ian-femme.
Ians pillhommes. *Gentlemen.* ¶ Rab.
Iantes: f. *The ſellowes of a wheele; the peeces (of wood) whereof the ring, or the rime conſiſts.*
Ianvier: m. *Ianuarie.*
Iappé. *Barked, yawled, bayed, bawled.*
Iappement: m. *A barking; yawling, baying; bawling.*
Iapper. *To barke, or bay like a dog; to yawle; to bawle.*
Chien qui iappe ne mord pas; Prov. *The dog that barkes much bites but little.*
Vn vieil chien iamais ne iappe en vain; Prov. *An old dog never barkes in vaine; the warning, or adviſe of an old man is ever to ſome purpoſe.*
Iapperie: f. *Looke* Iappement.
Iappeur: m. *A barker, bayer, yawler, bawler.*
Iaque: m. *Iames; alſo, a Iack, or coat of maile; and thence, a Iack for the body of of an Iriſh greyhound, &c. made commonly of a wild Boares tanned skinne, and put on him when he is to coape with that violent beaſt.*
Iaquelin: m. & Iaqueline: f. *Diminutives of* Iaques.
Iaquelot: m. & Iaquelotte: f. *Other Diminutives of the name* Iaques.
Iaquemin, &, Iaquemine. *Others.*
Iaquerie de Beauvoiſin. *(The name of) an inſurrection of the people, incenſed againſt all gentlemen, in King* Iohns *time; ſuppreſſed by* Charles *the wiſe, and the King of* Navarre, *while* Iohn *was in* England.
Iaques: m. *Iames. Look* Iaques.
Iaquet: m. *A Pilgrim to S. Iames of* Compoſtella; *alſo, a Paraſite, ſycophant, claw-back, pick-thanke, flattering ſmell-feaſt.*

Marche cela Iaquet. *Looke* Marcher.
Tu dis vray Iaquet. *True Roger, say we, and vſe it (as the French that) in ſcorne, and to the diſgrace, of a lier.*
Iaquette : f. *(A proper name for a woman; alſo)* a Pianat, *or* Megatapie; *alſo, a filthie dungeon, or loathſome hole in a priſon; alſo, a Iacket, or ſhort and ſleeveleſſe countrey-coat, having plaine, or (the more properly) gathered, skirts.*
Tourner ſa iaquette. *Looke* Tourner.
Iaquetter. *To prattle, brabble, tattle; or to claw, flatter, fawne on; to play the* Iaquet.
Iaquiers : m. *The Rebells before mentioned (in* Iaquerie*)) tearmed ſo, becauſe they wore a faſhion of Jackets uſed by the ſouldiers of thoſe times.*
Iar : m. *A Gander.*
Pied de iar. *The herbe Gooſe-foot, or wild Orage.*
En iar. *A caterwawling, or bitch-hunting.*
Iarbe. *Looke* Gerbe.
Iarcé : m. ée : f. *Cleft, riſt, chapt, chinked, chawned.*
se Iarcer. *To cleave, rive, chap, chawne (as the hands in cold weather.)*
Iarceure : f. *Looke* Iarſure.
Iard. *as* Iar; *Alſo, the firſt great receptacle, or pond of ſalt water whereof ſalt is made.*
Iardeau : m. *A codded weed that windes about corne, and intangles it.*
Iardereau. *as* Iardeau.
Iardin : m. *A Garden.*
C'eſt vne pierre iettée en ſon iardin. *This bone is caſt at him to gnaw on; in this taxation he is meant though he be not mentioned.*
Cette pierre tombeit en ſon iardin. *This matter much concerned, or came neer, him; turned to his prejudice, touched his freehold.*
Iardin aux faux-bourgs vaut cent ſolz au rebours; Prov. *Look* Faux-bourgs.
Iardinage : m. *as* Iardinement; *Alſo, a Garden.*
Iardiné : m. ée: f. *Gardened; made into, or wrought as, a Garden.*
Iardinement : m. *A gardening; a working in, or a keeping of, a Garden.*
Iardiner. *To make a Garden, keepe a Garden, worke, or labour, in Gardens.*
Iardiner les oyſeaux ſur des billots. *To weather Hawkes, or ſet them out a weathering, upon blockes in Gardens, &c.*
Iardinet : m. *A ſmall Garden.*
Iardinier : m. *A Gardiner.*
Iare. *A jarre.*
Iargeot. *Looke* Iargot.
Iargon: m. *Gibridge, fuſtian language, Pedlers French; a barbarous jangling.*
Iargonnement : m. *as* Iargon; *or, A ſpeaking fuſtian.*
Iargonner. *To ſpeake fuſtian, or gibridge; to jangle, chatter, babble, confuſedly.*
Iargonneur : m. *A chatterer, gibridgemunger, counterfeit rogue that ſpeakes fuſtian, or a language, which either himſelfe, or his hearers underſtand not.*
Iargonnois : m. *Fuſtian, gibridge, pedlers French.*
Iargot : m. *A kind of courſe garment worne by country people.*
Iargouiller. *To warble, chirpe, or chatter.*
Iargueul : m. *The weaſon, or windpipe of birds, whereout they warble.*
Iargnage : m. *A ſwaggering; or a ſwaggerer.*
Iarnat: m. *A ruffian, ſwaggerer, ſwaſhbuckler, blaſphemous or foule-mouthed huffe-ſnuffe.*
Iarnigoi : m. *The ſame; or, a nickname for a ſwaggering, and ſwearing ſouldier, &c. from;*
Iarnigoy. *as much as,* Ie renie Dieu; *(an old, and ruſticall blaſphemy.)*
Iarre : m. *The name of a cod ded, and corne-intangling weed.*
Iarret : m. *The hamme, or bough.*
L'oeuvre ſait iarret. *Crookes, bends, or gives, inward.*
Roidir le jarret. *To ſtretch out the hams, as one that feeles the pangs of death, to make a dis.*
Iarretade : f. *A boughing, a ſlaſh over the hammes.*
Iarretier : m. ere : f. *Baker-legd, that goes in at the knees.*
Cheval iarretier. *An enterfeering horſe.*
Iarrons d'vne rouë. *The fellowes of a wheele.*
Iarrouſſes : f. *A kind of tares, or ſmall vetches.*
Iarrus. *Wake-robin, Starchwort, Rampe, Aaron, Calves-foot, Cuckoe Pint.*
Iarryc: m. *The Oke tree.* ¶ Perigordin.
Iars. *A Gander. Look* Iar.
Iarſer. *Looke* Iarcer.
Iarſure : f. *A cleft, riſt, ſlifter, chinke, chap, chawne; hence, the neb of a pen; alſo, a cleaving, riving, chapping, chawning.*
se Iarter. *To garter himſelfe; to tie his garters.*
Iartier : m. *A garter.*
Iartier : m. ere : f. *Of, belonging to, or ſerving for, a garter; gartering.*
Veine iartiere. *The garter veine, or hamme veine; the fourth branch of the thigh veine deſcending into the bought of the hamme, where it gets this name.*
Iartiere : f. *A garter.*
Iaſard: m. *A prater, prattler, babbler, tattler, chatterer, jangler, idle talker.*
Iaſarde: f. *A prating goſſip, a prattling houſewife; a tittle tattle; a wench whoſe tongue never lies.*
Iaſement : m. *as* Iaſerie.
Iaſer. *To prate, prattle, babble, tattle, chatter, jangle, talke very idly.*
Iaſeran : m. *A flagon chaine; alſo, a bracelet, or neckelace of that chaine faſhion; alſo, a coate, or ſhirt of great, and cloſe-woven, maile; alſo, the hoope of a ſhackle.*
Iaſereau. *as* Iaſard.
Iaſerie: f. *A prating, prattling, babbling, jangling; tittle tattle, garrulitie, idle chat.*
Iaſeur. *as* Iaſard.
Iaſmin : m. *Jaſmin, Jeſſemin, Jeſſomine, Jeſſe; (an arbor plant.)*
Vnguent Iaſmin. *An ointment made (not of Jeſſomine flowers, as many imagine, but) of white Violets.*
Iaſpe : m. *A Jaſper ſtone.*
Iaſpé : m. ée : f. *Of Iaſper; coloured like, or made to reſemble, the Iaſper ſtone.*
Iaſper. *To paint (or by painting to make look) like a Iaſper; to counterfeit the Iaſper ſtone.*
Iate : f. *A Bowle, a Mazer.*
Iatte: f. *The ſame; or, a meaſure about* Thoioſe *containing neere a* Pariſien Pinte.
Iau : m. *A Cocke; alſo, a Barbell; or, as* Dorée, *a Dorce, fiſh.*
Iavar : m. *as* Iavard.
Iavard : m. *A ſwelling in the hollow of the paſterne of a horſe.*
Iavarre : m. *as* Iavard.
Iavelé : m. ée : f. *Swathed, or made into ſheaves.*
Iaveler. *To ſwathe, or gavell corne, to make it into ſheaves, or gavells.*
Iaveleur : m. *A ſwather, or binder up of corne into gavells.*
Iavelier : m. *A corne-pike, or pitchforke, wherewith ſheaves of corne be loaden, and unloaded.*
Iaveliere : f. *The ſame.*
Iavelin : m. *as* Iaveline.
Iavelin de barde. *A barbed horſemans Javelin.*
Iaveline : f. *A Javelin; a weapon of a ſize between the Pike, and Partiſan.*
Iavelinier : m. *One that beareth, uſeth, or ſerveth with a Javelin.*
Iavelle : f. *A gavell, or ſheafe of corne; alſo, a haven, or bundle of dry ſtickes.*
Iavelot : m. *A Gleave, Dart, or ſmall Javelin.*
Iavelotier : m. *A Darter; one that beares, uſes, or throwes, a ſmall Javelin, or Dart.*
Iauge : f. *A Gage; the inſtrument wherewith caske is meaſured; alſo, an Iron Leaver; alſo, the ſoile of ground; whence,*
Labourer à iauge. *To plough deepe, or as deep as there is any ſoile.*
Iaugé : m. ée : f. *Gaged, or meaſured as caske, &c.*
Iaugeage : m. *The gaging, or meaſuring of caske, &c.*
Iauger. *To gage, or meaſure a peece of caske, &c.*
Iaugeur : m. *A gager, or meaſurer of caske, &c.*
† Iavioler. *To gabble, prate, or prattle.*
† Iavioleur: m. *A gabbler, prater, prattler.*
Iaule : f. *A cage; a priſon; or, a place environed with an iron grate, or wooden lattice, for the incloſing, or ſafe-keeping, of a thing.*
Iaulge, Iaulger, & Iaulgeur. *as* Iauge, Iauger, & Iaugeur.
Iaulnaſtre : com. *Yellowiſh.*
Iaulne : m. *Yellow colour.*
Iaulne d'eau. *The yellow water Lilly, or water Roſe.*
Le jaulne d'vn oeuf. *The yolke of an egge.*
Iaulne paille. *Straw colour.*
Iaulne : com. *Yellow.*
Bec jaulne. *Looke* Bejaune.
Terre jaulne. *Gold.*
Iaulnement. *Yellowly; of a yellow hew.*
Iaulnet d'eau. *The yellow water Lillie, or water Roſe.*
Iaulnet : m. ette : f. *Yellowiſh, a little yellow.*
Iaulnette : f. *Hardway, S. Peters wort, ſquare S. Johns graſſe, great S. Johns wort.*
Iaulni : m. ie : f. *Growne yellow.*
Iaulnir. *To make yellow.*
Herbe à jaulnir. *Looke* Herbe.
Iaulniſſe: f. *The Jaundice; alſo, the Yellows.*
Iaulniſſure : f. *A yellowneſſe; alſo, a yellowing, or making yellow.*

Iay.

Iay: m. *as* Gay; *A Jay*; *alſo, the Shrink, or Wariangle (called ſo by ſome.)*

Iayon: m. *The Jay.*

Iazer. *Look* Iaſer.

Iazeran. *as* Iaſeran; *Flagon-chaine.*

Iazerane. à la Iaz. *Of a flagon-chaine faſhion.*

Ibice: m. *Th'Ibix; a ſwift, and long-horned wild Goat, or beaſt like a Goat, living among the ſnowie tops of the Alpes, and other cold mountaines.*

Iceluy: m. Icelle: f. *He; ſhe; the ſame man, or woman.*

Ichneumon: m. *The Indian, or (more properly) the Ægyptian Rat, Pharoes Mouſe; a mortall enemy, as to the Crocodile, ſo to all Serpents, and therefore uſually tamed, and made houſall, by the people of Ægypt.*

† Ichoreux: m. euſe: f. *Whayiſh, wateriſh.*

Ichthyomantie: f. *Divination by fiſh.* ☞ Rab.

Ichthyophagie: f. *Fiſh-eating.*

Ici. (Adverb.) *Here; in this place.*
D'ici. *Hence, from hence.*
D'ici prea. *Hard by, neere at hand.*

Icoſaëdre. *One of the five regular bodies in Geometrie; conſiſts of twenty equiangle triangles.*

Icoſimité. *See* Lychnocoſimité. ☞ Rab.

Ictere: m. *The yellow Jaundice.*

Icterique: com. *Sick of, or troubled with, the yellow Jaundice.*

Ictide. Belette Ictide. *Seek* Belette.

Icy. *as* Ici.

Ideal: m. ale: f. *Ideall; imaginary, conceived in the imagination; onely in fancy.*

Identité: f. *Identity, likeneſſe, the being almoſt the very ſame.*

Ides: f. *The Ides of a Moneth; the eighth day after the Nones.*

Idiome: m. *An Idoom, or proper forme of ſpeech.*

Idiot: m. *An idcot, or naturall foole; a ſot, ſop, doult, ninnie; fillie cokes; alſo, an idle, or unprofitable perſon; one that hath no charge, no function in a Commonwealth.*

Idiotiſme: m. *Ideotiſme, naturall folly, ſimplicity, ſottiſhneſſe; alſo, propriety in a language.*

Idoine: com. *Apt, meet, fit, proper; convenient, ſufficient; commodious; durable, ſubſtantiall, ſound.*

Idoineté: f. *Aptneſſe, fitneſſe, meetneſſe, conveniency, ſufficiency.*

Idolatre: m. *An Idolater, a worſhipper of Idols.*

Idolatrer. *To Idolatrize it, to worſhip Idols.*

Idolatrie: f. *Idolatry; the worſhip, or worſhipping of Idols.*

Idumois. fruict Idumois. *Dates (for they grow in Idumea.)*

Ie. *(A Pronoune)* I: *ſometimes uſed by the vulgar Pariſians in ſtead of* Nous; *as*
Ie ſommes; *We are.*
I'en veux. *Look* I'-en-veux.

Iean: m. John; *alſo, a double game at Tick-tacke.*
Decollation S. Iean. *The feaſt of the beheading of Saint* John; *a holy-day (in ſome places) kept the nine and twentieth day of* Auguſt.
Herbe de S. Iean. *Thin-leaved Mugwort; alſo, Clavis.*
Mal, ou Maladie, de S. Iean. *The falling ſickneſſe.*
La Nativité de S. Iean. *Midſummer day.*
Pomme de S. Iean. *as* Haſtivel.
Ie me failois appeller Maiſtre Iean en cela. *I was old excellent, I was held very good, at that.*
Mettre toutes les herbes de la S. Iean. *To imploy all his ſkill, or meanes on; (This day being by many imagined moſt fit for the gathering of ſuch herbs as are to be uſed the reſt of the yeare. Look* Herbe.)

Iean. *(An Interjection)* Ie le vous nie. *By your favor ſir, I deny it flatly.*

Iean-Almy. *The name of a ſweet apple that yields excellent cyder.*

Iecoraire: com. *Of, or belonging to, the liver.*
Veine iecoraire. *The liver veine. Look* Veine.

Iect: m. *A counter to caſt withall; alſo, a hemme of a garment.*
Le premier iect. *The firſt, rude, or haſtpennes draught of a writing.*
Faire le iect. *To throw the lading of a ſhip overboord.*

Iecté: m. ée: f. *Caſt, throwne, hurled, flung; darted; violently ſent forth; put, or puſhed out.*
Terre iectée. *Look* Iectice.
Le dé ſoit iecté. *Set all on ſix and ſeven; come on't what will let's hazard it.*
Meſchante parole iectée va par tout à la volée; Prov. *A bad word blurted out (ſoone) roaveth all abroad.*

Iectée: f. *A caſt, hurle, throw, fling. Look* Ietée.

Iectement: m. *A caſting, hurling, throwing, flinging; darting; putting, or puſhing forth.*

Iecter. *To caſt, hurle, throw, fling; dart, or ſend out violently; put, or puſh forth.*
Iecter l'ancre ſacrée. *To implore the divine aſſiſtance; to imploy, or eſſay his laſt helpes, his chiefeſt meanes.*
Iecter la barre. *To lie.*
Iecter la bourſette. *Look* Bourſette.
Iecter ſa ceincture à terre. *A debtor might, and bare-headed, to give up, or yield over, in open Court, his whole eſtate unto his creditors, by throwing his girdle to the ground.*
Iecter le chat aux iambes. *Look* Chat.
Iecter le feu par la gorge. *To ſpit fire like a Devill, or Dragon; to rage, or be mad with anger; to be in a horrible chafe.*
Iecter fleurs. *To bloome, or bloſſome, fruits; to yeeld, or bring forth, fruit.*
Iecter les gens à pais. *To ſet the men on land, to put them aſhore.*
Iecter ſon lard aux chiens. *To be laviſh, prodigall, waſtfull; to ſpend his meanes unworthily, or unſeaſonably; to caſt his money away.*
Iecter le manche apres la coignée. *To throw the helve after the hatchet; after one loſſe to adventure for another.*
Iecter la pierre & cacher le bras. *Look* Pierre.
Iecter vne pierre à coup perdu. Ie ne iecte cette pierre, &c. *I ſpeak not this in vaine, I am ſure I hit it now.*
Iecter vne pierre au iardin de. *Look* Iardin.
Iecter à ſes pieds ce qu'il tenoit es mains. *Fooliſhly to leave the certain for th'uncertaine.*
Iecter la plume au vent. *To grow careleſſe, to abandon himſelfe unto the blind direction of fortune; to let the world wag, or go as it will. See* Vent.
Iecter ſa teſte. *A Deere to mue his head.*
Iecter ſon vent. *To breath his laſt; to give up the ghoſt.*
Il iecte a aux autres la pouldre aux yeux. *He will outgoe all his competitors, outſtrip all his concurrents; the victory will ſure enough be his. Look* Pouldre.
Il ſe laiſſe iecter de la pouſſiere aux yeux. *He ſuffers duſt to be thrown in his eyes, viz. He is willingly blinded, beſotted, or hindered.*
Il ſe iecte ſur tout cuir. *Any thing ſerves his turne, any ſauce his ſtomach, any meat his mouth; ſo hungry a dog will feed on durty puddings.*

Iecteur: m. *A caſter, hurler, thrower, flinger, darter.*

Iectice. Terre iectice. *Earth newly caſt up out of ditch, or furrow.*

† Iectigation des eſpaules. *A wagging, or ſhrugging of the ſhoulders.*

Iectiſſe. *as* Iectice.

Iecton: m. *A ſhute, ſience, twig, ſprig; alſo, a ſwarme of Bees.*
Iecton à iecton. *Shute by ſhute, from twig to twig, one ſience after another.*

Iectonner. *To ſhute, ſprig, breed ſiences, put forth twigs.*

Iehan. *as* Iean.

Iehanne: f. Joane (*a womans name.*)

Iehannette: f. Jug, *or* Jinny.

Ienice: f. *A Heyfer, or young Cow.*

Ienin. Cocu ienin. *An arrant cuckold.*

† I'-en-veux. à la I'. *Laſciviouſly; as one that will have a lick at it.*

Iena: m. *An herb like Roſemary, much uſed in the cleanſing of gold ware.*

Iercer. *as* Iarcer.

Ieré: m. ée: f. *Brought, carried, borne; ory as* Geré.

† Iervir. *Whence;* Ie me iervi tant à prendre cette medicine. *I had ſo much adoe to take, &c.*

Ieſer: m. *The giſcins of birds.*

† Ieſſemin. *as* Iaſmin.

Ieſuitains: m. *An Order of white Friers, which weare hoods on their heads like women, and ſhave their beards continually.*

Ieſuite: m. *A Jeſuite; a Prieſt of the ſociety of Jeſus.*
Vn Eſpagnol ſans Ieſuite eſt vn Perdrix ſans Orange. *A Spaniard without a Jeſuite is (like) a Partridge without an Orange.*

Iet: m. *Feat.*

Iette: f. *The ſame.*

Ietté: m. ée: f. *Caſt, throwne. Looke* Iecté.

Ietée: f. *A caſt, hurle, throw, fling; alſo, a jetty, or jutty; a bearing out, or leaning over, in building; alſo, the banke of a ditch, or th'earth caſt out of it when it is made; which commonly is a marke of property to the owner of the land whereon it lieth.*

Ietter. *as* Iecter.

Iettien:

Iettien : m. enne : f. *Made of Iet.*

Iettonner. *See* Ieſtonner.

Ieu : m. *A play, ſport, game, paſtime, recreation ; alſo, play, ſport, &c. mirth, jeaſt ; alſo, a leſſon on the Lute, &c. alſo, the alley wherein they play, at* Paille-maille ; *alſo, the upper end of a Tennis Court (next to the houſe) or ſo much of it as is compriſed within the ſtreake of chaulke, &c. drawne overthwart the court.*

Ieux Floraux. *A witty contention (among Rimers, or Poets) wherein the prize for the beſt doer is an Eglantine, for the ſecond a Marigold, of ſilver.*

Ieux de Princes. *Are ſuch as pleaſe them that play them.*

Vn ieu de violles. *A ſet, or cheſt of Viols.*

'A ieu couvert. *Secretly, privately, covertly, under hand, in bugger mugger.*

Le ieu ne vaut pas la chandelle. *The buſineſſe will not quit coſt ; it is not worth the money thats ſpent, or paines thats taken, about it.*

'A beau ieu bel argent, & 'A beau ieu beau retour. *Square play, roundly, throughly, in good earneſt ; as good as is brought ; one good, or bad turne for another.*

Il y aura beau ieu ſi la corde ne rompe. *We ſhall have ſport enough if the time, or our intelligence, faile us not.*

Il y a plus de mine que de ieu. *Looke* Mine.

Faire bonne mine, & mauvais ieu. *To beare a greet misfortune in a cheereſull faſhion ; to looke merily, or ſet a good face on't, how much ſoever he be troubled.*

Iouër le gros ieu : &, Iouër ſes ieux. *Looke* Iouër.

Mettre en ieu. *To produce, to bring or ſhew forth ; alſo, to ſtake, in play.*

Pour ne monſtrer ſon ieu. *For feare of diſcovering his enterpriſe, or publiſhing his deſignes.*

Trier ſon eſpingle du ieu. *To ſlip his necke out of the coller ; to ſtinch, or withdraw his ſtake, when he likes not the courſe of the play.*

'A vray dire perd on le ieu ; Prov. *By ſpeaking truth men (often) loſe their game.*

Apres la feſte & le ieu les pois au feu ; Prov. *Thoſe that will make good ſhift, muſt after play uſe thrift.*

Il n'eſt jeu qu' a joueurs ; Prov. *There's no good play but among Gameſters ; or the beſt playing is with them that underſtand what they play.*

Il fait bon laiſſer le ieu quand il eſt beau ; Prov. *Tis good leaving at play when it is at the faireſt ; or, tis good to leave (when on hath got) at play.*

Les paroles ſont le ieu ; Prov. *Words bind the gameſter ; make the game.*

Ieudy : m. *Thurſday.*

Ieudy abſolut. *Maundy Thurſday, Sheere Thurſday.*

Ieun : m. *A faſt, or faſting.*

Ieunaſtre : com. *Youthly, ſomewhat young.*

† Ieunaſtrer. *To youth it ; or play a young part ; or behave himſelfe like a youngman.*

Ieune : f. *as* Ieun.

Ieune : com. *Young ; youthly, youthfull ; tender ; luſtie.*

Faire la part au plus jeune. *Looke* Part.

Ieune en ſa croiſſance a vn loup en la panſe ; Prov. *A youth in growing hath a wolfe in his guts ; viz. eats ravenouſly, greedily, or very much.*

Amour ſe nourrit de ieune chair : Prov. *Young fleſh is a great nouriſhment to love.*

Ieunement. *Youngly, youthfully, youth-like.*

Ieuner. *To faſt ; to abſtaine from food.*

Aſſez ieune qui povrement vit ; Prov. *He that lives poorely faſts ſufficiently.*

Ieuneſſe : f. *Youth, young age ; alſo, youths, young people ; alſo, a youthfull pranke, a tricke of youth.*

Appellez vous cela ieu de ieuneſſe ? par Dieu ieu n'eſt ce. (*An equivocation*) *If that be play I know not whats called paine.* ¶ Rab.

Ieuneſſe oiſeuſe vieilleſſe diſetteuſe ; Prov. *An idle youth a needie age.*

Fy de ieuneſſe, & de beauté deſgarnie d'humilité ; Prov. *Looke* Fy.

Si ieuneſſe ſçavoit, & vieilleſſe pouvoit, iamais povreté n'auroit ; Prov. *If youth knew what to do, and age could do what it knowes, no man would ever be poore.*

Ieunet : m. ette : f. *Somewhat young, or verie young ; prettie and tender.*

Petite brebiette touſiours ſemble ieunette ; Prov. *The little Ewe ſeemes alwaies young.*

Ieuneur : m. *A faſter.*

Ieuneux : m. euſe : f. *Much faſting, abſtemious, meat-forbearing.*

Ieuſe. *The harren Skarlet Oke, Holme Oke, French Oke.*

If : m. *An Yew, or Yew tree.*

If barbu. *So does the Author of* l'Hippiatrique *(moſt ignorantly) tearme the Italian* Taſſo barbaſſo, *which is no kind of Yew (though* Taſſo *be the Yew tree) but the herbe Mullein, Hig-taper, Long-wort.*

Ignave : com. *Lazie, lither, ſloathfull, ſluggiſh ; alſo, cowardlie, without ſpirit, mettall, vertue, or force.*

Igné : m. ée : f. *Burning, or firie ; alſo, fired, burned.*

Igniſe : f. *A burning, or firing.* ¶ Norm.

Ignition : f. *A burning, firing, or firineſſe, the being red-hot, as gold is before it melt.*

Ignominie : f. *Ignominie, infamie, oblequie, diſhonour, diſcredit, reproach.*

Ignominieuſement. *Ignominiouſly, infamouſlie.*

Ignominieux : m. euſe : f. *Ignominious, infamous, diſhonourable, ſhameſull, diſgraceſull, reproachfull.*

Ignoramment. *Ignorantlie, unskilfullie, unlearnedlie, ſimplie, unwittinglie, unknowinglie.*

Ignorance : f. *Ignorance, unskilfulneſſe, want of learning, lacke of knowledge.*

Ignorant. *Ignorant ; unlearned, unskilfull, ſimple, wanting the knowledge of.*

Tout meſchant eſt ignorant ; Prov.

Ignoré : m. ée : f. *Ignored, not known.*

Ignorer. *To ignore, or be ignorant of, to want skill, not to know.*

Iky. *for* Icy ; *Here.* ¶ Pic.

Il : m. elle : f. *He the ſame ; alſo, it.*

Ila. Adverb. *as* Illec.

Ile : m. *The flankes ; or the ſides of the lower part of the bellie (ſo tearmed by Anatomiſts.)*

Os des Iles. *Looke* Os.

Iliade de maux : f. *As many miſchiefes as befell the* Trojans, *at the ſiege, and deſtruction of their Citie.*

Iliaque : com. *Of, or belonging to,* les Iles.

Iliaque paſſion. *The Iliacke paſſion : a painefull wringing in the upper ſmall guts obſtructed, or full of wind, or troubled with ſharpe humours.*

Artere, ou veines Iliaques. *Look* Artere, ou Veine.

Ilias : f. vne Ilias de maux. *as* Iliade.

† Ilicine. *Look* Chelydre.

Illation : f. *An illation, inference, concluſion, a reaſon, or allegation that inforceth.*

Illec. (Adverb.) *There, thither, that way, on that ſide ; to, or in, that place.*

D' illec. *Thence ; from that way, ſide, or place.*

Illegalité : f. *Illegality, lawleſſneſſe, diſorder, unruline ſſe.*

Illegitime : com. *Illegitimate ; unlawfully, or baſe, borne.*

Illegitimement. *Illegitimately.*

Illeteré : m. ée : f. *Illiterate, unlearned, ignorant.*

Illicite : com. *Illicitous, unlawfull.*

Illicitement. *Illicitouſly, unlawfully.*

Illimité : m. ée : f. *Boundleſſe, unlimited.*

† Illiné : m. ée : f. *Softly annointed, gently rubbed on.*

† Illiner. *To annoint ſofily, gently to rub on.*

† Illiquide : com. *Obſcure, doubtfull ; or, which is not evident or cleare.*

Illudé : m. ée : f. *Deluded, illuded, mocked, flowted, ſcorned.*

Illuder. *To illude, delude, mocke, flowt, ſcorne.*

Illuminateur : m. *An illuminator, inlightner ; illuſtrator.*

Illumination : f. *An illumination, inlightning, illuſtration ; an opening of the eyes.*

Illuminé : m. ée : f. *Illumined, illuſtrated, inlightned, brightned ; cleared, beautified.*

Illuminer. *To illuminate, brighten, inlighten, give light unto ; to beautifie, cleare, illuſtrate.*

Illuſion : f. *An illuſion ; fantaſie, falſe viſion ; a mockery, or gullerie ; an impoſture, or tricke of ſorgerie, put upon dull, or dazled eyes.*

Illuſoire : com. *Illuſorie, illuding ; alſo, vaine, idle, to no purpoſe at all.*

Illuſtrateur : m. *An illuſtrator ; a brightner, cleerer ; beautifier, dignifier.*

Illuſtration : f. *An illuſtration ; explanation, evidence ; a brightning, or beautifying.*

Illuſtre : com. *Illuſtrious, excellent, famous, renowned, honourable, moſt worthie, alſo, cleere, bright, lightſome, ſhining.*

Illuſtré : m. ée : f. *Illuſtrated ; explained, made evident, cleered, brightned ; alſo, dignified, honoured.*

Illuſtrer. *To illuſtrate, explaine, cleere, brighten, make evident ; alſo, to dignifie, make famous, bring honour unto.*

Illuvion. *as* Alluvion ; *Alſo, filthineſſe, naſtineſſe, uncleanneſſe.*

Ils : m. *The Yew tree.* ¶ Norm.

Imago : f. *An Image, figure, counterfeit, reſem-*

reſemblance, repreſentation of; alſo, a Jewell, or Brooch to weare in the hat.

Imagé: m. ée: f. *as* Imager: m. ere: f.

Imager: m. *as* Imagier.

Imager: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, images; adorned, or furniſhed with, images.*

Imagette: f. *A little Image.*

† Imagier: m. *An Image-maker, a carver of Images.*

Imaginaire: com. *Imaginarie, feigned, onely in conceit, in name onely, done for a faſhion, all in ſhew.*

Imaginatif: m. iue: f. *Imaginative, inventive; alſo, conceited, full of new deviſes.*

Imagination: f. *Imagination, fancie, conceit, thought; a ſurmiſe, or ſurmiſing.*

Imaginative: f. *as* Imagination.

Imaginé: m. ée: f. *Imagined, thought, conceited, ſurmiſed.*

Imaginer. *To imagine, think, deviſe, conceive, ſurmiſe.*

Imbecille: com. *Weak, feeble, ſtrengthleſſe, faint, forceleſſe.*

Imbecillement. *Weakly, feebly, faintly, forceleſſly.*

Imberbe: com. *Beardleſſe, without a beard.*

Imbibé: m. ée: f. *Imbued; moiſtened, bedewed; ſoaked, or drunk in.*

Imbleſſable: com. *Vnhurtable, unwoundable.*

Imbriago: m. *A (moſt venomous) kind of the Sea-hare; alſo, the beardleſſe Seabarbell, or Sore Mullet.*

† Imbrocation. *as* Embrocation.

Imbu: m. uë: f. *Imbrued, died, diſtained; indued, taught, inſtructed; full of.*

† Imbuvable: com. *Undrinkable, unfit to be drunk of.*

Imitable: com. *Imitable, followable.*

Imitateur: m. *An imitator; counterfeiter, follower of.*

Imitatif: m. iue: f. *Imitative, imitating, done by imitation.*

Imitation: f. *Imitation, counterfeiting, following.*

Imitatrice: f. *An imitatrix.*

Imité: m. ée: f. *Imitated, counterfeited, followed.*

Imiter. *To imitate, counterfeit, follow the example of.*

Immaculé: m. ée: f. *Immaculate, unſpotted, without blemiſh, cleane, pure, neat.*

† Immangeable: com. *Uneatable, unfit to be fed on.*

Immanité: f. *Immanity; inhumanity, cruelty, fellneſſe; outragiouſneſſe; hugeneſſe, exceſſive greatneſſe.*

Immarceſſible: com. *Incorruptible, unvadeable, unwitherable.*

Immariable: com. *Unmarriable, paſt marriage.*

Immateriel: m. elle: f. *Immateriall; without matter, ſtuffe, or ſubſtance; impalpable, untouchable.*

Immatriculé: m. ée: f. *Matriculated; inrolled, regiſtred, or entred into.*

Immatriculer. *To matriculate; to inroll, regiſter, enter into.*

Immediat: m. ate: f. *Immediate, next unto; preſently ſucceeding, ſoon following.*

Immediatement. *Immediately; without interpoſition, or meſne; alſo, preſently, without pauſing, as faſt as may be, by and by.*

Immedicable: com. *Immedicable, uncurable; not to be healed, or helped.*

Immemorial: m. ale: f. *Without the compaſſe, reach, or ſcope of memory.*

Poſſeſſion immemoriale. *Poſſeſſion held by preſcription, or time out of mind.*

Immenſe: com. *Immenſe, infinite, huge, exceſſive, unmeaſurable, proportion-exceeding, paſſing great.*

Immenſité: f. *Immenſity; unmeaſurableneſſe, hugeneſſe, infiniteneſſe, boundleſſe largeneſſe, paſſing greatneſſe.*

Immeuble: m. *An unmovable, or thing unmovable; as land, rent, &c.*

Immeuble: com. *Immovable, unmovable.*

Immiſcé: m. *Intermedled with, dealt farre in.*

s'Immiſcer. *To intermeddle with, to deale farre in.*

Immiſericorde: f. *Unmercifulneſſe, want of mercy, inhumanity, cruelty.*

Immiſericordieuſement. *Unmercifully.*

Immiſericordieux: m. euſe: f. *Unmercifull.*

Immixte: com. *Simple, unmixt, without mixture.*

Immobiliaire: com. *Unmovable, immovable.*

Immobile: com. *Immovable, firme, ſetled, aſſured, ſteadfaſt, not to be ſtirred.*

Immobilement. *Immovably, firmly, ſteadfaſtly, aſſuredly.*

Immobilité: f. *Steadfaſtneſſe, firmneſſe, aſſuredneſſe, unmovableneſſe.*

Immoderé: m. ée: f. *Immoderate; exceſſive, intemperate, outlaſhing, diſordinate, outragious.*

Immoderément. *Immoderately; exceſſively, intemperately, diſorderedly, diſordinately, outragiouſly.*

Immodeſte: com. *Immodeſt; wanton, unchaſt, laſcivious, malapert, ſaucy, unmanerly.*

Immodeſtement. *Immodeſtly; wantonly, ſhamelеſſly; malapertly, ſaucily.*

Immodeſtie: f. *Immodeſty; wantonneſſe; malapertneſſe.*

Immolateur. *A Sacrifice-offerer.*

Immolation: f. *An immolation, ſacrifice, offering.*

Immolé: m. ée: f. *Immolated, ſacrificed, offered.*

Immoler. *To offer, to ſacrifice, to offer ſacrifice.*

Immonde: com. *Uncleane, ſmeared, bepayed, polluted, foule, filthie, naſtie, ſluttiſh.* Qui veut la conſcience monde, il doit fuïr le monde immonde; Prov. *Looke* Monde.

Immondice: f. *Filth, uncleanneſſe, naſtineſſe, pollution, ſluttiſhneſſe, ordure.*

Immondicité: f. *Uncleanneſſe, filthineſſe.*

Immortaliſation: f. *An immortalization, an immortalizing.*

Immortaliſé: m. ée: f. *Immortalized, eternized.*

Immortaliſer. *To immortalize, eternize, make immortall.*

Immortalité: f. *Immortality, eternity, everlaſtingneſſe; fame ay-during; a perpetuall memory, life, renowne, name.*

Immortel: m. elle: f. *Immortall, eternall, everlaſting, ever-living, never ending, ay-during.*

Immortellement. *Immortally, eternally, everlaſtingly, perpetually, for ever and ever.*

Immuable: com. *Unchangeable, ſteadfaſt, firme, ſetled, conſtant, reſolute.*

Immuablement. *Unchangeably, ſteadfaſtly, conſtantly, reſolutely.*

† Immune: com. *Exempt, free, priviledged, diſcharged from.*

Immunité: f. *Immunity, freedome, exemption, liberty, privilege, franchiſe.*

Immutable. *as* Immuable.

Impact: m. acte: f. *Hard faſtned. Look* Empacté.

Impacter. *as* Empacter.

Impalpable: com. *Impalpable, unfeelable.*

Impar. *Odde, uneven, unequall, unlike.*

Impartir. *To impart, or communicate with; to make partaker of.*

Impaſſibilité: f. *Impaſſibility, inſenſibleneſſe, unpaſſionateneſſe; alſo, impatience.*

Impaſſible: com. *Impaſſible, ſenſeleſſe, unpaſſionate, unperturbed; alſo, impatient, which cannot ſuffer, or will not beare with.*

Impatiémment. *Impatiently, too paſſionately; furiouſly, violently, vehemently.*

Impatience: f. *Impatience, too much paſſionateneſſe; violence, furie.*

Impatient. *Impatient, over paſſionate; too hot, violent, vehement; that cannot beare, that will not indure.*

Impatroniſation: f. *An impatronization; the abſolute Maſtery, Seigneury, or poſſeſſion of.*

Impatroniſé: m. ée: f. *Impatronized, mаſtered.*

s'Impatroniſer de. *To maſter, conquer, get abſolute poſſeſſion of, lay ſure hold on, take as his owne.*

† Impendent. *Impendent, hanging over, or unto, neer approaching, neer at hand, hard by.*

Impenetrable: com. *Impenetrable, unpierceable.*

† Impenſes: f. *Coſts, charges, expences.*

Imperatif: m. *The Imperative mood in Grammar.*

Imperatif: m. iue: f. *Imperative, imperious, commanding.*

Imperatoire: f. *Maſterwort, falſe Pellitory of Spaine.*

Imperceptible: com. *Imperceptible, unperceivable.*

Imperceptiblement. *Unperceivably.*

Imperer. *To rule, ſway, command, ſeigneurize, domineer, have abſolute authority over.*

Imperfaict: m. ée: f. *Imperfect, uncompleat, lame, unfiniſhed, inſufficient.*

Imperfection: f. *Imperfection; lamenеſſe, inſufficiency, weakneſſe.*

† Imperforation. f. *A cloſing, or ſhutting up for want of boaring, or piercing.*

Imperial: m. ale: f. *Imperiall, Emperor-like.*

Couronne imperiale. *The Imperiall Lilie, or Crowne Imperiall; a great, beautifull (but ſtinking) flower.*

Imperiale: f. *The name of an herb (miſtaken by ſome modern Herbariſts for Smyrnium, or Candie Alexanders) that hath many excellent vertues; alſo, a kind of bit for a horſe; alſo, a field-bed.*

Imperiale de Flandre. *A certaine coine worth about 8 s. ſterl.*

Impericon. S. *Johns wort.*

Impericuſement. *Imperiouſly, Lordly proudly, loftily, Soveraigne-like.*

Impe-

Imperieux : m. euſe : f. *Imperious, Lordly, ſtately, loftie, commanding, proud.*
Imperiosité : f. *Statelineſſe, Lordlineſſe; auſterity, ſeverity; Imperiouſneſſe.*
Imperiſſable : com. *Unperiſhable, which cannot miſcarry.*
Imperiſſible. *The ſame.*
† Imperit. *Unskilfull, unlearned; unexpert, unexperienced; rude, ſimple, ignorant, eaſily deceived.*
† Imperitement. *Unskilfully, unlearnedly; unexpertly, ignorantly, novice-like.*
Imperſonnel : m. elle : f. *Impersonall, that hath no perſons.*
Imperſonnellement. *Impersonally, without perſons.*
† Imperſpirable : com. *Not to be breathed into, not to be pierced with ayre.*
Impertinemment. *Impertinently, improperly, unfitly, to little or no purpoſe.*
Impertinence : f. *Impertinence, unfitneſſe, improperneſſe; a thing that's to no purpoſe.*
Impertinent. *Impertinent, unfit, improper; cleane from the matter.*
† Impetigine : f. *A ringworme, tetter, drie itching ſcab.*
Impetrable : com. *Impetrable, obtainable upon requeſt.*
Impetrans de letters Royaulx. *Patentees; or ſuch as have got the Kings letters Patents.*
Impetration : f. *An obtaining by ſute, procuring by intreaty, compaſſing by requeſt.*
Impetré : m. ée : f. *Obtained by ſute, procured by intreaty, compaſſed by requeſt.*
Impétrer. *To get by prayer, obtaine by ſute, compaſſe by intreaty, procure by requeſt.*
Impetueuſement. *Impetuouſly, boiſterouſly, violently, with a vehement ſwing, or forcible ſway.*
Impetueux : m. euſe : f. *Impetuous, boiſterous, vehement, violent, raging, furious, moſt forcible, ſweeping away whatſoever is before it.*
Impetuoſité : f. *Impetuoſity, boiſterouſneſſe, great violence, raging force, over-bearing fury.*
Impie : com. *Impious, wicked, ungodly, graceleſſe, ungracious, irreligious, regarding neither God nor man.*
Impiement. *Impiouſly, ungodlily, graceleſſy, ungraciouſly, without reſpect of God, or of man.*
Impieté : f. *Impiety, ungodlineſſe, unrighteouſneſſe, graceleſneſſe, villany, wickednеſſe, a vile part, an irreligious pranke.*
Impiteux : m. euſe : f. *Pitileſſe, incompaſſionate, bloudy, ſavage, cruell, void of humanity, without mercy.*
Impitoyable : com. *as* Impiteux.
Implacable : com. *Implacable, unpleaſable, unappeaſable.*
Implantation : f. *An implantation, or implanting; a ſetting, or fixing into.*
† Implanter. *To implant, to fix, or ſet into.*
Implication : f. *An implication, infolding, intangling, involution, incombrance.*
Implicite : f. *An implicitie, intanglement, incombrance, obſcure involution.*
Impliqué : m. ée : f. *Infolded, involved, enwrapped; intangled, incombered, peſtered.*
Impliquer. *To infold, involve, enwrap; intangle, peſter, incomber, bring into the briers.*
Implorateur : m. *An implorer, beſeecher, craver, begger, humble and earneſt intreater.*
Imploration : f. *An imploring, craving, begging, beſeeching; an earneſt, humble, or lamentable intreating.*
Imploré : m. ée : f. *Implored, beſought, begged, craved; humbly, earneſtly, or lamentably intreated.*
Implorer. *To implore, beſeech, crave, beg of, lamentably to requeſt, to intreat with teares.*
Imployable : com. *Inflexible, unbowable, indurate, obſtinate.*
Impoli : m. ie : f. *Unpoliſhed, rude, out of trim.*
Impollu : m. uë : f. *Unpolluted, untainted, undefiled, without blemiſh, or ſtaine.*
Importable : com. *Intollerable, unſupportable, not to be borne.*
Importamment. *Importantly, weightily, forcibly.*
Importance : f. *Importance, force, weight, moment, value.*
Important. *Important, weighty, forcible, of great conſequence.*
Importer. cela importe moult. *That imports much, thats of great conſequence.*
† Importueux : m. euſe : f. *Without port, haven, or harbor.*
Importun : m. une : f. *Importunate, urgent, earneſt with; troubleſome, unmanerly, unreaſonable.*
Importunément. *Importunately, urgently, earneſtly; troubleſomely, unmanerly, too much; alſo, unfitly, to no purpoſe.*
Importunité : f. *Importunity, urgency, earneſtneſſe, much ſuing, often intreaty, great ſolicitation.*
Imposé : m. ée : f. *Impoſed, put to, laid on; injoyned; alſo, taxed, charged with, exacted from; alſo, accuſed of.*
Impoſer. *To impoſe; to put unto, or lay upon; to injoyne, to tax, charge with, exact from.*
Impoſer à aucun quelque cas. *To accuſe of a crime; to caſt, or lay an imputation on.*
Impoſition : f. *An impoſt, or impoſition; a tax, exaction, charge laid on; alſo, an accuſation, or imputation; an impoſing, or laying on; (whence,* Impoſition de mains.)
Impoſition de francs fiefs. *An impoſition, or fine impoſed by way of licence, to enable a* Roturier, *or Yeoman, to hold a purchaſed fief; The rate of it hath beene certaine, viz. ſix yeares value, if the land were held immediately of the King; and three yeares value, if it was held by a meſne tenure; but now it is uncertaine, and ſet downe by the Officers of the Exchequer.*
Impoſition foraine. *Is* 12 d. *(within* Paris *but* 6 d.*) in the pound upon all kind of cattell, corne, victuals, and wares imported, or exported; (but where this impoſition is paid, ſubſidie is ſpared.)*
Impoſition de nouveaux acquеſts. *The fine which Chuychmen pay to the King for purchaſes of land in Mortmaine. Looke* Acqueſt.
Impoſſibilité : f. *An impoſſibility.*
Impoſſibiliter. *To make impoſſible.*
Impoſſible : com. *Impoſſible; which cannot be done.*
Impoſt : m. *An impoſt, cuſtome, impoſition.*
Impoſt de francs fiefs. *Look* Impoſition.
Impoſt du pied fourchu. *The toll that's levied upon each head of cattell ſold in Markets, and Faires.*
Impoſt de ſa perſonne. *Unweldy, unfit to travell, unable to take paines.*
Impoſte : m. *The ſpringer of an arched gate; the moulding that beares the arch.*
Impoſteur : m. *An impoſter, couſener, deceiver, beguiler; a jugler, a mountebanke, a cheating Quackeſalver.*
Impoſture : f. *Impoſture, guile, deceit, falſhood, couſening, jugling; a tricke of legierdemaine; alſo, ſlandering, or a ſlander.*
Impotence : f. *Impotency, diſability, infirmity, weakneſſe, debility, feebleneſſe.*
Impotent. *Impotent, unable, power-wanting, infirme, lame, feeble, weak.*
Impourveu. *Seek* Improuveu.
Imprecation : f. *An imprecation, curſe, banning.*
Impreciable : com. *Unpriſable, unvaluable.*
Impregnation : f. *A bagging, or getting with young; a filling, a conceiving.*
Impremedité : m. ée : f. *Unpremediated, ſuddaine, unthought of before.*
Imprenable : com. *Impregnable, unexpugnable, which will not be forced.*
† Impreſcriptible : com. *Without the compaſſe of preſcription, which by no length of time can be alienеd, or loſt.*
† Impreſtance : f. *Preſt, or impreſt money, received, and to be imployed for another.*
Imprevoyance : f. *Improvidence.*
Imprimé : m. vn im. *A printed worke (a word uſed when one will not vouchſafe it the name of a booke.)*
Imprimé : m. ée : f. *Printed, imprinted; ſtamped, ſealed.*
Imprimer. *To print, imprint, make an impreſſion; to ſtampe, ſeale; ſet, or thruſt, hard in.*
Imprimerie : f. *A print, impreſſion; ſeale, ſtampe; alſo, a printing; alſo, a printing houſe*
Imprimeur : m. *A Printer.*
Improbable : com. *Improbable, unprovable.*
Impropere : m. *An exprobration, upbraiding, or twitting in the teeth; a reproach, or imputation; alſo, a nickname, or diſgraceſull title.*
Improperer. *To exprobrate, upbraid, reproach, lay in the diſh; caſt, or twit in the teeth; alſo, to nickname, or miſcall.*
Impropre : com. *Unproper, unapt, unfit, not feat; unnaturall, inconvenient.*
Improprement. *Improperly, unaptly, unfitly, unfeatly; inconveniently.*
Improviſte. A l'im. *as* A l'improuveu.
Improuveu : m. euë : f. *Unprovided for, unlooked for, unheeded, unthought upon.*
A l'improuveu. *Suddenly, at unawares, before it was thought of, or looked for.*
Imprudemment. *Imprudently, incircumſpectly, improvidently, unadviſedly; ignorantly, unwittingly.*
Imprudence : f. *Imprudencie, improvidence, incircumſpection, inconſideration, unadviſedneſſe; ignorance.*
Imprudent. *Imprudent, improvident, inconſiderate, uncircumſpect, unadviſed, ignorant.*

Impudemment. *Impudently, ſhamelesly, malapartly, over-boldly, with a brazen face.*
Impudence : f. *Impudence, ſhamelesneſſe, unſhamefac'dneſſe, malapertneſſe, over-boldneſſe.*
Impudent. *Impudent, ſhameleſſe, unſhamefaced, brazen-faced, malapert, ſaucie, over-bold.*
Impudicité : f. *Wantonneſſe, unchaſtneſſe, incontinence, filthineſſe, obſcenitie, uncleanneſſe of life.*
Impudique : com. *Laſcivious, wanton, unchaſt, obſcene, ſhameleſſe, incontinent, uncleane.*
Impudiquement. *Unchaſtly, laſciviouſly, wantonly, obſcenely, ſhamelesly, incontinently, uncleanely.*
Impugnance : f. *A reſiſtance*; or, *as* Impugnation.
Impugnateur : m. *An impugner, withſtander, fighter againſt.*
Impugnation : f. *An impugning, withſtanding, reſiſting, fighting, or ſtirring againſt.*
Impugné : m. ée : f. *Impugned, ſtirred, or ſought againſt, reſiſted, withſtood.*
Impugner. *To impugne, fight, or ſtirre againſt; reſiſt, withſtand.*
Impuiſſamment. *Impotently, unpowerfully.*
Impuiſſant. *Impotent, unpowerfull, infirme, abilitie-wanting.*
Impulſé : m. ée : f. *vrged, puſhed, or thruſt upon; forced, conſtrained, provoked unto.*
Impulſer. *To puſh, thruſt, or urge upon; to force, conſtraine, provoke unto.*
Impulſeur : m. *A puſher, or thruſter upon; an urger, provoker, inciter, ſolicitor, inſtigator.*
Impulſif : m. iue : f. *Impulſive, puſhing, or thruſting upon; urging, ſtirring, inciting, provoking unto.*
Impulſion : f. *An impulſion; puſhing, or thruſting upon; an urging, incitement, provocation, earneſt ſolicitation.*
Impuni : m. ie : f. *Unpuniſhed, quit, freed.*
Impuniment. *Quit, ſcot-free, without puniſhment.*
Impunité : f. *Impunitie; freedome from, or without puniſhment.*
Impur : m. ure : f. *Impure, ſoule, ſluttiſh, uncleane, filthie, naughtie, vile, diſhoneſt, obſcene.*
Impurement. *Impurely, ſoulely, filthily, uncleanely, naughtily, diſhoneſtly, obſcenely.*
Impureté : f. *Impuritie, filthineſſe, pollution, uncleanneſſe, diſhoneſtie, naughtineſſe, obſcenitie, loathſomneſſe.*
Impurité : f. *as* Impureté.
Imputation : f. *An imputation; reproach, blame, or fault layd to the charge of.*
Imputé : m. ée : f. *Imputed, attributed, aſcribed unto; laid unto the charge of.*
Imputer. *To impute, aſcribe, or attribute unto; alſo, to accuſe, or charge with; to lay an imputation on.*
Imputeur : m. *An imputor; a putter of things upon, an attributer of things unto, others.*
Inabordable : com. *Vnaboordable, unaccoaſtable, unapproachable, not to be arrived unto.*
Inacceſſible : com. *Inacceſſible; which cannot be come unto.*
Inaccouſtumé : m. ée : f. *Vnaccuſtomed, ſtrange.*
Inacoſtable : com. *Vnaccoaſtable, uncompanable, ſavage, auſtere, unſociable.*
Inactionable : com. *Unſuable; not to be touched, or troubled by any ſuit.*
Inadmiſſible : com. *Vnadmittable, unreceiveable, unacceptable, unallowable.*
Inadvertamment. *Incircumſpectly, inconſiderately, unadviſedly, negligently, unwarily.*
Inadvertence : f. *Inconſideration, unwarineſſe, improvidence, unadviſednеſſe.*
† Inaguerri : m. ie : f. *Growne, or become warlick; made skillfull in warfaring, trained up to the warrs. See* Aguerrir.
Inalienable : com. *Vnalienable; which cannot be ſold, or paſſed away.*
† Inamendable : com. *Vnamendable, incurable, unrecovcrable, paſt reformation, beyond all helpe.*
Inamolliſſable : com. *Obdurate, moſt hard, which cannot be ſoftened, or will not be tender.*
Inanimé : m. ée : f. *Soulеleſſe, without a ſoule.*
Inanité : f. *Emptineſſe, inanitie, vacuitie, voidneſſe.*
Inanition : f. *as* Innanité; *or, An emptying.*
† Inapercevance : f. *Dullneſſe, blockiſhneſſe, ſottiſhneſſe.*
Inarcature du col. *The bowing, or bought of the neck.*
Inaſſociable : com. *Unſociable, unaccompanable, bagard, ſavage, froward, auſtere.*
† Ination. *Look.* Inanité.
Inaudite : com. *Vnheard of, never heard before.*
Inauguré : m. ée : f. *Inaugurized, conſecrated, dedicated.*
Incagant. *Becacking, beraying; diſgracing.*
Incaguer. *To becacke, or beray; alſo, to defame, or diſgrace.*
Incant. *as* Encant; *An outrope, or outcry of of goods.*
Incapable : com. *Vncapable; unable to receive, or conceive.*
Incapacité : f. *Incapacitie, uncapableneſſe; unabilitie of receiving, or conceiving.*
† Incaquer. *as* Incaguer.
Incarnadin : m. *A carnation; or more properly, a deep, rich, or bright, carnation; (This word hath often the addition of, d'Eſpagne.)*
Incarnadin : m. ine : f. *Carnation; of a deep, rich, or bright carnation.*
Incarnat : m. ate : f. *Carnation; and more particularly, light, or palé carnation, fleſh-coloured, or of the colour of our damask Roſe.*
Incarnatif : m. iue : f. *Fleſh-bringing, fleſh-breeding.*
Couſture incarnative. *The ſtitching, or ſowing up of wounds, &c. by Chirurgeans.*
Incarnation : f. *An incarnation, or aſſuming of fleſh; alſo, carnation colour.*
Incarné : m. ée : f. *Incarnate, made fleſh, brought into fleſh.*
Diable incarné. *A Devill in the ſhape of a man; an incarnate, or very devill.*
Incarner. *To incarnate, or make fleſh; to bring into, or fill up with, fleſh.*
Incaſtré : m. ée : f. *Incaſtelled; ſtrongly incloſed, or lodged, as in a Caſtle.*
Incendiaire : com. *An Incendiarie, firebrand, ſetter of houſes on fire.*
Incendie : m. *A burning, firing, ſetting on fire.*
Incentriquer. *To incenter, or place within a center.*
Inceratif : m. iue : f. *Incerative, waxing; cleaving, or ſticking unto.*
Inceré. *Looke* Inieré.
Incertain : m. *An incertainty.*
Incertain : m. aine : f. *Vncertaine, doubtfull, unſure; wavering, unknowne.*
Incertainement. *Vncertainely, unſurely, doubtfully.*
Incertaineté : f. *Vncertaintie, unſureneſſe; wavering; doubtfulneſſe.*
Incertitude : f. *Incertaintie, ſuſpence, wavering, ſtaggering, doubtfulneſſe.*
Inceſſamment. *Inceſſantly, continually, without any manner of intermiſſion.*
Inceſſible : com. *Vnceaſſable; unendable, undeterminable.*
Inceſſion : f. *A pace, gate, or going; alſo, a hot bath, for the lower parts of the belly.*
Inceſte : m. *Inceſt; carnall copulation with one that's neere of kinne.*
Inceſtueux : m. euſe : f. *Inceſtuous; full of, begotten in, polluted with, inceſt.*
Incidemment. *Incidently, by chance, by occaſion, by the way, upon the by.*
Incident : m. *An incident, circumſtance, or by matter; a thing which comes indirectly into a fact, or queſtion; or (being not properly of the ſubſtance thereof) ariſes from it collaterally, or ſide-wiſe; in Law, a ſmall controverſie ſpringing from, or depending on, the maine ſuite (or as originally;) alſo, a chance, accident, caſualtie; alſo, a ſhift, ſlight, evaſion, excuſe.*
Par incident. *Upon occaſion; by meere chance.*
Incineration : f. *A reducing, or burning unto aſhes.*
Incirconcis. *Vncircumciſed.*
Incis : m. *A rocke, or hard ground; cut to give paſſage unto a Spring. (a Lawtearme.)*
Inciſé : m. ée : f. *Cut into, ſlit, lanced; graven, intayled.*
Inciſer. *To cut into, to make an inciſion; to lance, open, ſlit; alſo, to carve, grave, intayle.*
Inciſif : m. iue : f. *Cutting, lancing, opening; inciſion-making.*
Inciſion : f. *An inciſion, or in-cutting; a lancing, opening, entayling.*
Inciſoires : m. *The foure fore-teeth, wherewith we bite, or cut our meat.*
Incitant : m. (Subſtant.) *as* Incitateur.
Incitant. (Particip.) *Inciting, urging, ſtirring up.*
Incitateur : m. *An inciter, or ſtirrer up; a provoker, egger, urger.*
Incitation : f. *An incitation, inſtigation, provocation; a ſtirring up, an incenſing, egging; incouraging.*
Incité : m. ée : f. *Incited, inſtigated, or ſtirred up; urged, egged, incenſed, provoked; incouraged.*
Incitement : m. *An inciting, or incitement.*
Inciter. *To incite, inſtigate, or ſtirre up; to egg, urge, provoke; incenſe; incourage.*
Incivil : m. ile : f. *Uncivill; barbarous; uncourteous; ill-nurtured, rude, unmannerly, clownish, churliſh.*
Incivilement. *Uncivilly; barbarouſly; diſcourteouſly.*

courteously; rudely, unmannerly, clownishly, churlishly.

Incivilité: f. *Incivillity; barbarousnesse, rusticitie, rudenesse, clownishnesse, churlishnesse, unmannerlinesse; also, want of a civill cause, or subject.*

Inclemence: f. *Inclemency; rigor, sharpnesse, austeritie, severity; fellnesse, mercilesnesse, want of pittie.*

Inclement. *Vnclement; rigorous, austere, sterne, sharpe, severe, pitilesse, mercilesse.*

Inclinant. *Inclining, bending, or leaning towards; disposed, affected, addicted unto.*

Inclination: f. *An inclination; a bending, leaning, or bowing, towards; a humour, disposition, or affection, unto.*

Inclíné: m. ée: t. *Inclined; bent unto.*

Incliner. *To incline; bend, bow, leane, towards; to have a humour or disposition, to beare good will, or carry an affection, unto.*

Inclite: com. *Excellent; renowned, famous, glorious.*

Inclusivement. *Inclusively; comprehensively, as contained within; also, absolutely, utterly, indefinitely.*

Incogneu: m. euë: t. *Vnknown, unkend, uncouth, strange; ignoble, obscure.*

Incolumité: f. *Incolumity, safety, health, fullnesse.*

Incumbustible: com. *Incombustible, not to be burnt.*

Incommendable: com. *Discommendable.*

Incommensurable: com. *Vnmeasurable.*

Incommesurable: com. *The same; or, not to be measured by one, and the same measure.*

Incommode: com. *Incommodious; ungainfull, unprofitable; dammagious, hurtfull, noisome, hindering; also, unfit, uneven, unseemely, unseasonable.*

Incommodément. *Incommodiously, ungainfully, unprofitably; noisomely, hurtfully, unto ones hinderance; also, unfitly, unseasonably; unhandsomely, illfavouredlie.*

Incommoder. *To incommodate, hinder, trouble, impeach, disturbe, disease; breed harme, bring losse, unto.*

Incommodité: f. *Incommodity, hinderance, trouble, disturbance; dammage, displeasure, losse, hurt; inconveniency; unaptnesse, unfitnesse, unseasonablenesse.*

† Incommuable: com. *Immutable, unalterable, unchangeable.*

† Incommune: com. *Vncommon; or, not common.*

Incommunicable: com. *Vncommunicable, inconversible, uncompanable; harsh, churlish, froward.*

Incommutable. *as* Incommuable.

Incomparable: com. *Incomparable, matchlesse, without peere.*

Incompatibilité: f. *Incompatibilitie, jarring, disagreement.*

Incompatible: com. *Incompatible, jarring, disagreeing, not enduring one another.*

Incompetence: f. *Incompetencie; unsufficiency, unfitnesse.*

Incompetent. *Incompetent; unfit; unsufficient.*

Incomprehensibilité: f. *Incomprehensiblenesse, unconceivablenesse, innumerablenesse.*

Incomprehensible: com. *Incomprehensible, unconceivable, vast, infinite.*

Incongelable: com. *Uncongelable, not to be congealed.*

Incongruë: com. *Incongruous, unagreeing; absurd, ill-favored, unfit, against forme, against rule.*

Incongruité: f. *Incongruity; unfitnesse, ill-favouredness; absurdity, irregularity.*

† Inconsiderant. *as* Inconsideré.

Inconsideration: f. *Inconsideration, indiscretion, unadvisednesse, rashnesse.*

Inconsideré: m. ée: t. *Inconsiderate, unadvised, unregardfull, rash, indiscreet.*

Inconsidérément. *Inconsiderately, unadvisedly, undiscreetly, rashly, unregardfully.*

Inconsolable: com. *Inconsolable, uncomfortable; not to be comforted.*

Inconsolablement. *Vncomfortably, in a desperate taking, most wofully.*

Inconstamment. *Inconstantly, unstedfastly, mutably, waveringly.*

Inconstance: f. *Inconstancy, unstedfastnesse, fickleneese, lightnesse, wavering, mutability, changeablenesse.*

Inconstant. *Inconstant, unstedfast, fickle, flitting, light, wavering, mutable, changeable.*

Inconsumptible: com. *Vnconsumeable, everlasting, aye-during.*

Incontaminé: m. ée: f. *Vncontaminated, unpolluted, unspotted.*

Incontestable: com. *Not to be contested, or stood on.*

Incontinemment. *Incontinently, unchastly; disorderedly, unstayedlie, immoderately, without any government of himselfe.*

Incontinence: f. *Incontinence, immoderation; an unbridled appetite unto the satisfaction of lust, or lustfull affections.*

Incontinent. *Incontinent, immoderate, unchaste, of an unbridled appetite, losse of life.*

Incontinent. (Adverb.) *Incontinently, instantly, immediately, presently, suddenly, forthwith, out of hand, as soone as may be.*

Inconvenable: com. *Inconvenient, improper, unfitting, misbecomming.*

† Inconvenance: f. *A misbecomming, unhandsomenesse, unfitnesse, unseemelinesse, unbefeeming.*

Inconvenient: m. *An inconvenience, or unfit thing; also, a misfortune, mischiefe, mishap.*

Inconvenient. *as* Inconvenable.

Incornifistibuler. *To plod, or dunce upon; to beat the braines about.*

Incorporant. *Incorporating; joyning in one bodie.*

Incorporé: m. ée: f. *Incorporated, imbodied with; reduced unto, or joyned in, one bodie.*

Incorporell: m. elle: f. *Vncorporall, bodilesse, without a bodie.*

Incorporer. *To incorporate; to make one, or of one body; to joyne wholly together.*

Incorrect: m. cte: t. *Incorrect, faultie, corrupt.*

Incorrectement. *Incorrectly, faultily, corruptly.*

Incorrection: f. *A fault, error, thing not corrected.*

Incorrigible: com. *Incorrigible, unreformable, unamendable.*

Incorrumpable: com. *Vncorruptable; not to be corrupted, seduced, or wonne, by gifts, &c.*

Incorruptible: com. *Incorruptible, everlasting, eternall.*

Incoulpable: com. *Inculpable, unreproveable, perfect, faultlesse, blamelesse.*

† Incraffer. *To incrassate, thicken, or make thicke.*

Incredible: com. *Incredible, unbelievable.*

Incrediblement. *Incredibly, past beliefe.*

Incredule: com. *Incredulous; unbeleeving, or hard of beleefe.*

Incredulité: f. *Incredulitie, unbeleeving, lacke of beleefe.*

Increpation: f. *An increpation, chiding, reproofe, rebuke.*

Increpé: m. ée: f. *Chidden, taunted, rebuked, reproved, blamed; accused.*

Increper. *To taunt, rebuke, chide, blame; reprove; accuse.*

Incroyable: com. *Incredible.*

Incroyablement. *Incredibly.*

Incrustation: f. *A pargetting, rough-casting; a crustinesse, ruggednesse, thicke scabbednesse.*

Incrusté: m. ée: f. *Grown to a scab, or crustinesse; pargetted, or rough-cast.*

Incruster. *To set a scab, or crust on; to make rugged, and thicke, as a crust; (and hence) to paget, or rough-cast.*

Incuisable: com. *Vnfit, or unpossible, to be sodden.*

Inculcation: f. *An inculcation; a frequent repetition.*

Inculpé: m. ée: f. *Blamed, or accused for, charged with, faulty of; also, blamelesse, innocent, perfect, unreproveable.*

Inculqué: m. ée: f. *Inculcated; forcibly thrust, pressed, or beaten into; also, often repeated, urged often.*

Inculquer. *To inculcate; to thrust, presse, or beat forcibly into; also, to repeat, or urge one thing very often.*

Incurable: com. *Incurable, unhealeable, in a desperate estate.*

Incurie: f. *Carelesnesse, retchlesnesse, negligence, improvidence.*

Incurieusement. *Vncuriously, plainely, after a homelie manner.*

Incuriosité: f. *Plainenesse, unaffectation, bluntnesse.*

Incurrir. *To incurre. Looke* Encourir.

Incursion: f. *An incursion, invade, forray, invasion.*

Indagateur: m. *A diligent searcher.*

Indague: com. *Dishonest, unworthie, filthie, base, vile.*

Indalgos. *A Gentleman.* ℣ Rab.

Indamnisé: m. ée: f. *Indemnified, saved harmelesse.*

Indamniser. *To indemnifie, discharge, or save harmelesse.*

Indanniser. *as* Indamniser.

Indar: m. *A Turkie Cocke.*

Indé: m. Indico; *light Blue, Blunket, Azure.*

Inde: t. *India, the Indies.*

D'Inde. *A Turkie Hennе.*

Coq d'Inde. *A Turkie Cocke.*

Fourmi d'Inde. *The Indian Ant; a beast thats as big as a Woolfe.*

Fueille d'Inde. *Looke* Fueille.

Indecemment. *Undecently, unhandsomelie, uncomelily; unfitly, inconveniently.*

Indecent. *Undecent, unseemely, uncomely; unfit, inconvenient, unmeet.*

In-

Indecentement. *as* Indecemment.

Indecis : m. ise : f. *Undecided, undetermined, not cleared, remaining yet in the decke.*

Indecision : f. *An undecision ; a doubtfull, undetermined, or uncleared ſtate of things.*

Indecisions. *Are, in an Accompt,* les parties qui ne ſont iugées, & decidées definitivement.

Indecrotable : com. *Alwaies durty, ever dagled ; or, ſo durty as it will never be made cleane.*

Indefatigable : com. *Indefatigable, unwearyable, untirable, not to be toiled out.*

Indegene : com. *Home-bred ; borne, or growing within the ſame Territory.*

Indelebile : com. *Indelible, uneffaceable, unraseable ; that cannot be put, that will never weare, out.*

Indeleble. *as* Indelebile.

Indemné : m. ée : f. *as* Indemniſé.

Deniers indemnez. *About which no coſt is beſtowed, no paines imploied, which come in cleare to the purſe.*

Indemne : com. *Harmeleſſe, cleered of all damage, exempt from hurt, or harme.*

Indemniſé : m. ée : f. *Indemnized, or indamnified ; ſaved harmeleſſe ; exempted, or freed from harme.*

Indemniſer. *To indemnize, or indamnifie ; to ſave harmeleſſe, to exempt, or free, from harme.*

Indemnité : f. *Indemnity ; an avoiding of dammage, eſcape from hurt, exemption from harme.*

Droict, ou profit d'Indemnité. *The fine due unto Landlords for Inheritance purchaſed by, or beſtowed on, Churchmen : In ſome places it is the fifth pennie of the purchaſe, or fifth part of the value of the thing ; in others, three yeares profit ; in others, both that, and the ſixt penny, or part : Alſo, the fine due unto the Lord of the ſoile, wherein a villaine, that purchaſes his freedome of the King, reſides ; alſo, as* Droict de Formariage.

Indeterminé : m. ée : f. *Undetermined, undecided.*

Indeu : m. euë : f. *Undue ; wrongfull, unjuſt ; unfit, unmeet, untimely, unſeaſonable.*

Indevidable : com. *Unavindable, unreelable.*

Indevot : m. ote : f. *Coldly devoted, little affected unto.*

Indevotion : f. *Lacke of devotion, want of affection ; cold reſpect, careleſſe regard, of.*

Indication : f. *The marke whereby a Surgeon is directed unto the remedy that will beſt fit his Patient ; alſo, a commending, or prizing of ſale wares.*

Indice : m. *An Index, hand ; marke, ſigne, token ; plaine argument, great preſumption, evident ſignification.*

Indicible : com. *Unſpeakeable, unexpreſſable by words.*

Indiciblement. *Unſpeakeably, unexpreſſeably.*

Indict : m. & f. *Denounced, commanded, appointed, impoſed by authority.*

Indicte : m. *An indiction, impoſition, denouncement, command, appointment.*

Indiction : f. *A tearme of 5, 10, or 15 yeares, uſed by the ancient Romans in their numbring of yeares ; alſo, an impoſition, taxe, or tallage.*

Indien : m. enne : f. *Indian ; of the Indies.*

Sel Indien. *Sugar ; Lisbke Sel.*

Indifferemment. *Indifferently, meanely, tollerably, ſo ſo ; alſo, agreeably, without any difference.*

Indifferent. *Indifferent, equall, tollerable, in a meane, between both ; alſo, agreeing, or not differing.*

Indigence : f. *Indigence, lacke, penury, needineſſe, poverty, want, neceſſity.*

Indigent. *Indigent, needie, penurious, neceſſitous, lacking, in want.*

Indigeſte : com. *Undigeſtive ; that diſgeſteth not ; alſo, indigeſted, unorderly, ill-diſpoſed.*

Indigeſtible : com. *Undigeſtible ; which cannot, or will not, be diſgeſted.*

Indigeſtion : f. *Indigeſtion, want of diſgeſtion ; rudeneſſe.*

Indignation : f. *Indignation, wrath, furie, chafing, fuming.*

Indigne : m. ée : f. *Wroth, wrathfull, fuming, much offended, in choler.*

Indigne : com. *Unworthie, undeſerving, of no merit, vile, baſe.*

Indignement. *Unworthily, undeſervingly, baſely, vilely, without merit.*

Indigner. *To anger, chafe, drive into wrath, put into a fume ; alſo, to malice.*

Indignité : f. *Indignitie, diſgrace ; an affront ; unworthie uſage of.*

† Indiguer. *as* Indiquer.

† Indiligent. *Undiligent, negligent, retcheleſſe, careleſſe.*

Indiquer. *To ſhew, ſignifie, betoken, demonſtrate, declare ; alſo, to deteſt, bewray, diſcloſe.*

Indire. *To publiſh, denounce, declare, bid, ſummon, proclaime.*

Indirect : m. cte : f. *Indirect, not right, ſiniſter ; crooked, oblique, awry ; alſo, croſſe, travers, overthwart, ſidelong.*

Indirectement. *Indirectly, not rightly, crookedly, awry ; wrongfully, by unfit means.*

Indiſcret. *Undiſcreet, inconſiderate, unadviſed, raſh, haire-brained, headie, fond, willeſſe.*

Indiſcretement. *Undiſcreetly, inconſiderately, unadviſedly, fondly, raſhly, headilie.*

Indiſcretion. f. *Indiſcretion, inconſideration, unadviſedneſſe, fondneſſe, raſhneſſe, headineſſe.*

Indiſert. *Uneloquent ; rude, or harſh, in diſcourſe.*

Indiſertement. *Uneloquently, rudelie, groſſely, harſhlie (in ſpeech, &c.)*

Indiſpos : m. oſe : f. *as* Indiſpoſé.

Indiſpoſé : m. ée : f. *Sickly, crazie, unhealthfull, ill-diſpoſed, ill at eaſe ; alſo, diſorderlie, ill-touched, ill-ſorted ; ill-favored.*

Indiſpoſition : f. *Sicklineſſe, crazineſſe, unhealthfulneſſe, diſtemperature, indiſpoſition of body.*

L'indiſpoſition du temps. *Untemperateneſſe, or unſeaſonableneſſe, of weather.*

Indiſſolu : m. uë : f. *Undiſſolved.*

Indiſſoluble : com. *Indiſſoluble, inſeparable, undiſſolvable.*

Indiſſolublement. *Indiſſolubly, inſeparably, undiſſolvably.*

Indiſtinct : m. cte : f. *Indiſtinct, undiſtinguiſhed, undivided, confuſed, hudled.*

Indiſtinctement. *Indiſtinctly, confuſedly, hudling, on heapes.*

Indition : f. *A numbring, or ſhewing of time, or of yeares ; alſo, a marke, ſigne, token, or notice of.*

Individu : m. *An* Individuum, *or body inſeparable ; a Moat.*

Individu : m. uë : f. *Undivideable, inſeparable.*

Individuité : f. *Individuitie, inſeparableneſſe.*

Indivinable : com. *Undivinable, moſt obſcure, not to be ghеſſed at.*

Indivis. Par indivis. *By Moats, or* Individuums, *by parts or members undividable.*

Indiviſible : com. *Indiviſible, undividable, inſeparable, unpartable.*

Indiviſiblement. *Indiviſibly, undividably, inſeparably, unpartablie.*

Indocile : com. *Indocible, unteachable, dull, blackiſh, dunſtall, beavie-headed, groſſe-witted, unapt to learne, unfit to be taught.*

Indocte : com. *Unlearned, unskilfull, ignorant.*

Indoctement. *Unlearnedlie, ignorantlie.*

Indoleance : f. *No apprehenſion of griefe, no feeling of ſorrow, inſenſibleneſſe of, or want of ſence in, paine.*

Indomptable : com. *Untameable.*

Indompté : m. ée : f. *Untamed, unbroken ; unruly, wild, bagard, outragious.*

Indon. d'Indon. *A Turkie bird, Turkie chick, young Turkie.*

Indubitable : com. *Undoubtable ; undoubted, aſſured, certain.*

Indubitablement. *Undoubtedlie, aſſuredlie, certainlie, without all queſtion.*

Indubitamment. *as* Indubitablement.

Induce : f. *A truce, or ceſſation from warre (or from proceeding in a ſuit) for a certaine time agreed on by both parties ; alſo, a Vacation, or the ſeaſon wherein a Court ſits not.*

Induction : f. *An induction, entrie, or leading into ; alſo, an inducement, allurement, or perſuaſion, unto ; alſo, a forme of argument from particulars to univerſalls.*

Induction d'une loy. *The application of a Law ; or, the comparing it with ſome other ; alſo, a collection made of, or concluſion drawne from, it.*

Induëment. *Undutie, unjuſtlie, unmeetly, unfitlie, by ſiniſter courſes, wrongfull proceedings, unworthie meanes.*

Induict : m. cte : f. *Induced, led, brought in ; moved, perſuaded, allured.*

Induire. *To induce, lead, bring in, or unto ; to move, perſuade, allure.*

Induire le cas d'une loy à vne autre. *To lay, or apply Law unto Law ; to conferre one Law with another.*

Induit. *as* Induict.

Indulgemment. *Indulgently, too mercifully.*

Indulgence : f. *Indulgence, tender-heartedneſſe ; (overmuch) mercy, or gentleneſſe ; too mild intreaty, or uſage ; too much liberty given ; hence, a Pardon from the Pope.*

Indulgent. *Indulgent ; cockering, tender-hearted ; over-gentle, or tractable ; too much liberty-granting, too mercifull, too mild.*

Indulgentieux : m. euſe : f. *Full of indulgence.*

Indult : m. *A Pardon of indulgence; the Popes Bull, or Licence, forgiving or dispensing with sinne, remitting, or permitting offences.*

Indult. (Adject.) *Young, not adultus, not yet of age.*

Indultaire : com. *One that hath an Indulgence, or Pardon, from the Pope.*

Industrie : f. *Industria; diligence, vigilancie; active carefulnesse; indeavour; aptnesse unto, readinesse in, any thing.*

s'Industrier. *To labour, indeavour, bestirre himselfe; make himselfe readie in, or apt for, an imployment.*

Industrieusement. *Industriously; diligently, vigilantly, heedfully, laboriously.*

Industrieux : m. euſe : f. *Industrious; diligent, vigilant; indeavouring; laborious, painefull, heedie, ready.*

Ine. *as* Vne, *One.* ¶ Poictevin.

Inécroulable. *as* Ineſcroulable.

Ineffable : com. *Ineffable, unſpeakeable, unutterable; which no tongue can tell, no speech deliver, no tearmes expresse.*

Ineffaçable : com. *Uneffaceable, undefaceable; which no time nor violence can weare out.*

Ineffaceable. *The same.*

Inefficace : com. *Vneffectuall, forcelesse, vaine, idle, weake.*

Ineffroyable : com. *Not to be frighted, scarred, appalled.*

Inegalement. *as* Inegualement.

Inegal : m. ale : f. *Vnequall, uneven; different, ill-matching, unlike.*

Inegualement. *Unequally, unevenly; unlikely, on different tearmes.*

Inegualité. *as* Inequalité.

Ineloquent. *Vneloquent, without eloquence.*

Innarrable : com. *Wonderfull, unspeakeable; unexpressable by any tongue, or tearmes.*

Inepte : com. *Inept, unapt; unseasonable; fond, idle, vaine.*

Ineptement. *Ineptly, unaptly; fondly, vainely, idly, childishly, unseasonably.*

Ineptie : f. *Vnaptnesse, unseasonableneſse; fondnesse, trifling, vainesse, sopperie, childishnesse.*

Ineptitude. *as* Ineptie.

Inequalité : f. *Inequalitie, unevennesse; disproportion, odds, difference, unlikenesse.*

Ineſcroulable : com. *Vnſhakeable, immovable, steady, not to be stirred.*

Ineſperé : m. ée : f. *Unhoped; unexpected, unlooked for.*

Ineſperément. *Beyond all hope, or expectation; on a suddaine, at unawares.*

Ineſpuiſable : com. *Vndrayable; which cannot be dryed up, or laden dry.*

Inevitable : com. *Inevitable, unavoidable; which no providence can put by.*

Inevitablement. *Inevitably, unavoidably.*

Inexeroulable : com. *as* Ineſcroulable.

Inexcuſable : com. *Vnexcusable.*

Inexcuſablement. *Vnexcusably.*

Inexecuté : m. ée : f. *Vnexecuted, unperformed, undone.*

Inexorable : com. *Inexorable, unintreatable, churlish, obdurate.*

Inexplicable : com. *Inexplicable, unfouldable, inextricable, unexpressable, undisployable, unexpoundable.*

Inexpugnable : com. *Vnexpugnable, impregnable; not to be forced, not to be battered.*

Inexterminable : com. *Vnexterminable; unbanishable; not to be cast out; not to be destroyed.*

Inextinguible : com. *Vnextinguible, unquenchable.*

Inextricable : com. *Inextricable, inexplicable, whereof one cannot be rid.*

Infaict : m. ăte : f. *Infected, impoysoned; corrupted.*

Infaicté : m. ée : f. *as* Infaict.

Infaicter. *To infect, impoison, corrupt.*

† Infaire. *as* Infaicter.

Infallibilité : f. *Infallibility, or infallibleneſse; certaintie, assurance.*

Infallible : com. *Infallible, certaine, assured.*

Infalliblement. *Infallibly, without faile.*

Infamé : m. ée : f. *Infamed, defamed, discredited, shamed.*

Infame : com. *Infamous, ignominious, opprobrious, disgracefull, reprochfull; also, defamed, detected, tainted, shamed, very ill spoken of.*

Infamement. *Infamously, ignominiously, opprobriously, reproachfully; disgracefully.*

Infamer. *To infame, defame, shame, traduce, discredit, reproach, disgrace; to speake badly, report vilely of.*

Infameté : f. *A disgrace, discredit, imputation, infamous report.*

Infamie : f. *Infamie, obloquie, ignominie, dishonour, disgrace, discredit, reproach; detection, a defamation, an imputation.*

Infante. L'In. *The Title of a daughter of Spaine.*

Infanterie : f. *The Infantrie, or footmen of an Army.*

Infanticide : com. *Child-murthering, infant-killing.*

Infantile : com. *as* Infantin.

Infantin : m. ine : f. *Infantine, childish; young, tender.*

Infatigable : com. *as* Indefatigable.

Infatué : m. ée : f. *Gulled, besotted, made foolish.*

Infatuer. *To gull, besot, make foolish.*

Infauſte : com. *Vnfortunate, unluckie, unhappie, dismall, ominous, dire.*

Infecond : m. de : f. *Vnfertill, unfruitfull.*

Infecondité : f. *Infecunditie, unfertillneſse, unfruitfullneſse.*

Infect : m. cte : f. *Infect, infected, infectious.*

Infecté : m. ée : f. *Infected; poisoned; depraved, corrupted.*

Infecter. *To infect; poison; deprave, corrupt.*

Infection : f. *Infection, contagion.*

Infectionner. *as* Infecter; *or, to fill with infection.*

Infecundité. *Looke* Infecondité.

Infeodation : f. *An infeoffing.*

Infeodé : m. ée : f. *Infeoffed; seised in fee; also, granted, alienated, or setled, in fee.*

Dismes infeodées; *Impropriations of tythes.*

Rente infeodée. *A Rent-charge; a rent wherewith land is charged for ever.*

Inferé : m. ée : f. *Inferred, implyed, concluded upon things put, or gathered, together; signified, shewed, alleged, given to understand.*

Inferieur : m. re : f. *Inferiour; lower, nether; underling; mean base, of smaller value, of lesse meanes.*

Infertile : com. *Infertill, unfruitfull.*

Infertilité : f. *Infertility, unfruitfulneſse.*

Infeſtation : f. *Infestation, molestation, annoyance; noysomeneſse; also, a ravaging, wasting, spoyling.*

Infeſté : m. ée : f. *Infested, annoyed, molested; ravaged.*

Infeſter. *To infest, annoy, molest; ravage, waste, or vex with frequent, and violent incursions.*

Infeudation : f. *An infeoffing.*

Infeudé : m. ée : f. *as* Inteodé.

Infeuder. *To infeoffe, to passe, or graunt in fee; also, to put, or admit, into the possession of an inheritance.*

† Infiable : com. *Tyuſleſſe, untruſtie, faithleſſe.*

† Infibulation : f. *A buttoning, buckling, or clasping together; also, the ringing of the privie parts.*

Inficiation : f. *An infeoffing, disaffirmation, denyall.*

Infidele : com. *Infidell, faithleſſe, unfaithfull, false, disloyall, treacherous.*

Infidelité : f. *Infidelitie, faithleſneſſe, unfaithfullneſse, disloyaltie, trecherie.*

† Infiguré : m. ée : f. *Infigured, figured; marked, or noted with a figure.*

Infini : m. ie : f. *Infinite, endleſſe, innumerable; unmeasurable.*

Infiniement. *Infinitely, endlesly.*

Infinité : f. *Infinitenesse, endleſneſſe, innumerableneſse, unmeasurablenesse.*

Infinitude : f. *as* Infinité.

Infirmatif : m. ive : f. *Infirmative; weakening, infeebling, disannulling, disallowing.*

Infirmer. *To weaken, infeeble, dissolve, confute; disanull, disallow.*

Infirmité : f. *Infirmitie, weakeneſse, feebleneſse; crazinesse; also, maladie, sicknesse.*

Inflammable : com. *Inflamable, burnable.*

Inflammation : f. *An inflamation, firing, burning; a blistering heat; a kindling, an incensing.*

Inflation : f. *An inflation; a windie swelling, or puffing up.*

Infleſchiſſable : com. *as* Inflexible.

Inflexible : com. *Inflexible, unbowable, untractable, unrelentable, hard-hearted.*

Inflictif : m. ive : f. *Inflictive, inflicting; or, of propertie to inflict.*

Influence : f. *A flowing in; (and particularly) an influence, or influent course, of the Planets; their virtue infused into, or their course working on inferior creatures.*

Influer. *To flow, run, enter, or sinke, into.*

Infoliature. *Boscage, or leafe-worke, intarving, &c.*

† Infondre. *To infuse; to fill in; to put, or powre, into; also, to steepe.*

Inforçable : com. *Vnforcible, unexpugnable, impregnable.*

Informateur : m. *An Informer, Promooter; searcher, inquirer, inquisitor.*

Information : f. *An information; instruction; search, quest, inquisition, enquest; examination.*

Informé : m. ée : f. *Informed; instructed in; examined, searched, or inquired after; also, informed against; also, unformed, unmade, unfashioned.*

Infor-

Informe : com. *Informe, ſhapeleſſe, ill-fauoured, faſhionleſſe; ougly, rude.*

Informer. *To informe, inſtruct, giue notice of; alſo, as;*
S'Informer. *To ſearch, inquire, examine, get information of, make inquiſition after.*

Infortiat : m. *One of the three Volumes of the* Pandects.

Infortune : f. *Misfortune, miſadventure, miſhap, miſchance, calamity; a diſaſter.*

Infortuné : m. ée : f. *Vnfortunate, vnhappy, vnluckie, ſucceſſeſſe, diſaſtrous.*

Infortunément. *Vnfortunately, vnhappily, vnluckily, ſucceſſefly, diſaſterouſly.*

Infracteur : m. *An infringer, violater, breaker of.*

Infraction : f. *as* Infracture.

Infracture : f. *An infracture, infringement, violation, breach.*

Infrangible : com. *Infrangible, vnbreakable; invincible.*

Infraſqué : m. ée : f. *Intricated, peſtered, intangled.*

Infraſquer. *To intricate, peſter, intangle; alſo, to feed with vaine hopes, to ſet in or fetch over.*

Infrequence : f. *Vnfrequencie, ſolitarineſſe, a ſmall aſſembly.*

Infrequent. *Vnfequnt, ſeldome haunting, little reſorting to, much abſent from; alſo, vnfrequented.*

Infructueuſement. *Fruitleſly, vnfruitfully.*

Infructueux : m. euſe : f. *Fruitleſſe, vnfruitfull, barren, ſterill, vnprofitable.*

Infus : m. uſe : f. *Infuſed, filled in, powred into, or upon; alſo, ſteeped.*

Infuſer. *To infuſe, fill in, powre upon; alſo, to ſteep.*

Infuſion : f. *An infuſion, powring, or filling in; and (in Phiſick) a conveyance of ſome liquid medicine into the body by Cliſter, or other inſtrument; alſo, a ſteeping of drugs, &c. in a conuenient liquor; alſo, the liquor wherein they haue beene ſo ſteeped.*

Ingambé : m. ée : f. *Light-legd, nimble-heeled, faſt-running, ſwift of foot.*

Ingargouillar : m. *The croſſe point (in dauncing.)*

Ingenier. *To bend his wits unto, or beat his brains about, the deviſing of a thing.*

Ingenieur : m. *An Enginer, Engine-maker; Fortifier.*

Ingenieuſement. *Ingeniouſly, wittily, with good invention.*

Ingenieux : m. *as* Ingenieur.

Ingenieux : m. euſe : f. *Ingenious, witty, inventive, ſharp-witted, nimble-headed.*

Ingenioſité : f. *Ingenioſitie, ingeniouſneſſe, quickneſſe of invention, dexterity of wit.*

Ingenué : com. *Ingenuous, open-hearted, free, liberall, nobly affected.*

Ingenuement. *Ingenuouſly; frankly, freely, liberally, with an open heart, and hand.*

Ingenuité : f. *Ingenuity, ingenuouſneſſe; nobleneſſe, frankneſſe, gallantneſſe of humour; an open, honeſt, frank, or liberall diſpoſition.*

Ingeré : m. (e : f. *Thruſt in, put on; undertaken, or taken upon; intruded, inſinuated; put forth.*

s'Ingerer. *To thruſt in, put on, offer or put forth, himſelfe (undeſired) to intrude, inſinuate himſelfe into, take upon him, a matter.*

Inglorieux : m. euſe : f. *Inglorious; baſe, obſcure, unknown, of no reputation, glory, renowne.*

Ingrat : m. ate : f. *Vngratefull, thankleſſe, unthankefull, unmindfull of benefits received.*

Ingratitude : f. *Ingratitude, ungratefulneſſe, unthankefulneſſe.*

Ingravé : m. ée : f. *Ingraven, intayled.*

Ingraver. *To ingrave, or intayle.*

Ingredient : m. *An Ingredient; a beginning, or entrance; alſo (in Phiſick) a ſimple put into a compound medicine, or uſed, among others, in the making thereof.*

Inguerdonné : m. ée : f. *Vnguerdoned, unrecompenced.*

Inguerriſſable : com. *Incurable, unhealable.*

Inguine : m. *The gryne, or groine.*

Ingurgité : m. ée : f. *Ingulfed; ſwilled, or ſwallowed in; greedily devoured.*

Ingurgiter. *To ingulfe; to ſwill, or ſwallow in; alſo, to ravine, or devour greedily.*

Inhabile : com. *Vnable, unſufficient; weak; unfit, unmeet for; unwieldy, uneaſie, unhandſome; idle, ſottiſh.*

Inhabilement. *Vnably, unſufficiently; weakly; unweldily, uneaſily, unhandſomely, unaptly, unfitly; ſottiſhly.*

Inhabilitation : f. *A diſabling.*

Inhabilité : f. *Diſability, inſufficiency, weakneſſe; unfitneſſe, unaptneſſe, unweldineſſe; ſottiſhneſſe, want of braines.*

Inhabilité : m. ée : f. *Diſabled, made unable.*

Inhabilitement : m. *A diſabling.*

Inhabiliter. *To diſable; to make unable.*

Inhabitable : com. *Vnhabitable; deſert, ſavage; which cannot be abid in, or dwelt on; alſo, inhabitable.*

Inhabité : m. ée : f. *Vnhabited; alſo, inhabited.*

Inhabiter. *To inhabit, reſide, or dwell on.*

Inhabitué : m. ée : f. *Vnaccuſtomed, unenured unto; diſuſed from.*

Inherence : f. *An inherence; a cleaving, ſticking, joyning cloſe in, or unto.*

Inhibé : m. ée : f. *Inhibited, forbidden; bindered, withheld.*

Inhiber. *To inhibit, forbid; ſtay, ſtop, or withhold.*

Inhibition : f. *An inhibition, forbidding; countermand, ſtop, withholding.*

† Inhonneſte : com. *Diſhoneſt, unhoneſt, naughty, lewd.*

† Inhonneſtement. *Diſhoneſtly, unhoneſtly, naughtily, lewdly.*

Inhoſpitable : com. *Vnhoſpitable, barbarouſneſſe; churliſh; no lodger of paſſengers, no intertainer of ſtrangers, no houſekeeper.*

Inhumain : m. aine : f. *Inhumane, ungentle, diſcourteous, uncivill; beaſtly, cruell, rude; barbarous.*

Inhumainement. *Inhumanely, ungently, diſcourteouſly, uncivilly; beaſtly, cruelly, rudely, barbarouſly.*

Inhumanité : f. *Inhumanity, ungentleneſſe, incivility, beaſtlineſſe, cruelty, rudeneſſe, barbarouſneſſe.*

Inhumation : f. *A burying, an interring.*

Inhumé : m. ée : f. *Buried, interred, put into the ground.*

Inhumer. *To bury, interre, lay in a grave, put into the ground.*

Inian. *By S.* John *(a childiſh Oath.)* ℣ Rab.

† Inidoine : com. *Vnapt, unmeet, unfit, improper, inconvenient, inſufficient, incommodious.*

† Injectement. *as* Injection.

Injection : f. *An injection; a caſting in, or upon; alſo (in Phiſick) a ſquirting, or conveying of a liquid medicine, by Syringe, &c. into ſome part of the body, or into a hollow and fiſtulous ulcer.*

Inimaginable : com. *Unimaginable, unconceivable, incomprehenſible.*

Inimicable : com. *Unimitable; incomparable; which cannot be followed.*

Inimitié : f. *Enmity, hoſtility, hatred, feud, ſtrife, diſcord, variance.*

Injonction : f. *An Injunction or forbidding; a command importing an abſolution, inhibition, or ſtay of proceeding.*

Inique : com. *Unequall, unindifferent, partiall, wrong, unjuſt; unreaſonable; unrighteous, naughty, wicked, impious.*

Iniquement. *Unequally, injuſtly, wrongfully, partially; unreaſonably, without cauſe; unrighteouſly, wickedly, impiouſly.*

Iniquité : f. *Iniquity; inequality, injuſtice, wrong, partiality; unreaſonableneſſe; unrighteouſneſſe, naughtineſſe, impiety, wickednеſſe.*

Initié : m. ée : f. *Initiated, entered into, begun in; admitted of.*

Initier. *To initiate, enter into, begin in; give the firſt inſtruction, lay a ground or foundation for; give orders unto; licence, or admit of, a ſociety.*

Injure : f. *Injury, wrong, miſuſage; an abuſe, or affront offerred; a treſpaſſe, diſpleaſure, offence, deſpight, or outrage done.*

Injurié : m. ée : f. *Injured, wronged, miſuſed, abuſed; outraged; miſcalled, reproached, reviled, railed on.*

Injurier. *To wrong, injure, miſuſe, abuſe; hurt, offend; outrage; miſcall, reproach, revile, raile on.*

Injurieur : m. *An injurer, a wronger.*

Injurieuſement. *Injuriouſly, wrongfully, offenſively; outragiouſly, ſpightfully, reproachfully, contumelioufly.*

Injurieux : m. euſe : f. *Injurious; wrongfull, abuſive, offenſive; outragious; deſpightfull, contumelious, reproachfull.*
Injurieux en tripiere. *Foule-mouthed like a Tripewife.*

Injuſte : com. *Vnjuſt, partiall, unequall, injurious, wrongfull, unreaſonable.*

Injuſtement. *Vnjuſtly, partially, unequally, injuriouſly, wrongfully, unreaſonably.*

Injuſtice : f. *Injuſtice, partiality, wrong, hard meaſure.*

Innavigable : com. *Innavigable; that cannot be ſayled in.*

† Inné : m. ée : f. *Innate; borne, or bred in.*

Innocemment. *Innocently, guiltleſſly, faultleſſly, harmleſſly, ſillily, without any offence.*

Innocence : f. *Innocency, guiltleſſeneſſe, unguiltineſſe, harmleſneſſe, integrity, ſillineſſe.*
Innocence porte ſa defenſe ; Prov. *Innocence beares it owne defence.*

Innocent. *Innocent, Ninny (a proper name for a man) whence;*
Herbe de S. Innocent. *Centinody, Bloodwort, male Knot-graſſe, Birds-tongue, Swines-graſſe.*

Innocent. *Innocent, faultleſſe, guiltleſſe, harmleſſe, without offence.*

Le iour des innocents. *Childermas day in Christmas.*
Parchemin innocent. *Parchment made of an abortive skinne.*
Donner les Innocens: *as* Innocenter.

Innocenter. *To breech, whip, lash, (on Childermas, or Innocents day, when the Papists of* France *have a merrie custome, to jerke all such as they can finde in bed, or others whose breech they may otherwise easily come at.)*

Innombrable : com. *Innumerable, unnumerable.*

Innomme. Contract innomme. *An equall exchange of mony, and land given onely for land.*

Innovateur : m. *An Innovator; a bringer in of new customes, &c.*

Innovation : f. *Innovation; alteration, change of old, for new, fashions.*

Innové : m. ée : f. *Innovated; altered from old unto new.*

Innover. *To innovate; alter, change; bring up new customes, bring in unwonted fashions.*

Innumerable : com. *Innumerable, unnumberable.*

Innumerablement. *Innumerably, unnumberably.*

Innumerableté : f. *Innumerableneſſe.*

Inobedience : f. *Diſobedience; lacke of obedience.*

Inobedient. *Diſobedient, unobedient, wanting obedience.*

Inoffencible : com. *Inoffencible, not to be hurt.*

Inofficieux : m. euſe : f. *Unofficious, unobſervant, unſerviceable, unreſpectfull, unkind.*

Inofficiosité : f. *Unofficiouſneſſe, unreſpectiveneſſe, or want of due reſpect; whence,*
Querelle d'inoff. *A ſuit commenced by Orphants, &c. whose parents have by their wills, given from them all they had, or given them leſſe then by custome, and the right of their birth, was due unto them; as where a man bequeathes all, or the moſt part of his eſtate unto his children by a second venter, neglecting those he had by a former wife, though they be as toward, and well-deſerving, as the others.*

Inondation : f. *An inundation, deluge, overflowing, ſurrounding.*

Inondé : m. ée : f. *Overflowne, ſurrounded, overwhelmed with water.*

Inonder. *To overflow, overwhelme, ſurround.*

Inopie : f. *Lacke, need, want, ſcarcitie, penurie, poverty.*

Inopiné : m. ée : f. *Unthought of, ſuddaine, unawares.*

Inopinement. *On a ſuddaine, at unawares, ſooner then was thought, ere it was looked for.*

Inquant : m. *The place wherein things are ſold by Outrope, or Outcry.*
Droict d'inquant. *Five in the hundred due unto the King (upon things ſold by Outrope) in ſome parts of* Provence.

Inquanter. *To ſell, or paſſe away at an Outcry.*

Inquietation : f. *A diſquieting, diſturbing, diſeaſing, vexing, moleſting, troubling.*

Inquieté : m. ée : f. *Diſquieted, diſeaſed; vexed, annoyed, moleſted; diſturbed, troubled; alſo, buſie, reſtleſſe, troubleſome.*

Inquietement. *Unquietly, reſtleſly, troubleſomely.*

Inquieter. *To diſquiet, diſeaſe, trouble, diſturbe, vex, moleſt, annoy; give ſmall eaſe, or little reſt unto.*

Inquieteur : m. *A diſquieter, troubler, diſturber, annoyer, vexer, moleſter.*

Inquietude : f. *Diſquiet, unquietneſſe, trouble, moleſtation, unreſt, carke, diſeaſe.*

Inquilin : m. *A Tenant; Lodger; Inmate; he that takes, or dwells in, a house (or part of a house) wherein neither he, nor any of his anceſtors were borne.*

Inquiſiteur : m. *An Inquiſiter, ſtrict ſearcher, ſevere examiner; one of the Holie-houſe, or Spaniſh Inquiſition.*

Inquiſition : f. *An inquiſition; diligent ſearch, or inquirie, ſtrict examination.*

Inracinable : com. *Which cannot be rooted, which will not take root.*

Inſail : m. *The Rudder, or Sterne of a ſhip.* ¶ Rab.

Inſalubre : com. *Unhealthfull, unholſome; infective, corrupt, noyſome.*

Inſalubrité : f. *Unhealthfulneſſe, unholeſomeneſſe; corruption, infection.*

Inſatiabilité : f. *Inſatietie, unſatiableneſſe.*

Inſatiable : com. *Inſatiate, unſatiable, unfillable; ravenous, gluttonous, that never hath enough.*

Inſatiablement. *Inſatiately, unſatiably.*

Inſatiableté : f. *Inſatietie, unſatiableneſſe; greedineſſe, gluttonie, ravenouſneſſe.*

Inſceu. à l'inſceu de luy. *Unwittingly to him; wherewith he was never made acquainted.*

Inſciemment. *Unwittingly, ignorantly, unſkilfully, unknowingly, for want of knowledge.*

Inſcience : f. *Unskilfulneſſe, ignorance, want of knowledge.*

Inſcophié. *Look* Inſcrophié.

Inſcript : m. ipte : f. *Inſcribed, intituled, written on; graved, pourtrayed, printed in.*

Inſcription : f. *An inſcription, ſuperſcription, title, note, marke (written, or ingraven.)*
Inſcription en faux. *A challenge of, or exception againſt, the truth of an evidence; a teſtimony, or undertaking: to prove it falſe, entred in Court.*

Inſcrire. *To inſcribe, intitle, title, write in, or upon; alſo, to grave, print, or pourtray upon.*
S'Inſcrire à faux, ou en faux, contre; *To enter a challenge againſt; or as in* Faux.

Inſcrit. *as* Inſcript.

Inſcrophié. Cheueux inſcrophiez. *Haire turned up after the neateſt manner.* ¶ Rab.

Inſcrutable : com. *Inſcrutable, unſearchable; bottomleſſe; ſmiſtical; not to be ſounded; no way to be ſought out.*

Inſculpé : m. ée : f. *Inſculped, ingraven, intayled.*

Inſculper, *To inſculpe, ingrave, intayle.*

Inſectable : com. *Not to be cut; not to be divided.*

Inſecte : m. *An inſect; a ſmall fleſhleſſe, and bloudleſſe vermine, divided (in ſome ſort) betweene the head, bodie, and bellie, as an Ant, Flie, Bee, &c. under which the Earthworme, Caterpiller, &c. be alſo comprehended.*

Inſectible : com. *Inſectable; or as* Inſectable.

Inſenſé : m. ée : f. *Mad, wood, raging, furious, unreaſonable, witleſſe.*

Inſenſible : com. *Inſenſible, ſenceleſſe, unfeeling; alſo, unpalpable, unfeelable.*

Inſenſibilité : f. *Senceleſneſſe, unſenſibleneſſe.*

Inſeparable : m. com. *Inſeperable, undividable.*

Inſeparablement. *Inſeperably.*

Inſeré : m. ée : f. *Inſerted, ingraffed, ſet, put, entred, or brought in; added, or joyned unto; mixed, or mingled with.*

Inſerer. *To inſert; ingraffe; ſet, put, enter, or bring in; adde, or joyne unto; mix, or mingle with.*

Inſidiation : f. *Guile, trecherie, deceitfulneſſe; a lying in wait for; a laying of ſnares; a practiſing of wyles, to deceive withall.*

Inſidieux : m. euſe : f. *Deceitfull, trecherous, inſnaring, intrapping, lying in wait for.*

Inſigne : m. *as* Enſeigne.

Inſigne : com. *Notable, notorious, famous, renowned; apparent, goodly, of marke.*

Inſimulé : m. ée : f. *Accuſed of, charged with.*

Inſinuation : f. *An inſinuation; alſo, a regiſtring, or entring into a regiſter book.*

Inſinué : m. ée : f. *Inſinuated; crept, wound, or ſtolne into; gently, or cloſely incroached upon; alſo, entred into a Regiſter, or Office booke.*

Inſinuer. *To enter, to regiſter; or, to enter into a Regiſter, or Office-booke; or (as a French Lawyer deſcribes it)* publier, & notifier par Acte par devant le Iuge, qui ordonne en eſtre faict Regiſtre.
S'Inſinuer en. *To inſinuate; creepe, wind, ſteale, convey, himſelfe into; gently to intrude, cloſely to incroach upon.*

Inſipide : com. *Unſavorie, ſmackeleſſe, wallowiſh, without reliſh; alſo, weake of judgement, or in diſcourſe, fond, undiſcreet.*

Inſipidité : f. *Inſipiditie, wallowiſhneſſe, unſavourineſſe, dullneſſe in taſt, want of ſmacke; alſo, fondneſſe, indiſcretion, weakeneſſe of judgement, or in diſcourſe.*

†Inſipience : f. *Dotage, indiſcretion, ſottiſhneſſe, ideotiſme, ignorance.*

†Inſipient. *Sottiſh, doting, witleſſe, indiſcreet, fooliſh, ignorant.*

Inſiſter. *To inſiſt on; to urge hard, ſtand much upon, a matter; to labour, ſolicite, purſue eagerly; be earneſt with, or upon; alſo, to reſt, perſiſt, abide faſt, continue firmely.*

Inſociable : com. *Unſociable, uncompanable, inconverſible, incompatible.*

Inſolation : f. *A ſuming, a ſetting, or laying open in the Sunne.*

Inſolemment. *Inſolently, malapertly, ſaucily, preſumptuouſly, arrogantly.*

Inſolence : f. *Inſolencie, ſaucineſſe, malapertneſſe, preſumption, arrogance.*

Inſolent : m. te : f. *Inſolent, malapert, ſaucie preſumptuous, arrogant.*

Inſolide : com. *Unſolide, unſound, looſe, weake, feeble.*
Les Obligations du defunct ſont inſolides contre tous les heretiers; viz.

All the thiues are not liable vnto them; (yet may the Creditor addreſſe himſelfe vnto any one of them.)

Inſolidement. *Vnſoundly, vnſolidly, weakly, feebly; alſo, throughly, wholly, for the whole.*

Inſolite: com. *Strange, vnuſed, vnaccuſtomed, vnwont.*

Inſolu: m. uë: f. *Vnpayed, vndiſcharged, vndefrayed.*

Inſolvable: com. *Vnpayable, vnlikely to be payed; alſo, vnapt, or vnable to pay.*

Inſoluble: com. *Inſoluble, indiſſoluble, vndiſſolvable.*

Inſpecteur: m. *An inſpector, overſeer, controller; one that narrowly obſerves, or pries into, mens behaviour.*

Inſpection: f. *An inſpection; ſpeculation; overſeeing; prying, or looking into; viewing, or looking on.*

Inſperé: m. ée: f. *Vnhoped for; vnlooked after.*

Inſperément. *as* Ineſperément.

Inſpersé: m. ée: f. *Inſperſed; ſprinckled, or caſt upon.*

Inſpiration: f. *An inſpiration, or inſpiring; a blowing, or breathing into; an inſtinct.*

Inſpiré: m. ée: f. *Inſpired; moved; blown, or breathed into.*

Inſpirer. *To inſpire; breath into; move.*

Inſtabilité: f. *Inſtability, vnſteadineſſe, vnſtedfaſtneſſe; fickleneſſe, inconſtancy, wavering, variableneſſe.*

Inſtable: com. *Vnſtable, vnſteady, tottering, ſhittle, vnſtedfaſt; flitting, wavering, fickle, skittiſh, inconſtant.*

Inſtablement. *Vnſtably, vnſteadily, tottheringly, vnſtetledly, vnſtedfaſtly.*

Inſtallation: f. *An inſtallation, or inſtalling; the ſetling of an Officer.*

Inſtallé: m. ée: f. *Inſtalled; ſetled, eſtabliſhed, placed ſurely in.*

Inſtaller. *To inſtall; to ſettle, eſtabliſh, place ſurely in.*

Inſtamment. *Inſtantly; earneſtly, vrgently, importunately; diligently, inceſſantly.*

Inſtance: f. *Inſtance, earneſtneſſe, vrgency, importunity, continuall diligence; alſo (in Law) a cauſe, or point in a cauſe, conteſted.*

En premiere inſtance. *At firſt, of the firſt rank, in chiefe, or in the firſt degree, before all others.*

Faire inſtance ſur. *To vrge vehemently, to ſtand much upon.*

Faire l'inſtance. C'eſt, debatre la choſe.

Inſtant: m. *An inſtant, point, moment.*

Inſtauration: f. *An inſtauration; reſtoring, renewing, repairing, re-edifying.*

Inſtauré: m. ée: f. *Reſtored, renewed, repaired, re-edified.*

Inſtaurer. *To reſtore, renew, reforme; re-edifie, repaire.*

Inſtigateur: m. *An inſtigator; ſtirrer, incitor, vrger, egger on, prouoker, pricker forward; In Law,* Se prend generalement, & pour celuy qui ſeulement ſe plaind ſans ſe rendre partie; & pour celuy qui inſtruict l'accuſation, donnant des preuves, & pourſuyvant l'inſtruction du procez.

Inſtigation: f. *An inſtigation, ſtirring, inciting, vrging; a prick, ſpurre, prouocation, ſtrong motion vnto.*

Inſtigué: m. ée: f. *Inſtigated, incited, vrged.*

Inſtiguer. *To inſtigate, incite, ſtirre, vrge, egge, ſpurre on, prick forward.*

Inſtillation: f. *An inſtillation; a gentle infuſion; a letting, or falling, in drop by drop; a putting, or powring in by little and little.*

Inſtiller. *To drop, trill, drizle; gently to inſorce; to let, or fall, in drop by drop; to put in, or powre on by little and little.*

Inſtinct: m. *An inſtinct, or inclination; an inward ſtirring, motion, or perſwaſion; an inſpiration.*

Inſtitué: m. ée: f. *Inſtituted, enacted, ordained, eſtabliſhed, appointed, brought in, ſet up.*

Inſtituer. *To inſtitute, enact, ordaine, decree, eſtabliſh, appoint; bring in, begin, ſet up.*

Inſtituteire. *(A Title of the Emperour Iuſtinian, who writ the Inſtitutes of the Civill Law.)*

Inſtitute: m. Iuſtinians Booke of *Inſtitutes.*

Inſtitution: f. *An Inſtitution; Precept; Ordinance, Decree, Statute, Eſtabliſhment; an ordaining, appointing, ſetting up, or bringing in.*

Inſtruction: f. *An inſtruction, direction, document, precept; caveat; memoriall, remembrance; alſo, inſtruction, teaching tutoring, ordering.*

Inſtructive: f. *as* Inſtruction.

† Inſtruer. *as* Inſtruire.

Inſtruict: m. cte: f. *Inſtructed, taught, tutored; directed; forewarned; furniſhed, well appointed; alſo, ſuborned.*

Vn procez inſtruict. *A Cauſe made ready for hearing.*

Inſtruire. *To teach, tutor, inſtruct; forewarne, direct; faſhion, traine up; furniſh with matter; prompt, ſuborne,*

Inſtruire vn procez. *To furniſh it, or make it fit, for a Hearing.*

Inſtruiſable: com. *Inſtructable, teachable, docible.*

Inſtrument: m. *An Inſtrument; Implement, Engine, Toole; alſo, a Deed, Evidence, Conveyance; an Information, or inſtruction, in writing; alſo, a mean, aid, helpe, direction in a matter.*

Inſtrumental: m. ale: f. *Inſtrumentall, uſed as an Inſtrument, applied as a meanes.*

Inſtrumenter. *To draw, and ingroſſe an Inſtrument, Conveyance, Evidence.*

Inſtrumentier: m. *A certaine Vine-devouring vermine, ſo called, becauſe it makes the Vine leaſe (wherein it uſually wraps it ſelfe) looke like to a rowle of Parchment.*

Inſuave: com. *Vnſweet, vnpleaſant.*

Inſubſtantiel: m. elle: f. *Vnſubſtantiall; light, idle, vain.*

Inſuffiſamment. *Inſufficiently.*

Inſuffiſance: f. *Inſufficiency, diſability, weakneſſe, vnfitneſſe.*

Inſuffiſant. *Inſufficient, vnable, weake, vnfit.*

Inſulain: m. *An Ilander, or Iland-man.*

Inſulaire: com. *Inſular, Iland-like; of, or belonging to, an Iland.*

Inſult: m. *An aſſault, affront, bravado, open wrong.*

Inſulter. *To inſult, crow, vaunt, or triumph over; to wrong, reproach, affront; contemne; alſo, to rebound, rejoyce at, leap for joy.*

Inſuperable: com. *Inſuperable, vnvanquiſhable, invincible.*

Inſupportable: com. *Vnſupportable, intollerable, not to be borne.*

Inſurger. *To riſe up againſt, or oppoſe himſelfe vnto; alſo, to travell earneſtly, mainly to inforce himſelfe.*

Inſurmontable: com. *Vnſurmountable, vnexceedable, vnſurpaſſable, vnvanquiſhable.*

† Inſuyvre. *To purſue, or follow hard upon.*

Intariſſable: com. *Not to be withered, or dried up.*

Integralité: f. *Integrality, wholeneſſe.*

Integré: m. ée: f. *Integrated, perfected, made whole.*

Integrité: f. *Integritie, ſoundneſſe; honeſty, ſincerity; innocency, vprightneſſe.*

Intellect: m. *The intellect; the vertue, or faculty, of vnderſtanding; alſo, vnderſtanding, apprehenſion, capacity; judgement, knowledge, diſcretion.*

Intellectuel: m. elle: f. *Intellectuall, apprehenſive, vnderſtanding.*

Intelligence: f. *Vnderſtanding, apprehenſion, capacity, conceit, ſence, diſcretion, judgement; alſo, intelligence; private notice of occurrences given, or gotten, (by) private intercourſe, or correſpondency held with.*

Cela eſt de ſon intelligence. *It done by his private appointments, or direction.*

Intelligencier: m. *An Intelligencer; an intelligence-giver; a ſpie.*

Intelligent. *Vnderſtanding, apprehenſive, of good capacity.*

Intelligible: com. *Intelligible, plaine, perſpicuous, eaſie to be vnderſtood.*

Intelligiblement. *Intelligibly, perſpicuouſly, vnderſtandingly.*

Intemperance: f. *Intemperance, immoderation, vnſtayednesſe, vnbridledneſſe, vnrulineſſe, outragiouſneſſe.*

Intemperance de l'air. *Vnſeaſonableneſſe of the ayre, or weather.*

Intemperature: f. *Intemperature, or diſtemperature of the body; vnſeaſonableneſſe, or foulneſſe of weather.*

Intemperé: m. ée: f. *Intemperate, immoderate, vnſtayed, vnbridled, vnorderly, diſordinate, outragious, vnruly.*

Intempérément. *Intemperately, immoderately, vnſtayedly, vnorderedly, diſordinately, outragiouſly, vnrulily.*

Intempeſtif: m. iue: f. *Intempeſtive, vntimely, abortive, vnſeaſonable; alſo, diſordered, vnreaſonable; alſo, vnluckie, or ill-preſaging.*

Intempeſtivement. *Intempeſtively, vnſeaſonably, abortively; vnreaſonably; out of courſe; alſo, vnluckily.*

Intendance: f. *An overſight; a government, or charge over.*

Intendants des finances. *The (ſoure) Overſeers, or Controllers of the Exchequer; at firſt brought in by King Francis the firſt:* (Ont ſuperintendance ſur le Threſorier de l'eſpargne; des parties caſuelles; de l'ordinaire & extraordinaire des guerres; de l'artillerie; de la marine; des officiers domeſtics; & autres qui ne ſont ſous la charge des Threſoriers de France, ſur leſquels auſſi ils ont intendance, & peuvent reformer leurs eſtats par eſtimation. ¶ Ragueau.)

Inten-

Intendit: m. *A principall allegation, proofe, or depoſition; writings, or books, wherein the chiefe, or maine points of a ſuit are contained.*

Intenté: m. ée: f. *Attempted, tried, eſſayed, proved; alſo, intended, meant, purpoſed; alſo, commenced, begun, brought, or moved, as a ſuit.*

Intenter. *To attempt, prove, eſſay, trie; alſo, to intend, meane, purpoſe; alſo, to commence, begin, move, bring, or ſet on foot (a ſuit.)*

Intenteur: m. *An intender; an attempter; alſo, the beginner of a ſuit.*

Intention: f. *An intention, intent, purpoſe, drift, meaning, will, mind.*

† Interbaſté: m. ée: f. *Interbaſted; baſted; or quilted between.*

Intercalaire: com. *Interlaced; put, or ſet between.*

Iour intercalaire. *The odd day of a Leape yeare, which falleth every fourth yeare.*

Intercalation: f. *An interlacing; a ſetting, or putting of an odd thing between even ones.*

Intercaler. *To interlace; to put, or ſet (as the odd day of a Leap yeare) between.*

Interceder pour. *To intercede, mediate, intreat, ſue, ſolicite; alſo, to undertake, or give his word, for.*

Intercepter. *To intercept, foreſtall, take up, or make ſtay of, by the way.*

Interceſſeur: m. *An interceſſor, mediator, intreater, ſuitor, or ſurety, for another.*

Interceſſion: f. *Interceſſion, mediation, intreaty, or ſuit for another.*

† Interclaire: com. *as* Intercalaire.

Intercoſtal: m. ale: f. *Between the ribs.*

Veine intercoſtale. *A branch of the hollow veine, which feeds the ſpaces between the three higheſt ribs.*

Interdict: m. *An interdiction, prohibition, injunction; alſo, (in Law) a determination, or order in Court, for the poſſeſſion of a thing in controverſie.*

Interdict: m. cte: f. *Interdicted, prohibited, inhibited, forbidden, injoyned to the contrary.*

Interdiction: f. *An interdiction, prohibition, inhibition, injunction, forbidding.*

Interdire. *To interdict, prohibit, forbid, injoyne, or give charge to the contrary.*

Intereſſé: m. ée: f. *Intereſſed, or touched in; diſhonoured, hurt, or hindered by; wronged, grieved, pained.*

Intereſſé de ſa perſonne. *Of a weake, faint, crazie, or ſickly body.*

La partie civile, & intereſſée. *Look* Partie.

Intereſt: m. *An intereſt in, a right, or title unto, a thing; alſo, intereſt, or uſe for money, &c. lent; alſo, loſſe, dammage, hurt; hinderance, wrong, ſuſtained in reputation, or eſtate; or (as a French Lawyer deſcribes it) the loſſe one hath undergone, or profit he hath failed of, by the default of another; and hereof he makes two kinds, viz.*

L'Intereſt conventionnel Celuy qui eſt promis par convention, & contract fait entre les parties, ou vient de la nature du contract, & eſt appellé vſure au Droict Romain.

Intereſt iudiciaire: Qui vient de l'office du Iuge, ou eſt adjugé par iceluy. *This is double,* viz. celuy qui procede de la nature de la cauſe; (& vient des pourſuittes temeraires, fuites calomnies, ou tergiverſations de la partie adverſe; qui ont eſté cauſe de faire à celuy qui a obtenu pluſiours frais vains, & inutiles, leſquels ne viennent en taxe de deſpens:) Et celuy qui prent origine de la choſe meſme qui eſt controuersée, & à eſté ſouffert à cauſe d'icelle; comme execution, empriſonnement, trouble, ſpoliation, retus de tradition de la choſe, &c. *Hence,* Les dommages, & intereſts.

Ie y ay grand intereſt. *It nerely concerns, or touches me.*

Il n'y a pas grand intereſt en cela. *It greatly boots not, it is not a pin matter.*

Interject: m. *An interpoſition; a ſpeech put in, a word caſt between.*

Interjecter. *To interject, or interpoſe; to caſt, put, ſet, betweene, or among; to bring in, or foiſt into the middle of.* Looke Interjetter.

Interjection: f. *An Interjection (in Grammar;) alſo, an interpoſition; or, the allegation of ſome matter, or uſing of ſome trick, in the middle of a cauſe, thereby to croſſe, or alter it.*

Interjetter. *as* Interjecter.

Interjetter vn appel. *To appeale, not in reſpect of the whole cauſe, but for ſome ſmall, or by point thereof.*

Interieur: m. eure: f. *Interior, inward, private, neer unto.*

Interieurement. *Inwardly, privatly, within.*

Interiné. *as* Enteriné.

Interiner; *Look* Enteriner.

Interlocation: f. *An interlocation, interplacing, interpoſition.*

Interlocution: f. *An interlocution, interpoſition, or interruption of ſpeech; alſo, as* Sentence interlocutoire.

Interlocutoire: com. *A ſtay, prolonging, or deferring of (ſentence in) a cauſe in reſpect of ſome reaſons alledged.*

Interlocutoire: com. *Interlocutery; interrupting, ſpeech interpoſing; caſting in a word that gives a ſtop to, or breeds delay in, a cauſe.*

Sentence interlocutoire. *An opinion, or ſentence of Court, which fully ends not the cauſe, but determines of ſome circumſtance thereof; Or (as in the Cuſtomes of Nivernois)* Qui ne fait fin au procez, mais reigle les parties à faire quelque choſe pour parvenir à cette fin.

Interloquer. *To interpoſe ſome ſpeech, or ſpeak in another mans tale; alſo, to delay a cauſe by ſome new allegation; or, to ſtay the whole, for a while, by ending only ſome part thereof.*

Interlunaire: m. *The ſeaſon between the going out of the old, and comming in of the new, Moone.*

Intermédiat. *In the middle, or intermedium; that is between two; that lieth, or happeneth between both.*

Intermettre. *To intermit, or put between; alſo, to ſlacken, diſcontinue, give over, ceaſſe, leave, or put off for a time.*

Interminant. *Boundleſſe, borderleſſe, uncertaine; alſo, as* Intermittant.

Interminé: m. ée: f. *Unbounded, boundleſſe, infinite, endleſſe, undeterminable.*

Interminer. *To preſcribe.*

Intermis: m. iſe: f. *Intermitted, diſcontinued, pawſed on, left off for a ſeaſon, let paſſe for a while.*

Intermiſſion: f. *An intermiſſion, diſcontinuance, pawſe; a ceaſing, or breaking off for a ſeaſon; a leaving, or letting paſſe for a while.*

Intermittant. *Intermittant, intermitting, diſcontinuing, pawſing, or ceaſing for a time; comming and going (as an ague) by fits.*

Interne: com. *Internall, inward.*

Internecion: f. *An univerſall ſlaughter, a generall killing.*

Internément. *Internally, inwardly, within.*

† Interoſſel: m, elle: f. *Between bones.*

Interpellateur: m. *An interrupter, diſturber, troubler, incomberer; alſo, a ſuitor, or interceſſor.*

Interpellation: f. *An interruption, diſturbance; let, incombrance; alſo, a ſummons; requeſt, ſuit, interceſſion.*

Interpellé: m. ée: f. *Interrupted, let, hindered, incombered; alſo, ſummoned, or called upon; alſo, required, or moved unto, by interceſſion; alſo, intermiſſion, or, that comes (as an ague) by fits.*

Interpeller. *To interrupt, let, hinder, trouble, incomber; alſo, to ſummon, or call upon; alſo, to require, or move unto, by interceſſion.*

Interpolation: f. *A poliſhing, ſcowring, ſurbiſhing, new dreſſing of things.*

Interpoſé: m. ée: f. *Interpoſed; ſet in, put between; intermingled, or intermedled.*

Perſonnes interpoſées. *Sticklers between party and party, Arbitrators, Mediators, Dayes-men.*

Interpoſement. *as* Interpoſition.

Interpoſer. *To interpoſe; to put, or ſet between; to interlace, intermeddle, intermingle; alſo, to intermit, pawſe, delay, drive off.*

Interpoſer ſon jugement de. *To give his judgement, utter his opinion, paſſe his allowance of.*

Interpoſition: f. *An interpoſition, or putting between; an interlacing, or intermingling; alſo, an intermedling in, or ſtickling of, controverſies; alſo, an intermiſſion, pawſing, delaying, letting paſſe, breaking off, for a time; alſo, an approbation, or allowance given.*

Interpoſition de temps. *A pawſe, reſpit, intermedium, interim.*

Interpretateur: m. *An interpretor, expoſitor.*

Interpretation: f. *An Interpretation, Comment, Expoſition; Tranſlation.*

Interprete: m. *An interpretor, trucheman, expounder, tranſlator.*

Interpreté: m. ée: f. *Interpreted, expounded.*

Interpreter. *To interpret, expound; tranſlate, the meaning, tull the ſignification, of.*

Interpreter à mal. *To take in bad part, to conceive ill, or judge hardly, of; alſo, as;*

Mal interpreter. *To miſtake, miſconſter, miſtruſt, miſdeeme.*

Interregne: m. *An interraigne, or* Interregnum; *the ſpace, or government between the death, or depoſition of one Prince, and the entrance, or election of another.*

Inter-

Interrogant : m. *The Interrogatroe point, made thus ?*

Interrogans. *Demaunding, asking.*

Interrogat : m. *A questioning, demanding, examining.*

Interrogateur. *A questioner, demander, examiner.*

Interrogation : f. *An interrogation, question, demand, examination.*

Interrogatoire : f. *An interogatory, a question ministred unto an examinant.*

Interrogué : m. ée : f. *Interrogated, questioned, demaunded, examined upon interrogatories.*

Interroguer. *To interrogate, question, demand of, examine upon interrogatories.*

Interrompre. *To interrupt, stop, disturbe, or breake off in the middest.*

† Interroy : m. *A Regent, or Protector, that governes a State from the death, or depostion of one Prince, to the entrance, or election of another.*

Interruption : f. *An interruption, let, stop, disturbance, discontinuance ; In Law,* C'est vn acte qui entrecoupe le cours de la prescription, & ne souffre le temps prefini le continuer, & parfaire.

Interſigné : m. *A signe, or token of.*

Intervalle : m. *An Interval, Intermedium, respit, pawse, or space between : also, the fiefte days between Christmas & Ashwednesday.*

Sans intervalle. *Continually, incessantly.*

Intervallé : m. ée : f. *Respited, put in distances, done by pawses.*

Intervenir. *To interpose himselfe, to come in the interim, to prevent, or come between.*

Intervenir l'arreſt. *To prevent, or stay sentence in a cause.*

Intervention : f. *An intervention, or comming between, an interposition, a prevention.*

Intervenu : m. uë : f. *Interposed, prevented, come betweene.*

Interverſion : f. *A wrongfull turning, or conveighing away of ; a purloyning, deceiving, beguiling : also, an overthrowing, or turning upside downe.*

Interverti : m. ie : f. *Interverted ; conveyed, or turned the wrong way ; hence also, purloyned, and beguiled, or deceived ; also, overturned.*

Intervertir. *To interveri ; convey, or turne the wrong way ; (hence) to purloine ; beguile, deceive ; also, to overthrow, overturne, or turne upside downe.*

Inteſtat. *Intestate, that dies without a Will.*

Droict d' inteſtat. *A Priviledge which the next of kinne unto one that dies intestate hath, to seize on all he left behind him.*

Inteſtin : m. *An intestine, inward, intrall, gut, bowell.*

Inteſtin affamé. *The hungrie gut ; one of the three small guts that lye toward the right side of the upper part of the navell ; ever kept emptie by the Mesenterick veines which passe from it unto the Liver.*

Inteſtin borgne. *The blind gut ; Looke* Borgne.

Inteſtin cuillier. *as* Boyau culier.

Inteſtin douzedoigtier. *A small gut, or intrall seated on the right side ; and which, descending obliquely towards the back-bone, ends where the circumvolution of the rest of the Guts begins.*

Inteſtin droict. *The straight gut, or arsegut.*

Inteſtin entortillé. *The wreathed gut ; one of the three small guts which lye towards the left side under the navell ; tis very riddie, and makes many windings which extend unto the Os sacrum.*

Inteſtins tenuës. *The small guts wherein the meat passeth out of the stomacke.*

Inteſtin : m. ine : f. *Inteſtine, inward, privie, hidden, despightfull, rancorous, deadly.*

Inteſtinal : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, the Inteſtines.*

Veine inteſtinale. *Seeke* Veine.

Intheriner. *as* Enteriner.

Inthimé. *Look* Intimé.

Inthronization : f. *An inthronization, or inthroning.*

Inthronizé : m. ée : f. *Inthronized ; placed in a throne.*

Inthronizer. *To inthronize ; to place in a royall throne.*

Intimant. *An Appellant ; or, one that cites his adversary upon an Appeale.*

Intimation : f. *An intimation, signification, denuntiation, shewing, letting to wit, or giving to know ; also, an adjournment, Citation, or Summons of a partie in an Appeale, and in cases wherein the Judge proceeds of course to right the plaintife though the defendant appeare not.*

Intimé : m. L'in. *An Appealee ; the defendant in an Appeale.*

Intime : com. (*Most*) *inward, secret, heartie, especiall, deare, intirely affected.*

Intimé : m. ée : f. *Intimated, signified, shewed, notified, denounced ; also, adjourned, cited, summoned, warned, to appeare (in an Appeale.)*

Officier intimé. *An Officer chosen by the King, and confirmed by Parliament.*

La partie intimée. *as* L'Intimé.

Intimément. *Inwardly, secretly, heartily, deerely, intirely, effectually, especially.*

Intimer. *To intimate, signifie, shew ; denounce, proclame ; set on broach ; also, to adjourne, cite, summon, bring an action against ; (especially in cases wherein a Judge proceeds of course to right the plaintife, though the defendant appeare not.)*

Intimer. de Seigneur. *A Tenant to sue an Appeale against his Lord, for denying to right him in his Court.*

Intimidation : f. *A fearing, skaring, affrighting, terrifying.*

Intimidé : m. ée : f. *Feared, skared, affrighted, terrified.*

Intimider. *To feare, skare, terrifie, affright.*

† Intirable : com. *Not to be drawne, or pulled out.*

Intitulation : f. *An intitulation, or intituling ; a denomination, a description.*

Intitulé : m. ée : f. *Intitled, or intituled.*

Intituler. *To intitle, denominate, describe.*

Intolerable : com. *Intollerable, insupportable, unsufferable.*

Intolerablement. *Intollerably, unsufferably.*

Intolerance : f. *Impatiencie.*

Intonation : f. *A lowd noise, tune, sound ; a rumbling, or thundering.*

Intonation de gare & ſerte. *See* Gare.

Intouchable : com. *Untouchable.*

Intractable : com. *Intractable, harsh, ungentle, hard, wild, hagard, unruly, outragious, unsociable, inconversible, uncompanable.*

Intrade : f. *Revenue, rent, profit comming in.*

Intraictable : com. *as* Intractable.

Intrans : m. *Senior Sophisters, such as prepare themselves to commence Batchelers.*

† L'Intregenter. *Looke* Entregenter.

Intrication : f. *An intrication, or intricating ; an intangling, insnaring, pestering, fettering ; Laborinth, Maze, inwrapping, involution.*

Intriaqué : m. ée : f. *Intricated, intangled, incumbred, perplexed, in a Laborinth.*

Intrinquément. *as* Intriquément.

Intrinquer. *as* Intriquer.

Intrinſeque : com. *Intrinsecall, inward, secret, familiar.*

Intrinſequement. *Intrinsecally, inwardly, on the inside ; very familiarly.*

Intrique : f. *An intricacie, Laborinth, Maze, pestlerment, incumbrance, perplexitie, difficultie.*

Intriqué. *as* Intriqué.

Intriquément. *Intricatly, perplexedly, intangledly, darkely ; difficultlie.*

Intriquer. *To intricate, perplex, pester, insnare, involve, intangle, incumber.*

Introduction : f. *An introduction ; a leading, or bringing in, or unto ; a way, entrance, beginning to ; an institution.*

Introduire. *To introduce ; lead, or bring in ; to invent, begin, broach, bring up ; also, to enter, instruct, or traine up in.*

Introduit : m. ite : f. *Introduced, brought in, begun, broached, brought up ; entred, or trained in.*

Introite : m. *An entrance, intrie, beginning, or going into.*

Introniſation : f. *An inthronization, or inthronizing.*

Introniſé : m. ée : f. *Inthronized, placed in a throne.*

Introniſer. *as* Inthroniſer.

Intrus : m. uſe : f. *Intruded, thrust into.*

Intruſion : f. *An intrusion ; a wrongfull intruding, or thrusting into the possession of a vacant thing.*

Intruz : m. *An intruder ; an usurper of the possessian of a vacant thing.*

Intuitif : m. iue : f. *Intuitive ; which is, or may be seene into.*

Intumeſcence : f. *A swelling, puffing, uprising.*

Invadé : m ée : f. *Invaded.*

Invader. *To invade, assaile, assault, enter, or set upon in a forcible, or hostile manner.*

Invaincu : m. uë : f. *Invanquished, unovercome ; as yet in heart, or on foot.*

Invalide : com. *Impotent, infirme, unable, strengthleſſe, forceleſſe, feeble, worthleſſe.*

Invalider. *To weaken, debilitate, infeeble, make forceleſſe, impare the strength, debaſe the worth, disgrace the vertue of ; also, to infringe, dissolve, confuse.*

Invariable : com. *Unvariable, immutable, unchangeable, alwaies of one hue, ever in one humor.*

Invaſible : com. *Invasible, invadible.*

Invaſion : f. *An invasion ; an hostile assault, or incursion.*

Invective : f. *An invective ; a rayling, biting, opprobrious discourse, or speech.*

Invectiver. *To inveigh, revile, rayle upon.*

Inventaire : m. *An Inventorie ; List, Roll, Memoriall, Record, Register of many severall things ; In Law,* contient vne brieve deſcription des pieces que la partie produit.

Inventé : m. ée : f. *Invented, found out; contrived, deviſed; feigned, imagined, ſurmiſed.*

Inventer. *To invent; to find, or ſpie out; to deviſe, forge, contrive; imagine, feigne, ſurmiſe.*

Inventereſſe : f. *An inventreſſe, or inventrix.*

Inventeur : m. *An inventer, contriver, deviſer, finder out; an author, framer, forger, feigner, ſurmiſer.*

Inventif : m. iue : f. *Inventive, witty, plotting, full of tricks, fraught with devices.*

Invention : f. *An invention; a finding out, or thing found out; a device, forgery, conceit; alſo, a tricke, ſhift; ſurmiſe, imagination.*

Invention Saincte Croix. *The Invention of the holy Croſſe; a ſolemne holyday celebrated by the Church of Rome on the third of May; alſo, a ſhift, or deviſe to get money.*

Invention Saincte Eſtienne. *Another holyday kept the third of Auguſt.*

Inventorié : m. ée : f. *Inventoried; digeſted into, or couched in, an Inventory.*

Inventorier. *To inventorie; to take an Inventory of; to digeſt into an Inventory.*

Inventorizer. *as* Inventorier.

Inventrice. *as* Inventereſſe.

† Invers : m. erſe : f. *Inverted, miſplaced, perverted, wreſted to a contrary ſence, uttered one for another; turned in and out, inſide outward, upſide down.*

Inveſti : m. ie : f. *Inveſted; inrobed, indowed; alſo, inwrapped.*

Inveſtir. *To inveſt; inrobe, inſtall, indow, put into poſſeſſion of; alſo, to inwrap; alſo, to joine (a word of Horſemanſhip.)*

Inveſtiſon : f. *An inveſting, or inveſture; an inrobing, inſtalling, indowing, inſtituting, putting into poſſeſſion.*

Inveſtiture : f. *An inveſtiture, or inveſture; an inſtitution, inſtallment, indowment.*

Invieté : m. ée : f. *Inveterate, old, ancient, of long uſe, rooted by cuſtome, ſetled by continuance.*

s'Inveterer. *To inveterate, grow old; become rooted, or come to a habit, by cuſtome.*

Invigilance : f. *Invigilancie, ſleepineſſe, drowſineſſe, lazineſſe, lacke of waking.*

Invincible : com *Invincible, unvanquiſhable, unſubduable, unconquerable.*

Inviolable : com. *Inviolable; moſt firme; not to be corrupted, infringed, or broken.*

Inviolablement. *Inviolably; faithfully.*

Inviolableté : f. *Inviolableneſſe.*

Inviolé : m. ée : f. *Inviolate; ſound, pure, uncorrupted, unhurt; unbroken, firme, conſtant, faithfull, true.*

Invitation : f. *An invitation, or inviting; a bidding, or deſiring; an allurement, or intiecment unto.*

Invité : m. ée : f. *Invited, bidden; deſired, intreated; allured, inticed, unto.*

Invitement. *as* Invitation.

Inviter. *To invite, bid; deſire, intreat; allure, intice, unto.*

Invocation : f. *An invocation, or calling upon.*

Mots d'invocation. *Conjuring tearmes.*

Involontaire : com. *Involuntarie; againſt the will of.*

Involucre : m. *A cover, cloke, or thing that ſerves to hide.*

Involver. *To involve, enwrap, infold; intricate, inſnarle, intangle.*

Involution : f. *An involution, enwrapping, infolding; inſnarling, intricating, intangling.*

Involution de procez. *A jumbling, or confounding of a ſuit, in ſort, that one knowes not what to make of it, or is further from ending it then he was when he began.*

Invoqué : m. ée : f. *Invoked, called upon.*

Invoquer. *To invoke, or call upon; to require, or intreat help of.*

Invoqueur : m. *An invoker.*

Inuſité : m. ée : f. *Unuſed, unwonted, unuſuall; diſuſed, diſaccuſtomed, diſcontinued, left off.*

Inutile : com. *Unprofitable, unpainfull, incommodious, unſerviceable; of no worth, for no uſe, to no purpoſe.*

Il n'eſt iamais inutile. *He is alwaies well imployed, he is never idle.*

Inutilement. *Unprofitably, incommodiouſly, unſerviceably.*

Inutilité : f. *Inutilitie, unprofitableneſſe, diſprofit, unſerviceableneſſe.*

Invulnerable : com. *Invulnerable, unwoundable.*

Io. *as* May. ¶ Poictevin. ¶ Rab.

Ioannes. c'eſt vn Ioannes. *He is a Pedant, or poore Schoolemaſter.*

Ioannitiques. *An Order of Monks that weare red habits, and the repreſentation of a Chalice on their breaſts.*

Iobelin : m. *A ſot, gull, doult, aſſe, cokes; alſo, as* Gobelin.

Iocondale. *A Daller; a peece of money worth about 3s. ſterl.*

Iocquer. *To ſtop, or ſtand ſtill, as a horſe, or cart, in the way.*

Iodelle : f. *A Sea-coot.*

Ioeudi. *Thurſday. Look* Ieudy.

Ioffu : m. uë : f. *Chuffie, fat-cheeked, ſwelled or puft up in the face.*

Ioiaulier. *Seeke* Ioyaulier.

Ioignant. (Partic.) *Ioyning, coupling, yoaking, putting together.*

Ioignant. (Adverb.) *Neere unto, hard by, cloſe adjoining, almoſt touching, bordering upon.*

Ioinct : m. *A joint, joining, cloſure; ſeame.*

Ioinct : m. cte : f. *Ioyned; coupled, yoaked, grapled, put, couched, or cloſed together; knit, aſſociated, or combined with; alſo, raught, fetcht up, overtaken.*

Ioinct que. (*A Conjunction*) *Furthermore, add moreover, as alſo that.*

Ioincte : f. *as* Iointe.

Ioincture : f. *A joint of the body, a knot in trees; alſo, a joining, coupling, yoaking, cloſing, or couching together.*

Ioindre. *To joine, couple, yoake; knit, cloſe, couch; aſſociate, or combine together; to ſet neere, or bring hard, unto; alſo, to reach, or overtake; alſo, to buckle, grapple, or cope, as enemies, &c. together.*

Iointe : f. *A joint; cloſure; joining; ſeame.*

Iointée : f. *A joint, or double handfull of; as much as can be held within both hands together; In ſome countreys of* England *it is called a yeaſpen, in others, a goppenfull of.*

† Ioletrin : m. *A youngſter, or young gallant.*

Ioli : m. iolie : f. *Iollie; gay, trim, fine, gallant, neat, handſome, ſeat, well-faſhioned, minion, compt, polite; alſo, lively, merry, buxome, jocund.*

Iolice : f. *A kind of ſoft, and tender ſtone which in froſtie weather falls into duſt.*

Ioliement. *Iollily, gaily, trimly, finely, gallantly; neatly, ſeatly; merily, buxomely.*

Iolier. *as* Geolier; *A Gaoler.*

Ioliet : m. ette : f. *Neat, fine, tricke, ſeat, ſpruce, nice, pretty, and handſome.*

Iolieté : f. *Iollity, jollineſſe; gaineſſe, trimneſſe, fineneſſe, gallantneſſe, neatneſſe, handſomeneſſe, prettineſſe, comelineſſe; liveline ſſe, jocundneſſe, mirth, buxomneſſe.*

Ioliveté. *as* Iolieté.

Iombarbe : f. *Houſeleeke, Sengreene. Looke* Ioubarbe.

Ionc : m. *A ruſh, or bulruſh.*

Ionc agu. *Our common hard ruſh, or ſharp ruſh.*

Ionc à cabas. *The pole-ruſh, mat-ruſh, fraile-ruſh, pannier-ruſh, bulk-ruſh, great water ruſh.*

Ionc marin. *The ſea-ruſh, or ſea-ruſh graſſe.*

Ionc marisc, ou de marez. *The mariſh ruſh, ſmooth ruſh, candle ruſh.*

Ionc odorant. *The ſweet ruſh, Camells meat, Camells hay, Squinant.*

Ionc à racines odoriferantes. *Cypreſſe, Engliſh or Spaniſh Galingale.*

Ioncade : f. *A certaine ſpoone-meat, made of Creame, Roſe-water, and Sugar.*

Ionché : m. ée : f. *Strewed with, wrought of, ruſhes; covered, or ſpread over, as with ruſhes; alſo, gulled, cogged with, deceived, jeaſted, or toyed with.*

Ionchée : f. *A bundle of ruſhes; alſo, a greene banke to ſit on, or way to go in, ſtrewed with flowers, herbs, graſſe, or greene ruſhes; alſo the ruſhes ſo ſtrewed; alſo, a greene cheeſe, or freſh cheeſe made of milke that's curdled without any runnet, and ſerved in a fraile of green ruſhes; alſo, a handfull of ſmall Ivory prickes wherewith maidens uſe to play.*

Ionchement. *A ſtrewing with, or making of, ruſhes; alſo, a gulling, deceiving, beguiling.*

Joncher. *To ſtrew; to ſpread, or cover (as) with ruſhes; to work, or make of ruſhes; alſo, to gull, cog, or foiſt with; lie unto, deceive, give gudgeons, beare in hand with untruths; alſo, to dally, jeaſt, or toy with.*

Joncheuer : m. *A ſtrewer (as) with ruſhes; a worker, or plaiter of things with ruſhes; alſo, a lyer, cogger, foiſter, deceiver; or a diſſembler, impoſter, abuſer of people with falſe tales, or ſhewes.*

Ionchu : m. uë : t. *Ruſhie, full of ruſhes.*

Iong. *as* Ionc.

Iongler. *To juggle; alſo, to play the Poet.*

Iongleries : f. *Jugling trickes, feats of legerdemaine; alſo, old Poeticall inventions.*

Iongleur : m. *A Iugler.* ¶ Pie. *alſo, a Rimer, or Poet.*

Ionne. *Young. Looke* Ieune *(an old word.)*

Ioquetter. *To teacher; or, to line, as a dog doth a bitch.*

Iorroiſe : f. *A horſe-plum.*

Ioſmin : m. *The ſhrub Ioſmin, Ioſſomin, Ieſſe.*

Iota. *A jot, point, or pricke.* ¶ Rab.

Iotte : t. *(The herb) Beet, or Beets.*

Iotteux : m. euſe : f. *Claggie, clammie, cleaving.*

Iou : m. *as* Ioug.

Iou *as* Moy; *Me.* ¶ Gaſe.

Et iou mot. *For my part I will be whiſt, or not ſpeake one word.*

Ioüant. *Playing, gaming, ſporting, dallying, jeaſting, paſſing away the time.*

En ſe ioüant. *In ſport, game, jeaſt, boording, merrily.*

† Ioüarre : m. *An old rimer, ballad-maker, or maker of Enterludes for children; and country ſolke to act.*

Ioüart : m. *A Windgall in the leg of a horſe.*

Ioubarbe : f. *Houſeleeke, Sengreene, Aygreene, Bullocks eye, Iupiters beard.*

Ioubarbe arborée. *Tree Houſleeke.*

Ioubarbe femelle. *as* Ioubarbe à petites fueilles.

Ioubarbe à petites fueilles. *The female ſmall Sengreene (with the pale-white flower) called wild Prick madame, great Stone-crop, and worme-graſſe.*

Ioubarbe marine. *Sea Houſleek, Sea Aygreene, herbe Aloes,*

Ioubarbe maſle. *Prickmadame, or Sengreen the leſſer, with the yellow flower.*

Ioubarbe ſauvage. *Mouſe-graſſe, wild Prickmadame.*

Ioubarbe des vignes. *Orpine, Liblong, Livelong.*

Grande Ioubarbe. *Great Sengreene, great Houſleek, Iupiters beard.*

Petite Ioubarbe. *The male Prickmadame, or Sengreene the leſſer; alſo, Mouſetaile, Pricket, Stone-bore, little Stone crop, Wall-pepper, Countrey-pepper, Iacke of the Butterie.*

Iouc : m. *as* Iuc; *A henne-rooſt.*

Ioucher. *as* Ionchet; *To cog, to foiſt, &c. alſo, as* Iucher; *to rooſt, or pearch; whence;*

Qui avec mal plaiſant ſe couche, ſouvent ſur luy le vent ſe iouche; Pro.

Ioudarde : f. *A Sea-coot.*

Iouë : f. *The cheeke, the jowle.*

Bailler par les iouës de. *Looke* Bailler.

Il luy en bailla parmy les iouës. *He gave him a ſound box on the eare.*

S'en batre les iouës. *To repent throughly, or afflict himſelfe extreamely for.*

Il s'en eſt donné par les iouës. *He pulled, or ſnatched it violently unto him.*

Mal iouë quiert la iouë; Prov. *He jeaſts but ill that hurts him whom he jeaſts with.*

Ioué : m. té : f. *Played; gamed, ſported, dallied.*

On s'eſt ioué de ſon cuir. *He hath been ſoundly whipped.*

Iouée : f. *The whole checke extending from the eyebrow to the chinne; alſo, a box, cuffe, whirrit, buffet on the cheeke, or eare.*

Iouëigneur : m. *A younger brother.* ¶ Breton.

Iouëlle : f. *A yoake.*

Iouëlles. *Arched, or yoaked vines; vines ſo underpropped, or faſhioned, that one may goe under the middle of them.*

Iouër. *To play, game, ſport; dallie, jeaſt; recreate, or ſolace himſelfe, paſſe away the time; alſo, to act, repreſent, or counterfeit (as a Comedian) the geſtures of another.*

Iouër à l'amour. *One to hold up his fingers, and another, turned from him, to gheſſe how many he holds up.*

Iouër à bander & à racler contre. *To deale in all extremitie againſt.*

Iouër à boule veuë. *Looke* Boule.

Iouër à bourthors. *To thruſt out the harlot; (a game in ſome uſe among Courtiers, and Competitors.)*

Iouër des couſteaux. *To fight; alſo, to eat hard, or beſtirre himſelfe apace, at a table.*

Iouër des cymbales & manequins. *To lecher.* ¶ Rab.

Iouër d'eſpée. *To fence, or play at fence.*

En Iouër de l'eſpée à deux mains. *To doe what he liſt withall; alſo, to have his hands full of; or to imploy both hands in.*

Iouër le gros ieu. *To play great game, to be at the faireſt; to throw away all at a caſt, to venture a whole reſt at once.*

Iouër ſes ieux. *To doe his feats, or play his prankes; alſo, to play reakes, or keep a terrible coile.*

Iouër ſon jeu. Il ne iouë pas aujourd huy ſon jeu. *He is cleane out of play.*

Iouëz voſtre jeu. *Play, an aime caſt (at bowles.)*

Iouër de la navette. *To play faſt and looſe; or, a wench to enter a man into her Tables.*

Iouër des Orgues. autant que paillarder.

Iouër au rabat. *To make an abatement.*

Iouër du rebec. *Stubbornly to reſiſt, withſtand, or contradict.*

Iouër à la ronfle; *To ſnore. See* Ronfle.

Iouër ſon roolle, ou roule. *To play his part throughly, to lay about him luſtily.*

Iouër le roule, ou roulet de. *To act, or counterfeit the geſtures of.*

Iouër au Roy deſpouillé. *To leape over where the hedge is loweſt; to pull a fleece from a declining ſtate; to helpe him forward thats ready to fall.*

Iouër du ſerrecropiere. *To Leacher.* ¶ Rab.

Iouër vne trouſſe. *To give a gudgeon; or, to ſerve aſly, or ſlipperie trick.*

Iouër de la veze. *To play on the bagpipe; alſo, to fizzle.*

Il iouë de moy à la pelotte. *He handles me at his owne pleaſure; he toſſes, or uſes me he cares not how.*

Se iouër a. *To mocke, deride, frumpe, jeaſt with.*

Il veut ſe iouër à elle. *He would be doing with her, he would faine have a flirt at her.*

Ne te iouë pas à luy; ne t'y iouë pas. *(Said, by way of admonition, unto one that intends to quarell with a man of greater ſtrength, or meanes then himſelfe) meddle not with him.*

Il ne ſa faut pas iouër au boeuf; Prov. *An Oxe is not to be dallied with.*

Mal iouë qui fiert la iouë; Prov. *He that will jeaſt muſt doe it gently.*

Iouëreſſe : f. *A woman-gameſter, player, ſporter.*

Iouët. *A ſhittlecocke.*

Iouëts. *Toyes; little ſports, apiſh playes, prettie or childiſh paſtimes.*

Iouëté : f. *for* Ieuneſſe; *(an old word.)*

Iouëur : m. *A player, gameſter, dallier, ſporter.*

Iouëur d'eſpée. *A Fencer.*

Iouëur de farces. *A Comedian, Stage-player, or common-player.*

Iouëur de Moralitez. *An Enterlude-player; alſo, a Buffoone, or profeſſed Jeaſter.*

Iouëur de paſſe paſſe. *A Jugler.*

Il n'eſt ieu qu'à iouëurs; Pro. *There is no playing with any that cannot play.*

Iouffiu : m. uë : f. *Chuffie, fat cheeked, ſwolne, or puft up in the face.*

Ioug : m. *A yoake; alſo, the head of a Lute, Violl, &c. alſo, the croſſe-beame of a balance; alſo, as* Iouc; *a hen-roaſt.*

Faire ioug. *To yeeld, obey, ſubmit himſelfe.*

Faire faire joug. *To tame, ſubdue, bring under, to reduce unto obedience.*

Iougal, l' o. iougal. *The end, or outward part of the cheeke bone towards the eare.*

Iongler. *as* Iongler.

Iougleur. *as* Iongleur.

Iouï : m. ie : f. *Enjoyed, uſed, poſſeſſed, had.*

Iovial : m. ale : f. *Iovial, ſanguine, borne under the Planet Iupiter.*

Iovien : m. *A Jovialiſt; one that naturally, and by complexion, pleaſant, or ſanguine.*

† Iouïgleur. *Seeke* Iongleur.

Iouïr. *To enjoy; poſſeſſe, hold, occupie, uſe; to take the profit, receive the fruit, have the fruition of.*

Iouïſſance : f. *An enjoying; poſſeſſing, occupying, holding; fruition, whole fruit, full uſe, abſolute poſſeſſion of.*

Iouncher. *as* Ionchet; *(an old word.)*

Iour : m. *A day; alſo, light, or day-light; alſo, the ſhadow, or luſtre thats given unto a picture by a skilfull workeman; alſo, a Court, or pleading place.*

Iour artificiel. *The artificiall, or tradeſmans day; continues from the riſing, to the ſetting, of the Sunne.*

Iours de ceſſation. *A vacation.*

Iour civil. *The civill day; continues (as* Iour naturel) *24 houres; but differs in the beginning, by the different uſe, or conſtitutions of ſeverall nations; whereof ſome (as the* Caldeans, *and* Perſians) *begin it from Sunne riſing; others (as the* Iewes, Athenians, *ancient* Egyptians, *and moderne* Italians) *from Sun-ſet; others (as the* Umbrians) *from noone; and others, (as the ancient* Romans, *and at this day, the* French, Spaniards, Germanes, *and the moſt part of the people of our world) from midnight.*

Iour de la Chandeleur. *Candlemas day.*

Iour egal. *The Equinoctiall, or Equator; the day that is as long as the night.*

Iour d' vne feneſtre. *The hole, or whole compaſſe of a window; whereby the light comes in.*

Iour de loy. *A Hall day, Court day, Law day.*

Iour de morts. *All-ſoules day.*

Iour naturel. *The naturall day; conſiſts of 24 houres.*

Iour de pain perdu. *Shrove-tuesday.*

Iour de Palais. *as* Iour de loy.

Iour dès Roys. *The Epiphanie, or Twelfth day in Chriſtmas.*

Iour de la Saincte croix. *Crouchmeſſe day.*

Iour du Sainct Sacrement. *Corpus Chriſti day.*

Iour ſervant. *Looke* Servant.

Iour du toile. *A day of pleading, a Court-day.*

Les trois iours de tenebres. *The three dayes next before Eaſter.*

Iour haut, ou haut iour. *High dayes,*

at broad day light, far on the day.

Iour de ma vie, *Never, not ſo long as I live.*

Les bons iours. *The holy-daies of Chriſtmas, or of any other good time.*

Les Grands iours. *An extraordinary Seſſions, called by vertue of the Kings Commiſſion, or Letters Patents directed unto certaine Iudges of the Parliament (within the precincts whereof it is to be held) and appointing them, what place they ſhall ſit in, how long they ſhall ſit; what cauſes they ſhall deale in, and how farre they ſhall proceed in them: The Peeres of France have alſo their Grands iours, which they hold once, or twice a yeare, for the execution of their higheſt Iuriſdiction, and for the hearing of Appeales from their own inferiour Courts.*

Vis à iour, *Looke* Vis.

'A iour. *Tranſparent; or ſo made, ſo cut, &c. as one may ſee through it in divers places.*

Au iour la iournée. *Poorely, barely, needily, no more then from hand to mouth.*

Au demy iour. *Halfe ſhadowed, halfe appearing.*

De iour. *In the day time.*

Pour à tous les iours. *For the worke daies, or to be uſed every day.*

Bacchus eſtant ſorti par le iour de Iupiter; viz. *Out of the ſlit he made in his thigh for* Bacchus *to lye in.*

Bailleur de beaux iours. *A cogging, glozing, or fawning companion; one that uſes many faire (but effectleſſe) words.*

Bailleur de bons iours. *The ſame; or, an ordinary ſtreet-ſaluter.*

Donner iour à. *To grace, beautifie, give light, or luſter unto.*

Donner iour à ſa deſpence. *To labour to get his expences a reputation; or, ſo to manage them as the world may take moſt notice of them.*

Faire iour. *Day to breake, or to appeare;* (*hence,* Compere ie dors, il ne fait pas encore iour. *I am not for you good neighbour;*) *alſo, to make a hole, or open a paſſage, for light to come in at.*

Faire iour à. *To make way, or open a paſſage, for another.*

Faire iour en. *To open; to paſſe, or pierce through and through.*

Pierres qui ne portent point de iour. *Stones that be not tranſparent.*

Trouver ſon iour. *To die.*

Vn iour iuge de l'autre, & le dernier iuge de tous; Pro. *One day another, and the laſt all, iudges.*

'A bon iour bonne eſtreine; Prov. *Looke* Eſtreine.

'A bon iour bon oeuvre; Prov. *The better day the better deed. Looke* Oeuvre.

Ce qui ſe faict de nuict paroit de iour; Prov. *The workes of darkeneſſe are at length diſcovered.*

Ia ne chante le coq ſi viendra le iour; Prov. *Though the cocke never crew day will appeare.*

Il n'eſt ſi grand iour que ne vienne veſpre; Prov. *The longeſt day will have a dawning.*

Il n'eſt qu' vne mauvaiſe heure au iour; Prov. *There is but one ill (or unluckie) houre in the day.*

Il ſuffit au iour de ſa miſere; Pro. *One miſery is enough at once.*

Le coeur fait l'oeuvre, non pas les grands iours: Prov. *as in* Oeuvre.

Longues paroles font les iours courts; Prov. *Long words make ſhort daies; a long diſcourſe makes time to ſteale away.*

Nul ſoir ſans iour; Prov. *Looke* Soir.

On revient ſage des iours; Prov. *In time fooles get experience.*

Nous achetons tout fors le iour, & la nuict; Pro. *All things are vendible ſave day and night.*

Quoy que fol tarde iour ne tarde; Prov. *Time ſtayeth not on fooles; or though the foole ſtay, time ſtaies not.*

Iournal: m. *as* Iournau; *alſo, as* Livre, ou Papier Iournal.

Iournal: m. ale: f. *Journall; dailie; done in, or belonging to, the day.*

Livre, ou papier journal. *A Journall, Diarie, day-booke, Regiſter kept of dailie occurrences.*

Iournalier: m. *A Journey-man; one that workes by the day; alſo, a certaine poiſonous herb, which being eaten of, kills within a day.*

Iournalier: m. ere: f. *Dailie, quotidian; ordinarie, continuall; alſo, uncertaine; to day one way, to morrow another; whence;*

Vn homme iournalier. *An inconſtant or fickle headed; alſo, a careleſſe or improvident, fellow; one that is onlie for the preſent.*

Iournau: m. *A quantitie of land not much different from the* Arpent; *and in ſome countries (as in* Champaigne) *the verie ſame: Or, as much land as a yoake of Oxen can plough up in one day; (which is of clay land about an Acre, and of ſandie ground about an Acre and a halfe.)*

Iournau Bourdelois, ou de la ville de Bourdeaux. *(Wherein notwithſtanding it is but little knowne, and leſſe uſed) containes in breadeth 112 foot, in length 224, but theſe feet (tearmed thereabouts, pieds de terre) are by an eighth part in three quarters longer then ordinarie ones.*

Iournau de Bourgogne (en terre, ou Vigne.) *Containes 360 Pearches; or Poles.*

Iournau de Bretaigne. *Is 20 Cords long, and foure broad, of 24 foot to the Cord.*

Iournau Engoumoiſin. (*The true* Iugerum *of the antient Latines*) *is 120 foot broad, and 240 long; or (which comes to the ſame proportion) 20 fadomes broad, and 40 long.*

Iournau de Xainctongne. *Containes 100 ſquares, or Iron chaines, each of eighteene linkes, and everie linke a foot in length.*

Iournée: f. *A day, or whole day; alſo, a day of battell, or the battell it ſelfe; alſo, a daies worke, or labour; a daies journey, or travell.*

Iournée blanche. *A holy-day, or play-day; called ſo by ſome countrey people.*

Iournée des Eſperons. *The battell of Spurres, wonne, in the yeare 1513, by the Engliſh upon the French, poſſeſſed with a ſudden feare, and preferring one paire of heeles before two paire of hands.*

La iournée d'vne geline. *An egge.*

Iournée ſervante. *Looke* Servant.

Au iour la journée. *Only from hand to mouth.*

Il a touſiours ſa iournée faite. *He is a loggerhead, or dull fellow.*

Bonne iournée fait qui de fol ſe delivre; Prov. *He does a good daies worke that rids his hands of a foole.*

Les grands boeufs ne font pas le grandes iournées; Prov. *Looke* Boeuf.

Iournellement. *Daily, day by day, every day.*

Iourneu: m. *A quantitie of land (in the Seigneurie of* Conty *in* Clermont) *containing 100 roods, of 24 foot to the rood.*

Iournieur: m. *A dailie worke.* (v.m.)

Iouſte: f. *A Juſt; a Juſting, or Tilting; alſo, a fight, or battell.*

Iouſte. (Adverb.) *Neere to, nigh adjoyning, hard by, towards, beſide.*

Iouſter. *To Juſt, Tilt, or Turney; to runne one againſt another; alſo, to fight, or bicker; as;*

Faire iouſter les coqs. *To ſet the Cockes together by the eares.*

Iouſteux: m. euſe: f. *Juſting, full of Juſting, that loves to Juſt.*

Iouvenee. *as* Ieuneſſe. *Youth.*

Iouvenceau: m. *A youth, ſtripling, lad, ſpringall, young man.*

Argent frais & nouveau ruine le iouvenceau; Prov. *Looke* Argent.

Iouvencel. *as* Iouvenceau.

Iouxte. *as* Iouſte (Adverb.) *Alſo, according to.*

Iouy. *as* Ioui.

Ioyallier: m. *A Jeweller; A Merchant, or maker of Jewells.*

Ioyau: m. *A Jewell.*

Ioyaulerie: f. *Jewelling; the trade, or myſterie of jewelling,*

Ioyaulier: m. *A Ieweller.*

Ioye: f. *Joy, mirth, glee, gladneſſe, rejoicing, jocundneſſe; comfort, pleaſure, delight, lightneſſe of heart.*

Ioye de papillon. *Short joy, momentarie gladneſſe.*

Fille de ioye. *A punke, or pleaſant ſinner.*

Ioye au coeur fait beau teint; Prov. *Looke* Teint.

Ioye triſte coeur travaillé; Prov. *Sad mirth denotes a troubled mind.*

Ioyeuſement. *Joyfullie, merrily, gladly, blithly, jocundly, cheerefully.*

Ioyeuſeté: f *Joyfulneſſe, cheerefulneſſe, jollitie, jocundneſſe.*

Ioyeux: m. euſe: f. *Joyfull, joyous, glad, merrie, jocund, blithe, buxome, frolicke, jollie, cheerefull, pleaſant, gameſome.*

Ioyeux comme vn eſmerillon. *We may ſay, as cranke as a Cocke Sparrow.*

Plus ioyeux que rats en paille, ou fourmis en grain. *More jocund than Rats among chaffe, or Ants among corne.*

Ioyeuſe, & riche vie pere, & mere oublie; Prov. *Looke* Vie.

Ique. Les Maux terminez en ique ſont au medecin la nique; Prov. *Looke* Nique.

Ira. (*The third perſon of the Future Tenſe of the Verbe* Aller; *whence;*) Il n'en ira pas ainſi. *The matter ſhall not be carried in that manner.*

Iracond: m. de: f. *Angrie, teſtie, cholerick, waſpiſh, fumiſh, pettiſh, quickly moved, ſoone diſpleaſed.*

Iraigne. *in ſtead of* Araigne. Mot villageois.

Iralcible: com. *Cholericke, ſoone angred, ſubiect unto anger.*

Ire: f. *Ire, anger, choler, chafing, fuming, peeuiſhneſſe; wrath, rage, moodineſſe, indignation.*

Ire de freres, ire de Diables; Prov. *Brothers furie, deuilliſh follie.*

Douce parole tempt grand ire; Prov. *Great anger is by gentle tearmes aſſwaged.*

Iré: m. ée: f. *Angred, chafed, vexed, put into choler.*

Ireuſement. *Irefully, wrathfully, ſtomackfully.*

Ireux: m, euſe: f. *Irefull, wrathfull, ſtomackfull, moodie, fumiſh, cholericke, ſoone moued, quickly vexed, eaſily diſtempered.*

Irin: m. ine: f. *Of* Ireos.

Iris: f. *The rainebow; alſo a Flowerdeluce.*

Iris de Florence. *The Flowerdeluce of* Florence, *whoſe roote yeelds our Orice powder.*

Pierre d'Iris. *Some call ſo, the Opall, becauſe it reſembles a rainebow; others, a ſtone thats of the kind, and colour, of the Giroſole, but much harder then the ordinarie one.*

Irrachetable: com. *Unredeemable; not to be bought, had, or got againe, at any price.*

Irradiation: f. *An irradiation; an inlightning, or caſting of beames; a ſhining upon.*

Irraiſonnable: com. *Unreaſonable, outragious, beaſtlie, brutiſh.*

Irrecevable: com. *Unreceivable, unintertainable, not to be welcommed unto.*

Irreconciliable: com. *Irreconcilable, unreconcilable; moſt contrarie, at extreame oddes.*

Irrecuperable: com. *Unrecoverable, unrepairable, wholly loſt, fully gone.*

Irrefragable: com. *Irrefragable, unbreakable, inviolable, unevocable.*

Irregularité: f. *Irregularitie, unrulineſſe, diſorder, outlaſhing.*

Irregulier: m. ere: f. *Irregular, unrulie, without rule, diſorderlie, diſſolute, lawleſſe.*

Irregulierement. *Irregularly, unorderly, lawleſſly, without rule.*

Irreligieuſeté: f. *Religion, want of Religion; Atheiſme, ungodlineſſe.*

Irreligieux: m. euſe: f. *Irreligious, without religion.*

Irremarquable: com. *Unremarkable, not to be marked, no way to be noted.*

Irremeable: com. *Unreturnable, or, from which one cannot go backe.*

Irremediable: com. *Remedileſſe, redreſleſſe, recureleſſe, irrecuperable, unrecoverable.*

Irremediablement. *Remedileſſly, unremediably.*

Irremiſſible: com. *Unremittable, irremiſſible, unpardonable.*

Irremiſſiblement. *Unremittably, irremiſſibly.*

Irremittent. *Unintermiſſive, continuall, without any pauſing.*

Irreparable: com. *Irreparable, unrepairable, unreſtorable, unrecoverable.*

Irreparablement. *Irreparably, unreſtorably, unrecoverably.*

Irrepaſſable: com. *Unrepaſſable, over which no return can be made.*

Irreprehenſible: com. *Irreprehenſible, blameleſſe, unreprovable.*

Irreprehenſiblement. *Irreprehenſibly, blameleſſly, unreprovably.*

Irreprochable: com. *Unreproachable; not ſubiect unto imputation; pure, ſincere.*

Irreprovable: com. *Unreprovable, faultleſſe, unblamable.*

† Irrequiet. *Reſtleſſe, unquiet, active, buſie, turbulent, ever ſtirring.*

Irreſpectueux: m. euſe: f. *Unreſpective, inofficious, rude.*

† Irreveillable: com. *Unwakable, in a dead ſleepe.*

† Irreveland. *Unrevealable, not to be revealed.*

Irreveremment. *Unreverently, rudely.*

Irreverence: f. *Irreverence, want of reverence, unmannerlineſſe, unreſpectfulneſſe.*

Irreverent. *Unreverent, unreſpectfull, unmannerlie, rude, proud.*

Irrevocable: com. *Irrevocable, unrecallable.*

Irrevocablement. *Irrevocably, unrecallably.*

Irriſion: f. *Irriſion, mocking, flowting, ſcoffing at; a deriding, or laughing to ſcorne.*

Irritation: f. *An irritation, or ſtirring up; an incenſing, urging, or moving unto anger; a provocation; an appetite.*

Irrité: m. ée: f. *Stirred, incenſed, urged, nettled, provoked, angred.*

Irriter. *to irrite, ſtir, urge, nettle, incenſe, provoke, move unto anger, put into choler.*

Irriter les freſſons. *To provoke an angrie perſon.*

† Irrogé: m. ée: f. *Impoſed, injoyned; laded, or ſet upon.*

Irruption: f. *An irruption; a forcible entry; a violent burſting, or breaking into.*

Iſars: m. *The wild Goats of whoſe skins our Shamois leather is made.* ℣ Langued.

Iſchie: f. *The Sciatica, or Hip-gowt.* ℣ Rab.

Iſchine: f. *The backe-bone.*

Iſchion: m. *The buckle-bone, or hip-bone.*

Iſciatique: com. *Troubled with the Sciatica; pained in the hips.*

Iſlaye: f. *A willow, or withie grove; a bank, or plot wherein Oziers, or twig-withies grow; alſo, a great bundle, multitude, or quantity of Ozier twigs.*

Iſle: f. *An Iſle, or Iſland; alſo, a houſe that ſtands by it ſelfe in the middle of a ſtreet.*

Os des Iſles. Looke Os.

Iſlette: f. *A little Iſland.*

Iſleux: m. euſe: f. *Iſlandie; full of, or belonging to, Iſlands.*

Iſlois: m. *An Iſlander; one that dwells in an Iſle.*

Iſnel: m. elle: f. *Quicke, light, fleet, ſwift, nimble, active, livelie, ſpeedie, readie.*

Iſnellement. *Fleetly, ſwiftly, lightly, quickly, nimbly, actively, livelily, readily.*

Iſope: f. *(The herb) Iſop, or Hiſop.*

Iſopleure. *A triangle, or other figure, whereof all the ſides be equall.*

Iſſant, l'iſſant d'vn tombereau. *as* Timon.

Iſſant. *Going, flowing, or iſſuing, forth.*

Iſſir. *To iſſue; to go, or depart out; to flow forth.*

Iſſu: m. uë: f. *Iſſued; ſlowen, ſprung, proceeded from, come, riſen, bred, or born, of.*

Iſſuë: f. *The iſſue, end, ſucceſſe, event, or proofe of matters; alſo, the toll, or cuſtome paied for merchandiſe exported.*

Les iſſuës d'vne beſte. *The head, and intralls of a beaſt.*

Droict d'iſſuë. *The ſame; alſo, the fine thats due unto a Landlord upon the ſale, or alienation of his tenants eſtate; or as in;*

Ventes & iſſuës. *Iſſues; or,* iij ſoüj d. *upon every pound thats taken for land ſold by a tenant.*

Iſtau. *as* Tel; *Such a one.* ℣ Poictevin.

† Iſte-miſte. Parler en iſte-miſte: *To ſpeak nicely, ſprucely, quaintly, finically, to ſimper, or affect it, in ſpeech.*

Iſthme: m. *An iſthmus; a necke, or narrow peece of land between two Seas; alſo, the bridge, or middle part of the noſe.*

Iſtiomené. *as* Eſtiomené. ℣ Rab.

Italianizer. *To Italianize it; to ſpeake Italian, play the Italian, do like an Italian.*

Italienniſer. *The ſame.*

Item. vn item. *A parcell; a ſmall peece, or ſumme.*

Iteratif: m. iue: f. *Iterative, repeating, redoubling, reinforcing.*

Iteration: f. *An Iteration, repetition, renewment, reinforcement, redoubling, eſtſoones-doing.*

Iterato. C'eſt vne ſeconde Commiſſion, ou decret de la cour de Parlement, par lequel il eſt mandé de mettre à execution ce qui avoit eſté ordonné, nonobſtant le ſurſan; ou pour paſſer outre à l'execution d'vn executoire de deſpens, non obſtant oppoſition, ou appellation, pour avoir eſté taxez en la preſence de la partie condamnée: Comme auſſi en finance l'on uſe de lettres d'Iterato, & noveau mandement. ℣ Ragueau.

Iterer. *To iterate, reiterate, repeat, redouble, do eſtſoones or againe.*

Ithiobole: m. *A ſwallowtref of bits, or morſells.* ℣ Rab

Ithyphalle: m. *A ſtanding up.* ℣ Rab.

Itineraire: m. *An Itinerarie, or direction for the way; a Booke, or paper wherein the length, and courſe of high-waies be delineated.*

Iubé: m. *as* Iuppe; *Alſo, a high place made for ſingers, or other Muſitians, over ſtages, &c.*

Faire venir a Iubé. *To compell unto reaſon.*

Iube: f. *The (thicke) mane of a horſe, &c.*

Prendre vn lion par les Iubes. *as in* Lion.

Iubé: m. ée: f. *Thicke-maned like a horſe, &c.*

Iubilation: f. *Iubilation, exultation, great joy, much gladneſſe.*

Iubilé: m. *A Iubile; a yeare of releaſing, libertie, rejoicing.*

Iucheoir: m. *A rooſt, or pearch for pulleine to reſt on.*

se Iucher. *To rooſt, or pearch (in a rooſt) as pulleine do.* Looke Ioucher.

Iucondale: f. *A Daller; a coine worth about* 3 s. ſterl.

Iudaïque: com. *Iudaicall, Iewiſh, of* Iurie.

Herbe de Iudaïque. *Iewes herb, Tetrabit, Glidewort.*

Pierre Iudaïque. *A faire white ſtone faſhioned like an Acorne, and compaſſed with many lines in equall diſtance aſunder.*

Iudaïſer.

Iudaïſer. *To Judaiſe it, play the Jew, live after the manner of the Jewes.*

Iudas: m. *Judas.*

Aureille de Iudas. (*The Muſhrome called*) *a Jewes eare.*

Bran de Iudas. *Freckles, or freckled pimples in the face.*

Iudicature: f. *Judicature, Juſtice, Judgement*; hence,

Office de Iudicature. *A Judges place.*

Iudiciaire: com. *Judging, imperious*; *belonging to a Judge, or Judgement*; *alſo, judiciarie, judiciall, done in Court.*

Appellation iudiciaire, celle qu'on interjecte des ſentences, appointements, & actes qui ſe donnent, les choſes eſtans conduictes en iugement, & ſe fait tant de vive voix, que par eſcript.

Faveur iudiciaire. *The favour done by a Judge unto a ſuitor.*

Intereſt iudiciaire. *Look* Intereſt.

Iudiciairement. *Judiciarily, judicially.*

Iudiciel: m. elle: f. *Judiciall.*

Iudiciellement. *Iudicially*; *according to the law, by due courſe of law.*

Iudicieuſement. *Judiciouſly, wiſely, underſtandingly.*

Iudicieux: m. euſe: f. *Judicious, wiſe, much underſtanding, or of great underſtanding.*

Ive: f. (*The herb*) *Ive.*

Ive arthritique. *Field Cypres, herb Ive, ground-Pine, Forget-me-not.*

Ive muſcate. *The ſame.*

Ive muſquée. *The ſame*; *alſo, Pellamountaine, white Poley.*

† Iuene. *Look* Ieune.

Iuge: m. *A Judge, Juſtice*; *Commiſſary*; *a righter of cauſes, a decider of quarrels, an ender of controverſies.*

Iuges es finances. *Certaine Officers who examine, and controll the Kings expences, and th'accounts of the Receivers, &c.*

Iugés & Conſuls des marchands. *as in* Conſul.

Iuge deſſous l'orme. *The Judge of a village, or of the Courts of an inferiour Gentleman*; *ſo tearmed, becauſe he commonly ſits to heare cauſes under ſome Elme, &c. that growes in the highway before the Gentlemans gate.*

Iuge pendanée. *as* Iuge deſſous l'orme; *and called ſo, becauſe he is not to ſit on a Tribunall, or high ſeat, but on ſome bench, or bank neer to the ground.*

Iuges de la porte. *In S.* Lewis *his time three of the Maſters of Requeſts were ſo tearmed, becauſe they ſat all the day long within the bars of the Court gate, there to receive petitions*; *which if they contained ordinary ſtuffe, they diſpatched preſently, but if they were extraordinary, or concerned the State, they acquainted the King withall.*

Iuge à quo. *From whom (or* ad quem, *to whom) a partie appeales.*

Iuge veher. *Look* Veher.

Il en aura la taux du Iuge. *He will be ſoundly payed, or throughly plagued, for it.*

Nos Iuges n'ont Dieu devant les yeux, ny ſes Sancts. *An equivocall jeaſt*; *for, in many Courts of* France, *God and the Saints are pictured in the roofes, and commonly juſt over the Judges heads.*

De tel iuge breve ſentence; Prov. *A fooles boult is ſoone ſhot.*

Iuge: f. *A ſtaulk, or branch.*

Iugé: m. ée: f. *Judged, adjudged, doomed, ſentenced, decreed*; *determined, ordered*; *awarded.*

Iugement: m. *A judgement, ſentence, doom, decree*; *determination, order, award, the finall deciſion of a controverſie*; *alſo, advice, conceit, opinion*; *alſo, capacity, diſcretion, underſtanding, inſight into matters.*

Fiens de chien, & mare d'argent ſeront tout vn au iour de iugement; Prov. *All will be one at the latter day (ſay we.)*

† Iugeolle: f. *as* Iugioline.

Iuger. *To judge, doom, ſentence, decree*; *determine, decide, order, award, cenſure*; *alſo, to deem, think, imagine, conceive, eſteeme*; *diſcerne, apprehend.*

Vn iour iuge de l'autre, & le dernier iuge de tous; Prov. *This day of the laſt, the laſt of all, doth judge.*: Finis coronat opus.

Iugere: m. *A (Romane) furlong*; 240 *foot long, and* 120 *broad.*

† Iugerie: f. *A Court, or ſeat of Juſtice*; *alſo, the juriſdiction, liberties, territory, or precincts of a towne.*

Iugioline: f. *Th'Indian oyly pulſe, or white grain* Seſamum; *alſo, the plant that bears it.*

Iuglande, noix iuglande. *A Wallnut.*

Iugulaire: com. *Of, or belonging to, the throat.*

Veines iugulaires. *Look* Veine.

Iuïf: m. *A Jew.*

Iuïfvet: f. *A Jeweſſe.*

Iuïfverie: f. *The Jewry*; *or the part of a town that's inhabited by Jewes*; *alſo, Jewdaiſme, the religion, or ſect of the Iewes.*

Iuillet: m. (*the moneth*) July.

Iuillet roſat. *A ſyrop made with Roſe-water and Sugar.*

Iujubes: f. *The fruit, or plumme called Iuiubes.*

Iule: f. *A ſmall worme that reſembles the many-legd* Scolopendra, *or Palmer*; *alſo, an Italian coyn worth about* 6 d. ſterl.

Iulep: m. *A Iulep, or Iuleb*; *a drink made either of diſtilled waters and ſyrops mixed together*; *or of a decoction ſweetned with hony or ſugar, or elſe mingled with ſyrops*; *and miniſtred commonly as a preparative to open the paſſage of the inward parts, and to fit the humors for a purgation.*

Iumeau. *as* Gemeau; *A twin*; *alſo, a young, or little mare.*

Iumelet: m. *A young, or little twin.*

Iumelle. *A female twin, or ſiſter twin*; *alſo (in Blaſon) a Barre* Gemeau.

Iumelles. *The cheeks, or ſide-beams of a preſſe.*

Iument: f. *A mare*; *alſo, water (in old French.)*

La grande iument Margot qui ſe bride par la queuë. *A Ship, or Gally. See* Margot.

Iamais coup de iument ne fit mal à cheval; Prov. *A womans blow nere hurt the man ſhe loved.*

Iune, & Iuner. *as* Ieune, & Ieuner.

Iunjubier: m. *A Iujube tree, or plant.*

Iunonique. *Belonging to* Juno. Oeſtre Iunonique. *Look* Oeſtre.

Iuoil: m. *A white, and tranſparent fiſh, that is no bigger then a mans finger.*

Ivoire: m. *Ivory, Elephants tooth.*

Ivoirin: m. ine: f. *Of Ivory, like Ivory.*

Iupin. *Jupiter.*

Iupineſque: com. *High, Soveraigne, Joviall,* Jupiter-*like.*

Jupiter: m. *The God, or Planet* Jupiter; *alſo, tinne*; *ſo tearmed by Alchymiſts.*

Iupon. *as* Gippon; *A ſhort Caſſock.*

Iuppe: f. *A ſhepheards pelt, frock, or gaberdine*; *ſuch a courſe long jacket as our Porters weare over the reſt of their garments*; (*hence*) *alſo, a caſſock, long coat, looſe jerkin.*

Iupper. *To whoot, ſhowt, crie out alowd*; (*an old word.*)

Iurande: f. *An oath, depoſition, ſwearing.*

Iuratoire: com. *Swearing, or, to be ſworn.*

Iurats de Bourdeaux. *Are as the* Eſchevins, *or Sherifes in other Cities.*

Iuraye. *as* Yvraye.

Iuré: m. ée: f. *Sworne, depoſed, that hath taken an oath.*

Iurez. *Sworne Maſters in any Science, Trade, or faculty.*

Taille iurée. *Which is levied, and payed without aſſeſment, or any examination of the ſubjects ability.*

C'eſt meſtier iuré il n'en eſt pas qui veut; Prov. *Look* Meſtier.

Iurée: f. *A Jury*; *or rather a certain company of ſubſtantiall perſons ſummoned, and ſworn to give in evidence between party and party.*

Les Bourgeois de Iurée. *Sworn Burgeſſes, or freemen.*

Droict de Iurée. *An yearly duty payed in old time unto the Earles of* Champaigne *by all their ſubjects, viz. vj. d. in the pound upon all their movables*; *and ij. d. in the pound for all their immovables*; *yet might any of them be quit for iiij. s. ſterl. a yeare. At this day the King, and other Lords of Juriſdiction receive, in ſome places, the like from their Burgeſſes, or freemen.*

Taille & iurée. *as* Taille iurée.

Iurement: m. *An oath, depoſition, ſwearing*; *the taking of an oath*; *a rapping out of an oath.*

Iurer. *To ſweare, depoſe, take an oath, rap out an oath.*

Iurer és mains d'autruy. (*The old faſhion of ſwearing*) *Look* Main.

Il iure comme vn Abbé; chartier; gentilhomme; prelat. *Like a Tinker, ſay we.*

Ivreſon: f. (*The act of*) *drunkenneſſe.*

Iureur: m. *A ſwearer, or depoſer*; *one that takes an oath, or often raps out oathes*; *alſo, a Iuror, or witneſſe depoſed, whether to utter the truth, or his knowlege.*

Iuridiciant: m. *A Iudge, or Magiſtrate*; *one that executes juſtice, or delivers the law.*

Iuridicié: m. *A party, ſuitor, client*; *one that hath (or would have) juſtice done him*; *one that is in law.*

Iuridique: com. *Of, or belonging to, the law*; *alſo, actionable, ſuable, or which may be put in ſuit*; *alſo, juſt, orderly, judiciall.*

Iuridiquement. *Iudicially, orderly, juſtly, lawfully, according to law.*

Iuriſconſulte: m. *A Lawyer.*

Iuriſ-

Iuriſdiction : ſ. *Iuriſdiction ; authority, or power to adminiſter juſtice, and execute lawes ;* (En droict la Iuriſdiction ne ſignifie que la nue Iuſtice ſans commandement. *Of Loyſeau.)*

Iuriſdiction ſieffale. *The Iuriſdiction a Landlord hath over his Tenants ; or the privilege he hath to heare and determine the ſutes commenced againſt them, and all other complaints, or controverſies touching hu, or their tenures.*

Baſſe Iuriſdiction. *Look* Baſſe Iuſtice.

Iuriſprudence : ſ. *The skill, or knowledge of lawes ; alſo, the ſtile, or forme of the law.*

Iuriſte : m. *A Lawyer ; alſo, a great ſweaver.*

Iuron : m. *An oath.*

Iuróye : ſ. *Damell, Ray, Iveray.*

Ius : m. *Iuice, liquor, ſap, moiſture, pottage, broath.*

Ius. Adverb. *Downe, or to the ground ; whence ;*

Ruerius. *To overthrow.*

Mettre ius la ſayte. *To put off, or lay by, his coat.*

Iuſcle : ſ. *The little Sea-fiſh teamed a Cackerell.*

Iuſier : m. *The giſern of a bird.*

Iuſques. *Till, untill, unto.*

Iuſques à ie ne dis mot ; c'eſt, iuſques au cul, ou au con.

Iuſques à vous autres. *Even you your ſelves.*

Iuſquiame : m. *The weed Hog-bane, or Henbane.*

Iuſquiame blanc. *White Henbane ; called ſo of it white flower, and ſeed.*

Iuſquiame iaulne. *Yellow Henbane, Engliſh Tobacco.*

Iuſquiame noir. *Black Henbane ; hath great and ſoft ſtaulkes, broad and downy leaves, and bell-flowers yellowiſh in the top, and browne toward the bottome.*

Iuſſion : ſ. *A commandement, appoinement, expreſſe order ſet downe, expreſſe charge given.*

Iuſt : m. *as* Ius ; *Iuice.*

Iuſte : com. *Iuſt, equall, indifferent, impartiall, incorrupt, rightfull, upright, ſincere, lawfull, reaſonable ; due, right, even, jumpe, levell, ſtraight ; full, perfect ; even as it ſhould be.*

Iuſtement. *Iuſtly, equally, indifferently, impartially, uprightly ; lawfully ; duly, evenly, ſtraightly ; fully, perfectly.*

Iuſteſſe : ſ. *Iuſtneſſe, jumpneſſe, evenneſſe, true time, due meaſure, good proportion.*

Iuſtice : ſ. *Iuſtice, law, rightneſſe, uprightneſſe, undifferency, impartiality ; alſo, a paire of Gallowes, or place (or inſtrument) of execution ; alſo, Iuriſdiction ; (for which looke the next marginall word ;) alſo, a Court of Iuſtice, or Iuriſdiction.*

Iuſtice commutative. *Equality in exchange.*

Iuſtice corrective. *Penall juſtice, puniſhment of offenders.*

Iuſtice criminelle. *That part of the law which deales with matters of life and death.*

Iuſtice diſtributive. *Equall diſtribution, dealing, or dole ; the giving unto every one his owne.*

Iuſtice harmonique. *Harmonious, and juſt proportion.*

Iuſtice de ſerment. *Triall of a cauſe by an oath miniſtred unto one of the parties (an ancient forme of proceeding.)*

Appeller, ou mettre en Iuſtice. *To goe to law with ; to ſue, or commence a ſute, againſt.*

Iuſtice : ſ. *Iuriſdiction ; power to adminiſter juſtice, authority to execute lawes, or to keep a Court for either ; Of three principall kinds, High, Meane or middle, and Baſe or low ; (although the word* Iuſtice *ſimply, and by it ſelfe, imports onely the laſt ;) alſo, the precinct, liberty, or territory, wherein a Lord may exerciſe any of thoſe kinds ; alſo, the Court of ſuch a Lord.*

Iuſtice cenſuelle, ou cenſiere. *An action, or ſute, for* Cenſuel *rights ; or, power to determine of controverſies that concerne his* Cens : (*A kind of* Iuſtice fonciere.)

Iuſtice domaniale. *as* Iuſtice fonciere.

Iuſtice pour ſes droicts, & debtes. *Iuriſdiction uſurped by divers Lords (of ample* Cenſiues, *and of many vaſſals) for the righting of themſelves in the recovery of duties withheld from them.*

Iuſtice fonciere. (*The ſecond branch of* la Baſſe Iuſtice) *Exerciſed by the* Bas Iuſticier *over his vaſſals, and Tenants (at leaſt) for the preſervation, and recovery of his Seigneuriall duties ;* (*Divers cuſtomes (as thoſe of* Meaux, Valois, Xanctonge, S. Paul, *and the privat ones of* Paris) *have utterly rejected, and forbidden this kind of baſe Iuriſdiction ; Others (as thoſe of* Anjou, Touraine, le Mayne, *and* Lodunois) *confound it with the firſt branch.)*

Iuſtice manuelle. Quand le Seigneur, pour avoir payement des arrerages de la rente, ou charge, prent de ſa main namps ſur l'heritage en la preſence du Sergent, auquel il les delivre pour les diſcuter.

Iuſtice patibulaire à deux piliers. *Belongs unto a Lord High* Iuſticer. *See* Pilier.

Iuſtice à ſang. *So doe the cuſtomes of* Anjou, Touraine, *and* le Mayne, *tearme* La Moyenne Iuſtice ; *giving the Lord thereof power to judge, and execute theeves, and men-killers ; and to that end allowing him to ſet up a paire of gallowes.*

Iuſtice du ſang, & du Larron. *Power to take notice of blowes, and bloud-wipes (beſtowed in hot bloud) and of theeveries which be not capitall ; conferred on the Lord of* la Moyenne Iuſtice, *by the cuſtomes of* Picardy, *and* Flanders.

Iuſtice vicomtiere. la Moyenne Iuſtice ; *tearmed ſo in all the cuſtomes of* la Gaule Belgique.

La baſſe Iuſtice. *Baſe, or low Iuriſdiction ; of two principall kinds, viz.* Perſonall ; *which taketh notice of all perſonall Actions (not exceeding the value of 60 s. or not ſubject to a greater amerciament then 7 s. 6 d. Tourn.) and reall, or* fonciere ; *for which look* Iuſtice fonciere, *and for more touching this kind of Iuriſdiction, ſe,* le Bas Iuſticier.

La haute Iuſtice. *High Iuriſdiction, authority to judge, and determine all criminall, or capitall matters (except high treaſons) and all civile Actions, or controverſies, except in Royall caſes, and ſuch as concerne Gentlemen, and the highwayes ; wherewith no Lord, in the onely right of* haute Iuſtice, *is to meddle ; Seek* le haut Iuſticier.

Acte de haute Iuſtice. *The condemnation of a malefactor, whether unto death, or to indure ſome other corporall puniſhment.*

Executeur de haute Iuſtice. *An Executioner, or Hangman.*

La moyenne Iuſtice. *Meane, or middle Iuriſdiction ; authority to determine all civile controverſies (except the before excepted in* la haute Iuſtice ;) *and to proceed againſt ſome kind of malefactors, (as in* le Moyen Iuſticier.)

Iuſticement : m. *The effect, or execution of Iuſtice, or of Iuriſdiction.*

Iuſticiable : com. *Iuſticiable ; under Iuriſdiction, ſubject unto ſute, or lawes ; that is to doe his ſute unto the Court of another.*

Iuſticiaire : com. *Of, or belonging unto, Iuſtice, or Iuriſdiction.*

Iuſticier : m. *A Iuſtice, or Iuſticer ; a Gentleman that hath (as almoſt every Gentleman of meanes in* France *hath) High, Meane, or Low Iuriſdiction, within a certaine Precinct ; or within his owne (or another mans) Territories : All* Iuſticiers *(though otherwiſe there be addes enough in their Priviledges) muſt keep Clerkes ; and Seales for Sentences, but not for Contracts, if they have not* Droict de Tabellionné, ou Notariat (*which onely ſome few high* Iuſticiers *have :) They may alſo have to the number of ſix Sergeants, and Goalers for the keeping of their priſons.*

Le bas Iuſticier ; ou, le Seigneur bas Iuſticier. *One that hath baſe Iuriſdiction (within a certaine Precinct) over his owne, or another mans, tenants ; takes notice of reall, or perſonall Actions not exceeding the value of 60 s. or wherein a greater amerciament, or fine then 7 s. 6 d. Tour. lies not : With treſpaſſes a few Cuſtomes (as the reformed ones of* Paris, *and* Meleun) *allow him to deale, ſo they deſerve not a greater fine then that ; but the moſt reſtraine him to perſonall matters, and thoſe eſpecially that concerne his owne rights ; (with which onely the* Bas Iuſticiers *of old time uſed to meddle ; howſoever, their Iudges not content withall, have in proceſſe of time incroached on cauſes bred in villages between party and party, touching ſeiſures, boundaries, delivery of poſſeſſion, harme done by treſpaſſing beaſts, and other ſlight and petty differences, that require a ſpeedy, and locall deciſion ; for all which they are to keep but foure Courts in a yeare :) Criminall perſons taken in the manner he muſt apprehend, and may keep them in his priſon four and twenty hours ; but not longer, nor can he proceed further againſt them : Upon every confiſcation, Eſcheat, or Bien vacant that falls within his Liberty he may take 7 s. 6 d. Tour. but they are ſo few, and that ſo little, as many* Iuſticiers *neglect it.*

Le haut Iuſticier ; ou, le Seigneur haut Iuſticier. *A Lord of high Iuriſdiction ; judges, and determines all civile and*

and criminall cauſes (except, as in la haute Iuſtice *) happening within his Liberty, or Precinct; To which end he keeps a Iudge, or* Garde de Iuſtice, *at this time ſtiled higher (*ſon Bailly, & Lieutenant, *) who muſt be learned, and a Graduate (for a Iudge thats no Graduate is not, in* France, *held worthie to pronounce the ſentence of death in an ordinary Iuriſdiction:) And becauſe of his owne buſineſſes determinable (if they concerne the rights of his Iuriſdiction, or* Seigneurie*) in his owne court, he alſo keepes a* Procureur fiſcal, *by the name, and mouth of whom he pleads, even as the King doth in higher Courts by his. He may hunt freely in fit ſeaſons, over all the vninclоſed grounds of his Liberties: He may fine his (offending) vaſſalls at his pleaſure; and once in his time cauſe them all ſweare, to acknowledge no other Iuriſdiction then his; to preſerve, by all poſſible meanes, the priviledges thereof; and to informe him of any that ſhall offer to incroach upon them: he levies to his own uſe all fines and confiſcations (except for high treaſon) all Eſcheats (except baſtards, and ſtrangers goods) and all* Biens Vacans *(except ſome kind of wrecks) accruing within his Precincts: In* Normandy *he cannot keep malefactors in his priſon above 24 houres; after which (if he have not the whileſt condemned them) he muſt ſend them vnto the next Supreame Lord; In other Provinces he may keep them longer, and every where puniſh, according to the cuſtomes of the country, all ſorts of them (even to Sorcerers, Blaſphemers, and Idolaters;) Only he refers over to the Kings officers, and Courts, all ſuch as commit, or be charged with, high treaſon.*

Le moyen Iuſticier. *The Lord of mean, or middle Iuriſdiction; takes notice of all civill cauſes as well as the* Haut Iuſticier *(except in the ordering of the ſeparation of goods between married folkes; the interdiction of vnthrifts; & les Decrets; wherein he comes as far ſhort of him, as he goes beyond the* Bas Iuſticier en le ſeellé, confection d' inventaire, emancipation, dation de tuteurs & curateurs, *wherewith the* Bas Iuſticier *is not to deale:) But what criminall cauſes he may take notice of is not agreed on by the cuſtomes of* France; *for ſome of them, as thoſe of* Paris, Nivernois, *and others, aſſigne him none but ſuch as are not finable above* 60 s. *(the vtmoſt he can impoſe in any cauſe;) Others give him power over* Batteries, Bloudwipes, *and ſleight felonies; Others over Manſlaughters, and capitall felonies: But others (the neereſt vnto the Common Law of* France*) permit him to judge no offenders but ſuch as are to eſcape with life, and limb; And therefore his Iudge needs not to be a Graduate: Nor hath he (as the* Haut Iuſticier*) a* Procureur fiſcal *(though he have an Officer of almoſt the ſame nature, tearmed* Procureur d' Office*) becauſe he hath no fiſque, but only an allowance of* 60 s. Tour. *out of everie Confiſcation, Eſcheat, or* Bien vacant, *thats levied, or gotten, in his Precinct.*

Iuſticier. *To judge, governe, ſway, have* iuriſdiction *over; chaſtice, correct, puniſh; execute the acts, or appointments of Iuſtice.*

Iuſticier pour ſon fief. c'eſt, faire les ſaiſiés.

Iuſtificatif: m. iue: f. *Iuſtificative, juſtifying, righting; making even, or juſt with.*

Iuſtification: f. *A juſtification, purgation, cleering of.*

Iuſtifié: m. ée: f. *Iuſtified, purged, cleered; alſo, made juſt, even, or equall with.*

Iuſtifier. *To juſtifie, purge, cleere, excuſe; alſo, to make juſt, even, or levell with.*

Iuſvert: m. *Greene-ſauce.*

Iuveigneric: f. *Youngerſhip; the condition, eſtate, or title of a younger brother.* ¶ Breton.

† Iuveigneur: m. *A younger brother.*

† Iuveigneurie; ou, Iuveigneurerie. *as* Iuveignerie.

Iuvenile: com. *Young, youthfull, youthly, childiſh.*

Iuvenilement. *Youngly, childiſhly, youthfully, youthlike.*

K

KAlendrier: m. *A Kalender, an Almanacke.*

Son Kalendrier eſt rubriché. *Her Kalender is full of Lubrickes; (ſaid of a woman that hath her Tearmes.)*

Kali. *(The herb)* Glaſſewort, Saltwort, Crab-graſſe, Frog-graſſe.

Karabe. *The beſt yellow Amber;* Bead Amber, Bracelet Amber. *(*Mot Arabique.*)*

Karat. *as* Carat.

Kareſme. *as* Careſme.

Karobbe; ou, Karoble; *A Carob ſeed; alſo, the twenty fourth part of a graine (one of the leaſt weights thats uſed by Goldſmithes.)*

Kebule. *The biggeſt kind of the Mirabolan plumme; long, and ſomewhat like a Peare, or ſmall Leymon, in ſhape.*

Kebus. *as* Kebules.

Keduſudure: m. *The land Adder.* (Mot Barbare.)

Keratoïde. Tunique Keratoïde. *(as* Cornée*;) The hornie Tunicle of the eye.*

Kermes. *Scarlet berries, Scarlet graines; the ſeed of the Scarlet Oake.*

Keſudure. ¶ Rab. *read* Keduſudure.

Kitre. *as* Pois liquide; *Tarre.*

Kyriele; ou, Kyrielles. *A multitude, or great number; alſo, a mighty coile, or noiſe.*

Kyſt: m. *A membrane; little skin, or bladder, within the body, containing ſuperfluous humours.*

L

LA. *An Article of the Feminine Gender (as in)* La maiſon; *the houſe; alſo, a Feminine Relative; (whence)* Ne la voyez vous pas? *See you not it, or her?*

La faire longue. *To live, abide, or ſtay, long.*

Là. *(An Adverb of place) There, thither, yonder, in that place; (alſo, of exhorting, or incouraging)* Là, ou lalà; *now now, go to go to; on there; againe there.*

Là bas. *Beneath, below; downe, downewards.*

I'en ſuis là. *I am of that mind, or humour.*

Que diriez vous là. *What would you ſay in that caſe?*

Ils ne paſſeront iamais par là. *They will never play that part, hold that courſe, yeeld unto thoſe conditions.*

Labdane: m. *Labdanum; a fat, clammy, tranſparent, and ſweet-ſmelling Gumme, or liquor, gathered from off the leaves of the little ſhrub called* Ciſtus Ledon; *alſo, the ſweet oile thats made thereof.*

Labeche: f. *A South-weſt wind.*

Labeur: m. *Labour, travell, toile, paines; worke, exerciſe; contention, diligence, indeavor.*

Labeurer. *Sometimes uſed for* Labourer; *whence;*

En peu h'heure Dieu labeure; Prov. *God workes his will in a ſmall while.*

† Labie: f. *A lip.*

† Labier: m, ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a lip.*

Veine labiere. *The lip-veine. Setke* Veine.

Labile: com. *Slippery, unſtable, fleeting, ſubject unto falling.*

Laboration: f. *A labouring, working, travelling, moiling, toiling.*

Labordean: m. *A Haberdine.*

Laborieuſement. *Laboriouſly, painefully, toileſomely; diligently, induſtriouſly.*

Laborieux: m, euſe: f, *Laborious, painefull, toilſome, difficult; induſtrious, diligent.*

Labour: m. *Tilth, tillage, husbandry, labouring, ploughing, or breaking up of the ground.*

Labourable: com. *Labourable, workeable, fit to be wrought on; alſo, navigable.*

Laborage: m. *as* Labour.

Labouré: m. ée: f. *Laboured; wrought; travelled, toiled; ſtriven, contended, indeavoured, in; alſo, tilled, aired, ploughed, husbanded.*

Labourer. *To labour, travell, worke, toile, moile, drudge, take paines; to ſtrive, contend, indeavour, be diligent, in.*

Labourer la terre. *To till, aire, plough, breake up, husband the ground;* Labourer à bled la terre; *to ſow it.*

Le grand boeuf apprend à labourer au petit; Prov. *The great Oxe learnes the little one to worke.*

Tout ce que le Clerc laboure folle femme devore; Pro. *All that the Clerke can ſcrape, his trull conſumes.*

Labouret: m. *Shepheards purſe, Shepheards pouch, Toiwort, Caſeweed, Pickepurſe, poore-mans Parmatety.*

Laboureur: m. *A labourer, worker, toyler; a Hind, ploughman, husbandman, labouring man; alſo, as* Courtilliere.

Laboureur de nature. *A mans yard.*

Piece de laboureur ſalé. *A peece of powdered beefe.*

Labruſque: m. *The wild (grape-bearing) vine.*

Labyrinthe: m. *A labirinth, maze; intricate matter.*

Faire le tour du labyrinthe. *To labour hard*

hard and be never a whit the neere; alſo, to fall againe, after much adoe, into the matter he firſt handled.

Labyrethe: m. ee: f. *Made as a laborinth, framed like a maze, intricated; full of unknowne crookes, creeke, turnings, windings.*

Labyrinther. *To make (or make like) a laborinth, or maze; to intricate; alſo, to wind, compaſſe, or turne many times in and out; to be full of many unknowne crookes, or creekes.*

Labyrintheux: m. euſe: f. *Moſt intricate, full of turnings, crookes, windings.*

Lac: m. *A lake; a great poole, or meere; alſo, a ginne, or ſnare; as in* Laqs.

Lacé: m. ée: f. *Laced; bound, or tyed with a lace; alſo, ſnarled, or inſnaring.*

Lacement: m. *A lacing; alſo, an inſnaring, or a ſetting of ſnares for.*

Lacer. *To lace; to bind, or tie up with a lace; alſo, to inſnare; or, to ſet ginnes, or ſnares for.*

Laceration: f. *A laceration, tearing, rending, diſmembring, mangling.*

Lacerè: m. ée: f. *Lacerated, torne, rent, mangled, diſmembred, peecemealed.*

Lacerer. *To lacerate, rend, peecemeale, teare, mangle, diſmember.*

Laceron: m. *The Sow-thiſtle, Hares-thiſtle, Hares Colewort.*

Lacert: m. *A Lizard; alſo, the Viver, or leſſe Sea-dragon; tearmed ſo becauſe it ſomewhat reſembles a Dragon.*

Lacerte. *A fleſhie muſcle; tearmed ſo becauſe it hath (as a Lezard) a long taile.*

Lacet: m. *The lace of a pettiest, a womans lace, or lacing; alſo, a ſnare, or ginne.*

Lachrymal: m. ale: f. *Weeping, bewailing; teare-like, dropping, moiſt.* ¶ Rab.

Laconiquement. *Strictly, or ſparingly (in life;) ſhortly, or pithily (in ſpeech.)*

Laconiſer. *To live ſtrictly, or ſparingly; to ſpeake briefely, or pithily.*

Lacquay. *as* Laquay.

Lacque: f. *Sanguine; roſe or ruſſet, colour; (The true* Laca *is an* Armenian *Gumme uſed in the dying of Crimſons, and after-wards (growne artificiall) imployed by Painters.)*

Lacre: m. *A confection, or ſtuffe, made of roſin, brimſtone, and white wax mingled, and melted together; which grown cold is as hard as a ſtone, and cleaves inſeperably unto the thing thats cloſed with it; Our beſt hard wax is a kind of it.*

Lactifiant: m. ante: f. *as* Lactifique.

Lactifique: com. *Milk-breeding, milk-making, milk-yielding.*

Lacunaire: m. *The main beam of a houſe being ſomewhat arched; alſo, an arched ſeeling, or floor of boords.*

Lacune: f. *A puddle, pit, or ditch of ſtanding water; alſo, a fenne, marſh, or wateriſh ground.*

Lacuſtre: com. *Lakie, belonging to a lake.*

Ladane: m. *The ſweet Gumme* Ladanum; *comes of a fat dew, or liquor, gathered from the leaves of the ſhrub* Ciſtus Ledon.

Ladre: com. *Leprous, lazerous; mezeled, ſcurvy.*

Herbe aux ladres. *Muellin, Speed-well, Ground-becle, Paules Betony.*

Riche comme vn ladre. *Seek* Riche.

Celuy eſt bien ladre, il ne ſent point quand on luy pique la chair. *Appliable to a dullard, or a coward; one that's unſenſible and cannot, or fearfull and will not, feele the wrongs done to him.*

Ladrerie: f. *A Spittle for lepers, a place wherein they abide; alſo, leproſie, ſcurvineſſe, meazeldneſſe.*

†Ladrige: f. *Leproſie, leproſneſſe, meazeldneſſe, ſcurvineſſe.*

Ladronnerie: f. *A denne of theeves.*

Lagagne. *Corne-roſe, red Poppy.* ¶ Langued.

Lai: m. *Breadth of cloth, &c. Seeke* Lé, & Lais.

Lai: m. Laïe: f. *Lay, ſecular; of the Laity, none of the Clergie; temporall, vulgar.*

Frere lai. *A ſervant in an Abbey, or Covent.*

Laict: m. *Milke.*

Laict aigre. *Whay; alſo, a ſillibub, or meriborwhe.*

Laict caillé. *Curds, curdled milke, freſh cheeſe.*

Laict clair. *Whay.*

Laict eſburré. *Butter-milke.*

Laict de noſtre Dame. *The white thiſtle.*

Le laict nouveau. *Beeſt, or Beeſtings.*

Laict Tabian. *A milke thats very healthfull for ſuch as are in a conſumption; of* Tabia, *a place in* Italy, *the aire whereof is ſaid to have the ſame vertue.*

Laict Virginal. *A milke compounded of the froth, or ſpume of gold ſteeped in vinegar, and ſalt, infuſed in waters of Plantaine, Nightſhade, and Roſes.*

Dent de laict. *A colts tooth, or young tooth; alſo, a privy grudge.*

Eau de laict. *Clarified whay; alſo, water of milke, or drawn by ſtillitory from milke.*

Frere de laict. *A foſter brother.*

Herbe à laict. *Spurge, Milke-weed, Wolves-milke.*

Herbe au laict. *Sea Milke-wort, black-Salt-wort.*

Petit laict. *Whay.*

Mouches en laict. *A plaine matter, cleere eaſe, evident demonſtration.*

Son eſpée a bien du laict. *His ſleeping ſword (like a ſeldome-drawn udder) hath ſurely ſtore of milke in it.*

Il a tetté de bon laict. *He hath beene well bred; there is much worth, or a great deale of good ſtuffe, in him.*

Yvre de laict caillé. *Tipled, or diſtempered by a ſmall matter; whoſe weake braines are overturned by any weake liquor.*

Vache de loing a laict aſſez; Pro. *A forreine commodity cannot be defective; we eſteeme that moſt that comes furtheſt.*

Vin ſur laict c'eſt ſouhait, laict ſur vin c'eſt venin; Prov. *Waſh thy milke off thy liver,* (*ſay we.*)

Laictages: m. *White meats, milke meats.*

Laictance: m. *The fat, or ſoame of lime, or chaulke, reſembling milke, and therefore thus tearmed; alſo, as* Laicte.

Laicte: f. *The milt, or ſoft roe, of fiſhes.*

Laicté: m. ée: f. *Milkie.*

Laictée: f. *A litter of whelpes.*

Laictence. *as* Laictance.

Laicterie: f. *A dairy, or milke-houſe.*

Laicteron: m. *The Sow-thiſtle.*

Laicteron aſpre. *The prickly Sow-thiſtle.*

Laicteron blanc. *The white-flowered Sow-thiſtle.*

Laicteron liſſe. *Hares Lettuce; the ſmooth (or ordinary) Sow-thiſtle.*

Laicteron noir. *The wild and prickle Sow-thiſtle.*

Laictier: m. ere: f. *Milkie, full of milke, milke-yeelding, made of milke.*

L'herbe laictiere. *Tythimall, Spurge, Milke-reed, Wolves-milke.*

Vache laictiere. *A milch Cow.*

Laictifique: com. *Milke-making, milke-yeelding.*

Laictuë: f. *Lettuce.*

Laictuë aigre. *The bitter wild Endive, or narrow-leaved Endive.*

Laictuë capuſſe. *Cabbadge Lettuce.*

Laictuë de chevres. *Lambes Lettuce, Corne ſallade.*

Laictuë creſpe, ou creſpuë. *Criſped, curled, wrinkled, or crumpled Lettuce.*

Laictuë pommée. *Cabbadge Lettuce, loafed Lettuce, headed Lettuce.*

Laictuë Romaine. *The greateſt kind of Cabbadge Lettuce.*

Laictuë ronde. *Loafed, or headed Lettuce, that grows cloſe by the ground.*

Laictuë ſauvage. *Wild Lettuce, greene Endive; alſo, the herb Hawkeweed; alſo, the bitter wild Endive, or narrow-leaved Endive.*

Laid: m. Laide: f. *Foule, deformed, miſhapen, diſfigured, ill favoured, ougly, uncomely; filthy; loathſome; vile.*

Laid comme vn marpaut. *See* Marpaut.

Laide vilenie. *as* Laidange.

Laidange: m. *Reproach, reviling, railing, defamation; injurious, opprobrious or outragious language; a hainous imputation:* (dequoy celuy qui a injurié vn autre à tort ſe doit deſdire en juſtice, en ſe prenant par le bout du nez. ¶ Ragueau.)

† Laidanger. *To revile, reproach, defame, diſcredit, raile on, outrage in words.*

† Laidangeux: m. euſe: f. *Reproachfull, reviling, opprobrious, diſamatory, ſlanderous, contumelious.*

Laidement. *Foully, deformedly, miſhapenly, oughly, ill-favouredly; loathſomely.*

Laideron: m. onne f. *Somewhat ougly, pretty and foule.*

Laideur: f. *Foulneſſe, deformity, ill-favouredneſſe, oughneſſe; filthineſſe, vileneſſe, loathſomeneſſe.*

† Laidoyer. *as* Laidanger.

Laie: f. *Wood-ground, by meaſure, or quantity of Arpens.*

Laier. c'eſt marquer les lais en vn bois taillis avant la couppe d'iceluy, pour les y laiſſer.

Laiete: f. *as* Layette.

Laignie: f. *Wood.* ¶ Pic.

Laignier: m. *A wood-yard, or wood-pile.*

Laiga: m. *Legacies, things bequeathed by will.*

Laine: f. *Wooll.*

Laine de bois. *Cotton, Bombaſt, or bombace.*

Laine ſourge. *New ſhorne, unwaſhed, or greazie wooll.*

Laine avec le ſuin. *The ſame.*

Mouton à la grande laine. *Seeke* Mouton.

Batre la laine. *To leacher, to haire-bent it.*

Demander de la laine à vn Aſne. *To aſke a thing of them which have it not.*

Tirer la laine. *(In ſpinning of wooll.)*

to draw the thread out; alſo, to twitch a cloake off a mans backe, and run away with it.

A mol paſteur le loup chie laine; Prov. *A gentle ſhepheard makes the wolfe ſhite wooll.*

L'vn a le bruit l'autre lave la laine; Prov. *Th'one gets the credit the other takes the paines.*

Qui n'a laine boiue à la fontain; Prov. *Let him that hath no wooll drink at the well.*

Laine-facture: f. *Spinning, carding, working of wooll; cloathing; or the labour, or trade, of Clothiers.*

Laineux: m. euſe: f. *woolly; full of wooll.*

Marcher avec les pieds laineux. *To go ſoftly, tread gingerly.*

† Laitre: m. *as* Larron; *A thiefe.* (*V.m.*)

Lais: m. *Trees, or bushes, left as markes in a copſe-wood; or, as* Layes (*in the latter ſence.*)

Laiſard: m. *A Lizard; a Newt, an Aſke.* *See* Lezard.

Laiſarde: f. *as* Laiſard, *or* Lezard.

Laiſardin: m. *Lizard-like; of, or belonging to, a Lizard.*

Laiſche. *as* Leſche.

Laiſe: f. *The breadth of a piece of cloth, ſtuffe, ground, &c.*

Laiſſe: f. *as* Leſſe; *Alſo, a leaſe of hounds, &c.*

Laiſſé: m. ée: f. *Left, relinquiſhed, layed apart, put off, given over, abandoned, forſaken, omitted, forgone.* *See* Laiſſer.

Il a laiſſé ſes houſeaux. *He hath tipped up the heeles; or is ready to doe it.*

Laiſſer: *To leave, relinquiſh, lay apart, ſet aſide, put off, let alone, forgoe, let goe, forſake, abandon, give over, omit.*

Laiſſer les botes. *Look* Botes.

Laiſſer courre. *To hound, or let ſlip, a Dog at Deere.*

Laiſſer dire. cela ſe laiſſe dire. *That is commonly ſpoken*; Ie me ſuis laiſſé dire cela. *I was told that.*

Laiſſer de l'eau en ſon moulin. *To reſerve unto himſelfe ſome worke, or ſomewhat to doe.*

Laiſſer le ieu quand il eſt beau. *To give over a game at the faireſt; (Applicable either to a temperate, or an irreſolute, humor.)*

Laiſſer la lancette dans la veine. *Look* Veine.

Laiſſer le monſtier où il eſt. *Not to change, or alter an ancient cuſtome (eſpecially of the Church.)*

Laiſſer le moule du pourpoint. *Seek* Moule.

On ne doit pas laiſſer bonne terre pour mauvais Seigneur; Prov. *Rich land muſt not be left for a rigorous Landlord; nor a good countrey quit becauſe 'tis governed by a bad Prince.*

Laiſſes: m. *The leſſes (or dung) of a wild Boare, Wolfe, or Beare.*

Laiſt: f. *as* Lé; *or* Lez.

Laitage: m. *as* Laittage.

Laite: f. *The milt, or ſoft roe of a fiſh.*

Laticſſe. *A kind of whitiſh grey furre.*

Laiton: m. *Lattin (metall.)*

Laitrage: m. *The ballaſt of a ſhip.*

Laitterie: f. *as* Laiderie.

Laive: f. *A kind of tile.*

Laix: m. *A Legacy; alſo, the increaſe that a rives yields to a Lord (by an Iſland, or Hault growing within it;) alſo, rews of ſhrubs, or bushes marked out in a Copſe, or Underwood.*

Laize: f. *as* Laiſe; *Breadth.*

Laize de cuir. *A ſcourge, or thong of leather.*

A la grande laize. *Amply, fully, or in full meaſure; alſo, at the old rent.*

Lamaneur: m. *The Pilot of a ſhip.*

Lambdoïde. Commiſſure Lamb. *A certain joynt, or ſeame in the binder part of the ſcull.*

Lambeau: m. *A ſhread, rag, or ſmall piece of ſtuffe, or of a garment ready to fall from, or holding but little to, the whole; alſo, a Label.*

Lambeaux. *Rags, or ſhreads; alſo, the ragged haire or ragged(old) coat of a Deere.*

Lambeaux de feu. *Streaks, or flakes of fire.*

Mis par lambeaux. *Rent, or torne in pieces; overthrowne, ruined, ſpoiled.*

Cela ne ſe trouve point es lambeaux des Iuriſconſultes. *There is no law for that opinion; or the ragged, and beggerly interpreters of the law have no ſuch thing among them.*

Lambel: m. *A Label of three points; or a File with three Labells pendant;* (*The marke of an eldeſt ſonne, in Blazon.*)

† Lambeliner. *To gull, deceive, delude, beſot, bring into a fooles Paradice.*

Lambin: m. *The great party-coloured, and ſlinging Bumble, or Humble-bee; alſo, a great cokes, doult, boydon, lout, looby, fooliſh lubber.*

Lambiqué: m. ée: f. *Diſtilled by Limbeck.*

Lambiquer. *To diſtill by a Limbeck.*

Lambourde: f. *A Summer-tree, full of mortaiſes for the ends of Ioyſts to lie in.*

Lambrequin: m. *The point of a Label, or Label of a File, in Blazon.*

se Lambriquer le cerveau. *To beat, puzzle, or toyle the head about.*

Lambris: m. *Wainſcot, ſeeling; alſo, a frettiring, or embowed ſeeling.*

Lambriſſage: m. *A wainſcotting, or ſeeling; alſo, an embowing, or frettiring in wainſcot.*

Lambriſſé: m. ée: f. *Seeled, wainſcotted; frettied, embowed.*

Lambriſſement. *as* Lambriſſage.

Lambriſſer. *To wainſcot, ſeele; fret, embow.*

Lambruche. *as* Lambrunche.

Lambrum: *Wainſcot, ſeeling.*

Lambrunche: f. *The wild grape-bearing vine.*

Lambrunchement: m. *Wainſcot, or a wainſcoting.*

Lambruſque. *as* Lambrunche.

Lame: f. *A thin plate of any metall; (hence) alſo, a blade; alſo, a tombe, or tombeſtone; alſo, a great ſurge, or wave of the ſea, after a tempeſt; alſo, the reed, or ſtay of a Weavers loome.*

N'admirons le fourreau pour meſpriſer la lame. *Let not an outſide be admired to the neglect of the inſide.*

† Lamen: m. *as* Lamentation.

Lamentable: com. *Lamentable, waitefull, moneſull, dolefull, wofull, drirry, pitifull.*

Lamentation: f. *A lamentation, wailing, bewailing, waymenting, moaning; a pitifull complaint.*

Lamenter. *To lament, wayment, waile, weep, complaine pitifully make moane.*

Lames: f. (*The Plurall of* Lame; *alſo,*) *the earthy dregs, or droſſe of metall after the firſt waſhing thereof.*

Lamibaudichon. *A tale of a tub, or of a roaſted horſe; a word uſed among boyes in a play (much like our Fox) wherein he to whom 'tis uſed muſt runne, and the reſt indeavour to catch him.*

Lamie: f. *A Break-net; the greateſt, and moſt ravenous kind of Dog-fiſh.*

Lamine: f. *A thin plate of metall; a ſword blade; a ſhingle, or ſlate; a thin plank, or board; alſo, a braſen tombe, or tombe-plate; alſo, a Corſlet made all of rib-like joints to move with, or be the more pliant unto, the body.*

Lampas: m. *The Lampaſſe (or ſwelling) in a horſes mouth.*

Lampaſſé de gueules. *Langued, or, whoſe tongue is red;* (*a termes of Blazon.*)

Lampaſt. *as* Lampas.

Lampe: f. *A Lampe; alſo, the ſharpe-pointed Dock;* (*whence;*)

Lampe de marais. *The water Dock, water Sorrell, horſe Sorrell.*

Cul de lampe. *The bottome of an out-jutting room, faſhioned like the foot of a Lampe.*

De main en main vous eſt la lampe baillée. *At length your turne is come; your courſe is now to ſpeak, &c.*

Lampereau: m. *The name of a black wine which yields very good wine.*

Lamperon: m. *A little Lampe.*

Lampeux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Lampes; of, or belonging to, a Lampe.*

Lampier: m. *A candleſtick, or branch, for a Lampe.*

Lampiride: f. *A Glot-worme, or Glow-bird that ſhines by night.*

Lamponner. *as* Lanterner.

Lamponnier: m. *A vain gooſe, a fond or idle companion.*

Lampourde: f. *The Clote, or great Burre.*

¶ Langued.

Lamprillon: m. *A Lamprill, or little Lamprey.*

Lamproye: f. *A Lamprey.*

Lamproyon: m. *A Lamprill, or ſmall Lamprey.*

Lampſane: f. *as* Lampſans.

Lampſans: m. *Dock-creſſes; (a wild potherb.)*

Lampugos. *A kind of Lobſters, which in cold weather hide themſelves in hollow places, and cannot be taken.*

Lampugue: f. *A kind of delicate ſmall mouthed fiſh (in the Italian, or Adriaticke ſea) which hath prickles both on her back and belly, and in ſtead of each rib ſeven ſmall bones.* ¶ Marſeillois.

Lanage: m. *Woollage; the trade of wooll, or gain thats made thereof.*

Lanc: m. *A ſtroke in ſwimming; alſo, a ſpace, pauſe, intervall, intermedium.*

Lançade: f. *A launch, hurle, throw, fling, darting.*

Lance: f. *A Lance; a (horſe-mans) ſpeare, or ſtaffe; alſo (the horſeman that beares it,) a Lancere, or man of Armes; alſo, the maſculine line in a Pedegree.*

Lance à boëte. *A lance with a burre, or blunt head; a tilting ſtaffe.*

Lance à bout d'or. *A mans yard.*

Lance de carriere. *A staffe to run at the Ring with.*
Lance courtoise. *as* Lance à bo ëce.
Lance de S. Crespin. *A Shoomakers nawle.*
Lance fournie. *A man of Armes furnished at all points;* viz. *with five great horses; two for himselfe; one for his Armor-bearer; and two for two Archers to serve on; (besides two others of lesse value for his provision, and baggage.)*
Courir la lance. *To tilt, or to run at tilt.*
Hà la bonne lance; &, o la hardie lance. (*Phrases commonly used in reproach, and to the disgrace of a coward.*)
Hardie langue coüarde lance; Prov. *Courageous language a cowardly lance.*
Lancé: m. ée: f. *Throwne, hurled, flung, darted; also, pierced, pricked, or thrust through; also, rowsed, or thrust up, as a Deere; also, thinne, lanke, meagar, leane, starveling.*
Lancelée: f. *Ribwort Plantaine, Lambes-tongue.*
Lanceman: m. *A Compatriote, or Country-man; (A word which the* Frenchman *borrowes of the* Dutch *to mocke him withall.)*
Lancement: m. *The fame; also, a throwing, hurling, flinging, darting; also, a rowsing, or thrusting up of a deere.*
Lanceole, & Lancéolette. *as* Lancélée.
Lance-pessade: m. *A Lancepesada; the meanest officer in a foot company.*
Lancer. (*Violently*) *to throw, fling, hurle, dart; also, to pricke, pierce, bit, or strike, as with the point of a lance; also, to rowse, or thrust up, a Deere.*
Se Lancer dedans. *To runne headlong, or cast himselfe hastily into.*
Se Lancer sur. *To runne fiercely, rush furiously, give a violent, or hot charge upon.*
Lanceron: m. *A Jeg, or Jack, a Pickerell that's about a foot long.*
Lancette: f. *A Surgeons Launcet; also, a little lance.*
Laisser la lancette dans la veine. *Seeke* Veine.
Lanceur: m. *A hurler, darter, thrower.*
Lanci: m. *The Squinancie; also, a kind of stitch, or paine like a stitch.*
Lancier: m. *A Lance, Lanceere, Speare-man; a horseman that serves with a lance; also, as* Lanciere.
Lanciere: f. C'est vn sommier mis à vn chemin pour passer à travers le mur mitoyen d'un voisin; *also, as* Abbée.
Lancinant. *Pricking, striking, or thrusting through; also, rending, or tearing with the teeth; also, wasting, or consuming.*
Lanciner. *To pricke, strike, open, or thrust into (as with the point of a lance;) also, to rend, or teare with the teeth; also, to waste, or consume.*
Lancy. *as* Lanci.
Lande: f. *A Land, or Island; a wilde, untilled, shrubbie, or bushie Plaine.*
Landgrave: m. *A Lantgraue; the Ensie of a Province.*
Landie: f. *The dexter lap in a woman's privities (as in* Landiere.)
Landie deschiquetée. *An ugly nickname for an overridden Hackney (or Harlot.)*
Landier: m. *An Andiron.*
Landiere: f. *The two Pterigones, or great wings within the lips of a woman's privities.*
Landits. *as* Lendits.
Landore: m. *A rude clowne, gazing boydon, staring lowt; also, a leaden fellow, poore sneakesbie; man of dough.* ¶ Normand.
Landrivel: m. *The Lanterne of a Ship.*
Landyer. *To cloy, wearie, trouble, be tedious unto.*
Laneret: m. *The hawke so called.*
Lantrelucher. *To Lecher.* ¶ Rab.
Langage: m. *Language, talke, speech; discourse; also, a Language, or Tongue,* C'est vn langage du temps des hauts bonnets. *This is an old wives tale; or a fashion of speech cleane out of fashion.*
Langager: m. *as* Langageur, *or* Langagier.
Langager. *To chat, pratle, babble, tattle, use many words.*
Langageur: m. *A prater, pratler, tattler, babbler.*
Langagier: m. ere: f. *Prating, babbling, tattling, full of tongue.*
Langart. *as* Languard.
Langayer. *To reason, discourse, hold chat with; also, to worme, or search the root of the tongue of a Hog, &c.*
Langayerie: f. *The worming of Hogs, &c.*
Langayeur: m. *A great talker; also, an Officer that searches the tongues of Market-Hogs, thereby to discerne whether they be sound or no.*
Lange: m. *A kind of sea-bird, which diving into the bellie of a whale, feeds on his heart.*
Langeots: m. *Little Swath-bands, or clouts of wooll for little children.*
Langes: m. *Woollen Swath-bands, or clouts for little children.*
Langoureusement. *Languishingly, faintingly, droopingly, as one that's wholly decayed.*
Langoureux: m. euse: f. *Languishing, drooping, pining, faint, failing in strength, drayned of (naturall) moisture, deprived of vigor.*
Langouste: f. *A Locust, or Grashopper; also, a kind of Lobster that hath undivided cleyes, a long beake (or beard) and prickles on her backe.*
Langoustin: m. *A great (or the greatest) Prawne.* ¶ Langued.
Langoyer. *To languish, or pine away.*
Langrole: f. *The Newte, Aske, or small Lizard that haunteth old, and ill-kept houses.* ¶ Langued.
Langrouste: m. *The sea-Crevice; or, as* Langouste.
Language. *as* Langage.
Languagier. *as* Langagier, *or* Languard.
Languard: m. *A blab, long-tongue, prating companion.*
Languarde: f. *A babbling gossip, tattling housewife, chatting dame; a little tattle, or prattle-basket; a wench whose tongue never lyes.*
Languayeur. *as* Langayeur.
Langue: f. *A Tongue (the instrument of speech) al so, a Language, Tongue, Speech; a phrase, or forme of speech; also, a particular Nation, or People using a peculiar speech; whence,* Ceux de la langue de France, d'Angleterre, d'Espagne; *the French, English, or Spanish Nation; also, the herbe Adders tongue.*
Langue de bœuf. *Lang de beuf, Ox-tongue, rough, or small Bugloss; also, a kind of weapon used in old time.*
Langue de boue. *Wild Bugloss; Wall Bugloss, Vipers Bugloss, Vipers herbe.*
Langue de cerf. *Harts-tongue, stone Harts tongue; mistaken in many shops, for* Scolopendria, *Spleenwort, or stone-Fearne.*
Langue de chien. *Dogs tongue, Hounds tongue, Hounds pisse.*
Langue Marine. *A kind of long, and narrow Sole, or daintie fish like a Sole.*
Langue de mer. *A narrow Promontory, or peece of land running into the sea, and resembling a tongue thrust out of the mouth.*
Langue d'oyseau. *An Ashen Key, or Kitekey; the fruit of the Ash.*
Langue passerine. *as* Langue d'oyseau.
Langue de Serpent. *Adders-tongue, Serpents-tongue (an herbe;) also, a certaine tongue-resembling precious stone, (as some hold) not bred on the earth, but in heaven, whence it falls in the wane of the Moone; also, the venimous tongue of a Detractor; also, the long, narrow, and Saw-like Snowt of a West Indian Sea-fish.*
Langue de tripiere. *That folds like an Oyster wife, or Butter whore.*
Herbe aux Langues. *Tongue-wort, Tongue blade, Double-tongue, Horse-tongue, Laurell of* Alexandria.
Avoir la langue en la bouche, non en la bourse. *Said of a Babbler, or Blab, whose tongue strings are quickly untoo'd.*
Avoir la langue bien pendue. *To have an eloquent and glib tongue in his head.*
Bailler du plat de la langue. *To sooth, smooth, flatter, glose, collogue with.*
Prendre langue. *To learne newes, or get intelligence, abroad; to take prisoners thereby to examine what an enemy intends.*
Prendre langue entre eux. *To conferre, or debate, a matter together.*
Tirer la langue sur. *To scorne, flout, mocke, deride.*
Hardie langue coüarde lance: Prov. *Those that brag most, execute least.*
Longue langue courte main. Pro. *Those that promise most performe least.*
Qui langue a, à Rome va; Prov. *He that knowes what, and when, to speake, may travell any whether.*
Beau parler n'escorche langue; Prov. *Good words cost nothing (say we.)*
Mieux vaut glisser du pied que de la langue; Pro. *Better may a foot slip, then the tongue trip.*
Langué: m. ée: f. *Langued (a tearme of Blazon.)*
Languette: f. *A little tongue; also, the weasell, or cruer of the throat; also, the point, or tongue of a Leaver; also, the tryall, or cocke of a ballance.*
Languette de haulx-bois. *The little pipe, tongue, or reede, which is in the mouth of a Hoe-boy, &c.*
Langueur: f. *Long, or Languishment, pining, drooping, faintnesse, feeblenesse; weary-someesse, want of mettall, decay of spirit, losse of vigor; a consumption; also, idlenesse, listernesse.*
Langui: m. ie: f. *Languished, pined, decayed, fainted, drooped.*
Langui de soif. *Halfe dead for thirst.*

Languir. *To languiſh, pine, decay, waſt away; to droop, faint, hang down the head; alſo, to linger, idle it, be lither.*

Languiſſant. *Languiſhing.*

Languiſſant d'amour. *Farre ſpent with, or gone in, love.*

Languiſſon. *as* Langueur.

† Lanice: com. *Of, or belonging to, Wooll. See* Laniſſe.

Lanier: m. *A Lanner.*

Laniere: f. *A long, and narrow band, or thong, of leather; alſo, a leathern ſtring to hang keyes at.*

Lanieres. *Hawkes Lunes.*

'A courte chauſſe longue laniere; Pro. *To ſhort hoſe long points, and wide wruſſing; or (which is of harder diſgeſtion;) let one mans ſtone ſupply anothers wants.*

Laniſice: m. *Wooll-worke; or working with wooll; ſpinning, carding, cloth-working.*

Laniſique: com. *Wooll-breeding.*

Laniſſe: com. *Of, or belonging to, Wooll.*

Bourre laniſſe. *Flocks of Wooll; alſo, the knotty, or uneven ſwellings that be in ſome threads of ill-ſpunne Wooll.*

Lanoy. *as* Lanier. ¶ Savoyard.

Laniſquenet. *A Lanceknight, or German footman; alſo, the name of a game at Cards.*

Lanſtringue. *Drinke counſtreyman; (a Dutch word.)* ¶ Rab.

Lantagine: f. *A kind of Laurell, or Bay tree, whoſe leafe yields no manner of ſmell.*

Lantane: f. *The wayfaring tree.*

Lante. *A kind of Spider.*

Lantenaires: f. *Lanciers; called ſo, when of themſelves they come into* France *out of Northerne Countries; in which paſſage the cold and ſalt ayre of the ſea commonly defaces the beauty of their feathers.*

Lanterne: f. *A Lanterne; alſo, the ſcutcheon, or cloſure of a Tymber vault, where the ends of the branches thereof do meet.*

Lanterne de mer. *A fiſh which ſome hold to be the Rochet; others the* Milan Marin; *others, as* Arondelle de mer.

Lanterne à pignons. *A paire of trundles, or trundle heads; that which is turned about by the cog wheele of a Mill.*

Lanterne ſourde. *A cloſe Iron Lantern, or Theeves Lantern.*

Croire que Veſſies ſont lanternes. *To miſtake very groſſely, to be of a moſt fooliſh beliefe.*

Lanterné: m. ée: f. *Puzzled, confounded, troubled, much perplexed, diſtempered; miſerable, wretched, in a pitifull taking, in a wofull or ill plight; alſo, abuſed, buggared.*

Lanterner. *To cog, foiſt, fib; dully, or play the foole with; alſo, to trouble, or be tedious unto; alſo, to loyter; alſo, to bugar, or be buggared; alſo, to quaſſe, revell, feaſt it all night long, or many nights together.*

Lanterner la cervelle. *To puzle, confound, or intoxicate the braine; to fill the head with idle proclamations.*

Lanternerie: f. *Cogging, foiſting, ſubtilty, ſoolery; loytering, night-walking, night-revels.*

Lanternerie de cervelle. *Trouble, or intoxication of the braine.*

Lanternier: m. *A Lanterne-carrier; alſo, a cogger, foiſter, dallying, or wittleſſe yonker, idle, or vaine companion; alſo, a night-walker; one that when others are in bed, revels abroad, or bankets at home.*

Lanugineux: m. euſe: f. *Cottony, downy; moſſie; ſoft as cotton, or wooll; alſo, covered with ſoft, and ſhort haire, downe, or wooll.*

Lanuleux: m. euſe: f. *Woolly, downy, tender, ſoft, as pliant as any wooll.*

Lanzon: m. *A Pike, or Pickerell.*

Lapace: m. *The ordinary, or ſharp-pointed Dock.*

Lapas: m. *Patience, Monks Rhewbarb.*

Lapas aigu. *The ſharp pointed Dock.*

Lapereau: m. *A young Rabbet.*

Lapes. *Fiery ejaculations in the aire.* ¶ Rab.

Lapidaire: m. *A Lapidary, or Jeweller.*

Lapidation: f. *A ſtoning; a battering, or killing with ſtones.*

Lapidé: m. ée: f. *Stoned; beaten, battered, or killed with ſtones.*

Lapidement: m. *A ſtoning.*

Vn lapidement de greſle. *A violent pattering of haileſtones.*

Lapider. *To ſtone; to throw ſtones at; to batter, knock, or kill with ſtones; alſo, to raiſe ſtones.*

Lapideur: m. *A ſtoner.*

Lapifidié: m. ée: f. *as* Lapifié.

Lapifié: m. ée: f. *Made or become ſtony, turned into a ſtone.*

se Lapifier. *To be made ſtony, became ſtone, be turned into a ſtone.*

Lapin: m. *A Rabbet.*

Il a memoire de lapin. *He hath a very bad memory; or forgets, by too much haſte, wherefore he makes haſte.*

Lappe: f. *A Burre (of what kind ſoever.)*

Lappe grande. *The Burre Dock, Clote burre, great Burre.*

Lappement: m. *A lapping, or licking up.*

Lapper. *To lap, or lick up.*

Lappeur: m. *A lapper, or licker up of.*

Lapreau: m. *A young Rabbet.*

Laps: m. *A ſlip, ſlide, fall, faile.*

Par laps de temps. *In a ſpace; with traſt, or by courſe of time.*

Laqs: m. *A ſnare, ginne, or grinne.*

Laqs courant. *A nooſe, grinne, ſnitle, running knot.*

Laquais: m. *as* Laquay.

Laquay: m. *A Lackey, Footboy, Footman.*

Laquay de mer. *A kind of very ſwift fiſh.*

Laque. *as* Lacque.

Laqueſenée. Membre viril.

Laquelle choſe. *Which, the which, that, the very ſame, thing.*

Lar: f. *A mans chiefe houſe; (the right, or inheritance of his eldeſt ſonne.)* ¶ Bayonnois.

Larcin. *Theft; whence;*

Res larrons s'entrebatent, & les larcins ſe deſcouvrent; Prov. *When theeves fall out true men come to their owne.*

Lard: m. *Lard; fat Bakon, the fat of Bakon, or of Porke; alſo, a Flitch of Bakon; alſo, the tree of a ſaddle.*

Lard eſpié. *The lard of the fowe utmoſt, and fatteſt pieces of a Flitch of Bakon divided into three parts, the Legs or Gammons having been formerly cut off.*

Il y a du lard en luy. *There is much ſubſtance, or great ſubtilty, in him.*

Crier au lard ſur. *Publikely to ſlowt, ſcoffe at, mock, diſgrace, deride.*

Tout y eſtoit du lard. *All was ſet a boight, the world ran all on wheeles, there.*

Faire du lard. *To live idly, fare deliciouſly, fatten with pleaſure, and eaſe.*

Frotter leur lard enſemble. *Look* Frotter.

Frotter à quelqu'un ſon lard. *To cudgell him ſoundly, to thwack or belabor him throughly.*

Iecter ſon lard aux chiens. *To ſpend his ſubſtance waſtfully, or unworthily, to ſquander all away.*

Il a mangé le lard. *Hee is moſt guilty, or he onely is guilty, of that theft.*

Faire trembler le lard au charnier. *To ſhare, with his terrible ſwaggering, every piece of lard that beares him.*

'A la fin ſçaura on qui a mangé le lard; Prov. *A thiefe, how cunning ſoever, will at the length be diſcovered.*

Qui a mangé le lard ronge l'os; Prov. *Let him that hath eaten the Bakon pick the bones.*

Lardaſſe: f. *A ſtick, thruſt, great prick.*

Lardé: m. ée: f. *Larded, interlarded; ſtuck, ſeaſoned, or dreſt with lard; alſo, nipped, quipped, taunted; alſo, pricked, or pierced into, as with a larding prick.*

Larder. *To lard; to ſtick, ſeaſon, or dreſſe with lard; alſo, to prick, or pierce, as with a larding prick; alſo, to cut, quip, nip, taunt, break a jeaſt on.*

Lardier: m. *A tub to keep Lard, or Bakon in; alſo, a board to lay it, ſalted, on; alſo, a beaſtly, or ſlovenly (fat) ſallow.*

Lardier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, Lard.*

Lardoire: f. *A larding ſtick, or prick.*

Lardon: m. *The little ſlice or piece of Lard, wherewith meat is ſtuck; alſo, a ſlowt, cut, gird, nip, jeaſt broken on.*

Lardonnement: m. *A quipping, cutting, girding, ſlowting.*

Lardonner. *To quip, nip, cut, ſlowt, gird, break a jeaſt upon.*

Lardonneur: m. *A quipper, girder, ſlowter.*

Larege: f. *The Larch, or Larinx tree.*

Lareze. *The ſame.*

Reſine de Lareze. (*Our ordinary*) *Turpentine.*

Larfondement: m. *The diſeaſe wherein one voids his fat, or greaſe in his excrements.*

Larfondu: m. uë: f. *That voids his fat, or greaſe in his excrements.*

Large: m. (*Subſtant.*) *Roome, ſcope, ſpace, width, or wideneſſe.*

Mettre au large. *To releaſe, diſcharge, unlooſe, untie, any; to open, widen, give roome, or ſcope unto.*

Large: com. (*Adject.*) *Large, wide, broad, ſpacious, roomthie; ample, great, big; open; abundant; bounteous, liberall.*

Large de bouche, & eſtroit de ceinture. *That promiſes much, but parts with little; or, that promiſes much more than he willingly parts with.*

Autant deſpend chiche que large; Pro. *The miſer matches the unthrift in expence; (the one often waſting as much by allowing too ſcant, as the other by giving too large a proportion;) it may alſo be interpreted thus; The liberall doth ſpend his pelfe, the penny-father waſts himſelfe.*

Largement. *Largely, widely, broadly; fully, amply, greatly; abundantly, plentifully; bountifully.*

Largeſſe: f. *Bounty, liberality; alſo, a largeſſe, or handfull of money caſt among the people; alſo, a donative beſtowed on ſouldiers.*

Larget: m. ette: f. *Somewhat large, reaſonable wide.*

Largeur: f. *Largeuſſe, breadth, wideneſſe, latitude, ſpaciouſneſſe, greatneſſe, ampleneſſe, bigneſſe.*

† Largiteur: m. *A liberall giver, beſtower, or ſpender on.*

Largue: f. *Roome, ſcope, ſpaciouſitteſſe, width, wideneſſe.*

Faire largue. *To give roome, make place, leave ſpace enough.*

Prendre la largue en haute mer. *To put out into the maine.*

Tenir la largue. *To keepe abroad in the wide fields, or in the open high way.*

Larigau. *The head of the windpipe, or throat, conſiſting of three griſtles; the inſtrument of receiving, and letting out, breath; alſo, a Flute or Pipe is called ſo by the clownes in ſome parts of France.*

Boire à tire larigau. *To drinke till his throat crack withall.*

Laringe. *The root of the tongue; or, as* Larigau.

Laringuau. *The ſame.*

Larix. f. *The Larch, or Larinx tree.*

Larme: f. *A teare; alſo, a gumme-drop, the fat moiſture that diſtills from divers trees; and hence;*

La larme du ſapin. *A cleere, and well-taſting liquid Roſin, that iſſues from betweene the barke, and inner rinde of a young Firre tree; In our ſhops it is commonly (but erroniouſly) tearmed Venice Turpentine, ſaies* Mathiolus.

Larmes. *Beads made of the ſeeds of a certaine plant.*

En larmes de ſol ne ſe doit on fier; Pro. *A fooles teares are not to be truſted.*

Ce que Maiſtre donne, & vallet pleure ce ſont larmes perdues; Prov. *In vaine do groomes deplore their maſters bounty.*

Larmelette: f. *A ſmall teare.*

Larmette. *as* Larmelette.

Larmeux: m. euſe: f. *All-blubbered, full of teares.*

Larmier: m. *The eave of a houſe; the brow, or coping of a wall, ſerving to keepe, or caſt off the raine; alſo, a loope-hole, or ſmall hole in a wall to give light; alſo, the eye-veine, or veine that's next to the eye of a horſe.*

Larmot: m. *A kind of Lizard.*

Larmoyable: com. *Bewailable, lamentable, woefull, worthy of teares.*

Larmoyement: m. *A weeping, bewailing, lamenting, ſhedding of teares.*

Larmoyer. *To weepe, waile, whine, lament, ſhed teares, diſtill drops of moiſture.*

Larmoyeux. *as* Larmeux.

Larmuſe: f. *A little earth-Newte, or Aſke.* ¶ Dauphinois.

Larneſſe. *as* Latronneſſe; *a ſhe theefe.*

Larre de chats: m. *Caterwawling.* (vieil mot.)

Larrecin: m. *Larcenie, theft, robbery, felony, thevery, ſtealth, pilfering, filching, purloining.*

† Larreciner. *as* Larronner.

‡ Larrecineuſement. *Theeviſhly, pilferingly, feloniouſly, with a felonious intent.*

† Larrecineux: m. euſe: f. *Felonious, theeviſh, filching, pilfering, nimming, imbeazeling.*

Larris: m. *Unhusbanded land, untilled ground.*

Larron: m. *A felon, theefe, robber, purloyner, ſtealer, imbeazeler, pilferer, filcher, nimmer.*

Larron d'eau. *An iſſue in a Conduit head for the voiding of ſuperfluous water.*

Larron d'une plume. *The pith of a quill, the feather, or light ſtuffe that is within it.*

Pas de larron. *A gingerly tread, ſoft gate, fearefull ſtepping, doubtfull pace.*

Les larrons s'entrebatent, & les larcins ſe deſcouvrent; Pro. *Theeves brabling helps true men unto their owne.*

D'un larron priué on ne ſe peut garder; Pro. *There is no ward for a familiar theefe.*

Tel larron tel cordon; Prov. *See* Cordon.

A gros larron groſſe corde; Prov. *A ſtrong theefe deſerves (or needs) a ſtrong halter.*

Les gros larrons ont touſiours les manches pleins de baillons; Prov. *Great theeves have ever ſtore of gags (viz. of gifts) about them.*

Les gros larrons pendent les petits; &, les gros larrons meinent pendre les petits; Pro. *Applyable to ſuch as being themſelves guilty of great faults, condemne, or puniſh, little ones in others.*

Abandon fait larron; Prov. *Things left at random cauſe true men turne theeves.*

Il eſt caut larron qui deſrobbe à vn larron; Prov. *He is a cunning theefe that robs a theefe.*

Il ſemble à vn larron que chaſcun luy reſemble; Pro. *A theefe imagines every one bids, ſtand.*

Ou Marchand, ou larron; Pro. *Either a merchant or a theefe; a ſpeech very ordinary in the mouths of Shop-keepers, who thereby pretend, that not cousining to their wares ſo vilely, they cannot ſell them ſo cheape, as theeves do.*

Larronceau: m. *A pilferer, filcher, little theefe.*

Larronneau: m. *The ſame.*

† Larronner. *To ſteale, imbeazle, purloine, filch, nimme, pilfer, play the theefe.*

† Larronnerie: f. *Theeving, ſtealing, pilfering, filching, purloining.*

Larronneſſe: f. *A ſhe theefe.*

Larronneux: m. euſe: f. *Felonious, theeviſh, full of theevery.*

Larronniere: f. *A denne of theeves, the retreat of theeves, theeves haven, a place of reſort for theeves.*

Larval: m. ale: f. *Haggiſh, griſlie, ghaſtly, ghoſtlike, dreadfull, wan, pale.*

Larve: m. *A Hag, Spirit, Goblin, Nightghaſt; alſo, a leane, pale, meagre, withered creature; one that looks like death, or like a ghoſt.*

Larvis. *as* Larigau.

Las: m. *as* Laqs; *a ſnare.*

Las: m. Laſſe: f. *Wearie, tired, harried, overtoiled, or faint with toiling.*

Laſanon: m. *The panne of a Cloſe-ſtoole.* ¶ Rab.

Laſanophore: m. *The groome of the Cloſe-ſtoole.*

Laſché. *A fiſh that ſomewhat reſembles a little Shad; (caught, and called ſo, about* Montpelier.)

Laſche: f. (*The vermin called a Tick*) *Sheep-louſe.*

Laſche: com. *Slacke, looſe, wide, flaggie, weake, faint, unluſty, lungeing, re[illegible] lither, ſlaw, cold, cowardly, faint-hearted, unmanly, effeminate; lewd, unworthy, baſe, treacherous.*

Couſture à laſche. *An open ſeame.*

Oreilles laſches. *Slow-hung, or hanging eares.*

Laſché: m. ée: f. *Looſed, tyed; untwint; releaſed, free, delivered.*

Laſchée: f. *A looſing, ſlackning, widening, unbending; remitting, releaſing, freeing, letting go.*

Laſchement. *Slackly, looſely, flaggingly; remiſſely, weakely, unluſtily; ſlowly, tiberly, negligently; coldly, faintly, effeminately; wickedly, lewdly; unworthily.*

Laſcher. *To ſlacken, widen, looſe, unbend, let out; free, releaſe, remit, ſurcease, let go.*

Laſcher la bride à. *To uſe more liberty, give more liberty unto.*

Laſcheté: f. *Slackneſſe, dullneſſe, remiſſeneſſe; faintneſſe, weakeneſſe, unluſtineſſe; negligence, idleneſſe, tiberneſſe, cowardiſe, unmanlineſſe, faintheartedneſſe; bruttery, lewdneſſe, unworthineſſe; alſo, an action, ſcurrile, or ſenſeleſſe part.*

Laſdallier: m. *A tired Jade; alſo, a ſtreaming, or large draw-latch; alſo, a kind of bird.*

Laſnier. *as* Lanier.

Laſſé: m. ée: f. *as* Las; *Wearied; alſo, ſnarled, or inſnared; alſo, laced, bound, or cloſed up with laces.*

Laſſer. *To weary, toile, tire; alſo, to lace, to bind, or cloſe up with a lace; alſo, to ſet ginnes, or grinnes for birds; (and licence) alſo, to ſnare, or inſnare; alſo, a dog to line a bitch.*

Oiſe laſſe de bien chanter; Prov. *The beſt contentments breed Laſſitude.*

Laſſeron. *as* Laſcheron.

Laſſet: m. *A ſnare, linne, grinne; alſo, the lace of a woman's petticoat.*

Laſſeté: f. *Wearineſſe, unluſtineſſe, lanſitude, faintneſſe.*

Laſſiere: f. *A kind of net, or toile for wild beaſts.*

Laſſis. Couſture de laſſis. *A Network ſeame.*

Laſſonde. *as* Laſſet.

Laſſus, ou Laſſus. *Above, above, under, aboveboard, all-to-worne.*

Latage: m. *A latching; lath-worke; a covering, or cloſing up with laths.*

Late: f. *A lath; alſo, a certaine fine due upon eſtates, or conſeſtations within Provence.*

† Latebre. *Hidden, ſecret, cloſe, private, unknowne.*

† Latebrement. *Hiddenly, ſecretly, cloſely, privately, unknowne.*

Later. *To lath, or ſet on lathes.*

Laterne: f. *The ſeutcheon, or knot in the middle of a Timber-vault.*

Laticlave: m. *A kind of Caſſocke worne by the ancient* Romans.

Latiere:

Latiers : m. *Those which in* Provence *exact the fine before mentioned in* Late.

Latin : m. *Latine ; the Latine Language.*

Parler Latin. *To speake Latine ; also, a fashion of speech used among prisoners, thereby to draw some drinking money from new come guests.*

Femme qui parle Latin ; Prov. *Seeke a Femine.*

Il est bon Latin. *He is a good Latiniſt, he writes, or speakes good Latine.*

Il y perdit son Latin. *He was there gravelled, plunged, or at a Non plus ; he knew not what to make of, or what to say unto, it.*

Qui a florin, fouisin, Latin, par tout il trouve le chemin ; Prov. *He that can spend, and speake well, and hath a good horse under him, needs not go out of his way.*

Latin : m. Latine : f. *Latine of country, or in speech ; of, or belonging to, the Latine Language.*

Marchandise Latine. *Excellent good stuffe ; or, the best, or most vtterable commodities reamed so by Merchants.*

Voile Latine. *A mizen, or smacke saile.*

Latinement. *In Latine ; after the manner of the Latinets.*

Latiniser : m. *A Truchman, or Interpretor.* (v. m.)

Latiniseur : m. *as* Latiniseur.

Latiniser. *To make Latine, turne into Latine, write or speake Latine ; also, to inkhornize it.*

Latiniseur : m. *One that writes, or speakes Latine ; also, an inkhornizer ; one that vses inkhorne termes.*

Faire du Latiniseur. *A dunce, or ignorant fellow to counterfeit Schollership.*

Latinogotise : m. ée : f. *Barbarous, Gibridge, mixed of Latine and the Gothes language.*

† Latitation : f. *A hiding, lurking, lying hid, a playing least in sight.*

Latite : m. ée : f. *Hidden, concealed.*

Latiter. *To lie, lye hid, play least in sight.*

Latatitude : f. *Latitude, breadth, largenesse, widenesse, broadnesse.*

Latomie : f. *A Quarrie of stones.*

Latonien. Flambeaux Latoniens. *The Sun and Moone* (Latonias children.)

Latre. *A Churchyard.*

Latrie. f. *The seruice, or worship due vnto God.*

Latrine : f. *A Priuie, Jakes, House of Office ; also, the sinke of a priuate house.*

Latrineux : m. eute : f. *Jakes-like, of a Jakes, full of Jakes, filthy, stinking, full of ordure.*

Latte : f. *as* Late : † Lath ; *also, a Land-measure (as* Perche*) in some places longer then in others vsence :*

Latte de Barbezieux : *is but nine foot.*

Latte de Montignac Charante : *eleuen foot, ung.*

Justice sous latte. C'est sous le couvert de la maison de seigneur seulement.

Latteron. *See* Laiteron.

Lavace d'eaux. *An inundation, surrounding, rauage, or great flouds of waters (by the fall of much raine.)*

Lavacier : m. ere : f. *Washing away violently, rauaging, or sweeping before it (as a swift current) all it meets with :*

Lavage : m. *A water-poole, or plash ; a peece of land surrounded, or drowned vp, by water ; also, a washing.*

Lavages. *as* Lavailles.

Lavage de chaux. *Whiting, or white-lime, wherewith walls, &c. are white-washed.*

Lavailles : f. *Swillings, Hogs-wash, washings for Swine.*

Lavanche de glace, & de neige. *A great heap of Snow tumbling from the top to the bottome of a Hill, and ouerthrowing whatsoeuer lies in it way.*

Lavande : f. *Lauender, Spike.*

Lavande femelle. *White-flowred Lauender Spike.*

Lavande masle. *The common, or blew-flowred Lauender Spike.*

Lavande Romaine. *Roman Lauender.*

Lavandiere : f. *A Launderesse, or washing woman ; also, a Wagtaile, or Water-wagtaile.*

Lavaret : m. *A whitish Trout, or Shad-like fish, bred in the Lakes of* Savoy, *and* Dauphiné.

Lavaron : m. *Another small fish ; as* Cabasson.

Lavasse. *as* Lavace.

Lavatoire : m. *A Lauatory ; a place, or vessell, to wash in.*

† Laubaut. *as* Clabaut ; *a great yelling Curre.*

Laude. *The toll thats payed for wares retailed in certaine Faires, and Markets within the Dominion of* Berry ; (*and elsewhere,*)

Lavé : m. ée : f. *Washed ; rinsed ; clensed (with water ;) bathed.*

Main lavée moins leuée ; Prov. *See* Main.

A main lavée Dieu mande la repeuë ; Prov. *God sends his blessings to cleane hands, and hearts.*

En vaisseau mal lavé ne peut on vin garder ; Prov. *Wine will not keepe in an vncleane vessell.*

Lavedan : m. *An vnn-gry Jennet ; or a horse bred on* Lavedan, *one of the* Pyrenean *Mountaines whereon the best horses of* France *are bred ; These horses (saies a French Cosmographer) are more nimble, and more strong then Spanish Jennets ; but the Mountaine is not large, and therefore there be not many of them.*

Lave-main : m. *An Ewer, or Laver.*

Lavement : m. *A washing, rinsing, bathing, cleansing (in water.)*

Laver. *To wash, rinse, bathe, clense (with water.)*

Terre à laver. *Fullers earth.*

Laver vne brique. *To lose labour, or to labour in vaine.*

Laver les mains de. *as in* Main.

Laver le nez à. *as*

Laver la teste à. *To chide, reprove, check, taunt bitterly ; to take vp for balking ; to vse hardly, handle rudely, deale extremely with.*

Se laver d'vne faute. *To purge, cleare, acquit himselfe of an imputation.*

L'vn a le bruit l'autre lave la laine. *The one does what the other's bid to do ;* (Sic vos non vobis.)

Pour laver ses mains on n'en vend pas sa terre ; Prov. *Never did Pilate sell any mans lands.*

Vne main lave l'autre ; Pro. *One serues anothers turne.*

† Laveur : m. *A washer. See* Lavoir.

Laveure : f. *The water wherewith a thing hath been washed ; also, a washing.*

Laveure de miel. *Liquor wherein Hony hath been purified, or sodden.*

Laveure des Orfebvres. *The washing of Goldsmiths sweepes ; viz. the fluffe which they find in the furnace after a melting, and among the dust of their shops after sweeping ; all which they put into a vessell, and washing it, picke that which is good out of it.*

Lavoir : m. *A poole, or pond, whereat buckes, &c. be commonly washed ; a washing place, a washing poole or pond ; also (in some places) the peece of wood (some three foot long, or high) whereon a washing bason, supported by three or foure brackets, doth stand.*

Lauragois : m. ise : f. *Of* Lauraguez ; *a part of* Languedoc.

Herbé Laurageoise. *Woad ; so called, because it growes abundantly in* Lauraguez.

Lauraye : f. *A grove, or plot, of Laurell trees.*

Laurens, *Laurence.*

Cloches de Saint Laurens. *Great blisters in the face.*

Laureole : f. *Lowry, Lauriell, Spurge Laurell, little Laurell.*

Laureole masle. *Male Lauriell ; hath only one stem set very thicke with leaues ; but in all other parts resembles ordinary Lawrie.*

Laurier : m. *A Laurell, or Bay tree.*

Laurier Alexandrin. *Laurell of Alexandria, Tongue-Laurell, Tongue-blade, Horse-tongue, Double-tongue.*

Laurière : f. *A plot, or grove of Bay-trees.*

Laurin : m. ine : f. *Of Bayes ; set, or stucke with Bayes.*

Lauserne : f. *Shrub Trefoile, Milke Trefoile, Citisus Bush.*

Lauserte. *The same.*

Laxatif : m. ive : f. *Laxative, loose, soluble.*

Laxif : m. ive : f. *Laxative.*

Laxité : f. *Laxativenesse.*

Lay : m. *A Lay, Song, Roundelay ; also, as* Lé ; *the breadth of cloth, &c. also, a dolefull complaint, passionate lamenting, pitifull wailing. Seeke* Lays.

Lay : m. laye : f. *Lay, secular, temporall.*

Causes de lay à Lay. *Cases merely temporall.*

Frere lay. *A seruant in an Abbey, or Couent.*

Laye : f. *A (wild) Sow that hath young ones.*

Layes. *The lesses (or dung) of a wild Bore ; also, rankes of bushes, or of coppice-wood, left as markes to limit how much of the rest is to be felled, and sold at once.*

Layé : m. ée : f. *Bois layez. Marked how far to be felled, how much to be sold, or that hath vewes of coppicewood left growing to the same purpose.*

Layer vn bois. *To leaue markes (or trees, &c. as markes) in a wood, for the felling and sale thereof.*

Layette : f. *A Till, or Drawer ; also, a Box with Tills, or Drawers.*

Layn.

Layn. *Sober, modeſt, of a faſt, or ſtill diſpoſition; (an old word.)*

Lays: m. *Trees, or rankes of trees, left in Copſes; as in* Layes.

Lazaret: m. *A Lazaret, or Spittle for Lazers.*

Lazation: m. *See* Laxation.

Lazuit: m. *The Lazull, or Azure ſtone.*

Lé: m. *Breadth; alſo, the liſt of cloth, or Stuffe.*

De deux lez. *On both ſides.* Vn drap de deux lez. *A piece of broad cloth.*

D'un lé & d'autre. *On both ſides.*

De long, & du lé. *Every way.*

Le. (*vt maſculine Relative, or Article;*) *the, the ſaid, the ſame.*

Lé: m. lée f. *Broad, wide, large; Home.*

Sainct Pierre en leuue lée; Saint Peters *in the broad way;* ℣ Orleannois.

Leal: m. le: f. *Loyall, true, faithfull, honeſt.*

Leam. (*Shaved.*) *Within there, in that place.*

Leauté: f. *Loyaltie, faithfulneſſe, truſtineſſe.*

† Lebeche. *as* Leveſque.

† Lebre. *as* Lievre.

Lecchemonshite: f. *Divination by water in a Raſon of Rab.*

Lechard. *as* Leſchard.

Lechedoigt. à lech. *Daintily, ſparingly, by degrees, piece-meale, by parcels, by little and little.*

Lechefrite: f. *A dripping-panne.*

Lechement: m. *A licking, or lapping up.*

Lecher. *To licke, lap, ſlap up.*

Peu peut bailler à ſon eſcuyer qui ſon couſteau leche. Prov. *He that pincheth himſelfe muſt pinch another.*

Qui va il lache, qui repoſe il ſeiche; Prov. *Looke* Seicher.

Lecherein: m. *A ſlap-ſauce, ſick-diſh, licorous companion.*

Lecherelle: f. *A licorous or ſaucie woman.*

Femme lecheresſe ne fera ia porée eſpaiſſe; Prov. *The licorous houſwife, ſeldome makes thicke pottage.*

Lecheur: m. *A licker, or lapper up of;* See Leſcheur.

Leçon: f. *A Leſſon; Lecture, Document, Inſtruction, Precept.*

Lecteur: m. *Avocate.*

Lecteur publique. *A Profeſſor, or publick Reader, in an Vniverſitie, &c.*

Lectrin: m. *as* Letrin.

Lecture: f. *A lecture, a Reading.*

† Ledanger. *as* Laidanger.

Lede. *as* Ledon.

Ledoires: f. *Reproaches, revilings, defamatorie tearmes.*

Ledonier: m. *The Lote, or Nettle tree.*

Ledon: m. *The ſhrub* Ciſtus Ledon, *from the leaves whereof* Ladanum *is gathered.*

† Ledoyer. *as* Laidanger.

Lée: f. *A wild Sow.*

Legal: m. ale: f. *Legall, lawfull; of the Law; tryable by Law.*

Domicile legal. *The houſe that's enjoyed by reaſon of an eſtate, Benefice, or Office.*

Legalité: f. *Lawfulneſſe, lawfull government.*

Legart: m. *A Newte, or Lizard.*

Legat: m. *A Legat; the Popes Embaſſador; alſo, a Legacie.*

Legataire: com. *A Legatarie; the partie to whom a thing is bequeathed.*

Legater. *To bequeath, or give by will.*

Legation: f. *An Embaſſage, or Legateſhip.*

Legement: m. *A Lighter for Salt-barkes; a boat whereinto a Salt-barke (that's heavie laden, and to paſſe into ſhallow waters) diſcharges part of it burthen.*

Legende: f. *A Legend, a writing; alſo, the words that be about the edge of a peece of coyne.*

Legendier: m. *The golden legend, a booke of the lives of the Saints.*

Leger, & Legerement. *as* Legier, & Legierement.

† Legereſſe: f. *Lightneſſe, nimbleneſſe, agilitie, ſwiftneſſe, quickneſſe, ſpeedines, levelineſſe.*

Legible: com. *Legible, readable.*

Legier: m. ère: f. *Light, ſwift, ſpeedy, fleet; quick, nimble, active, readie, lively; fickle, inconſtant, humorous, unſtaedie, flitting, ſhuttle, wavering; alſo, light, ſlight, ſlender, of ſmall weight.*

Beſtes legieres. *The roe and fallow Deere, the wild Goat, and the Roe.*

Legier à la main. *See* Main.

Legierement. *Lightly, fleetly, ſwiftly, nimbly, quickly, readily, unſtraitly, ſlightly, inconſtantly; alſo, negligently, ſleightly, to no purpoſe.*

Legiereté: f. *Lightneſſe, fleetneſſe, ſwiftneſſe, nimbleneſſe, quickneſſe, agilitie, levelineſſe; alſo, levitie, wavering, inconſtancie, fickleneſſe, vainneſſe, want of gravity; ſleightneſſe.*

Legion: f. *A (Romane) Legion; a Band, or Squadron of 6830 ſouldiers; whereof 730 were horſemen, and 6100 footmen.*

Legionnaire: com. *Legionarie; of, or belonging to, a (Romane) Legion.*

Legiſlateur: m. *A Law-maker.*

Legitimation: f. *A legitimation, or legitimating, a making lawfull.*

Lettres de legitimation. *Letters of legitimation, are procured of the King by baſtards, that they may be capable of ſucceſſions, and lawfully diſpoſe of their owne as well as other men.*

Legitime: f. *A portion, or childs part; a younger brothers portion, or part in the inheritance left by his father; alſo, the portion of inheritance which a father may give away from his ſonne; his owne free land.*

Mettre ſa legitime au vent. *To make (an unthriftie) ſale of his portion; to ſquander away his childs part.*

Legitime: com. *Legitimate, lawfull, orderly, juſt, right; rightly borne, truly begot.*

Legitimement. *Legitimately, rightly, lawfully, according to the law.*

Leguer. *To bequeath, to leave by will.*

Legumage: m. *Pulſe; as Beanes, Peaſe, &c, any corne, &c. that's reaped, or gathered by pulling.*

Legume: m. *as* Legumage.

Legumineux: m. euſe: f. *Of, or belonging to, pulſe.*

Legz: m. *A Legatie; a thing bequeathed, or given by will.*

Leiche. *as* Leſſe.

Leicher. *See* Lecher.

Lende: f. *A nit, or chit; alſo, as* Lande, *alſo, a kinde of Scate-fiſh.*

Lendemain. *The morrow, day following, next day after.*

Au Lendemain. *Untill to morrow.*

Lendeux: m. euſe: f. *Nittie, full of nits.*

Lendit: m. *A great faire kept (in a field neere to S. Denis) from the ſecond Wedneſday of June, untill Midſummer Eve; whence;*

Lendit. *Gate-money, fairing, or yearely preſents beſtowed by the ſchollers of the Vniverſitie (eſpecially thoſe of Paris) on their Tutors.*

Lendole: f. *The flying fiſh.*

Lengaier, & Lengageur. *See* Langayer, & Langageur.

Lenitif: m. *An aſſwaging, appeaſing, tempering, mitigation, qualification; a comforting, eaſing, refreſhing.*

Lenir. *To lenifie, ſlacke, ſwage, temper, mitigate, ſweeten, ſhunne, qualifie, pacifie, appeaſe, comfort, refreſh, ease.*

Lenitif: m. *A lenitive, mitigation; refreſhment; an ach-aſſwaging medicine; griefe-appeaſing plaiſter.*

Lenkiat: m. *A kind of Dogfiſh.*

Lent: m. Lente: f. *Slacke, ſlow, ſtaied, ſtaſh, lingering, backward, remiſſe, lazie, remiſſe, dully heavie, one of the baſtings; alſo, gentle, ſoft, ſlacke, eaſie, eaſie.*

Lente. *as* Lentille.

Lentement. *Slowly, leiſurely, ſoftly, gently, ſtaiedly, remiſſly, negligently; ſlow and ſoftly, not too faſt, by little and little, without haſte.*

Lenteur: f. *Slacknesſe, lingering, ſlowneſſe; remiſſneſſe; eaſe; negligence, lithernesſe; alſo, clammineſſe, ſlymineſſe, glewineſſe.*

Lentieux: m. euſe: f. *Nittie, full of nits.*

Lentice. *as* Lentiſque.

Lenticuloire: m. *An inſtrument wherewith Surgeons plane, and cut away, the broken bones of a wounded ſkull.*

Lentillade: f. *The ſpotted and long-noſed Scate, or Thornback.* Langued.

Lentillat: m. *The ſpotted dogfiſh called by our fiſhermen, the Dunne-hound, or Dunne-cow.*

Lentille: f. *The lintle or Lentill (a ſmall pulſe;) alſo, the weight of a Lentill; or, a ſmall weight whereof three make but two graines.*

Lentilles. *Round ſpecks, red pimples; wrin, ſmall, and Lentill-reſembling freckles, on the face or hands.*

Lentilles d'eau. *as* Lentilles de marais.

Lentilles de marais, ou du mer. *Duckes-meat, ſea-Lentill; water Lentills, Graines.*

Lentillé: m. ée: f. *Freckled, ſorrupted, pimpled.*

Lentilleux: m. euſe: f. *Freckle, full of red pimples, or ſpots.*

Lentisce. *as* Lentiſque.

Lentiſcine: f. *Maſticke.*

Lentiſque: m. *The Lentiſke, or Maſticke tree.*

Lentitude: f. *as* Lenteur.

Leonceau: m. *A Lyons whelpe, or young Lyon.*

Leonin: m. ine: f. *Lion-like, of, or belonging to a Lyon.*

Leontin. *as* Leonceau.

Leopard: m. *A Leopard, or Libbard, a beaſt ingendred betweene a Lion, and a Panther.*

Leopard de mer. *The Cod, or Greeneſiſh.*

Leopardé. Lion Leop. *Libbard-like.*

Leporin: m. ine: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Hare.*

Leppe.

Leppe: f. *Sea-graſſe, Sea-weed, Reets.*
Lepre: f. *A leproſie.*
Lepre farineuſe. *A white ſcurfe, or leproſie.*
† Lepreſerie: f. *Leproſneſſe; ſcurfe, ſcabbineſſe.*
Lepreux: m. euſe: f. *Leprous; ſcurvy, or ſcabbed ſcruer; the body.*
Lepreſerie: f. *A ſpittle for the leprous.*
Lequel: m. elle: f. *Which, the which.*
Lequel des deux. *Whether, the whether, which ſoever, which of the two ſoever.*
Lequeſat: m. *A kind of ſauce for Hodcocks.*
Lereſot: m. *The foot, or downe of a countrey-maidens ſong.*
Larmier. *as* Larmier.
Leret: m. *A Dormouſe; alſo, the great, and pild-eared Bat-mouſe, Hazel-mouſe, or Filberd-mouſe; called ſo, becauſe he liveth onely on nuts.*
† Lerre: m. *A thiefe.*
Lesard: m. *A Lizard.* See Lezard.
Leſchard: m. *A lickerous, or ſweet-mouthed ſlap-ſawce; alſo, a mickery, or miſerable niggard; one that continually licks up, or looks after pelfe.*
Leſche: f. *A long ſlice, or ſhive of bread, &c. alſo, as* Leſſe.
Leſche de mer. *A ſlimie worme, thick as a finger, and a foot long; digged by fiſhermen (who uſe it for a bait) out of the ſand, wherein, unleſſe it be quickly taken up, it quickly hides it ſelfe againe.*
Leſchedoigt. See Lecchedoigt.
Leſcher. *as* Lecher.
Leſcherie: f. *Sawcineſſe, lickerouſneſſe; much licking.*
Leſcheur: m. *A licker; a lickerous companion.*
Leſcheur. (Adject.) *Often licking; lickerous.*
Au chat leſchant bat on ſouvent la gueule: Prov. *The lickerous cat comes unto many a pat.*
Leſcive. *as* Lexive.
Leſciver. *To buck clothes; to waſh, rince, or ſcoure with lie.*
Leſe-maieſté: f. *High treaſon.*
Leſer. *To hurt, wound, annoy, offend.*
Leſer la maieſté. *To commit high treaſon.*
Leſion: f. *Hurt, wounding, harme, offence, annoyance.*
Leſſe: f. *A Leaſh, to hold a dog &c. in; a bridle, or falſe reine to hold a horſe by; any ſuch long ſtring.*
Leſſes. *as* Laiſſes.
Ie la voudrois pluſtoſt chevaucher que mener en leſſe. (*A knaviſh phraſe in* Rab.) *I had rather ride her then lead her.*
Leſſive. *as* Lexive.
Leſt. *as* Leſtage.
Leſtage: m. *The balaſt of a ſhip.*
Leſtager. *To balaſt a ſhip.*
Leſte. *as* Leſtage.
Leſté: m. ée: f. *Balaſted; alſo, (but not ſo properly) full fraught, or loaden (as a ſhip.)*
Leſte: com. *Quick, nimble, active, ſprightfull, diſpoſe, ready, lively; apt, or able for imployments; alſo, neat, comely, handſome, quaint, or curious in attire.*
Leſtement. *Quickly, nimbly, actively, with great agility; lively, merrily; alſo, neatly, quaintly, curiouſly.*
Leſter. *To balaſt; alſo, (but not ſo properly) to load, or full-fraught, a ſhip.*
† Letabonde: com. *Jocund, frolick, buxome, all-aboight, as merry as may be.*
Letargie. *as* Lethargie.
Lethal: m. ale: f. *Deadly, mortall; peſtiferous.*
Lethargie: f. *A Lethargy; a drowſie, and forgetfull ſickneſſe, called by ſome, the drowſie evill.*
Lethargique: com. *Sick of a Lethargy, or of the drowſie ill; (and hence) alſo, dull, heavy, ſleepy, forgetfull.*
† Lethe: m. *Death, mortality; oblivion.*
† Lethean: m. anne: f. *Deadly, mortall, peſtilent, death inflicting.*
Letice: f. *A beaſt of a whitiſh gray colour.*
Letiere. *Seek* Liziere.
Leton: m. *Latten (metall.)*
Letrin: m. *A (Pulpit, or) Deske in a Church.*
Leitager. *as* Leſtager.
Lettre: f. *A letter, or character of the Croſſe row; alſo, a Letter, Epiſtle, or Miſſive; alſo, a Patent, Graunt, Command, Writ, or Decree paſſing from a Prince, or out of a Court of Juſtice; (In which ſence it is altogether uſed in the Plurall.)*
Lettres d'acquieſcement. *A Letter of Attorny from a client to his counſell for the ſurceaſing, or compounding of the ſute.*
Lettres de baillie. *Writs of Execution; or an execution againſt the goods of.*
Lettres de cargaiſon. *Bils of lading.*
Lettres de committimus. *A Commiſſion.*
Lettres d'eſtat. *Look* Eſtat.
Lettres de pas, ou de paſſe. *A Paſſe, or Paſport; a Licence for the paſſage, travell, or tranſportation of.*
Les bonnes lettres. *Learning.*
Au pied de la lettre. *Literally, ſtrictly, preciſely, according to the true ſence of the place.*
Ce me ſont lettres cloſes. *Theſe things are miſteries, or ſecrets unto me.*
Prendre lettres. *Is (at a certain Card-play) to crave leave to give over a game which he undertook to win.*
Teſmoing paſſe lettre; Prov. *The depoſition of a preſent witneſſe is a more effectuall evidence then a bare proofe out of any writing.*
Lettré: m. ée: f. *Lettered, learned; skilfull in, or furniſhed with, good letters.*
Lettriſé. Vers lettriſez. *Which run upon the letter; or all whoſe words begin with one and the ſame letter.*
Lettron: m. *Gumme Cichory, raſh Cichory; or, as* Laiſcteron, *the Sow-thiſtle.*
Leuge: m. *The leakage of a ſhip.*
Leu: m. *As* Lieu; *a place; and hence;*
Sans feu ne leu. *Without houſe or harbour.*
Leu: m. leüe: f. *Read, peruſed.*
Levage. Droict de Levage. *Look* Droict.
Levaille: f. *An upſetting, upriſing, or getting up.*
Levain: m. *Leaven (for bread.)*
Honteux comme vne truye qui emporte vn levain. *Seek* Honteux.
† Levandiere: f. *A Midwife.*
Levant: m. *The Levant, the Eaſt; the Eaſt wind, or countrey.*
Coque de Levant. *The ſmall medecinable ſhell, tearmed in ſhops* Vnguis Oratus.
Vent Grec Levant. *A South-eaſt wind.*
Faire voile en Levant. *To ſaile Eaſtward; to be ſtolne, filched, or purloyned, away.*
Levant. *Raiſing, rearing; riſing, ariſing; levying; levening.*
Tombant levant. *Well or ill, hitte miſſe; here or there, one way or other; (Adverbially.)*
Leuce. de Leuce. *Seek* Rab. *in ſtead of,* d'Ellend. *Seek* Ellend.
Leucophlegmatie: f. *A flegmatick dropſie; or, as* Hypoſarque.
Leucophlegmatique: com. *Sicke of, or troubled with (ſuch) a flegmatick dropſie.*
Leud: m. *as* Leude.
Leude: m. *A vaſſall, tenant, liegeman. (V. m.)*
Leudes franc. *Gentlemen profeſſing Armes, or Souldiery; and holding their lands of others, but paying no tax, or impoſition, to any.*
Leudes ſerfs. *Villaines, peaſants, biſſandmen; ſubject to all impoſitions.*
Leve: m. *A trick, at Cards.*
Leve: f. *A Mallet (hollowed like a ſalt-ſeller at both ends) wherewith the bowle is raiſed, and caſt through the Paſſe, at* Palemaille.
Levé: m. ée: f. *Lifted, raiſed, reared, heaved, hoiſted, elevated, advanced; alſo, levened; alſo, levied; alſo, riſen, ariſen, got, or grown up.*
Arreſt levé. *A ſentence publiſhed, or exemplified.*
La main luy eſt levée. *His goods, which were ſeiſed, are delivered back unto him.*
Au pied levé. Pourſuyvre au pied levé. *To purſue hard, neere, foot hot, cloſe at the heeles.*
Prendre au pied levé. *To take at advantage, or at the worſt; to ſurpriſe on a ſuddaine, or before proviſion made.*
Reſpondre à pied levé. *To anſwer ſuddainly, or extempore.*
La teſte levée. *Boldly, confidently, with head lift up; or holding up the head, as one that hath gotten the better of his adverſary.*
† Leveche: f. *A South-weſt wind.*
Levée: f. *A bank, or cauſey raiſed for the keeping in of a River, or water; alſo, a levy, or levying of money, ſouldiers, &c. a gathering, or getting in of the profits, or fruits of land; alſo, a raiſing, hoiſing, advancing; and, a riſing, as of the Sun.*
Vne levée de bouclier. *Much adoe about nothing; a great ſhew, or much doings, to little purpoſe; mighty preparations for a meane exploit; a notable coyle, or ſtirre, when it needs not.*
Levement: m. *A raiſing, rearing, hoiſing, advancing, liſting, or ſetting up; alſo, a levy, or levying; alſo, a leavening.*
Lever. *To lift, raiſe, reare, elevate, advance, hoiſe, heave, or ſet up; alſo, to levy, collect, gather; alſo, to leaven.*
Se Lever. *To riſe, ariſe, get, or grow up.*
Lever vn arreſt. *To publiſh a ſentence, or decree.*
Lever boutique. *To ſet up ſhop.*
Se Lever au Conſeil. *To goe ſit in counſell.*
Lever le cul. Il leur fit lever le cul à. *He raiſed them, or their ſiege, from.*

Lever vn enfant des fonts. *To christen, or be witnesse to, a child at the Font.*
Lever des estoffes. *To buy, or take up, stuffes.*
Lever la main. *To take up a tricke at Cards.*
Lever la main à quelqu'un. *To restore unto him the goods taken from him by order, or authority.*
Lever en sa main. *To take into his hands, or possession; to seise upon, in his owne right.*
Lever le masque à. *To unmaske; lay open, discover.*
Lever le menton à. *To hearten, harden, imbolden, incourage, assure.*
Lever le nez. *To take courage, or heart at grasse, to plucke up the heart.*
Lever de sentinelle. *To relieve a Sentinell, to put one in his room; hence also, to dislodge.*
Lever la table. *To take away.*
Lever matin n'est pas heur, mais desjuner est le plus leur; Pro. *Looke* Matin.
Il a beau se lever tard qui a le bruit de se lever matin; Prov. *He may well enough rise late thats thought to rise early; The like is;*
Qui a bruit de se lever matin peut dormir iusques à soir; Pro. *He thats well thought of, may play the knave long before he be suspected, or detected a knave; (so many men that are not as they seem to be, beguile those, who seeing no hurt suspect none.)*
† Leveſche. *as* Leveche; *also, common Lovage, Lombardy Lovage; also, the herb Alexanders.*
† Leveſſe. *as* Leveſche.
Leveron: m. *Yeast, or Barme.*
Leveur: m. *A raiser, lifter, advancer, hoiser, or heaver up of; also, a levier, collector, gatherer; also, a leaveuer.*
Levéure de biere: f. *Yeast.*
Levier: m. *A Lever; an Iron crow, or woodden bar to lift up things with.*
Leville: f. *Darnell; or Tares.*
Levis: m. iſſe: f. *Foulding, or to be foulded up; whence;* Table Leviſſe, &c.
Leviſtic: m. *Lovage; or, as* Liveſche.
Leur. *Their;* C'eſt leur maiſon; *also, theirs; as,* C'eſt le leur; *and their own, or their own means; whence,* Ils n'ont moyen de le faire du leur; *also, them; as in,* Il leur a dict.
Levrault: m. *A Leveret, or young Hare; also, a Roman beame, or stelletre. See* Crochet.
Il y a levrault au croc. *There is some good prey to be caught, stuffe to be found, thing to be had.*
Levre: f. *A lip; (also, an Otter. ¶ Savoyard.)*
Levre fenduë. *A Hare-lip, or Hare-mouth.*
Attaindre du bout des levres. *To touch daintily, or but sleightly.*
Bailler morniſle ſur les levres. *To give a cuffe on the mouth, a thump on the lips.*
Bailler morniſle ſur les levres du Roy. *To coine false money, to make false coine.*
Femme qui ſes levres mord, &c. *Looke* Femme.
Levreſque: com. *Greyhound like; of, or belonging to, a Greyhound.*
Levrete: f. *as* Levrette.
Levreté: m, ée: f. *Kindled, as a yong Leveret.*
Levretée. *A Hare-lipt, or blabber-lipt wench; also, a wench that hath been buggared by a Greyhound.*
Levreteau: m. *A Leveret; a young, or little Hare.*
Levreter. *To kindle young Hares; or, a Hare to kindle.*
Levreton: m. *A Greyhound-whelpe, a young Greyhound.*
Levrette: f. *A Greyhound bitch; also, a most lascivious and incontinent wench, a common hackney, a bitch fox; also, a little tender lip.*
Levrier: m. *A Greyhound.*
Levrier d'attache. *An Iriſh Greyhound, a great Greyhound.*
Pain de levrier. *A Cheſſe-loafe; bread made of the courſeſt of corne.*
Souppes de levrier. *Brewesse made of courſe brown bread, moiſtened with the laſt, and worſt fat of the beefe pot.*
Ha levrier. *(A voice of encouragement, or excitation;) hoo, now now, hoe dog, hoe well done dog; also (a voice of incenſing ſuch as be ready to fall together by the eares.) Now lads, to it boies, cuffe or cudgell one another and ſpare not.*
Elle penſe que de toute taille bon levrier. *She is ſo indifferent, or generall in the intertainment of ſervants, that (ſo they be young and luſtie) ſhe cares not of what proportion, or ſtature they be.* Look Taille.
Il n'eſt chaſſe que de vieux levriers; Pro. *Old hounds do hunt the ſureſt; old Greyhounds biue the ſoreſt.*
Oncques maſtin n'aima levrier; Pro. *Never did clown affect a Gentleman; nor a rude peaſant a civill preſident.*
Levriere: f. *A Greyhound bitch.*
Levron; m. *A young, or little, Greyhound; also, a young wanton fellow that (as a young Greyhound) minds nothing but pleaſure.*
Leurre: f. *A Faulkoners) Lure.*
Oyſeaux, ou faulcons de leurre. *Are, properly, ſeven,* Le Faulcon gentil, Pelerin, Tartaire, Gerfault, Sacre, Laſnier; & le Tunicien.
Leurré: m. ée: f. *Lured; manned, or made unto the lure; also, allured; also, better trained then he was, or taught more wit then he formerly had; whence;*
Il n'a pas encores eſté leurré. *(Said of a groſſe, rude, ignorant, and unexperienced fellow.)*
Leurrer. *To lure; to manne, or make unto the lure; also, as* Deſniaiſer; *also, to allure, inveagle, intice.*
Lexive: f. *Lye (wherewith linnen is cleanſed,) also, a bucke of (linnen) clothes.*
Lexiveux: m. euſe: f. *Full of lye; or, as* Lexivier.
Lexivier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, lye; fit for lye.*
Lexivieux: m. euſe: f. *as* Lexiveux.
Leyau: m. *A wound of the breadth, and depth of an inch.* ¶ Gaſe.
Leyde: f. *A certain taxe, or impoſition upon Wine, and other commodities.*
Leyette. *as* Layette.
Lez: m. *An edge, brimme, or ſide; also, the liſt of cloth, &c. alſo, the breadth of any ſtuffe; also, a meaſure (eſpecially for fiſh) not much different from our Laſt; whence;*
Le lez d'harenc. *Containes about twelve Barrells.*
Le lez d'harenc ſor. *Containes ten thouſand red Herrings.*
Le lez de maquereau, ou moruë. *as* Le lez d'harenc.
Le lez d'un navire. *The ballaſſe; alſo (leſſe properly) the fraight, or burthen of a ſhip.*
Le lez de Saumon. *A meaſure of Salmon containing two* Hambours.
Lez. *Nigh, towards, hard by, neere to.*
Lezard: m. *A Lizard; Newte, Aske; also, a kind of ſmall Dog.*
Lezard Chalcidique. *A ſpotted Lizard which is very venomous, and yet, taken in drinke, healeth the hurt he did.*
Lezard de mer. *A kind of Mackerell.*
Lezard verd. *The great, and harmleſſe greene Lizard called in* Italy (*where he is moſt found, and beſt knowne*) Ramarro. *See* Liſarde.
Bec de Lezard. *A Lizards beake; an Inſtrument, or paire of tongs, wherewith Surgeons draw bullets, or bone-ſplints out of the body.*
Sel de Lezard. *Looke* Sel.
Lezard: m. arde: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Lizard.*
Plume Lezarde. *A biting, ſlanderous, or defamatory penne.*
Liace. *as* Liaſſe.
Liage: m. *A binding, tying; faſtening, knitting, uniting; haltering, fettering; ſouldering; combining together.*
Droict de liage. *Hoopage; or, a fee due to ſome Lords for the hooping of every wine-veſſell their vaſſalls have.*
Liaitre. *as* Lietre.
Liais: m. *A very hard free ſtone whereof ſtaire-ſteps, and tombe-ſtones be commonly made.*
Liaiſon: f. *A band; connexion, colligation; knot, obligation; faſtening, tying, or cloſing hard together; also, a locking, or binding in wraſtling.*
Liants: m. *The bands of lead that faſten the panes of a window to the bars.*
Liard: m. *A brazen coine worth three deniers, or the fourth part of a ſol.*
Liarder. *To beg, or get poorely, ſlowly, or by the penny.*
Liarre. *Ivie. See* Lietre.
Liaſſe: f. *A bundle, or handfull of.*
Liaſſe d'oignons. *A rope of Onions.*
Libament: m. *A ſacrifice; a thing offered, or taſted of in the offering.*
Libanomantie: f. *Divination by incenſe, or frankincenſe.*
Libanot, ou Libanotis. *Herb Frankincenſe, Roſemarie Frankincenſe, Libanotis Roſemarie, Hartwort.*
Libation: f. *A ſacrifice, or thing offered; a taſting in ſacrifice.*
Libellance. Le Clerc & libell. du Baillage; C'eſt, le greffier.
Libelle: f. *A Libell, or defamatorie booke, &c. alſo, a Writ, Citation, or Proceſſe, containing the ſubſtance of the ſuit; or (more properly) the originall declaration upon any Action; alſo, a Bill, Certificate, Requeſt, or Supplication, in writing.*
Libellé: m. ée: f. *Declared upon.*
Adjournement libellé. Qui contient la demande du demandeur, & les moyens d'icelle, afin que le defendant ſçache s'il doit plaider, ou ceder, & s'il delibere plaider qu'il vienne inſtruict au iour de l'aſſignation, pour defendre.

Commiſſion libellée. C'eſt, narrative. Exploit libellé. Qui contient le faict de l'exploict; ou les moyens de la demande, & concluſion de mandeur. Mandement libellé de l'eſpargne; par lequel eſt declaré le nom de celuy auquel le Receveur general doit payer la ſomme, pour la bailler, & deliurer à vn tel, en l'acquit du Roy, à telle choſe, pour tel employ, à tel effect. ¶ Ragueau.

Libeller. *To declare upon an Action of Treſpaſſe, Debt, Covenant, &c. as under* Libellé.

Liberal: m. ale: f. *Liberall, bountifull, frankes, open handed, free-hearted; beneficiall, gracious, helping, propitious, good unto.*

Liberalement. *Liberally, frankely, freely, bountifully; beneficially, with an open hand, in full meaſure, in abundant manner.*

Liberalité: f. *Liberality, bounty, frankneſſe, largeſſe, beneficence; abundant and free giving.*

Liberation: f. *A freeing, diſcharging, releaſe, remitment of.*

Liberté: f. *Liberty, freedome; full ſcope, good leave, ample or free choice; an uncontroulable condition; alſo, openneſſe, plainneſſe, boldneſſe in ſpeech or action.*

Libertinage: m. *Libertinage, Epicuriſme, ſenſualty, licentiouſneſſe, diſſolateneſſe.*

Libidineux: m. euſe: f. *Libidinous, laſcivious, luxurious, luſtfull, incontinent; lecherous.*

Libidineuſité: f. *Luſtfullneſſe, luxurie, laſciviouſneſſe, lecherouſneſſe, incontinency, fleſhlineſſe.*

Libraire: m. *A Booke ſeller, a Stationer.*

Librairie: f. *A Librarie; a ſtudy, or ſhop, full of bookes.*

Libre: com. *Free, franke, at liberty, quit; open; unbound, unbounden, unlimited, unreſtrained; exempted from, not ſubject unto; bold; uncontroulable.*

Librement. *Freely, frankely, unboundedly; at pleaſure, with full liberty, without controule; willingly, without conſtraint; boldly, without feare.*

Libure: f. *A little Iſle (out of the land) whereon Bay ſalt is gathered after every tide.*

Libuſnique: f. *A very light, and ſwift ſhip, or faiſt, uſed by the ancient Pirats.*

Licaleil: m. *A Lampe.* ¶ Linoſin. ¶ Rab.

Licanthrope: com. *Troubled with the frenzie, or melancholy tearmed* Licanthropie.

Lice: f. *A Liſts, or Tilt-yard; alſo, a bitch; alſo, a whore (See* Lyce*); alſo, the wooſe, or thread of the ſhittle, in weaving; alſo, a certaine round peece of wood in the forcaſtle of a ſhip.*

Lice de charpenterie. *A frame, or double, and cloſe wrought raile, or bar of timber; ſuch as the foundations of water-worke piles, &c. are compaſſed with.*

De haute lice. *Of rich work, much worth; high ſtile, excellent ſtaffe; heuce;* Tapiſſerie de haute lice. *The beſt kind of Tapiſtry.*

Fuir la lice. *To ſhun, or quit the field; to refuſe, or abandon, the fight; (any way) to flinch.*

Lice: com. *Smooth, ſleeke. See* Liſſe.

Licence: f. *Licence, leave, liberty; permiſſion, ſufferance.*

Licencié: m. *A Licenciate; a Batcheler of Divinitie; one that hath his Grace for a Doctorſhip; In Law, one that hath leave to plead for Clients; an utter Barriſter.*

Licencié ſous la cheminée. *One that doth his acts in* Tenebris; *one that ſteales a Degree, or gets it without deſert.*

Licencié: m. ée: f. *Diſmiſſed, diſcharged.*

Licencier. *To diſmiſſe, diſcharge, give leave, grant Licence unto.*

Licencieuſement. *Liceutiouſly, freely, with full ſufferance.*

Licharder. *To licke daintily, feed quaintly, picke up morcells curiouſly.*

Liche. *A kind of the fiſh Glaucus.*

Liche-caſſe. *A lick-box, a ſweet-lips.* ¶ Rab.

Liche-doigt: m. *One that lickes his fingers one after the other; alſo, one that does things leiſurely, or by peeces; whence;*

A liche-doigt. *Peecemeale, by patches or parcels, by degrees, one after another; alſo, daintily, or ſparingly.*

Liche-frite: f. *A Dripping-pan.*

Lichement: m. *A licking; lapping, or ſlapping up.*

Lichene: f. *A Ring-worme, or Tettar.*

Licher. *To lick; lap; ſlap up.*

Licherie: f. *A licking, ſawcineſſe, lickerouſneſſe.*

Licheron: m. *A ſawcy companion.*

Licheur: m. *A licker, lapper, or ſlapper up, of; a lickerous, or ſawcy companion.*

Liciſque. *A dog ingendred between a wolfe, and a dog.*

Liciſque orgooſe. *A ſault bitch.*

Licitation: f. *A profering, or ſetting to ſale, unto him that will give moſt; alſo, a prizing, or cheapening.*

Licitation & decret. *Fine and recovery.*

Licite: com. *Lawfull; allowable.*

Licol: m. *A rope, halter; horſe-collar. Look* Cheveſtre.

Gens de ſac, & de licol. *Rogues, vagabonds; alſo, begging Friers.*

Licorne: f. *An Unicorne; alſo, Unicornes horne.*

Lict: m. *A bed, couch, pallat; alſo, a courſe, rank, bed, or laire of ſtone, &c. in building.*

Lict briſé. *Marriage broken, a married couple parted.*

Lict d'un cerf. *The lodge of a Deere.*

Lict de Iuſtice. *A Judiciall Seat, or Throne of Juſtice; the Kings Seat in a Court, or in Parliament.*

Lict de matlas. *A Matteraſſe, or Flockbed.*

Lict de parement. *The bed wherein a woman lies in; alſo, a Sparver. Looke* Parement.

Licts de parlement. *Quilts ſtuffed with Cheſtnut leaves; tearmed ſo in mockage, becauſe being ſtirred, or ſtirred on, they make a brabling, or confuſed noiſe.*

Lict d'une Riviere. *The channell of a River.*

Lict verd. *A couch, or bed of caſe to ſit, or loll on in the day time.*

En lict de chien n'y a point d'oingture; Pro. *The kennell of a dog's without ſweet aintments.*

Le Lict eſt vne belle choſe, qui n'y dort on y repoſe; Pro. *A well-made bed is a good, and freindly neaſt, for though one ſleep not on it, he takes his reſt.*

Lictée. *Seeke* Littée.

Lictiere: f. *A Litter, or Horſe-litter; alſo, litter for horſes, &c. alſo, old dung, or manure.*

Batre la lictiere. *A horſe to ſtay, or continue in, or not to ſtir out of, the ſtable.*

Faire lictiere de. *To violate, prophane, abuſe; deſpiſe, contemne, make vile account, or baſe uſe of; tread under foot.*

Mettre à la lictiere. *To ruine, overthrow, pull down, put unto moſt vile or baſe offices, tread under foot.*

Lide: f. *A kind of woodden, and warlike Engine uſed in old time.*

Lie: f. *The lees, dregs, grounds, thicke ſubſtance that ſettles in the bottom of liquor.*

Tirer vn traict ſus la lie. *To broach a veſſell below, or towards the bottome; to leacher it, or get a licke at.*

Lie: com. *Cheerefull, pleaſant, buxome.*

Dire vne choſe de chere lie. *To ſay a thing with a merry countenance, cheery viſage, looke full of glee.*

Faire chere lie. *To be jocund, merry, frolick; to make great ſport, or good cheere.*

Lié: m. ée: f. *Tyed, bound; faſtened, fettered; obliged; annexed, or knit unto; combined, or united with; holding, or hanging together.*

Potage lié. *Broth, or pottage thickened with the yolkes of egges, or crummes of white bread.*

Lié avec tueilles de pourreaux. *Weakly bound God wot; ready, or eaſie, to be looſed.*

Ou la Chevre eſt liée faut qu'elle broute; Pro. *The Goat muſt browze where ſhe is bound; where a man is ſetled let him ſeeke to live.*

Liege: m. *Corke.*

Liege. Fief liege. *as* Fief ample. *Seeke* Ample.

Liegé: m. ée: f. *Corked; ſtopped, or underlayed with Corke; whence;*

Soulier liege. *A Corke ſhooe.*

Lieger. *To corke; to ſtop, raiſe, or underlay, with Corke.*

Liement: m. *A binding, tying, faſtening, fettering, knitting, annexing unto; a combining, or uniting with; an union, or adherence; a cloſing, gluing, ſouldering; a holding, or hanging together.*

Liément. *Merrily, blithely, jocundly, buxomely, gladſomely, with much glee.*

Lien: m. *A band, or tye; a line, cord, ſtring; any thing that faſteneth, or fettereth; as a thong, rope, give, manacle, ſhackle, &c. alſo, a ligament, or ligature; alſo, the loope of a dart.*

Iuſtice patibulaire à deux piliers, & liens par dedans & par dehors. *A Gibbet ſtanding on two pillars; a paire of Gallows, bound both within and without, belongs unto, or may be kept by, a Lord high* Iuſticier.

Sainct pierre aux liens. *Lammas day; or the firſt of Auguſt.*

Ce n'eſt que trainer ſon lien. *He does but divert for a while, the plagues which will fall upon him; or go whither he will, make what ſhift he can, he carries his payment with him; hence the Proverb;* Il n'eſt pas eſchappé qui traine ſon lien.

A meſchant chien court lien ; &, à petit chien petit lien ; &, à rude chien dur lien ; Pro. *Looke* Chien.

Rien ne vaut poulain s'il ne rompt ſon lien ; Prov. *The colt thats halter breakes not mettall wants.*

Liens. *as* Leans.

Lienteric. Flux lienteric. *as* Lienterie.

Lienterie : f. *A fluxe wherein meat is voided (raw, and undigeſted) preſently after the eating thereof.*

Lienterieux : m. euſe : f. *Troubled with, or ſicke of that flux.*

Lienterique : com. *The ſame.*

Liepard : m. *A Libbard, or Leopard.*

Lier : m. *The allay of corne.*

Lier. *To tye, bind, faſten, knit ; halter, fetter ; ſoulder, unite, combine ; oblige, or make beholden to.*

On lie bien le ſes avant qu'il ſoit plein ; Prov. *A ſacke before it be full is eaſily bound up ; there is hope of compaſſing one that is in want.*

Il ne faut pas lier les Aſnes avec les chevaux ; Prov. *We muſt not mingle bad and good together.*

† Liernes : f. *Slits, Enterlaces, or Entertoiſes of Timber.*

Lierre : m. *Ivie.*

Lierre arboré. *Tree Ivie, wall Ivie ; the great, or climing Ivie.*

Lierre blanc. *The white Ivie, or female great Ivie, bearing a white berry.*

Lierre clavelé. *as* Petit Lierre.

Lierre Helix. *Barren, or creeping Ivy.*

Lierre noir. *The ordinary climing, or blacke-berried Ivie.*

Lierre piquant. *Rough Bindweed.*

Lierre terreſtre. *Ground Ivy, Alehooſe, Gill creep by ground, Tunehooſe, Catsfoot.*

Lierre trainant. *as* Lierre terreſtre ; *or creeping, and barren Ivy.*

Petit Lierre. *Small Ivy, ground Ivy, creeping, or barren Ivy.*

Lieſſe : f. *Glee, mirth, gladneſſe, joyfulneſſe, cheerfulneſſe, lightneſſe of heart.*

Liet. *as* Liais.

Liet : m. ette : f. *Glad, blithe, merry, jocund, frolick, pleaſant, buxome, cheerefull.*

Liette : f. *A till, or drawer ; alſo, a casket, or ſmall coffer full of tills, or drawers.*

Lieu : m. *A place ; roome ; ſeat, ranke ; ſtead ; alſo, a quality, calling, degree, ſtate ; alſo, credit, eſteeme, reckoning, account ; alſo, a houſe, or dwelling place ; and hence ;*

Lieu chevels. *A Mannor-houſe.* ¶ Norm.

Chef lieu. *A Lords chiefe Houſe, Place, or Mannor ; (and in the cuſtomes of* Mons, *and* Valenciennes *each of thoſe Townes is tearmed* Chef lieu.*)*

Au lieu, & en lieu de. *In lieu, in ſtead, in the roome of.*

En temps, & lieu. *Fitly, conveniently, ſeaſonably, then when it ſhould be.*

Sur le lieu. *There ; in that very place ; alſo, preſent, incontinently, forthwith, before he ſtirred one foot thence.*

Il n'a feu ne lieu. *He hath nor houſe nor harbour ; he hath not a hole to hide his head in.*

S'il y a lieu de s'arreſter à ſon dire. *If there be cauſe to ſtand on his report, if there be reaſon to build upon his tale, if we may ſafely beleeve him.*

Bonne parole bon lieu tient, & Meſchantes paroles ont meſchant lieu ; Pro. *Seek* Parole.

Lieve : f. *as* Leve.

Lieuë : f. *A League, two miles.*

La Lieuë de Bourgongne ; *Containes 30* Portées. *Looke* Portée.

Les grandes lieuës, comme celles d'Allemaigne. *Containe very neere foure of our miles.*

Les moyennes lieuës, comme celles de Dauphiné, ou de Languedoc ; *are about three of our miles.*

Les petites lieuës comme celles d'Italie ; *are little other then our miles.*

Lievement. *as* Levée.

Lieur : m. *A binder, tyer, faſtener, knitter, halterer, fetterer ; ſoulderer ; uniter of.*

Lieure : f. *as* Liement ; *or, as* Liaiſon.

Lievre : f. *A Hare.*

Lievres cuiraſſez, ou morionnez. *So do ſome Authors tearme poore Artiſans that watch.*

Lievre marin. *The ſea Hare ; an ougly, and venomous fiſh, whoſe left ſide nothing reſembles the right.*

Bec de lievre. *A Harts lip, or mouth ; the upper lip cleft in the middle up to the noſe.*

Memoire de lievre. *Extreame forgetfulneſſe.*

Oeil de lievre. *An eye whoſe lids keepe open in ſleeping ; alſo, one whoſe upper lid (by convulſion, or otherwiſe) is reverted, and thereby hindered from covering the white.*

Oreille de lievre. *Seek* Oreille.

Palais au lievre. *The ſmooth Sow-thiſtle ; or the milke thiſtle called, Hares Lettuce.*

Pied de lievre. *Hares-foot, Harefoot Treſoile, baſe Treſoile, rough Claver.*

Plus couard qu'un lievre. *More heartleſſe then a hare (then which no beaſt hath leſſe heart.)*

Fuyard en lievre. *That runs when he ſhould reſiſt ; or (more properly) that runs becauſe he cannot reſiſt.*

Le lievre eſt mis au rouët. *Look* Rouët.

Ie ſçay bien ou giſt le lievre. *I know well which is the very point, or knot of the matter.* Voila ou giſt le lievre *(To the ſame purpoſe.)*

Il fait accroire que les lievres pondent, & font des œufs. *(Appliable to one that is an extreame prater, and a monſtrous lyer to boot ;) He would make us beleeve that Hares lay egges.*

Les chiens vous mangeront le lievre. *That which you have gaped, or hunted for will be had, or got, from you.*

Prendre le lievre au tabourin. *To performe impoſſibilities ; whence the Proverb.*

L'on ne prend le lievre au ſon de tambour. *Appliable to ſuch, as ſtrive to be obeyed by force ; or thinke by lowd, and great words to overmaſter every body ; or preſume they can ſurpriſe a place whoſe inhabitants had notice of their comming. And is as much as to tell them, they labour in vaine ; for Hares are not to be caught by drumming.*

Bon eſt lievre dont la peau couſte cent ſous ; Prov. *The Hare whoſe skin coſts deere is worth the having : we ſay of a thing bought at a high rate, it had need be dainty it coſt him ſo deere ; or, it is a Hare dreſſed with Veniſon, or Deere, ſauce.*

En petit buiſſon trouve on grand lievre ; Pro. *A little buſh may hold a great Hare ; a little body a great heart.*

Pas à pas le bœuf prend le lievre ; Pro. *By little and little an Oxe may catch a Hare ; The like is ;*

Vne vache prend bien vn lievre ; Pro. *Patient perſeverance wins ground of baſtie vehemence ; ſo may a ſlow-paced Cow oretake the nimble Hare.*

Lieutenant : m. *A Lieutenant, Deputy, Subſtitute, Viegerent ; alſo, an under-Judge, or the Deputy of a* Bailli, *or of a Lo. high* Iuſticiers *Judge ; whence ;*

Lieutenant civil. *A Judge of ordinary controverſies between party and party.*

Lieutenant criminel. (Son office eſt de s'informer des crimes, & faire le procez aux criminels, par interrogatoires, recolemens, & confrontations ; & en apres les iuger : cognoiſt des delicts non punis par le Iuge du lieu : cognoiſt de remiſſions, rappels de ban, & pardons : peut faire armer le peuple ; ne doit aſſiſter au iugement des procez civils ;) *There be two ſorts of them ; viz. de robbe longue, & de robbe courte, ſomewhat inferiour to the others, as being received, and inſtituted by them*

On n'y peut mettre Lieutenant. *This muſt be done in perſon, or cannot be done by Attorney.*

Lieutrin. *as* Letrin.

Liëux : m. euſe : f. *Full of lees, dregs, or grounds, thick in the bottome after ſtanding.*

Lifreloire : m. *A buffe ſnuffe, ſwag-bellie, puffe-bag ; (a word coined in derision of the* Germans, *and* Swiſſers.*)*

Ligament : m. *A ligament, or ligature ; a tye, band, or ſtring ; eſpecially, the inſencible ſtring thats ſeated either within, or neere unto, a joint, and is tearmed by our Anatomiſts, a Ligament.*

Ligamenteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of ligaments, ſtrings, ligatures.*

Ligature : f. *A ligature, tie, band ; alſo, a binding, tying, faſtening.*

Lige : m. *Allegiance, or liegemanſhip ; whence ;*

Fiefs tenus à plein lige. Fiefs *held by full homage, or allegiance.*

Lige : com. *Liege, leall, or loyall ; ſubject, vaſſall ; naturall, ones owne.*

Garde lige. *The guard, or defence of a Lord, or of his caſtle, or principall houſe, due from the vaſſall (ſufficiently, and for certaine daies armed) when there is need, or when he is required thereto.*

Hommage lige. *Seek* Hommage ; *Where though (in* Hommage plein *) it be ſaid, that it, and* Lige *be all one (becauſe the cuſtomes of moſt places confound them) yet by ſome* Plein *is held more abſolute then* Lige.

Prince lige. *A liege Lord ; the Prince to whom one is by birth, and fortune ſubject.*

Seigneur lige. *The ſame ; alſo, a direct, immediate, or next Lord.*

Tenuë lige. *as* Tenuë à ligence.

Ligeaulté : f. *Loyalty, or the fidelity due by a ſubject unto his naturall Prince.*

Ligement. *Loyally, by allegiance ; alſo, directly, immediately, next unto.*

Ligence : f. *Liegemanſhip, allegiance, faith, loyalty.*

Devoir de ligence. *The garding of a Lords caſtle, or houſe, due by his vaſſall (armed, and on horſeback) certain dayes and nights in the yeare; or when he is required thereto; or otherwiſe, as the cuſtome of the place, or quality of his Tenure binds him.*

Tenuë à ligence. *A Tenure in chiefe; a direct, or immediate tenure (ſubject unto the* Devoir *aforeſaid.)*

† Ligier. *as* Leger.

† Lignade: f. *Wooddage; proviſion of wood.*

Faire lignade. *A ſhip to take in, or to furniſh a ſhip with, fuell, or fire-wood.*

Lignage: m. *A linage, progeny, ſtock, race, kindred, family, parentage; alſo, wooddage; and hence;*

Devoir de lignage. *A certaine toll taken for every load of wood that's brought into* Rennes *in Britaine.*

Lignager: m. *A direct kinſman. See* Linagier.

Lignagier: m, ere: f. *Directly akinne, of meer kindred; of the ſame ſtock, line, houſe, race, family; belonging to that linage.*

Retraict lignagier. *Seek* Retraict.

Ligne: f. *A line, any ſtreake, ſmall draught, or lineament; alſo, a thread, or long ſtring; a verſe, or line in writing; a ſtock, or branch in a pedegree, a degree of kindred; alſo, the third part of a barly corne, or the twelfth part of an inch in meaſuring (and the laſt, and leaſt of that kind of meaſure.)*

Ligne blanche. *The lower part of the belly whereat the muſcles thereof doe meet; the white line, the umbelicall veine.*

Ligne de compte. *The line made (in an accompt) from the ſubject to the ſumme; alſo, a ranke, or file of counters in caſting.*

Mettre en ligne de compte. *To reckon, eſteeme, account, allow of; to regiſter in the Kalender of account; to remember, or mention in diſcourſe, as a thing of ſome importance.*

Ligne eſtaincte. *as* Droict de Deſherance

Ligne teincte. *A ſuppoſed line in Geometry; uſed often as a Demetient, when a line is ſuppoſed to runne from one point (without latitude, or thickneſſe) to another.*

Ligne de perles. *A thread of pearle.*

Bois de ligne. *Timber ſquared out by line and levell; wrought timber; alſo, an angle-rod.*

Cotte & ligne. (*which ſhould rather be,* coſté & ligne,) *Signifies peculiar kindred; or a particular branch of a family, or kindred; and ſo when a man gives his wife a thing, à cotte & ligne, he meanes it abſolutely unto her, and her own kinſfolke.*

Tenir cotte & ligne. *To have the law in his own hands, to do what he liſt.*

Biens meubles ne tiennent coſté ne ligne; aſçavoir, ne ſuivent eſtoc, coſté, ny ligne.

Tirer hors ligne. *To ſumme up; from the cuſtome of Auditors, &c. who ſet the ſumme of every parcell at the end, or outſide of the ſubject.*

† Lignear: m. are: f. *Linear, by line, in a direct courſe, or line; alſo, belonging to a line.*

Lignée: f. *as* Lignage.

Ligner. *To line, as a dog (or dog-wolfe) a bitch.*

Ligneraye: f. *A line-yard, or flax-yard.*

Ligneul: m. *Shoomakers thread; or, a tatching end.*

† Ligneux: m. euſe: f. *Wooddie, full of wood; alſo, full of lines, or ſmall and long threads.*

† Lignier: m. *A pile of wood.*

Lignoul. *as* Ligneul.

Ligombeau: m. *A ſea crevice, or little Lobſter.*

Ligoter. *To prune a vine; to take from about it the ſtones, clods, or herbs that hinder the budding thereof.*

Ligue: f. *A league, or confederacy; a complot, or combination of ſides, or parties which have been divided; an agreement made, or alliance contracted; alſo, mutuall intercourſe of kindneſſes; alſo, an excellent Souldier, eight parts whereof be fine gold, three ſilver, and three copper.*

Ligué: m. ée: f. *Leagued, in league with; confederate, combined, allied with.*

se Liguer l'vn à l'autre. *To make a league, to contract alliance, to enter into confederacy one with another.*

Ligule: f. *A little tongue, lingell, tenon; a ſpoone, ſlice, or ſmall ladle, uſed by Apothecaries; alſo, a ſmall (Romane) meaſure containing about a ſpoonfull; and in weight three drams, and a ſcruple.*

† Ligumbault. *as* Ligombeau.

Liguſtic: m. *The herb Lovage.*

Lilac. *as* Ben (*of two ſillables.*)

Limace: f. *A Snaile (moſt properly; the dew Snaile, or Snaile without a ſhell;) alſo, as* Volute; *any thing that winds, or turnes like a Snaile-ſhell, &c.*

Limaceux: m. euſe: f. *Snaily, Snaile-like; full of Snailes; alſo, as;*

Limacial: m. ale: f. *Of a Snaile, reſembling a Snaile; winding, twirling, or turning about like the ſhell of a Snaile.*

Limaçon: m. *A Snaile (and moſt properly that which hath a ſhell.)*

Limaçon de mer. *A Winkle, or Periwinkle*

Petit Limaçon de mer. *as* Nerite.

Herbe à Limaçon. *Medick fodder, Snaile Claver.*

Pierre de Limaçon. *The Snaile ſtone; found in the heads of ſome (dew) Snailes; 'tis white, ſomewhat tranſparent; and rugged; it ſeemes hard, and yet, being preſſed between the teeth, breaks as ſmall as ſand: the vulgar hold it good for a Tertian, or Quartan Ague.*

Treffle au limaçon. *as* Herbe à limaçon.

Faire le limaçon. *To wind, twirle, or turne round about; ſouldiers to doe the ring, or to caſt themſelves into a ring.*

Autant chemine vn homme en vn iour comme va limaçon en cent ans; Prov. *A quick workman diſpatches as much in one day as a ſlowback in twenty.*

Contre la nuict s'arment les limaçons; Prov. *Snailes arme themſelves (put out their hornes) towards night.*

Limaçonner. *To twirle, turne, or wind about, like the ſhell of a Snaile, or as ſouldiers that caſt themſelves into a ring.*

Limaille: f. *File-duſt, pinne-duſt.*

Limailles: f. as Legumages; *Pulſe.*

Limaire. *A young Tunny.*

Limande: f. *A Burt, or Bret-fiſh; alſo, a broad Pipe-ſtaffe, or board, prepared, faſhioned, and fit, for caske; alſo, a ſhort cudgell.*

Limas. *as* Limaçon.

Limaſle: f. as Limace.

Limaſſe à eau. *The little water Snaile.*

Limaſſon. *as* Limaçon.

Limature: f. *A filing; alſo, file duſt.*

Limbe de bouteille. *The mouth, or brink of a bottle.*

Limbes. *A low, and unſavory roome in priſons; alſo, the Purgatory of unbaptized children.*

Lime: f. *A file; alſo, as* Limaçon.

Limes. *A wild Boares nether tuſk, or tuſhes.*

Lime ſourde. *A ſoft, or ſmooth file, which makes no noiſe when 'tis uſed; alſo, a dreaming, ſlie, malicious knave; or, as in;*

Faire la lime ſourde. *To give no ear unto; or, to ſeem as if he either heard not, or cared not to heare.*

Limé: m. ée: f. *Filed; ſmoothed, poliſhed; ſcraped, or ſhaven unto a ſleekneſſe, or evenneſſe; alſo, licked; alſo, gleeked, or looked aſkew at.*

Limer. *To file; ſmooth, poliſh; to ſcrape, or ſhave a thing till it be ſleek, or even; alſo, to lick, as a Hare doth her young ones; alſo, to gleek, or look aſkew at.*

Limes; &, Lime-ſourde. *as in* Lime.

Limeſtre. *The cloth whereof hoods be made is called* Drap de limeſtre; *and from hence thoſe that weare them be in contempt called* Limeſtres.

Limeur: m. *A filer.*

Limeure: f. *File-duſt; alſo, a filing.*

Limier: m. *A Blood-hound, or Lime-hound.*

Limignon d'vne chandelle. *The wicke of a candle.*

Liminaire: com. *Set before the entry, or at the beginning of; dedicatory; forerunning.*

Limitateur: m. *A limiter, bounder, ſtinter, preſcriber.*

Limitation: f. *A limitation, reſtriction, reſtraint, preſcription, modification.*

Limite: f. *A limit, bound, ſtint; bnder, frontier; preſcription; a condition, courſe, or compaſſe appointed one.*

Limité: m. ée: f. *Limited, bounded, ſtinted, reſtrained, preſcribed a certain courſe, or compaſſe.*

Limiter. *To limit, bound, ſtint; preſcribe a condition, appoint a courſe, reſtrain within a compaſſe.*

Lemiteur: m. *A limiter, bounder, ſtinter.*

Limitrophe: com. *Bordering upon, adjoyning or lying neere unto.*

Limoine: f. *Pyrola, Winter-green, Winter Beets, wild Beets.*

Limon: m. *Slime; or thicke, and ſlimy durt, mud, mire, puddle, dregs; alſo, a ſlimy ſoile; alſo, a Lemmon; alſo, the Thill of a waine, waggon, &c. In which ſence (becauſe a Thill conſiſts of two beams) it is moſt uſed in the Plurall number.*

Limonier. Cerfs limoniers. *Stags painted, as Thill-horſes, with carts at their heeles.*

Cheval limonier. *A Thill-horſe, or Cophorſe; he that goes next to the waine, &c.*

Limonne. *as* Poncille.

Limon-

Limonaeux : m. euſe : f. *Slimie, muddie, boggie, durtie, mirie, puddle, filthie, full of ordure.*

Limpide : com. *Cleere, bright, ſheene, glazie, tranſparent.*

Limure. *File-duſt; alſo, a filing.*

Lin : m. *Line, flax, flaxen, or hempen yarne; linnen cloth.*

Lin ſauvage. *Flax-weed, wild flax, tode-flax, Flaine-wort.*

Lin vif. *A kind of Indian line, or linnen, which the fire purifies, but conſumes not.*

Goutte, ou podagre, de lin. *The weed Dodder, (and flax it ſelfe is ſaid to have the gowt, when one ſtalke twines about another as it growes.)*

Il a meſlé le lin avec la chanure; &; Il a tiſſu lin avec eſtouppe. *He hath mingled flax with toe; he hath jumbled good and bad together.*

Linage : m. *Linage, kindred.* See Lignage.

Linagier : m. *A direct, or neere kinſman.*

Linagier ſur linagier n'a point de retenue. *One kinſman cannot recover the land that hath been bought by another.*

Linagier : m. ere : f. *as* Lignagier; *Neere akinne, &c.*

Linaire. *Flax-weed, Flainewort, wild-flax, tode-flax.*

Linarole : f. *The name of a delicate Italian peare which is ripe in Auguſt.*

Linceul : m. *A ſheet (for a bed.)*

Le plus riche n'emporte qu'un linceul; Prov. *The richeſt carries but one ſheet to his graue.*

se Linder par terre. *To creepe or crawle along the ground.*

Line. *as* Ligne.

Lineament : m. *A lineament, or feature of the face, or of any other part.*

Lineature : f. *A lineature, or feature.*

Lineature des mains. *The lines or ſtreakes of the hands, whereon Palmiſters, and Fortune-tellers ground their conjectures.*

Linée : f. *A ſtocke, linage, parentage.*

Linement, *as* Liniment.

Linge : m. *Linnen, flaxen; alſo, a peece of linnen cloth.*

Linge : com. *Lanke, thinne, meager, ſcraggie, leane.*

Lingere. *as* Lingiere.

Lingerie : f. *The making, or ſelling of linnen cloth; alſo, linnen, linnen ſtuffe, things made of linnen.*

Lingiere : f. *A Seamſter; a woman that makes, or ſells linnen, or linnen ware.*

Lingot : m. *An ingot, lumpe, or maſſe of mettall.*

Lingotiere : f. *The mould wherein ingots are framed, or caſt.*

Linir : m. *A flax-man, a ſeller of flax.*

Liniere : f. *A flax-wife.*

Liniment : m. *A Liniment, or thinne ointment; alſo, a ſmearing, annointing, gentle dawbing, ſoft rubbing on.*

Linier. *To ſmeare, annoint, rub, ſoftly, or gently on.*

Lipitif : m. iue : f. *Mittigating; refreſhing, paine-aſſwaging, ache-quailing; mollifying, ſuppling.*

Linition : f. *A ſmearing, annointing, gentle rubbing.*

Linomple : f. *A fine, thinne, or open-waled linnen, much uſed in* Picardie (*where it is made*) *for womens kercheri, and Churchmens ſurpleſſes.*

Linon : m. *as* Linomple; *Some alſo tearme Lawne ſo.*

† Linoſtolie : f. *A cutting of the haire.*

Linotte : f. *A Linnet.*

Il a vne teſte de linotte. *He hath but a light, or giddie head of his owne.*

Linſueil : m. *A ſheete. See* Linceul.

Linteau : m. *The lintell, or head-peece, over a doore.*

Lintheau. *as* Linteau.

Lion : m. *A Lion, alſo, the* (Zodiacall) *Signe Leo; alſo, a peece of coine worth about 6s ſterl.*

Lion de mer. *The ſea Lion; reſembles both in ſhape, and bigneſſe, the land one; alſo, a kind of great Lobſter.*

Dent de lion. *Dandelion, Prieſts crowne, Swines ſnowt, Piſſabed.*

Pas de lion. *as* Pied de lion.

Patte de lion. *Lions claw, Setterwort, Settergraſſe, baſtard blacke Ellebore; alſo, as;*

Pied de lion. *Lyons foot, Lyons paw, great Sanicle, our Ladies mantle, (ſome alſo tearme Lyons leaf, and Lyons Turnep, pes Leoninus.*

Sault du lion. *A certaine tumbling tricke upon a ſtoole, or little bench.*

Vin de lion. *Terrible ſtrong wine; ſuch as makes the drinker, ſell, and furious.*

Batre le chien devant le lion. See Batre.

Conjecturant de lion par les ongles *Ghеſſing at the Lyon by his clawes; at the humor of the man by his courſes. Looke* Ongle.

Coudre la peau du regnard à celle du lion. *To attempt that by ſleight which he could not obtaine by might.*

Prendre le lion par les iubes. *To performe a difficult or dangerous act.*

Il n'y eut iamais bon marché de peaux de lions; Prov. *A Lyons ſkinne was never bought good cheape; the valiant ever ſold their ſkinnes full deere.*

Lionceau : m. *A Lyons whelpe, or young Lyon.*

Lionin : m. ine : f. *Lyoniſh, Lyon-like, of a Lyon.*

Lionne : f. *A Lyoneſſe.*

Lionneau : m. *as* Lionceau.

Lionneux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Lyons.*

Lionnier : m. *A keeper of Lyons.*

Lionnin. *as* Lionin; *Alſo, of a Lyon-tawnie colour.*

Liperquam. faire de liper. *To ſhew his authoritie, to let the world ſee his power; to beare himſelfe as one that can doe all in all; to take exceeding much upon him: This word is (corruptly) uſed in ſtead of,* luy per quem (*all things are done.*)

Lipie. *See* Lippie.

Lipothymie : f. *A ſounding wherein the patient ſeemes dead.*

Lippaire : m. *Lip-ſalve.*

Lippe : f. *A lip;* (See Lype) *alſo, as* Lippie; *or* Lippitude.

Lippée : f. *A big bit, a good morſell; a mouthfull; alſo, a meale, or belliefull of meat.*

Mouche de lippée. *A lickorous, or ſaucie companion.*

Il avoit ſa lippée du butin. *He had a ſhare in the bootie.*

Il flatte pour la lippée. *He colloques with one on purpoſe to get a meale by him.*

Lippie : f. *The redneſſe, or ſorenеſſe of a bleare eye.*

Lippion. *Part of a womans &c.*

Lippitude : f. *Bleare-redneſſe, or bleare-eyedneſſe; a running of the eyes accompanied with paine, and rednеſſe.*

Lippu : m. uë : f. *Thick-lipped, great-lipt; alſo a pouting, or hanging the lip, as a child thats ready to cry.*

Liquabilité : f. *Aptneſſe to melt, or to become liquid.*

Liquation : f. *A melting.*

Liquefié : m. ée : f. *Diſſolved, melted, made liquid; clarified.*

Liquerice : f. *Lickorice.*

Liqueur : f. *Liquor, humor, moiſture, ſap, juyce, water.*

Liqueur Septembrine. *Wine (becauſe it is made in September.)*

Liquidation : f. *An evidence, cleering, manifeſtation; alſo, a diſcuſſing, or examination.*

Liquide : com. *Liquid, moiſt, wet; thinne, pure, cleere; manifeſt, evident, pregnant, apparent; certaine.*

Debte liquide. *A cleere, ſure, ſound, debt.*

Liquidé : m. ée : f. *Cleered, manifeſted, made evident, pregnant, certaine, apparent; alſo, diſcuſſed, examined; alſo, made liquid, moiſt, thinne, pure.*

Liquider. *To cleere, manifeſt, make pregnant, certaine, apparent; alſo, to examine, or diſcuſſe; alſo, to make liquid, moiſt, or thinne.*

Liquider les deſpens d'un procez. *To cleare, or to correct, them; a Judge to ſet downe which ſhall be allowed, and which not; (This phraſe is applyed eſpecially, to the examination of ordinarie, and well-knowne charges; ſuch as be the due fees of counſellors, Attourneyes, Officers, Clerkes, &c.)*

Lire : f. *The muſicall Inſtrument Lyra.*

Lire. *To read.*

Autant vaut celuy qui chaſſe & rien ne prend, comme celuy qui lit & rien n'entend; Prov. *Hee that hunts, and catches naught, is much like him that reads, and conceines nought.*

Lire-liron. *The burthen of a ſong.*

† Liripipié. *Hooded, as a Graduate.*

Liripipion : m. *A Graduates hood.*

Liripipionné. *as* Liripipié; *Alſo, mellow, cupſhotten; or, faithfull to the pot, and therefore bearing the red-faced liverie thereof.*

Liron : m. *A Dormouſe.*

† Liron de pain. *A little gobbet, luncheon, or cantle of bread.*

Lis : m. *A Lillie.*

Lis blanc. *The ordinarie white garden Lillie.*

Lis celeſte. *The blew Lillie.*

Lis d'eſtang. *Water Lillie, water Roſe, the yellow and white Nenuphar.*

Lis iaulne. *Liriconfancie, yellow Lillie.*

Lis de mer. *The white ſea Daffadill, or white ſea Onion.*

Lis ſauvage. *Wild Lillie, mountaine Lillie; alſo, Liriconfancie, or the yellow Lillie.*

Lis de vent. *A guſt, or flaw of wind; alſo, an oppoſition of two contrarie winds; or as* Rumb.

Aller au lis de vent. *To go cloſe by the wind, ſaile with a ſcant wind, lay tacke aboord.*

Liſable : com. *Legible, readable.*

Liſard : m. *as* Lizarde, *or* Lezard.

Liſarde : f. *A Lizard; Newt, Aske;* (*See* Lezard;) *alſo, a woman that reads much.*

Liſarde verde. *The great, greene, and harmeleſſe Lizard* Ramarro; *a friend unto men, on whom ſhe loves to gaze, and whom ſleeping ſhe uſes to gard from the treacherous aſſaults of Serpents.*

Liſer. *To liſt, or border a garment; alſo, to coaſt along by a Countrey.*

Liſeron : m. *Withiwind, Bindweed, Rope-weed, Hedge bells.*

Liſeron aſpre. *Rough Bindweed.*

Liſeron grand. *as* Grand liſet.

Liſet : m. *The Vine-fretter, or devills goldring;* (*a worme;*) *alſo, as* Liſeron ; *Withiwind; and hence;*

Liſet Petit. *Small Withiwind, or Bindweed; alſo, the blacke purging Bindweed.*

Liſet picquant. *Rough Bindweed.*

Grand liſet. *The great, ſmooth, white Bindweed, Rope-weed, Withiwind, Hedge-bells.*

Liſible : com. *Legible, readable.*

Liſiére : f. *The liſt of cloth, or of ſtuffe; the edge, or hemme of a garment; alſo, the end, or the extreame outward part of any thing; and hence, a frontire, march, border, utmoſt bound, or coaſt of a Countrey.*

† Liſiereux : m. euſe : f. *Preſcribing the limits, appointing or ſetting out the bounds of ſeverall countries.*

† Liſisque. *as* Licisque.

Liſſant. *Sleeking, glazing, poliſhing.*

Liſſant de gueulles. *Scaled Gules;* (*a tearme of Blazon.*)

Liſſe. *as* Lice ; *Alſo, one of the ropes wherewith the main-yard of a ſhip is hoiſed up; alſo, a rowler of maſſive glaſſe wherewith Carriers doe ſleeke, and gloſſe their leather.*

Liſſé : m. ée : f. *Sleeked, gloſſed, glazed, poliſhed; ſmooth, ſlipperie, glib.*

Liſſer. *To ſleeke, to gloſſe, to glaze, to poliſh, to ſmooth, to make ſlipperie.*

Liſſeron : m. *The herbe Peruinkle, or Periwinkle.*

Liſſure : f. *A ſleeking, glaſing, poliſhing, ſetting a gloſſe on, ſmoothing.*

Liſte : f. *A liſt, roll, checkroll, or catalogue of names, &c. alſo, a liſt, or ſelvedge; alſo, a ſmall ſquare out-jutting brow, or member of a piller; alſo, as* Littre.

Liſteau . m. *A Little liſt; roll, catalogue; ſelvedge.*

Litarge. *as* Litharge.

Literaire : com. *Of, or belonging to, letters, or learning.*

Literal : m. ale : f. *Learned, literall, well ſeene in liberall Arts.*

Literature : f. *Literature, learning.*

Literon : f. *as* Litron.

Litharge : m. *Litargie, white lead; lead mixed with the droſſe of ſilver and braſſe.*

Litharge d'argent. *Silver ſoame, or the ſpume of trited ſilver; or rather, the lead wherein ſilver oare hath beene melted (that it might be purged, and cleered from the lead, or copper that was in it) which being done by a gentle fire, gives it a ſilver hew, and thereby this name.*

Litharge d'or. *Gold ſoame; the beſt kinde of Litargie; comes of lead wherein ſilver hath beene melted by a quicke, and great fire, giving it a golden luſter, and thereby this name.*

Litharge de plomb. *as* Plombagine ; *alſo, as* Eſcume de plomb.

Lithiaſe : f. *The ſtone in the bladder.*

Lithomantie : f. *Divination by the caſting of pible ſtones.*

Lithontripon. *for* Lithontripton; *Stone-diſſolving, or ſtone-breaking.* ℣ Rab.

† Liticonteſter. *To proteſt in a ſuit;* viz. *to deliver, or lay open before a Judge the chiefe points of the Declaration, and anſwer.*

Litiere : f. *A horſelitter; alſo, litter for cattell; alſo, old dung, or manure. See* Lictiere.

Litige. *Suit, controverſie, difference, variance, contention, ſtrife, debate : In Law,* s'entend proprement quand y a Action intentée par adjournement, pour la choſe contentieuſe, & de qua controverſia eſt.

Litiger. *To ſtrive; wrangle, contend, maintaine a ſuit againſt; to be at variance, hold debate, goe to law with.*

Litigieux : m. euſe : f. *Litigious, debatefull, contentious, in ſuit; or ſubject unto ſuit.*

Litisconteſtation : f. *The deliverie, or laying open of the chiefeſt points of a caſe,* pro & contra, *before a Judge; done after the declaration, and anſwer be put in.*

Litispendence : f. *The hanging of a ſuit; or the tryall, diſceptation, or deciſion thereof.*

Litorne : f. *A Wing-thruſh; or the red ſpotted Thruſh, that ſeldome, or never, appeares in Summer.*

Litre; *as* Littre.

Litron : m. *A meaſure (moſt commonly) of wood, containing ſomewhat more then our pinte, and uſed by the Retailers of Salt, Pulſe, Millet, Rapeſeed, &c.*

Littée : f. *The litter of a Bitch, Lyoneſſe, &c. alſo, a bed, or cake of leaves, hay, graſſe, &c. to lay, or packe up things in.*

Litteron. *as* Litron.

Littre : f. *A funerall girdle; the blacke wherewith the upper part of a Church is compaſſed, at the funerall of a great perſon.*

Littron. *as* Litron.

Liture : m. *A certaine crooked ſtaffe uſed by the Roman Augures; alſo, a Croſier, or Biſhops ſtaffe.*

Liture : f. *A daſh, raſe, or ſtreake through a word with a penne; alſo, a daſhing, raſing, ſtriking out, a blotting, or blurring with a penne.*

Livane : f. *The (Bird)* Pellicane.

Liveau. *Seek* Niveau.

Livel. d'un livel. *Levell.*

Liveſche. *Lombardie Lovage; alſo, Alexanders.*

Livide : com. *Wan, lew, bleake, pale, of a leaden, earthie, or dead colour.*

Lividité : f. *Lividitie, lewneſſe, wanneſſe, bleakneſſe, paleneſſe, blewiſhneſſe; the colour appearing upon a ſtroake, blacke and blew; a dead, earthie, leaden hew.*

Livoy : m. *A ſmall vine-hooke, or vine knife.*

Livraiſon : f *A liverie, or deliverie; alſo, a court-diſh; a diſh furniſhed from a plentifull table with ſome part of all the meat thats on it.*

Livre : m. *A booke; a compoſition, or worke, in writing.*

Vn livre d perſonnages. *A Dialogue.*

Il veut touſiours tenir le livre. *He talkes continually, no body can get a word for him, he will ſuffer no body to ſpeake.*

Livre : f. *A pound weight.*

La livre d' Anvers. *The ordinarie pound containing 16 ounces.*

La livre des Apothecaries. *Containing (in many places) but 12 ounces, which we call* Troy *weight, and was the ancient* Romane *weight :* (*Our Apothecaries uſe the 16 ounce pound.*)

La livre d' Eſpaigne. *Containes 14 ounces.*

La livre des Eſpiciers, Groſſiers, &c. *Containes but 12 ounces;* (*whereas our Grocers pound containeth 16.*

La livre de Florence, & de Gennes. *Is 12 ounces.*

La livre de groſſerie. *Containes 24 ounces.*

La livre de Lyon. *Is 15 ounces.*

La livre marchande. *Containes in ſome places 14, in others 18, but in the moſt 16 ounces; which be divided into 32 halfe ounces, they into 64 Sezains, thoſe into 128 Treſeaux, they into 256 Gros, and they into 512 Demi gros.*

La livre des Mareſchaux. *The Farriers pound; containes 12 ounces, divided into 90 drammes, they into 270 ſcruples, and they into 540 Oboles, or halfe pence.*

La livre Medecinale. *The Phyſitians pound; containes alſo 12 ounces; but they be divided into 69 drammes, they into 288 ſcruples, thoſe into 576 Oboles, they into 1728 Siliques, and they into 6912 graines.*

La livre de Milan, ou de la Soye. *Is but twelve ounces.*

La livre du gros poids. *Conſiſts of 26 ounces.*

La livre du petit poids. *Is but 12 ounces.*

La livre Royale. *The Kings pound*

Aver du poids *pound, moſt ordinary pound, containeth 16 ounces.*

Reduicts de livres en quarterons. (*Somewhat like our*) *brought from a noble to nine-pence.*

Livre : f. *A pound in mony.*

Livre Barrois. *Is worth but 14s.* Tournois, *one ſhort of 18d. ſterl.*

Livre Bourdelois. *Is but 12 Solz and a halfe; or the halfe of the Pariſian pound.*

Livre Manſais. *Is 4s. ſterl. or double the worth of the* Tournois.

Livre Pariſis. *Is worth 20s. of* Paris. *or 25s.* Tourn. *which comes to 23. 6d. ſterl.*

Livre Tournois. *The pound* Tournois ; *the moſt ordinary French pound; amounts but to 12s. ſterl.*

Livré : m. ée : f. *Delivered, given, or diſtributed unto.*

Livrée: f. *A delivery of a thing that's given; and (but leſſe properly) the thing ſo given; hence, a livery; Omes cloth, colours, or device in colours worne by his ſervants, or others.*
La Livrée des Chanoines. *Their livery, or corrody; their ſtipend, exhibition, daily allowance in victuals, or money.*
Livrement: m. *A livery, or delivery; and hence;*
Livrement de fuſt, & terre. *Livery, and ſeiſin.*
Livrer. *To give; to deliver, or diſtribute unto; to beſtow, or conferre on; to paſſe, or yield over; to put into the hands of.*
† Livreſque: com. *Bookiſh; of, or belonging to, a book.*
Livret: m. *A Pamphlet, or little book.*
Lixive. *as* Lexive.
Lizant. *Boordering; ſetting a liſt or border on; alſo, coaſting along by the borders of.*
Lize: com. *Glib, ſmooth, ſleek.* ¶ Rab.
Lizeron: m. *Withiwind, Bindweed, Hedge-bels.*
Lizet. *as* Liſet.
Lizette: f. *A little greyiſh vermine (which gnawes, and does much hurt unto the young buds of graſts) held to worke the ſame effects in the yard that the Cantharides doe.*
Lizière: f. *as* Liſiere.
Lizieux: m. *woollen clothes made at a Normand towne ſo called.*
Loage. *Seek* Loüage.
Lobe: m. *The lap, or loweſt part of the ear; alſo, a lobe, or lappet of the liver, &c. alſo, as* Loupe; (*alſo, a lie, fib, jeaſt, gullery, mockery; In old French.*)
Lobeau: m. *A little lobe, lap, or lappy piece of.*
† Lober. *To gull, couſen, deceive, beguile.*
Local: m. ale: f. *Locall; belonging to, or contained in, a place.*
Localement: m. *Locally, in a place.*
Locar. bled locar. *A kind of wall Barly, called S. Peters corne.*
Locataire: com. *A Leſſee, or hirer of a houſe, or lodging; alſo, a hireling, one which is, or may be hired; alſo, as* Locateur.
Locateur: m. *A letter, or hirer out of.*
Locatif. *A tenant, inmate, ſojourner; one that hireth a lodging or two to lie in.*
Location: f. *A hiring, or letting out of; alſo, a placing; a ſetting, or beſtowing, in a place.*
Loch: m. *A Loche, or Laboche; a liquid confection, or ſoft medicine, that's not to be ſwallowed, but held in the mouth untill it have melted, and ſo paſt by degrees down the throat. See* Lohoc.
Loche: f. *The Leach, a ſmall fiſh; alſo, the dew ſnaile, or ſnaile without a ſhell.*
Loche franche. *Is ſomewhat leſſe, and daintier then the ordinary Leach, which is commonly termed;*
Loche graſſe; *and lives much in the mud.*
Loche de mer. *A little fiſh bred of, but never ſo big as, the ſea Gudgeon; ſome call it a ſea Groundling.*
Locher. *To ſhog, ſhake, ſhock, wag, make a noiſe like a thing that's looſe.*
Lochette: f. *A Groundling, or ſmall-bearded Loach.*
Locquet. *as* Loquet.
Locule: m. *A little bag, pouch, or purſe.*
Locupleter. *To inrich, or make wealthie.*
Locution: f. *A locution, ſaying, ſpeech, manner of ſpeaking.*
Lodier: m. *A quilt, or quilted counterpoint for a bed.*
Lodes. *as* Lods. ¶ Breton.
Lods. *Fines of Alienation due to a Lord upon the purchaſe of a* Cenſuel *inheritance held of him. Seek* Ventes; *or,* Droict de ventes.
Loe: f. *A quaintity of fiſh taken, as a cuſtome, by ſome few Normand Lords, of every fiſher-boat that comes into, and moores within, their havens, creeks, or harbours; eſpecially if the boat belong unto any of their tenants, or any inhabitant of their territories.*
Loere: f. *as* Plongeon de Riviere.
Lof. *Seek* Loo.
Loge. vn loge qui peut. *A lodging at randome, a lodging where one can get it, or a ſcambling for lodgings; from ſouldiers incamping, or entring of a towne, when commonly every one takes the firſt lodging he lights on.*
Loge: f. *A lodge, cote, ſhed, or ſmall houſe; a cabine in a ſhip; a booth in a Market, or Faire, &c.*
Droict de loges. *Look* Droict.
Il n'eſt pas mercier qui ne ſçait faire ſa loge; Prov. *He is not worthie to uſe a trade that cannot, with his own hands, fit all things unto it.*
Logé: m. ée: f. *Lodged, houſed, harboured; lying, ſojourning at, abiding in, a place.*
I'en ſuis logé là. *I am of that mind, or humour.*
Nos gens en ſont bien là logéz. *Are of a right mind in that, are in the right for that.*
Logeable: com. *Lodgeable, harbourable, intertainable in a houſe.*
Vne maiſon fort logeable. *A houſe of great receipt.*
Loger. *To lodge, lie, ſojourne, harbour, dwell, abide for a time; to hoſt, Inne, or lie in an Inne; alſo, to lodge, intertaine, give houſe-roome, afford a lodging, unto.*
Vous me logez chez Guillot le ſongeur. *Look* Songeur.
Se loger ſur le bleſme. *To look, or wax, pale on't.*
En mauvais voiſinage ſe loge on; Prov. *Seek* Voiſinage.
Logette: f. *A little lodge, cote, roome; booth; cabine, lodging.*
Les logettes és coſſes des febues. *The holes, or dimples, wherein husked beanes are lodged.*
Logie. Droict de logies. *Look* Droict.
Logique. *Logick; the Art of reaſoning; the way to reaſon.*
Pont aux aſnes de Logique. *The converſion of propoſitions; alſo. Look* Aſne.
Logis: m. *A lodging, houſe, dwelling.*
Le logis des gens de pied, ou l'on n'a point la peine de fermer les portes. *A priſon.*
Logiſme: m. *The due, and judicious underſtanding of a thing, formerly conſidered, and eſteemed of, according to reaſon.*
Logiſtique: f. *The Art of counting, the practiſe of Arithmetick; or, that part thereof which containes Addition, Subſtraction, Multiplication, and Diviſion.*
Lohoc. *A Loch, or Loboch; an Electuary, or medicine more liquid then an Electuary, appropriated to the lungs and windpipe, and to be licked, and let downe the throat by leaſure.*
Loi. *as* Loy.
Loïal, &, Loïauté. *as* Loyal, &, Loyauté.
† Loidorer. *To defame, reproach, revile, raile on.*
Loïer: m. *as* Loyer.
Loinceau. *Seek* Loinſeau.
Loing. *Farre, much, a great way off.*
Demander de loing. *To aske a farre off, or propound a farre-fetched queſtion, as one that would know a thing without ſeeming to deſire it.*
Il ne regarde plus loing que le bout de ſon nez. *He is a dull, careleſſe, idle, improvident fellow.*
Pas à pas on va bien loing; Prov. *Faire and ſoftly goeth farre.*
Petite choſe de loing poiſe; Prov. *A little, or light thing farre carried proves heavy.*
Loingnet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat long, or farre; little off.*
Loingnetement. *Somewhat long, or farre off; a little way off.*
Loingtain: m. aine: f. *Forreine, remote, much removed, farre diſtant, farre off, a long way to, or from.*
Loingtaineté: f. *Forreſie, remoteneſſe, much diſtance from, great ſpace between.*
Loinſeau de fil. *A clue, or bottome of thread.*
Loir: m. *A Dormouſe.*
Loiſible: com. *Lawfull, allowable.*
Loiſir: m. *Leaſure; eaſe, reſt; vacation, ſmall doings, little to doe.*
De loiſir. *At leaſure, without imployment, out of work, not troubled with much buſineſſe.*
Tout à loiſir. *Leaſurely, faire and ſoftly, not too faſt, by degrees; idly, litherly, ſlowly.*
Loiſt. (*A Verb Impersonall;*) Il me loiſt. *I may, I am allowed, it is lawfull for me.*
Lombaire: com. *as* Lumbaire.
Lombales: f. *The parts which be on each ſide of the navell.*
Lombard: m. *The name of a fertill vine; alſo, a Lombard; one of Lombardy.*
Le boucon des Lombards. *An impoiſoned bit (for the Lombards are ſaid to be great impoiſoners.)*
Freres des Lombards. *Moles, Mone-calves, monſtrous births; ſo termed, becauſe the women of Lombardy by much feeding on herbes, fruits, and other ſtuddities, bring forth ſometimes thoſe monſters inſtead of children. Look* Frere.
Patience de Lombard. *Patience perforce, a forced or unwilling patience.*
Les graces du Lombard ſont trois dez ſur table; Prov. *For ſo much is the Lombard affected unto that meager, and unworthy ſport, as (by his good will) hee fals to it as ſoon as his meat is out of his mouth.*
Lombard: m. arde: f. *Lombard, of Lombardy.*
Lettres Lombardes. *Letters Patents whereby the Lombards, and other Italians are licenſed to trade, or put out money to uſe, in France.*

Lom-

Manche Lombarde. *A ſtocke-ſleeve; or faſhion of halfe-ſleeve, whoſe upper part is raiſed, and full of plaits, or gathers.*

Poule Lombarde. *A great Henne, or Hen of the game*

Lombardie: f. *Lombardie, the hithermoſt part of Italy.*

Secours de Lombardie. *Succour that is too long in comming; or ſo long, that its unſeaſonable when it comes.*

Lombe: m. *The loyne, flanke, or hanch; the leg, or knuckle.*

Lombris: m. *A ground-worme.*

L'on. *Many, ſome, they; as in,* l'on dit; *Some people report, the world is of opinion, men ſay.*

Lonce: f. *The Ounce, a ravenous beaſt.*

Lonche. *as* Louche. ¶ Normand.

Long: m. *The name of an apple whereof excellent cyder is made; alſo, length; alſo, a long, or tedious perſon.*

Au long aller. *At the length, in the end, in continuance, or proceſſe of time.*

Tout au long de l'aulne. *Throughly, ſoundly, to ſome purpoſe, from one end of the thing to another.*

En Bailler tout au long à. *To gull, beguile, delude, came over finely.*

Faire le long. *To linger, delay, protract, prolong, drive off the time; to be loath, to goe doubtfully, or drowſily to worke.*

Long: m. Longue: f. *Long, tall, ſlimme; extended, ont-ſtretched; continuall, tedious, weariſome; alſo, great, large, much.*

Long bois. *A Pike, or Speare.*

Longue eſchine. *A luske, ſlimme, long-backe, or flowbacke; a tall, ill-favoured, loose-hangled lubbie, a gangrell, a ſlangam.*

Vaiſſeau long. *A Gallie, Foiſt, or Brigantine. See* Vaiſſeau.

A la longue. *At length, in tract or continuance of time, yet at the laſt, after much adoe.*

Aller long. *To ſhite over nine hedges; to have the ſquirt, or a laske.*

Avoir les dents bien longues. *To have a terrible appetite, or extreame ſtomacke, to be continually, or cruelly, ſharpe ſet.*

La faire longue. Il ne la ſera longue en ce monde. *He cannot live any time, hee will not be long alive.*

Longues paroles font les iours courts; Pro. *Long diſcourſes make ſhort dayes.*

Longale: f. *A loyne.*

Longard: m. *A delayer, lingerer, protractor, prolonger.*

Longe: f. *The loyne, or flanke; (ſome name ſo the fleſhie part of the necke, backe, and veines, cut along the backe; others, more commonly, the peece that extends from the kidney to the end of the rumpe; and others call both theſe parts together,* la longe;) *alſo, a hawkes lune, or leaſh; and hence, any long ſtring, or line of leather, &c.*

Longeaſtre: com. *Longiſh, or ſomewhat long.*

Long-encolle: m. ée: f. *Long-necked, necked like a Crane.*

Longiere: f. *A long narrow towell.*

Longis: m. *A lungis; a ſlimme, ſlow-back, dreaming luske, drowſie gangrill; a tall and dull ſlangam, that hath no making to his height, nor wit to his making; alſo, one that being ſent on an errand is long in returning.*

Longitude: f. *Longitude, length, longneſſe, extenſion, continuance.*

Longue: f. *The Loyne. See* Longe.

Longuement. *Longly, tediouſly, at length, long time, laſtingly, of much continuance, a great while.*

Longuement proceder eſt à l'advocat vendenger; Prov. *Long pleading is the Lawyers harveſt.*

† Longuerie. *as* Longueur.

Long-ueſtu. *as* Obole de Gueldres.

Longuet: m. uette: f. *Longiſh, or ſomewhat long.*

Quarré longuet. *A ſquare that is more long then broad.*

Longueur: f. *Length, longneſſe, extenſion, tallneſſe, height.*

Lonze: f. *A match to keepe fire with.*

Loo. *The looſe of a ſhip.*

Bouter de loo. *To goe by a wind, to ſaile neere the winde, to lay tacke aboord.*

Looh; ou, Loot. *as* Loch.

Lopin: m. *A peece, gobbit, luncheon, lumpe, cantle, nuncheon, big morſell, or parcell of.*

Lopin de laine. *A locke of wooll.*

Qui ſuit les lopins. *A paraſite, ſmell-feaſt, trencher friend.*

Qui bons lopins mange bons lopins le ſuivent; Prov. *Proviſion followes them that love to fare well.*

Lopiné: m. ée: f. *Cut into gobbits, partted into cantles, divided into lumps.*

Lopiner. *To cut into gobbits, part into cantles, divide into lumps; alſo, to munch, or nuncheon it, to eat greedily in a corner.*

Lopinet: m. *A bit, mammock, ſmall gobbit, little peece, or parcell of.*

Loppe. *as* Lopin; *or, a lumpe of metall rugged, and unwrought, as it comes out of the mine; alſo, the droſſe of any metall.*

Loquacité: f. *Loquacitie, talkativeneſſe, prating, prattling, babbling.*

Loque: f. *A rag, or tatter.* ¶ Pic.

Loquence: f. *Speech, talking.*

Loquet d'vne huis. *The latch, or ſnecket of a doore.*

Loquetteux: m. euſe: f. *Ragged, tattered; poor, needy, beggerlie in array.* ¶ Pic.

Loquette: f. *A little rag, or tatter.*

† Lordault. *as* Lourdault.

† Lorderie: f. *Seeke* Lourderie.

Lorgnant. *Leering, looking askaunce, or askew at.*

Lorgne. tique, toque, lorgne. *(Words expreſſing a liberall, and free dole of blowes) thwicke thwacke; alſo, here and there, at random, without diſcretion.*

Torche lorgne. *The ſame.*

Lorgner. *(Sowerly) to leere, looke askaunce, or askew at; alſo, to knock, or thumpe ſoundly, to lay upon.*

Loricard: m. *A luske, lowt, lorell, ſlowbacke; an unhandſome, or miſhapen fellow.*

Loricarder. *To luske, lowt, or lubber it; to loyter about like a maſterleſſe man.*

Lorion: m. *The bird called a Witwall, Yellow-peake, Hickway.*

Loriot. *as* Lorion.

Lormerie: f. *Small yron-worke, as nailes, ſpurres, &c. or a Spurriers trade.*

Lormier: m. *A worker in ſmall yron, a maker of ſmall yron trinkets, as nayles, ſpurres, &c. a word moſt uſed for a Spurrier; who is alſo teamed* Lormier ſellier, *becauſe he may retayle Sadlers ware as well as ſpurres.*

Lorry. *An ancient towne within the Juriſdiction of* Orleans.

Il eſt de le Lorry ou le batu paye l'amende. *He gets the blowes, and yet payes for the bloudwipe.*

Lors. *Then, whilome, the whileſt that, in that time, in that ſeaſon;* Lors que cela ſe fit; *then when that thing was done.*

Lors de l'enfantement. *At the time of childbirth, or when ſhe lay in.*

Los: m. *Laud, praiſe, commendation, &c. as* Loz; *alſo, willingneſſe, conſent, agreement, good will.*

Tel a bon los qui l'a à tort; tel l'a mauvais qui n'en peut mais; Prov. *Some are unjuſtly praiſed, ſome blamed unworthily.*

Loſenge: f. *A Loſenge, the forme, or a thing of the forme, of an ordinarie quarrell of glaſſe, &c. as in* Loxenge.

Loſengier: m. *A flatterer, cogger, foiſter, pickthanke, prater, couſener, guller, beguiler, deceiver.*

Loſſe: m. *The ſinke, or well, of the pumpe of a ſhip.*

Lot: m. *A lot, portion, part, ſhare, allowance; alſo, a pot, or veſſell containing (about) one pottle.*

Lote: f. *The Lote, or Nettle tree; alſo, a fiſh; whence;*

Lote d'eau douce. *The Eele powt; or a little muddie fiſh thats headed, skinned, and ſimned like an Eele.*

Lote de mer. *A ſmall-ſcaled fiſh, that hath one wattle in the end of her lower chap, and two on her upper lip, otherwiſe reſembling in ſome parts a Cod, in others the Lamprey, but taſting more like that then this, and ſeldome caught, or ſeene on our coaſt.*

Loti. *as* Loty.

Lotie: f. *A diviſion, partition, ſhaving.*

Lotir. *To caſt lots for; alſo, to divide, part, apportion, ſhare.*

Lotizé: m. ée: f. *Divided, parted, apportioned, ſhared.*

Lots. *Fines of alienation. Seeke* Lods.

Lotte: f. *A Powt, or Eele powt. See* Lote.

Lottir. *as* Lotir.

Loty: m. ye: f. *Divided by lots; parted, apportioned, ſhared.*

Louable: com. *Laudable, commendable, praiſe-worthie, approvable.*

La chair louable. *Holeſome, ſound, or good fleſh.*

Et, vne ſelle loüable; vrine loüable. *A good, or hopefull ſtoole, &c. ſuch as promiſes, or is a ſigne of, health.*

Loüablement. *Laudably, commendably, praiſe-worthily.*

Loüade. *as* Laude.

Loüage: m. *A hire, hiring, farming, letting out; alſo, the rent, or hire for things let out.*

A chapi paſſe loüage. *One may lawfully diſpoſſeſſe a hirer of the thing he hath purchaſed.*

Loüager,

Loüager, & Loüagier : m. *A hirer, farmer, leſſee; a lodger, inmate, ſojourner.*
Loüange : ſ. *Laud, praiſe, commendation; glorie, fame, credit, renowme, reputation.*
Loüanger. *To laud, praiſe, commend, extoll, renowme.*
Loüangier : m. *A praiſer, lauder, commender.*
Loubet. *Seeke* May-loubet.
Loubine : ſ. *The Sea-fiſh, called a Baſe.*
Louche : ſ. *A little ladle, or great ſpoone.* ℣ Plc.
Louche : com. *as* Louſche.
Louchet. *To lade, emptie, or take up with a ladle, or great ſpoone.*
Louchet : m. *A ſpade, or ſpadelike inſtrument, halfe headed with iron.*
Les louchets d' vne balé. *The corners of a packe.*
Loudier : m. *as* Lodier; *A counterpoint, or Quilt; alſo, a ſmell-ſmocke, hairebeater, lecherous knave.*
Loudiere : ſ. vne groſſe loudiere. *A filthie laſcivious queane, a common hackney, or hedge-whore.*
Vne vieille loudiere. *A Beldame, old trot, over-ridden jade.*
Loüé : m. ée : ſ. *Lauded, praiſed, commended, extolled; alſo, hired, rented, farmed; letten, or taken upon rent.*
Louer. *as* Loüer; *A Darnouſe.*
Louër. *To laud, praiſe, commend, extoll, report or ſpeake well of; alſo, to hire, farme, rent; let, or take upon rent.*
Louëreſſe : ſ. *A praiſereſſe, commendereſſe.*
Loueur : m. *A lauder, praiſer, commender, extoller.*
Lougarou. *Seeke* Loup-garou.
Loup : m. *A Wolfe; alſo, a Baſe (fiſh;) alſo, a kinde of flie; alſo, the flie-devouring ſpider; alſo, a malignant, and remedileſſe Vlcer, or Canker, in the legs, which in the end it wholly conſumes; alſo, a ravenous, greedie, cruell, unjuſt, fell, harſh companion.*
Loup Marin. *A certaine Wolfe-like-beaſt, which (ſayes* Belon*) lives altogether of fiſh, upon our ſea-ſhore.*
Couille au loup. *Wild Prickmadame, great Stone-crop, worme-graſſe.*
Danſe du loup (la queuë entre les jambes.) *Lecherie.*
Herbe au loup. *Wolves-bane, wolfe-wort (a kind of* Aconitum.)
Oeil de loup. *An eye of an uncertaine blackiſh colour; a duskie, or darke eye; alſo, a leering eye.*
Patte de loup. *The Theſſalian love-provoking herbe Catanance.*
Pied de loup. *Wolvet-foot, wolves-claw, club-moſſe (a moſſie plant.)*
Rit de loup. *The name of a certaine peare.*
Veſſe du loup. *A fuſſe-ball, puck-fuſſe, wolves-chitte, poſſe-fiſſe, bull-fiſt.*
Entre chien & loup. *At twie-light, or cocke-ſhoot-time; in the edge, or ſhutting up of an evening; alſo, (of a mans ſufficiencie) indifferently, ordinarily, ſo ſo.*
Perſonnne ne luy demanda es tu chien es tu loup. *No man reſpected him, no body tooke heed, or notice of him.*
Contrefaire le loup en paille. *To tavedrop it; or, to lie ſcowking, and leering in a corner, or betweene ſleeping and waking in bed, and underſtand, but take no notice, what perſons doe paſſe, or what things be done, round about him.*
Faire le loup à la carriere. *Of the ſame ſence.*
Faire le loup plus grand qu'iln'eſt. *To make, or imagine a miſchiefe, or danger to be greater then it is.*
Garder la lune des loups. *Fooliſhly to care for that which cannot doe amiſſe, or looke to that which will not goe aſtray.*
Dieu gard la lune des loups. *God keep the Moone from wolves; an ironicall anſwer unto thoſe braggadochios, which threaten far greater plagues then they are able to inflict (or promiſe greater matters then they can effect.)*
Hurler avec les loups. *To play the rude companion in rude companie.*
Marcher en pas de loup. *To tread like a theefe, privately, ſubtilly, gingerly, faire and ſofily.*
Prendre vn loup par la queuë. *To performe a hard, or hazardous exploit.*
Regarder en loup. *Sowerly to leere, or looke askew at.*
Tenir le loup par les oreilles. *To bee in danger, or hard ſet, on every ſide (for if you hold him be bites you by the fingers; if you let him goe he will goe nere to devoure you.)*
Voir le loup. *ſome ſay of one whoſe voice is growne hoarſe on a ſudden;* Il a veu le loup; *Others,* le loup l'a veu: *from a vulgar opinion, that if a wolfe get ſight of a man before he ſee him, he will aſtoniſh him, and make him ſo hoarſe (by the force of his eyes, and vigour of his breath) that he will be hardly able to ſpeake.*
Deux loups mangent bien vne brebis; Prov. *Two knaves with eaſe devoure (or deceive) one ſilly ſoule.*
Le loup alla à Rome, & y laiſſa de ſon poil mais rien de ſes couſtumes; Prov. *The Wolfe went to Rome, and left ſome of his coat, but none of his conditions, behind him.*
Le loup emporte le veau du porre; Prov. *Unſatiate cruelkie preyes moſt upon the poore.*
Le loup mourra en ſa peau qui ne l'eſcorchera vif; Prov. *A knave will die in a knaves ſkinne, if he formerly loſe it not.*
Le loup ſçait bien que male beſte penſe; Prov. *One lewd fellow is well acquainted with the purpoſes, or ſleights of another.*
Vn loup ne devore iamais vn autre loup; Prov. *Thoſe that are like doe ſeldome diſagree, one knave will ever beare with another.*
A mauvais chien ne peut on monſtrer le loup; Prov. *A bad dog hates to looke upon a wolfe.*
A mal paſteur le loup chie laine; Pro. *A gentle ſhepherd ſtuffes the wolfe with wooll.*
A petite achoiſon le loup prend le mouton; Prov. *When Tyrants will oppreſſe the innocent, a ſleight pretext is made ſufficient.*
Au chair de loup ſauce de chien; Prov. *Wolves fleſh muſt be eaten with dogs ſauce.*
Bien a crié le loup qui ſa proye reſcoult; Prov. *He followed the wolfe to purpoſe that recovers her prey.*
Brebis contées mange bien le loup; Prov. *The wolfe eats counted (and uncounted) ſheepe; All is one to him that loves to have his will.*
C'eſt vne bonne priſe que d'vn ieune loup; Prov. *He hunts full well that catches a young wolfe; bad plants muſt be plucked up while they be young.*
Depuis que la brebis eſt vieille le loup la mange bien; Prov. *The hungrie feed well on tough and drie meats.*
En eſperance d'avoir mieux tant vit le loup qu'il devient vieux; Prov. *The wolfe growes old by hoping ſtill for better; or, the wolfe, the whileſt he hopes for better, is growne old.*
En fin les loups tuent le chien qui tue les loups; Prov. *The Wolves at length kill dogs that killed wolves.*
En la peau ou le loup eſt luy convient mourir; Prov. *The wolfe muſt die in his owne ſkinne; or, the ſkinne a wolfe hath preyed, let him periſh, in.*
Homme ſeul eſt viande aux loups; Prov. *The ſolitarie man becomes Wolves meat.*
Ieune en ſa croiſſance a vn loup en la panſe; Prov. *Young ſpringalls have Wolviſh, or great appetites.*
Il fait mauvais aller au bois quand les loups ſe mangent l'un l'autre; Prov. *It is not good to goe to the wood when Wolves devoure one another.*
Il ne faut eſtre loup, ny en affubler la peau; Prov. *One muſt neither be, nor ſeeme, naught.*
Le dernier le loup le mange; Prov. *Delay breeds danger; lags come to the laſt.*
La faim chaſſe les loups hors du bois; Prov. *Hunger makes men forgoe their ſafeſt holds.*
La mauvaiſe garde paiſt ſouvent le loup; Prov. *A Y Wolfe ill looke to oftentimes growes fat.*
Mauvaiſe eſt la ſaiſon quand vn loup mange l'autre; Prov. *Hard is the time when Wolves doe feed on Wolves; or, 'tis a hard time when one wolfe eats another.*
On crie touſiours le loup plus grand qu'il n'eſt; Prov. *Report makes dangers greater then they be.*
Peu à peu le loup mange l'oye; Prov. *Looke* Oye.
Qui a le loup pour compagnon porte le chien ſous l'aiſſelle; Prov. *He that hath a wolfe to his mate had need of a dog to his man.*
Qui parle du loup on en voit la queuë Prov. *Applicable (as* Lupus in Fabula*) when one thats ſpoken of as abſent ſuddenly appeares.*
Qui ſe fait brebis le loup le mange; Prov. *He that makes himſelfe a ſheepe will be uſed as a ſheepe.*
Tandis que le chien chie le loup s'en va: &; Tandis que le chien crie le loup s'en fuit; Prov. *Whileſt men attend unneceſſary, they loſe neceſſarie, advantages.*
Tandis que le chiens s'entregrondent le loup devore la brebis; Prov. *While*

the dogs ſjarre the; wolfe devoures the ſheepe.

Tandis que le loup muſe la b rebis entre au bois; Prov. *Whilſt the wicked conſult the innocent eſcape them; (Hereby alſo is meant that oportunity may be neglected, or advantages loſt; by tedious conſultations.)*

Loup-araigne. *Any kind of Spider that hunts, or watches for, flies.*

Loupaſſon: m. *A ſmall, or young Baſe; a little ſea Wolfe.*

Loup-cervier: m. *A kind of white Wolfe, or beaſt ingendred between a Hind and a wolfe, whoſe skinne is much eſteemed by great men; yet ſome (not beleeving that thoſe beaſts will, or can mingle) imagine it rather to bee the ſpotted Linx, or Ounce; or a kind thereof.*

Loup-chat: m. *The (ravenous, and ſpotted) Linx, or Ounce; or (as* Geſner *thinkes) the Hyena.*

Loupe: f. *A flegmaticke lumpe, wenne, bunch, or ſwelling of fleſh under the throat, bellie, &c. alſo, a little one on the wriſt, foot, or other joint, gotten by a blow whereby a ſinew being wreſted riſes, and growes hard; alſo, a Weavers cloth-beam; that about which his web rowles as he weaves it.*

Loupeux: m. euſe: f. *Full of wennes, or troubled with a wenne.*

Loup-garou: m. *A mankind Wolfe; ſuch a one as once being fleſht on men, and children, will rather ſtarve then feed on any thing elſe; alſo, one that, poſſeſſed with an extreame, and ſtrange melancholy, beleeves he is turned Wolfe, and as a Wolfe behaves himſelfe; alſo, a Hobgoblin, Hob-thruſh, Robin-goodfellow; alſo, a night-walker, or flie-light; one thats never ſeen but by owle-light; alſo, a ſubtle fellow, ſlie companion, wilie fox, craſty knave.*

Loupie: f. as Loupe.

Louppe: f. as Loupe; *And, in a horſe, the water Farcy.*

Lourche: f. *The game called Lurche; or, a Lurch in game.*

Il demeura lourche. *He was left in the lurch.*

Lourd: m. lourde: f. *Dull; ſottiſh, blockiſh; clumpſe, numme, heavy metalled; rude, lumpiſh, lowtiſh, clowniſh, lob-like; unhandſome, uncivill, unmannerlie.*

A paroles lourdes ſourdes oreilles; Pro. *Looke* Oreilles.

Lourdaut: m. as Lourderie; *and hence;*

Il eſt en ſon lourdaut. *He is in a ſurly mood, or churliſh humour; he is ſick of the mumps, or ſullens; he ſells ſowce.*

Lourdaut: m. *A ſot, dunce, dullard, grotnoll, joberuoll, blockhead; a lowt, lob, lusk, boore, clown, churle, cluſterfiſt; a proud, ignorant, and unmannerly ſwaine.*

Lourdement. *Sottiſhly, dully, bluntly, blockiſhly, heavily; rudelie, groſſely, clowniſhly, churliſhly; uncivilly, unhandſomely, unmannerly.*

Bien lourdement chargé de debtes. *Far indebted, over head and eares in debt.*

Lourderie: f. *Sottiſhneſſe, blockineſſe; lumpiſhneſſe, clowniſhneſſe; ſurlineſſe, churliſhneſſe; incivility, rudeneſſe, unmannerlineſſe.*

Lourdin: m. ine: f. *Lourdaine; blunt, ſomewhat blockiſh; a little clowniſh, lumpiſh, rude; ſmelling of the churle, or lobcocke.*

Lourdinet. as Lourdin.

Lourdiſe: f. as Lourderie.

Lourdois. en ſon lourdois. *Bluntly, groſſely, rudely; after his rude, clowniſh, homelie, or ſlovenly manner.*

Loure: f. *A bagpipe.* ¶ Poictevin.

Lourette: f. *A ſmall bagpipe.*

Lourpidon: f. *The name of an old witch, or bag in* Amadis; *hence, any ſuch detrepite, and devilliſh creature.*

Louſche: com. *Skenning, ſquinting, looking askew; alſo, dull ſighted, or wanting ſight; purblind, or halfe-blind.*

Perle louſche. *A foule pearle.*

Vin louſche. *Thicke, or unſettled, wine.*

Louſchement: m. *A ſquinting, or looking askew.*

Louſcher. *To ſquint, sken, or looke askew.*

Louſchet. as Louchet.

Loueſſe. as Louche.

Loutre: f. *An Otter,*

Loutrier: m. *An Otter-hunter, or Otter-catcher.*

Louve: f. *A ſhe Wolfe; alſo, a whore.*

Louve de fer. *A Rammes head; or, the (pinſer-like) booke of a Crane, &c.*

Louveau: m. *A young Wolfe.*

Louvet: m. *A little Wolfe, or young Wolfe.*

Lovetier: m. *A Wolfe-catcher; an Officer appointed in every forreſt, and payed for the taking, or killing of Wolves (by every inhabitant within two miles compaſſe of the place wherein he takes, or kills them) after the rate of* ij d. Tourn. *for a dog Wolfe, and* iiij d. *for a bitch.*

Louveton: m. *A little young Wolfe.*

Louvette: f. *A ticke, or tike.*

Louvich: m. iche: f. *Greedy, ravenous, devouring, ſwallowing downe whole morſells for haſte.*

Louvichement. *Wolfe-like, ravenouſly, greedily, devouringly.*

Louvier: m. as Louvetier.

Louvier: m. ere: f. *Wolvie, Wolfe-like; of, or belonging to, a Wolfe.*

Melancholie louviere. *A frenzie which makes the patient ſhun all companie, upon a conceit that he is turned Wolfe.*

Louviere: f. *A Wolverin; a gown, or garment furred, or lined through with Wolves skinnes; alſo, a countrey full of Wolves; alſo, the denne, holt, or haunt of a Wolfe.*

Louvin: m. ine: f. *Wolvie, Wolfe-like, of a Wolfe.*

Patte louvine. *The yellow, or blacke Wolves-banes; moſt poiſonous herbs, and little differing but in the colour of their flowers.*

Loy: f. *Law, the Law, Juſtice, the authoritie, courſe or proceeding, of Juſtice; a Judgement in, a triall by, Law, alſo, a Law, Statute, Ordinance, Rule or Decree that binds; alſo, Juriſdiction, power, authoritie; free choice, libertie; alſo, the uſe, or cuſtome of a place; alſo, an ordinary or cuſtomarie fine, or amerciament of Law; alſo, the allay, temper, or mixture of coine; the metall, or matter whereof tis made.*

Loy de bataille. *A triall by combate.*

Loy de credence. *A proceeding by witneſſes, who depoſe that they beleeve (not that they know;) like our, As this Deponent verily beleeves, &c.*

Loix des lieux. (*In the cuſtomes of Artoys*) *the Judges of the places; or as in* Gens de loy.

Loy oultrée, ou outre. c'eſt, Different determiné par enqueſte, ou par brief.

Loy ſimple; &, ſimple loy. *A ſummary, or quicke proceeding in Law without Inqueſt, or Battell.*

Gens, ou hommes de loy. (*In divers old Bookes, and Walloon cuſtomes*) *the Sheriffes (who commonly were the Judges) of townes.*

Iours de loy. *Law-daies, Court-daies, Hall-daies.*

Priſonniers eſtans en loy. *In the hands of Juſtice.*

Villes de loy. *Which have their peculiar lawes, and cuſtomes; and wherein there is a ſeat of Juſtice, and Officers of Juriſdiction.*

Faire les loix à l'heure de midy, en l'aſſize. c'eſt faire ſa demande en iuſtice pour avoir droict & iugement. ¶ Ragueau.

Paſſer par la loy. *To wage, or make his law; to ſweare in Court that he hath duly paied the rent, or* Cens *demanded of him.*

Venir à la loy. *To be admitted unto ſuch an oath.*

De meſchante vie les bonnes loix ſont venuës; Prov. *Bad lives have bred good lawes.*

Que veut le Roy ce veut la loy; Pro. *What the Kings likes the Law allowes of; or, lawes are expounded as the King thinkes good.*

Loyal: m. ale: f. *Loyall, faithfull; truſty, ſure unto; alſo, lawfull, juſt, allowable, reaſonable.*

Loyaulx Aides. *Looke* Aide.

Monnoye loyale. *Current money.*

Loyalement. *Loyally, faithfully, truſtily; alſo, lawfully, juſtly, rightfully.*

Loyaulment. as Loyalement.

Loyaulté: f. *Loyaltie, faithfulneſſe, truſtineſſe; truth, and conſtancy in promiſes; honeſtie, or ſincerity in all manner of proceedings; juſtneſſe, uprightneſſe; lawfulneſſe; alſo, the ſtrickle uſed in the meaſuring of corne.*

En grande pauvreté n'y a grande loyaulté; Prov. *Where povertie is, loyalty is not, great.*

Loyer: m. *Hire given for a houſe, or countrey farme; or unto ſervants, or workefolkes; hence, a ſtipend, ſalarie, wages; alſo, a reward, guerdon, recompence, remuneration.*

Qui bon maiſtre ſert bon loyer en attend; Prov. *A franke Lords Pages, looke for good wages.*

Loyette: f. *A Marlin.*

Loz: m. *Laud, praiſe, commendation; credit, fame, glory, renowne, reputation.* See Los.

Lozange, & Lozanger. as Lozenge, & Lozenger.

Lozenge: f. *A Lozenge; a little ſquare cake of preſerved herbs, flowers, &c. alſo, a quarrell of a glaſſe-window; any*

thing

thing of that forme; also, guile, deceit, fraud, cousenage.

Lozengé: m. ée: f. *Lozenged, Lozenge-like; also, mocked, gulled, beguiled.*

Lozenger. *To cousen, deceive, beguile, gull.*

Lu. *Light; whence;*

Il n'y a ne feu ne lu. *(Of a darke, cold, or uncomfortable place;)* there is neither fire, nor light to be had.

† Luberdine: f. *An old maid*

Luberne: f. *The female Libbard; a Panther.*

Lubin: m. *A Base, or Sea-wolfe; also, a nickname for a Monke, or Frier; whence;*

Frere Lubin; *the true name of a certaine Monke, who loved a neighbours house better then his owne Covent.*

Lubine. *as* Lubin (*in the first sence.*) ¶ Bourdelois.

† Lubre: com. *Lubricke, filthie, scurrile.*

Lubricité: f. *Lubricitie, slipperinesse, uncertaintie; lecherie, wantonnesse, incontinency.*

Lubrifier. *To lubrifie, or make slippery.*

Lubrique: com. *Lubricke; slipperie; deceitfull, uncertaine; flicring, fast-moving; lecherous, incontinent, wanton, lascivious.*

Lubriquement. *Slipperily; uncertainly, loosely, deceitfully; flirringly; incontinently, lasciviously, lecherously.*

Luc: m. *A Lute.*

Luc renversé. *as much as* Cul.

Lucarne: f. *A garret window; or window in the roofe of a house, &c.*

Lucarné: m. ée: f. *Having windowes in the roofe.*

Luce: f. (*A womans name*) Luce; *and the name of a virgine-Saint registred in Kalenders on the 13 of December; Hence the Proverbe;)*

A la Sainte Luce du fault d'une puce; c'est à dire, le jour croist. *(Or not so much; for that is held the shortest day of the yeare.)*

Lucel, & Lucet. *A young Pike, a Pickerell.*

Lucheran: m. *A Scrich-owle.*

Luchet. *A spade; or as* Louchet. ¶ Langued.

Lucifugue: f. *A kind of Beetle, or light-hating flie.*

Lucide: com. *Cleere, shining, bright, light.*

Lucratif: m. ive: f. *Lucrative, commodious, gaine-bringing, whereof great profit is made.*

Lucrative: f. *Lucre, gaine, profit, commoditie, commings in; also, the profession of the Law (because it brings in store of Crownes.)*

Lucs. *as* Lus.

Luctation: f. *A wrastling, strugling, striving with.*

Lucte. *as* Luicte.

Lucté: m. ée: f. *Wrastled, strugled, striven with.*

Ludicre: com. *Light, childish, toyish, mocking, spirtfull, gamesome.*

Ludificatoire: com. *Mocking, deceiving, beguiling.*

Lueil: m. *Ray, Darnell.*

Luet, Devoir de luets. *A Bushell of Rye due by every tenant, and householder that keepes a fire, and tillage within a Parish in Britanie.*

Luette: f. *The Palate, or Vvula; a little peece of spongious flesh in the roof of the roofe of the mouth.*

Luettes. *Little bundles of peeces of Ivorie cast loose upon a table; the play is to take up one without shaking the rest, or else the taker loseth.*

Lueur: f. *Light, brightnesse, cleerenesse, luster, splendor, glittering, irradiation, glistering, a casting forth of beames.*

Lueux: m. euse: f. *Light, bright; splendent, shining, glittering, glistering.*

Lugubre: com *Dolefull, mourning, mournfull, sorrowfull, wayling, funerall.*

Luicte: f. *Wrastling, the exercise of wrastling; also, a strugling, or strife with.*

Vn tour de luicte en procez. *A cunning tricke, trip, or passage in pleading, which will goe neere to overthrow the adverse partie.*

Il l'emporta de haute luicte. *He carried it cleere, he bore it away by maine force; he imployed his utmost strength in the compassing of it.*

Au fort bras la luicte; Pro. *See* Bras.

Luictement: m. *A wrastling, or strugling with.*

Luicter. *To wrastle, to struggle, or strive with.*

Luicter contre les ombres. *To wrastle with shadowes; to be angrie without cause, or purpose; also, to revile the absent; also, to devise things and afterwards raile at them.*

L'abbatu veut tousjours luicter; Prov. *No foile can quell an obstinacie.*

Luire. *To shine, glitter, glister; to cleere, be bright, give light, yeeld a radiant luster.*

Ce qu'on donne luit, ce qu'on mange puit; Prov. *What we give shines, what we eat smells.*

Luisans: m. *Sparkles, or fierie and starre-resembling Meteors, in the middle region of the aire.*

Luisant. *Shining, cleere, bright, beamie, lusterous, radiant, glittering, glistering.*

Luisantement. *Brightly, radiantly, shiningly, glistningly, glitteringly.*

† Luisarner. *To glow, glisten, glimmer.*

Luiton: m. *A Goblin, Bug, Robin-good-fellow, merrie devill, that uses to mocke, and deceive, silly people.*

Luiton de mer. *A Triton, or Sea-man; a fish that resembles a man.*

Lumbaire: com. *Of, or belonging to, the flanke, or loyne.*

Arteres Lumbaires. *Branches of the great Arterie distributed all over the loynes, and giving life to the marrow of the backe.*

Muscle lumbaire. *One of the two muscles which bow the thighes.*

Veine lumbaire. *See* Veine.

Lumbrique. *A ground worme.* ¶ Rab.

Lumer. *To shine; to give light, to yeeld or cast a light.*

La chandelle lume mal. *Burnes dimly, or burnes but ill.*

Lumiere: f. *Light; brightnesse, cleerenesse, a shining; also, a light, candle, or lampe.*

La lumiere d'une haquebute, &c. *The touch-hole of an Harquebuse, &c.*

Mettre en lumiere. *To publish, divulge, set forth, send abroad into the world.*

Privé de la lumiere. *Deprived both of light, and life.*

Qui n'est point venu en lumiere. *Abstruse, obscure, unknowne, that is not yet come abroad.*

A l'oeil malade la lumiere nuit; Pro. *Light hurts diseased eyes; or, A sicke eye is offended with the light.*

Lumignon: m. *The wicke or cotton of a candle; the match of a lampe,*

Lumillette: f. *The herbe Eye-bright.*

Luminaire: m. *A light, a candle, a lampe, &c. also, a Booke of the composition of Physicall receipts.*

Luminette: f. *as* Lumillette.

Lumineux: m. euse: f. *Shining, glistering, most bright, full of cleerenesse, yeelding a great light.*

Luminier: m. *A Vesterer, or Vesterie-keeper, he that hath the charge of the lights, and ornaments of a Church; also, an Agent, Attourney, or Solicitor for a whole Townes-ship.*

Luminon. *as* Lumignon.

Lunaire: f. *Lunarie, Moonewort.*

Lunaire majeur; ou grande lunaire. *Great Moonewort, Pennie-flower, Money-flower, Prickesongwort, Honestie, Sattin, white Sattin; (Alchymists call water Fearne* Lunaria major.)

Lunaire mineur; ou petite lunaire. *Small Lunarie, small Moonewort.*

Lunaire: com. *Lunarie; of, or belonging to, the Moone.*

Cicle lunaire. *The golden number. Looke* Cicle.

Lunaison: f. *A Moneth, a Moone, or the season continuing a whole Moone; also, the shining of the Moone.*

Lunatique: com. *Lunaticke, in a Lunarie franticke, wood, no wiser then he should be.*

Lundi: m. *Monday.*

Lune: f. *The Moone; one of the seven Planets: also, silver (called so by Alchymists;) also, the Molthut-fish.*

Lune de mer. *The Molehut; also, a kind of ash-coloured Starre-fish of a hard and shellie substance.*

La bonne Lune. *The later end of September, and beginning of October; the best time to sow winter-corne in, and therefore so tearmed by good husbands.*

Abbayer contre la lune. *See* Abbayer.

Avoir vn quartier de la lune en la teste. *To bee halfe franticke, or have a spice of Lunacie; The like is;*

Il y a de la lune. *He is a foolish humorous, hare-braind, giddie-headed fellow.*

Coucher à l'enseigne de la lune. *To lie without doores all night.*

Garder la lune des loups. *To waste in endevors upon subjects that need them not; or spend time in watching of that which of it selfe is safe enough.*

Dieu gard la lune des loups. *An ironicall answer unto a bragging foole, that threatens to kill them whom he cannot hurt.*

Le fourrier de la lune a marqué le logis. *Said of a woman that hath her flowers.*

Prendre la lune aux dents. *To doe impossible matters.*

Tenir de la lune. *To be inconstant, fickle, mutable, giddie, unsetled, wavering.*

Les biens de fortune passent comme la lune; Prov. *What fortune gives us for a boone, is quickly wasted like the Moone.*

Lunè : m. ée : f. *Round, compaſſe, rounded, or bowed like a halfe-Moone.*

Luner. *To round, bow, compaſſe, and bence;*

Lunez vn arc, *To bend a bow.*

Lunette : f. *The merrie-thought ; the forked crow-bone of a bird, which we uſe in ſport, to put on our noſes.*

Lunettes : f. *Spectacles.*

Il n'y a pas bien aſsis ſes lunettes. *He hath not obſerved the matter ſo neerely, he hath not looked into it ſo narrowly, as he might, or ſhould, have done.*

Lupaſſon. *as* Loupaſſon.

Lupege : t. *The whoope, or dung-bill Cock.*

Lupin : m. *The pulſe Lupines ; alſo, the Baſe, or Sea-Wolfe.*

Lupoge. *as* Lupegé.

Lurre : m. ée : t. *Lured ; inticed, allured.*

Lus : m. *A Pike (fiſh.)*

Lus marin. *A Cod, or Cod-fiſh ; ſome alſo, call the Haddocke ſo.*

Luſerne : f. *A Glot-worme ; alſo, as* Luzerne.

Luſtre : m. *A luſter, or gloſſe ; a ſhining, or gliſtering ; a graceſull bright colour ; alſo, a ſeaſme of foure yeares, or fifty months ; alſo, a Cenſorian overſight over Citizens eſtates, and behaviour.*

Donner luſtre à. *To grace, beautifie, illuſtrate, adorne ; ſeeke, burniſh, brighten ; ſet a gloſſe on, give a luſter unto.*

Luſtrer. *To looke round about, view, or ſurvey on each ſide, behold every way ; to weigh diligently, examine throughly, ſeriouſly conſider of, prie narrowly into ; alſo, to purge, or cleanſe by ſacrifice ; alſo, as* Donner luſtre.

Luſtreux : m. euſe : f. *Luſtrous, radiant, ſhining, gliſtening, gliſtering, glittering.*

Luſtrueux. *as* Luſtreux.

Lut : m. *A Lute ; alſo, clay, mould, loame, dust ; alſo, a kind of barke, or boat.*

Luté : m. ée : t. *Dawbed, cloſed, or done over, with clay ; alſo, bemired, brayed, beſmeared.*

Luter. *To dawbe, or clay ; to cloſe, or doe over with loame, or clay ; alſo, to bedawb, defile, bemire, beſmeare, bray.*

Luth : m. *A Lute.*

Lutin : m. *A Goblin, Robin-good-fellow, Hob-thruſh ; a ſpirit which players reakes in mens houſes anights.*

Lutiner. *To play the Goblin, or night-ſpirit ; to keep a ſoule rumbling, or terrible racket up and down a houſe in the night.*

Lutiz : m. *Clay, loame, dust.*

Lutre. *as* Loutre.

Lutrin : m. *A deske in a Church.*

Luxation : f. *A luxation, looſeneſſe, or looſening ; a being out of joint.*

Luxe : m. *Exceſſe, vice, ſuperfluitie.*

Luxer. *To looſe, or put out of joint ; alſo, to be out of joint, or out of due place.*

Luxure : f. *Luxurie, ſenſuality, concupiſcence, fleſhlineſſe ; any ſuperfluity, or exceſſe in carnall delights.*

Luxurieux : m. euſe : f. *Luxurious, voluptuous, fleſhly, luſtfull, ſenſuall ; exceſſive, riotous.*

Luy. *He, him, the ſame man.*

Luyton. *as* Luiton, *or* Lutin.

Luz : m. Lus.

Luzerne : f. *as* Luſerne ; *Alſo, Medick fodder, Spaniſh Treſoile, horned Claver, ſnaile clover.*

Luzerner. *To glow, gliſten, or glimmer. (v. m.)*

Luzerniere : f. *A cloſe, field, or plot ſowed with Medicke fodder.*

Ly. *as* Le. ¶ Gaſcon.

Lyarre : m. *Ivy. Seeke* Lierre.

Lyaſſe. *as* Liaſſe.

Lycanthropie : f. *A frenzie, or melancholy, which cauſeth the patient (who thinkes he is turned Woulfe) to flee all company, and hide himſelfe in dennes, and corners.*

Lyce : f. *A bitch, &c. as in* Lice.

Vne fauſſe lyce. *A lewd queane, falſe trull, ungracious whore, wicked harlot.*

Lychnobien : m. *The wicke of a candle ; or one who in ſtead of the day uſeth the night, doing all his buſineſſe by candle-light.* ¶ Rab.

Lychnocoſomité. *The chiefeſt light, or lanterne of the world.*

Lychnon : m. *A light, candle, or linke ; alſo, the wicke of a candle, or match of a lampe ; alſo, a lanterne.* ¶ Rab.

Lycopſe. *A kind of the (red-rooted) herb Orebanet.*

Lycopthalmie : f. *A pretious ſtone of foure ſundry colours.* ¶ Rab.

Lye. *as* Lie.

Lyerre. *Ivy. Seeke* Lierre.

Lymitrophe : com. *Bordering upon, adjoining, or lying neere unto.*

Lymon. *as* Limon.

Lymphatique : com. *Allayed, or mixed with water ; alſo, madde, furious, beſtraught ; giddy, fantaſticall.*

Lyncée : t. *A Linx ; a Woolfe-reſembling beaſt thats full of ſpots.*

Yeux de Lincée. *Sharpe, quicke, piercing eyes.*

Lyncurie : f. *A pretious ſtone bred of the congealed urine of a Linx, and preſerving the eyes from charmes.*

Lynges. *as* Liens ; *Bands, &c.* ¶ Rab.

Lyon. *Seeke* Lion.

Lyonceau : m. *A Lyons whelpe, or young Lyon.*

Lype. *as* Lippe ; *A lip.*

Faire la lype. *To powt, lowt, lowre, hang the lip, as a child thats ſullen, or about to crie.*

Lypothomie : f. *A kind of deadly ſwooning.*

Lyre : f. *A Lyra, or Harpe.*

† Lyripipié, & Lyripipion. *as* Liripipié, & Liripipion.

Lyrique : com. *Lyrick ; of a Harpe ; ſung to the Harpe ; playing on a Harpe.*

Lys. *as* Lis.

Lyſarde. *Seeke* Liſarde.

Lyſimachie : f. *Willow-herb, Louſe-ſtriſe, Water-willow.*

Lyſimachie rouge. *The red, or eadded Willow-herb.*

Lyſteau. *as* Liſteau.

Lyturgie, ou Lyturgue : f. *A Liturgie, or forme of Service uſed in Churches.*

M

MA. *The feminine of* Mon ; *My.*

Madia. *Seeke* Madia. ¶ Rab.

Macabré. Danſe Macabré. *Death.*

Macaleb. *The baſtard Corall, or Pomander, Privet, of whoſe ſweet, and ſhining black berries, chaines and bracelets be made.*

Macalep, & Macalet. *as* Macaleb.

Macar : m. *A mate, match, marrow, fellow.*

Macareau : m. *A Mackerell fiſh.*

Macaronique : m. *A Macaronick ; a confuſed heape, or huddle of many ſeverall things.*

Macarons : m. *Macarons ; little Fritter-like Buns, or thicke Loſenges, compounded of Sugar, Almonds, Roſewater, and Muſk, pounded together, and baked with a gentle fire ; alſo, the* Italian Macaroni ; *lumps, or gobbets of boiled paſte ſerved up in butter, and ſtrewed over with ſpice, and grated cheeſe.*

† Macault : m. *A ſcrip, or wallet ; alſo, a cheſt filled with precious ſtuffe, and hidden, or hoorded up, in a ſecret corner.*

Macé : m. *(A proper name for a man.)* Matthew.

Ie ſuis Preſtre Macé. *An equivocall alluſion to* Maiſtre paſſé. *A ſworne maſter, or freeman of a Trade.*

Mace, Iuge Mace. *as* Iuge Mage *(in* Mage.)

Macée : f. Mat, *or* Macie ; *(a proper name for a woman.)*

Macer : m. *Is not Mace (as many imagine) but a reddiſh, aromaticall, and aſtringent rinde of a certaine Indian root.*

Maceration : f. *A macration, macerating, making leane ; a mortifying, weakening, or taming of the bodie by abſtinence, &c. alſo, a ſoaking, or ſteeping in liquor.*

Macéré : m. ée : f. *Macerated, made leane ; weakened, mortified, brought low, tamed, ſubdued ; alſo, allayed, ſoaked, or ſteeped in water.*

Macerer. *To macerate, or make leane ; to mortifie, weaken, bring downe, puniſh or pull under the body ; to ſuppreſſe, or ſubdue the luſts thereof by abſtinence, or hard fare ; alſo, to allay, ſoake, or ſteepe in liquor.*

Maceris. *as* Macer.

Maceron : m. *The herb Candy Alexanders, or through-bred Parſely.*

Maceronne : f. *as* Maceron.

Mache : f. *Water-torch, Cats-taile, Marſh peſtill, Douch downe ; (an herb.)*

Machecoulis. *Looke* Maſchecoulis.

Machefer. *The droſſe of Iron.*

Mache-foin. *A nick-name for ſuch a Judge, or Lawyer as takes of clients the hay his horſes feed on ; a.* Maſchefoin.

Machelier : m. ere ; f. *Of, or belonging to, a jaw.*

Dents Machelieres. *The cheeke-teeth, or grinders.*

Macher. *as* Maſcher.

Mache-rave. *A Turnep-eater : An Epithete for a Lymoſin (who feeds much on Turneps.)*

Mache-river. *A Cobler, or Shoomaker.*

Macheron. *as* Maceron.

Maches : f. *The maſhes, or holes of a net between thread and thread.*

Machette : f. *The Owle, or Madge-howlet ; as in* Cheveche.

Macheure : f. *A blacke ſmutch, or ſoote ; alſo, a cruſh, or bruiſe, which leaves a black, or blew ſpot after it.*

Macheure de fer. *The droſſe of Iron.*

Macheuré : m. ée : f. *Smeared, ſmutched, begrimed ; alſo, made blacke and blew by a cruſh, &c.*

Machi-

Machiavelisme: m. *Machiavellisme; subtill policy, cunning roguery.*
Machiaveliser. *To Machiavellize it; to practise Machiavellisme.*
Machicoulé: m. ée: f. *Furtified with* Maschecoulis.
Machicoulis. *Look* Maschecoulis.
Machinateur: m. *A machinator, framer, contriver, deviser (especially of bad things.)*
Machination: f. *A machination, frame, contrivement; a subtill plot, or conspiracy; a craftie invention, shifting stratageme, circumventing trick.*
Machine: f. *A frame, engine, toole, instrument, invention, device.*
Machiné: m. ée: f. *Framed, contrived, devised; plotted, conspired, practised against.*
Machiner. *To machinate, frame, contrive, devise; to practise, plot, conspire against.*
† Machoirier. *A horned, and great-jawed Snake.*
Machonner. *To chaw slowly, or gently; to mumble.*
Machoter. *To chump, or chaw slowly, or without any great effect.*
Machoüeres: f. *The jawes.*
Machurer. *To black, smeare, smutch, begrime, or disfigure with blacking.*
Le chaudeçon machure la poisle. *One knave disgraces, or, one neighbour detracts from, another.*
Macis: m. *The spice called Mace.*
Macle: f. *The Mash of a net; also (in Blason) a Muscle, or short Lozinge, having a square hole in the middest.*
Macle: com. *Raw.* ¶ Rab.
Macles: f. *Pot-hangers; the irons whereupon pots are hung.*
Maçon. *as* Mason.
Maçonné: m. ée: f. *Wrought by Masons, built of stone, hewed, squared, layed, as stones by a Mason.*
Maçonner. *To play the Mason, to build with, or of stone; to hew, square, worke, lay stones, as a Mason; to worke Masons worke.*
Maçonnerie. *Seek* Massonnerie.
Macque. *A Lozenge, or Net-mash.*
Macquereau. *as* Maquereau.
Macquignon. *Look* Maquignon.
Macreau: m. *A mackerell fish. Look* Maquereau.
Macreon: m. *An old, or long lived, man.* ¶ Rab.
Macrobe. *Of old life; of long continuance, or that hath had a long time, in this life.* ¶ Rab.
Macroule: f. *A sea-Coot, or Scottish Moorehenne.*
Maculatures: f. *Blotting, or waste, papers.*
Macule: f. *A spot, blot, fleck, freckle; staine, blemish.*
Maculer. *To spot, blot, speck, speckle, bespatter, besmeare, distaine, blemish, beray.*
Madame: f. *Madame. (The title, or stile of a Lady.)*
Madame du guichet. *The Lady of the Wicket; (a by-word for a Midwife.)*
Monsieur vaut bien Madame; Prov. *Look* Monsieur.
Mademoiselle: f. *(The title, or stile of a Gentlewoman;) Mistresse.*
Mademoiselle d'un'aulne de velours. *A mechanicall, or upstart Gentlewoman; the proud wife of a shop-keeper that will needs be a Gentlewoman.*
Mademoiselle de la boutique. *(Of the same ranke, and ambition.)*
Mademoiselle de cinquante pour cent. *The same; or may be applied to the lasie-humored wife of an extorting Usurer.*
† Madant. *Wet, moist; flowing; also, drunken with.*
Madefier. *To wet, moisten, liquifie,*
Madia. *In good sooth; as true as I live; or (in stead of Ce m'ait Dieu) so God helpe me.*
Madia nò. *No forsooth, or, in sooth sir no; you shall be so good as to pardon me.*
Madiene, ou Madienne. *A cholerick old wives oath importing as much as,* Mon Dieu, *or,* par mon Dieu.
† Madier: m. *Tymber.*
Madoure: m. *A dull, or senceleſſe loggar-head,*
Madro: f. *A thicke-streaked graine in wood.*
Madré: m. ée: f. *(Of wood) whose graine is full of crooked, and speckled streakes; (of a man) subtill, craftie, shifting, full of fetches; whence;*
Ie suis plus Madré en ces affaires. *I am better experienced in these businesses.*
Madrer. *The graines of wood to be full of crooked, and speckled streaks, or veines.*
Madrcure. *as* Madrure.
Madrier: m. *A planke, or piece of timber, whose graine is full of crooked, and speckled streaks.*
Madrure: f. *as* Madre, *or* Madrier; *also, a speckled, or diversified streaking; whence,* Madrures; *Speckled streaks in the grain of cut wood; or the mentild coat of some Hawkes.*
Maeut. *A maker of sallads, or May-sawces.* ¶ Rab.
Maié, *or* Mai. *Much used in stead of,* Par ma foy.
Magagnat. *Maimed, &c. as* Mehaigné. ¶ Langued.
Magaigne. *as* Mehaing. ¶ Langued. *w, as the Italian* Magagna *(whence it comes) defect, imperfection, want, fault, corruption, putrifaction.*
† Magault. *as* Macault.
Magazin: m. *A Magasin, publike storehouse, or wayehouse.*
Magdaleon: m. *A Lanyate, a rowler.*
Magdaleon d'entract. *A salve spred upon leather, or linnen, and hard rowled up.*
Mage. *Chiefe, or principall; whence,* Iuge Mage. *A chiefe Justice.*
Place Mage. *The chiefest, or most frequented place, as the Markets-stead in a Towne.*
Magicien: m. *A Magician, or Negromancer; one that practises the black Art; a Conjurer.*
Magie. f. *Magick, Negromancy; conjuring, the black Art.*
Magique: com. *Magicall; conjuring; of, or belonging to, the black Art.*
Magistere: m. *Mastership, authority, sway, chiefe rule; also, mastery, a masters part, or master-piece.*
Magistral: m. ale: f. *Magistrall; of a master, or magistrate; done by a magistrate, or master; also, masterlike; artificiall, skilfull, cunning.*
Magistralement. *Master-like, expertly, artificially, cunningly.*
Magistrat: m. *A Magistrate; Ruler, Governour, Judge, or principall Officer in the Commonwealth.*
Magistrature: f. *Magistracy; government, sway, rule, authority; the bearing of office in the Commonwealth.*
Magistronostralement. *Dunstically.* ¶ Rab.
Magna gna. *Marry gip sir; true Roger.* ¶ Rab.
Magnan: m. *A boore, clowne, hind, yeoman, country fellow.*
Magnanime: com. *Magnanimous, generous, of a great mind; stout-hearted, gallant-humored, of a lofty spirit, of a noble stomacke.*
Magnanimement. *Magnanimously, generously, gallantly, valiantly.*
Magnanimité: f. *Magnanimity, generosity, greatnesse of minde; gallantnesse of humor, noblenesse of spirit, stoutnesse of heart.*
Magniaux: m. *Silkeworms.* ¶ Langued.
Magnie: f. *A meynie, company, number of people.* ¶ Bourg.
Magnificat: m. *The Magnificat; (part of the Even-song; whence;)*
Chanter Magnificat à matines. *To doe things disorderly, or use a thing unseasonably.*
Magnificence: f. *Magnificence, stateliness, gorgeousnesse, sumptuousnesse; high atchievement, great performance; noble provision.*
Magnifié: m. ée: f. *Magnified; highly commended, highly praised, much honoured.*
Magnifier. *To magnifie, extoll, extoll, commend highly, praise highly, honour much.*
Magnifique: com. *Magnificent, of high atchievement, adding great matters, performing worthy acts; bountie, lofty, stately, sumptuous, majestick, glorious, grave.*
Magnifiquement. *Magnificently, bountifully, worthily, honourably, bountifully, sumptuously; solemnly, with a majesty, with much gravity, with great state.*
Magnigoules: m. *Wide mouthed knaves.* ¶ Norm.
Magny Magna. *Noble knaves, as in* Magna.
Magot: m. *A Baboone, or ape, that is faced like a dog; also, the (Scottish) Crow, or Moore-henn.*
Maguelet. *as* Macelet.
Mahaleb. *as* Macaleb.
Mahautre: m. *A fellow, a swash-buckler, desperate or cutthroat fencer.*
Mahonne: f. *A boat of great strength and capacity, resembling the Galliasse.*
Mahutre: f. *The plume of a (bird's) wing.*
Mai. *as* May.
Maict: f. *A hutch, kneading trough, salting tub.*
Mahlin: m. *A Turkish coyne worth about a penny.*
Maie: f. *The greatest kind of sea-Crab; round, long-legd, and very rough-fleshed; some call her, a Frill.*
Maiem: m. *Timely Hay; called so because 'tis commonly gotten in May.*

Maje-

Majesté: f. *Majesty*; royalty, *soveraignty, princelinesse, high dignity, highest authority*; *a kingly presence or prerogative*; *a most honourable gravity*; *also* (*in Painting*) *such a radiant circle, or shadow, as is made about the head of a Saint.*

Majesteux: m. eusc: f. *Majesticall, kingly, princely, imperious, royall, soveraigne, supreme*; *of great gravity, full of majesty.*

Majeul de roue: m. *The nave of a wheele.*

Maieur: m. *The Mayor of a Towne*; *or, as* Maire; *also, the* Major, *or first proposition of a Syllogisme*; *also, one that is of full yeares.*

Nos maieurs. *Our ancestors, or forefathers.*

Le maieur d'un mestier. *The master of a Company of artificers.*

Majeur. *as* La majeur partie; *the more*; *the greater part, or side.*

Maignan. *as* Magnan. ℣ Rab.

Maigne: com. *Great*; *as*, Charles le maigne.

Maignen: m. *A copper-smith, or Kettle-maker.*

Maigre: m. *A great, and shalie fish, having a wattle on his chinne*; *two holes on the top of his beake, neere his eyes*; *and two stones within his head, of some vertue* (*as is supposed*) *against the cholick*: *The French doe tearme him thus, not because he is leane, but because by the whitenesse of his flesh he seems so*; *howsoever, and howsoever he be dressed, he is reasonable good meat.*

Maigre: com. *Meagar, leane, scrangie, fleshlesse*; *thin, slender, gant, lanke*; *hungry, barren*; *poore.*

Maigre chere. *Cold, or heartnesse intertainment.*

Maigre mine. *Small countenance, a wretchlesse look, or scarce a good look.*

Maigre propos. *Dry, barren, faint, shallow, or carelesse discourse*; *talk whereby the hearer can profit but little.*

Iour maigre. *A fisse, or fasting day.*

Maigre comme vn heron, &c. *Maigres comme pies. As lean as Rakes (we say).*

Maigrelet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat meagar, leane, slender, somewhat lean.*

Maigrement. *Meagerly, leanly, scraggily*; *thinly, lankly, slenderly*; *hungrily*; *barrenly*; *drily*; *poorly.*

Maigres. *as* Maigrelets.

Maigreté: f. *Meagarnesse, leannesse*; *thinnesse, lankenesse, hungrinesse, barrennesse*; *dryesse, poorenesse.*

Maigue: m. *Whey.*

Mail: m. *A Mall, Mallet, or Beetle*; *also, as* Marne.

Maille: m. *A French, a base coyne*; *the halfe of a penny* (*in weight, or money*); *also, any the least marginall mark.*

La maille Billeron. *A toll taken of every one that sells wares at certain Faires.*

Maille de Lorraine. *A coyne worth a hart iij s. Tour.*

Droict de maille d'or. *Look* Droict.

Faire la maille bonne de. *To warrant, undertake or answer for, make good.*

Bonne la maille qui sauve le denier; Prov. *Well is the halfe-penny* (*spent*) *that saves a penny.*

Maille: f. *Maile, or a linke of maile* (*whereof coats of maile be made*); *also, a Haubert*; *or, any little ring of metall resembling a link of maile*; *also, a mash of a net, the square hole that is between thread and thread*; *also, a web in the eye.*

Maille de boucle. *The loope of a buckle*; (*through which the latchet passes.*)

Maille à maille on fait les haubergeons; Prov. *Look* Haubergeon.

Maillé: m. ée: f. *Armed with a coat of maile, or privy coat*; *also, marled, as ground.*

Perdrix maillée. *A maild, menild, or spotted Partridge.*

Mailler. *To arme, or furnish with a coat of maile*; *also, to marle a piece of ground.*

Maillerie: f. *A marle pit, or marly soile, the place wherein marle is gotten.*

Maillet: m. *A mallet, or hammer*; *also, a battleax*; *also, as* Encueur.

Faire de son poing vn maillet. *To make hard shift*; *or be ignorant of the right use of things.*

Pescher au maillet. *Foolishly to talke much, or make a great bruit, of a project, thereby discovering, and disappointing it.*

Mailleton: m. *A small twig, or shoot springing from the staulke of a Vine, &c. a young branch fit to be planted.*

Maillettes: f. *Small mashes, or linkes of mayle.*

Maillol: m. *as* Mailleton.

Maillon: m. *The knot a Gardener makes in binding, with willow-twigs, the stakes, and vine-branches of an arbour together.*

Mailloque: f. *as* Tierce; *or the 24 part of a* Seconde; *and the least weight that Jewellers, and Goldsmiths use.*

Maillot: m. *A swadling clout, or swathe-band*; (*sometimes*) *also, a cradle*; *also, as* Mailleton.

Maillotant. *Powning, bruizing, beating, or breaking with a mallet.*

Mailloter. *To pownd, beat, bruize, or break with a mallet.*

Maillotins: m. *A factious multitude, which, in old time, did much mischiefe in, and about,* Paris; *whence*;

Maillotonnerie: f. *Any factious crue, seditious company, tumultuous rising of people.*

Main: m. *The name of a Saint*; *whence*; Mal S. Main. *The wild scab.*

Main. Pour Matin. *The morning*; *whence,* Demain.

Main: f. *A hand*; *also, the forefoot of a horse*; *also, the grapple of a ship*; *also, the iron hook that holds the bucket of a Well*; *also, a certaine threefold book used by Wine-pressers*; *also, a quire of paper*; *also* (*in Law*) *publique authority, or power.*

Main basse. *A bad hand, ill chance, coarse luck, hard bargain*; *whence*;

Faire main basse, & mener les mains basses. *To put all unto the sword.*

Main burnie. *ward, guard, custody, &c. as* Main-bournie.

Main ferme. *A steady hand*; *also, as* Main-fermie.

Les mains du foye. *Certaine branches of the port-veine, which convey the juice of concocted meat unto the liver.*

Main garnie. *An armed hand, Viz. that holds a stone, or weapon to strike withall*; (*Hence,* Excez de main non garnie: *a blow given with the* (*onely*) *hand*; *a cuffe or dust with the fist*;) *also, as in,* Garnir la main.

Main de Iustice. *The hand of Justice, viz. the authority, jurisdiction, or power thereof in any kind of execution, or seisure*; *also, an ivory hand in the top of a Rod*; (*a marke of Royalty, or Soveraignty, as well as the Scepter, Crowne, or Sword.*)

Main levée. *A discharge, release, delivery from sute*; *also, a restoring, or giving back of things which were seised by order*; *a putting one in possession of a thing become by accident, or order, cleerly his.*

Main mise. *Seisure of the person or of possessions, by the Magistrate, or a Lord, unto whom they are by law, or in right, or by the omission of duties, and due services, escheated, or forfeited.*

Main morte. *Is much like the Mortmain of our Law*; *also, villenage, or a servile tenure.*

Gens de main morte condition. *Look* Main-morte.

Main pleine. *Sufficient goods taken, or land enough seised, upon an extention.*

Main souveraine. *Authority royall*; *the Kings prerogative, or power.*

Se faire recevoir par main souveraine. *Look* Recevoir.

La bouche & les mains. *Homage, and fealty*; *or, the ceremonies used in the doing thereof*; *for which look* Hommage.

La derniere main. *The last touch, work, or act, which gives a thing it full perfection.*

Disme, & terrage à deux mains. *A Lords taking of two sheaves upon his tenants twelve, viz. one for his tythe, another for his* Terrage.

Garnison de main. *See* Garnison.

La grande main. *The whole arme and hand together.*

A main. *Ready, neere, at hand.*

A main armée. *By force of armes.*

A main forte. *By maine force, or great power*; *with might and maine.*

A main sauve. *Safely, securely, without any manner of losse, dammage, or danger.*

A la main. *Nimbly, readily, actively, at hand* (*quoth pick-purse.*)

Haut à la main. *Proud, stately, surly, sullen, stubborne, a striker, like enough to lay about him.*

Homme à la main, & Homme de main. *A man of execution or valour*; *a man of his hands,*

Leger à la main. (*Of a horse*) *light horne.*

A pleine main. Vne bouche à pleine main. *A horses mouth which is neither too hard, nor too sensible, and thereby gives a full rest unto the hand.*

De longue main. *Of old, long since, of great continuance, a great while ago.*

Tout d'une main. *Hard after, altogether, all under one.*

Les mains derriere le dos, &, les mains pendues à leur ceinture. *In an idle, or careless fashion.*

Avoir les mains crochues. *To be a light-fingered, or long-fingered filcher*; *every finger of his hand to be as good as a lime-twig.*

Avoir les mains longues. *To have long hands, or large jurisdiction: applicable to Princes, whose power stretches very farre.*

Avoir

Avoir les mains nettes. *To be honeſt, ſincere, uncorruptable, upright.*

Avoir la main ſeure. *To be ſteady handed (as he that would be a good workeman muſt be;) alſo, to be honeſt, loyall, truſty, faithfull, true in his reckonings, juſt in all his doings.*

Bailler la main. *To reach a hand; alſo, a wife to give her conſent, before a Notary, unto the ſale, or morgage of her inheritance.*

Changer de main. *To ſhift out of one hand into another; alſo, to change the Lord, or Poſſeſſor; as land is ſaid to doe upon ſales, gifts, exchanges, death, &c.*

Faire main forte à. *To joyne ſtrongly with.*

Faire la main. *To make a hand, or make up his mouth; to get a rich purchaſe, or great ſtake; to gaine much; to win all.*

Faire, & lever la main. *To take up the trick (at Cards.)*

Faire d'une main l'autre. *To patch up one thing with another; to ſupply the defects of the one with the exceſſe of the other.*

Fourrer la main à. *To greaſe the fiſt with a bribe, &c.*

Garnir la main. *To take a thing to pawne, or in morgage, alſo, to ſeize, or diſtraine; or (more properly) an arreſted debtor to pay the debt preſently, or deliver valuable goods for the ſecurity, or in conſideration, thereof.*

Iouër des mains. *To fight.*

Iurer es mains d'autruy. *To ſweare unto, or (any way) to take an oath; for the old faſhion was, that he which tooke an oath held his hands within his that rettived it.*

Laver lés mains de. *To purge, cleere, juſtifie, or excuſe himſelfe of.*

Mener les mains. *To beſtirre the fingers; (and particularly) to deale blowes, fall to handy ſtrokes, lay hard about him.*

Mener les mains baſſes. *To put unto the ſword.*

Mettre la main au baſton. *See* Baſton.

Mettre la main ſur le collet de. *To arreſt, or take priſoner.*

Mettre la main iuſques au coude, Il y a mis la m. *Hee hath ſtept very farre into; he hath deeply ingaged himſelfe in; he hath ſounded the deph of, the matter.*

Mettre la main à l'heritage. *To fall to the ground upon his hands.*

Mettre la main à la paſte. *To aſſiſt, help, further, ſet forward.*

Mettre la main à la verge. *Look* Verge.

Partir de la main. *To part from the hand; ſuddainly, or haſtily to paſſe, or ſtart, forward.*

Prendre la main. *A Notary to take the conſent, and receive the oath, of parties that agree to paſſe a contract.*

Se ſeigner de toutes mains. *To be horribly afraid, or grievouſly diſtreſſed; or, all-to-be-croſſe themſelves in a time of affright, or extremity.*

Tendre les mains. *To aske for mercy.*

Tenir la main à quelque affaire. *To have a hand in, be medling with, heed or look unto, a matter.*

Tenir la main à vn en quelque affaire. *To further, favour, helpe, or aſſiſt one in a matter.*

Tenir la main pour l'un & pour l'autre. *To be a newter, or equally affected on both ſides; alſo to undertake both for the one and the other.*

Tenir ſous main. *To keep in ſecret, in private, in a corner, in bugger-mugger.*

Tirer à la main. *A horſe to preſſe upon the hand, or ſtrive to get forward, or to go faſter then his rider would have him.*

Tomber en main tierce. *Look* Tiers.

Toucher en la main de. *To ſhake hands with, or take by the hand, in ſigne of friendſhip.*

Il toucha la main entre leurs mains. *He layed his hands betweene theirs, or gave them his hand that hee would be theirs.*

Venir aux mains. *To come to handy blowes; to buckle, graple, cope, or fight together.*

Venir es mains de. *To be at the mercy, fall into the laps, come into the power, or under the juriſdiction, of.*

Main lavée moins levée; Prov. *The more good parts one hath the leſſe hee ſhould boaſt of them.*

A main lavée Dieu mande la repeuë; Prov. *God ſends th'upright all neceſſary food.*

Vne main lave l'autre; Prov. *One hand waſhes the other; appliable to ſuch as give upon aſſurance, or hope, to be given unto; or unto (ſuch as any way ſerve one anothers turne.*

Pour laver ſes mains on n'en vend pas ſa terre; Prov. *A cleane-waſht hand makes no man ſell his land.*

De mains vuides prieres vaines; Prov. *Empty hands (bad Orators) make intreaty prove idle.*

Connin, & vilain avec la main; Prov. *See* Connin.

Main-bonne. *as* Main-bournie.

Main-bournie: f. *ward, guard; government, adminiſtration, overſight of; charge, power, authority over; alſo, the patronage, defence, or protection of a Soveraigne.*

Main-de-gourre. *A Hogs-foot; or, one that's handed like a Sow.* ¶ Rab.

Main-ferme: f. *Farme, or fee-farme; a title in, or the poſſeſſion of, an inheritance (either for a time certain, or for ever) liable unto rent.*

Main-ferme: com. *Held in farme, or fee-farme;* Tous Heritages, & biens immeubles qui ne ſont fief, ſont communement appellez, reputez, & tenus heritages mainfermes, Couſt. de Cambray tit. 2. ar. 2.

Main-mettre. *To manumit, or diſmiſſe; to affranchiſe a villane.*

Main-mis: m. *An affranchiſed perſon; one that is freed from ſervitude, or ſlavery.*

Main-mortable: com. *Holding, or held by villanage, or by a ſervile tenure; whence;* Main-mortable envers ſon ſeigneur. *Slaviſhly ſubject unto the impoſitions his Lord is pleaſed to lay on him while hee lives; and at his death not able to bequeath, or give away vſd. without his permiſſion.*

Heritages main-mortables. *Which are charged, at the Lords pleaſure, with taxes; and of cuſtome with an yearly proportion of fleſh, bread, or corne, payable unto him; and which come cleere into his hands, if the tenant thereof die without lawfull heires of his body.*

Main-morte: f. *Mortmain; alſo, villanage; or, a ſervile, and ſlaviſh tenure.*

Gens de main-morte. *Be Church-men; Abbots, Monks, Friers; Deanes, Prebends, Canons; brothers of an Hoſpitall; freemen of a corporate Towne, or Trade; the fellowes; or members of all Corporations; alſo, villanes, or ſervile tenants.*

Mainotte: f. *A ſmall hand, or childs hand.*

Main-pleine. *Look* Main.

Mainſine. *A bundle of grapes; or ſome ſix or ſeven bunches tied up together. as* Moiſſine.

† Mainſné: m. *A younger brother.*

Maint: m. te: f. *Many, a number, ſtore of.*

Maintes fois. *Often, eſtſoones, or at ſundrie times.*

Maintenance: f. *Maintenance; protection, ſupport, countenance, aſſiſtance.*

Maintenant. *Now, preſently, at this inſtant, in this very moment.*

Pour maintenant. *For this time, for this once.*

Maintenir. *To maintain, uphold, ſupport, protect, countenance, defend, back, beare out; ſtand in, or unto.*

Maintenir de faux. *To affirme, and offer, or ſet himſelfe, to prove, that an evidence produced by his adverſary is forged. Look* Faux.

Maintenu: m. uë: f. *Maintained, upheld, ſupported, defended; ſtood in, or unto; countenanced, backed, or borne out.*

Maintenuë: f. *A maintenance, maintaining, upholding, defence, countenance, aſſiſtance.*

La pleine maintenuë. *The full poſſeſſion of a thing; or, a poſſeſſion adjudged, and given after the full triall of a ſuit, unto him that hath moſt right.*

Maintien: m. *Geſture, behaviour, demeanour, carriage.*

Main tourner, à m. *In the turning of a hand, inſtantly, ſuddainly.*

Majorité: f. *Majority, full age.*

Maire: m. *A Maior; the higheſt Officer or Magiſtrate of an incorporate Towne; alſo, the Judge, or Steward of a Lord* Iuſticiers *Courts.*

Maire de Chaſtel. *as* Merc.

Maire du Palais. *Was, in old time, the principall Officer, of the Crowne, and Steward of the Kings houſe; ſince, he hath been called* Seneſchal de France; *now, the Conſtable, and Great Maſter of* France *divide his authority between them.*

Le Maire du village. *The Judge thereof.*

Maire laine. *The full-growne fleece, or well-combd wooll of a ſheep.*

Mairerie: f. *Maiordome; the office, or place of a Maior; alſo, his juriſdiction, or the precincts thereof.*

Mairgue: f. *as* Maigue; *Whay.* ¶ Auvergnois.

Mairie: f. *A Maiordome, or Mainſhip; the office, or place of a Maior, or of a village-Maior; alſo, (in ſome old books, and cuſtomes) baſe, or low juriſdiction.*

Mais. (Adverb.) *But; alſo, more, any more, (whence,* Mais de; *above, or more then,) alſo, rather.*

Mais que. *But what; alſo, when that, ſo that*

Plus mais. Ie ne puis plus mais touſtenir. *I can bear no longer, or not a whit more*

A touſiours mais. *Eternally, everlaſtingly, for ever and ever.*

Ie n'en peux mais. *It is not my fault, it is no way long of me, I cannot do withall.*

Mais-huy. *Not this day, or not as long as this day laſteth.*

Maiſné : m. *A younger brother.*

Maiſne. Argent baillé à maiſne. *Let out to uſe for the benefit of younger brethren, being infants, or orphanes.*

Maiſneaux, *as* Meneaux.

Maiſneté : f. *Youngerſhip, or younger brotherhood; the eſtate, or title of a younger brother.*

Maiſon : f. *A houſe, or manſion; alſo, a race, or familie.*

La maiſons de Monſieur Boyau. *Whoſe foreparts be ſlated, and back-parts thatched.*

Maiſons au ciel. *Circles drawn from the one pole to the other, to ſeparate the twelve ſignes of the Zodiacke, and dividing the whole Sphere into twelve equall parts.*

Maiſon de deſpens. *A Roome, or Side (of extraordinary expense) in Priſons, wherein a condemned debtor, that will not pay, is to be kept.*

Maiſon Dieu. *An Hoſpitall, or Spittle, for the poore.*

Maiſon de la Paix. *A Court of Judgement or Juſtice; a judiciall Court.*

Toile de maiſon. (*courſe*) *Huſwives cloth.*

De vieilles maiſons bruſlées il ſçait tirer des cuilliers neufves. *He can picke new ſpoones out of old houſes; (Applicable to a nurſe, and cunning houſe-keeper.)*

La maiſon fait cognoiſtre le maiſtre; Prov. *The houſe diſcovers the owner; or, looke into a houſe, you diſcerne the owner.*

En bonne maiſon l'on a toſt appreſté; Pro. *In a good houſe all things are quickly ready.*

En petite maiſon Dieu a grand part; Prov. *God hath a great ſhare in a ſmall houſe.*

A l'entrée de la ville eſt le commencement des maiſons; Prov. *The buildings begin at the towne-gate; One may gheſſe at a mans whole ſpeech by his Proeme; and by his firſt courſe what will be his whole proceeding.*

Achete paix, & maiſon faitte; Prov. *Buy peace, and a houſe (already) made; like whereunto is;*

Il faut acheter maiſon faitte, & femme à faire; Prov. *Purchaſe a houſe ready made, but let the wife be of thine owne making.*

Chaſcun eſt maiſtre en ſa maiſon; Pro. *Every one is (or ſhould be) maſter within his owne doores.*

Qui fait nopces, & maiſon, met le ſien en abandon: Pro. *Much building, and often bridalls make bare paſtures, and naked ſide-walls.*

Qui veut tenir nette maiſon il n'y faut preſtre, ny pigeon; Prov. *He that loves to have a neat houſe muſt keepe neither Prieſt, nor Pigeon in it.*

Maiſonage : m. *Timber-trees cut down for the building of a houſe.*

Maiſonnages: m. *Houſes, houſing; lodgings, dwellings.*

Maiſonné: m. ée : f. *Houſed; furniſhed, or ſtored with houſes.*

Maiſonnée : f. *A houſefull, houſhold, familie.*

Maiſonner. *To build houſes; to furniſh, or ſtore with houſes.*

Maiſonnette : f. *A little houſe; a lodging, a cote, a crib, a cottage.*

Maiſonnier : m, ere : f. *Keeping a houſe; alſo, belonging to, or ſerving for, a houſe.*

Maiſtraille. *The maine ſaile (of a ſhip.)*

Maiſtral : m. *The North weſt wind.* ℣ Rab.

Maiſtre : m. *A Maſter; Governour, Commander, Preſident, Principall, chiefe Ruler; a Teacher, Inſtructer; Overſeer; alſo, an Owner, Proprietarie, Poſſeſſor; alſo, one that hath (or ſhould have) ſufficient skill in the facultie which he profeſſes; whence,* Maiſtre es arts, &c. *alſo, a title of honour (ſuch as it is) belonging to all Artificers, and Tradeſmen; whence,* Maiſtre Pierre, Maiſtre Iehan, &c. *which we give not ſo generally, but qualifie the meaner ſort of them (eſpecially in countrey townes) with the title of Goodman (too good for many.)*

Les deux Maiſtres. *The two principall ropes of a Fiſhers Draw-net.*

Maiſtre des baſſes œuvres. *A Jakes-farmer, or Gold-finder.*

Maiſtres de la chambre aux deniers. *The principall officers of the Exchequer, called ſo in old time.*

Maiſtre des Comptes. *Looke in* Chambre des Comptes.

Maiſtre des eaux, & foreſts. *The Lord chiefe Juſtice, or Juſtice in Eire, of the Kings Forreſts, &c.*

Maiſtres des hautes œuvres. *A hangman.*

Maiſtre d'hoſtel. *The ſteward of a (great) houſhold.*

Maiſtres du Parlement. *So were the* Conſeillers du Parlement *called in old time.*

Maiſtre phy phy. *A Jakes-feyer (who hath often occaſion enough to ſay* phy.)

Maiſtre des Ports. *An Officer that overſees the levying of the* Impoſition foraine, Reſue, & haut paſſage.

Maiſtre rationnaux. *Certaine Officers which have the letting of the Kings farmes.*

Maiſtre des Requeſtes. *The Maſters of Requeſts. Looke* Requeſte.

Le Grand Maiſtre. *The Great Maſter of France; the Lord Steward of the Kings houſhold; heretofore ſtiled,* Le Compte du Palais; &, le Seneſchal de France.

Le grand Maiſtre des Arbaleſtiers. *The Maſter of the Croſſebow-men; an officer in date untill the comming up of Gunnes, and holding the ſame ranke, and authority that, at this day, belongs to*

Le grand Maiſtre de l'Artillerie. *The Maſter of the Ordnance.*

Vn ſecond Maiſtre. *The Uſher of a Schoole.*

Servir ſon maiſtre. *To purge, whruſſe, go to the ſtoole.*

A pere, à maiſtre, & à Dieu tout puiſſant, nul ne peut rendre l'equivalent; Prov. *Looke* Dieu.

Ce que maiſtre donne, & valet pleur, ce ſont larmes perduës; Prov. *The groome that wailes his maſters giftis may well enough ſpare his tearts.*

Chaſcun eſt maiſtre en ſa maiſon; Prov. *Every one rules in his own houſe.*

De grand maiſtre hardi valet; Prov. *Said of a ſervant, that bearing himſelfe on his maſters greatneſſe, is more bold, and confident then otherwiſe he would be.*

En pont, en planche, & en riviere, valet devant, maiſtre derriere; Prov. *In places of danger, or diſaſter, the ſervant muſt precede his maſter.*

Fortune n'eſpargne ny ſerviteur ny maiſtre; Prov. *Looke* Fortune.

Iamais ne gaigne qui precede à ſon maiſtre; Pro. *He never gaines that ſtands in ſute with his maſter.*

Il eſt plus d'ouvriers, que de maiſtres; Prov. *There be more workemen then skilfull workemen.*

Il ſe peut bien ſeoir à table quand le maiſtre luy commande; Prov. *He needs not wait thats bid ſit down by his maſter.*

La maiſon fait cognoiſtre le maiſtre; Prov. *We ſay, the ſelvidge makes ſhew of the cloth.*

L'oeil du maiſtre engraiſſe le cheval; Prov. *A horſe is fattened by his maſters eye.*

Les derniers venus ſont les maiſtres; Prov. *Thoſe that come laſt (oft) get the maſterie.*

Nouveau apprenti n'eſt pas maiſtre; Prov. *A novice (or new-come Prentice) is no maſter; viz. muſt neither looke for the reſpect, nor have looked from him the skill of, a maſter.*

Qui a compagnon a maiſtre; Pro. *He that hath a mate hath a maſter.*

Qui bon maiſtre ſert, bon loyer en attend; Prov. *He that waites on a good maſter waites for a good turne.*

Qui ſert Dieu il a bon maiſtre; Prov. *The ſervant of God hath a good maſter.*

Qui ſert le Roy il a bon maiſtre; Pro. *No ſervice to the King.*

Tel maiſtre tel valet; Prov. *Like maſter like man.*

Maiſtre : com. *(Adjectively) chiefe, principall; whence;*

Vn maiſtre cable, ou chable. *A ſheat-cable.*

Le maiſtre doigt. *The middle finger.*

Maiſtre-garde : m. *A chiefe Warden, or Maſter-warden in a forreſt.*

Maiſtrement, *as* Magiſtralement; *(an old word.)*

Maiſtre-pied : m. *The ſtocke, or principall arme of a Plant.*

Maiſtre-ſergent : m. *A Maſter-Sergeant, or chiefe Sergeant; an Officer in Forreſts.*

Maiſtre-ſergenterie : f. *The office, or walke of a Maſter-Sergeant, in Forreſts.*

Maiſtreſſe : f. *A miſtreſſe, dame, commandreſſe.*

La maiſtreſſe Egliſe. *A Cathedrall Church, the miſtris Church, or chiefe Church in a Town (wherein this word, as well as* Maiſtre *before, is uſed Adjectively.)*

Maiſtrier. *as* Maiſtriſer.

Maiſtriſe: f. *Maſteria, ſeignioriz, command, authoritie, dominion, rule, ſway; alſo, cunning, skill, artificiallneſſe, expert or exellent workemanſhip; alſo, a Maſterſhip; the office, or place of a Maſter whence;*

Le grand maiſtriſe. *The office of* le grand maiſtre; *(for whom, looke under* Maiſtre.*)*

Il y a eu de la maiſtriſe à faire cela. *That matter hath been cunningly, or workmanly handled.*

Maiſtriſer. *To maſter, governe, rule, ſway; to bridle, order, containe, or keepe within compaſſe.*

Maiſtroqueux. *A maſter Cooke.* ¶ Rab.

Majuſcule: com. *Somewhat greater, a little bigger; of good ſtature, of a reaſonable age.*

Maiz: m. maïs, *Turkie corne, Turkie wheat; (the graine whereof the Indians make the moſt of their bread.)*

Mal: m. *An evill, miſchiefe; hurt, harme, damage, wrong, diſpleaſure, annoyance; alſo, a griefe, paine, ſickneſſe, diſeaſe.*

Mal de S. Acaire. *as* Acariaſtrez.

Mal aigre. *A kind of wormes that breed in the gorge of a Hawke.*

Mal d'Aloide. *Herkules evill; the ſinke, or falling evill.*

Mal d'amarry. *The ſuffocation of the Matrix.*

Mal de S. Apollonie. *The toothache.*

Mal de S. Avertin. *Dizzineſſe; or any diſeaſe of the head.*

Mal caduc. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Mal chaud, ou chaud mal. *A continuall (or violent) burning ague; (whence the Proverb,* De fievre en chaud mal. *Out of the frying-pan into the fire.)*

Mal de S. Claire. *Red eyes; or, a painfull redneſſe of the eyes.*

Mal des comices. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Mal de corne. *The ſitt-faſt; a horny ſwelling on the backe of a horſe.*

Mal de craye. *The ſtone-cray; a Hawkes diſeaſe.*

Mal de cropion. *The rumpe-evill; a diſeaſe wherewith all birds (eſpecially ſuch as be kept in cages) are ſometimes troubled.*

Mal aux dents. *The toothache; alſo, extreame hunger, or famiſhment by reaſon thereof. Looke* Dent.

Mal ſeru. *A Malander in the bought of a horſes knee.*

Mal S. Fiacre. *An inflamed ſcab, or great wart in the fundament, the which it makes to ſwell.*

Mal de flancs. *A Pleuriſie; or, as under* Flanc.

Mal S. Francois. *Want of money, or, not a troſſe in the purſe (for thoſe of his order muſt carry no money about them)*

Mal de S. Genou. *The Gowt.*

Mal de S. Gilles. *A Fiſtula, or Canker.*

Mal de goſier. *The Squinancie, or Squinzie.*

Mal de S. Iean. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Mal de Mahumet. *The falling ſickneſſe (whereunto* Mahomet *was very ſubject.)*

Mal de S. Mammard. *Soreneſſe, or chaps, in the breaſts of women.*

Mal de S. Mathurin. *Frenzie, madneſſe.*

Mal de S. Medard. *Looke* Medard.

Mal de S. Mein. *The wild ſcab, or mangineſſe; a kind of (moſt itching) leproſie, bred of a ſalt phlegme.*

Mal mort. *A running ſcab, or thicke morphew, which covering all over the ulcers that lie under it, ſeemes wholly dead: Some Northerne people call it, the Rigruffe (in beaſts.)*

Mal de Naples. *The French Pockes; or, the Neapolitane diſeaſe, firſt gotten by the French (of the Spaniards) at the ſiege of Naples, Anno Dom.* 1528.

Mal du pantois. *Difficultie of breathing. See* Pantois.

Mal du pion. *A ſickneſſe that comes by exceſſive drinking.*

Mal de pippe. *Drunkenneſſe.*

Mal de S. Quentin. *The Cough.*

Mal de S. Raphine. *The wild Scab.*

Mal de S. Roch. *Scurfe, or ſcabbineſſe; an itching mangineſſe.*

Mal Sacrée. *The Kings evill.*

Mal de S. Sebaſtien. *The Plague, or Peſtilence.*

Mal ſubtil. *The Ptiſicke, or conſumption of the lungs.*

Mal de terre. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Mal de teſte. *The head-ache; (and ſometimes) alſo, jealouſie.*

Mal de S. Valentin. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Mal de ventre. *The wormes; or belly-ache; a painfull griping, or fretting in the guts.*

Mal de ver. *The Farcy in a horſe.*

Mal S. Vitus. *A pleaſant diſeaſe, wherein the patient leapes, dances, and laughes all the while his fit is on him.*

Chaud mal. *as before in* Mal chaud.

Gros mal. *The falling ſickneſſe; the foule evill.*

Haut mal. *The ſame.*

Le haut mal de la corde. *Hanging; a twitching up in a rope.*

Mal deſſus mal n'eſt pas ſanté: Prov. *Ill upon ill is no health.*

De mal eſt venu l'agneau, & à mal retourne la peau; Prov. *From ill came the Lambe, and to ill goes it skinne; goods evill gotten are commonly ill ſpent.*

A peine endure mal qui ne l'a appris; Pro. *Hardly can he brooke miſerie that never any bore.*

Il eſt toſt deceu qui mal ne penſe; Pro. *He that thinkes no harme is ſoone beguiled.*

Tel ſe plaind qui n'a point de mal; Prov. *Some though they feele no harme unquiet are.*

Mal: m. ale: f. *Ill, bad, naughty, lewd; ſcurvy; miſchievous, hurtfull, harmefull, ſhrewd; unſeemely, uncomely, undecent; ſicke, diſeaſed, crazie, pained, ſore, ill at eaſe.*

La male boſſe. *A peſtilent bile, or bunch; a plague-ſore.*

Mal. (Adverb.) *Ill, evilly, badly, naughtily; miſchievouſly; hardly, uneaſily; unhandſomely, ill-favouredly, ſcurvily.*

Qui bien que mal. *Indifferently, ſoſo; alſo, bittie miſſe, one way or another.*

Ie ſus bien mal de mon pere. *I had my fathers anger, I got his diſpleaſure, I was hardly uſed, ill intreated, by him.*

Il me tait mal de luy. *I am ſorry for him*

Ils me veulent faire mal de vous. *They would have me fall out with you.*

Mon cœur luy eſt, ou fait mal. *I beare him a grudge, my heart cannot abide him.*

Mal batu longuement pleure; &, Autant pleure mal batu qui bien batu; Pro. *Looke* Batu.

Mal fait qui ne parfait; Prov. *He does ill that does not all; the end crownes the worke.*

Mal iouë qui fiert la iouë; Pro. *Looke* Iouë.

Mal penſe qui ne repenſe; Pro. *Better not thinke at all then not to weigh the thoughts.*

Mal poiſe qui ne contrepoiſe; Prov. *He weighs but ill that weighs not one with another.*

Mal ſert qui ne parſert; Pro. *He ſerves but ill that throughly ſerves not.*

Mal ſoupe qui tout diſne; Prov. *Of a young ſpender comes an old beggar; of a riotous youth a ruinous age.*

Qui mal entend, mal reſpond; Prov. *He that underſtands ill anſwers unfitly.*

Qui bien void, & mal prend fait folie en bon eſcient; Prov. *He that diſcernes well, and chuſes ill, is a true coxcombe.*

Malabatre: m. Malabathrum; *an aromaticall Indian leafe, which (as* Plinie *and* Dioſcorides *imagined) ſwims on pooles and ditches, without any apparent root; but our* Gerard *(of another opinion) ſayes it is the leafe of a great tree growing in* Arabia, *and* Cambaya, *far from the water ſide.*

† Malace: f. *A ſtorme, tempeſt, or ill weather, at ſea.*

Malade: com. *Sicke, diſeaſed, crazie, out of temper, ill at eaſe.*

Elle eſt malade. *Said of a woman that hath her flowers.*

A l'œil malade la lumiere nuit; Pro. *Looke* Oeil.

La mort n'a point d'ami, le malade n'a qu'un demy; Prov. *The dead man hath no friends, the ſicke no true ones.*

Point ne faut demander à malade s'il veut ſanté: Prov. *An anſwer for thoſe buſie bodies, that aſt many doubts, and make many queſtions, in caſes alreadie reſolved on.*

Maladerie: f. *An Hoſpitall, or Spittle for the diſeaſed; alſo, the ſicke-mans ward in any Hoſpitall.*

Maladie: f. *A malady, ſickneſſe, diſeaſe.*

Maladie de S. Iean. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Maladie S. Main. *Mangineſſe, an itching leproſie; the wild Scab.*

Maladie de S. Mathurin. *Frenzie, extreame folly, madneſſe.*

Les maladies viennent à cheval, & s'en retournent à pied; Prov. *Diſeaſes come a horſeback, and return on foot.*

De grande maladie vient on bien en grande ſanté; Pro. *From a long ſickneſſe a laſting health.*

Tard medicine eſt appreſtée à maladie enracinée; Prov. *Sickneſſe once rooted, all Phiſicke comes too late.*

Maladif: m. iue: f. *Sickly, crazie, queaſie, diſtempered, ill diſpoſed of body, ſubject unto ſickneſſe, apt to take diſeaſes.*

Maladre: m. ée: f. *Infected with a ſcurfe, or leproſie.* ¶ Rab.

Mal-adroict : m. cte : f. *Unwieldie, awkward, unwheeme ; unapt, improper, unfit; unſeemely, unhandſome, uncomely, without any manner of grace, decorum, or decencie.*

† Maladvis : m. *Miſadviſe, unadviſedneſſe, indiſcretion, inconſideration, raſhneſſe.*

Maladviſé : m. ée : f. *Ill adviſed, unadviſed, unwiſe, improvident, heedleſſe, inconſiderate, undiſcreet.*

Malaginer. *To mingle, or incorporate ſeverall things (eſpecially metalls) together.*

Malagine: m. *A mollifying plaſter for ſcabs, and hard impoſtumes.*

Mal-aigre. *A kind of wormes that breed in a Hawkes gorge.*

Malaiſance : f. *Vneaſineſſe, hardneſſe, difficulty, trouble.*

Malaiſe: f. *Diſeaſe, paine, trouble, diſquiet.*

Malaiſé : m. ée : f. *Vneaſie, troubleſome, difficult, hard.*

Malaiſé a deſmeſler. *Intricate, perplexed, much intangled.*

Malaiſé de ſa perſonne. *Vnwieldie.*

Malaiſement. *Vneaſily, difficultly, hardly, not lightly, with much paine, with great adoe.*

Malaiſer. *To diſeaſe, trouble, diſquiet, perplex.*

Malandres : m. *The Malanders ; (a horſes diſeaſe.)*

Malandrin : m. *A caſſed Souldier without pay, or imployment.*

Malarmat : m. *A kind of rough-ſkaled Gurnard, which being alive is red, but dying, of another colour.*

Malart : m. *A Mallard, or wild Drake.*

Mal-avenant. *Vncomely, ill fitting, unhandſome, ill ſuiting, unſeemelie ; rude, uncivile, unmannerlie, ill behaved.*

Malaventure: f. *Miſadventure, misfortune, diſaſter, miſhap, miſchance.*

Bon guet chaſſe malaventure ; Prov. *He that would ever be well muſt ever look well about him.*

Malaviſé. *Look* Maladviſé

Malaxé : m. ée : f. *Mixed, blent, and beaten together ; alſo, kneaded, handled, or wrought with the hands, untill it be ſoft.*

Malaxer. *To blend, and beat together, as egges ; alſo, to ſoften, work, or knead unto a ſoftneſſe, to handle a thing untill it be ſoft.*

Mal-baſti : m. *An ill favoured, or unfaſhioned fellow; one that hath neither manners, nor good making.*

Mal-cindré : m. ée : f. *Ill ſupported, weakly underpropped (by a weake, or ill-made Centrie.)*

Malcontent. *The name of a game at Cards.*

Malcontent. *Malecontent, moody, diſcontent, melancholike, angry, diſpleaſed.*

Mal-contentement: m. *Malecontentedneſſe, diſcontentment, grudging, unwillingneſſe.*

Malcus: m. *A Faulchion, Hangar, Wood-kniſe.*

Male : f. *A Male, or great Budget.*

Sans cela il eſtoit trouſſé en male. *Without that he had been truſſed, or twitcht up.*

Male : com. *as* Maſle.

Maleable. *as* Malleable.

Male-boſſe : f. *A peſtilent bile, or botch ; a plague-ſore.*

Maledicence : f. *Detraction, reviling, ill ſpeech, hard cenſure, opprobrious words.*

Malediction: f. *A malediction, curſe, banning, imprecation, execration.*

† Maleſaçon : f. *An abſurditie, illfavorednеſſe, ill manner.*

Maleſaçons des procez. *Faults committed in pleading.*

Malefice : m. *A miſchiefe ; offence, great fault, naughty deed, ill act, lewd part, bad pranke ; alſo, a charme (whereby hurt is done :) miſchievous witcherie.*

Maleficié : m. ée : f. *Deformed, diſfigured, maymed, weakened, diſabled, defective, by nature, enchantment, or other accident ; unable to performe nuptiall rites.*

Male-grace. *Looke* Malgrace.

Maleir. *as* Mauldire ; *(an old word.)*

† Malement. *Ill, badly, lewdly, naughtily, miſchievouſly, ſhrewdly, ſorely, hardly, hurtfully.*

Malencontre : m. *Miſchance, misfortune, miſhap, miſadventure, calamity, diſaſter, bad ſucceſſe.*

Malencontreux : m. euſe : f. *Unfortunate, ſucceſſeleſſe, diſmall, ominous, ill lucke bringing.*

Malendre. f. *The Malanders (of horſes.)*

Malendurant. *Tichie, impatient.*

Malengin : m. *Fraud, guile, craft, ſubtilty, deceit, couſenage, trumperie, cautele, treacherie, circumvention, double-dealing, ill-meaning.*

Malengineux: m. euſe : f. *Deceitfull, fraudulent, couſening, over-reaching, falſe, double, treacherous.*

Malengroin: m. *Sulleneſſe, pawting, ſurlineſſe, a ſoure looke.*

Mal-enthalenté: m. ée : f. *Maliciouſly affected, ill-minded.*

Maleole. *as* Malleole.

† Maleſuade : f. *Hunger (becauſe it perſuades but ill.)*

† Maleſuader: f. *A ſweating pain, or ſickneſſe.*

Maletoſte : f. *An extraordinarie taxe, or ſubſidie levied the yeare 1296 by* Philip le bel ; viz. *(at firſt) the value of the hundreth, (and afterwards) of the fiftieth part of all, either Lay-mens, or Clergiemens, goods ; hence alſo, any impoſition, exaction, taxation.*

Maletote. *The ſame ; or, as* Maltote.

Maletoulte. *as* Maletoſte ; *(called ſo, becauſe held as* Mal tollue.*)*

Maletoultier : m. *A collector of taxes, or ſubſidies ; a toll-gatherer.*

Malette : f. *A little male ; a budget, or ſcrip.*

Malette de bergier. *A Shepheards ſcrip; alſo, the herb Shepheards purſe, pouch, or ſcrip ; called otherwiſe Toywort, Caſeweed, Pickpurſe, and poore mans Parmacetie.*

Malfaict : m. *A miſdeed, fault, offence, treſpaſſe, tranſgreſſion, abuſe, bad act, lewd trick, foule part, naughty pranke.*

Malfaicteur : m. *A malefactor, offendor, tranſgreſſor, treſpaſſer, guilty perſon.*

Malfaiſant. *Lewd, wicked, offending, faulty, naughty, culpable ; ſhrewd, miſchievous, harmefull, hurtfull.*

Mal-feable : com. *Weake, or in whom there is no good truſting.*

Malgiſant. *A maſterleſſe man ; or, ſuch a one as having no home to take unto, is often ſped with a very bad lodging ; alſo, a fellow of ill behaviour, or lewd converſation; a naughty-packe.*

Malgrace : f. *Diſfavour, diſpleaſure, bad acceptance, ill opinion ; anger, blame, or hate incurred.*

Malhabile : com. *Unable, unwieldy, unapt, unfit, ſlight, weake, diſabled, without vigor.*

† Malhardi : m. ie : f. *Daſtardlie, cowardly, faintbearted, white-livered, unmanly, fearefull, timerous.*

Malheur : m. *Miſhap, misfortune, miſchance, adverſity, diſaſter, calamitie, miſerie.*

Malheur ne dure pas touſiours ; Pro. *Ill lucke doth not alwaies laſt.*

Malheur ne vient iamais ſeul ; Prov. *Miſchances never come ſingle ; one misfortune ſucceeds in the necke of another.*

A quelque choſe malheur eſt bon : Prov. *Tis an ill wind that blowes no man to good.*

Pour neant reculé qui malheur attend; Prov. *In vaine he gives backe that looks for ill lucke.*

Vn fol cerche ſon malheur ; Prov. *The foole by prying findes himſelfe unhappy ; or, The prying foole meets with his owne miſhap.*

Malheure. à la mal. *Unluckily, unhappily, misfortunately, diſaſterouſly, in an evill houre.*

† Malheurer. *To miſchiefe, afflict, make unhappy, inflict miſeries, or calamities, on.*

Malheureté : f. *as* Malheur.

Malheureuſement. *Unhappily, unluckily, unfortunatly, ſiniſterly, diſaſterouſly, miſerably.*

Malheureux : m. euſe : f. *Unhappy, unluckie, ſiniſter, croſſe, unfortunate, improſperous, diſaſtrous, miſerable, wretched.*

Plus malheureux que le bois dont on fait le gibet. *More unhappie then the wood of a Gibbet.*

Malheuſtre : f. *The pinion of a birds wing.*

Malice : f. *Guile, deceit, couſenage, trumperie, treacherie, knaverie, falſhood, ſhifting ; malice, miſchievouſneſſe, ill meaning ; a bad fetch, wicked ſleight, lewd device.*

Homme ne connoit mieux la malice que l'Abbé qui a eſté moine ; Pro. *No man is better ſeen in knaverie then an Abbot that hath been a Monke.*

Malicieuſement. *Deceitfully, craftily, guilefullie, falſly, treacherouſly ; maliciouſly, deſpightfully, miſchievouſly, knaviſhly, with an ill meaning, with a bad intent.*

Malicieux : m. euſe : f. *Deceitfull, craftie, couſening, falſe, treacherous ; deſpitefull, malicious ; knaviſh, miſchievous.*

Malier : m. *A Male-horſe, Trunke-horſe, or Sumpter-horſe ; he that carries the Cloake-bag.*

Maligne : f. *A Spring-tide ; called ſo by the Salters of* Xaintonge.

Maligne. *The feminine of* Maling.

Malignement. *Malignantly, maliciouſly ; lewdlie, wickedlie, naughtilie, ſhrewdlie, knaviſhlie, miſchievouſlie ; of ſet (and with a bad) purpoſe.*

Malignité : f. *Malignitie ; malice prepenſed, purpoſed villanie ; miſchiefe intended unto ; ill-will, grudge, deſpight ; wickedneſſe, lewdneſſe, naughtineſſe, knaviſhneſſe.*

Maling : m. maligne : f. *Malignant, ill-willie, grudge-bearing, deſpightfull, malicious ; knaviſh, hurtfull, ſhrewd, villanous ; naughtie, lewd, vicious, delighting in miſchiefe.*

Malin-

Malingre. Pomme de mal. *A ſowriſh apple, tearmed, the Maligar apple.*

Malingre: com. *Sore, ſcabby, ougly, loathſome.*

† Malivole: com. *Malevolent, malevolous, ill-willie, malicious, deſpightfull, churliſh, dogged, envyſh, repining at, ill minded unto, fraught with rancour, full of hatred.*

Malleable: com. *Mallable, tractable, hammerable, pliant to the hammer, which may be wrought or beaten with the hammer.*

Malleation: f. *A hammering.*

Mallece. Meloſſus: *the dregs, or coorſeſt, of Sugar.*

Mallement. *Greatly, much, mightily, a vile or filthy deale.*

Malleole: f. *The ankle, or ankle-bone; alſo, a veine that runs along upon the ankle.*

Malletier: m. ere: f. *Bearing, or belonging to, a male, budget, or wallet.*

Mallette. *as* Malette.

Malmené. *as* Maumené. *Miſuſed, &c.*

† Malobarre: m. *as* Malabarre.

Malot: m. *A little Boare.* ℣ Norm.

Malotru: m. uë: f. *Forlorne, wretched, wofull, miſerable.*

Vn povre malotru. *A poore ſnake.*

Malpaſient de. *Impatient of.*

Mal-plaiſant. *Unpleaſing, unacceptable, rude, lumpiſh, unmannerly, without grace, without faſhion.*

Mal-ſain: m. aine: f. *Unholeſome; ſickly, crazie, unhealthy.*

Malſeance: f. *Uncomelineſſe, unſeemlineſſe, unhandſomeneſſe, ill-favouredneſſe.*

Mal-talent: m. *Deſpight; ill will; anger gotten, diſfavour incurred.*

Maltaſſé: m. ée: f. *Indigeſted, ill-piled, ill-favouredly made up, unorderly huddled or jumbled together.*

Maltaulte. *as* Maletoſte.

Maltaultier: m. *A Collector of the Subſidy, a Toll-gatherer.*

Maltote. *as* Maletoſte; *or as;*

Mal-toute: f. *An exaction, impoſition, toll; a new, or extraordinary taxation.*

Maltraictement: m. *Hard dealing, bad intertainment, rudeneſſe, harſhneſſe, incivility, cruelty.*

Malvaiſie: f. *The wine Malmeſie.*

Malubec: m. *The falling ſickneſſe; tearmed ſo in ſome parts of* Languedoc.

Malvedi: m. *A ſmall Spaniſh coyne, ſix whereof are ſcarcely worth an Engliſh penny.*

Mal-verſation: f. *Miſdemeanor, miſbehaviour, ill converſation, lewd carriage.*

Malverſer en ſon office. *To behave himſelfe ill in his office.*

Mal-veſtu: m. uë: f. *Ill-clothed; ragged, or bare, in array.*

Les mal-veſtus devers le vent; Prov. (*Like our*) *the weakeſt to the wall; thoſe that worſt may are ever put to the worſt.*

Malvoiſie: f. *Malmeſie.*

Malvoiſin: m. ine: f. *Of Malmeſie.*

Maluſité: m. ée: f. *Ill-faſhioned, ill-mannered; rude, that hath not beene in much good company; alſo, raw, unexperienced, ignorant, a novice.*

Malvueillance: f. *Malice, ill-will; hatred; pleaſure taken in the miſfortunes of another.*

Malvueillant. *Malevolent, malignant, malicious; that beareth a grudge, or oweth ill-will, unto; that joyeth in the miſeries of another.*

Mamaluc: m. *A Mamaluke, or light-horſeman (in the Syrian, and Arabian tongues;) The Mamalukes were an order of valiant horſemen in the laſt Empire of Ægypt.*

Mamaye: f. *A great Indian Peach whereof a kind of Marmalade is made.*

† Mambour, & Mambourg: m. *A Captaine; alſo, the Governour of a Province; alſo, the Gardian of an infant, protector of a widow, &c.*

† Mambournie: f. *as* Main-bourſie.

Mamelue. *See* Mammeluë.

M'amie: f. *My friend, love, deere.*

Ma belle m'amie. *My pretty Pug (ſo fooles, hugging their bables, tearm them.)*

Par ſaincte m'amie. *In ſtead of,* Par ſaincte Marie. ℣ Rab.

Mamillaire: com. *Of, or belonging to, the breaſts, paps, or dugs.*

Additions mamillaires. *That part of the braine which lies next to the noſe, and where the ſence of ſmelling begins.*

Procez mamillaires. *Look* Procés.

Mammal: m. ale: f. *Belonging to, the breaſts, or paps.*

Veine mammale. *Seek* Veine.

Mammam. (*The voice of infants*) *Mam.*

Mammeaux: m. *A kind of Patrick.*

Mammelette: f. *A little dug, breaſt, udder.*

Mammeleux: m. euſe: f. *Of, or belonging to, the dugs; alſo, having great dugs.*

Mammelle: f. *A dugge, breaſt, pap; udder.*

Mammellement. *Duggiſhly, breaſt-faſhion, pap-like.* ℣ Rab.

Mammelon: m. *The nipple, or teat of a dug.*

Mammelons. *Be certaine little, red, hard, ulcery, and teat-like ſwellings, which break out of the skinne of the head, and yield a whayſh, or wateriſh humor.*

Mammelu. *as* Mammeleux.

Mammeluch. *as* Mamaluc.

Mammeluë: f. *A fooles bable; ſo tearmed, becauſe ordinarily it is made to reſemble a laughing, and fat woman.*

Mammeron. *as* Mammelon.

Mammillaire. *Seek* Mamillaire.

Mammuque: f. *A wingleſſe bird, of an unknowne beginning, and after death not corrupting; ſhe hath feet a hand long, and ſo light a body, ſo long feathers, that ſhe is continually carried in the ayre, whereon ſhe feeds; ſome call her the bird of Paradice, but erroniouſly; for that hath wings, and differs in other parts from this.*

Manable: com. *Habitable; which may be inhabited, or dwelt in.*

Manance: f. *A dwelling, abiding, inhabiting in.*

Manant: m. *A dweller, abider, inhabiter, or inhabitant; properly ſuch a one as dwels where he was borne; alſo, a boore, clowne, binde, husbandman, countrey fellow.*

Manat: m. *A monſtrous Indian fiſh that reſembles an Oxe, and hath a flat back, and a very thick skin.*

Manbourg. *as* Mambour.

Mancelles: f. *Great Iron rings whereby the thill-horſe, &c. is faſtned unto a cart.*

Manche: m. *The haft, helve, or handle of a toole; alſo, the neck of a muſicall inſtrument; alſo, a mans toole.*

Le manche d'une charruë. *A Plough-tayle, or handle; the Plough-baile.*

Le manche d'un eſpieu. *The ſtaffe of a Bore-ſpeare.*

Vn manche d'eſtrille. *A dwarfe, elfe, dandiprat, low ſcrub.*

Manche de raſoir. Vn nez faict à manche de raſoir. *A Hawke-noſe.*

Branſler au manche. *To ſhake in the helve, to be unſetled in heart.*

Iecter le manche apres la coignée. *To increaſe a miſfortune by deſperate careleſneſſe; upon the loſſe of ſome to forgo all.*

De l'arbre d'un preſſoir le manche d'un Cernoir; Prov. *Look* Cernoir.

Manche; f. *A ſleeve; alſo, a long narrow bag (ſuch as Hypocras is made in;) alſo, a flat, and large furnace, made ſomewhat like an Oven, and uſed for the melting of metall new come out of the Mine; alſo, a ſleeve-net, a narrow and long fiſh net; alſo, a ſleeve-like narrowing of the ſea between two lands; whence;*

La manche d'Angleterre. *Saint Georges channell.*

Manche de couſteau. *The Pitot; a long, and round ſhell-fiſh.*

Manche Lombarde. *Seek* Lombard.

La manche de la parece. *The Belfrey.* ℣ Poictevin.

Manches de deux paroiſſes. *Sleeves of two pariſhes, viz. whereof the upper part is of one ſtuffe, and the nether of another.*

C'eſt bien vn autre paire de manches. *This is an other manner of matter.*

C'eſtoit du temps qu'on ſe monchoit encor à la manche. *It was in the dayes of ſimplicity, or ignorance; it was at a time when people either knew not, or cared not for, good manners.*

Ils luy torchen le nez de ſa manche. *They wipe his noſe with his owne ſleeve; they doe him a pleaſure, but tis with the helpe of his own meanes.*

Manché: m. ée: f. *Hafted, helved.*

Manchereau; m. *A little haft, or handle.*

Les manchereaux d'la charruë. *The plough-handles, or plough-bales.*

Mancheron: m. *A bracelet, or bracer; alſo, a halfe-ſleeve, or wriſt-ſleeve; a ſleeve that covers the arme from the elbow to the wriſt.*

Mancherons de robbes. *The hanging halfe-ſleeves of ſome faſhioned gownes.*

Manchette: f. *A cuffe, or hand-ruffe.*

Manchon: m. *as* Mancheron; *alſo, a Snuffekin; alſo, a ſcarfe, bracelet, or other ſuch like favour worne upon the ſleeve, or arme in publique ſhowes, and aſſemblies.*

Manchon d'hermines. *A Maniple charged, or powdered, with Ermines.*

Manchot: m. ote: f. *Lame, that hath but one hand, that wanteth a limme.*

Manciper. *To diſpoſſeſſe himſelfe, to deliver the poſſeſſion, or make livery and ſeiſin, of; to ſell, paſſe away, give up.*

Mand. *as* Mandement. *an old word.*

Mandat: m. *A Mandate, or* Mandamus *for the preferment of one to a Benefice.*

Mandataire : m. *A Mandatarie ; one that comes to a Benefice by a* Mandamus.

Mande. *as* Manne ; *a Maund.* ¶ Pic.

Mandé : m. ée : f. *Commanded ; ſent, or called for ; bid come ; directed ; appointed, charged.*

† Mandegloire : f. *Mandrake. See* Mandragore.

Mandement : m. *A ſending, or calling for ; alſo, a charge, bidding, or commandement ; a Mandate,* Mandamus, *Commiſſion, warrant, Appointment.*

Mander. *To bid, or command ; to call by commandement ; to ſend, ſend for, ſend word of ; to charge, or appoint.*

A rien mander il ne faut point de meſſager ; *(a ſlowling anſwer for ſuch as ſay,* Me voulez vous rien mander.*)*

A main lavée Dieu mande la repeuë ; Prov. *The heavens powre downe their bleſſings on the upright.*

A toile ordie Dieu mande le fil ; Pro. *God further's their endeavours that take paines.*

Mandibules : f. *The jawes.*

† Mandication : f. *as* Manducation.

Mandil : m. *A Mandilian, or looſe Caſſock.*

Mandille : f. *as* Mandil.

Mandole : f. *A Cackerell (fiſh.)*

Mandore : f. *A Kitt, ſmall Gitterne, or inſtrument reſembling a ſmall Gitterne.*

Mandoſiane : f. *A broad (and old-faſhioned) ſhort-ſword.*

Mandouſiane. *The ſame.*

Mandragore : f. *Mandrake, Mandrage, Mandragon ; whereof there be two kinds.*

Mandragore femelle. *The female, or black Mandrake, beares a darke greene leafe, and a long apple ; but is otherwiſe like unto ;*

Mandragore maſle. *Male Mandrake, white Mandrake, which beareth a round apple.*

Mandre : f. *The Cell of a Monke, or Hermit ; alſo, a hovell, or ſhedd ; a ſtall, or ſoddering place, for beaſts, in the fields.*

† Mandregloire. *as* Mandragore.

Manducation : f. *An eating, or chawing, a grinding, or champing with the teeth.*

Manducité : f. *Great eating.* ¶ Rab.

Manée : f. *A ſmall veſſell, or meaſure, whereof 96 make but one* Minot.

Droict de manée de ſel. *That meaſureſull upon every horſe-load of ſalt brought into* Bourges, *and of every one that ſells any ſalt in* Bourges ; *due to the Abbot, and Covent of S.* Sulpice.

Manege : m. *The manage, or managing of a horſe.*

Manequin : m. *A little, open, wide-mouthed, and narrow bottomed Panier, or Maund, uſed for the carrying both of victualls, and of earth ; alſo, a Puppet ;* (See Mannequin ;) *alſo, a rude inſtrument of Muſicke ; whence ;*

Iouër des cymbales, & manequins. *To leacher.*

Iouër des manequins à baſſes marches. *The ſame.*

Manequinage : m. *Anticke ingravery, or carving, in Wainſcot, or Stone-worke.*

Manette : f. *A ſmall hand ; alſo, a manacle, or hand-fetter.*

Manœuvre, *as* Manouvrier.

Manganeſe : f. *A certaine minerall which being melted with glaſſe, amends the colour thereof ; there is alſo good glue, or black enamell made of it.*

Mangé : m. ée : f. *Eaten, fed on.*

Il a mangé le lard. *He only is guilty of the theft, or couſenage.*

A la faſçaura on qui a mangé le lard. *The theefe will at length be diſcovered.*

Qui a mangé le lard ronge l'os. *He that hath eaten the ſweet ſhall taſte of the ſoure ; or let him that hath gotten the beſt go away with the worſt.*

C'eſt trop mangé d'un pain en vn lieu. *We have ſtaied too long in a place, or ſtood too much on one matter.*

Il a mangé de la biche blanche. *Looke* Biche.

Il a mangé les pigeonneaux. *Said of one whoſe voice being hoarſe, hath ſome reſemblance with their cry.*

Il a mangé de la vache enragée. *Looke* Manger.

Mangeaille : f. *Meat, food, ſuſtenance, victuals.*

Mangeaille pour les pourceaux. *Swillings, waſhings, draffe, Hogs-waſh.*

Il luy a baillé logis pour mangeaille. *He hath aſſigned him a houſe to eate, or to dreſſe and ſpend his meat, in.*

Mangeant. *Eating, feeding, falling to his victualls.*

En mangeant l'appetit ſe perd ; Prov. *Eating and drinking will take away any mans ſtomack.*

En mangeant l'appetit vient ; Prov. *(Sometimes) the more one eates the more he may.*

Bonne beſte s'eſchauffe en mangeant ; Prov. *A good beaſt heates it ſelfe while it eates ; viz. eates hard, feeds heartily.*

Mangeatif : m. ive : f. *Eatable ; which may be, or is fit to be, eaten.*

Mangemerde : f. *The name of a fiſh thats otherwiſe called,* Saupe.

Mangeoire : f. *A manger ; alſo, the gullet, or ſwallow.*

Manger : m. *Meat, food, ſuſtenance, belly-timber, victualls, eating ſtuffe.*

Chair de mouton manger de glouton ; Prov. *Looke* Mouton.

Manger. *To eat, feed, take ſuſtenance or nouriſhment, fall to his victualls.*

Il mange bien. *He is a dainty feeder, or, he keeps good meat in his houſe.*

Manger ſon avoine en ſon ſac. *as in* Avoine ; *or, as* Manger ſon pain en ſon ſac.

Manger ſon bled en herbe. *To waſte his revenue before it come in.*

Mange le cochon enſemble. *To complot, conſpire, joyne in a practice, conclude an enterpriſe, together : (Beſide from ſome notable meeting of conſpirators, whereat Pigs fleſh was their beſt, or only fare.)*

Manger les doigts. Vous en mangeriez vos doigts à force de lecher.) *You would lick your lips after them.*

Manger avec vne faim de biſcuit. *To ravin, or eate very greedily.*

Manger à vn grain de ſel. *To eat a man at a mouthfull (the cracke of a braggadochio ;) alſo, to eate his meate haſtily, or greedily, without ſtaying for any ſawce, or ſeaſoning, other then a corne of ſalt will yeeld him.*

Manger ſon pain blanc le premier. *To ſpend his beſt abilities (in eſtate, or body) on his youth, and leave naught but wants, and weakneſſe for old age.*

Manger ſon pain en ſon ſac. *To ſmudge it, or muncheon alone in a corner ; to conceale, obſcure, or ſpend privately his goods, good things, or parts, that others may have no part of them with them.*

Manger des pois verds au veau. *Looke* Veau.

Manger de la vache enragée. Il a mangé de la, &c. *He is reduced unto a great neceſſity, or extremity ; he is in a miſerable taking ; alſo, he hath endured much hardneſſe, or (as we ſay) drunke of many waters.*

Donner à manger au chien, & au chat. *To maintaine hoſpitality, to keep a plentifull houſe.*

Il eſt à table, & n'oſe manger ; *(Appliable to a miſerable ſpare-good.)*

Il ſçait plus que ſon pain manger. *He is no child, no novice, no babe ; he knowes more waies to the wood then one.*

A qui chapon mange chapon luy vient ; Prov. *Spend and God will ſend.*

Aller & parler peut on, boire enſemble & manger non ; Pro. *Such as deſire to continue a friend, muſt not feed au long ; or, 'tis better to viſit a friend ſometimes then to dwell with him ever.*

Brebis contées mange bien le loup ; Pro. *See* Loup.

Ce qu'on donne luit, ce qu'on mange puit ; Prov. *The effects of bounty ſhine, of eating ſmell.*

Il fait mauvais aller au bois quand les loups ſe mangent l'un l'autre ; Prov. *See* Loup.

Il ne faut pas manger des Ceriſes avec les grands ſeigneurs ; Prov. *Mean men are not to eat cherries (viz. are not to be very familiar) with great Lords ; leaſt the ſtones of the beſt ſlip ſafter at their eyes then (their portion) the worſt into their mouths. (Much alike wherewith a, is ;)*

Il ne faut pas manger des prunes avec ſon ſeigneur ; Prov.

Les gros poiſſons mangent les menus ; Prov. *Poore men are (eaſily) ſupplanted by the rich, the weake by the ſtrong, the meane by the mightie.*

Mauvaiſe eſt la ſaiſon quand vn loup mange l'autre ; Pro. *See* Loup.

On ſe ſoule bien de manger tartes ; Prov. *A man may take too much of a good thing.*

Peu à peu le loup mange l'oye ; Pro. *By little and little the wolfe eats up the Gooſe.*

Qui mange l'oye du Roy il en chie la plume cent ans apres ; Pro. *Look* Oye.

Qui a honte de manger a honte de vivre ; Pro. *He thats aſhamed to eat is aſhamed to live.*

Qui avec ſon ſeigneur mange poires il ne choiſiſt pas des meilleures ; Pro. *He that eats Peares with his Lord, either cannot, or ſhould not, pick ſuch as he likes.*

Qui ſe fait brebis le loup le mange ; Pro. *He that makes himſelfe ſimple ſhall be ſillily uſed.*

Vn ſeigneur de paille mange vn vaſſal d'acier ; Prov. *A Lord of ſtraw devoures a vaſſall of ſteele.*

Mange-

Mangerie : f. *Gluttonie, ravening, devouring, haſtie or greedie feeding; alſo, a roome, or houſe to eat in.*
Faire mangerie avec. *To eat, or keepe houſe with.*
Mangeſon : f. *An itch.*
Mange-ſubjet. *A fit Epithite for a Tyrant.*
Mangeves : f. *Maſte, Akornes; any thing that wild Swine uſually feed on.*
Mangeur : m. *An eater, feeder, glutton, ravener.*
Mangeur de charrettes ferrées. *A notable kill-cow, monſtrous buff-ſnuff, terrible ſwaggerer; one that will kill all he meets, and eat all he kills.*
Mangeur de crucifix. *A notorious hypocrite; one who to ſeeme the more holie, is ever kiſſing of a Crucifix.*
Hardi gaigneur hardi mangeur; Prov. *The better he falls to his meat, the better he followes his worke.*
Mangeure : f. *The feeding of wild Bores, &c.*
Mangeurs. Qui eſtoient (jadis) ordonnez, & envoyez en garniſon pour contraindre vn obligé au payement de ſon deu, ou vn condamné à ſouffrir l'execution d'un Areſt, ou d'un mandement; & iuſques à ce l'on vivoit en ſa maiſon; & en ſes biens, à ſes deſpens. ¶ Ragueau.
† Mangonel : m. *as* Mangonneau.
† Mangoniſme : m. *The craft of pampering, trimming, or ſetting out of ſaleable things.*
† Mangonne : f. *A Brokers wife, or brokerly woman.*
Mangonneau : m. *An old-faſhioned Sling, or Engine, wherewith ſtones, old iron, and great arrowes were violently darted.*
† Mongenner. *To pamper, trimme, fleeke, or ſet out unto the eye ſale things; alſo, to mangle, or diſfigure by mangling.*
Mangouri : m. *A baſe Turkiſh coyne, whereof ſixteene doe little more then counter-vayle our pennie.*
Manguiere : f. *A great-headed, and ſhort-ſtalked nayle uſed about ſhips.*
Maniable : com. *Tractable, wieldable, handleable, handſome, tollerable, paſſable.*
Maniacle. *as* Maniaque.
Maniance : f. *A managing, handling, weilding.*
Maniaque : com. *Mad, frantick, raging, furious, outragious, braine-ſicke, bedlam-like.*
Morelle maniaque. *Seek* Morelle.
Manicles. *Manicles, hand-fetters, or gyves.*
Manicordion : m. *An (old faſhioned) Clavicord.*
Manie : f. *Madneſſe, furie, rage (by too great abundance of good bloud intoxicating the head.)*
Manié : m. ée : f. *Handled, handed, wielded, managed, often touched, or uſed.*
Manié de fortune. *Afflicted, or perſecuted by fortune, fallen into miſerie, come to decay.*
Maniement : m. *A handling, managing, wielding, uſing, (often) touching.*
Maniement de ſa perſonne. *The carriage of his perſon.*
Manier. *To handle, hand, mannage, wield, uſe, touch.*
Manier en biſſe. *Looke* Biſſe.
Manier tresbien ſes harpes. *To ſtirre his fingers very nimbly, or, to play a cleanly tricke of legerdemaine.*
Maniere : f. *A manner, faſhion, forme, kind, ſort; a cuſtome, uſe, wont, guiſe; a courſe, order, ſtile; condition.*
Par maniere de dire. *As it were, as one ſhould ſay.*
Manieur : m. *A handler, manager, wielder, uſer, toucher of.*
Manieur de ſablé. *A Moulder, or caſter of Medalls, or prints in ſand.*
Manifacture : f. *Manifacture, workemanſhip, handie-worke.*
Manifacturé : m. ée : f. *Wrought, or done with the hands.*
Manifacturer. *To worke, or frame with the hands.*
Manifeſte : m. *A manifeſtation, or declaration; alſo, as* la partie honteuſe; *under* Honteux.
Manifeſte : com. *Manifeſt, apparent, evident, notorious, open, knowne, publicke, plaine, cleere, undoubted, certaine.*
Manifeſté : m. ée : f. *Manifeſted, made apparent, publiſhed, divulged, diſcovered, deteſted, revealed, bewrayed.*
Manifeſtement. *Manifeſtly, apparently, openly, evidently, publickly, undoubtedly, certainly.*
Manifeſter. *To manifeſt; publiſh, declare, deteſt, reveale, bewray, diſcover, make plaine, cleere, open, apparent.*
Manigance : f. *An ill-ſet countenance, an unſeeled faſhion, an unſtaied or unſeemly behaviour; alſo, covert dealing, private ſhuffling, ſecret practiſing or packing in a matter.*
† Manigotter. *To handle, or finger much; buſily to trim, dreſſe or fold up with the hands, as children doe their babies.*
Maniguet : m. *The ſpice called Graines, or graines of Paradiſe.*
Maniguette : f. *as* Maniguet.
Maniller : m. *The handle of a pot, &c.*
Manille : f. *A bracelet maker; alſo, one that in Popiſh Churches gathers for a poore Preacher.*
Manjore. *A manger.*
Maniot : m. *A certaine root which, boiled, is good meat, but raw, poiſon.*
Manipule : m. *A gripe, fiſtfull, handfull of; a bundle, a bottle; alſo, a wriſt-band; or, as* Manipulon.
Manipulon : m. *A Maniple, or Fannell; a ſcarfe-like ornament worne about the left wriſt of a ſacrificing Prieſt.*
Manivelle : f. *An inſtrument that goes with a vice, having at it end a booke, whereby diſjoynted bonts are ſet in their former places; alſo, the handle whereby a grindleſtone, &c. is turned; and hence;*
Manivelles. *The bracts whereby a windleſſe, or windbeame is turned.*
Manne : f. *A maund, flanket, open basket, or pannier having handles; alſo, a veine of earth, or ſand, which giveth ſome hope of gold to be found; alſo, Manna, or the dewe of heaven, gathered in hot countryes from plants, and trees wherein it congeales, and reſerved as a gentle purger of choler; whence;*
Manne de Calabre. *Calabrian Manna; the beſt, and moſt laſting Manna; the graines whereof be ſmall, heavie, white, cleere, tranſparent and very ſweet.*
Manne de cotton. *Great graines of Manna reſembling lockes of woull, or bumbaſt; the worſt kind of Levant Manna, and the worſt of all others.*
Manne d'Encens. *Graine, crummes, or manuockes of Incenſe falling from it while it is in loading.*
Manne de fueilles. *The beſt kind of Calabrian Manna, gathered from off the leaves of herbes, and trees.*
Manne de levant. *Levant Manna; a ſecond (generall) kind of Manna, inferiour in goodneſſe to the Calabrian.*
Mannequin : m. *A little, open, wide-mouthed, and narrow-bottomed maund, flasket, or pannier; alſo, a little basket, leape-head, or weile, made of bullruſhes, and uſed by fiſhermen; alſo, a Puppet, or Anticke; Looke* Manequin.
Mannequinage. *as* Manequinage.
Manneux : m. euſe : f. *Belonging to a maund, reſembling a maund.*
Manoir : m. *A Manſion, Manner, or Manner-houſe; the ſite of a Manner; a place or chiefe dwelling place; alſo, a roome in a houſe.*
Manople : f. *A kind of long Gauntlet; or as* Manipulon.
Manotte : f. *A little hand, a childs hand.*
Manottes. *Manacles, hand-fetters, gyves.*
Manouvrer. *To hold, occupie, poſſeſſe; (an old* Normand *word.)*
Manouvrier : m. *A mechanicall workeman, or labourer, an artificer, or handicraſtſman.*
Manque : f. *Defect, lacke, want.*
Manque : com. *Defective, lacking, wanting; maimed, lame; declining, in the wane; alſo, leſſe; whence;* Vade manque. *Goe leſſe, at Primero.*
Manquement : m. *want, lacke, defect, need, or a wanting, lacking, declining, waning.*
Manquer. *To want, lacke, need, faile of, be defective.*
Manquer à ſa parole. *To breake his word.*
Manqueron. *A maimed, or lame creature; one that wants ſome of his limmes.*
Manſais. Deniers, & ſolz manſais. *Be double the worth of* Deniers, *and* ſolz Tournois.
Manſart : m. *A Culver, Cooſhot, Ringdove.* ¶ Pic.
Manſelles. *as* Mancelles.
Manſionnier : m. *A dweller, inhabitant, abider; one that hath a Manſion in a place.*
† Manſuet : m. ete : f. *Gentle, courteous, meeke, milde, humble, tame, tractable.*
Manſuetement. *Gently, meekely, mildly, courteouſly, tractably.*
Manſuetude : f. *Gentleneſſe, meekeneſſe, courteſie, mildneſſe, tractableneſſe, humilitie, tameneſſe.*
Mante : f. *A mantle; alſo, as* Menche.
Mante velue. *A rug, rough mantle, Iriſh mantle.*
Manteau : m. *A cloke; alſo, the mantle-tree of a chimney.*
Le manteau d'vn cheval. *His haire, or coat.*
Les blancs manteaux. *An ancient order of begging Friers, for whom S. Lewis built a houſe, or Covent in Paris; afterwards given by* Philip the Faire *unto the* Guillemins (*an Order of Hermits inſtituted*

ted by Guillaume Duke of Guienne, and Earle of Poicton) who yet retaine it, and with this title.

Droict de manteaux. Cloke-money, looke Droict.

Pendre ſon manteau à toible cheville. To require advice of a ſoole, or almes of a begger; vainely to rely on weake helpes, or ſettle his reſolution on a tottering foundation.

Coeur content, & manteau ſur l'eſpaule; Pro. See Coeur; ou, Content.

Fy de manteau quand il faict beau; Prov. A Cloake is but a cumber in faire weather.

Mantel: m. as Manteau.

Mantelé: m. ée: f. Cloaked, coverced with a cloke; ſhielded, or ſhadowed under a mantelet.

Mantelet. To cloake, to cover with a cloake; to defend, ſhroud, or ſhield, as under a mantelet.

Mantelet: m. A little mantle, alſo, a movable penthouſe, or ſhed of boords, under which ſouldiers approaching a rampire are ſhrouded, and defended from whatſoever is throwne downe by the beſieged.

Manteline: f. A mantle, ſleight robe, or cloke, worne looſe about the ſholders; alſo, a Friers weed, or habit.

Manthe. as Mante veluë.

Manticore: f. A ravenous, and mankind Indian beaſt, that hath a face like a man, a bodie like a Lyon, and three rankes of very ſharpe teeth.

Mantil: m. A table-cloth.

Mantin: m. A kind of Prawne.

Mantonel: m. The catch of a doore.

Mantonniere: f. A chocke, or bob under the chinne; alſo, the chinne-peece of an helmet; alſo, a chinne-cloth, or the little peece of fine linnen wherewith a maſked Ladie covers her chinne.

Habillement de teſte à mantonniere. A caske, or an helmet having a chinne-peece.

Manuel: m. A Manuell, a portable (prayer) booke.

Manüel: m. elle: f. Manuell, handie, of the hand, wrought or done with the hands.

Argent manuel. Preſent money, readie coyne.

Iuſtice manuelle. That rights it ſelfe; Looke Iuſtice.

Seing manuel. Ones hand ſubſcribed, marke or ſigne put to.

Manuellement. bailler m. To give in hand, pay ready money, deliver preſently.

Manufacture: f. as Manifacture.

Manumiſſion: f. A manumiſſion, or diſmiſſing; a freeing, infranchiſing, ſetting at libertie, delivering from bondage.

† Manutenteur: m. A maintainer, upholder, protector, countenancer.

Manutention: f. as Maintenance.

Mappemonde: f. A map of the world.

Mappule: f. A little peece of Lawne wherewith the (Sacramentall) Pix is covered.

Maquereau: m. A Makerell (fiſh;) alſo, a (man) bawd.

Maquereaux. Red ſcorches, or ſpots on the leggs of ſuch as uſe to ſit neer the fire.

Manquereau baſtard. The baſtard Mackerell; ſomewhat leſſe, and leſſe good, then the right one.

Maquerelage: m. The practiſe, or trade of bawderie.

Maquerelle: f. A (woman) bawd; the ſolicitrix of Lecherie.

Maquerelleux: m. euſe: f. Full of bawderie, uſing the trade of bawderie, belonging to the bawdie art.

Maquignon: m. A Huckſter, Broker, Horſe-courſer, couſening Merchant.

Maquignonnage: m. Deceitfull Brokage, bargaining for, or ſelling of, things; hence; alſo, the trade of horſe-courſing.

Maquignonner. To play the Broker, or Horſe-courſer, to deale deceitfully in bargains; alſo, to play the bawd.

Mar: m. harenc de mar. A great, faire, fat, and full rowed Herring.

Marabais. A kind of baſe coyne.

Maraine: f. A Godmother.

Marais: m. A marſh, or fenne; Looke Marets.

Maramedi, as Maravedi.

Maran: m. An Infidell, miſcreant, Apoſtata, Renegado; a Chriſtian circumciſed, or few turned Chriſtian. Looke Marrane.

Marant. as Mareant.

Maraſme: m. A conſumption in the higheſt degree; an extreame, or totall conſumption; an exſiccation, or drying up of the whole bodie.

Maraſmé: m. ée: f. Wholly conſumed, waſted, withered, exhauſted, or drained of moiſture.

Maraſtre: f. A ſtepdame, or ſtepmother.

Qui a maraſtre a la Diable en l'atre; Prov. He that hath a ſtepdame hath a Devill to his dame.

Maratreſque. Stepmother-like.

Maraud: m. A Rogue, begger, vagabond; a varlet, raſcall, ſcoundrell, baſe knave.

Maraudaille: f. A packe of louſie rogues, a crue of beggerly vagabonds; alſo, raſcallitie, ſcoundrelliſme.

Maraude: f. A begger-woman, great lazie queane, roguiſh beulge-whore, Tinkers-bitch.

Marauder. To beg, to play the rogue, or idle vagabond.

Maraudiſe: f. Beggerie, roguerie, idle knaverie, baſe, vagabondrie.

Maravedi: m. A little Spaniſh coyne, whereof 34 make but the Royall, or 6d. ſterl.

Marbre: m. Marble.

Marbre gentil. The hard white marble, whereof ſtatues, or images be commonly made.

Marbre grené. See Grené.

Marbre Parien. A marble of a whitiſh colour, which indures all weathers, and being poliſhed hath a reſemblance of fleſh.

Marbre ſerpentin. A ſpotted marble, the ground whereof is darke greene, the ſpots light.

Marbre Thebaïque. Whereof there be two kinds; one of a grayiſh ground ſpotted with two or three ſundrie colours; another blacke, and beautified with golden drops.

Le marbe de ſoy n'a que faire de peinture; Prov. A beautifull thing needs no luſter, an excellent thing no commendation.

Marbré: m. ée: f. Marbled, of marble, with marble, like unto marble.

Pierre marbrée. Any hard, or grained ſtone, which, as marble, may be ſmoothed, or poliſhed.

Marbreux: m. Full of, or abounding with, marble.

Marbrier: m. A marble-cutter, one that worketh in marble.

Marbriere: f. A quarrey of marble.

Marbrin: m. ine: f. Of marble, reſembling marble.

Marc: m. Marke (a mans name;) alſo, the mother, grounds, dregs, lees, bottome, or ſetlings of liquor; alſo, the groſſe, or thicke ſubſtance that remaines of things which have beene ſqueezed, or ſtrained; alſo, ground manured, or dunged for the next yeares tillage. (Looke the next marginall word.

Marc des raiſins. The mother of the grapes; the husks, hullings, or skinnes of grapes after the laſt preſſing.

Faire vn marc. To put grapes into the preſſe; to make, or make readie, a preſſing of grapes.

Marc: m. A marke; halfe a pound, or eight ounces of gold, ſilver, or Billon.

Marc d'argent. Is eſteemed at 10l. Pariſis by the cuſtomes of Melun; and is due unto a Lord for the right of Reliefe, and Rachapt, over and beſides a yeares revenue, if the land be valued at above 20l Pariſis.

Droict de Marc. A Sol upon every Marc of gold; ilid. upon every Marc of ſilver; and jd. upon every Marc of Billon, perfectly coyned, is the Provoſt of the Mints fee, beſides his ordinarie intertainement.

Chargé a poids de marc. Soundly charged, throughly loaden; (appliable to one that hath taken in his liquor freely.)

Fiens de chien, & marc d'argent ſeront tout vn au iour de iugement; Pro. See Iugement.

Marcanet: m. A kind of river fowle.

Marcaſite. as Marcaſſite.

Marcaſſin: m. A young wild boare, a ſhoot or grice; alſo, a kind of minerall; whence;

Marcaſſin iaulne. Red vitriol; or as Marcaſſite.

Marcaſſite: f. The Marcaſſite, or fire-ſtone, a minerall that ſmells like brimſtone, and is of two kinds; the yellow, ſhining as gold, and the white (the purer, and better of the two) like ſilver.

Marceſche. March corne, Summer Barlie, Summer corne.

Marcez: m. March corne, Summer corne, ſuch as is ſowed about March; as Barlie, Oats, &c.

Marcgravé: m. A Marquis.

Marchage. Droict de marchage. Look under Droict.

Marchal. as Mareſchal.

Marchand: m. A Merchant; a trader, a trafficker, alſo, an occupier, or tradeſman; any ſhop-keeper that retailes, or ſells wares of the better ſort, as ſilkes, good clothes, or ſtuffes; whence;

Marchand de ſoye. A Silkeman.

Souper de marchand. A large, or great ſupper.

Vn marchand qui prend l'argent ſans compter, ne peſer. A theefe.

Se faire marchand de poiſſon la vieille de paſques. To enter into a profeſſion when there is no uſe of it; to doe any thing unſeaſonably, or too late.

Marchand qui ne gaigne perd; Prov. The Merchant that gaines not loſes; and yet;

Il n'eſt pas marchand qui touſiours gaigne; Prov. *He trades not well that alwayes is a gainer.*

Marchand qui perd ne peut rire; Prov. *A Merchant loſing cannot laugh.*

Aujourd huy marchant demain meſchant; Prov. *To day a Trader to morrow a Traytor.*

Ou marchand ou larron; Prov. *Either a trader, or a ſtealer.* See Larron.

Bonne marchandiſe trouve touſiours ſon marchand; Prov. *Good chaffer cannot want a chapman.*

Marchand: m. ande: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Merchant, or Market; well traded, much uſed, very common.*

Livre marchande. See Livre.

Papier marchand. *Browne, or blotting, paper.*

Place marchande. *The market place, or place of ordinary bargaining, and payments; any free place where men may meet on even termes; whither any man that liſts may come; or where a man, while he liſts, may ſtay.*

Poids marchand. Look Poids.

Marchandé: m. ée: f. *Cheapned, bought and ſold, bargained, coped, or agreed for; alſo, bowred, or ſtood aloofe from; braved, affronted, or dealt with afarre off; alſo, delayed, or trifled out, as the time, for an advantage, or through feare.*

Marchandement. *As a Merchant, Marchant-like.*

Marchander. *To traffick, trade, play the Marchant, buy and ſell; to cheapen, bargaine, cope, or agree for; alſo, to delay, or trifle out the time; alſo, to bower or ſtand aloofe from; to brave, or deale with, afarre off (before a cloſing) either circumſpectly and for advantage, or cowardly and in feare.*

Marchander la peine d'aucun. *To hire one to do his worke.*

Ils marchandent à ſe tourner. *They be ready, or about, to turne.*

Sans marchander. *Preſently, inſtantly, readily, out of hand, without any paultring, haggling, or ſtanding on the matter.*

Marchandiſe: f. *Merchandiſe, commodities, ware, chaffer, ſtuffe; alſo, trading, trafficking, bargaining; occupying, buying and ſelling, mechanicall commerce, or negociation.*

Marchandiſe de gueule. *Victuals.*

Marchandiſe Latine. *The beſt ware, or choiceſt ſtuffe, called ſo by Merchants.*

Demener marchandiſe. *To trade, or tumble over commodities.*

Marchandiſe n'eſpargne nuls; Prov. *The Merchants ware bids men beware, for he will gaine by his father; or, Merchandiſe holds no friendſhip, yields no favour, hath no conſideration but of gaine.*

Marchandiſe qui plaiſt eſt à demy venduë; Prov. *Pleaſe the eye, and picke the purſe; or, content the eye, your bargaine is halfe made.*

Bonne marchandiſe trouve touſiours ſon Marchand; Prov. *Good ware is ever furniſhed with chapmen; or, finds ever ſtore of cuſtomers.*

On n'a jamais bon marché de mauvaiſe marchandiſe; Prov. *One can never have ill ware cheap enough; or, his bargaine is not cheap that hath ill ware for his money.*

Marchant. *as* Marchand.

Marchant. *Marching, ſtepping, treading, going, walking, pacing, footing it.*

Marché: m. *A Market; Market ſtead, or Market place; alſo, a bargaine, or match.*

Bon marché; & grand marché. *Good cheap, dog cheap, a low rate, a reaſonable price; whence:*

Bon marché tire l'argent de la bourſe; Prov. *No pickpurſe to a cheap commodity.*

Il n'aura le bon marché qui ne le demande; Prov. *Thoſe that require not, have not, things good cheap.*

On n'a jamais bon marché de mauvaiſe marchandiſe; Prov. *For naughty ware no price is low enough.*

Le vin du marché. Look Vin.

A l'hoſtel priſer, & au marché vendre; Prov. *Value at home, but ſell in the market.*

On ne s'en va pas des foires comme du marché. *The caſe is not alike; for at Faires they pay toll, in Markets none.*

Si le fol n'alloit au marché on ne vendroit pas la mauvaiſe denrée; Prov. *If fooles went not to Markets bad wares would not be ſold; (So fooles are ſometimes good for ſomething.)*

Marche: f. *A region, coaſt, or quarter; alſo, a march, frontire, or border of a countrey; alſo, a greece, the ſtep of a ſtaire; alſo, a ſtep, the footing or print of a foot; alſo, a march, or marching of ſouldiers; alſo, a Virginall, or Organ, key; alſo, the finger-board of a Viol.*

Baſſes marches. *Pedals; the low keyes of ſome Organs to be touched with the feet, whence;*

Iouër des manequins à baſſes marches. *To teacher; and;*

Tenir des baſſes marches. *To hold of the ſmock, or, his wife to be his maſter.*

Doubles marches. *Reſts, or breathing ſteps; the broad ſteps of a halfe-pace ſtaire.*

Enjamber ſur les marches d'autruy. *To uſurpe, incroach on, or meddle with, another mans right.*

Marché: m. ée: f. *Marched, walked, paced, ſtepped, troden, gone; proceeded in, or on.*

Marchement: m. *A marching, walking, pacing, ſtepping, treading, proceeding.*

Marche-pied: m. *A foot-ſtoole; alſo, a ſtep, low ſtoole or bench, that helpes one to get upon a higher thing.*

A marche-pied. *A faſhion of fiſhing, wherein one goes ſtamping in the water, and carries before him (or another for him) a halfe hoop-net.*

Marcher: m. *A pace, gate, walke, tread, ſtepping, going, footing.*

Marcher. *To march, goe, pace, walke, tread, ſtep, foot it; to proceed; alſo, as* Marchiſer.

Marche cela laquet. *Tread out you flattering rogue; a phraſe uſed in contempt of a baſe obſeruant parаſite, who ſerues for nothing but to applaud every doting ſpeech, and to tread out every dot of ſpit, his fond patron delivers.*

Marcher en pas de loup. *To tread, or go, like a thiefe, cunningly, covertly, gingerly, fairly and ſoftly.*

Marcher de pied en terre. Il ne marche de &c. *He is rapt, or raviſht with pride, or joy; he knowes not the ground he goes on.*

Marcher à quatre pattes. *To creep on all foure like a beaſt.*

Cela marche à quatre roües. *That goes very roundly forward.*

Marchette: f. *A little ſtep, a ſmall footing.*

Marchettes. *Small Organ keyes.*

† Marchir. *as* Marchiſer.

Marchis: m. *A thick trace, or traſt of men, or beaſts; frequency of ſteps, many footings together; alſo, a path beaten out by often patting, or treading.*

† Marchiſer. *To border, adjoyne, or tie ſo neer together that one touch another; to abut, or bound one on another.*

Marchoms: m. *Stillings for wine veſſels to ſtand on.*

Marchure: f. *A marching, walking, pacing, treading, ſtepping, footing, proceeding.*

Marciage. Droict de mar. Looke under Droict.

Marcier. *To receive the rent, or fine,* Marciage.

Marcoter. *as* Marquoter.

Marcotte. *as* Marquotte.

Marcou: m. *An old male cat, a gib cat.*

Mardecathene. Look Mat de cathene, in Cathene.

Mardelle d'vne puits. *The brink, or brim of a well; or, more properly, the round, and high border of wood, or ſtone, that compaſſes, beautifies, and keeps whole, the top of that brink, or brim.*

Mardi. *Tueſday.*

Mardi gras. *Shreve-tueſday.*

Cela ſent ſon mardi gras. *That is a moſt licentious act; or (in matters of diſcourſe) that is a moſt broad ſpeech, (from the liberty taken by many, that day, to taxe men, and talke at their pleaſure.)*

Mare: f. *A ſtanding poole, or water neare a houſe fit for the watering of cattell, and other uſes of husbandry; alſo, a little fiſh-pond.*

Maré: m. ée: f. *Moored; faſtned with cables, held faſt by ankers, as a ſhip in a harbour, &c.*

Mareant. *Mooring.*

Marée: f. *Sea-fiſh; alſo, ſalt water; alſo, the tide, or flowing of the ſea; alſo, a ſea, or billow, or the rolling of a billow; alſo, a wind that blowes from ſea.*

Sentir la marée. *To look like a whore (Venus the Goddeſſe of good-fellowſhip was bred of the ſea-foame.)*

† Maréer. *as* Marer.

Marelle: f. *A ſquare in a cheſſe-board, or on the backſide of a paire of Tables; alſo, a Churchwardenſhip; and the place wherein Churchwardens, &c. meet.*

Marenge: f. *Our (ordinary) blew Titmouſe.*

Marer. *To moore, or be moored; to lie faſtned with cables; or hold faſt by ankers, within a harbour, or neer to a ſhore.*

Mareſcage: m. *A great marſh, fenne, or moore; a fenny, or mooriſh place, ground, or countrey.*

Mareſcageux: m. cuſe: f. *Fenny, mooriſh, marſh-like.*

Mareſchal: m. *A Marſhall of a kingdome,*

or

or of a camp, (an honourable place;) alſo, a Black-ſmith; alſo, a Farrier, Horſe-leech, or Horſe-ſmith; alſo, a Harbinger; and hence;

Mareſchal du corps du Roy. *The Kings chiefe Harbinger.*

Mareſchaux de France. *The Lord Marſhals of France; (whereof in Francis the firſts time, there were but two, now there be ten) who having their ſeverall Provinces aſſigned them by the King, ride circuits into them, to be preſent at all generall muſters; to ſee how military diſcipline is obſerved in garriſons; to view the fortifications, and reparations of frontire townes; the munition, and victuals of Arſenals, and ſtore-houſes; and laſtly, to provide for the puniſhment, and ſuppreſſion of all vagrant, idle, and lewd rogues: Ils doivent le tendre aux armées les premiers en bon equipage; & ſont ſous le Conneſtable (ſayes Ragueau) Under whom as they command all Dukes, Earles, Barons, Captaines and Gensdarmes; ſo may they neither give battell, make proclamation, nor muſter any men, without his commandement (ſaies a good Engliſh Authour.)*

Mareſchal: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, made or done by, a Smith, or Farrier.*

Main Mareſchale. *A Smiths hand; a fiſt that workes in a Smithie.*

Mareſchaucée: f. *A Marſhall-ſhip; the place of a Marſhall; alſo, the Marſhall-ſey, or Marſhals Court.*

Mareſchaucées: f. *Timber, or ſtuffe to build withall.*

Mareſchauſsée, & mareſchauſsées, *as* Mareſchaucée, & Mareſchaucées.

Marets: m. *A Moore, Fenne, (ſmall) Marſh.*

Il s'eſt ſauvé par les marets. *Said of one that hath, with ſhame enough, cleered himſelfe of a diſhonour, difficulty, or danger wherein he was ingaged.*

Marez. *as* Marets.

Marfil: m. *Ivory; or, the Elephants tooth unwrought.*

† Margaigne. *as* Mortgage.

Margaignon: m. *A male Eele.* ℣ Lang.

Margaire. *A Savoyan bird of ſundry colours.*

Margariton: m. *Pearle; or the powder thereof.*

Margaſin. *as* Magazin.

Marge: f. *The margent of a book; alſo, any edge, brinke, or brimme.*

Marge du dos. *The inner margent; the ſpace left white between the letters, and binding of a book.*

Margelle. *as* Mardelle.

Marger. *To make a margent; brinke, edge, or brimme.*

Margne. *as* Marne.

Margot. *(for Marguerite; or, a ruſticall diminutive thereof;) Meg, or Peg.*

Tieu tieu margot. *Come beaſt come; a call for a Cow, uſed by country wenches.*

La grande iument margot qui ſe bride par la queuë. *A Ship, or Galley; alſo, a certaine engine uſed by falſe coyners.*

Margotte. *as* Marquotte.

Margotté: m. ée: f. *Dreſſed, or made to yield ſtore of ſuckers.*

Margotter. *Look* Marquotter.

Margouiller. *To gnaw; to mumble with the teeth, in ſtead of kiſſing to bite.*

Margoute: f. *as* Marquotte.

Margueillier: m. *A Churchwarden.*

Marguerite: f. *Margaret (a womans name;) alſo, a (Margarite) pearle; alſo, a Daiſie.*

Marguerite blanche. *The great white Daiſie, called Maudlins-wort.*

Marguerite des prez. *Th'ordinary, little, white, and wild Daiſie, called (otherwiſe) Bruiſe-wort.*

'A la franche Marguerite. *After the plaineſt faſhion, in a homely manner, even as one thinkes.*

Marguillerie: f. *A Churchwardenſhip.*

Marguillier: m. *A Churchwarden.*

Marguy: m. *A Fauchion, Curtelax, Hanger.* (v.m.)

Mari: m. *A husband.*

Mari cocu. *An Hedge-ſparrow, Dike-ſmowler, Dunnocker.* See Cocu.

Femme bonne qui a mauvais mari, a bien ſouvent le cœur marri; Prov. *The good wife of an ill husband hath often a ſorrowfull heart of her owne.*

Mariable: com. *Mariable, weddable, mariageable.*

Mariage: m. *Mariage, matrimony, wedding, wedlock; alſo, the mariage good, or portion which a man hath with his wife; alſo, a game at cards reſembling (ſomewhat) our Saint.*

Aide de mariage. *Look* Aides chevels.

Bref de mariage encombré. *Which a woman may bring within the yeare and day after her husbands deceaſe, for the recovery of her goods, and poſſeſſions alienated, by him or any other without her conſent, or by her ſelfe without his permiſſion and authority.*

Mariaulet: m. *A man of no account, eſteem, or credit; one that's not worthy of beliefe; an inſufficient witneſſe, whether it be becauſe of his young age, or ſmall honeſty; or, as* Mariolet.

Marie: f. *Marie.*

Bain de Marie. *Maries bath; a cauldron, or kettle full of hot water.*

Herbe de S. Marie. *Look* Herbe.

Seau de S. Marie. *Maries Seale, our Ladies ſcale, black Briony, the wild Vine.*

Violettes de Marie. *Marians Violets, Coventry bels, Coventry Rapes (of the qualities, kind, and (almoſt) the forme, of Canterbury bels.)*

Marié: m. ée: f. *Maried, wedded, eſpouſed.*

La mariée. *A Bride, a Spouſe.*

Aujourd'uy marié demain marri; Prov. *To day wife full, to morrow wo full.*

Mariée: f. *The caule, or kell of a beaſt.*

Mariement: m. *A marying, wedding, eſpouſing.*

Marier. *To mary, wed, beſtow in mariage, give in wedlock, joyne in matrimony.*

Se marier. *To mary, wed, eſpouſe, enter into wedlock.*

Marier la cave, & le puits. *To mingle wine and water together.*

Mariets: f. *Mariets, Marians Violets, Coventry bels.*

Marieur: m. *A matcher, a marier, a maker of mariages.*

† Marille: f. *A Regiſter, or Matricular book.*

Marin: m. *Marine; of the ſea; neere to the ſea; borne or bred in the ſea.*

Herbe marine. *Slanke, Wrake, Laver, Sea-graſſe, weed of the Sea.*

Paille marine. *Look* Sagnie.

Vent marin. *A Southerly wind.*

Marine: f. la mar. *The ſea; or things of the ſea; as a tide, &c.*

Grand homme de marine. *An excellent Mariner, or Sayler; a great Sea-man.*

Marine noire. *The name of a grape.*

Mariné: m. ée: f. Poiſſon mariné. *That taſts much of ſalt water, or of the pannier; alſo, dreſſed, or handled like ſea-fiſh.*

Marineſque. A la mar. *Marine-like, after the faſhion of Mariners.*

Marineſques: pl. *Long Mariners hoſe, breeches, hoſe.*

Marinette: f. *The Loadſtone; (an old word.)*

Marinier: m. *A Mariner, Sayler, Shipman, Skipper, Seaman; alſo, as* Nautil.

Il n'eſt si bon marinier qui ne peuſſe; Prov. *The skilfulleſt Mariners ſome times ſuffer ſhipwracke.*

Marinier: m. *Of, or belonging to, a Mariner.*

Pierre mariniere. *The Adamant, or Magnes ſtone.*

Marin-oniroy. *The name of an apple, which is round on the one ſide, and flat on the other.*

Marjolaine: f. *Marierome, ſweet Marierome, fine Marierome, Marierome gentle.*

Marjolaine d'Angleterre. *Time (called ſo by many;) alſo, wild Origan, wild Marierome, Engliſh wild Marierome, grove Marierome.*

Marjolaine baſtarde. *Baſtard Marierome, Organie, Spaniſh Organie.*

Marjolaine de Cure. *Male Knot-graſſe, Birds-tongue, Swines-graſſe.*

Marjolaine gentile. *Marierome gentle, fine Marierome, ſweet Marierome.*

Marjolaine ſauvage. *as* Marjolaine d'Angleterre.

La grande Marjolaine. *The great ſweet Marierome; called thus (belike) to make a difference between it, and the ordinary* Marjolaine, *which is leſſe, and ſweeter then it.*

Petite Marjolaine. *Marierome gentle, fine Marierome, ſweet Marierome.*

Primme Marjolaine. *Fine Marierome, ſweet Marierome; alſo, Time.*

Mariolement: m. *Bawdery, laſciviouſneſſe, a wanton, or luſtfull trick, as the groping of a wench, &c.*

Mariolet: m. *A teacher, wencher, wanton youth, laſcivious yonker; or as* Mariaulet.

Marioles: f. *The waddles, and ſtones of a Cock; (wanton meat.)*

Marion: f. *Marian (a proper name for a woman.)*

Robin a trouvé Marion. *Jack hath met with Gill; a filthy knave with a fulſome queane.*

Marionnette: f. *Little Marian, or Mal; alſo, a kind of ſmall German Ducket of baſe gold; alſo, a Puppet.*

Mariſque: f. *A great unſavory fig, that ripening, opens on the ſides, and diſcovers it ſeeds.*

Marital: m. ale: f. *Belonging to a mariage, or wedlocke (eſpecially on the husbands ſide.)*

Maritime: com. *Maritime; neere the ſea, bordering on the ſea, of the ſea ſide or coaſt; of, or belonging to, the ſea.*

Mar-

Marlane ſalé. *A dried whiting.*
Marliere: f. *A marle-pit.*
Marlotte: f. *A faſhion of light gowne, or mantle for the Summer.*
Marmaille: f. *Young raſcals or ſcoundrels, rakebels or ſlipſtrings; the fry of the vulgar; a troop of lewd, idle, or unprofitable hoberdidoyes.*
Marmaride. Pierre mar. *A kind of very hard gray marble.*
Marmaux. Arbres mar. *Hedge-trees, wild trees.* ¶ Bourbonnois
Marme rayée. *A kind of ſundry coloured ſea-fiſh.*
Marme. *for* mon arme, *or*, mon ame. ¶ Langued.
Marmentau. Bois marm. *A faire great wood, or beautifull truſt of high trees.*
Marmes. *A ruſticall oath; as in* Marmet.
Marmite: f. *A great pot, kettle, boyler, or boyling lead; eſpecially ſuch a one as is uſed for the boyling of beefe in the kitchins of Abbeyes.*
Marmiteux: m. euſe: f. *Wretched, poore, miſerable, heartleſſe, that lookes pitifully on it.*
Marmiton: m. *A Scullion, or kitchin boy; alſo, a greaſie, or ſlovenly knave; and, a ſawcie, malapert, or knavish fellow; alſo, a petty, or young ſchoole-boy.*
Marmitonnage: m. *Scullionry, or the Office of a Scullion; alſo, naſtineſſe, greaſineſſe, ſlovenlineſſe.*
Marmitonne: f. *A kitchin ſtuffe wench, or kitchin wench; a filthie greaſie queane.*
Marmitonner. *To play the ſawcy rogue, the malapert raſcall, to uſe knaviſh or ſaucy tricks; alſo, to tend the beefe-pot like a kitchinboy.*
† Marmo. *as* Denté.
Marmonné: m. ée: f. *Mumbled, muttered, uttered between the teeth.*
Marmonner. *as* Marmoter.
Marmontaine. *as* Marmotaine.
Marmor: m. *The Goldeny, or a kind thereof; as* Denté.
Marmorat: m. *Morter, wherein, among other things, little pieces of the beſt marble are put.*
Marmouſet: m. *as* Marmouſet; *Alſo, a lewd flatterer, or vicious fellow; eſpecially the baſe flatterer of a Prince, who to feed his maſters humour, applauds, and imitates, his fouleſt vices.*
Marmot: m. *A Marmoſet, or little Monkie; alſo, as;*
Marmotaine: f. *The Alpine Mouſe, or mountaine Rat; broad-backed, great-eyed, and ſhort-eared; as big, but not ſo high, as a Cony; her haire is, as a Badgers, long, and of diver colours; her voice very ſmall, and ſhrill; her taile but ſhort; her clawes ſo ſharp, as with them ſhe quickly digs her a hole into the hardeſt earth*
Marmotan. *as* Marmotaine.
Marmote. *as* Marmotaine; *alſo, as* Marmotte; *alſo, the river Lote; a little muddy fiſh, headed, skimmed, and finned, like an Eele.*
Marmoter. *To mumble, mutter, murmure; to ſpeak, or utter a thing, between the teeth.*
Marmoterie: f. *A muttering, or mumbling of words between the teeth.*
Marmotonné: m. ée: f. *Made to grumble, or, that yields a grumbling ſound.*
Marmotonner. *To grumble, mutter or murmure; to rumble, or make a rumbling noiſe.*
Marmotte: f. *A ſhe Marmoſet, or ſhe Monkie.*
Marmotter. *as* Marmoter.
Marmouſelle: f. *A little puppy, or pug to play with.*
Marmouſerie: f. *Frenzie, doating, raving, fooliſh melancholy; (an old word.)*
Marmouſet: m. *The cock of a ciſterne, or fountaine, made like a womans dug; any Antickе Image, from whoſe teats water trilleth; any Puppet, or Antick; any ſuch fooliſh, or odde repreſentation; alſo, the Minion, favorite, or flatterer of a Prince; as in* Marmoſet.
Marne: f. *Marle; a hard, and (moſt commonly) white earth, which in froſtie weather fals to duſt, and fattens the ground it is layed on.*
Marné: m. ée: f. *Marled; fatned, or manured with (a whitiſh) marle.*
Marner. *To marle, or manure (with a white hard marle.)*
Marneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of (white) marle.*
Marniere: f. *A marle-pit.*
† Marochemin: m. *Horehound, or, as* Marrubin.
Marolle. *The name of a village, wherein a virgine of fifteen is hard to be found; whence;* Pucelle de marolle. *Seek* Pucelle.
Maronne: f. *Whitewort, Fedderfew, Feverfew; ſome alſo, call ſweet Marjerome ſo.*
Maronnier: m. *Look* Marinier.
Maronnites: m. *A ſect of poor Chriſtians (in ſome parts of Turkie) that weare great belts, or girdles of leather.*
Marotte: f. *A (Princes) Scepter; alſo, a fooles bable (becauſe made commonly like a Scepter.)*
Il en eſt plus affotté qu'un fol de ſa marotte. *He doats more on it then a foole does on his bable.*
Il luy en fit porter la marotte. *He made him the author, or commander of.*
Au fol la marotte; Prov. *The foole would have a bable.*
Fol eſt qui ſa marotte ne cognoiſt, & ne la maine comme il doit; Prov. *He is an aſſe that knowes not, and cannot rule, his owne (family, or affections.)*
Si tous les fols portoient marotte, on ne ſçait pas de quel bois on ſe chaufferoit; Prov. *If all that fooles are bables wore, of wood we ſhould have but ſmall ſtore.*
Marouque: f. *The tough, and hard thorne, or ſhrubbie tree, called* Paliurus, *Raſh of Lybia, and Chriſts thorne; becauſe (as it is imagined) he was crowned with-all.*
Maroute: f. *Baſtard Camomill, falſe Camomill.*
Marpaut: m. *An ill-favoured ſcrubbe, a little ungtie, or ſwartie wretch; alſo, a lickorous, or ſaucie fellow; one that catches at whatſoever dainties come in his way.*
Marquable: com. *Markable, notable, of mark, of note.*
Marquafin: m. *A young wild boare.*
Marque: f. *A marke, ſigne, token, badge; print, ſtampe; ſpot; note, annotation; alſo, a diſtreſſe, arreſt, or, ſeiſure of body, or goods; alſo, as* Merque; *alſo, a Marquiſdome.*
Droict de marque. *Look* Droict.
Faux marque. *A token by Wood-men beſtowed on the head of a deere, which hath more rights, or branches on the one ſide then on the other.*
Homme de marque. *A renowned, or notable perſon; a man of marke, or note.*
Marqué: m. ée: f. *Marked, noted, ſigned, ſpotted, printed; bearing the badge, or, ſtampe of; alſo, heeded, obſerved, regarded.*
Bien marqué. *Good, honeſt, vertuous, well inclined.*
Mal marqué. *Lewd, naughty, vicious, badly given.*
Marquer. *To marke, note; ſigne, ſtamp, ſet a print, or ſtampe on; to heed, regard, obſerve, take ſpeciall notice of.*
Cela ne marque rien. (*Of a writer, &c.*) *that ſtands for nothing.*
Marquet: m. *A ſmall Venetian coyn worth about* iiij d. Tourn.
Marquerage. *as* Marqueterie.
Marquete: m. ée: f. *Spotted; diverſified, or counted with ſundry-coloured ſpots; alſo, inlayed, or wrought all over with ſmall pieces of ſundry colours.*
Marqueté d'eſtoilles. *Starry, ſet thick with ſtars.*
Marqueter. *To inlay, to drawe, figure, flourish, or worke all over with ſmall pieces of ſundry colours; alſo, to ſpot; to diverſifie, or cover with ſundrie-coloured ſpecks.*
Marqueterie: f. *Inlaying, or inlayed worke of ſundry colours.*
Marquetis. *as* Marqueterie.
Marqueture: f. *A marking, ſpotting, or beſpotting; alſo, as* Marqueterie; *alſo, a marke, or note.*
Marquis: m. *A Marqueſſe; was in old time the Governour of a frontire, or frontire towne, and (as the ancient Duke, and Earle) but an Officer either for life, or onely during the Princes pleaſure: Then was he inferiour to the Earle of a Province, but ſuperiour to the Earle of an inland towne; And therefore, now that all thoſe great Earldomes be annexed to the Crowne, his place is, without queſtion, before any Earles.*
Elle a ſon Marquis. *Sayed of a woman that hath her flowers.*
Marquiſat: m. *A Marquiſate, Marquiſhip, or Marquiſdome.*
Marquiſe: f. *A Marchioneſſe.*
Marquiſotte. Barbe faitte à la marquiſotte. *Cut after the Turkiſh faſhion, all being ſhaven away but the muſtachoes.*
Marquotte. *as* Marquotte.
Marquotte: f. *A Sucker, or young plant, that ſpoutſ up from the root of a vine, &c. or is of it ſelfe rooted.*
Marquotter. *To prune, or dreſſe a vine ſo, as it may yeeld ſtore of Marquottes, or Suckers.*
Marrabais. *as* Marrane.
Marrabaiſe. Bonnet à la mar. *A flat cap.*
Marrain. *as* Marrein.
Marraine: f. *A Godmother.*
Marran. *as* Marrane; *And moſt properly, the Chriſtian circumciſed, or turned Jew.*
Marrane: m. *A Renegado, or Apoſtata; a perverted, or circumciſed Chriſtian; a*

Chriſtian turned Turke, or Jew; alſo, a converted, or baptized Moore, Turke, or Jew; one that turnes Chriſtian for feare rather then of devotion; alſo, a Jewiſh, cruell, hard-hearted, or hollow-hearted fellow.

Marraniſé: m. ée: f. *Marranized, renegated; turned Turke, growne miſcreant, made a Jew; alſo, converted from a Jew to a (falſe, or falſe-hearted) Chriſtian.*

Marrant. *Digging, working, or fetching up weeds, with a (French) mattocke.*

Marraſſau: m. *A kind of ſhort ſword or axe, for an Executioner.*

Marre: f. *A (French) Mattocke; alſo, the Saligot, water Caltrhop, water Nut.*

Marré: m. ée: f. *Digged, wrought, opened, broken up, fetched, or cut up, with a (French) mattocke.*

Marreau: m. *The token of lead, &c. given for a remembrance, in Churches, to ſuch as meane to receive the communion; and in Tavernes, &c. to ſuch as cannot otherwiſe change money.*

Marrein: m. *Timber for building, or boords; hence alſo, Claphoard for caske; alſo, the beame of a Bucke; the branch of a Stag.*

Pour neant va au bois qui marrein ne cognoiſt; Prov. *In vaine goes he to the wood that hath no skill in wood; or, In vaine doth any man in forreſts poake, that takes a dotard for a timber-oake.*

Marrer. *To dig, labour, worke, open or breake up; (alſo, to cut; or fetch up weeds) with a (French) mattocke.*

Marri: m. ie: f. *Sorrie, ſad, penſive, aggrieved, afflicted, diſcontented, vexed at; repining, repentant; malecontent; angrie, fretting, chafing, diſpleaſed, offended, out of patience, in a fume.*

Anjourd'huy marié demain marri; Prov. *Married to day, marred to morrow; to daywedded, to morrow wretched.*

Femme bonne qui a mauvais mari a bien ſouvent le coeur marri; Prov. *Looke* Mari.

Marrine: f. *A Godmother.*

† se Marrir. *To grieve, or ſorrow for, take heavily, be ſad, or vexed at; to repine, repent, afflict himſelfe about; alſo, to fret, fume, chafe, be diſcontented, angrie, diſpleaſed, out of all patience.*

Marriſſon: f. *Griefe, ſorrow, ſadneſſe, penſiveneſſe, anguiſh, heavineſſe; repentance; envy, repining; diſcontent, melancholy, malecontentment; anger, indignation, impatience, fretting, chafing, ſuming, vexation of mind.*

Marrobe: m. *The herbe Horehound. Looke* Marrubin.

Marroche: f. *A mattocke, or inſtrument like a mattocke.*

Marrochon: m. *A little (French) mattocke.*

Marron: m. *The (domeſticall, tilled, or) great Cheſtnut.*

Marronnier: m. *The great Cheſtnut tree.*

Marrons: m. *They which in great ſnowes make the way paſſable.*

Marroquin: m. *Spaniſh leather (made of Goats skins) or Goats leather not tanned, but dreſſed with Galls.*

Marroquin: m. ine: f. *Spaniſh, or Goats leather.*

† Marrouchouïn. *as* Marrubin.

Marrouſle, vn gros m. *A big lout; alſo, an ougly luske, or cluſterfiſt; alſo, a rich churle, or fat chuffe.*

Marrube: m. *as* Marrubin.

Marrubin: m. *Horehound.*

Marrubin blanc. *White horehound.*

Marrubin d'eau. *Marſh Horehound, water Horehound.*

Marrubin noir. *Blacke, or ſtinking Horehound, blacke Archangell.*

Marrubin puant. *as* Marrubin noir.

Marrubin ſauvage. *Wild, or yellow, Horehound.*

Marry. *Seeke* Marri.

Mars: m. *(The Meneth) March; alſo, (the Planet) Mars; alſo, yron (called ſo by Alchymiſts;) alſo, courſe graine; or as;*

Les Mars. *March corne, or corne ſowne about March.*

Le flot de Mars. *Looke* Flot.

Montaigne de Mars. *The fleſhie part of the hand betweene the thumbe, and little finger; or the muſcles whereof it conſiſts.*

Violette de Mars. *The ordinary blew Violet.*

Prendre Marthe pour Mars. *To take his markes amiſſe.*

Quand il tonne en Mars; nous pouvons dire helas; Pro. *(So evill a ſigne is that monthes thunder held.)*

Marſaul: m. *The Cane Withie, or Cane Willow.*

Marſés. bled Marſés. *Looke* Bled.

Marſois. &, bled Marſois. *March corne.*

Marſon: m. *A ſhoat; a hog thats a yeare, or under a yeare, old.*

Marſouin: m. *A Porpoſe, or Sea-hog; alſo, the fat, or bacon-like, fiſh thereof.*

† Marſupie: f. *A purſe, or pouch.*

Martagon: m. *The mountaine, or many flowred Lillie.*

Martagon de Conſtantinople. *The Lillie of* Conſtantinople, *the Byſantine Lillie.*

Marte: f. *The beaſt called a Martin.*

Martes ſebellines, & ſoubellines, ou ſoublines. *Sables.*

Marteau: m. *A hammer; alſo, a ſledge, or mallet; and (among Woodmen) a hammer that hath a ſtampe on the one ſide, wherewith the Surveyors, and Verderers of the Kings woods and forreſts, marke the trees which are to be felled, and ſold; alſo, the herbe Reed-mace, Water-torch, or Cats-taile; alſo, a certaine little bone ſeated farre within the eare; alſo, the Stithie (a beaſts diſeaſe.)*

Marteau de mer. *The huge, ougly, unluckie, ſtaring, and wide-mouthed, Mullet-fiſh.*

'A Preuve de marteau. *Sound, currant, good; right ſtuffe.*

Couché entre l'enclume & les marteaux. *Seated in the middeſt of extremities, or in a dangerous ſtrait; imbarked into unavoydable miſchiefes, or miſeries.*

'A l'enclume le marteau; Pro. *(Said when a contentious, or litigious ſwaggerer meets, or is matched, with a worſe then himſelfe.)*

'A dure enclume marteau de plume; Pro. *By patience we quaile, or quell all harſh attempts: and now a dayes we ſee bags of wooll, and walls of ſoft earth oppoſed to the furie of the Cannon.*

Martel: m. *Jealouſie, ſuſpition; throbbing, or panting, upon paſſion; a buzze in the head, a flie in the eare.*

Martelage: m. *A malling, or hammering; a beating, working, or marking with a hammer.*

Martelé: m. ée: f. *Hammered, malled; beaten, wrought, or marked with a hammer; alſo, ſpotted, or ſpeckled.*

Marteler. *To hammer, mall, beat, worke, or marke with a hammer; alſo, a ſpot, or ſpeckle.*

Les dents luy marteloyent de froid. *His teeth chattereth through cold.*

Martelerie: f. *A hammering, or hammer-worke.*

Martelet: m. *A little hammer; alſo, a Martlet, or Martin.*

Marteleur: m. *A hammerer; one that worketh with a hammer.*

Martaline: f. *A ſmall hewing picke, or paving picke; a Maſons hammer, or picke.*

Martellé, *as* Martelé.

Martellement: m. *A hammering, or malling; a beating, working, or marking with a hammer.*

Marteller. *Seeke* Marteler.

Martengalle: f. *A kind of daunce, as common in* Provence, *as the* Branſle *in other parts of* France.

Marthea: f. *Martha (a womans name.)*

Prendre Mars pour Marthe. *(In things of ſome reſemblance) to miſtake one for another.*

Martial: m. ale: f. *Martiall, warlick, valorous; borne under that planet, or being of the humor, of Mars.*

Martin: m. Martin. *(a mans name.)*

La S. Martin. *Martilmas; or the feaſt of S. Martin the Biſhop, in Winter.*

Eſtaffier de S. Martin. *The Devill.*

Eſté de S. Martin. *The later end of Autumne.*

Oiſeau de S. Martin. *The Ring-taile, or Hen-harme.*

Faire le preſtre Martin. *To play both the Prieſt and the Clerke; to propound a queſtion, and make himſelfe an anſwer.*

'A la S. Martin ſon boit le bon vin; Prov. *At Martilmas wine is fit to be drunke.*

Plus d'vn Aſne à la foire a nom Martin; Prov. *If one will not, another will; there be more wayes to the wood then one; or, as under* Aſne.

Pour vn poil Martin perdit ſon aſne: &, pour vn poinct Martin perdit ſon aſne; Prov. *Look* Aſne.

Martin: mas Marte; *A Martin.*

Prendre martin pour regnard. *(In like things) to miſtake one for another.*

Martiner. *To quaffe, ſwill, guzzle (from S. Martins day, when commonly the* French *people beginne to drinke new wine.)*

Martinet: m. *A Martlet, or Martin (bird;) alſo, a water-mill for an yron forge; alſo, a little woodden Candleſticke having on the one ſide a handle, and on the other a hooke (moſt in uſe amongſt Taverners;) alſo, a kind of great hammer uſed in the breaking open of doores; alſo a Student, or Scholler, that lodges in the Towne, and reſorts unto Lectures, and Diſputa-*

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tions in Colledges; alſo, the game called Cat and Trap; alſo, a Saints bell, or Anthem bell.
Martinet peſcheur. *A King's fiſher.*
Grand Martinet. *The great black Martin.*
Martingale : f. *A martingale for a horſe.*
A la martingale. *Abſurdly, fooliſhly, untowardly, groſſely, rudely, in the homelieſt manner.*
Martre. *as* Marte; *A Martin, alſo, a game played with huckle-bones, and a little ball.*
Martroy : m. *A place of execution, or puniſhment.* (¶ Orleannois.)
Martyr : m. *A Martyre; one that ſuffers death for the truth.*
Martyre : m. *Martyrdome, death ſuffered for the truth; extreame paine, affliction, torment.*
Martyrément. *Martyr-like.*
Martyrer. *To martyr; torment, afflict extreamely, put unto mightie paine.*
Martiryſer. *To martyrize, to martyr.*
Martyrologie : f. *A Martyrologie; a Relation, Hiſtorie, or Booke of Martyrs.*
Mary. *as* Mari.
Marzol : m. *as* Eſcourgeon; *Called ſo, as it ſeemes, becauſe it is moſt commonly ſowne in March.* ¶ Piedmontois.
Marzolin : m. *A kind of delicate* Italian *cheeſe made of ſheepes milke not curdled with runnet, but with Artichocke flowers.*
Mas de navire. *The maſt of a ſhip.*
Mas de terre. *An Oxe-gang, plow-land, or hide of land, containing about* 20 *acres; (and having a houſe belonging to it.)*
Maſcarade : f. *A Maske, or Mummerie.*
Maſcarer. *To blot, ſoyle, blurre, ſullie, diſfigure.*
Maſcaret d'eaux. *A huge, and ſudden ravage, or inundation of waters;* (L'on appelle maſcaret vne grande montaigne d'eau qui ſe fait en la Riviere de Dordonne, vers les contrées de Libourne; Au temps d'eſté, es ſaiſons les plus paiſibles, & tout en vn moment elle ſe forme, & fait vne courſe quelquesfois bien longue le long de l'eau, & quelquesfois plus courte, renverſant les bateaux.)
† Maſchaut. *as* Macaule.
† Maſcelles : f. *The Jawes.*
† Maſchaut : m. *A bag of money, or as* Macault.
Maſché : m. *Chawed meat, ſuch as Nurſes give unto their children.*
Maſché : m ée : f. *Chawed, chewed, chammed, champed.*
Il luy faut bailler la choſe toute maſchée. (*Said of one thats either unable, or too lazie to manage a difficult buſineſſe; and therefore*) *it muſt be chawed, or tewed unto his hands.*
Maſchecoulis : m. *The ſtones at the foot of a Parapet (eſpecially over a gate) reſembling a grate, through which offenſive things are throwne upon Pioners, and other aſſailants; whence;*
Elle a les dents à maſchecoulis le haut defendant le bas. *She hath a thinne row of teeth, whoſe rottennеſſe, and ſtench drive men from her trench.*
Maſche-crouſte : m. *A gnaw-cruſt, hungrie companion, ſnatch-cruſt.*
Maſcheſer. *as* Macheter.
Maſchefouyn : m. *A chuffe, boore, lobcocke, lozell; one thats fitter to ſeed with cattell, then to converſe with men.*
Maſchetrain : m. *A bridle-champer; a Lawyer (from his Mule, which attending while her maſter is in Court, hath leaſure enough to champe on the bridle.)*
Maſchelier : m. ere : f. *Belonging to a Jaw, or chap,*
Les dents maſchelieres. *The cheek-teeth, Jaw-teeth, grinders.*
Maſchement : m. *A chawing, chewing; champing; an eating, a gnawing with the teeth.*
Maſcher : m. *To chaw, or chew; to champe; to eat, grind, or worke with the teeth.*
Maſcher en belin. *To mumble like an old toothleſſe beldame.*
Avellers gros, & maſcher dru. *To leap over a blocke, and ſtumble at a ſtraw.*
Maſcherivet. *as* Macherivet.
Maſcheur : m. *A chawer, chewer, champer; eater.*
Maſcheur. *Chawing, chewing; champing; eating; whence;*
Muſcle maſcheur. *as* Maſſeter.
Maſcheure. *as* Macheure.
Maſchiller. *To nibble, or chaw prettily.*
Maſchoire : f. *A Chap, or Jaw.*
Maſchurer. *as* Machurer.
Maſclon : m. *The Cholicke of the ſtomacke.*
† Maſculeyté : f. *Manhood, or the male kind.*
Maſculin : m. ine : f. *Maſculine, of the Maſculine gender; male, manly, virile.*
Maſle : m. *A male, or he creature.*
Maſles. *The pintles of a ſterne; the yron pinnes that enter into the rings, or gudgeons thereof.*
Maſle. Adject. *Male, maſculine, virile.*
Maſle-femelle : com. *An Hermaphrodite, or one that is both man and woman.*
Maſpeton : m. *Laſerwort, Madigare (an herbe.)*
Maſquarade. *as* Maſcarade.
† Maſquarizé : m. ée : f. *Maſked, in a maske, having a maske, or viſor on.*
Maſque : m. *A maske; a viſor.*
Maſque de Careſme entrant. *The picture of Shrove-tewſday; a guts, gulch, gorbellie, fat chuffe, or chops.*
Lever le maſque à. *To unmaske, to publiſh, or lay open a thing which was cloſely covered, or carried.*
Maſqué : m. ée : f. *Maſked, diſguiſed, wearing a viſor.*
Maſquerade : f. *A maske, or Mummerie.*
Maſquerie. *as* Maſquerade.
Maſqueure : f. *A maſking, mumming, diſguiſing.*
Maſquin. de maſquin. *In ſtead of* Damaſquin. ¶ Rab.
Maſquine : f. *The repreſentation of a Lyons head, &c. upon the elbow, or knee of ſome old faſhioned garments.*
Maſſacre : m. *A Maſſacre, a generall ſlaughter, or murther.*
Maſſacre d'vn cerf. *The fall, death, or diſmembring of a Stag; alſo, his head, or hornes violently pulled off when he is dead.*
Maſſacré : m. ée : f. *Maſſacred, ſlaughtered, murthered.*
Maſſacrer. *To maſſacre, ſlaughter, murther.*
Maſſacreur : m. *A maſſacrer, ſlaughterer, murtherer.*
Maſſe : f. *A maſſe, lumpe, heape, looſe; round peece of any thing; an ingot, or wedge of metall; alſo, a club.*
Maſſe d'armes. *A Battle-axe.*
Maſſe de chair. *The muſcle which poſſeſſeth and filleth up all the hollow bought of the ſole of the foot; (called ſo by the moderne Anatomiſts.)*
Maſſe d'eau. *as* L'herbe à maſſes.
L'herbe à maſſes. *water-ſoarch, Cats-taile, March-beetle, March-peſtill, Reed-mace, Dowch-downe.*
Sergent à maſſe. *Looke* Sergent.
Maſſerotte : f. *A Wood-cleavers beetle; alſo; the head, or but-end of a club, or beetle.*
Maſſeter. *One of the muſcles whereby the nether Jaw is drawne upwards.*
Maſſicor : m. *A yellow colour made of lead, or as;*
Maſſicot : m. *Oaker made of Ceruſe, or white lead.*
Maſſier : m. *A Mace-bearer, a Sergeant of the Mace.*
Maſſif : m. iue : f. *Maſſive, ſolide, ſound, firme, cloſe, hard, ſtrong, unbroken, not hollow, well knit, hard packt, together.*
Maſſir. *To make maſſive, ſolid, hard, ſound; to compact; to beat cloſe, ramme hard in.*
Maſſitere : m. *A kneader of bread, or of paſte.* ¶ Rab.
Maſſiveté : f. *Maſſiveneſſe, ſoliditie, ſoundneſſe.*
Maſſon : m. *A Maſon; alſo, a kind of Mullet-fiſh.*
Pet de maſſon. *A fart in ſyrop; the fart that brings durt after it.*
A propos truelle, bon iour maſſon. *Looke* Propos.
Il n'eſt pas maſſon qui pierres refuſe; Prov. *The cunning Maſon workes with any ſtone.*
Maſſonné : m. ée : f. *Built of ſtone; hewed, ſquared, wrought, or layed, as a ſtone by a Maſon; alſo, (in Blazon) purſled.*
Maſſonner. *To build of ſtone; to make, or frame ſtone-buildings, to hew, ſquare, faſhion, lay ſtones; to worke Maſons worke.*
Maſſonnerie : f. *Maſonrie, Maſons worke, the Maſons trade; ſtone-worke, or building; the hewing, ſquaring, fitting, faſhioning, laying, or juſt placing, of ſtones in building.*
Maſſonnier : m. ere : f. *Of, belonging to, ſerving for, a Maſon, or Maſons worke.*
Maſſoret : m. *A Spirit, Ghoſt, Hobgoblin.*
Maſſorets. *Such Jewes as corrected the falſe written words of Scripture, not blotting them out (for of that they made a ſcruple) but noting them with a little O, and ſetting downe their corrections in the margent.*
Maſſuë : f. *A club; alſo, the name of a great ſweet apple.*
Maſt : m. *The maſt of a ſhip.*
Maſter vn navire. *To furniſh a ſhip with maſts.*
Maſterel : m. *A ſmall maſt; or any maſt but the maine one.*
Maſtic : m. *Maſticke; (a ſweet Gumme.)*
Maſtic Achantique. *A Gumme which growes on the top of the Calthorp, or Starthiſtle.*
Maſtic de Candie. *Yellow, and bitter Maſticke.*
Maſtic de Chio. *white Maſticke, better then the former.*
Maſtic d'Egypte. *Blacke Maſticke; more drying, and leſſe binding then the reſt.*

Maſtication : ſ. *A maſtication, chawing, or chewing between the teeth.*

Maſticatoire: m. *A Maſticatory; a medicine for the rheume chawed, or held between the teeth.*

Maſticatoire : com. *Maſticatorie, chewing, champing.*

Muſcles maſticatoires. *The muſcles from which the Jawes receive their chawing motion.*

Maſtich. *as* Maſtic.

Maſtiché : m. ée : ſ. *Mingled, or cloſed with Maſtick; wherein there is Maſtick.*

Maſticine : ſ. *Manna in graines, Manna of the Levant; ſo tearmed becauſe it reſembles Maſtick.*

Maſtin : m. *A Maſtive, or Ban-dog; a great (countrey) curre; alſo, a rude, filthie, curriſh, or cruell fellow.*

Oncques maſtin n'aima levrier; Pro. *See* Levrier.

Qui de maſtin fait ſon compere plus de baſton ne doit porter; Pro. *He that will converſe with clownes, muſt paſſe by rudeneſſe without frownes.*

Maſtine: ſ. *A Maſtive, or Curre-bitch; alſo, a ſell queane.*

Maſtiné: m. ée: ſ. *Lined by a Maſtive, or great curre; alſo, rudely handled, filthily uſed, curriſhly dealt with.*

Maſtiner. *To line, as a bitch with a Maſtive, or great curre; alſo, to uſe filthily, handle rudely, deale curriſhly or cruelly with.*

Maſtiquer. *as* Maſticher; *Alſo, to infuſe, or put Maſticke, Roſen, &c. upon a thing before it be ſoldered; alſo, to joine, or cloſe with Maſticke, &c.*

Maſtoïde. Apophyſes maſtoïdes. *Proceſſes of bones deſcending from the ſides of the head behind the eares.*

Cavité maſtoïde. *A hollow part of the head wherein are certaine little caves, or winding hollowes, which receive, and yeeld back reverberation of ſounds.*

Muſcle maſtoïde. *A muſcle that bends, and bows down, the head.*

Maſturbation: ſ. *Filthie frigging.*

Maſure : ſ. *An old decayed houſe, or wall; the ruines of a building.*

Maſure de terre. *A quantity of ground containing about foure Oxe gangs.*

Mat: m. *A ſoole, fop, gull; mad paſh, hare-braind ninnie; alſo, a mate at cheſſe-play.*

Eſchec & mat. *Check-mate; alſo, an unavoydable diſaſter, a remedileſſe miſchiefe, or miſchance.*

Mat. *Deaded, mated, amated, quelled, ſubdued, overcome; alſo, as* Flaccide.

Or mat. *Unpoliſhed gold.*

Matachin: m. *The Matachin dance; alſo, thoſe that dance it.*

Matagaſſe : ſ. *A ſhrike, ninmurder, wariangle.* ℣ Savoyard.

Matagot : m. *A kind of Ape; alſo, an hypocrite.* ℣ Rab.

Mataſſin. *as* Matachin.

Mataſſiner des mains. *To move, knacke, or waggle the fingers, like a Jugler, Player, Feaſter, &c.*

Mate : ſ. *A number of ſprigs growing together upon an herb; alſo, as* Matte; *whence;*

Enfans de la mate. *Ruffianly cutters; Cheaters, Cutpurſes, &c.*

Matelas : m. *as* Materas; *Alſo, a kind of Violl, or bottle.*

Matelot : m. *A Saylor, Sphipman, Boatman, Waterman.*

Matelotage : m. *The hire of a ſhip, or boat, and of the Saylors, or watermen thereto belonging; the fraight, or fare due for the uſe of a ſhip, or boat.*

Mateologie : ſ. *Vaine inquirie, or over-curious ſearch into high matters, and miſteries.*

Mateologien : m. *A vaine, or over-curious ſearcher into high matters.*

Mateotechne. *Vaine knowledge, crooked Art.* ℣ Rab.

Mater. *To mate, or give a mate unto; to dead a mate, quell, ſubdue, overcome.*

Materas : m. *A Matteraſſe, or Quilt to lie on; alſo, a quarrell (or arrow) for a croſſe-bow; alſo, as* Herbe à Maſſes.

Materas deſempenné. *A quarrell without feathers, or an unfeathered quarrell; alſo, a light-braind, giddie-humor'd, ſhittle-headed fellow.*

Matereau. *as* Matz; *or, as* Maſterel.

Materiaux : m. *Any kind of rubbidge, or ſtuffe.*

Materiel : m. elle : ſ. *Materiall: ſtuffie, ſubſtantiall, well grown, well fed; alſo, dull, groſſe, earthie, or earthly.*

Materien. *as* Marrein. *An old word.*

Maternel : m. elle : ſ. *Maternall, motherly, of a mother, on the mothers ſide.*

Maternellement. *Motherly, like a mother; tenderly, kindly, carefully.*

Maternité : ſ. *Maternity, motherhood, the being a mother.*

Matetoultier. *Look* Maletoultier.

Mathelin. *as* Mathurin.

Mathelineux : m. euſe : ſ. *Frantick, wild, wood, halfe mad.*

Mathematicien : m. *A Mathematician; a profeſſor or practiſer, of the Mathematicks; alſo, a caſter of Nativities.*

Mathematique : com. *Mathematicall, belonging to the Mathematicks.*

Mathematiques : ſ. *The Mathematickes; (comprehend foure of the liberall Sciences; viz.) Arithmetick, Geometry, Muſicke, and Aſtronomy or Aſtrologie.*

Matheotheene. *Crooked Art, vaine knowledge.* ℣ Rab.

Mathurin : m. *The name of a Saint in Gaſtinois, held to be the Phyſitian, or Patron of mad fooles; alſo, a* Mathurin *Frier; (of the Order of the Trinity.)*

Maladie de S. Mathurin. *Frenzie, extreame folly, madneſſe.*

Saillie de S. Mathurin. *A fooliſh tricke, fond prank, mad part.*

Mené à S. Mathurin. *Gulled, groſſie beguiled, over-rought, made a foole.*

Matiere : ſ. *Matter; ſtuffe, ſubſtance; a matter, a thing; an argument, or ſubject to write, or diſcourſe of; a buſineſſe, or affaire; a cauſe, caſe, or Action in Law.*

Matiere fecale. *Dung, excrement, ordure.*

Matin : m. *The morning; the break of day, beginning of the day.*

Des le fin matin. *Very earely, as ſoone as one can ſee.*

Au matin les monts, au ſoir les fonds, &c. *Looke* Mont.

Les paroles du ſoir ne reſemblent pas à celles du matin; Pro. *He that gives thee a good morrow, may yet before night procure thy ſorrow.*

Le rouge ſoir, & blanc matin font reſjoüir le pelerin; Pro. *The evening red, and morning gray preſage a faire ſucceeding day.*

Qui a bon voiſin a bon matin; Prov. *He that hath a good neighbour hath a good morrow;* viz. *good words next his heart a mornings; or, as in* Avoir.

Tel au matin rit qui au ſoir pleure; Pro. *Some begin the day with laughter, and end it with teares.*

Matin. *(Adverbially.) Early, betimes in the morning; whence;*

Lever matin n'eſt pas heur, mais dejeuner eſt le plus ſeur; Pro. *There is leſſe happineſſe in early riſing then ſafety in eating after one is riſen.*

Il a beau ſe lever tard qui a le bruit de ſe lever matin: &; Qui a bruit de ſe lever matin peut dormir iuſques à diſner; Pro. *Seeke* Lever.

Matinal : m. ale : ſ. *Early.*

Matine : ſ. *as* Maſtine.

Matinée: ſ. *A fore-noone, or morning-tide, a whole morning, the ſeaſon of a morning; alſo, a mornings worke, or taske.*

Regnard qui dort la matinée n'a pas la langue emplumée; Prov. *The Fox that ſleeps a mornings meets with no feathered breakfaſts.*

Matins : ſ. *Matins, Morning Prayer.*

Matines Pariſiennes. *The maſſacre of Paris; which began about midnight.*

Chanter Magnificat à Matines. *To ſing Magnificat at Matins; to pervert the order of things, or do things out of order.*

Plus eſtourdi que le premier coup de Matines. *More drowſie, and amazed, then a Frier at the firſt toll of the morne-ſacring bell.*

Le Retour de Matines; Prov. *A miſchiefe done in the darke, or at unawares; (from the cuſtomes of Friers, who commonly make choice of that obſcure ſeaſon, for the ſurpriſing, and thumping of their hated companions; which hath bred another Proverb;* viz. Il n'y a rien tant à craindre que le retour de matines.)

Matineux : m. euſe : ſ. *Earlie, ſoone riſing, up betimes.*

Homme matineux ſain, alaigre, & ſolgneux; Prov. *An early man is buxome, healthfull, carefull.*

Matinier : m. ere : ſ. *Of, or belonging to, the morning; alſo, Eaſterlie, of or towards the Eaſt; and hence;*

L'Inde matiniere. *The Eaſt India.*

Matlas. *as* Materas.

Matlaſſé: m. ée: ſ. *Of Mateveſſes, or Quilts.*

Matois : m. *A vaine companion, worthleſſe perſon; or, as* Mattois.

Il entend le matois. *He underſtands the whole traine, or plot.*

Matou : m. *A cat, a puſſe.*

Matoüard : m. *The ſame.*

Matrac: m. *A ſtraight, long, narrow-necked, and great, wide, round-bellied bottle, or viall, of ſtrong, and thick glaſſe.*

Matraſſer. *To mall, beat, or bew, downe; to bruiſe, or breake aſunder.*

Matraz : m, *A glaſſe-bottle, or viall; or, as* Matrac; *alſo, as* Materas.

Matricaire :

Matricaire: f. *Fedderfew, Feverfew, Motherwort, Whitewort.*

Matricaire. Veine mat. *Look* Veine.

Matrical: m. ale: f. *Belonging to, or ſerving for, the Matrix.*

Entonnoir matricol. *Seek* Entonnoir.

Matricave. *Feddefew, &c. as* Matricaire.

Matrice: f. *The matrix, mother, or wombe of a woman; alſo, certaine veine that runnes along the ſlanke neere the reines; alſo, as* Matricule; *alſo, a money-makers, or letter-founders, Matrice; the mould or forme for the eyes of their markes, or letters.*

Matricide: com. *Mother-killing.*

Matricile: com. *Of, or belonging to, the Matrix.*

Matricule: f. *A liſt, roll, catalogue, regiſter of names; a matricular book.*

Matrimonie: m. *Matrimony, mariage, wedlocke.*

Matrimonial: m. ale: f. *Matrimoniall; of, or belonging to, matrimony.*

Heritages matrimoniaux. *Which come by the mother.*

Matronal: m. ale: f. *Matronall, matronlike, modeſt, motherly, grave.*

Matrone: f. *A Matron, a diſcreet, or ſage dame; a ſober, modeſt, grave, motherly woman.*

Matrones. *Damaske or Dames Violets, Queens Gilloflowers, Rogues Gilloflowers, cloſe Sciences.*

† Mattarruys: m. *A mad, raſh, haire-braind aſſe; one that throws what's next him at any one that moves him.*

Matte: f. *Was heretofore (in* Paris*) a raſkally place, whereat common Gameſters, Cheaters, Conycatchers, and Cutpurſes uſually met: Thence,* Entans ou ſuppoſts de la Matte; *Such well-given youthes.*

Matté: m. ée: f. *Mated, amated, quelled, ſubdued, puld under, taken lower; tired, wearied.*

Mattelé: m. ée: f. *Clotted, knotty, curdled, or curd-like.*

Matter. *To quell, mate, amate; ſubdue, pull under, take lower; to give a mate unto.*

Mattes: f. *Curds, or curdles.*

Matti: m. ie: f. *Deprived of moiſture and verdure, dried up; whence, herbs dried upon a hot ſhovell, tile, or in a ſtill, are ſaid to be,* matties.

Mattois: m. *A Setter, Cutpurſe, Cheater, Conycatcher; a ſubtill, or crafty fellow; alſo, as* Matois.

Mattonné. Ciel mattonné. *A curdled skie; or, a skie full of ſmall curdled clowds.*

Mattraz. *as* Materaz.

† Maturatif: m. iue: f. *Maturative, ripening, ſuppuring.*

† Maturation: f. *A maturation, ripening; ſuppuring, growing to a head, mattering, reſolving into matter.*

† Maturer. *To ripen, mellow, wax full, grow mature; alſo, to matter, to ſuppure.*

Maturin. *Look* Mathurin.

Maturité: f. *Maturity, ripeneſſe, mellowneſſe, fullneſſe; perfection of growth, and bigneſſe.*

Matutinel: m. elle: f. *Of the morning; alſo, timely, or early in the morning.*

Matz: m. *The maſt of a ſhip.*

Mau: m. *An evill, miſchiefe, dammage, annoyance; pain, griefe, ſickneſſe.*

Mau de pipe. *Drunkenneſſe; or, as in* Pipe.

Mau de terre. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Mau (*for* Mal Adject.) *Bad, ill, naughty; whence;*

A mau chat mau rat; Prov. *Two knaves well met.*

Maubert. Place mau. *The Marketſtead, and place of execution, for the Univerſity of* Paris.

Cela ſent ſa Place Maubert. *That's clownish, rude, very homely.*

Maubrenage. vne femme qui demeure à m. *A ſlinking, or naſty draggle-taile.*

Maucoeureux; m. euſe: f. *Queaſie-ſtomacked.*

Mauconduict: m. cte: f. *Ill guided, badly governed.*

Maudire. *Look* Mauldire.

Maudiſné: m. ée: f. *Ill dined, that hath had but a courſe dinner.*

Maudiſſant. *Curſing, banning, blaſpheming.*

Maudiſſon: f. *A curſe. Look* Mauldiſſon.

Maudite: f. *A kind of ſandy-coloured vermine, like a Viper.*

Maudolé: m. ée: f. *Miſhapen, ill-framed, ill-favoured, luskiſh, without proportion.*

Mauduict: m. cte: f. *Unmannerly, clownish, ill-behaved, ill brought up, uncivily, rude.*

Mauffait: m. *A Goblin, Bug, Devill, Spirit.* } *old words.*

Mauffe: f. *A Bug, Fairie ſhe Spirit.* }

Mauſle: f. *A wretch; or as* Mauffe.

† Maugiſant. *Ill bedded, ill lodged, lying ill-favouredly; or, as* Malgiſant.

† Maugratieuſement. *Haſtily, rudely, unpleaſantly, improperly, unpleaſingly.*

† Maugratieux: m. euſe: f. *Unpleaſing, rude, baſh, unhandſome, uncomely, unſeemely, without grace, without garbe.*

Maugré. *Look* Maulgré.

Maugréement: m. *A curſing, banning, blaſpheming.*

Maugréer. *To curſe, banne, blaſpheme, revile extremely, raile on deſpightfully.*

Maujoin: m. *The Arabian Gumme called* Benime.

Maujoinct: m. cte: f. *Looſe, gaping, ill joyned, ill couched, badly ſet together.*

Maujoine. Barbier de mau. *A Barber of a womans, &c.*

Maulavé: m. ée: f. *Ill waſhed; ſlubbered, naſty, ſoule.*

Mauldict: m. cte: f. *Execrable, accurſed; moſt unhappy; alſo, curſed, banned, execrated.*

Mauldire. *To curſe, banne, execrate, wery, betake to the Devill; alſo, to blaſpheme.*

Mauldiſſon: f. *A malediction, curſe, banning, execration; a blaſphemy.*

Les mauldiſſons ſont tueilles qui les ſeme les recueille; Prov. *Curſes prove choke-peares to them that plant them.*

Maulgré eux. *Mauger their teeth, in ſpight of their hearts, againſt their wils, whether they will or no.*

Mauloubet: m. *The wolfe (a diſeaſe.)*

Maulubee: m. *as* Malubee; *or, as* Mauloubet.

Maulve: f. *The herb Mallow; alſo, a Sea-mew, or Sea-gull.*

Maulve blanche. *The white Mallow; or as* Guimauve.

Maulve cultivée. *Garden Mallowes, Hocks, Holyhocks.*

Maulve grande. *The great Mallow, or tree Mallow.*

Maulve de Iardin. *as* Maulve cultivée.

Maulve ſauvage. *The field Mallow, wild Mallow; our ordinary Mallow.*

Maulve terreſtre. *Black Bryony; or an herb that hath black berries, and is much uſed by Curriers.*

Maulx. *Miſchiefes. Look* Mal.

Maumarié: m. ée: f. *Badly matched, ill-maried.*

Maumené: m. ée: f. *Miſuſed; ſorely handled, extremely proſecuted; purſued neere, hard layed to.*

Maunet: m. ette; f. *Unclean, uncleanly, ſullied, ſluttiſh, filthie, naſty, ſlovenly.*

Mauvortien: m. enne: f. *Martiall.*

Maupiteux: m. euſe: f. *Pitileſſe, unmercifull, mercileſſe, cruell, hard-hearted, rigorous.*

Mauplaiſamment. *Unpleaſantly, unpleaſingly, barſhly, unhandſomely.*

Mauplaiſance: f. *Unpleaſantneſſe, unpleaſingneſſe, barſhneſſe, unhandſomeneſſe; unhandſomeneſſe.*

Mauplaiſant. *Unpleaſant, unpleaſing, unhandſome, barſh.*

Maupreſt. *Unready, unprepared, unprovided.*

Maurelle. *as* Morelle.

Maurequine. Gourte maurequine. *as* Gourte ſerene. *See* Gourte.

Mauſade: com. *Harſh, unſavoury, lowtiſh, uncivile, unmannerly, rude, unproper, unapt, unſeaſonable.*

Mauſadement. *Harſhly, unſavourily, unproperly, unaptly, unſeaſonably, lowtiſhly, uncivilly, rudely, unmannerly.*

Mauſadeté: f. *Harſhneſſe, unſavourineſſe, or want of ſavour; unaptneſſe, unhandſomeneſſe, unſeaſonableneſſe; lack of civility, rudeneſſe.*

Mauſoigneux: m. euſe: f. *Careleſſe, retcheleſſe, negligent.*

Mauſolée: m. *The ſtately ſepulchre of a great Prince, or Potemate.*

† Mauſoupé: m. ée: f. *Ill ſupped, that hath had but a bad ſupper.*

Mauſſane. *The Wayfaring-tree.*

Mauvais: m. aiſe: f. *Naughty, bad, lewd, ill; ſhrewd, miſchievous, hurtfull, unhappy, knaviſh, curſt, churliſh, croſſe, froward, ſtubborne, obſtinate, overthwart; malicious; depraved, corrupt, mard.*

Mauvais garçon. *A ſhrewd lad; alſo, a ſhrewd, or tall fellow.*

Mauvais oeil. *Ivie Chickweed, Morgeline, Menbit.*

Mauvaiſe tigne. *A malignant ſcurfe bred in the head.*

Faire mauvais. *To deprave, marre, viciate, pervert, corrupt.*

Faire le mauvais. *To ſwagger; to boaſt, crack, brag of his owne valour.*

Sentir mauvais. *To ſtink, or ſmell ill, to be ſomewhat to blame.*

Mauvais chien ne trouve ou mordre; Prov. *The curriſh dog in fight not bold ſeeks where to ſnatch, not where to hold.*

Mauvaiſe fille ſe mocque de ſa mere: Prov. *A wicked daughter ſhewes her (wilfull) mother.*

Mauvaiſe herbe croiſt touſiours; Prov. *An ill weed thrives apace.*

Le mauvais emporte le bon. *Where the one of a maried couple is free, and the other a villane, their children ſhall be villanes, by the cuſtomes of* Nevers, *and* Bourbonnois.

Il faut avois mauvaiſe beſte par douceur ; Pro. *Looke* Avoir.

Il n'eſt qu'vne mauvaiſe heure au iour; Pro. *One day hath in it but one luckleſſe houre.*

On n'a jamais bon marché de mauvaiſe marchandiſe : Prov. *Bad ware is never cheape enough.*

Mauvaiſement. *Badly, lewdly, naughtily, wickedly, vily, filthily ; miſchievouſly, hurtfully, ſhrewdly ; frowardly, ſtubbornly, churliſhly.*

Mauvaiſtié : f. *Naughtineſſe, badneſſe, wickedneſſe, lewdneſſe, knavevie, miſchievouſneſſe, ſhrewdneſſe, curſtneſſe, hurtfulneſſe, maliciouſneſſe ; perverſitie, overthwartneſſe, obſtinacie, ſtubbornneſſe.*

Mauve. *as* Maulve.

Mauvis : f. *A Mavis ; a Throſtle, or Thruſh.*

Max. *as* Mas.

Maxillaire : com. *Of, or belonging to, the jaw-bone.*

Dents maxillaires. *The grinders, or cheeke teeth.*

Os maxillaires. *The bones into which the upper teeth are ſet ; in men but two (diſcernable) in beaſts foure, two bigger and two leſſe.*

Maxime : m. *A maxime, principle, firme propoſition.*

May : m. (*The month of*) *May ; alſo, a Maypole ; whence ;*

A bon bluteur may propice ; Prov. *Somewhat as ſtiffe as a maypole does well with him that boults in a fleſhly tub.*

Il ne ſçait que c'eſt de vendre vin qui n'attend de May la fin ; Pro. *Belike becauſe he cannot before that time gueſſe what will be the next yeares Vintage.*

May : f. *A kneading trough, or tub ; alſo, a ſtacke, or pile of wood, &c.*

Maye : f. *A kneading trough ; a hutch, or binne ; alſo, a halfe-thrave, or heap of corne (in the ſheaſe.)*

Mayenche : f. *A Tumeuſe.* ¶ Savoyard.

Mayeres : f. *The branches of Poplers, and Willowes, fit to make railes, props, or ſtaics for Vines.*

May-loubet. *The diſeaſe which we call the Wolfe.* ¶ Langued.

May-mis : m, iſe : f. *Maimed.*

Mayraſtre : f. *A ſtepmother.* ¶ Langued.

Mays : m. Mais ; *Turkie corne, Turkie wheat.*

Maz : m. *A ſmall countrey tenement ; or, as* Mas ; *alſo, the maſte of a ſhip.*

Me. *Me, or to me ; a Pronoune (of the Dative, or Accuſative Caſe) which ever goes before a Verbe, whereas* Moy *comes after.*

Means : m. *Void, and empty places between beds in gardens, reſerved for ſpeciall herbs ; ſuch as are the ſpaces left for Cardoons between rowes of onions.*

Meat : m. *A way, or open paſſage ; a hole, or pore in the body.*

Meat Cholagogue. *Look* Cholagogue.

Mecanique : com. *Mechanicall, belonging to an handicraft ; baſe, meane, ordinary, vile.*

Mecaniquerie : f. *Mechanicallneſſe ; baſeneſſe of humor.*

Mecaniqueté : f. *The ſame.*

Mecer. *for* Menacer ; *to threaten.* ¶ Rab.

Mechanique. *as* Mecanique.

Mechanizé : m. ée : f. *Mechanicallized ; made, or growne baſe, vile, ordinarie, meane.*

Meche : f. *as* Meiche.

Mecheron : m. *A little match, or candle wicke ; alſo, a ſparkle.*

† Mechine : f. *A maid-ſervant, a chamber-maid.*

Mechoir. *as* Meſchoir.

Meſt : f. *A kneading trough, or tub. Looke* Met.

Medaille : f. *A medall ; an ancient and flat jewell, ouch, or bruche ; or, a peece of ancient coine, or plate, wherein the figure of ſome notable perſon is caſt, or cut.*

Medaillé : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed, or ſet, with medalls.*

Medaillon : m. *A little medall, ouch, or bruche.*

Medalle. *as* Medaille.

Medamothi. *Of no place.* ¶ Rab.

Medard. *The name of a ſanctified Biſhop of* Noyon, *and* Tournay, *in the yeare* 524. *by whoſe prayers (ſaies* Gregoire de Tours) *divers priſoners have beene delivered from captivity ; whence ;*

Mal S. Medard. *(May be) captivity, or impriſonment.*

Mede. *A precious ſtone that yeelds a Saffron-like ſweat, and a taſte like wine.*

Medecin : m. *A Phyſitian, a Leech.*

Medecin d'eau douce. *An unskilfull, or unexperienced Phyſitian, a dunſicall dog-leech ; one that hath not travelled far for the (little) skill he hath : (*Aſclepiades, *a better Orator then Phyſitian (as* Plinie *reports) was the firſt that allowed a Patient to drinke cold water, and thereupon cauſed himſelfe to be tearmed, The freſh-water Phyſitian.)*

Apres la morte le medecin ; Pro. *After meat muſtard ; when ſteed is ſtolne ſhut the ſtable doore.*

Bon eſt le medecin qui ſe ſçait guarir ; Pro. *He is a right Phyſitian that can cure himſelfe.*

De nouveau medecin cimitiere boſſu ; Prov. *A new Phyſitian makes a Churchyard ſwell.*

Vn piteux medecin fait vne playe mortelle ; Pro. *A Pitifull Surgeon ſpoileth a ſore.*

Ieune barbier vieil medecin ; Prov. *Looke* Barbier.

Les maux terminez en ique (comme Hydropique, Hectique, Paralytique, &c.) font au medecin la nique ; Pro. *Becauſe they be hardly cured.*

Medecin : m. ine : f. *Phyſicall, medicinall ; belonging to Phyſicke, or to a Phyſitian.*

Doigt medecin. *The ring-finger, that which is next unto the little one.*

Medecinable : com. *Medicinable, healable, curable.*

Medecinal : m. ale : f. *Medicinall, ſerving for a medicine, curing, healing.*

Medecine : f. *A medicine, or phyſicke ; the art of Phyſick ; healing, or curing ; a remedy for diſeaſes : alſo, a ſhe Phyſitian.*

Contre la mort n'y a point de medecine ; Pro. *No Phyſick can prevaile againſt death.*

Contre peché eſt vertu medecine ; Pro. *Vertue is a ſalve for ſin.*

Tard medecine eſt appreſtée a maladie enracinée ; Prov. *Grounded diſeaſes are incurable.*

Medeciné : m. ée : f. *Medicined, cured, healed.*

Medeciner. *To medicine, cure, heale, ſalve, leech ; to apply a remedy ; to practice, or miniſter Phyſick.*

Mediane : m. *as* Meſentere.

Mediane : f. *The black, or middle veine ; the inward branch of the ſhoulder veine, deſcending downe the arme unto the hand, and there diſperſing it ſelfe among the fingers.*

Mediaſtine : m. *A partition made in the bodie by certaine thin skins which divide the whole breaſt, from the throat to the midriffe, into two hollow boſomes.*

Mediateur : m. *A mediator, interceſſor, meane or meanes for ; alſo, an arbitrator.*

Mediation : f. *Mediation, interceſſion, ſute, or meanes made for ; alſo, an arbitrating, or compounding of (other mens) controverſies.*

Mediatrice : f. *A mediatrix, arbitratrix.*

Medicament : m. *A medicament, ſalve, medicine.*

Medicamenter. *To ſalve, cure, heale, apply a medicine, lay a plaſter unto.*

Medicamenteux : m. euſe : f. *A curing, ſalving, healing.*

Medication : f. *as* Medicinement.

Medicinement : m. *A curing, ſalving, healing.*

Medier. *To divide into halves ; alſo, as* Moyenner.

Medieu, on Medieus. *So God helpe me, or, by the faith of my body.*

Medimne : m. *A corne-meaſure, containing almoſt two of our buſhels.*

Medin : m. *An Egyptian coine of ſilver, worth about* xx d. Pariſis.

Mediocre : m. *Meane ; moderate, indifferent, reaſonable, competent, neither too big nor too little.*

Mediocrement. *Meanely, moderately, indifferently, competently, reaſonably, meaſurably, meetly well.*

Mediocrer. *To qualifie, temper, moderate, add a meane unto.*

Mediocrité : f. *Mediocritie ; a meane, meaſure, competency, indifferency ; temper, moderation, qualification.*

Medique : f. *Medick fodder, Spaniſh Treſoile, Snaile Claver.*

Mediſſon. *Look* Meſdiſſon.

Meditation : f. *A meditation, or meditating ; a deepe conſideration, carefull examination, ſtudious caſting, or deviſing of things in the mind.*

Mediter. *To meditate, ſtudie, muſe on ; to thinke ſeriouſly, revolve ſtudiouſly, conſider deepely, deviſe carefully, ponder diligently.*

Mediterranée : f. *The Mediterranean, or mid-earth ſea.*

Medon : m. *The drinke Mede, or Bragot.*

Medullaire : com. *Marrowie, of marrow.*

Medulle : f. *Marrow ; pith.*

Spinale medulle. *Seek* Spinal.

Medul-

Medulleux : m. euſe : f. *Marrowy, pithie, ſtrong ; full of marrow.*

Meffaict : m. *A fault, offence, treſpaſſe, miſdeed ; a wrong, abuſe, diſpleaſure, bad part, ſhrewd turne.*

Meffaict : m. &e : f. *Miſdone, treſpaſſed, offended.*

Meffaire. *To treſpaſſe, offend, miſdoe againſt; to wrong, abuſe, deale treacherouſly; play falſe with.*

Meffiance : f. *Diſtruſt, miſtruſt, ſuſpition, jealouſie.*

Meffier. Se meffier de. *To diſtruſt, miſtruſt, have in jealouſie, put ſmall confidence in.*

Megalopſychie : f. *Magnanimitie ; or, as* Magnanimité.

Megicier. *as* Megiſſier.

Megis : m. *Tawing ; the offalls, or peeces cut from skinnes in tawing ; or the liquor wherein they are, or have beene tawed.*

Megiſſerie : f. *The tawing, or dreſſing of (thin) skins for Gloves, Purſes, &c.*

Megiſſier : m. *A tawer, or tawyer ; a Fellmonger, a Leather-dreſſer.*

Megiſte. *Very great.* ¶ Rab.

Megle : m. *A kind of forked* Pick-axe, *or Grubbing-axe.*

Megre : f. *Looke* Maigre : f.

Megrelin : m. *A leane ſcrag, lanke ſtarveling.*

Megue. *as* Maigue.

Mehaigné : m. ée : f. *Lamed, maimed ; growne impotent, much weakened by extreame hurts received, care taken, to toile endured.*

Mehaigner. *To maime, or make lame with blowes ; to weaken, bruize, or founder by extreame care, ſtripes, or toile.*

Mehaing : m. *A maime ; or an extreame weakeneſſe, impotency, or abatement of ſtrength, in the body, by hurts received, care taken, or toile endured.*

Il n'eſt cheval qui n'ait ſon mehaing ; Pro. *No horſe without ſome bruiſe ; no man without one fault or other.*

Mejane : f. *A mizzen ſaile ; alſo, a Guilthead, or Golddenny of a middle ſize.*

Meiche : f. *The wicke (or ſnuffe) of a candle; the match of a lampe ; alſo, Match for a Harquebuſe, &c. alſo, a tent (for a wound) uniforme, or all of a bigneſſe, and therein differing from* Tente, *which is bigger at one end then at the other.*

Deſcouvrir la meiche. *as in* Deſcouvrir. *(from birds, or wild beaſts, which venting a match, do quickly get them gone.)*

Meicheron : m. *A little match, wicke, or ſnuffe ; alſo, a ſparkle.*

Meignie : f. *A meynie, or houſhold.* See Meſgnie.

Meillauque : f. *Turkie Millet, great black Millet.*

Meilleur : m. eure : f. *Better, worthier, honeſter ; alſo, the beſt, or chieſeſt ; as,*

Le meilleur de tous autres ; &, la meilleure choſe qu'ils ont, &c.

Il a eu du meilleur. *He hath gotten the victory.*

Courtes folies ſont les meilleures ; Pro. *The ſhorteſt follies are the beſt ; (and thereof may the next Proverb be underſtood ;)*

Le pus bref eſt le meilleur ; Prov. *The ſhorter the better.*

Qui avec ſon ſeigneur mange poires il ne choiſit pas des meilleures ; Prov. *Looke* Manger.

Meilleurer. *To improve, better ; make better.*

Mein : m. *A proper name for a man ; and particularly, the name of a Saint, who is held the Patron of the Scurvy ; and hence ;*

Mal de Sainct Mein. *The wild ſcab, mange, or Scurvy.*

Meix. *as* Mex.

Melancholie : f. *Melancholy, black choler ; ſadneſſe, penſiveneſſe, heavineſſe, thoughtfulneſſe, care-taking ; ſolitarineſſe, retiredneſſe.*

Melancholie artificielle. *Oyle of Vitriol, or Coperas ; tearmed ſo by ſome Phyſitian, becauſe being ſpilled on the ground, it boiles of it ſelfe, like the Melancholy called,* Atrabilis.

Melancholie louviere. *Seeke* Louvier.

Elle fait pluſieurs petites melancholies à ſon amy. *She plaies him many wanton trickes, or puts him into many pretty extaſies.*

Melancholier. Se melan. *To be melancholicke, ſad, penſive, heavie ; to ſorrow, grieve, take thought.*

Melancholique : com. *Melancholicke, ſad, penſive, heavie, thoughtfull ; retired ; ſullen ; full of black choler.*

Melandrin : m. *A ſea-fiſh, that (his blackiſh colour excepted) reſembles the Pearch.*

Melanterie : f. *A cauſticke mineral (of the colour of Sulphur) found in Braſſe mines.*

Melegette. *The Spice called Graines, or Graines of Paradice.*

Meleſe : f. *The Larch, or Turpentine tree ; and (as* Meleze) *The gumme, or teare iſſuing from it.*

Melet : m. *A ſmall, great-eyed, and little-mouthed ſeafiſh, otherwiſe much reſembling (though not ſo dainty as) the Anchova, whereof ſome hold it to be a kind ; or, as ;*

Melette : f. *A very ſmall, ſoft, and fat ſeafiſh, bred of raine, and water, and called the Smie, or ſea-Groundlin.*

Meleze : f. *The gumme, or teare of the Larch tree ; alſo, the tree it ſelfe ; whence ;*

Reſine de meleze. *The Turpentine thats ordinarily ſold by Apothecaries.*

Meliceride : f. *An impoſtume, or ſore, whoſe humor reſembleth honie.*

Melichore. *A winged Scorpion that hath two ſtings ; alſo, a precious ſtone thats white on the one ſide, and of a honie colour on the other.*

Melicrât : m. *Mètheglin, or Mede ; drinke made of water, and honie ſodden together.*

Melilot : m. *Melilot, Plaſter Claver, Harts Claver.*

Melilot d'Italie. *Italian Claver.*

Melilot de montaigne. *Herboriſt, or Tetrifolie ; tearmed (Northward) Hader, or Hather.*

Franc melilot. *The ſame ; or milke-Trefoile, ſhrub Trefoile.*

Melin : m. *Baſtard yellow, ſtraw colour, a colour between white and yellow.*

Melioration : f. *An improvement, a bettering ; a making, or growing, better ; and in Law, as* Reparation Vtile ; *for which look* Reparation.

Meliorer. *To improve, better, mend, amend.*

Meliſſe : f. *The herb called Balme, or Bawme.*

Meliſſe Conſtantinopolitaine. *Molucca Balme ; a rough Plant, whoſe flowers grow within cups or bells.*

Meliſſe Moldavique. *Moldavian, or Turkie Balme ; a moſt ſweet and goodly Plant.*

Meliſſe ſauvage. *Wild Balme, or Bawme.*

Melitite. Pierre mel. *Looke* Pierre.

Melle. *as* Pomme Appie ; *alſo, a Medlar.*

Mellifier. *To make of honie.*

Melliflue : com. *Melliſluous, moſt ſweet, honie-ſweet, out of which honie floweth.*

Mellindres : f. *Delicate little pies made of Indian wheat, and ſugar.*

Melline : f. *A Filberd.*

Melliturgie : f. *The making of honie ; Bees-worke.*

Melodie : f. *Melodie, harmonie, a tunable, ſound, or ſinging ; a muſicall, or ſweet Ayer.*

Melodieuſement. *Melodiouſly, harmoniouſly, muſically, tunably.*

Melodieux : m. euſe : f. *Melodious, muſicall, harmonious, tunable, eare-delighting, full of concords.*

Melon : m. *A Melon, or Million.*

A peine connoiſt on la femme, & le melon ; Prov. *Seeke* Femme.

Mellonniere : f. *A Garden, Ground, or Bed, of Melons.*

Melopepon : m. *A Melon-Pumpion ; a certaine fruit that participates both of the Melon and Pumpion.*

Melte : f. *The circuit of a Judge, or Sergeant ; the territory wherein they exerciſe their juriſdiction.* ¶ Wallon.

Melun. *The name of a good towne ſtanding neere to the river of* Seine.

Anguilles de Melun. *Seeke* Anguilles.

Melze. *as* Meleze.

Memarchure : f. *Smbating of the feet (of cattell.)*

Membrane : f. *A membrane ; the upmoſt thin skin of any thing ; alſo, a skin of Parchment ; alſo, the pill, or pilling between the barke, and tree.*

Membrane Allantoïde. *The middle of the three coats wherin an infant lies wrapped in the wombe.*

Membrane Amphibliſtroïde. *One of the foure principall membranes of the eye ; is faſhioned like a net ; conveyes the light unto the Chriſtalline humour ; and returns all formes unto the Optick ſinew, whence it carries them unto the braine, which judges of them.*

Membrane Aragnoïde. *The ſpiderie membrane ; iſſues from* la pie mere, *and incloſes the fore-part of the Chriſtalline humour ; it ſerves (as the foyle in a Looking-glaſſe) to unite, and retaine formes in the eye.*

Membrane blanche. *as* Membrane Conjonctive.

Membrane Blepharoïde. *A ſmall membrane, whereby the waterie humor of the eye is diſtinguiſhed from the glaſſie one.*

Membrane Conjonctive. *The white of the eye ; or the fourth principall membrane (that covers all over the white) of the eye.*

Membrane cornée. *The horny membrane ; another of the foure, which reſembles both*

both in colour, and consistence, a thinne piece of horne; it springs from la dure Mere, and containes, by it hardnesse, all the humors together, but serves especially as a glasse, or spectacle unto the Christalline.

Membrane piliforme. One of the two small membranes of the eye (Aragnoide the other;) issues from the Vvée; incloses the fore-part of the glassie humour, where it prepares, and whitens the bloud brought unto it by many small veines, and arteries, for the nourishment of the Christalline humor.

Membrane Pleureticque. A large, and two-fold membrane, through whose doubles passe all the sinewes, veines, and arteries, which are between the ribs, the inside whereof (as also of the breast, or bulke) it wholy covers.

Membrane Raisiniere. as Membrane Vvée.

Membrane Retiforme. as Membrane Amphiblistroïde.

Membrane Vitrée. as Membrane Piliforme.

Membrane Vvée. The grapie membrane; one of the foure principall ones; (tearmed so, because it resembles the skinne of a black Grape) comes from la pie mere, and incloses the eye on all parts, the ball excepted, where it is full of holes; it serves to comfort the Christalline humour by the diversitie of the colours of it inward part; to keep it from being hurt by the horny tunicle; and to hold, and unite, by it outward blacknesse, the spirits which otherwise would be dispersed.

Membraneux: m. euse: f. Filmie, [illegible] membranes.

Muscle membraneux. as Peaucier; also, another which drawes the leg outwards.

Membre: m. A member, a limme; a part of the body, or of any other thing.

Membres des compagnies de gendarmerie. Places of note, or of command, in those companies.

Membres d'esperon. The gimmewes, or joints of a Spurre.

Vn membre de veau, de mouton, &c. A joint of Veale, Mutton, &c.

Membré: m. ée: f. Membred (in Blason.)

Membret d'esperon. The gimmew, or joint of a Spurre.

Membreure. as Membrure.

Membru: m. uë: f. Big-membred, big-limmed, strong, well-set.

Membrure de bois. A cloven board, a shingle.

Membrures de pierre de taille. Such pieces of free stone as run through a wall, and appeare on either side thereof.

Memelon. as Mammelon.

Memener. To misuse, molest, oppresse; (an old word.)

Meninges. as Meninges.

Memithé: m. The bitter, and stinking juice of an herb that growes neer unto Hierapolis in Suria, and is called Glaucium, which Gerard holds to be the red-horned Poppie.

Memoire: f. Memory, remembrance, mindfulnesse; thought had, or mention made, of things absent, or past; also, a memorandum; A Bill, or note of remembrance; and hence;

Memoires. Notes of, writings for, remembrance; and a charge, or instructions given in writing; also, Histories, Chronicles, Commentaries, Records.

Il a memoire de lapin, ou lievre. Hee hath a very bad memory; or forgets in running what he runnes for.

Memorable: com. Memorable, remembrable, worthie of memory, or of remembrance.

Memorablement. Memorably.

Memoratif: m. iue: f. Memorative, mindfull, often remembring.

Memorial: m. A memoriall, record, register; a book of remembrances, a note, marke, or token for remembrance.

Memoriallement. Memorably.

† Memorieux: m. euse: f. Full of memory, or of a good memory.

Menaçant. Menacing, threatning.

Menace: f. A menace, a threat.

Menacé: m. ée: f. Menaced, threatned.

Menacement: m. A menacing, a threatning.

Menacer. To menace, to threaten.

Il ne le menace pas de poires molles. Tis no small matter, no sleight mischiefe, wherewith he threatens him.

Tel menace qui est batu; Prov. Some threaten that are beaten.

Tel menace qui a grand peur; Prov. Look Peur.

Menaceur: m. A menacer, a threatner.

De grand menaceur peu de faict; Pro. Great menacers, little men-hackers.

Menaceux: m. euse: f. Menacing, threatfull.

Menage: m. A bringing, leading, conducting; handling, manage, carriage.

[illegible]nandé. Surely, out of question, without doubt; (a Gossiplie oath, or asseveration.)

[illegible]. as Menandé.

Men[illegible]ux: m. euse: f. Erronious, faulty, naughty, lewd, false.

Suture mendeuse. The seame whereby the bone of the temples is joyned with the scull.

Mendiant: m. A beggar.

Mendiant: m. ante: f. Begging.

Mendicité: f. Mendicity, beggary, beggarlinesse.

Mendience: f. A begging.

Mendier. To beg, to crave an almes, to goe from doore to doore.

Mendole: f. A Cackarell fish.

Mene: f. as Mendole.

Mené: m. ée: f. Led, brought, guided, conducted, directed; managed; moved, induced, perswaded; also, overwrought, subdued, fetcht in.

Mené à S. Mathurin. Gulled; made a foole of.

Mal mené. Ill handled, abused, hardly used; sore layed to; wearied, tired, jawfallen; imbossed, or almost spent, as a Deere by hard pursuit.

Meneau de fenestre. The transome, or crossebarre of a window.

Menée: f. A plot, conspiracy, practise; private faction; a shift, subtiltie, devise; a businesse carried closely; also, the direct, or outright course of a flying Deere.

La menée du Sergent. C'est quand le Sergent va sur les lieux du fief, & meine tesmoins pour l'aider en son exploict.

Vn faiseur de menées. A Polypragmon, medler, common barrater, busie bodie.

Mener. To bring, lead, guide, conduct, direct; also, to manage, or handle; also, to move, induce, toll on, perswade; also, to subdue, overreach, fetch in.

Mener l'asne. To be laughed at, or little accounted of, by all men.

Mener batant devant eux. To drive, or chace before them with blowes; and in fight, to pursue hard, or give hard chase unto.

Mener à dyay & hory ho. To put unto carting, or cart-driving; to bring unto drudgerie.

Mener à la bonne eau. To steale (a horse, &c.)

Mener la geniße au Taureau. To play the bawd.

Mener la loy. To proceed in a suite; or, to follow the Law.

Mener les mains. To lay about him; deale blowes, fall to handy-strokes.

Mener les mains basses. To make a generall slaughter, to put all to the sword.

Mener au Tabourinet. Looke Tabourinet.

Mener le train de. To follow the businesse of.

Mener vne trompe. To drive a top. Look Trompe.

Cela ne me meine pas. I am not ruled, nor swayed by that; I neither heed, nor respect it; it prevailes nothing with me.

Il y a vn mois que la lavandiere nous meine. The Laundresse hath put us off this month.

Qui femme croit, & Asne meine, son corps ne sera ia sans peine; Prov. He that beleeves a woman, and leads an Asse, hath brought his body (and mind) to an evill passe.

Les Oisons menent paistre les Oyes; Prov. Looke Oison.

† Menestranderie: f. A company of Minstrells.

† Menestrandier: m. A Minstrell, or Fidler,

Menestrel. The same. (v. m.)

Menestrier: m. The same; also, as Gaian.

Menier. as Propre; (an old word.)

Meniguette. Looke Maniguette.

Meninges. Two skins, or filmes which envia the braine.

Mennetot. The name of a sweet apple.

Menon: m. A guelded Goat.

Menone. A Minstrell. ¶ Poictevin.

Menotes: f. Manacles, hand-fetters.

Mensale: f. The table-line in the hand; (a tearme of Palmistry.)

Mensonnier. as Mansionnier.

Mensonge: m. A lye, fib, leasing, untruth; a tale, jeast, mockerie, fable, false report.

Les songes sont mensonges; Pro. There is no truth in dreames.

Mensonger: m. ere: f. Lying, false, untrue, feigned, forged, fabulous; amisse.

† Mensonger. To lye, fib, foist, fable, cog, feigne; to forge, report, or deliver, an untruth.

Mensongerement. Lyingly, fabulously, falsly, untruly.

Menstrual: m. ale: f. Menstruall, or menstruous;

ſtruous; belonging, or like, unto a womans flowers.

Menſtrue: m. *A womans flowers; her monthly diſeaſe, or termes.*

Menſurable: com. *Meaſurable.*

Mental: m. ale: f. *Mentall, thoughtſome, belonging to the mind, (onely) in the mind.*

Menraſtre: m. *Calamint, mountain Mint.*

Mente: f. *The herb Mint, or Mints.*

Mente aiguë. *Speare-Mint, garden Mint, browne Mint, Mackerell Mint, our Ladies mint.*

Mente aquatique. *Fish Mint, water Mint, brook Mint.*

Mente chevaline. *Horſe Mint, wild Mints; water Mint.*

Mente creſpuë. *Curled Mint, red garden Mints.*

Mente de noſtre Dame. *as* Mente Romaine.

Mente Grecque. *The ſame.*

Mente Romaine. *Speare-Mint, Saline-Mint, Mackerell Mint, garden Mint, browne Mint, our Ladies Mint.*

Mente Sarraſine. *The ſame.*

Mente ſauvage. *Horſe mint, wild mints; alſo, water mint.*

Menterea u: m. *A ſubtler, fibber, pretty liar.*

Menterie: f. *A lying, cogging, ſoiſting, ſubbing, fibbing; alſo, a lie.*

Menteur: m. *A liar, fibber, ſoiſter, ſubber, cogger, leaſing-monger, falſe limmer.*

Homme plaideur menteur, Prov. *See* Plaideur.

Menteuſement. *Moſt untruly, very falſely.*

Menteux: m. euſe: f. *Full of lies, fraught with leaſings, fables, untruthes.*

Menthaſtre: m. *Calamint, mountain mint.*

Mentie. *Look* Mente.

Menti: m. ie: f. *Lied, feigned, foiſted, fabled.*

Mentibules: f. *The jawes.*

Mention: f. *Mention; remembrance; a nomination, or naming of; talke had, ſpeech paſſed, of.*

Mentionné: m. ée: f. *Mentioned; nominated; named, remembred; ſomewhat ſpoken, or talked of; touched in diſcourſe.*

Mentionner. *To mention; remember; nominate, name; ſpeak or talke of; touch in diſcourſe.*

Mentir. *To lie, ſib, fable, cog, ſoiſt, feigne, forge untruths, coyne leaſings; tell a lie; alſo, to doe any thing contrary to it ſelfe; whence;*

Bon cœur ne peut mentir; Prov. *An honeſt heart cannot utter (or be the Author of) an untruth; and;*

Le bon ſang ne peut mentir. *A noble nature will not yield unto baſe conditions; or cannot, when occaſion is offered, conceale it ſelfe.*

Mentir comme vn arracheur de dents. *To lie like a tooth-drawer; (we ſay that Barbers have all the newes in a countrey; and they that tell much newes tell many a lie.)*

On ne doit point mentir en Vin; Prov. *Wine telleth truth, and ſhould not be belied.*

Menton: m. *The chinne.*

Lever le menton à. *To harden, aſſure, hearten, imbolden, incourage.*

Rabaiſſer le menton à. *To humble, deject, bring low, pluck downe.*

Tenir le menton à. *To ſuccour, ſavour, ſupport, maintaine, uphold.*

Celuy peut hardiment nager à qui l'on ſouſtient le menton; Prov. *He muſt needs ſwimme that is held up by the chinne (ſay we.)*

La verta ne fut iamais à menton blanc; Prov. *Vertue never grew old; the vigor thereof did never decay.*

Mentonnier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, the chinne.*

Mentule: f. *A mans yard.* ℣ Rab.

Menu. Le menu. *The pretty diſhes, or fine meats at Table; alſo, the head, feet, and paunch of a ſheep.*

Menu: m. uë: f. *Little, ſmall, ſize, thin, ſlender, ſubtill, exile.*

Menus droicts. *All vailes, or fees belonging to an officer; and particularly, the head, feet, ſkin, and intrails of a ſlaughtered beaſt; or all ſuch parts as a Cooke, or yeoman of the ſlaughter-houſe, reſerves for himſelfe.*

Menus panais. *The white Mallow, marſh Mallow, moriſh Mallow.*

Menues penſees. *Paunſies, Hearts-eaſe, love or live-in idleneſſe; alſo, idle, private, or pretty thoughts.*

Le menu peuple. *The vulgar; the rude multitude; the meaner ſort; the raſcall, or common people.*

Menus poctaſtres. *Common, paultry, triviall, ignorant, Poets.*

Menus propos. *Short ſpeeches, pretty ſayings, pleaſant conferences; alſo, idle chat.*

Menu ver, ou verk. *The furre Minever; alſo, the beaſt that beares it.*

Par le menu. *By parcels, by pieces, by retaile, piecemeale.*

Menuailles: f. *Small ware, ſmall traſh, ſmall offals; a great ſort of little pieces, trinkets, or triſles.*

Menuëment. *Smally, ſlenderly, thinly, by little parcels, or pieces.*

Menuet: m. *The name of a ſweet apple, that yields excellent Cyder.*

Menuët: m. ete: f. *Smalliſh, little, pretty, fine, thin.*

Menuëté: f. *Smallneſſe, littleneſſe, exility, ſlenderneſſe, fineneſſe, thinneſſe.*

Menuïſailles: f. *Small traſh, ſlender toyes, little triſles, or offals; alſo, as* Menus droicts; *or, the head, feet, and paunch of an edible creature.*

Menuïſe: f. *Small fiſh of divers ſorts; or the ſmall frie of fiſh caſt into a Pond, &c. for the ſtoring thereof; alſo, a kind of net wherewith ſuch fiſh may be caught; alſo, any ſmall traſh, guts, or garbage; and the gobbets, or parings of fiſh cut, and caſt away by Fiſhmongers; alſo, a ſmall Gudgeon, or fiſh bred of the ſpawne, but never growing to the bigneſſe, of a Gudgeon.*

Menuiſement: m. *A miniſhing, extenuating, making ſmall; a crumbling, or breaking very ſmall.*

Menuiſer. *To miniſh, extenuate, impaire very much, make very ſmall; to crumble; to grind, break, or cut ſmall.*

Menuiſerie: f. *Seeling, wainſcotting, Joyners worke; alſo, any ſmall work.*

Menuiſeté: f. *Smallneſſe, littleneſſe, thinneſſe, fineneſſe, exility, ſlenderneſſe.*

Menuiſier: m. *A Joyner.*

Menuiſier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Joyner, or to Joyners worke.*

Menuſaillerie: f. *Small ſtuffe.*

Menuville: f. *as* Manivelle (*in the laſt ſence.*)

Meon: m. *Mew, Spignell, Baldmony, Bearwort.*

Mequine. *as* Mechine. ℣ Ple.

Mer: f. *The Sea; the Mayne; alſo, the hollowneſſe, or channell of a wine-preſſe, the round concavity wherein the grapes are preſſed.*

Mer d'amont. *The Adriatick ſea; the ſea wherein Venice doth ſtand.*

Mer d'aval. *The Tyrrhenian, or Tuſcane ſea.*

Mer majour. *The Exine ſea; the ſea which divides Europe from Aſia.*

Mer de procez. *An infinite, or endleſſe ſute.*

Diable de mer. *A ſea-Coot, or Cormorant.*

La grande mer. *The firſt bull of Privileges granted (by Paulus tertius) unto the Jeſuites.*

Verd de mer. *Sea-green colour.*

Entre deux mers. *The underſtood of the countrey that lies between the two large Gaſcon Rivers* Dordonne, *and* Garonne.

Meller la mer, & le ciel. *To make a horrible confuſion.*

Singler en haute mer. *To ſayle in the Mayne; to have ſtuffe enough to work on, or the world at will.*

Tenir la mer. *To command it, or be maſter of, the ſea.*

Tenir à la mer. *To work, or ſayle againſt the tide.*

Celuy qui ſe met ſur la mer ou il eſt ſol, ou il eſt pouvre, ou il a envie de mourir; Prov. *He that unto the ſea commits his body, is either poore, or deſperate, or a noddy.*

Goutte à goutte la mer s'eſgoute; Prv. *Look* Eſgouter.

Les Rivieres retournent en la mer. Prov. (*Said when Princes doe ſqueeze out of their ſpungy Officers the moiſture which they have purloyned from them.*)

Qui envoye chetif à la mer il n'en taſporte ne poiſſon, ne ſel; Prov. *A man either loſes, or gets nought, by ſending an unfit meſſenger.*

Qui eſt ſur la mer ne fait pas des vents ce qu'il veut; Prov. *Winds are not ſubject unto thoſe that ſayle.*

Qui veut apprendre à prier aille ſouvent ſur la mer; Prov. *He that will learn to pray let him go oft to ſea.*

Merane. *for* Mejane. ℣ Rab.

Meratre: f. *A ſtepmother.*

Mere de Chaſtel; du Gibet; de la juſtice. *The ſeat, place, or marke of the houſe of a Lord* Chaſtelain, *and of (his) Gibbet, or Gallowes, which be ſigns of high Juriſdiction.*

Mercadant: m. *A poore merchant, paultry tradeſman; one that deales but for ſmall, or ſlight ware.*

Mercadence: f. *Small traffick.*

Mercader: m. *A Merchant, or Tradeſman.*

Mercandeau: m. *A paultrie merchant, poore bargainer, ſorry chafferer, beggarly chapman.*

Mercandier: m. *as* Mercandeau.

Mercantil: m. ile: f. *Merchantly, merchant-like.*

Mercenaire: com. *Mercenary, hireling, or hired; that takes hire, wages, or bribes.*
Mercerie: f. *Small ware, chaffer.*
Mercerot: m. *A Pedler, a paltrie Haberdasher.*
Merci: f. *Mercy; also, pitie, compassion; tender-heartednesse; also, pardon, remission, forgivenesse; also, a benefit, or favour; also, thankes given for a benefit.*
Relief à merci. *The revenue of one, or (as in some places) of every third yeare, yielded for a Relief.*
Merci: m. ie: f. *Thanked; as in* Dieu merci. *God be thanked.*
Merci-dieu vilain. *Gods mercy villaine; or though I say it; you rogue (an angry womans oath.)*
Mercier: m. *A good Pedler, or meane Haberdasher of small wares; a tradesman that retailes all manner of small ware, and hath no better then a shed, or booth for his shop.*
Roy des merciers. *Look* Roy.
Tuer vn mercier pour vn peigne. *To punish light faults with heavy penalties; or, to take a great revenge of a small wrong.*
Chascun mercier prise ses aiguilles, & son panier; Prov. *To every one his owne seems faire.*
A chasque mercier son pannier; Prov. *Let each man his owne burthen beare.*
Il n'est pas mercier qui ne sçait faire la loge; Prov. *The Pedlers gaine will be but small that cannot reare himselfe a stall.*
Petit mercier petit pannier; Prov. *The little Pedler a little pack doth serve.*
Mercier. (*Of three syllables*) *to thanke, or give thanks.*
Mercredi. *Wednesday.*
Mercuire: f. *as* Mercuriale.
Mercure: m. *The God Mercury; Planet Mercury; drug Mercury; also,* Quicke-silver.
Il a du mercure à la teste. *He is fantasticall, humorous, new-fangled, giddy-headed; also, he is very craftie.*
Mercuriel: m. ale: f. *Of Mercury; made of Mercurie; borne under the Planet Mercury; hence, humorous, fantasticall, new-fangled; also, prating, talkative, long-tongued; also, craftie, subtill, deceitfull, theevish.*
Mercuriale: f. *Mercury, French Mercury; an herb whereof there be three kinds; a male, female, and;*
Mercuriale sauvage. *Wild Mercury, dogs Mercury, dogs Candle.*
Mercuriales: f. *After-noone Sittings, appointed to be held on Wednesdayes, at first every fifteen dayes, or, at least, once a month; afterwards (by an Edict of* Charles *the ninth, in the yeare 1566) once every three moneths, in all Townes of Parliament; and at length (by an Edict of H. 3. Anno 1579) in all Presidiall Towns, and but once in six moneths: The Judges in them be certaine select Presidents of the Place, who are to examine, and censure the faults committed by the Officers of the ordinary Courts held there (or elsewhere within that Jurisdiction) and during the continuance of that businesse must intend no other.*
Mercurializer. *To mercurialize it; to be humorous, fantasticall, new-fangled; also, to prattle, bable, talke over-much.*
Mercy. *Look* Merci.
Merdaille: f. *A crue of shitten knaves, of filthie scowndrels, of stinking fellowes.*
Merde: f. *Mans dung, turd, excrements, ordure.*
Merde de fer. *The drosse of Iron.*
Merde oye. *A Gooses turd green.*
Robbe d'argent brodée de merde. *An excellent Text ill expounded, or commented on; (for which cause* Rabelais *cals so* Iustinians *Institutes.)*
A cul de foirard tousiours abonde merde; Prov. *There wants no turd at shitten fellowes taples.*
Le pore a tout bon en soy fors que la merde; Prov. *Look* Pore.
Merdé. *Its stead of,* Mort Dieu.
Merdefer. *The drosse of Iron.*
Merdefin: m. *A Phisitian; tearmed so in derision.*
Merdeux: m. euse: f. *Beshitten, berayed, all-to-beturded, full of ordure.*
Merdigues, *Mother of God; (a rusticall oath)*
Merdre. *as* Merdé. *&* Rab.
Merdugues. *Mother of God; (a rusticall oath, or Interjection.)*
Mere: f. *A mother; also, the wombe, or Matrix of a woman; also, the earth of a Fox, or hole of a Badger; also, a great salting-tub for Hogs-flesh; also, a great pit, or trench, whereinto the superfluous moisture of waterie ground is conveyed by small cuts, or ditches; also, the anteriour, and inner side, or face, of an Astrolabe.*
Mere des cailles. *A Raile; or, a brook-Owsell.*
Mere d'une fontaine. *The head of a Fountaine, or Conduit, walled about with, or covered with a vault of, stone.*
Mere grand. *A grandmother, a grandam.*
Dure mere de la teste. *The double skin that covereth the outside of the braine, and keepeth it from being hurt, or touched by the skull.*
Pie mere. *A thin, and cleere skin, or filme, next to the braine, the which it inwraps on all sides, and nourishes by vessels received from other parts.*
C'est le ventre ma mere. *I will come no more there, I will do no more so.*
Il s'en va prendre la mere au nid. *Said of one that fleates (in jeast) towards another, with a purpose to doe him some unhappy trick: Said also of a nice, and precise hypocrite.*
Mere piteuse fait sa fille roigneuse; Prov. *A tender mother breeds a scabbie daughter.*
La mere du timide ne sçait que c'est de pleurer; Prov. *The cowards dam knowes not what weeping meanes.*
Mauvaise fille se mocque de sa mere; Prov. *Look* Mauvais.
Mere: com. *Meere, unmixed, sole, right, pure, plaine, without art, of it selfe.*
Mere goutte. *Unpressed wine, or oyle; such as of it selfe, distils from the grapes, or olives, immediatly after they be layed in the presse.*
Bateau mere. *A great salt-boat, or barke; or, the chiefest, or greatest of a fleet.*
Sentine mere. *A little salt-boat, or barke.*
Tout fin mere nud. *Naked up, or even, to the belly.*
Mereau: m. *A counter (to cast withall;) also, a Token (received at Church by one that meanes to communicate.)*
Meregrand. *Look* Mere.
Merelles. Le Ieu des merelles. *The boyish game called Merils, or five-penny Morris; played here most commonly with stones, but in* France *with pawnes, or men made of purpose, and tearmed* Merelles.
Mere-perle. *Mother of pearle.*
Merge: m. *A name for divers water fowle; that use to duck much; as the Puffin, Cormorant, Didapper, &c.*
Meriane; f. *Noone-rest, sleeping adayes, or at mid-day. &* Norm.
Merianer. *To rest, or sleep at noon-tide.*
Meridian. *as* Meridien.
Meridien: m. *The Meridian; a circle which passing through both the Poles, and through our Zenith (whereso ever) divides the Sphere into two equall parts; the one Orientall, the other Occidentall.*
Meridien: m. enne: f. *Meridian; South, or Southerly; of, or belonging to, the Meridian, mid-day, or noone.*
Meridional: m. ale: f. *Meridionall, Southerly, of the South, or the South side; belonging to noone-tide.*
Cercle meridional. *as* Meridien; *called so, because whensoever, and wheresoever the Sunne comes into it it is noone.*
Merin: m. *A Sergeant, common Bayliffe, or such like rurall Officer in the Customes of* La Bourt.
Merise: f. *A small bitter Cherry.*
Merisier: m. *The small and bitter Cherrie-tree.*
Merite: m. *Merite; desert; an act worthie of recompence.*
Les merites d'un procez. *The Pleadings of a cause; the Bill, Answer, Reply, and Rejoinder; the titles alledged, proofes produced, or matter contained, therein.*
Merité: m. ée: f. *Merited, deserved, earned.*
Meritément. *Meritoriously, deservedly, worthily, with good cause.*
Meriter. *To merit, to deserve.*
Meritoire: com. *Meritorious, well deserving, worthie of reward.*
Meritoirement. *Meritoriously, deservedly, worthily.*
Merlan: m. *A Whiting, a Merling.*
Merlan salé. *A dried whiting; the fish which we call (of it hardnesse) Buckborne.*
Merlanc. *as* Merlan.
Merle: m. *A Mearle, Owsell, Blackbird.*
Merle bleu. *A small Owsell that usually builds among Rocks, and feeds on worms, fruits, and seeds.*
Merle de Bresil. *A kind of Mearle of a lively red colour.*
Merle au collier. *A kind of Thrush that hath a whitish ring about her neck.*
Merle de mer. *The Cock-fish, or sea-Tench; a duskie, and dainty fish, that resembles a Perch.*
Merle noir. *The Black bird, or ordinary Owsell.*
Grand merle. *A Goat-sucker; a mountaine bird, somewhat bigger then an Owsell, and lesse then a Cuckoe.*
Ie vous donneray vn merle blanc. *I will performe impossibilities, or bestow on you a most rare gift.*

Merle:

Merle: f. *as* Meſle; *a Medlar.*
Merlet: m. *A battlement (of a wall.)*
Merlette: f. *A Martlet, in Blaſon.*
Merlier: m. *A Medlar tree.*
Merlus, ou Merluz: m. *A Melwell, or Kneeling, a kind of ſmall Cod whereof Stockfiſh is made.*
Chauſſes à queuë de merlus. *Looke* Chauſſe.
Mermelade: f. *Marmalade.*
Merque. *as* Marque.
Merque de bois, *A rowe, tuft, or grove of trees neere to a houſe.*
Merques: f. *Be, in a paire of beads, the biggeſt, or leaſt.*
Merrain, & Merrien. *as* Marrein.
Mers. Batture faicte au deſſus des mers. *Upon the head, or face.*
Merveillable: com. *Marvellous, admirable.*
Merveille: f. *A marvell, wonder; miracle; a monſtrous thing, ſtrange accident, admirable matter.*
A merveilles. *Marvellouſly, miraculouſly, wonderfully, admirably, ſtrangely.*
Pois de merveilles. *The blacke Winter Cherry, Indian Hart, or Hart-peaſe.*
Merveille; ou, Pomme de mer. *The Balſam, or Balme apple; (an herb.)*
Merveille femelle. *The female Balſam apple; beares a purple flower, and differs from the male in all things but the fruit; which (though like unto) is ſomewhat leſſe then his.*
Merveille maſle. *The male Balſame, or Balme apple, (tearmed particularly the apple of Jeruſalem) beares a faint yellow, or ſtraw-coloured flower.*
Merveilleuſement. *Marvellouſly, miraculouſly, wonderfully, ſtrangely.*
Merveilleux: m. euſe: f. *Marvellous, miraculous, wonderfull, admirable, ſtrange.*
Mery: m. *The gullet, weaſon, or pipe, wherby meat paſſeth down into the ſtomack*
Més: m. *A meſſe, or ſervice of meat; a courſe of diſhes at table.*
Belle chere vaulc bien vn més; Prov. *A cheerfull look fils up halfe-empty diſhes.*
Qui a fourmage pour tous més il le doit couper bien eſpez; Prov. *He that hath nought but Cheeſe at noon and night, muſt baniſh the Philiſtines penny-weight.*
Mes. *The Plurall of* Mon; *as,* Mes livres, habits, &c.
Mes. *for* Plus, *as* Oncques mes. *Never more*
Més, *in Compoſition, is as much as* Mal, *perverting and turning to ill the ſence of the words it precedeth; as in* Meſaiſe, Meſfaire, &c. *Or as our Compounds,* Un, *and* Mis, *which we uſe unto the ſame purpoſe.*
Meſadvenance: f. *Uncomelineſſe, unbecomming.*
Meſadvenir à. *To miſhappen, to ſucceed ill unto.*
Meſadventure: f. *Miſadventure, miſchance, miſfortune, miſhap.*
Meſadvenue: f. *as* Meſadventure.
Meſaiſe: f. *Diſeaſe, trouble, moleſtation, calamity, miſery, affliction.*
Meſange: f. *A Titmouſe, or Tittling.*
Meſange bleuë. *Our ordinary Titmouſe.*
Meſange hupée. *A copped ſmall Titmouſe, that hath a black head ſpotted with white, a light-brawne body, white breaſt, and aſh-coloured thighes.*
Meſange à la longue queuë. *The long-tayled Titmouſe; lives, for the moſt part, among bils, and in high places.*
Meſange nonnette. *The little Titmouſe called a Nunne, becauſe ſhee ſeemes to weare (as a Nunne doth) a fillet about her head.*
Meſaraïques. Veine mes. *Look* Veine.
Meſarriver. *To miſarrive, to happen, or come unfortunately unto.*
A qui il meſarrive on luy meſtaict; Prov. (*So apt are men to wrong th'unfortunate.*)
Meſchamment. *Wickedly, impiouſly, ungraciouſly, naughtily, filthily, moſt impurely, ſcurvily, roguiſhly, knaviſhly, villanouſly; curſtly, frowardly, miſchievouſly; paltrily, courſely.*
Meſchance: f. *A miſchiefe, or miſchance.*
Meſchanceté: f. *Wickedneſſe, impiety, ungraciouſneſſe, knavery, naughtineſſe, villany, vileneſſe; a bad act, lewd pranke, filthie part, ſinfull deed.*
Meſchant. *Wicked, impious, ungracious, naughty, bad, lewd, villanous, roguiſh; vile, filthie, ſcurvy, moſt impure; alſo, paltrie, courſe, unworthy; alſo, curſt, miſchievous, harſh, froward.*
Meſchant ouvrier ia ne trouvera bons outils; Prov. *A bungler ſeldome fits him with good tooles.*
Meſchantes paroles ont meſchant lieu; Pro. *Bad words do find but bad acceptance.*
Meſchante parole ieſtée va par tout à la volée; Prov. *A bad word caſt, ſoone roves, abroad.*
De meſchant homme bon Roy; Prov. *The froward, or untractable man proves a good King.*
De meſchant hoſte bon recondiſeur; Prov. *A nitedy hoſt (or ghoſt) a notable guide.*
Tout meſchant eſt ignorant; Prov. *All naughty men are ignorant.*
Aujour d'uy marchant demain meſchant; Prov. *To day a Merchant, to morrow a miſcreant.*
Bon baſtard, c'eſt avanture, mais meſchant c'eſt de nature; Prov. *Baſtards by chance are good, by nature bad.*
Sans eſtre pourſuivy le meſchant prend la fuite; Prov. *The ſinner flies before he is purſued; ſelfe-guilt, though nought elſe, makes a ſinner flie.*
Meſche. *as* Meiche.
Meſcheif: m. *Miſchiefe.*
Meſcheniere: f. *Candle-week Mallein.*
Meſcheoir à. *To miſhappen, ſucceed ill, fall out unluckily for.*
A qui meſchet on luy meſoffre; Prov. *Thoſe whom neceſſity, or misfortune forces to ſell, are never offered the full worth of things.*
Aux bons meſchet il; Prov. *The beſt men (commonly) have the worſt fortune; whereupon we ſay, The honeſter man the worſe his luck.*
Il n'eſt pas en ſeurté à qui ne meſcheuſt oncques; Prov. *Hee ſtands not ſurely that did never ſlip.*
Meſchine: f. *A wench, maid ſervant, miſſe, fra.*
Meſchinon: f. *A girle; a little, or young maid ſervant.*
Meſcle: f. *Maſlin; Wheat and Rye mingled.* ¶ Langued.
Meſcogneu. Il ne s'eſt point meſcogneu. *He acknowledged, forgot not, was mindfull, or not ignorant, of.*
Meſcognoiſſance: f. *Unacknowledgement, ingratitude; unthankfulneſſe, churliſhneſſe; ignorance.*
Meſcognoiſſant. *Unacknowledging, ignorant, ungrateful, unreſpective, unthankfull.*
Meſcognoiſtre. *To miſtake; ignore; forget; neglect.*
Meſcompte: m. *A miſreckoning; or wrong accompt; a miſtaking; failing, or erring, in accompt.*
Meſconſeiller. *To miſcounſell, miſadviſe, pervert, ſeduce.*
Meſconte: m. *as* Meſcompte.
Meſconté: m. ée: f. *Miſreckoned, miſcompted.*
Meſcontentement: m. *Diſcontentment, offence, ill ſatisfaction.*
Meſcontenter. *To diſpleaſe, diſcontent, offend, give ill ſatisfaction to.*
Se meſcontenter de. *To take the pet, or pepper in the noſe, at; to be ill ſatisfied with; no way to like, or allow of.*
Meſconter. *To miſcount, miſreckon; faile, or erre, in reckoning.*
Meſcreable: com. *Unbelievable, ſuſpectable, not to be credited, unfit to be truſted.*
Meſcreance: f. *Miſcreancie, miſbeliefe, a wrong beliefe.*
Meſcreant. *Miſcreant, miſbelieving; faithleſſe; incredulous, miſtruſtfull.*
Meſcreu. *as* Meſcru.
Meſcroire. *To miſtruſt, ſuſpect, have little beliefe, put ſmall confidence, in; alſo, to play the miſcreant, or believe amiſſe.*
Meſcru: m. ë: f. *Miſtruſted, ſuſpected; not credited, no way believed.*
Mes-dames. *The title, or ſtile of the French Kings daughters.*
Mes-damoiſelles. *The title, or ſtile of the French Kings brothers daughters.*
Meſdire. *To deprave, reproach, revile; raile on, detract from, ſpeak ill of.*
Meſdiſance. *as* Meldiſon.
Meſdiſant. *Reproachfull, detractive, obliquious, opprobrious, railing, reviling.*
Il ne ſeroit nuls meſdiſans s'il n'eſtoit des eſcoutans; Prov. *There would be none to raile if none would heare.*
Meſdiſon: f. *Reproach, obliquie, detraction, obtreſtation, opprobrious ſpeech; reviling, depraving, railing on.*
† Meſdonner. *To miſgive, or be ſtow amiſſe.*
Meſe: f. *A eighth, or proportion of eight, in Muſick; alſo, as* Mere (*methinks.*)
Meſeau: m. *A meſelled, ſcurvy, leaproous, lazarous perſon.*
Plus craſseux que la taſſe d'un meſeau. *See* Craſseux.
Meſel. *as* Meſeau.
Meſelerie: f. *Meſelrouſſe, leaproſie, ſcurvineſſe.*
Meſeleux: m. euſe: f. *Meſeld, leaproous, full of the Scurvie.*
Meſelle: f. *A leaproous, or ſcurvy woman.*
Meſellerie: f. *as* Meſelerie.
Meſelleux. *as* Meſeleux.
Meſenimere: m. *The* Meſenterium, *or the middle of the bowels; or, the fat, thicke, or double ſkin that faſten them to the back, and each unto other.*
Meſenterique: com. *Of, or belonging to the* Meſenterium.
Arteres meſenteriques. *Are two in upper, which diſtributes it ſelfe unto*

the ſmall guts; and, an under one, which goes unto the lower part of the Meſenterium.

Veines meſenteriques. *Look* Veine.

† Meſeſcrire. *To write ill, or amiſſe of; to write againſt.*

Meſ-eſtimer. *To miſeſteeme, or diſeſteeme.*

Meſtaire. *To wrong, abuſe, miſdoe unto.*

'A qui il meſarrive on luy meſtait; Prov. *Men (ſlightly) uſe him ill that hath ill luck.*

Meſfiance: f. *Diſtruſt, miſtruſt.*

Meſgarde: f. *Heedleſneſſe, retcheleſneſſe, improvidence, overſight, careleſneſſe, lacke of good-take-heed.*

Meſgnie: f. *A meynie, family, houſehold; or houſehold ſervants. Look* Meſnie.

Meſgue: f. *Whay.*

Meſguis. *as* Megis.

Meſhaigne: com. *Peeviſh, wayward, froward, ill to pleaſe; (the humour of moſt leane perſons.)*

Meſhain. *as* Mehaing.

Meſhingandé: m. ée: f. *(Almoſt) off the hindges; looſe in every joint.*

Meſhuy. *Not to day, not this day, not till to morrow; (a word applied moſt properly to the whole later part of the day.)*

Meſlange: f. *A mixture, medley, maſh; mingling; botchpot, gallymaufrey; a compoſition, or collection of many ſeverall things.*

Meſlangé: m. ée: f. *Mixed, mingled, melled, blent, jumbled, ſhuffled, hudled together.*

Meſlanger. *To mingle, mix, blend; maſh, mell; jumble, ſhuffle; make a confuſed medley, huddle things together.*

Meſlangeur: m. *A mingler, mixer, blender; jumbler, ſhuffler, hudler of things together.*

Meſle: f. *A Medlar.* ¶ Pie.

Avec le temps, & la paille lon meure les meſles; Prov. *Time and affliction ſupple harſheſt natures.*

Meſlé: m. ée: f. *Mingled, mixed, put among; melled; medled, intermedled, ſhuffled, huddled, or jumbled, with.*

Cheveux meſlez. *Tangled locks; alſo, gray haires; whence;*

Vn homme meſlé. *One thats full of gray haires; alſo, a generall ſcholler, one that hath a ſmattering of all Arts.*

Peſle meſlé. *Pell-mell, confuſedly.*

Meſlée: f. *A mixture, or medley; a blinding, mingling, melling; alſo, a fight, fray, conflict, combat, bickering, battell.*

Meſlement. *Mixtly, confuſedly, in a huddle, as a botchpot, one with another.*

Meſler. *To mingle, mix, blend, maſh, mell; to huddle, ſhuffle, jumble; confound.*

Se meſler de. *To meddle, intermeddle, deale with, have a hand in.*

Se meſler du meſtier. *Look* Meſtier.

Cela meſlera nos tuſées. *That will unite our cauſes, or make them alike.*

Il eſt bien heureux qui ſe meſle de ſes affaires; Prov. *Happy is hee that followes his owne buſineſſe. Looke* Heureux.

Qui ſe meſle d'autruy meſtier il trait ſa vache en vn panier; Prov. *Look* Meſtier.

Meſleure: f. *A medley, mixture; mingling, medling.*

Meſlié. *as* Meſlé. ¶ Vandoſmois.

Meſlier: m. *A Medlar tree; alſo, (the name of) a fruitfull white Vine, whoſe leafe is almoſt round; whence;*

Le meſlier commun. *The moſt fruitfull kind thereof.*

Le franc meſlier. *Another, which beares the beſt fruit.*

Le gros meſlier. *Hath the greateſt ſtocke, and yeelds the greateſt grape.*

Meſliers: m. *The plurall to* Meſlier; *alſo, Vines of ſeverall kinds, and colours growing together.*

Meſlinge, & Meſlingé. *as* Meſlange, & Meſlangé.

Meſlinger. *as* Meſlanger.

Meſlouër. *To diſpraiſe, diſcommend, detract from.*

† Meſmarché: m. ée: f. *Trodden, or gone awry.*

† Meſmarcher. *To tread, or go awry, to ſet the ſteps amiſſe.*

† Meſmarchure: f. *A wry ſtep, or treading; an ill poſture, or ſetting of the foot in treading; alſo, a wrinch, or ſtraine got in a bone, or joint by ſuch treading.*

Meſme: com. *Same, the ſame, ſelfe, the ſelfe-ſame, the very ſame.*

'A meſme terre. *On the very ground.*

Eſtre à meſmes de quelque choſe. *To have a thing in his power, or choiſe.*

I'eſtois à meſme de ce faire. *I was even ready, or about, to do this.*

I'ay faict de meſme vous. *I have done juſt as you.*

Vous n'eſtes pas à mous meſme. *Your wits run a wooll-gathering; or you are not well in your wits.*

Les Bourgeois (de ce pais) boivent de bon Vin, & leurs ſerviteurs de Meſme. *An ordinary Proverb in* Maine; *from the equivocation between this* meſme, *and* Meſme *the name of a River in* Le Perche.

Meſmement. *Namely, eſpecially, chiefly, principally.*

Meſmes. *The plurall to* Meſme; *alſo, as* Meſmement.

Meſmeté: f. *Selfeneſſe, it ſelfe, it own eſſence, or being.*

Meſnage: m. *Houſhold-ſtuffe, buſineſſe, or people; a houſhold, familie, or meyney.*

Poiſſon de meſnage. *as* Belenne.

'A profit de meſnage. *Soundly, throughly, with a witneſſe, without jeaſting or dalliance, to ſome purpoſe.*

Faire mauvais meſnage enſemble. *To agree ill favouredly together.*

Remuer meſnage contre. *To riſe up, or make an inſurrection againſt; and hence;*

Remueur de meſnage. *An unquiet, ſeditious, turbulent, or troubleſome fellow.*

Tout vient à point qui tient meſnage; Prov. *All is fiſh that comes to the houſeholders net.*

Meſnagé: m. ée: f. *Husbanded, thriftily uſed.*

Meſnageable: com. *Husbandable.*

Meſnagement: m. *Good husbandry, thriftineſſe, frugality, warineſſe, providence; alſo, a husbanding, or thriftie diſpoſall, of things.*

Meſnager: m. *as* Meſnagier; *whence the Proverb;*

Prou deſpendre, & peu gaigner ſaccage le meſnager.

Meſnager. *To husband, to uſe thriftily, governe diſcreetly, make the beſt or moſt of a thing.*

Meſnagerément. *Frugally, thriftily, providently, like a good husband.*

Meſnagerie: f. *Husbandrie, or huſwiferie; and the uſe, or practiſe thereof.*

Meſnagier: m. *An husband, an houſholder.*

Vn bon meſnagier. *A thriftie, warie, frugall, provident fellow, one that lookes very well to his own profit.*

Vn mauvais meſnagier. *An unthrift, ſcape-thrift, ſquander-good, ſpend-all, riotous, diſſolute, careleſſe yonker.*

Meſnagiere: f. *A houſewife, or houſewifely woman.*

Meſnie: f. *A meynie, familie, houſhold, houſehold company, or ſervants.*

De nouveau Seigneur nouvelle meſnie; Pro. *New Lords new Lawes.*

De tel Seigneur telle meſnie; Prov. *Like maſter like meynie.*

Meſoffrir. *To underbid; to offer leſſe for a thing then tis worth; alſo, to wrong, miſuſe, abuſe.*

A qui meſchet on luy meſoffre; Prov. *Look* Meſcheoir.

Meſolabe: m. *An halfe Aſtrolabe; an inſtrument uſed for the finding out of one, or many proportionall lines.*

† Meſouan, ou meſouën. *Henceforward, from henceforth.*

Meſparler. *To ſpeake ill, or amiſſe of; to diſprave, diſpraiſe, miſterme, detract from.*

Meſpartement: m. *A miſparting; an unhoneſt, unfit, or unſeemely diviſion.*

† Meſpert: m. *A halfe-part; or a keeping of a thing for halfe the profit comming of it.*

Meſple: f. *A Medlar, or Open-arſe.*

Meſplier: m. *A Medlar tree.*

Meſplier ſauvage. *The Hollie, Hulver, Holme tree.*

Meſprendre. *To erre, miſtake; tranſgreſſe, offend.*

Meſpris: m. *Deſpiſall, diſeſtimation, contempt, loathing, neglect, careleſſe regard of.*

Meſpriſant. *Contemning, deſpiſing, diſeſteeming, neglecting, heedleſſe of.*

Meſpriſé: m. ée: f. *Deſpiſed, diſeſteemed, contemned, neglected, not heeded, nought ſet by.*

Meſpriſement: m. *A contemning, diſeſteeming, deſpiſing, diſdaining, neglecting.*

Meſpriſer. *To diſeſteeme, contemne, diſdaine, deſpiſe, neglect, make light of, ſet nought by.*

Meſpriſereſſe: f. *A coy, ſqueamiſh or ſcornfull dame.*

Meſpriſeur: m. *A diſeſteemer, contemner, diſdainer, deſpiſer; one that neglects or makes light accompt of, things.*

Meſpriſon: f. *Miſpriſion, error; offence; a thing done, or taken, amiſſe.*

Meſquin: m. *A wretch, caitife, ſilly groome, poore ſwaine.*

Meſrien, & Meſrin. *as* Marrein.

Meſſadge, & Meſſadgerie. *as* Meſſage, & Meſſagerie.

Meſſage: m. *A meſſage, errand, embaſſage; alſo, a meſſenger, or embaſſador.*

Meſſager. *as* Meſſagier.

Meſſagere: f. *A ſhe-meſſenger.*

Meſſagerie: f. *A meſſengerſhip; the eſtate, office, or function of a meſſenger.*

Meſſagier:

Meſſagier : m. *A Meſſenger; Purſuivant; Poſte; Apoſtle.*
Meſſagier ſolennel. *An Embaſſador.*
Ne fais pas d'un fol ton meſſagier; Pro. *Send not a foole on thy errand, make not a foole thy meſſenger.*
Meſſe : f. *The Maſſe, a Maſſe.*
Meſſe de chaſſeur. *A ſhort or ſoone-ſaid Maſſe.*
La meſſe Martingault. *An Alarum, or Curfue bell, ſo tearmed by the inhabitants of* Touraine.
Enfans de choëur de la meſſe de minuict. *Quirreſters of midnights Maſſe; night walking rakebells, or ſuch as haunt thoſe nightly rites, not for any devotion, but onely to rob, abuſe, or play the knaves with, others.*
Quand la meſſe fut chantée, ſi fut la Dame parée; Prov. *when prayers were ended, Madame ends her pranking.*
Maſſeamment. *Unſeemely, ill-faſhionly, unhandſomely, ill-favouredly, with ſmall decorum, or comelineſſe.*
Meſſeance : f. *A miſbecomming, unſuitableneſſe, unfitneſſe, unſeemelineſſe, ill-favouredneſſe.*
Meſſeant. *Ill-ſitting, ill-ſuiting, miſbecomming, unobſerving; unhandſome, indecent, uncomely; unworthy of.*
Meſſel : m. *A Maſſe-booke.*
† Meſſer : m. *as* Maiſtre; *a Maſter; whence;*
La Caſe monſtre le meſſer; Prov. *The houſe the owner ſhewes.*
Meſſeresque. *Generoſité meſſeresque. Italian generouſneſſe; or, the generoſitie of Italian gentlemen.*
Meſſied. (*A verbe Impersonall*) Cela meſſied à. *Miſbecomes, ill-becomes, or becomes not; is unſeemely, unhandſome, unfit for, unworthy of.*
Meſſier : m. *A keeper, or overſeer of a vineyard.*
Meſſillant. *Maſſing, ſaying or ſinging Maſſe.*
Meſſillier. *To ſing, or ſay Maſſe.*
Meſſilier : m. Sergent meſſilier. *An officer that looks unto Vineyards, and other fruit-bearing grounds.*
Meſſion : f. La Meſſion. *The vacation (among Lawyers, and Stollers) during Vintage; for it begins the ſeventh of September, and ends about the eleventh of October.* ¶ Norm.
Meſſire, Sir; (*The title of a Knight; of a Merchant; and of a Countrey Curate.*)
Meſſortier : m. *A maſſing Prieſt, or a nick-name for him.*
Meſtaier. *as* Meſtayer.
Meſtairie : f. *A great Farme.*
Meſtais. *as* Meſtayer.
Meſtayer : m. *A Farmer; a Husbandman, or Ploughman; eſpecially ſuch a one, as by contract, is to yeeld halfe the profits, or increaſe of his land unto him of whom he holds it; or ſuch a one, as takes or ſowes another mans land to the halves.*
Meſtier : m. *A Trade, Occupation, Miſterie, Handicraft; alſo, need, lacke, neceſſitie, want, occaſion for the uſe of a thing; alſo, a Weavers Frame, or Loome; alſo, the wort of Ale, or Beere; alſo, a kind of waſte, which is not altogether ſo thicke as the* Gauffre.
Meſtiers. *A certaine Game wherein all trades are counterfeited by Signes.*
Le meſtier de la guerre. *The Art of warre.*
Le meſtier ord. *Lecherie, or bawderie, Looke* Femme.
S'endormir ſur le meſtier. *Lazily to foreſlow, faint in, or give over, a buſineſſe, when it is at the height, or halfe done.*
Se meſler du meſtier. Femmes qui ſe meſlent du meſtier. *That deale in the trade you wot of; that trade with their taylts.*
Mourir de faim prés le meſtier. *To ſtarve in a Cookes ſhop.*
C'eſt meſtier iuré, il n'en eſt pas qui veut : Prov. (*Underſtood of homeſtie.*)
Mieux vault meſtier qu'eſparvier; Prov. *Looke* Eſparvier.
Qui ſçait meſtier il eſt renté; Prov. *The induſtrious tradeſmans rents come in apace; or, he that hath a good trade hath a goodly revenue.*
Qui ſe meſle d'autruy meſtier il trait ſe vache en vn panier; Prov. *As good milke a Cow into a Sive, as deale in an unknowne trade.*
Meſtif : m. *A Mongrell.*
Les meſtis. *Such as are of a meane eſtate, or condition.*
Meſtif : m. ſue : f. *Mongrell; halfe the one halfe the other; whence;*
Vn chien meſtif. *A Mongrell, underſtood, by the* French, *eſpecially of a Dog that's bred betweene a Maſtive or great Cure, and a Greyhound.*
Meſtivailles : f. *Harveſt feaſts.*
Meſtivales. *The ſame.*
Meſtivé : m. ée : f. *Reaped, as corne in Harveſt.*
Meſtiver. *To reape, to make harveſt.*
Meſtives : f. *Harveſt; corne that's ripe, or ready to be reaped, or already reaped, in Harveſt.*
Meſtivier : m. *A Reaper, a Harveſt man.*
Meſtoyant. *Middle, betweene both.*
† Meſvenir. *as* Meſadavenir.
Meſurage : m. *Meaſurage; a meaſuring.*
Droict de meſurage. *The appointing, or proportioning of Meaſures, or the ſetting downe of their aſſiſe, within a Territory, belongs to none under the degree of a Lord* Chaſtellain; *for the authoritie of the* Haut Iuſticier *extends no further then to a bare examination of their juſtneſſe; alſo, Toll-corne, and Toll-Salt.*
Meſurant. *Meaſuring, meating.*
Meſure meſurante. *The veſſell, or inſtrument wherewith a thing is meaſured.*
Meſure : f. *A meaſure; ſcantling, rule, ſquare, proportion, forme, inſtrument, or veſſell of meaſuring; alſo, modulation, or time, in Muſicke; alſo, a meaſure, meane, moderation, temperature; alſo, a particular Corne-meaſure containing about a buſhell and a halfe. For Land there be foure kinds of* Meſures in France; *one conſiſting of 22 foot to the Perch, and 100 Perches (in ſquare) to the Arpent; The ſecond (more common then that) of 20 foot to the Perch, & 100 Perches to the Arpent; The third (leaſt in uſe) of 19 foot, and a third to the Perch, and 100 Perches to the Arpent; The laſt (and moſt uſuall one) of 18 foot to the Perch, and (as in the reſt) 100 Perches to the Arpent.*
Meſure d'un moulin. *A Mill-hopper.*
Meſure de Roy. *Looke* Roy.
Appetiſſement de meſure. *A certaine Impoſt upon wine retayled within* Tours.
Mehun ſur Eure, Vierzon, *and ſome other Townes; levied towards the reparation of their walls, gates, bridges, cauſeyes, pavements, &c.*
La petite meſure. *The ſame.*
A meſure que. *As, even as, ſtill as, ever as; how much, or looke how much that.*
Oultre meſure. *Profuſely; exceſſively, unmeaſurably, extreamely.*
Cuider n'eſt pas iuſte meſure; Prov. *Conjecture is no juſt meaſure; the juſt concludes not by imagination; He often wrongs both himſelfe and others, who makes a certaine eſtimate, or gives a finall judgement, upon the firſt, or outward appearance of things.*
Meſuré : m. ée : f. *Meaſured, meated, proportioned, ruled, squared out; valued, rated; weighed, examined; moderated, tempered.*
Meſure meſurée. *The ſize, or quantity of that which is meaſured.*
Meſurement : m. *A meaſuring, a meating.*
Meſurer. *To meaſure; meate, proportion, rule, ſquare out, examine, weigh, rate, value, eſteeme, temper, qualifie, moderate.*
Meſurer les ſauts des puces. *To loſe time, or ſpend it moſt idly, fondly, vainely.*
Qui meſure l'huile il s'en oingt les mains; Prov. *Looke* Huile.
Meſureur : m. *A Meaſurer, meater, ſurveyor.*
Mes-uſage : m. *Miſuſage, bad uſage, ill-handling.*
Met : m. *Sometimes uſed (by the Pariſians) in ſtead of* Maiſtre.
Met : f. *A kneading trough, or tub; alſo, a binne to keepe bread in; alſo, the trough, gutter, or furrow of a Wine-preſſe; that whereinto the wine falleth.*
Metacarpe : m. *The upper part of the hand from the wriſt to the knuckles, or the root of the fingers.*
Metagraboulizé : m. ée : f. *Puzzled in, dunced upon.*
Metagraboulizer. *To dunce upon, to puzzle, or (too much) beat the braines about.*
Metail : m. *Meſſling, or Maſlin; wheat and Rye mingled, ſowed, and uſed together.*
Metairie : f. *A Farme, Tenement, Country-houſe.*
Metois : m. *A Farmer, or Husbandman; for he holds not by rent, &c. but eaſily tills, and orders the Farme as ſervant unto the owner.*
Metaiſe : f. *Such a Farmers wife.*
Metal : m. *Mettall, matle.*
Metalepſe : f. *A figure whereby a word is put from it proper ſignification.*
Metallier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to mettall; full of, or abounding with mettall.*
Metalliſé : m. ée : f. *Made mettall, reduced into mettall.*
Metallier : m. *A mettall-man, one that deales in mettalls.*
Metallurgie : f. *A ſearch, or ſearching for mettall in the bowells of the earth.*
Metamorphoſe : f. *A Metamorphoſis; a transformation of ſhape.*
Metamorphoſer. *To transforme; to alter, or change the ſhape of.*

Meta-

Metaphore : f. *A Metaphor ; the tranſlation, or change of a word out of it proper, into another, ſence.*

Metaphoriquement. *Metaphorically, by tranſlation, figuratively.*

Metaphrene : m. *That part of the backe which is overagainſt the heart.*

Metapoſcopie : f. *A mans phiſiognomie.*

Metayer : m. *A Farmer, or Husbandman ; properly one that takes grounds to the halves ; or binds himſelfe, by contract, to anſwer unto him, of whom he holds them, halfe, or a great part, of the profits thereof.*

Metayere : f. *(Such) a Farmers wife, or woman Farmer.*

Metayerie : f. *A Farme ; alſo, the revenues thereof.*

† Metayſe. *as* Metaiſe ; *and as* Metayerie.

Mete : f. *A limit, bound ; end.*

† Meteil. *as* Metail ; *alſo, typhe wheat, bearded wheat, flat wheat,* Roman *wheat.*

Metelle. Noix metelle. *The thorne apple, or thornie apple of* Peru ; *an Indian nut, or fruit, which being eaten off, cauſeth an extreame numneſſe, heavineſſe, or drowſineſſe.*

Metempſicoſe : f. *The tranſmigration, or paſſage of the ſoule from one bodie to another ; (Pithagoras error.)*

Meteore : m. *A meteor ; an imperfect mixture bred in the aire.*

Meteorologie : f. *A diſcourſe of Meteors.*

Methelle. Noix methelle. *as* Metelle.

Methode : f. *A method, a ſhort, ready, and orderly courſe for the teaching, learning, or doing of a thing.*

Methodique : *Methodicall, orderly.*

Methridat : m. *Methridate ; a ſtrong Treacle, or Preſervative deviſed at firſt by the* Pontian *King,* Methridates.

Metis : m. *Mongrells ; or, as* Metis.

Metope : f. *A Metope, a ſquare ſpace between Twiglipes in a Dorick frize.*

Metopomantie : f. *Divination by the face.* ✠ Rab.

Metoyant. *Dividing into halves, parting in two ; alſo, equally belonging to, or depending on, two ; whence ;*

Mur metoyant. *A partition wall.*

Mettable : m. *Meetr.*

Mettrie : m. ée : f. *Made into meeter, put into verſe.*

Mets : m. *as* Més ; *a meſſe, courſe, or ſervice of meat ; alſo, a houſe, or tenement ; and hence ;*

Chef mets. *The principall Manur-houſe of a ſucceſſion, or familie.* ✠ Norm.

Mettable : com. *Paſſable, allowable, of good ſufficiency, of currant value.*

Mettant. *Putting, ſetting, placing ; pitching, planting ; grounding, ſituating ; bringing, ſending.*

Mette : f. *(The drinke) Meade.*

Metteur ; & encheriſſeur de fermes. *A chapman for Farmes ; one that bids readily, or roundly for a Farme which is to be let.*

Mettre : m. *A Corne-meaſure in ſome parts of* Burgundie, *containing the halfe of a Bichot, or two and a halfe of that countrey bulhels.*

Mettre. *To put, ſet, lay ; place, pitch, plant, ſituate, ground ; thruſt into ; alſo, to bring, reduce, or ſend.*

Se mettre à. *To addreſſe, addict, or devote himſelfe ; to fall unto, or go in hand with.*

Mettre aux ambles. *To bring a man into a faire traine or forwardneſſe, of ſpeaking or doing a thing, before he knew how he was drawn unto it.*

Mettre en avant. *To produce, publiſh, divulge, broach, or bring up ; to mention, alledge, exhibit, preferre, propound.*

Mettre quelqu'un en avant. *To forward, advance, promote.*

Mettre en barbe à. *To oppoſe againſt, or confront with.*

Mettre bas ; *whence,* La lice a mis bas. *The bitch hath whelped.*

Mettre au bas. *To depoſe, debaſe, deject.*

Mettre à la beſace. *To beggar, impoveriſh, ruine, undoe.*

Mettre à blanc. *To ſtrip, ranſack ; riſle, or deprive of all he hath ; to turne into his ſhirt.*

Mettre haut le blanc à la butte. *To rate exceeding highly.*

Mettre la bride ſur le col à. *Seeke* Bride.

Mettre ſur le bureau. *To fall in talke of, to bring upon the ſtage ; alſo, to bring (a ſuit) unto a publike hearing.*

Mettre la campane au chat. *To ſet at odds, or variance, to cauſe a difference, breed a quarrell between.*

Mettre aux champs. *Look* Champ.

Se mettre aux champs. *To braveit, or put the better leg before ; alſo, to roave, roame, or flie out.*

Mettre au chandelier. *To uſe ; entertaine, accept of.*

Mettre les clefs ſur la foſſe. *See* Clef.

Mettre au contraire. *To oppoſe, or object againſt.*

Mettre corps, & cœur. *To labour tooth and naile.*

Mettre de cul. *To overturne, overthrow ; confound, overcome, undoe.*

Mettre ſur les dents. *To bring upon his knees ; or, as in* Dent.

Mettre par deſſus. *To caſt, or heape upon ; to cover with ; to* [illegible]*er.*

Mettre au devant. *To oppoſe, or object againſt ; alſo, as* Mettre en avant.

Mettre en deux. *(Of a Cloth, Coverlet, &c.) to double.*

Mettre le doigt entre le bois & l'eſcorce. *To be meddling in, or very buſie with, matters which belong unto neere friends ; alſo, to ſet them at odds.*

Mettre de l'eau dedans le vin à. *To temper, coole, lame, or take a hole lower.* Il mit de l'eau dedans leur vin. *He gave them water to coole their pottage with.*

Mettre par eſcrit. *To couch, digeſt, ſet downe in, commit unto, writing ; to record.*

Mettre tout à par eſcuelles. *To make all ſplit.*

Mettre à l'eſſor. *To weather ; ſoake, draine. Look* Eſſor.

Mettre eſtat en la cauſe. *To ſtop, or ſtay the proceedings of the cauſe.*

Se mettre apres ſon eſteuf. *Looke* Eſteuf.

Mettre la faucille en la moiſſon d'autruy. *To thruſt his fingers into the diſh, bis oare into the boat, that belongs unto another.*

Mettre à la flac. *To ſquat, flat, ſquaſh, clap, or poſſe downe ; to give a violent, or terrible fall unto ; hence, utterly to ruine, or undoe on a ſuddaine ; alſo, to emptie a purſe ; (of the flapping ſound of an empty purſe.)*

Mettre à fonds. *To ſinke a Ship, &c.*

Mettre en jeu. *To produce, exhibite, ſhew forth ; alſo, to ſtake at play.*

Mettre au large. *To diſplay, ſpread open, extend, inlarge.*

Mettre ſa legitime au vent. *Seeke* Legitime.

Mettre à la litiere. *To turn unto baſe uſes, or tread under foot.*

Mettre la main au baſton, ou à la verge. *To part from, or diſpoſſeſſe himſelf of, an Inheritance, by delivering, in his Landlords preſence, a rod, or little ſtick to the party to whom he paſſes it.*

Mettre la main ſur le collat de. *To arreſt, or ſeize on, to take priſoner.*

Mettre la main juſques au coude. *Looke* Main.

Mettre la main à l'heritage. *To fall downe upon the hands.*

Mettre la main à la paſte. *To yeeld a helping hand unto.*

Mettre là main à la verge. *Look* Verge.

Mettre ad metam non loqui. *To drive to a nonplus, to put unto ſilence.*

Mettre à neant. *To raze, abrogate, antiquate, avoid, make void.*

Mettre au net. *To cleanſe, poliſh, trimme, ſmooth, make neat ; alſo, to cleere, expound, explaine ; alſo, to write a thing faire.*

Se mettre à l'ombre des bouchons. *To get him into a Taverne, to take ſanctuary in a Tap-houſe.*

Mettre in pace. *To burie ; (a Prierlie phraſe.)*

Mettre la paille au devant de. *To hinder, ſtop, interrupt, lay a blocke in the way of.*

Mettre vn pain au four à. *To doe a pleaſure (and ſometimes a diſpleaſure) unto.*

Mettre en panne. *Looke* Panne.

Mettre peine. *To labour, indeavour, travell, toile, beſtow much care, or great paines upon.*

Mettre à plein pied ; &, ſur le plein pied. *Looke* Pied.

Mettre ſous pieds. *To forgive, and forget.*

Mettre toutes pierres en œuvre. *To make uſe of any thing, to uſe all the meanes or imploy all the friends, he can make.*

Mettre à la pile. *Seeke* Pile.

Mettre ſa plume au vent. *To grow deſperate, carelleſſe, reckleſſe.*

Mettre à point. *To garniſh, decke, trick up, ſet out ; to dreſſe, make ready, furniſh with all the implements, belonging to it.*

Mettre au pouls tailli. *Seeke* Pouls.

Mettre à raiſon. *To reduce into, or compell unto, order. Looke* Raiſon.

Mettre ſur les rangs. *To propound, mention, ſet on foot, fall in talke, begin a diſcourſe of ; alſo, to flout, mocke, deride, or jeaſt at.*

Mettre au rouët. *To plunge, gravell, confound. Looke* Rouët.

Mettre

Mettre le ſien. *Il ſçait bien ou il met le ſien. He is a very warie fellow.*

Mettre ſus à ; ou mettre à ſus. *To accuſe of, impute unto, or charge with a matter.*

Mettre en ſa table. *Looke* Table.

Mettre à terre. *To ſet aſhore ; alſo, to hale, or draw aſhore.*

Mettre en terre. *To burie, or interre ; to cover with, or put into, the earth.*

Mettre par terre. *To ruine, overthrow, pull downe.*

Mettre en teſte à. *To induce, perſwade, put into the head, beat into the braines of ; alſo, to confront with, or oppoſe againſt.*

On luy mettra la teſte aux pieds. *He muſt be beheaded, they will have his head.*

Mettre en train. *To introduce, exhibit ; make an overture, ſet forward, breake the yce, or ſhew the way, unto.*

Mettre en vente. *To expoſe unto ſale.*

Mais ſi ie m'y mets. *But if I fall in hand with it ; if I undertake it, if I ſet to it.*

Mettez ſol à par ſoy, il penſera ; Pro. *Leave a foole to himſelfe, and he will thinke, or (perhaps) make an end of the matter.*

Mets raiſon en toy : on elle s'y mettra ; Prov. *Hearken to reaſon, or ſhe will be heard ; Let reaſons rudder ſteere thy prow, leaſt thou make wreck on woes ſhow.*

Metz : m. *A meſnage, tenement, or plow-land.* ¶ Wallon.

Meu : m. meuë : f. *Moved, ſtirred, removed, jogged, wagged, troubled ; alſo, induced, inclined, perſwaded.*

Ou eſt meu le hourd. *Where the ſcuffling is begun ; where blowes beginne to walke, thumpes to be given, thwacks to be dealt.*

Meuble : m. *A movable, or thing movable ; alſo, houſhold-ſtuffe, implements, or furniture.*

Les meubles ſuivent la perſonne. *Look* Perſonne.

Meuble : com. *Movable, moving.*

Terre meuble. *Soft, and ſhort earth (made ſo by often ſtirring.)*

Meublé : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed with movables, (well) ſtored with houſhold-ſtuffe.*

Meubler. *To furniſh with movables, to ſtore with houſhold ſtuffe.*

Meuf : m. *The Mood of a Verbe.*

† Meuglé : m. ée : f. *Lowed, bellowed.*

† Meuglement : m. *A lowing, or bellowing.*

† Meugler. *To low, to bellow.*

Meule : f. *A mill-ſtone ; alſo, a grindle-ſtone ; alſo, the cabbadge of a Dacres head ; alſo, a ſtacke, trodden cocke, or great cocke, of hay.*

Meulette : f. *A little Mill-ſtone, or grindle-ſtone.*

Meulier : m. ere : f. *Grinding, or belonging to a mill-ſtone, or grindle-ſtone.*

Dents meulieres. *The checke-teeth, or grinders.*

Meulon de foin. *A cocke of hay.*

Meulonner. *To make up hay into cocks, or ſtacks.*

Meulot : m. *A little cocke of hay.*

Meur. *Looke* Mur.

Meur : m. meure : f. *Ripe, mature, mellow ; alſo, diſcreet, conſiderate, adviſed, ſetled, ſtayed.*

Il en aura des plus meures du panier. *He ſhall be throughly payed, ſoundly handled, roundly dealt with.*

Donner entre deux vertes vne meure ; Prov. *To ſeaſon matters, to jumble good and bad together.*

Toutes heures ne ſont pas meures ; Pro. *All houres are not ſucceſſive, or ſeaſonable.*

Meure : f. *A Mulberrie.*

Meure de ronce. *The blacke-berrie, or bramble-berrie.*

Il ne faut aller aux meures ſans crochet ; Prov. *We muſt not goe about a buſineſſe without helpes to facilitate, and meanes to effect, it.*

Meurement. *Ripely, maturely, diſcreetly, adviſedly.*

Meureté : f. *Maturitie, ripeneſſe.*

Meuri : m. *Ripened, growne ripe.*

Meurier : m. *A mulberrie tree ; of two principall kinds, a white, and a blacke one.*

Meurier blanc. *The white Mulberrie, is of 3 kinds ; one bearing a white, another red, and the third (and beſt) a blacke, berrie.*

Meuriere : f. *A ground, or grove of Mulberrie trees.*

Meurir. *To ripen, to make ripe.*

Meuriſſon : f. *A ripening ; a making, or growing ripe.*

† Meurler. *To low, to bellow.*

Meurlon : m. *The name of a certaine white vine, or grape.*

Meurole de pommes. *A board of apples.*

Meuron : m. *A blacke, or bramble-berrie.*

Meurs : m. *Manners, conditions, qualities, faſhions, cuſtomes, behaviour, carriage.*

Meurte : m. *The Mirtle-tree, or ſhrub ; (ſweet-leaved, and ever full of leaves.)*

Meurte blanc. *The white Mirtle ; hath ſmooth light-greene leaves, and beares white berries.*

Meurte de Brabant. *The ſweet ſhrub Gaule, or ſweet willow ; the Dutch Mirtle tree.*

Meurte eſtrange. *The ſtrange, or forreine Mirtle ; fuller of leaves (and thoſe broader pointed) then the ordinarie one.*

Meurte des fontaines. *A certain herbe whoſe tender ſprigs being ſodden are very good meat ; it beares a white flower, and reſembles Oake-ſcarne.*

Meurte noir. *The ordinarie Mirtle ; or any kind of Mirtle that beares a blacke berrie, and leaves of a darker greene then the white.*

Meurte ſauvage. *The wild Mirtle tree, or Mirtle ſhrub ; alſo, Butchers Broome, Pettigree, Knee-holme.*

Meurte de Tarente. *Noble Mirtle ; the leaſt, moſt common, beſt, and beſt knowne of all the reſt.*

Oiſeau de meurte. *A Mirtle Thruſh.*

Meurtre : m. *Murther, Homicide.*

Meurtri : m. ie : f. *Murthered ; alſo, cruſhed, bruiſed, wan, lew, or bleake with beating, beaten blacke and blew.*

Meurtrier : m. *A murtherer, homicide, cut-throat, bloudie fellow.*

Meurtrier : m, ere : f. *Murthering, murtherous.*

Meurtriere : f. *A murthering piece.*

Meurtrieres. *Holes (in that part of a rampier that hangs over the gate) whereat the aſſailed let fall ſtones on the heads of their too neere approaching adverſaries.*

Meurtrierement. *Murtherouſly, cruelly, cut-throat-like.*

Meurtrir. *To murther, kill, ſlay, maſſacre ; alſo, to bruiſe, or cruſh.*

Meurtriſſure : f. *A cruſhing, or bruiſing of the fleſh ; alſo, the wan marke ; or print of a ſtroake.*

Meuſnier. *A Miller ; Seeke* Munier ; *or* Muſnier.

Meuſnier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Mill, or Miller.*

Meuſniere : f. *A Millers wife, or woman Miller.*

Meute : f. *A kennell, or cry, of hounds.*

Bailler la meute, & route à vn cerf. *To follow him with a full crie.*

Mex : m. *A plow-land, and tenement thereto belonging. See* Mas.

Meyans. *as* Means.

Meynne : f. *Dung, dirt, filthie ordure.*

Mezarin : m. *A Phyſician.* ¶ Rab.

Meze : f. *An untilled waſt, or champion, wherein many ſeverall mens cattell run.* ¶ Auvergnois.

Mezeau. *as* Meſeau.

Mezelle : f. *A kind of braſſe, or copper, good to make ordnance of.*

Mezellerie : f. *Meſellerie, leaproſie.*

Mezenge. *Looke* Meſlange.

Mezereon : m. *Dutch Mezereon, Germane Olive Spurge, Dwarfe Bay tree, (a ſmall ſhrub.*

Miel. *for* Miel. *Honie.* ¶ Norm.

Miaulement : m. *A mewling, or mewing.*

Miauler. *To mewle, or mew, like a cat.*

Miauleur : m. *A mewler, or mewer.*

Miauleux : m. euſe : f. *Mewling, or mewing.*

Miault : m. *A mewing, or counterfeit voice of mewling.*

Mibaudichon. faire le mib. *To do a thing fooliſhly, or ill-favouredly ; unhandſomely to goe about it.*

Mibrutal ; m ale : f. *Savage, uncivill, barberous, balfe beaſt-like ; almoſt as rude as a beaſt.*

Micacollier : m. *The Lote, or Nettle tree.*

Miche : f. *A certaine worme that feedeth on Bees ; alſo, a fine Manchet, or, particularly, that kind of Manchet which is otherwiſe termed,* Pain de chapitre. *The countrey people of France call ſo alſo, a loafe of boulted bread, or Tens bread.*

Miches du Convent militaire. *Bullets, or ſtones.*

Miches de S. Eſtienne. *Stones.*

Michel : m. *Michael.*

L'Ordre de S. Michel. *Seeke* Ordre.

Michelot : m. *A Pilgrim to S. Michaels Mount.*

Michemis : m. *A Turkiſh fruict that ſomewhat reſembles the Apricocke.*

Michette : f. *A ſmall Manchet.*

Michon : m. *A ſot, blacke, dunce, dault, a jobbernoll, dullard, loggerhead.*

Miclette : f. *(The name of) a moſt excellent compoſition that ſtops all kinds of fluxes, and dries up the ſuperfluous moiſture of the bodie.*

Micocoules : f. *Lote berries (be round, and hang by long ſtaulkes like Cherries.*

Micocoulier : m. *The Lote, or Nettle tree.*

Micocoulier d'Afrique. *The African*

Lote, or Nettle, tree; of whose blacke wood excellent Flutes are made.

Micourber. *To bend, or bow himselfe a pretty deale; almost, or halfe to double.*

Migraine, *as* Migraine.

Microcosme: m. *A little world.*

Microist. *Looke* My-croist.

Mideloret. *(Coyned in derision of our) my Lord.*

Midenier: m. *Halfe a pennie, or halfe a fine.*

Mideronner. *To sleepe in th'afternoone:* ¶ Norm.

Midi: m. *Midday, noone; also, the South.*

Poids de Midi. *One of the Pyrrhenian mountaines, tearmed so, because the Sunne lies ever on it about noone.*

Vent de midi. *The Southerne wind.*

Cercher Midi ou il n'est qu'onze heures. *To looke for a thing before it be ready to come; to picke a quarrell without cause, or finde a fault where there is none; also, to seeke for his owne hurt, or strive to procure his owne harme.*

A midi estoille ne luit; Prov. *Every thing hath it season; and, he that looks for night at noon-dayes may well be tearmed mad, or blind.*

Midy. *as* Midi.

Mie de pain. *The crumme, or pith of bread.*

Mie (adverb.) *Not, not at all, no waies, by no manner of meanes.*

Mie en piece. *Not of a long time, not of a great while.*

Miel: m. *Honie, also, sweetnesse.*

Miel anacardin. *A venomous, and exulcerating oyle found betweene the kernell, and outward rind of the fruit* Anacardium.

Miel cuict. *A kind of sweet meat, or pancake made of, or seasoned with honie.*

Miel Heracleen. *Heraclian honie; cleeres the skin, and takes away the black spots that come by crushes, or bruises; but in lieu thereof makes shew sweete that smell at it, and mad that eat of it.*

Miel vierge. *Virgins honie, the honie which of it selfe, and without pressing, distils from the combe.*

Celuy gouverne bien mal le miel qui n'en taste, & ses doigts n'en leche; Prov. *We say he is an ill Cooke that licks not his owne fingers; One may say, he is unwise who in the managing of publicke businesse addes not somewhat unto his private.*

Qui n'a argent en bourle, ait du moins du miel en bouche; Prov. *He that hath not meanes to pay, at least must frame his mouth to pray.*

Trop achepte le miel qui sur espines le leche; Pro. *He buyes honie too deere that licks it off thornes.*

Vn'Abeille morte ne fait plus de miel; Prov. *A dead thing is good for nothing.*

Mielleusement. *Honie-like, sweetly, deliciously, lushiously.*

Mielleux: m. euse: f. *Sweet, lushious, delicious.*

Miellier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, honie, full of honie, bearing honie.*

Mielsande. *Methelin; or honie sodden, and thereby made into drinke.*

Miens: m. enne: f. *Mine.*

Il est des miens. *He is one of my servants, people, followers; he is of my traine.*

Mies mies. *The cry of new-borne children:* ¶ Rab.

Mi-esté: f. *Midsummer.*

Mi estoupement: m. *An halfe-stopping.*

† Miesure: com. *as* Miesureux.

† Miesuresse: f. *Incontinencie, wantonnesse, lecherie, lascivioussnesse, lustfulnesse.*

† Miesureux: m. euse: f. *Incontinent, lascivious, wanton, leacherous, lustfull, that loves to be figging.*

Miettes: f. *Crummes, scraps, small fragments, or mammockes of bread, &c.*

Mieulx. *Looke* Mieux.

† Miiere: com. *Malapert, outragious, ever doing one mischiefe, or other; or as* Miesureux.

† Miesuresse: f. *A saucie queane, a bold, impudent, and unchaste housewife.*

Mieux. *Better; also, best.*

Au mieux aller (ou faire, ou venir.) *Fall out what can, let the best come to the best.*

A qui mieux mieux. *The best take it, or, striving who shall doe best.*

I' aimeroye mieux. *I had rather, I would lever.*

Migeotté: m. ée: f. *Well ripened, fully ripe.* ¶ Norm.

Migeotter. *To ripen fully.* ¶ Norm.

Mignard: m. arde: f. *Mignard, prettie, quaint, neat, seat; wanton; daintie, delicate.*

Mignard en paroles. *Faire spoken, smooth-tongued, gently languaged; plausible in speech.*

Mignarde: m. ée: f. *Dandled, fedled, cockered, much cherished, made a wanton.*

Mignardelet: m. ette: f. *Prettie, daintie, seat, pearl.*

Mignardement. *Prettily, quaintly, neatly, finely, featly, daintily, wantonly; gently, smoothly, plausibly.*

Mignarder. *To lull, feddle, dandle, cherish, wantonnize, make much, or make a wanton, of.*

Mignardeur: m. *A luller, dandler, cherisher; a soother, smoother, flatterer.*

Mignardise: f. *Quaintnesse, neatnesse, daintinesse, delicacie, wantonnesse; smooth or faire speech, kind usage.*

Mignardiser. *as* Mignarder.

Mignie: m. *A troupe, companie, or meinie; also, as* Meignie.

Mignon: m. *A minion, favorite, wanton, dilling, darling.*

Mignon: m. onne: f. *Minion, daintie, neat, spruce, compt, fine, elegant, polite; also, pleasing, gentle, kind.*

Argent mignon. *Readie money.*

Dain mignon. *A tame Deere.*

Mignonne. *Sa mignonne. His sweeting, or sweet-heart, his prettie minion, his lovely delight.*

Mignonnement. *Minionly, minion-like.*

Mignonnet: m. *A pettie, or young minion; a minikin.*

Mignonneté: f. *Minionisme, quaintnesse, trimnesse, delicacie, sprucenesse, featnesse, finenesse.*

Mignonnette. *as* Mignonne.

Mignot: m. *A wanton, feddle, favorite; a dilling, dandling, darling.*

Mignotement: m. *as* Mignotise.

Mignotement. *Tenderly, nicely; favourably, kindly, gently, cherishingly.*

Mignoter. *To dandle, feddle, cocker, cherish, handle gently, entertaine kindly, use tenderly, make a wanton of.*

Mignotise: f. *A dandling, fedling, cockering, cherishing, gentle handling, tender usage; also, wantonnesse, tamenesse, gentlenesse.*

Mignotises. *Prettie dainties, or trinkets; fine toyes, affected delights.*

Migraine: f. *The Megrim, or head-ach; also a Pome-granet; also, the great Sea-urchin, also, Scarlet, or Purple in graine.*

Migraine de feu. *A flicke, or brand of fire; also, a ball of wildfire.*

Migration: f. *A migration, a removing, or shifting of places.*

Migrelin: m. *A small thinne scrag, or tender starveling.*

Migrer. *To remove, to flit, or shift from one place to another.*

Mi-jour: m. *Midday, Noone.*

Mil: m. *(The graine) Mill, Millet, Hirse. Looke* Millet.

Mil Sarrasin. *French wheat, Buckwheat, Boly-mong.*

Milace: f. *A kind of the Holme, or Scarlet, oake.*

Milacié: m. ée: f. *Mill-eating, millet-fed; a nickname for the Gascon, whose bread is, for the most part, made of Millet.*

Milaire: m. *A mile; also, as* Cenchrite.

Milan: m. *A Kite, Puttocke, Glead; also (the name of) a delicate peare.*

Milan marin. *A Gilden-pole, or kind of Gurnard, that shines in the night, and before change of weather flies (or seemes to flie) a little above the water*

Milan Royal. *The ordinarie Kite, or Glead.*

Peid de Milan. *The herbe Kites-foot.*

Milandre. *A little Dog-fish thats mortall enemie to mankind.*

Miliart. *Looke* Milliart.

Miliasse: f. *Thousands, or a huge number of; (derived, by the vulgar, from vne Iliade.*

Milice: f. *Warlike discipline, warfare.*

La celestielle milice. *The hoast of heaven.*

Milieu: m. *The middest, middle, or center of.*

Dame du milieu. *Serke Dame.*

Militaire: com. *Militarie, martiall, warlicke, souldier-like.*

Herbe militaire à millefueilles. *Knights Milfoile, Souldiers Yarrow.*

Militer. *To warre, goe a warfaring, be in warres, practise the feats of warre; to souldierize it.*

Mille. *A thousand.*

Millefeuil: m. *as* Millefueille.

Millefueille: f. *Milfoile, nose-bleed Yarrow, common Yarrow.*

Millefueille aquatique. *Water Yarrow; also, water Sengreene, water Housleeke, Knights Pondwort, wading Pondweed, fresh-water souldier.*

Millefueille grande. *Great Yarrow (differs from the ordinarie one in onely bignesse.)*

Millefueille iaulne. *Knights Milfoile, souldiers Yarrow, yellow Knights Yarrow, yellow or little yarrow.*

Millefueille petite. *The same.*

Millegraine: f. *Oake of Jerusalem, Oake of Paradice; (an herbe.)*

Mil-

Millene : f. vne mil. d'années. *A thouſand of yeares.*
Millepertuis : m. *S* Iohns *wort, S.* Iohns *graſſe.*
Millepieds : m. *The worme, or vermine, called a Palmer.*
Milleraie : f. *A peece of ground ſowed with Millet; a Millet-ground.*
Milleret : m. *A middle Ray, the halfe of a Milleray; a peece of gold worth almoſt 7s. ſterl.*
Millerine : f. *The ſtraw, or ſtubble of Millet.*
Milleſoudiers : m. *Old maimed ſouldiers; ſuch as have a thouſand ſous (or 5l. ſterl.) of yearely penſion.*
Millet : m. *Millet, Mill, Hirſe.*
Millet d'Inde. *Maiz, Turkie corne, Turkie wheat.*
Millet noir. *Blacke Millet; and, as* Millet de Turquie.
Millet Sarraſin. *French-wheat, Buckewheat, Bolymong.*
Millet de Turquie. *Turkie Hirſe, Turkie Mill, blacke Millet.*
Percer vn grain de Millet d'vn tartiere. *To performe impoſſibilities.*
Milliart : m. *A thouſand millions of millions.*
Millier : m. vn millier. *A thouſand; a proportion, or number, of a thouſand.*
Millier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, a thouſand.*
Milliesme. la milliesme partie. *The thouſandth part.*
Milliet : m. *A ſerpent of a greniſh colour.*
Million : m. *A million; ten hundred thouſand.*
Millon : m. *A kind of flint, or hard ſtone.*
Milloque : f. *Furmentie, or pottage, made of Millet.* ¶ Rab.
Milods : m. *Halfe-fines due in caſes of collaterall ſucceſſion unto* Cenſuel *inheritance (as in* Lodunois*) or in caſes of Donation (as in* Dauphine.*)*
Milort : m. *My Lord; or as* Monſeigneur *(a word borrowed of, and imployed on, us.)*
Milrai : m. *A milleray; a coyne of gold worth betweene 13 and 14 ſhillings ſterl.*
Milret. *as* Milleret.
Mime : m. *A vice, foole, jeaſter, ſcoffer, dancer, in a play; alſo, a fooliſh, wanton, ſhameleſſe, ridiculous Poeme, part, or play; alſo, a grave, and ſententious Poeme.*
Mi-more : com. *Swartie, blackiſh, halfe-Moore.*
Minage : m. *A meaſuring of corne by the Mine; whence;*
Droict de minage. *A fee due unto ſome Lords upon every* Mine *of corne thats meaſured within their territorie.*
Minatere : m. *A miner, mine-man, mine-digger.*
Minau : m. *A corne meaſure, as* Mine.
Minauderies : f. *Fooliſh tricks, apiſh pranks, mumpings, mowings.*
Mince : com. *Thinne, fine, ſlender, little, ſmall.*
Mincé : m. ée : f. *Minced, cut very ſmall.*
Mince-fueille : f. *Feather few, fedderfew, feaverfew, whitewort, called alſo, Motherwort, becauſe tis good againſt the diſeaſe of the Mother (yet is not this the right Motherwort.)*
Mince-fueilles. *Thinne leaved, or having thinne leaves; whence;* Armoiſe mince fueilles. *Thinne-leaved Mugwort.*
Mincelet : m. ette : f. *Somewhat thinne, very fine, ſmall, ſlender.*
Mincement. *Thinnely, ſlenderly, ſmally.*
Mincer. *To mince; to ſhred, or cut into ſmall pieces.*
Mincereé : f. *Thinneſſe, exilitie, ſlenderneſſe, littleneſſe, ſmalneſſe.*
Minchon : m. *A ſot, blockehead, loggerhead.*
Mine : f. (*The halfe of a* Sextier, *&* 24 *part of a* Muid) *A meaſure for graine, &c. containing ſomewhat leſſe then two of our* (London) *Buſhells; (if, as* Nicot *ſaith, it weighes but* 110 *pounds: But* Vigenere *upon* Livie *affirmes, that the* Mine *of wheat weighes about* 120 *pounds; marrie in Rye, ſayes he, it comes but to* 110; *) alſo, a Mine, or cave digged under ground; alſo, a mine, or veine of metall, &c.*
Mine de Clermont (pour le bled.) *Is the* 12 *part of a* Muid; *or juſt as big againe as the ordinary one.*
Mine de Paris. *As the ordinarie* Mine.
Mine de plomb. *An Orenge tawnie minerall uſed by Painters.*
Plomb de mine. *Black lead.*
Mine de terre en la Chaſtellenie de Bulles. *Containes* 50 Verges *of* 24 *foot to the* Verge.
Mine de terre en Clermont. *Contains* 60 Verges *of* 22 *foot to the* Verge.
Mine de terre en la Seigneurie de Remy. *Containes* 80 Verges, *at* 22 *foot and the third part of a foot to the* Verge.
Mine : f. *The countenance, looke, cheere, viſage; the geſture, or poſture of the face; alſo, favour, phiſnomie, feature, outward face, or ſhew.*
Faire mine. *To ſeeme, or make a ſhew of; whence;*
Ce ne ſont qui mines.
Faire mines. *To make faces.*
Faire des mines. *The ſame; alſo, to make an adoe, or ſhew of loathneſſe to be drawn to a thing.*
Faire la mine. *To lowt, or lowre upon.*
Faire les mines. *To make (ſtrange) faces; alſo, to act, or play on a ſtage.*
Faire bonne mine. *To excuſe, colour, beare out a matter handſomely; to ſet a good face on't, to make a good ſhew.*
Faire bonne mine, & mauvais ieu. *To ſet a good face on a bad matter; to beare out croſſes with a cheerefull countenance; to affront miſeries with a ſhew of mirth.*
Il y a plus de mine que de ieu. *There is more ſhew then ſubſtance, more ceremonie then ſoliditie, in it.*
Miné : m. ée : f. *Mined, undermined, ſupplanted; alſo, worne, or fretted away.*
Miner. *To mine, or undermine; to ſupplant; weare, conſume, or fret away.*
Mineral : m. *A minerall; a thing found growing in Mines; (hence) alſo, metall.*
Mineur : m. *An infant, one thats in minoritie, or under age; alſo, a Miner, mine-deviſor, mine-maker; alſo, as* Miniere; *whence;*
Qui n'a mineur n'a honneur; *Prov. He that wants money wants honour.*
Mineur : f. *The minor propoſition of a Syllogiſme.*
Mineure : f. *as* Miniere.
Mineux : m. euſe f. *Outward, ſeeming, apparent; belonging to, or conſiſting in, the countenance; or geſture of the face; alſo, a ſqueamiſh, quaint, coy, that minces it exceedingly; alſo, mining, or undermining; alſo, full of mines.*
Mingant : m. *A broth thats thickened with the meale of pounded roots.*
Mingrelet : m. ette : f. *Thinne, gaunt, lanke, ſlender, leane, ſcraggie, meager.*
Miniere : f. *A mine of metalls, or minerals.*
Minime : m. *A name of Fryers inſtituted by* François de Paule, *a man renowned for holineſſe of life during the raigne of* Lewis *the eleventh, who ſent for him into* France, *in a hope, that by his meanes his life ſhould be prolonged.*
Couleur de minimes. *A light ſoot colour, having an eye of gray in it.*
Gris de minime. *The ſame.*
Minime (blanche). *A Minume, in muſicke.*
Minime noire. *A Crochet.*
Minime : com. *The leaſt, or ſmalleſt.*
Minion : m. *Synople, red lead, Vermillion; Painters red made of burned Ceruſe.*
Miniſtre : m. *A Miniſter, ſervant; Officer; Deputie; Aſſiſtant; Inſtrument.*
Miniſtres du Roy. *His agents; thoſe that negotiate, or deale for him.*
Miniſtré : m. ée : f. *Miniſtred, ſerved; aſſiſted; offered, yeelded, affoorded unto.*
Miniſtreau : m. *A little Miniſter, ſmall Officer, Aſſiſtant, or Servant.*
Miniſtrer. *To miniſter, aſſiſt, ſerve unto; alſo, to offer, or afford unto.*
Miniſtreſſe : f. *A Miniſtreſſe; a woman that aſſiſts, or ſerves unto.*
Minois : m. *A ſower face; harſh viſage, crabbed countenance; a craftie, or diſcontented looke.*
Minon : m. *A little kitling; or ſuch a tearme for a cat as is our Puſſe; whence;*
Il entend le chat ſans dire minon. *He apprehends the mans meaning before he ſpeake unto him.*
Minons : m. *Cat-tailes, or Catkins; the long aglet-like buds of nut-trees.*
Minoratif. Medecine minorative. *Gentle Phyſicke, Phyſick that workes eaſily, or is of gentle effect.*
Minorite : f. *Minoritie, under-age.*
Minot : m. *The halfe of a* Mine; *Three French buſhels. Look* Mine.
Minot d'avoine, de ſel, & de legumes. *Containes 4 French buſhells.*
Minot de bled. (*The ordinarie* Minot) *containes three* Boiſſeaux.
Minot de noix, & d'oignons. *Containes foure* Boiſſeaux, *and a halfe, of ſtricken meaſure.*
Minu : m. *The particular ſurvey, or deſcription which a purchaſer is bound to deliver unto the Lord of whom his purchaſe is held.*
Minué : m. ée : f. *Diminiſhed, minſhed.*
Minuer. *To minish, diminiſh, leſſen, impaire, abate.*
Minuict : f. *Midnight.*
Minute : m. *A mite; the ſmalleſt of weights.*
Minute : f. *The (firſt) draught of an Evidence, or Pleading; a ſcrole, or ſchedule.*
Minuté : m. ée : f. *Miniſhed, impaired, made little; abated; diſabled; alſo, drawne, or whereof a draught is made*

in writing;) also, deviſed, caſt, or concluded on, as the firſt proiect of a deſigne.

Minuter. *To* miniſh, diminiſh, impaire, leſſen, or make little; to diſable, or abate; alſo, to draw, or make a draught of, an inſtrument in writing; and hence alſo, to deviſe, caſt, or lay the firſt proiect of a deſigne.

Minuter ſes papiers de raiſons. *To* caſt, make up, reduce to a head, his (ſtraggling) accounts.

Mioche : ſ. *A* crumme, ſcrap, ſmall fragment, or mammock of.

Mioler. *To* mew, or cry like a cat.

Mi-punché : m ée: ſ. *Half* bowed, half declining, half hanging downwards.

Mipartí : m. ie : ſ. *Parted* in the middeſt, or into (equall) halves.

La Chambre mipartie. *Look* Chambre.

Mipartir. *To* part in the middeſt, or into halves; to divide into two equall parts.

Mipotence. en m. *Made*, or faſhioned, like a half gibbet; crooked, or bent into the form of th'upper part of a gibbet; as a tenter-hook, &c.

Miquet. *A* kind of baſty pudding.

Miquelot : m. *A* Pilgrim to S. Michaells *Mount*; alſo, a poor, petty, vagabond Pedler, that with a ſpriſtaffe croſſes from place to place, to utter ſmall trifles, which he carries along with him in boxes.

Mirabolant m. *A* Mirabolan plumme. *Look* Myrabolan.

Miracle : m. *Th'*outward lower part of the belly, covering all th'intrailles. ¶ Arabeſque. ¶ Rab.

Miracle : m. *A* miracle, a marvellous, or monſtrous thing.

Il n'eſt miracle que de vieux ſaincts; Prov. *We* do not credite reports, or miracles, of a freſh date; *Antiquity* is reverend, and of awfull authority.

† Miraculeur : m. *A* doer of miracles.

† Miraclifique : com. *Wonder-working.*

Miraculeuſement. *Miraculouſly*, wonderfully

Miraculeux. m, euſe: f. *Miraculous*, wonderfull, marvellous, monſtrous, beyond nature, paſt common underſtanding.

Miraillet. m. *A* thornback which hath on either of her ſides, or fins, a great eye-like ſpot; (a hard, and unwholſome fiſh.)

Miraillier. m. *A* looking-glaſs-maker.

Miraillier : m. *Of* a looking-glaſſe.

Miraine : f. *Oake* of Ieruſalem, *Oake* of Paradiſe. ¶ Savoyard.

Miramomelin : m. *A* Lord over Lords; an Arabian word uſed in ſome old French Authors.

Mire : m. *A* Phyſitian, Leech, Chirurgian.

Il n'a plus beſoing de mire. *He* hath no longer need, he hath no further uſe, of a Phyſitian; viz. he is dead.

Deconnaire mire fait playe puante; Prov. *A* gentle Chirurgian makes a ſtinking ſore.

Qui veut la guariſon du mire il duy convient tout ſon mal dire; Prov. *He* that looks to be cur'd muſt all his ill diſcover.

Mire: f. *The* level, or little button at th'end, of a Peece; alſo, the tuſk of a wild Boare.

Miré : m. ée : f. *Aimed*, levelled at; looked, viewed, bribed through; watched, pried into, neerly obſerved; alſo, long-tuſked, full-tuſhed, as a full-grown Boar.

Mirecoton : m. *The* delicate yellow Peach, called a Melicotony.

Mirelicoton. *as* Mirecoton.

Mirelifique : com. *Exceeding* wonderfull, paſſing admirable, horribly excellent (a word of ironicall commendation, or amplification.)

Mirelifiques : f. *Toyes*, bables; tricks to mock Apes, or amaze infants with.

Mirer. *To* aime, or levell at; to look, view, regard, obſerve, pry into, behold through, or throughly.

Se mirer. *To* look in a glaſſe; to looke on, or into, himſelf; alſo, to take notice of, or example by.

Dieu le vous mire. *God* reſtore it you, or reward you for it.

Dame qui trop ſe mire peu file; Prov. *She* that looks too much at her ſelf looks too little to her ſelf.

Qui bien ſe mire bien ſe void; Qui bien ſe void bien ſe cognoiſt; Qui bien ſe cognoiſt peu ſe priſe; Qui peu ſe priſe Dieu l'avile; Prov.

Mires d' vn ſanglier. *His* tuſks, or tuſhes.

Miriade : f. *A* Miriade; ten thouſand.

Mirifique : com. *Strangely* wrought, marvelouſly acted, admirably done.

Mirliror. *as* Melilet. ¶ Pariſien.

Mirloret : m. *A* neat, ſpruce, quaint, compt fellow.

Miroaillier : m. *A* looking-glaſſe-maker.

Miroir : m. *A* Myrror, a looking-glaſſe; alſo, an inſtrument wherewith Chirurgians dilate the parts, which be naturally hollow, (as the mouth, fundament, &c.) when they have occaſion to look into the bottome, or depth of them.

Miroir d' Aſne. *A* white tranſparent ſtone, (or congealed humor of the earth) uſed in old time in ſtead of glaſſe, (farre better then which) it indures th'extremity of heat and froſts, without breaking.

Miroir de noſtre Dame. *as* Miroir d'Aſne.

Le bay à miroir. *A* dapled bay.

Pierre à miroir. *A* light, white, and tranſparent ſtone, eaſily cleft into thinne flakes, and uſed by th'Arabians (among whom it growes) inſtead of glaſſe; anights it repreſents the Moon, and ever increaſes, or decreaſes, as the Moon doth.

Il n'y a meilleur miroir que le vieil ami; Prov. *An* old friend an excellent looking-glaſſe.

Miroitier : m. *A* looking-glaſſe-maker.

Mirond : m. de : f. *Semicircular*, halfe round.

Mirovaillier. *as* Miroaillier.

Miroüaillier : m. ere : f. *Often* looking, ever prying, into a glaſſe.

Mirouer. *as* Miroir.

Mirtil. *A* Mirtill-berry; alſo, a Salamander, or deaf worm.

Mis : m. iſe : f. *Put*, ſet, layed; placed, pitched, planted, ſituated, grounded; thruſt into; alſo, brought, reduced, ſent.

Mis en cueilleur de pommes. *Tucked* up like an apple-gatherer, dreſſed like an apple-ſquire; in baſe, poore, or beggerly array.

Mis à la pile, ou, au verjus. *Trouſt*, couſt.

Miſaille : f. *A* lay, a wager.

Miſaine : f. *The* foreſaile of a ſhip.

Miſanthrope : m. *A* hater of mens companie. ¶ Rab.

Miſe : f. *Expence*, diſburſement, money layed out, or the laying out of money; alſo, a chapter, or title of expences in an accompt; alſo, a price offered, or laied down; alſo, the currantneſſe, or goodneſſe of coine.

Miſe de faict. *A* judiciall putting into poſſeſſion, for the preſervation of the true owners right.

Folle miſe. *So* much as one hath bidden more then another, or former, chapman; which he is bound to pay if th'other refuſe the thing in bargaine.

Gens de miſe. *Perſons* of worth, ſort, quality.

Mis en-avant. mon m. *My* ſubiect, my matter, the thing which I have propounded, or ſet on foot.

Miſerable : com. *Miſerable*, wretched, unfortunate; piteous, woſull, ruthfull, diſtreſſefull; diſaſterous.

Miſerablement. *Miſerably*, wretchedly, woſully, ruthfully, diſtreſſefully; diſaſterouſly.

Miſere : f. *Miſery*, wretchedneſſe, diſtreſſe; adverſity, calamity; woſulneſſe, or a woſull caſe; alſo, a poor drink made of the water wherewith Bee-hives have been waſhed.

Il ſuffit au jour de ſa miſere; Pro. *One* affliction ſuffices for one day.

Meſerere. *The* name (and beginning) of one of the ſeven (penitentiall) Pſalmes.

Miſerere mei. *A* voiding of th'excrements upwards; comes of th'obſtruction of the ſmall guts, and is very painfull, the patient imagining that his guts are pulled out, and broken.

Tu auras miſerere juſques à vitulos. *Thou* ſhalt be ſoundly whipped.

Miſericorde : f. *Mercy*, pity, compaſſion, ruth, tenderneſſe.

Eſpée miſericorde. *A* waved ſword.

Miſericordieuſement. *Mercifully*, compaſſionately, pitifully.

Miſericordieux : m. euſe : f. *Mercifull*, pitifull; compaſſionate.

Miſque : m. *Moſſe.*

Miſſall : m. ale : f. *Of*, or belonging to, the Maſſe.

Pain Miſſall. *A* kind of wafer made onely of flower, and a little ſalt.

Miſſel : m. *A* Maſſe-book.

Miſſile. feu miſſile. *A* ſquib, or other fire-work thrown.

Miſſion : f. *as* Miſe; *Expence*, diſburſement, charge. ¶ Bourgongnon.

Miſſive : f. *A* letter miſſive, a letter ſent.

Miſſotage : m. *Maſſery*, Maſſe-trinkets, Maſſe-ſtuffe; things belonging to the Maſſe.

Miſſotier : m. ere : f. *Maſſe-monging*, Maſſe-making, of the Maſſe.

Miſtagogue : m. *A* teacher, or interpreter of myſteries, and ceremonies; alſo, a keeper of the Churches Reliques.

† Miſte : com. *Neat*, ſpruce, compt, quaint, picked, minion, trickſie, fine, gay.

† Miſtement. *Neatly*, ſprucely, comptly, quaintly, finely, gaily, minion-like.

Miſtigouri. *My* Pillicock, my prettie rogue. ¶ Norm.

Miſtion : f. *A* mixture, maſh, medley, melling, blending; a confounding; a ſophiſtication.

Miſtionné : m. ée : f. *Mixed*, mingled, melled, blent; ſophiſticated by mixture.

Miſti-

Miſtionnement : m. *A mixing, mingling, melling, blending, medley-making ; ſophiſticating.*

Miſtionner. *To mixe, mingle, maſh, mell, blend or temper with, make a medley of ; to falſifie, adulterate, ſophiſticate, by mixture.*

Miſtoudin : m. *A neat fellow, a ſpruce companion.*

Miſtrouille : f. *A ſoule great ſlut, a filthie draggletaile.* ¶ Norm.

Miſy : m. *A cauſtick drug, or minerall of a golden colour, and luſter ; found growing in little peeces, about, or above, naturall Chalcitis ; whereunto it is like in vertue, and operation, though in temperature it be the more ſubtill of the two.*

Mitaille : f. *Great (or the groſſeſt) filt-duſt.*

Mitaines : f. *Mittaines, Winter-gloves.*
Ils ne ſe laiſſent prendre ſans mitaines. *They will not be taken without mittains ; viz. much preparation, or adoe.*

Mitan : m. *The middeſt, or middle of.* ¶ Norm.

Mitanier : m. ere : f. *Middle, of the middeſt.*

Mitaut. la Region du m. *The middle Region of the aire.*

Mite : f. *A Mite, the ſmalleſt of coynes ; alſo, the little worme, called a Mite.*

Herbe aux Mites. *Moth-Mullein.*

Mithologie : f. *Mithologie ; an expounding, or moralizing, of fables.*

Mithologiquement. *Mithologikely ; by a morall expoſition of fables.*

Mithre : f. *Looke* Mitre.

Mithridat : m. *Mithridatum. Looke* Methridat.

Mitifier. *To ſoften ; digeſt, concoct.*

Mitigatif : m. iue : f. *Mitigative, lenitive, appeaſive.*

Mitigation : f. *A Mitigation, qualification, allaying, tempering, aſſuaging, appeaſing.*

Mitigué : m. ée : f. *Mitigated, qualified, moderated, allayed, aſſuaged, appeaſed.*

Mitiguer. *To mitigate, qualifie, temper, moderate, eaſe, aſſuage, allay, appeaſe.*

Mi-tirer. *To draw out the halfe of.*

† Mitis. *Nice, curious, preciſe ; hypocriticall.*

Miton : m. (*The ſmall worme, or vermine called*) *a Mite.*

Mitou : m. *A great cat.*
Faire le mitou. *To diſſemble, or play the hypocrite ; to put on a lowly, meeke, humble, or afflicted countenance ; to look poorely, or pittifully on it.*

Mitouard : m. *A cat ; alſo, an hypocrite.* ¶ Rab.

Mitouflé : m. ée : f. *Furred like a cat, or with cats skins ; hidden in, wrapped, or lapped about with furres, or cat-furred garments.*

Mitouſin : m. *An hypocrite ; a diſſembler under the protection of a meeke, and lowlie countenance.*

Mitoyen. *as* Moitoyen.

Mitraille : f. *Broken braſſe, or copper ; or lumps conſiſting of divers metalls, which have beene mingled, and melted together.*

Mitrant. *Hooding, or crowning with, a miter.*

Mitre : f. *A Biſhops miter ; alſo, the hole (or cap) of a mans yard.*
Donner la mitre, & la croſſe à. *To ſet a ſpecious gloſſe of Religion on ; or to authorize (an ill thing) by a goodly ſhew of devotion.*

Mitré : m. ée : f. *Mitred ; hooded with a miter, wearing a miter ; ſet on a pillorie, or ſcaffold, with a miter of paper on his head.*

Mitrement : m. *A mitring ; a hooding, crowning, or covering of the head with a miter ; for ornament, or in diſgrace.*

Mitrer. *To hood, crowne, or cover the head with a miter, of rich ſtuffe for ornament (as at the conſecration of a Biſhop,) or of paper in diſgrace.*

Mixtion. *as* Miſtion.

Mixtionné, & Mixtionner. *as* Miſtionné, & Miſtionner.

Mizone : f. *The name of a delicate Italian peare thats ripe in Auguſt.*

Mnadies. *Barbarouſly for* bona dies. *Goddenne to you.* ¶ Rab.

Mobile : com. *Movable, which may be removed.*

Mobiliaire : com. *as* Mobile.

Mobilité : f. *Moveableneſſe ; a wagging, flitting, wavering, inconſtancie, ſicklineſſe.*

Mocayart : m. *The fluſſe Moccadoe ; or a kinde thereof.*

Moequé : m. ée : f. *Mocked, flowted, frumped, ſcoffed, jeaſted at ; gulled, gudgeoned ; alſo, diſappointed, fruſtrated.*

se Mocquer. *To mock, flowt, frump, ſcoffe, deride, jeaſt at, laugh to ſcorne ; to gull, gudgeon ; fruſtrate, make a foole of, diſappoint.*
Vous vous mocquez du ieu. *You doe but dallie.*
Se mocque qui cloque ; Pro. *He mocks that leaſt may ; the greateſt mockers have commonly moſt imperfections.*
Mauvaiſe fille ſe mocque de ſa mere ; Prov. *The ill-bred daughter mocks her ſillie mother.*
La paelle ſe mocque du fourgon ; Pro. *One friend or kindſman mocks another ; be that might well be flowted flowts his neighbour.*

Mocquereau : m. *A mocking child, or a little mocker.*

Mocquerie : f. *A mocke, flowt, frumpe, ſcoffe, gibe, jeaſt ; gull, gudgeon, deriſion ; a mockerie, tale of a tub, ridiculous diſcourſe, ſoppiſh thing ; alſo, a mocking, flowting, ſcoffing, frumping.*

Mocqueur : m. *A mocker, flowter, frumper, ſcoffer, giber, derider.*

Mode : m. *as* Meuf ; *A Mood.*

Mode : f. *Manner, ſort, faſhion, guiſe, uſe, cuſtome ; way, meanes.*
A la trotte qui mode. *Setting the cart before the horſe.*

Modeler. *To modell, forme, faſhion, plot, caſt in a mould.*

Modelle : f. *A modell, patterne, mould, plot, forme, frame.*

Modelon. *as* Modillon.

Moderateur : m. *A Moderator, governor, director, guider.*

Moderation : f. *A moderation, meane, temper, government ; a good diſpoſition, due proportion, right meaſure.*

Moderatrice : f. *A moderatrix.*

Moderé : m. ée : f. *Moderate, quiet, rulie, temperate, orderlie, patient ; alſo, moderated, allayed, tempered ; whoſe edge is ſomewhat taken off, or heart taken down ; alſo, ſloped, or cut aſlope.*

Moderément. *Moderately, temperately, quietly, orderly, patiently, with reaſon, in good rule.*

Moderer. *To moderate, qualifie, temper, quiet, order, governe, rule, refraine, hold in, uſe with meaſure, ſet a meane on ; abate the edge, allay the heat of ; alſo, to ſlope, or cut aſlope.*

Moderne : com. *Moderne, new, of this age, of theſe times, in our time.*

Modeſte : com. *Modeſt, ſober, civill, baſhfull, ſhamefaced, humble, maidenlie, mannerly.*

Modeſtement. *Modeſtly, ſoberly, chaſtly, civilly.*

Modeſteté : f. *as* Modeſtie.

Modeſtie : f. *Modeſtie, moderation, ſoberneſſe, temperance, humilitie, baſhfulneſſe, maidenlineſſe.*

Modicité : f. *Modicitie, moderateneſſe, meanneſſe, littleneſſe.*

Modie : m. *An ancient Roman meaſure containing ſomewhat leſſe then our peck, and halfe.*

Modifiable : com. *Modifiable, qualifiable.*

Modification : f. *A modification, qualification, limitation, exception.*

Modifié : m. ée : f. *Modified, moderated, qualified, limited.*

Modifier. *To modifie, moderate, qualifie, limit.*

Modillon : m. *A cartridge, or cartooſe, a folding bracket, or corbell.*

Modulation : f. *Modulation, harmony ; muſicall proportion, pleaſant tuning.*

Module : m. *A modell, or module ; that whereby a whole worke is meaſured, proportioned, or squared ; alſo, the meaſure, bigneſſe, or quantitie of a thing ; alſo, a certaine meaſure in conduits, or conveyances of water ; alſo, modulation, melodie, or meaſure, in muſicke.*

Modurre. *as* Madoure. ¶ Rab.

Moë. *as* Mouë.

Moëlle : f. *The marrow of bones ; the pith of plants ; alſo, as* Meule ; *a milſtone.*
Moëlle de pain. *The pith of bread.*

Moëlleux : m. euſe : f. *Marrowie, pithie, full of ſtrength, or ſtrong ſap.*

Moëllon. *as* Moilon.

Moëtte. *A Sea-mew.*
Les Moëttes. *Foretimers, forerlders, foretellers of ones comming.*
Moëtte blanche. *The ordinarie white Mew, or Sea-mew.*
Moëtte cendrée. *The (ordinarie) aſh-coloured Sea-mew.*
La petite Moëtte. *The ſmall aſh-coloured Mew, tearmed otherwiſe* Hirondelle de mer.

Moeurs. *Manners. Look* Meurs.

Moge : f. *A meaſure containing about ſix buſhels.*

Moïau. *as* Moyeu.

Moien, & Moienner. *Look* Moyen, & Moyenner.

Moïeu. *as* Moyeu.

Moignon : m. *A ſtump, or, the blunt end of a thing.*
Moignon des ailes. *The ſtumpes, or pinions of the wings.*
Moignon du bras. *The brawne, or brawnie part of the arme.*
Gros moignons de chair. *Great lumps, or gobbets of maſſie fleſh.*

Moil : m. *A Sea Barbell, or ſore Mullet.*

Moile : f. *An arch damme, or bay of planks, whereby the force of water is broken.*
Moileux. *Looke* Moelleux.
Moillonneux : m. euſe : f. *Full of rubbiſh, made of ruble ; alſo, full of the ſoft ſtone* Moilon.
Moilon : m. *Rubbiſh, ruble, ſhards, ragged ſtones, peeces of ſtone hewed, or broken off; ſuch as walls are built, or parget made of; alſo, the ſoft upper cruſt of a quarry of free ſtone; or a kind of ſoft, or tender ſtone, that lieth ſome 10, or 12 foot thick above the hardeſt free ſtone, in the quarries about Paris.*
Moillonneux. *as* Moillonneux.
Moindre : com *Leſſe, leſſer, inferiour to; alſo, the leaſt, ſmalleſt, lowmoſt.*
Moine : m. *A Monke; alſo, a caſting top; alſo, the little Titmouſe ; alſo, as* Albaſſan.
Moines de la Charité. *An Order of Monks, who by their ſtatutes are bound to viſit the ſick, and bury the dead.*
Moines de Grace. *An Order of white Monkes, who wear great white croſſes on their boſomes.*
Collation de Moine. *A Monkes munition, a large collation; as much as another man eats at a good meale.*
Teſte de Moine. *A blunt, and round-noſed Porpaſe; alſo, the herb Dandelion.*
Avoir le moine. *To be couſened, gleeked, poupt, bobbed, croſſed; to have ill lucke.*
Bailler le moine. *To crampe, alſo, to bring ill luck unto.*
Bailler le moine par le col. *To hang, or twitch up.*
A la fin le regnard ſera moine ; Prov. *At length the Fox turnes Monke; (viz. when he can play the knave no longer.)*
Homme ne cognoiſt mieux la malice que l'Abbé qui a eſté moine ; Prov. *There is no knave to the Abbot that hath been a Monke ; or no man knows how to play the knave better then he.*
Il n'eſt envie que de moine ; Prov. *No envy like a Monkes.*
L'habit ne fait pas le moine : Prov. *The Cowle makes not the Monke; every one is not a ſouldier that wears armor; nor every one a ſcholler thats clad in black.*
Pour vn moine ne faut Convent ; Prov. *For one Monke needs no Monaſtery.*
Moineau : m. *A Sparrow ; alſo, a Novice; a young, or little Monke; alſo, a Ravelin in fortification; alſo, a certaine peece of Ordnance.*
Moineau de bois. *The little Brambling, or mountaine Spink.*
Moineau de haye. *Is not that which we call the Hedg-ſparrow, but a little bird that lives altogether on flies.*
Moineau de noyer. *as* Friquet.
Moineau à la ſoulſie. *The ring-Sparrow; a ſmall bird that hath a yellow ring about it neck, and builds in the trunck of a tree;* (Germany *hath many*, England *hath but few, of them.*)
Herbe au Moineau. *Ivie Chickweed, Herbit.*
Paſſereaux, & Moineaux ſont de faux oyſeaux. *A Proverb taxing the laſcivious converſation of Cloiſter-Sparrowes.*
Moiner. *To breed Monkes, to play the Monk.* ¶ Rab.
Moinerie : f. *Monkery, Monachiſme, the ſtate or profeſſion of a Monk.*
Moinichon : m. *A little paultry Monk.*
Moins. *Leſſe, leaſt.*
Moins deux tiers. *Lacking two third parts.*
Vn moins de cent. *An hundred wanting one.*
Au moins, A tout le moins. Tout au moins. *At leaſt, yet at the leaſt, nevertheleſſe, notwithſtanding, howſoever.*
Le moins de mon plus. *The moſt I can, the leaſt I ſhould.*
Ils portoient alors ie ne ſçay quoy de moins. *They wore at that time ſome odd thing or other of leſſe value.*
Pour vn denier ny moins. *The loſſe, or expence of ove penny will make me never a whit the poorer.*
Moinſné. *as* Mainſné.
Mois : m. *A month, or meneth,*
Les mois des femmes. *Womens monthly flowers.*
Mois blanches. *A kind thereof termed by our women, the Whites.*
Mois mort. *The ſeaſon that is immediatly before, or after, Chriſtmas.*
† Moiſe : f. *Full length, or growth in fiſh; alſo, a half beam of timber.*
Moiſi : m. ie : f. *Mouldy, boary, vinowed; alſo, muſty, or fuſty, by mouldines.*
ſe Moiſir. *To wax mouldy, boary, vinowed; alſo, to grow muſty, fuſty ; to get a white coat, and a rank ſmell.*
Moiſiſſure : f. *Mouldineſſe, boarineſſe, vinowedneſſe; muſtineſſe, fuſtineſſe.*
† Moiſon : m. *The full length of a peece of cloth (which in old time was wont to be at the leaſt 20 elles;) alſo, the rent of a farme, or tenement, paied in corn, or other things in kind.*
Vne truite de moiſon. *A Full-grown Trout.*
Moiſſine : f. *A great bunch, or bundle of bunches of grapes ; (an Overſeers ſee in vintage-time;) alſo, a little knot of bunches, or cluſters, tied together with long ſtalkes, and hanged up to be kept long.*
Moiſſon : m. *A Sparrow; alſo, a kind of ſmall Parrat, called by th'Indians* Tovis.
Moiſſon : f. *Harveſt; reaping time.*
Moiſſons. *Harveſt; or harveſt fruit; the corn reaped in harveſt.*
La moiſſon des avoines, orges, & legumages. *Begins (in France) about the 16 of July.*
La moiſſons des froments. *About the 27 of July.*
La moiſſon des ſeigles. *Begins about the 27 of June.*
La moiſſon d'vne vache. *The milking of a cow, or as much as ſhe gives at a milking.*
Droict de moiſſon. *An yearly rent, or duty of corn paid unto the King out of the town and juriſdiction of* Bourges.
Eſpée des moiſſons. *Look* Eſpée.
Ie ne mettray la faucille en ſa moiſſon. *I will not meddle with, or incroach upon, his gettings.*
En moiſſons Dames chambrieres ſont ; Prov. *See* Dames.
Grande moiſſon l'obeiſſant recuille ; Prov. *Great is the harveſt that th'obedient gathers.*
Telle ſemence telle moiſſon ; Prov. *Ill ſeed, ill weed; or, ſuch as the ſeed ſuch is the crop.*
Moiſſonné : m. ée : f. *Reaped, gotten, as corn in harveſt.*
Moiſſonner. *To reape, to make or get in, harveſt; to work harveſt work.*
Avec le temps lon moiſſonne ; Pro. *Look* Temps.
Moiſſonneur : m. *A reaper, a harveſt man.*
Moiſſonnier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, harveſt.*
Chevreau moiſſonnier. *A fat Kid.*
Faucille moiſſonniere. *A reaping ſickle.*
Oiſon moiſſonnier. *A ſtubble gooſe.*
Moiſſons. *Look* Moiſſon.
Moite : com. *Moiſt, liquid, humide, wet, ſweaty, giving as ſtones in rainy weather.*
Moiteau. *as* Motte ; or, *as* Motteau.
Moiteur : f. *Moiſture, moiſtneſſe, humidity, wetneſſe, wateriſhneſſe.*
Moitié : f. *An half, or half part.*
Moitié figues moitié raiſins. *Between jeaſt and earneſt.*
Moiton : m. *The half of a* Bichet ; *two buſhels and a half, and, in ſome places, three.* ¶ Bourguignon.
† Moitoyen : m. *Any whole thing that is enjoyed in common, or by undivided or undiviſible halves.*
† Moitoyen : m. enne : f. *Severing, or parting in the middeſt ſeverall poſſeſſions ; alſo, enjoyed in common, or by undivided or undiviſible halves ; whence;*
Mur moitoyen. *A partition wall, whereof th'one half or ſide belongs to one, and th'other to another; alſo, a wall wherein many have parts according to the ſcope of their tenements, or ſtate of their tenures.*
† Moitoyenneric : f. *Th'enjoying of a thing by many in common ; or by equall parts or undivided halves.*
† Moitoyrie : f. *as* Metairie ; *(An old word.)*
Mol : m. *Softnes; the ſoft, or ſofter part of a thing; whence;*
Le mol de la jambe. *The calf of the leg.*
Le mol de l'oreille. *The lug, or liſt of th'eare.*
Mol : m. molle : f. *Soft ; ſupple, tender; lithe, limber, pliant ; eaſie, gentle, yeelding; mild, effeminate, remiſſe ; dainty, delicate.*
B. mol. B. *flat, in Muſick.*
De B. carré en B. mol. *Inconſtantly, or ſuddainly, from one matter into another.*
Molen putain de bordeau. *As tender as a Prieſts leyman (ſay we.)*
Molaine : f. *as* Moulaine.
Molard. poire de m. *A very tender, and delicate peare.*
Molares, les dents mol. *The cheek-teeth, or grinders.*
Mole : m. *A Peere; a bank, or cauſey on the ſea-ſide neer unto a Rode, or Haven.*
Mole : f. *A Timpany, or Moon-calf; a ſhapeles lump of fleſh, or hard ſwelling, in the womb, that makes a woman ſeem with child; alſo, as* Molebout ; *alſo, as* Tenche de mer.
Molé : m. ée : f. *Moulded; caſt in, or framed by, a mould.*
Molebout : m. *A kind of great ſea-lump.*
Moleſte : com. *Troubleſome, offenſive, irkſome, grievous, comberſome, tedious, loathſome, painfull, burdenſome, unpleaſing, noiſome unto.*
Moleſté : m. ée : f. *Moleſted, troubled, offended, combered, vexed, annoyed, infeſted, afflicted; urged, importuned.*

Mo-

Moleſtément. *Troubleſomely, offenſively, comberſomely, noiſomely, to the wrong, or vexation of.*

Moleſter. *To moleſt, annoy, trouble, comber, vex, diſquiet, offend, \aine, infeſt, afflict; to urge, preſſe, importune too much; be burdenſome unto, lie hard, and heavy upon.*

Moleſteur: m. *A moleſter, troubler, vexer, diſquieter, annoyer.*

Moleſtie: f. *Moleſtation, trouble, annoyance; vexation, diſquiet; affliction, offence, diſpleaſure, irkeſomeneſſe, loathſomeneſſe, tedionſneſſe, too much importunity, or buſineſſe.*

Molet. *Seek* Mollet.

Molette d'eſperon. *The rowell of a ſpurre.*

Molibdene. *as* Plombagine; *Alſo, the herb Leadwort.*

Moliere: f. *A bog, or quagmire.*

Moliere; *whence,* Pierre de moliere. *A grindſtone, or grindleſtone.*

Molin. *as* Moulin.

Moliner. *To work, or thicken in a mill.*

Molinet. *as* Moulinet; *Alſo, the rod wherein the whip of a Rudders tiller goes.*

Chaſcun n'a pas ſon molinet; Prov. viz. Chaſcun ne dort en lict mol, & net.

Moliniert: m. *A Miller.*

Molition: f. *Indeavour, practiſe, attempt, enterpriſing, undertaking.*

Mollart. *as* Molard.

Mollaſſe: com. *Quaggie, ſwagging, not firme, ſoggie, filthily ſoft, loathſomely ſupple, unpleaſantly pliant; quagmire-like.*

Molle. (*The name of*) *an Indian tree, of whoſe tender branches a kind of wine is made.*

Mollement. *Softly, ſupplely, tenderly; eaſily, gently, mildly; yieldingly, remiſly, effeminately.*

Molleſſe: f. *Softneſſe, ſuppleneſſe, tenderneſſe; limberneſſe, pliantneſſe; eaſineſſe, gentleneſſe, mildneſſe, remiſneſſe, tractableneſſe; wantonneſſe; delicacie; faintneſſe, effeminacy, cowardiſe; alſo, the monſtrous appetite of ſome maids, and women, unto paper, aſhes, coales, and ſuch other harſh, and unſavory acates.*

Mollet: m. *The fleſhie part of the hand between the thumbe, and middle finger; alſo, the tip, lug, or ſoft part of the eare; alſo, the calfe of the leg; alſo, a muddy place in a river.*

Mollet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat ſoft, ſupple, tender; limber; tractable, remiſſe; delicate, effeminate.*

Pain mollet. *A very light, cruſty, and ſavoury white bread, full of eyes, leaven, and ſalt.*

Molleté. *as* Molleſſe.

Mollette: f. *A Mullet; a nipper, a pinſer; alſo, the ram-head of a fearne, or windleſſe; alſo, the rowell of a ſpurre.*

Mollette à brayer couleurs. *A Muller; the little flat bottomed ſtone wherewith a Painter grindes his colours.*

Chaire de bois à mollette. *A folding chaire of wood.*

Mollice: f. *as* Molleſſe.

Mollification: f. *A mollification, mollifying, ſoftning, ſuppling.*

Mollifié: m. ée: f. *Mollified, ſoftned, ſupled.*

Mollifier. *To mollifie, ſoften, ſupple; ſmooth, make pliant, gentle, tender.*

Mollifieur: m. *A mollifier, ſoftner, ſuppler; ſmoother, appeaſer.*

Mollinets: m. *The Jewels at the end of bodkins; alſo, rings having pearles hanging at them.*

Mollir. *To ſoften, mollifie; ſmooth; to make gentle, tender, pliant; to looſen, ſlacken, relax; alſo, to make wanton, effeminate, faint.*

Molu, *Seek* Moulu.

Moloſſe: m. *A foot of three long ſyllables, in verſifying.*

Moluë: f. *Cod, or Green-fiſh. Look* Moruë.

Molure. *Seek* Moulure.

Molurien. (*The name of*) *a certaine harmeleſſe ſerpent.*

Molybdoide: f. *Is held of ſome, to be, the minerall, and leaden-coloured, Calamine; of others (more properly) the oare of lead, or lead-ſtone untried.*

Mome: m. *A Momus, find-fault, carping fellow.*

Moment: m. *A moment, a minute, a jot of time; alſo, moment, importance, weight, value, validitie, conſequence; the vertue, force, or ſtrength of.*

Momentaine: com. *Momentary, tranſitory, of little durance, of ſmall continuance.*

Momental: m. ale: f. *Forcible, weighty, important, of moment; alſo, as* Momentaine.

Momentané: m. ée: f. *as* Momentaine.

Momerie: f. *Momery, momiſme, carping, fault-finding.*

Mommerie: f. *A Mummery, a Mumming.*

Mommeur: m. *A Mummer; one that goes a mumming.*

Mommon. *as* Mommeur; *Alſo, a troop, or company of Mummers; alſo, a viſard, or maske; alſo, a ſet, by a Mummer, at dice.*

Il iuy couvra ſon mommon. Il la beſongna.

Mon: m. *The giſerne of a bird.*

Mon: m. ma: f. *My.*

Mon. (*A Conjunction.*) Aſçavoir mon ſi. *Whether; This in Demands onely; for otherwiſe tis uſed as an inforcement of an affirmation; whence;* C'eſt mon; *yes forſooth, truly, certainly, doubtleſſe, indeed.*

Monacal: m. ale: f. *Monacall, Monaſticall, monkly, belonging to a Monke.*

Monacalement. *Monaſtically, Monk-like.*

Monade: f. *An unity, or ſingleneſſe; an one.*

Monaquat: m. *Monkery, Monkeſhip, Monkiſme, Monachiſme; the duty, or ſtate of a Monke.*

Monarchie: f. *A Monarchie; a kingdom; the government of one abſolute Prince.*

Monarchique: com. *Monarchall; belonging to a Monarchie, or Monarch.*

Monarque: com. *A Monarch; an abſolute Prince.*

Monaſtere: m. *A Monaſtery, Cloiſter, Abbey, covent.*

Monaſtique: com. *Monaſticall, Monkly, Monkiſh.*

Moncaiart: m. *Silke Moccadoe; or, a kind thereof.*

Monceau: m. *A heap, a maſſe, a pile.*

Monceau de foin. *A cock, reek, or ſtack of hay.*

Petit monceau de terre. *A barrow, billock, little hill.*

Se retirer en vn monceau. *To gather himſelfe up into a lumpe, or heape.*

Avarice fait petit monceau; Prov. *Look* Avarice.

De bien commun on ne fait pas ſouvent monceau; Prov. *Of common goods men ſeldome gather heaps.*

Monceler. *To heap, or pile up.*

Moncelet: m. *A little heap, maſſe, pile.*

Moncet. *as* Moineau; *A Sparrow.*

Mondain: m. *A worlding; one thats throughly acquainted with, or gives himſelfe wholy to, worldly buſineſſes.*

Mondain: m. aine: f. *Mundane, worldly, ſecular; prophane; diſſolute, ſenſuall, fleſhly, epicurious.*

Mondaniſer. *To world it, or, to play the worldling.*

Mondanité: f. *worldlineſſe; vanity; ſenſuality, fleſhlineſſe.*

Monde: m. *The world, the univers; all viſible things under the cope of heaven; alſo, a(world, or) great number of people, great ſtore of company.*

Le monde va touſiours à l'empire; Prov. *The world growes every day worſe and worſe.*

Qui veut la conſcience monde, il doit fuir le monde immonde; Prov. *He that affects a cleane conſcience, muſt avoid unclean copeſmates.*

Monde: com. *Cleane, neat; pure, cleere, ſincere.*

Qui veut la conſcience monde, &c. *as before.*

Mondé: m. ée: f. *Cleanſed, made cleane; alſo, pruned; picked, pilled; whited;*

Orge mondé. *Look* Orge.

Monder vn arbre. *as* Eſmonder.

Mondificatif: m. iue: f. *Mundificative, mundifying; cleanſing, purging, purifying.*

Mondification. *A mundification, mundifying, cleanſing, purging, purifying.*

Mondifié: m. ée: f. *Mundified, cleanſed, purged, purified.*

Mondifier. *To mundifie, cleanſe, purifie, purge, wipe, make clean.*

Mondinet: m. *A neat, ſpruce, compt fellow.*

Monettes: f. *Warning, or admoniſhing women. of* Rab.

Monfaucon. *The great gallowes of* Paris; (*ſtanding on* 16 *ſtone pillers*;) *whence;* Banderolle à l'advenir de Monfaucon. *One for whom the gallowes groanes; one that deſerveth, or is like to come to, the gallowes.*

Monial: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Monke.*

Herbe moniale. *Wild Lark-heele, Monkshood with the purple flower.*

Moniale: f. *A Nunne.*

Monilles: m. *Necklaces, Tablets, Brouches, or Ouches; any ſuch Ornaments for the neck.*

Monine. *as* Monnine.

Moniteur: m. *A monitor, admoniſher, warner; a Summoner, an Apparitor.*

Monition: f. *A monition, admonition, moniſhment; an advertiſement, information, warning, ſummons.*

Monitoire: m. *A monitory, or admonition;*

the

the cenſure, or ſentence of a Biſhop in an Eccleſiaſticall Court.

Monitoire : com. *Monitory, moniſhing, admoniſhing, advertiſing, warning.*

Monitorial : m. ale : f. *Monitoriall, monitory, admoniſhing.*

Monne : f. *A Monky, or Pug.*

Monneage: m. *An Aid, or Subſidie of* 12 d. *paid unto the Duke of* Normandy, *each third yeare, by every houſeholder (except Church officers, beneficed men, Gentlemen, poore widowes, and ſome other privileged perſons) to the end that the coine of the countrey might not be altered.*

Monnier: m. *The Chevin, or Chub-fiſh.*

Monnine : f. *A Marmoſet, or little monky.*

Monnoyage : m. *The making, or coyning of money; alſo, the fees due unto money-makers.*

Monnoye : f. *Money, coine, chinks.*

Monnoyes. *(as in,* le faict des mon. les Generaux des mon. le Maiſtre des mon, &c.) *The mint.*

Monnoye de Baſoche. *Counters, or Palace Crownes; any ſuch traſh currant among Pages, and young Clerkes.*

Monnoye de beliſtres. *Lice.*

Monnoye blanche. *Braſſe or copper coin ſilvered over.*

Monnoye de cordelier. *Thanks, or a Benedicite; wherewith gray Friers, who are to carry no money about them, uſe to pay their ſhots.*

Monnoye noire. *Stek* Noir.

Monnoye de Roy. *French money of gold, or ſilver; ſo call'd in old time.*

Monnoye de Singe. *Moes, mumps, mouths; alſo, friskes, leaps, gambols.*

Deſcrié comme la vieille monnoye. *Stale, out of uſe, out of date; alſo, of bad report, that hath but an ill name, in the world.*

Payer toutes perſonnes en meſme monnoye. *To uſe, or anſwer, all alike.*

Reſembler la monnoye rongnée. *To be illiterate, or unlearned;* Eſtre ſans lettres.

A pauvres gens menuë monnoye; Pro. *Small money ſuffices, or fits, the poore.*

Monnoyé : m. ée: f. *Coined, or made into money.*

Monnoyement : m. *A coyning, or money-making.*

Monnoyer: m. *A Coyner, or money-maker.*

Monnoyer. *To coine, make money, or make into money.*

Monnoyeur : m. *A Coyner, moneyer, money-maker.*

† Monochordiſer des doigts. *To quaver with the fingers, to wag or play with them, as if he touched a manicordion.*

† Monocle : com. *One eyed; having but one eye.*

Monocule. *as* Monocle.

† Monogaine : m. *One that never had but one wife.*

† Monologue : m. *One that loves to heare himſelfe talke; or talkes very much about a very little.*

Monomachie : f. *A monomachie, or ſingle combat.*

Monon : m. *A certaine little green-leaved ſhrub, which beares a red fruit reſembling a ſmall cherry, but not to be eaten.*

Monope : m. *A Peruian beaſt, that is as big as a Bull, and neerly purſued ſquirts out a ſharpe, and fiery ordure, deadly to ſuch as it lights on.*

Monopole: f. *A Monopolie; a privat conſpiracy, factious combination, unjuſt confederation; hence alſo, the ſale of a merchantable commodity challenged by one, or few; the ingroſſing thereof into one, or few mens hands, by Patent from the Prince, or packing with others.*

Monopolé : m. ée : f. *Monopoled, or monopolized; combined, conſpired; ingroſſed, as a commodity, into one, or a few mens hands.*

Monopoler. *To conſpire, or combine together; to monopolize it, or make a monopoly; One, or a few to ingroſſe, and challenge the ſale of, a commodity, which many (if they had their due) ſhould utter.*

Monopolier : m. *A monopoler, or monopolizer; an ingroſſer of ſale commodities, by Patent from the Prince, or packing with others.*

Monoſyllabe : com. *Of one ſyllable.*

Monouc. *An Eunuch.* ¶ Turqueſque.

Monſeigneur. *My Lord; (a title conferred on ſuch great men as be in degree, or authority, farre above us.)*

Monſieur. *Sir, or Maſter; (a title fit for an equall, or ſuch a one, as is not much ſuperiour to him that beſtowes it.)*

Monſieur, de trois au boiſſeau : &, de trois à vne eſpée. *A thread-bare, ſingle-ſoled, courſe-gowne, gentleman.*

Monſieur ſans queuë. *A Cheater; alſo, a Maſter without further addition; a gentleman without Arms, or Attendance; one that's troubled with no more gentry then he needs.*

Monſieur vaut bien Madame; Prov. *A Lord deſerves (or is worth) a Lady at all times.*

Aujourd'huy monſieur demain Mouſcheur; Prov. *To day a Maſter, to morrow Maſterleſſe.*

Monſtier: m. *A Monaſtery; alſo, a Minſter, or Cathedrall Church; (and ſometimes) alſo, any Pariſh Church.*

Laiſſer le monſtier ou il eſt. *Not to alter an ancient cuſtome; or, to leave the determining of Church matters unto Church-men.*

Ce que l'enfant oit au fouyer eſt toſt connu iuſques au monſtier; Prov. *The Pariſh quickly knowes what infants beare in private.*

Monſtre : m. *A monſter a deformed creature; a thing that's faſhioned, or bred contrary to nature.*

Monſtre : f. *A patterne, ſcantling, proofe, example, eſſay; alſo, a muſter, view, ſhew, or ſight; the countenance, repreſentation, or outward apparence of a thing; a demonſtration; alſo, a watch, or little clock that ſtrikes not; alſo, the glaſſie box that ſtands on the ſtals of Goldſmiths, Cutlers, &c. and generally, any thing that ſhews, or points at, another thing; whence;*

La monſtre d'vn horologe. *The hand of a clock.*

La monſtre d'vn maquignon de chevaux. *The place wherein a horſe-ſcourſer ſhewes his commodities.*

Monſtré : m. ée : f. *Shewed, repreſented; diſcovered, bewrayed; pointed at; ſignified, expreſſed, declared.*

Monſtrée. *as* Monſtre; *A view, ſhew, ſight, muſter of.*

Monſtrement : m. *A ſhewing, repreſenting, pointing at; a demonſtrating, expreſſing, declaring.*

Monſtrer. *To ſhew; repreſent; expreſſe, point at; manifeſt, ſignifie, demonſtrate, declare; diſcloſe, diſcover, bewray, reveale.*

Se monſtrer. *To appeare, ſtand out, preſent or put forth himſelfe; alſo, to ſhew, or prove himſelfe.*

Monſtrer la dent. *To girne; to grow into choler.*

Monſtrer le meuchoir blanc à. *Look* Mouchoir.

Monſtrer les talons; ou le cul. *To ſhew a faire paire of heeles; to runne away.*

Monſtreur : m. *A ſhewer, a demonſtratour.*

Monſtrueuſment. *Monſtrouſly, miſhappenly, moſt deformedly, or defectively; againſt the courſe of nature.*

Monſtrueux : m. euſe : f. *Monſtrous; miſſhapen; defective, exorbitant, unnaturall, or moſt contrary to nature.*

Mont: m. *A mount, hill, mountaine.*

Les monts. (*without addition*) *are commonly underſtood to be the Alpes; High mountaines which divide* Italy *and* France.

Mont Iovie. *A riſing under (the inſide of) one of the fingers.*

Mont de pieté. *A publike ſtock, or purſe maintained for the releiſe, aſſiſtance, and furtherance of young Tradeſmen.*

Du mont à val. *From the top to the bottome.*

En mont. *Upwards, above, on high.*

Par monts & par vaux. *In every coaſt, in every place, every where, all the world through.*

Promettre monts, & merveilles; ou, monts & vaux. *To promiſe wonders, or golden worlds; (as ſome doe that either will not, or cannot, performe any thing.)*

Au matin les monts, au ſoir les fonds; Prov. *So ſome men quickly fall from high full low.*

Au matin vers les monts, au ſoir vers les fonts; Prov. *A mornings walke up the hill, in the evening downwards.*

Mont. *in ſtead of* Moult. *Much.*

C'eſt mont. *Look* Mon.

Montable: com. *Mountable, aſcendable, climable.*

Montagne. *as* Montaigne.

Montagner. faulcon mont. *as* Montain, *or* Montagon.

Montagon : m. *A kind of hardy faulcon, hard to be kept.*

Montagu. *The name of a beggerly College in* Paris, *founded in the yeare of Grace* 1314.

Eſparvier de Montagu. *A lowſe.*

Montaignard : m. *A mountainer, or mountaine man.*

Montaigne: f. *A mountaine, a great hill.*

Montaigne de Mars. *The fleſhie part of the hand between the thumb, and middle finger; or the muſcles whereof it is made; (a tearme of Anatomy.)*

Les hommes ſe rencontrent, & non pas les montaignes; Prov. *Men meet often, mountaines never.*

te Montaigner. *To look big on't; highly to exalt, or lift up, himselfe.*

Montaignette: f. *A little mountaine.*

Montaigneux: m. euſe: f. *Mountainous, mountainie, full of mountaines.*

Montaignois: m. oiſe: f. *Of, or belonging to, reſiding, or dwelling, in mountaines.*

Montaignolle: f. *as* Montaignette.

Montain: m. *A kind of ſhort, ſtrong, and excellent (but ill to be kept) Faulcon, that uſeth to look much on her feet; alſo, the little bird, called a* Brambling.

Montenage. *as* Montenage.

Montance. à la mon. de cent. *A riſing, or amounting to above an hundred.*

Montant: m. *A Mountaine; an upright beame, or poſt in building; alſo, a boat that goes up a river, or againſt the ſtream; alſo, as* Col rompu, *or a ſmall riſing in the middle of the mouth of a bit; alſo, an upright blow, or thruſt; alſo, the aſcent, or riſing of a thing; or a thing, or any part thereof, conſidered in it aſcent.*

Les montants d'vn lict. *The bed-poſts.*

Le montant du pied. *The inſtep.*

Montant. *Mounting, aſcending, riſing, getting up on; alſo, increaſing, or growing deere; alſo, overbidding another.*

Monté: m. ée: f. *Mounted, aſcended, riſen, got up, got upon.*

Bien, ou mal monté. *Well, or ill mounted; viz. well, or ill horſed.*

Guiterre bien, ou mal monté. *well, or ill ſtrung.*

Monté iuſques au nid de la pie. *At the height of his fortunes; as high as his meanes, or worth, can raiſe him.*

Il n'eſt pas aſſeuré qui trop haut eſt monté; Prov. *Hee ſits not faſt whoſe ſeat is raiſed too high.*

Montée: f. *An aſcent, riſing, mounting, or climbing up; alſo, the riſing part of a horſes bit.*

La montée d'vn baſtiment. *The upper part of a building; or, a repreſentation, or modell thereof, called the upright plot of a building.*

A haute montée le faix encombre; Prov. *He that climbes high feeles every ſmall weight heavy.*

Apres grande montée grande vallée; Prov. *After toyle reſt, after paine eaſe.*

Apres grande vallée rude montée; Prov. *The contrary.*

Montelet: m. *A little mountaine.*

Montenage: m. *Toll payed unto certaine Lords by ſuch as buy, and ſell beaſts, and other merchandiſe within their territories.*

Monter. *To mount, aſcend, riſe, climbe, to goe or get up unto; to leape as the male upon the female; alſo, to increaſe, or grow deere; alſo, to over-bid another; alſo, to ſhew in quantity; to amount unto; to raiſe, advance, lift up.*

Monte monte. *words whereby young Sparrowes are taught to climbe the lather.*

Monter vn arbaleſte. *To ſet a croſſebow in the ſtock.*

Monter ſur l'aſne. faire ceſſion des biens. *Look* Aſne.

Monter ſur ſes grands chevaulx. *To ſpeak high, ſtand upon high termes.*

Monter au greiner ſans chandelle. *To light in a turd.*

Monter vne monſtre. *To wind up a watch.*

Monter à la navire. *To get aſhipboord, to take ſhip.*

Qui plus haut monte qu'il ne doit de plus haut chet qu'il ne voudroit; Prov. *He that climbes higher then he ſhould falls lower then he would.*

Monte-vin: m. *A ſtrait-mouthed veſſell of glaſſe, which if you fill with wine, and another of the ſame faſhion with water, and then ſet this upon that, the wine will ſtraight mount through the water to the top of the one veſſell, and the water deſcend through the wine to the bottome of the other, without mixture of either with the other.*

Monticule: f. *A hillock, a ſmall hill.*

Montigené: m. ée: f. *Borne, or bred on the mountaines.*

Mont-joye: m. *The title of the chiefe Herauld in* France.

Mont-joye: f. *A barrow; a little hill, or heap of ſtones, layed in, or neer a highway, for the better diſcerning thereof; or in remembrance of ſome notable act performed, or accident befallen, in that place; alſo, a goale to run at; alſo (metaphorically) any heap.*

Montoir. *as* Montouër; *or the ſide whereon we get on.*

Se ranger au montoir. *Metaphorically from a horſe to a wench, that ſuffers a man to get on; or ſettles her ſelfe to give him the eaſier getting on.*

Montouër: m. *A mounting block; or as* Montoir.

† Montroüage. *as* Montenage.

Montueux. *as* Montaigneux.

Monture: f. *A horſe to ride on, a ſaddle horſe.*

Monument: m. *A monument; ſepulchre, tombe; record, memoriall, remembrance of.*

Moquer. *Look* Mocquer.

Moquettes: f. *Mockes, frumps, flowts, gudgeons.*

Moral: m. ale: f. *Morall, belonging unto civility, or manners.*

Moralement. *Morally, in a morall ſence, or faſhion; alſo, doubly, or with a meaning different from his words.*

Moraliſé: m. ée: f. *Moralized, morally expounded.*

Moraliſer. *To morallize, to expound morally, to give a morall ſence unto; alſo, to act a Morall, or Enterlude of manners.*

Moraliſeur: m. *A moralizer, an expounder of moralities; an Ethick Lecturer, or Philoſopher.*

Moralité: f. *Morality; a morall ſenſe, or ſubject; alſo, a Morall, an Enterlude or Play of manners.*

† Morbifiquet com. *Unwholſome, infectious, diſeaſes-breeding, ſickneſſe-bringing.*

Morbilles: f. *The ſmall pockes.*

Morceau: m. *A morſell; bit, mouthfull; alſo, a gobbet, fragment, broken piece of, or piece broken off from.*

Morceau d'Adam. *The head of the wind-pipe, or throat, conſiſting of three little griſtles.*

Se courroucer contre ſes morceaux. *as under* Courroucer.

Croupir aux eſcoutes de gras morceaux. *To lie in wait for wealthie Offices, fat beneficies, &c.*

Cela leur fait tailler les morceaux plus menus. *That makes them live the more ſparingly, or pinch it the more.*

A morceau reſtif eſperon de vin; Pro. *Put on a reſtive bit with ſpurres of wine.*

Au ſerviteur le morceau d'honneur; Prov. *The laſt morſell in the diſh is the ſervants fee (ſome holding it but a rude part to leave a diſh emptie.)*

Morcel: m. *as* Morceau *(in old French.)*

Morcelaire. Collation morcelaire. *A ſhort collation, a bit and away.*

Morcelé: m. ée: f. *Nibled, eaten by bits, bitten by little and little.*

Morceler. *To bite ſmall morſels, nibble, mince it, eat by little and little.*

Morcelet: m. *A bit, ſmall mammock, or morſell.*

Morche: f. *Food, victuals, cheere, batling.*

Morcillant: m. ante: f. *Peecemealing, dividing into morſels, or ſmall pieces; alſo, knapping, or nibling; biting faſt and ſleightly.*

Vn oeil morcillant. *A greedy, or hungry eye; ſuch a one as expreſſes a great appetite to be at it.*

Morcillé: m. ée: f. *Peecemealed; divided into ſmall morſels, or pieces; alſo, nibled; bitten faſt and ſleightly.*

Morciller. *To peecemeale; to divide into ſmall morſels, or peeces; alſo, to nibble, or knapple; to bite very faſt and very ſleightly, like a rabbit that mumbles a hard thing which her teeth cannot pierce.*

Mordacité: f. *Mordacity, eager diſtraction, ſharpe taunting, biting ſpeech; bitter tearmes.*

Mordant: m. *A kind of great, black, and ſlow ſpider.*

Mordant: m. ante: f. *Biting.*

Beſtes mordantes. *The wolfe, Bowe, Otter, Fox, &c.*

En mordant. *Holding faſt, biting hard.*

Mordeur: m. *A biter.*

Mordicant. *Nipping, pinching, biting.*

Mordication: f. *A nipping, pinching, biting.*

Mordienne. *Gog's deathlings; a fooliſh oath in* Rab.

Mordillé: m. ée: f. *Nibled, gnawed; fretted, ſnipped off.*

Mordiller. *To nibble, gnaw, fret, ſnip off.*

Mordiquer. *To bite, pinch, nip.*

Mordre. *To bite, or ſet the teeth in; to gnaw, browſe, champe, nibble; to pinch, nip, ſnip, or ſnap with the teeth; alſo, to ſting; alſo, to ſmell (whence, le mord; thats your noſe,) alſo, to conceive, apprehend, underſtand.*

Mordre au baſton. pour le faire mordre, &c. *To make him the more eager.*

Mordre les doigts. *To fret, or chafe inwardly at a thing paſt helpe.*

Mordre à la grappe: Il ſembloit mordre à la grappe. *Hee ſpoke ſo babtily that hee ſeemed to doe what hee delivered.*

Mordre l'oreille à. *as much as, flatter; ou careſſer mignonnement; wherein the biting of the eare is, with ſome, an uſuall Action.*

Mordre en riant. *To quip, or taunt by way, or with a ſhew, of jeaſt; to ſhew a man a good countenance to his face, and cut his throat behind his back.*

Il n'y pouvoit rien mordre. *He could not skill of it, he knew not what to make of it; twas past his reach, out of his course, out of his element.*

Vous avez bien envie de mordre sur mon language. *You would faine take hold of, you hope for some advantage by, my words.*

Chien qui abbaye ne mord pas; Prov. *Many words few, or no blowes; they seldome strike home that threaten, or talke much.*

Homme mort mord iusques, & par delà la mort: Prov. *The blood of the innocent cryes unto God for vengeance, pursuing unto, and stinging after, death the conscience of a murtherer: Howsoever some may flatter themselves with;*

Homme mort ne mord pas; Prov. *A dead man, (or as we say, a dead dog) bites not.*

Mauvais chien ne trouve ou mordre: Pro. *The curst curre knows not where to set his teeth.*

On ne sçait qui mord ne qui rue: Pro. *A man knows not what may fall out.*

Tell estrille fauveau qui puis le mord: Prov. *Look* Fauveau.

Tel rid qui mord; Prov. *Some laugh that bite, some jeast that gall; or as before in* Mordre en riant.

Mords: m. *A Bitt for a horse.*

Mords. *Bitten; gnawn, champed; nibled; nipped, or pinched with the teeth; stung.*

More: m. *A Moore, Morian, Blackamore.*

Petit more. *The name of an excellent Ordinary in* Paris.

Teste de more. *Look* Teste.

Il a esté pris comme le more. *His cunning is discovered; or he hath consented himself in thinking to cousen others; he is caught in the snare he layed for another.* (Francis Sforce *the last absolute Duke of* Milain (*surnamed the Moor, because of his swart complexion, and the most crafty Prince of his time, having received a great overthrow, put on the apparell of a Swisser, and thought so to have lived, for a while, hidden among the Regiments of that Nation; but they within a while discovering, delivered him unto the French King, in whose prisons he ended his dayes.*)

Moreau. Cheval moreau. *A black horse.*

Morée: f. *A kind of murrey, or dark-red colour.*

Morel. *as* Moreau.

Morelle: f. *The herb Morell, petty Morell, garden Nightshade.*

Morelle furieuse, ou maniaque. *Mad, raging, or furious Nightshade.*

Morelle marine. *A kind of sleeping Nightshade which grows in rockie places neer unto the sea.*

Morelle mortelle. *Dwale, Deaths herb, deadly Nightshade, great Nightshade.*

Morelle somnifique. *Sleepy Nightshade; or, as* Morelle mortelle.

Morelles: f. *Morell Cherries; late-ripe Cherries, dried for winter provision.*

Morene: f. *as* Hemorrhoide; *the Emrods, or Piles.*

Morengue. *The name of a kind of Olive.*

Moresque: f. *A Mooresse, a shee Moore, a black woman.*

Moresque: com. *Moorish, Moor-like, of the Moores.*

Fueillage, & Ouvrage, moresque. *Moreske worke; a rude, or anticke painting, or carving, wherein the feet and tayles of beasts, &c. are intermingled with, or made to resemble, a kind of wild leaves, &c.*

Moresse: f. *A Mooresse, A woman Moore, a black woman.*

Moret: m. *A kind of Lye whereof Sope is made: also, as* Morée.

Morets. Des morets. *winne-berries, hurtle-berries.*

† Morte: f. *A feasting, or making of good cheer.*

Mortée: f. *as* Morphée.

† Morfiaille: f. *Greedy eating, ill favoured or hasty devouring; also, bad or dead wine, such as is no better then droppings.*

† Morfiailler. *To feed greedily, eat or drink hastily, and writhe the mouth ill favouredly in chawing, or swallowing.*

† Morfiailleres: f. *Food or victualls greedily, and ill favouredly taken in.*

Morfil: m. *Ivory, Elephants teeth.*

Le morfil d'un cousteau. *The edge-side of a new, and unground knife.*

Morfondement: m. *as* Morfondure.

se Morfondre. *To take cold, catch cold, get a cold.*

se Morfondre sur. *To stand long, or dwell much upon.*

Morfondu: m. uë: f. *That hath taken, or caught cold; that hath got a cold.*

Morfondure: f. *A cold; or a taking of cold.*

† Morganegibe. *A matrimoniall gift; or, such a title as our frankmariage.*

Morgeline: f. *Fvie, Chickweed, Henne-bit; also; the small, or fine Chickweed; also, Pimpernell; whence;*

Morgeline femelle. *Blew Pimpernell.*

Morgeline masle. *Red Pimpernell.*

Morgoy. *for* Mort Dieu; (*a rusticall oath.*)

Morgue: f. *A sad, or sadned looke; a solemne, or severe countenance; a soure face; an austere posture, or sett of the visage; the mumping aspect of one that would seeme graver then he is; Also* (*in the* Chastelet *of* Paris) *a certaine Chaire, wherein a new-come prisoner is set, and must continue some houres, without stirring either head or hand, that the Keepers ordinary servants may the better take notice of his face, and favour.*

'A le voir tenir si bonne morgue. *Seeing him keep his countenance so well, or set so good a face on the matter.*

Morguer, *To look sourely on, or make a soure face at; to brave or outface with a soure, solemne, or stout countenance.*

Qui morgue le ciel, & fait gambades à la terre. *that hangs on a gibbet.*

Morgueſoupe. à la m. *whilest they were eating their brewesse, or fat pottage.*

Morgueur: m. *A maker of strange mouths, or soure faces.*

Morgueux. *The same; or one that ill favouredly writhes his face to a shew of gravity.*

Morhouc: m. *A Porpose, or sea Hog.* ¶ Breton.

Moribonde: com. *Dying; or upon the point of dying; ready to die.*

Morienne: com. *Dying a naturall death; or, not killed, but dead of it selfe.*

Morigené: m. ée: f. Bien mor. *Mannerly, well mannered, well behaved, of good carriage, well fashioned, well brought up.*

Morille: f. *The smallest, and daintiest kind of red Mushrome.*

Pinse morille. *The game called, Hinch pinch, and laugh not.*

Morillon: m. *A shell-Drake; or broad-beaked water-foule, whose head and necks upper part is of a ruddy, or Chestnut colour, the lower part of his necke, back and tayle being black, and the rest of his back and his wings Mouse-coloured; also, the name of a black grape that yeelds very good wine.*

Morin. Vent morin. *The South wind.*

Morion: m. *A Murrian, or Head-peece.*

Morionné. *Armed, or covered with a Murrian.*

Lievres morionnez. (*Silly Artificers, or cowardly Tradesmen, turned watchmen*) *the ordinary watchmen of good Townes.*

Soldats morionnez. *Footmen.*

Morique, *for* Morisque. ¶ Rab.

Morir. *Look* Mourir.

Morisque: f. *A Morris* (*or Moorish*) *dance; also, the mizzen saile of a Ship.*

Morme. *The ruddy, and spotted sea-Bream, or Goldenny.*

Mormyre. *as* Morme.

Mornie: com. *Sad, heavy, lumpish, lowring; pensive, agreived, in a melancholy mood, all in dumps; also, dull, stupid, sottish, senceles, blockish.*

Lance morne. *A launce with a blunt head; a tilting-staffe.*

Temps morne. *Black, dusky, cloudy, heavy, lowring weather.*

Morné: m. ée: f. *Dulled, blunted, unpointed; also, tipped, headed, or pointed with.*

Esperons mornez. *Spurres with blunt rowels.*

Mornement. *Sadly, pensively; moodily, lumpishly; dully, sottishly; cloudily, lowringly.*

Morner. *To blunt, or dull the point of a weapon.*

Mornifle: f. *A dainty round Italian fruit, growing like a Toadstoole; also a trick at Cards; also, a cuffe, or pash on the lips.*

Bailler mornifle sur les levres du Roy. *To coyne false money.*

Moroche: f. *The smallest, coursest, and driest kind of Indian wheat.*

Moromantie: f. *Foolish divination.*

Moron. *as* Mouron.

Morosité: f. *Morosity, frowardnesse, waywardnesse, crossenesse, overthwartnesse.*

Morosophe: com. *Foolish-wise.*

Morphée: f. *The Morphew.*

Morphie: f. *Ivory.*

Morpiaille. *as* Morfiaille. ¶ Rab.

Morpion: m. *A Crablouse.*

Grenier à morpions. *A Harbour, or Garner for Crablice; a filthy, nasty, sluttish, or lowsie queen.*

Morquacaſſé: m. ée f. *All-bruised, or out of joynt.* ¶ Rab.

Mor-

Morrail de mulet : m. *A kind of muzzle tied about his noſe, and having hanged at it a great poake full of Hay, or Oats for him to feed on as he goes.*

Morrailles, *as* Mourrailles.

Morre : f. *A pouch-mouth ; a mouth garded with great, out-ſtanding, or ſlowching lips* ; (*or, as* Mourre.)

Morrion. *as* Morion.

Morrude : f. *A Gurnard, or Cure-fiſh.*

Mors : m. *A bitt, or biting ; alſo, as* Mords.

Mors à diable. (*So doe ſome call*) *the herb Avens, Bennet or Bleſſed.*

Mors du diable. *Fore-bit, or Devils-bit ; (an herb.)*

Morſaul. *as* Marſaul.

Morſillant, & Morſiller. *as* Morcillant, & Morciller.

Morſilleure : f. *A peece-mealing ; a breaking, or dividing into many ſmall peeces.*

Morſure : f. *A biting ; a champing, gnawing, or nibling ; a pinching, or nipping with the teeth ; alſo, a ſtinging ; alſo, a bit ; a morſell, or mouthfull taken with the teeth.*

Morſure du diable. *as* Mors du diable.

En maigre poil a morſure ; Prov. *A bald head yeelds a lowſe a full bit ; diſarmed of protection, ſoone harmed by oppreſſion.*

Telle dent telle morſure ; Pro. *A ſharp tooth a ſmart wound ; ſuch as the tooth, ſuch is the bit.*

Mort : f. *Death ; bane ; a deceaſe, or departure out of this life.*

Mort aux bœufs. *Ox-bane ; an herb whereof if an Ox eat, he dies forthwith of the ſquinzie.*

Mort aux chiens. *Dogs-bane ; alſo, meadow, or wild, Saffron.*

Mort d'enfer damnation. *Look* Enfer.

Mort aux oiſans. *Henbane ; alſo, Hemlocks.*

Mort aux rats. *The confection tearmed Rats-bane.*

Mort Roland. *Thirſt.* ¶ Rab.

Mort aux vers. *The herb called Wormeſeed, ſea Wormewood, and Wormeſeed wort.*

Donation à cauſe de mort. *A Deed of gift, in the nature of a Legacy, or will, revocable during the givers life.*

A mort à mort. *Kill, Kill ; the crie of bloudy ſouldiers purſuing their fearfull enemies unto death.*

La mort l'attend à deux pas prés. *Death is hard by him, or ready to ſeize on him.*

Il eſt bon à aller querir la mort. *Hee is a dreaming, lingering, or ſluggiſh meſſenger.*

La mort n'eſpargne ny petit ny grand ; Prov. *Death baulkes no creature, ſpares nor ſmall nor great.*

La mort n'a point d'ami, le malade n'a qu'un demy ; Prov. *Death hath no friend, the ſick man but an halfe one.*

Apres la mort le medecin ; Prov. *After death drugs ; the miſchiefe paſt, a remedy.*

Bonne la mort qui nous donne la vie ; Prov. *Good is the death which brings us unto life ; Gods favour's great not to reprive ſuch as end well, and die to live.*

Contre la mort n'y a peint d'appel ; Prov. *From death there's no appealing.*

Contre la mort n'y a point de medecine ; Prov. *No medicine againſt death ; no remedy for death.*

A longue corde tire qui d'autruy la mort deſire ; Prov. *See* Corde.

Haine de Prince ſignifie mort d'homme ; Prov. *He whom a Prince hates is as good as dead.*

Homme mort mord iuſques, & pas delà la mort ; Prov. *Look* Mordre.

Le pourpre au ſoc mort d'egal poix balance ; Prov. *Death matches the poore clowne with purple Gallants.*

Mort : m. morte : f. *Dead, deceaſed, departed ; alſo, killed, murthered, ſlaine, made away.*

Mort bois ; &, Bois mort. *Look* Bois.

Mort herbage ; ou, Herbage mort. *See* Herbage.

Mortes œuvres. *The ſides or outſide of a ſhip from the wales upward.*

Morte ſaiſon. *The time wherein Herrings, and ſuch like fiſh, being out of ſeaſon, are not, or ſhould not be, caught.*

Le iour des morts. *All-ſoules day.*

Mal mort. *See* Mal.

La ſervice des morts. *Dirges, Trentals, Prayers, Vowes, or Sacrifices for the dead.*

Se faire mort d'un fief. *A father, &c. to paſſe over in his life time a fief, unto his heire apparant.*

Le mort execute le Vif. *Looke* Executer.

Le mort ſaiſit le vif, ſon heritier plus proche, & habile à luy ſucceder par couſtume generale de France : ce qui a lieu en pluſieurs païs tant en ligne collaterale que directe, & tant par teſtament que ab inteſtat : Tellement que la iuſtice n'eſt pas ſaiſie de la ſucceſſion pour la delivrer à l'heritier. ¶ Ragueau.

Homme mort mord iuſques, & par delà ſa mort : &, Homme mort ne mord point ; Prov. *Look* Mordre.

Homme mort ne fait guerre ; Prov. *Dead men are quiet ; the dead man makes no warre.*

La guerre eſt la feſte des morts ; Prov. *Warre is the dead mans holyday.*

Qui ſe combat n'eſt pas mort ; Prov. *A man's not dead as long as he doth fight : (Indeed there's oftentimes more life then honeſty in a contention.)*

Mortaillable : com. *Subject unto his Lords Taxations, or unto Mortmaine ; or, as* Main-mortable.

Mortaillablement. *By, or in, Mortmaine ; alſo, ſervilly, ſlaviſhly, by villanage.*

Mortaille : f. *The Taxation, or Tax whereto a villaine is ſubject, either in his life time, or after his deceaſe ; at the (reaſonable) will of his Lord, or by cuſtome, or as he hath compounded with him.*

Mortailler. *A Lord to tax his villaines, or ſervile Tenants.*

Mortaiſe : f. *A mortaiſe in a piece of timber.*

Mortalité : f. *Mortality, frailty, ſubjection unto death ; alſo, a mortality, plague, murrein, rot.*

Mortau. *as* Mortel *(ruſtically.)*

Mortel : m. elle : f. *Mortall, humane, fraile, ſubject unto death ; alſo, mortall, deadly, bane-giving, death-bringing, end-procuring.*

Mortellement. *Mortally, deadly, capitally, unto the death, or unto death.*

Morte-main : f. *as* Main-morte ; *Mortmaine ; alſo, the ſucceſſion of, or eſtate left by, illegitimated baſtards, unnaturalized ſtrangers, and unaffranchized villaines.*

Mortement. *Deadly, as one thats dead ; alſo, weakly, faintly, without force, like one that is halfe dead.*

Morte-payes : m. *Dead-payes ; Souldiers in ordinary pay, for the guard of a Forteſſe, or frontier Towne, during their lives. In* France *they be exempted from the* Taille.

Morte-ſaiſon. *The ſeaſon wherein Herrings, or other ſea-fiſh are not fit to be caught.*

Congé de morte-ſaiſon. *A Licence to fiſh in that unſeaſonable ſeaſon.*

Mort gage, & Mort-gaige : m. *Morgage, or Mortgage.*

Mortier : m. *A Morter (to bray things in ;) alſo, the ſhort, and wide-mouthed piece of Ordnance called a Morter ; alſo, Morter (uſed by Dawbers, &c.) alſo, a faſhion of Cap (with brimmes turned up) worne by the Lord Chancelor ; and Preſidents of ſoveraigne Courts on high dayes ; alſo, a kind of ſmall chamberlampe.*

Mortier de Sageſſe. *An excellent Morter, made (by ſome) of the whites of egges, a little Maſtick, and Beane flower.*

Le mortier ſent touſiours les aulx ; Pro. *A bad impreſſion made by nature, or an ill habit got by cuſtome, leave ever ſome tacke of themſelves behind them.*

Mortifere : com. *Mortiferous, death-bringing, bane-giving ; deadly, peſtilent.*

Mortification : f. *Mortification ; a mortifying ; a quelling, taming, or puniſhing of the fleſh ; a deading of the appetite, a killing of luſt.*

Mortifié : m. ée : f. *Mortified ; made tender.*

Mortifier. *To mortifie ; to dead the appetite, quell, tame, or puniſh the fleſh ; alſo, to mortifie, or make tender, fleſh thats to be eaten.*

Iamais grain ne fructifie ſi premier ne ſe mortifie ; Prov. *Seed yields no fruit before it have been mortified.*

Mortifieur : m. *A mortifier.*

Mortmain. *Look* Main-morte.

Mort-né : m. ée : f. *Borne dead, ſtill-born.*

Mortuage : m. *A Mortuary ; that which is due, or given, to a Parſon out of a dead mans goods.*

Mortuaille. *as* Mortuaire.

Mortuaire : m. *A funerall, or buriall ; alſo, a hearſe-cloth, or funerall cloth.*

Banquet de mortuaire. *A funerall dinner, banquet, or feaſt.*

Mortuaire : com. *Belonging to a funerall, or to a Mortuary.*

Cloche mortuaire. *A paſſing-bell ; or, the bell that rings to a buriall.*

Drap mortuaire. *A hearſe-cloth.*

Propos mortuaire. *Talke of death, funerals, or burials.*

Morvat : m. *A dot of ſnivell, or of ſnot.*

Morve : m. *Snot, ſnivell.*
Moruë : f. *The Cod, or Greenfiſh; (a leſſe, and dull-eyed kind whereof is called by ſome, the Marhwell.)*
Moruë parée. *Haberdine.*
Moruë verte. *Greene-fiſh.*
Oeil de moruë. *A great, out-ſtrouing, and dull-ſighted eye.*
Tripe de moruë. *Looke* Tripe.
Morveau : m. *Snot, ſnivell.*
Le morveau de limaçons. *The ſlyme of ſnayles.*
Morvenic : m. *The rough Cedar of* Licia. ¶ Provençall.
Morver. *To ſnivell, be ſnottie, let ſnot fall.*
Morves. Les m. de petit point. *A kind of frenzie in a horſe, which during it neither knowes any that have tended him, nor heares any that come neere him.*
Morveux : m. euſe : f. *Snottie, ſnivellie; ſlymie.*
Il faut laiſſer ſon enfant morveux pluſtoſt que luy arracher le nez; Pro. *Better a ſnottie noſe then none.*
Moruyer. Poiſſonnier mor. *A Fiſhmonger that ſells nothing but Cod, or Greenfiſh.*
Moſaïque : f. *Worke of ſmall in-layed peeces; Moſaicall worke.*
Moſcaire. Os m. *as* Os ſacré.
Moſcellin : m. inc : f. *Of, or belonging to, muſke.*
Moſchardins : m. *Small pellets, or graines of a delicate Paſte, made of Gumme* Dragagant, *Roſe-water, fine Sugar, Dragon, bloud, and muſke.*
Moſe : f. *A pattern; as of one Herring in a barrell, ſhewing the goodneſſe of the reſt; or, as* Moiſon.
Moſle. *as* Mole.
Moſlé. Bois Moſlé. *See* Bois.
Moſler. *To frame by mould, to caſt in a mould.*
Moſleur : *as* Mouleur.
Moſquée : f. *A Temple, or Church among the Turkes.*
Moſquets. *as* Moſquettes.
Moſquette. *as* Moſquée; *or a little Turkiſh Church; alſo, a Muſket (Perce.)*
Moſquettes. *Little jewels, earings, &c.*
Mot : m. *A Motto, a word; a ſpeech, alſo, the note winded by a huntſman on his horne; alſo, a quip, cut, nip, frumpe, ſcoffe, jeaſt.*
Mot de gueule. *A wanton or waggiſh jeaſt, an obſcene or laſcivious conceit.*
Mot de rencontre. *A wittie conceit; or, as in* Rencontre.
Dire le mot. *To break a jeaſt.*
Trencher le mot. *To ſpeake briefely, and to the purpoſe; alſo, to give a quicke, and ſhort anſwer.*
A bon entendeur tu ne faut qu'un demy mot; Prov. *A good wit is well informed by halfe a Word.*
Bons mots n'eſpargent nuls; Prov. *Good words (or fit jeaſts) pay home.*
En vne chanſon n'y a qu'un bon mot; Pro. *There is but one good word in a ſong.*
Motacille : f. *A Wagtayle, or water-Wagtayle.*
Moté. *as* Motet.
Mote. *as* Motte.
Motelle : f. *A Powte, or Ele-powte.*
Motet : m. *A verſe in Muſicke, or of a Song; a Poſie; a ſhort Lay.*
Moteur : m. *A mover, ſtirrer; perſwader, provoker; a motioner.*
Mothe. *A little earthen fortreſſe, or ſtrong houſe, built on a hill; or, as in* Motte.
Motif : m. *A motive; a moving reaſon, argument, or cauſe; an incitement, inducement, or provocation unto a thing; alſo, the mover, or author of an act.*
Motoire : com. *Moving; that lends, yeelds, or affords motion unto.*
Motrice : f. *Moving, ſtirring, inciting, inducing, perſwading, provoking unto.*
Motté : m. *as* Motet.
Motte : f. *A clod, lumpe, round ſodd, or turfe of earth; alſo, a little hill, or high place; a fit ſeat for a fort, or ſtrong houſe; (hence) alſo, ſuch a fort, or houſe (of earth;) alſo, the gryne, of Pubes, alſo a Butt to ſhoot at.*
Motté : m. ée : f. *Set, or (uſually) ſitting, on a clod, or ſodd.*
Motteau : m. *as* Mottelet; *alſo, a clot of congealed moiſture.*
Mottelet : m. *A little clod, lumpe, ſodd, or turfe of earth.*
Mottelette : f. *as* Mottelet.
Motteux : m. euſe : f. *Cloddie, turfie, ſoddie.*
Mouaïllon. : m. *as* Moilon.
Moüaner. *To mawle, yawle, or cry like a little child.*
Moüard : m. arde : f. *Mumping, mowing, making mouthes.*
Moucade : f. *The ſtuffe Moccadoe.*
Moucadou : m. *A hand-kerchiefe.* ¶ Poictevin.
Mouce. *as* Mouſſe; *Blunt.*
Moucet : m. *A Sparrow.*
Moucet petit. *A kind of ſmall hedge-Sparrow, which feeds altogether on flyes.*
Mouchard : m. *A ſpie, pickthanke, eavedropper, promooter; alſo, a craftie or ſubtill fellow.*
Moucharder. *To ſpie, watch, obſerve, or pry into other mens dealings; to eave-drop it, to play the eaſing-dropper.*
Mouche : m. *A Ship-boy; or a Saylor.*
Mouché. *A Vine-branch that runnes out in length, and is underpropped.*
Mouche : f. *A Fly. Looke* Mouſche.
Mouché : m. ée : f. *Snyted, wiped; ſnuffed; mocked; curtalled.*
Mouchement : m. *A Snyting, or wiping of the noſe; a ſnuffing of a candle; a mocking; a curtalling.*
Moucher. *To ſnyte, blow, wipe, or make cleane the noſe; alſo, to ſnuffe a candle; alſo, to frumpe, mocke, ſcoffe, deride.*
Moucher la queuë d'un cheval. *To curtall a horſe.*
Les eſtoilles ſe mouchent. *The ſtarres doe ſhoot or fall.*
Il ne ſe mouche pas du pied. *He begins not at the wrong end, he does not things out of order, I warrant you; he is a ſubtill, craftie, or warie fellow,*
Du temps auquel on ſe mouchoit encor à la manche. *In a rude, ſimple, unmannerly, or ignorant age.*
Moucheron : m. *A little Fly; a Gnat; alſo, the little blacke patch thats glued by Maſtick, &c. on the faces of many; alſo, the ſnuffe, or wicke of a candle.*
Avoir des moucherons en teſte. *To be humorous, moodie, giddie-headed; or to have many proclamations or cretchets in the head.*
Autant chie vn bœuf que mille moucherons; Pro. *As much is ſhitten by one Oxe as by a thouſand Gnats; (Some by this Proverbe meane, that ſparing ſhould be onely in great matters.)*
Mouchet : m. *A Muſket; the taſſell of a Sparhawke; alſo, a little ſinging bird that reſembles the* Friquet; *alſo, an eare of ſome kinds of corne, as of Millet, &c. alſo, the Cats-tayle, or Aglet that hangs on Nut-trees; alſo, any manner of flap.*
Moucheter petit. *as* Moucet petit.
Moucheter. *Looke* Mouſcheter.
Mouchettes : f. *A paire of ſnuffers; alſo, a kind of flouriſhing among Carvers, &c.*
Moucheur : m. *A ſnyter, wiper, ſnuffer.*
Mouchoir : m. *A hand-kerchiefe.*
Monſtrer le mouchoir blanc à. *To make an offer of ſubmiſſion; or (after a ſound beating) to ſue unto for peace.*
Mouchon : m. *A little Fly; alſo, the ſnuffe of a candle; whence;*
Il gaſte vne chandelle pour trouver vn petit mouchon. *He loſes much to recover a little.*
Moucle : f. *as* Moule; *a Muſkle.*
Moudure. *as* Mouſture.
Moue : f. *A mot, or mouth, an (ill-favoured extenſion, or thruſting out of the lips.*
Faire la moue aux harengieres. *To ſtand on the Pillorie; (we ſay of one that's hanged, he makes a wry mouth.)*
Oncques vieil Singe ne fit belle moue; Prov. *An old bred clowne was never mannerly.*
Moucé : f. Moucé de gens. *A croude, or thicke troope of people.*
Mouelle. *as* Moelle.
Mouette, & Mouettes; *as* Moette, & Moettes.
Mouffle : f. *A Winter Mittaine; alſo, as* Monfle; *alſo, the vaulted cover, or lid of a Goldſmithes Crwible.*
On ne prend pas tels chat ſans mouffles. *Such places or people are not to be wonne without ſcratching, ſcuffling, ſtruggling.*
Moufflet : m. ette : f. Hanchets moufflettes, *Plumpe, or full hips.*
Mouſle : f. *A truckle for a Pullie; alſo, as* Mouffle.
Mougnon. *See* Moignon.
Mouillé : m. ée : f. *Wet, moiſtened, ſoaked, or ſteeped in liquor.*
Se couvrir d'un ſac mouillé. *Foolifhly to thinke he covers his hard dealing with his idle pretexts; or obſtinately to ſtand on proofes, or alledge excuſes, which rather convince, then cleare, him.*
Mouillement : m. *A wetting, or moiſtening, a ſoaking, or ſteeping in moiſture.*
Mouiller. *To wet, moiſten, ſoake, or ſteepe in moiſture.*
Mouiller l'ancre. *To caſt ankor.*
Qui ſe garre deſſous la fueille deux fois ſe mouille; Prov. *See* Fueille.
Mouille-vent : m. *A tipler, quaffer, bibber; one that often wets his winde-pipe.* ¶ Rab.
Mouilleure : f. *A wetting, or moiſtening; wetneſſe, moiſture.*
Mouilloir : m. *A certain little veſſell wherein Spinſters moiſten their fingers.*
Mouillure. *as* Mouilleure.
Mouiſon : f. *A Cowes milking.*

Moulage : m. *Griſt, or a grinding; alſo,* Multure, *the fee, or toll thats due for grinding.*

Moulaine : f. *Mullein, Wall-blade, Long-wort, Hares-beard, Hig-taper, Torches.*

Moulaine blanche. *White Mullein, or white-flowred Mullein.*

Mouldeur : m. *A grinder.*

Mouldre. *To grind; alſo, to pownd, or ſtampe into peeces.*

Qui ne peut mouldre à vn moulin aille à l'autre ; Prov. *Let him that cannot fadge in one courſe fall to another.*

Qui premier arrive au moulin le premier doit mouldre ; Pro. *The firſt commer is to be ſerved firſt.*

Mouldure : f. *Multure, griſt, grinding ; alſo, a pounding, or ſtamping into peeces.*

Moule : m. *A mould (wherein a thing is caſt, formed, or forged ;) alſo, a high ſhoar, or ſtrand by the ſea ſide; or, as* Mole, *a Peere, &c.*

Le moule à chaperon, ou du chaperon. *The head (of a woman.)*

Le moule du gippon. *The bulk, belly, or body ; whence,* Cotonner, ou doubler le moule du gippon. *To feed exceſſively; or, as in* Gippon.

Le moule du pourpoint. *The bulk, or upper part of the body ; whence;* Il y laiſſa le moule du pourpoint ; *He was killed, or left his carkaſe, there.*

Bois de moule. *Billets, or logs, of a certaine ſize ; or which have been aſſized by the* Mouleur.

Chandelles de moule. *Candles made in moulds ; (great) Chriſtmas candles.*

Moul de bois. *A wood-ſtack, or pile of wood.*

Moule : f. *A Muskle (fiſh.)*

Moulé : m. ée : f. *Moulded; caſt, or framed in a mould.*

Mouler. *To mould, or caſt in a mould ; to frame, or forge by mould ; alſo, to appoint a mould for, preſcribe a ſize unto.*

Mouler vn viſage. *To take the faſhion or print of a face by covering it with plaiſter, &c.*

Il m'en a faict mouler. *He hath put me to a good deale of paines by it.*

Moulerie : f. *A moulding, a forging by mould, a caſting in a mould.*

Moulette. *as* Molette.

Mouleur : m. *A moulder ; a caſter, forger, or framer of things in Moulds; alſo, as* Moulleur, *alſo, an aſſizer of wood (whether for building, or firing) an officer that looks it be ſufficient both in ſize, quantity, and quality.*

Moulhe. Ma moulhe. *My wife.* ℣ Gaſc.

Moulin : m. *A Mill.*

Moulin à bras. *A Quern, or Hand-mill.*

Amener l'eau au moulin. *To bring water to the Mill; viz. fees, or crownes to the purſe.*

Laiſſer del'eau en ſon moulin. *Seek* Eau.

Tirer l'eau en ſon moulin. *To procure his owne gain without any reſpect of others juſt intereſt.*

C'eſt la maiſtreſſe rouë qui tourne le moulin. *This is a principall point, or doth all in all, in the matter.*

Il nous reſte quelque autre moulin à tourner. *There is yet ſomewhat elſe for us to do.*

Aſſez va au moulin qui ſon aſne y envoye ; Prov. *He that ſends another, is as far engaged as if he went himſelfe.*

C'eſt au four, & au moulin ou l'on ſçait des nouvelles ; Prov. *An Oven, and Mill are nurſeries of news.*

Chaſcun ira au moulin avec ſon propre ſac ; Pro. *Every one ſhall bear his own burden, or anſwer for himſelf.*

Ie tour appelle le moulin bruſlé ; Pro. *The guilty accuſes the innocent.*

On ne peut eſtre enſemble au four, & au moulin ; Prov. *One cannot be in two places, or follow two buſineſſes, at once.*

Prodigue, & grand beuveur de vin, n'a du ſien ne four, ne moulin ; Prov. *The quaffing waſt-good quickely rids his hands of royalties, poſſeſſions, goods, and lands.*

Qui ie ſois Officier au moins d'un moulin ; Pro. *Look* Officier.

Qui entre dans vn moulin il convient de neceſſité qu'il s'enfarine ; Pro. *He that goes into a Mill cannot avoid bemealing.*

Qui mieux aime autruy que ſoy au moulin il meurt de ſoif ; Pro. *He that hurts himſelf to help others, will dye of thirſt at the Mill-taile.*

Qui ne peut moldre à vn moulin aille à l'autre ; Pro. *What one will not (or if one will not) another will.*

Qui premier arrive au moulin le premier doit mouldre ; Prov. *Firſt come firſt ſerved.*

Raiſon eſt au moulin ; Pro. *(Belike becauſe Griſt is taken in, and delivered out, by meaſure.)*

Sous ombre d'aſne entre chien au moulin ; Pro. *Seek* Aſne, *or* Chien.

Mouliner. *as* Mouldre.

Moulinet : m. *A little Mill; alſo, a Moriſdaunces Gamboll ; alſo, a round feather on any part of a horſe ; alſo, a Fencer-like round flouriſh with a two-hand ſword.*

Moulinet à aeſle. *as* Ventail.

Moulinet à bras (pour monter arbaleſtes) *A Rack for a Croſſe-bow.*

Moulinet à braſſieres. *The barrell of a Windleſſe, or Fearne.*

Moulinier : m. *A Miller, a Milner.*

Moulle. *as* Moule.

Moulleur : m. *A Grinder; alſo, as* Mouleur.

Moullon. *as* Moulon.

Moulon . m. *A dry wall made with lyme, or morter; alſo, a heap, or maſſe, of any ſuch thing.*

Moulon d'eau. *A great billow of water.*

Moulon de foin. *A ſtack, or great cock of Hay.*

Mouloter. *To ſeeke, or hunt after field-Mice.*

Moult. *Much, greatly, paſſing, exceedingly.*

Moulture : f. *Multure; a griſt, or grinding; the corn ground ; alſo, the toll, or fee thats due for grinding. Looke* Mouſture.

Bled moulture. *Moulture Corne, or Meſlin; wheat, Rye, and Barly mingled together.*

Moulu : m. uë : f. *Ground ; pounded, or broken into ſmall peeces.*

Or, & argent moulu. Aſçavoir ; deſtrempé, & meſlé avec vif argent, ou quelque liqueur, pour dorer.

I'ay le corps tout moulu. *My body is all broken, lamed, or maymed.*

Mouluë. *as* Moluë.

Moulure : f. *A moulding; alſo, a mould; alſo, a moulding, an edge, or member ſtanding out from a peece of timber, ſeeling, or ſtone-work, and diſtinguiſhed from the reſt by a line on either ſide of it.*

Droict de moulure. *Seek* Droict.

Mounier : m. *as* Mulnier; *alſo, the Bird called a Kings-fiſher; alſo, the little, long-tayled, and black-headed Titmouſe.*

Mourable : com. *Mortall, ready, or likely, to die; ſubject, or near, unto death.*

Mourant. *Dying, deceaſing; decaying, periſhing.*

Homme vivant mourant. *Look* Homme.

On s'adviſe tard en mourant ; Prov. *Too late one takes adviſe when he muſt leave the world.*

Mourene : f. *A Lamprey ; or, as* Murene.

Mourin : m. *The Corn-devouring vermine, called a weevell.*

Mourir. *To die, deceaſe, depart this life; to periſh ; to decay.*

Tu me fais mourir. *Thou vexeſt, or troubleſt me exceedingly.*

Mourir ſur les coffres. *To die following the Court, or never to leave the Court ; (where poor waiters, and ſuters uſually ſit, and reſt themſelves on their Patrons Trunks, and Coffers.)*

Mourir de faim pres le meſtier. *To work faſt, and thrive but ſlowly ; or, to ſtarve in an abundant place, or Age.*

Auſſi toſt meurt veau comme vache (& le hardi comme le laſche ;) Pro. *As ſoon dies the young as the old (the coward as the bold.)*

C'eſt trop aimer quand on en meurt ; Pro. *He loves too much that dies for love.*

En la peau ou le loup eſt luy convient mourir ; Pro. *See* Loup.

Le loup mourra en ſa peau qui ne l'eſcorchera vif ; Pro. *A knave will ſleep in a knaves skin, untill he either loſe it, or his life.*

Envieux meurent, mais envie ne mourra iamais ; Pro. *The envious are mortall, but envie eternall.*

Envis meurt qui appris ne l'a ; Prov. *He that hath not wel learnt, is loath, to die.*

Il commence bien à mourir qui abandonne ſon deſir ; Prov. *Who quits what he deſires, begins to die in earneſt.*

L'un meurt dont l'autre vit ; Prov. *That whereof one dies, another lives ; that which is beneficiall to one, is hurtfull to another.*

Qui bien veut mourir bien vive ; Prov. *He that would die well muſt live well ; an honeſt life ends in a peacefull death.*

Qui mieux aime autruy que ſoy au moulin il meurt de ſoif ; Prov. *Looke* Moulin.

Va ou tu peux, meurs ou tu dois ; Pro. *Go whither thou canſt, but die where thou ſhouldeſt ; go any whither ſo thou die at home.*

Mourlon : m. *The name of a fertile Vine.*

Mouron. *as* Mourron.

Mourrailles : f. *Barnacles for a horſes noſe.*

Mourre : m. *The face, or part of the face about the mouth (moſt properly) of beaſts ; the muzzle, or chuffe.*

Mourre : f. *The play of love; wherein one, turning his face from another, gueſſes how many fingers he holds up.*

Mourrin. *A Mite, or weevell.*

Mourron : m. *The herb called Pimpernell; Some alſo tearme Chickweed ſo, becauſe of the reſemblance that it hath between ſome kinds of Chickweed, and Pimpernell.*

Mourron baſtard. *Baſtard Chickweed (whereof Gerard deſcribeth foure kinds.)*

Moutron blanc. *Ordinary Chickweed.*

Mourron bleu. *Blue Pimpernell, female Pimpernell.*

Mourron femelle. *as* Mourron bleu.

Mourron maſle. *Male Pimpernell; the colour of whoſe flower is between a red, and a purple, and in ſome places fully red; and therefore it is alſo called,*

Mourron rouge. *Red Pimpernell.*

Mourron quarré. *So doe ſome (who expreſſe Chickweed by* Mourron *) tearme Pimpernell.*

Mourron ſauvage. *as* Mourron violet.

Mourron violet. *Purple Snap-dragon, or Calves-ſnout is called ſo (but ſomewhat improperly; for Snap-dragon reſembles no manner of Pimpernell;) Some alſo call great Heme-bit thus.*

Petit mourron. *as* Mourron quarré.

Mourru : m. uë : f. *Chuffie, broad, out-ſtanding, like the face of a Lyon, muzzle of an Oxe, &c.*

Mourrues : f. *The piles, or Emrods in the fundament; alſo, the Mumpes, or mourning of the Chine.*

Mourruë : f. *The Mumpes; and (in a horſe, &c.) the mourning of the Chyne.*

Mouſce. *as* Mouſſe.

Mouſchard. *as* Mouchard.

Mouſche : f. *A Flie; alſo, the play called Muſſe; alſo, a Spie, Eave-dropper, Informer, Promoter.*

Mouſche à chien. *A Tick, or Tike.*

Mouſche de lippée. *A lickorous, or ſaucy companion.*

Mouſche de mer. *The ordinary ſmall Muskle.* ¶ Langued.

Mouſche à miel. *A Bee, the ſmall bonie Bee.*

Mouſches en laict. *A cleere proofe, manifeſt thing, a plain and palpable matter.*

Abbreuvoir à mouſches. *A wound, or blood-wipe.*

L'Aube des mouſches. *Some three or four howres after Sunne-riſe.*

Chaſſeur de mouſches. *A kill-Flie, kill-Cow, braggadochio, vaine fellow; whence;*

Chaſſer apres les mouſches. *To ſpend the time moſt idly, or vainly.*

Maiſtre mouſche. *(The name of a cunning Jugler, hence alſo) a craftie fellow, ſubtill companion, ſlie mate.*

Teſte de mouſche. *An imperfection in the eye, which makes the membrane Vvée pere out through the hornie tunicle, in the forme, and of the quantity, of a Flies head.*

Quelle mouſche l'a piqué? *What is the matter that ſo nettles him? what ſuddain humour is there come upon him?*

On euſt dit qu'il n'euſt ſceu deſlier vne mouſche. *One would have thought he had been very ſimple.*

Les mouſches vont touſiours aux chevaux maigres; Prov. *Hungry flies are boldeſt with leane horſes; purloyning officers with thred-bare peaſants.*

Mouſchebout : m. *The ſpotted Cod whereof Haberdine is made.*

Mouſcher. *To ſpie, pry, ſneak into corners, thruſt his noſe into every thing.*

Mouſcheron : m. *A Muſhrome, or Toad-ſtoole; alſo, a little Flie; a Gnat; alſo, an upſtart Gentleman; alſo, as* Moucheron.

Mouſchet. *as* Mouchet.

Mouſcheté : m. ée : f. *Spotted; powdered with many ſpots of ſundrie, or the ſame, colours (eſpecially black;) alſo, pinked, or cut upon with ſmall cuts.*

Fuſtaine mouſcheteé. *Looke* Fuſtaine.

Taffetas mouſcheté. *Tuftaffata, or tufted Taffata.*

Mouſcheter. *To ſpot; to powder, or diverſifie with many ſpots of ſundrie, or the ſame, colours (eſpecially black;) alſo, to pinke, or cut with ſmall cuts; alſo, to tuft, or ſet thick with little tufts; alſo, to twinkle, or ſparkle, as a ſtarre.*

Mouſchetiere : f. *A Flie-flap; alſo, the end of a beaſts tayle.*

Mouſcheture : f. *A ſpottedneſſe, or ſpotting; alſo, a pinking, or tufting; alſo, little, and thicke ſpots; pinkes, or tufts, upon a thing.*

Mouſcheur : m. *A Flie-Catcher; (or, a nickname beſtowed by the Italians, &c. on the French* Monſieur.)

Aujourd'uy Monſieur, demain mouſcheur; Prov. *To day a maſter, to morrow a mither.*

Mouſchon : m. *A little Flie.*

Mouſque : m. *A nickname, or name of contempt, for an ordinary boy; whence,* Venez ça mouſque; *Come hither you raſcall, or, come hither wag (for it implies onely an extenuation without injury;) alſo, a man that hath loſt his ears; in which ſence it is alſo uſed Adjectively; as in* Chien mouſqué. *A curtall, and earleſſe curre; a dog that hath loſt both his eares, and his tayle.*

Mouſquet : m. *A Muſket (Hawke, or Peece.)*

Mouſquetaire : m. *A Muſketteere; a ſouldier that ſerves with a Muſket.*

Mouſſe : m. *A Skipper; or, a Ship-boy.*

Mouſſe : f. *Moſſe; alſo, the moſſie down that growes upon Quinces, Peaches, &c.*

Mouſſe marine. *Sea-Moſſe, Corall-Moſſe, Coralline.*

Mouſſe marine à larges fueilles. *Slank, Wrake, Laver; alſo, Oyſter-greene, ſea Lungwort.*

Mouſſe terreſtre, ou de terre. *Common ground-Moſſe; alſo, Club-Moſſe, Wolfe-claw-Moſſe, Wolves foot.*

Lamouſſe luy eſt creuë au goſier. *His mouth is all Moſſe-begrowne, his chaps have long been idle, he hath faſted long.*

Iamais tu ne cueilleras mouſſe. *Thou wilt never grow rich; from the Proverb;* Pierre qui ſe remue n'accueille point de mouſſe; Prov. *The rolling ſtone gathers no Moſſe.*

Mouſſe : com. *Dull, blunt; edgeleſſe, or pointleſſe.*

Mouſſé : m. ée : f. *Dulled, blunted, made edgeleſſe, or pointleſſe.*

Mouſſeau : m. *A little round heap, or ball, of Moſſe.*

Mouſſelu : m. uë : f. *Moſſie.*

Mouſſeron. *as* Mouſcheron.

Mouſſeux : m. euſe : f. *Moſſie, full of Moſſe.*

Mouſſon : f. *A Cowes milke, or milking; as much as ſhe yeelds at a milking, or meale.*

Mouſſu. *as* Mouſſeux.

Mouſt : m. *Muſt; Wine unrefined; new, or ſweet wine; alſo, the wort of Ale, or Beere.*

Mouſtache : m. *A muſtachoe, or the Muſtachoes.*

Ce ſeroit pour luy bien hauſſer les mouſtaches. *This would make him raiſe his hope, or thoughts, to a very high pitch.*

Mouſtaché : m. ée : f. *Having a muſtachoe, or long haire, on the upper lip.*

Mouſtarde : f. *Muſtard.*

Mouſtarde blanche. *White Servie, white Muſtard, garden Muſtard.*

Mouſtarde noire. *Common Servie, field Servie, field Muſtard.*

Mouſtarde ſauvage. *Treacle Muſtard, wild Muſtard, wild Sene.*

Baveux comme vn pot à mouſtarde. *As frothie as a Muſtard-pot; foaming at the mouth like a Boare (ſay we.)*

Les Enfans en vont à la mouſtarde. *It is ſo contemptible, or common, that Muſtard-pots are ſlopt withall.*

Amuſer quelqu'un à la mouſtarde. *To hold him buſied about trifles (from ſuch as trouble themſelves, and others in controlling ſleight expences (as, it is not poſſible that I ſhould have ſpent ſo much in ſawce, &c.) and in the meane while paſſe over great matters.)*

Mouſtarde apres diſner; Prov. *After meat muſtard; help when danger, ſupply when want, hath left us.*

Mouſtardier : m. *A Muſtard-pot; alſo, a maker, or ſeller, of Muſtard.*

Mouſtardier : m. ere : f. *Of, or affecting, Muſtard.*

Mouſtele : f. *The little beaſt called, a Weeſell.*

Mouſtoile. *as* Mouſtele.

Mouſture : f. *as* Moulture; *Multure; griſt, grinding; and the toll thats due for grinding; alſo, the meale that falls, as it grinds, into the bag, or Mill-cheſt.*

Prendre d'un ſac deux mouſtures. *To take double fees.*

Mout. *us* Moult.

Moutardier : m. *The great, blacke, and ſcreetching Martin, or Swallow.*

Moute : f. *Multure, griſt, grinding.*

Mouton : m. *A Mutton, a Weather; alſo, Mutton; alſo, the battering Engine called a Ramme; alſo, a wild (Indian) Peacock; alſo, an ignorant, ſilly, or plaine-dealing fellow; one thats eaſily overraught, gulled, or beguiled.*

Mouton à la grande laine. *A Sheepe well-woolled, or of great burthen; alſo, a coine of gold ſtamped on the one ſide with a Sheepe, on the other with a croſſe Fleury, having at each angle a Flower de Luce; (Iohn Duke of Berry firſt cauſed it to be made about the yeare 1371.)*

Pain mouton. *Small white loaves (with outſides ſtucke full of graines of wheat) for children.*

Sault du mouton. *Look* Sault.

A nos moutons. *To our matter againe.*

Cercher cinq pieds en vn mouton. *To expect more from a thing then it can yeeld.*

C'eſt vn mouton de Berry, il eſt marqué

qué ſur le nez. *He hath gotten a rap over the noſe; (whereon the Shepheards of* Berry *marke their ſheepe.)*

Sentir ſon eſpaule de mouton. *To ſmell very ranke, or rammiſh.*

A petite achoiſon le loup prend le mouton ; Prov. *See* Loup.

Chair de mouton manger de glouton ; Prov. *Fleſh of a mutton is food for a glutton; (or was held ſo in old time, when Beefe and Bacon were your onely dainties.)*

Moutonnage : m. *Toll payed unto certaine Lords by thoſe that buy and ſell beaſts, or other Merchandize, within their Territories.*

Moutonnaille : f. *Sheepe, weathers.*

Moutonnée : f. *A wrattable, fond, or ſilly wench.*

Moutonnier : m. *A Shepheard, or keeper of Sheepe.*

Moutonnier : m. ere : f. *Of Mutton ; belonging to a Mutton, or weather.*

Mouvance de fief. *A holding of, depending on, a doing of ſuit and ſervice unto, another, or a higher, fief.*

Mouvement : m. *A moving, ſtirring ; motion, agitation, courſe ; agilitie ; moveableneſſe ; an inclination, diſpoſition, free will.*

Mouvement de terre. *An Earthquake.*

Mouveur : m. *A mover, or ſtirrer; a ſtirring, buſie, or troubleſome fellow.*

Mouvoir. *To move, ſtirre ; jog, wag ; to remove; alſo, to induce, allure, intice, perſwade, incline, provoke, incite ; alſo, as* Releuer, *to hold land of; alſo, to breake up land for fallow.*

Mouvoir la Camerine. *To ſtirre a ſtinking puddle; to bring a troubleſome, or filthie buſineſſe on the Stage.*

Moux. *The plurall of* Mol.

Moy : m. *Me, I, my ſelfe; I my ſelfe.*

Il fait bien le quant à moy. *He brags, or braves it exceedingly ; he will not take it as he hath done.*

Moyau : m. *The middle, or center of ; and (in a wheele) as* Moyeu.

Au moyau de. *In the very bowells of.*

Moyen : m. *A meane ; courſe, way ; manner, ſort, forme, faſhion, order; occaſion, reaſon ; indeavour ; alſo, a moderation, or meaſure ; alſo, a meanes, mediator ; moderator ; arbitrator ; alſo, as* Vireſon ; *alſo, the greateſt peece of the bottome of a Hogſhead, &c.*

Moyen de feneſtre. *The croſſe-barre of a window.*

Homme ſans moyen. *That holds of the King in chiefe, or by an immediate homage.*

Moyen : m. enne : f. *Meane, indifferent, moderate, meaſurable, competent, reaſonable.*

Iuſtice moyenne. *Looke* Iuſtice.

Muſcle moyen. *A muskle (in the hand) that ſerves to move the thumbe towards the fingers.*

Moyennant. *Working, being the meane of, or a meanes for.*

Moyennant que. *So that, if ſo be that.*

Moyenné : m. ée : f. *Wrought by meanes; alſo, rich, well to live, or that hath meanes to live.*

Moyennement. *Meanely, moderately, meaſurably, reaſonably, indifferently, competently.*

Moyenner. *To worke, effect, or compaſſe (by meanes;) to be the meanes of, or a meanes for.*

Moyenneté : f. *Meaneneſſe, indifferency, competencie.*

Moyenneur : m. *A meanes, mediator, ſtickler, arbitrator, moderator betweene party and partie.*

Moyeu : m. *The yolke of an egge ; alſo, the nave, or ſtocke of a wheele.*

Moylon. *Seeke* Moilon.

Moyne. *as* Moine.

Moyneau. *Looke* Moineau.

Moynerie : f. *Monkerie ; the ſtate, or profeſſion of a Monk.*

Moyneſſe : f. *A Nunne.*

Moynoton : m. *A little Monke ; alſo, the leſſe, or little Titmouſe.*

Moyſe : m. *Holy* Moyſes ; *whoſe ordinarie counterfeit having on either ſide of the head an eminence, or luſter ariſing ſomewhat in the forme of a horne, hath emboldened a prophane Author to ſtile Cuckolds,* Parents de Moyſe.

Moyſon. *Size, bigneſſe, quantitie, full length.*

Moyton, *as* Moiton.

Muable : com. *Mutable, changeable, variable, unſtedfaſt, unſteady, wavering, fickle, inconſtant, unſtable.*

Domaine muable. *See* Domaine.

Muableté : f. *Mutableneſſe, changeablenes, variableneſſe, fickleneſſe, wavering, inconſtancie, unſtableneſſe.*

Muance : f. *Change, alteration; and particularly, a variation, or change of notes in ſinging; viz. when in going either above, or below the ſix Notes (Vt, re, mi, fa, ſol, la) one of them is changed in the middle to gaine ground, and to knit the gradation ; as inſtead of* Vt, re, mi, fa, ſol, la, *in aſcending, one ſhould ſing* Vt, re, mi, fa, re, mi, fa, ſol, &c.

Mucagineux : m. euſe : f. *Slimie.*

Mucer. *as* Muſſer. *To hide.* ¶ Rab.

Muche : f. *A hiding hole.* ¶ Norm.

Mucilage : m. *Slime ; or, a ſlimie liquor drawne from ſeeds, roots, &c. and thence, a clammie ſap, glewie juice, cleaving moiſture.*

Mucoſité : f. *Slimineſſe; or filthie, and hoare moiſture, as of ſlime, ſnot, ſnivell, &c. or the filthineſſe thereof.*

Mucqueux : m. euſe : f. *Slimie ; ſnottie, ſnivellie; (and hence) alſo, muſtie, or muſtie.*

Mucydan. *Slimie; mouldie, hoarie all the yeare long.* ¶ Rab.

Mue : f. *A change, or changing ; (hence) any caſting of the coat, or skinne, as the mewing of a Hawke ; alſo, the age, or yeare of the age, of an Intermure, or white Hawke; alſo, a Hawkes Mue ; and a Mue, or coope wherein fowle is fattened.*

La mue d'un cerf. *The caſting of his head ; alſo, his head, or hornes being caſt.*

La mué d'une femme. *A womans mewing; an elderlie womans wrinkled skinne growne ſmooth, and ſleeke, by the helpe of corroſive drugs.*

Mué : m. ée: f. *Changed, altered, transformed, Metamorphoſed ; alſo, mewed, renewed; caſt, as the coat, or skinne.*

Muel : m. *A Maſons Plumb-rule.*

Muement : m. *A changing, altering, transforming ; a turning, or caſting of the coat; a mewing.*

Muer. *To change, alter, transforme, transfigure, diſguiſe, tranſlate, ſhift, varie ; to mue, to caſt the head, coat, or skinne.*

Muete : com. *Dampiſh.*

Muerier. *as* Meurier.

Muet : m. *A dumbe man.*

Muet : m. ette : f. *Dumbe, ſpeechleſſe, tongue leſſe, ſtill ſilent, buſhot; mute. Look* Mut.

Muet comme vn Francolin pris. *Looke* Francolin.

Plus muet qu'un poiſſon. *More dumbe then a fiſh.*

Muette : f. *The Chamber, or Lodge of a Lieutenant, or chiefe Raunger, of a Forreſt: alſo, a Hares neaſt, the forme, or place wherein ſhe kindles.*

Muſle : m. *The ſnowte, or muzzle.*

Mugault. *as* Macault.

Muge : m. *(The ſea-fiſh called) a Mullet.*

Muge volant. *A kind of ſmall-mouthed Mullet, that hath long finnes like wings.*

Amour de muge ; Prov. *Faithfull, and moſt affectionate love of a wife ; (the female Mullet chuſing rather to be taught by fiſhers then to abandon her Mate.)*

Mugereul : m. *A kind of Mullet.* ¶ Narbonnois.

Mugir. *To low, or bellow, like an Oxe, &c.*

Mugiſſement : m. *A lowing, or bellowing.*

Muglement. *as* Mugiſſement.

Mugler. *To low, or bellow.*

Mugot : m. *A hoord, or ſecret heape of meaſure.*

Mugotté : m. ée : f. *Hoarded ; alſo, ripened, as fruit in ſtraw.*

Mugotter. *To hoord; alſo, to ripen, as fruit in ſtraw.*

Muguet : m. *Woodrow, Woodroſe, Woodrowell; alſo (and the more properly) as,*

Grand muguet. *The May-bloſſome, May-Lillie, Lilicum ſancte, Lillyconvally.*

Petit muguet. *Pettie Muguet, Cheſſwort, Cudwort, Cheeſe-running, Maids haire, our Ladies Bedſtraw; alſo, the herbe Harrewort, or Sharrewort.*

Muguet : m. Vn m. *A fond woer, or courter of wenches ; an effeminate youngſter, a ſpruce Carpet-knight ; alſo, a curiouſly-dreſſed babie of clowts.*

Muguete : m. ée : f. *Courted, wooed, ſued unto, whereunto love is made.*

Mugueter. *To court, woe, make leve, or be ſuitor unto a woman* (Le plus ordinairement à mauvaiſe fin ;) *alſo, to ſnake in and out, or goe ſmelling (as it were) about a thing which he ſeekes to enjoy ; whence ;*

Mugueter vne ville. *To attempt by all privat meanes the ſurpriſall, or taking in, of a Towne.*

Muguette : f. *A Nutmeg.*

Muguette de mouton. *The nut of a leg of Mutton.*

Muguetté, & Mugueter. *as* Muguet, & Mugueter.

Muguot. *as* Mugot.

Muid : m. *A great Veſſell, or Meaſure.*

Muid de bled (meſure de Paris ;) *containes twelve* Septiers ; (*The* Septier *two* Mines ; *the* Mine *ſix* Boiſſeaux ; *the* Boiſſeau *foure* Quarts,) *which come to about five Quarters, a combe, and a Buſhell of* London *meaſure.*

Muid

Muid de charbon. *Containes* 16 Mines *(which come to about* 30 *of our Buſhels.)*
Muid de terre. C'eſt autant que 12 Arpens, ou Septiers.
Muid de vin. *Containes (above the lees)* 36 Septiers *of eight (*Pariſian*)* Pintes *to the* Septier ; *(Three of them are to make a Tunne, ſay the Cuſtomes of* Clermont.*)*
Muid de Clergie. *Store of Clarkſhip, a buſhell of cuming, abundance of learning.*
Muiſle : f. *A kind of Sardinian ſheep, whoſe wooll is hairie like a Goats.*
Muiſleron. *as* Muiſle.
Mular : m. *A kind of great Whall.* ¶ Langued.
Mulard : m. *One that hath kibie heeles.*
Mulaſſe : m. *The ſea-monſter called, a whirlepoole.* ¶ Marſeillois.
Mulataille : f. *Mules ; the generation, race, or kind of Mules ; alſo, a troope, or company of Mules.*
Mulcté : m. ée : f. *Fined, amerced, puniſhed by the purſe.*
Mulctoire : com. *Finable, worthy to be fined ; alſo, fining, amercing.*
Mule : f. *A Mule ; alſo, a kibe.* Look Mules.
Franche mule d'un bœuf. *The purſe, bag, or skinne wherein the ſtones of an Ox, &c. be contained.*
C'eſt vne mûle. *She is a barren Jade ; (for Mules never beare young ones.)*
Fantaſtique comme vne vieille mule. *As humorous, and skittiſh as an old Mule.*
Opiniaſtre comme vne mule. *As heady, ſtubborne, or moody, as a Mule.*
Aller ſur mule. Il va ſur mule auſſi bien que le Pape. *(An equivocation, applyable to one that hath kibed heeles.)*
Bailler du foin à la mule. *To cheat, gull, couſen, over-reach, cony-catch.*
Brider la mule à. *To dance attendance on ; or to drudge, or doe baſe offices for.*
Brider la mule aux deſpens d'autruy. *To doe his buſineſſe, or furniſh himſelfe with neceſſaries, at another mans charge.*
Ferrer la mule à. *Seek* Ferrer.
Il luy fit tenir la mule. *He overruled, overcrowed, ouermaſtered him ; he was every way too good for him ; alſo, he made him dance attendance, or ſtay long, for him.*
De bonne mule mauvaiſe beſte. *A proverb taxing the giddy and skittiſh nature of that beaſt.*
A vieille mule frein doré ; Prov. *Said in deriſion of an old woman, that paints and prankes her ſelfe.*
Qui ne s'avanture n'a cheval, ni mule ; Prov. *we ſay, nothing adventure, nothing have.*
Qui trop s'avanture perd cheval, & mule ; Prov. *Venture too farre you loſe all ; (So the difference is, that the one wants but what he had not ; the other loſes what he had.)*
Mules : f. *Mules ; alſo, kibes ; alſo, moyles, pantofles, high ſlippers.*
Mulet : m. *A Moyle, Mulet, or great Mule ; a beaſt much uſed in* France *for the carriage of Sumpters, &c. alſo, a baſtard ; alſo the Mullet fiſh.*
Tour de mulet. *A jadiſh trick.*
Ferrer le mulet. *as* Ferrer la Mule.
Le mulet garde longuement vn coup de pied à ſon Maiſtre ; Prov. *The Moyle will one time or other lend his keeper a yap.*
Muletaille. *as* Mulataille.
Muletier : m. *A Muletor, Moyle-keeper, Moyle-driver.*
Mulette : f. *A little Mule ; a ſmall kibe ; alſo, the pannell, or belly of a Hawke ; alſo, the maw of a Calfe ; which being dreſſed is called the Renet-bag, Irenceſſe-bag, or Cheſlop bag.*
Muliebre : com. *Womanly, of a woman ; womaniſh, effeminate.*
Muliebrement. *Womanly, woman-like, effeminately, womaniſhly.*
Mulin : m. *A narrow beele, and high coffin ; ſuch as all Mules have.*
Mulin : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Mule.*
Mullon d'eau. *See* Moulon.
Mullot. *as* Mulot.
Mulon de foin. *A hay-rick, hay-ſtack, or great hay-cock.*
Mulot : m. *A field-Mouſe.*
Muloter. *To hunt for, or feed on, field-Mice ; or to turne up their neaſts, or teare open their holes for the Corn and Akorns which they have hid in them.*
Muloteur. *Hunting for, or feeding on, field-Mice ; or turning up their neaſts, or tearing ope their holes, for the Corne, and Akornes which are bidden in them.*
Mulotier, Sanglier mulotier. *as* Muloteur.
Multation : f. *A fining, amercing, puniſhing by the purſe.*
Multe : f. *A fine, amerciament, penaltie, purſe-puniſhment.*
Multer. *To fine, amerce, lay a penalty on, puniſh by the purſe.*
† Multicuple : m. *A manifoldneſſe, great multiplication.*
† Multicuple : com. *Manifold ; abounding in multiplication, or of divers multiplication.*
Multipliable : com. *Multipliable, increaſeable.*
Multipliant : m. *The Multiplier ; the figure whereby another figure is multiplied.*
Multipliant. *Multiplying, increaſing.*
Multiplicable : com. *Multiplicable, multipliable.*
Multiplication : f. *Multiplication ; augmentation, increaſe, great ſtore, acceſſe.*
Multiplié : m. *The Multiplicand ; the figure which is multiplied.*
Multiplié : m. ée : f. *Multiplied ; increaſed, augmented (in number ;) propagated.*
Multipliement : m. *A multiplying ; a propagating ; an augmenting, or increaſing (in number.)*
Multiplier. *To multiplie ; to augment, or increaſe in number ; to propagate, ſtore, grow many.*
Multiplieur : m. *A multiplier ; propagator, ſtorer.*
Multitude : f. *A multitude, a many ; a great number, company, or ſtore, of.*
Multre. *The skinne wherein the Calfe lies in a Hindes belly.*
Mumer : m. *The little Wagtayle, or water-Wagtayle.*
Mumie : f. *Mummie ; mans fliſh imbalmed ; or rather the ſtuffe wherewith it hath been long imbalmed (whether it be Piſſaſphalte, or Mirrhe, Saffron, Aloes, and Balme incorporated together.)*
Munde : com. *as* Monde.
Mundé : m. ée : f. *as* Mondé.
Mundificatif : m. ive : f. *Mundificative, mundifying ; cleanſing, purging, purifying.*
Mundifier. *Look* Mondifier.
Muni : m. ie : f. *Munited, armed, fenced, fortified ; prepared ; ſtored, or furniſhed with, fully provided of, all kind of neceſſaries.*
Municipal : m. ale : f. *Municipall ; proper, or peculiar unto one onely City ; belonging to the freemen of one City, or to the right of freedome in a City.*
Municipial. *as* Municipal.
Munier : m. *A Miller, or Millner ; alſo, a Pollard, or Chevin (fiſh) In ſome parts of* France *(but not ſo generally) the Bull-head, or Millers thumbe is alſo called* Munier. *Seek* Muſnier.
Munificence : f. *Munificence, bounty, liberality, largeſſe.*
Muniment : m. *A muniting, ſtrengthning, fortifying ; alſo, as* Munition.
Munimens. *Juſtifications of allegations, in law.*
Munir. *To munite, arme, fortifie, ſtrengthen, furniſh or ſtore with, provide of all ſorts of neceſſaries.*
Munition : f. *Munition, ſtore, furniture, preparation, proviſion ; provant, or victuals for an army.*
Munitionnaire : com. *Storing, or furniſhing with, providing of, munition, or victuals ; alſo, belonging thereto.*
Munitionner. *To ſtore ; to provide of, or furniſh with, munition ; to victuall before hand.*
Muque. *The nape of the neck.*
† Muqueux : m. euſe : f. *as* Mucqueux.
Mur : m. *A wall ; a rampier.*
Ils tireront de l'huile d'un mur. *They will draw oyle out of a wall ; they will doe more then any body elſe can doe ; (Ironically, of Chimicall Extractors.)*
Se voyant au pied du mur ſans eſchelle. *Seeing himſelfe neer to that he would have without meanes to get unto, or power to enjoy, it.*
Muraille : f. *A rampier, a wall.*
Ce mot te ſoit comme vne muraille d'airain. *Aſſure thy ſelfe this word will be performed ; thou mayeſt reſt, or build, thou mayeſt lay thy life, upon it.*
Muraillé : m. ée : f. *Walled, rampired.*
Muraillier : m. ere : f. *Of wals ; affecting wals, cleaving unto wals, as Ivie.*
Mural : m. ale : f. *Murall ; of, or belonging to, a wall.*
Couronne murale. *A Crowne, or Garland beſtowed on the ſouldier that firſt gets up on the rampier of an aſſaulted towne.*
Muré : m. ée : f. *Walled, rampired ; alſo, incloſed, or ſhut up between two wals.*
Vn plat de ſouppes haut murées. *A diſh of up-heaped, or high-rooſed, brewes.*
Murene : f. *A ſinne-leſſe, and tongue-leſſe fiſh, of a dunne colour powdered (eſpecially in the female one) with yellow ſpots ; other wayes reſembing an Eele, or Congar ; but that her body is, conſidering her length, ſomewhat thicker then theirs, and her mouth full of long, and ſharpe teeth.*

Murer.

Murer. *To wall, to rampire; to furniſh, or compaſſe with walls; to ſtrengthen, or fortifie with rampiers; alſo, to incloſe, or ſhut up between two walls.*

Muteraie: f. *A Grove of Mulbery trees.*

Muret: m. *The purple ſhell-fiſh; alſo, a Bench (made againſt an out-wall) to ſit on.*

Murette de poiſſon. *Fiſh-broth, or ſawce wherein fiſh hath been throughly boyled; alſo, the pickle wherein it is kept; Some alſo call the liver, and long fat gut of a Pike,* La murette.

† Murgé: m. *A heape of ſtones which have bin picked up out of a Vineyard, or Garden, in the dreſſing thereof.*

† Murler. *To low, to bellow.*

Murmurantement. *Murmuringly, mutteringly, gruntingly, with a humming, in a buzzing, ſound.*

Murmurateur: m. *A murmurer.*

Murmuration: f. *as* Murmurement.

Murmure: m. *A murmure, or murmuring; a repining; a muttering, or diſcontented mumbling; a grudging, grumbling, or grunting; alſo, a humming, or buzzing noiſe.*

Murmuré: m. ée: f. *Murmured.*

Murmurement: m. *A murmuring; a grudging, or grumbling; a diſcontented muttering; alſo, a humming, or buzzing; a rumbling, or croaking.*

Murmurer. *To murmure, mutter, grumble; grunt; to grudge, repine at, or gameſay between the teeth; alſo, to buzze, or hamme like a Beetle, &c. alſo, to rumble, or croak, as the guts do.*

Muron: m. *A Salamander.* ¶ Norm.

Murte: m. *The Mirtle ſhrub. Look* Myrte.

Murtrir. *as* Meurtrir.

Muſaïque. *See* Moſaïque.

Muſangere: f. *A Titmouſe.*

Muſaphis: m. *Doctors, Prophets, or great Divines, among the Turkes.*

Muſaraigne. *A ſhrew Mouſe.*

Muſard: m. *A muſer, dreamer, or dreaming fellow; one whom a little thing amuſes, one that ſtands gazing at every thing; alſo, a pawſer, lingerer, deferrer, delayer; one thats long about a buſineſſe; a man of no diſpatch.*

Muſard: m. arde: f. *Muſing, dreaming, amuſed at, gazing or pauſing on, every thing; lingering, prolonging, delaying; of no diſpatch.*

Mort muſarde. *Thats long a comming.*

Muſardie: f. *A muſe, dumpe, ſtudy, dreaming; a pawſe, delay, lingering.*

Muſe: m. *Muſk.*

Muſcade: f. *A Nutmeg.*

Muſcadeau, Vin muſcadeau. *as* Muſcadel.

Muſcadel: m. *The wine Muſcadell, or Muſcadine.*

Muſcadelle: f. *A Muſk-roſe.*

Pomme muſcadelle. *A Muſk apple.*

Muſcadet: m. *as* Muſcadel; *alſo, a Cyder, which (made of a very ſmall, and ſweet apple) reſembles Muſcadine in colour, taſt, and ſmell; alſo the Muſcadine Raiſin.*

Muſcagineux. *Look* Mucagineux.

Muſcardins. *as* Moſchardins.

Muſcat: m. ate: f. *Muſkie, of Muſk, ſweet as Muſke, ſweetned or ſeaſoned with Muſk, that hath Muſk in it.*

Ceriſe muſcate. *The Muſk (a delicate) Cherry.*

Raiſin muſcat. *The Muſcadine Grape, or Muſcadine Raiſin.*

Roſe muſcate. *The Muſk-roſe.*

Muſcatelin: m. ine: f. *as* Muſcat.

Muſcateline: f. *The Muſk Pear; the ſmalleſt, ſweeteſt, and ſooneſt ripe of all other Peares.*

Muſcellin: m. ine: f. *Muſkie, of Muſk, full of Muſk, ſweetned, or ſeaſoned with Muſk, having Muſk in it.*

Huile muſcelline. *Muſk oyle; an oyle extracted from Muſk, and other aromatick Simples; alſo, oyle of Ben; oyle drawn from the Nut, or fruit called Ben.*

Muſchebout. *as* Mouſchebout.

Muſcle: m. *The great ſea Muſkle, or horſe Muſkle; alſo, a (fleſhy) Muſkle; the inſtrument of voluntary motion, compounded of ſinewes, veines, arteries, temons, and fleſh, and having a skin peculiar to it ſelf.*

Muſcoſitez: f. *Slymy, or ſuotty humors.*

Muſcule. Veine muſ. *See* Veine.

Muſculeux: m. euſe: f. *Brawny, fleſhy, muſculous, full of Muſkles.*

Veine muſculeuſe. *Look* Veine.

Muſculoſité: f. *A muſculous, or fleſhy ſubſtance; a brawny ſtiffneſſe, hardneſſe, or fulneſſe of fleſh.*

Muſe: f. *One of the nine Muſes; alſo, a Muſe, Poeticall conceit, Vaine, Poem, or Song; alſo, as* Muſardie; *alſo, Adams Apple-tree; alſo, as* Toſſe.

Donner la muſe à. *To amuſe, or put into dumpes; to drive into a brown ſtudy; to make a man pawſe, or ſtudy, on the matter.*

Faire ſa muſe. *A male Deere to lift up his muzzle after he hath ſmelt at the females nature.*

Muſeau: m. *The muzzle, ſhout, or noſe of a beaſt.*

Muſeleux: m. euſe: f. *Muzzelling, tying up the muzzle, cloſing the noſe, or ſnout.*

Muſelier: m. ere: f. *as* Muſeleux.

Muſeliere: f. *A muzzle; alſo, the noſe-band of a bridle; alſo, the provender-bag that (uſually) hangs at a mules noſe as he travels; alſo, a Barnacle for an unruly horſes noſe.*

Muſequin: m. *A little dogs pretty ſnout; alſo, an effeminate, or perfumed Courtier, that makes love to every wench he accompanies; alſo, a place to muſe in, or gaze out at, as an open window, &c.*

Muſer. *To muſe, dream, ſtudy, bethinke himſelf of; to pauſe, or linger about a matter.*

Il muſe quelque part. *He ſtaies ſomewhere, or other.*

Faire muſer. *To amuſe, put into a dump, drive into a ſtudy; to defer, delay, drive off, make ſtay his leaſure, or dawice attendance on him.*

Tandis que le loup muſe la brebis entre au bois; Prov. *While the Wolfe muſes the Sheep eſcapes; or, as in* Loup.

Tel cuide aimer qui muſe; Prov. *Some mean to love who do but loſe their labour; or, ſome think they love, and yet but loſe their labour.*

Muſerolle: f. *A Muſroll for a horſe.*

Muſet. *as* Muſette (*in the latter ſenſe.*)

Muſette: f. *A little Bag-pipe; or (more properly) as* Vielle; *alſo, the Shrew-mouſe.*

Muſicalement. *Muſically, melodiouſly, harmoniouſly.*

Muſicien: m. *A Muſician; profeſſor of Muſicke.*

Les mauvais muſiciens ne ſont iamais ennuyeux à eux meſmes; Pro. *Few men grow weary of their own abſurdities; few men diſtaſt their own barſh imperfections.*

Muſien: m. enne: f. *Affecting the Muſes.*

Muſimone. *A beaſt thats bodied like a Sheepe, and coated like a Goat.* ¶ Rab.

Muſique: f. *Muſicke, melody, harmony.*

Vn Aſne n'entend rien en muſique; Prov. *An Aſſe hath little skill in harmony.*

Muſnier: m. *A Miller; alſo, a Pollard, or Chevin; alſo, a Millers thumb.*

D'Eveſque devenir muſnier. *To become of rich poore, of noble baſe, of venerable miſerable; to fall from high eſtate to a low one;* (*The originall was,* Devenir d'Eveſque Aumoſnier; *but Time* (*and perhaps Reaſon*) *hath changed* Aumoſnier *into* Muſnier.)

Muſnier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Miller.*

Pulces muſnieres des Hoſtels-Dieu de Paris. *Lice.*

Muſquardin. *as* Muſcardin.

Muſquat: m. *Muſcadine, or a kind of ſtrong, and heady wine.*

Muſquat: m. ate: f. *as* Muſcat.

Muſqué: m. ée: f. *Muſked, bemuſked; muſkie, of Muſk; ſweet as Muſk.*

Aiguille muſquée. (*The muſked*) *Pinkneedle, or ſhepheards hodkin.*

Muſquer. *To bemuſke, to perfume with Muſke.*

Muſqueté: m. ée: f. *as* Muſqué.

Muſquette: f. *as* Moſquette; *alſo, a certain yellow, and hard-rinded Pear.*

Muſqueux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Muſke; alſo, as* Mucqueux.

Muſſale: f. *A kind of ſalt-fiſh that ſomewhat reſembles a Muſkle.*

Muſſe: f. *A ſecret corner, privy board, hiding hole; an odd nook to lay a thing out of the way in.*

Muſſe: m. ée: f. *Hidden, concealed, kept cloſe, conveyed out of the way; alſo, lurking, ſkowking, ſquat, layed cloſe.*

Muſſer. *To hide, conceale, keep cloſe, lay out of the way; alſo, to lurke, ſkowke, or ſquat in a corner.*

Muſſette: f. *A little hole, corner, or board to hide things in.*

Muſtelle: f. *A Powte, or Eele-powte.*

Mut: m. *as* Muſſette.

Mut. *as* Muet; *Dumbe; whence,*

Chiens muts. *A kind of white hounds, which never call on a chaunge; alſo, lyme-hounds; termed otherwiſe,* Limiers de mut.

Mutation: f. *A mutation, change, alteration; changing; exchanging; alſo, a ſhadowing with colours of a different kind. Look* Nuage.

Mute. *Look* Meute.

Mutilation: f. *A mutilation, mayming, diminution; the cutting of a principall member from the body.*

Mutilé: m. ée: f. *Mutilated, lamed, maymed; alſo, defective, imperfective, wanting a principall member.*

Mutiler, *To mutilate, maime, lame; to make imperfect, or defective; to cut off, diminiſh, or take away a part of.*

Mutin,

Mutin : m.ine : f. *Mutinous, tumultuous, turbulent, unquiet, ſtirring, ſeditious, fatious.*
Homme mutin, bruſque Rouſſin, flaſcon de Vin, prennent toſt fin ; Prov. *Looke* Homme.
Mutinateur : m. *A mutiner ; a raiſer of broyles, beginner of ſtirres, breeder of tumults ; a fire-brand of ſedition.*
Mutination : f. *A mutining ; or as* Mutinerie.
Mutinement : m. *A mutining, a factious repining, a turbulent ſtirring.*
Mutiner. *To mutine ; factiouſly to repine at, ſeditiouſly to ſtirre, or be the author of a ſtirre, againſt a ſuperiour.*
Mutinerie : f. *A mutinie ; tumult, ſedition, inſurrection, uprore, a ſtirre, trouble, buſineſſe, ruffling, burlyburly.*
Mutir. *To mute, as a Hawke.*
Mutuël : m. elle : f. *Mutuall, reciprocall, interchangeable.*
Mutuellement. *Mutually, reciprocally, interchangeably, on equall tearmes, or one for another.*
Mutules : m. *Brackets, Corbells, or ſhouldringpeeces ; alſo, (and the moſt properly) Compartiments (in Building.)*
Muy. *as* Muid.
Muyage. Bailler terre à muyages. *To let ground for a certaine number of* Muyds *of Corne, to be payd in lieu of Rent.*
Myagre. *A great thicke, and greeniſh ſnake, or ſerpent, that haunts houſes to hunt Mice ; and is therefore (and becauſe ſhe is not very venomous) not much feared, nor often hurt, by ſuch as know her.*
Mycacoulier : m. *The Lote ; or Nettle tree.*
My-chemin. à my-chemin. *Halfe-way, in the mid-way.*
My-cornu : m. uë : f. *Halfe-horned.*
My-croiſt : m. *Halfe increaſe ; or halfe the profit thats made, halfe of that which comes, of a thing, whence ;*
Bail de beſtes à my-croiſt. *A letting out of cattell to the halves.*
Bailleur de febves à my-croiſt. *A couſenery, cheater, conycatcher, guller.*
Myere : m. *A Phiſition, Leach, or Surgeon ; whence ;*
Apres le cerf la biere, apres le ſanglier le myere ; Prov. *(So dangerous are thoſe beaſts, when they be angry, unto ſuch as they can reach.)*
My-forchu : m. uë : f. *Halfe forked.*
Mygale *A ſhrew mouſe.*
Mygrene. *as* Migraine.
My-loun *Mid-day, noone-daye.* ¶ Rab.
Mylord. *See* Milort.
Myne. *as* Mine.
Mynſſet. *Look* Mincer.
Myope. *A kind of dull-eyed Serpent which hath feet though they be but little ones.*
Myrabolan. *as* Myrobalan.
Myre : m. *The male Lampurne, or Lamprey ; alſo, as* Mire, *a Leech, &c.*
Myrepſique. Balan myrepſique. *The aromaticall, and oylie Nut, or Akorne, called Ben.*
Myrique : f. *The ſhrub Tamariſke.*
Myrmecique. Eſcadrons myrmeciques. *Ants.*
Myrobalan : m. *An Eaſt-Indian Plumme called, the Myrobalan Plumme, whereof there be divers kinds diſtinguiſhed by ſeverall names (as* Bellerics: Chebules, Emblics, *&c.*
Myrobalan citrin. *The yellow, or Citron Myrobalan ; whoſe tree is leaved like the Serviſe tree.*
Myrrhe : f. *Myrrhe, or Myrre ; a ſweet Gumme whereof we have but little, now a dayes, true, or unſophiſticated.*
Myrrhe blanche. *White Myrrhe, the beſt kind of Myrre.*
Myrrhe Boetique. *Comes from the cut root of a certaine Boetian tree (at this day unknowne.)*
Myrrhe Stacte. *The beſt kind of Myrrhe ; which (as* Plinie *thinkes) iſſues from the tree of it ſelfe ; but is indeed the juyce, or gummie liquor of the fatteſt Myrre, ſtrained while it is new, and otherwiſe tearmed* Storax liquide.
Myrte : m. *The Mirtle tree, or ſhrub. Looke* Meurte.
Myrtil : m. *A Mirtle berrie ; alſo, the leſſe kind of Mirtle, called Noble Mirtle.*
Mytilles : f. *Mirtle berries.*
Myrtin : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, the Mirtle tree, or ſhrub.*
Huile myrtin. *Mirtle oyle ; oyle extracted from Mirtle leaves.*
Myſanthrope. *as* Miſanthrope.
Myſoyé : m. ée : f. *Made halfe of ſilke.*
Myſtagogue. *as* Miſtagogue.
Myſtaudique : com. *Seeming myſticall ; that makes a great ſhew of ſacred matter, and yet in truth is nothing.*
Myſtaudiquement. *Myſtically, or ſacredly in ſhew, ſhallowly, or prophanely in effect.*
Myſte : m. *A Prieſt.* ¶ Rab.
Myſtere : m. *Myſterie ; a religious ſecret, hidden rite, obſcure and high point of Religion.*
Sans autre myſtere. *Without other ceremonie, without more adoe.*
Myſterieux : m. *Miſterious, full of miſterie, very miſticall.*
Myſtique : com. *Miſticall, ſecret, ſacred.*
Myſtiquement. *Miſtically, ſecretly, ſacredly.*
Mythologe : m. *An expounder of fables.*
Mythologie : f. *An expoſition, or moralizing of fables.*
Mythologiſer. *To expound, or moralize a fable.*
My-vouté : m. ée f. *Halfe vaulted, halfe arched.*

N

NAbot : m. *An ill-favoured dwarfe, elfe, twattle.*
Nabote : f. *A woman Dwarfe.*
Nabotte : f. *The ſame.*
Nacelle : f. *A Skiffe, Cock-boat, Wherrie, ſmall long boat ; hence alſo, a Boat-bowle, or a cup faſhioned like a Boat.*
Nacle. *as* Nacre.
Nacqueter. *as* Naqueter.
Nacre : f. *A Naker ; a great, and long ſhell-fiſh, the outſide of whoſe ſhell is rugged, and browne of colour, the inſide ſmooth, and of a ſhining hue ; the forme (broad at the one end, and narrow at the other) ſomewhat like a Smithes bellowes ; (it is but ſeldome, or never found on our coaſt.)*
Nacre de perles. *Mother of Pearle ; the beautifull ſhell of another fiſh, wherein the beſt, and moſt Pearles be found.*
Nadaïr. *The point which is directly oppoſite unto the* Zenith, *juſt under our feet.*
Nadel : m. *A Slow-worme, or Blind-worme.*
Nadelle : f. *A Smy, or Sea-Groundlin.*
Nafe. *See* Naphe.
Nagé : m. ée : f. *Swumme, floated on.*
Nageant. *Swimming, floating.*
Le mal an entre en nageant ; Prov. *The unſeaſonable yeare begins with raine.*
Nagement : m. *A ſwimming, a floating.*
Nageoir : m. *A ſwimming place, a water fit to ſwimme in.*
Nageoire : m. *The finne of a fiſh ; alſo, a round-ſet attire of fine, and well ſtarched Lawne or Cambricke, worne (for the moſt part) by widow-gentlewoman, betweene their haire (which it over-peeres) and their hoods.*
Nager : m. *as* Nagement ; *a ſwimming ; whence ;*
Il n'eſt nager qu'en grand eau ; Pro. *There is no ſwimming to the ſea.*
Nager. *To ſwimme ; alſo, to float.*
Nager en grand'eau. *To ſwimme in a ſpacious water ; to practiſe in a ſoveraigne Court, ſtudie in a famous Univerſitie, traffique in a great Citie ; generally to frequent, or negotiate in, places of moſt honor, moſt company, or where a man may have moſt ſcope.*
Nager entre deux eaux. *To dive, or ſwimme under the water ; alſo, to ſtand on doubtfull, indifferent, or uncertaine tearmes ; to play on both hands, hold with both ſides, apply himſelfe unto the time ; alſo, to chuſe, or proceed in, a courſe betweene two extreames ; alſo, to be in danger, or in an ill caſe, whatſoever fall out, hoſoever matters goe.*
Celuy peut hardiment nager à qui l'on ſouffient le menton ; Prov. *A favourite of the time, or of authoritie, may boldly ſwimme where another would ſinke.*
Il ne faut apprendre aux poiſſons à nager ; Prov. *We muſt not teach a fiſh to ſwimme ; a ſcholler to read, a maſter to worke, &c.*
Nageur : m. *A ſwimmer.*
Les bons nageurs ſont à la fin noyez ; Prov. *Good ſwimmers at the length feed Haddocks.*
Nageure : f. *A ſwimming, a floating.*
Nagueres ; ou, n'agueres. *Not long ſince, now of late, ere-while, even now.*
† Nai : f. *as* Nef ; *a ſhip.*
Naïf : m. Naïfve : f. *Lively, quicke ; naturall, kindly, right, proper, true, no way counterfeit.*
L'humeur naïfve. *The radicall humor.*
Naïvement. *Lively, naturally, properly, rightly, truly, in it owne kind.*
Naïfver. *To repreſent in lively colours, to preſent in it owne kind ; to deſcribe rightly, or properly ; to make ſeeme quicke, or it ſelfe.*
Naïfveté : f. *Livelineſſe, quickneſſe, kindlineſſe, proprietie, naturallneſſe,*
Nain : m. *A dwarfe, or dandiprat, an elfe, or twattle ; one thats no higher then three horſe-loaves.*
Naine : f. *A ſhe dwarfe, or woman dwarfe.*
† Naintre, & Naintreſſe. *as* Nain, & Naine.
Naïſé : m. ée : f. *Steeped, or ſoaked (as hemp) in water.*

Naïſer.

Naïſer. *To ſteep, or ſoake (hemp) in water.*

Naiſſance : f. *Birth; a beginning, ſpringing, riſing, firſt appearing; alſo, ones ancient inheritance.*

Naiſſant. ſon propre naiſſant. *His ancient inheritance; land whereto he was born, or comes by deſcent.*

Naiſſant conventionnel. *Mony given, by a father, or mother, to be imployed on a purchaſe for their child; or, the land purchaſed with ſuch mony.*

Naiſſant : m. ante : f. *Beginning, ſpringing, riſing, firſt appearing, or comming into the world.*

Heritage naiſſante. *The land whereto one was born; land that comes by lineall deſcent.*

Naiſtre. *To be born, bred, or engendred, of; to riſe, proceed, grow, ſpring, take beginning, from; to be produced, or brought forth, by.*

Naïzer. *as* Naïſer.

Namboc : m. *A dwarfe, elfe, little ſtarveling; a dandiprat, or low dapperling.*

Namps : m. *Movables; chattels that move, or may be removed; alſo, diſtreſſes.*

Morts namps. *Goods, houſhould-ſtuffe, any dead movables, or chaffer which may be removed.*

Vifs namps. *Cattell, beaſts, foule, fiſh; any goods that live, or move of themſelves.*

Nampt : m. *A diſtreſſe; a beaſt, or movable diſtrained; alſo, a beaſt ſeized for Treſpas, or Damage feſant; alſo, a ſeiſure, or diſtraining; (in which ſenſe our common Lawyers uſe* Naam.)

Obligation par nampt. *A bond, and pawne to boot.*

Namptir, & Namptiſſement. *as* Nantir, & Nantiſſement.

Nancelle : f. *as* Naſſelle.

Nani ; ou, Nanin. *No, not ſo, by no meanes.*

Nanti : m. ie : f. *Gotten, ſeiſed on; poſſeſſed of; alſo, delivered into the poſſeſſion, or hands of; alſo, affected unto; faſtened, or tied on; appointed, or pointed out, for; Or, to whom a thing is affected; on whom it is faſtned; for whom it is appointed, by Order, or in ordinary courſe, of juſtice.*

Crediteur nanti de gage. *That hath a pawne for his better ſecurity.*

Rente nantie. Dont le contract a eſté exhibé au Seigneur, ou à ſes Officers, pour acquerir droict reel, & hypotheque.

Sergent nanti de deniers. *Into whoſe hands the mony, made by the ſale of land, or goods in execution, is put.*

Nantilles : f. *Freckles.*

Nantir. *To conſigne, lay down, deliver into the hands of; to give a ſeiſin, or poſſeſſion of; to tie faſt; affect, appoint, or point out, one thing for th'indemnitie, or aſſurance, of another.*

Se nantir de. *To ſeize on, to get the poſſeſſion of.*

Nantiſſement : m. *A conſignation, delivery, laying down of; a yeelding of ſeiſin, a giving of poſſeſſion, unto; alſo, a publike, or legall affectation, faſtening, appointing, or pointing out of one thing for the ſecurity, or indemnity of another; alſo, a ſeiſure, ſeiſing, or getting the poſſeſſion of.*

Nantiſſement de l' execution. ſont les gages prins par Execution ſur vn debteur.

Napel : m. *Helmet-flower, great Monkeshood; (a venomous herb.)*

Naphe. Eau de naphe. *Orange-flower water.*

Naphte : f. *(Held to be liquid, or ſoft, Bitumen, or the ſtraying thereof, is in truth) aſuſt, and ſulphurous earth, or mould, which is eaſily inflamed by any fire thats near it, and once fired will not be quenched, eſpecially not by water.*

Napieux : m. eule : f. *Pocky, full of the (French) pockes.*

Napolier : m. *The Burre docke, Clote burre, great burre.*

Napoller. *as* Napolier.

Nappe : f. *A table-cloth.*

Naquaire. *A loud inſtrument of Muſicke, ſomewhat reſembling a Hoboy.*

Naque. *as* Nacre.

Naque mouche : m. *A Fly-catcher, a gaping heydon, an idle gull.*

Naquer. *To gnaw, or bite often and with a harſh ſound, as a dog doth when he gnawes his itching ballockes; whence;* ce chien naque le cul ; *(which is alſo an equivocation to,* n'a que le cul.)

Naquet : m. *The boy that ſerves, or ſtops the ball after the firſt bound, to make a better chace, at Tennis; a Court-keeper, or Tennis Court-keepers boy.*

Naqueter. *To ſerve (or ſtop) a ball at Tennis; alſo, to waite at a great mans doore; (and thence) alſo, to obſerve dutifully, attend on obſequiouſly.*

Naqueter les dents. *To chatter the teeth.*

Naqueter de la queuë. *To wag the taile.*

Narcaphthe : f. *An Aromaticall Indian wood, called by ſome, red Styrax.*

Narciſſe : m. *Narciſſus, Primroſe peereleſſe; the Daffodill, Daffodilly, or Daffodowndilly.*

Narciſſe Conſtantinopolitain. *The double-flowred Daffodill of* Conſtantinople; *alſo, the white ſea Daffodill, or white ſea Onion.*

Narcotique : com. *Stupefactive, benumming, depriving of ſence.*

Nard : m. *Spike, or Spikenard; (an herb.)*

Nard baſtard. *Lavender Spike.*

Nard Celtique. *French Spikenard, mountaine Spikenard.*

Nard Gaulois. *The ſame; or a baſtard kind thereof, which we alſo call French Spikenard.*

Nard Indois. *Indian Spikenard.*

Nard d'Italie. *Lavender Spike; eſpecially the common, or blew-flowred one.*

Nard de Lentice. *as* Oignon d'Inde.

Nard de montaigne. *Mountaine Spikenard.*

Nard ruſtique. *Wild Spikenard; Valerian, Capons-taile, Setwall; alſo, herb Avens, Bennet, or Bleſſed; alſo, Haſlewort, Folefoot, Aſarabacca; (for every one of theſe herbs is called by the Latines,* Nardus ruſtica.)

Nard ſauvage. *as* Nard ruſtique ; *But eſpecially, Setwall; which is called in Latine as well* Nardus ſylveſtris, *as* Nardus ruſtica.

Nard Syriaque. *Syrian Spikenard, Indian Spikenard.*

Nardin : m. ine : f. *Of Nard, or Spiknard; whence;*

Huile nardin. *Spike oyle.*

Nareau : m. *A narrell, or noſethrill.*

Nargues. *Tuſh; blurt, piſh, fie, it cannot be ſo.*

Naricard : m. *A bottle-noſed heydon, a great noſed gooſe; or (generally) one that hath noſe enough to ſpare for his neighbours, or (as we ſay in jeaſt) one that hath no noſe.*

Nariller. *as* Naziller; *(eſpecially in the latter ſence.)*

Narilles : f. *(A Hawkes) narrells, or noſethrills.*

Narine : f. *The noſethrill.*

Narquin. *as* Narquois.

Narquois : m. *A Couſener, Impoſter, counterfeit Rogue; moſt properly, one of thoſe cheating and filching vagabonds, that call themſelves Ægyptians, or* Bohemians; *alſo, the gibbridge, or barbarous language, uſed among them.*

Narrateur : m. *A Narrator, relater, declarer, teller, ſhewer of.*

Narratif : m. le nar. de lettres. *The ſubject, or contents, of letters.*

Narratif : m. iue : f. *Narrative, declarative, declaratory; reporting, relating, expreſſing.*

Narration : f. *A narration, declaration, relation, tale, diſcourſe, report.*

Narré : m. *as* Narration.

Narré : m. ée : f. *Told, ſaid, declared, related, reported, expreſſed, ſignified, ſhewen.*

Narrement : m. *A telling, declaring, reporting, relating, expreſſing, ſhewing, ſaying.*

Narrer. *To tell, declare, ſpeak, utter, ſay, relate, report, expreſſe, diſcourſe.*

Narreur. *as* Narrateur.

Naſal : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, the noſe.*

Veine naſale. *Seek* Veine.

Naſarde : f. *A fillip, rap, or flirt, on the noſe; alſo, a ſtrumpe, mock, jeaſt, flowt.*

Naſardé : m. ée : f. *Fillipped, or flirted, on the noſe; alſo, derided, ſtrumped.*

Naſarder. *To fillip; to rap, or flirt, on the noſe; alſo, to ſtrumpe, or breake a jeaſt on; play with the noſe of; alſo, to ſpeak in the noſe; whence;*

Cette corde naſarde. *This ſtring jarreth.*

Naſeaux : m. *The noſethrills, or narrells.*

Fendeurs de naſeaux. *Swaggerers, cutters.*

Naſitort : m. *Noſe-ſmart, garden Creſſe, town Kars, town Creſſes.*

Naſitort ſavage. *Iberis, wild Creſſes; Sciatica creſſes.*

Naſomonite : m. *A certaine bloud-red ſtone ſtreaked with many black veines.*

Naſquir. *To be borne, brought forth, or bred of; to ſpring, riſe, have a beginning.*

Naſſe : f. *A (wicker) Leap, or Weel, for fiſh; alſo, a bundle of reeds, or bullruſhes, &c. which boyes, that learn to ſwimme, lay under them.*

Naſſel : m. *The chin-band of an helmet.*

Naſſellette : f. *A ſmall skiffe, ſcull, or cock-boat.*

Naſſelier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, a skiffe, cock-boat, or long-boat.*

Naſſelle : f. *A skiffe, wherry, or cock-boat; a ſmall boat (of what form ſoever,) alſo, a boat-bowle, or cup; alſo, a hollow in a piller, &c. called, a Caſement.*

Naſſerie. *as* Naſſiere.

Naſſidure : f. *Any ſwelling, or tumor in the body, at it firſt riſing, and before the kind thereof can be diſcerned.* ¶ Langued.

Naſſiere : f. *A Leap, Weele, or Weare to to catch fiſh in.*
Naſte : f. *A kind of pole-reed, or Cane ; alſo, as* Naphte.
Natal : m. le nat. de. *The birth-day of.*
Natal : m. ale : f. *Natall, native ; naturall ; of, or belonging to, a nativity, or birth.*
Natoire : m. *A place to ſwim in.*
Natice. *as* Nerite.
Natif : m. iue : f. *Native, originall, borne or bred in, deſcended of.*
Nation : f. *A nation, a people.*
National : m. ale : f. *Nationall, of a nation.*
Concile national. *which is held by the Divines of one onely nation.*
Nationnaires, mes nat. *My countrey-men ; thoſe of my nation.*
Nativité : f. *Nativity, birth.*
La nativité de noſtre Dame. *The feaſt of the Nativity of our Ladie, kept ſolemnly, in many parts of Chriſtendome, on the 8 day of* September.
† Natteté : f. *Knaverie, gullerie, cheating, wilineſſe, conſenage.*
Natte : f. *A mat.*
Natté : m. ée : f. *Matted.*
Natter. *To mat, make mats ; furniſh, hang, or cover, with mats.*
Nattier : m. *A Matter ; or maker of mats.*
Nattier : m. ere : f. *Of mats, ſerving to make mats.*
Naturaliſte : m. *A Naturaliſt, or naturall Philoſopher.*
Naturalité : f. *Naturality, naturalization.*
Naturalizé : m. ée : f. *Naturalized, made a naturall ſubject.*
Naturalizer. *To naturalize ; to make a naturall ſubject, or admit into the number of his naturall ſubjects.*
Nature : f. *Nature ; eſſence, being ; alſo, an (in-bred) condition, humor, quality, diſpoſition, inclination, propertie ; manner, faſhion.*
Nature faict chien tracer ; Prov. *Look* Tracer.
Nourriture paſſe nature ; Prov. *Nurture paſſeth nature, good bringing up any breeding.*
Naturel : m. *Nature, or naturall diſpoſition, in-bred condition, quality, property ; alſo, a Naturaliſt, or naturall Philoſopher.*
Naturel : m. elle : f. *Naturall ; of, or according to, nature ; kindly, right.*
Fruicts naturels. *Fruits naturall ; ſuch as a thing yields either of it ſelfe, and in it owne nature, or by the helpe of induſtry, or induſtrious culture.*
Iour naturel. *Seek* Iour.
Quint naturel. *The portion of younger brethren in the inheritance left by their father, viz. a fift part thereof, which is divided among them : (But this in ſome places only. See* Quint.)
Naturellement. *Naturally, by nature, kindly, rightly, according to it owne property.*
Nau. (Nauſs *Plurall*) *as* Navire ; *A ſhip.* v.m.
† Nau. (Nauts *Plurall.*) *A gutter on the top, or ſide of a houſe.* v.m.
Navage. *as* Naufrage.
Naval : m. ale : f. *Navall ; of, or belonging to, ſhips, or a navie of ſhips.*
Naucelle. *as* Naſſelle.
Naucheux : m. euſe : f. *Queaſie ſtomacked, ready, or apt to vomit.*
Naudin : m. *A noddie, ninny, gooſecap, coxcombe.* ❡ Norm.
Nave. *as* Navire ; *A ſhip.*
Naveau : m. *The Navew gentle, French Navew, long Rape (a ſavory root.)*
Naveaux. *Uſed ſometimes in equivocation of* Nezveaux ; *naturall calves, fooles bred, aſſes by birth.*
Naveau blanc de Iardin. *The ordinary Rape, or Turnep.*
Naveau rond. *A Turnep.*
Naveau ſauvage. *Rampions.*
Navée : f. vne Navée de. *A ſhip full of.*
Navet : m. *The ſmall Navew gentle, the leaſt (and daintieſt) kind of the French Navew.*
Gros navet. *The great, and bitter root of white Briony ; or the herb it ſelfe.*
Navette : f. *Rapeſeed ; alſo, as* Naveau ; *alſo, a Weavers ſhittle.*
Iouër de la navette. *Look* Iouër.
Nauf : m. *A ſhip.*
Naufrage : m. *Shipwrack.*
Naufrageux : m. euſe : f. *Wraking, ſhipwrack-bringing.*
Naviculaire. Os na. *The ſecond bone of the inſtup, ſo tearmed becauſe faſhioned like a boat.*
Navigable : com. *Navigable, ſailable, paſſable by ſhipping.*
Navigage : m. *as* Navigation ; *Alſo, a Navie, or Fleet.*
Navigation : f. *Navigation, ſayling.*
Navigé : m. ée : f. *Navigated, ſailed.*
Naviger. *To navigate, or ſaile.*
Navire : com. *A ſhip ; a barke, ſaile, or veſſell for the ſea ; alſo, a Navy, or Fleet of ſhips ; alſo, the hollow, or hall of the hand.*
Naulage : m. *Fraught, or fare ; the money payed for paſſage in a ſhip.*
Naulager. *To pay his fraught, paſſage, fare.*
Naule. *as* Naulage.
Nauleage. *The ſame ; whence ;* Barques de nauleage ; *Wafters, or paſſage barkes.*
Naumachie : f. *A fight at ſea.*
Navré : m. ée : f. *Wounded, hurt ; afflicted, vexed ; nipped ſorely, wrung extremely.*
Navrer. *To wound, hurt ; bruiſe, wring ſore, nip cruelly, pinch extremely ; vex, afflict.*
Navreur : m. *A wounder, or hurter.*
Navreur de gens. *A cheating ſhifter, common borrower, conſener of all he deales with.*
Navrure : f. *A wound, hurt, bloudwipe, ſore nip, ſhrewd pinch, cruell blow ; alſo, a wounding, or hurting.*
Nauſeatif : m. iue : f. *Loathſome, againſt the ſtomack, that makes one ready to ſpue.*
Nauſée : f. *A will, or offer, to vomit, but no vomit ; a diſpoſition, without power, to ſpue ; alſo, a loathing, or abhorring, of meats, &c.*
Nauſiclete : m. *The Maſter, or owner of a ſhip.* ❡ Rab.
† Naut : m. *as* Nau ; *A gutter.*
Nautil. *as* Nautile.
Nautile. *The ſhelly Pourcountrell, made ſomewhat like a round, and open boat, and ſwimming ever (except in time of danger) with her belly, or the inſide of her ſhell, upwards.*
Nautonnier : m. *A Shipman, Saylor, Mariner.*
Naux. feſtes naux. *for* feſtes de Noel. ❡ Poict.
Nayer en l'eau. *as* Noyer.
Nayf. *Seek* Naïf.
Nazal : m. *The noſe-peece of a helmet ; the part thereof which covereth the noſe.*
Nazard : m. *A kind of hariſh, or jarring wind-inſtrument.*
Nazard : m. arde : f. *Jarring.*
Nazardant. *Fillipping, or flirting on the noſe ; alſo, frumping ; breaking jeaſts upon ; alſo, jarring.*
Nazarde. *as* Naſarde ; *Alſo, a kind of peare.*
Nazarder. *Seek* Naſarder.
Nazdecapre. *Goodman Goats noſe.* ❡ Rab.
Naze : f. *A noſe.* ❡ Gaſc.
Nazeaux. *Look* Naſeaux.
Naziller. *To root with the noſe ; alſo, to thruſt his noſe into every company.*
Nazilleux : m. euſe : f. *Well noſed ; or, having a goodly noſe.*
Né : m. née : f. *Borne ; bred ; riſen, deſcended, proceeding from ; growne, iſſuing, or come out of.*
Teſte de cerf bien née. *A Stags head that hath all it rights.*
Né tout coiffé. *A very rich, or a very baſhfull, man.*
Né à tout le poil (le Diable l'a chié en volant) *A luſty cutter, worthy gallant, brave man (Ironically.)*
Ne. (Adverb.) *Not.*
Qu'il ne ſoit ainſi, voicy la raiſon. *as the Latine* Quin ita ſit, viz. *That it is ſo : (Held more elegant then without ne, which to make negative the word* pas *muſt be added after* ſoit.)
Ne. (Conjunct.) *Nor, neither.*
Neance : f. *A deniall, denying, or gainſaying ; a Travers in law.*
Neant. *Nothing, nought ; (a word ever ſet downe in the beginning, or end of an account which is not allowed.)*
Choſe de neant. *A triſle, niſle, toy ; a frivolous, unſeaſonable, or ſleight matter.*
Mettre à neant. *To abrogate, antiquate, aboliſh, avoid, make void ; alſo, to ruine, ſubvert, raſe, diſſate, overthrow.*
Tourner à neant. *The ſame.*
Pour neant demande conſeil qui ne le veut croire ; Prov. *In vain the incredulous counſell aſketh.*
Pour neant recule qui malheur attend ; Prov. *They that ill luck attend give back unto no end.*
Pour neant va au bois qui marrein ne cognoiſt ; Prov. *To no purpoſe goes he, who knowes not wood, unto the wood.*
Qui voit enfant il voit neant ; Prov. *Man (ſayes the Pſalmiſt) being weighed upon the balance, is lighter then nothing it ſelfe ; what then can a child be but the nought of nothing ?*
Neantiſe : f. *Triſling, idleneſſe, baſeneſſe, cowardiſe, unworthineſſe.*
Neant-moins. *Nevertheleſſe, notwithſtanding, and yet.*
Neant-prix. *A very low rate, a very ſmall price.*
Neble : f. *A (little) clowd ; a miſt, a fog.*
Nebuleux : m. euſe : f. *Clowdy ; miſty, foggy.*
Nebulon : m. *A knave, raſcall, villaine, varlet, paultry companion, ſcoundrell, ſcurvy fellow.*
Neceſſaire : com. *Neceſſary, needfull ; urgent ; inevitable, unavoidable.*
Neceſſairement. *Neceſſarily, needs, of neceſſity, of force.*

Neceſ-

Neceſſitaire : com. *Needie, neceſſitous; or, as* Neceſſaire.

Neceſſité : f. *Neceſſitie, need; a hard ſtrait, narrow pinch, great preſſure, urgent occaſion.*

Les neceſſités de nature. *The eaſing, or purging of the bodies; ſuch things as muſt needs be done.*

Chemiſe de neceſſité. *A charmed ſhirt which(as ſome imagine) preſerves men in battailes, and eaſes women in their travell; ſo tearmed, becauſe it is not to be uſed but in times of extreame neceſſitie.*

Neceſſité eſt la moitié de raiſon; Prov. *We ſay, that neceſſitie hath no law.*

Neceſſité fait trotter les vieillies; Pro. *Need makes the old wife trot(ſay we.)*

Neceſſité rend magnanime le coüard, & le puſillanime ; Prov. *Neceſſitie adds mettall to the meacocke ; makes the coward grow couragious.*

Tel a neceſſité qui ne s'en vante pas; Prov. *Some are in greater want then they will vaunt of.*

Neceſſité : m. ée : f. *Vrged, preſſed, inforced, compelled, by neceſſitie.*

Neceſſiter. *To neceſſitate; to urge, preſſe, conſtraine, compell, force by neceſſitie.*

Niceſſiteux : m. euſe : f. *Neceſſitous, needie, poore, indigent, beggerly, in want.*

Nectar : m. *Nectar; the drinke of the Gods.*

Nectar : m. are : f. *Of Nectar; moſt ſweet as Nectar.*

Nectarin : m. ine : f. *Nectarine, of Nectar, divinely ſweet as Nectar.*

Necyomance : f. *Divination by conference with dead bodies raiſed.*

Neéfle. Gros de Neéfle. *A peece of coyne thats worth about* iiid. ſterl.

Nef. : f. *A ſhip; a ſayle, a veſſell for the ſea; alſo, the bodie of a Church.*

Neffle : f. *A Medler, or Open-arſe.*

Nefflier : m. *A Medler tree.*

Negatif. : m. *Negative, inficiative, denying, ſaying nay.*

Negation : f. *A negation, deniall, inficiation, denying, nay.*

Negative : f. *A negative, denyall, nay.*

Negatoire : com. *Negatorie, inficiatorie, negative, denying.*

Negligemment. *Negligently, retchleſly, careleſly, heedleſly; idlely, ſloathfully, ſleepily,*

Tout eſt fait negligemment là ou l'vn a l'autre s'attend ; Prov. *While one another truſts the worke is left undone; (and ſo between two ſtooles the taile goes to the ground.)*

Negligence : f. *Negligence ; retcheſneſſe ; careleſneſſe, heedleſneſſe ; neglect; ſloath, lazineſſe, litherneſſe, ſleepineſſe, drowſineſſe.*

Negligent. *Negligent ; retcheſſe, careleſſe; ſlacke, remiſſe, lazie, lither, idle, ſloathfull; drowſie, ſleepie.*

Negliger. *To neglect, deſpiſe, regard lightly, paſſe over ſleightly, make ſmall account of, ſet little by; alſo, to be negligent, retcheleſſe, careleſſe; heedleſſe; to ſlug it, to look ill unto.*

Negoce : m. *A buſineſſe, affaire; charge, imployment, occupying, traſſicke, dealing; labour, trouble, comber.*

Negociateur : m. *A Negociator ; trader, dealer, factor, agent, ſolicitor; follower, or manager of buſineſſes.*

Negociation : f. *Negociation, imployment, handling of affaires, managing of buſineſſes; traſſicke, dealing.*

Negocié : m. ée : f. *Negociated ; handled, managed ; traded, or dealt in ; ſolicited, followed.*

Negocier. *To negociate ; manage buſineſſes, handle affaires, follow cauſes ; deale, traſſicke, trade in matters.*

Negocieux : m. euſe : f. *Buſie, occupied, ever in action, ever dealing, much imployed, full of buſineſſe.*

Negotiation, &c. *as* Negociation, &c.

Negre : com. *A Negro, a Moore.*

Negrier : m. *A certaine wild vine that yeelds a blacke grape.*

Negriez. *as* Negrier ; *Alſo, the blacke grapes thereof.*

Negroeil. *as* Nigroil.

Neige : f. *Snow.*

Neiges d'antan. *Thinges paſt, forgotten, or out of date long agoe.*

Neige en roſmarin. *The beſprinkling of a Roſemarie branch with ſalt, or froathie creame.*

Queſtions de neige. *Fooliſh queſtions, idle, and frivolous demaunds.*

Il a piſſé en beaucoup de neiges; Prov. *Hee hath outlived many a bitter Winter.*

Neiger. *To ſnow.*

Neigeux : m. euſe : f. *Snowie, full of ſnow.*

Neigre : com. *Duskie, ſwart, blackiſh, of the colour of a Negro.*

Nele : f. *Cockle (growing among corne.)*

Nelle. *Seek* Neéfle.

Neller. *To varniſh, enamell, or glaze with the ſtuffe* Nelleure.

Nelleure : f. *An enamell, varniſh, or glazing; one part whereof is of fine ſilver, two of copper, and three of lead; alſo, a varniſhing, or enamelling withall.*

Nemorale : f. *The wood Tortoiſe.*

Nendea. *No indeed-law, marrie no forſooth; (a womans oath, or negative.)*

Neunphard. *as* Nenuphar.

Nenuphar : m. *Nenuphar; the water Lillie, or water Roſe.*

Nenuphar blanc. *The white water Lillie.*

Nenuphar iaulne. *The yellow water Lillie, yellow water Roſe.*

Nepheu. *Look* Neveu.

Nephretique paſſion. *Paine in the reines, by gravell, or the ſtone.*

Nephritide. *The ſame; alſo, the ſtone, or gravell ſetled in the reines.*

Nephrocartaticon. *(in ſtead of* Nephrocatarticon) *Phyſicke that purgeth the reines.*

¶ Rab.

Neptunales : f. *Neptunes feaſts, or holy-days.*

Neptune : f. Neptune; *The God of the ſea.*

Neptunien : m. enne : f. *Of the ſeas nature, of the ſea.*

Neptunois : m. oiſe : f. *as* Neptunien.

Neraut : m. *A certaine vine whoſe wood and grapes are very blacke; it is leſſe hurt by froſts then any other, and yeelds a very deep-red wine.*

Neréе. (*The name of a God of the ſea; hence alſo*) *the ſea.*

Neret. ne ſol neret. *It is about a quarter leſſe then the* Tournois, *or, one part in ſix, more then halfe the Pariſian; for* 60s. *nerets are worth* 36s. *of* Paris.

Nerf : m. *A Sinew ; (and thence, might, ſtrength, force, power;) alſo, any band of yron wherewith a priſoner is fettered.*

Les nerfs. *The knuckles that ſticke out on the backe of a booke.*

Nerf caverneux. *A mans yard.*

Nerf de cerf. *A Stags pizzle.*

Nerf feru. (*In a man*) *frenzie, or madneſſe; (in a horſe) a ſinew ſprung in the knee, or ſome other joynt of the leg.*

Nerion. *The ſhrub Oleander, Roſe tree, Roſe Lawrell, Roſe bay tree.*

Nerite : f. *A certaine little, round, and ſmooth ſhell-fiſh, and ſea-ſnaile, very like the Periwinkle.*

† Nerme. *Nothing.*

Nerprun. *Buck-thorne, way-thorne, Rheinberries, Laxative Ramme.*

Nerquois. *Looke* Narquois.

Nerte : f. *The Mirtle ſhrub.*

Oiſeau de nerte. *The Mirtle Thruſh ; called ſo becauſe ſhe feeds on Mirtle berries.*

Nerver. *To tye with ſinewes.*

Nerveures : f. *Strong, or ſinewie bands ; hence alſo, as* Nervins; *alſo, welts; alſo, carved ſtreakes in wood, or ſtone.*

Nerveuſement. *Strongly, ſtiffly, forcibly.*

Nerveux : m. euſe : f. *Sinewie, full of ſinewes; alſo, ſtrong, ſtiffe, pithie, forcible.*

Nervins : m. *Bolt-ropes; the cords wherewith a ſaile is hemmed.*

Les nervins des bonnettes. *The latchets wherewith bonnets be faſtened to a ſayle.*

Nervoſité : f. *Nervoſitie, ſinewie ſtrength, fullneſſe of ſinewes.*

Nervu : m. uë : f. *as* Nerveux.

Nes. *Look* Nez.

Neſple : f. *A Medler, or Open-arſe.*

Neſplier : m. *A Medler tree.*

Neſquin : m. *A baſe fellow; or as* Meſquin.

Neſſlum. *as* Neſſun; (*an old word.*)

Neſſiun. *No one, no bodie, not any.*

Net : m. nette : f. *Neat, cleane, pure, cleere; ſpotleſſe, unſpotted; poliſhed, ſmooth, briſk, ſmug; faire.*

Bien au net. *Exactly, perfectly; alſo, very, neatly.*

Cela eſt au net. *That is fairely written.*

Mettre au net. *To cleanſe, make neat, ſmooth or trim up; alſo, to cleere, expound, expreſſe, explane.*

Avoir le coeur net de. *To be fully reſolved of, or ſatisfied in.*

Netieures. *Looke* Nettieures.

Netre dene. *for* Noſtre dame.

Nettelet : m. ette : f. *Prettie and neat; minion, briske, ſmug, trickſie, quirke.*

Nettement. *Neatly, cleanly, purtly, cleerely; ſmoothly, ſmug.*

Netteté : f. *Neatneſſe, cleanneſſe, cleanlineſſe, cleereneſſe; puritie, ſincerities, integritie, perfect honeſtie.*

Nettier. *as* Nettoyer.

† Nettieures : f. *The ſweepings of a houſe ; any cleanſings.*

Nettiſoir : m. *A combe-bruſh.*

Nettoyable : com. *Cleanſible, or cleanſable.*

Nettoyé : m. ée : f. *Cleanſed, wiped, ſcowred, purged; cleered, ſmoothed, ſwept.*

Nettoyer. *To cleanſe, wipe, ſweepe, ſcowre, purge ; rub the dirt, get the filth off ; to cleere; ſmooth, make even, or plaine.*

Nettoyer au balay. *To ſweepe; to make cleane worke, leave nought behind, carrie all away.*

Nettoyeures. *as* Nettieures.

Neuchu : m. uë : f. *Knotty, knobbly, rough, uneven.*

Neud : m. *A knot ; a knob, or hard bunch ; a joynt in ſtaulkes ; a knurre, or knurle in trees ; alſo, the cheiſe point, head, ſumme, or clauſe of a matter ; the principall band, or bindge wherein it reſts, or hangs.*

Les neuds des doigts. *The knuckles.*

Neud de la gorge. *as* Larigau.

'A dur, ou mauvais neud mauvais coing ; Pro. *Said when a quarelling, troubleſome, or litigious fellow hath met with his match.*

Neve : m. *A mole, freckle, or other the like natural marke, or blemiſh on the body.*

Neuëment. *Simply, abſolutely ; immediately, forthwith.*

Neveu : m. *A Nephew ; the ſon of a brother, or ſiſter.*

Neuf : m. neufve : f. *New, freſh ; uncouth, ſtrange, unknown, unuſed, unheard of, before.*

Il eſt bien neuf. *He is a very novice ; he is very ignorant, unexpert, raw ; he hath but ſmall experience in the world.*

Faire pieds neufs. *A woman to be delivered of a child ; a horſe to caſt his hooves.*

Neuf. *Nine (in number.)*

Neufain : m. ine : f. *Of nine ; for nine daies.*

Neufaine : f. *A ninth ; a proportion, or the number of nine ; alſo, a terme, or the ſpace, of nine daies ; alſo, a vow of nine daies, or for the performance of a thing nine daies together ; alſo, prayers made for a dead body the ninth day after his deceaſe.*

Neufieſme. *The ninth.*

Droict de neufieſme. *A ninth part of the cleere yeerly value of moſt of the Benefices in Britaine, exacted by the Pope.*

Neufieſmement. *Ninthly.*

Neufme. *as* Neume.

Neufvaine. *as* Neufaine ; *whence ;*

La ſaincte neufvaine. *The nine Muſes.*

Neume : m. *A ſound, ſong, or cloſe of ſong after an Anthem, or the long holding of the laſt note of an Anthem, &c. uſed much in the Quires of Cathedrall Churches.*

Neutralité : f. *Neutralitie ; indifferency ; the being on neither ſide.*

Neutralizer. ſe neut. *To ſtand newter ; to take neither part, help neither ſide ; when two are at odds to give them the looking on.*

Neutre : com. *Newter, taking neither part, helping neither ſide ; alſo, of the Newter Gender.*

Corps neutre. *Which is neither ill nor whole, ſick nor ſound.*

Neuvaine. *See* Neufaine.

Nez : m. *The noſe ; alſo, ſenſe, or ſmelling ; alſo, wit, or underſtanding ; alſo, diſgrace, or ſhame.*

Nez d' as de treuſfle. *A noſe like an ace of the clubs ; a broad flat noſe.*

Nez de cire. *A noſe of wax ; a thing that may be brought unto any forme, wrought into any faſhion, turned or changed any way.*

Nez coupé. *Saint Anthonies nut, Bladder nut, wild Piſtachoes.*

Nez qui coupe. *A notable ſpirit, ſearching wit, piercing apprehenſion, ſharpe underſtanding.*

Haut nez. Chien de haut nez. *A dog of a deepe noſe, or good ſent ; alſo a dog that hath wide narrells.*

'A nez frotté de vinaigre. *Look* Vinaigre.

Le nez luy croiſt. *Said of one that hath quietly ſwallowed, and baſely digeſted a publick affront, or diſgrace.*

Le nez auſſi plat comme vne Andouille. *A noſe as flat as a Flooke (ſay we;) Look* Andouille.

Le nez faict à manche de raſoir. *A high-raiſ'd, or hawk, noſe.*

Le nez tourné à la fraindiſe. *Saied of a lickorous, or leacherous wench ; or one thats not ſo good as ſhe ſhould be.*

Avantagé en nez. *That hath a forward, or full-grown noſe.*

Avoir du nez. s'il a du nez. *If he have any wit, conceit, or judgement.*

Cela n'a point de nez. *Is done fooliſhly, unhandſomely, without any manner of garb ; hath neither decorum without, nor ſavor within, it.*

Bailler ſur le nez du Roy. *To coine falſe mony.*

Donner de la porte ſur le nez à. *To exclude, ſhut or keep out ; or, to ſhut the doore againſt.*

Fermer l' huis au nez à. *The ſame.*

Laver le nez à. *To ſchoole, cenſure, chide, reprehend, rattle ſoundly, reprove bitterly.*

Lever le nez. *To hold up the head, pluck up the heart, grow cheerefull, wax couragious.*

Marqué ſur le nez. C'eſt vn Mouton de Berry, il eſt marqué ſur le nez. *Look* Mouton.

Mettre le nez par tout. *To thruſt his noſe into every corner ; buſily to ſearch into, or meddle with, every thing.*

Se prendre au nez. *To acknowledge a fault, or finde himſelf in th'errour, wherewith another is charged ; whence ;*

C'eſt à luy à s'en prendre au nez. *He may well enough aſſume that imputation ; tis for him to apply that cenſure to himſelfe ; alſo, tis long of himſelfe, he may even thank himſelf for it.*

Se prendre au bout du nez. *Look* Prendre.

Pris du nes. *That hath the murre, whoſe noſe is ſtopped or ſtuffed with cold.*

Retaire ſon nez. *To pick, or gather, up his crummes againe.*

Ne regarder plus loing que le bout de ſon nez. *To be negligent, careleſſe, improvident, without any manner of forecaſt.*

Il ſe retira avec vn pied de nez. *He ſlunk away, or got him back, with ſhame enough : (ſometimes pied is left out, but expreſſed with the hand ! and then they ſay ;* Il ſe retira avec autant de nez.)

Saigner du nez. *A mans heart to faint, or faile him. Look* Saigner.

Il ſe tint fort par le nez de ce refus. *He remembred this refuſall with a deſire of revenge, although at firſt he forbore to take notice of it.*

Ils luy torchent le nez de ſa manche. *They wipe his noſe with his owne ſleeve, his taile with his own ſhirt ; they allow him meat, or meanes, out of his own mony.*

Tordre le nez à. *To wreſt, bend, or ply a thing to his own purpoſe.*

Viedazer le nez à. *To trouble, vex, moleſt, baffle, abuſe.*

Il faut laiſſer ſon enfant morveux pluſtoſt que luy arracher le nez ; Prov. *Better an inconvenience then a miſcheiſe ; let the Henne live although ſhe have the pip.*

Ni. vn ni. *A no, nay, negative, deniall, refuſall.*

Ni. *Neither ; Seek* Ny.

Niais : m. *A neaſtling ; a young bird taken out of a neaſt ; hence, a youngling, novice, cunnie, ninnie, ſop, noddie, cockney, dotterell, peagooſe ; a ſimple, witleſſe, and unexpericenced gull ; alſo, as* Nicz.

La place des niais à la table. *Th'upper end (where the wealthieſt, or women, are placed.)*

Niaiſer. *Look* Niezer.

Niaiſerie : f. *Simplicity, ſillineſſe, childiſhnes, want of experience, dotterelliſme, ſoppery, fondnes ; alſo, a ſilly part.*

Niance. *as* Neance.

Niant : m. *A denier.*

Niant : m. ante : f. *Denying.*

Niard. faulcon niard. *A Niais Faulcon.*

Nice : com *Lither, lazie, ſloathfull, idle, faint, ſlack, dull, ſimple.*

Action nice. *An Action upon a bare promiſe, without article, or covenant.*

Promeſſe nice. *A ſingle, or bare promiſe, without covenant, pawn, ſurety, or obligation.*

Nicement. *Lazily, litherly, ſloathfully ; faintly, ſlackly, ſlowly ; dully ; ſimply, barely, ſingly.*

Nicete. *Sloath, lithernes, lazines, idlenes ; ſlacknes, ſlowns ; ſimplicitie, or ſimplenes.*

Nicette. pucelle nicette. *A ſlow, dull, ſimple, fooliſh, or nice girle.*

Niche : f. *A Niche ; a hollow ſeat, or ſtanding for a ſtatue, or image, made into a wall.*

Nichée. *as* Niée.

Nicher. *To neaſtle, build or make a neaſt in.*

Nicheul : m. *A neaſt-egge ; th'egge thats alwaies left in a Hens neaſt.*

Nichil au-dos. *A doublet whoſe back is of courſer ſtuffe then the forepart ; and hence, any thing that makes an outward ſhew of goodnes, or worth, which inwardly it wanteth, or commeth ſhort of.*

Nichilodo. *The ſame.*

Nicholas : m Nicholas ; *a proper name for a man ; and particularly the name of a Saint (Patron of the Ruſſians, &c.) whoſe feaſt is the ſixth day of December ; hence ;*

Si l'hyver eſtoit outre la mer ſi viendra il a S. Nicholas parler ; Prov.

Nicotiane : f. *Nicotian, Tobacco ; (firſt ſent into* France *by* Nicot *(the maker of the great French Dictionary) in the year 1560. when he was Embaſſador Leger in* Portugall.)

Petite Nicotiane. *Nicotian, yellow Henbane, Engliſh Tobacco ; or, as* Petum femelle.

Nicquet : m. *A Burgonian (baſe) coine, whereof three are worth 5 d* Tournois.

Nid : m. *A neaſt.*

Nid d' oiſeau. *Gooſ-neaſt, Birds-neaſt, an herb.*

Nid de la Pie. Monté iuſques au nid de la Pie. *At his full height ; as high, or as great, as ever he can be.*

Nids de Tirans. *Cittadels, and Caſtels, tearmed ſo by the common people awed by them.*

Il s'en va prendre la mere au nid. *Look* Mere.

Nid tiſſu oiſeau envolé ; Prov. *We loſe an opportunity while we ſpend time in preparations.*

A tous oiſeaux leurs nids ſont beaux ; Prov. *Every bird likes his owne neaſt ; every man thinkes well of, or is in love with, his own houſe, &c.*

Tel oiſeau tel nid ; Prov. *A houſe like the inhabitant ; ſuch bird ſuch neaſt.*

† Nideur : f. *The ſtench, or fulſome ſavor of things broiled, or burnt.*

† Nidoreux : m. euſe : f. *Smelling or ſavoring of (alſo, fulſome as the ſmell of) broiled, or burnt things.*

† Nidorulent. *as* Nidoreux.

Nié : m. ée : t. *Denied, ſaid nay unto, diſadvowed.*

Nieblé. *as* Niellé. ☞ Rab.

Niece : f. *A neece ; the daughter of a brother, or ſiſter.*

† Nieds. *as* Niez, *or* Niais.

Niée de pouſſins. *A brood of chickins.*

Nielle : f. *Blaſting, or mildew, whereby corne, &c. is withered, or burnt up ; alſo, the herb Nigella, Gith, Biſhops-wort ; Sweet-ſavour, S. Katherines flower.*

Nielle baſtarde. *Cockle, field Nigella, baſtard Nigella.*

Nielle blanche. *White Nigella, white Gith.*

Nielle des bleds. *as* Nielle baſtarde.

Nielle Citrine. *The garden Nigella, whoſe ſeed is of a pale yellow, or Citron colour.*

Nielle de Damas. *Damaske Nigella.*

Nielle domeſtique. *Garden Nigella.*

Nielle jaulne. *as* Nielle Citrine.

Nielle noire. *Black Nigella ; (a ſtranger in* England *as well as the white one ; at leaſt our* Gorard *mentions neither of them.)*

Nielle odorante. *Ordinary Gith, or Nigella.*

Nielle Romaine. *The ſame ; called alſo by our Herbaliſts,* Nigella Romana.

Nielle ſauvage. *Wild Nigella, field Nigella.*

Niellé : m. ée : f. *Mildewed, blaſted.*

Nement : m. *A denying, diſadvowing ; or gainſaying.*

Niepce : f. *as* Niece.

Nier. *To deny, diſadvow ; ſay nay, gainſay.*

Qui tout me donne tout me nie ; Prov. *He that grants me all, gives me nothing, I aske.*

Nieſpe. *An Aſpen tree.*

† Nieu. *as* Nid ; *A neaſt ; whence ;*

Oeuf nieu. *A neaſt egge ; the egge which is continually left in a Hens neaſt.*

Nieur : m. *A denier.*

Nieuſes les n. de la maiſon *The ſweepings of the houſe.*

Niez. *as* Niais ; *Alſo, a Nias hawke ; alſo, an aiery of hawkes.*

Niezer. *To deale ſimply, or ſillily ; to carry himſelfe like a novice, or ignorant noddy.*

Niezeté : f. *Simplicity, ſillineſſe, childiſhneſſe, ignorance, rudeneſſe.*

Niſler. *To ſnifter, or ſnuffe up ſnivell ; to draw it up by drawing in the wind.*

Nigaud : m. *A ſop, nidget, ideot ; a doult, lobcocke, vain, triſling, or loytering fellow.*

Nigaude : f. *A fillie, fond, idle, triſling wench.*

Nigauder. *as* Niger.

Nigauderies : t. *Fopperies, fooleries, fond, idle, triſling prankes.*

Nigauld. *as* Nigaud.

Nigelle : f. *Gith, Nigella, Biſhops root, S. Katherines flower. Look* Nielle.

Niger. *To triſle ; to play the ſop, or nidget.*

Nigeries : f. *Nidgeries, ſopperies, fooleries, triſles, niſles, frivolous bables,*

Nigeur : m. *A nidget, ſop, triſler.*

Nigeuſe : f. *A fond, or idle wench.*

Nigroil : m. *The ſea Breame.*

Nigromance : t. *Nigromancie, conjuring, the black Art.*

Nigromancien : m. *A Nigromancer, or Conjurer ; one that practiſes the black Art.*

Nihil. *as* Neant.

Mettre nihil en. *To diſannull, annihilate, raſe, blot, or ſtrike out.*

Nihil gris. *A duſt, or ſoot, which mounting up with the ſmoake of furnaces wherein copper, &c. is melted, ſticks to the rooſe of the houſe ; tis called* Gris *until it come to it full perfection ; for then it is white, and tearmed* Nihil blanc.

† Nihilité : f. *Nullitie, the being nothing, or of no value.*

Nille : f. *The turning peg of a* Vielle ; *alſo, the ware-band of a mill-ſtone.*

Nimbot : m. *A dwarfe, dandiprat, little skip-jack, low dapperling, three-halfepenny horſe loafe.*

Nipes : f. *Traſh, rags, niſles, triſles, things of a very ſmall value.*

Nipheſet. Membre viril. ☞ Rab.

Nique. faire la nique. *To mock by nodding, or lifting up of the chinne ; or more properly, to threaten or deſie, by putting the thumbe naile into the mouth, and with a jerke (from the upper teeth) make it to knack.*

Les maux terminez en ique ſont au medecin la nique ; Prov. *Such be* Hydropique, Hectique, Paralitique, Apoplectique, Lethargique, &c. *becauſe they are hardly, or never, cured.*

Niquet. *as* Nique ; *Alſo, a knicke, tlicke, ſnap with the teeth, or fingers ; a triſle, niſle, bable, matter of ſmall value ; alſo, as* Nicquet.

Niqueter. Il n'y a que niqueter. *There is no cauſe of, or place for, mockery ; there is no fault to be found.*

Niſi. ſoubs peine de niſi. *Under the pain of curſe, or excommunication.*

Niſſole : t. *A whitiſh Dog-fiſh, which is indifferent good meat, or at leaſt, the beſt of Dog-fiſhes.*

Nitouche. faire de la ſaincte nitouche. *To play the hypocrite, or make an innocent ſhew ; to ſeeme not to thinke of, or not to care for, a moſt affected thing.*

Nitre : m. *Niter ; a (Salt-reſembling) ſubſtance of colour light-ruddy, or white, and full of holes like a ſponge ; (divers late writers ignorantly miſtake it for Salt-peeter.)*

Nitre d'Atrique. *A kind of light, and brittle Niter of a purple colour.*

Sel Nitre. *Salt-peeter candied, or ſined like white Sugar-Candie.*

Nitreux : m. euſe : t. *Of Niter, full of Niter, ſalt, or brackiſh, as Niter.*

Nittiere : f. *The place wherein Niter is found, or gotten.*

Nitroſité : t. *Nitroſitie ; the ſalineſſe, brackiſhneſſe, or ſharp taſt of Niter.*

Niveau : m. *A Maſons, or Carpenters Levell, or Triangle ; the inſtrument whereby he is guided in the laying of his floores, &c. alſo, a Mariners ſounding plummet ; alſo, a Periwinkle (fiſh.)*

A niveau. *Levell, even-floored.*

Au niveau de. *Even, or levell with ; directly along with ; upon the ſame ground, or floore.*

Nivelé : m. ée : f. *Levelled ; meaſured, ſquared, or layed even by a levell ; alſo, ſounded with a plummet.*

Niveler. *To levell ; to meaſure, ſquare, or lay even by a levell ; alſo, to ſound with a plummet.*

Niveleur : m. *A Leveller ; one that meaſures, or layes even, things by a levell.*

Nivellement : m. *A levelling ; alſo, a ſounding.*

Niveter. *To be idle, or lazie ; alſo, to fidge, or be fidling here and there to no manner of purpoſe.*

Noble : m. *A Noble, in money.*

Vn Noble Edouard. *An* Edward *Noble ; an old Engliſh coyne of gold, worth about 15 s. ſterl.*

Noble à la Roſe. *A Roſe-noble.*

Noble : com. *Noble, of a Gentlemanly race, of gentle bloud ; alſo, noble, gentle, generous of humour ; worthy, gallant ; excellent, famous.*

Les Nobles. *Gentlemen (of what ranke, or quality ſoever) are ſtiled thus by the French, without any ſuch diſtinction (between Noble, and Gentile) as we make.*

La Noble fleur. *Flower gentle, Flower amour, Flower valure.*

Les parties Nobles du corps. *The braine, heart, liver, and thoſe parts of the body which feed, or depend on, them.*

Les vilains s'entretiennent, les Nobles s'embraſſent ; Prov. *Clownes intertaine one another coldly, Gentlemen courteouſly.*

Noblement. *Nobly, generouſly, Gentleman-like ; worthily, gallantly, courageouſly, freely.*

Terre tenuë noblement. *Land held by Knights ſervice, or ſome other Gentlemanly tenure.*

Nobleſſe : t. *Nobility, gentry, generouſneſſe, gentlemanlineſſe ; alſo, a noble inheritance, or houſe.*

La nobleſſe (d'vn Royaulme.) *The Gentry, or Gentlemen (of a Kingdome) what ranke ſoever they hold, or what title ſoever they have.*

Noc. Con. *Turned backward (as our* Tnuc) *to be the leſſe offenſive to chaſt eares.*

Nocher : m. *A Pilot, or Steeres man ; the Mariner that directs or governs the courſe of a ſhip.*

Le vent, la tempeſte, & l'orage, monſtrent du nocher le courage ; Prov. *The wind and tempeſt being outragious, trie whether the Pilot be courageous.*

Nocturne : com. *Nightly, by night, in the night time.*

Nodeux :

Nodeux : m. euſe : f. *Knotty, knobby, full of knurres, ſoynts, or hard bunches.*
Nodoſité : f. *Knottineſſe, knobbineſſe.*
Noë. *as* Nouë.
Noel : m. *Chriſtmas ; the feaſt of the Nativity of our Saviour ; alſo, a Chriſtmas Carell. See* Nouëll.
'ANoel au perron, à Paſques au tiſon ; Prov. *At Chriſtmas in the Sunne, at Eaſter by the fire (you muſt warme you.)*
Tant crie on Noel qu' il vient ; Pro. *So long is Chriſtmas cryed that at length it comes, Look* Venir.
Noër. *To ſwimme ; or to gird, or jert, forward in ſwimming. (an old word.)*
Noeud. *as* Neud.
Noeuf. *as* Neuf.
Noïalliere : f. *A Pepinnerie, or part of an Orchard, wherein the kernells, or ſtones of ſeverall fruits are ſet, or ſowed for increaſe.*
Noïau. *as* Noyau.
Noïé : m. ée : f. *Drowned ; whirkned, overwhelmed, as with water.*
Noïer. *as* Noyer.
Noif : f. *Snow.* ¶ Norm.
Noir : m. *Black colour, blacking.*
Le noir. *Black game ; as the wild ſwine, &c.*
Noir : m. noire : f. *Black ; ſable, darke, obſcure.*
Des noirs cappers ; ou chapeaux noirs. *A certaine herb whoſe black flowers reſemble ſmall hats ;* Dioſcorides, *and* Pliny, *call it* Lonchitis ; *but* Mathiolus *proteſts henever knew that any man had found it.*
Beſtes noires. *Wild ſwine.*
Biſe noire. *A North-caſt wind blowing in cloſe weather.*
Monnoye noire. *Braſſe, copper, or iron coine, unſilvered.*
Pierre noire. *Black Oaker, or the blacke marking-ſtone.*
Veine noire. *Look* Veine.
Vin noir. *Th'oldeſt, thickeſt, and deepeſt-colowed, red wine,*
Il n'eſt ſi Diable qu'il eſt noir. *He is not ſo bad as he looks for ; he is not ſo curſt, furious, or untractable, as he ſeemes to be.*
Noir geline pond blanc oeuf ; Prov. *A black Hen laies a white egge ; many a ſoule woman brings forth a faire child.*
Noiraſtre : com. *Blackiſh, obſcure, duskie, ſoôty ; overcaſt.*
Noirault : m. aulde : f. *Swart, brown, dun, duskie, ſomewhat black.*
Noir-beau. *A kind of dog.*
Noir-brun. *A black-brown, or dark-brown colour.*
Noir-brun enfumé. *as* Couleur d'Enfer. *(under* Enfer.)
Noirceur : f. *Blacknes, obſcurity, darknes.*
Noirci : m. ie : f. *Blacked, blackned; darkned, obſcured, offuſcated, overcaſt.*
Noircir. *To black, blacken, bleach, darken, obſcure, offuſcate, overcaſt.*
Noirciſſant. *Blacking ; darkning, obſcuring.*
Noirciſſement : m. *A blacking ; darkning, obſcuring, offuſcating, overcaſting.*
Noirciſſeur : m. *A blacker, blackner ; bleacher, darkner, obſcurer.*
Noirciſſure : f. *Blacknes, darknes, obſcurity; ſwartnes, blackiſhnes, browneſſe ; alſo, as* Noirciſſement.
Noirelet : m. ette : f. *as* Noiret.
Noiret : m. ette : f. *Blackiſh, duskie, obſcure, ſooty, ſwart, brown dunne.*
† Noireté : f. *as* Noirceur.
Noireton : m. onne : f. *as* Noiret ; *or, A little black.*
Noirettes : f. *Blackiſh clifts ; alſo, ſmall wallnut trees.*
Noir-mordant. *(The name of) a great, and very venomous Spider.*
Noirté. *as* Noirceur.
Noir-ver : m. *A wilding ; or an apple, or pear that is not perfectly ripe.* ¶ Norm.
Noiſe : f. *A brabble, brawle, debate, wrangle, ſquabble, chiding, altercation, ſcoulding; a quarrell, ſtriſe, oddes, variance, difference, diſcord, or diſagreement, in words ; alſo, a noiſe, brute, rumbling, ſturre, hurry, coile, hurliburly.*
Cercher noiſes pour noiſettes. *To pick a quarrell upon a ſmall occaſion.*
Qui femme a noiſe a ; Prov. *He that a wife hath ſtriſe hath.*
Noiſelier : m. *A haſel ; a haſel nut, or ſmall nut tree.*
Noiſelle : f. *A haſel nut, or ſmall nut.*
Noiſer. *To brawle, chide, ſcould, brabble, ſquabble, wrangle, brangle, fall at oddes, or be at variance, with ; go to ſute, or hold debate, againſt.*
Noiſette : f. *A ſmall nut, or haſel nut; alſo, a Filbeard ; alſo, a ſquabbling, or ſmall debate ; a contention of little importance.*
Noiſette des Indes. *The drunken Date, called by the Arabians* Fauſel, *and of ſome uſe in Phiſick.*
Cercher noiſes pour noiſettes. *as under* Noiſe.
Noiſeux : m. euſe : f. *Contentious, debatefull, quarrelſome, litigious, troubleſome, brabling, wrangling, moſt unquiet.*
Noiſif : m. iue : f. *as* Noiſeux.
Noiſille : f. *A ſmall nut, or haſel nut.*
Caſſer la noiſille. *To cog a Die.*
Noiſiller : m. *A haſel, or ſmall nut tree.*
Noiſillier : m. ere : f. *Full of, ſtored with, ſmall nuts.*
Noiſillon : m. *A haſel nut, a ſmall nut.*
Noiſillons des Dattes. *Little Date ſtones.*
Noix : f. *A walnut ; alſo, the firſt bone of th'inſtup ; the buckle bone.*
La noix d' vne arbaleſte. *The nut of a Croſſebow.*
Noix de Cyprés. *A Cypres nut, or clog.*
Noix galle, ou de galles. *A Gall ; alſo, an Oake-apple.*
Noix Indique. *Th'Indian nut* Cocus *(an excellent fruit.)*
Noix Iuglande. *A Wallnut.*
Noix de Iupiter. *The ſame ; called ſo in old time.*
Noix methelle. *A ſleepe-procuring nut, or fruit, called by* Gerard, *the Thorn-apple, or Thornie apple of* Peru.
Noix muſcade. *A Nutmeg.*
Noix Perſique. *A Wallnut.*
Noix de pin. *A Pine-clog, or Pine-apple ; alſo, a Pinet, the nut, or fruit of the Pine-apple.*
Noix Pontique. *The red Filbeard.*
Noix royale. *A Wallnut.*
Noix vomique. *Nux vomica, or, the vomiting nut: Some hold it to be the fruit of the Spurge* Myrſinites ; *others, no fruit, but the root of an herb ; howſoever, it is of a poiſonous, deadly, and ſtupifying quality.*
En cela giſt le gouſt de la noix. *There is the pleaſure, therein reſts the ſport of it; or therein conſiſts th'only point, or cheife ſubſtance of the matter.*
Nulle noix ſans coque ; Pro. *No nut without a ſhell.*
Qui a des noix il en caſſe, & qui n'en a il s'en paſſe ; Pro. *Nuts are time trifles ; it is a pleaſure to have them, and tis no great loſſe to want them ; for oftentimes their crack doth coſt more then their kernells are worth.*
Noix chaſtaigne. *Th'earth nut, Kipper nut, earth Cheſtnut.*
Noix prunes. *Plummes that come of a plumme graſted on a Wallnut tree.*
Noleage : m. *as* Nolle.
Nolle : f. *The fraught paid for lading, the fare due for paſſage in a ſhip.*
Nom : m. *A name ; the tearm or title, wherby a thing is called ; alſo, a fame, bruit, report ; whence ;* Il en a le nom.
Au mon de voſtre beauté, oſerions nous, &c. *By your ſweet favour may we, or, may we for your beauties ſake.*
Nombles d' vn cerf. *The numbles of a Stag.*
Nombrale : com. *Numberable, numerable.*
Nombre : m. *A number ; a tallie, ſumme, liſt, reckoning, account ; ſtore, company, multitude, quantity of; alſo (in old French) a Band, Regiment, or Cohort of ſouldiers.*
Nombre ſourd. *Look* Sourd.
Quatre mille de nombre faict. *Full four thouſand.*
Nombré : m. ée : f. *Numbered ; told, reckoned, ſummed, counted.*
Nombrée. *as* Denombrement ; *or, a liſt, catalogue, regiſter, ſurvey, of.*
Nombrement : m. *A numbering ; reckoning, telling, ſumming, counting.*
Nombrer. *To number, tell, reckon, ſumme, count.*
Nombres. *as* Nombles.
Nombreur : m. *A numberer, reckoner, teller, ſummer, counter.*
Nombreux : m. euſe : f. *Numerous, manifold, many, alſo, conſiſting of, or directed by, number; whence,* nombreuſes loix. *Verſes.*
Nombril : m. *The navell.*
Nombril de mer. *The Sea-navell ; a ruddy, and writhen ſhell-fiſh, as hard as a ſtone.*
Nombril de terre. *The herb Sow-bread, Hogs-bread, Swines-bread.*
Nombril de Venus. *Ladies Navell, great Penniwort, wall penniwort, Venus garden, Hipwort.*
Nombriller : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, the navell.*
Ligature nombrillere. *A band wherewith women tie up their great bellies, and are thereby lightned of a great part of their burthen.*
Nombrillet : m. *A ſmall navell.*
Nomination : f. *A nomination, or denomination ; a calling, naming, cleaping, tearming, or ſtiling ; alſo, the nominating, choice, or election of a man ; th'appointing, or pointing him out, for an imployment.*

Nommé :

Nommé : m. ée : f. *Named, called, cleaped, ecleaped, hight, stiled, entitled, tearmed, minged, mentioned, alleged, nominated, appointed.*

A iour nommé. *On a day certaine.*

A point nommé. *Expressely, of set purpose; also, to purpose, or, at the appointed time.* Looke Poinct.

Nommée : f. *as* Denombrement; *or, A list, roll, catalogue, register, survey.*

Nommément. *Namely, by name, particularly, especially, expressly.*

Nommer. *To name, call, cleape, hight, entitle, tearme, stile; also, to ming, mention, allege, or speake of; also, to nominate or appoint by name.*

Nommeur : m. *A namer; also, a denominator; the figure thats under the line in an Arithmeticall fraction.*

Nomotheſie : f. *The making, publishing, or proclaming of a Law.*

Nompair : m. *Oddeſſe, or an uneven number of.*

Nompair. *as* Nompareil. *Also, odde.*

Nompareil : m. eille : f. *Peereleſſe, passing, excellent, beyond comparison.*

Nompareille : f. *The name of a delicate peare.*

Nompareillement. *Peerelesly, passingly, surpassingly, excellently.*

Non. (Subſtan.) vn non de la teſte. *A nod that imports a denyall.*

Non. *No, not.*

Non pas? *Art thou not? is it not? &c.*

Non que. *Not onely, much leſſe, or, much more.*

Nonaïn : f. *A Nunne.*

Nonante. *Ninety, fourescore and ten.*

Nonantieſme. *The ninetieth.*

Nonce : m. *A nuntio, messenger, tiding bringer; and particularly, an Embassador from the Pope.*

Noncer. *To tell, declare, relate, report, bring tidings, deliver newes of, also, to shew, betoken, signifie.*

Nonceur : m. *A reporter, teller, declarer, tiding bringer, shewer, signifier.*

Nonchalamment. *Heedlesly, carelesly, retchlesly.*

Nonchalance : f. *Careleſneſſe, retchleſneſſe, heedleſneſſe, negligence, idleneſſe.*

Nonchalant. *Careleſſe, retchleſſe, heedleſſe; negligent, idle, secure.*

Nonchalemment. *as* Nonchalamment.

Nonchalence : f. *Careleſneſſe, retchleſneſſe.*

Nonchalent. *as* Nonchalant.

Nonchaloir. *To neglect, or be careleſſe of; not to reckon, heed, or accompt of; to live in securitie.*

Nonchalu : m. uë : f. *Neglected, not heeded, smally tended, little cared for.*

Nonciateur. *as* Nonceur.

Nonciation : f. *A report, relation, message, or, a reporting, relating, newes-telling, message bringing.*

None : f. *The fourth Quarter, or ninth houre, of the day; happening in Summer about foure in the afternoone; in Winter about two.*

Nones. *The Nones of a Month; the dayes next after the Kalends in* March, May, Iune, *and* October, *there be six, in the rest but foure, of them.*

Nonnie. *(Adverb.) Never a bit, not a whit, not at all, by no manner of meanes.*

Nonnain : f. *A Nunne.*

Nonne : f. *A Nunne; also, as* None; *the ninth houre of the day.*

Nonnette : f. *A little Nunne.*

Meſange nonnette. *A little Titmouſe, called the Nunne, because she seemes to weare a Nunne-like fillet about her head.*

Oye Nonnette. *A Brigander.*

Pomme Nonnette. *A kind of small apple, thats quickly ripe, and rotten.*

Poule Nonnette. *A little short henne.*

Nonobſtant. *Notwithstanding, nevertheleſſe, for all that.*

Nonpourtant. *Notwithstanding, nevertheleſſe.*

Non-prix : m. *An under value, or under price; also, a very small rate, poor value, low price.*

Non-valeur : f. *A disabilitie, or defficiencie; a defect in worth, or want in value.*

Non-valoir : m. *as* Non-valleur.

Non-valoir d'eſtat. Look Eſtat.

Nopçage : m. *Marriage, wedlocke; also, the making of marriage; also, a marrying.*

Droict de nopçages. *The fee due to Churchmen upon marriages.*

Nopces : f. *A wedding, bridall, marriage.*

Qui faict nopces, & maiſon met le ſien en abandon; Prov. Look Abandon, *or* Maiſon.

Touſiours ne font pas nopces. *A wedding day lasts not alwayes; jollitie, and good cheere continue not for ever.*

Nopcier : m. ere : f. *Nuptiall, bridall, of a wedding.*

Nopcierement. *By way of marriage.*

Nopſage. *as* Nopçage.

Nord : m. *The North, or North-wind.*

Nordeſt : m. *A Northeast-wind.*

† Nore : f. *The wife of a ſon, a daughter in law.*

Normand : m. *A Norman; one of* Normandie; *(in old time all robbers were called* Normands, *be cause the Normans had often ravaged, and overrun* France.)

Qui fit Normand il fit truand; Prov. *He that made a Norman made a begger; (for that people, often fleeced by exactions, was wont to bee none of the richest.)*

† Norrecquier : m. *A chiefe Shepheard, or heardsman, that oversees, or looks unto, divers mens cattell.*

North. *as* Nord.

Nortoeſt. *The North-west wind.*

† Noſocome : m. *A Spittle, or Hoſpitall, for the diseased.*

Noſtieurs. *My Masters.*

Noſtradame : m. *A cogger, foister, lyer, conie-catcher, cousener, imposter.*

Noſtre. *Ours; our stuffe; belonging to us.*

Ils ſont des noſtres. *They be of our side.*

Rien n'eſt noſtre qui ne ſoit en nous propre; Pro. *No thing, which is not our owne, can be said ours.*

Not : m. *A Southerne winde.*

Notable : com. *Notable, knowne, of mark, easie to be discerned, famous, renowned; worthie, excellent.*

Notablement. *Notably, worthily, singularly.*

Notaire : m. *A Notarie; a Scrivener, or Scribe, that only takes notes, or makes a short draught, of contracts, obligations, or other Instruments: these notes he may deliver unto the parties that gave him instructions, if they desire no more; but if they doe he must deliver them into a* Tabellion, *who drawes them at large, ingroſſes them in parchment, &c. and keepes a regiſter of them; but this is not generally observed; for in some townes (and of late yeares in many) the* Notaires *are also* Tabellions; *And in former times the Kings Secretaries have been stiled* Notaires, & Secretaires du Roy.

Notaires Apoſtoliques. *Are especiall Officers appointed by the Pope, to take procuations for the resignation of Benefices, and to do him some other the like services, within* France.

Notaires gardes-notes. *Officers appointed within every* Bailliage, *and* Seige Royal *(by Edict* Anno 1575.*) to receive from the widowes, or heires of deceased Notaries all such notes, draughts, and Records of Instruments as they left behind them; Since that time all Notaries, and* Tabellions *have been, by another Edict, made* Gardes-notes.

Notarial : m. ale : f. *Drawne by, or passed before, a Notarie; belonging to the Office of a Notarie.*

Notamment. *Namely, especially, chiefely, principally.*

Notariacon : m. *The trick, or jert of a Notaries penne which makes a letter serve for a sillable; or words, as &c for* et cætera, *and such like.*

Note : f. *A note; a marke, signe, token; a pricke, cypher, letter; also, a blot, spot, blemish, touch, aspersion, ill report; also, a note, or tune of Musicke; also, a short observation upon.*

Changer de note. *To alter the mind, purpose, or manner of speech; or as we say, to turne over leafe.*

Il n'entend note. *He conceives no one jot, he understands never a whit of it.*

Noté : m. ée : f. *Noted, signed, marked, observed; blotted, spotted, blemished, touched in credit.*

Noter. *To note, signe; marke, observe, or make a short observation on; also, to blot, spot, blemish, defame, reprove, touch in credit.*

Nothe : com. *Bastard, adulterous, counterfeit.*

Notice : f. *Notice, knowledge, advertisement, acquaintance, understanding.*

Notification : f. *A notification, information, signification, advertisement.*

Notifié : m. ée : f. *Notified, signified, unto, advertised, informed of.*

Notifier. *To notifie, or signifie, unto, to advertise, informe, give notice of.*

Notoire : com. *Notorious, evident, well knowne, manifest, open, plaine.*

Notoirement. *Notoriously, manifestly, evidently, openly, that all the world may see, or know it.*

Notorieté : f. *Notoriouſneſſe, publication, manifestation.*

Notte. *as* Note.

† Nou : m. *A knot; also, the knob, or bunch of the throat; also, a veſſell of stone like a Font, holding water, wherein pots, and glasses are set to coole.*

† Nou-

† Nou. 'A nou. *Swimming, or, by ſwimming.*

Noüageux : m. euſe : f. *Knotty, knobby ; full of knurs, bunches, joints.*

Noüailleux. *as* Noüageux.

Noüaine. *See* Neufaine.

Novale : f. *A vine lately planted ; a ground newly broken, or ploughed up ; land thats turned from wood, or wild, to be arable.*

Novalité : f. *Innovation ; or a renewing.*

Novalitez. *Novelties, new things.*

Novateur : m. *An innovator ; a forger of new things ; alſo, a renewer of old ones.*

Novation : f. *An innovation ; alſo, a renewing.*

Noüe : f. *A little low medow incompaſſid by, or lying ſo neer unto, the water, that it is often ſubject to inundations, and ever ſeemes a float, and ready to ſwim ; alſo, a gutter between two tiled rooſes.*

Noüe : m. ée : f. *Tied on, faſtned with, a knot ; alſo, all on knots.*

Eſguillette noüée. *A charming of the codpiece that reſtrains a man from the uſe onely of his owne wife, or woman. Look* Eſguillette.

L'herbe noüée. *Centinody, Knotgraſſe, Birds-tongue, Bloudwort, Swines-graſſe.*

Noüel : m. *(The feaſt of) Chriſtmas ; alſo, a Chriſtmas Carol, or ſong made to the honour of Chriſt ; alſo, a voice of acclamation, or congratulation uſed by people welcomming ſuch as are gracious with them. See* Noel.

Noüel nouvelet. *The burden of a Chriſtmas Carol.* ¶ Rab.

Novembre. *November.*

Noüement : m. *A knitting, tying, or faſtning with knots.*

Noüement de jeunes arbres. *The knotting of young trees ; their ſpringing, or ſhooting out from knot to knot, or from joint to joint.*

Novenaire. *A ninth ; or the number of nine.*

Novenaire : com. *The ninth ; alſo, nine.*

Noüer. *To knit ; to tie, faſten, or bind with knots ; alſo, to knot (as a tree thats in growing.)*

Il ne peut noüer au bout de l'an les deux bouts de ſa ſerviette enſemble. *He is a clean Gentleman, or hath nothing left him, by the yeares end.*

† Noverce : f. *A ſtepdame, or ſtepmother.*

Noüet : m. *A little knot ; alſo, a little linnen bag, or poke, hard tied up.*

Noüeure : f. *as* Noüement.

Noüeuſe : f. *Centinody, Knotgraſſe, Birds-tongue, Bloudwort.*

Noüeux : m. euſe : f. *Knotty, knobby ; full of knurres, joints, bunches, &c.*

Novice : com. *A novice, a young Monke, or Nunne ; one thats but newly entred into the Order ; alſo, a youngling, or beginner, in any profeſſion.*

† Novimeſtre : com. *Of nine moneths ; or, at nine moneths end.*

Novitiat : m. *A novice ; the eſtate of a novice, or the tearme wherein one is in the ſtate of a novice ; alſo, a beginning, or entrance in any profeſſion.*

Nourri : m. ie : f. *Nouriſhed, fed ; nurtured, foſtered ; nuzzled in, brought up to.*

Fleur de lis au pied nourri d'argent. *couped, or cut off ; (a tearme of Blazon.)*

Nourrice : f. *A nurſe.*

Vn embonpoint de nourrice. *A plumpe, fat, or foggy conſtitution of body.*

Nourrin : m. *The frie, or brood of young fiſh, reſerved for the ſtoring of a pond, &c.*

Nourrir. *To nouriſh, feed, ſuſtaine, find ; nurture, foſter ; nuzzle in ; breed, or bring up to.*

Celuy la eſt bon pere qui nourrit ; Pro. *He that maintains, or keeps a man, may well be tearmed his father.*

Qui veut avoir bon chien il faut qu'il le nourriſſe ; Prov. *He that will have a good dog muſt breed him to it.*

Tel le chié nourrit qui puis mange la courroye de ſon ſoulier ; Prov. *Look* Chien.

Nourriſſable : com. *Nouriſhable.*

Nourriſſant : m. ante : f. *Nouriſhing.*

Nourriſſe : f. *as* Nourrice.

Nourriſſement : m. *A nouriſhing, feeding, ſuſtaining, a nurturing, foſtering ; breeding, bringing up.*

Nourriſſeur : m. *a nouriſher, feeder, ſuſtainer ; a foſter father.*

Nourriſſier : m. *A nurſes husband, a foſter father.*

Nourriſſon : m. *A nurſling, nurſe-child, or nurſing child.*

Nourriture : f. *Nouriſhment, nutriment, ſuſtenance, food, meat ; finding, maintenance ; alſo nurture, or bringing up ; alſo, cattell, or beaſts bred up about a houſe ; or the breeding thereof, whence ;*

Nourritures. *The tending, feeding, or fatning of ſwine, cattell, or pulleine ; alſo, the commodities, or proviſion yeelded by a countrey houſe towards that part of huſbandry.*

Nourriture paſſe nature ; Prov. *Nurture ſurpaſſeth nature.*

Nous. *We, us.*

Nouveau : m. nouvelle : f. *New ; freſh, recent ; ſtrange, rare ; lately done, or made ; uncouth, unuſed, unheard of before.*

Nouveaux acqueſts. *Look* Acqueſts.

Faicts nouveaux. ce ſont ceux qui n'ont eſté articulez au procez principal ; ou encores qu'ils dependent d'iceux, ils ne ſont toutesfois les meſmes faicts, ains ſervent de les eſclaircir, & en donner plus ample intelligence.

Le laict nouveau. *Beeſt, or Beeſtlings.*

Les vingt nouveaux. *A certaine lately-erected Court, conſiſting of twentie Preſidents, and (Aſſiſtants) Counſellors.*

De nouveau tout eſt beau ; Pro. *Every new thing lookes faire.*

De nouveau Seigneur nouvelle meſgnie ; Prov. *A new Maſter, a new meynie.*

Vieux peché fait nouvelle honte ; Prov. *Old ſin breeds new ſhame.*

Nouveauté : f. *A novelty ; alſo, newneſſe, freſhneſſe ; ravenſſe, ſtrangeneſſe.*

Nouvelan : m. *A new yeare.*

Nouvelet : m. ette : f. *Very new ; or pretie, and new ; of late date, of a ſmall ſtanding.*

Noüel nouvelet. *See* Noüel.

Nouvelis. *or* Nouvellis.

Nouvelle : f. *A novell, newes ; tidings ; an (unexpected) meſſage, a ſtrange report ; a diſcourſe, and tale unheard of before.*

Aſſez en dit qui apporte bonnes nouvelles ; Prov. *He ſpares no words that brings good newes.*

C'eſt au four, & au moulin ou l'on ſçait des nouvelles ; Prov. *A common mill, and oven, afford much newes.*

Hardiment beurte à la porte qui bonne nouvelle apporte ; Prov. *Look* Hardiment.

Trop toſt vient à la porte qui mauvaiſe nouvelle apporte ; Prov. *He that brings ill newes comes to ſoon.*

Nouvellement. *Newly, lately, afreſh, not long ſince.*

Nouvelleté : f. *as* Nouveauté ; *alſo, Novel diſſeiſin ; a new, or late interruption, or impeachment of poſſeſſion. Looke* Saiſine.

Nouvellis : m. *Fallowes ; ground that lyes fallow every other yeare ; or, as* Novales.

Nouzille. *as* Noiſette, *or* Noiſille.

Noyau : m. *The ſtone of a Plum', Cherrie, Date, Olive, &c. alſo, (but leſſe properly) the kernell incloſed therein ; alſo, the Nuell, or ſpindle of a winding ſtaire ; alſo, the mould thats within a peece of ordnance when it is caſt ; alſo, the nave of a wheel ; alſo, the bruket of a Deer ; whence ;*

Prendre au noyau. *To take the eſſay of a Deere.*

Noyé : m. ée : f. *Drowned, whirkened, or ſtifled with ; overwhelmed in, the water : (A Bowler is ſaid to be noyé, when his bowle toucheth the end of the alley, for then it is out of play.)*

Noyé en dettes. *Sunke, undone, over ſhooes, out at heeles, over head and eares, in debt.*

Les bons nageur ſont à la fin noyez ; Prov. *Good ſwimmers are in the end overwhelmed.*

Noyement : m. *A drowning.*

Noyer : m. *A Wallnut tree.*

Noyer. *To drowne ; to whirken, or ſtifle with water, &c. To overwhelme in, or plunge under, the water.*

Ce n'eſt rien, c'eſt vne femme qui ſe noye ; Pro. *A woman drownes her ſelfe, no force.*

Qui a à prendre n'a pas à noyer ; Pro. *He thats borne to be hanged needs feare no drowning.*

Quand vn chien ſe noye chaſcun luy offre à boire ; Prov. *Look* Chien.

Noyeraie : f. *A Grove, or Orchard of Wallnut trees.*

Noyncc. *The knuckle of a finger ; (an old word.)*

Noyſette : f. *A ſmall nut, or Haſle nut.*

Noyſettier : m. *A Haſle, or ſmall-nut tree.*

Noz ſieux. *for* mon fits ; *My ſonne.* ¶ Pic.

Nu. *as* Neud.

Le nu d'vne Colonne. *The ſhaft of a piller, being (for the moſt part) naked, and bare of any worke.*

Nu. *as* Nud ; *Naked, &c*

Nu à nu. *Meerely, immediately, directly, without meſne, or means.*

Nuage : m. *as* Nuée ; *or, A thicke, and ſtorme-threatning clowd ; alſo, a repreſentation of the aire, or of clowds, in painting ; alſo, a ſhadowing (with dark colours upon lighter of the ſame kind ; for if it be with colours of another kind, it is not tearmed* Nuage, *but* Mutation, *or,* Changement.)

Nuage de corbeaux. *A great flight of Ravens, obſcuring the ſkie with their thick rankes.*

Nuager.

Nuager. *To clowd, beclowd, overclowd; to ſhadow, obſcure, overcaſt, as with clowds.*

Nuageux : m. euſe : f. *Clowdy, full of thick clowds.*

Nuance : f. *A ſhadowing (with colours of one kind.)*

Nuaux : m. *Clowds.*

Nubile : com. *Mariageable.*

Nubileux : m. euſe : f. *Clowdy; overcaſt; ſtormy, tempeſtuous.*

Nubilosité : f. *A clowdineſſe, overcaſting, darkneſſe of weather.*

Nucque : f. *The nape of the neck.*

Nud : m. nuë : f. *Naked, bare; uncovered, or diſcovered; beggerly, poore, without any clothes.*

Nud comme vn ver. *As naked as my nayle (ſay we.)*

Mettre à nud. *To bare, ſtrip, uncover; deſpoyle, or deprive of clothes.*

Mieux vaut vn pied nud que nul; Pro. *A bare foot is better then none.*

On ne peut deſpouiller vn homme nud; Prov. *A naked man cannot be ſtript of clothes.*

Nudité : f. *Nudity, nakedneſſe, bareneſſe; beggery, poverty.*

Nudoſité. *Look* Nodoſité.

Nue : f. *A clowd.*

Il penſe que les nues ſont pailles d'airain. *Hee thinkes the clowds are braſen ſpangles; like ours, he thinkes the Moone is made of green cheeſe.*

Nué : m. ée : f. *Clowded; overcaſt, overſhadowed; (in painting) ſhadowed.*

Nuée : f. *A clowd.*

Peindre es nuées. *To loſe time on impoſſibile, or idle attempts.*

Nuement. *Nakedly, barely, beggerly, without means; alſo, meerely, directly, immediately, without meſne.*

Nuer. *To ſhadow; to overcaſt, overclowd.*

Nueſſe : f. *The extent, or compaſſe of, a feodall, or cenſuel Seigneury, whereof other Fiefs, or Cens are held immediately.*

† Nugicanoricrepe : m. *An idle ſinger of lies, or triſling matters.*

Nuict : f. *The night; alſo, darkneſſe.*

Nuict d'vn lievre. *The tract, or prick of a Hare going to reliefe.*

Harenc de la nuict. *A red Herring.*

Herbe de la nuict. *Look* Herbe.

En pleine nuict. *In the darkeſt, or moſt ſilent part of the night; when all is huſht, when every one is aſleep.*

Faire ſa nuict. *To ſell up his houſehold-ſtuffe.*

Faire vn trou à la nuict. *To walke, or goe abroad anights; to travell, or take a journey by night; alſo, to ſtinke, or ſlip away on a ſuddaine, or at unawares.*

La nuict donne conſeil; Prov. *Like unto our, take counſell of your pillow.*

Ce qui ſe fait de nuict paroiſt de Iour; Prov. *The Day bewrayes whatſoever was done by night; or, the day diſcovers the harme that night hath done.*

Contre la nuict s'arment les limaçons; Prov. *as in* Limaçon.

Nous achetons tout fors le Iour, & la nuict; Prov. *we all things buy ſave day and night.*

Nuictal : m. ale : f. *Nightly, by night, of the night.*

Nuictamment. *Nightly; by night, in the night; or, night by night, every night.*

Nuictée : f. *The ſpace of a night.*

Nuict egal : m. *The Equinoctiall.*

Nuicteux : m. euſe : f. *Nightly, night-bringing; darke, black; ſilent, huſht; (as the night.)*

Nuïr. *as* Nuire.

Nuire. *To hurt, offend, indammage, incommodate, annoy, hinder, doe a diſpleaſure unto.*

Nuiſance : f. *Nuiſance, hurt offence, annoyance, harme; dammage, wrong, treſpaſſe.*

Nuiſant : m. ante : f. *Hurtfull, harmefull, ſhrewd, miſchievous, offenſive, noyſome; alſo, hurting.*

Nuiſible : com. *as* Nuiſant; *or, Likely to hurt.*

Nuiſt : m. iue : f. *as* Nuiſant.

Nuitamment. *as* Nuictamment.

Nul : m. nulle : f. *None, not one, not any, no man or thing; alſo, blanke, idle, frivolous, of no value.*

Nul miel ſans fiel; Prov. *No hony without gall.*

Mieux vaut vn pied nud que nul; Pro. *Better halfe a looſe then no bread.*

Ouvrage de commun ouvrage de nul; *Seek* Ouvrage.

Nullement. *In no caſe, at no hand, in no ſort, by no meanes, in no wiſe, not at all.*

Nullité : f. *A nullity, annihilation, diſannulment, nothing.*

Nulluy, & Nully. *as* Nul.

Numerable : com. *Numerable, numberable.*

Numereux. *as* Nombreux.

Numero. *The number thats ſet on every Billet in a Lottery.*

Il entend le numero. *Hee is throughly informed, or fully acquainted with the matter; he knowes, what will befall, or betide him, beforehand.*

Numeroſité : f. *Numeroſitie, a great number of.*

Numme : m. *A little ſilver coyne among the ancient Romanes, worth about three-halfepence ſterl.*

Numulaire : f. *Moneywort, herb Two-penny, Two-penny graſſe.*

Nuncupatif : m. iue : f. *Nuncupative.*

Teſtament nuncupatif. *A Will nuncupative; a will not written, but delared in words, before ſufficient witneſſes: (This kind of Will is no more allowed of in France, but abrogated both by Edicts, and by the late reformed Cuſtomes.)*

Nundination f. *A trafficking in Faires, and Markets.*

Nuptial : m. ale : f. *Nuptiall, bridall, belonging to a wedding.*

Le paſt nuptial. *That which a Churchman takes for the marrying of a couple.*

Nuque : f. *The nape of the neck; alſo, the marrow of the back bone.*

Nutritif : m. iue : f. *Nutritive, nouriſhing.*

Nuyct. *Look* Nuict.

Ny. *Neither, nor, (and ſometimes) or.*

Pour vn denier ny moins. *By one pennies expence, or loſſe, I have not much the leſſe.*

Nyaïe : f. *An airy, or neaſtfull of.*

Nyceté. *Look* Niceté.

Nyche. *as* Niche.

Nyctalope : m. *A night-wandring beaſt; alſo, a certaine herb that ſhines, and is ſeene a farre off, in the night.*

Nymphal : m. ale : f. *Nimphall; of, or belonging to, a Nimphe.*

Nymphe : f. *A Nimph; alſo, a little excreſcence, or piece of fleſh, in the middeſt of a womans privities.*

Nymphée : f. *The water Lilly, or water Roſe.*

Nymphée grande. *The great water Lilly, whereof there be two kinds, a white, and a yellow one.*

Nymphée petite. *The ſmall water Lilly (of two kinds, as well as the great one)*

Nymphette : f. *A little Nimph.*

Nympheux : m. euſe : f. *Nimphly, Nimph-like, of a Nimph, or full of Nimphs.*

O

O. *An Adverb of calling; or the ſigne of the Vocative Caſe; whence,* O Pierre retourne, &c.

O. *A Conjunction ſometimes uſed in ſtead of* Avec, *whence,* Venez O moy; I m'en vay O vous,

O. *An Interjection of grieving, wondering, wiſhing, anger, exclamation, deriſion, contempt, &c. and then ſignifies, Oh, alas, ay me, good Lord; Oh that, piſh, fie, tuſh, &c. Sometimes in ſpeeches of wonder, and mockery, it is not expreſſed, but underſtood; whence,* La braue homme que voila! L'homme de bien! *in ſtead of* O le braue homme! O le meſchant!

Obaine. *Look* Aubaine.

Obedianciers : m. *Foure Church-officers, viz. a Deane, Archdeacon, Almner, and Sexton.*

Obediemment, *Obediently, obſequiouſly, dutifully.*

Obedience : f. *Obedience, or, as* Obeïſſance.

Obedient. *Obedient, obſequious, dutifull unto.*

Obeï : m. ïe : f. *Obeyed; obſerved with duty, yeelded unto with ſubmiſſion.*

Obeine. *Look* Aubaine.

Obeïr. *To obey; to obſerve dutifully, yield unto ſubmiſſively; to be ſubject, obſequious, or dutifull unto; to do whatſoever another will have him doe.*

Obeïſſamment. *Obediently.*

Obeïſſance : f. *Obedience, obeiſſance; a dutifull obſerving of, an obſequious yielding unto.*

Obeïſſant : m. ante : f. *Obeiſſant, obedient; ſubmiſſive, obſequious, or dutifull unto.*

Grande moiſſon l'obeïſſant recueille; Prov. *Seek* Moiſſon.

Obel : m. *The white Popler tree.*

Obeliſque : m. *An obeliske, a great, high, and ſquare ſtone, broad at the bottome, and leſſening towards the top like a Pyramides.*

Obelon. *A ſallade of ſodden Hop-buds.* ℣ Rab.

† Oberé : m. ée : f. *Indebted.*

Obereau : m. *A hobby (Hawke;) alſo, a young minx, or little prowd ſquall.*

Oberon : m. *The hand-vice, or toole, wherewith a Lockſmith holds a key as he files it.*

† Obeſité : f. *Obeſitie; fatneſſe, groſſeneſſe.*

Obfuſquer. *as* Offuſquer.

† Obice : m. *A let, hinderance, obſtacle, impediment.*

Obicer. *Look* Objcer.

Object : m. *An object ; the ſubject of the ſight ; any thing one looks on directly ; any thing that is before the eyes.*

Object de teſmoings. *A challenging of witneſſes.*

Obiecter. *as* Objcer.

Obiection. *as* Obiect ; *alſo, an objection.*

Obier : m. *The Ople, water Elder, marſh Elder, Dwarfe plane, whitten tree.*

† Objcer. *To object, or lay againſt ; to upbraid, or twit in the teeth with ; to reproach, lay to the charge, caſt in the diſh, of.*

Obit : m. *An Obit, obſequy, buriall, funerall.*

Objurgateur : m. *A chider, a rebuker, a reprover.*

Objurgation : f. *An objurgation, chiding, rebuke, reproofe, reprehenſion, blaming.*

Objurgatoire : com. *Objurgatory, reprehenſive, rebuking, chiding.*

Objurguer. *To chide, reprove, rebuke, taunt, reprehend, blame.*

Oblade : f. *A kind of great-eyed, and little-mouthed ſea Ruffe, or ſea Pearch, having a black ſpot on the root of her taile.* ¶ Marſeillois.

† Oblat : m. *A Souldier, who grown impotent, or maimed in ſervice, hath maintenance, or the benefit of a Monks place, aſſigned him in an Abbey ; alſo, the meanes, or place of a Monk ; or of ſuch a ſouldier.*

Oblat de religion. *A Novice, a Probationer.*

Oblation : f. *An oblation, an offering.*

Oblectation : f. *Oblectation, delight.*

Oblecter. *To oblectate, rejoyce, delight, make ſport, give paſtime, yeeld recreation, unto.*

Obliages. Droict d'ob. *A* Nomine pœnæ, *or fine paied in ſome places (as within the dominion of* Blois) *by Tenants, who have not paied their rents, or performed their yeerly duties on their uſuall daies.*

Obliaige. *as* Obliage.

Oblie. *as* Oublie. ¶ Rab.

Obligation : f. *An Obligation, or Bond ; alſo, a beholdingneſſe.*

Obligatoire : com. *Obligatory, obliging, binding.*

Obligé : m. *An Obligor ; he thats bound in an Obligation.*

Obligé : m. ée : f. *Obliged, tyed, bound, bounden ; beholden, indebted unto.*

Obligé en rolat. *Subject unto the rigor of the Court of a* Bailli.

Obliger. *To oblige ; tie, bind ; to make bounden, or beholden unto.*

Qui bien veut payer bien ſe doit obliger ; Pro. *He that will pay well muſt give good ſecurity.*

Oblique : com. *crooked, oblique, awry ; ſideling, bowed, winding ; traverſe, croſſe, overthwart, contrary to ſtraight.*

Sphere oblique. *Look* Sphere.

Obliquement. *Obliquely, wrily, crookedly, aſide, atroſſe, a travers, overthwartly.*

Obliquité : f. *Obliquity, wrimeſſe, crookedneſſe.*

Obliteré : m. ée : f. *Obliterated, aboliſhed, worn, blotted, or ſcraped out.*

Oblivieux : m. euſe : f. *Oblivious, forgetfull ; alſo, cauſing forgetfullneſſe.*

Oblivion : f. *Oblivion, forgetfulneſſe, unmindfulneſſe.*

† Obloeſion : f. *Sore hurt, much annoyance, great harm.*

Oblong : m. gue : f. *Oblong, ſomewhat long.*

Obmettre. *Look* Omettre.

Obnubiler. *To obnubilate, make cloudy, obſcure, or darken, as clouds do the ſkie.*

† Obnunciation : f. *A forbidding of any thing upon a foreknowledge, conjecture, or likelihood of the ill ſucceſſe thereof.*

Obole : m. *A halfpenny ; a ſmall coine worth* vij d Tourn. *alſo, a halfpenny weight ; 12 graines among Apothecaries, and 14 among Mintmen, and Goldſmiths.*

Obole de Gueldres. *A coine worth* ij s vj d ſterl.

Obole de Horne. *Is worth ſomewhat above* xiiij d ſterl.

Obole du Rhin. *Whereof there be divers ſorts of different value, yet all of them between* 22, *and* 27 ſolz Tourn.

Droict d'obole. *Seek under* Droict.

Obombration : f. *An obumbration, obſcurement, ſhadow, or ſhadowing.*

Obombrer. *To obumbrate, ſhadow, obſcure.*

Obre. *Baſtard black Hellebore, Lungwort, Chriſts-wort, Lions foot, Lions claw.*

Obreptice : com. *Obreptitious, ſtollen, foiſted in, conveyed, nimmed, falſely come by.*

Obreption : f. *An obreption ; the creeping, or ſtealing to a thing by crafty meanes ; the getting, or obtaining thereof by diſſimulation, or private conſenage.*

Obreptiſſement. *By ſtealth.*

Obrize. Or ob. *Gold perfectly fined, or tryed.* ¶ Rab.

Obrophore. *A carrier of light.* ¶ Rab.

Obrué : m. ée : f. *Overwhelmed ; covered, or buried all over with earth, &c ; drowned, loſt, oppreſſed, confounded, overcome.*

Obſcur : m. ure : f. *Obſcure ; dark, mirke ; duskie, gloomy, miſty, dimme ; alſo, ſecret, cloſe, miſticall, diffuſed, hard to underſtand ; alſo, private, unknown, baſe, mean, of low parentage, of no reputation.*

Obſcurci : m. ie : f. *Obſcured ; dimmed, darkned ; cloaked, hidden, concealed ; obnubilated, enwrapped in clouds.*

Obſcurcir. *To obſcure ; darken, dimme, overcaſt, or caſt a miſt over ; to cloak, hide, conceale ; obnubilate, enwrap in clouds.*

Obſcurciſſement : m. *An obſcuring, darkning, dimming, overcaſting, overſhadowing.*

Obſcurement. *Obſcurely, darkly, dimly, cloudily, duskily ; covertly, miſtically.*

Obſcurité : f. *Obſcurity, darkneſſe, dimneſſe, cloudineſſe, duskineſſe, an overcaſting ; cloſeneſſe, covertneſſe, diffuſedneſſe ; a miſticall ſence, or hidden meaning in words.*

Obſecration : f. *An obſecration, beſeeching, eſpeciall deſire, earneſt intreaty, hearty prayer.*

Obſeques : f. *Obſequiæ ; funeralls, or funerall rites.*

Obſequieux : m. euſe : f. *Obſequious, officious, dutifull, ſerviceable, obſervant, obedient.*

Obſervance : f. *Obſervance, duty, reſpect, regard ; alſo, an obſervation ; a law, diſcipline, ordinance ; faſhion, uſe, cuſtome.*

Freres de l'obſervance. *as* Obſervantins

Obſervantins : m. *An Order of gray Franciſcan Fryers.*

Obſervateur : m. *An obſerver, marker, regarder ; alſo an obſervator, monitor, billkeeper, in Schooles.*

Obſervé : m. ée : f. *Obſerved, kept, held ; heeded, eſteemed, regarged ; watched, marked.*

Obſerver. *To obſerve, keep, hold, heed, eſteem, regard ; watch, mark, eſpie, adviſe.*

Obſeſſeur : m. *A beſieger, a beleaguerer.*

Obſiſter. *To withſtand, reſiſt ; gainſay ; impeach, let, ſtop.*

Obſtacle : m. *An obſtacle, impeachment, let, hindrance, impediment.*

† Obſtaclement : m. *A letting, hindring, impeaching ; alſo, a ſtopping, or ſhutting, up.*

† Obſtacler. *To let, hinder, impeach ; alſo, to ſtop (a doore, window, &c) to ſhut up a houſe.*

Obſtant. *Withſtanding, impeaching, letting.*

Non obſtant. *Notwithſtanding, for all that.*

† Obſtaqué : m. ée : f. *Hindred, letted, impeached, withſtood.*

Obſtination : f. *Obſtinacy, wilfulneſſe, ſelfwill ; ſtubbornneſſe ; alſo, conſtancy, perſeverance, reſolution, in an opinion.*

Obſtiné : m. ée : f. *Obſtinate ; wilfull, ſelfwilly, opinionative ; ſtiff-necked, ſtubborn ; firme, conſtant, reſolute, perſiſting, determinately bent.*

Obſtinément. *Obſtinately ; wilfully ; ſtubbornly ; firmely, reſolutely, conſtantly.*

s'Obſtiner. *Stubbornely to perſiſt, or perſevere in ; willfully to harden, ſet, or bend his thoughts on ; to maintaine earneſtly, determine abſolutely, obſtinately to hold tacke.*

Obtemperation : f. *Obtemperation, obedience.*

Obtemperé : m. ée : f. *Obeyed.*

Obtemperer. *To obtemperate, obey ; do the will, follow the direction, be at the command of.*

Obtenebrer. *To obtenebrate, obſcure, darken.*

Obtenement : m. *An obtaining, acquiring, atchieving of, attaining unto.*

Obtenir. *To obtaine, attain unto, atchieve, acquire, get.*

Obtenu : m. uë : f. *Obtained ; atchieved, gotten, attained unto.*

Obtenuë : f. *A purchaſe, acquiſition, thing obtained, matter gotten.*

Obteſter. *To obteſt ; conjure, humbly, or heartily to beſeech ; alſo, to invoke, to call to witnes, or call upon for ſuccour.*

† Obtrectateur : m. *A detractor, depraver, backbiter, ſlanderer.*

† Obtrectation : f. *Detraction, depravation, backbiting, ſlandering.*

Obtundre. *To beat, ſtrike, or thumpe ; to blunt or make dull ; alſo, to inculcate, or repeat often ; to weary, or clay with words.*

Obturateur : m. *A ſtopper, or ſhutter up.*

Obturation : f. *An obturation, a ſtopping, or ſhutting up.*

Obturber. *To trouble, diſturb, diſquiet ; interrupt.*

Obtus : m. uſe : f. *Dull, blunt, edgeleſſe ; weakned ; without ſpirit.*

Obtuſement. *Obtuſely, dully, bluntly.*

Obvention : f. *A meeting with, comming againſt ; happening, or chancing unto.*

Obvention teſtamentaire. *A Legacy beſtowed*

ſtowed by chance, or where it was not looked for.

Obvier. *To meet with; to reſiſt, or withſtand a thing met with; to prevent, ſtop, foreſtall.*

Obumbré: m. ée: f. *Obumbrated, overſhadowed, obſcured.*

Obumbrer. *To obumbrate, overſhadow, caſt a miſt over, darken, obſcure.*

Ocaigne, & Ocaine: f. *Dogs leather; or, a dogs ſkinne well dreſſed.*

Occaſion: f. *An occaſion; cauſe; opportunity, fit ſeaſon.*

Occaſion trouve qui ſon chat bat; Pro. *Hee that would beat his Cat finds a cauſe for it.*

Occaſionnellement. *Occaſionally, by occaſion.*

Occaſionner. *To occaſion, or be the occaſion of.*

† Occiant: m. *as* Occident.

Occiant: m. ante: f. *Killing, ſlaying, murthering, ſlaughtering.*

Occident. *The Occident, the weſt.*

Occidental: m. ale: f. *Occidentall, weſterly, weſterne.*

Occipital: m. ale: f. *Occipitall; belonging to the noddle, or hinder part of the head.*

Occire. *To kill, ſlay, murther, ſlaughter, maſſacre.*

Occis: m. iſe: f. *Killed, murthered, ſlaughtered, ſlaine.*

Occiſion: f. *An occiſion, killing, ſlaying, murthering, ſlaughtering; alſo, a murther, or ſlaughter.*

Occulcateur: m. *A concealor, or hider.*

Occultation: f. *An occultation, concealing, hiding.*

Occulte: com. *Hidden, cloſe, privy, covert, concealed, ſecret, obſcure.*

Occulté: m. ée: f. *Hidden, concealed, obſcured.*

Occultement. *Hiddenly, privily, cloſely, covertly, ſecretly.*

Occulter. *To hide, conceale, cover, keep ſecret, obſcure.*

Occupateur: m. *The occupier, poſſeſſor, holder, inſoyer of a thing which hee hath ſeiſed.*

Occupation: f. *An occupation, buſineſſe, imployment; alſo, an occupying, uſing, enjoying; a ſeiſure of; alſo, a diſſeiſin, or uſurpation.*

Occupé: m. ée: f. *Occupied, buſied, imployed in; troubled, held, or intangled with; alſo, wonne, ſeiſed, uſurped, forcibly taken, violently gotten.*

Occuper. *To occupy; to buſie, trouble, imploy; alſo, to uſe, poſſeſſe, enjoy; alſo, to win, take, uſurpe by force; to ſeize on, to diſſeize one.*

Occuper aucun de. *To accuſe, or appeach of; to charge with (an old phraſe.)*

Occurrence: f. *An occurrence, or accident; a thing met with, matter happed in the way.*

Occurrent: m. *An occurrent; or, as* Occurrence.

Occurrent: m. ente: f. *Occurrent, accidentall, happing, or comming in the way.*

Occurrer. *To occure, meet with, come in place, offer it ſelfe, be in the way, to happen, or fall out on a ſuddaine.*

Oceane. La mer Oceane. *The Ocean, or maine Sea.*

Oceanique: com. *Of, or belonging to, the Ocean; reſiding, or living in the Main.*

Oche: f. *A nick, nook, or notch; the cut of a Tally; alſo, a little ground incloſed with a Quick-ſet hedge, and fruit trees.*

Oché: m. ée: f. *Nicked, nocked, notched; cut as a Tally; alſo, moved, ſtirred, wagged, figged, wagled.*

Ocher. *To nick, nock, notch; to cut, as a Tally; alſo, to move, ſtirre, fig, wag, wagle.*

Ocieux: m. euſe: f. *Idle, quiet, reſtfull; at eaſe, at leiſure, that hath little to doe.*

Ocre: m. (*Painters*) *Oker.*

Ocriſſe: f. *A ſcould, ſhrew, unquiet or impatient woman.*

Octaedre. *A body, or figure of eight facets.*

Octante. *Eightie, foureſcore.*

Octantieſme. *The eightieth.*

Octave: f. *An Octave; an eighth; a proportion, or the number, of eight.*

L'Octave d'une feſte. *The Octave, eight days, on the eighth day, after a holiday.*

Les Octaves en ſeront bien longues. *The blow indeed is given, but it may be revenged a long time hence; or, men are like enough to be long ſenſible of it.*

Octenaire. *An eight; the number, or a proportion, of eight.*

Octimeſtre: com. *Of eight moneths.*

Octobre: m. *October.*

Octonaire. com. *Eight, of eight.*

Octoſtique: f. *A Staffe, or Stanzo of eight verſes.*

Octoſyllable: com. *Of eight ſyllables.*

Octroy: m. *A grant; a grace; a privilege conferred, or ſute given; alſo, free will, or good will; alſo, the grant of a Subſidie unto the Prince.*

Deniers d'octroy. *Look* Denier.

Octroyé: m. ée: f. *Granted, accorded, condeſcended unto; beſtowed, or conferred upon.*

Octroyer. *To grant, accord, yield, conſent, or condeſcend unto; to beſtow, or conferre upon.*

Aſſez octroye qui mot ne dit; Prov. *He that ſayes nothing yields enough.*

Octuple: com. *Eight times doubled, ſixteen, twice eight.*

Oculaire: com. *Ocular, perſpicuous, evident, apparent; alſo, belonging to the eye.*

Veine oculaire. *Part of the forehead veine; called ſo while it accoaſts the eye.*

Oculairement. *Perſpicuouſly, evidently, apparently, before the eyes.*

Oculé: m. ée: f. *Circumſpect, ſoone-ſpying, cleer-ſeeing, ſighty, quick of ſight.*

Ode. *A way.* ¶ Rab.

Ode: f. *Diers Woad; alſo, a Poeticall Ode, or Song.*

Odelette: f. *A ſmall, or ſhort Ode.*

Odette. *as* Odelette.

Odeur: f. *An odor, ſent, ſmell, waft; ſavor; alſo, the ſenſe of ſmelling; alſo, an inkling, ſuſpition, or doubt of.*

Il ne l'a pas en bonne odeur. *Hee diſguſts him, or diſtaſts him much; hee hath no good conceit of him.*

De mauvaiſe odeur. Telle choſe eſt de m. o. *Such a thing is loathſome, or moſt unſavory; of ill reputation; moſt lewd, faulty, filthy.*

Odieux: m. euſe: f. *Hateſull, odious, loathſome, contrary to mans nature; alſo, haynous, deteſtable, horrible, worthie of hatred.*

Odorant. *as* Odoriferant; *or, ſmelling, ſenting.*

Odorat: m. *The ſenſe, or act, of ſmelling.*

Odoration: f. *as* Odorement.

Odoré: m. ée: f. *Smelt, ſented, waſted, vented.*

Odorement: m. *A ſmelling, ſenting, waſing, venting; alſo, a ſmell, waſt, ſent, vent.*

Odorer. *To ſmell, ſent, waft, vent.*

Odoriferant: m. ante: f. *Odoriferous, ſweet, pleaſantly ſmelling, full of perfume.*

Odorifique: com. *Odoriferous.*

Oé. *Woeh; the voice wherewith Carters uſe to ſtop their horſes.*

Oeconomant: m. *The Stewardſhip, or Controllerſhip of a family; and particularly, the Stewardſhip of an Eccleſiaſticall living, or the Receivorſhip of the revenue thereof, during vacancie.*

Oeconome: m. *The Governour, Steward, or Controller of a family; alſo, a receiver of the rents of a Benefice &c. during vacancie.*

Iouïr d'une choſe en forme d'oeconome. *To poſſeſſe a thing onely as a Governour, or Steward thereof, during his own life.*

Oeconomie: f. *Oeconomy; the government of a family; the rule, diſpoſition, or managing of houſehold affaires.*

Oeconomique: com. *Oeconomicall; of husbandry, or houſehold buſineſſes.*

† Oedemateux: m. euſe: f. *Full of, or ſubject unto, a flegmatick, and painleſſe tumor, or ſwelling.*

† Oedeme: m. *A painleſſe, wateriſh, and flegmatick ſwelling, which preſſed downe with the finger, retains the impreſſion thereof.*

Oedipodique. Iambe Oedipodique. *A lame, or gowty leg.* ¶ Rab.

Oeil: m. *The eye; an eye; a ſight, a look.*

Oeil d'airain. *A red, fiery, ſparkling eye; (ſuch a one as lions, &c. the leaparous have.)*

Oeil bigarré. *as* Oeil veron.

Oeil blaffard. *An eye whoſe Chriſtaline humor is grown white, and almoſt dried up; (an imperfection that befals old people.)*

Oeil de bœuf. *The herb Ox-eye; alſo, ſooliſh Mather, unſavory white Cotula, white unſavory Camomill; alſo, an out-ſtrouting, or great gogle eye; and, proverbially, ignorance, or a weak eye; alſo, (in building) ſuch an overture as is made in ſome roofes, and cloſe wals, by a ridge tyle (or in the forme thereof) to gaine light or ayre from without, or for the voiding of ſmoak from within.*

Oeil de bouc. *A rolling gogle eye; alſo, an eye that looke aſquint upward; an eye whoſe lid covers halfe of the ball; alſo, a ſhell-fiſh, called a Limpin, or Lempot.*

Oeil de carré. *A ſquinting ſide, or leering eye; alſo, a proud, ſurly, ſtately, or big look.*

Oeil de cerf. *Look* Cerf.

Oeil de chat. *Purple Snapdragon, Calves ſnowt (an herb,) alſo, a Cats eye; a ſight that's better in the night then by day; alſo, an out-ſtrouting eye; alſo, a white ſtone that gliſters like a ſtarre, and caſts an azure luſter.*

Oeil de chevre. *A whall, or over-white eye; an eye full of white ſpots, or whoſe apple ſeems divided by a ſtreak of white.*

Oeil d'hypocrite. *An often-twinkling eye.*

Oeil de Iudas *The Nut, or Friers piece of a Leg of mutton.*

Oeil de lievre. *An eye which in sleeping holds the lids open; also, an eye whose upper lid by convulsion, or otherwise, is hindred from covering the upper part of the white.*

Oeil de loup. *A duskie, or dark eye.*

Oeil de mauvais garçon. *as* Oeil de loup.

Oeil de morue. *A great, and out-strouting (but dull-sighted) eye.*

Oeil de perdrix. *A bright, or orientall ruby Red; also, a kind of Fig.*

Oeil de rat. *A small eye, pink-eye, little sight.*

Oeil rosti. *A carbuncle in the eye.*

Oeil de travers. *A squint, or leering eye.*

Oeil veron. *A depravation of the eye; when the Christaline humor growes white, or is almost dried up in anie one of them; or when they be both of sundry colours; or when their apples be very black; also a whall eye; whence the Proverbe,*

Le Cheval à oeil veron est meschant, ou tout bon.

Blanc oeil. Gens aux blancs yeux. *White-livered, faint-hearted people.*

Blanc en l'oeil. Il n'a point de blanc en l'oeil. *He is a very spirit, he hath not a crosse to blesse himself with.*

Busche en l'oeil. C'estoit vn busche en son oeil. *That was a log, or beame in his eye; an hinderance to his sight, that was a mist over his understanding.*

Gros oeil. *A scornfull, big, surly, or angry look.*

Mauvais oeil. *Ivy Chickweed, Hen-bit.*

Perle de bel oeil. *A pearl of an excellent colour, or luster.*

A yeux de cire. *Look* Cire.

Les yeux plus grands que la panse. *One may sooner, or had better fill his belly then his eye.*

L'oeil tendu au bois. *Warily, vigilantly, circumspectly; that fearес a surprisall; that looks very well about him.*

Il a vn oeil au bois, (ou aux champs) & l'autre à la ville. *He looks two sundry waies, or heeds two severall things at once.*

Il a vn oeil à la poisle, l'autre au chat. *The sapis; or, as under* Poisle.

Faire les yeux; & faire les doux yeux. *Look* Faire.

Lever l'oeil. Il n'y a homme qui ose lever l'oeil devant luy. *Every one stands in wonderfull awe of him; no man dare quitch, or stirre before him.*

Il leur en pend autant en l'oeil. *They are in the like danger, they must one day cast of the same sawce, as much every way hangs over their (cattles) heads.*

Servi au doigt, & à l'oeil. *Served at a beck, diligently attended, excellently waited on.*

Tenir l'oeil à. *To look at seriously, view diligently, observe wistly, give good heed unto.*

A l'oeil malade la lumiere nuit; Pro. *An ey distempered cannot brook the light; sick thoughts cannot indure the truth.*

A cœur dolent l'oeil pluie; Prov. *A weeping eye discovers a sad heart; moist eyes mournfull heart.*

Deux yeux voyent plus clair qu'un; Pro. *Two eyes see better (two wits discerne more) then one.*

L'oeil du maistre engraisse le cheval; Pro. *See* Maistre.

Le cœur ne veut douloir ce que l'oeil ne peut voir; Pro. *What the eye cannot see the heart will not rue.*

Nul ne sçait ce qu'à l'oeil luy pend; Pro. *No man knows what will befall him, or how neer a mischief is to him.*

Orgueil n'a pas bon oeil; Prov. *Pride looks not well on any.*

Quand les yeux voyent ce qu'ils ne vitent oncques, le cœur pense ce qu'il ne pensa oncques; Prov. *New objects breed new thoughts.*

Qui n'a qu'un oeil bien le garde; Prov. *Let him that hath but one eye keepe it well; let him that hath but one help strive to preserve it.*

Toute chose se vend au pris de l'oeil; Prov. *Mans eye doth set a rate on every thing.*

Oeillade: f. *An amorous look, affectionate wink, wanton aspect, lustfull jert, or passionate cast of the eye, a Sheeps eie.*

Oeillade: m. ée: f. *Often, or affectionately eyed; looked on wantonly, winked at lasciviously.*

Oeillader. *To eye often, behold affectionately, winke at lasciviously, look on wantonly; to cast a Sheeps eye at, to dart at with a passionate eye.*

Oeillade: f. *A pretty wink, jert, cast of the eye.*

Oeilladier: m. ere: f. *Belonging to the eye, or looke; also, eying often, affectionately, or wantonly.*

Oeillage de Vin. *The filling up of leaky wine vessels.*

Oeillarder. *as* Oeillader.

Oeillé: m. ée: f. *Full of eyes, decked or set thick with eyes, like a Peacocks taile; also, filled up, as a leaking wine vessell.*

Oeiller les Vins. *To fill up Wine vessels which have leaked.*

Oeilleres. Bride à oeilleres. *A bridle with eye-flaps for a fore-horse.*

Oeillet: m. *A little eye; also, an eylet-hole; also, the young bud of a tree, &c. also, a Gilliflower; also, a Pink.*

Oeillet Dieu. *Rose-Campion (a flower.)*

Oeillet d'Inde. *The Turky, or Affrican Marigold, or Gilliflower; also, the French Marigold, or Gingioline flower (which is the single kind of the Affrican.)*

Oeillets de Paris. *as* Catherinettes.

Oeillet de Provence. *The ordinary great, red, and double Clove-Gilliflower.*

Oeillet de rosette. *A lesse kind of the red Clove-Gilliflower.*

Oeillet sauvage. *A Pink; also, the sweet william, &c.*

Oeillet de Turquie. *as* Oeillet d'Inde.

Bois ont oreilles, & champs oeillets; Pro. *Woods have their eares, and fields their eyes; every thing hath some instrument of, or help for, discovery.*

Oeilleté: m. ée: f. *Full of eyes (like ill-prest cheese, or light-wrought bread;) also, full of eylet holes.*

Oeilleton: m. *A Pink, or small Gilliflower; also a little bud.*

Oeiller: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, an eye.* Veine oeilliere. *Seeke* Veine.

Oeillieres: f. *The eye-teeth, or tushes.*

Oefipe: m. *The filth, and sweaty greasines of wooll growing on the flank, and shoulders of a Sheep.*

Oeson: m. *The weason, or throte-pipe.*

Oesophage: m. *The mouth of the stomack; also, the pipe that reaches from the mouth to the stomack.*

Oest: m. *The East wind, or coast.*

Oestre Iunonique. *A gad-bee, horse-fly, dun-fly, brimsey, brizze.* ℣ Rab.

Oeuf: m. *An egge.*

Oeufs brouillez. *Look* Brouillé.

Oeufs de Pasques. *Past, or Pasch-egges, egges given at Easter; whence;*

Ils s'y attendoient comme à leurs oeufs de Pasques. *They expected it certainely, they looked assuredly, or greedily, for it.*

Donner des oeufs de Pasques à toutes restes. *To bethwacke, belamme, belabour soundly; to lay about him lustily.*

Oeufs des Philosophes. *The vessel wherein Alchymists put the fluxe which they hope will yeeld the Philosophers stone.*

Oeufs des poissons. *The spawn of fishes; whence;*

Harenc aux oeufs. *A full-rowed, or hard-rowed Herring.*

Oeufs à la riblette. *Eggs and Collops.*

Conver vn mauvais oeuf. *To batch an ill egge; to breed an ungracious child; to nourish an unlucky, or mischeivous design.*

Faire de ses oeufs poules. *To count his chickins before they be hatched.*

Il n'y sera rien, non plus que le coq sur les oeufs. *He cannot be drawn to attend, or meddle in it.*

Quitter vn bœuf pour prendre vn oeuf. *To quit a great, for the gaine of a small, thing; to change for a worse,*

Tondre sur vn oeuf. *To quarrell without cause, or find a fault where there is none; also, to pick a gain out of a most bare, or barren commodity.*

Vn oeuf n'est rien; deux sont grand bien; trois c'est assez; quatre c'est tort; cinq c'est la mort; Pro. *One egge is none, two somewhat, three enow; four be too much, five give a deadly blow.*

De mauvais corbeau mauvais oeuf; Prov. *An ill bird laies a naughty egge; lewd creatures breed lewd creatures; as the damme or sire, such is the race.*

Mieux vaut en paix vn oeuf qu'en guerre vn bœuf; Pro. *Better is an egge in peace, then an Ox in war.*

Noire geline pond blanc oeuf; Prov. *Look* Noir.

Tel cuide avoir des oeufs au feu qui n'a que les escailles; Pro. *Look* Escaille.

Vne belle chose est vn oeuf; Prov. *An egg's a beautifull, or goodly thing.*

Oeuf-molette. *Seek* Omelette.

Oeuvance. *as* Oeuvre; (*at Blois.*)

Oeuve: f. *The rowe, or spawn of a fish.*

Oeuve: m. ée: f. *Layed, or set on, as an egge; also, spawned.*

Oeuvre: f. *A work; deed; businesse; labour, travaile, toile; also, work, or workmanship; also, a place, or part of a Parish Church, wherein the Church-wardens, &c. sit together on festivall daies.*

Oeuvre blanche; &, faiseur d'oeuvre blanche. *Look* Blanc.

Oeuvres faincties. *Imagery, or imbossed work, set on, or appearing but half without, a wall.*

Oeuvre de loy. *An actuall dispossession, or transport of aliened Inheritances, Rents, Services, &c. suffered, or passed before the Landlord thereof, or his steward;*

ſteward; or before other officers of the juriſdiction of the place.

Oeuvre de ſinge, *An idle, fooliſh, lewd, or impure act.*

Bois d'oeuvre. *Great timber ſquared, cut out, or fitted for uſe.*

Chef d'oeuvre. *A Maſter-peece.*

Dedans ou dehors oeuvre. *Within, or without the walls of a houſe, &c. (a workmanlie tearme.)*

Maiſtre des oeuvres. *The ſurveyor, or overſeer of the Kings works.*

Maiſtre des baſſes oeuvres. *A Jakes-feyer.*

Maiſtre des hautes oeuvres. *A Hangman.*

Mortes oeuvres. *The outſide of a Ship from the wales upward.*

Mettre toutes pierres en oeuvre. *Look* Mettre.

A l'oeuure on cognoiſt l'ouvrier; Pro. *One may diſcerne a workeman by his work.*

A bon iour bon oeuvre; Pro. *A goodlie act on a godly day, or, as we ſay, the beſt day the better worke; (tis alſo taken Ironically; and in a contrary ſence) he hath honoured ſo good a day with a goodly act indeed; (of one that on a holiday commits a hainous deed.)*

Il n'eſt oeuvre que d'ouvriers; Prov. *There is no work, but by workmen rightly done.*

Le cœur fait l'oeuvre non pas les grands iours; Prov. *Tis not long days, but willing hearts, that ſoon diſpatch a buſineſſe.*

Tel autheur tel oeuvre; Prov. *Like Author like worke; ſuch as the writer ſuch is his booke.*

Of. *(An Interjection expreſſing a ſuddaine feare; aſtoniſhment, ſence of paine, or of diſdaine;) Oh, ah, alaſſe; out, fy, farre be it.*

Offence: f. *as* Offenſe.

Offencé: m. ée: f. *as* Offenſé.

Offencer. *as* Offenſer.

Offencible. *Look* Offenſible.

Offendre. *To offend, hurt, miſchieve, harme, indammage, do ſcathe unto.*

Offenſe: f. *Offence, hurt, ſcathe, harme, wrong, injurie, dammage, diſpleaſure; alſo, a crime, fault, offence, treſpaſſe, tranſgreſſion.*

Offenſe: m. ée f. *Offended, hurt, wronged, injured.*

Offenſement: m. *An offending, diſpleaſing, hurting, wronging, injuring.*

Offenſer. *To offend, hurt, wrong, injure, abuſe, harme, damniſie, doe ſcathe unto.*

Offenſible: com. *Offencible, hurtfull, indammaging, dangerous.*

Offenſif: m. ive: f. *Offenſive, hurtfull, diſpleaſing, troubleſome, noyſome, or dangerous unto.*

Offerte: f. *An Offer, an Offering.*

Offertoire: m. *An Offertorie (in the Maſſe, &c.)*

Offeux: m. euſe: f. *Soppie, or full of lumpes, or gobbets.*

Office: f. *An Office; function, magiſtracie, dignitie, (publick) charge; alſo, a mans dutie; alſo, an office, kindneſſe, pleaſure, ſervice, good turne done one; alſo, divine ſervice.*

Offices extraordinaires. *Are thoſe that concerne the* Finances, Aides, Tailles, *and ſalt Garners.*

Offices ordinaires. *The Offices of ordinarie Juſtice, and of the Kings Demaine.*

Cauſes d'office. *The cauſes which concerne a Lord* Iuſticier.

Greffier d'office; & Procureur d'office. *A Lord Juſticers Clarke, Attorney, or Proctor.*

Official: m. *An Officiall; a Commiſſary, or Chancelor, to a Biſhop, &c.*

Officier: m. *An Officer; alſo, a Magiſtrate; alſo, a Sergeant, or Catchpole.*

Officiers d'armes. *Heralds of all ſorts.*

Qui ie ſois officier au moins d'un moulin; Prov. *Let me be an Officer, though it be but of a Mill; make the King an Officer, and he will ſoone grow rich; (quoth an old Preacher in* Edward *the ſixts time.)*

Officier. *To ſay ſervice in the Church; alſo, to worke, imploy, or buſie himſelfe about.*

Officieux: m. euſe: f. *Officious, dutifull, ſerviceable, diligent, courteous, friendly, ready at call, willing to do pleaſures, or good offices.*

Officine: f. *A workhouſe, or ſhop.*

Offrande: f. *An Offering.*

Offrant: m. ante: f. *Offering, proffering.*

Au plus offrant. *To him that bids moſt.*

Offraye: m. *The great water fowle called an Oſprey.*

Offre: m. *An offer, proffer; bidding.*

Offrir. *To offer, bid, proffer; alſo, to preſent, or exhibit.*

Offuſcation: f. *An offuſcation, a dimming, obſcuring, blackening, darkening.*

Offuſqué: m. ée: f. *Offuſcated, obſcured, blackened, darkened.*

Offuſquer. *To offuſcate, obſcure, blacken, darken, dimme, ſhadow, caſt a miſt over.*

Oger. *The name of a ſharpe taſt-pleaſing apple.*

Ogive: f. *An Ogive, or Ogee in Architecture. Looke* Augive.

Ogoeſſe: f. *An Ogreſſe, or Gume-bullet (muſt be ſable) in Blaſon.*

Ohie: f. *Crazineſſe, indiſpoſition, diſtemper, weakeneſſe, faintneſſe, or feebleneſſe of the bodie.*

Ohié: m. ée: f. *Crazie, deſtempered, ſickly, ill-diſpoſed; faint, feeble, weake.*

Ohier. *To diſtemper, make ſicklie or crazie; to weaken, enfeeble, make faint.*

Oho. (Interject.) *Oho? it is even ſo? is it ſo indeed?*

Oignement: m. *An oyle, an ointment; alſo, an annointing.*

Oignon: m. *An Onion.*

Oignon de bois. *The wild ſtarry Jacinth, or Crowtoes.*

Oignon de chien. *Dogs Leek, the buſh Jacinth, or tuft Jacinth; alſo, as* Porreau de chien.

Oignon fendu. *A Scallion.*

Oignon de mer. *The Squill, or ſea Onion.*

L'oignon du pied. *The (bunchit, or outbearing) root of the great toe; the fleſhie part of the ſole of the foot at the root of that toe.*

Oignon ſauvage. *The Squill, or ſea Onion; alſo, the wild field Onion, Bulbine, wild Bulbus, Cirpe, Leek, wild ſtarre of Bethlem; alſo, the herb that beares the purple Jacinth* Vaciet.

Oignon ſectil. *A Scallion.*

Oignon teſtu. *The ordinary Garden Onion.*

Il y a de l'oignon. *There is a pad in the ſtraw, there is ſomewhat amiſſe among them.*

Se mettre en rang d'oignon, & ne valoir vn'eſchalotte. *To judge too well of himſelfe, to take too much upon him; to ranke himſelfe with, or compare himſelfe to, his betters.*

A pain, & oignon trompette, ne clairon; Prov. *See* Clairon.

Apres Paſques, & Rogation, fy de Preſtre, & d'oignon; Prov. *After the week of Eaſter, and Rogation, a Prieſt, and Onions are abhomination.*

Si tu te trouves ſans chapon, ſois content de pain & d'oignon; Prov. *If thou want a Capon, fall to bread and an Onion; or, let not the want of dainties diſcontent thee.*

Oignon cottes: f. *Cives, Chives, raſh Onions.*

Oignonnerie. *as* Oignonniere.

Oignonnet: m. *The Onion Apple, or Peare.*

Oignonnette: f. *A Scallion; or, a wild Onion.*

Oignonniere: f. *A Bed, Plot, or Garden of Onions.*

Oillet. *Seek* Oeillet.

Oince: f. *A Hawkes Pounce; (and thence) a booke; and (as in* Rab.) *a hand, or fiſt; alſo, the beaſt called an Ounce, or Linx.*

Oinct: m. *as* Oing.

Oinct: m. oincte: f. *Annointed, greaſed, beſmeared, ſmeared.*

Oindre. *To annoint, greaſe, beſmear, ſmear,*

Oignez vilain il vous poindra; Prov. *(Like our homely one) claw a churle by the breech, and he will ſhite in your fiſt.*

Charité oingt, & peché poinct; Prov. *Charity annointeth, ſinne annoyeth; or, charity quiets the heart, ſinne afflicts the ſoule.*

On ne doit pas à gras pourceau le cul oindre; Prov. *We muſt not greaſe a fat Sow in the tayle.*

Oing: m. *(Hogs) greaſe, or ſeam; ſmeare.*

Oingtereule: f. *Selfe-heale, Hook-heale, Sicklewort, Brunell, Prunell, Carpenters herb.*

Oingture: f. *An annointing, begreaſing, beſmearing; alſo, an ointment.*

En lict de chien n'y a point d'oingture; Prov. *The kennell of a dog ſmels not of civet.*

Oinze. *An Ounce, or Linx.* ¶ Rab.

Oiſeau: m. *A bird, a fowle; and (particularly) a Hawke; alſo, a Hodd; the Tray wherein Maſons, &c. carrie their Mortar.*

Oiſeau de bec. *A bungrie, or greedie Paraſite; one in whom there is nothing but words.*

Oiſeau dunetre. *A Throſh.*

Oiſeau de S. Martin. *A Ring-tayle, or Hen-harme.*

Oiſeau de meurte; ou de nerte. *A Mirtle Throſh.*

Oiſeau de Paradis. *Looke* Paradis.

Oiſeau

Oiſeau de proye. *A Hawke, or Kite.*
Langue d'oiſeau. *Aſhen keyes.*
Pain d'oiſeau. *Stone-crop, Stone-bore, Mouſe-taile, wild Prick-madame, Jacke of the butterie.*
Parler comme vn oiſeau en cage. *To babble, tattle, chatter, talke much to little purpoſe.*
Oiſeau debonnaire de luy meſme ſe fait; Prov. *The gentle Hawke (halſe) makes, or mannes, her ſelfe; a wellbred perſon is of a vertuous diſpoſition, needs not much tutoring, will of himſelfe be good.*
L'oiſeau gazouille ſelon qui'l eſt embecqué; Prov. *A man uſually ſpeakes as his humor moves, gaine leads, or paſſion urges him; or (like a good bird) he utters onely that which he was bid, or taught to ſay.*
A tous oiſeaux leurs nids ſont beaux; Prov. *To every bird her neaſt ſeemes faire; moſt men like houſes of their owne contriving.*
D'oiſeaux, de chiens, d'armes, & d'amours, pour vn plaiſir mille douleurs; Prov. *Look* Amour, *or* Armes.
Tel oiſeau tel nid; Pro. *Like eyerie like Hawke; ſuch as the bird ſuch is her Neaſt.*
Vieil oiſeau ne ſe prend à reths; Prov. *The old (in experience,) are not ſubjects to ſurpriſalls.*
Nid iſſu oiſeau envolé; Prov. *'Tis a ſigne that the birds are flowen when Spiders build over the neaſt.*
Qui veut prendre vn oiſeau qu'il ne l'effarouche; Prov. *Deale gently with the bird thou meaneſt to catch; be not too harſh to thoſe thou faine wouldſt win.*
Trop tard crie l'oiſeau quand il eſt pris; Pro. *When miſchiefes are befallen complaints availe not.*
Oiſel. *as* Oiſeau.
Oiſeler. *To fall a birding, or flye out at birds, like a giddie, or ill-made Hawke.*
Oiſeler vn faulcon ſur la grue. *To fleſh or flye her upon, to make or lure her unto, the Crane.*
Oiſelerie: f. *Fowling, bird-hunting, bird-catching; a flying at, or preying on birds.*
Oiſelet: m. *A little bird.*
Oiſeleur: m. *A Fowler, or Bird-catcher.*
Oiſeleur: m. eure: f. *Of, or belonging to, a bird.*
Oiſelier. *as* Oiſeleur; *alſo, a keeper (or one that hath the charge) of birds, or of fowle.*
Oiſeliere: f. *as* Oiſelerie; *alſo, a cage for birds, a coope for fowle.*
Oiſeux: m. euſe: f. *Lither, ſloathfull, ſluggiſh, full of idleneſſe; whence;*
Fille oiſeuſe rarement vertueuſe; Pro.
Oiſif: m. iue: f. *Lither, lazie, ſloathfull, idle, negligent, retchleſſe; languiſhing; that hath but little to doe, or if he had much, would doe but little.*
Fille oiſive à mal penſive; Prov. *Looke* Fille.
Oiſillon: m. *A young bird, or ſmall bird.*
Il bat le buiſſon ſans prendre l'oiſillon. *He beats the buſh, and gets not a bird; much fruitleſſe paines he takes.*
Oiſivement. *Litherly, lazilie, ſloathfully, idly.*
Oiſiveté: f. *Sloath, idleneſſe, litherneſſe, lazineſſe, negligence, retchleſneſſe; alſo, reſt, vacancie; a languiſhing, or hurtfull caſe.*
Oiſon: m. *A Green-gooſe, or young Gooſe; a Goſſling.*
Oiſon bridé. *A ſot, aſſe, gull, ninnie, noddie.*
La mort aux oiſons. *Henbane; alſo, hemlocks.*
Pied d'oiſon. *Gooſe-foot, wild Orache.*
Fourni d'entendement comme vn oiſon de creſte. *As wiſe as Waltams Calfe.*
Oiſon verd bon, griſon gueres bon; Prov. *See* Griſon.
L'oiſon n'eſt pas digne de monſtrer les paſquis à l'oye; Prov. *(A checke for young men that preſume to teach their elders.)*
Les oiſons menent paiſtre les oyes; Prov. *(Sayd when ſubjects governe their Princes, children their Parents, meane men the Magiſtrates, and ſervants or ſchollers their Maſters; and is a note as well of weakeneſſe in the Geeſe, as of ſaucineſſe in the Goſlings.)*
L'oye meine l'oiſon paiſtre; Prov. *The Gooſe leads out the Goſling to the field; (contrarie to the former, and an argument of a well-proportioned government.)*
Oiſtre. *as* Huiſtre.
Oiſtriere. *Look* Huiſtriere.
Oleagineux: m. euſe: f. *Oylie, full of oyle; alſo, of an Olive, or Olive tree.*
Oleaginité: f. *Oylineſſe, or an oylie ſubſtance.*
Oleandre. *The Roſe tree, Roſe Bay, Roſe Lawrell, Roſe Bay tree.*
Oleaſtre: m. *A wild Olive tree.*
Olecrane: m. *The end, or tip of the elbow; alſo, the elbow it ſelfe.*
Oléeux: m. euſe: f. *Oylie, full of oyle.*
Oliban: m. Olibanum. *Franckincenſe in drops; (ignorant Apothecaries tearme a kind of Roſen, great Incenſe, or* Thus, *and the right Incenſe,* Olibanum; *whereas* Olibanum (*in Greek* Libanos) *and* Thus *be but one, and the ſame thing.*
Oliette: f. *Poppie, Cheſibolls, or Cheeſebowles.* ¶ Wallon.
Oligarchie: f. *An Oligarchie; or, the abſolute government of a few principall men.*
Oligophore. Vin ol. *Weake, or ſmall Wine; ſuch as can beare but little water.*
Olimpiade. *as* Olympiade.
Olivaire: com. *Of a Olive; like an Olive.*
Cautere olivaire. *See* Cautere.
Olivaſtre: m. *A wild Olive tree.*
Ollve: f. *An Olive; alſo, as* Canepetiere.
Olivete: f. *A ground, or grove of Olive trees.*
Olivette: f. *A little Olive; alſo, a little Olive-bitt for a horſe.*
Olivier: m. *An Olive tree.*
Olivier ¸domeſtic. *The manured Olive tree.*
Olivier Ethyopic. *The wild Olive tree of Ethyopia.*
Il a tous ſes oliviers courans. *He hath his full ſwindge or libertie, he doth what he liſt.*
Olivot: m. *A great Olive.*
Olle: f. *A ſeething pot.*
Ollonnes. *as* Aulonnes.
Olmeau: m. *A young, or little Elme.*
Olometre. *An Inſtrument wherewith all kind of dimenſions are, or all a thing may be, meaſured.*
Olonne: f. *Canvas for the ſayle of a ſhip; (as in* Aulonnes;) *and ſometimes alſo the ſayle it ſelfe.*
Olphe. *The Matt-ruſh, or Matt-weed.* ¶ Provençal.
Olybrius: m. *The name of a ſwaggering Worthie, mentioned in ſome of the* Romans *of old, and fabulous Poeſies, or Hiſtories of* France.
Faire l'Olybrius. *To ſwagger, or play the terrible Roiſter; to pretend great fury, or talke as if no body were able to ſtand before him.*
Olympe. *Heaven (among Poets.)*
Olympiade: f. *An Olympiade, the ſpace of four yeers, or of fifty moneths (each moneth containing thirty daies.)*
Omaille: f. *Great cattell; as Oxen, Kine, &c.*
Omaſe: m. *The thick, and fatty part of a Bullocks paunch; ſome alſo take it for a fat Tripe, or Chitterling.*
Ombelle: f. *A little ſhadow; alſo, a faſhion of little round fanne; or, as* Ombrelle.
Ombille. *as* Vmbilic.
Ombilical. *as* Vmbilical.
Ombrage: m. *An umbrage, a ſhade; a ſhadow; alſo, jealouſie, ſuſpition, an incling of; whence;*
Doner ombrage à. *To diſcontent; make jealous of, or put buzzes into the head of.*
Ombragé: m. ée: f. *Shaded, ſhadowed; covered; obſcured, overſhadowed; alſo put into a jealouſie, or diſtruſt.*
Ombragement: m. *A ſhading, or ſhadowing.*
Ombrager. *To ſhade, or ſhadow; to caſt a ſhadow on, or give ſhadow unto; alſo, to cover, darken, obſure, overcaſt; alſo, as* Donner ombrage à, *in* Ombrage.
Ombrageuſement. *Obſcurely, darkly, covertly; alſo, jealouſly; waywardly, ſkittiſhly.*
Ombrageux: m. euſe: f. *Shadie, ſhadowie, covert, full of ſhade; obſcure, dark; alſo, umbragious; jealous, ſuſpitious; alſo, giddy, ſiktiſh, bird-eyed, often ſtarting, or ſtarting at every feather.*
Ombraire: m. *An Vmbrello, or ſhadow.*
Ombre: f. *A ſhadow; alſo, a ſhade, or covert; alſo, a colour, cloak, veile, pretext, or pretence for; as* Vmbre.
Combatre ſon ombre. *To fight with his own ſhadow; to be angry to no purpoſe, or take paines in ſtriving againſt no reſiſtance; alſo, to deviſe new matters, and afterwards inveigh againſt them; alſo, to revile, or threaten, the abſent.*
Courir apres ſon ombre. *To run after his own ſhadow, to ſpend his time very madly.*
Luicter contre les ombres. *as* Combatre ſon ombre.
Se mettre à l'ombres des bouchons. *To ſhroud himſelf under the ſhade of a Taphouſe; to ſlip into a Tavern.*
Sous ombre d'aſne entre chien au moulin; Pro. *Look* Aſne.
Il n'y a ſi petit buiſſon qui ne porte ombre; Pro. *The leaſt buſh hath it ſhadow; The like is;*

Vn poil fait ombre ; Prov. *A haire makes a ſhadow, the ſmalleſt things have their ſhadowes*; viz. *their uſe, or ſome ornament.*

Ombré : m. ée : f. *Vmbred, or ſhadowed*; (*a tearm of Blaſon.*)

Ombrelle : f. *An Vmbrello ; a (faſhion of) round, and broad fanne, wherewith the Indians (and from them our great ones) preſerve themſelves from the heat of a ſcorching Sunne ; and hence, any little ſhadow, fanne, or thing, wherewith women hide their faces from the Sunne.*

Ombreux : m. euſe : f. *Shadowie, ſhading, full of ſhade, covert, cloſe.*

Ombriere : f. *as* Ombrelle.

Ombroyer. *To ſhadow, to caſt or yeeld a ſhadow.*

Omelette : f. *An Omelet, or Pancake of egges. Looke* Aumelette.

Omettre. *To omit, pretermit, haulke, overſlip, overpaſſe, to neglect, forget ; leave out, leave undone.*

Omioteleſtes. *Alike-ſounding clauſes, or cloſes.*

Omis: m. iſe : f. *Omitted, pretermitted, haulked, overſlipt, overpaſſed, neglected, forgotten; left out, left undone.*

Omiſſion : f. *An omiſſion, haulking, overſlip, overpaſſing, forgetting, or neglect of ; a leaving out, or letting goe.*

Omitton : m. *as* Aumuce ; *a furred ornament worne by Cannons.*

Omniforme : com. *Of, or having, all kind of ſhapes.*

Omnigene : com. *Of all kinds ; alſo, moſt kind.* ¶ Rab.

Omnimode : com. *Infinite in meanes; of every way.*

Omnipotence : f. *Omnipotencie, almightineſſe.*

Omnipotent. *Omnipotent, almightie, allable.*

Omoplates : f. *The ſhoulder-blades.* ¶ Rab.

Omphacin. Huile omph. *Oyle made of greene, or unripe Olives.*

Omuſſe. *as* Aumuce.

On. (*Such a Particle as our One, or ſomewhat more generall, and the ſigne of a Verbe Imperſonall, or imperſonally uſed ; whence,*) On dit, *men ſay, people talke, its reported* ; &, on le voit par experience; *men ſee it, or wee ſee it, by experience.*

Onagrier : m. ere : f. *Of a wild Aſſe.*
Le pas onagrier. *A very ſwift pace; (for ſuch a one hath the wild Aſſe.)*

Onc. (*An Adverbe of time;*) *ever, at any time; alſo, never.*

Once : f. *An Ounce, in weight ; alſo, the ſpotted Ounce, or Lynx.*
L'once de l'année. *A moneth.*

Oncial : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, or weighing as much as, an Ounce; whence;*
Lettres onciales. *Huge letters, great letters.*

Oncle : m. *An Vncle.*
Celuy eſt bien mon oncle qui le ventre me comble; Prov. *Hee is my neereſt friend that fills my belly; or he is my kindeſt Vnkle who doth feed me.*

Oncles : f. *as* Ongles.

Oncques. (*An adverb of time*) *never.*

Onction : f. *Vnction, an annointing.*
Onction ſeable. *Seek* Seable.
Huile d'onction. *The holy, or hallowed Oyle, uſed by the Church of Rome, in Baptiſme, and Extreame Vnction.*

Onctueux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Ointments; alſo, annoynting ; alſo, oylie, fattie, greaſie.*

Onctuoſité : f. *Vnctuoſitie, oylineſſe, greaſineſſe, fatineſſe.*

Ond. D'ond. *Whence; whereby.* ¶ Rab.
Iuſques à dire d'ond venez vous. *Extreamely, exceedingly, exceſſively, unmeaſurably.* ¶ Rab.

Onde : f. *A wave; billow, ſurge of the ſea ; alſo, the tumbling tricke of touching the ground with the hands, and then comming over topſie turvie, divers times together.*
Camelot à ondes. *Water Chamlet.*
Bouillir vne onde. *To boyle a while, or but for one bubble, or a wallop or two.*

Ondé : m. ée : f. *Waved ; ſurging, waving; alſo, ſtreaked, wrought, or cut, like waves.*

Ondée : f. *A great and ſuddaine fall of raine; a guſh, or guſt, of raine; a power of raine.*

Ondelé : m. ée: f. *as* Ondé.

Ondeler. *To run, to powre downe, by waves; or, as* Onder.

Ondelette : f. *A little wave, a ſmall billow.*

Onder. *To wave ; to make plaites, or ſtreakes like waves; to worke, or flouriſh with waves.*

Ondette. *as* Ondelette.

Ondoyant : m. ante : f. *Waving ; ſurging, floating, ſwelling as, or with, billowes.*
L'Ondoyante plaine. *The Sea.*

Ondoyé : m. ée : f. *Waved, ſurged, floated; ſwolne with billowes.*

Ondoyement : m. *Waving, ſurging, floating ; a ſwelling with billowes ; alſo, a dangling, flickering, or gentle moving, in the wind.*

Ondoyer. *To wave ; to ſurge ; to riſe in, or ſwell with billowes ; alſo, to float, flicker, dangle, or move gently, in the wind.*
Ondoyer vn enfant. *To chriſten a weak child privately, or in a chamber.*

Oneraire : com. *Of burthen, for carriage, that may be laden; whence;* Nefs oneraires.

Onereux : m. euſe : f. *Onerous, burthenſome, heavy, weighty, chargeable.*
A titre onereux. *Acquerir vne maiſon &c, à titre onereux. To buy a houſe, &c. thats lyable unto an yearely rent, annuitie, fine, or ſubject unto ſundrie duties, or other charges.*

Onglade : f. *A ſcratch, or paw with, or the print, or marke of ; nayles; a nayle-marke.*

Ongle : f. *The nayle (of a reaſonable,) the claw, hoofe, or tallon (of an unreaſonable) creature.*
Ongle cabaline. *The hoofe of a horſe ; alſo, the herbe Horſe-hoofe, Colts-foot, Fole-foot, Bull-foot.*
Ongle odorant. Vnguis odoratus. *A long, ſmall, and ſmooth ſhell (of a fiſh) uſed in perfumes.*
Ongle d'une roſe. *The nayle, root, or white bottome of the flower of a Roſe.*
Goutte ſur l'ongle. Boire la goutte ſur l'on. *To drinke all but a drop to cover the nayle with.*
Sang aux ongles. Il a du ſang aux ongles. *He is a reſolute, valorous, courageous; there is good metall, pith, or ſtuffe, in him.*
Conduire à l'ongle. *To finiſh, or bring unto perfection ; to leave no jot undone of.*
Coniecturant le lion par les ongles. *Aiming at the whole by a tittle part; or, as under* Lion.
Couper les ongles de prez à, & Rongner les ongles à. *To clip ones nayles ſomewhat neer, to hold him ſhort, to weaken, or diſarme him, to take away from him all meanes of doing harme.*
Il s'eſt rongné les ongles à l'eſtude de. *He hath beaten his braines exceedingly, or weakned his bodie extremely, in the ſtudie of, or care about.*
C'eſt belle bataille de chiens & de chats, chacun a des ongles ; Prov. *Faire is the ſtrife when both are armed alike.*

Onglé : m. ée : f. *Nayled, hoofed ; clawed, tallened, furniſhed with nayles,* &c.

Onglée : f. *Aches of the fingers ends in extremitie of cold weather ; alſo, a painefull ſlipping of the fleſh from, or ſwelling of it over, the nayle; alſo, a web in a mans, and the Hawe in a horſes, eye.*

Ongler. *To ſcratch, or marke with a nayle.*

Onglet : m. *A little nayle; hoofe ; claw, or tallon.*

Onglons de pourceau. *Hogs-feet ſinged, then ſodden untill they be very tender, then broyled on a gridiron till they be very hard, and then boyled betweene two diſhes with verjuice, vineger, pepper, and onions.*

Onguent : m. *An vnguent, ointment, or oyle; any fat thing fit to annoint with.*
Onguent Apoſtolorum. *A certaine deterſive ſalve compounded of twelve ingredients.*
Es petites boiſtes met on les bons onguens; Prov. *Men put in little boxes precious ointments ; little men have many times rare gifts.*

Onguentaire : com. *Of, or belonging to, ointments.*
Gland onguentaire. *See* Gland.

Onicocrite : m. *A Judger of dreames.* ¶ Rab.

Onicocritique : com. *Judging of dreames.*

† Oniropole : m. *An expounder of dreames.*

Onitide : f. *Wild Marjerome, grove Marjerome.*

Onocratal : m. *A Swan-like bird that brayes like an Aſſe; (or as* Gouttreuſe.)

Onogire. *Looſe-ſtrife, willow herbe, or herbe Willow.*

Onomancie : f. *Divination by names ; alſo, the ſkill of repeating many names by the art of Memorie.*

Onomatopoſe : f. *The feigning of a name ; or a word made by a certaine ſound.*

Onothomantie : f. *Divination by a mans name.*

Onques. (*An Adverbe of time;*) *never.*

Onques-mais. *Never, at no time, nor tyde.*

Onques-puis. *Never after, at no time after.*

Onſe des doigts. *The fingers ends under the nayles.*

Onyche : m. *The Gemme called an Onix.*

Onyman-

Onymantie: f. *Divination by oyle, and wax.* ℣ Rab.

Onzain: m. *A ſmall, or baſe coine, worth* xjd Tourn.

Onze. *Eleven.*

Cercher midi ou il n'y a qu'onze heures. *Look under* Midi.

Onzieſme. *The eleventh.*

Opacité: f. *Opacity, ſhadineſſe, umbrage, obſcurity, duskineſſe, gloominеſſe, thick-darkneſſe.*

Opale: m. *The Opall ſtone.*

Opaque: com. *Duskie, gloomy, obſcure, thick and dark, or thick-ſhadowing, black.*

Operateur: m. *An Operator, a worker; alſo, a Quack-ſalver, Cheater, Impoſter (called ſo at* Tours.)

Operatif: m. iue: f. *Operative, worke-ing.*

Operation: f. *An operation; work; a working, doing, labouring, travelling.*

Operer. *To operate, work, labour, travell; do; act.*

Ophiaſe: f. *A ſore which fretting the skin of childrens heads, maketh their hair fall off in divers places; it commonly begins be-hind, and eats on forward unto the fore-head.*

Ophioctene. *A kind of the many-leg'd* Sco-lopendra, *and a mortall enemy to Ser-pents.*

Ophiogene: m. *The wild Parſenip called* Elaphoboſcum, *or Harts fodder.*

Ophite: m. *A kind of marble ſpotted like a Serpent.*

Ophraye. *as* Orſtaye.

Ophthalmie: f. *A (red, and painfull) inflа-mation of the uppermoſt skin of the eye, and conſequently of the whole eye.*

Ophthalmiſte: com. *The uttermoſt skin of whoſe eye is inflamed.*

Opiat. *as* Opion.

Opiate: m. *An Opiat; a cordiall Electuary.*

Opier: m. *The Opie, water Elder, Dwarfe plane, whitten tree.*

Opilation: f. *as* Oppilation.

Opiler. *Seek* Oppiler.

Opinant. *Opining, deeming, cenſuring, de-livering his opinion.*

Conſeillers opinans. *The Aſſiſtants of a Court.*

Opination: f. *An opination, opining, opini-on-delivering; alſo, opinion, judgement, fancy, imagination, fame, reputation.*

Opiné: m. ée f. *Opined; argued, diſcuſ-ſed; cenſured, delivered as an opinion.*

Opiner. *To opine; argue; cenſure; utter his minde, ſay what he thinks, deliver his opi-nion, or advice, in,*

On opine. *Sentence is in giving.*

Opineur: m. *An Opiner; one that delivers his opinion.*

Opiniaſtre: com. *Opinionate, opiniative, ob-ſtinate, willfull, ſelf-willy, wedded to his owne humors, conceited of his own judg-ment, frowardly ſtanding in a wrong, or ill opinion.*

Opiniaſtre comme vne mule. *As wilfull, or moody, as a Mule.*

Opiniaſtrement. *Opiniatively, obſtinately, wilfully, or as one thats wedded unto his own perverted will.*

s'Opiniaſtrer. *To be opinionate, wilfull, ob-ſtinate; ſtiffly to maintaine, headily to ſtand in, or adhere unto (an ill opinion.)*

Les fievres s'opiniaſtrerent ſur moy. *Very much increaſed upon me, or bent or ſet-led themſelves to afflict me.*

Opiniaſtreté: f. *Opiniativeneſſe, wilfull-neſſe, obſtinacy, headineſſe; a headſtrong maintaining of, or perſiſtance in, (an ill opinion.)*

Opiniaſtrie, & Opiniaſtriſe. *as* Opiniaſtre-té.

Opinion: f. *Opinion; thought, conceit, ima-gination; ſurmiſe, conjecture, ſuppoſall, gueſſe, weening; alſo, an opinion, adviſe, or ſaw; and, a cenſure, ſentence, doome, judgement; alſo, the pretty game which we call Purpoſes.*

Autant de teſtes autant d'opinions. *As many men ſo many minds; as many hu-mors as heads.*

Opion: m. Opium; *the hardned juce of garden Poppie heads.*

Opiſtographes: f. *Papers written upon on both ſides.* ℣ Rab.

Opobalſame: m. Opobalſamum; *the gum, or liquor which iſſueth from the wounded Balſame tree;* Look Baſme.

Opobaſme. *as* Opobalſame.

Opocalpaſe: f. *A kind of poyſon where-with Mirrhe is (too often) ſophiſtica-ted.*

Oportet. *(A Latine Impersonall) it ought, it muſt; whence;*

Quand oportet vient en place il n'eſt rien qui ne ſe face; Prov. *That which muſt be will be; abſolute authority, or ur-gent neceſſity, are excellent workmen.*

Oppilatif: m. *Oppilative, obſtructive, ſtop-ping.*

Oppilation: f. *An oppilation, or obſtruc-tion.*

Oppilé: m. ée: f. *Obſtructed, ſtopped, ſhut up.*

Oppiler. *To ſtop, obſtruct, ſhut up.*

Opportun: m. une: f. *Timely, ſeaſonable, fit, right, convenient; commodious.*

Opportunément. *Opportunely, timely, ſeaſo-nably; fitly, conveniently; in good time, right in the nick, juſt when it ſhould be.*

Opportunité: f. *Opportunity; ſeaſonable-neſſe, fitneſſe of time, conveniency of place; a good occaſion.*

Oppoſant: m. *An Oppoſant, or Opponent; a reſiſter, withſtander; contradictor.*

Oppoſé: m. ée: f. *Oppoſed, reſiſted, with-ſtood; objected unto, proteſted againſt.*

s'Oppoſer. *To oppoſe himſelf; to reſiſt, with-ſtand; gainſay; to object, except, or pro-teſt againſt.*

Oppoſite: com. *Oppoſite, adverſe, in oppo-ſition with, over againſt; placed, put, ſet, or objected, againſt.*

Oppoſition: f. *Oppoſition; reſiſtance, with-ſtanding; a croſſing, or gainſaying; an objection, exception, or proteſtation, a-gainſt.*

Oppreſſe: f. *as* Oppreſſion.

Oppreſſé: m. ée; f. *Oppreſſed, overcharg-ed, overlayed, weighed down.*

Oppreſſer. *To oppreſſe, overcharge, quaile, overlay, weigh down, make ſink under the burthen of.*

Oppreſſeur: m. *An oppreſſor; overcharger, overlayer; extreme dealer; one that ſinkes poore people with exactions, or tax-ations.*

Oppreſſion: f. *Oppreſſion, overcharging, o-verlaying, an unreaſonable ſurcharge; a grievous burthen, taxation, exaction; or the impoſing of any of them.*

Opprimer. *as* Oppreſſer.

Opprobre: m. *A reproach; a defamatorie taunt, rebuke, checke; a diſgraceſull twit, upbraiding, reviling; deſpightfull raying.*

Opprobrier. *To reproach; to taunt, re-buke, checke deſpightfully; diſgracefully to upbraid, caſt in the diſh, twit in the teeth.*

Oppugnateur. *An oppugnator; aſſaulter, batterer, beſieger; reſiſter; wrong-doer.*

Oppugnation: f. *An oppugnation; aſſault, batterie; ſiege; open reſiſtance.*

Oppugné: m. ée: f. *Oppugned; aſſaulted, battered, beſieged; fought, or contended with; openly reſiſted.*

Oppugner. *To oppugne; batter, aſſault, be-ſiege; reſiſt, or withſtand openly; fight hard, reaſon eagerly, labour earneſtly, a-gainſt.*

Opter. *To chuſe, optate, elect; alſo, to wiſh, covet, deſire.*

Opthalmie. *as* Ophthalmie.

Option: f. *Option, election, choice; alſo, a wiſh, or deſire.*

Optique: f. *An Art whereby the reaſon of ſight is knowne.*

Optique: com. *Of, or belonging to, the eye-ſight.*

Nerfs obtiques. *The ſinewes from which the eyes receive their ſight.*

Opulemment. *Wealthily, richly, abun-dantly.*

Opulence: f. *Opulencie, wealth, riches; plentie, ſtore, or abundance of meanes.*

Opulent: m. ente: f. *Opulent, wealthie, rich, well lyned, abundant in meanes.*

† Opulentement. *as* Opulemment.

Opuſcule: m. *A little Worke, ſmall Booke, ſhort Treatiſe.*

Or: m. *Gold.*

Or d'Allemaigne. *A kind of baſe Gold, the fifth part whereof is Silver.*

Or blanc. *as* Or d'Allemaigne.

Or de Clitie. *The Marigold.*

Or en paille, ou de paillole. *Spangle-Gold, or Gold beaten thinne for Spangles.* Looke Paillole.

Or de pepin. *Round, or maſſie graines of Gold.*

Or ras. *Smooth Gold, Venice ſtuffe.*

Or Tholoſain. *A diſmall, or unluckie poſſeſſion; (for every one that had it pe-riſhed.)*

Or traict. *Gold wyre.*

Il eſt de bas or, il craind la touche. *He is a counterfeit, he feares to be tryed.*

Or eſt qui or vaut; Pro. *Tis Gold thats worth Gold.*

A l'or le feu fort, au fort bras la luicte: Prov. Look Bras.

Nul or ſans eſcume. *No gold without ſome droſſe.*

Dans vne gaine d'or vn couſteau de plomb; Prov. *A baſe heart under a rich habit.*

Fy de plaiſirs, d'eſtats, & d'or, qui de vertu n'a le threſor; Pro. Look Fy.

Or. (Adverb.) *Now; but, on, go to, well now.*

Or avant. *On forward, on afore there.*

Or bien. *Well now, well then, therefore.*

Or ça. *Now then, or goe to; or by e-quivocation (as in the haſtie demands of* Grippeminaud;) *gold here, caſt gold hither.*

Or donques. *Seeing then.*

Or primes. *Now at the length, not before now, but even now, onely at this time, at this very instant.*

Or si. *If then, since, or seeing that.*

Or sus. *Goe too, on forward, well then.*

Oracle : m. *An Oracle; a sentence delivered, an answer given, by God.*

Oraculeux : m. culse : f. *Oracle-like, true as the Gospell, infallible.*

Orade : f. *The Guilt-head; a sea-fish.*

Orage : m. *A storme, tempest, wrage; outrage.*

Le vent, la tempeste, l'orage monstrent du nocher le courage; Prov. *Looke* Nocher.

Tousiours ne dure guerre, ne orage; Pro. *No violence, nor violent thing, lasts alwayes.*

Orager. *A tempest, or storme to rise.*

Orageux : m. culse : f. *Stormie, tempestuous, raging, outragious.*

Orailon : f. *Oriſon, prayer; also, a speech, language, discourse, communication, oration.*

Orange : f. *An Orange; also, a kind of pernicious fireball; also, a certaine fowle.*

Orangé : m. ée : f. *Orange-tawnie, Orange-coloured.*

Oranger : m. *An Orenge tree.*

Oraprimes. *as* Or primes.

Orateur : m. *An Orator; Spoakesman, Arguer, Pleader, Advocate; Embassador.*

Oration : f. *An Oration, or Harang.*

Oratoire : m. *An Oratorie; a Closet, or private Chappell to pray in.*

Oratoire : com. *Oratorie, belonging to an Orator, of eloquence.*

Oratoirement. *Orator-like, eloquently.*

Orayn. *Whilere.* ¶ Picard.

Orbateur : m. *A Gold-beater.*

Orbatu : m. *Leafe-gold.*

Orbe : com. *Blind, sightlesse; wanting, or deprived of, sight; hence also, darke, obscure, without light.*

Coup orbe. *A dry blow; a blow that neither makes overture, nor fetches blood.*

Orbiculaire : com. *Orbicular, circular, globie, compasse, round.*

Orbiculairement. *Orbicularly, circularly, in a round compasse, or forme; globe-like.*

Orbiere : f. *A blinding-board, or head-board (hung before the eyes of an unruly beast.)*

Orbitaire : com. *Belonging, or like, unto the* Orbite.

Orbité : f. *Orphanisme; lacke of parents; also, want of children; generally, any lack, or want.*

Orbité : f. *The hole, or seat of the eyes; the hole wherein an eye is placed.*

L'orbite d'une poulie. *The mortaise wherein the shiver of a Pullie runnes.*

Orcanette. *as* Orchanette.

Orchades : f. *Great Ships; also, a kind of great fishes, mortall enemies to Whales.*

Orchal. *as* Archal.

Orchanette : f. *Orkanet, Alkanet, Spanish Buglosse, wild Buglosse.*

Orche. à orche. *On the left hand.* ¶ Rab.

† Orchenie : f. *A transposing.*

Orches. *as* Orchades. ¶ Rab

Orcheſtre : f. *The Senators, or Noblemens Place in a Theatre, between the Stage, and common Seats; also, the Stage it selfe.*

Ord : m. orde : f. *Filthie, nastie, foule, sluttish, durtie, beraied, ougly or loathsome to behold.*

Ordelor : m. otre : f. *Sullied, slubbered, stained, somewhat uncleane.*

Ordement. *Filthily, nastily, sluttishly, durtily, uncleanly, loathsomely.*

Ordi : m. ie : f. *as* Ourdi; *also, fouled, defiled, beraied, begrymed, soyled, slurried, slubbered.*

Ordinaire : m. *An Ordinarie; a Bishop (or his Chauncelor, &c.) within his Dioceſse; also, an Ordinarie Table, dyet, fare.*

Ordinaire : f. Les Ordinaires de Sorbonne. *Certaine disputations held among Sorbonnists before they commence Doctors.*

Ordinaire : com. *Ordinarie, common, usuall; also, proper, peculiar, in ordinarie, of one one.*

Procez ordinaire. *A Civill Actions, Cause, or Suit.*

Ordinairement. *Ordinarily, usually, commonly, of custome.*

Ordinateur : m. *An Orderer, Ordainer, Appointer.*

Ordinateur des Threſors. *The Lord high Treasurer of* France; *called so in* Philip *the faires time.*

Ordinatif : m. iue : f. *Ordinative, order-shewing, order-declaring; ordering.*

Ordir. *as* Ourdir; *also, to foule, defile, soyle, beray, bedurt, begryme, slubber, slurrie, sullie; blemish, distaine, inquinate, pollute.*

Ordiſſeure : f. *as* Ourdiſſeure; *also, a fouling, defiling, beraying, begrymming, slubbering, sullying; distaining, polluting.*

Ordon : m. *A sloven; a filthie fellow; also, the ranke, or row which a Reaper hath undertaken to goe on in.*

Ordonnance : f. *An Ordinance; Edict, Order, Decree, Statute, Institution, Constitution; a Precept, Appointment, Commandement; also, a right, or due ordering, disposing, digesting, arraying, ranking, or marshalling of things.*

Engin de telle ordonnance. *Of such a bulke, size, or bore.*

Gens d'ordonnance, ou, Gensdarmes des ordonnances. *Looke* Gendarme.

Ordonnateur : m. *An ordainer, enacter, decreer; an orderer, disposer, enjoyner, appointer of.*

Ordonné : m. ée : f. *Ordained, enacted, decreed, instituted; ruled, appointed, commanded, ordered, digested, disposed, marshalled, raunged; arrayed; fitly placed, well furnished, in full equipage; armed, equipped, or fitted at all points.*

Ordonnément. *Orderly, fitly, handsomely, just as it should be.*

Ordonner. *To ordaine, enact, order, decree; rule, determine; command, appoint; ranke, digest, marshall, range, dispose; array, prepare, furnish, provide of necessaries; arme, equip, or fit at all points.*

Ordonneur : m. *An ordainer, author, enacter, appointer, commander; also, an orderer, disposer, marshaller, fit ranker of things.*

Ordonques. *Seeing then.*

Ordoyer. *as* Ordir. *To defile.*

Ordre de vay. *The name of a very small apple.*

Ordre : m. *Order; method, fashion; disposition; a ranke, file, course, row, continuation; due place, or seat; fit state, or posture; also, the calling, degree, or estate of men; also, an Order, Society, or Sect of religious men or women; also, a Company, Fellowship, or Brotherhood of Knights, (learned) of the Order, and instituted by a Soveraigne Prince.*

Les ordres, ou les saints ordres. *Priesthood, the Ministerie; or the institution of a Priest, &c. holy Orders.*

Ordre de l'Anonciade. *An Order of Knighthood instituted in the yeare 1340 by* Amadeus *Earle of* Savoy.

Ordre du croiſſant. *The Order of the halfe Moone, instituted by* René *Duke of* Anjou, *Anno* 1464.

Ordre du S. Eſprit. *The Order of the holy Ghost; by* Henry troiſiéme; *in the yeare* 1579.

Ordre de S. Eſtienne. *The Order of S. Stephen; by a Duke of* Florence, *in the yeare* 1560.

Ordre de l'Eſtoille. *The Order of the starre; by* Iohn *King of* France, *in the year* 1351. *Look* Eſtoille.

L'Ordre de France. *The Order of S. Michael.*

L'Ordre de la genette. *The Order of the Gennet; instituted long agoe by* Charles Martel (*the grandfather of* Charlemain) *and now cleane out of date.*

L'Ordre de la Iartiere. *The Order of the Garter; by* Edward *the third, in the year* 1344.

Ordre de S. Michel. *The Order of S. Michael; by* Lewis *the eleventh, in the year* 1469. (*There were two sorts of it, viz.* Le grand, & le petit Ordre; *The Knights of this sort, were a collar of massie gold, of this onely a silke ribbon.*)

Ordre du porceſpic. *The Order of the Hedgehog; instituted by* Lewis *Duke of* Orleans, *and the brother of* Charles *the sixt.*

Les ordres du Roy. *Both the Orders of S. Michael, and of the holy Ghost.*

Ordre de la toiſon d'or. *The Order of the golden Fleece, instituted by* Philip *the second Duke of* Burgundie, *in the yeare* 1430.

Ordre de la Vierge Marie. *The Order of the Virgine Mary, was instituted by* Iohn *King of* France, *in the yeare* 1369.

Il n'y a point d'ordre d'avoir fait cela. *There was no reason, nor equity in that act; there was no sence to do it.*

Ordure : f. *Ordure, filth, durt; nastinesse, impuritie, pollution.*

Il y a de l'ordure dans leurs ſleuſtes. *They are somewhat too Manie; all is not right with them; something is amisse among them.*

Truye ne ſonge qu'ordure; Prov. *A Sow dreames of nought but of durt.*

Oré : m. ée : f. *Prayed unto, besought, implored.*

Le Ieudi, & Vendredi orez. *Holy Thursday, good Fryday; Thursday and Fryday in the Passion week.*

Le ſainct de la ville n'eſt point oré; Pro. *We seldom crave the helpe of our owne Patron.*

Orée : f. *The side of a River (or a Rivers side;) the sea shore, or strand; the skirt, coast,*

edge, or border of any place, &c. alſo, a ſhower of raine.

Oreille: f. *An eare; alſo, attention given; alſo, free or plauſible audience gotten.*

Oreille d'aſne. *Comfrey, Knitback, Blackwort. Look* Aſne.

Oreilles du cœur. *The Auricles of the heart; two ſmall pieces of fleſh growing to the bottome of the heart; and ſerving it, as funnels to receive bloud from the hollow veine, and as eares, to let in and out the ayre which the lungs have prepared for it.*

Oreille de Iudas. *The Muſhrome, or excreſcence called, a Jewes eare.*

Oreille de lievre. *Scorpionwort, or Scorpiongraſſe; alſo,* Buplurum, *or Hares eare; alſo, a mixture, or ſmack ſayle.*

Oreille marine, ou de mer. *A kind of Oyſter.*

Oreille d'ours. *Beares-eare; a kind of mountaine Cowſlip.*

Oreille de rat. *as* Oreille de ſouris.

Oreilles d'un ſoulier. *The latchets of a ſhooe.*

Oreille de ſouris. Pilioſella, *Mouſe-eare; alſo, a kind of Chickweed, or herb reſembling Chickweed, called, the right Mouſe-eare.*

Conſeiller de ſon oreille. *A Counſellor that hath his Princes eare; or, one whoſe diſcourſe, or advice is moſt plauſible to the Princes eare.*

Fer de fleiche à oreilles. *A forked, or barbed arrow-head.*

Haut d'oreilles. *Somewhat deafe; thick of hearing.*

Pendant d'oreille. *A Pendant;* Pendant d'oreille de gibet. *The furniture of a gibbet; a man that hanges on a gibbet, or would become one paſſing well.*

L'oreille au vent. *Attentive, liſtening ſeriouſly.*

A vne oreille. *Said of wine, thats excellent good; of Taffata, which is but ſlight, or ſingle.*

Avoir l'oreille de. *To have at all times free acceſſe unto, and exceeding attention from; to be a principall favorite of.*

Il en a iuſques aux oreilles. *Hee is up to the eares in, or hath his whole fill of.*

Chauver des oreilles. *Look* Chauver.

Dreſſer les oreilles. *To lift, ſet, or prick up the eares; to prepare, or ſettle them to attention.*

Sac plein dreſſe les oreilles; Prov. *A full purſe, or fat bribe, commands attention.*

Endormir ſur l'vne, & l'autre oreille. *To ſot with eaſe, or delights; to bring a bed.*

Faire l'oreille ſourde. *To be deafe of that eare.*

Mettre le bouquet ſur l'oreille à. *To expoſe unto ſale. See* Bouquet.

Mordre l'oreille à. *See* Mordre.

Partir les oreilles. *To bear both ſides.*

Pendre à l'oreille. Autant luy en pend à l'oreille. *Hee is the more to blame, or hath the more to anſwer for.*

Rompre les oreilles à. *To trouble with overmuch, or overlong praying.*

Tirer l'oreille. Ils ne ſe feront gueres tirer l'oreille. *They need no long intreaty; they will be eaſily invited, ſoone perſwaded, quickly drawne, unto it.*

'A beau parler cloſes oreilles; Prov. *Oppoſe to gloſing words a cloſed eare.*

'A paroles lourdes ſourdes oreilles; Prov. *Heedleſſe attention unto boggiſh tearmes.*

Bois ont oreilles, & champs oeillets; Prov. *(Wherein the Jewes-eare-Muſhrome is the woods eare.) Look* Oeillet.

Ventre affamé n'a point d'oreilles; Prov. *The hungry belly hath no eares.*

Oreillé: m. ée: f. *Eared; well hung, or hanged; which hath great eares.*

Oreiller: m. *A pillow (for the head.)*

Tenir la teſte ſur l'oreiller. *To ſlug it, or loll it, a bed; to lye overlong in bed; to live ſloathfully, drowſily, retchleſly, carelеſly.*

Oreiller. *To hearken, liſten, give eare, or attention unto.*

Orphée oreillok les rocs. *Orpheus gave eares, or hearing, unto rocks.*

Oreillere: f. *An Earewig.*

Oreillet: m. *An Earing; alſo, the earepiece of an helmet, &c. the flap or piece that covers the eare.*

Oreillette: f. *A little eare; alſo, an earing, or ſmall toy to hang at the eare.*

Oreilleur: m. *A harkner, or liſtner.*

Oreilleure: f. *An earing.*

Oreillier: m. *as* Oreiller.

Oreillon: m. *A little eare; alſo, the handle, or eare of a porrenger, &c. alſo, a box, or cuffe on the eare; alſo, an impoſtume, or ſwelling about an eare; whence;*

Les oreillons. *The Mumpes; or mourning of the Chine.*

Les oreillons d'un fer de javeline. *The forkes, barbs, or jags of the head of a Javelin.*

Orendroit. *Now, or, about this time.*

Orer. *To pray; beſeech, implore, deſire.*

Ores. *Now, at this time.*

D'ores en avant. *Hence forward, from this time forth.*

Orfanité: f. *Orphaniſme; the ſtate of an Orphan.*

† Orfanté: f. *as* Orfanité; *Alſo, barrenneſſe, want, or deprivation of children.*

Orfaverisé: m. ée: f. *as* Orfavrisé.

Orfaveriſer. *To worke Goldſmiths work, to play the Goldſmith.*

Orfavrerie: f. *as* Orfevrerie.

Orfavrisé: m. ée: f. *Wrought with Goldſmiths work.*

Orfavriſer. *as* Orfaveriſer.

Orfe: f. *A kind of dainty Sea-Ruffe, or Sea-Pearch.*

Orfebvre. *Look* Orfevre.

Orfelin: m. ine: f. *Orphan, fatherleſſe and motherleſſe, without parents.*

Orfenin. *as* Orfelin.

Orfevre: m. *A Goldſmith.*

Orfevre de la terre. *A Gardner; ſo tearmed of the excellencie of his worke, wherein he ſurpaſſes the ordinary Husbandman as farre as the Goldſmith a Blackſmith.*

Orfevré: m. ée: f. *Wrought with Goldſmiths work.*

Orfevrerie: f. *The Goldſmiths trade, or work.*

Orfevreſſe: f. *A Goldſmiths wife, or woman Goldſmith.*

Orfevreux: m. euſe: f. *Furniſhed with, or travelling in, Goldſmiths worke; alſo, full of Goldſmiths.*

Orfevrie. *as* Orfevrerie.

Orfrais: m. *Broad wiers, or gards of gold, or ſilver imbroidery laid on Copes, and other Church-veſtements: In old time the Jackets, or Coat-armours of the Kings Guard were tearmed ſo, becauſe they were covered with Goldſmiths worke.*

Orfraiz. *as* Orfrais; *alſo, as* Orfraye.

Orfraye: m. *The great, and greedy waterfowle called an Oſprey.*

† Orfres: f. *Buds, &c. as* Boutons.

Organe: m. *An Organ, or Inſtrument wherwith any thing may be made, or done.*

Organique: com. *Organicall, inſtrumentall, uſed as a meanes.*

Veines Organiques. *Look* Veine.

Organiſte: m. *An Organiſt; one that uſually playes on a paire of Organs.*

Organiſte: com. *as* Organique.

Orgaſme: m. *An extreme fit, or expreſſion of anger.*

Orge: m. *Barly.*

Orge emondé. *Naked Barly; a kind of Barly whoſe huske, when it is ripe, fals from it of it ſelfe.*

Orge mondé. *The ſame; alſo, French Barly, or pilled and cleanſed Barly; alſo, pottage, or pap made thereof; Barly pottage.*

Orge de muraille. *Wild Barly, puere Barly, way Barly, way Bennet.*

Orge paumé. *Beare Barly, big Barly, Barly with the ſquare eare.*

Orge Pelé. *as* Orge mondé.

'A grain d'orge. *In a triangle forme.*

Faire leurs orges. *To make their market, or make up their mouths.*

L'argent quand l'orge. *One for another (is faire play.)*

Semer vn grain d'orge pour attrapper vn pigeon. *To give, or loſe a little in hope of getting much.*

Orgée: f. *Barly gruell; Furmenty, or pottage of Barlie.*

Orge-mondé: m. ée: f. *Made of French Barly, or naked Barly.*

Orgeol: m. *A long wart reſembling a Barly corne, and growing on the edge, or corner of an eye-lid.*

† Orgie: f. *A ſadome.*

Orgies: m. *The Sacrifices of* Bacchus.

Orgoose. Liciſque orgoose. *A ſalt bitch. & Rab.*

Orgueil: m. *A rowler, or, a round trunchen laid under a great ſtone, or piece of timber, for the more eaſie removing thereof; alſo, as* Orgeol; *whence the Proverb;*

Qui refuſe à vne femme en ceinſte, vn orgueil luy viens à l'oeil.

Orgueil: m. *Pride, ſwelling diſdain, ſtateline ſſe, haughtineſſe, loftineſſe of mind, ſurlineſſe, arrogancy, ſuiquadrie.*

Orgueil n'a pas bon oeil; Prov. *Hee ſeurvily lookes that proudly lookes; or, as in* Oeil.

Il n'eſt orgueil que de povre enrichi; Prov. *There is no pride unto the inriched begger.*

Orgueilleuſement. *Proudly, ſurlily, ſcornfully, arrogantly.*

Orguilleux: m. *as* Orgeol.

Orgueilleux: m. euſe: f. *Proud, ſurly, ſwelling; puft up with a conceit of his own worth; ſtately, haughty, loftie-minded, ſcornfull, diſdainfull.*

Muſcle

Muſcle orgueilleux. *A muskle in th'upper part of the cheek, neer to the hollow ſeat of th'eye, which it drawes towards the temples.*

Orgueilleuſe ſemblance monſtre folle cuidance ; Pro. *An haughty look argues a fond preſumption.*

Deux argueilleux ne peuvent eſtre portez ſur vn Aſne ; Pro. *Look* Aſne.

Il n'eſt ſi grand deſpit que de povre orgueilleux; Pro. *A proud begger is the diſpightfulleſt creature alive.*

Orgueilli : m. ie. f. *Grown proud, ſtately, ſurly, puft up with pride, ſwollon with diſdaine.*

s'Orgueillir. *To wax proud, grow ſurley, become ſtately, take much ſtate upon him.*

Orgues : f. *Organs; wind-inſtruments; alſo, Barges for carriage, Weſtern Barges; alſo, a kind of ſmall Artillery.*

Dire d'orgues. vous dites d'orgues. *You ſay blew; how ſay you to that; wiſely brother Timothy; true Roger ; did am did am.*

Iouër des orgues. *To play the laſcivious wanton, to leacher,*

Oribus. Compere d'oribus. *A ſuperficiall, or hollow-hearted friend, or companion.*

Pouldre d'oribus. *Powder of projection, or of the Philoſophers ſtone ; termed thus (in diriſion, and) becauſe much gold hath been waſted in the ſearching for it; thence alſo, any couſening, or jugling powder.*

Orichal. *as* Archal.

Orient : m. *Th'Orient, Eaſt, or Eaſt part of the world; the Sun-riſe.*

Oriental : m. ale : f. *Orientall, Eaſterly; orient, bright, cleer.*

Orienté: m. ée : f. Maiſon bien orientée. *A houſe well ſet toward th'Eaſt; or whoſe forefront is made Eaſtward.*

Vne pierre bien orientée. *Very orient, or orientall.*

Oriere : f. *as* Orée.

Orifice : m. *Th'orifice, mouth, brimme, or entrance into, a thing.*

Oriflam. *as* Oriflambe.

Oriflambe. *The great, and holy Standard, of* France ; *born at firſt onely in warre made againſt Infidells; but afterwards uſed in all other warres ; and at length utterly loſt in a battaile againſt the* Flemings.

Oriflant : m. *An Elephant.*

Origan : m. *Garden Organy, Spaniſh Origan, wild or baſtard Marjerome, Engliſh wild Marjerome:*

Origan de Candie. *Baſtard or wild Majerome of* Candie.

Origan commun; *Engliſh wild Marjerome.*

Origan Heracléon. *Baſtard Marjerome.*

Origan Onite. *White baſtard Marjerome.*

Origan ſauvage. *Wild Organy, grove Marjerome.*

Orige. *Th'Orix ; a fierce and cruell wild Goat ; of a pale white colour, and a haire falling backwards to his hinder parts, and forward to his headwards ; and having black, upright, ſtrong, and ſharp-pointed horns, wherewith he often kills the moſt valiant hunters, or beaſts, that purſue, or aſſault him.*

Originaire : com. *Originary, naturall unto, his from the beginning.*

Les originaires de la ville. *Such as were bred, and born in the town.*

Originairement. *Originarily, originally.*

Original : m. *An originall; the firſt authentick, or true draught of a writing.*

Originalement. *Originally, from the beginning.*

Origine : f. *An originall; a birth, beginning, offspring, ſtock, pedegree, kindred; a ground, cauſe, head, fountaine, wellſpring.*

Originellement. *Originally.*

Orillier. *Seek* Oreiller.

Orillons : m. *The Mumps, or an impoſtumous ſwelling behind the eares.*

Orin : m. ine : f. *Golden, of gold.*

Orine. *as* Origine.

Oriol. *as* Oriot.

Orion : m. *A thump, duſt, cuffe, yap, knock; alſo, a number of miſchiefes, a multitude of evills ; alſo, a certaine Signe of ſtars in the firmament.*

Oriot : m. *A Heighaw, or Witwall.*

Oripeau : m. *Baſe gold, leaſe gold, falſ gold, Orpine, Painters gold; ſuch gold as is laid on hangings, &c. of leather, &c.*

Oripilation. *S.* Rab. *Look* Hortipilation.

Orizon. *as* Horiſon.

Orle : f. *A hem, ſelvidge, or (narrow) border ; in blazon, an Vrle, or open border about, and within, a coat of Armes.*

Orlé : m. ée : f. *Hemmed, ſelvidged, welted, or bordered.*

Orlement : m. *A hemming, ſelvidging, welting, bordering.*

Orler. *To hemme, ſelvidge, border ; welt th'edges, or ſides of.*

Orlet. *A little hemme, ſelvidge; welt, border.*

Orlure. f. *A hem, or hemming, ſelvidge, or ſelvidging; border, or bordering.*

Ormaite. *as* Armaire.

Ormaye : f. *A grove of Elmes.*

Orme : m. *An Elme tree.*

Orme blanc. *The white Elme, yoak Elme, Horne-beame, hard Beame tree.*

Orme champeſtre. *Th'ordinary Elme.*

Orme de montaigne. *The mountaine Elme ; or, the great broad-leaved Elme.*

Orme ſauvage. *as* Orme de montaigne.

Vn advocat deſſous l'orme. *An obſcure Lawyer ; a pratling, or pidling Pettifogger.*

Iuge deſſous l'orme. *The Judge of a village; an inferiour Judge ; Look* Iuge.

Ormeau : m. *A little, or young, Elme tree.*

Ormeteau. *as* Ormeau.

Orne : f. *The furrow made by a plough, the deep rut, or track made by a cart wheele, in the ground.*

Il conduiſoit ſourdement cette orne. *He carried this buſineſſe very cloſely; he handled it ſo as few had notice, or got any inkling of it.*

Orné : m. ée : f. *Decked, adorned, trimmed, tricked, garniſhed, imbelliſhed beautified, graced; gaily arrayed, gallantly furniſhed, finely ſet forth.*

Ornement : m. *An ornement, grace, beauty, imbelliſhment ; rich, or comely garniſhment, goodly furniſhment, faire attire ; alſo, an adorning, decking, trimming, tricking.*

Ornemént. *Neatly, trimly, finely. gallantly, beautifully, gracefully.*

Ornecmancie : f. *Divination by the moving of birds.*

Orner. *To deck, adorn, trimme, trick ; beautifie, grace, garniſh, imbelliſh ; to ſet out finely, attire gallantly, furniſh gaily.*

Ornier : m. ere : f. *Full of ruts, worn with many tracts.*

Orniere : f. *The rut, or track of a cart wheel, &c.*

Ornithogalon. *Starre of Bethelehem (an herb.)*

Orobe : m. *Orobus ; the bitter Vetch, or Fitch.*

† Oroer : m. *as* Oratoire ; *An Oratory.*

Orologeur : m. *A Clock-maker, Watch-maker, Dyall-maker.*

Oroſcope : m. *The Horoſcope, or Aſcendant, of a Nativity. Look* Horoſcope.

Orpeau. *as* Oripeau ; *or as* ;

Orpel : m. *Silver and by-gold ; a kind of leaf-time, uſed in the ſilvering over of trifles for children.*

Orphanité. *as* Orfanité.

Orphe : f. *A kind of dainty ſea Ruffe, or ſea Pearch.*

Orphée : f. *as* Orphie.

Orphelin. *Seek* Orfelin.

Orphelinage. m. *Orphanage ; the ſtate of an Orphan ; a being (young, and) without Parents.*

Orphie : f. *The Hornbeak, Hornbeck, Piperfiſh, Gar-fiſh.*

Orpigment : m. *as* ;

Orpiment : m. *Orpiment, or Arſenick ; a golden-coloured poiſon, or drug, found very deep in the earth.*

Orpimenter. *To mingle, or colour, with Orpiment.*

Orpin : m. *Orpin, Libleng, or Live-long ; an herb ; alſo, Orpine, Orpiment, or Arſenick ; a drug.*

Orpin rouge. *Red Arſenick ; a bright-red colour found in gold, and ſilver mines.*

Orprimes *Look* Or.

Orque : f. *A Hulk, or huge ſhip ; alſo, the Gurke, a ſea-monſter, enemy to the whale ; (ſometimes) alſo, the grave, or hell.*

Orteil : m. *A toe.*

Orthodoxe : com. *Orthodox, orthodoxall ; of a right faith, true beleefe, ſound opinion.*

† Orthogoiné : m. ée : f. *Right cornered.*

Orthogonal : m. ale : f. *Orthogonall, right cornered.*

Orthopnoïque : com. *One whoſe light-pipes are ſo obſtructed, or ſtraitned, that he cannot breath but when he holds his neck upright.*

Ortie : f. *A Nettle ; the common Nettle, female Nettle, great Nettle.*

Ortie blanche. *The herb Archangell, blind Nettle, dead Nettle.*

Ortie bruſſante. *The ſmall Nettle, or ſmall burning Nettle.*

Ortie cendrée. *A kind of the ſea Nettle.*

Ortie Grecque. *The Greek Nettle, Roman Nettle, male Nettle ; ſome alſo call the ſmall red Nettle ſo.*

Ortie grieſche. *The ſmall ſtinging red Nettle ; or as* Grecque.

Ortie de mer. *The ſea Nettle, an uglie (but very dainty) fiſh which being touched, pricks like a Nettle.*

Ortie morte. *as* Ortie blanche.

Ortie puante. *The ſtinking blinde Nettle, or dead Nettle; a kinde of Archangell that ſmells moſt filthily.*

Ortie Romaine. *The Romane Nettle, Italian Nettle, male Nettle, Greeke Nettle.*

Ortie rouge. *as* Poſterol; *Alſo, the red Nettle.*

Petite ortie. *The ſmall Nettle, or ſmall burning Nettle.*

Aſne d'Arcadie broute chardons, & ortie, quoy que tout chargé d'or, Prov. *Applicable to a rich, and moſt wretched penie-father; one that all the yeare long beſtowes not a bit of good meat on himſelfe.*

Ortié: m. ée f. *Nettled; pricked, or ſtung with Nettles.*

Ortier. *To nettle, to pricke, or ſting with Nettles.*

Ortieur: m. *A nettler.*

Ortigue: f. *as* Ortie de mer.

Ortographié: m. ée: f. *Ortographiſed, written rightly.*

Ortographier. *To Ortographiſe; to write, or uſe, true Ortographie.*

Orttait. *as* Retraict; *A Privit, or Jakes.*

Orval: m. *An inconvenience; alſo, as* Orvale.

Orvale: f. *The Herbe Clarie, or Cleere eye.*

Orvale ſauvage. *Wilde Clarie, double Clarie, Ocle Chriſti.*

Orvarris. *as* Hourvaris; *Alſo, the crie of Huntſmen unto their dogs, being at a default.*

Oryer, & Oryier: m. *A Snake.*

Os: m. *A bone; alſo, the ſtone of a Date, Olive, Peach, Plumme, &c. alſo, the Gargaill, or Dew-claw of a Stag, Bucke, Roe, &c.*

Os barré. *The ſecond part of* Os Ilium, *not ſo broad as the firſt, and having on each ſide a large hole.*

Os baſilaire. *The Nape, or Nuke-bone; the bone whereby all the parts of the head are ſupported; ſome call it the Cuneall bone, becauſe it is, wedge-like, thruſt in betweene the bones of the head, and th' upper Jaw.*

Os bertrand. *The ſhare-bone; the conjunction of the two great bones whereto the thigh-bones are faſtened.*

Os bregmatis. *Two triangular bones in th' upper part of the ſkull.*

Os de coeur de cerf. *The bone of a Stags heart; is found in the left ſide thereof (only betweene the middle of Auguſt, and 12 of September) and is good againſt the Emrods, and the trembling of the heart.*

Os conjugal. *Th' outward part, or end of the cheeke-bone towards the eare.*

Os corbin. *A certaine hollow bone in the rumpe, or crupper of a Deere.*

Os coronal. *The forhead bone.*

Os du coulde. *Th'under and leſſe bone of the cubit.*

Os couloir du nez. *The head-bone, or inner bone of the noſe.*

Os cribleux. *as* Os Etmoïde.

Os cuneiforme. *The Cuneall, or fundamentall bone of the head.*

Os Cyboïde. *One of the bones of th' inſtup.*

Os Eſhonté; *as* Os frontal.

Os de l'eſperon. *The leſſe of the two ſhanke bones.*

Os Etmoïde. *A bone full of little holes, and ſeated betweene the forehead bone, and the top of the noſe.*

Os de la teſſe. *The hip-bone, or huckle-bone.*

Os frontal. *The forehead bone.*

Os furculaires. *The points of the ſhoulder-bones forepart, meeting a little below the neck.*

Os de la greue. *The ſhinne-bone, or bigger bone of the legge.*

Os de la hanche. *The third part of* Os Ilium; *it ſelfe conſiſting alſo of three parts.*

Os hyoïde. *A bone in the root of the tongue, faſhioned like a Greek Ypſilon.*

Os de la jambe. *as* Os de la greue.

Os des Iles. *Is joyned to the tranſverſe proceſſes of the ſacred bone; and divided by Anatomiſts into three parts; the firſt whereof (being the higheſt, and broadeſt) retaines this name, the other two are called otherwiſe.*

Os jougal. *as* Os conjugal.

Os maxillaires. *The upper jaw bones; thoſe whereinto the teeth are ſet; in men there are but two of them diſcerned, in beaſts foure.*

Os naviculaire. *The ſecond bone of the inſtup; termed thus becauſe tis faſhioned ſomewhat like a boat.*

Os occipital. *The noddle bone; of an Ouall forme, and ſeated in the hinder part of the head.*

Os de l'orbite. *The whole cheek-bone confining on the bottome, and out ſide of the eye; or the bone which incloſes the eye.*

Os parietal. *A certaine bone in the upper and forepart of the ſcull, neere to the Coronall future.*

Os du penillier, ou du penil. *as* Os barré.

Os petreux, ou pierreux. *The bone of the temples.*

Os de la pommette. *The cheek-bone.*

Os de la pouppe de la teſte. *The forehead bone.*

Os du Rayon. *The upper, and bigger of the two bones of the cubit.*

Os ſacré. *The great bone whereupon the ridgebone reſteth.*

Os ſans nom. *A certaine great bone which containes three others, viz.* Os des Iles, Barré, & de la hanche; *alſo, the three bones whereby the three great toes are ſuſtained.*

Os ſcaphoïde. *The ſkiffe-bone; or as* Os naviculaire.

Os de ſeiche. *A certaine marrowie, and ſpungy bone in the backe of the Cuttle fiſh, uſed by Phyſitians, and Goldſmiths, for cleanſing, and drying purpoſes.*

Os du ſens commun. *The forhead bone.*

Os ſeſamoïdes. *Certaine little flat bones wherewith the joints of the fingers, and toes are filled, ſeeled, and ſtrengthned; their number is uncertain, and their name they have of the oylie graine* Seſame, *the which they ſomewhat reſemble.*

Os de la ſouſgreve. *The leſſe bone of the legge.*

Os ſphenoïde. *The fundamentall, or Cuneall bone of the head.*

Os ſpongieux. *The ſpungie bone; ſeated in the bottome of the forhead bone, hard above the noſe; and full of holes like a ſponge.*

Os de la temple, ou temporal. *The bone of the temples; a round bone in the ſide of the head.*

Os zigoma. *The end, or outward part of the cheekbone towards the eare; called thus at Paris.*

A vn autre chien avec cet os. *Allure ſome other with that bait; intice another with that pleaſure, treaſure, offer.*

Perdre la chair pour les os. *To loſe the fleſh for the bones; to leave eſſentiall for moſt idle, things.*

A bon chien bon os; Prov. *Look* Chien.

A vn bon chien n'eſcheut onques vn bon os; Prov. *The honeſter a man is the leſſe is his preferment; the worſe his lucke.*

Deux chiens ne s'accordent point à vn os; Prov. *Two dogs, and a bone, agree not in one.*

Qui a mangé le lard ronge l'os, Prov. *Let him that hath eaten the beſt fled on the worſt; or, he that hath fondly waſted his beſt fleſh, will be faine, at length, to pick the bones.*

Souvent à mauvais chien tombe vn bon os en gueule; Prov. *The veriеſt knave hath ſometimes beſt luck.*

Oſche, & Oſcher. *Look* Oche, & Ocher.

Oſcines: com. *Singing birds; thoſe eſpecially which preſage ought by their ſinging,* ℣ Rab.

Oſcitation: f. *A gaping, yawning, ſlouth, idleneſſe; negligence, reckleſneſſe.*

Oſé: m. ée: f. *Dared; preſumed; adventured.*

Oſer. *To dare, preſume, adventure; have the heart, or be ſo bold as, to doe a thing.*

Oſeraye: f. *A greve, or ground of Oziers.*

Oſereux: m. euſe: f. *Full of; made with, Oziers.*

Oſeur: m. *A hater; loather, deteſter.*

Oſier: m. *The Ozier, red Withie, water Willow tree; alſo, Wicker; alſo, a basket of Wicker; alſo, a rod or twig of Ozier, or of any other ſuch pliant wood.*

Franc Oſier. *The ſmall Withie, twig Withie, Ozier Withie, Spert.*

Oſiereux: m. euſe: f. *as* Oſereux.

Oſmonde: m. Oſmund, Oſmund *the water man,* Oſmund *Royall, water Fearn, S.* Chriſtophers *herb.*

Oſmonde royal. *The ſame.*

Oſſailler. *To ſet, or worke, with bone.*

Oſſaillerie: f. *Bone-worke; bone-ſtuffe; alſo, a working with bone.*

Oſſas: m. *A great thick bone.*

Oſſé: m. ée: f. *Bonie, made of bone.*

Oſſec. *as* Loſſec.

Oſſelet: m. *A little bone.*

Oſſelets. *The game tearmed Cockall, or Hucklebones.*

Batre le tambour à coups d'oſſelets. *To play at dice, or huckle-bones on a drums head.*

Oſſemens: m. *Bones; alſo, the ſtones of Apricocks, Peaches, Dates, &c.*

Oſſet. *as* Oſſelet.

Oſſu: m. uë: f. *Bonie, big-boned, full of bones.*

Oſt: m. *An Hoaſt, or Army.*

Oſt banni. *as* Ban & Arriereban.
Aide de l'oſt. *The aſſiſtance a vaſſall is bound to yeeld unto his Lord, either by providing him of men, or furniſhing him with money, when he goes to the wars.*
Service de l'oſt. *Is (eſpecially) the vaſſalls perſonall attendance on his Lord unto the wars.*
Les Vivres ſuivent l'oſt; Prov. *Looke* Vivres.
Oſtade: f. *The ſtuffe wurſted, or wooſted.*
A demy oſtade. *Cut in panes, &c. like a Spaniſh leather Jerkin;* (a Gaſcon phraſe.)
Oſtadine: f. *Sattin of* Cypres.
Oſtage: m. *An hoſtage, or pledge; a ſuretie, or gage. Looke* Hoſtage.
Oſtager: m. *One that is delivered in hoſtage.*
Oſtager: m. *To take in pledge, or for a pledge; to receive as an hoſtage.*
Oſtarde: f. *A Buſtard.*
Oſté: m. ée: f. *Taken, or carried away, removed, withdrawne.*
Oſtel. *as* Hoſtel.
Oſtement: m. *A removing, or taken away.*
Oſtenleur: m. *The index, or hand of an Aſtrolabe.*
Oſtenſion: f. *A ſhewing.*
Oſtentateur: m. *An oſtentator, boaſter; bragger, vaunter.*
Oſtentation: f. *Oſtentation, bragging, boaſting, vaunting, cracking.*
Oſtentatrice: f. *An oſtentatrix, braggardeſſe, boaſting woman.*
Oſter. *To remove, withdraw; pull, take, or carry away; to put off; bereave, or deprive of; to lay, or get aſide; to diſcharge, or deliver; drive, or expell from.*
Oſtez vous de là. *Beware of that, no more of that if you love me; alſo, get you hence, lets ſee your back.*
Oſte-vent: m. *A Porch, or Portall contrived; a peece of cloth hung, or ſet up, before a doore, to keepe off the wind, &c. alſo, a penthouſe.*
Oſtiere: f. *Spittle, or Hoſpitall; whence;*
Vn gueux de l'oſtiere. *A rogue, vagabond, or Spittle begger.*
Oſtize. *A rent henne, &c. paid, or delivered in lieu of a dwelling houſe.*
Oſtraciſme: m. *Ten yeares baniſhment, wherewith the Athenian State allayed the immoderate power of their greatmen.*
Oſtruce: f. *An Oſtridge.*
Otarde: f. *A Buſtard.*
Otardeau: m. *A young Buſtard.*
Otruche: f. *Maſterwort, falſe Pellitorie of Spaine.*
Otelles. *Ottells, or Oets* (in Blazon.)
Ottroy. *Looke* Octroy.
Où. (accented, an Adverb) *Where, whither, in what place; alſo, whereas.*
D'où. *Whence; of, or from what place; alſo, whereof, as in this Proverbe.*
Non d'où tu es, mais d'où tu pais. *Reſpect not whence thou commeſt, but whereof thou liveſt.*
Ou. (without accent, a diſjunctive) *Or, or elſe, either.*
Ou. *In ſome old Authors is uſed in ſtead of* Au.
Oüaille: f. *A ſheepe.*
Oüaine: f. *A ſheath.* ¶ Pic.
Oüaire: m. *A goate leather bottle, or budget like a bottle, for oyle, or drinke, to be kept, or carried in; (it is commonly made of a Goats skinne, and the hairie ſide ſometimes turned inward.)*
Oval: m. ale: f. *Ovall, ſhaped like an egge.*
Ovale: f. *An Ovall; an egge-like ſhape, or forme; a peece of worke faſhioned like an egge.*
Oüan: m. *A glove.* ¶ Pic.
Oüan. *The laſt yeare;* (an old word.)
Oüoarir. *as* Guarir. ¶ Pic.
Ovation: f. *A ſmall triumph graunted to a Commander, that had gotten a bloudleſſe victorie.*
Oüazon. *as* Glazon. ¶ Pic.
Oubier: m. *The ſap, white, or ſofteſt part of wood, ſubject to worme-eating.*
Oublayerie: f. *The making of Wafers.*
Oublayeur: m. *A Wafer-maker.*
Oubli: m. *Oblivion, forgetfulneſſe.*
Oubliages. *Certaine annuall rents due unto ſome particular Canons of* Noſtre Dame de Gracay en Berri.
Oubliance: f. *Oblivion, forgetfulneſſe.*
Oubliant. *Oblivious; forgetfull; alſo, forgetting.*
Oublie: f. *A Wafer cake, ſuch a one eſpecially as is ſweetned only with honey; alſo, the thinne paſt that ſerves for the bottome of Tarts, and March-panes.*
Droict d'oublie. *Is in ſome places, a rent Capon having a* Douzain, or Sol, *in his mouth.*
Oublié: m. ée: f. *Forgotten, out of mind, out of memorie.*
Oublier. *To forget, put out of mind, blot out of memorie; to faile in memorie, or in the remembrance of.*
Oublier Dieu parmy tous les Saincts. *Looke* Saincts.
Il eſt bien fol qui s'oublie; Pro. *He that forgets himſelfe is a very gooſe.*
Qui bien aime tard oublie; Prov. *He that loves heartily forgets not eaſily, true love is long a forgetting.*
Oubliette: f. *A dungeon, or cloſe roome, under ground for baniſhed malefactors.*
Oublieur: m. *A Wafer-man, Wafer-baker, or Wafer-maker.*
Oublieux: m. *as* Oublieur.
Oublieux: m. euſe: f. *Oblivious, forgetfull, unmindfull of; alſo, of, or for, Wafers; whence;*
Corbeille oublieuſe. *A baſket to put, or carrie Wafers in; a Wicker baſket.*
Oublition: f. *Forgetfulneſſe.*
Ouche. *The name of a fertill vine; alſo, as* Oche; *alſo, a plot of ground reſerved, neere to a houſe, for the ſowing of Beanes, Peaſe, or Hempe in.*
Oudre. *A Borrachoe; a great leathern bottle, or budget like a bottle, made commonly of a Goats skinne, and uſed for the conveying of wine, oyle, &c. through places, which cannot be paſſed by Carts; alſo, as* Ouldre.
Ouë. *as* Oye; *A Gooſe.*
La petite ouë de viandes. *The paunch, and intralls of edible creatures.*
Oüeille. *as* Oüaille; *A ſheepe; whence;*
Chaſque oüeille cerche ſa pareille; Prov. *Every ſheep will have his fellow; fools hold there is no comfort but in company.*
Ouelle: f. *The river Smele, called ſo at* Roan.
Ovent: m. *A penthouſe of cloth, or wood, over a window or doore.*
Over. *To lay an egge.*
Oüere. *as* Oüaire.
Ouï: m. ouïe: f. *Heard, hearkned, liſtned unto.*
Ouï-dire. *Report, or heareſay.*
Ouï-dire va par ville; Prov. *Tell-tale is the towne Cryer; heareſay goeth ſpeedily from doore to doore.*
Ouïltre. *as* Oudre.
Ouïr: m. *Hearing; the ſenſe of hearing.*
Ouïr. *To heare; to hearken, or liſten unto.*
Dieu gard de mal qui voit bien, & n'oit goutte. *I would God bad me if I conceive it, or care a jot for it.*
On n'oyroit pas Dieu tonner. *The noiſe is infinite, wonderfull the hurrie; Gods thunder it ſelfe could not be heard among them.*
Se faiſant ſi ben ouïr en la bouche de. *Shewing ſo well in, or comming ſo gracefully from, the mouth of.*
Oy, voy, & de tais, ſi tu veux vivre en paix; Pro. *Heare, ſee, and hold thy peace, if thou deſire to live in peace.*
Il n'eſt point de pire ſourd que celuy qui ne veut ouïr; Pro. *No mans more deafe then he that will not heare.*
Qui demande ce qu'il ne devroit il oit ce qu'il ne voudroit; Prov. *Hee that aſkes more then he ſhould, heares more then he would.*
Tout ouïr, tout voir, & rien dire, merite en tout temps qu'on l'admire; Pro. *To heare all, ſee all, and ſay nought, merits eternall admiration.*
Ouldre. *as* Oudre; *Alſo, the Orke, a Sea-monſter, and the whales naturall enemie.*
Oule: f. *A ſurge, or great wave of the ſea; alſo, a great earthen pot.*
Oulme. *as* Orme; *An Elme.*
Oulot: m. *A kind of braſſe, or copper, fit to make Ordnance of.*
Oulque: f. *A Hulke.*
Oultrage: m. *Outrage, exceſſe, unreaſonableneſſe; injurie, wrong, abuſe; inſolation, much violence; extreame breach of duetie in what kind ſoever.*
Elle eſt belle voirement, mais il n'y a rien d'oultrage. *Her beautie though great could ill be ſpared; faire ſhe is indeed, but no fairer then ſhe ſhould be.*
Ie ne vous demande rien d'oultrage. *My demands are neither unjuſt, nor unreaſonable.*
Oultragé: m. ée: f. *Outraged, wronged, abuſed; handled vilely, revoked ſlibbly.*
Oultragement: m. *An outraging; wronging, abuſing.*
Oultrager. *To outrage, wrong, injure, abuſe; lay violent hands on, deale extreamely with, miſuſe unreaſonably, revile moſt ſpightfully.*
Oultrageur: m. *An outrager; extreame wronger, unreaſonable abuſer of.*
Oultrageuſement. *Outragiouſly, exceſſively, moſt unreaſonably.*
Oultrageux: m. *Outragious, exceſſive, unreaſonable, moſt fell, wrongfull, injurious.*
Oultrance: f. *Extremitie, exceſſe, or exceſſiveneſſe; exceedingneſſe.*
Combatre à oultrance. *To fight at ſharp, to fight it out, or to the uttermoſt; not to ſpare one another in fighting.*

Oultré : m. ée : f. *Pierced, opened, bored, ſtrucke through; runne through and through; alſo, ſickſie, unſound, or conſumed in bodie.*
Oultré d'amour. *Farre gone, over head and eares, in love.*
Chevalier oultré. *Runne through; dead, laid along for dead.*
Fleur oultrée. *A fully-withered flower.*
Loy oultrée. Quand quelque different eſt determiné par enqueſtre, ou par brief. ¶ Ragueau.
Il s'eſt oultré. *He hath murthered, or laid violent hands on himſelfe.*
Oultre. (Adverb.) *Over, beyond, without; more, beſides, further; moreover; on forwards.*
Paſſer oultre. *To die.*
Percé d'oultre en oultre. *Run through and through.*
Oultrebord. *Exceedingly, paſſing, beyond the bankes, or bounds of.*
Oultrecoulet. *To ſurround, or overflow.*
Oultrecuidamment. *Over-weeningly, preſumptuouſly, arrogantly.*
Oultrecuidance : f. *An overweening, preſumption, pride, arrogancie; too great a conceit of his own ſufficiencie.*
Oultrecuidé : m. ée : f. *Over-weening, preſumptuous, vaineglorious, arrogant, ſelfe-conceited, or too well conceited of himſelfe.*
s'Oultrecuider. *To overweene; to preſume too farre of his own ſufficiencie; to thinke too well of himſelfe.*
Oultréement. *Through and through; alſo, extreamly, exceſſively, exceedingly, beyond all meaſure.*
Oultrefendre. *To cleave aſunder, to pierce cleane through.*
Oultrefendu : m. vë : f. *Cloven aſunder, pierced cleane through.*
s'Oultremarcher. *To over-reach in pacing.*
Oultre-naturel : m. elle : f. *Supernaturall, beyond nature.*
Oultrepaſſe : m. *An exceſſe, or tranſgreſſion; an eminencie, or eminent thing; a ſurpaſſing, or paſſing beyond.*
L'oultrepaſſe des Advocates. *The beſt, or moſt eminent Lawyer; the Paragon of Pleaders.*
Oultrepaſſé : m. ée : f. *Surpaſſed, overpaſſed, exceeding, outgone; tranſgreſſed; advanced, proceeded, marched on; runne over; carried, or conveyed over.*
Oultrepaſſement : m. *A ſurpaſſing, exceeding, excelling; an eminencie; overpaſſing, out-going; alſo, an advancement, proceeding, or marching forward.*
Oultrepaſſer. *To ſurpaſſe, exceed, excell, overpaſſe, goe beyond, outgoe; tranſgreſſe; runne over; alſo, to advance, proceed, or paſſe on; alſo, to carrie, convey, or paſſe over.*
Oultrepercé : m. ée : f. *Pierced, thruſt; or ſtruck through.*
Oultrepercer. *To pierce, thruſt, or ſtrike through.*
Oultreplus : m. *A ſurpluſage, an overplus.*
Oultreplus. (Adverb.) *Furthermore, moreover, beſides that.*
Oultrepreux. *Extreamly valiant, hardier then the hardieſt.*
Oultrer. *To pierce, open, bore, thruſt, or ſtrike through; to run through and through.*
Oultrer vne iournée. *To fight from morning to night; or to fight a battaile out.*
Ouragues : f. *The channell, or conduit, whereby the wine of an unborne infant hath paſſage.*
Ourche. *The game at Tables called Lurch.*
Ourdi : m. ie : f. *Warped; wrought, woven; alſo, begunne, invented; in the web; contrived, deviſed.*
'A toile ourdie Dieu mande le fil; Pro. *God helpes them forward that have well begunne; or, begin to helpe thy ſelfe, and God will helpe thee: ſome expound it otherwiſe of helpe ſent (when the uſe of it is paſt) when a buſineſſe is diſpatched.*
Ourdir. *To warpe a web of cloth, to lay the warpe thereof, or put it into the loom; to beginne a web, to beginne to weave; (hence) alſo, to invent, contrive, beginne; cauſe, procure.*
Ourdiſſant. *Warping, beginning to weave, or work; inventing, contriving; procuring.*
Ourdiſſeur : m. *A warper; a putter of a web of cloth into the loome; hence alſo, a beginner, contriver, inventer, deviſer.*
Ourdiſſeure : f. *The warpe of cloth; the threads that runne along in, or make the length of, a web of cloth; alſo, the warping thereof, or the laying of the warpe; the putting it into the loome; the beginning of a web, and (thence) of any worke, a contriving, inventing, deviſing, procuring.*
Ourlé : m. ée : f. *Hemmed.*
Ourler. *To hemme.*
Ourlet : m. *A hemme. Look* Orle.
Ourque : f. *An Orke; a great Sea-fiſh, the Whales mortall enemy.*
Ourreler. *as* Ourler, *To hemme.*
Ours : m. *A Beare; alſo, the Northerlie ſtarre called* Charles waine.
Ours de mer. *A kind of ſhort, unweldie, and thick-ſholed Lobſter, having ten feet armed with as many ſtrong black clawes.*
Ail d'ours. *Beares Garlicke, Ramſons, Ramſirs, Buckrammes.*
Oreille d'ours. *Look* Oreille.
Patte d'ours. *Brankurſin, Bears-breech; called ſo by ſome, Beares-foot, or Beares-claw.*
Ourſal : m. ale : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Beare.*
Ourſe : f. *A ſhe Beare; alſo, the ſheat, or cable whereby the maine ſaile is faſtened to the Larbord (or left ſide) of a ſhip.*
Aller à ourſe. *To go neer a wind.*
Naviger à pogge, & à ourſe. *To hold an uncertaine courſe at ſea. Look* Pogge.
Ourſé. *as* Dehouſé. ¶ Rab.
Ourſeau : m. *A little, or young Beare; a Beare-whelpe, or cub.*
Ourſelet : m. *A little Beare.*
Ourſer. *as* Ourſelet.
Ourſette : f. *A young, or little, ſhe Beare.*
Ourſillon : m. *A very little Beare.*
Ourſin : m. *The ſea Beare; a kind of the fiſh Tunnie.*
Ourſin : m. ine : f. *Beare-like, of Beares; belonging unto Beares.*
Ourſon : m. *A Beare-whelpe, the cub of a beare; alſo, a little Beare.*
Ourſonne : f. *as* Ourſette.
† Ouſclage : m. *That which a contracted man gives to his affianced, or future wife.*
Ouſtarde. *as* Outarde.
Ouſteron : m. *A Reaper, or Mower; a Hind, or hireling, onely for the Harveſt time, or worke.*
Outarde : f. *A Buſtard.*
Outeron. *as* Oufteron.
Outil : m. *A toole, an inſtrument.*
Meſchant ouvrier ne trouvera ia bons outils; Prov. *A bungler cannot find (or fit himſelfe with) good tooles.*
Outillemens : m. *Stuffe, moveables, houſhold furniture, or implements.*
Outin. *as* Autin.
Outrage, &c. *as* Oultrage, &c.
Outre : m. *The Orke; a kind of huge fiſh of the ſea.*
Outre : f. *A Borrachoe; as* Oudre.
Outre : com. Cocombres outres. *Over-ripe, more then ripe, neer hand ſpent, paſt the beſt.*
Outré : m. ée : f. *Pierced, bored, ſtrucke thorow, run thorow and thorow. Look* Oultre.
Outre. (Adverb.) *Look* Oultré.
Outrepaſſe : m. *An exceſſe, or eminencie; a ſurpaſſing; a tranſgreſſion. Look* Oultrepaſſe.
Ouvé : m. ée : f. *Full rowed, as a fiſh.*
Ouvert : m. erte : f. *Overt, open; patent, evident, apparent, diſcovered, uncovered, plaine, without colours; alſo, gaping, wide, broad, large.*
Fief ouvert. *A Fief without ſervices performed, or vaſſall to performe them. Look* Fief.
Heaulme doré, & ouvert. *A gilt, and open Helmet on a coat of Armes; the marke of a Vicount, Baron, or Chattelain; (who beare it gilt as Knights, to whom the wearing of gilt armor belongs; and open as Captaines, with Viſors liſt up, the better to view their troupes.)*
'A huis ouvert. *Plainely, cleerly, fully, wholly; publickly, in open Court.*
Les priſons leur ſeront ouvertes. *They ſhall be delivered or diſcharged.*
Touſiours ouvert comme la bourſe d'vn Advocat. *Always open like an Advocates purſe.*
Ouvertement. *Overtly, openly; evidently, apparently, cleerly, plainely; publickly.*
Ouverture : f. *An overture, or opening; an entrance, hole, beginning made, path begun or beaten unto; a motion made; alſo, an opening, manifeſtation, diſcoverie, uncovering.*
L'ouverture des Eſtats. *The aſſembly of Parliament-men; the beginning of their conference; the firſt Seſſion.*
Overture de fief. *The change of Lord, or of Tenant.*
Ouverture de rachapt. *A fine due (in certaine caſes) to the Lord fendall from a new poſſeſſor (Lord, or tenant) of an inferior fief.*
Ouverture de Regale. *The vacancie of a benefice thats ſubject unto* Droict de Regale.
Ouvertures de vendanges. *A beginning of Grape-harveſt, appointed or permitted by the Judge of the place.*
Ouvrage : m. *A worke; alſo, worke; alſo, workmanſhip.*
Ouvrage de Marqueterie. *Checker-work, or inlaid work, of ſundrie colours.*
Ouvrage Moreſque. *Moreske worke. Look* Moreſque.

Ouvrage de commun ouvrage de nul; Pro. *Every bodies work is no bodies work; that which every one can do is not worth doing; or, as good do nothing as work for a multitude.*

Tel ouvrier tel ouvrage; Prov. *Such as the workman such his work.*

Ouvragé: m. ée: f. *Wrought with a needle, sowed.*

Ouvrager. *To work needle-worke, to sow.*

Ouvrant: m. ante: f. *Opening; also, working.*

Ouvré: m. ée: f. *wrought, laboured, travelled.*

Ouvrée: f. *The eight part of a Bourgonian* Iournau. *Look* Iournau.

Ouvrer. *To work, to labour, travell, do, all; indeavour.*

Il ouvre ſagement en cet affaire. *He carries himself discreetly in this businesse.*

Le temps ouvre; Pro. *Time works (or weares) out every thing.*

Ouvreur: m. *An opener.*

Ouvrier: m. *A workman, an Artificer, or handicraftsman; his crafts-master; and generally, any worker, author, framer, inventer, contriver, deviser; also, an undertaker.*

Chaud ouvrier. *(as we say) A hot chapman.*

De main d'ouvrier. *Done workemanly, framed excellently, in all perfection.*

Ouvrier gaillard cele ſon Art; Prov. *Th'industrious workman ſhewes his skill to few.*

Ouvrier mediocre à cheval; ouvrier gentil à l'hoſpital; Prov. *The meane workman labours hard, and by much light gaine comes to a heavy purse; the skilfull one is (commonly) proud, unthrifty, or sloathfull; and dies a wretched, or diſeaſed begger.*

Meſchant ouvrier ne trouvera ja bons outils; Pro. *Nere will the bungler fit him with good tooles.*

Tel ouvrier tel ouvrage; Pro. *A workman like his work; or, like workman like work.*

'A l'oeuvre on cognoiſt l'ouvrier; Prov. *The work bewraies the man that did it.*

'A l'hoſpital les bons ouvriers, en dignité les gros aſniers; Prov. *Bunglers grow rich, good workmen wretched; the cogging ſot gets honour while the cunning workman ſtarves.*

Il eſt plus d'ouvriers que de maiſtres; Prov. *There be more workmen then workmasters.*

Il n'eſt oeuvre que d'ouvriers; Prov. *No work is rightly done but what a workman does.*

Ouvrier; m. ere: f. *working, labouring, travelling; also, prompt, expert, of good dexterity in a thing; whence;*

Le grefaut eſt ouvrier de ptendre les oiſeaux de riviere. *The Gerfaulcon is apt, able, or accuſtomed, to prey on riverfowle.*

Iour ouvrier. *A workie-day, a week-day (which is no holy-day.)*

De main ouvriere. *as* De main d'ouvrier.

Ouvriere: f. *A workwoman.*

Ouvrir. *to open; to ſet open; to diſcloſe, diſcover, bewray.*

s'Ouvrir. *To gape, chap, cleave, rive; to part, burſt, or go aſunder, of it ſelf.*

Ouvrir les Eſtats. *To call, aſſemble, or begin a Parliament.*

Ouvroir: m. *A work houſe, or ſhop to work in.*

Ouy: m. ouïe: f. *Heard, hearkned, liſtned unto.*

Ouy. *Yes, yea.*

Ouye: f. *Eare, attention, hearing; also, an eare; also, the herb called great Sengreen, or great Houſleek.*

Les ouyes de poiſſons. *The gills of ordinary fiſhes; but of huge ones (as Whales, &c.) the holes whereout they ſpout water.*

Les ouyes d'vne Violle. *The ſound-holes of a Viall.*

Ie n'en ay rien que l'ouye. *I have it no otherwiſe then by report, I came to it onely by hearesay.*

Ouyſtres: f. *Oyſters.*

Oxicrat. *Look* Oxycrat.

Oxiderrique: com. *Sharpning, or cleering the ſight.*

Oxigone. *A ſharp-pointed angle,*

Oximel: m. *Syrop of vinegar (made of honey, water, and vinegar.)*

Oximel ſquillitique. *Hath the juice of the Sea-onyon added unto it.*

Oxirrhodin: m. *A liquid medicine of vinigar and Roſe-water, applied to the heads of the ſicke.*

Oxiſacre. *Syrop made of vinigar and ſugar.*

Oxugoine: com. *Sharp-angled, ſharp-cornered.*

Oxycedre. *Cedar Juniper, the crimſon or prickly Cedar.*

Oxycrat: m. *A potion, or drink, made of vinegar mingled with water.*

Oxymel. *as* Oximel.

Oya. *(An Interjection of wondering) is it poſſible! &c.*

Oyard: m. *A Gander.*

Oye: f. *A Gooſe.*

Oye de mer. *A Purpoſe, (becauſe noſed like a Gooſe.)*

Oye nonnette. *A Brigander.*

Bec d'oye. *Wild Tanſie, Silver weed; also, the Purpoſe, or Sea-hog.*

Col d'oye. *The Port, or Vpſet of ſome Bits, made round, and bowing like the neck of a Gooſe.*

Merde oye. *Gooſe-turd green.*

Patte d'oye. *Look* Patte.

La petite oye. *The giblets of a Gooſe; also, the belly, and inwards or intralls, of other edible creatures.*

Pied d'oye. *Gooſe-foot, wild Orache; an herb which is also called Swines-bane, becauſe it kills the Swine that eat of it.*

Verd d'oye. *A yellowiſh, or Gooſe-turd green.*

Ferrer les oyes. *To ſpend both time, and labour very vainely.*

L'oye mene l'oiſon paiſtre; Prov. *Careſull parents teach their children how to live of themſelves.*

L'oiſon n'eſt pas digne de monſtrer les paſquis a l'oye; Pro. *Seek* Oiſon.

Les oiſons menent paiſtre les oyes; Pro. *The cart leads the horſe; the young inſtruct the old.*

On plume l'oye ſans la faire crier; Prov. *The ſimple gooſe complaines not of her plucking; a ſilly gull complaines not though you coſen him.*

Peu à peu le loup mange l'oye; Prov. *By little and little the Woulfe devoures the Gooſe; by diligence, or degrees a man obtaines his purpoſe.*

Qui ne fait comme fait l'oye, n'a de ſa vie longue ioye; Prov. *(In commendation of the drinking of water.)*

Qui mange l'oye du Roy, il en chie la plume cent ans apres; Prov. *He that eats the Kings Gooſe doth void feathers an hundred yeares after, viz. He that purloynes the Princes treaſure paies in the arrerages (by himſelf, or his heires) one time or another.*

Oye. grand d'oye. *Great ſtore, huge plenty, much abundance.* ℣ Rab.

Oyon: m. *A green Gooſe, or young Gooſe.*

Oyre: f. *An oyle-budget; a great leathern bag, or bottle to keep, or carry oyle, &c. in; made, commonly, of a Goats skinne, and the hairy ſide, oftentimes, turned inward.*

Oyſeille. *as* Ozeille.

Oyſeler. *Seek* Oiſeler.

Oyſon. *as* Oiſon.

Oyzeau. *Look* Oiſeau.

Oyzelerie: f. *Fowling, bird-catching, birding.*

Oz. *Look* Os.

Ozane: f. *The name of an apple.*

Ozeille: f. *Sorrell, garden-Sorrell.*

Ozeille de brebis. *Small Sorrell, ſheeps Sorrell.*

Ozeille petite. *as* Ozeille de brebis; *or ſmall Sorrell, horſe Sorrell.*

Ozeille Romaine. *Roman Sorrell, round Sorrell, Tours Sorrell.*

Ozeille ſauvage. *Wild Sorrell, ſoure Sorrell, the ſoure Dock.*

Ozeille de Tours. *as* Ozeille Romaine.

Ozene: f. *A ſtinking ſore, or ulcer in the noſe; also, a kind of rank-ſmelling Purcontrall fiſh, that feeds on Oyſters, and is fed on by Lampreys.*

Ozer. *as* Oſier.

Ozeraye: f. *A grove of Oziers.*

Ozereux: m. euſe: f. *Of Ozier, of wicker; also, full of Oziers.*

Ozier: m. *The Ozier, water willow; red withie tree; also, Wicker; also, a basket, or ſhip of wicker; also, a rod, or twig of Ozier, or of any other pliant wood.*

Franc Ozier. *The Ozier Withie; ſmall withie, twig withie.*

Oziere: f. *A withie twig.*

Ozime: f. *A kind of ſnipe, or pipe, ſerving to convey away filth.*

Ozyutel: m. *Oximel; ſyrop of vinegar; made of honey, water, and vinegar.*

P

PAccages: m. *Paſtures, paſture grounds, or feeding grounds.*

Pace, mettre in pace. *To bury.*

Pache: f. *A bargain, contract, accord, capitulation, agreement; a covenant, or condition agreed on.*

Pacification: f. *A pacification, quieting, appeaſement.*

Pacifié:

Pacifié: m. ée: f. *Pacified, calmed, quieted, ſtilled, appeaſed.*
Pacifiement: m. *A pacifying, an appeaſing.*
Pacifier. *To pacifie, appeaſe, quiet, calme, ſtill.*
Pacifieur: m. *A pacifier, appeaſer, peace-maker.*
Pacifique: com. *Pacificous, peaceable; gentle, quiet, calme, ſtill.*
Pacifiquement. *Peaceably, quietly, calmely; gently.*
Paequet: m. *A Packet, a (ſmall) bundle, or fardle; a truſſe.*
Il porte ſon pacquet. *He carries his load about with him; (ſaid of one that is bulch-backt.)*
Pacquette: f. *Honywort; (an herb.)*
Pact: m. *as* Pache.
Pactieux: m. euſe: f. *Covenanting; contracting.*
Paction: f. *as* Pache.
Pactionné: m. ée: f. *Covenanted, conditioned, indented, promiſed; bargained, contracted, capitulated, agreed.*
Pactionner. *To covenant, condition; promiſe, indent; bargaine, cope, contract, capitulate, agree with.*
Pactiſer. *as* Pactionner.
Padane: f. *A kind of open bit which gives much liberty to the tongue of a horſe.*
† Padoen: m. *as* Padoence.
† Padoence. *A common paſture.*
† Padouen. *as* Padoence.
† Padouyr les vns ſur les autres. *Neighbours to lead their beaſts each into others paſtures, or to common one upon the other.*
† Paduentage: m. *Common of paſture in one, or divers Pariſhes.*
Paelle: f. *A ſhovell; a fire-ſhovell; alſo, a Peele wherewith bread, &c. is ſet into an oven; alſo, a ſoatleſſe Poſnet, or Skellet, having brimmes like a Baſon; a (little) Pane.*
Paelle à bourbe. *A Scavengers ſhovell; a broad and hollow ſhovell of wood; ſuch a one as dirt is uſually removed, or taken up, with.*
Paelle à frire. *A frying pan.*
Paelle marine. *The Sea-ball, conſiſts of the ſlender ſtaulkes of the herb* Alge, *or of peeces of ſponges, compacted by the ſoame of the Sea, and by the working thereof caſt aſhore.*
Il ne luy chaut d'avoir paelle puis qu'il n'y a plus que frire. *He takes no care for that which he hath no further cauſe to uſe.*
Tenir la queuë de le paelle. *To have th'abſolute government of, or chiefe dealing in, a matter.*
Qui tient la paelle par la queuë il la tourne là ou il veut; Pro. *He that holds a frying-pan by the taile may turn it which way he liſt.*
La paelle ſe mocque du fourgon; Pro. *Said when one friend, or fellow, derides another.*
'A telle paelle tel fourgon; Prov. *One ſloven matcht with another.*
Paellerée: f. *A ſhovell-full, or Peel-full of.*
Paellette: f. *A little ſhovell, fire-ſhovell, Peel, or pan.*
Paellier: m. *The landing-place of a halfe-pace ſtaire; every bread (which is commonly every fifth, or ſixth) greeſe, or ſtep thereof.*
Paellonnet: m. *A ſmall pan, or (ſoatleſſe) Skellet.*
Paellonnette: f. *as* Paellonnet.
Paganiſme: m. *Paganiſme, Heathenniſme, Gentiliſme; the religion, or ſtate, of the Gentiles.*
Page: m. *A page; a waiting, or ſerving-boy in* France, *where he hath often good breeding, he ought to be a Gentleman born; thence alſo, a Taylers boy, and,*
Page de navire. *A ſhip-boy.*
Hors de page; & ſorti de page. *Adultus, paſt breeching, out of his waiting prentiſhip, grown a tall man, or, a full-grown man; (Huntſmen apply this phraſe to a big Leaveret.)*
Page: f. *A page; a ſide, of a leaſe.*
Pageat, & Pageau. *as* Pagel.
Pagel: m. *A little ruddy Sea-Bream, which reſembles the* Pagre *ſo neare, as it is often miſtaken for a little one; See* Pagre.
Pageot. *as* Pagel.
Pagerot: m. *A (paultry) little page.*
Pagnon. *The pinnion of a clock, &c. the nut, in whoſe notches the teeth of the wheles do run.*
Lanterne à pagnons. *A paire of trundles, or trundle heads, part of a mill; as under* Lanterne.
Pagnote: m. *A Biſcanian, ſcoundrell, cowardly or ſcurvie ſouldier; one that hath neither wit, nor courage.*
Pagre: f. *A round-headed, hawk-ſnowted, red-mouthed, and ſtrong-toothed Sea-Bream, that feeds much on ſhell-fiſh; in Summer ſhe is ruddy of colour, in Winter skie-coloured; therein differing from the fiſh* Pagel, *which is alwaies ruddy.*
Pagrure. *as* Pagul.
Pagul. *The ſmooth-ſhelled Cray-fiſh, termed a Grampell, Grit, or Pungar.*
Pagure. *as* Pagul.
Paianiſme: m. *Paganiſme.*
Païer *Look* Payer.
Paignon: m. *A little looſe of bread.* ☞ Pic.
Pailerée. *as* Paellerée.
Paillace: f. *A ſtraw-bed; alſo, a wide veſſell made of ſuch ſtuffe as hives be of, and ſomewhat reſembling, though not ſo deep as, a Buſhell.*
Paillard: m. *A lecher, wencher, whoremunger, whorehunter; alſo, a knave, raſcall, varlet, ſcoundrell, filthy fellow.*
Paillard: m. arde: f. *Lecherous, whoriſh, wenching, laſcivious.*
Couleur paillarde. *A pale, bleak, or wan colour; the green ſickneſſe.*
Paillard comme vn Moine; & Paillard comme vn Verrat. *As leacherous as a Goat (ſay we.)*
Paillarde: f. *A whore, punk, drab, ſtrumpet, harlot, quean, courtezan, callet.*
Paillarder. *To lecher; hitch-hunt it; haunt baudy houſes; alſo, to tumble in the ſtraw.*
Paillardiſe: f. *Lechery, whoredome, venery, obſcenity, uncleannеſſe; alſo, roguery, knavery, villany, wickedneſſe; any filthy, or beaſtly humor.*
Paillaſſe. *as* Paillace.
Paillé: m. *as* Pailler; *alſo, ſtraw-colour; alſo, a Biſhops Pall; whence;*
Droict du paillé. *Look under* Droict.
Paille: f. *Straw; alſo, chaffe; the huſk, or hull wherein corn lieth; alſo, the firſt bud of a flower; alſo, a flaw in a blade, &c. alſo, a Spangle; See* Pailles.
Paille folle de bled. *Chaffe; the huſke wherein corne lieth; or, as under* Fol.
Paille marine. *as* Sagnie.
Cheval de paille. *A horſe that's fed with ſtraw inſtead of hay; whence the Proverbe;* Cheval de paille, cheval de bataille.
Couleur de jaune paille. *Straw-colour.*
Loup en paille. *See* Loup.
Or en paille. *Spangle gold; or gold beaten thin for ſpangles.*
Rats en paille. *A rumbling, ruſtling, hurliburly, confuſion; ſtirre, coyle; or, as in* Rat.
Plus joyeux que rats en paille. *See* Rat.
Avoir d' autre paille au bec. Il a bien d' autre paille au bec. *He hath other ſtuffe in him then you are aware of.*
Il y a plus de paille que de grain. *There is more chaffe then corne in him.*
Eſtre en la paille iuſques au ventre. *To enjoy all things in great abundance; to live at very great eaſe.*
Faire à Dieu gerbe de paille. *To deceive, or deprive God of his right, eſpecially in matters of tenths. Look* Gerbe.
Mettre la paille au devant de *To interrupt, to hinder, ſtop, or ſtay the ſpeech of.*
Se remplir de foin, ou de paille. *To ſtop, or fill his guts with any thing, as a horſe that wanting hay falls to his ſtraw.*
Rompre la paille avec. *To fall out with a friend, or acquaintant.*
Avec le temps, & la paille l'on meure les meſles; Prov. *In time, and ſtraw are Medlers mellowed.*
De mauvais payeurs foin, ou paille; Pro. *Take any thing thats offered you by an evill debtor.*
Nul grain ſans paille; Prov. *No corne without ſome chaffe.*
Paille-maille. *See* Palemaille.
Paillet: m. *A reek, or ſtack of ſtraw; alſo, bed-ſtraw; alſo, the part of an inner Court whereon ſtraw is ſcattered for fowle to feed on; alſo, a dunghill before a barne, or ſtable doore; whence;*
Vne poule de pailler. *A dunghill hennе; a hen thats fed at the barne door.*
Pailles: f. *Spangles; alſo, the flakes, or ſparkles that fly from hammered and red-hot yron, &c.*
Il penſe que nues ſont pailles d'airain. *(Much like to our) He thinks the Moon is made of green cheeſe.*
Paillet: m. ette: f. *Pale-red, pale-claret, fleſh-coloured.*
Pailléte. *as* Paillette.
Pailleté: m. ée: f. *Spangled, beſpangled.*
Pailleter. *To Spangle, to beſpangle, to trim, or deck, with ſpangles.*
Pailleteur: m. *A Spangle-maker.*
Paillette: f. *A ſpangle; alſo, a ſparkle.*
Pailleux: m. euſe f. *Strawy; chaffy; alſo, full of flaws.*
Paillier: m. *A chaffe-heape; or, a place wherein chaffe is kept; alſo, as* Pailler.
Pailliſſon. *A ſmall frying-pan.*

Pailliz : m. *A heap of ſtraw, or of chaffe.*
Paillole : f. *A ſpangle ; whence ;* Or de paillole. *Spangle gold; or gold thin-beaten for ſpangles.*
Paillotté. terre paillottée. *Earth mingled with chaffe, or with ſtraw.*
Paillottes : f. *Spangles ; alſo, plates of Armour.*
Pain : m. *Bread ; alſo, a loafe of bread.*
Pain d'amande. *Almond bread, or biſket made of Almonds ; alſo, Marchpane.*
Pain d'Argus. *Spungy, or light, bread ; bread full of eyes.*
Pain d'aveine. *Oaten bread ; Jannocks.*
Pain de balle. *Vnwanged bread ; or, a corſe bread wherein there is much chaffe.*
Pain beniſt. *Holy-bread, uſed in Popiſh Churches.*
Pain beniſt de la confraire. *Thumps, thwacks, blows.*
Pain beniſt de la S. Cy. *Wine ; or, any good drinke.*
Pain beniſt d'Eſcoſſe. *A ſodden ſheeps liver.*
Pain bis. *Brown bread, houſhold bread, corſe bread.*
Pain bis-blanc. *wheaten bread, or boulted bread.*
Pain de bouche. *as* Pain mollet.
Pain bourgeois. *Crible bread, between white and brown ; a bread (that ſomewhat reſembles our wheaten, or cheat) a loafe whereof is to weigh, when tis baked, 32 ounces.*
Pain de braſſe. *A great houſhold loaf of corſe bread like our cheſtloafe.*
Pain de brode. *Brown bread, corſe houſhold bread; a loaf whereof is to weigh 96 ounces, or ſix pound.*
Pain de chailli. *A very white bread (named ſo of* Chailli *a village) the loafe whereof is to weigh 12 ounces, and to be ſold for 12 d Pariſ. when a Septier of wheat is worth 20 s.* Tourn.
Pain chalan. *All kind of country-Bakers bread, that of* Goneſſe *excepted.*
Pain à chanter. *as* Pain miſſal.
Pain de Chapitre. *A fine, white, hard-kneaded, and flat manchet, weighing about 16 ounces.*
Pain à cocu. *The ſmalleſt, and daintieſt kind of red Muſhrome; alſo, as ;*
Pain de cocu. *Cuckobread, Stubwort, wood Sorrell, wood Sowre, ſowre Trefoile, herb* Alleluya.
Pain coquillé. *A kind of hard-cruſted bread, whoſe loaves do ſomewhat reſemble the Dutch bunnes of our Rhenish-wine houſes.*
Pain de Cour. *as* Pain mollet.
Pain farain. *A very yellow houſhold bread, of the better ſort, and made in great loaves.*
Pain de feneſtre. *Brown bread.*
Pain fraiſé. *A Panadoe, of the crummes of ſtale bread, ſoaked a while in 2 or 3 changes of water, then boyled in a pipkin with butter, or any other ſweet, and fat moiſture ; or in Capons broath ; and often ſtirred.*
Pain de Goneſſe. *A delicate white bread, made in a village called* Goneſſe ; *whoſe water is reported to be the chiefe cauſe of that delicacy.*
Pains d' hoſtelage. *Look* Hoſtelage.
Pain de meſnage. *Ordinary houſhold bread ; (for the moſt part finer then brown, and browner then wheaten.)*
Pain miſſal. *A Wafer made onely of flower and a little ſalt.*
Pain mollet. *A very light, very cruſty, and ſavoury white bread, full of eyes, leaven, and ſalt.*
Pain de mouſtarde. *A looſe, or ball, of dry, or dried muſtard.*
Pain moutou. *Look* Mouton.
Pain d'oiſeau. *Stonecrop, Stonehore, mouſe-taile, wild Prickmadam, Pricker, Jack of the buttery.*
Pain de panniere. *A great white loafe yeelded by the tenants of* S. Gondon ſur Loire *unto their Lord, yearely, and beſides their* Cens.
Pain perdu. *A broath made of wine, Roſe-water, and ſugar, eggs, and bread.*
Le Iour de pain perdu. *Shrovetueſday.*
Pain de la place. *Brown bread, corſe houſhold bread.*
Pain porcin. *as* Pain de pourceau.
Pain de Potenſac. *A delicate bread made in a village called* Potenſac, *neer unto* Bourdeaux.
Pain de pourceau. *Hogs bread, ſwines bread, ſow bread ; (an herb.)*
Pain de Quinque. *See* Quinque.
Pain de roſe. *A Roſe-cake.*
Pain rouſſet. *Cheat, or boulted bread; houſhold bread made of Wheat and Rie mingled.*
Pain de terre. *The herb Sow-bread.*
Gros pain. *Corſe brown bread.*
Petit pain. *A little loafe of bread ; alſo, ſpare diet, poor fare, thinne cheer ; whence the Proverb ;* Apres grand banquet petit pain, &, faire le petit pain. *To live necrely, ſparingly, nigardly ; with a little.*
Au pain, & au couſteau avec. *Very familiar, very much converſant, at bed and at boord, as a companion, or haile-fellow well met, with.*
De meſme pain ſoupe ; &, faire de tel pain ſoupes. *Look* Soupe.
Eſtre en pain ; ou hors de pain. *Children to be under, or out of, the government of their parents ; hence alſo,* Miſe hors de pain. *An emancipation.*
Faire pain ſeparé. *To part houſholds ; people of one houſe, or ſociety, to diet ſeverally, or live by themſelves.*
Manger ſon pain blanc le premier. *To fare well at firſt and ill at laſt ; or, to ſpend the beſt at firſt in hope the worſt will mend.*
Manger ſon pain en ſon ſac. *To play the ſnudge, or churle ; to eat his victualls privately, ſcurvily, or in corners.*
C'eſt trop mangé d' vn pain en vn lieu. *We have too much uſed, attended, or urged, one thing at once.*
Il ſçait plus que ſon pain manger. *He knowes more then the eating of his bread comes to; he is no child, he is puſt a babe; his skill is more then ordinary.*
Mettre le pain en vn four froid. *To put bread into a cold oven ; to imploy things idly, or on that which will not availe them; or think to make uſe of things which are of no manner of uſe.*
Mettre vn pain au four à. *To do a man a good (or evill) turn ; to put a tricke on him, with a good (or an evill) intention.*
Prendre vn pain ſur la fournée. *To get a ſnatch at his wench thats ready to be married.*
Quiers tu meilleur pain que de fourment? *Wouldſt thou have better bread then's made of wheat.*
Il veut beaux chiens à peu de pain. *He looks to be well ſerved, and yet will give but little intertainment.*
Pain tant qu'il dure, vin à meſure ; Pro. *Eat at pleaſure, drink by meaſure.*
A pain, & oignon trompette ne clairon ; Pro. *Look* Oignon.
Nul pain ſans peine ; Prov. *Toile hath a part in each thing we injoy ; or, without ſome toile no bread, no benefit.*
Ou pain faut tout eſt à vendre ; Prov. *Where bread is wanting all is to be ſould.*
A Penfourner on fait les pains cornus (ou cocus. ℣ Pic.) Prov. *In the beginning of a cauſe are faults the ſooneſt made, and (once made) worſt amended ; or, the beginning ſhewes what to preſume of the reſt.*
A la faim il n'y a point de mauvais pain ; Prov. *Hunger makes any thing taſt well.*
Chaſque demain apporte ſon pain. *All daies produce their own proviſion.*
Ia ne vienne demain qui n'apporte ſon poin ; Prov. *Let the next day produce it owne proviſion ; or, let him not come next day that now comes unprovided.*
Crouſtes de paſtez valent bien pain ; Prov. *Peeces of pie-cruſt are as good as bread ; or, he doth no wrong that giveth cake for bread.*
De tout s'aviſe à qui pain faut ; Prov. *Neceſſity invented all good Artes ; want more then any thing makes men induſtrious.*
Eau & pain c'eſt la viande du chien ; Prov. *Bread and water is but a dogs dinner.*
Le chat a faim quand il ronge du pain ; Pro. *The cat's a hungryed when ſhe gnawes a cruſt.*
Selon le pain il faut le couſteau ; Pro. *We muſt proportion our expence by our meanes.*
Tel a du pain lors qu'il n'a plus de dents ; Pro. *Some have abundance when they cannot uſe it.*
Tel grain tel pain ; Pro. *Such as the corn ſuch is the bread.*
Vn meſme couſteau me coupe le pain, & le doigt ; Pro. *From one thing I receive both good, and hurt.*
Paincture. *Look* Peincture.
Paindre. *as* Peindre.
Paineux : m. euſe : f. *Bready, full of bread.*
Paintre. *Look* Peintre.
Pair : m. *A peere ; a paragon ; alſo, a match, fellow, companion ; alſo, a pair, at Cards.*
Pairs. *Vaſſalls, or tenants holding of a Mannor by one kind of tenure ; fellow vaſſalls, fellow ſubjects ; alſo, the common Counſellors of incorporate townes have been tearmed* Pairs.

Pairs de la Cour ; ou Pairs de fief. *Vaſſalls, or tenants, who ſit as Aſſiſtants, or Triers in their Lords Courts, (eſpecially when any cauſe that concernes his inheritance is judged ;) theſe Pairs are finable to the King for all ſentences ill given in thoſe Courts.*

Pairs de France. *The Peeres of France; in old time, & at their firſt inſtitution (by Loys le Ieune) were but 12 ; ſix Spirituall ; viz. the Archbiſhop of Rheims, the Biſhops of Laon, & Langres (who alſo were ſtiled Dukes) the Biſhops (and Earls) of Beavois, Chaalons, and Noyon; and ſix Temporall ones; viz. the Dukes of Burgundie, Normandie, and Guienne ; the Earles of Flanders, Champagne, and Tholoſe: At this day all the former ſix continue ; and in lieu of the latter (whoſe eſtates have been, at ſeverall times, either united unto, or alienated from, the Crown) there be more then ſix, either Princes of the Blood, or the Princes favorites ; created at ſeverall times, and equall among themſelves (and unto the firſt Peeres) in all manner of privileges.*

Pair, & ſequence. *A Card-play ſomewhat like to our Poſt and paire.*

La Cour des Pairs. *A Court Baron, or Lords Court ; and the Parliament of Paris, wherein the Peeres of France may ſit as Aſſiſtants.*

Veine ſans pair. *A branch of the hollow veine, whereby the ſpaces between eight of the lower ribs be nouriſhed.*

I'entends le pair, & la couche. &, Prins au pair, & à la couche. *as in* Couche.

Pair. *Like, alike, equall, matching, even, meet.*

Pair ou non. *The game called Even and odde.*

A pair de. *Like unto, even with.*

Aller du pair avec. *To goe ranke in rank, or cheeke by ſowle, with.*

Mettre de pair avec. *To compare, or ſet in equall ballance with.*

Paire : f. *A paire, or couple of ; alſo, a bet, or ſtake; whence;*

Ie m'en vay de paire. *I will not hold the match, I will be unlaid againe.*

Faire 3 paires de nopces. *To make 3 mariages ; and hence, in common ſpeech, they ſay;* vne paire de Heures, ou de Pſeaumes; *A Service booke, or Pſalter.*

Pairie : f. *A Peeredome of France ; alſo, equalitie of ſubjects, or vaſſalls, in tenure, or eſtate.*

Pairrie : f. *as* Pairie.

Païs : m. *A Country, or Region, Land, Province, (native) ſoyle ; alſo, (any) ground, or ſoyle.*

Pas couſtumier. *See* Couſtumier.

Païs de droict eſcrit. *A Country governed by the Civill Law.*

Païs de ſuerie. *The ſweating Country ; Cornelius his tub.*

A traver païs. *Roving, at randome, at large.*

A veuë de païs. *Groſſely, haſtily, at firſt ſight, without certaintie ; without any exact, or neere examination.*

Eſtre bien de ſon païs. *To be clowniſh, rude, ſimple, ignorant.*

Gaigner païs. *To ſteale on, rid ground, rid away.*

Iecter leurs hommes à païs. *To ſet their men on land, or aſhore.*

Tirer païs. *To flie directly forward; and in travelling, to goe on, or, to rid way.*

Qui m'aura perdu ne m'aille eercher en ce païs là. *Let not him that ſhall happen to loſe me look to find me there.*

Païſage : m. *Païſage, Landskip, Countrey-worke ; a repreſentation of fields, or of the Country, in painting, &c.*

Païſant : m. *A peaſant, boore, clowne, ſwaine, hind, a hob, or lob, of the country.*

Païſible : com. *Peaceable ; quiet, calme, ſtill, gentle, mild, patient.*

Païſiblement. *Peaceably ; quietly, calmely, gently, mildly, patiently.*

Païſibleté : f. *Peaceableneſſe, tranquillitie, quietnes, calmenes, mildnes, gentlenes.*

Païſſage de beſtes. *The grazing, paſturing, or feeding of cattell.*

Païſſe ſolitaire. *A certaine black-browne mountaine bird, which reſembles a Throſtle, or Owſell, and being incaged ſings very ſweetly ; or, as in* Paſſe.

Païſſeau : m. *A ſtake, pole, pearch, prop, or ſtay, wherewith a vine, &c. is held up ; alſo the vine ſo underpropped.*

Saulter de treille en païſſeaux. *(In diſcourſe) to runne giddily, or uncertainely, from one matter to another.*

Païſſeler. *To underſet, or underprop with poles, or ſtakes.*

Païſſement. *as* Paiſſage

Païſſiere : f. *A banke, or cauſey, held up, or in, by ſtakes.*

Païſſon : f. *The Agiſtment, or Herbage of woods, or forreſts; feeding for cattell therein.*

Païſſonner. *Cattell to feed, or brouſe, in woods, &c.*

Païſſu : m. uë : f. *Fed on, grazed, eaten, by cattell.*

Païſtre. *To feed, graze, eat, paſture on.*

Païſtre de parolles. *To give words in ſtead of money ; to delay, put off, or toll on, with faire words.*

La mauvaiſe garde païſt ſouvent le loup ; Prov. *Ill watching often feeds the hungrie wolfe.*

Les oiſons menent païſtre l'oye ; &, l'oye mene les oiſons païſtre. *Two contrarie Proverbes of Conſuſion, and Order. Looke* Oiſon.

Païſtri, & Païſtrir. *See* Peſtri, & Peſtrir.

Paix : f. *Peace, quiet, reſt ; a peace, accord, agreement, compoſition, attonement.*

Homme de paix. *A vaſſall. See* Homme.

Maiſon de la paix. *A Court of Juſtice ; a Law-Court.*

Sergents de la paix. *Ordinarie Sergeants, or Catchpoles, belonging to ſome Court.*

Villes de paix. *Peaceable, or privileged Townes ; thoſe wherein ſubjects are bound to keepe the peace, and to end their differences (if they will contend) by Law.*

Tout en paix. *Quietly, ſtilly, gently, ſaire and ſofily.*

La paix eſt la feſte de tous Saincts ; Prov. *Peace is all holy mens holy-day.*

Achette paix, & maiſon faicte ; Prov. *Peace, and a houſe that is built, are to be bought.*

Baſton porte paix quant et ſoy ; Prov. *A Cudgell breeds the peace of him that beares it.*

Mieux vaut en paix vn oeuf qu'en guerre vn boeuf : &, Mieux vaut ſeruitude en paix que Seigneurie en guerri ; Prov. *Better a needie ſlave in peace then a wealthie Lord in warre.*

Oy, voy, & te tais, ſi tu veux vivre en paix ; Prov. *Looke* Ouïr.

Peu, & paix don de Dieu ; Pro. *A little with peace is a great bleſſing.*

Qui de tout ſe taiſt de tout a paix ; Pro. *Hold thy peace and enjoy peace ; unſeaſonable talke is the mother of debate.*

Paix. *(An Interjection injoyning ſilence) peace, huſht, not a word.*

Pal : m. *A pale, ſtake, or pole ; alſo, a putting to death by a ſtake thruſt (long wayes) through the bodie ; much uſed among the Turkes ; alſo, as* Milandre.

Palabre : f. *as* Patole.

† Palabreur : m. *A pratler, babbler, tatler ; an idle or common talker.*

Paladin : m. *A Knight of the round table.*

Il fait bien de ſon Paladin. *He ſwaggers, brags, or ſtrouts it mightily.*

Palais : m. *A Palace ; a Princes Court, houſe, or place ; alſo, the houſe, or Hall, wherein Courts be kept in a towne of Parliament ; a Guild-hall, Shire-hall, Seſſions-houſe ; alſo, the roofe, or palate of the mouth ; alſo, the taſt.*

Palais au Lievre, ou du Lievre. *The ſmooth Sow-thiſtle, or ſoft Milke-thiſtle, called Hares Lettuce.*

Doctrine du Palais. *Civility, courteſie, good manners, courtly behaviour, or carriage.*

Eſcus du palais. *A kind of counters.*

Gens du palais. *Lawyers (of all ſorts.)*

Iours de palais. *Court-dayes, ſitting-dayes, Hall-dayes.*

Les Pourſuyvans au palais. *Suitors, Clients.*

Souris de palais. *An Advocate, a Pleader ; or (moſt properly) a Pettifogger.*

Faire le palais. *To plead, or argue at the barre.*

Palalalan. *The ſound of the French march.*

Palamide : f. *A young Tunnie ; alſo, the Bonito (fiſh.)*

Palamie : f. *The bloudie rifts ; a diſeaſe, or impoſtumation in the roofe of a horſes mouth.*

Palatin : m. *A generall, and common appellation, or title, for ſuch as have any ſpeciall Office, or function in a Soveraigne Princes palace.*

Compte Palatin. *A Court Palatine, (it is not the title of a particular Officer, but an hereditarie addition of dignitie, and honor, gotten by ſervice done in a domeſticall charge ; and he whom the Prince appointed to be chiefe Juſtice of a whole Province hath alſo been intitled,* Compte Palatin.)

Palatin : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, the palate; whence;*

Lettres palatines. *Such letters as be pronounced by the helpe of the palate ; as G, T, R, &c.*

Palatinat : m. *A Palinatie ; the title, or dignitie of a Count Palatine ; alſo, a Countie Palatine.*

Pale : f. *The fowle called a Shoveler; alſo, a fire-ſhovell ; alſo, a ſhovell ; alſo, the Indian figtree.*

Palée : f. *A ſhovell full of.*

Palefrenier : m. *A Groome of a ſtable ; a Horſe-keeper.*

Palefroy : m. *A palfrey ; (was in old time, for*

for the moſt part, underſtood of a horſe for a womans ſaddle.)

Palemaille : f. *A game, wherein a round box bowle is with a mallet ſtruck through a high arch of Iron (ſtanding at either end of an alley one) which he that can do at the feweſt blows, or at the number agreed on, winnes.*

Palenc : m. *The Pennant ; a rope which helpes to hoiſe up the boat, and all heavy merchandiſe, aboord a ſhip.*

Palerée : f. *A paile full of.*

Palerons des eſpaules. *The ſhoulder blades.*

Palet : m. *An Iron peſtell ; alſo a ſmall beetle to play at ball with ; alſo, a quoit.*

Paleter du chanvre. *To pound, or bruiſe hempe with a peſtell, or beetle.*

Palette : f. *A Lingell, Tenon, Slice, or flat toole wherewith Chirurgians lay ſalve on plaſters ; alſo, the saucer, or porringer whereinto they receive bloud out of an opened veine ; alſo, a battle-doore*

La palette du genouil. *The knee bone, or panne ; the whirlebone of the knee.*

Pigeon de palette. *A rough-footed Dove.*

Pal-fer : m. *An Iron-headed ſhovell, ſpade, or ſtake, uſed by Gardeners.*

Pali: m. *A pale, or thick lath ; a ſtake, pole, or pile.*

Paliatif : m. iue : f. *Palliative ; cloaking, hilling over, covering, hiding ; ſhadowing, colouring.*

Cures paliatives. *Cures which have not ſearcht to the root, or cauſe of a diſeaſe, but have brought onely a ſhew of amendment ; as when a wound is cloſed, and yet feſters at the bottome.*

Medecines paliatives. *Medcines which eaſe for a while, but heale not altogether ; or, as in* Cures paliatives.

Paliation. *Seek* Palliation.

Palicer. *as* Paliſſer.

Palier. *To palliate ; to cloake, to cover, hide, or hill over ; to ſhadow, to colour.*

Paliſé : m. ée : t. *Impaled, compaſſed with a pale, defended by a Paliſadot.*

† Paligeneſie : f. *Regeneration, or, diverſity of generation.*

Palinodie : f. *A palinody, recantation, contrary ſong, unſaying of what hath been ſaid.*

† Palinotode : f. *Diverſity of birth.*

Palis. *as* Pali.

Paliſer. *To reveale, publiſh, bewray.*

Paliſſade : f. *A paliſadoe ; a defence, or wall, of pales ; alſo, a hedge-row of ſundrie fruit trees ſet cloſe together.*

Paliſſe : f. *as* Paliſſade.

Paliſsé : m. ée : t. *Paliſadoed, ſtaked, or paled about.*

Paliſſer. *To impale ; to incloſe with pales, to defend with paliſadoes.*

Paliſſon : m. *A flat Iron, or ſhovell to bake cakes on.*

Paliure : m. *The ſhrub called Ramme of Lybia, or Chriſts thorne (becauſe it is ſaid he was crowned withall)*

Pall-allant : m. *A ſtaulking, or ſtrouting braggadochio ; or as* Palalalan.

Pallamente : f. *Part of the Orelop, or upper deck of a Galley.*

Pallares. *A kind of Indian pulſe.*

Palle. *as* Pale ; *alſo, as* Palletoc ; *alſo, the beazill, collet, or head of a ring.*

† Palle : com. *as* Paſle ; *Pale.*

Pallé : m. ée : f. *Party par-pale ; a tearme of Blazon.*

Pallemail. *See* Palemaille.

Pallement. *Palely, bleakly, wanly.*

Paller. *as* Parler ; *(an old word)*

Pallerons des eſpaules. *The Omeplates, or ſhoulder blades.*

Palleter. *To ſcuffle, or fight with ; (an old word.)*

Palletie : f. *A ſcuffling, skirmiſh, fighting.*

Palletoc : m. *A long, and thick Pelt, or Caſſock ; a garment like a ſhort cloak with ſleeves ; or ſuch a one as the moſt of our moderne Pages are attired in.*

Palletoque. *That weareth a* Palletoc.

Pallette : f. *A little ſhovell, a ſmall peele ; alſo, a ſhoulder-blade.*

Palleur : f. *Paleneſſe, wanneſſe.*

Palliatif. *Look* Paliatif.

Palliation : f. *A cloaking, covering, hiding, colouring.*

Pallier : m. *as* Palluyer ; *alſo, the landing place of a halfe-pace ſtayre.*

Pallir. *See.* Paſlir.

Pallis. *as* Pali.

Palliſſade : f. *A Paliſado, or defence of pales ; alſo, a Parke, or place impaled.*

Palliſſement : m. *Paleneſſe ; or, a waxing pale.*

Pallonneau. *Look* Palonneau.

Pallourde : f. *A little, narrow, and ſeldome-gaping Cockle, which we alſo call, a Palour.*

Palluyer : m. *An Officer which with a ſhovell unlades, or lades the ſalt which is for the Kings ſtore.*

Palmaire : com. *Belonging to, or being in, the paulme of the hand.*

Palmant. *He that bids moſt rent for a Leaſe, or money for an Inheritance, which is to be let or ſold.*

Palme : m. *A hand-breadth, foure fingers, or three inches in meaſure ; alſo, a ſhaftment.*

Le grand palme. *Is twelve fingers, or nine inches ; a full ſpanne.*

Palme : f. *The paulme of the hand ; alſo, the Paulme, or Date tree. Look* Paulme.

Palmée : f. *A bidding of moſt, or out bidding of all, for an Inheritance, or Leaſe.*

Palmer. *To ſtroak, ſmooth, lay, or ſtrike downe with the paulme of the hand ; whence ;*

Palmer les cheveux des orgueilleux. *To quell, or abate, the buffe of the prowd.*

Palmier : m. *The Paulme, or Date tree.*

Palmier petit. *The little wild Date tree.*

Palmier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, the Paulme tree ; alſo, bearing a branch of Paulme.*

Heritage palmier. *An Inheritance expoſed unto ſale.*

Palmite : f. *The low, or little wild Date tree.*

Palmule : f. *A Date.*

Palon : m. *The broad end of a (woodden) ſhovell ; or, as* Maſſerotte.

Palonneau : m. *A piece of a ſtrong rope doubled, and having a knot with an eye in the middle of it, wherby it ſerves to faſten draught horſes unto the thill of a Cart, or carriage.*

Palot : m. *whence ;* Tenir palot à. *To hold tacke, or keepe even with ; to hold at even termes.*

Paloüade : f. *A kind of Spaniſh fiſh.*

Palourde. *See* Pallourde.

Palper. *To handle gently, feele tenderly, ſtroake ſoftly, touch gingerly ; alſo, to flatter, ſooth, cog, or collogue with, deceive with faire words.*

Palpitation : f. *A panting, or often beating, as of a throbbing, or affrighted heart.*

Palpiter. *To pant, or throb ; to beat, move, or ſtirre very often.*

Pake. *A ſoft, and delicate Indian fruit, which reſembles a great Peare, and hath a ſtone inſtead of a core.*

Palthoc. *as* Palletoc.

Paltoquier. *as* Palletoqué.

Paluret : m. *A Cleaver.* ✓ Bleſien.

Palu : m. *A fenne, marſh ; wet ground, or moore.*

Paludament : m. *A coat-armour, or horſemans coat ; a jacket reaching to the knees.*

Paludeux : m. euſe : f. *as* Paluſtre ; *or full of marſhes, fennes, moores.*

Palveſate : f. *A Targuet-fence, under which the ſouldiers that make approaches, or are upon entring of a breach, be ſhrowded.*

Palumbe : f. *A Ringdove, Stockdove, Queſt, Woodculver.*

Paluſtre : com. *Fenny, marſh, marſhy, mooriſh.*

Paluyer. *See* Palluyer.

Pam. *as* Pan ; *a ſpanne.*

Pampe. *Look* Pampre.

Pamphage. *Eat-all, all-ravening, all-devouring.*

Pamphredon. *A Hornet, or Ox-flie.*

Pampier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Vine-leafe ; alſo, bearing onely leaves.*

Pampillettes : f. *Spangles.*

Pampre : f. *A Vine leafe, or Vine leaves ; alſo, a young Vine-branch full of leaves.*

Armé de pampre. *Whitled, mellow, cup-ſhotten, that hath put on armor of pot-proof.*

Pampré : m. ée : f. *Full of, alſo, furniſhed, or covered, with Vine leaves.*

Pampter. *To fill, furniſh, or cover with Vine leaves.*

Pan : m. *A part, piece, or pannell of a wall, of wainſcot, of a glaſſe-window, &c.* as Panneau ; *alſo, a pawne, or gage ; alſo, a ſpanne ; alſo, a toyle, or hay wherewith wild beaſts are caught ; alſo, the skirt of a gown ; the pane of a hoſe, of a cloak, &c.*

Pans. *Look after* Panouere.

Panacée : f. *Wound-wort, All-heale ; an herb.*

Panacée. à pan. *A call unto meat ; like our,* A manger.

Panache. *Look* Penanache.

Panade : f. *A Panado ; crummes of bread (and currans) moiſtened, or brewed with water.*

Panage : m. *as* Appanage ; *alſo, Pawnage, Maſtage for Swine ; or the money due to the owner of a wood for the ſame.*

Panaillon. *See* Penaillon.

Panaiz : m. *A certaine root thats leſſe, and ranker, then the ordinary Parſenip ; otherwiſe reſembling it, and oft miſtaken for it.*

Panaiz de Macedoine. *The Macedonian Parſenip, whoſe juice is much eſteemed of by heardſmen.*

Panais ſauvage. *Hercules wound-wort, or All-heale ; alſo the wild Carrot ; Some alſo tearme ſo, Cow Parſenip, meadow Parſenip, Madnep.*

Menus panaiz. *The white Mallow, marſh Mallow, mooriſh Mallow.*

Panary: m. *A Felon, or Whitlow, at the end of a finger.*
Panax. *as* Panaiz.
Pançart: m. *A Gorbelly, great guts, fat gulch.*
Pancarte: f. *A paper containing the particular rates of Tolls, or Cuſtomes due unto the King, &c. thus tearmed, becauſe commonly, hung up in ſome publique place either ſingle, or within a frame.*
Pance: f. *The paunch, maw, belly; alſo (the faſhion of) a great bellied doublet, or the great belly of a doublet.*
Il avoit les yeux plus grands que la pance. *His eyes were bigger, or worſe to pleaſe, then his belly.*
A pance chaude pied endormi; Prov. *When the belly is full the bones would be at reſt.*
De la pance vient la danſe; Pro. *From the paunch comes your daunce; the belly glutted ſets the legs agog.*
Goutte en la hanche fille en la pance; Prov. *Look* Fille.
Qui a la pance pleine il luy ſemble que les autres ſont ſaouls; Prov. *He that hath gorged himſelfe thinkes all mens mawes be full.*
Rouge viſage, & groſſe pance ne ſont ſignes de penitence; Prov. *A Swizzers belly, and a drunkards face are no (true) ſignes of penitentiall grace.*
Panceron: m. *A great belly, gulch, or paunch; and particularly, the full-ſtuffed belly of a doublet.*
Pancerotte: f. *A little paunch.*
Pancette. *as* Pancerotte.
Panchaïque. Odeur Panchaïque. *The ſmell of Arabian Frankincenſe.*
Panchant. *Bowing, leaning, inclining forwards; ſtooping, or hanging downwards.*
Panché: m. ée: f. *Bent, inclined, or bowed forwards; leaning, declined, hanged downwards; any way ſtooping.*
Arbre panché. *The ends of whoſe boughs hang downwards; as ſome hold all of a tree, whereon a malefactor hath beene hanged, will doe.*
Panchement: m. *A bending, leaning, bowing forwards; an inclining, or hanging downwards; a ſtooping, a declining.*
De ſon propre panchement. *Of his own inclination, from his owne diſpoſition.*
Pancher. *To bend, leane, or bow forwards; to give, incline, or hang downwards; to ſtoop, to decline.*
Pançu: m. uë: f. *Gorbellied, great-paunched.*
Pand. *Look* Pan.
Pandectaire: com. *Containing, or belonging to, all manner of bookes; or books that intreat of all matters.*
Pandectes: f. *Pandects; Bookes which containe all matters, or comprehend all the parts of the ſubject whereof they intreat.*
Pane. *Look* Panne.
Pané: m. ée: f. *Bready, of bread; whence;*
Eau panée. *A Panado, a Miſe.*
Paneau: m. *A pannell, of wainſcot; of a ſaddle, &c. alſo (in Maſonrie) a pattern, mould, or ſcantling, (made of thin boord, &c.) whereby a ſtone is cut, and made fit for the place it is to ſtand in; alſo, the ſtone it ſelfe ſo cut; whence,* Paneau de doile; *a Cant piece.*
Paneaux. *Old rags, clowts, tatters; alſo, the hatches, or ſcuttles of a ſhip.*
Panegyric: m. *A Diſcourſe, or Oration made in praiſe of a Prince, or Potentate.*
Panerée: f. *A Pannierfull.*
Paneron: m. *A little Pannier, a ſmall Doſſer.*
Panerot: m. *as* Paneron.
Panes. *Red pimples, or freckles on the face.* ¶ Langued.
Paneté: m. ée: f. *Made into bread.*
Paneterie: f. *A Pantrie.*
Panetier: m. *A Pantler.*
Panetiere: f. *as* Paneterie; *alſo, a Shepheards ſcrip; or the bag, or poke, wherein he puts his victuals.*
Panets, & Panetz. *as* Panaiz.
Paneux: m. euſe: f. *Bready, or full of bread.*
Panic: m. *The Graine called Panick, and Indian Oatmeale.*
Panic domeſtique. *Ordinary Panick.*
Panic ſauvage. *Wild Panick; fit onely to ſeed birds.*
Panicault: m. *The hundred-headed thiſtle, field Eringus, Levant ſea-Holme, Champion ſea-Holly.*
Panicault marin. *Sea-Holme, ſea-Holly, ſea-Hulver, Eringus.*
S'en aller frotter le cul au panicault. *To ſpend time idly, lazily, fooliſhly, or vainly.*
Panice: f. *A ſuddaine, and madding feare, which comes without any apparent, or knowne, cauſe.*
Panicle: f. *A little loafe.*
Panier: m. *A Pannier, or Doſſer; alſo, a Pedlers pack; alſo, a faſhion of Trunke made of Wicker covered with the hairie fell of a calfe; much in uſe among the journeying, and warfaring Lords of France, and carried by paires, on either ſide of a horſe one.*
Panier à veſſes: C'eſt le Cul.
Anſe de panier. *An Hemycicle, or halfe-circle.*
Les plus meures du panier. *Look* Meur.
Le pis du panier. *The worſt of the matter.*
Ses paniers ſont pleins. *She is ſped, ſhe is poopt, her panniers be full.*
Chier dans le panier pour le mettre ſur la teſte. *To diſgrace, or diſpraiſe a thing, the ſooner to obtaine it; or, kindly to entertaine what he hath formerly contemned.*
Adieu paniers vendanges ſont faittes. *(Appliable to any thing whereof we have no further uſe.)*
A chaſque mercier ſon panier; Prov. *Every one is to ſupport, or looke unto, his own charge.*
Chaſque mercier priſe ſes aiguilles, & ſon panier; Prov. *Every Pedlar thinks well of his pack.*
Petit mercier petit panier; Prov. *See* Mercier.
Qui fait corbeille il fait panier; Prov. *He that can doe, or hath done, one thing, is the apter, or likelier, to do another.*
Qui ſe meſle d'autruy meſtier il trait ſa vache en vn panier; Prov. *He that meddles with another mans Trade, milkes his Cow in a Pannier, viz. loſes his profit, and undoes himſelfe.*
Paniere. Pain de paniere. *See* Pain.
† Panifice: m. *Bread-making; the Trade of a Baker; alſo, bread.*
† Panifier. *To make, or bake, into bread.*
Panil. *as* Panic.
Panilliere: f. *The Gryne.*
Panique: com. *Diſtraught with cauſeleſſe feare.* ¶ Rab.
Paniz. *Look* Panic.
Pannader. *A horſe to praunce, curvet, or bound. Look* Se Pennader.
Pannades: f. *The curvettings, prauncings, or boundings of luſtie horſes.*
Panne: f. *A skinne, fell, or hide; alſo, a naturall ſpot on the face.*
Panne de bois. *(Is particularly) the piece of timber that ſuſtaines a gutter between the rooſes of two fronts, or houſes.*
Panne de greſſe. *A leafe of fat.*
Panne de ſoye. *Stuffe (made of ſilke;) and particularly, Shag, Pluſh, or unſhorne Velvet.*
Mettre en panne. *The wind to take a ſhip upon the Stayes; or, as* Bouter vent en penne. *See* Penne.
Panneau. *as* Paneau; *alſo, a young Peacock; alſo, a large Net, or Toyle.*
Pannetier. *as* Panetier.
Pannetiere: f. *as* Panetiere; *alſo, the dewlap, or bricket of an Ox, Cow, &c.*
Pannicule: m. *A little clowt; alſo, the skinne wherein a child lies wrapped in the wombe.*
Pannicule charneux. *The membrane which conducts the veſſels throughout the skinne of the whole body.*
Panniere. Pain de pan. *See* Pain.
Pannilliere. *as* Panilliere.
Pannonceau: m. *A Fane, or Weather-flag; alſo, a Pennon; a little flag of Taffata, having the Kings, or a Lords, Armes figured in it.*
Pannoyer vn baſton; (C'eſt le manier en la main) *to wield, or toſſe it.*
Panomphée. *Of all Nations, and Speeches.* ¶ Rab.
Panoplique: com. *Completely armed, in complete armour.*
Panoſſe. Vieille panoſſe. *An old toothleſſe hag, a naſty or beggarly beldame.*
Panouere: f. *A little Doſſer, Basket, or Pannier.*
Panoye: f. Le Ieu de la pan. *A game, or kind of wraſtling.*
Pans: m. *A kind of large impoſtumes; alſo, the Plurall unto* Pan.
Panſard: m. *A guts, gorbelly, gulch; alſo, a kind of Turbot called, a Dab.*
Panſe: f. *A paunch. Look* Pance.
Raiſins de panſe. *Raiſins of the Sunne.*
Panſer. *To dreſſe, attend, or look unto. Seek* Penſer.
Panſotte: f. *A ſmall paunch.*
Panſseron. *as* Panceron.
Panſu: m. uë: f. *Paunchy, great-bellied, full of guts.*
Pantagone: com. *Five-cornered.*
Pantagrueliſte. *A Pantagrueliſt, a merry Gretke, faithfull drunkard, good fellow.*
Pantagruellion. *Hempe.* ¶ Rab.
Pantais: m. *The Pantaſſe, or Pantais; difficultie of breathing, (in Hawkes, &c.)*
Pantarbe. *A certaine blaik ſtone which reſiſteth fire.*
† Pantarque. *See* Pancarte.
Pante. *See* Pente.
Panteine: f. *A great Net, or Toyle, uſed for the catching of wild beaſts.*

Pantelant : m. ante : f. *Panting, throbbing; beating, or breathing thicke and ſhort.*

Panteler. *To pant, or throb; to beat (alſo, to breath) ſhort and thicke, or often together.*

Panteller. *as* Panteler.

Pantharbe. *The name of an artificiall heaven, deviſed by one* Ioachas *an Indian Magician.*

Panthelement : m. *A panting, or throbbing; alſo, a puffing, or faſt-breathing; and hence (alſo) difficultie of breathing.*

Pantheologie : f. *The wholeſumme of Divinitie.*

Panthere : f. *A Panther.*

Pantherien : m. enne : f. *Of a Panther; ſpotted as the Panther; (any way) like a Panther.*

Panthiere : f. *A great ſwoope-net, or drawing net.*

Panthois. *as* Pantois.

Pantiere. *as* Panthiere (*and the better Orthographie.*)

Pantime : f. *A bundle of raw ſilke.*

Pantiſer. *To breath very faſt; to draw the breath often; to blow thicke and ſhort; or as* Pantoiſer.

Pantodiables. *All, or whole devills.* ¶ Rab.

Pantoiment : m; *A panting, or often blowing, by the ſhortneſſe of breath.*

Pantoiment tourmenter. *To vex extreamly; by extreame vexation to ſhorten the breath, or put out of breath, or make a man ſcarce able to draw his breath.*

Pantois : m. *Short wind, purſineſſe; a frequent breathing, or a difficult fetching of wind by the ſhortnes of breath; in Hawkes we call it the Pantais.*

Pantois : m. iſe : f. *Short-winded, ſtil-breathing, out of breath; purſie, ſtuffed up; breathing with difficultie, fetching wind with much adoe.*

Pantoiſer. *To breath often, or be ſhort-winded, or be out of breath; alſo, to breath with difficultie, fetch wind with much adoe.*

Pantomime : m. *An Actor of many parts in one Play; one that can repreſent the geſture, and counterfeit the ſpeech of any man.*

Pantouſle : f. *A Pantoſle, or ſlipper.*

Porter les ſouliers en pantouſle. *To tread, to weare his ſhoes downe at the beeles.*

Pantouſleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Pantoſles, fit for pantoſles.*

Pantoyer. *as* Pantoiſer.

Panurge : m. *A ſlye, craftie, deceitfull companion; an old beaten fox; one that hath experience, or hath been tampering, in moſt things; alſo, one that will meddle with, or have a flirt at, any thing.*

Pao. *as* Par; By. ¶ Gaſcon.

Paon : m. *A Peacocke; alſo, a kind of ſpeckled fiſh.*

Paon celeſte. *A wild Peacocke.*

Paon d'Inde. *A Turkie Cocke.*

Paon reveſtu. *Look* Reveſtu.

Paon terreſtre. *A tame Peacocke.*

Se Paonnader. *as* Se Paonner.

Paonneau : m. *A young Peacock.*

Se Paonner. *To brag, or ſtrout it like a Peacock; proudly to open, or diſplay his feathers; vainglorioully to boaſt of his outward parts, or faire outſide; alſo (more tollerably) to take a prettie pride in himſelfe.*

Paonneſſe : f. *A Pea-henne.*

Paonnien : m. enne : f. *Of, or belonging to, a Peacocke; Peacock-like; proud, or vainglorious, as a Peacock.*

Paour. *Look* Peur.

Paovre. *See* Povre.

Paovret. *A poor ſnake, or ſneakesby.*

Paoureuſement. *Fearefully, in great feare.*

Papacité : f. *The Papacitie, or Popedome; alſo, Papiſtrie, Poperie.*

Papafigue : f. *A Gnat-ſnapper, or Fig-eater; a daintie little bird that reſembles a Nightingale.*

Papal : m. ale : f. *Papall; of, belonging to, or like unto the Pope.*

Reverence papale. *See* Reverence.

Paparot : m. *Pap; or, a poultice.*

Pape : m. *A Pope, the Pope : (a word which howſoever it be uſed, ſignifies a father;) alſo, as* Pappe.

Pape, & puis muſnier; Prov. *Fallen from the higheſt to the loweſt eſtate; or from pompe to povertie.*

Vn bon pape eſt vn meſchant homme; Prov. *A good Pope is a wicked man.*

Papechieu : m. *A Lapwing, Teewit, blacke Plover.*

Papefit : m. *The maine courſe; that part of the mainesayle whereto the bonnets, and dablers be ſaſtened.*

Papefigue. *as* Papafigue.

Papegau. *as* Papegay.

Papegay : m. *A Parrot, or Popingay; alſo, a woodden Parrot (ſet up on the top of a ſteeple, high tree, or pole) whereat there is, in many parts of* France, *a generall ſhooting once every yeare; and an exemption for all that yeare, from* La Taille, *obtained by him that ſtrikes downe the right wing thereof (who is therefore tearmed,* Le Chevalier;) *and by him that ſtrikes downe the left wing (who is tearmed,* Le Baron;) *and by him that ſtrikes downe the whole Popingay (who for that dexteritie or good hap hath alſo the title of* Roy, du Papegay, *all the yeare following.)*

Papelard. *An hypocrite, a diſſembler; a flatterer.*

Papelarder. *To play the hypocrite; to diſſemble, or counterfeit a holineſſe; hence, falſly to collogue with; or uſe faire words, and harbour fowle thoughts.*

Papelardie : f. *Hypocriſie; or outward ſhew of religon; a counterfeiting of zeale in religion; alſo, flatterie, ſmooth villanie, falſe colloguing.*

Papelardiſe. *as* Papelardie.

Papeligoſſe. *The countrey of Butterflyes.*

Paperaſſé : m. ée : f. *Rifled; or often toſſed over, as the papers of a ſtudent.*

Paperaſſes : f. *Old, duſtie, rotten, or often rifled papers.*

Paperat : m. *A Paper-book, or Note-book.*

Papet. *as* Papin.

Papetaſié : m. ée : f. *as* Papetaſſé; *or much fumbled, or often turned over, as a bundle of written papers.*

Papetaſſé : m. ée : f. *Patched, or poorely made up with paper.*

Papetaſſer. *To patch, poorly to cloſe, weakly to ſtop or make up, as with paper.*

Papeterie : f. *A paper-Mill; alſo, a paper ſhop.*

Papetier : m. *A maker, or ſeller of paper.*

Papier : m. *Paper; alſo, the paper-plant, or paper-reed (whereof in old time paper was made.)*

Papier baptiſtere. *The Church-booke wherein Chriſtenings be recorded.*

Papiers brouillars. *waſt paper, or looſe papers, wherein things be written careleſly, diſorderly, or at randome.*

Papier iournal. *A Journall, Diary, or Day-booke; a Regiſter kept, or Commentarie written, of daily actions, or accidents.*

Papier marchand. *Browne paper (wherein Tradeſmen ſould up their wares.)*

Papiers de marchands. *Bills of Accompt, bookes of Reckoning; all ſorts of writings which paſſe through Tradeſmens hands.*

Papier raiſin. *Grape paper.*

Papier de raiſon. *A Bill of Accompt, a book of reckoning.*

Papier terrier. *A Terrier; a Court-roll, or Catalogue of all the ſeverall names, parcells, rents, and ſervices belonging to, or yeelded by, the Tenants of a manor.*

L'herbe du papier. *The great Egyptian Ruſh, whereof, in old time, paper, and leaves to write on, were made.*

Vin papier. *White Wine; (called ſo by ſome Switzers.)*

Le papier endure tout; Pro. *Paper indureth all. See* Endurer.

Papieter. *Not to eat heartily, to dally with his meat.*

Papifigue : com. *A ſcorner of the Pope.*

Papille : f. *The nipple, or teat of a womans breaſt.*

Papillon : m. *A Butterfly; alſo, a ſea-Rat.*

Le grand Papillon. *A high Bowrlet, or Hood, having on either ſide a large wing, and uſually worne heretofore by the dames of* Lyons.

Alaigre comme vn papillon. *As buxome as a Butterfly.*

Ioye de papillon; Prov. *Short, or momentarie glee; joy which hardly laſts out a Summer.*

Papillot : m. *A little Butterfly; alſo, a plague-ſore.*

Papillotage : m. *A ſpattling, or ſpettineſſe; alſo, the twinkling, gliſtening, or ſhaking of ſpangles, &c.*

Papillotant. *Shewing, or ſhaking like ſpangles; gliſtening, twinckling; alſo, beſpatling, or ſpotting.*

Papilloté. *as* Papillotté.

Papilloter. *To gliſten, twinckle, or ſhake, like ſpangles; alſo, to beſpangle, or ſet with ſpangles; alſo, to beſpattle, or ſpot with durt.*

Papillotes : f. *Spangles.*

Papillotte : f. *Thiſtle-downe, or the ſoft downe blowne from the tops of flowers by the wind; alſo, a ſpangle.*

Papillottes de boué. *Mirie ſpots, ſpatlings, bedaſhings.*

Il croit que les eſtoilles ſont papillottes. (*Said of an ignorant, and fillie gooſcap, that (as we ſay) thinkes the Moone is made of greene cheeſe.*)

Papillotté : m. ée : f. *Beſpangled; wrought, ſet, beautified, or made gariſh, with ſpangling; alſo, beſpatled, bedaſhed, ſpotted, with durt, &c.*

Papillottement : m. *A beſpangling; alſo, a beſpatling.*

Papillotter.

Papillotter. *as* Papilloter.
Papillotteux : m. euſe : f. *All-to-be-ſpangled ; gliſtening, or ſet thicke, with ſpangles.*
Papimanes : com. *Papiſts ; doters on the Pope.*
Papimanie : f. *Papiſtry ; Popiſh dotage, or, a doting on the Pope.*
Papin : m. *Pap for children.*
† Papoage : m. *Inheritance by kindred, ancient deſcent.*
Papon : m. *Pap for children.* ¶ Gaſc.
† Papoal. biens papoaux. *Which come from an anceſtor, or by deſcent.*
Papoter. *Not to eat heartily, to dally with his meat.*
Pappa. *Dad ; (an infants language.)*
Pappe : m. *Thiſtle-down ; as* Papillotte ; *alſo, the ſhort, ſoft, and hairy cotten, or downe which growes on the leaves, and ſtaulks of ſome herbs*
Paquet : m. *A packet, fardle, bundle, truſſe. Look* Pacquet.
Paqueter. *To pack, truſſe, bundle up.*
Paquette. *See* Paſquette.
Par. (*A preposition, as the Latine* Per ; *ſignifies* ;) *by, through ; of, by reaſon of ; for ; on.*
Par ainſi. *Even ſo, by this meanes, in that manner ; alſo, wherefore, or therefore, for this cauſe.*
Par cy : Par là. *This way ; that way.*
Par delà. *Seek* Delà.
Par derriere : Par deſſus. *Backward ; upward.*
Par devant. *Before ; or, in the preſence of.*
Par fois. *Now and then, ſometimes.*
Par jour & par nuict. *Both day and night, at all times and tides.*
Par luy. qui eſt à tout par luy. *That looks only to himſelfe ; or, thats wholly ſwayed by his own humors.*
Par mer, & par terre : &, par monts, & par vaux. *In town and country, every where, in all places whatſoever.*
Par tant. *On this condition ; alſo, therefore.*
Par tel ſi. *So that, on condition that.*
Par temps. *Seaſonably, in very good time, in a good houre.*
Par temps de guerre ; paix, &c. *During the war, peace, &c. or, while we had war, peace, &c.*
An par aller. *At the length.*
De par dieu ſoit. *A Gods name be it ; God proſper it, or ſend it good ſucceſſe.*
De par moy. *By my meanes, or at my intreaty ; alſo, from me ; as in,* Ditez luy de par moy : *whence alſo,* voilà des lettres de par voſtre femme ; *ſent from your wife.*
De par le Roy. *By the Kings appointment, commandement, or authority ; from the King ;* (*an ordinary clauſe in the Proclamations made, and letters written, in his name ;*) *alſo, with the King ; as,* Il a tant de grace, & faveur de par le Roy. *The King favours him ſo much, he is ſo gracious in his eyes.*
Parabande : f. *The raile that runs along on a rank of Balliſters in a Terrace, &c.*
Parable : com. *Eaſie to be got, or come by ; ſoon obtained, quickly recovered, ready at hand.*
Parabole : f. *A Parable, ſimilitude, compariſon ; alſo, a certaine crooked line made by the cutting of a Cone, or Cylinder.*
† Parabrin : m. *A gratulation, or welcome.*
Parachevé : m. ée : f. *(Fully) atchieved, diſpatched, performed ; accompliſhed, finiſhed, concluded.*
Parachevement : m. *A (full) atchievement, performance, riddance, diſpatch ; a conſummation, accompliſhment, abſolute concluſion or end.*
Parachever. *(Fully) to atchieve, execute, performe, diſpatch ; finiſh, conſummate, accompliſh, make an abſolute end of.*
† Paraclitique : com. *Defamed, ill-reported of, that hath an ill name.*
Parade : f. *A (boaſting) apparance, or ſhew ; a bravado, or vaunting offer ; alſo, a ſtop on horſeback.*
Paradis : m. *Paradice, Heaven ; a garden, or place, of perfect delight ; a heaven on earth.*
Graine de paradis. *The ſpice called, Graines.*
Oiſeau de paradis. *A certaine Egyptian bird, whoſe feathers dazle, by their gliſtening luſtre, the eyes of ſuch as behold her ; alſo (another) white-bellied, and red-legd bird, thats bigger then a Heron, and beaked like a Parrat ; many alſo call the Indian* Mammuque Oiſeau de Paradis.
Pomme de paradis. *An excellent ſweet apple that comes of a Pearmayn graffed on the ſtock of a Quince ; ſome alſo call ſo our Honnymeale, or S. Johns apple.*
Paradoxe : f. *A Paradox ; a ſtrange, and odd conceit, or aſſertion, which differs from the common-received opinion.*
Paradoxique : com. *Paradoxicall, ſtrange, odd, againſt common opinion.*
Paraté, & Parater. *as* Paraphé & Paraphet.
Paraſernal. *Seek* Paraphernal.
Parage : m. *Kindred, parentage, linage ; alſo, equality of birth, or in blood ; alſo, copaycenery, or partition of land among (noble) brothers, or ſiſters ; (uſed onely where homage is due, and ceaſes after the fourth degree.)*
Haut parage. *Look* Haut-parage.
Tenir en parage. *To hold part of a fief, as a coheire, or copaycener ; or, younger brothers to hold of their elder by homage, and fealty ; which is therefore due unto him, after partition, becauſe hee does homage unto the Lord Paramount both for their parts, and his own.*
Parageau : m. *A younger brother, who by partition enjoyes part of the land deſcended from his anceſtor.*
Parager : m. *A copaycener ; or, as* Parageau.
Parageur : m. *The eldeſt brother ; who by cuſtome hath been forced to give equall ſhares of his anceſtors land unto his younger brethren.*
Paragon : m. *A paragon, or peereleſſe one ; the perfection, or flower of ; the moſt compleat, moſt abſolute, moſt excellent peece, in any kind whatſoever ; hence alſo, a Pattern, or Touchſtone whereby the goodneſſe of things is tried.*
Paragonner. *To paragon ; equall, match, or compare with ; alſo, to examine, or try the goodneſſe of a thing, by comparing it with other (excellent) things.*
Paragraphe : m. *A Paragraffe, or Pill-crow ; a full ſentence, head, or title of the (civill) Law ; as much as is comprehended in one ſentence, or ſection.*
Parin : m. *A Godfather ; a ſurety in Baptiſme.*
Paralelogramme. *A Paralelogramme, or long Square.*
Parallele : m. *A paralell ; an equall diſtance (as) in lines, or circles.*
Paralleles. *The circles, and lines in the Sphere, drawn (with equall diſtance in every part) from the Eaſt to the weſt, and having one of the poles for their center.*
Parallele : com. *Paralell, equally diſtant aſunder.*
Paralogizer. *To reaſon captiouſly, argue deceitfully, conclude falſely ; to reaſon againſt reaſon.*
Paralyſie : f. *The Palſie.*
Herbe de paralyſie. *The Cowſlip, or Oxſlip, called alſo Palſiewort, and petty Mullein.*
Paralytique : com. *Sick of, or troubled with, the Palſie.*
Parangon. *as* Paragon ; *whence ;*
Pierre de parangon. *A Touchſtone.*
Parangonneux : m. euſe : f. *Full of compariſons.*
Paranniſer. *To perpetuate. See* Perenniſer.
Paranymphe : m. *An Orator, who a little before the commencement of Doctors, &c. makes a publique ſpeech in commendation of their honeſty, and ſufficiency ; alſo, an overſeer, or an aſſiſtant in the overſight, or ordering, of Bridall buſineſſes.*
Parapet : m. *A Parapet, or wall breaſt-high ; or defence, in form of a Penthouſe, on the upper part of a Rampier.*
Paraphe : f. *The flouriſh, or peculiar knot, or mark ſet unto, or after, or inſtead of, a name in the ſigning of a Deed, or Letter ; and generally, any ſuch graceſull ſetting out of a mans hand, or name in writing ; alſo, a ſubſignature, or ſigning under.*
Paraphé : m. ée : f. *Flouriſhed ; graced or ſigned with a pretty mark, or knot ; alſo, ſubſigned ; written, or ſigned under.*
Parapher. *To flouriſh in writing ; to grace, or beautifie the hand, or name, with pretty knots ; to ſet a peculiar mark, or knot unto, or after, or in ſtead of, a name in the ſigning of a Deed, or Letter ; alſo, to ſubſigne, to write or ſigne under.*
Paraphernal. Biens paraphernaux. *The goods which a wife brings her husband over and beſides her dowry, or marriage mony ; as her bedding, linnen, garments, jewels, &c.*
Paraphernes. *as* Biens Peraphernaux.
Paraphraſe : f. *A Paraphraſe ; an expoſition that holds the ſenſe, but changes the words, of the thing expounded.*
Paraphraſte : m. *A Paraphraſt, or Paraphraſor ; one that expounds a Text by other words then it is written in.*
Parappel. *as* Parapet.
Paraſangue : f. *Thirty furlongs ; or (about) three, and three quarters, of our miles ; a Perſian meaſure.*
Paraſceve : f. *A preparation, or preparing.*
Iour paraſceve. *Good Friday among Chriſtians ; among the Jewes any Friday ;*

when

when they commonly provide all things neceſſary for the day following, their Sabbath, whereon they are forbidden all work.

Paraſeline : f. *A falſe Moon, or apparance of a Moon.*

Paraſite : m. *A Paraſite; a trencher friend, or belly-friend; a ſmell feaſt, and buffoon at feaſts; a clawback, flatterer, ſoother, ſmoother for good chear ſake.*

Paraſol : m. *as* Ombrelle.

Paraſtates : f. *The conduits, or paſſages whereby the ſeed gocs from the kidneyes in the act of generation; or, two kernels which grow at the end of the bladder, and receive the ſeed brought unto them by* Vaſa deferencia; *alſo, ſtones ſet to, or about, a pillar.*

Paraſtre : m. *A ſtep-father, a father in law.*

Paravant. *Before, heretofore, in former times.*

Parc : m. *A Park; a Cloſe, Ground, or Place impaled; alſo, a Sheep-fold; alſo, a Stue, or Fiſh-pond incloſed.*

Vn parc d'arbres. *A Copſe, or Coppice; an impaled, or incloſed grove of trees.*

Chaſtrer le parc. *Look* Chaſtrer.

Parcage : m. *A Park, or Incloſure; alſo, an incloſing; alſo, a foulding (as of Sheep;) alſo, a Pound; or as* Parchage.

Parce que. *Becauſe that, for as much as.*

Parcelé : m. ée : f. *Peece-mealed; cut, or made, into parcels.*

Parcelle : f. *A parcell, particle, peece, little part.*

A parcelles. *By degrees, by little and little.*

Par parcelles. *Particularly, by parcels, peecemeal, one peece after another.*

Parchage : m. *Impoundage, or an impounding; alſo, as* Parcage.

Parchemin : m. *Parchement.*

Parchemin innocent. *Look* Innocent.

Parchemin vierge. *Parchment made of an abortive ſkin.*

Parcheminerie : f. *Parchment-making; alſo, the ſtreet, or place, wherein Parchment is ſold.*

Parcheminier : m. *A Parchment-maker.*

Parciere. Terres baillées à par. *Let out into parts, or for part of their crop.*

Parcion. *A coparceners portion.*

Parcité : f. *Parcity, ſparing, ſcantneſſe, neerneſſe, frugality, thrift, ſaving; nigardlineſſe.*

Parçon. *as* Parcion.

Parçonnier : m. *A cobeire, or coparcener.*

Parcoulé : m. ée : f. *Strained through.*

Parcouler. *To ſtraine through.*

Parcourir. *To run through.*

Parcours : m. *Cuſtome, uſage, ancient proceeding in points of commerce between the Towns, or Countries of ſeverall Lords.*

Bourgeois de parcours. *Freemen of the Iuriſdiction of* Sens *in the marches of* Campaigne, *who by a bare challenge may advow themſelves to be alſo the Kings freemen.*

Parcreu. *as* Parcru.

Parcroiſſant : m. ante : f. *Waxing ripe, approaching to perfection; alſo, growing among.*

Parcroiſtre. *To ripen, or make an end of growing; to wax perfect, or come to it full pitch; alſo, to grow among.*

Parcru : m. uë : f. *Full-grown, throughly ripe, mellow, fluſh; come to perfection, or to a full pitch; alſo grown, or ſprung up among.*

Pardé. *as* Par Dieu. ¶ Poiſtevin.

Pardigoince : f. (*The name of*) *a great, and delicate Plum.*

Pardil. *A dark ſpotted gray colour of a horſe.*

Pardon : m. *Pardon, forgiveneſſe, remiſſion; (a Pardonne par lettres ſcelées ſur double queuë en cire iaune, & au cas qui requiert punition corporelle autre que de mort. ¶ Ragueau.) wherein it differs from our Pardon ſome way, and from the French* Remiſſion *every way.*

Les pardons. *The Popes Pardons.*

De grand (ou petit) peché grand (ou petit) pardon; Prov. *Great offences need great pardons; little faults are ſoon forgiven.*

Pardonnable : com. *Pardonable, forgiveable.*

Pardonné : m. ée : f. *Pardoned, forgiven, remitted.*

Pardonnement : m. *A pardoning, remitting, forgiving.*

Pardonner. *To pardon, forgive, remit a fault, releaſe a debt, hold excuſed of.*

Pardonne à tous mais à toy point; Pro. *Pardon all men but thy ſelf; or, pardon other mens offences, but puniſh thine own.*

† Pardonnigere : m. *A Pardon bearer; one that carries, and makes ſale of, the Popes Pardons, up and down the country.*

Pardormir. *To ſleep ſoundly, to take a long, or full ſleep; to take his penniworths of the pillow; or, to finiſh, or ſleep out, his ſleep.*

Pardurable : com. *Look* Perdurable.

Paré : m. ée : f. *Gracefully dreſſed, dight, arraied; ordered, or furniſhed; decked, adorned, garniſhed; alſo, hanged with Tapeſtry; alſo, warded, or defended from a blow, &c. and ſhrowded, or ſheltred, under; alſo, pared, as the hoofe of a horſe.*

Pomme parée. *Ripened in ſtraw, &c. made mellow by art.*

Vin paré. *Wine that is fined, Wine thats ready to be drawn, or drunk.*

Quand la Meſſe fut chantée ſi fut la dame parée; Prov. *By that time Maſſe was done, hee Ladiſhip was dreſſed.*

Pareade : f. *A certaine fiery-coloured, quick-ſighted, and wide-mouthed Serpent, not very venomous.*

Pareage. *as* Parage; (*an old word*)

Pareatis. (*The Concluſion of a peremptory Warrant, or Injunction; like unto our*) *Hereof faile ye not, &c.*

Pare-coup : m. *A ward-blow; or, any thing that ſerves to keep off, or put by, a blow.*

Parée. Droict de parée. *Look* Droict.

† Parefrenier. *as* Palfrenier.

Pareil : m. *A match, or fellow, in Gloves, Cuffes, Shooes, &c.*

Qui n'a point ſon pareil. *A paragon; that hath not his match, that hath no peer.*

Pareil : m. eille : f. *Like, equall, even, or matching with, mutuall, ſemblable.*

La pareille. *Like for like, as much for as much, one for another.*

Chaſque oüeille cerche ſa pareille; Pro. *Every ſheepe her mate doth ſeek; fools take no comfort but in company.*

Pareillement. *Likewiſe, in like manner, ſemblably, after the ſame faſhion, juſt ſo, even ſo, alſo.*

Parelie : f. *A falſe Sun, or apparance of a Sun.*

Parelle : f. *The herb Docke, or the ſharp-pointed Dock; alſo, Patience, Monks Rhubarbe; (a kind thereof.)*

Parelle grande. *The great ſharp-pointed Dock.*

Parelle de marais. *The great water-Dock, or Sorrell, called alſo water Sorrell, and horſe Sorrell.*

Parelle petite. *Ditch Dock, the ſmall water Dock.*

Parelle pointuë. *The (ordinary) ſharp-pointed Dock.*

Parement : m. *A decking, tricking, garniſhing, adorning; a comely dreſſing, a graceſull dighting; handſome furniſhing, orderly arraying; alſo, Arras, Tapeſtry, or any coſtly Hangings; alſo, a warding, or defending, in fight; alſo, a ſhrowding, or ſheltering under; alſo, a paring (of a horſes hooſe;) alſo,* Vne ſorte de chair rouge qui vient par deſſus la venaiſon des deux coſtez du corps d'un cerf.

Chambre de parement. *The chamber of Preſence.*

Lict de parement. *A womans childbed; alſo, a bed of State, or, a great Sparver bed, that ſerves only for ſhew, or to ſet out a room.*

Muraille à deux paremens de pierre de taille. *Having two courſes of, or covered on both ſides with, free ſtone.*

Parence : f. *as* Pature (*in the laſt ſence.*)

Parenniné. *Look* Perennité.

Parenſus. Vn par. *A ſurpluſage, overplus, remainder.*

Le parenſus. *The before-named.*

Parent : m. *A kinſman, couſin, allie.*

Parent de Moyſe. *A Cuckold. Looke* Moyſe.

Parens ſans amis, Amis ſans pouvoir, Pouvoir ſans vouloir, Vouloir ſans effect, Effect ſans profit, Profit ſans vertu, ne vaut vn teſtu; Prov.

Aſſez parens aſſes tourmens; Prov. *Many kinſmen much affliction.*

Qui a mal aux dents a mauvais parents; Prov. *He that is paniſhed hath but ill friends.*

Parentage : m. *Parentage, kindred, affinity, alliance.*

Parentage d' hanetons. *Kindred intertained for ſome lecherous reſpect. Seek* Haneton.

Parenté : f. *A parentage; linage, bloud, ſtock, family, kindred; alſo, affinity, conſanguinity, neereneſſe of bloud.*

Bonne amitié ſeconde parenté; Prov. *A found friend is a ſecond kinſman.*

Parentelle : f. *Kindred, affinity, conſanguinity, alliance.*

Parentheſe : f. *A Parentheſis.*

Parer. *To deck, tricke, trimme, garniſh, adorn, dreſſe comely, dight gracefully; furniſh handſomly, order decently; (alſo, to prepare, or provide ſufficiently;) alſo, to hang richly, as a room with Arras; alſo, to ward, or defend a blow; whence;*

Parer l'eſcu aux coups de; *to oppoſe his ſhield againſt the blowes of; alſo, to pare the hoofe of a horſe.*

Se parer de. *To cover, ſhrowd, or ſhelter himſelfe under.*

Parer le drap. *To dreſſe, or ſmooth cloth with cards made of Tazles.*

Parer l'enfiſſeure à taire toile. *To ſtarch the yarn whereof the Linnen cloth is to be made.*

Pater du fruict ſur paille. *To ripen, or mellow fruit in ſtraw.*

Il para ſa maſſe. *Hee charged, or lift up, his club.*

Parez vn heriſſon il ſemblera baron ; Prov. *Trick up an Vrchin he will ſeem a Baron ; good apparrell (as Love) covers many a fault.*

Parergue : m. *An addition, appendix, acceſſe ; a thing put unto, though no part of, the matter ; any thing that is beſides the principall queſtion, point, or purpoſe in hand.*

Pareſol, *as* Ombrelle.

Pareſſe : f. *Sloath, lazineſſe, idleneſſe, lithernеſſe, loytering, ſluggiſhneſſe, languiſhing negligence.*

Pareſſer. *To laze it, ſlug it, loyter, live idly.*

Pareſſeuſement. *Sloathfully, lazily, moſt idly.*

Pareſſeux : m. euſe : f. *Sloathfull, ſluggiſh, lazie, lither, loytering, moſt negligent ; (and hence) alſo, dull, ſlow ; cold, unluſty, languiſhing.*

Le pareſſeux aime bien beſongne faicte ; Prov. *The ſluggard loves alſe things done to his hand.*

Iamais dormeur ne fit bon guet, ny pareſſeux ne fit beau faict ; Prov. *The ſleepy head, and ſloathfull hand, watch, and work, ill alike.*

Paret : m. *A wall.* ¶ Langued.

Paretoine : m. *A certain fatty Painters white.*

Pareure. *as* Parure.

Parfaict : m. ɛte : f. *Perfected, performed, accompliſhed, conſummated, finiſhed, fully made or done up ; alſo, perfect, complete, excellent, abſolute, ſingular.*

Parfaictement. *Perfectly, completely, excellently, abſolutely.*

Parfaire. *To perfect, performe, conſummate, accompliſh, finiſh, end fully, goe through-ſtitch with, make or doe up throughly.*

Mal fait qui ne parfait ; &, Rien ne fait qui ne parfait ; Prov. *He does but ill, or as ill as nothing, who leaves a work before he ends it.*

Rien n'eſt bien faict que ce que Dieu parfait ; Prov. *Nothing's well done which God hath not a hand in.*

Parfaiſeur : m. *A perfecter, accompliſher, finiſher, through-doer ; a ſure card ; a performer of what he undertakes.*

Parfiler. *To ſpin all, or ſpin throughly.*

Parfin. à la parfin. *At length, at laſt, in the end, when all is done, when al comes to all.*

Parfois. *Sometimes, now and then.*

Parfondeur : f. *Profundity.*

Se Parforcer. *To labour, ſtrive, indeavour throughly ; to attempt ſeriouſly, to doe his beſt or utmoſt.*

Parfournir. *To performe, conſummate, accompliſh, fulfill ; alſo, to ſupply, furniſh, fill, or make up.*

Parfum : m. *Perfume, ſweet odour.*

Parfumatoire : com. *Perfumatory, perfuming ; uſed in, or for, perfumes ; whence ;* Canon parfum. *See* Canon.

Parfumer. *To perfume ; to ſweeten, to give a delicate ſent or ſmell unto.*

Pargoys. Couſteau pargoys. *A paltrie little childs knife.*

Parguarir. *To cure ſoundly, heale throughly.*

Pariage : m. *Equality, correſpondency, matching ; a due and juſt exchange, equall termes, like for like, one for another.*

Droict de pariage. *Look* Droict.

Parier. *To bet, lay, ſtake downe, at game ; alſo, to breed, ingender, beget, or bring forth, young.*

Parietaire : f. *Pellitory of the wall.*

Parietaux : m. (*The name of*) *two bones, which be in the upper, and forepart of the ſkull.*

Pariſien : m. enne : f. *Pariſien, of* Paris ; *whence ;*

Matines Pariſiennes. *The Maſſacre of* Paris.

Pariſis. *Of* Paris ; *after the Pariſien faſhion, or computation. Seek* Livre, & Sol.

Parité : f. *Paritie, equality, evenneſſe, likeneſſe.*

Parloire : f. *Pellitory of the wall.*

Parjure : com. (Subſt.) *A perjurer, or perjured perſon, a forſworne wretch.*

Parjure : com. (Adject.) *Perjured, oath-falſifying, abſolutely forſworne.*

Parjurement : m. *Perjury, forſwearing, oath-falſifying, faith-breaking.*

Se Parjurer. *To forſweare himſelfe ; to violate faith given ; to breake, or falſifie his oath.*

Parlant : m. ante : f. *Speaking, talking, uttering his mind.*

Parlé : m. ée : f. *Spoken, uttered, talked, diſcourſed of.*

Parlement : m. *A ſpeaking, talking, diſcourſing ; reaſoning, arguing ; a parleying, communing, conferring, converſing with ; alſo, a ſupreme, or ſoveraigne Court, or Seſſion, of Juſtice, eſtabliſhed in eight capitall Cities of* France, *viz.* Paris, Grenoble, Tholoſe, Dijon, Rouën, Aix, Renes, & Bordeaux. (*In old time, and when there was but one of theſe Courts, it followed the King whither ſoever he went, untill* Philippes de Valois, (*or, as ſome affirme,* Loys Hutin) *ſetled it, and made it ordinary, in* Paris ; *after which, other Princes, at ſeverall times, eſtabliſhed the reſt. Before, and about that time,* Tenir le parlement *was as much as* Tenir les Eſtats (*or to hold a Parliament in* England) *is at this day.*)

Licts de parlement. *Beds that be ſtuffed with Cheſtnut leaves ; called ſo of the confuſed noiſe yielded by them when they be ſtirred, or ſtird on.*

Parlementer. *To parley, conferre, commune, talke, diſcourſe with.*

Parlementerie : f. *A parley, or parleying, a conference, a communication.*

Parler : m. *Speech, talke, language, utterance, words.*

Beau parler n'eſcorche langue ; Prov. *Look* Eſcorcher.

A beau parler cloſes oreilles ; Prov. *For gloſing words well-cloſed eares.*

On cognoiſt les balles aux marques des marchands, & les ames au parler ; Prov. *As packes by markes, ſo wits by words, are knowne.*

Parler. *To ſpeake, talke, declare, ſay, tell, utter the minde ; to commune, parley, reaſon, conferre, diſcourſe, converſe.*

Parler à ſa barrette. *To talke roughly unto, expoſtulate roundly with, tell plainly of errours committed, or injuries done.*

Parler bien à. *To heat, vex, chafe, mad with words.*

Parler de quelqu'un en bonne, ou mauvaiſe bouche. *To commend, or diſcommend.*

Parler brutif. *To ſaulter, maffle, famble ; to ſpeake as one that hath plummes in his mouth.*

Parler deſſous la ceincture. (*A faſhion of ſpeech peculiar unto cheating priſoners.*)

Parler à cheval. *as under* Cheval.

Parler entre les dents. *To mutter, murmure, mumble up his words ; to ſpeake like a Mouſe in a Cheeſe.*

Parler doulcement à. *To ſooth, flatter, ſmooth, cog, or collogue with ; make faire weather, or give good words, unto.*

Parler par eſcot. *To ſpeake by turnes, to heare one another ſpeake.*

Parler gros. *To ſwagger, threaten, ſpeak big, uſe bugs words ; alſo, to rore ; to thunder.*

Parler Latin. *See* Latin.

Parler Latin devant les Cleres, ou Cordeliers. (*We ſay the ſame*) *to ſpeak Latine before Clerkes.*

Parler livre. *To ſpeake profoundly, or beyond the underſtanding of ordinary men ;* (*Ironically.*)

Parler par livre. *To ſpeake by booke ; a Preacher, or Orator to read the moſt of his Sermon, or Oration.*

Parler en maiſtre. *To command, appoint, bid, injoyne, controule.*

Parler comme vn oiſeau en cage. *To babble, prattle, tattle, chatter, to talke idly ; to uſe many words to very ſmall purpoſe.*

Parler à taſtons. *To gueſſe, or harpe at, to ſpeake at randome, or onely by conjecture.*

Parler à traicts. *Look* Traict.

S'eſcoutant parler comme vn porc qui piſſe. *Hearing himſelfe diſcourſe with the deliberation which a Hog doth uſe in piſſing.*

Il ſçait aller, & parler. (*Said of an induſtrious, diſcreet, cunning, and comely perſon.*)

Qui a ſi parle. *He that hath any game let him ſhew it ; (A phraſe at Primero, &c.)*

A peu parler bien beſongner ; Prov. *Lets have fewer words, and more deeds ; or, good deeds are (commonly) diſpatched in ſweſt words.*

Hardiment Parle teſte ſaine ; Pro. *The ſpeech of the innocent is confident.*

Il ne parle pas au Roy qui veut ; Prov. *Everie one hath not the Kings eare at command.*

Mieux vaut ſe taire que mal parler ; Prov. *Better a ſilent, then a ſenceleſſe, tongue.*

Quand d'autruy parler tu voudras regarde toy, & te tairas ; Prov. *Let him that meanes to tax another, examine himſelfe, and then he will be ſilent.*

Qui ne parle n'erre ; Prov. *He that ſpeakes not, erves not.*

Qui tient boutique, doit parler à chaſcun ; Pro. *He that keepes ſhop muſt ſpeak to every one.*

Qui

Qui veut bien parler bien doit pourpenſer ; Prov. *Let him premeditate, that meanes to ſpeake, well.*

Trop grater cuict, trop parler nuict ; Prov. *Exceſſe, in ſcratching breedeth ſmart, in ſpeaking mightie ſcathe.*

Parlereſſe. Langue par. *A long tongue, or prattling tongue ; a tongue that never lyeth.*

Parlerie : f. *A prattling, tattling, babbling, talking.*

Parleur : m. *A ſpeaker, talker, diſcourſer.*

† Parlier ; m. *A pleader, Imparler ; Atturney.*

Parlier : m. ere : f. *Speaking ; in, of, or belonging unto, ſpeech.*

Parlire. *To read over, to read through.*

Parloer. *as* Parloir.

Parloir : m. *A Parlour ; alſo, the Roome out of which Nunnes doe ſpeake (through an Iron grate) unto the lay people that come unto them.*

Parloire. *A prattling, or idle diſcourſe.*

Parlouër : m. *A Parliament, or Aſſembly of Eſtates ; a publick conference.*

Parlouër aux bourgeois. *An Aſſemblie, Meeting, or common Counſell of Citizens (tearmed ſo in old time.)*

Parmentier : m. *A Taylor.* ¶ Pic.

Parmeſan : m. *An inhabitant of* Parma *(in Italie ;) alſo, the cheeſe Parmeſan (made at* Parma.)

Parmi. *or* Parmy. *Among, through, in the thickeſt of.*

Parnage. *as* Paſnage ; *Pawnage.*

Parnombrer. *To number throughly, count all through, reckon all over, tell all out.*

Paroccir. *To kill outright, make a full end of, rid out of paine, diſpatch out of the way.*

Parodelle : f. *A kind of Cheeſe-cake.*

Paroi. *as* Paroy.

Paroice. *A Pariſh. Look* Paroiſſe.

Paroir : m. *A Farriers paring-knife, or paring Iron.*

Paroir. *To appeare, or be ſeene ; to peepe out, as the day in a morning, or the Sun over a mountaine ; to ſhew, preſent, or manifeſt himſelfe.*

Paroiſſe : f. *A Pariſh.*

Manches de deux paroiſſes. *Sleeves of two pariſhes ;* viz. *whoſe upper part is of one kind of ſtuffe, and the nether of another.*

Paroiſsien : m. *A Pariſhioner.*

Parole : f. *A word ; a tearme ; alſo, a ſpeech, or ſaying.*

Avoir la parole fort bonne. *(Uſed, to ſignifie not ſo much eloquence, as gracefullneſſe, of ſpeech ;) to ſpeake out plaine, or without ſtammering ; to goe ſmoothly, run glibly, paſſe roundly, on.*

Donner parole. Il avoit ſecrettement donné parole au Roy. *He had underhand offered the King his ſervice ; or had aſſured him that he would be for him.*

Humer la parole. *Seek* Humer.

Des paroles ils vindrent au poil. *From threats they came to effects ; from the ſpending of breath to the ſpilling of bloud.*

Les paroles ſont le jeu ; Prov. *Words make the game ; Oxen by ropes, but men by words, are bound.*

Les parcles ne puent point ; Pro. *(Bare) words have no ill ſavour.*

Les paroles du ſoir ne reſemblent pas à ceiles du matin ; Prov. *The evening chat is not like the mornings tattle.*

A paroles lourdes ſourdes oreilles ; Prov. *Let the eares be deafe when words grow rude ; harſh tearmes are moſt unworthy of attention.*

Bonne parole bon lieu tient ; Prov. *A good word hath great acceptation ; good language brings it wellcome along with it.*

Douce parole n'eſcorche langue ; Pro. *Seek* Doux.

Douce parole rompt grand ire ; Prov. *Fell Spleene is quailed by faire ſpeech.*

Longues paroles ſont les iours courts ; Pro. *Long diſcourſes make ſhort dayes.*

Meſchante parole iettée va par tout à la volée ; Pro. *A bad word quickly flyes abroad ; a bad report ſet once on foot, ſpreads farre.*

Meſchantes paroles ont meſchant lieu ; Prov. *Bad words find bad acceptance, or are hardly intertained.*

A bon iour bon oeuvre, & bonnes paroles ; Prov. *Good workes, and words, are fitteſt for good dayes.*

Parolette : f. *A little word, or ſpeech, but a word or two.*

Parolle. *as* Parole.

Paron. *A damme ; an old one that hath young ones.*

† Parons. *as* Parens ; *Kinſfolks.*

Paronnel. *The name of a Peare whereof good Perrie is made.*

Paronychie : f. *Whitlo-graſſe, Nayle-wort (a weed.)*

Paroximique : com. *Of, or in, the fit of an ague.*

Paroxiſme : m. *The returne, or fit, of an ague.*

Paroy : f. *A wall.*

Parpaie : f. *A full payment, or the reſt of a payment.*

Parpaigne : f. *A pillar, buttreſſe, or ſupporter of ſtone-workes, ſerving to beare up a beame, or ſummer in a wall.*

Parpaillon. *as* Parpillon.

Parpaing. *as* Parpaigne.

Parpayer. *To pay throughly, ſoundly, all.*

Parpeine. *as* Parpaigne.

Parpillon : m. *The little fiſh called a Shrimp.*

Parpilloxes : f. *Spangles, or Oes.*

Parpin : m. *A great lumpe of ſtone, unſquared, or newly cut out of the Quarrey.*

Parquage. *as* Parcage.

Parqué : m. ée : f. *Parked, foulded ; impaled, incloſed, hedged, or hemmed in ; alſo, planted, ſet downe, fixed, or ſetled in a place ; alſo, ſtrongly incamped.*

Parquer. *To parke, fould ; impale, incloſe, hedge or hemme in ; to compaſſe about with pales ; hedges, walls, &c. alſo, to ſojourne, or ſtay long, in a place.*

Se parquer. *To plant, ſet downe, or ſettle themſelves ; to pitch their campe, and incloſe it with ſtrong defences.*

Il ſe parque bien. *He defends himſelfe exceeding well.*

Parquet : m. *A little Parke, or place impaled ; alſo, the Barre, or Incloſure of a Court of Juſtice ; ſometimes alſo, the Court it ſelfe ; and ſometimes, the Houſe, or Hall, wherein tis kept.*

Parquet de jardin. *A Bed, or Border in a Garden.*

Parquetages : m. *Foulds of Hurdles for Sheepe ; alſo, Parkes, or impaled grounds ; and particularly, ſmall peeces of Salt-marſhes, whereinto the ſea water is by Salt-makers let, of purpoſe to be kept untill the heat of the Sunne have congealed it.*

Parquoy. *Why ? wherefore ? alſo, therefore, for this, or for which, cauſe.*

Ie ne t'ay fait, ne dit le parquoy tu me doives faire ce que tu me fais. *I have given you ſmall cauſe to uſe me thus.*

Parrain : m. *A Godfather.*

Parrafine : f. *Stone-Roſin.*

Parricide : com. *A Parricide ; a murtherer of his owne father ; alſo, any hainous murtherer.*

Parricider. *To murther his owne father ; alſo to commit any hainous, or unnaturall murther.*

Parrin : m. *A Godfather.*

Parrodelle : f. *as* Parodelle.

Parroquet. *as* Perroquet.

Parſervir. *To ſerve throughly ; to ſerve long and well ; whence ;*

Mal ſert qui ne parſert ; Prov.

Parſimonie : f. *Parſimonie, ſparing, thrift, good husbandrie.*

Parſonnier : m. *A Partener, or Coparcener.*

Parſoy. à parſoy. *Apart, alone, by himſelfe ; alſo, from him, by his intreatie or meanes.*

Part : m. *A Birth, or bringing forth, as of children ; the fruit of a womans wombe ; any brood, or litter.*

Part : f. *A part, ſhare, portion, peece ; a joynt, limme, quarter ; alſo, a partie, or ſide ; alſo, a place, coaſt, or country.*

A part. *Apart, aſide, out of the way, out of high wayes ; alone, in private, ſecretly, by himſelfe.*

Se retirer à part. *To retire, or withdraw himſelfe ; to get him out of all company.*

De ſa part elle eſt pucelle. *For all him, or for any thing he hath done, ſhe is a maid.*

En bonne part. Il a le cœur aſſis en bonne part. *There is great metall, good ſtuffe, much vertue, in him.*

Quelque part. *Somewhere, ſomewhither ;* Quelque part que. *whereſoever, or whitherſoever that.*

Faire la part au plus eſloigné ; ou, au plus ieune. *To make one but a very ſleight ſhare, to give him what he liſt himſelfe, or nothing ſo much as his due.*

L'homme qui a de l'art poſſede ſa part ; Prov. *The skillfull gets a ſhare in every thing.*

Qui n'y eſt n'y a ſa part ; Pro. *He thats not there, gets nothing there.*

Partage : m. *A partage, partition, or parting ; a ſharing, dividing, or diviſion.*

En matiere criminelle n'y a partage. Id eſt, paribus numero ſententijs ea ſuperat quæ pro reo facit ; *or,* Æquo ſententiarum numero reus abſolvitur.

Partageable : com. *Partible, dividable.*

Partager. *To part, ſever, divide, ſhare out.*

Partant (Partic.) *Parting, departing, going from.*

Partant. *Therefore, on this condition.*

Parterre : m. *A floore ; alſo, a plaine cloſe, or any even plot, or peece of ground ; and*

hence, a Garden, or the part of a Garden, which consists of beds, and borders of herbes, and flowers, without any tree among them.

Parti : m. *A match, bargaine, condition, or offer conditionall*; *and hence*, a marriage, a husband or wife; and a meanes, fortune, estate; also, a partie, or side.

Prendre parti. *To bethinke himselfe, to pawse upon*; *to be advised, or take deliberation, in a matter.*

Tenons nous en parti avec le ciel. *Let us hold quarter, or continue our league, with heaven*; *let us hold with religion, cherish devotion, keep God on our side.*

Parti : m. ie : f. *Parted, divided, severed, distinguished*; also, *gone, departed.*

Procez parti. *The Court divided in opinion.*

Partiaire : com. *In parts, for parts, of parts.*

Campagne partiaire. *A Commons, or common Field, (wherein every commoner is stinted.)*

Compagnie partiaire. *Companie ingaged together*; *or whereof every one hath a share in the particular suite, or businesse managed by them.*

Mestayer partiaire. *A Farmer which is to yeeld his Landlord a certaine part of the fruits gotten in his Farme.*

Partial : m. ale : f. *Solitarie, private, retired, unsociable, all for himselfe*; also, *partiall, unequall, factious, more affected to one then another.*

Partialiser. *To partialize it*; *to side, bandie, be partiall, or factious*; *to take parts.*

Partialité : f. *Partialitie, unindifferencie, siding, factiousnesse*; also, *a faction.*

Participant : m. *A partner, partaker, or sharer with*; *a complice, companion, associate, confederate, accessorie, adherent.*

Participant : m. ante : f. *Participant, partaking*; *or sharing with*; *adherent, or adhering unto.*

Participe : m. *A Participle (in Grammer.)*

Participer: *To participate, share, communicate with*; also, *to partake, or take part with, or take the part of*; *to adhere, or cleave unto.*

Participial : m. ale : f. *Participiall*; *of, or belonging to, a Participle.*

Participialement. *As a Participle.*

Particularité : m. ée : f. *Particularized, particularly mentioned*; *severed, shared, distinguished.*

Particulariser. *To particularize*; *to make peculiar, or private*; *to distinguish, or sever from others*; *to name specially, to mention particularly.*

Particularité : f. *A particularitie*; *a speciall, private, peculiar, or odd, thing.*

Particulier : m. ere : f. *Particular, private, peculiar, proper, ones owne*; also, *distinct, severall, speciall*; *odd, singular.*

Particulierement. *Particularly, specially, peculiarly*; *singularly*; *distinctly, severally.*

Partie : f. *A part, share, portion*; *peece, joint, member*; also, *a partie, side, faction*; *and a match, or set, at game*; also, *a bargaine, or contract*; also, *a partie, client, or Suter in Law*; also, *an Advocate, or Counsellor at Law*; also, *an Accompt*; *or a head, or summe, in an Accompt.*

Parties. *Parts, conditions, qualities*; also, *a Taylors Bill.*

Parties casuelles. *Many made of the sale of Offices*; also, *(but lesse properly) all casualties, as Escheats &c. and casuall forfeitures, as fines upon penall Statutes, forfeitures by unlawfull Vsurie, &c.*

Partie civile, & tormée. *He that pursuts a criminall action, only, in respect of, or to get some amends for, the wrong done to himselfe.*

Partie civile, & interessée. *The same.*

En partie. *Partly, in part, not altogether.*

Prins à partie. *Sued, accused, or called in question*; *opposed, withstood, or undertaken, as an Adversarie.*

Il plaidoye beau qui plaidoye sans partie ; Pro. *He fairely pleads that finds no Adversary.*

Vne partie ne'est point le tout; Prov. *A part is not the whole*; *a peecing no perfection.*

Partiere. *as* Partiaire.

Partiment : m. *A parting, dividing, sundering, severing*; also, *a parting, or departing.*

Partir. *To part, sunder, divide, sever*; also, *to part, depart, remove, or go from.*

Partir le gasteau. *See* Gasteau.

Partir de la main. *To part from the hand, to set or put on, freely*; *(a Riders phrase.)*

Partir les oreilles. *To beare both sides.*

Partir du poing. *A Hawke to covet freely*; *or goe from the hand as soone as she spies her game.*

Le chanteau part le vilain. *See* Vilain.

Ce n'est pas tout de courir, il faut partir à temps; Pro. *A cause must be as well begunne seasonably, as followed seriously.*

Partisan : m. *A partner, partaker*; *associate, confederate*; *accessorie, adherent.*

Partissement : m. *as* Partiment.

Partisseur : m. *A parter, divider, sharer, distributor, severer, sunderer.*

Partizant. *as* Participant.

Part-prenant : m. *A partaker, sharer*; *contributor, in a charge to be payed, or service to be yeelded*; *a purchasor that so contributes*; *and hence*;

Tenir comme part-prenant. *A purchasor to hold part of a* Fief *by contribution with others in the charge, or duties, whereto the whole is lyable.*

Partroublé : m. ée : f. *Extreamely troubled, molested, vexed, annoyed, perplexed.*

Partroublement : m. *An extreame trouble, or sore troubling.*

Partuer. *To kill outright.*

Party. *Look* Parti; also, *a departure, or departing*; *a parting, or going away.*

Parvenche. *as* Pervenche.

Parvenir. *To atchieve, attaine, arrive, or come unto*; *also, to chieve, thrive, come up, or come forward in the world.*

Parvis : m. *The Porch of a Church*; *also (or more properly) the utter court of a Palace, or great House.*

Parvité : f. *Smallnesse, littlenesse.*

Parure : f. *A decking, tricking, trimming*; *also, array, apparell, attire*; *also, a Liverie, or Suit of apparrell.*

Pas : m. *A pace, a step, or stride*; *a measure of two foot and a halfe*; *or (as in some places) of three and a halfe*; *or (as among the old Romanes) of five*; also, *a foot, or footing*; also, *a pace, gate, or ordinarie traine in going*; also, *a strait, narrow passage, or straith path*; *and such a passage kept by one, or moe Knights against all commers*; *and thence also, a Tournay.*

Le pas. *The strait betweene* Calis *and* Dover.

Pas d'Abbé. *Look* Abbé.

Pas d'Asne. *Fole-foot, Colts-foot, Horse-foot, Hall-foot, an herb*; also, *a fashion of a Port, or Vpset, in the mouth of a Bitt*; *also, a certaine yron ring in the forecastle of a Ship.*

Pas de cheval. *as* Pas d'Asne. *(in the first sence.)*

Pas de Clerc. *A foolish trick, simple part, grosse oversight, fond pranke.*

Pas d'escreviſsi, *A recoyling*; *a going, or giving back.*

Pas Geometrique. *A sadome*; *or five feet, of foure handfulls to the foot.*

Pas de larron. *See* Larron.

Pas de Lion. *Lions foot, Lions paw, great Sanicle, our Ladies mantle.*

Le pas de la mort. *The path of death*; *a step unto it, or the point of it.*

Trois pas, & vn saut. *The Almond, or Alman, leape.*

Vn pas, & vn saut. *A Pace, and a Leape*; *a Manage, or Ayre in Horsemanship, termed otherwise, the Passasalto, a Gallop Galliard.*

Lettres de pas. *Passes, or Passports.*

Vn faux pas. *A slip, or misse, in footing*; *and hence, a fault, error, or mistaking*; *also, a false, or hollow peece of ground that sinkes under a mans foot as he goes.*

Mauvais pas. *Ill way.*

Plus viste que le pas. *Exceeding fast, or as fast as his legs would carrie him.*

Aller à pas menu. *To goe nicely, tread gingerly, mince it like a maid.*

Aller le pas. *To pace, or goe a foot pace, to walke faire and softly, or faire and leisurely.*

Courir en deux pas vn saut. *To runne speedily, swiftly, in hast, apace.*

I'auray fait en deux pas & vn saut. *I shall have dispatched in a trice.*

Entamer le pas. *To begin, or breake the ice*; *to lead the way, or the dance*; *to make an entrie, or overture, unto.*

Fermer le pas à. *To stop the way, to interrupt or stay the proceeding of.*

La Mort l'attend à deux pas pres. *Death is at his elbow, within an inch of him, readie to seize on him.*

Passer le pas. *To goe the way of all flesh*; *to dye.*

Plaindre ses pas. *Look* Plaindre.

Tailler le pas à. *as* Entamer le pas. *To begin unto.*

Pas à pas le bœuf prend le lievre; Pro. *Step after step the Oxe doth catch a Hare*; *by diligence, and continuance in a direct course the dullest wit comes to great knowledge.*

Pas à pas on va bien loing; Prov. *Step after step goes farre.*

Pas. *(A particle that ever inforces, or addes weight unto, a Negative;) not at all, no way possibly, by no manner of meanes.*

Non pas? *Art thou not? is it not? are we not? &c.*

Pascage : m. *Grasing, feeding, or pasturing of Cattell.*

Pascal. *as* Paschal.

Pas-

Paſchal : m. ale : f. *Paſchall; of, in, or belonging to, the feaſt of Eaſter.*
L' Agneau paſchal. *The Paſchall Lambe; or the Paſſeover.*
Paſchier : m. *A Paſture Ground; or a Ground thats fit, or ſerves, for nought but the paſturing of cattell*
Paſcrit : m. ite : f. *Faded, diſcoloured, dried, out of ſeaſon.*
Paſle : com. *Pale, wan, bleak, whitiſh.*
Les paſles couleurs. *The green Sickneſſe.*
Couleur paſle. *The decayed, vaded, or imperfect yellow colour of Box-wood, &c.*
Paſlement. *Palely, wanly, bleakely.*
Paſleur : f. *Paleneſſe, wanneſſe, lewneſſe, bleakneſſe, whitiſhneſſe.*
Se Paſlir. *To wax pale, wan, bleak.*
Paſmaiſon : f. *A Cramp; or, as* Paſmoiſon.
Paſmé : m. ée : f. *Fallen in a ſwoon.*
Vn Dauphin d' argent paſmé. *Hariant (in Blaſon.)*
Se Paſmer. *To ſwoon; to fall into a traunce, or ſwoon.*
Paſmoiſon : f. *A ſwoon, or ſwounding; a traunce (cauſed by an extream cramp, or convulſion.)*
Paſnage : m. *Pawnage; Maſtage; the money received, or profit made, by the Lord of a Forreſt for the Agiſtement, or feeding of Swine with the Maſt, or (wherein our pawnage commeth ſhort, and the French is not generall) of Cattell with the herbage, thereof.*
Paſque, ou Paſques. (*The feaſt of*) *Eaſter.*
Paſques cloſes. *Rogation Sunday.*
Paſque fleurie. *Palm Sunday.*
Paſque de foles. *The ſame.*
Devoir de Paſques *A Lamb at Eaſter, due unto the Curates of ſome places from every Sheepmaſter within their Pariſhes.*
Oeufs de Paſques. *Paſt-egges; egges given to children at Eaſter.*
Donner des oeufs de Paſques à toutes reſtes. *To thwack ſoundly.*
Faire paſques. *To communicate; or, to receive the Sacrament.*
Se faire marchand de poiſſon la vieille de Paſques; &, ſe faire poiſſonnier la vigile de Paſques. *To enter into a courſe, or undertake an action, in an unfit, or unſeaſonable time.*
Paſques long temps deſirées ſont en vn iour toſt paſſées; Pro. *The long-deſired Paſſeover is in a day paſt over.*
Apres Paſques, & Rogatons fy de preſtre, & d'oignons; Pro. *Look* Oignon.
'A Noel au perron, à Paſques au tiſon; Pro. *At Chriſtmas in the Sun, at Eaſter by the fire.*
Paſquerages. *Paſtures, or paſture grounds.*
Paſquenade : f. *A Parſenip.*
Paſquerages, & Paſqueraiges. *as* Paſchiers.
Paſquerette : f. *A little Daiſie.*
Paſques. *Look* Paſque.
Paſquette : f. *A Daiſie.*
Paſquil. *as* Paſquille; *or, as* Paſquin.
Paſquille : f. *A Paſquill; a Libell clapt on a Poſt, or Image.*
Paſquin : m. *The name of an Image, or Poſt in Rome, wherton Libels and defamatory Rimes are faſtened, and fathered; alſo, as* Paſquille.
Paſquis : m. *Paſtures, or paſture grounds.*
L' Oiſon n'eſt pas digne de monſtrer les paſquis à l'oye; Prov. *Look under* Oiſon.

Paſſable : com. *Paſſable, tollerable, indifferent, currant enough; alſo, which may be travelled through, or paſſed over.*
Paſſablement. *Paſſably, tollerably, indifferently, reaſonably, meanly, ſo ſo.*
Paſſade : f. *An almes, benevolence, or intertainment given by, or to, a paſſenger; alſo, the manage for combat, or ſouldiers manage; a galloping, or managing of a horſe forward, and ſuddainely backe the ſame way; any courſe backward, and forward.*
La mer ſe manie à paſſades. (*A ſpeech whereby the ſwift courſe of the flowing, and ebbing of the ſea, on the Sandes, or Waſhes, is meant.*)
Prendre la paſſade. *To refreſh himſelf, in a long journey, at a friends houſe, or elſewhere.*
Paſſadoux : m. *An Arrow.* ¶ Gaſc.
Paſſage : m. *A paſſage, a ſtrait; a way, path, pace, courſe; a paſſing, a gate, going, or winding; alſo, a paſſage, entry, or comming to a place; alſo, a paſſe, paſport, ſafe-conduct, or licence given for the free paſſage, travell, or tranſportation of; alſo, a peece, clauſe, text, place of, or paſſage in, a book; alſo muſicall diviſion, or warbling; and (in Riding) a limitted pace of ſchool either forward, or backward.*
Faulcon de paſſage. *A Paſſenger.*
Lettre de paſſaſſe. *A Paſſe, or paſſe-port, &c.* (*as in* Paſſage.)
Haut paſſage. *An Impoſition of* vij d. *in the pound upon Woolls, Clothes, Linnen, Canvaſſes, and other ſuch merchandizes.*
Faire le paſſage. *To prepare fruit (which is to be preſerved) for the receiving of Sugar, by boyling it in cleer water, untill it be ſo tender that a pin pricked into it cannot fetch it up any height, or hold it up any while.*
Paſſager : m. *A Ferryman; alſo, a paſſenger, traveller, way-faring man.*
Paſſager : m. ere : f. *Tranſitory, paſſing, ſhifting, flitting, uncertaine, unſteady, removing often, ever changing places, moſt giddie, alwaies gadding up and down.*
Colombe paſſagere. *A Pigeon thats bred between a tame, and a wild one.*
Faulcon paſſager. *A Paſſenger.*
Nef paſſagere. *An ordinary Paſſage-boat, or Ship.*
Paſſager. *To paſſe, proceed, run, or go on; to flit, remove often, ever be ſhifting of aboad, alwaies be gadding up and down.*
Paſſager, & varier la voix. *To warble, or divide in ſinging, &c.*
Paſſageur : m. *A Ferryman.*
Paſſagier. *as* Paſſager.
Paſſant : m. *A paſſenger, traveller, wayfaring man.*
Paſſans. *Paſſengers, &c. alſo, the rings through which the cords of a Caveſſon paſſe.*
Les paſſans d'un boucle. *The two holes of a buckle.*
Paſſant : m. ante : f. *Paſſing, going, winding, travelling along; alſo, ſtraining; alſo, paſſant, currant, very tollerable.*
En paſſant. *Sleightly, lightly, curſorily, accidentally, by the way.*
Paſſature : m. *A ſtrayning; alſo, the thing thats ſtrayned.*

Paſſé : m. *Time, accidents, occurrences, or things, paſt.*
Paſſe : f. *A Hen Sparrow; alſo, as* Paſſerille; *alſo, the rack of a Croſſe-bow; alſo, the Iron Goale, or Arche, at* Palemaille.
Paſſe de bois. *The little brambling, or mountain Spink.*
Paſſe de Canarie. *A Canary bird.*
Paſſe ſolitaire. *A little black-brown Owſell (or bird like an Owſell) thats ever alone, or if in any company, with Sparrowes, among ſtone walls, or on the tops of houſes, where ſometime ſhe ſingeth prettily.*
Arbaleſtes de paſſe. *The greateſt ſort of (rack-bent) Croſſe-bowes.*
Biais paſſe. *A bias gate, or doar, termed ſo by workmen.*
Paſſé : m. ée : f. *Paſt, paſſed, gone; ſurpaſſed, exceeded; overſlipt, omitted; overgone; alſo, tranſported or ferried, carried or conveighed over; alſo, ſtrained through; alſo, decayed, or ſpent, faded, withered, wrinckled, in the wane, paſt the beſt; alſo, deceaſed, departed; quite vaniſhed away.*
Paſſé par les armes. *Shot to death; or, executed by paſſing the pikes.*
Ie ſuis paſſé. *I am gone, or overcaſt, I have thrown over, at Bowles, &c.*
On s'en fut bien paſſé. *One might have been without it very well.*
Paſſe-caille : m. *See* Cailles.
Paſſe-chevaux : m. *A Horſ-boat.*
Paſſe-dix. *Such a Game as our Paſſage.*
Paſſe-droict : m. *A reſignation, or grant of right; alſo, a courteſie or favour done, a gift or ſalary beſtowed, beyond merit, or above ones due.*
Il m'a faict vn grand paſſe-droict. *He takes not of me the extremity of Law, he hath dealt very kindly with me.*
Paſſée : f. *A paſſage, courſe, paſſing along.*
La paſſée. *A manner of catching little birds, by ſticking lyme-twigs, and placing live birds in cages, among the boughs of trees, purpoſely ſet up, or ſuch as uſually they paſſe by.*
Les paſſées d'un Cerf. *His rack, or paſſages; the places which he hath gone through, or by.*
Les paſſées du mois. *The diſburſements for Court-Acates omitted, and not ſet down, untill the laſt day of the moneth.*
Paſſefilé : m. ée : f. *Curled, frizled, entrammelled, as oat-drawn locks of hair.*
Paſſe-fillons : m. *Small eare-locks, or curled locks drawn out on either ſide; hence, any frizled locks, or entrammeled tufts of haire.*
Paſſefillonné : m. ée : f. *as* Paſſefilé.
Paſſe-fin : m. *Excellent fine cloth.*
Paſſe-fleur : f. *The Paſſeflower, baſtard Anemone, or Windflower; alſo, red or purple Camomill, red Maths, Roſe ruby, Adonis red flower; called* Paſſe-flower *by the Tranſlator of* Dodonæus.
Paſſe-martel de temps. *A merry ſport, or paſtime, wherewith time (in a time of cares) is driven away.*
Paſſement : m. *A paſſing, pacing, going; an overpaſſing; a tranſporting, a carrying, or conveying over; alſo, a ſtraynyng through; alſo, a lace, or lacing.*
Paſſement de teſmoings. *An examination of witneſſes.*
Paſſementé : m. ée : f. *Laced.*

Paſſementer. *To lace.*

Paſſementier : m. *A Lace-maker, a Silke weaver.*

Paſſe par-tout. Vn p. *A reſolute fellow ; one that goes through-ſtich with every thing he undertakes ; one whoſe courſes no danger can ſtop, no difficultie ſtay.*

Vne paſſe-par-tout. *A double key, that opens all the doores in the Court.*

Paſſe-paſſee : f. *Hey paſſe, repaſſe ; a jugling tricke, or tearme.*

Paſſe-pied : m. *A caper, or loſtie tricke in dauncing ; alſo, a kind of dance, peculiar to the youth of* La haute Bretaigne.

Paſſe-poil : m. *A ſnipped, or jagged welt of Taffata, &c. in a garment.*

Paſſe-pomme : f. *The pome-paradice, Honny apple, or hony-meale ; (an apple thats quickly ripe, and quickly rotten.)*

Paſſe-port : m. *A Paſſe, Paſſe-port, or Safe-conduct.*

Elle a ſon paſſe-port. *She hath ſomewhat about her that makes her way wherſoever ſhe goes ; (Said of a light, and wandring huſwife.)*

Paſſe-porte : f. *A bill of lading.*

Paſſe-prouëſſe. *Paſſing valiant, exceeding valorous, very courageous.*

Paſſer. *To paſſe, wend, goe, walke on afore ; to proceed, or hold on a courſe ; alſo, to flit, remove, depart from ; alſo, to ſurpaſſe, overgoe, over-runne, over-reach, overtop, overgrow, ſurmount, exceed, excell ; alſo, to paſſe, let goe, ſuffer, give way unto ; and, to forget, omit, overſlip ; runne ſleightly over ; alſo, to tranſport, convey, or carrie over ; alſo, to ſtraine through ; alſo, to decay ; fade, wither ; deceaſe ; vaniſh away.*

Se paſſer. *Whence ;* Il ſe paſſe à peu de choſe. *He is contented, he maketh ſhift, he doth well enough, he can well enough away, with a little :* &, De cela ie ne puis paſſer. *I can by no meanes want it, I cannot be without it ;* &, Il a des biens pour ſe paſſer. *He hath goods enough to rub on, or to ſerve his turne, with.*

Paſſer par l'arc S. Bernard. *To be betrayed, or to betray himſelfe.*

Paſſer la capriole. *To cut a caper.*

Paſſer ſa cholere. *To digeſt his choler, to coole himſelfe.*

Paſſer vne coche. *To drive a coach.*

Paſſer condemnation. *See* Condemnation.

Paſſer ſon droict. *To alien, paſſe, part with, forgoe, give over, his right.*

Paſſer ſon envie. *To ſatisfie his longing.*

Paſſer l'eſponge ſur. *To deface, raſe, or blot out.*

Paſſer par le fil de l'eſpée. *To kill, ſlay, ſlaughter, murther, maſſacre.*

Paſſer fortune. *To eſcape, or avoid, a misfortune.*

Paſſer par la feneſtre. S'ils ne veulent paſſer par là qu'ils paſſent par la feneſtre. *If they refuſe, or will none of that, let them take worſe and ſpare not.*

Paſſer pluſieurs choſes par vn Fidelium. *Haſtily to ſhuffle, or huddle up many things together ; to ſlubber, or ſleightly run over, a buſineſſe.*

Paſſe ſans flux. *Not a pinne matter ; let goe ſeeing it will be no better.*

Paſſer par là. *Seek* Là ; *or,* Paſſer par la feneſtre.

Paſſer en ligne de compte. *To reckon, make account, or give allowance, of.*

Paſſer oultre. *To tip up the heeles, to die.*

Paſſer tout oultre. *To paſſe, or proceed on ; to goe through ; alſo, to ſurpaſſe, overpaſſe, overgoe.*

Paſſer le pas. *To goe the way of all fleſh, to die.*

Paſſer le pied ſur la gorge à. *To tread under his feet contemptuouſly, or conqueror-like.*

Paſſer par les piques. *Look* Pique.

Paſſer la plume par le bec à. *To pull a boyes pen through his lips ; and thence, to abuſe, or uſe like a child ; alſo, to amuſe, delay, drive off, by triflìng pretences, or fond, and over-familiar tricks.*

Paſſer procuration. *To grant, yeeld, agree, or give conſent, unto ; alſo, to appoint an Atturney, or make a letter of Atturney unto.*

Paſſer le Rubicon. *To undertake a great, or hazardous exploit.*

Paſſer le temps. *To ſpend his time pleaſantly, merrily, contentedly ; to paſſe his dayes in all fullneſſe of ſenſuall contentments ; to take his full eaſe ; to ſtudie, or follow nothing but his delights.*

Vous l'euſsiez fait paſſer pur le trou du chat. *You might have made him crept through the Cat-hole.*

Tout paſſe par ſes tripes comme par le cul du ſinge. *Nothing is too hot, or too cold for him ; nothing doth come amiſſe unto him.*

Aſſez fait qui fortune paſſe, & plus encor qui putain chaſſe ; Pro. *Look* Fortune.

Le bon heur toſt ſe paſſe qui n'en a ſoing ; Prov. *Good lucke unheeded quickly ſlips away.*

Quand le chou paſſe le cep le vigneron meurt de ſoif ; Pro. *When the Cabbadge growes faſter then the Vine, there will be a great dearth of Wine.*

Qui paſſe vn iour d'hyver, il paſſe vn de ſes ennemis mortels ; Pro. *A mortall foe he ſcapes who ſcapes a Winters-day.*

Qui a des noix il en caſſe, & qui n'en a il s'en paſſe ; Pro. *(Appliable to ſuch indifferent things as we can both ſpend, and ſpare.)*

Semelles, & vin paſſent chemin ; Pro. viz. *Rid way apace.*

Paſſerage. *Dittander, Dittanie, Pepperwort.*

Paſſerage ſauvage. *Cuckoe-flowers, Ladies ſmockes, the leſſe water Creſſe.*

† Paſſerat : m. *A Sparrow.*

Paſſereau : m. *A Sparrow ; (eſpecially the cock ; whence the Proverbe ;)*

Paſſereaux, & moineaux ſont de faux oiſeaux. *Cocke Sparrowes and (young) Monkes are (much of a diſpoſition) ſhrewd lechers.*

Paſſerelles. *as* Paſſerilles.

Paſſerille. Raiſins paſſerillez. *Dried, and made Raiſins of the Sun.*

Paſſerilles : f. *Raiſins of the Sunne.*

Paſſerin : m. ine : f. *Sparrow-like, of, or belonging to, a Sparrow.*

Langue paſſerine. *The fruit of the Aſh, called Aſhen keyes, or Kite keyes.*

Paſſe-roſe : f. *The Paſſe-roſe, or Paſh-roſe ; (a great flower.)*

Paſſeteau : m. *A little Sparrow.*

Paſſe-temps : m. *Paſtime, ſport, game, recreation, ſolace, delight.*

Paſſe-velours : m. *Flower gentle, Velvet-flower, Flower-amour, Flower valure ; (whereof there be divers kinds.)*

Paſſe-velours branchu. *The branched Flower gentle ; which yeelds a white ſeed, whereas all other kinds have a black one.*

Paſſe-velours jaulne. *The Gold-flower, Gods flower, yellow or golden Steccados, the golden Flore-amour ; alſo, a kind of Marigold thats as big as a Roſe, but without any manner of ſent.*

Paſſe-vent. *(An Epithite for a horſe) ſwifter then the wind.*

Paſſevolaut : m. *The Artillerie called a Baſe ; alſo, a hireling whom a Captaine, on Muſter dayes, foiſteth into his companie ; and generally, any ſuch skipjack, or baſe nimblesbie.*

Paſſeur : m. *A Ferrie-man, or profeſſed tranſporter of things over a river.*

Paſſibilité : f. *Paſſibilitie, ſuffering.*

Paſſif : m. iue : f. *Paſſive, ſuffering ; alſo, cauſing paſſion, or perturbation.*

Dettes paſſives. *Debts owed, or due by us, unto others.*

Paſſion : f. *Paſſion, perturbation, trouble, or affliction ; alſo, a motion, diſpoſition, inclination, or affection, of the mind ; alſo, an accident, or ſymtome concurring with ſome diſeaſe to the offence, or diſtemperature, of the bodie ; whence ;*

Illiaque paſſion. *Looke* Illiaque.

Nephretique paſſion. *A paine in the reines, proceeding from a ſtone, or gravell reſiding therein.*

Nulle maiſon ſans paſſion ; Prov. *No houſe without ſome humor.*

Paſſionné : m. ée : f. *paſſioned, paſſionate, perturbed, much diſtempered, or troubled in mind ; off the hinges, almoſt diſtraught, well-nigh beſides himſelfe.*

Paſſionnément. *Paſſionately, paſſionedly.*

ſe Paſſionner. *To grow paſſionate, or impatient ; to diſtemper, afflict, or diſtract himſelfe by immoderate paſſion.*

Paſſionnérement. *Paſſionately.*

Paſſon : m. *A Poſſet.*

Paſſules : f. *Raiſins.*

Paſt : m. *A meale, repaſt, refection, feeding ; alſo, meat, victuals, food.*

Le paſt nuptial. *See* Nuptial.

Paſté : m. *A pie, or paſtie ; alſo, a packe (laid) at cards ; alſo, a blurre, ſcraule, pothooke, or ill favoured whim-wham, in writing.*

Paſté en pot. *Minced meat boyled in a pot with a little broth, and hard yolkes of eggs, untill it be halfe conſumed.*

Il a diſcouvert le paſté. *He hath found out the myſterie.*

Crouſtes de paſtez valent bien pain ; Prov. *See* Crouſte.

A celuy qui a ſon paſté au four on doit donner de ſon tourteau ; Prov. *Give of thy pie to him that hath a paſtie ; doe good to him thats able to requite thee.*

Paſte : f. *Paſt, or dough.*

De bonne paſte. *Of a good humor, or gengle diſpoſition ; an honeſt, and harmeleſſe merrie fellow.*

De groſſe paſte. *Clumchie, churliſh, clownish; of rude, homely, or dull ſtuffe.*
Ils ont toute la paſte entre leurs mains. *They have got all into their fingers; they have ingroſſed all implements; the diſpoſition of all reſts in their hands.*
Entrer en la paſte iuſques aux coudes. *To enter, or ſtep farre, into an act, or buſineſſe.*
Mettre la main à la paſte. *To aſſiſt, or ſet a helping hand unto.*
Porter la paſte au four. *See* Four.
Rebeluter la meſme paſte. *To re-examine, or often to diſcuſſe, one matter.*
Rendre paſte pour fougaſſe. *To yield a tick for a tacke, a Fill for a Jacke; to returne a man as good ſtuffe, or meaſure, as he brings.*

Paſtel: m. *Diers Woad (of a finer ſort then that which is called* Guejde; *alſo, (the herb of whoſe leaves tis made) garden woad. See* Gueſde.
Paſtel ſauvage. *wild Woad; Woad that comes up of it ſelfe in grounds wherein the garden Woad hath been ſowne; (The tranſlator of Pliny cals a kinde of wild Lettuce that growes in woods* Paſtel ſauvage.)

Paſtenade: f. *The garden Carrot, or a root like a Carrot (moſt commonly) of a bloud-red colour; and ſometimes of a yellow, but that by Art; ſome Authors alſo call the Parſenip thus.*
Paſtenade jaulne. *The yellow garden Carrot.*
Paſtenade rouge. *The red, or blacke-Carrot.*
Paſtenade ſauvage. *The wild Carrot, called Birdsneaſt.*

Paſtenague. *as* Paſtenade. ¶ Langued.

Paſtenaille: f. *as* Paſtenade; *or, more properly, a Parſenip.*
Paſtenaille ſauvage. *The wild Parſenip, or Madnip.*

Paſtenaque: f. *The Forke-fiſh; a kind of Scate which hath in her taile an indented, and venomous prick, or ſting; alſo, as* Paſtenade.

Paſteur. m. *A Paſtor, or Shepheard; one that governes, or takes charge of, a flock.*
Aiguille de paſteur. *Shepheards-needle; an herb whereof there be three kinds. Look* Aiguille.
Bourſe de paſteur. *Shepheards-purſe, Shepheards-pouch, Pick-puſe, Toywood, or Toywort, poore mans Parmacetie, Cooſe-weed, or Caſe-weed.*
'Amoi paſteur le loup chie laine; Pro. *A gentle Paſtor makes the Wolfe cacke wooll.*

Paſteux: m. euſe: f. *Doughie; clammie, as bread which is dough-baked; ſoft, or yielding, as dough.*

Paſticerie. *Look* Paſtiſſerie.

Paſticier. *as* Paſtiſſier.

Paſtilles: f. *Little lumpes, or loaves of wood, &c.*

Paſtin: m. *Paſt, or, a little piece of paſt, or of dough.*

Paſtinage: m. *Paſt; or paſt-meat, ſtuffe made of dough, or paſt.*

Paſtir. *See* Patir.

Paſtis: m. *A paſture ground (not incloſed, nor of the better ſort, but as our common, or waſt, whereon cattell do but barely live;) alſo, paſture, or feeding for cattell.*

Paſtiſſage: m. *A making, or baking of pies, or paſt-meats.*

Paſtiſſer. *To make pies, or paſt-meats.*

Paſtiſſerie: f. *(All kinde of) pies, or baked meates; paſterie worke; alſo, the making of paſt-meats.*

Paſtiſſier: m. *A paſterer, or pie-maker; alſo, a maker of paſt-meats.*
Il a paſſé par devant l'huis du paſtiſſier. *He is a wretcheſſe, or carcleſſe fellow.*
Meſtier n'avons de paſtiſſier roigneux: Pro. *Better no pies then pies made with ſcab'd hands.*

Paſton: m. *A maſh of meale for a horſe; alſo, a certaine paſt, or mealy ointment that comforts, or ſtrengthens his hoofe; alſo, the peece of leather wherewith the toe of a ſhooe is lined.*

Paſtophores: m. *Sacred Prieſts, reverend Prelates (among th' auncient Ægyptians.)*

Paſtoral: m. ale: f. *Paſtorall, Shepheardly, rurall.*
Baſton paſtoral. *as* Verge à berger; *eſpecially, water Plantaine.*

Paſtorat: m. *A Paſtorall Office, or charge.*

Paſtoreau: m. *A young, or meane Paſtor.*

Paſtoureau. *as* Paſtoreau; *or, a Paſtor.*
Si ſouhaits fuſſent vrais paſtoureaux ſeroient Rois; Prov. *If wiſhes might ſucceed poore men would Princes be.*

Paſtourelle: f. *A Shepheardeſſe.*

Paſtre: m. *as* Paſteur.

Paſturable: com. *Paſturable; which may be turned into, or put unto, paſture; which may be fed on.*

Paſturage: m. *Paſturage; a paſture ground; alſo, a grazing, feeding, paſturing in, or eating of, paſture grounds.*
Vain paſturage. *as* Vaine paſture; *or, an eating thereof with cattell.*

Paſture: f. *Paſture, graſſe, fodder, grazing, forrage; meat, food, nouriſhment, ſuſtenance, refection, feeding.*
Paſture de chameau. *Camels hay, Squinant.*
Vaine paſture. *Medowes whoſe hay, arable ground whoſe corne, is got in; held ſo from S. Remies day unto mid* March; *alſo, waſt grounds; and generally, any ground thats not incloſed, or lies unfenced, and hath neither ſeed in, nor fruit upon, it.*
Vive paſture. le temps de la vive paſture. *Is from* Michaelmas *to Saint* Andrewes-tide; *or ſeeding-time in corne grounds, and the ſeaſon of pawnage or Agiſting of ſwine in woods (which by our Law is to begin at* Holy-rood day, *and to end about* Martilmas.)
Folles femmes n'aiment que pour paſture; Prov. *Whores love no longer than they are fed.*

† Paſturement: m. *A paſturing, grazing, feeding.*

Paſturer. *To paſture, graze, feed; fodder; alſo, to eate, as grounds with cattell.*
Vain paſturer. *To turne his cattell into, or let them run in, grounds held* Vaine paſture.

Paſturier: m. *A Grazier.*
Vſagiers vain paſturiers. *Which have the privilege to eate with their cattell grounds held* Vaine paſture.

Paſturon. *as* Paturon.

Patache: f. *A Pinnace.*

Pataſt: m. *A tack, clap, knock, flap, ſtamp.* ¶ Gaſc.

Pataſſe: f. *The ſize of bread allowed by Authority.*

Pataſſerie: f. *Fopperie, footerie, idiotiſme, idle triſling.*

Pataque: f. *A Neapolitane coine worth 100 Quadrins.*

Pataraſſe. *Look* Petaraſſe.

Patare: m. *A Low-countrey coine worth a* Sol Tournois; *or the* Stiver, *five whereof amount unto* 6 d. ſterl.

Pataut: m, aute: f. *Groſſe, corpulent, bigge, fat.*

Pate: f. *as* Patte; *alſo, a plate, or band of iron, &c. for the ſtrengthning of a thing.*

Paté: m. ée: f. *Pawed, broad-footed, or broad at the foot; well underlaid.*

Pateade. ¶ Rab. *Look* Pareade.

Patelin: m. *A cogger, collogner, flatterer, ſoother, ſmoother; a coſſener; a prattler, or fond dallier; alſo, a Buffoone, or Vice in a play.*

Patelinage: f. *A collogning, flattering, cogging; couſening; a prattling, babbling, idle tatling; fond ſporting, or dalliance; a buffoonizing, or acting the Vice in a play.*

Pateliner. *To cog, flatter, ſooth, collogne with; to intertaine with idle chat, or vaine dalliance; to couſen, or deceive with fond-faire words; alſo, to buffoonize it, or act the Vices part in a play.*

Patelion, *as* Pateſin.

Patelle: f. *The ball, or whirle-bone, of the knee; alſo, the little ſhell-fiſh called a Lympine.*

Pateller. *To chatter, marble, or, as a young bird, record the notes ſhe would learne.*

Patellette de la teſtiere. *The head-lag; the broad piece of leather that runnes over-croſſe, or through, the top of a head-ſtall.*

Patene. *as* Patine.

Patenoſtrages: m. *Beads.*

Patenoſtre. la p. *The Pater-noſter, the Lords Prayer.*
Dire la patenoſtre à l'envers. *To curſe.*
Dire la patenoſtre du finge. *To didder, or chatter with the teeth.*

Patenoſtrier: m. *A maker, or ſeller of beads; alſo, an hypocrite, &c. as* Patinoſtrier.

Patent: m. ente: f. *Patent, wide open, diſcovered; manifeſt, evident, apparent.*

Patepelue: com. *Hairie-handed, rough-footed.*

† Paterliquer. *To play the father, to be fatherly.*

Paternel: m. elle: f. *Paternall, fatherly, of a father, of the fathers ſide.*

Paternellement. *Paternally, fatherly, father-like.*

Paternité: f. *Paternity, fatherhood; fatherlineſſe, fatherly goodneſſe.*

Pater-noſter. *as* la Patenoſtre.

Pathetique: com. *Pathetical, paſſionate; perſuaſive, affection-moving.*

Pathetiquement. *Pathetically, paſſionately.*

Pathologie: f. *That part of Phyſick which intreats*

intreats of the causes, qualities, and differences of diseases.

Pathologique : com. *Of, or belonging to, Pathologie.*

Pathonomique : f. *A necessary, and undoubted signe.*

Patible : com. *Patible, passive, sufferable.*

Patibulaire : com. *Deserving the gallowes; of, or belonging to, the gallowes.*
Fourche patibulaire. *A gibbet, or gallowes.* Look Fourche.
Iustice patibulaire. *High Iurisdiction; power to hang offendors.* Look Pilier.
Signe patibulaire. *A gibbet, or gallowes; a marke, or signe of High Iurisdiction in the owner.*

Paticier. Look Pastissier.

Paticiere : f. *A Pie-makers wife; or a woman that makes pies, or past-meats to sell.*

Patiemment. *Patiently, mildly, quietly, meekly, obediently; also, resolutely, or constantly.*

Patience : f. *Patience, long sufferance, much abiding; a constancie in bearing, a courage in induring, evill; also, meeknesse, mildnesse, quietnesse, obedience; also, as* la Patiencie.
Patience de Lombard ; Prov. *A forced patience.*
Patience passe science ; Prov. *Patience passeth science.*
Qui n'a patience il n'a rien ; Prov. *He that hath no patience hath nothing.*

Patient. *Patient; suffering, enduring, bearing, abiding; meek, mild, quiet; obedient; also, diseased, hurt, affected, afflicted.*
Au patient demeurent les terres ; Pro. *The just shall inherit the land (sayes the Psalmist.)*

Patienter. *To beare, indure, or attend with patience.*

Patientie : f. *Herb patience, Monkes Rhubarbe.*

Patin : m. *A pattin, or Clog; also, the foot-stall of a piller.*

Patine : f. *The patine, or cover of a Chalice.*

Patiner. *To handle rudely, or carelesly; or to tosse, and turne a (brittle) thing often between the fingers.*

Patinostres : f. *Beads.*

Patinostrier : m. *A Bead-maker, &c. as* Patenostrier ; *also, beads; or a string, list, or set of beads.*

se Pationner. Look se Passionner.

Patir. *To suffer, indure, beare, sustaine, abide.*
Tu en patiras. *Thou wilt surely smart, or smoak for it.*
Tel en patit qui n'en peut mais ; Prov. *Said of one thats punished for another mans fault.*

Patois : m. *Gibridge, clownish language, rusticall speech (or behaviour.)*

Patoüil : m. *A padling, dabling, flabbering; a making foule by much stirring.*

Patoüillard : m. *A padler, dabler, flabberer; one that tramples with his feet in plashes of durty water.*

Patoüillas : m. *A plash, or puddle.*

Patoüillé : f. *as* Patrouille (*in the first sence.*)

Patoüillé : m. ée : f. *Slabbered; padled, or dabled in with the feet; also, troubled, or fouled, as liquor by stirring, or by being stirred.*

Patoüiller. *To slabber; to padle, or dable in with the feet; to stirre up and downe, and trouble, or make foule, by stirring.*

Patriarchat : m. *A Patriarchie, or Patriarkship.*

Patriarche : m. *A Patriarke; a chiefe Father.*

Patriarchie : f. *as* Patriarchat.

Patrice : m. *A Senator of* Rome ; *also, a great Prince ; two whereof (sayes a French Author) a full, and absolute King is to have under him; and they two foure Dukes apeece under them.*

Patricotage : m. *wrangling, branling; idle, or unjust contention in words.*

Patrie : f. *A mans country, or native soyle; the Region, or place wherein he was born.*

Patrimoine : m. *Patrimony, birthright, inheritance, livelihood.*

Patrimonial : m. ale : f. *Patrimoniall; of, or belonging to, the patrimony, or inheritance of.*
Deniers patrimoniaux. Look Denier.
Fief patrimonial. *A Patrimoniall fief, viz. which descends, or came by descent.*

Patriot : m. *A father, or protector of the Country, or Common-wealth; also, as* Patriote.

Patriote : m. *A patriot, ones country-man.*

Patrociner. *To patrocinate, maintaine, defend, protect, support, uphold.*

Patron : m. *A Patron, Protector, maintainer, defender, supporter, upholder; also, the Master of a ship; also, the Lord, owner, or Master of a house; also a patterne, sample, example, precedent.*

Patronal : m. ale : f. *Patronall; of, or belonging to, a Patron; done in remembrance, or solemnized in honour, of a Patron.*

Patronnage : m. *Patronage; defence, protection; also, a Patronship.*
Droict de patronnage. *An Advowson; the right of Seigneury in, or of presentation unto, a Benefice; reserved by the Lord, or first giver of the glebe, thereof;* Look under Droict.

Patronner. *To make, or frame by a patterne; to make the like of; to imitate, or take example by, or follow the precedent of; also, to patronize, take into protection, avow, or allow of.*

† Patronymique : com. *Derived of the Fathers, or Ancestors names.*

Patrouille : f. *A still night-watch in warre; also, a maulkin wherewith an oven is made cleane.*
Faire la patrouille. Look Faire.

Patrouillé : m. ée : f. *Smeetched, besmeared, begrimed; also, swept, or made clean with a maulkin.*

Patrouillement : m. *A smetching, begriming, besmearing; also, a depraving; also, a sweeping with a maulkin; also, a padling, or puddering, as in the water.*

Patrouiller. *To smetch, begrime, bleach, besmeare; also, maliciously to carpe, taunt, or deprave; also, to sweep, or make clean with a maulkin; also, to paddle, or pudder in the water.*

Patrouilleur : m. *A smeecher, begrimer, besmearer; also, a malicious carper, or depraver.*

Patte : f. *The paw, or foot of a beast; also, the footstall of a pillar.*
Patte de chat. *Cats-foot, Alehoofe, Tunehoofe, ground Ivy, Gill creep by the ground.*
Patte de cheval. *Horse-foot, Colts-foot, Fole foot, Hall-foot.*
Patte de lion. *Bastard black Ellebore, Beares-foot, Setterwort, Settergrasse; also, as* Pied de lion.
Patte de loup. *The Thessalian, and love-provoking,* Catanance ; *or as* ;
Patte louvine. *Yellow, or black, Wolvesbane ; most poisonous herbs.*
Patte d'ours. *Brankursin, Beares-breech; called also by some, Beares-foot, or Bears-claw.*
Patte d'oye. *The fingers, or toes joyned together ; a deformity in some new-borne children.*
Couché à quatre pattes. *Prostrated, layed groveling.*
Marcher à quatre pattes. *To creep on all foure.*

Patté : m. ée : f. *Pawed, broad-footed.*
Croix pattée. *A crosse Pattie, or crosse Formie (in Blazon.)*

Pattepelüe. *Sesk.* Patepelüe.

Pattiner. *To fumble, or handle too much, to hurt, or disorder by much handling.*

Pattouquis : m. *The patting, or pelting sound made by anvile-beating hammers.*

Pattu. *as* Patu.

Patu : m. uë : f. *Broad-pawed, flay-footed, or large-footed.*
Naseaux patus. *Wide narrels, great nosethrils.*
Pigeon patu. *A rough-footed Dove.*

Paturon de cheval. *The pastern of a horse.*

Pau : m. *A stake.*

Pavane : f. *A Pavane.*

se Pavaner. *as* se Pavonasser.

Pavanier : m. *A Pavine-maker ; a dancer of Pavines.*

Paucher les yeux. Look Pocher.

Paucité : f. *Paucitie, fewnesse, little store, small number of.*

Pavé : m. *A pavement ; a floore layed with stone, brick, plaister, &c.*
Bateur de pavez. *A pavement-beater ; a rakehell, unthrift, loose youth, dissolute, or debauched fellow; one that walks much abroad, and riots it wheresoever he walks.*

Pavé : m. ée : f. *Paved, laid, or floored with stone, brick, plaister, &c.*

Pavement : m. *A paving.*

Paver. *To pave, to floore with stone, &c.*

Paveſade. *as* Pavoisade.

† Paveſcher. *To shield, shelter, shrowd, cover.*

Paveur : m. *A Paver.*

Pavide : com. *Timerous, feareſull ; quaking at every danger, starting at every feather.*

Pavidité : f. *Dread, feare, timerousnesse.*

Pavie : f. *A bastard Peach, or fruit like a Peach.*

Pavigeade. Look Pavoisade.

Pavillon : m. *A pavillion, tent ; or Tabernacle ; also, the flag borne by an Admirall, or commanding, ship.*
Le pavillon d'vn lict. *A Canopie for a bed ; and sometimes also, the (round) Teaster of some kind of beds.*

Pavis. *as* Pavie.

Paul : m. *Paul (a proper name ;) Set* Pol ; *also, as* Pau.

† Paulcer. *as* Pocher.

Paulé :

Paulé: m. ée: f. *Staked, or ſet with ſtakes.*
Paulle. *An Italian coine worth about* 11 d. ſterl.
Paulme: m. *as* Palme.
Paulme: f. *The palme of the hand*; *alſo, a ball*; (*and hence*) *alſo, Tennis* (*play*;) *alſo, the Palm tree.*
Paulme de Chriſt. *Kick, Ricinus, Palma Chriſti*; *an herb.*
Paulme Dieu, *the ſame.*
Frapper en paulme. *To clap, take, or ſhake by the fiſt in ſign of a full agreement.*
Sifflant en paulme je me rendray à vous. *I will be with you as ſoon as ever you call*; *do but whiſtle, I am for you.*
Paulmelle: f. *Beer Barly, big Barly, Barly with the ſquare eare.*
Paulpieres: f. *Th'eye-lids*; *Look* Paupieres.
Paume. *as* Paulme.
Paumé. Orge paumé. *Beer Barly, big Barly, ſquare-eared Barly, big.*
Teſte de cerf bien paumée. *A full-paulmed Stags head.*
Paumée: f. *A clap, ſtroke, or blow with the hand.* (v.m.)
Paumiere: f. *A woman Tennis-Court keeper.*
Paumon: m. *The Navell-gall*; *a horſes diſeaſe.*
† Paumoule: f. *as* Paulmelle.
Pavois: m. *A* (*great*) *Shield, or Targuet.*
Pavoiſade. *Any Targuet-fence*; *eſpecially that of Galleys, whereby the ſlaves are defended from the ſmall ſhot of the enemy.*
Pavoiſé: m. ée: f. *Defended, ſhielded, covered, or armed with a Targuet, or with Targuet-fence.*
se Pavoiſer. *To ſhield, cover, defend, or arme himſelf, as with a Targuet, or Targuet-fence.*
Pavoiſier: m. *A Targueteer,*
se Pavonaſſer. *To ſtrout it*; *proudly to glory in himſelf, or ſet up his Peacocks feathers.*
se Pavonner. *The ſame*; *or* (*in better, and more tollerable manner*) *to take a pretty pride in himſelf.*
Pavot: m. *Poppie, Cheesbowls.*
Pavot blanc. *The white-ſeeded garden Poppie.*
Pavot cornu. *Horned Poppy, ſea Poppy, yellow Poppy.*
Pavot eſcumant. *Spatling Poppy, frothy Poppy.*
Pavot des Iardins. *The garden Poppy* (*of divers kinds.*)
Pavot noir. *Black garden Poppy, or black ſeeded Poppy, called alſo, red Poppy*; *and by ſome, wild Poppy.*
Pavot rouge. *Corn-roſe, wild Poppy*; *the red flower that growes in corn.*
Pavot ſauvage. *as* Pavot rouge.
Pavoiſeux: m. *A Targuetcer.*
Paupieres: f. *The eye-lids*; *alſo, (but leſſe properly) the hair that growes on their edges.*
Priſe de paupieres. *Look* Priſe.
Pauſe: f. *A pauſe*; *a ſtop, reſt, repoſe, or ſtay*; *a tarriance, demur, delay.*
Pauſement. *Leaſurely, fair and ſoftly, with many pauſes.*
Paute. *as* Patte. ¶ Langued.
† Pautoniere. *Look* Pautonniere.
† Pautonniere. f. *Lewdneſſe, knavery, ſtubborn roguery*; *ſaucineſſe, malapartneſſe.*
† Pautonnier: m. *A lewd, ſtubborn, or ſaucy knave.*
Pautonniere: f. *A Shepherds ſcrip*; *alſo, a lewd, ſtubborn, or ſaucy drab.*
Pauvre. *Seek* Povre.
Pauvreté. *as* Povreté.
Pauzade: f. *A pauſing, reſting, repoſing*; *alſo, a reſting ſeat, or place.*
Pay. (*A ſilence-impoſing Interjection*) *Peace boe.*
Payé: m. ée: f. *Payed*; *requited*; *ſatisfied, contented.*
Payelle: f. *A little round pan*; *alſo, a little frying-pan.*
Payement: m. *A payment, or paying*; *a ſatisfaction.*
Payen: m. *A Pagan, Paynim, Infidell, Heathen man.*
Payennerie: f. *Paganiſme, Heatheniſme*; *the ſect, or country, of Pagans.*
Payenneté: f. *Heatheniſhneſſe.*
Payennie: f. *as* Payennerie.
Payer. *To pay, ſatisfie, content*; *requite, reward.*
Payer en gambades. *To make leg-payments*; *to run away in debt.*
Il paye toutes perſonnes en meſme monnoye. *He uſes one form of ſpeech, or gives one manner of anſwer, unto all*; *alſo, he uſes, or handles every one alike.*
Il ne veut ny plaider ny payer. *He will neither plead nor pay, contend nor content*; *yeeld nor ſtrive.*
Il s'a beau taire de l'eſcot qui ne paye rien; Prov. *He needs not blame a ſhot that paies nought towards it*; *he that will hold his purſe may hold his peace.*
La faulx paye les pres; Pro. viz. *Gives them their due.*
Qui bien veut payer bien ſe doit obliger; Prov. *Look* Obliger.
Qui pleige paye; Prov. *The ſurety* (*for the moſt part*) *paies the debt.*
Payes. les mortes payes. *Looke* Mortepayes.
Payraſtre: m. *A ſtepfather.* ¶ Langued.
Payeur: m. *A payer*; *alſo, a paymaſter.*
De mauvais payeur ſoin, ou paille; Prov. *Of a decaying, or diſhoneſt creditor take any thing.*
Pays. *Look* Païs,
Payſage. *as* Païſage.
Pe le quau. *in ſtead of*, Par le cor. ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.
Peage: m. *Toll*; *a through-toll, or paſſage-toll.*
Peageau. *Tollable*; *of toll.*
Chemin peageau. *Wherein toll may be taken.*
Peager. Seigneur peager. *That claimes, or takes, toll of ſuch as paſſe through his territory.*
Peager. *To erect, raiſe, or impoſe, a toll.*
Peagerie: f. *Toll-taking*; *alſo, a paſſage whereat, or liberty whereto, toll is due.*
Peagier: m. *A Toll-gatherer.*
Peagier. *as* Peager; *or, Toll-gathering, toll-exacting.*
Chemin peagier. *Wherein toll is gathered, or taken.*
Peau: f. *A skin, fell, hide, or pelt*; *alſo, the pill, rind, or paring of fruit*; *alſo, a ſcutchion, or ſhield charged onely with Argent, or white.*
Peau de vieille. *The name of an Apple that's red on th'one ſide, and white and rugged on th'other.*
La peau luy tient aux coſtes. *He is clung'd, or bide-bound.*
Tous compoſez d'vne meſme peau. *All whelps of a litter, or birds of a feather*; *all of one faſhion, affection, diſpoſition.*
Se ſervir de toutes peaux contre. *To uſe all meanes, helps, or defences*; *to arme himſelf any way, againſt.*
Se tenir en ſa peau. *To hold himſelfe within his limits*; *to keep himſelf within the compaſſe whereto he was borne, or is fit.*
Bon eſt le lievre dont la peau couſte cent ſous; Prov. *Looke under* Lievre.
Celuy a bon gage du chat qui en tient la peau; Prov. *Look* Chat.
De mal eſt venu l'agneau, & à mal retourne la peau; Pro. *Goods badly gotten ſeldome come to good.*
En la peau de brebis ce que tu veux y eſcris; Prov. *You may write what you liſt on a ſheeps skin.*
En la peau ou le loup eſt luy convient mourir; Prov. *He that lives like a Wolfe, ſhall die like a wolfe.*
Il faut diſcerner la peau de la chemiſe; Pro. *We muſt put a difference between our skin, and our ſhirt.*
Le loup mourra en ſa peau qui ne l'eſcorcher a vif; Pro. *See* Loup.
Peaucier: m. *A Skinner, Fellmonger, Leather-ſeller.*
Peaucier: m. ere: f. *Skinny*; *of, in, or belonging to, the skin.*
Muſcle peaucier. *The fleſh of the face next under the skin, whereto it cleaves* (*in the lips, eye-lids, and forehead*) *almoſt inſeparably.*
Peaultre: f. *as* Peautre.
Peauſſu: m. uë: f. *Skinny, or thick-skinned*; *alſo, limber, or flaggie, like the looſe skin of a withered body.*
Peautraille: f. *Scrapings, or offalls of skins*; *and hence, a raſcall, or baſe crue of ſcoundrells.*
Peautrailletie: f. *Scurvy old ſtuffe of skins or leather.*
Peautre: f. *The ſtern of a ſhip.*
Peccadille: f. *An eſcape, little ſin, ſmall fault, veniall offence.*
Peccant: m. ante: f. *Sinning, offending, treſpaſſing*; *alſo, offenſive*; *whence*;
L'humeur peccante. *The corrupt, or corrupting humour in the body.*
Peccatrice: f. *as* Pechereſſe.
Pece. *as* Perroc; *or, an Oake, or tree of a middle ſize.*
Peché: m. *A ſin, crime, fault, offence, treſpaſſe, tranſgreſſion*; *alſo, a pot of earth, or ſtone, &c.*
Contre peché eſt vertu medecine; Pro. *Vertue's a ſalve gainſt ſin.*
De grand peché grand pardon; &, De petit peché petit pardon; Prov. *As is the fault ſo muſt the pardon be.*
Vieux peché fait nouvelle honte; Prov. *Look* Honte.
Charité oingt, & peché poind; Prov. *Love covers, hate increaſes, errours*; *or, love is the ſoules balme, ſin her bane.*
En coffre ouvert le iuſte peché; Prov. *An open coffer, the theefe excuſes.*

Ou richeſſe eſt peché eſt ; Prov. *Where wealth is offences are.*

Quand tous pechés ſont vieux avarice eſt encore ieune ; Prov. *When all ſinnes elſe be old is avarice young.*

Pecher. *To ſinne, offend, treſpaſſe, tranſgreſſe, commit a fault, faile in duty, doe amiſſe.*

Il peche ſagement qui fait folie par conſeil ; Prov. *He erres diſcreetly that erres by adviſe.*

Pechereſſe : f. *A female ſinner.*

Pecheur : m. *A ſinner, tranſgreſſor, offendor, treſpaſſor.*

'A grand pecheur eſclandre ; Prov. *Shame is the lot of ſinne.*

Pecile. *A pide, or ſkude colour of a horſe.*

Pecore : f. *A ſheep ; and ſometimes (more generally) any ſimple, or ſottiſh beaſt ; whence ;*

Va va groſſe pecore. *Away thou filthie doult, &c.*

Il luy faudroit fendre les pieds, & l'envoyer paiſtre comme vne pecore. *He is fitter to graze among cattell then to converſe among men.*

Pecoul : m. *The taile, or arſe ; and (peculiarly) the ſtaulke, ſteale, or taile of any fruit.* ¶ Langued.

Pect : m. (*ſometimes uſed*) *in ſtead of* Pis ; *the breaſt, or udder.*

Pectoncle : m. *A Cockle, or ſmall Scallop.*

Pectoral : m. *A breaſtplate ; petrell ; ſtomacher, or ſtomack-cloth.*

Pectoral : m. ale : f. *Pectorall ; of, or belonging to, the breaſt ; alſo, breaſt-curing, breaſt-comforting, breaſt-defending.*

Peculat : m. *A robbing of the Princes, or publique treaſure ; a converting it unto his private uſe by theevery, uſury, &c.*

Peculateur : m. *One that robs the publike treaſure ; or converts it, by indirect means, unto his private uſe.*

Peculativement. *By robbing of the Princes, or publique treaſure.*

Pecule : m. *A ſtock, or ſubſtance, gotten by private induſtry, or toyle.*

Peculier : m. ere : f. *Peculiar, private, proper, ones owne.*

Pecune : f. *Coyne, money.*

Pecuniaire : com. *Pecuniarie, of money, in coyne.*

Pecunieux : m. euſe : f. *Well moneyed, full of money.*

Pedagogie : f. *An inſtructing, or teaching ; the Office of a Teacher ; alſo, Pedantiſme.*

Pedagogiſme : m. *as* Pedagogie.

Pedagogue : m. *A Schoolmaſter, Inſtructor, Teacher, Tutor, Pedant.*

Pedales : f. (*A horſes*) *kickings, winſings, yearkings, or flingings out with the heeles.*

Pedanées. Iuges pedanées. *Countrey-Judges, Judges of villages, inferiour Judges.*

Pedant : m. *A Pedant, or ordinary Schoolmaſter.*

Pedanteries : f. *Pedanticall humors, phraſe-affectings, inkhorne-tearmes.*

Pedanteſque : com. *Pedanticall, inkhorni-zing, pedantlike.*

Pedantizer. *To pedantize it, or play the Pedant ; to domineere over lads ; alſo, to inkhornize it.*

Peder. *for* Petter ; *To fart.* ¶ Rab.

Pederotte : f. *An Opall.*

Pediculaire : com. *Lowſie.*

Pedicule : m. *The ſtaulke of a leaſe, or of fruit.*

Pedieux. *A certaine muſcle, which iſſuing from the heele, and going along on the inſtup, ends in five little griſtles, couched each on the ſide of a toe.*

Pedion : m. *The part of the inſtup thats next unto the toes, and containes five bones anſwerable unto them.*

Pegade : f. *A glaſſe-full.* ¶ Langued.

Pegaſe : m. *A Pegaſus, or flying horſe.*

Pege : f. *Pitch.*

Pegé : m. ée ; f. *Pitched, bepitched.*

Pegmate : m. *A ſtage, or frame whereon Pageants be ſet, or carried.*

Pegouſe : f. *A kind of Sole-fiſh, that hath eye-like ſpots on her back.*

† Pehoulle : f. *Sea-coale, or ſtone-coale.*

† Peignarre : m. *A Combe-maker.*

Peigne : m. *A combe ; alſo, as* Metacarpe ; *alſo, as* Parpaigne.

Peigne d'Aleman. *Foure fingers and a thumb.*

Peigne de Venus. *Ladies combe, wild Chervill, Shepheards-needle, mock-Chervill.*

Faire vn peigne. *To flie, avoid, give the ſlip, ſlinke away.*

Faire peigne vuide. *The ſame.*

Tuer vn mercier pour vn peigne. *To take a ſore revenge of a ſleight offence ; or, to inflict a great penalty on a ſmall offendor.*

Iamais teigneux n'alma le peigne ; Prov. *Thoſe that are tainted love no reprehenſion.*

Peigné : m. ée : f. *Combed.*

Peigner. *To combe.*

Peignerre : m. *A Combe-maker.*

Peigneur : m. *A comber ; or as* Peignier.

Peignier : m. *A Combe-maker.*

Peignoir : m. *A combe-caſe.*

Peignouoir. *The ſame.*

Peinct : m. cte : f. *Painted, portrayed, limmed ; ſpotted, ſpeckled ; coloured, or ſet out in lively colours ; deſcribed, delineated.*

Peinctre : m. *A Painter ; Pourtrayer, Limmer, Colourer.*

Peincture : f. *A picture, counterfeit, piece of painting ; alſo, painting ; the Art, or act of painting.*

Sot en boſſe, & platte peincture. *An abſolute foole, complete aſſe, excellent gull, boydon in graine.*

Le Marbre de ſoy n'a que faire de Peincture ; Prov. *Look* Marbre.

† Peincturer. *To picture, to paint.*

Peindre. *To paint, picture, pourtray ; counterfeit, colour, or ſet out in colours ; to delineate, or deſcribe ; alſo, to write.*

Peindre à fraiz. *Look* Fraiz.

Peindre és nuées. *To attempt impoſſibilities, or to loſe time.*

Cela eſt pour nous achever de peindre. *There wanteth but that to the filling up of our miſfortunes meaſure ; that being once done we are utterly undone.*

Peine : f. *A paine, penalty, forfeiture, puniſhment ; alſo, paines, labour, toyle, ſwinke, travell ; indeavor ; alſo, paine, trouble, reſtleſneſſe, affliction, anguiſh, vexation, carke, thought.*

Peine de faux. *Death. Look* Faux.

Peine de hart. *Hanging.*

'A peine. *Scant, ſcarcely, hardly, not without much adoe.*

I'ay peine à le croire. *I can hardly believe it.*

C'eſt grand' peine d'aller à cheval, & vne mort d'aller à pied ; Prov. *A toyle it is to ride, a death to go on foot.*

C'eſt grand' peine que d'eſtre vieux, mais il ne l'eſt pas qui veut ; Prov. *Though it be painfull to be old, yet each one is not ſo that would.*

Nuls biens ſans peine ; Prov. *No goods (or good thing) without griefe.*

Nul pain ſans peine ; Prov. &, Rien ſans peine ; Prov. *Nor bread, nor ought is gotten without paines.*

Qui d'autruy tromper ſe met en peine, ſouvent luy advient la peine ; Prov. *Hee that doth labour other to beguile, payes oftentimes full deerely for his wile.*

Peiner. *Look* Pener.

Peintre. *as* Peinctre.

Peinture : f. *as* Peincture.

Pejorer. *To impaire ; to make, or grow worſe.*

Peis. *as* Poiſſon ; *A fiſh.* ¶ Gaſcon ; & Provençal ; *whence ;*

Peis d'auriou. *A Mackerell.*

Peis carpa. *The ſea Carpe. See* Carpe.

Peis eſcome. *The ſea Pike, or Spit-fiſh.*

Peis eſpaſe. *The ſea Fox, or ſea Dog-fiſh.*

Peis de meſnage. *as* Belenne.

Peis mular. *The huge fiſh called a Whirlepoole.*

Peis rey. *The Kings fiſh ; or, as* Maigre.

Peis : m. *The breaſt, &c. as* Pis.

Pel : m. *as* Peau ; *alſo, lome, dawbing, or plaiſter for the wals of a houſe.*

Pelade : f. *The falling of the haire.*

Pelage : m. *Hairineſſe ; haire ; alſo, the colour of the haire.*

Pelain : m. *A Tanners lime-pit.*

Pelamide. *as* Palamide.

Pelard : m. *A round, and pilled, or barked ſtick.*

Pelaſſe : f. *The pilling of the skin ; alſo, the paring of an apple, &c. alſo, the rinde, or barke of a tree.*

Pelaudé : m. ée : f. *Thwacked, ſwindged, canvaſſed, curried ; uſed roughly, intreated rudely.*

Pelauder. *To thwacke, ſwindge, belabour, canvaſſe, cudgell, curry ſoundly ; to uſe roughly, intreat hardly, handle rudely.*

Pelauderie : f. *A thwacking, a ſwindging, a canvaſſing, or cudgelling ; rude handling, hard dealing with, rough intreaty of ; alſo, filthy matter, beaſtly, or ougly ſtuffe.*

Peldure. *The name of a certaine hard-skind fig.*

Pele : m. *The boult of a lock.*

Pelé : m. ée : f. *Pild, hairleſſe, bauld ; alſo, pilled, flayed ; barked.*

Pelegrin. *as* Pelerin.

Pelement : m. *A pilling ; a pulling off the haire ; a paring, or barking of.*

Peler. *To bauld, or pull the haire off ; alſo, to pill, pare, barke, unrinde, unskin.*

Il en pelera la prune. *He will ſmart, or be plagued, for it ; he is like to have the worſt of it.*

Aller,

Aller, & venir font le chemin peler; Prov. *Much travelling makes bad way.*
Nul ne pele ſon fromage qui n'y ait honte, ou dommage; Prov. *No man pares his cheeſe without ſhame, or loſſe.*

Pelerin: m. *A Pilgrim, Palmer, wanderer, way-faring man; a traveller in a ſtrange countrey, alſo, a fantaſticall, giddy, hairebraind, or odde-humored fellow; alſo, a kind of long-winged, ſmall-trained, and great-headed Faulcon; and (more generally) the Faulcon tearmed a Paſſenger.*
Dieu ſçait qui eſt bon pelerin; Prov. *God knowes who's a good Pilgrim; the hearts of Pilgrims are beſt knowne to God.*
Le rouge ſoir, & blanc matin, font resjouïr le pelerin; Prov. *The evening red and morning gray, are hopefull ſignes of a faire day.*

Pelerin: m. ine: f. *Peregrine, forraine, ſtrange, warfaring, wandering.*
Faulcon Pelerin. *A Paſſenger; or, as before in* Pelerin.

Pelerinage: m. *A Peregrination, or Pilgrimage.*

Pelerinant: m. ante: f. *Peregrinating, wandering, or going on Pilgrimage.*

Pelerine: f. *A Pilgrimeſſe; a woman that goes on Pilgrimage.*
Pelerine de Venus. *A punk, a whore.*

Pelet: m. *A little haire.*
Ie ne l'en eſtime vn pelet moins. *I thinke not a jot the worſe of him for it.*

Pelican: m. *The bird called a Pellican; alſo, a Snap, or Dog; the toole wherewith Barbers pull out teeth.*

Pelication: f. *A depilatorie, or pitchie plaiſter ſerving to pull off haire.*

Pelice: f. *A skin of furre.*

Pelicé: m. ée: f. *Furred.*

Pelicieux: m. euſe: f. Penne pelicieuſe. *A diſſolute, wanton, or laſcivious penne.*

Pelis: m. *The ſhort wooll, or growth of wooll, upon ſheep which have been ſhorne ſome little time before, pulled from their fels by the Tawyer, &c.*

Peliſſe. *as* Pelice.

Peliſſon: m. *A furd petticoat, or frock; alſo, a kind of white meat much uſed in Poictou.*

Pellage. *Look* Pelage.

Pelle: m. *The boult of a lock.*

Pelle: f. *as* Paelle; *alſo (in ſome parts of* France*) as* Robbe.

Pelleboſſe: f. *Looſe-ſtriſe, Willow herb, or herbe Willow.*

Pellerelle: f. *The ſhooting, or falling of the haire (by diſeaſe, or infirmity.)*

Pellet: m. *The 24 part of a* Prime; *(an exceeding ſmall weight.) Look* Prime.

Pelleterie: f. *The trade, or ſhop of a skinner, Furrier, or Peltmonger.*

Pelletier: m. *A Skinner, Fellmonger; Furrier; whence;*
En fin les regnards ſe trouvent chez le pelletier; Prov. *At length doe ſubtilty, and villany meet with their meed.*

Pellican: m. *as* Pelican; *alſo, a veſſell of circulation, or extraction; a faſhion of Lymbeck.*

† Pellicule: f. *A little skinne, a ſmall or thinne rinde.*

Pelliculeux: m. euſe: f. *Full of little skins, or thin rinds.*

Pellucide: com. *Bright, ſhining.*

Pelon: *The outmoſt rugged huske of a green Cheſtnut.*

Pelorde: f. *A certaine little, and thicke-ſheld Cockle, that lives, and lies, altogether bid in the mud.*

Pelloſſes: f. *Bullace; or, little wild plummes.*

Pelote: f. *A (hand) ball, or tennis ball; any little ball to play with. See* Pelotte.

Peloter. *To play at ball; alſo, to toſſe like a ball.*

Peloton: m. *A clue, or (round) bottome of thread, &c.*

Pelotte: f. *as* Pelote; *alſo, a ſmall casket to keep rings in.*
Pelotte marine. *A ball, or little bundle of haire, commonly found among moſſe which the working of the ſea hath caſt aſhore.*
Il iouë de moy à la pelotte. *Hee toſſes me up and downe at his pleaſure, he handles me as he liſts himſelfe.*

Pelourde. *as* Pelorde.

Pelouſe: f. *A Bullace, or Sloe; alſo, a little hill; alſo, the lower hazard in a Tennis-court; alſo, a womans privities.*

Pelouze. *as* Pelouſe.

Pelu: m. uë: f. *Hairy, full of, rough with, haire.*
Pate peluë. *See* Patepeluë.

Peluche: f. *Shag, pluſh.*

Peluette: f. *The herb Mouſe-eare.*

Pelure: f. *The pill, skin, rinde, or paring of fruit; alſo, the pilling, or white and inner rinde, of trees.*

Peluſſe: f. *as* Pelure, *eſpecially in the laſt ſence.*

Penade: m. *A bounding, prauncing; bragging, vaunting, braving it.*

Penader. *To bound, praunce; brag, vaunt, brave it. Look* se Pennader.

Penaillons: m. *Rags, tatters; patches, old clowts.*

Penal: m. ale: f. *Penall, inflicting penalties.*

Penancier. *as* Penencier.

Penard: m. *A melancholy old man; a ſelfe-afflicting* Menedemus; *or a poore abaſhed fellow, whoſe head hangs continually downwards, either for ſhame, or as a true ſigne of his miſerie; alſo, a feather, or plume of feathers; (and ſometimes) alſo, as the Latine* Penis; *a mans yard.*

Penates. ¶ Rab. *Houſhold Gods.*

Penault: m. *A Bourgonian meaſure containing twelve* Quarts.

Penault: m. aude: f. *Abaſhed, aſhamed, out of countenance.*

Pencer. *Look* Pancher.

Pencher. *as* Pancher.

Penchon: m. *A declining, or weighty inclining; weighty preſſure, or a ſlooping, or bowing through weight.*

Pend. de guet à pend. *Wittingly, willingly.*

Pendable: com. *Hangable, that deſerves hanging, thats fit to be hanged.*
Cas pendable. *A hanging matter.*

Pendage: m. *A hanging.*

Pendant: m. *A pendant; a hanger; any thing that hangeth, or whereat another thing hangs.*
Les pendans d'une bourſe. *The ſtrings of a purſe.*
Pendant de clef. *A key-clog; or the ſtring wherein keyes are hanged.*
Les pendants d'un Cor. *The ſtrings, and taſſels of a Hutchet.*
Pendant d'oreille de gibet. *One that excellently becomes, or would become, a gibbet.*
Elle s'en va par le pendant. *So ſay they of a purſe whoſe ſtrings are almoſt worne in pieces; alluding whereto they ſay likewiſe of one that's going, or like, to be hanged,* Il s'en va par le pendant.

Pendant. m. ante: f. *Hanging; depending, ſuſpended; ſlooping, declining, dangling or falling downwards.*
Seau pendant à double queuë. *A Stale hanging by a double label; and metaphorically, one that hangs on a pair of gallows.*

Pendant cela. (*Adverbially;*) *in the meane while, in the mean time, in the meane ſeaſon.*
Pendant que. *Whiles, or, the whilſt, that.*
Ce pendant. *Look* Cependant.

Pendante: f. *A labell pendant.*

Pendard: m. *A rakehell, crack-rope, gallowclapper; one for whom the gallowes longeth.*

Pendardeau: m. *A little crackrope, young ſlipſtring.*

Pendement: m. *A hanging.*

Pendentif: m. *The key or ſcutchion of a vault; that which hangs directly downe in the middle thereof.*
En pendentif. *Steep-hanging, ſteep-down; or as,* A dos d'Aſne, *under* Dos.

Pendereau. *as* Pendardeau.

Penderie: f. *A hanging.*

† Pendeſyllable: com. *Of five ſyllables.*

† Pendiculation: f. *A pendiculation; or, a ſtretching in the approach of an Ague.*

Pendillant: m. ante: f. *Dangling, hanging looſely, or hanging but halfe.*

Pendille. *A thing that hangs danglingly.*

Pendiller. *To hang danglingly, looſely, or but by halves.*

Pendiloches: f. *Jags, danglings, or things that hang danglingly.*

Pend-oreille. *A Pendant.*

Pendre. *To hang, ſtoop, incline, or bow, downwards; to hang, dangle, fall, or lie downe, upon; to hang, depend, reſt, or ſtay, on; to hang over, about, or unto; alſo, to hang, twitch up, or ſtrangle, on a paire of gallowes, &c.*
Pendre à l'oreille. *Seek* Oreille.
Dire pis que pendre. *To revile, or extremely raile on.*
Il leur en pend autant à l'oeil. *They are as much ſubject unto this miſchiefe, they are in as great danger every way; they muſt one day drink of the ſame cup, taſt of the ſame ſauce, run the ſame courſe.*
Argent fait pendre les gens; Pro. *Money brings many a man to the gallowes.*
Les gros larrons menent pendre les petits; Prov. *as under* Larron.
Nul ne ſçait ce qu'à l'oeil luy pend; Prov. *No man knowes how neere hee is to a miſchiefe, or, what miſery may befall him.*
Ou rendre, ou pendre, ou mort d'enfer attendre; Prov. *A thiefe muſt reſtore, or be hangd, or look to be damd.*
Qui a à pendre n'a pas à noyer; Prov.

He thats ordaind to be hangd will never be drownd (say we.)

Qui plus qu'il n'a vaillant deſpend, il tait la corde à quoy ſe pend ; Prov. *He that diſpends more then he hath, makes up a rope his neck to ſwath.*

Pendu : m. uë : f. *Hanged ; hanging.*

Langue bien pendue. *A ſmooth, glib, eloquent, or well-ſpeaking tongue.*

Procez pendu au croc. *See* Croc.

Relaſche de pendu. *A graceleſſe crack-rope, or, one for whom the gallows grones.*

Pene : m. *The boult of a lock.*

Peneau : m. *A Flag, or Streamer ; alſo, a rag, or tatter ; (and in ſome parts of* France*) alſo, a ſlut, or ſlatterne.*

Peneliere. *as* Penil.

Penencier : m. *Hee that after confeſſion made, or a notorious offence committed, enjoyneth the confeſſant, or offendor, his penance.*

Pener. *To travell, toyle, ſwinke, labour extremely, do his utmoſt indeavour, take great pains ; alſo, to vex, trouble, moleſt, put unto pain.*

Penetratif : m. iue : f. *Penetrative, piercing, or entring into, ſearching, or paſſing through.*

Penetrer. *To penetrate, pierce, enter, ſearch, or ſinke into ; alſo, to paſſe through.*

Peneuſement. *Dejectly, heartleſly ; demiſſely, lowlily ; in a dumpe, at a plunge or a nonplus.*

Peneux : m. euſe : f. *Dejected, heartleſſe, diſcouraged, diſmayed, out of countenance with himſelfe ; in a pitifull or miſerable taking ; pitifully complaining, humble, abject, lowly, demiſſe.*

La ſemaine peneuſe. *The Paſſion week.*

Penible : com. *Painfull, toilſome, laborious.*

Penide : f. *A Pennet ; the little wreath of ſugar taken in a cold.*

Penidial. ſucere pen. *Fine white ſugar whereof Pennets be made ; alſo, the Pennets themſelves.*

Penil : m. *A mans, or (moſt properly) a womans groine.*

Os du penil. *The ſharre-bone ; or, as* Os barré ; *in* Os.

Penillier : m. ere : f. *Belonging to the groine ; whence ;*

Os penillier. *as* Os du Penil.

Penillons. *Look* Penaillons.

Peninſule : f. *A Peninſula, or halfe Iſland.*

Penit : m. *French-wheat, Black-wheat, Bolymong ; (a corſe graine.)* ¶ Vic.

Penitence : f. *Penitence, penance, repentance.*

Rouge viſage, & groſſe pance ne ſont ſignes de penitence, Pro. *Look* Pance.

Penitencier. *as* Penencier ; *or, the Prieſt, &c. that injoyneth penances.*

On te doit envoyer au penitencier. *Thou haſt need to be ſhriven ; or, thou muſt be quickly looked to, or elſe thou wilt be worſe then naught.*

Penitencieux : m. euſe : f. *Penitentious, very penitent, moſt repentant.*

Penitent. *Penitent, repentant, aggrieved at, ſorrowing for, troubled in mind with, what he hath done.*

Filles penitentes. *as* Filles repenties, *under* Fille.

Pennache : m. *A bunch, or plume, of feathers ; alſo, one great feather bent backe upon, or couched flatling about, a hat, or cap after the old French faſhion.*

Pennache de boeuf. *A faire paire of hornes.*

Pennache de mer. *Is neither fiſh, nor plant, but a certaine creature or excreſcence of the ſea, which at one end reſembles a feather, and the uncovered nut of a mans yard at the other ; and by night ſhines like a ſtarre.*

Pennade. *as* Penade.

se Pennader. *To brag, boaſt, or brave it, to make a proud flouriſh, or vain muſter of himſelfe in publique ; alſo, to bound, or prounce like a proud horſe.*

Pennage : m. *A birds coat, or feathers ; alſo, as* Paſnage.

Pennarol de Chirurgien. *A Chirurgians Caſe or Ettuy ; the box wherein he carries his Inſtruments.*

Penne : f. *A quill, or hard feather ; a pen-feather ; alſo, the feather of an arrow ; alſo, furre, or furring.*

Pennes. *The rafters on the roofe of a houſe ; called ſo, becauſe they ſomewhat reſemble the ſpread wings of a bird.*

Penne de foye. *as* Lobe.

Penne d'un voile : c'eſt l'aile de la voile enfilée en bouline. *We call it, the Leech of a ſayle.*

Bouter vent en penne. *To bring a ſhip upon the lee.*

Meutre en penne. *The wind to take a ſhip upon the ſtayes.*

Penneton d'un clef. *The bit, or nib of a key.*

Pennon : m. *A Pennon ; Flag, or Streamer.*

Les pennons d'une fleiche. *The feathers of an arrow.*

Pennonceau ; ou Pennoncel : m. *A Pennon on the top of a Launce ; a little Flag, or ſtreamer.*

Pennule : *(The diminutive of* Penon.*) A ſmall piece, part of a thing (eſpecially of fleſh, or of our body) not altogether ſeparated from the whole.*

Penon : m. *A piece, or part of a thing, not altogether ſeparated from it ; ſuch as be the laps, or napes of the liver ; called* Penons *by the vulgar of* Languedoc.

Pens. *as* Penſée ; *or* Penſement ; *whence ;*

De guet à pens. *Wittingly, willingly, with premeditation, of ſet purpoſe.*

Penſé : m. ée : f. *Thought, weened, deemed, imagined, ſuppoſed, conjectured ; weighed in mind, perpended, examined, conſidered of.*

De faict à penſé. *as* De guet à pens.

Penſée : f. *A thought, ſuppoſall, conjecture, ſurmiſe, cogitation, imagination ; ones heart, mind, inward conceit, opinion, fancie, or judgement ; alſo, the flower Paunſie.*

De guet à penſée. *as* De guet à pens.

Il me vient en penſée que. *My mind gives me, my heart tels me, it comes into my head, that.*

Penſement : m. *as* Penſée ; *or, a thinking, weening, imagining ; alſo, a tending, dreſſing, or looking to, a curing, or Phyſicking of.*

Penſer. *To think, ween, deeme, judge, imagine, ſuppoſe, conjecture, ſurmiſe ; have an opinion, or be of opinion, that ; alſo, to ſtudy, muſe, meditate, conſider of ; pauſe, or deliberate upon ; examine, weigh, ponder, perpend, revolve, or caſt, in mind ; alſo, to dreſſe, tend, look unto, have a care of, provide for, furniſh with all neceſſaries ; alſo, to dreſſe, Phyſick, apply medicines unto.*

Penſer à ſoy. *To bethink himſelfe, to call unto mind.*

Penſer ailleurs. *The mind to be upon ſomewhat elſe, the wits to run a woolgathering ; no way to mind whats gone about.*

Mal penſe qui ne repenſe ; Prov. *He thinks not well that thinks of all at once ; or thinks not more then once.*

Il eſt bien toſt deceu qui mal ne penſe ; Prov. *The harmleſſe minded man is ſoon deceived.*

Le loup ſçait bien que male beſte penſe ; Prov. *One knave can eaſily gheſſe at the drift of another.*

Mettez ſol à par ſoy il penſera ; Prov. *Look* Fol.

Quand les yeux voyent ce que ne veirent oncques le coeur penſe ce qu'il ne penſa oncques ; Prov. *When the eyes behold unwonted things unwonted thoughts poſſeſſe the heart.*

Penſereſſe : f. *A woman that thinketh, imagineth ; muſeth, or careth much.*

Penſeur : m. *A thinker, imaginer, ſuppoſer ; alſo, one that uſes to ſtudy, muſe, or deliberate, on matters.*

Penſeuſe : f. *as* Penſereſſe.

Penſif : m. iue : f. *Penſive, heavie, thoughtfull, carefull ; alſo, thinking of ; and hence ;*

Fille oiſive à mal penſive ; Prov.

Penſil : m. ile : f. *(Sleightly) hanging.*

Verrue penſile. *A great wart that hangs but by a ſmall thread, or root.*

Penſion : f. *A penſion, ſtipend, fee ; an yearly payment ; alſo, money payed for the tabling, or boording of children, &c.*

† Penſioniſte : m. *A Penſioner.*

Penſionnaire : com. *A Penſioner ; one that hath, or payeth, an yearly penſion ; alſo, a tabler, or boorder ; alſo, a Scholler, who lies within a College, and is tied, and ſubject, onely unto it ; therein differing from* Galloche, *who lying abroad, is at more liberty.*

Penſionné : m. ée : f. *Penſioned, ſtipended, hired by penſion, that takes an yearly ſtipend.*

Penſiveté : f. *Penſiveneſſe, carke, ſorrow, heavineſſe.*

Pent d'un rets. *A whole pane, pieces or fould of a Net.*

La figure hexagone à ſix pents. *Having ſix Cants.*

Pentagone : com. *Five-cornered.*

Pentametre : m. *A Pentameter, or verſe conſiſting of five feet.*

Pentaphylle. *Cinkefoyle, Sinkefield, Five-finger graſſe, Five-leaved graſſe.*

Pente : f. *The declining, downward bent, ſlopeneſſe, or ſlope-hanging of a hill, ditch, roofe, &c. alſo, a piece of hanging ; alſo, an inclining towards a fall.*

Les pentes d'vn lict. *The Valance.*

Donner de pente à. *(In wraſtling) to give an advantage unto.*

Penteur : m. *A Penant ; the name of one of the ropes which paſſe over the top, or upper part, of a Maſt.*

Penthiere. *as* Panthiere.

Penture : f. *The bindge of a doore.*

Penule : f. *A long cloake fit to be worne in rainy weather.*

Pennrie : f. *Penurie, ſcarcity, need, neceſſity, dearth, lack, want.*

Peone : f. *Peony, Kings-bloome, Roſe of the Mount.*
Pepelon : m. *The nipple of a dug.*
Pepetiller. *To crackle, or ſparkle often.*
Pephage. *Look* Pampnage.
Pepiant : m. ante : f. *Cheeping, peeping, puling, or crying like a young bird ; alſo, liſping.*
Pepie : f. *The Pip.*
Pepiement : m. *The cheeping, or peeping of young birds ; any ſuch puling noiſe ; alſo, a liſping, or faultering in ſpeech.*
Pepier : m. *as* Pepiement.
Pepier. *To peep, cheep, or pule, as a young bird in the neaſt ; alſo, to liſp.*
Pepier de ſoif. *The tongue to peele by reaſon of an extreme thirſt.*
Pepieur : m. *A peeper, cheeper ; puler.*
Pepin : m. *A Pippin, or kernell ; the ſeed of fruit.*
Les pepins des raiſins. *The ſtones of grapes.*
Or de pepin. *Look* Or.
Pepinerie : f. *A Seed-plot ; Nurſerie, Nurſing Orchard, or part of an Orchard, wherein the pippins, kernels, or ſtones of fruit be ſowen.*
Pepiniere : f. *as* Pepinerie.
Pepin-percé. *(The name of) a certaine dry ſweet apple.*
Pepon : m. *A Pompion, or Melon.*
Pepon Turquois. *as* Pompon Turquois.
Peprē : m. ée : f. *Peppered ; ſeaſoned with pepper.*
Pequatille : f. *A Peccadillo ; or as* Peccadille.
† Peque : f. *A mare.*
Per : m. *as* Pair ; *A Peere ; or Paragon ; alſo, a match, make, fellow, companion ; alſo, a paire, at game ; alſo, a game at Cards wherein foure vewes be laid ; one for a paire ; the ſecond for moſt of a ſuit ; the third for fluſh ; and the fourth for a ſequence.*
Per à compaignon. *A Peere, match, mate, equall fellow, comerade.*
Per ou non per. *The game called Even and odde.*
Il entend bien ſon per. *He underſtands well enough what he goes about.*
Pris à per et à la couche. *as in* Pris.
Peragration : f. *A peragration, going about, wandering through, travelling over.*
Perameſe : f. *A Ninth, or a proportion of nine, in Muſick.*
Peratre. *as* Paraſtre.
Perattendre. *To attend throughly, or ſeaſonably ; to attend untill he have a fit opportunity ; whence ;*
Mal attend que ne perattend ; Prov.
Perce : f. *as* Percement ; *alſo, that kind of Loach which hath a prickle neere unto either of her gils.*
Mettre le vin en perce. *To pierce, or broach wine.*
Percé : m. ée : f. *Pierced, bored, gored, thruſt into, or through ; tranſfixed ; open, full of holes, or windowes.*
Chaire percée. *A cloſe ſtoole.*
Perce-fueille : f. *Through-wax, through-leafe ; (an herb.)*
Percele. *Blew-bottle, Blew-blaw, Corne-flower.*
Perce-lettre : f. *The little inſtrument wherewith Secretaries make overtures for the labells with which they cloſe their letters.*
Percellé : m. ée : f. *Pierced, ſtrucken ; overthrowne, beaten downe ; abated, abaſhed, appalled ; vexed, troubled.*
Percement : m. *A piercing, boring, or goring ; a thruſting into, or through.*
Perc'-oreille. *(The worme, or Inſect called) an Earewig.*
Perce-pain. *as* Perce-oreille.
† Percepceux : m. euſe : f. (fruicts percepceus.) *Taken, gathered, received.*
Percepierre : f. (*A generall name for moſt ſtone-breaking herbs ; but chiefly for thoſe which we call*) *Saxifrage, and Sampbire.*
Percepierre rouge. *Red Saxifrage, Filipendula, Dropwort.*
Perceptible : com. *Perceptible, perceivable, apprehenſible, ſenſible ; alſo, takeable, gatherable, receivable.*
Perception : f. *A perception ; a perceiving, apprehending, underſtanding ; alſo, a gathering, taking, receiving, of.*
Percer. *To pierce, gore, tranſfix ; thruſt into, bore through.*
Percer vne maiſon. *To break open, or into, a houſe.*
Percer le mors. *A horſe to thruſt his tongue with eaſe, and at liberty, under the Port of his Bit.*
Percet : m. *A Peach.*
Perceu : m. euë : f. *Taken, gathered, received.*
Perche : f. *A pearch to hang things, or ſet Hawkes, on ; alſo, the Pearch-fiſh ; alſo, the Beame of a Bucks head, and the breach of a Stags ; alſo, the pearch, pole, or big rod wherewith land is meaſured ; and which though it contain not, all* France *over, one and the ſame number of feet (for in ſome places it is 20, in others 22, in others 25, and in others but 18 (the moſt generall, and moſt uſuall one) yet is it every where ſix ſaddomes, or Toiſes, the different ſcantling whereof, cauſes ſo great a difference of* Perches, *in ſeverall places.*
Les perches d'un bouc ſauvage. *The head, or hornes of a wild Goat.*
Perche de mer. *The ſea Pearch ; a wholſome, rough-find, and tonguelеſſe, rock-fiſh.*
Perché : m. ée : f. *Pearched, placed, or ſet (as a bird) on a pearch, or on the bough of a tree ; alſo, propped, ſupported, or underſet with pearches, or poles.*
Il l'a perché à vn arbre. *He hath hanged him on a tree.*
Percher. *To ſet, or put on a pearch ; alſo, to alight ; alſo, to ſit, or pearch (as a bird) on a tree ; alſo, to hang, or twitch up, at a bow ; alſo, as* Percer.
Percheux : m. euſe : f. *Belonging to, or full of, pearches.*
Perclorre. *To benumme, ſtrike or make lame, take away the uſe of the limmes.*
Perclus de ſes membres. *Taken, blaſted, ſtriken, benummed, ſuddenly grown lame, or deprived of the uſe, of his limmes.*
Oëil perclus. *An eye that cannot move becauſe the muſkles belonging to it are benummed.*
Percluſion : f. *A blaſting, lameneſſe, or numneſſe in the members.*
Perdable : com. *Loſable ; fit, or likely, to to be loſt.*
Perdement : m. *A loſing, a forgoing.*
Perdeur : m. *A loſer.*
Eſchar plaidoyeur eſt hardi perdeur ; Prov. *The miſerable pleader is a miſerable ſpeeder ; the ſpazing of a ſee is often the ſpoyle of a cauſe.*
Perdigonne : f. *The name of an excellent plumme.*
Perdition : f. *Perdition, deſtruction, extreme loſſe, undoing, ruine.*
Perdre. *To loſe ; to caſt away ; to overſlip, omit, let goe ; alſo, to marre, ſpoyle, or ſpend idly.*
se perdre. *To periſh, to decay ; to ſlip, runne, fall, or go away.*
Perdre les ambles. il y perdit les ambles. *There was he put beyond his bias, or out of all patience ; he knew not how to carry, or how to containe, himſelfe when he came thither.*
Perdre l'inſtance ; & perdre le procez. *To be overthowne, or have the worſe, in a ſute ; to be caſt, or his cauſe to goe againſt him.*
Perdre pied. Il y perdoit pied. *There he loſt ground ; he was put to his ſhifts, or to his plunges, there.*
Ie n'en perds que l'attente. *'Tis but a little tarrying for it.*
'A gens de bien on ne perd rien ; Pro. *He that deales with honeſt men is ſeldome, or never a loſer ; one loſes nought by good men.*
Apres perdre perd on bien ; Prov. *One ill luck ſucceeds in the neck of another, or when one begins to loſe he leaves not untill all be gone.*
'A tout perdre il n'y a qu'un coup perilleux ; Prov. *One right-ſet blow would ſerve to fink us all.*
Argent fait perdre gent ; Prov. *Look* Argent.
Aſſeurement chante qui n'a que perdre ; Prov. *And who doth ſing ſo merry a note as he that cannot change a grote ?*
Aſſez gaigne qui malheur perd ; Prov. *Hee gaines enough that miſſes a misfortune.*
En ſeureté dort qui n'a que perdre ; Prov. *He that can loſe nought ſleeps with great ſecurity.*
Il faut perdre vn veron pour peſcher vn ſaulmon ; Prov. *One muſt ſpend a little to gaine much.*
Il ne perd rien qui ne perd Dieu ; Prov. *He that keeps God to friend can nothing loſe.*
Marchand qui perd ne peut rire ; Prov. *We ſay, they laugh that win.*
On ne doit point querir brebis qui ſe veut perdre ; Prov. *A wilfull ſinner muſt not be reclaim'd.*
Par trop preſſer l'anguille on la perd ; Prov. *Seek* Anguille.
Qui perd le ſien perd le ſens ; Prov. *He that loſes his wealth loſes his wit.*
Qui a à perdre perd touſiours ; Prov. *The rich man loſes ſomewhat every day ; or, he that's ordain'd to loſe is ever loſing.*
Qui ne retire de ſa vache que la queuë ne perd pas tout ; Prov. *Hee that recovers but the tayle of his cow loſes not all his Cow ; better ſave a little then loſe all.*
Qui preſtre à l'amy perd au double ; Prov. viz. *Both money, and friend.*
Qui tout convoite tout perd ; Pro. *He that covets all, keeps, or comes by, nothing.*

Perdreau : m. *A young Partridge.*
Perdriau. *as* Perdreau.
Perdris. *as* Perdrix.
Perdriſeur : m. *A Partridger, or Partridg-taker ; alſo, an Officer that hath the command of that Game in* France.
Perdrix : f. *A Patridge.*
La Perdrix des Archers de la garde du Roy. *A ſheepes head (wherewith commonly they break their faſts.)*
Perdrix blanche de Savoye. *as* Arbenne.
Perdrix des champs. *Th'ordinary Partridge.*
Perdrix gaille, gaule, *or* gaye. *The great brown-bodied, and red-legd Patridge, the French Partridge.*
Perdrix goache. *as* Perdrix grieſche.
Perdix grieſche. *Th'ordinary, or little, Partridge.*
Perdrix grignette, gringette, & griſe. *as* Perdrix grieſche.
Perdrix maillée. *A Menild, or ſpotted Patridge.*
Perdrix de mer. *The Sole-fiſh.*
Perdrix de montaigne. *as* Francolin, *in the laſt ſence.*
Perdrix rouge, ou aux pieds rouges. *The great red-legd Partridge.*
Perdrix des terres neuves. *The Guinny Hen.*
Oeil de Perdrix. *Look* Oeil.
Perdu : m. uë : f. *Loſt, periſhed ; forlorn, paſt hope of recovery, caſt away ; forgone, omitted, overſlipped, run, or fallen away ; alſo lewd, naughty, wicked, ungracious, or paſt grace.*
Coup perdu. *See* Coup.
Enfans perdus. *Perdus ; or the forlorne hope, of a campe (are commonly Gentlemen of Companies.)*
Fille perduë. *A punk, whore, harlot, common hackney.*
Gens perdus. *as* Enfans perdus ; *alſo, retcheleſſe, or deſperate people.*
A corps perdu. *Deſperately, headlong, without any care at all of his skin.*
A pierre perduë. *Hab nab, even as they fall, one with another.*
Il a perdu ſa ceincture. *He hath neither money, nor meanes, left him ; all is conſumed, all waſted, all gone.*
Bien faict n'eſt iamais perdu, Pro. *Never came loſſe by doing a good deed.*
Choſe perduë eſt lors cogneuë ; Prov. *we know the worth of things when we have loſt them.*
De choſe perduë le conſeil ne ſe remuë ; Pro. *In vaine we goe to law when things be loſt.*
Tout eſt perdu ce qu'on donne à fol ; Prov. *All thats beſtowed on fooles is caſt away.*
Tout ce que giſt en peril n'eſt pas perdu ; Prov. *All is not loſt that in ſome danger is.*
Perduelliſme : m. *Treaſon againſt Prince, or Country.*
Perdurable : com. *Perdurable, perpetuall, everlaſting, aye-during.*
perdurablement. *Perpetually, everlaſtingly, for ever.*
Pere : m. *A father ; alſo, an ancient Monke, or Frier, eſpecially if he be a Confeſſor ; alſo, a Jeſuite, or the Title of a Jeſuite.*
Beau pere. *Look* Beaupere.
Hommes, & peres de la Cour. *as* Pairs.
Ils ſont à table aiſes comme peres. *(Whoſe bellies being filled their greateſt care is taken.)*
A pere, à maiſtre, à Dieu tout puiſſant, nul ne peut rendre l'equivalent ; Pro. *No man can doe enough for his father, maiſter, and Maker.*
A pere amaſſeur fils gaſpilleur ; Prov. *A wary father hath a waſteſull ſon ; The like is ;*
De pere gardien fils garde-rien ; Prov. Celuy là eſt bien pere qui nourrit ; Prov. *He that doth feed, or foſter me, may well be called my father.*
Peré : m. *Perry ; drinke made of Peares.*
Peregrin : m. *A ſtranger, forrainer, alien, outlander, or outlandiſh man.*
Peregrin : m. ine : f. *Peregrine, forraine, alien, ſtranger, outlandiſh.*
Faulcon peregrin. *A paſſenger.*
Peregrination : f. *A peregrination, far journey, long travell, pilgrimage.*
Peregriner. *To travell, take long journeys, wander in ſtrunge countries, go on pilgrimage.*
Peregrineux : m. euſe : f. *as* Peregrin.
Peregrinité : f. *Strangeneſſe, outlandiſhneſſe, forraineneſſe, forraine ſpeech, habit, cuſtome, behaviour, &c.*
Peremption d'inſtance. *A Nonſute, or letting a ſute fall ; a quitting, or forſaking of a cauſe.*
Peremptoire, & deciſif du procez. *A peremptory rule which determines a cauſe.*
Peremptoire : com. *Peremptory, inſulting, imperious ; abſolute ; forcible ; earneſt, that will have no nay ; alſo, preſent, ſudden.*
Adjournement peremptoire. *A peremptory ſummons, after which no day will be given, but the cauſe forthwith proceeded in.*
Peremptoirement. *Peremptorily, imperiouſly ; earneſtly ; abſolutely ; preſently, ſuddenly, without further delay.*
Peremptoriſé. Heritage peremptoriſé. *Whoſe challengers, having after ſummons made default, are no more admitted to proſecute, or continue their claime.*
Peremptoriſer. *To peremptoriſe ; to grant, or paſſe away peremptorily ; or (as in* Peremtoriſé*) to exclude a challenger after a default made by him.*
Perenne : com. *Perpetuall, continuall, endleſſe, ay-during, without ceaſing, everlaſting.*
Eau perenne. *Continually running, never dry.*
Perennel : m. elle : f. *as* Perenne.
Perenniſer. *To perpetuate, eternize, make everlaſting.*
Perennité : f. *Perennity, eternity, perpetuity, everlaſtingneſſe.*
† Perequant : m. *An equall rater, taxer, aſſeſſor of others ; or, one that gathers headmony.*
† Perequant : m. ante : f. *Equalling ; alſo, rating equally.*
† Perequation : f. *A perequation, an equalling, or making even ; alſo, an equall rating, taxation, caſement.*
Perfection : f. *Perfection, compleatneſſe, accompliſhment, abſoluteneſſe ; the full ending, or whole finiſhing, of.*
Perfectionner. *To perfect, or bring to perfection ; to accompliſh, end wholly, finiſh abſolutely.*
Perfigue : f. *A Pear-plum.*
Perfiguier : m. *A Pear-plum tree.*
† Perflable : com. *Which may be blowne through.*
† Perfoliate : f. *Through-wax, through-leaſe, (an herb.)*
Perforatif : m. ive : f. *Boring, piercing, or thruſting through.*
Pertumé : m. ée : f. *Perfumed, ſweetened throughly.*
Perfumement : m. *A perfuming.*
Perfumer. *To perfume, ſweeten throughly, or give a ſweet ſcut unto.*
Perfumeur : m. *A Perfumer.*
Perfums : m. *Perfumes, pleaſant fumes, delicate ſmels, gratious odors.*
† Perger. *To proceed, or goe on.*
Pergude. *Periſhed, loſt.* ¶ Gaſc.
Peri : m. ie : f. *Periſhed, loſt, gone ; aboliſhed, annulled, ſpoyled.*
Peris en croix, en face, ou en pal, &c. *In Croſſe, in Feſſe, in Pale, &c. a terme of blazon.*
Periapte. *A medicine hanged about any part of the body.*
Pericarde : m. *The membrane, filme, or ſlender skin wherein the heart is wrapped.*
Pericardique : com. *Of, or belonging to the Pericardium ; whence,* Veine pericardique. *Look* Veine.
Pericharie : f. *Exceſſive joy.*
Periclimene ; ou, Periclymene. *The Woodbind, or Hony-ſuckle.*
Periciter. *To jeopard, hazard, indanger.*
Pericraine : m. *The Pericranion, hairy ſcalp, whole skin of the ſcull.*
Perier : m. *The giſern of a Hen, &c.*
Perigée : m. *The point of heaven wherein any Planet is neereſt unto the centre of the earth.*
Peril : m. *Peril, danger, jeopard, hazard.*
Tout ce que giſt en peril n'eſt pas perdu ; Prov. *All is not loſt that is in ſome hazard.*
† Periller. *To periſh ; alſo, to be in ſome peril, or hazard.*
Perilleuſement. *Perilouſly, dangerouſly.*
Perilleux : m. euſe : f. *Perilous, or parlous, dangerous, jeopardous, hazardous.*
Perimer. *To ſpoile, aboliſh, overthrow, diſappoint utterly, take away wholly.*
Perinée : m. *The ſeam, or line that runs between the fundament and the cods.*
Periode : f. *A period, perfect ſentence, full ſenſe, concluſion or end ; alſo, a courſe to a finiſhing, or the terme whereina thing is finiſhed.*
Periodic : m. ique : f. *Periodicall ; ended, finiſhed, concluded ; alſo, revolutive, comming or going by courſe, or fits.*
Periodiquement. *By periods ; endingly, concludingly, or towards a concluſion ; alſo, revolvingly, by courſe or fits, or with a continuall, and interchanged courſe.*
Perioſte : m. *The skinne wherewith the ribs be covered ; or (more generally) the thin skin wherin any bone is covered.*
† Peripherée : f. *The circumference, edge, or border of a circle, &c.*
Periphraſer. *To paraphaſe, uſe circumlocutions, expreſſe one word by many.*
† Peripneumonie : f. *Th'inflammation of the Lungs.*

Perir. *To periſh, miſcarrie, die, decay, conſume, wither; to come to ruine, or to naught; to be loſt, mard, ſpoild, caſt away.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon marinier qui ne periſſe; Prov. *The skilfull Seaman comes at length ſhort home.*

Periſſable: com. *Periſhable, momentarie, loſeable, or ſubject unto loſſe; which by over-long keeping will be ſpoyled, and loſt.*

Periſtile: m. *A Cloiſter, walking place, or long entrie ſet about with pillars.*

Peritoine: m. *The inner thinne rind, kell, or skinne wherewith the intralls be covered.*

Perjure: com. *Perjured, forſworne.*

Perle: f. *A pearle; an Union; alſo, a Berrie.*

Perle de compte. *A Paragon; an oriental, or faire great Pearle.*

Herbe aux perles. *Pearle-plant, Lichwall Gromell.*

Perlé: m. ée: f. *Rough, rugged; or not ſmooth; whence;*

Dragée perlée *is oppoſed unto* Dragée vnie.

Fil perlé. *Hard-twiſted thread.*

Teſte bien perlée. *Whoſe Burre is well-ſpotted, and curled.*

Perles: f. *The little ſpotted Cutlings wherewith the Burre of a Deeres head is powdered.*

Perlette: f. *A ſmall Pearle.*

Perlon: m. *A Ratchet, Redfiſh, Gurnard, &c. (tearmed ſo in Xaintonge.)*

Perlure: f. *as* Perles; *or the Burre it ſelfe.*

Permanable: com. *Permanent, conſtant, remaining, durable, abiding.*

Permanent. *as* Permanable.

Permeable: com. *Quickly running, or paſſing through.*

Permettre. *To permit, ſuffer, tollerate, beare with, winke at, give libertie or way, grant authoritie or power, unto.*

Permis: m. iſe: f. *Permitted, tollerated, ſuffered, borne with, winked at; alſo, licenced, or lawfull.*

Permiſſion: f. *A permiſſion, tolleration, ſufferance; leave, licence, allowance;* (Permiſſion s'octroyé par le Roy pour vn temps, & tant que bon luy ſemblera, par lettres patentes addreſſées aux Maiſtres des Forreſts.)

Permiſtion: f. *A mixing, mingling, tempering together.*

Permutateur: m. *A barterer, exchanger; alterer.*

Permutation: f. *Permutation, bartering, trucking, exchanging.*

Permuter. *To barter, trucke, exchange.*

Pernicieuſement. *Perniciouſly, peſtilently, miſchievouſly, noiſomely, moſt hurtfully.*

Pernicieux: m. euſe: f. *Pernicious, deadly, mortall, deſtroying, moſt dangerous, miſchievous, noiſome, hurtfull.*

Pernis. Pierres de Pernis. *as* Parpaignes, *or* Perpins.

Perons: m. *Startups, high ſhoes; fiſhers boots; alſo, bags, powtches, or ſatchells of leather.*

Peroration: f. *A peroration, the concluſion of an Oration, applyed to the humors, or praying the favours, of the auditorie.*

Perot. *Look* Perrot.

Peroximes. *Fits of an ague.*

Perpaigne. *as* parpaigne; *or* Perpin.

Perpendiculaire: com. *Perpendicular; downe-right, plumpe downe, directly downe.*

Perpendiculairement. *Perpendicularly.*

Perpetrer. *To perpetrate, act, commit.*

Perpetuation: f. *A perpetuation, or perpetuating.*

Perpetuel: m. elle: f. *Perpetuall, eternall, continuall, everlaſting, ay-during.*

Perpetuellement. *Perpetually, eternally, everlaſtingly, continually.*

Perpetuer. *To perpetuate, eternize, immortalize, make everlaſting.*

Perpetuité: f. *Perpetuitie, eternitie, immortalitie, endleſneſſe, everlaſtingneſſe.*

Perpetuller. *To tickle; (an old word.)*

Perpetuons: m. *Perpetually-begging Friers.*

Perpins: m. *Penders, or perpent ſtones; ſtones made juſt as thicke as a wall, and ſhewing their ſmoothed ends on either ſide thereof.*

Perplex: m. exe: f. *Perplexed; intricate, intangled; vexed, or peſtered in ſpirit, plunged, gravelled, in a maze, at his wits end.*

Perplexement. *Perplexedly, intricately, intangledly, troubleſomely.*

Perplexité: f. *Perplexitie; intricacie, intangledneſſe; uncertainty, doubtfullneſſe what to doe, or what to determine; and hence alſo, vexation, perturbation of mind.*

Perprendre. *To ſeize, or take into his hands ground that lyes waſt, or common.*

Perprinſe. *as* Perpriſon.

perpriſon: f. *A ſeizing, or taking into his owne hands (without leave of Lord, or other) ground that lyes waſt, or is uſed in common.*

Perpuce. *as* Prepuce.

Perquiſiteur: m. *A diligent ſearcher, an induſtrious ſeeker, a ſerious inquirer.*

Perquiſition: f. *A perquiſition, diligent ſearch, or ſerious inquirie.*

Perreſine: f. *Roſin.*

Perrette, & Perrichon. *Womens names, derived from* Pierre.

Perrie: f. *A Peeredome, the eſtate, or dignitie of a Peere.*

Perrier: m. *The Ship-Artillerie called, a Fowler.*

Perriere: f. *as* Perrier; *alſo, a quarrey of ſtone.*

Perron: m. *An open lodge, paſſage, or walke of ſtone raiſed, ſome quantitie of ſtaires, directly before the foredore of a great houſe; alſo, a ſquare Baſe of ſtone, or metall, ſome five or ſix foot high, whereon, in old time, Knights errant placed ſome diſcourſe, challenge, or proofe, of an adventure.*

'A Noel au perron, à Paſques au tiſon; Prov. *At Chriſtmas warme thee in the Sunne, at Eaſter by the fire.*

Perroquet: m. *A Parrat; alſo, the herbe Aloe, or Sea-aigreen; alſo, a black-backt, yellow-bellied, and green-find ſea-fiſh, proportioned ſomewhat like the river Pearch.*

Bec de perroquet. *See* Bec.

Graine à perroquet. *Baſtard Saffron, wild Saffron, mocke Saffron, Saffron Dorte.*

Perrot: m. *An Oake which hath beene (or might have beene for the age thereof) twice lopped; alſo, a mans proper name, being a diminutive, or derivative of* Pierre.

Perruque: f. *A locke, or tuft of haire.*

Vne fauſſe perruque. *A Periwig, a Gregorian.*

Perruqué: m. ée: f. *Wearing a lock, or curled tuft; long-haired.*

Perruquet: m. *One that weares an effeminate lock, or frizled tuft of haire.*

Perruquier: m. *A Periwig-maker; alſo, as* Perruquet.

Perruquiere: f. *A Tyre-maker, or Attire-maker; a woman that makes Periwigs, or Attires.*

Pers: m. *Peeres.*

Pers: m. Perſe: f. *watchet, blunket, ſky-coloured.*

Perſcrutation: f. *A through ſearch, diligent inquirie, neere collection, full ſeaning.*

Perſe: f. *The piercing of a veſſell.*

Perſecuté: m. ée: f. *Perſecuted, proſecuted; followed with extremitie; vexed, afflicted continually.*

Perſecuter. *To perſecute, proſecute; follow with extremitie; vex, or afflict continually.*

Perſecution: f. *Perſecution, proſecution, a cruell following of, extreame purſuit after.*

Perſeguier. *as* Perſiguier.

Perſe-pierre. *See* Perce-pierre.

Perſer. *Look* Percer.

Perſeveramment. *Perſeveringly, continuingly, conſtantly, ſtedfaſtly.*

Perſeverance: f. *Perſeverance, continuance, conſtancie, a reſolute ſticking to, or abiding by.*

Perſeverant. *Perſevering, perſiſting, ſtedfaſt, conſtant; continuing to the end in.*

Perſeverer. *To perſever, perſiſt, continue, or abide by; to hold ſtiffly, maintaine ſtoutly, ſtedfaſtly to remaine in, a good courſe, or opinion.*

Perſicaire. *Dead Arſeſmart, dead Culter age, Cider age, Peachwort.*

Perſien. *Perſian, of Perſia; whence,* Feu Perſien. *Look* Feu.

Perſil: m. *Parſely.*

Perſil aigrun. *Wild Parſely, great water Parſely, ſallade Parſely, Belldars, Bellrags.*

Perſil Alexandrin. *Alexanders.*

Perſil d'aſne. *Aſſe-Parſely, wild Chervill, mocke Chervill, great Chervill, ſweet Chervill, Myrrhis Caſſa, or Kex.*

Perſil baſtard. *Baſtard Parſely, Hemneſſoot.*

Perſil d'eau. *water Parſely, ſallade Parſely; alſo, as* Perſil de marais.

Perſil de Macedoine. *Herbe Alexanders, or Aliſaunders; alſo, rocke Parſely, ſtone Parſely.*

Perſil de marais. *Smallage; or wild water Parſely.*

Perſil de montaigne. *Mountaine Parſely.*

Perſil de roc, ou de rocher. *Rock Parſely, ſtone Parſely, ſtrange Parſely, true Parſely.*

Perſil ſauvage. *Wild Parſely.*

Perſil vray. *Stone Parſely; (though the leaſt common, yet held the trueſt, Parſely.)*

Grand

Grand perſil. *Great Parſely, herb Alexanders.*

Greſſer ſur le perſil. *To venture boldly on, or ſwagger extremely with, a known-weak adverſary.*

Perſin. *as* Perſil.

Perſiſter. *To perſiſt, perſever, continue, hold out, ſtand to, abide by.*

Perſoir. *A Piercer.*

Perſonat : m. *A Place, or Title of honor, enjoyed by a benefic'd perſon, without any manner of Juriſdiction, in the Church.*

Perſonate : f. *The Clote, or great Burre.*

Perſonier. *See* Perſonnier.

Perſonnage : m. *A perſonage, body, perſon; alſo, a part in a Play, or part-player; an actor; alſo, a counterfeit, image, reſemblance, of; alſo, a viſard, a falſe, or maſking, face.*

Vn livre à perſonnages. *A Dialogue.*

Faict à perſonnages. *Wrought with Imagery, or Anticks.*

Perſonne : f. *A perſon, wight, creature, body; alſo (with a Negative) no body.*

Les Meubles ſuyvent la perſonne; viz. *Are diſpoſed of according to the cuſtome of of the place wherein a man dwelled at the time of his death; ſo that by* Perſonne *not ſo much his body, as the place of his ordinary reſidence, is underſtood (in the cuſtomes of* Amiens, Arras, & Cambray.)

Perſonnel : m. elle : f. *Perſonall, in perſon, bodily, belonging to the perſon, or body.*

Cour perſonnelle. *Wherein ſutors are to appeare, and plead; in perſon, and not by attorney.*

Debtes perſonnelles. *Debts due by a Bill, or Scroll, or upon a bare promiſe.*

Tailles perſonnelles. *Impoſed, or levied by Poll; and wherennto not the land, but the preſence of the ſubject is liable.*

Perſonnellement. *Perſonally, in perſon, by perſon, bodily, with the body.*

Perſonnerie : f. *A Partnerſhip, or Copartnerſhip; a contributing, ſharing, joyning, or enjoying, with another.*

Perſonnier : m. *A Partner, in trading; alſo, a coheire, or Coparcener; and, a Joint-tenant, or Tenant in common; alſo, a contributor with others in the payments of taxes, or other publicke duties; alſo, one that joynes in an Action, or Sute with another; alſo, an acceſſary, or complice in an offence, or treſpas.*

Perſonnier ; m. ere : f. *Partaking, ſharing; contributing; acceſſary; joyning, or enjoying, with another.*

Moulin perſonnier. *A common Mill.*

Perſpective : f. *The Perſpective, Proſpective, or Optick (Art.)*

Perſpicacité : f. *Perſpicacity; quick ſight, nimble inſight, ready apprehenſion, ſharpe underſtanding.*

Perſpicuité : f. *Perſpicuity, cleerneſſe, or plainneſſe of ſpeech.*

Perſpirable : com. *Which may be breathed through.*

Perſpiration : f. *A perſpiration, or breathing through.*

Perſpité : m. ée : f. *Sprinckled, bedeawed, moiſtened.*

Perſtraindre. *as* Perſtreindre.

Perſtreindre. *To wring, or ſqueeze hard; alſo, to courſe, check, chide, be very round with.*

Pour le perſtreindre en vn mot. *To be briefe, or make ſhort; to reſtraine it within, knit it up in, comprehend it under, one word.*

Perſuadé : m. ée : f. *Perſuaded; moved, induced, exhorted, adviſed unto.*

Perſuader. *To perſuade; adviſe, exhort, move, induce, unto; to make beleive, breed beliefe, put into the head, make ſink into the thought, or minde.*

Perſuadeur : m. *A perſuader; adviſer, counſellor, mover, inducer unto.*

Perſuaſible : com. *Perſuaſible, perſuadeable.*

Perſuaſiblement. *Perſuadeably.*

Perſuaſif : m. ive : f. *Perſuaſive, perſuading, adviſing, inducing, moving.*

Perſuaſion : f. *A perſwaſion; advice, inducement; beliefe.*

Perſuaſoire : com. *Perſuaſorie, perſuaſive, perſuading.*

† Pert. Il pert. *of* Paroir; *it appeareth.*

Perte : f. *Loſſe, dammage, detriment; hinderance; ruine, decay.*

Perte de hnance. *Loſſe of the publicke treaſure by a violent robbery; decay of privat ſubſtance by exceſſive, or needleſſe Vſury; whence,* Prendre à perte de hnance. *Looke* Prendre.

Perte des fruicts. *Is incurred by a vaſſal, when a Lord hath entred on his land for want of homage, and due ſervices done him; the like is;* La pure perte du vaſſal.

Perte de veuë. Diſcours à p. *Looke* Veuë.

Pertinemment. *Pertinently, properly, fitly, aptly, to purpoſe.*

Pertinent : m. ente : f. *Pertinent; fit, apt, proper, unto purpoſe.*

Pertroubler. *To trouble, or perturbe extremely.*

Pertuis : m. *A hole.*

Pertuis de l'Araigne. *The centre of an Aſtrolabe; the hole wherein all the tables thereof are, by a pin or naile, joyned togegether.*

Les pertuis des poelles. *Two trunkes, or gutters of wood, whereby ſea-water (for Saltmaking) is conveyed from the receptacle called* Forans *unto thoſe which are called* Vireſons.

Les gens qui regardent par vn pertuis. *Monkes, or Friers (by reaſon of their cowles,)*

Faire vn pertuis dedans vn trou. *To doe juſt nothing.*

A tel pertuis telle cheville; Prov. *Look* Cheville.

Pertuiſane : f. *A Partiſan, or leading ſtaffe.*

Pertuiſanon : m. *A little Partiſan.*

Pertuiſé : m. ée : f. *Holed, or full of holes.*

Pertuiſer. *To make a hole or holes, to bore full of holes.*

Perturbateur : m. *A perturbator, diſturber, diſquietter, vexer, troubler; an importunate, or buſie fellow.*

Perturbation : f. *Perturbation; diſturbance, unquietneſſe of minde; a troubleſome paſſion, veſtleſſe affliction; an agitation of ſpirit.*

Perturber. *To perturbe, diſturbe, trouble, diſquiet, blunder, vex.*

Pervenche : f. *Periwinkle, or pervincle (an herb.)*

Pervers : m. erſe : f. *Perverſe, croſſe, aukeward, overthwart; ſkittiſh, froward, untoward; alſo, naught, corrupt, mard, wry, ſhewing.*

Perverſement. *Perverſly, croſſely, aukwardly, overthwartly, frowardly, untowardly; maliciouſly; askance, askew, awry.*

Perverſion : f. *A perverſion; an untoward, or ill-favoured wrying; whence,* Perverſion de bouche; *a crampe, or convulſion, whereby the mouth is drawn awry.*

Perverſité : f. *Perverſity, croſſeneſſe, overthwartneſſe, aukewardneſſe, frowardneſſe, baſhfulneſſe of diſpoſition; a ſkittiſh, giddy, or untoward humor to do an unlawfull, or ill, thing.*

Perverti : m. ie : f. *Perverted, depraved, corrupted, ſeduced; maliciouſly wreſted.*

Pervertir. *To pervert, ſeduce, deprave, corrupt, marre, ſpoyle; to wreſt maliciouſly, to turn a wry, or to a wry courſe.*

Pervertiſſement : m. *A perverting, depraving, ſeducing; a falſe, or malicious wreſting of.*

Pervertiſſeur : m. *A perverter, depraver, ſeducer; a falſe, or malicious wreſter.*

Pervis, *as* Parvis.

Pes. *Look* Peis.

Peſade : f. *Look* Poſade.

Peſant : m. Le peſant de. *The weight, or burthen of.*

Peſant : m. ante : f. *Weighty, ponderous, heavy, burthenſome; alſo, peiſing, or weighing.*

Il ne trouve rien trop chaud, ny trop peſant. *He findes nothing too hot, nor too heavy for him; nothing comes amiſſe unto him.*

Peſanteur : f. *Weightineſſe, ponderoſity, heavineſſe; alſo, a weight, burthen, charge.*

Peſanteur de teſte. *A dull, or dulling, headache.*

Peſart : m. *The diſeaſe called, the Nightmare.*

Peſchage : m. *A fiſhing; or place to fiſh in.*

Peſche : f. *A fiſhing; alſo, the caſt, or draught of a fiſhnet; alſo, the fiſh gotten thereby; alſo, a Peach; whence;*

Peſche blanche. *Our ordinary white Peach.*

Peſche iaulne. *as* Peſche-coing.

Peſche d'or. *The gold Peach; one of the moſt delicate kinds of that fruit.*

Peſche rouge, ou ſanguine. *The red Peach; the little round, and ruddy Peach, whoſe pulpe neere to the ſtone is of a ſanguine hue.*

Peſche de Troyes. *An Apricocke; or a ſmall and delicate Peach reſembling an Apricocke.*

Peſcheable : com. *Fiſhable, which may be fiſhed in.*

Peſche-amande. *The Almond Peach; a delicate Italian Peach, whoſe kernell is a very ſweet Almond.*

Peſche-coing. *The Quince-Peach, or yellow Peach, more hard, and more delicate, then any other.*

Peſchement : m. *A fiſhing.*

Peſche-noire. *The black Peach.*

Peſche-noix. *The nut Peach; is of a firme or hard ſubſtance; and not much unlike, nor much inferiour, to the yellow one.*

Peſcher : m. *A fiſh-pond (for houſhold proviſion;) alſo, as* Peſchier.

Se mettre en la vigne iuſques au peſcher. *To be tipled with wine.*

Peſcher. *To fiſh; to catch fiſh.*

Peſcher en eau trouble. *To fiſh in troubled waters. Look* eau.
Peſcher des eſtourgeons en l'air. *To attempt impoſſible, or vaine, matters.*
Peſcher au maillet. *See* Maillet.
Peſcher au plat. *To cut, and carve at pleaſure; to take what, and where, one likes.*
Il tait beau peſcher en eau large; Pro. *There is no fiſhing to the ſea.*
Il faut perdre vn veron pour peſcher vn ſaulmon; Prov. *Somewhat muſt be loſt that much may be gotten.*
Touſiours peſche qui en prend vn; Prov. *And yet he fiſhes who catches one; or, he that takes one, may well be ſaid to fiſh.*

Peſchereſſe: f. *A fiſhereſſe, a woman fiſher.*
Grenouille peſchereſſe. *The ſea-Frog, ſea-toad, or ſea-Devill; a moſt ouglie fiſh.*

Peſcherie: f. *A fiſhing; alſo, a little fiſh-pond.*

Peſchereau: m. *The ſea-Frog, ſea-Toad, or ſea-Devill.* ¶ Bourdelois.

Peſcheur: m. *A fiſher, or fiſher-man; alſo, the Kings-fiſher, called otherwiſe,* Martinet peſcheur.
Tour de peſcheur; Prov. *Great hazarding for great matters; whence;*
Il feit vn tour de peſcheur. *He expoſed himſelfef unto much danger to obtaine a thing o much worth.*
A grand peſcheur eſchappe anguille; Prov. *The Eele eſcapes the cunning fiſhers hands.*

Peſcheux: m. euſe: f. *Fiſhing; or, full of fiſhing.*

Peſchier: m. *A Peach tree.*
Couleur de fleur de peſchier. *A Peach colour.*

Peſé: m. ée: f. *Peiſed, poiſed, weighed; pondered, conſidered, examined.*

Peſée: f. *A peiſing, or weighing; alſo, poiſe, or weight.*

Peſer. *To peiſe, poiſe, weigh; to ponder, perpend, conſider.*
Peſer ſur la plume. *To leane upon a penne.*
Cela me poiſe. *That lyes heavie on my ſtomack, or exceedingly grieves me.*
Il me peſe ſur le cœur. *He vexeth mé at the heart; I can in no ſort abide him, I can by no meanes away with him.*
A vn chaſcun ſon fardeau poiſe; Pro. *Everie one is ſenſible of his own burthen.*
Mal poiſe qui ne contrepoiſe; Prov. *He weighes but ill that weighes not one with another.*
Petite choſe de loing poiſe; &,
Petit fardeau poiſe à la longue; Pro. *A little truſſe ſarve carried ſeemeth heavie.*

Peſeur: m. *A peiſer, weigher; ponderer.*

Peſle: m. *The boult of a locke.*

Peſle: f. *as* Poile; *whence;*
Il fait le doux Dieu deſſous vne peſle. *He behaves himſelfe gently, beares himſelfe mildly, he is a faire conditioned man; or, he is too nice, quaint, preciſe; he minces, or ſimpers it too much.*

Peſle meſlé: m. ée: f. *Pell-melled, confuſedly mingled.*

Peſle-meſle. *Pell-mell, confuſedly, hand over head, all on a heape, one with another.*

Peſles: f. *Thrummes; or that which hangs at the end of a peece of cloth like fringe.*

Peſne: m. *The boult of a locke.*

peſon: m. *A wherve, or wherle to put on a ſpindle. See* Pezon.
Fuſée avec ſes peſons. *The ſmall Rundle, or Member of Architecture, called otherwiſe* Aſtragale; *an thus called, becauſe it is (commonly) made to reſemble many ſpindles and wherves threaded, or ſet together.*

Peſqueur. *as* Peſcheur. ¶ Norm.

Peſſaire: m. *A Peſſarie; a great Suppoſitorie made of ſoft wooll, and faſhioned like a finger.*

Peſſe. *The Pitch tree, alſo, a kind of precious ſtone.*

Peſſeau. *as* Paiſſeau.

Peſſon. *as* Paiſſon.

Peſte: f. *The plague, or peſtilence; a death, contagion, infection; alſo, a peſtiferous fellow; one that ruines, or ſpoyles, others.*
Remede contre la peſte par art, fuïr toſt & loing, retourner tard; Prov. *Art thus preſcribes, where plague doth raigne, fly ſoone and farre, turne late againe.*

Peſteil: m. *A peſtle, or peſtell.*

Peſteux: m. euſe: f. *Plaguie, full of the plague; moſt peſtilent, infectious, contagious.*

Peſtifere: com. *Peſtiferous, peſtilent, pernicious, deadly, infectious, contagious.*

Peſtiferé: m. ée: f. *Infected; or that hath the plague.*

Peſtilence: f. *A peſtilence, or plague.*

Peſtelent: m. ente: f. *Peſtilent, plaguie, infectious, contagious.*

Peſtilentiel. *Peſtilentiall; or, as* Peſtilentieux.

Peſtilentieux: m. euſe: f. *Peſtilentious, full of the peſtilence.*

Peſtiller. *To paddle; or, as* Petiller; *or to patter; to beat thicke and ſhort.*

Peſtri: m. ie: f. *Kneaded; wrought as dough.*
Peſtri d'eau froide. *Effeminate, cowardly, white livered, without ſpirit, vigor, metall; dull, cold, and ſlacke in all he does.*
Peſtri de folle farine. *Fond, light, idle, unprofitable, a triſling fellow.*

Peſtrir. *To knead; to worke, fettle, or ſoften (as dough) with the hands.*

Peſtriſſement: m. *A kneading.*

Peſtriſſeur: m. *A kneader; a Baker.*

Peſtriſſure: f. *A kneading.*

Pet: m. *A fart; ſcape, tayle-ſhot, or crake.*
Pet de boulengier. *Such a one as makes the* Bren *to ſollow.*
Pet en gueule. *The name of an Yew-game.*
Pet de maſſon. *A fart in ſyrrup, a ſquittering fart.*
I'aymeroy autant tirer vn pet d'un Aſne mort, que. *I would as ſoone undertake to get a fart of a dead man, as &c.*
Chantez à l'aſne il vous fera des pets; Pro. *Looke* Aſne.

Petacé: m. ée: f. *Pocted, bepatched.*

Petaliſme: m. *A forme, or ſentence, of baniſhment among the old Syracuſans, writing his name whom they would be rid of in an Olive leaſe.*

Petarade. *See* Petarrade.

Petaraſſe: f. *A clap, yerke, or ſtroake on the buttocks; alſo, the farting of a luſtie (and leaping) horſe.*

Petard. *as* Petart; *alſo, a Squib.*

Petardé: m. ée: f. *Petarded, burſt open with a Petard.*

Petarder. *To burſt open with a Petard.*

Petardier: m. *A Petarder; one that uſes, or ſhoots off, a Petard.*

Petarrade: f. *Gunſhot of farting; alſo, a horſes kicking, winſing, or yerking out behind, accompanied for the moſt part, with farting.*

Petart: m. *A Petard, or Petarre; an Engine (made like a Bell, or Morter) wherewith ſtrong gates are burſt open.*

Petas: m. *A mole, or wart; alſo, a kind of (Rouncivall) eaſe.*

Petaſite: f. *Lagwort, Butter-burre (an herb.)*

Petaud: m. *A farter; alſo, a footman.*
C'eſt la Court du Roy Petaud, ou chaſcun eſt maiſtre; Prov. *Applyable to an Anarchie, or a diſordered familie; wherein every one may doe what he liſteth.*

Petault, *as* Petaud.

† Petauriſtique: com. *Tumbling, vaulting, going upon ropes, running upon ſtaves, in the aire.*

Petelement: m. *as* Petelis.

Peteler. *To ſtampe, trample, or tread hard upon.*

Petelis: m. *A ſtamping, or trampling upon.*

Peter. *To fart; cracke, let a ſcape.*

Petereau: m. *A little fart, or ſquib.*

Peteuſe: f. *A ſmall, and bitter fiſh of the River* Seine; *as* Bouviere.

Petiere. Cane petiere. *See* Canepetiere.

Petillages: m. *The orders and cuſtomes obſerved by Merchants in their trading, and cuſtome-paying.*

Petillant. *Crackling; ſparkling; alſo, ſtamping, or trampling; alſo, quaking, or ſhaking.*

Petillement: m. *A crackling, or ſparkeling; alſo, a quaking, ſhaking, panting, throbbing; alſo, a ſtamping, or trampling; alſo, the ſpitting of a candle; &c.*

Petiller. *To crackle, or ſparkle; alſo, to quake, ſhake; throb, or pant; beat thicke and ſhort; alſo, to ſtampe, trample.*
La lumiere petille. *The candle ſparkles, or ſpits.*
Vn oeil qui petille. *A ſparkling, or often-twinckling eye.*

Petiot: m. otte: f. *Verie little.*

Petit: m. *The whelpe, cub, or puppie, the little one, or young one, of a beaſt, whence;*
Faire ſes petits. *as under* Faire.

Petit: m. ite: f. *Little, ſmall; exile, ſlender, young, prettie; ſcant, ſcarce, meane, pettie; low, ſhort.*
Petit bras. *The upper part of the arme, from the elbow to the ſhoulder.*
Petit cheval de Dieu. *The little Joſeſt called, a Lady-cow.*
Petits choux. *A kind of puffe-cakes of two ſorts; the one round, and plumpe as an apple; the other alſo round, but much flatter.*
La petite oye. *The Ooſe-giblets. Looke* Oye.

Petit

Petit pied. *See* Pied.
Petit à petit. *Faire and ſoftly, now one, and then one, wiredrawer-like; by leiſure, degrees, pawſes, little peeces, or parcells.*
Faire le petit. *To bow, incline, or humble himſelfe; to lowte it, or beare himſelfe lowly; alſo, to live meanely, neerely, or poorely; to make no manner of ſhew in the world.*
Petit à petit on va bien loing; Prov. *Faire and ſoftly goeth farre.*
Petite choſe de loing poiſe; &, Petit fardeau poiſe à la longue; Prov. *A light thing far borne heavie growes.*
Petit homme abat grand cheſne; Pro. *A low man fells a tall Oake.*
Petite pluye abat grand vent; Prov. *See* Grand.
Les petis ruiſſeaux font les grandes rivieres; Pro. *Of narrow brookes come navigable rivers.*
De petit petit, & d'aſſez aſſez; Pro. *Of a little take a little, of a mickle mickle*
De petite choſe peu de plaid; Prov. *A ſleight cauſe needeth but ſleight canvaſſing.*
De petit enfant petit dueil; Pro. *Seek* Enfant.
De petit eſguillon poind on bien grande aſneſſe; Prov. *The little goad pricks on the great ſhe Aſſe.*
De petit peché petit pardon; Prov. *Small pardon will ſuffice for a ſmall fault.*
Du petit vient on au grand; Prov. *See* Grand.
En petit buiſſon trouve on grand lievre; &,
En petite cheminée fait on bien grand feu; &,
En petite maiſon Dieu à grand part; &,
En petite teſte giſt grand ſens; &,
Es petites boiſtes met on les bons onguens. *(Proverbs in commendation of little things.)*
De grands vanteurs petis faiſeurs; Pro. *Great boaſt, ſmall roaſt; big words poore worke; the more you talke the leſſe you will doe.*
Tel eſt petit qui boit bien; Prov. *A little man may have a great ſwallow.*
Petitement. *Smally, ſlenderly; ſcarcely, ſcantly; meanely, poorely, lowlily; ſhortly, lowly.*
Petiteſſe: f. *Smallneſſe, littleneſſe; prettineſſe; exilitie, ſlenderneſſe; exiguitie; ſcarcitie, ſcantneſſe; poorenеſſe, meaneneſſe; lowlineſſe; ſhortneſſe, lowneſſe, youngneſſe.*
Petiteur: f. *as* Petiteſſe.
Petition: f. *A petition; ſute, requeſt, requirall, demand.*
Petitoire: m. *A petition; claime, demand.*
Petitoire: com. *Petitorie; clayming, demanding, requiring.*
Action petitoire. *A Claime; a writ of right, an action of demand.*
Petitoſe: f. *The garbage of fowle; (an old word.)*
Peton: m. *A little foot; alſo, the ſlender ſtalke of a leaſe, or of a fruit.*
Mon peton. *My prettie ſpringall, my gentle impe; (any ſuch flattering or dandling phraſe, beſtowed by nurſes on their ſuckling boyes.*
Petoncle: m. *A Cockle, or ſmall Scallop.*
Petonner. *To pat, or tread downe the earth by often ſtepping, or trampling on it.*
Petoucle. *as* Petoncle.
Petrar: m, *A wild Sparrow, leſſe then the tame one.* ¶ Orlean.
Petrarquiſer. *To petrarkiſe it, to write like a paſſionate lover.*
Petreux. Os petr. *The bone of the Temples; one of the eight bones whereof the skull conſiſts.*
Petrification: f. *A petrificacion; a making ſtonie, a turning into ſtone.*
Petrifié: m. ée: f. *Made ſtonie, turned into ſtone.*
Petrifier. *To make ſtonie, to turne into ſtone.*
Petrinal: m. *A Petronell, or horſe-mans peece.*
Petrir. *Seek* Peſtrir.
Petrol: m. Petrole, & Petrolle: f. *as* Naphte.
Petteler. *as* Peteler.
Petulance: f. *Petlancie, malepertneſſe, impudencie, ſawcineſſe.*
Petum: m. *Tobacco.*
Petum femelle. *Engliſh Tobacco; the right yellow Henbane; or a ſmall kind of Nicotian.*
Petum maſle. *Nicotian, French Tobacco.*
Peu. *(A Particle of the verbe* Paiſtre*) fed, eaten, repaſted, paſtured.*
Peu. *(Of the Verbe* Pouvoir*)* I'ay peu. *I could, or might have ben able.*
Peu. *(An Adverbe of quantitie) little, ſmall, ſcant, ſcarce, few; a pittance, modicum, ſmall deale, ſlender companie, almoſt nothing, or no bodie.*
Peu à peu. *See* Petit à petit.
Peu plus peu moins. *Little more or leſſe, thereabouts.*
Peu s'en faut; &, à peu pres. *Almoſt, well-nigh, very neer, lacking but little, miſſing but narrowly, likely to have been.*
Peu ſouvent. *Seldome, rarely, not verie often.*
Homme de peu. *A worthleſſe, poore, or weake ſpirited, fellow.*
C'eſt trop peu d'un. *One is too few; or thats too few by one.*
Tant ſoit peu. *But very ſleightly, never ſo little.*
Peu de choſe ne fait qu'un peu de mal; Prov. *A little thing does but a little harme.*
Peu à peu le loup mange l'oye; Pro. *Bit after bit the Wolfe eats up the Goose.*
Peu & paix eſt don de Dieu; Prov. *A little with quietneſſe is Gods owne gift.*
De peu de choſe peu de proſe; Prov. *Little done ſoone delivered, little acted quickly uttered.*
Qui peu ſeme peu prend; Pro. *Of ſmall ſeeding a ſmall crop.*
Trois beaucoup, & trois peu deſtruiſent l'homme; Prov. viz. *To ſpeake much, and know but little; to ſpend much, and have but little; to preſume much, and be but little.*
Peucedane: m. *Horſe-ſtronge, Hore ſtrange, Sow-fennell, Sulphurwort.*
Pevier. Canon pevier. *A Cannon Pevier, or Perrier; See* Canon.
Peuille. *as* Peulle.
Peulle: f. *Before new money be delivered out of the Mint, an Officer called* L'Eſſayeur *divides a peece thereof into ſome parts; one he gives to the Maſter, a ſecond unto the Wardens of the Mint; the other two he keepes, and touches, or makes a tryall of, one of them: Now each of theſe parts wrapt up in a peece of paper, (ſpecifying the quantitie, weight, alloy, and day of deliverie out of the coyne) is tearmed* Peulle.
Pevoeſne: f. *Peonie, Pionie, Kings-bloome, Roſe of the Mount. Looke* Pivoine.
Pevoiſne. *as* Pevoeſne.
Peuplade: f. *A Colonie, or Troope of people, imployed in a Plantation.*
Peuplaye: f. *A Grove of Popler trees.*
Peuple: m. *People; or folke.*
Le menu peuple. *The vulgar, multitude, or meaner ſort; the commons, or common people of a Towne, &c.*
Peuple en multitude errant ne nous ſert pas de grant; Pro. *The erring multitude is no fit warrant for us.*
Peuple: m. *The Poplar, or Peplar tree (eſpecially the blacke one.) See* Peuplier.
Peuple blanc. *The white Poplar, or Abeell tree.*
Peuplé: m. ée: f. *Peopled; populous, inhabited, planted, or well ſtored with folke.*
Peuplement: m. *A peopling; a ſtoring with people.*
Peuplement de vigne. *A furniſhing, or ſtoring it with Vine-plants.*
Peupler. *To people, make populous, furniſh with people, plant or ſtore with inhabitants.*
Peupleraye: f. *A Grove, or ſtand of Poplar trees.*
Peuplier: m. *The Poplar, or Peplar tree; (eſpecially the blacke one.)*
Peuplier des Alpes. *as* Peuplier de Lybie.
Peuplier blanc. *The white Peplar, or Abeell tree.*
Peuplier de Lybie. *The Aſpe, or Aſpen tree.*
Peuplier de montaigne. *The ſame.*
Peur: f. *Feare, dread, fearefullneſſe, timerouſneſſe, terror, a fright, or flight.*
Peur Sainct Valier; Prov. *Feare of an approaching miſchiefe that breeds effects of a preſent one; as a man to die (being threatned a death) before any blow be given him.*
Qui a peur il eſt aſſeur; Pro. *A (warie, and provident) feare breeds great ſecuritie.*
Qui a peur des fueilles ne doit aller au bois; Pro. *Let him thats ſcared by leaves keep from the wood.*
Tel menace qui a grand peur; Prov. *Some threaten highly that are ill afraid.*
Peureſie. *In ſtead of* Pleureſie. *(Ruſtically.)*
Peureuſement. *Fearefully, timerously.*
Peureux: m, euſe: f. *Fearefull, timerous, faint-hearted, white-livered.*
Pezar: m. *A whole Peaſe, or Beane, ſtaulk.*
Pezart: m. *The Night-mare; (a diſeaſe.)*
Pezon: m. *as* Peton; *alſo, a kind of ſmall coyne; alſo, (any) ſmall weight.*
Pezze: f. *The Pitch-tree.*
Phagediane: m. *A kind of ulcerous Canker.*
Phagouë: f. *Looke* Fagouë.
Phaiſander. *as* Faiſander.
Phalange. *The name of a moſt venomous Spider; alſo, a foure-ſquare troope, or batallion*

batallion of (8000, some say 12000) souldiers, ranked so as they may incounter the enemie every way.

Phalene. *A small Butterfly, or Moath, which in the night loves to be fluttering about candles.*

Phaleré : m. ée : f. *Barbed, or trapped, as a souldiers great horse.*

Phalerer. *To furnish with Barbes, or (warlick) trappings.*

Phaleres : f. *Barbes, or (warlicke) trappings for a horse of service.*

Phaleuces : f. *Verses of eleven syllables.*

Phalot. *as* Falot.

Phanal : m. *The Lanthorne of a Galley, or Ship.*

Phanot. *as* Falot.

Phantasie : f. *A fancie, or fantasie. a conceit, an imagination.*

Phantasié : m. ée : f. *Fancied, or conceived in mind; feigned, imagined, devised; also, painted, or made, fantastically.*

Phantôsme : m. *as* Fantosme.

Pharasse : f. *A Cresset.* ¶ Langued. *Looke* Faraffe.

Phares : m. *Towers, or high places nere the mouth of a Haven, &c. wherein continuall nightly fires, or lights be kept.*

Pharien : m. enne : f. *High, or light, as a watch-tower on the sea-coast.*

Pharique. *A kind of dangerous poison.*

Pharisien : m. enne : f. *Hypocriticall, Pharisie-like.*

Pharmacie : f. *A curing, or medicining with drugs.*

Pharmakeutie : f. *Phisicke which much cureth by drugs, or simples.*

Pharmaque : m. *A simple, or drug.*

Pharol : m. *The Lanthorne of a Ship, or Galley.*

Pharot. *The same; also, a Cresset, or paper Lanthorne.*

Phaseoles : m. *Phasells, long Pease, Kidney Beanes, Roman or French Beanes, Garden Smilax.*

Phaseoles espineux. *The common rough Bindweed.*

Phaseoles peincts. *Particoloured Kidney Beanes.*

Phasioles, & Phasiols. *as* Phaseoles.

Pharier : m. *A Ringdove, Queest, Coushot, woodculver.*

Phée : f. *A Fairie; or one of the destinies.*

Phée : m. ée : f. *Fatall, destined, foreappointed; also, inchaunted, bewitched, forespoken.*

Phelandrion. *Small Burnet Saxifrage; and not meadow Rue, as the Parisien Phisitions erroniously hold it to be, sayes Gerard.*

Phengite. *(The name of) a certaine bright stone.*

Phenicé : m. ée : f. *Crimson, or Skarlet, of colour.*

Phenomenes. *Ayrie impressions, or apparitions.* ¶ Rab.

Philactere, & Philacterie. *Looke* Phylactere.

Philadelphe : m. *A lover of his brother.*

Philargirie : f. *Love of silver, covetousnes.*

Philibert : m. *A proper name for a man; and particularly, the name of a certaine Bourgonian Saint; whereof;*

Chaine de S. Philibert. *A kind of counterfeit chaine.*

Philippe : m. Philip; *(signifies originally) a lover of horses; also, a valiant, hardie, or warlicke person.*

Vn Phillippe daller. *A Philip Dolla.* (1 *Low-country coyne.*)

Philippine : f. *An Edict whereby Philip the Faire assumed to himselfe the absolute bestowing, and disposall of Regall benefices.*

Philippus : m. *A golden coine worth about* iij s. sterl.

Philippus d'argent. *Is worth about* iiij s. sterl.

Phillyrée : f. *Mock-privet, a shrub.*

Philocriste : f. *Love of gold.*

† Philogrobolizé du cerveau. *Intoxicated, astonied, beduced, at his wits end.*

Philologue : com. *A lover of learning, studie, or discourse.*

† Philomesle. *A lover of the Masse.*

Philophanes. *A lover of light.* ¶ Rab.

Philosophalement. *Philosophically, according to the rules of Philosophie.*

Philosophe : m. *A Philosopher, a lover of wisdome.*

Huile des Philosophes. *Oyle extracted, by distillation from tiles, or brickes, which have lien a good while steeping in very old oyle.*

Oeufs des philosophes. *Look* Oeuf.

Philosopher. *To philosophize it; to write, argue, or discourse philosophically.*

Philosopher à la martingale. *See* Martingale.

Philosophie : f. *Philosophie; the love, or study of wisdome.*

Philotheamon. *A lover of our gods.* ¶ Rab.

Philotime : com. *Ambitious, affecting honor.*

Philotome. *A lover of Passions.*

Philtarodelphe : m. *An excessive lover, (and by consequent a hater) of his brother.*

Philtre : m. *An amourous poison, or love-procuring medicine; also, the hollow, or gutter of the upper lip.*

Phiole : f. *A Viall, or small glasse-bottle.*

Phiphre : f. *A Fife, or small Pipe.*

Phisicalement. *Naturally.*

Phissane. *A certaine tumbling trick, or, a licentious fashion of dauncing, or singing, used, in some places, by Buffoons, or the Vices in Playes.*

Phleborome. *To let blood.*

Phlebotomie : f. *Phlebotomy, blood-letting.*

Phlegmagogue. *A medicine that purgeth flegme.*

Phlegmatique : com. *Flegmaticke.*

Phlegme : m. *Flegme.*

Phlegme salé. *A most itching manginesse bred by salt flegme.*

Phlegmon. *A Phlegman; a certaine inflamation of the bloud, which causeth a hot, and red swelling; also, a little, and long wart breeding among the haire of the eyelids.*

Phlegmoneux : m. euse : f. *Swelling with inflammation, also, flegmie.*

Phlegmonné : m. ée : f. *Swollen with hot bloud, or, troubled with a Phlegman.*

Phlomie. *as* Phlymouse.

Phlymouse. *(Rustically, or corruptly) in stead of* Physiognomie.

Phoebe : f. *The Moon.*

Phoenicoptere : f. *A certaine crimson-winged bird.*

Pholade : f. *as* Pelorde. ¶ Langued.

Phoque : f. *A Sea-Calf.*

Phougue. *Seek* Fougue.

Phrene. *The Midriffe.* ¶ Rab.

Phrenesie : f. *Frenzie, lunacie.*

Phrigie. *Looke* Phrygie.

Phrontistere. *The first ranke.*

Phrontistere. *The front, or forepart of a building.*

Phrygie : f. *Phrygian melodie, a kind of tune, or musicke, wherin there seemed to be a divine furie.*

Phryllelimeuse, & Phryllelimouse. *as* Physiognonie *(barbarously.)*

Phrymeuse, & Phrymouse. *The same.*

Phryson. *A Frizeland horse. Looke* Frison.

Phthiriase : f. *The lowsie evill.* ¶ Rab.

Phtise : f. *The Tysicke; an (incurable) ulceration of the lungs, accompanied with a consumption of the whole bodie.*

Phtisique : com. *Tysicall, or, troubled with the Tysicke.*

Phy; & Maistre phy phy. *Looke* Fy.

† Phylaciste : m. *A Goaler, or Keeper of a Prison.*

† Phylacte. *as* Phylaciste.

Phylactere : f. *A prison; also, a (written) preservative against poyson; or as* Phylacterie.

Phylacterie : f. *A scroll of parchment, with the tenne Commandements written in it, worne by the Pharisies about their heads, and armes.*

Phylomie, & Physonomie. *(Used corruptly) in stead of* Physiognomie.

Phylosomie, & Phylosonomie. *The same.*

Physetere. *The Whirlepoole (a huge fish.)*

Physicien : m. *A naturall Philosopher.*

Physiognomie : f. *Phisiognomie; a guesse at the nature, or the inward disposition, by the feature, or outward lineaments.*

Physologie : f. *A reasoning, disputing, or searching out of the nature of things; also, anatomizing Phisicke, or that part of Phisicke which treats of the composition, or structure of mans bodie.*

Physique : f. *Naturall Philosophie.*

Physis : f. *Nature.* ¶ Grec. ¶ Rab.

Piaffard : m. arde : f. *Braggard, strouting, vaine-glorious, proudly vaunting, fondly braving it.*

Piaffe : f. *A bragging, strouting, fond braving of it; a disdainefull carriage, boasting demeanour, vaine-glorious behaviour.*

Piaffer. *To brag, or brave it fondly; to boast, or strout it vainely, to make a vaine-glorious, or foolish muster of himselfe.*

Piaffeur : m. *A braggard, or braggadochio; a strouting, or boasting fop; a proud vainglorious coxcombe.*

Piaffeusement. *Braggingly, proudly, vainegloriously, stroutingly, vauntingly.*

Piailler. *To cheepe, or crie like a chicke; also, to bib, sip, tipple, or drive away time by drinking.*

Piailleur : m. *A bibber, sipper, wine-swiller; a tipler, brower, pot-gossip, or Gossippint-pot.*

Piaillon : f. *A bibbing, sipping, tipling, swilling, immoderate drinking.*

Pialet : m. *Dodder; a weed.*

Pian. Marcher pian. *To march leisurely, goe faire and softly.*

Pianelle : f. *A night-slipper, or choppine, a Pantofle for the chamber.*

Pianelleux : m. euse : f. *Wearing, full of, or belonging to, slippers, or chamber-pantofles.*

Piastre. *A Turkish coyn worth about* iiij s. sterl.

Piat : m. *A young Pie.*

Piauler. *To peepe; or sheepe (as a young bird;) also, to pule, or howle (as a young whelpe.)*

Pieuse : m. *Newly hatched chickens, or birds.*

Pibale. : f. *A young Lamprey.* ¶ Bourdelois.

Pible : f. *The pricke, or yard of a beast.*

Pibole : f. *A kind of Bagpipe.*

Piboleur : m. *A Piper.* ¶ Poictevin.

Pic : m. *A wood-pecker, Hickway, Green-peake; also, a (Masons) pickax; also, a thrust, stone, or punch.*

Pic d'Auvergne. *A Wall-pecker.*

Pic de farine. *A measure which containes about nine of our Pecks; (for it is to weigh 125 pounds.)*

Pic iaulne. *The ordinarie Wood-pecker.*

Pic de mer. *A certaine rock-fish of sundrie colours.*

Pic de muraille. *The small Hickway called a wall-pecker.*

Pic rouge. *A Speight, or Specht.*

Pic verd. *The Green-peake, or ordinarie wood-pecker.*

La Coste à pic; ou, en pic. *A full-deepe shore; a coast of a plumpe, or down-right depth.* ¶ Norm.

Picadilles. *Look* Piccadilles.

Picardent. *as* Piquardant.

Picardiser. *To Picardize it; to speake, or doe like a Picard.*

Picarel : m. *The small, and white Cockarell fish, whereof the best Garum, or pickle is made.*

Pication : f. *A pitching, or bepitching.*

Piccadilles : f. *Piccadilles; the severall divisions or peeces fastned together about the brimme of the collar of a doublet, &c.*

Piccon : m. *A prickle, or small prick.*

Piccoter. *as* Picquoter.

Piccotin. *See* Picotin.

Picé : m. ée : f. *Pitched, or pitchie.*

Piceastre. *The wild Pitch tree.*

Picée : f. *The Pitch tree.*

Pichier : m. *A Pitcher (pot.)* ¶ Langued.

Picmart : m. *A Spright, woodpecker, Higbaw, Hickway.*

Picorée : f. *Picorie; a foraging, ransacking, spoyling of, or preying on, the (poore) countreyman (friend, or foe.)*

Picorer. *To forrage, ransacke, rifle, rob, or prey upon, the poore husbandman, be he friend, or foe.*

Picorgne : m. *A boatbaler (in a friends countrey,) a rascaling, or filching souldier.*

Picorage : m. *A pricking here and there; also, a spotting, or speckling.*

Picore : f. *The small Pocks.*

Picoté : m. ée : f. *Spotted, speckled, or speckled; also, pricked, or stung often.*

Picoter. *See* Piquoter.

Picoterie : f. *A pirding, nipping, or unpinning, in speeches; a jarre, odds, or dispute, in words.*

Picoteure : f. *A pricke; a spot; a freckle, or pimple. See* Piquoteure.

Picotin : m. *A (French) Peck, or the fourth part of a Boisseau; comes to about five Pints of our measure; and is used onely in the measuring of Oats.*

Picoture : f. *as* Picoteure.

Picquantment. *Prickingly, piercingly.*

Picquant. *See* Piquant.

Picque : f. *A Spade, at Cards; also, as* Picque.

C'est bien rentré de picques noires. *Tea marrie sir, now you have hit it; (Ironically.)*

Picquement, & Picquer. *as* Piquement, & Piquer.

Picqueron : m. *A little Pike; a Javeline, or Dart. See* Piqueron.

Picque-seiche. *Look* Pique-seiche.

Picquet : m. *A little Pickax, or Mattocke; also, the peg, or sticke thrust downe into the earth by a surveyor that measures with cord, or chaine.*

Picqueure. *as* Piqueure.

Picquier : m. *A Pike-man, a Corselet.*

Piequois : m. *A Pickax.*

Picquot : m. *A prickle, or small pricke.*

Picquoté, & Picquoter. *See* Piquoté, & Piquoter.

Picte. *A (French) farthing; the fourth part of the Denier.*

Pictre. *The breast, bosome, or stomack.*

Picts : m. *The bulke, or pitch of the bodie; (or more properly) as* Pis.

Pié : m. *as* Pied; *a foot, &c.*

Pie : f. *A Pye, Pyannat, Meggatapie.*

Pie anctouelle, ou engroüée. *A Wry-angle; or, as under* Engroüé.

Pie escrayere. *The same.* ¶ Savoyard.

Pie griesche. *The same; a ravenous bird, not altogether so big as a Thrush.*

Pied de mer. *The Olive, or sea-Pye; a daintie fowle.*

Maigre comme vne pie. *We say (to the same purpose) as fat as a Henne's on the forehead.*

Monté iusques au nid de la pie. *At his full height; as great, rich, or powerfull as ever he can, or will, be.*

Vous ne fustes onques de mauvaise pie couvex. *You are of no ill progenie; you have no taint of ill breeding in you.*

Pie : f. *Drinke, bowsing, liquor; also, a Goose, the broyled thicke skinne of a peece of Beefe; also, the monstrous appetite of maids, and big-bellied women, unto Coales, Ashes, Paper, and such other unnaturall meats.*

C'est vn croque la pie. *He is a notable tosse-pot, or lick-spiggot.*

Pie : com. *Pious, godly, religious, holie, devout; mercifull, gentle; also, pied; or blacke and white as a Pie.*

Pie mere de la teste. *Looke* Mere.

Pieça. *A great while since, long agoe; also, heretofore, or in times past.*

Piece : f. *A peece, parcell, part, fragment; morcell, gobbet, lumpe, tuntill; shave of.*

La piece du chef. *A French Coife; the Sattin Coife worne now-adayes by divers of our Ladyes, and Gentlewomen.*

Piece de drap. *A whole cloth (as well as a peece of cloth.)*

Piece de huict heures. *as* Aloyau; *tearmed so, because the Clarks of the Palace commonly fetch it at the Cooks about eight of the clocke in the morning.*

Piece à pommette. *Look* Pommette.

Les pieces; d'un Procez. *The Bookes, Pleadings, or copies of Instruments, used in a suite.*

Gens de toutes pieces. *Men of all sorts, and qualities, tag-rag, wise and foolish, rich and poore, one with another.*

La grande piece. *The upmost, and broadest peece of a Pouldron; or a broad peece of Armour that's placed betweene the bottome of the helmet, and the Poul dron.*

La haute piece. *The Pouldron.*

En piece. *Of a long time, of a great while.*

Ie n'aurois en piece dit, ne fait, cela. *I would not for any thing have done, &c. the least part of that.*

A chef de piece. *In the end, at the length; or, after a long time.*

Il n'y a piece d'eux. *There is not one among them.*

Tout d'une piece. *All of a peece; also, of one whole colour; of onely one colour all over.*

Ie ne sçay quelle piece couldre à cecy. *I know not what helpe to apply, what art to imploy, in this; I know not how to remedie, supply, repaire, it.*

Piecette : f. *A shred, bit, morsell, manmocke, a small parcell, or peece.*

Pied : m. *A foot; a paw; also, a footing, or setting of the foot; also, a Base, or Base; a root, or bottome; a foostall, or foundation; also, the measure of a foot; (for which looke the next Marginall word.)*

Pied d'Alexandre. *Bartrame, or Bertram, Pellitorie of Spaine.*

Pied d'Alouette. *Larkes spurres, Larkes claw, Larkes heele, Monkes-hood, Kings Consound.*

Pied de biche. *The end of the Gaste of a Crosse-bow.*

Pieds blancs. *Look* Blanc.

Pied de canard. *Goose-foot, wild Orache.*

Pied d'un cancre. *The clee, or claw of a Crab.*

Pied de chat. *The port, or upset of some bitts, made like the foot of a Cat.*

Pieds chauds. *He is les pieds chauds. He prattles, tattles, babbles very much; his tongue never stints, never leaves, never lyes; also, he is lustie, gamesome, frolicke, wanton; also, he is jealous.*

Pied de chevre. *Looke* Chevre.

Pied de Colombe. *Doves-foot, Pigeons-foot; a kind of Pinkenedle.*

Pied de coq. *Hedg-fumitorie, Hennes-foot; Gerard calls Bastard Parsley Hennes-foot, and another calls it* Pied de coq.

Pied de corbin. *Crowfoot, Butter-flower, Kings-cob, Gold-cups, Gold-knops.*

Pied de corneille. *Crowfoot Plantaine, Harts-horne Plantaine, Buck-horne, Hart-horne, Sandwort, herbe Ivie, herbe Eve.*

Pieds corniers. *Looke* Pieds-corniers.

Pied droict d'une cheminée, fenestre, porte, &c. *The jaumbe, or jaume of a chimney &c.*

Pied forchu. *Any cloven-footed beast; as an Oxe, Hog, Sheepe, &c. also, the toll that's taken upon the sale of any of them in Markets, or faires.*

Pied de geline. *Hedge Fumitorie, yellow Fumitorie, Hennes foot; also, as under* Geline.

Pied de Griffon. *A Griffons foot; an Instrument wherewith Surgeons draw Moles, or the peices of a dead child, out of womens wombes.*

Pied gris. *A clownish, boore, bindle, swaine, a countrey hob.*

Pied de jars. *Goose foot, wild Orache.*

Pied de lievre. *Hares-foot, Hare-foot Trefoile, base Trefoile, rough Clavers.*

Pied

Pied de Lion. *Lions foot, Lions paw, Ladies mantle, great Sanicle, Padelion.*
Pied de Loup. *Wolves-clawes, Club-moſſe.*
Pied de milan. *The herb Kites-foot.*
La pied de monnoye. *The ground of reckoning, and for the rate, of mony; which was, untill the yeere 1577. by ſolz, but hath been ever ſince by* Eſcus.
Pieds neufs. Faire pieds neufs. *A woman to be delivered; a horſe to caſt his hooſes.*
Vn pied de nez. *Great ſhame, extreme diſgrace (or ſence of diſgrace.)*
Pied d'oiſon. *Gooſe-foot, wild Orache; called alſo Swines-bane, becauſe it kills, or meazels, the Swine which eat of it.*
Pied d'oye. *The ſame.*
Pied de pigeon. *as* Pied de Colombe.
Pied de poulain. *Fole-foot, Colts-foot, Hall-foot, Horſ-foot, Bull-foot.*
Pieds pouldreux. *Look* Pouldreux.
Pied rond. *Any whole-hoofed beaſt; as a Horſe, Camell, Moyle, Aſſe, &c. alſo, the toll thats taken upon the ſale of ſuch beaſts.*
Pied de ſtal. *as* Pied ſtal.
Pied de veau. *Calvesfoot, Wake-Robin, Ramp, Aaron, Starchwort, Cuckoo-pint, Prieſts-pint.*
Faire, ou trouſſer le pied de veau. *Look* Veau.
Colombier à pied. *A round, or ſquare Dove-cote built of ſtone, &c. from the very ground.*
Fer à pied. Elle n'a eu fer à pied. *She is untainted, undefiled, unbroken up.*
Froid aux pieds. Avoir froid aux pieds; &, Avoir les pieds froids. *Looke* Froid.
Le grand pied. *The thigh, leg, and foot altogether; termed ſo by Anatomiſts.*
Hautle pied. S'en aller haut le p. *To flie with liſt-up legs, or as faſt as his legs can carry with him.*
Sergent à pied. *A Sergeant, or Officer that arreſts, &c. onely within ſome peculiar Town, or Townſhip.*
Tiers pied. *as* Trepied.
Pied à pied. *By little and little; ſtep after ſtep; one foot before another, by degrees.*
Pied à pied de. *Cloſe by, neer unto.*
Les pieds au feu. Il ſemble qu'il ait les pieds au feu. *He keepes ſuch a figging that one would think his feet were in the fire.*
A pied coy. *Stilly, ſofily; alſo, ſetledly, repoſedly; with a firme, or faſt-planted foot.*
A pied de grue. *In ſuſpence, on doubtfull tearmes; or, not well, or but half, ſetled, like a Crane that ſtands but upon one leg.*
A pied levé. Reſpondre à pied levé. *To anſwer extempore.*
Au pied levé. Pourſuivre au pied levé. *To follow foot-hot, or hard at the heels.*
Prendre au pied levé. *To ſnap up in words; to take very ſhort, or at all advantages; to trip a man unawares, on a ſuddain, or when he is not provided; to take things at the worſt.*
A pied de plomb. *Slowly, heavily, dulky.*
A pied de plomb, & de pompe. *The ſame; alſo, ſtately, haughtily, majeſtically.*
A pied tout porté. *Look* Porté.
A plein pied. Mettre à plein pied. *To raze, or lay even with the ground.*
Entre le pied, & le carreau. *In the middeſt of danger, in the height of affliction.*
Et au pied. *And to his heeles he betooke him, and away he got him; or (more briefly) And away.*
Iuſques à la ſemelle du pied ſeulement. *Sleightly, barely, as little as may be.*
Sur ce pied. *Upon this ground or occaſion, hereupon.*
Sur le plein pied. Mettre ſur le plein pied. *To ſettle, make ſure, make faſt.*
Aller de l'un pied ſur l'autre. *To aſſeſt, or mince it, in treading.*
Aller du pied comme vn chat maigre. *Look* Aller.
Cercher cinq pieds en vn mouton. *To look for more then can be had.*
Clocher ſur vn pied, le ſçay bien ſur quel pied il cloche. *I know full well his infirmity, or defects; I know well enough what he ailes, what he lacks.*
Donner pied à. *To ſet on foot, give a beginning, make an overture, lay a foundation, unto.*
Donner pied ferme à. *To ſettle, or give ſure ſooting unto.*
Donner du pied à. *To kick, ſpurn, contemn, reject.*
Faire ſelon la jambe le pied. *To do things orderly; to keepe, obſerve, or hold a juſt proportion.*
Faucher l'herbe ſous les pieds à. *To ſupplant, or put the noſe out of joint; to deprive, or prevent one of a thing which he expected.*
Fendre les pieds. *Look* Fendre.
Gaigner au pied. *To run his country, or to run away.*
Iouër à quattre pieds contre. *To kick, winſe, or let fly at with all foure; to contend, or play reakes, againſt with all his power.*
Marcher de pied en terre. Il ne marche, &c. *He is ſo proud, or ſo glad, that he knows not the ground he goes on.*
Mettre ſous pied. *To forgive, and forget.*
Il me ſe mouche pas du pied. *He is a crafty, ſubtill, wary whoreſon.*
Paſſer le pied ſur la gorge d. *Looke* Paſſer.
Perdre pied. *To loſe ground, or be driven to a behind-hand (and thereupon, to his ſhifts.)*
Planté ſur le pied gauche. *Setled in an evill poſture, or on the wrong ſide; badly diſpoſed in affection; or ingaged in an unjuſt cauſe.*
Prendre pied à. *To regard, heed; build, upon, make reckoning; take notice of; alſo, to be diſcontented, or aggrieved, at.*
Rencontrer, ou trouver chauſſeure à pied. *To meet with their matches, or with ſuch as will hold them tack; alſo, to light upon ſtuffe for their purpoſe, or that which will ſerve their turn.*
Saulter à deux pieds ſur le ventre à. *Look* Saulter.
Seicher ſur les pieds. *To be in great perplexity, or in a peck of troubles. Look* Seicher.
Tenir pied à. *To keep play, hold tack or footing; march rank in ranke, walk cheek by jowle, with; alſo, to tarry long, or abide by it.*
Tenir pied à boale. *To follow a buſineſſe throughly; to ſtick hard, or ſtand cloſe, unto it (from the play at Nine-pins, wherein a man muſt ſtand where his bowle doth lie.)*
Tenir pied en ſoulier. Il leur ſa tenir pied en ſoulier. *He curbed them, kept them from ranging, held them in, or in awe.*
Il en tirera pied ou aile. *He will carry away either leg or wing, either more or leſſe, one part or another, of it.*
Le pied ſaſit le chef. *The floor, or ſoyle, commands the houſe; he that is Lord of the one may ſeize the other; (or, he thats owner of the one may owne the other;)*
Area enim eſt pars vel maxima ædificij (ſay the civilians;) *The cuſtomes of* Chalons, Art. 143. *expound this Maxime otherwiſe; viz. that a man may build his houſe upright as high as he will, and compell a neighbour to withdraw any thing that ſhall hinder him therein, of what continuance ſoever it have been.*
A l'Advoeat le pied en main; Pro. viz. *Of Partridges, Pheſants, Capons, &c. wherewith they look to be now and then preſented.*
A l'aiſe marche à pied qui meine ſon cheval par la bride; Pro. *Look* Cheval.
A panſe chaude pied endormy; Prov. *When a man is full, he is fitter to ſleep then to run.*
Aſſez eſcorche qui tient le pied; Pro. *He does ill enough that helps to doe evill.*
Barbe raſe pied ferrat; Pro. *Look* Barbe.
Bouche treſche, pied ſec; Prov. *A cool mouth, and a dry foot (preſerve a man long time alive.)*
Le beau ſoulier bleſſe ſouvent le pied; Prov. *Look* Soulier.
Mieux vaut vn pied que deux eſchaſſes; Pro. *One foot is better then two ſtilts.*
Mieux vaut vn pied nud que nul; Pro. *Better a naked, then no foot.*
Mieux vaut gliſſer du pied que de la langue; Pro. *See* Gliſſer.
Qui veut aller les pieds nuds ne doit ſemer des eſpines; Pro. *He that will barefoot go muſt plant no thornes.*
Selon le pied la forme; Prov. *Faſhion your laſt according to your foot.*
Tenes chaud le pied & la teſte, au demeurant vivez en beſte; Prov. *The feet and head kept warme, the reſt will take leſſe harme.*

Pied: m. *A foot, in meaſure; the length of a foot (twelve inches) in meaſuring.*
Pied de bois. *A certaine meaſure uſed at, and about,* Bourdeaux. *Look* Pied de ville.
Pied de Clermont. *Is but eleven inches long.*
Pied cube. *Is twelve ordinary feet, and containes every way twelve times 144 inches.*
Pied d'Engouleſme. *Is a ſixteenth part longer then the ordinary foot.*
Pied Geometrique. *Is foure handbreadths, or the breadth of ſixteen fingers.*
Pied Royal, ou de de Roy. *The ordinary twelve-inch foot, a foot according to the Standard; containes in ſquare 144 inches.*
Pied de terre. *Is longer then the ordinary foot by an eighth part in three quarters;*

and used about Bourdeaux for the measuring of land.

Pied de ville. Exceeds the ordinary foot by five eight eight parts of an inch; and is used at Bourdeaux in the measuring of Timber, Wainscot, and other wood.

Le petit pied. A small measure (belike some inches shorter then the ordinary foot) which French Masons, and Carpenters usually carry about them.

Reduict au petit pied. Contracted, straitned, stinted; whose plumes are plucked, fortune scanted, meanes withdrawn, that cannot doe as he hath done; that is not the gallant he hath been.

'A pied. By line and levell, by compasse and measure, proportionably.

Au pied de. According to; after the rate, proportion, or scantling of; whence, Au pied de la lettre; according to the literall sence, or literally.

'A tout pied. Ames à tout pied. Soules of all sizes, spirits for all purposes.

Tout d'un pied. Even, levell, plaine, without any ascent, or descending.

Pied-bornier: m. A tree that serves to divide severall Tenements, or Inheritances.

Pied-bot: m. A club-foot, or stub-foot; also, one that hath very great ankles, or heeles.

Piedefief. A fief dismembred, which a vassal may, for his benefit, alien to whom he list.

Pied-gris: m. A clowne, hob, hinde, or boore of the country.

Pied-leger. as Pied-viste.

Pied-poul: m. The round-rooted, or Onion-rooted Crowfoot; some also call Purslane so.

Pieds-corniers: m. Certaine trees marked out for limits unto the sale of wood; or as bounds between Groves of Timber-wood, and Copses of Underwood; also, trees that divide severall Tenements, or Inheritances.

Pied-fonnant. Trampling, or making the ground ring againe with his proud steps.

Pied-ftal: m. The pedestall, or foot-stall of a pillar; that whereon it stands an end.

Pied-terre. An alighting, or setting foot on the ground; whence, Cela à mis pied-terre à l'homme; hath set foot on earth for man.

Pied-viste: com. Light-footed, swift of foot.

Piege: m. A snare, gin, or grin.

Aujourd'huy en piege, demain en piege; Prov. To day in pompe, to morrow in prison.

Pienne. Rose de pienne. Peonie, Pionie, Kings-bloome, Rose of the Mount.

Piepon. as Pied-poul.

Pier. To bowse, bib, sip, swill. ¶ Barrag.

Pierigot: m. as Manganese.

Pierre: m. Peter.

Pierre du Coignet. A Monkie-like Image of stone in our Ladies Church at Paris, where it was at first set up, to the disgrace of one of that name, a great adversary unto the Clergy.

Herbe de S. Pierre. Sampire, Crestmarin.

Descouvrir S. Pierre pour couvrir S. Paul. To borrow of Peter to pay Paul.

'A la S. Pierre l'hyver s'en va, ou il reserre; Prov. Look Reserrer.

Pierre: f. A stone; also, the stone.

Pierre Afrodisiace. A certaine ruddy white stone.

Pierre aguisoire, ou, à aguiser. A Whetstone, or Grindlestone.

Pierre d'aigle. An Eagle-stone; a stone found in the neast of an Eagle, and held easefull unto women in labour.

Pierre Alabandique. A certaine blood-provoking stone, of a black and purple hue.

Pierre Arabique. A white stone, sleeve, and transparent as glasse, in stead whereof it was in old time used.

Pierre d'Armenie. as Verd d'Azur.

Pierre Assienne, ou d'Asso. A certaine light, and spungious stone (full of yellow streakes, and easie to be broken) whereon there growes a mouldie, or hairy flower, saltish in taste, and good to preserve things in; and therefore have some imployed it in the imbalming of dead bodies, (whose superfluous flesh it soone consumes) this, besides the divers uses thereof in Physicke, wherein also the stone it selfe is used, though with lesse effect then the flower.

Pierre d'azur. The Azure stone, called also, Lapis Lazuli.

Pierre bise. A certaine hard stone of sundry colours, and bright as flint, which it somewhat resembles.

Pierre calaminaire. See Calaminaire.

Pierre de Canon. A Cannon bullet.

Pierre de castille. Lyme-stone, called so in some parts of the forrest of Ardenne.

Pierre à chaux. Lyme-stone.

Pierres de colique. Certaine stones found in the head of the fish Maigre, and good against the Collicke (thinks the vulgar) if they be given, but not if they be sold.

Pierre douce. The Honny stone; or, as Pierre melitite.

Pierre d'eau de mer. An Agat; or, an Opall; (for it yeelds an Azure lustre.)

Pierre ematite. The Blood-stone.

Pierres d'escrevisse. Two whitish stones, found in the heads of some old Crevisses; taken in white Wine, they strengthen the heart; and prevent, or dissolve, the Stone; the powder of them serves also to whiten the teeth.

Pierres d'esponge. Certaine stones found in ordinary spunges; being put in liquor, they melt into a milkie humor; drunken in wine, they break the (Kidney-troubling) Stone.

Pierre d'estanche. The Blood-stone.

Pierre d'estoilles. The starry Carbuncle; a precious stone wherein be many golden, and starre-like-shining drops.

Pierre à feu. A Marcasite, or Fire-stone; also, a Flint.

Pierre du fiel de bœuf. A yellow stone, (sometimes as big, and ever as brittle, as an egge) taken in drinke, it breakes the stone in the bladder, and is very soveraigne against the Jaundice; being snuft up in powder, it cleeres the sight; dries up the immoderate humors of the eyes, and eases those that have the falling evill.

Pierre franche. The soft, and white, Free-stone.

Pierre à fusil. A Flint.

Pierre galactite. The milk-stone; a certaine white stone, which being pounded, and put into water, becomes of a milkie taste, colour, and consistence.

Pierre Geodes. A certaine round stone of the colour of rusty Iron; containes within it a yellowish earth; and is good against inflammations in the privities.

Pierre à grain. A kind of spotted free-stone.

Pierre de grison. See Grison.

Pierre Hematide. The Blood-stone.

Pierre Herculienne. A Load-stone.

Pierre Hieracite. A kind of Blood-stone, or stone that stancheth blood.

Pierre d'Iris. The Opall; Seek Iris.

Pierre Iudaïque. A faire white stone, fashioned like an Akorn, and compassed with many equall-distant lines.

Pierre de laict. as Pierre galactite.

Pierre de S. Leu. An excellent Free-stone, little inferior to the white marble of Italy.

Pierre de limaçon. See Limaçon.

Pierre mariniere. The Adamant, or Load-stone.

Pierre marmaride. A very hard kind of gray marble.

Pierre Melikite. The sweet stone, or Honny stone; white like the milke stone; and tasting like Honny.

Pierre Memphites. A small stone (sylie, and of divers colours) wherewith in old time (for now a daies it is not found, or not used) members to be cut off were, without any danger, so mortified, as the patient felt no paine in the cutting.

Pierre menuë. A kind of Tile-stone.

Pierre de Mine. A Marcasite.

Pierre à miroir. Look Miroir.

Pierre Naxienne. The Whetstone.

Pierre noire. Jeat.

Pierre Phrygienne. A certaine pale-coloured, and white-streaked Capadocian stone, used in old time by Physitians, and Divers; but now out of date, and seldome or never found.

Pierre plombiere. Lead-ears; or Lead-stone, before it be tryed.

Pierre de S. Pol. as Terre Samienne; or, a kind of stone found in a certain Cave in Malta.

Pierre ponce. The Pummis stone, the rugged, and spungie substance wherewith Parchment is smoothed.

Pierre Samienne. A whitish stone, found among the Samien earth, and of a cooling, and restringent quality.

Pierre sanguine. A Blood-stone; Looke Sanguine.

Pierre sciffile. A yellow stone easie to be cleft, and full of veines, which are spread over it like the teeth of a combe.

Pierre Selenite. as Pierre à miroir; (for which look Miroir.)

Pierre serpentine. A medicinable stone, whereof there be divers kinds; some black, hard, and heavy; others of a spotted ash-colour; others white, or begirt with white lines: any one of them, hanging about the neck, is held good against headach, and the stinging of venomous beasts.

Pierre speculaire. as Pierre à miroir; (for which look Miroir.)

Pierre de taille. Free stone.

Pierre Thraciene. A certaine stone, which cast hot into water kindles, into oyle quenches.

Pierre Thyite. A greenish stone, which being

ing ſteeped in liquor yeelds a milkie, or white humor.

Pierre de tuffe. *A white ſand-ſtone; or a ſoft and brittle ſtone, which is eaſily crumbled into ſand.*

Pierre vive. *Flint.*

La pierre eſt eſchappée. *My word is paſt; the dice be caſt; the thing is already granted, and gone.*

C'eſt vne pierre iettée en ſon jardin. *This thorne is thruſt into his foot; this bone is thrown for him to gnaw on; theſe words do touch, and tax him; are meant or directed unto him, what other ſhew ſoever they carry.*

Cette pierre tombõit en ſon jardin. *This blow alighted on his ſhoulders; this miſchiefe was a prejudice, this invective had relation, only unto him.*

D'une pierre faire deux coups. *To kill two birds with one ſtone (ſay we.)*

Faire de pierres pain. *To make uſe, or take advantage, of any thing.*

Il jette la pierre, & cache le bras. *He does the wrong, and yet will not be ſeen in't; he gives the blow, and will not be aknown of it.*

Mettre toutes pierres en oeuvre. *To imploy, or make uſe of, every thing. (This phraſe is alſo applicable unto a wench, that ſuffers any mans ſtones to grind at her Mill.)*

Remuer toute pierre. *To attempt all courſes, try all waies.*

Pierre en puis n'eſt pas pourrie; Pro. *Stones rot not in the bottome of a well; they that reſt in fit places languiſh not.*

Il n'eſt pas Maſſon qui pierres refuſe; Pro. *He is no Maſon who refuſeth ſtones.*

Qui remue les pierres ſes doigts caſſe; Prov. *The buſie ſtone-remover lames his fingers.*

Pierrerie: f. *A Quarrie of ſtone; alſo, ſtone-worke; alſo, jewells, or precious ſtones.*

Pierrette: f. *A little ſtone.*

Pierreux: m. euſe: f. *Stonie; gravelly; rockie.*

La cholique pierreuſe. *A paine like the Cholicke, but comming of a ſtone in the kidneys.*

Os pierreux. *The bone of the Temples.*

Pierrier: m. *A Cabinet, Casket, Caſe, or Box for precious ſtones.*

Pierriere: f. *The ſame; as alſo a place wherein ſtones are gotten.*

Pierriz: m. *Heapes, or walls of dry, or unmortered ſtones.*

Pierron. *See* Perron.

Pierrot. *(A diminutive of* Pierre; *) Piers.*

Pierrotte. *as* Pierrette; *or* Pierrotte.

Pierrotte: f. *A ſmall ſtone; alſo, a ſtonie, flintie, or gravellie ſoile.*

Pierrot: m. *A certaine baſe coine, that is current about* Avignon.

Pieſante: f. *A path, or ſmall way, ſome two foot and a halfe broad.*

Pieſette: f. *A peece, or compartiment; the joint whereat the players are hanged in the part, or upſet of a Hatt.*

Pietaille: f. *A footing, or footmanſhip; alſo, a footman; alſo, a troope of footmen.*

Piece: f. *A kind of Spade, or digging Inſtrument.*

Pieton: m. *A footman; one that travels on foot; alſo, a little foot; alſo, a Pawn at Cheſts.*

Pietonné: m. ée: f. *Settled, ſadned with the feet; often ſtamped, or trampled on; hard trodden down.*

Pietonner. *To ſettle, ſadden, lay, or beat down with often treading, ſtepping, or ſtamping on.*

Pietonneux: m. euſe: f. *Treading thicke and ſhort, often ſtepping or ſtamping on the earth.*

Pietre: com. *In bad plight, in bare taking, in ill array, beggarly, wretched, poore, needy; alſo, meane, homely, baſe, bad, falſe, counterfeit.*

Pietrement. *Poorly, barely, needily, wretchedly, beggarly; alſo, falſly, or badly.*

Pietrer. *To ſtampe on, tread down, trample under the feet.*

Pietrerie: f. *Barenneſſe, miſtry, wretchedneſſe, needineſſe.*

Piette: f. *A Piet.*

Pieu: m. *A ſtake, or pile; alſo, the latch of a doore.*

Pieuler. *See* Piuler.

Pieumart: m. *A Wood-pecker, Spight, Hickway.*

Pieur. *Look* Pire.

Pieuſement. *Pioufly, religiouſly, devoutly, holily.*

Pieux: m. euſe: f. *Pious, godly, devout, holy, religious.*

Pige: f. *as* Pis; *or, as* Pinge.

Pigeaſſe: m. ée: f. *Pied, particoloured.*

Pigeon: m. *A Pigeon, or Dove; alſo, a ſop, coke, noddy, numbhammer.*

Pigeon de paleute; & Pigeon patté; *a rough-footed Dove.*

Pigeon ramier. *A Queeſt, Coolbat, Culver, Woodculver, Blackdove, Ringdove.*

Pigeon de Veniſe. *A kind of Turpentine.*

Pied de pigeon. *Doves foot, Pigeons foot, an herb.*

Preneur de pigeons. *A Conneycatcher.*

Le pigeon eſt au colombier. *The Peccard is in his ſweating Tub.*

Cela chaſſera les pigeons du colombier. *See* Colombier.

Semer vn grain d'orge pour attraper vn pigeon. *To give, ſpend, or adventure a little in hope of getting much.*

Pigeon ſaoul trouve les cerifes ameres; Pro. *Said of one who loaths, or derides, his own over-eaſefull eſtate.*

La cenſure tourmente les pigeons laiſſant aller les corbeaux libres; Prov. *Look* Cenſure, *or* Corbeau.

On ne peut d'un pigeon faire vn vif eſparvier. ; Pro. *The ſilly Dove good Sparhawke nere will be; (Somewhat to which purpoſe we ſay) a man cannot make a Cheverill purſe of a Sows ſnout.*

Qui veut tenir nette maiſon, il n'y faut preſtre, ny pigeon; Prov. *He that in a neat houſe will dwell, muſt Prieſt and Pigeon thence expell.*

Pigeonnade: f. *A billing, or Pigeon-like huſſing.*

Pigeonneau: m. *A Pigeon, a young Dove.*

Il a mangé les pigeonneaux. *Said of a man that whizzes, or ſpeaks hoarſe.*

Pigeonnelle: f. *A very young Pigeon.*

Pigeonner. *To catch Pigeons; alſo, to cheat, couſen, or fetch over, a ſilly fellow; alſo, to bill, or kiſſe like a Pigeon; to give long, and laſcivious kiſſes.*

Pigeonnerie: f. *The billing of Pigeons; and hence, a long, and laſcivious kiſſing.*

Pigeonnet: m. *A young, or little Pigeon.*

Pigeonnier: m. *A Pigeon-houſe, or Dovecoat; alſo, a Pigeon-keeper; one that looks unto Pigeons; alſo, the place wherein Peccards be, or put themſelves to be, cured.*

Pigmée: m. *A Pigmey, dwarfe, dandiprat, elfe, twattle.*

† Pignareſſe: f. *A Flax-woman.*

Pignates: f. *Pots, or balls of wild-fire.*

Pignaux de colliers. *The nailes, or prickes of a bandogs collar.*

Pigne. *as* Peigne.

Pigneon. *Look* Pignon.

Pignes. *The griſſly parts of the eye-lids.*

Pignet: m. *The ſemale Pine-apple; alſo, the Pitch-tree, or wild Pine-tree.*

Pignolat: m. *The preſerved kernell of a Pine-apple; or conſerve of Pine-kernells.*

Pignolat. Chardon pignolat. *The Teazill, card Teazill, Fullers Thiſtle.*

Pignon: m. *A Finiall, Cop, or ſmall Pinacle on the ridge or top of a houſe; alſo, the nut, or kernell of a Pine-apple; alſo, as* Pignon.

Il a pignon ſur rue. *He is well lined, or well to live; he may be ſafely put into the Subſidy.*

Pignoratif: m. ive: f. *Pignorative, impledging, ingaging by ſurtiſhip, or with a pawn.*

Pignoration: f. *A straining, or diſtraining; a ſeiſing, or taking for a diſtreſſe; alſo, an impledging.*

† Pignorer. *A diſtreſſe; or a thing that taken Damage feſant.*

† Pignorer. *To diſtraine, to ſeiſe, or take for a diſtreſſe, or in reſpect of damage done; alſo, to impledge.*

Pignuelet: m. *A cunye-caſe.*

Pihourt. *The name of a Maſon of Rennes; whence;*

Reſolu comme Pihourt en ſes Hieroglyphes. *Look* Reſolu.

Pilaſtre. *A Pilaſter, or ſmall Piller; alſo, the inflammation, or ſwelling of the Temples grown thereby all, of a bigneſſe.*

Pile: m. *A (footman's) Javelin, or Dart; about five foot long, and headed with ſteele.*

Pilé. *A Suppoſitary.*

Pile: f. *A ball to play with, a tennis-ball; alſo, a pile, heap, or ſtacke; alſo, the pile, or under-iron of the ſtampe wherein money is ſtamped; and the pile-ſide of a peece of money, the oppoſite whereof is a croſſe; (whence, Je n'y croix ny pile;) alſo, the bulke, or body of a great tree; alſo, a ſpout, or the bowle of a fountaine; alſo, a great morter, or Pounde of ſtone, &c. alſo, the pile, or whole maſſe, of weights uſed by Goldſmiths, &c.*

Pile ou croix. *A meere caſe of iron to be thrown at a ſtay, through which he that caſts it wins the game.*

Mettre à la pile. *To beat, pound, ſtampe, cruſh, breake, bruiſe, cauſe; unto ſhake.*

Pilé: m. ée: f. *Pounded, beaten, bruiſed, cruſhed, pounded, ſtamped.*

Pilée: f. *as* Pilement; *A pealing, &c. alſo, the thing that is peeled.*

Pilement: m. *A pealing, pounding, ſtamping,*

ing, braying, beating; a cruſhing, or bruiſing.

Piler. *To pealt, pound, ſtamp, to bray, beat, or break, in a morter, &c. alſo, to ſettle, or ſinke; whence,* cette maiſon pile.

Piler l'eau en vn mortier. *To loſe labor; or to imploy it moſt vainly.*

Pilerigone. *Seek* Pile.

Pilette: f. *A little ball; pile; body of a tree; ſunt; or morter.*

Pilettes. *Pimples about the noſe, or chin.*

Pileur: m. *A pealer, pounder, ſtamper, brayer.*

Pilier: m. *A Pillar.*

Piliers boutans. *Lowing pillars, buttreſſes, or props wherewith a building is ſupported.*

Pilier & Carcan. *Is (not much unlike a Pilloria) an Engine, or Inſtrument of Juſtice, for the puniſhment, and diſgrace of offendors. See* Carcan.

Le Pilier de la republique. *The chiefe ſtay, prinsipall ſtrength, only ſupporter, of the Commonwealth.*

Pilier de taverne. *A common tipler; or one that both conſumes his own means, and is the means of other mens conſumption, in Tavernes.*

Iuſtice patibulaire à deux piliers. *A paire of gallowes, or power to hang offenders on gallowes, that ſtand on two pillers, belong unto a Lord* Iuſticier; à trois piliers, *to a Lord* Chaſtelain; à 4 pilliers, *unto a Baron*; & à 6 pilliers, *unto an Earle. (Seek* Fourche.)

Piliforme. *One of the ſmalleſt membranes of the eye, before whoſe glaſſie humour it ſtands.*

Pillage: m. *Pillage, booty, ſpoile; a prey.*

Pillard: m. arde: f. *Filching, pilfering, purloyning, ſheet-ſtealing.*

Pillars: m. *Pilferers, filchers, purloyners, houſe-ſtealers; or, ſuch as take (other mens) ſheets off hedges.*

Quand les pillars ont pillé, & les pillez ſont pillez, les pillez auront du pain, & les pillars mouront de faim; *Prov.*

Pillaſtre. *as* Pilaſtre.

Pille: m. *Seek* Pile.

Pille: f. *A great morter, or trough of ſtone, or wood, &c. See* Pile.

Pillé: m. ée: f. *Pilled, ravaged, ranſacked, robbed, deſpoiled, or bereaved of all.*

Quand les pillars auront pillé, &c. *Look* Pillars.

Pillemaille. *as* Palemaille; *or ſuch a box as our* London *Prentices beg withall before chriſtmas.*

Pillement: m. *A pilling, ravaging, ranſacking, robbing, rifling; or, as* Pillerie.

Piller. *To pill, ravage, ranſacke, rifle, rob; make boot, or bawdie of; ravine, or exact from; deprive, or deſpoile of all; alſo, to rub, or rob at tarrit.*

Ce qu'aſſemble pille pille, deſaſſemble tire tire; Pro. *Look* Aſſemble.

Pillerie: f. *A pilling, ravaging, ranſacking, robbing, rifling; bavocke, rapine, exaction, ſpoile, extortion.*

Pilleur: m. *A piller, a ravager, a ranſacker, a ravenous exactor.*

Pillier. *See* Pilier.

Pilloſe: m. *Pulicke mountaine, horſe Time, wild Time, running Time.*

Pillori: m. *as* Pilori.

Pilloriſement: m. *A ſetting on the Pillory.*

Pilloriſer. *as* Pilorier.

Pillot: m. *A ſmall pile, or heape.*

Pillotage: m. *A piling, or pile-worke, a driving down of piles; a foundation, cauſey, or water-worke made of, or ſtrengthened with, piles.*

Pilloter. *To picke, or take up here and there; to gather one by one; alſo, as* Piller.

Pilloterie: f. *A picking or taking up here and there; a gathering one by one; alſo, as* Pillerie.

Pilloti. *as* Piloti; *alſo, a piling.*

Pillule. *as* Pilule.

Piloir: m. *A Peſtell.*

Pilon: m. *A Peſtle; a pounder, or inſtrument of pounding; alſo, a little (footmans) Dart, or Javelin.*

Pilori: m. *A Pillory; alſo, a Tumbrell.*

Pilorié: m. ée: f. *Set on the Pillory.*

Piloriement: m. *A ſetting, or ſtanding, on the Pillory.*

Pilorier. *To ſet, or make ſtand, on the Pillory.*

Piloſelle: f. *Piloſella, Mouſe-eare.*

Piloſelle grande. *Great Mouſe-eare, bears a yellow flower.*

Piloſelle petite. *Small Mouſe-eare, or broad-leaved Mouſe-eare, hath alſo, a yellow flower; but another kind of this herb is called blew Mouſe-eare, of the colour of it flower, and is like enough to be* Fuſchius *his little Mouſe-eare.*

Pilot: m. *A Pilot, or Steereſman; he that directs the courſe of a ſhip; alſo, a little (footmans) Javelin.*

Pilotage: m. *Piloti ſme; the Office, or Art of a Pilot; the skilfull guiding, or conduction of a ſhip; alſo, as* Pillotage.

Piloter. *as* Pilloter; *alſo, as* Pilotier.

Piloti: m. *A Commander, or water-ſledge; the inſtrument wherewith piles are driven down; alſo, a piling.*

Pilotier. *To play the Pilot; and, to ſound the depth of water with a line, and plummet.*

Pilotis. *as* Piloti.

Pilotiſé: m. ée: f. *Piled; founded on, or underſet with, piles; underlayed, underpropped, ſupported.*

Pilotiſer. *To pile, or ſtrengthen with piles; to make a foundation of piles; alſo, to ſupport, underlay, underſet, underprop.*

Pilule: f. *A (Phyſicall) pill; alſo, a ſmall ball, or bowle.*

Pilure: f. *A pill; whence;*

Vne pilure formentine vne, dragme ſarmentine, & la iournée d'une geline, eſt la meilleure medecine; Pro. *A manchet, cup of wine, and hennes daies task, is the beſt Phyſick a ſick man can aske.*

Pimard: m. *A Heighaw, or Woodpecker.*

Pimbeſche: f. *A wilie quitant, ſubtile wench, cunning drab; one that can finely execute her Miſtereſſes knaviſh deviſes.*

Pimenes: m. *Oake of Jeruſalem, or Oake of Paradiſe; (an herb;) alſo, a kind of wholſome peare.*

Pimente: f. *Spurge Olive, Widow waile; (a ſhrub.)*

Pimer. *To quinch, crawle, move, ſtirre.*

Pimpant: m. ante: f. *Spruce, compt, picked, neat, gay, fine, trimme.*

Pimpé: m. ée: f. *Sprucified, finified; curiouſly pranked, comptly tricked up.*

Pimpenauder. *To pranke, trim, tricke up.*

Pimpenelle. *as* Pimpinelle.

Pimper. *To ſprucifie, or finifie it; curiouſly to prank, trim, or tricke up himſelfe.*

Pimperneau: m. *A grig, ſcaffling, ſpitchcock, ſawſon Eele.*

Pimpernelle: f. *Burnet. See* Pimpinelle.

Pimpinelle: f. *Burnet.*

Pimpinelle grande. *Great, or wild Burnet.*

Pimpinelle petite. *Garden Burnet.*

Pimpinelle Saxifrage. *Burnet Saxifrage, great Saxifrage.*

Groſſe Pimpinelle. *Great Pimpinell; or, great Saxifrage.*

Pimpompet. *A kind of game wherein three bit each other on the bum with one of their feet.*

Pimpreneau: m. *as* Pimperneau; *alſo, a knave, raſcall, varlet, ſcoundrell.*

Pimprenelle. *as* Pimpernelle.

Pin: m. *A Pine tree.*

Pin aquatic. *Female Knot-graſſe, (a water herb.)*

Pin marin. *The Sea Pine; of two kinds, a great, and a little one; and both wild ones.*

Pin de montaigne. *The mountaine (wild) Pine.*

Pin ſauvage. *The wild Pine; is properly divided into two kinds, viz. The Mountain, and Sea, Pine.*

Pinacle: m. *A Pinacle; a Spire.*

Pinard: m. *An excteding ſmall peece of money.*

Pinart. *The ſame; alſo, ſuch a title as is our fellow, &c. whence,* Ie pinart vançonerra frere Adam, &c. *the fellow met Fryer Adam, &c.*

Pinaſſe: f. *The Pitch-tree; alſo, a Pinnace.*

Pinaſtre: m. *The wild Pine tree.*

Pinatelle: f. *A copper coine having ſame ſmall quantity of ſilver in it, and worth about five* Liards.

Pinatellier: m. *A coiner of* Pinatelles.

Pinates à feu. *See* Pignates.

Pinaux. *The name of a kind of Grapes.*

Pince: f. *A troe, great barre, or lever of iron; alſo, a* Pincer; *alſo, a* Pinke; *alſo, the view, or ſooting of a Deere; and (more generally) the tip, or edge of the bottome of a beaſts hooſe; that which in treading firſt touches the ground.*

Pincé: m. ée: f. *Pinched, nipped, or twiched.*

Pinceau: m. *A penſill; alſo, a Whitelimers Bruſh.*

Pinceau de mer. *A ſoellie reed, or thing like a reed, which at the one end ſticks unto rocks, at the other puts out, ſometimes, a fiſhie ſubſtance, (wherof it is full) and then reſembles a Penſill.*

Pince-maille. *Seek* Pinſe-maille.

Pincement: m. *A pinching, nipping, twitching.*

Pincer. *To pinch, nip, twitch (with the fingers, &c.)*

Pincer ſans rire. *Look* Rire.

Pincerſi, & Pincervin: m. *The Linden tree. Provençail.*

Pinces: f. *A paire of Pincers; alſo, Pinke (flowers.)*

Pinceter. *To pinch thick; to nip, or twitch often; alſo, to touch a Lute, &c. nimbly;*

alſo,

alſo, to pull off haires, or moats, with ſmall pincers.

Pinche ; ſ. *as* Pince *(in the latter ſenſe.)*

Pinchons. *in ſtead of* Piochons. *q Rab.*

Pinçotter. *To pinch, or nip, often.*

Pindariſer. *To affect in ſpeech; or to ſpeake nicely, ſprucely, curiouſly; alſo, to ſpeake ſhrilly, or vehemently, as one that's loath his Auditory ſhould loſe a word by him.*

Pine, *as* Quille ; *A Kayle ; alſo, a pricke, member, bable.*

Pineau : m. *The ſeed, or kernell of a Grape; alſo, a kind of white, and long ſtb grape ; whereof ;*

Vin pineau. *Excellent ſtrong wine.*

Pinet : m. *Hog; Fennell, ſow Fennell, Sulphurewort, Brimſtonwort, Horſtrong, or Horſtrange.*

Pinette : ſ. *A kind of Cyder made of water mingled with the juyce of crabs, or wild apples ; alſo, a grove, or wood of Pine-apples.*

Pineux ; m. euſe ; ſ. *Of, or belonging to, alſo, full of, Pinetrees.*

Pinge ; ſ. *A pillock, member, bable, &c.*

Pingres. aux p. *A (womaniſh) play with Ivory balls.*

Pinguereaux. *A kind of ſweet Cherries.*

Pinhadar ; m. *A young, or little wild Pine.*

Pinier : m. *The Roſen tree, or any other, whoſe fruit reſembles a Pine-apple, as the great Cedar, Cypreſſe, &c.*

Piniolat. *as* Pignolat.

Pinne : ſ. *The ſhell-fiſh called a Naker ; alſo, the finne of a fiſh ; alſo, the broad, and griſtly part of the eare ; alſo, as* Pinge.

Pinne du nez. *The griſtle of the noſe ; the bone whereby the naſethrils are divided.*

Pinneux : m. euſe ; ſ. *Finnie full of finnes.*

Pinnophylace : ſ. *A kind of little Sea-fiſh.*

Pinnothere. *A little Shel-fiſh, of the kind of Shrimpes.*

Pinnule : ſ. *A little fin of a fiſh.*

Pinnules. *The ſights belonging to th' Albidada of an Aſtrolabe.*

Pinocque. *A great Indian fruit of the bigneſſe of a Cherry.*

Pinon. *The pinnion of a clocke, &c. the nut in whoſe notches the teeth of the wheeles doe run. Look* Pignon.

Pinot : m. *The name of a red-ſtocked, and round-leaved Vine.*

Pinſade ; ſ. *A pinching, or nipping ; alſo, extortion, extremity, hard or ſore dealing.*

Pinſe : ſ. *Look* Pince.

Pinſegreneur d'Amadis. *A Phraſemonger, ſpruce diſcourſer, affecting ſpeaker.*

Pinſe-maille : com. *A pinch penny, ſcrape-good, nigard, miſer, penie-father.*

Pinſer. *as* Pincer.

Pinſes ; ſ. *A paire of Pincers.*

Pinſettes ; ſ. *Nippers, little Pincers.*

Pinſoir ; m. *A certaine Engine (made of iron-headed ſtakes,) wherewith fiſh is caught.*

Pinſon : m. *A Spink, Chaffinch, or Sheldaple.*

Pinſon d'Ardenne. *A Brambling.*

Pinſon montain. *The ſame.*

Pinſon royal. *An aſh-coloured, and great-beaded bird, called otherwiſe,* Grosbec.

Pinte : ſ. *A pint ; the French, or Pariſien pinte ; ſomewhat leſſe then a ſixt part ſhort of our Quart ; (for in wright it is about 27 ounces, our Quart 32 ; and the 288 part of a Muid ; alſo, any ſmall wine-pot, or veſſell of pewter.*

La pinte de S. Dennis, & de pluſieurs autres lieux à l'entour de Paris. *It haſ as big againe as th'ordinary one of* Paris.

Appetiſſement de la cource pinte. *as* Appetiſſement de meſure. *Look* Meſure.

Pinteler. *To tipple, or ply the pot.*

Pintelette : ſ.. *A ſmall pinte.*

Pinteur : m. *A tipler, pot-companion, ſpigot-ſucker.*

Pintier : m. *A Pewterer.*

Pinton. *as* Pinteur.

Pinules ; ſ. *Two ſmall tablets in th' Albidada of an Aſtrolabe, having in them two little holes, through which the height of the Sun, &c. is taken; ſome call them, the ſights of th' Albidada.*

Pioche : ſ. *A little Pickax, or French Inſtrument of husbandrie, not much unlike a Pickax ; (and ſometimes) alſo, as* Piot.

Piocher. *To dig, or break up the earth with a* Pioche.

Piocheur : m. *A digger, or breaker up of the earth with a* Pioche; *and (more generally) any ſuch labouring man.*

Piochon : m. *A little* Pioche.

Piolé : m. ée : ſ. *Spotted, or ſpeckled ; whence ;*

Piolé riolé. *Gaudy, or pide; alſo, diverſified, or ſet out with ſundry colours.*

Piolement : m. *The puling, or cheeping of Sparrowes, or young birds.*

Pioler. *To pule, cheep, or chirpe, like a Sparrow, or young bird.*

Pioler de caille. *A Quaile-pipe.*

Pioleur : m. *A puler, cheeper, chirper.*

pion : m. *A certaine great, round, and Bulbus-rooted flower, of one whole colour (though there be of them white ones, red ones, and purple ones ;) alſo, a Bulfinch ; alſo, a young birdling, or neaſt-bird ; alſo, a ſmall twig, or ſprig of a tree; alſo, a pawne at Chaſts ; alſo, an exceſſive drinking ; whence ;*

Mal de pion. *The drunken diſeaſe; or a diſeaſe that comes by exceſſive drinking.*

Pionnier : m. *A Pioner.*

Pionnier : m. ere : ſ. *Made by, or belonging to, a Pioner; Pioner-like.*

Piorioler. *To diverſifie with variable colours.*

Piot : m. *Drinke, liquor, nippitaty ; (clownishly.)*

Piorer. *as* Pioler ; *alſo, to tipple.*

Piou piou. *Peep, peep; the voice of chickins.*

Pipe : ſ. *A bird-call, or little wooden pipe, wherewith Fowlers do counterfeit the voices of the birds they would take ; alſo, the veſſell, or meaſure called a Pipe (uſed as well for corne, as for wine ;) alſo, a kinde of dizzineſſe, or dizzie turning diſeaſe, cauſing, or maine to drunkenneſſe.*

Pipé : m. ée : ſ. *Deceived, conſened, overraught, gulled, beguiled.*

Cartes pipées ; &, Dez pipez. *Falſe cards, or dice.*

Pipeau : m. *An oaten pipe, a bird-call.*

Pipée ; ſ. *The gaping, or chirping of ſmall birds counterfeited by a Bird-catcher ; alſo, a counterfeit ſhew, falſe countenance, diſſembling apparance, of ſufficiency, &c.*

La pipée du ſoir. *Th'edge of th'evening, when the weather ſtarkes, or growes coole.*

Priſe des oiſeaux à la pipée. *To ſhew ; a Fowler bid in a thicke buſh, or tree, ſtuck full of lime-twigs, and having an Owle faſt perched there to him, cries like a bird, and pinching a live one, makes her cry ; which others hearing, flie thither to reſcue her from th'Owle, and ſo become intangled.*

Il faix bonne pipée. *He would ſeeme wiſe, or honeſt, though he be not.*

Piper. *To whiſtle, or chirpe, like a bird ; alſo, to couſen, deceive, cheat, gull, overreach, beguile (eſpecially, by falſe cards, or dice.)*

Piperelle : ſ. *Gith, Nigella, Biſhopswort, Coriander of Rome.*

Piperie : ſ. *A couſening, deceiving, beguiling, over-reaching, a gulling, or cheating.*

Pipet : m. *A ſmall pipe, Fowlers pipe, or bird-call.*

Pipette : ſ. *The little knot or taſt, on the top of a cap.*

Pipeur ; m. *A whiſtler, chirper ; bird-catcher ; alſo, a couſener, cheater, deceiver, beguiler ; and eſpecially one that uſeth falſe cards, or dice.*

Pipeuſement. *Deceitfully, gullefully ; couſeningly.*

Pipeux ; m. euſe : ſ. *Deceitfull, gullefull, couſening, over-reaching, cheating.*

Pipion. *A Spaniſh coyne worth about 18 d. ſterl.*

Pipis : m. *The whiſtling, chirping, or peeping of ſmall birds.*

Pippe. *as* Pipe.

Pippeau ; m. *A bird-call.*

Pipper. *as* Piper.

Pippeur, & Pippis. *Looke* Pipeur, & Pipis.

Piquant : m. *The point of a Dart, Speare, &c. alſo, the pricke, or ſharpe top of ſome kind of leaves, as of the Holſie, &c. alſo, the noſe, beake, or ſtem-end of a ſhip ; alſo, a kind of ſpritſaile Toſſaile.*

Piquant : m. ante : ſ. *Pricking ; piercing, thruſting into ; ſtinging, netling ; bickering, nipping, quipping, quilting.*

Piquardant. *The name of a Grape that yields an excellent white wine.*

Piquaſſat. *A ſpeckled Gilloflower.* & Langued.

Pique : ſ. *A Pike ; alſo, a Pikeman ; alſo, a pike, debate, quarrell, grudge, malice.* Picque.

Pique ſeiche. *An armed Pikeman.*

Branſler la pique. *To fight.*

Iouër à piquecen cul. *See* Cul.

I'ay paſſé par leurs piques. *I have been throughly courſed, or curryed by them ; I have felt their utmoſt effects ; I have eſcaped them faire.*

Piqué : m. ée : ſ. *Pricked, ſtung, nettled ; pricked, or thruſt into ; nipped, pinched, vexed ; ridden, or ſpurred ; alſo, quilted, or ſet thick with oylet-holes; alſo, wrought, or broken up, with a pickax ; alſo, faſtened, planted, or driven into the ground.*

Pique-

Pique-boeuf: m. (a nickname for) a clown, plough-clowte, hind.

Piquement: m. a pricking; sticking, piercing, or thrusting into; a stinging, or netling; a spurring; nipping, pinching; vexing; also, a quilting.

Piquenaire: m. A Pikeman. (v. m.)

Pique-papier: m. A Scribe, Scrivener, mean Clerke, base Pettifogger.

Pique-poule. The name of a certaine grape.

Piquer. To pricke, pierce, or thrust into; also, to nettle, or sting; also, to spurre; also, to ride a horse; also, to nip, cut, quip, taunt, gird; vexe, vage, exasperate with sharp, or biting words; also, to quilt; and thence also, to stiffen a coller, &c. also, to work, dig, or break up, with a pickaxe; also, to fasten, plant, or set, into the ground.

Se piquer. To be tickle, soone offended, quickly moved; also, to provoke, or excite himselfe, unto the doing of a thing; Se piquer à.)

Piquer l'avoine. To ride a horse very hard, to make him earne his provender.

Piquer les chiens. To gallop after (and in galloping, to put on) the hounds.

Le poisson pique. Begins to have a tack, or ill taste; begins to be stale.

Il se sent point quand on luy pique la chair. A phrase applyable both to a lazer; and to a cowardly, shick skimmed, or sence-lesse, lorell.

Qui se fait piquer à tous les pas. That must be spurred every foot; (applyable, from a dull jade, unto any dullard.)

Piquéron: m. A prickle; small pricke, sting, sharpe, goad; also, a publicke exactor; a poller, or plumer of the Common-wealth; also, as Picqueron.

Pique-seiche. Look under Pique.

Piquet. as Picquet.

Piqueton. A prickle, as of a thorne, &c.

Piquette: f. A sower drink, or verjuice, made of wild apples, (by the Picards) or of plummes (by the Normands.)

Piqueu: m. A prickly Thistle, termed so about Blois.

Piqueur: m. A pricker; also, a Rider; and (in hunting) one that on horse-back pursues the dogs in their full speed.

Piquëure: f. A pricking, &c. as Piquement; also, a pricke, sting; pinch, cut, quip.

Piquier: m. A Pikeman.

Piquoré: m. ée: f. Look Picoré.

Piquotement: m. A frequent pricking, or stinging; an often piercing; also, a spotting, speckling, or sprinkling.

Piquoter. To prick, sting, or pierce often; also, to spot, speckle, or sprinkle all over.

Piquoteure: f. a prick, sting; spot, speckle, speckle; also, as Piquotement.

Piquoteure de bran de Judas. Red pimples rising in the face.

Piquotte: f. Small wine, servants wine; or, as Piquette.

Piramidal: m. ale: f. Piramidall; broad beneath, and sharpening upwards.

Piramide: f. A Piramides; any peece of building made broad, and square below, and the higher it gets the smaller growing.

Piramide d'une trepane. The little point, or prickle, appearing, or peering out at the end, or head of a Trepane.

Pirate: m. A Pirat, Rover, Sea-robber.

Piraterie: f. Piracie, roving, sea-robbing.

Piratique: com. Piraticall, Pirat-like; of, or belonging to, a Pirat.

Pirauste. A Fire-flie; or a worme bred, and living in the fire, from which if it be but a little too far, it dieth presently.

Pire: com. worse, badder, lewder, naughtier; meaner, unworthier; of smaller value, of lesse account; (sometimes) also, bad; whence; Vrayement, voilà que n'est pas pire. Truly there is no great fault to be found with that.

Piretre: m. Herb Bartram, bastard Pellitory, right Pellitory of Spaine.

Pirevollet: m. A whirligig.

Pirole: f. Wild Beets; or the herb Pivole.

Piromantie: f. Divination by fire. ¶ Rab.

Pirope. as Pyrope.

Pirot: m. The Pivot, or Hag-fish; a kind of long shell-fish.

Pirou: m. A gretne Goose. ¶ Poictevin.

Pirouëtte: f. A whirligig; also, a whirling about, a quicke turne often redoubled; and hence, a dancers turning on the toe.

Pirouëtter. To whirle, twirle, trill, turne swiftly about.

Pirouëtteux: m. euse: f. Whirling, twirling, trilling, turning swiftly about.

Pis: m. The breast, bosome, or stomacke of a man; the dug, or udder of a Cow, Yew, She Goat, &c. the brisket of an Oxe, or Beese; the navell of a dog.

Pis. (Adverb.) Worse; also, worst; whence; Au pis aller. Howsoever, be it how it will be, let the worst come to the worst.

Pisay: m. as Pizé.

Piscantine: f. A kind of small, or well-watered wine.

Piscine: f. A fish-pond; also, a poole to water horses, or keep Ducks; &c. in.

Pissasphalte: m. Pissasphaltum; or Pitch mingled with Bitumen, either by accident, or Art; The former is much the better, and comes from Apollonia in Epirus, where it first comes by that mixture.

Pissat: m. Pisse, urine, lant, stale.

Pissaulict. A fusse-ball, puck-fusse, pussiste, or bull fiste.

Pissé. Pissed, staled.

Il a pissé en beaucoup de neiges. He hath lived many a winter.

Pisse-chaude: f. A burut P. also, the Venerian flux; the Gonorrhea, or contagious, running.

Pissement: m. A pissing.

Pissenez. sers pissenez. The bastards of villaines, or slaves.

Pissenlict: m. Dandelion, Priests crowne, Monks head, Swines snowt.

Pisser. To pisse, to stale, to make water.

Le laict pisse. The milke spinnes out of her breasts, or dugs.

Les bonnes gens, pour cela, ne pisseront pas roide. Will not be much, or shall be never a whit, the better for it.

Pisseux: m. euse: f. Pissing much, and often; also, full of pisse; whence;

Lange pisseule. A childs pisse-clowt.

Orange pisseuse. An Orange full of liquor, or which yeeldeth store of liquor.

Pissoir: m. A pissing place.

Pissolaire: m. The sheath, or skin of a horses yard.

Pisson: m. A Pipkin.

Pissoter. To pisse often.

Pissotiere: f. The pissing toole; or, the receptacle of pisse; also, a pissing place; also, the running of a bucking-tub.

Pistaces: f. Pistachoes, fistick nuts.

Pistacher: m. The Pistache tree, the Fistick nut-tree.

Pistaches, as Pistaces.

Pistaulendrier: m. A mans yard.

Piste: f. The straine, or view of a Deere; the print of any foot.

Pisté: m. ée: f. Stamped, pounded, brayed.

Pisteau: m. A Pestell.

Pister. To bray, pound, or stampe.

Pistolade: f. The shot of a Pistoll; the blow given by a discharged Pistoll.

† Pistolandier. as Pistaulendrier.

Pistole: f. A Pistoll; a great (horsemans) Dag.

Pistole de Sancerre. A Sling.

Pistolet: m. A Pistolet; a Dag, or little Pistoll; also, the golden come termed a Pistolet.

Pistolier: m. A Pistoleere; a horseman that serves with a Pistoll.

Pistolochie: f. A kind of (the herb) long Birthwort.

Piston: m. A Pestell, or pounding stick.

Canon à piston. A certaine Bit which gives the tongue liberty without a Port.

Pistrine: f. A Bakehouse, or house wherein, before the invention of Mills, the Romans caused their slaves, and unruly servants, to bray all their corne in morters.

Pit: m. as Pia. ¶ Breton.

Pitance: f. Meat, food; acates; victuall of all sorts (bread and drinke excepted.)

Pitancier: m. The Manciple, or distributor of victualls, in a Monastery.

Pitancier: m. ere: f. Serving for a Pittance, of a Pittance.

Pitaulder. To behave himselfe rudely, to play the clown.

Pitaulderie: f. Rudenesse, clownishnesse, unmannerlinesse, incivility; churlishnesse.

Pitault: m. A clown, boore, swaine, lob, carle, chirle, clusterfist.

Pite: f. The halfe of a Maille, a (French) farthing; also, a Moath, or Mite.

Pitel: m. The pan of a close-stoole.

Piteux: m. euse: f. Pittifull, mercifull, charitable, tender, gentle, kind; also, wretched, miserable, distressefull, afflicted, in pitifull case, ill taking, woefull estate.

Vous nous la baillez bien piteuse. You make us a homely relation, you tell us but a sorry tale.

Vn piteux medecin fait vne mortelle playe; Pro. Look Playe.

Femme trop piteuse fait sa famille teigneuse; Pro. A pitifull huswife makes a pitifull household; The like is;

Mere piteuse fait sa fille roigneuse. Pro.

Pitié: f. Pitty, ruth, compassion, commiseration; charity, kindnesse, or tendernesse of disposition; also, grace, clemencie, mercifulnesse.

Pitois: m. The vermine (or beast) called a Fitch.

Piton. as Pitton; also, an Eye for a curtain rod, &c. or a pinne of metall, sharp at the one end to enter into wood, &c. and having

a

a round eye at th'other for a curtain-rod, &c. to enter into; and hence;

Piton à vis. *A skrew with an eye; or such a pin made skrewing at the end where the ordinary* Piton *is plain.*

† Pitroy : m. *Durt, mud, mire.*

Pitaſſe. *whence;* elle faiſoit chere pit. *Her behaviour was full of diſcontentment; or, She chewed her ſpittle inſtead of falling to her victle.*

Pittouër : m. *A Bittor (corruptly.)*

Pituitaire : com. *Flegmatick, ſnivelly, ſnotty; ſlavering.*

Glande pituitaire. *See* Glande.

Pituite : f. *Flegme, ſnivell.*

Pituiteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of flegme, ſnivell, ſlavering, ſnot.*

Pityocampe. *A venomous worme that breeds in Pine trees.*

Pive : f. *The fruit of the Pine, or Pitch tree.*

Piverd : m. *A Woodpecker, Hickway, Greenpeake.*

Pingarreau : m. *A great, whitiſh, and ſweetiſh Cherry, whoſe hard pulpe cleaves hard unto the ſtone.*

Piuler. *To pule, or cheepe like a little chicken.*

Pivoeſne. *as* Pivoine.

Pivoine : f. *Peonie, Pionie, Kings Bloome, Roſe of the mount; alſo, a little black-headed, and black-taild bird, called a Gnat-ſnapper; alſo, a Bull-finch, or Nonp.*

Pivoine femelle. *The female Peony, whereof there be divers kinds; as the double, red, and white, Peonies; the maiden or virgine Peonie; and others.*

Pivoine maſle. *Male Peonie.*

Pivot : m. *The Pivot, or (as ſome call it) the Tampin of a gate, or great dore: (a peece of iron, &c. made, for the moſt part, like a Top, round and broad at th'one end, and ſharpe at th'other, whereby it enters into the* Crappaudine; *and ſerves as well to bear up the gate (in whoſe bottome it is placed) as to facilitate the motion thereof. It is alſo made, ſometimes twofold in the upper part, and nailed unto both ſides of the* Chardonnereau; *and ſometimes like a Spindle, ſharpe at both ends, th'upper ſticking in the ſaid* Chardonnereau;*) Hence alſo, the principall Stay, Support, or Piller of a Kingdom, State, City, Houſe, or Family; alſo, a kind of Vine.*

Pivotter vn huis. *To hang a doore on Pivots.*

Pizé. *whence;* Murailles de pizé. *Earthen walls.*

Placard. *See* Plaquard.

Placardé : m. ée : f. *Faſtened, or paſted, as a Siquis, &c. on a poſt.*

Placart. *as* Plaquard.

Placcar. *as* Plaquard.

Huis qui ſe ferment à doubles placcars. *Doores which are ſhut with double locks.*

Place : f. *A place, roome, ſeat; a ſpace, a ſtead; alſo, an Office, Function, Dignity, Charge; alſo, a plaine and unhouſed ground, ſayle, or ſhore; and hence, a ſpacious plaine, or plot of ground in the middeſt of a towne; and uſed as a Market-ſtead, or as an Exchange for Merchants; or as an Auditory, for the deciding of controverſies (but then there is a Tribunall, or ſome open houſe upon it;) alſo, a faire large Court before a Church, or houſe; alſo, a Caſtle, Fort, Fortreſſe, or Hold; alſo, a ſpot, or dapple, on a houſe.*

Place mage. *Look* Mage.

Place marchande. *A Market place, or place of ordinary bargaining; hence, any free, or indifferent place whereat men may meet, or deale, on even termes.*

Place Maubert. *The Market-ſtead, and place of execution, for the Univerſity of* Paris. *Look* Maubert.

Le place des niais à la table. *Th'upper end; (among the auncient Romanes the beſt man ever ſate in the middeſt; and at this day th' Italians hold the middle place moſt honourable.)*

Pain de la place. *Browne bread, houſhold bread.*

Bien de ſa place part qui ſon ami y laiſſe; Prov. *He leaves a place well, that leaves a friend in it.*

Ceux qui meurent laiſſent leur place à ceux qui demeurent; Prov. *They that dye poſſeſſors leave all to their ſucceſſors.*

Placé : m. ée : f. *Placed, ſeated, lodged, ſettled, fixed, planted.*

Placer. *To place; to ſeat, lodge, plant, ſettle, appoint a roome unto,*

Placet : m. *A low ſtoole; alſo, a ſhort Petition, or Ticket of requeſt, without inſcription, and beginning with theſe words,* Plaiſe à tel, &c. *(Therein differing from a* Requeſte, *which is much longer, and begins thus,* Supplie *(naming the Petitioner, which the* Placet *doth not) and ſpecifies in an inſcription, the name, and title, of him it is preſented unto.)*

Placide : com. *Calm, gentle, quiet, mild; peaceable, tractable.*

Placidement. *Gently, quietly, mildly, tractably.*

Placitre. *A fair large Court before a Church, or (great) houſe.*

Placque : f. *A flat Lingot, or bar of metall; alſo, as* Patart.

Placque de marbre. *A flat paving piece of Marble.*

Placque de plomb. *See* Plaque.

Placqué : m. ée : f. *Pargetted, or roughcaſt; alſo, clapped, flat, or ſtuck on; laied flat upon; whence;*

Lettres à ſeel placqué, *whoſe ſeale hangs not by a label, but is applied on the paper, or parchment it ſelf.*

Placquer. *as* Plaquer.

Platagourde : f. *A made word, of ſome affinity with our Gixie, Callet, Punke, &c.*

Plage : f. *A flat and plain ſhoare, or ſtrand, by the ſea ſide; alſo, a large arme of the ſea without any Havens an open, and ſhallow Road; any flat or ſhallow in or near the ſea; alſo, a Climate, Land, Region, Coaſt, or portion, of the world.*

Plagiaire : m. *One that ſteales, or takes free people out of one country, and ſells them in another for ſlaves; a ſtealer, or ſuborner of mens children, or ſervants, for the ſame, or the like, purpoſe; (in which ſence we terme him a Stockſter;) alſo, a book-ſtealer, or book-theefe; one that fathers other mens works upon himſelfe.*

Plagiaire. Capitaine pl. *That preſſes, carries, or ſteales away mens children, or ſervants, with a purpoſe to ſell them.*

Plagie : f. *Stealth, or ſubornation of mens children, and ſervants, with an intent to ſell them.*

Plaict. *as* Plect.

Plaid : m. *Sute, controverſie, altercation, debate, variance, brabbling, diſſention, contention, in law; alſo, a plea, or a pleading; alſo, a Court of pleading. Look* Plait.

Plaid de l'eſpée. *High Juriſdiction, power or authority to punish by the ſword.*

Plaids generaux, ou genereux. *Seſſions, Aſſiſes.*

Les francs plaids. *Wherein the Magiſtrate, in an extraordinary courſe, proceeds againſt an abſent, and unſummoned offendor, upon the relation, or accuſation of the* Procureur fiſcal *(by the cuſtomes of* Theroanne.*)*

Simples plaids, ou querelles. *Look* Simple.

De petite choſe peu de plaid; Prov. *A ſleight cauſe needeth but ſmall arguing.*

En cent livres de plaid n'y pas vne maille d'amour; Pro. *The more law the leſſe love.*

Plaidaſſerie : f. *Wrangling, pettifogging; litigious, or paultry pleading.*

Plaidé : m. ée : f. *Pleaded, argued, opened; alſo, impleaded before a Judge.*

Plaide-gage. *as* Gage-plege.

Plaider. *To plead, argue, or open, a cauſe before a Judge; alſo, to ſue, contend, goe to law, for, or againſt.*

Iamais ne gaigne, qui plaide à ſon Seigneur; Prov. *He never thrives, who 'gainſt his Maſter ſtrives.*

Plaidereau : m. *A litigious, or contentious brangler; a continuall Sutor; one that will go to law for every triffle; one that is never out of Law.*

Plaidereſque : com. *Lawyer-like.*

Plaiderie : f. *Pleading, arguing, pratiſe; alſo, Sute in Law.*

Plaideur : m. *A Lawyer, Arguer, Pleader; alſo, as* Plaidereau; *whence;*

'A plaideur plaideur & demi; Prov. *Said of a knave well matcht with a worſe then himſelf.*

Homme plaideur menteur; Pro. *A Pleader, a liar.*

Plaidoïer. *as* Plaidoyé.

Plaidoirie : f. *A plea, an argument; the pleading, or opening of a cauſe.*

Plaidoyable : com. *Pleadeable, arguable.*

Iours plaidoyables. *Court-daies, Halldaies,*

Plaidoyé : m. *A plea, pleading, argument.*

Plaidoyé de Quareſme prenant. *A bawdy, laſcivious, or wanton argument.*

Plaidoyer : m. *as* Plaidoyé.

Plaidoyer. *To ſue, turn Client, go to Law.*

Il plaidoye bien qui plaidoye ſans partie; Pro. *He pleads full well that pleads againſt none (or hath none to plead againſt) but himſelf.*

Plaidoyeur : m. *A Pleader; a Lawyer; alſo, a Sutor.*

Eſchars plaidoyeur eſt hardi perdeur; Prov. *The ſparing Client's willing to be ſoild.*

Plaie. *Look* Playe.

Plaignant : m. ante : f. *Plaining, bemoaning, complaining of; accuſing, blaming, finding fault with.*

Plain : m. *A plaine, a plaine peece of ground, without houſe, or tree upon it.*

Le Bois acquiert le plain. *The Lord of a forreſt may take in a neighbour-ground, which hath lyen untilled, or unuſed by the ſpace of* 30, *or* 20. *yeares, if it be not diuided from the forreſt by ditches, meeres, bounds, or other markes.*

Plain : m. aine : f. *Plaine, flat, euen, ſmooth, without wrinkles, without rubs*; *alſo, as* Plaine.

De plain. *Preſently, immediately, out of hand, without any further proceeding in Law.*

Il ne ſe tort pas qui va plain chemin ; Prov. *Look* Chemin.

Plaindre. *To plaine, bewaile, bemoane, or make moane for*; *to blame, accuſe, expoſtulate, find fault with, complaine of*; *to grudge, repine, or find himſelfe aggrieved, &c.*

Plaindre ſon argent. Ie n'y plainds point mon argent. *I thinke my money well beſtowed thereon.*

Plaindre ſa deſpenſe. *To ſpare his purſe.*

Plaindre ſes pas. *To be a niggard of his ſteps.*

Plaindre ſa peine. *To ſaue labour, not to ouer-worke himſelfe*; *or to repine at the paines he takes.*

Il ſe plaind de ſaine teſte. *He complaines without cauſe, or he is troubled with too much eaſe.*

Aſſez demande qui ſe plaind ; Prov. *Enough demands he who of want complaints.*

Chaſcune vieille ſon dueil plaind ; Pro. *Each beldame of her private griefe complaines.*

Femme ſe plaind, femme ſe deult, femme eſt malade, quand elle veut ; Prov. *Look* Femme.

Tel eſt plein qui ſe plaind ; Pro. *Some how full ſoeuer they be are never comented.*

Tel ſe plaind qui n'a point de mal ; Prov. *Some complaine that feele no paine, or, ſome, though they feele no hurt, vnquiet are.*

Plaine : f *A plaine*; *a ſpacious peece of (leuell) ground, without either tree, or houſe, vpon it.*

Plaineure : f. *The ſuperficies*; *the plaine leuell, or flat ground of.*

Plaint ; m. te : f. *Plained, bewailed, bemoaned, complained of, found fault with, repined at.*

Plainte : m. *A plaintife, complainant, accuſer.*

Plainte : f. *A plaint, complaint, moane, lamentation; accuſation, expoſtulation.*

Plaintif : m. *A plaintife, complainant; appeacher, accuſer.*

plaintif ; m. ine : f. *Lamenting, moanefull, dolefull, ſorrowfull.*

plaire. *To pleaſe, delight*; *ſatisfie, content*; *like, allow, or thinke well, of*; *ſeem good vnto.*

A Dieu ne plaiſe, que. *God forbid that.*

S'il plaiſt à Dieu. *If God will, if God ſay amen.*

Ils en ont d'vn pleuſt à Dieu. *They haue not all they would haue, they haue not their full deſire.*

Marchandiſe qui plaiſt eſt à moitié venduë ; Prov. *Ware that doth pleaſe, or thats in requeſt, is alreadie halfe ſold.*

Plaiſamment. *Pleaſantly, merrily, ſportfully, joyfully, delightſomely.*

Plaiſance : f. *Mirth, ſport, pleaſure, delight, game, jollitie, blitheneſſe, feſtivitie; rejoycing.*

Plaiſant ; m. ante : f. *Pleaſant, merrie, jocond, blithe, joyfull, buxome, delightfull, gameſome, recreative, ſportfull*; *alſo, jeaſting, bourding, ſcoffing, flowting.*

Plaiſant homme. *(Vſed very often Ironically, or in euill part) a goodly fellow ſure.*

Plaiſanter. *To gibe, jeaſt, flowt, ſcoffe, quip merrily, be pleaſant with; to play the feaſter.*

Plaiſanterie : f. *Jeaſting, merriment, flowting, ſcoffing, ſcurrilitie, wittie (but knaviſh) conceits.*

Plaiſanteur ; m. *A feaſter, Buffoone, Paraſite, pleaſant fellow.*

Plaiſir : m. *Pleaſure, delight, mirth, joy, glee*; *paſtime, game, ſport, recreation; comfort, ſolace, delectation, contentment, ſenſualitie*; *alſo, a pleaſure, fauour, kindneſſe, good turne, friendly office done*; *alſo, the will, appetite, luſt*; *or a full ſatisfaction of them all.*

A mon plaiſir. *At my will, beck, or command*; *as I liſt my ſelfe.*

Pour mon plaiſir. *For my minds ſake; to pleaſe, or ſatisfie my humor withall.*

De court plaiſir long repentir ; Prov. *For a ſhort pleaſure long repentance.*

Fy de plaiſirs, d'eſtats, & d'or, qui de vertu n'a le threſor ; Prov. *Look* Fy.

Qui plaiſir fait plaiſir requiert ; Prov. *He that does fauours lookes to be fauoured*; *one good turne requires another.*

Plait : m. *Sute, controuerſie, altercation, debate*; *alſo, a plea, or pleading.*

Faire du plait. *To babble, prattle, tattle, keepe a filthie coyle, make a ſcurvie adoe.*

Il me tient plait. *He holds me talke, or with a tale; he finds me chat enough.*

Plameuſe : f. *A cuffe, boxe, or whirret with the fiſt.*

Plan : m. *as* Plane; maſc. *alſo, the ground-plat of a building.*

Plan. Adverb. *as* Pleinement. ℣ Gaſc.

Planare. *A Plane tree.*

Planchage : m. *A planking, or boording*; *alſo, a floore of plankes*; *or any thing made of plankes.*

Planchayé : m. ée : f. *Planked, boorded; floored.*

Planchayer. *To planke, boord, floore.*

Planche : f. *A planke, or thicke boord; eſpecially one thats laid ouer a ditch, brooke, or moat, &c. inſtead of a bridge*; *alſo, a bed, or border in a garden*; *alſo, a pitfull*; *alſo, the Till of a Printers Preſſe; or the ſhelfe that compaſſes the Hoſe*; *and generally, any ſhelfe.*

C'eſt la premiere planche pour parvenir à vn grand lieu. *This is the firſt ſtep, readieſt courſe, neereſt way, vnto great preferment.*

Faire planche à. *To make way for*; *to begin, or breake the ice, vnto*; *to lay a ground for, or foundation vnto*; *alſo, to forward, further, helpe, aſſiſt.*

En pont, en planche, & en Riviere, vallet deuant, maiſtre derriere ; Prov. *Looke* Maiſtre.

Planché : m. ée : f. *Planked, boorded; floored with plankes*; *cloſed, or ſeeled with boords*; *alſo, grounded, fixed, ſetled, or ſet faſt.*

Plancheer. *To planke; to floore with plankes; to ſeele, or cloſe, with boords.*

Plancher : m. *A (boorded) floore*; *alſo, a ſeeling of boords*; *and ſometimes (though ſomewhat improperly) a floore, or bed, of plaiſter.*

Plancher de vaches. *The ground, the earth.*

Plancher. *To planke; or floore with plankes; to ſeele, or cloſe, with boords.*

Plancheter. *as* Plancher.

Planchette : f. *A womans ſtirrup*; *alſo, the plate, or bottome of a ſtirrup whereon the foot reſteth*; *alſo, a buske.*

Playcheyé : m. ée : f. *Planked*; *as* Planchayé.

Plancheyer. *as* Planchayer.

Planchier. *as* Plancher.

Plançon. *as* Planſon; *or* Planton.

Plane : m. *The great Maple*; *ordinarily (but erroniouſly) called, the Sicamore tree.*

Plane : f. *A (Joyners) Plane; (alſo, a Plaice, or Flooke. ℣ Langued.)*

Planer. *To plane*; *to make ſmooth, or euen, with a Plane*; *alſo, to raſe, deface, blot, or put out*; *alſo, to plane, as a bird that flies, or honers, without moving her wings.*

Planetaire : com. *Planetarie, of, or belonging to, the Planets.*

Heures planetaires. *Twelue houres for the day, and as many for the night.*

Planette : f. *A Planet*; *whereof there be ſeuen, bearing the name of ſeuen ſeuerall Deities, becauſe they haue ſome power ouer earthly bodies*; *they be alſo called, Wandering ſtarres, becauſe they neuer keepe one certaine place, or ſtation in the firmament.*

Plani : m. ie : f. *Planed, plained, or made plaine*; *ſmothed, levelled, evened.*

Planier : m. ere : f. *as* Plain; *whence*;

Court planiere. *Open houſe.*

Planier. *To ſhaue, as a Tanner doth his hides.*

Planir. *To plane, levell, even, ſmooth, make plaine.*

Planiſphere : f. *An Aſtrolabe.*

Planſon : m. *A yonng plant, a ſucker, a young tree.*

Plant : m. *as* Plan; *alſo, the foundation, or ground-worke of a building*; *alſo, a planting*; *or, a quantitie of young trees handſomely ranked together.*

Plantage : m. *A planting, or ſetting.*

Plantail : m. *as* Plantal.

Plantain : m. *Plantaine, Way-bred.*

Plantain aquatic. *Water Plantaine.*

Plantain grand. *Broad-leaued Plantaine.*

Plantain de marais. *Water Plantaine.*

Plantain de mer. *Sea Plantaine, flowring ſea Plantaine.*

Plantain moyen. *Middle Plantaine, bodvie Plantaine.*

Plantain petit. *Ribwort, Ribwort Plantaine, Dogs-rib, Lambes-tongue.*

Long plantain. *The ſame.*

Plantaire. *The leaſt of the ſix hinder muſkles of the leg, ending in the ſole of the foot.*

Plantal : m. *A plant, or ſet*; *the ſcience of a tree, or ſlip of an herbe, ſet, or planted.*

Plantars : m. *Willow plants; or great branches,*

chets, or poles of water-trees, lopped off, and reſerved to be ſet.

Plantas : m. *as* Plantement ; *alſo, a place to plant, or ſet trees in ; alſo,* as Plantat ; *or the Plurall thereof.*

Plantat : m. *A plant ; and particularly, the branch of a willow, or other water tree, fit to be planted.*

Plante : f. *A plant, or ſet ; the ſience of a tree, or ſlip of an herb, ſet, or fit to be ſet ; alſo, a vine ſet of a ſience, or ſlip (called ſo till it be come to it full growth;) alſo, the ſole of the foot.*

Planté : f. *Plentie, ſtore, abundance.*

Arbre trop ſouvent tranſplanté ne porte pas fruict à planté; Pro. *The over-oft removed plant is not plentifull.*

Planté : m. ée: f. *Planted, ſet, ſetled.*

Planté ſur le pied gauche. *Setled on the wrong ſide ; ill diſpoſed in affection ; or, that hath undertaken an unjuſt, or evill cauſe.*

I'ey ay bien planté mes ſeaux. *I have made a deep impreſſion into it, I have ſet my marke very faſt upon it ; I have done it ſurely, ſoundly, throughly.*

Planteau : m. *A young plant ; or,* as Plantal.

Plantemalan : m. *A Caltrop.*

Plantement : m. *A planting, ſetting, ſetling.*

Planter. *To plant, ſet ; ſettle, fixe, ground ; alſo, to ſteale from, give the ſlip unto, ſlinke out of the company of.*

Planter à la barre. *Look* Barre.

Il le planta là pour reverdir. *He left him there to coole his fingers, to picke ſtrawes or daiſies, to ſhift for himſelfe ; Look* Reverdir.

En vain plante qui ne cloſt ; Prov. *Look* Clorre.

Planter : m. ere : f. *In, or belonging to, the ſole, or bottome, of the foot.*

Planteur : m. *A planter, a ſetter.*

Planton : m. *A young plant, or ſtocke tranſplanted, and kept to be graffed on.*

Plantureuſement. *Plenteouſly, abundantly, largely, copiouſly, fully.*

Plantureux : m. euſe : f. *Plenteous, abundant, large, full, copious.*

Planure : f. *A plaine ; a large, open, and even peece of ground.*

Plaquard : m. *A Placard, or Inſcription ſet up ; a Table wherein Laws, Orders, &c. are written, and hung up ; alſo, a Bill, Sinjis, or Libell ſtucke upon a poſt, &c. alſo, rough-caſting, or pargetting of walls.*

Plaque : f. *A flat Lingot, or barre of metall ; alſo, a flat paving peece of Marble, or free ſtone ; alſo, a plate to naile againſt a wall, and to ſet a candle in ; a plate-candleſticke.*

Plaques. *Flat peeces of Goldſmiths work, reſembling little flowers, &c. alſo, parget, rough-caſt.*

Plaque de plomb en vn miroir. *The foile, or ſteele of a Looking-glaſſe.*

Plaqué : m. ée : f. *Pargetted, rough-caſt ; alſo, clapped, paſted, flat, or ſtucke upon ; layed flat on.*

Plaquement : m. *A pargetting, or rough-caſting ; alſo, a clapping, paſting, or ſticking on ; a laying flat upon.*

Plaquer. *To parget, or to rough-caſt ; alſo, clap, flat, ſtick, or paſt on ; to lay flat upon ; whence ;*

Plaquer du paſſement ſur vn habit. *To lace, or ſet lace upon a garment.*

Plaques. *Look* Plaque.

Plaſmateur : m. *A Potter ; or a maker of earthen Images, &c.*

† Plaſmation : f. *Potters work ; or the making of Images, &c. of clay, or earth.*

Plaſne : f. *as* Plane ; *The great Maple.*

Plaſſage : m. *A fee payed, in ſome townes, by Merchants and Tradeſmen, for the ſhewing of their commodities in the Market-place, or publike ſtreets.*

Plaſtras : m. *Rubbiſh ; clods, or peeces of old, and dry plaiſter.*

Plaſtre : m *Plaiſter, morter.*

Plaſtrer. *To plaiſter.*

Plaſtrier : m. *A Plaiſterer ; a Dawber.*

Plaſtron : m. *A breaſt plate ; Armour for the ſtomack, or bellie ; alſo,* as Plaſtre.

Plaſtronné : m. ée : f. *Breaſt-plated ; armed with a breaſt-plate.*

Plat : m. *A Platter ; or great Diſh ; alſo, a Diſh of meat.*

Plat de patiſſier. *A round, and flat footleſſe Pan of Tinne, wherein pies are kept warme at the ovens mouth, after they be fully baked.*

Plat renvoyé. *A walking meale ; wherein one diſh going round about the table, every gueſt is his own carver.*

Vn grand plat. *A Charger.*

Donner plat. *To beſtow victualls.*

Peſcher au plat. *Look* Peſcher.

Le plat du bas eſt touſiours le premier vuide ; Pro. *The lowmoſt diſh is alwaies the firſt empty ; (for commonly the beſt trencher-men ſit loweſt.)*

Qui eſt loing du plat eſt prez de ſon dommage ; Pro. *We ſay (more generally) a man thats far from his good is neere his harme.*

Tout eſtat, & rien au plat ; Pro. *Look* Eſtat.

Plat : m. *Flatneſſe, or, the flat part of a thing flatted ; whence ;* Bailler du plat de la langue. *To ſooth, flatter, collogue with ; A metaphor from a dogs licking, and ;*

Frapper du plat d'une eſpée. *To ſtrike flatling, or with the flat part of a ſword.*

Plat : m. ate : f. *Flat, plaine, low ; ſmooth ; even, or levell with the ground ; alſo, ſhallow.*

Plat bord. *See* Bord.

Plat païs. *The country ; alſo, a vale, dale, plaine, or plaine region, low country.*

Le beſace, ou bourſe plate. *An empty wallet, or purſe.*

Maiſon plate. *(Oppoſed unto* Chaſteau) *a houſe which hath neither towers, nor moat, a plaine-built, or plaine country, houſe.*

Pied plat. *A ſplay foot.*

A plate couſture. *Rudely, plainly, after the homelieſt faſhion ; alſo, flatly, fully, utterly, throughly ; as under* Couſture.

Platane : f. *The right Plane tree ; (a ſtranger in* England.)

Plateaux : m. *Flat and thin ſtones ; flakes of ſtones, &c.*

Fumées en plateaux. *Flat grattiching, fewmiſhing (or dung) of a Deere.*

Plateforme : f. *A platforme, plot, modell, or draught of a building ; alſo, the foundation thereof ; alſo, a platforme, or ſquare bulwark ; alſo, a certaine thick boord in the prow of a ſhip.*

Platelée : f. *A platter-full, or diſh-full, of.*

Plat-eſcuelle : f. *A deep diſh, or platter.*

Plat-fond : m. *The plaine ground of, or under, fretting, or any high-raiſed work.*

Platin : m. *A flat ; a flat ſtrand, low coaſt, or low peece of ground, neere unto the ſea.*

Platin de fer. *A cart-clowt of iron.*

Platine : f. *A flat, or thin peece of wood, or metall ; and hence, a ſpring-pinne ; or a thin plate of iron, put between the end of an iron pin, and a frame, to keep it the faſter ; alſo,* as Patine.

Cautere à platine. *The plate-cauter. See* Cautere.

Platis : m. *A flat, ſhelfe, or ſhallow place in the water.*

Platte : f. *A Bleake (fiſh.)*

Platteaux. *Look* Plateaux.

Plattebande : f. *A flat band, or bend.*

Platteforme. *as* Plateforme.

Plattiz. *Look* Platis.

Platuſe : f. *A Plaice (fiſh;)* ℣ Langued.

† Plau : m. *The South wind.*

Plauder. *Seek* Pelauder.

† Plauton : m. *A clue, or bottome.*

Playe : f. *A wound, bloudwipe, ſore cut, gaſh, inciſion, hurt ; alſo,* as Plage.

Playe faitte à Iuſtice. *Tyranny, or injuſtice, curbing, or over-ruling juſtice.*

Debonnaire Mire fait playe puante ; Pro. &, vn piteux medecin fait vne mortelle playe ; Prov. *A pitifull Chirurgion makes a pitifull ſore.*

Playé : m. ée : f. *Wounded ; ſore cut, or hurt.*

Player. *To wound, cut, gaſh, give a bloudwipe unto.*

Playt. *as* Plait ; (*an old word.*)

Pleſt, & cheval de ſervice. *Due in ſome places, and caſtl, from the vaſſall to the Lord feudal (as under* Service ;) *This word is alſo, in the cuſtomes of* Britany, *ill printed for* Plaid.

Pleſt de mortemain. 50 *s. for a* Maſure de terre, *due unto Landlords (in divers parts of* Poictou) *at the death, or change, of their tenants.*

Pleſtre : m. *The quill, or bow, wherewith a Citterne, or Violl, is played on.*

Plege : m. *A pledge, a ſurety, an undertaker for.*

Plegement. *as* Pleigement.

Pleger. *To undertake, be pledge, become ſurety for.*

Se pleger. *To complaine of ; to commence a ſuit, or bring an Action, againſt.*

Pleger l'emende. *To acknowledge his fault, and pray the favour of the Court before Judgment, thereby to leſſen his penalty, or puniſhment.*

Plegerie : f. *Suretiſhip ; an undertaking, or anſwering for.*

Plegeur : m. *A Plaintiſe in an Action.*

Plelade : f. *One of the ſeven Stars.*

Pleige : m. *A Pledge, a Surety ; one that undertakes, or anſwers, for another.*

Pleigement : m. *A pledging, undertaking, or anſwering, for ; alſo, a complaint preferred, ſute commenced, or Action brought, upon an impeachment, or diſturbance, of poſſeſſion.*

Pleiger. *To be a Pledge, or Surety, to undertake, or anſwer, for ; Look* Pleger.

Qui pleige paye ; Prov. *A ſurety is ſure to pay.*

Plein : m. *A Plaine. Look* Plain.

plein : m. eine : f. *Full ; whole, compleat, abſolute, large, ample, ſolide ; alſo, gorged, ſtuft, repleniſhed, well furniſhed, ſtored, fraught with.*

Pleine. *(Feminine) The ſame; alſo, big-bellied, bagd, or great with young; (a word only for beaſts.)*
Pleines armes. *Armes, or a Coat without difference; belongs to the chiefe, or eldeſt, of a Houſe.*
Pleine Cour. *A Court Leet, or Baron, whereto a ſufficient number of* Pairs, *Aſſiſtants, or* Hommes de fief, *be ſutors.*
Plein fief. *Look* Fief.
Pleine nuict. *Dark-night, bed-time, the ſecond watch of the night;* En pleine nuict. *When all was huſht, when every one aſleepe.*
Pleine puiſſance. *Abſolute, Monarchall, or Sovraigne power.*
Plein relief. *Seek* Relief.
'A plein pied. *Of an even ground; or with a levell flour.*
Mettre à plein pied. *To raſe; to lay even, or levell with the ground.*
Mettre ſur le plein pied. *To ſet full upon the legs; to ſettle, or give ſure footing unto.*
Sain, et plein de vie. *In health, and like to live.*
Tout plein d'autres choſes. *Many other, or, a great ſort of other, things.*
Donner le plein & le rond à. *To perfect, conſummate, accompliſh.*
Tel eſt plein qui ſe plaind; Pro. *The wealthy churle complaines of want.*
On lie bien le ſac avant qu'il ſoit plein; Pro. *An empty ſack will eaſily be tied; or, as under* Sac.
Pleinement. *Fully, wholly, compleatly; abſolutely, throughly, ſoundly; abundantly, largely, amply.*
Plein-fief. *Look* Fief.
Plein-fondé: m. ée: f. *Spacious, big, full, wide, large; wherein there is ſtuffe, or ſcope, enough.*
† Pleintithe. *as* Pleintiſſe.
Pleintiſſe: f. *The full ſcope, or whole compaſſe of.*
Pleïon: m. *Long ſtraw ſoſtned in water, thereby to be pliant, and fit for the binding of vines, &c.*
Plejure: f. *A pledging; ſuretiſhip, undertaking, or anſwering for.*
Homme de plejure. *A Pledge, or Surety; or a vaſſall who may be a Baile, Pledge, or Surety for his Lord.*
Plenier: m. ere: f. *as* Planier.
Camelot plenier. *Unwater Chamlet.*
Plenitude: f. *Plenitude, fulneſſe, wholeneſſe; ſoliditie, thickneſſe, groſſeneſſe.*
Plenté: f. *Plenty, ſtore, abundance, fulneſſe, enough.*
† Pleonaſmique: com. *Superfluous, redundant.*
Pleſſé: m. ée: f. *Plaſhed, as young boughs.*
Pleſſer. *To plaſh; to bow, fould, or plait young branches, one within an other; alſo, to thicken a hedge, or cover a walke, by plaſhing.*
Pleſſis: m. *The plaſhing of trees; the plaiting, or foulding of their tender branches, one within the other; alſo a hedge, or walk of plaſhed trees, &c.*
Plet. *as* Plaid; *or, as* Plect.
† Plethore: f. *Fulneſſe, or abundance of good humors in the body; alſo, head-ach by the ſuperfluity thereof.*
† Plethorique: com. *Fat, groſſe, corpulent, overfull of good humors.*
Plevi: m. ie: f. *Warranted, aſſured, whoſe goodneſſe, or ſufficiency is undertaken for.*
Fille plevie. *Promiſed in mariage; affianced.*
Plevine. *as* Pleuvine.
Pleviner. *To plevine, warrant, be ſurety, give pledges, undertake, or promiſe, for.*
Plevir. *The ſame;* &, Plevir l'emende; *as* Pleger l'emende.
Pleur: m. *A teare; a trickle; alſo, weeping, or lamentation.*
Pleurable: com. *Lamentable; fit to be wept, or wailed for.*
Pleurant: m. ante: f. *Weeping, whining, crying, ſhedding teares; wailing, lamenting.*
Verre pleurant. *Which being overfull runs over.*
Pleurard: m. *A weeper, crier, whiner, wailer.*
Pleûre: f. *A thin, and ſmooth skin wherewith th'inſide of the ribs is covered.*
Pleuré: m. ée: f. *Wept, whined, cried for; deplored, bewailed, bemoaned.*
Pleurement: m. *A weeping; a crying, whining, ſhedding of teares; a lamenting, wailing, howling.*
Pleure-pain: m. *A nigardly wretch; a puling micher or miſer; a miſerable houſekeeper; one whom it grieves to beſtow any meat on himſelf, or but a mite on others.*
Pleurer. *To weep, cry, whine, ſhed teares; to moan, lament, waile, bowle.*
Aſſez peut pleurer qui n'a nul qui l'appaiſe; Pro. *He may weep his eyes out that hath none to appeaſe him.*
Autant pleure mal batu que bien batu. *As much the ill, as the well, beaten cryeth, (whence,)*
Mal batu longuement pleure; Pro.
'A coeur dolent l'oeil pleure; Prov. *A weeping eye, a wofull heart.*
Bien courroucé de peu pleure; Pro. *He thats angred agood can hardly weep.*
Femme rit quand elle peut, & pleure quand elle veut; Pro. *Look* Femme.
La mere du timide ne ſçait que c'eſt de pleurer; Pro. *The dame whoſe ſonne's a coward ſeldome weepes.*
Les belles robbes pleurent ſur des eſpaules indignes; Pro. *Fair garments weep upon unworthy ſhoulders.*
Tel au matin rit qui au ſoir pleure; Pro. *No glad man knowes how ſoon he may be ſorry.*
Pleureſie: f. *A Pleuriſie.*
Pleuretique: com. *Sick of, or ſubject unto, a Pleuriſie.*
Membrane pleuretique. *as* Pleûre.
Pleureur: m. *A weeper, a crier.*
Pleureux: m. euſe: f. *Ever weeping, full of teares.*
Pleuſt à Dieu. *I would to God. Look* Plaire.
Pleuvi: m. ie: f. *as* Plevi; *alſo, quit, abſolved, releaſed.*
Pleuvine: f. *A warrant, warranty, aſſurance, undertaking for, the goodneſſe, or ſufficiency of.*
Pleuviner. *as* Pleviner; *alſo, as* Plouviner.
Pleuvir. *To warrant, aſſure, undertake, paſſe his promiſe, give his word, for.*
Pleuvir vne fille. *To affiance a maiden, to promiſe her in marriage.* ¶ Pic.
Pleuvoir. *to rain. Seek* Plouvoir.
Pli: m. *A plait, fould, lay; bought; wrinkle, crumple; alſo, a habit, or impreſſion.*
Pli du mitan. *The cloſing of the middle of a Canon-bit.*
Il a prins ſon pli. (*ſaid of an obdurate, and incorrigible diſpoſition; or of one in whom a humor, whatſoever, is turned to a habit;*) *he will never be other then he is.*
Les Parlemens prindrent dive rs plis ſous tels, & tels Rois. viz. *Took divers formes under, got ſundry courſes of proceeding from, ſuch and ſuch Kings.*
Pliable: com. *Pliable; fit, or eaſie, to be foulded, bowed, bent.*
Pliage: m. *A foulding, plying, plaiting, bending, bowing.*
Pliaiſon: f. *as* Pliement.
Plicature: f. *A foulding, plaiting, bowing, bending.*
Plie: f. *A Plaice (fiſh, eſpecially, a great one.)*
Plié: m. ée: f. *Foulded, plaited; plied, wried, bent, bowed; wrapped, or put up; alſo, wrinkled, or crumpled.*
Pliement: m. *A foulding, plaiting, plying, bending, bowing; turning, wrying.*
Plier. *To fould, plait; ply, bend, bow; turne, wry; wrap up; alſo, to wrinkle.*
Plier ſes cartes. *To put up his cards.*
Plier le coude. *To keep his elbow in continuall action; to lift the pot often to his head. See* Coude.
Plier le genteler. *To yeeld, or ſubmit himſelfe.*
Mieux vaut plier que rompre; Prov. *Better bow then breake.* viz. *Better to yeeld unto good adviſe, or the violent ſway of the time, then by following his own opinion, or humor, to draw on himſelfe a certaine deſtruction: And of an obſtinate, and incorrigible creature they ſay,* Il rompera pluſtoſt qu'il ne pliera; *and yet ſometimes it is applied unto a conſtant loſer, or hazardor, of his life, in defence of a religious, and known, truth.*
Plieur: m. *A foulder, plaiter; plier, bender, bower; alſo, a wrapper, foulder, or putter up of.*
Plieur. (*Adjectively*) *Foulding, plaiting; plying, bowing, bending; whence,*
Muſcles plieurs. *Two muſkles (a great, and a little one) whereby the toes are bowed.*
Plieure. *as* Pliement.
Plieuſe: f. *A woman that foulds, plaits; bends, bowes.*
Plinthe: f. *A Plinth, or Slipper; a flat, and ſquare peece of Maſonry, &c. placed ſometimes above, ſometimes below, the footſtall (but ever the firſt of the Baſis) of a piller, &c.*
Plion: m. *A kind of ſlifte Ozier. See* Bunter.
Plionner. *To wrinkle, crumple, frumple, ruffle, diſorder, mumble.*
Plis. *as* Pelis; *alſo, the Pluvall unto* Pli.
Pliſſé: m. ée: f. *Plaited, foulded, lapped up; alſo, plaſhed, as a tree, &c.*
Pliſſer. *To plait, fould, lap up, or one within another; (whence) alſo, to plaſh.*
Pliſſure: f. *A foulding, or plaiting; alſo, a fould, plait, lap, wrinkle; alſo, a plaſhing of trees, &c.*
Ploïable. *as* Ployable.

ploier. *See* Ployer.

plomant : m. ante : f. *Plumming; or trying the ſtraightneſſe of worke by a plomb-rule.*

Plomb : m. *Lead; alſo, a Carpenters plummet, or plomb-line; alſo, a bullet for a Musket, or Caleiver; alſo, as* Plion.

Plomb blanc. *Tinne; or a kind thereof; as* Eſtaim de glace.

Plomb à chaas. *A kind of plomb-rule, or Inſtrument of copper, &c. whereby (as by the plomb-rule) Maſons do governe, and judge of, the ſtraightneſſe, or evenneſſe of their worke, from top to bottome.*

Plomb de mine. *Blacke lead.* Mine de plomb. *as in* Mine.

Plomb noir. *Ordinarie lead.*

Plomb à riculle, ou à ruyle. *A Maſons plomb-rule.*

'A plomb. *Perpendicularly, downe-right; whence,*

La muraille eſt bien à plomb. *The wall is very ſtraight, or ſtands boult upright;* &, 'A plomb ſur. *Direct, or downe-right, upon.*

'A pied de plomb. *Slowly, dully, heavily, with leaden heeles.*

'A pied de plomb, & de pompe. *The ſame; and ſtately, majeſtically, with a Spaniſh gravitie; Rodomont-like.*

Il a du plomb en teſte. *He hath a ſad, adviſed, or diſcreet pate of his one.*

Mis à plomb, & au fin. *Throughly fined, or tried, exactly purified.*

Dans vne gaine d'or vn couſteau de plomb. *(Appiable to the faire outſide of a foule inſide; or to a pranked coxcombe, or faire foole;) a leaden whittle in a ſheath of gold.*

Plombagine: f. *Pure lead turned almoſt into aſhes by the vehemence of the fire: This is the artificiall* Plombagine, *and comes of lead put into a furnace with gold, or ſilver oare, to make them melt the ſooner; (by which imployment it gaines ſome part in the worth of thoſe metalls;) there is alſo a naturall, or minerall* Plombagine, *which (as* Mathiolus *thinketh) is no other then ſilver mingled with lead-ſtone, or oare.*

Plombaſſe : com. *Lead-like, lead-coloured, ſallow, bleake, wanne.*

Plombature : f. *Soulder of lead, or tinne.*

Plombé : m. ée : f. *Leaded, or tinned; ſouldered with lead; alſo, leaden, or leadie; dull, heavie, ſad; alſo, lead coloured, or black and blew after ſtripes; alſo, ſounded with a leaden plummet; alſo, marked, or ſtamped, with lead.*

Plombeau : m. *A plummet; or weight of lead; whence;*

Le poids à plombeau. *The Roman beam or Stellere.*

Le plombeau d'un' eſpée. *The pommell.*

Plombée : f. *A plummet, or pellet of lead*

Plombelé. *as* Plombé; *alſo, bearing lead.*

Plombement : m. *A leading, or tinning; alſo, a ſouldering; alſo, a marking of wares, with lead; alſo, a ſounding with a plummet.*

Plomber. *To lead or tinne; alſo, to ſoulder, or colour with lead; alſo, to mark wares with lead, or ſet leaden ſeales, or ſtamps on them; alſo, to ſound the depth of a place with a plummet.*

Plomber de coups de boulets. *To lead, or turn into lead, with multitude of ſhot; to beſtow more ſhot on them the skinne can hold.*

Se plomber le ſein. *To thump, or beat his own breaſt.*

Plomberie : f. *A leading; or the lead of a Church, houſe, &c.*

Plombet. *as* Plombée; *alſo, the plomb-line, or plomb-rule, uſed by Architects.*

Plombeure : f. *as* Plomblement; *whence,*

Agraphes de fer à plombeure. *Iron hookes faſtened, or ſouldered together, with lead.*

Plombier : m. *A Plummer.*

Plombier : m. ere : f. *Leadie, lead-like, of lead.*

Pierre plombiere. *Lead oare, or lead-ſtone before it be tried.*

Plomeau : m. *A plummet, or little ball of lead.*

Plomer. *To plumme; a Maſon to trie, or judge of, the ſtraightneſſe of his worke by his plomb rule.*

Plommée : f. *as* Plombée; *or, a weight of lead.*

Traineau à plommée. *Looke* Traineau.

Plommer. *as* Plomer; *or, as* Plomber.

Plongé : m. ée : f. *Plunged; ducked, dived; thruſt far into, over head and eares in.*

Plongeant. *Plunging, diving, ducking; alſo, thruſting farre into.*

Plongement : m. *A plunging, diving, or ducking; alſo, a thruſting farre into.*

Plongeon : m. *The water-fowle called a Ducker; or a generall name for water-fowle which uſe to ducke often, or on their weake legs (which they lamely traile after them) can goe but a little.*

Plongeon de mer. *A Puffin.*

Plongeon de riviere. *A certaine freſh-water fowle, that reſembles the Puffin.*

Grand plongeon. *A Cormorant.*

Petit plongeon. *A Didopper, or Arſe-foot.*

'A plongeons. *Ducking, plunging; or by plunges.*

Plongeons. *(The plurall of* Plongeon; *alſo, rickes, or ſtackes of corne.*

Plonger. *To plunge, dive, duck; runne over head and eares, thruſt farre into.*

Plonget. *as* Plongeon; *or particularly, the Didopper.*

Plongeur : m. *A plunger, ducker, diver.*

Plorer. *See* Pleurer.

Plot : m. *A block.* ℣ Bourbon.

Plote. *as* Pelote, *A ball.*

Ploter. *as* Peloter.

Ploton : m. *A clue, or bottome of; alſo, a low Buffet ſtoole.*

Plotte. *as* Pelotte.

Plourement : m. *A weeping.*

Plourer. *See* Pleurer.

Plouſtre : m. *A Rowler; alſo, (but ſomewhat improperly) a Harrow.*

Plouſtrement : m. *A levelling of ground, or breaking of clods, with a Rowler.*

Plouſtrer. *To levell ground, or breake clods, with a Rowler.*

Plouſtreur. m. *A clod-breaker; or, one that ſmoothes ground, or breakes clods, with a Rowler.*

Ploutroer : m. *A Rowler; the rowling inſtrument wherewith ground is levelled; and clods broken.*

Plouvier : m. *A Plover.*

Plouviner. *To mingle, to bedew.*

Plouvoir. *To raine, ſhowre; powre downe wet.*

En hyver par tout pleut, en Eſté là on Dieu veut; Prov. *Raine falls in winter every where, in Summer onely by favour; (ſomewhat like whereunto is;)*

Là où Dieu veut il pleut; Pro.

Tant tonne qu'il pleut; Pro. *Of big words come blood wipes; after much conſultation round execution.*

Ployable : com. *Pliable, bowable; bendable.*

Ployant. *Plying, bowing, bending; arching; foulding.*

Ployé : f. *A bend, bought; vault, arch; alſo, a bending, bowing; vaulting, arching.*

Ployé : m. ée : f. *Bowed, bent, plied; foulded; arched; vaulted.*

Ployer. *To plie, bow, bend; alſo, to arch, or vault; alſo, to fould.* Look Plier.

Ployer l'amende. Celuy ployoit l'amende, qui en ployant le pan de ſa robbe, ou cotte, faiſoit amende honorable, & diſoit, ie le vous amende. ℣ Ragueau.

† Pluau : m. *The South wind.*

Plucquoter. *To picke nicely.*

Plumaceau : m. *as* Plumart; *alſo, a ſoft fould of linnen laid next above the plaiſter, on a wound.*

Plumage : m. *Feathers; or, as* Plumart; *alſo, a plaiming.*

Plumail : m. *A Goose wing, or duſter of feathers; alſo, a plume of feathers; alſo, birds, or feathered fowle.*

Plumart : m. *A plume, or bunch of feathers, alſo, as* Plumail.

Plumaſſier : m. *A feather-maker.*

Plume : f. *A feather (eſpecially, a ſoft, or ſhort one;) alſo, a penne; alſo (in old French) a plume of feathers; alſo, caſting for a Hawke.*

Alun de plume. *Stone Allum, itching powder; a hard white Allum, or Allum-like ſimple, which being well pounded, and ſteeped in water may be ſpunne into a kind of thread, and matches or candle-weekes made of it; and they, once fired, will not out as long as they have any matter to worke on.*

Relief de plume (&, Rente de plume.) *A rent Capon, Henne, or Chicken, paid for a Reliefe.*

Faict au poil, & à la plume. *Made unto all kind of ſport, practiſed in all kind of trades, fit for any imployment, good at any game.*

Iecter la plume au vent; & mettre ſa plume au vent. *To grow, deſperate, reckleſſe, careleſſe; or, as under* Iecter, *or under* vent.

Paſſer la plume par la bec à. *Looke* Paſſer.

Vanner les plumes au vent. *To play the foole, to loſe time.*

'A dure enclume marteau de plume; Prov. *See* Enclume, *or* Marteau.

Plumé : m. ée : f. *Plumed, plucked, fleeced.*

Plumement : m. *A pluming, or plucking*

the feathers from; hence alſo, a fleecing.

Plumer. *To plume, or plucke the feathers of; thence alſo, to fleece; to rob, denude, or bare of; to ſhake out of, all.*

Plumer vne chaſtaigne. *To pill, or unhuske, a cheſtnut; to turne, or take, it out of the rough coat wherein tis bred; which becauſe few can do eaſily, or with unpriēt fingers, they ſay of a man to whom a thing is like to prove coſtly, or painefull,* Il en plumera la chaſtaigne.

On plume l'oye ſans la faire crier; Pro. *The fillie Gooſe complaines not when ſhe is pluckt.*

Plumeteur: m. *A Scribe, Clerke, Pen-man, Scrivener, Penſter; one that getteth his living by his pen.*

Plumetis: m. *A ſummary, or ſhort relation of the ſubſtance of a cauſe, delivered, in writing, unto the Judges; alſo, ſhort, and curſary notes, or inſtructions, for the draught of a Pleading, or Evidence, taken from the mouth of a Client (or otherwiſe) by a Clerk, or Notary publike.*

Plumette: f. *A little feather, a ſmall penne.*

Plumeur: m. *A plumer, feather-plucker; fleecer.*

Plumeux: m. euſe: f. *Full of pens, or feathers.*

Plaralité: f. *Plurality, or moreneſſe; more then one of.*

Plure d'une voulte. *The bought, bent, or compaſſe of a vault.*

Plus. *More.*

A plus prés. *Within a little.*

Au plus. *At the moſt*; Au plus prés. *As neer as poſſible can be*; Au plus toſt. *At the ſooneſt.*

Le moins de mon plus. *The moſt I can, the leaſt I ſhould.*

Non plus. (Ils n'auront qu'un non plus.) *Neither.*

Qui a il plus? *What is behind? what overplus remaines there?*

Tant & plus. *Exceeding much, or, as much as may be.*

Qui plus vit plus a à ſouffrir; Prov. *The longer life the more affliction.*

Pluſerois: m. *The name of a (prohibited) fiſhnet, or fiſh-deſtroying engine.*

Pluſieur: m. *as* Pluſerois.

Pluſieurs. *Many, a great number, a great ſort.*

Pluſtoſt. *Rather, ſooner; alſo, moreover, or, which is more; alſo, faſter, with more ſpeed.*

Au pluſtoſt. *At the moſt*; &, Au pluſtoſt que faire ſe peut. *With the firſt, with the ſooneſt; with as much ſpeed as may be.*

† Plus-valeur: f. *An over-value; a ſurpluſage, overplus, remainder; or a thing thats over and above the value of.*

Plus-valeurs d'eſtat. *Look* Eſtat.

Pluvial: m. ale: f. *Rainie, of raine; like to raine; wateriſh.*

Pluvier: m. *A Plover.*

Pluvieux: m. euſe: f. *Rainie, much raining, full of raine.*

Pluvine: f. *A Salamander, or Deaf-worme; alſo, as* Pleuvine.

Pluvir. *as* Pleuvir.

Pluye: f. *Raine; alſo, a Plaice.*

La pluye des mois. *A womans monthlie flux; or the immoderate fall therelf.*

La pluye l'a prins. *He is wet through; he hath taken his liquor throughly.*

Pluye de Fevrier vaut eſgout de fumier; Pro. *February rain is th'husbandmans gaine.*

Pluyr. *as* Plouvoir.

Ply. *Look* Pli.

Plye: f. *A Plaice.*

Poacre: f. *A kind of ſcab about the noſe, or muzzle of a Sheepe, gotten by ſeeding too early in the dewie fallowes, and a very great hinderance to her feeding.*

Poacre: com. *Look* Poüacre.

Poale: m. *A ſtove, or hot-houſe; alſo, as* Pollle.

Poale: f. *as* Paelle; *A frying-pan; alſo, a little pan.*

Poallier: m. *The braſſe wherein the ſtocke of a bell reſts, or turnes.*

Poalon: m. *A Skillet.*

Poche: f. *A pocket, pouch, or poke; alſo, a meale-ſacke, or corne-ſacke; alſo, a purſnet; alſo the fowle called, a Shoveler; alſo, the crop, or craw of a bird; alſo, the little narrow, and long Violin (having the back of one peece) which French dauncers, or dauncing Maiſters, carry about with them in a caſe, when they go to teach their Schollers.*

Acheter chat en poche. (*Like our*) *to buy a Pig in a poke.*

Il a bien rempli ſes poches. *He hath filled his bags, or ſtuffed his budgets, up to the top, he hath made good uſe of his time, I warrant you.*

La poche ſent touſiours l'harenc; Prov. *Corrupted once, we are tainted ever; once get a blot, y'are ſtained always.*

Poché: m. ée: f. *Poched; thruſt or digged out with the fingers; alſo, blurred.*

Oeil poché. *A black, or bloud-ſhot eye (by a blow, &c.)*

Oeuf poché. *A potched egge.*

Pocheculier: m. *A Shoveler.*

Pochée: f. *A pocket-full, poke-full, ſack-full, of.*

Pocher. *To thruſt, or dig out with the fingers.*

Pocher le labeur d'autruy. *To poche into, or incroach upon, another mans imployment, practiſe, or trade.*

Cent encre poche. *This Inke blurres.*

Pochette: f. *A little pocket; a poke, or little ſacke; alſo, a purſ-net.*

Poçon. *Look* Poſſon.

Podagre: f. *The Gowt (in the legs, or feet.)*

Podagre de lin. *The weed Dodder. See* Lin.

Podagre: com. *Gowtie-legd.*

Podagreux: m. euſe: f. *Full of the Gowt.*

Poderaſte, *or* Pederaſte. *A Sodomite, boy-lover, or boy-buggerer.*

Podimetrie: f. *Foot-meaſure, meaſuring by the foot.*

Poelle: m. *A Stove, or Hot-houſe.*

Poëme: m. *A Poeme; a compoſition, or worke in Verſe.*

Poëſie: f. *Poeſie, Poetry.*

Poeſle: m. *A Stove, or Hot-houſe.*

Poeſle: f. *as* Paelle.

Poeſlier: m. *A Tinker, Brazier, Skellet-maker.*

Poeſlon: m. *A Skellet, or Poſnet, alſo, a little Frying-pan.*

† Poeſte. Homme de poeſte. *A yeoman, Roturier, unnoble ſubject, vaſſall, or tenant.*

Poëtaſtre: m. *An ignorant Poet.*

Poëte: m. *A Poet, maker, Verſifier.*

Bon poëte mauvais homme; Prov. *A good Poet an ill man.*

Poëterie: f. *Poetry; (an old word.)*

Poëtiquement. *Poetically, Poet-like.*

Poëtiſer. *To poetize it; to make Verſes.*

Poëtride: f. *A Poeteſſe.*

Poëtrie: f. *Poetrie.*

Poëtrons: m. *(Ordinary) yellow Plummes.*

Poevrette. *as* Poivrette.

Poge, ou Pogge: f. *The ſheat, or cable which faſtens the mayne yard, on the right hand of a Ship; whence,* A poge; *at, or on, the right hand.*

Naviger à poge, & à ourſe. *To hold an uncertain courſe at ſea, by reaſon of contrary winds, laying tack aboord ſometimes on the right, and ſometimes on the left ſide of the Ship.*

Poignard: m. *as* Poignard.

Poictevine: f. *A woman of* Poictou; *alſo, a French farthing, or the fourth part of the* Denier Tournois.

Poictrail: m. *A Petrell for a horſe; alſo, the beame, or ſummer whereby rafters, or joiſts are upheld.*

Poictreux: m. euſe: f. *Whence,* Piece poictreuſe. *A peece of coyne that riſes, bulches, or bears out in the middle, and is flat, or thin, about the edge.*

Poictrinal: m. *A great, and heavy petronell; ſhorter, but of a wider bore, then a Muſket.*

Poictrinal: m. ale: f. *Belonging to the breaſt, or ſtomack; alſo, ſtomacall, breaſt-comforting.*

Poictrinalier: m. *One that ſerves with, or uſes to ſhoot in, a great and heavy Petronell.*

Poictrine: f. *The breaſt, boſome, ſtomack; alſo, a breaſt-plate, or armour for the breaſt.*

Poictrine empeſchée. *Obſtruction of the ſtomack; or a dry, and ſoft Cough (which we call a Sheepes Cough) proceeding thereof.*

Poictrinette: f. *A little breaſt, pretty boſome.*

Poictrineux: m. euſe: f. *as* Poictrinal; *alſo, as* Poictreux.

Poictron: m. *The arſe, nockandroe, ſundament.*

Poids: m. *A peiſe, or weight; alſo, peiſe, weight; alſo, ſubſtance, or ſoundneſſe.*

Poids de Marc. *Halfe a pound, or eight ounces; Look* Marc.

Poids Marchand. *The weight uſed by Merchants, and Tradeſmen, is in ſome (few) places after fourteene, in others after eighteen, but in the moſt after ſixteen, ounces to the pound.*

Poids medecinal. *The weight uſed by Phiſitians, &c. is after twelve ounces to the pound.*

Poids de Midy. *One of the Pyrrhenian mountaines, called ſo, becauſe ever about noon the Sun ſhines on it.*

Poids de neuf heures. *Another, called ſo becauſe the Sun is ever on it about nine a clock in the morning.*

Poids du Roy. *Is after ſixteens ounces to the*

the pound, eight ounces to the Marc, *and eight* Gros *to the ounce.*

Gros Poids. *Is after 28 ounces to the pound.*

Petits poids. *Troy weight; twelve ounces to the pound.*

Poiſaict : m. *Sloath, negligence, idleneſſe.* ✠ Breton.

Poiſaifant : m. *A negligent, ſloathfull, or careleſſe fellow; one thats ever behind-hand with his buſineſſe.* ✠ Breton.

Poignalade : f. *A ſtab, or thruſt with a Poniard.*

Poignalarder. *To ſtab, or thruſt into with a Poniard.*

Poignant : m. ante : f. *Pricking, ſtinging; alſo, peeping, or peering out.*

Poignard : m. *A Poinado, or Poniard.*

Poignardé : m. ée : f. *Poniarded, ſtabbed with a Poniard.*

Poignarder. *To Poniard, to ſtab with a Poniard.*

Poignaſtre. *The Viver, or little ſea-Dragon.*

Poignée : f. *A handfull, fiſtfull, or gripe of; alſo, the handle of a ſword, or dagger.*

Poignet : m. *The wriſt; the joint thats between the hand and the arme; alſo, a handle.*

Poignet de la chemiſe. *The wriſt-band, or gathering at the ſleeve-hand, of a ſhirt.*

Il a bien ſoncé le poignet. *He hath gained ſoundly, he hath gotten ſweetly, he hath licked his fingers throughly; (A Phraſe often uſed in diſgrace of the partie it is applyed unto, and taxing him of no leſſe then thevery, or groſſe couſenage.)*

Poil : m. *A haire.*

Poil de chat. *A running ſore, or tetter, which we alſo tearme, a Cats haire; alſo, a whitlow in the finger.*

Poil folet. *A young moſſie beard; alſo, the firſt downe, or ſoft feathers of a young bird.*

Couleur de poil de ſouris. *A Mouſe-colour, or Mouſe-dunne.*

Fente en poil. *A cleft in a bone, ſo little, as it is almoſt inviſible.*

Velours à deux poils. *Two-pile Velvet.*

Velours a long poil. *Shag, pluſh: or (moſt properly) unſborne Velvet.*

Bas de poil. *Lowly, or bearing a low ſaile; of poore meanes, of ſmall authority, that can do but little any way.*

Eſchauffer le poil à. *To irritate, or provoke unto anger; alſo, to beſtow a painefull beating on, to bang or bethwacke the ſkin-coat of.*

Faire changer de poil. *To reforme by cudgelling, or by ſevere courſes; (from a Groome, who currying a young horſe throughly, makes the colour of his coat to alter.)*

Fait au poil, & à la plume. *A Generaliſt; one thats fit for, or can make one in, any imployment, or ſport; (from dogs which are good at all kind of Game.)*

Monter ſur vn cheval à poil. *To get on a horſes bare back.*

Né à tout le poil (le Diable l'a ciié en volant.) *A monſtrous Cutter, a terrible Gallant, a horrible brave man.*

Prendre du poil de la beſte. *Looke* Beſte.

Des paroles ils viennent au poil. *From words they fall to worke, from taunting to knocking.*

Nous prendrons ce nom au poil plus court. *we will underſtand it more ſtrictly, or in a neerer ſence; or in a ſence againſt which leaſt may be ſaid.*

Vn poil fait ombre; Pro. *The little haire a ſhadow caſts; the leaſt things have their uſe one way, or other.*

Pour vn poil Martin perdit ſon Aſne; Pro. *Look* Aſne.

En maigre poil a morſure; Pro. *Looke* Morſure.

Le Loup alla à Rome, & y laiſſa de ſon poil, & rien de ſes couſtumes; Pro. *A knave will returne a knave from the beſt place in the world, or, as under* Loup.

Poilant. *Pilling, paring, barking, taking the rind, coat, or upmoſt cruſt of.*

Poile : m. *as* Poille; *alſo, as* Poale.

Poile : f. *A Frying-pan; whence,*

Saulter de la poile, & ſe iecter dedans les braiſes. *From ill to worſe, out of the frying-pan into the fire.*

Poilé : m. ée : f. *Rewed, unevenly dyed; alſo, pilled, pared, barked, unrinded.*

Poiler. *To pill, &c. as* Peler; *alſo, to rew; to die or colour unevenly.*

Poille : m. *The ſquare Canopy thats borne over the Sacrament, or a Soveraign Prince, in ſolemne Proceſſions, or Paſſages of State; Hence alſo, a Hearſe, Hearſe-cloth, or rich cloth, layed over the Herſe of a dead perſon; alſo, a cloth ſpred, in the Church, over a new-married couple; alſo, an Vmbrello, or great weather-fan; alſo, as* Poale.

Poillu : m. uë : f. *Hairie; rugged, or rough by much haire.*

Poilon : m. *A Skellet; or, as* Poellon.

Poinçon : m. *A bodkin; a puncheon. Look* Poinſon.

Poinçonner. *as* Poinſonner.

Poinçonnet : m. *A little bodkin, or puncheon.*

Poinconneux : m. euſe : f. *Pricking, as a bodkin.*

Poinct : m. *A point; a pricke; a centre; a period, or full point; a minute, inſtant, or moment of time; a dram, jot, crum, as little as may be of anything; alſo, a ſtitch in ſowing; alſo, a Stich in the Side; alſo, the dawning, or breake of the day, twilight; alſo, the point, principall head, main propoſition, of an Argument; the ſtate, or iſſue, of a cauſe; alſo, the order, trimme, array, plight, health, eſtate, caſe, taking, one is in; alſo, the length, or meaſure of a man in his ſtirrup.*

Poinct doré. *A ſtitching up of inciſions, or wounds, with golden thread.*

Le poinct des pieds. *as* Nadair.

Le poinct vertical. *The Zenith, or point of the Firmament which is directly over our heads.*

Haut poinct. *Honneur au haut p. Honour in eminence, or of a high pitch.*

Petit poinct. Au petit poinct. *Throughly, ſoundly, cloſely.*

Deſpeſcher au petit poinct. *Look* Deſpeſcher.

Poinct à poinct. *Throughly; alſo, fitly, juſtly, decently, handſomely, in good order.*

'A poinct. *Aptly, fitly, conveniently, to purpoſe, in good time, in due ſeaſon; whence;*

Prendre ſon à poinct. *To take his fitteſt opportunity for; to make his beſt advantage of.*

Prendre quelqu'vn à ſon mal à point. *To take one unprovided.*

Venir tout à poinct. *To come in an excellent ſeaſon, in pudding time, in the nick.*

'A poinct nommé. *Pithy, ſeaſonably, at the time prefixed; juſt at the time, or at the very ſame time; alſo, expreſly, or of ſet purpoſe.*

Donner à poinct nommé. *To hit point-blanche, to ſtrike the marke he ſhoots at.*

De tout poinct. *Quite and cleane.*

En poinct. *In order, in caſe, in faſhion, in array.*

Se mettre en poinct. *To prepare himſelfe; to ſet himſelfe in a readineſſe.*

En bon poinct; ou, bien en poinct. *Handſome, faire, fat, well liking, in good taking.*

Sur le poinct que. *Ready, or about, to.*

Sur le poinct que. *Then, juſt when.*

C'eſt vn poinct qui trop me poind. *This point too neerely pricketh at me; by this prick I am over-deeply pierced.*

Ils le chauſſent à moins de poincts que. *They make his ſhot, or ſhoot, of a leſſe ſize then.*

Pour vn poinct Martin perdit ſon Aſne; Pro. (*This Martin being Abbot of a Cloiſter called Aſellus, and ſetting over the Gate thereof,* Portæ patens eſto nulli claudaris honeſto, *was deprived of his place for putting a Comma after the word* nulli.)

Tout vient à poinct qui peut attendre; Prov. *He that is patient any thing may compaſſe.*

Tout vient à poinct qui tient meſnage; Prov. *He that keeps houſe makes uſe of every thing.*

Poincte : f. *A bodkin, or nawle; alſo, a pricke, a goad; a ſting; alſo, the point of a weapon, or tole; alſo, quickneſſe, ſharpneſſe, ſubtiltie; an edge, alſo, vehemence, eagerneſſe, earneſtneſſe, the firſt (violent) brunt of things; alſo, the middle-ſized wax-candle uſed in Churches (the biggeſt being tearmed* Cierge, *and the leaſt* Bougie.)

Poinctes de houſeaux. *Spurres.*

Poincte des morceaux. La premiere p. *The firſt courſe, as Sallades, &c.*

La Poincte du nez. *The tip, or end of the noſe.*

La Poincte de l'oeil. *The ſight of the eye; or the piercing look, or caſt of a lively eye.*

La Poincte d'un rocher. *The point, or ſharp top, of a Rock.*

Chauſſes en poincte. *Look* Chauſſe.

Cul ſur poincte. *Vpſide downe, topſie turvie, top over taile.*

Chatouilleux à la poincte. *Quick at the ſpurre; that readily anſwers the ſpurre; hence alſo, tichie, that will not endure to be touched.*

Combatre à poincte, & à fendant. *To fight againſt with point, and edge, viz. in all extremity, by any hurtfull means, or way.*

Pourſuivre la poincte. *To follow his thruſt (in fencing;) to purſue his advantage;*

tage ; also, to prosecute his former designes, or courses.

Poinctée : m. ée : f. *Pointed, sharpened at the point ; also, pitched ; also, quilted.*

Rose poinctée de. *Bearded.* (Blason.)

Poincteler. *To prickle, pricke, or point often; also, to bud, or shoot out.*

Poincter. *as* Pointer.

Poinctille. *Seek* Pointille.

Poinctiller. *To prickle, or pricke often.*

Poinctu : m. ue : f. *Pointed, sharpe-toppèd ; also, keene, or sharpe at the point.*

Poindre. *To pricke, sting, nettle ; bite, vex, fret ; spurre, stirre, incite ; also, to peepe, or peer out (as a morning Sunne over the top of a hill ;) whence,*

Incontinent que le iour poindra. *By break of day.*

Geline qui poind, & ne pond pas. *Look* Pondre.

Charité oingt, & peché poind ; Prov. *Charitie comforteth, sinne afflicteth ; charitie supples the heart, sin wounds the soule.*

Oignez vilain il vous poindra ; Prov. *(Appliable to the base ingratitude of a base chuffe, or churle.)*

Qui contre esguillon recule deux fois se poind ; Prov. *He doubly hurts himselfe that kicks against a prick.*

Poinez raclé. C'est vn p. raclé. *Tis a thing resolved, or concluded on, a matter fully determined of.*

Poing : m. *The fist.*

Poing garni. *See* Garni.

Faire de son poing vn maillet. *To make hard shift ; or, to be ignorant of the right use of things ; or, sottishly to overtoyle, or take too much of, himselfe.*

Fol est qui de son poing fait coing ; Pro. *See* Coing.

Poirée : f. *A Peare tree.* ¶ Norm.

Poinson : m. *A bodkin ; also, a puncheon ; also, a stampe, marke, print, or seale ; also, a wine-vessell, containing in most places, 216 Parisien Pintes.*

Poinson d'Ay, & de Champagne. *Containeth 192 Parisien Pints.*

Poinson d'une tour. *The ball, or middle of the top, of a round Tower ; that part whereat all the rafters doe meet in point ; that part whereon a weathercocke, &c. is usually planted.*

Poinsonnade : f. *A pricke, or hole made with a bodkin ; also, a stampe, or marke set on with a puncheon, &c.*

Poinsonner. *To pricke, or pierce with a bodkin ; to stampe, or marke, with a puncheon, &c.*

Point : m. *Looke* Poinct.

Point. (*An Adverbe*) *not, no one jot, by no meanes, in no manner, not at all.*

Pointade : f. *A prick, thrust ; stitch ; or fling.*

Pointe. *as* Poincte.

Pointeler. *Seek* Poincteler.

Pointer. *To point ; or sharpen at the point ; or to goe towards the point ; also, to pierce, pricke, or sting ; also, to stitch, quilt, or counterpoint.*

Pointer vn canon. *To levell it, or bring it unto the marke.*

Pointille : f. *A pricke, or prickle ; a little nice point ; the smallest, or sleightest matter that may be.*

Pointiller. *To prickle, or pricke often ; also, to cut, quip, tax, or take exceptions unto.*

Pointu. *as* Poinctu.

Pointure : f. *A pricke ; also, a prickling, or pricking ; also, a shooting (as of paine in the bodie ;) also, the Gowt in the joynts.*

† Poipre : f. *The Purples. Looke* Pourpre.

Poiraisine : f. *Rosin.*

Poiré : m. *Perry ; drinke made of Peares.*

Poire : f. *A Peare.*

Poire d'angoisse. *A choake-peare ; or a wild soure Peare.*

Poire d'amiot. *A yellow, and hard-skind Peare, whereof excellent Perrie is made.*

Poire de beurée. *The butter Peare ; a tender, and delicate fruit.*

Poire de bon Chrestien (*Called by some the Eusebian Peare ;*) *a great, and delicate Winter Peare, somewhat resembling the bastard warden.*

Poire de campane. *as* Poire de Serteau.

Poire chat. *The Cat-peare, a holesome, sweet-smelling, and sharpe-tasting fruit.*

Poire de chevalier. *The Knight-peare.*

Poire coing. *The great Quince called, the Peare-Quince, or Quince-peare.*

Poire de conillart. *A soft and delicate kind of Peare.*

Poire dorée. *The golden peare ; is reasonable big, almost round, and the most delicate of Summer peares.*

Poire d'eau rose. *The Rose-peare.*

Poire de l'escuyer. *The Esquire-peare ; whereof excellent Perrie is made.*

Poire d'espine. *The thorne-peare ; (ripe in Autumne.)*

Poire d'estranguillon. *A Choake-peare.*

Poire de fin or. *The golden Peare.*

Poire de garde. *A Warden, or Winter Peare ; a peare which may be kept very long.*

Poire de hastiveau. *A Hasting, or hastie Peare.*

Poire laide bonne. *A certaine ill-looking, but well-tasting peare.*

Poire de livre. *The Pound-peare ; a very great peare.*

Poire à main. *A kind of great Peare which weighes almost a pound.*

Poire de mollart. *A certaine tender, and delicate peare.*

Poire musquette. *The Muske-peare.*

Poire de nostre Dame. *The Marie-peare, or our Ladies-peare ; a reasonable good fruit.*

Poire de parmain. *The Permaine-peare.*

Poire de rateau. *A certaine peare thats as big as a mans fist.*

Poire de renoult. *A certaine tender, and delicate peare.*

Poire de rosette. *A soft, and very delicate peare.*

Poire de rousseau. *Another ; whereof good Perrie may be made.*

Poires sept en gueule. *A kind of small, and soone-ripe Muske-peare.*

Poire de Serteau. *The Allablaster peare, Bell-peare, or Gourd-peare.*

Poire superbe. *The Muske-peare ; or water-peare.*

Poire à deux testes. *The two-headed peare ; a yellow, and solid peare, whereof excellent Perrie is made.*

Poire de verdelet. *The Greening ; a tender, and delicate Peare.*

Mords à poire. *The Peare-bit ; a bit whose mouth, or upset is fashioned like two Peares closed at the smaller ends.*

Il ne le menace point de poires molles. *Tis no trifle, no sleight mischiefe, no taste matter, wherewith he threatens him.*

Apres la poire le vin, ou le prestre ; Prov. *After a (cold) Peare Wine, or the Priest.*

Qui avec son seigneur mange poires il ne choisit pas des meilleures ; Pro. *He that eats Peares with his Lord picks none of the best ; (Therefore let him that will eat well eat with his equall.)*

Poire-coing. *The great Quince, called the Peare-Quince, or Quince-Peare.*

Poireau : m. *A Wart ; also, as* Porreau.

Poirée : f. *Beets. Look* Porrée.

Poirier : m. *A Peare-tree.*

Pois : m. *A Pease, or Peason ; also, as* Poids.

Pois cerre. *The great Chichling, or flat Pease ; or, the great wild Tare, called Pease everlasting.*

Pois chiches. *Cicheri, garden Ciches, Sheepes Cich Pease. Look* Chiches.

Pois cornu. *See* Cornu.

Pois de gresle. *A haile-stone.*

Pois Massiliens (l' Hippiatrique.) *Instead of,* Seseli de Marseille. *Looke* Seseli.

Pois de merveilles. *Heart-Pease, blacke Winter Cherries, Indian Hearts.*

Pois ramez. *Roumcivalls, great Pease, garden Pease, branch Peason, hastie Pease, French Pease, Roman Pease.*

Pois ramiers. *The same.*

Pois à visage. *Fasells, long Peason, Sperage Beanes, French Beanes, Romane Beans, Kidney Beanes.*

Petis pois. *Field Pease, ordinary Pease.*

Lard à pois de caresme. *The Bacon-like fish of a Porpose.*

Avaleurs de pois gris. *Good trencher-men, hungry guts, greedy whorsons ; they to whom every morsell seems good, or no morsell comes amisse.*

Esleus, & choisis comme beaux pois sur le volet. *Choice, or dainty peeces ; people curiously picked, neatly culled out ; (Ironically.)*

Il luy a fait manger des pois verds au veau. *Look* Veau.

Mon Dieu que tu fais bien le pois verreux. *Thou playest the hypocrite exceeding well.*

Apres la feste & le ieu, les pois au feu ; Prov. *When costly Feasts, and Games are ended, fond waste by thrift let be amended*

† Poisamment. *Heavily, weightily, burthensomely.*

Poisée : f. *A peising, or weighing ; or as ;*

Poisement : m. *A peising, or weighing ; also, weight, or heavinesse.*

Poisillons : m. *A kind of small Pease, or Pulse.*

Poisle : f. *A Skellet ; or Frying-pan.*

Le chauderon machure la poisle. *Seek* Machurer.

Qui a vn oeil à la poisle, l'autre au chat. *That looketh warily, or every way, about him.*

Poislé : m. ée : f. *Collowed, sincered, bleached*

bleached, begrimed with ſoot, or with the touch of a ſootie Skellet, &c.

Poiſler. *To collow, ſmut, ſmeere, bleach, begrime with the black ſide, or ſoot of a Skellet, &c.*

Poiſlier: m. *A Braſier, or Tinker; a Skellet-maker, or Frying-pan-maker.*

Poiſliers: m. *The poſts which uphold the ſcrue of a Vine-preſſe.*

Poiſlure: f. *A collowing, ſmutting, ſmeering, beſooting.*

Poiſon: m. *Poiſon.*

Poiſonneux: m. euſe: f. *Poiſonous, full of poiſon.*

Poiſſage: m. *A pitching, or bepitching.*

Poiſſard: m. *A filcher, nimmer, purloyner, pilferer; one whoſe fingers are as good as ſo many lyme-twigs.*

Poiſſard: m. arde: f. *Pitchie, bepitched.*

Poiſſé: m. ée: f. *Pitched, bepitched.*

Feux poiſſez. *Wild-fires.*

Poiſſement: m. *A pitching; or bepitching.*

Poiſſer. *To pitch, or bepitch.*

Poiſſeux: m. euſe: f. *Pitchie, full of pitch.*

Poiſſillon: m. *A tittle, or young, fiſh.*

Poiſſon: m. *A fiſh; alſo, fiſh.*

Poiſſon d'Avril. *A Mackerell; alſo, a young Bawd; a Page turned Pandar.*

Poiſſon Iuif. *The (ougly, and unluckie) Mallet fiſh; called ſo, becauſe headed like a hammer.*

Poiſſon de meſnage. *as* Belenne.

Poiſſon S. Pierre. *The Dorce; called alſo by ſome of our Fiſhermen S. Peter's fiſh.*

Poiſſon royal. *The white Cabot; a delicate fiſh.*

Poiſſon ſacré. *Look* Sacré.

Muet comme vn poiſſon. *As dumbe as a fiſh.*

Il ſe retira avec cela qu'il avoit de poiſſon prins. *He got him away with the ſhame he had gotten, or with a flea in his eare.*

La ſauce ne vaut pas mieux que le poiſſon. *The ſawce is no better then the fiſh.*

Se faire marchand de poiſſon la vieille de Paſques. *Look* Marchand.

Poiſſon, gorret, & cochin, vie en l'eau, & mort en vin; Prov. *We ſay, fiſh muſt ever ſwimme twice.*

Le poiſſon commence à ſentir touſiours par la teſte; Prov. *The head of a fiſh is ever tainted firſt.*

Les gros poiſſons mangent les petis; Prov. *Juſtly applyed to the unjuſt world, wherein the rich devour the poore, the ſtrong the weak, the mighty the meane.*

En petite riviere ne ſe prend gros poiſſon; Prov. *In poor Families, or pettie Townes, great preferment will not be had, much profit cannot be made.*

Ieune chair, & vieil poiſſon; Prov. *Old fleſh, and young fiſh (is fit for the diſh.)*

Il faut haſarder vn petit poiſſon pour prendre vn grand; Prov. *Hazard a little to gain much.*

Il ne faut apprendre aux poiſſons à nager; Prov. *Look* Nager.

L'hoſte, & le poiſſon paſsé trois iours puent; Prov. *A gueſt, and fiſh at three dayes end grow muſty.*

Qui envoye chetif à la mer n'en rapporte ne poiſſon, ne ſel; Prov. *He that ſends a knave to ſea, is ſure to loſe his venture.*

Poiſſonnerie: f. *The Fiſh-market.*

Poiſſonnet: m. *A little fiſh.*

Poiſſonneux: m. euſe: f. *Fiſhie; full of, or abounding in, fiſh.*

Poiſſonnier: m. *A Fiſh-monger.*

Il ſe fait poiſſonnier la vigile de Paſques. *Too late he undertakes that courſe, or action.*

Poiſſonnier: m. ere: f. *Fiſhie; abounding in, or belonging unto, fiſh.*

Poiſſonnniere: f. *A Fiſh-wife, or a woman that ſels fiſh; alſo, a long Pannt to ſeeth fiſh in.*

Poiſſure: f. *A pitching, or bepitching.*

Poiſteau: m. *A little bird like a Linnet.*

† Poiſtrir. *as* Peſtrir.

Poitral. *See* Poictral.

† Poitrir. *Look* Peſtrir.

Poitron: m. *The tayle, arſe, bumme; alſo, a kind of Houſe-Plumme.*

Poivre. *Pepper. Look* Poyvre.

Poivrette: f. *Gith, Nigella, Biſhops-wort, Sweet-ſavour, S. Catherins flower.*

Poix: m. *Weight. Look* Poids.

Poix: f. *Pitch.*

Poix blanche de Bourgongne. *Burgundy Pitch; as* Poix Grecque.

Poix blanche de Cordouannier. *White Shoomakers Wax.*

Poix fondue. *Tarre.*

Poix Grecque. *Greek Pitch; a light-yellow Pitch, much uſed in plaiſters.*

Poix liquide. *Tarre.*

Poix navalé. *Ship-Pitch; is ſcraped from Ships, and then mingled with wax, and Bay Salt (for Phiſicall uſes;) alſo, ordinary Pitch is by ſome called ſo.*

Poix picatoire. *A kind of Pitch compounded of Roſen and Pitch.*

Poix reſine. *Roſen.*

Poix ſeiche. *Stone Pitch, ordinary Pitch.*

Poixement: m. *A pitching, or bepitching.*

Poixer. *To pitch, to bepitch.*

Poix-reſine: f. *Roſen.*

Poizage. Droict de p. *A fee due, in ſome places, to the King for the weighing of commodities with a publique Balance, or Beame.*

Poizer. *Look* Peſer.

Pol: m. *Paule.*

Grace de S. Pol. *See* Grace.

Pierre de S. Pol. *A certaine medecinable ſtone found in a Maltean cave, wherein (they ſay) S. Paul preached; ſome alſo call the Samian earth ſo.*

Deſcouvrir S. Pierre pour couvrir S. Pol. *To build, or inrich one Church with the ruines, or revenues of another.*

Pol: m. *A Pole; the end, or point of one of the Axletrees, whereon (ſay Aſtronomers) the heavens move.*

Pol Antartique. *The Antartick, or South Pole; a ſtarre not ſeene in our Hemiſphere.*

Pol Artique. *The North Pole, the North Starre.*

Polaine. *The furniture of a piece (conſiſting of divers pieces) of timber in the prow of a Ship, called,* La Fleche; *alſo, as* Poulaine.

Polaire: com. *Of, or belonging to, the Poles.*

Eſtoille polaire. *A ſtarre which maketh the tayle of* Vrſa minor; *called ſo, becauſe it is the neereſt of all others unto the North Pole.*

Pole: f. *The Sole-fiſh called, a Dogs-tongue, or kind ſoole,*

Polemoine: m. *Spanling Poppy, frothie Poppy, white Ben; alſo, the ſhrubby Trefoile called, Make-bate.*

Poli: m. ie: f. *Poliſhed, ſmoothed, burniſhed, ſleeked; alſo, fine, trimme, neat, ſpruce, polite,*

† Polican. *Look* Pelican.

Police: f. *Policie; politick regiment, civill government; or as a French Lawyer defines it,* C'eſt le réglement de la Cité; *or as another,* C'eſt la forme, & le réglement eſtably aux choſes neceſſaires à la vie humaine; *whence;*

Droict de police. *Power to make particular Orders for the Government of all the inhabitants of a Towne, or Territory; this Power (extending chiefly unto three things, viz. ſmall commodities (as victuals, &c.) Trades, or Occupations; and ſtreets, or high wayes;) though often challenged by the officers of the King (to whom all generall policy without queſtion belongs) yet is (or ſhould be) enjoyed by every Lord in* France, *from the Chaſtelain upwards.*

Policé: m. ée: f. *Ordered, governed, ruled, adviſedly diſpoſed.*

Policer. *To order, governe, rule adviſedly, diſpoſe of wiſely.*

Policier: m. ere: f. *Belonging, or looking to, taking notice or care of, having by office, or in charge, the government, and ordering of, particular matters in a Town, or Territorie.*

Poliément. *Smoothly, ſleekly, brightly, cleanly, neatly, trimly.*

Polieul: m. *Pellamountain, or Polly, an herb.*

Poligamie: f. *Poligamy; the having of many wives, or of more then one.*

Poligarchie: f. *A Monarchie divided into ſundry parts; or ſuch a diviſion.*

Poligone: f. *A Geometricall figure that hath many corners.*

Poliment: m. *Smoothneſſe, ſleekneſſe, a gloſſe, a poliſhed luſtre.*

Poliot. *See* Pouliot.

† Polipragmon: m. *A Polipragman, medler, buſie body.*

Polipus. *Look* Polypus.

Polir. *To poliſh; to ſmooth, ſleek, burniſh, brighten, beautifie; to ſcoure, cleanſe, furbiſh, trim up, make neat, ſet a gloſſe on, give a luſtre unto.*

Poliſſable: com. *Poliſhable, burniſhable, furbiſhable.*

Poliſſement: m. *A poliſhing, burniſhing, brightning, ſmoothing, ſleeking; a furbiſhing, or trimming up.*

Poliſſeur: m. *A poliſher, burniſher, ſleeker, ſmoother; furbiſher.*

Poliſſeure: f. *as* Poliſſure.

Poliſſoir: m. *A poliſher, a poliſhers burniſhing ſtone.*

Poliſſoire: f. *The ſame.*

Poliſſure: f. *Poliſſure, burniſhment, ſmoothneſſe, ſleekneſſe, neatneſſe, cleanlineſſe; alſo, as* Poliſſement.

Poliſyllable: com. *Of many ſillables.*

Politeſſe: f. *Politeneſſe; poliſhednеſſe; ſmoothneſſe, ſleekneſſe, neatneſſe, cleanlineſſe; trimneſſe, brizkneſſe.*

Politric, *See* Polytric.
Politure. *as* Poliſſure.
Polles. *Certaine forbidden Engines, or Nets, wherewith fiſh may be caught.*
Polliſyllabe : com. *Of many ſyllables.*
Pollu: m. uë: f. *Polluted; defiled, diſtained; corrupted, diſhoneſted, violated.*
Polluer. *To pollute; ſoyle, diſtaine, defile; corrupt, violate, infect.*
Polpe : f. *The pulpe; the browne of fleſh, or fleſhie part of the body; the ſubſtance, or hard pith, of any thing.*
Polſonnets : m. *Two buttons with hookes at their ends, paſſing through the brauch, and holding the water-chayne, of a Bitt.*
Poltron : m. *A knaue, raſcall, varlet, ſcowndrell; alſo, a daſtard, coward; ſluggard, lazie-back, baſe idle fellow.*
Poltroneſque : com. *Knaviſh, raſcally, baſe-humored; cowardly, faint-hearted, cullion-like; lazie, lozelly, ſluggiſh, idle.*
Poltroneſquement. *Roguiſhly, baſely, lazily, cowardly, cullion-like.*
Poltronie : f. *Knavery, vileneſſe, baſeneſſe; cowardice, daſtardy; ſluggiſhneſſe, lazineſſe; unworthineſſe.*
Poltroniſer. *To pultronize it; to play the knave, ſcowndrell; coward; to laze, loll, or ſlug it.*
Polygamie : f. *as* Poligamie.
Polygone: m. *Knot-graſſe, Birds tongue, Swines-graſſe, S. Innocents herb.*
Polygone femelle. *Female Knot-graſſe; a water herb ſeldome found, and of leſſe vertue then;*
Polygone maſle. *Common Knot-graſſe.*
Polygone petit. *Rupturewort,* Herniaria, *Burſtwort.*
Polygraphie: f. *A divers manner of writing.*
Polymixe. *A candle having many wicks.*
Polype. *as* Polypus.
Polypeux : m. euſe: f. *That hath a* Noli me tangere *in the noſe.*
† Polyphilie : f. *Affection divided, love unto many.*
Polypode. *Polipody, Oak-Fearn, Wall-Fearn (which two laſt names belong unto two ſeverall, yet neerly-reſembling, herbs, called otherwiſe, Polipody of the Oake, and Polipody of the wall.)*
Polypus : m. *The fiſh Pourcontrell, called alſo, Many-feet.*
Polypus chancreux. *The cankerous diſeaſe of the noſe, commonly called,* Noli me tangere.
Polytric, & Polytrich. *Black* Venus *haire, true* Venus *haire, Maidens haire, our Ladies haire.*
Polytric doré. *Polytrichon, Gouldilocks, golden Maiden haire, golden Moſſe, hairy Moſſe.*
Polytric des Officines. *Wall Rue, Rue Maiden haire, white Maiden haire.*
Polytrichon, & Polytricon. *as* Polytric.
Pomardiere : f. *A Parme, or Orchard of apples.*
Pomcirade: f. *Balm gentle, herb Balm.*
Pomelée : f. *Beareſoot, Setterwort, Settergraſſe.*
Pommade : f. *Pomatum, or Pomata (an ointment;) alſo, the Pommada, a trick in vaulting.*
Pommé : m. *Cyder; drink made of apples.*
Pomme : f. *An apple.*
Pomme d'Adam. *Look* Adam.
Pomme d'amours *The raging, or mad, apple; alſo, the amorous apple, apple of Love, golden apple,*
Pomme d'anis. *A certaine delicate apple.*
Pomme Appie, ou d'Appie. *An apple thats like a Quince both in ſmell, and bigneſſe; and tearmed thus of* Appius Claudius, *who firſt brought the kind of it from* Peloponeſus *unto* Rome.
Pomme Armeniaque. *An Apricock.*
Pomme de bois, ou de boſquet. *A Crab, or Wilding; alſo, the fruit of the Arbute, or Strawberrie tree.*
Pomme de capendu. *See* Capendu.
Pomme de chien. *The Mandrake apple.*
Pomme de claguet. *A firme, juicie, faire-colaured, and taſte-pleaſing apple.*
Pomme de coing. *A* Quince.
Pomme de courpendu. *The Short-ſtart, or Short-ſhanke; an excellent apple.*
Pomme de Cuneet. *A certaine apple, whereof there be two kinds; a ſweet, and a tart one.*
Pomme de Curtin. *A very ſweet yellow apple, whereof excellent Cider is made.*
Pommes dorées. *Golden apples, amorous apples, apples of love,*
Pomm' eſpineuſe. *The thorne-apple; prickly apple, apple of* Peru.
Pomme de belle femme. *The name of a beautifull, ſappy, and luſcious apple.*
Pomme de Gay. *A ſweet apple ſomewhat bitter, and little bigger then a Wallnut.*
Pomme de Grenade. *A Pomegranet.*
Pomme d'Heroet. *A kind of yellow, and ſweet apple, whereof good Cyder may be made.*
Pomme de S. Iean. *S.* Iohns *apple; a kind of ſoone-ripe Sweeting.*
Pomme de maligre, ou malingre. *The Maligar apple; a ſowriſh fruit.*
Pomme de merveilles. *The male Balſam apple, apple of* Ieruſalem, *Balme apple.*
Pomme nonnette. *A ſmall apple thats ripe ſonner then any other.*
Pomme d'or. *The golden apple, amorous apple, apple of Love; the* Quince *hath alſo been called,* Pomme d'or.
Pomme de Paradis. *Look* Paradis.
Pomme de Peru. *The apple of* Peru; *the prickly, or thorne-apple.*
Pomme poire. *A Peare-apple; a little ruſſet apple; and (as ſome hold) a Peare-maine.*
Pomme rellet. *The name of a ſoure apple.*
Pomme de renette. *See* Renette.
Pomme de Rengelet. *A certaine yellow Sweeting.*
Pomme de rougelet. *A kind of ſoure apple.*
Pomme de rouveau. *A Redding, or Summer Goulding.*
Pomme de ſavon. *A waſhing ball.*
Pomme ſauvage. *A crab, or wilding.*
Pomme de ſenteurs. *A Pomander, or ſweet ball.*
Pomme terreſtre. *The Mandrake apple.*
Chou à pommes. *A Cabbidge.* ¶ Rab.
Pommé : m. ée. f. *Grown round, or like an apple.*
Pommeau: m. *The pommell of a ſword, &c.*
Pommeau de la jambe. *The cauſe of the leg.*
Pommeau d'une tour. *The ball of a tower, the centre, or middle of the top thereof; that part wherein the weather-ſane, or weather-cocke is planted.*
Pommelaye : f. *as* Pomelée.
Pommelé: m. ée : f. *Daple, or dapled; alſo, round, or plumpe as an apple.*
Temps Pommelé. *A curdled ſeaſon, or skie, wherein the aſſembled vapours appeare in thin, and round flakes.*
Pommelée. *as* Pomelée.
Pommeler. *To grow round, or plumpe like an apple; alſo, to daple.*
Pommelette: f. *A little apple; alſo, a Daple.*
Pommelle : f. *The pommell of a ſword, &c.*
Pommelu : m. uë : f. *Plumpe, or round, as an apple.*
Pommelure : f. *Plumpneſſe, roundneſſe; alſo, dapleneſſe.*
Pommer. *To grow round, or apple-like.*
Pommeraye : f. *An Orchard, an apple-yard.*
Pommette : f. *A little apple; alſo, the ball of the cheeke.*
La pommette du nez. *The tip, or end of the noſe.*
Piece à pommette. *A little pleaſant vowle in the mouth of a Bit.*
Pommetté : m. ée : f. Pommettie ; *(a tearme of Blaſon.)*
Pommeure : f. *Pommeture; or the being Pommetis.*
Pommeux : m. euſe : f. *Full of apples.*
Pommier : m. *An apple-tree.*
Pommier ſauvage. *A Crab tree.*
Pomon. *Look* Poulmon.
Pompe : f. *Pompe, ſtate, ſolemnity, majeſty, ſumptuouſneſſe, magnificence, oſtentation; alſo, a Pumpe.*
A pied de plomb, & de pompe. *With a ſlow, and ſtately gate; or, as under* Plomb.
Pomper. *To pumpe.*
Pompes : f. *Armour, called Pullie-peeces, for the knees; alſo, Boſſes.*
Pompette : f. *A pumple, or pimple on the noſe, or chin.*
Pompette d' imprimeur. *A Printers Pumpet-ball; the ball wherewith he beats, or layes Inke on, the Formes.*
Pompeuſement. *Pompouſly, magnificently, ſolemnly, ſumptuouſly, gorgiouſly.*
Pompeux : m. euſe : f. *Pompous, magnificent, ſtately, majeſticall; ſumptuous, gorgious, glorious.*
Pompholige : f. *Nil; the light aire, or foyle of Braſſe.*
Pompile. *A kind of Pourcontrell fiſh that ſwimmeth with her belly upwards; alſo, that kind of Tunnie which followeth ſhips while they are in the Maine, and leaves them when they draw towards the ſhore.*
Pompon : m. *A Pumpion, or Melon.*
Pompon d'hyver. *Our ordinary Winter Pumpion.*
Pompon ſucerin. *A Muske Melon.*
Pompon Turquin. *A kind of dark-green Melon.*
Pomponne : f. *The longeſt, and ſmootheſt kind of Pumpion.*
Ponant : m. *The weſt.*
Ponce, Pierre ponce. *A Pumiſe ſtone.*
Ponceau : m. *A little bridge; alſo, Corne-roſe, red Poppie, ſhadow Poppie.*
Poncel : m. *A little bridge.*
Poncer. *To ſmooth, poliſh, rub over, with a Pumiſe ſtone.*
Ponceure : f. *A ſmoothing, poliſhing, rubbing over with a Pumiſe ſtone.*

Pon-

poncille : f. *The Aſſyrian Citron ; a fruit as big as two big Lymons ; and of a very good ſmell, but of a ſaint-ſweet, or wallowiſh taſte.*

Poncire : f. *A Pome-Citron.*

Ponçon : m. *Halfe a Tunne ; or, as* Poinſon.

Ponctuel : m. elle : f. *Punctuall, diſtinct, direct, exact.*

Ponctuellement. *Punctually, diſtinctly, point after point ; directly, exactly, throughly.*

Ponderamment. *Ponderouſlie, weightily, heavily.*

Pondereux : m. euſe : f. *Ponderous, heavie, weightie, burthenſome ; maſſive, ſubſtantiall ; of great conſequence.*

Ponderoſité : f. *Ponderoſitie, or ponderouſneſſe, heavineſſe, weightineſſe, maſſiveneſſe.*

Pondre. *To lay (egges.)*

Elle y peut bien pondre, mais elle n'y couvera pas. *She may ſojourne there for a while, but ſhe ſhall not continue long.*

Geline qui poind ; & ne pond pas. *(Said of) an idle, unprofitable, barren, curſt, or ſcolding, wife.*

Il fait accroire que les lievres pondent, & font des oeufs ; *(Applyable to a moſt notorious lyer ;) Seeke* Lievre.

Pondu : m. uë : f. *Layed, as an egge.*

Ponceau : m. *A cloſe ſtoole.*

Ponent : m. *The Weſt ; alſo, the arſe, taile, bumme.*

Poneropole. *The Towne of the wicked.* ℣ Rab.

Pongneor. *as* Piqueur ; *(an old word.)*

Ponhete. *A kind of Vine.*

Ponnereſſe. Geline pon. *A laying Henne.*

Ponneuſe. *as* Ponneresſe.

pont : m. *A Bridge.*

Pont aux aſnes. C'eſt le pont aux aſnes. *(applyable when ſuch as are ignorant of the true reaſon, or cauſe of things, impute them to witchcraft, fortune, &c.) a ſhift, evaſion, helpe at a pinch, for a dunce.*

Pont aux aſnes de Logique. *The converſion of propoſitions.* ℣ Rab.

Pont de corde. *The netting, or cloſe fight, of a Ship of war.*

Pont de Gournay. *See* Gournay.

Pont levis. *A draw-bridge.*

Conſcience à pont levis. *A very large conſcience.*

Soulier à pont levis. *A ſhooe having a Polonian, or high-raiſed, heele.*

Pont volant. *The ladder of a ſhip ; the bridge, or ladder, whereby men get aboord her.*

En pont, en planche, & en riviere, vallet devant, maiſtre derriere ; Pro. *Ore waters deepe, and bridges weake or hollow, the man muſt lead the way, the maſter follow.*

Le temps renverſe les ponts ; Pro. *In time are bridges (all things) overthrowne.*

Vn fol deſſus vn pont eſt vn tambour en la riviere. *A foole on a bridge is a drumme in a river. Look* Tambour.

Pontage : m. *Bridge-worke, Bridge-making ; alſo, Pontage, or Bridge-toll.*

Pontail : m. *as* Pont volant.

Pontanage : m. *Pontage ; the toll taken for paſſage over a Bridge.*

Ponte : f. *A laying of egges.*

Ponté : m. ée : f. *Bridged ; that hath a Bridge over it, or belonging to it.*

Pontenage. *as* Pontanage.

Ponthieu. *An Earledome in* France, *called thus becauſe there be many Bridges in it.*

Pontif, & Pontife : m. *A (chiefe) Biſhop, or Prelate ; alſo, a Pontificall fellow.*

Pontifical : m. ale : f. *Pontificall, Prelate-like ; lordly, ſtately, ſumptuous.*

Pontificalement. *Pontifically, lordly, ſtately, ſumptuouſly.*

pontificat : m. *A Prelateſhip, or Prelacie ; a chiefe Biſhopricke ; the eſtate, function, or dignitie of a (chiefe) Biſhop, or Prelate.*

Pontille : f. *A pricke, or little point.*

Pontique. *Pontical, or of* Pontus, *a part of* Aſia ; *whence ;*

Noix Pontique. *The red Filberd.*

Pontis : m. *A little Bridge.*

Ponton : m. *A wherrie, or Ferrie-boat ; alſo, a Stilling, or Gauntrie for Caske to ſtand on.*

Pontonnier : m. *A Ferrie-man.*

Ponts. *The name of a Towne in* Saintonge, *called ſo of the many Bridges about it.*

Pontueux : m euſe : f. *Bridgie, full of Bridges.*

Popelin : m. *A little ſinicall darling.*

Popelins. *Soft cakes made of fine flower, kneaded with milke, ſweet butter, and yolkes of egges ; and faſhioned, and buttered, like our Welch Barrapyclids.*

Popin : m. ine : f. *Spruce, neate, bruke, trimme, fine ; quaint, nice, daintie, prettie.*

Se Popiner. *To trimme, or tricke up himſelfe.*

Popiſme : f. *The popping, or ſmacking ſound wherewith Riders, incourage, or cheriſh, their horſes.*

Poplitée. *as* Poplitique.

Poplitique. *A large vine in the middle of the thigh ; alſo, a ſinew neer to the garteringplace, and ſerving to turne the leg inwards.*

Populace : f. *The raſcall people, baſe multitude, meaner ſort of the vulgar.*

Populaire : m. *The common people, the vulgar.*

Populaire : com. *Popular ; people-favouring, people-pleaſing, people-wooing ; alſo, belonging to the people.*

Populairement. *Popularly.*

Populeon. *Popilion, or Pompillion ; an ointment made of blacke Poplar buds.*

Populeux : m. euſe : f. *Populous, full of people.*

Populo : m. *A Roll, or Liſt of the fees, or augmentation of fees, accruing to the king by the Chancerie Stale ; made, and kept monethly, by one of the 54 Secretaries, or Clarkes of that Court ; alſo, a prettie plumpe-faced, and cherrie-cheeke boy ; or a repreſentation, or picture of ſuch a one ; whereupon demanding how a mans children doe, they ſay,* Comment ſe portent vos petis populos ?

Populoſité : f. *Populoſitie, abundance of people.*

Populotier : m. *The Clerke of the Chancerie, who in his turn, is to make, and keepe the* Populo.

Popyle. *The fiſh Pourcontrell.* ℣ Rab.

Porc : m. *A Porcke, Hog, Swyne ; alſo, Porke, or Swynes fleſh ; alſo, a hard-ſkaled ſea-fiſh, reſembling the Gurnard, alſo, as* Bernadet.

Porcs de Dieu. *Biſhops, Abbots, and other Prelates, which have great, and fat Benefices.*

Porc eſpic. *A Porcupine. See* Porc-eſpi.

Porcs du Roy. *Financiers, Exchequermen.*

Du porc ſalé. *Bakon, or Lard.*

Groing de porc. *The head, or upper part of the ſhoulder-blade ; alſo, the herbe Dandelion, Prieſts Crowne, Piſſe-abed.*

Homme de porc, & de bœuf. *A clowne, boore, churle, carle ; an unmannerly, groſſe-headed, ill-nurtured blinde.*

C'eſt vn porc à l'auge. *He feeds like a Hog, or ſo exceſſively, as he is ready to burſt withall.*

S'eſcoutant parler comme vn porc qui piſſe. *(In deriſion of a ſelfe-affecting fop.) Look* Parler.

Le porc a tout bon en ſoy fors que la merde ; Prov. *(Yet is the dung of a Hog an excellent remedy for bloud-ſpitting ; but it muſt firſt be eaten, fried with ſweet butter, and ſome of the bloudy guttle.)*

Porcauſou. *Sowſed Hogs fleſh.* ℣ Rab.

Porceau : m. *A Hog, Porke, Swine. Look* Pourceau.

Porcelaine : f. *as* Pourcelaine.

Porcelet : m. *A Pig-hog, or young Hog.*

Porcelet de S. Anthoine. *A Cheſlop, or woodlowſe.*

Porcelet farci. *A Pig roaſted, or boiled with a pudding in his bellie.*

Porcelette : f. *A ſhell-fiſh, called otherwiſe* Pourcelaine ; *alſo, a kind of little Sturgeon.*

Porc-eſpi : m. *A Porcupine.*

Porc-eſpi de mer. *The ſea Porcupine ; a certaine round fiſh armed all over with prickles.*

Porche : f. *A Porch.*

Porche. *In ſtead of* Pource ; *(an old word.)*

Porchereau : m. *A ſea Hog.* ℣ Rab.

Porcherie : f. *A Hogs-ſtie.*

Porchet : m. *A ſtake, or pole.*

Porchier : m. *A Hog-heard, or Swyne-heard.*

Porchin : m. ine : f. *Of a Hog, like a Hog ; whence ;*

Taiſſon porchin. *A Hog-badger. Look* Taiſſon.

Porcille : f. *A ſea-Hog.*

Porcin : m. ine : f. *Hoggiſh, of Hogs, belonging, or like, unto Hogs.*

Beſtes porcines. *Swine, Hogs.*

Pain porcin. *The herb Sow-bread, Swines-bread, Hogs-bread.*

Porcorau : m. *The moſſe, or moſſie herb, called Liverwort.*

Pore : m. *A pore. Look* Porea.

Poreau : m. *A wart ; alſo, as* Cal ; *or any corne, or hard ſkin, comming by labour on the hands, or feet.*

Porée : f. *as* Porrée. *Bettes ; alſo, pot-herbs ; and thence alſo, pottage made of Beets, or with other herbs.*

Femme ſechereſſe ne fera ja porée eſpaiſſe ; Prov. *A lickorous houſwife ſeldome makes thicke pottage.*

On ne fait pas de rien graſſe porée ;

Prov. *Fat broth cannot be made of nothing.*

Pores : m. *Pores ; the ſmall ; and inviſible holes in the skin, through which the ſweat, and vapours paſſe out of the body.*

Poreux : m. euſe : f. *Pory, full of pores; alſo, fearefull.*

Porfil. *as* Pourfil.

Porfile : f. *The very middle, or middle line of a mans face, conſidered from top to bottome ; that part whereof a juſt diviſion may be made thereof.*

En porfile. *Side-waies ;* &, Face repreſentée en porfile. *A halfe-faced, or ſide-faced, picture.*

Porfiler. *as* Pourfiler.

Porion : m. *The wild Bulbus, wild Onion, Corne Leeke, wild Leeke, Bulbine, Star of* Bethlem.

Porosité : f. *Poroſneſſe, the being full of pores.*

Porosite z. *Pores.*

Porphire. *as* Porphyre.

Porphirion. : m. *A certaine red-beaked, and long-legd bird, which in drinking ſeemes to bite the water.*

Porphyre. *Porphirie ; a dark-red marble ſpotted with white; alſo, an Eaſt-Indian, toothleſſe, white-headed, and purple-bodied Serpent, whoſe vomit is moſt venomous.*

Porque : f. *A Sow.*

Porquet : com. *Hoggiſh ; or, Sow-like.*

Porquet : m. *A Porke, or ſhote Pig ; alſo, young Porke.*

Porquette : f. *A Pig, or young Porke.*

Porracé : m. ée : f. *Green as a Leeke ; of a Leeke ; made like a Leeke.*

Porreau : m. *A Leeke ; alſo, a Wart.*

Porreau de chien. *Dogs Leeke, wild Leeke, French Leeke, Leeke of the Vine.*

Porreau ſectil, ou tondu. *The cut Leeke, maidens Leeke, blade Leeke, unſet Leeke.*

Porreau teſtu. *The headed or knobbed Leeke, ſet Leeke, uncut Leeke.*

Porreau de vigne. *The Leeke of the Vine, Dogs Leeke, French Leeke.*

Petit porreau. *as* Porreau ſectil.

Bourſe liée avec fueilles de porreaux. *A purſe that is ready, or eaſie, to be opened.*

Porrée : f. *The herb called Beet, or Beetes ; alſo, as* Porée.

Porrée blanche. *The common white Beet.*

Porrée de chien. *as* Porreau de chien.

Porrée noire. *The black Beet ; an herb, whoſe boyled root cures all manner of itches ; and is good againſt the ſtinging of Serpents.*

Porrée de pré. *Herb Pyrola, Winter-green.*

Porrée rouge. *The herb called Blite, or Blites ; alſo, thorned Beet, Roman Beet.*

Porrette : f. *Maidens Leeke, bladed Leeke, unſet Leeke.*

Vigne porrette. *as* Porreau de chien.

Porreux : m. euſe : f. *Porie, full of pores.*

Porriere : f. *A bed of Leekes.*

Porrion. *as* Porion.

Port : m. *A Port, Haven, or Harbour for Ships ; alſo, carriage, bearing, or bringing ; alſo, cuſtome, ſtraight, or a fare payed for carriage ; alſo, the carriage, behaviour, or demeanor of a man ; alſo, his port, or ſtate ; or, the favour, or good opinion which he hath in the world.*

Maiſtre des Ports. *Look* Maiſtre.

Par port d'armes. *Violently, in hoſtile manner, by force of armes, or by maine force.*

Nul vent ne fait pour celuy qui n'a point de port deſtiné ; Prov. *No wind ſerves him that hath no certaine haven.*

Portache. *as* Procace.

Portage : m. *Portage, carriage, or a carrying ; alſo, the cuſtome, toll, fraight, fare, or fee, payed for carriage.*

Portail : m. *A Portall for a doore.*

Portant : m. ante : f. *Carrying, bearing ; alſo, wearing.*

Le fort portant le foible. *One with another, or one helping the other ; good and bad, weak and ſtrong, altogether.*

L'un portant l'autre. *The ſame.*

Portatif : m. ive : f. *Portative ; alſo, wieldy, or lively of body.*

Iardin portatif. *A fruitfull garden.*

Livre portatif. *A pocket-book.*

Portatiſſe. *Portative, portable, carriable.*

Port'-aubans : m. *Chaine-wales ; pieces of wood nailed on both the outſides of a Ship, to keep them from being worn, or galled by the Shrowdes.*

Porte : f. *A Port, or Gate ; a great, or outward, doore ; any entrance, or way to enter at ; alſo, a hautbor, or eye ; alſo, the port of a ſword-hilt.*

La porte des champs. *The back-doore, or field-doore, of a countrey houſe.*

Droict de porte. *Gate-money ; a duty payed by the ſchollers of* Paris *at their admiſſion into a College.*

Fauſſe porte. *An inner gate, or door ; alſo, a poſtern gate, or back door.*

Veine porte. *Look* Veine.

Donner de la porte ſur le nez à. *To exclude, ſhut a door againſt, or ſhut out of doors.*

Tout cela eſt frappé à la porte d'un treſpaſſé. *All that's but loſſe of time, or labour loſt.*

Hardiment heurte à la porte qui bonne nouvelle apporte ; Prov. *He that good tidings bears full boldly knocketh.*

Les derniers venus ferment les portes ; Prov. *The laſt commer latches the door, maketh all ſure.*

Trop toſt vient à la porte qui mauvaiſe nouvelle apporte ; Prov. *Too ſoon arrives he that ill tiding hath.*

Porté : m. ée : f. *Carried, borne, conveyed ; upheld, ſuſtained ; indured ; alſo, worn ; alſo, hit ; whence ;*

Ce coup n'a pas porté. *This blow hath failed, or miſſed.*

A pied tout porté, pour. *Forward, ready, on his way, to.*

Il y eſt expreſsément porté, que. *There is expreſſe mention made, or charge given, of ; thereby it is expreſly meant, or ſignified, that.*

Tout cela s'eſtoit fort bien porté, iuſques. *Was paſſing well handled, or managed ; went very well on, until.*

Porte brandons. *Fierie, flaming, light ; whence ;*

Ciel por. *The ſtarry welkin, the cleere ſkie.*

Porte-chappe : m. *A Cope-wearer ; a Prieſt, or one that by his place doth often wear a cope ; alſo, a feaſt-furniſher ; one that hires out all manner of napery and veſſell, and all other proviſion whatſoever, (except victuals) fit for the ſetting out of a feaſt.*

Porte-ciel. *Heaven-bearing, Skie-upholding ; (An Epithete for* Atlas.*)*

Porte-colle. *as* Protecole.

Portée : f. *The burthen, or fruit of a womans wombe ; the brood, or litter of a beaſt ; alſo, the breeding, bearing, or bringing forth of young ; alſo, wit, capacity, underſtanding ; alſo, the ſtate, quality, condition, or ability, of an eſtate, body, &c. alſo, power, or ability to requite ; alſo, a certaine land-meaſure comprehending 12 cords (of 30 feet to the cord) and uſed moſt in* Burgundy.

La portée d'un Arquebuſe. *The reach thereof ; or, as far as it will ſhoot ; whence ;*

Sous la portée de l'Arquebuſe. *Within Caleever ſhot.*

Cela eſt cauſe de plus grande portée. *That cauſeth a greater increaſe of fruits, &c.*

Il n'a plus de ſçavoir acquis que ce qu'il en faut pour ſa portée. *He hath got no more skill then he needs.*

Portées. *The boughes which a Deer bruiſeth, or beareth downe, with his head in traverſing of thickets.*

Courir vn cert ſur les portées. *To purſue a Deere with noſe aloft.*

Porte-eſcritoire : m. *A Notaries boy ; one that ſerves but to carry his penne and inkhorn after him.*

Port'-eſpée : f. *A Sword-bearer ; one that carries a ſword before, or after, another ; alſo, a Bawdrick, or Hanger, for a ſword.*

Porte-faix : m. *A Porter, Pedler, Burthen-bearer.*

Porte-flambeaux. Ciel port. *The ſtarry, flaming, or bright Skie.*

Porte-fleurs. *Flouriſhing, flower-bearing ; whence ;*

Element porte-fleurs. *The earth.*

Porte-fraiſe : m. *A Rebato, or ſupporter for a Ruffe ; wrought, or imbroidered, and cut into divers panes.*

Porte-guidon : m. *An Enſign-bearer unto a troop of men of Armes.*

Porte-harnois : m. *A Croſſe ; the croſſe-like Pearch whereon an Armor is uſually hanged.*

Porte-haubant. *as* Port'-aubans.

Porte-manteau : m. *A Port-mantue, Cloak-bag, Male ; alſo, the carrier of a Cloak, or a Cloak-bag-carrier.*

Porte-manteau du Roy. *The Kings Cloak-bag-bearer.*

Portement : m. *A carrying, bearing ; wearing ; ſupporting, upholding ; alſo, health, or liking.*

Porte-mors : m. *The cheek-piece, or cheek-band, of a Bridle.*

Portente : m. *A prodigious, or monſtrous thing.*

Portenteux : m. euſe : f. *Prodigious, monſtrous, marvelous, aſtoniſhing, ſtrange.*

Porte-panier : m. *A basket-carrier ; alſo, a Pedler.*

Porte-parole. *A meſſage-carrier between party and party.*

Port-peine : com. *Laborious, painfull, pains-taking.*

Porte-piece : f. *A Shoomakers Punch, or Punchion.*

Porte-poche. *A bag-bearer, pouch-bearer,*

or

or poke-bearer; he that carries the ſcrip, or wallet for a company of beggars.

Porte-poulet. *A bawd, or carrier of love-meſſages.*

Porte-queuë. *A Trayne-bearer to a Prince.*

Porter. *To carry, or bear; alſo, to wear; alſo, to breed, or bring forth; alſo, to ſuffer, abide, endure; alſo, to ſuſtaine, ſupport, uphold; alſo (at once) to vaiſe, maintaine, and put forward, a doing horſe; alſo (at Tennis) a ball to riſe.*

Se porter bien. *To be in good health.*

Se porter bien en vn affaire. *To behave, or beſtirre himſelfe well in a buſineſſe.*

Porter ſon bois. Elle porte bien ſon bois. *Look* Bois.

Porter vne chemiſe blanche à. *To give a mornings camiſado, or a cold pie for a breakfaſt, unto; to rowſe with a pox, raiſe out of bed with a vengeance.*

Porter coup. *To hit home, to attaine unto that it was directed to, or meant for.*

Porter coup à la foy. *To falſifie a promiſe, or faith given.*

Porter droict contre. *Directly to aime at, or flie againſt; to direct it ſelf, or go levell unto.*

Porter à deux eſpaules. *Inconſtantly to follow ſometimes one, ſometimes his enemy; or to be of both ſides, but true unto neither.*

Porter ſur ſes eſpaules. *Look* Eſpaule.

Porter l'eſponge ur. *To deface, blot, put out;*

Porter faux. Ce Ieu porte faux. *This Tennis-court is full of falſe bounds.*

Porter le flambeau. *Seek* Flambeau.

Porter la foy. *To do fealtie.*

Porter des fueilles au bois. *To beſtow any thing on them that need it not; or of whom (therefore) he ſhall have no thanks for it.*

Porter gré à. *To acknowledge a beholdingneſſe unto.*

Porter lour. *To be tranſparent.*

Porter la marotte de. *To be the author, or commander of.*

Porter ombre. *To give, yeeld, or caſt a ſhadow.*

Porter ſon pacquet. *See* Pacquet.

Porter la paſte au four. Il en porta la paſte au four. *He bore the blame, or burthen of it; twas he that paied, or ſmarted, for it.*

Porter vertu. *To be of an excellent nature, or propertie; to have much vertue in it.*

Ils n'en dirent plus que leurs inſtructions n'en portoyent. *They ſayed no more of it than their inſtructions gave them warrant for.*

Il n'eſt pas ſi fol qu'il en porte l'habit. *He is not ſo fond as one would take him for, as outwardly he ſeemes, or as one would thinke him to be by his outſide.*

Qui rien ne porte rien ne luy chet; Prov. *He that carries naught lets nothing fall.*

Portereau: m. *A little, or leſſe gate adjoyning unto a greater, for a Palace, or Houſe of State; alſo, a ſloud-gate, or kind of ſluice, whereby the courſe of a River is diverted into a gut, on the one ſide thereof cut out, for the turning of ſome Mill, &c. alſo, the name of a ſtreet in* Orleans.

Porte-roolle: m. *A prompter of one that makes an Oration, or acts a part, in publicke.*

Porte-ſac. *as* Porte-poche.

Porte-ſemelle. *The upper leather of a Pattin; which we now call a* Galoche, *though improperly; for the true* Galoche *(ſaies* Nicot*) hath no leather belonging to it.*

Porteſtrieux. *The plate of a ſtirrup.*

Porte-tablettes. *A Pedler; or one that carries Table bookes, &c. to ſell.*

Porteur: m. *A carrier, bearer; bringer, wearer.*

Porteurs de choeſne. *Look* Choeſne.

Porteur de Rogatons. *One that carries the Popes pardons up and downe a country; alſo, a wandring, and unlearned Preacher, who bearing about with him ſome three or foure Sermons in his pocket, and preaching them at ſeverall places, gaineth an opinion of great learning among the vulgar.*

Croyez ce porteur. *(The contents, or concluſion of a letter of credit; but uſed ſometimes in a contrary ſence for) beleeve the lier.*

Porteure d'une femme. *A womans burthen, or childbearing.*

Portier: m. *A Porter.*

Portier: m. ere: f. *Carrying, bearing; whence;* Brebis portiere. *A bearing Ewe.*

Portiere: f. *A Portereſſe, or woman Porter; alſo, the boot of a Coach, &c. alſo, a peece of Tapeſtrie, &c. hung before a doore; alſo, the female Salmon. Looke* Bortiere.

Portinal: m. *A Portall.*

Portion: f. *A portion, ſhare, part, parcell, peece, deale, rate; meaſure, quantity, proportion.*

Portioniſte: m. *A Prebend in a Cathedrall Church.*

Portionné: m. ée: f. *Apportioned, rated, ſhared; meaſured out; alſo, ſtinted, or whoſe portion is layed out, or delivered.*

Portionner. *To apportion, part, ſhare, deale, meaſure, divide, rate out.*

Portique: m. *An open Porch, Portall, or walking place before a houſe, covered over head by a roofe born up with pillars.*

Portiuncule: f. *An Indulgence obtained (as ſome report) by S. Francis, of the Virgin* Mary, *for the remiſſion of all the ſinnes of thoſe, who (en payant) came in at one, and went out at another, doore of a Church dedicated unto her in* Angiers.

Le Portoir des vignes. *The branch that beares the grapes.*

Portoire: f. *Any thing that helps to carry another thing; as a Voyder, Skap, Scuttle, wheelebarrow, &c. and particularly, a veſſell ſomewhat reſembling a baſſe Tub, wherein grapes be carried on horſebacke from a remote Vineyard.*

La portoire d'une coche. *The piece of the doore of a Coach.*

Portoſioire. *A hand-barrow; or, as* Portoire.

Portüeux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Ports; belonging unto a Haven.*

Portugaiſe: f. *A Portegue; a golden coine worth about iij l. x s. ſterl.*

Portugalle, & Portugaloiſe. *as* Portugaiſe.

Porture: f. *A carrying, bearing; wearing.*

La porture d'une brebis. *The little skin, or filme, wherein a Lambe comes wrapped out of the Ewes belly.*

Poſade: f. *A lighting down of birds; a laying down of a burthen; a breathing, reſting, or a reſting place; alſo, a ſtop made by a horſe, advancing withall his forepart twice, or thrice.*

Eſtre à la poſade. *To pawſe, to repoſe himſelfe; to be ſtill, or ſit ſtill.*

Poſe: f. *A pawſe, intermiſſion, ſtop, ceaſing, repoſe, reſting.*

Poſé: m. ée: f. *Put, ſet; layed, pight, placed, fixed, planted, ſeited, ſtated, ſituate; alſo, temperate, ſtayed, or ſetled in humor.*

Poſé le cas. *Suppoſe, allow, put the caſe.*

Poſement: m. *A puting, ſetting, pitching, placing, ſeating, ſetling, planting.*

Poſément. *Settledly, ſtayedly.*

Poſer. *To put, pitch, place; to ſeat, ſettle, plant; to ſtay, or leane on; to ſet, or lay down; alſo, a horſe to ſtop, and advance withall his fore-parts.*

Poſer du paſſement. *To lay it flat;* Le poſer à bord rond. *To lay it ſwelling, or ſo as no edge thereof can be ſeen.*

Poſition: f. *A poſition; or, as* Poſement.

Poſque: f. *A potion, or drinke made of vinegar and water.*

Poſſedé: m. ée: f. *Poſſeſſed, had, held, enjoyed, uſed, occupied.*

Poſſeder. *To poſſeſſe, have, hold, uſe, occupy, enjoy.*

Poſſeſſereſſe: f. *A poſſeſſereſſe; a woman that poſſeſſes, holds, enjoyes.*

Poſſeſſeur: m. *A poſſeſſor, holder, enjoyer, uſer, owner, of.*

Poſſeſſeur de bonne foy. *One that holds a thing by a juſt title, as he thinks.*

Poſſeſſeur de mauvaiſe foy. *A diſſeiſor, one that violently, and wilfully keeps another man from his own.*

Poſſeſſiuſe. *as* Poſſeſſereſſe.

Poſſeſſion: f. *Poſſeſſion, uſe, occupation, enjoyment of; alſo, wealth, ſubſtance, or land poſſeſſed.*

Poſſeſſoire: m. *A poſſeſſion, or thing poſſeſſed.*

Poſſeſſoire: com. *Poſſeſſorie, of poſſeſſion, by way of poſſeſſion.*

Poſſibilité: f. *Poſſibility, likelyhood.*

Poſſible: com. *Likely, poſſible, that may be.*

Faire ſon poſſible. *To do his utmoſt indeavour, to do as much as he can.*

Poſſon: m. *The quarter of a* Chopine; *a little meaſure for milke, vinigar, and vinegar, not altogether ſo big as the quarter of our pint.*

Poſte: m. *A Poſt, Carrier, ſpeedy meſſenger; alſo, a ſervant that goes up and downe about the buſineſſes of Nunnes; alſo, ovniſe-bell, or Colledg-ſervant, that is ever gadding, or jetting abroad.*

Poſte depeſche. *A great and ſwift ſhip uſed in Latin Dromas; which name is alſo, by divers Authors, given to all ſwift ſailing, and reſtleſſe ſhips, as the Houde, Bonito, Tunnie, &c.*

Poſte-

Poſte : f. *Poſt, poſting, the riding poſt; as alſo, the furniture that belongs unto poſting; alſo, a poſt, or great ſtake; alſo, a broad, and thick pale, having a pike in the bottome, and a hole in the middle for a ſhot to play through; uſed in approaches unto a breach.*

Gens de poſte. *Yeomen*, Roturiers, *nonoble vaſſalls or tennants, ignoble perſons.*

A poſte. *Expreſly, of ſet purpoſe, with premeditation, for the nonce.*

A ma poſte. *Unto my liking, after my mind, according to my humor, even as I would have it.*

Poſteau : m. *A poſte, or beame.*

Poſtelé. *as* Poupelé.

Poſter. *To poſt, ſpeed, ride poſt, make poſt haſt.*

Poſteral. *See* Poſterol.

Poſteres. *The Poſteriorums, or hinder parts.*

Poſterieur : m. eure : f. *Poſterior, hinder, latter, lag, ſucceeding; inferior.*

Poſterité : f. *Poſterity, off-ſpring; they that are to come of, or will come after, us.*

Poſterol : m. *The red ſea-Nettle; an uglie, and imperfect ſea-fiſh, not much unlike to a mans bung-hole.*

Poſtes : f. *Big haile-ſhot for Herons, Geeſe, and other ſuch great fowle.*

Poſteux : m. euſe : f. *Haſty, full of haſt, in poſt haſt.*

Poſthume : com. *Borne after a fathers death.*

Poſtidate. *A Poſt-date.*

Poſtille : f. *A poſtill, gloſſe, compendious expoſition.*

Poſtilleux : m. euſe : f. *Much uſing, or loving, to ride poſt.*

Poſtillon : m. *A Poſtillon, Guide, Poſtes boy.* Corrompu comme la feſſe d'un poſtillon. *A falſe lad; one that knowes the world throughly; one that hath drunk of many waters, run through many dangers; one that hath often paſſed the pikes.*

Poſtillonner. *To ride poſt.*

Poſtiquer. *To play the vagrant Impoſtor, wandering Jugler.*

Poſtiqueries : f. *Couſening ſleights, jugling deviſes, impoſtures, tricks of Legerdemaine.*

Poſtiqueur : m. *A wandering impoſtor, a roguing Jugler; a vagrant couſener, cheater, deceiver.*

Poſtpoſé m. ée : f. *Poſtpoſed; ſet, or left, behind; neglected, omitted.*

Poſtpoſer. *to ſet, or leave behind; to eſteeme leſſe, or make leſſe account of; to neglect in compariſon, omit in regard, of another.*

Poſtulation : f. *A demand, ſute, requeſt, ſupplication, alſo, a complaint, or expoſtulation.*

Poſtulé : m. ée : f. *Demanded, required, ſued for; alſo, admitted, elected, adopted; alſo, joyned in office, linked in company, with.*

Poſtuler. *To ſue, demand, require; alſo, to plead, or argue at the Barre; alſo, to ſue, accuſe, or complaine of.*

Poſtules : f. *Wheales, pewkes.*

Poſtuleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of wheales, or pewkes.*

Poſturable : com. *Sequeſtrable, &c. as in* Beſte miſe en poſture.

Poſture : f. *The poſture, ſetting, or ſetling of the body in, or before, any action; and hence, the word, or manner of lying or ſtanding, uſed by fencers; alſo, the place wherein a horſe carries his head, or creaſt, or the carriage of his head, or creaſt.*

Beſte miſe en poſture. *Sequeſtred; left, or beſtowed with one, who undertakes to keepe it ſafe, and to produce, or preſent it in Court whenſoever it ſhall be called for.*

Pot : m. *A pot (of what faſhion ſoever) is properly a generall name for any ſmall veſſell wherein wine, beere, water, &c. ready to be drunk is uſually put; (and yet the French apply it alſo unto ſmall veſſels, wherein other liquors, and ſometimes unliquid things, are kept;) alſo, particularly, one of a certaine ſcantling (very neer our Gallon;) for juſt 400 of them do make a* Queuë; *alſo, a round Caske, or head-peece without any creaſt.*

Pot à deux anſes. *An equivocation; a word, or matter whereof double conſtruction may be made.*

Pot à confitures. *A Comfet-box.*

Pot à l'eau. *A water-pot; and (more particularly) a Laver, or Tewer.*

Pot de Lion. *A Chafer.*

Pot à piſſer. *A Jurdan, Chamber-pot, Piſſe-pot.*

Pot à plume. *A feather-pot; an old pot whereinto the French (as we into an old tub) commonly put feathers; and hence the Proverbe,* Vieil comme vn pot à plume.

Pot pourri. *A pot porride; a Spaniſh diſh of many ſeverall meates boyled, or ſtued together.*

Pot aux roſes. *A miſterie, ſecret, hidden matter; a cloak, or cover unto many knaveries.*

Pot de la teſte. *The ſcalpe, or skull.*

Pot au vin. *The head.* ¶ Rab.

Pot de vin. *A pot-full of Wine; alſo, a reward given for good newes brought, loſt goods reſtored, a bargaine well driven, or in reſpect of any other acceptable ſervice; alſo, a portion beſtowed with a maid in marriage.*

A pot, & à feu. *At bed and boord, at meat and meale, as one of the houſe; or, as all of one houſe; and hence;*

Vivre à pot, & à feu avec. *To keepe company, have ſociety, bold correſpondency, with.*

Aller à l'entour du pot. *To uſe many circumſtances, to go about the buſh; or, by circuit of words to inſinuate that which one dares not plainely deliver.*

Ils ne font qu'un pot, & vn feu. *They live continually together.*

Deus pots au feu ſignifient feſte, & deux femmes font la tempeſte; Prov. *Two pots a feaſt preſage, two women mickle rage.*

Tel pot tel couvercle; Prov. *Such pot ſuch cover; like will to like, quoth the Divell to the Collier.*

Il n'y a rien tel qu'un vieil pot à faire la bonne ſoupe; Prov. *Looke* Vieil.

Potable : com. *Potable, drinkable.*

Potage : m. *Pottage, porridge.*

Potage de la bite. *Beet pottadge; alſo, the oyle of man; an oyle which a woman ſhould not (unlawfully) taſt of.*

Pour tout potage. *When all is done, when all comes t'all; alſo, for all purpoſes.*

C'eſt vn vilain pour tout potage. *This is a notable raſcall, a notorious villaine, a verier knave there lives not.*

Bon gaignage fait bon potage; Pro. *See* Gaignage.

De mauvaiſe viande on ne ſçait faire vn bon potage; Pro. *Ill ſtuffe will not afford good worke.*

Potagé : m. ée : f. *Made pottage, reduced into pottage.*

Potager : m. *A by-place in a country houſe, in ſtead of a Larder, for the laying up of raw, or cold meates; alſo, a porridge-bellie, or a great porridge-eater.*

Potager : m. ere. f. *Of, or belonging unto, pottage.*

Herbes potageres. *Pot-herbs.*

Vie potagere. *Life ſuſtained only by pottage.*

Vis potagere. *A ſtaire that leads unto the Larder of a country houſe.*

Potager. *To make pottage; alſo, to have in his power.*

Se potager. *To play the good husband, or give himſelfe wholly to husbandry; to apply his buſineſſe at home.*

Potagerie : f. *Herbs, or any other ſtuffe whereof pottage is made.*

Potatif. *Pot-plying, tipling ſquare.*

Pote : f. *The great ſea-Nettle; an ugly fiſh.* ¶ Provenc.

Gens de pote. *as* Gens de poſte.

Pote : com. *Clumpſe, benummed, or ſwollen, with cold.*

Poté : m. ée : f. *Plumpe, or plumme, full-round.*

Potée : f. *Braſſe, Copper, Tinne, Pewter, &c. burnt, or calcinated; alſo, a pot-full of any thing.*

Potein. *Lame, or defective in a limme, naturally.*

Potelé : m. ée : f. *Plump, full, fat, fleſhie, plumme.*

Potelée : f. *Fulneſſe, or plumpneſſe of fleſh.*

Potence : f. *A Gibbit; alſo, a Crutch for a lame man.*

Baſton de potence. *The ſtaffe whereat a Ring to be run at baiteth.*

Potencé : m. ée : f. *Like, or belonging, to a Gibbit, or Crutch; In Blaſon, potencie; or, as in;*

Champaigne potencée. *A Barre Miere.*

Croix potencée. *A croſſe Batune.*

Potentat : m. *A Potentate, great Lord, mighty Perſonage, powerfull man in a State.*

Potentiel : m. elle : f. *Strong, forcible, powerfull in operation.*

Cautere potentiel. *A potentiall Cauter; any cauſtick medicine, or compound.*

Potentille : f. *Wild-Tanſie, Silver-weed.*

Poterie : f. *A pot-market; alſo, a Potters ſhop; alſo, a place wherein pots are made; alſo, pot-making.*

Poterne : f. *A Poſterne, or poſterne gate, a back-doore to a Fort, &c.*

Potes. *A kind of ſhining fiſh made ſomewhat like a cap; it hath eight feet, and being handled any while, melts like Ice.*

Poteſtat :

Poteſtat : m. *A Poteſtat, principall Officer, chiefe Magiſtrate.*

Potie : f. *A knot in woollen cloth ; or, a rotten thread, or threads end, ready to fall from cloth.*

Potié, *as* Poupelé.

Potier : m. *A Potter, or Pot-maker.*

Potier d'eſtain. *A Pewterer.*

† Potieux : m. euſe : f. *Over-dainty, curious, queaſie-ſtomacked, nice ; alſo peeviſh, froward, wayward, pettiſh, hard to pleaſe, content with nothing that is offered, or ſet before, him.*

Potingues. *Drinking exploits.* ℣ Rab.

Potion : f. *A potion ; a Phiſicall drink, or drench.*

Potiron : m. *A Maſtroome, or Toadſtoole ; alſo, a kind of Dolphin-like fiſh.*

Potonnier. *as* Pautonnier.

Pottée : f. *A potfull of ; alſo, as* Potée.

Pottein : m. *Broken peeces of mettall, or of old veſſels, mingled one with another.*

Potrelé. *as* Porelé.

Pottin : m. *Solder of mettall ; or, as* Pottein.

Potus ; m. *Phiſicall potions.*

Pouac. *Faugh ; an Interjection uſed when any filthy thing is ſmelled, or ſayed.*

Poüacre. *A filthie ſcabbineſſe on the noſe, or about the muzzle of a Sheepe. Looke* Poacre ; *alſo, a kind of woodland fowle.*

Poüacre : com. *Snivelly, ſnotty, rotten, filthy ; one that, without reſpect of any preſence, is ever ſpitting, ſpattering, or blowing his noſe ; and hence alſo, lither, lazie, ſloathfull, idle.*

Pouallier. *as* Poallier.

Pouce. *Look* Poulce.

Poucher. *as* Pocher.

Poucinière. *Seek* Poulſinière.

Poucin : m. *A Chickin.*

Pouctau : m. *The wild Poppie, Corne-roſe, red Corn-roſe.*

Poucyrade : f. *The herb called, Banſtme.*

Poudre, & Poudroyer. *Look* Pouldre, & Pouldroyer.

Poudrier : m. *A Gunpowder-maker ; alſo, a duſt-box.*

Poveau : m. *The pan of a Cloſe-ſtoole.*

Pouëe : f. *The ridge of a bed in a Vineyard.*

Poüelle : f. *A Stove, or Hot-houſe.*

Pouër. *To mount, aſcend, go up ; or, to hale as Barge-men doe againſt wind and tide ; alſo, to pile, or heap up ; whence ;*

Pouër la vigne. *To raiſe the beds of a Vineyard into ridges.*

Pouillard : m. arde : f. *Lowſie.*

Pouille. *A part of Naples, whoſe inhabitants are held very dangerous in converſation ; whence the Proverbe ;* Compere de la Pouille couſte, & deſpouille.

Blanc de Pouille. *Ceruſe, or white Lead.*

Pouiller. *To lowſe, to pick out lice, to nait, or look into, a head for lice.*

Pouillerie : f. *Lowſineſſe ; alſo, beggery ; ſluttiſh or naſty povertie.*

Ce n'eſt que toute pouillerie. *Ther's no one good, nor faire peece ; ther's nought but traſh, in all his ſtuffe.*

Pouilles : f. *Lice.* ℣ Bourg.

Chanter, ou dire pouilles. *To raile, reproach, revile, give moſt filthy words.*

Pouilleux : m. euſe : f. *Lowſie, full of lice ; alſo, beggerly, of ſmall, or no, meanes.*

Herbe aux pouilleux. *Lice-bane, Lowſe-wort, Lowſe-powder, Staveſaker.*

Poul : m. *A lowſe ; alſo, the Nunnurder, a yellowiſh bird, and the ſmalleſt of birds.*

Poul de mer. *The ſea Lowſe ; a fiſh thats no bigger then a beane.*

Herbe aux poulx. *as* Herbe aux pouilleux.

Poulaille : f. *Poultrie ; Hennes, Chickens.*

Poulailler. *A Henne-houſe, or Henne-rooſt.*

Poulaillerie : f. *Poultry.*

Poulaillier : m. *A Poulter ; alſo, a breeder, or keeper of Poultry.*

Poulain : m. *A ſole, or colt ; alſo, the rope wherewith wine is let down into a ſeller ; a pully rope ; alſo, a botch in the groine, a Winchеſter Gooſe.*

Pied de poulain. *Fole-foot, Colts-foot, Horſe-foot, Hall-foot, (an herb.)*

Ce que poulain prend en dompture, il le maingient tant comme il dure ; Pro. *The tricks a colt getteth at his firſt backing, will while he continueth never be lacking.*

Rien ne vaut poulain s'il ne rompt ſon lien ; Prov. *The colt that breakes not his halter is not worth a halfepennie.*

Poulainant. *Foling, as a mare.*

Poulaine : f. *Whence ;* Souliers à poulaine. *Old faſhioned ſhoots, held on the feet by ſingle latchets running overthwart th'inſtap, which otherwiſe were all open ; alſo, thoſe that had a faſhion of long bookes ſticking out at th'end of their toes.*

Ventre à la poulaine. *A gulching, or huge, bellie ; a bellie as big as a tun.*

Poulainement : m. *A foling.*

Poulainer. *(A mare) to fole.*

Poulce : m. *The thumbe.*

Le poulce du pied. *The great toe.*

Poulce, & event, ou vent. *The breadth of a thumbe given between every yard, in meaſuring.*

A poulce ſuant. *The ſame.*

Les poulces à la ceincture. *Idly, ſloathfully, carelеſly.*

Mordre les poulces. *To bite his thumbes for anger.*

Poulcée : f. *An inch, or inch-meaſure ; the breadth of a thumbe.*

Poulceon : m. *The 24 part of a Chopine ; a very ſmall meaſure, ſeldome uſed except it be for the gaging of the little* Demi-ſextier, *whereof it maketh a twelfth part.*

Poulcepied : m. *The Pourcontrell, Preke, or many-footed fiſh.*

Poulcier : m. *as* Poulcée.

Pouldre : f. *Powder, duſt.*

Pouldre Agrippine. *Any meat that provokes, or enables, unto luſt.*

Pouldre blanche. *A powder compounded of Ginger, Cinnamon, and Nutmegs ; much in uſe among Cookes.*

Pouldre de duc. *A powder made of Sugar and Cinnamon, and having (ſometimes) other Aromaticall ſimples added unto them.*

Pouldre à gripper. *Any luxurious, or laſcivious meat.*

Pouldre de pouſſol. *A kind of ſand gotten at* Pouſſole, *hard by* Naples ; *and uſed in the cutting of Marbles.*

Pouldre rouge. *Precipitate, ſublimed, or calcinated Quickſilver.*

Il jettera à tous les autres la pouldre aux yeux. *He will outſtrip all his competitors, the victory will without doubt be his ; (metaphorically, from the ſwifteſt runner in a ſandy race, who to make his fellowes follow aloofe, caſteth duſt with his heeles into their envious eyes.)*

Pouldré : m. ée : f. *Powdered, beduſted.*

Pouldrement : m. *A powdering, a turning into powder.*

Pouldrer. *To powder ; duſt, or beduſt ; to make, beat, or turn into, to ſeaſon, ſprinkle, or dredge with, powder, or duſt.*

Pouldrette : f. *Fine powder, ſmall duſt.*

Temps de pouldrette. *The ſeaſon wherein a husbandman breaks the clods of his plowed land.*

Pouldreux : m. euſe : f. *Duſtie, full of duſt.*

Avoir le pieds pouldreux. *To be of a nimble or active conſtitution, a ſtraggling or wandering diſpoſition ; ſaid alſo of one who being in further debt then he hath will, or meanes, to come out of playes, for the moſt part, leaſt in ſight.*

Pouldrier : m. *A duſt-bag ; alſo, a Gunpowder maker.*

Pouldriere : f. *Duſt, or duſtineſſe.*

Pouldroyement : m. *A pulveriſing ; or powdering ; a reducing unto duſt, or into powder.*

Pouldroyer. *To pulveriſe ; to make, or turn into powder, or duſt.*

Poule : f. *A Hen.*

Poule d'eau. *A Coot, Moorehenne, Fenduck.*

Poule grieſche. *A Moorehen ; the hen of the Grice, or Mooregame.*

Poule d'Inde. *A Turkie hen.*

Poule Lombarde. *A Kentiſh hen, a great hen, a hen of the Game.*

Poule de mer. *A ſmall-mouthed, ſharp-toothed, broad-ſcaled, little-eyed, rock-fiſh ; whoſe finnes be tranſparent, and both they, and her whole body, powdred over with beautifull, and ſundry-coloured ſpots.*

La poule, & les poulſins. *The ſeven ſtarres.*

Cul de poule. *The tops of the fingers, and thumbe joyned, or cloſed together ; alſo, a hard ſwelling on th'edge of a Fiſtula.*

Docte annicheur de poules. *An excellent Cot-queane.*

Courir la poule. *To forrage, ranſack, or rob country houſes ; (from the cuſtome of ravening ſouldiers, who leave not a hen where they come.)*

Faire la poule. *To play the coward.*

Faire de ſes oeufs poules. *Look* Oeuf.

Jamais mauvaiſe poule ne le couva. *He is of a gentle, or gentlemanly humour ; he hath not one jot of ill breeding in him.*

De poules, & de pauvreté on en eſt bien toſt engé ; Pro. *Pulleine, and poverty are quickly increaſed.*

Le regnard eſt pris laſche les poules ; Pro. *Look* Regnard.

Le regnard preſche aux poules ; Prov. *(Sayed when a notable Impoſter talkes unto, or treats with, ſilly and ignorant people.)*

Par trop trotter la poule, & la femme ſe perdent facilement ; Prov.

women, and bennes, that gad ouermuch, are quickly loſt.

Qui fuit les poules apprend à grater la terre; Prov. *He that followes a benne ſoone learnes to ſcrape; imitation is, moſt commonly, too good a School-miſtreſſe.*

Tel perd l'appareil d'vne poule à faute d'achepter pour vn liard d'eſpices; Pro. *Some by the ſparing of a little coſt, bereaue themſelues of daintie ſod, and roſt.*

Poulemart: m. *A weapon like a Hanger.*

A fil de poulemart. *With the edge, or dint of the ſword.*

Poulener. *as* Poulainer.

Poulenne. *See* Poulaine.

Poulet: m. *A Chicken; alſo, a loue-letter, or loue meſſage.*

Veau mal cuict, & poulets cruds, font les cimitieres boſſus; Prov. *Raw veale, and Chickens, make ſwelling Churchyards.*

Poulette ſ. *A Pullet, or young benne.*

Poulie: ſ. *A pullie.*

Poulier: m. *A Poulter; alſo, a brood-houſe, benne-houſe, or benne-rooſt; alſo, as* Bicoque.

Poulinement: m. *A foling.*

Pouliner. *A mare to fole, or bring forth a coult.*

Poulion: m. *A little pullie.*

Pouliot: m. *Pennyroyall, Pulial royall, pudding-graſſe, Lurkdiſh.*

Pouliot de Iardin. *Garden Pennyroyall, upright pennyroyall.*

Pouliot de montaigne. *Puliall mountaine, herbe Maſtick, Horſe-time.*

Pouliot ſauuage. *Wild Pennyroyall, Corne-mint, Corne-calamint, ſtinking Calamint.*

Poullailler: m. *A Poulter, or keeper of pullaine; alſo, as* Poulailler.

Poullarde: ſ. *The Sea-benne; a fiſh. Look* Poule de mer.

Poullart. bled poul. *S.* Peters *corne.*

Poullaze: ſ. *The Indian Raven.*

Poulle: ſ. *Seeke* Poule.

Poullé. Bled poullé. *The wall Barlie, called S.* Peters *corne.*

Poullier. *as* Poulier.

Poullion: m. *A little pullie.*

Poulmelée: ſ. *Wild, or baſtard, blacke Hellebore, called ordinarily, Beares-foot, Setterwort, and Settergraſſe, and by ſome alſo, Lung-wort.*

Poulmon: m. *The lights, or lungs.*

Poulmon de mer. *A certaine round, ſhungie, and tranſparent exceſſence, or creature of the ſea, which ſwimming aboue water is the ſigne of an approaching ſtorme, and taken out of the water ſeemes dead; but cut into many peece, they will ſtirre for two or three dayes after.*

Herbe aux poulmons. *The herbe called Sage of* Bethlem, *Sage of* Ieruſalem, *ſpotted Comfrey, and by ſome alſo, Lungwort; alſo, the moſſe called Lungwort; alſo, ſea Lungwort, Oyſter-greene.*

Batre à tout poulmon. *To pant exceedingly, to be almoſt out of breath.*

Il ne ſçait ſur quelle ſueille de poulmon reſpirer. *He knowes not whither to addreſſe himſelfe, or how to behaue himſelfe; he knowes not what in the world to doe.*

Souffler à tous poulmons. *To blow with might and maine, or with all the force he hath.*

Poulmonnie: ſ. *The cough, or any infirmitie of the lungs.*

Poulpe: m. *as* Poupe: m. *alſo, the Pourcontrell, Preke, or many-footed fiſh.*

Poulpe muſqué. *A kind thereof, whoſe head yeelds a ſtrong muskie ſauour, and is therefore much hunted after by Lampreyes.*

Poulpe: f. *Pulpe; or as* Polpe.

Poulpelé. *Leeke* Poupelé.

Poulpeux: m. euſe: f. *Pulpie, or full of pulpe; fleſhie, brawnie, pithie.*

Poulpie: f. *The herbe Purſlane.*

Poulpied: m. *The ſame.*

Poulpitre: m. *A Lecterne, (high) Deske, or Pulpit; alſo, a Preſſe for bookes to ſtand in; alſo, a Stage, or part of a Theater wherein Players act; alſo, a roome for Muſicians in the upper part of a Stage; alſo, a threſhold, or ground-ſill; or as* Marche-pied.

Poulpre. *as* Pourpe.

Pouls: m. *The pulſe; the beating, or motion of an Arterie; or the Arterie ſo beating.*

Mettre au pouls failli. *To giue a period unto his pulſes beating; to bring to the laſt gaſpe, or unto the gates of death.*

Pouſſe: m. & f. *Looke* Pouſſe: m. & f.

Pouſſé: m. ée: f. *Puſhed, thruſt, juſtled, joulted; inforced, compelled, violently put on; alſo, driuen, or beaten in; alſo, turned, and wine, &c.*

Le jeu de dames pouſſées. *Draughts.*

Bien pouſſé longuement chancelle; Pro. *He that is puſhed ſoundly, ſtaggers long; men after blowes, or loſſes great, are long ere they recouer.*

Pouſſe-ouant: m. *Any thing that thruſts another forward; and (more particularly) an ouerſeer, and forwarder of a worke that requires haſte.*

Ieu de pouſſe-avant. *Lecherie.*

Pouſſée: f. *as* Poulcée; *alſo, as* Pouſſement; *or as* Pouſſée.

Pouſſement: m. *A puſhing, thruſting; joulting, violent putting on; or driving, or beating in.*

Pouſſer. *To puſh, thruſt; inforce, compell, or violently put on, or drive, or beat in, or on; alſo, to juſtle, or joult; alſo, to turne, or be troubled, as wine, &c. by joulting, &c.*

Pouſſe pouſſe. *(Words of incouragement) forward forward, on on.*

Pouſſer du coude. *Proudly, to ſhoulder, or elbow every one thats next him; or to attempt the diſplacing, or diſappointing of others.*

Pouſſer a toute haleine. *Seek* Haleine.

Pouſſer de ſa reſte. *Deſperately to ſet his whole reſt, or aduenture all; reſolutely to imploy his beſt meanes, or vtmoſt indeuour.*

Pouſſer à la rouë. *To further, or helpe forward, by all meanes poſſible.*

Pouſſer le temps à l'eſpaule. *To uſe delayes; alſo, to drive off, or paſſe away the time vainely; or as he may; or he knowes not, or cares not, how.*

Vn clou ſert à pouſſer l'autre; Prov. *One nayle ſerues to drive out another.*

Poulſier. & Poulſiere. *as* Pouſſier, & Pouſſiere.

Poulſif: m. iue: f. *Purſie, ſhort-winded, breathing with difficultie; alſo, broken-winded.*

Poulſin: m. *A Chicken.*

La poule, & les poulſins. *as under* Poule.

Poulſiner. *To hatch, breed, or bring forth chickens.*

Poulſiniere: f. *The ſeuen ſtarres.*

Poultis: m. *A little gate, or doore, which ordinarily, accompanies a great one before, or belonging to, a draw-bridge, &c.*

Poultre: m. *A fole, or horſe-coult.*

Poultre: f. *A fillie, or mare-coult; alſo, a beame; and (generally) any peece of timber, thats about a foot, or a foot and a halfe, ſquare.*

Poulx. *as* Pouls.

Poumon. *Seeke* Poulmon.

Poupart: m. *An infant, or young child; alſo, a meacock, or milke-ſop; a tender ſot that lookes to be alwayes fed with pap.*

Poupe: m. *as* Poulpe: m. *alſo, the cankerous, and painefull diſeaſe of the noſe, called* Noli me tangere.

Poupe: f. *The teat of a woman; as alſo, the dug of a rauenous beaſt; alſo, as* Polpe; *alſo, as* Pouppe.

Poupes de chenilles. *Bunches, or cluſters of Catterpillers.*

Poupeau: m. *A little teat, or dug.*

Poupée: f. *A babie; a puppet, or bable; alſo, the flax of a diſtaffe; or a diſtaffe full of flax, &c.*

Enter en poupée. *To lodge a graffe within a ſlit made into the top of a ſtocke, and withall to hood it, as in* Enter en poupine. *Looke* Poupine.

Poupelé: m. ée: f. *Pithie, brawnie, ſtrong, full of pulp; alſo, plumpe, fleſhie, round, fat, well-fed.*

Poupelin: m. *as* Popelin; *alſo, as* Poupon.

Poupetier: m. *A babe-maker, or puppet-maker.*

Poupette: f. *A little babie; puppet, bable.*

Poupier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, the poope of a ſhip.*

Vent poupier. *A full, or whole wind, at ſea.*

Poupillons: m. *Little teats, or dugs.*

Poupin: m. ine: f. *as* Popin.

Poupine: f. *as* Pompon.

Poupine. *whence,* Enter en p. *as* Enter en poupée. *And to giue it a hood, or couering of ſtraw.*

Poupinement. *Neatly, ſpruce, ſtraky, quaintly, daintily.*

Pouple. *A Poplar tree. Seeke* Peuple.

Poupon: m. *An infant, ſuckling, young babie; alſo, as* Pompon.

Pouppe: f. *The poope (or hinder part) of a ſhip.*

Poupe de filace. *A diſtaffe-full of flax.*

Os de la pouppe. *Look* Os.

Avoir vent en pouppe *To proceed with full ſayles; to haue proſperous, or ſpeedie ſucceſſe in all affaires.*

Pouppée. *as* Poupée.

Pouppet. *To dandle, feiddle, cocker, cheriſh much.*

Pour. (*In compoſition, giuing a word the greater energie*) *ſignifies, for, as, as for; on, upon;*

upon; becauſe, conſidering, in reſpect of; as good, or as much as; in ſtead, in lieu, or in defence, of; (ſometimes) alſo, againſt; whence;

Tous ces charmes ſe trouverent inutiles pour luy.

Pour eſtre. *By being*; *becauſe it is.*

Pour le plus. *At the moſt.*

Pour vous encore à ſolz. (*in bargaining*) *Ile have but two ſhilling more of you*; *or, you ſhall have it for two ſhillings more.*

Cette façon eſtoit nouvelle pour luy. *Was new unto him.*

Pourbondir. *To bound, leap, or jumpe over*; *alſo, to manage, or prannce a horſe*; *to make him leap, or bound.*

Pourbouiller. *To parboile throughly.*

Pource: m. *The game called otherwiſe* Triquetrac.

Pource. *Becauſe, for that cauſe, therefore.*

Pourceau: m. *A porke, ſwine, hog.*

Pourceau de mer. *A Sea-hog*; *a fiſh that ſomething reſembles the land hog, and loves to wallow in mud, as the other in mire.*

Champignon de pourceau. *The hogs Muſhrome, or ſwines Muſhrome*; *the white, or yellowiſh Muſhrome thats good (if any) to be eaten.*

Fenouil de pourceau. *Hogs Fennell, ſow Fennell, Sulpherwort, Brimſtonwort.*

Pain de pourceau. *Hogs-bread, ſwines-bread, ſow-bread.*

Queuë de pourceau. *as* Fenouil de pourceau; *and called alſo (as it) Horeſtrong, and Horeſtrange.*

Vin de pourceau. *Look* Vin.

Gras comme vn pourceau. *As fat as a (ſtrank-fed) hog.*

Semer des roſes aux pourceaux. *To throw pearle before ſwine*; *to beſtow, or caſt away excellent things, upon filthie, ſottiſh, and unworthy people.*

Pourceau gras rompt ſa ſoute: Prov. *The well-fed hog breaks ope his ſtie.*

On ne doit pas à gras pourceau le cul oindre: Prov. *we ſhould not greaſe a fat hog in the taile.*

Reliques ſont bien perduës entre pieds de pourceaux: Prov. *Pretious things, in unworthy hands, are quickly loſt*: (*Others may interpret it otherwiſe.*)

Si truye forfaict les pourceaux le ſouffrent: Prov. *Pigs come to lugs for ſcathe done by the ſow.*

Pourcelaine: f. *The Purple-fiſh*; *alſo, the ſea-Snayle, or Venus ſhell*; (*a ſhell-fiſh made ſomewhat like a horne*;) *alſo, the herb Purſlane*; *whence*;

Pourcelaine cultivée. *Garden Purſlane*; *tame Purſlane.*

Pourcelaine de mer. *Sea Purſlane.*

Pourcelet: m. *A young, or ſmall hog, a pig-hog. See* Porcelet.

Pourchaille: f. *The herb Purſlane.*

Pourchas: m. *Eager purſuit, earneſt chace after*; *diligent ſolicitation, or vehement following, of a matter.*

Pourchaſſer. *Eagerly to purſue, follow, proſecute, ſolicite*; *inſtantly to ſeek, purchaſe, procure, compaſſe.*

Qui plus deſpend qu'il ne pourchaſſe, il ne luy faut point de beſace, Prov. *He that ſpends more then he gets, needs, not a bag, (but a bable.)*

Povre: com. *Poor, needy, bare, beggerly, penurious*; *defective, ſcantie, wanting, lacking, having but little*; *alſo, wretched, miſerable, unfortunate, unhappy.*

A povre coeur petit ſouhait: Prov. *An humble heart breeds homely wiſhes.*

A povres gens menue monnoye: Prov. *Small money ſatisfies, or ſerves, the needy.*

Au povre vn oeuf vaut vn boeuf: Prov. *An egge's as much to a poor man as an Oxe.*

Enfans ſont richeſſes de povres gens: Prov. *Look* Enfans.

Il eſt povre qui de Dieu eſt hay: Pro. *Wretched is he who is abhord of God.*

Il eſt bien povre qui ne voit goutte: Prov. *He that ſees nothing's poor enough.*

Il n'eſt ſi grand deſpit que de povre orgueilleux: Prov. *The ſpight of a proud begger is unmatchable.*

Il n'eſt orgueil que de povre enrichi: Prov. *The inriched beggers pride's without compare.*

La vache du riche velle ſouvent, celle de povre avorte: Prov. *Look* Riche.

Le loup emporte le veau du povre: Prov. *Poore men are eaſily oppreſſed, uſually preyed on.*

Qui ſçauroit les avantures il ne ſeroit iamais povre: Prov. (*we ſay*) *if a man knew when it would raine, he would make hay in faire weather.*

Tant de povres ne ſont pas bons à vn huis: Prov. *Many beggers at one doore hinder themſelves, and trouble others.*

Povrement. *Poorly, needily, barely, beggerly*; *miſerably, wretchedly*; *ſimply.*

Povret: m. ette: f. *A wretch, poore ſoule, poor ſnake*; *or ſomewhat poore, not too rich, not troubled with abundance, or ſuperfluitie*; *that hath but from hand to mouth.*

Povreté: f. *Poverty, penury, beggery, bareneſſe, need, neceſſity, want.*

De graſſe cuiſine povreté s'avoiſine: Prov. *Poverty gets her a houſe neere prodigality*; *a fat kitchin, and a leane purſe grow quickly neighbours.*

De poules, & de povreté on en eſt bien toſt engé: Prov. *Look* Poule.

En grande povreté n'y a pas grande loyaulté: Prov. *In great poverty there's no great loyalty.*

Si jeuneſſe ſçavoit, & vieilleſſe pouvoit, iamais povreté n'auroit: Prov. *If age had ſtrength, and youth experience, none could for want alledge one juſt pretence.*

Pourfendre. *To cleave through.*

Pourfendu: m. uë: f. *Cleft through.*

Pourfier. *To affirme boldly, aſſure confidently, maintaine, or ſtand in, peremptorily.*

Pourfil d'un homme. *A mans feature, proportion, ſhape, outward lineaments*; *or moſt properly, the very middle, or middle line of his face.*

Le pourfil d'une pierre precieuſe. *The ſurface, or ſuperficies thereof.*

En pourfil. *Sideways*; *whence*; viſage en pourfil. *as under* Porfile.

Pourfiler d'or. *To purfle, tinſell, or overcaſt with gold thread, &c.*

Pourfileure, & Pourfilure: f. *Purfling*; *a purfling lace, or worke*; *baudkin-work*; *tinſelling.*

Pourfit. *See* Profit.

Pourfiterolle: f. *A cake baked under hot imbers. Look* Profiterolle.

Pourjeſt. *Look* Project.

Pourjecter. *as* Projecter.

Pourmenade: f. *A walke.*

Pourmené. *Walked.*

Pourmenée: f. *A walk, or walking.*

Pourmenement: m. *A walking.*

Pourmener. *To walke, to ſtirre up and downe.*

Ie le pourmeneray. *I will courſe him, or keep him ſtirring*; *I will find him worke, or bring him trouble, enough.*

Pourmeneur: m. *A walker.*

Pourmeneuſe: f. *A woman that walkes.*

Pourmenoir: m. *A walke, or walking place.*

Pourneant. *In vaine, for nothing, to no purpoſe.*

Pourparlé: m. *as* Pourparler: m.

Pourparlement: m. *A treating*; *a conferring, or talking about the compounding of a difference, or concluding of a bargaine.*

Pourparler: m. *A treatie*; *conference, talk, or ſpeech had about an agreement to be made, or thing to be done.*

Pourparler. *To treat, conferre, commune, or talke about matters to be accorded, or concluded.*

Pourpe: m. *The fiſh Pourcontrell, Preke, or Manyfeet.*

Pourpens: m. *Great thought, care, ſtudy*; *ſerious cogitation.*

Pourpenſé: m. ée: f. *Throughly conſidered, ſeriouſly thought of, exactly digeſted, revolved, perpended, examined.*

Pourpenſer. *To bethink himſelfe*; *throughly to think, or conſider of*; *ſeriouſly to weigh, perpend, or digeſt, in the thoughts*; *exactly to recount, caſt, examine, revolve, in the mind.*

Qui bien veut parler bien doit pourpenſer: Prov. *Seek* Parler.

Pourpied: ou Poupier. *The herb Purſlane.*

Pourplanté: m. ée: f. *Planted throughout, ſet all over.*

Pourplantement: m. *A planting, or ſetting all over.*

Pourplanter. *To plant, or ſet, all over, throughout, every where.*

Pourpoint: m. *A dublet.*

Pourpoint d'eſcaille. *A Corſlet made of plates reſembling ſcales.*

Courir les champs en pourpoint. *To play the madman.*

Doubler le moule du pourpoint. *To feed exceſſively.*

Il y laiſſa le moule du pourpoint. *See* Moule.

Mis en pourpoint. *Turned into his dublet, made not worth a groat*; *robb'd or deprived of, diſpoyled or ſtript out of, all he hath.*

Pourpointerie: f. *A Dublet-makers ſhop*; *Dublet-makers row, the ſtreet wherein Dublet-makers dwell.*

Pourpointier: m. *A Dublet-maker.*

Pourpre: m. *Purple, purple colour*; *alſo, the Purple ſhell-fiſh*; *alſo, as* Pourpe; *alſo, the Purples, or a peſtilent Ague which raiſes on the body certain red, or purple ſpots*; *alſo, the Tokens*; *the blew ſpots appearing on a body that's mortally infected with, or dead of, the Plague.*

Le pourpre au ſoc, mort d'egal poix balance : Prov. *Death kils, or makes, alike, the rich, and poore.*

Pourpré : m. ée : f. *Of Purple, attired in purple.*

Pourprendre. *To poſſeſſe wholly, to contain on every ſide or every way, to hold, or take up all.*

Pourprins : m. inſe : f. *Fully held, wholly contained, poſſeſt on every ſide, or every way.*

Pourprinſe : f. *as* Pourpris.

Pourpris : m. *A cloſe, or incloſure ; or one incloſure of divers roomes, or cloſes ; the whole circuit, compaſſe, or continent of a ground, houſe, or place, conſiſting of many ſeverall parcells, roomes, or pieces within one incloſure ; whence ;*

Le pourpris d'un manoir. *Comprehends all the out-roomes, Courts, Gardens, Orchards, Parke, Wood, or Warren, lying round about, or neere unto, it ; and being within one hedge, ditch, pale, or wall.*

Pourquerre. *To ſearch, or ſeek hard after ; to ſolicite, or ſue hard for ; to procure, purchaſe, compaſſe, by all wayes, or meanes.*

Pourquines : f. *A kind of ſmall blacke figs.*

Pourquis : m. iſe : f. *Searched, or ſought for throughly, ſued hard for.*

Pourquoy ? *why ? wherefore ? whereof, or for what cauſe ?*

Dire pourquoy. *To yield a reaſon, or ſhew a cauſe, for.*

Pourreau. *as* Porreau.

Pourri : m. ie : f. *Rotten, putrified ; corrupted ; tainted.*

Pot pourri. *Look* Pot.

Le plus grand eſt le premier pourri ; Prov. *The greateſt man's the ſooneſt rotten ; (perhaps becauſe the much eaſe, and ill diet, whereto he gave himſelfe, had filled his body with corruption.)*

Pierre en puis n'eſt pas pourrie ; Prov. *Look under* Pierre.

Pourrir. *To rot, putrifie ; corrupt.*

Pourris : m. *A ſuppuration ; a rotting ; a turning out of blood into healing.*

Pourriſſable : com. *Soone rotting, likely to grow rotten.*

Pourriſſeur : m. *A rotter ; and, particularly, the ſpotted, broad-headed, ſmall-necked, ſharp-mouthed, and ſhort-tailed Serpent, Seps ; no bigger then a little viper ; and called thus, becauſe whatſoever part of the body is ſtung by her preſently rots.*

pourriſſure. *as* Pourriture.

pourriture : f. *Rottenneſſe, putrifaction, corruption.*

Pourſaillir. *To leape out of, to bound over.*

Pourſemé : m. ée : f. *Sowed throughout, or all over.*

Pourſemé de rougeolle. *Full of, ſpotted or powdered all over with, the Meaſells.*

Pourſemer. *To ſow throughout, or all over.*

Pourſuir. *as* Pourſuivre.

Pourſuitte : f. *Purſuit, proſecution, earneſt following, eager chaſe after ; alſo, a ſute, or proceeding, in Law.*

Pourſuivable : com. *Purſuable.*

Pourſuivant : m. *A purſuer, ſuitor, ſuer ; the follower of a cauſe ; alſo, a Woer ; (In ancient time a Maſter of Requeſts was alſo tearmed ſo.)*

Pourſuivant d'armes. *A Herauld extraordinary, or young Herauld, a Batcheler in the Art of Herauldrie ; one that's like to be choſen when a place fals.*

Pourſuivant : m. ante : f. *Purſuing, proſecuting, following, chaſing after ; ſuing for.*

Pourſuivi : m. ie : f. *Purſued ; followed, or chaſed hard ; ſued, proſecuted, perſecuted.*

Sans eſtre pourſuivi le meſchant prend la fuite ; Prov. *The wicked flies though no man follow him.*

Pourſuivir. *To follow ; alſo, to walke, or wander from countrey to countrey ; (an old word.)*

Pourſuivre. *To purſue, proſecute ; perſecute, eagerly to follow, or chaſe ; earneſtly to proceed in, or goe on with.*

Pourſuivre à cor, & à cry. *To follow hard, or hatefully ; to purſue with all extremity ; to make hue and crie after.*

Pourſuivre ſa poincte. *To follow his thruſt, Look* Poincte.

Pourſuyr. *as* Pourſuivir ; *or* Pourſuivre ; *(an old word.)*

Pourſuyvant, Pourſuyvi, & Pourſuyvre. *as* Pourſuivant, &c.

Pourtant. *Notwithſtanding, yet for all that, howſoever.*

Pourtant que. *Foraſmuch as, becauſe that, ſeeing that.*

Pourtoir. *as* Portoir.

Pourtraict : m. *A pourtrait, image, picture, counterfeit, or draught of.*

Pourtraicture : f. *A pourtraiture ; or as* Pourtraict.

Pourtraire. *To pourtray, draw, delineate, paint, counterfeit.*

Il pourtrait fort bien à ſon pere. *He is very like his father, he reſembles his father very neere.*

Pourvende : f. *A Prebendrie, the place of a Prebend ; (an old word.)*

Pourveoir. *Look* Prouvoir.

Pourveu : m. *A patent, gift, grant ; alſo, a Patentee, or one thats provided (by Patent, &c.) of a Biſhoprick, or Benefice.*

Pourveu : m. uë : f. *Privileged, &c. as* Prouveu.

Pourveu que. *So that, on condition that.*

Pourvoy : m. *A proviſion, help, remedy. (v. m.)*

Pourvoyance : f. *Providence, forecaſt, foreſight.*

Pourvoyant. *as* Prouvoyant.

Pourvoyeur : m. *A providor, or purveyor.*

Pourvoyeuſe : f. *A providereſſe, or purveyereſſe.*

Pouſade : f. *as* Poſade.

Pouſſade : f. *A puſh, thruſt ; juſtle, joult.*

Pouſſe : m. *as* Pouſſade ; *whence ;*

De plein pouſſe. *At once, at one puſh, thruſt, or effort ; wholly, all at one time, all together.*

Pouſſe : f. *Short wind, puiſneſſe ; alſo, the hinder part of a ſowes bellie, or that part whereon her hinder teats are.*

Pouſſe de bled. *The chaffe of corne.*

Pouſſé : m. ée. f. *Look* Pouſſé.

Pouſſe-avant. *as* Pouſſe-avant.

Pouſſée : f. *A puſh, or thruſt forward ; a putting, or violent wringing, in ; alſo, a joult, or juſtle ; alſo, as* Poulcée.

Pouſſement : m. *Look* Pouſſement.

Pouſſepied : m. *The fiſh Pourcontrell, Preke, or Mauſſet.*

Pouſſer. *To puſh, or thruſt, &c. as* Pouſſer ; *alſo, to breath, or fetch wind.*

Pouſſet de bronze. *The ſcaly duſt that fals from braſſe after it hath been molted, or much heated.*

Pouſſier : m. *as* Pouſſiere.

Pouſſiere : f. *Thick duſt, or duſtineſſe.*

Qui ſe laiſſe jecter de la pouſſiere dans les yeux. *Look* Iecter.

D'un ſac à charbon ne peut ſortir que de la pouſſiere noire ; Prov. *Look not for ought but coale-duſt from coale-ſacks ; the infected heart muſt unſound ſtuffe belch out.*

Pouſſif : m. iue : f. *Purſie, ſhort-winded ; alſo, broken-winded.*

Pouſſoir : m. *An impulſary Inſtrument, uſed by Chirurgians, for the forcing through of a forked arrow head : This Inſtrument is of two kinds ; one hollow, tearmed,* Pouſſoir femelle ; *the other maſſive, tearmed,* Pouſſoir maſle, ou ſourd.

Pouſſol. Pouldre de Pouſſol. *Set* Pouldre.

Pouſſouër : m. *The iron pinne wherewith Joyners drive out woodden pegs.*

Pouſtaignade : f. *A brood, neaſt, or laying of egges ; as many as a beaſt uſes to ſet on at once.* ¶ Langued.

Pouſteau : m. *as* Poſteau.

Pouſtelé. *as* Poupelé.

Poutie, & Poutieux. *Look* Potie, & Potieux.

Poutraiges : m. *Beames ; poſtes.*

Poutre : f. *A beame ; alſo, a fillie, or young mare.*

Poutre dentelée. *A harrow.*

Pouvoir : m. *Power, ſtrength, ability, might, force.*

Le pouvoir de la verge. *The Liberty, or Precinct wherein a Sergeant may diſtraine, or ariveſt.*

Pouvoir. *To may, or can ; to be able ; to have power, force, might, ſtrength.*

Ie n'en puis mais. *I cannot help it, I cannot doe withall, I am no cauſe of it, it is not long of me.*

Il n'en peut plus. *He hath ſhot his fric, ſpent his powder, done the worſt or moſt he can.*

Ainſi va qui mieux ne peut ; Prov. *He muſt doe thus who can no better doe.*

Contre fortune nul ne peut ; Prov. *Look* Fortune.

Qui mieux ne peut à ſa vieille retourne ; Prov. *When all is done home's homely.*

Qui quand il peut ne veut, quand il veut il ne peut ; Prov. *He that will not when he may, when he would he ſhall have nay.*

Tel fait le mieux qu'il peut qui ne fait choſe qui vaille ; Prov. *Some though they doe their beſt doe nothing well.*

Poux. *The pulſe. Look* Pouls.

Pouy. (*An Interjection of loathing ;) fie.*

Pouyr. Tout n'y ſçauroit pouyr. *All cannot goe into, all cannot be held or contained in, it.* ¶ Pariſien.

Pouzaranque. *A certaine inſtrument wherwith water is drawne out of garden wells.*

Poy. *as* Peu ; *Little ; (an old word.)*

Poyle : f. *A ſtone.*

Poytois. *as* Putois.

Poyv-

Poyvrade : f. *A ſeaſoning with, or ſauce made of, Pepper.*

Poyvre : m. *Pepper.*

Poyvre aquatique. *Culerage, Arſe-ſmart, water Pepper, or water Pepperwort ; (an herb.)*

Poyvre blanc. *White Pepper ; like the black in all things but colour, and commonneſſe (for there comes not much of it hither ;) Th'Eaſt Indians uſe it inſtead of Salt. See* Poyvre verd.

Poyvre d'Eſpagne. *as* Poyvre d'Inde.

Poyvre Ethiopic. *The husked, or codded Pepper, called in ſhops* Amomum, & Vita longa.

Poyvre Indic, ou d'Inde. *Indian Pepper, Guinnie Pepper, Calecut Pepper, a little, flat, and yellowiſh ſeed.*

Poyvre long. *Long Pepper ; a blackiſh, and Catkin-faſhioned fruit, conſiſting of many graines cloſe thruſt together.*

Poyvre de montaigne. *Pepper of the Mount ; the black, and hot-taſting berry, or grain, of the ſhrub* Mezereon, *or Spurge-flax.*

Poyvre verd. *as* Poyvre blanc ; *Some report that the ordinary Pepper-berry gathered while tis green, and, unripe, remaines ever white, and is that which we call white Pepper ; yet* Gerard *ſeemes to allow it a peculiar plant.*

Poyvré : m. ée : f. *Peppered ; ſeaſoned with Pepper, alſo, taſting like Pepper.*

Herbe poyvrée. *Dittander, Dittany, Pepperwort.*

Poyvrer. *To pepper ; to ſeaſon with Pepper.*

Poyvrette. *as* Poivrette ; *Herb Gith, ſome alſo call ſo, the Guinnie Pepper plant.*

Poyvrier : m. *The Pepper plant.*

Practic : m. ique : f. *Practicall, practiſing.*

Practicien : m. *A practiſer, or practicioner in Law ; a Pleader, Counſellor, Advocate, Atturney, or Proctor, allowed.*

Practique : f. *Practiſe, experience ; the forme, ſtile, courſe of pleading, or of proceeding, in the Law,*

Practiqué : m. ée : f. *Practiſed, experimented, exerciſed, uſed, put in uſe ; dealt with, medled in ; alſo, frequented, much haunted ; alſo (in Architecture) contrived.*

Practiquer. *To practiſe, exercise, uſe, or put in ure ; to deale with, or meddle in ; to beſtow, or imploy himſelfe in ; alſo, to frequent, or haunt much ; and (in Architecture) to contrive.*

Practiquer argent ſur. *To raiſe, or make mony of.*

Pragmaticien. *aunciently, as* Practicien, *at this day.*

Pragmatique Sanction. *Look* Sanction.

Pragmatizer. *To practiſe, argue, plead ; ſolicite.*

Praguerie : f. *(The name of) a meeting at* Clermont *between* Charles *the ſeventh, and his ſonne the* Dolphin, *who, together with others his ſubjects, had rebelled againſt him ; Hence, any ſuch league, faction, or joint rebellion of ſubjects againſt their Soveraigne.*

Prain. *Full-bagd, full-bellied, great with young ; (a word applied onely to ſome kind of beaſts.)*

A l'agneler verra on leſquelles ſont prains ; Prov. *Look* Agneler.

Prairier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, a meadow, or meadow ground,*

Sergent prairier. *A meadow keeper ; an Officer that looks unto meadowes, and watches the hay growing in them.*

Prairie : f. *A meadow, or meadow ground.*

Pranchette : f. *A womans ſtirrup, or the plate ſhe hath under her foot as ſhe rides.*

Prangeler. *Cattell to chaw their cud in the afternoone.* ¶ Norm.

Praquerie. *as* Praguerie.

† Prat. *as* Pré ; *A meadow.*

Pratique. *as* Practique ; *alſo, a little lace.* ¶ Bleſien.

Prattique, & Prattiquer. *See* Practique, & Practiquer.

Pré : m. *A meadow ; a mead.*

La faulx paye les prez ; Pro. *The Sithe gives meades their due.*

Toutesfois fut le pré tondu ; Prov. *Yet was the medow mowen. Seek* Toutesfois.

Preage. *Medowage ; or, a freedome to put cattell into other mens medowes ; whence ;* Droict de preage. *Look under* Droict.

Prealable : com. *Former, forerunning, before-going ; firſt to be done, diſcuſſed, or thought of ; which ought to proceed, or fore-go the reſt.*

Au prealable. *as* Prealablement.

Au prealable de. *After the rate of.*

Pour un peralable. *Firſt and foremoſt ; for a beginning, or firſt worke, before ought elſe be done, or talked of.*

Plealablement. *Firſt, formoſt, firſt and formoſt, formerly, before all things, ere ought elſe be diſcuſſed, or done.*

Preallable, & Preallablement. *as* Prealable, & Prealablement.

Preallegué : m. ée : f. *Before alleged.*

Preambule : m. *A Preamble, Preface, Prologue.*

Preau : m. *A little medow ; and (more particularly) a pleaſant green, green cloſe, or medow, lying neer a houſe, and ſerving as well for a walke, as for other uſes ; alſo, a ſmooth green ſeat under an arbor.*

Preaux. *The name of a certaine white, ſmall, and ſweet apple.*

Prebende : f. *A Prebendry.*

Prebender en vn tripot. *To handy at Tennis.*

Prebſtre. *Look* Preſtre.

Precaire, par prec. *as* Precairement.

Precairement. *By intreaty, requeſt, or deſire ; alſo, at another mans will and pleaſure ; or, onely for a while.*

Precaution : f. *A precaution ; a foreſeeing, bewaring, or providing for before hand ; alſo, a premonition, or warning ; alſo, the preventing of a diſeaſe before it come, or the curing of it at firſt coming.*

Precedé : m. ée : f. *Preceded ; outſtriped, gone or gotten before.*

Precedemment. *Precedently, formerly.*

Precedence : f. *Precedence, or precedency ; a foregoing, place before another.*

Precedent. *Precedent, foregoing, outpaſſing, outſtripping, in ranke before another.*

Preceder. *To precede, ſurmount, ſurpaſſe, excell, go before.*

Precellence : f. *Precellency, an excelling, exceeding, ſurmounting, ſurpaſſing.*

Precellet. *To excell, exceed, ſurmount, ſurpaſs.*

Precepte : m. *A precept, commandement ; lore, document, leſſon, inſtruction, warning, admonition, adviſement.*

Precepteur : m. *A Teacher, Inſtructor, Tutor, Maſter, Governour.*

† Preception. *as* Precepte.

† Preceptorizer. *To teach, inſtruct, tutorize it ; govern.*

Preceptrice. *Teaching, Inſtructing, Diſcoſing, admoniſhing.*

Preceſſeur : m. *A foregoer ; or, as* Predeceſſeur.

Prechanter. *To preclaime it ; to ſing before the reſt ; or, to begin a ſong.*

Precieux. *Look* Pretieux.

Precipitamment. *Headlong, all on a head, or with the head before, haſtily, raſhly, unadviſedly.*

Precipitation : f. *Precipitation ; headlong raſhneſſe, deſperate haſtineſſe.*

Precipité : m. *Precipitate ; the red, poiſonous, or corroding powder of burned Quickſilver.*

Precipite : m. *A dangerous cliffe, a ſteepe and unſteady place to goe on ; a ſteepe downefall, a downe-right pitch, or fall.*

Precipité : m. ée : f. *Precipitated, caſt headlong ; alſo, raſhheady, unadviſed.*

Argent vif precipité. *Reduced into Precipitate, burnt into red powder.*

Precipiter. *To precipitate ; to throw, tumble, hurle, or caſt downe, headlong ; alſo, to deal raſhly, proceed haſtily, go unadviſedly to work.*

Precipiteux : m. euſe : f. *Headlong, foole-hardy, inconſiderate, harebraind, furious, violent, unadviſed, haſty, raſh.*

Preciput : m. *Right of birth-elderſhip, the privilege belonging to the eldeſt.*

Precis : m. iſe : f. *Strict, preciſe, curious, exact.*

Preciſément. *Preciſely, ſtrictly, exactly, curiouſly.*

Preclare : com. *Moſt goodly, right noble, very ſingular, paſſing, excellent.*

Preclosture : f. *A cloſe, or incloſed ground, lying before a manſion houſe ; or as* Pourpris ; *all the ground lying about a houſe.*

Precogiter. *To precogitate, premeditate, think of beforehand.*

Precognition : f. *A precognition, foreknowledge, prenotion, or former notice, of.*

Precognoiſſance : f. *The ſame.*

Precognoiſtre. *To foreknow ; know beforehand, get former notice, have a foreknowledge of.*

Precounter. *To abate, or defaulke part of a ſum due upon a former reckoning.*

Precordial : m. ale : f. *Belonging to the midriſe ; near to, or about, the heart.*

Precordiaux : m. *The midriſſe ; alſo, the heartſtrings, or filme of the heart ; alſo, the parts which be near, or about, the heart ; alſo, the ſides of the belly under the ribs ; and ſometimes alſo the whole numbles.*

Predeceſſeur : m. *A prédeceſſor, auncestor, forefather ; one that hath gone, or been, before us.*

Predeſtination : f. *Predeſtination, fore-appointment.*

Predeſtiné : m. ée : f. *Predeſtined, predeſtinated ; ordained, or appointed beforehand, unto.*

Predeſtinée fatale. *Fatall deſtiny ; th'unalterable deſtination, ordinance, decree, providence, or purpoſe of God.*

Predial : m. ale : f. *Conſiſting of, growing in, belonging unto, medowes.*

Predicant. *as* Predicateur ; *or a meane Preacher.*

Predicateur : m. *A Preacher, Teacher, Sermon-maker ; a reporter, publisher ; denouncer of things to come.*

Predication : f. *A Sermon, Preaching ; publique declaration, or denunciation.*

Prediction : f. *A prediction, foretelling, presaging, foresaying.*

Predire. *To foretell, foresay, presage, divine, prophesie.*

Prediſeur : m. *A foreteller, presager, divine, prophesier.*

Predivination : f. *Divination, presaging, foregbessing, foreseeing.*

Prediviner. *To divine, presage, foresee, foreknow, ghesse at beforehand.*

Préé: f. *A medow.*

Préeminence : f. *Preheminence, prerogative.*

Préer. *To make medow, lay to medow, turne into medowes.*

Préeſlu : m. uë : f. *Preelected, fore-chosen.*

Preface : f. *A Preface, Preamble, Prologue, fore-speech.*

Prefect : m. *A Prefect, President, Principall, or principall Officer.*

Preferable : com. *Preferrable ; fit to be esteemed, or advanced, before others.*

Preference : f. *Preferment, advancement ; account before, place above, others.*

Preferer. *To preferre, like better, esteeme above, place before, make more account of.*

Prefigé : m. ée : f. *Prefixed ; fastned, set, or stuck before ; appointed beforehand.*

Prefiger. *To prefix ; to fasten, set, or sticke before ; also, to appoint beforehand.*

Prefini : m. ie : f. *Determined, appointed, limited beforehand.*

Prefinir. *To determine, appoint, limit beforehand.*

Prefire. *To prefix ; to limit, assigne, prescribe, appoint, beforehand.*

Prefix. *Prefixed ; limited, assigned, prescribed, appointed beforehand.*

Prefixion : f. *A prefixion ; fore-appointment, prescription.*

Pregnamment. *Pregnantly ; pithily, forcibly, strongly, lively.*

Pregnant : m. ante : f. *Pregnant, pithie, ripe, lively, forcible, strong.*

Raiſons pregnantes. *Plaine, apparent, important, or pressing reasons.*

‡ Preguſte : com. *A Taster, or Foretaller ; one that takes the essay of meats.*

† Prehaſter. *To precipitate ; to hasten extremely, or over-much.*

Preignant. *as* Pregnant.

Preigne : f. *Bagd, full, with young, with child.*

Preignement. *as* Pregnamment.

Preigneur : f. *A being full-bagd, great with child, or with young.*

Preïr. *To make Medowing of ; to turne into Medow.*

Prejudice : m. *A prejudice ; a (future) dammage, hurt, hinderance ; also, as* Prejugé.

Prejudiciable : com. *Prejudiciall, dammageous, hurtfull, hindering.*

Prejudicier. *To prejudice, hurt, harme, hinder.*

Prejugé : m. *A prejudication, or forejudgement.*

Prejugé : m. ée : f. *Prejudicated, forejudged.*

Prejugement : m. *A fore-judgement, or former judgement ; a case ruled in Law ; a prejudication, or hurt done to a cause by a Precedent.*

Prejuger. *To prejudicate, prejudge, or forejudge ; to rule, or direct the opinion of Judges by a former judgement.*

Prelater. *To carry himselfe gravely, portly, pompously, magnificently ; to strout, or square it like a Prelate.*

Prelat : m. *A Prelate.*

Table de Prelat. *A bountifull, or well-furnished board.*

Il iure comme vn Prelat. *(A Huguenots comparison.)*

Prelation : f. *Preferment before others in purchasing.*

Prelature : f. *A Prelature, or Prelateship.*

Prele : f. *Small Horse-taile, Tadpipes, naked Shave-grasse.*

Prelingant : m. *A boasting asse, proud coxcombe, stately gull.*

Prélude : m. *A Preludium, preface, preamble ; a flourish before the matter ; and in Musick, voluntary before a lesson, &c.*

Prematurité : f. *Prematurity ; hasty ripenesse, quick ripening, forward or timely growth.*

Premeditation : f. *Premeditation, forethought, or forethinking.*

Premedité : m. ée : f. *Premeditated, forethought of.*

Premediter. *To premeditate, foretbinke of, or thinke of beforehand.*

Prémeſſe. *Look* Preſmeſſe.

Premices : m. *The first fruits of.*

Premie : m. *A recompence, guerdon, reward.*

Premier : m. ere : f. *Prime, first, formost ; principall, chiefe, best.*

Il n'eſt que les premieres amours ; Prov. *The first love is the fastest, or faithfullest ; no lov's like to the first.*

Premier. (Adverb.) *First, at first, the first time ; also, before, or above, others.*

Premier que. *Rather then, before, or ere, that.*

Au premier. *First and formost ; in or at the beginning.*

Tout premier. *First and formost ; or, at the very first.*

Qui premier arrive au moulin, le premier doit mouldre ; Prov. *He that first comes must first be served.*

Qui premier prend ne s'en repent ; Prov. *Hee that takes first his bast repents not.*

Premierement. *First ; first and formost ; with the first, at the very beginning.*

Tout Premierement. *At the very first, before all other things.*

Premiſe : f. *A foreplacing, a setting before.*

Premonſtré. freres de la prem. *An Order of Friers which weare white habites.*

Premonſtré : m. ée : f. *Premonstrated, portended, foreshewed, told, or pointed at beforehand.*

Premourant : m. ante : f. *Dying first, or before another.*

Prenant : m. ante : f. *Taking ; putting ; apprehending ; seising ; accepting, receiving ; imbracing ; undertaking ; holding, adhering unto.*

Tenir par prenant. *Look* Part-prenant.

Prendre. *To take ; seise, catch, apprehend, snatch at ; receive, accept of ; imbrace, undertake ; also, to cleave, stick, adhere, hold fast unto ; also, to put, or put on.*

Prendre barre ſur. *To have the advantage, or start of ; to be beforehand with.*

Prendre de bec l'vn l'autre. *To be at it, by the chaps, or with bitter words.*

Prendre bien. Il leur print bien que. *It was well for them, or they had good fortune, that.*

Prendre vn boeuf par les cornes. *Look* Boeuf, *or* Corne.

Prendre le bonnet. *To passe Master of Art.*

Prendre au bric. *To take at advantage ; or, to wrest a hasty word unto a confession.*

Prendre le cas. pren le cas que. *Admit, suppose, allow me you, that.*

Prendre la Caſtille pour autruy. *To undertake another mans quarrell.*

Prendre chair. *To battle, get flesh, grow fat.*

Prendre la chevre. *To take in dudgeon, or snuffe ; to take the pet, or pepper in the nose.*

Prendre la clef des champs. *To gain, or take liberty, give it selfe roome, flie or get out.*

Prendre concluoſins. *as under* Conclusion.

Prendre le dueil. *To put on mourning apparell.*

Prendre expedition. *To renew a cause hanging, or suspended, in a Court ; to bring, or procure a Revivor with an especiall request, or clause, for speedy dispatch.*

Prendre le frein aux dents. *To resist Authority, as a stubborne jade his rider ; obstinately to proceed against all advise.*

Prendre de gallico. *See* Gallico.

Prendre la garice. *To flie, run away, slip or take into a lucking hole.*

Prendre de hergne. *A tree to be bred, or grow up, of a sucker.*

Prendre vn homme ras par les cheveux. *Cruelly to exact, or foolishly to expect, from a man more then he is able to yeeld.*

Prendre honneur d'un eſcholier. *To get credit, win reputation, by a Scholler.*

Prendre iour pour faire. *To assigne, appoint, or set downe a day for the doing of.*

Prendre langue. *To gaine, or search for, intelligence ; to inquire, or learne, how the world goeth.*

Prendre langue entr'eux. *To commune, or conferre together.*

Prendre lettres. *Is (at a certain Cardplay) to take leave to give over an undertaken game.*

Prendre le lievre au Tabourin. *See* Lievre.

Prendre les lions par les jubes. *To act great matters, and greatly hazard himselfe in the acting.*

Prendre la Lune à belles dents. *To performe impossibilities.*

Prendre la main. *Look* Main.

Prendre Mars pour Marthe ; *And*, prendre Martin pour regnard. *To mistake (things that are somewhat alike) one for another.*

Prendre du pain beniſt de S. Cy. *To swill up store of liquor ; and sometimes (more generally) to drink wine.*

Prendre Paris pour Corbeil. *Foolishly to*

to miſtake moſt unlike things, one for another; or greedily to take (in ſeeming to miſtake) a greater for a leſſe, thing.

Prendre parti. *To deliberate, pauſe, adviſe, or bethinke himſelfe, of.*

Prendre à partie. *To ſue, implead, or call in queſtion; to bend, ſet, or expoſe himſelfe againſt.*

Prendre à ſes perils. Ie le prens à mes perils. *At my perill be it; if it ſucceed not well I am content to beare the blame, or feele the ſmart, of it.*

Prendre à perte de finance. *To take up money on great intereſt, for the payment of a debt for which leſſe is due; Or, to take up commodities at a high rate, and (for the making of preſent money) ſell them againe dog cheap.*

Prendre pied à. *To reckon, or eſteeme, of; build, or ground upon; heed, or give credit unto; alſo, to be aggrieved, or diſcontented at; or take exceptions unto.*

Prendre au pied levé. *To ſnap at, or take ſhort, in words; to trip on a ſudden, or at unawares; to worke on all advantages, or make the worſt of things.*

Prendre ſon à poinct. *Look à poinct, under* Poinct.

Prendre vn rat par la queuë. *To eat a purſe.*

Prendre à ſa riſque. Ie le prens à ma riſque. *At my perill, with my danger be it.*

Prendre d'un ſac deux mouſtures. *Look* Mouſture.

Prendre ſon ſel. *To ſwill, quaffe, carroſe; to take in his lading, or his liquor to the full.*

Prendre à ſoy. *To aſſume, or attribute unto himſelfe.*

Prendre terre. *To goe forward, vid ground; get on apace; alſo, to land, or get aſhore.*

Prendre le vent. *To goe up the wind, to make that way which the wind comes; alſo, to wind, or follow by the wind, ſent, or ſmell.*

Prendre ſans verd. *To ſurpriſe, take napping, or at unawares.*

Se prendre à. *To brawle, quarrell, fall out, fight, or contend, with.*

Se prendre à, de. *To accuſe, blame, lay the fault, caſt the imputation of, upon.*

Se prendre de bon biais. Il ne s'y print pas de bon biais. *He tooke not a right courſe in the matter.*

Se prendre au nez. *To acknowledge a fault, &c. Looke* Nez.

Se prendre au bout du nez. Vous vous pourrez prendre au bout du nez. *You may take your ſelfe by the noſe end; viz. you are of the number, you are as guiltie, faultie, or farre in, as the reſt.*

Ie n'en prendrois pas 10 eſcus. *I would not take ten Crownes for it; alſo, I am as glad of it as if one had given me 10 Crownes.*

Il luy en prend comme à. *It fareth, or falleth out, with him as with; (The like is;)*

Il n'en prend pas de ces. *It fareth; or is, not with theſe.*

Il n'y prend ne n'y met. *It is not his, or for him, his part is leaſt in it, he hath nothing to doe with it; alſo, he deales not in, or meddles not with, it.*

La pluye le prendra. *He will be well whiſked, his cap will be ſet.*

C'eſt folie de ſe prendre aux femmes, & aux beſtes; Pro. *Tis a madneſſe to meddle with women, and beaſts.*

Qui a apprins à prendre ſçait tard que c'eſt de rendre; Pro. *The more cunning, and forward one is to take, the more unapt, and backward he is to reſtore; or, they that are apt to take are unwilling to reſtore.*

Qui d'autruy prend ſubject ſe rend; Prov. *He that receives a favour ſells his liberty.*

Qui par tout va par tout prend; Pro. *He that goes through, gaines through by; or, he that goeth every way getteth every way.*

Qui premier prend ne s'en repent; Prov. *He that takes firſt hath the beſt; or (being a chuſer) cannot repent him that he had it not.*

Qui peu ſeme peu prend; Pro. *He that ſowes little reapes little.*

Vieil oiſeau ne ſe prend à reths; Pro. *The old bird is not (eaſily) intrapped.*

Preneur: m. *A taker; catcher, ſeiſer, apprehender; a receiver, accepter; undertaker, imbracer of.*

Preneur de pigeons. *A cheater, couſener, cunnicatcher.*

Prenoncé: m. ée: f. *Foreſhewed, foretold, or declared beforehand.*

Prenoncer. *To foreſhew, foretell; denounce, or declare beforehand.*

Prent. *as* Prent.

Prenus. Et vbi prenus? *And where will you take, or find them?* ¶ Rab.

Preoccupation: f. *A preoccupation, anticipation, prevention; an over-reaching.*

Preoccupé: m. ée: f. *Preoccupated, anticipated, foreſtalled, prevented, or taken by prevention; (and hence) over-raught.*

Preoccuper. *To preoccupate, anticipate, foreſtall, prevent, or take by prevention; and thence to over-reach.*

Preordonné: m. ée: f. *Preordinated, fore-ordained.*

Preordonner. *To preordinate, or fore-ordaine; to determine, enact, appoint, or ſet downe before-hand.*

Preparatif: m. *A preparative, or preparation.*

Preparation: f. *A preparation, or fore-proviſion; a preparing; a making or ſetting of things in a readineſſe.*

Preparatoire: m. *A preparatorie.*

Preparé: m. ée: f. *Prepared, made ready; provided, or ordered beforehand.*

Preparement: m. *A preparing, or providing.*

Preparer. *To prepare; provide; order, dight, make readie for.*

† Prepatour: m. *A vineyard, or vine-cloſe for the beſt, or choiceſt plants.*

Preplantement: m. *A foreplanting, or former ſetting.*

Preposer. *To preferre; to put, or ſet before.*

Prepoſition: f. *A prepoſition (in Grammer;) alſo, a putting, or ſetting before.*

Prepoſtere: com. *Prepoſterous, unorderly, wrong, overthwart, altogether from the purpoſe.*

Prepoſterer. *To place, or ſet prepoſterouſly; to diſorder, or turne arſeverſe; to put the cart before the horſe.*

Prepuce: m. *The foreskin, or skin that covereth the head of the yard.*

Prerogative: f. *A prerogative, priviledge, prehemince, great advantage.*

Prés. *Neere, by, neere by, faſt by, hard by, neer upon, nigh unto, well nigh, or as it were touching.*

Au peu prés. *Well-neer, almoſt, in a manner, within a little, or wanting but very little.*

Au plus prés. *As neer as poſſibly can be.*

Eſtre au prés. *To be preſent, neere, cloſe by, at hand.*

Nous ſommes touſiours à vn denier prés. *There is never but a penie winning or loſing betweene us.*

Preſage: m. *A preſage, divining, fore-gheſſing, fore-ſhewing; a notice, token, or argument of things to come.*

Preſager. *as* Preſagier.

Preſagiant: m. ante: f. *Preſaging, divining fore-gheſſing, foreſhewing, betokening future things.*

Preſagier. *To preſage, divine, fore-gheſſe, foreſhew, foretell, to prophecie of things to come.*

Preſagieux. *as* Preſagiant; *or full of preſages.*

Presbiteral: m. ale: f. *Presbiterall, Prieſtlie, belonging to a Prieſt.*

Presbitere: m. *A Parſonage, Vicarage, or Prieſts houſe.*

Presbtre. *A Prieſt. Look* Preſtre.

Preſche: f. *A Sermon, Lecture; Preaching.*

Preſché: m. ée: f. *Preached; alſo, preached unto, inſtructed, exhorted.*

I'y ay preſché ſept ans pour vn careſme. *I know it well, or I am well known there.*

Il eſt tout preſché qui n'a cure de bien faire; Pro. *He's told enough that meanis not to do well; or, too much he is preached to that cares not to be ſaved.*

Preſchement: m. *A preaching; inſtructing, exhorting, perſwading.*

Preſcher. *To preach, to teach, inſtruct; exhort, perſwade.*

Le regnard preſche aux poules. *We ſay the Fox preaches, beware your Geeſe.*

Preſcheur: m. *A Preacher.*

De Preſcheur qui ſe recommande en tout temps bon heur nous defende; Prov. *From Preachers who themſelves commend, God, and good fortune us defend.*

Preſcience: f. *A preſcience, or fore-knowledge.*

Preſtript: m. ipte: f. *Preſcribed, limited, ordained, appointed; alſo, out of date, or, ſo old, as it can hardly be renewed; whence;*

Vn procez peri, & preſcript. *A ſuit which hath lien ſo long in the decke, or hung ſo long by the wall, as it is growne paſt following.*

Preſcription: f. *A preſcription; a long poſſeſſion, or continuance in poſſeſſion; the courſe or uſe of a thing for a long time; alſo; a limitation, appointment, rule, or law.*

Preſcrire. *To preſcribe; to limit; aſſigne; appoint, ordaine.*

Les procez par eſcrit receus en la Court ne ſe preſcrivent point. *May at any time*

be

be revived, are never out of date, or out-worne.

Preſeance : f. *Precedence, or precedencie ; a firſt, or former place, ranke, ſeat ; a ſetting, or going, before others.*

Preſence : f. *Preſence ; The aſpect, ſight, or countenance.*

En la preſence de. *Before, before the face, or eyes ; in the very eye of, be himſelfe, &c. being by.*

Droict de preſence. *Look under* Droict.

Preſent : m. *A preſent, gift, offer.*

Preſent : m. ente : f. *Preſent, ready ; in ſight, in view ; at hand, hard by ; in preſence, in his own perſon.*

A tous preſens, & à venir. *To all that are and ſhall be ; to all alive and like to be.*

Par ces preſentes. *By theſe preſents, or preſent letters ;* Par la preſente. *By th'inſtant.*

Par le preſent. *Now, for this time, at this ſeaſon.*

Preſentation : f. *A preſentation ; a preſenting, ſhewing, repreſenting, ſetting forth.*

Les preſentations. *Th'introductions, or inrollments of bills, or of acts, in a Court before pleading.*

La preſentation noſtre Dame. *A holy-day kept by the Church of* Rome *on the* 21 *of November.*

Preſenté : m. ée : f. *Preſented, repreſented ; ſhewed, offered unto view ; alſo, offered.*

Preſentement. *Preſently, quickly, anon, at an inſtant, at hand, readily, ſpeedily, ſuddenly.*

Preſenter. *To preſent ; repreſent ; ſhew, bring into preſence, offer unto view ; alſo, to offer.*

Il craint ce coup de telle façon qu'il ne s'y preſente pas. *He never offers to ſtop it, or make a ſtroke at it.*

Preſentiment : m. *A providence, or fore-feeling ; a perceiving, or underſtanding of a thing before hand.*

Preſervatif : m. *A preſervative, defenſive, counterpoiſon, antidote.*

Preſervatif : m. iue : f. *Preſervative, preſerving.*

Preſervé : m. ée : f. *Preſerved, kept, ſaved, ſhielded, defended.*

Preſerver. *To preſerve, ſave, keep ; defend, ſhield.*

Preſidence : f. *A Preſidency ; the place, or Office of a Preſident.*

Preſident : m. *A Preſident ; a Judge in a Court of Parliament, or high Court.*

Le premier Preſident. *The Lord chiefe Juſtice of one of thoſe Courts.*

Preſider. *To preſide ; govern, rule, ſway, command over, ſit in judgement on.*

Preſidial : m. ale : f. *Preſidiall ; belonging to a Preſident, or to a Preſidiall Court.*

Sieges preſidiaux. *Seats, or Courts of Juſtice (eſtabliſhed about the yeare* 1551 *in divers good townes of* France) *wherin civill cauſes not (exceeding* 250 l. Tour. *in money, or* 10 l. Tour. *in rent) are heard, and adjudged, Soveraignly, and without Appeales, or by proviſion notwithſtanding Appeales.*

Preſidialement. *Preſidially ; within preſidiall juriſdiction, or compaſſe.*

Preſidialité : f. *The Juriſdiction of a Preſidiall Court.*

Preſidiaux : m. *The Offices of a Preſidiall Seat, or Court.*

Preſignifié : m. ée : f. *Foreſhewed, foretold, ſignified beforehand.*

Preſle. *as* Prele.

† Preſme : m. *A near, or next, kinſman by father and mother, or in a direct line.*

Preſme d'Eſmeraude. *A baſe, or courſe Emerauld ; whereof there be divers kinds, ſome tranſparent, as the green Jaſper ; others of a thick, or troubled mallow colour.*

Preſmeſſe : f. *Neer kindred, the being next of kin, or the privilege of recovery, or diſingaging of land, due unto the next kinſman.*

Preſomptif : m. iue : f. *Likely, conjecturall ; alſo, preſumptuous.*

Preſomption : f. *Preſumption, ſaucineſſe, malepertines, over-boldnes ; alſo, a preſumption, ſuſpition, gueſſe, conjecture, fore-conceit.*

Preſomptions de droict. *Preſumptions of right ; or (as the Latine)* prejudicia juris.

Preſomptueux : m. euſe : f. *Preſumptuous, preſuming ; ſaucy, malepert, over-bold.*

Preſ-prenant. Crediteur pr. *An hard, or ſtrict creditor ; one that will be ſatisfied to th'utmoſt.*

Preſque. *Wellnigh, welneer, almoſt, in a manner (and with a Negative) ſcarce, hardly.*

Preſſant : m. ante : f. *Preſſing, inforcing, earneſt, urgent ; importunate, unmannerly, unreaſonable.*

Preſſe : f. *A preaſe, throng, or croud of people ; alſo, a Preſſe to Print, or preſſe things in ; alſo, a kind of greeniſh, and hard Peach thats long in ripening, and whoſe pulpe (in ſome places of a ruddy colour) cleaves hard unto the ſtone.*

Vin de grain eſt plus doux que n'eſt pas vin de preſſe ; Prov. *Willing duties are more gracious then ſuch as be extorted.*

Preſſé : m. ée : f. *Preſſed, ſqueezed, crowded, thruſt hard, or cloſe together, ſtrained, urged ; inforced, conſtrained ; importuned, hard laid to.*

Preſſé de ſon honneur. *That muſt untruſſe, that muſt immediately go to it.*

C'eſt trop preſſé. *That is too great extremity.*

Preſſeance : f. *Precedence, or precedencie.*

Preſſement : m. *A preſſing, ſqueezing, thruſting cloſe together ; a ſtraining, urging, inforcing ; an importuning.*

Preſſer. *To preſſe ; to ſtraine, ſqueeze, crowd, or thruſt hard together ; alſo, to urge, inforce, conſtraine ; be inſtant upon, or earneſt with ; to importune, lay hard unto ; lie heavy on.*

Preſſer de quelque choſe. *To accuſe, appeale, or appeach of ; to charge home with.*

Trop preſſer fait le cheval reſtif ; Pro. *Too much urging makes men deſperate, or froward ; extream importuning makes mens friends their enemies.*

Par trop preſſer l'anguille on la perd ; Pro. *Seake* Anguille.

Preſſier : m. *The tree that beares the Peach called* Preſſe.

Preſſif : m. iue : f. *Preſſive ; or as* Preſſant.

Preſſis : m. *Cullifſis, or ſtrained meats.*

Preſſoir : m. *A preſſe, or preſſor (wherwith the juyce of things is out-ſqueezed ;) alſo, the great and double ventricle made by* Dura mater *in the hinder part of the head.*

De l'arbre d'un preſſoir le manche d'un cernier ; Prov. *(Like our) from a mill-poſt to a pudding-prick.*

Preſſoirage : m. *A preſſing ; alſo, preſſe-wine, or wine that is by preſſing wrung out of the grapes, allready well drained by that which hath diſtilled from them ; and therefore put all together before ſuch preſſing, thereby to get from them the reſt of their moiſture.*

† Preſſoiré : m. ée : f. *Preſſed, wrung, ſtrained, ſqueezed out.*

† Preſſoirée : f. *A preſſing, ſtraining, ſqueezing out ; or the liquor ſo preſſed.*

† Preſſoirer. *To preſſe, wring, ſtraine, extort, or ſqueeze out juyce, or liquor.*

† Preſſoireur : m. *A preſſor, ſtrainer, ſqueezer of juyce, or liquor, out of things.*

† Preſſoirier : m. *as* Preſſoireur.

Preſſoüoir : m. *as* Preſſoir ; *alſo, a kind of frame wherewith, in* France, *they trie draught-horſes before they buy them.*

Preſſurage : m. *as* Preſſoirage ; *alſo, the fee thats due to th'owner, or given for the uſe, of a common wine-preſſe.*

Preſſure : f. *as* Preſure ; *alſo, a preſſure, preſſing, thruſting, or twinging in of.*

Preſſuré : m. ée : f. *as* Preſſoiré ; *alſo, milked.*

Preſſurer. *as* Preſſoirer ; *alſo, to milk a cow, &c.*

Preſſurier : m. *A preſſer, or preſſe-man ; one that works at a wine-preſſe.*

Viſage de preſſuirier. *A drunken, crimſon, or high-coloured, face.*

Preſt : m. *A loane, or lending of money.*

Preſt : m. Preſte : f. *Preſt, ready, full-dight, furniſhed, prepared, provided ; prompt, neer at hand ; quick, nimble, fleet, wight.*

Preſt comme vn chandelier. *At hand quoth pickpurſe.*

Il n'eſt pas preſt de ſortir, iuſques. *(Threatningly) he is not like to come out, untill.*

Tel eſt houſé qui n'eſt pas preſt ; Pro. *Some, though they booted are, unready are. Look* Houſé.

Viande d'ami eſt bien toſt preſte ; Pro. *A friends repaſt is in a trice prepared.*

Preſt. *(Adverbially) as* Preſtement.

Preſtable : com. *Lendable, which may be lent.*

Preſtance : f. *Worthineſſe, nobleneſſe, excellency, greatneſſe ; alſo, a preſence, repreſentation, or ſhew ; whence ;*

Vn homme de belle preſtance. *A comly, or perſonable man ; a man of a ſtately, and graceſull behaviour.*

Preſtation : f. *as* Preſt ; *a loan ; alſo, a lending ; and a paying, or yeelding of duties, rents, or ſervices.*

Preſté : m. ée : f. *Lent ; and thence, truſted, or let out to a day ; alſo, yielded, payed ; given.*

Preſte-charitez. *A detractor, or backbiter.*

Preſtement. *Promptly, readily, quickly, incontinently, ſoon, out of hand.*

Prester. *To lend; alſo, to truſt out, or ſell unto daier; alſo, to yeeld, affoord, or give; alſo, to yeeld, or give back, as pliant, or ſofe things.*

Prester l'eſpaule à. *To helpe, aſſiſt, ſuccour, ſupport.*

Du temps qu'on ſe cachoit pour preſter argent. *In the ancient, and harmeleſſe age, when people had more care of the borrowers credit then of their owne ſecuritie.*

Au preſter Ange, au rendre Diable; Pro. *Some when they would borrow adore, but when they ſhould pay abhorre, a man; The like is;*

Au preſter couſin, au rendre fils de putain.

Qui preſte à l'ami perd au double; Pro. *He that lend's to his friend a double loſſe incures.*

† Prestere. *A tempeſt, or whirlewind.*

Preſteſſe: f. *Readineſſe, promptneſſe, diligence, quickneſſe, nimbleneſſe.*

Preſteur: m. *A lender; alſo, one that ſells upon truſt.*

Preſteux: m. euſe: f. *Lending, putting out unto loane.*

Preſtiges: f. *Deceits, impoſtures, deluſions, jugling, or couſening tricks.*

Preſtigiateur: m. *A jugler, a couſening Enchaunter, a cheating Conjurer.*

Preſtitué: m. ée: f. *Preſcribed, limited, appointed unto.*

† Preſtolant: m. *A Steward, or Overſeer, a Bailife of the husbandrie, or over husbandmen; a Surveyor over a farme.*

Preſt-oreille. *Attentive, liſtening, or harkening, lending an eare unto.*

Preſtraille: f. *Bauld ſhavelings; paultry Prieſts; or as;*

Preſtraillerie. la p. *Prieſts; or the Order of Prieſthood; or the whole packe of ſhavelin Prieſts.*

Preſtal: m. ale: f. *Prieſtlie, Prieſt-like, of, or belonging unto, Prieſts.*

Preſtre: m. *A Prieſt.*

Bonnet de preſtre. *Spindle-tree, Prick-wood, Prick-timber.*

Coquille de preſtre. *Chickweed.*

Couillon de preſtre. *See* Couillon.

Couronne de preſtre. *His ſhaven crowne; alſo, the herbe Dandelion, Prieſts-crowne, Piſſabed.*

Apres Paſques, & Rogation, ſi de preſtre, & d'oignon; Prov. (*Belike becauſe in hot weather which comes quickly after, they ſtinke both alike.*)

Apres la poire le vin, ou le preſtre; Prov. *After a peare wine, or the Prieſt.*

Bon gré mal gré va la preſtre au Sené; Prov. *as under* Gré.

Meſtier n'avons d'hardi preſtre; Pro. *we have no need of a couragious Prieſt; valour is a needleſſe vertue in a Churchman.*

Qui veut tenir nette maiſon il n'y faut preſtre ny pigeon; Pro. *For (we ſay) Prieſts, and Pigeons make foule houſes.*

Preſtreſſe: f. *A ſhe Prieſt; alſo, a Prieſts layman, wench, or whore.*

Preſtriſe: f. *Prieſthood; the Order, Office, or place of a Prieſt.*

Preſtrot: m. *A little Prieſt; a Curate, under Prieſt, or Chauntrie Prieſt; alſo, a little bird that ſomewhat reſembles a Linnet.*

Preſumé: m. ée: f. *Preſumed, thought, wened, ſuppoſed, imagined.*

Preſumer. *To preſume, or thinke too well, of himſelfe, to arrogate, aſſume, or take on him, a great deale more then his due; to over-value his owne perſon, or parts; alſo, to preſume, thinke, weene, imagine, conjecture, ſuppoſe.*

Preſuppoſé: m. ée: f. *Preſuppoſed.*

Preſuppoſer. *To preſuppoſe; admit, put the caſe that; imagine, conjecture, weene before-hand.*

Preſuppoſition: f. *A preſuppoſition, a preſuppoſall; an admitting; a conjecture, or weening.*

Preſure: f. *The rennet wherewith milke, imployed in Cheeſe-making, is curded.*

Pretendant: m. *One that ſtands, or ſues, or ſeekes, for a place.*

Pretendant. *Pretending; claiming, challenging; ayming at, ſuing or putting in for; alſo, meaning, intending, ſeeming, making a ſhew of, giving a colour, for.*

Pretendre. *To pretend; lay claime to, aime at, ſue, ſtand, lay, or put in, for; alſo, to meane, ſeeme, intend, make a ſhew of, give a colour for.*

Pretendre vne choſe de ſon chef. *To derive his right unto a thing from the fource, or originall thereof.*

Pretendu: m. *A thing for which a pretence, or pretext is made; or whereunto a claime, or challenge is laid; a thing pretended unto, aimed at, ſtood for, hoped after.*

Pretendu: m. uë: f. *Pretended; ſued, or ſtood for; whereunto claime is made; alſo, intended, ſeeming, or whereof ſhew is made.*

Pretence: f. *A pretence; purpoſe, deſignement, project, intent.*

Preterit: m. ite: f. *Paſt, overpaſt, averſlipped, gone, departed, expired.*

Pretermettre. *To pretermit, omit, overſlip, overpaſſe, leave, baulke, neglect; forget.*

Preterms: m. iſe: f. *Pretermitted, omitted, overpaſſed, overſlipped; baulked, neglected.*

Pretermiſſion: f. *A pretermiſſion, omiſſion, overpaſſing, baulking, neglect; forgetting.*

Preteur: m. *A Pretor; a Judge, or Officer of great authoritie among the antient Romanes.*

Pretexte: m. *A pretext, pretence, cover, cloake, ſhadow, colour, ſhew, excuſe, for.*

Precieuſement. *Preciouſly, ſumptuouſly, excellently.*

Precieux: m. euſe: f. *Precious; of great value, much worth, high price; very ſumptuous, excellent, exceeding good.*

Pretoire: m. *The Poſition, or houſe of a Pretor; alſo, the Court wherein he gave audience to Suters; alſo, his Juriſdiction, or the Precinct within which he might exerciſe it.*

Prettot: m. *A little bird ſomewhat reſembling a Linnet.*

Preu. *Look* Preux.

prevalence: f. *Is the overplus, or that which remaines, of the price of land ſold for the payment of a debt.*

Prevaloir. *To prevaile, gaine, or be the better by; to receive benefit, aſſiſtance, or ſuccour, from; to make uſe, or profit of.*

Prevaricateur: m. *A prevaricator, deceiver, double dealer; a treacherous Attorney, Soliciter, or ſollower of a cauſe; one that pleads by covin, or colluſion; or hath private intelligence with him againſt whom he pleads; generally, one that in all his proceedings digreſſeth from truth, reaſon, and honeſtie.*

Prevarication: f. *Prevarication; treacherie, double dealing, deceit; covin, colluſion, or corruption in pleading; a treacherous continuing of intelligence with an adverſarie; a ſwarving from truth, reaſon, and honeſtie.*

Prevariqué. *Prevaricated, colluded, treacherouſly followed, or handled.*

Prevariquer. *To prevaricate, pleat by covin, proceed by colluſion; to deceive, deale doubly, or treacherouſly, with; to betray a cauſe, wherewith he is truſted, unto the adverſarie; to ſwarve, or digreſſe from truth, and honeſtie.*

Preudefemme: f. *A chaſt, honeſt, modeſt, vertuous (grave, or diſcreet) Matron.*

Preudes gens. *Valiant, faithfull, honeſt perſons.*

Preud'homme. *A valiant, hardie, couragious; alſo, a loyall, faithfull, honeſt, vertuous (alſo, a diſcreet) man; alſo, the better ſort of people.*

Preud'hommie: f. *Courage, valour, proweſſe; loyaltie, faithfulneſſe; honeſtie, ſincerity, integritie; good dealing, true meaning.*

Preud'hommier: m. ere: f. *Valiant, couragious; loyall, faithfull; honeſt, ſincere.*

Prevell: m. *An ordinary meeting of Joinſters, and Turnſters, at a certaine place, where they worke, and make merrie together.*

Prevenant. *Preventing, anticipating, outſtripping, foreſtalling.*

Prevenement: m. *A preventing, anticipating, outſtripping, foreſtalling.*

Prevenir. *To prevent, outſtrip, anticipate, preoccupate, foreſtall; alſo, to appeach, or call in queſtion.*

Prevention: f. *A prevention, anticipation, preoccupation, foreſtallment.*

Condamner par prevention; viz. devant que le procez ſoit fait. *Before the indictment be drawne.*

Prevenu: m. (*In Law*) *a preventing of whatſoever may be objected.*

Prevenu: m. uë: f. *Prevented, outſtripped, preoccupated, anticipated, foreſtalled; alſo, accuſed of, charged with, called in queſtion for; pincht;* Prevenu en Iuſtice. *Publickely appointed, called into a Court, or before a Judge.*

Preveu: m. euë: f. *Foreſeen, fore-imagined, foreca't, perceived (alſo, provided) beforehand.*

Prevoir. *To foreſee, fore-imagine, forecaſt; perceive a far off, provide beforehand; prevent what otherwiſe would follow.*

Prevoſt: m. *The Provoſt, or Preſident of a Colledge,*

Colledge, or Cathedrall Church; also, a principall Magistrate, or Judge in a good towne; also, an under Judge of a Province; the Judge of a village; or the Roturiers proper Judge; (for such as the Bailli, and Seneschal are among Gentlemen, the Prevost is among Yeomen; whose wardships he disposeth of, whose differences he judgeth of; and on whom (offending) he inflicteth punishments, or penalties. Looke Prevost des villes;) also, an under Martiall, or Provost Martiall.

Prevost des amendes. *The Collector of all amerciaments, and small casuall rights due unto the Lord of a Mannor; stiled thus to set a difference between him and the ordinarie Judge of the Mannor, who is called* Prevost, & Garde, de Iustice.

Prevost d'Eglise. *Is, in a Cathedrall Church, the Deane; or the Officer which delivers out victuals unto the Canons &c.*

Prevost fermier. *A Countrey Provost, or Officer, who levies all amerciaments, tolls, and customes, and seises all waifes and straies, within his Jurisdiction, either to his owne use (as in some places) or for his Lord (as in the most.)*

Prevost forain. *Is (by the custome of Senlis) the ordinarie Judge of the Province; and determines of all actions reall, or personall; and hath under his Jurisdiction all the Churchmen, Gentlemen, Burgners, and others residing, or dwelling within his walke.*

Prevost, & garde de Iustice. *Looke in* Prevost des amendes; *or as*;

Prevost en garde. *A rurall Provost, or Judge, that keeps either the Kings (inferiour) Courts, or those of a Lord* Iusticier; *hath no benefit by any fines, escheates, or amerciaments; and is inferiour in all respects unto a* Bailli.

Prevost de l'hostel; *(Called now adaies,* Le grand Prevost de l'hostel du Roy) *The ordinarie Judge of the Kings household; sets rates upon victuals, and sets downe orders for the government of many other things (especially concerning whores, &c.) in all (unprivileged) places within six leagues of the Court.*

Prevost des Marchands à Paris. *The Lord Mayor of Paris; different from the Provost of Justice, who is called,* Le Prevost de Paris.

Prevost des Mareschaux. *A Provost Martiall (who is often both Iudge, and Executioner) punishes disorderly Souldiers, Cyprers, Free-booters, high-way robbers, lazie rogues, or vagabonds, and such as weare forbidden weapons.*

Prevost des Monnoyes. *The Provost of the Mint; the Judge of controversies arising by reason of the Mint, or among Mintmen.*

Prevost des Ordres (du Sainct Esprit, & de Sainct Michel.) *The Master of the ceremonies in either of the Orders of France; looks that their Statutes be duly observed; inquires diligently (and privately) after their infringers, whom in slight cases he admonisheth gently, but if their faults be great, he complaines unto the King, he likewise makes a certificate of the death of every Knight, and causes the Clarke of the Order to Register it.*

Prevost de Paris. *The ordinarie Judge of differences betweene the Citizens, and all others that reside within the Jurisdiction of the* Chastelet *of* Paris; *the Governour generall of the* Police *both of that Towne, and of her seven daughters (for which looke under the word* Fille;) *and of much greater authoritie in his government then the Provost of other Townes, who be inferior to the Baylises and Seneschalls thereof.*

Prevost des Ribaulds; *Was in old time the Lieutenant of the* Roy des Ribaulds.

Prevost vicomtal. *The Iudge of a* Chastellenie; *or as* Prevost en garde.

Prevost des villes. *Rurall Provosts, or Judges; are to be present at all Assises held by the* Baillis; *are Judges of the* Police, *take notice of the incorporate trades; and looke to the reparations of the Townes whereto they belong; they likewise receive the oathes of all Vineyard-keepers; and in Towne-assemblies precede the* Conseillers *of that Jurisdiction, and if the Lieutenant of the Province be absent, ever preside; yet are they not to meddle with any causes belonging to the Kings Domaine, Fiefs, or Hommages; and for their negligence are punishable by the Baylises.*

Le grand Prevost de France, *as* Prevost de l'Hostel.

Prevostable: com. *Subject unto the Jurisdiction of a Provost, or unto Martiall law.*

Prevostablement. *By Martiall law.*

Prevostaire: com. *Provostall, of a Provost; as a Provost; subject unto the Jurisdiction of a Provost; and, thence also, criminall.*

Prevostal: m. ale: f. *The same.*

Prevosté: m. *A Provostship, or Presidentship; the Seat, or Court of a Provost, or Martiall; also, the precincts, and Iurisdiction thereof; also, all sorts of small casuall rights, accruing to a Lord* Iusticier *within his Territories.*

Droict de Prevosté. *The privilege of having a Provost, or Martiall for the keeping of Courts; and levying of Waifes, Tolls, Estraits, and amerciaments, &c. belongs to a Lord Baron, or Chattelain, that have Iurisdiction; In some places also, a Passage-toll, or through-toll is tearmed thus.*

Les sept filles de la Prevosté de Paris. *Looke under the word* Fille.

Prevostel: m. elle: f. *as* Prevostaire.

Prevostere: com. *as* Prevostaire.

Prevoyance: f. *Providence, foresight, forecast.*

Preut. *First, or first of all.*

En preut, deux, trois, &c. *One, two, three, &c. or* Imprimis; *a word used in Inventories, and Accompts.*

Preuve: f. *A proofe, tryall, essay, experiment, experience; also, reason alleged, authority shewed, evidence produced, or testimony brought, for the proofe, or confirmation of a matter in question.*

A preuve de marteau. *That will abide the hammering; thats right, sound, solide, good.*

A la preuve l'on escorche l'asne; Pro. *By proving, attempting, or laying the hands to, an Asse is flayed, viz. a difficultie is compassed; a difference compounded.*

Preux. *Hardie, doughtie, valiant, courageous, full of prowesse; also, loyall, faithfull, sincere, honest, vertuous, worthie; also, discreet, skilfull, ready.*

Les neuf preux. *The nine Worthies.*

Au fils de preux. *The Voice, or Cry of Heralds in honor of a young Knight (sonne to a valiant, and worthie father) the first time he presents himselfe as an assailant, in the Lists.*

Preyer: m. *A kind of Linnet that hath a long, or Larke-like, beel.*

Priant. *Praying, beseeching, requesting, intreating.*

Priapisme: m. *A lustlesse extension, or swelling of the yard.*

Prié: m. ée: f. *Prayed, besought, requested, intreated, desired.*

Priement: m. *A praying, beseeching, requesting, intreating, desiring.*

Prier. *To pray, beseech, intreat, request, implore, desire, crave or beg of, make humble sute unto.*

Priez vilain, moins il fera; Pro. *The more y'intreat a clowne the lesse heed doe.*

Qui veut apprendre à prier aille souvent sur la mer; Prov. *Much danger breeds devotion, feare of death teaches religion.*

Priere: f. *A prayer, supplication, intreatie, request, humble sute or desire.*

De mains vuides prieres vaines; Pro. *Emptie hands make idle supplications; he that gives nought, by prayer getteth nought.*

Prieur: m. *A Prior; the head of a Priorie.*

Prieuré: f. *A Priorie, or Fryerie.*

Prieure: f. *A Prioresse; the head of a Priorie of Nunns.*

Prim: m. *as* Presme.

Prim: m. ime: f. *Prime, forward, or first, principall, chiefe, or soonest; also, as* Prin.

Prime Lune. *The first quarter, or the increase, of the Moon.*

Prim temps. *The Spring.*

Marjolaine prime. *Majerome gentle, sweet Marjerome, fine Marjerome; also (but lesse properly) Time.*

Filer prim. *To run thinne, or by little and little.*

Ie veux tailler ma plume plus prime. *I will use a more neat, fine, smooth, eloquent stile; my penne shall runne more glibly along.*

Primace: f. *Primacie; excellencie; chiefe rule, highest estate, greatest authoritie; and particularly, an Ecclesiasticall dignitie, or command over all the Arch-bishops and Bishops of a Kingdome, or Province.*

Primat: m. *A Primat, or Metropolitan.*

Primauté: f. *as* Primace.

Prime. Le p. des Chevaliers. *A prime Knight, the Paragon, or flower, of Knights.*

Prime: f. *Primero at Cards; also, the first houre of the day (in Summer at foure a clock, in Winter at eight;) also, a small Gold mithes weight, whereof 24 make but one graine.*

Soupes de prime. *Monasticall Bromesse; cheese and bread put into pottage; or chopped Parseley strewed or layed together with the fat of the Beefe-pot, on the bread.*

Prime: com. *Thinne, slender, exile, small; also, as* Prim; *whence;*

Cheveux

Cheveux primes. *Smooth, or delicate haire.*

Prime. (Adverb.) *Primely, chiefely; forwardly, ſooneſt, firſt.*

'A prime. *Whileare, but now, but even now.*

Retournez vous au prime? *Came you backe no ſooner? came you againe but now?*

Prime-barbe. *The downe, or moſſie beard on a young mans chin.*

Primement. *Chiefely, principally, expreſly; alſo, thinly, narrowly; alſo, exactly, curiouſly.*

Primerain: m. aine: f. *Early, timely, forward, that ſpringeth, buddeth, or commeth forth with the firſt.*

Primeroge: com. *as* Primerain; *whence;* Figues primeroges. *Starved figges, or the firſt figges that come upon the tree, which being too forward, commonly thrive not.*

Primerouge. *as* Primeroge.

Primes. Or primes. *Now at the laſt, onely at this time, not before now, or but even now.*

Prime-vere: f. *The Spring; alſo, the Primroſe; alſo, a Cowſlip.*

Primeur: f. *Smalneſſe, thinneſſe, exilitie, ſlenderneſſe; alſo, primeneſſe, poſſeſſion, excellencie; alſo, forwardneſſe.*

Primices: f. *Firſt fruits; the firſt fruites of the yeare; the firſtlings of yearely fruits.*

Primiciall: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, firſt fruits.*

Primitif: m. iue: f. *Primative, the firſt, which hath no beginning from another.*

Primogeniture: f. *Prime, or firſt birth; elderſhip, or the being eldeſt; the title of the eldeſt, or firſt-born child.*

Primordial: m. ale: f. *Originall, of an offſpring, firſt riſing, beginning from.*

Prin. *Thin, ſubtill, piercing, ſharpe.*

Prince: m. *A Prince, or Chiefe, a Monarch, Soveraigne, great Lord, great Potentate: Some good French Authors mention ſix kinds of Princes; the firſt they ſtile* Simples Princes; *no better then Magiſtrates, or Officers of Soveraigntie; ſuch as were the Patriarchs and Judges among the Jewes; the Kings of* Lacedemonia; *the ancient Kings of* France; *the firſt Kings, and (at leaſt in apparence) the firſt Emperours, of* Rome; *the moderne Dukes of* Venice; *and (in* Bodins opinion) *the Emperours of* Germany: *the ſecond* Princes ſubjects; *owners of Soveraignty within their own countries, and yet ſubject (owne way or other) unto greater Princes; of which ranke are the Kings protected by the great Turke; thoſe that live under* Preſter Iohn; *the ancient Princes of* Italy, *while they acknowledged, and held of the Empire; the ancient Dukes and Earles of* France, *while they afforded their Kings no more then a bare homage, and ſome ſmall attendance in the wars; the moderne King of* Bohemia, *and Princes of the Empire: The third,* Princes Seigneurs; *which have an abſolute power over the perſons, and propertie in the poſſeſſions, of their ſubjects; as had the four firſt Monarchs of* Aſſiria, Media, Perſia, *and* Egypt; *and as at this day the great Turke,* Preſter Iohn, *the Muſcovite, and ſome other ſuch Tyrans have: The fourth,* Princes Souverains (*more moderate, and commodious for mankind, then the former*) *enjoy an abſolute, but publike Soveraigntie, not (much) intermedling with the private; of which kinde, the later Emperours of* Rome, *with thoſe of* Conſtantinople, *were, and at this day the moſt of the Kings, and Soveraigne Princes of Chriſtendome, are: The fifth,* Princes de race, ou du ſang; viz. *The children, or off-ſpring of ſoveraigne Princes, who by their birth are capable of, or may come unto, a Crown; within which branch we may comprehend the eldeſt ſonnes of ſoveraign Kings; who not having any particular affectation, or acceſſe, of title by creation (as our Prince) or by donation (as the eldeſt ſonne of* France) *are tearmed ſimply* Princes: *The laſt,* Princes, ou Seigneurs, de Principautez, *doe ſeeme to derive their dignity from certaine ancient, and powerfull vaſſalls of the Crowne; which having, in emulation of the Dukes and Earles of their time, introached on all rights of Soveraigntie within their owne dominions, and wanting (what the others had) a Title to diſtinguiſh them from leſſe, or leſſe abſolute, Lords, very willingly tooke this upon them: Since which times the Kings of* France *reuniting, by ſeverall meanes, the Eſtates of theſe Vſurpers unto the Crown, yet have been pleaſed to continue the name in ſuch of their favourites as have ſued for it; And at this day ſome great Lords, which deſire to be held Princes, are curious to procure one of their Townes to be made a* Principauté, *and afterwards beſtow it, or (at leaſt) the Title of it, on their eldeſt ſonnes: But theſe are no true Princes, and therefore in all aſſemblies they be ranked beneath Earles.*

Ieux de princes. *Such ſports as are delightfull, or pleaſing, to thoſe that uſe them.*

Les princes ſe ſervent des hommes comme le laboureur des abeilles; Pro. viz. *Firſt take their honey from them, and then ſmoother, or expell, them.*

Les princes tiennent touſiours leurs comptes, ils ne perdent iamais rien; Pro. *Princes are excellent reckoners, for they ſeldome loſe ought.*

Les princes ne veulent point de ſervitudes limitez; Prov. *Princes will not be ſerved on conditions.*

Haine de prince ſignifie mort d'homme; Prov. *Hee's neer his death thats hated by his Prince.*

Princeſſe: f. *A Princeſſe.*

Principal: m. *The Principall, or head of a Societie; a principall, chiefe, head man, or matter; alſo, the ſumme, chiefe knot, maine point, of a matter; alſo, the principall; the ſumme in queſtion, or let out unto uſe.*

Principal: m. ale: f. *Principall, ſoveraigne, moſt ſpeciall, chiefeſt, greateſt, higheſt.*

Principalement. *Principally, chiefely, moſt eſpecially.*

Principauté: f. *A Principalitie; the Eſtate, or Seat, of a Soveraigne Prince; alſo, an extraordinary, and extravagant Seignorie, bearing, rather then deſerving, the name of this dignity, and ranked between an Earledome, and Vicounte; (Looke in the later end of the word* Prince.)

Principe: m. *A Principle, Maxime, ground of Art; alſo, a beginning, or a beginner.*

Principeſque: com. *Princely, royall, ſoveraigne.*

Principié: m. ée: f. *Begun, or in breeding.*

Principion: m. *A pettie Prince.*

Prinfief. Le Seigneur de p. *The Lord Paramount, or immediate Lord, of an inheritance charged with rent.*

Pringalle: f. *A faſhion of warlike Engine uſed in old time,*

Pringeot: m. *A kind of ſmall bird.*

Prins: m. inſe: f. *Taken; ſeiſed, &c. Look* Pris.

Prinſault. De pr. *Preſently, immediately, ſuddainely, at an inſtant, at the firſt chop, effort, or jumpe; out of hand.*

Prinſautier: m. *A ſtarter, a nimble jumper.*

Prinſautier: m. ere: f. *Suddaine, quicke, nimble, ready, inſtant, (quickly) preſent, at hand.*

Prinſe: f. *A taking, ſeizing; a catching, or laying hold on. Look* Priſe.

Printaner. *To ſpring, or flouriſh as the Spring.*

Printanier: m. ere: f. *Early, of the Spring.*

Printemps: m. *The Spring, or Spring time.*

Priorité: f. *Prioritie, ſenioritie, precedencie, ancientneſſe, elderſhip; a being, or going, before others.*

Pris: m. *The price, rate; value, accompt, reſpect, eſtimation; worth, of things; alſo, the prize, reward, or honour got by, kept for, or due unto, the beſt deſerver in a Juſts, &c.*

'A pris d'argent, *For mony.*

Au pris que. *Ever as.*

'A quelque pris qu'eſt le bled. *What-ſoever it coſt me, how dearely ſoever I pay for it.*

Toute choſe ſe vend au pris de l'oeil; Prov. *All things are ſold at the price the eye ſets on them.*

Pris: m. iſe: f. *Taken; ſeized, caught, apprehended, received, accepted of; imbraced, undertaken; alſo, put, or put on.*

Corne priſe. *Growne ſtately, proud, intollerable.*

Eau priſe, & vin pris. *Turned, or curdled; grown thick, and dead withall.*

Homme bien pris. *Well ſet, well underlayed.*

Pris à coup perdu. *Gotten more by good hap then any great cunning.*

Pris à per & à couche. *Surpriſed, overraught, in danger, met with, every way.*

Pris comme le More. *Look* More.

Pris du nez. *That hath the Murre, whoſe noſe is ſtuffed, or ſtopped with cold.*

Celà a deſia pris coup. *Hath already gotten a ſpeeding, or deadly blow; is brought to that ſtate, that it cannot long ſubſiſt.*

Elle a pris ſa teſte. *She is reſolved to do but what ſhe liſt.*

Il luy a pris vne verue. *The giddy worm bites him, the toy hath taken him in the head.*

Le plus rouges y ſont pris. *Look* Rouge.

Les plus ruſez ſont les premiers pris; Pro. *The craftieſt are the ſoonеſt taught,*

Trop tard crie l'oiſeau quand il eſt pris ; Pro. *Miſchiefes being in, complaints are out of date.*

Priſage : m. *A priſage, priſing, praiſing, rating, valuing.*

Priſe : f. *as* Priſage ; *alſo, a taking, ſeizing ; an arreſt, or ſeiſure ; a catching, a laying hold, or hands on, alſo, a locke, or hold in wraſtling ; any advantage ; alſo, a pike, or quarrell ; alſo, a bootie, or prize ; alſo, the death, or fall of a hunted beaſt.*

Priſe de marres. *A kind of penaltie for the non-payment of* Cens *at the day wherein they are due.*

Priſe de paupieres. *The agglutination of the eye-lids ; when they cleave either together, or to the hornie, or conjunctive membrane, by meanes of ſome ulcer which hath been ill cured.*

De belle priſe. *Faire, well-liking, worth the taking, acceptable or gracious to the eye.*

De bonne priſe. *Good, or lawfull prize ; alſo, full ripe, in ſeaſon, fit to be cropped, gathered, or gotten.*

Corner priſe. Cela cornoit priſe. *That finiſhed the chaſe, that made an end of the matter.*

Eſtre aux priſes. *To be cloſed, locked, or grapled together ; to tug one another, to wraſtle, or ſtrive one with another.*

C'eſt vne bonne priſe que d'un ieune loup ; Prov. *A young Woolfe is a game worth catching.*

Priſé : m. ée : f. *Priſed, rated, valued, eſteemed.*

Priſee : f. *A priſall, rate, valuation ; priſing, rating, valuing.*

Priſer. *To priſe ; eſteem, reſpect, reckon, accompt of ; alſo, to tax, rate, value, ſet a price on.*

A l'hoſtel priſer, & au marché vendre ; Prov. *Rate thy commodities at home, but ſell them abroad.*

Qui bien ſe cognoit peu ſe priſe, qui peuſe priſe Dieu l'aviſe ; Pro. *He that himſelfe knowes well, himſelfe deſpiſes, the ſelf-deſpiſer God heeds, and adviſes.*

† Priſerie : f. *A priſing, or praiſing ; avaling, or valuing.*

Priſeur : m. *A priſer, praiſer, price-ſetter ; a rater, valuer, taxer.*

Priſme. *Look* Prime.

Priſon : f. *A Priſon, Jaylt, or Gaole.*

Oncques n'y eut laidesamours, ny belle priſon ; Prov. *There never was faire priſon, nor foule love.*

Priſonnier : m. *A priſoner.*

Tous les priſonniers s'en ſonefuys de ſa bourſe. *All manner of pence are flown out of his purſe.*

Priſte. *A kind of Whall, or huge fiſh, whoſe ſnout is very long, and notched like a Saw.*

Priſtine : com. *Former ; old, auncient ; wonted, accuſtomed ; alſo, late, or but little paſt.*

Privaiſe : f. Lieu ou l'on fait les privez ; *or a Pipe, or Funnell, for the voiding of the ill aire of a Privy.*

Privation : f. *A privation, depriving, bereaving, withdrawing of, a want, or wanting ; a lacking, or being without.*

Privativement. *Excluſively, by way of excluſion, or to the putting out of others.*

Cela luy appartient privativement à tous autres. *Belongeth only to him, no other hath ought to do withall.*

Privauté : f. *Privacie, private familiaritie, or friendſhip, inward converſation or acquaintance.*

Privé : m. *A Privie, Jakes, houſe of Office.*

En ſon privé. *Privately, ſecretly, cloſely, retiredly, within his own doores, without gadding, or medling, abroad ; at his owne home.*

Privé : m. ée : f. *Deprived, reaved, bereſt of ; alſo privie, cloſe, or ſecret ; alſo, privat, familiar, inward, bold with, neer unto, as one of his own ; tame, gentle, tractable, domeſticall ; alſo, ordinary, homely ; without charge, office, or authority in the Commonwealth.*

D'un larron privé on ne ſe peut garder ; Prov. *No creature can avoide the privie theefe.*

Privement : m. *A depriving, or bereaving.*

Privément. *Privily, cloſely, ſecretly, privately, inwardly, familiarly ; after an ordinary faſhion.*

Priver. *To deprive, reave, or bereave, deſpoyle of, take from.*

Privilege : m. *A Privilege, Libertie, Franchiſe, Licence, Immunitie, Prerogative above others ; A French Lawyer defines it to be,* Vne conceſſion ſinguliere que le Roy octroye à touſiours par lettres Patentes *(qui doivent eſtre verifiées en la Chambre des comptes.)*

Privilegié : m. ée : f. *Privileg'd, exempted from ordinary duties, or juriſdiction ; out of ordinary courſe.*

Cas ou delict privilegié. *A notable caſe, or notorious crime, which none but the King, or his Judges, may examine, ſentence, or cenſure.*

† Privoité. *as* Privauté.

Prix : m. *Price. Look* Pris.

Probabilité : f. *Probability, likelyhood, apparence of truth.*

Probable : com. *Probable, preveable, which may be proved, likely, or like to be true.*

Probablement. *Probably, likely, proveably.*

Probableté. *as* Probabilité.

Probation : f. *A probation, proofe ; approbation, proving.*

Probatique. Piſcine pro. *A pond for the waſhing of the ſheepe that were, by the Law, to be ſacrificed.*

Probité : f. *Honeſtie, integrity, ſincerity, goodneſſe, uprightneſſe, true dealing.*

Problematique : com. *Problematicall, belonging to a Probleme.*

Probleme : m. *A Probleme ; a propoſition, poſition, or ſentence, having a queſtion annexed unto it.*

† Proboſce : f. *A big ſnout, huge noſe.*

Proboſcide. *The trunke, or ſnout of an Elephant.*

Procace : m. *The Poſt, or Carrier that goeth weekly between* Rome *and* Naples.

Procedé. *Proceeded ; paſſed forth, gone forward ; held, continued, or kept on in a courſe ; alſo, ſued, or purſued.*

Proceder. *To proceed, go forward, paſſe forth ; continue, hold, or keep on in a courſe ; alſo, to ſue, or purſue.*

Proceder ſommairement. *Look* Sommairement.

Fins de non proceder. *Reaſons alleged for the ſtaying of further proceedings in Court.*

Iamais ne gaigne qui procede à ſon Maiſtre ; Pro. *He never thrives that ſues his Maſter.*

Longuement proceder eſt à l'advocat vendenger ; Prov. *Delayes in Law fill Pleaders Barnes.*

Procedure : f. *A procedure ; a courſe, or proceeding ; a courſe of proceeding ; a ſuing, a purſuing.*

Procerité : f. *Height, or length of body ; tallneſſe of ſtature.*

Procés : m. *A Proces, or Sute ; a Caſe, Cauſe, Action, Indictment, Matter, in Law ; alſo, debate, ſtrife, ſute, altercation, contention ; alſo, the Proceſſe, Apophyſe, or out-ſtanding part of a bone.*

Procez mamillaires. *Small teat-like ſinewes in the forepart of the braine ; the inſtruments of the ſence of ſmelling.*

Vn diable en procés. *A notable ſtirring, unquiet, or litigious fellow.*

Faire le procés à. *To appeach, or indite ; to ſit upon life and death on.*

Son procés eſt faict. *His cauſe is ready for judgement ; alſo, he is convicted, or condemned ; he is but a dead (but agone) man.*

Pendre vn procés au croc. *See* Croc.

Perdre ſon procés. *To be caſt in Law.*

De procés ou gift groſſe amende, en tous temps bon heur nous defende ; Pro. *From ſutes that ſubject be to grievous fines, good Lord deliver us.*

En procés il n'y a point d'amour ; Prov. *There is no love 'tween lawing adverſaries ; or, there is no love 'mong thoſe that goe to Law.*

Proceſſeux : m. euſe : f. *as* Proceſſif ; *or full of actions, filled with ſutes.*

Proceſſif : m. ive : f. *Litigious, debatefull, wrangling, alwaies in ſutes, ever at Law.*

Proceſſion : f. *A proceſſion.*

Proceſſional : m. ale : f. *Proceſſionall ; belonging to, ſerving for, a proceſſion.*

Prochain : m. aine : f. *Nigh, neere, next, neighbouring, adjoyning, cloſe to, hard by.*

Prochainement. *Neerely, nighly ; next, or laſt.*

Prochaineté : f. *Nighneſſe, neereneſſe, proximity, neighbourhood.*

Prochas : m. *A purchaſe ; a purſuit.*

Prochaſſer. *Look* Pourchaſſer.

Proche : com. *Neer, nigh, neighbouring, adjoyning, cloſe unto.*

Prochefief : m. *The* Fief, *or Inheritance thats held of a Lord by a direct, and immediate tenure.*

† Procidence : f. *A falling downe of a thing out of it right place.*

Proclamation : f. *A proclamation, a proclaming.*

Proclamé : m. ée : f. *Proclamed.*

Proclamer. *To proclame, to publiſh by proclamation.*

Proclameur : m. *A proclamer.*

Proclif : m. ive : f. *Inclining, bending ; ſubject, or inclined, unto ; prone, apt, ready to fall.*

Procours. *as* Parcours.

Procraſtination : f. *A procraſtination, delay, driving off from day to day, putting over till to morrow.*

Procraſtiné : m. ée : f. *Procraſtinated, driven off, or put over, from day to day.*

Procraſtiner. *To procraſtinate, prolong, delay, drive, or put off, deferre from day to day.*

Procreateur : m. *A procreator, begetter, ingendrer, (ſecond) maker.*

Procreation : f. *A procreation, ingendring, begetting.*

Procreatrice : f. *A procreatrix ; a mother, or damme.*

Procréer. *To procreate, ingender, beget, breed, make.*

† Proculteur. *Vſed ſometimes in ſtead of* Procureur.

Procuration : f. *A procuration ; a warrant, or Letter, of Attorney ; a ſollowing of another mans buſineſſe by warrant ; alſo, a Viſitation executed by an Archdeacon, or ſome other, as the Biſhops Deputy.*

Paſſer procuration. *To appoint an Attorney, or Deputy ; to make one a Warrant, or Letter of Attorney, for the ſollowing of his buſineſſe ; alſo, to yield, grant, or agree unto.*

Procuré : m. ée : f. *Procured, made ; ſolicited.*

Procurer. *To procure, get, purchaſe, acquire ; to ſolicite, or ſollow a cauſe.*

Procureur : m. *A Proctor ; an Attorney at Law.*

Procureur fiſcal. *The ordinary Proctor, or Attorney of a Lord high* Iuſticier ; *who by him proſecutes (within his owne Territories) all cauſes that either concerne the rights, and dependances of his Seigniory ; or tend to the maintenance of the Peace, and ſafety of his vaſſals.*

Procureurs d'Hoſpitaux. *Proctors of Spittles ; Officers which receive the rents belonging to, and almes beſtowed on, them.*

Procureur d'office, ou de Seigneurie. *The Attorney of a* Moyen Iuſticier ; *who not having any* Fiſque, *cannot have a* Procureur fiſcal, *and therefore differs from,*

Procureur de la Seigneurie de la Iuſtice ; *(which is) as* Procureur fiſcal.

Prodenou : m. *A rope which compaſſeth the ſayle-yard of a Ship.*

Prodigal : m. ale : f. *Prodigall, unthrifty, riotous, laviſh, waſtfull, exceſſive in expence.*

Prodigalement. *Prodigally, unthriftily, riotouſly, laviſhly, waſtfully.*

Prodigaliſé : m. ée : f. *Prodigalized, laviſhed, waſted, ſpent riotouſly, diſpoſed of unthriftily, ſquandered away.*

Prodigaliſer. *To prodigalize it, ſpend unthriftily, waſte, laviſh, conſume, or ſquander all away.*

Prodigalité : f. *Prodigality, riot, unthriftineſſe, laviſh, or waſtfull expence.*

Prodige : m. *A prodigie ; wonder, ſtrange ſigne, unnatural accident, marvelous thing.*

Prodiger, *as* Prodiguer.

Prodigieuſement. *Prodigiouſly ; monſtrouſly, wonderfully, moſt ſtrangely, or unnaturally.*

Prodigieux : m. euſe : f. *Prodigious ; wonderous, monſtrous, moſt unnaturall or out of nature.*

Prodigue : com. *Prodigall, unthriftie, laviſh, waſtfull, riotous, exceſſive, or outragious in expence.*

Prodigue, & grand beuveur de vin n'a du ſien ne tour, ne moulin ; Prov. *The drunken ſpendthrift waſtes his beſt poſſeſſions.*

Prodiguer. *To riot, laviſh, miſpend, play the unthrift, waſte, conſume, let flie all hee hath.*

Proditeur : m. *A Traitor, betrayer ; bewrayer, diſcloſer ; a treacherous, or diſloyall fellow.*

Prodition : f. *Prodition, treaſon, treachery, diſloyalty, extreme falſhood.*

Prodrome : m. *The forerunner, or newes-bringer of another mans comming ; a preparer of the way for another ; whence ;*

Prodromes. *The winds which riſe a little before the Dog-dayes.*

Production : f. *A production ; a proofe, evidence, or teſtimony produced in juſtification, or confirmation, of a cauſe.*

Produict : m. icte : f. *Produced ; yielded, brought forth ; alledged, or ſhewed, in proofe of.*

Produire. *To produce ; yield, bring forth ; cite bookes, urge proofes, alledge reaſons ; alſo, to furniſh with leachery, to helpe a man to a wench for money ; (the office, and practiſe of bawdes.)*

Proë. *Look* Prouë.

Proëme : m. *A proeme, preface, prologue.*

Proëſme : m. *The ſame ; alſo, a neighbour.*

Profanateur : m. *A prophaner, violater, unhallower, of.*

Profanation : f. *A prophanation, or prophaning ; a violating, an unhallowing.*

Profane : com. *Prophane ; lay, temporall, worldly ; wicked, unholy, ungodly.*

Profané : m. ée : f. *Prophaned, unhallowed, violated ; turned from a holy to a common, from a divine to an humane, uſe.*

Profanement : m. *as* Profanation.

Profanément. *Prophanely, temporally, wickedly, ungodly, worldling-like.*

Profaner. *To prophane, unhallow, violate ; put holy things to unholy uſes.*

Proferer. *To produce, alledge, deliver ; ſpeake, pronounce, utter.*

Profeſſeur : m. *A profeſſor ; a publique Reader in Univerſities, or Schooles.*

Profeſſion : f. *A profeſſion, facultie, quality, vocation, calling ; alſo, an open confeſſion, proteſtation, advowall, acknowledgement ; alſo, a Reading, or profeſſing in publique Schooles.*

Profeſſoirement. *Profeſſively, or by profeſſion.*

Profez : m. *Profeſſed Monkes ; or, more generally, ſuch as, having made their vowes, are admitted of a religious Order.*

Proficiat : m. *A ſee, or benevolence beſtowed on Biſhops, in manner of a welcome, immediately after their inſtallments.*

Profilé : m. ée : f. *Wrought, or done, in thread ; alſo, purſled.*

Profit : m. *Profit, gaine, lucre, increaſe of, advantage in, eſtate ; commodity, benefit, utility, cheviſſance.*

A profit de meſnage. *Roundly, ſoundly, throughly, without triſling or dalliance, to purpoſe, with a witneſſe.*

Profit ſans vertu ne vaut vn feſtu ; Prov. *Gaine without vertue is not worth a feſtue.*

Au deſpendre giſt le profit ; Prov. *In ſpending thriſt conſiſts ; diſcreet expence makes many a poor man rich.*

Chaſcun tire à ſon profit ; Prov. *Every one inclines, or hath an eye, to that which may inrich him.*

Profitable : com. *Profitable, gainfull, beneficiall, commodious.*

Hommes profitables. *Vaſſals, of whom a Lord hath his revenue ; and makes other uſe to his profit.*

Seigneur profitable. *The poſſeſſor, or occupant of an Inheritance ; he that, to make the utmoſt of it, keeps it in his own hands.*

Profiter. *See* Prouſiter.

Profiterolle : f. *as* Pourfiterolle ; *and in the Plurall* (Profiterolles) *be the ſmall vailes, as drinking money, points, pinnes, &c. gotten by a valet or groome in his Maſters ſervice.*

Profond : m. de : f. *Profound, high, deep ; of much capacity, of great receit ; ſecret ; unſatiable, bottomleſſe.*

Profondé : m. ée : f. *Deepned ; pierced, or ſearched farre into ; preſſed, or ſunk down into the bottome of.*

Profondement. *Profoundly, deeply, highly ; ſecretly ; unſatiably ; without any bottome.*

Profonder. *To ſound, ſearch, pierce, or goe deepe into ; to dive, or ſinke unto the bottome of ; to preſſe down, or put into the deepe.*

Profondeur. f. *Profundity, profoundneſſe ; depth, deepneſſe ; height ; unſatiableneſſe.*

Profondité. *The ſame.*

Profuſeur : m. *A powrer out ; a profuſe, exceſſive, laviſh, riotous, waſtfull, ſpender.*

Progenie : f. *A progeny, off-ſpring, broad ; iſſue, generation.*

Progenier. *To progenerate, procreate, propagate ; breed, beget, ingendr, bring forth, yoong ones.*

Progeniteur : m. *A progenitor, anceſtor, foreſather.*

Prognoſtication : f. *A Prognoſtication, foretelling, fore-ſhewing ; an argument, or ſigne, of a future thing ; a gueſſing by ſignes, of things to come.*

Prognoſtique. *as* Prognoſtication.

Prognoſtiqué : m. ée : f. *Prognoſticated, prophecied, foretold.*

Prognoſtiquer. *To prognoſticate, foreſhew, prophecie, foretell.*

Prognoſtiqueur : m. *A prognoſticator, foreſhewer, Almanack-maker, fortune-teller, foreteller.*

Progreder. *To proceed, paſſe on, go forward, continue in a courſe begun.*

Progrez : m. *A progreſſion, going forward, paſſing on, a proceeding, or continuing in a courſe begun.*

Prohibé : m. ée : f. *Prohibited, forbidden ; let, ſtopped, hindered.*

Prohiber. *To prohibit, forbid, impeach, hinder, not to ſuffer.*

Prohibeur : m *A prohibitor, a forbidder.*

Prohibition : f. *A prohibition, inhibition, forbidding.*

Prohibitoire : com. *Prohibitory, prohibiting, forbidding.*

Project : m. *A project, purpoſe, deſignment, forecaſt, intent ; alſo, a modell, or plot of a building made, or delineated, in paper ; alſo, the jutting, out-bearing, or out-leaning of a wall, garret, or upper roome.*

Projecté : m. ée : f. *Projected, purpoſed, forecaſt, forethought of, deſigned, meant or intended before-hand ; alſo, drawn, delineated, purtrayed.*

Projecter. *To project, plot, forecaſt, purpoſe, deſigne, intend ; alſo, to draw, purtray, deſcribe, delineate, proportion, a thing before it be done.*

Projection : f. *A projection ; a casting or throwing forth, a stretching or extending out.*

†Proisme. *as* Presme.

Prolation : f. *A pronouncing, utterance, delivery of words.*

Prolectation : f. *A pleasant inticement, a delightsome provocation.*

Prolepsie : f. *A naturall foreknowledge, conceived in the minde ; and hence, a figure whereby we prevent, and avoid, that which another intended to alleadge against us.*

Prolifique : com. *Fruitfull, or breeding apace.*

Prolixe : com. *Prolix, long, tedious ; large, abundant, bounteous.*

Prolixement. *Prolixly, tediously, at length, at large ; liberally, abundantly, plenteously.*

Prologue : m. *A Prologue, or fore-speech ; a preamble to a play.*

Prolongation : f. *A prolongation, prolonging, drawing out in length ; a protraction, demurre, delay.*

Prolongé : m. ée : f. *Prolonged, protracted, or drawn out in length ; deferred, put off, delayed.*

Prolongement : m. *A prolonging, protracting, deferring, delaying.*

Prolonger. *To prolong, protract, put or drive off, draw out in length, defer, delay.*

Prolongeur : m. *A prolonger, protracter, wyre-drawer, delayer.*

Promarginaire : com. *Extended on the margent.*

Prome : m. *A Butler, or Drawer; also, a yeoman of the Larder.*

Promenement : m. *A walking.*

Promener. *To walke. See* Pourmener.

Promesse : f. *A promise ; a vow made, or assurance given, by word of mouth.*

Belle promesse fol lie ; Prov. *Faire promises oblige the fool ; or, are no better then fopperies ; (for the words* fol lie *equivocate unto* folie.)

Promesseur : m. *A promiser.*

Promettre. *To promise ; covenant ; vow ; undertake, or give his word, for ; also (in bargaining) to offer.*

Promettre sans donner est fol reconforter ; Prov. *To promise and give nought contents the foole.*

Beaucoup promettre, & peu tenir couste peu à entretenir ; Prov. *It costs a man but little to say much and doe little.*

Entre promettre, & donner dole on la fille marier ; Prov. *Between giving somewhat and promising much, a man may be honestly rid of a daughter.*

Promeu : m. euë : f. *Promoted, advanced, preferred.*

Promeu aux ordres ecclesiastiques, *Having taken Orders.*

Prominence : f. *A prominence ; a standing, sitting, or shouting, out ; hence, a Penthouse, &c. in building ; and in the body, that part of it member which is bigger, or thicker, then its fellowes, or those that be next adjoyning to it.*

Prominent : m. ente : f. *Prominent, extending, out-stretching, jutting out or over.*

Promis : m. ise : f. *Promised, vowed, covenanted ; given by word ; also (in bargaining) offered.*

Promiscue : com. *Promiscuous ; confused, mixed without order, mingled without consideration ; also, mutuall, indifferent, or without difference, common to many.*

Promiscuëment. *Promiscuously, confusedly ; indifferently, without difference, mutually, one with another.*

Promontoire : m. *A Promontory ; a hill which, elbow-like, lies out into the sea.*

Promoteur : m. *A Promoter ; also, a Protector ; whence ;*

Promoteur d'office. *as* Procureur fiscal.

Promotion : f. *Promotion, advancement, preferment.*

Promouvoir. *To promote, advance, preferre.*

Prompt : m. te : f. *Prompt, quick, speedy, nimble ; prepared, ready at hand.*

La plus prompte courtoisie c'est la meilleure ; Prov. *A prompt, and willing speed indeareth courtesies, the promptest, and most willing favours best.*

Promptement. *Promptly, quickly, speedily, readily, at hand.*

Promptitude : f. *Promptnesse, quicknesse, readinesse ; promenesse, preparation.*

Promptuaire : m. *A Promptuarie, Storehouse; Buttery, Seller, Spence.*

Pronateurs : m. *Certaine muscles whereby the hand is bent, or bowed downwards.*

Pronau : m. *A Pulpit ; or the place out of which the* Prone *is delivered.*

Prone : m. *The publication made, or notice given ; by a Priest unto his parishioners (when service is almost ended) of the holy daies, and fasting daies of the weeke following ; of goods lost, or strayed ; of such as desire to be relieved, or prayed for ; of Banes of Matrimony ; or of any such thing, besides their prayers, fit for them to understand.*

Prone : com. *Prone ; ready, nimble, quicke, wheeme, easily moving ; also, inclined, lying down or toward, bending or stooping downwards.*

Prononçable : com. *Pronounceable.*

Prononcé : m. ée : f. *Pronounced.*

Prononcer. *To pronounce ; expresse, name specially, deliver out or openly, utter precisely, denounce plainly, make expresse mention of.*

Prononciation : f. *Pronunciation, plaine utterance, open declaration, expresse delivery, precise mention of ; a pronouncing ; a denouncing,*

Pronostique. *A presage, or presaging ; a foreknowledge, or foreseeing, of ; a foretoken, or interpretation, of.*

Pronube : f. *A bride-maid ; or she that attires the bride, and attends on her unto the bridegroomes house.*

Pronube. (*Adjectively ; or as an Epithete, or Adjunct ; whence*) Iuno pronube, *assistant, or superintendent at marriages ; or, the goddesse of Marriage.*

Propect : m. *A dapper, neat, spruce, quaint, or compt fellow.*

Propension : f. Vne pro. à. *A propension, or propenesse ; a (naturall) inclination, readinesse, or willingnesse unto.*

Prophete : m. *A Prophet.*

Prophetie : f. *A Prophesie.*

Prophetique : com. *Prophetical ; prophecying ; of a Prophet ; belonging to a prophecie.*

Prophetizant. *Prophecying.*

Prophetizé : m. ée : f. *Prophecied, presaged, foretold.*

Prophetizer. *To prophecie ; presage, divine, foretell.*

Prophilactice : f. *An Antidote, a counterpoison ; or, that part of Phisick which concernes the preservation of the bodie.*

Propice : com. *Propitious, gracious, favorable ; gentle, tractable ; well inclined unto ; also, apt, meet, fit, proper, convenient for.*

'A bon bluteur May propice ; Pro. *Look May.*

Propine : f. *Drinking money, or somewhat to drinke.*

Propitiateur : m. *A propitiator ; a reconciler, pacifier, appeaser ; one that procures favor for others.*

Propitiation : f. *A propitiation, or attonement procured ; also, a propitiatory sacrifice.*

Propitiatoire : com. *Propitiatory ; appeasing, pacifying, reconciling, attoning.*

Propitier. *To propitiate, or make propitious ; to recontile, attone, pacifie, appease.*

Proportion : f. *Proportion, a proportion, rate, share, measure, quantity, size ; an equallnesse, or answerablenesse.*

Proportionné : m. ée : f. *Proportioned ; equally rated, shared, measured, squared.*

Proportionnellement. *Proportionally, or proportionably ; equally, rateably ; according to the just measure, size, quantity, or qualitie, of.*

Proportionnément. *The same.*

Proportionner. *To proportion ; rate, share, square, measure out equally ; make one thing answerable, or according, to the other.*

Propos : m. *A purpose, drift, end, intent, meaning, designe, determination ; also, talke, speech, discourse, chat, conference, communication ; also, aptnesse, fitnesse, convenincy, seasonablenesse, good season ; also, the first Bill which a plaintife puts into a Court.*

'A propos. *Fitly, seasonably, conveniently, commodiously, unto the purpose, or just pat.*

'A propos truelle *(followed by)* bon iour Masson. *A proverbiall phrase, used by such as beginning to quarrell, or expostulate with others, perceive on a suddaine some unexpected thing, the respect or fear whereof makes them as suddainely change, or sweeten, their language.*

Proposé : m. ée : f. *Purposed, intended, meant ; determined, decreed ; also, proposed, or propounded.*

Proposer. *To purpose, mean, designe, determine, intend ; also, to propose, propound, alledge, publish, declare, set, or lay downe, bring out, shew forth.*

Proposer reproches contre. *To challenge, or except against (a witnesse, &c.)*

Proposeur : m. *A propounder, a proposer.*

Proposition : f. *A proposition ; a sentence, or matter propounded ; a question, position, or short speech, containing the summe, or substance of that which we intend to prove.*

Propo-

Propoſition d'erreur. *A writ, or the laying, of Error*; Seek Erreur.

Propre: m. *Ones proper, or peculiar ſubſtance, eſtate, livelyhood, condition, ones owne.*

Propre conventionnel. C'eſt, quand il a eſté convenu que les deniers ſeront imployez en propre heritage; ou quand vn heritage eſt donné pour eſtre propre au donataire.

Propre naturel. *Lands, or goods come from a direct auncestor.*

Propre: com. *Proper, peculiar, particular, ones own; alſo, fit, apt, meet, convenient, able for; handſome, ſeemely, comely, well accommodated unto the purpoſe.*

Propres heritages. *Ones auncient inheritance; lands deſcended, or come unto him from his auncestors.*

Ce propre iour là. *That very day.*

Rien n'eſt noſtre n'eſt que ſoit en nous propre; Prov. *Nothing can be ſaid ours thats not bred with us.*

Propre. *(Adverbially) whence;*

Faict au propre. *Made of purpoſe, done for the nonce.*

Il ſe tenoit propre de ſa perſonne. *He kept himſelfe neatly, or handſomely.*

Proprement. *Properly, aptly, fitly, juſt, meet, convenient, handſomely, decently, to good purpoſe.*

Qu'au iourd'huy proprement. *That juſt to day, that this very day.*

Propret: m. ette: f. *Prettie, gentle, flat, neat, ſpruce, picked, compt, minion, trickſie, trimme.*

Propreté: f. *Fineſſe, aptneſſe; prettineſſe, neatneſſe, handſomeneſſe, gentleneſſe.*

Proprietaire: com. *A proprietarie, an owner.*

Proprietaire: com. *Proprietarie, as an owner.*

Rente proprietaire. *A rent ſervice, or fundamentall rent, going with, or annexed unto, the land.*

Seigneur proprietaire. *The right owner of an inheritance.*

Proprietairement. *In propertie, abſolutly, as an owner, as his owne.*

Proprieté: f. *A property, propriety, owing, ſpecialtie in; a juſt and abſolute power over, a freehold in; alſo, the nature, quality, inclination, or diſpoſition of; alſo, a handſome, or comely aſſortment; a fit commodity, or furniſhment; and, a roome or place well accommodated or fitted.*

Propugnacule: com. *A fortreſſe, bulwark, ſtrong hold, ſure defence.*

Propulſation: f. *A propulſation, repelling, driving back, chaſing forward, putting away.*

Prorata. Au p. de. *Every one after the rate, or according to the value, of.*

† Procirer. *To provoke, urge, excite, ſtirre, ſolicite.*

Prorogation: f. *A prorogation, or proroguing; a driving, or putting off.*

Prorogé: m. ée: f. *Prorogued, prolonged, put off.*

Proroger. *To prorogue, put over, drive off; prolong, defer, delay.*

Proſcripc: m. *An outlaw; a man deſigned, or expoſed unto ſlaughter; a proſcribed, or attainted perſon.*

Proſcript: m. ipte: f. *Proſcribed; attainted; expoſed, or deſigned unto ſlaughter; alſo, publikely ſold, or ſet unto ſale.*

Proſcription: f. *A Proſcription; Attainder; Outlawrie; a deſigning, or expoſing unto ſlaughter; alſo, Port ſale, or publike ſale.*

Proſcrire. *To proſcribe; attaint; outlaw; to expoſe, or deſigne unto ſlaughter; alſo, to publiſh, or proclaime the ſale of.*

Proſe: f. *Proſe; any ſtile which is not Verſe, or Meetre.*

Proſes. *Part of the Maſſe deviſed by the Abbot of S.* Galle.

De peu de choſe peu de proſe; Prov. *For ſmall matters little ſtrife; about ſmall things but ſmall adoe.*

Proſelite: m. *A Proſelite; a ſtranger turned to our faſhion, converted to our faith.*

Proſenette; m. *as* Proxenete.

Proſerie: f. *A place appointed for the nouriſhment of poore people.*

Proſne. *as* Prone.

Proſnet. *A Prieſt to preach, or to pronounce, the prone; look* Proñe.

Proſopopée: f. *A diſguiſing; repreſenting of perſons, ſuining of a perſon to ſpeak.*

Proſpective: f. *The Proſpective, Perſpective, or Opticke Art; alſo, a (bounded) proſpect; a (limited) view, or ſurvey.*

En proſpective. *Openly, to the view, for a ſhew, to be ſeen.*

Proſperément. *Proſperouſly, ſucceſſively, happily, luckily, fortunately.*

Proſperer. *To proſper, thrive, have or bring luck; to give ſucceſſe unto.*

Proſperité: f. *Proſperity, happineſſe, good luck, fortune, or ſucceſſe in.*

Proſtates. *Certain kernells in the neck of the bladder.*

Proſterné: m. ée: f. *Proſtrated, fallen flat, layed along; ſoyled, felled, borne, caſt, or ſtrucken down.*

Proſternement: m. *A proſtrating, or laying along; a felling, ſoyling, overthrowing.*

Proſterner. *To proſtrate, lay flat or along; to ſoyle, fell, caſt, bear, ſtrike down.*

Proſtitué: m. ée: f. *Proſtituted, abandoned, ſet to ſale, abuſed, or made common by every one that will pay.*

Proſtituer. *To proſtitute, abandon, ſet open to, make common for, every one; to play the whore with, or ſubject unto the pleaſure of, any man for mony.*

Proſtitution: f. *A proſtitution; a ſetting unto ſale, an abandoning to the uſe of any man for mony.*

Proſtration: f. *A proſtrating; a dejection, or falling at the feet of; or, as* Proſternement.

Proſyllogiſme. *A ſecond Syllogiſme proving the firſt.*

Protecole: m. *The firſt draught, or Copie of a Deed, Contract, Inſtrument; Evidence; or ſhort Regiſter kept thereof; alſo, a Precedent for the drawing of a Patent, or Deed; alſo, a booke of ſuch Precedents; alſo, a prompter of one that makes an Oration, or acts a Part, in publike.*

Protecteur: m. *A protector, maintainer, defender.*

Protection: f. *Protection, ſafegard, publike maintenance, or defence.*

Protectrice: f. *A protectriz, or defendreſſe.*

Protegé: m. ée: f. *Protected, covered, ſhielded, ſaved, defended.*

Proteger. *To protect, ſhield, cover, ſave, keepe harmleſſe, defend.*

† Protelé: m. ée: f. *Shifted off, put backe, driven or chaſed away; delayed.*

† Proteler. *To ſhift off, put back, drive or chaſe away; alſo, to delay, defer, protract.*

Protenotaire: m. *A Pregnotary, or principall Notarie.*

Proterve: com. *Froward, wayward, perverſe, curſt, ſnappiſh, peeviſh; alſo, proud, ſawcie, malaperi, arrogant, impudent.*

Protervement. *Perverſely, waywardly, frowardly; alſo, proudly, ſawcily, impudently.*

Protervie: f. *Frowardneſſe, perverſeneſſe, curſtneſſe, peeviſhneſſe, waywardneſſe; alſo, pride, ſawcineſſe, malapartneſſe, arrogancie, impudencie.*

Protervité: f. *as* Protervie.

Proteſtant. *Proteſting, denouncing, openly averring or declaring.*

Proteſtant de trahiſon. *Proteſting, or crying, that he was betrayed.*

Proteſtation: f. *A proteſtation; an open declaration, averment, or denouncement of an opinion, or purpoſe.*

Proteſté. *Proteſted, openly affirmed, earneſtly averred, ſolemnly avouched.*

Proteſter. *To proteſt; to aſſume earneſtly, averre ſolemnely, avouch or denounce openly; alſo, to deny the payment of a demanded debt; or to returne a Bill of debt unpayed.*

Proteſter de tous deſpens, dommages, & intereſts. *To challenge, demand, or inſiſt upon ſatisfaction for his dammages, and a reſtorall of all his coſts and charges.*

Prothocolle, & Protocole, *as* Protecole.

Protodiables: m. *The firſt, or cheefeſt of Divels.*

Proto-martyre. *The firſt Martyr.*

Protonotaire: m. *A Pregnotarie, principall Notarie, cheefe Scribe;* (*A title proper, and peculiar to the Greffier civil de la Cour de Parlement de Paris.*)

Prototype: m. *The firſt form, type, model, or pattern of.*

Prou. *for* Prouſit; *whence;*

Bon prou leur face. *Much good may it do them; let them follow their own courſes, or take their own waies.*

Prou. *Much, greatly, enough.*

Provature: f. *A kind of green Cheeſe made in Italy, of the milke of Buffles.*

Proüe: f. *The prow, or forepart of a Ship; alſo, a point advancing it ſelfe out of a building as the prow out of a ſhip.*

Provect: m. écte: f. *Well grown in age, or of good yeares; well ſtudied in an Art; forward, or far gone, in the courſe of Arts.*

Provençales. *Long ſlops, Mariners long breeches.*

Provende: f. *Provender; alſo, a Prebendry.*

Provenir. *To iſſue, come, ſcap, or ſpring forth; to proceed from.*

Proverbe: m. *A proverbe, adage, old ſaid ſaw, ſhort, and witty ſaying.*

Prover-

Proverbial : m. ale : f. *Proverbiall, of a Proverbe.*

Prouëſſe : f. *Proweſſe, courage, dowtineſſe, valour, chevalrie ; a valiant act, a ſmall action.*

Prouſit : m. *Profit, gaine, lucre ; increaſe of, or advantage in, ſtate.*

Prouſitable : com. *Profitable, gainefull, commodious, advantagious.*

Prouſitablement. *Profitably, gainefully, commodiouſly, advantagiouſly.*

Prouſitant. *Gaining, profiting, thriving by.*

Prouſité. *Profited, gained, thriven by.*

Prouſiter. *To Profit ; get, gaine, or grow rich, by ; to doe good upon ; alſo, to thrive, chieve, increaſe, grow.*

Prouſiterolle. *as* Profiterolle.

Provide : com. *Provident, heedfull, circumſpect, foreſeeing, forecaſting, warie, carefull, conſiderate.*

Providemment. *Providently, conſiderately, heedfully, with good forecaſt.*

Providence : f. *Providence, foreſight, forecaſt,*

† Prouiecter. *Looke* Projecter.

Provignable. *Propagable.*

Provignage. *as* Provignement.

Provigné : m. ée : f. *Set, or planted for breed, nouriſhed for increaſe ; propagated, multiplied, renewed, increaſed.*

Provignement : m. *A planting, or ſetting of a ſtocke, ſtaulke, ſlip, or ſucker for increaſe ; a propagating, multiplying, increaſing.*

Provigner. *To plant, or ſet a ſtocke, ſtaulke, ſlip, or ſucker, for increaſe ; or (more properly) to couch them downe, or ſet them double, with both ends appearing above the ground ; whereby being, within a while, rooted in the middle, they come to yeeld a manifold, or double increaſe ; hence alſo, to propagate, multiply, get, raiſe, or breed many of one ; or to renew things out of an old ſtore.*

Provigner des procez. *To breed ſute upon ſute, raiſe one ſute out of another ; to make worke for Lawyers.*

Provigneur : m. *A planter, or ſetter (as in* Provigner*) A Propagator, breeder, increaſer.*

Provin : m. *A ſtocke, ſtaulke, plant, ſtoute, ſlip, or ſucker planted, or fit to be planted (as in* Provigner*) for increaſe.*

Province : f. *A Province, Region, Countrey, Shire ; properly ſuch a one, as having been ſubdued by force of armes, is governed by a Viceroy, Deputie, or Lieutenant.*

Provileur : m. *A Purveyor, or provider.*

Proviſion : f. *A proviſion, purveying, or providing for ; alſo, proviſion, ſtore, furniture.*

Lettres de proviſion. *Letters Patents whereby an office, or dignitie is granted.*

Iuger par proviſion. *For a time onely, untill further order be taken, or proviſion made.*

Par maniere de Proviſion. *In the mean time, the whilſt, or in the meane while.*

Proviſional : m. ale : f. *Proviſionall, onely for a ſeaſon, continuing but for a time ; whence ;*

Sentence proviſionale. *A Sentence implying a limitation, or of force no longer then untill further order may be taken.*

Proviſoire : com. *Proviſorie, conditionall, implying a limitation, including a proviſo ; or, as* Proviſional.

Proumeu. *as* Promeu.

Proumouvoir. *Look* Promouvoir.

Provocation : f. *A provocation, provoking, egging, urging, incenſing, ſtirring, inciting.*

Provocatoire : m. *A Provocatorie ; a writing, &c. whereby one is provoked ; a challenge.*

Provoqué : m. ée : f. *Provoked, urged, incited, incenſed ; alſo chall enged, or defied.*

Provoquemeut : m. *A provoking.*

Provoquer. *To provoke, egge, urge, move, ſtirre, incite, incenſe ; deſie, challenge.*

Provoqueur : m. *A provoker, a challenger.*

Prouvé : m. ée : f. *Proved, tryed ; aſſured, verified, juſtified, made good.*

Prouver. *To prove, try, eſſay ; verifie, approve, aſſure, confirme, juſtifie, make good.*

Prouveu : m. *Looke* Pourveu.

Prouveu : m. euë : f. *Provided or purveyed of, ſtored or furniſhed with ; alſo, foreſeene, forecaſt, conſidered beforehand.*

Prouvoir. *To purvey or provide for, to furniſh or ſtore with ; alſo, to foreſee, forecaſt, beware, take heed, look to, ſhift for, conſider beforehand.*

Prouvoyance : f. *Purveyance, proviſion ; foreſight, forecaſt, heed, caution, regard, conſideration.*

Prouvoyant. *Providing, purveying for ; heeding, regarding, looking unto.*

Proxenete : m. *A Broker, a Huckſter ; a meane dealer betweene party and party.*

Proximité : f. *Proximity, neerneſſe, nigheſſe, neighbourhood ; the next degree of lineage, or kindred.*

Proye : f. *A prey, bootie ; ſpoyle.*

Cela n'eſt pas proye pour ſes levriers ; *That is no Lettuce for his lips.*

Qui a le vilain il a ſa proye ; Prov. *He that can ſeize a churle, commands all that he hath.*

Regnard qui beaucoup tarde attend la proye ; Prov. *The Fox that's long away, for purchaſe waiteth.*

Proyer. *as* Preyer.

Prudemment. *Prudently, wiſely, diſcreetly, adviſedly, cunningly.*

Prudence : f. *Prudence, diſcretion, circumſpection, adviſedneſſe, warineſſe ; cunning, skilfullneſſe, knowledge.*

Prudent : m. ente : f. *Prudent, warie, ſage, diſcreet, circumſpect, adviſed, ſlye, cunning, skilfull, expert, experienced in many matters.*

Femme prudente, & ſage ; eſt l'ornement de ſon meſnage ; Prov. *A woman wiſe, and provident, doth beautifie her tenement.*

Prune : f. *A Plumme.*

Prune blanche. *The wheat, or white Plumme.*

Prune de cheval. *A Horſe Plumme.*

Prune de Damas. *A Damſon, or Damaſk Plumme.*

Plume ſauvage. *A wild Plumme ; a Bullace ; (as alſo) a Sloe, or Snag.*

Il en pelera la prune. *He will decrely aby it, he will have much trouble about it, he will ſurely pay, or ſmart, for it.*

Il ne fait pas bon manger des prunes avec ſon Seigneur ; Prov. *Looke* Manger.

Pruneau : m. *A Prune ; or a little Plumme.*

Prunelat : m. *The name of a Vine, or Grape, whereof there be two ſorts, the one white, the other red.*

Prunelette : f. *A little Plumme.*

Prunelier : m. *The blacke thorne, or Sloe tree.*

Prunelle : f. *A Sloe, or Snag ; alſo, the herbe called Prunell, or Brunell, Hookebeale, Sicklewort, Carpenters herb ; alſo, the ball, or apple of the eye.*

Prunier : m. *A Plumme tree.*

Prunier ſauvage. *The Bullace tree.*

Prunier : m. ere : f. *Bearing, or abounding with Plummes ; of, or belonging to, Plummes ; loving Plummes.*

Prurir. *To itch, to tickle ; to deſire luſtfully.*

Prurit : m. *An itching, or tickling ; a luſtfull deſire of, or affection unto.*

Pruyer. *as* Preyer.

Pſalme : m. *A Pſalme ; a ſong made of, or unto, God.*

Pſalmiſte : m. *A Pſalmiſt, a maker of Pſalmes.*

Pſalmodie : f. *The ſinging of Pſalmes.*

Pſalmodier. *To ſing Pſalmes.*

Pſalterion : m. *A Pſalterie ; a melodious Inſtrument which reſembles a Harpe.*

Pſaultier : m. *A Pſaulter ; a booke of Pſalmes.*

Pſeaume. *Looke* Pſalme.

Pſeudonard. *Spike, Lavender, Lavender Spike.*

Pſeudonard femelle. *Female Lavender, white Lavender ; the ſmalleſt Lavender,*

Pſilothre : f. *Britonie, Tettaberrie ; alſo, an ointment for the taking of haire away,*

Pſoloente. *A kind of lightning whoſe fluſh deſtroyes whatſoever it lights on.* ¶ Rab.

Ptiſane. *as* Tiſanne,

Ptoſchalazon. *A Polypragmon, medler, buſie-bodie.* ¶ Rab.

Ptyade : f. *A greeniſh aſh-coloured Aſpe, which raiſing up her neck and head, ſhits venome at thoſe whom ſhe cannot reach with her teeth.*

Puamment. *Stinkingly ; moſt unſavorily.*

puant : m. ante : f. *Stinking, ranke, unſavorie, ſtrong ; that hath an ill waſt, or ſmell.*

Beſtes puantes. *Vermine ; or beaſts of the chaſe of the ſtinking ſoot. Looke under* Beſte.

Herbe puante. *Smal ſtinking Fleabane comica.*

Debonnaire mire fait playe puante ; Prov. *A courteous Surgeon makes a corrupt ſore.*

Puanteur : f. *A ſtinke, ſtench ; rankeneſſe ; a noyſome waſt, ſtrong ſavor, ill ſmell.*

Puantiſe :

Puantiſe : f. *as* Puanteur.

Puberté : f. *Youth ; or the age wherein haire begins to grow about the privities.*

Public : m. ique : f. *Publick, vulgar, common, manifeſt, evident, apparent, in the eyes of the world.*

Publicain : m. *A Publican, a Tole-gatherer ; a Farmer, or levier of publike revenue.*

Publication : f. *A publication, divulgation, manifeſtation, open diſcoverie, making of things common.*

Publication d'enqueſtes. C'eſt quand les enqueſtes ſon rapportées, & receuës, & que les parties en prennent communication ; apres laquelle ils ne ſont plus receus à Bailler reproches, & objects de teſmoings. ¶ Raguеau.

Publication d'un livre. *The Edition, ſetting forth, or ſending abroad, of a booke.*

Publié : m. ée : f. *Divulged, publiſhed, ſet forth, manifeſted, made common.*

Publier. *To publiſh, divulge, manifeſt, proclame, noiſe abroad, lay open, ſet forth, make common, or knowne.*

Publieur : m. *A publiſher, cryer, proclamer.*

Publiquement. *Publikely, commonly, manifeſtly, openly, all abroad, in the face, or eye of the world.*

Puce. *as* Pulce.

Puceal : m. ale : f. *Virgine, maiden, or maidenlie ; of a virgine, or maiden, virgine or maiden-like.*

Puceau : m. *A man that hath not loſt his virginitie ; alſo, one that with a puffe lights a candle newly put out ; alſo, a kind of Vine.*

Pucelage : m. *Pucellage, virginitie, maidenhead ; alſo, the end of a maidens girdle hanging downe before ; alſo, the herbe called Periwinkle.*

Puceler. *To corrupt, or deflower, a maid.*

Pucelle : f. *a maid, virgine ; girle, damſell, mother ; alſo the river Pilchard ; or a young, or little Shad-fiſh.*

Pucelle de Marolle. *A craft peece ; a wench that hath got a clap ; one that rather goes for a maid then is one.*

Petites pucelles ſont enſemble belles ; Prov. *Young girles looke faire when they together are.*

Pucher. *To take up.* ¶ Norm.

Pudeur : f. *as* Pudicité.

Pudibunde : com. *Shamefaſt, baſhfull, modeſt, honeſt.*

Parties pudibundes. *The privie parts, or members.*

Pudicité : f. *Pudicitie, chaſtitie, modeſtie, puritie, untaintedneſſe, cleaneneſſe of life.*

Pudique : com. *Chaſt, pure, untainted, cleane ; ſhamefaſt, modeſt, honeſt.*

Pudiquement. *Chaſtly, purely, untaintedly, modeſtly, ſhamefaſtly.*

† Pueille. *as* Peulle.

† Puël. Bois eſtans en puël. *Having been lately cut, or lopped.*

† Puër la Vigne. *To cut a Vine ; or as* Pouër.

Puerilité : f. *Puerilitie, boyiſhneſſe, childiſhneſſe, triſling, ſimplicitie.*

Puette : f. *A peg in a Hogshead, &c. of Wine ; alſo, the peg-hole.*

Pugnitif : m. itue : f. *Warlike, fighting, contentious, quarrelſome.*

Puinne : f. *Spindle-tree, Prick-wood, Prick-timber.*

Puir. *To ſtinke, ſmell ranke, yeeld an ill waſt, have a bad ſavor.*

Ce qu'on donne luit, ce qu'on mange puit ; Prov. *True bountie conſiſts rather in giving men meanes then meat ; or, as under* Luire.

puis : m. *A well, a Draw-well ; a pit.*

Marier la cave, & le puis. *To mingle wine and water together.*

Pendant que la corde eſt au puis, *While we have opportunitie, while occaſion ſerves.*

Pierre en puis n'eſt pas pourrie ; Pro. *Looke under* Pierre.

Puis. (*Of the Verbe* Pouvoir,) *I am able, I can.*

Puis. *Then, after, moreover, furthermore.*

Puis que. *Seeing that, ſince that.*

Et puis, *Well then, ſo then ; hoe, what ſir, how then, what though, what of that, put the caſe it be ſo.*

Et puis ; qu'en ſera il ? *After all that, or ſuppoſe all that be ſaid, or done, what will follow, or what come of it ? (in diſdaine.)*

puiſé : m. ée : f. *Drawne up, taken in, ſucked up ; drayned, or drawne dry.*

Puiſement : m. *A drawing up, or out of ; a drayning, or drawing dry.*

Puiſer. *To draw up, take in, or ſuck out ; alſo, to drayne, or draw dry.*

La Navire puiſe. *Leakes, or ſhippes in water apace.*

Puiſeur : m. *A drawer, or drayner of water, &c.*

Puiſne : f. *as* Puinne.

Puiſné. *Punie, younger, borne after.*

Puiſſamment. *Puiſſantly, powerfully, mightily, ſtrongly, forcibly.*

Puiſſance : f. *Puiſſance, power, or powerfulneſſe ; force, might, ſtrength ; abilitie, poſſibility, wealth, ſway, authority, juriſdiction ; alſo, a power, army, or great number of men.*

Puiſſance de fief. *The power ſome Landlords have to redeeme to their owne uſes the land ſold by their Tenant, by paying unto the purchaſer whatſoever he gave for it, or deſrayd about it.*

Puiſſant. *Puiſſant, mightie, powerfull, ſtrong, forcible, moſt able ; wealthie, of great meanes or authority, ſwaying where he comes.*

Sergent puiſſant, & reſſeant. *Which reſides, or dwells within his walke.*

Puitier : m. *A digger, or maker of pits ; a Well-maker.*

Puits : m. *as* Puis ; *a well.*

Pulce : f. *A flea ; alſo, the ſmall ſpeckled, or ſtreaked Spider.*

Pulce de mer. *A ſmall vermine in the ſea reſembling a Shrimpe.*

Pulces muſnieres des Hoſtels-Dieu de Paris. *Lice.*

L'herbe à pulces. *Fleabane, or fleawort. Look* Pulciere.

Meſurer les ſauts des pulces. *To ſpend, or beſtow time very fondly.*

A la Saincte Luce du ſaut d'une pulce ; Prov. viz. Le iour croiſt.

Qui ſe couche avec les chiens ſe leve avec des pulces ; Prov. *We grow the worſe for ill company.* (*This Proverbe is alſo applyable to ſuch as adhere unto poor, or hard maſters, from whom no good can be hoped, or drawne.*)

Pulceau : m. *The name of a vine.*

Pulceux : m. euſe ; f. *Full of fleas.*

Pulcier : m. ere ; f. *Fleaie ; of a flea ; full of fleas.*

Pulciere : f. *The herbe Fleawort ; alſo, Fleabane ; (The ſeeds of that reſemble fleas ; the perfume of this doth kill them.)*

Pulçot : m. *A little flea ; alſo, the worme called a Vine-fretter.*

Pulege : m. *Peunie royall, Puliall royall, Pudding-graſſe, Lurkyd ſh.*

Pullulant. *Budding, ſhooting, ſpringing, or ſprouting out.*

Pullulé. *Budded, ſhot, ſprung, or ſprouted out.*

Pulluler. *To bud, ſhoot, ſpring, put, or ſprout out.*

Pulmonaire : f. *The herbe called Lungwort, or Cowſlip of Jeruſalem ; alſo, the moſſe called Lungwort, or wood Liverwort.*

Pulmonée : f. *as* Poulmelée.

Pulpe : f. *The pulpe, or pith of plants, &c. alſo, the brawne, or ſolide and muſculie fleſh of the bodie.*

Pulpite. *Look* Poulpitre.

Pulſatil : m. ile : f. *Knocking ; beating.*

Pulſatille : f. *Pulſatill, Paſque flower, Paſſe-flower, Flaw-flower.*

Pulſation : f. *A knocking, thumping, beating.*

Pulte : f. *A poultice.*

Pulverin : m. *The touch-hole of a peece of Ordnance.*

Pulverizé : m. ée : f. *Pulverized ; beaten, or made, into powder.*

Pulverizer. *To pulverize ; to reduce, beat, or make, into powder.*

Pulvinaire : m. *A boulſter for the bed of a Prince ; alſo, a banquetting bed made in the Romane Temples to the honor, and for the eaſe, of their gods.*

Pulviné : m. ée : f. *Furniſhed, or boulſtered, with cuſhions, or pillowes.*

Pumice. Pierre Pumice. *A Pumiſe ſtone.*

Punais : m. aiſe : f. *Stinking, ranke or ſtrong of ſavor, loathſomely ſmelling ; alſo, having a corrupt, or obſtructed noſe, and therefore ſmelling little or nothing.*

Punaiſe : f. *The noyſome, and ſtinking worm, or vermine called, a Punie, or the bed Punie.*

Punaiſe des champs. *The field Punie (is green) and leſſe then the other, but erie whit as ſtinking.*

L'herbe aux punaiſes. *Fleabane, Canira, Fleabane Mullet.*

Punaiſie : f. *Stinke, ſtench, ranke ſavor.*

Punctille. *as* Pointille.

Punction : f. *A pricking, ſeyning, ſticking ; ſtinging ; alſo, a pointing.*

Punctual : m. ale : f. *Punctuall, pointing ; alſo, pricking, or ſtinging.*

Cautere punctual. *See* Cautere.

Punctuation : f. *A pointing ; a marking, or diſtinguiſhing of points.*

Punctué : m. ée : f. *Pointed ; noted, marked, or diſtinguiſhed by points.*

Punctuer. *To point ; to make points ; to note, marke, or diſtinguiſh by points.*

Puneſie

Punesie, *ſor* Pleureſie : (*a ruſticall word.*)
Puni : m. ie : f. *Puniſhed, chaſtiſed, corrected.*
Punir. *To puniſh, chaſtiſe, correct, inflict plagues on, take vengeance of.*
Puniſſable : com. *Puniſhable.*
Puniſſeur : m. *A puniſher, chaſtiſer, corrector.*
Punition : f. *A puniſhment, chaſtiſement, correction ; paine inflicted, vengeance taken ; alſo, a puniſhing, chaſtiſing, correcting.*
Pupe. *The fiſh Pourcontrell, or Many-feet.*
Pupilaire : com. *Pupillarie, of, or belonging to, a Pupill.*
Pupilarité : f. *Nonnage.*
Pupile : m. *A Pupill, Ward, Orphan, Vnderling, one thats under age.*
Pupille. *as* Pupile.
Pupine. *The name of an apple.*
Puput : m. *The bird called a Whoope, or dunghill Cocke ; alſo, a kind of Frog.*
Puputer. *To whoope, or cry like the Whoope.*
Pur : m. ure : f. *Pure ; whole, perfect, full, entire of it ſelfe ; white, faire, cleere, cleane, unſpotted, uncorrupted, neat ; thin, fine, ſmooth ; innocent, ſimple, honeſt, upright, ſincere ; without mixture, filth ; condition, or exception.*
Pure perte du vaſſal. *An abſolute ſeiſure of, or entrie into, the land of a tenant, or vaſſall, made by his Landlord.*
Default ſimple, ou pur. *Looke* Simple.
A pur, & à plein. *Flatly and plainely, with full authoritie.*
Purée : f. *Sap, juyce.*
La purée de pois. *Peaſe ſtrained, peaſe pottage, or the liquor of Peaſe.*
La purée de Septembre. *Wine.*
Purement. *Purely ; neatly, fairely, cleerly ; wholly, fully, entirely ; ſincerely, uprightly ; innocently, ſimply ; without welt, or gard ; without exception or condition.*
Purer. *To mattar ; to grow unto a head, or mattar ; alſo, to yeeld, or diſtill mattar.*
Pureté : f. *Purity, pureneſſe ; neatneſſe, faireneſſe, clenlineſſe, cleerneſſe ; honeſtie, ſinceritie, integritie, innocencie, intireneſſe.*
Purgation : f. *A purgation, purging, cleering, cleanſing, ſcowring ; a good excuſe, full ſatisfaction, expurgation, juſtification.*
Purgatorie : m. *Purgatorie.*
Purgatoire : com. *Purgatorie, purging, clenſing, expiatorie, ſatisfactorie.*
Purge : f. *A purge, purgation, cleering, expiation, juſtification, ſatisfaction ; or the indeavour which a deliquent uſes to purge himſelfe.*
Purgé : m. ée : f. *Purged, clenſed, cleered ; juſtified ; expiated.*
Purgement : m. *as* purgation.
Purger. *To purge, clenſe, cleer, ſcowre ; expiate, ſatisfie, remedie, juſtifie, excuſe fully.*
Purger les arrierages de rentes ; les deſpens, les debtes, les droicts ſeigneuriaux. *To diſcharge, or pay them.*
Purger le defaut. *A defendant, or any other, that appeared not at firſt, to come in by himſelfe, or by his Atturney, and offer to anſwer.*
Purger vne maiſon, ou heritage. C'eſt faire ſçavoir par proclamations, & affiches, que l'heritage, &c. eſt à purger, & qu'il ſera decreté par juſtice, afin qu'il ſoit purgé & deſchargé de toutes charges, hypotheques, & empeſchemens, autres que ceux qui ſeront declarez, & receus par ſentence. ¶ Rageau.
Purificatif : m. iue : f. *Purificative, purifying.*
Purification : f. *A purification, purifying, cleering, cleenſing, purging, ſcowring.*
Purifié : m. ée : f. *Purifyed, cleered, cleenſed, purged, ſcowred.*
Purifier. *To purifie, cleer, cleenſe, purge.*
Puton : m. *A botch, powke, or blaine full of ordure, or filthie mattar.*
Purpurin : m. ine : f. *Of purple, or Purple-like.*
Purulent : m. ente : f. *Mattarie, corrupt, filthie, full of bealing, full of ordure.*
Puſillanime : com. *Daſtardlie, cowardlie, faint-hearted, white-liverced.*
Neceſſité rend magnanime le coüard & puſillanime ; Pro. *Neceſſitie, and diſtreſſe puts courage into cowards.*
Puſillanimement. *Daſtardly, cowardly, without mettall, heart, or courage.*
Puſillanimité : f. *Puſillanimitie, faint-heartedneſſe, cowardiſe.*
Puſſons : m. *The ſmall grecne flyes that lye cluttering under the leaves of herbes, and within a while devoure them.*
Puſtule : f. *A puſh, blaine, wheale, waterpowke, ſmall bliſter.*
Puſtuleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of puſhes, wheales, blaines, little bliſters.*
Putain : f. *A whore, queane, punke, drab, flurt, ſtrumpet, harlot, cockatrice, naughty packe, light huswife, common hackney.*
Effronté en putain. *As bold, or braſen-faced, as a whore.*
Putain fait comme la corneille plus ſe lave & plus noire eſt elle ; Prov. *A queane and Crow alike do fare, the more they waſh the fowler they are.*
Aſſez fait qui fortune paſſe, & plus encor qui putain chaſſe ; Prov. *as under* Fortune.
Fils de putain ne fit iamais bien ; Pro. *Never did ſon of a whore do well.*
Putanier. *as* Putier.
Putaſſer. *To haunt whore-houſes ; to uſe, follow, or affect whores.*
Putaſſerie : f. *A whoring, whore-hunting, bawderie, wenching.*
Putaſſier : m. ere : f. *Whoriſh, whore-like, of, or belonging to, a whore.*
Putatif : m. iue : f. *Putative, reputed, imaginarie, ſuppoſed, eſteemed.*
†Puteal : m. ale : f. *Deep as a pit ; of a pit.*
Puterbe : m. *An Hermit (or any other) whoſe breath is tainted by much feeding on herbes.*
Puterie : f. *Whoring, whoredome, whore-hunting, wenching.*
Putier : m. *A whoremonger, whore-hunter, ſmell-ſmock, wencher.*
Putier : m. ere : f. *Whoriſh, drab-like, impudent, immodeſt, light ; laſcivious, wenching, whore-hunting.*
Putoir : m. *A ſtinke, ill ſavour, filthie waſt, rank ſmell ; alſo, as* Putier, *and as* Putois.
Putois : m. *A Fitch, or Fullmart.*
Putput : m. *as* Puput.
Putredineux : m. euſe : f. *Full of rottenneſſe.*
Putrefactif : m. iue : f. *Putrefactive.*
Putrefaction : f. *Putrefaction, rottenneſſe, corruption.*
Putrefié : m. ée : f. *Putrified, rotten, corrupted.*
Putrefier. *To putrifie, rot, corrupt.*
Putride : com. *Putride, putrified, rotten, tainted, corrupted.*
Putte : f. *A wench, laſſe, girle, modder ; (eſpecially one that is no better then ſhee ſhould be.)*
Puy : m. *as* Puis ; *A Well ; alſo, a billock, or high clot of earth.*
Puye : f. *as* Appuye.
Puyne. *Spindle-tree, pricke-wood, pricke-timber.*
Py : m. *as* Pis ; *the breaſt, &c.* (*an old word.*)
Pyafer, & Pyapher. *Look* Piaffer.
Pye-pou. *The round-rooted, or Onyon-rooted Crowfoot.*
Pygmé : m. ée : f. *Dwarfie, ſhort, low, little, of a ſmall ſtature.*
Pylore. *The maw-gut, or ſtomack-gut.*
Pyment. *Look* Piment.
Pynthe. *as* Pinte. ¶ Rab.
Pylaride : f. *A fire-flie, or worme bred in the fire, from which if it be kept any while, or removed any diſtance, it dies.*
Pyramide. *as* Piramide.
Pyrate : m. *A Pyrate, Rover, ſea-robber.*
Pyraterie : f. *Pyracie, roving, ſea-robbing.*
Pyratique : com. *Pyraticall ; of, or belonging to, a Pyrate.*
Pyrethre : m. *The herb called Bartram, or Pellitory ; or, the right Pellitory of Spaine.*
Pyrethre ſauvage. *Wild Bartram, wild Pellitory ; alſo, the herb Sneeſewort.*
Pyrolle : f. *Pirola, (herb) Winter-green.*
Pyronomie : f. *The art of governing, or ordering Alchimiſticall, fires.*
Pyrope. *A kind of fiery-red Carbuncle (ſtone.)*
Pyrotechnie : f. *The making of fire-works.*
Pyrothique : com. *Cauſtick, and corroſive.*
Pyrouët : m. *A Shittlecock.*
Pyrouëtte. *See* Pirouëtte.
Pyrrique. *A ſouldierly forme of dancing in Armour ; invented by* Pyrrhus *King of* Macedonia.
Pyvoine : f. *Piony, Peony, Kings bloome, Roſe of the mount.*

Q

QUadragenaire : com. *Of forty yeares.*
Quadrageſimal : m. ale : f. *Lenten ; of, or belonging to, Lent.*
Quadrain : m. *A Stanzo, or ſtaffe of foure verſes.*
Quadran : m. *A Sun-dyall.*
Quadrangle : m. *A Quadrangle, a ſquare Plot, or figure having foure angles, and foure ſides.*
Quadrangulaire : com. *Quadrangular, foure-cornered, foure-ſquare.*
Quadrangule : com. *The ſame.*
† Quadrannier : m. ere : f. *Of foure yeares ; alſo, foure yeares old.*
Quadraturé : m. ée : f. *Square, well growne, well ſet ; almoſt as thicke as long.*

Quadre. les Quadres de la Lune. *The Quarters of the Moon.*

Quadré : m. ée : f. *Squared; alſo, fitted, or agreeing, unto.*

Quadrelle : f. *An Arrow, a Shaft.*

Quadrer. *To ſquare; alſo, to ſuit, be fit, agree unto, ſtand well with, ſerve juſt in a place.*

Quadrilettre : f. *A word of four letters.*

Quadrille : f. *A Squadron containing 25 (or fewer) Souldiers.*

Quadrin : m. *as* Llard.

Quadrivie : f. *A place where four ſundry waies do meet; alſo, a way that hath four ſeverall turnings, or partings.*

Quadrupe : com. *Foure-footed.*

Quadruple : com. *Quadruple, four double, four-fould, four times as much.*

Quadruplé : m. ée : f. *Quadruplated; foulded, renewed, repeated four times over; made four times as much.*

Quadruplement : m. *as* Quadruplication.

Quadrupler. *To fould, renew, repeat four times; to quadruplate, or make foure times as much.*

Quadruplication : f. *A quadruplication; a renewing, repeating, making four times over.*

Quadrupliqûe du defendeur : f. *A ſecond rejoynder; or the third defence made, or writing put into Court, by a defendant.*

Qu'a-huqu'a-ha. *Well or ill, I know not how; here or there, one way or another; alſo, laborioufly, hardly, painfully, with much paine, with great adoe.*

Quai : m. *The key of a river, or haven; alſo, a piller of Marble, or ſtone.*

Quaiſſe : f. *A ſquare woodden cheſt, ſuch as Armour, or Merchandiſe is carried in; alſo, a great, and cheſtlike partition in garners, to put corn in; alſo, a Drumme, or (moſt properly) the barrell, or wood of a Drumme; alſo, a Scoope, or Ladle, ſuch as Canoniers lade their pieces withall.*

Quaiſſier : m. *A Cheſt-keeper; he that keepeth the keyes of the cheſt wherein publike Records, or commodities, are kept.*

Qualibre : m. *The bore of a Gun, or ſize of the bore; (and hence) alſo, the ſize, capacity, or faſhion of any ſuch thing; alſo, the ſtate, condition, calling, or humor of a man; whence;*

Il n'eſt pas de mon qualibre. *He is not of my qualitie, ranke, or humor, he is no fit companion for me.*

Qualibré : m. ée : f. *Fit for, or fitted unto, the bore, agreeing with, or applied unto, the ſize of.*

Balotte de fer bien qualibrée. *A bullet of a good ſize, or ſerving for a large bore.*

Qualifié : m. ée : f. *Qualified, intituled, ſtiled, called, tearmed.*

Qualifier. *To qualifie, tearme, intitle, call, ſtile.*

Qualité : f. *A qualitie, condition, ſort, faſhion, manner, degree, ſtate, name, title, function, calling; any circumſtance accompanying, or belonging to, a thing.*

Quand. *When, at what time, when as; alſo, if that, although, howbeit, notwithſtanding, all were it; alſo, ſeeing that; alſo, till, until, or againſt the time that.*

Quandoque. Docteur de quandoque. *A dunſicall Doctor.*

Quanceuſe : f. *A Mil-hopper.*

Quant à. *As for, as touching, in as much as, in regard of.*

Quant & quant. *Forthwith, incontinently, therewith, by and by.*

Quant & quant vous. *Altogether, together with, in company of, you.*

Quant eſt de moy. *For my part, as for me.*

Quant ores. *Albeit, though, although.*

D'icy à quant. *How far off? how long to? untill what time?*

Il fait bien le quant à moy. *he ſtands on very nice tearmes, he makes very ſtrange, or dainty of the matter; alſo, he ſlackens, relents, growes calme; alſo, he hath a good conceit of himſelfe, or values a ſtrange opinion of his owne above all others.*

Quantes fois. *How often, how many times.*

Toutes & quantes tois; *or,* Toutes fois & quantes. *As often, as many times, as.*

Quantieſme : com. *Of what number, or which (in number?) in what place, ranke, order?*

Quantité : f. *Quantity, ſize, bigneſſe, greatneſſe; a deale, ſtore, plenty, abundance.*

Quanton. *as* Canton.

Quiqueroles : f. *The tawny Beetles which buzze about by flocks in hay-time; alſo, the ſhells of Snayles, &c.*

Quiquet : m. *Prattling, tattling, tittle tattle, prittle prattle, much talk, lowd chat, many words.*

Quiquetant. *Prattling, tattling, babbling, chattering.*

Quiqueté. *Tattled, prattled, babbled.*

Quaquetement : m. *A prating, prattling, babbling, tattling, chattering.*

Quaqueter. *To prate, prattle, babble, tattle, chatter, uſe many words.*

Quarantaine : f. *Lent; alſo, a terme of forty daies, during which are prayers, in ſome places, powred out for the dead.*

La quarantaine du Roy. *Fortie daies truce, during which it was not lawfull for a man, in S. Lewis his time, to proſecute any revenge againſt the kinſemen, or friends of ſuch as had wronged, or outraged him.*

Quarante. *Forty.*

Quarantiéme : com. *The fortieth.*

Quarentaine. *as* Quarantaine.

Quareſme : m. *Lent. See* Careſme.

Quareſmeau. Iour quareſmeau. *A Lenten, or fiſh-day.*

Quarillon. *as* Carillon.

Quarlet : m. *The ſmall Plaice, or freſh-water Plaice; or a kind of broad, and ſhort Plaice.*

Quarme : m. *The Horn beame, Hard beame, Witch Haſell, Yoke tree.*

Quarneau. *as* Creneau.

Quarquan. *See* Carcan.

Quarre : m. *A Square, Quadrant, ſquare figure; any thing that is foure ſquare; and (particularly) a ſquare bed in a Garden.*

Quarré : m. ée : f. *Square, foure-ſquare; ſquared, made ſquare.*

Quarreau : m. *Is (generally) a little ſquare, or ſquare thing; (particularly) a Diamond, or Picke, at Cardes; alſo, a ſquare tile, or brick, fit to pave with; alſo, a cuſhion; alſo, a bed in a Garden; alſo, a Quarrell, or boult for a Croſſebow, or an Arrow with a four-ſquare head; alſo, as* Plinthe. *See* Carreau.

Le quarreau de priſons. *The Maſters ſide.*

Quarrefour : m. *The place in, or part of, a towne whereat foure ſtreets meet a head.*

Par tous les quarrefours de. *Throughout all the foure Quarters, corners, or ſtreets of.*

Quarrelé : m. ée : f. *Paved, floored, or laid with ſquare tiles, or ſtones; alſo, ſoled, or cobled, as a ſhooe.*

Quarreler. *To pave, lay, or floore, with ſquare tiles, or ſtones; alſo, to ſole, or cobble, a ſhooe.*

Quarrelet : m. *as* Quarlet; *or as* Carrelet.

Quarreleur : m. *A ſoler, or cobler of ſhooes.*

Quarreleure : f. *A paving, flooring, or laying with ſquare tiles, &c. alſo, a ſoling, or cobling of ſhooes.*

Quarrellage : m. *A pavement, or paving with, ſquare tiles or ſtones; alſo, big timber to be ſawed into quarters.*

Quarrellé : m. ée : f. *as* Quarrelé.

Quarrément. *Squarely.*

Quarrer. *To ſquare, to make ſquare.*

Se quarrer. *To ſtrout, or ſquare it, look big on't, carry his armes a kemboll braggadochio-like.*

Il y quarre le cercle. *as under* Cercle; *or, he is therein clean out of his element; at th'utmoſt end of his cunning; he can doe nothing in it having puzzled, and gravelled have greater ſchollers then himſelfe.*

Quarreure : f. *A ſquare; alſo, a ſquaring, a making ſquare or broad; alſo, ſquarneſſe, or breadth.*

Quarrier. *as* Quarrieur.

Quarriere : f. *A highway; a quarry of ſtone; a carreere, or courſe on horſeback. See* Carriere.

Quarrieur : m. *A Quarrier, or Quarryman; a hewer of ſtones in quarreyes; a plucker of ſtones out of quarreyes.*

Quarril : m. *The fourth part of a Spaniſh Real; a ſmall coyne worth our three-halfpence.*

Quarroy : m. *A great, and broad, highway.*

Le grand quarroy. *The Kings highway.*

Quart : m. *A fourth; a quarter; a fourth part; and particularly, a French pecke, or the fourth part of a* Boiſſeau; *as alſo, the fourth part of the value of retailed merchandiſe, due (ſometimes, and in ſome caſes) as a cuſtome unto the King.*

Quart de Chopine. *The quarter, or fourth part, of a* Chopine. *Look* Chopine.

Quart d'eſcu. *A* Teſton, *or* Quardecue, *a ſilver piece of coyne worth 18 d. ſterl.*

Quart des Sentences. *A part of the Popiſh decretalls.*

Quart : m. quarte : f. *The fourth.*

Quart denier. *The fourth penny, or part of the value of an inheritance* Cottier, *due unto the Landlord, upon any ſale, grant, or alienation, thereof.*

Quartage : m. *A fourth; or the cuſtome ſpecified in the word* Quart.

Quartagé : m. ée : f. *A fourth part of the price whereof is payed, as a cuſtome, unto the King.*

Quartaire : m. *The quarter of a pound; alſo,*

(as the Roman Quartarius) a meaſure containing about twelve ſpoonefulls of liquid, and weighing ſome five ounces in dry, things.

Quartault : m. The Quarter, or fourth part, of a meaſure.

Quarte : f. A French Quarte (almoſt our pottle;) alſo, a fourth, in Muſicke.

Quarte d'arpent. The fourth part of the Quarteron ; or the 64 part of th'Arpent.

Quartellée : f. A certaine quantity of, or meaſure for, ground, in Bourbonnois.

Quartement. Fourthly.

Quuartenier : m. Th'Alderman of a Ward in a Town ; or particularly, ſuch an Officer in Paris, as th'Alderman is in London ; alſo, in the countrey, an Officer of ſome reſemblance, in his authoritie, with our High Conſtable; alſo, the Quarter-maſter of a ſhip.

Quarteranche : f. The eighth part of a Bichot; a meaſure for corn.

Quarterée : f. as Boiſſeau in ſome parts of Bourbonnois.

Quarternier de genſdarmes. An Officer which hath the charge, or command of four Genſdarmes.

Quarteron : m. A quarter of a pound; alſo, a quarterne (or the fourth part) of an hundreth ; alſo, a Pinte, or little Quart; alſo, the halfe of an Emine; alſo, a Quarter of the Moone. (En Languedoc le Quarteron, comman & pour le bled, & pour la terre qui le produit , contient 4 Civadiers, dits auſſi boiſſeaux, diviſez par demiz.)

Vn quarteron d'arpent. Is a quarter of the quarter; or the 16 part of the Arpent.

Reduict de livres en quarterons. Extremely diminiſhed , whereof at the leaſt three parts be ſpent.

Quartier : m. A quarter, coaſt, part, Region; alſo, a Quarter, or Ward, in a Town ; alſo, the quarter of a yeere, of a yard ; a Quarter of the Moon; of mutton, &c. the fourth part of any thing thats commonly divided by quarters ; alſo, a trencher; alſo, Quarter, or fair war, where ſouldiers are taken priſoners , and ranſomed at a certaine rate.

Quartier de bois. A Quarter, or ſquare peece of timber.

Bois de quartier. Quarters; or timber to make Quarters of.

Eſchalas de quartier. A ſquare Oaken prop, or ſupporter, for a vine.

Avoir vn quartier de la Lune en la teſte. To be giddy, humorous, fantaſticall, halfe franticke.

Entrer en quartier. To begin his waiting moneth, &c. alſo, to get into credit, ſtep into imployment , creep into favour, come into requeſt, by the diſgrace, or diſcharge, of another ; (The like us;)

Eſtre en quartier. To wait, or ſerve his quarter, month, yeare ; to be in waiting; and hence, to be in credit, eſtimation, good doings.

Faire quartier neuf, ou faux quartier. A horſes hoofe to rive , or cleave, from the top to the bottome.

Faire quartier à part. To retire aſide, or make a partie by himſelfe.

Vn quartier fait l'autre vendre ; Prov. One quarter makes the other to be ſold.

Quartier. (Adverbially) apart, aſide.

Quaſi. Almoſt, welnigh, welneer, in a manner.

Quaſimodo. Low ſunday ; the next Sunday after Eaſter.

Quaſſation : f. A ſhaking, or brandiſhing ; alſo, a caſſation, caſſing; breaking, ſquaſhing; abrogating, annulling.

Quaſſé: m. ée : f. as Caſſé.

Quaſſer. See Caſſer.

Quaſſette : f. A ſmall casket, box, coffin ; frying pan ; trough for birds meat.

Quaſſeur ; m. A ſquaſher, breaker ; caſſer, canceller.

Quaſſure. as Caſſeure.

Quaternaire. Iours quaternaires. Every fourth day; or every four dayes.

† Quati, & Quatir. See Cati, & Catir.

Quatorze. Fourteen.

Quatrain : m. A ſtaffe, or ſtanzo of four verſes.

Quatre. Foure.

Les quatre temps. Th'Ember daies; four weeks in the yeare appointed for publike faſts.

Diablerie à quatre perſonnages. Look Diablerie.

Quatre-meſnage. An ill, improvident, or unskilfull husband; a waſt-good, ſpill-good, or ſpill-thrift.

† Quatridien : m. A terme of four daies.

† Quatridien : m. enne : f Of four daies.

Quatrieſme : m. The fourth part of, or penny taken for, wine, &c. retailed ; an impoſition firſt raiſed by Charles the fifth, and continued by ſome of his ſucceſſors; and leviable onely on ſuch wine, &c. as is bought to be retailed ; whence ;

Cela eſt de ſon cru, il n'en doit point le quatrieſme.

Le Quatrieſme. The fourth.

† Quatroillé : m. ée : f. Diverſified, pide, or breended, ſtreaked with one colour upon another.

Quatruplon : m. A double double Ducate ; a peece of gold worth about 26 s. 8 d. ſterl.

Quau. in ſtead of Corps. ¶ Lorrainois. ¶ Rab.

Quay : m. A Key of a Haven, or an a rivers ſide ; the ſtone wall whereto ſhips, &c. be faſtened ; a high banke whereon the water beates and breakes, alſo, a piller of ſtone; or a heape of ſtones.

Quayer. as Cayer.

Quayre: f. A little worme that breeds betweene the barke, and wood, of trees. ¶ Bourdelois.

Que. (A Relative of all Genders, and Numbers) that, which, whom, who.

Que. (An Interrogative of the Singular Number) what, wherefore, how, but what, why, why not, why then ?

Que. (Sometimes an Adverbe, ſometimes a Conjunction) that, then ; in ſort, ſo that ; leſt that, unleſſe; becauſe, to th'end that; but, ſaving, except ; alſo, partly, or in part ; whence;

Que bien que mal. Indifferently, ſo ſo, well or ill, one way or other.

Que cecy ; que cela; que ſi. As this; as that ; as if.

Non que. Not onely.

Il fait que ſol. He plaies the fool.

Il n'eſt que jeune chair. There is nothing to young fleſh, ther's no fliſh like the young.

Il ne ſe peut garder qu'il ne l'envoye. He muſt needs ſend him; he cannot forbear, or avoid the ſending of him.

Quecas. as Quocas. ¶ Rab.

Quel : m. elle : f. What, who.

Quel qu'il ſoit. Whoſoever, whatſoever, what ere, he be.

Quelle qu'elle ſoit. Whatſoever; of what ranke or ſort, of what greatneſſe or humor, ſoever ſhe be.

Quel. (Adverbially) Ie m'en iray devant recognoiſtre, quel il fait à Paris. In what ſafety, or ſtate, one may live at Paris ; or whether it be good ſtaying there, or no.

Quelconque. Whoſoever, whatſoever.

Quellement. How, in what ſort, in what manner.

Tellement quellement. See Tellement.

Quelque. Some, ſomewhat, any, whoſoever, whatſoever.

Quelque fois. Sometimes, now and then, ever and anon ; alſo, ever, or, at any time.

Quelque part. (Without addition) ſomewhere, ſomewhither ; (with addition, or attended on by Que, it imports an univerſalitie of place ; as in) Quelque part que. Whereſoever, whitherſoever; in or into what place ſoever.

Quemand. as Caimand.

Quemiſſe : f. The principall overture of a melting furnace.

Quemin : m. A way. ¶ Pic.

† Quemulctier : m. A Counſtercharmer, Wizard, or good Witch.

Quenaille. as Canaille.

Quenaiſe, Droict de quenaiſe. The right of Eſchcatage ; whereby an inheritance Roturier falls into the Lords hands when the tenant thereof leaves no heires of his body behind him. ¶ Breton.

Quenie ; f. A certain old-faſhioned garment, at this day out of faſhion ; or, as Squenie.

Quenouille : f. A diſtaffe ; alſo, the Feminine line in a ſucceſſion.

Quenouilles d'un lict. The poſts of a bed.

Quenouille ruſtique. Wild Carthamus, wild baſtard Saffron.

Quenouille ſauvage. The ſame.

Contes de la quenouille. Tales of a tub, old wives tales.

Hoir de quenouille, An Inheritrix, heire female, daughter and heire,

Tenir de la quenouille. To hold of, or do homage to, the ſmocke ; his wife to be his Maſter.

A la quenouille le fol s'agenouille ; Prov. Fooles kneele to diſtaves, weake men unto women.

Quenouillée de. A diſtaffe-full of.

Quenouillette : f. A little diſtaffe ; alſo, a kind of ſmall apple.

Quens : m. An old word, ſignifying a Count, or Earle.

Quercelle : f. A Kaſtrell, Kaſtrell, Fleingall.

Quercerelle : f. as Quercelle.

Querele : f. as Querelle.

Querelé : m. ée : f. Quarelled with; ſued, or called in queſtion, for ; alſo, challenged, or whereto a title is pretended.

Quereleur. See Querelleur.

Querelle : f. A quarrell, pike, brawle, difference, debate; Suit. Action, Proceſſe againſt.

Querelle d'Aleman. An idle, ſleight, or drunken contention ; a frivolous, or vain altercation.

Arreſts,

Arrests, ou statuts de querelle. *Judgements given, and entred in cases of possession impeached.*

Sergent de querelle. *A certaine Officer which was used in Duelloes, or private quarrells.*

Simples plaids, ou querelles. *Looke* Simple.

Querellé: m. ée: f. *See* Querelé.

Querellor. *To quarrell, wrangle, brawle, brabble, strive, contend with; also, to challenge, lay claime, pretend a right, or title, unto; sue, or bring an Action, for.*

Querelleur: m. *A wrangler, quareller, brawler, brabbler; an open pretender of right unto other mens goods; a litigious, or contentious person; a common Barreter.*

Querelleux: m. euse: f. *Quarelsome, brawling, brabbling, litigious, unquiet, contentious.*

Queri: m. ie: f. *Sought, looked for, inquired after.*

Querimonie: f. *A complaint, wailing, moane-making; a dolefull expressing of aggrievances.*

Querir. *To look, search out; seek, or inquire, after; to go fetch, call, or send for.*

Quiers tu meilleur pain que de froment? *Wouldest thou have better bread then is made of wheat?*

Meschante vie quiert le coing; Prov. *A wicked life affects a corner, or creepes into corners.*

On ne doit point querir brebis qui se veut perdre; Pro. *The sheep which will be lost must not be looke for.*

† Queritant. *Seeking for, searching out, inquiring after.*

Querquois: m. *A quiver for arrowes.*

Querre. *as* Querir.

† Quesne. *Looke* Chesne.

Queuoy: m. *A wood, or forrest, of Oakes.*

Quesse. *as* Quaisse.

Questable: com. *Finable, taxable, as some tenants are at the pleasure of their Lords; also, searchable, seekable.*

† Questal: m. ale: f. *Servile; holding by Villanage; held by a servile tenure.*

Questaux: m. *Villanes, the propertie of all whose estate is in their Landlords; so that they can neither devise by Will, nor alien by bargaine, any part of it.*

Queste: f. *A quest, inquirie, search, inquisition, seeking; also, a demanding, begging, desiring; also, an Aide given, or contribution made, by tenants unto their Landlords, upon occasions putting him to an extraordinarie charge (as, for his ransome; towards the mariage of his eldest daughter, &c. tearmed thus, because he is in person to demand it of them; also (within the Iurisdiction of Acs) a generall rent, or fine, payed in common, and at once, by all the inhabitants of a Parish, yatably, and according to the just quantitie of every mans land.)*

Queste courant. *An Imposition layd by a Landlord on some kind of tenants, in what season, and at what rates be list.*

Cens à queste. *which must be demanded by the Lord thereof, or by his Officer.*

Lettres de queste. *A Licence to beg, or to gather almes, in Churches, for the poore.*

Queste-pain: m. *A common begger; or, a begging; whence;* Qui est au queste-p. *That is most beggerlie, or the next door to beggery, thats grown to a very low ebbe; thats driven, ready, or fit to beg his bread.*

Quester. *To seek, search, trace, out; quest, hunt, make diligent inquirie after; also, to demand, or beg, earnestly; also, to quest, or open, as a dog that seeth, or findeth of, his game.*

Quester se gens. *A Lord to fine, or taxe his vassalls.*

Questeur: m. *A seeker, searcher, inquirer, tracer out of; also, an earnest begger, desirer, demander; also, one that hath a Licence to beg.*

Question: f. *A question, demand, doubt; controversie, dispute; proposition; reason; case; also, the Rack, or torture given, thereby to wring out confessions.*

Il est ici question de la vie. *This is a matter of life and death; mens lives are hereby brought in question.*

Il n'est pas question de cecy. *It concernes not this; we passe not for this; it is not this we treat of, or are about; it is not this that holds, or troubles, us.*

Questionné: m. ée: f. *Questioned, examined, demanded, or asked of.*

Questionner. *To question, demand, examine, aske of.*

Questionnette: f. *A small question, sleight demand.*

Questionneur: m. *A questioner, (great) demander or asker, inquisitive companion.*

Questuaire: com. *Gainfull, commodious, profit-bringing.*

Queu: m. *A Cook. See* Queux.

Queüage: m. *A certaine Impost levied, in some parts of* France, *upon every* Queuë, *or Pipe of wine.*

Queuë: f. *A taile, traine, or traile; hence, the staulke, or steale of fruits; the reverward of an Army; the labell of a Deed; the bable of a man; the close, end, conclusion, or knitting up of a matter; also, a vessell containing as much as the* Muid *and a halfe, viz.* 54 Septiers, *at eight Parisien Pintes to the* Septier: *This* Queuë *is particularly tearmed,* Queuë Françoise, *for a difference betweene it and* Queuë de Bourgongne, *which is much bigger then it; also, a whetstone.*

Queuë d'arondelle. *A manner of closing, or fastening together of timber, boords, or stones, which resembling a Swallowes, Culvers, or Doves taile, is (also by our workemen) called so.*

Queuë de Bourgongne. *A wine vessell containing (just as much as the ancient Romanes* Culeus; *or) two* Muids *and a halfe (viz.* 50 Septiers *) of* Paris *measure.*

Queuë de cheval. *Shave-grasse, Horse-willow, horse-tayle; a water-herbe (whereof ancient writers have described but two kinds; (viz. the great Horse-tayle, and the little one otherwise tearmed naked Horse-tayle, and Shave-grasse (used by Fletchers, &c.) but our moderne Herbalists have found out five or six kinds more.)*

Queuë de l'hyver. *The season about mid May so tearmed by some.*

Queuë de l'oeil. *The corner of the eye.*

Queuë d'un penon. *The point, or end of a Pennon, which flutters in the aire.*

Queuë de pourceau. *Sow Fennell, hogs Fennell, Horsestrong, Horsestrange, Brimstonewort, Sulpherwort.*

Queuë de regnard. *The herbe called Foxtayle, or tailed wheat; also, the stopping of a conduit pipe by rootes gotten into it, and growne, in time, so big, that the water hath no room to passe.*

Queuë de scorpion. *Wartwort, great Tornesole.*

Queuë de souris. *Mouse-tayle, Bloudstrange.*

Boutons à queuë. *Long Buttons.*

Chausses à queuë de merlus. *Look under* Chausse.

Damoiselle de queuë. *A waiting, or traine-bearing Gentlewoman.*

Demy queuë. *The hasse of the* Queuë (Françoise;) *a Hogshead, or vessell containing* 216 *Parisien Pintes.*

Monsieur sans queuë. *A Master without any addition; a singlesoled Gentleman; also, a cheater.*

Robbe à queuë. *A traine-gowne.*

Seau pendant à double queuë. (*Is properly*) *a Scale annexed unto, or hanging by, a double labell, (metaphorically) one that hangs on a Gibbet.*

Queuë à queuë. *Nose in arse, one close after, one in the neck of, another.*

La queuë entre les jambes. *Vily afraid (as a dog that hath stolne a pudding, &c. and slinkes away with his taile clapt betweene his legs;) also, fouly disgraced, much ashamed, or with shame enough.*

Danse du loup la queuë entre les jambes. *The dance of lecherie.*

La queuë levée. Il s'en va la queuë levée. *Hee goes away merrie, jollie, lively, well cheered up; or merrily, jollily, &c.*

A hausse queuë. Elle s'en va à hausse queuë. *Very fast, or in great haste, she goes; (from the fashion of women, who to make the more haste, tuck up their clothes behind.)*

Cette queuë n'est pas de ce veau. *This no way belongs unto, or depends upon, that.*

La difficulté sera à la queuë. *The hardest will be at last, in the conclusion, or knitting up, we shall have most to doe.*

Brider son cheval par la queuë. *To take a wrong, or contrarie course; to goe most awkwardly, or the contrarie way, to worke.*

Couper la queuë à. *See* Couper.

Couper la queuë au jeu. *To give over a winner.*

Escorcher les anguilles par la queuë. *To do things disorderedly, awkwardly, the wrong way.*

Faire la queuë. *To play the coward, come or drag behind, march in the rere.*

Frizer la queuë. *To lecher.*

Prendre un rat par la queuë. *To cut a purse.*

Regarder de la queuë de l'oeil. *To leer, gleek, or look askew; to cast a side-glance at.*

Revenu de queuë. *Whose taile is new grown, or come againe: Applicable to an old Cokes, or Callet, grown wanton on a sudden; or, to one, that after a great weakenesse hath recovered his owne, or picke up his crummes againe.*

Tenir la queuë de la paelle. *Seeke* Paelle.

Trainer longue queuë. *To be long in doing, or to continue long; to have a farre reach, be of great conſequence, carry or traile many things along with it.*

La queuë eſt pire à eſcorcher; Prov. *The laſt is hardeſt to be done.*

'A la queuë giſt le venin; Pro. *Applicable to ſuch as reſerve the diſcovery, or execution, of their villanous projects unto the concluſion of a buſineſſe.*

'A mauvais chien la queuë luy vient; Pro. *Rakebells thrive better, battle laſter, come forward ſooner (after a loſſe) then honeſter men.*

'A qui eſt l'aſne ſi le tienne par la queuë; Pro. *Let him that owes th' Aſſe hold him by the tayle; he that hath a ſute to follow, or a thing to keepe, may think no Solicitor ſo good, no watchman ſo fit, as himſelfe.*

Le regnard cache ſa queuë, Pro. *The cunning knave conceales what would diſcover him.*

Qui parle du loup on en voit la queuë; Pro. *See* Loup.

Qui ne retire de la vache que la queuë ne perd pas tout; Pro. *Tis good, when all is going, to ſave any little; ſomething, though meane, hath ſavour, nothing none.*

Qui tient la paeſle par la queuë, il la tourne là ou il veut; Pro. *Thoſe that command, or manage, lawes, expound them how they liſt.*

Vache ne ſçait que vaut ſa queuë iuſques à ce qu' elle l'ait perduë; Prov. *We know not the worth of things till we have loſt them.*

Queüé: m, ée: f. *Tailed, that hath a taile.*

Queuëtte: f. *A little taile, ſtaulke, or ſteale; the tip of a thing.*

Queus: m. *A whetſtone.*

† Queuſe: f. *A rude lumpe, or maſſe; as of yron, &c. comming from the furnace, or before it be wrought into barres.*

† Queuſſer. Que ton car ne ſe queuſſe. *To keep thy cart from being overthrown.*

Queut: f. *as* Queus.

Queute: f. *Small drinke; ſmall beere.* ✓ Pic.

‡ Queux: m. *A Cook.*

Le grand queux de France. *The Maſter Cook, the Kings chiefe Cooke, or chiefe of the Cookes, at Court.*

Queux: f. *A whetſtone.*

Queymander. *To begge from doore to doore.*

Qui. *(A Relative of all Genders, Numbers, and perſons;) who, which, that, that which, whom, whoſe, what, any body, ſome body.*

Qui ça, qui là. *One here another there, this man here that man there; here and there; aſunder, in ſeverall parts or places.*

Qui que ce ſoit. *Whoſoever, or whatſoever he be; what name ſoever he beareth; what rank ſoever he hath, what worth ſoever he is of.*

Ils ſe feront mal qui ne les departira. *They will miſchieve one another if they be not parted.*

Quia. Il eſt à quia. *He is almoſt at a nonplus.*

Quiconque. *Whoſoever, or whatſoever.*

Quictance: f. *An acquittance, releaſe, diſcharge.*

Quicter. *See* Quiter.

Quid pro quo. *A palpable miſtaking, a groſſe error, one for another.*

Quidam. vn q. *An odde, or certaine, fellow.*

Quidditatif: m. iue: f. *Quidditative, doubtfull, obſcure, full of quirkes, fraught with quiddities; alſo, contentious, wrangling, litigious.*

Quideau: m. *A Wicker Engine whereby fiſh is caught.*

Quierchier: m. *The name of a ſmall bird.*

Quietin. *as* Theatin.

† Quietude: f. *Reſt, calmeneſſe, tranquility, peaceableneſſe.*

† Quignet: m. *A little corner.*

Quignon: m. *A cantill, gobbet, lump, luncheon, good big piece of.*

Quignon de pain. *A corner of a cruſtie piece of bread; or, the cruſtie beele of a loafe.*

Quillard: m. *as* Billart.

Quillat: m. *The refining, or touch of gold; or, as* Carat.

Quille: f. *The keele of a ſhip; alſo, a keyle; a big peg, or pin of wood, uſed at Nine-pins, or Keyles, &c.*

'A la quille, & au quillard. *At cat and trap.*

On luy a donné ſon ſac, & ſes quilles. *Look* Sac.

Trouſſer leurs quilles. *To pack up, or prepare, for their departure.*

Quillebandier: m. *One that playeth much at nine pins.*

Quillela. *A kind of play like unto Cat and trap.*

Quilles. *Keyles, or Nine-pins.*

Quillevilles: f. *Skirrit roots.*

Quillons de la garde d'un eſpée. *The croſſe barres of the bilt of a ſword.*

Quinaire: m. *An ancient Roman coyne worth about* 3 d. ob. ſter.

† Quinaud: m. *An Ape, or Monkie; and hence, a deformed, or evill-favoured creature.*

Ie l'ay rendu quinaud. *I have blanket, or graveld him, I have put him to a nonplus, or to the wall (in diſputation.)*

† Quinaude: f. *A ſhe Ape, or Monkie; alſo, an ugly wench, a Madam Ougly.*

Quinconcé. vergier quin. *The trees whereof be ranked in equall diſtance aſunder, and directly one over againſt the other.*

† Quine. Faire la quine à. *To mock, or make a mouth at; to point at with the finger.*

Quines. *Two cinks, or fives, on the Dice.*

Quinette: f. *A crutch; the ſtaffe, or ſupporter of a cripple; alſo, a Snite, or Snipe.*

Quinquaille: f. *Chinkes, coyne.*

Quinquailles: f. *Old yron; alſo, ſmall yron ware; or pedling ware of yron, copper, &c.*

Quinquailler: m. *as* Quinqualier, *or,* Quinquallier.

Quinqualier: m. *A paultry Pedler; alſo, one that ſells, or cries, old yron.*

Quinquallerie: f. *as* Quinquailles; *or all kind of (ſmall) yron-works, as Padlocks, Snuffers, Gimmers, or Hindges for doores, &c. ſold by Ironmongers.*

Quinquallieur: m. *An Ironmonger; or one that ſells all kind of (ſmall) Iron-ware.*

Quinquaneleur: m. *A bankrupt; one that procures, or forces his creditors to give him five yeeres day of payment.*

Quinquangle: com. *Five-cornered, having five angles or corners.*

† Quinque. Pain de quinque. *Delicate bread made eſpecially againſt the foure ſolemne feaſts of Eaſter, S. Peter and S. Pauls day, the Aſſumption of the Virgine Mary, and Chriſtmas.*

Quinquenaut: m. *A little ſlinging, and venomous flie, in the Provinces of Sologne, & le Beauſſe.*

Quinquenelle *as* Quinquennelle.

† Quinquennelle: f. *A reſpit, or terme of five yeares.*

Faire quinquennelle. *To grow bankrupt; or, as a bankrupt, to procure, in reſpect of his povertie or loſſes, a reſpit of, or protection for, five yeares, during which his creditors can recover nothing of him.*

† Quinquennon. Privilege de q. *A Protection for five yeares, granted by the Prince (or his Officers) unto a debtor, who makes good proofe of the loſſe, or extreme diminution, of his eſtate, ſince the time of the making of the bargain, whereby he became indebted.*

Quinſon: m. *A Spinke, or Chaffinch.*

Quint: m. *A fifth, or fifth part; alſo, as* le quint denier.

Quint datif. *The portion of an inheritance whereof onely a man may diſpoſe, by gift, Will, or otherwiſe.*

Quint naturel & couſtumier. *The portion of younger brethren; being (within the Countie of* Ponthieu, *and in other places) a fifth part of all the land their father died ſeiſed of, equally divided among them; yet ſo, as when any of them dies, his part is to revert unto the four parts enjoyed by the eldeſt.*

Quint & requint. *Look* Requint.

Quint viager, ou heredital. *Whereof a man may diſpoſe as of his own inheritance (by the cuſtomes of* Amiens; *or, the portion of an inheritance* Feodal *belonging to a younger brother (by the cuſtomes of* Peronne.)

Quint de vivre naturel. *as* Quint naturel & couſtumier

Droict de quint. *as* le quint denier.

Quint: m. quinte: f. *The fifth.*

Le quint denier. *The fifth pennie, or part of the price, of land thats ſold; payed unto the Lord of the ſoyle by the ſeller in ſome places, in others by the buyer, and in ſome others equally by both.*

Quintage: m. *A fifth part, or the laying out of the fifth part of an inheritance for younger brethren.*

Quintain: m. *French Launt; or, as* Quintin.

Quintaine: f. *A Quintane (or Whintane) for country youths to run at.*

Les Quintaines, & ban de non vendre vin en detail. *as* Droict de ban à vin.

Quintal: m. *A Quintal, or hundred weight.*

Quinte: f. *as* Quint; *A fifth part; alſo, a fifth (or the proportion of five) in Muſicke, &c. alſo, a fantaſticall humor or veine; a fooliſh giddineſſe of the braine.*

Les quintes d'Angers. *The Territorie, Libertie, Circuit, or extent of country, wherein the Provoſt, or ordinary Judge, hath Juriſdiction.*

Il a ſa quinte. *He is now in the humor, or in his moods; he hath odde conceits, at this time, in his braine.*

Il eſt en quinte de faire cela. *He is in the vaine, or a toy hath taken him in the head, to do that ſame; he is fooliſhly affected, or humored unto it.*

† Quintefueille: f. *Cinkefoyle, Five-leaved graſſe.*

Quintement: m. *A laying, or taking, out a fift part.*

Quintement. *Fiftly.*

Quinter. *To lay, or take, out a fift part; alſo, as* Pancher; *to leane, or hang ato ſide.*

Quinter les fiefs. *To divide a fift part of them among younger brethren.*

Quinter ſes heritages. *To diſpoſe of a fift part thereof.*

Quinteſſence: f. *A quinteſſence; the vertue, force, or ſpirit of a thing extracted.*

Quinteſſencé: m. ée: f. *Exceedingly refined, or purified.*

Quinteſſencer. *To extract the quinteſſence, vertue, or ſpirit, out of a thing; to refine, or purifie exceedingly.*

Quinteſſencieux: m. euſe: f. *All quinteſſence, full of ſpirit, exactly fine.*

Quinteſſentier. *as* Quinteſſencer.

Quinteux: m. euſe: f. *Humorous, fantaſticall, toyiſh, capricious; moody, waſpiſh; harebraind, giddy headed.*

Quintin: m. *A corſe kind of Laune.*

Quintil: m. *A raſh Judge, or haſty cenſurer, of other mens writings.*

† Quinuneve. En ordre quin. *In Checker-forme, or Checker-wiſe.*

Quinzaine. *A terme, or delay of fifteene whole dayes together, granted, in ſome caſes, by the Judges.*

Sauf quinzaine. *With reſervation of the 15 dayes reſpit, or terme which he hath gotten.*

Quinze: f. *Fifteen.*

Quinze-vingts de Patis. *An Hoſpitall wherein three hundred blind people be relieved with bread, lodging, and about iiij d. a day; beſides a privilege to beg at certaine Church doores.*

Quinzieſme. le q. *The fifteenth.*

Quiquenelle. *as* Quinquenelle.

Quis: m. iſe: f. *Sought, looked, ſearched for; demanded, asked, inquired after; fetched, gotten.*

Quitance: f. *An Acquitance, releaſe, diſcharge.*

Quite: com. *Diſcharged, quit, freed, releaſed, forgiven, abſolved, ſet cleere aboard.*

Iouër à quite, ou à double. *To play double or quit, win the mare or loſe the haulter.*

Il n'eſt pas quite qui doibt de reſte; Prov. *He is not quit that oweth ought.*

Quité: m. ée: f. *Quitted, forſaken, forgone, remitted, releaſed, yielded up, given over.*

Quitement. *Freely, quietly, peaceably, without let, hinderance, impeachment, or diſturbance.*

Quiter. *To quit, forgoe, renounce, yield up, abandon, give over; to void, withdraw, or part, from; to remit, releaſe, diſcharge, acquit, pardon, forgive, abſolve, diſpence with.*

Quiter vn boeuf pour prendre vn oeuf. *To leave an Oxe for the love of an egge.*

Quiter la ceincture. *Look* Ceincture.

Quiter les cendres. *To ſtirre abroad, or, to quit his idle, baſe, or unworthy courſes.*

Qui Dieu quite eſt bien heureux; Pro. *Happy is he whom God abſolves.*

Quiterne: f. *A Gitterne.*

Quiteur: m. *A quitter, acquitter, freer, diſcharger; one that gives an acquittance, or* Quietus eſt.

Quitté, & quitter. *as* Quité, & Quiter.

Quiteur. *as* Quiteur.

† Quittus: m. *An Acquittance, or* Quietus eſt.

Quiocul: m. *A dilling, or ſwillpough; the laſt, or youngeſt child one hath.*

Quocas: m. *Shaled nuts.* ¶ Rab.

Quocquetier: m. *A Huckeſter.*

Quolibet: m. *A quirke, or quidditie; alſo, a jeaſt, or by-word.*

Vn vieux quolibet. *A moath-eaten adage, or proverb; and old ſaid-ſaw.*

Quoquar: m. (*A childiſh tearme for*) *an egge.*

Quoquelicoq: m. *Corne-roſe, wild Poppy, red Poppy.*

Quoquemart: m. *A Cauldron, or Chafer, to heat water, &c. in.*

Quote: f. *A quote, or quoting; a marke, or note upon an article.*

La quote des tailles. *The ſeſſing, or aſſeſſing of taxes.*

Quote. la quote partie. *The ſeverall portion, or ſhare belonging, or falling, to every one.*

Quoté: m. ée: f. *Quoted, marked, noted in the margent; alſo, taxed, aſſeſſed, rated.*

Quoter. *To quote, or marke in the margent, to note by the way; alſo, to ſeſſe, aſſeſſe, tax, rate.*

Quotidien: m. enne: f. *Daily, returning day by day, happning every day, ordinary, continuall, uſuall.*

Quotiens. Totiens quotiens. *Eſtſoones, very often; at pleaſure, or as often as he pleaſes.*

Quotient: m. *The part or portion which, in the diviſion of a thing among many, falls unto every ones ſhare.*

Quotizé: m. ée: f. *Taxed, ſeſſed, aſſeſſed, rated.*

Quotizer. *To ſeſſe, aſſeſſe, tax, rate.*

† Quottité: f. *An even aſſeſſement, a rate, or totquot impoſed; the laying on every one his ſhare.*

† Quouiat: m. *An underling, writling, ſtarveling.*

† Quoüé: m. ée: f. *Tailed, having a taile.*

Froument quoüé. *Foxtaile, tailed wheat.*

Quoy: m. ye: f. *Quiet, ſtill, peaceable, reſtfull, eaſe-affecting, buſhi, calme.*

Il n'y a pire eau que la quoye; Prov. *Silent, muſing, or dreaming ſpirits are (for the moſt part) more dangerous, or of a worſe compoſition then others.*

Quoy. (*Interrogative*) *what? why? how? what ſay you? what would you? how ſay you to this? what would you thinke of it, or do with it?*

Quoy que. *Whatſoever, howſoever; notwithſtanding, albeit, or although, that.*

A quoy faire? *To what purpoſe? for what cauſe? what to do?*

De quoy. *Look* Dequoy.

Avoir de quoy, *or (better)* Dequoy. *To be rich, have ſomewhat to take unto, have wherewithall; I'ay en de quoy, mais. I have been able to live; the time was when I could have ſhewed my head among the beſt of them, or held it as high as another; but.*

Quoyement. *Quietly, ſtilly, ſilently, calmely, peaceably.*

Quoyeté: f. *Stillneſſe, quietneſt, reſt, calmeneſſe; ſobrietie; ſilence; peaceableneſſe.*

R

Rabais: m. *An abatement, deduction, defalcation, diminution, extenuation; an exoneration, remiſſion, diſcharge; a giving backe of; alſo, a fall in prices; or a poore rate, or low price, whereto a thing is come.*

Rabaiſſant. *Abating; abaſing, dejecting, taking downe, pulling under.*

Se rabaiſſant bien bas. *Verie humbly, lowly, dejectedly, much diſadvowing his owne worth.*

Rabaiſſé: m. ée: f. *Abated, abaſed, taken downe, pulled under, brought lower.*

Cela luy a bien rabaiſſé le menton. *That thing hath humbled him, or plucked him downe extreedingly.*

Rabaiſſement: m. *An abating, diminiſhing; abaſing, dejecting.*

Rabaiſſer. *To abate; abaſe, deject, pull downe, hold under, take a hole lower.*

Rabaiſſeur: m. *An abater; an abaſer.*

Raballe: f. *A certaine root, of whoſe juyce (mixed with other ſimples) a prettie ſauce is made.*

Rabalter. *To rumble, rattle, or make a terrible noiſe, as (they ſay) ſpirits doe in ſome unfortunate, or unfrequented houſes.*

Rabans: m. *Rope-yards; the ropes, or treble cords whereby the ſayles of a ſhip are tied unto the yardes.*

Rabaniſte: m. *A dunce; or, one that ſtudies, or is cunning in, the workes of the Rabbies.*

Rabaſchement: m. *A rumbling, or a terrible ratling; ſuch as (they ſay) is made by Hobgoblings in ſome unfortunate, or unfrequented houſes.*

Rabaſcher, & Rabaſter. *as* Rabalter.

Rabat: m. *as* Rabais; *alſo, a beater, the ſtaffe wherewith Plaiſterers beat their morter; alſo, a Rebate for a womans ruffe; alſo, a falling band; alſo, the retrive in hawking; alſo, the houſe, or pentheuſe of a Tennis-court.*

Vn rabat de bride. *A job, or checke which a horſe gives himſelfe with his bridle.*

Le rabat des couvertures des maiſons. *The eaves, or eavings; the bottome of the roofe.*

Rabat de manteau. *The cape of a cloake.*

Rabat-joye: m. *A bringer of ill tidings, a teller of ill newes (after the receit of good ones.)*

Rabatre. *To abate, deduct, defaulke, diminiſh, leſſen, extenuate; remit, baſe, give*

or draw back ; alſo, a horſe to rebate his curvet.

Rabatre l'attenduë, ou congé. C'eſt le faire revoquer par comparition ſubſequente faicte en temps, & lieu.

Rabatre vn congé, ou defaut. *To recall, or diſanull them, to make them void.*

Rabatu : m. uë : f. *Rebated, bated, abated, deducted, defaulcated, diminiſhed ; given, taken, or drawn back.*

Iouër aux dames rabatuës. *Look* Dames.

Rabavit : m. *Prickmadame, Sengreene the leſſer.*

Rabbais, &c. *as* Rabais.

Rabbatre, & Rabbatu. *as* Rabatre, & Rabatu.

Rabbe. *Look* Rabe.

Rabbienné : m. ée : f. *Reconciled, made good friends againe.*

Rabbienuer. *To reconcile, attone, make friends, bring into good tearmes together, againe.*

Rabdomantie : f. *Divination by twigs, or ſmalls wands.*

Rabe : f. *A Rape, or Turnep ; a round Limoſin Raddiſh.*

Rabiere : f. *A plot, or bed of Rapes, or Turneps.*

Rabilité : m. ée : f. *Re-inabled, repaired, re-eſtabliſhed, reſtored.*

Rabiliter. *To re-inable, repaire, amend, re-eſtabliſh, recover, reſtore.*

Rabillage : m. *A repairing, mending, renewing, reforming.*

Rabillé : m. ée : f. *Mended, amended, reformed, corrected, repaired, renewed, trimmed, or dreſſed up.*

Rabillecouſtrer. *To patch, to mend.*

Rabillement. *as* Rabillage.

Rabiller. *To mend, amend, renew, repaire ; correct, reforme ; trimme or dreſſe up an old thing, thereby making it ſeeme new.*

Rabilleur : m. *A renewer, mender, amender, trimmer up of old things.*

Rabin : m. *A Rabbie, or Doctor among the Jewes.*

Rabine : f. *A high-grown wood ; or, as* Bois de haute fuſtaye.

Rabinique : com. *Rabby-like, of the Rabbies.*

Rabioles : f. *Turneps.* ¶ Provenç.

Rabitué : m. ée : f. *Re-accuſtomed, re-inured, uſed anew ; ſetled againe.*

Rabituer. *To re-accuſtome, re-inure, uſe anew ; alſo, to ſettle againe.*

Rable : m. *A Plaiſterers beater ; alſo, the chine, or parts about the chine, of a Deer, &c. thence alſo, the power or vertue of the back in venery, &c.*

Rablé. *Strong-backed, well furniſhed about the reines ; and thence, able for venery.*

Rablette : f. *A Shrew-mouſe.*

Rabobeliné : m. ée : f. *Patched, or pieced againe.*

Rabobeliner. *To patch, or piece againe.*

Rabobelineries : f. *Patches renewed, or patches upon patches.*

Raboliere : f. *A Rabbets neaſt ; the hole wherein a Doe Cony keepeth her young ones.* (v.m.)

Rabot : m. *A Joyners Plane ; alſo, a Plaiſterers beater.*

Raboté : m. ée : f. *Planed ; evened, levelled, ſmoothed.*

Rabotement : m. *A planing, evening, levelling ; alſo, roughneſſe, raggedneſſe, uneveneſſe.*

Raboter. *To plane ; levell, make or laye even ; alſo, to ſmooth.*

Raboteur : m. *A planer ; leveller ; ſmoother.*

Riboteure : f. *A planing ; levelling, laying even ; ſmoothing.*

Raboteux : m. euſe : f. *Rugged, rough ; uneven, craggie, ſtony.*

† Raboudris : m. *Wraglands ; crooked, or miſgrowne trees which will never prove timber.*

† Rabougri. vn rab. *A grub, counterfeit, ſhort or ſhort-necked crook-back.*

† Rabougri : m. ie : f. *Growne crooked, and low ; wrie, miſhapen, or imperfect of ſhape ; miſgrowne ; grubby, dried up, ſhortned more then ordinary by extraordinary heat.*

† Rabougrir. *To grow crooked, and low withall ; to wax miſhapen, or imperfect of ſhape ; to become a wragland, or grub ; to be ſhortned or dried up by extraordinary heat.*

† Raboüliere. *as* Rabolliere.

Rabroüant. *Checking, chiding, ſchooling, reproving.*

Rabroüé : m. ée : f. *Checked, chidden, taunted, reproved ; diſmiſſed with a ſharp, or ſowre deniall.*

Rabroüer. *To check, chide, reprove, taunt, ſchoole, diſmiſſe with a ſharpe, or crabbed anſwer ; ſpeake ſowrely, or frowardly unto.*

Rabroüeur : m. *A ſowre, or froward reprover, checker, taunter, cenſor ; an auſtere companion.*

† Rabuſer. *To re-abuſe.*

Racaille : f. *The raſcality, or baſe and raſcall ſort ; the ſcumme, dregs, offals, outcaſts of any company.*

† Raccamuſé : m. ée : f. *Squaſhed, or paſhed downe ; flatned, beaten or made flat.*

† Raccamuſer. *To ſquaſh, or paſh downe ; to flatten, beat or make flat.*

Raccointer. *To re-acquaint ; to make (or grow) once more acquainted with ; alſo, to reconcile.*

Raccoller. *To re-imbrace, iterate imbracements, imbrace againe.*

Raccorder. *To re-accord, reconcile, make friends againe.*

† Raccorni. *as* Racorny.

† Raccornir. *To make horny, or as hard as horne ; alſo, to wax horny, or grow hard like horne.*

Raccoupler. *To re-mate ; to couple, or yoke together againe.*

Raccourci : m. ie : f. *Shrunke, ſhortned, contracted, compacted ; chubby, truſt up, ſhort and ſtrong, knit well or cloſe together.*

Croix raccourcie. *A croſſe Humet, in Blazon.*

Raccourcir. *To ſhorten, abridge, curtall, contract, compact, ſhrinke or draw up, knit or draw cloſe, together.*

Raccourciſſement : m. *A ſhortning, a curtalling, a contracting, a drawing up cloſe together.*

Raccouſtré : m. ée : f. *Mended, repaired, new dreſſed or trimmed up.*

Raccouſtrement : m. *A mending, repairing, new trimming or dreſſing up.*

Raccouſtrer. *To mend, amend, re-ediſie, repaire, make, trim, or dreſſe up anew.*

Raccouſtreur : m. *A mender, repairer, a renewer ; a dreſſer, or trimmer up of old things ; a botcher.*

Raccouſtumé : m. ée : f. *Re-accuſtomed, re-inured, brought up, or into uſe, againe.*

Raccouſtumer. *To re-accuſtome, re-inure, to renew a cuſtome, to bring up, or into uſe, againe.*

Raccueilly : m. ye : f. *Gathered.*

Race : f. *A race ; linnage, family, kindred, houſe, bloud ; litter, brood ; ſort, kind ; alſo, as* Rape.

Faire race. *To get children ; alſo, to begin, or ſet up, a race, or brood, of horſes, dogs, &c.*

Noble de trois races. *Noble for three deſcents, or three manner of wayes.*

† Rachais : m. aiſe : f. *Leane, carrion, ſcraggie, ſtarveling.*

Rachalander. *To recover former cuſtomers, to get into trade againe.*

Rachapt : m. *A redemption, redeeming, rebuying, recovery of a thing ſold, by paying that for which it was ſold ; alſo, an ability, or power to redeem, or to recover land in that manner, by being next of kin to the ſeller ; alſo, a ranſome, or paying of ranſome ; alſo, a Reliefe ; or whole yeares poſſeſſion, and profit of land, or a ſumme of money (as the cuſtome is) due unto the Lord of whom the land is held by homage, upon every redemption, collaterall deſcent, exchange, or other change of the tenant.*

Rachapt abonné. *A Reliefe rated unto the tenant at a certaine price.*

Rachapt rencontré. *A Reliefe upon a Reliefe ; or,*

Quand durant l'année du rachapt eſchet autre rachapt d'aucune terre tenuë à homage de la terre qui court en rachapt : *In which caſe though the Lord enjoy both, yet it muſt be no longer then during his yeare in the former.*

Droict de rachapt. *as before in* Rachapt ; *alſo, as* Droict de ventes.

Rachapté : m. ée : f. *Redeemed, recovered, or delivered ; ranſomed ; brought back, or bought out, for money.*

Rachapter. *To redeeme ; to recover or deliver, to ranſome or buy out, for money.*

Rachapter du Seigneur feodal. (Le nouvel acquereur ou vaſſal) accorder au Seigneur feodal pour retenuë, ou profits de fief, & luy payer les droicts de rachapt.

Rachapteur : m. *A redeemer ; a ranſomer.*

Rachaſsé : m. ée : f. *Chaſed, or driven, back againe.*

Rachaſſer. *To chaſe, or drive back againe.*

Rachaſſeur : m. *A chaſer, or driver back againe.*

Sergent rachaſſeur. *Look* Sergent.

Rachat. *as* Rachapt.

Rachater. *Look* Rachapter.

Rachetable : com. *Redeemable ; ranſomable ; recoverable for money.*

Racheté, & Racheter. *as* Rachapté, & Rachapter.

Racheteur : m. *A redeemer ; a ranſomer ; a recoverer of things paſſed away for money.*

Rachimburges : m. *Certaine Judges of cauſes which were determinable by the Law Salick.* (v.m.)

Racin. *as* Raiſin. ¶ Langued.

Racine: f. *A root*; *alſo*, *the ſpring*, *ſource*, *originall*, *or cauſe of a matter.*

Racine creuſe. *Hollow root*, Holewort, *Bulbus fumitory*; *(an herb.)*

Racine iaulne. *The Carrot-root.*

Racine quarrée. *Is (in Arithmetick) a number which multiplied by it ſelfe yields another whole (and ſquare) number*; *as 6 doth 36*; *or 10, 100.*

Racine ſanguinaire. *A kind of Storkesbill, tearmed Bloudwort, of the property it hath to ſtanch bloud, or cure bloudy wounds.*

Racine ſemant la roſe. *Roſewort, Roſe-root*; *an herb.*

Racine & tout. *Up, or even, by the root*; *wholly, utterly, quite and cleane.*

Telle racine telle fueille; Prov. *Such root (we ſay, ſuch tree) ſuch fruit.*

Racinette: f. *A ſmall root.*

Racineux: m. euſe: f. *Rooty, full of roots.*

Raclant. *Scraping*; *alſo*, *raſping, or grating.*

Racle: f. *A ſcraper*; *a raſpe, or grater*; *alſo, the iron (ring, or) hammer of a door.*

Raclé: m. ée: f. *Scraped, raſped*; *grated.*

C'eſt vn poinct raclé. *It is a caſe reſolved, a matter concluded of, a thing fully determined.*

Racledenare: m. *A ſcrape-good.*

Raclement: m. *A ſcraping*; *a raſping.*

Racler. *To ſcrape*; *raſpe*; *grate*; *rake, rub, ſcrub*; *raſe.*

A bander, & à racler. *By book or crook*; *byright or by wrong*; *in all extremitie.* *Look* Bander.

Racleresſe: f. *A woman that ſcrapeth.*

Raclet. *(The name of) a foole*; *and therefore of little underſtanding in the Law.* ¶ Rab.

Racletoires: m. *Such as rub Sweaters in hot bathes, or hot-houſes.*

Racleur: m. *A ſcraper*; *a raſper, a grater.*

Racleur de cheminées. *A Chimney-ſweeper.*

Racleure: f. *as* Raclure.

Racloir: m. *A raſpe, grater, ſcraper*; *alſo, the ſtrickle wherewith corne is meaſured*; *alſo, as* Racle.

Le racloir d'un'arquebuſe. *The crooked pin of iron ſcrued into the end of the ſcowring ſtick*; *we call it a Worme.*

Raclure: f. *A ſcraping*; *raſping*; *grating*; *raking*; *rubbing, ſcrubbing*; *raſure, or a raſing.*

Raclures. *Scrapings, ſhavings, parings*; *offals, fragments, remnants.*

Racommodé: m. ée: f. *Re-accommodated, mended or fitted anew.*

Racompter. *as* Raconter.

Raconté: m. ée: f. *Told, related, rehearſed, reported.*

Raconter. *To tell, relate, report, rehearſe, deliver.*

Raconteur: m. *A relator, a rehearſer, a reporter.*

Racorder. *See* Raccorder.

† Racorny: m. ye: f. *Grown horny, made or become as hard as horne.*

Racourci. *Look* Raccourci.

Racourir. *To recourſe, to recurre, to runne towards againe.*

Racquette. *as* Raquette.

Racquit. *See* Raquit.

Racrocher. *To wrie or crook, to make of a hooky forme.*

se Racroupir. *To knit, or draw up, or gather cloſe together (as a dying horſe) his hinder parts.*

Raddouber. *as* Radouber.

Rade: f. *A road, an open harbour for ſhipping.*

Rade: com. *Quick, ſwift.* ¶ Pic.

Radeau: m. *A Raft, or float-boat of timber.*

Radial: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, the upper, and bigger bone of the arme.*

Radjancé: m. ée: f. *Re-adapted, re-accommodated.*

Radjancer. *To re-apt, re-adapt, re-adjuſt, re-accommodate.*

Radiation: f. *A raſing, or blotting out*; (*a Law tearme*;) *alſo, a radiant brightneſſe, as of the Sunne-beames*; *or a blazing, ſhining, glittering*; *caſting forth of beames.*

Radical: m. ale: f. *Radicall*; *of, or from, the root*; *belonging to a root.*

Humeur radicale. *Radicall, or naturall moiſture.*

Radicalement. *Radically, deeply, up by the root, from th'originall, from the very root.*

Radieux: m. euſe: f. *Radiant, ſhining, glittering, blazing, flaring, leaming, full of beames.*

Radis: m. *A Raddiſſo root.*

Radis fendu. *The double Raddiſh, or many rooted Raddiſh.*

Radot. les arbres qui ſervent des radots aux maiſons. *Which ſerve, or are good for, the reparation, or mending of houſes.*

Radoté. vn vieux radoté. *An old dotard, or doting ſool.*

Radotement: m. *Dotage, or a doting.*

Radoter. *To dote, rave, play the cokes, erre groſſely in underſtanding.*

† Radoub: m. *as* Radoubement.

Radoubé: m. ée: f. *Patched, botched, peeced, mended.*

Radoubement: m. *A piecing, mending, patching, or botching up of.*

Radouber. *To piece, mend, renew, patch, or botch up.*

Radoubeur: m. *A mender, peecer, patcher, botcher.*

Radoüere: f. *A ſtrickle for the meaſuring of of corn.*

Radreſſe. *A redreſſe, reformation, amends.*

Radreſſé: m. ée: f. *Redreſſed, amended, reformed, corrected.*

Radreſſement: m. *A redreſſing, amending, reforming.*

Radreſſer. *To redreſſe, amend, correct, reforme.*

Radreſſeur: m. *A redreſſer, amender, corrector, a reformer.*

Radveſtir. *To readveſt, reinveſt, reinſeiſin, put again into poſſeſſion.*

Radveſtiſſement: m. *A readveſture, or a readveſting*; *a reinveſting, a reinſeiſing.*

† Radveu: m. uë: f. *Readvowed, readvouched, reacknowledged, reapproved, taken into protection again.*

se Radviſer. *To readviſe himſelfe, take further adviſement, think better, or otherwiſe of the matter.*

Raduné: m. ée: f. *Aſſembled, or gathered together.*

Raduner. *To aſſemble, or gather together.*

† Radvouër. *To readvow, readvouch, reacknowledge, reapprove, warrant, or take into protection againe.*

Raf. il ne leur lairra rif ny raf. *Look* Rif

Rafaux: m. *Wild Bores of about two yeares of age, when firſt their tuskes begin to peer out of their mouthes.*

Rafe: f. *A riſing*; *or as* Raffle; *whence*;

Faire ſa rafe. *To make his hand, or make up his mouth, by many purchaſes, or prizes.*

Rafé: m. ée: f. *Riſled*; *ſcraped*; *caught, or ſnatched*; *alſo ſlipped away.*

Rafer. *To riſle*; *to catch, or ſnatch*; *alſo, to ſcrape*; *alſo, to ſlip away.*

Raffarder. *To raile*; *or ſcoffe at*; (*an old word.*)

Raffermi: m. ie: f. *Hardned, or ſetled anew.*

Raffinage: m. *The refinement, or quinteſſence of.*

Raffiné: m. ée: f. *Refined, purified.*

Raffinement: m. *A refining, a purifying.*

Raffiner. *To refine*; *clarifie, purifie, purifie.*

Raffineur: m. *A refiner, purifier, clarifier.*

Rafflade: f. *A gripe, graſpe, or violent ſeiſure.*

Par vne rafflade. *At once, all at a clap.*

Faire vne rafflade. *To gripe, catch, or ſnatch at, ſeiſe haſtily, graſpe violently*; *alſo, to ſcrape, or ſcratch*; *alſo, to riſle.*

Rafflater. *To flatter againe.*

Raffle: f. *A game at three dice, wherein he that throwes all three alike, winnes whatſoever is ſet*; *alſo, a riſling*; *alſo, the ſtaulke of a bunch of grapes.*

Faire vne raffle. *To riſle, ravage, make havock, ſweep all away before them.*

Iecter vne raffle. *To throw three dice alike, as three aces, &c. to win all*; *alſo, to ſnatch, catch, or ſcratch.*

Raffler. *To ſcrape, or ſcratch*; *to catch, or ſeiſe on, violently*; *alſo, to riſle*; *to ravage, make havock, or clean work*; *to ſweep all away.*

Raffoler. *To hurt, or fell againe*; *alſo, to bring into a new fooles Paradice, to beſot againe.*

Raſtuſté: m. ée: f. *New ſtocked*; *fitted with a new ſtaffe, or ſtocke*; *frame, or carriage.*

Raffuſter. *To fit, or furniſh with a new ſtock*; *ſtaffe, carriage, frame.*

Raſlé, & Raſler. *as* Raffle, & Raffler.

Rafreſchi: m. ie: f. *Refreſhed, cheered, revived, put into heart*; *alſo, renewed.*

Rafreſchir. *To refreſh, revive, cheere, comfort, put into heart*; *alſo, to renew.*

Rafreſchiſſement: m. *A refreſhing, or a refreſhment*; *a comforting, reviving, cheering up*; *a renewing.*

se Ragaillardir. *To be blithe, to wax merry.*

Ragalice: m. *Lickorice.*

Ragats d'eau: m. *A great flood, inundation, ravage of waters.*

Rage: f. *Rage, fury, madneſſe, woodneſſe, fierceneſſe, terriblneſſe, outragiouſneſſe.*

C'eſt rage. *'Tis a wonder.*

Faire rage. *To be very briefe, or very buſie*; *to doe great matters, work many wonders, keep a great coile, hurry, ſturre.*

Ils firent rage de promettre. *They promiſed mountaines, or wonderfull matters.*

Qui veut tuer ſon chien luy met la rage ſus ; Pro. *He that will hang his dog pretends he is mad.*

Ragement : m. *Toying, dalliance, wantonneſſe, laſciviouſneſſe.*

Ragencé : m. ée : t. *Readapted, readjuſted, reaccomodated.*

Ragencer. *To readapt, readjuſt, reaccommodate, order anew.*

Rager. *Laſciviouſly to toy, dally, or wantonnize it.*

Rageux : m. euſe. f. *Wanton, laſcivious, luſtfull.*

Raggrandir. *To greaten, augment, increaſe, inlarge.*

Ragot : m. *The name of a cunning French begger ; who made a booke of all his owne ſubtilties, and died very rich (ſome ſay worth 3000 l.)* ℣ Rab.

Raguiſer. *To ſharpen anew, or againe.*

Rai : m. *Look* Ray.

Raie, & Raïer. *as* Raye, Rayer.

Raïere : f. *A wrinckle in the face. Looke* Rayere.

Rajeuni : m. ïe : f. *Growne young againe.*

Rajeunir. *To grow young againe.*

Raifort : m. *The Raddiſh, or the Rabone, root (or herbe.)*

Raifort des champs. *Mountaine Raddiſh, horſe Raddiſh, great Raddiſh.*

Raifort d'eau. *Water Raddiſh ; (a kind of wild Raddiſh.)*

Raiford ſauvage. *The wild Raddiſh ; alſo, the water Raddiſh ; (Ruellius affirmes, that Elatine, or female Fluellin, is in ſome parts of* France *termed,* Raifort ſauvage.)

Grand raifort. *Great Raddiſh, horſe Raddiſh, mountaine Raddiſh.*

Fracture faicte en raifort. *A ſimple fracture (of bones) without any ſhivering.*

Raillant. *Jeaſting ; ſcoffing at.*

Raillard : m. arde : f. *Jeaſting, boording, pleaſant, merrie, witb ; alſo, flowting, gibing, ſcoffing, mocking.*

Railler. *To jeaſt, boord, ſport, be merrie, or pleaſant, with ; to deride, mock, flowt, ſcoffe, gibe at.*

Railleric : f. *Jeaſting, boording, ſport, merriment ; alſo, aſlowt, or ſcoffe ; a flowting, or ſcoffing.*

Railleur : m. *A jeaſter, boorder ; mocker, ſcoffer.*

Raillon : m. *A faſhion of three-edged, or treble-bladed dagger, which opens and ſhuts with a vice.*

Fer de fleche à raillon. *A Shoot-head ; a forked, or barbed head.*

† Raim : m. *A bough, or branch of a tree.*

Par raim de baſton ; &, par raim & baſton. *A delivrie, or quitting of poſſeſſion of land, by the deliverie of a bough, rod, or ſticke that growes thereon.*

† Raimceau : m. *A little branch, or bough.*

† Rain : m. *as* Raim ; *A bough.*

Rain de forefts. *The purlues, or skirts, of forreſts ; the places that be next, or nere adjoyning, unto them.*

Raine : f. *A Frog.*

Raine de buiſſon. *The hedge Toad.*

Raine verte. *The little venomous green Frog, or Toad.*

Rainette : f. *A little Frog ; alſo, a pawne at Cheſts.*

† Rainſeau : m. *A little branch, or bough.*

Rainſelet : m. *The ſame.*

Raïolé. *as* Riolé.

Raïon. *as* Rayon.

Raïonné : m. ée : f. *Furrowed ; ſet, or ſowne in, furrowes ; digeſted into ſeverall rankes, rowes, or furrowes.*

† Raipaire. *Looke* Repaire.

Raiponce : f. *Rampions, garden Rampions, the wild Rape.*

Petite raiponce. *Small, or little Rampions, wild Rampions.*

Raire. *To ſhave.*

Apres raire n'y a que tondre ; Pro. *Sheers after ſhaving finde no work to do.*

A barbe de fol on apprend à raire ; Pro. *By trimming fooles about the gill, a Barbers Prentiſe learnes his skill ; or by doing a thing ill one learnes to doe much better ; unſeemely preſidents are warnings to the wiſe.*

Vn barbier rait l'autre ; Pro. *One great man, rich man, cunning man, ſerves anothers turne.*

Rais : m. *The Sun-beames.*

Rais : m. aiſe : f. *as* Raſé.

Raiſe : f. *A path, or furrow, between beds in a Garden, or in a tilled ground.*

Raiſin : m. *A Grape ; alſo, a Raiſin ; alſo, the Kernell of a Grape ; alſo, a bunch, or cluſter of Grapes.*

Raiſins de cabas. *Alligants, or ſmaile Raiſins.*

Raiſins chenins. *A kind of great red Grapes, fitter to make medicines, then meat, of.*

Raiſins confiz. *as* Raiſins de cabas.

Raiſins de Corinthe. *Currans, or ſmall Raiſins.*

Raiſins de Damas. *The beſt, and greateſt kind of Raiſins of the Sun.*

Vn raiſin entier. *A bunch, or cluſter of Grapes.*

Raiſins de lierre. *Ivie berries.*

Raiſin de mer. *Sea Grape, ſea Raiſin, ſea Cluſter ; an herbe, or little ſhrub, growing on drie bankes neere unto the ſea.*

Raiſins de mer. *The frie, or ſpawne of the Cuttle-fiſh.*

Raiſins d'outre'mer. *Red Gooſeberries, Garden Currans.*

Raiſins de panſe. *Raiſins of the Sun.*

Raiſin de regnard. *Garden Nightſhade, pettie Morrell ; alſo, herbe Paris, Oneberrie, True-love.*

Raiſin renverſé. *as* Raiſin de regnard ; *(In the former ſence.)*

Il n'eſt ny figue ny raiſin. *He is neither fiſh nor fleſh, there is little or nothing in him.*

Moitié figues, moitié raiſins. *Halfe tone halfe tother ; and (particularly) betweene jeaſt and earneſt.*

Raiſiné : m. *A confection of Grapes, made thick, and eaten with bread, as honey ; or as* Raiſinnée.

Raiſine : f. *Roſen.*

Raiſinée. *as* Raiſinnée.

Raiſineux : m. euſe : t. *full of grapes.*

Raiſiniere : f. *The third membrane, or skin of the eye, (and the firſt that clothes the Opticke ſinew) wherein the hole is by which we ſee ; alſo, the Vvula.*

Raiſinnée : f. *A ſauce, or confection of delicate, blacke, and ripe grapes, firſt preſſed between the hands, then boyled with water and ſalt ; and then ſtrained, and put into earthen veſſells, where it will harden like a Marmalade, and keep very long.*

Raiſon : f. *Reaſon ; alſo, due, right, equitie, juſtice ; alſo, knowledge, judgement, wit, advice, diſcretion, diſcourſe ; alſo, a cauſe, argument, occaſion, conſideration ; reſpect, regard ; account, reckoning.*

Papier de raiſon. *A book of Accounts ; or, a bill of Account.*

Avoir raiſon de. *To get his due, or owne of ; to bring unto an account, or unto equall tearmes.*

Avoir la raiſon de. *To take his pleaſure ; to have his will, of ; or, as* Ranger à raiſon.

Ie n'ay pas plus de temps que de raiſon. *I have but even a reaſonable time ; or, I have no more time then I need.*

Mettre à raiſon. *To reduce into, or compell unto, ſome order ; or, as* Ranger à raiſon.

Regardez ſi ie ne me mets pas à la raiſon. *(In a contract, or agreement) See whether I have not made a faire offer.*

Ranger à raiſon. *To tame, ſubdue, reclaime, bring into order, unto civilitie, or to indifferent tearmes.*

Raiſon eſt au moulin ; Prov. *Looke* Moulin.

Mets raiſon en toy, ou elle s'y mettra ; Prov. *Let reaſon rule, or it will overrule, thee.*

Neceſſité eſt la moitié de raiſon ; Pro. *Neceſſitie hath halfe the force of a reaſon ; a fault which muſt be made is halfe excuſed.*

Raiſonnable : com. *Reaſonable, indifferent, equall, juſt, right.*

Raiſonnablement. *Reaſonably, indifferently, equally, juſtly, rightly.*

Raiſonné : m. ée : f. *Reaſoned, argued ; diſcourſed.*

Loix raiſonnées. *Laws grounded on reaſon, or whoſe reaſons are annexed unto them.*

Raiſonnement : m. *A reaſoning, arguing, diſcourſing, diſputing.*

Raiſonner. *To reaſon, argue, diſcourſe, diſpute.*

Raiz. *Look* Rets.

Raiz : m. aiſe : f. *Shaven, powled neer.*

Raize. *as* Raiſe.

Rale de cheval. *The Paſterne of a horſe.*

Ralenti : m. ie : f. *Slackened, remitted.*

Ralentir. *To ſlacken ; remit, looſen, ſore-ſlow, wire-draw, linger, draw out in length ; to relent in.*

Ralette. Marchant de ralette. *Treading lightly, or faire and ſoftly.* (v.m.)

se Ralicter. *To fall ſick, or get him ſicke to bed againe.*

Ralle. *as* Raſle.

Rallement : m. *A ratling in the throat.*

Raller. *To rattle in the throat ; alſo, to returne, or goe againe.*

Raller à terre. *To run faſt, and cloſe by the ground ; (for ſo does the Rayle.)*

Rallié : m. ée : f. *Rallied, reunited, reaſſembled, attoned, reconciled, agreed.*

Ralliement : m. *A rallying, reaſſembling, reuniting ; agreeing, attoning, reconciling.*

Rallier. *To rallie, reaſſemble, reunite, gather diſperſed, cloſe diſjoynted, things together ; alſo, to accord, reconcile, agree, make peace between.*

Rallion : m. *An arrow with a forked, or barbed head ; a broad arrow.*

Rallumé : m. ée : f. *Reinflamed, kindled, or lighted againe.*

Rallumer

Rallumer. *To light, kindle, inflame, or set on fire again.*

Ralongé: m. ée: f. *Lengthened, pulled, ſtretched, or drawn out in length.*

Cerche ralongée. *A certain Inſtrument wherewith Maſons round, and faſhion pillers.*

Ralonger. *To lengthen; to ſtretch, or draw out in length.*

Ramadoüer. *as* Amadoüer.

Ramadoux: m. *The Indian Rat; enemy to the crocodile.*

Ramage: m. *Boughes, branches, branching; or any thing that belongs thereto; hence, the warbling of birds recorded, or learnt, as they ſit on boughes; alſo, kindred, or linnage; or a branch of a pedegree.*

Velours à ramage. *Branched or wrought Velvets.*

Ramage: com. *Of, or belonging to, branches; alſo, ramage, hagard, wild, homely, rude.*

Chant ramage. *Natiuall chanting, ruſtall ſinging.*

Eſpervier ramage. *A Brancher, a ramage Hawke.*

Ramaigrir. *To wax leane, or fall away, again.*

Ramaiſon. *Look* Ramoiſon.

Ramanché: m. ée: f. *Rebaſted, rebeſtred; put again into it right place; reduced unto faſhion, or order.*

Ramancher. *To ſet a new haft, or handle, unto; (and hence) alſo, to reduce unto faſhion, or it former order; and to put againe in it former place.*

Ramar: m. *The fiſh called the ſea Fox.*

Ramas: m. *A pile, heape, collection, medley, ming le-mangle.*

Ramaſſe: f. *A broome, beſome, or long brush; alſo, a kind of high ſled, or wheelbarrow, whereon trauellers are carried downe certain ſteep, and ſlippery hills in Piemont.*

Ramaſſé: m. ée: f. *Gathered, piled, heaped, collected, or compacted together; alſo, carried downe a ſteep, or ſlippery hill in the ſled* Ramaſſe.

Ramaſſer. *To pile, heape, gather up, collect or aſſemble together; alſo, to conuey downe a ſteep, or ſlippery hill in a* Ramaſſe.

Rambade: f. *The bend, or wale of a Galley.*

Ramberge: f. *A faſhion of long ſhip, or ſea-veſſell, narrower then a Galley, but ſwift, and eaſie to be gouerned.*

Rambure: f. *The rumis of a ſowriſh apple.*

Rame: f. *An Oare; alſo, a reame of paper.*

Gens de rame. *Water-men, Barge-men, Galley-ſlaues; Rowers.*

A rame rancade. *Amaine, apace, with all their oares, as faſt as they can make, or drive.*

Ramé: m. ée: f. *Boughie, full of boughes, underpropped with boughes; alſo, reamed.*

Balles ramées. *Croſſe-barre ſhot.*

Cerf ramé. *A Raine-Deere.*

Pois ramez. *Great Peaſe, garden Peaſe, haſty Peaſe, French Peaſe, Roman Peaſe.*

Rameau: m. *A branch, a bough.*

La feſte des rameaux. *Palme-Sunday.*

Ramée: f. *A thicket; a thick and ſhady grove, or copſe; alſo, the ſhadow of boughes; and an open roome, arbor, or booth, made of boughes; any place that's couered, or ouerſhadowed, with boughes plaſhed one within another.*

Ramené: m. ée: f. *Brought back; returned; reduced; alſo, retyred, or drawne backe.*

Ramener. *To reduce, retire, bring, or draw back.*

Se ramener. *A horſe to pull in his head, or draw himſelfe in, too much.*

Ramener la complainte ſur les lieux. *To procure a Judge to heare, and determine a controuerſie in the place, or on the land, which it concernes.*

Ramener vne pile. *To caſt, or ſtrike, back a ball.*

Ramentevoir. *To remember, call to memorie, ſuggeſt, put in mind of.*

Ramentu: m. uë: f. *Remembred, called to memorie, or to an account, brought into the mind or vnto memorie.*

Ramer. *To row; alſo, to pricke or ſtick full of boughes; to underſet or underprop with boughes.*

Ramerci: m. *A certaine (forbidden) Engine wherewith fiſh may be caught.*

Ramereau: m. *A young Stockdoue.*

Ramerot: m. *A young, or ſmall Stockdoue.*

Rameur: m. *A Waterman, a Rower.*

Rameure: f. *A rowing; alſo, as* Ramure.

Rameux: m. euſe: f. *Full of branches, or boughes.*

Ramieller. *To uſe further inticements; to ſweeten once againe.*

Ramier: m. *A Queeſt, Ringdoue, Couſhot, Woodculuer.*

Ramier: m. ere: f. *Of a bough, like a bough, living among boughes; whence;*

Coulomb ramier. *The Queeſt, &c. as* Ramier.

Pois ramiers. *Branch Peaſe, garden Peaſe, haſtie Peaſe, French Peaſe.*

† Ramification: f. *Branching; a ſpreading, or dividing into ſeuerall branches.*

† Ramifié: m. ée: f. *Branched, ſpread in branches.*

† Ramifier. *To branch; to put out, or ſpread in branches.*

† Ramilles: f. *Small ſticks, or twigs; little boughes, or branches.*

Raminagrobis: m. *A counterfeit, a counterfeiter of grauitie; a ſeuere outſide of a ſleight inſide; one that would hide a moſt vaine and idle heart in an outward auſtere habit.*

† Ramingue: com. *Froward, peeriſh; or (as the Italian* ramengo *wandering, loytering, roaming about;* whence, Cheual ramingue. *An inconſtant moving horſe; one that keepes not in any direct way; one that holds not any certaine, or ſetled order in going.*

Ramoderé: m. ée: f. *Moderated, qualified, tempered.*

Ramoderer. *To moderate, qualifie, temper.*

† Ramoiſin: m. *A ſcarred, or dead branch cut from a tree.*

† Ramoiſons: m. *Loppings; or the tops of branches lopped off; alſo, heaues, or bundles thereof, or of other ſmall wood, to be imployed either for fires, or in fences, and fortifications.*

Ramoiſi: m. ie: f. *Moiſtened, bedewed, ſoked, or ſteeped ouer and ouer.*

Ramoiſir. *To moiſten, bedew, ſoke, or ſteep ouer againe.*

Ramolles: f. *Paſt-meats faſhioned like Sauſidges, and made of the guts of herbes, the yolkes of eggs, cheeſe, and meale ſeaſoned with ſalt, and boiled in water vntill they float; when, they are taken out of it, and ſerued up hot.*

Ramollir. *To ſoften, or make ſoft againe.*

Se ramollir. *To ſoften, ſlacken, relent, wax gentle, grow tender.*

Ramolliſſement: m. *A ſoftening, mollifying, making tender.*

Ramon: m. *A broome, or beſome.*

Ramonné: m. ée: f. *Swept with a broom.*

Ramonner. *To ſweep, or make cleane with a broome.*

Ramonneur de cheminée. *A chimney-ſweeper.*

Ramonter. *To liſt vp on high.*

Ramortiſſement. *as* Amortiſſement.

Rampable: com. *Which may be crept on.*

Rampar. *Look* Rempar.

Rampeau. Droict de ramp. *A priuilege, or power, to leuer.*

Rampement: m. *A creeping, or crawling along on the ground; alſo, a climbing.*

Ramper. *To creepe, run, crawle, or trailleſt ſelfe, along on the ground; alſo, to climb.*

Ramplaige. *as* Ramplage.

Ramponne: f. *A ſlout, ſcoffe, mock; gibe, gleeke, jeaſt broken on.*

Ramponner. *To gibe, flout, ſcoffe, deride, mocke, jeaſt at.*

Rampoſne. *as* Ramponne.

Ramſon. *as* Rençan; (*an old word.*)

Ramu: m. uë: f. *Branchie; full of brambes.*

Ramure: f. *Branchineſſe, or a ſpreading in branches; alſo, branches.*

La ramure d'un cerf. *A Deeres head well ſet, or with all his rights; the well-ſpread head of a red Deer.*

Ramuſelé. nez ramuſelé. *A thicke, and ſhort noſe, a bottle noſe.*

Ran: m. *A Ramme.* & Pic.

Rancade. A rancade, ou à voile, rancade, *with all their oares, or ſayles; as faſt as they can goe.*

Rance: com. *as* Ranci.

Ranche: com. *Hoarſe.*

Ranci: m. le: f. *Muſtie, muſtie, reaſie, reſtie, tainted, ſtale, putrified, waſted, ſtinking, unſauory, ill-ſmelling.*

Rancin: m. *The new hunting of dogs after a default.*

Se Rancir. *To putrifie, wax tainted, get a waſt, grow muſtie, muſtie, reaſie, reſtie, ſtale.*

Rancilure: f. *Muſtineſſe, muſtineſſe, reaſineſſe, reſtineſſe, a taint, ſtaleneſſe, putrifaction, unſauorineſſe.*

Ranco. Trotter de ranco. *To walke from ranke to ranke, from one to another.*

Rancœur: m. *Rancor, hatred, malice, an inward grudge, rankling deſpight.*

Rancon: m. *A Welſh hooke, or bedging bill; or (moſt properly) a triple ſharpened weapon about the length of a Partiſan.*

Rançon: f. *A ranſome. look* Rençon.

Rançonné: m. ée: f. *Ranſomed, put to ranſome; alſo, oppreſſed, or extorted vpon.*

Rançonner. *To ranſome, to put vnto ranſome; alſo, to oppreſſe, pole, deſpoile, exact, or extort moſt of his ſubſtance from.*

Rançonneur: m. *A ranſomer; alſo, an oppreſſor, or extortioner.*

Rancune: f. *as* Rancœur.

Randon: m. *The ſwiftneſſe, or force of a ſtrong and violent ſtreame; whereof to ler à grand randon. To go very faſt; or with a great and ſtrong pace.*

Sang respandu à gros randons. *By great gushes, or in great quantity, at once.*

Randonnée : f. *A swift, or violent course.*

Randonner. *To run swiftly, violently, as fast as he can.*

Rane. *A Frog.*

Rang : m. *A ranke, row, list, file, range, course; place, order, array; also, (plurally) the lists of a Justs, or Turnament.*

Vn luth à 16 rangs. *A sixteen-stringd Lute; or a Lute with sixteen strings.*

Au rang de. *Amongst, or in the company of.*

Mettre sur les rangs. *To make mention, have speech of; to remember, bring upon the Stage, or bring in among the rest; also, to*

Tenir sur les rangs. *To deride, ride, mock, gib, scoffe, or jeast at.*

Rangé. *Look* Rengé.

Rangée : f. *A ranke, file, row.*

Rangée d'avirons. *A banke of oares.*

Ranger. *To range, rank, order, array, set, sort, place, dispose, ordaine unto.*

Ranger à l'estroict. *To drive, or bring unto a streit.*

Ranger à raison. *To tame, reclaime, civilize, bring into temper, unto reason or order; to overcome, bring under, subdue.*

Se ranger à. *To see, addresse, frame, addict, apply, also, to yeeld, himself unto.*

Se ranger au moncoir. *Look* Montoir.

Ranglier : m. *A Raine Deere.*

Ranglier. *The same.*

Ranguillon : m. *The tongue of a buckle.*

Ranimé : m. ée : f. *Reanimated, reincouraged, revived, restored into life.*

Ranimer. *To reanimate, reincourage, revive, put into heart; infuse new vigor, life, or spirit into.*

Ranulaire. Veine ranulaire. *A veine under the tongue, opened, or let bloud, for the Squinancie.*

Ranules : f. *The veines which are under the tongue; also the little muskles of that part; so named, because they somewhat resemble the flayed thighs of a Frog.*

Ranulle : m. *A palpy full swelling of the veines under the tongues of cattell.*

Ranuncule : f. *The Crowsoot, Butter flower, Kings Cob, golden Cup; and (especially a kind thereof) Spearewort, Beanewort.*

Raoüler. *Look* Rooler.

Rapacité : f. *Ravening, rapacitie, greedinesse; extortion, catching, extreme covetousnesse.*

Rapaire : f. *The dung of a Hare.*

Rapatrier. *as* Repatrier.

Rape : m. *A very small wine comming of water cast upon the mother of grapes, which have been prossed; also, the wine which comes from a vessell filled with whole, and sound grapes (divided from the cluster) and some wine among; which being drawn out, is supplied by the lees longs of good wine, put into the vessell, and reversed and kept in heart a whole year long by the said grapes.*

Rape : f. *A Rape, or a rough File.*

Rapé : m. ée : f. *Rapped, scraped.*

Rapeau : m. *as* Rappeau; *also, a returne; or a sound course, or burle at Keyles.*

Rapede-nare. *as* Racle-dosiere.

Rapel : m. *A Lure for a Hawke.*

Rapemene : m. *A rasping, hard scraping.*

Raper. *To raspe, or scrape hard; also, to knock (from the use of some, to scrape) at a doore, &c.*

Rapetacé : m. ée : f. *Patched, peeced, clowted, mended, botched.*

Rapetacer. *To patch, peece, clowt, mend, botch.*

Rapetasser. *The same.*

Rapetissé : m. ée : f. *Diminished, lessened, grown lesse and lesse; also, set in, as a peece of worke.*

Rapetissement : m. *a lessening, diminishing, extenuating; a making or growing lesse and lesse; also, a setting, or standing, in of a peece of worke.*

Rapetisser. *To lessen, diminish, extenuate, make lesse and lesse; also, to set in a peece of worke, or a peece of work to stand in, beyond it fellowes.*

Rapeur : m. *A Rasper, or hard scraper.*

Raphan. *as* Raifort.

Raphanelle sauvage. *The herb Dittany, Dittander, Pepperwort.*

Raphe : m. *A certaine beast that's shaped like a wolfe, and spotted like a Pamber; also, the name of a Saint; whence;*

Mal de S. Raphe. *A leaprosie, or, the wild scab.*

Raphe : f. *A Raddish, also, a leapers clicket; also, a handfull, or grasp full, of; also, the Game at Dice called* Raffle.

Rapher. *as* Raffler.

Raphileux : m. euse : f. *Rugged, rough, knotty, knobby; also, full of seames.*

Raphine : f. *The name of a certain Saint; whence;*

Mal de S. Raphine. *The wild scab.*

Raphler. *as* Raffler.

Rapide : com. *Violent, impetuous, hasty, sudden, swift, vehement; cruell, furious; ravenous.*

Rapidement. *Impetuously, violently, swiftly, hastily, suddenly; ravenously; cruelly, furiously.*

Rapidité : f. *Violent swiftnesse, impetuous haste, vehement or sudden fury; ravenous cruelty.*

Rapiecé : m. ée : f. *Pieced, patched, botched, up.*

Rapiecement : m. *A piecing, patching, botching.*

Rapiecer. *To peece, patch, botch, clowt, mend.*

Rapiecceur : m. *A peecer, patcher, botcher.*

Rapiere : f. *An old rusty rapier.*

Rapille : f. *A kind of sand gotten at Pousfole neer unto Naples; and used in the cutting of Marble.*

Rapine : f. *Rapine, ravine, ravishment, robbery, violent snatching, forcibly taking.*

Rapiner. *To ravine, despoile, rob of, ravish, take violently, snatch greedily, beare away hastily, from.*

Rapineux : m. euse : f. *Ravenous, greedy, violent, covetous (or violent in covetousnesse,) ravishing, or despoiling of all, of the best things one hath.*

† Rapoil : m. *A Shaver, or Barber.*

Rapoule : f. *The time, Burre-dock, or great Burre.*

Rappé : m. *Small wine; or as* Rapé.

Rappe : f. *A Game, or Exercise, wherein the Actors being armed with Gauntlets buffet one another.*

Rappé. *as* Rapé; brouët rappé. *The broth of Chickens and Veale, having added unto it the crummes of white bread, iuice of Pullein, Verjuice, and white Ginger, strained together, and then being boylet againe.*

Rappeau. *as* Rappel.

Rappecou : m. *The sea fish called, a Heavengazer.*

Rappel : m. *A repeale, revocation, recalling; a calling, or fetching back.*

Rappelé : m. ée : f. *Repealed, revoked, recalled; fetched, or withdrawn from.*

Rappeler. *To repeale, revoke, recall, call back, fetch, or withdraw from.*

Rappeler par bourse. *To redeeme, or to recover, by the privilege of next kindred, an inheritance which hath been sold; giving for it onely so much as it was sold for.*

Rappeler le cochon. *To repeat, or intreat of, his former subject; to fall into, or come unto, the matter againe; also, to leave, or end as he began.*

Rappeller. *as* Rappeler.

Rappes : f. *The Paines; a disease in a horses legs.*

Rappetissement. *Look* Rapetissement.

Rappez : m. *A kind of Grapes preserved in Must; and served to the Table as great dainties. Look* Rapé.

Rappiece, & Rappiecement. *as* Rapiecé, & Rapiecement.

Rappiecer. *Look* Rapiecer.

Rappointé : m. ée : f. *New pointed, or sharpned at the point.*

Rappointer. *To sharpen the point of, to set a new point on; also, to repaire the losses of, to furnish anew with, to restore to a former estate, to set up againe; also, to redetermine, redesire; re-attone, reconcile; bring into good termes againe.*

Rapport : m. *A report, relation, recitall, rehearsall, delivery of a tale; also, the return of a writ; or that which a Sheriffe, Sergeant, or other officer, sets downe on the backeside of a Writ served, or otherwise reports of the serving, or executing, thereof; also, a resemblance, correspondencie, accord, or agreement between severall things; also, a bearing, yielding, or bringing forth of fruit.*

Rapport & denombrement. *A survey; or, as* Denombrement.

Rapport de main pleine; C'est, garnison de la main de Iustice de biens suffisans & valables, pour la somme pour la quelle execution est faicte, sur le rapport du Sergent des biens deffs par luy prins sur le debteur, en quel cas il peut avoir recreance, provision, & delivrance d'iceux.

Teste de rapport. *The branch of a Vine that beares the Grapes, is ordinarily a shoot of one that sprung out the yeare before.*

Rapporté : m. ée : f. *Told, reported, related, recited, rehearsed; also, likened or compared with, resembled, referred, applied, or layed neere unto; also, fitted, adapted, correspondent, evenly joyned, justly applied; also, brought or carried back.*

Vers rapportez. *Verses whose words answeringly answer one another; as in,*

Pâture, Laboureur, Duc, Pay peu, bestiaux, foubuis, de ruine, de pieç, de mains, chevres, champs, ennemis, &c.

Rap-

Rapporte-nouvelle. Vnr. *A newes-bearer, or tale-carrier; one that takes up, or beareth after, any newes, to report them, or make tales out of them.*

Rapporter. *To report, relate, recount, recite, rehearse, tell, deliver; also, to referre, compare, apply one to; to match, fit, equall one with, another; to lay peece by peece, or one close by another; also, to beare, yeeld, or bring forth fruit; also, to bring, or carry backe; also, to represent, as formes, unto the thoughts, to imprint them therein.*

Rapporter vn procez. *Succinctly, and fairely to rehearse, and open unto the Court the principall points of a matters already debated at large by the counsell of both sides.*

Se rapporter à. *To resemble, or agree with; also, to referre, or commit, himselfe unto.*

S'en rapporter à. *To lay the charge, or care of a businesse on another; whence,* Ie m'en rapporte à celuy, qu'il y prenne garde: *I beare no part of it, I will deale no more in it, let him look to it if he will; and,* Ie m'en rapporte à ce qu'en est. *Let the thing defend, or speake for, it selfe, I neither make nor meddle with it.*

Ou se rapportent, & frappent les rayons. *Where the beames light, or meet.*

Rapporteur: m. *A reporter, a relater, a reciter, a rehearser.*

Rapporteurs de Chancelerie. *Certaine officers, which open unto the Masters of Requests (in that Court) the effect of petitions; and the difficulties, or inconveniences, whereto the writs, or Letters Patents required by suters are subiect.*

Rapporteur de procez. *The Presidents, or Conseillier, who, when a case hath been fully argued, and debated by the Councell on both sides, doth open faithfully, and report succinctly, the principall points thereof; immediately after which the Court proceeds unto sentence.*

Rappredre. *To learne over again.*

Raprecy: m. *A revaluation, or new price made, of.*

† Rapse: f. *as* Rape; *a Raspe.*

Rapsodie: f. *A Rapsodie; an improper collection, a confused heaping up, of many sentences.*

Rapt: m. *A ravishing, a violent snatching, taking, or pulling away of.*

Raptacer. *To patch, peece, mend, botch, clowt.*

Raptasser. *as* Raptacer.

Raquaille. *as* Racaille.

Raquamé: m. ée: f. *Imbroidered.*

† Raque: f. *Durt; filth, ordure, mud, mire; or, as* Rasque.

Raqué. Vin raqué. *(Perhaps instead of* Rapé.*) Small, or corse Wine, squeezed from the marc, or dregs of the grapes, already drayned of all their best moisture.*

Raquedenare: m. *A pinch-penny, scrape-good, miserable wretch.*

Raquetier: m. *A Racket-maker; also, one that handles a racket well.*

Raquette: f. *A Racket.*

Raquettes. *The high-sided periwigs, or wires of haire, worne heretofore by Gentlewomen.*

Raquit: m. *A reacquitment, redemption, buying out, a discharge, or extinguishment of rents, &c.*

Raquitable: com. *Redeemable.*

Raquité: m. ée: f. *Redeemed, bought out.*

Raquiter. *To redeem, discharge, extinguish, buy out.*

Raquoisé: m. ée: f. *Quieted, stilled, calmed, assuaged, appeased, pacified.*

Raquoiser. *To quiet, still, calme, assuage, pacifie, appease.*

Rare: com. *Rare, seld, unusuall, geason; thin, cleer; daintie, precious, excellent.*

Rarefacient. *Making thin, or scant.*

Rarefaction: f. *A making, or becomming, thinne.*

Rarefier. *To rarifie, to make thin, or scant.*

Rarement. *Rarely, seldome, unusually, not often.*

Rareté: f. *Rarenesse, raritie, seldomenesse; thinnesse, scantnesse.*

Ras: m. *The stuffe called Serge.*

Ras de Milain. *The finest kind of bare Serge, or a like Serge.*

Ras: m. ase: f. *Shaven, cleane shaven, cut close by the ground or bottome; cut quite away.*

Campagne rase. *An even and plaine field without hillocks, furrowes, or trees.*

Or ras. *Smooth Gold, Venice stuffe.*

Drap d'or ras. *Smooth, or unfrizzled cloth of gold.*

Velours ras. *Vncut Velvet.*

Couper tout ras. *To cut cleane off, to sweep quite away.*

Vouloir prendre vn homme ras par les cheveux. *To require, or exact, of a man much more then he can yeeld.*

Rasade. *Shaving, shauing, paring, or cutting close, by the root, or bottome; also, razing, or laying even by the ground.*

Rascas. Dauphin rascas. *The great sea Vrchin.*

Rascasse. *as* Dauphin rascas; *or* (*in* Languedoc) *the sea Scorpion.*

Rasche: f. *A scauld, or a running scurfe, or sore (full of little holes) especially in the heads of little children.* ¶ Langued.

Rascle: f. *A Partridge (about* Montpellier.*)*

Rase: f. *A shaving, shauing, powling; and thence, a road into, or a ravaging of, an enemies countrey. Look* Raze.

Rasé: m. ée: f. *Shaven, cut cleane off, powled close to the skin; also, razed, or layed even with, or levell unto, the ground.*

Mesure rasée. *Close, neer, or hard measure.*

Raseau: m. *Network; also, a great flat-bottomed Boat, Barge, or Lighter; or, as* Radeau.

Rasement: m. *A shaving, shauing, striking, or cutting close off; a razing, a laying levell to the ground.*

Rase-poil: m. *A Barber, a haire-shaver.*

Raser. *To shaue; shaue; cut quite off, close by the root, cleane away; also, to raze, or lay levell to the ground; also, to touch, or grate, as a thing in passing by it.*

Raser les eaux. *To skimme over, to skue or sayle upon the water.*

Raser les herbes. *To sit (as the dawe, &c.) on herbes.*

Rasette: f. *The lesse bone of the arme, or leg.*

Rasibus de. *Close, or hard, unto, levell or even with.*

Rasibus qui bouge? *The word of a certaine Game, wherein one with a staffe strikes all along the top of an open, and upstanding Hogshead, and thereby makes ducke downe into it. another, who is within it.*

Rasier de bled. *A measure containing about foure Bushels.*

Rasle: m. *A ratling in the throat; also, the fowle called, a Rayle.*

Rasle de genest. *the ordinarie Rayle.*

Rasle grand. *The Moor-henne, or small Coot; resembles the ordinarie Coot in all parts but his feet, which be cloven.*

Rasle noir. *The Brook Ouzel, or Moorhenne.*

Rasle rouge. *The common Rayle.*

Courir comme vn rasle. *To run very fast, and close by the ground.*

Rasoir: m. *A Rasour.*

Rasoir de mer. *as* Rason.

Faire la barbe à quelqu'un sans rasoir. *To affront, braue, abuse one.*

A barbe de fol le rasoir est mol; Pro. *A gloze will breake any iest; or put up any abuse; every harsh thing hath a gentle touch in his dull conceit.*

A barbe de fol baisse rasoir; Prov. *Look* Fol.

Rason: m. *A delicate red-spotted fish in the seas about* Rhodes *and* Malta; *esteemed thus, because his backe is fashioned like a Rasour.*

Raspatoire: m. *A Raspatorie, a Raspe, an instrument of scraping.*

Raspé: m. *as* Rapé.

Raspe: f. *A Raspe, or a rough File.*

Raspé: m. ée: f. *Rasped, scraped, grated; filed.*

Raspecon: m. *The sea-fish called (by some) a Heaven-gaper.*

Raspeux: m. euse: f. *Rugged, rough as a Raspe.*

† Rasque: f. *The scurfe of a scauld head.*

Rassailler. *To reassaile, reassault, set on againe.*

Rassasié: m. ée: f. *Filled, sated, satiated, satisfied.*

Rassasiement: m. *A glutting, filling, satiating, satisfying.*

Rassasier. *To fill, glut, sade, satiate, satisfie.*

Rasseant. *Sitting downe againe.*

Rassel: m. *Arsesmart, water Pepper, Kill-ridge, or Culrage (an herbe.)*

Rassembler. *To reassemble, to rally; also, to set together againe.*

Rasseoir. *To reset, settle, set, or sit, downe.*

Rasserené: m. ée: f. *Made lightsome, cheerefull, cleere, calme.*

Rasserener. *To make lightsome, cheerfull, cleere, calme.*

Rasseurer. *To secure, make sure, confirme, or settle unto.*

Rassis: m. ise: f. *Setled, stayed, at rest, sober, temperate, well tempered, whose wild oats are sowen.*

Pain rassis. *Stale bread.*

Vin rassis. *Ripe, or fined wine.*

Rassoté: m. ée: f. *Grown sottish, doltish, or childish; fallen into dotage.*

Rassotement: m. *Sottishnesse, dotage.*

Rossoter. *To dote, become doltish, grow fond, vaine, childish, foppish.*

Rasteau: m. *A Rake; also, a Portcullis.*

Rastelé: m. ée: f. *Raked; broken, levelled, or gathered together, with a Rake.*

Rasteler. *To rake; to breake, levell, or gather together, with a Rake.*

Raſtelier : m. *A Rack, to put Hay &c. in*; *alſo, the ſtaulke, or ſtealk of a Grape*; *alſo, a row of pegs, or woodden pinnes, to hang things on.*

Couvrir leur raſtelier. *To cover their gaping mouthes (which otherwiſe would diſcover a thinne, or ill favored ſet of teeth.)*

Hauſſer le raſtelier (viz. le bec, ou le nez) à. *Scornfully to caſt up the head at.*

Tout ſe trouve au raſtelier de cuiſine ; Prov. *All things are, at the length, diſcovered, or brought upon the Stage.*

RaſteHot : m. *wild Chervill, mock Chervill, Shepheards needle, Venus Combe, or our Ladies Combe.*

Raſton : m. *A faſhion of round, and high Tart, made of butter, eggs, and cheeſe.*

Raſtre, *as* Reſtre.

Raſure : f. *A ſhaving ; a cloſe cutting, or ſtriking ; alſo, a razing out of written things ; alſo, the ſhavings, or ſcrapings of a thing ; whence ;*

Raſure d'Aloës.

† Raſurier : m. *A Shaver, a Barber.*

Rat : m. *A Rat ; alſo, a Mouſe ; alſo, the fiſh called, a Heaven gazer, (alſo, as* Raye, *in old French.)*

Rat d'Hongrie. *The Hungarian Rat ; a little greeniſh beaſt which reſembles a weeſell, but is no bigger then a Mouſe.*

Rat d'Inde, *or* Rat de Pharaon.

Rat de Laſſe. *The Laſſet Mouſe ; a beaſt that beares the Furre which we call Minever.*

Rat Liron. *A Dormouſe.*

Rat de Montaigne, *as* Marmotaine.

Rat Norique. *The Norican Mouſe ; bodied like a weeſell, haired like a Hare, and eared like a Mole ; ſhe feeds moſt on Nuts, and (contrary to other Mice) is eaſily tamed.*

Rat de Nuremberg. *The Rat of Nuremberg ; coated almoſt like a Hare, and having but two little holes in ſtead of eares.*

Rat Pannonique. *A ſmall rat of a greeniſh colour ; but otherwiſe reſembling our weeſell.*

Rat de Pharaon. *The Indian Rat ; as big as a Cat, and mortall enemy to the Crocodile, whoſe gaping mouth he creepes into, and getting thence into his bowels, eats them, and kils him.*

Rat de ponte. *The Ponticke Rat, or Mouſe ; white of colour, and as big as a Squirrell ; his taile (of a fingers length) having a very black tip, makes him held, by ſome, a kind of Ermine, or Ermeline.*

Rat velu. *A Dormouſe.*

Oreille de rat. *The herb Mouſe-eare ; alſo, a kind of Chickweed, or herb like Chickweed.*

Yeux de rat. *Small eyes, pink eyes.*

Rats en paille. *A ruſtling, ſoule coyle, hurlyburly, buſtling ; alſo, a revelling, or jollity ; whence ;*

Plus ioyeux que rats en paille. *More friſk, or lively, then Rats on a Chaffe-heape.*

Prendre vn rat par la queuë. *To cut a pinſe.*

Les rats ſe promenent à l'aiſe là ou il n'y a point de chats ; Prov. *The Rats may ſafely play, when as the Cat's away.*

A bon rat bon chat ; Prov. *Look* Chat.

Trop tard ſe repent le rat entre les pattes du chat ; Prov. *The Rat can very ill plead Law when the Cat hath him under her paw.*

Rataconné : m. ée : f. *Patched, botched, cobled, clowted.*

Rataconner. *To patch, botch, coble, clowt.*

Rataconnerie : f. *A patching, or botching, a cobling, or clowting.*

Rataconneur : m. *A patcher, botcher, cobler.*

Rataconniculer. *To re-iterate leachery.*

Ratatiné : m. ée : f. *Grubby, ſhrunke in, thick and ſhort.* Look Ratratiné.

Rate : f. *The Spleen, or Milt.*

Ayez bonne rate. *Be lively, be merry, plucke up your ſpirits man, be of good cheare.*

Rateau : m. *as* Radeau.

Rateceler. *To clowt, or coble a ſhoose, &c.*

Ratelant. *Hunting after Miſe and Rats ; alſo, howling, or crying, like an Owle.*

Ratelée : f. *A rablement ; a fond ſaw, or ſaying.*

Sa ratelée du butin. *His ſhare of the booty.*

En dire ſa ratelée. *To ſpeake his mind, blurt out his ſentence, deliver up his opinion, of the matter.*

Rateler. *To hunt Rats, and Mice as an Owle ; alſo, to howle, ſhreek, or cry, like an Owle.*

Ratelier, *as* Raſtelier.

Ratelle : f. *as* Rate.

Ratelou : m. *Long Hartwort, or Birthwort, male Birthwort.*

Ratepenade : f. *A Bat, Rearmouſe, or Flickermouſe ; alſo, a kind of Seatefiſh ; as* Glorieuſe.

Ratepenade de mer. *The flying fiſh ; becauſe in colour, and forme of wings it ſomewhat reſembles a Bat.*

Ratepenades. *as* Raquettes.

Ratiere : f. *A Mouſe-trap.*

Ratifié : m. ée : f. *Ratified, confirmed, eſtabliſhed, warranted, aſſured unto.*

Ratifier. *To ratifie, confirme, eſtabliſh, approve, warrant, aſſure unto.*

Ratiocination : f. *A diſcourſing, diſcuſſing, arguing, diſputing, reaſoning, debating of matters.*

Ratiociner. *To reaſon, diſcourſe, diſcuſſe, diſpute, argue, debate.*

Rational : m. ale : f. *Reaſonable, indued with reaſon, having the uſe, or power of reaſon.*

† Ratiſſé : m. ée : f. *Scraped, raſped, grated.*

† Ratiſſer. *To ſcrape ; to raſpe ; to grate.*

† Ratiſſer le cerveau. *To vex, or perplex the braines.*

Ratiſſoire : f. *A Raſpe ; alſo, a Grater.*

Ratiſſoüer : m. *An iron raſpe, rake, or ſcraper.*

Ratiſſure : f. *A raſping, or ſcraping ; alſo, the ſcrapings of.*

Rat-liron : m. *A Dormouſe.*

Ratoir : m. *A Mouſe-trap, or a Trap for Rats.*

Ratoire : m. *A Ruptory ; a ſkinne-breaking ointment, medicine, or ſalve.*

Ratoire : f. *The hole in a doore for a Cat to goe in and out at ; alſo, a Mouſe-hole ; alſo, as* Ratoir.

Raton : m. *A little Rat (or Mouſe ;) alſo, as* Raſton.

Ratoüere : f. *A paring ſhovell ; alſo, a Rat-trap.*

Ratrapé : m. ée : f. *Re-intrapped.*

Ratraper. *To re-intrap ; to catch, or lay hands on once againe.*

Rattaindre. *To reach, or overtake againe.*

Rattatiné : m. ée : f. *Grubby, ſhrunke in, thick and ſhort ; alſo, as* Renfrongné, ou Recchigné.

Ratte, *as* Rate.

Ratteindre. *To reach, or overtake once more.*

Ratteint : m. te : f. *Raught, or overtaken againe.*

Ratteinte : f. *A reaching, or overtaking once more.*

Ratteloup, *as* Ratelou.

Rattendrir. *To make tender, or ſoft againe.*

Ratte-volage, *as* Batt.

Rattier : m. ére : f. *Sullen, retired, unſociable, uncompanable, ſolitary, ſtrange ; alſo, ſplenatick, or belonging to the Spleene.*

† Rattierement. *Sullenly, retiredly, privately, ſolitarily, unſociably, in baggar-muggar.*

Rattveul : m. *A Dormouſe.*

Rature : f. *A raze, or ſcratch ; a razing, or ſcraping out ; a cancelling, or putting out.*

Ratuſe encriere. *A daſh, or ſtroak through a word with a pen.*

Raturé : m. ée : f. *Razed, ſcraped, effaced, cancelled, blotted, ſtruck, or daſhed out.*

† Ravacher. *as* Ravaſſer.

Ravage : m. *Ravage, havock, ſpoyle ; a violent, and ſuddaine ranſacking, ſurveying, irruption into ; an overrunning, or overflowing of a country, whether by incurſion of enemies, or inundation of waters.*

Ravagé : m. ée : f. *Ravaged, ſpoyled, ſurveyed, ſacked, ranſacked, made havocke of, waſted, overflowne, overrunne, violently and ſuddainly.*

Ravager. *To ravage, ſurvey, ſpoyle, prey upon, make havock of, ſacke, ranſacke violently to overrun, ſuddainly to overflow.*

Ravageur : m. *A ravager, ſpoyler, ſurveyer, ſacker, ranſacker, one that makes havock of all he can come neere.*

Ravaille : m. *Small fiſh ſold one with another*

Raval. *as* Ravallement.

Ravallé : m. ée : f. *Dejected, humbled, caſt or ſunke downe, debaſed, depreſſed ; leſſened or fallen in price ; brought low, taken or ſwallowed downe.*

Ravallement : m. *A dejecting, debaſing, depreſſing, a caſting, or ſinking, a taking, or ſwallowing, downe ; a falling in price, an humbling, abating, abaſing ; bearing, or pulling downe.*

Ravallement de courage. *Faintneſſe, or a fainting ; faint-heartedneſſe, diſcouragement, abaſhment.*

Ravaller. *To pull, caſt, bring, or beat, downe ; to debaſe, depreſſe, deject ; leſſen, diminiſh, abate ; bring low, take lower ; alſo, to ſwallow, or ſwill down againe.*

Se ravaller. *To humble himſelfe, to ſtoop, yield, condiſcend, or vaile bonnet unto ; alſo, to fall in price.*

Il ſe ravalla dedans ſon lict. *He ſunke downe, or layed him down, againe into his bed.*

Ravanel : m. *The Raddiſh root.*

Ravanille : f. *A little Raddiſh.*

Ravaſſer. *To rave, to talk idly.*

Ravaſſes

Ravaſſer en dormant. *To ſleep unquietly, or talke in ſleeping.*
Ravauder. *To patch, or botch.*
Ravaudereſſe : f. *A woman botcher.*
Ravauderie : f. *Botchery, or botched ſtuffe.*
Ravaudeur : m. *A botcher ; alſo, an idle, or ignorant ſpeaker ; one that either conſounds, or underſtands not, what he ſaies ; or one that neither does, nor ſaies, ought rightly.*
Ravaudeuſe : f. *as* Ravaudereſſe.
Revayde : f. *A caſke, or ſtirre ; or, as* Ravage. ¶ Orleannois.
Rauder. *as* Roder ; *alſo, to laugh, jeaſt, be merry, revell, riot it.*
Ravé : t. *A Rape, or Turnep ; the Raddiſh is alſo called ſo in ſome parts of* France, *but eſpecially about* Paris.
Rave douce. *The Raddiſh root.*
Rave forte. *The ſame ; or, as* Raifort.
Rave de Limoſin. *A Turnep.*
Rave longue. *The long Rape, or Turnep.*
Rave ronde. *The ordinary Rape ; alſo, the round Raddiſh.*
Rave de Savoye. *The Savoyan Rape, the greateſt kind of Turnep.*
Rave ſauvage. *The water, and wild, Raddiſh ; alſo, the wild Rape, or Turnep ; ſome alſo call Speedwell (in Latine) ſo.*
Ce mot ſent la rave. *This word is clowniſh, or ſavors of the clowne.*
Raveforte. *as* Raifort.
Ravel. Bogue ravel. *A little ſea-fiſh, that hath great eyes, and a ſilver-colonred belly, a reddiſh backe and taile, and all other parts not much unlike the Cackerells.*
Ravelin : m. *A Ravelin (in fortification.)*
Il y a bien de ravelin en ſon falct. *All is not well with him, he is much out of ſquare.*
Ravenet : m. *The Raddiſh root.*
Raverdir. *To wax green, or to canker, as a braſen veſſell that's either not uſed, or ill kept.*
Raveſtiſſement : m. *A readveſting, reinveſture.*
Ravet : m. *The Raddiſh root.*
Ravette : f. *A little Rape, or Turnep.*
La petite ravette. *The garden Rampion, or wild Rape.*
Raveul : m. *A Dormouſe.*
Ravi : m. ie : f. *Raviſhed, ſuddainely or forcibly carried away.*
Belle choſe eſt toſt ravie ; Prov. *Faire things are quickly ſnatched up.*
Raviere : f. *A plot, or bed, of Turneps.*
Ravigoré : m. ée : f. *Recovered, reſtored unto vigor ; cheered up againe.*
Ravigorer. *To recover, to reſtore unto vigor ; to hearten, ſtrengthen, revive, cheere up againe.*
Ravigotter. *To revive ; or, a half-dead man to return unto life.* ¶ Pic.
Ravine d'eau. *A great flood ; a ravine, or inundation of water, which overwhelmeth all things that come in it way.*
Ravineux : m. euſe : f. *Ravenous, violent, impetuous, like a forcible ſtreame, or inundation of waters.*
Ravir. *To raviſh, to ſnatch away haſtily, pull away violently, take away forcibly, beare away ſuddenly.*
Ravilé : m. ée : f. *Readviſed ; well bethought of in himſelfe, thought better, or otherwiſe, of.*
Se Raviſer, *as* Radviſer.
Raviſſant : m. ante : f. *Raviſhing ; ravenous, violent, greedy, ſwift.*
Raviſſement : m. *A raviſhing, a raviſhment.*
Raviſſeur : m. *A raviſher ; a violent, or forcible taker ; a ravenous, or greedy companion.*
Ravivé : m. ée : f. *Revived.*
Raviver. *To revive, to returne, or to reſtore, unto life.*
Raulet. *The name of a certaine great Peare.*
Ravoir. *To recover, to have again.*
Se ravoir. *To revive, recover, come againe unto himſelfe.*
Ravoire : f. *as* Ravage.
¶ Ravoirer. *(ſometimes uſed) as* Ravoir.
Ravolé : m. ée : f. *Fled back.*
Ravoler. *To fly back, to return flying.*
Rauque : com. *Hoarſe, harſh, or unpleaſant of ſound.*
Rauſe : f. *Sedge, Gladin, Glader, Sword-graſſe, Sheet-graſſe.*
Ray : m. *A ray, or beame of the Sun ; alſo, a ſpoke of a wheele.*
Ray de miel. *A hony-combe.*
Rayant : m. ante : f. *Radiant, gliſtering, ſhining, blazing, leaming.*
Rayaux : m. *Bars ; or long, and narrow pieces of metall.*
Raye : f. *Ray, Skate, Thornebacke.*
Raye au bec pointu. *The ſharpe-ſnouted (or daintieſt kind of) Ray.*
Raye bouclée. *The Rock-Ray ; the Ray whoſe back is ſet thick with little knaules, not unlike unto buckles.*
Raye cendrée. *A kind of ſmooth Ray ; or, as* Colliart.
Raye eſtelée. *The ſtarry Skate, the rugged Ray.*
Raye lize. *The ſmooth Ray, whoſe ſcales are powdred with little ſpecks like Looking-glaſſes.*
Raye au long bec. *The ſpotted, long-ſnowted, or ſharp-ſnowted Ray.*
Raye polie. *The ſmooth Ray.*
Raye : f. *A ray, line, ſtreake, row ; furrow ; alſo, the ſpoke, or ſtaffe, of a wheele.*
La raye des arbres. *The grain of Timber, or of Trees.*
La raye de cul. *The nock, fold, or dint between the buttocks.*
Tant d'arpents à la raye. *So much arable land, which is to be ſowed that year.*
Ils ſont au bout de la raye. *They have done as much as they can ; they are gone as far as they are able ; they have no more to doe, or to ſay.*
Rayé : m. ée : f. *Razed, ſcraped, croſſed, or cleane put out ; alſo, rayed, rewed, ſtreaked, or ſkored all over ; alſo, blazed, or glittered.*
Rayement : m. *A razing, ſcraping, croſſing, blotting, or putting out ; alſo, a glittering, blazing, ſtaring, bright ſhining, ſending forth of beames ; alſo a renewing, ſtreaking, or ſkoring all over.*
Rayer. *To raze, croſſe, blot, ſcrape, ſtrike, or put out ; alſo, to rew, ſtreake, or ſkore all over ; alſo, to blaze, ſtare, leame, glitter, ſhine brightly, ſend forth beames.*
Se rayer. *To be full of rayes, rewes, or ſtreakes.*
La mamelle ne rayoit que du ſang. *Yeelded nothing but bloud ; nothing ſpowted, ſtowed, iſſued, or came from it but bloud ; hence alſo,* Il luy fit rayer le ſang par le nez.
Rayere : f. *A loop-hole, a long, and narrow cleft in the wall of a Priſon, Dungeon, or Tower, whereby light, and aire (though but very little) are let into the rooms therof.*
Les rayeres d'un moulin à eau. *The armes, or ſtarts of the wheel of a water-mill.*
Rayeure : f. *as* Rayement.
Rayfort. *as* Raifort.
Raymolles de blanc de chapon. *The brawn of a Capon, Raiſins of the Sunne, and marrow ſhred all together, then made into little cakes or loaves, and fryed with ſeame or Hogs ſewet, and ſerved up with ſugar ſtrewed on them.*
Royolé. *Seek* Riolé.
Rayon : m. *A furrow ; alſo, a ryme, or drayne for the voiding of ſuperfluous moiſture ; a water furrow ; alſo, a ray, or beame of the Sunne ; alſo, the ſpoke, or ſtaffe of a wheele ; alſo, the laſſe bone of the arme.*
Rayon de miel. *An hony-combe.*
Rayonnant. *as* Rayant.
Rayonné : m. ée : f. *Furrowed ; made, cut out, or plowed up, into furrowes.*
Rayonner. *To furrow ; make furrowes, or make furrowie ; alſo, to radiate, ſhine, leame, ſtare, blaze, glitter, ſend forth rayes, caſt forth beames.*
Rayonner des arbres. *To plant, or ſet trees in furrowes.*
Rayonner la terre. *To plow up land in furrowes ; alſo, to drain it.*
Rayonneux : m. euſe : f. *Full of beames ; full of furrowes.*
Raze : f. *The broadeſt part of the* Omoplate, *or ſhoulder-blade ; very griſtly, and bending towards the back-bone ; alſo, as* Raſe. Trois razes d'angonnages ; *(in ſtead of* Races*) three kinds of pockie buttocks.* ¶ Rab.
Razé : m. ée : f. *Razed, ruined ; ſhaven, cloſe-cut.*
Raze-forts. *Forts-razing, bulwarks-overthrowing.*
Razer. *Look* Raſer.
Razis. *A kind of white oyntment uſed by Surgeons for the drying up of ſores.*
Ré. *Shaven. Look* Rez.
Re. *Of it ſelfe hath neither ſignification, nor uſe (other then as a Muſicall, or ſinging Note) In compoſition, it ſometimes alters not the ſence ; as in* Receler, Recontorter, Remercier, Remonſtrer, Repaiſtre, Rechapper, & Reſveiller : *Sometimes it ſignifies againe, as in* Rechauffer, Relaver, &c. *and back ; as in* Reculer, Rechaſſer, Repouſſer, &c. *and mutually, interchangeably, or back again ; as in* Rebecquer, Refrapper, Remocquer, Repiquer, &c. *Sometimes it gives an energie to the ſimple ; as in* Reclamer, Redarguer, Redoubter, Reluire, Requerir, Reſembler, &c. *and ſometimes a contrary ſence ; as in* Regorget, Reprouver, Reveler, &c.
Reachet : m. *A redemption, or buying again.*

Read-

Readjourné: m. ée: f. *Re-adjourned, cited, or ſummoned once more.*

Readjourner. *To re-adjourne, to cite, or ſummon again.*

Readmis: m. iſe: f. *Re-admitted.*

Readopté: m. ée: f. *Re-adopted.*

Readopter. *To re-adopt.*

† Reaſſle: m. *The devill.*

Reaffranchi: m. ie: f. *Re-affranchiſed, made free againe; redelivered, releaſed once more; alſo, doubly reclaimed, or tamed; made franc in perfection.*

Reagal: m. *(The right)* Aconitum, *or Aconite.*

Reaggravation: f. *A re-aggravation; and (particularly) the laſt, and moſt direfull excommunication of offendors.*

Real: m. *A Reall, or Spaniſh ſix-pence; alſo, a kind of the beſt Sturgeon.*

Real: m. le: f. *Reall, eſſentiall; in preſence; alſo, kingly, princely, royall.*

Sauce reale. *Veniſon ſawce made of red wine Vineger, whole Cynnamon, Cloves, and Sugar boyled together in a pipkin, unto the conſumption of almoſt their halfe.*

L'oeil du maiſtre real engraiſſe le cheval; Prov. *The horſe growes fat whoſe maſter ſits eyes him.*

Realement. *as* Reaument.

Realgar. *The fume, or ſmoake of Minerals.*

Realiation: f. *A re-alienation, a re-aliening, a making reall.*

Realisé: m. ée: f. *Re-alized, made reall.*

Realiſer. *To re-alize, to make of a reall condition, eſtate, or property; to make reall.*

Realiſer vn contract. C'eſt le recognoiſtre par devant le Seigneur dont l'heritage eſt tenu, ou par devant les officiers de ſa iuſtice; afin d'acquerir droict reel & hypotheque, & pour eſtre nanti. ¶ Ragueau.

Realligué: m. ée: f. *Re-alledged.*

Realleguer. *To re-alledge, to alledge againe.*

Realler. *To return, to go again.*

Reant. *Braying, as a Stag.*

Reaplani: m. ie: f. *New-levelled, made plaine or even againe.*

Reappointé: m. ée: f. *Pointed anew, or new ſharpned at the point; alſo, newly, or againe, agreed.*

Reau: m. *A deep reyne, or furrow.*

Reaudition: f. *A ſecond hearing; or, a hearing over againe.*

† Reaument. *Really, eſſentially, effectually, throughly; aſſuredly, certainly, verily, in very deed.*

Rebaigné: m. ée: f. *Rebathed, or bathed againe.*

Rebaigner. *To bathe againe.*

Rabaillé: m. ée: f. *Reſtored, given back.*

Rebailler. *To reſtore, give back, returne a thing that was given; give anew, or againe.*

Rabailler forme à. *To beſtow a new ſhape, or another faſhion, on.*

Rebaiſer. *To kiſſe againe.*

Rebaiſoter. *To re-iterate a frequent kiſſing; to kiſſe often and againe.*

Reballier. *To ſweep over againe.*

Rebandé: m. ée: f. *Bent; bound; or bandied, again.*

Rebander. *To bend; bind; or bandy, againe.*

Rebanni: m. ie: f. *Re-exiled, againe baniſhed.*

Rebannir. *To re-exile, to baniſh again.*

Rebanqueter. *To make (or be at) a new, or another, banket.*

Rebaptisé: m. ée: f. *Rebaptiſed.*

Rebaptiſer. *To rebaptiſe, to baptiſe the ſecond time.*

Rébarbatif: m. iue: f. *Grim, ſtern, ſoure; auſtere, ſevere; froward, rude, or baſh of converſation.*

Rebarboter. *To mutter, or mumble words often betwen the teeth.*

Rebarder vn cheval. *To put on a horſes armour, trappings, or furniture againe.*

Rebaſſiné: m. ée: f. *Often, or againe chafed, rubbed, fomented, warmed.*

Rebaſſiner. *To rub, chafe, heat, foment often, or untill it be throughly warme.*

Rebaſter ſon aſne. *To ſaddle his Aſſe againe.*

Rebaſti: m. ie: f. *Re-edified; repaired.*

Rebaſtir. *To re-edifie, rebuild; repaire.*

Rebatement: m. *A reverberation, repercuſſion, repulſing, beating back.*

Rebatre. *To reverberate, repell, repulſe, beat or drive back again.*

Rebaudi: m. ie: f. *Blithe, merry, buxome, jocund, frolick, luſty, lively, ſtirring, light.*

Rebec: m. *The fiddle tearmed a Rebeck.*

Viſage de rebec. *A chittiface, or ſneakbie.*

Iouër du rebec. *as* Se Rebecquer.

Rebecher. *To dig (the ground) againe.*

Rebecqué. Il a rebecqué contre moy. *He anſwered me ſawcily, replied unto me malepertly, withſtood me proudly to my teeth.*

Rebecquer. *To give a peck for a bob, or to pick againe, as one Cock at another that pecks him.*

Se rebecquer contre. *Proudly to withſtand, reſiſt, contend with, oppoſe himſelfe unto; to thwart ſawcily, anſwer malepertly; ſet up his briſtles againſt.*

† Rebeine: f. *A riot, rout, ſedition, tumult, uproar; a rebellion.*

Rebelle: com. *Rebellious; wilfull, ſtubborne, reſtie, diſobedient, that will not be ruled.*

Rebellé: m. ée: f. *Rebelled, revolted from.*

Rebellement: m. *A rebelling, revolting, riſing againſt his Soveraigne.*

Rebeller. *To rebell, revolt from, reſiſt, riſe up againſt his Soveraigne.*

Rebellion: f. *Rebellion; a publique revolt; reſiſtance of a lawfull authority; ſtubbornneſſe, diſobedience, wilfulneſſe.*

Rebeluter. *To boult over againe.*

Il rebelute ceſte meſme paſte. *He handles, intreats of, runnes over, the ſelfeſame matter againe.*

Rebender. *To bend again.*

Rebenir. *as* Rebeniſtre.

† Rebeniſtre. *To bleſſe againe, to beſtow a new bleſſing on; alſo, to hallow, or ſanctifie a holy (but prophaned) thing.*

Rebequer. *See* Rebecquer.

Rebetre: f. *A wrynne.* ¶ Norm.

Rebeyne. *as* Rebeine.

Rebigoter. *To play the hypocrite, or ſuperſtitious noddy againe.*

† Rebindaine: com. *Reverſed, overturned, turned upſide downe; whence;*

'A Iambes rebindaines. *With legges wide ſtragling, and upwards turned.*

Rebiné: m. ée: f. *Eared, or tilled the ſecond time.*

Rebinement: m. *The ſecond tilth, earing, or breaking up of land.*

Rebiner. *To plow, till, or eare ground the ſecond time.*

Rebineur des choſes accordées. *One that denies, revokes, or calls backe his word; one that withſtands, or will not ſtand unto, conditions before agreed on.*

Reblanchir. *To white over againe.*

Reblandi: m. ie: f. *Soothed, ſmoothed, ſweetned, made gentle, appeaſed, by faire words.*

Reblandir. *To reblantiſh; repaciſie, re-appeaſe; to qualifie, ſooth, or ſmooth again; to ſue, or ſeek, unto a perſon offended.*

Reblandir le beſtail prins en dommage. *To pay for the dammage done by them.*

Reblandir le Seigneur. *A Tenant upon the ſeiſure of his land for non-payment of rent, &c. to repaire unto his Landlord, or to his officer, and demand the true cauſe thereof; or make him a reaſonable, and ſufficient offer of ſatisfaction; or with good words, and in faire tearmes, to excuſe his omiſſions, or defaults of payment, &c. and intreat him to beare yet a while with him.*

Reblandiſſement: m. *A reblandiſhment, reblandiſhing, repaciſying, re-appeaſing; alſo, an offer of ſatisfaction, or a requeſt of forbearance, for duties omitted, rents unpaied, wrongs done.*

Rebobeliné: m. ée: f. *Patched, cobled, mended againe.*

Rebobeliner. *Againe to cobble, patch, or mend.*

Rebobelineur: m. *A cobler, patcher, botcher.*

Rebobiné: m. ée: f. *Patched all over.*

Rebond: m. *A rebound, a rebounding.*

Rebondi: m. ie: f. *Full, plumpe, fleſhie, fat; alſo, rebounded.*

Rebondir. *To rebound, or leap back.*

Les viandes nouvelles font rebondir l'eſtomac; Prov. *The ſtomacke riſes againſt uncouth meats.*

Rebondiſſement: m. *A rebounding, or leaping back.*

Rebondonner. *To put the bung in, or ſtop with a bung, againe.*

Rebordé: m. ée: f. *Hemmed, bordered, welted, anew.*

Reborder. *To hemme, welt, border, anew.*

Reborner. *To make new bounds for, appoint other limits unto.*

Reboté: m. ée: f. *Booted again.*

Reboter. *To boot, or pull on boots, again.*

Rebouché: m. ée: f. *Dulled, blunted; alſo, ſtopped up again.*

Rebouchement: m. *A dulling, or blunting; a ſtopping up againe.*

Reboucher. *To dull, or blunt; alſo, to ſtop up again.*

Cela me rebouche au coeur. *That is againſt my ſtomack, or goeth againſt my heart.*

Reboucler. *To buckle again.*

Rebouffer. *Again to ſwell, or puffe up, the cheekes.*

Rebougié: m. ée: f. *Seared anew, or with another ſize.*

Rebougier. *To ſeare again.*

Rebouër:

Rebouër : m. Le bas reb. *An Engine where-with fiſh is (forbidden to be) caught.*

Rebouillement : m. *A boyling once more, or over againe, a ſecond boyling.*

Rebouiller. *To boyle once more, or over againe, or boyle the ſecond time.*

Rebouillonner. *To bubble, ſurge, or wamble often, or over againe.*

Reboulé : m. ée : f. *Bowled againe; alſo, turned downe, or in; ſhrunke in.*

Rebouler. *To bowle againe; alſo, to turne downe, or in; to ſhrinke in.*

Rebourjonnement : m. *A new budding.*

Rebourjonner. *To burgeon, bud, or put out, anew.*

Rebours : m. *(Subſtant.) The rugged, and high nap of new cloth, raiſed by certaine yron combes, and then ſhorne off by the Cloth-worker.*

Rebours : m. ſe : f. *(Adject.) Croſſe, overthwart, wayward, ſurlie; rude, froward; wild, ſavage; untractable, unſociable.*

Rebours. A reb. *(Adverb.) Arſeward, backward, prepoſterouſly, obliquely, awry, overthwartly, quite contrary, full againſt the courſe, woull, or haire; inſide out, upſide downe, cleane kamme.*

Rebourſant. *Going arſeward, backward, the wrong way; working againſt the woull or haire; turning, or ſtanding inſide outward, or the upſide downe.*

Rebourſé : m. ée : f. *Diſordered, arſeward, overthwart, awry; wrought againſt the woull, or haire; turned inſide outward, or upſide downeward; placed, or planted the wrong way.*

A fleg rebourſé. *Vp the water, againſt the tide, or ſtreame.*

Rebourſer. *To worke againſt the woull, or haire; Set, or place the wrong way; turne inſide outward, upſide downeward; go arſeward, or backward, take a courſe againſt all courſe.*

Rebourſer chemin. *To returne, or come backe (the ſame way he went.)*

Rebourſer de coeur. *To repent at the very heart.*

Rebourſer le poil du drap. *To rew, or to raiſe the woull, or nap of cloth.*

Rebourſer vne riviere. *To paſſe up a river; to ſayle, or ſwimme againſt the ſtreame thereof.*

Rebourſoir : m. *The woll combe wherewith clothworkers raiſe the nap of new cloth.*

Rebouſché : m. ée : f. *as* Rebouché.

Rebouſſé. *as* Rebours. *(Adject.)*

† Rebout : m. *A repulſe, foyle, denyall.*

† Reboutant. *Repulſing, repelling; denying.*

† Rebouté : m. ée : f. *Repulſed, repelled, rejected; foyled; alſo, denyed, refuſed; alſo, taunted, rebuked; alſo, beſtowed, or layed up, in a convenient place.*

† Reboutement : m. *A repelling, foyling, rejecting; refuſing, denying; taunting, rebuking.*

† Rebouter. *To repulſe, foyle, drive backe; repell, reject, refuſe, deny; alſo, to rebuke, taunt, or take up; alſo, to beſtow, or lay up in a convenient place.*

Rebouttonner. *To bud, or button againe.*

Rebranſler. *To ſhake againe.*

Rebras : m. *A turning up, a tucking or foulding upwards or inwards; alſo, a fadome.*

A double rebras. *Thicke and threefold.*

Vn entendement à double rebras. *An odde head, a notable wit, a terrible pate.*

Manches, ou robbes à double rebras. *Sleeves or gownes ſo long, or ſo wide, that they may be twice turned, or tucked, up.*

Rebraſſé : m. ée : f. *Turned, foulded, or tucked up; alſo, plotted, or contrived anew.*

Bien rebraſſé. *Confidently, audaciouſly; alſo, earneſtly, as one that meant not to dally.*

Vn des plus rebraſſez. *One of the forwardeſt, or buſieſt, of the company.*

Rebraſſer. *To turne, fould, or tucke up, the ſleeves, &c. alſo, to plot, contrive, or deviſe anew.*

Rebriché : m. *A motive, or adverti ſement in writing upon an Inqueſt.* (v.m.)

Rebricher. *To make a motive, or adverti ſement in writing upon an Inqueſt.* (v.m.)

Rebridé : m. ée : f. *Bridled againe.*

Rebrider. *To bridle againe.*

Rebrillement : m. *A double glittering, or twinckling; a twinckling, or ſparkling reflection.*

Rebrilé : m. ée : f. *Bruiſed, or broken againe.*

Rebriſer. *To bruiſe, or breake againe.*

Rebrocarder. *To retort a jeaſt.*

Rebroïé. *See* Rebroyé.

Rebroſſer. *To returne, to retyre; alſo, to bend; alſo, to turne up the point, edge, or end of a thing.*

Rebroſſer la terre. *To breake up the ground.*

Rebrouiller. *To mingle, or confound anew.*

Rebrouſſé : m. ée : f. *Turned, tucked, bent upward; alſo, returned, retyred.*

Rebrouſſer. *To turne, or tucke up the ſleeves; alſo, as* Rebroſſer.

Rebrouſſer chemin. *To turne backe, or to returne the ſame way he came.*

Rebrouſter. *To browſe, or nibble againe.*

Rebroyé : m. ée : f. *Brayed, ſtamped, pounded againe.*

Rebroyer. *To bray, ſtampe, or pownd againe.*

Rebruire. *To reſound; or to make a new rumbling.*

Rebrunir. *To burniſh, or furbiſh anew.*

Rebuglant. *Lowing, bellowing againe; alſo, reſounding.*

† Rebugler. *To low, or bellow againe; alſo, to ring, or to reſound.*

Rebus (ou, Equivoques de la peinture à la parole) *be repreſentations of ordinarie, or odde things, accompanied with mottos, or words, which as they ſtand, ſeeme to make a ſentence, but pronounced French-like, and without ſtop, deſcribe the things repreſented: As for example; a foole being painted kneeling, with a horne at his mouth, and the words, ſol age nous trompe neer him, pronounce them as aforeſaid, and you have, ſol à genous trompe.*

Rebut : m. *The refuſe, offalls, outcaſts, or leavings of better things; alſo, a foile, repulſe, rejecting, putting backe.*

Rebus de rebut. *Drapes, Cullings, or Kebbers; old, or diſeaſed ſheep which be not worth keeping.*

Madame de rebut. *A loathſome queane, raſcally drab, over-worne punke, pockie whore; whence,* Les paſſes couleurs de Madame de rebut. *The Pocks.*

Rebutable : com. *Rejectable, refuſable, foylable.*

Rebuté : m. ée : f. *Repulſed, foyled, rejected, denyed; alſo, retyred, withdrawne, diſuſed, from.*

Rebutée : f. *A repulſe, foyle; rejection, denyall.*

Reburer. *To repulſe, repell, foyle, drive, put, or thruſt backe; to reject, refuſe; deny.*

Recaché : m. ée : f. *Hidden againe.*

Recacher. *To hide againe.*

Recacheter. *To ſeale once more.*

Recalcitrer. *To kicke, winſe, or ſtrike back with the heeles.*

Recalculé : m. ée : f. *Recalculated, whereof a new calculation is made.*

Recalculer. *To recalculate, or make a new putation of.*

Recamé : m. ée : f. *Imbrodered.* (v.m.)

Recamer. *to imbroder.* (v.m.)

Recancelé : m. ée : f. *Recancelled, cancelled againe.*

Recanceler. *To cancell againe.*

Recanement : m. *The braying of an Aſſe.*

Recaner. *To bray like an Aſſe.*

Recapitulation : f. *A recapitulation; a ſhort rehearſall, a ſuccinct relation, of things alreadie delivered at large.*

Recapitulé : m. ée : f. *Recapitulated.*

Recapituler. *To recapitulate; rehearſe, relate, make a ſhort repetition of a long diſcourſe.*

Recarder la laine. *To card woull over againe.*

Recargaiſon : f. *A backe-fraught, or the lading of a ſhip home againe.*

Recarreler ſouliers. *To ſet new ſoles on ſhoes.*

Recaſſé : m. ée : f. *Caſſed, or aboliſhed againe.*

Recaſſer. *To caſſe, diſcharge; aboliſh againe.*

Recavé : m. ée : f. *Hollowed, or digged into againe.*

Recaver. *To hollow, or dig into, againe.*

Recelndre. *To gird anew.*

Recelation : f. *An extreame concealing, hiding, ſuppreſſion; covering, or keeping very cloſe.*

Recelé : m. *as* Recelée.

Recelé : m. ée : f. *Suppreſſed, cloſe hidden, much concealed, exceedingly diſſembled; alſo, received as a ſtolne thing.*

Recelée : f. *A concealement, ſuppreſſion, cloſe hiding of; alſo, a fine of 60 s. due to the Conſuel by the purchaſer, which hath not, within eight days after the purchaſe, made him acquainted with it.*

Receléement. *Hiddenly, cavertly, cloſely, moſt privily.*

Recelement : m. *as* Recelation; *alſo, a privie receiving of ſtolne goods.*

Receler. *Cloſely to hide, cover, conceale, diſſemble, ſuppreſſe; alſo, to receive ſtolne things.*

Recelereſſe : f. *A concealereſſe; alſo, a woman that privily receiveth ſtolne goods.*

Receleur : m. *A hider, concealer, ſuppreſſor, a ſecret receiver of ſtolne goods.*

Recelle, & Recellée. *as* Recelée.

Recengler vn cheval. *To gird a horſe againe.*

Recenſé : m. ée : f. *Numbred, told, reckoned; recited, rehearſed, related; muſtered, peruſed, viewed over.*

Recenſement : m. *A numbring, telling, reckoning up of; a rehearſing, relating, reciting; alſo, a muſtering, peruſing, viewing over.*

Recenſer. *To number, tell, reckon; relate, recite, rehearſe; peruſe, muſter, view over.*

Recent : m. ente : f. *Recent, freſh, new, late, but now come or done.*

Recentement. *Recently, freſhly, newly, lately, a little before, ſoon after.*

Recepé : m. ée : f. *Cut off, or away; alſo, repaired, mended; or underſet,* (*as an undermined wall*) *at the bottome.* (v.m.)

Receper tout le bois. *To ſtock it up, or cut it wholly away.* (v.m.)

Receper vne muraille. *To repaire, or mend it at the bottome.*

Recepice, *as* Recepiſſé.

Recepiſſé : m. *An Acquittance, Diſcharge, or Note, acknowledging the receit of a thing.*

Receptacle : m. *A receptacle, ſtore-houſe, or ware-houſe; alſo, a ſinke, or ſewer; any thing thats fit for the receiving, or ſafe-keeping, of things.*

Receptaire : m. *A Recepiary; a note of Phiſicall receits.*

Recepte : f. *A receit; a receiving, taking, accepting, admitting; the full ſatisfaction of a debt.*

Receptes generales des finances. *Generall Receits, or places for the receit, of the Kings revenue; Theſe be* Paris, Chaalons, Amiens, Rouën, Caën, Bourges, Orleans, Tours, Poictiers, Rion, Agen, Tholoſe, Montpellier, Lyon, Aix, Grenoble, & Dijon : A chaſcune deſquelles ſont departies les plus prochaines Receptes particulieres tant du domaine, que des Aides, &c.

Reception : f. *A reception, receit, receiving; alſo, an aſſignation of a place for the receit of mony, as at the Exchequer.*

Receptoire : m. *A Receptorie; any place, or veſſell, thats fit to receive.*

Recepveur. *as* Receveur.

Recerceller. *To hoope, or incircle anew; alſo, to curle, or turne up, as the haire.*

Recerche : f. *A diligent ſearch, inquiſition, examination; a ſerious groping, feeling, ſifting, ſounding.*

Cela eſt de recerche. *That is greatly ſought for, often layd for, much hunted after, exceedingly in requeſt.*

Recerché : m. ée : f. *Diligently ſearched, or examined; much hunted, enquired, or ſought after; greatly in requeſt.*

Recercher. *Diligently to ſearch, examine; hunt, inquire, after; earneſtly to ſeeke, looke, ſound, feele, grope for.*

Recercher le bout de la tuſée. *To intreat of, or fall into, his former ſubject.*

Recercheur : m. *A diligent ſearcher, examiner, inquirer; feeler, ſounder.*

Receu : m. *as* Recepiſſé.

Receu : m. euë : f. *Taken, received, admitted, accepted of.*

Recevable : com. *Receivable, acceptable, admittable, fit to be taken.*

Monnoye recevable. *Currant money.*

Receveur : m. *A Receiver.*

Aux receveurs les honneurs, & aux femmes leurs douleurs; Prov. *Looke* Femme.

Recevoir. *To receive, take, accept, admit of; to entertaine; comprehend, containe.*

Fin de non recevoir. *Reaſons for the rejecting of a plea; or for the caſting of a cauſe out of a Court: hereof ſome be temporall, and dilatory; ſome perpetuall, and peremptory.*

Se faire recevoir par main ſouveraine. *When a Landlord refuſes, without juſt cauſe, the homage and fealty of his vaſſall; or when two Lords contend for the tenure of one fief, the vaſſall (who in the ſecond caſe is not bound to acknowledge either of them as long as their ſute continues) hath his recourſe unto ſome royall Judge (that uſually deales in feodall cauſes) and by him may be admitted as amply to all purpoſes, as if the Lord himſelfe had done it: But the Lord muſt in this caſe be ſummoned unto the admiſſion.*

Recez : m. *Recoylings, retiralls, retreats, goings backe; alſo, departures or abſences from; and hence,* Les Eſcholes ont leurs recez. *Have their vacations, or times, wherein ſchollers be not at them.*

Rechaffaudé : m. ée : f. *Set, or preſented, on a ſcaffold again.*

Rechaffauder. *To ſet up, or ſet on, a ſcaffold again.*

Rechamailler. *To back, bew, ſtaſh, mall, or charge, afreſh.*

Rechaner. *To bray like an Aſſe.*

Rechange : f. *Shift, change, interchange.*

Doré, & argenté à rechange. *Parcell gilt; or, interchangeably ſilvered and gilt.*

Robbes de rechange. *Change, or choice of garments; ſhift of apparell; ſeverall ſuites.*

Rechangé : m. ée : f. *Shifted, ſcoorſed, interchanged; alſo, changed again.*

Rechangement : m. *A ſhifting, interchanging, exchanging; alſo, a changing again.*

Rechanger. *To ſhift, interchange, exchange; alſo, to change againe.*

Rechangeur : m. *An interchanger, or exchanger; a changer againe.*

Rechanté : m. ée : f. *Reſounded, or ſung againe; alſo, repeated, reitterated, rehearſed.*

Rechanter. *To ſing, ring, or ſound, againe; alſo, to repeat, reitterate, rehearſe.*

Recharge : f. *A recharge, ſurcharge, new charge.*

Ils cannonerent avec telle recharge. *Their artillery went off ſo thick together.*

Par ſa lettre il luy fit nouvelle recharge. *He moved, urged, or ſolicited him anew by his letter.*

Rechargé : m. ée : f. *Recharged, charged anew.*

Rechargeoüer : m. *A Spring; the Gin ſet for Snites, woodcocks, &c.*

Recharger. *To recharge; to give a new charge unto, a freſh charge on; to redouble a commiſſion, command, or aſſault; alſo, to reſolicite, or to reply.*

Recharger par deſſus. *To ſurcharge, overcharge, overlay; alſo, to lay over, or upon.*

Rechaſſé : m. ée : f. *Repelled, retorted, thruſt back; chaſed, or driven from.*

Rechaſſer. *To repell, retort, thruſt back; chaſe, or drive away from.*

Rechatouiller. *To tickle again.*

Rechaueher. *as* Reehauſſer.

Rechauffé : m. ée : f. *Heated again; alſo, heated. Look* Eſchauffé.

Rechauffement : m. *A heating again; alſo, a heating, or putting into heat.*

Rechauffer. *To heat, or warme againe; alſo, to heat, put into heat, give warmth unto.*

Rechauffer vn chien. *To make him luſtie, or deſirous of the bitch; to bring him into, provoke him unto, luſt.*

Rechault : m. *A Chafing-diſh; alſo, hot coales, or embers (uſed ſometimes in ſtead, or for want, of a Chafing-diſh.)*

Rechauſſé : m. ée : f. *New hoſed, or ſhod; hoſed, or ſhod againe; alſo, covered (as a tree) at the root, foot, or bottome.*

Rechauſſement : m. *A new ſhooing or hoſing, a ſhooing or hoſing againe; alſo, a covering (or new covering) at the root, foot, or bottome.*

Reehauſſer. *To beſtow new hoſe, or ſhooes, on;* (Se Rechauſſer. *To put them them on; or put them on againe;*) *alſo, to cover at the root, foot, or bottome; whence;*

Rechauſſer vn arbre. *To lay new earth about the root of a tree.*

Recheance : f. *A poſſeſſion in truſt; the uſe or cuſtody of a thing on condition, or with a proviſo, to reſtore it.*

Rechef. De re. *Againe, afreſh, eſſoones, anew.*

Recheminer. *To walk againe.*

Recheoir. *To returne, fall backe or againe.*

Recherche, & Rechercher. *Look* Reecrche, & Recercher.

Recheviſſé : m. ée : f. *Pegged, or pinned, anew.*

Recheviller. *To peg, or pin, anew.*

Recheute : f. *A reſidivation, relapſe, new fall.*

† Recheuter. *To relapſe; to fall backe, or againe.*

Rechiffrer. *To make new ciphers, to reexamine by ciphering, to cipher over againe.*

Rechignant. *Pouting, frowning, lowring.*

Rechignard : m. *A frowning, lowring, pouting, ſullen, ſowre-looking, dogged, or grim fellow.*

Rechigné : m. ée : f. *Frowning, lowring, ſour-looking, pouting, ſullen, dogged, grim.*

Rechignement : m. *Grimneſſe, frowning, lowring; a pouting, ſullenneſſe, doggedneſſe.*

Rechignément. *Frowningly, grimly, lowringly, with a crabbed, or ſowre look.*

Rechigner. *To frowne, lowre, pout, be ſullie, look ſullenly, ſowrely, grimly, doggedly.*

Rechigner des dents. *To gyne, or grin like a dog.*

Rechiné, & Rechiner. *as* Rechigné, & Rechigner.

Rechoir. *Look* Recheoir.

Rechoiſir. *To chuſe againe.*

Recidive : f. *A recidivation, relapſe.*

Recidivé : m. ée : f. *Relapſed, fallen backe, or againe.*

Reci-

Recidiver. *To recidivate, relapse, fall back, or again.*

Recimenter. *To cement, or parget over anew.*

Reciné : m. *An after-noones nuncheon, or collation; an Aunders-meat.*

Reciner. *To feed between dinner and supper, to make an afternoons collation.*

Recipé : m. *A Phisitians Receit; the bill, or ticket whereby he directs the Apothecarie.*

Reciprocation : f. *A reciprocation, returning, mutuall yeelding, or interchanging.*

Reciproque : com. *Reciprocall, mutuall, interchangeable, one for another.*

Reciproquer. *To reciprocate, interchange, return one for another.*

Recirer. *To put new wax unto, to wax again.*

Recise. *Herb Avens, Bennet, or Blessed.*

Recision : f. *A recision, cancelling, or cutting off.*

Recit : m. *A reciuall, rehearsall, narration, declaration.*

Sans faire recit du demeurant. *Omitting the rest.*

Recitateur : m. *A reciter, a repeater, a rehearser, a declarer.*

Recité : m. ée : f. *Recited, repeated, rehearsed.*

Recitement : m. *A reciting, repeating, rehearsing.*

Reciter. *To recite, repeat, rehearse; to declare, or tell over again; also, to cite, adjourne, or summon the second time.*

Reciteur. *as* Recitateur.

Reclaim : m. *A praying in aid of a Superiour; a petition, or complaint made unto a higher power; also, as* Reclain; *or, a bill of Complaint exhibited against a debtor, who being bound in an obligation under the Seale Royall, breaketh his promise.*

Reclain. *as* Reclaim; *or, a refusall to pay the contents of an obligation; or (as in some customes) the sum limited by a Sentence.*

Reclam : m. *as* Reclame.

Reclamation : f. *A contradiction, gainsaying, or crying against; also, a challenge, or demand; a prosecution, pursuit, or sute in Law; also, an often calling upon, an earnest crying unto.*

Reclame : f. *A Sobee, or Heylaw; a loud calling, whooting, or whooping to make a Hawke stoope unto the Lure; also, a claime, or challenge.*

Reclamé : m. ée : f. *Called often, or instantly, earnestly cryed unto; also, repugned, contradicted, gainsayed; exclaimed upon, complained against; also, sued, prosecuted, pursued; also, demanded, challenged; owned.*

Reclamer. *To call often, or instantly, to cry unto earnestly; also, to repugne, contradict, gainsay; exclaime upon, complaine against; also, to sue, pursue, or prosecute in Law; also, to claime, challenge; demand; own.*

Reclamer son homme de corps. *A Lord to prosecute or pursue his villane which is gone, without his leave, to reside in a forraine Province, or Jurisdiction.*

Recliner. *as* Encliner.

Reclorre. *To shut, or close up again; (also, as* Biner, *in* Languedoc.)

Reclos : m. ose : f. *Shut, or closed up again.*

Reclouer. *To naile again.*

Reclus : m. use : f. *Closely kept in, or shut up, as a Monk, or Nun; retired, solitary.*

Recocquebillé : m. ée : f. *Snuckit, or whose end turnes upward; whence;*

Nez recocquebillé. *whose bridge is flat or hollow in the middest, and turnes up at the end.*

Recogneu : m. euë : f. *Recognized, acknowledged, called unto remembrance.*

Recognoissance : f. *A recognizing, agnition, acknowledgement; also, a Badge, or cognisance; also, an acknowledgement of tenure, or that he holds his land of another.*

Recognoissant : m. ante : f. *Recognizing, acknowledging; remembring, or calling unto mind.*

Recognoistre. *To recognize, agnize, acknowledge, advow, take notice or acquaintance of; call unto mind, or memory; also, to take a precise view of, look especially or diligently at; also, to acknowledge a tenure, or that he holds of another.*

Il se recognoist à la langue Italienne. *He is well seen, or skilfull, in the Italian.*

C'est vne vache de Barbarie qui ne recognoist que son propre veau. *Look* Barbarie.

Folie faire, & folie recognoistre sont deux paires de folie; Prov. *To doe evill, and then brag of it, is a double wickednesse.*

† Se Recoibler. *To withdraw, or to retire, himselfe.*

Recoiffer. *To dresse or attire (as a woman) her head anew, to put on her coife again.*

Recoigné : m. ée : f. *Knocked, or wedged, in again.*

Recoigner. *To wedge, or knock, in again.*

Recoin : m. *A corner, by-place, odde hole.*

Recolé : m. ée : f. (Tesmoings recolez) *recalled and re-examined.*

Recolement de tesmoings. *A re-examination of witnesses (especially when they have not deposed fully, or plainly, enough) before they be confronted with such as they have accused: 'Tis also used, sometimes, in trials upon civill Actions; howsoever, their former depositions are first read unto them.*

Recoler tesmoings. *To re-examine witnesses, or summon them unto a re-examination, &c. as in* Recollement.

Recollationné : m. ée : f. *Re-examined by the Originall.*

Recollationner. *To take a new collation; also, to re-examine a copy by the Originall, or one writing by another.*

Recoller. *To glue again.*

Recollets : m. *A certain upstart sect of Franciscan Friers.*

Recolorer. *To colour anew, to set fresh colours on.*

Recolte : f. *A gathering, reaping, harvest.*

Les soldats ont fait leur recolte. *Have been a forraging, have got in their forrage.*

Recombatre. *To fight again.*

Recombler. *To add heap unto heap, to fill up again.*

Recomfort, &c. *Look* Reconfort, &c.

Recommandable : com. *Recommendable, commendable, praise-worthy.*

Recommandablement. *Recommendably, commendably, praise-worthily.*

Recommandaces : f. *Funerall prayers, or praises.*

Recommandatif : m. iue : f. *Recommendative, recommending.*

Recommandation : f. *A recommendation.*

Recommandatoire : com. *Commendatory, recommendatory.*

Recommandé : m. ée : f. *Recommended, praised, commended unto.*

Avoir vne chose pour recommandée. *To have a care, to make account, of.*

Recommander. *To recommend, or commend, unto; to give one charge, to commit unto the care, of; also, to praise, or speak well of.*

Ie me recommande à leurs espaules. *Woe to their shoulders, for they are sure of a cudgelling.*

De prescheur qui se recommande en tout temps bon heur nous defende; Pro. *From begging Preachers fortune still defend us.*

Recommanderesses : f. *Such women as by commending, and undertaking for, maids, procure them services.*

Recommandeur : m. *A recommendor, commender, praiser.*

Recommencé : m. ée : f. *Recommenced, iterated, renewed, begun again.*

Recommencer. *To recommence, iterate, renew, begin afresh.*

Ce sera tousiours à recommencer. *This work requires so many renewings, as it will never be done; or, so we may take full hard and be no whit the nearer, or never have done.*

Recommendable, &c. *as* Recommandable, &c.

Recommuniquer. *To recommunicate, re-impart, conferre with again.*

Recompense : f. *A recompence, meed, reward, guerdon.*

Recompensé : m. ée : f. *Recompenced, guerdoned, rewarded, remunerated.*

Recompensement : m. *A guerdoning, recompencing, remunerating, rewarding.*

Recompenser. *To recompence, guerdon, remunerate, reward.*

Recompenseur : m. *A recompencer.*

Recomposer. *To recompose, to frame anew.*

Recompter. *To count, or tell over, again.*

Reconcillateur : m. *A reconciler, pacifier, peace-maker.*

Reconciliation : f. *A reconciliation, pacification, attonement, agreement.*

Reconcilier. *To reconcile, pacifie, attone, agree, make peace, renew love between, bring into favour again.*

Reconcilier vne eglise. *To purge, absolve, reconsecrate a Church by fasting, prayers, &c.*

Recondamner. *To recondemne, or condemn againe.*

† Recondit : m. ite : f. *Hidden, concealed, kept secret.*

Reconduire. *To reconduct, bring back, lead or guide homeward again.*

Reconduiteur : m. *A reconductor, a leader, bringer, guider back, or homeward again.*

De meschant hoste bon reconduiteur, Pro. *Look* Hoste.

Reconferer. *To reconferre, or talk of the matter again.*

Reconfermé : m. ée : f. *Reconfirmed, re-inforced, re-assured.*

Reconfermer. *To reconfirme, re-inforce, re-assure.*

Reconfesser. *To reconfesse, or confesse again.*

Reconfiné : m. ée : f. *Reconfined, banished anew.*

Reconfiner. *To reconfine, or banish anew.*

Reconfisquer. *To reconfiscate, or make a new seizure unto the Princes, or publike, use.*

Reconfort : m. *Great solace, or comfort, much consolation.*

Reconforté : m. ée : f. *Much comforted.*

Reconforter. *To comfort, or solace much; to ease, or cheere up, exceedingly.*

Promettre sans donner est fol reconforter ; Pro. *To promise onely does a fool much good; or the foole is fully satisfied with bare promises.*

Reconfronter. *To reconfront, re-accuse, compare one more together.*

Reconfuses. *To re-confute, or confute again.*

Reconguerger. *To re-assemble, to rally.*

Reconjuré : m. ée : f. *Reconjured.*

Reconjurer. *To reconjure, to conjure again.*

Reconnaissable : com. *Acknowledgable.*

Reconquerir. *To refubdue, reconquer, conquer again, to recover.*

Reconquerre. *as* Reconquerir.

Reconqueste : f. *A reconqueſt; a recovery by conqueſt.*

Reconquester. *To reconquer, to recover by conqueſt; to winne, get, or purchaſe again.*

Reconquister. *as* Reconquerir.

† Reconsé : m. ée : f. *Hidden, concealed, withdrawne.*

† Reconsement : m. *A concealing, hiding, withdrawing.*

† Reconser. *To conceale, hide, withdraw.*

Reconsiderer. *To conſider, or thinke, better of the matter.*

Reconsigner. *To reconſigne, re-aſſigne, re-appoint; re-exhibit, unto.*

Reconsoler. *To re-comfort.*

Reconsolidé : m. ée : f. *Reconſolidated, cloſed up again.*

Reconstruire. *To build up again.*

Reconsulter. *To reconſult of, take new advice on.*

Recontemplé : m. ée : f. *Recontemplated, reviewed.*

Recontempler. *To recontemplate, review.*

Recontester. *To reteſtifie; make new proteſtation of, or complaint unto.*

Recontracté : m. ée : f. *Recontracted.*

Recontracter. *To recontract, or paſſe a new contract.*

Recontraindre. *To recontraine, to compell againe.*

Reconvaincre. *To reconvince.*

Reconvenir. *To re-aſſemble, re-unite; agree anew; alſo, to fit, or ſute paſſing well; alſo, to recommence a ſute in Law.*

Reconvention : f. *A new agreement; alſo, the reviving of a Law ſute.*

Reconvertir. *To reconvert.*

Reconvié : m. ée : f. *Re-invited.*

Reconvier. *To re-invite.*

Reconvoquer. *To re-aſſemble, or call together againe.*

Reconvoy : m. *A reconvoy, or attendance back.*

Reconvoyé : m. ée : f. *Reconvoyed, reconducted.*

Reconvoyer. *To reconvoy, reconduct, bring, or lead, a returner onward on the way.*

Reconvoyeur : m. *A reconvoyer, a reconductor.*

Recopier. *To copy out again.*

Recoquillé : m. ée : f. *as* Recorquillé ; *alſo, lufty, cranke, peart, in compariſon of that he was.*

Recoquiller. *To wriggle, wry the ſtern inward, or into it ſelf, like a worm when tis touched, or a gold or ſilver thread when tis broken; alſo, to wind ſhell-wiſe; alſo, to revive, wax lufty, grow peart, take heart again.*

Recoquiller un livre. *To rumple, or turn up, the leaves thereof.*

Recoquilleure : f. *A curling, wrything, crooking, turning, or bending inwards; alſo, a reviving, a growing peart, lufty, cranke, a taking heart at graſſe.*

Recoquiner. *To fall a begging, to returne to beggerie.*

Record : m. *A record; a witneſſe (that remembers well the thing he witneſſes;) alſo, a teſtification; alſo, a repetition, recitall, relation (in Court) of things done.*

Records. *Two perſons whom a Sergeant uſed, heretofore, to have with him (or call unto him) when he arreſted, or ſerved a writ on, a man: In the firſt caſe, clapping them on the ſhoulders, he willed them to beare witneſſe what he had done; in the ſecond, they ſigned, together with him, the returne of the writ; or, if they could not write, he ſignified in it their names, and preſence: Theſe* Records *were to be ſufficient, and well-knowne inhabitants of that place; and neither kinſmen, allyes, nor of the houſhold, of the partie that imployed the Sergeant.*

Recordation : f. *A recordation, a remembrance.*

Recordé : m. ée : f. *New-ſtrung; alſo, teſtified; alſo, repeated, recited, related (as a thing that's well remembred;) alſo, reported, notified, certified.*

Exploict recordé. *Executed by a Sergeant in the preſence of* Records, *or two witneſſes.*

Recordeler. *To ſtring anew; alſo, to twine again an untwiſted cord, or ſtring.*

Recorder. *To put a new ſtring unto (or, as* Recordeler;*) alſo, to teſtifie; alſo, to repeat, recite, relate, rehearſe; to report, certifie, notifie; make a return (as a Sergeant of the writs delivered unto him.)*

Se recorder. *To remember, or call to mind.*

Recordeur : m. *A witneſſe; one that was preſent at the deed doing, and remembers it well.*

Recorrigé : m. ée : f. *Recorrected, redreſſed.*

Recorriger. *To recorrect, review, redreſſe.*

Recors : m. *A Witneſſe, a Record.*

Recors. *Remembring, mindfull of, having in mind.*

Recouché. *Layen down, or layed down, again.*

Recoucher. *To lie down, or get to bed, again.*

Recouldre. *To ſow over again.*

Recouler. *To run, glide, or ſlide, back.*

Recoulourer. *To give new colour, to add a new die, unto.*

Recoupe. La rec. *See* Recoupes.

Recouper. *To cut again; alſo, to reply quickly and ſharpely unto a peremptory demand, or quip; to return taunt for taunt, nip for nip, gird for gird; alſo, to urge, or lay hard unto with quipping words, or queſtions.*

Recoupes : f. *Shreds, clippings, parings, chippings; alſo, a middle ſort of Bran.*

Recoupler. *To couple again.*

Recourbant. *Bending, or bowing backward.*

Recourbé : m. ée : f. *Bent, or bowed backward.*

Recourbement : m. *A bowing, crooking, bending backward, or againe.*

Recourber. *To bow, crook, bend backe, or againe.*

Recourir. *To run haſtily ever; alſo, to reſcue.*

Recquerir à. *To run, recourſe, or have recourſe, unto.*

Recouronner. *To crowne againe.*

Recourquebillé. *as* Rercoquebillé.

Recourroucer. *To anger again.*

Recours : m. *A recourſe, refuge, retreat, a returning unto; (alſo, an Outcrie for goods, or a letting of lands by Outcrie. ¶ Wallon,) alſo, a redreſſe, remedy, help.*

Recours de garantie. *A vouching; a calling of a donor, or ſeller to warrant, and make good, the grant or bargaine which he paſſed.*

Recours reſervé. *A reſervation of liberty for one that is condemned, or caſt in Law, to ſeek his redreſſe where he thinks beſt.*

Monnoye de bon recours. *That paſſes very currantly.*

Recourſe : f. *as* Recours.

† Recourſer. *To tuck, truſſe, or turn up the garments.*

Recouſſe : f. *A reſcue, recovery, recruiting; a delivery from preſent danger.*

Recouſu : m. uë : f. *Sewed again.*

Recouſure : f. *A new ſowing, or ſtitching up.*

Recouvrable : com. *Recoverable, reſcuable, re-obtainable; alſo, gettable, procurable.*

Recouvrance : f. *A recovery, re-obtainment, procurement.*

Recouvré : m. ée : f. *Recovered, re-obtained, reſcued; alſo, gotten, procured.*

Recouvrement : m. *A recoverment, recovering, re-obtaining; alſo, a getting, or procuring.*

Recouvrer. *To recover, to re-obtaine, to reſcue, to get again; alſo, to get, or procure.*

Recouvreur : m. *A mender of ſlated, or thatched houſes.*

Recouvrir. *To cover again.*

Recoux : m. ouſe : f. *Reſcued, recovered from an imminent danger.*

Recoy : m. *Reſt, quiet, eaſe.*

Recracher. *To ſpit again.*

† Recrant. *as* Recreant.

Recreance : f. *A reſtorall, reſtitution, giving back of; alſo, a delivery of poſſeſſion, and, a poſſeſſion given in a ſute unto one of the parties (who proves that he enjoyed the thing all the yeare before) by Sentence proviſionall, or upon truſt, untill the cauſe be determined; alſo, wearineſſe, faintneſſe, faint-heartedneſſe; alſo, a refreſhment, recreation, reviving, cheering up.*

L'Incident de recreance. *A ſute wherein the demandant is bound to forfeit a ſumme of money, if the thing be ſues for prove not his; and the defendant likewiſe is bound, not to impaire it while the poſſeſſion is his.*

Recreant. *Tired, toyled, wearied, ſpent, jaded, out of heart, or faint-hearted, clean done.*

Recreatif : m. ive : f. *Recreative, delightfull, pleaſant, ſportfull, merry.*

Recreation : f. *Recreation, paſtime, ſport, a delightfull or pleaſant exerciſe.*

Recreativement. *Recreatively, with recreation, to his recreation, ſportfully, delightfully, pleaſantly.*

Recreer,

Recreer. *To recreate, refreſh, cheer up, delight, ſolace, revive, pleaſe.*

† Recremens : m. *Excrements.*

Recreſpé. *as* Creſpu.

Recreſpir vne muraille. *To new-parget a wall.*

Recreu : m. euë : f. *Tired, wearie, toyled, jaded, ſpent, out of heart, faint-hearted.*
Iamais François ne furent veus recreus de bien faire ; Prov. *Look* François.

Recreuë : f. *A ſupplie, or filling up of a defective company of ſouldiers, &c.*

Recrever. *To burſt againe.*

Recreusé : m. ée : f. *Hollowed againe.*

Recreuſer. *To hollow, or make hollow again.*

Recribler. *To ſift over againe.*

Recrier. *To crie againe, give a crie for a crie, anſwer alowd unto a lowd demand.*

Recrimination : f. *A recrimination, an accuſation of an accuſer, the retorting of a crime.*

Recriminer. *To recriminate, retort a crime, accuſe an accuſer.*

Recrochu : m. uë : f. *as* Recoquebillé ; *or as* Recroquillé.

Recroire. *To believe again ; alſo, to reſeiſe, re-arreſt ; alſo, to reſtore, deliver or give, back.*

Recroiſer. *To croſſe, or cancell again.*

Recroiſet : m. ette : f. *Whence ;* Croix recroiſette. *A croſſe Croſſet, or Croſſelet (in Blazon.)*

Recroiſt : m. *A re-increaſe ; a new, or ſecond growth.*

Recroiſtre. *To re-increaſe ; to grow, or ſpring up, again.*

Recrocquebillage : m. *A hooky crooking, bending, bowing ; winding, or turning inwards.*

Recroquebillé, & Recroquevillé. *as* Recroquillé.

Recroquillé : m. ée : f. *Crooked, bent, bending, ſnatcht, retorted ; bowing, foulding, or turning ; bowed, foulded, wound, or turned, inwards.*

Recroquillement : m. *A crooking, bending, bowing, retorting, turning, winding, or foulding, inwards.*

Recroquiller. *To retort, crooke, bend, bow, turne, fould, or wind, inwards.*

Recroquillonné. *as* Recroquillé.

Recrotter. *To bedaggle, or bedurty again.*

Recru. *as* Recreu.

Recrudi : m. ie : f. *Made, or grown, raw.*

Recrudir. *To make (or wax) raw.*

Rectangle : m. *A ſtrait, or even angle ; a corner whoſe lines are joyned ſo, as no part falls out longer, or ſhorter then other.*

† Recte : f. *Right, equity, juſtice, honeſty.* (v. m.)

Recteur. *(in* Languedoc, *as in* France Curé *) A Curate, or Perſon.*
Recteur de l'Vniverſité. *The Rector, the Vicechancelor.*

Rectificateur : m. *A Rectifier.*

Rectification : f. *A rectification, or a rectifying ; a correction, purification, ſeparation of pure from impure ſtuffe, by a ſecond diſtilling, &c.*

Rectifié : m. ée : f. *Rectified, corrected, purified ; twice diſtilled ; refined by a ſecond, or by frequent diſtilling.*

Rectifier. *To rectifie, correct, purifie, purge ; to ſeparate the pure, fine, right, from the impure, groſſe, adulterate, ſtuffe, by diſtillation.*

Rectorerie : f. *A Rectorſhip, a Vicechancelorſhip.*

Rectorial : m. ale : f. *Rectoriall, Rectorlike ; belonging to a Rector, or Vicechancelor.*

Recueil : m. *A collection, gathering, reaping ; alſo, a welcome, or intertainment.*

Recueillant. *Collecting, gathering together ; alſo, intertaining, or welcoming.*

Recueilleur : m. *A Collector ; a reaper, a gatherer together.*

Recueiller. *To collect, reap, gather together ; alſo, to welcome, or intertain.*
Grande moiſſon l'obeiſſant recueille ; Prov. *Great is the harveſt of the obedient ; they that can yield will thrive.*

Recuict : m. ête : f. *Againe, or often, boiled ; alſo, wretched, miſerable, niggardly, miching, pinching, paultry, dodging.*

Recuire. *To ſeeth often, or againe ; alſo, to harden, as with over-much baking.*
Recuire les carreaux. *To blanch the Copings, or Planchets whereof coyne is to be made.*
Recuire l'or. c'eſt le paſſer vn peu ſur la braiſe.

Recuiſſon : f. *A new ſeething, or, a ſeething againe.*

Recuit. *as* Recuict.

Recuitte de laict. *Whay thickned, or curded, by ſeething ; fleetings, wild curds.*

Recul : m. *A recoyle, or giving back ; alſo, the hinder part of a thing.*

Reculade : f. *A recoyling, a going, or giving backe ; alſo, a by-hole, a remote or ſecret corner.*

Reculant. *Recoyling, giving back ;* En reculant. *Backward, arſeward.*

Reculé : m. ée : f. *Recoyled, repulſed, put or drawne backe ; removed, withdrawne, retired ; ſolitary, all alone, farre off, out of the way.*
Reculé de ſon honneur. *Deprived or bereaved of, put or fallen from, the honourable place which he held.*
Tu t'es trop reculé d'icy. *Thou haſt been too long, or too farre, from hence.*

Reculée : f. *A recoyle, retire, going or giving, back.*

Reculement : m. *A recoyling, retiring, withdrawing, a giving backe, a going farre backe, or from, a removing ; alſo, a refuſing, denying, delaying, drawing back from.*

Reculer. *To recoyle, retire, give or draw backe, remove, withdraw, get from ; to defeare, delay, drive off, runne back, come to no end.*
Reculer pour mieux ſaulter. *Look* Saulter.
Il le recula arriere de ſoy. *He neglected him, reſpected him not, caſt him at his heeles, cared no more for him.*
De cheval qui recule au plus toſt te delivre ; Pro. *Soon rid thee of a horſe that's reſty.*
Pour neant recule qui malheur attend ; Pro. *In vain he flinches that ill hap attends*
Qui contre eſguillon recule deux fois ſe poind ; Prov. *Hee's doubly hurt that kicks againſt a prick.*

Reculons. A rec. *Recoyling, arſeward, giving backward ; cleane contrary, quite kamme.*
Gaigner ſa vie à reculons. *To live by going backward, viz. by making of ropes.*

Reculorum. A rec. *Backward, behind, or behind-hand ; alſo, forſaken, forgotten, left behind, ſolitary, all alone.*

Recultiver. *To till, or plough againe.*

Recupercuté. ¶ Rab. *Look* Repercuté.

Recurer. *To recure, to heale againe.*

Reculant. *Rejecting, refuſing.*

Recuſation : f. *A recuſation, rejection, refuſall ; a waiving, or appealing from.*

Recuſé : m. ée : f. *Rejected, refuſed ; appealed from.*

Recuſer. *To reject, refuſe ; waive, appeale from.*

† Recutir. *To circumciſe, to clip or cut about.*

Recutit. *Circumciſed ; clipped or cut about ; alſo, new-skinned :* (Quand le prepuce eſt trop reboulé, le gland demeurant deſcouvert, on appelle vn tel recutit.) (v. m.)

Recuver. *To tun, or put into a fat, again.*

Redaigner. *To redaigne, to vouchſafe once more.*

Redanſer. *To dance again.*

Redarder. *To retort, or throw back, a Dart.*

Redargué : m. ée : f. *Checked, blamed, reproved, reprehended, controwled.*

Redarguer. *To check, blame, reprove, reprehend, controwle.*

Redargution : f. *A redargution, checking, reproving, reprehending, controwling.*

Redater. *To redate, or adde a new date unto.*

Rede : com. *as* Roide. ¶ Gaſc.

Reddition : f. *A reddition ; a redelivery ; a reſtoring, ſurrendring, yielding up, or giving over of.*

Redebatre. *To redebate the matter ; to cavill, or brable about it againe.*

Redebvable : com. *Indebted, in arrerages, beholden, or bound unto.*
Redebvable de iurée. *Liable to Juries, or ſubject to be ſworn thereof.*

Redebvance : f. *A debt, or duty ; or the remainder, or arrerage, of a debt ; alſo, an obligation, or beholdingneſſe.*
Redebvances. Ce ſont les devoirs, ou charges, es quelles les proprietaires ſont tenus envers quelque Seigneur feodal, cenſuel, rentier, penſionnaire, ou terragear. ¶ Ragueau.

Redebvoir : m. *A double duty ; or* la Redebvance.

Redebvoir. *To owe doubly, to owe again and again.*

Redeclamer. *To declame once more.*

Redeclarer. *To redeclare, to re-expreſſe, repeat, relate.*

Redecliner. *To redecline, to decline again.*

Redecorer. *To redecorate, or bedeck againe.*

Rededié : m. ée : f. *Rededicated.*

Rededier. *To rededicate, to conſecrate or hallow anew.*

Rededuire : f. *To reſtrict, rediminiſh, abate.*

Redefaire. *To undoe, or defeat again.*

Redeleguer. *To redelegate, re-appoint, give a new commiſſion unto.*

Redeliberer. *To redeliberate, redetermine of.*

Redemander. *To redemand ; recall, aſke againe earneſtly, require often or inſtantly.*

Redemanger. *To itch againe.*

Redemener. *To ſtirre, waggle, fig ; toſſe, tumble, againe.*

Redemeurer. *To stay once more.*
Redemolir. *To redemolish, resubvert, overthrow again.*
Redemourer. *as* Redemeurer.
Redempteur : m. *A redeemer, a ransomer, a deliverer.*
Redemption : f. *A redemption, redeeming, ransoming; a delivery of, a purchasing, or buying out, of.*
Redenoncé : m. ée : f. *Redenounced.*
Redenoncer. *To redenounce; to publish; threaten; or summon anew.*
Redent : m. *A double notching, or jagging, as in the teeth of a Saw.*
Redescendre. *To redescend, or goe down again.*
Redesfermer. *To open once more.*
Redesfier. *To distrust anew.*
Redesjuner. *To make, or eat, a second breakfast.*
Redespouiller. *Again to spoile, despoile, uncloth, strip, or bare of.*
Redevable. *See* Redebvable.
Redevaller. *To redescend, let, put, or tumble, down, again.*
Redevance. *as* Redebvance.
Redevenir. *To returne, rebecome, or become again.*
Redevider. *To redivide, or make a new division.*
Redevoir. *as* Redebvoir.
Redhibicion f. *A restitution; or a legall delivery, or giving back of a thing unto him that sold it.*
Redhibitoire. *whence;* Action red. *An Action which drives him, that hath sold a naughty thing, to take it backe again.*
Redicte : f. *A repetition, recitall, iteration, rehearsall.*
Chose bien dite n'a replique, ne redicte; Prov. *Truth well delivered prevents replies.*
Rediffamer. *To redefame, to slander anew.*
Redifier. *as* Réedifier.
Redigé : m. ée : f. *Reduced, brought back, or into; digested, ordered; urged, or compelled unto.*
Redigé par escript. *Couched, reported, set downe in writing.*
Rediger. *To reduce; bring back, or into; urge, or compell unto; to ranke, order, digest; couch, or set down, in writing.*
Redigerer. *To redigest, redigest.*
Redimé : m. ée : f. *Redeemed.*
Redimer. *To redeem, ransome, recover, buy out.*
† Redins : m. *Redding cloaths.*
Redire. *To repeat, rehearse, recite, say or tell over again.*
Il n'y aura que redire. *It will find him work enough I warrant him.*
Ou il n'y a que redire. *Full, perfect, absolute, exquisite; without fault, without want, without lack; wherein nothing is omitted, no more can be desired then there is.*
Tant redire? *What! so many repetitions? shall mine eares be still cloyed; shall my head be ever beaten, with one tale?*
Redisner. *To dine again.*
Redistribuer. *To redistribute, or deale back again.*
Redite : f. *as* Redicte.
Redition : f. *A restoring, surrendring, yeelding up, giving over of.*
Redituaires. Moines red. *A sect of Franciscan Friers, which have lands and revenewes; therein differing from the Mendicants, or begging Friers, who are to possesse nothing.*
Redite. *as* Redicte.
Redolent : m. ente : f. *Redolent, fragrant, sweet-smelling, odoriferous, pleasant.*
Redompté : m. ée : f. *Resubdued, or tamed againe.*
Redompteur : m. *A resubduer of.*
Redon : m. *A gift returned; or one thing given for another; also, the requitall of an ill by a good, turne.*
Redondage : m. *Grosse, or corse meale; grudgeons.*
Redondamment. *Redundantly, excessively, superfluously.*
Redonder. *To redound, overcharge, fall upon, returne backe; light, fall, or breake out; runne over with fullnesse, abound in excesse.*
Redonner. *To give backe, to returne.*
Qui du sien donne Dieu luy redonne; Pro. *God rewardeth almes-givers.*
Redonter. *as* Redompter.
Redorer. *To gild over anew.*
Redormir. *To sleep againe.*
Redormissement : m. *A falling into a new sleep, a sleeping againe.*
Redouble : m. *A redoublement; double sould, or bought; a redoubling.*
Redoublé : m. ée : f. *Redoubled; often repeated or doubled.*
Redoublement : m. *A redoubling, an often doubting.*
Redoubler. *To redouble; to repeat, or double, often.*
Redoubleur : m. *A redoubler.*
Redoublure : f. *A redoubling.*
Redoutable : com. *Redoubtable, dreadfull, fearefull, terrible.*
Redouté : m. ée : f. *Redoubted, feared, awed, dreaded.*
Redouter. *To dread, redoubt, feare, awe.*
Redoutillon : m *A Scar-crow; any device wherewith birds, &c. are frighted away.*
† Redoupier. *A horse to turne divers times with one breath.*
Redoutant. *Redoubting, dreading.*
Redouter, & Redoutillon. *as* Redoubter, & Redoubtillon.
Redressé : m. ée : f. *Redressed; straightened.*
Redresser. *To redresse, straighten, set or make straight, correct, reforme, amend.*
Reduction : f. *A reduction, reducing, bringing backe, leading or fetching home againe; also, a recoverie, or a recompuest of a lost country.*
Reduict : m. *A retrait, or secret place of retirall; also, as* Reduite.
Reduict : m. ête : f. *Look* Reduit.
Reduire. *To reduce, bring backe, or unto; also, to lead forth.*
Reduire à sa memoire. *To remember, or call unto remembrance.*
Reduire quelqu'un à memoire de. *To remember, or put one in mind of.*
Reduire vn enfant gasté. *To reclaim him*
Reduire en pouldre. *To make dust, or powder of; to put or do into, to pownd or beat unto, powder.*
Reduisant. *Reducing, bringing back.*
Reduit : m. *Reduced, brought backe, or into; conducted home againe; also, led forth; also, brought.*
Renduit à l'herbe. *In extreme want, most bare of meanes, in great necessitie; at a very low ebbe.*
Reduit de livres en quarterons. *Extremely wasted, whereof at least three quarters be spent.*
Reduit au petit pied. *Look* Pied.
Reduit au tapis. *Cleane out of meanes, and imployment; (and at play) left a bare-boord, whose money is all lost.*
Reduite : f. *A blockhouse, or little fort.*
† Rée. *A faultie, or guiltie person; one that is accused, or arraigned; a defendant in any sute.*
Reedification : f. *A reedification, reedifying, new building.*
Reedifié : m. ée : f. *Reedified, again built.*
Reedifier. *To reedifie, to build againe.*
Reel : m. *A manner of catching water-fowle.*
Réel : m. elle : f. *Reall, essentiall.*
Tailles réelles. *Which are imposed on, or due by reason of, land; which follow the land.*
Réellement. *Really, in very truth, in very deed*
Réement : m. *The braying, or bellowing of a red Deere.*
† Reémeré. *as* Remeré.
Réentement : m. *A new grafting, a grafting againe.*
Réenter. *To graffe anew, or againe.*
Réenterrer. *To reinterre; to put into the earth againe.*
Réer. *To bellow, to bray: (In tearmes of hunting we say, that the red Deer bells; and the fallow troytes or croynes.)*
† Réestre. *To be renewed, or be againe.*
Refaçon : f. *A second forme, new fashion, reformation.*
Refaçonner. *To reforme, to make of a new, or of another fashion.*
Refaict : m. ête : f. *Renewed, repaired, improved, made anew, amended; also, plumpe, fattened, high-fed; swollen, puffed up, as parboiled meat.*
Chasteau abbatu est à demy refaict; Prov. *Look* Chasteau.
D'un vilain refaict Dieu nous garde; Prov. *From a churle growne rich good Lord deliver us.*
Refaillir. *To faile the second time.*
Refaire. *To repaire, amend, renew, make new; also, to parboyle, or make plumpe by parboyling.*
Se refaire. *To recover his health, to grow strong, whole, well, in heart, againe.*
Refaire son nez. *To pricke up his crummes againe.*
Robbe refait moult l'homme; Prov. *Good clothes doe much for a man (that would be handsome.)*
Refait. *Look* Refaict.
Refarder. *To point often, or over againe.*
Refascher. *To anger anew.*
Refauché : m. ée : f. *Cut, or mowed, againe.*
Refaucher. *To cut, or mow nerrer, or over againe.*
Refect. *as* Refaict.
Refection : f. *A refection, repast, meale; food, sustenance.*
Refections d'une maison. *The reparations of a house.*
Refectouër : m. *A refectuarie, or Frutrie; the room wherein Friers eat together.*
Refendre. *To cleave, to cut againe.*
Refendu : m. uë : f. *Cleft in the middle, or into halves; cleaven asunder, or in two.*

Refente : f. *A cleft, slit, or cut (especially) in the middle of a thing.*
Refente de fueilles. *The line, or division that runs along, or appeares in the middle of, leaves.*
Bois de refente. *Cleft wood, such as pales, &c. are made of.*
Referendaire : m. *The Lord Chancellor of France was tearmed so in old time; Now the* Referendaire *is an Officer inferiour to the Masters of requests, for whose ease it seems, he and his companions were, at the first, ordained; for they report unto them the effect of Petitions preferred unto, and of Patents that passe out of, the severall Chauncerie of France; and are therefore tearmed otherwise,* Rapporteurs.
Referer. *To recite, repeate, rehearse, relate, report.*
Referir. *To smite, or strike againe.*
Refermer. *To close, or shut up again.*
Referrer. *To new-shooe a horse.*
Refeſſer. *To whip, jerke, or scourge againe.*
Refeſter. *To make a new holy-day.*
Refeſtier. *To feast againe.*
Refeſtoyer. *The same.*
Reſſe. vne noix reſſe. *An hard-sheld nut.* ℣ Bourb.
Reſſiron : m. *The third gate of the wombe, or the mouth of the matrix, which is cleft acrosse, and not lengthwise, as the Hymen, &c.*
Reſſonder. *Look* Refonder.
Reſſort. *as* Raiſort.
Reſtcher. *To fasten againe.*
Refier. *To trust once more.*
Refiger. *To refixe, vnclose; clot, coagulate, or curdle together againe.*
Refiguré : m. ée : f. *Refigured.*
Refigurer. *To figure, or paint over, againe.*
Refiler. *To spin, or twist anew.*
Reflairer. *To smell, vent, or wind againe.*
Reflamber. *To retort, or beat back a flame; also, to flame backe, or cast back flames.*
Reflater. *To flatter anew.*
Reflateur : m. *An egregious flatterer, a palpable-claw-back.*
Reflechi : m. ie : f. *Reflected; bowed, bent, or turned backe.*
Reflechir. *To reflect; to bow, bend, or turne backe.*
Reflefchir. *the same.*
Refleurir. *To flourish againe.*
Refleuter. *To pipe, or whistle often.*
Reflexif : m. iue : f. *Reflexive, reflexing.*
Reflot : m. *An ebbe, or ebbing of waters.*
Reflotter. *To flote, or swim again; also, to ebbe, or fall, as waters after a flond.*
Reflourir. *as* Refleurir.
Reflux : m. *The ebbe, or ebbing of the sea, or of a river, after the tide.*
Refocillation : f. *A refreshing, reviving, recomforting, a new heartening.*
Refociller. *To refresh, revive, recomfort, recreate, or hearten anew.*
Refomenté : m. ée : f. *Refomented, cherished againe.*
Refomenter. *To refoment, to warme or cherish againe.*
Refoncé : m. ée : f. *Headed again, as casks; also, plunged or gone down to the bottome againe.*
Refonder les deſpence. *To restore, pay, returne, or give back, the costs and charges.*
Refondre. *To cast anew, to melt againe.*
Refondre les gens. *To breed lusty humors in decayed bodies, to make young men of old.*
Refondrement, & Refondrer. *as* Renfondrement, & Renfondrer.
Reforgé : m. ée : f. *New forged, new made, wrought, or hammered anew.*
Reforger. *To forge, worke, hammer, anew.*
Reformateur : m. *A reformer, corrector, amender.*
Reformation : f. *Reformation, amendment, correction.*
Reformé : m. ée : f. *Reformed, corrected, amended; also, new-formed, or brought to it former shape.*
Reformez. *Reformists, an Order of Franciscan Fryers.*
Reformer. *To reforme, amend, correct; repaire, bring into better fashion.*
Refort. *Look* Raifort.
Refouëttet. *To whip, or scourge again.*
Refouiller. *To search, feele, grope; root, or dig for, anew.*
Refouir. *To dig into againe.*
Refoulé : m. ée : f. *Dulled, blunted; obtuse; rammed in; trodden down, stamped on againe; also, tyred, wearied, overlabowred, foiled, overtoyled.*
Refoulement : m. *A blunting, dulling; ramming in, treading downe; a tyring, foiling, overtoyling.*
Refouler. *To dull, blunt, foile, straine, vex, grieve, tyre, with overlabouring; also, to tread upon againe.*
Refouler le dos d'un cheval. *To gall a horses back.*
Refouler aux pieds. *To stamp on, or tread under foot.*
Refouler la pouldre. *To ram in the powder.*
Refoulller. *as* Refouler.
Refouloir : m. *The Rammer head, wherewith powder is rammed into a peece.*
Refourbir. *To refurbish, repolish; to smooth, or fleeke up anew.*
Refournir. *To furnish anew.*
Refourrer. *To furre; also, to thrust in, againe.*
Refourvoyer. *To mistake, rove, erre, stray, anew.*
Refractaire : com. *Refractary, stubborn, wilfull, obstinate, headstrong.*
Refraction : f. *A rebound.*
Refrain d'une balade. *The Refret, burthen, or downe of a Ballade.*
Refraindre. *Look* Refreindre.
Refrainte : f. *A bridling, refraining, restraint.*
Refraiſchi : m. ie : f. *Refreshed, refrigerated, renewed.*
Refraiſchir. *To refresh, coole, refrigerate, recreate; renew.*
Refranchir. *To leap, or skip over againe.*
Refrappé : m. ée : f. *Struck againe; also, reflected, reverberated.*
Refrappement : m. *A striking againe, also, a reflecting, or a reverberating.*
Refrapper. *To return blowes for blowes, to strike back or again; also, to reflect, or to reverberate.*
Refreln : m. *as* Refrain.
Refreindre. *To bridle, restraine, containe, hold in, keep under, pull back.*
Se refreindre. *To refrain, forbear, temper, master, moderate, himselfe.*
Refrenation : f. *A refraining; a bridling, restraining.*
Refrené : m. ée : f. *Bridled, mastered, moderated; restrained, restrained, kept short, held in.*
Refrener. *To bridle, represse, master, moderate, restrain, hold under, keep short, pull in.*
Refrequenté : m. ée : f. *Refrequented, rehaunted.*
Refrequenter. *To refrequent, revisit, rehaunt; use, or fall to, a former haunt.*
Refreſchir. *as* Retraiſchir.
Refreſchiſſement : m. *A refreshment, refreshing, refrigerating, recreating; renewing.*
Refreſchiſſoir : m. *A small fountaine.*
Refreſoté : m. ée : f. *Forced, curled.*
Refreter vne navire. *To new-rig a ship.*
Refricaſſer. *To fry againe.*
Refrigerateur : m. *A refrigerator, refresher, cooler.*
Refrigeratif : m. iue : f. *Refrigerative, cooling, refreshing.*
Refrigeration : f. *A refrigeration, cooling, refreshing.*
Refrigeratoire : m. *A refrigeratorie, or cooler; the part of a Lymbeck wherein water is put to keepe the rest from being too hot.*
Refrigere : m. *Coolnesse, a refreshment.*
Refrigeré : m. ée : f. *Refrigerated, cooled, refreshed.*
Refrigerer. *To refrigerate, coole, refresh.*
Retriquer. *To rub again; to renew an old griefe, to rub an old sore.*
Retriquer vne choſe iugée. *To revoke, or set on foot an (old) adjudged sute; to go about with a matter againe.*
Refrire. *To fry again.*
Refriſé : m. ée : f. *Frizled, curled, pranked, tricked up anew.*
Refriſler. *To frizzle, curle, prank, trick up, anew.*
Refriſſonner. *To quake, or shiver, extremely.*
Refroidi : m. ie : f. *Cooled; slackened.*
Refroidir. *To coole, or take away the heat of; to slacken; to calme.*
Se refroidir. *To wax cold, grow calme, become lesse vehement or earnest in it.*
Refroidiſſant. *Cooling; slackening.*
Refroiſſer. *To breake asunder againe.*
Refroncé : m. ée : f. *Redoubled, much gathered; also, exceedingly wrinkled, crumpled, frumpled; and thence also, frowning.*
Refrongnant. en ref. *Frowningly, sternly, frowardly, sullenly, with a soure countenance.*
Refrongné : m. ée : f. *Frowning; surly, sullen, of a soure look.*
Refrongnemens : m. *A frowning, lowring, sullennesse, a sternenesse or sourenesse of countenance.*
Refrongner. *To frown, lowre, look sternly, sullenly, sourely, on it*
Refrotter. *To rub againe.*
Refu : m. *as* Refus. *A refusall; also, the refuse of any thing.*
Refue. *Look* Refue.
Refuge : m. *A refuge, helpe, succour, a Sanctuary, shroud, shelter; a place to fly unto, a place of safe retrait.*
Refugié : m. ée : f. *Fled, run, resorted unto for succour, and assistance.*

Re-

Refugieux : m. euſe : f. *as* Refugié ; *or, helpfull, ſerving for a refuge, full of refuges.*

Refui : m. uie : f. *Fled from ; or fled back unto.*

Refuiant. *Flying, ſhunning, avoiding.*

Refuir. *To flie back ; alſo, to ſhun, avoid, eſchew, forſake, run from.*

Refuir ſur loy. *A Deer to make back into the covert ; a vermine to fly unto, or keep within, his earth ; (their ſtrengths.)*

Refuite : f. *A flight or courſe, a running or flying back ; alſo, an evaſion, or avoidance.*

Refulger. *To ſhine, gliſter, glitter, look very bright.*

Refumer. *To dung over againe.*

Refus : m. *A refuſall, repulſe, deniall.*

Qui ſont de refus. *The refuſe, outcaſts, leavings of better things.*

Refuſé : m. ée : f. *Refuſed, denied, rejected, repulſed, neglected, forſaken.*

Refuſer. *To refuſe, deny, reject, repell ; caſt off, renounce, forſake.*

Refuſeur : m. *A refuſer ; denier ; a rejecter ; forſaker.*

A bon demandeur bon refuſeur ; Prov. *Look* Demandeur.

Refutation : f. *A refutation, a confutation.*

Refuté : m. ée : f. *Refuted, confuted, refelled, convinced ; reproved.*

Refuter. *To refute, confute, refell, reprove, convince, confound by reaſon.*

Refuyant. *Flying, ſhunning, eſchewing, avoiding.*

Regabeller. *To double a tax, cuſtome, or toll ; to impoſe a new one.*

Regager. *To regage, or wage againe.*

Regaigner. *To regaine ; alſo to gaine doubly.*

se Regaillardir. *Look* se Ragaillardir.

Regain : m. *A later math, or lateward hay ; th'after graſſe, or after crop of hay.*

Regal : m. ale : f. *Regall, Royall, Princely, Soveraigne.*

Regale. *whence,* Droict de Regale. *The Soveraigne Patronage of the Archbiſhopricks, Biſhopricks, Abbeyes, and other Benefices of Royall foundation ; due unto the King of* France, *and inherent unto his perſon, in the right of his Crown, and therefore not to be transferred, committed, or alienes unto any other ; Hereby he hath the profits of them during vacancy ; and the proviſion, collection, and preſentation, of ſucceſſors unto them. At this day onely three Archbiſhopricks, and 32 Biſhopricks, are ſubject unto it ; the reſt have been, at ſeverall times, exempted by ſpeciall privileges : In* Normandy *when diverſ Lords are at ſute for the Patronage of a vacant Benefice, the King, by this right of* Regale, *injoyes the profits of it untill the ſute be ended, or they agreed.*

La Regale de Theroanne. *The Juriſdiction, or government of* Theroanne, *whereof the Biſhop (who onely hath high, mean, and low Juſtice within it) is the temporall Lord.*

Fief en Regale. *A noble Fief, held immediately, and in* Capite, *of the King.*

Regalement. *Regally, Kingly, royally.*

Regaler. *(In the cuſtomes of* Arthois, Senlis ; & Vallois) c'eſt quand le Seigneur feodal prend, & applique à ſon profit, les fruicts des heritages de fief, ou Cottiers, à faute de les relever, & droicturer.

se Regaler. *To make as much account, and take as great a care, of himſelfe, as if he were a King.*

Regales, des reg. *The muſicall Inſtrument called, Rigolls.*

Regalice : f. *Lickorice.*

Regaliſſe. *The ſame.*

Regaliſte : m. *One that enjoyes, or ſtands for, a Benefice that is ſubject unto the* Droict de Regale.

Regard : m. *A look, view, ſight, aſpect ; an eye ; alſo, an eye unto, or eying of ; a regard, reſpect, conſideration, of ; alſo, the head of a conduit.*

Pour mon regard. *For my part, as for me ; alſo, for my ſake.*

Regardant. *Seeing, eying, beholding, marking, heeding ; alſo, wary, circumſpect, vigilant, that lookes narrowly to every thing.*

Regardé : m. ée : f. *Eyed, viewed, looked at, beheld, marked, regarded.*

Regardement : m. *A looking, ſeeing, eying, viewing, beholding ; marking, ſpying, heeding, regarding.*

Regarder. *To look, eye, ſee, view, behold ; ſpie, tent at, heed, regard.*

Regarder de gros oeil ; &, Regarder de la queuë de l'oeil. *Seek* Oeil, & Queuë.

De ſerviteur qui ſe regarde donne toy ſoigneuſement garde ; Pro. *The ſervant proud, and of himſelf reſpective, is in his dutie oftentimes defective.*

Quand d'autry parler tu voudras regarde toy, & tu tairas ; Pro. *When on another thou wouldſt gladly raile, look well into thy ſelfe, thy tongue will quaile.*

Regardeur : m. *A looker, ſpectator, viewer, eyer, beholder.*

Regardeure : f. *A look, ſight, view, aſpect.*

Regardure. *as* Regardeure.

Regarnir. *To regarniſh, to new-furniſh.*

Regaſter. *To ſpill, or ſpoile againe.*

Regazouiller. *To report, or to record, as birds, one anothers warbling.*

Rege : f. *A meaſure of three foot and a halfe, uſed by Surveyors in the country about* Bourdeaux.

Regeance : f. *as* Regence.

Regeiner. *To reteorture, to rack once more.*

Régelé : m. ée : f. *Frozen, or overgrown with ice, again.*

Regeler. *To freeze again.*

Regence : f. *The Regency, or Protectorſhip of a kingdom ; alſo, a teaching, inſtructing, moderating, reading unto, in Schooles ; alſo, a forme, or lecture, of Schollers.*

Regenner. *To imitate, or counterfeit, nearly.*

Regent : m. *A Regent, Protector, Vicegerent, or Governour of a Kingdome during an interreigne, or the minority, or abſence, of the Prince ; alſo, a Regent, Reader, Teacher, Moderator of a forme in a College.*

Regente : f. *The Regenteſſe, or Protectreſſe of a Kingdome.*

Regenté : m. ée : f. *Ruled, governed ; alſo, taught, moderated, read unto, in Schooles.*

Regenter. *To rule, or play the Regent ; to governe a Kingdome during an interreigne, or in the minority, or abſence, of the Prince ; alſo, to teach, read, or moderate, in Schooles.*

† Regercer. *as* Rejarcer.

Regermer. *To bud, or ſprout out again.*

Regetter. *Look* Rejecter.

Regi : m. ie : f. *Ruled, governed, commanded, ſwayed, guided, directed.*

Regimbement : m. *A kicking, winſing, ſpurning, ſtriking back with the feet, or heeles.*

Regimber. *To winſe, kick, ſpurn, ſtrike back with the feet.*

Regimber contre l'eſguillon. *To kick againſt the prick (ſay we in the very ſame ſence.)*

Ie vous garderay de regimber. *I will ſetter you, reſtrain you, load you ſoundly, hold you under, take off your over-keen edge, cool your immoderate heat, keep you from winſing, kicking, outlaſhing.*

Regimbeur : m. *A winſer, kicker, ſpurner.*

Regime : m. *Regiment, rule, command, ſway, dominion, authority, government.*

Regime de vivre. *An order of diet preſcribed.*

Regiment de gens de guerre. *A Regiment of ſouldiers.*

Region : f. *A Region, Province, Realme, Kingdome, coaſt, country, quarter, part, place.*

La region du coeur. *The ſite, or ſeat of the heart.*

Regir. *To rule, govern, ſway, maſter, command, Seignorize over.*

† Regiſſer. *as* Regir.

Regiſtration : f. *A regiſtring, a recording.*

Droict de regiſtration. *Look* Droict.

Regiſtre : m. *A Record, Regiſter, memoriall ; a book of remembrances, daies book ; and (more particularly) a book of Entries, Acts, Orders, or Decrees.*

Droict de regiſtre : & Droict de regiſtre, ou Contentor. *Look* Droict.

Reglacer. *To freeze again ; alſo, to ſet a new gloſſe on.*

Reglaner. *To gleen over again.*

Reglement. *See* Reiglement.

Regliſſe : f. *Lickorice. Look* Rigaliſſe.

Regliſſer. *To glide, or ſlide back.*

Regluer. *To glew again.*

Reglure : f. *Seek* Reigleure.

Regnant : m. ante : f. *Reigning, ruling, governing ; alſo, lying about.*

Regnard : m. *A Fox.*

Regnard de mer. *The ſea Fox ; a long-tailed, and rank-ſmelling fiſh, which in time of danger ſwallowes up her young ones, and the ſeat being paſſed vomits them up again.*

Barbe de regnard. *Goats-thorne,* Tragacantha ; *the ſhrub that yeelds Gumdragagant.*

La parole du regnard. *A kind of charm.*

Queuë de regnard. *Fox-taile, tailed Wheat ; (an herb) alſo, as under* Queuë.

Raiſin de regnard. *Garden Nightſhade ; alſo, the herb Paris, One-berry, True-love.*

Toux de regnard. *A ſetled, or old-grown cough, that ſticks by a man as long as he lives.*

Vin de regnard. *Such wine as being much drunke of ſharpens the wit, and makes the drunkard craftier then he was.*

Coudre la peau du regnard à celle du Lion.

Lion. *To proceed both craftily, and violently; both by stratagems and strength; or to attempt that by cleark which he cannot obtaine by force.*

Crier au regnard l'un sur l'autre. *To raile extremely one upon another.*

Escorcher le regnard. *To spue, cast, vomit; (especially upon excessive drinking,) either because in spuing one makes a noise like a Fox that barkes; or (as in Escorcher) because the slaying of so unsavory a beast will make any man spue.*

Faire le regnard. *as* Regnarder.

Faire vne charrée de regnard. *To lose his time, or bestow it on most fond imployments.*

Parler regnard. *Look* Regnaut.

Prendre martin pour regnard. *To mistake resembling things one for another.*

Tirer au regnard. *To cast, vomit, spue.*

Regnard qui dort la matinée n'a pas la langue emploiée; Prov. *Morning sleepers seldome thrive.*

Regnard qui beaucoup tarde attend la proye; Prov. *When Foxes tarry long they hope for purchase.*

Le regnard cache sa queuë; Prov. *The craftie knave hides that which would bewray him.*

Le regnard est devenu hermite; Prov. *The Fox an Hermit is became; (because your Geese good hostesses) applies also, when a crafty or wary fellow professes himself, and growes truly religious.*

Le regnard est pris, lasche les poules; Prov. *Used when any dangerous matter is intrapped, or clapt up; and also, as mockery of a common woer, which having deceived many widowes and maids in his time, is at the length overtaken, and caught by one that's worse then any of them.*

A regnard regnard & demi; Prov. *Let craft meet, or be matcht, with cunning.*

A regnard endormi rien ne chet en la gueule; Prov. *Nothing is got by drowsinesse; preformers must be watcht, sought, and sued for; it falls not into idle hands, or sleeping mouthes.*

A la fin le regnard sera Moine; Prov. *Look* Moine.

En fin les regnards (*viz.* their skinnes) se trouvent chez le pelletier; Prov. *The crafty are at length simpisied.*

Il n'y a route que de vieux regnards; Prov. *There is no chase like that of the old Fox; or, no trust so certaine as of aged craft; no path well beaten but by old experience.*

Regnardaille: f. *The generation, kind, or brood of Foxes; also, a knot, or crue of subtill knaves.*

Regnarde: f. *A bitch Fox.*

Regnardeau: m. *A Fox cub, a young Fox; a little Fox.*

Regnarder. *To play the Fox; to steale, slip, or slinke, aside, upon a guilty conscience, or feare to be taken in the manner; also, to pervert a truth with shifts, tricks, or subtilties.*

Regnarderie: f. *Slinesse, craftinesse, witinesse; also, a stealing, slipping, or slinking aside, upon approach of danger, or guilt of conscience; also, a perverting of the truth with shifts, or craftie lies.*

Regnardesque: com. *Crafty, wily, subtle, Fox-like, full of sleights.*

Regnardiere: f. *A Fox-furred gowne, or garment.*

Regnardise: f. *Fox-like subtilties, slinesse, wilinesse, craftinesse, subtlenesse.*

Regnateur: m. *A reigner, governour, absolute ruler.*

Regnatrice: f. *A Queen, a Soveraigne Governesse, an absolute Mistresse.*

Regnaut: m. *The language, or barking, of Foxes.*

Parler regnant. *To speak through the nose.*

Regne: m. *A Realme, or Kingdome; also, a Soveraigne rule; Dominion; Government; also, (the continuance, or manner of that Government) a Reigne.*

Cheval de Regne. *A courser of Naples.*

Regné. *Reigned, ruled, governed.*

Regner. *To reigne, rule, govern, sway, seigniorize, dominere; to be a King, wield a Scepter, have Soveraigne authority over.*

Le Tyrannie regne tous à l'enuers du logis. *The tirannie lies, goes, or is contrived, wrought about the house.*

Regnicole: com. *The actuall inhabitants, or inhabitors of a Kingdome.*

† Regnure. *Look* Renure.

Regobillonné: m. ée: f. *Frolick, merry, jocund, blithe; in a pleasant humour, in a merry mood.*

Regodronner. *as* Regoldronner.

Regoldronné: m. ée: f. *New pitched, or tallowed, as a ship; also, new sit, or starched, as a ruffe.*

Regoldronner. *To pitch, or tallow, to make tight, a ship; also, to set a ruffe handy again.*

Regorge: f. *An over full gorge; also, a vomiting, or pissing up hot reed.*

Ie leur en bailleray à regorge. *I will over-glut them with all; I will feed them, or bestow it into them, untill they spue again.*

Regorgé: m. de: f. *Over-glutted, too full gorged, whose stomack is over-charged; also, cumbred, cast, or spued up, as an over-full gorge.*

Regorgement: m. *An over-glutting, or over-charging of the stomack; any superfluity, overflowing, excesse.*

Regorger. *To overglut, or overcharge the stomack; to overmuch, or overflow the banks; also, to spue, vomit, cast, as over-full gorge.*

Regoubillonner. *To make a merie supper, feaste an after supper, banquet late a-nights; also, to be frolick, blithe, jocund, in a merry mood.*

Regoulfrer. *To curbe again.*

Regoulfer. *To taste better, often, or again.*

Regrabellement: m. *A curious, and re-iterated sifting of, or search into.*

Regracié: m. *Thanked, or thankefully acknowledged.*

Regraciement: m. *A thankefulnesse, or thankefull acknowledgement.*

Regracier. *To thanke, acknowledge thankfully, yield thanks unto.*

Regraing. *as* Regrain.

Regraisser. *To grease over again.*

Regraté: m. ée: f. *Dressed, furbished, scowred, or tricked up.*

Regrattement: m. *A dressing, scowring, furbishing, mending, or tricking up of old things for sale, knackstery.*

Regrater. *To dresse, mend, scowre, furbish, trim or trick up, an old thing for sale.*

Regrateur: m. *an huckster; mender, dresser, scowrer, trimmer up of old things for sale.*

Regratier: m. *as* Regrateur; *whence*

Regratier de sel, de vivres, &c. *A Regrater, or ingrosser of salt, &c.*

† Regratier. *as* Regracier; *To thank.*

Regratiere: f. *An huckstresse; also, a Regrateresse.*

Regravet. *To grave deep.*

Regravir. *To climbe, or creep up, again.*

Regredille: m. ée: f. *Stricked, cropped, curled, intrammelled.*

Regredillet. *To frizle, or curle the hair, &c. with a hot iron.*

Regredillonné. & Regredillonnet. *as* Regredillé, & Regredillet.

Regrés: m. *A resignation of a benefice upon condition, that if during the resignors life it become void by the resignation or death of the Resignee, it shall return, without further collation, or institution, unto him; (but this Conditionall Resignation, heretofore in use, is not so this day allowed of, in Rome.)*

Regret: m. *Dolor, griefe, affliction, sorrow, unhappie fate; also, grief, sorrow, repentance, forthinking.*

A regret. *Lastly, unwillingly, with much displeasure, sorrow, misery by land, full sore against his will.*

Regretable: com. *Deplorable, lamentable, bewailable; fit to be repented, or bewailed.*

Regreter. *as* Regrater.

Regrette: m. ée: f. *Desired, wished, wisht for; also, bewailed, lamented, repented.*

Regretter. *To desire, affect, wish for, look or long after; also, to bewaile, lamente, lament, grieve, sorrow, repent, for.*

Regrez. *as* Regret.

Regrifler. *To claw, paw, scratch again.*

Regriller. *To broyle anew upon a Gridiron.*

Regrimper. *To climbe, or creep up again.*

Regringoté. *Chanell, gutterd, fluted.*

Regringoter. *To chanell, gutter, or gutter fluting.*

Regripper. *To gripe, grasp, or snatch again.*

† Regrisé. *as* Rembrongné.

Regrouvis: m. *A snarling, mumbling, wrisling (word.)*

Reguarir. *To recure, to recover, to laugh again.*

† Regue. *as* Rege.

Reguerdonner. *To reward plentifully, guerdon abundantly.*

Reguerle. *To rouze, to rouse.*

Reguetter. *To watch very narrowly.*

Reguinder. *To leape, or lift up on high again; also, to leave weapons and, to come back again.*

Regule d'antimonie. *A kind of Tinne; or, as* Estain de glace.

Regulier: m. ere: f. *Regular, canonicall, living under prescript rules.*

Chanoines reguliers. *Regular Canons; tied unto greater attendance, and stricter observances, then others.*

Regulierement. *Regularly, canonically, orderly*

Regur-

Regurgitation : f. *An overflowing.*
Regurgiter. *To overflow.*
Rehabilitation : f. *A re-eſtabliſhing, re-inabling, reſtoring unto former ability.*
Rehabiliter. *as* Rabiliter.
Rehabitation : f. *A re-inhabitation, re-inhabiting ; a returning to a former habitation.*
Rehabiter. *To re-inhabite, or dwell again in.*
Rehabituer. *To ſettle againe ; to begin to uſe, accuſtome, enure unto again.*
Rehacher. *To hack, or chop again.*
Rehaïr. *To hate extremely, or again.*
† Rehaiter. *To revive, rejoyce, cheer up exceedingly.*
Rehâler. *To hale, or pull againe.*
Rehanter. *Againe to haunt, or frequent.*
Rehatceler. *To hurry, turmoyle, vex again.*
Reharier. *as* Rehartceler.
Rehaſarder. *To re-adventure, to hazard yet once more.*
Rehaſter. *To re-accelerate, or give new wing unto.*
Rehauſſé : m. ée : f. *Set higher, or above ; alſo, re-advanced ; alſo, raiſed, or upheld ; alſo, (in painting, &c.) reborſed, or highened ; alſo, imboſſed.*
Tapiſſerie de fayette rehauſſée de ſoye. *Whoſe ground is ſay, and worke ſilke.*
Rehauſſement : m. *A re-advancing ; alſo, a raiſing, a ſetting higher, or above ; alſo, a reborſing, highening ; leeving, imboſſing.*
Rehauſſer. *To re-advance ; to raiſe or ſet higher, to place above ; alſo, (in Painting, &c.) to reborſe, highten ; to leeve, to imboſſe.*
Rehauſſe, & Rehauſſer. *as* Rehauſſé, &c.
† Rehennir. *To neigh, or whinnie often.*
Rehercher. *To get new graſſe.*
Reherſer. *To harrow over again.*
Reheurter. *Again to daſh, hit, but, or knock againſt.*
Rehoché : m. ée : f. *Shaken, wagged, or jogged again.*
Rehocher. *To ſhake, wag, or jog, again.*
Rehonnir. *To ſhame, or diſhonour once more.*
Rehouſſement : m. *A new digging about the foot of a vine, &c. or (more generally) a new digging.*
Rehouër. *To dig anew ; to alter ground by often digging it ; alſo, to dig or open a plant at the root a ſecond time.*
Rehouſter. *To pull on boots once more.*
Reiſouſſer. *To cover with a ſout-cloth once againe.*
Rehucher. *To whoop, or call, back from.*
Rehumecté : m. ée : f. *Moiſtened, or bedewed once more.*
Rehumecter. *Again to moiſten, or bedew.*
Rehumé : m. ée : f. *Again ſupped up.*
Rehumer. *To ſup up again.*
Reheurter. *as* Reheurter.
Rejalir. *as* Rejallir.
Rejallir. *To rebound ; to leap, skip, jert, ſpurt, or ſprowt (as water) back upwards, againſt, or againe ; alſo, to reverberate, or to reflect.*
Rejalliſſement : m. *A rebounding ; a leaping, jerting, ſpurting back, or up, againſt a thing ; alſo, a reflection, or a reverberation.*
† Rejanner. *To ſlowt, ſcoffe, deride, ridge.*
Rejaper. *To bark often, or again.*
† Rejarçir. *To rive, or cleave, anew.*
Rejaſer. *To babble, or prattle extremely.*
† Rejauger. *To new-gage caske.*
Rejaulnir. *To grow yellow again.*
Reject : m. *A rejection, a refuſall ; alſo, a new putting forth, a caſting out againe ; alſo, as* Rejet.
Reject d'arbre. *A young ſhoot, or ſucker, ſpringing out from the root, or foot of a tree.*
Reject de femme. *A divorſe from, or putting away of, a wife.*
Reject de foſſé. *The bank of a ditch.*
Fueille de reject. *The leafe that ſucceeds in the place of another leafe, which hath been plucked, or beaten down.*
Rejectable : com. *Rejectable, refuſable.*
Rejecté : m. ée : f. *Rejected, expelled, refuſed ; abandoned, forſaken, caſt off ; alſo, retorted, or caſt back ; alſo, confuted ; alſo, newly put, or budded, out.*
Rejectement : m. *A rejecting, expelling, driving or chaſing out, putting or caſting off ; a refuſing, forſaking, abandoning, renouncing ; alſo, a retorting, or throwing back ; a confuting, a refelling ; alſo, a new budding, or putting out, as of trees in the Spring.*
Rejecter. *To reject, expell, put or caſt off, drive or chaſe out ; to refuſe, abandon, forſake, renounce ; alſo, to retort, or throw backe ; alſo, to refell, or confute ; alſo, to bud, or put out, as trees in the Spring ; alſo, to give, as timber, &c. in wet weather, &c.*
Rejection : f. *A rejection ; or, as* Rejectement.
Rejecton : m. *A young ſhoot, or ſcience, that ſprings from the root, or ſtock, of a tree.*
Rejecton de mouches à miel. *A ſwarm of Bees.*
Reject : m. *The brim of the lower of a Dove-coat, wherein the Pigeons alight ; alſo, the jert given by a horſes legs when he yerkes out behind ; alſo, as* Reject.
Rejettable. *as* Rejectable.
Rejettal : m. *An Engine wherewith ſmall birds are caught.*
Rejetté, & Rejetter. *as* Rejecté, & Rejecter.
Reifort. *as* Raifort.
Reigle : f. *A rule, canon, order ; precept, inſtitution, preſcription, inſtruction ; alſo, a line ; ſquare, forme, patterne ; method, manner, faſhion.*
Mieux vaut reigle que rente ; Prov. *Good government is of more worth then gold.*
Reiglé : m. ée : f. *Ruled, ordered, governed, moderated ; directed, held in forme, kept in faſhion.*
Reiglement : m. *A ruling, ordering, direction, guiding, diſcipline, government, governing ; alſo, a rule given by a Judge in a cauſe ; alſo, the draught of lines by the rule.*
Reiglément. *Regularly, orderly ; moderately ; formally, in good faſhion.*
Reigler. *To rule, order, governe ; temper, moderate ; guide, ſquare, direct ; to doe things by line and levell ; alſo, to decree, eſtabliſh, determine, ordaine ; and, to give a rule in a cauſe.*
Reigler : m. *A little rule, or line ; alſo, a Carpenters Squire.*
Reigleur : m. *A ruler, orderer ; moderator ; director.*
Reigleure : f. *as* Reiglement ; *or, a ruling, or drawing by lines ; a proceeding by rule and line.*
Reiglure. *The ſame.*
† Reilhage : m. c'eſt le charriüage, le trainage, & ſuite de diſme.
† Reimber. *as* Redimer.
Reimportuner. *To re-importune, or to re-importunate.*
Reimpoſer. *To re-impoſe, to recharge.*
Reimprimé : m. ée : f. *Printed again.*
Reimprimer. *To re-imprint, or to print again.*
Reimproperer. *To exprobrate, re-upbraid, reproach, or blame againe.*
Reimputer. *To lay a new imputation on.*
Rein : m. *The kidney.*
Reinciſer. *To make a new inciſion into.*
Reincité : m. ée : f. *Re-incited ; reinvited.*
Reinciter. *To re-incite ; re-invite.*
Reineliner. *To bend, leane, or incline, againe.*
Reincorporer. *To re-incorporate, re-integrate ; reſtore unto the body a part thereof.*
Reinduire. *To re-induce.*
Reine : f. *A Queen. Look* Royne ; *alſo, a Frog ; alſo, the reigne of a bridle.*
Reineux : m. euſe : f. *Luſty, able-bodied, ſtrong-backed, having ſtrong reines ; alſo, of, or belonging to, the reines ; robuſte ;*
Maladie reineuſe. *The running of the reines.*
Reinfecter. *To re-infect.*
Reinformer. *To re-informe, to preſent with new informations.*
Reingerer. *To re-inſinuate, or thruſt in againe.*
Reinhumer. *To bury again.*
Reinjurier. *To revile, or to wrong again.*
Reinnover. *To re-innovate.*
Reins : m. *The reins.*
Bander aux reins. *To bend a croſſebow backward.*
Reinſer. *To reinſe, to waſh.*
Reintegrande : f. *An Action, or Sentence, for the reſtorall of a poſſeſſion, taken from a man either by force, fraud, or any other indirect meanes ; And this hath an eaſie and ſpeedy paſſage, how unjuſt ſoever that poſſeſſion were ; for no man is to be his owne carver, but muſt recover his right by Law ; (This word was deviſed by the Canoniſts.)*
Reintegration : f. *A re-integration, re-eſtabliſhment, full reſtorall unto a former eſtate.*
Reintegré : m. ée : f. *Re-integrated, re-eſtabliſhed in, fully reſtored unto, an eſtate.*
Reintegrer. *To re-integrate, re-eſtabliſh in, reſtore unto, his whole eſtate.*
Reintegrer les fruicts. *To make reſtitution of, or give ſatisfaction for, them ; to make them good.*
Reinterpreter. *To re-interpret, re-expound.*
Reinterroguer. *To re-interrogate, re-examine, aske new queſtions of.*
Reinviter. *To re-invite, or bid once more.*
Rejoindre. *To rejoyne, re-aſſemble, rally.*
Rejouër. *To play again.*
Rejoüir. *To re-injoy, repoſſeſſe, have again.*
Rejoüiſſance : f. *A re-injoyment, repoſſeſſion, re-injoying.*
Rejouſter. *To juſt again.*
Relponce : f. *as* Raiponce.

Reiſtre :

Reiſtre : m. *A Reiſter, or Swart-rutter ; a German horſeman ; alſo, a faſhion of long cloake, uſually worn by one of them.*

Faict à la Reiſtre. *Made after the new cut, or faſhion (eſpecially if there be any groſſeneſſe in it.)*

Reiteration : f. *A re-iteration, a frequent repetition.*

Reiteré : m. ée : f. *Re-iterated, often repeated, often remembred.*

Reiterer. *To re-iterate ; (often) repeat, rehearſe, renew, remember.*

Rejudication : f. *A rejudication, a re-adjudging unto (c'eſt quand la choſe qui a eſté venduë & adjugée publiquement, eſt derechef miſe en criées & readjugée.)*

Rejurer. *To ſweare again, to offer a new oath unto.*

Relabouré : m. ée : f. *Tilled, or plowed over again.*

Relabourement : m. *A ſecond tilth, earing, or plowing.*

Relabourer. *To plow, till, or eare the ſecond time.*

Relaict : m. *Whey.*

Relaïer. *See* Relayer.

Relais : m. *A ſeat, or ſtanding for ſuch as hold* Chiens de relais; *alſo, an* Armaire ; *a hole, or box contrived in, or againſt, a wall.*

Champ de relais. *Fallowes, or a fallow field ; ground that's ſowed but every other yeare.*

Chevaux de relais. *Horſes layed in certain places on the highway, for the more haſte making, or the eaſe of thoſe who hath already rid hard on : (In travelling moſt of the highwayes of* France, *you may (en payant) have at every ſeven or eight leagues end freſh horſes ; ſo that you leave behind you thoſe you laſt rid on, and ſhew a ticket from the place where you had them : And theſe are moſt properly termed,* Chevaux de relais.)

Chiens de relais. *Dogs layed for a backſet ; ſuch as are held by the ſide of a long courſe, to bee bounded after a Deere already purſued by other dogs.*

A relais. *Spared, at reſt, that is not uſed ; or as ;*

Par relais. *By turnes, by change of hands ; one reſting while another labours ; one running while his fellow reſts.*

Relaiſſer. *To leave, relinquiſh, forgo again ; alſo, a Hare to ſquat.*

Relancé : m. ée : f. *Flung, darted, hurled, back ; alſo, imprimed, as a Deere ; recovered, as a Hare.*

Relancer. *To fling, dart, hurle back, or againe.*

Relancer vn cerf. *To imprime a Stag.*

Relancer vn lievre. *To recover her, or put her off the ſquat.*

Relant : m. *Muſtineſſe, fuſtineſſe, rankneſſe, dankiſhneſſe.*

Relant : m. ante : f. *Muſty, fuſty, reſty, reaſie, dankiſh, unſavory.*

Relanteur : f. *Relant* : m.

Relantir. *To ſmell muſty, grow fuſty, wax reſty.*

Relaps : m. ſe : f. *Relapſed ; fallen into an error which he had recanted, or ſickneſſe of which he had recovered.*

Relaſche : f. *A relaxation ; eaſe, reſt, repoſe, refreſhment, recreation, (after labor,) truce, reſpit, a ceſſation, intermiſſion, vacation ; alſo, a ſlackning, looſing, relenting, letting goe.*

Relaſche de pendu. *A graceleſſe rake-hell, or crackrope ; one for whom the Hangman waits, the Gallowes grones.*

Relaſchement : m. *A repoſing, reſting, refreſhing ; a leaving of work, a making vacation ; alſo, a releaſing, looſing, inlarging ; alſo, a relenting, or ſlackening.*

Relaſcher. *To ſlacken, looſe, inlarge, let out ; eaſe, refreſh ; remit, releaſe ; alſo, to give back, forgoe, let goe.*

Relaſſer. *To weary extremely, or again.*

Relater. *To relate, report, utter, deliver ; to recite, recount, rehearſe ; alſo, to new-lath a building.*

Relateur : m. *A relator, a reporter, a rehearſer.*

Relation : f. *A relation, report, recitall ; alſo, the Returne of a Writ ; the report made, or account given, by an Officer, of the ſerving or execution thereof.*

Relaver. *To waſh again, or often over ; alſo, to waſh (with colours.)*

Relaxation : f. *A relaxation, diſcharge, inlargement ; releaſing, acquiting ; relenting.*

ſe Relayans l'un l'autre. *Refreſhing, or eaſing one another by turnes.*

Relayer. *To ſucceed in the place of the weary ; to refreſh, relieve, or eaſe another by an undertaking of his task.*

Relayer coche, & chevaux. *To take new, or freſh horſes and coach.*

Relecher. *To lick over again.*

Relegation : f. *A relegation, or exilement, a packing or ſending away into baniſhment.*

Relegué : m. ée : f. *Relegated, baniſhed, exiled.*

Releguer. *To relegate, baniſh, exile.*

Releu : m. euë : f. *Red over again.*

Relevailles d'une femme. *The upriſing, or upſitting ; alſo, the Churching, of a woman.*

Relevé : m. ée : f. *Raiſed, life, or ſet up, againe ; relieved, revived, fully reſtored ; alſo, diſcharged, freed, or quit of ; alſo, that hath payed his Reliefe.*

Appel relevé. *Sued out ; and whereby a ſuite is removed, by Writ, from one Court into another.*

Cheval bien relevé. *Well raiſed, or high before.*

Femme relevée. *Churched, or got out of the ſtraw.*

Mineur relevé. C'eſt quand le Mineur de 25 ans, qui a eſté deceu ou circonvenu, eſt reſtitué en entier par lettres Royaux interinées en Iuſtice.

Mineur relevé de bail. C'eſt quand le baillifire releve le fief de ſon Mineur, du Seigneur dont il eſt tenu.

Vne Saincte relevée. *Whoſe Reliques, or bones are incloſed and ſhewed aloft, in a ſhrine.*

Relevé du fumier. *A dunghill Gentleman.*

Il a eſté bien relevé. *He hath been well chidden, or (as we ſay) taken up for hanting.*

Relevée : f. *The afternoon, or all the time between dinner & th'evening ; alſo, a womans Churching ; alſo, a full recovery of, or uprising after, a ſickneſſe.*

Relevement : m. *A raiſing, lifting up ; relieving, reviving, reſtoring ; alſo, a womans Churching.*

Relever. *To raiſe or liſt up, to ſet on foot or afoot againe ; alſo, to relieve, aſſiſt, revive, reſtore.*

Relever vn appel. *To ſue or take out an Appeal ; to bring the cauſe before the Iudge appealed unto.*

Relever droicture. *To pay the Relief, and rights due by a tenant upon his firſt entry.*

Relever vn eſteuf. *Look* Eſteuf.

Relever vn fief. *To pay a Relief, and do homage for an inheritance ; or, to avow, and acknowledge a Landlord upon any change of Lord, or of tenant.*

Ce fief releve d'un tel. *It held of ſuch a one.*

Ce fief releve ſelon la couſtume de Touraine. *The Reliefe, right, and duties thereof are done, payed, and performed, according to the cuſtome of* Tourraine.

Relever les vieux foſſez. *To cleanſe, or ſcowre them.*

Relever du ſerment. *To acquit, or diſcharge of, an oath.*

Fort eſt qui abbat, & plus fort qui ſe releve. Prov. *He that, being felled, gets up of himſelfe, does more than he that felled him.*

Releveur : m. *A raiſer, or liſter up ; a ſetter on foot, or afloat again ; alſo, a releever, aſſiſter ; alſo, a reviver, a reſtorer.*

Relevoiſon. Droict de rel. *A yeares rent payed unto Lords, upon every change of tenants, Cenſiers, or for any eſtate (in the land they hold) procured by themſelves : This is moſt commonly termed,* Relevoiſon à plaiſir. (v. m.)

Relevoiſon du denier ſix. *Six pence for each penny of their yearly Rent, paid upon every change as well as the former.*

Ventes & relevoiſons. C'eſt quand le nouveau vaſſal releve de ſon ſeigneur feodal, & luy paye certaine ſomme taxée par la Couſtume. Ragueau.

Rellage : m. *A binding, or hooping of caſk, &c.*

Relicher. *To lick often, or over again.*

Relié : m. ée : f. *Bound, hooped ; handſomely packed, or compaſſed together.*

Reliet : m. *Relief ; a relieving ; the raiſing of a perſon, or of a thing, fallen (particularly) the remedy granted by the Letters Patents of a Soveraigne Prince unto a ſubject incommodated, or fallen into an inconvenience, by the ſentence of a Iudge, or ill dealing of others ; and hence,*

Reliet d'appel ; & Reliet pour minorité. *Alſo, a Relief, or fine due, or profit accruing, to a Landlord upon certain changes of his tenditary tenants. (Looke*

Droict de relief, *under* Droict.) *Alſo, a place, or thing, raiſed ; and (particularly) raiſed, or imboſſed, worke ; and that which Imbroiderers terme, Imboſſing ; alſo, rubbiſh, or the ruines of ouerthrowne houſes ; alſo, the remnant, or offalls, of meat left at a meale.*

Reliet d'appel. *An Appeale ſued out by Commiſſion from the Chancery, and from*

the ſuperiour Court appealed unto, and directed unto the Judge, or Lord Juſticer of the court appealed from, thereby to intimate the ſute, and proceeding thereof unto the party, in reſpect of whoſe late recovery the appeale is brought.

Relief de bail. *A yeares profit, or value, due unto a Lord feodall from him that marries a maid, or widow, owner of a Fief by any deſcent, or donation; notwithſtanding that ſhe before their marriage have both payed the Reliefe, and performed all duties, whereunto her eſtate was liable; the reaſon is, the husband comes in as a ſtranger; and ſo muſt both pay a new Reliefe, and doe new homage, as for his owne Fief. In ſome places another Reliefe is alſo due upon the death the husband*

Relief de bouche. *The acknowledgement of a vaſſall, or tenant* Cottier, *that he holds his land of a Lord.*

Relief de Chambellage. *A Reliefe due by a husband for an inheritance falling to his wife during her mariage.*

Relief de fief. *The acknowledgement of tenure yielded by a new ſubject, or vaſſall, unto his Lord.*

Relief à merci. *One yeares profit in three; due by the locall cuſtom of* S. Pier de Seelin ſous Liſle.

Relief pour minorité. *Look* Mineur relevé *(under* Relevé.*)*

Relief de plume. *A rent Capon,* Cocke, Hen, *or Pullet, given in ſome places in lieu of a Reliefe.*

Relief de rente. *Due to a Lord upon the death of his tenant* Cottier.

Droict, ou profit de relief. *See* Droict.

Tels cens tels reliefs. *A whole yeares Cens due for a Reliefe, over and beſides the Cens it ſelfe when it accrues.*

Bas relief. Gentilhomme de bas relief. *A thred-bare, or ſingle-ſoled Gentleman; a Gentleman of low degree.*

Demy relief. *A demy reliefe, halfe reliefe, halfe rente.*

Plein relief. de plein rel. *Imboſſed, or ſet off in it full proportion.*

Relier. *To bind, or to compaſſe things handſomely together; alſo, to hoop, as caske.*

Relievement: m. *as* Relevement; *alſo, a reliefe, releeving, ſuccor; or money given for the reliefe, or ſuccor of.*

Relieur de livres. *A book-binder.*

Relieure de livres. *Book-binding.*

Religieuſe: f. *A Nunne.*

Religieux: m. *A Monk or Frier; one thats entred into a religious Order.*

Religieux ſeculier. *as* Oblat.

Religieux: m. euſe: f. *Religious; addicted, conſecrated, or belonging, to religion; holy, godly, devout.*

Religion: f. *Religion, holineſſe, piety, godlineſſe; the worſhip of God, or of things held ſacred; a reverend, and conſcientious affection unto them; or feare of offending them; alſo, a Religious houſe.*

Reliner. *To file, ſcrape, or ſhave often, or unto a ſmoothneſſe; alſo, to gleek againe and again at.*

† Relinquer. *To relinquiſh, leave, quit, abandon, forſake.*

† Relinqueur: m. *A relinquiſher, leaver, quitter, abandoner, forſaker.*

Reliquat. *The reſt, remainder, overplus, arrerage; reliques, remnant, fragments, leavings, of.*

Le reliqua d'une fiebvre. *The remaines, or grudgings of an Ague, after it hath ſeemed to leave one.*

Reliquaille: f. *An old remnant, fragment, monument.*

Reliquaire: m. *A coffin, caſket, or ſhrine wherein Reliques be kept.*

Reliquataire: com. *In arrerages, behindhand; in whoſe hands there's yet ſomewhat to be payed; alſo, left, reſting, remaining.*

Reliquateur: m. *One that's behind-hand, or in arrerages; one that yet hath ſomewhat to pay.*

Reliques: f. *Reliques.*

Reliques ſont bien perduës entre les pieds de pourceaux; Prov. *Reliques trod on by hogs are quickly loſt; or Reliques are quickly loſt among the feet of hogs; (And may not one juſtly wiſh them loſt, rather then in the hands of ſuch hogs as now-a-dayes keep them?)*

Relire. *To read over againe.*

Relivrer. *To redeliver.*

Reller: m. *The name of a tart apple that hath partie-coloured ſides.*

† Relods. *as* Relots.

Reloger. *To lodge again.*

Relots, Droict de relots. *Twenty pence upon every pound of* Lods and Ventes, *due unto a Landlord in purchaſes made of the eſtates of his tenants* Cenſuels; C'eſt auſſi dix deniers pour livre (en la Chaſtellenie de Monſtrereau reſſort de Meaux) quand le vendeur doit avoir ſon argent franc.

Relouer. *To hire again.*

Reluicter. *To wraſtle, ſtrive, or contend again.*

Reluire. *To ſhine, glitter, gliſter, yeeld a radiant or bright luſter.*

Reluiſant: m. ante: f. *Shining, radiant, glittering, gliſtering, yielding a bright luſter.*

Remailler. *To piece a broken coat of maile, or net, with new linkes, or maſhes.*

† Remaindre. *(A Verb Impersonall; whence the Proverb;)* Beaucoup remaint de ce que fol penſe. *Much is behind of that a foole accounts of; a foole comes ever ſhort of his intentions; fooles thoughts are full of wants, of imperfections.*

† Remains. *Remaining, remnant, left, behind, left behind.*

Remander. *To remand, or ſend for back again.*

Remanent: m. *A remnant, reſidue, reſt, remainder.*

Remanger. *To eat again.*

Remanier. *To handle, or take in hand again.*

† Remanoir. *To remain, to reſt or ſtay behind.*

† Remanſilles. *The remnant, remainder, or leavings of.*

Remarchander. *To bargain anent.*

Remarcher. *To march again, or march back again.*

Remarier. *To remarry, or marry again.*

Remarquable: com. *Remarkable, fit or worthy to be marked.*

Remarqué: m. ée: f. *Marked, noted, heeded, regarded attentively; alſo, marked, or ſtampeſt on anew.*

Remarquer. *To mark, note, heed, regard attentively; alſo, to ſet a new mark or ſtamp on*

Remarqueur: m. *A marker, or tokener of things.*

Remaſché: m. ée: f. *Ruminated, againe or often chawed.*

Remaſchement: m. *A ruminating, a chawing often, or again.*

Remaſcher. *To ruminate; to chaw often, or again.*

Remaſcheur: m. *A ruminator.*

Remaſſonner. *To build anew.*

Remaudire. *To curſe again.*

Rembade. *as* Rambade.

Remballer. *To repack, or pack up again.*

Rembarquer. *To re-imbark, to put into a ſhip again.*

Rembarré: m. ée: f. *Bard up, kept in, ſtopped, reſtrained; alſo, knocked, thumped; repulſed, repelled, beaten or driven backe; alſo, confuted, refelled, convinced.*

Rebarrer. *To reſtrain, barre up, or keep in; alſo, to knock, thump; repulſe, repell, beat or drive back; alſo, to confute, refell, diſprove, convince.*

Rembaucher. *To reſtore a thing unto it right place, to ſet it in order, or into it owne ſtanding, again.*

Remboiſter vn os. *To ſet it, or put it, into joint againe.*

Rembouer: m. *An Engine wherewith fiſh is (forbidden to be caught.)*

Rembourrer. *To ſtuffe up againe with flocks.*

Rembourreur: m. *A mender of unſtuffed ſaddles.*

Rembours. *as* Rembourſement.

Remboursé: m. ée: f. *Re-imburſed; repayed.*

Rembourſement: m. *A re-imburſement, a re-imburſing; a repayment of money borrowed, or ſpent.*

Rembourſer. *To re-imburſe; to repay, reſtore, or give back, money ſpent, &c.*

Il les fit rembourſer de tous leurs intereſts. *He payed them for all their loſſes, or harmes.*

Il n'y a rien à rembourſer tout eſt à boire. *Spoken jeaſtingly of a fart let in company.*

Rembourſeur: m. *A re-imburſer, a repayer.*

Rembraſer. *To rekindle, re-inflame, put new fire unto.*

Rembraſſer. *To re-imbrace,*

Rembre. *To redeem; (An old word, and yet uſed by ſome country Clarkes.)*

se Rembrider. Cheval qui ſe rembride. *A horſe that armes, or defends himſelfe upon the breaſt, by clapping the branches of his bit againſt it.*

Rembrocher. *To ſpit, or put on a ſpit again.*

Rembrouiller. *To re-intangle.*

Rembrouſſer. *Look* Rebrouſſer.

Rembuſché: m. ée: f. *Re-imbuſhed, lodged, or put among buſhes; alſo, layed or lying, in a new Ambuſcadoe.*

Rembuſchement: m. *A re-imbuſhement; the place whereat wilde beaſts enter into a thicket after that they have preyed, or paſtured.*

Rembuſcher. *To lodge a wild beaſt among buſhes; to drive him into a thicket; alſo, to lay, or make a new ambuſcadoe.*

Remede: m. *A remedy, redreſſe, medicine, help; alſo that allay which Goldſmiths, Jewellers, and Money-makers, are permitted to adde unto the allowed imboſement of gold, or ſilver; as when with a ſilver piece of eleven pence value there is a*

twelfth

twelfth part of copper allowed to be minged, the remede is about two grains over and besides that twelfth. This advantage they have gotten upon allegation, That they cannot precisely hit, or justly keep, the scantling required of them by the Law.

Remediement: m. *A remedying, redressing, healing, helping.*

Remedier. *To remedy, redresse, heal, help.*

Remembrance: f. *A remembrance, or mindfulnesse; also, a cause of remembrance; a resemblance, or image of; a thing that beares the form, or puts us in mind, of another thing.*

Remembré: m. ée: f. *Remembred, called to memory.*

se Remembrer. *To remember; to call unto mind or memory.*

Rememoration: f. *A remembrance, or a remembring.*

Rememoré: m. ée: f. *Remembred, Recorded.*

Rememorer. *To record, remember, call unto mind.*

Remenacer. *To threaten again.*

Remenant. *as* Remanent.

Remenement: m. *A bringing back.*

Remener. *To bring back.*

Remerciant *Thanking.*

Remercié: m. ée: f. *Thanked.*

Remerciement: m. *A thanking, or thanksgiving.*

Remercier. *To thank, to yeeld or give thanks unto.*

Remeré: m. *A redeeming of things morgaged, or sold.*

Grace, ou faculté de remeré. *Is due unto, or procured by, the sellers next kinsman.*

Remeter. *To redeem, or buy back, a thing sold.*

Remesler. *To mingle again.*

Remesurer. *To measure over again.*

Remettre. *To renew, repair, revive, restore, set up againe; also, to refer, commit, or put unto; also, to remit, forgive, pardon, acquit, release, unto; also, to slacken, or qualifie th'extremity of; also, to defer, delay, prorogue, put off.*

Remettez vous en vous. *Come again unto, return again into, your self; bring your self home again.*

Se remettre à sa premiere besongne. *To return, fall, set, or give himself, unto his former imployments.*

Il s'y veut remettre. *He will to it afresh, he will about it againe.*

Remeubler. *To new-furnish with moveables.*

Reminer. *To mine again.*

Reminiscence: f. *Remembrance (of things which were once before in the mind.)*

Remirer. *To view, see, eye, behold; aime, or levell at, often, or again.*

Remis: m. ise: f. *Restored, revived, renewed, repaired, set up again; also, referred, committed, or put; also, remitted, forgiven, acquitted, released; also, deferred, prorogued, put over or off, unto; also, remisse, cold, slack, loose, dull, carelesse, or negligent, in.*

En fin remis vn peu en say. *Being come again unto himself, or having somewhat recovered himself.*

Remise: f. *A restorall, revivement, recovery, setting up again; also, a remitment, acquittance, release; also, a reference, referring, or committing unto; also, a slackning, deferring, prolonging, or (as in Law) a delay, or putting off of a cause by consent of parties, and for a certaine time; also, th'alighting of fowle after their second flight; also, the manage, tearmed otherwise,* Passade.

Par remises. *By fit, by turns, but now and then.*

Remissible: com. *Remittable, pardonable, forgiveable; releasable.*

Remission: f. *A remission, or forgivenesse; a pardon, for an offence which, by the Law, brings death: And hereof some French Lawyers make four kinds; viz.*

Remission de droict, ou de Iustice. *A Pardon of course; is granted by th'inferior Chancerits (yet in the Kings name) for Manslaughter* se defendendo, *or by chance medley, and for other such offences as the Law may pardon.*

Remission de grace. *A Pardon of grace, or his Majesties most gracious Pardon (for Homicides, &c. of a more heinous kinde) must be procured from the King himself, and out of the great Chancery.*

Remission (ou Abolition) generale. *A generall Pardon (with exception) very like that which is granted in th'end of our Parliaments.*

Remission (ou Abolition) speciale. *A speciall Pardon granted by the King unto a particular person (in what manner, or by what means soever) offending.*

Remisionaire: com. *whose offence is remitted.*

Remmailloter. *To swathe, or swaddle, again.*

Remmalicer. *To grow more spightfull, or malicious.*

Remmancher. *To put on a new haft, or helve.*

Remocquer. *To mock, or flowt again; also, to tow one vessell at the sterne of another.*

Remolin: m. *A feather; a little circle of retorted, or curled hair, on the forhead, creast, or any other part, of a horse.*

Remollitif: m. ive: f. *Mollifying, softning.*

Remolquer. *To draw, or get, off the ground, or out of the gravell; to remove, set aflote, set cleer; or, as* Remocquer, *in the latter sence.*

Remonce. *as* Remonstrance.

Remonstrance: f. *A remonstrance, warning, admonition, reasons given, or shewed.*

Remonstré: m. ée: f. *Warned, advised, admonished; shewed by reasons, or instances; also, chidden, rebuked, reproved.*

Remonstrer. *To warne, admonish; advertise, advise; to shew unto, or set before the eyes; also, to check, chide, rebuke, reprove.*

Remontages d'artillerie. *Carriages for great Ordnance.*

Remonté: m. *Remounted, or new-mounted, re-advanced, relieved, raised up again.*

Apres que la marée est remontée. *At a low water; when the tide is returned, or gone.*

Remonter. *To remount, re-ascend; re-advance; climbe, rise; lift, raise, up; set, or get on horseback, again; also, to relieve, restore unto, or set in, a former estate.*

Remordre. *To bite again; also, to carpe at, or find fault with.*

Remordu: m. uë: f. *Bitten again; also, carped at, or found fault with.*

Remore: f. *The Sack-stone, or sea-Lamprey; a little fish, which cleaving to the keele of a ship, hinders the course of it.*

Remortiondre. *To take, or grow, cold again.*

Remorquer. *To hale, or tow along, a ship, &c. also, as* Remolquer.

Remors: m. *Devils bit, Forebit; an herb.*

Remors de conscience. *Remorse, the worme, or sting, of conscience.*

Remors de l'estomac. *The upbraiding of the stomack.*

Remot: m. ote: f. *Remote, removed, withdrawn, farre of.*

Remoucher. *To wipe again.*

Remouillé: m. ée: f. *Wet, or moistened again.*

Remouillement: m. *A new, or second moistening.*

Remouiller. *To wet, or moisten, once more.*

Remouldre. *To grind again.*

Remouvoir. *To remove, retire, withdraw, set aside, put away.*

Rempant: m. ante: f. *Creeping, crawling, or trayling along; also, climbing.*

Ligne rempante. *Par vne ligne rempante. By a levell, or a well-levelled line.*

Rempaqueter. *To re-impack; to make up into a new packet.*

Rempar: m. *A Rampier; the wall of a Fortresse.*

Remparer. *To fortifie; to inclose with a Rampier.*

Rempart. *as* Rempar.

Rempenner vne flesche. *To new-feather an arrow.*

Remper. *Look* Ramper.

Remplacé: m. ée: f. *Re-placed, placed anew, or again; set in the place, or in stead, of another.*

Remplacement: m. *A re-implacing, or new placing, a laying or setting in another place; also, a putting in the place, or stead, of another.*

Remplacer. *To re-implace; to lay, or place anew; to take out of one place, and set in another; also, to put one thing in the place, introduce one thing in the stead, of another.*

Remplage: m. *A filling or stuffing up; a replenishing, furnishing, supply of things wanting.*

Rempli: m. ie: f. *Filled, stuffed, replenished, well furnished.*

Ils ont rempli leur cereeau. (*Of mued Hawkes*) *their Sarcells are hard set.*

Remplier. *To lay down a seam, to turne in a hemme (in sowing of clothes.)*

Remplir. *To fill, or stuffe with; to replenish; throughly to furnish, to supply all wants.*

Remplissage: m. *A filling, &c. as* Remplage.

Remplissage de Vins. *Leakage; or the filling up of wine-vessells after their leaking.*

Remplissement. *as* Remplage.

Remplisson: f. *A filling, supplying, or furnishing of an empty place.*

Remploy: m. *A re-imployment, as of money, made of one thing, or another.*

Remployer. *To re-imploy.*

Remplumer. *To feather anew.*

Ie me remplume. *I begin to recover my health, wealth, or authority; I pick, or gather, up my crums again.*

Rempoigner. *To lay hands on again.*

Rempoisonner. *To poison, or invenom anew.*

Rempoiſſonner. *To furniſh again with fiſh.*
Remporté: m. ée: f. *Carried or born back, brought or got away.*
Remporter, *To carry or beare back, to get or bring away from.*
Remprisonner. *To re-impriſon*; *to caſt into priſon again.*
Remprunter. *To borrow again.*
Rempſon. *as* Rençon. (v. m.)
Remu. Octroier remu. *(In the ancient Cuſtomes of* Britaine*) to give, or agree unto, a delay in a ſute.*
Remuance: f. *A removance*; *a frequent moving, ſtirring, itching, figging*; *removing.*
Remuant: m. ante: f. *Often moving, ſtirring, figging*; *lively, nimble, quick*; *often removing, ever flitting, never ſtill, or ſtanding.*
Remuerés: m. *Fuſtineſſe*; *or mouldineſſe.*
Remué: m. ée: f. *Moved, ſtirred, removed.*
Remuë-meſnage: m. *A ſtirring, turbulent, unquiet, ſeditious perſon*; *one that affecteth change, novelties, innovations.*
Remuëment: m. *A moving, ſtirring*; *removing.*
Remuër. *To move, ſtirre, fig, fidge it*; *to remove, or ſet away.*
Remuër les mains. *To fight hard, lay about him luſtily.*
Remuër meſnage contre. *Look* Meſnage.
Remuër toute pierre. *To attempt all meanis, prove all courſes, try all wayes.*
Remuër les ſerrures. *To be very buſie, to keep an old coyle, buſtling, ſtirre.*
De choſe perduë le conſeil ne ſe remuë; Prov. *See* Conſeil.
Qui remuë les pierres ſes doigts caſſe; Prov. *He that removeth ſtones cruſheth his fingers*; *he that puts them (into hot, or) unto hard things (burnes, or) bruiſes them.*
Remuëur: m. *A mover*; *a remover.*
Remuëur de meſnage. *as* Remuë-meſnage.
Remugle. *Muſty, or fuſty.*
Remuneration: f. *A remuneration, remunerating, recompencing, rewarding.*
Remuneratoire: com. *Remunerutory, remunerating.*
Remunerer. *To remunerate, guerdon, recompence, reward.*
Remuſſeau: m. *A bottome, or clue of thread, yarne, &c.*
Remy: m. *A proper name for a man*; *and particularly, the name of a Saint, which was the ſixteenth Biſhop of* Rheims, *and baptiſed* Clouis *the firſt Chriſtian King of* France: *he died in the yeare 545.*
La Sainct Remy. *S. Remys day*; *the firſt day of* October, *kept holiday in moſt parts of* France.
Renager. *To ſwim back.*
Renaiſſance: f. *A new birth.*
Renaiſſances de toreſts. *Young trees that come up after a felling, or cutting of the old ones.*
Renaiſſement: m. *as* Renaiſſance; *or, a being new borne.*
Renaiſtre. *To be borne anew*; *to riſe, grow, ſpring, or begin, again.*
Renal: m. ale: f. *Of, or belonging to, the kidneyes.*
Artere renale. *A branch of the great artery, which enters into the kidneyes, and brings unto them the ſerofity of the arterial bloud.*
Veine renale. *Seek* Veine.
† Renaquer. *To ſwear horribly or moſt idly, to blaſpheme, or to renounce, Almighty God.*
Renard. *A Fox. Look* Regnard.
Renardaille: f. *as* Regnardaille.
Renarde: f. *A Bitch-Fox.*
Renardeau: m. *A Fox-cub, or young Fox.*
Renarder. *See* Regnarder.
Renardeſque: com. *as* Regnardeſque.
Renardier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, a Fox.*
Renardiſe: f. *as* Regnardiſe.
Renaſquer. *Look* Renaquer.
Renavigé: m. ée: f. *Renavigated, ſailed back.*
Renaviger. *To renavigate, ſaile backe, or ſayle over again.*
Renavrer. *To wound, or hurt again.*
Renaut. *Look* Regnaut.
Renchainer. *To re-inchain*; *to chaine, or bind in chaines, again.*
Renche. *Look* Rang.
Rencheoir. *To fall again.*
Rencheri: m. ie: f. *Grown deerer or higher priſed, held or come to a greater rate, then it was at.*
Il fait du rencheri. *He keeps off, holds aloofe, makes it dainty, ſeemes coy or ſqueamiſh*; *alſo, he is very churliſh, froward, harſh, untractable, hard to be dealt with.*
Renchetir. *To raiſe the price of, to make deerer then it was.*
Rencheuté: f. *A recidivation, or new fall.*
Renchier: m. *A Rayne-Deere.*
Renclorre. *To re-incloſe.*
Renclouër. *To naile again.*
Rencocher. *To nock the ſecond time.*
Rençon: f. *A ranſome*; *that which is paid for the liberty of a priſoner of warre*; *alſo, corne given back by a Miller in meale*; *whence,* Tel muſnier taict mauvaiſe rençon; *yields not ſo much griſt, or makes not ſo much meale, as he ſhould doe.*
Aide de rençon. *Look in* Aides chevels.
Rençonnement, & Rençonner. *as* Rançonnement, & Rançonner.
Rençonneur: m. *A ranſomer*; *and thence, an oppreſſor, extortioner, unjuſt exactor, hard or ſore dealer.*
Rencontre: f. *A hap, or adventure*; *alſo, a meeting, or incounter (as of adverſe troopes, which on a ſuddaine, or by chance, fall foule one on the other;) an accidentall getting, obtaining, or lighting on*; *alſo, an occurrence*; *alſo, an apt or unpremeditated jeaſt, conceit, witty ſaying.*
Cheval de rencontre. *A horſe of ſervice, or the value of one, due by a new vaſſall unto his new Lord, both falling out to be ſo by the death of their predeceſſors within one yeare.*
Mot de rencontre. *An apt or unpremeditated jeaſt, &c. as before in* Rencontre.
Nom de rencontre. *A good, acceptable, honeſt, or happy name.*
Rencontré: m. ée: f. *Incountered, met, accoured with, hit, or light upon.*
Voilà bien rencontré. *A good and witty jeaſt, a fit and quick reply, believe me.*
Ils ont rencontré chauſſure à leur pied. *Look* Chauſſure.
Rencontrer. *To incounter, meet, occurre, with*; *to come to, or light on, caſually*; *alſo, to ſpeak merrily, wittily, prettily, unhappily, properly, or to the purpoſe*; *to hit upon a jeaſt, to make a witty incounter.*
Deux hommes ſe rencontrent bien, mais iamais deux montaignes; Prov. *Two men may ſometimes meet, but mountaines never.*
Rencontreur: m. *A mocker, flowter, gibber, jeaſter, pleaſant companion, facetious perſon, merry man.*
Rencourager. *To re-incourage.*
Renculer. *To detect, appeach, bewray, betray.*
Rendable: com. *Rendible, renderable, yieldable, reſtorable.*
Rente rendable. *A rent-ſeck, or charge, which may be extinguiſhed, redeemed, or bought out.*
Rendage: m. *A rendering, or yielding*; *a reſtoring, or giving backe.*
Droict de rendage de chaſcun ouvrage. *Look under* Droict.
Se Rendebter. *To run or grow in debt again.*
Rendement: m. *A rendring, retribution, reſtoring, yielding back.*
Rendenter. *To re-indent, or ſet new teeth unto.*
Rendez-vous: m. *A Rendevous*; *a place appointed for the aſſemblie, or meeting of ſouldiers.*
Le rendez-vous d'un'affaire. *The end, or ſcope of a matter, the drift, or purpoſe whereto it is directed.*
Renditer. *To re-indite, or frame a new Indictment againſt*; *alſo, to demonſtrate, manifeſt, or point at, again.*
Rendon: f. *Randome, uncertainty*; *or, as* Randon.
Se Rendormir. *To fall aſleep again.*
Rendormiſſement: m. *A falling aſleep again.*
Rendouble. *as* Redouble.
Rendouër: m. *A retribution*; *or the time, or veſſell, of reſtoring.* ¶ Rab.
Rendre. *To render, yield, give, or pay, back*; *reſtore, make reſtitution unto*; *alſo, to yield, give, afford, aſſigne, unto*; *alſo, to cauſe, make, effect, or bring to paſſe*; *alſo, to vomit, ſpue, or caſt up again*; *alſo, to run, as a ſore, &c.*
Rendre les abbais, ou abbois. *To hold the dogs at a bay*; *a defence made by a Deere, when he can run no longer*; *by a Bore, at his firſt raiſing, and before he begin to runne.*
Se rendre à. *To meet with, or at*; *alſo, to reſort, repaire, come, or get him, unto.*
Des yeux ſe va rendre au cerveau. *It reaches, runs, or goes from the eyes to the braine.*
Ou rendre, ou pendre, ou mort d'enfer attendre; Prov. *Reſtore, or hang, or look to be damn'd.*
Au preſter ange, au rendre Diable; &, Au preſter couſin, au rendre fils de putain; Prov. *Borrowers when they would have coyne, ſpeak faire, but when they ſhould pay coyne, ſpit fire.*
Qui a appris à prendre ſçait tard que c'eſt de rendre; Prov. *Thoſe that can take beſt reſtore worſt*; *or, thoſe that are haſty to take are ſlow to reſtore.*
Rendu: m. uë: f. *Rendred*; *yielded or given backe, reſtored*; *alſo, yielded, given, affoorded, unto*; *alſo, made, effected, or brought to paſſe*; *alſo, vomited, ſpued, or caſt up again.*

Renduire. *To re-annoint, or beſmeare again.*

Rendurci : m. ie : f. *Re-obdurated; made more hard, ſtiffe, or obſtinate, then before.*

Rendurcir. *To re-obdurate; to make more hard, or obſtinate, then before.*

Reneau : m. *as* Bocque.

Renegat : m. *A renegado; one that abiures his religion, or forſweares his profeſſion.*

Reneger. *To ſnow again.*

Renes. *Look* Reines.

Renette : f. *A Game at Tables of ſome reſemblance with our Doublets, or Quenes Game; alſo, the apple called a Pippin, or a kind thereof.*

Renettoyé : m. ée : f. *Cleanſed again, wiped, or ſcowred anew.*

Renettoyement : m. *A new, or ſecond, cleanſing.*

Renettoyer. *To cleanſe again, to wipe or ſcowr over, anew.*

Renettoyeur : m. *One that wipes, cleanſes, or ſcowres a thing often, anew, or over again.*

Renhardeler. *To pack up again.*

Renfermer. *To ſhut up again.*

Renferrer. *To lay new yrons on; alſo, to ſtrike, or thruſt through, again with a ſword, &c.*

Renfeſſer vne maiſon. *To put new ridge-tiles on it, in lieu of the old ones; or to new-roofe it.*

Renfiertir. *To make proud, ſtately, ſurly again.*

Renfiler vne aiguille. *To thread a needle again.*

Renflage : m. *A great, or new, ſwelling.*

Renflamber. *To re-inflame.*

Renflammer. *The ſame.*

Renflé : m. ée : f. *Swelled anew or again, greatly or doubly ſwoln.*

Renflement : m. *A new, or double, ſwelling.*

Renfler. *To ſwell anew or again, greatly or doubly to ſwell.*

Renfoncé : m. ée : f. *New headed, as Caſk; whoſe bottome, or head is new ſet in; alſo, hollowed, or ſunk in.*

Renfoncement : m. *A new heading of Caske.*

Renfoncemens, *(In Painting) hollowings, or ſinkings.*

(Choſes qui ſemblent eſtre reculées, & enfoncées;) *or ſhadowings.*

Renfondré : m. ée : f. *Sunke again; alſo, darke, obſcure, over-ſhadowed, low-ſeated, as a hollow bottome.*

Renfondrement : m. *A ſhadowing, or over-ſhadowing.*

Renfondrer. *To replunge, or ſinke againe; alſo, to darken, obſcure, ſhadow, overſhadow.*

Se renfondrer. *To ſink in again.*

Renfonſements. *as* Renfoncemens.

Renfonſer. *To drive, thruſt, or force back into the bottome; to rebulge, or beat farre into again.*

Renforcé. *as* Renforci.

Renforcer. *To re-inforce, or ſtrengthen again; to double the force, or ſtrength of.*

Se renforcer. *To gather ſtrength, redouble his force, recover his former vigor.*

Renforci : m. ie : f. *Re-inforced, ſtrengthened or fortified, animated or incouraged, anew; reſtored unto force or vigor.*

Renforcir. *as* Renforcer.

Renfort : m *Aide, ſupply; abundance, plentie.*

Renfouïr. *To dig again.*

Renfourner. *To put into the Oven again.*

Renfrongné : m. ée : f. *Furrowed, as an angry brow; wrimpled, crumpled, puckered; frowning, lowring, ſcowling.*

Se renfrongner. *To frown, lowre, ſcold.*

Se renfueiller. *To get new leaves, to grow leaved again.*

Reng : m. *A rank, &c. as* Rang.

Rengager. *To re-ingage.*

Rengainer. *To ſheath, or put into the ſheath again.*

Renge : f. *A rank, row, range.*

Rengé : m. ée : f. *Ranked, ranged, ordered, arrayed.*

Rengée : f. *A play with a ball at nuts, placed on a row.*

Rengelet : m. *The name of a yellow, and ſweet apple.*

Rengendré : m. ée : f. *Re-ingendred, new begotten.*

Rengendrer. *To re-ingender, to beget again.*

Rengendreur : m. *A re-ingendrer.*

Renger. *To ranke, range, order, &c. as* Ranger.

Rengette, *whence*, Se laiſſer aller à la rengette. *To give her ſelfe a whoriſh ſcope, to ſuffer her ſhoot to go awry.*

Rengier : m. *A Rayne Deere.*

Rengigner. *To bewitch, or deceive, again.*

Renglacer. *Again to take cold, be cold, thicken, or congeale, as Ice.*

Rengloutir. *To reglut, re-ingulfe, ſwallow up again.*

Rengluer. *To beglue, or beſlime, again.*

Se Rengorger. *To hold down the head, or thruſt the chin into the neck, as ſome do, in pride, or to make their faces look the fuller; we ſay, to bridle it.*

Rengouffrer. *To re-ingulfe.*

Rengouler. *To redevoure.*

Rengourdir. *To benumme, or aſtonie a-new.*

Rengourmer. *To curb, or keep in ſtrait ſubjection; alſo, to cuffe, knock, or paſh on the mouth; whence;*

Ie te rengourmeray bien le groin. *I will pummell thee ſoundly; I wil make thee hold thy head full low.*

Rengraiſſer. *To fatten again.*

Rengraver. *To re-aggravate; re-inforce, renew.*

Rengregement : m. *An exaggeration; aggravating, exaſperating, exulcerating.*

Rengreger. *To aggravate, exaggerate, exulcerate, exaſperate, make worſe, rub or renew the ſore of.*

Rengrenement : m. *A re-ingraining; a new furniſhing, or filling, with graine.*

Rengrener. *To re-ingrain; again to furniſh, or fill with grain.*

Se Rengroſſir. *To wax groſſe, or great, again.*

Renhanter. *To new-head a Pike, &c.*

Renhardir. *To re-imbolden, re-incourage.*

Renhaſter. *To put on the ſpit again.*

se Renherber. *To get new graſſe, to become graſſie againe.*

Renhorter. *To re-inhort, re-adviſe, require, unto.*

Renhuiler. *To oyle over again.*

Renjabler. *To new-rigoll a peece of tarke.*

Renjanter. *To put new ſpokes unto a wheele.*

Renicher. *To neſtle anew, to return unto his own home.*

Reniement : m. *An earneſt denying, diſowning, diſclaiming, abjuring; an ordinary ſwearing, or blaſphéming.*

Renier. *To deny ſtiffly, diſclaime earneſtly, diſavow; abjure, forſweare vehemently; alſo, to ſweare (idly, or ordinarily) to blaſpheme God.*

Renieur : m. *An earneſt denier, diſadvower, abjurer, forſweare, of; alſo, a blaſphemer, or an ordinary ſwearer.*

Renifler. *To ſnuffle, or ſnifter often.*

Rejoindre. *To re-injoyn, re-ordaine unto, re-impoſe upon.*

Renitence : f. *Reſiſtance; a hard thruſting, or indeavouring againſt.*

Renitent : m. ente : f. *Reſiſting; indeavouring, labouring, or thruſting againſt.*

Reniveler. *Againe to meaſure, or lay even, with a level; againe to ſound with a plummet.*

Renn-fane. *The Standard, or Cornet of a troope of horſe.*

Rennuyer. *To re-anoint.*

Renogle : f. *The little green Frog, or Toad.*

Renoiant. *Falſe of promiſe (v. m.)*

Renoircir. *To blacke over again.*

Renoiſer. *Again to brawle, or contend in words.*

Renom : m. *as* Renommée.

Renombrer. *To number, count, recken, or tell over again.*

Renommé : m. ée : f. *Renowned, famous, of much note, of great name, reported or bruited all abroad, exceedingly ſpoken of.*

Renommée : f. *Renowne, fame, bruit, report, reputation, eſtimation, a great name.*

Bonne renómée vaut mieux que ceinture dorée; Pro. *A good name graces a woman more (or is of more worth unto her) then any garment.*

Se Renommer de quelque vn. *To profeſſe, report, or give out, that he belongs unto, or depends upon any one.*

Renoncer. *To renounce, abjure, forſake, abandon, forgoe for ever.*

Renonciation : f. *A renunciation, renouncing, abjuring, forſaking.*

Renoter. *To remote, remarke, to note or mark, againe.*

Renovation : f. *A renovation, renewing, repaire.*

Renouée : f. *Knot-graſſe, Swines-graſſe, Birds-tongue, S. Innocents herb.*

Renouër. *To tie, knit, or ſolder together again.*

Renouër vn procés. *To renew, revive, patch up, ſet on foot, an old weather-beaten, moath-eaten, or diſjointed ſuit.*

Renoüeur de vieilles cauſes. *A reviewer of old ſuites; a peecer or patcher up of ruinous cauſes.*

† Renouille. *(Sometimes uſed) for* Grenouille, *a Frog.*

Renouveau : m. *The Spring.*

Renouvée : f. *as* Renouée.

Renouvelant. *Renewing.*

Renouvelé : m. ée : f. *Renewed; new dreſſed*

dreſſed or trim'd up; repeated, begun againe.

Renouveler. *To renew, repaire, new dreſſe or trim up, redintegrate, revive, begin againe.*

Renouvellement: m. *A renewing, repairing, new trimming up, reviving, beginning again.*

Renouveller: m. e. *renewer, repairer, new trimmer up; reviver, beginner again, &c.*

Renouvet: m. *A ſoon ripe Apple that is no bigger then a Tennis-ball; alſo, the Cyder made thereof.*

Renſaiſiner. *To repoſſeſſe, to give new ſeiſin unto.*

Renſeuencer. *To ſwim againe.*

Renſerrer. *To ſhut up againe.*

Renſevelir. *To bury againe more.*

Renſamer. *Againe to cut, open, or break up.*

Renſasser: *To heap, or pack up again.*

Rente: f. *Rent; revenue.*

Rente à l'appreci. *Rent corne, payable in ſo much money as it might have been ſold for, on any of the three market dayes, next after the day whereon it is due.*

Rente cenſive. *A Cens, or quit rent.*

Rente conſtituée ſur heritage. *A rent-charge, or a rent-ſecke, raiſed upon, or yeelded out of, an inheritance.*

Rente conſtituée à pris d'argent. *An annuitie, or rent upon a mortgage; a rent raiſed upon, or bought for, money;* (*The rate whereof is, moſt commonly,* An denier douze.)

Rente courante. *as* Rente volage.

Rente fonciere. *A rent-ſeruice, rent-charge, or fee-farme rent; an acceſſion unto a Cens, or chiefe rent; a ſecond charge layed on land upon a ſecond grant thereof; called thus, becauſe it ever followes the ſoyle, and is due unto the Lord thereof.*

Rente hereditable, ou hereditale, heritable, ou heretiere. *A rent in fee ſimple.*

Rentes à heritage. *The rents paid out of the Kings demaine in lieu of the Inheritances,* Cenſuels, ou Roturiers, *which have been annexed unto it.*

Rente noble. *A rent that's due out of a Fief.*

Rente proprietaire. *as* Rente fonciere; *tearmed by Civilians,* Reditus ſolaris, fundarinſve.

Rente rendable. *Looke* Rendable.

Rentes requerables. *Which, as all rents (not otherwiſe agreed upon) muſt be demanded on the ground, or at the place, for which they are due.*

Rente roturiere. *Looke* Roturier.

Rente ſeiche. *Rent ſecke; tearmed ſo, not (as ours) becauſe no diſtreſſe is incident unto it, but becauſe it yeelds no profit unto the Lord of the ſoyle out of which it iſſues;* (Car c'eſt le penſion, ou cens annuel, que le ſubject impoſe ſur ſon heritage mouvant d'aucun Seigneur foncier;) *So that it is as well a rent charge as that which we call Rent ſeck.*

Rente tolerable. *A quit rent, or ancient rent, which cannot be bought out, but muſt be indured, and payed, by the tenant.*

Rente volage, volante, ou vollant. *A Rent ſeck, or a Rent charge; any rent thats raiſed of, or purchaſed for, money.*

Mieux vaut reigle que rente; Prov. *Better be wiſe then wealthie, honeſt then rich; good rules to be preferred before great revenues.*

Renté: m. ée: f. Bien renté. *Well rented, of good living, of great revenue.*

Qui ſçait meſtier il eſt renté; Prov. *A good trade is a good revenue.*

Renter (*for* Reenter) *to graſſe againe.*

Renter vn homme. *To give him rents, or yearely revenues.*

Renterrer. *To re-interre, to burie againe.*

Renteux: m. euſe: f. *Yeelding rent, charged with rent.*

Rentier: m. *A Tenant; one that payes rent, or (as we ſay) ſits at a yearely rent; alſo, a Landlord, or one to whom rent is due; alſo, a Rent-roll.*

Rentonner. *To tunne, or tune, the ſecond time.*

Rentortiller. *To writhe, or wind about again.*

Rentraicture: f. *The laying in of a ſeame with the fingers; alſo, a drawing of rent cloth; a dearning.*

Rentraieur: m. *A Seamſter; or Drawer, or Dearner; a mender of rents in linnen, or woollen clothes.*

Rentrainer. *To traile, or draw, back.*

Rentraire. *To lay in, or lay down, a ſeame; alſo, to draw, dearne, or ſew up a rent in a garment.*

Rentrayeur. *as* Rentraieur.

Rentré: m. ée: f. *Re-entred, returned in, gone in again.*

C'eſt bien rentré de pieques. *To the purpoſe I warrant you.* (*Ironically.*)

Rentrer. *To re-enter, to return in, or go in again; alſo, to ſpeak merrily, or unhappily; ſuddainely to come out with a pleaſant or witty conceit; to light on a jeaſt; alſo, as* Rentraire.

Rentrer en meſme bourbier. *To fall into the ſame error again.*

Rentreur: m. *A drawer of cloth.*

Renvahir. *To re-invade.*

Renveloper. *To re-involope, re-inwrap.*

Renvenimer. *To re-invenome.*

Renverſe: f. Coup donné à la ren. *A croſſe blow.*

Tomber à la renverſe. *To fall backward.*

Renverſé: m. ée: f. *Overturned, overthrowne, turned inſide out or upſide down; perverted.*

Anguille renverſée. *An Eele opened all along, and turned inſide out, then well waſhed, bound up, and boyled in red Wine, and ſerved cold, with ſawce made of Ginger, Cynamon, Cloves, Graines, Wine, Vineger, and Verjuce.*

Raiſin renverſé. *Garden Nightſhade, petty Morrell.*

Yeux renverſez. *Eyes ſtanding in the head, or decayed eyes.*

Renverſement: m. *An overturning, overthrowing, everſion, ſubverting; alſo, an inverſion, or turning inſide out.*

Renverſément. *Inſide outward, upſide down, topſie turvie, backward.*

Renverſer. *To overturne, evert, overthrow; turne upſide down; alſo, to invert, or turne the inſide outward.*

Renverſure: f. *as* Renverſément.

Renvier. *To revy, at play.*

Il y renvioit de ſa reſte. *He ſet his whole reſt, he adventured all his eſtate, upon it.*

Renvoy: m. *A ſending back, a diſmiſſion, a referring from one unto another.*

Renvoy de priſonniers. *A ſending of priſoners from one Judge to another, or from a Court of Parliament unto ſome inferiour Judge.*

Simple renvoy. *A ſimple diſmiſſion; granted unto one that being appealed, or called before a ſuperiour Judge, requires to be diſmiſſed to the proſecuting of his ſute already begun, before the inferior (his ordinary) Judge: Another kind of* Renvoy (*tearmed otherwiſe* Congé de court) *is granted unto ſuch as are appealed, or called before Judges that have no juriſdiction over them.*

Faire renvoy. *To diſmiſſe, or ſend back; to releaſe, to diſcharge.*

Faire des renvois. *A Dictionary, &c. to referre you, in one word, unto another, by the tearmes of, Looke, See, Seeke, &c.*

Renvoyé: m. ée: f. *Diſmiſſed, ſent back, remitted, remanded, returned; referred.*

Renvoyer. *To diſmiſſe, remit, remand, returne, ſend back; referre from one to another.*

Se renvoyer le eſteuf l'vn à l'autre. *To ſhift off, or poaſt over, a thing one to the other; or, to ſerve one anothers turn withall.*

Cela nous renvoit au devin. *That puts us to our trumpes; or, we know not, on a ſuddaine, what to make of it.*

Renure: f. La ren. d'une poulie. *The hollow, or furrow wherein the rope runs about it.*

Reoſté: m. ée: f. *Taken away again.*

Repaire: m. *A lodging, or haunt; the place whereto one uſually repaires; alſo, the den, or covert wherein a wild beaſt lurkes; alſo, the dung of a Hare.*

Faulcon de repaire. *A Hagard which ever keeps one certain ſtand at night; and hence;*

Cet oiſeau n'eſt de long repaire. *Reſorts not much to, or ſtaies not long in, one place.*

Mauvais repaire. *A place wherein ſpirits haunt, or walk; alſo, an apparition, or ſpirit.*

Repairer. *To haunt, frequent, lodge in, repair unto, one certain place.*

Repaiſſaille: f. *A feeding, a repaſt.*

Repaiſtre. *To feed, nouriſh, victuall; to give or take food, nouriſhment, victualls.*

Repaiſtre de bayes. *To feed with trifles, or vain hopes; to intertaine with fibs, or frivolous tearmes.*

Repaiſtre en Commiſſaire. *See* Commiſſaire.

Repaiſtre les Corbeaux. *To feed Ravens, become Ravens food, hang in chaines.*

Il faut que l'herbe ſoit bien courte quand on ne trouve que repaiſtre; Prov. *The graſſe had need be very ſhort where nothing's to be nibled.*

Mal de teſte veut repaiſtre; Pro. (*The head ſmarts for the ſtomackes emptineſſe;*) *headach refection craves.*

Repaiſtri: m. ie: f. *Kneaded over again.*

Re-

Repandre. *Look* Reſpandre.

Reparable : com. *Repairable, amendable, recoverable.*

Raparateur : m. *A repairer, mender, renewer of.*

Reparation : f. *A reparation, amendment, renewing, recovery of decayed things; alſo, a full reſtitution, or ſatisfaction.*

Reparations. *The repaires, or the reparations, of houſes, &c. whereof ſaies a French Lawyer, there be three (generall) kinds, viz.* les neceſſaires, *without which the thing had fallen down, or bin much the worſe;* les utiles; *by meanes whereof it is greatly improved;* & les voluptuaires, ou de plaiſir; *ſerving only for ornament, and the tenants delight.*

Reparations viageres. *Look* Viager.

Reparé : m. ée : f. *Repaired, amended, renewed, reſtored, recovered.*

Reparée : f. *The herb called Beets.*

Reparée noire. *Black Beets.*

Reparement : m. *A repairing, amending, renewing, recovering, reſtoring.*

Reparer. *To repaire, mend, renew, recover, reſtore.*

Reparer vne iniure. *To make amends, or give ſatisfaction, for a wrong done.*

Cela repare bien vn homme quand il parle bien. *Good words improve, grace, or ſet forth, a man very much.*

Repargner. *Look* Reſpargner.

Reparler. *To ſpeak again.*

Reparoiſtre. *To re-appeare.*

Ie te le feray reparoiſtre. *I will make thee pay ſoundly for it.*

Repart : m. *A rediviſion, or ſubdiviſion; alſo, a reply.*

Repartager. *To make a new partition of, to divide anew.*

Repartement de debtes. *An equall dividing or ſharing of a debtors eſtate, or of the money made of it, among his creditors.*

Reparti : m. ie : f. *Subdivided, redivided; or divided into many parts; alſo, replyed; alſo, parted againe (as a horſe) from the hand.*

Repartie : f. *as* Repart; *alſo, an anſwering blow, or thruſt (in fencing, &c.) and thence, a returne of, or anſwer in ſpeech; a reply.*

Repartir. *To redivide, or ſubdivide; alſo, quickly to return a thruſt or blow, to anſwer a thruſt with a thruſt, a blow with a blow, in fencing, &c. and hence, to reply in ſpeech; alſo, a horſe to part again from the hand.*

Repas : m. *A repaſt, meale, refection.*

Repas de chien; Pro. *Hounds fare; nothing but bread and water.*

Repaſſé : m. ée : f. *Repaſſed; paſſed or gone over again; (alſo, healed, recovered; in old French.)*

Repaſſer. *To repaſſe; to paſſe, or go over again; alſo (in old French) to recover, or grow well again.*

Repatellines. *To flatter, forth, cog, or collogue with beyond meaſure, or again.*

Repatrié : m. ée : f. *Repatriated, reſtored into his own home; alſo, reconciled, or made friends with.*

Repatrier. *To repatriate, or to reſtore to his owne home; alſo, to attone, reconcile, make friends again.*

Mais c'eſt le repatrier trop loing. *But ſo we fetch his pettigree too farre.*

Repeigné : m. ée : f. *Often combed, or combed over again.*

Repeigner. *To combe often, or over again.*

Repeindre. *To paint again.*

Rependre. *To hang up again.*

Repenſé : m. ée : f. *Seriouſly conſidered, adviſedly thought of; revolved often, diſcuſſed much, in the thoughts.*

Repenſement : m. *A ſerious conſidering, earneſt thinking of; a frequent revolving, pondering, or examining in the mind.*

Repenſer. *To think much, muſe earneſtly, conſider adviſedly of; to examine ſeriouſly, ponder duly, often revolve in the thought.*

Mal penſe qui ne repenſe; Prov. *He thinkes illfavourdly that thinkes not throughly.*

Repentailles : f. *Repentance; or the accidents, or fruits thereof.*

Fiançailles chevauchent en ſelle, & repentailles en croupe; Pro. *Repentance waits full cloſe on marriage.*

Repentance : f. *Repentance, penitence.*

Repenti : m. ie : f. *Repented, repentant, penitent, repenting.*

Filles repenties. *An Order of Nunnes, which have been profeſſed whores.*

Repentin : m. ine : f. *Suddain; unlooked for, unawares.*

Repentir : m. *Repentance.*

Au gibbet le repentir vient trop tard; Prov. *Too late a man repents when the hangman attends him.*

De court plaiſir long repentir; Prov. *Look* Plaiſir.

Se Repentir. *To repent, forethink, to grieve at, or be ſorry for, the doing of a thing.*

Qui premier prend ne s'en repent; Prov. *The firſt taker ſeldome rues his haſte.*

Tel conſente qui ſe repent; Pro. *Some quickly rue their fond conſentings.*

Trop tard ſe repent qui tout deſpend; Pro. *Look* Deſpendre.

Trop tard ſe repent le rat entre les pates du chat; Prov. *Too late the Rat cries had-I-wiſt when the Cat pawes her.*

Repentivement. *Penitently, repentingly, with repentance.*

Repercer. *To pierce again.*

Repercher. *To ſet on the perch again.*

Repercuſſif : m. ſue : f. *Repercuſſive, repelling, beating or driving back; reverberating, rebounding; reſounding.*

Repercuſſion : f. *A repercuſſion, repulſing, beating or forcing back; a reflection, reverberation, rebounding.*

Repercuté : m. ée : f. *Repelled, repulſed, beaten or ſtruck back; reflected, reverberated.*

Repercuter. *To repell, repulſe, force, beat, or ſtrik back; to rebound, reverberate, reflect; reſound.*

Repercutif : m. *A repercutive; a medicine that repells, or drives, paſt from the place whereunto it is applied.*

Reperdre. *To looſe again.*

Repermis : m. iſe : f. *Repermitted; ſuffered, or taken at all again; alſo, newly licenced.*

Repertible : com. *Which may be found, gotten, recovered.*

Repertoire : m. *A Repertorie, Liſt, Roll, Index, Inventary, Regiſter.*

Repeſché : m. ée : f. *Fiſhed; or fetched out of the water, again.*

Repeſcher. *To fiſh, or fetch out of the water, again.*

Repeſer. *To repeiſe, to weigh again.*

Repeſtrir. *To knead again.*

Repetaſſer. *as* Rapetaſſer.

Repeté : m. ée : f. *Repeated, rehearſed; alſo, redemanded, asked or called back, required, acquired, or fetched, again.*

Repeter. *To repeat, or to rehearſe; alſo, to redemand, require, aske, or call back; alſo, to return, recover, take, or fetch, back again.*

Repetition : f. *A repetition, a rehearſall; alſo, a redemanding, asking, or calling back; a recovery, taking, or fetching, againe.*

Repeu : m. euë : f. *Fed, filled, ſatisfied.*

Repeuë : f. *A meal, repaſt, refection; alſo, a bait (or baiting place) in an Inne, &c.*

Repeuplement : m. *A repeopling, repopulating, new ſtoring with inhabitants, &c.*

Repeupler. *To repopulate, new-ſtore with people, furniſh againe with inhabitants, &c.*

Repeyret : m. *Feverwort, Earthgall, Centorie the leſſe, common Centory, ſmall fentorie.*

Repicquer. *To pick, thruſt, plant, again; alſo, to ride, or ſpur, back.*

Repigeonnement : m. *A budding or ſprouting out, a putting forth again.*

Repigeonner. *To bud, ſprout out, put forth, anew.*

Repiler. *To pownd, bray, beat (in a morter) againe.*

Repincer. *To pinch again.*

Repionner. *as* Repigeonner; *or to yield, or put forth, ſmall twigs, or ſprigs.*

Repiquer. *as* Repicquer.

Repiſſer. *To piſſe againe.*

Replaindre. *To complain againe.*

Replancher. *To plank, to floor or ſtele with plankes, again.*

Replantable : com. *Replantable.*

Replanté : m. ée : f. *Replanted, ſet or planted again.*

Replantement : m. *A replanting, a new, or another, ſetting.*

Replanter. *To replant, or ſet again.*

Replaſtrer. *To plaiſter, or daube over, again.*

Replat : m. *A flat, or bottome, the flat part of any thing; alſo, the alley betwixt two beds in a garden; alſo the brow of a mountain, or that part of it which hangeth over the reſt.*

Repleni : m. ie : f. *Repleniſht, full, fat, plump, quarry, corſie.*

Repletif : m. ive : f. *Repletive, replenishing, filling.*

Repletion : f. *A repletion, replenishing, filling.*

Repletivement. *Repletively, fully.*

Repleurer. *To weepe again.*

Repli : m. *A fould, plait, or bought; a foulding, bowghing, winding, or turning in and out.*

Repli de la iambe. *The hamme.*

Le repli d'une lettre. *The fould in the bottome of a Deed wherein an ſigne, and*

and whereinto the label is put for the ſeale.

Les replis d'une Riviere. *The manifold cranklings, or wriglings made in and out by a River in it courſe.*

Replié: m. ée: f. *Much foulded, often bowed or plaited, redoubled, turned or winding in and out many waies.*

Repliement: m. *A redoubling, much foulding, often plaiting or bowing, manifold winding or turning in and out.*

Replier. *To redouble, to bow, fould, or plait into many doublings; to make to turn, or wind in and out very often.*

Replieur: m. *A redoubler.*

Replieure: f. *A redoublement, a redoubling; or, as* Repliement.

Replique: f. *A reply; ſecond anſwer; new confirmation of former aſſertions.*

Choſe bien dite n'a replique, ne redite; Prov. *Sound ſpeeche prevents replies.*

Repliquer. *To reply, or anſwer, unto.*

Repliſſé: m. ée: f. *Redoubled, much foulded, often bowed, manifoldly plaited, or plaited again; alſo, puckred, or ſhrunk.*

Repliſſure: f. *as* Replieure.

Replomber. *To load; ſolder; or ſound, again.*

Replonger. *To replunge, to duck, or dive again.*

Replouvoir. *To rain again.*

Reployement: m. *as* Repli; *or, a foulding.*

Replumer. *To plume, or pluck the ſecond time.*

Reply. *as* Repli; *alſo, the voiding of the excrements at the mouth; a diſeaſe called,* Miſerere mei.

Repoindre. *To prick again.*

Repoiſſer. *To pitch over again.*

Repolir. *To repoliſh, new-furbiſh.*

Repolon. *The ſouldiers mannage, &c. as* Paſſade.

Reponce. *Rampions. Look* Raiponce.

Reponcer. *To pounce againe.*

Reponchon. *as* Raiponce.

Repondre. *To lay eggs againe.*

Repontique. *Look* Rheupontique.

Reporté: m. ée: f. *Carried back, returned, brought again.*

Reporter. *To recarrie, beare back, return; remit, refer.*

Repos: m. *Repoſe, reſt, quiet, eaſe, peace.*

Terres de repos. *Fallowes.*

Repoſade: f. *A reſt, or a reſting place.*

Faiſons repoſade. *Let us reſt, ſit down, or take our eaſe.*

Repoſe: f. *A Semibreve Reſt, in Muſicke.*

Repoſé. *Repoſed, reſted; lyes fallow a great-while; alſo, ſad, ſetled, ſtayed, quiet, grave, diſcreet.*

Repoſée: f. *as* Repoſade; *alſo, the lodge of a Stag, &c.*

Repoſement. *Repoſedly, quietly, ſtilly, ſtaiedly.*

Repoſer. *To repoſe, pawſe, reſt, or ſtay; to be at quiet, to take his eaſe.*

Repoſer ſon vin. *To ſleepe after hard drinking, to digeſt his drink by ſleeping.*

Qui bon vin boit il le repoſe; Pro. *Good wine breeds quiet reſt.*

Qui va il leche, qui repoſe il ſeiche; Prov. *The ſtirrer thrives, the lazie houſe-Dove pines.*

Repoſitoire: m. *A ſtorehouſe, warehouſe, cupboord, counter, place to keepe things in.*

Repoſoir: m. *A lodge, manſion; ſtanding; reſting place; alſo, a Stew for fiſh.*

Les repoſoires d'un eſcalier. *The reſts or landing places of a halfe-pace ſtaire; every fift, or ſixt, &c. ſtep, much broader then the reſt.*

Repolouër. *as* Repoſoir.

† Repoſt. En repoſt. *Cloſely, biddenly, ſecretly, or as a thing thats well layed up.*

Repouſſé: m. ée: f. *Repulſed, repelled, foyled; thruſt, or driven, back.*

Repouſſement: m. *A repulſing, repelling; foyling; a thruſting, puſhing, or driving, back.*

Repouſſer. *To repulſe, repell; foyle; thruſt, puſh, force, or drive, back.*

Repouſſeur: m. *A repurſer, a repeller; a thruſter, puſher, driver, back.*

Repouſſoir. *Look* Repouſſoir.

† Repous: m. *A paving; pargetting, or filling with rubble, rubbiſh, &c.*

Repouſſant. *Repulſing, repelling; puſhing or forcing back.*

Repouſſé, & Repouſſer. *as* Repoulſé, & Repoulſer.

Repouſſeur. *as* Repulſeur.

Repouſſoir: m. *A repulſorie; a thing that repulſeth, driveth back, or puſheth out; and hence, the iron toole wherewith wooden pinnes are thruſt out; alſo, the top of a pitfall, or Trap ſet for Foxes, &c.*

Reptatiquer. *To practiſe, or contrive, again.*

Reprehenſion: f. *A reprehenſion, reproofe, rebuke; a blaming, checking, chiding; a controlling.*

Repremiation: f. *A repremiation, a rewarding.*

Reprenant. *Reprehending, reproving.*

Reprenatt: m. *A reprehender, rebuker, reprover, carper, checker, find-fault, controller.*

Reprendre. *To reſume, receive, take back, or againe; alſo, to apprehend, ſtay, or hold, a fugitive, &c. alſo, to reprehend, blame, check, rebuke, reprove, carpe, controll.*

Se reprendre. *To cloſe, joyne, or knit again; alſo, to ceaſe or breath a little, and after breathing, to begin, or go to it, again; alſo, to take, hold, or get life, as a plant lately tranſplanted.*

Reprendre le criminel. *(In Law)* ne s'entend faire vn nouveau procés criminel, ains reprendre celuy qui eſt deſia faict.

Reprenons noſtre chevre à la barbe. *Let us back to our matter again.*

Reprenеur: m. *as* Reprenatt.

Repreſaille: f. *A taking, arreſting, or ſeizing on, for a diſtreſſe, or pledge; alſo, a priſe, or a repriſall; whence;*

Droict de repreſailles. *Power given, or leave granted, unto a private man, which hath been (or feares to be) robbed, impriſoned, ranſomed, or otherwiſe wronged, by a forraine people, to right (or provide for) himſelfe upon them, or any of their countrymen.*

Lettres de repreſailles. *Letters (Patents) of Mart, or Marque; letters authorizing repriſalls; or permitting a private man that hath been wronged by forrainers to right himſelf on them, or theirs as he can.*

Repreſentation: f. *A repreſentation; a ſhew, reſemblance, likeneſſe, apparence; alſo, a ſtanding for, or a being preſented in the ſtead of; and hence, the kindred, or neerneſſe of a child unto his father, whoſe perſon he repreſents, and in the right thereof is to injoy that inheritance which, had he lived, ſhould have bin his.*

Repreſenter. *To repreſent, reſemble, expreſſe, imitate, act; alſo, to prevent, offer, exhibite, ſhew forth.*

Repreſſailles. *Repriſalls; whence,* Droict de repreſſailles; *for which look under* Repreſaille.

Repreſſer. *To preſſe again.*

Repreſter. *To lend again.*

Reprier. *To pray often, deſire earneſtly, require again.*

Reprimende: f. *A check, reprehenſion, reproofe, rebuke.*

Reprimer. *To repreſſe, quell, tame, containe, keepe down, hold under; to bridle, moderate, refrain, reſtrain.*

Reprimeur: m. *A repreſſer, queller, tamer, bridler, moderator, reſtrainer.*

Reprin: m. *Bran; or the courſeſt of meal.*

Reprins: m. inſe: f. *Reſumed, recovered, taken back or again; alſo, reprehended, reproved, rebuked, checked, blamed; alſo, cloſed, joyned, knit or ſet together, again; alſo, taken or held; alſo, returned unto after a pawſe, or breath-taking.*

Reprinſe: f. *Orpine, Liblong, or Live-long, an herb; alſo a reſumption, repetition, reiteration; a taking back, a bringing, or coming, in again; alſo, a cloſing, joyning, or knitting together of diſjoynted things; alſo, a holding, taking, or thriving of tranſplanted plants, and the fruit or increaſe yeelded by any ſeed or plant; alſo, a new homage done upon the change of Lord, or Tenant; alſo, a turn in the dancing of a Meaſure, &c.*

Le comptable fait reprinſe de telle ſomme. *The accomptant reimburſes, pairs, or allowes, backe unto himſelfe ſuch a ſum.*

Repris: m. iſe: f. *as* Reprins.

Repriſe: f. *A reſumption; repetition, &c. as* Reprinſe.

Repriſes de pierre. *Dealing pieces of ſtone.*

A double repriſe. *Doubly hooked; crooking, bending, or turn'd inwards, on both ſides.*

A pluſieurs repriſes. *Sundry, or many ſeverall times; by ſundry, or many ſeverall efforts; doing often unto that which he formerly left; beginning often there where before he had given over.*

Repriſer. *To ſet a new rate or price on, to prize again.*

Reprochable: com. *Reproachable, opprobrious, ignominious.*

Reproche: f. *A reproach, diſgrace, defamation, imputation; a blemiſh, crime, taint, brand, fault; an upbraiding, twitting, or caſting in the teeth; a diſabling of an exception taken or fault found with.*

Reproché: m. ée: f. *Reproached, diſgraced, blemiſhed, branded, tainted; upbraided, twitted, or caſt in the teeth with; diſabled, excepted againſt.*

Reprocher. *To reproach; diſgrace, blemiſh, taint; object or impute unto, charge or upbraid with, lay in ones diſh, caſt in his teeth, a fault or error committed.*

Re-

Reprocher teſmoings. *To diſable, challenge, or except againſt, witneſſes.*
Reproduire. *To re-produce, to yeeld or bring forth again.*
Reprovisionné: m. ée: f. *Furniſhed with new proviſion, re-furniſhed, furniſhed again.*
Reprouvable: com. *Reprovable, blameable, condemnable.*
Reprouvet. *To reprove, chide, checke, blame, condemne, find fault with, diſallow.*
Reptile: com. *Reptile, creeping, crawling; as vermine, plants, roots, &c.*
Republique: f. *The Commonwealth.*
Repudiable: com. *Repudiable, refuſable, rejectable, forſakable.*
Repudiation: f. *A refuſall, a refuſing.*
Repudié: m. ée: f. *Refuſed, forſaken, rejected, abandoned, caſt off.*
Repudiement: m. *A refuſing, forſaking, abandoning, rejecting.*
Repudier. *To repudiate, refuſe, forſake, abandon, reject.*
Repudieur: m. *A refuſer, a forſaker.*
Repuë. *Look* Repeuë.
Repugnance: f. *Repugnancy, contradiction, diſagreement,*
Repugner. *To repugne, croſſe, thwart, impugne, reſiſt, withſtand, contradict, gainſay, diſagree from, be oppoſite unto.*
Repulluler. *To reburgeon, or bud out againe.*
Repurgé: m. ée: f. *Repurged, cleanſed anew.*
Repurgement: m. *A new purging, a frequent or iterated cleanſing,*
Reputation: f. *Reputation, eſteeme, regard, account; fame, bruit, renowne, a name.*
Reputé: m. ée: f. *Reputed, held, eſteemed, reckoned, accounted.*
Reputer. *To repute, hold, eſteeme, reckon, account.*
Requamer. *To imbroder.* (v.m.)
Requarreler. *See* Recarreler.
Requart: m. *The fourth part of a fourth; as of 16 4, of 4 1.*
Requerable. *Searchable; requirable, demandable, or which muſt be demanded; whence;*
Rentes requerables. *Look* Rente.
Requerant. *Diligently ſearching, or ſeeking; alſo, requeſting, or beſeeching.*
Vn chien requerant. *A well-noſed, or cold-noſed, hound.*
Requerir. *Diligently to ſeek, ſearch, look for, hunt after; alſo, to requeſt, intreat, beſeech, implore, importune, earneſtly to require, pray, or ſue unto.*
Qui plaiſir fait plaiſir requiert; Prov. *He that does a pleaſure looks to be pleaſured; one benefit expecteth another.*
† Requerre. *as* Requerir.
Requeſte: f. *A requeſt, petition, ſupplication (in writing; Look* Placet;) *a deſire, demand, ſute, intreaty, prayer, beſeeching, invocation, implorement; alſo, a ſearch for, an inquiry after; and in hunting, a ſecke or book, again.*
Requeſte d'armes. *A publike challenge.*
Requeſte civile. *A Review, Repeale, or Arreſt of Judgement granted by Letters Patents upon ſuggeſtion, in the Chauncery, that the Judges have been deceived by falſe allegations, forged evidences, perjured witneſſes; or otherwiſe abuſed by the cunning, and ſhifts of the adverſe party.*
Requeſte d'un Oye. *The Gooſe giblets.*
Maiſtres des requeſtes. *The Maſters of Requeſts; at firſt there were but two, an Eccleſiaſticall, and a Lay-man; afterwards they came to be five; two aſſiſtants to the Chauncellor, and three Petition-receivers (whereof ſee more in,* Iuges de la porte, *under* Iuge.) Anno 1342, *they grew to be ſix; and* Anno 1408, *they increaſed unto eight; which number* Henry *the third doubling, made them ſixteen. They be* Conſeillers *of the body of Parliaments, and of the great Counſell, over which, in the abſence of the Judges, they preſide; as they doe alſo at the Seales of all Parliamentall Chauncries, where they heare the Reports of the* Referendaires: *They alſo take notice of the falſification of Chauncery Seales; and judge (en premiere Inſtance) all controverſies ariſing about the Titles of royall Offices.*
Aller aux requeſtes. *To goe, in time of war, to implore the protection of ſome great Perſonage, upon a feare of being ranſacked by the common ſouldiers (a ruſticall phraſe.)*
Cela n'eſt plus en requeſte. *Is no more ſought or cared for, no more asked or enquired after.*
Requien: m. *A certaine ravenous, rough-skinned, and wide-mouthed fiſh, which is good meat.*
Requinqué: m. eé: f. *Tricked, ſprucified, or ſmugd, up.* ¶ Pic.
Camus requinqué. *Whoſe flat noſe-end is turned up.*
Se Requinquer. *To ſprucifie, ſmug, or trick up himſelf.* ¶ Pic.
Requint: m. *The fifth part of the fifth penny for which a fief hath been ſold (as of an hundred ſoure) due, beſides the ſaid fifth, unto the Lord feodal, and paid moſt commonly by the purchaſer.*
Requiper. *To arme, equip, furniſh, or make ready, again.*
Requis: m. iſe: f. *Diligently ſought, ſearched, looked for, hunted after; earneſtly required, beſought, or intreated for; alſo, requiſite, fit, meet.*
Requiſition: f. *A requiſition, requirall, demand, requeſt, beſeeching, ſuing, or ſeeking to.*
Requiſitoire: m. *A requeſt, or ſute, unto.*
Requiſitoire: com. *Inquiſitive, or full of inquiries; alſo, requiring, requeſting, &c. whence;*
Lettres requiſitoires. *(Oppoſed unto ſuch as be mandatorie, or of Command) letters of requeſt, or intreaty.*
Requoy. *Look* Recoy.
Rere. *To bellow as a Stag, to trout as a Buck.*
Rereſief. *as* Arriere-fief.
Rere-vaſſal: m. *A vaſſall to a vaſſall; a vaſſall that holds of a meſne Lord, or of a vaſſall.*
Rés. *Look* Rets, & Rez.
Reſacrer. *To re-conſecrate.*
Reſaigner. *To let bloud of another veine.*
Reſaillir. *To ſtart back.*
Reſaiſir. *To reſeiſe, to lay new hold on.*
Reſaiſir, & fournir la complaincte: C'eſt obtenir lettres pour la remener à effect ſur les lieux.
Reſaler. *To ſalt, or ſeaſon, again.*
Reſaluër. *To re-ſalute.*
Reſaper, & Reſapper. *To underprop, or underſet a wall; to repaire it at the foot, or after it hath been undermined.*
Reſarcir. *To mend, reforme, repaire; alſo, to make amends for.*
Reſarcler. *To weed over again.*
† Reſaſſer. *To ſift again.*
Reſavourer. *To taſt, eſſay, try, ſavour of, once more, or again.*
Resbaudir. *To glad, rejoyce, exhilerate.*
Resbaudir vn chien. *To incourage, or cheere up a dog with clapping, whooping, &c.*
Reſchal: m. *Yellow wyre, ſuch as netting for windowes is made of.*
Reſchapper d'une maladie. *To eſcape, or to recover of a ſickneſſe.*
Reſchaud: m. *A Chafing-diſh.*
Reſchauffé: m. ée: f. *Heated, or warmed again.*
Des vieux choux reſchauffez. *An old couple newly married.*
Reſchauffer. *To warme, or beat again.*
Reſchauffoir: m. *A Chafing-diſh; alſo, a Warming-pan, or Fire-pan, ſuch as is uſed in Barbers ſhops.*
Reſchault. *as* Reſchauffoir.
† Reſchier. *To ſhift, or take out of one thing to put into another.*
Reſcindant: m. *A contract which hath bin made void by Law.*
Reſcindé: m. ée: f. *Cut, or pared off; alſo, cancelled, quaſht, annulled, repealed, fordone.*
Reſcinder. *To cut, or pare, off; alſo, to cancell, quaſh, annihilate, annull, repeale, fordoe.*
Reſciſion: f. *A reſciſion; a cutting, or paring off; a cancelling, annulling, annihilating.*
Reſciſoire: m. *The execution of a* Reſcindant.
Reſclaircir: m. ie: f. *New cleared up, clarified, or fined again.*
† Reſconcer. *as* Reſconſer.
Reſconſé: m. ée: f. *Hidden, concealed, withdrawne, cloſe laid up.*
Reſconſer. *To conceale, hide, withdraw, lay cloſe, put up.*
Reſcouable: com. *Reſcuable, recoverable, redeemable.*
Reſcourre. *To reſcue, take from, free, redeem, recover, deliver.*
Reſcourre vne terre. *To redeeme, diſingage, or buy back, a piece of land.*
Bien a crié le loup qui ſa proye reſcoult; Prov. *See* Loup.
Reſcouſſe: f. *Reſcue, redemption, delivery; rescous; the reſcuing, or taking of an ingaged thing from.*
Reſcouſſe perpetuelló. Reachet, ou moyen de ravoir, à perpetuité.
Reſcouſſe de rente. *An extinguiſhment, redemption, or buying out of a rent charge.*
Ou il n'y a plus de reſcouſſe. *Deſperate, loſt, gone, paſt hope or help, without recovery.*
Reſcoux: m. ouſſe: f. *Reſcued, redeemed, recovered; freed, taken from, delivered.*
Rente reſcouſſe. *Rent extinguiſhed, or bought out.*
Reſcreer. *Look* Recreer.
Reſcript: m. *A reſcript; a writing backe; an anſwer given in writing; and hence, the anſwer of a Petition; the returne of a writ.*

Reſcription: f. *A writing back; an anſwering by Letters.*

Reſcrire. *To write back; to return an anſwer in writing.*

Reſcrire de ſon exploict. *(A Sergeant) to returne the Writ; or to deliver in writing how he ſerved it, and what ſucceeded thereon.*

Reſeric. *as* Reſcript.

Reſeant: m. ante; f. *Reſiant, reſident, continually dwelling, abiding, biding by it. Look* Reſſeant.

Reſeau: m. *Network.*

Reſecouër. *To ſhake often, or again.*

Reſection: f. *A reſection; a cutting, paring, or ſhredding off.*

Reſée: f. *A Purſe-net.*

Reſeeller. *To ſeale again.*

Reſeicher. *To dry again.*

Reſelgner. *To let blood again.*

Reſemblance: f. *A reſemblance; a likeneſſe, a counterfeit.*

Reſemblant: m. ante: f. *Reſembling, repreſenting, like unto.*

Reſemblement: m. *A reſembling, repreſenting, counterfeiting.*

Reſembler. *To reſemble, counterfeit, repreſent, be like unto.*

Il ſemble à vn larron que chaſcun luy reſemble; Prov. *A theefe imagines every one looks like him.*

Les paroles du ſoir ne reſemblent pas à celles du matin; Prov. *Look* Parole.

Toutes les femmes ſe reſemblent; Prov. *All women are (in ſome thing or other) alike.*

Reſemer. *To ſow again.*

Se Reſentir. *To have a great ſmacke, or taſt, or to be ſenſible of.* Look Se Reſſentir.

† Reſequer. *To pare, cut, or clip off; to ſhread, or take clean away.*

Reſerener. *To clearé up again.*

Reſerrant: m. ante: f. *Reſtrictive, ſtiptick, cloſing, ſtopping, binding.*

Reſerré: m. ée: f. *Cloſed, ſtopped, ſhut up; ſtrait, reſtrained, hard bound, preſſed, or thruſt together; alſo, ſtayed, ſober, temperate, that keeps within due limits.*

Reſerrer. *To cloſe, bind, ſtop, or ſhut up; alſo, to preſſe, ſqueeze, thruſt, or ſtraine hard together; alſo, to ſtay, reſtrain, repreſſe, hold under; alſo, to re-inforce it ſelfe; as in.*

A la S. Pierre l'hyver s'en va ou il reſerre; Prov. *Winter either goes, or growes on, at S. Peters tide.*

Reſervatif: m. iue: f. *Reſervative, reſerving.*

Reſerve: f. *Store; or a reſervation, or keeping of ſtore; alſo, a reverſion.*

Choſe de reſerve. *A ſpare thing; a thing that is more then we need, more then we muſt (of neceſſity) uſe; whence;*

Le temps de reſerve des principaux affaires. *The time of his vacation, or ſuch time as he could ſpare, from important affaires.*

Oiſeaux de reſerve. *Fowle mued up for the proviſion of a houſe.*

Mettre en reſerve. *To lay up for another day.*

Reſervé: m. ée: f. *Reſerved, excepted, ſortpriſed; alſo, reſerved, kept, or layed up, for ſtore; alſo, wiſe, diſcreet, ſtayed, ſetled, wavie, or cloſe, in proceeding.*

Reſervéement. *Sparingly, moderately; with reſervation of, ever excepted, &c.*

Reſerver. *To reſerve, ſave, preſerve, lay by; keep for proviſion, lay up for ſtore; alſo, to except out of a clauſe, or bargain; to ſorpriſe.*

Reſervir. *To ſerve again.*

Reſervoir: m. *A Cloſet, or Storehouſe; alſo, a Coop, or Mue for fowle; a Stue, or Pond for fiſh; any place wherein things are cloſe kept, or ſafely layed up.*

Reſeul: m. *Network, netting.*

Reſidence: f. *A reſidence, abode, or ſtay; a continuance, or continall dwelling, at one certaine place.*

Reſider. *To reſide, ſtay, continue, abide in, remain at, one place.*

Reſidu. Le reſ. *The reſidue, reſt, overplus, remainder, ſurpluſage, arrerage.*

Reſignant: m. *A reſigner.*

Reſignataire: com. *A reſignee, or the party to whom a thing is reſigned.*

Reſignation: f. *A reſignation, reſigning, reſignment; a ſurrendring, or yielding up.*

Reſigné: m. ée: f. *Reſigned; ſurrendred, yielded or given up.*

Reſigner. *To reſigne, ſurrender, yield up, give over; bequeath unto.*

Reſiliment: m. *A leaping, ſkipping, rebounding, back; a revocation of his Deed, Will, &c. a going from his word.*

Reſilir. *To leap, ſkip, rebound, back; not to reſt on, to ſtep or goe from; to revoke, or diſadvow; to forgoe, or give over.*

Reſiné: m. *The juice of Grapes boyled to a conſiſtence of honey, and given to children, as our honey, ſpread on bread; or as Raiſinnée.*

Reſine: f. *Roſin.*

Reſine Colophonienne. *Drie clariſied Roſin; ſuch as we rub Viol-ſticks with.*

Reſine de Cypres. *A kind of liquid Roſin that reſembles the ordinary Turpentine of the Larch tree; and is in taſt very ſtrong, and biting.*

Reſine d'Eſpagne; trite; & de Grece. *Dry, and clariſied Roſin.*

Reſine de Lareze. *Common, or ordinary Turpentine.*

Reſine de Lentiſque. *Maſtick.*

Reſine liquide. *Liquid Roſin, common Roſin, Roſin of the Pine tree.*

Reſine de Meleze. *Turpentine.*

Reſine de ſapin. *Frankincenſe; alſo, the liquid Roſin that's (erroniouſly) called in ſhops, Venice Turpentine.*

Reſine de Terebinthe. *The beſt, and trueſt kind of Turpentine.*

Reſineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Roſin.*

Reſiniere: f. *as* Raiſniere.

Reſjouï: m. ie: f. *Rejoyced, gladded, delighted, cheered up.*

Reſjouïr. *To rejoyce, gladden, delight, exhilerate, make merry, cheere up.*

Celuy de bon ſens ne iouït, qui boit, & ne s'en reſjouït; Prov. *The man is ſenceleſſe, and halfe mad, that drinks good Wine, and yet is ſad.*

Reſjouïſſance: f. *A rejoycing; joy, glee, mirth, gladneſſe, pleaſantneſſe, jocundneſſe, cheerfulneſſe.*

Reſjouïſſant: m. ante: f. *Rejoycing, delightſome, pleaſant, merry.*

Reſipiſcence: f. *A returne to underſtanding; a repentance for, an amendment of, an errour; a ſecond thinking wiſer then the firſt.*

† Reſiſieſme: m. *A ſixt part of a ſixth; as of 36, 6; or of 6, 1.*

Reſiſtance: f. *Reſiſtance, oppoſition, impugning, withſtanding; a ſtriſe, or indeavour againſt.*

Reſiſté: m. ée: f. *Reſiſted, withſtood, impugned, oppugned.*

Reſiſter. *To reſiſt, withſtand, impugne, repugne, ſtrive, or indeavour againſt.*

A quoy mon coeur reſiſte. *Which goes againſt my heart, againſt which my ſtomack riſes.*

† Reſixieſme. *as* Reſiſieſme.

† Reſixieſmement. *By way of a ſixt part out of a ſixth.*

Reſize. *Herb Avens, Benet, or bleſſed.*

† Reſler. *To thaw.*

Reſlire. *To read over again.*

Reſne: f. *The reigne of a bridle.*

Reſolu: m. uë: f. *Reſolved, decreed, determined, concluded; fully purpoſed; wholly bent unto; conſtant in; alſo, reſolute, hardy, valiant, ſtout, undaunted, dreadleſſe, courageous; alſo, diſſolved, laoſed, untied, unbound, undone.*

Reſolu comme Pihourt en ſes Heteroclites. *Said of one that in a learned company is forward to ſpeak, or will come in with his vie (as one that would ſeeme to underſtand ſomewhat as well as others, or cares not how little he underſtand himſelfe, ſo he be not underſtood by others: For this Pihourt, a Maſon of Rhemes, finding at Chaſteau-briant (whither he came to conſult, about the making of a Caſtle, with others) the chiefe workmen of France, who talked of nothing but Obeliſques, &c. (which he underſtood not) to be even with them, ſaid that, Sans &c. l'Oeuvre ne peut proceder ſelon l'equipolation de ſes Heteroclites; and ſo, as he thought, did put them all down.*

Reſoluble: com. *Reſolveable; alſo, diſſolveable.*

Reſoluëment. *Reſolutely, hardily, valiantly, determinately, with full purpoſe, from a great courage.*

Reſolutif: m. iue: f. *Reſolving; diſſolving, untying, unlooſing, undoing; alſo, deciding, or determining.*

Reſolution: f. *A reſolution, opinion, reciſion, ſentence, decree; a full purpoſe, a ſetled intention, deliberation, determination.*

Reſommeiller. *To ſlumber againe.*

Reſommer. *To ſumme, or to ſummon, againe.*

Reſomption: f. *A reſumption, repetition, taking backe, aſſuming or beginning again.*

Reſonder. *To ſound again.*

Reſonger. *To dream again.*

Reſonnamment. *Reſoundingly, lowdly, ſhrilly, melodiouſly, with good correſpondence of voices, Eccho-like.*

Reſonnance: f. *A reſounding; ringing; melodious Eccho, rebounding ſound; a recording, as of birds; alſo, an accord, agreement, conſent of harmony.*

Reſonnant: m. ante: f. *Reſounding, lowd recording, ſound-reporting, Eccho-making.*

Reſonnement. *as* Reſonnance.

Reſort: m. *Power to take notice of Appeals; or, as* Reſſort.

Reſort de ſerrure. *The ſpring of a lock. Set* Reſſort de ſerrure.

Reſortir. *To iſſue, or go forth, againe, &c. Look* Reſſortir.

Reſouffler. *To blow again.*

Reſou-

Reſouhaiter. *To wiſh once more.*
Reſouldé : m. ée : f. *Twice ſoldered; ſoldered againe.*
Reſoulder. *To ſolder againe.*
Reſoulure. *To looſſe, diſſolve, untye, unbind; ſcatter; melt, reſolve, thaw; alſo, to decree, determine, deliberate, purpoſe fully.*
Reſouper. *To ſup againe.*
Reſource : f. *A new ſource, or ſpring; a recovery, up-raiſing, riſing againe. Looke* Reſſource.
Se Reſourdre. *To ſpring, riſe, grow, or get up, againe; to amend; recover, come to it former eſtate, or vigor.*
Reſours : m. ſourſe : f. *Raiſed, recovered, got up againe.*
Reſouvenances : f. *Memorandums, Remembrances.*
Reſouvenir. *To be mindfull of, to remember againe.*
Reſpandement : m. *A ſpilling, ſhedding, powring out, or caſting abroad.*
Reſpandeur : m. *A ſhedder, a ſpiller.*
Reſpandre. *To ſhed, ſpill, powre out, ſcatter, or caſt abroad.*
Reſpandu : m. uë : f. *Shed, ſpilt, powred out, ſcattered or caſt abroad.*
Reſpardre. *To ſcatter againe.*
Reſpargnant : m. ante : f. *Sparing, pinching; wary, thrifty; miſerable, hard, neare.*
Reſpargne : f. *A parſimonie, ſparing, thrift, warineſſe; nearneſſe, hardneſſe, miſery.*
De reſpargne. *Somewhat neare, ſcanter, or ſhorter then needed.*
Reſpargner. *To ſpare, or ſave.*
Reſpect : m. *Reſpect, regard, account; compariſon, conſideration.*
La Chaire de reſpect. *The Chaire of Eſtate.*
Reſpectable : com. *Reſpectable, regardable; worſhipfull, of note, of accompt.*
Reſpectatif. *as* Reſpectif.
Reſpectif : iue : f. *Reſpective, heedy, wary, circumſpect, adviſed, diſcreet.*
Reſpectivement. *Reſpectively, mutually, interchangably, on both ſides, with regard had of one to another.*
Reſpeſſir. *To thicken againe.*
Reſpi : m. *A reſpite, a delay, a time, a pawſing, or breathing time, a terme of forbearance or leiſure; alſo (in Law) a Protection of one, three, or five yeares, granted by the Prince, or Magiſtrate unto a debtor, upon great ſute made, and cauſe appearing for it. Look* Reſpit.
Reſpir : m. *A breath, vent, reſpiration, blowing.*
Reſpiration : f. *A reſpiration, breathing, drawing of breath, venting, blowing.*
Reſpirement. *as* Reſpiration.
Reſpireur : m. *A breather, a reſpirer.*
Reſpirer. *To breath, vent, gaſp, take breath againe; alſo, to pawſe, reſt, or take his eaſe.*
Reſpit : m. *A reſpite; a delay, a time or terme of forbearance; a pawſe, breathing ſit; leiſure, &c. as* Reſpi.
Acceptation de reſpit; &, ſe mettre en ſes reſpits. *Is meant (in ſome cuſtomes) of the fealty, or duty of a vaſſall.*
Trois iours de reſpit vallent cent livres; Prov. *A three dayes reſpite's worth a hundred pounds.*
Reſpiter. *To reſpit; prorogue or put off for a time; to forbeare, to delay.*
Reſpiter de mort. *To reprive, ſave, or deliver, from death.*
Reſplendeur : f. *Reſplendencie, ſplendor, brightneſſe; a cleare hue, ſhining gloſſe, radiant luſtre.*
Reſplendir. *To ſhine, glitter, gliſter, ſtreame, blaze; to caſt a radiant gloſſe, to yeeld a gallant, or great luſtre.*
Reſplendiſſant : m. ante : f. *Reſplendent, ſhining, gliſtering, radiant, glittering.*
Reſplendiſſeur. *as* Reſplendeur.
Reſpoiſſir. *To thicken againe.*
Reſponce. *as* Reponce.
Reſpondant : m. *A Surety.*
† Reſpondement : m. *An anſwering; alſo, a matching, agreement, correſpondencie; a likeneſſe, concurrence, equalitie.*
Reſpondre. *To anſwer; to reſolve a doubt or demand; to undertake, or be ſurety for; alſo, to match, agree, concurre, hold correſpondencie with.*
Reſpondre parattenuation. C'eſt quand vn accuſé reſpond aux concluſions contre luy prinſes par ſa partie civile, & par le Procureur du Roy, ou du ſeigneur Iuſticier, lors qu'il eſt beſoing prendre droict par la confeſſion de l'accuſé, laquelle auroit eſté communiquée à la partie civile; Ce qui ſe fait quand le Cas n'eſt ſuiect à peine corporelle.
Reſpondre entre deux & az. *Looke* Az.
Qui mal entend, mal reſpond; Prov. *He that miſtakes the queſtion cannot ſpeake to purpoſe; he that conceives amiſſe anſwers amiſſe.*
Reſpons : m. *The Anſwers made by the Clarke, or People, in Service time.*
Reſponſadoux. *The Sea-fiſh called, a Heavengazer; (deſcribed in* Tapecon.)
Reſponſe : f. *An anſwer; the reſolution of a doubt, or demand; alſo, a ſuretiſhip, or undertaking for.*
Reſponſes : f. *Rampions (a ſallad-root.)*
Reſponſif : m. *An Anſwer to a Law-bill; or, an anſwer in Law.*
Reſponſif : m. iue : f. *Reſponſive, anſwering, in anſwer, giving, or making an anſwer.*
† Reſponſion : f. *A Surety, or Suretiſhip; an aſſurance.*
Reſpouſer. *To eſpouſe, or marry again.*
Reſſaper. *To repaire a wall, &c. that hath been undermined, or broken at the foot.*
Reſſaſié : m. ée : f. *Filled, glutted, ſaded, ſatiſfied.*
Reſſaſier. *To fill, glut, ſade, ſatiate, ſatisfie.*
Reſſayer. *To re-aſſay, re-attempt, prove once more.*
Reſſeant : m. ante : f. *Reſiant, reſident; abiding, dwelling continually in.*
Exoine de mal reſſeant. *An eſſoine, or excuſe for the abſence, or not appearance, of one that lyes ſicke.*
† Reſſeantiſe : f. *Reſidencie; a continuall dwelling, or abiding in one place.*
Reſſemblable : com. *Much like unto.*
Reſſembler. *Look* Reſembler.
Reſſemer. *To ſow againe.*
Reſſentiment : m. *A full taſte, a true feeling, a ſenſible apprehenſion, of.*
Se Reſſentir. *To taſt fully, feele throughly, have a ſenſible apprehenſion, of.*
Se reſſentir des faveurs de. *To be ſenſible of, or have the better for, the favors of.*
Se reſſentir d'une iniure. *To remember, to be ſenſible, or deſire a revenge, of; to find himſelfe aggrieved at, a wrong.*
Il ſe reſſent encor de ſa grande perte. *His great loſſe hath hitherunto ſtucke by him; he ſmarts as yet; he is yet the poorer, by it.*
Reſſie : f. *An afternoones nunchion or drinking, an Aundels meat.*
† Reſſimer. *as* Reniſler.
Reſſiner. *To make a drinking or collation, to take a repaſt or ſnatch in the afternoon.*
Reſſize. *as* Reſize.
† Reſſoignet. *To awe, fear, dread; alſo, to care, carke, take thought. (v. m.)*
† Reſſoré : m. ée : f. *Parched, ſcorched, dryed, or burnt up, by the Sun.*
Reſſort : m. *The authority, prerogative, or juriſdiction, of a (Soveraign) Court; alſo, the extent, or circuit, of a countrey wherein it hath juriſdiction, or whoſe inhabitants may repaire, or appeale unto it; and thence;*
Droict de reſſort. *Abſolute power to take, and determine of, Appeales.*
En dernier reſſort. *Finally, fully, without further appeale, or ſcope left for any appeale.*
Reſſort de ſerrure. *The ſpring of a locke.*
Farce à pluſieurs reſſorts. *A Play wherein many ſeverall matters are acted, or handled.*
Qui a le reſſort foible. *That wants reaction.*
Reſſortir. *To iſſue, or goe forth againe; alſo, to move of; be tryed by; reſort, recourſe, repaire, be referred, unto for a full tryall; alſo, to go directly from a lower to a higher, from a weaker to a ſtronger, from one to another; hence, to appeale unto; and, to be removable, out of an inferiour, into a ſuperiour, Court.*
Ces choſes reſſortiſſent iugement par devant vn ſage. *Theſe matters are to be determined by a wiſe man.*
Reſſource : f. *A reſource, new ſpring, recovery, upriſing, or raiſing againe; alſo, refuge for ſuccour.*
En vieille beſte n'y a point de reſſource; Prov. *Look* Beſte.
Reſſourdre. *as* Reſourdre.
Reſſuccer. *To ſuck up, or in, again.*
Reſſuit : m. iute : f. *Dry or dryed, hard or hardened; without any manner of ſap, or ſoftneſſe.*
Reſſuivre. *To follow againe.*
Reſſuy : m. *The leere of a Deere; the place wherein he lyes to dry himſelf after he hath been wet by the dew, &c.*
Reſſuyé : m. ée : f. *Dryed, or wiped off, again.*
Reſſuyer. *To wipe, and dry off, again.*
Reſtablir. *To re-eſtabliſh, re-confirme, ſettle anew in; alſo, to reſtore, give back, make good, or make ſatisfaction for, a thing taken.*
Reſtabliſſable : com. *Re-eſtabliſhable.*
Reſtabliſſement : m. *A re-eſtabliſhing, reconfirming; ſetling anew in; alſo, a reſtoring, giving back, making good, of, a ſatisfaction made for, a thing which hath been taken.*
† Reſtaigner. *as* Croupir; *(in the laſt ſenſe.)*
Reſtancher. *To ſtaunch, or quench, again.*
Reſtat : m. *A remainder, ſurpluſage, overplus.*
Reſtats d'eſtat. *Look* Eſtat.

Reſtaurant : m. *A reſtorative.*

Reſtaurer. *To reſtore, to renew, to repaire, to reinſtall.*

Reſte : ſ. *A reſt ; reſidue, remnant, remainder, ſurpluſage, overplus ; alſo, a Reſt at Primero, &c.*

A toute reſte. *Extremely, vehemently, with all his force, out of all meaſure ; alſo, whatſoever it coſt him ; how much ſoever he hazard, or lay, on it.*

Faire ſa reſte à. *(In tearmes) to handle rudely, or deale roughly with ; to give a man a beating.*

Renvier de ſa reſte. *Look* Renvier.

Voici, ou vous voyez, la reſte. *(In anſwer to, How have you done a great while ;) you ſee all that is left of me.*

Reſte. *Except, ſaving, beſide.*

Reſteindre. *To quench, or ſlake, again.*

Reſtendre. *To re-extend, or to re-inlarge.*

Reſter. *To reſt, remaine, ſuperabound, be behind, ſuperfluous, overplus, or more then enough.*

Le fol reſte apres la feſte ; Pro. *After a feaſt, a fool, is made ; wiſe men ſpend not their meanes in feaſting.*

Reſternuër. *To ſneeze again.*

† Reſtibule. Champ reſt. *as* Retrouble.

Reſtif : m. iue f. *Reſtie, ſtubborn, drawing backward, that will not go forward.*

Chien reſtif. *A hound which ſeeing his game once hearded, purſues it no further but ſtaies untill he be beaten on.*

Reſtifvé : m. ée : f. *Look* Reſtivé.

† Reſtile. Champ reſtille. *That is ſowed, or beares fruit, every year.*

Reſtipulation : ſ. *A waging of Law ; a putting in of a pledge, or gage for the aſſurance of his anſwer unto an Action, &c.*

Reſtipuler. *To wage Law (as in* Reſtipulation.)

Reſtituer. *To reſtore, returne, render, yeeld or give back ; alſo, to repaire, ſet in his former eſtate or place, make whole again.*

Reſtituteur : m. *A reſtorer ; yeelder or bringer back, repairer or ſetter up again.*

Reſtitution : ſ. *A reſtitution, rendring, yeelding or giving back ; alſo, a reſtoring, repairing, ſetting up again.*

Reſtivé : m. ée : f. *Made or grown reſtie ; forſlowed, protracted ; ſtopped or drawn back.*

Reſtivement. *Reſtily, ſtubbornly, backwardly, ſloathfully.*

Reſtiver. *To ſtop, draw back ; ſtruggle, be ſtubborn, play the reſtie jade.*

Ie ne reſtiveray point. *I will be forward enough, I will not lag it, or be left behind.*

Il ne peut reſtiver au deſtin. *In vain he ſtrives againſt, or thinkes to withſtand, his deſtiny.*

Reſtor : m. *A recovery, or remedy againſt a Vouchee, or any one by whom a man is damnified.*

† Reſtouble. *as* Retrouble.

Reſtouper. *To ſtop again.*

Reſtrainct : m. cte : f. *Reſtrained, abridged, or ſhortned of libertie, ſhut or kept up, bold or cloſed in.*

Fief reſtrainct. *A Fief that wants, or is not capable of, Iuriſdiction.*

Reſtrainſte : ſ. *A reſtraint, reſtraining, ſhortning or abridging of liberty, holding or keeping in.*

Reſtrainctif : m. *A reſtrictive, a ſtiptick, or binding medicine, or plaiſter ; and particularly, the white of an egge beaten with Roſe-water, and applied to prevent the ſwelling of a part which hath been dry-beaten.*

Reſtraindre. *To reſtrain, ſtraiten or bind in, abridge or ſhorten of liberty, ſhut or keep up, hold or cloſe in.*

Reſtrangler. *To ſtrangle again.*

Reſtrecir. *To ſtraiten, reſtrain, ſhorten, contract, abridge.*

Reſtreciſſement : m. *A ſtraitning, reſtraining, contracting, abridging.*

Reſtriction : ſ. *A reſtriction, moderation, modification ; a reſtraint of a generalitie.*

Reſtrilller vn cheval. *To curry him over again.*

Reſtrinction. *as* Reſtriction.

Reſtringe. *The Lentiſke, or Maſticke tree ; called ſo about* Montpellier.

Reſtudier. *To ſtudy againe, or over again.*

Reſtuver. *To ſtue ; ſoak or bath in liquor, warm, again.*

† Reſtuyer. *To ſheath, or ſhut up, again.*

Reſvanouïr. *To ſwoune again.*

Reſudant : m. ante : f. *Sweating ; alſo, pithie.*

Reſudation : f. *A reſudation, ſweating, or ſweaty dropping.*

Reſudé : m. ée : f. *Sweated, ſweat out of, come from us, or in, a ſweat.*

Reſuë : f. *An ancient tax, or impoſition of foure pence in the pound for merchandiſe, and, 10 s. Tour. upon every Pipe of wine, brought into, or ſent out of, the kingdome.*

Reſveil : m. *A Hunts-up, or Morning ſong for a new-married wife, the day after the marriage.*

Reſveillable : com. *Awakable.*

Reſveillé : m. ée : f. *Awaked (in a morning ;) rowſed, excited, ſtirred up.*

Reſveille-matin : m. *Th' Alarum of a watch, or clocke ; alſo, the herb called Sunne-ſpurge, Time-tythimale, and Wartwort.*

Reſveille-matin des vignes. *Petty Spurg, called alſo Wartwort, and like, in leaves, unto Sun-Spurge.*

Beauté de femme faſcheux reſveille-matin ; Prov. *A womans beauty weaves (ſond) man of reſt.*

Reſveiller. *To awake ; raiſe from ſleepe ; rouſe, excite, ſtir up.*

Reſveiller le chat qui durt. *To rub a bidden ſore ; to kindle a fire that was neer quenched, ſtir up a miſchiefe that was well ſetled ; mention an evill that was almoſt forgotten.*

Tant dort le chat qu'il ſe reſveille ; Pro. *So long the Cat ſleepes that at length ſhe awakes, (applicable to any thing which after long ſuppreſſion burſteth out.)*

Reſveilleur : m. *An awaker ; and particularly, a common Bellman, which in the dead of night goes round about a City, tinkling, and telling of the houres.*

Reſveillon : m. *A meale made late in the night, or long after ſupper.*

Reſuër. *To ſweat again.*

Reſver. *To rave, dote, ſpeak idly, talke like an Aſſe.*

Reſverie : f. *A raving, idle talking, dotage, trifling, folly, vain fancy, fond imagination.*

C'eſt reſverie. *'Tis a dream, fable, mockerie, jeaſt, idle tale, which you deliver.*

Reſveur. m. *A dotard, or dreaming ſop, a raving, trifling, fond, or idle cokes.*

Reſuivi : m. ie : f. *Followed again.*

Reſuivre. *To follow again.*

Reſul. *as* Reſeul.

Reſultat : m. *An iſſue, or ſucceſſe ; alſo, a reſolution taken, or agreement made, upon a conference, &c. the fruict, or that which comes, thereof.*

Reſulter. *To rebound, or leape back ; to hop, ſkip, move nimbly backward ; alſo, to riſe of, come out of, ſpring or iſſue from.*

Reſumer. *To reſume ; to repeat, to take, or begin again.*

Reſurgir. *To riſe, grow, ſpring up again ; to recover a former being ; to lift up his head once more.*

Reſurrection : ſ. *A reſurrection, a riſing again.*

Reſuſcitatif : m. iue : f. *Reſuſcitative, reviving, raiſing up from death to life.*

Reſuſciter. *To revive, raiſe, or ſet up again.*

Reſuſciteur : m. *A reviver, a raiſer, or ſetter up of things decayed, or dead.*

Ret : ſ. *A net. Look* Rets.

Retail : m. *A ſhred, paring, or ſmall peece cut from a thing ; alſo, half an Oxgang, or Oxgat, of land.*

Retaillat. *Circumciſed.* ℣ Rab.

Retaillé : m. *A ſhred, paring, odd end, piece cut off ; a Tailors vailes.*

Retaillé : m. ée : f. *Shred, pared, clipped, cut off.*

Retaillement : m. *A ſhredding, clipping, ſnipping, paring, often cutting.*

Retailler. *To ſhred, pare, clip, ſnip, cut very often.*

Retailles. *as* Retailleures ; *alſo, the ſpals, or ſhards ; the pieces which flie from ſtone in the hewing thereof.*

Retailleures : ſ. *Shreds, clippings, ſnippings, parings.*

Retaillons. *as* Retailleures.

Retaindre. *To put into a new colour, to redie, or die again.*

Retalionné : m. ée : f. *Requited, quitted, ſatisfied, or paied back with the like.*

Retapper. *To bung again.*

Retardé : m. ée : f. *Foreſlowed, lingered, ſlackned, delayed ; let, hindered, ſtopped, impeached, ſtayed.*

Retardement : m. *A foreſlowing, ſlackning, delaying ; impeaching, hindring, ſtaying.*

Retarder. *To foreſlow, linger, ſlacken, delay, ſtay, ſtop, let, hinder, impeach, put or hold off.*

† Retargé : m. ée : f. *as* Retardé.

† Retargement, & Retarger. *as* Retardement, & Retarder.

Retaſter. *To taſt again.*

Retatiné : m. ée : f. *Withered, ſhrunk in, decayed, old.*

Retaxer. *To tax him that hath taxed us, to returne one taxation for another.*

Reteinct : m. cte : f. *Died the ſecond time, or died again.*

Re-

Reteindre. *as* Retaindre.

Reteinture: f. *A re-dying, a ſecond or new dying, a dying over again.*

Retenail: m. *An hold, or thing to hold by.*

Retendre. *To ſtretch out again.*

Reteneur: m. *A retainer, detainer, withholder.*

Retenir. *To retaine, withhold, ſtay, keep back; reſtraine, containe, bridle, hold in; alſo, to preſerve, or maintaine.*

Retenir place pour voir. *To keep, alſo, to take up, a place to ſee in.*

Retenir par puiſſance de fief. *A Lord, by the privilege of his Seigniory, to redeem, or evict, from a purchaſer the tenement bought of his vaſſall.*

Ie retiens apres. *I crave the next.* ℣ Rab.

Retenter. *To re-attempt, re-aſſay, put unto hazard again.*

Retention: f. *A retention, detaining, withholding; a keeping in the hands.*

Retentir. *To reſound, to ring again, to yield an eccho, or great ſound.*

Lieu ou la voix ne retentit pas. *A dull, dampe, or deafe-place.*

Retentiſſement: m. *A reſounding, or a ringing againe, a rebounding of the voice, an eccho-like returning of ſound for ſound.*

Retentiſſement de harnois. *The cloſhing of, or the ſound yielded by the ſhaſhing on, armour.*

Retentive: f. la ret. *The retaining force of nature whereby food is held in the ſtomack untill it be fully concocted.*

Il n'a nulle retentive en la bouche. *He hath no hold of his tongue, bee cannot forbeare ſpeaking.*

† Retentras. Il fait du ret. *He is deafe of that eare, or ſeemes to liſten to ſomewhat elſe; or making as if he had more to liſten to, heeds not greatly what one ſayes unto him.*

Retentum. vn ret. In mente Curiæ. *Is when a Court pronounces not a full Arreſt, but reſerves ſomewhat to be afterwards ordered.*

Retenu: m, uë: f. *Retained, detained, withheld, ſtayed back; reſtrained, kept in.*

Homme retenu. *A grave, ſober, diſcreet, adviſed, well ſtayed fellow; one whoſe wild oats are ſown.*

Retenuë: f. *as* Retention; *alſo, a retinew; alſo, diſcretion, ſtayednеſſe, adviſedneſſe; alſo, a grant in reverſion of an Office in the Kings houſe.*

Droict de retenuë. *A privilege of ſome Landlords, to redeem within forty dayes the land ſold by their tenants, paying to the purchaſer, beſides his reaſonable coſts and charges, as much as he gave for it.*

Linagier ſur Linagier n'a point de retenuë. *One kinſman cannot recover the land bought by another:* (*So that it ſeemes that neere kinſmen have, in ſome caſes, the benefit of* Droict de retenuë, *as well as Landlords in others.*)

Plaider par retenuë. (C'eſt quand les parties ne plaident à vne fois, & à toutes fins;) *To proceed but ſtackly, by pauſes, or by halves.*

Retenuëment. *Sparingly, reſtrainedly; ſtayedly, adviſedly.*

Reths. *Look* Rets.

Retiaire. *Caſting a net in fight, therewith to take an enemy.*

Reticence: f. *Silence, concealement, counſell-keeping.*

Retien: m. *A retention; reſtraint, bridle, holding back.*

Retier: m. *A Net-maker.*

Retiercement. *By way, or after the rate, of a third out of a third.*

Retiers: m. *A third part of a third, as of nine, three; of three, one.*

Retif. *Look* Reſtif.

† Retiforme: com. *Faſhioned like a net.*

Retinacle: m. *A ſtay, or hold; any thing whereby another is retained, or held back.*

Retine: f. *The firſt thinne membrane of the eye; ſoft, white, and a nouriſher of the glaſſie humour.*

Retirade: f. *The retrait, or the retiring of an Army; alſo, a place of retrait, or of retirall, for deſendants behind a breach.*

Retiré: m. ée: f. *Retired, withdrawne, put or got backe, pull'd or drawne in; alſo, plucked or taken from; alſo, harboured, received, intertained; alſo, ſhot back or again.*

Retirée: f. *A retirall, withdrawing, recoyle.*

Retirement: m. *A retiring, withdrawing, recoyling, fetching or putting backe, pulling or gathering in; alſo, a drawing or comming neere; alſo, a pulling or pluking away from; alſo, a private harbouring, or receiving (as of ſtealers, or of ſtoll'en things;) alſo, a ſhooting back, or againe.*

Retirement des nerfs. *The ſhortning, or ſhrinking of the ſinewes.*

Retirer. *To retire, withdraw; fetch or put back, pull in, gather up, recover, bring or draw back unto; alſo, to ſhorten, contract, ſhrink; alſo, to take, or plucke from; alſo, to receive, harbour, intertain; alſo, to ſhoot back, or again.*

Se retirer. *To recoyle, retire, give back; to ſhrink; to withdraw himſelfe.*

Retirer à. *To reſemble, be like, or come neere unto, in face, or faſhion.*

Retirer ce qu'on donne. *To give a thing and take a thing; to weare the devills gold-ring* (*ſay we in a triviall proverb.*)

Retirer ſon eſpingle du jeu. *To deſiſt from, to quit, leave off, give over; to draw his neck out of the coller* (*ſay we.*)

Qu'on ne peut retirer. *An irrevocable, or unrecoverable matter.*

Qui ne retire de ſa vache que la queuë ne perd pas tout; Prov. *Hee that can recover the leaſt part of his owne, yet loſes not all, or is not to neglect it; for better is ſomething, how little ſoever, then nothing.*

Retiſſer. *To weave againe.*

Retiſtre. *The ſame.*

Retoiſer. *To ſathome over again.*

Retombe: f. *A falſe cup, wherein drink falling into an odde corner, ſeemes to be drunk up; alſo, a flat vault, or a roome that's made vault-wiſe.*

Retombée: f. *A falling backe; alſo, a crooking, as of a ſickle turned backwards.*

Retombée de humeurs. *A running of humours; or a diſeaſe wherein the humours that grieved one place leave it, and get into another.*

Retomber. *To fall back or againe; to fall into a relapſe.*

Retondir de toutes parts. *To ring, or reſound all over.*

Retondre. *To ſhave, or ſheere again.*

Retondu: m, uë: f. *New ſhaven, clipped, ſhorn.*

Retorceure: f. *A twining, wreathing, twiſting; a wrying, a wreſting back; a retorting.*

Retordement: m. *as* Retorceure.

Retordeur: m. *A twiſter, twiner; a wreſter, a retorter, a wrier, back.*

Retordre. *To twine, wreath, twiſt, retort; wrie, wreſt back.*

Retordure: f. *as* Retorceure.

Retorquable: com. *Retortable.*

Retorqué: m. ée: f. *Retorted, wreſted back, writhen backward.*

Retorquer. *To retort, writh backward, wreſt back, to return violently, to throw or ſhoot again.*

Retors: m. orſe: f. *as* Retort.

Retort: m. orte: f. *Twiſted, twined, wreathed; wreſted, or wrung, back; retorted, violently returned.*

Retorte: f. *A retort, or crooked body; a Lymbeck of glaſſe (varniſhed or leaded within) for the extracting of vile out of wood, and other hard, and dull ſubſtances.*

Retouble: m. *A field or ground ſowne every yeare.*

Retouchement: m. *A ſecond touch, a touching again.*

Retoucher. *To touch againe.*

† Retouiller. *To mingle, meddle, raffle, puzzle, or confound again.* ℣ Pic.

Retour: m. *A returne, returning, comming back.*

Retour de Matines. *A diſpleaſure done in ſecret and on a ſuddain; or the fitteſt time to ſurpriſe a private foe.* Looke Matines.

Fuſtaye qui eſt ſur ſon retour. *That is ſome 200 yeares old.*

Avoir retour de. *To play quit, crie quittance, be even with.*

Tout le retour qu'il en peut avoir. *All the help, remedy, or amends which he can get for, or from.*

Baillez moy mon retour. *Said by ſuch as, having paid more then was due, demand the reſt againe; and hence;*

Il me faut deux deniers de retour. *I muſt have two pence back again.*

Il luy doit cela de retour. *He is beholden to him for that.*

A beau jeu beau retour; Prov. *Round work, ſquare play, as good returned as came, one good (or bad) turne for another.*

Retourné: m. ée: f. *Returned, come or gone, back; alſo, reſtored.*

Retourner. *To return, to come or go back; alſo, to reſtore; alſo, to give booty for a thing exchanged.*

Retourner au champ du bois. Look Bois.

Retourner ſes chaſſes. *A Hawke (that hath flown out at her full pitch) to come in again.*

Retourner à ſes moutons. *To reſume the ſubject from which he hath digreſſed, to*

fall

ſall in hand with it again.
Retourner ſa robbe. *To turn his gown, or coat; to Pernize, or Apoſtatize it; to play the turn-coat.*
Retourner ſur ſoy. *Look* Soy.
Mais n'y retournez plus. *But do ſo no more.*
Il n'eſt chance qui ne retourne; Prov. *All things that have bin will be; no chance but comes again.*
Il ne vas pas du tout à honte qui de demie voye retourne; Prov. *Looke* Honte.
Qui mieux ne peut à ſa vieille retourne; Prov. *He that can get no young, falls back to his old, ſtuffe.*
Retracer. *To retrace, or trace back; to turn often, and the ſelfe ſame way, upon.*
Retracer ſon los. *Often, to repeat his praiſes.*
Retractation: f. *A retractation, recanting, revoking.*
Retracter. *To recant, revoke, or call back; alſo, as* Retraicter.
Retraction: f. *as* Retractation; *alſo, a retraction; withdrawing; redeeming; alſo, the crampe.*
† se Retrahir. *To retire, or withdraw, himſelfe.*
Retraict: m. *An Ajax, Privy, houſe of Office; alſo, a recovery, redeeming, or drawing back of things aliened, or ingaged.*
Retraict de barre, ou de Cour (*In the cuſtomes of* Britany) Quand le Iuge du ſuperieur ou de l'inferieur veut cognoiſtre du delict, ou different. ¶ Ragueau.
Retraict cenſuel, & feodal. *The power a Lord* Cenſuel, *and* Feodal *have, to redeeme, evict, or draw back from a purchaſer the eſtates gotten by him of their vaſſalls.*
Retraict conventionnel. *A covenant, or proviſo in a bargain, giving the ſeller liberty to redeem the thing he paſſed (therein reſembling our Morgage.)*
Retraict du gobelet. *The Buttery*
Retraict Lignagier. *A power, given by cuſtome unto the neereſt kinſman of one that ſells land, to rebuy it within a certain time (commonly a yeere and a day) for as much as was paied for it; but this muſt be a kinſman of the ſtock, or ſide, by which the land came to the ſeller.*
En retraict. *Privately, retiredly, alone.*
Retraict: m. cte: f. *Retired, withdrawn; drawn back; ſtraitned, grown narrower, ſhrunk up.*
Retraicte: f. *A retrait, retiring, withdrawing; a drawing back, a returning; alſo, a place of refuge, of ſuccour, of ſafegard; alſo, a ſtraitning, narrowing, or ſhrinking up.* Droict de retraicte. *The power of redeeming, or of buying, land morgaged, ingaged, or ſold.*
Retraicter. *To reviſe, peruſe, overlook, overſee, run over; alſo, to handle, repeat, or intreat of, again.*
Retrainer. *To drag, or draw, back.*
Retraintif: m. *Look* Reſtraintif.
Retraire. *To withdraw; draw back; pluck out or unto; alſo, to ſhrink, narrow, ſtraiten, draw in; alſo, to upbraid, or twit in the teeth.*
Retraire en ſervage. *To challenge, or aver, one to be his ſlave.*
Retrait: m. aitte: f. *as* Retraict.
Retraitte: f. *as* Retraicte.
Rentranchement: m. *An abridgement; abatement; cutting off part of.*
Retrancher. *as* Retrencher.
Retranſitif: m. iue: f. *Retranſitive, reflective upon it ſelf.*
Retraſſer. *as* Retraicter; *alſo, to amend, correct, reforme, repair.*
Retrayable: com. *Which may be fetched, or drawn, back.*
Retrayeur: m. *A redeemer, a fetcher or drawer back of.*
Retrecir. *To ſtraiten, contract, narrow, bind or make ſtrait.*
Retreciſſement: m. *A ſtraitning, narrowing, contracting, ſhortning.*
Retrempé: m, ée: f. *Soaked, or ſteeped, again.*
Retremper. *To ſoak, ſteep, or ſoften in liquor, anew.*
Retrenché: m. ée: f. *Cut, ſtruck, or chopped, off; diminiſhed, curtalled, leſſened, abridged; alſo, intrenched; inviroined or defended with trenches; lodged in trenches.*
Retrencher. *To cut, ſtrike, or chop, off; to curtall, diminiſh, leſſen, abridge; alſo, to intrench; to inviron with, or lodge in, trenches.*
Retreſci: m, ie: f. *Straitned.*
Retreſciſſement. *as* Retreciſſement.
Retribuer. *To retribute, reſtore, yeeld or give, back; alſo, to requite, recompenſe, reward.*
Retribution: f. *A retribution, requitall, recompence, recompencing, reſtoring.*
Retroacte. *A former act, proceeding, or diſpatch, in Law.*
Retroactif: m. iue: f. *Retroactive; caſting, driving, relating, backward.*
Retroceder. *To recoile, retire, give back.*
Retrogradation: f. *A retrogradation; a ſtepping, or going, back.*
Retrograde: f. *The ſame; or a ſtep back.*
Retrograder. *To recoile, return, retire, ſtep, or go, back.*
Retrouër. *To make new holes into; to pierce, or bore, again.*
Retrouſsé: m. ée: f. *Thick and ſhort, druggellie, trunchion; well truſſed, ſtrongly made; alſo, truſſed or tucked up.*
Oeil retrouſſé. *A ſtaring eye; an eye, whoſe lids be reverſed by ſome great inflamation; and whoſe white becomes higher then the apple.*
Retrouſſer. *To truſſe, or tuck up.*
Retrouvé: m, ée: f. *Found again.*
Retrouver. *To find again.*
Rets: f. *A net.*
Rets admirable. *A certaine narrow skin in the head (made of a part of the Arterie Carotide) which diſpoſes it ſelfe into the forme of a net, neere to the hole, or paſſage of the third paire of ſinewes; This net is hardly found in a mans head.*
Rets d'aulx. *A little bundle, or double rope of Garlike heads tied together with their leaves.*
Retube: f. *A flat vault, or vault made like the back of an oven.*
Retumbée: f. *Look* Retombée.
Reu: m. *A brook, ſmall ſtream, little gullet of water.*
Revanquir. *To revanquiſh, reſubdue, re-overcome.*
Revalider. *To re-inforce, improve, raiſe, or better, the value of.*
Revaloir. Ie te le revaudray. *I will requite, repay, it; or, be as much worth unto thee as it comes to.*
Revancher. *as* Revencher.
Revangeur: m. *A revenger.*
Revangeur: m. eure: f. *Revenging, wreaking.*
Revanner. *To winnow again.*
Reubarbe: f. *The root called Rewbarb, or Rewbarb of the Levant. See* Rheubarbe.
Reubarbe des Iardins. *Garden Rewbarb; reſembles that of the Levant, and purges choller, but not ſo effectually as it.*
Reubarbe des moines. *Herb Patience, Monks Rewbarb.*
Reve-grand. (*An Ironicall alluſion to,* Reverend) *much doting.*
Reveille-matin. *as* Reſveille-matin.
Reveiller. *Seeke.* Reſveiller.
Revelation: f. *A revelation, a revealing.*
Revelé: m. ée: f. *Revealed, diſcloſed, uttered, diſcovered, manifeſted.*
Revelement: m. *A revealing, diſcloſing, diſcovering.*
Reveler. *To reveale, diſcloſe, diſcover, manifeſt, utter.*
Reveleux: m. euſe: f. *Wanton, laſcivious, incontinent; ſhameleſſe, impudent, unruly, outragious.*
Revenant: m. ante: f. *Returning, reverting; reviving; increaſing, riſing; coming again.*
Bois revenant. *Copſes, or Coppies, young woods.*
Revenche: f. *Revenge; requitall; return of as good, or as much as was brought.*
Revencher. ſoy reven. *To wreak, or to revenge, himſelf; to return, or to retort, a diſpleaſure.*
Revendage: m. *A retailing, or ſelling again.*
Fermier du revendage du Roy. Entre les mains duquel vn debteur met biens meubles exploictables pour la ſomme deuë, à fin d'avoir trois ſemaines de terme pour payer ſon creancier, & à fin d'avoir main levée de ſes biens prins par le ſergent.
Revendereſſe. *A woman huckſter, or hagler.*
Revendeur: m. *A Huckſter, a Regrator.*
Revendication: f. *A reſuming of, or a reeſtabliſhment in, a pretended right.*
Revendre. *To ſell again.*
'A trop acheter n'y a que revendre; Prov. *There's nothing gotten by wares over-bought; nor does any man take much joy in that, which to get he took too much paines.*
Revendu: m. uë: f. *Sold back, or again.*
Revengé: m. ée: f. *Revenged, wreaked.*
Revenir. *To revert, return, come back, or again; alſo, to revive, or come to himſelfe after a trance; alſo, to ſmell, riſe, or increaſe, as dough by leavening, or fleſh by parboyling; alſo, to profit, benefit, or yeeld increaſe; alſo, to reſemble; alſo, to fit, ſuit, or agree well with.*
Se revenir. *To come to himſelf again after*

a great anger, feare, amazement, or ſwooning; to recover, pick up his crums, grow well, wax whole, again.

Cela me revient bien. *I have a good conceit thereof, I like it paſſing well.*

Cela me revient bien au coeur. *It goes to the heart of me; it vexeth, or fretteth me at the very heart.*

Cela me revient touſiours au ronge. *The ſame; or, I ſhall never forget it; it will alwaies rust in my mind.*

Il nous revient infinement. *It benefits us exceedingly.*

Il s'en revient le mieux qu'il peut. *He makes as good ſhift with, or uſe of, it as he can.*

Souvent ils s'en revenoyent, & ſe mutinoyent. *They turned back upon it; they grew ſencible of, or into choller upon it; or, that made them after fall into mutiny.*

Viande qui revient à la bouche. *Meat that leaves in the mouth an ill taſt behind it, or ſends it up thereinto, after it is eaten.*

Reventes. *as* Venterolles; *or, as* Reventons.

Reventons. *A fee due to a Lord* Cenſuel *(over and beſides the* Lods, *and* Ventes*) from a purchaſer, of land charged with* Cens, *who hath undertaken to diſcharge the ſeller of the* Lods *which he for his part ſhould, upon the bargaine, have paied.*

Revenu: m. *Revenew; yearely rents, profits, or incamming.*

Revenu: m. üe: f. *Reverted, returned, come back, or again; alſo, revived, well recovered, or come again to himſelf; alſo, ſwollen, or puſt up again.*

Revenu de queuë. *Whoſe taile is new grown (applicable to an old cokes, or callet, grown wanton on a ſuddain; or to any one which after a great weakneſſe hath picked up his crums, or is become luſty again.)*

O que c'eſt vn homme qui m'eſt touſiours fort revenu. *Oh how pleaſing that mans company, or converſation, hath ever been unto me.*

Revenuë: f. *Revenew, rent, &c. as* Revenu; *alſo, a return, returning, reverting, or comming again.*

Revenuë de bois. *The new ſpringing, or putting out of wood after it had been lopped, or felled.*

Revenir. *Look* Revoir.

Reverable: com. *Reverend, fit to be reverenced.*

Reverberation: f. *A reverberation, reflex, reflection; a repercuſſion, ſtriking or beating back.*

Reverberatoire: m. *A reverberatorie, part of a Lymbeck.*

Reverberé: m. ée: f. *Reverberated, beaten back, reflected.*

Reverberer. *To reverberate, reflect, beat or ſtrike back again.*

Reverdir. *To flouriſh, or wax greene, again.*

Il l'y planta pour reverdir. *He left him in that place without reſolution, meanes, or knowledge, to get out of it; alſo, he rattled him up with ſhort and ſharp tearmes, and ſuddenly left him to paiſe on them while, or think of them what, he liſted.*

Reveremment. *Reverently, with reverence.*

Reverence: f. *Reverence, awfull obſervance, worſhip, honour.*

Reverence papale. *The homage done, or ſubjection acknowledged, by a Prince unto a new-elected Pope.*

Reverence Turqueſque. *A nod.*

Faire la reverence à. *To ariſe, give place, make courteſie, vaile bonnet, unto, to ſolicite with cap and knee.*

† Reverencer. *To reverence, reſpect with an awfull obſervance, worſhip, honour, adore.*

Reverend: m. ende: f. *Reverend, venerable, worſhipfull, honourable, ſacred, grave; alſo, moſt reſpectfull of, or dutifull unto.*

† Reverender. *as* Reverencer.

† Reverential: m. ale: f. *Revevent, full of reverence.*

Reverer. *To reverence, worſhip, adore.*

Reverifier. *To re-verifie, reconfirme, re-approve, make good again.*

Reverni: m. ie: f. *as* Verni; *or new glazed over.*

Revers: m. *A back blow, clap, ſtroke, wherrit; or a blow with the back of a hand, or ſword*

Les revers de fortune. *The croſſes of fortune.*

Revers de gouvernail. *The back of a Rudder.*

Revers de Guyſard. ce ne ſont pas les revers de Guyſard (qui eſtoyent ſans retour) *Theſe are no ſuch deep queſtions, or hard matters; they may be reſolved, or anſwered, well enough.*

A revers. *Backward, arſiverſe, inſide outward, upſide downward, croſſe, clean kamme.*

Revers: m. erſe: f. *Strange, uncouth, croſſe, hwſh.*

Reverſailles: f. *The reverſions of, or drink left in, the Maſters glaſſes, or draughts, powred together into a pot for the ſervants.*

Reverſche. *as* Reveſche.

Reverſer. *To powre back, or powre out again.*

Reverſi: m. *A kind of Trumpe (played backward, and full of ſport) which the Duke of Savoy brought ſome ten yeeres agoe into France.*

Reverſion: f. *A reverting, returning, or comming back; alſo, a reverſion in Law.*

Droict de reverſion. *Look* Droict.

Reverſure: f. *The waining, or turning at the top of a land, where one furrow ends, and another begins.*

Reverſures. *as* Reverſailles.

Revertir. *To revert, return, come back.*

Revertir en quelque lieu, ou avec quelqu'un. *To haunt, frequent, repaire often unto; to converſe, accompany, conſort much with.*

Reveſche: f. *Curſt Bayes; Cotten or Frize for lynings.*

Reveſche: com. *Harſh, churliſh, rude, untractable, froward; wild, ſavage, hagard, unruly, fierce.*

Vin reveſche. *Hard, ſower, tart, unpleaſant wine.*

Reveſcherie: f. *Harſhneſſe, rudeneſſe, churliſhneſſe, frowardneſſe, wildneſſe, ſavageneſſe, fierceneſſe, unrulineſſe.*

Reveſt: m. *A re-inveſtment, re-inveſture.*

Reveſtement: m. *An upper garment, robe, or veſtment; alſo, a re-inveſting, re-attiring, new clothing; alſo, a clothing, attiring, putting on, covering over with.*

Reveſtement de muraille. Ces arbres ſont commodes à faire des Lambrunchemens, ou reveſtemens de murailles. *Are fit, or good to ſeele, or board wall's withall.*

Reveſtiaire. *as* Reveſtiere.

Reveſtiere: m. *A Veſtry in a Church.*

Reveſtir. *To re-inveſt, re-attire, cloth or apparell again; alſo, to put upon, or cover over with, a garment; to put on an upper garment; to put garment upon garment, or one garment over an other.*

Reveſtir de quelque terre. *To give, or put into, poſſeſſion, to make livery and ſeiſin of a peece of ground.*

Reveſtiſſement: m. *A re-inveſtment, or a re-inveſting; alſo, a mutuall, and equall gift made, and paſſed by publike Act, between two that are joyned, or allied, by marriage.*

Reveſtu: m. uë: f. *Reveſted, re-inveſted; inveſted; clothed, attired, apparraled, again; alſo, clothed or covered all over with, wrapped round about in.*

Paon reveſtu. *A Peacock flayed, parboyled, larded, and ſtuck thick with Cloves; then roaſted with his feet wrapped up to keep them from ſcorching; then covered again with his own ſkin as ſoon as he is cold, and ſo underpropped that, as alive, he ſeems to ſtand on his legs: In this equipage a gallant, and dainty ſervice.*

Reveuë: f. *A review, reviewing, ſurvey, ſurveying, over-looking; alſo, a Muſter, or the muſtering, of an Army.*

Reviſcer. *To revive, to return unto life, quicken again.*

Revigourant. *Adding more ſtrength, giving more vigour, unto.*

Revigourer. *To revigorate, re-inforce, adde new vigor, give new ſtrength, unto.*

Revirade: f. *A whiteling, or round turn; a back jert, whirle, whiſke, blow, or thruſt.*

Revirer. *To whirle often about, to turn again and again.*

Se revirer contre ſon ennimi. *Againe to turn back, or wheel about, upon an enemie.*

Reviſeur: m. *A reviſor, or reviewer.*

Reviſion: f. *A reviſion, reviſe, review, re-examination, looking over again.*

Reviſt: m. *A review taken by the King of his Officers accounts.*

Reviſitation: f. *A reviſitation; or as* Reviſitement.

Reviſitement: m. *A reviſing, reviewing, recognizing, overſeeing, overlooking again.*

Reviſiter. *To reviſe, review; reviſite, recognize; overlook, overſee, ſurvey, again.*

Reviſiteur: m. *A reviſor, reviewer, reviſitor, overlooker, overſeer.*

† Revivifiénne: f. *A revoving, a returning unto life.*

Revivre: m. *A later math, or crop.*

Revivre. *To revive, recover breath, return unto life; to be renewed; to ſpring or grow up again.*

Reume. *The rheume.*

Reüni: m. ie: f. *Re-united, re-joyned, reconciled.*

Re-

Reünion : f. *A re-union, re-unitement, re-concilement ; a new league or conjunction.*

Reünir. *To re-unite, re-joyne, reconcile, attone.*

Revocable : com. *Revokable, which may be recalled.*

Office revocable ad nutum. *An Office granted during pleasure.*

Revocation : f. *A revocation, a revoking ; a countermand, recalling, recantation.*

Revoguer. *To saile back, or againe.*

Revoir. *To review, recognize, re-examine ; overlook, or oversee, again.*

Revol : m. *A flying back, a returne upon the wing.*

Revoler. *To flie back, to return flying.*

Revolte : f. *A revolt, a rebellion.*

Revolté : m. ée : f. *Revolted, rebelled, fallen from ; also, returned, or which hath made a new turne.*

Revoltement : m. *A revolting, rebelling ; a quitting, leaving, or falling from ; also, a returning.*

Revolter. *To revolt ; rebell ; fall, slip, turne, or goe from, leave, quit, abandon, forsake ; also, to returne, or make a new turne.*

Revolu : m. uë : f. *Revolved ; rounded or turned wholly, passed or gone fully about.*

L'an revolu. *The yeare fully ended, run about.*

Revoluble : com. *Revoluble, revolvable ; fit or apt to be turned about.*

Revolution : f. *A revolution ; a full compassing, rounding, turning back to it first place, or point ; the accomplishment of a circular course.*

Revomir. *To vomit again.*

Revoqué : m. ée : f. *Revoked, recalled, countermanded.*

Revoquer. *To revoke, recall, countermand, alter, make void.*

Reupe : f. *The dropping of the nose ; also, a belch.* (v. m.)

Reupontic : m. *as* Rheupontique.

† Reuppe : f. *as* Reupe.

† Reupper. *To belch.*

Reüssir. *To issue, rise, or spring out ; to succeed, or come unto good or evill.*

Revulsion : f. *A revulsion, a pulling up, or plucking away ; also, the drawing, or forcing of humours from one part of the body into another.*

Reystre. *Look* Reistre.

Rez : m. *A flat, plaine, levell ground, floore, bottome ; the superficies, or upper face of a plaine, or levell piece of ground.*

Rez de chaussée. *The same ; or a foundation, bottome, ground ; whence ;* L'estage de rez de chaussée. *The lowest story, the story next to the ground ; and,* Le mur est à rez de chaussée. *The foot of the wall stands levell with the ground that's about it.*

Rez à rez, &, Rez de rez. *Even or levell with, close unto.*

Mettre rez pied rez terre. *To raze, cast or beat downe, lay flat unto, make even with, the ground.*

Rez. *Those that are shaven, powled neere, cut close.*

Il ne craint ny les rez ny les tondus. *He is a surly, rash, or arrogant fellow ; he respects no man, cares for no body, feares neither one nor other ; (from a family in Troyes bearing the surname of* Rez, *and so great in authority and meanes, as it was an ordinary threat in that towne, to say,* Ie le diray, ou feray sçavoir, aux Rez ; *wherewith a good fellow being oftentimes urged, came out at length with these words ;* Ie n'ay que faire des rez, ny des tondus ; *alluding to the signification of* rez, *wherewith* Tondus *almost synonymizeth.*)

Rezueil : m. *Networke for the haire ; or, a Cawle of network.*

Rhabarbe : f. *Rewbarb.*

Rhabiller. *as* Rabiller.

Rhabituer. *To re-accustome, re-inure.*

Rhagade : f. *A chap, or chawme, comming by cold, &c. in any part of the body, but especially in the fundament.*

Rhagadie. *The same.*

Rhamindique. *The excellent Indian root called otherwise* Mechoacan.

Rhampe. *The fruitfull white Bramble called* Ramne, *or Christs thorne.*

Rhapontique. *The least, and worst kind of Rewbarb, growing in* Pontus.

† Rhatimburgs : m. *Select, or expresse Judges for the decision of all cases that fell within the compasse of the Salicke Law.*

† Rheteur : m. *A Rhetorician.*

Rhetorique : f. *Rhetorick ; the Art of Eloquence.*

Rhetorique : com. *Rhetoricall, of Rhetoricke ; eloquent ; whence ;* Couleurs Rhetoriques. *Look under* Couleur.

Rhetoriquement. *Rhetorically ; eloquently ; Rhetorician-like.*

Rhetoriquer. *To Rhetorize it, play the Rhetorician, speak eloquently, argue neatly, plead finely.*

Rhetorisier. *The same.*

Rheubarbe : f. *Rewbarb ; and (more particularly) the best and second kinds thereof, brought out of* China, *and out of* Barbarie. *See* Reubarbe.

Rheume : f. *A rheume, catharre, pose, mure.*

Rheupontique : f. *The worst and least kind of Rewbarbe ; growing in* Pontus ; *also, the root of great Century, called so in divers Apothecaries shops, but erroniously.*

Rhodais. *The name of a good towne in* Languedoc.

Elle est de Rhodais. *She hath her flowers.*

Rhomb : m. *A Turbot.* ❡ Langued.

Rhombe : m. *A spinning wheele, reele, whirle, or turne ; also, a figure that hath equall sides, and unequall angles ; as a quarry of glasse, &c.*

Rhombe giratte. *A whirligig, or Top.*

Rhomboïde : f. *A figure having unequall sides, and angles.*

Muscle rhomboïde. *A muskle which drawes backward the shoulder blade.*

† Rhon. *as* Rhomb ; *also, the shrub Sumack, Curriers Sumack, leather Sumack.*

Rhonboïde. *Almost foure-square ; or as* Rhomboïde.

Rhupontique. *as* Rheupontique.

Rhus. *The shrub called Sumack.*

Riagas. *The poison* Aconitum.

Riant : m. ante : f. *Laughing, gtering, flattering.*

Dents riantes. *The foure fore-teeth ; so called because in laughing they are commonly discovered.*

Mordre en riant. *Look* Mordre.

Riard : m. arde : f. *as* Riant ; *or continually laughing.*

Ribaine. Ribon ribaine. *Look* Ribon.

Ribaud, & Ribaude. *as* Ribauld, & Ribaulde.

Ribaudaille : f. *A ruffianlie crue, a roguish company.*

Ribaudequin : m. *A fashion of huge crosse-bow (some fourteen or fifteen foot in length) that shot a long arrow feathered with horne, or thinne wood, and is at this day out of use.*

Ribauderin. *The same.*

Ribaudine : f. *as* Ribaulde ; *or, a rascally queane.*

Ribauld : m. *A rogue, ruffian, rascall, scoundrell, varlet, filthie fellow ; also, a ribauld, fornicator, whoremonger, bawdy-house hunter ; also, a base fellow, or labouring man, of a big body, strong limmes, and hard constitution, a tough whoresonne.*

Le ribauld d'une grappe. *The staulke of a cluster of grapes.*

Roy des Ribaulds. *An Officer which, in old time, looked to the vagabonds, and idle persons that haunted the Court ; and searched any that came in, to see they had no Armes, or hidden weapons about them ; and towards night visited all the chambers in the house, to prevent secret massacres ; and thrust out at doores at meale, and bed-time, such as had not their diet, and lodging allowed them ; and punished all disorders committed, by the followers of the Court, without the Court gate : This Officer had a guard of Archers attending on him, and a Lieutenant, called* Prevost des ribauds : *In* Charles *the sixts time the name (too neer a King) was suppressed, and, as some think, altered into* Prevost de l'hostel, *of late yeares become, le grand Prevost de France, & de l'hostel du Roy ; which title* Charles *the ninth added for more authority unto the Office.*

Ribaulde : f. *A whore, quane, punk, gill, flirt, common hackney, doxie, mort.*

Ribaulder. *To play the ribauld, ruffian, rogue.*

Ribauldise : f. *Ribauldry, roguery, ruffianisme, whoring, whore-hunting.*

Ribault. *as* Ribauld.

Ribe : f. *A coast, &c. as* Rive. ❡ Lang.

Ribe taillade. *See* Taillade.

Ribes : f. *Red Gooseberries, beyond-sea Gooseberries, garden Currans, bastard Currans.*

Rob de ribes. *Look* Rob.

Ribettes. *as* Ribes.

† Ribier : m. *The red Gooseberry plant ; also, a kind of vine.*

Riblant. *Roaving, jetting, raking, swaggering abroad with weapons, to the spoyle, or despoyling, of every one he meets.*

Ribler. *To rove, roame, rake, or jet abroad weaponed, and wronging every one ; to boot-halt, rob, ransack, prey upon passengers, or poore country people.*

Riblerie : f. *A roving, jetting, roaming, swaggering ; a gadding abroad in armour, to the wronging, ransacking, robbing of passengers, or poore country people ; a boot-*

boot-haling; alſo, a violent courſe or incurſion upon an enemy.

Riblette: f. *A collop, or ſlice of bacon.*

Des oeufs à la riblette. *Egges and collops; or, an Omelet or Pancake of egges, and ſlices of bacon mingled, and fried together.*

Ribleur: m. *A diſorderly roaver, jetter, ſwaggerer, outragious reakes-player, a robber, ranſacker, boot-haler, preyer upon paſſengers, &c.*

Ribon ribaine. *By hook or crook, will ye nill ye, whether you will or no.*

Ric à ric. *Quite, wholly, throughly; extremely; exactly, preciſely, in every point.*

Ricalde: f. *A gill, flirt, callet; ſcould; a long-tongued and ſhort-heeled, a light and tatling, huſwife.*

Ricanant. *Tigbying, ſporting, dallying, wantonizing it.*

Ricaner. *To giggle, tigbie, dally, wantonize it.*

Ricaneux: m. euſe: f. *Tighying, giggling, ever ſporting, dallying, or playing the wanton.*

Ricaſſer. *To giggle, ſteere, laugh with a tighie, play the wanton egregiouſly.*

Richard: m. Richard; *alſo, the bird called a Jay.*

Fer de richard. *A kind of great yron wire.*

Riche: com. *Rich, wealthy, opulent, well lined, of great meanes, that hath much to take to.*

Riche comme vn ladre. *As rich as a Lazer (who is tearmed rich, either becauſe he gets few children; or becauſe few come to eat on him.)*

A riche homme n'en chaut qui ami luy ſoit; Prov. *A rich carle no mans love reſpects; or doth not care though no man love him.*

Homme chiche iamais riche; Prov. *The niggard's nere (in his opinion) rich.*

Il eſt riche que Dieu aime; Prov. *Rich is the man whom God affects.*

Le plus riche n'emporte qu'un linceul; Prov. *Seek* Linceul.

La vache du riche velle ſouvent, celle du povre avorte; Prov. *The rich mans cow is fruitfull, fat, and ſtrong, the poore mans (leane, and ill kept) caſts her young.*

Pour devenir bien toſt richie il faut tourner le dos à Dieu; Prov. *He that will ſoon grow rich muſt God renounce.*

Qui bien gaigne, & bien eſpargne devient tantoſt riche; Prov. *He that gets, and ſpares much, will quickly be rich.*

Richement. *Richly, wealthily, opulently, abundantly.*

Richement mentir. *To lie for the whetſtone, or with the beſt of them.*

Richereau: m. *A wealthy chuffe, rich lobcocke, well-lined boore; one that hath more wealth then wit, more ſubſtance then civility.*

Richeſſe: f. *Riches, wealth, great ſubſtance, meanes, poſſeſſion, treaſure, fortunes.*

Enfans ſont richeſſes de povres gens. *Store of children is all the wealth poore men can brag of; (yet is that brag but idle if they be idle; Seek* Enfant.)

Ou richeſſe eſt peché eſt; Prov. *Where riches are ſinne is.*

Ricochet. *The ſport of ſkimming a thinne ſtone on the water, called a Duck and a Drake.*

C'eſt la chanſon du ricochet. *'Tis an idle, or endleſſe tale, or ſong; a ſubject whereof one part contradicts, marres, or overthrowes, another.*

Ricote: f. *A kinde of milk-meat; or as;*

Ricottes: f. *Curds made of Whey.*

Ridde: f. *A Flemiſh coin worth about 5 s. ſterl.*

Ridde de Gueldres. *Is worth about 3 s. ſterl.*

Ridé: m. ée: f. *Wrinkled, wrimpled, crumpled, frumpled, in furrowes like an angrie brow; alſo, ſtiffened, or ſtretched out unto a ſtiffeneſſe.*

Rideau: m. *A curtain, or cloth-skreen.*

Ridelle: f. *The raile of a Cart or Waine; and more particularly, the uppermoſt of the three; the middle one being tearmed* fauſſe ridelle; *and the loweſt,* Giſant.

Ridement: m. *A wrinkling, wrimpling, crumpling; alſo, a ſtiffening, or ſtretching out.*

Rider. *To wrinkle, or to wrimple; alſo, (among Mariners) to ſtiffen, or ſtretch out unto a ſtiffeneſſe.*

Se rider. *To frowne, loure, ſcoule, looke ſterne, furrow or wrinkle the forhead, knit the browes.*

Rides: f. *Wrinkles or furrowes on the face of an old, or angry perſon; alſo, crumples, wrimples; foulds, plaits.*

Ridicule: com. *Ridiculous, vaine, fond, worthy to be laughed at.*

Ridiculement. *Ridiculouſly, vainly, fooliſhly.*

Rié: m. *as* Rie.

Rie: f. *A waſte; an untilled or unhusbanded peece of ground.*

Riéble: m. *Cleaver, Claver, Gooſe-ſhare, Love-man, Gooſe-graſſe.*

Rien. *(without the company of a Negative, ſignifies as the Latine* Res*) a matter, thing, ſomething, any thing, ought; (but with one either expreſſed, or underſtood, ſignifies) nought, nothing, no whit, not a jot.*

Rien "rien. *No no, neither ſo nor ſo.*

Ce n'eſt plus rien que de moy. *I am as good as nothing, or, I am utterly undone.*

Elle le hait ſur tout rien. *Shee hates him extremely, above all things, more then ſhe hates all the world beſides.*

Encores s'il m'euſt donné quelque rien. *Yet, had he given me any thing, or never ſo little.*

Me voulez vous rien mander. *Looke* Mander.

Rien n'a qu'aſſez n'a; Pro. *He nothing hath who (thinks he) hath not enough; or, as good have nothing as not have enough.*

Rien n'eſt bien faict que ce que Dieu parfaict; prov. &, Rien ne faict qui ne parfaict. *Look* Parfaire.

Rien n'eſt ſi eaché qui ne ſe trouve; Prov. *The cloſeſt kept things are at length found out.*

Rien ne peut eſtre grand qui n'a bon fondement; Prov. *The thing cannot bee great that hath no good foundation.*

Rien ne vaut l'aſſaillant s'il ne'ſt fort, & vaillant; Prov. *In vain he playes th'aſſailant who is not ſtrong and valiant.*

Rien ne vaut la choſe fiſon ce qu'on la fait valoir; Prov. *Every thing is as it is taken; or, conceit ſets rates upon all earthly things.*

Rien ſans peine; Pro. *Look* Peine.

Aujourd'huy roy demain rien; Prov. *To day a King, to morrow (as good as) nothing.*

On ne fait de rien graſſe porrée; Prov. *Fat broth cannot without ſome ſtuffe bee made.*

Qui rien ne porte rien ne luy chet; Prov. *He that beares nothing letteth nothing fall.*

Qui n'a patience n'a rien; Prov. *Looke* Patience.

Qui n'a ſanté n'a rien; Prov. *He that wants health wants all things.*

Qui n'a ſufficance il n'a rien; Prov. *Look* Sufficance.

Qui ne ſçait rien de rien ne doubte; Prov. *He that knowes nought of nothing doubts.*

Rien-ne-vaut. *A ſcondrell, ſcumme, raſcall; baſe or worthleſſe fellow.*

Riens. *as* Rien. (v. m.)

Riere. *Backward, behinde; alſo, with, or among; whence;*

Ils ont eſté captifs riere les Eſpagnols. *Among the Spaniards, or in* Spain.

Riereban. *as* Arriereban.

Rierefief. *A Fief held of a meſne Lord; alſo, a rent ſeck, or charge, granted by a vaſſall out of his* Fief.

Riere-filz: m. *A grand-childe.*

Riere-vaſſal: m. *An under vaſſall, a vaſſall unto a vaſſall.*

† Riets. *as* Ric.

† Riu: m. *A little brook, a reyne, or gullet of water.*

† Rieulle. *as* Ruille.

Rieur: m. *A laugher.*

† Rif: m. *as* Rieu.

Il ne luy lairra rif ny raf. *He will ſtrip, reave, or deprive, him of all.*

† Rifage: f. *A ſoure, lowring, pewting, ſculling, frowning huſwife.*

Rifflarde: f. *A ravenous, or a rifling drab; one that loves, or lives by, the ſpoile of them ſhe converſes with.*

Rifflandouille. *A belly-god, ſpoyler of chitterlings, lover of good cheere.*

Riffle: f. *Fire.* ℣ Barrag. *whence;*

On n'y a laiſſé ne rille, ne raſle. *They have ſwept all away; they have left no manner of thing behinde them.*

Rifler. *To riſle, ranſacke, ſpoile, make havock or clean work, ſweep all away before him; alſo, to ravine, or eat greedily.*

Rigaliſſe: f. *Lickorice.*

Rigaliſſe ſterile. *Common Lickorice.*

Rigaliſſe ſterile. *Barren Lickorice, Hedghog Lickorice.*

Rigaud: m. aude: f. *whence;* A jambes rigaudes. *C'eſt à la renverſe, & les jambes en haut; or, With ſtradling, and up-ſtretcht legs.*

Rigle, &, Riglet. *as* Reigle, &, Reiglet. (v. m.)

Rigliſſe: f. *Lickorice.*

Rigolage: m. *A mocking, jeaſting, or laughing at.*

Rigolement: m. *as* Rigolage.

se Rigoler de. *To mock, jeaſt, laugh at, make himſelfe merry or play the wanton with.*

Se rigoler au ſoleil. *To ſport, ſolace, or joyfully to bleak, or ſpread himſelfe in the Sunne, taking a ſenſuall or wanton felicity in it.*

Rigolerie: f. *as* Rigolage.

Rigoleur: m. *A common mocker of, or jeaſter at; one that battles, or pleaſes himſelfe, in a continuall ſporting with, or laughing at, others.*

Rigoreuſement. *Rigorouſly, ſternly, auſterely, ſeverely, in extremity, without any favour.*

Rigoreux: m. euſe: f. *Rigorous, hard, ſtrict, ſtern, extreme, pitileſſe, unmerciſull, auſteve, ſevere.*

Rigueur: f. *Rigour, ſtrictneſſe, extremity, auſterity, ſeverity, ſternneſſe.*

Rillon de porc. *as* Graton; *or that part of a hogs intrailes which is like the tripes in an Oxe.*

Rim de vent. *A puffe of wind; or as* Rum.

Rimaille: f. *Paultry meeter, ſorry rime.*

Rimailleur: m. *A meane compoſer, a ſorry rimer.*

Rimailleuſe: f. *An unlearned, or paultry Poteſſe.*

Rimarde: f. *as* Rimailleuſe.

Rimart: m. *An unlearned, or ſcurvy rimer.*

Rimaſſer. *To rime unlearnedly, to make ſorry meeter.*

Rimaſſeur: m. *A ſorry rimer, a paultry meeter-maker.*

Rimaſſeuſe: f. *as* Rimailleuſe.

Rime: f. *Rime, or meeter; alſo, a crannie, chink, riſt, cleft, chap, chawn.*

Rimer. *To rime; to write or ſpeak in meeter.*

Rimette: f. *A little rime, or ſmall rimming poeſie.*

Rimeur: m. *A rimer, a maker of rimes, a writer in rime.*

Rimeuſe: f. *A Poeteſſe, or woman that makes rimes.*

Rimonner. *To rime, &c. as* Rimer.

Rimoyer. *The ſame.*

Rimoyeur: m. *A rimer, a meeter-maker.*

Rinceau. *as* Rinſeau.

Ringer. *as* Ruminer.

Rinſé: m. ée: f. *Reinſed, as linnen.*

Rinſeau: m. *The ſtaulke (or part of the ſtaulk) of a plant; a little bough of a tree.*

Rinſement: m. *A reinſing of linnen clothes.*

Rinſer. *To reinſe linnen clothes.*

Rinſeur: m. *A reinſer of linnen.*

Rioge. *as* Meſentere. ℣ Langued.

Riolé. *Streaked, rayed; whence,* Riolé piolé; *diverſified with many ſeverall colours; or as under* Piolé.

Riorte: f. *A with, or band; or a ſtick fit to make one.*

Riote: f. *A brabbling, ſcoulding, brawling, chiding, debate, contention, ſquaring, altercation; alſo, as* Riorte.

Rioter. *To chide, brabble, ſcould, brawle; jangle; debate, ſquare, contend, fall out, in words.*

Rioteux: m. euſe: f. *Scoulding, brabbling, brawling, ever chiding, jangling, wrangling; moſt litigious, or debatefull, never quiet.*

Riotte: f. *as* Riorte; *or, the band of a haven, or ſagot; alſo, as* Riote; *or a ſmall brabble; alſo, a ſlimſlam, idle diſcourſe, tale of a tub.*

Riottement de chiens. *The yarring, or whurring of dogs, dogs brabbling.*

Ripaille: f. *(Is properly a tearm of warre ſignifying, pillage; whence,* ripaille neceſſiteuſe; *a needy and raſcall company that lives only upon the ſpoyle; yet is it uſed much for) gluttony, ſurfeiting, idle expence of money, or of time, in pampering of the belly.* ℣ Norm.

ça ça ripaille, vie de goulus, à la ſoupe garçons. (*The ordinary ſpeech of ſuch belly-gods.*)

Riparographe: m. *A writer of triſles, a painter of baſe or ſcurvy matters.*

Ripeilleux. *as* Ripilleux.

Ripilleux: m. euſe: f. *Craggie, rugged, uneven, rough.*

Ripopé. Vin rip. *Raſcally hedge wine; bad wine made a great deale worſe by much water; or (moſt properly) the droppings of wine, taken out of the* Bacquet, *or Tub that ſtands under the ſpigot, and mingled with water by, or for, poor ſolkes.*

Rippe: f. *The ſmall fiſh called a Sharpling, Stickle-back, or Bank-ſtickle.*

† Ripperie: f. *A couſening, gulling, cheating, conicatching.*

Rippopé. *as* Ripopé.

Ripuaire. *A certain Law agreeing with the Salick both in ſubſtance and date.*

Riquaner. *as* Ricaner; *or to bray like an Aſſe.*

Riqueraque. *Throughly, wholly, quite off or away.* (v m.)

Feu de riqueraque. *Wild-fire.*

Rire. *To laugh, tighie; geere, fleere, mock, jeaſt, or ſcoffe at; make himſelfe merry with.*

Rire à demie bouche. *To laugh diſdainfully, or as one that is more angrie then merry.*

Rire à groſſes dents. *From the teeth outward, ſay we.*

Rire ſous leur bonnet; &, Rire ſous gorge. *To laugh underhand, or in their ſleeves.*

Se chatouiller pour ſe faire rire. *To pleaſe or flatter himſelfe with triſles, idle hopes, vain thoughts; or, to coine many ſleight or idle jeaſts for himſelfe to laugh at, if no body elſe will.*

Pincer ſans rire. *To gird cloſely, to give privy nips: and,* Iouer à pincer ſans rire. *The ſame; as alſo, to nim, filch, purloyn.*

Vous verrez bien rire. *You ſhall ſee good laughing.*

Femme rit quand elle peut, & pleure quand elle veut; Prov. *Look* Femme.

Marchand qui perd ne peut rire; Prov. *Can any man laugh that loſes? can any man take pleaſure in his loſſes?*

Tel rit qui mord; Prov. *Some laugh and bite withall; Appliable to (as hypocrite, or diſſembler, who brings, by his faire words or ſhewes, confuſion to thoſe he converſes with.*

Tel au matin rit qui au ſoir pleure; Prov. *Many that were glad in the morning are ſad ere night.*

Ris: m. *The grain called Rice.*

Ris: m. *Laughter; or, a laughing, tighying, ſleering.*

Ris de chien. *A diſloyall, or treacherous geering.*

Ris d'hoſtelier. *Seek* Hoſtelier.

Ris de loup. *The name of a certain great peare.*

Ris Sardonien. *A forced or cauſeleſſe mirth, a laughter onely from the teeth outward; or, a long laughter that ends in ſorrow.*

Ris (*The Participle of* Rire) Dequoy il fut bien ris. *whereat good ſport was made.*

Risée: f. *A laughter, or laughing; a tighying, or ſleering; alſo, a mocking, flowting, jeaſting at.*

Ache de risée. *Crowfoot of the fallow field; or, Crowfoot of Illiria.*

Riſible: com. *Fit or worthie to be laughed at.*

Riſque: f. *Perill, jeopardy, danger, hazard, chance, adventure.*

Il le prens à ma riſque. *Hab or nab, at my perill be it, happen how it will.*

Riſſes chevreaux. *Fat Kids.* ℣ Rab.

† Riſſole f. *The brownneſſe that is given to a thing in the frying thereof.*

† Riſſolé: m. ée: f. *Fried throughly, or browned all over in the frying.*

† Riſſoler. *To frie a thing untill it be brown.*

† Riſſolle: f. *A Jews ear, or Muſhrome that faſhioned like a Demy-circle, and growes cleaving to trees; alſo a ſmall and delicate minced Pie, made of that faſhion.*

Rit: m. *as* Ris; *Rice.*

Rithmailler. *To rime paultrily, to write or pronounce rime doggerell.*

Rithme: m. *Rime, or meeter.*

Rithmer. *To rime, to make meeter.*

Ritual: m. ale: f. *Rituall, cuſtomary, ceremonious, of or belonging to, rites.*

Rivage: m. *The ſea ſhore, or coaſt; a water bank, waters ſide, the ſea ſide.*

Droict de rivage. *Showage.* Look Droict.

† Rivager: m. ere: f. *Belonging, or nere, unto a waters ſide.*

Rivagier: m. *One that dwells neer the waters ſide.*

Rival: m. *A rivall, corrival, competitor in love.*

Rivant. *Riveting.*

Rive: f. *The Seaſhore, ſide, or coaſt; the bank or ſide of a River; the brink, or brim of a Spring, &c.*

La rive d'un bois. *The skirt, edge, or ſide of a wood.*

La rive d'un pain. *The ſide of a louf.*

Il eſt plus aiſé de ſe tirer de la rive que de du fond; Prov. *Better may a man get from the brink then from the bottome; a miſchiefe is ſooner cruſhed, a delight more eaſily caſſed, when one is but dipped, then when he is plunged, into it.*

Rivé: m. ée: f. *Riveted, clenched; faſtned or turned back, as the point of a naile.*

Il luy a bien rivé ſes cloux. *See* Clou.

Rivement: m. *A riveting, a clenching.*

River. *To rivet or clench; to faſten or turn back the point of a naile, &c. alſo, to thruſt the clothes of a bed in at the ſides.*

River vn clou à. *To retort a ſpeech backe upon; to make a ſound reply unto.*

Riveran: m. *A Ferry-man or Boatman; alſo, a Welch hook, or hedging bill made with a hook at the end; or as;*

Rivereau: m. *The pole with a forke of iron, &c. at the end, wherewith Watermen ſet forward their boats when they row not; we call it a Bill-hook.*

† Rivereux: m. euſe: f. *Frequent, haunting, full of, or belonging to, rivers.*

Faulcon rivereux. *That preyes in marſhie places, or on river Fowle; a river Hawke, or Hawke for the river.*

Riverotte: f. *A brook, little ſtream, ſmall river.*

Rivet: m. *The welt of a ſhoe.*

Tirer au rivet. *Look* Tirer.

Riviére : f. *A river ; a ſtream ; alſo, a certain apple that yeelds an excellent cyder.*

Les riviéres retournent en la mer ; Prov. *Look* Mer.

En petite riviére ne ſe prend grand poiſſon ; Prov. *Small towns, or mean families, affoord no great preferment.*

En pont, en planche, & en riviére valet devant Maiſtre derriere ; Prov. *Look* Pont.

Les petis ruiſſeaux font les grandes riviéres ; Prov. *Many littles make a mickle ; many ſmall parcels joyned together make up a great body, or bulk.*

Riuler. *To ravell out like ſilke.* (v.m.)

Rivure. *as* Rivement.

Riz : m. *The grain Rice.*

Rob : m. *The juice of black Whortle berries preſerved.*

Rob de ribes. *The preſerved juice of red Gooſeberries, or baſtard Currans.*

Robbe : f. *A robe, gown, mantle, coat ; any long upper garment ; alſo, the ſea Calf, a fiſh.*

Robbe d'argent brodée de merde. *A learned text unlearnedly commented on.*

Robbe courte. gens de robbe courte. *All that profeſſe Armes, bold of the ſword, or uſually weare ſwords.*

Robbe longue. gens de robbe longue. *Lawyers, Clerks, Profeſſors of Arts, &c.*

Robbe qui ſent ſa petite ville. *A Citizens gown, a Burguers garment ; a civill, neat, ſpruce gown, or garment.*

Bonne robbe. *A Bona roba ; good ſtuffe, ſound lechery ; a round, fat, plumpe wench.*

Accommoder la robbe au petit poinct ; Il luy accommoda ſa rob. *He ſet his gown cloſe to his ſhoulders, he courſt his coat or Jacket ſoundly.*

Beuvez vn coup ou deux en robbe. *Steale a draught or two under your habits.*

Ils ne ſe ſont gueres faict tirer la robbe. *They were ſoon intreated, eaſily drawn, &c.*

Robbe d'autruy ne fait honneur à nul-luy ; Prov. *A borrowed gowne does well on no mans ſhoulders ; apparell graces none but them that owe it.*

Robbe refait monſt l'homme ; Prov. *Handſome apparell ſets out a man exceedingly.*

Les belles robbes pleurent ſur des eſpaules indignes ; Prov. *Great pitty 'tis to ſee faire clothes on a clowns back.*

Fille trop veuë, robbe trop veſtuë, n'eſt pas chere tenuë ; Prov. *Look* Fille.

Ventre de velours robbe de bureau ; Prov. *Choice food, and coſtly fare, doe make the back goe bare.*

Robber. *To rob, ſcalt, purloine, filch, nimme.*

Robberie : f. *Robbery, theevery, ſtealing, filching, purloining ; prowling.*

Robbeur : m. *A Robber ; or as* Deſrobbeur.

Roberge : f. *A kind of long ſhip, wherein both ſailes, and oares are uſed.*

Robert : m. Robert (*the name*) *alſo, the Peare Robert.*

Herbe Robert. *Herb Robert ; a kind of Storks-bill.*

Le pourpoint de Monſieur Robert. *A Doublet whoſe forebody is fine ſtuffe, and the back parts corſe.*

Sauce Robert. *Is made of yolks of egges, verjuice, white powder, and a little broth ſtrained together, and ſerved up with whole Gooſeberries put into it ; alſo, a ſauce for baggs feet, of onyons, pepper, verjuice, and vinegar.*

Ie luy bailleray bris contre Robert. *I will give him bread for his cake, or as good as he brings ; I will call him Jack if he call me Gill.*

† Robice : m. *A robbing ; or a robbery, felony, theevery ; a pilfering act, a theeviſh pranke.*

† Robille : f. Proviſion de la rob. *The clothes, rings, jewels, and attire of a widow, with as much other ſtuffe as ſhe can carry, adjudged unto her upon her renouncement of her deceaſed husbands eſtate.*

Robin : m. Robin. *(A proper name.)*

Bon Robin. *The name of a certain herb.*

Chanſon de Robin. *Look* Chanſon.

Robin a trouvé Marion ; Prov. *A notorious knave hath found a notable queane.*

Robin ſe ſouvient touſiours de ſa fleute ; Prov. *A drunkard ever dreames of pots, a miſer of his pelfe ; the ambitious of greatneſſe, the lecher of filthineſſe ; every one thinks moſt of the thing he affects moſt.*

C'eſt la maiſon Robin de la vallée, ou il n'y a ne pot au feu, ni eſcuelle lavée ; Prov. *Appliable to a needy, and a naſty houſe.*

Robineries : f. *Pleaſant conceits.*

Robinet : m. *A Pipkin ; a little Pot ; alſo, the Cock of a Fountaine, or of a Ciſterne ; alſo, the Taps-head.*

Robon : m. *A ſhort gown ; or a ſide-cuſſock reaching below the knees.*

La ſequele au robon. *Mean Tradeſmen, poore Merchants ; the refuſe, or followers of better Citizens.*

Roboration : f. *A ſtrengthening, ſtiffening, re-inforcing, fortifying.*

Roborement. *as* Roboration.

Roborer. *To ſtrengthen, ſtiffen, fortifie, re-inforce,*

Roborin. le bas rob. *as* Rembouër.

† Robre : m. *The great Oke, or great Gall-tree ; the moſt hard and durable Oke that is.*

Robuſte : com. *Strong, tough, ſinewie, pithy, ſturdy, mighty, forcible.*

Robuſtement. *Strongly, toughly, ſturdily, forcibly.*

Robuſteté : f. *Strength or ſtrongneſſe, toughneſſe, pithineſſe, hardneſſe or hardineſſe, force, might, ability of body.*

Roc : m. *A rock, ſtony crag ; ſtrong hold ; alſo, a Rook at Cheſſe ; alſo, a cradle for a child :* (*F.* Bourbon.) *alſo, the crooked piece of timber that ſtands on th'outſide of the forecaſtle of a ſhip ; and is tearmed the Knight.*

Sans eſpargner ny roy, ny roc. *without mercy, without reſpect of perſons, dealing alike-ſeverely with all.*

Rocard. vn vieux roc. *A hoarſe mouldiehap't, an overworne ſincaunter, one that can neither whinny, nor wag the taile.*

Roce. *as* Roſſe.

Roch : m. *as* Roche ; *alſo, the name of a Saint, for whom a Holy-day is, in ſome places, kept on the ſixteenth day of* Auguſt.

Herbe de S. Roch. *Fleawort, Conize, Fleabane, Fleabane Mullet.*

Deſrobber la boſſe à S. Roch. *To keep his hands in ure* (*as in* Boſſe.)

Rochaille : f. *Rocks ; rockineſſe.*

Rochau : m. *Rock-fiſh, any fiſh that lives among rocks ; and particularly, the Cook-fiſh, or Sea-thruſh, as alſo, the fiſh* Cœnus.

Roche : f. *A rock ; a ſtony crag or hill.*

Roche biſe. *Look* Bis.

Roche vive. *Such a rock as is all of ſtone without any bed, or mixture of earth, or ſand among it.*

Il y a bien de l'anguille ſous roche. *There's yet lurks ſome further matter, there is more in it then the world's aware of.*

Rocher : m. *A rock.*

La gambade du rocher. *Precipitation, or the being thrown headlong from a rock.*

Rocher : m. ere : f. *Rocky ; of a rock.*

Rocheray. Colombe rocharaye. *A rock Pigeon ; alſo, a wild Pigeon, or one that's bred between a wild, and a tame one.*

Rochet : m. *A frock ; looſe gaberdine, or gown of canvas, or corſe linnen, worn by a labourer over the reſt of his clothes ; alſo, a Prelates Rochet ; alſo, the burre, button, or blunt yron head, of a tilting-ſtaffe ; or, a Tilting weapon having a blunt edge, or end.*

† Rochier. *as* Rocher.

Rocquer vn enfant. *To rock a child.*

Rodage : m. *A certain Toll exacted by ſome countrey Lords upon every wain that paſſes (though in the high-way,) near to their Seigneuries, whether it be laden or no ; but if it be, they will be paid both for the load, and for the cart.*

Rodanes : f. *A kind of ſweet Cherries.*

Rode : f. *The Dorce, or Gold fiſh.*

Rodé. Qui a rodé le païs. *That hath roamed, wandered, vagabonded it all the countrey over.*

† Rodelle d'un clou. *The head of a naile.*

Rodemontade. *Look* Rodomontade.

Roder. *To roame, wander, vagabondize it, rogue abroad, run up and down, flit here and there, trot all the countrey over.*

Roder les rues. *To jet, walke, trot up and down the ſtreets (eſpecially knights,) to ſee the town ſtroted.*

Roder les yeux. *To roll the eyes unſteadily, to caſt the eyes round about, to look on every ſide of him.*

Rodeur : m. *A vagabond, roamer, wanderer, ſtreet-walker, highway-beater ; a rolling ſtone, one that does nought but run here and there, trot up and down, rogue all the countrey over ; an often and uncertaine flitter.*

Rodibilitrdique : com. *Fat, or larded with fat.* (v.m.)

Rododaphne. *Oleander, the Roſe tree, Roſe bay, Roſe bay tree ; a ſhrub very beautifull, and very full of poiſon.*

Rodomontade : f. *A brag, boaſt, crack, vainglorious bravado.*

Roëlle : f. *Seek* Rouëlle.

Rogations : f. *Rogation daies, the Rogation weeke, the Gang daies or Gang week.*

Apres Paſques, & Rogation ſy de preſtre, & d'oignon ; Prov. *Look* Oignon ; *or* Preſtre.

Rogatons: m. *Indulgences, Bulls of pardon, Reliques, &c. born about the country.*
Porteur de rogatons. *Look* Porteur.
Roger bon-temps. *A mad rascall, a merry greek.*
Rognons, *as* Roignons.
Rogue. *The Mesenterium. Look* Mesentere.
Rogue: com. *Arrogant, proud, presumptuous; malapert, saucie; rude, surlie.*
Roguement. *Arrogantly, proudly, presumptuously; surlily; malapertly, saucily.*
Roide: com. *Stiffe, steady, firme, stable, strong; sturdy, stubborne; rough, fierce, rude, uncivill, violent; constant, inflexible; untractable.*
Roide. *as* Roidement. *Look* Piller.
Roidement. *Stiffly, steadily, firmly, strongly; sturdily, sternly; rudely, fiercely, roughly; constantly, inflexibly; violently, vehemently.*
Roideur: m. *Stiffnesse, steadinesse, firmenesse; might, strength, force, vigour, power; sturdinesse, rudenesse, roughnesse, untractablenesse; earnestnesse, violence, vehemency.*
Roidi: m. ie: f. *Stifned, hardned; stretched, or bent out.*
Roidir. *To stiffen, harden, straighten, bend or stretch out.*
Se roidir. *To be stiffly bent unto, setled in, resolved of; to frame himselfe unto a constant, rigid, or untractable determination, fashion, or humour; also, to be hard frozen, or to grow stark with cold.*
Roidir le jarret. *To shake, or stretch out, the legges, as one that's felled by a deadly blow.*
Roigne. *as* Rongne.
Roignement: m. *A paring, clipping, shredding, a cutting off or away.*
Roigner, & Roigneux. *Look* Rongner, & Rongneux.
Roignons: m. *The kidneyes.*
Roine. *See* Rayne.
Roisons: f. *Rogation week or dayes, Gang weeke, or Gate dayes; called so by the vulgar.*
Roitelet: m. *A petty or poore King; also, a Wren.*
Roland: m. *Rowland; a proper name.*
Mort Roland. *Thirst, or a dying of thirst.* ¶ Rab.
Faire le Roland. *To brag, boast, cracke; swagger, sweare, teare, stare, fare like a mad-man.*
Rolar. *as* Roule. ¶ Bayonnois.
Obligé en rolat. *Subject unto the rigour of the Court of a* Bailli.
Rolle, & Rollet. *Seek* Roule, & Roulet.
Rollier: m. *A Waine-man, or Waggoner; one that in a Waine, or Waggon, carries o-the mens ware up and downe.*
Rollon: m. *A rowler, a rowling stone.*
Romain: m. inc: f. *Roman, of* Rome.
Absynthe Romain. *Roman Wormwood, French wormwood, Wormwood gentle, small-leaved wormwood.*
Espée Romaine. *Look* Espée.
Laictuë Romaine. *Roman Lettuce, the greatest kind of Cabbadge Lettuce.*
Mente Romaine. *Spear Mint, brownie Mint, garden Mints.*
Nielle Romaine. *Gith, Nigella, Bishopswort, Saint Katherines flower.*
Sauge Romaine. *Balsamint, Costmary, Alecost; as* Mente Romaine.
Romaine: f. *A Roman beam, a Stellere. See* Crochet.
Roman: m. *The most eloquent French, of any thing written eloquently, was tearmed so in old time; (of the Roman, or most eloquent language) Hence;* Le Roman de la Rose; *The Romant of the Rose: (In the confines of* Germany, *and* Lorraine *the Language that is not* German *is at this day called* Romant.)
Romanesque: com. *Romish, Roman.*
Romans: m. *Beets.* ¶ Pic.
Romarin. *Look* Rosmarin.
Rome: f. *(The Citie of)* Rome.
Le loup alla à Rome, & y laissa de son poil, & rien de ses coustumes; Pro. *No place can alter an inveterate lewdnesse.*
Qui sol va à Rome tol en retourne; Prov. *Seek* Fol.
Qui langue a à Rome va; Prov. *He that can speak may travell any way.*
Romicole: com. *One that affects, or honours,* Rome, *or the Romish Religion.*
Rommeler. *To rumble, grumble, grunt.*
Rommeny: m. *The fur called Budge.* (v.m.)
Romore. *Seek* Remore.
Rompable: com. *Burstable, breakable.*
Rompeis: m. *Grounds newly broken up; especially such as either have never, or not within memory, been tilled.*
Rompement: m. *A breaking, bursting, pashing asunder, dashing in pieces; also, a cancelling, dissolving, infringing, undoing.*
Rompe-pierre. *as* Rompierre.
Rompeur: m. *A burster, a breaker.*
Rompeur de chansons. *A continuall interrupter of such as talke more wisely then himselfe.*
Rompierre: f. *The herb Saxifrage; also, Sampire.*
Rompierre blanche. *White Saxifrage, white Stone-break.*
Rompierre dorée. *Golden Saxifrage, or Stone-break.*
Rompre. *To burst, break; dash, or pash in pieces; to pull, rend, or teare asunder; also, to casse, cancell, infringe, dissolve, undoe, also, to barre at Dice, &c.*
Rompre l'anguille au genouil. *To performe an impossibility.*
Rompre le coup. *To beat or put by a blow, in Fencing, &c.*
Rompre le coup à vne menée. *To divert, crosse, dissolve, make void, a practise.*
Ie vous rompz ce coup là. *I deny you that, or stop you there; hoe there neighbour, by your favour sir.*
Rompre les oreilles à. *To deafe, or molest with overmuch prattle.*
Rompre la paille avec. *To fall out with a friend, companion, or familiar acquaintant.*
Rompre plustost que plier. *Look* Plier.
Rompre la teste à. *To weary, tire, or toyle out with infinite babling; to importune, or crie out upon overmuch.*
A tout rompre. *At the most; at the highest; at the worst; or, when all comes to all.*
Meschant à tout rompre. *An extreme rascall, a most egregious villaine.*
Avarice rompt le sac; Prov. *In striving to take too much of a thing we spoyle it, and despoyle our selves of all further use of it.*
Mieux vaut tirer que rompre; Prov. *Better to retch then to break; to yield a little then perish altogether.*
† Rompture: f. *A rupture, breach, breaking, &c.* *Look* Rompure. (v.m.)
Cas de rompture. *An equall sharing of a bankrupts goods among his creditors; In which case, if he had land subject unto rent, the Landlord hath it the first yeare in lieu of his arrerages; and after him every one, in his turne, hath it his yeare.*
Rompu: m. Bon rompu. *A good companion, good fellow, or (as we say) a good rogue.*
Rompu: m. uë: f. *Burst, broken; dasht, or pasht, in pieces; pulled, rent, or torne, asunder; also, cassed, cancelled, infringed, undone, dissolved; also, burst, viz. whose bowels be fallen into his cods.*
Rompu aux affaires. *Practised, much exercised, fully beaten in, well acquainted with, the course of businesses; of great experience in the world.*
Rompu de travail. *Harried, wearied, over-toyled, cleane beaten out, that hath lost both strength and health by too much labouring.*
Chemin rompu. Le chemin est tout rompu de gens. *The way is much beaten, or worne by the multitude of passengers.*
Dos rompu. 'A dos rompu. *Doubling, twofold, as if his back were broken.*
Front rompu. Qui à le front rompu. *An impudent fellow, a shamelesse or brasen-faced companion.*
Gorge rompuë. Crier à gorge rompuë. *Till his mouth split withall.*
Ie m'y suis bien rompu la testë. *I have extremely afflicted, perplexed, or troubled my braines withall.*
Rompu-dos. 'A rompu-dos. *as* 'A dos rompuë.
Rompuë: f. *A rout, a discomfiture.*
Rompure: f. *A ruption, rupture, fracture, brack, breach; bursting, breaking.*
Roncay: m. *A Brier-plot; a ground or place full of Briers.*
Ronce: f. *A Bramble, or Brier; also, a kind of Thornback.*
Ronce de cerf. *Rough Bindweed.*
Ronce de chien. *The Brier-bush, or Hep tree; or, a great kind thereof, which beares a white flower, and great leaves resembling the soles of mens feet; some also call so, the Caper shrub.*
Ronce Ideenne. *A Raspice plant or bush.*
Roncé: m. ée: f. *Hurled; or making a whurring noise, as a stone, &c. cast with violence.* ¶ Gasc.
Ronceux: m. euse: f. *Bramblie, briarie, full of brambles, or briers.*
Ronciere: f. *A bushie close or ground, a place full of brambles, or briers.*
Roncoy. *as* Roncay.
Rond: m. *A Sol, or the French shilling (tenne whereof make but one of ours;) also, the dance called a Round; whence;*
Ie suis tout saoul, ie dancerois bien vn rond.
Rond: m. ronde: f. *Round, circular, orbicular, compasse; full, plumpe; also, free, blunt, plaine, open-hearted, sincere.*
Muscle rond. *One of the fowre muskles which draw up the nether Jaw; and which (particularly) puffes up the cheeke, and*

and is therefore by the Latine Anatomists called Buccinator.

Vaisseau rond. *A Ship; termed thus to make a difference betweene it an a Galley, Foist, Brigantine, &c. All which are termed,* Vaisseaux longs.

Donner le plein, & le rond à. *To perfect, consummate, accomplish.*

Tenir table ronde. *To keepe open house.*

Rondace: f. *A round Targuet, or great Buckler.*

Rondache. *as* Rondace.

Rondachier: m. *A Targuettier; one that serves with a* Rondache.

Ronde: f. *A circle; a compasse, or compassing; the Round (walked) in Garrisons.*

Ronde. (*Adverbially*) Cent lieuës à la ronde. *A hundred leagues compasse.*

Rondeau: m. *A Scrowle; such as, among Armes or Emblemes, a Deuise, or Motto is written in; also, a kind of round, and stiffe Pancake.*

Rondeau de pastissier. *A round and flat board wherein* Pastissiers *do raise their Past and Pies.*

Rondeau de rime. *A Rime, or Sonnet that ends as it begins.*

Rondeler. *To turn, wind, wheele, goe compasse, cast about.*

Rondelet: m. *as* Rondeau.

Rondelier: m. *A maker of Bucklers, or of round Targuets; also, a Souldier that serves with a Buckler; a Targuettier.*

Rondelle: f. *A Buckler, or (little) Targuet; also, the Roche fish; also, the beam of a naile.*

Rondelle de fer. *A round plate, or band of iron.*

Rondement. *Roundly, circularly, orbicularly; fully, plumply; freely, plainely, bluntly, throughly.*

Rondeur: f. *Roundnesse, globinesse; fullnesse, plumpnesse; plainenesse, bluntnesse, free speech, good earnest.*

Rondin: m. *A measure for Corne, or Graine; containing about a Picotin and a half.*

Rondole: f. *The sea Bat, or Reremouse of the sea; a flying fish.*

Ronfle: f. *Hand-Russe, at Cards.*

Iouër à la ronfle. *To play at hand-Russe; also, to snore.*

Vous me remettez à point en ronfle veuë. *You put me shrewdly to my plunges, drive me to the wall, have me at a bay.*

Ronfler. *To snore, snort, vent.*

Ronfleur: m. *A snorer, a snorter, a ventor.*

Ronge: m. *A gnawing, fretting, nibling.*

Cela luy reviene tousiours au ronge. *That still doth extremely vex, or fret him; he cannot forget it, it will never from his heart.*

Rongé: m. ée: f. *Gnawn, knapped or nibled, off; eaten, fretted, worn away.*

Rongeard: m. arde: f. *Gnawing, knapping, nibling, off; eating, fretting, wearing away.*

Rongement: m. *A gnawing, knapping or nibling, off; a fretting, eating, or wearing away.*

Ronger. *To gnaw, knap, or nible, off; to fret, eat, or wear away; also, to champe, or chew.*

Ronger vne colere en son esprit. *To fret, vex, or chafe, inwardly.*

Ronger entre les dents. Il faut ronger cela entre les dents sans dire mot. *That must be born, intertained, or digested, without contradiction.*

Ronger son frain; (*Much like the former*) *to bite of the bit.*

Rongeur: m. *A gnawer, knapper, nibler, fretter.*

Rongne: f. *Scurf, scabbinesse, the mange.*

Rongné: m. ée: f. *Pared, clipped, shred, cut away; also, circumcised.*

Il s'est rongné les ongles à l'estude de. *Look* Ongle.

Ressemblez la monnoye rongnée. *To be unlearned, or without letters.*

Rongnement: m. *A clipping, paring, shredding; a cutting off, or away.*

Rongner. *To pare, clip, shred, cut, fret, off, or away.*

Rongner les ailes à. *To keepe low, hold under, hinder from rising; or, as;*

Rongner les ongles à. *To weaken, disarme, or disable (for defence, or offence.)*

Qui fief rongne fief perd. *If a tenant, or vassall, alien part of his fief, he forfeits the whole unto the Lord* Feodal.

† Rongnere: f. *A Farriers paring-knife.*

Rongneure: f. *A shred, paring, clipping, remnant, offall, odd end.*

Rongneures. *Shreds, parings, clippings, odd ends; also, wine left in the bottome of a glasse, &c. after a draught.*

Les rongneures du temps que nous desrobbons, & prenons pour nos affaires. *Odd, stolne, or vacant times bestowed on our private occasions.*

Rongneux: m. euse: f. *Scabbie, mangie, Scurvie.*

Cheval rongneux n'a cure qu'on l'estrille; Pro. *A scabbie Jade affects not the Curry-combe; nor a scurvy Jade any correction.*

Mere pieuse fait sa fille rongneuse; Prov. *A tender-hearted mother breeds a short-heeld daughter.*

Mestier n'avons de pastissier rongneux; Pro. *Look* Pastissier.

Rongnonner. *To pare, clip, or gnaw by little and little; also, to grumble, murmure, or mutter.*

Rongnure. *as* Rongneure.

Ronsé. Raye ronsée. *A Thornback, or rack Ray.*

Ronsiere: f. *A place full of briers, a plat full of brambles.*

Ronson. *as* Bondelle.

Ronsoy: m. *as* Ronsiere.

Ronsis: m. *Grounds newly broken up (especially such as (although they have lyen a long time ley) either appear, or be remembred to have been tilled.* (v. m.)

Roole. *Seek* Roule.

Roolet: m. *was, in the civill wars, a watch-word among the French Clergy, signifying a collection for the pensions of those great Personages, which had undertaken to protect them; also, as* Roulet.

Roolle. *Seek* Roulle.

Roolé: m. ée: f. *Rowled up, wrapped or moulded inwards, turned round.*

† Ropts: m. *Pot-boards.*

Roquau: m. *A gluttonous Rock-fish (of no certain colour; for there be of them black ones, green ones, red ones, and some of sundry colours) which makes of grasse a meale in the sea, and therein hatches her spawn.*

Roque: f. *A Rock, Fort, Cable, Citadell, Block-house, or strong Hold (built on a Rock.)*

Roquet: m. *as* Rochet.

Roquette: f. *A little Rock; a small Fort; also, the herb Rocket.*

Roquette des jardins. *Rocket gentle, garden Rocket, Roman Rocket.*

Roquette sauvage. *Wild Rocket, wall Rocket.*

Roquille de vin. *The quarter of a French (much about our halfe) Pint.*

Rosace: f. *The flower of Brankursine, or Beares-breech; tearmed so by Imagiers, &c.*

Rosage. *as* Rosageur.

† Rosageur. *The shrub Oleander, Nerum, Rose-Lawrell, Rosetree, Rose-Bay, Rose-Bay tree.*

† Rosagine. *as* Rosageur.

Rosaire. *An ordinary Limbeck for the distilling of Rosewater; also, a Rosarie, or our Ladies Psalter.*

Rosat. *Of Roses; whence;* Huile rosat; Miel rosat; &c.

Rosignol. *as* Rossignol.

Rose: f. *A Rose; also, the ougly excrescence of the sea, tearmed the red Nettle; also, a small red-tailed fish, not much unlike a Mermon, but that it hath scales, and is always full-roed.*

Rose Autumnale. *The white Muske Rose.*

Rose blanche. *The ordinary white Rose.*

Roses blanches. *as* Les Fleurs blanches; *under* Fleur.

Rose de buisson. *The briar Rose, hedge Rose, wild Rose.*

Rose canine, ou de chien. *The wild Rose, or briar Rose (of what kind soever)*

Rose Damasquine. *The white Muske Rose.*

Rose de Damas. *The semi, or the single white Muske Rose, or Damaske Rose.*

Rose d'eſgs latine. *as* Rose incarnate.

Rose franche. *The wild Rose.*

Rose de Hierico. *Rose of Jericho, or of Jerusalem; the Musk Rose, our Ladies Rose.*

Rose iaune. *The yellow Rose.*

Rose de incarnate. *Our Damask Rose.*

Rose de Innen. *The white Lily.*

Rose muscate; ou musquée. *The white Muske Rose.*

Rose de nostre Dame. *Rose of the mount, Knights Bloom, Peonie, Pionie; also, as* Rose de Hierico.

Rose d'outre mer. *The garden Mallow, called Hocks, and Holyhocks.*

Rose de pienne. *Peonie, Pionie, Rose of the desert.*

Rose de Provence. *The Provins Rose, the double Damaske Rose.*

Rose de Provins. *The ordinary double wild Rose.*

Rose sauvage. *The wild Rose, hedge Rose, briar Rose; also, the Eglantine, or sweet briar Rose.*

Camphre en roses. *Naturall Camphire, or such as hath not been touched by fire.*

Chapeau, ou chapel de roses. *A small, slight, incompetent, or less-then-due portion given a maid to her marriage.*

Droict

Droict de roſes. *Look* Droict.

Pot aux roſes. *A miſterie, cloſe matter; ſecret miſchiefe, private inconvenience, hidden knavery.*

Racine ſentant les roſes. *Roſe-root, Roſewort; an herb.*

Semer des roſes aux pourceaux. *To beſtow excellent things upon the vicious that will not, or the ignorant that cannot, make uſe of them.*

La roſe en fin devient vn gratecul; Pro. *The faireſt Roſe ends in a hep; griefe ſits on pleaſures higheſt ſtep.*

Nulle roſe ſans eſpine; Pro. *No Roſe without a prickle.*

Truye aime mieux bran que roſes; Pro. *Look* Bran.

Roſeau: m. *A Reed, a Cane; alſo, a Raft, or Float-boat of timber.*

Roſeau aromatic. Calamus Aromaticus, *The Aromaticall Reed.*

Roſeau Cyprien. *Cyprus Cane, Pole Reed.*

Roſeau des eſtangs. *Reed-graſſe, the Bur Reed.*

Roſeau des Indes. *The flowring Reed.*

Roſeau odorant. *as* Roſeau aromatic.

Eſtanſonner le menſonge d'un roſeau. *To uphold, or maintain an untruth with frivolous excuſes, vain reaſons, idle arguments.*

Roſée: f. *Dew, the dew of Heaven.*

Roſée du ſoleil. *Sun-Dew,* Ros ſolis, *Youthwort; an herb then moiſteſt, and moſt covered with dew, when the Sun lies hotteſt on it; In the North parts it is called Red rot (becauſe it rotteth ſheep) and Moore-graſſe.*

Tendre roſée. *A young, tender, delicate laſſe.*

Roſetique. Vin roſetique. *The beſt kind of Gaſcon wine, growing within the territory of Nerac, and there ſo called of it Vermillion hue.*

Roſette: f. *Vermillion, cheek-Varniſh; a bright ruddy colour; alſo, red Inke to rule books with; alſo, a kind of fine copper that comes out of* Hungary *in round plates; alſo, a little Roſe; alſo, the Roſe at the end of the cheek of a bit, next to the reignes; alſo, a little rowell of a ſpur.*

Roſette noire. *Latten or Copper whereof Kettles are made; eſpecially ſuch as muſt not be hammered, but melted.*

Poire de roſette. *A very tender, and delicate Pear.*

Vin de roſette. *Alligant.*

Roſier: m. *Roſe-tree, Roſe-buſh, Roſe-brier; alſo, a Garden, Plot, Bed, or Arbour, of Roſes.*

Roſier ſauvage. *The wild brier, or hedge brier.*

Roſiere: f. *A ſmall, yellowiſh, broad-bellied, or bream-like fiſh, over full-rowed.* ¶ Pic.

Roſillant. *Dewie, bedewing, dew-dropping, dew-yeelding.*

Roſin: m. ine: f. Roſie, *red, ruddie, fair, fragrant, Roſe-like, of or belonging to Roſes.*

Roſinant. *as* Roſillant.

Roſinement: m. *A bedewing; a falling of dew.*

Roſiner. *The dew to fall; or to fall, diſtill, or drop down as the dew; to dew, to bedew.*

Roſineux: m. euſe: f. *Dewie, full of dew.*

Roſle. *as* Roule.

Roſmarin: m. *Roſemary; alſo, the herb Frankinceuſe.*

Roſmarin des iardins. *Garden Roſemary, common Roſemary.*

Roſemarin maſle. *Roſemary Frankincenſe, Libanotis Roſemary, black or white Hart-root.*

Roſemarin pointu. *Sweet Broom, Heath, Ling.*

Roſemarin ſauvage. (*The red-branched*) *wild Roſemary.*

Donner du roſmarin. *To diſmiſſe, quite put off; give a flat anſwer (or denyall) unto, a woer.*

Roſoyant. *Bedewing; alſo, of a roſie colour.*

Roſoyer. *To dew, bedew, wet gently, moiſten ſaire and ſoftly.*

Vne vapeur qui roſoye. *A driſling, miſling, miſtie rain; or a vapour that hovers aloft, and, being not yet come to the ſubſtance of a rain, waſts it ſelf by drizling.*

† Roſpe: f. *A Toad.*

Roſſe: m. *A Iade, a Tit.*

Il n'eſt ſi bon cheval qui n'en deviendroit roſſe. *It would anger a Saint, or creſt-fall the beſt man living, to be ſo uſed.*

Onques bon cheval ne devint roſſe; *Look* Cheval.

Roſſe: f. *The Roche-fiſh; alſo, a ſmall red-taild lake-fiſh, not much unlike a Mennow; alſo, as* Poule de mer.

Roſſelet. *as* Roſelet.

Roſſette: f. *as* Marquote; *alſo, a kind of ſmall Dogfiſh called the ſea-Cat.*

Roſſignol: m. *A Nightingale; alſo, a pick-lock.*

Roſſignol d'Arcadie. *An Aſſe.*

Roſſignols de marais. *So do they in ſome places tearm, and cry up and down the ſtreets, flayed Frogs.*

Roſſignol de muraille. *A Stark, a Red-taile.*

Roſſignol de reviere. *The River Nightingale; or, a kind of Kings-fiſher that ſings very ſweetly.*

Roſſignoler. *To record, or ſing, like a Nightingale.*

Roſſignoleſque: com. *Nightingale-like, harmonious, melodious; doleſull, mornefull.*

Roſſignolet: m. *A young, or little, Nightingale.*

Roſt: m. *Roſte, roſt-meat.*

Roſt de riſtetand. *as* Roul; *alſo, roſted Apples.*

Qui a mangé le roſt ronge l'os. *When as the roſt-meat is clean gone, a man muſt faſt or gnaw the bone.*

Roſtedom: m. *One that requires, or takes, back the gift which he had beſtowed.* (v. m.)

Roſti: m. *Roſt-meat. Look* Roſty.

Roſti ſanglant. *Is made by dredging with Hares blond dried into powder.*

Roſti: m. ie: f. *Roſted; toſted; broiled.*

Oeil roſti. *A vehement inflamation of the eye, a Carbuncle in the eye.*

Roſtie: f. *A toaſt.*

Roſtir. *To roſt; alſo, to broile; alſo, to toſt.*

Roſtiſſerie: f. *Roſt, roſt-meat; alſo, a kitchin, cookary, or Cookes ſhop, wherein meat is uſually roſted.*

Roſtiſſeur: m. *A roſter of meat; alſo, a Cook that ſells, or dreſſes, none but roſt-meat.*

Roſtiſſiere: f. *A roſting Cooks wife.*

Roſty: m. *Roſt, roſt-meat.*

S'endormir ſur le roſty. *Look under* Endormir.

Rot: m. *A belch.*

Rotateurs: m. *Two muſcles, a greater and a leſſe, which turn about the eye.*

Rote: f. *A great high way in a Forreſt; alſo, a tree growing therein.*

Roteur: m. *A Pond to water Flax, or Remp, in.*

Rotine. Par rotine. *By rote.*

Rotiſſerie: f. *as* Roſtiſſerie.

Rotiſſeur. *as* Roſtiſſeur.

Rotiſſoir: m. *A Cobiron, or little Rack.*

Rotondité: f. *Rotundity, roundneſſe.*

Rotte: f. *A With, or the band of a Fagot, &c. (about* Blois.)

Rotte de cire. *Five pound (weight or quantity) of wax.*

Rotée de bois. *as* Corde de bois; *or as much wood as will be contained therein.*

Rottement: m. *A belching, or breaking of wind.*

Rotter. *To belch, or break wind upwards.*

Rotteur: m. *An Officer that meaſures* les Rottées de bois *indifferently for the buyer and ſeller.*

Rottier: m. *as* Routier.

Rottine: f. *An uſuall courſe, beaten path, ordinary way.*

Rotule du genouil. *The ball, or whirlebone of the knee.*

Roture: f. *Yeomanrie; the eſtate, condition, or calling of ſuch as are not of gentle bloud; alſo, ſocage, or ſuch an ignoble tenure; alſo, the land thats held thereby.*

Harnas de roture. *The Plough.*

Heritages en roture. *Land held in ſocage; or by* Cens, *rent, or other ignoble ſervices.*

Roturier: m. *A Yeoman, or Plebeyan; a Ploughman, a husbandman; any lay man that is no Gentleman.*

Roturier: m. ere: f. *Yeomanly, Plebeyan, ignoble, unnoble, baſe, meane.*

Fief roturier. *Which is held by rent, or* Cens, *or any other ignoble ſervice.*

Rente roturiere. *A bare rent charge, or rent ſecke; alſo, ſuch a rent as iſſues out of an inheritance which is no fief.*

Roturierement. *Baſely, meanely, ignobly, clownifhly, Plebeyan-like.*

† Roüable. *as* Rable; *alſo, an Engine wherewith fiſh is (forbidden to be) caught.*

Roüage: m. *Wheelage, wheeles, wheele-work; the furniture of wheeles; proviſion of wheeles.*

Roüage d'artillerie. *The carriage of Artillerie.*

Droict de roüage. *Wheelage. Looke* Droict.

Roüaille. *A deviſe, or engine wherewith fiſh is caught.*

Roüaiſons: m. *Rogations, Gang-daies.*

Roüant m. ante: f. *Wheeling, turning round about; alſo, light, flitting, unſteady; ſoon paſſing away.*

Ro-

† Roüart : m. *A Marſhall, or Provoſt Marſhall; an officer that breakes, or ſees broken, malefactors on the wheele; alſo, the great and ſtrong-boned fiſh* Rota, *or the wheele fiſh.*

†Rouce. *as* Ronce.

Rouche : f. *A ruſh.*

Roucherole : f. *The river Nightingale; or a kind of Kings-fiſher that ſings very ſweetly.*

Rouchet. *as* Rougette.

Roucin. *as* Rouſſin.

Roucoler. *To croo like a Dove, or Queeſt.*

Roucoulement : m. *The crooing of Doves.*

Roucouler. *To croo.*

Rouctement : m. *A belching.*

Rouë : f. *A wheele; alſo, the breaking of all the joynts on a wheele.*

Roue de compte. *A Notch-wheele in a Clock.*

Roüe de mer. *The ſea-wheele; a huge, round, and monſtrous ſea-fiſh.*

Roüe de rencontre. *A Flea-wheele, or the balance wheele of a Clock.*

Faire la roüe. *To wheel, go compaſſe, turn round, ſwing, or twirle about; (A Peacocke fait la roüe, when in the height of his pride he covers himſelf all over with his taile.)*

La maiſtreſſe roüe qui tourne le molin. *That which does all in all.*

Marcher à quatre roües. Cela marche, &c. *That buſineſſe goes roundly, or faſt; on.*

Mettre le foin en roüe. viz. *in windbaulkes, or wind-rowes.*

Pouſſer à la roüe. *To ſet forward by all the meanes he can, to aſſiſt with might and maine.*

La pire roüe du chariot eſt celle qui crie le plus fort ; Prov. *No man's in company ſo lowd as he that can doe leaſt.*

Roüé : m. ée : f. *Broken, or executed, upon the wheel; wheeled, whirled, or ſwung, about; alſo, dapled as a horſe.*

Roüelle : f. *A little flat ring, or wheel of plate, or iron, in horſes Bitts; alſo, a round plate of armour for defence of the armehole when the arme is lifted up; and generally, any ſmall hoope, circle, ring, or round thing, thats moveable in the place which it holds.*

Roüelle de genouil. *The ball, or whirlebone of the knee.*

Roüelle d'oignon. *A ſhive of an Onyon.*

Roüelle de veau. *The broad end of a leg of Veale, cut round, and divided from the knuckle.*

Rougement : m. *A wheeling, or turning round.*

Roüen. Cheval roüen. *A roane horſe.*

Roüer : m. Vn roüer. *A wheeling, a compaſſing, a round turning, a ſwinging about.*

Roüer. *To wheele, turn round, ſwing about, go compaſſe, draw after him turning; alſo, to break upon the wheel.*

Roüer ſur les miſeres & calamitez. *To turn upon the wheel of adverſe fortune.*

Roüeſſe : f. *The name of a certaine great Peare.*

Roüet : m. *A ſpinning wheel; any little wheel; alſo, a Weavers cloth-beam; alſo, the lock of an Harquebuſe, &c.*

Roüet dentelé. *The cog-wheel of a Mill.*

Mettre au roüet. *To gravell, plunge, lay ſore to, put to his laſt ſhifts; (from a Hare, which being ſo farre ſpent that ſhe can run no more end-wais, but is fain to wheel about the dogs, they ſay of her,* Le lievre eſt mis au roüet)

Roüeter. *To turn a (ſpinning) wheel.*

Roüette : f. *A little wheel.*

Rouge d'avoine. *A certain Peare whereof excellent Perry is made.*

Rouge : com. *Red, vermillion, blood-red.*

Rouge bourſe. *A Robin-red-breaſt.*

Rouge grenat ; ou grenat rouge. *as* under Grenat.

Beſtes rouges. *Any kind of Deer, or harmleſſe game.*

Gorge rouge. *A Robin-red-breaſt.*

Monnoye rouge. *Golden coine.*

Rouge comme vn Cherubin. *Having a Fiery facies.*

Le plus rouges y ſont pris. *The craftieſt, or cunningeſt of them are intrapped there.*

Rouge viſage, & groſſe pance ne ſont ſignes de penitence ; Prov. *A ſwagging belly and a drunken face, are not the ſignes of a repentant grace.*

Rougeaſtre : com. *Reddiſh, ruddie, ſomewhat red.*

Rouge-bourſe. *as* Rouge-gorge.

Rouge-brun : m. *A dark red which Painters lay for a ground to their Vermillion.*

Rouge-clair : m. *An excellent Enammell (made of Gold, Quickſilver, and the ſpirit of Copper) which will not ſettle on any thing but Gold.*

Rouge-gorge. *The ſmall bird called a Robin-red-breaſt.*

Rougelet : m. *The name of an Apple.*

Rougement. *Redly.*

Rougeolle : f. *The Meazles.*

Rouget : m. *A Rochet fiſh; alſo, a great round Apple that yeelds excellent Cyder.*

Rouget barbé. *The ſore Mullet.*

Rougette : f. *The Red-fiſh; very like a Gurnard, and by ſome held to be the ſame.*

Rougeur : f. *Redneſſe.*

Rougir. *To bluſh, to grow red.*

Rougiſſant. *Bluſhing, waxing red.*

Rougnette. *Look* Rongnette.

† Rouhard : m. arde : f. *Crooing, crying, mourning, like a woodculver, or Turtledove.*

† Rouhaſtre : m. *A ſcuffling, incounter, conflict, contention, bickering, debate.*

Rouille : f. *Ruſt, ruſtineſſe.*

Rouillé : m. ée f. *Ruſty, full of ruſt.*

Plus rouillé que la claveure d'un vieil charnier. *See* Claveure.

Rouiller. *To pummell, or beat about the eares.* (v.m.)

Se Rouiller. *To ruſt.*

Rouillons : m. *Chichlings, petty Fitches, or Vetches*

Rouillure : f. *Ruſtineſſe.*

Rouïr du chanvre. *To ſteepe or water Hempe.*

Rouiſſe : f. *The name of a great Peare.*

Rouiſſoir : m. *A Pond, or Poole to water Flax, or Hempe in.*

Roul : m. *The Stay of a Weavers Loome, having teeth of Reed, &c. like a combe.*

Roulant : m. ante : f. *Rowling, foulding up into a rowle, turning round.*

Chardon roulant. *The hundred-headed Thiſtle, field Eringus, Levant ſea-Holme, champion ſea-Hollie.*

Roule : m. *A Rowle; a Liſt, Inventory, Catalogue, Bill, Scrowle, Regiſter, of Names, or of Cauſes; alſo, a rowling, foulding, turning, rounding; alſo, mutability, unſteadineſſe, continuall motion.*

Tour du roule. *The catalogue of cauſes to be heard that day, delivered to the Judges at their ſitting down in Courts.*

A tour de roule. *In courſe, in order, by turnes, one after another.*

Gaigner le tour du roule. *Which an advocate is ſaid to do, when he procures the hearing of a Cauſe which he is towards (and which is called on in courſe) to be put off unto a further day.*

Iouër ſon roule. *To play his part.*

Roule : f. *The high way for Carts, and Waggons; the Rut, or ſtreet, way.*

Rouleau : m. *A Roll of Paper, or of Parchment; alſo, the round pin, ſtritchell, or ſtrickle uſed in the meaſuring of Corn, &c. more generally, any rolling pin; alſo, the cloth tearmed Cotton; or a curſe woollen Stuffe of the making of Cottons.*

Rouleaux. *Long and round Leavers whereon Ships are gotten into a Dock, and launched into the water againe; alſo (in Architecture) Rolls, Cartridges, or Cartouſes.*

Roulement : m. *A rowling, turning, foulding up or inwards; a rowling, or a running, along.*

Rouler. *To rowle, turne round, fould up, wrap inwards; alſo, to rowle along; whence;*

Roule boule. *Rume Bowle; and hence alſo;*

Il fait beau rouler en eſté. *Tis good travelling by Coach, or driving of a Cart, in Summer.*

Roulet : m. *A Liſt, Roll, Inventory, Catalogue, Scrowle; alſo, a ſet ſpeech.*

Baſtir, (ou faire) à quelqu'un ſon roulet. *To prompt, appoint, inſtruct, or teach one, what he ſhall ſpeak, or doe.*

Qui ſçait bien ſon roulet. *That knowes his linpoope, thats throughly provided to ſpeak.*

Roulier : m. *A Carter, Carrier, Wayne-man, Waggon-man, that carries other mens things from place to place; generally, any one that guides, drives, or goes with a Cart, Waggon, &c. alſo, a Hogs-ſtie.*

Roulier : m. ére : f. *whence,* Cheval roulier. *A ſtrong Cart-horſe, a luſty tugging Jade.*

Roulis : m. *Great round ſtakes, or piles.*

Roulle, & Roulleau. *as* Roule & Rouleau.

Roulle. *as* Rouler ; *alſo, to drive, or guide a Cart, Waggon, Wayne, &c.*

Roullis. *Look* Roullis.

Roumarin. *Roſemary.*

Roupeau : m. *A little Heron which haunteth rockes, and liſts, and hath a peake of feathers falling backwards on the hinder parts of his head.*

Roupie : f. *An iſicle; or (more properly) the ſnot, ſnivell, or watery drop that hangs at the noſe end in cold weather; alſo, a Robin red-breaſt.*

Coffin à roupies. *A woman Marke.*

Rou-

Roupieux : m. euſe : f. *Snotty, ſnivelly, whoſe noſe is ever dropping.*
Il fut bien roupieux. *He was mightily aſhamed, or much deceived.*
Roupille : ſ. *A Caſſock.*
Rouppeau. *as* Roupeau.
Roupt : m. pte : f. *Broken, burſt in pieces.*
† Roupte : f. *Look* Route.
Rovre : m. *The moſt hard, moſt ſtrong, and moſt branchie kind of Oke; alſo, the great Gall-tree; (a kind thereof.)*
Rous : m. Rouſſe : f. *Look* Roux.
Rouſeau : m. *A flower which flies away with the wind like the downe of a thiſtle; alſo, the herb Water-torch, Cats-taile, red-Mace, March-Peſtill, Douchdowne.*
Poire de rouſeau. *A very tender and delicate Peare good to make Perry of.*
Rouſée : ſ. *as* Roſée.
Rouſoyer. *To bedew; to wet gently.*
Rouſſable : m. *The cloſe roome wherein Herrings are ſmoaked untill they be red. Look* Saurir.
Rouſſaſtre : com. *Reddiſh, or between red and yellow.*
Rouſſau : m. *The name of a Fig.*
Rouſſe : f. *A red-haired, or freckled, woman.*
Rouſſeau : m. *A freckled, and red-haired, man; alſo, the Bittor; or a fowle that's leſſe then a Heron, but otherwiſe reſembles her; alſo, the Crabfiſh tearmed [a Pungar (Normand.) alſo, a very tender, and delicate Peare.*
Rouſſelet : m. *The name of a delicate ſmall Peare.*
Rouſſelet : m. ette : f. *Reddiſh, ruddy, ſomewhat red.*
Rouſſer. *To groane, or complaine, like a grunting woman, or overworn Jade.*
Rouſſerole : ſ. *The River Nightingale; a kind of Kings-fiſher.*
Rouſſet : m. *A little ruddy Dog-fiſh; alſo, red wheat, Duck-bill wheat, Normandie wheat.*
Rouſſet : m. ette : f. *Ruſſet, brown, ruddy, inclining to a dark red.*
Pain rouſſet. *Cheat or booted bread, houſehold bread, made of wheat and Rye mingled.*
Rouſſette : ſ. *A ruſſetin Apple; alſo, a little Dog-fiſh, whoſe ruddy skinne is powdered all over with blacke ſpots; alſo, a certain ruddy, or dunne-red bird, no bigger then a Titmouſe.*
Rouſſeurs. *Little, red, wan, or blackiſh pimples or ſpots in the face, &c. freckles, or a kind thereof.*
Rouſſin : m. *A Curtall, or ſtrong German horſe.*
Rouſſin de ſervice. *A horſe of Armes, or for the warre; a good ſtrong horſe fit to ſerve on, due to a Lord feodal from every vaſſall (that holds tenne pounds a yeare, or upwards) once during his life; or in lieu thereof (if there be no certain rate uſed, or agreed on) the fifth part of a yeares Revenue: The rate of this* Rouſſin *is* 60 ſolz Tourn.
Homme mutin, bruſque rouſſin, flaſcon de vin, prennent toſt fin; Pro. *Look* Homme.
Qui à flórin, Latin, & rouſſin, par tout il trouve le chemin; Pro. *He thats well lyned, well ſpoken, and well mounted, ſhall never be out of his way.*
Rouſſiner. *To whinny after Mares, like a rammiſh, or lecherous Jade; alſo, to leap a Mare.*
Rouſſir. *To wax red.*
Rouſſoyer. *To wax ruddie, grow reddiſh.*
Rouſſe de bois. *A with; or, as* Riorte.
Route : ſ. *A belch, or belching; alſo, a rowt, overthrow, defeature, diſcomfiture, the breaking of a troop, or ſquadron, of men; alſo, a rutt, way, path, ſtreet, courſe, paſſage; trace, track, or footing; alſo a rowt, heard, flock, troope, company, multitude of men, or beaſts; alſo, a glade in a wood; or, as* Rote.
Routes. *The footing of ravenous, or biting beaſts, ſuch as the Wolfe, Bore, Fox, Otter, &c.*
La route d' une branche. *The brooken piece of a bough; the truncheon of a broken bough.*
Chaſcun ſa route. *Every one in his courſe, place, order, when his turn or time comes.*
Frapper à la route. *To vooſe a Deer with a lyme hound.*
Il n'y a route que de vieux regnards; Pro. *Look* Regnard.
Router. *To belch, or break wind upwards.*
Routier : m. *A Ruttier; a directory for the knowledge, or finding out of courſes, whether by ſea or land; alſo, an old traveller, one that by much trotting up and down is grown acquainted with moſt waies; and hence, an old beaten ſouldier; one whom a long practiſe hath made of great experience in, or abſolute maſter of, his profeſſion; and (in evill part) an old crafty Fox, notable beguiler, ordinary deceiver, ſubtill knave; alſo, a Purſe-taker, or a robber by the high way ſide.*
Routine. *Look* Rotine, *or* Rottine.
Routte : ſ. *as* Route; *alſo, a kind of tumbling or vaulting trick.*
Routtier. *as* Routier.
Routure. *Look* Roture.
Routures d' eaux. *Bracks, breaches, paths, waies made, or worne out, in rocks by a continuall running, or beating of waters.*
Rouveau. Pomme de rou. *The Ruddocke, Redding, Summer Goulding.*
Rouvieres. *The name of a kind of Olives.*
Rouvraye : ſ. *A Foreſt, wood, Grove, or tuft, of ſtrong Okes, or great Gall-trees.*
Rouvre. *as* Rovre.
Rouvroy. *as* Rouvraye.
Roux : m. Rouſſe : f. *Reddiſh, ruddie, red-Deere colour, a ruddie or ſad yellow, Lyon tawnie.*
Beſtes rouſſes. *All kind of Deer, or harmleſſe game.*
Rouy : m. ye : f. *Overſodden, and wanting liquor in ſeething; alſo, ſteeped or ſoaked in water, as Hempe.*
Roy : m. *A King; alſo, the chiefe, or head man in a company.*
Les Roys. *The Epiphany, or Twelfth day in Chriſtmas.*
Roy d'armes. *A principall Herald, a King of Armes.*
Roy de la Baſoche. *Look* Baſoche.
Le Roy Bertault. *A Wrenne.*
Roy de cailles. *A Rayle; or the captaine, and leader of Quailes.*
Roy des merciers. *An officer deputed heretofore by the Lord high Chamberlaine of* France *to view, or look unto, the wares, weights, and meaſures of thoſe Pedlers, or Shop-keepers that followed the Court: but now the King himſelf appoints him, yet by the title of* Viſiteur, *having ſuppreſſed this, by Edict in the year* 1597.
Roy des oyſeaux. *The Wren.*
Roy des ribaulds. *Look* Ribauld.
L'Aulne du roy. *The Kings Ell; conteines three foot, ſeven inches, and eight lines.*
Couleur de roy. *A title in old time due only unto Purple, though uſurped at this day by a kind of bright Tawny, which we alſo tearm* de roy *colour; and yet ſome hold, that thus comes neerer the true Purple of the Ancients then the modern one; (howſoever, the Violet is held the French Kings proper colour.)*
La Court du Roy Petaud. *See* Petaud.
La feſte des roys. *as* Les Roys.
Meſure de roy. *The Kings meaſure; which in ſurveying allowes* 22 *feet to the Perche (ſaies the Author of* La maiſon Ruſtique; *) but that proportion is either out of date, or reſtrained unto ſome few places, the more common one being of no more then* 20.
Monnoye de roy. *The Kings money; coine bearing the French Kings ſtampe, or made within his dominions.*
Pied du roy. *The ordinary twelve-inch foot; a foot according to the Standard.*
Toiſe de roy. *Is three moderate paces.*
Bailler morniſle à la levre du roy; &, Bailler ſur le nez du roy. *To make falſe money, to counterfeit the Kings coine.*
Sans eſpargner ny roy, ny roc. *Equally rigorous, hard, or ſevere, unto all.*
Jouër au roy deſpouillé. Chaſcun jouë au roy deſpouillé. *Where the hedge is loweſt every one leapes over, when a man is falling every one helps him on; a Prince once beaten, growne poore, or otherwiſe declining, happy is he that can pull a fleece from him, every one indeavours by pluming of him to feather their owne neaſts.*
Aujourd'huy roy demain de rien; Pro. *Now a King ere long nothing.*
Boy vin en roy; Pro. viz. *Moderately.*
Chaſcun eſt roy en ſa maiſon; Prov. *Every one is a King in his own houſe.*
De meſchant homme bon roy; Pro. *Look* Meſchant.
Il ne parle pas au roy qui veut; Prov. *Not every one that would, may ſpeak to Kings.*
Que veut le roy ce veut la loy; Pro. *The King and Law have but one will and pleaſure; the Law is wholly governed by the King; even as he will ſo is it interpreted, ſo underſtood.*
Qui mange l' oye du roy il en chie la plume cent ans apres; Prov. *He that eateth a Gooſe of the Kings doth ſhut up her feathers a hundred yeares after; (Applyable to untrue Exchequer men; and unto any purloyners of his Treaſure, concealers of his Titles, withholders of his Rights.)*

Qui

Qui ſert le roy il a bon maiſtre ; Prov. He that ſerves the King ſerves a good maſter ; or, he needs none elſe, that hath a King, to Maſter.

Royal : m. *An old coyne of gold, worth about* 68 ſolz.

Royal de France. *Another of a later ſtamp, worth* 55 ſolz Tournois.

Royal : m. ale : f. *Royall, regall, kingly, princely, maieſticall.*

Cas royaux. *Look under* Cas.

Chemin royal. *The Kings high-way ; which, by the cuſtomes of Amiens and Boullenois, is to be* 60 *foot broad ; and by thoſe of* Vallois, *but* 30 *in arable, and* 40 *in woddy grounds.*

Droicts royaux. *Look under* Droict.

Lettres royaux. *Letters Patents.*

Milan royal. *The ordinary Puttock, or Glead.*

Noix royale. *A Wallnut.*

Pied royal. *A foot according to the Standard ; the ordinary twelve-inch foot.*

Royalement. *Royally, kingly, princely, maieſtically.*

Royaliſte : com. *Taking the King's part, ſiding with the King.*

Royaulme : m. *A Realm, a Kingdome.*

Royaulme de Suerie. *Cornelius his Tub ; or, the ſweating kingdome, whereof the Dockie are your onely ſubjects.*

Le royaulme des Taupes. *The ground, the earth.*

Royauté : f. *Royalty, kinglineſſe, majeſty, princelineſſe.*

Royaume. *as* Royaulme.

Roye : f. *A ray, line, ſtreak, furrow, &c. as* Raye.

† Royer. *To raze, blot out, efface, deface.*

† Royeu : m. *The Meazles.*

Royne : f. *A Queen.*

La Ceinture de la royne. iij d *upon a* Muid, *and* iij d *upon a* Queuë, *of all wines (that were not gotten in the owners grounds) levied within* Paris, *every third yeare, to the Queens uſe.*

Roynette : f. *A little, or poore, Queen ; alſo, Maid-ſweet, Meddow-ſweet, Queene of the Meddowes ; (an herb.)*

Royrelet : m. *A little, or poore, King ; alſo, a Wrenne ; alſo, a thing, like Tynne, found often in* Antimonie, *and keeping it, molten, from being tranſparent.*

Royzelet : m. *A Ginne, or deviſe to catch Woodcocks.*

Rozat. *Of Roſes.*

Aromatic rozat. *Look* Aromatic.

Rozelet : m. *A very ſmall, and beautifull bird, which uſeth to ſing very much, and in ſinging, to flie up ſuddainly into the aire, and as ſuddainly downe againe, into the reeds, or willowes, among which he lives.*

Rozereaux : m. *A kind of Martins, whoſe skins are of much requeſt.*

† Ru : m. *A brook, ſmall ſtream, or gullet of water ; alſo, a gutter in the middle of a ſtreet ; alſo, a caſt, hurle, throw, ſwinge.*

Il entend le ru du baſton. *He is a cunning fencer, old-beaten ſouldier, of much experience in the world.*

Ruade : f. *A horſes kicking, winſing, yerking, ſtriking, ſlinging, flying out with the heeles.*

Ruade ſeiche. *A drie bob, jeeſt, or nip ; a ſtroke that cruſhes, though it cut not.*

Rubarge. *as* Roberge.

Rubeſié : m. ée : f. *Redned, made red.*

Rubelinez : f. *A Robin-red-breaſt.*

Ruben : m. *Ribbon ; alſo, a ribbon ; whence,*

Ruben de teſte. *A fillet, head-band, haire-lace of ribbon.*

† Rubenner. *To deck, trim, trin, ſet, or lace with ribbon.*

Rubenniet : m. *A ribbon-maker, head-band maker.*

Rubette : f. *A greene earth Frog, or red Toad ; very full of poyſon, and of great uſe among witches.*

Rubi. *as* Paſſeſleur ; *alſo, as* Rubis.

Rubicans : m. *The white haires that be ſtattered here and there upon the coats of ſome coloured horſes.*

Rubicon : m. *The name of a River in* Italy, *over which* Julius Cæſar *paſſed in the beginning of his Expedition againſt* Pompey ; *whence ;*

Franchir, ou paſſer le Rubicon. *To undertake, or enter into, a great, and dangerous exploit.*

Rubicunde : com. *Very red, very ruddy, vermillion, bloud-red.*

Rubie maieur, ou des taincturiers. *The herb Madder, red Madder.*

Rubie mineur. *Claver, Love-man, Gooſe-ſhare, Gooſe-graſſe.*

Rubienne : f. *The Red-tayle, or Stark ; a ſmall bird.*

Rubis : m. *A Rubie.*

Rubis balay. *A Rubie ballais ; a kind of pale, or peach-coloured, Rubie.*

Ruble : m. *An Italian weight of about* 600 *pound, after* 12 *ounces to the pound.*

Rublicelle : f. *The baſe of a* Ruble.

Rubrication : f. *A redneſſe, or ruddineſſe ; alſo, a making, or waxing red.*

Rubriche. *Rudle, oaker, red lead, red chaulk, red marking ſtone.*

Rubriché : m. ée : f. *Rubified, made or grown red ; alſo, marked with rudle, red oaker, &c. and written with, or (as a Rubrick) printed in, red Inke ; whence,*

Son Kalendrier eſt rubriché. *Said of a woman that hath her monthly diſeaſe.*

Rubrificatif : m. *A Rubrificative ; a plaiſter of ſo ſtrong, or ſtrongly-drawing ſimples, that it ulcerates, or (at leaſt) makes red, the place it is applied unto.*

Rubrique : f. *A Rubrick ; a ſpeciall title or ſentence of the Law written, or printed, in red.*

Rubrique Sinopique. *Sinopian red earth ; a heavy, maſſive, liver-coloured, and aſtringent earth, or mineral, which put into water ſoone mouldes, and falls into peeces : This may very well be the ordinary Bolearmenie that is, at this day, uſed by many Surgeons in the ſtaunching of bloud, &c. but is not the true (Orientall) one, redder then it, and not ſo eaſily diſſolved by water as it.*

Ce nous ſera vne rubrique de droict. *This ſhall be an abſolute Law unto us, according thereto will wee governe our ſelves.*

Ruche : f. *A Bee-hive ; alſo, an earthen pot, &c. for birds to breed in.*

Ruchée : f. *An Hive-full.*

Rucher. *To hive, make hives, gather honey into hives.*

Ruchette : f. *A little hive.*

Ruchot : m. (*A faſhion of*) *a cloak tied cloſe about the neck, and thence falling down round about the body.*

Ruéache. *as* Rondace.

Rude : com. *Rude, ruſticall, clowniſh, boriſh, boblike, lumpiſh, loblike ; blunt, blockiſh, brutiſh, barbarous, unmannerly, uncivill, ignorant, home-bred, unlaught ; alſo, curſt, ſoure, ſurlie, churliſh, froward, rigorous, pitilleſſe, untractable, ungentle, auſtere ; alſo, baſe, plaine, ſimple, homely, hungerly ; alſo, rough, harſh, knotty, rugged, unſmooth, unpoliſhed, ill-planed.*

Temps rude. *A ſtormy, tempeſtuous, or turbulent ſeaſon.*

A rude chien dur lieu ; Prov. *Curſt uſage fits a churliſh youth ; or, ſurlie humors muſt be repreſſed by ſoure uſage.*

Rudement. *Rudely, clowniſhly, uncivilly, churliſhly ; ſowrely, ſurlily, frowardly, pitileſly, rigorouſly ; baſely, plainly, ſimply ; roughly, ruggedly, harſhly, hunglarlike.*

Rudenté : m. ée : f. *Wreathed like a Cable.* (v.m.)

Rudenture : f. *A wreath, wreathing, wreathed work, a border that's wreathed, or of the forme of a Cable.* (v.m.)

Rudepeau : m. *A very long browne-tawny Adder, full of ſcales, and ſtinking moſt abominably.*

Rudeſſe : f. *Rudeneſſe, bardneſſe, harſhneſſe, bluntneſſe, lumpiſhneſſe, churliſhneſſe, incivilitie, ſurlineſſe ; roughneſſe, curſtneſſe, frowardneſſe, rigour, untractableneſſe, auſterity, ſoureſſe.*

Rudeſſe de paroles. *Rude ſpeech, hard words, harſh termes, rough language.*

Rudoyement : m. *A chiding, rating, checking, reproaching, reproving.*

Rudoyer. *To chide, rate, reproach, reprove, check, tax, take up, give ill words to, uſe very hardly in words.*

Rue : f. *Rue, herb Grace.*

Rue de chevre. *Italian Fitch, Goats Rue.*

Rue de muraille. *Wall Rue, Rue Maiden haire, white Maiden haire.*

Rue ſauvage. *Wild Rue ;* (*whereof there be divers kinds*) *more vehement in ſmell, and violent in operation, then garden Rue.*

Rue vineuſe. *Some hold to be the herb called Oake of Jeruſalem.*

Rue : f. *A ſtreet, in a Towne ; alſo, a cauſey, or high way (called, in divers parts of* England, *a ſtreet, and the ſtreet way) alſo, a Taylors bell, or the place whereinto he caſts all his ſhreds.*

Batre les rues. *To jet, revell, or ſwagger up and down the ſtreets in the night.*

Rué : m. ée : f. *Beaten or caſt down, ruined, overthrown ; caſt, hurled, flung.*

Ruelle : f. *A little ſtreet, a lane.*

La ruelle du lict. *The ſpace between the bed and the wall.*

Ruer. *To riſe, ſtie, runne, break violently in, or upon ; alſo, to caſt, hurle, fling, throw ; alſo, to overthrow, ſubvert, batter, beat or caſt downe.*

Ruer vn coup d'eſtoc à. *To make a thruſt, or dart a Rapier at.*

Ruer coups ſur. *To beat extremely, to poure blowes upon.*

Ruer en cuiſine. Il rue treſbien en cuiſine. *He is a good trencher-man, but falls to his victuals eagerly.*

Ruer des pieds. *To kick, winſe, yerk, ſtrike, fling, flie out with the heeles.*

Eocores n'a pas failli qui a ruer; Pro. *He hath not failed that's yet to fling; or, he that's to fling hath not yet failed.*

On ne ſçait qui trop ne qui rue; Pro. *One knowes not what may happen, who may hurt him, what miſchiefe may in time befall him.*

Ruette: f. *A lane, a little ſtreet.*

Rueur: m. *A kicker, ſtriker, winſer; a browser, an overbrower.*

† Ruffage: com. *Churliſh, dogged, harſh, churliſh.*

Ruffien: m. *A Bawde, a Pandar.*

Ruffiennet. *To ruffianize, Pandarize, it; make or ſet lecherous matches, play the Pandar.*

Ruffiennerie, f. *Ruffianiſme, Pandariſme, Bawderie.*

Rufign, Rufienner, & Rufiennerie. *Look* Ruffien, Ruffienner, & Ruffiennerie.

† Rufiſque: m. *as* Ruffien.

† Rugiment: m. *A roaring, or bellowing.*

Rugine: f. *The Inſtrument wherewith a Surgeon ſcaleth bones.*

Ruginer vn os. *To ſcale (or ſcrape) a bone.*

Rugir. *To roare, or to bellow.*

Rugiſſant: m. ante: t. *Roaring, bellowing.*

Rugiſſement. *as* Rugiment.

Rugiſſent: m. *A roarer, a bellower.*

Rugoſité: f. *Ruggedneſſe, wrinkledneſſe, roughneſſe; a crumpling, wrimpling, furrowing, harſhneſſe to the feeling.*

† Rugueux: m. euſe: f. *Rugged, wrinkled, wrimpled, crumpled, rivelled, rough, harſh to be felt.*

Ruille; &, Plomb à ruille. *A Maſons plumb-rule, or plumb-line.* (v.m.)

Ruin: m. *The grunting of a Hog.*

Ruine: f. *Rume, wrack, waſte, havocke, ſpoile; ſubverſion, deſolation, overthrow, undoing, deſtruction.*

Battre vne ville en ruine. *To ſhoot at the houſes thereof, to batter or break them downe with great ſhot.*

Ruiné: m. ée: f. *Ruined, wracked, havocked, ſpoyled; ſubverted, overthrowne, utterly decayed, undone.*

Ruinement: m. *A ruining, wracking, ſpoyling; ſubverting, overthrowing, undoing.*

Ruiner. *To ruine, wrack, waſte, havocke, ſpoyle; ſubvert, overthrow, undoe, deſtroy.*

Ruineur: m. *A ruiner, wracker, ſpoyler, ſubverter, overthrower, deſtroyer, undoer.*

Ruineux: m. euſe: f. *Ruinous, falling, declining, over-aged, in decay.*

Ruir. *To roar, or to roy, like a Lyon; alſo, as* Rouïr.

Ruiſſeau: m. *A brook, ſmall ſtream, gullet, current of water.*

Les petis ruiſſeaux ſont les grandes rivieres; Prov. *From little ſtreams great rivers have their ſwellings.*

Ruiſſeler. *To ſtream, runne, trickle, or glide along, like a brooke.*

Ruiſſelet: m. *A ſmall brook or gullet; a rean, or gutter of running water.*

Ruiſſement: m. *A roaring, or Lyon-like royning; alſo, a ſteeping, or waitring of Hemp, &c.*

Ruit: m. *The rut of Deere, or Boares; their luſt; and the ſeaſon wherein they ingender; alſo, a herd of female Deere followed by the male in that ſeaſon.*

Ruité: m. ée: f. *whence* Venaiſon ruitée. *That's killed, or gotten in rut-time.*

Rum: m. *The hole, or hold of a ſhip; alſo, as* Rumb.

Rumatique: com. *Rhewmatick; troubled with a Rhewme.*

Rumb: m. *A roombe, or point of the Compaſſe; a line drawn directly from wind to wind in a compaſſe, Travers-board, or Sea-Card.*

Voguer de rumb en rumb. *To ſayle by Travers.*

Voguer par divers rumbs. *Upon divers boords or changes of winds.*

Rume: f. *A Rhewme, Catarrhe; Poſe, Murre.*

Rumeur: f. *A rumor, noiſe, bruit, fame, report.*

Ruminé: m. ée: f. *Ruminated; revolved, conſidered, pondered, weighed, examined in the mind.*

Ruminement: m. *A ruminating, or chawing of the cud; alſo, a deliberating, or pawſing on.*

Ruminer. *To ruminate, or chaw the cud; alſo, to ponder, weigh, examine, conſider or think of, deliberate or pawſe on, revolve in the mind.*

Rumineur: m. *A ruminator; one that conſiders or thinks of, deliberates or pawſes on, a matter.*

Runge: m. *The chewing of the cud; or, as* Ronge. (v.m.)

Rupricam. *A bay-horſe.*

Ruption: f. *A ruption, eruption, burſting, breaking.*

Ruptoire: m. *A ruptory; a corroſive, or potentiall cauter.*

Rupture: f. *A tupture, brake, breach, burſting, breaking.*

Ruque. *The name of an Apple that yields an excellent Cyder.*

Rural: m. ale: f. *Rurall, ruſticall, clownish, country-like.*

Fief rural. *An ignoble or baſe fief, which hath neither moated houſe, nor any other marke of antiquity, or gentry belanging to it.*

Ruſcher. *Look* Rucher.

Ruſe: f. *A ſleight, wile, ſtratageme, craſty trick, ſubtill part, cuming prank, ſhifting deviſe.*

Ruſé. *Craſty, wilie, ſubtill, cunning, ſlie, ſhifting, deceitfull, falſe, full of tricks.*

Homme ruſé tard abuſé; Prov. *The ſubtill are not eaſily deceived.*

Les plus ruſez ſont les premiers prins; Prov. *He that ſeekes others to beguile, is overtaken in his wile.*

Ruſément. *Craftily, cumingly, ſubtilly, ſhiftingly, ſlily, deceitfully, falſly.*

Ruſer. *To beguile, deceive, ſhift, uſe tricks, deale cumingly, proceed by ſleights.*

Ruſtaude: f. *A churliſh, rude, or unmannerly baggage.*

† Ruſtauderie. *as* Ruſticité.

Ruſtault: m. *A clowne, boore, churle, bob, bindo, ſwayne, lobcock, rude or unmannerly lozell.*

† Ruſterie: f. *as* Ruſtrerie.

† Ruſtication: f. *Husbandry, country buſineſſe, rurall work; alſo, a dwelling in the country.*

Ruſticité: f. *Ruſticity, rudeneſſe, clownishneſſe, incivility, churliſhneſſe, homelineſſe, plainneſſe, ignorance, or ignorant buſhfulneſſe.*

Ruſtique: com. *Ruſticall, rude, boorish, clownish, bob-like, dunpiſh, lowtiſh, uncivill, unmannerly, borne-bred, homely, ſilly, ignorant.*

Ruſtique. A la ruſt. *as* Ruſtiquement. Boire à la ruſtique. *To drink ſoundly.*

Ruſtiquement. *Ruſtically, rudely, boorishly, clownishly, lumpiſhly, lowtiſhly, unmannerly, uncivilly, ignorantly, clusterfistlike.*

Ruſtiquer. *To play the clown, or husbandman; to labour, or till the ground.*

Ruſtiquerie: f. *Husbandry, tillage, rurall proviſion or ſtuffe.*

Ruſtre: m. *A ruffian, royſter, hackeſter, ſwaggerer; ſawcie, paultry, ſcurvy fellow.*

Ruſtre: f. *A lozenge pierced round in the middle;* (*a tearme of Blazon.*)

Ruſtrement. *Royſter-like; ſawcily.*

Ruſtrerie: f. *A royſting, ſwaggering; roguery, knavery; ſawcineſſe.*

† Rut: m. *as* Rus, *a brook, &c. alſo, as* Ruit.

Ruticler. *To gliſter, glitter, ſhine, glare.*

† Ruyr: m. *as* Vicomte; *or* Voyer.

† Ruyle: f. *as* Ruille.

Ruyler du plaſtre avec de l'eau. *To mingle, or moiſten; plaiſter with water.*

† Ruylette: f. *A little plumb-rule, or plumb-line.*

Ruze. *Look* Ruſe.

Ruzez. *The turnings, or doublings of a Hare.*

† Ry: m. *A little brook.*

Ryde, & Ryder; *as* Ride, & Rider.

† Rym. *as* Rumb.

Ryme. *Rime, or meeter.*

Rymer. *To rime, to make meeter.*

S

S. *The letter* S; *alſo, the mark of a* Sol in a (written) Reckoning; *whence;*

Allonger les SS. (*Falſly*) *to ſtretch out an Accompt, or make it riſe very high: to ſet downe* ff *for* ss, *francs in ſtead of* fols.

Sabat: m. *A foule coyle, rumbling, dinne, hurry.*

Sabath: m. *The Sabbath day, Sunday.*

Sabatique: com. *Of the Sabbath; keeping the Sabbath; whence;*

Riviere ſabatique. *That runnes ſix dayes, and the ſeventh ſtands ſtill, or is dry.*

Sabatiſme: m. *Holy reſt.*

Sabatizer. *To reſt, or keep holy, the Sabbath day.*

Sabe. *New ſweet wine boyled untill it be halfe conſumed, and kept for ſawces, and ſeaſonings.*

Sabe de coing. *The juice of Quinces boyled (as aforeſaid;) good againſt a cough.*

Sabé.

Sabé. Haleine ſabée. *A fragrant, or ſweet-ſmelling breath.*

Sabech : m. *The little Hawke tearmed, a Muſket.*

Sabine : f. *Savine (a ſhrub ;) alſo, Hart-wort, or Birthwort (an Herb.)*

Sable : m. *Sand ; alſo, the colour ſables, or black, in Blaſon.*

Horloge de ſable. *An houre-glaſſe.*

Sablé : m. ée : f. *Blacked ; of a ſable hue; alſo, furred, or inriched, with ſables.*

† Sabliere. *Look* Sabliere.

Sabliere : f. *The Summer that commpaſſes the top, or upper part, of a roome.*

Sablon : m. *as* Sable ; *Sand ; alſo, great or ſmall gravell.*

Sablon mouvant. *A Quickſand; whence,*

Il a la teſte pleine de ſablon mouvant. *His head is full of crotchets, his braine fraught with odde conceits ; he hath a running, or a giddy pate of his own.*

Horloge à ſablon. *An houre-glaſſe.*

Sablonneux : m. euſe : f. *Sandy ; greetie.*

Sablonniere : f. *A ſand-bed, ſand-pit, ſandy plot ; a place full of ſand, greet, or ſmall gravell.*

Saboir. *in ſtead of* Sçavoir. *¶ Gaſcon.*

Sabonner, & Saborner. *To agree beforehand, or to be at a certain rate, with. Look* Abonner & Aborner.

Sabors : m. *Port holes (for great Ordnance) in ſhips.*

Sabot : m. *A Top, Gig, or Nun to whip, or play with ; alſo, a pattin, or ſlipper of wood ; alſo, a horſes hoof.*

Saboté : m. ée : f. *Turned, or whipped, as a Top ; alſo, faſhioned like a top; whence;*

Coquille ſaboteé. *The ſhell of a Welke, Periwinkle, &c.*

Saboter. *To play at Top, or to whip a Top.*

Saboulé : m. ée : f. *Rolled, toſſed, tumbled with, trodden under, the feet ; alſo, tugged, mumbled, or ſcuffled with.*

Saboulement : m. *A rolling, toſſing, tumbling with ; a treading under, the feet ; alſo, a tugging, or ſcuffling with.*

Sabouler, *To roll, toſſe, or tumble, with; to tread under, the feet; alſo, to tug, mumble, or ſcuffle with ; and hence, to jumble a woman.*

Sabourré : m. ée : f. *Balaſted, or whoſe bottome is filled with gravell, &c.*

Sabourrer. *To balaſt, or ſtuff the bottome of, with gravell ; alſo, as* Sabouler *(in the laſt ſence.)*

Sabrin : m. *The ſpotted, and ſkaly Serpent Hæmorrhois, whereof one being bitten, bleeds, at all the naturall pores, or paſſages of the body, to death.*

Sabuleux : m. euſe : f. *Sandy, greety.*

Saburre : f. *Balaſt (for ſhipping) of gravell, or ſmall pibbles.*

Sac : m. *A ſack, waſte, ruine, havock, ſpoile; alſo, a ſack, or ſacking, a ranſack, pillage, depopulation, ravaging ; and hence ;*

A ſac à ſac. *The word whereby a Commander authorizeth his ſouldiers to ſack a place or people.*

Sac : m. *A ſack, poke, powch, bag ; alſo, as* Inteſtin borgne; *alſo, an ill, or ill-diſgeſted, humour remaining in a wound (thats healed in apparence) and afterwards turning into an impoſtume.*

Sacs de charbonniers. *Look* Charbonnier.

Sac au croc. *A ſute undecided, or, as we ſay, lying by the wall.*

Sac à vin. *A drunken gulch, or gut belly; a great wine-drinker.*

Cul du ſac. Au cul du ſac. *At length, in the end, when all is done, when all comes unto all.*

Freres des ſacs. *A certain Order of begging Friers.*

Gens de ſac, & de licol. *Loitering rogues, or vagabonds, &c. (as in the next word;) alſo, begging Friers.*

Homme de ſac, & de corde. *A lewd knave, wicked raſcall, graceleſſe rakehell, filthy rogue ; one thats fit for nothing but to finde the executioner work, whether by drowning him in a ſack, or choaking him with a rope.*

Acheter vn chat en ſac. *To buy a Pig in a poak (ſay we;) to bargain unadviſedly, or hand over head.*

Se couvrir d'un ſac mouillé. *To make a matter the worſe by colouring, or excuſing, it.*

Donner ſon ſac, & ſes quilles à. On luy a donné ſon ſac, &c. *He hath his paſſport given him, he is turned out to grazing ; (ſaid of a ſervant whom his Maſter hath put away.)*

Manger ſon avoine en ſon ſac. *Look* Avoine ; *or as ;*

Manger ſon pain en ſon ſac. *To be churliſh, or niggardly, to ſnudge or munchion it alone in a corner ; alſo, to ſpend or imploy good things in a corner, or in too private a manner.*

Prendre d'un ſac deux mouſtures. *To take double fees ; or to make double uſe of one thing.*

Servir à ſac, & à ſomme. Qui ſervent, &c. *Look* Somme.

Sac plein dreſſe l'oreille ; Prov. *The full purſe a full eare procures; the way to good attention lies by well-fild bags.*

Vn ſac percé ne peut tenir le grain ; Pro. *A ſack thats torn doth ſhed it corn ; a broken or cracke heart can hold no good thing in it ; applyable alſo to a heart, that pierced with grief, cannot hold but muſt utter it.*

D'un ſac à charbon ne peut ſortir que de la pouſſiere noire ; Prov. *Nought but black duſt from Colliers ſacks can come ; a vicious man will be lewd in his talk.*

Es petis ſacs ſont les fines eſpiceries; Pro. *The little head a dainty wit contains.*

Avarice rompt le ſac ; Prov. *The miſer coveting to make his bags hold overmuch, breaks them, and loſes the moſt of that they had in them.*

Chaſcun ira au moulin avec ſon propre ſac; Pro. *Each one ſhall his own burthen beare.*

Il ne peut ſortir du ſac que ce qu'il y a dedans; &, On ne peut tirer du ſac que ce qu'y eſt ; Pro. *You can have no more of a Cat but her ſkinne ; or, there can come no more (no other ſtuffe) from a man then is in him.*

On ne cache point eſguilles en ſac; Pro. *A ſack's no fit thing to hide needles in ; heart-pricking anguiſh will bewray it ſelfe.*

On lie bien le ſac avant qu'il ſoit plein; Pro. *A ſack before tis full is well enough tied up ; men while they are kept low are eaſily kept in.*

Sacabribe : m. *A beggers Wallet, an Almes-ſcrip.*

Saccade : f. *A fall, or overthrow from a horſe, a horſes caſting of his rider ; alſo, a ſtirr.*

Elle aura la ſaccade. *She ſhall be turned over.*

Saccader. *To throw, overthrow, caſt down ; alſo, to overturn a wench.*

Saccagé : m. ée : f. *Sacked, ranſacked, rifled, pillaged, ruined, deſtroied.*

Saccagement : m. *A ſacking, ranſacking; ruining.*

Saccager. *To ſack, ranſack, pillage, riſle, ruine, deſtroy.*

Saccageux : m. euſe : f. *Sacking, ranſacking.*

Saccamenter. *Look* Sacmenter.

Saccerelle : f. *A dock for a horſes traile.*

Saccharin : m. ine : f. *Of ſugar; as white or ſweet as ſugar.*

Saccoche : f. *A little ſacke, bag, poke, or powch.*

Saccouter à l'oreille. *To round, or whiſper in the eare.*

Saceller. *To rub, in bathing, with little bags full of bran, &c.*

Sacerdoce : m. *Prieſthood.*

Sacerdot : m. *A Prieſt.*

Sacerdotal : m. *Sacerdotall, Prieſtly, belonging unto Prieſts.*

Sel ſacerdotal. *An excellent powder, or compound Salt ; (for which looke under* Sel.)

Sacmenté : m. ée : f. *Sacked, ranſacked, whereof havock is made ; alſo, hacked, or hewed in pieces.*

Sacmenter. *To ſack, ranſack, make havock of ; alſo, to hack, or hew in pieces.*

Sacotin : m. *Feaver-wort, Earth-gall, common Century, Century the leſſe.*

Sacouter. *Look* Saccouter.

Sacquement : m. *A haſty drawing ; a quick pulling out of a ſword, &c. alſo ; a prompt laying of the hand on a ſword (in offer of drawing, or in a readineſſe to draw) alſo, a ſacking, ranſacking, riſling, making havock of.*

Sacquementé. *Look* Sacmenté.

Sacquer. *To draw haſtily, to pull out ſpeedily, or apace.*

Sacquer la main à l'eſpée. *(An ordinary, but (ſaies Nicot) an improper phraſe;) to lay, or clap his hand on his ſword (with a purpoſe to draw it.)*

Il luy ſacqua l'eſpée des mains. *He ſnatched ; or violently pulled, his ſword out of his hands.*

Sacquerelle : f. *A dock for a horſes taile.*

Sacraire : m. *A Sextrie, or Veſtrie in a Church ; alſo, a private Chappell, or Oratorie.*

Sacramentaires : m. *Sacramentaries, Proteſtants; Huguenots, or Calviniſts in the doctrine of the Sacrament.*

Sacre : m. *The dedication of a Church, &c. the coronation of a Prince ; the conſecration of a Prelate.*

Sacre d'Angers, &, le iour du ſacre. *Corpus Chriſti day.*

Sacre : m. *A Saker ; the Hawk, and the Artillerie, ſo called, alſo, a ravenous, or greedy fellow ; one that makes boot of all he can lay his clutches on; alſo, an exceſſive glutton,*

gluttons, or gully gut; and a ſpendall, unthrift, ſquanderer, extreme ryoter (eſpecially in reſpect of his belly.)

Sacre d'Egypte. *A kind of Saker that feeds altogether upon ſerpents, and carrion; and therefore among the ancient Egyptians the killing of him was accounted felony.*

C'eſt vn terrible ſacre. *He is a raſh, headie, wilfull, or violent fellow; alſo, he is a monſtrous unthrift, &c. as in* Sacre.

Sacré: m. ée: f. *Sacred, ſanctified, made holy; received into, inveſted with, religious Orders; dedicated, conſecrated, or devoted, unto religious uſes.*

Artere Sacrée. *The ſacred Artery; a branch of the great one, which goes unto the marrow of the Os ſacré.*

Feu ſacré. *The holy fire; a painfull impoſtumation, the thinneſſe of whoſe matter giues it a lively colour, and makes it almoſt to ſhine.*

Huile ſacrée. *Oyle of Amber; ſo called of the excellency thereof.*

Os ſacré. *The ſacred bone; the great bone upon which the ridge-bone reſteth.*

Pierre ſacrée. *An Altar ſtone.*

Poiſſon ſacré. *A red-finned ſea-fiſh, called ſo, becauſe ſo ravenous or hurtfull fiſh doth ever ſwim neere him.*

Veine ſacrée. *Look* Veine.

Sacrements: m. *Myſticall rites, or holy myſteries; and hence, the Sacraments of the Church.*

Sacrer. *To conſecrate, hallow, dedicate; inthronize, inveſt, inſtall; alſo, to excommunicate, or outlaw.*

Sacres: m. *The taſſell, or male, of a Saker.*

Sacrificateur: m. *A ſacrifying Prieſt, a ſacrificer.*

Sacrificatoire: com. *Sacrificatory, belonging unto ſacrifice.*

Sacrifice: m. *A ſacrifice, an offering.*

Sacrifié: m. ée: f. *Sacrificed, offered up in ſacrifice.*

Sacrifier. *To ſacrifice, offer ſacrifice, or offer up in ſacrifice.*

Sacrilege: m. *A ſacrilegious perſon, Church-robber, ſtealer of holy or hallowed things; alſo, ſacrilege, or Church-robbing; any hainous, and horrible offence, or offendor.*

Sacrilegement. *Sacrilegiouſly; moſt hainouſly.*

Sacriſtain: m. *A Sexton, or Veſtrie-keeper, in a Church.*

Sacriſtie: f. *A Veſtrie, or Sextrie, in a Church.*

Sadariege: f. *The herb Savory.*

Sadayer. *To handle gently, or ſtroke ſofily; alſo, to flatter, ſmooth, cog, or collogue with.* (v.m.)

Sade: com. *Pretty, neat, ſpruce, fine, compt, minion, quaint.*

Sadément. *Prettily, neatly, ſprucely, finely, comptly, quaintly.*

Sadinet: m. ette: f. *as* Sade; (*or a diminutive thereof.*)

Faire la ſadinette. *To mince it, niceſie it, make it dainty, be very ſqueamiſh, backward, or coy.*

Sadrée: f. *The herb Savory.*

Saffran: m. *Saffron. Look* Saffran.

Saffran baſtard. *Baſtard Saffron, Carthamus, Mock-Saffron, Saffron Dort.*

Saffran ſauvage. *Wild Saffron; or, as* Saffran baſtard.

Aller au ſaffran. *To go downe the weather, to decline or decay very much in eſtate.*

Il en eſt au ſaffran. *It hath made him bankrupt, his haire is thereby growne through his hat.*

Saffrané: m. ée: f. *Seaſoned, or coloured with Saffron; alſo, blowne up, fallen bankrupt, or grown deep in debt.*

Saffranier: m. *A ſeller of Saffron; alſo, a bankrupt, one that's blown up, or oweth more then he is worth.*

Saffraniere: f. *A Saffron field or plot, a ground ſowed with Saffron.*

Saffrenier. *Look* Saffranier.

Saffreté: f. *Wanton dallying, lecherous jeaſting, laſcivious toying; alſo, ravening, or gourmandizing.*

Saffrette: f. *A wanton, lecherous, or laſcivious trull; a ſlut, queane, gixie, pug, punke.*

Safran: m. *as* Saffran; *alſo, the lining, or back, of the Rudder of a ſhip.*

Safrané. *Look* Saffrané.

Safre: m. *A heavy minerall, which melted with glaſſe, or ſome other the like ſubſtance (ſet alone it will not melt) reſolves into a blewiſh water, wherewith glaſſes, and earthen veſſels be painted.*

Safre: com. *Wanton, waggiſh, toyiſh, laſcivious, lecherous, full of dalliance; alſo, ravenous, gluttonous, gourmandizing.*

Femme ſafre, & yvrongneſſe de ſon corps n'eſt pas maiſtreſſe; Prov. *A wanton, and wine-bibbing dame; her body yields to open ſhame.*

Safreté. *Look* Saffreté.

Safrette. *Look* Saffrette.

Sagapen, & Sagapene, & Sagapin. *The gumme, or hardned and gummy juice, of the bruiſed, cut, or broken root of* Ferula, *or Fennell-giant.*

Sage: com. *Sage, wiſe, diſcreet, adviſed, underſtanding.*

Elle eſt bien ſage. *She is very honeſt.* ¶ Orlean.

Faire ſage de. *To inform, certifie, let to wit, give to underſtand.*

Chaſcun eſt ſage apres le coup; Prov. *An after-wit is every bodies wit; any man can tell, after a blow given, how it might have been avoided.*

En defaut de ſage monte vn fol en chaire; Prov. *A foole, for want of better, doth ſtep up and preach; undertakes the buſineſſe; undergoes the charge.*

Femme ſage, & de façon de peu remplit ſa maiſon; Prov. *Look* Femme.

Fols ſont ſages quand ils ſe taiſent; Prov. *Fooles are held wiſe as long as they are ſilent.*

Il n'eſt ſi ſage qui ne folie aucunes-tois; Prov. *The wiſeſt man doth ſometimes play the foole.*

Le plus ſage ſe taiſt; Prov. *The wiſeſt ſayes the leaſt.*

Les plus ſages faillent ſouvent en beau chemin; Prov. *The wiſeſt often erre in plaineſt matters.*

On revient ſage des iours; Prov. *In time one gets experience.*

Vn fol adviſe bien vn ſage; Prov. *A foole may ſometimes give the wiſe adviſe.*

Sagemener. *Look* Sacmenter.

Sagement. *Sagely, wiſely, diſcreetly, adviſedly.*

Sageraut. *Wiſe, warie, diſcreet, well adviſed, of great experience.*

Sageſſe: f. *Sageneſſe, wiſedome, knowledge, diſcretion, underſtanding.*

Dens de ſens, & de ſageſſe. *The teeme jaw teeth.*

Mortier de ſageſſe. *Look* Mortier.

Voila vne belle ſageſſe. *That was a worthie wiſe act; the very creame of Apolloes brain-panne.*

Mieux vaut vne once de fortune qu'vn livre de ſageſſe; Prov. *An ounce of luck excels a pound of wit.*

Siget: m. ette: f. *Prettie and ſage, indifferently wiſe.*

Sagette: f. *An arrow, or ſhaft; alſo, the Ditch-weed called, Arrow-head, or water-Archer.*

Sagetté: m. ée: f. *Shot, pierced, or tranſfixed with arrowes.*

Sagetter. *To hit, ſtrike, pierce, tranſfix, or ſhoot through with arrowes.*

Saggotter. *To joult, rudely to ſhog, or ſhake.*

Sagitale. *Look* Sagittale.

Sagitelle: f. *The Launcet wherewith a Surgeon openeth veines, and impoſtumes.*

Sagittaire: m. *An Archer, Bowman, Shooter; and hence, the heavenly Archer, or Signe* Sagittarius.

Sagittale. Commiſſure ſagittale. *The ſeame which runnes along on the top of the head, and diſtinguiſhes the right ſide of it from the left.*

Sagmenter. *Look* Sacmenter.

Sagnie: f. *A bundle of the ſlender ſtaulkes of ſea-graſſe, or of other ſea-weeds, wrapped cloſe together, and throwne, by the working of the ſea, upon the ſhore.* ¶ Langued.

Sagoin, & Sagouin. *A little Marmoſet; and thence, a little crackrope, ſlip-ſtring, knaviſh wag, unhappy lad.*

Sahuc: m. *A Sallow tree, the Goats Willow tree.*

Saïe. *Look* Saye.

Saiſſe: f. *The Dace, or Dare fiſh.*

Saigné: m. ée: f. *Blouded, let bloud.*

Saignée: f. *Phlebotomie, bloud-letting; alſo, Dogs-graſſe, Couch-graſſe, Quitch-graſſe.*

Selon la jambe la ſaignée; Prov. *Let bloud according to the bodies luſtineſſe, or ſtrength; ſubjects, or tenants would not be drawne too drie.*

Saigner. *To bleed; alſo, to let bloud.*

Saigner du nez. *His heart to faint, or fayle him; cowardly to flinch, fearfully to quayle, at; to clap his tayle between his legs, to ſet up his craven feathers (for much bleeding cooles the heart, and he thats cold at the heart muſt needs be fearefull.)*

Saigner la terre. *To till, or breake up ground in an unfit ſeaſon, as in a very hard froſt.*

Ie vous ſaigneray d'vne autre veine. *I will ſee what you can ſay in other matters; I will trie, or put you to it, another way.*

Saigneux: m. euſe: f. *Bloudy, full of bloud.*

Sailleur: m. *A leaper, jumper, &c. as* Saulteur. (v.m.)

Sailli. *Gone out, iſſued forth; alſo, leaped on.*

Saillicoque. *Look* Salecoque.

Saillie: f. *A ſally, eruption, violent iſſue, or*

or breaking out upon; alſo, a leape, ſault, bound, skip, jert; alſo, an eminence, jutting, or bearing out beyond others; any diſordinate exceſſe, or exceſſive out-ſtanding.

Saillie de maiſon. *Any out-jetting room, or part thereof, and particularly, an open gallery, or terrace made without the wall or hanging over it.*

Saillie de S. Mathurin. *An odde, fooliſh, humorous, mad, giddie, fantaſticall trick.*

Saillie d'un os. *A Proceſſe; that part of it which, like a knob in a tree, ſtands out beyond the reſt.*

Saillie d' une pierre precieuſe. *The imboſſement of an inchaced precious ſtone.*

Il a fait vne ſaillie. *He hath run to much riot; he hath made a foule fault; he was ill aviſed, or too far carried by haſte, choler, paſſion, fooliſh or hair-braind affection.*

Il a les plus plaiſantes ſaillies du monde. *He uſes the moſt prettie, odde, and extravagant digreſſions that ever I heard.*

Saillier: m. *A ſally, eruption, digreſſion, extravagant flying out.*

Saillir. *To go out, iſſue forth; appeare above, ſtand out beyond, others; alſo, to leap, jump, bound, skip, hop; alſo, to ride, or leape one another, as the male doth the female.*

Saln: m. *Seam; the tallow, fat, or greaſe of a Hog, or of a ravenous wild beaſt.*

Sain: m. aine: f. *Sound, whole, wholeſome, healthfull, ſafe, in good plight, in good liking.*

Il ſe plaind de ſaine teſte. *He is troubled with ſtore of good things; he complaines of eaſe.*

Hardiment parle teſte ſaine; Pro. *The wiſe, honeſt, or guiltleſſe, boldly ſpeak.*

Sainct: m. *A Saint; a (canonized), holy man.*

Sainct de quareſme. *One that lives ſtrictly or devoutly in Lent, and looſely or profanely the whole yeare after; alſo, one that hides himſelf, or is no where to be found.*

Oublier Dieu parmy tous les ſaincts. *To forget God amongſt All-hallowes; amidſt many trifling, to neglect his chiefeſt, occaſions.*

Le ſainct de la ville n'eſt point oré; Prov. *Men, leaſt reſpect their owne, or that they are uſed to; our well-known patrons are the leaſt implored.*

Il n'eſt miracle que de vieux ſaincts; Pro. *We credit not reports, or miracles, of a freſh date; antiquity is of aweſull authority.*

Il n'y a ſi petit ſainct qui ne deſire ſa chandelle; Pro. *Look* Chandelle.

Le fleuve paſſé le ſainct oublié; Pro. *The danger paſt our vowes are ſoon forgotten.*

Sainct: m. cte: f. *Holy, ſacred, ſanctified, godly, religious, devout, pure, of perfect or unſpotted life; (and ſometimes) alſo, the contrary; as,* O le ſainct homme, *what a profane wretch is this.*

Bois ſainct. *The wood Gwacum, or Gayac, whereof diet drink for the pocks is made.*

Huile ſainct. *the oyle uſed by Papiſts in Baptiſme, and Extreme unction.*

Huile ſainct, ou de ſapience. *Look* Sapience.

La ſemaine ſainct. *The week before Eaſter, the Paſſion weeke.*

Sainct: f. *A ſhe Saint; a moſt holy woman.*

Sainctelot: m. otte: f. *Somewhat holy, or Saint-like.*

Sainctement. *Holily, ſatredly, godlily, devoutly, religiouſly.*

Sainct-n'y-touche. *An hypocrite; an over-ſcrupulous Puritan; one that, fearing to ſeem prophane, will not be touched, or dares touch almoſt nothing.*

Sainct-foin: m. *Medick fodder, Snaile-claver, Spaniſh Triſolie, horned Claver.*

Sainement. *Healthfully, ſoundly, wholly, wholeſomely.*

Sainne. *Look* Seine.

Saint, & Sainte-n'y-touche. *Look* Sainct, & Sainct-n'y-touche.

† Sainteur: m. *A certain rent paied by thoſe that have been freed from bondage unto thoſe that affranchiſed them.*

Saint-foin: m. *Medick fodder, Spaniſh Triſolie, horned or Snayle-Claver.*

† Saintre. Droict de ſ. *Look* Droict.

Sainture. *Look* Ceincture.

Saiſt m. *Certain pieces of iron, whereby the axeltree is faſtened unto the body of a Wayne, &c.*

Saiſi: m. ie: f. *Seiſed, laid hold on, poſſeſſed of; attached, arreſted.*

Saiſie: f. *A ſeiſure, arreſt, or attachment of goods, &c.*

Saiſine: f. *Seiſin, livery and ſeiſin, poſſeſſion.*

Cas de ſaiſine. *An Action, or Sute upon a diſſeiſin, lies where a man, out of poſſeſſion a full yeare and a day, had peaceably injoyed within ten yeares before, either continually, or by times, and the moſt part of thoſe yeares; in which caſe the defendant is to continue his poſſeſſion during the ſute: whereas in* Cas de nouvelleté (*which is for a diſſeiſin within the yeare and day*) *he is to have the preſent poſſeſſion that can ſhew the laſt impeachment thereof to have been received by himſelf.*

Droict de ſaiſine. *Look* Droict.

Saiſir. *To ſeiſe, lay hold or hands on, take poſſeſſion of; alſo, to attach, or arreſt.*

Le mort ſaiſit le vif; &, le pied ſaiſit le chef. *Look* Mort, & Pied.

Saiſiſſement: m. *A ſeiſin, a laying hold or hands on, a taking poſſeſſion of; alſo, an attaching, or arreſting; alſo, a ſuddaine taking with a qualme, or ſowne.*

Saiſon: f. *Seaſon, due time, fit opportunity; alſo, a terme, or time.*

Mauvaiſe eſt la ſaiſon quand vn loup mange l'autre; Prov. *It is a hard yeer when one wolfe eates another; when an thiefe robs, when one pirate preyes on another.*

Si le fol ne folie il perd ſa ſaiſon; Prov. *A foole not fooling is much out of date; or, a foole is moſt, when he plaies leaſt, the foole.*

Saitre: f. *A kind of two-pennie broad Ribbon made of very courſe ſilke.*

Saive. *Look* Seve.

Salace: com. *Lecherous, laſcivious, luſtfull.*

Salacité: f. *Lecherie, luſtfulneſſe, rankneſſe, a provocation or tickling unto luſt.*

Salade: f. *A Salade, Helmet, Headpeece; alſo, a Sallet of herbs, &c. alſo, the young head of a Deer (long, tender, woollie, and but beginning to branch) taken off at the head-men, the croſſing, or a Deeres head put up to the croſſing.*

Tant de ſalades. *So many horſemen.*

Qui vin ne boit après ſalade eſt en danger d'eſtre malade; Prov. *A ſallet without wine is raw, unwholeſome, dangerous.*

Saladier: m. ere: f. *Belonging to, or fit for, a Salade, or Sallet.*

Salage: m. *Saltage; ſaltneſſe; or ſalt things.*

Droict de ſalage. *Look* Droict.

Salaire: m. *A ſalarie, ſtipend, penſion, hire, wages, fee, pay given.*

Salaiſon: f. *Salt-making, or a trading for ſalt.*

Salamandre. *A Salamander. Look* Salmandre.

Salant: m. ante: f. *Salting; powdering or ſeaſoning with ſalt.*

Marais ſalans. *Salt Marſhes; or marſhes wherein ſalt is gathered.*

Salarié: m. ée: f. *Hired, waged, feed, rewarded.*

Salarier. *To hire, wage, fee; give a ſtipend, allow pay, unto; alſo, to reward.*

Salariſer. *as* Salarier.

Salaude: com. *Look* Sale.

Salcoque: f. *An uncaſed Prawn.* ¶ Norm.

Sale: f. *Look* Salle.

Sale: com. *Foule, ſoyled, naſtie, ſluttiſh, unclean, filthie, loathſome, drabbie.*

Le doigt ſale. *The middle finger, which we (after the Latines) call the fooles finger.*

Le gris ſale. *A dark, or duskie gray.*

Salé: m, ée: f. *Salted, powdered, pickled; alſo, brackiſh, or ſaltiſh.*

Salecoque: f. *An uncaſed Prawn.* ¶ Norm.

Salément. *Foulely, filthily, naſtily, ſluttiſhly.*

Saler. *To ſalt, powder, pickle; ſeaſon or corn with ſalt, ſteepe or lay in brine.*

Salet: m. ette: f. *Sallted, ſlubbered, ſoyled; ſomewhat naſtie, ſluttiſh, or uncleane.*

Saleté: f. *Foulneſſe, naſtineſſe, ordure, ſluttiſhneſſe, filthineſſe, uncleanneſſe, beaſtlineſſe.*

Salette: f. *A little ſalt; alſo, the herb Sorrell, or Soure-dock.*

Petite ſalette. *Petite Sorrell, ſallet Sorrell.*

Saleure. *Look* Salure.

Saleures. *Salt meats.*

Salez: m. *The Burgonians, called ſo in old time by the French, marking them for their controverſies with the Germans touching their Salt-pits.*

Salezart: m. *An arrant or extreme ſlover, a filthie or greaſie ſlouch.*

Saltuge: f. *A kind of Serpent that's poiſoned by ſalt.*

Salicoque. *Look* Salecoque.

Salicor: m. *The herb Saltwort, Glaſſwort, Crab-graſſe, Frog-graſſe.*

Salicorne. *The ſame.*

Salicots. *Look* Saligots.

Sali-

Salidure : f. *A little puſh, wheale, or pomke ; ſo called (at it firſt ariſing) in* Languedoc.

Saliere : f. *A ſalt-ſeller, a table or trencher ſalt ; alſo, a powdering houſe ; alſo, the hollownesse, or hollow pit, between the blades of the ſhoulders.* Look Salliere.

Saliette : f. *Herb Sorrell, Sowre-dock, or Green-ſawce.*

Saligot : m. *A ſlouen, or ſlouch.* ¶ Orleannois.

Saligots : m. *Saligots, water Caltrops, water Nuts.*

Salin : m. *as* Trident ; *alſo, a garner for ſalt.*

Droict de ſalin. *as* Gabelle de ſel.

Saline : f. *A ſalt-pit, or ſalt-houſe ; a place wherein ſalt, is gotten, or made.*

Salir. *To foule, ſoile, ſully, beray, begrime ; pollute, make ſluttiſh, defile, or fill with ordure.*

Saliſſon : com. *A ſlouen, or ſlut (at* Tours.)

Saliſſure : f. *A fouling, ſoiling, ſullying, defiling, braying, begriming,*

† Salival : m. ale : f. *Spittle, ſlimie.*

† Salivation : f. *A continuall having of much ſpittle in the mouth ; or, a drawing of humors to the mouth, and a delivery of them from thence in manner of ſpittle.*

Salive : f. *Spittle ; alſo, a clammy foam, or juyce ; alſo, the ſlime of ſnailes.*

Table ſans ſel bouche ſans ſalive ; Pro. *Appliable to any dull, or unſavoury thing, which hath no power to excite the appetite.*

Saliver. *To ſlaver ; to be full of ſpittle, yeeld much ſpittle, make a clammie, or ſlimie ſoame.*

Saliveux : m. euſe : f. *Spittly, ſlavering, full of mouth-moiſture ; yeelding a clammie or ſlimie ſoame.*

Saliviere : f. *as* Baverette à babillons.

Salle : f. *A Hall.*

Salle d'audience. *Any Hall, or place, wherin a Soveraigne Court is kept.*

La grande Salle du Palais. *The great Hall of the Palace ; that wherein (as in ours at* Weſtminſter) *moſt of the Judges do ſit.*

Avoir la ſalle. *To be whipped in publicke, or (like a breeching boy of a College) publikly in a Hall.*

Salle : com. Look Sale.

Sallebrenaut : m. *A filthy, ſhitten, ſlinking, or ſlovenly ſcoundrell ; a baſe, and beaſtly companion.*

Sallebreneux : m. euſe : f. *Moſt filthily berayed.*

Salleté. Look Saleté.

Sallette : f. *A little Hall.*

Salli : m. ie : f. *Fouled, ſoyled, ſullied, berayed, begrimed, exceedingly ſlurried.*

Salliere : f. *as* Saliere ; *alſo, the pit or hole over the eye of a horſe ; or the bone wherein it is.*

Sallir. *as* Salir ; *or* Saſſir.

Salliſſeure : f. *A fouling, ſoyling, beraying, begriming, defiling.*

Salloir : m. *A ſalting, or ſowcing tub, or table.*

† Sallorge. *A ſellor, ſtorehouſe, or low roome, to keep ſalt in.*

Salmandre : f. *A Salamander ; a ſpotted Lizard, or beaſt like a Lizard, which (as old Authors affirme) lives much in the fire ; and either is not hurt by it, or within a while quenches it ; but the truth is, that although ſhe endure it better then any other beaſt, yet as length, or if ſhe ſtay any while in it, it is not quenched by her, but ſhe conſumed by it.*

Salmandre d'eau. *The water Salamander ; black-backed, red-bellied, and full of yellow ſpots.*

Salmigondin : m. *A Hachee ; or meat made ordinarily of cold fleſh, cut in little pieces, and ſtewed or boiled on a chafing-diſh, with crummes of bread, wine, verjuyce, vinegar, ſliced Nutmeg, and Orange pills.*

Salmille : f. *The herb Chervill.*

Salmonde : f. *Herb Avens, Bennet, or Bleſſed.*

Salnitre. *Salt-peter candied, or fined unto the colour, and ſubſtance of white Sugar-candie.*

Saloir : m. *A powdering tub, or table.*

Saloppe : com. *A ſlouen, or ſlut.* ¶ Orleannois.

Saloque. *The South-eaſt wind.*

Salorge : f. *A ſellor, low roome, or ſtorehouſe, to lay ſalt in.*

Salouër. Look Saloir.

Salpeſtre : m. *Salt-peter.*

Salpeſtré : m. ée : f. *Made of, or mixed with, Salt-peter.*

Salpeſtreux : m. euſe : f. *Full of Salt-peter.*

Salpeſtrier : m. *A Salt-peter-man, or Salt-peter-maker.*

† Salſature : f. Look Salſitude.

Salſeparille : f. *Th'Indian herb, or drug,* Saſſaparilla.

Salſitif : m. iue : f. *Salt, ſaltie, or ſalt-making.*

Salſitude : f. *Saltneſſe, brackiſhneſſe.*

Salſugineux : m. euſe : f. *Saltie, or ſmacking of ſalt.*

Saltereau. Look Sautereau.

Saluade : f. *A ſalutation, or greeting ; and particularly, a volley of great or ſmall ſhot beſtowed one a great perſon, or worthie friend.*

Salvador : m. *A Saviour ; (drawn from the Spaniſh.)*

Salvage. Droict de Salvage. Looke Droict.

Salvatelle : f. *Th'outward branch of the ſhoulder veine, falling down, over the wriſt, unto the partition between the ring finger, and the little one.*

Salvation : f. *A bill, reply, or pleading, which maintaines the truth of an account, the depoſitions of witneſſes, or the goodneſſe of a deed, reproached, or contradicted by another bill, &c.*

Salubre : com. *Wholſeſome, healthfull, whole, ſound.*

Salubrement. *Wholeſomely, healthfully.*

Salubrité. *Wholeſomeneſſe, healthfulneſſe, ſoundneſſe.*

Saluë : f. *A volley of ſhot given for a welcome to ſome great perſon, &c.*

Salué : m. ée : f. *Saluted, greeted ; reverenced.*

Saluër. *To ſalute, greet, all-haile, do reverence, make a courteſie, ſend commendations, give the time of the day, unto.*

Ils ſaluërent le promontoire de, &c. *They ſailed, or paſſed, by the Promontory of, &c.*

Saluerne : f. *A great carrouſing, or drinking cup.* ¶ Rab.

Saluëur : m. *A ſaluter, a greeter.*

Salure : f. *A ſalting, powdering, pickling ; a laying in brine ; a ſeaſoning, or corning with ſalt ; alſo, brine, or pickle.*

Salus. *as* Saluts ; *alſo, a certain craftie ſea-fiſh, which biteth away the bait, and medleth not with the booke.*

Salut : m. *Health, ſafety, ſoundneſſe, good plight ; alſo, ſalvation, ſafegard, preſervation ; alſo, a greeting, ſalutation, commendation.*

Salutaire : m. *The health, preſervation, or ſafegard of.*

Salutaire : com. *Healthfull, wholeſome, ſound, whole ; comfortable ; profitable.*

Salutairement. *Healthfully, wholeſomely ; comfortably.*

Saluta-libenter. yn ſal. *A cogging, flattering, or gleering mate ; one that ſalutes every one (but cares for none) he meets.*

Salutation : f. *A ſalutation, greeting, or courteſie ; a reverencing ; a commending himſelf unto.*

Saluts : m. *An old French Crown, or coine, worth about 5 s. ſterl.*

Samarré. Look Chamarré.

Sambacin. Huile ſam. *Oyle of Jeſſomine flowers.*

Sambregoy. par le ſam. *A fooliſh oath, like our Gods-bodekin, &c.*

Sambucin. Huile ſam. *Oyle of the flowers, or berries of the Elder tree.*

Same : f. *The Mullet-fiſh.* ¶ Langued.

Samedy : m. *Saturday.*

Samoireau : m. *A great black grape which yeeldeth very harſh wine.*

Sampongne : f. *A bagpipe, or oaten pipe ; alſo, the bell hanged about the neck of a ſheepe, or goat ; ſome call it a Low-bell.*

Sampſuc : m. *The ſweet herb Marjerome.*

Samy. *A ſilken, or half-ſilk ſtuffe, which hath a gloſſe like Satin, and is narrower, but laſteth better, then it.*

Sanable : com. *Healable, curable.*

Sancerre. *The name of a ſtrong town in* Berry, *held by thoſe of the Religion, and beſieged, in the yeer 1573, by* la Chaſtre *for the French King ; during which ſiege 150 ſtrong vine-labourers did the defendants notable ſervice with their ſlings ; whence the Proverb.*

Piſtoles de Sancerre. *Slings to hurle ſtones with.*

Sanchet : m. *A pudding.* (Savoyard.)

Sanchet : m. *An old coine of gold worth about 2 s. ſterl.*

Sanctificateur : m. *A ſanctifier, a hallower.*

Sanctification : f. *A ſanctification, a hallowing.*

Sanctifier. *To ſanctifie, hallow, make holy ; alſo, as* Sanifier.

Sanctimoniale : f. *A Nun.* ¶ Rab.

Sanctimonie : f. *Sanctimony, holineſſe, devoutneſſe, religiouſneſſe ; alſo, the profeſſion of a religious perſon.*

Sanction : f. *A Sanction, Ordinance, Law, Decree, Statute eſtabliſhed.*

La Pragmatique Sanction. *A confirmation of a decree made in the Councill of* Baſile, *whereby (among other things eſtabliſhed for the reformation of the Eccleſiaſticall State) the election of Prelates, and collation of Benefices during vacancy, as*

alſo the deciſion of ſuits concerning them (uſurped ſome time before by the Court of Rome) was reſtored unto the Canons, Prieſts, or Monkes of the Diocеſſe: This confirmation was publiſhed by Edict of Charles the ſeventh, in the yeer 1438.

Sanctoron: m. *An hypocrite, or a counterfeiter of Saints.*

Sanctuaire: m. *A Sanctuary, the Sanctuary; a Temple, Church, or Chappell; a holy or ſanctified place.*

Sandal: m. *Saunders; a ſweet-ſmelling wood brought out of the Indies; alſo, the fluxe called Sendaliva.*

Sandal blanc. *White Saunders; Aromaticall, and next in goodneſſe unto the yellow one.*

Sandal citrin. *Yellow Saunders; the tree whereof is bigger, and the wood ſweeter, than any other of that kind.*

Sandal rouge. *Red Saunders; the worſt kind of Saunders, yeelding, of it ſelfe, no manner of odour.*

Sandal roux. *Yellow Saunders.*

Sandale: f. *The ſhoos called a Sandall, or Sandall, open, or faſtened with latchets, on the inſtap.*

Sandalin: m. ine: f. *Of Sendall, or Saunders.*

Cerat Sandalin. *Look* Cerat.

Sandarac: m. *The beſt red Arſenick, or Orpine; a bright Painters red, whereof there be two kinds; one (the beſt, and better) found in mines of gold and ſilver; the other made of burned Ceruſe.*

Sandarac des Arabes. *Gum of Juniper, or of Cypres.*

Sandaracke. *Look* Sandarac.

Sandaſtre. *A kind of Carbuncle, or burning ſtone, wherein ſmall golden drops, or ſparkles that ſhine like ſtarres, appeare.*

Sandeau: m. *A Link, or Torch.* ✠ Rab.

Sandouille, *The name of an apple.*

Sanele. *Wild Muſtard.*

Sanemonde: f. *Herb Avens, herb Bennet, or Bleſſed.*

† Saner. *To cure, heal, or make whole; alſo, to gueld or ſpey a Sow.*

† Sanes. *Parliaments, or generall aſſemblies; alſo, two ſixes at Dice.*

Sang: m. *Bloud; alſo, a ſtock, race, kindred, linage, parentage, eſpecially of Kings, in which ſence we alſo uſe the words, Bloud royall.*

Sang de dez. *Look* Sang-de-dez.

Sang de Dragon. *Dragons bloud; a gummie juyce diſtilling from the Dragon tree wounded, opened, or bruiſed in the Dog-daies; alſo, the herb called Bloud-wort, red Patience, and bloudy Patience.*

Sang de France. *The Bloud royall of France, (wherein this word hath a larger extenſion, then in,* Les Princes du Sang, *which are onely ſuch of the Kings kinſmen as may come to the Crown.)*

Sang d'homme. *Atractilis, wild baſtard Saffron.*

Iuſtice à ſang. *Mean, or middle Juriſdiction; ſo tearmed (belike) becauſe the Lord that hath it may by whipping, &c. draw bloud of his offending vaſſall, but can proceed no further.*

Avoir du ſang aux ongles. *To be reſolute, forward, valiant; quick, induſtrious, diligent.*

Signer de ſon ſang. *Look* Signer.

Il n'y fait que le ſang tout cler. *He hath but little skill, or is at the end of his skill, in that.*

Le bon ſang ne peut mentir: Pro. *Good bloud cannot, (the well-bred will not) lie; a noble nature, confronted by wrong, ſcorn, or any baſe condition, doth quickly diſcover it ſelfe.*

Sang-de-dez. *Little ſquare-bladed pocket daggers.*

Sanglamment. *Bloudily.*

Sanglant: m. ante: f. *Bloudy, gore, bleeding, imbrued, full of bloud.*

Roſti ſanglant. *A dredging with the powder of Hares bloud.*

Sanglantement. *Bloudily, bleedingly.*

Sanglanter. *To bebloud, or make bloudie; to ſprinkle, imbrue, or beſmear, with bloud.*

Sangle: f. *A girth, a ſengle; alſo, an ancient meere, or bound, whereby land from land, and houſe from houſe, have been divided.*

Il en avoit tout le long des ſangles. *He had his full payment (whether in tearmes, or ſtrokes,) alſo, he had his full load (whether of the pot, or of the pack.)*

Sangle: com. *Single.* *Look* Sengle.

Sanglé: m. ée: f. *Girt, as a horſe, &c.*

Sanglement: m. *A girding of a horſe.*

Sangler. *To girth; to faſten, or bind in, with girthes.*

Sangleron: m. *A young wild Boar.*

Sanglier: m. *A wild Boar.*

Le ſanglier n'eſt qu'un hoſte; Pro. *The Boar is but a ſojourner; for he ſeldome ſtaies, any time, within one wood, or forreſt, but ranges continually.*

Au cerf la biere, au ſanglier le barbier; Prov. *The Stag a coffin, Boare a Barber, neteds; or, if thou beeſt hurt by a Stag provide a coffin, if by a wild Boare a Chirurgian.*

Sangliere: f. *A wild Sow.*

Sanglot. *Look* Senglot.

Sanglot de ſang. *A lumpe, or clot of congealed, or cluttered bloud.*

Sanglotin: m. *A Boare-pig, or, a little wild Boar.*

Sanglotter. *To yex, or hickock; alſo, to ſob often.*

† Sanglour. *Look* Senglot.

Sangleure: f. *A girding.*

Sang-meſlé: m. ée: f. *Whoſe bloud is ſtirred, whoſe colour comes and goes, through a great, or ſudden feare, &c.*

Sang-meſleure: f. *A diſturbing, or ſtirring of the bloud; a comming and going of colour, by reaſon of a great, or ſudden feare.*

Sangoy. *as much (in ruſticall French) as* Sang de Dieu.

Sangreal. *Part of Chriſts moſt precious bloud wandring about the world inviſible (to all but chaſt eyes) and working many wonders, and wonderfull cures; if we may credit the moſt fooliſh, and fabulous Hiſtory of King Arthur.*

Sangſuë: f. *A Horſleech, a bloud-ſucker.*

Sangſuër. *To ſuck bloud like a Horſleech.*

Sanguificatif: m. ine: f. *Bloud-making, turning into bloud.*

Sanguifier. *To convert, or turne into bloud.*

Sanguin: m. *The purple ſorte called Hounds-tree, Hounds berrie tree, Dogberrie tree, Gotten or Gatter tree.*

Sanguin blanc. *The white barren, or fruitleſſe Privet.*

Sanguin noir. *Our ordinary Privet, whoſe ripe berry is black; or (as Macalfe) Pomander Privet, whoſe berry hath a ſtinking black hue.*

Sanguin rouge. *as* Sanguin.

Sanguin: m. ine: f. *Sanguine, bloudy, red; of a ſanguine complexion; full of bloud.*

Sanguinaire: f. *Centinodie, Swines-graſſe, Knot-graſſe, Birds-tongue, S. Iames's herb.*

Sanguinaire: com. *Bloudie, gore, red; bloud-thirſtie, cruell.*

Sanguine: f. *The bloud-ſtone wherewith Cutlers do ſanguine their hilts.*

Sanguine noire. *A certaine ſtaining, red iron-coloured ſtone, of the kind of bloud-ſtones.*

Sanguineral: m. *The little ſiſte called a Mercury.*

Sanguinité: f. *Conſanguinity, kindred, parentage, affinity, neereſſe of bloud.*

Sanguinolent: m. ente: f. *Sanguinulent, bloudy, full of bloud.*

Sanguiſorbe: f. *Bonnet, Pimpinell.*

Sanicle: com. *Sanicle, Semicell, Selfe-heal.*

Sanicle femelle. *Blacke Maſterwort, or Dioſcorides his blacke Hellebore; called (untruly) by the vulgar, Pellitory of Spaine.*

Celuy qui ſanicle a de mire affuſte il n'a; &, Qui a du bugle, & du Sanicle, fait au Chirurgien la nique; Pro. *(So great is the vertue, and opperation of this herb in the cloſing, and curing of wounds.)*

Saniclet: m. *as* Sanicle.

Sanie: f. *Mattar; corrupt, or filthy bloud; or more properly, the ſeroſity, or waterineſſe of bloud, or of other humors; and the watery excrement that's yeelded by ulcers, and bred of the ſame cauſe.*

Sanie des oreilles. *Eare-wax.*

Sanieux: m. euſe: f. *Mattery, corrupt; yeelding, or full of, a filthie moiſture.*

Sanlnier. *Look* Savlnier.

Sannier: m. *A Salter; Salt-ſeller; Salt-maker.*

Sans. *Sanſe; without, beſides.*

C'eſt mon homme ſans autre. *It's the ſame man I looked for, it is none but he.*

Paſſe ſans flux. *Paſſe, I am not ſtaid; alſo, let go, no matter, not a pin matter.*

Sanſonet: m. *The bird called a Starling, or Start; alſo, a little, or pretty and tinable, fart.*

Sanſonnet. *The ſame.*

Sanſuë: f. *The water-worm called a Horſleech, or Bloud-ſucker.*

Santal. *as* Sandal.

Santé: f. *Health, welfare, ſoundneſſe of body: In* Xainconge *they uſe to give Prawnes unto diſeaſed perſons, and thereupon tearm them,* De la Santé.

De grande maladie vient on bien en grande ſanté; Pro. *Much comfort after many croſſes; long ſickneſſe often breeds a laſting health.*

Mal deſſus mal n'eſt pas ſanté, Pro. *Ayle upon ill cannot be health.*

Point.

Roiez ne faut demander de malade s'il veut ſanté ; Prov. *Aske not a ſicke man if he would be ſound ; make not a queſtion of things queſtionleſſe ; doubt not of that which is already reſolued.*

Qui n'a ſanté n'a rien ; qui a ſanté il a tout ; Prov. *He that hath health, hath all things, he that wants it, nothing.*

Santonique : f. *Wormeſed ; the ſeed of holy wormewood, or Wormeſeed-wort.*

Sanues blanches. *The white wild Colewort.*

Sanut. *as* Canus.

Sanxi : m. ie : f. *Decreed, ordained, enacted, eſtabliſhed, ratified ; alſo, forbidden.*

Sanxion : f. *An Act, Law, Decree, Statute, Ordinance.*

Sanye : f. *Look* Sanie.

Saon : m. *A challenge of, or exception againſt, a witneſſe, Iuror, &c.*

Saoulet : m. *A Sailer ; one that ſelleth ſaile.*

† Saonné : m. ée : f. *Challenged, or excepted againſt.*

Saonnemẽt : m. *A challenging, or excepting againſt.*

† Saonner. *To challenge, or except againſt a witneſſe, Iuror, &c.*

Saoul : m. *A glut, ſatiety, fulneſſe.*

Saoul : m. ſaoule : f. *Full, glutted, cloyed, ſatiated, that hath ſo much of a thing as he is ready to loath it.*

Le Pigeon ſaoul trouve les ceriſes ameres ; Prov. *The full-ſtuft maw finds bitterneſſe in ſweet things.*

Qui a la pance pleine il luy ſemble que tous les autres ſont ſaouls ; Prov. *He thats full-bellied thinks all others full.*

Saoulé : m. ée : f. *Glutted, ſatiated, filled, cloyed with.*

Saoulement : m. *A glutting, filling, ſatiating, cloying with.*

Saouler. *To glut, cloy, fill, ſatiate, give a gorge full of.*

On ſe ſaoule bien de manger tartes ; Prov. *One may well glut himſelfe (or, ſoon have enough) in eating Tarts.*

Saouleté : f. *Satiety, fulneſſe, a cloying, glutting, loathing, loathſomneſſe.*

Saoulure : f. *The ſame.*

Sap. Bois de ſap. *Deale planke, Deale boords.*

Sape. *Look* Sabe.

Sapé, &, Saper. *Look* Sappé, &, Sapper.

Saphene. *The mother veine, runs over the inner ankle unto the inſtep, and thence to the great toe.*

Saphiques : f. *Saphicks, or Saphicke verſes (of eleven ſyllables.)*

Saphir : m. *A Saphir ſtone ; alſo, a bud, or blew pimple vn any part of the face.*

Saphire. *Look* Safre.

Sapience : f. *Sapience, wiſedome, diſcretion, circumſpection, warineſſe, knowledge of all things.*

Huile de ſapience. *Oyle drawne out of tiles, or bricks, which have been ſteeped in very old oyle.*

Sapin : m. *A Firre tree.*

Sapin femelle. *The Deale tree.*

Bois de Sapin. *Deale planke, or Deale boords.*

Sapine : f. *An open tub, or veſſell (of Firre wood, &c.) wherein bottles of wine are uſually ſet.*

Sapinette : f. *A greve, or wood, of Firre trees.*

Sapineux : m. euſe : f. *Firrie, of Firre, full of Firre.*

Sappé : m. ée : f. *Digged, undermined, opened, cut into or through, as a wall, at the foot.*

Sappement : m. *A digging of a wall, an undermining, opening, or cutting into it, at the foot ; hence alſo, a ſupplanting.*

Sapper. *To undermine, dig into, open, or cut open (as a wall) at the foot ; and hence alſo, to ſupplant.*

Sappeur : m. *An undermíner, or miner.*

Sapphir. *Look* Saphir.

Sappin : m. *A Chiappin, or Spaniſh Pantofle ; monſtrous high ſoled, and moſt uſed by women.*

Saquer. *Look* Sacquer.

Saquerelle : f. *A dock for a horſes train.*

Saracha : f. *An Albanian fiſh very like to the Anchova.*

Sarazine. *Look* Sarrafine.

Sarbacane, or (*which is better*) Sarbataine : f. *A long trunk to ſhoot in ; alſo, the muſicall Inſtrument called a Sagbut.*

Sarcable : com. *Weedable, fit to be weeded.*

Sarcaſme : m. *A biting taunt, bitter jeaſt, cutting quip, nipping ſcoffe.*

Sarcelle : f. *The water-fowle called a Teale.*

Sarclé : m. ée : f. *Weeded ; grubbed up with a weeding forke.*

Sarclement : m. *A ſarkling, weeding ; a grubbing up with a weeding forke.*

Sarcler. *To weed ; to grub, or dig up weeds.*

Sarcler : m. *A weeding hooke, or weeding forke ; made ſomewhat like a grubbing, or dung, forke.*

Sarcleur : m. *A weeder.*

Sarcloir : m. *Look* Sarclet.

Sarcocolle : f. *A bitter Gum which iſſues from a thorny Perſian Plant ; alſo, the Wind-roſe, or baſtard wild Poppy.*

Sarcophange : m. *A ſtone called Eat-fleſh, becauſe it conſumes, in forty dayes, the dead carkaſſes incloſed within it.*

Sarcotique : com. *Breeding new fleſh.*

Sarcueil : m. *A Coffin for a dead corps. Look* Cercueil.

Sardaine : f. *A Pilchard, or Sardine.*

Sardanapaliſme : f. *Filthy, and effeminate ſenſualitie.*

Sarde : f. *A Pilchard ; alſo, a fleſh-coloured ſtone, thats eaſie to be graven, and therfore much uſed in Seale-rings.*

Sardelle : f. *The little fiſh called a Sardell, or Sardine.*

Sardine. *Look* Sardaine.

Sardoine : m. *The Sardonix ; a ſtone which on the one ſide reſembles a mans naile, on the other the* Sarde.

Sardonien. Ris ſardonien. *Look* Ris.

Sarfoët : m. *Look* Sarfouëtte.

Sarfoüage : m. *A grubbing, digging, or cutting up of weeds.*

Sarfouëtte : f. *An Inſtrument, whoſe yron head, about a foot long, is forked on the one ſide, and ſharp on the other, to grub, or cut up weeds or noiſome herbs.*

Sarfouïr. *To grub, or cut up weeds.*

Sarge : f. *The ſtuffe called Serge.*

Sargette : f. *A fine, or thin Serge.*

Sargon : m. *The Gilthead, or Goldeney ; as ſome hold ; howſoever, it is a very lecherous fiſh, and often changeth his mate.*

Satgoter. *To ſhog, joult, ſhake, toſſe, or thump ; alſo, to ſwive.*

Satin : m. *A certaine water-herb, which hath a hard root neceſſary for Smiths.*

Sariſſe. *A long Speare, Launce, Pike, or Javelin, uſed by the auncient Macedonians.*

Sarlatan : m. *Look* Charlatan.

Sarment : m. *The twig, or ſmall branch of a vine, &c.*

Se brider de ſarment. *To bridle himſelfe with a vine-ſprig ; to be ſo drunk that he cannot ſpeak.*

Sarmenteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of twiggs, or ſmall branches.*

Sarmentin : m. ine : f. *Of, or belonging to, a ſmall vine branch.*

Dragme ſarmentine. *A draught, or cup, of wine.*

Sarpe : f. *An Inſtrument ſomewhat reſembling a little Bill, and uſed for the topping of trees, and cutting of other ſmall wood, whereof bavens, and fagots be made.*

Sarpette : f. *A vine knife, hooked Gardeners knife, ſmall hedging Bill.*

Il pleine ſarpette. La vigne qui eſt à pleine ſarpette. *Thats full of, or well furniſhed with, grapes.*

Sarpillére : f. *A Sarpliar ; a peece of canvas, cloth, or other ſtuffe to wrap, or packe up wares in.*

Sarpilliere : f. *The ſame.*

Sarpillon. *Look* Sarpette.

Sarrabouïte. *Look* Strabouïte. ℣ Rab.

Sarrafine : f. *The herb Heartwort, or Birthwort ; alſo, Saracens Comfound, or Comfrey.*

Sarraſſon : m. *Fleetings, or baſtie curds, ſcumd from the whey of a new-milk cheeſe, then thickned with a little milke, or the yolk of an egge, and boiled on a ſoft fire.*

Sarre : f. *A kind of ſmall peece of artillerie uſed in old time.*

† Sarrer. *Look* Serrer.

Sarriette : f. *Savorie, Summer Savorie.*

Sarriette d'Angleterre. *Winter Savorie, Tymbra, Time-hyſop.*

Sars : m. des ſars. *Chichlings, yellow wild Fitches.*

Sart : m. *Sea-moſſe, Lungwort, Oiſtergreen.*

Sarteau : m. *The Bell-Peare, or Gourd-Peare.*

† Sartie : f. *A Cock-boat, or ſhip-boat ; the skiffe belonging to a ſhip.*

† Sartre : m. *A Tailer, or Botcher ; a mender of old garments.*

Sarvinien : m. *A fruitfull white vine whoſe leafe is almoſt round.*

Sas : m. *A ranging ſive, or ſearee.*

Au gros ſas. *Coreſly ; alſo, carelеſly, ſleightly, curſorily.*

Salle : com. *Look* Sale.

Saſſir. *Look* Saſir.

Saſſé : m. ée : f. *Searced, ſifted, ranged, boulted.*

Saſſefique ; *or* Saſſetrique. *Looke* Saſſity.

Saſſement : m. *A ſifting, ſearcing, ranging, boulting.*

Saſſer. *To ſift, ſearce, range, boult.*

Saſſe bonne farine ſans trompe ne buccine ; Prov. *Boult thy fine meale, and eat good paſt, without report, or Trumpets blaſt.*

Saſſeur : m. *A ſifter, ſearcer, boulter of corn, &c.*

Saſſeures: f. *Siftings*; or, *that which remains in a ſive, range, or ſearce, after that the meale hath been ſifted from it.*

Saſſefy: m. *Goats bread, Joſephs flower, Star of Jeruſalem, Noon-tide, Go to bed at noon.*

Saſſure. *Look* Saſſement.

Satellite: m. *A Sergeant, Catchpole; or Yeoman of the guard; one that arreſteth, or guardeth a mans perſon.*

Satieté: f. *Satiety, fulneſſe; plenty, content; alſo, a glutting, or cloying.*

Satin: m. *Satin.*

Satirion. *Look* Satyrion.

Satisfaction: f. *Satisfaction, contentment, a pleaſing; a fulfilling of the deſire, or will; alſo, repaiment; alſo, a purgation, or excuſe.*

Satisfactionnaire: m. *A Preacher of ſatisfaction.*

Satisfactoire: com. *Satisfactorie, ſatisfying.*

Satisfaict: m. &c: f. *Satisfyed, contented, pleaſed, payed.*

Satisfaire. *To ſatisfie, content, pleaſe, fulfill the humour or deſire of; to repay, make ſatisfaction; throughly to furniſh, or provide for.*

Satouilles: f. *Little Lampreyes bred in ſmall freſh-water ſtreames, into which the ſea comes not.*

Satrape: m. *A great Ruler, Commander, Potentate, or Peere; the Lieutenant, or Governour of a country.*

Sattaquer. *Look* Attaquer.

Saturige: f. *The herb Savorie.*

Saturité: f. *Saturity, fulneſſe, glutting, plentie, exceſſe.*

Saturnales. *The Feaſts of* Saturne, *celebrated by th'ancient Painims in* December.

Saturne: m. Saturne; *one of the ſeven Planets; alſo, lead; (among Alchimiſts, &c.)*

Saturnien: m. enne: f. *Sad, ſowre, lumpiſh, melancholy.*

Satyre: m. *A Satyr; a monſter halfe man halfe Goat.*

Satyre: f. *A Satyre; an Invective, or vice-rebuking Poem.*

† Satyriaſe: f. *Prick-pride, luſt-pride; the ſtanding of the yard; alſo, Priapiſme, a luſtfull extenſion, or ſwelling thereof.*

Satyric: m. ique: f. *Satyricall, taunting, inveying, biting, nipping, ſharp, rebuking, reproving.*

Satyrion: m. *Satyrion, Ragwort, Standlewort, Stander-graſſe, Gander-gooſe, Prieſts-pintle, ſweet Cullions, Ladies traces: (The Grecians tearme thus all Bulbus-rooted, and luſt-provoking, herbs.)*

Satyrion à deux couillons. *as (th'original)* Satyrion.

Satyrion à trois couillons. *Triple Orchis, or triple Ladies traces.*

Satyrion à trois fueilles. *Three-leaved Satyrion, Fox-ſtones.*

Satyrion royal. *Satyrion royall, finger Orchis, Palma Chriſti.*

Satyrique. *Look* Satyric.

Satyriquement. *Satyrically, tauntingly, nippingly, bitingly, railingly, inveyingly, rebukingly, reprovingly.*

Satyrium. *Look* Satyrion.

Sau: m. *Salt.* ¶ Poictevin. *alſo, a ſeller; alſo, an Oxe-houſe, or ſuch like baſe roome in a Countrey cottage.*]

Savert. *as* Friche. v.m.)

Savate. *An old ſhooe; alſo, the play called Bob and bit, or Hodman blind.*

Le beau ſoulier devient en fin ſavate; Prov. *Applyable to beauty decayed, or in the wane, by age, &c.*

Savaterie: f. *A cobling, or the trade of a Cobler; alſo, a ſtreet, or place, wherein old ſhooes be ſold.*

Savatier. *as* Savetier; *alſo, the play called Hodman blind.*

Savaton: m. *A ſhooe.* ¶ Gaſc. *alſo, a piece of an old ſhooe.*

Vieil ſavaton. *The Millers thumbe; a fiſh.*

Saubanite. *A ſleeveleſſe yellow coat, or gowne painted all over with repreſentations of devills, and put upon ſuch as are found guilty by th'Inquiſition.*

Sauce: f. *A ſauce, condiment, ſeaſoning for meat.*

Sauce barbe Robert. *A ſauce for fryed fiſh, or roaſted Conies, made of little Onions fried in butter, verjuyce, vinegar, muſtard, ſmall ſpices, and ſalt, boiled together.*

Sauce blanche. *Is made of blanched Almonds, and the brawne of a boiled Capon pounded together; and then Cloves, Ginger, Cinnamon, Roſe-water, and Sugar, put unto it.*

Sauce chaude. *Is made of Manchet firſt dried, then ſteeped in vinegar, or verjuyce; and afterwards with long Pepper, white Ginger, Cloves, Grains, and Nutmeg, pounded and ſtrained.*

Sauce d'enfer. *A ſauce, or condiment made of hogs feet firſt boyled, then broyled, then cut into great flat pieces, then ſcorched on a gridiron, then ſtued in verjuyce with Onions, then ſeaſoned with muſtard, and then boiled in a diſh with hot coales put both under, and over it.*

Sauce froide. *Another, made of the livers, and giſernes of chickens boiled with a little bacon, then taken out of their broth and cooled; then white bread ſteeped in vinegar, and green corne ſtrained together, and Marjerome, Parſley, white Ginger, a little Sage, and a good deale of ſalt, added unto them.*

Sauce reale, & royale: &, Sauce Robert. *Look* Real, & Robert.

La Sauce ne vaut pas mieux que le poiſſon; Prov. *(appliable three waies) the ſauce and fiſh are bad alike; or, the ſauce ſhould not be better then the fiſh; or, the ſauce is ſeldome better then the fiſh.*

Sans ſel ny ſauce. *Inſulſe, unſavorie; abſurd, without any manner of grace.*

A chair de loup ſauce de chien; Prov. *Look* Chien.

Saucer. *To ſauce, to ſeaſon with ſauce; alſo, to dip; whence;*

Il ne ſaucera ſon pain en ma ſouppe. *He ſhall not dip his bread in my broth; he ſhall not come near me, he ſhall have nothing to do with me.*

Sauciſſe: f. *A Saucidge; alſo, an Engine covered with leather, and made like unto, but much greater then, a Saucidge, which written by one end between the ſtones of a wall, and fire given to it, breakes it down how ſtrong ſoever it be; alſo, an Engine of pieces of wood bound hard together with hoops of Iron in the forme of a Tunne (but much thicker and longer, for a horſeman doth eaſily ſtrowd himſelf behind it, and fifty or ſixty men go to the rowling of it up and down.)*

Sauciſſe de Boulongne. *A* Bolonia *Saucidge, is made of beef and lean bacon, in equall quantity, flayed and chopped ſmall with half as much lard, and ſome Pepper, Ginger, and Salt; then put into a cleane Oxe gut half a foot long, and laid in ſalt for two daies together, and afterwards hung up in the ſmoak.*

Sauciſſe de Lombardie. *A* Lombardie *Saucidge, is made of the fleſh of ſodden Capons, and of Partridges, Woodcocks, or ſome river fowle, and a little Porke with lard chopped ſmall together, and ſeaſoned with whole Pepper, Salt, and ſmall ſpice, then put into an Oxe gut, and hung in the ſmoak; ſo may it be kept raw two or three yeares; but when you would eat it you muſt ſteep it, and afterwards boile it a good while in wine and water.*

Sauciſſon: m. *A Livering, or little Saucidge.*

Sauclés. *as* Melet.

Saudenier: m. *A Souldier that taketh pay.* (v. m.)

Save. *Look* Seve.

Savetier: m. *A Cobler, a Sowter.*

Sivetier: m. ere: f. *Of, or belonging to, cobling, or old ſhooes.*

Saveud. *as* Friche; *whence;* Terres laiſſées en ſaveud. *Grounds that lye unlaboured.* (v. m.)

Saveur: f. *Savour; ſmack, taſt, reliſh; alſo, pot-herbs; or ſeaſoning; whence* Mettez la ſaveur au pot.

Sauf: m. *A limitation of time for the return of a party, which upon his appearance, and th'adverſaries default in Court, hath leave to be gone.*

Sauf: m. ſauve: f. *Safe, ſure, ſound, whole, unbroken, without harm or danger, in good caſe; alſo, ſaved, reſerved, excepting, without prejudice unto; whence the Phraſes,* Sauf mon droict; &, ſauf voſtre honneur; & ſauf au defendeur ſon recours, &c.

Saufconduict: m. *A ſafe conduct, convoy, paſport, paſſe; protection, ſafeguard.*

Sauf-reſpit: m. *Reſpite of homage, or a time granted by a Lord unto his vaſſall for the doing of his homage.*

Sauge: f. *Look* Saulge.

Saugé: m. ée: f. *Sage, full of Sage, ſeaſoned with Sage, wherein Sage hath been ſteeped.*

Sauger: m. *The name of a ſweet and tender apple.*

Saugrenée: f. *A porridge, or meat of Peaſe and broth half boiled, and put into a diſh with ſops, ſalt, ſaffron, Sallet oyle, and ſome verjuice, or vinegar.*

Saugrenu: m. uë: f. *Untoward, unginly, ill-favoured, inſulſe, abſurd, ſottiſh, or ſottiſhly done.*

Savinier: m. *The Savin tree, or ſhrub.*

Saulce. *Look* Sauce.

Saulciſſe. *Look* Sauciſſe.

Sauldoy: m. *Branches of willow cut every third or fourth yeare, for poles, and props for vines, &c.*

Saule: m. *A Sallow, willow, or Withy tree.*

Saule baſtard. *The low, or dwarf willow.*

Saulgé: m. *Capon ſauce, made of Sage.*

Saulge : f. *The herb Sage.*
Saulge de bois. *Wood Sage, wild Sage, Garlick Sage.*
Saulge franche. *Sage royall, ſmall Sage, common Sage.*
Saulge molle, ou de montaigne. *Stachis, wild or yellow Horehound.*
Saulge d'outre mer. *The herb Clary, or Cleere-eye, called by ſome, beyond-ſea Sage.*
Saulge petite. *Small Sage (of a better ſmell then the great.)*
Saulge Romaine. *Coſtmarie, Alecoſt; alſo, the common garden Mint, ſpeare Mint, our Ladies Mint, browne Mint, Mackarell Mint.*
Saulge ſauvage. *Wild Sage, wood Sage, Garlick Sage; alſo, as* Saulge molle.
Saulge tranſmarine. *Look* Saulge d'outre-mer.
Grande Saulge. *Great Sage, broad Sage.*
Sans ſel ny ſaulge. *Unſavorie, inſulſe, abſurd.*

Saulgé : m. ée : f. *Seaſoned with Sage; wherein Sage hath been ſteeped; Sagy, full of Sage.*

Saulmon : m. *A Salmon.*
Il faut perdre vn veron pour peſcher vn Saulmon ; Prov. *We muſt loſe a little that we may get much.*

Saulmone de plomb : f. *A great ſow of lead.*

Saulmonnée : f. *A great Salmon Trout.*

Saulmonnier : m. ere : f. *Of a Salmon; whence;* Truite Saulmonniere ; *A Salmon Trout.*

Saulmonniere : f. *The ſame.*

Saulmurages : m. *Rubbiſh of ſtone, brick, &c. laid under the groundſill, or foundation of a houſe.*

Saulmure : f. *Pickle; the brine of ſalt; the liquor of fleſh, or fiſh pickled, or ſalted in barrels, &c.*

Saulmuré : m. ée : f. *Pickled; pickt or condit in pickle, ſeaſoned or mingled with pickle.*

Saulnerie : f. *A Salt-ſhop, or Garner for ſalt; a place wherein ſalt is kept and vented.*

Saulnier : m. *A Salter, Salt-ſeller, Marchant of Salt; alſo, a Salt-box.*

Sauloye : f. *A plot, or grove of Willowes.*

Saulpiquet. *Look* Saupiquet.

Saulpouldrer. *To ſalt, corne or powder with ſalt, lay in brine or ſalt.*
Saulpouldrer de ſucre. *To powder, beduſt, or ſtrew over with ſugar.*

Saulſaye : f. *A plot, or grove of Willowes.*

Saulſe : f. *Look* Sauce.

Saulſer. *To ſauce, to dip in ſauce.*

Saulſerette, & Saulſeron. *A little ſaucer.*

Saulſiere : f. *A ſaucer.*

Saulſiſſe. *Look* Sauciſſe.

Saulſiſſier : m. *A maker of Saucidges.*

Sault : m. *A leap, &c. Look* Saut.

Saultant : m. ante : f. *Leaping; jumping; skipping.*
En ſaultant. *By leaps or skips, diſorderly, curſorily, ſcatteringly, leaping from one matter to another.*

Sauté. *Leaped; jumped; bounded, or skipped over; whence;*
Auſſi toſt preſt qu'un chien autoit ſaulté vn eſchalier. *Ready in a trice, or in the turning of a hand; ready ere a dog can have skipped over a ſtile.*

Saultelement : m. *A bounding, skipping, hopping.*

Saulteler. *To hop or skip, to bound or ſpring.*

Saultelle : f. *as* Bois debout *(under* Bois; *)* *alſo, a vine-branch bowed downewards, and the top thereof ſet into the ground, thereby to get root.*

Saultement : m. *A leaping.*

Saulter. *To leap, jump, skip, to ſpring or bound; alſo, to rub (at Bowles.)*
Saulter le baſton. *Reſolutely to paſſe on, or perſwme, what muſt be done.*
Saulter du coq à l'aſne. *Seek* Aſne.
Saulter à deux pieds ſur le ventré à. *To leap with both feet upon the belly of; utterly, or as much as in him lies, to cruſh, or confound.*
Saulter de treille en paiſſeaux. *Idly, or inconſtantly to ſhift, in diſcourſe, from one ſubject unto another.*
Il recule pour mieux ſaulter. *He goes back to take burre, or to leap the better; he retires, or withdrawes himſelfe, to make his returne the more effectuall.*

Saultereau : m. *A Locuſt, or Graſhopper; alſo, the Jack of a Virginall, &c. Looke* Sautereau.

Saulterelle : f. *A woman leaper, vaulter, tumbler, dancer; alſo, as* Saultereau; *(alſo, a Shrimp, or Prawne. ℣ Breton.) Looke* Sauterelle.

Saulterette : f. *A Shrimp, or Prawne.*

Saulteur : m. *A leaper, jumper, bounder; alſo, a vaunter, tumbler, dauncer; alſo, as* Saultoir.

Saultoir : m. *Saint* Andrewes croſſe ; *termed ſo by Heraulds.*

Saulx : f. *The Willow, or withie tree.*
Saulx blanche. *The great white Withie, dunne Withie, goore Withie.*
Saulx Gauloiſe, ou de gaule. *The red-barked Withie, or black Withie; alſo, the Spert or Ozier Withie; alſo, the herb called* Agnus caſtus, *and* Abrahams *Balme.*
Saulx Grecque. *as* Saulx blanche.
Saulx iaulne. *The Cane withie, or yellow-barked Willow.*
Saulx noire. *The black Withie, red-barked Willow; called alſo (by ſome) the red Spert, or Ozier.*
Saulx viminale. *The ſame; alſo, the ſmall Withie, twig Withie, Spert or Ozier Withie.*
Saulx vitelline. *The Cane Withie, or yellow-barked Willow.*

Saume : f. *A ſhe-Aſſe.*

Saumée de bled. *The quantitie of foure Septiers; or, the third part of a Pariſian Muid.*
Saumée de terre. *A proportion of land containing in ſquare 1600 reedes, and each of thoſe reedes eight ſpannes in length.*

Saumon : m. *A Salmon.*

Saumonneau : m. *A young, or little Salmon; a Salmon Trout.*

Saumure, & Saumuré. *Look* Saulmure, & Saulmuré.

Saune : f. *The herb called Blite, or Blits; (and ſome alſo tearme Heliotropanie ſo.)*

Saunelage, Droict de ſaun. *The tenth part of goods which are ſaved from ſhipwrack, due unto him that ſaved them.*

Saunier : m. *A Salter, &c. Look* Saulnier.

Savon : m. *Sope.*
Terre de ſavon. *Fullers earth.*

Savonné : m. ée : f. *Soped, or waſhed in ſope; alſo, frothy like ſope-ſuds, or a lather of ſope.*

Savonner. *To ſope, or waſh with ſope.*

Savonnier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging unto, ſope.*
Herbe ſavonniere. *Sopewort, &c. as under* Herbe.

Savorade : f. *as* Savorados. ℣ Gaſc.

Savorados. *A poore kind of pottage extracted only from the juice of bare, and hollow bones.* ℣ Limoſin. ℣ Rab.

Savorée : f. *The herb Savorie.*

Savouré : m. ée : f. *Savorie, that hath a good ſmack or taſt; alſo, ſavored, or taſted of; alſo, ſeaſoned.*

Savourer. *To ſavor, ſmack, reliſh, taſt of; alſo, to ſeaſon.*

Savoureuſement. *Savorily, taſtfully, taſtingly, with a good ſtomack.*

Savoureux : m. euſe : f. *Savorie, taſtfull, tart, well ſmacking, of a good reliſh.*

Saupe : f. *A ſmall-headed, little-mouthed, blunt-noſed, large-ſcaled, unſavorie, and unwholſome ſea-fiſh, having many golden lines all along from her gills to her taile; and thence, likened by ſome to the Gilthead; by others miſtaken for the fiſh whereof Stockfiſh is made.*

Saupiquet : m. *Porke ſauce, made of Onions, vinegar, and muſtard; alſo, ſauce for a roaſted Conie, of Onions, ginger, verjuice, and white wine; generally, any kind of tart ſauce.*

Saupiqueter. *To ſauce, or ſeaſon; to give a ſharp taſt unto.*

Saupiqueux : m. euſe : f. *Sharp or tart, as the* Saupiquet; *alſo, full thereof; ſeaſoned therewith; belonging thereto.*

Saupoudré : m. ée : f. *Salted, corned with ſalt; alſo, powdered, beſprinkled, or done over with powder or duſt.*

Saupoudrer. *Look* Saulpouldrer.

Sauquene : f. *A young, or ſmall Gilthead.* ℣ Langued.

Saur : m. ſaure : f. *Sorrell of colour; whence;*
Harenc ſaur ; *a red Herring.*

Saure : m. *A Sorrell colour; alſo, a Sorrell horſe.*
Saure obſcur, ou bruſlé. *as* Alezan touſtade (*under* Alezan.)

Saurel : m. *The baſtard Mackarell.*

Saurer. *Look* Saurir.

Sauret : m. *as* Saure. ℣ Lang.

Saurir. *To make Sorrell, or turne into a Sorrell colour; whence;*
Saurir les harancs. *To redden Herrings; to lay them on hurdles in a cloſe roome, and there ſmoake them with the dried leaves of Elme, or Oake, or with Tanners barke, untill they have gotten their Sorrell hue.*

Sauriſſeur : m. *A redder of Herrings.*

Sauſiſſier : m. *A Saucidge-maker.*

Sauſſiere : f. *A ſaucer, or little ſallet diſh.*

Saut : m. *A leap, ſault, bound, skip, jump; alſo (at Bowles) a rub; alſo, an uneven, or ill poliſhed part of a precious ſtone, which in a curious eye diſgraces all the reſt.*
Saut de Breton. *A fall upon the backe, a faire fall given one.*
Saut de la carpe. *A turning topſie turvie, or top over taile.*

Saut

Saut de ferme à ferme. *The manage tearmed a Sault, Capriole, or Goats-leap.*
Saut de hanche. *A comming or turning ſidewayes, cleanover, without the help of any hand.*
Saut de mouton. *A kind of high manage.*
Saut rond. *A turne above-ground, in dancing.*
Mauvais ſaut. Donner vn mauvais ſaut. *Look* Donner.
Trois pas, & vn ſaut. *The Almond leap.*
Vn pas, & vn ſaut. *(In managing) a Paſſaſalto, Gallop Galliard, Pace and a leap.*
En deux pas vn ſaut. *Speedily, in a trice, in haſte, apace.*
En meſme ſaut. Moulins eſtans en meſme ſaut. *Standing in one levell, or turned by one height, of water.*
Faire le ſaut. *To break, fall bankrupt, run his countrey for debt; alſo, to leap, or be turned, off an unpleaſing ladder.*

Sauté. *Look* Saulté.

Sautelle: f. *Look* Saultelle.

Sautellement, & Sautelle. *Look* Saultelement, & Saulteler.

Sauter. *Look* Saulter.

Sautereau: m. *A Graſhopper; alſo, the Jack of a Virginall, &c.*
Sautereaux de Brie. *The ſwaines of* Brie *are ſo tearmed, becauſe they commonly make deep, and long ditches at the ends of their lands (for the draining of their ſuperfluous moiſture) and thereby muſt leap, if they will paſſe over them.*
Sautereaux de Verberie. *Look* Verberie.

Sauterelle: f. *as* Saulterelle; *alſo, a Maſons Inſtrument, framed like a Squire, yet ſo, that, as a paire of Compaſſes, it may be opened, and ſhut againe at pleaſure.*

Sauteur. *Look* Saulteur.

Sautier: m. *A leaper, jumper, skipper.*

Sautoir: m. *Saint* Andrew's *Croſſe, tearmed ſo by Heraulds.*

Sautueil. *as* Sautoir.

Sauvage: m. *A wilding apple.*

Sauvage: m. *Savage, wild, bagard, harſh, untamed, unbroken, unreclaimed.*
Herbe ſauvage. *A weed.*

Sauvageau: m. *A wild plant, ſet, or ſtock fit to be graffed on.*

Sauvagement. *Savagely, wildly, bagardly, harſhly, skittiſhly.*

Sauvageon. *as* Sauvageau.

Sauvageté: f. *Savageneſſe, wildneſſe, unreclaimedneſſe, harſhneſſe, rudeneſſe.*

Sauvagine: f. *Veniſon; alſo, wildneſſe; alſo, rankneſſe, or harſhneſſe of ſmell, or taſte.*
Sauvagine d'oiſeaux. *Wild-fowle.*

Sauve: f. *A ſhove-net to fiſh withall.*

Sauvé: m. ée: f. *Saved, ſecured, preſerved, eſcaped, protected or delivered from danger, &c. alſo, ſafe, whole, ſound, ſure.*
Il s'eſt ſauvé par les marets. *He hath cleered, or diſingaged himſelfe, but by a ſhamefull meanes, or in an unworthy manner.*

Sauvegarde: f. *Safeguard, ſurety, ſecurity; defenſe, protection, tuition; alſo, a Scutcheon, Penon, or Flag charged with the Armes of a Protector, and affixed to the doore of the party, or on the corner-Poſts of the City, whoſe protection he hath undertaken; alſo, a Letters Patents of protection; whence;* Lettres de ſauvegarde.

Sauvelage. *as* Saunelage.

Sauvement: m. *A ſaving, ſafe-keeping, ſecuring, protecting, preſerving.*

Sauvément. *Safely, ſecurely, ſurely, without jeopardy.*

Sauver. *To ſave, ſecure, preſerve, defend, guard, protect, keep harmleſſe.*

Sauveté: f. *Safety, ſecurity, aſſurance, protection, defence.*

Sauve-vie: f. *Stone-rue, wall-rue, white Maiden-haire; ſome alſo call it Saxifrage, becauſe it is good againſt the ſtone.*

Sauveur: m. *A Saviour, ſaver, preſerver, protector, defender.*

Sauvoir: m. *A flat and cloſe boat (bored full of little holes) for the keeping, and feeding of fiſh in rivers, &c.*

Sauzin: m. *A kind of Olive.*

† Saxitile: com. *Stony, gravelly; breeding the ſtone; alſo, living or lurking among ſtones.*

Saxifrage: f. *The herb Saxifrage, or Stone-break; (whereof there be divers kinds of different ſhape, ſaies* Gerard.)
Saxifrage blanche. *Stone-break, white or great Saxifrage.*
Saxifrage dorée. *Golden Saxifrage, Golden Stone-break.*
Saxifrage grande. *Great or white Saxifrage; bears a whitiſh bloſſome. (*Gerard *hath foure ſuch; one which he calls white Saxifrage, or white Stone-break; a ſecond called Burnet Saxifrage, which (in his opinion) may alſo bee called great Saxifrage; the third, Engliſh Saxifrage; and the fourth deſcribed, and tearmed* Saxifraga Major, *by* Mathiolus.)
Saxifrage jaulne. *Yellow Saxifrage, or Saxifrage with the yellow bloſſome; uſed (abuſively) for* Melilot, *or plaiſter clover:* Gerard *hath a golden Saxifrage, or Stone-break, but no yellow one; except it be* Melilot, *which (he ſaith)* Fuſchius *tearmeth* Saxifraga Lutea.
Saxifrage petite. *Small Saxifrage, or Stone-break; hath a yellow bloſſom.*

Saye: m. *A long-skirted Jacket, Coat, or Caſſock.*

Sayete. *The ſtuffe Sey.*

Sayette: f. *The ſtuffe Sey; alſo, as* Saitte.

Sayne: f. *The large fiſh-net called a Seyne.*

Sayon. *Look* Saye.

Sbaraglin: m. *An Italian Game at Tables, wherein one addes ſix to every caſt bee throwes; as, if he caſt* 12 *he plaies* 18.

Sbirre: m. *A Sergeant, Catchpole, arreſting Maſhall, or Officer.*

Scabeau: m. *A Buffit, or joyned, ſtoole to ſit on.*

Scabelle: f. *The ſame; or a low Buffit, or joyned, ſtoole.*

Sabie: f. *The ſcab, or ſcabbineſſe.*

Scabieuſe: *The herb called Scabious.*
Scabieuſe de brebis. *Sheeps Scabious.*
Grande Scabieuſe. *Red-flowred Scabious, Auſtrian Scabious; alſo, the great common Scabious.*
Petite Scabieuſe. *Small common Scabious,* Mathiolus *his Scabious with the pale blew flower.*

Scabieux: m. euſe: f. *Scabbie, ſcurvie.*

Scabin: m. *A Judge.*

Scabreux: m. euſe: f. *Rough, rugged, harſh, knottie, knaggie; ſkittiſh, dangerous to be dealt with.*

† Scace: f. *A Scatch bit.*

Sçachant. *Knowing, witting, expert in, acquainted with.*

Scaïole: f. *A kind of Allum.*

Scalene: f. *A Triangle, the three ſides whereof are unequall.*

Scalenes. *certain neck-muskles, whereby the head is moved, and bent.*

† Scalle: f. *A ſcale, a ladder, a pair of ſtairs.*
Faire ſcalle. *To aſcend, mount, or go up unto; alſo, to land, or go aſhore.*
Faire ſcalle en Eſpagne. *To ſaile into* Spaine.

Scalme: m. *A Thowle; the little pegge whereby the oare of a Sciffe is ſtaied.*

† Salpelle: m. *A Chirurgians Pen-knife, or Launcet.*

Scameux: m. euſe: f. Suture ſcameuſe. *The ſeame whereby the bone of the temples is united with, or divided from, the ſcull.*

† Scammes: f. *Scales; alſo, the nailes, or ſmall plates of old-faſhioned Habergeons.*

Scammonée: f. *Scammonie, purging Bindweed.*

Scammonie. *The ſame.*

Scandale: m. *A ſcandall, offence, occaſion or cauſe of another mans ſinning; alſo, an imputation, or ſlander; alſo, a ſtirre, tumult, uproare; alſo, a plummet to ſound at ſea with.*

Scandaleux: m. euſe: f. *Scandalous, offenſive, ſlanderous.*

Scandalizer. *To ſcandalize, or offend; to diſcontent, or give occaſion of diſlike unto; alſo, to ſlander, defame, or lay an imputation on.*

Scandebec: m. *A kind of Oyſter whoſe fiſh doth taſte ſomewhat tart.*

Scape: m. *The body of a piller between the chapter and baſe.*

Scapellaire: m. *Look* Scapulaire.

Scaphe: f. *A Skiffe, or ſhip-boat (all of a piece;) alſo, as* Niche; *alſo, a hollow Diall cut into wood, or ſtone, in the forme of a long baſon, and having the hour-pin, or needle in the middle thereof.*

Scapoïde. Os ſcapha. *A bone in th'inſtup made ſomewhat like a skiffe, or long baſon.*

Scapulaire: m. *A narrow, and ſquare piece of cloth, &c. worne by Monks over the reſt of their habit, and falling on both ſides from the necke (which goes through it by a ſlit, or hole made for that purpoſe) downe, almoſt to the foot.*

Scarbillat. *as* Eſcarbillat.

Scare: m. *A delicate ſea-fiſh (held by ſome to be the Gilt-head, or golden-eye) which cheweth like a beaſt.*

Scarificateur: m. *A Scarificator, or Scarifier; an Inſtrument wherein there are* 18 *ſharp wheeles, the which let go at once do ſcarifie, and make inciſion, in as many ſeverall places.*

Scarification: f. *A ſcarification or ſcarifying; a kinde of pouncing, ſlight opening, or inciſion-making in the skinne with a Fleame, Launcet, or other Inſtrument, either to give ſome iſſue unto ſuperfluous humours and bloud, or to prepare a place for the better extraction of cupping glaſſes.*

Scarifier. *To ſcarifie; to paunce, or ſtrightly to open or make inciſion in, the ſtomke with a Fleame, Launcet, or other Inſtrument.*

Scariole: f. *Scariole; broad-leaved or garden Endive, or white Endive.*

Scariotte. *as* Scariole.

Scartine: f. *A Pilgrims cloak.*

Sçaſſer. *Look* Saſſer.

Scatophages. *Dung devourers, excrement-eaters.* ℣ Rab.

Sçavamment. *Skilfully, cunningly, learnedly.*

Sçavant: m. ante: f. *Skilfull, cunning, learned; wiſe, expert, adviſed, of much knowledge, of great experience.*

Sçavantement. *as* Sçavamment.

Sçavoir: m. *Skill, knowledge, cunning, learning; underſtanding, experience in.*

Quelque ſçavoir que ſoit en l'homme s'il n'a de l'argent l'on s'en mocque; Prov. *The needy learned is but laught at; skill without riches is ridiculous.*

Sçavoir. *To know, kenne, wot, underſtand, conceive, perceive, diſcerne; to have an inſight in, or good acquaintance with; alſo, to may or can, bee able, have power.*

Sçavoir ſa court. *To be skilfull in courtly intertainment.* See Court.

Sçavoir bon gré à. *To give thankes, or acknowledge a beholdingneſſe, unto.*

Sçaurions nous boire en voſtre verre. *May we, or will you make us, or will you give us leave to, drink in your glaſſe.*

A ſçavoir. *To wit, that is to ſay.*

A ſçavoir mon? *Whether or no? whether yea or no?*

Il ſçait plus que ſon pain manger. *Look under* Pain.

Aſſez ſçait qui ſçait vivre, & ſe taire; Prov. *He is cunning enough that can live and hold his peace (for he that knowes more knowes too much; and as good know nothing as know leſſe.)*

Celuy ſçait aſſez qui vit bien; Prov. *An honeſt man hath skill enough.*

Il ne ſçait rien qui ne va par villes; Prov. *Hee nothing knowes that knowes not more then his owne.*

Il ne ſçait rien qui ne veut bien faire; Pro. *He that will not do well is ignorant.*

Qui ne ſçait rien de rien ne doubte; Prov. *Hee that knowes nothing nothing doubts of.*

Scede. *A woodden table, whereon, in old time, people writ with chalk.*

Scedule. *Look* Cedule, *or* Schedule.

Scelerat: m. *A lewd villaine, wicked rogue, ungracious wretch, filthie fellow, naughtie pack.*

† Scelerè: m. ée: f. *Lewd, naughty, wicked, villainous; unhappy, knaviſh, miſchievous; unnaturall, graceleſſe, or ungracious.*

Scelete: m. *The whole coagmentation of bones in their naturall poſition; alſo, an Anatomy made thereof; or a carkaſſe whereof nothing is left but the bones; which we call a Skelton, or Skeliton.*

Scenette. *The little bird called a Sitkin.*

Sceptique: m. *One that is ever ſeeking, and never finds; (the fortune, or humor of a Pyrrhonian Philoſopher.)*

Sceptre: m. *A (royall) Scepter; alſo, a Monarchie, kingdome, abſolute rule, Soveraignty in chiefe.*

Sceu: m. *Knowledge, underſtanding, acquaintance, notice of.*

Sceu: m. euë: f. *Known, underſtood, conceived, kenned, perceived.*

Il n'a y sceu luy perſuader. *I could not, I had not the power or know not how to, perſwade him.*

Schalupe: f. *A Shallop.*

Schede: f. *A ſchedule, ſcroll, note, bill, (private) writing.*

Schedule: f. *The ſame; or as* Cedule; *alſo, a placard, or writing ſtuck on a poſt; alſo, the Returne made by a Sergeant upon an adjournment or Arreſt;* C'eſt auſſi la memoire qu'un Procureur bailli au Greffe, ou au premier Huiſſier pour l'expedition d'une cauſe d'appel.

Schelette. *Look* Scelete.

Schelme: m. *A knave, raſcall, varlet, lewd fellow, (from a German word that ſignifies wicked.)*

Schine: f. *The linnen caſſock which countrey men weare gathered in the neck like a Surplus.*

Schiſmatique, & Schiſme. *Look* Sciſmatique, & Sciſme.

Scholarité: f. *Schollerſhip, ſchollerlineſſe, the being a Scholler, the place of a ſcholler.*

Scholaſtique: m. *as* Eſcolaſtre (*in the firſt ſence.*)

Scholaſtique: com. *Scholaſticall, ſchollerlike.*

Scholiaſte: m. *A Scholiaſt; an expounder of, or gloſſer upon, a text.* ℣ Rab.

Sciage: m. *Saw-duſt; or, a ſawing; alſo, cleft wood, as boords, laths, vine-props, &c.*

Sciatique: f. *The Sciatica; a gowtie paine in the hip.*

Sciatique: com. *Of the Sciatica.*

Veine Sciatique. *The Sciatica veine, ſeated above the outward ankle.*

Scie: f. *A Saw.*

Scie de mer. *A kind of whall which hath a Saw-like ſnowt.*

Sciemment. *Wittingly, with knowledge.*

Science: f. *Science, learning, learned skill, cunning, knowledge, underſtanding.*

Vne ſcience requiert tout ſon homme; Prov. *One Art is imployment enough for one man.*

Diligence paſſe Science; Prov. *Diligence exceedeth Science.*

Fy de Science, & d'art, qui en raiſon n'a part; Prov. *Look* Fy.

Patience paſſe Science; Prov. *Patience paſſeth Science.*

† Scientement. *Knowingly, wittingly; of ſet purpoſe.*

Scientifique: com. *Scientifical, of exceeding skill, infinite learning, wonderfull knowledge.*

† Scientique: com. *Moſt learned, skilfull, cunning, expert, adviſed, of great knowledge (eſpecially in ill matters, for which this word is moſt commonly uſed.)*

Scier. *Look* Sier.

Sciette: f. *A little Saw.*

Sieur: m. *A Sawer, or Sawyer.*

Scille: f. *The Squilla, or ſea Onion.*

Scillet: m. *The Nut of a (Muſicall) Inſtrument.*

Scillitic: m. ique: f. *Of the Squilla, or ſea Onion.*

Scine, & Scinque: m. *The Skink; a kind of ſmall land Crocodile, divers parts whereof are of good uſe in Phyſick.*

Scintillation: f. *A ſparking, or ſparkling.*

Scintille: f. *A ſpark, or ſparkle of fire.*

Scintiller. *To ſpark, or to ſparkle.*

Sciomance. *Divination by conference with the ſhadowes of dead men.*

Scion: m. *A Scion; a young and tender plant; a ſhoot, ſprig, or twig.*

Scionneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of ſcions, or of ſhoots; twiggie, ſprigie.*

Scipoulle. *The ſea Onion.*

Scirre: m. *A hard and almoſt inſencible ſwelling, or kernell, bred between the fleſh and skin, by cold, or of thick and clammy flegme.*

Sciſmatique: com. *A Sciſmatick.*

Sciſmatique: com. *Sciſmaticall.*

Sciſmatiſer. *To Sciſmatiſe it, or play the Sciſmatick; to raiſe a Sciſme, or breed a diviſion, in the Church.*

Sciſme: m. *A Sciſme; a diviſion in, or from, the Church.*

† Sciſſile: com. *That may be cut or divided, that's eaſie to cut.*

Pierre ſciſſile. *Seek* Pierre.

Sciſſure: f. *A cleft, cut, cracke, knacke, chap.*

† Sciſſuré: m. ée: f. *Cleft, chapped, cut, cracked, broken, divided.*

Sciure. *Look* Sieure.

Sclavine. *as* Eſclavine.

Sclirrolique. ℣ Rab. *See* Shilirhoïque.

Scoffion: m. *A coife, cawle, or head-tire richly ſet with Jewels.*

Scolette: f. *A kind of ſpotted Spider.*

Scolopendre: f. *The Scolopendria, a reddiſh, many-legd, and venomous worme; alſo, a certaine fiſh, which having ſwallowed a hook, vomiteth her bowels, and rid of it, ſucketh them up again; alſo, as* Scolopendrie.

Scolopendrie: f. *Spleenwort, Milkwort, Finger-fearn, Scale-fearn, Stone-fearn.*

Scolopendrie vraye. *The ſame; called* Vraye, *to make it differ from Harts-tongue, or ſtone Harts-tongue, which is alſo (falſly) tearmed* Scolopendria.

Scopeterie: f. *A (great) volley of ſmall ſhot.*

Scordion: m. *Scordium, water Germander, Garlick Germander.*

Scorie: f. *The droſſe, refuſe, or ſcumme of melted, or tried metall.*

Scorpene: f. *A little dark-green fiſh (in the Marſellian ſea) which hath certaine weake, but venomous prickles on her back.*

Scorpion: m. *A Scorpion; alſo, a kind of ſmall Dog.*

Scorpion de mer. *The ſea Scorpion, a red, great-headed, and wide-mouthed fiſh, which hath but a few, and thoſe very ſmall, teeth; but in lieu thereof he is armed with many prickles both on his back, and about his head.*

Scorpion volant. *The flying Scorpion; a rare vermine; and yet* Mathiolus *thinkes that Scorpions may have wings as well as Ants.*

Herbe aux Scorpions. *Scorpion-wort, or Scorpion-graſſe.*

Queuë de Scorpion. *Great Turnſole, Wartwort.*

Scorze.

Sezze : m. *A round Italian corn-meaſure, 12 whereof go to the* Ruble.

Sezzon : m. *A ſhort black Serpent full of yellow ſpots; and ſo venomous and ſtinging withall, that all vermine fear, and (as much as they can) avoid him.*

Scote. La ſcote d'une voile. *A Sheat.*

Scotin : m. ine : f. *Difficult, intricate, obſcure, full of quirkes and quiddities.*

Scotte. *as* Scote.

Scourgeon : m. *Amell-corn, or Starch-corn; a wild or degenerate wheat, which is ſown in the ſpring, and being ground, yields a very white, but very light, and little nouriſhing, meale*

Scourre. La terre ne ſe ſçait ſcourre de cette herbe. *The ground cannot overcome, or be rid of, this weed.*

Scouſſe. *Look* Secouſſe.

Scripteur : m. *A writer.*

† Scripture : m. *A Scruple; the third part of a Dram; Look* Scrupule.

Scrofulaire : f. *Scrofularia, Pilewort, Figwort, Kernellwort.*

Scrofulaire majeur. *Great Figwort, or Kernellwort; Some alſo call brown warts, or water Bettanie,* Scrofularia major.

Scrofulaire mineur. *Figwort, Pilewort, little Celandine, or Celandine the leſſe.*

Scrofule : f. *The Kings evill; or a Wen under the throat.*

Scrophulaire. *Look* Scrofulaire.

Scrupule : m. *A little ſharp ſtone falling into a mans ſhooe, and hindering him in his gate; alſo, a ſcruple, doubt, feare, difficultie, care; preciſeneſſe, niceneſſe, trouble of conſcience; alſo, a Scruple; a weight amounting unto the third part of a Dram.*

Scrupule d'un Arpent. *The 48 part of an* Arpent, *or ten foot ſquare every way.*

Scrupuleuſement. *Scrupulouſly, doubtfully, fearefully, nicely, preciſely.*

Scrupuleux : m. euſe : f. *Scrupulous, doubtfull, fearefull, conſcientious, nice, preciſe.*

Scrutine : f. *A ſcrutinie or ſearch.*

Sculpteur : m. *A Carver, Cutter, Graver.*

† Scutiforme : com. *Faſhioned like a Scutcheon, ſhield-faſhion.*

Cartilage ſcutiforme. *as* Fourcheure.

Scybale. *A hard or hardned turd.* ¶ Rab.

Scylle : f. *The ſea Onion.*

Scync, & Scynque. *Look* Scinc.

Scyomantie : f. *Divination by converſing with the ſhadowes of dead men.*

Scyrrhe. *Look* Scirre.

Scyrrheux : m. euſe : f. *Kernelle, knottie.*

Scytale. *The Scytall; a dangerous Sloe-worm, whoſe back is full of variable, and delightfull ſpots or markes: alſo, the Shrew-mouſe; alſo, a little round or ſquare ſtick full of cyphers.*

Se. *A Relative of both Numbers, and ever placed before a Verbe; as in* Il ſe trompe; *He deceives himſelf, or is deceived.*

Seamment. *Fitly, comely, decently, handſomely.*

Seance : f. *Decencie, (comelineſſe, handſomeneſſe, comelineſſe, a decorum; alſo, a roome, ſeat, or place to ſit in; alſo, a ſitting.*

Seant : m. ante : f. *Decent, ſeemely, comelie, handſome, graceſull, well ſuiting or ſitting.*

Seas. A Dieu ſeas. *inſtead of* Sois. ¶ Gaſc. ¶ Rab.

Seau : m. *A bucket, or water paile; alſo, a ſeale, or ſignet; alſo the chiefe Luminaire (wreathed, or in worke) of wax uſed at funerall's.*

Seau de noſtre Dame. *Maries Seale, our Ladies Seale, black Briony, the wild Vine.*

Seau de Salamon. *Salamons Seale, Scala cœli, White wort, White root.*

Seau pendant à double queuë. *A ſeale hanging at a double Label; alſo, one that hangs on a Gibbet.*

I'y ay bien planté mes ſeaux. *Look* Planté.

Sebe. *An Onyon.* ¶ Langued.

Sebelline. Martre Sebelline. *The Sable Martin; the beaſt whoſe ſkinne we call Sables.*

Sebeſte, ou Sebeſtin. *The Sebeſten, or Aſſyrian plum; a ſmall plumme dark-green of colour, ſweet of taſt, and of a ſlimie or clammie ſubſtance.*

Sebeſtier : m. *The Sebeſten, or Aſſyrian plum tree.*

Sebille : f. *A faſhion of wooden bowle uſed in Vintage-time, for the lading, or tunning of new wine, and for the taſting thereof before it be tunned. Look* Sibille.

Sebu. *The Elder tree.*

Sec : m. *A dry thing; whence;*

Employer le verd, & le ſec. *To uſe or imploy all the meanes he hath; (from them which to make a fier big enough, lay on wet wood as well as dry.)*

Sec : m. ſeiche : f. *Dry, juiceleſſe, withered, ſapleſſe, without moiſture.*

Pierre ſeiche. *A ſtone laid without morter.*

Pique ſeiche. *An unarmed Pikeman.*

Rente ſeiche. *A rent Seck. Look* Rente.

Son ſec. *Curſe bran; or bran wherein by extremity of boulting, not a whit of meal is left.*

Suture ſeiche. *A faſhion of cloſing wounds; tearmed thus among Chirurgians, becauſe neither fleſh, nor skin is pricked thereby.*

A ſec. *(Adverbially;* whence;) Eſtre à ſec. *To be on dry ground; and thence, to be gravelled, or ſpent in words or meanes; to have no more to ſay.*

Naviger à ſec. Aller aux mats, & aux cordes; *Our Mariners ſay, to ſpoone.*

Tirer les vaiſſeaux à ſec. *To tow veſſels aſhore.*

Sec. *(Interject.) Ware that.* ¶ Rab.

Secacul. *A certain Indian, and Ginger-like root, which eaten (preſerved, as ever it is) enables a man unto venery; and therefore have ſome (erroniouſly) taken it for the* Evingo, *and others (as wiſely) for the Skirret root.*

Seccer. *To ſaw, or cut aſunder; to cleave, divide, part.*

Sechabot : m. *The little black vermine breeding in puddles, and tearmed a Bulhead.*

Seche : f. *The Sounid, or Cuttle-fiſh.*

Sechet. *Look* Saichet.

Secheron. prez. ſecherons. *High, or dry meadowes, ſuch as are neither overflowed, nor moiſtned by any river, &c.*

Sechoir : m. *A Pewe, or Eale-pewe.*

Seciſenne : f. *The watering chaine of a Bit.*

Seciſſe : m. uſe : f. *Sechaled, kept or ſhut up, ſhun; deprived of.*

Second : m. *A ſecond, or aſſiſtant in a ſingle combate.*

Second : m. onde : f. *Second, next after, next unto the firſt, inferiour, another.*

Seconde : f. *The 24 part of a Prime; a very ſmall weight uſed by Goldſmiths, and Jewellers.*

Seconde : m. de : f. *Seconded, followed next, approached neereſt unto; backed, ſuccoured, aſſiſted.*

Secondement. *Secondly, ſecondarily, in the ſecond place, next after the firſt.*

Seconder. *To ſecond, follow cloſe or next, approach neereſt unto; alſo, to back, help, ſuccour, aſſiſt.*

Secoué : m. de : f. *Shaken, ſwung, toſſed, jaulted, violently moved or ſtirred.*

Secouëment : m. *A ſhaking, ſwinging, toſſing, jaulting, violent moving, jogging, ſtirring.*

Secouër. *To ſhake, toſſe, jault, ſwinge, jog, ſtir vehemently, move violently.*

Vn Cheval qui ſecoue ſon hocmine. *A horſe that trots dagger out of breath.*

Secouëur : m. *A ſhaker, toſſer, ſwinger, jaulter.*

Secourable : com. *Succouring, helpfull, comfortable, aſſiſting, ready or willing to relieve.*

† Secoureer. *To pluck or tuck up the coats; &c. for dogging.*

Secourgeon. *Look* Scourgeon.

Secourir. *To ſucceur, ſecond, relieve, comfort, back, aid, helpe, aſſiſt, ſurther.*

Secours : m. *Succour, a ſeconding, reliefe, helpe, aide, aſſiſtance, comfort, furtherance.*

Secours de Lombardie. *Seek* Lombardie.

Le ſecours des Venetiens. *A reſtorative after death, victualls upon a full repaſt; offer of help, or liberty, to one that paſt the worſt, or newly gotten out of priſon. Look* Venetien.

Secouſſe : f. *A jault, ſhock, ſhake, ſwing, toſſe; a violent jog or ſwinge, a ſudden pull.*

Bailler vne mauvaiſe ſecouſſe à. *To give a terrible jerk, or horrible riſh; to worke much miſchiefe, or do a miſchievous turn, unto.*

Secret : m. *A ſecret, concealement, counſell, myſtery, hidden matter; alſo, a* Muſe.

Secret de deux ſecret de Dieu, ſecret de trois ſecret de tous; *Prov. We onely ſay, that three may keep counſell when two are away.*

Secret : m. ette : f. *Secret, inward, privie, cloſe, hidden, concealed, abſtruſe, darke, myſticall, unknown.*

Secretain : m. *The Sexton of a Church.*

Secretainerie : f. *A Sextry, or Veſtry.*

Secretaire : m. *A Secretary, Clerke, Remembrancer; whereof (beſides thoſe that belong to inferiour Princes, and Lords) there*

there be many immediate, ordinary, and houshould servants unto the French King, termed only, Secretaires, or Secretaires du roy, and sometimes Secretaires du Roy, & de la maison, & couronne de France, (although in truth they be not Officers of the Crown:) Of these did Charles the fifth institute a College, or Corporation, by the title of, Le College des Clercs, Notaires, & Secretaires du Roy, & de la maison, & Couronne de France: At which time there was but sixty of them, for the writing of all Patents, and dispatches of the Chauncery; and their entertainement but six shillings Parisis a day, besides ten pounds Tour. for their Droict de Manteaux, and some petty fees out of the Chauncery: But upon the increase of businesses, Lewis the eleventh doubled their number; and Henry the second, in the yeer 1554 raised it unto two hundred, giving them 300 l. wages, in respect of all fees. In the yeer 1570 Charles the ninth joyned unto them forty more; and Henry the third, in the yeer 1583, fourteen unto those, allowing them certaine vailes out of the Chauncery seale, and 150 l. wages. Henry the fourth added unto all these, first 22, then 23, then nine (entertained at 300 l. wages, without any vailes) and in the yeer 1603, twenty six, to whom he assigned 1000 l. a yeer (especially for such of them as attended the finances,) And lastly, in the yeer, 1608, he made ten more (which have 300 l. wages) in respect of the re-union of his own demaine unto the Crown. The King himselfe is the head of their College; they and their (legitimate) children are enobled: And besides exemption from all manner of taxations, customes, tolls, impositions, lones, fines of alienation, rights of Seigniory (for land held of the King;) and a discharge from the Ban, Arriereban, Musters, Harbingers, Estapes, and Salt-peter-men; and the being fee-free in all Courts of Justice; they enjoy many excellent privileges.

Secretaires du cabinet. The Secretaries of the Closet, such of th'ordinary (or extraordinary) Secretaries as the King is pleased to imploy in his private, or secret dispatches.

Secretaires de la chambre du Roy. The Clerks, or Secretaries of the Kings Chamber; are of a lower ranke, or, at the least, have fewer privileges, then les Secretaires du Roy.

Secretaires de la Chancellerie. The Clerkes of the Chauncerie (whereto all the ordinary Secretaries originally belong) are, as some doe hold, most particularly, the four and fifty brought in by Charles the ninth, and Henry the third.

Secretaires des commandemens; ou d'Estat. The four principall Secretaries (who in France do signe Letters Patents, as well as dispatches of Estate) must have been of the College aforesaid; and, untill of late, were not Officers in ordinary, but commissioners, executing their functions, and receiving their fees, onely during the Princes pleasure.

Secretaires des finances. The remembrancers of the Exchequer (derived from the same source) were likewise but Commissioners, untill the yeere 1605, when they procured themselves, and their successors, th'estate of Officers.

Secretaire, & Contrerolleur general des guerres. The Secretary, or Comptroller generall of the warres, is to keepe a certain Register, and account of all businesses concerning the levy, musters, payments, allowances, increase or decrease, imployment or ingarisoning of the Gendarmerie, and other ordinary souldiers; and, having grounded upon that account his controlment, must, three moneths after every yeerely payment, send the same unto the Chamber of Accounts, and with it a copie of the Rolls of all Musters passed that yeer, that it may be compared with such as shall be delivered, or sent in by the Treasurer of the wars.

Secretaires du Roy. *Look* in the word Secretaire.

Secretariat: m. A Secretariship; th'Office of a Secretary, or place wherein he exerciseth it.

Secrete: f. A thin steel cap, or a close scull worne under a hat, &c.

Secretion: f. A separation or setting apart; also, a thing separated or set apart from others.

Secretrice: com. Of a separating faculty.

Secrette: f. as Secrete; also, a fiste (because it is let in secret;) also, a private or hidden place.

Secrettement. Secretly, inwardly, privily, closely, biddenly, darkely, abstrusely, mystically.

Sectaire: com. A Sectarie; the ringleader, professor or follower of a Sect; a seditious, factious, or turbulent person.

Secte: f. A sect, or faction; a rout, or troope; a company of one (most commonly bad) opinion.

Sectil: m. ile: f. Easily cut, soone cloven.

Porreau sectil. The cut Leeke, maidens Leek, bladed Leek, unset Leek.

Section: f. A section, cutting; division, parting; also, an Anatomie.

Sects. as Ceps. ℣ Bourg.

Seculaire. Ieu secul. Which is plaied but once every age, or 100 yeares.

Seculariser. To secularize; to make secular, lay, temporall.

Seculariré: f. Secularity, worldlinesse, temporalnesse.

Seculier: m. ere: f. Secular, lay, temporall.

Seculierement. Secularly, temporally.

Securidâque: f. The pulse axseed, Axwort, Axfitch, Hatchet-fitch.

Securité: f. Security, retchlesnesse, carelesnesse.

Sedatif: m. iue: f. Quieting, assuaging, mitigating, easing, appeasing, slinting.

Sedenette: f. The Sea-monster called a Whirlepoole.

Sedentaire: com. Sedentarie, ever-sitting, or down-sitting.

Iuges sedentaires. Ordinary Judges, such as (almost) every day sit in Court.

Seder. To still, quiet, assuage, qualifie, mitigate, pacifie, appease.

Sediment: m. A sitting or setling of dregs, &c. in the bottome of liquor that hath stood.

Sedirieusement. Seditiously, factiously, mutinously, turbulently.

Seditieux: m. euse: f. Seditious, factious, busie, unquiet, mutinous, turbulent, tumultuous.

Sedition: f. A sedition, mutiny, publike faction, strife, contention, tumult, uprore.

Sedon. *Look* Ceton.

Seducteur: m. A seducer, misleader, deceiver.

Seduction: f. A seduction, seducing, misleading, deceiving.

Seduict: m. cte: f. Seduced, misled, deceived.

Seduire. To seduce, mislead, beguile, deceive.

Sedulité: f. Sedulity, diligence.

Sée. *Look* Soye.

Seel: m. A Seal, or Signet.

Seel authentique. An authenticke, publike, or approved Seale, such as that of Lords high Iusticiers, which notwithstanding was restrained within the limits of the land, and Iurisdiction of the Lord thereof, untill the yeer 1539; since when an Edict hath gained it allowance, and made it fit to hold plea, in any place, if th'Obligor, at the time of th'obligation made, was resident upon the territory, or otherwise subject unto the Iurisdiction, of the Lord unto whom it belongs.

Seel royal. The Kings seal for contracts, &c. executorie, and authentical, within all his dominions.

Droict de Seel. *Seek* under Droict.

Seellé: m. A covenant made, or contract passed, between party and party, under seale; also, the sealing of a thing.

Seellé: m. ée: f. Sealed.

Seeller. To seale.

Seelleur: m. A Sealer.

Seellure: f. A sealing.

Seession. faire seession. To fall bankrupt.

Seeux. *Look* Soyeux.

Segaline: f. A delicate peare thats ripe in Auguſt.

Segle. *Look* Seigle.

Segnale: com. Notable, of marke, famous, renowned.

† Segrarie: f. A Verderership; or such a like Office of account in forrests.

† Segrayer: m. A Verderer, or such a like Officer of some authority, in forrests.

† Segrayerie: f. as Segrarie.

Segregation: f. A segregation, separation, severing from.

Segregé: m. ée: f. Segregated, separated, severed, culled or taken out, layed or put apart.

Segreger. To segregate, separate, sever, put or lay apart, cull or take out, from.

Segrette: f. An yron scull, or cap of sence.

Seguë: f. Hemlock, Homlock, herb Bennet, Kex.

Seguette: f. A Cavesson of yron full of teeth, or having a sharpe indented edge to the noseward.

Sehu. The Elder tree.

Seïage (des bleds.) A reaping, or cutting down (of corn.)

Sejan. Cheval de Sejan. A horse that brought ill hap to all that possessed him.

Seiche: f. The Sound, or Cuttle-fish.

Seiche poupe. *The Pourcontrell, Preke, or Many-feet.*

Seiche. (*The Feminine to* Sec ;) *Looke* Sec.

Seiche-frite. *as* Liche-frite.

Seichemẽnt : m. *A drying, or drayning of moiſture ; a parching or withering ; a pining or waſting away.*

Seichément. *Drily, barrenly, witheredly, without ſap, juice, or moiſture.*

Seicher. *To dry, draine of moiſture ; parch or wither ; pine or waſt away.*

Seicher ſur les pieds. *To pine away through fretfulneſſe ; alſo, to be in great perplexity, or much trouble of heart.*

Qui va il ſeſche, qui repoſe il ſeiche ; Prov. *The traveller gaines, the loyterer waines ; the labouring man gets appetite, but ſloath dries up the bodie quite.*

Seichereſſe : f. *Drought, drineſſe, want of moiſture, barrenneſſe.*

Seicheron. *Look* Secheron.

Seicheur : m. *A dryer ; one that laies out things to dry.*

Seicheur : f. *Look* Seichereſſe.

Seides : f. *The briſtles, or ſtiffe haires of a Horſe, or Hog.*

Seïer. *To reape or cut downe, as Corne, &c.*

Seïeur : m. *A Reaper.*

Seigle : m. *Rye.*

Seigle blanc. *Amelcorn, Starch-corn.*

Seignée : f. *Phlebotomie, bloud-letting.*

Seigner. *Look* Signer.

Seigneur : m. *A Lord ; Sir ; Signeor ; a Maſter ; a Landlord, or a Lord of Juriſdiction ; a Proprietary, or owner.*

Seigneurs honoraires. *Titulary Lords ; ſuch as have honour without authority ; ſuch as (like our Engliſh Earles,) beare the title, but want the poſſeſſion, of a place ; and ſuch, as in reſpect of their Title (whatſoever) hold not in chiefe, or of the King, but of ſome other Lord his ſubject.*

Seigneurs mediocres. *Are Vidames, Vicounts, and Barons (not holding immediately of the Crown) and Chattelains.*

Gracieux ſeigneur. *See* Gracieux.

Grands ſeigneurs. *Be Dukes, Marqueſſes, Earles, and Princes ; as alſo, Vicounts, and Barons, that hold immediately of the Crown.*

Petits ſeigneurs. *Lords* Iuſticiers, *Lords (only) of juriſdiction.*

Vn ſeigneur de beurre (de ſeurre, ou de paille) combat, (vainc, ou mange) bien vn vaſſal d'acier ; Prov. (*So great odds hath a Lord of his tenant, or a Prince of his ſubject.*)

Tel ſeigneur tel chien ; Pro. *Such as a Maſter, ſuch his man will be.*

De tel ſeigneur telle meſnie, &, De nouveau ſeigneur nouvelle meſnie ; Pro. *Look* Meſnie.

Aujourd'huy ſeigneur demain ſingé ord ; Prov. *To day a worthy Lord, to morrow an aps unteward ; viz. an abſurd imitator of that which he was, or ſhould be.*

Au monde n'y a ſi grand dommage que de ſeigneur au ſol courage ; Prov, *There is no beaſt like to a wicked Lord.*

C'eſt folie de mangor ceriſes avec ſon ſeigneur ; Pro. *Look* Ceriſe.

Iamais ne gaigne qui plaide à ſon ſeigneur ; Pro. *He never thrives who with his maſter ſtrives.*

On ne doit pas laiſſer bonne terre pour mauvais ſeigneur ; Prov. *Quit not good land becauſe of a bad Landlord.*

Qui avec ſon ſeigneur mange poires il ne choiſit pas des meilleures ; Prov. *He that eates Peares with his Lord, picks none of the beſt.*

Qui de ſes ſubjects eſt hay, n'eſt pas ſeigneur de ſon païs ; Prov. *The Lord whoſe ſubjects cannot well indure him, finds no place in his country to ſecure him.*

Qui voit la maiſon de ſon ſeigneur il n'y a profit, ny honneur ; Prov. *One's not the nearer to eſteem, or wealth, by looking on his Landlords houſe, or perſe.*

Tant que le ſeigneur dort le vaſſal veille ; Pro. *As long as a Lord forbeares to ſeize his vaſſalls land (for want of homage, &c.) the vaſſall may lawfully, and without any wrong done to him, enjoy it, and take the profits of it.*

Tant que le vaſſal dort le ſeigneur veille ; Pro. *Seek* Vaſſal.

Seigneuriage : m. *Seigniory, ſovereignty ; maſtery, dominion over.*

Droict de ſeigneuriage. *as under* Droict ; *or,* Ce que revient de bon au Roy outre, & par deſſus, le fin qui eſt en la monnoye, & les frais de la fabrication d'icelle.

Seigneurial : m. ale : f. *Seigniorall, Lordlie, Lord-like, of a Lord, or Landlord.*

Droicts ſeigneuriaux. Ce ſont ceux qui ſont deus au Seigneur ; comme ſi c'eſt fief, la feudalité, droicts, & devoirs ; ſi c'eſt heritage tenu en cenſive, les lots & ventes, & le cens, qu'il faut entendre du chef cens qui eſt deu en ſigne, & recognoiſſance de ſeigneurie portant lots, ventes, & amende.

Seigneurie : f. *Seigniory, lordſhip, ſoveraignty, majeſty, dominion ; abſolute ſway of, or power over ; a freehold, full intereſt, or property in, a thing ; alſo, a Lordſhip, or Manor ; the Juriſdiction, or Territory belonging to a Lord, &c. alſo, the ſociety, or corporation of ſuch as command in free Townes ; alſo, an aſſembly, or company of great Lords, and Ladies.*

Seigneurie directe. *The eſtate of a Landlord ; the receiving of ſervices, rents, or cens for land.*

Seigneurie privée. *An actuall enjoyment of, or an aſſured propertie in, a thing ; a mans particular intereſt in his own.*

Seigneurie publique. *Juriſdiction ; a ſuperiority, or authority over perſons ; or their poſſeſſions.*

Seigneurie ſoveraine. (*A branch or ſpecies of* La publique) *the ſoveraigne authority of abſolute Princes.*

Seigneurie ſuzeraine. (*Another*) *the dignity of a fief having Juriſdiction ; the power of the Lord, or owner of ſuch a fief.*

Seigneurie vtile. *The poſſeſſion, uſe, or occupation of land, for which rents, &c. be paied, or ſervices done, to another ; the eſtate of a vaſſall, or tenant.*

Oncques amour, & ſeigneurie ne ſe tindrent compagnie ; Prov. *True love, and lordlineſſe never held correſpondency, friendſhip, and Lordſhip agree not long together.*

Plein poing de ſeigneurie vaut cinq ſols l'an ; Pro. *Honour without profit is like a ſix-penny rent to one that hath nothing elſe to live on.*

Seigneurier. *To ſeigniorize, rule, ſway, govern, domineere, play the Lord, have power over.*

Seille : f. *A Paile, or Bucket.*

Seillon : m. *A ridge, or (high) furrow ; alſo, the gutter, or hollow furrow made by a plough in the turning of it up ; alſo, a butt, or land, conſiſting of divers of thoſe ridges, or furrowes ; alſo, the narrow trench, reyne, or furrow, left between butt and butt for the draining thereof.*

Seillonné : m. ée : f. *Furrowed ; made into furrowes, ridges, butts, &c. alſo, plowed up, divided, cut or cloven aſunder, as the ſea by a ſhip.*

Seillonner. *To furrow ; to plow, or turn up into ridges, furrowes ; butts ; reynes, or narrow trenches ; alſo, to divide, cut, or cleave aſunder ; whence ;*

Seillonner la mer. *To ſaile ; to cut, or part (as a ſhip under ſaile) the waves of the ſea.*

Seillonner vne preſſe de gens. *To make a lane, or give a furious charge, through a cloſe battalion, or preſſe of people.*

Seime de vin. *The flower, or coat of wine ; the white ſtuffe that floats on the top of it being in Caſk.*

Sein : m. *The boſome ; the lap ; alſo, the inward mind, or thought ; the height, or depth of the heart, or affection ; alſo, a gulfe, creeke, nooke, angle or arm of the ſea, or of a river ; and, the turning, or hollownes of a water-bank ; alſo, ſeame, tallow, or ſuet ; alſo, a freckle, or mole ; alſo, a ſign manuell ; or as* Sing, *in the former ſences*

Cette femme a du ſein. *This woman wants no dugs, no bulk, no bombaſt ; ſhe is ſimply underlayed.*

Seine : f. *A very great and long fiſh-net called, a Seane ; alſo, a circuit, or compaſſe.*

Sening. *Look* Sing.

Sejour : m. *A lingring, ſtay, leiſure, delay ; alſo, reſidence, tarriance, a remaining or ſojourning in one place ; alſo, a place of reſidence, or for abode ; a place to ſojourn, reſt, or ſtay in.*

Fol de ſejour. *An idle fellow, one that hath little to do.*

Sejourné. *Lingered, ſojourned, ſtayed, remained, reſident in a place.*

Vn homme ſejourné. *Refreſhed by reſt, or leiſure-taking, and thereby the more fit to return into his former toile.*

Sejourner. *To ſojourn, tarry, ſtay, remain, be reſident in ; to pauſe, linger, delay, take leiſure ; to intermit either ſtudy, or other imployment ; to make holyday, alſo, to leave, let ſtay, give leiſure unto.*

Seiſiete : f. *A kind of pale-red wheat.*

Seizain : m. *A quarter of an ounce ; or, the 64 part of a pound (weight.)*

Seize. *Sixteen.*

Sel : m. *Salt.*

Sel alcali, ou alkali. *A ſalt made of the aſhes of the herb Glaſſwort, or Saltwort, bur-*

burned with divers other herbs (in leſſe quantity.)

Sel ammoniac, ou armoniac. *Salt Ammick; a medicinable drug reſembling ſtone Allum, and found in long flakes under the Cyrenian ſand.*

Sel gemmé. *A tranſparent, and ſhining mineral ſalt, gotten in* Calabria, *and* Capadocia.

Sel-Indien, ou d'Inde. *The onely ſugar, which* Dioſcorides, *and other ancient writers were acquainted with, diſtilling of it ſelf from the canes, like a gum, in little pieces, and thus termed, becauſe reſembling gray ſalt.*

Sel de Languedoc. *White ſalt, fine ſalt.*

Sel de Lezard. *A medicinable, and comfortable ſalt, comming of a Lizard (in Summer) beheaded, bowelled, ſtuffed with ſalt, and laied in a ſhadie place untill he be dry.*

Sel marin. *Salt made of ſea-water; or, our ordinary gray ſalt.*

Sel mineral. *as* Sel gemmé; *(and yet one kind of it, gotten in the* County of Tirolia, *neither ſhines, nor is tranſparent, but reſembles a reddiſh Marble.)*

Sel nitre. *Niter. Look* Nitre.

Sel de pierre. *Salt-peter; called ſo by Chymiſts.*

Sel de Poiction, & de ponant. *Black ſalt gray ſalt.*

Sel ſacerdotal. *A powder compounded of two ounces and a half of Salt, four ounces of fine Cynnamon,* Ameos, *Silor Mountaine, Hyſope, wild Marjerome, and Pennyroiall, of each half an ounce; all dried together; this purges the body, conſumes flegme, ſtops the cough, cleanſes the eyes, ſweetens the breath, eaſes the teeth, appeaſes headach, preſerves youth, and gives vigor to old age (if ſome Phiſitians may be believed.)*

Sel ſel. *An oyle that commeth from Herb-ſalt, or Sel-alcali, firſt calcinated, then beaten to powder, and ſet on a piece of glaſſe in a moiſt cellar.*

Sel viperin. *A medicinable ſalt, made of a live Viper, ordinary ſalt, honey, and dry figges, incloſed, and with fat earth ſtopped up, in a new earthen pot, and then baked in a furnace unto a conſiſtence of coales.*

Eſcume de ſel. *Sea-foam ſalt; comes of water left by a tempeſtuous, and foaming ſea in the holes of rocks, and there congealed and turned into ſalt by the Sun.*

Fleur de ſel. *A brackiſh foam or ſcum that floats on the river* Nilus, *and on certain Lakes; of colour yellow, fat or oylie of conſiſtence, and unpleaſant in taſt; the right (for it is often ſophiſticated with a kind of red earth) cannot be reſolved but in oyle; the falſe one melts, and loſes colour, in water.*

Violet de ſel. *A certain ruſty colour which reſſeth like to* La Fleur de ſel.

Doux de ſel. *A friſh-man, ſhallow, unadviſed, of little experience, a novice, one thats not acquainted with the courſe of the world.*

Sans ſel. *Friſh, unſavory, unſeaſoned, fooliſh, idle, without grace.*

Manger à vn grain de ſel. *See* Manger.

Prendre ſon ſel. *To take his liquor ſoundly.*

C'eſt vn banquet de diables ou il n'y a point de ſel; Pro. *The feaſt that wanteth ſalt is fit for devills.*

Qui envoye chetif à la mer il n'en rapporte poiſſon, ne ſel; Pro. *He that impoſes a knave (or a foole) either loſes or gaines but a little.*

Selenite: f. *A light, white, and tranſparent ſtone, eaſily cleft into thinne flakes, whereof the Arabians, among whom it growes, make their glaſſe, and glaſen windowes.*

Selerin. *Look* Celerin.

Selle: f. *A ſaddle.*

Cheval entre deux ſelles. *A horſe of a middle ſize.*

Selle: f. *A ſtoole, or ſeat; (any ill-favored, ordinary, or country ſtoole, of a cheaper ſort then the joyned, or buffet-ſtoole;) alſo, a (purgative) ſtoole, or the excrement voided at a ſtoole.*

Selle percée. *A chaire of eaſement, a cloſe-ſtoole.*

Selle à ribaudes, ou à ricaldes. *A Cuck-ſtoole.*

Aſſis entre deux ſelles le cul à terre; &, Il eſt demeuré entre deux ſelles à terre. *Between two ſtooles the arſe goes to the ground (ſay we.)*

Seller. *To ſaddle, as a horſe, &c.*

Sellette: f. *A foot-ſtoole, or low ſtoole; alſo, a pad, or ſaddle for a Cart-horſe.*

Sellier: m. *A Sadler; (teamed alſo* Sellier lormier, *becauſe he may vent, or deal for, all Kind of Spurriers ware.)*

Selon. *As, even as, according unto; in the opinion, like to the faſhion, after the rate, or manner, of.*

Selſir, *The rotting Serpent* Seps.

Semaille: f. *Sted ſown; alſo, a crop, or plants, come up of ſeed; alſo, a ſowing; alſo, ſowing or ſeeding time; alſo,* Goſſimear, *or the Cobweb-like exhalations that float in the aire during hot, and open weather; (In which ſence, as alſo in ſome of the other, this word is uſed plurally.)*

Semailles d'avoine. *The ſeed-time for Oates, beginneth about the 15 of* March.

Semailles de febves. *About the 26 of* February.

Semailles de froment. *About the 3 of* October.

Semailles d'orges. *About the 5 of* Aprill.

Semailles de pois. *About the 3 of* March.

Semailles de ſeigles. *Rye-ſeed-time, is about the 18 of* September.

Semaine: f. *A week.*

Elle a ſa male ſemaine. *She hath her flowers.*

Semainier: m. *One that works, or does ought, by the week.*

Semainier: m. ere: f. *Weekly, every week, of or belonging to a week.*

Semaiſes: f. *Great woodden pots, out of which the Germans fill their glaſſes at meale-times.*

Semaiſon. *as* Semaille.

Semantiere. *(Vſed in ſome countries for* Cemetiere) *a Churchyard.*

Semblable: com. *Semblable, like, alike, ſuch, even ſuch, reſembling, according unto.*

Chaſcun cerche ſon ſemblable; Prov. *Like will to like; all men a make deſire.*

Semblablement. *Semblably, likewiſe, in like ſort, in ſuch faſhion, after the ſame manner, alſo, even ſo.*

Semblance: f. *A ſemblance, ſhew, ſeeming, apparence; alſo, reſemblance, likeneſſe, like forme, alike feature, the ſame poſture or faſhion.*

Orgueilleuſe ſemblance monſtre folle cuidance; Pro. *A proud look ſhewes the heart's poſſeſt with folly.*

Semblant: m. *A ſhew, ſeeming, ſemblance, apparence, countenance.*

Faire ſemblant. *To ſeem, or make as if.*

Faire ſemblant de. *To take notice, or be ſenſible, of.*

Semblé. *Seemed, made ſhew of.*

Il t'a ainſi ſemblé du commencement. *Then thoughteſt ſo, or waſt of that opinion, even from the beginning.*

Sembler. *To ſeem, or make ſhew of; alſo, to reſemble.*

Il me ſemble que. *Me thinks, it ſeems to me, I am of adviſe, or opinion, that.*

Semé: m. ée: f. *Sowed or ſown; alſo, powdered, ſet thick, or covered all over, with; alſo, ſpread, or publiſhed, abroad.*

Cler ſemé. *Thin-ſet, or ſown; rare, ſeld, ſcant, ſcarce.*

Teſte de cerf bien ſemée. *A Stags head which hath all it ſpillers, rochers, and ſcratchers on both ſides.*

Qui a ſemé ces paroles? *Whence comes this rumor, who began or broached it, who was the author of it?*

Semeler. *To ſole a ſhoe, &c.*

Semelle: f. *The ſole of a ſhoe; alſo, a foot in the meaſuring of a leape.*

Iuſques à la ſemelle du pied ſeulement. *Shallowly, ſleightly, but a very little.*

Semelles, & du vin paſſent chemin; Prov. *Wine is the footmans carouſe; a ſtrong foot, and a light head rid way apace.*

Semence: f. *Seed; alſo, ſeeding or ſowing time; alſo, a ſowing of ſeed; alſo, the ſeed, ſperme, or nature of man or beaſt; and hence, the originall, beginning, chiefe root, principall author, of a thing; alſo, any thing that is but ſmall, or by reaſon thereof, but ſmally accounted of.*

Semence ſaincte. *Wormſeed.*

Telle ſemence telle moiſſon; Pro. *Look how you ſow ſo ſhall you reap.*

Semencé: m. ée: f. *as* Semé.

Semencier: m. ere: f. *Of ſeed, containing ſeed.*

Sementine: f. *A certain Pear ſo called, becauſe it is alwaies ripe about ſeeding time.*

Semer. *To ſow; to ſet; to powder, or cover over with; alſo, to ſpread or diſperſe, to divulge or publiſh abroad.*

Semer vn grain d'orge pour attraper vn pigeon. *Look* Orge.

Semer guerre. *To raiſe, move, ſtir up, give occaſion of, war.*

Semer des roſes aux pourceaux. *To ſtrew pearles before Swine.*

On ſeme les bleds à l'avanture; Prov. *Look* Bled.

Qui peu ſeme peu prend; Prov. *Little ſow little mow.*

Semeſtre: m. *A term of ſix moneths. (This word properly belongs to the Parliament of* Britaine, *half the Judges, and Officers whereof do ſit, and attend* par ſemeſtre;

ſemeſtre; viz. *full ſix moneths; which ended, the other half ſucceed, for as long, in their places.)*

Semeſtre: com. *Of, or for, ſix moneths.*

Iuges ſemeſtres. *Such as attend but every other Terme, or ſit but every other half yeer.*

Semeur: m. *A ſower; ſetter, planter; author, beginner.*

Semedroict: m. *Baſe, or low Juriſdiction.*

Semillant: m. ante: f. *Wantonly unquiet, or ſtirring; ever figging, fidging, or frigging; fooliſhly reſtleſſe, or removing from place to place.*

Semillon: f. *A wanton ſtirring, or ſtruling; a reſtleſſe figging, fidging, or frigging.*

Seminal: m. ale: f. *Of ſeed.*

Semoiſſon. *as* Semaille.

Semole: f. *The fine flower of an excellent fine Italian wheat, miniſtred by Phiſitions in Panadoes, and brothes; and ſome ſeldome times uſed in bread; every way very nouriſhing.*

Semonce: f. *A bidding, lathing, inviting; alſo, a warning, citation, ſummons.*

Semoncer. *as* Semondre.

Semondre. *To bid, lathe, invite; alſo, to ſummon, warn, cite.*

Semonneur: m. *A ſummoner, Citer, Apparitor; alſo, an invitor, or bidder of gueſts.*

Semoule. *as* Semole; *alſo, ground wheat thats between meale and flower, or hath onely the courſeſt of the bran ſifted from it.*

Sempervive: m. *Houſeleeke, Sengreen, Aigreen.*

Sempervive maieur. *Great Houſeleek, Bullocks eye, Jupiters beard, Jupiters eye.*

Sempervive marin. *Herb Aloes, ſea Houſleek, ſea Aigreen.*

Sempervive mineur. *Prickmadam.*

Sempervive ſauvage. *Spaniſh Orpine, Orpine of* Hungarie, *joynted Orpine.*

Sempiternel: m. elle: f. *Sempiternall, immortall, everlaſting, perpetuall, continuall, aye-during.*

Sempiterneux: m. euſe: f. *The ſame.*

Vieille ſempiterneuſe. *An everlaſting Hag, a tough or toothleſſe trot.*

Sen deſſus deſſous. *Topſie turvie, upſide down.*

Senacle. *A height, or ſtory in a building.* (v. m.)

Senat: m. *A Senat, or Counſell of Citizens.*

Senateur: m. *A Senator, or common Counſellor in a City.*

Senaud: m. *A knave, raſcall, varlet; alſo, a craſty Jack; or a rich micher, a rich man that pretends himſelfe to be very poor.*

Sené: m. *A Synod, or Aſſembly of Curates before their Ordinary, or Dioceſan.*

Bon gré mal gré va le preſtre au ſené; Pro. *As under* Gré.

Senè: m. *Sene; a little purgative ſhrub or plant.*

Sené d'Alexandrie. *Sene of* Alexandria; *the beſt kind of Sene.*

Seneçon: m. *The herb Groundſell.*

Grand ſeneçon. *Great Groundſell, hath a ſtaulke two foot high, and furniſhed with rough, deep jagged, and whitiſh leaves.*

Petit ſeneçon. *The leſſe Groundſell;* Gerards *ordinary, and ſmooth-leaved Groundſell.*

Senedette: f. *A kind of great Whall, which from the top of her head ſpouts a huge quantity of water.*

Senegré: m. *The herb, or ſeed* Fenegreeke.

Senelles: f. *Heps, or Hawthorn berries.*

Sener. *To gueld, or ſpay a young Bore, &c.*

Senes. *Twelve, or two ſixes at dice.* ¶ Rab.

Seneſchal: m. *A ſeneſchall; the Preſect, or Preſident, the chiefe Juſtice, or Magiſtrate, of a precinct; and of the ſame authority thats enjoyed by the* Bailli, *from whom he differs in nothing but in name; yet heretofore it ſeemes he (being in divers places only a Judge to a Lord* Bas Iuſticier) *was little other, or better, then the ſtewward of a particular Mannor.*

Le grand Seneſchal de France. *So was* Le grand Maiſtre *called in old time.*

Seneſchauſſée: f. *A Seneſchallſhip; the Juriſdiction of a Seneſchall, or the precinct within which he governs.*

Seneſſon. *Look* Seneçon.

Seneſtre: com. *Siniſter; left;* (*whence,* La main ſeneſtre, &c.)

Senevé: m. *Muſtard ſeed, or Servie ſeed, whereof muſtard in made; alſo the herb that beares it.*

Senevé blanc. *Common Servie, field Muſtard; beares (in ſome places) a white flower, and a blackiſh, or brown ſeed.*

Senevé de Iardin. *Common Servie, black Muſtard.*

Senevé iaulne. *White Muſtard, garden Muſtard; is leafed like the Turnip; yeelds a yellow flower, and a whitiſh yellow ſeed.*

Seneve ſauvage. *Wild Muſtard, Treacle Muſtard; alſo,* Thlapſia, *wild Creſſes, diſh Muſtard, Bowyers Muſtard, churles Muſtard.*

Sengle. *as* Sangle; *a girth.*

Sengle: com. *Single, not double, all alone, ſimple, without addition, of it ſelf.*

Senglot: m. *The hickocke; a yexing.*

Sengloter. *Look* Senglouter.

Sengloteur: m. *One that hath the hickock; a yexer.*

† Senglout. *Look* Senglot.

Senglouter. *To yex, or have the hickock.*

Senicle. *as* Sanicle; *alſo, the little Siskin* (*bird.*)

Senné. *The purging plant Sene.*

Senné de Levant. *Sene of the Eaſt, Levant Sene, the beſt kind of Sene.*

Sens: m. *Senſe, wit, conceit, apprehenſion, underſtanding, judgement, reaſon, knowledge, opinion, thought, alſo, naturall ſenſe, or feeling; and, a ſenſe, or one of the five ſenſes; alſo, the ſenſe, meaning, or conſtruction of a writing, &c.*

Dents de ſens. *The ten jaw teeth.*

Os du ſens commun. *The forehead bone.*

Sens devant, & ſens derriere. ¶ Rab. *wherein this word either ſignifies, a ſmell; or (Imperatively, of* Sentir,) *ſmell; or equivocates with* Cent, *a hundred.*

'A tous ſens. *Every way, by all waies or meanes, in any caſe, whatſoever come of it.*

En tous ſens. *Every way, to all purpoſes, howſoever you take it.*

En tous les deux ſens. *On both ſides, both waies.*

Cela eſt bon ſens à eux. *That is wiſely done of them, or turnes greatly to their advantage; and,* Et eſt bon ſens à eux de. *And their beſt, or ſafeſt courſe is; or, is it wiſely done of them, to.*

I'y mettray tous mes cinq ſens. *I will imploy my beſt indeavours in the matter.*

'A vn fol avantureux n'eſt meſtier d'avoir ſens; Pro. *A fool that is adventurous needs not to look about him.*

En amour eſt folie, & ſens; Pro. *Love is both fond, and witty; in love's both follie, and wit.*

En petite teſte giſt grand ſens; Pro. *Within a little skonce, great skill.*

Il eſt bien fol qui à fol ſens demande; Prov. *He that expects a wiſe part from a fool, is the more fool of the two.*

Nul n'a trop pour ſoy de ſens, d'argent, de foy; Prov. *No perſon for his own uſe hath exceſſe of money, wiſdome, faith.*

Qui perd le ſien perd le ſens; Pro. *Look under* Perdre.

Sens. (Adverb) ſens deſſous deſſus. *Arſie varſie, topſie turvie, top over taile, upſide down.*

Sens devant derriere. *Prepoſterouſly; or, as under* Devant.

Senſible: com. *Senſible, feeling, palpable; paſſionate at; which is, or may be felt.*

Senſiblement. *Senſibly, palpably, feelingly.*

Senſitif: m. iue: f. *Senſitive, ſenſible, feeling, that hath ſenſe or feeling.*

† Senſoufre: f. *Exceſſive ſaltneſſe of ſoile; a vice or fault in land, bred by the noiſome ſlyme of ſalt marſhes.*

Senſualité: f. *Senſuality, libertiniſme, or epicuriſme; the pleaſing of ſenſe, contentment given to the appetite, ſatisfaction to the fleſh.*

S'enſuit. Que s'enſuit il? *what of that? what makes matter? what followes or comes of it?*

Sentant. *Feeling, ſenting, ſmelling, venting, winding.*

Sentant ſon aller de pis en pis. *Seeing he went worſe and worſe.*

Sentant ſon coeur. *See* Coeur.

Sente: f. *A hollow path, a narrow (and well beaten) way; Look* Sentier.

Sentement: m. *A feeling; a ſenting; ſmelling, venting, winding; taſting, ſavouring.*

Sentence: f. *A ſentence, or pithy ſaying; alſo, a ſentence, decree, judgement, order, or award of a Court; alſo, an opinion delivered, or adviſe given, in a matter.*

De fol Iuge breve ſentence; Pro. *The foole hath quickly uttered his thoughts; or, the fooles award is given in few words.*

Sententier. *To ſentence, adjudge, order, decree, condemne; to give ſentence, deliver his opinion, pronounce an award.*

Sententieuſement. *Sententiouſly, pithily, gravely, wiſely.*

Sententieux: m. euſe: f. *Sententious, grave, wiſe, pithie, ſolid, full of matter, ſtuffie, inſtructive.*

Senteur: f. *Sent, odor, ſmelling, ſavor.*

Sentier: m. *A path, or way, of a prettie breadth; whence;*

Sentier de Boullenois. *Is, by the cuſtomes of that place, to be five foot broad.*

Sentier de Bourgongne. *Is to be four foot, and a half.*
Sentier de Clermont, & de Vallois. *Is by the cuſtomes of thoſe places, to be four foot broad.*
Sentier : m. ere : f. *Of, or in, a path.*
Sentiment : m. *as* Sentement.
Sentine : f. *The ſink of a ſhip, &c.*
Sentine mere. *A little Salt-boat, or Bark.*
Sentinelle : f. *A Sentinell, or Sentry; a common ſouldier appointed to ſtand, and watch in a certaine place.*
Sentinelle d'amour. *A bawd.*
Lever de ſentinelle. *To relieve, withdraw, or take of, a Sentinell; alſo, to remove, or diſloge.*
Sentir. *To feel; alſo, to ſent, ſmell, vent, wind; alſo, to taſt or ſavor; alſo, to hear; alſo, to yeeld a ſent, ſavor, or taſt; or to ſcus, ſavor, or taſt, of; to have a ſmack, touch, or ſpice, of.*
Sentir ſon bien. Cela ſent ſon bien. *Thats comely, ſeemly, orderly, or as it ſhould be.*
Sentir vn peu de boire. *To be a little cupſhotten.*
Sentir ſon Mardi-gras. Cela ſent ſon, &c. *is very licentiouſly handled, or uttered.*
Sentir la matée. *To look like a whore.*
Sentir la vieille guerre. *To be of the old ſtampe; to uſe, or be in, an old faſhion.*
Sentir ſa bonne ville, & ſa petite ville. *See* Ville.
Ie me ſens de cette cheute. *I ſmart, or am the worſe, for, I feel to my pain, or I am yet ſenſible of, this fall.*
† Sentive : f. *The faculty, vertue, or power of feeling, ſmelling, &c.*
Sentrille : f. *A kind of freſh-water fiſh.*
Seoir. *To ſit;* Se ſeoir. *To ſit him down.*
Il ſe peut ſeoir ſans contredit qui ſe met là ou ſon hoſte luy dit; Pro. *He needs not fear to be chidden that ſits where he is bidden; (The like is;)*
Il ſe peut bien ſeoir à table quand le maiſtre luy commande; Pro. *Well may he ſit him down whom he that may ſets down.*
Sep : m. *The ſtock of a Vine; alſo, as* Eſtallon.
Les ſeps. *as* Des Ceps.
Quand le chou paſſe le ſep le vigneron meurt de ſoif; Pro. *When Cabbages ore-grow the Vine, there will be a great dearth of wine.*
Separaiſon : f. *as* Separation; *alſo, a baulk, or diviſion between two lands.*
Separation : f. *A ſeparation, ſevering, ſundering, diviſion, diſjunction, divorce, a venting, parting, or puting aſunder.*
Separatoire : m. *A ſeparatory; the Chizell or Inſtrument wherewith Surgeons cut out the peeces of bones left between the holes which they have bored with a Trepan.*
Separé : m. ée : f. *Separated, ſevered.*
Separément. *Separately, ſeverally, aſunder.*
Separer. *To ſeparate, ſever, part, ſunder, diſſoyne, divide, untwine, divorce, diſunite, put aſunder.*
Sepe : m. *The Seps; a broad-headed, and ſharp-mouthed ſerpent (of many colours, and about two cubits in length) which rots the body he bites.*
Sepedon. *as* Sepe.
Sepmaine : f. *Look* Semaine.
Sepmainier : m. *as* Dommas.
Sepmainier : m. ere : f. *Weekly, each week, of or in a week.*
Sept. *Seven.*
Septaine : f. *The precinct, bounds, or liberties of a Town; the compaſſe of ground, or circuit of countrey, ſubject unto the Juriſdiction thereof.*
Septante. *Seventy, threeſcore and ten.*
Septantieſme. *The ſeventieth.*
Septembre. *The moneth of* September.
Le flot de Septembre. *The great ſpring-tides of the Autumne Equinoctiall.*
Purée de Septembre. *Wine.*
Septembrin : m. ine : f. *Of, or in,* September.
Liqueur ſeptembrine. *Wine.*
Septenaire : m. *A ſeventh, a proportion of ſeven, the number of ſeven.*
Septenaire : com. *Containing ſeven, in, of, or belonging to, ſeven.*
Par les eſpaïnons ſeptenaires. *In every ſeventh linke.*
Septentrion : m. *The North.*
Septentrional : m. ale : f. *Northerly, of, or in, the North.*
† Septerée : f. *A* Septier *full of; or, as* Seſterée.
Septiéme, & Septiémement. *Look* Septieſme.
Septier : m. *A certain Meaſure; of uſe for divers things, and thereby of divers ſizes; (One, being the leaſt, and uſed by Phiſitions, comes but to three ounces in weight.)*
Septier d'avoine. *The* Septier *of Oats, containing* 21 Boiſſeaux.
Septier de bled. *The* Septier *of corne (viz. Wheat, Rye, or Barly) containes, in moſt places, two* Mines, *or twelve* Boiſſeaux, *or the twelfth part of a* Muid : *In weight in comes to* 220 *pounds, ſaies* Nicot; *but* Vigenere *upon* Livie *makes that the weight onely of Rye; and ſaies, that the* Septier *of Wheat weighs* 240 *pounds.*
Septier de charbon. *Containes* 21 Boiſſeaux.
Septier de Moulins. *The* Septier *of* Moulins, *commeth to* 16 Boiſſeaux.
Septier de terre. *Is much about the Arpent.*
Septier de vin. *Containes eight pints.*
Demi ſeptier de bled. *Containeth ſix* Boiſſeaux.
Demi ſeptier de vin. *Is but the halfe of a* Chopine, *or a quarter of the French pint.*
Septieſme. *The ſeventh.*
Septieſmement. *Seventhly.*
Septimeſtre : com. *Of ſeven moneths, or at ſeven moneths end.*
Septinaire. *Look* Septenaire.
Septique : com. *Putrifactive, rotting inwardly; alſo, corroſive, raiſing bliſters on the ſkin.*
Septirage. *Look* Scirage.
Septuagenaire : com. *Threeſcore and ten yeers old.*
Sept-virat. *The joynt rule, government, or authority of ſeven men.*
Septuple : com. *Seven-fold.*
Sepulchral : m. ale : f. *Sepulchrall, of, or in, a ſepulcher.*
† Sepulchralier : m. *A maker of ſepulchers,*
Sepulchre : m. *A ſepulcher, tombe, grave, or vault to lay dead coarſes in.*
Cheval courant eſt vn ſepulchre ouvert; Prov. *A running horſe is an open ſepulcher.*
Sepulturable : com. *Buriable; ready, or fit, to be buried.*
Sepulture : f. *Sepulture; a burying, intombing, interring, laying in a grave or in the ground.*
Sepulturer. *To bury, intombe, interre; lay in the ground, or into a grave.*
Sequele : f. *A ſequele, following, or conſequence, the iſſue or ſucceſſe of a thing; alſo, a great mans train or followers.*
La ſequele au robon. *Look* Robon.
Sequence : f. *A ſequence at Cards; alſo, a certain game that ſtandeth much on ſequences.*
Sequences : f. *Anſwering verſes, or verſes whereto anſwer is made, in the Maſſe.*
Sequenie : f. *A frock, or looſe jacket of canvas, open before, and worn by Porters, &c. over the reſt of their apparrell.*
Sequent : m. ente : f. *Sequent, following.*
Sequeſtration : f. *A ſequeſtration; the delivery of a litigious thing into the hands of a third indifferent man; or, the ſeparating of it from the poſſeſſion of thoſe that contend for it; (of two ſorts.)*
Sequeſtration judiciaire, ou neceſſaire. *Which is impoſed by the ſentence, or authority of a Judge.*
Sequeſtration voluntaire. *Agreed on by mutuall conſent of both the parties in controverſie: (There be alſo other kinds of ſequeſtration in doubtfull, as well as in controverted, caſes.)*
Sequeſtre : m. *He into whoſe hands a thing is ſequeſtred.*
Sequeſtré : m. ée : f. *Sequeſtred.*
Sequeſtrer. *To ſequeſter, or lay aſide, to put into an indifferent perſons hands.*
Sequin : m. *A ſmall Italian coine worth about* 10 Quadrins; *alſo, a golden coine ſomewhat more worth then the French Crown.*
Sequinant : m. *The ſweet-flowred Riſh termed Squinant, and Camels Hay.*
Ser de laict. *Whey.*
Ser montain. *Siler Mountain, baſtard Lovage.*
Serain : m. *Faire, cleere, calme, or open weather; alſo, the mildew, or harmefull dew of ſome Summer evenings; alſo, the freſh, and cool aire of the evening; alſo, the evening.*
Seran : m. *A hatchell, or heach; the iron combe wherein flax is dreſſed.*
Serancé : m. ée : f. *Hatchelled, or combed, as flax, &c.*
Serancer. *To hatchell flax, &c. to combe, or dreſſe it on an iron combe.*
Serancier : m. *A flax-man, a hatcheller, or comber of flax.*
Seraph : m. *A Turkiſh coine of fine gold worth about a French crown.*
Seraphin : m. *A Seraphin; a burning, or flame-coloured Angell; alſo, a kind of Limbeck.*
Seraphique : com. *Seraphicall, celeſtiall, Seraphin-like; alſo, fiery, or burning.*
Seraphiſer. *To ſanctifie, conſecrate; extoll, magnifie to the heavens.*
Serapin. *as* Sagapen.

Se-

Sergent. (*An allusion to* Sergent;) *a scrape-good, penny-father, silver-hider, money-hoarder.*

Serat. Laict serat. *Milk boiled with Garlick, and Onions, and much used in Normandy; also, sowre, or sowred milk.*

Serbataine. *Look* Sarbataine.

Serbin: m. *The crimson, or prickly Cedar; also, the Rosin that issueth from the great cedar.*

Sercifi: m. *The delicate root of the herb called Goats-beard, Star of Ierusalem, Noontide, and Go-to-bed-at-noon.*

Sercler, & Sercleur. *Look* Sarcler, & Sarcloir.

Sercleure: f. *A sarcling, or weeding.*

Sercueil. *as* Cercueil.

Serée: f. *an evening, evening season, evening tide; also, an evening task, work, art, or exercise; also, a gossipping, or good-fellow-like meeting of neighbours (this night at one, that at another, of their houses) whereto every one brings, or sends his dish.*

Serein: m. *Look* Serain.

Serein: m. eine: f. *Bright, fair, cleer, calme, open; gentle, mild, quiet, penetable; cheerfull, merry, pleasant, gracious.*

Sereine: f. *a Mermaid.*

Sereiner. *To cleer, brighten, wax faire, look cheerfully; make lightsome or pleasant; also, to calm, quiet, pacifie, appease.*

Serenade: f. *Evening Musick plaied at the dore, or under the window, of a lovely, or beloved creature.*

Serenade d'esprit. *Tranquility of spirit.*

Serencer. *Look* Serancer.

Serene: f. *A Syren, or Mermaid.*

Serene. La goutte serene. *Blindnesse, or extreme dimnesse of sight, caused by the obturation or stopping of the Optick sinew.*

Serenité: f. *Serenity, cleernesse, faireness, brightnesse, calmenesse, or openesse of weather.*

Serennade: f. *Look* Serenade.

Sereux: m. euse: f. *Serous, wheyie, waterish; also, loving the evening; and, being in, or neer, the evening.*

Serf: m. *A servant, servitor, serving man, or (most properly) a thrall, slave, premice, boundman, villan, drudge to, or base attendant on, another.*

Serfs fonciers. *Look* Foncier.

Serfs pissenez. *The bastards of slaves, or villanes.* ¶ Nivernois.

Serfoët: m. *A weeding book, or weeding forke.*

Serfoüé: m. ée: f. *weeded; grubbed or cut up with a weeding forke.*

Serfouër. *To weed, to grub or cut up weeds.*

Serfouëtes: f. *The instrument wherewith a Gardener grubs or cuts up weeds. Looke* Sarfouëtte.

Serfs. *An Order of black Friers, which thus tearm themselves.*

Serge: f. *The stuffe called Serge.*

Sergeant: m. *A Sergeant. Look* Sergent.

Sergeant de tonnelier. *The Coopers hatch; an iron tool which he useth in the hooping of Cask.*

Sergeanter, & Sergeanterie. *Look* Sergenter, & Sergenterie.

Sergeanteux: m. euse: f. *Sergeant-like, or using a Sergeant-like, authority.*

Sergeantise: f. *Look* Sergentise.

Sergent: m. *A Sergeant, Officer, Catchpole, Pursuyvant, Apparitor; also (in old French) a footman, or souldier that serves on foot.*

Sergent d'armes. *A Sergeant at Armes; one of those which wait on the King.*

Sergent bastonnier. *An ordinary Sergeant, or Catchpole in an incorporate Town.*

Sergent blavier. *as* Sergent Messier, ou Messilier.

Sergens à cheval. *Were, in old time, certain horsemen inferior to* Les Escuyers, *and serving for pay in the warres: Now they are officers that ride through all the villages, and fields of the* Ressort, *or* Baillage, *whereto they belong; therein arresting, and doing such other offices, as are performed by the* Sergents à pied *within the principall town, and the liberties thereof.*

Sergent chevaucheur. *A certain officer in forrests.*

Sergens dangereux. *Looke* Dangereux.

Sergent de l'espée. Doit tenir les veuës, bailler les assignations, faire les semonces & les commandemens des assises, & faire tenir ce qu'y est jugé, & delivrer par droict les Namps qui sont prins, & iusticier à l'espée & aux armes les malfaicteurs, & fugitifs. ¶ Ragueau.

Sergent feodé, fieffé, ou du fief: *An hereditary Sergeant; hath some kind of Iurisdiction for the recovery of the* Cens, Rents, Duties, Customes, Royalties, *or feodall rights, belonging to the Lord of the Seigniory wherein he resides; and may nominate, and appoint one under-Sergeant (and in some places more) to assist, and attend him.*

Sergent fetmier. *One that hath farmed the office of a Sergeant (which he is forbidden to do by Law.)*

Sergens forestiers. *Officers that may of themselves arrest the persons, and seize the goods, of such as waste, or make havock of the Kings woods: Of these there are two sorts;* Les ordinaires, *whose walkes are limited;* & les traversiers, *which range all over the forrest. Looke* Traversier.

Sergent franc. *Look under* Franc.

Sergents à masse d'argent. *Sergeants of the Mace:* Ce sont Huissiers de la Chambre du Conseil, ou Audience, en Hainaut.

Sergent messier, ou messilier. *An Officer that looks unto Corn-grounds, and Vineyards, untill harvest, and Vintage be fully past.*

Sergens à pied. *The ordinary Sergeants of a good town, within which, or the liberties thereof (and not elsewhere) they may arrest, &c. and are to reside.*

Sergent prairier. *An officer that keeps, and looks unto, meadowes, for the preservation of the hay, and grasse thereof.*

Sergent de querelle. Qui servoit au faict des duels, ou pour les differents des parties: *(But this officer is now out of date.)*

Sergent traversier. *Look* Traversier.

Sergent à verge. *An ordinary Catchpole in a good Town; also, a royall Usher, or Sergeant, who arresting, &c. within his circuit, ought to carry in his hand a rod, or small Mace, and therewith to touch him whom he doth arrest.*

Sergentaillerie: f. La ser. *Sergeants, Officers, Catchpoles; or a company of them.*

Sergenter. *To arrest, attache, or summon; to play the Sergeant any way.*

Sergentérie: f. *A Sergeantship; the office, place, or duty of a Sergeant; also (in the customes of* Normandy) *a kind of fief without Court, or Iurisdiction; or, that service which, in our Law, is tearmed* Grand, *or* Petit Sergeanties.

Sergentie, & Sergentise. *as* Sergenterie (*in the former sence.*)

† Seri: m. ie: f. *Quiet, mild, calme, still, fair, cleare.*

Seriau. *The same; whence,* Car le iour est seriau. *The Burden of a certain Christmas Caroll.* ¶ Rab.

Serie: f. *The eve of a holy day; also, the evening, or evening-tide.*

Seriens: m. (*An old word;*) *souldiers that served on foot.*

Serieusement. *Seriously, very earnestly.*

Serin: m. *A little singing bird of a light-green colour, and very like the Canary bird other waies; whence;*

Serin de Canarie. *The Canary bird.*

Serin: m. ine: f. *Silkie; also, as* Serein.

Seringue: f. *A Siringe, or Squirt.*

Seringuement: m. *A squirting, an infelting, or spirting of liquor by a Syringe.*

Seringuer. *To squirt.*

Seriphie: f. *Sea-wormewood, called, by some of our country women, garden cypresse.*

Serment: m. *An oath; also, as* Sairment.

Serment de calomnie, &, ser. de fidelité. *See* Calomnie, & Fidelité.

Par mon serment. *By my truth, by the faith I owe to God; or, by the oath I have taken.*

Sermenteux. *Look* Sarmenteux.

Sermon: m. *A Sermon, or preaching; an Harang, or Oration, made unto the people.*

Sermonner. *To preach, to make a Sermon.*

Sermonneur, m. *A Sermon maker, a Preacher.*

Sermontain: m. *Siler Mountaine, bastard Loveage.*

Serosité: f. *Serosity; the waterishnesse, or thinner parts of the masse of blood (swimming to wey in milk) which floates upon it after it hath been let out of a veine; also, the wheyish, or waterish moisture drawn by the kidneyes from all parts of the body, and after some concoction tearmed,* Urine.

† Serourge: m. *A brother in law, one that hath married a mans owne, or his wives, sister.*

† Serpant: m. *Marriage-good; the apparell, beds, coffers, vessell, cattell, or other houshold stuffe, or moveables whatsoever, given in marriage with a son, daughter or cousin.*

Serpe: f. *Look* Sarpe.

Serpe: m. ée: f. *Towed off ground, set afloat, as a ship by an anchor, or great boat; also, weighed, as an anchor.*

Serpeger. *To wind, or crankle in and out; to waue, waggle, wrigle, wrythe, or to go waving, &c. like a serpent.*

Serpellete. *Look* Serpillere.

Serpent: m. *A Serpent; a venamous, or poisonous (and footlesse) vermine; also, the male Lamprey.*

Serpent cornu. *The Serpent Cerastes, or the horned serpent. See* Cornu.

Serpent marin. *The sea serpent, resembles a Conger, but hath a sharper beak or nose, wherewith he suddainely hides himself in the sand.*

Ail de serpent. *Wild Garlick, Snakes Garlick.*

Herbe aux serpents. *Vipers herb, Snakes Buglasse.*

Il fault tirer le serpent du buisson par la main d'autruy; *Prov. He that will safely live, must shift off dangers to others; or, dangers cannot be surmounted without help.*

Serpentaire: f. *The herb Dragons, or Dragonwort.*

Serpentaire aquatique, ou d'eau. *Water Dragons, water Dragonwort.*

Serpentaire malle des Officines. *Snakeweed, Britannica, Bistort.*

Grande serpentaire. *Great Dragons or Dragonwort; the ordinary Dragonwort.*

Petite serpentaire. *Small Dragons; an herb like Wake-Robin in all points saue it spots, which are white.*

Serpentant: m. ante: f. *Crankling, wrigling, wigling, crooking, winding, making many turnes.*

Serpente: f. *A Serpent.*

Faire la serpente. *as* Sepenter.

Serpenté. *Wrigled, crankled, wrythed, turned or wound in and out.*

Serpenteau: m. *A little serpent.*

Serpenter. *To wrigle, wagle, crankle, wrythe, turn or wind often in and out.*

Serpentin: m. *The upper part of some Limbecks made long, and wreathed like a serpent; also, the cocke of a Harquebuze.*

Serpentin: m. ine: f. *Of a serpent, like a serpent, long and wreathed as a serpent.*

Ail serpentin. *Snakes Garlick, wild Garlick.*

Marbre serpentin. *A dark-green Marble, full of light-green spots.*

Pierre serpentine. *Look* Pierre.

Serpentine: f. *A kind of Limbeck; or, as* Serpentin; *also, as* Serpentaire; *also, the Artillery called a Serpentine, or Basiliske.*

Petite serpentine. *Small Dragons; also, Cucko-pint, Wake-Robin, Calves-snout.*

Serper. *To tow a ship off ground, or set her afloat by a great boat, or anker fastened into another ship thats under saile.*

Serper l'ancre. *To weigh anker.*

Serpette: f. *A Vine-knife, or Gardeners knife; a very small hedging, or lopping bill.*

Serpigine: f. *A redneſſe of the skin, accompanied with pushes, and wheales.*

Serpiller. *To pack up in Canvas, &c. also, to glean after Grape-gatherers, or cut away from the Vine all the grapes they have left behind them.*

Serpillere: f. *A Sarplet, or Sarp-cloth; a piece of course Canvas to packe up things in; also, the course Canvas apron of a Grocer, Chaundler, Painter, Dawber, &c.*

Serpillette: f. *A small Vine-hook, or Gardeners booked knife.*

Serpillon. *as* Serpette.

Serpillonnette. *as* Serpillette; *or a very small one.*

Serpolet: m. *Running Time, wild time, creeping time, mother of Time, Pulhall mountaine, our Ladies Bedstraw.*

Serpolet sauvage. *Wild creeping Time; of two kinds, the one bearing a white, the other a red flower;* (Gerard shewes us no fewer then six kinds of Serpillum, *all which as he calls wild Times* (though with some small, and different additions) *so many bold* (saies Matthiolus) *that every* Serpolet *is wild:*) *Some also tearme water-mint, and others Balsamint,* Serpolet sauvage.

Serquify: m. *The delicate roote of the herb Goats-beard.*

Serrail: m. *The Palace wherein the great Turk mueth up his concubines.*

Serrail d'un huis. *The beuit of a doore.*

Serran: m. *A certain fish thats like, but somewhat lesse then the sea-Perch; and hath, as it, two stones in his head; called thus about* Marseille.

Serrant: m. *A Green-finch.*

Serrant: m, ante; f. *Shutting, or locking up.*

Serratan. *Look* Serran.

Serrail: m. ille: f. *Closing, or shutting up close together.*

Serre: f. *A Hawkes tallon; also, a strait, or narrow pinch; also, a saw; also, the wild Fitch.*

Serres. *A Hawkes tallons; also, wild Fitches; also, the thick boards whereby the inside of the* Varengues *of a ship are fastened, and held in.*

Tenir en serre. *To restraine, or hold in subiection.*

Serre: com. *Close; whence,* Tenir serre, *to hold himselfe close, to restraine, or keepe in, himselfe.*

Serré: m. ée: f. *Closed, compacted, contracted, thrust up together, clapped or put neer vnto; restrained; straitned; hard wrung or pressed; fast locked, shut or bound up.*

Serré de douleurs. *whose heart is shrunk, or oppressed, with griefe.*

Serre. *(In stead of* Serrement; *whence,)* Dormir fort serré. *To sleepe very soundly.*

Serre. *(Of the Verb* Serrer;*) the word whereby souldiers are warned to close themselves, or draw neer together.*

Serrecropiere. Le ieu de ser. *The close-buttock play; lechery.*

Serre-front: m. *A head-band, forhead-band, or forhead-cloth.*

Serrement: m. *A closing, compelling, pressing, hard-thrusting together; a contracting; up-shutting, restraining.*

Serrément. *Closely, straightly, narrowly, neer one to another, contractedly, restraindly, in a little roome.*

Serre-nappe: f. *A cabinet, roome, or chest for the keeping of table-linnen; also, the basket wherevnto it is put up at the taking away.*

Serre-poignet: m. *A griping close-fist, a couetous or close-handed wretch.*

Serrer. *To close, compact, thrust hard, bind fast, straine or presse neer together; to lock, shut or put up, hold or keep straits, restrain; constrain.*

Se serrer. *To go all on a ruck, or gather himself up close together.*

Serrer le boutton à. *To restraine or keepe short, to hold a strict or hard hand ouer.*

Serrer les ordures. *To sweep together all the scattered filth of a floore.*

Serrer pres. *To presse mightily, vrge very much, driue vnto a narrow strait, pinch, or plunge; pursue very neer; also, to be most earnest with, or instant vpon.*

Qui ne sçait l'estre ferre la boutique &, Qui ne sçait l'art ferre la boutique; *Pro. Look* Boutique.

Serres. *as vnder* Serre.

Serre-teste: f. *A border of Goldsmiths work, &c. worne by gentlewomen vpon their coifes, or hoods.*

Serreure. *Look* Serrure.

Serriette: f. *The herb Saxamite.*

Serrure: f. *A lock.*

Remuer les serrures. *To play the Polypragmon, or busie companion.*

Contre coignée serrure ne peut; *Prov. No locks hold out against an yron axe; an armed violence forceth any thing.*

Serrurerie: f. *The trade of a Lock-smith; a making of locks.*

Serrurier: m. *A Lock-smith.*

Sert: m. *The first course, or seruice at Table.*

Serte: f. *A kind of flat-bottomed boat vsed in old time.*

Servage: m. *Seruitude, slauery, bondage, thralldome.*

Servans: m. *An Order of black Fryers.*

Servant: m. ante: f. *Serving, attending, waiting on, obseruing, obseruant, obsequious vnto; also, helping, steading, assisting.*

Fief servant. *A fief thats held by homage and fealtie, of a fief dominant; an inferior, or meaner fief.*

Gentilshommes servants. *Gentlemen waiters, those that attend on the King at meale-times.*

Iour servante, & iournée servante. *The day appointed for the hearing, and deciding of a cause.*

Servante: f. *A maid, or woman, seruant (especially of a mean, or inferior degree.)*

Servantin: m. *The sole-fish tearmed, a kind soole.* ¶ Marseillois.

Serve. *A Stue for fish; also, a Mue for fowles; also the herb Sage.*

‡ Servément. *Servilely, by villenage, by a servile or base tenure.*

Servi: m. ie f. *Served, obserued.*

Servi de son homage. *That hath receiued his homage in due time.*

Entrer de fief servi. *The homage, &c. and by a tenant at his first entry, done well enough by another; as by an elder brother for a younger; by a husband for his wife; by a gardian for his pupill, or ward.*

Serviable: com. *Serviceable; Officious, diligent, obsequious; pliant; beneficiall.*

Serviablement. *Serviceably, officiously, obse-*

obſequiouſly, diligently; benoofifully.

Service: f. *Service, attendance; duty, obedience; alſo, wages, or hire for ſervice; alſo, divine ſervice, (publike) prayer unto almighty God; whence;*

La ſervice des morts. *Dirges, Ohits, Trentalls, prayers for the dead.*

Service de l'oſt. *Look* Oſt.

Service de plaids. *Appearce made, counſell given; any attendance yeelded, or ſervice done, by a vaſſall in his Lords courts.*

Services des vignes. *The paths, or alleyes, which are made overthwart a Vineyard.*

Cheval de ſervice. *A great horſe, or horſe of ſervice; due from a vaſſall to his Lord* ſoudart (*or in lieu of him* 60 s. Tourn: *as by the cuſtomes of* Orleans, Montargis, Chaſteauneuf, Chartres, & Dreux; *or* 60 s. *and a penny* Tourn: *by the cuſtomes of* Le grand Perche; *or* 100 s Tourn: *as by the cuſtomes of* Anjou, *and* Maine;) *And this either once during a Lords, or vaſſalls life, or at every change of Lord, and vaſſall.*

Denier de ſervice. *Look* Denier.

Beau ſervice fait amis, & vray dire ennemis; Prov. *Diſſimulation procureth friends, truth enemies; obſequious attendance winneth love, true and plaine dealing hate.*

† Servicial: m. *A gliſter.*

Serviette: f. *A table napkin.*

Nouer les deux bouts de ſa ſerviette enſemble. *Look* Nouër.

Servir. *To ſerve, attend, wait on, obſerve, be obſequious unto; alſo, to help, ſtead, availe, aſſiſt, fit ones turn, do good, be profitable or behoofefull, unto.*

Servir le fief. *A man to do homage, ſuit, and all other ſervices whereto he is tied by his tenure.*

Servir ſon maiſtre. *To purge, untruſſe a point, go to the ſtoole.*

Servir les plaids de ſon ſeigneur. *As before, in* Service de plaids.

Se ſervir de. *To uſe, occupy, make a benefit, or take the advantage of.*

Se ſervir de toutes peaux. *as under* Peau.

Mal ſert qui ne parſert. Pro. *He's but an ill ſervant that's not an all-ſervant.*

Qui ſert commun nul ne le paye, & vil defaut chaſcun l'abbaye; Pro. *The ſervant of a Communalty finds many to correct his errors, but none to reward his deſerts.*

Qui ſert dieu il a bon maiſtre; Pro. & Qui ſert le Roy il a bon maiſtre; Pro. *Look* Maiſtre.

Aſſez demande qui bien ſert; Pro. *Good ſervice of it ſelf demands reward.*

Servis: m. *The Cens, and other ſmall yearely rights, or duties, paid by the tenants of inheritances unto the Lord of the ſoyle in acknowledgment of his direct ſeigniory.*

Serviteur: m. *A ſervant, ſervitor, ſerving creature, ſerving man; an attendant, or waiter.*

Fortune n'eſpargne ny ſerviteur, ny maiſtre; Pro. *Look* Fortune.

Servitude: f. *Servitude, ſlavery, bondage.*

Mieux vaut ſervitude en paix que ſeigneurie en guerre; Prov. *Better be peaces vaſſall, then warres maſter.*

Serviture: f. *A duty wherein one peece of ground, and the poſſeſſor thereof, is liable, or ſubject, unto another.*

Hommes de ſerviture. *A kind of villains, or ſervile tenants, liable to their Lords vexations, while they live; and when they die, their ſonnes muſt buy their poſſeſſions of him, or elſe be ſeiſed, and holde them; and their daughters (if they had no ſonnes) muſt loſe the ſoyle, and take ſuch husbands, and portions, as he is pleaſed to adde them.*

Servivl: m. *An Act, or Certificate of the actuall ſervices performed by an officer, who thereupon receives the wages, and is allowed the privileges, due unto his place.*

Sery: m. *The Shrew-muſe.* ℣ Bourguignon.

Seſame: m. *The oily pulſe, or graine* Seſamum.

Seſamin: m. inc: f. *Of* Seſamum.

Seſamoide. *Baſtard Woad; an herb of two kinds, a great, and a little one; either of them divided into two other kinds. viz. the great one into great baſtard Woad, and barren Weld; and the little one into ſmall baſtard Woad, and Buckhorn Weld, which is* Mathiolus *his little* Seſamoïdes.

Seſamoïdes. Or ſeſamoides. *Look* Oi.

Seſel, & Seſeli. *The herb Seſeli, Seſeleos, Hartwort.*

Seſeli de Candie. *Seſeleos, or Hartwort of Candia.*

Seſeli Ethiopique. *Shrub Seſeli, Hartwort of Ethiopia.*

Seſeli de Marſeille. *Marſellian Seſeli; large, and broad Cummin.*

Seſeli de la Morée. *Hartwort of Peloponneſus.*

Seſeli Peloponneſien. *The ſame.*

Seſine. *The Mother of wine; the white or mouldie ſpots which float on the top of old wine.*

† Seſquialtére: com. *One and a halfe, or half as much again; as three in reſpect of two, &c.*

Seſquin: m. *A kind of baſe coine.*

† Seſquitiers: m. *ierce: f. As much, and a third part more.*

† Seſſile: com. *Sitting, ſeeming to ſit, eaſie to ſit on; of a low ſtature.*

Verruë ſeſſile. *A kind of hard, broad, flat, and blackiſh wart.*

Seſterce: m. *The fourth part of the (ancient) Roman penny, worth about three halfe pence farthing of our money.*

Seſterée de terre. *The fourth part of a Saumée; a meaſure for land, ſomewhat leſſe then the ordinary Arpent.*

Seſtier. *Look* Septier.

Seſtine: f. *A Seſtine, or ſtanza of ſix verſes.*

Sete. *The Quitter-bone; a wound and hard ſwelling upon the Cornet (between the heel, and quarter) of a horſes foot.*

Seuer: m. *Briſtly, rough, harſh.*

Seton: m. *A rowell; or the rowelling, or roping of a bruſed, or ſtrained horſe.*

Seuon. *The ſame; alſo, as* Saſſion.

Seuule. *Look* Sete.

Seu: m. *An Elder tree.*

Seve: f. *The ſap, juice, or moiſture of plants; alſo, the bleeding of a Vine.*

Seueil: m. *The threſhold of a door.*

Severe: com. *Severe, auſtere, ſtarne, grave; rigorous, rough, ſharp, hard; pittileſſe, untractable, inexorable.*

Severement. *Severely, ſternely, rigorouſly; ſharpely, untractably, inexorably.*

Severité: f. *Severity, ſharpneſſe, rigor, auſterity, ſternneſſe, fierceneſſe, untractableneſſe, gravity.*

Seuerounde: f. *The eave, ſaving, or eaſing of a houſe.*

Seveux: m. cuſe: f. *Sappy, juicy, full of naturall moiſture.*

Seuil: m. *The threſhold of a door.*

Sevir. *To rage, or be mad at; to be extremely angred, fierce, cruell, to be more then cruell, moſt cruell, mad, to inveigh over.*

Seul: ou ſeule: f. *Sole, ſingle, alone, onely one; meere; ſingular, ſeverall, by it ſelfe.*

Homme ſeul eſt viande aux loups; Pro. *The lonly man becomes a prey to many.*

Fortune ne vient ſeule; Pro. *One miſfortune hales an other.*

Haſte ne vient ſeule; Pro. *Look* Haſte.

Mieux vaut eſtre ſeul que mal accompagné; Prov. *Better alone then in ill company.*

Seule: f. *A threſhold; alſo, a groundſill; or, the piece of timber which compaſſes the bottome of a roome.*

Seulement. *Solely, onely, but, but onely, by it ſelfe alone.*

Seulon: m. cune: f. *Sole, alone, ſolitary, private, ſingular, apart from others.*

Saulle. *La ſeulle d'une charrue de foing. As much mid-low ground as will mow a load of hay.*

Seun: m. *An Elder tree; alſo, a kind of Net, or Engine to catch fiſh with.*

Seunoh. *A fiſher. Look* Seuur.

Seur: m. cure: f. *Sure, ſafe, ſtiffe, ſecure, out of danger, ſafe-aſſured, certain; truſty, loyall, faithfull.*

Chiens ſeurs. *Sure hunting dogs; thoſe that fixe to their game, or old gaters thoſe that run, or hunt their game.*

A main la main ſeure. *Look* Main.

Seurant. *Weaning.*

Seurat. *Of Elders; whence,* Vinaigre ſeurat. *Elder Vinegar.*

Seure: com. *Sower, ſharp, tart.*

Seuré: m. cc: f. *Weaned from ſucke.*

Seuret. *Tenacem.*

Seureté: f. *Surety, ſafety, ſecurity, ſureneſſe; alſo, a ſurety, or ſecurity.*

En ſeureté dort qui n'a qua pendre; Pro. *Security ſleeps in that bark nought to loſe.*

Il n'eſt pas en ſeureté qui ne meſcheut oncques; Pro. *He that hath had no ill luck is in danger.*

Seurende. *Look* Seuerounde.

Seuré. *Look* Seuré.

Seuraganeis: com. *Fifteene yeares old.*

Sexe: m. *A ſex, or kind.*

Sextaire: m. *An ancient Roman meaſure, containing ſomewhat more then our pint.*

Sexte: f. *The third quarter, or ſixe hour of the artificiall day, being about noone all the yeer long; alſo, a ſixte in proportion of ſix, in Muſicke.*

Sextement. *Sixthly.*

Sexterce, & Sexterée. *as* Seſterée.

Sextier. *Look* Septier.

Sextule: f. *A weight of foure ſcruples, or the ſixt part of an ounce.*

Sepe : m. ee : f. *Reaped, or cut, as corne*

Seyer le bled. *To reape, or cut downe corne.*

Seyette : f. *Serge, or Say.*

Seyeur : m. *A reaper.*

Seynale, *as* Salvatelle.

Seyeux : m. euſe : f. *Silkie, full of ſilk.*

Sezain : m. *The toll, or fee thats due for grinding; alſo, as* Seizaine.

Seze, *Sixteen.*

Sezieſme : m. *A ſixteenth; a ſixteenth part.*

Vn ſezieme d'aulne. *Three inches, and (as our Neale of the yard) the leaſt diviſion of the French Ell, and the leaſt meaſure for cloth.*

Sezieſme : com. *The ſixteenth in rank, number, &c.*

Shilirhoique, Goutte sh. *A kinde of cold Gout.*

Si, (*Sometimes a Subſtantive; whence,*)

Par tel ſi que. *On condition that.*

Il n'a nul ſi. *He is perfect, without fault or defect; no want in him can be found in him, no blemiſh or deformity about him.*

Si. *An Adverbe, uſed ſingle, and in anſwer to a negative demand, or ſpeech; whence to,* Vous n'avez pas dict cela, *they anſwer,* ſi; *yes forſooth have I, or yes that I have; In which caſes it hath ſometimes alſo the company of other words; as in anſwer to one that tells them, you cannot, or will not doe that, or it will never be; they ſay,* Vous verrez que ſi; *you ſhall ſee that I can or will, or that it will fall out, &c.*

Si. *In the beginning of a ſpeech now and then implyes, (among ſome ancient Authors) a kinde of certainty, or of reſolution; as,* ſi advint en cet iour meſme que le heraut arriva; *Surely it happened the very ſame day wherein the herald arrived:*

Si voy qu'il nous faudra avoir bataille. *I ſee for certaine that wee muſt fight.*

Si. (*Ordinarily ſignifies*) *if, if ſo be that, whether; (and) ſo, in ſorte, as, even as: And preceding a Verb, it imports (many times) a command, forcing, or threatning, and before faut, a neceſſity; as in the two examples following.*

Si cheminerez vous. *You ſhall walk whether you will or no; or, walk when I bid you; or, you had beſt walk.*

Si faut il faire cela. *That muſt needes be done; or, you muſt of neceſſitie doe it.*

Si que. *Whereby, ſo as, in ſort that.*

Si non que. *Saving that, but that.*

Il avoit vn bel eſprit, & ſi eſtoit de mauvaiſe grace. *He had an excellent wit, and yet, &c.*

Il eſtoit ſçavant, & ſi eſtoit vaillant aux armes. *He was both learned and valiant, or, learned and valiant withall, or, not onely learned, but alſo valiant.*

Il n'eſtoit point clerc, & ſi n'avoit nulle cognois : ſance des lettres. *He was neither clerke, nor any way learned.*

Quant à &c. le Grec n'a rien de tel, quant a &, ſi l' a bien. *The Grecians uſe not &c. but & they ſurely do.*

Sibi. A ſon ſibi. (*as the Latine* ſibi) *To himſelfe.*

Sibille : f. *A running and toſting diſh in the time of Vintage.*

Il a le nez rouge comme la ſibille d'un preſſoir. (*ſilly applied to a drunkard; one kind of ſtuffe dying both his noſe, and that diſh all of a colour.*)

Sibilot. *(The name of a fool unto the French Henry the third; and thence;) an aſſe, doult, ſop, ideot, ninnie.*

Siboule. *as* Ciboule.

Sibylle : f. *Sybill, one of the ten Sybillæ, famous in their times for prophecying; hence alſo, a Propheteſſe, or woman that hath the ſpirit of propheſie; alſo, as* Sebille.

Sibylin : m. ine : f. *Prophecying, of a Sybilla, or Sybilla-like.*

† Sicap. De leur ſicap. *Of their own head, after their owne fancy, according to their humour.*

Siccité : f. *Siccity, drineſſe, drought, or drouth, want of ſappe, juyce, or moiſture.*

Siciliane. *Look* Ceciliane.

Sicilique : f. *A quarter of an ounce.*

† Sicinnie : f. *A dancing, and ſinging together.*

Sicinniſtes : m. *Such as dance, and ſing together, or, as* Siticines. ℣ Rab.

† Sicnie. *Look* Sequenie.

Sicot. *as* Bricot.

Sideration. *Look* Syderation.

Siderite. *The Iron-like ſtone Sideritis, which, as ſome imagine, hath power to ſet men at oddes; alſo, the Load-ſtone.*

Sidre : m. *Cider; drink made of apples.*

Sie : f. *A Saw.*

Sié de mer. *Look* Scie.

Sié : m. ée : f. *Sawed, or cut aſunder; alſo, reaped, or cut down.*

Siecle : m. *An Age; (commonly underſtood of 100 years) alſo, time, or ſeaſon.*

Sied. Cet accouſtrement luy ſied bien. *This garment becomes, beſeems, beſits, or ſits him well.*

Siege : m. *A ſeat; a chaire, ſtoole, or bench to ſit on; alſo, a Tribunall, Court, or Throne, the ſeat of Juſtice; the Towne, or Place wherein an ordinary Court of Juſtice is kept; alſo, the buttocks, aſſe, fundament, the hinder parts, or part of the body whereon wee uſe to ſit; alſo, the ſiege of a Towne; alſo, the fiſh* Gardon.

Aujourd'huy en ſiege, demain en piege; Prov. *To day a Captaine, to morrow a Captive.*

† Sieger. Le Parlement ſiegeoit. *The Parliament (or Court) ſate, or was held.*

Le Pape ſiegeoit 12 ans. *The Pope governed, or held his place 12 yeares; (This word being proper to Popes, as* Reguer *is for Kings.)*

Siement : m. *A ſawing; alſo, a reaping, or cutting down of corn, &c.*

Sien : m. *A mans owne; that which he hath in his owne right, that whereof he is abſolute maſter; or, that which is proper to himſelfe.*

Chaſcun y a mis du ſien. *Every one hath added ſomwhat of his owne unto it.*

Qui perd le ſien perd le ſens; Prov. *who loſeth his pence forgetth his ſence.*

Sien : m. enne : f. *His, his owne, of or belonging to himſelfe.*

Des ſiens. *Of his faction, ſide, party, followers.*

Il joue bien des ſiennes. *Hee freely playes his pranks, he does even what he will.*

Siement : m. *A ſawing, or cutting aſunder; alſo, a reaping of corne.*

Sienite. *A kinde of rich Marble gotten about* Thebes.

Sier. *To ſaw, or cut aſunder (as with a Saw;) alſo, to reap, or cut downe, corne, &c.*

Sier en arriere : C'eſt aller le derriere devant. *To ſhieve, or ſail a-ſterne; (a tearme of Navigation.)*

† Sieſer. *To become, fit, ſit on.*

Siette : f. *A little Saw.*

Sieu : m. *The ſuet of Deere, wild Goats, the Roe, &c. alſo, the greaſe of Capons, and of ſuch other fowle.*

Sieur : m. *A ſawyer; alſo, a reaper.*

Sieure : f. *Saw-duſt, pin-duſt, &c. alſo, a ſawing.*

Sieurel : m. *The baſtard Mackarell.*

† Sieurie. *Look* Seigneurie.

Sieuré. Poiſſons d'une ſ. *Of one ſize, or goodneſſe.* (v.m.)

Sifflant : m. ante : f. *Whiſtling, whizzing, biſſing.*

Sifflant en paume je me rendray à vous. *Put but up the finger I am for you.*

† Sifflantement. *Hiſſingly, with a whiſtling ſound.*

Siffle. *Whiſtled, whizzed, biſſed.*

Sifflement : m. *A whiſtling, whizzing, biſſing.*

Siffler. *To whiſtle, whizze, biſſe at.*

Sifflerie : f. *A whiſtle, or whiſtling.*

Sifflet : m. *A whiſtle, alſo, the weaſon, or wind-pipe.*

Siffleur : m. *A whiſtler; alſo, the whiſtling bird called, a Nowpe, or Bullfinch.*

Sifre. *Look* Chifre.

Sigillatif : m. ive : f. *Sigillative, ſealeable, apt to ſeale; made of wax.*

Sigillé : m. ée : f. *Sealed.*

Signacle : m. *A ſigne, ſeale, marke, or character.*

Signal : m. *A ſignall, ſigne; token, marke.*

Signale : com. *as* Segnale.

Signalé : m. ée : f. *Notable, famous, renowned; of note, of marke; (an Italianiſme; and derived from the cuſtome of marking ſouldiers in ancient Garriſons.)*

Signaler. Se ſign. *To make himſelfe to be noted, or ſpoken of; to get himſelfe a name.*

Signamment. *Namely, expreſſely, eſpecially, particularly.*

Signature : f. *A ſignature, ſigning, ſubſcribing; a ſigne manuell, ones hand or marke ſet unto a writing; In old books (written when but a few could write) it ſignifies a ſeale, or ſealing.*

Signe : m. *A ſigne, marke, token, or note; an argument; a preſage; a winke with the eye, becke with the hand, nod with the head; alſo, a pledge, or pawne.*

Vn ſigne au ciel. *A ſigne in the Zodiake a celeſtiall ſigne.*

Signe patibulaire. *A gibbet, or paire of Gallowes.*

Les vertus ſurmontent les ſignes; Prov. *Worth exceedeth wonders; example prevailes more then a ſigne to the converſion of a ſinner.*

Signé: m. ée: f. *Signed, ſubſcribed; marked, branded, noted, ſtamped on.*

Signer. *To ſigne, ſubſcribe; marke, brand, ſet his ſtampe on, or hand unto; alſo, to note; alſo, to ſkarre; alſo, to beckon unto, or by ſignes to bid one approach.*

Se Signer. *To bleſſe, or croſſe himſelfe; to make the ſigne of the croſſe on ſome part of himſelfe.*

Signer de ſon ſang. *To ſigne with his bloud; to aſſure the truth of his promiſes, or words, by moſt vehement, faithfull, or effectuall demonſtrations.*

Signet: m. *A ſignet, ſeale, ſtamp, mark.*

Signet de Salamon. *Salamons ſeale, Scala cæli, White-root, or White-wart.*

Signeur: m. *A ſigner, ſubſcriber; marker, brander; ſtamper; alſo, a croſſer, or bleſſer.*

Signifiance: f. *A ſignification, or ſignifying; a declaring, a betokening; alſo, an argument, ſigne, or token of.*

† Significance. *as* Signifiance.

Signification: f. *A ſignification, ſence, meaning; a declaration, advertiſement, information.*

Signifier. *To ſignifie, betoken, ſhew, note, meane; to declare, denounce, warn, advertiſe, informe.*

Haine de prince ſignifie mort d'homme; Prov. *A Princes hate portends the bane of man.*

Silence: m. *Silence, peace-bolding; ſtillneſſe, quietneſſe; alſo, a deavelineſſe, or ſolitarineſſe.*

Silenes. *Boxes in Apothecaries ſhops painted on the out-ſide, with divers odde figures.*

Silentiaire: m. *A ſileniarie, a patron or pattern of ſilence.*

Silentieux: m. euſe: f. *Very ſilent, full of ſilence, moſt quiet, huſht, or ſtill; that uſeth to ſpeak but little; where no noiſe at all is uſed.*

Siler. *The herb Seſeli, Seſeleos, Hartwort; ſome alſo call Spert, or the Oſier Withie ſo.*

Siler de Candie. *Hartwort of Candia.*

Siler de Montagne. *Siler Mountain, baſtard Love-age.*

Sil. *A yellow earth (found in gold and ſilver mines) whereof, being burnt, Painters make a kind of Vermillion.*

Siliquaſtre: m. *Guiuuie Pepper, Calecut, or Indian Pepper; alſo, as* Guainier.

Silique: f. *The huske, or cod of Beanes, Peaſe, &c. and particularly, the Carob, or Carob Beane cod, the fruit of the Carob tree; alſo, a poiſe, among Phiſitions, &c. comming to foure graines.*

Siller les yeux. *To ſeele, or ſow up, the eye-lids; (and thence alſo) to hoodwink, blind, keep in darkneſſe, deprive of ſight; alſo, to wink, as when one looks upon the Sunne.*

Sillon: m. *as* Seillon; *alſo, a glimpſe, or ſmall light.*

Silure: m. *The ravening ſheat fiſh, or Whall of the river.*

Simagrée: f. *A wrie mouth, or filthie face, the countenance of a Feaſter, or Clown in a Play, made to provoke laughter; alſo, a ſoure countenance, crabbed viſage, vinegar face put on; ſorrow diſſembled, affliction counterfeited; any hypocriticall ſhew, look, or behaviour.*

Simbolizer. *Look* Symbolizer.

Sime. *Look* Cime, *or* Simme.

Sime. La partie ſime du foye. *The maſſie part of the liver, that which hath no manner of hollowneſſe in it.*

Simier de boeuf. *Look* Cimier.

Similaire: com. *Similar, like, reſembling.*

Parties ſimilaires. *Parts (of the body) of one ſubſtance, and which, although divided, retaine the name of the whole.*

Similitude: f. *A ſimilitude, compariſon; likeneſſe, reſemblance.*

Simiotique. Medecine ſim. *That part of Phiſick which intreats of the ſignificant markes of what is paſt, and what is to come, as well in regard of health, as of ſickneſſe.*

Simme: f. *The top, or tuft on the top, of a tree; the cop, ridge, or height of a mountaine, &c.*

Simmetrie: f. *Simmetrie, the juſt, and mutuall proportion of every part in reſpect of the whole.*

Simmiſte: m. *A Secretary, or privy Counſellour.*

Simoniaque: com. *A Simoniſt; one that ſelleth, or buyeth Church preferments, &c.*

Simonie: f. *Simony; the buying, or ſelling of ſpirituall functions, or preferments.*

Simple. *A ſimple in Phiſick, a Phiſicall drug; alſo, a ſingle in dancing.*

Simple: com. *Simple; ſingle, pure, meere, unmixt, uncompounded, of one ſort, of it ſelfe; alſo, plaine, round, blunt, ſincere, unfeigned; harmleſſe, innocent, without welt or gard; ſhallow, unskilfull, ignorant, fooliſh; alſo, rude, homely, mean, baſe.*

Simple donation. *An abſolute gift; a thing that's given without any reſpect other then of the donets good.*

Simple gagerie. *A bare diſtraining, without carrying away of the diſtreſſe.*

Simple heritier. *An heire by diſcent, not by legacy or teſtament.*

Simples plaids, ou querelles. *Sleight ſutes, or controverſie.* \A la difference des demandes, & procez d'importance, & criminels.

Simple vendition. \A la difference de celle qui eſt faicte ſous faculté de rachapt; ou de celle qui eſt faicte ſans eſchange.

Benefice à ſimple tonſure. *The place of a Prebend, or Cannon; a Benefice without the charge of ſoules.*

Default ſimple, ou pur. *An abſolute, or meere default;* S'obtient par le demandeur contre le defendeur, & par l'appellant contre l'intimé.

Amende ſimple. *The ordinary, or accuſtomed amerciament of 5 ſolz, or 7 ſolz 6 deniers.*

Hommage ſimple. *Look* Hommage.

Simplement. *Simply, ſingly, purely, meerly, without mixture; plainly, roundly, bluntly, unfeignedly; harmleſly, innocently; ſhallowly, unskilfully; rudely, meanly, baſely.*

Simpler. *To couſen, cunny, gull, deceive, beguile.*

Simpleſſe: f. *Look* Simplicité.

Simplette: f. *A little, ſimple, or homely wench; one that is apt to believe, and thereby ſoone deceived.*

† Simpliciſte. *as* Simpliſte.

Simplicité: f. *Simplicity, ſingleneſſe, ſlightneſſe; plainneſſe, bluntneſſe, rudeneſſe, homelineſſe, harmleſneſſe; folly, ſhallowneſſe, unskilfulneſſe, ignorance.*

Simpliſte: m. *A Simpliſt, or Herbaliſt; one that underſtands, or profeſſes to underſtand, the nature of ſimples, of plants, of drugs.*

† Simploce: f. *The ending, and beginning of two (next adjoyning) verſes with one word.*

Simulacre: m. *The image, picture, or counterfeit of a man or woman; the figure, ſemblance, reſemblance, likeneſſe, forme, or proportion of any thing repreſented.*

Simulateur: m. *A diſſembler, cogger, gloſer, flatterer, hypocrite, feigner, or counterfeiter of that which he is not, or meanes not.*

Simulation: f. *Simulation, diſſembling, cogging, gloſing, flatterie, hypocriſie; a colour, or pretence; a feigning, or counterfeiting, of what one is, or means, not.*

Simulté: f. *A grudge, inward conceit againſt, privy hatred or diſpleaſure, gilt over with a countenance or ſhew to the contrary.*

Sinalles. *Look* Senelles.

Sinapiſer. *To revive a mortified place, and draw freſh humours and colour unto it, by a plaſter of muſtard ſeed, &c. Hence alſo, to raiſe bliſters, or bring ſmart, by ſuch plaſters; and, to beſprinkle, dredge, or ſtrew over with ſharp and ſmarting powder.*

Since: f. *A diſh-clowt, ſhooe-clowt, clowt to wipe down tables, or to rub the houſe.*

† Sincer. *To wipe, to rub, to make cleane with a clowt.*

Sincere, & Sincerité. *Look* Syncere, & Syncerité.

† Sincopé: m. ée: f. *Cut off.*

† Sincoper. *To cut off.*

Sinelles. *Look* Senelles.

Sineulle: f. *The handle whereby ſome kind of wheeles, or wheele-like Engines, are turned.*

Sing: m. *A ſigne, mark, note, character; a ſuperſcription, ſtamp, or ſign manuall; alſo, a ſpot (of what colour ſoever) on the face, or other part of a new-born infant; alſo, a bell, or the ſound of a bell, whence,*

Tocſing; *an Allarum-bell; and;*

Tu n'en as pas fait les ſings ſonner. *Thou haſt not cried it at the croſſe, nor made all the world ring of it; thou didſt not greatly publiſh, or brag of, it.*

Singe: m. *An Ape; alſo, an imitator, emulator, counterfeiter; alſo, a windleſſe, or draw-beam.*

Singe de mer. *A kind of rough-skinned Ray, whoſe long, and flat taile ſomewhat reſembles a ſword.*

Monnoye de ſinge. *Mopping, mumping, mowing; alſo, ſtrikes, gambols, tumbling tricks.*

Oeuvre de ſinge. *An idle, fooliſh, lewd, or impure act.*

Patenoſtre du ſinge. *A didddering, or chattering with the teeth.*

Vin de ſinge. *Look* Vin.

Branſlant les levres comme font les ſinges de ſeiour. *wagging their lips like Apes that have little to doe.*

Contournant la teſte comme vn ſinge qui avalle pilules. *Wrying his head like an Ape that ſwalloweth pils.*

Remuant les babines comme vn ſinge qui cerche poux en teſte. *Stirring his chaps like an Ape that looketh a head for lice.*

Tout paſſe par ſes tripes comme par le cul du ſinge. *Look under* Paſſer.

Aujourd'huy Seigneur, demain ſingeord; Prov. *To day a goodly Lord, to morrow an ougly lozell.*

Oncques vieil ſinge ne fit belle mouë; Prov. *Old age cannot be gracious, comely, lovely.*

Singeot: m. *A little Ape.*

Singeotte: f. *An ill-ſavoured, or Monkie-faced wench, a Madame ougly, ſoule ſlut, look-like-an-Ape.*

Singeries: f. *Apiſh tricks, idle toyes; or, as* Monnoye de ſinge.

Singeſſe: f. *A ſhe Ape.*

Singeur: m. *An Apiſh mome, or a keeper of Apes.*

Singlage: m. *A ſayling in, a cutting or dividing of, the ſea; alſo, a Mariners hire, wages, or intertainment, or, the earneſt, or preſſe-money, given him when he is intertained.*

Singlant: m. ante: f. *Sayling, dividing, or cutting the ſea; alſo, whiſking, laſhing, jerking; whence;*

Verge ſinglante. *A ſcutcher, ſwitch, or ſwitcher.*

Voix ſinglante. *A ſhrill voice.*

Singlé: m. ée: f. *Sayled on, cut or divided, as water by a boat; alſo, whiſked, ſcutched, laſhed, jerked, ſwitched, ſcourged.*

Singlée: f. *as* Singlement.

Singlement: m. *A ſayling, or cutting of the ſea by ſayling; alſo, a whiſking, laſhing, jerking, ſcutching.*

Singler. *To ſayle, to cut the water, with a full wind; alſo, to whiſk, or whizze, like the wind among ſayles; and to ſwitch, laſh, whip, jerk, ſcutch, or ſcourge with a rod.*

Singler en haute mer. *Look* Mer.

Singlet: m. *A ſcutch, laſh, whiske, yerke or jerk with a rod, &c.*

Singleure. *Look* Singlement.

Singularité: f. *Singularity, excellency, peerleſneſſe; peculiarneſſe.*

Singulier: m. ere: f. *Singular, excellent, exquiſite, peerleſſe, paſſing others; alſo, ſingle, one, odde, peculiar, eſpeciall, alone.*

Singulier en ſes opinions. *Obſtinate, wilfull, opinionative.*

Singulierement. *Singularly, excellently, exquiſitely, chiefly, onely, peculiarly, eſpecially, above other things.*

Sinipion. *A kind of diſeaſe peculiar to children.*

Siniſſome. *Bleſſed Thiſtle,* Carduus benedictus.

Siniſtre: com. *Siniſter, unlucky.*

Siniſtrement. *Siniſterouſly, unluckily; alſo, in evill part.*

Sinon. *Saving, except, but onely, unleſſe.*

Sinople: m. *Sinople, green colour (in Blazon.)*

Sintegne. *A kind of bloudy flix.*

Sintereſe: f. *The prick, or ſting of conſcience; or as* Syndereſe.

Sintre. *Look* Cintre.

Sinueux: m. ëuſe: f. *Boſomy, intricate, crooked, full of hollow turnings, windings, or crinkle crankles.*

Sinuoſité: f. *A hollow turning, or winding; a boſomie crooking, or in-bending; an indenting; an intricateneſſe.*

Sion: m. *A ſcion, or ſhoot, &c. as* Scion.

Sions. *The boiſterous incounters of two ſtrong winds, either ſidelong, or acroſſe.*

Siphach. *Th'inner rind of the belly, wherewith all the intralls are covered.* ¶ Rab.

Siphon. *The cock, or pipe of a Conduit; the tap, or faucet of a hogſhead; alſo, a funnell, or tunnell; alſo, a quill, or pipe to ſuck wine with.* ¶ Rab.

Sire. *Sir, or Maſter; a title of honour which, without addition, is given onely to the King; but with addition, unto Merchants, or Tradeſmen; (whence,* Sire Pierre, Sire Simon, &c.*) and unto Knights, (whence,* Sire Chevalier; *) and unto ſome few owners of* Fiefs, *or Seigniories, (whence,* le Sire de Ponts en Guyenne; *) to whom it was much more commonly given in old time, (whence,* le Sire du païs, *often uſed to ſignifie the Lord of the countrey;) And as it appears by ancient French Hiſtories, and Books, all Lords, whether of Territory, or Juriſdiction, were ſtiled* Sires.

Siringue: f. *A ſquirt, or ſiringe.*

Siringué: m. ée: f. *Squirted, injected.*

Siringuer. *To ſquirt, or inject with a ſiringe.*

Sirocco, & Siroch. *A South-eaſt wind.*

Sironne: f. *A kind of fomentation.*

Siſalle, grive ſiſalle. *A Fieldfare; or a kind of great, and Dove-coloured Thruſh, which uſually makes her neaſt in walls.*

Siſame. *Look* Seſame.

Siſerre: f. *The Throſtle, or Mavis.* ¶ Llonnois.

Siſtolique: com. *without intermiſſion, in motion.* ¶ Rab.

Siſtre: m. *A kind of braſen Timbrell.*

Siſtre. *The herb Spignell, or Spicknell, Mew, Baldimony, and Bearwort.*

Sit: m. *A ſite, or ſeat.*

Sitibond: m. onde: f. *Extremely athirſt.*

Siticines: m. *That ſounded Trumpets, or ſung unto Pipes, at Funeralls.* ¶ Rab.

Situation: f. *A ſituation; the ſeat, ſite, or ſtanding of a place.*

Situé: m. ée: f. *Situate, or ſituated, ſeated, ſited, ſtanding, placed.*

Situer. *To ſituate, ſite, ſeat, place.*

Sivé: m. *A broth, or ſauce made of the intralls of a bog; alſo, broth, or ſauce for the forepart of a fried Hare, made of wine, vinegar, verjuice, herbs, and ſpices, and ſerved with toſts, or ſops; alſo, ſeam, or ſwines greaſe.*

Du ſivé d'huiſtres. *Oyſter broth, or broth made of boyled Oyſters.*

Sive: f. *A Chiboll, bollow Leek, Scallion.*

Sivele: f. *A buckle.* ¶ Langued.

Siveue: f. *Civet; alſo, a Civet Cat; alſo, a Chive, or ſmall Chiboll.*

Siviere. *Look* Civiere.

Sivot: m. *A Scallion, a bollow or unſet Leek.*

Six. *Six, halfe a dozen.*

Sixain: m. *A ſixt, a ſixt part, the proportion of ſix; Hence, a Poeme, or ſtanzo of ſix verſes; and, the halfe of a* Sol, *a coyne worth ſix* Deniers, *or ſomewhat more then our halfepenny.*

Sixener. *To yield ſix for one; alſo, to come forth by halfe-dozens, or by ſix and ſix together.*

Sixieſme: m. *A ſixt, or ſixt part; a proportion of ſix.*

Droict de ſixieſme. *An yearly rent of ſix pence due by every affranchiſed inhabitreſſe of* Henault *unto the Earle thereof, in acknowledgement of her former thraldome, and as a gratuity for her new-gotten freedome.*

Sixieſme: com. *The ſixt, or ſixth.*

Droict du ſixieſme denier. *The ſixt penny, or part of the price of a lend land, due (in ſome places) unto the Lord of whom it is held.*

Sixte: m. *A ſixt, a proportion of ſix, in Muſick.*

Sizement: m. *A ſitting, ſetling, ſeating.*

Skelete. *Look* Scelete.

Smirge: m. *Lovage, or Parſley of* Macedonia.

Sobre: com. *Sober, temperate, continent, ſtayed or ſetled in humour, well adviſed.*

Sobrement. *Soberly, temperately, continently, ſtayedly; adviſedly.*

Sobreſſaut: m. *A Sobreſſault, or Sumerſault; an active, or nimble trick in tumbling, &c.*

Sobreſſe: f. *as* Sobrieté; *alſo, activity, or nimbleneſſe.*

Sobrieté: f. *Sobriety, temperance, continency, ſtayednеſſe, adviſedneſſe.*

Sobriqué: m. ée: f. *Pranked, or perfumed.*

Sobriquet: m. *A ſurname; alſo, a nickname, or by-word; and, a quip or cut given, a mock or ſlowt beſtowed, a jeaſt broken on a man.*

Soc d'une charruë. *The culter, or ſhare of a plough; alſo, the plough it ſelfe; whence;*

Le poupre au ſec mort d'egal poids balance; Prov. *Death equalls plough-drivers with purple-wearers.*

Sociable: com. *Sociable, companable, familiar, courteous, gentle, friendly.*

Societé: f. *Society, fellowſhip, conſort, company.*

Socque: f. *A ſock or ſole of durt, or earth, cleaving to the bottome of the foot in a cloggy way, or in a moiſt and clayie ſoyle.*

Sodalité: f. *Sodality, fellowſhip, ſociety, brotherly company.*

Sodomie: f. *Sodomie, buggery.*

Sodomite: m. *A Sodomite, Ingler, Buggerer.*

Soëf: m. ſoëfve: f. *Sweet, plauſible, delicious, delicate, ſoot; gentle, courteous, mild; ſoft, ſmooth.*

Soëf. *(Adverbially, and in ſtead of* Soëfvement; *) whence;* Le boeuf las marche ſoëf; Prov. *The weary Oxe treads gently or gingerly; goes ſaire and ſoftly.*

Soëfflairant, & Soëffleurant: m. ante: f. *Moſt fragrant, delicately ſmelling.*

Soëfvement. *Sweetly, deliciouſly, ſmoothly, gently.*

Soëfveté:

Soëfveté : f. *Sweetneſſe, pleaſantneſſe, deliciouſneſſe, plauſibleneſſe ; gentleneſſe, mildneſſe, ſmoothneſſe.*

Soeil du ſanglier. *Look* Sueil.

Soeur : f. *A ſiſter.*

Le frere veut bien que ſa ſoeur ait, mais que rien du ſien n'y ait ; Prov. *The brother would have his ſiſter thrive by any meanes but by his.*

Soeurette : f. *A little ſiſter.*

Soeurorge. *Look* Sororge.

Soſiſtication : f. *A ſophiſtication, or ſophiſticating ; an adulterating, or falſifying.*

Soſiſtiquer. *To ſophiſticate, falſifie, adulterate.*

Sogrenu : m. uë : f. *Look* Saugreau.

Sogrenuë : f. *A jeaſt.*

Soiage : m. *The reeping of corn, &c.*

Soïe de porc. *The briſtles, or ſtiffe haire, of a hog.*

Soïer. *To reap, or cut down corn.*

Soïeur : m. *A reaper.*

Soif : f. *Thirſt ; a drouth, or drought ; a deſire to drink.*

Endurer la ſoif aupres d'une fontaine. *To ſuffer want in the middeſt of abundance.*

Il n'a pas ſoif qui de l'eau ne boit ; Prov. *Hee's not athirſt that water drinks not.*

On a beau mener le boeuf à l'eau s'il n'a ſoif ; Prov. *Look* Boeuf.

Qui mieux aime autruy que ſoy au moulin il meurt de ſoif ; Prov. *He that loves others better then himſelfe dies athirſt on a Mill-damme.*

Soigner. *To tare, heed, regard, attend, ſee to, provide for, take paines in, be diligent about.*

Soigneuſement. *Carefully, heedfully, diligently, painfully, ſeriouſly, laborioufly, ſtudiouſly.*

Soigneux : m. euſe : f. *Carefull, heedfull, regardfull, circumſpect, attentive, warie, ſolicitous, diligent, vigilant, ſtudious, induſtrious, laborious, painfull, earneſt.*

Soil de ſanglier. *Look* Sueil.

Soilure : f. *A galling, or breaking of the ſkinne by frequent uſe, or overmuch rubbing ; ſome call it a chafe-gall.*

Soimeſme. *Himſelfe.*

Soing : m. *Care, ſtudie, diligence, vigilancie, warineſſe, heed, regard, attention, circumſpection, induſtrie, labour, paines.*

Soir : m. *The evening.*

Nul ſoir ſans iour ; Prov. *No dawning without a day.*

Les paroles du ſoir ne reſemblent pas à celles du matin ; Prov. *Ere night our morning ſtile is changed ; or, few make at night their mornings promiſe good.*

Le rouge, & blanc matin, &c. *Look* Matin.

Tel rit au matin qui au ſoir pleure ; Prov. *Some laugh amornings who ere night ſhed teares.*

Soiré. *Look* Soireux.

Soirée : f. *The evening, or evening-tide.*

Soireux : m. euſe : f. *Of, or in, the evening ; late adayes, towards night.*

Soitier : m. *A Silkman.*

Soitier : m. ere : f. *Or* Setier ; *alſo, of, or full of, ſilke.*

Soiture : f. *A reaping of corn.*

Soixante. *Sixtie, threeſcore.*

Sol : m. *The ſoile, ground, land, foundation, or bottome of a place ; the floore, or loweſt ſtory of a houſe ; alſo, the Sunne ; whence,* vn Eſcu sol ; *A Crowne of the Sunne ; the French Crown whereon a little Sun, or Star, is figured.*

Sol : m. *A Sous, or the French ſhilling ; whereof ten make one of ours ; (But this is to be underſtood of the* Sol Tournois, *the moſt generall, and beſt-knowne* sol *in* France ; *and ever underſtood when the word* sol *is uſed without addition.)*

Sol Barrois. *Is a ſixt part in twenty leſſe then the* Tournois, *whereof fourteen are worth twenty of theſe.*

Sol Bourdelois. *Is worth halfe as much as the* Sol Pariſien.

Sols forts. *Look* Forte monnoye, *under* Fort.

Sol de guerre. *A Lorrayne coyn of ſmall value.*

Sol neret. *Look* Neret.

Sol Manſais. *Is worth two* ſols Tournois.

Sol Pariſien, ou de Paris. *The Pariſien* ſol ; *is as much as the* Tournois, *and a quarter ; for twentie of them amount unto twenty five of the other.*

Sol Tournois. *The tenth part of our ſhilling, or one part in ſix better then our penny ; the moſt ordinary, and moſt known* Sol *in* France.

Il fait de ſix ſols vn teſton. *He makes a Noble of nine-pence ; (appliable to an induſtrious thriver.)*

Il fait de ſon teſton ſix ſols. (*The contrary, and meant of a riotous unthrift, of whom we ſay*) *He will quickly bring a Noble to nine-pence.*

† Solacier. ſe ſol. *To ſolace, make merry, recreate himſelfe.*

Solacieux : m. euſe : f. *Solacious, recreative, delightfull, comfortable.*

Solage : m. *as* Solaige ; *alſo, ſoyle, or good ground.*

Solaige : m. *Sunnage, or Sunnineſſe ; the elevation, aſpect, force, or power of the Sunne ; the effects of Sunne-ſhine upon a place.*

Solaire de la jambe. *The greateſt of the ſix hinder muſkles of the leg, ending in the ſole of the foot, the which it ſerves to extend.*

Solaire : com. *Sunnie, of or belonging to the Sunne.*

Herbe ſolaire. *The Marigold.*

Vent ſolaire. *An Eaſterly wind.*

Solane : m. *The herb Nightſhade ; or as* Solatre.

Solane grand. *Dwale, Deadly Nightſhade.*

Solatre : m. *Garden Nightſhade, Morrell, petty Morrell.*

Solatre dormitif. *Sleepy Nightſhade.*

Solatre dormitif commun. *Dwale, great Nightſhade, ſleeping Nightſhade.*

Solatre furieux. *Raging Nightſhade.*

Sold : m. *A* Sous. *Look* Sol.

Soldade. A la ſoldade. *Souldier-like ; bravely, valiantly, ſwaggeringly.*

Soldan. *Look* Souldan.

Soldanelle : f. *Sea Withiwind, ſea Bindweed, ſea-Coale, or ſea-Caule, ſea-Bells, ſea-Foleſoot, Scottiſh-Scurvigraſſe.*

Soldat : m. *A ſouldier ; one that followes the wars.*

Soldat de fortune. *An adventurer, or voluntary ; one that ſerves without pay, or charge.*

A jeune ſoldat vieil cheval ; Prov. *A young ſouldier would be fitted with an old horſe ; (both to temper his heat, and to help his ignorance.)*

Soldateſque : f. *Souldiery ; alſo, a troop or company of ſouldiers.*

Soldateſque : com. *Souldierly, of a ſouldier, ſouldier-like.*

Soldateſquement. *Souldierly, ſouldier-like.*

Soldatiſé : m. ée : f. *Souldierized, made a ſouldier, turned ſouldier.*

Solde. *Look* Soulde.

Sole : f. *The ſole, plant, or under part of the foot ; (and hence) alſo, the ſole of a ſtocking, or ſhooe ; alſo, the Sole-fiſh ; alſo, the piece of timber called a Girder, or Joiſt between two Summers.*

Paſque de Soles. *Palmes Sunday.*

Tant d'arpens à la ſole. *The proportion of land which is to be ſowed that yeare ; (In many parts of* France *they ſowed every year but a third part of their arrable.)*

Soleil : m. *The Sunne ; alſo, Gold ; called ſo by Alchimiſts.*

Soleil de mer. *A certain fiſh, or ſea-vermine, which reſembles a painted Sun.*

Biens au ſoleil. *Lands, grounds, leaſes, cattell, &c. any poſſeſſions which lie without doores, and are often beheld by the Sunne ; differing therein from money which be but ſeldome looks on.*

Herbe au ſoleil ; &, Herbe du ſoleil, *as under* Herbe.

Roſée du ſoleil. *The herb Sunne-dew,* Ros ſolis. *Tooth-wort, called in the North, Red rot, and Moor-graſſe.*

Gratant le cul au ſoleil. *Slothfully, lazily, liſtlerly, carelefly, playing the idle and ſlovenly lowell, clawing his breech in the Sunne.*

Ie l'envoyeray bien grater le cul au ſoleil. *I will ſend him packing, turn him out a grazing, make him go ſhake his ears abroad.*

Le ventre au ſoleil. Il y demeura le ventre au ſol. *Hee was ſlaine, or left dead, in that place.*

Il ne laiſſe dormir ſa debte ſur le ſoleil. *Hee ſuffers not the dayes debt to be unpayed at night, he loves to pay readily, loves to be ſoon out of debt.*

Soleil qui luiſarne au matin, femme qui parle Latin, & Enfant nourry de vin, ne viennent point à bonne fin ; Prov. *A glaring morn, a woman Latiniſt, and wine-fed child, make men crie had I wiſt.*

Tel eſt le gendre comme le ſoleil d'hyver : Prov. *Look* Gendre.

† Soleillant : m. ante : f. *Sunning, Sunny.*

† Soleillé : m. ée : f. *Sunned ; aired or weathered by, dried or warmed at, layed in, expoſed unto, the Sun ; alſo, warme, Sunny, ſhining or heating like the Sun.*

† Soleiller. *To Sunne ; to aire or weather in, drie or warme at, expoſe unto, lay out into, the Sunne.*

† Soleilleux : m. euſe : f. *Sunny ; open unto, or lying full in, the Sun.*

Solennel : m. elle : f. *Solemn (not altogether as we do commonly underſtand it, but) annuall, yearly, ordinary, wont, uſed,*

accuſtomed, done publikely, and at a certaine time.

Solennellement. *Solemnely; publikely; annually, ordinarily, uſually, accuſtomably.*

Solennité: f. *A ſolemnity, or ſolemne feaſt; alſo, a preſcript forme, preciſe manner, ordinary cuſtome, uſuall faſhion, kept or held.*

Solennization: f. *A Solemnization, or Celebration.*

Solennizer. *To ſolemnize, celebrate, obſerve ſolemnly, uſe reverently.*

Soler. *To ſole (a ſhooe, or ſtocking.)*

Solerets: m. *Look* Sollerets.

Solerre: m. *The Eaſt wind.*

Soles. Les ſoles. *The groundſill of a houſe.*

Soleyé: m. ée: f. *Sunned; aired in, heated by, expoſed unto, the Sun.*

Solfe: f. *A Solfa; a note in ſinging.*

Solfié: m. ée: f. *Solfaed; alſo, diſtempered.*

Solicitation: f. *A ſolicitation, or ſoliciting, a moving, or importuning unto; an inſtant purſuit, the following of a ſute.*

Solicité: m. ée: f. *Solicited, importuned, often and earneſtly moved; inſtantly purſued or followed; alſo, heedfully or carefully looked unto.*

Soliciter. *To ſolicite, move, importune, intreat inſtantly, purſue earneſtly, follow hard; alſo, to heed ſeriouſly, look very carefully unto.*

Soliciteur: m. *A Solicitor, or ſollower of a cauſe for another; alſo, the mover, importuner, or inciter of another.*

Solicitude: f. *Solicitude, care, carke, thoughtfulneſſe; heavineſſe, penſiveneſſe, ſadneſſe, perplexity or anguiſh of mind.*

Solidaire: com. *Solide, whole; in ſor, liable to, the whole.*

Solidairement. *Solidely, ſoundly, ſurely; alſo, wholly; or (as our Bond-Latine in* Solido*) for the whole.*

Solide: com. *Solide, ſound, whole, faſt, firme, full, ſtrong, tough, ſtiffe, hard, ſure, pithy, maſſive.*

Soliez: m. *A ſellar, or low garner; alſo, as* Plancher; *alſo, as* Soulier.

† Solifuge: f. *A kind of Spider, or vermine like a Spider, in the ſilver mines of* Sardinia; *termed thus, becauſe it ever flies from light.*

† Soliſeque: com. *Sun-following.*

Soliſtime. *Divination by a falling on the ground of bread given unto chickings.* ¶ Rab.

Solitaire: com. *Solitary, lonely, deavely, deſert, private, without company, all alone.*

Paſſe ſolitaire. *Look* Paſſe.

Solitude: f. *Solitude, ſolitarineſſe, lonelineſſe, privacy, want of company, deavelineſſe; alſo, a deſert, wilderneſſe, uncouth and unhabited place; alſo, a forelorne, or ſuccourleſſe eſtate.*

Solive: f. *The piece of timber called a Girder, or Joiſt (between two Summers.)*

Soliveau: m. *A little Girder, or Joiſt.*

Solle. *Look* Sole.

Sollerets: m. *Supeters; ſoot-pieces of Armour; Armor for the feet.*

Sollette: f. *A little ſole.*

La ſollette d'un eſperon. *The under leather of a ſpurre.*

Sollier: m. *A ſellar, or low garner.*

Solloüoir: m. *A ſalting, or ſowcing tub.* ¶ Rab.

Soloeciſme: m. *Soleciſme, or incongruitie.*

Soloir. *Look* Souloir.

Sols. *Look* Sol.

Solſie. *Look* Soulſie.

Solſtice: m. *The Solſtice, Sunne-ſtead, or ſtay of the Sunne; the longeſt or ſhorteſt day of the yeare; or the ſeaſon wherein the dayes be at the longeſt, or the ſhorteſt.*

Solſticial; ou, Solſtitial: m. ale: f. *Solſticiall; of, or in, the Solſtice.*

Solu: m. uë: f. *Looſe, free, careleſſe, of ſcope.*

Oraiſon ſoluë. *Proſe.*

Solvable: com. *Payable, anſwerable, ſufficient, able to pay his debts; alſo, warranted, or made good.*

Solut. *Looſe, &c. as* Solu; *whence;*

Clerc ſolut. *A lay, or ſecular Church-man; one thats not tied unto the Church, nor bound to attend a Cure; Prebend, Canon, Deacon, &c.*

Solutif: m. iue: f. *Solutive; laxative; looſing, diſſolving.*

Solution: f. *A diſcharge, or paiment; a reſolution, or anſwer; a diſſolution, releaſing, looſing.*

Solution de continuité. *The diviſion of an intire, the opening of a cloſe, thing.*

Solz. *Look* Sol.

Som: m. *Branne.*

Somare. *A body.* ¶ Rab.

† Somayer. *Look* Sommayer.

Sombre: com. *Cloſe, darke, clowdie, muddie, ſhadie, duskie, gloomie.*

Sombre. pres. *Dark blue; alſo, (of the skie) thinly darkened, or over-ſpread with clouds.*

† Sombrer. *To darken; alſo, to dig up a vineyard, (the firſt labour done to it) thereby to ſupple, and ſoften the ſoil therof.*

† Sombriere: m. *A (broad-brimd) hat.*

Somiere: m. *Look* Sommiere.

Sommade: f. *A horſe-load.* ¶ Langued.

Sommage: m. *as* Corvée; *or drudgerie, or a drudging ſervice.*

Sommaige: m. *The top of a tower, &c. (v. m.)*

Sommaire: m. *A ſummarie; breviarie, abridgement, epitome of the whole, a briefe and full collection of words, or things; the ſumme, ſubſtance, chiefe point or knot of.*

Sommaire: com. *Summarie; chief, principall, whole, full, all-comprehending; ſuccinct, compendious.*

Vn procez ſommaire. *A proceſſe wherein no formality, or formall proceeding hath been uſed.*

Sommairement. *Summarily, ſuccinctly, briefely, compendiouſly; alſo, throughly, wholly, fully.*

Proceder ſommairement. C'eſt qu'on dit en droict, de plano; aſçavoir qu'on peut traicter à l'extraordinaire, & ou le Iuge ſe trouve ſans attendre le iour de l'ordinaire: Et en cecy ne convient obſerver les exactes ſolennitez de droict, ou de pratique, ainſi apres l'adiournement libellé faict à celuy qui eſt appellé devant le Iuge, les parties doivent eſtre ouyes ſur le champ, ſans miniſtere d'Advocats; & par briefs delais leur doit eſtre prefix, & ordonné, ce qu'il convient pour parvenir au iugement definitif, ſans les appointer, par multiplicité de delais, à faire de longs plaidoïers, ou eſcritures.

† Sommarer. *To plough, or break up the earth.*

Sommation: f. *A ſumme, or, the ſumming, of money; alſo, a ſummoning, or denouncing.*

† Sommayer. *To put hoops upon hoops, or, to hoop a veſſell with the hoops called* Sommiers.

Somme: m. *Sleep, reſt.*

Somme: f. *A ſumme of money, &c. the ſumme of an accompt; alſo, an Arithmaticall product; the ſumme produced by, or comming of, a number multiplied; alſo, a (horſe) load, or burthen; alſo, the ſumme, iſſue, end, concluſion, top, height, fulneſſe, conſummation, perfection of things.*

Chevaux de ſomme. *Sumpter-horſes, or Carriers horſes.*

Somme toute. *In briefe, to conclude.*

Servir à ſac, & à ſomme. *To hold by vile, or drudging ſervices; to be bound, by his tenure, to till his Landlords ground; to Inne his corne and hay; to carry his wine and wood, &c.*

Sommé: m. ée: f. *Summed; ſummarily reckoned; alſo, ſummoned, or vouched; alſo, topped, furniſhed or covered at the top with; alſo, come, or grown, to it full height; whence;*

Les pennes d'un faulcon toutes ſommées. *Full ſummed, full growne; and,*

Teſte de cerf ſommée; C'eſt quand le cerf a tout ce qu'il doit porter.

Sommeil: m. *Sleepe; alſo, a ſlumbering.*

Sommeillant: m. ante: f. *Sleeping; ſleepie.*

Sommeillard: m. arde: f. *Sleepie, drowſie, ſluggiſh; negligent; ſloathfull, heavy-headed.*

Sommeiller. m. *A Butler.*

Sommeiller. *To ſleepe; to ſlumber.*

Sommeilleux: m. euſe: f. *Sleepie, drowſie, ſluggiſh, heavy-headed, full of ſleepineſſe, much given to ſleeping.*

Sommelerie: f. *A Butterie.*

Sommer. *To ſum, reckon, or caſt up; to bring to a head, or concluſion; to make a ſumpnary, or collection of; to fill up to the top; alſo, to ſummon, denounce; give notice of; and to avouch, call upon, challenge warranty of.*

Tant travaille, & tracaſſe l'homme, qu'en fin il ſe rompt, ou ſomme; Pro. *A man ſo long doth toile and ſwink, till under his own charge he ſink.*

Sommet: m. *The top, cop, height, or higheſt part of a thing; and hence, the ridge, or the roofe of a houſe, and, the crowne, or noddle of the head.*

Sommette: f. *A little ſumme, or ſummary.*

Sommier: m. *A Sumpter-horſe; (and generally any toyling, and load-carrying drudge, or groome;) alſo, the piece of timber called a Summer; alſo, the Sound-board of an Organ; alſo, a Truſſing-hoope; the double hoope which is next above the head-hoop of a piece of caſk; and which, being directly over the Crots, doth beare more ſtreſſe then all the reſt of the hoopes.*

Sommiers. *Be alſo, double hoopes; or hoopes put upon the hoopes of a veſſell, to ſtreng-*

ſtrengthen them, and to indure, in carriage, all ruſhes without breaking them; alſo, the Enſigne-bearers of a marching Army; termed ſo to put a difference between their toile, and the eaſe enjoyed by the Roman Enſignes, who never held their Colours but when they were, or were ſet, in a readines to fight.

Sommiſſion : f. *A ſubmiſſion, an humbling.*

Sommiſte : m. *A ſummiſt; an imitator, or under-ſtander, of* Thomas Aquinas *his ſummes*

Sommité : f. *as* Sommet; *or, a Summity, or highneſſe.*

Somnifique : com. *Sleep-cauſing.*

Morelle ſomnifique. *Deaths herb, ſleepie or deadly Nightſhade.*

Somption : f. *A taking, a receiving.*

Somptüaire : com. *Sumptuary, of or belonging to coſt, breeding or bringing in expence.*

Somptueuſement. *Sumptuouſly, coſtly, expenſively, gorgeouſly, exceſſively.*

Somptueux : m. euſe : f. *Sumptuous, coſtly, expenſive, gorgeous, magnificent, prodigall, exceſſive.*

Somptuoſité : f. *Sumptuouſneſſe, coſtlineſſe, huge expence, prodigality, ſuperfluity, exceſſiveneſſe.*

Son : m. *Bran; (and thence) alſo, the ſcurfe, or little ſcales in the head, &c. called Dandreſſe.*

Son gras. *Pollard; or bran that hath ſome ſmall quantity of meal among it.*

Son ſec. *Look* Sec.

Son : m. *A ſound; voice, noiſe, din; tune, muſick, melody.*

Son eſclatant. *A great craſh, claſh, crack, or creaking, a violent clap, a reſounding bounce or thumpe.*

C'eſt le ſon des cloches. *(Said of a thing that may with eaſe be diverſified, or altered ſeverall waies.)*

Son : m. ſa : f. *His, hers, belonging unto him or her.*

Sonde : f. *A Mariners ſounding plummet; alſo, a ſquirt, or ſyringe; and, an inſtrument whereby virginity is tried.*

Aller touſiours la ſonde en main. *To proceed adviſedly, to go warily to work.*

Sonder. *To ſound, prove, try, feel, ſearch the depth, or bottome of.*

Sondre. *The Linden tree. Look* Soudre.

Songe : m. *A dream.*

Songes ſont menſonges; Pro. *Dreames are deluſions.*

De ſot homme ſot ſonge; Pro. *A fooliſh man hath fooliſh dreames.*

Songé : m. ée : f. *Dreamed.*

Songeant. *Dreaming, or in a ſleepy viſion.*

Songeard : m. *A continuall dreamer, or a dreaming fellow.*

Songeard : m. arde : f. *Dreaming, or in a dream.*

Songe-creux : m. *One that's in his dumps, or in a brown ſtudy; alſo, a dreaming ſleepie, or heavy-headed gull.*

Songe-malice : m. *An imaginer of miſchief, a continuall plotter of villanies.*

Songer. *To dream; alſo, to ſpeak dreamingly; alſo, to plot, contrive, deviſe, invent, imagine.*

Songer creux. *To muſe exceedingly, meditate ſeriouſly, think very much upon.*

Touſiours truye ſongebran: &, Truye ne ſonge qu'ordure; Pro. *Look* Truye.

Songeur : m. *A dreamer.*

Vous me logez (ou vous me mettez bien) chez Guillot le ſongeur. *You make me ſearch all the corners of my wit; you drive me into a great dump, or a great ſtudy.*

Songner. *Look* Soigner.

Songneuſement. *Carefully, thoughtfully.*

Sonnaille : f. *A little bell, and particularly, the bell hung about the neck of a Weather, or herd-beaſt.*

Sonnaillerie : f. *A tinkling, or the tingling of a little bell.*

Sonnaillier : m. ere : f. *Carrying a bell; whence;*

Mouton ſonnaillier. *A Bell-weather.*

Sonnalier. *The ſame.*

Sonner. *To ſound, noiſe, tune, ring, reſound; to ting as a bell, ſtrike as a clock, chink or gingle as money; alſo, to call.*

Sonner les ſings; &, ſonner la tuile. *Look under* Sing, & Tuile.

Sonnerie : f. *A ſounding, tuning, ringing, reſounding; a tinging, chinking, gingling.*

Sonnet : m. *A ſonnet, or canzonet, a ſong (moſt commonly) of 14 verſes.*

Sonnette : f. *A little bell, Anthem bell, Sanc or ſacring bell; any ſmall tinging bell; as the bell about the neck of a Bell-weather, &c. whence,* Mouton à la ſonnette.

Attacher la ſonnette à l'oreille du chat. *as* Mettre la campane au chat, *under* Chat.

'A fol ne faut point de ſonnette; Pro. *A foole needs neither bell nor bable; his words, and actions quickly will diſcover him.*

Sonoreux : m. euſe : f. *Sonorous, lowd, ſhrill, roring, ringing.*

Sont. Meſſieurs de non ſont. *Imperfect, or prickleſſe men.*

Sophie : f. *Wiſdome; alſo, the herb called Laxwort, Flixwort, or Flixweed; alſo, the Dace, or Dare-fiſh.*

Sophiſme : m. *A ſophiſme, fallacy, trick of ſophiſtry; a ſophiſtication; cavill, or quiddity.*

Sophiſte : m. *A Sophiſter; a cunning, or cavilling diſputer*

Sophiſterie : f. *Sophiſtry; a cunning, or captious arguing.*

Sophiſtiqué : m. ée : f. *Sophiſticated, adulterated, falſified; alſo, cunningly handled, or cavilingly uttered.*

Sophiſtiquement : m. *A ſophiſticating, adulterating, falſifying.*

Sophiſtiquer. *To ſophiſticate, falſifie, counterfeit, adulterate, corrupt; alſo, to play the Sophiſter, diſpute ſubtilly, argue cunningly; to deceive.*

Sophiſtiquerie : f. *Sophiſtry, argute cavilling, ſubtile cunning; alſo, a ſophiſticating, adulterating, counterfeiting.*

† Soporal : m. ale : f. *Sleepie, or in ſleep.*

† Soporifere : com. *Soporiferous, ſleep-procuring.*

† Soprefin : m. *Superfine, uſed of gold, or ſilver.*

† Sor. la pipée du ſor. *The ſeaſon wherein the weather growes cold.*

Sor. Faulcon ſor. *A ſoare Hawke.*

Harenc ſor. *A red Herring.*

† Sorbition : f. *A ſupping; alſo, broth, ſale, pottage.*

Sorceler. *To charme, inchaunt, foreſpeak, bewitch.*

Sorcelerie : f. *Sorcery, charming, inchaunting.*

Sorcellage : m. *The ſame.*

Sorcier : m. *A Sorcerer, Charmer, Inchaunter, Wizard.*

Sorciere : f. *A Sorcereſſe, Inchauntreſſe, Charmereſſe, Hag, Witch.*

Sordide : com. *Sordide; ſoule, filthy, corrupt, ſtinking, naſty, ſluttiſh; vile, naughty, baſe; alſo, pinching, miſerable, niching, nigardly, cloſe-handed, full of, or given to, paultry dodging.*

Sordidement. *Filthily, naſtily, naughtily, baſely, miſerably, for (deer) lucres ſake.*

Soré : m. ée : f. *Reeked, made red or ſorrell, as a Herring by the ſmoak.*

Sorel : m. *The herb Sorrel, or Sowre-docke.*

Sorel du bois. *Stubwort, ſowre Trefoile, Cucko meat, Allelvia, wood Sorrel, wood Sowre.*

Sorer. *To reek; to dry, or make red (as Herrings) in the ſmoak.*

Sori. *Look* Souris.

Soriciere : f. *A Mouſetrap.*

Sotingue : f. *Eele ſauce made of fried Onions, and toaſted bread ſteeped in Peaſe-broth, then ſtrained with wine, vinegar, Cinamon, Ginger, and other ſpices, all put into a pot with the Eles cut into peeces, and (after a little ſeaſoning with Saffron, and ſalt) ſtrongly boiled.*

Soriſer. *To Mouſe, or hunt Mice like a Cat; alſo, as* Sorer.

Soriſeau : m. *A little Mouſe.*

Soriſſiere : f. *A Mouſetrap.*

† Sorne : f. *The evening.*

Sorner. *To jeaſt, board, ſtrump, gull, ſell bargaines, ſpeak merrily, talk idly.*

Sornette : f. *A jeaſt, bourd, merry word, ſportfull conceit, pleaſant ſpeech; a tale, fib, foiſt, mockery, gullery.*

Sornetteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of jeaſts, or pleaſant conceits; that loves, or uſes to tell merry tales.*

† Sororge : m. *A brother in law, the husband of a ſiſter.*

† Sororité : f. *Siſterhood.*

Sorrat : m. *A great, ſhort-ſnowted, ſharp-toothed, and moſt ravenous Hound-fiſh.*

Sort : m. *A lot, or lottery, alſo, fate, luck, hazard, fortune, chance, caſualty; alſo, a charm, incantation, or ſpell; alſo, the ſtock, or principall of money in banke, or at uſe.*

Sortable : com. *Sortable, even, fit or befitting, ſuitable, equall, proportionable.*

Sortablement. *Sortably, fitly, befitting, ſuitably, proportionably.*

Sorte : f. *Sort, manner, form, faſhion, kind, quality, condition, calling.*

De ſorte que. *So that.*

Chacun demande ſa ſorte; Pro. *Each to his kind, as words to wind.*

Sorti : m. ie : f. *Iſſued, gone or burſt out; alſo, delivered or brought out of; alſo, furniſhed, or fitted with.*

Sorti de fil, & d'aiguille. *Fully provided of all neceſſaries.*

Sorti de mauvaiſe fenme. *Vnhappily matched, peſtered or troubled with an evill wife.*

Sortie : f. *An iſſue, egreſſe, going forth.*

Sortilege : m. *witchcraft, or divination by lots.*

Sortir. *To iſſue ſally, come forth, go beyond, depart or go out of; alſo, to aſſort, furniſh, or fit with; alſo, to deliver, or bring, out of.*

Sortir effect. *To succeed, or take effect.*
Sortir des gonds. *To flie off the hindges; to be impatient, violent, over vehement, break into outrage or extreme tearms, forget his duty or himselfe.*
Sortir hors de propos. *To digresse, wander, extravagate &c. fall from the matter, go from the purpose.*
Il ne peut sortir du sac que ce qu'il y a dedans; Prov. *You can have no more of him then there is in him.*
Sosmes: m. *Vassals, tenants.* ¶ Bearnois.
Sot: m. *A sot, asse, dunce, dullard, blockhead, loggerhead, growtnoll, jobernoll, growthead, joulthead; also, a foole, or vice in a play; and, any fond, vaine, or trifling fellow.*
Va ailleurs chercher ton sot. *Looke for some other to laugh at, I am not the gull you look for.*
Le fol est sot quant & quant, mais tout sot n'est pas fol; Prov. *The foole is sure enough a sot, but every sot's no foole.*
Quand les febves sont flories, les sots commencent leurs folies; Prov. *In Cuckoe-time when Beanes doe flower, the crack-brain'd fooles build up their bower.*
Sot: m. sotte: f. *Sottish, dull, dunsticall; grosse, absurd, improper; foolish, fond, vaine, frivolous; wanton, lasciuious.*
De sot homme on n'en peut faire vn bon conte; Prov. *An asse does nothing worth the speaking of.*
De sot homme sot songe; Prov. *The dreames of sots are but meere fopperies.*
Femme sotte se cognoist à la cotte; Prov. *The robes that women doe weare, their private fooleries bewray.*
Sotart: m. *A rodey pate, wittall, cockscombe, woodcock, dotterell, ninnihammer; or as* Sottart.
Sotbriquet. *Look* Sobriquet.
Sotiner. *To play the sot.*
Sotise: f. *Sottishnesse, dotage, dulnesse, blockishnesse, absurdity, folly, foppishnesse.*
Sottart: m. *A dunce, foole sot, great asse, blockish lubbe, foolish lob.*
Sotteler: m. *A little sot.*
Sottement. *Sottishly, blockishly, grossly, absurdly; frivolously.*
Sotterie, & Sottie. *Look* Sotise.
Sottiner, & Sottise. *Look* Sotiner, & Sotise.
Sou: m. *Hogs feet in pickle, or sauce; also, the Sous, or French shilling.* *Look* Sol.
† Soüater. *To partake with, or be a partner in; also, to joyne with, or together after the manner of country peasants, who bring every one a horse or two for the making of a team, which no one of himselfe can furnish.*
† Soüaton: m. *A partner, or partaker with; also, one that joynes, or contributes, with his neighbours, to the making up of a thing for their common use; as in* Soüater.
† Soüatter. *Look* Soüater.
Soubarbe: f. *The part that's between the chin and the throat; also, as* Soustbarbe; *and as* Soubride.
Endurer vne soubarbe. *To indure an affront, pocket up an injury, swallow down a wrong.* (v.m.)
Soubassement de colonne. *The base, or foot of a pillar.*
Soubassement de lict. *The bases of a bed; that which hangs downe to the ground at the sides, and feet of some stately beds.*
† Soubastement: m. *A foundation, or ground-work; a low building within the ground for the support of roomes above-ground.*
Soubattuë: f. *A surbate; or surbating.*
Soubatture: f. *A surbating; or, surbate.*
† Soubchanter. *To sing under, or after, another; to hold the base or ground unto; to follow, in a song of three, or four parts in one.*
Soubchantre: m. *An under-chanter; an Officer in a Cathedrall Church inferiour to the head Chaunter.*
Gardez le soubchantre. *Said when a man stoops so low, or straines so hard, that he is in danger to let a fart;) ware tracks hoe.*
Soubcontrolleur: m. *An under controller.*
Soubeurateur: m. *An under Gardian; one that hath the tuition, or charge of a thing under another.*
Soubdain. *Look* Soudain.
Soubdainement, & Soubdainetè. *Looke* Soudainement, &c.
Soubdespensier. *An under Cater, or an under Clerk of a kitchin.*
Soubdiacre: m. *A Subdeacon.*
† Soubelin. vn chat soubelin. *A great or mighty Cat.*
† Soubeliné: m. ée: f. *High, lofty, hauty; or extolled, lifted up, set on high.*
Sougardien: m. *An under Warden, under Keeper, under Gardian.*
Soubhaster. *Look* Souhaster.
† Soubhastation: f. *Open sale or port-sale, sale of things forfeited, &c. by an outrope, or outcrie.*
† Soubhaster. *To make open sale, or port-sale of, to sell at an outrope, or outcrie, things forfeited, &c.*
Soubiect: m. *A subject.* *Look* Subject.
Soubiect: m. ée: f. *Subject.* *Look* Subject.
Soubiection: f. *Subjection.* *Look* Subjection.
Soublevé: m. ée: f. *Lift, raised, boven or held, up; eased, lightned, helped, supported; peised, or weighed with the hand.*
Soublevement: m. *A lifting, heaving, raising, a holding up; an helping, easing, lightning; also, a peising, or weighing with the hand; also, a commotion, insurrection, uprising.*
Soublever. *To lift, raise, heave, or hold up; also, to helpe, aid, ease, lighten, or lessen the burthen of; also, to peise, or weigh with the hand.*
† Soublin. *as* Soubelin; *whence* Maistre Soubelin *Sable.*
Soub-maistre: m. *An under Master, an Usher in a Schoole.*
Soubmerger. *To drown, overwhelm, sinke, soudge, plunge.*
Soubmettre. *To submit, lay under, put below; underset, underprop, debase, humble, subdue.*
Se soubmettre à. *To vaile bonnet, strike sayle, crooch, give place or obedience, apply himselfe, unto; to come under the ley, jurisdiction, or power, of.*
Soubministration: f. *A subministration, an under service.*
Soubministre: m. *An under minister, under servant, underling in office.*
Soubministrer. *To subminister unto, to minister or serve under another.*
Soubmis: m. ise: f. *Submitted, humbled, abased, under; intralled, subjected, or yielded, unto.*
Soubmission: f. *A submission; humiliation, or humbling; a putting, or setting under.*
Soubors. *Look* Sabors.
Soubpenduë: f. *Look* Souspenduë.
Soubpeser. *To peise, weigh, ponder diligently.*
Soubrecoup: m. *A downe-right blow.* (v.m.)
Soubresault: m. *A Sobresault, or Summer sault; a Gamboll, or frisk; an active or nimble trick in tumbling, &c.*
Soubresaulteux: m. *A Tumbler; or one that fetcheth many an odd, or nimble fisk.*
Soubride: f. *A check, twitch, jerk, or jobb given to a horse with his bridle; also, as* Soubarbe.
Soubriquet. *Look* Sobriquet.
Soubrire. *To smile.*
Soubris: m. *A smile, or smiling.*
Soubs. *Under, &c. Look* Sous.
Soubs-acazement, & Soubs-acazer. *Look* Soubz-acazement, &c.
Soubs-agé: m. ée: f. *Under age, not yet of years.*
Soubs-aide: m. *An under Aid; the Aid which tenants pay unto their mesne Lord, towards that which is due both by him, and them unto the Lord Paramount.*
Soubsarrenter. *To let out at an under rent, to let out at a low yearly rate.*
Soubscelerier: m. *An under Butler, or a Yeoman of the Seller.*
Soubscription: f. *A subscription, or subscribing.*
Soubscrire. *To subscribe.*
Soubs-fiefver. C'est bailler en arriere-fief partie de son fief. ¶ Ragueau.
Soubsigner. *To subsigne, subscribe, set his hand, mark, or signe manuell under.*
Soubslevement: m. *Look* Soublevement.
Soubs-majeur: m. *(Is in some townes) a Magistrate of authority, or dignity, next unto the Maior.*
Soubs-maistre: m. *An under Master; or, an Usher in a Schoole.*
Soubs-manant: m. *A tenant, vassall, or subject unto a Lord; (an old Picard word.)*
Soubson, & Soubsonner. *Look* Soulpeçon, & Soulpeçonner.
Soubspoictrine: f. *The flank-piece, or bottome of the bricke of an Oxe, &c.*
Soubstenable, & Soubstenance. *Look* Soustenable, & Soustenance.
Soubstenant: m. *An under tenant; a tenant unto a tenant, or to a mesne Lord; also, as* Soustenant.
Soubstenement. *Look* Soustenement.
Soubstenir, & Soubtenir. *Look* Soustenir.
Soubterrain: m. aine: f. *Which is under the ground, or within the earth.*
Soubterrier. *Look* Souterrier.
Soubtraire: *To withdraw; remove, put out, filch closely, convey away privily; also, to seduce, peruert, allure, intice, lead away.*
Soubtrayant: m. ante: f. *Subtracting, withdrawing; nimming, purloyning, closely*

closely filching; subducing, alluring, inticing away.

Soubz. Beneath; under. Look Sous.

Soubzacarement: m. A dead Fie, rent seck, misse, or under rent. (v.m.)

Soubzacazer. To raise a new rent seeke, new services, or a new Cens upon the letting, or alienating of land already so rented, or liable to services, or some Cens. (v.m.)

Soubzacazeur: m. One that raises, &c. as in Soubzacazer.

Soucens, & Soucensier. Looke Surcens, & Surcensier.

Souche: f. The stock, trunk, or body of a tree; a log; also, the main stock, or direct line of a pedegree, progenie, or familie; also, as Souchet; or the root of the wild, or English Galingale.

Souche commune. The descent of many brothers or cousins, from one father, mother, grandfather, or grandmother.

Tant que cige tait souche, elle ne branche iamais. Look Tige.

Souchet: m. Ciperous, or Galingale; a Bullrush whose root smels very sweetly; also, as Souchon; also, a kind of Imposition.

Souchet de bois. Set-foyle, Tormentill; an herb.

Souchet d'Inde. Indian Galingale; whose root resembles Ginger, and which in shops is termed Curcuma.

Souchet Romain. Sweet Ciperous.

Soucherre: f. A little stocke, trunke, or log.

Soucheux: m. euse: f. Full of stocks, logs, or stumps.

Souchon: m. The stump of a tree, &c.

Souci: m. Care, carke, thought; regard, heed; perplexitie, anxietie, or trouble of mind; also, a Marigold; (for which looke Soulsi.)

Enfans sans soucy. Careless children, wretchlesse fellowes, dissolute companions; those that care not how much they wrong themselves, and abuse others; also, a certain rebellius generation of Iuglers, or Tumblers.

Soucicle. as Soucie.

Soucie: f. A little yellowish bird, hardly as big as a Wren, and called, by some, a Ninmunder. (Look Soulsie.)

Soucier. To infect with carke, to afflict with cares, mbnce;

Ce temps soucie le monde. This unseasonable weather doth trouble the world; viz. doth vexe, and hinder the most that would be abroad.

Se soucier. To care, heed, regard, reken or make account of; provide or take thought for, be diligent, curious or carefull about; mind, perplex, trouble, or displease himselfe mistrall.

Ceux qui ne se soucient que depuis le nez en mamt. Men that care only for the present, men that provide but from hand to mouth.

Soucieux: m. euse: f. Carefull, troubleful, solicitous, much perplexed.

Soucille: f. The under lid of the eye.

Soucy: m. The Marigold.

Soudain: m. aine: f. Suddain, unaware, unpremeditate, unlookt for; quick, swift, hasty, speedy.

Soudainement. Suddenly, unawares; in a trice, in the twinkling of an eye, ere you can have said, thus; hastily, swiftly, speedily, incontinently, by and by.

Soudaineté: f. Suddennesse, hast, great speed, quicknesse, violence.

Soudan: m. (In the Ægyptian, and Moriso tongues, doth signifie) a King, Prince, or Soveraign; a Souldan.

Soudard. Look Soldat.

Soude. Look Soulde.

Souder. So soulder.

Soudespenser: m. An under Cater; or, an inferiour Clerke of a kitchin.

Soudiacre: m. A Subdeacon.

Soudic: m. An ancient title for a great Lord, or Nobleman.

Soudre. The Linden tree.

Soudre: com. Ougly, deformed, most foule, loathsome to look on.

Soudre. To loose, &c. Look Souldre.

† Souduire. To seduce.

† Souduis: m. ise: f. Seduced.

Souduisant: m. ante: f. Seducing.

Souduiseur: m. A seducer; (old words.)

Soudure: f. A souldering. Look Souldure.

Souëf. Look Soëf.

† Souëffiairant: m. ante: f. Most fragrant, sweetly smelling.

† Souëffleurer. To sweeten, perfume, bemusk, imbaume.

Souër. To bring a Boare unto the Sow; (whence, ne faittez souer la truye; Let her not have the Boare;) also, to geeld, or slay a Sow.

Souëvement. Sweetly, smoothly, mildly, pleasantly.

† Souffire. Look Suffire.

Souffle: m. Ons breath, wind, blast, or breathing; also, a small gale, puffe, gust, or flaw of wind.

Ce sont souffles. These are but idle words, fond Brags, vaine tearmes, paultry talks.

Soustenir le souffle à. To maintaine, suppose, upholde, or hold in breath.

Soufflé: m. ée: f. Breathed, blasted, blowne, puffed out; also, swadled, or wimbled on a borne, &c.

Soufflemboyau: m. A pudding-maker. (Rab.)

Soufflement: m. A blowing, strong breathing, puffing out; a winding of a borne, &c.

Souffler. To blow, breath (strongly) puffe out, send forth blasts; to foule, or wind, as a Corner, horne, &c. also, to hisse behind.

Souffle-z. (The Imperative of this Verb; used scornfully, or in derision.) Tis but a jeast, there is no such matter; or, he brags most vainly, prates most fondly; his words are but wind, his boasts little other then smoake.

Il souffle. He playes the alchymist.

Souffler au basilin. To make present paiment, ready money for.

Souffler les choux en dormant. To puffe, or blurt out puffes, in sleeping.

Souffler à l'escarbot. Look Escarbot.

Souffler une estoupe. To labour a matter while the time serveth; to assist in season, help in time.

Souffler les fourmis dans leurs fourmillieres. Look Fourmillieres.

Souffler en l'oreille de. To round, or whisper in the eare.

Soufflet: m. A paire of bellowes; also, a box, cuffe, or whirret on the eare.

Soufflet: m. ée: f. Often puffed, or blowne; also, cuft, or clapt on the eare.

Souffleter. To puffe, or blow often; also, to cuffe, box, or clap on the eare.

Souffleteur: m. A cuffer, boxer, buffeter.

Souffleteux: m. euse: f. Blowing often, or puffing violently; also, readie, or apt to puffe.

Soufleur: m. A blower, puffer, breather; also, the whale tearmed (otherwise) Gibbar.

Vn souffleur par derriere. A prompter.

Soufleux: m. euse: f. Often puffing, much blowing.

Souffrance: f. Sufferance, forbearance, patience, tolleration, enduring, abiding; also, need, poverty, scarcitie, penurie.

Souffrance du Seigneur donnée au vassal. Respit of homage, or the Lords permitting of a tenant to enjoy his estate before he have done him homage, which so the tenant is as available in ley bad formally done it.

Articles tenus en souffrance. Time given unto an Attompture (Receiver) for the producing of some acquittance (of no great moment) wanting to the perfection of his account; as also, when it is found that he hath done his endeavour (though it be not sufficient) for the bringing in of money that he due.

Souffre. Look Soulfre.

† Souffreter. To be in great need, or penurie, to pinch it.

Souffreteux: m. euse: f. Penurious, needy, poore, wretched, in a miserable case.

Souffrette: f. Need, penurie, poverty, scarcitie, want of necessary meanes.

Souffrir. To suffer, beare, tollerate, kindly endure.

Se souffrir de. To forbeare the doing of.

Qui plus vit plus a à souffrir; Prov. The longer we live the more we have to endure.

Si cruye souffrit les pouces aux enfans; Prov. Children are punisht for their parents faults.

Soufre. Look Soulfre.

Soufrage. Look Soufrer.

Souhait: m. A wish, a desire.

Qui vient à souhait. A happy finishing of bodies, a prosperous issue of expectations; a matter that fals out pat, or even as one would have it.

Si souhaits estoient vrais coustoit commander royent Rois; Prov. if wishes were horses beggers might ride.

A povre coeur povre souhait. Prov. To poore hearts poore wishes.

Vin sur laict c'est souhait delicieux; Prov. Wine upon milk is very noble I would have mine, milk rather after it pleases my taste.

Souhaitable: com. Desirable, to be wished for, to be longed or looked for.

Souhaité: m. ée: f. Wished, coveted, longed for, much desired.

Souhaiter. To wish, desire, long for, covet after.

Souil de sanglier: m. The sties of a wilde Boare; the slough or mire wherein he hath wallowed.

Souillard: m. A Scullion, or kitchen boy; also, the name of a dog, between whelp and a bitch, called Baude, the race of the Bands (white and crooked hounds) with bigge

Sou-

Souillarderie : f. *Sluttiſhneſſe, naſtineſſe, greaſineſſe ; the habit, ſtate, or exercize of a Scullion.*

Souillé : m. ée : f. *Soiled, ſturried, durtied, ſmutched, berayed, diſtained, blemiſhed, contemminated.*

Souillement : m. *A ſoyling, ſturrying, durtying, ſmutching, beraying, begrimming.*

Souiller. *To ſoyle, ſturry, durty, ſmutch, beray, begrime, defile, blemiſh, diſtaine.*

Se souiller. (*Of a ſwine*) *to take ſoile, or wallow in the mire.*

Souillon : m. *A Scullion, or drudge in a kitchin ; (and ſkence) alſo, a greaſie, filthie, naſtie, or ſlovenly fellow.*

Souillonne : f. *A drudge, or kitchin wench.*

Souillonnerie : f. *Scullionery, drudgery ; ſlovenry, naſtineſſe, greaſineſſe.*

Souillure : f. *Soyle, filth, naſtineſſe, greaſineſſe, durtineſſe, pollution, ſluttiſhneſſe.*

Souiſſe : m. *A Swiſſe, or Swiſſer.*

† Soulacier. *To ſolace ; comfort, recreate, make merry.*

Soulagé : m. ée : f. *Eaſed, lightned ; recreated, comforted.*

Soulagement : m. *An eaſement or eaſing, a lightning of toyle, a liſning of paine ; a comforting, recreating, abetting up.*

Soulager. *To eaſe, lighten, leſſen the paine or griefe of ; to recreate, ſolace, comfort, cheriſh up.*

Il la ſoulagea le bras, ou, du bras. *He led, held, or bore, her up by the arme.*

Soulas : m. *Solace, comfort, conſolation, contentment, eaſe, recreation.*

Nul ſoulas mondain ſans helas ; Prov. *No worldly comfort without croſſes, or corroſives.*

† Soulaſſer, & Soulaſſier. *Looke* Soulacier.

Soulci : m. *Care, thought, heed, ſtudy, regard ; carke, anxiety, trouble, perplexity, intention of mind ; alſo, a Marigold. Look* Soucis.

Soulcicle, & Soulcide : f. *The little yellowiſh bird called a Nimmucker.*

Soulcie : f. *The ſame, alſo, a Marigold.*

Soulcier. *Look* Soucier.

Soulcieux : m. euſe : f. *Solicitous, careful, thoughtfull, perplexed, much in doubts.*

Sould : m. *Souldiers tendings, intertainment, or pay ; (an old word.)*

Souldée. *Look* Soudée.

Souldeur : m. *A ſouldier.*

Souldre : f. *Saltwort, Glaſſwort, Crabgraſſe, Frog-graſſe, (an herb ;) alſo, pay, intertainment, or tendings for ſouldiers, almeſgrace.*

Souldre. *To ſolder, conſolidate ; cloſe, or faſten together.*

Souldrier : m. *A Souldrer.*

Souldrure : f. *A ſouldering.*

Souldoyer : m. *A Souldier ; one that fights, or ſerves for pay.*

Souldoyer. *To intertaine, pay, give wages or tendings unto, Souldiers.*

Souldre. *To looſe, unfold, expound, reſolve, cleere, or ſoile, a doubt, &c.*

Qu'ay je à faire, ne que ſouldre avec toy ? *What have I to do with thee ?*

Souldure : f. *A ſouldering ; and particularly, the knot of ſolder which faſtens the led of a glaſſe window.*

Soulet : m. ette : f. *Sole, alone, private, ſolitary, without company.* ¶ Langued.

Soulever. *Look* Soublever.

Soulfre : m. *Sulpher, Brimſtone.*

Soulfre artificiel, ou contrefaict. *Artificiall Brimſtone, or Brimſtone made with fire.*

Soulfre iaulne. *as* S. contrefaict ; *and yet ſome call ſo the naturall one, becauſe it is yellow within.*

Soulfre naturel, ou vif. *Naturall Sulpher ; aſh-coloured without, yellow ſo within, and gliſtning, or ſhining like a Gloworme.*

Soulfreux : m. euſe : f. *Sulphery, full of brimſtone.*

Soulfriere : f. *A Sulpher pit or mine ; the place wherein Brimſtone is gotten, or made.*

Soulfureux. *as* Soulfreux.

Soulier : m. *A ſhooe.*

Souliers à bec de cane. *Look under* Bec.

Soulier cambrez. *Polonian ſhooes, high and hollow heeled ſhooes.*

Souliers à clique corde. *Shooes open at the heeles.*

Souliers à pont-levis. *as* S. cambrez.

Souliers à poulaine. *Shooes open on the inſtep, and tied over the inſtep with a latchet.*

Souliers à trepointe renverſée. *Turnovers.*

Tenir pied en ſoulier. *To keep within his limits, to be continent, ſtayed, adviſed.*

Le beau ſoulier bleſſe ſouvent le pied ; Prov. *The goodly ſhooe doth often hurt the foot ; I little know you where this new ſhooe wrings me, ſaith Metellus to a friend of his.)*

Le beau ſoulier devient en fin ſavate ; Prov. *(So beauty endeth in deformity.)*

A telle forme tel ſoulier : Prov. *Like leguin like peſſe ; ſuch as the ſhooe ſuch is the foot.*

Le trou trop ouvert ſous le nez fait porter ſouliers deſchirez ; Prov. *The hole too open under the noſe, breeds tattered ſhooes, and ragged hoſe.*

Soulier : m. ere : f. *Fit for, or belonging unto, a ſhooe.*

Souloit. *(A Verb which, beſides, this Infinitive, hath onely the Imperfect tenſe of the Indicative mood, viz. Ie ſouloye, tu ſoulois, il ſouloit, &c.) to be wont, or accuſtomed ; to uſe very commonly, or very often.*

Soulphre. *Look* Soulfre.

Soulphrer. *To Leſulpher, to mingle with, or make of, Sulpher ; to perfume, or beſtrew with Brimſtone.*

Soulphriere. *Look* Soulfriere.

Soulz : m. *A Sow, or the French ſhilling. Look* Sol.

Soulſi : m. *The Marigold, Ruds.*

Soulſi aquatique, ou d'eau. *The yellow willow herb, Looſe-ſtrife, water willow.*

Soulſie : f. *as* Soulſi ; *alſo, as* Soucie.

Moineau à la ſoulſie. *Look under* Moineau.

Soulte : f. *Souldiers wage, pay, or intertainment ;* C'eſt auſſi, en matiere d'eſchanges, le retour que l'on baille pour la plus-valeur d'un heritage ; *whence,* Eſchange de terre ſans ſoulte. *Land exchanged without boot, without any payment over, without any overplus paid, without any money given in regard of inequality, or in conſideration of oddes ; land exchanged onely for land.*

Soulte mobiliaire. *A returne, or amends in moveables, or in money, made by a coheire, or copartener that hath a greater, to him that hath leſſe, part in the land then he ſhould have.*

Sou-maiſtre : m. *An Vſher in a ſchoole.*

Soumettre. *Look* Soubmettre.

Soupape : f. *The ſtopple of a Baloone ; alſo, the Supper, or Sucker of a Pumpe.*

Soupçon : f. *Suſpition, doubt, feare, jealouſie, diffidence, miſdeeming, diſtruſt.*

Soupçonnable : com. *Suſpectable.*

Soupçonner. *To ſuſpect, feare, doubt, diſtruſt, be jealous of, have little confidence in.*

Soupçonneux : m. euſe : f. *Suſpitious, diffident, doubtfull, or diſtruſtfull.*

Soupe : f. *A ſop ; a peece of bread in broth, or in brewis ; alſo, pottage, or broth (wherein there is ſtore of ſops, or ſippits ;) alſo, brewis.*

Soupe aux aulx. *Garlick broth, or brewis ; as made of Garlick ſodden in white wine with marrow, ſops of bread, a Partridge, Cloves, Ginger, a little Cinnamon, and good ſtore of Sugar.*

Soupe deſpouïveuë. *Brewis or ſops of bread ſteeped in water, ſalt, and Parſley, which have been boyled together, and the Parſley fried with butter before the boiling.*

Soupes de levrier ; & soupes de prime. *Seek* Levrier, & Prime.

Soupe vermeille. *A diſh, or ſauce made of red wine, vinegar, and Cinnamon, ſtrained together, and boiled with marrow ; and then, with ſmall pieces of Chickens, Pigeons, or Partridges, well ſugared, and ſerved in.*

Soupe en vin. *Medicke ſodden, Smalle Chaver.*

Yvre comme vne ſoupe. *As drunk as a ſop, or toſt.*

De meſme pain soupe ; &, Oh luy a fait de tel pain ſoupes. *Said when a bobler is put down with words, a liar confuted by his own allegations, a deteſter overraught, a quareller cudgelled, or a proud ſcab ſcratched.*

Il ne saucera ſon pain en ma ſoupe. *Look* Saucer.

De la main à la bouche ſe perd ſouvent la ſoupe ; Pro. *Many a bit miſcarrieth between the hand, and the lips ; we often loſe things when we almoſt enjoy them.*

Soupé. *Supped, or, having ſupped.*

Soupendre. *To hang in, or over ; to ſuſtie or heave out, to ſtand or leane beyond ; alſo, to build upon arches, pillars, iaunts, &c.*

Soupendu : f. *A penthouſe, ſuſtie, or gent of a building that ſuſtieth beyond, or leaneth over, the reſt ; alſo, a hanging, or building upon, or over, a ſuſtying, or a leaning, out of beyond. Look* Surpendu.

Soupente: f. *The ſame (in the firſt ſenſe.)*
Souper: m. *A ſupper.*
Souper de Marchand. *A large, or plentifull ſupper, eaten, or made.*
Qui garde ſon diſner il a mieux à ſouper; Prov. *Hee that keeps his dinner hath the more to his ſupper; hee that ſparts when he's young may the better ſpend when he's old.*
Qui toſt vient à ſon hoſtel mieux luy en eſt à ſon ſouper; Prov. *Hee that comes early to his Inne hath much the better ſupper.*
Souper. *To ſup.*
Ou nous avons diſné nous ſouperons. *We will end where we began, or hold on the courſe wherein we began; or keep, in this buſineſſe, the order we uſed in the other.*
Mal ſoupe qui tout diſné; Prov. *Look* Diſner.
Soupeſer. *To peiſe, weigh, ponder.*
Soupeſer vn dard. *Violently to ſhake and (thereupon) hurle, a dart.*
Soupoictrine: f. *Look* Soubspoictrine.
Soupoultreau: m. *An under-beam.*
Souppe. *as* Soupe.
Souppendre. *Look* Soupendre.
Souppenduë. *Look* Soupenduë.
Souppier: m. *A ſopper, or brawn-it-belly; one that is ever dipping his bread in the beefe-pot.*
Soupple: com. *Supple, limber, tender, pliant, nimble, flexible, eaſie to be bent.*
Soupplеſſe: f. *Suppleneſſe, pliantneſſe, flexibleneſſe, ſtiffneſſe, nimbleneſſe; and hence alſo, a feat of activity, a tumbling trick.*
† Souppous. *Look* Suppoſts.
Souquenie: f. *A canvas Jacket, frock, or Gaberdine; ſuch a one as our Porters weare.*
Source: f. *A ſource; head, originall, beginning of; a ſpring, well-head, well-ſpring; a ſeminary; race, off-ſpring.*
† Sourcé: m. ée: f. *Sourced, ſprung or begun from; alſo, originally drawn from, taken from the ſource of.*
Sourcens; &, Sourcenſier. *Look* Surcens; &, Surcenſier.
Sourcer. *To ſource, to ſpring; to begin; to iſſue, or draw it originall from.*
Sourchelons: m. *The Froune; a Hawkes diſeaſe.*
Sourcicle. *The Nimmunder; a yellowiſh, and very ſmall bird.*
Sourcier: m. *A Sorcerer.*
Sourcil: m. *An eye-brow; alſo, the ridge of haire growing thereon; alſo, a frowning, ſurlie, or ſoure countenance.*
Sourcilier: m. ere: f. *Of, or on, the eye-browes.*
Sourciller. *To move the eye-browes up and down.*
Sourcilles: f. *The eye-browes.*
Sourcilleux: m. euſe: f. *Having very great eye-browes; alſo, frowning, or looking ſourly on it; ſurly, or proud of countenance; alſo, raiſed, advanced, or lift up on high.*
Sourd: m. *The Salamander.*
Sourd: m. ſourde: f. *Deafe, hard of hearing, or that cannot heare; alſo, liſtleſſe; unattentive, heedleſſe; alſo, dumme, without dinne or noiſe; (whence, in moiſt weather, they ſay that a Tennis-court is ſourd;) and ſolide, or without ſound, as a full body, or veſſell well filled; alſo, dull, inſenſible, unſavory; alſo, dark, priv, private, ſecret, under-hand.*
Aſpic ſourd. (*The Aſpe, ſayes* Geſner, *by reaſon of her exceeding drought is accounted deafe; but that one Aſpe is deafer then another I read not.*)
Lanterne ſourde. *A theeves Lanterne; the black Lantern of iron which theeves, and other private night-walkers uſe to carry about them.*
Nombre ſourd. *A ſurd number; a number whereof a perfect ſquare cannot be made.*
Teinſture ſourde. *The courſeſt kind of dying, with nought but herbs.*
Sourd commé vn tapis. *As deafe as a door-nayle (ſay we.)*
Il n'eſt point de pire ſourd que celuy qui ne veut ouïr; Prov. *No man's worſe deafe then he that will not heare.*
Sourdant. *Springing up, riſing or ariſing, from.*
Sourdaſtre: com. *Deafiſh, thick of hearing.*
Sourdault. *Somewhat deafe, thick of hearing.*
Sourdement: m. *A riſing, ariſing, ſpringing up, appearing out of.*
Sourdement. *Deafely; alſo, unattentively; alſo, privately, under-hand, in hugger-mugger, without any din or noiſe; alſo, dully, inſenſibly.*
Sourdent: m. *The ſtumpe of a broken tooth.*
Sourdeſſe: f. *Deafeneſſe.*
Sourdeté: f. *The ſame.*
Sourdin: m. ine: f. *Deafiſh, thick of hearing.*
Sourdine: f. *A Sourdet; the little pipe, or tenon put into the mouth of a Trumpet, to make it ſound low; alſo, a Sordine, or a kind of hoarſe, or low-ſounding Trumpet.*
A la ſourdine. *Privately, ſecretly, cloſely, without much din, or noiſe.*
Sourdiſe: f. *Deafneſſe.*
Sourdon: m. *A kind of little ſhell-fiſh.*
Sourdoyant. *Riſing, iſſuing, ſpringing out or up; mounting, ariſing, appearing above; alſo, raiſing.*
Sourdre. *To riſe, iſſue, ſpring, boyle, come, out or up; to mount, ariſe, aſcend, appeare, or ſhew it ſelfe above; alſo, to raiſe, or put up, whence they ſay when a Hawk is a wing, or lies for game, Qu'on luy ſourde des oiſeaux.*
Souretier: m. *A Rat-catcher; a Mouſer, or catcher of Mice.*
Sourge. Laine S. *New ſhorne, unwaſhed, or greaſie wooll; wooll that is yet full of it own greaſe.*
Sourgeon: m. *The young ſhoot, or tender and up-ſhooting plant of a tree; alſo, the ſpring of a fountaine; or the riſing, boyling, or ſpouting up of water in a ſpring.*
Souriceau: m. *A little, or young Mouſe.*
Souricier: m. *A Mouſer, or Mouſe-catcher.*
Souricier: m. ere: f. *Of Mice; whence;* Vermine ſouriciere, *Mice.*
Souriciere: f. *A Mouſe-trap.*
Sourien: m. enne: f. *Mouſing; loving Mice; hunting after Mice.*
Souris: f. *A Mouſe, alſo, the ſpring in brawn of the armes; alſo, an Engine whereby a draw-bridge, down, is hindered from being pulled up again.*
Souris araigneuſe. *A ſhrew Mouſe.*
Les ſouris du Palais. *Advocates, Counſellours, Pleaders, Pettifoggers.*
Oreille de Souris. *The herb Piloſella, or Mouſe-eare, &c. Look* Oreille.
Queuë de ſouris. *Mouſe-taile, Bleudſtrange.*
La ſouris qui n'a qu'une entrée eſt incontinent happée: &, Toſt attrapée eſt la ſouris qui n'a pour giſte qu'un pertuis; Prov. (*So ill a Protector is Improvidence.*)
De grand deſſeing vne ſouris; Prov. *as the Latine* Parturiunt montes, &c.) *All that mountaine proves but a mole-hill.*
Souriſſeau: m. *A little or young Mouſe.*
Souriſſon. *The ſame.*
Sourre. *Look* Soure.
Sous. *Under, beneath, at the bottome of.*
Sous terre. *Under-hand, privily, in hugger-mugger.*
Faire tout ſous ſoy. *A child to betray himſelfe.*
Sousbarbe: f. *as* Soubarbe; *alſo, the throat-band of a bridle.*
Endurer vne ſousbarbe, *in the later ſenſe; alſo, as* Soubride.
Souſchambriere: f. *A kitchin wench, or drudge to a houſe.*
Souſchanter. *To ſing under, to hold the baſe, or ground unto, or as* Soubſchanter.
Souſclavier: m. ere: f. *Under the Kannell bone.*
Artere ſouſclaviere. *The aſcendant branch of the great Arterie.*
Muſcle ſouſclavier. *One of the muſkles which, in the fetching of breath, dilate, and ſtretch out, the breaſt.*
Veine ſouſclaviere. *Look* Veine.
Souſcoeur: m. *The Pericardium, or thin skinne whereby the whole heart is covered.*
Souſgorge d'une bride. *The throat-thong, or throat-band of a bridle.*
Souſgreve: f. *The leſſe bone of the leg; alſo, the calfe of the leg.*
Souſlevement, & Souſlever. *Look* Soublevement, & Soublever.
Souſsappe: f. *as* Soupape.
Souſpeçon: f. *Suſpition, jealouſie, diſſidence, doubt, feare, diſtruſt, miſtruſt.*
Souſpeçonné: m. ée: f. *Suſpected, miſtruſted, had in jealouſie.*
Souſpeçonner. *To ſuſpect, feare, doubt of, diſtruſt, miſtruſt, hate in a jealouſie.*
Souſpeçonneuſement. *Suſpitiouſly, jealouſly, doubtfully, diſtruſtfully.*
Souſpeçonneux: m. euſe: f. *Suſpitious, doubtfull, diffident, jealous, diſtruſtfull.*
Souſpendement: m. *A hanging or leaning over; a jutting or bearing out.*
Souſpendre. *Look* Soupendre.
Souſpendu: m. uë: f. *Hanging, or hung over; jutted, or ſet out beyond.*
Vne deſmarche ſouſpenduë. *A ſtealing pace.*
Souſpenduë: f. *as* Soupenduë; *alſo, as* Surpenduë; *eſpecially in the laſt ſenſe.*
Souſpente. *Look* Soupenduë.
Souſpeſé: m. ée: f. *Peiſed, weighed, pondered.*

Souſpe-

Souſpeſer. *To peiſe, weigh, ponder diligently. Look* Soupeſer.

Souſpir: m. *A ſigh; alſo, a ſhort breath; alſo, a Minime reſt in Muſice.*
Demy ſouſpir. *A crochet reſt.*
Au dernier ſouſpir. *At the laſt gaſpe.*

Souſpirable: com. *Fit to be ſighed for, worthy of moane.*

Souſpirail. *as* Souſpiral.

Souſpiraillé: m. ée: f. *Having holes, vents, open windowes, or other paſſages, for aire to come in and out at.*

Souſpiral: m. *An overture, or paſſage for aire or breath to come in and go out at; a vent, or breathing hole; Hence, the tunnell of a chimney; the window of a ſellar; the mouth of a cave, or denne.*

Souſpirement: m. *A ſighing.*

Souſpirer. *To ſigh; alſo, to deſire vehemently.*
'A coeur dolent la bouche ſouſpire; Prov. *Sighes in the mouth, ſorrow at the heart.*

Souſplié: m. ée: f. *Bent, or bowed under, ſubject unto.*

Souſſigner. *Look* Soubſigner.

† Souſte. *A prop, ſtay, or treſle of wood.*

Souſtenable: com. *Suſtainable, ſupportable, abideable.*

Souſtenance: f. *A prop, ſupport, ſtay, maintenance.*

Souſtenant (de balance.) *The cheeks of a balance; the two upright pieces between which the needle playeth.*
Souſtenant de bride. *The cheek-piece of a bridle.*

Souſtendrons: m. *The ſides of the belly under the ſhort ribs.*

Souſtenemnet: m. *A ſuſtaining, ſupporting, upholding, maintaining; enduring, abiding.*

Souſtenir. *To ſuſtaine, ſupport, uphold, ſtay or beare up; alſo, to endure, tollerate, abide; alſo, (in ſinging) to hold a note; and (in manage) to keep a horſe, being riſen, from comming too ſoone to the ground.*
Souſtenir & abſtenir. *Look* Abſtenir.

† Souſternery. *She that gives ſuck to a newborne child for two or three dayes, and untill the mothers milke fit for it.* ¶ Provençal.

Souſterré: m. ée: f. *Put, laid, or buried under, or within, the ground.*

Souſterrer. *To put, lay, bury under, or within the ground.*

Souſtien: m. *The firſt bill which a Plaintife puts into a Court.*

Souſtraire. *Look* Soubtraire.

Soutane: f. *A long and looſe coat, or caſſock, ſuch as Churchmen weare under their gownes.*

Soute: f. *as* Sourte; *alſo, a franke, or hogſtie; whence;* Pourceau gras rompt ſa ſoute: Prov. (*Appliable to the unruly humours of pampered, or high-fed creatures.*)

Souteſt. *as* Pericraine.

Soutre. *Look* Soute.

Soutte: f. *A binne to keep bread in; alſo, the roome of a ſhip, wherein the proviſion-baſket is layed.*

Souvenance: f. *Memory, remembrance; alſo, a Ring with many hoopes, whereof a man lets one hang downe when he would be put in mind of a thing.*

Souvendier: m. *The herb Cichory.*

Souvenir: m. *A remembrance.*

Souvenir. *To remember, put in mind, bring to the memory of.*
Se ſouvenir. *To remember, have in memory, call to mind.*
Il ſouvient touſiours à Robin de ſes fleutes; Prov. *Look* Robin.

Souvent. *Often, many times.*

Souvenu: m. uë: f. *Remembred, called to mind or memory.*

Souverain: m. *A Soveraigne; one that acknowledges no ſuperiour; (and yet in old time a Preſident of Juſtice, or any in Office above others, was teamed ſo.)*

Souverain: m. aine: f. *Soveraigne, Princely, chiefe, principall, paſſing, excellent, high, notable, ſingular.*

Souverainement. *Soveraignly, Princely, chiefely, principally; moſt highly, notably, ſingularly, excellently.*

Souveraineté: f. *Soveraignty, principality, higheſt authority, chiefe government, ſupreme power.*
Droicts de Souveraineté. *Are generally ſix,* viz. *The enacting of, and diſpenſing with, Lawes; the creating of Officers; the making of warre, and peace; the having of* le dernier reſſort de la Iuſtice; *the coyning of money; and the raiſing, or impoſing thereof; whereunto ſome adde, Confiſcation for Hereſie, Treaſon, &c. the granting of Priviledges, Faires, Markets, and Letters of Mart;* la Regale; *right unto all wrecks, and ſhipwracks; an intereſt in the abſolute fealty, and homage of the ſubject; power to naturalize forrainers, legitimate baſtards, ennoble* Roturiers, *or peaſants; a tenth in all manner of mines that have been, or ſhall be, opened throughout all* France; *and divers other Royalties.*

Soy. *Him, himſelfe; her, herſelfe.*
Retourner ſur ſoy. *To returne the ſame way he came.*

Soye: f. *Silke; alſo, hogs briſtles.*
Appliquer ſoye ſur ſoye. *To lecher.*
Meſler la ſoye avec le fleuret. *To jumble good and bad together.*

Soyer. *To reap corn.*

Soyes: f. *Is, in the throats of ſwine, a diſeaſe that ſtifles them, if it be not preſently cured; alſo, as* Sais.

Soyeux: m. euſe: f. *Silkie; briſtly; full of ſilk or of briſtles.*

Soymeſme. *Himſelfe.*

Soytier: m. ere: f. *Of ſilke, or dealing with ſilks.*

Spadaires: m. *An Order of white Friers which weare on their habits a repreſentation of two red ſwords.*

Spadaſin; *or,* Spadaſſin: m. *A cutter, hackeſter, ſwaggerer, waſh-buckler.*

Spalmer. *To breem and grave, or make clean a ſhip.*

Sparaillon: f. *The purple fiſh; (not the purple ſhell-fiſh, but a kind of ſmall Guilt-head, or yellow Sea-breeme, which hath a black ſpot on her taile.)*

Spargirie: f. *Alchymie; extraction of quinteſſences.*

Spargirique: com. *An Alchymiſt, or extractor of quinteſſences.*

† Spargitide. *Terre ſpar. Terra ſigillata, Lemnian earth.*

† Spariée: f. *A ſea-wreck; or, as* Varech.

Sparte: m. *as* Sparton.

Sparton: m. *Spaniſh broom, or baſtard Spaniſh broom, whereof bands to tie Vines, and (as in old time) roaps for ſhipping, may be made; alſo, Matweed.*

Spaſe, ou peis Eſpaſe. *The ſea-fox, or fox dog-fiſh; aſh-coloured on the backe, and white on the belly; little mouthed, but ſharp-toothed; ſhorter, and thicker bodied, but having a longer tayle, then any other dog-fiſh; for that (ſomewhat like a ſhort, and crooked ſword-blade) is longer then her body.* ¶ Gaſcon.

Spaſmatique: com. *Troubled with a cramp, or a convulſion.*

Spaſme: m. *The cramp; a convulſion, ſhrinking, or plucking up of the ſinewes.*

Spaſmé: m. ée: f. *Cramped, or as* Spaſmatique.

Spaſmeux: m. euſe: f. *Full of the cramp; or convulſive, cramp-breeding.*

Spatieuſement. *Spaciouſly, widely, amply, largely, broadly.*

Spatieux: m. euſe: f. *Spacious, roomy, wide, large, ample, broad.*

Spatule: f. *The ſlice wherewith a Surgeon ſpreadeth ſalves, &c.*

Spaze: f. *A ſword; and as* Spaſe. ¶ Gaſc.

† Speans d'une vache. *A Cowes duds.*

† Speautre. *Look* Eſpeautre.

Special: m. ale: f. *Speciall, particular, proper, peculiar, chiefe, eſpeciall.*

Specialement. *Eſpecially, namely, chiefely, particularly, peculiarly.*

Specieux: m. euſe: f. *Specious, goodly, faire, graceſull in apparance, outwardly beautifull, honourable in ſhew.*

Specifier. *To ſpecifie, particularize, declare, ſignifie, denote.*

Specifique: com. *Speciall, particular.*

Specifiquement. *Specially, particularly.*

Spectable: com. *Viſible, worthie the ſeeing, noteable, goodly, renowned.*

Spectacle: m. *A ſpectacle; a publique ſight, ſhew, pageant, play.*

Spectateur: m. *A ſpectator, beholder, onlooker.*

Spectatrice: f. *A ſpectatrix; a woman that gives a (publique) thing the looking on.*

Spectre: m. *An Image, or Figure, ſeene either truly, or but in conceit; (thence) alſo, a ſpirit, ghoſt, viſion, apparition, fantaſme.*

† Speculaire: com. *Cleere, tranſparent; alſo, helping the ſight.*
Pierre ſpeculaire. *as* Pierre à miroir, *under* Miroir.

Speculateur: m. *A ſpeculator, contemplator, obſerver, conſiderer; watcher, viewer, beholder.*

Speculation: f. *Speculation, contemplation; a conſidering, or obſerving; a viewing, watching, or ſpying out from a high place.*

Speculatrice: f. *A ſpeculatrix; a contemplative, obſerving, adviſed, or watchfull woman.*

Speculer. *To ſpeculate, contemplate, obſerve, conſider, ſearch out; behold ſeriouſly, watch hard; look or ſee farre, eſpie a far off.*

Spelonque: f. *A hole in a rock; a wild beaſts denne.*

Spelttre: m. *as* Eſpeautre.

Spengitide. ¶ Rab. *Look* Sphengitide.

Sper-

Spermatique : com. *Spermatick, containing, or full of ſperme.*
Veine ſpermatique. *Look* Veine.
Spermatiſer. *To ſpermatize; to ſhed, eject, or inject ſperme.*
Sperme : m. *Sperme, ſeed, nature, generative moiſture.*
Spet : m. *A ſlender, long, ravenous, great-eyed, ſharp-noſed, crooked-toothed, white-bellied, blackiſh-backt ſea-fiſh, called by ſome the Spit-fiſh, and by others (becauſe it ſomewhat reſembles a Pike) the ſea-Pike.*
Sphacelé : m. ée : f. *Mortified by inflamation.*
Sphaceler. *To mortifie by inflamation.*
Sphatule. *Look* Spatule.
Sphengitide. *Tranſparent.* ¶ Rab.
Sphenoïde. Os ſphen. *The cuneall bone.*
Sphere : f. *A ſphere, circle, rundle, bowle; any round figure, or thing.*
Spheres. *The round knobs on the borders of ſome French-hoods.*
Sphere droicte. *That ſphere wherein one ſees both the Poles under his horizon, the Equator ſtanding juſt over his head.*
Sphere oblique. *An oblique ſphere; that wherein one of the Poles is raiſed above our horizon, and the other hidden under it.*
Spherique : com. *Spherical, orbicular, globe-like, round.*
Sphicie : f. *A kind of ſpider like a great waſpe.*
Sphinge : m. *The Sphinga, or Sphinx; an Indian, and Ethiopian beaſt, rough-bodied like an Ape (of the kind whereof he is) yet haireleſſe between his neck, and breaſt; round, but out, faced; and breaſted like a woman; his unarticulate voice like that of a haſty ſpeaker; more gentle, and tameable then an ordinary Ape, yet fierce by nature, and revengefull when he is hurt: having eaten meat enough, he reſerves his chaps-full to feed on when he feels himſelfe hungry again.*
Spicaire. *Roman Spike, or Lavender.*
Spicquenard : m. *The herb Spikenard.*
Spinal : m. ale : f. *Of, or in, the chine, or back-bone.*
Spinale medulle, ou mouëlle. *The marrow of the back-bone; derived from the braine, and like a maine ſtock, from which all the ſinewes under the head do grow.*
Spinelle : f. *A kind of very red Garnet.*
Spineux. *as* Eſpineux.
Spinul : m. *A ſplent in a horſes leg.*
Spique : f. *Spike, Lavender, Lavender Spike.*
Spiquenard : m. *The herb Spikenard.*
Spiquenard vulgaire. *Lavender Spike.*
Spiracle : m. *A breathing hole; a hole to let aire, breath, or ſmoak in and out; alſo, a hole that evaporates a ſtrong, or peſtilent aire; a dampe hole.*
Spiracle : com *Giving breath, breathing life, infuſing ſpirit into.*
Spiral : m. ale : f. *Circling, wreathing about, winding or turning round.*
Spire : f. *A rundle, round, or circle; a turning or winding compaſſe; the coyling or making up of a Cable; alſo, a Quadrant, or Square in the bottome of a Pillar.*
Spirituex. *Look* Spirituëux.
Spirituel. La Chapelle blanche ſpirituel d'Anjou, viz. *within the dioces, or ſpirituall juriſdiction, of* Anjou.
Spirituel : m. elle : f. *Spirituall, ghoſtly, divine; eccleſiaſticall.*
Spirituoux : m. euſe : f. *Spirituall breathfull, breathing, in life; giving life; alſo, quick, lively, vigorous, full of ſpirit.*
Spirole : f. *A kind of ſmall Artillery.*
Splanade : f. *A plaine, champian country, levell ground, even plot.*
Splendeur : f. *Splendor, light, ſhining, luſter, gliſtering, brightneſſe; alſo, bounty, nobleneſſe, excellency; alſo, honour, glory, renown.*
Splenitique : com. *Troubled with the ſpleen; alſo, of, or in, the ſpleen; whence;*
Artere ſplenitique. *Seek under* Artere.
Splenique : com. *Of, or in, the milt, or ſpleen.*
Veine ſplenique. *The ſpleen veine; one of the ſix branches of the liver veine; or, as* Veine ſplenitique, *under* Veine.
Spode : m. *The beavier ſoile, ſoot, or oare of Braſſe, gathered on the ſloores of melting-houſes.* (v.m.)
Spodizateur : m. *One that maketh Spode, or getteth ſoot, &c. from Braſſe, by trying, or melting it.*
Spodon de canne. *Artificiall, or counterfeit Spode, made of the rootes of reedes, and Ox-bones burned.*
Spoliateur : m. *A ſpoyler; ſtripper, deſpoyler; theeſe, robber; pirate.*
Spoliation : f. *A ſpoyling; deſpoyling, ſtripping; depriving of.*
Spoliatrice : f. *A ſpoyling, or deſpoyling woman; a wench that lives on the ſpoile.*
Spolier. *To ſpoile; deſpoyle, ſtrip, ranſack, rob, unrobe; to deprive, or bereave of; to diſſeiſe.*
Spolin : m. *A kind of gold, or ſilver thread.*
Spolentes. *Look* Piſoente. ¶ Rab.
Sponde. A ſponde. *Sidewaies, or edgelong.*
Spondilles, ou Spondyles. *The knuckles, or turning joynts of the chine, back, or neck-bone; alſo, the heads of Artichokes; alſo, the unſavory or ill-taſting oyſters* Gaideropes.
Spongethere : f. *A certain little ſea-fiſh, which reſembles the ſea-ſpider, and is ſaid to guard and govern the ſponge.*
Spongieux : m. euſe : f. *Spungy; light, puft up; full of ſmall holes, or eyes, like a ſponge.*
Os ſpongieux. *The bone* Etmoïdes, *placed in the top, or upper part of the noſe.*
Spongioſité : f. *Spungineſſe, or ſpungiouſneſſe; a ſpungy lightneſſe.*
Sponſeur : m. *A voluntary promiſer, undertaker, or ſurety for another.*
Spontane : com. *Voluntary, of free will; naturall, not forced; without help, or conſtraint.*
Spontanement. *Voluntarily.*
Sporte : f. *A faſhion of hand-basket, or fraile with handles, uſed for market-imployments; alſo, the load of a Cammell, or Moyle, comming to 375 pounds, after 16 ounces to the pound.*
Sportule : f. *Money, or meat given ordinarily by Princes to the people, or unto their followers; (moſt properly the former) boord-wages, or a pecuniary allowance in lieu of dinner and ſupper; alſo, the fee given by a Client unto his Counſellor; alſo, a little maund, or hand-basket.*
Spouilleresſe. *as* Eſpouilleresſe.
Spurrie : f. *Spurry, or Franck, a Dutch herb, and an excellent fodder for cattell.*
Spyrate. ¶ Rab. *A kind of flux in the fundament; or, more properly, as;*
Spyrathe. *The dung of a Sheep, or Goat.*
Squadron : m. *A ſquadron; a ſquare troop, or band, or battaile of ſouldiers; alſo, in ever company, the troope that's under the command of a Corporall.*
Squaranchon : m. *The ſmooth-ſhelled Crayfiſh tearmed a Pungar, Grit, or Grampell.*
Squelette. *Look* Scelete.
Squenente. *Look* Squinant.
Squenie : f. *The Frock, long Jacket, Coat, or Caſſock (moſt commonly) of Canvas, worn outmoſt, or over all other clothes, by Porters, Carters, Horſe-keepers, Peaſants, &c.*
Squille : f. *The Squill, or ſea Onyon; alſo, a Prawn, Beard, Shrimp; or, a generall name for all fiſhes of that kind.*
Squille commune. *Our ordinary ſea-Onyon; leſſe in form, and weaker in operation then* Dioſcorides *his* Scilla, *which* Mathiolus *holds to be only that which growes on the ſea-coaſts of* Spaine.
Squilles d'os. *Little ſcales, or ſplints of broken bones.*
Squillin : m. *Vinegar ſharpned by the ſqui-Onyon, or Scallion.*
Squillitique : com. *Of, or ſeaſoned with, or wherein there is, the ſea-Onyon.*
Squinade. Cancre ſquin. *The long-legd, and rough-coated Crabfiſh, tearmed by ſome, a Fryd.* ¶ Marſeillois.
Squinance : f. *The Squinancy, or Squinzie; a diſeaſe.*
Squinant : m. *The ſweet ruſh tearmed Squinant, and Cammels Hay.*
Squinaude. *Look* Squinade.
Squine. Bois de ſquine. *The knotty, and medicinable root of an Indian, or Chineas bullruſh.*
Squiopetins : m. *An Order of Auguſtine Friers.*
Stabilité : f. *Stability, ſtedfaſtneſſe, firmeneſſe, ſureneſſe, conſtancy, faſtneſſe.*
Stable : com. *Stable, firm, ſure, ſtedfaſt, immoveable, conſtant, aſſured.*
† Stacte, or, Myrrhe ſtacte. *Look* Myrrhe.
Stade : m. *A race for men, or horſes to run in; alſo, a proportion, or meaſure of ground, whereof there be three ſorts, viz. the Italian, containing 125 paces; the Olympick, of 120 paces; and the Pythick, of 200 paces; all after five feet to the pace.*
Stafilade : f. *A laſh, or thwack with a ſtirrup-leather.*
† Stagnant. Eau ſtagnante. *The water of ponds, poole, mores, or ditches; water that runs not, ſtanding water.*
† Stalle. *a ſeat, or ſtall to ſit on.*
Stanbouque : f. *The wild Goat Ibex. Look* Ibice (v. m.)
Stance : f. *A ſtation; a lodging, dwelling, or abiding place; alſo, a pawſe, or ſtay; alſo, a ſtanze, or ſtaffe of verſes.*
Stangue d'un ancre. *The ſtaffe of an Anchor*
Stanguette : f. *The eye of the branch of a Bit.*
Staphiſaigre. *Steveſaker, Licebane, Lowſe-wort, Lowſe-powder.*

Staphisaigre ſauvage. *Wild Licebane.*

Statere : m. *An Athenian coine of ſilver, weighing halfe an ounce; alſo, a coine of gold worth about* xvj s iiij d.

Statere : f. *A Roman, or Goldſmiths ballance; Troy-weight.*

Statif : m. ive : f. *Standing, pitched, or ſet.*

Station : f. *A ſtation, ſtand, ſtanding place, or pawſe; alſo, a place of reſort, abode, or ſtay; a manſion, dwelling, abiding, ſtaying; alſo, a road, or bay for ſhipping.*

Stationnaire : com. *That hath a ſtanding, or place of abode appointed him; alſo, ſtationary, ſetled, ſtanding.*

Stationné : m. ée : f. *Set or ſetled, planted or pitched, in a place, appointed a place to ſtand in.*

Stationner. *To ſet or ſettle, plant or pitch, in a place; to appoint a ſtanding unto.*

Statuaire : m. *A Statuary, Stone-cutter, Statue-maker.*

Statuaire : f. *(The art of) Stone-cutting, or Statue-making.*

Statuë : f. *A Statue; a ſtanding, or maſſive Image of metall, Ivory, or ſtone.*

Statuer. *To eſtabliſh, enact, ordain, aſſigne, appoint; pitch, plant, ſettle, or ſet faſt; purpoſe, determine, judge, or think aſſuredly of.*

Stature : f. *Stature, pitch, height, or proportion of body.*

Statut. Arreſts, ou ſtatuts de querelle. *Judgements given, and entred in caſes of impeached poſſeſſion.*

Statutaire. Amende ſtat. *as* Amende couſtumiere; (Au ſtil de Liege.)

Steatome : m. *An impoſtume whoſe matter is like fat, or tallow.*

Steccade : f. *A place railed in for a Combat, or Liſts.*

Stechados. *Steckado or Stickadove, Caſſidonia or Caſt-me-down, French Lavender, or the ſweet flower thereof.*

Stellage. Droict de ſtellage. *Toll-corn, and Toll-ſalt; a diſh-full upon every* Septier *of either ſold within* Buillon; *due to the Duke thereof.*

Stellagier : m. *A Toll-gatherer for the Duke of* Buillon.

Stellingues : m. *Libertines; for ſo did the Saxons, upon liberty of conſcience granted them by* Lotharius *the Emperor, tearme themſelves.*

Stellion : m. *The ſpotted, or ſtarry Lizard Stellio; alſo an envious fellow; or one that cannot indure another ſhould be the better by him; from the Stellio, which having (as he doth half-yeerely) caſt his ſkin (a ſoveraign remedy for the falling ſickneſſe) preſently devoures it, to deprive mankind of it.*

Stellionat : m. *A couſening, a counterfeiting of merchandiſe; an unjuſt or deceitfull gaining; a malicious or fraudulent bereaving another of his money, wares, due proviſion, or bargaine.*

Stentoré : m. ée : f. *whence,* Voix Stentorée. *A huge voice, ſuch an one as the Grecian* Stentor *had.*

Stercorin : m. ine : f. *Excrementall, turdie.*

Stereometrie : f. *The meaſuring of ſolide bodies.*

Sterile : com. *Sterile, barren, fruitleſſe.*

Sterilité : f. *Sterility, barrenneſſe, unfruitfulneſſe.*

Sterlin : m. *The* 24 *part of an ounce; or* 28 *graines, and four fiſts of a grain; a weight among Jewellers.*

Sternomantie : f. *Divination by a mans breaſt.*

Sternutatoire : m. *A ſneezing medicine, or powder.*

Sterometrie : f. *Look* Stereometrie.

† Sterpi. *as* Courtilliere.

Sticines : m. *Fluters, or Pipers.* ¶ Rab.

Sticonomantie : f. *Divination by words written on the barkes of trees.*

Stier : m. *as* Septier. ¶ Bourguignon.

Stigmatizé : m. ée : f. *Branded, marked, burnt with a hot iron; defamed, infamous.*

Stigmatizer. *To brand, burn, or mark with a red hot iron; alſo, to defame openly, diſgrace publikely.*

Stil : m. *The ſtile, uſe, courſe, or forme of pleading, or of proceeding in Law.*

Stile : m. *Look* Scyle.

Stilé : m. ée : f. *Well acquainted with, long trained, much practiſed in; enured, or uſed unto.*

Stillatoire : com. *Stilling, diſtilling, dropping.*

Stillicide : m. *The dropping of a houſes eaves.*

Stillitique Vinaigre ſtil. *Wherein the prepared ſea-Onyon hath been ſteeped.*

Stimulateur : m. *A pricker forward; a provoker, egger, urger, inſtigator, inciter.*

Stimulation : f. *A pricking or ſpurring forward; a provoking, egging, inſtigating, urging.*

Stimulatrice : f. *A ſtimulatrix, an inſtigatrix.*

Stimule : m. *A goad, prick; ſting; ſpur; an urging, egging, inciting; an inſtigation, or violent motion unto.*

Stimulet. *To prick, inſtigate, incite, ſpurre forward.*

Stinc : m. *The ſhin bone; alſo, a kind of ſmall fiſh.*

Stince. ¶ Rab. *as* Scinc.

Stipal. Fief ſtipal. *Which deſcends to a direct heire; or ſtill continues in the poſſeſſion of thoſe which are of the maine ſtock of a family.*

Stipendié : m. *A ſtipendiary, or hireling.*

Stipendié : m. ée : f. *Hired, waged, intertained with wages.*

Stipendier. *To hire, wage, intertaine.*

† Stipicité : f. *Stipicity, coſtiveneſſe, obſtruction.*

Stipoule : f. *The ſea-Onyon.*

Stippes. Droict de ſtippes, & nobis; & Droict de vins, & ſtippes. *Look under* Droict.

Stiptique. *Stiptick, reſtrictive; ſtopping.*

Stipulant. *Covenanting, requiring.*

Stipulateur : m. *A ſtipulator; he that intending to bind another by words, aſketh him whether he will give, or do, ſuch a thing or no.*

Stipulation : f. *A ſtipulation; a covenant, promiſe, bargaine, agreement; a demanding of the performance of covenants; a bond for the payment of mony, or performance of covenants.*

Stipulé : m. ée : f. *Required according to law; bargained, contracted, conditioned, covenanted.*

Stipuler. *To ſtipulate; to require a thing in ordinary tearmes of law; alſo, to covenant, or promiſe effectually.*

Stirage : m. *Toll, or cuſtome due to the King, &c. upon every* Septier.

Stocfiz : m. *Stockfiſh.*

Stoechados. *French Lavender, Steckadoe, Stickadove, Caſſidonia, Caſt-me-down.*

Stole : f. *A ſtole; a long robe, gown, or garment, reaching to the ankles, or heeles.*

Stomacal : m. ale : f. *Stomacall, cordiall; of or in the ſtomack; hurting, or helping the ſtomack.*

Mot ſtomacal. *Earneſt, comming from the heart; alſo, uttered in choler.*

† Stomachique : com. *Of, or in the ſtomack; or ſick at the ſtomack.*

Veine ſtomachique. *Look* Veine.

Stomaqué : m. ée : f. *Angry, or angred, put into a chafe, moved unto choler.*

† Stoques. *A borrowing, or taking up money upon intereſt; whence,* Faire ſtoques. *So to borrow.*

Storax. *The ſweet Gum Storax.*

Storax calamite. *The beſt kind of Storax, brought from* Aleppo, *and kept in canes, or the leaves of reedes.*

Storax liquide. *Liquid Storax; as* Myrrhe ſtacte *(under* Myrrhe.)

† Strabouïte : m. *A ſquint-eyed fellow; alſo, one whoſe actions, as well as eyes, are awry.*

Stradiot. *as* Eſtradiot.

† Strambot : m. *A Jyg, Round, Catch, country Song.*

Strangulation : f. *A ſtrangling, ſtifling, choaking.*

Strangulation de la matrice. *The ſuffocation of the Matrix.*

Strap. ¶ Rab. *Look* Seraph.

Stratagematique : com. *Stratagemicall, full of ſtratagems; of, or like to, ſtratagems.*

Stratageme : m. *A ſtratagem; a witty trick, or ſhift in war.*

Strepite : m. *A noiſe, dinne, or bruit; a cracking, creaking, rumbling, ruſtling.*

Streute : f. *A pinch, nip, wrinche, twindge, gird.*

Strident : m. ente : f. *Craſhing, cloſhing, creaking.*

† Strié : m. ée : f. *Chamfered, channelled, made full of gutters, or holes.*

† Strieure : f. *A chamfering, channelling, furrowing in ſtone, or timber.*

Strin : m. *A baſtard Diamond.*

Stropes : m. *The loopes whereby the oares of a Skiffe, &c. do hang, or hold, to the Thowles.*

Strophe. *The fretting of the guts, or belly-ach.*

Strophule : f. *The Kings evill.*

Stropier. *To lame, or maime.*

Structure : f. *A ſtructure; fabrick, frame, compoſition, building; a proportionable ordering, fit couching, ſeemely compacting of things together.*

† Strumoſité : f. *The ſwelling of the throat.*

Stryge. *A Scriche-owle.*

† Stuc : m. *A fine, and ſhining Potters clay; alſo, a compounded morter or clay made of lime, ſand, paper, and other materialls; very fit for Imagery.*

Studieux : m. euſe : f. *Studious, painfull, earneſt, carefull; deſirous or greedy of; addicted or devoted unto.*

Stupeur : f. *Stupor, numneſſe, unſenſiblenеſſe, dullneſſe, aſtoniſhment, aſtoniednеſſe.*

Stu-

Stupide: com. *Stupide, benummed, ſenſeleſſe; dull, blockiſh, lumpiſh; amazed, appaled, aſtonied.*

Stupidement. *Senſeleſly, dully, blockiſhly, lumpiſoly; with much amazement.*

Stupidité. *Stupidity, ſenſeleſneſſe, dullneſſe, blockiſhneſſe; aſtoniſhment, amazement.*

Stygial: m. ale: f. *Of, in, or belonging to, the Stygian lake.*

Stygien: m. enne: f. *Stygian; or as* Stygial; *whence;* Femme ſtygienne. *A moſt ſelf, or diviliſh queane.*

Stygieux. *as* Stygial.

Styl: m. *as* Stil.

Style: m. *The pin of a pair of writing tables; alſo, a ſtile; a vaine, form, or manner of indicting; alſo, the ſtrict forme, order, or courſe obſerved in judiciall pleadings, and proceeding.*

Choſes qui ſont de ſtile. *Things which have an ordinary paſſage, or proceeding; things of courſe.*

Faillir au ſtyle. *To commit an error in pleading.*

Stylet: m. *A Stiletto; the ſmall, and ſharp-pointed dagger, forbidden in many townes of* Italy.

Stylobate: f. *The footſtall of a Pillar; or the whole frame of the lower part thereof.*

Styptique: com. *Styptick, reſtrictive, aſtringent, coſtive, binding.*

Styrax. *Look* Storax.

Su: m. *The South; alſo, an Elder tree.*

Su. *as* Sus.

Suader. *To perſwade, adviſe, move, induce by reaſons.*

Suadeur: m. *A perſuader, adviſer, mover, inducer.*

Süages: m. *Sweatings; or, things which procure ſweating.*

Süaire: m. *The peece of linnen wherein the face of a dead man is wrapped; alſo, a hand-kercher, or linnen cloth to wipe on.*

Suais. *Look* Suays.

Süant: m. ante: f. *Sweating*

A poulce süant. *By inch, or thumb meaſure; the breadth of a thumbe given between every yard in meaſuring.*

Suaſeur: m. *A perſuader, inducer, adviſer.*

Suaſif: m. iue: f. *Perſuaſive; able, or fit to perſuade.*

Suaſion: f. *A perſuaſion, adviſe, exhortation.*

Suaſoire: com. *Suaſory, perſuading.*

Suave: com. *Sweet, pleaſant, palate-pleaſing, delicious; ſmooth; courteous, gentle, meek, ſoft.*

Suavement. *Sweetly, deliciouſly; ſoftly; ſmoothly; gently, courteouſly.*

Suavité: f. *Suavity, ſweetneſſe, deliciouſneſſe; ſoftneſſe, ſmoothneſſe; courteſie, gentleneſſe, meekeneſſe.*

Suays: m. *A kind of Frogs which be ſeen onely in ſome parts of* France.

Subalterne: com. *Subalterne, ſecundary, under, inferiour, ſubject unto others.*

Subarbe: f. *The muſeroll, or noſe-band of a bridle, &c.*

Subaudition: f. *Part of a mans meaning expreſſed, and the reſt underſtood; or, ſuch an expreſſing.*

Subcoſtale: f. *A thin, and ſmooth skin, which clothes the inner ſide of the ribbes, and covers the vitall parts contained within the bulk.*

Subdelegation: f. *A ſubdelegation, or ſubſtitution.*

Subdelegué: m. ée: f. *Subdelegated, ſubſtituted.*

Subdeleguer. *To ſubdelegate, ſubſtitute, appoint another under him; or to refer over a buſineſſe, &c. committed.*

Subdial: m. ale: f. *All-open, wholly diſcovered; without the houſe, abroad in the aire.*

Subdiviſer. *To ſubdivide; to make a ſecond diviſion, or a diviſion of a diviſion.*

Subelin. Martres ſubelinnes. *Sable-Martins; the beſt kind of Martins.*

Subet: m. *A Lethargy.*

Subhaſtation: f. *An Outrope, Outcry, Portſale; or the ſelling of things by Outrope, &c. (The ancient Romans uſed (eſpecially in time of war) to hold their Outcries under a kind of ſpear or javelin.)*

Subhaſté: m. ée: f. *Sold, or paſſed away, by Outcry.*

‡ Subhaſter. *To paſſe away goods by Outcry, or Portſale; to ſell things publikely to them which will give moſt.*

Subiacent: m. ente: f. *Subjacent; underlying.*

Subiect: m. *A ſubject, vaſſall; underling; ſervant, thrall; and particularly the peaſant, who being bound, by his tenure, to pay ſcot and lot unto his Lord, is not bound to follow him to the wars without pay.*

Qui de ſes ſubiects eſthaï n'eſt pas ſeigneur de ſon païs; Pro. *Poor is the Prince that's hated by his ſubjects; as good loſe all his country as their hearts.*

Vn ſeigneur de paille veinc bien vn ſubiect d'arcier; Pro. *A Lord of ſtraw ſubdues a ſlave of ſteele.*

Subiect: m. ecte: f. *Subject, vaſſall, under; ſervant, thrall; obedient; liable unto; governed by; under the juriſdiction of.*

Subiect aux biens. *Covetous; à ſa bouche. Intemperate; à ſes tantaſies. Fantaſticall, &c.*

Subiection: f. *Subjection, thralldome, ſervitude; obedience, reſtraint; limitation.*

Subier: m. *The Cork-tree; the tree whoſe bark is Cork.*

Subinfeudation: f. *A ſubinfeoffing; the creating of an under tenure, or tenancy in fee.*

Subioindre. *To ſubjoyne, adde or put unto, bring or ſet under.*

Subit: m. ite: f. *Swift, quick, haſty, ſpeedy; ſuddaine, unthought of, unlooked for.*

† Subitain. *Look* Soudain.

Subitement. *Swiftly, quickly, ſpeedily, in a trice, out of hand, by and by; ſuddenly, at unawares.*

Subjugation: f. *A ſubduing, taming, yoking, or bringing under obedience.*

Subiugé: m. ée: f. *Tamed, ſubdued, vanquiſhed, brought under the yoke of obedience.*

Subiuguer. *To ſubdue, vanquiſh, tame, bring into ſubjection, or under the yoke.*

Subler. *To whiſtle; to whizze.*

Sublet: m. *A whiſtling, or whizzing noiſe.*

Sublim. *as* Sublime, *or,* Sublin.

Sublimation: f. *A ſublimating, raiſing, or liſting up; alſo, a ſublimation, diſtillation, or extraction.*

Sublimatoire: m. *A ſublimatory; an inſtrument, or veſſell, of ſublimation.*

Sublimé: m. Sublimatum, *or* Sublimie, *Arſenick, Ratſbane.*

Sublime: com. *Sublime, high, lofty, haughty, honourable, ſtately.*

Sublimé: m. ée: f. *Raiſed, exalted, advanced unto dignity; alſo, ſublimated, or mixed with Arſenick; alſo, ſublimed, extracted, or diſtilled.*

Argent ſublimé. *Mercury ſubtilized by the Limbeck.*

Sublimément. *Loftily, highly, haughtily, ſtately, honourably.*

Sublimer. *To raiſe, advance, exalt, ſet up on high; alſo, to ſublimate, or mingle with Arſenick; alſo, to ſublime, diſtill extracts, or ſubtilize by diſtilling.*

Sublimité: f. *Sublimity, loftineſſe, haughtineſſe, highneſſe, ſtateлineſſe.*

Sublin: m. ine: f. *High, ſublime, lofty, haughty; alſo, refined, moſt fine, exquiſite, excellent.*

Submergé: m. ée: f. *Submerged, plunged or ſunke under, whirkned or overwhelmed in, bouiged or overflown by, the water.*

Submerger. *To ſubmerge; to plunge, or ſink under, whirken or overwhelme by, dip, drown, or bouige in, the water.*

Submerſion: f. *A ſubmerſion, plunging, ſinking, overwhelming, drowning, bouiging.*

Subminiſtrateur: m. *A ſubminiſtrater, an under-ſurviſher, an inferior officer.*

Subminiſtration: f. *A ſubminiſtration, (inferior) ſervice, under-hand ſupply.*

Subminiſtré: m. ée: f. *Subminiſtred, ſerved under, ſupplied or furniſhed under-hand.*

Subminiſtrer. *To ſubminiſter, or ſerve under; alſo, to furniſh or ſupply (under-hand, or under another.)*

Submirmilant. ¶ Rab. *as* Submurmutant.

Submis. *Look* Soubmis.

Submurmurant. *Murmuring, muttering, mumbling to himſelf.*

Subornation: f. *A ſubornation, or ſuborning; the making, inſtructing, or bringing in of a falſe witneſſe; alſo, a corrupting, perverting, depraving.*

Subornement. *as* Subornation.

Suborner. *To ſuborne; to make, prepare, inſtruct, foiſt or bring in, a falſe witneſſe; alſo, to deprave, corrupt, pervert, perſuade or allure unto lewdneſſe.*

Suborneur: m. *A ſuborner of witneſſes; a corrupter of others.*

Subrecart: m. *An aſſiſtant, or aſſociate; one whom a Judge calleth to ſit with him; one whom Phiſitians, for an important cure, or conſultation, chuſe to joyn with them. (v.m.)*

Subredorade: f. *A great Guilt-head, or the greateſt of Guilt-heads. (v.m.)*

Subreptice: com. *Subreptitious, or ſurreptitious; foiſted, or falſely crept in; ſuppoſed; indirectly come by.*

Subreptif: m. iue: f. *Subreptive; or, as* Subreptice.

Subreption: f. *A ſubreption; ſuppoſition, foiſting or falſe creeping in; alſo, a filching, purloyning, or ſtealing away.*

Subreptivement. *Subreptitiouſly, privily, under-hand, pilferingly, by ſtealth, by falſe meanes.*

† Subricant. *Look* Subrecart.

Subrogation: f. *A ſubrogation, ſubſtitution,*

deputation, appointing, another in the room of.

Subrogé : m. ée : f. *Subrogated, ſubſtituted, deputed, appointed in the room of another.*

Subroger. *To ſubrogate, ſubſtitute, depute, or appoint in the room of another.*

Subrogué, & Subroguer. *as* Subrogé, & Subroger.

Subſecutif : m. ive : f. *Subſecutive, conſequent ; immediately following or depending on, ſucceeding in the neck of.*

Subſecutivement. *Subſequently, conſequently, immediately, hard at the heeles of.*

Subſide : m. *Help, aid, aſſiſtance, relief, ſuccour ; alſo, a ſubſidy.*

Subſidiaire : com. *Subſidiary, ſuccouring ; aſſiſtant ; ſent, or given to the aid of.*

Subſidiairement. *Subſidiarily, helpingly, by way of ſuccour.*

Subſidier. *To lay ſubſidies on.*

Subſiſtence : f. *Subſiſtence, continuance, abode, remaining, a ſtanding to, or by, it.*

Subſiſter. *To ſubſiſt, abide, remain, ſtand his ground, keep or continue his place.*

Subſtance : f. *Subſtance, matter, ſtuffe.*

Subſtancier. *To ſuſtain, feed, nouriſh, fatten, ſtuffe with matter, fill with ſubſtance.*

Subſtanté, & Subſtanter. *Look* Suſtenté, &c.

† Subſtantifique : com. *Subſtantiall, or ſubſtance-yeelding.*

Subſtantieux : m. euſe : f. *Subſtantiall, ſtuffie.*

Subſtitu : m. *A Subſtitute ; a Deputy, Vicegerent, Lieutenant.*

Subſtitué : m. ée : f. *Subſtituted, deputed, ordained or put in the place of another.*

Subſtituer. *To ſubſtitute, ordaine, depute, appoint, place, or put in the roome of another.*

Subſtitut : m. *A ſubſtitute.*

Subſtitution : f. *A ſubſtitution, or deputation ; the appointing, or placing of one in the room of another.*

Subſtraction : f. *A ſubſtraction ; a withdrawing or taking away from, a diminution of.*

Subterfuge : m. *A ſubterfuge ; a ſhift ; a privy ſlip, craftie evaſion, cunning eſcape ; a corner or hole to ſlip into, or ſtink out at.*

Subterrain : m. aine : f. *Thats under the earth.*

Subtil : m. *A kind of ſmall gold or ſilver thread.*

Subtil : m. ile : f. *Subtill, craftie, wilie, witty, cunning.*

Subtilement. *Subtilly, wittily, cunningly, craftily.*

Subtiliant : m. ante : f. *Extenuating, ſubtilizing.*

Subtiliation : f. *A ſubtiliation, or ſubtilizing.*

Subtilier. *To ſubtilize, extenuate, make thinne, fine ; leſſe or more ſlender ; alſo, to plot, invent, contrive, deviſe ; imagine, muſe.*

Subtiliſement : m. *A ſubtilizing.*

Subtiliſer. *To ſubtilize ; to make thin, fine, ſmall.*

Subtiliſeur : m. *A ſubtilizer.*

Subtilité : f. *Subtilty, wittineſſe, craft, cunning.*

Subtilizer. *Look* Subtilier.

Subvenir. *To help, aid, ſuccour, aſſiſt, relieve, maintain.*

† Subventané : m. ée : f. *Windie, full of wind, that hath nothing but wind in it.*

Subvention : f. *Subvention, help, aid, reliefe, ſuccour ; alſo, a ſubſidy.*

Subvention de procez. *An impoſition of 10 ſ Tourn : upon every Action thats above, and 40 ſ upon every one that is under, 100 pounds.*

Subverſion : f. *A ſubverſion, ruine, overthrow.*

Subverti : m. ie : f. *Subverted, overturned, ruined, overthrown, deſtroyed.*

Subvertir. *To ſubvert, overturn, deſtroy, ruine, overthrow.*

Subvertiſeur : m. *A ſubverter, overturner, overthrower.*

Suc : m. *Sap, juice, moiſture.*

Succarin : m. ine : f. *Of ſugar. Look* Succrin.

Succeder. *To ſucceed, follow, enſue, have iſſue, come to, or come to paſſe ; alſo, to inherite.*

† Succelent. *Look* Succulent.

Succement : m. *A ſucking.*

Succentriné : m. ée : f. *Very finely ſearſed.*

Succenturieux : m. euſe : f. *Supplying the number, filling up the place, of one that is abſent or dead.*

Succer. *To ſuck.*

Succeron : m. *A certain little, and long-noſed veſſell of earth, whereby young infants are ſuckled, or fed.*

Succes : m. *Succeſſe, iſſue, event, the end, or falling out of a matter ; hap, luck.*

Succeſſeur : m. *A ſucceſſor, ſucceeder, ſollower.*

Succeſſif : m. ive : f. *Succeſſive, belonging to ſucceſſion.*

Succeſſion : f. *Succeſſion ; inheritance ; a ſucceeding, or following in the place of another.*

Par ſucceſſion de temps. *In time ; in tract, proceſſe, or continuance of time, after ſome daies or yeares.*

Succeſſivement. *Succeſſively, one after another.*

Succez. *Look* Succes.

Succif : m. ive : f. *Sucking ; or, which may be ſucked.*

Succinctement. *Succinctly, compendiouſly, ſhortly, briefely.*

† Succion : f. *A ſucking.*

Succocitrin. *Look* Cicotrin.

Succombé : m. ée : f. *Overcharged, overcome, failed, or fallen down through faintneſſe.*

Succomber. *To faile, faint, fall or lie down, under a burthen ; to yeeld, give way ; be ſubdued, overcharged, overcome.*

Succot. *Full of juice.*

Succoté. *Sucked gently, and ſmackingly ; alſo, kiſſed often.*

Succoter. *To ſuck gently, and ſmackingly ; alſo, to kiſſe often.*

Succotrin : m. *An extraordinary fine ſearſe ; alſo, as* Cicotrin.

Succotriné : m. ée : f. *Searſed very finely.*

Succré : m. ée : f. *Sugred, ſugry.*

Sucerin : m. ine : f. *Sugrie, of ſugar, mingled or ſeaſoned with ſugar, ſweet as ſugar.*

Allun ſuccrin. *Allum compounded of Roſewater, whites of egges, and roche Allum ; uſed much by ſome women for the cleanſing, or whitening of their faces.*

Succulent : m. ente : f. *Succulent, ſappie, moiſt, full of juice.*

† Succuſſation : f. *A hard ſhaking, a joulting, a violent jogging.*

Sucement : m. *A ſucking.*

Sucer. *To ſuck.*

Suceron : m. *Looke* Succeron.

Sucher. *The ſame.* ¶ Picard.

Suçotant. *Greedily, or gently, and ſmackingly, ſucking.*

Sucre : m. *Sugar.*

Sucre penidial. *Fine and white ſugar whereof Penets, &c. are made ; alſo the Penets themſelves.*

Sucré : m. *whince,* Faire le ſucré. *Look under* Faire.

Sucré : m. ée : f. *Sugred, ſugrie ; ſweet as, or ſweetned with, ſugar.*

Sucrée : f. *A nice, quaint, ſqueamiſh, or preciſe wench ; whence ;*

Faire la ſucrée. *To mince it, or make it goodly ; to ſhow her ſelf very coy.*

Sucrier : m. *A comfet-maker.*

Sucrin. *Look* Succrin.

Suction : f. *A ſucking.*

Sud : m. *The South.*

Sudorifique : com. *Procuring, or cauſing ſweat.*

Suée : f. *A ſweat, or ſweating.*

Sueil : m. *The threſhold of a doore ; alſo, the ſoile of a wild Boar ; the mire wherein he commonly walloweth.*

Suëment : m. *A ſweating.*

Suër. *To ſweat.*

Suërie : f. *A ſweating.*

Le païs de ſuërie. *Cornelius his Tub, a country frequented by the Pockie.*

Süeſt : m. *The Southeaſt wind.*

Suetolt : m. *The lumpe, puddle, ſea-Ondе ; (an ougly fiſh.)*

Suëue : f. *The ſweating ſickneſſe ; alſo, a kind of ſmall Dace, or Dare fiſh.*

Suëur : m. *A ſweater.*

Suëur : f. *Sweat.*

Suëux : m. euſe : f. *Sweating ; taking great paines.*

Suffire. *To ſuffice, content, ſatisfie, give enough unto, be ſufficient for.*

Suffiamment. *Sufficiently, fully, enough, with good ſatisfaction.*

Suffiſance : f. *Sufficiency, enough, fulneſſe, plenty, abundance, the belly-full ; ſatisfaction, contentment.*

Qui a ſuffiſance il a prou de bien, qui n'a ſuffiſance n'a rien ; Pro. *He thats content, of riches hath great ſtore, but he thats diſcontented is moſt poor.*

Suffiſant. *Sufficient, enough, full ; able, of worth.*

Suffiegan. ¶ Rab. *A Suffragan.*

Suffocation : f. *A ſuffocation, ſtifling, ſtrangling, whirkening, choaking.*

Suffoqué : m. ée : f. *Suffocated, ſtifled, choaked, whirkened, ſmothered, whoſe breath is ſtopped.*

Suffoquer. *To ſuffocate, ſmother, choake, ſtifle, ſtop the breath of.*

Suffragant : m. *A Suffragant, or Suffragan, a Biſhops deputy.*

Suffrage : m. *A ſuffrage, voice ; conſent, favour ; good word, in an election.*

Suffumigation : f. *A ſuffumigation ; a ſmoaking or fuming under ; the ſmoak which is, from under a ſtoole, received into the body, for the diſeaſes of the guts, fundament, or matrix.*

Suf-

Suffuſion : ſ. *A ſuffuſion, or powring upon ; a ſpreading abroad.*
Suffuſion des yeux. *A pin, or web in the eyes.*
Suggerer. *To ſuggeſt, prompt, or put in mind of ; alſo, to miniſter, give, yield, find, furniſh, or allow, unto.*
Suggeſtion : ſ. *A ſuggeſtion, prompting, telling, inducement, putting in mind of.*
Suggillation, & Suggiller. *as* Sugillation, &c.
Sugillation : ſ. *A black and blue marke or ſpot on the face, &c. by a blow ; alſo, the bloudſhot of an eye ; alſo, reproach, depravation, ſlaunder ; detraction.*
Sugillé : m. ée : ſ. *Marked with blacke, and blue ſpots ; alſo, nipped, taunted, galled, reproved ; blemiſhed, reproached, depraved.*
Sugiller. *To make black and blue with ſtrokes ; alſo, to nip, taunt, gall, reprove maliciouſly, reproach, blemiſh, deprave.*
Suject, ou Sujet. *Look* Subject.
Suiection. *Look* Subiection.
Suïer : m. *The Elder tree.*
Suif : m. *Tallow, ſuet, ſubſtantiall fat.*
Viſage de ſuif. *A tallow face ; bleake viſage, pale countenance.*
Suiffe. *The Deale tree, a kind of Firre ; (alſo, the Dace fiſh ; or as* Vandoiſe. ¶ Lionnois.)
† Suil : m. *The threſhold of a doore.*
† Suille com. *Hoggiſh.*
Suin : m. *The Elder tree.*
Suin de laine. *The filth, greaſineſſe, or oylineſſe of ſheeps wooll before it be waſhed.* (v.m.)
Suin de verre. *Sandever ; the fatty ſubſtance floating on glaſſe when it is red-hot in the furnace, and which being cold is as hard as ſtone, yet brittle, and eaſily broken.*
Suineux : m. euſe : ſ. *Greaſie, oylie, or filthie, as the unwaſhed wooll of ſheep.* (v.m.)
Suinter. *To give, yield, or ſweat, as ſtones againſt moiſt weather.*
Suite : ſ. *A ſuit, or purſuit, &c. as* Suitte.
Suites. *The cods of a wild-Boare.*
Suitte : ſ. *A chaſe, purſuit, proſecution of, ſuit againſt ; alſo, a ſequele, iſſue, conſequent, or conſequence ; alſo, a ſucceſſion, continuance, or unintermitted courſe of things ; alſo, the train, attendants, or followers of a (great) perſon ; the company he drawes along with him.*
Suitte en acquiſition, ou ſaiſie ; eſt, quand le creancier, ores que l'hypotheque luy manque, ne laiſſe de ſuyvre la choſe ſaiſie ſur ſon debteur, ſoit contre celuy qui l'achetée par apres, ou contre celuy qui l'a ſaiſie.
Suitte par hypotheque ; c'eſt quand vn creancier ſuit ſon hypotheque ou contre l'acquereur, ou contre le creancier poſterieur. ¶ L'Oiſeau.
Droict de ſuitte de beſtes ; de diſme ; & de gens, ou de perſonnes ſerves. *Look under* Droict.
Serfs de ſuitte. *Such as (like our villaines regardant to a Mannor) muſt not depart out of their Lords dominion or Territory ; or if they doe, he may purſue them whethersoever, and compell them to returne.*
Bourſe n'a ſuitte. *When a tenant workes in the tythe-grounds of a forreine Lord with hired cattell ; or when he himſelfe is hired to worke in them for money, his Lord can have no advantage againſt him by his priviledge of*
Suitte de diſme ; (*for which look under* Droict.)
Meuble n'a point de ſuitte par hypotheque, viz. l'acquereur du meuble hypothequé n'en peut eſtre inquieté : Et, la ſuitte, & ordre d'hypotheque n'a lieu aux meubles entre pluſieurs creanciers auſquels ils ſont hypothequez. ¶ L'Oiſeau.
Suittes. *Look* Suites.
Suivamment. *Conſequently, afterwards.*
Suivant : m. *A ſollower.*
Les ſuivants. *The Maſters of Requeſts, tearmed ſo in old time.*
Le plus proche ſuivant du degré. *The next full kinſman, or the next heire.*
Suivre. *Look* Struvre.
Sul : m. *An Elder tree.*
Sulphureitez : ſ. *Sulphury things.*
Sulphureux : m. euſe : f. *Sulphurous, full of ſulphure.*
Sulphurin : m. ine : f. *Sulphury, of ſulphure.*
Suls : m. *An Elder tree.*
Vn Canon de ſuls. *A kex ; or, a hollow ſtick, or branch of Elder ; or, a Pot-gun made thereof.*
Sultan : m. *A Sultan, or Souldan ; a King, Prince, or Soveraigne ; alſo, a Turkiſh coyne of gold worth about vjs vjd ſterling.*
Sultane : ſ. *as* Soutane ; *alſo, a Sultanneſſe ; or ſoveraign Princeſſe.*
Sultanin. *A Turkiſh coyne of gold worth about vijs vjd ſterling.*
Sumach. *Sumach, Curriers Sumach, leather Sumach ; (a ſhrub.)* (v.m.)
Sumach de cuiſine. *The berry, or fruit of that ſhrub, uſed heretofore inſtead of ſalt, eſpecially in ſawces ; whence, as it ſeems, we call it, meat Sumack, and ſawce Sumack.*
† Sumelle. *Look* Semelle.
Sumerger. *To ſinke, ſubmerge, overwhelme, drown.*
Sumettre. *Look* Soubmettre.
Sumis : m. iſe : f. *Submitted, humbled, ſubjected, or yielded unto.*
Sumptüaire. *Look* Somptüaire.
Sumptuoſité : ſ. *Sumptuouſneſſe, great coſtlineſſe, waſtfulneſſe, exceſſive expence.*
Superabondance : ſ. *Superabundance, ſuperfluity, exceſſe, overmuch.*
Superabonder. *To ſuperabound, exceed, be exceſſive, tend to ſuperfluity.*
Superbe : com. *Proud, high-minded, arrogant, ſurly, diſdainfull ; haughty, loftie, ſtately, ſumptuous ; magnificent, majeſticall.*
Supercedé : m. ée : f. *Surceaſſed, left off, given over.*
Articles ſupercedez. *Parts of an accompt neither allowed, nor utterly rejected, upon the accomptants humble ſuit for a further day to bring in ſome principall acquittances, or pieces of importance ; which day if he ſlip, he fals into arrerage, and an Execution is preſently awarded againſt him.*
Superceder. *To ſurceaſſe, leave off, give over.*
Superceſſion. *Look* Supercſſion.
Supercherie : ſ. *Supercbery ; foule play ; an injury, wrong, affront, bravado, aſſault, on a ſuddaine, or upon great advantage ;* (vn mauvais tour à l'impourveu ;) *alſo, a ſuperfluity, overplus, or overcharge.*
Supereminence : ſ. *Supereminence, prerogative, excellencie above others.*
Superengendrez. *Children begot at ſeverall times by ſuperfetation.*
Superer. *To vanquiſh, overcome, ſurmount, paſſe, exceed, excell.*
Supereroguer. *To ſuperarogate, give overplus, doe more then needs, or is required.*
† Superfetation. *Look* Superfoetation.
Superficie : ſ. *The ſuperficies, or ſurface ; the outſide, or outmoſt part of a thing.*
Superficiel : m. *The ſame.*
Superficiel : m. elle : f. *Superficiall, outward, exterior, utmoſt.*
Ventre ſuperficiel. *as* Epigaſtre.
Superficiellement. *Superficially, outwardly.*
Superflu : m. *A ſuperfluity, overplus, exceſſe.*
Superflu : m. uë : f. *Superfluous, profuſe, exceſſive, overmuch.*
Superfluité : ſ. *Superfluity, exceſſe, profuſeneſſe, an overplus, more then needs.*
† Superfoetation : ſ. *A ſuperfetation, or ſecond conceiving ; a breeding of young upon young.*
† Superfoeter. *To conceive a ſecond time, to breed young upon young.*
† Supergurgiter. *To overflow* (*an Inkhorniſme in* Rabelais.)
Superieur : m. eure : f. *Superiour, upper, higher, better, former, elder, ſenior.*
Superimpoſer. *To ſuperimpoſe, ſurcharge, or charge anew ; to lay new impoſitions on things already taxed.*
Superimpoſition : ſ. *A ſuperimpoſition, or ſurcharge ; an impoſition upon an impoſition.*
Superintendance : ſ. *Superintendencie, a principall overſight, government, or care over.*
Superintendant : m. *A Superintendent ; a principall overſeer.*
Superintendant des finances. *The Superintendent, or chiefe* Intendant *of the Exchequer ; is, in all points of authority, equall with the Lord high Treaſurer of* France (*an Officer of long time out of date ;*) *yet is he but a Commiſſioner, whereas the Treaſurer was an Officer of the Crown.*
Superiorité : ſ. *Superiority, prehemineuce, elderſhip, ſeniority.*
Superlatif : m. iue : ſ. *Superlative, exceeding, paſſing, of the higheſt degree ; alſo, loſty, ſtately, haughty, all on the huffe.*
Superlativement. *Superlatively, exceedingly, in the higheſt degree ; alſo, loftily, haughtily, in a huffe.*
Supernater. *To ſwim above, aloft, or over, to float on ; alſo, to overflow.*
Supernaturel : m. elle : f. *Supernaturall, metaphiſicall, above nature.*
Supernaturellement. *Supernaturally.*
Supernel : m. elle : f. *Supernall, high, chiefe, above.*
Supernellement. *Supernally, highly, as high, from above.*

Super-

Supernumeraire : com. *Supernumerary, over and beſides the juſt or prefixed number, ſuperfluous, redundant, overplus.*

Superſcription : f. *A ſuperſcription, inſcription, title.*

Superſedé : m. ée : f. *Surceaſed, &c.* Look Supercedé.

Superſeſſion : f. *A ſurceaſing, leaving off, giving over ; end in Exchequer matters, the ſuſpenſion of an Accompt upon the Accomptants humble ſuit for a further day to bring in ſome principall Acquittance, or Inſtrument for his full diſcharge, which if he faile to doe, he is forthwith ſeverely proceeded againſt.*

Superſtitieuſement. *Superſtitiouſly, overſcrupulouſly, ceremoniouſly, curiouſly.*

Superſtitieux : m. euſe : f. *Superſtitious, overſcrupulous, too ceremonious, more curious about, or fearefull of, a (divine) thing then needs.*

Superſtition : f. *Superſtition ; exceſſe of ſcruple or ceremony in matters of religious, idle worſhip, vaine reverence ; a ſuperfluous, needleſſe, or ill-governed devotion.*

Supinateur : m. *A muſcle in the wriſt, ſerving to turne the palme of the hand upwards.*

Suppedité : m. ée : f. *Throughly ſupplied, furniſhed, or miniſtred unto ; alſo, fully ſubdued, vanquiſhed, or trodden on.*

Suppediter. *To ſupply throughly, furniſh ſufficiently, give or miniſter enough unto ; alſo, to vanquiſh, overcome, ſubdue, tread or bring under.*

Suppied : m. *A footſtoole, or any thing ſet under the foot for the better ſetling, or ſtay thereof.*

Suppied d'orgues. *The footſtoole, or pedalls to a paire of Organs.*

Supplanté : m. ée : f. *Supplanted, rooted, or tripped up ; overthrowne, trodden under foot ; alſo, prevented, beguiled, or beguiled by prevention.*

Supplanter. *To ſupplant, root or trip up, ſoyle or put under foot ; alſo, to prevent, beguile, deceive, or deceive by preventing.*

Suppléer. *To ſupply, furniſh, cloſe, fill, or make up.*

Supplément : m. *A ſupplement, ſupply, ſupplying ; a furniſhing, filling, or making up of defective numbers, empty roomes, void places, &c.*

Suppleſſe : f. *Suppleneſſe, pliableneſſe, activity, nimbleneſſe.*

Suppliant : m. *A ſuppliant, petitioner, humble ſuitor.*

Suppliant : m. ante : f. *Suppliant, beſeeching.*

Supplication : f. *A ſupplication, prayer, humble requeſt or ſuit ; alſo, a little packet of grapes wrapped up in fig-leaves one by one, and thereby laſting, at the leaſt, two yeares.*

Supplice : m. *Puniſhment, chaſtiſement, correction, torment.*

Nul vice ſans ſon ſupplice ; Prov. *No vice without its puniſhment ; or, each vice is to it ſelfe a puniſhment.*

Tel vice tel ſupplice ; Prov. *Like paine ſhall chaſtice thine exceſſe to that wherein thou didſt tranſgreſſe.*

Supplier. *Humbly to pray, petition, intreat, requeſt, beſeech, or be ſuitor unto.*

† Suppliment. Look Supplement.

Support : m. *Support ; a prop, or ſtay ; favour, maintenance ; help, ſuccour, aſſiſtance.*

Supportable : com. *Supportable, tollerable, bearable.*

Supportation : f. *A ſupportation ; bearing, abiding ; a boulſtering, ſuccouring, aſſiſting.*

Ce qui ſoit dit avec ſupportation, viz. *by favour, or under correction.*

Supporté : m. ée : f. *Supported, ſuſtained, boulſtered, borne with, or up ; favoured, aſſiſted, ſuccoured ; tollerated, ſuffered, indured.*

Supporter. *To ſupport, ſuſtaine, ſtay or heave up ; to boulſter, favour ; aſſiſt, ſuccour ; to tollerate, indure, abide, or heave with.*

Supposé : m. ée : f. *Supposed, imagined, meant, underſtood ; alſo, underſet, or put under ; and ſuppoſitious, ſuborned, foiſted, or put in for another ; whence ;*

Enfant ſuppoſé. *A changeling.*

Supposé que. *(Adverbially ; or as an abſolute Ablative ;) albeit, although, notwithſtanding, or howſoever that.*

Suppoſement : m. *A ſupponing, or putting of a thing under another ; a ſuborning, foiſting, forging, thruſting of bad ſtuffe among, or in lieu of, that which is good.*

Suppoſer. *To ſuppone ; to put, lay, or ſet under ; to ſuborne, forge, counterfeit, foiſt or thruſt in falſe things among, or in ſtead of, true ; alſo, to ſuppoſe, imagine, mean, underſtand, more then's expreſſed.*

Suppoſer vn enfant. *To change a child.*

Suppoſeur : m. *A ſubborner, foiſter, forger, counterfeiter.*

Suppoſitoire : m. *A Suppoſitary ; made of honey, and ſalt boyled unto the conſiſtence of paſte, and faſhioned ſomwhat like a finger.*

Suppoſt : m. *A Deputy, one that is put in the roome of another ; a ſubborned, counterfeit, forged, or foiſted-in piece ; alſo, a diſciple, or ſcholler ; alſo, an inferiour, or under officer in a Court of Juſtice.*

Vn ſuppoſt du diable. *A limme of the devill.*

Quelque bon ſuppoſt vous le dira. *Some good fellow or other will tell it you.*

Suppreſſion : f. *Suppreſſion, a ſuppreſſing or holding downe ; a concealement ; a ſtopping, or ſtaying.*

Supprimé : m. ée : f. *Suppreſſed, held down, kept under ; hidden, concealed ; ſtopped, retained, reſtrained ; ſuffocated ; baſe, low, ſoft ; ſhort.*

Supprimer. *To ſuppreſſe, repreſſe, oppreſſe ; hold under, keep downe ; conceale, hide ; ſtop, retain, reſtrain, unlawfully ; ſuffocate ; humble.*

Suppuratif : m. ive : f. *Suppurative, mattering, drawing to a head, cauſing to mattar.*

Suppuration : f. *A ſuppuration, or mattering ; a gathering to a mattery head ; alſo, a breaking and cleanſing thereof.*

Suppuré : m. ée : f. *Suppured, grown mattary ; reſolved into mattar ; alſo, voided, or drained of ſuch mattar ; fully cleanſed.*

Suppurer. *To ſuppure ; a byle, or impoſtume to become ſoft, reſolve into mattar, or grow to a mattary head ; alſo, to break, and void, or draine it ; fully to cleanſe it.*

Supputation : f. *A ſupputation, account, reckoning, ſuppoſition, conjecture, ſurmiſe.*

Sur : m. *The South.*

Sur : m. ſure : f. *Sowre, ſharpe, eager, tart.*

Sur. *On, upon, over, above ; before, at, by, hard by, toward, about ; alſo, touching, or concerning.*

Avoir vn jeu ſur. *To have a game with.*

Surabonder. *To ſuperabound, redound, exceed, overflow.*

Surachapt : m. *An overbuying ; a bargaine too dearly bought, or for which too much hath been given.*

Suracheter. *To overbuy, pay too dearly, give too much for.*

Suradjouſter. *To give vantage, adde more, put moreover.*

Suragé : m. ée : f. *Decrepite, over-old, growne ſowre in yeares.*

Sural : m. ale : f. *as* Sur ; *or, ſowriſh.*

Surale : f. *A great veine under the bought of the knee ; Look under* Veine.

Surandoillier : m. *The brankler, or ſecond branch of a Deares head.* Look Surendouiller.

Surannation : f. *A growing old, ſtale, or above a yeares date ; and, a cauſe not followed or called on, a ſentence, commiſſion, or command not executed, within the yeare and day.*

Suranné : m. ée : f. *Above a yeare paſſed or old, of more then one yeares date or age ; alſo, ſtale, paſt the beſt, overworn with yeares.*

Suranner. *To paſſe, or exceed the compaſſe of a yeare ; to be of more then one yeares date or age ; alſo, to heap yeares upon yeares, grow ſtale, wax very old.*

Suranter. *To groſſe, ſettle, or faſten upon.*

Surattendre. *To goe faire and ſoftly before, to ſlack his pace that another may overtake him ; to attend or ſtay for, not altogether, but in paſſing eaſily forward ; alſo, to attend, or wait too long.*

Qui bien attend ne ſurattend ; Prov. *He that expects good luck ſtayes not too long ; or, he that waits to good purpoſe overwaits not.*

Suravancer. *To advance too faire, or upon.*

Surbaigné : m. ée : f. *Bathed, bedewed over.*

Surbaiſé ; *whence,* Voute ſurbaiſée. *A flat vault, or arche.*

Surbandé : m. ée : f. *Bound, welted, or garded over.*

Surbaſtir. *To build upon.*

Surbatture : f. *A ſurbating.*

Sur-belheur : m. *The name of a certaine tart Apple.*

Surboire. *To drink upon, or drinke more then is needfull after, meat.*

Surceance. Look Surſeance.

Surcens : m. *A Cens raiſed upon a Cens ; a ſecond rent, or Cens created upon the alienation of land* Cenſuel ; *as when a tenant* Cenſier *paſſes away his eſtate with reſervation of a rent or Cens to himſelfe, beſides that which was formerly due, and is ſtill to be payed, unto the Lord.*

Surcenſe :

Surcenſe : m. *as* Sureens.
Surcenſier : m. *One that charges land with a new, or ſecond* Cens.
Surcenſier : m. ere : f. *whence,* Rente ſurcenſiere, *as* Surcens.
Surcharge : f. *A ſurcharge, or new charge; a charge upon a charge, load upon a load, burthen upon burthen.*
Surcharger. *To ſurcharge; overload, overburthen; or, lay load upon load, burthen upon burthen.*
Surciel : m. *The teſter of a cloth of State, &c. the part thereof which hangs, commonly in a ſquare forme, over the Princes head.*
† Surconcevoir. *To conceive young upon young; or, as* Superfoeter.
Surcot : m. *An upper kirtle; or garment worne over a kirtle.*
Surcottier : m. *The tenant unto a* Cottier; *he to whom a* Cottier *hath let his land for a Rent, or* Cens.
Surcottiere : f. *Land, or an eſtate in land, held of a* Cottier *by Rent, or* Cens.
Surcouvert : m. te : f. *Covered over.*
Surcouvrir. *To cover over.*
Surcreſt : m. *A creſt upon a creſt; an upper top, or creſt.*
Surcrez. *as* Surcroiſt.
Surcroiſt : m. *A ſurpluſage, over-meaſure, vantage, addition, amends; alſo, an overgrowing, a riſing or ſpringing up on.*
Surcroiſtre. *To overgrow; to riſe or ſpring up on.*
Surculeux : m. euſe : f. *Full of hard ſhootes, ſlips, or ſprigs.*
Surdaſtre : com. *Deafiſh; ſomewhat deafe, hard or thick of hearing.*
Surdité : f. *Deafneſſe.*
Surdoré : m. ée : f. *Gilt over.*
Surdorer. *To gild over.*
Surdoreur : m. *A gilder over.*
Surdoreure : f. *A gilding over.*
Sureau : m. *An Elder tree. Look* Suſeau.
Sureau aquatic. *The water Elder, Whitten tree, Ople tree, Dwarfe-plane tree.*
Sureau de marais. *The ſame; or mariſh Elder.*
Sureau de montaigne. *The mountaine Elder, the wild Elder.*
Surelle : f. *Sorrell.*
Suremplir. *To fill up, or to over-fill.*
Surendouiller, ou Surentouiller : m. *The Royall of a Stag, the Beancier of a Bucke; the ſecond branch on either of their heads.*
Surer. *Look* Seurer.
Sureté : f. *Surety, ſafety, ſecurity, aſſurance.*
Surface : f. *The ſurface; the ſuperficies or upper part, the firſt ſhew or outward face, of things.*
Surfaire. *To overpriſe, to hold at an overdeere rate.*
Surfaiſeur : m. *One that overpriſeth his ware.*
Surfaix : m. *A ſurſengle, or long girth.*
Surflorir. *To bloſſome upon the fruit, or to bloome or bloſſome after the firſt bloſſomes are vaded.*
Surflot : m. *The riſing of billow upon billow, or the interchanged ſwelling of ſeverall waves.*
Surflotter. *To float or ſwim upon.*
Surfoncier : m. ere : f. *whence,* Rente ſurfonciere ; à la difference de la premiere rente fonciere, qui eſt la plus ancienne, & premierement creée.
Surfondu : m. uë : f. *Melted away; alſo, powred upon.*
Surfondre. *To melt away; alſo, to powre upon.*
Surfriſer. *To friſle over, to curle upon.*
Surgallion : com. *A ſloven, or ſlut (at* Blois.*)*
Surgeon. *Look* Sourgeon.
Surgeonner. *To ſhoot out, ſpring, ſpurt up.*
Surgermé : m. ée : f. *Sprung up, ſpred abroad.*
Surgetté : m. ée : f. *Overcaſt.*
Surgi : m. ie : f. *Arrived, come to ſhore, or neere the ſhore.*
Surgidoir : m. *as* Surgidoire.
Surgidoire : f. *A road, gu'fe, or boſome of the ſea, for ſhips to vide in; (ſometimes alſo the oppoſite, a Promontory, Cape, or Bay of land entring into the ſea; belike becauſe they alwayes afford a riding for ſhips;) alſo, the hole, or hollow of an impoſtume, or mattary ſore.*
Surgir. *To arrive, take land, go aſhore; or to vide, or draw, neer the ſhore.*
Surgiſſant : m. ante : f. *Arriving, comming to ſhore; or riding, as a ſhip, neere the ſhore.*
Surgiſſement : m. *An arriving, taking land, going aſhore; or a riding, or drawing, neere the ſhore.*
Surguinder. *To boiſe up on high.*
Surhaſté : m. ée : f. *Precipitated, overhaſtened; haſtened unſeaſonably, or before it time.*
Surhaſter. *To precipitate, overhaſten, haſten unſeaſonably, or before it time.*
Se ſurhaſter. *To make too much haſte, or more haſte then good ſpeed.*
Surhauſſer. *To boiſe, raiſe, or lift up on high.*
Se ſurhauſſer. *To ſwell, riſe, increaſe.*
Suriect : m. *A covering, or over-caſting.*
Droict de ſuriect. *Power to add unto the laſt price that's offered at an Outcry.*
Suriectement : m. *An overcaſting, or caſting upon.*
Suriecter. *To overcaſt, or caſt upon.*
† Surilluſtre : com. *Superexcellent, moſt illuſtrious, exceedingly renowned.*
Surimpoſition : f. *A ſurcharge; an overgreat impoſition, or, an impoſition raiſed upon an impoſition.*
Surintendance : f. *Superintendency, an overſeeing.*
Surintendant : m. *A ſuperintendent, an overſeer.*
Surjon. *Look* Sourgeon.
Surlié : m. ée : f. *Tyed over, bound upon.*
Surlier. *To tye over, to bind upon.*
Surluire. *To ſhine, or caſt a great light upon.*
Surmaçonner. *To build upon, or over.*
Surmanger. *To eat upon, or immediately after, a meale; to eat more; to overeat.*
Surmacher. *To tread, or go upon.*
Surmeule : f. *An upper Mill-ſtone.*
Surmeſure : f. *Over-meaſure, too great meaſure.*
Surmontable : com. *Surmountable, ſurpaſſable, exceedable; ſubduable.*
Surmonté : m. ée : f. *Surmounted, ſurpaſſed, exceeded; ſubdued, vanquiſhed, overcome.*
Surmontement : m. *A ſurmounting, ſurpaſſing, exceeding; ſubduing, overcoming.*
Surmontement des iouës. *A chuffie outſtanding, or ſwelling of the cheeks, beyond all due, and comely proportion.*
Surmonter. *To ſurmount, ſurpaſſe, get before; goe beyond; to ſubdue, vanquiſh, overcome.*
Surmouſt : m. *New or ſweet wine.*
Surmulet : m. *A ſore Mullet; or, the great ſea-Barbell.*
Surnager. *To float, ſwimme aloft, over, or upon.*
Surnaiſſance : f. *An overgrowth, or growing upon.*
Surnaiſſant. *Growing over, or upon; ſucceeding.*
Surnaiſtre. *To grow over, or upon; to ſucceed of.*
Surnom : m. *A ſurname.*
Surnommé : m. ée : f. *Surnamed.*
Surnommer. *To give a ſurname unto.*
Surnoyer. *To overdrowne, overwhelme, overtop, overgrow.*
Suroeſt : m. *The Southweſt wind.*
Suroindre. *To annoint upon, or over.*
Suronder. *To float upon the waves.*
Surop. *Look* Syrop.
Suroreillet. *To round, or whiſper in the eare.*
Suros : m. *A bony, and vicious excreſcence, growing about the cornet of a horſes foot (and then called a ring-bone) or upon his ſhin-bone (and then called a knee, or knob.)*
Surot. *as* Suros.
Surpaſſer. *To ſurpaſſe, goe beyond, exceed, ſurmount, excell.*
Surpayer. *To pay too dearly for.*
Surpeau : f. *An upper skinne.*
Surpelis : m. *A Surplis.*
Surpendant : m. ante : f. *Hanging over, or upon.*
Surpendre. *To hang up, over, or upon.*
Surpendu : m. uë : f. *Hanged up, over, or upon.*
Clef ſurpenduë. *Look under* Clef.
Surpenduë : f. *A jetty; an out-jutting roome, &c. as* Soupenduë; *alſo, a roome, or falſe floure to lay wood in, gained betweene a ſellar, (for that purpoſe made the deeper) and the roome which is next above it.*
Surpente : f. *The ſame in the firſt ſence; or, as* Soupenduë.
Surpoids : m. *Over-weight, or weight above juſt weight; the overplus of weight put into the ſcale of a balance, and making it weigh downe, or over-weigh that which is in the other ſcale.*
Surpepon : m. *A great Melon, or Pumpion.*
Surplis : m. *A Surplis.*
Surplus : m. *A ſurpluſage, remainder, overplus.*
Au ſurplus. (*Adverbially*) *beſides, over, above, over and beſides, over and above, moreover, further more.*
Surpoil : m. *as* Serpan.
Surpoinct : m. *Speth greaſe; an oylie greaſe ſcummed from pieces of liquored leather ſodden in water for that purpoſe.*
Surpoiſer. *To over-weigh, or weigh downe, a thing weighed with it.*
Surpoix. *Over-weight. Look* Surpoids.

Sur-

Surpoſte : f. *A hurt upon the Cornet of a horſes foot, by croſſing one foot over another.*

Surpendre. *To ſurpriſe ; to take napping, tardy, at unawares, in a trip, in the manner, in the deed doing ; alſo, to prevent, intercept, or overtake ; alſo, to beguile, ſupplant, circumvent, overreach.*

Surpreneur : m. *A ſurpriſor ; oppreſſor ; overreacher, cheater, conſener, crafty dealer.*

Surprins : m. inſe : f. *Surpriſed ; tripped, taken napping, or tardy ; or in the manner ; found in the deed doing ; alſo, prevented, intercepted, or overtaken ; alſo, beguiled, overrought, ſupplanted, circumvented ; alſo, oppreſſed, or hard laied to on the ſuddaine.*
La nuict nous a ſurprins. *Night us ſtollen upon us, or hath overtaken us, ere we were aware.*

Surprinſe : f. *A ſurpriſall, or ſuddaine taking ; an aſſaulting, or comming upon, a man ere he is aware ; a tripping, taking tardy ; finding in the manner ; alſo, a trick, ſallacy, ſubtilty, cavill, ſhift, evaſion ; a deceitfull quirke, or quiddity uſed by cunning Pettifogger.*

Surpris : m. *Too great a price ; a price exceeding the worth of that for which it is demanded, or bidden.*

Surquanie : f. *Look* Souquenie. *(v. m.)*

Surquerir. *To queſtion too buſily with.*

Surreptice : com. *Surreptitious, &c. Look* Subreptice.

Surreption : f. *Look* Subreption.

† Surreſter. *To reſt, or pawſe upon.*

Surrogation. *Look* Subrogation.

Surrogué : m. ée : f. *Surrogated, ſubſtituted, appointed in the roome of another.*

Surroguer. *To Surrogate, ſubſtitute, place, depute, or appoint in the room of another.*

Surſaillant : m. ante : f. *Overpeering ; leaping on, or over ; ſpringing, or ſpurting over.*

Surſaille : f. *as* Surſault ; *alſo, a leaping on, or over ; alſo, an overpeering, or overgrowing.*

Surſaillir. *To leap on, or over ; alſo, to overpeere, overgrow, ſpring or ſhurt over ; alſo, to ſtart up ſuddainely, as one thats awaked by a great noiſe, &c.*

Surſangle : f. *A ſurſengle, or long girth.*

Surſault : m. *A ſuddaine ſtarting, or ſurpriſe that makes one ſtart.*
En ſurſault. *In a ſtart, unawares, on a ſuddaine.*

Surſaulter. *To leap, or ſpring over ; to leap, or jert out on a ſuddaine ; alſo, to ſtart.*

Surſaut, & Surſauter. *as* Surſault, & Surſaulter.

Surſeance : f. *A ſurceaſing, or giving over ; a pawſe, intermiſſion, delay.*

Surſeant : m. ante : f. *Surceaſing, or giving over ; pawſing, intermitting, delaying ; alſo, as* Reſſeant.

Surſelle : f. *A broad, and great band, or thong of ſtrong leather, &c. ſaſtned on either ſide of a thill, and bearing upon the pad, or ſaddle, of the thill-horſe : About London it is called the Ridge-rope.*

Surſemé : m. ée : f. *Sowen, or ſtrewed upon ; alſo, meaſeld as a Hog.*

Surſemer. *To ſow, ſtrew, or ſprinkle upon.*

Surſemeur : m. *A ſower, or ſtrewer.*
Surſemeur de noiſes. *A make-bate, firebrand of contention, quarrell-breeder, diſſention-ſower.*

Surſemure : f. *The meaſeldneſſe of Hogs.*

Surſeoir. *To ſurceaſe, pawſe, intermit, leave off, give over, delay or ſtay for a time.*

Surſis : m. iſe : f. *Surceaſed, intermitted, left off, given over, ſtayed or delayed for a time.*

Surſomme : f. *Over-weight, an over-heavy burthen ; whence ;*
La ſurſomme abbat l'aſne ; Prov. *An extreme burthen ſwaies the ſilly Aſſe.*

Surſoulte : f. *Too much boot given in exchange, &c.*

Surſoyer. *as* Surſeoir.

Surſueil : m. *The upper ſill, or head-peece of a door ; the peece of timber that lies over a door.*

Surtaux : f. *An over-teſſing, over-rating, hoiſting, ſurcharging, in the Subſidie book, &c.*

Surtaxé : m. ée : f. *Over-teſſed, hoiſted, ſurcharged.*

Surtiſſu : m. uë : f. *Woven, or whipt over with.*

† Surtomber. *To fall over, or upon.*

Survaleur : f. *Over-value.*

Surveille : f. *The day before the eve of a (great) holy-day.*

Survenance : f. *An accident, hap, chance, unexpected occurrence.*

Survenant : m. ante : f. *Happening, chanceing, occurring, befalling.*

Survendre. *To overſell.*

Survenement : m. *Look* Survenuë ; *or, a happening, chancing, befalling ; and a relieving, helping, ſuccouring.*

Survenir. *To happen, chance, fall out, light, befall, ſtep in unlooked for, occurre, or come on a ſuddaine ; alſo, to relieve, help, ſuccour.*

Survenu : m. uë : f. *Happened, chanced, light, fallen out, befallen, ſtept in unlooked for, occurred or come on a ſuddaine ; alſo, relieved, helped, ſuccoured.*

Survenuë : f. *An accident, or unexpected occurrence ; a ſtepping, or comming in unlooked for ; a ſuddaine lighting on, or falling into, company.*

Surverſer. *To powre upon.*

Survеſtement : m. *An upper garment.*

Surveſtir. *To put aloft upon, or cover over with, a garment.*

Survivance : f. *A ſurvivancy, ſurviving, outliving ; alſo, a remainder after a life.*
Survivance d' office. *A reſignation of an Office, not abſolute, but implying a condition, that the Reſignor may, if he will, enjoy it wholly during his life, and otherwiſe diſpoſe of it if he happen to ſurvive the Reſignee.*

Survivant : m. *A ſurvivor, outliver, overliver.*

Survivant : m. ante : f. *Surviving, outliving.*

Survivre. *To ſurvive, outlive, overlive, remaine after others.*

Survoler. *To flie over.*

Survoleter. *To flicker, or hover over.*

Survuidé : m. ée : f. *Emptied out of one veſſell into another.*

Survuider. *To empty out of one veſſell into another.*

Sus. *On, up, upon, over, above.*
Sus avant. *On before, forward there hoe.*

† Suſan : m. *A yeer and day paſt ; or the paſſing of a yeer and day, without performing that which ſhould have been done within it.*

† Suſanné : m. ée : f. *Look* Suranné.

† Suſanner. *as* Suranner.

Suſat. *Of Elder, or Elder flowers ; whence,*
Vinaigre ſuſat. *Elder Vinegar.*

Susbarbe d'une bride. *The noſe-band of a bridle.*

Susbout. *(Adverb.) Up, an end.*

Suſcept : m. *A ſubject, or one that lives under the protection of another.*

Suſceptible : com. *Suſceptible, capable.*

Suſcet. *as* Suſcept.

Suſcitateur : m. *A raiſer, a worker, inciter, provoker, ſtirrer up.*

Suſcitation : f. *A ſuſcitation, awaking, raiſing, inciting, or ſtirring up.*

Suſciter. *To ſuſcitate, awake, raiſe, quicken, kindle, incite, ſtir up.*

Suſciteur : m. *A raiſer, awaker, kindler, quickner, inciter, ſtirrer up.*

Suſclavier : m. ere : f. *Upon the kannell bone ; whence ;* Veine ſuſclaviere. *The ſecond maine aſcendent branch of the hollow veine.*

Suſcouche : f. *The night-mare.*

Suſeau : m. *An Elder tree. Look* Sureau.
Suſeau bas. *as* Suſeau femelle.
Suſeau femelle. *Wallwort, Dancwort, Bloudwort, dwarfe Elderne.*
Petit ſuſeau. *The ſame.*

Suſeſpineux : m. euſe : f. *Reſting upon the back-bone ; whence ;*
Muſcle ſuſeſpineux. *A muſcle whereby the arme is raiſed, or drawn upwards.*

Suslambris : m. *The upper ſeeling of a houſe, &c.*

Suſpect : m. ecte : f. *Suſpected, doubted, miſtruſted, had in jealouſie.*

Suſpection : f. *Suſpition, jealouſie.*

Suſpend. *as* Suſpens.

Suſpendre. *To ſuſpend ; remove, depoſe, deprive, diſcharge for a time ; alſo, to defer, delay, keep in doubt, hold off with uncertaine teazmes.*

Suſpendu : m. uë : f. *Suſpended ; depoſed, removed, or diſcharged for a time ; alſo, deferred, put off, delayed, held in ſuſpence.*

Suſpens. *Doubtfull, uncertaine, in ſuſpence.*

Suſpenſif : m. ive : f. *Suſpenſive, ſuſpending, only for a time.*

Suſpenſion : f. *A ſuſpenſion, or ſuſpending ; a depoſall, remove, or diſcharge, onely for a time.*

Suſpenſoire : com. *Hanging, dangling, ſwinging ; ſuſpenſory, in ſuſpence.*

Suſpenſoires. *Certaine cords, or ſtrings (hanging from the bedſtead) for a ſick man to take hold of, and beare up himſelf with, when he would remove, or alter his lying.*

Suſpied. *(Adverb.) up, or a foot.*

Suſtenté : m. ée : f. *Suſtained, fed, nouriſhed ; maintained ; comforted.*

Suſtenter. *To ſuſtaine, feed, nouriſh, find ; maintaine ; comfort.*

† Suſtentifique : com. *Suſtaining, feeding, nouriſhing, maintaining.*

Sus-teſt : m. *The Pericranion, or skin that covers the ſkull.*

Suſteſte d'une bride. *The head-peece of a bridle.*

Sus-ventre. *as* Epigaſtre.

Suſueſt : m. *A Southweſt wind.*

Sutin : m. *The ſweating ſickneſſe.*

Suture : f. *A ſuture, or ſeame ; a ſowing, joyning, or faſtening together.*

Suture coronale. *The coronall ſuture; a ſeame which compaſſes the forehead, or forepart of the head in forme of a halfe circle.*

Suture Lambdoïde. *A ſuture in the hinder part of the ſkull, toward the bottome whereof it begins, and ends when it meets with the* Sagitale.

Suture Mendeuſe. *The ſuture, whereby the bone of the temples is divided from the ſkull.*

Suture ſagitale. *The ſeame which running ſtraight on the top of the ſcull, divides the right ſide from the left, and (ſometimes) deſcends even to the noſe.*

Suture ſeameuſe. *as* Mendeuſe.

Suture ſeiche. *A cloſing up of wounds (eſpecially in the face) by gluing on either ſide thereof a piece of indented cloth, whoſe points anſwering one another, are gently drawn together with needle and thred.*

Suture ſphenoïde. *A falſe ſuture in the end, or bottome of the noddle, whence it paſſes under the* Os coniugal, *and ends neer the ends of the Coronall ſuture.*

Suvereau: m. *The great baſtard Mackarell.* ℣ Marſeillois.

Suye: f. *Soot of a chimney; any bleach.*

Suye d'Encens. *Soot of Incenſe, burnt (of purpoſe for the ſoot) in a cloſe pot; of an abſterſive, and cooling property; cleanſes, and fills up the ulcers, and appeaſes the heats and inflammations, of the eyes.*

Suye des Peintres. *Painters ſoot; a corroſive, and aſtringent ſtuffe gotten in Glaſſe-houſes.*

Suyer: m. *An Elder tree.*

Suyn de laine. *Look* Suin.

Suyne: f. *A precious ſtone found in ſome Serpents.*

Suyte: f. *A chaſe, purſuit, proſecution of ſute againſt; alſo, the traine, attendants, or followers of a (great) perſon; the company he drawes along with him; alſo, a ſequele, iſſue, conſequent, or conſequence; alſo, a ſucceſſion, continuance, or unintermitted courſe of things. Look* Suitte.

Suyvamment. *Succeſſively, conſequently, afterward.*

Suyvant: m. *A follower, one of the traine of.*

Suyvant: m. ante: f. *Following, ſucceeding, enſuing.*

Suyvre. *To follow, go after, attend or wait on; imitate, or counterfeit; chaſe, or purſue; ſucceed, or enſue:* (En la vendition on dit qu'on ſuit la choſe, quand on la demande à vn tiers detenteur non obligé perſonnellement à la rendre. l'Oiſeau.)

Suyvre le brouſt. *Look* Brouſt.

Suyvre ſes coups. *To proſecute, or ſecond a beginning.*

Suyvre la fortune. *To take, or adhere unto, the ſtronger ſide.*

Suyvre les lopins. *To hunt after good cheer; to proſtitute himſelf, on all baſe conditions, unto his own appetite.*

Qui ſuit les poules apprend à grater la terre; Pro. *See.* Grater.

Qui bons lopins mange bons lopins le ſuyvent; Pro. *Proviſion followes them that uſe to fare well; where beſt meat's eaten markets are beſt ſerved.*

Suzeau. *Look* Suſeau.

Suzerain: m. *Soveraign (yet ſubaltern) ſuperior (but not ſupreme) high in juriſdiction (though inferior to the higheſt.)*

Suzeraineté: f. *Soveraigne (but ſubalterne) juriſdiction, ſuperior (but not ſupreme) power; high or chiefe authority, ſubject or inferior, to the majeſty of Kings.*

Suzerains: m. *High and mighty Lords having under them many vaſſalls, were tearmed ſo in old time; and at this day the Kings principall Judges have ſometimes this title beſtowed on them.*

Sybilot: m. *Look* Sibilot.

Sycomantie: f. *Divination by Fig-leaves.*

Sycomore: m. *The Sycomore, Fig-Sycomore tree, Mulbery Fig-tree.*

Sycomore baſtard. *as* Sycomore d'Italie.

Sycomore de Chypre. *The Cyprian Sycomore; a great tree almoſt like the Poplar, but leaved like the Elme; it beares foure times a year, but the fruit ripens not untill it have bin ſlit, and have yeelded at that ſlit a milky juice.*

Sycomore d'Egypte. *as* Sycomore d'Italie.

Sycomore d'Italie. *The Bead tree, th'Italian Lote or Nettle tree; yeelds a fruit, of whoſe ſtones (for want of better things) beades are made.*

Sycophage: com. *A Fig tree.* ℣ Rab.

Sycophantin: m. *A ſycophant, buffoone, paraſite, claw-back, tale-bearer, ſmell-feaſt.*

Syderal: m. ale: f. *Starry, of or belonging to the ſtars.*

Syderation: f. *Tree-plague; a blaſting in trees by great heat and drought; alſo, a ſudden taking, or benumming of a limme, followed by a totall putrifaction, and utter deſtruction thereof.*

Syderé: m. ée: f. *Tempered, and forged by the courſe and conſtellation of the ſtars.*

Syer. *Look* Sier.

Syllable: f. *A ſillable.*

Syllogiſme: m. *A (Logicall) Syllogiſme.*

Syloatique. ℣ Rab. *Huge, mighty.*

Symbole: m. *A token, badge, or ſign to know one by; a ſecret, private, and myſticall note; a ſhort and intricate riddle or ſentence; a paſſport; a ſhot; a collation; alſo, an uniforme conſent or concurrence of ſundry opinions; alſo, the ſum of our Beleefe; the Creed.*

Symbolizant: m. ante: f. *Symbolizing, ſympathizing.*

Symbolization: f. *A ſymbolization, or ſymbolizing; a mutuall agreement in opinion, humor, and manners; a ſympathyzing.*

Symbolizer. *To ſymbolize, or ſympathize; to concurre in opinion, jumpe in conceit, agree in humors or manners, with.*

Symmetrie: f. *Simmetry; a juſt and mutuall proportion of each part in reſpect of the whole.*

Symmetrié: m. ée: f. *Well proportioned, in juſt ſymmetry.*

† Symmiſtre: m. *A Secretary, or privy Counſellor.*

† Symniſte: m. *A fellow, or colleague in a (ſacred) profeſſion.*

Sympathie: f. *Sympathy; a ſymbolizing; naturall conſent, or combination; mutuall paſſion, affection, diſpoſition; a fellow feeling.*

Sympathiſer. *To ſympathiſe, or have a fellow-feeling of, to jumpe with in paſſion, conſent with in affection, agree with in diſpoſition.*

Symphiſe: f. *A naturall, and unmoving union of two bones.*

Symphonie: f. *Harmony, tunable ſinging, &c. a conſent in tune.*

Symplegade: f. *An imbracing, or clipping; and thence alſo, a whirlepoole, or ſwallowing gulfe.*

Sympoſiarque: m. *The Maſter, or Overſeer of a feaſt; a feaſt-maker.*

Symptome: m. *A ſymptome; an affect, paſſion, or accident accompanying a diſeaſe; a ſenſible griefe joyned therewith; as with an Ague the headache, &c. generally, whatſoever happens to a living creature againſt or beſides nature, as ſickneſſe, and the inward cauſes, and accidents thereof.*

Syn. *Look* Suin.

Synagogue: f. *A Synagogue, aſſembly, congregation.*

Synanchie: f. *The Squinzie, or Squinancy.*

Synanthroſe: f. *A cloſe conjunction of bones without any viſible motion.*

Syncere: com. *Sincere, pure, perfect, intire, ſound; uncorrupted, juſt, upright, honeſt, open-hearted, plainely dealing.*

Syncerement. *Sincerely, purely, intirely, ſoundly, uncorruptly, juſtly, uprightly, plainely, without fraud or gaile.*

Syncerité: f. *Sincerity, integrity, ſoundneſſe, intireneſſe, honeſty, purity, cleanneſſe, uprightneſſe, plainneſſe, true-heartedneſſe.*

Syncope: f. *A cutting away; alſo, a ſowning, or ſwounding.*

Syncopization: f. *A cutting away; alſo, an often ſwounding.*

Syncopizer. *To cut away; alſo, to ſowne, or ſwound.*

Syncretiſme: m. *The joyning, or agreement, of two enemies againſt a third perſon.*

Syncriſme: m. *A thin, and ſpreading ointment, or medicine.*

Syndereſe: f. *The remorſe, or prick of conſcience, that part of the ſoule which oppoſeth it ſelf unto ſin.*

Synderique. Nerfs Synderiques. *Binding ſinewes.*

Syndic: m. *A Syndick, Cenſor, Controller of manners; alſo, an Attorney, or agent for a Common-wealth, or Comminalty.*

Syndicable: com. *Subject unto examination, cenſure or controllment.*

Syndicat: m. *Th'Office of a Syndick, &c.*

Syndiquer. *To examine, cenſure, or controll mens converſations or courſes.*

Synochite. *A ſtone wherby (as Magitians affirme) the dead be raiſed.*

Synodal: m. ale: f. *Synodall, of a Synode, enacted in a Synode.*

Synode: m. *A Synode, or aſſembly of Eccleſiaſticall perſons.*

Synonime. *A Synonima; a word having the ſame ſignification which another hath.*

Synonimer. *To make two words beare one ſenſe.*

Synople. *Sinople; Green, in Blazon.*

Syntereſe. *Look* Syndereſe.

Syntre. *Look* Cintre.

Syparathe. *The dung of a Goat, or Sheepe.* ℣ Rab.

Syphon. *Look* Sipbon.

Syre. *Sir. Look* Sire.
Syringuant. *Squirting, injecting into.*
Syringue : f. *A Siringe, a squirt.*
Syringué : m. ée : f. *Squirted, or injected, as liquor with a Siringe.*
Syringuer. *To squirt, or inject with a Siringe.*
Syroch. *Look* Siroch.
Syron : m. *Look* Ciron.
Syrop. *Sirrop, or a syrrop ; also, a slimy, and blackish humour in the stomacke of a new-born infant, the milt whereof it corrupts, if it be not evacuated before the youngling suck.*
Syrop vignolat. *Syrop of the vine, wine.*
Syrte. *A quicksand, or shelf of sand in the sea, or in a river.*
Systole : f. *The motion, or lifting up of the heart, and Arteries ; also, the shortning of a long vowell.*
Sytorpé. *Cut off.* ¶ Rab.

T

TA. *The Feminine of* Ton ; *Thy.*
Tabarre : m. *A long riding cloke, or garment.*
Tabellion : m. *A Notary publike, or Scrivener, allowed by authority to ingrosse, and register private contracts, and obligations : Therein differing from* Notaire (*as in the word* Notaire) *more generally, then that (as in the opinion of* Nicot) *the* Notaire *does the Office of both in Cities, and Townes of respect, and the* Tabellion *only in Boroughes, and Villages : And yet they are very often confounded, and taken for one, and the same (saies* Ragueau ; *) And their Offices are (saies another) at this day made, or grown one.*
Tabellionnage. *Th'Offise of a* Tabellion; *the place wherein he ingrosses, and registers private contracts.*
Droict de Tabellionnage. *as under* Droict ; *also, a halfpenny in the pound for contracts of the sale of land, &c. exceeding the value of* 15 l. Tour. *due to the King within the liberty of* Sens.
Tabellionné : m. *The Office, Function, or Art, of a* Tabellion.
Tabellionné : m. ée : f. *Drawn at large, ingrossed, registred by a* Tabellion.
Tabellionner. *A* Tabellion *to draw, ingrosse, or record a deed.*
Tabernacle : m. *A Tabernacle, pavillion, tent, or hall ; also, a shed, shelter, or little shop of boords ; also, a gaudy Cabinet, Box, or Chariot to set, keepe, or carry Images in.*
Tabian. laict Tab. *The milk of* Tabia, *a place in* Italy, *very healthfull for such as are in a consumption.* ¶ Rab.
Tabide : com. *Consuming, wasting, languishing, pining away ; also, welneere all melted, or wasted.*
Tabifié : m. ée : f. *Wasted, consumed, rotted, putrified ; also, infected, poisoned, corrupted.*
Tabifier. *To waste, consume, putrifie, rot ; infect, poison, marre, corrupt.*
Tablage : m. *A tabling, or boording ; also, a table, or great boord.*
Tablature d'un Luc. *The bellie of a Lute.*
Table : f. *A table ; a long and square boord ; a table, or boord to eat on ; the table, or counter of Bankers, and Marchants ; the Table, or Index of a booke ; also a Chesse-boord, or that whereon we play at Tables ; also, a (square) plate of mettall ; also, food, fare, diet, victualls, meat and drink ; In Law, the Fief, demaine, whole Seigniory, or intire body of estate in land, belonging to a Lord, &c. whence,* Mettre, & vnir, en sa Table, &c.
La table d'un Luc. *The belly of a Lute.*
Tables rabbatuës. *The Quenes Game, Doublets.*
Table ronde. *Open house-keeping ; also, a merry meeting, or feasting together of friends, and allies ; also, a little round boord whereon the* Pastissiers *carry their Pies, and Tarts from place to place.*
Diamant en table. *A square table Diamond.*
Il est à table & n'ose manger. *Either he is a coward and dare not, or a pinch-crust and will not, fall to the meat thats before him.*
Revenir à la table de l'aisné. *The part of a younger brother, or of his issue (deceased without naturall heires) to revert, or escheat vnto the eldest.*
Tenir table. *To banquet, or feast it every day in his house.*
Tenir bonne table. *To keep a good table, to fare well.*
Tenir longue table. *To sit long at meat.*
Table d'Abbé ; ou de Prelat ; Pro. *A plentifull, or well-furnished boord.*
Table sans sel bouche sans salive ; Prov. *An vnlearned discourse is (commonnly) as vain, as meat without salt's unsavory.*
Table vaut escole notable ; Prov. *Table-discourse is an excellent Schoolemaster.*
De grosse table à l'estable ; Pro. *Excessive house-keeping makes Gentlemen turn Groomes.*
Ronde table oste le debat ; Pro. *Round tables take away contention ; one being as neer his meat as another.*
Tableau : m. *A picture ; a table whereon things be painted, or written ; a writing-table ; memoriall, register.*
Tablée : f. *A table-full of.*
Tables. *Playing Tables. Look* Table.
Tablette : f. *A little table, or boord ; also, a childes horn-book.*
Tablettes. *Writing tables ; also, the scales of a Hawkes legs ; also, Losenges, ministred in Physick.*
Tablier : m. *A Chesse-boord, or Table to play on ; also, an Apron ; also, a long and large table-cloth ; also, a tabler, or boorder.*
Tablier de Notaire. *A Scriveners shop, or booth.*
† Tabouler. *To make a great noise or troublesome din ; or, to knock loud and fast, like a Cooper in the hooping of cask.*
Taborlan : m. *A mighty Prince, or Potentate ; or, a name of state, and dignity (perhaps from* Tamberlaine.)
Tabour : m. *A Drum ; also, a Tabor.*
Batre le tabour à coups d'osselets. *To play at dice on a Drums head.*
† Tabouraße : f. *A Drum, or Tabor.*
† Tabourder. *To play on a Drum, or Tabor ; (and thence) also, to rap, or knock.*
† Tabourdeur : m. *A Taborer, or Drummer.*
† Tabourement : m. *A Drumming ; also, a rapping, knocking, or thumping (as on a Drum) at a door, window, or other thing of wood ; also, the noise, or dinne thats made thereby.* (v.m.)
† Tabourer. *To drum ; also, to rap, knock, or thump (as on a Drum) at a woodden window, door, &c. also, to strike, or bump on the Posteriorums.* (v.m.)
† Tabouret : m. *A pin-pillow, or pin-case ; also, a cushion stoole, or little low stoole for a woman or child to sit on ; also, the flat base or foot of a piller, resembling such a stool ; also, the herb Toywort, Caseweed, Pick-purse, Shepheards-purse.*
† Taboureur : m. *A Drummer, or Taborer ; also, a thumper, bumper, knocker ; whoremunger.*
† Tabourin : m. *A Tabor ; also, a Drum ; and a little Drum ; also, the Drum, or Drummer belonging to a company of footmen ; also, a Timpany in the belly.*
Tabourin de Basque. *A kind of small, and shallow Drum, or Tabor, open at the one end, and having the barrell stuck full of small bells, and other gingling knacks of lattin, &c. which, together with the Taborers fingers on the other end thats covered, make (in the ears of children and silly people) a pretty noise.* (v.m.)
Tabourin de guerre. *Is properly, the Drum.*
Tabourin des oreilles. *A certaine skin, or filme within the eares ; thin, the more easily to receive sounds and aire from without ; yet strong, thereby to resist outward annoyances ; and dry, the better to resound.*
Chausses à tabourin. Ce sont chausses enflées de bourre, & grosses comme vn tambour.
Prendre de lievre au tabourin. *To perform impossible matters. See* Lievre.
Ce qui est venu par la fleute s'en retourne avec le tabourin ; Pro. *Look under* Fleute.
† Tabouriner. *To play on a Tabor ; also, to drum, or strike up a drum.*
† Tabourinesse : f. *A woman that plaies on a Tabor, or strikes up a Drum.*
† Tabourinet : m. *A Drum, or Tabor for a child ; a little Drum, or Tabor ; also, a little room contrived in the corner of a square hall with Tapestry, or boords.*
Mener au tabourinet. *To inveagle, allure, lead by the nose, draw whither, or to what, he list.*
† Tabourineur : m. *A Taborer ; one that plaies on a Tabor.*
† Tabourineuse. *as* Tabourinesse.
Tabouriniere. *The same.*
† Tabourne. *as* Tadorne.
† Tabouter. *as* Taburer.
† Tabureau : m. *A mocker, or scoffer.*
Tabut : m. *Trouble, turmoile, disquiet, molestation.*
Fagoteur de tabus. *A seditious, turbulent, or troublesome fellow.*
Ce vilain ne vaut pas le tabut. *Is not worth the beating, or not worth the paines one must take in the beating of him.*
Tabuter. *To jault, butt, or push ; to trouble, disquiet,*

diſquiet, moleſt, infeſt; not to let alone one that would faine be in quiet.

Tac: m. *A kind of rot among ſheepe; alſo, a Plague-ſpot, or Gods-token on one that hath the Plague; alſo, as* Tal; *alſo, the name of a ſtrange diſeaſe (raging in the yeer 1411) wherein the patient loſt both reſt, and appetite; feeling, whenſoever he did eat, a fit of an Ague; often coughing; ever trembling; and voiding, upon his amendment, great ſtore of blood at his mouth, noſe, and fundament.*

Herbe du tac. *Lungwort, wood Liverwort.*

Tacconnet. *as* Taconne.

Tache: f. *A ſpot, ſtaine, blemiſh; mole, naturall mark; alſo, a reproach, diſgrace, diſreputation, blot unto a mans good name.*

Taches de fumier. *Buds, or hard and blewiſh pimples, breaking out on the face.*

Taché: m. ée: f. *Spotted, blotted, ſtained, blemiſhed, diſgraced.*

Tacher. *To ſpot, blot, ſtaine, blemiſh; diſgrace; alſo, as* Taſcher.

Tacheté: m. ée: f. *Spotted, ſpeckled, marked.*

Tacheter. *To ſpot, ſpeckle, mark.*

Tachette: f. *A little ſpot, blot, ſtaine, blemiſh.*

Tacheture: f. *A ſpot, ſpeck, or ſpeckle; alſo, a ſpotting, ſpeckling, marking.*

Tacite: com. *Silent, ſtill, huſht, quiet; ſecret, covert, inward, holding his tongue, ſaying nothing; let paſſe without mention, paſſing on without any noiſe.*

Tacitement. *Silently, ſtilly, quietly, ſecretly, covertly, privily, inwardly, without noiſe, without any words.*

Taciturne: com. *Silent, ſecret, holding his peace, uttering little, uſing few or no words of.*

Taciturnité: f. *Taciturnity, ſecretneſſe, or ſecrecy, ſilence, counſell-keeping.*

† Tacle: m. *Any (headed) ſhaft, or boult whoſe feathers be not waxed, but glued on.*

Tacon: m. *A little Salmon; or more properly, a kind of ſmall, and delicate Trout, caught in a river that paſſes by* Clermont en Auvergne.

Taconne: f. *The herb Fole-foot, Horſe-foot, Coults-foot, Hall-foot.*

† Taconner vn ſoulier. *To cobble, clowt, or ſet a patch on it.*

Taconnet: m. *as* Taconne.

Tacroux: m. ouſe. f. *Sun-burnt; growne very bleke, or ſwart, by being all day in the Sun; alſo, extremely covetous, or miſerable.* (v.m.)

Tadorne. *A black-headed, and whitiſh-bodied water-fowle, make ſomewhat like, but bigger then, a Duck.*

Taffetas: m. *Taffata.*

Taffetas chenillé. *Stript Taffata.*

Taffetas à gros grain. *Silk Gogeram.*

Taffetas mouſcheté. *Tuffe-taffata.*

Taffetas velouté. *The ſame.*

Taforée: f. *A horſe-boat; a great flat-bottomed boat, or ſhip to carry horſes in.* (v.m.)

Tahon: m. *A Brizze, Brimſe, Gadbee, Dunſlie, Oxeſlie.*

Tahon marin. *The ſea Brizze; a kind of worm found about ſome fiſhes.*

Tahou. Poire de Tahou. *A ſmall Peare whereof excellent perry is made.*

Taïe: f. *A great grandmother.* ¶ Pic. *alſo, as* Taye.

Taige. *A kind of vine.* ¶ Rab.

Tail. *as* Taillade. ¶ Langued.

Taillable: com. *Taxable, ſubject or liable unto taxts, which may be taxed; alſo, paying taxes.*

Heritages taillables. *Held by villeines, or by Villenage; by ſervile tenants, or by a ſervile tenure.*

Taillablier, Seigneur tail. *A Lord that taxes, or may tax his tenants; or to whom tax is due from them.*

Taillade: f. *A cut, ſlaſh, gaſh; a ſlit; a launcing, or ſlitting.*

Taillade: com. ¶ Langued. *as* Tailladé; *whence;*

Ribe taillade. *A full-deepe ſhore; a ſhore, or ſide of a water of a plumpe, and down-right depth.*

Tailladé: m. ée: f. *Cut, ſlaſhed, goſhed, ſlit, launced, inciſioned.*

Taillanderie: f. *The ſmithie, or ſhop of a* Taillandier.

Taillandier: m. *A maker of Hatchets, hedging Bills, Axes, Chopping Knives, and ſuch other great cutting inſtruments, or tooles of iron.*

Taillandier: m. ere: f. *Cutting, or ſtipping off.*

Taillant d'un ferrement. *Th'edge of a toole.*

Taillant: m. ante: f. *Cutting, ſlitting, backing, gaſhing, nicking, notching, indenting, ingraving; alſo, faſhioning, or proportioning.*

Taille: f. *A cut, ſlit, gaſh, notch, nick; any inciſion; alſo, a cutting, ſlitting, gaſhing, notching, indenting, nicking; ingravery, carving; alſo, a jag, or ſhred; alſo, a tallie, or ſcore kept on a peece of wood; alſo, the ſharpneſſe, keenneſſe, or edge of a weapon, or toole; alſo, the proportion, ſize, or ſtature of a man, or beaſt; alſo, the Tenor part in ſinging, &c. alſo, as* Bois taillis; *alſo, a tax, &c.* (*Look the next marginall word.*)

Taille douce. *Look under* Doux.

Pierre de taille. *Free-ſtone.*

Vin de la ſeconde taille. *Wine that comes of the laſt preſſing, after the beſt of the grape hath been ſqueezed out;* (car taille ſe prend pour la coupeure du marc du vin, eſtant ſur le preſſoir, quand on le veut ſerrer derechef. ¶ Nicot.)

Avoir bonne taille. *A Tailer to cut a garment handſomely, or fitly for ſuch as are to weare it.*

Cocher ſur la groſſe taille. (*As we ſay*) *to lay it on, (take it off who as will,) to ſpend, or borrow, exceeding much.*

Il n'eſt de taille pour eſtre ſi mal traitté. *He is not a man to be ſo abuſed; he is not fit to bear, or not likely to brook, ſuch injuries.*

De toute taille bon levrier; Pro. *There are good and bad, valiant and cowardly, ſtrong and weake, of all ſhapes and ſizes.*

Taille: f. *A taſk, or tax; a tallage, tribute, impoſition;* (Les Tailles ne ſont point deuës de devoir ordinaire, ains ont eſté accordées durant la neceſſité des affaires ſeulement, ſaies Ragueau.) *In old time they were permitted (onely) in foure caſes, viz.* Nouvelle chevalerie; mariage de filles; voyage d'outre mer; & captivité: *Since they have been commonly levied in time of warre; and at length* Charles *the ſeventh made them primary.) Divers French Lords have a* Taille *from ſome of their vaſſalls, or tenants, as well as the King hath his from onely ſome of his ſubjects; I ſay onely ſome; becauſe all Gentlemen (of a Gentlemanly profeſſion) all Clergy men; the Preſidents, and Conſeillers of Soveraign Courts; the Maſters of Requeſts, and Secretaries, of the Kings houſhold; the Secretaries, or Clerkes of the Chamnery; the Governours, graduate Scholars, and divers Officers, of Univerſities; the Burgers, and inhabitants of many great Townes; and ſome Officers, and others by ſpeciall priviledge, are exempted from it.*

Taille abonnée, ou abournée. *For which the tenant is at a certain yearly rate with his Lord.*

Taille franche. *Due, in the aforeſaid four caſes, by freeholders,* Ou ceux qui tiennent heritages en franchiſe à devoir d'argent.

Taille iurée. *Look* Iuré.

Taille mixte. *Is impoſed upon a mans houſe, and makes liable unto it all his goods in what place, or part ſoever they be.*

Taille mortaille. *Which is levied of villeines, or ſervile tenants, yeerely, and at the reaſonable pleaſure of the Lord, or as he and they can agree.*

Tailles perſonnelles. *Perſonall taxes; are impoſed upon the perſons of men, according to their meanes.*

Tailles reelles. *Reall taxes; are impoſed, not on the perſons, but on their poſſeſſions, the which they follow; and proportioned unto the rates ſet down in a Cenſuel deſcription, or ſurvey of them: nor are they tied onely to immoveables; for the moveables (as merchandiſe, and commodities) whereof gaine is made, are ſubject unto them.*

Droict de taille. *Look under* Droict.

Ville, & taille. C'eſt la ſepcaine, & le territoire de la ville.

Taillé: m. ée: f. *Cut, ſliced, ſlit, gaſhed, ſlaſhed, backed; nicked, notched, ingraven, indented; alſo, made, faſhioned, proportioned; alſo, guelt, or ſpeyed; alſo, taxed, aſſeſſed.*

Taillé d'avoir du mal. *Deſtined, or born to be miſerable.* Taille d'avoir du pire. *Likely to get the worſe.*

Taillé de l'avoir. *Like enough, or in good forwardneſſe to have it.*

Beſongne taillée. *The hands full, enough to do, as much as one can turn him to;* Laiſſant leur beſongne ia taillée. *Leaving their work already cut out, their buſineſſe begun, their labour halfe done.*

Taille-bacon: m. *A clunch, clown, boore; one that uſually feeds on nought but Beanes and Bacon.*

Taille-boudin. *Captain cut-pudding.*

Taille-bras: m. *A backſter, arme-ſlaſher, cutter, ſwaggerer, ſwaſh-buckler.*

Taille-canton: m. *as* Taille-bras.

Taille-fer: m. *The ſurname of the old Earls of* Engouleſme; *ſo tearmed becauſe* William *the ſecond Earle thereof, clove with his ſword, at one blow, an armed Captain down to the ſtomack.*

Taillument: m. *A cutting, slicing, slitting, hacking, slashing; nicking, notching, indenting; carving, ingraving; also, a guelding, or speying.*

Tailler. *To cut, slit, slice, hew, hack, slash, gash; nick, snip, notch, indent; carve, graue; also, to guelde, or spey; also, to tax, impose taxes on, levie tributes of.*

Tailler de la boſongne à. *Look* Taillé.

Tailler yn marc. *To cut off the edges, or sides of the mother of Grapes (already hard pressed, and which will run no more) and throw those cutting into the middle of the presse, there to receiue, with the rest, another squeeze.*

Il eſt bien veau qui veau taille; Prov. *He is a calfe that calues-flesh cutteth; (A fit answer to a Butcher that calls a man calfe.)*

Taillerin: m. *A slice of.*

Taille-febe. *as* Courtilliere.

Taille-vent: m. *A wind-cutter; an idle, or fond swaggerer.*

Tailleur: m. *A cutter, slitter, hewer, hacker, slasher; Carver, Graver.*

Tailleur d'habits. *A Taylor.*

Deſieuné, on morceau, de tailleur. *A plumme.*

Tailleure. *as* Taillure.

Taillis: m. *A Hachet; or made dish of Creuises, the flesh of Capons, Chickens, or Veale, bread, wine, salt, verjuyce, and spices; also, a kind of gelly.*

Taillis. Bois taillis. *A copse, grove, underwood; such wood as is felled, or lopped euery seuen or eight yeares.*

Tailloir: m. *A trencher, or trencher plate; also the uppermost square of the Chapiter of a piller.*

Mettre le col ſur le tailloir. *To lay his head upon the blocke.*

Taillon: m. *A little slice; cut, or gash; also, a great chopping knife; also, a tax raised by* Henry *the second,* Anno 1549, *towards the increase of the pay of the* Genſdarmes *(who usually lay billeted in villages) and to enable them to pay their hosts for whatsoeuer they had of them: whereby poore countrey men got at the first, a little ease; but not long after they became as much oppressed by their unruly guests as ever; and yet they still payed, and still doe pay, both* Taille, Taillon.

Taillonné: m. ée: f. *Cut by slices, bits, or parcells.*

Taillonneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of slices, parcels, little bits.*

Taillouer. *as* Talloir.

Taillure: f. *A cutting, slicing, slitting, slashing, snipping, nicking, notching, indenting; carving, or graving; also, a slice, cut, slit, slash, &c.*

Tainturier: m. *A Dier.*

Taïon: m. *A great grandfather. & Pic. also, an Oake of three loppings, or of 60 yeares growth.*

Taire. *To be silent, mumme, husht, quiet, still; to hold his peace, use no words of; make no noyse; conceale, keep secret, or unto himselfe.*

Taire, & faire ſont requis par mer, & par terre; Prov. *Bee doing still, and ceaſe to talke, whether by sea, or land thou walke:*

Bien dire fait rire, bien faire fait taire; Prov. *We laugh at good words, but admire good deeds.*

Fols ſont ſages quand ils ſe taiſent; Prov. *Foales paſſe for wise men while they silent are.*

Le plus ſage ſe taiſt; Prov. *The wiſeſt man ſpeaks leaſt.*

Mieux vaut ſe taire que mal parler; Prov. *Better no words then words unfitly placed.*

Oy, voy, & te tais, ſi tu veus vivre en paix; Prov. *Look under* Ouïr.

Quand d'autruy parler tu voudras, regarde toy, & te tairas; Prov. *When on another thou wouldſt raile, behold thy ſelfe, thy tongue will quaile.*

Qui de tout ſe taiſt de tout a paix; Pro. *Hee that holds his peace of, is at peace with, all men.*

† Tairir. *as* Tarir; *To drie up.*

Tais: m. *A potshard; also, a ſcull, or ſcalpe; also, a shell, or great ſcale.*

† Taiſer. *Look* Taire.

Taiſible: com. *Still, silent, quiet, husht.*

Taiſiblement. *Silently, quietly, stilly.*

Taiſſon: m. *A Gray, Brock, Badger, Bauſon; of two kinds.*

Taiſſon chemin. *The dog Badger; footed, and snowted somewhat like a dog; blacker, and longer-legd then the* Porchin; *feeds on flesh, and carrion; and voids his ordure farre from his earth; which he makes (either in a tough soyle, or in some racke) both deeper, and narrower, then the other doth his.*

Taiſſon porchin. *The hog-Badger; is footed, and snowted like a swine; feeds on roots, and fruits; and dungs in the mouth of his earth, which he, commonly, makes in a sandy, or light soyle: he sleeps very much, and is thereby much fatter, and (for such as can eat of him) better meat then the other.*

Tal: m. *Oyle extracted from the berries of the Cuimon, or prickly Cedar.*

† Talaires: m. *Mercuries winged shooes.*

† Talare: com. *Reaching, or hanging down to the heeles, or ankles.*

Talc: m. *A tender and transparent stone, which indures extreme heat, and cold, without breaking, and hath been heretofore used in stead of glasse.*

† Talemouſe. *as* Talmouſe; *also, a cuffe, or dash on the lips.*

† Talemouſer. *To cuffe, or dash on the lips; also, to vex, harrie, trouble, toile, molest.*

Talent: m. *A talent in money; of diuers sorts; one worth about 175 l. sterl. another 291 l. and a noble; and another 400 l. also, will, desire, lust, appetite, an earnest humor unto.*

† Talenté: m. ée: f. *Very desirous of, eager upon, earnest after.*

† Taleoles: m. *Shivers, or slices of a stick, or of a root.*

† Tales. *Dice; also, the game tearmed Cockall.*

Talion: m. *A pain equall to harme done, a punishment countervailing the offence committed; one bad turn for another.*

† Tallet: f. *as* Thale; *also, a shoot, sprig, bud.*

Tallemellier: m. *A hedge-baker.* (v. m.)

Taller: m. *The coyne tearmed a Dollar.*

Taller. *Look* Thaller.

Tallevas: m. *A large, massive, and old-fashioned Targuet, having in the bottome of it a pike, whereby, when need was, it was stuck into the ground.*

Tallut. *as* Talus.

† Talmouſe: f. *A Cheese-cake; a Tart, or cake made of egges, and cheese.*

Taloche: f. *A bob, or a rap over the fingers ends closed together.*

Taloché: m. ée: f. *Rapped, or bobbed over the fingers ends.*

Talon: m. *The heele, a heele.*

Talon du gouvernail. *The bottome of the back of a rudder.*

Le talon d'un ſoulier. *The heele-part of the sole.*

Chauſſer les talons à. *To course, pursue neere, give hard chase unto.*

Iouër des talons. *To shew a faire paire of heeles, betake himselfe to his legs, run away.*

Talonné: m. ée: f. *Kicked, spurred, or strucken with the heeles; also, hard chased, hotly followed, neerely pursued.*

Talonnement: m. *A kicking, spurring, striking, or beating with the heeles; also, a hard chasing, neere pursuing, close following; also, a digging with the heeles in the sides of a horse.*

Talonner. *To kick, spurre, strike, or beat, with the heeles; also, to chase hard, follow hotly, pursue closely, tread on the heeles of; also, to spurgall, or to ride digging with the heeles into a horses sides.*

Talonneux: m. euſe: f. *Using, or having heeles.*

Talonniere: f. *A treading on or downe, a spurring or striking with, the heele.*

Talque. *as* Talc.

† Talu: m. uë: f. *Slope, sloping, slopewise, aslope.*

Maiſon taluë. *A house whose bottome is fenced from the raine that falls off the eaves, by water-tables, or boords, set off from the wall.*

† Talvaſſier: m. *A long lowt or lubber, fond luske or slim, foolish or unfashioned loggerhead.*

Talu ër. *To slope, to set, cut, or make a slope.*

† Talure: f. *The blue marke of a blow, bruse, or hurt.*

Talus: m. *A slope, sloping, slopeneſſe, or slipineſſe; also, the sloping side, or descent of a hill, bank, or causey; (and sometimes) also, the bank, or causey it selfe; also, the head-boop of a piece of cask; also, a great furrow in ploughing.*

Foſſé en talus. *A narrow-bottomed, and wide-mouthed ditch.*

Taluſant: m. ante: f. *Sloping, made or descending aslope.*

Talut, & Taluz. *as* Talus.

† Taluzer. *To build, or make a slope.*

Tam: m. *Black Briony, our Ladies Seale, the wild Vine.*

Tamaridin. *as* Tamarind.

Tamaris. *as* Tamaris.

Tamarind: m. *A small, soft, and darke-red Indian Date, of a laxative propertie, and a good purger of the heat of choler.*

Tamarinde: f. *The Indian Date tree.*

Tamaris: m. *Tamariske; a shrub, or small tree, red-barked, and leaved like Heath.*

Tamaris ſauvage. *Wild Tamariske; is leſſe then the other, and beares no fruit at all; some also call thus, Heath, Ling, or Hather,*

Hather, becauſe it reſembles the wild Tamariſke.

Tambour : m. *A Drumme ; alſo, a Tabor.*

Batre le tambour avec les dents. *To diddor, or chatter with the teeth for cold.*

Prendre les lievres au ſon du tambour. *Seek Lievre.*

Vn fol deſſus vn pont c'eſt vn tambour en la Riviere ; Prov. *A foole on a bridge is a Drumme in the river, viz. makes it reſound by his madde thumping, leaping, or dancing over it.*

† Tambrays. *as* Eſtambrets.

Tambu : m. *The baſtard Pepper plant called Bettle, or Betre, ſometimes (but improperly) taken for the Indian Leafe.*

Tamis : m. *A ſearce, or boulter ; (alſo, a ſtrayner) made of haire.*

Tamisé : m. ée : f. *Searced, or boulted; alſo, ſtrained through a ſearce.*

Tamiſer. *To ſearce ; to boult ; alſo, to paſſe or ſtraine through a ſearce.*

Tamoulenant. *Pondering, muſing, ſtudying.*

Tampon : m. *A bung, or ſtopple.*

Colin tampon. *See* Colin.

Tan : m. *The barke of young Oake, wherewith (being ſmall beaten) leather is tanned ; alſo, as* Tahon ; *alſo, as* Tam ; *alſo, furie, enragedneſſe, frenzie, madneſſe.*

Moulin à tan. *A Tanners mill.*

Tanaiſie : f. *The herb Tanſie.*

Tanaiſie ſauvage. *Wild Tanſie, Silver herb.*

Tancer. *Look* Tanſer.

Tanche : f. *A Tench (fiſh.)*

† Tançon : f. *A chiding, checking, rebuking, reproving.*

Tandiment. *as* Tandis (*at* Blois.)

Tané : m. ée : f. *Tanned ; alſo, troubled, moleſted, irkèd, wearied, over-toyled, alſo, ſwart, ſallow, duskie, or tawny of hue, as things which have been tanned, or people which are over-toyled.*

Tanée : f. *The herb Feaverfue ; or a male kind thereof (held by ſome, but improperly, a third kind of Mugwort) which expelleth wormes, diſſolveth windineſſes, and, as an enemy to the ſtone, provoketh wine to come.*

Tanelliere : f. *The Worme-fretter; a worme which maketh holes in the ſides of ſhips.*

Taner. *To tanne ; alſo, to dio into a tawny; alſo, to trouble, irke, moleſt, harry, over-toyle.*

Tanerie : f. *as* Tannerie.

Tanefie : f. *The herb Tanſie. Look* Tanaiſie.

Taneur : m. *A Tanner.*

Taneuſe : f. *A Tanners wife, or woman which tannes.*

Tangible : com. *Tangible, touchable.*

† Tangueurs : m. *Look* Tanqueurs.

Taniere : f. *A den, cave, burrow ; the lurking hole of a wild beaſt.*

Tanné : m. ée : f. *Tawny ; alſo, duskie, ſwart, ſallow.*

Maſtines tannées. *Ougly or ill-coloured bitches, ſtill and ill-favoured queanes.*

Tannée : f. *The herb Tanſie.*

Tanner. *Look* Taner.

Tannerie : f. *Tanning ; the Art, or act of Tanning ; alſo, a Tanne-houſe, or place wherein leather is tanned.*

Tanneur : m. *A Tanner.*

Tanquard : m. *A Tankard.* ℣ Rab.

Tanqueurs : m. *Such as carry aſhore ſtuffe, or perſons, out of ſhip-boats.*

Tanſé : m. ée : f. *Chidden, checked, rebuked, reproved.*

Tanſement : m. *A chiding, checking, rebuking, reproving.*

Tanſer. *To chide, rebuke, check, taunt, reprove, take up.*

† Tanſon : m. *A chiding, checking, brawling, ſcolding with ; a taunting, rebuking, reproving.*

† Tanſonnier : m, ere : f. *Chiding, or full of chiding.*

Tant. *So, as, ſo great, ſo much, or ſo many; as well, as dare, or as worthy ; in ſort, in ſuch manner.*

Tant & ſi fort. *Untill, ſo long as, in as much as, ſo much that.*

Tant & plus. *Mainly, hugely, mightily, infinitely, as much as may be.*

Tant ſeulement. *Only.*

Tant ſoit peu. *How little ſoever ; or never ſo little.*

Tant ſoit peu trop. *A thought too much, or (at bowls) too hard.*

Tant pour tant. *Ratably, proportionably, mutually, one for another.*

A tant. *Thus, by this, hereupon or thereupon, thus or that done ; therewithall ; at length ; immediately after.*

Ne tant ne quant. *Never a jot, nor one nor another, not one whit.*

Si tant eſt. *If ſo be that, or, if it happen that.*

Douze eſcus tant ſous. *Twelve Crownes odde money ; 300 tant d'eſcus, 300 and odde Crownes.*

Tantan : m. *The bell that hangs about the neck of a Cow, &c.*

Tante : f. *An aunt ; alſo, a tent ; alſo, a hanging of Tapiſtrie, &c.*

Tantieſme : m. *whence ;* Le tantieſme du mois. *Such a day certaine of the moneth.*

Tantinet : m. vn tan. *A little, ſmall deale, poore quantity, never ſo little.*

Tantoſt. *Anon, forthwith, immediately, preſently, incontinently, by and by ; alſo, ere while, ſometimes, now and then.*

Tantouiller. *To tumble, to wallow, to welter, in.*

Taon. *as* Tahon.

Tapecon : m. *The heaven-gazer ; a ſcaleleſſe ſea-fiſh (of the bigneſſe of a foot) having a wide mouth, and a great head, on whoſe top his eyes (wherewith he lookes directly upward) are placed.*

† Tape-coue : m. *A taile-knocker, belly-bumper, haire-beater, extreme leather.*

† Tapeinois. *as* Tapinois.

Taper. *To tap, or ſtrike.* ℣ Pic. *alſo, to ſtop.*

† Taphorée : f. *as* Taforée.

Tapi : m. ie : f. *Hidden, lurking, lying cloſe; low crooched, ſcowked, ſquatted, dowked or ducked downe.*

Tapinoudiere : f. *A denne, or lurking hole.*

Tapinet : m. *The ſame ; or, a ſecret corner, a ſtarting hole.*

Tapineux : m. euſe : f. *Lurking, ſecret, covert, hidden, cloſe.*

Tapinois. en tap. *Crooching, lurking, ſkowking, lying cloſe and ſtill, ducking for feare of being ſeen ; alſo, covertly, cloſely, ſecretly.*

Contenu en tapinois. *Held low, kept under.*

Tapir. *To hide, conceale, cover, keep cloſe.*

Se tapir. *To hide, or cover himſelfe ; to crouch, lurke, ſquat, or duck under, to lie cloſe, for feare of being ſeene.*

Tapir des pieds contre la terre. *To make holes in the ground by hard ſtamping on it.*

Tapis : m. *Tapiſtrie, hanging ; &c. of Arras.*

Sourd comme vn tapis. *As deafe as an Image in a painted cloth.*

Il demeura maiſtre du tapis. *He got the ſpurres ; became commander of the place ; wonne the crowne, honour, victory.*

Mettre ſur le tapis, viz. en deliberation.

Reduict au tapis. *At an extreme low ebbe of fortune ; cleane out of request, imployment, or meanes ; and in game, that hath loſt all his money, that's brought to the bare board.*

Tapiſſant. ſe tap. *Hiding, or covering himſelfe ; crooching, lurking, ducking, ſquatting.*

Tapiſſement : m. *A hiding of himſelfe ; a lurking, ſquatting, lying cloſe, a crooching, ſkowking, or ducking downe ; alſo, a furniſhing with Tapiſtrie.*

Tapiſſer. *To hang, or furniſh with Tapiſtry ; alſo, to worke Tapiſtrie worke ; alſo, as* Tapir.

Tapiſſerie : f. *Tapiſtrie.*

Tapiſſier : m. *A Tapiſtri-maker, or one that worketh in Tapiſtrie.*

Tapon : m. *A bung, or ſtopple.*

Taponnus. *A baſe name for a dunce ; or in ſtead of* Pontanus. ℣ Rab.

Tappecon. *as* Tapecon.

† Tapper. *whence ;* louer au tapper. *To play at Spanne-counter.*

Tapper. *To tap, ſtrike, hit, bob, clap ; alſo, to bung, or ſtop with a bung.*

Tappi. *as* Tapi.

Taquain : m. *as* Taquin.

Taquain. (Adverb.) *Suddenly, or at the ſame inſtant.*

Taquet : m. *A brace, or piece of wood nailed againſt a poſt, &c. to keep another from ſhaking, or ſlipping ; alſo, the clapper of a mill.*

Taquet. *as* Taquain. (Adverb.)

Taquette. *whence ;* Beſongner à la taquette ; *To work hard, or eagerly ; to ſit at it.* (℣ Orleannois.)

Taquin : m. *A niggard, miſer, nicher, penie-father, pinch-crab, hold-faſt ; alſo, a Porter, or any ſuch baſe companion.*

Taquinerie : f. *Sordid miſerie, wretched niching, baſe pinching.*

Tar : m. *A kind of weeſell.*

Tarabin tarabas. *An Interjection of interruption, like out, piſſe piſſe, tut tut, &c.*

Tarabuſter. *See* Tabuter.

Taraire. *as* Tariere.

Tarande : f. *The beaſt called a Raſſen.*

Tarantole : f. *The moſt venomous Spider Tarantola ; called ſo of the Neapolitan citie Taranta, neere unto which there be more of them then in any other part of Italy.*

Taraſcon : m. *A town in* Provence *ſeated upon the* Rhoſne, *juſt over againſt another town, called* Beaucaire ; *whence ;*

Entre

Entre Beaucaire, & Taraſcon ne paiſt ny brebis, ny mouton ; Prov. *For that great river drownes up all the ground that's between them.*

Taravelle : ſ. *A Gardeners ſetting iron.*

Tarault. *as* Tatiere ; *alſo, as* Tarots.

Tarc. *A kind of Tarre, wherewith ſheep are marked, and (for ſome ſcabby diſeaſes) annointed.*

Tard : m. tarde : f. *Tardy, late, ſlack, tedious, lingering, long in comming.*

Tard. (Adverb.) *Late, lately, tardily, ſlackly, lingeringly.*

Qui tard veut ne veut ; Prov. *He that will not quickly will not at all.*

Qui bien fait tard eſt reprenable; Pro. *A good turn that is done too late, is ſubject unto blame, and hate.*

Tardance : ſ. *A tarriance, lingering, delay, loitering, long ſtaying in a place.*

Tardé : m. ée : f. *Tarried, ſtayed, deferred, delayed.*

Tardelet : m. ette : f. *Latiſh ; or, ſomewhat tardy, ſlow, tedious.*

Tardement. *Tardily, lately, lingeringly, tediouſly.*

Tarder. *To tarry, ſtay, demurre, abide long; deferre, linger, foreſlow, delay; to ſtop, let, hinder, ſlacken, put off, hold back, withhold.*

Il me tarde que. *I think long till.*

Quoy que fol tarde iour ne tarde; Pro. *Though the foole tarry day-light tarries not.*

Tard-fleury : m. *A very ſweet apple of the bigneſſe of a Tennis-ball.*

Tardif : m. iue : f. *Tardie, ſlow, ſlack, lingering, remiſſe ; backward, lateward, long in comming ; dull, unweldie, lither, lazie.*

Tardité. *Tardity ; or, as* Tardiveté.

Tardivement. *Tardily, ſlackly, remiſly, ſlowly, dully, unweldily, lazily, litherly.*

† Tardiver. *To linger, foreſlow, ſlack, delay, wire-draw it, loyter, or ſtay long in a place.*

Tardiveté : ſ. *Tardineſſe, loytering, ſlackneſſe, lingering, delay, tedioufneſſe ; backwardneſſe, coldneſſe, remiſneſſe, dulneſſe, lazineſſe, unweldineſſe.*

Tardoune. *Look* Tadorne. ℣ Rab.

Tare : ſ. *Loſſe, diminution, decay, impairement, want, or waſte in Merchandiſe, &c. by the exchange, or uſe thereof ; alſo, the allay, or imbaſement of gold or ſilver coynes.*

Il n'eſt cheval qui n'ait ſa tare ; Prov. *He is loveleſſe who is faultleſſe.*

Taré : m. ée : f. *Defective, waſting, droſſie, corrupt ; outcaſt, hurtfull, damnagious ; which none poſſeſſeth without hinderance, or loſſe ; whoſe uſe countervailes not the charge one is at about it ; alſo, worme-eaten, or full of holes.*

Tarefranc : m. &, Tarefranche : f. *as* Glorieuſe. (v.m.)

Tarelet : m. *A little Augar.*

Tarelle : ſ. *An Augar.*

Tarerondе : ſ. *The Forke-fiſh ; a kind of Scate which hath in her taile an indented, and venomous prick.*

Targe : ſ. *A kind of Targuet, or Shield, almoſt ſquare, and much in uſe along the Spaniſh coaſt lying over againſt Affrick, from whence it ſeeme ; the faſhion of it came.*

Il n'a eſcu ny targe. *Look under* Eſcu.

Targé : m. ée : f. *as* Tardé ; *alſo, covered, ſhielded, ſhrowded under.*

Targement : m. *A tarrying, lingering, delaying, long ſtaying ; alſo, a covering, ſhielding, or ſhrowding under.*

Targer. *as* Tarder (*Among old Authors ;*) *alſo, to ſhield, cover, ſhrowd under.*

se Targer d'une raiſon. *To arme, fortifie, defend, or excuſe, himſelfe, by a reaſon.*

Targette : ſ. *A kind of ſnacket, or haſpe, wherewith caſemates, &c. are cloſed.*

Targon : m. *The herb Tarragon.*

Targue. *as* Targe.

Targué : m. ée : f. *Shielded ; armed, or covered with a Targuet.*

Tari : m. ie : f. *Dried up, drained of naturall moiſture ; withered, without any manner of ſap.*

Tarier : m. *The bird called a Bunting.*

Tariere f. *An Augar.*

Tariere à boiſte. *A Wimble.*

Tariſſe : ſ. *waſte paper to bind up ſmall wares in ; alſo, Arithmetick, or the caſting of accompts.*

Tarin : m. *A little ſinging bird, having a yellowiſh body, and an aſh-coloured head.*

Tarir. *To drie, ſoak, wither up ; to draine of naturall moiſture.*

† Tarle : m. *A wood-worme, or woodmoath.*

† Tarlé : m. ée : f. *Worme-eaten.*

† Tarmées : f. *Thick magots ; or ſhort and hairie wormes, oftentimes breeding in the fundaments of horſes ; alſo, wood-wormes.*

Tarots : m. *A kind of great cards, whereon many ſeverall things are figured ; which make them much more intricate then ordinary ones.*

Tarquet : m. *A kind of little dog, or hound, uſually kept by Ladies, and Gentlewomen.*

Tarracier : m. *as* Terraſſier.

Tarré : m. ée : f. *Having an overture, or hole ; or as* Taré.

Tarſe de l'oeil. *The griſtle whereon the haire of the eye-lids groweth.*

Tarſe du pied. *The firſt part of the foot next to the leg, and anſwerable to the wriſt of the hand ; containes, or conſiſts of, ſeven bones.*

Tartaire : m. *A Tartarie Faulcon.*

Tartaraſſe : f. *A Tortoiſe.*

Tartare. *Tartar. Look* Tartre.

Tartarin : m. *The water-bird called a Kingsfiſher.*

Tartarot : m. *A Barbary Faulcon ; or rather as* Tartaire.

Tarte : ſ. *A Tart.*

Tarte Bourbonnoiſe. *A mire, bog, ſlough, deep and durty place.*

Tarte Iacobine. *A Tart made of fat cheeſe, the yolkes of egges, ſweet butter, Sugar, and ſalt, all mingled, and layed in paſt, together.*

Tarte rouge. *Another made of apples ſteeped in red wine, Sugar, Powder-Cynnamon, and ſweet butter ; then ſtrained, and laid in paſte.*

Payer la tarte de ſa nativité. *To make a feaſt, or banquet on his birth-day.*

On ſe ſaoule bien de manger tartes ; Prov. *Sweets quickly breed ſociety.*

Tartelages : m. *Tarts ; meats like unto Tarts ; or, things that belong to, or be fit for, Tarts.*

Tarteleue : ſ. *A little Tart.*

Tartelle ; ou, Tartenelle : ſ. *A whirligig.*

Tartinages. *as* Tartelages.

Tarton-raire. *Gutwort ; a beautifull, and extremely purging French ſhrub, or ſhrublike herb.*

Tartre : m. *Tartar, or Argall ; the lees or dregs that ſtick to the ſides of wine-veſſels ; hard and drie like a cruſt ; ſound, and ſo cloſe compacted, that you may beat it unto powder.*

Tartriere : ſ. *A jag, the Spurre-rowell-like inſtrument wherewith Paſtiſſiers make indented jags, alſo, a Tart-panne.*

Tarugue : ſ. *An Indian beaſt which hath hanging eares ; liveth alone, and without any trooping, among rocks ; and breeds a kind of Beazer ſtone.*

Tas : m. *A heap, a pile, a bundle ; a deale, ſort, rabble, company, troop.*

Tas de charge. *The vout of a vault ; the ſtones whereby it is begun, or which doe ſerve as foundations to all the ſeverall branches thereof.*

Taſche : ſ. *A taske.*

En bloc, & en taſche. *Tag and rag, all together, one with another.*

Taſché : m. ée : f. *Indeavoured, laboured, attempted, eſſayed, gone about ; alſo, taſked.*

Taſchement : m. *An indeavoring, labouring, attempting, eſſaying ; alſo, a tasking.*

Taſcher. *To indevour, labour, attempt, eſſay, offer, or goe about, to doe a thing ; alſo, to taske, or appoint a taske unto.*

Ie n'y taſchois point. *I did it not of purpoſe.*

Taſſe : ſ. *A bole, or cup to drink in ; alſo, a tuffe of graſſe ; alſo, a bag, or pouch.*

Taſſe de foing. *A bundle, or truſſe of hay.*

Taſſé : m. ée : f. *Heaped, piled ; made up into truſſes, or bundles.*

Taſſer. *To heap or pile up ; to make into truſſes, or bundles.*

Taſſette : ſ. *A little cup ; alſo, the skirt of a garment ; and the taſſe of an Armor (in which ſenſe it is moſt commonly uſed plurally) alſo, the herb Shepheards-purſe, Pickpurſe, Toywort, poore mans Parmacetie.*

Taſſot : m. *A Newt, or Aske.*

Taſtement : m. *A taſting ; or eſſaying ; alſo, a handling, feeling, touching, a groping for.*

Taſter. *To taſte ; or take an eſſay of ; alſo, to handle, feele, touch, or grope for.*

Taſte-vin : m. *A Broker for Wine-merchants, a Wine-cunner.*

Taſton. *whence ;* Aller à taſtons. *To feele, or grope along as he goes.*

Les manches à taſtons. *The ſleeves drawn out with puffes.*

Parler à taſton. *To ſpeak by gheſſe or conjecture, onely to harpe at the matter.*

Taſtonnant. *Feeling, groping ; handling, touching, ſtroking.*

Aller taſtonnant. *as* Aller à taſtons.

Taſtonnement : m. *A groping, feeling ; handling, touching, ſtroking.*

Taſtonner. *To feele, grope ; touch, handle, ſtroke.*

Tare-vin. *Look* Taſte-vin.

† Tatin : m. *A little, ſmall quantity, poore deale.*

Tatou : m. *A kind of long-tailed Hedgehog,*

hog, which in ſtead of a prickly, hath (ſomewhat like the Tortoiſe) a ſkaly coat, wherevnto, in times of danger, he drawes vp himſelfe.

Tavaillole : f. *A cuſhion-cloth*; *or a good big piece of linnen (commonly wrought) and ſerving as a cover for night-clothes, &c. or to the bag wherein they be kept.*

Tavaïolle. *as* Tavaillole; *(and the better word.)*

Tavan : m. *A Brizze, &c. as* Tahon. *Of* Langued.

Tavan de mer. *The ſea Brizze*; *reſembles a big Cheſlap, and hath ſixteene feet, each whereof is armed with a hook, or crooked naile: This vermine lodging himſelfe vnder the finnes of the Dolphin, and Tunny, &c. afflicts them as much as the land Brizze doth an Oxe.*

Tavayole : f. *Look* Tavaïolle.

† Taudir. *To cover booths in Faires, &c. with canvas, or with raw cloth, &c.*

se Taudir. *To cover, ſhrowd, ſhelter, hide himſelfe, to skowke, or duck, vnder.*

† Taudis : m. *The roofe, or vault of a houſe*; *any ſhrowd, or ſhelter made roofe-wiſe*; *and thence, a Targuet-fence, or a defenſive engine, vnder which approaches are made, or breaches entred, by ſouldiers*; *alſo, a Taylors boord, or ſtall*; *alſo, the cover of a booth, or ſtall*; *alſo, a foule, ſluttiſh, vnhandſome, or vndreſſed room.*

Vn taudis tout chargé de vaiſſelle d'or. *A Cupboord of golden plate*; *or a Goldſmiths booth*; *or Aall, ſet thicke therewith.*

Tavelé : m. ée : f. *Spotted, ſpecked, mennelled.*

Taveler. *To ſpot, or beſpeckle*; *to marke with ſpots of ſundrie colours.*

Tavelle : f. *A ſmall edging lace*; *a Crownlace.*

Tavellement : m. *A ſpotting, or ſpeckling, a marking with ſpots of ſundry colours.*

Tavelliere : f. *The little worme called a Wood-fretter.*

Tavelure : f. *as* Tavellement.

Taverdette : f. *A kind of plague.*

Taverne : f. *A Taverne*; *is alſo (in ſome few places no better then) a victualling houſe.*

Taverneage : m. *The penalty inflicted on a Vintner, or Wine-drawer, that hath ſold his wine at a higher rate then was ſet him by the Magiſtrate.*

Taverneur : m. eure : f. *Frequenting Taverns.*

Taverneux : m. euſe : f. *as* Taverneur; *alſo, full of Taverns.*

Tavernier : m. *A Vintner, Tavern-keeper, Wine-drawer*; *alſo (in ſome places) a victualler, of whom (as in our Tavernes of* London*) one may have meat, and drink for his money.*

Le Tavernier s'enyvre de ſa taverne; Prov. *Look* Enyvrer.

Taverniere : f. *A woman that keeps, or haunts, a Taverne*; *a woman that ſells, or ſwills, much wine.*

† Taves : f. *Red pimples, or freckles on the face.*

† Taulache : f. *A little Targuet, or Buckler.*

Taulpe : f. *The little beaſt called a Mole, or Moldewarpe.*

Fourmage de taulpe. *Heavy, or ſad cheeſe.*

Royaume des taulpes. *The earth.*

Fouilleur des taulpes. *A Mole-catcher.*

Fouïr aux taulpes. *To deceaſe, to die.*

Taulpetier : m. *A Mole-catcher.*

Taulpin, franc taulpin. *A trained man, or ſouldier, made of a husbandman*; *alſo, a chuffe, boore, ſwaine, hind.*

Taulpiniere : f. *A Molehill, or hole. Seek* Taupiniere.

Tanné. *Look* Tanné.

Taupe : f. *A Mole. Seek* Taulpe.

Taupiere : f. *An impoſtume, or ſoft ſwelling in the head, wherein it makes a hole ſomewhat like that which a Mole roots in the ground.*

Taupiniere : f. *A Molehill, or hole.*

Taupiniere d'aſſaſſinateurs. *A denne of murtherers.*

Taure : f. *Small Lunary, ſmall Moonewort.*

Taureau : m. *A Bull*; *alſo, the ſigne* Taurus.

Mener la geniſſe au taureau. *To bring the Heyſer to the Bull*; *to ſell a virginity, proſtitute a maid*; *or (any way) to bring a wench to a mans bed.*

Boy le vin comme roy, boy l'eau comme taureau; Prov. *Drink little wine and much water*; *or, drink wine moderatly, water abundantly.*

Taureliere : f. *A Cow that affects, or longs for, the Bull.*

Taurillon : m. *A young, or little Bull.*

Taute : f. *A Calamary, or Sleeve-fiſh*; *reſembles the ſea Cut, or Cuttle fiſh, and being ſkared, powres out a red liquor*; *alſo, a roller, or a round truncheon, laid under a great ſtone, &c. the more eaſily to remove it.*

† Tauter. *To lay a roller, &c. under a heavy thing, the better to remove it.*

Tautte. *as* Taute.

Taux : m. *A taxation, or eſtimation*; *a taxing, aſſeſſing, rating, or prizing of things.*

Il en aura le taux du Iuge. *He will ſure, and ſoone enough, heare of it to his coſt*; *he will ſurely be paid, or ſoundly be beaten, for it.*

† Taxation : f. *A taxation, taxing, rating, aſſeſſing, ſetting downe a certainty in.*

† Taxe : f. *as* Taux.

† Taxer. *To tax, rate, aſſeſſe, make a certaine eſtimate of, ſet a certaine price or ſcantling on*; *to allow coſts and charges vnto.*

† Taxeur : m. *A rater, taxer, aſſeſſor, priſer, praiſer.*

† Taxaté d'un deſpens. *A taxation of the expences in, or charges of, a ſuit.*

Taxation. *as* Taxation.

Taxe : f. *as* Taux.

Taxé : m. ée : f. *Taxed, rebuked, checked, reprehended, reproved*; *diſparaged, diſabled*; *alſo, aſſeſſed.*

Taxer. *To tax, check, taunt, rebuke, reprehend, reprove*; *diſgrace, diſable, diſparage*; *alſo, as* Taxer.

Taye : f. *Any filme, or thin skin*; *as that which is left by Butchers, on the inſide of a breaſt of Veale, quarter of Lamb, &c. and hence, a pin or web in the eye, a white filme overgrowing the eye*; *alſo, the woody skinne whereby the kernell of a wallnut is almoſt quartered*; *alſo, the ſappy heart, pith, or middle, of a Pine tree, divided into ſlices, and uſed by ſome of the poorer French, in ſtead of candles.*

Vne taye d'oreiller. *A Pillowbeere.*

Dure taye. *The outward skinne of the brain*; *the double skinne whereby it is covered, and kept from being hurt or touched by the skull.*

Tayeux : m. euſe : f. *Skinny, filmy*; *full of skinnes, or filmes*; *alſo, troubled with a pin, or web in the eye.*

† Tayon : m. *A grandfather*; *alſo, an Oake of 60 yeares growth.*

Te. (*The Pronoune*) *thee.*

Té. *A voice which is uſed by the French when they call a dog.*

Tect : m. *The roofe, or cover of a houſe*; *alſo, a ſtie, or houſe to keep hogs, or geeſe in.*

Tede : f. *The fat pith, or heart of the Pine tree, called by ſome the Torch tree*; *tis alſo, (and moſt properly) the whole ſtock thereof turned heart, or of ſo fat and rofinie a ſubſtance, that lights may be (and by the clownes of* Auvergne *are) made of it.*

Tei. *as* Té; *a voyce whereby dogs be called.*

Teigne : f. *Scurfe, or a hot ſcabbineſſe, on the head*; *the ſcurfe of a ſcauld pate*; *alſo, the weed Strangle-tare, Tenenture, Time, Strangleweed, Choakweed, Choakepitch*; *alſo, a Moath.*

Teigne de lin. *Dodder.*

Teigne de thym. *Laced Time, Dodder Time.*

Teigneux : m. euſe : f. *Scurvie, ſcauldpated.*

Herbe aux teigneux. *Butter-burre.*

Troix teigneux, & vn pelé. *A meſſe, or ſmall troop of ſcurvy, or paultry fellows.* Of Rab.

Femme trop pieteuſe fait ſa famille teigneuſe; Prov. *A tender houſewife makes a tainted houſhold.*

Iamais teigneux n'aima le peigne; Prov. *No ſcauld pate will the combe indure.*

Teille : f. *The rind, or pilling of hempe, &c.*

Teiller. *To pill, ſtrip, ſcale, or ſhale hemp, &c.*

Teillet. *as* Tillet.

Teinct : m. *A tincture, die, ſtaine*; *complexion, colour, hue*; *alſo, Shoomakers black. Look* Teint.

Teinct : m. cte : f. *Died, ſtained, coloured, imbued.*

Teincture : f. *A tincture, dying, ſtaining, colouring*; *alſo, the ſtuffe wherewith, or colour wherewith, a thing is died.*

Teincture ſourde. *Look under* Sourd.

Teincturerie : f. *A die-houſe.*

Teincturier : m. *A Dier.*

Herbe aux teincturiers. *Madder.*

Teinturiere : f. *A Diers wife*; *or a woman Dier.*

Teindre. *To die, ſtaine, colour, imbue, dip in colour.*

Teint : m. *as* Teinct; *a die, &c. whence*; Ioye au coeur fait beau teint; Prov. *Hearts-joy gives to the face a beauteous tincture*; *a cheerefull conſcience cleeres the countenance.*

Teinter. *To twang like the flying of a hard-bent bow.*

Tein-

Teinture, &c. *as* Teincture, &c.

Tel : m. telle : f. *Such, like, reſembling, ſuch like.*

Il n'y a quelque choſe de tel. *There is no ſuch matter.*

Entre tels tel deviendras ; Pro. *Among ſuch thou wilt be ſuch ; their company will make thee like them ; or, among ſuch be ſuch ; fit thy ſelf to thy company.*

Telamons : m. *Great ſhips ; alſo, ſupporters, or ſupporting Images in building.*

† Telant, vin telant. *Thicke, or clammy wine ; wine that ropeth.*

† Tele : f. *as* Toile.

Teleniaban. *Manna.* ¶ Rab.

Telephion. *Orpin, Liblong, Live-long ; or moſt properly, that kind thereof which is called joynted Orpin, Spaniſh Orpin, and Hungarian Orpin.*

Telier : m. *A Linnen weaver.*

Teline : f. *as* Flion. ¶ Langued.

Tellement. *So, in ſort, in ſuch wiſe, in that faſhion.*

Tellement quellement. *Indifferently, reaſonably, ſo ſo, not too well.*

Telline : f. *as* Flion. ¶ Langued.

Telon. *as* Tiretaine.

Tember ; &, Tembut. *The baſtard Pepper, called Betle, or Beter.*

Temeraire : com. *Raſh, haſty, hair-braind, headlong, foole-hardy, over hazardous, inconſiderate, undiſcreet, more forward then needs, more adventurous then he ſhould be.*

Temerairement. *Raſhly, haſtily, too hazardouſly, in a headlong courſe, at randome, at rovers, at all adventures.*

† Temeréement. *as* Temerairement.

Temerité : f. *Temerity, raſhneſſe, haſtineſſe, fool-hardineſſe, unadviſedneſſe, indiſcretion, want of due conſideration.*

Temperance : f. *Temperance, moderation, ſobriety, the mean between the extremities of appetite, and affection.*

Temperature : f. *A temper, temperature, tempering ; a mean, moderation, qualification, orderlineſſe.*

Temperé : m. ée : f. *Temperate, moderate, ſober, orderly, forbearing, refraining, mean-obſerving, of good temper, without any exceſſe ; alſo, tempered.*

Temperemént : m. *A tempering, moderating, ordering, governing, reſtraining.*

Temperément. *Temperately, moderately, ſoberly, meaſurably, orderly.*

Temperer. *To temper, moderate, qualifie ; governe, order ; allay, aſſuage ; forbeare, ſpare, abſtaine, refraine from ; to mingle diſcreetly, meaſure equally, keepe a mean.*

† Temperie : f. *Temperateneſſe of weather.*

Tempes. *Look* Temples.

Tempeſtatif : m. iue : f. *Turbulent, contentious, troubleſome, unquiet, ſeditious, ever jarring, wrangling, ſcoulding, brabling.*

Tempeſtativement. *Turbulently, tumultuouſly, troubleſomely, contentiouſly, ſeditiouſly, wranglingly.*

Tempeſte : f. *A tempeſt, ſtorme, bluſter, boiſterous weather.*

Deux pots au feu ſignifient feſte, & deux femmes font la tempeſte ; Prov. *Look under* Femme ; *or* Feſte.

Tempeſté : m. ée : f. *Stormed, bluſtered ; toſſed, vexed, hurried, harried ; taken, or overtaken with, broken or overthrown by, a tempeſt.*

Tempeſter. *To ſtorme, bluſter, keep a horrible coile or ſtirre, raiſe a tumult, be in an uproare ; to ſtoſſe, hurry, harry, torment, vex, turmoile ; alſo, to chaſe extremely at.*

Tempeſteux. *as* Tempeſtueux.

Tempeſtueux : m. euſe : f. *Tempeſtuous, bluſtering, ſtormie, troubleſome, unquiet.*

Temple : m. *A Temple, a Church.*

Temples : f. *The temples, the ſides of the head between the eyes, and eares.*

Templettes : f. *Fillets, or head-bands for women ; alſo, Jewells hanging upon their foreheads by bodkins thruſt into their haire.*

Temporal : m. ale : f. *Of, or in, the temples ; whence ;*

Veine temporale. *Seek under* Veine.

Temporalles. *Coat-armors ; or Heraulds coats.*

Tempotaux : m. *The muskles by which the temples are moved.*

Temporel : m. elle : f. *as* Temporal ; *alſo, temporall.*

Temporiſé : m. ée : f. *Temporized.*

Temporiſement : m. *A temporizing ; an obſerving, or following of the time ; alſo, a lingring, or protracting of time.*

Temporiſer. *To temporize it ; to obſerve, agree with, apply himſelfe, to the time ; to live, as the time goes, or according to the time ; alſo, to linger, delay, protract the time.*

Temporiſeur : m. *A temporizer, time-ſerver, protracter of time.*

† Temporiſeux : m. euſe : f. *Temporizing, time-ſerving, lingering, protracting of time.*

Tempre. *Quickly, ſhortly, ſoon, ſuddenly,* ¶ Pic.

Temprement. *Apace ; or as* Tempre. ¶ Pic.

Tempre-meure. Elle eſt tem. *(Said of a maid) ſhe is full ripe, or marriageable.*

Temps : m. *Time, ſeaſon ; while, opportunity, leaſure ; weather.*

Le temps advenir. *Hereafter.*

Le temps des beſongnes. *Harveſt, or reaping time ; ſo tearmed by husbandmen.*

Temps de forgas. *Looke under* Forgas.

Temps de pouldrette. *The ſeaſon wherein the husbandman is to break the clods of his plowed lands.*

Les quatre temps. *The foure Imber weekes.*

Bon temps. *Proſperity ; alſo, merriment, or time paſſed in merriment.*

Bon temps mau temps. *Howſoever the world goes, whatſoever come of it ; alſo, one with another.*

Avec le temps. *In time, in the end, at length.*

En temps & lieu. *Fitly, in good ſeaſon, as it ſhould bee.*

En peu de temps. *Shortly, quickly, ere-long, within a while.*

Par temps. *Seaſonably, in good time.*

Avoir ſon temps. *A woman to have her flowers.*

Faire ſon temps. Il a faict ſon temps. *He is grown old, or out of date.*

Faire le guet au temps. *To obſerve, and make uſe of worldly occurrences.*

Cela ſe faiſoit au temps jadis. *That's ſtale, or obſolete ; thats quite out of uſe, cleane out of date, altogether out of faſhion.*

Gaigner le temps. *To prolong or draw out the day ; to win time.*

Galler le bon temps. *To live merrily, blithly, jocundly ; licentiouſly, ſenſually, luxuriouſly.*

Hauſſer le temps. *To tipple hard, or tipple unto drunkenneſſe ; to ſit long tipling, and yet not think it long.*

Paſſer le temps. Il paſſe le temps. *He lives at his eaſe, or takes pleaſure enough in this world ; he gives himſelfe all fullneſſe of ſenſuall contentment.*

Pouſſer le temps à l'eſpaule. *To uſe delayes, &c. as under* Eſpaule.

Le temps n'eſt pas touſiours en bonne diſpoſition ; Prov. *Time is not alwaies favourable ; or, all times be not good for all things.*

Le temps ouvre. *Look* Ouvre.

Le temps vient, va, & paſſe, fol qui ne le compaſſe ; Pro. *Time commeth, goeth, and away doth paſſe, he that obſerves, or weighs it not's an Aſſe.*

Avec le temps, & la paille l'on meure les meſles ; Pro. *Time and ſtraw do make green Medlers, which are as hard as ſtones, as ſoft as roaſted apples : we muſt attend with hope times opperation ; The like is.*

Avec le temps l'on moiſſonne ; Prov. *In time our corne is ripe, our harveſt gotten.*

Ingratitude aſſeiche les fonts, & le temps renverſe les ponts ; Pro. *Unthankfulneſſe dries bounties ſprings, and bridges time to ruine bring.*

Tenable : com. *Holdable, fit to be held or kept.*

Tenacement. *Faſtly, cleavingly, ſurely, boldingly.*

Tenacité : f. *Tenacity ; faſt keeping, ſure holding, ſtraight retaining ; hardneſſe, niggardlineſſe, miſery, ſparing ; alſo, conſtancie, ſteadfaſtneſſe ; alſo, clammineſſe.*

Tenaillade : f. *A pluck, twitch, or ſtroake with a paire of pinſers.*

Tenaille : f. *A paire of pinſers.*

Tenaillé : m. ée : f. *Plucked out, or taken hold of, with pinſers ; alſo, whoſe fleſh is pinched, or torn off with hot pinſers.*

Tenaillement : m. *A plucking out, or taking hold of with pinſers ; alſo, a pinching, or tearing off, of the fleſh with hot pinſers.*

Tenailler. *To pull out, pluck off, take hold of, with pinſers ; alſo, to pinch, or teare the fleſh off with hot pincers.*

Tenais : m. *The ſlip of a plant.*

Tenaiſie : f. *The herb Tanſie.*

Tenamment. *Faſtly, cleavingly, boldingly, cloſe together.*

Tenant : m. *A miſer, ſnudge, niggad, pinchpeny, peni-father ; a ſparing, hard, or neer ſnudge ; a cloſe-handed, or covetous hold-faſt ; alſo, the ſide, or limit of the ſide, of a houſe, or piece of ground ; alſo, a defendant in a Juſt, or Turnament ; any one that withſtands another, or holds, and makes good a place againſt him ; alſo, a com-*

continuall courſe, or unintermitted continuance, of things; whence;
Tout d'un tenant. *All together;* &;
Tout en vn tenant; *Together, in one, all as one.*

Tenant: m. ante: f. *Holding, keeping, detaining; alſo, bounding or abutting on, next or neere adjoyning unto.*
Le Roy tenant ſon lict de Iuſtice. *Sitting in the throne of Juſtice.*

Tenar de la main. *A certain muſkle whereof the greateſt part of the palme of the hand conſiſteth.*

Tencer. *Look* Tanſer.

Tenche: f. *A Tench.*
Tenche de mer. *The ſea Tench, a rockfiſh made like the river Tench, but of ſundrie colours, and very tender when ſhe is dreſſed.*

Tendant. *Bending, ſtretching, reaching, giving forward, making towards; tending, inclining, drawing neer unto.*

Tendelet: m. *The tilt, or cover, of the poop of a galley; the cloth wherewith it is covered.*

† Tendineux: m. euſe: f. *Of, or full of, a Tendon.*

Tendon: m. *A Tendon, or taile of a muſkle; a bloudleſſe inſtrument of motion, conſiſting partly of the ſinew, and partly of the ligament, and fibers, which iſſue confuſedly from the belly of a muſkle.*

Tendre. *To Tend; bend; reach, extend, ſtretch out, ſpread or diſplay; to pitch; incline, or give forwards; approach, or make towards; goe on, or draw neere unto; alſo, to indevour, goe about, labour to get or come by; alſo, to tender, or offer unto.*
Tendre à fin de non recevoir. *To oppoſe the entry, or admittance of his adverſaries plea, or proceſſe.*
Tendre le giron en la Iuſtice. *(A defendant)* comparoir à l'aſſignation qui luy a eſté baillée, & accorder au demandeur ſes fins, & concluſions.
Tendre les mains. *To beg, or aske for mercy.*
Tendre aux oiſeaux. *To lay, or ſet nets, &c. for birds.*
Il n'a veine qu'y tend. *He hath no fancie nor humour unto it, he minds or means nothing leſſe.*
Qui à aiſe tend aiſe luy faut; Prov. *He that provides for his eaſe doth often loſe it; or, he that cares for his eaſe is often croſt in't.*
Qui à aſne tend à aſne vient; Prov. *He quickly may, that needs will, be an aſſe; or, at any time he ſpeeds that would be an aſſe.*

Tendre: com. *Tender; young; ſoft, ſupple, gentle, pliant; mercifull, tractable, ſoone induced, eaſily drawn unto; alſo, nice, neſh, puling, delicate, effeminate.*

Tendrelet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat tender, &c.*

Tendrement. *Tenderly; ſofily, ſupplely, pliantly; gentilely, tractably; neſhly, delicately; gingerly.*

Tendret: m. ette: f. *A little tender, ſoft, ſupple; gentle, tractable; neſh, delicate.*

† Tendreté: f. *Tenderneſſe, ſofineſſe, ſuppleneſſe; gentleneſſe, tractableneſſe; neſhneſſe, effeminacie, delicateneſſe.*

Tendreur: f. *as* Tendreté.

Tendrieres: f. *Chapi, rifts, or chawnes on the nipple of a womans breaſt.*

Tendrillons: m. *Tendrells, little griſtles.*

† Tendrineux: m. euſe: f. *Full of tendrels, or of ſlender griſtles.*

Tendron: m. *A tender, neſh, delicate, or effeminate fellow; alſo, a cartilage, or griſtle; alſo, a tendrell, or the tender branch, or ſprig of a plant.*

† Tendronneux: m. euſe: f. *Griſtly, full of griſtles, or of tendrels.*

Tendu: m. uë: f. *Tended; bent; raught, extended, ſtretched out; ſpred, or diſplayed; pitched; inclined, or made towards; tendered, or offered unto; layed, or ſet for.*

Tenebres: f. *Darkneſſe, obſcurity, dimneſſe; alſo, the ſervice uſed in Popiſh Churches the three dayes next before Eaſter; whence;* Les trois jours de tenebres; *be thoſe three dayes.*

Tenebreux: m. euſe: f. *Tenebrous, darkſome, obſcure, full of darkneſſe, or of obſcurity.*

Tenebrions: m. *Night-ſpirits, Hobgoblins, ſuch as love, and live in, continuall darkneſſe.* ¶ Rab.

Tenement: m. *A countrey, territory, or lands poſſeſſed, or held abſolutely; alſo, a tenement, inheritance, or lands held in fief, by Cens, or a chiefe rent.*

† Tenementier: m. *A tenant, or farmer.*

Teneſme: m. *A great deſire, devoid of power, to purge.* (v.m.)

Teneur: m. *The Tenor part in Muſick.*

Teneur: f. *The tenor, content, ſtuffe, or ſubſtance of a matter; alſo, a continuall order, ſtate, faſhion, race, courſe; an unſtopping, or unintermitted continuance of things without any change in the manner thereof.*

Tenie: f. *A fillet, head-band, or hairelace; alſo, a kind of brow, or juttying in a piller.* (v.m.)

Tenir. *To hold, have, keep, enjoy, poſſeſſe; take; detaine, withhold; reſerve, retaine; alſo, to beare, uphold, ſupport, ſuſtaine, maintaine; alſo, to performe, effect, obſerve, make good; alſo, to let, ſtop, hinder, impeach; govern, keep in order, bridle, reſtraine; alſo, to judge, deem, account, repute, eſteem; alſo, to cleave, cling, adhere, ſtick faſt, lie cloſe, or ſit ſure, unto.*
Tenir adverti de. *To give notice or intelligence of.*
Tenir des baſſes marches. *To hold of the ſmock, his wife to be his maſter.*
Tenir le bec en l'eau. *To delay, or dally with. Look under* Bec.
Tenir la bride haute à. *To awe, reſtrain, keep ſhort, hold in.*
Tenir bon. *To be firme, or conſtant in a matter; to continue or perſiſt in it, to hold or ſtand to it, without any flinching or ſhrinking.*
Tenir bon à quelqu'un. *To hold him play.*
Tenir ſon coeur. *To malice inwardly, to beare a grudge unto.*
Tenir coup à la beſongne. *Seek under* Coup.
Tenir court. *To reſtraine, curb, keep ſhort.*
Tenir de court. *To preſſe, urge, lay hard, or follow cloſe, unto.*
Tenir vn enfant ſur le fons. *To chriſten a child.*
Tenir l'Eſchiquier. *To ſit, or keep a Court, in the Exchequer.*
Tenir ſon eſtat à. *To give maintenance unto.*
Tenir à fable. *To eſteem, or account of, as a fable.*
Tenir fief. *To poſſes a feodall inheritance.*
Tenir en fief. *Look under* Fief.
Tenir de la Lune. *To be inconſtant, variable, or changeable, as the Moone; alſo, to be a little frantick.*
Tenir le livre. Il veut touſiours tenir le livre. *Hee talks continually, or ſo much as no body elſe can ſpeak for him.*
Tenir le main à; &, Tenir la main pour. *Look under* Main.
Tenir le marché faict. *To ſtand to his bargaine.*
Tenir le menton à. *To ſupport, uphold, beare up; whence the Proverb;* Celuy peut hardiment nager à qui l'on tient le menton.
Tenir à la mer. *To work or ſayle againſt the tide, or current of the ſea.*
Tenir la mule à. Il luy fit tenir la mule. *He overruled, overſwayed, or overmaſtered him; alſo, he made him tarry his leaſure, or dance attendence on him.*
Tenir la plaidoirie. *To keep, or hold, a Court.*
Tenir pied à. Ie ne leur tins beaucoup de pied. *I gave them not much conſent, aſſiſtance, or countenance; alſo, I ſtayed not long with them; I held them not tack, or play, any while.*
Tenir pied à boule. *To applie his buſineſſe throughly, to hold hard or ſtand cloſe unto it.*
Tenir pied en ſoulier. *Look under* Soulier.
Tenir la queuë de la paelle. *To rule, ſway, or diſpoſe of a buſineſſe; to have the chiefeſt dealings, or moſt authority, in it; and hence the Proverb;* Qui tient la queuë de la paelle il la tourne là ou il veut.
Tenir ſur les rangs. *To deride, mock, flowt, jeaſt at, make himſelfe merry with.*
Tenir ſerre. *To keep in, to hold himſelfe cloſe, to reſtrain himſelfe.*
Tenir table. *Look under* Table.
Tenir teſte *To ſtand unto it.*
Tenir tort. *whence;* Il ſçait bien le tort qu'il nous tient; *He knowes well enough the wrong he does us.*
Tenir au vent. *To ſayle very neer a wind.*
se Tenir. *To beare, to carry himſelfe; alſo, to abide, continue, remaine;* se Tenir de; *To forbeare.*
se Tenir à vn denier. *To ſtick at, or dodge about, a penny.*
se Tenir debout. *To ſtand, or ſtand upright.*
se Tenir fort. *To preſume, rely, or build upon; to truſt unto, have confidence in.*
se Tenir ſur le bon bout; &, ſur le haut bout. *Look under* Bout.
Faire tenir quelque choſe à. *To convey, or ſend a thing unto.*
Se faire tenir. *To be luſty, play the gallant, &c. as under* Faire.
A cela ne tienne. *For that not a pinne matter, let that be no hinderance, let it not ſtick upon that.*

Il tient à luy que. *'Tis long of him, or he is the onely cauſe, that.*

Il tient tant de moy. *He preſumes, relies, depends ſo much upon me; he hath that truſt or confidence in, that hold or aſſurance of, me.*

Il ne tient qu'à cela. *There needs, or wants, but that; that done will ſerve the turn; that done our task is done.*

Il ſe tint fort par le nez de ce refus. *He forbore all he could to ſeem ſenſible of this refuſall; alſo, as under* Nez.

Il n'en voudrois pas tenir dix eſcus. *(Vſed upon an accident, or occurrence that pleaſeth) I would not for 10 Crownes it were otherwiſe; or, I am as glad as if one had given me ten crowns; (but upon any other occaſion) I would not take ten crowns for it; and thence alſo;*

Ils n'en euſſent pas voulu tenir vn denier moins. *They would not have taken a penie leſſe for it; alſo, they made themſelves as ſure of it as if they had held it.*

Ie ſçay bien à qui m'en tenir. *I know well enough whom to thanke, or whom I am beholden to, for that.*

Ou vont ils tenir? *Whither goe they to keep, dwell, ſojourn, remain, abide?*

Ou ils n'ont que tenir. *Where they have nothing to take hold of, where there is nothing that makes for them.*

Sans cela ils n'auroient que tenir. *Without that they knew not what ſhift to make, what courſe to take; they knew not how to earn their bread, or what in the earth to do.*

Tout ce que ie vous dis ie le tiens de luy. *I have all that I tell you from him, I heard all that I tell you of him.*

Vous ne m'y tenez pas. *You lieve me not there as yet, you have not got ſo much from, or out of, me.*

Qui tient ſe tienne; Pro. *He that holds let him hold ſtill; or, let him that hath a hold keep it.*

Mieux vaut vn tenez que deux vous l'aurez; Pro. *Better one bird in the hand then two in the buſh.*

Tenon: m. *A tenon; the end of a raſter, &c. put into a morteiſe, &c.*

Tenons. *The vice nailes wherewith the barrell of a peece is faſtned unto the ſtocke; alſo, the (leatherne) handles of a Target.*

Tenre. *as* Tendre. ¶ Pic.

Tenſer. *To chide. Look* Tanſer.

Tenſif: m. iue: f. *Bending, or ſtiffe-bent.*

Tentation: f. *A temptation, tempting, proofe, eſſay, proving, aſſaying,*

Tentative: f. *The poſing (for the paſſing) of Graduates; a probation, or examination, of ſuch as are to take a degree.*

Tentatoire: f. *A proofe, eſſay, offer, attempt.*

Tente: f. *A tent, or pavillion; alſo, an open booth for a Pedler, &c. alſo, a tent for a wound.*

Tenté: m. ée: f. *Tempted; eſſayed, tried, proved, ſounded, taſted; alſo, provoked, or moved (unto evill.)*

† Tentement: m. *A tempting; an eſſaying, trying, proving, ſounding, taſting, attempting; alſo, a ſuggeſting, provoking, or moveing (unto evill.)*

Tenter. *To tempt; to prove, try, ſound, eſſay, taſt, attempt; alſo, to ſuggeſt, provoke, or move (unto evill.)*

Tentereſſe: f. *A tempereſſe, a woman that tempts.*

Tenteur: m. *A tempter, provoker; attempter, eſſayer.*

Tenthredon. *A kind of flie.*

† Tentier: m. *A tent-keeper; or one that lives in a tent.*

Tentiſſement: m. *A ringing, reſounding, tinkling, tingling.*

Tenture: f. *A tending; bending, reaching; ſtretching, ſpreading, extending, diſplaying; pitching.*

La tenture d'une chambre. *The hanging of, or a ſuit of hangings for, a chamber.*

Tenu: m. uë: f. *Held, kept, had, enjoyed, poſſeſſed, retained, reſerved, detained, withheld; born, ſupported, upheld; performed, effected, obſerved; ſtopped, hindered; bridled, reſtrained; judged, reputed, eſteemed; bound, or beholden unto.*

'A toy n'a pas tenu. *Thou wert no binderance, thou gaveſt no impediment, brougheſt no impeachment; it was not long of thee. And,* S'il n'euſt tenu à toy. *Without thee, had it not been for thee.*

On luy avoit tenu ſi avant la liberté, &c. *He had ſo much liberty given him, or men had ſo long ſuffered him, to.*

Tenuë: f. *Hold; apprehenſion; performance; alſo, a tenure in Law.*

Femme de proüeſſe, & de tenuë, *That will ſay and hold, that is as good as her word.*

Homme qui n'a point de tenuë. Cet homme n'a point, &c. *There is no certainty in his ſpeeches, no conſtancy in his actions; we cannot build any way upon him.*

Tenuë: com. *Thin, ſlender, ſleight, fine; weak; leane, gaunt; little, ſpare, ſmall.*

Tenuëment. *Thinly, ſlenderly, ſleightly; weakly; leanely, gauntly; ſmally, poorely.*

Tenuité: f. *Tenuity, thinneſſe, exility, ſleightneſſe, fineneſſe; leaneneſſe, gauntneſſe, ſlenderneſſe, ſcaninneſſe.*

Tenure: f. *A tenure; a hold, or eſtate in land.*

Tenure briſée. *A diſſeiſin.*

Tenure: com. *as* Tenuë.

Tenurement. *as* Tenuëment.

Tenuret: m. ette: f. *Somewhat ſlender, thin, ſleight; very little, ſcant, ſmall.*

† Tenureté: f. *Look* Tenuité.

Tephramantie: f. *Divination by aſhes blown, or caſt, up into the aire.* ¶ Rab.

Tepidité: f. *Luke-warmneſſe.*

Terapeutique. *as* Therapeutique.

Terbenthin: m. *The Turpentine tree.*

Terbenthine: f. *Turpentine. Look* Terebinthine.

Terçage: m. *A third breaking, or digging up of the ground.* (v.m.)

Terceau: m. *A quantity of wine taken by ſome Lords upon every veſſell belonging to their vaſſalls; who if they broach any before, or before notice thereof given to the Lord, or his Officers, loſe 60 s. Tourn.*

Tercéer. *To till, break, or dig up the ground a third time.* (v.m.)

Tercer. *as* Tercéer.

Tercot: m. *A little aſh-coloured, and long-tongued bird, called a Wry-neck.*

Terebentine. *as* Terebinthine.

Terebinthe: f. *The Turpentine tree.*

Terebinthine: f. *Turpentine; the Roſin or Gum of the Turpentine tree: (This is the right Turpentine, whereas that which is commonly ſold for ſuch, is the liquid Roſin of the Larch tree.)*

Terebinthine de Veniſe. *Turpentine of Venice, right Turpentine; (In the ſhops of England, and Germany, the liquid Roſin taken from the bark of young Firre-trees is falſely called,* Terebinthina Veneta.)

Terelle. *as* Tarelle.

Tereniaban. *Liquid Manna; of the colour, and conſiſtence of honey.*

Terges: f. *Little Images of Saints made on peeces of painted paper, or leather, and worn like brooches, in the hats of the youths of the pariſh, at publick meetings, or on ſolemne daies.*

Tergiverſation: f. *Tergiverſation; a flinching, withdrawing, ſhifting, ſlinking, or ſhrinking back; a haſting, dodging, paultering, or paultry excuſing; a Nonſute in Law.*

Tergiverſateur: m. *A flincher, ſhrinker, ſtarter, haſter, dodger, paulterer; one that is nonſuted, or withdrawes a ſute, but with a purpoſe to begin anew.*

Tergiverſer. *To ſlinch; to ſhift, ſlink, or ſhrink back from; to dodge, paulter, haggle, or haſt; to wrangle; excuſe, deny; withdraw a ſute, fall to a nonſute; run back, but not give over.*

Teriere: f. *An Augur.* (v.m.)

Teriz: m. *A kind of long-heeled Linnet.* (v.m.)

Terme: m. *A terme, time, or day; alſo, a tearme, word, ſpeech; alſo, a Pillar faſhioned, at the upper end, like an arm-leſſe man or woman; and (more generally) any arm-leſſe Image; alſo, a croſſe way; alſo, a great high way; alſo, a ſtone, bound, limit, more, dividing land from land.*

Eſtre en termes. Et ſommes nous en ces termes? *What? are we at this point? are we come to this paſſe?*

Mis en termes. *Diſcuſſed, examined, deliberated of, or fallen into deliberation.*

Tenir terme. Quel terme il tient. *What face he ſets on it, what countenance he ſhewes in it.*

Le terme vaut l'argent. *The terme is worth my money; a Proverbe wherewith divers, that have borrowed much upon long daies, are apt to flatter themſelves, hoping that ſomewhat may, in the meane while, occur to their further benefit, or full diſcharge.*

Il n'y a terme qui paſſe par delà celuy de frere; Prov. *No title goes beyond the deere name of a brother.*

Termement: m. *The appointing, or ſetting down of a certaine terme, or time.*

Terminaiſon: f. *A termination.*

Termination: f. *A determining, finiſhing, ending; alſo, a limiting, or bounding.*

Terminé: m. ée: f. *Determined, ended, finiſhed; bounded, limitted; alſo, ending, finiſhing; limitting, bounding.*

Terminer. *To determine, finiſh, end; limit, bound.*

Termoyer. *To appoint a terme, aſſigne a time, limit or ſet a day.*

Ternaire: com. *Of three, or of a third.*

Ternenaire. *A number containing many threes.*

Terner. *To throw a tre, or three.*

Terni : m. le : f. *Wan, lew, pale, bleake, ſallow, diſcoloured, of a duskiſh or deadly hew ; whoſe luſter is loſt, or very much decaied.*

Yeux ternis. *Dull or dead eyes ; eyes that are grown heavy, or be nothing ſo quick, lively, or piercing, as they have been.*

Ternier : m. *The ſmall Hickway, tearmed a wall pecker.*

se Ternir. *To wax pale, wan, lew, bleake, diſcoloured, or ſallow of colour ; to loſe, or decay much in, it former luſter.*

Terniſſeur : m. *A bleaker, blemiſher, diſcolourer.*

Terniſſure : f. *Paleneſſe, bleakneſſe, wanneſſe, ledenneſſe of colour ; a ſallow, duskiſh, or deadly hue.*

Terrace. *as* Terraſſe ; *alſo, a Terrace, or high, and open Gallery.*

Terrage : m. *Field-rent, country toll ; which is (if in the tenants Graunt, or Leaſe, there be no certaine rate ſet down) the twelfth ſheafe, or bundle of all ſorts of Corn, Flax, Hemp, and Fruit gotten on a tenement ; onely the profits and increaſe of Meddowes, Woods, and Vineyards are exempted, unleſſe there be a ſpeciall cuſtome, or condition to the contrary.*

Diſme, & terrage à deux mains. *Look under* Main.

Terragé. Terre terragée. *Land held by the title, or liable to the payment of country toll.*

Terrageal : m. ale : f. *whence,* Grange terrageale. *A Barn for the receit, or keeping, of country toll. (v.m.)*

Seigneur terrageal. *A Lord that receives* Terrage *from his tenants.*

Terrageau. *as* Terrageal, *or* Terragier.

Terrager. *To hold, or let out, lands for which* Terrage *is due ; alſo, to ſort, or lay out the fruits belonging thereto.*

Terragereſſe. Grange terragereſſe. *as* Grange terrageale. (v. m.)

Terragerie : f. *Field-rent ; or the having of, or holding by, field-rent.*

Terrageur : m. *One that hath* Terrage, *or field-rent.*

Terragier : m. *The tenant that yeelds, or paies his Lord field-rent.*

Terragier : m. ere : f. *Held, or holding, by* Terrage.

Terraignol : m. *A horſe thats hardly raiſed from the ground. (v.m.)*

Terrain : m. *(Forced) earth, land, ſoile ; or, a heap thereof.*

Terrantole. *as* Tarantole.

Terraſſe : f. *A plat, platforme, ſort, or bulwarke ; alſo, a bank, heap, or hillock, of earth ; alſo, a Pond-head ; alſo, as* Terrace ; *alſo, an earthen pan.*

Teraſſé : m. ée : f. *Felled, overthrown, or caſt down, to the earth ; alſo, floored.*

Terraſſement : m. *An overthrowing, or caſting down, to the earth ; alſo, a flooring, the laying of a floore, with earth ; and the ſtrengthning of the inſide of a wall with a bank, &c. of earth.*

Teraſſer. *To fell, overthrow, or caſt down, to the earth ; alſo, to lay, or make a floore of earth, &c.*

Terraſſer vne muraille par dedans la ville. *To rampire, ſtrengthen, or fill up the inſide of a wall with earth.*

Terraſſier : m. *An ignorant, or home-bred clown ; one that never ſtirred off his own dunghill.*

Terrau : m. *Mould, ſoile, fat earth ;* (v.m.) *alſo, as,*

Terraul : m. *A Plat, or Bulwarke of earth ; alſo, a heape of earth ; alſo, a ſeat of earth in an Arbor ; alſo, as* Terrau. (v.m.)

Terraut. *as* Terraul.

Terre : f. *Earth, Ground, Land, Soyle ; alſo, a Mannor, Farme, cloſe, Field, peece of Ground ; alſo, a Land, Region, Province, Country ; alſo, the world, or the whole earth.*

Terre Ampelite. *A blackiſh earth, which broken, reſolves into oyle : Inold time they annointed Vines withall, thereby to deſtroy Caterpillars, and other vermine, wherewith they were infeſted.*

Terre de l'arnage. *A whitiſh clay, or fat earth, whereof, in old time, Goldſmiths melting pots were made.*

Terre de Beauvois. *A certain earth whereof pots, or veſſells may be made.*

Terre Bleſienne. Terra ſigillata, *or* Lemnia ; *ſound ſometimes neer unto* Blois, *and therefore ſo tearmed.*

Terre de Chio. *A white aſh-coloured earth, which is gotten in the Iſland* Chio ; *and which being uſed, as a waſhing ball, makes a ſmooth, cleer, and well-coloured skin.*

Terre Cimolienne. *A medicinable earth, whereof there be two ſorts, one white, the other purpliſh ; the beſt of both feeles cold, and fatty ; ſome call it Fullers earth.*

Terre à degraiſſer. *Fullers earth.*

Terre Eretrienne. *An aſtringent, and refrigerative earth, whereof there be two kinds, one exceeding white, the other aſh-coloured.*

Terre Guerinienne. Terra ſigillata. *(A medicinable earth.)*

Terre à laver. *Fullers earth.*

Terre Melie, ou Melienne. *A rough, and aſh-coloured earth, which being taſted of, bites, and dries, the tongue like Allum ; and is uſed for the cleanſing of the bodies outſide, wherein it gives a lively, and gracious hue.*

Terre d'ombre. *Beyond-ſea Azur ; an earth found in ſilver mines, and uſed by Painters for ſhadowings.*

Terre Pharmacite. *as* Terre Ampelite.

Terre Pnignite. *A gluie, and aſh-coloured earth, which is good to coole hot hands.*

Terre de S. Porcin. *as* Terre de l'arnage.

Terre Samienne. *A white, light, ſoft, moiſt, and gluie earth, which drunk in water, is good againſt poyſon, and the impoyſoned biting of venomous beaſts.*

Terre de ſavon. *Fullers earth.*

Terre ſcellée. *The medicinable earth called,* Terra ſigillata.

Terre Selinuſienne. *A white, ſhining, and brittle earth, which quickly melts in liquor, and is an excellent ſhower of the skin.*

Terre de Veniſe. *A white earth, or clay, uſed by Potters.*

Terre verde. *Borax, green earth ; alſo, a kind of tough greeniſh clay, whereof the beſt earthen veſſells be made.*

Terre à vigne. *as* Terre Ampelite.

Enfans de la terre. *Worldlings. Look under* Enfant.

Mau de terre. *The falling ſickneſſe.*

Terre à terre. *Even by, cloſe unto, the ground.*

Manege de terre à terre. *A manage more low, and more quick then the ordinary gallop, or curvet.*

Sous terre. *Under hand, in lugger mugger.*

N'avoir ny de terre iaulne, ny de la blanche. *To have neither gold nor ſilver ; to be in a very poor, or miſerable caſe.*

Faire de la terre le foſſé ; &, De terre d'autruy remplir ſon foſſé. *Look* Foſſé.

Il ne marchoit de pied en terre. *He was ſo glad that he could ſtand on no ground, or felt not the ground he went on.*

Mettre à terre ; en terre ; & par terre. *Look under* Mettre.

Prendre terre. *To proceed, go forward, rid ground, get on apace ; alſo, to land, or get a ſhore.*

Terre chevauchée eſt à demy mangée ; Pro. *Far-off land oft rid to half ſpends it ſelf ; The like is.*

Terre loing de ſoy n'apporte que flaſcons, & bouteilles ; Pro.

De bonne terre bon tupin ; Pro. *Good earth good pipkins yeelderh.*

Nulle terre ſans guerre ; Prov. &, Qui a terre ſi a guerre ; Pro. *No land without Law ; no contentment without contention.*

Telle terre telle cruche, Pro. *See* Cruche.

Adjour d'huyen terre demain enterré ; Pro. *To day on the earth, to morrow in it.*

On ne doit pas laiſſer bonne terre pour mauvais ſeigneur ; Pro. *Good land muſt not be left becauſe of a bad Landlord.*

Pour laver ſes mains on n'en vend pas ſa terre ; Pro. *Not cleanlineſſe but coſtlineſſe makes men to ſell their lands.*

Tant vaut l'homme tant vaut ſa terre ; Pro. *So worthy as a man is makes be the thing; belonging to him.*

Terreau : m. *Mould, ſoile, fat earth.*

Terregarde. Matiere de ter. *A controverſie about the meeres, or bounds of land.*

Terre-né : m. ée : f. *Born, begotten, or bred of the earth.*

Terreneufviers. *New-found-landers, new-found-land-men.*

Terre-plein : m. *A platforme of earth ; or, the earth which is rampired, and filled unto the inſide of a bulwarke, or wall.*

† Terrer. *To terrifie, deter, fear, ſcare, affright.* (v.m.)

Terreſtre : com. *Terreſtriall, earthly ; living on, or belonging to, the earth.*

Terreſterrité, & Terreſtreté : f. *Earthlineſſe, worldlineſſe ; alſo, an earthly light, luſt or appetite.*

Terre-tremble : m. *An earthquake.*

Terreur : f. *Terror, fear, dread, gaſtlineſſe, horror.*

Terreux : m. euſe : f. *Earthy, earthly, of earth, full of earth.*

Terrible : com. *Terrible, dreadfull, moſt fearefull ; gaſtly, fell, horrible, moſt cruell.*

Terriblement. *Terribly, dreadfully, moſt fearfully ; gaſtfully, horribly, moſt felly.*

Terribler. *To make terrible, or make a terrible ſhew.*

Terrien : m. *A man of meanes or poſſeſſions, a landed man.*

Terrien : m. enne : f. *Terrene, earthly, conſiſting or ſavouring of earth.*

Terrier : m. *The hole, berry, or earth of a Conny, or Fox ; alſo, a little hillock; alſo, as* Papier terrier ; *alſo, fat earth, mould, or ſoyle.*

C'eſt vne toux de regnard qui vous menera au terrier, viz. au ſepulchre.

Terrier : m. ere : f. *Of earth, or ſoyle.*

Papier terrier. *The Court-roll, or catalogue of all the names of a Lords tenants, and of all the rents they pay, and ſervices they owe, him.*

Terriere : f. *A Terrier, or Augar.*

Terrin : m. *as* Terraſſe.

Terrine : f. *An earthen pot, or pan ; and particularly, a pan (of earth, &c.) for a cloſe-ſtoole.*

Territoire : m. *A territory ; the compaſſe, or continent of land or country belonging to a City, Town, Pariſh, Lordſhip, or Manner.*

Territoire d'un Iuge ; comprend tout le reſort. ¶ L'Oiſeau.

Terroir : m. *Soyle, ground, or land ; alſo, as* Territoire.

Terron : m. *Soyle, manure, dung fully incorporated with the earth.*

Terſiane : f. *A tertian Ague.*

Terre : m. *A little hill ; a hillock, or barrow.*

Teruë : com. *Thin, ſlender.* (v.m.)

Terzerol : m. *A mizzen, or poop-ſayle.*

Teſme : m. *A theame, argument, poſition, propoſition.*

Teſmoignage : m. *A teſtimony, witneſſe, depoſition, evidence.*

Teſmoigné : m. ée : f. *Teſtified, witneſſed.*

Teſmoigner. *To teſtifie ; witneſſe ; depoſe.*

Teſmoing : m. *A witneſſe, teſtis, teſtifier ; a deponent, or one that gives in evidence.*

Teſmoings. *(Are ſometimes) a mans teſticles, or ſtones.*

Teſmoing paſſe lettre ; Prov. *Seek* Lettre.

Teſniere. *as* Taniere : f. *A den.*

Teſſeré : m. ée : f. *Squared, or made foure-ſquare like a Dye.* (v.m.)

Teſſon : m. *A Gray, Brock, or Badger.* (*Look* Taiſſon ; *) alſo, a little poſſhard.*

Teſſonneau : m. *A young, or little Badger.*

Teſſons d'un preſſouër. *The ſide-boords of a preſſe.*

Teſt : m. *The ſcalpe, or ſcull of the head, &c. Look* Teſts.

Teſtable : com. *Teſtable ; that can make a will ; that may be deviſed by will.*

Teſtament : m. *A Teſtament, or will ; alſo, the wit, conceit, underſtanding ; head-furniture.*

Elle ſçait bien tout le vieil teſtament, & le nouveau. *She hath throughly learnt her lyripoop.*

Graſſe cuiſine maigre teſtament ; Pro. *A fat kitchin a leane will ; great houſe-keepers often die beggars.*

Teſtamentaire : com. *Teſtamentary, of a will or Teſtament.*

Teſtard : m. *The Pollard, or Chevin fiſh ; alſo, the little black water-vermine called, a Bull-head.*

Teſtard : m. arde : f. *Heady, ſelfewillie, head-ſtrong, obſtinate.*

Teſtarderie : f. *Headineſſe, obſtinacy, ſelfe-willineſſe.*

Teſtateur : m. *A teſtator ; one that hath made a Will.*

Teſte : f. *A head, pate, knonce, nole, coſtard, noddle ; alſo, headineſſe, obſtinacie, ſelfe-willineſſe.*

Teſte d'un anneau. *The bezill, or collet, that part wherein the ſtone is ſet.*

Teſte d'un armée. *The front, or forepart of an Army.*

Teſte d'Aſne. *The Gull, Bullhead, or Millers thumb ; (a little fiſh.)*

Teſte de boeuf. *An Oxehead, ſoult-head, &c. as under* Boeuf.

Teſte de cerf. *His bownes ; which we alſo call his head.*

Teſte de chien. *Look under* Chien.

Teſte creuſe. *A ſhallow braine, addle head, idle aſſe.*

Teſte groſſe. *Look hereafter,* in Groſſe teſte.

Teſte de grue. *Pinkeneedle, Shepheards bodkin, Storks bill, Cranes bill, Hearons bill ; (an herb.)*

Teſte de Linotte. *A light head, ſhittle pate, giddy braine.*

Teſte de Moine. *A kind of blunt, and round-noſed Porpoſe ; alſo, the herb Dandelion, Monks-hood, Prieſts-crown, Piſſabed.*

Teſte de More. *A Moores head ; and by conſequent, any black, or blackiſh head ; whence,* Cheval teſte de More. *A Roane horſe with a black face ; alſo, the Knights, a crooked piece of Timber in the fore-caſtle of a ſhip ; thus tearmed, becauſe the upper part thereof is now and then faſhioned like a Moores, or Sarracenes, head.*

Teſte de mouſche. *Look under* Mouſche.

Teſte d'un pennon. *That part thereof which compaſſes, or holds by, the handle, or ſtaffe.*

Teſte de rapport. *Look* Rapport.

Teſte d'une roſe. *The bud, or bottome of a Roſe.*

Teſte ſaine. *A ſound, or judicious head ; an honeſt, or innocent heart ; both which are confident ; and thereupon the Proverb,* Hardiment parle teſte ſaine.

Teſte de veau. *Calves ſnowt, Snapdragon, Lyons ſnap ; (an herb.)*

Teſte de vedel. *A ninniehammer, ſot, ſilly fellow.*

Teſte verte. *A young, raſh, wild-headed, or haire-braind cocks-comb.*

Crinons en teſte. Il a beaucoup de crin : en la teſte. *His head is full of crickets, or crochets ; much troubled, or perplexed, he beats it exceedingly about ſome odde matter or other : Hence the Proverb,* Crinons en teſte gaſtent la teſte ; *to ſignifie how unfit, and unjuſt a man, in that mood, is to intertaine, or accompany his friends, which would faine be merry.*

Le derriere de la teſte. *The noddle, or nape of the neck ; the ſeat of the memory ; whence,* Il a le derriere de la teſte vn peu large. *He hath but a bad memory.*

Feu en la teſte. Il a du feu en la teſte. *He is very cholerick, furious, or courageous ; he will carry no coales.*

Grillons en la teſte ; &, Tintouïns en la teſte. *as* Crinons en teſte.

Groſſe teſte. Il a vne groſſe teſte. *He is a ſoulthead, or jobernoll ; hee hath more head then wit ; he hath a dull, heavy, or groſſe head of his owne : But when* teſte *is before* groſſe, *theſe words have another ſignification ; as,* Il n'a pas la teſte ſi groſſe. *His capacitie is not ſo large, his underſtanding not ſo great, his inſight into matters not ſo deep.*

Mal de teſte. *The headach ; alſo, jealouſie.*

Mercure en la teſte. *Seek* Mercure.

Os de la teſte. *Is properly the forehead bone.*

Teſte à teſte. *Face to face, cheek by jowle, fellow-like, even with, affront, one over againſt the other.*

A teſte baiſsée. *Deſperately, furiouſly.*

A ſa teſte. *As pleaſeth him, of his own head ; after his owne fancie, according to his luſt or liking, even as he would have it.*

La teſte levée. *Boldly, daringly, confidently, with head lift up aloft, holding up his head.*

Avoir bonne teſte. Il a bonne t. *He is hardie, ſtout, valiant :* Elle a bonne t. *She is maſterfull, curſt, ſhrewd ; a virago, or ſcold.*

Avoir la teſte bien faicte. *To be judicious, learned, diſcreet.*

Avoir la teſte prez du bonnet. *Look under* Bonnet.

Avoir vne teſte. *To be wilfull, headie, ſelfewillie ; to be obſtinately bent unto.*

Baiſſer la teſte. *Look* Baiſſer.

Branſler la teſte. *To ſhake the head ; a geſture denoting mockery, or contempt ; (we ſay of one that ſhaketh his head, it ſeemes he is not very well pleaſed.)*

La teſte luy branſle. *Said of one that's in a great feare, or that hath taken a pot too much.*

Donner de la teſte. *To butt, or jurre ; alſo to runne his head againſt.*

Il ne ſçait ou donner de la teſte. *He knowes not whither to turn or betake himſelfe, he knowes not what to doe.*

Faire teſte à. *To reſiſt, or withſtand.*

Faire hon de la teſte. *To ſeem loath, or ſhew himſelfe unwilling, to doe a thing.*

Ie ne feray que ma teſte. *I will doe no more then I think good, I will doe but what pleaſes me.*

Hocher de la teſte. *Look* Hocher.

Laver la teſte à. *To chide, reprove, taunt, or check very bitterly.*

Mettre en teſte à. *To perſwade, ſuggeſt, move, or induce unto ; to put into the head, preſent unto the conceit of ; alſo, to oppoſe, or ſet againſt, to confront with.*

On luy meurra la teſte aux pieds. *He muſt be beheaded, he muſt loſe his head.*

Ie y partis pour vne teſte. *I ought to have a ſhare therein as heire, or coparcener ; (for* Teſte, *in matters of ſucceſſion, is taken for an heire ; whence, if there be three or foure, they ſay,* Ils ſont tant de teſtes ; *and if one of them die, and leave many children, they ſay that altogether,* Ils ſont vne teſte, viz. *are to have among them the part which he

bee bad, or should have bad.)
Se plaindre de saine teste. *To complaine of health, or ease.*
Prendre sa teste. Elle a prins sa teste. *She is grounded in wilfulnesse, of a setled obstinacy, resolved to doe but what she list.*
Rompre la teste à. *To trouble, vex, or weary with extreme babbling.*
Tenir teste. *To stand unto it.*
Autant de testes autant d'opinions; Prov. *As many men so many minds: The like is;* Autant d'hommes autant de testes.
En petite teste gist grand sens; Prov. *within a little head great wit.*
Grosse teste & prim col, c'est le commencement d'un fol; Prov. *Call him a foole, and feare no check, whose great head stands on slender neck.*
'A laver la teste d'un asne on ne perd que le temps, & la lexive; Prov. *Seek Asne.*
Le poisson commence à sentir touſiours par la teste; Prov. *Fiſh ever begins to taint at the head; the firſt thing that's deprav'd in man's his wit.*
Le ventre emporte la teste; Prov. *The belly over-beares the head. Seek* Emporter.
Telle beste telle teste; Prov. *Such as the beaſt ſuch is his head; a good, or bad nature hatches good, or bad intentions.*
Tenez chaud le pied, & la teste, au demeurant vivez en beste; Prov. *Keep head and feet warme, for the reſt, thou muſt reſolve to live a beaſt,* (viz. *to eat, and drinke no more then will doe thee good.*)
Testelette: f. *A little head.*
Tester. *To make a will; to deviſe, bequeath, or convey by will.*
Testicule: f. *A teſticle, or ſtone.*
Testicule de chien. *Dogs teſticles, dogs cullions, dogs ſtones, baſtard Satyrion, Standlewort, Adders-graſſe.*
† Testier: m. ere: f. *Heady, ruling or poſſeſſing the head.*
Testiere: f. *Is generally any kind, or faſhion of head-piece; but particularly, a Scull, Sallet, or ſteele-cap; alſo, the crown of a hat; alſo, the head-ſtall of a bridle; alſo, a horſe-coller.*
Testiere d'un boeuf. *The yoaking of an Oxe by the head.*
Testification: f. *A teſtification, teſtimony, witneſſing, witneſſe-bearing; a proving, or confirming, by a witneſſe.*
Testifié: m. ée: f. *Teſtified, witneſſed, proved or confirmed, by witneſſes.*
Testifier. *To teſtifie, witneſſe, beare record; prove by teſtimony, confirme by witneſſes.*
Testimoniale. *A Teſtimoniall.*
Teston: m. *A box, or cuffe given by the knuckles of a cloſed fiſt; alſo, a Teſtoone, a piece of ſilver coyne worth* xviij d ſterling.
Il fait de son teston six solz; &, Il fait de six solz vn teston. *Two Proverbs appliable to a bad, and a good husband.*
Testonné: m. ée: f. *Curled, frizled, entramelled.*
Testonner. *To curle, entramell, frizle.*
Testonner la bourre. C'est la batre, *(thereby to make it the more ſoft, or ſupple)*
Testu: m. *The ſcalpe, or ſcull of the head; alſo, a poſſhard, or piece of a broken pot; alſo, the hard ſhell of a Crab, Tortoiſe, &c.*
Testu: m. *The Pollard, or chevin; alſo, the Cod-fiſh.*
Le testu d'un masson. *A Maſons hammer.*
Testu: m. uë: f. *Teſty, heady, headſtrong, wilfull, obſtinate; alſo, headed, or having many heads.*
Chardon testu. *The hundred-headed thiſtle, field Eringus, Levant ſea Holme, champian ſea Holly.*
Femme testuë. *A domineering, or maſterfull houſewife; one that (at leaſt) would be her husbands maſter; one that hath too much head.*
Tetard. Grand tetard. *A great ſucker, a child that ſucketh much.*
Tetasse: f. *A long, ſwagging, flaggie, withered, and filthie dug; whence,* Avallé en tetasse de vieille. *Hanging down like the wrincled, and ougly breaſt of an old hag.*
Tetassier: m. ere: f. *Duggy, having great or long dugs.*
Tete: f. *A teat, pap, dug.*
Teté: m. ée: f. *Sucked as a dug. Look* Tetté.
Teter. *To ſuck a dug,*
Tethes. *as* Tette.
Tethine: f. *A little teat, pap, or dug.*
Tethye: f. *A certaine deformed excreſcence (being neither fiſh, nor plant) of the ſea.*
Tetin: m. *The nibble, or nipple of a dug.*
Du tetin en hors. *From bit infancie.*
Tetine: f. *as* Tette; *alſo, an inſtrument of glaſſe, wherewith new-delivered women get out their berſt, or firſt groſſe milke out of their breaſts.*
Tetineux: m. euse: f. *Duggy, or having great dugs.*
Tetons. *Little teats, or dugs.*
† Tetrade: f. *A quaternity, or meſſe; the proportion, or number of foure.*
† Tetradique: com. *Of, or belonging to, foure.*
Degrez tetradiques. *Which have between every foure ſteps one broad one, called by our workmen the landing place.*
Tetragnathe. *A white, rough-legd, and moſt venomous ſpider.*
Tetragnatic. *as* Tetragnathe.
Tetragone: com. *Quadrangle, or of foure corners.*
Tetrahil; ou, Tetrahit. *The Judaicall herb, called otherwiſe, Glidewort.*
Tetrasyllabe: com. *Of foure ſyllables.*
Tetrique: com. *Rude, barſh, unpleaſant, rough, ſowre, crabbed, froward, croſſe, hard to away with.* (v.m.)
Tette: f. *A teat, pap, dug, breaſt.*
Tetté: m. ée: f. *Sucked; drawne, or milked by a young one.*
Il a tetté de bon laict. *He hath beene well bred; there is much worth, or much good ſtuffe, in him.*
Tettée: f. *One ſucking, a childs meale, as much as it will ſuck at once.*
Tetter. *To ſuck a dug.*
Tetthe, & Tether. *as* Tette, & Tetter.
Tetthons. *Look* Tetons.
Tevot: m. *A cowardly braggadochio; one that will ſay much more then he dare doe.* (v.m.)
Teur: m. *A latiſe-like cover of horſe-taile haire, in many doubles, upon the narrow board, wherewn Clothworkers doe ſheere their clothes.*
Texte: m. *A Text; the originall words, or ſubjects of a book, &c. wherein Comments, or Diſcourſes, are ſometimes made.*
Texteul: m. elle: f. *Of, or in, a text.*
Iuges qui sont bons texteuls. *Learned, text-ready, good book-men, ſuch as can readily cite all the books which are in a Caſe.*
Texture: f. *A texture, contexture, web, or weaving; compoſition, work, fraime.*
Tez. Le tez de la teste. *The ſcalpe, or ſcull of the head.*
Tezez. ✠ Rab. *Shaven, or bald fellowes; or, as* Niais, *younglings, fops, fondlings.*
Thacor. *A ſcab, or pile in the fundament.* ✠ Rab.
Thagadie. *Look* Rhagade. (v.m.)
Thairir. *as* Tarir. *To wither.*
Thalasié: m. ée: f. *Sea-ſick.* (v.m.)
Thalasse. *The ſea.* ✠ Rab.
† Thale: f. *A green; or, as* Talle.
Thalent. *Look* Talent.
Thaller. *Corn to bud, ſhoot out their top, or begin to eare.*
Thalmud: m. *The Jewiſh* Thalmud; *a ſuperſtitious and blaſphemous Book, or Law, deviſed by their Rabbies, and of great authority among them.*
Thalmudiste: m. *A Thalmudiſt; a ſtudent, or profeſſor of the ſuperſtitions contained in the* Thalmud.
Thamarinde. *as* Tamarinde.
Thapsie: f. *The ſtinking, or deadly Carret.*
Tharir. *Look* Tarir.
Thassot: m. *A Newt, or Aske.*
That: m. *A Salamander.*
Thaumaste. ✠ Rab. *A wonderer.*
Theatins: m. *The Theatins; a ſect of Prieſts, in credit about Pope Clements the ſeventh time, and of more antiquity, by ſome few yeares, then the Jeſuits.*
Theatral: m. ale: f. *Theatrall; of, belonging to, or done in, a Theater.*
Theatre: m *A Theatre; a publique Playhouſe; an halfe-round houſe wherein people ſit to behold publique Playes, or Games.*
Thele: f. *An Aunt.* ✠ Pic.
Thelon: m. *An Uncle.*
Thelemite: m. *A Libertine; one that does what he liſt.*
Theme: m. *A theame; alſo, the Bill put into a Court by a plaintife.*
Theologal: m. ale: f. *Theologall; belonging to Divinity, or Divines.*
Vin Theologal. *Notable good, and ſtrong Wine; or, the beſt wine, of what kind ſoever.*
Theologalement. *Theologically, divinely.*
Theologastre: m. *A ſmall or ſimple Divine; a ſmatterer in Divinity.*
Theologie: f. *Theologie, Divinity; the profeſſion, or ſtudy of holy things.*
Theologien: m. *A Theologian, Divine, profeſſor of Divinity.*
Theomaches: m. *Warriours againſt the gods, as the old gyants are feigned to have been.*
Theophaine. *The Epiphany, or Twelfth day in Chriſtmas.*
Theophile: com. *Loving God.*

Theo-

Theorie : f. *Theory, contemplation, deep ſtudy; a ſight, or beholding, ſpeculation.*

Theorique : t. *The ſame; and, the knowledge of an Art without practiſe.*

Therapeutique : com. *Curing, healing; whence;*

Medecine therapeutique. *That Phyſick, or part of Phyſick, which preſcribeth remedies for the curing of diſeaſes, and recovery of health.*

Therapuitrice. *The ſame.* ℣ Rab.

Therbenthine. *as* Terebinthe.

Theriacal : m. ale : f. *Treaclie, of Treacle.*

Theriaque : m. *Treacle.*

Theriaque des Alemans. *The juice of Gineper berries extracted according unto Art.*

Thermes : m. *Arme-leſſe Images, &c. as in* Terme.

Thermes : f. *Hot baithes; or waters which be naturally, and continually, warme.*

Theſaurier, & Theſaurifer. *as* Thezoriſer.

Theſe : f. *A generall queſtion, argument, or poſition; alſo, as* Tede.

Theſorisé : m. ée : f. *Threaſured up; hoorded as Threaſure.*

Theſoriſement : m. *A threaſuring up; a hoording of threaſure.*

Theſoriſer, & Theſorizer. *To threaſure up; to hoord, or gather threaſure.*

Theumulle : f. *A Coat-armour, or horſemans-coat, worne by a Prince, or Generall on a day of battaile.* (v.m.)

Theutonique : com. *Teutonick, German, Allman.*

Alliance Theutonique. *The Company, or Corporation of the Hauſe Merchants.*

Theze. *as* Tede. (v.m.)

Thezoriſer. *To hoord, or gather threaſure; to threaſure up, to lay up threaſure.*

Thibauld. Theobald; *a proper name for a man.*

Thie. *as* Tede. (v.m.)

Thielles. *Ayrie inflamations.* ℣ Rab.

Thierri. Theoderick; *a proper name for a man.*

Thilibié. *Whoſe ſtones be worne, or waſted away.* (v.m.)

Thimbre. *The herb Savory.*

Thimbrée. *Look* Thymbrée.

Thinnicule. *The fiſh Tunny.*

Thiphaine. *The Epiphany, or Twelfth day.*

Thiriaque : f. *Treacle.*

Thlaſié. *Having bruiſed or broken ſtones.* (v.m.)

Thoë. *A kind of ſtrong, ſwift, and ſhort-legd Wolfe, rough-coated in Winter, bare in Summer, and a great friend unto men, whom he defends, and fights for, againſt other mankind wild beaſts.*

Thoma, *for* Eſtomac. ℣ Rab.

Thon : m. *A Tunnie fiſh.*

Thonneu. *as* Tonlieu, *or* Toulieu.

Thonnieu. *whence,* Droict, ou Gabelle de thonnieu. *A certaine toll, or impoſt, levied to the Duke of* Buillons *uſe, upon every Tunne, and Hoeſhead of wine, or other drink ſold, in groſſe, within his dominions, or tranſported out of them.*

Thonnine : f. *The back, or back-paris, of a Tunny.*

Thorachique : com. *Belonging to the breaſt, or ſtomack.*

Artere, & Veine thorachique. *Look* Artere, & Veine.

Thore : m. *A certain thick and round circle, or member about a Pillar.* (v.m.)

Thore : f. *The herb Wolves-bane; alſo,* Napellus, *or Monks hood: both of one peyſonous kind.*

Thouiller, & Thouilleur. *as* Touiller, & Touilleur. ℣ Pic.

Thraſonien : m. enne : f. *Boaſting, proud, inſolent, Thraſo-like.*

Threſor : m. *Threaſure, ſtore of coyne, wealth, riches, abundance; and particularly, the (French) Kings ordinary revenue, or demaine. Look* Finance.

Threſor des chartres. *The Rolls; or any place wherein publique Records (eſpecially ſuch as concerne the King) are kept.*

Le Threſor de garde. *The Chamber of a City; or, a threaſure never touched but upon moſt urgent occaſions.*

La Chambre du threſor. *Look* Chambre.

Threſorerie : f. *A Threaſureſhip; the office, or place of a Threaſurer; alſo, a Threaſury, the place wherein threaſure is kept.*

Threſorier : m. *A Threaſurer; whereof there be divers ſorts (as here, ſo) in* France.

Threſorier de l'argenterie. *The Threaſurer of the Kings ordinary Wardrobe, who payes for his Majeſties apparrell, and for that which is allowed unto his Pages, and Guard.*

Threſorier de la Chambre aux deniers. *The Threaſurer, or Paymaſter for the diet, and for the implements (as linnen, veſſell, &c.) belonging to the diet, of the Kings Houſe.*

Threſorier des Chartres. *The Maſter of the Rolls; or, more properly, an officer that keeps all the Evidences concerning the Kings threaſure.*

Threſorier du Domaine. *The Receiver-Generall of the Kings demain; as alſo of all monies made by the legitimation of baſtards, naturalizing of ſtrangers, and ennobling of* Roturiers.

Threſorier de l'Eſpargne. *The Threaſurer (ſomewhat reſembling our Chauncellor) of the Exchequer; was at the firſt but one, made by* Francis *the firſt, and appointed to be above the Receivers generall, for the bringing in, and laying up, of all ſuch finance as ſhould be left in their hands, after the deſrayment of the ordinary charges, and extraordinary neceſſities, of the Realme:* Henry *the ſecond (his ſon) made two of them, and appointed them to ſerve by turns; one his yeay, for the which he received 2000 pounds ſterling wages; the other (who onely made up his accompts for the yeare before) having but halfe as much. The Office, at the firſt inſtitution, was not vendible; but being made alternative, it became extremly ſubject to the ordinary Office-diſeaſe of* France.

Threſoriers extraordinaires, ou de l'extraordinaire des guerres. *Threaſurers, or Paymaſters for the foot-Regiments; of two ſorts, either generall ones, which are but foure; or particular and provinciall ones, which be divers; all alternative, and waiting every yeare by turnes.*

Threſoriers de France. *The Threaſurers of* France; *at firſt there was but one, an officer of the Crown, and called the great (or high) Threaſurer of* France: *Afterwards,* Philippe de Valois *made a ſecond,* Charles *the fiſt a third, and* Charles *the ſixt a fourth; which number continued untill the raigne of* Henry *the ſecond, who, at one clap, made 16; a proportion, though great, yet very moderate, in reſpect of the multitude brought in by his ſucceſſors, and continued to theſe times, wherein there be above 200, (viz. 10, or 12 in every Generalité;) which finger no money, but look that the Kings demaine be husbanded, his rents gathered, his houſes, &c. repaired, his debts gotten, and his monies brought in, to his moſt advantage: And although they be not officers of the Crowne (as the firſt high Threaſurer was) nor generall throughout the Realme (howſoever ſtiled* Threſoriers de France, & Threſoriers Generaux, & Generaux des finances) *as the foure ancient* Threſoriers *were, yet are their Titles very ſpecious (the better to make money of) their Places held honourable, their Authority great, and their Priviledges many.*

Threſorier de la maiſon du Roy. *The Threaſurer of, or Paymaſter for, the houſehold; payes onely all houſehold officers, and ſervants their penſions, and wages.*

Threſorier des menus. *The Keeper of the Privy Purſe; an officer which hath allowed him ten crownes a day for the Kings extraordinary, and idle expences.*

Threſoriers ordinaires (ou de l'ordinaire) des guerres. *The Paymaſters for the* Genſdarmerie.

Threſorier des parties caſuelles. *The Threaſurer for all ſuch monies as be raiſed by the ſale of Offices.*

Aujourd'huy threſorier demain treſarriere; Prov. *Look* Treſarriere.

Threſorillon : m. *A little threaſure.*

Thriacle : m. *Treacle. See* Theriaque.

Thriacleur : m. *A maker, or ſeller of Treacle; alſo, a Mountebanke, Impoſtor, Drug-ſeller, Quack-ſalver.*

Thriaque. *as* Theriaque.

Thringle. *Look* Tringle.

Thrombes de ſang. *Clots, or clutters of congealed bloud.*

Throne : m. *A Throne, or royall Seat.*

Thrubal. ℣ Rab. *A Trumpetter.*

Thun : m. *The fiſh called a Tunny.*

Thunine : f. *as* Thonnine; *or, as* Tun.

Thym : m. *The herb Time; alſo, a certaine kernell in the kannell bone of man, or breaſt; alſo, a kind of wart within a womans privities.*

Thymbre : f. *Winter Savory, Pepper Hyſop.*

Thymbrée : f. *Fiſh-Mint, Water-Mint, Brook-Mint; and (by ſome) alſo, Balſamint, or Balme-Mint.*

Thymelée : f. *Spurge-Flax, mountaine Widow-wayle.*

Thymique. Veine thy. *Look* Veine.

Thymoxalme. *A compoſition of Time, Pennyriall, Rue, dry barly meale, ſalt, water, and vineger; good againſt the gowt, ventoſities, and weakneſſe of the ſtomack, and a good evacuator of groſſe, and black humours.*

Thyn : m. *as* Thon.

Thynnuncule. *A little Tunny fiſh.*

Thyon : m. *The Bunting;* (*a bird.*)

Thyphaine. *The Twelfth-day in Chriſtmas.*

Tiare :

Tiare : f. *A round and wreathed Ornament for the head (somewhat resembling the Turkish Turbant) worne, in old time, by the Princes, Priests, and women of Persia.*

Tiburon : m. *A kind of sea-Calfe, in the Indian sea.*

Tichous : m. *Little cakes made of egges, and flower, with a little butter (and sometimes cheese among) eaten ordinarily with sugar and rosewater.*

Ticq : m. *as* Tiquet ; *(in the last sense.)*

Ticque torche lorgne. *Voices or words, whereby, as by our thwick thwack, &c. a beating, or cuffing with the fists, &c. is expressed.*

Ticquet. *as* Tiquet.

Tictac. *Tick-tack, a Game at Tables.*

Tie. *as* Tede.

Tiede : com. *Luke-warm, neither hot nor cold, between hot and cold ; also, faint, slow, remisse, or backward in a matter.*

Tiedéer. *as* Tieder.

Tiedement. *Luke-warmely ; faintly, backwardly.*

Tieder. *To warm, to make luke-warm, put some warmth into, give a little heat unto.*

† Tiedeté : f. *Warmenesse, luke-warmnesse.*

Tiedeur : f. *Warmth ; also, moistnesse, or moist warmth.*

Tiedi : m. ie : f. *warmed, a little heated ; also, bathed in, or bedewed with, tears.*

Se Tiedir. *To wax warm, grow luke-warm ; also, to bath, or bedew, himself in teares.*

Tien : m. enne : f. *Thine, belonging to thee.*

Tien-main : m. *A stay for the hand along the wall of a staire.*

Tiens-le-bien : m. *A Crians ; the long lune or line which is tied unto a Hawks leg, to keep her from flying away at her first luring.*

Tiergage : m. *A third earing, tilth, or culture of ground.*

Tierce : f. *The 24 part of a* Seconde ; *a marvellous little (and the least) weight used by Jewellers.*

Tierce. L'heure des tierces. *The second quarter, or third houre, of the artificiall day ; in Summer eight of the clock, in Winter ten.*

Tierce. *whence,* Fievre tierce. *A tertian ague. Look* Tiers, *whereof this is the feminine.*

Tiercé : m. ée : f. *Ploughed, or eared the third time ; also, raised, or increased a third part every year.*

Tiercé de. *In the third place ; (a tearm of Blason.)*

Paroles tiercées. *Broken or unperfect language, disjoynted speeches, halfe words.*

Tiercelet : m. *The Tassell, or male of any kind of Hawke, so tearmed, because he is, commonly, a third part lesse then the female.*

Vn tiercelet de Iob. *An exceeding patient man.*

Tiercelin : m. *Saycenet.*

Tiercelin. Plomb tiercelin. *Led mingled a third part with white and fine, the other two with corse and blacke, stuffe.*

Tiercement : m. *A third ploughing, or earing ; also, an adding of a third part unto a sum ; or the rising, or increasing a third in value every year ; also, a certain inferior officer in a ship, &c.*

Tiercement. *Thirdly.*

Tiercer. *To plough, till, or eare the ground a third time ; also, to rise, or increase a third part in value ; as in every year, from* v s *the first, to* vij s vj d *the second,* x s *the third, &c.*

Tiercer le cens. C'est quand pour vingt sols de cens le subject doit au seigneur censuel trente solz pour le profit de cens. ¶ Ragueau.

Tiercerons : m. *Certaine crosse branches on the outside of a vault.*

Tiercerons : m. *The same.*

Tiercet : m. *A Song of triple Stanzoes, or Stanzo of three verses.*

Tierciere : f. *The vessell, or measure called a Tierce.*

Tiers : m. *A tierce, third, third part, or thirden-deale ; also, as* Harle ; *also, a kind of play somwhat like our Barly-break.*

Tiers en ascendant *(in the valuation of Offices) is as much as a half ; whence, if an Office be worth* 2000 *poundes, the* Tiers en ascendant *is held to be* 1000 *pounds.*

Droict de tiers & danger. *Look* Danger.

Tiers : m. erce : f. *Tertian ; third, the third.*

Droict de tiers denier. *Look* Droict.

Escheoir, tomber, ou venir, en main tierce. *A noble or free Inheritance, bought by a* Roturier, *to come by discent unto a third* Roturier *(the purchasor being the first, and both he and his next-succeeding heir having done homage for it ;) In which case it may be parted among heires in the same manner as it should have been, had it continued still in the hands of a Gentleman.*

Tiers-pied. *as* Trepied.

Tiers-poinct : m. Voute poinctuë comme à tiers-poinct. *Raised a little higher then the hemiciele, or half-circle.*

Tieu tieu Margot. *The voice of country people calling their Kine unto them.*

Tieul, *for* Tel. *Such ; (an old word.)*

Tifé, & Tifer. *as* Attiffé, & Attiffer.

Tiffer. *The same ; also, to tifle with the fingers, or busie the hands long about a thing, to the end it may be done well, or to the good liking of him that does it.*

Tige : f. *The staulk, or stem of an herb ; also, the main stock of a Family, or Pettigree ; whence ;*

Tant que tige fait souche elle ne branche iamais. *As long as there be any heires of an elder Prince of the bloud, the younger cannot have the Crown.*

Tigette : f. *A little staulk, or stem.*

Tigname. *Red Storax ; an aromaticall Indian wood used by Perfumers.*

Tigne. *as* Teigne.

Tigneux. *Look* Teigneux.

Tignon : m. *A scurfe, or scalinesse of the skin.*

Tigre : m. *A Tiger.*

Ialoux comme vn tigre. *Extremely jealous ; (for so 'tis that beast reported to be.)*

Tigreau : m. *A young, or little Tiger.*

Tigresque : com. *Tiger-like ; fierce, cruell, violent, swift, savage.*

Accoustré à la tigresque. *Horribly beaten or bescratched, cruelly handled.*

Tigresse : f. *A Tigresse, a she Tiger.*

Tigrin : m. ine : f. *Of a Tiger ; like a Tiger ; cruell, fierce, violent, swift.*

Tigrique : com. *as* Tigrin.

Til : m. *The Lone, Linden, or Teylet tree. Seek* Tillet.

Tiles. *The small moats of dust appearing, and waving up and down, in the Sun-beames, which come into a roome at the crannies, or holes of walls, &c.*

Tilet : m. *A ticket, billet, or little note.*

Tilier : m. *as* Tillet ; *the Linden tree.*

Tillac : m. *The Orelop, or Arloup ; or, more generally, the batches of a ship.*

† Tillaquer. *To board, or floor the Orelop of a ship.*

Tille : f. *The rind, or pilling of Hemp, &c. also, the fruit of the Linden tree ; also, a kind of Wimble.*

Tillé : m. ée : f. *Pilled, or shaled, as Hemp.*

Tiller. *To pill, or shale Hemp.*

Tillet : m. *The Line, Linden, or Teylet tree ; also, a ticket, billet, or little note.*

Tillet femelle. *The female Line tree, called in some places, the broad-leafed Elme.*

Tillet masle. *The male Line tree ; the timber whereof is yellowish, and more knotty, hard, and substantiall, then that of the female, which is whitish, plaine, smooth, and soft in the handling and cutting.*

Tilleul. *as* Til.

Tilleux : m. euse : f. *Knobby, scaly, rough, rugged.*

Tillier : m. *The Linden tree.*

Tiltre : m. *A tittle ; a small line drawn over an abridged word, to supply the letters wanting ; also, a title, or inscription ; also, a title, name, surname, or addition of dignity ; also, a title unto, land, &c. also, an Evidence, Deed, or Instrument, of Purchase, &c. also, a brace of dogs laied in a place to be let slip at a Detre as he passeth by ; also, the rate, value, or degree of goodnesse of gold, and silver ; the highest of the first being* 24 *graines, and of the second* 12 d ; *but to be wrought by Goldsmiths, &c. at* 24 *graines wanting a quarter the one, and* 11 d 10 *graines the other.*

Timble. *A Coat-armor, or coat of Armor ; or as* Tymbre ; *(an old word.)*

Timbon. *A kind of brasen Drum.*

Timbre : m. *A College-bell ; or the Hall-bell of a College, or Cloister ; also, the bell of a little Clock ; also, a great Tub ; also, the stone bason, trough, or vessell at the foot of a Fountain ; also, the creast, or cognisance, thats born upon the helmet of a coat of Armes : This in the opinion of our Blasonners, who call it a Timber, and derive it from the German* Timmer, *whereunto* Nicot *seemes agreeable, as to the sense, in his,* Timbre qu'on met sus vn Heaulme ; *and* Vigenere *upon* Livie, *in his,* Il portoit au timbre de son cabasset vne figure de poisson ; *yet* L'Oiseau, *a late, and learned writer, appropriatts*

it

it (*in his Book* des Ordres) *onely to the Helmet.*

Vn timbre de Martres, *A certaine quantity, or number of Martins skins.*

Timbré. Armoiries timbrées. *Timbered, creasted; adorned with a creast, or with a mantle, helme, creast, &c. or (onely) insigned with an Helmet.*

Cerveau mal timbré. *An idle, ignorant, or ill-furnished brain; a wit that wanteth fit, or due ornaments.*

Timbrer. *To timber; to creast; to furnish, or adorn with a creast, or with a mantle, helme, and creast (as one of our latest Blasoners expounds it;) or (only) to garnish, or insigne it with an helmet.*

Timide : com. *Timorous, fearfull, awfull, bashfull, faint, cowardly, white-livered.*

La mere du timide ne ſçait que c'eſt de pleurer ; Pro. *The mother of a fearfull ſon knowes not what tis to weep.*

Timidement. *Timorously, fearefully, cowardly, bashfully.*

Timidité : f. *Timidity, timorouſneſſe, fearfullneſſe, faintheartedneſſe, cowardlineſſe, bashfullneſſe.*

Timon : m. *The beam, or draught tree of a wagon, &c. alſo, the ſtaffe, or handle (which we call the whip) of the Rudder, or ſtern of a ſhip.*

† Timoré : m. ée : f. *Frighted, skared, put into a fear.*

Timpan. *Look* Tympan.

Timpaniſé. Baſtiment timp. *Having a gable end.*

Timper. *To tingle, to make ring or ſound, &c. as* Tinter. ☞ Rab.

Tin : m. *Tin; alſo, a tinging; whence;*

Les oreilles me font tin. *Mine eares tingle or glow.*

Tiné : m. *A Cole ſtaffe, or Stang; a big ſtaffe whereon a burthen is carried between two on their ſhoulders.*

Tine : f. *A Stand, open Tub, or Soe, moſt in uſe during the time of vintage, and holding about four or five paile fulls, and commonly born, by a Stang, between two.*

Tinée : f. *A Stand-full, or Soe-full.*

Tinel : m. *A houſehold, or family; alſo, the room wherein all the ſervants of a family dine and ſup; alſo as* Tine.

Tinet : m. *The whall learned a Horſe-poole, or whirlepoole; alſo, as* Tine.

Tinette : f. *A little Stand, Soe, or Tub; a bathing tub.*

Tiniez : m. *Long white rocks lying under water in the ſea.*

Tinne. *as* Tine.

Tinole : f. *A little Soe, Tub, Stand, &c.*

Tinon : m. *A little Soe; a Stand, or ſmall open Tub.*

Tintaloriſé. *Grimme, frowning, froward,* (v.m.)

Tintamarre : f. *A claſhing, or craſhing, a ruſtling or gingling noiſe, made in the fall of woodden ſtuffe, or veſſells of metall; alſo, a black Santus; the loud wrangling, or jangling outcries of ſcoulds, or ſcoulding fellowes; any extreme or horrible din.*

Tintamarré : m. ée : f. *Craſhing, gingling; wrangling, jangling; extreme-din-making.*

Tinté. *Tinged, tingled, rung, reſounded; towled.*

Tintement : m. *A tinging, ringing, tingling; towling; reſounding, cleer-ſounding.*

Tinter. *To ting, ring, tingle; to towle; to reſound, or ſound cleer.*

Les oreilles me tintent. *Mine ears tingle, or glow.*

Tintimal. *as* Tithymale. (v.m.)

Tintillant : m. ante : f. *Tinging, ringing, tingling; towling; reſounding.*

Tintimale. *as* Tithymale.

Tintin : m. *The tinging, or towling of a bell; alſo, the warble, or ſong of a Nightingale.*

Tintiner. *To ting, or towl, a bell.*

Tintoïns. *Looke* Tintouïns.

Tinton : m. *The burthen of a ſong; alſo, the ting of a bell; alſo, a kind of dance.*

Tintoner. *To ting, or towl often; to glow, tingle, dingle.*

Tintouïn : m. *A ringing, ſinging, or tingling in the head, about the eares; alſo, great care, anxiety, or trouble of ſpirit; whence;*

Il a beauchoup de tintouïns en la teſte. *His thoughts are very much buſied, his pate ſore troubled, brain extremely purled; his head is full of proclamations, perplexity, din.*

Tintouïner. *as* Tintoner; *alſo, to reſound in the eare; and to trouble, puzle, or perplex the brain.*

Tinture : f. *Red wine, or Aligant; (belike becauſe it ſtaines.)*

Tiphaine : f. *The Epiphany, Twelfth day.*

Tipher. *as* Tiffer.

Tiphoine. *as* Tiphaine ; (Ruſtiquement.)

Tipule : f. *A water-ſpider; a ſpider which runs on the water without ſinking.*

Tique : f. *The vermine called a Ticke.*

Tiquet : m. *as* Tique; *or, a little Tick; alſo, the herb Kick, Ricinus, Palma Chriſti; alſo, a diſeaſe which on a ſuddaine ſtopping a horſes breath, makes him to ſtop, and ſtand ſtill.*

Au tiquet. *In an exceeding ſtrait or extremity, at his wits end, not knowing further what to ſay or doe.*

Prés du tiquet de la mort. *Neer his laſt gaſpe, ready to breath his laſt.*

Tiqueté : m. *Ticketted, or appointed by ticket.*

Tirace. *Look* Tiraſſe.

Tirade : f. *A draught, pull, pluck; ſhot, or ſhoot; a drawing, pulling; ſhooting.*

Tirage : m. *Draggage; or, a drawing, haling, pulling, plucking, towing, tugging.*

Droict de tirage pour le ſel, ou pour le Vin. *Look under* Droict.

Tirailler. *To rend, or tear in pieces.*

Tiran : m. *Any ſtring, lace, line, or cord, which pulled at one end, cloſes at the other the thing it is faſtened unto; Hence,* Les tirans d'une bourſe; &, les tirans d'un chaperon de faucon ; *the ſtrings wherewith they are ſhut.*

Tirans : m. *as* Trayans.

Tirant : m. ante : f. *Drawing, &c. Look* Tirer.

Tiraſſe : f. *A Drag-net for Partridges, &c. alſo, the ſtrap of a boot.*

Tiraſſé : m. ée : f. *Dragged, pulled, haled, towed along, or towards.*

Tiraſſer. *To drag, pull, hale, tow along, or towards.*

Tire : f. *A draught, pull, pluck, twitch, tug, lug; ſtretch, retch; alſo, a ſhot, or ſhoot, hurle, ſling, throw, caſt, pitch; alſo, a tire; a ſtroke, bit; kick, yark; jert, jerk, twang, twing; alſo, a reach, gate, courſe, or length and continuance of courſe; alſo, the drawing out of a womans gown-ſleeves with Cobweb-lawn, &c.*

A tire d'aile. *By force, with might of wing; alſo, with long and much flight, or flying.*

A tire & à aire. *Quite and clean. Look* Aire.

Tout d'une tire. *All in one length, continually, or continuedly; at once, at one jert, altogether; without ſtop, intermiſſion, or delay.*

Tiré : m. ée : f. *Drawn, haled, dragged, towed, pulled, plucked, lugged; trayled along, or towards; alſo, ſtretched, retched; alſo, ſhot, hurled, thrown, caſt, flung; alſo, moved, induced, perſuaded; alſo, wreſted, extracted, or forced from; alſo, ſhot, or ſlain, with a Piſtoll, &c. alſo, drawn, pourtrayed, delineated.*

Tiré de loing. *Farfetched.*

Bien tiré. *Well drawn; alſo, neat, ſpruce, fine, trickſie, trim.*

Tire-balle. *An Inſtrument wherewith Surgeons draw bullets out of the body.*

Tirée : f. *as* Tire.

Tirée d'oeil. *The ſight, view, look, or glaunce of the eye.*

Tirebourre : f. *A worm, or skrue; the Inſtrument wherewith a charged Cannon is unladen.*

Tire-feu : m. *A medicine, or plaiſter, for the drawing of fire, or extreme heat, out of a wound, &c.*

Tire-fiens : m. *A Drag wherewith dung is taken up upon the remove of a dunghill.*

Tire-fleiche : f. *An inſtrument wherewith Surgeons drawe arrowes out of the body.*

Tirefond de Chirurgien. *A Surgeons Terebra, or Piercer; an Inſtrument which he puts unto divers uſes.*

Tirefond de tonnelier. *A Coopers Turrell; the Augar wherewith he boreth holes.*

Tirelaines : m. *Cloke-twitchers; rogues which in the night-time lurk about the corners of ſtreets, to ſnatch away the clokes of ſuch as paſſe by them.*

Tire-laiſſe : m. *A forgoing of a new-taken hold; a ſpeedy reſtorall, or giving back, of a thing ſeiſed as his own, but proving another mans.*

Tire-lardon : m. *A lickoriſh, or greedy fellow.*

Tire-larigaud. Boire à tire-la. *To carouſe luſtily, quaffe extremely.*

Tirelire. *A Chriſtmas box; a box having a cleft on the lid, or in the ſide, for money to enter it; uſed in* France *by begging Friers, and here by Butlers, and Prentices, &c. alſo, the warble, or ſong of a Larke.*

Tirelirer. *To warble, or ſing like a Larke.*

Tirelupin : m. *A catch-bit, or captious companion; a ſcoundrell, or ſcurvey fellow.*

Tirelyre. *as* Tirelire.

Tirement : m. *A drawing, haling, dragging, trayling, towing; pulling, plucking, twitching, along, or towards; alſo, a retching, or ſtretching; alſo, a ſhooting, darting, ſlinging, hurling, throwing; alſo, a wreſting, exacting, or forcing from; alſo, a drawing, delineating, pourtraying; alſo, a yerking, jerting, kicking; alſo, a going along, or making towards.*

Tire-

Tire-pance. ¶ A tir. *Hold belly hold, or till the belly crack withall.*

Tire-pied : m. *A Shoomakers ſtirrup.*

Tire-pierre. *A Surgeons Inſtrument, made like a tooth-picker at the one end, like a hook at the other ; and uſed for the drawing of ſtones, &c. out of the bladder, &c. or bullets, &c. out of the body.*

Tire-poil : m. *A haire-plucker ; an inſtrument, medicine, or plaſter, for the plucking away of haire.*

Tirer. *To draw, drag, trayle ; tow, hale ; pull, pluck, lug, tug, twitch ; bring, lead, along, or towards ; alſo, to ſtreteh, retch, dilate, extend, wire-draw ; alſo, to dart, ſhoot, ſling, fling, hurle, caſt, throw, pitch forwards ; alſo, to ſhoot one with a Piſtoll, &c. alſo, to take, extract, wreſt, or force from ; alſo, to yerke, winſe, fling, or ſlie out with the heeles ; alſo, to wend, go, travell, make along or towards ; alſo, to draw, delineate, or pourtray ; alſo, to reſemble, or draw neer unto.*

Tirer des armes. *To fence.*

Tirer arriere. *To give or fall back, to retire.*

Tirer à l'aviron. *To row hard, to tug at an Oare.*

Tirer au baſton. *To ſtrive, contend, ſtruggle, wraſtle ; alſo, to fight, or deale blowes ; whence,* Tandis qu'ils tiroient au baſton. *Whileſt that they bickered, or layed about them.*

Tirer les chauſſes. *To tipe up the heeles, to die.*

Tirer au chevrotin. *Look* Chevrotin.

Tirer au colfier avec. *To ſtrive, contend, wraſtle hard with.*

Tirer à conſequence. *To make an example, or precedent of.*

Tirer la couverte de ſon coſté. *To pull the Coverlet unto his ſide, viz. all dealings, or gains unto him, and his.*

Tirer de deſſous l'aile. *To purloyne, ſteale cunningly, filch privily from.*

Tirer l'eau. *To leake, or let in water.*

Tirer l'eau à ſon moulin. *Look under* Eau.

Tirer l'eſpaule. *To ſhrink in the necke, or liſt up the ſhoulders, as one that hath no liking of, or fancie to, a matter.*

Tirer ſon eſpingle du jeu. *To ſtinch, or ſlink away in an extremity, to ſlip his neck out of the collar.*

Tirer à faute. *To miſſe, in ſhooting.*

Tirer à la fin. *To be at the laſt caſt, lie a dying, approach unto his end.*

Tirer des flancs. *A horſe to ſtrike often at his own belly.*

Tirer du ſoing aux chiens. *To ſpue, vomit, caſt his gorge.*

Tirer la laine. *To ſnatch a cloake off a mans back, and runne away withall.*

Tirer la langue ſur. *Scornfully to put out the tongue at.*

Tirer hors ligne. *To ſumme up, &c. as under* Ligne ; *alſo, to expreſſe, mention, ſet downe.*

Tirer à la main. *A horſe to preſſe upon the hand, or ſtrive to get forward, and goe faſter then he ſhould.*

Tirer l'oreille. *Seek* Oreille.

Tirer païs. *(In hunting) to runne his country ; or, to flie directly forward ; (in travelling) to goe on, vid ground, gaine way.*

Tirer la quintaine. *To run at the Quintaine.*

Tirer au regnard. *To ſpue, caſt, vomit.*

Tirer le rideau. *To diſplay, manifeſt, make apparent ; alſo, to conclude, or ſhut up.*

Tirer au rivet. *To ſow like a Shoomaker ; alſo, to pluck as much from one as from another.*

Tirer la robbe. *Look* Robbe.

Tirer le ſerpent du buiſſon. *To performe a difficult, or dangerous exploit.*

Tirer ſon vent. *To fetch his breath.*

Tirer les vers du nez à. *To pumpe, or draw ſecrets out of, to undermine.*

Tant que le vaiſſeau peut tirer. *As long as it will run, or hath any thing in it.*

Le ventre luy tire. *His belly ſtrouts, retches, or is ready to crack, by fulneſſe.*

Chaſcun tire à ſon profit ; Prov. *Every one lookes after his owne profit, or inclines unto that which is likely to bring him in gaine.*

Mieux vaut tirer que rompre ; Prov. *Better to bow then to crack, to bend then to break.*

On ne peut tirer du ſac que ce qu'y eſt ; Prov. *Look under* Sac.

Pour bien tirer il faut prendre viſée ; Prov. *To doe things well we muſt conſult, adviſe.*

Qui bien tire deux en a ; Prov. *Who pulls amaine does rend in twaine ; he that plucks hard gets two.*

Ce qu'aſſemble pille pille, deſaſſemble tire tire ; Prov. *What hath been got by miſery and pillage, comes to be ſubject to unthriftie ſpoylage.*

On touche touſiours ſur le cheval qui tire ; Prov. *The free drag-horſe is alwayes overraught.*

Tiret : m. *A little draught, pull, pluck, twitch, tug, &c. as in* Tire ; *alſo, a little ſtroke, or tittle in writing.*

Tiretaine : f. *Linſie-wolſie ; or a kind thereof, worne ordinarily by the French peaſants.*

Tireur : m. *A drawer, puller, plucker, haler, lugger, tugger, tower ; a ſhooter, darter, caſter, hurler, flinger ; a retcher, ſtretcher, extender, lengthener, wire-drawer.*

Tireur à laviron. *A Rower.*

Tireur de laine. *A Teaſer of Wooll ; alſo, as* Tirelaine.

Tirin : *as* Tarin.

Tirofageur : m. *A cheeſe-tatter.* ¶ Rab.

Tiroir : m. *A ring, or any other thing, on the outſide of a doore, ſerving to pull it to, or ſhut it after one that goes out.*

Tirouër : m. *Tiring for Hawkes ; alſo, a Drawer under a Table, or Cupboord ; alſo, as* Tyrouër.

Tirouoir. *The ſame ; or, as* Tiroir.

Tirſe : f. *The dart, or javelin of* Bacchus.

Tiſanne : f. *Piſanne, Barlie water.*

Tiſon : m. *A fire-brand.*

¶ A Noel au Perron ; à Paſques au tiſon ; Prov. *Warmth at Chriſtmas, cooth at Eaſter ; the fire which Chriſt-tide ſpareth Eaſter ſpendeth.*

Tiſonner. *Often to ſtirre firebrands, or lay them cloſe together.*

Tiſſerand : m. *A weaver.*

Tiſſerande : f. *A woman-weaver.*

Tiſſeure : f. *A weaving ; or, as* Tiſſure.

Tiſſier, & Tiſſiere : f. *as* Tiſſerand, & Tiſſerande.

Tiſſotier : m. *A weaver.*

Tiſſu : m. *A bawdrick, ribbon, fillet, or head-band, of woven ſtuffe.*

Tiſſu : m. uë : f. *Woven ; plaited, interlaced, wound one within another.*

Tiſſure : f. *A weaving ; or plaiting ; an interlacing ; alſo, the wooſe, or weft ; the thread which croſſeth ſtuffe, or goeth overthwart it in the weaving ; alſo, any woven ſtuffe ; but eſpecially cloth of gold, ſilver, ſilke, &c.*

Tiſtre. *To weave ; alſo, to plait, infould, enwrap, interlace one within another.*

Titan. Le Titan. *(Poetically) the Sunne.*

Titanique : com. *Belonging, or like to the Sun,* Force Titanique. *Huge, mighty, Giant-like force.* ¶ Rab.

† Titeller. *To ting, or tingle, as a (little) Bell.*

Tithymale : m. *The herb Spurge, Tithymale, Wolves-milke.*

Tithymale Amygdaloïdes. *as* Tithymale Characias ; *or the ſecond kind thereof.*

Tithymale Caryites. *Myrtle Spurge, female Spurge.*

Tithymale Characias. *Wood Spurge, or male Spurge.*

Tithymale Cypariſſias. *Cypreſſe Spurge, Pine Spurge ; or (as Mathiolus thinkes) ſmall Eſula.*

Tithymale Dendroïdes. *Tree Spurge ; growes among ſtones, and rocks, to a tree-like height.*

Tithymale femelle. *Myrtle Spurge, female Spurge, Phyſick Spurge.*

Tithymale Helioſcopius. *Sunne Spurge, time Tithymale.*

Tithymale Lepryphyllos. *Small-leafed Spurge.*

Tithymale marin. *Sea-Spurge ; ſea-Wartwort.*

Tithymale maſle. *Wood Spurge, male Spurge, Almond Spurge.*

Tithymale Myrſinites, & Myrtien. *as* Tithymale femelle.

Tithymale Paralius. *Sea-Spurge, Wolves-milke, ſea-Wartwort.*

Tithymale Platyphyllos. *Broad-leafed Spurge.*

Tithymale ſuyvant le ſoleil. *as* Tithymale Helioſcopius.

Titillation : f. *A tickling.*

Titillé : m. ée : f. *Tickled.*

Titiller. *To tickle ; to ſtirre, touch, or move with delight.*

Titrac : m. *The faſhion, or order of a thing.* (v.m.)

Titre. *Look* Tiltre.

Titubant : m. ante : f. *Tripping, ſtumbling, ſtaggering ; faultering, ſtutting, ſtammering ; alſo, quivering, doubtfull, wavering.*

Titubation : f. *A tripping, ſtumbling, ſtaggering ; a faultering, ſtutting, ſtammering ; a quivering, trembling, doubtfulneſſe, wavering.*

Titulaire : com. *Titular ; having a title ; conſiſting of titles ; or onely in title.*

Tochere. *Fearne ; brakes ; or a fearnie ground.* ¶ Rab.

Tocque : f. *as* Toque.

Tocqué : m. ée : f. *Coyffed.*

Tocquement : m. *as* Toquement.

Toffe : f. *as* Touffe ; *alſo, a plant called Spunge of the River.*

Toſſu : m. uë : f. *Look* Touſſu.
Toge : f. *A gowne, long robe, or garment.*
Togue. *as* Toge.
Tohu. *Confuſion.* ℣ Rab.
Toict : m. *The roofe, or cover of a houſe; alſo, the houſe it ſelfe.*
Toile : f. *Cloth, linnen cloth; alſo, a ſtaulking horſe, of cloth, &c. whence,* Chaſſer à la toile; *alſo, the cawle, or kell within the belly; alſo, as* Peritoine.
Toile de araigne. *A Cobweb.*
Toile baptiſte. *A ſtrong, and very white (but corſe) Cambrick, whereof Nunnes make their vailes.*
Toile de Cambray. *Cambrick.* d'Hollande. *Holland.*
Toile Gautier. *See* Gautier.
Toile de maiſon; &, Toile de meſnage. *A good ſtrong huſwives, or houſhold, linnen cloth.*
Iour de toile. *A Court day, day of Pleading, Hall-day.*
Va penitent de quatre aulnes de toile. *A ſmall, or ſlight repentant (God bee knowes.)*
'A toile ourdie Dieu mande le fil; Pro *Seek* Fil.
Toilas : f. *Toyles; or, a Hay to incloſe, or intangle, wilde beaſts in.*
Toilette : f. *A Toylet; the ſtuffe which Drapers lap about their clothes; alſo, a bag to put night-clothes, and Buckeram, or other ſtuffe to wrap any other clothes, in.*
Tollé. *as* Touillé.
Toinin : m. (*A diminutive of* Anthoine) *Tonie.*
Toiſage : m. *A fadoming, or the meaſuring by fadomes.*
Toiſe : f. *A fadome; a meaſure containing ſix feet in length; Thus is the moſt ordinarie* Toiſe, *howſoever the Kings be ſeven foot and foure inches; and ſome of particular places longer, ſome leſſe.*
Toiſe des bois & forefts. *The fadome for woods, and forreſts; is (by the cuſtomes of Orleans) five foot and a halfe long.*
Toiſe de Bourgongne. *The Burgonian fadome, is ſeven foot and a halfe.*
Toiſe de charpentier. *The Carpenters fadome, is as the fadome for woods, &c.*
Toiſe cube. *The ſquare fadome, or a fadome in ſquare, contains all over 216 feet.*
Toiſe de Maſſon. *The Maſons fadome, is (as the ordinary one) ſix foot long.*
Toiſe des Meſureurs de terres, & vignes. *The Surveyors fadome, is but five foot long.*
Toiſe de Roy. *The Kings fadome, is, among Architects, three moderate paces; and among Surveyors, ſeven feet and four inches.*
Toiſer. *To fadome, or meaſure by fadome.*
Toiſeur : m. *A fadomer.*
Toiſon : m. *A fleece of woole; the whole woole of a ſheep.*
Tolerable : com. *Tollerable, ſufferable, indifferent, reaſonable; that may be borne, indured, abidden.*
Rente tolerable. *An ancient rent which cannot be extinguiſhed, nor bought out, but muſt be borne, and payed.*
Tolerablement. *Tollerably, ſufferably.*
Tolerance : f. *Tolleration, ſufferance, permiſſion, indoring, patience, forbearing.*
Tolerer. *To tolerate, ſuffer, permit, beare with, wink at, indure, abide.*
† Toliban : m. *A Turbant, or Turkiſh hat.*
† Tollart : m. *An executioner, a hang-man; and hence, the Provoſt Marſhalls attendants be (in diſgract) oftentimes called* Tollarts. (v. m.)
Tollere. *A Turkiſh coin worth about 4 s ſter.*
Tollet. *A Thowle, &c. as* Scalme.
Tollieu. *as* Toulieu.
Tollin : m. *The toll taken by a Miller.*
Tollir. *To remove, take away, diſannull, abrogate, cancell, aboliſh, make void.*
Tollu : m. uë : f. *Taken, removed, lift, or carried, away.*
† Tolopan. *as* Turbant.
† Tolte : f. *A taking, exaction, levie.*
Tombant : m. ante : f. *Falling or tumbling downe, alighting upon.*
Tombant levant. *Will or ill, hitty miſſie, here or there, one way or other.*
Tombe : m. *A Gurnard fiſh.*
Tombe : f. *A tombe; a tombe-ſtone, or grave-ſtone.*
Tombé : m. ée : f. *Fallen, tumbled downe or into; light upon.*
Tombeau. *A tombe, grave, ſepulcher.*
Tombement : m. *A falling, or tumbling downe; a lighting upon.*
Tomber. *To fall, or tumble downe, or into; alſo, to light upon.*
Tomber de l'eau. *To piſſe, or make water.*
Tomber à faux. *Look* Faux.
Attendre le gland qui tombe. (*An ordinary perſon*) *to live in expectation of profit, or preferment, at Court.*
Ie crains fort, ou tombera cecy. *I greatly feare the ſucceſſe, or iſſue of this matter;* &, ou veulent tomber ces belles parolles. *I doubt me no good will come of this glozing.*
Qui chope, & ne tombe adiouſte à ſes pas; Prov. *The man that trips, and falls not, gains a ſtep.*
Vn meſchant vaiſſeau iamais ne tombe de la main; Prov. *The beſt things runne more hazard than the worſt; ill veſſells never, good ones often, fall.*
Tombereau : m. *A Tumbrell, or Dung-Cart.*
Tombereaux de Verberie. *Looke* Verberie.
Tomberel. *as* Tombereau.
Prendre les perdris au tomberel; viz. *by tunnelling.*
Tomberelée : f. *A tumbrell-full, the load of a tumbrell.*
Tombier : m. *A Tombe-maker.*
† Tombir. *To make a noiſe with ſtamping, or trampling; to ruſtle, or hurrie, like the feet of many galloping horſes.*
† Tombiſſement : m. *A ſtamping, or trampling noiſe; the ruſtling, or hurry of running horſes feet.*
Tome : m. *A Tome, or Volume; part of a Book, or Worke, in one volume.*
Tome : f. *A traine with a lame and diſarmed Heron, for the making of a yong Faulcon.*
Tomin : m. *Six-pennie weight, or the weight of a Spaniſh Reall.*
Ton : m. *A tune, or ſound; alſo, the Tunnie-fiſh.*
Ton : m. ta : f. *Thy, belonging to thee.*
Tondailles : f. *A ſheep-ſheering, or the feaſt made thereat.*
Tondelet : m. (*A faſhion of*) *Baſes for a horſe-man, or one that rides.*
Tondereſſe : f. *A woman that ſheereth, or ſhaveth.*
Tondeur : m. *A ſheerer, clipper, powler, ſhaver; barber; vermine-ſnipper.*
Tondeur de draps. *A Sheerman, or Clothworker.*
Tondeur de nappes. *as* Eſcornifleur.
Tondeuſe : f. *The wife of a Clothworker, or Barber; alſo, a woman which lives by ſheering of cloth, or cutting of haire.*
† Sondoiſon. *as* Tonſure.
Tondre. *To ſheere, clip, cut, powle, nott, pare round; ſweep clean, or cleare away.*
Tondre ſur vn oeuf. *To accuſe truth of falſehood, charge vertue with vice, find a fault where there is none; alſo, to make a commodity of any thing, how bare ſoever it be; whence,* Ils trouveront à tondre ſur vn oeuf.
Si ie ne fais cela qu'on me tende. *Let me be baffled if I doe not that.*
A prez raire n'y a que tondre; Pr. *Sheers upon ſhaven places doe no good; nought's to be got where all's already gone.*
Tondu : m. *Shorne, clipped, powled, notted, cut, pared round.*
La teſte tonduë. *One that is bare-breecht, or hath not a rag to cover his taile withall; alſo, a notable wencher, or, as* Feſſe-tonduë
Il a eſté tondu de ſon entrepriſe, ou de ſa brigue. *He hath failed of his purpoſe, or loſt his ſute.*
Il ne craint ny les rez ny les tondus. *Look* Rez.
Toutesfois fut le pré tondu. *Yet was the meddow mowen; the buſineſſe ended.*
Tondu-ras. *Cloſe-ſhaven, levelled, or layed even with.*
Tondure : f. *as* Tonſure.
Tonlieu : m. *Toll due unto the Lord of a Fair or Market, for the ſale, or ſtanding of cattell, and other commodities in it.*
Tonne : f. *as* Tonneau; *alſo, an arbor.*
Tonneau : m. *A Tunne; or (generally) any great veſſell, or piece of Caske for wine, &c. as a Tunne, Pipe, Hogſhead, &c. alſo a Tunnell for Partridges.*
C'eſt d'un autre tonneau. *This is of another ſtraine, or pitch of conceit.*
Tonneler, & Tonneleur. *Seek* Tonneller, & Tonnelleur.
Tonnelet : m. *A little Tunne, or ſmall piece of Caske.*
Tonnelier : m. *A Cooper.*
Tonnelieu. *as* Tonlieu.
Tonnelle : f. *A Tunnell, or ſtaulking horſe for Partridges; alſo, a round Arbor, or an Alley covered round with the interlaced branches of a Vine, &c. from;*
Tonnelles. *The tender branches of trees plaſhed, or interlaced together as they grow.*
Tonneller. *To take Partridges with a Tunnell, or ſtaulking horſe.*
Tonnelleur : m. *A Tunneller; a Taker of Partridges with a Tunnell.*
Tonner. *To thunder.*
On n'orroit pas Dieu tonner. *The noiſe, or dinne they made was moſt extreme; a thunder-clap could not have been heard among them.*
Quand il tonne en Mars nous pouvons dire helas; Prov. *We ſay that, Winters thunder is Summers wonder.*
Tant tonne qu'il pleut; &, Tant tonne, & vente, que pluye deſcend; Pro.

So

So much it thunders that at length raine falls. *Look* Plouvoir.

Tout ce que tonne ne nous eſtonne point; Prov. *All that does thunder makes us not to wonder.*

Tonnerre: m. *Thunder.*

Après gros tonnerre force ceau ſur la terre; Pro. *After a furious thunder much rain the earth doth blunder.*

† Tonnereux: m. euſe: f. *Full of thunder, thunder-like, thundering.*

Tonnine: f. *A meat made of Tunnie; or, as* Thonnine.

† Tonnoirre: m. *Thunder.*

Tonſilles: f. *Certaine kernells at the root of the tongue, ſubject unto inflammations, and ſwellings, occaſioned by the falling downe of humours from the head.*

† Tonſture. *as* Tonſure.

Tonſure: f. *A ſheering, clipping, powling, notting, cutting, or paring round; alſo, the ſhaving, or ſhaven crowne of a Prieſt; whence,* Tonſure clericale; &;

A ſimple tonſure. *Such Clergie-men as are but meerely Clarks, not having taken Orders, nor undertaken the charge of ſouls; of which rank are Prebends, Canons, Deacons, &c.*

Alleguer ſa tonſure. *A Prieſt, challenging the privuledge of his Orders, to appeale from the civill Judge unto his Ordinarie.*

† Tonſuré: m. ée: f. *Sheered, clipped, powled; alſo, ſhaven; whence;*

Clercs tonſurez. *Shavelings, full Prieſts.*

† Tonſurer. *To clip, ſheere, powle, not; alſo, to ſhave.*

† Tonſure: f. *as* Tonſure.

Topaſe: f. *A topaſe, ſtone.*

Topiaire: f. *The making of Images in, or Arbors of, Plants.*

† Topiquer. Se top. *To be titchie, or apt to take offence at; alſo, to oppoſe, conteſt with, bandy againſt.*

Topiques: m. *Topicks; books, or places of Logicall invention; alſo, remedies (as plaiſters, &c.) applyed unto unſound parts of the body.*

† Topiqueur: m. *An acute arguer, or diſputer; or, an inventor of Logicall, and probable arguments.*

Topographe: m. *A deſcriber of places.*

Topographie: f. *The deſcription of a place.*

Toppe. Terre eſtant en toppe. *Waſte (becauſe unhusbanded, or untilled) ground.*

Toque: f. *A (faſhion of) bonnet, or cap (ſomewhat like our old Courtiers velvet cap) worne ordinarily by ſcholliers, and ſome old men.*

Toque d'or, ou d'argent. *Plated cloth of gold, or ſilver; a kind of tinſell, or ſtuffe that is ſtriped with gold, or ſilver.*

Toquement: m. *as* Toque; *alſo, the wearing of, or furniſhing the head with, a* Toque; *alſo, a clapping, hitting, or knocking againſt.*

Toquer. *To put on a* Toque; *to furniſh or attire the head therewith; alſo, to clap, knock, or hit againſt; alſo, to jumble a woman.*

Toqueſing: m. *An Allarum bell; or the ringing thereof.*

Toquet: m. *A little* Toque; *or a kinde of bonnet not ſo large as the* Toque, *worne moſt by children.*

Toraſſe: f. *A low and little-bodied Cow, which covets the Bull more than other kine, and neither gives much milke, nor brings many calves.*

Torce. *as* Torſe.

Torche: f. *A Linke; alſo, the wreathed clowt, wiſpe, or wad of ſtraw, layed by wenches between their heads, and the things which they carrie on them; alſo, the heart, or pith of a Pine, or of any Roſen-yeelding tree; alſo, as* Torchon de paille, *in the latter ſenſe.*

Torches. *as* Fenons.

Torche de fonte. *A faſhion of great Link (made all of wax, and without ſtaffe, or handle) borne anights before great perſons, by their Pages, &c.*

La torche au poing. *With as much ſhame as may be; or, as in* Amende honorable.

Torche lorgne. *Words, like our thwicke thwacke, expreſſing a liberall and free dole of blowes; alſo, here and there, without diſcretion, at randome.*

Torché: m. ée: f. *Wiped, made cleane.*

Torche-bouche. Banquet à tor. *Which coſts a man nothing, or whereat he nothing payes.*

Torche-cul: m. *A wiſpe for the taile.*

Torche-culatif: m. iue: f. *Taile-wiping.*

Torche-pot: m. *The bird called a Nut jobber.*

Il reſemble au torche-pot. *Hee is his wives Maſter, or dare ſchoole her when ſhe doth amiſſe; (from the property of the cock Nut-jobber, which beateth his beme when ſhee hath wandred any long time from him.)*

Torcher. *To wipe, or make cleane; alſo, to buffet, or cuffe with the fiſts.*

Torcher à autruy le cul de ſa chemiſe. *To helpe a man (but as he could have holpen himſelfe) onely by his owne meanes. (Looke under* Chemiſe; *) The like is;*

Torcher le nez de ſa manche. *To pay a man with his owne money; to give him an apple out of his owne Orchard, a loafe of his owne batch, a pigge of his owne Sow.*

Torcheux: m. euſe: f. *Full of Links; of a linke; linke-like; ſerving for a linke.*

Torchon: m. *A rubber, a wiper, a ſhooe-clowt.*

Torchon de paille. *A wiſpe of ſtraw; alſo, a handfull, or ſmall bundle thereof; as much as a Thatcher laies at once.*

Torcionné: m. ée: f. *Wreſted, wrinched, violently writhen.*

Torcis de vermillons. *A wreathed bunch of ſmall wormes.*

Torcol: m. *The little aſh-coloured, and long-tongued bird, called a Wrie-neck.*

Torcollet: m. *The ſame.*

Torcu. *A certain unluckie bird, of a brown, or (as in ſome places) of a white colour.*

Torculaire: com. *Belonging to the tunnell of the braine; whence;* Veine torc. *Look* Veine.

Tordement: m. *A wreathing, twiſting, twining; wringing, wreſting; a criſping, or curling.*

Tordille: f. *A flea-bitten, menniled, or ſpotted colour of horſes, dogs, &c.*

Tordoir: m. *The bedder, or under-ſtone of an oile-mill, or preſſe.*

Tordre. *To wreath, twine, twiſt, writhe, bend, or turne round, wind in, whirle about; hence alſo, to criſpe, or curle; alſo, to wring, wreſt, wrinch.*

Tordre le col à. *To make a wrie necke, or caſt a wrie looke, at; to ſcorne, contemne, deſpiſe.*

Tordre le nez à. *To make a noſe of wax of; to wreſt, wrie, manage, turne, at pleaſure.*

ſe Tordre & fourvoyer. *To goe aſide out of the way.*

Ne faire que tordre, & avaller. *To make brick wals of his cheeks, to ſwallow his meat halfe chawed, to rowle it once about his (paved) mouth, and then let it downe.*

Femme qui ſon alleure tord, &c. Prov. *Look under* Femme.

Il ne ſe tort pas qui va plain chemin; *He that goes on plaine ground ſprains not his foot; miſchiefe attends thoſe that take rugged wayes.*

Tore: f. *Broad-leaved Wolves-bane; or as* Thore.

Toreau: m. *A Bull. Seek* Taureau.

Toret: m. *A ſmall Wimble.*

Torment: m. *Torment, or torture; extreame affliction, great vexation, belliſh anguiſh, horrible paine. Looke* Tourment.

Tormente: f. *A tempeſt, or ſtorme of wind at ſea.*

Les tormentes des procez. *The troubles, or troubleſome vexations, attending on ſuits.*

Tormenté: m. ée: f. *Tormented, tortured, excruciated; extreamly vexed, grieved, afflicted; horribly toſſed.*

Tormenter. *To torment, racke, torture, excruciate; grieve or afflict extreamly, put unto horrible paine; alſo, to toſſe, as a ragtag ſea doth a ſhip.*

Tormentille: f. *Tormentile, Setfoile (an herb.)*

Tormentine: f. *Turpentine.*

† Tornadot: m. *A returne of Dowrie; the giving back of a womans portion.*

† Torné. *as* Tourné.

† Torne-dos. *Look* Tourne-dos.

Torner. *To turne, alter, change, &c. as* Tourner.

Terneroſt: m. *A Turne-ſpit.*

† Tornes. *as* Tournes.

† Torneſol: m. *Turneſole, Heliotropium, Wartwort.*

† Tornier. *Often to ſtagger, or turn round, like a Stag that's drunke with brouzing in May; alſo, to beat up and downe, or flie round, thereby to deceive the Dogs that purſue him.*

Torpille: f. *The Cramp fiſh; a fiſh that benummes the hands of ſuch as take, or touch it.*

Torpin. *as* Torpille. ¶ Marſeillois.

† Torque: f. *A ſmall grove, or tuft of wood, growing by it ſelfe.*

† Torqué: m. ée: f. *Writhen, wreathed; wound in; wrapped about.*

† Torquer. *To writhe, wreath; wind in, wrap about.*

† Torqueure: f. *A wreath; wreathing; place or thing writhen; and particularly, the wreath whereby the foot of a graſſe is preſerved from the injury of weather.*

† Torrefié: m. ée: f. *Scorched, parched, toaſted,*

toasted; dried by the fire, or in the Sunne, and then done to duſt. (v.m.)

† Torrefier. *To ſcorch, parch, toaſt; to drie, and afterwards do unto duſt.*

Torrent: m. *A torrent, land-floud, fall of waters from a hill, cauſed by raine, or ſnow; a ſwift ſtream running with a great, and violent ſweep.*

† Torrentin: m. ine: t. *Belonging to, or abiding in, torrents, or ſwift and violent ſtreams.*

Torride: com. *Torride, ſcorched, burned, parched; alſo, dried, or dried by the extremity of heat.*

Zone torride. *The torrid, or firie Zone; a circle, or certaine breadth in the firmament, under which, by reaſon of exceeding heat, few people inhabit.*

Torrillon d'un Canon. *The middle of a Canon, or the wreath, or band about the middle part of it.*

Torrion: m. *A great tower.*

Tors: m. torſe: f. *Wreathed, or twined; alſo, wreſted, wrinched, wrung; bowed, crooked, wried, awrie.*

A tors & à travers. *Overthwartly, here and there, to and fro, without any manner of regard.*

Il s'eſt tors. *He is wandered, or gone out of the way.*

Torſe: f. *A wreath; alſo, a wreſt, wrinch; writhe, wrying; a bending, wandering, or going out of the way.*

Torſement: m. *A wreathing; alſo, a wreſting, wrinching; writhing, wrying; a bending, ſtraying, wandering, or going out of the way.*

Torſion: f. *A writhing, wrying, wreſting, griping, wringing.*

Torſionnairement. *as* Tortionnairement.

Torſure: f. *as* Torſement.

Tort: m. *Wrong, injury, hurt, offence, dammage, diſpleaſure.*

A tort. *Wrongfully, unjuſtly, unworthily.*

A tort ou à droict. *By hook or crook, by right or wrong, by one meanes or another.*

I'ay tort. *I am to blame*; I'ay le tort; *My cauſe is naught, I am in the wrong.*

Torteau: m. *A Pancake*; or *as* Tourteau.

Torteaux. *Torteauxes, and by old Blazonners, Waſtels; muſt be round, whole, and of ſome colour, not of metall; therein to make them differ from Beſants.*

Tortelle: f. *Bank Creſſes; ſome alſo call ſo, the Rape Chadlock, or Charlock; others, wild Muſtard; others, Rocket gentle, and Rocket gallant; but errouniouſly; for theſe herbs only reſemble it.*

† Tortellées: f. *The curled toppings of the haire.*

† Tortement. *Crookedly, wrily, croſly.*

† Tortiee. *as* Tortiſſe (*the feminine to* Tortis;) *whence,*

Veines Tortices; *crooked, or crancklings veines.*

Torticoler. *To writhe, or wrie the neck.*

Torti colly. *A wrie-necked fellow.*

Tortillé: m. ée: f. *Wreathed, twined; curled; wried; alſo, gnawne, or chawed in pieces.*

Tortillemens. *Wreathes, wreathings, knots, curlings.*

Tortiller. *To wreath, twine, twiſt, to twirle, or wind about; Hence alſo, to curle, or tie on many knots; alſo, to wrinch, or to wrie.*

Tortillon: m. *A little wreath; alſo, a curled lock of haire; alſo, the twirle, or twirling tendrell of a vine; and generally any double thing writhen, twirled, wound or twiſted together, or one within another.*

Tortillonné: m. ée: f. *Wreathed; wound up; curled, twiſted, twirled, twined.*

Tortillonner. *To wreath, twine, twirle, twiſt, curle.*

Tortionnaire: com. *Wrongfull, unjuſt, or unjuſtly wreſted; hard, cruell, ſevere.*

Tortionnairement. *Wrongfully, unjuſtly; crookedly, hardly, cruelly.*

Tortionnier: m. *An Extortioner.*

† Tortipé: m. *A ſplay-foot; a ſhaling, or ſplay-footed fellow.*

Tortis: m. *A wreath; a garland.*

Tortis cavez. *Crooked pathes, turning wayes.*

Tortis de cire. *A wreathed Linke, or great candle of wax; moſt in uſe about Candlemas.*

Tortis: m. iſſe: f. *Writhen, writhing, crooked, or crooking.*

Tortiz. *Lime, or loame which hath ſtraw chops into it.* ¶ Gaſc.

Torterelle: f. *A Turtle Dove.*

Tortouëre: f. *A hunting pole.*

Tortu: m. uë: f. *Crooked, awrie, bent, bowed; writhing, twining; wrying, crooking; winding in and out, turning often, full of crinklecrankles.*

Tortuë buſche fait droict feu; Prov. (*So comes a crooked thing to be good for ſomething.*)

Tortuë: f. *A Tortoiſe.*

Tortuë de bois. *A land Tarteiſe, garden Tortoiſe, wood Tortoiſe.*

Tortuement: m. *A crooking, bowing, bending, wrying, writhing, often turning, winding in and out.*

Tortuément: m. *Wyily, crookedly, crookingly, wryingly, writhingly.*

Tortuëuſement. *Moſt wrily, crookedly, crookingly, wryingly, writhingly.*

Tortuëux: m. ëuſe: f. *Full of crookedneſſe or crookings, full of turnings, windings, crinklecrankles.*

Tortugue. *as* Tortuë.

Turtuoſité: f. *A crookedneſſe, a crooking, bending, winding in and out, a crinkling or crankling.*

Torture: f. *Torture, torment, a racke, or a racking.*

Torturé: m. ée: f. *Tortured, tormented, racked; alſo, wreſted or made crooked, writhed or wried aſide.*

Torturer. *To torture, torment, racke; alſo, to wreſt, writhe, wrie aſide.*

Torty colly. *See* Torti-colly.

Torvé: com. *Grim, ſtern, fell, ſpightfull, frowning, lowring, unpleaſantly looking.*

Toſt. *Quickly, preſently, ſuddenly, ſwiftly.*

Parler toſt. *To ſpeak thick, or faſt, or (as we ſay) nine words at once.* ¶ Orleannois.

Plus toſt. *Look* Pluſtoſt.

Qui toſt donne deux fois donne; Pro. *He that giveth quickly giveth twice; or, he gives as good as twice, that gives things in a trice.*

Toſtée: f. *A toaſt of bread.* ¶ Pic.

† Totage: m. *The whole ſumme, ſubſtance, matter of; the whole, all.*

Total: m. *The totall, or whole ſumme.*

Totalement. *Totally, wholly, utterly, abſolutely, throughly, in all ſorts, altogether.*

Totalité: f. *A totality, the uttermoſt penny, the totall, or whole ſumme.*

Totene. *The Sleeve, or Calamary fiſh.* ¶ Marſeil.

Totiens quotiens. *as in* Quotiens.

Totinge. *as* Totage. ¶ Rab.

Totum. *A kind of game with a whirlebone.*

Toüaige: m. *Towage; the towing of a ſhip by boats, or at the ſterne of another ſhip.*

Toüaille: f. *A Towell.*

Toüaſſe: m. vn gros tou. *A lumpiſh ignorant, or unmannerly cluſterfiſt.*

Toüaſſier: m. ere: f. *Clowniſh, rude, ignorant, unmannerly, lumpiſh.*

Touc: m. *A ſinke, or filthie gutter.* ¶ Breton.

Touchant. *Touching, handling; alſo, concerning, as concerning, as for, about.*

Touche: f. *A touchſtone; and thence, a triall; as alſo, the allay, or goodneſſe of metall; alſo, a feſcue; alſo, a penne, or pinne for a paire of writing tables; alſo, a ſtop or fret in a Muſicall Inſtrument; alſo, a bit, or venie at fence.*

Touche de bois. *A boult, a little thicke grove or tuft of high trees, eſpecially ſuch a one as is neere a houſe, and ſerves to beautifie it, or as a marke for it.*

Bois de touche. *The ſame.*

Il eſt de bas or, il craint la touche. *His cauſe, or conſcience, naught, makes him avoid all triall.*

Touché: m. ée: f. *Touched, felt, handled; alſo, ſtricken, blaſted; bit; inſpired; alſo, driven, as a beaſt; alſo, brought, as money, unto.*

Nous avons touché ſur les articles. *We have onely mentioned, or ſpoken lightly of, the Articles.*

Touchement: m. *A touching, feeling, handling; alſo, a ſtriking, blaſting; biting; inſpiring; alſo, a driving of beaſts, &c. a bringing of money unto.*

Toucher. *To touch, feele, handle; to approach, concerne, or come neere unto; alſo, to ſtrike, bit; blaſt; inſpire; alſo, to drive beaſts, &c. or bring money unto.*

Il toucha la main entre leurs mains. *He layed his hand between theirs; or, he gave them his hand, and promiſe, that he would be theirs.*

Il leur toucha à tous la main. *He took every one of them by the hand; &c.* Il leur toucha en la main; *He took them by the hands, as deſiring to be better acquainted with them.*

Des yeux il touche iuſques au cerveau. *It reacheth, or goeth from the eyes to the braine.*

On touche touſiours ſur le cheval qui tire; Prov. *The forward horſe is alwayes moſt put on.*

Touchеur: m. *A toucher, feeler, handler.*

Toucheur d'aſnes. *An Aſſe-driver.*

Touchon: m. *A little touch-ſtone.*

Toudi. *as* Touſiours. ¶ Pic.

Touë: f. *A little, long, ſhallow, and flat-bottomed boat.*

Touër.

Touër. *To tow a ſhip; to bring her along tied unto boats, or at the ſtern of another ſhip.*

Touffe de bois. *A boult; a tuft of trees growing neer a houſe, and ſerving for a mark, or grace, unto the ſeat thereof.*

Touffe de cheveux. *A tuft, or lock of curled hair.*

Bois de touffe. *as* Touffe de bois.

Touffeau: m. *as* Touffe; *or a little tuft.*

Touffillon: m. *A ſmall tuft, or lock; boult, or grove.*

Touffu: m. uë: f. *Tuffie, thick growing, thick of boughs, growing cloſe together.*

Touillaut: m. *A ſcurvey troubleſome fellow; or as* Touilleur.

Touillé: m. ée: f. *Filthily mingled, peſtered, or ſhuffled together; alſo, durtied, beſmeared, berayed, ſmeeched, begrimed; whence;*

Avoine touillée croiſt comme enragée; Pro. *In miry ground Oats grow as if they were mad.*

Touillement: m. *A filthy mingling, beaſtly confounding, ill-favoured ſhuffling together; alſo, a durtying, berayng, beſmearing, begriming.*

Touiller. *Filthily to mix, or mingle; confound, or ſhuffle together; to intangle, trouble, or peſter by ſcurvey medling; alſo, to bedirt, begrime, beſmear, ſmeech, beray.*

Touilleur: m. *A Polipragman, filthy medler, ſhuffling or troubleſome fellow; one that mars things by a beaſtly mingling of them,*

Touillon: m. *A Scullion; or a filthy, greaſie, naſty, or ſlovenly fellow; alſo, a clowt to wipe ſhooes, or make clean veſſell, withall.*

† Toulieu: m. *Toll of Markets, and Faires.*

Toulte: f. *An exacting, or extorting of Subſidies.*

Tounine: f. *as* Thonnine; *or* Tonnine.

Toupeau: m. *A tuft, or taſſell of ſilk, &c. a flock, or lock of wooll.*

Toupet: m. *A tuſt, or topping; a womans haire layed out on her forehead, or temples, and called her goldilocks; alſo, a horſes foretop; alſo, a tuft, or taſſell of ſilk, &c.*

Toupiant: m. ante: f. *Whirling about like a gig.*

Toupie: f. *A gig, or caſting-top; alſo, the ſhell-fiſh called a Whelke, or Winkle.*

Toupier. *To turn, or caſt a top; alſo, to whirle about like a top.*

Toupil: m. *as* Toupie.

Toupillon: m. *A little gig, or caſting top.*

Toupillonnet: m. *A very ſmall top; or ſtopple.*

Toupin: m. *A ſtopple for a bottle, &c.*

Toupon: m. *A ſtopple.*

Tour: m. *A turn, round, circle, compaſſe, wheeling, revolution, circumvolution, viciſſitude, interchangeable courſe of things; alſo, a turn, bout, or walk, as (we ſay) in Paules; alſo, the turn, courſe, rank, place, or order, wherein a man is or ſtands; alſo, a deed, act, work, part, good or bad Office, good or ill turn; alſo, a feat, prank, trick, ſleight, ſhift, deviſe; alſo, a ſpinning wheele; alſo, a Turn, or Turners wheele; or as* Tournoir; *alſo, a Turnpike, or Turning-ſtile; and the open turning box in the wall of a Nunnery, whereby the ſiſters unſeeing, and unſeen, receive in, and deliver out, commodities; alſo, the Rook at Cheſts; alſo, the breadth of five fingers in meaſure; alſo, a faſhion of killing Deere, &c. by riding gently neer them, and having* en croupe *ſome Bowman, who may with advantage, and on a ſuddaine ſhoot at them.*

Tour de Baſche, ou de Baſque. *Nimble knavery.*

Le tour de baſton. *The fees, or vailes comming in to an Officer, over and beſides his ordinary wages.*

Il ſçait bien le tour du baſton. *He is a craftie, ſubtile, or cunning fellow; hee knowes well enough the tricks, and ſleights of the world.*

Tour de bec. *A kiſſe.*

Tour de bras. A tour de bras. *With maine ſtrength, or, with confident authority.*

Tour de guerre, ou de vieille guerre. *Seek under* Guerre.

Tour du Labyrinthe. Il fait le tour du Labyrinthe. *He treads a Maze; he runs into an endleſſe Laborinth; or, he toiles extremely, and yet is never the neerer; alſo, he falls againe, after many digreſſions, or much adoe, into his former argument.*

Tour de lict. *A cloſe, or whole curtaine, incompaſſing a faſhion of bed, that (commonly) wanteth a teſterne.*

Tour de mulet. *A jadiſh trick.*

Tour de peſcheur. *A dangerous adventuring for great matters.*

Tour du roule: &, à tour de roule. *Seek* Roule.

Ie ne leur donneray ny, tour ny attainte. *I will not touch, or handle them; I will not approach, or come neer them.*

Faites vn tour iuſques icy. *Make a ſtep hither.*

Chaſcun a ſon tour; Prov. *Every one hath his time, or turn.*

Chaſcun à ſon tour; Pro. *Every one in his time, rank, or turn.*

Tour: f. *A Tower.*

Touraille: f. *A Kill, or Kilne to dry mault, &c. on.*

Tourban. *as* Turban.

Tourbe: f. *A troope, rout, crue, rabble; preaſe, croud, throng, clutterment of; alſo, trouble, ſtirre, buſineſſe, debate, ruffling.*

En tourbe. *By flockes or multitudes; with confuſed voices; all or very many, at once; trooping, or crowding together.*

† Tourbiginaux: m. *Wreathes of old ropes, dipped in greaſe and pitch, and to be burnt in Creſſets.*

Tourbillon. les tourbillons d'une fleuve. *Th'eddie, whirling, round turning, of a ſtreame.*

Tourbillons de teſte. *The turning, or ſwimming of the brain; or a giddineſſe comming thereof.*

Tourbillon de vent. *A whirlewind; alſo, a guſt, flaw, berry, ſudden blaſt, or boiſterous tempeſt, of wind.*

Tourbillonner. *To whirle about like a whirlewind; to deale boiſterouſly, or ſweepe all away before it.*

Tourbillonneux: m. euſe: f. *Full of whirlewinds, like a whirlewind, whirling about as a whirlewind; boiſterous, raging, outragious.*

† Tourchon: m. *as* Torchon; *or as* Torche, *in the ſecond ſenſe.*

† Tourd: m. *A Thruſh; or a generall name for the Thruſh, Throſtle, and Fieldifare.*

Tourd de mer. *The ſea Thruſh; a certaine rock-fiſh, not much unlike a Pearch, or Tench; of ſundry kinds, and each of divers and ſundry colours.*

† Tourdelle: f. *The great Thruſh, or Fieldifare.*

Tourdion: m. *A turning, or winding about; alſo, a trick, or prank; alſo, the daunce tearmed a round.*

† Tourdre: m. *as* Tourd; *a Thruſh.*

Touré: m. ée: f. *Towred, full of, grated or furniſhed with, towers.*

Tourelle: f. *A Turret, or ſmall Tower.*

Tourelle à cul le lampe. *A ſmall outjuttying garret, or Tower like a garret, on the top of a wall.*

Touret: m. *A Throſtle, or Mavis; alſo, a Drill, the Inſtrument wherewith holes are made into metall, &c. alſo, the chain which is at the end of the cheeke of a Bit; alſo, the annulet, or little ring whereby a Hawkes Lune is faſtened unto the Jeſſes.*

Touret de nez. *A Muffler.*

Tourette: f. *A Turret, or ſmall Tower.*

† Tourier: m. *The keeper of a Tower; a watchman in a Tower; alſo, a Gaoler.*

Touriere. *Look* Tourriere.

Tourillon: m. *An inner Verrill; the round plate of iron whereby a piece of wood, often turned on, is preſerved from wearing, and burning.*

Tourillon du bras. *The head or top of the arme where it is joyned with the ſhoulder blade.*

Tourment: m. *Torment, or torture.*

Aſſez parens, aſſez tourmens; Prov. *Many kinſemen much trouble; we ſay (with ſome difference) many kinſemen few friends.*

Tourmente. *Look* Tormente.

Tourmentine: f. *Turpentine.*

Tournaille: f. *A crooked turning, or winding in and out.*

Tournay: m. *A Tourney.*

Tournayer. *Look* Tournoyer.

Tourné: m. ée: f. *Turned; rounded; changed, altered, converted; alſo, tranſlated; alſo, bending, or inclining towards; alſo, given in exchange, or to boot; alſo, returned; (alſo, amazed, or aſtoniſhed. ℣ Breton.)*

Croiſſans tournez. *In-creſſants; Creſſants turned inwards.*

Nez tourné à la friandiſe. *Look under* Nez.

Il à tourné en mes flancs. *It was I that bore him; ſayed by a mother of her child; either becauſe, as Phyſitians report, the child having been eight monthes in the womb, ſhifts from the one ſide thereof to the other; or becauſe at his comming out he turnes (of himſelf, or by the Midwives help) his heeles upwards.*

Tourne-bouler. *To turn round.*

Tour-

Tourne-bride. *A returne, or turning back.*
Tourne-dos: m. *A turne-back, runaway, coward.*
Tournée: f. *whence;* Par tournées; *Every one in his turne or course, ranke or place.*
Tourne-fol: m. *A turning stile.*
Tourne-lict: m. *as* Tour de lict, *under* Tour.
Tournelle: f. *A Turret, or little Tower;* (*See* Tourrion;) *also, a Parliamentall Court for criminall causes; whereon the Judges of the other Courts do sit by severall turnes.*
Tourne-main: m. *The turning of the hand; whence;* Dans vn tourne-main; *In a trice, on a suddaine, before you can say, this.*
Tournement: m. *A turning; rounding; revolution; a converting, changing; exchanging; translating; a bending, or inclining towards.*
Tournement de teste. *The turn-about sickenesse; a giddinesse, or dizzinesse, a swimming of the head.*
† Tourneployer. *To turne, winde, bend, or bow which way soever one will have it.*
Tourner. *To turne; convert, alter, change; exchange, give in exchange, or to boot; also, to translate; also, to round or make round; also, to make sowre; also, to returne; also, to bow, bend, or incline.*
Tourner la charruë contre les boeufs. *To set the cart before the horse* (*we say;*) *to doe a thing preposterously; also, to alter ones talke, or answer from the purpose, thereby to stop, or suppresse, an argument handled before.*
Tourner court. *See* Court.
Tourner fueillet. *To change a custome, alter a wont; or,* (*as we say*) *turne over a new leafe.*
Tourner sa jaquette. *To turne his coat;* viz. *Break his faith and oath; or quit his religion, opinion, or Prince, and follow another, or a contrary one, for what respect soever.*
Tourner les truyes au foing. *To answer from the matter, or as if he knew not what demand was made.*
C'est la Maistresse rouë qui tourne le moulin. *See* Moulin.
Il nous reste quelqu'autre moulin à tourner. *There's yet a further matter to be handled, looked unto, done.*
Bon charron tourne en petit lieu; Pro. *A skilfull Coach-man turnes in a small roome. Look* Charron.
† Tournerie: f. *A turning; also, Turners worke, or Turners ware.*
Tournerot: m. *A turne-roast, or turne-spit.*
Tournes en eschange, ou partage de biens. *as* Soulte.
Tourne-soleil: m. *Torne-sole, Heliotropium.*
Tournet: m. *A small turning rundle, or ring, in the mouth of a Bit, &c.*
Tournette: f. *A Rice, or Tarwingle to wind yarne on.*
Tourne-vent: m. *A fashion of Penthouse, or portall set before a doore, for the keeping of winde out of a roome; also, a Horse, or moveable Lover, of metall, on the top of a chimney, or house.*
Tourneviter. *To whirle, or whurre about.*
Tourneure: f. *A turning; also, any thing that turnes, or makes a thing sowre; as, leaven doth bread, runnet milke, &c.*
Tourniquet: m. *The pinne of a* Vielle; *that which the* Vielleur *turnes with his hand as he playes.*
Tournoir: m. *A turne, turning-wheele, or Turners wheele, called a Lathe, or Lave; also, the vice, or winch of a presse.*
Tournois: m. *A French peny; the tenth part of a penie sterl. which rate it holds in all other words* (*as the* Sol, *or* Livre) *whereunto it is joyned.*
Tournoy: m. *A Turney, or Turnament; also, as* Tournoir.
Tournoyant. *Rowling, wheeling, turning round, fetching a compasse, using an uncertain course.*
Tournoyement: m. *A rowling, wheeling, turning, fetching a compasse, going about; a staggering course, uncertaine gate, reeling, dizzinesse, giddinesse; also, an environing, or incompassing; also, a using of circumstances; also, a turneying.*
Tournoyer. *To rowle, wheele, turne round, fetch a compasse, goe about; also, to reele, stagger, make indentures, use an uncertaine course; also, to environ, incircle, incompasse; also, to use shifts, or circumstances, without comming at all to the point; also, to goe about, or spie on every side, the meanes of prevailing with, or attempting on, a thing; also, to turney, just, or fight in a Turny.*
Tournure. *as* Tourneure.
Tourrelé: m. ée: f. *Towrie, Towerlike, begirt or incompassed with Towers.*
Tourrier: m. *The keeper of a Tower; a Goaler of Prisoners which be in a Tower.*
Tourriere: f. *The Nunne which attends on the Tour, or turning box in the wall of a Nunnerie.*
Tourrion: m. *A small Turret* (*lesse then the* Tournelle, *and commonly made off the wall by juttying, whereas* Tournelle *is ever boult upright.*)
Tourte: f. *A Turtle Dove; also, a great loafe of houshold or browne bread* (*called so in* Lionnois, *and* Dauphiné;) *also, the made dish which wee call a Florentine; also, a Trundle head of a Mill.*
Tourteau: m. *A cake* (*made commonly, in haste, and of lesse compasse then the* Gasteau;) *also, a little loafe of household, or browne bread; also, a Pancake; also, a wreath of pitched cord for a Cresset; also, the Crab-fish termed a Pimgar.*
A celuy qui a sa paste au four on doit donner de son tourteau; Prov. *Be not a niggard unto him thats able to requite thee.*
Tourtelle: f. *See* Tortelle.
Tourterelle: f. *A Turtle, or Turtle Dove.*
Tourtillon: m. *A very little loaf of houshold bread; or a small* Tourteau.
Tourtoire: f. *A hunting-pole; also, an Iron toole* (*with a woodden handle*) *wherewith a Cooper notches, and drawes on, the principall hoops of caske.*
Tourtourain: m. *The nature of the Turtle.*
Touſé: m. ée: f. *Shorne, clipped, powled, cut, notted, pared round.*
Touſer. *To shorne, &c. as* Tondre.
Tousjours. *Alwayes, ever, still, perpetually, continually, for ever and ever, evermore.*
Nous avons trois tousjours, *Howsoever, or as hard as the world goes, yet we have three.*
Touſſaincts, la T. *All-Saints day, Allhallow day.*
Touſſant. *Coughing.*
Touſſer. *as* Touſſir.
Touſſeur: m. *A cougher.*
Touſſir. *To cough.*
Touſtade. Alezan touſt. *A burnt sorrell; a darke-red colour like wood scorched, or metall burnt in the fire.*
Tout: m. (*Substantively.*) *an all, a totall or whole summe; any, or every thing.*
C'est mon tout. *Tis all, tis th'onely, or chiefest thing I relie on.*
Qui tout convoite tout perd; Prov. *He that covets, loses, every thing.*
Qui tout me donne tout me nie; Prov. *He that gives me, denies me, all I demand; a thing thats easily granted is in effect denyed.*
Qui de tout si taist de tout a paix; Pro. *Look* Paix.
Tout: m. toute: f. *All, the whole, whatsoever, every jot or whit.*
Toutes & quantes fois. *As often as.*
A tout le poil, *whence,* Né à tout le poil. *Seek under* Poil.
De tout point. *Quite and cleane.*
Vne science requiert tout son homme; Prov. *One Art will learn takes up a mans whole time.*
Tout. (Adverb) *whence;* Tout ainsi; *Even as, even like, as it were, as much as, to as great effect or purpose as, none otherwise then.*
Tout autant, *as* Tout ainsi.
Tout beau. *Soft and faire, not too fast, enough I say.*
Tout à coup. *Suddenly, at once, at one blow.*
Tout à faict. *Wholly, throughly, altogether, utterly, indeed, quite and cleane.*
Tout à l'heure. *At the very instant.*
Tout fin. *Hard by, neare hand, even very now; whence,* Tout fin à Noel; *Very neare Christmasse; &,* Tout fin mere nu; *All discovered, all over naked, or* (*as we say*) *starke-belly-naked.*
Tout incontinent. *Presently, straightway, out of hand, by and by.*
Tout maintenant. *But even now.*
Tout outre. *Throughout, through and through; wholly, in every respect.*
Tout à point. *Fitly, opportunely, seasonably, in as good time as may be.*
Tout tant. *All that ever:* Sur tout tant; *Especially, chiefely, all other occasions laid apart.*
Tout à traict; &, Tout d'un mesme traict. *Look under* Traict.
Tout vray. *Most certaine, most true.*
A tout. *With; sufficiently, wholly, throughly; also, nevertheless, notwithstanding.*
A tout jamais. *For ever and ever.*
A tout rompre. *At the most, highest; or worst; when all comes to all; come of it what come will.*

Du

Du tout. *Throughly, utterly, quite and clean, altogether.*
Par tout. *Throughout, into every place or thing, every where, every whither*; whence the *Proverbe*; Qui par tout va par tout prend.
Et fut tout besoing à eux de se retirer. *And it was best, most needfull, or high time, for them to retire.*
Il est tout preſché qui n'a cure de bien faire; Prov. *Enough be's preacht unto thats careleſſe of well doing*: or, *too much be's preacht unto that meanes not to amend.*

Toute-bonne: f. *The herb Clary, or Cleretye*; *alſo, good Henry, or All-good.*
Toute-bonne des jardins. *Garden Clary.*
Toute-bonne ſauvage. *Wild Clary, Ocle Chriſti.*

Toutesfois. *Yet, but, albeit, although, howbeit, nevertheleſſe, notwithſtanding.*
Toutesfois & quantes. *As often.*
Toutesfois tut le pré tondu; Pro. *Maugre their ſtir yet was the medow mowed*; *gainſt all our hopes, their wills, the buſineſſe ended.*

Tout-feu. *All-fire*; *the name of a valley neer* Eſtampes, *thus tearmed becauſe much infeſted by robbers.*

Touton: m. *Part of a womans privities.*
Tout-puiſſant. *Almighty, all-able.*
Toux: f. *A cough.*
Toux de regnard. *The Foxes cough*; *a rooted, or old-grown cough, which waits on a man to his grave.*

† Touzelle: f. *Fine wheat, white winter wheat*; *a kind of ſmooth wheat, which hath an upright ſtalk, and a very white grain.*

Toxaine: m. *An Alarum-bell*; *or, the ringing thereof.*
Toy. *Thee*; *thou.*
Toye de plomb. *A web of lead.*
Toymeſme. *Thou thy ſelfe, thy very ſelfe.*
Tozelle. *as* Touzelle.
Trabe d'un ancre: m. *The beam, or ſtaffe of an Anchor.*
† Trabée: f. *A purple and imbroydered caſſock, or robe worne by Kings, or great perſonages, under their mantles of Eſtate.*
Trabuchet. *Look* Trebuchet.
Trac: m. *A track, traſh, or trace*; *a (frequent) footing, beaten way or path*; *alſo, a trade, or courſe.*
Trac de bataille. *The train, proviſion, or followers of an army.*
Tout à trac. *Plainely, roundly, frankly, flatly*; *wholly, throughly, outright, altogether.*

Tracanard: m. *See* Traquenard.
Tracas: m. *Much trotting, or hurrying up and down*; *hence alſo, toile, trouble, turmoile.*
Tracaſſé: m. ée: f. *Hurried, toſſed*; *tugged, trewed*; *ſpoiled, overworn, or miſuſed, by much removing.*
Tracaſſer. *To trot, rumge, roame, hurry much up and down*; *to toile, moile, or labour (in going) like a horſe*; *alſo, to tug, trew, ſpoyle, miſuſe, make havock of.*
Tant travaille, & tracaſſe l'homme, qu'il ſe rompt, ou ſomme; Pro. *So long a man toiles that at length he tires.*

Tracaſſerie: f. *A reſtleſſe trotting, raunging, roaming, hurrying up and down*; *a buſie, or needleſſe travell, tugging, or toiling out of himſelfe.*
Tracaſſeur: m. *A reſtleſſe trotter, or hurrier up and downe*; *a fond buſie body*; *one that toiles, or travels much to very little purpoſe.*
Trace: f. *A trace, footing, print of the foot, ſtep, footſtep*; *alſo, a path, or tract.*
Les traces d'un langlier. *The traſt, heels, or tallons of a Boar.*
Tracement: m. *A tracing, inquiſition, following, or hunting after by the foot.*
Tracer. *To trace, follow, purſue, inquire, ſeek out, hunt after, by the foot*; *alſo, as* Traſſer; *whence*;
Tracer vne harengue. *To minute, or make the firſt draught of, an Oration.*
Nature fait chien tracer; Prov. *The hound by nature's taught to hunt.*
Tracette: f. *A little trace, traſt, or footing.*
Traceure: f. *as* Trace; *or as* Tracement.
Traceux: m. euſe f. *Tracing out, following the traſt, or footing of.*
Trache. *A cluſter of fruits (as of Apples, Pearrs, &c.) growing together.*
Tracher. *as* Tracer; *(ruſtically.)*
Trachet: m. *as* Trache; *or, a little cluſter.*
Trachiartere. *The pipe of the lungs*; *one of the three principall Arteries in mans body*; *begins at the Larinx, ends at the lungs*; *and is the inſtrument of the voice, and of breathing.*
† Trachie. *as* Trachiartere; *or the wind-pipe.*
Traction: f. *A draught, or extraction, a drawing out.*
Tradiment: m. *Treachery, betraying, treaſon.*
Traditif: m. iue: f. *Traditive, or of tradition*; *whence*; Science traditive; *a Science delivered by word of mouth from father to ſon*; *or, continued, or left unto poſterity, by tradition.*
Traditive: f. *A method of teaching, or of ſpeaking.*
Traduire. *To tranſlate out of one tongue into another.*
Traduit: m. te: f. *Tranſlated.*
Trafique: f. *Traffick, trade, commerce, or intercourſe of merchandizing*; *alſo, conſening, deceit, over-reaching.*
Trafiquer. *To trafficke, trade, occupie, uſe, commerce, deale in merchandiſe*; *alſo, to couſen, deceive, beguile, over-reach.*
† Trafiquerie: f. *A trafficking*; *alſo, merchandiſe, ware or ſtuffe to trafficke with*; *alſo, a deceiving, beguiling, over-reaching.*
Trafiqueur: m. *A trafficker, trader, merchant, occupier, dealer in the world*; *alſo, a couſener, deceiver, over-reacher.*
Tragedie: f. *A Tragedy*; *a ſtately Play whoſe concluſion is doleſull, and doubtfull.*
† Tragée. *Look* Dragée.
Tragelaphe: m. *The great, and blackiſh Deer called, a Stone-buck, Deer-Goat, or Goat-hart, becauſe conceived between a Buck-goat, and the Hind.*
Traget: m. *as* Traject.
Tragique: com. *Tragicall, tragick, of or belonging to Tragedies, Tragedy-like, bloudy, deadly, doleſull, diſmall.*
Tragiquement. *Tragically*; *doleſully, diſmally.*
Tragon: m. *The herb Tarragon*; *alſo, Amelcorne, or Starch-corn.*
Tragoncée: f. *as* Tragon.
† Traguetter. *See* Trajetter.
Trahi: m. ie: f. *Betrayed, treacherouſly dealt with.*
Trahi trahi. *Is in ancient Authors a cry of warre, importing as well feare as treaſon*; *as when an Army fighting in front was on a ſuddaine charged in the reere by a troupe of unexpected enemies*; *or in the forcing of a Garriſon*: *we may Engliſh it with a double, ſurpriſed, incloſed, forced, or taken.*
Trahir. *To betray, or deale treacherouſly with.*
Trahiſon: f. *Treaſon, treachery, a betraying*; *alſo, any lewdneſſe, villany, or diſloyaltie.*
Bois de la trahiſon. *The name of a wood neere unto Saint* Germain en Laye; *the brambes of whoſe trees caſt into the water, ſinke like ſtones, and lopped off, nothing doth afterwards come out in the place of them.*
Frapper en trahiſon. *To ſtrike a man behind his back, or ere he be aware.*
Traiclou: m. *The tools wherewith Shoomakers pull their nailes out.*
Traict: m. *A Dart, Arrow, or Shaft*; *alſo, a ſhot, or ſhoot*; (*and thence, a nip, taunt, quip, cut*;) *alſo, a draught, line, ſtreake, or ſtreak, made by a pen, or penſill*; (*and thence, the forme, ſhape, figure, ſtature, lineaments of the face, or body, or of any other thing*;) *alſo, length, drawing out, prolonging of, leaſure in, things*; *alſo, the whole, courſe, progreſſe, or proceeding of a matter*; *alſo, a ſubtile, or ingenious trick, part, act, pranke, ſhift*; *alſo, a draught of drinke*; *alſo, a teame-trace*; *or trait*; *the cord or chaine that reaches between the horſes, &c. alſo, the draught tree of a Caroche, &c. alſo, a line, or line wherein a Blood-hound is led, and kayed in his purſute.*
Vn traict du laict d'une beſte. *A meales milke.*
Cheval de traict. *A drag-horſe, or draught-horſe.*
Gens de traict. *The bow-men, or ſmall ſhot, of an Army.*
Franc au traict. *Look* Franc.
Par traict de temps. *In traſt of time, at length, in time, one time or another.*
Tout à traict. *Eaſily, faire and ſoftly, by leaſure.*
Tout d'un meſme traict. *At once, all under one.*
Parler à traicts. *To ſpeake leaſurely, ſoberly, ſoftly, by pauſes, without haſte.*
Tirer vn traict ſus la lie. *Seek* Lie.
Du dire au faict y a grand traict; Prov. *There is 'tweene (moſt) mens word and deed, great ſpace, and but a little ſpeed.*

Traict: m. ćte: f. *Drawn, pulled out*; *prolonged*; *alſo, pliant.*
Or traict. *Gold wire.*
Traictable: com. *Traſtable, pliant, facile, intreatable, courteous, gracious.*
Traicte: m. *A treaty*; *a league, agreement, or*

or alliance, talked of (as alſo, one that is concluded on) between Princes, &c. alſo, a Treatiſe, Pamphlet, ſmall book, or part of a book.

Traicte : ſ. *A draught, prolonging, or drawing out in length ; alſo, a courſe, trace, way, journey, progreſſe, proceeding ; alſo, a tranſportation, outward vent, or ſhipping over ; and, an Impoſition upon commodities exported ; whence ;*

Droict de traicte. *as under* Droict ; *alſo, that which is due to the King, and to the Maſter of the Mint upon the coining of money.*

Traicté : m. ée : f. *Treated, intreated of ; intertained, handled, uſed ; made, contracted, agreed on.*

Traictement : m. *A treating, intreating ; intertaining, uſing, handling ; a contracting, or concluding of a treaty.*

Traicter. *To treat, intreat, intertaine, uſe, handle, tend or looke unto ; to deale in, or meddle with ; to diſcourſe, debate, or make mention of ; alſo, to covenant, or contract with.*

Traicter à la fourche. *Look* Fourche.

† Traictif. nez traictif. *A pretty long noſe ; a noſe of a graceſull length.*

† Traictis : m. iſſe : f. *whence ;* Traictiſſes mains. *Long, and ſlender hands.*

† Traictoire de tonnelier. *as* Tourtoire *(in the latter ſenſe.)*

Traject : m. *A ferry ; a paſſage over.*

Trajectaire : m. *A Ferry-man ; alſo, one that tumbles through a hoope held up ; alſo, a Jugler, Impoſter, Couſener.*

† Trajecter. *To ferry, tranſport, paſſe, convey, or carry over from ſhore to ſhore ; alſo, to ſend, thruſt, tranſferre, put, or caſt through.*

† Trajectoire : m. *The cannon, or taile of a perfuming funnell.*

† Trajectoire : com. *Caſting, thruſting, putting, ſending, paſſing, tranſporting, conveying through, or over.*

Trajetter. *as* Trajecter.

Traigne : ſ. *The ſea Dragon, Viver, Quaviver.* ℣ Marſeillois.

Traillant. *Reeling, or winding yarne ; alſo, trayling a Deere ; hunting him upon a cold ſent, or with a lime-hound.*

Traille. *Vſed ſometimes inſtead of* Treille.

Trailler. *To reele, or wind yarne ; alſo, to traile a Deer, or hunt him upon a cold ſent ; as alſo, to hunt, or purſue him with a lime-hound.*

Traine : ſ. *The woofe, or weft in weaving ; alſo, a garment of corſe cloth ; alſo, a plot, practiſe, conſpiracy, deviſe.*

Trainer. *To weave ; alſo, to plot, contrive, practiſe, conſpire, deviſe.*

Train : m. *A (great mans) traine, retinue, or followers ; alſo, the traine, or hinder part of a beaſt ; alſo, the pace of a horſe, or moile, &c. alſo, the trace, way, or courſe, taken by a wild beaſt, or made of purpoſe for it ; alſo, any way, courſe ; worke, dealing, trade, practiſe, traffick uſed, or entred into ; alſo, a crupper for a loaden horſe, &c. alſo, a ſled, a drag or dray without wheeles.*

Le train de devant d'une coche. *The forewheeles of a Coach.*

Le train de guerre. *Warſare.*

Le train de practique. *The ſtile, or forme of pleading, or of proceeding, in a Court.*

D'un train. *Together, at one clap, at once.*

En bon train. *In a good forwardneſſe.*

Mener le train de quelqu'un. *To do any mans buſineſſe for him.*

Mettre en train. *To make a motion, break the ice ; introduce, or bring in, ſet in the way.*

Se mettre en train. *To ſet forward, or take his way ; alſo, to bring himſelf into practiſe, put himſelfe in ure.*

De grand train à l'eſtrain ; Pro. *From a great traine into the ſtraw.*

Trainacer. *as* Trainer.

Trainage : m. *Trainage ; or, as* Droict de ſuitte de Diſme, *under* Droict.

Trainant : m. ante : f. *Trayling, dragging, drawing after.*

Trainant la vie. *Living ſorrily, or but from hand to mouth ; alſo, leading an irkſome, or wearieſome life.*

Trainard : m. *as* Traine-gain.

Trainard : m. arde : f. *as* Trainant ; *alſo, crawling, or creeping along cloſe by the ground.*

Trainaſſé : m. ée : f. *Dragged, or trailed along.*

Trainaſſer. *To drag, or traile along.*

Trainafferie : f. *A traine, traile, or long taile ; alſo, a trailing, or dragging along.*

Traine : f. *A ſled ; a drag, or dray without wheeles ; alſo, a drag-net, or draw-net.*

Traineau : m. *as* Traine ; *alſo, draggage, or carriage.*

Traineau à plommée. *A Stelleere ; a Roman, or Venice beame, for the weighing of things.*

Trainée : ſ. *A traine for a Wolfe, or any other ſuch wild, and ravenous beaſt ; alſo, as* Trainement.

Trainegain : m. *A draw-latch, lazie companion, ſlovenly lowt ; one that trailes the ſcabbard of his ſword after him, or weares it ſo low, and ſo looſely, that it drags on the ground as he goes.*

Traineller. *To trammell for Larkes.*

Trainement : m. *A trailing, dragging, or drawing along ; alſo, a creeping, crawling, or running cloſe by the ground.*

Traine-pieds : m. *One that lazily, or weakly, trailes his legs after him.*

Trainer. *To traile, drag, draw, carry or lead after him ; alſo, to be throwne up and downe, as a thing thats not well layed up.*

Se trainer. *To creepe, or crawle along cloſe by the ground.*

Trainer ſon Lien. *See* Lien.

Trainer longuement. *To be long ſicke of a diſeaſe, to languiſh a great while.*

Trainer longue queuë. *To continue long, or be a great while, in doing ; alſo, to be of great conſequence, have a farre reach, carry full many things along with it.*

Trainer ſa parole. *To ſpeak dreamingly, draylingly, draw-latch like ; alſo, to ſmooth, claw, glove, flatter, fawne on, collogue with ; (for commonly ſuch as wire-draw their ſpeech are notable diſſemblers.)*

Traineresſe. *whence ;* Bonnettes trainereſſes. *The drablers for a Saile.*

Trainiere : ſ. *Common Trefoile, three-leaved graſſe, Iriſh Shamrock, Cokheads, Suckles, Honiſuckles.*

Trainoir : m. *A ſled ; a drag, or dray without wheeles.*

Trainon : m. *A drag-net, or dray-net for fiſh.*

Trainquenailles : m. *Scoundrells, ragamuffins, baſe raſcalls, ſtabergudgions.*

Traïon : m. *The teat, or nipple of a cowes udder.*

Traïot : m. *A milking Pale, or Piggin.*

Traire vne vache. *To milk, or draw milke from, a Cow.*

Traiſtre : m. *A traitor ; a treacherous, or diſloyall perſon ; alſo, a naughty packe ; a lewd, or wicked fellow.*

Traiſtreau : m. *A young, or little traitor.*

Traiſtrement. *Traiterouſly, treacherouſly, moſt diſloyally, or faithleſly.*

Traiſtreuſement. *The ſame.*

Trait. *Look* Traict.

Traite : ſ. *A draught, or drawing out in length ; alſo, a courſe, trace, progreſſe, or proceeding ; alſo, a tranſportation, vent outward, ſhipping over ; and an impoſition upon commodities exported, or ſo tranſported. See* Traicte.

Traite de bleds ; &, Traite foraine. *Look* Bled ; & Forain.

Traité, & Traiter. *See* Traicté, & Traicter.

Traitif. *as* Traictif.

Tramail : m. *A Trammell, or net for Partridges.*

Tramaillé : m. ée : f. *Treble-mailed ; or woven, bound, or inſnared by treble maſhes, or mailes.*

Tramailler. *To weave, bind, faſten, or inſnare by threefold maſhes, or mailes.*

Tramer : m. *A weaver.*

Tramblotis : m. *A trembling.*

Trame. *as* Traime.

Tramé : m. ée : f. *Woven, contrived.*

Trameau : m. *A kind of Drag-net, or Draw-net for fiſh ; alſo, a trammell net for fowle ; alſo, a ſled, or dray, without wheeles.*

Tramer. *To weave, to contrive.*

Trameter. *To continue a ſute, or hold on a purſute.*

Trameul : m. *A Mill hopper.*

Tramillon : m. *A kind of little Drag-net, or Draw-net for fiſh.*

Tramois : m. *Meſlin of Oats, and Barly mingled.*

Tramontain : m. aine : f. *Northerly, comming from, or dwelling in, the North.*

Tramontaine : f. *The North ; North-wind, or ſtar.*

Tranchaiſon. *as* Trenchée.

Tranchant. *Look* Trenchant.

Tranche : ſ. *A kind of pruning knife, or inſtrument, uſed by Gardeners ; alſo, a ſlice of any thing.*

Tranchefile. *Seek* Trenchefile.

Tranchelion : m. *A notable trencher-man.* ℣ Rab.

Tranche-montaigne : m. *A ſwaſh-mountaine, terrible ſwaſh-buckler, horrible ſwaggerer.*

Tranche-plume : ſ. *A Penknife.*

Trancher. *Look* Trencher.

Trancher d'un Cordoüannier. *A Shoomakers paring, or cutting knife.*

Tran-

Trançon : m. *A truncheon ; alſo, a little peece of.*

Trangle. *as* Tringle.

Tranquille : com. *Calme, untroubled, without ſurges, quiet, ſtill, hoſht, peaceable, peacefull.*

Tranquillement. *Calmely, quietly, ſtilly, peaceably, without any manner of trouble.*

Tranquiller. *To calme, ſtill, quiet, pacifie, appeaſe.*

Tranquillité : f. *Tranquility, ſtilneſſe, calmneſſe, quietneſſe, peaceableneſſe ; a calme ; reſt.*

Tranquilliter. *as* Tranquiller.

Tranſacteur : m. *A tranſactor, daies-man, accorder, match-maker.*

Tranſaction : f. *A tranſaction, accord, agreement, attonement.*

Tranſailles : f. *Corne ſowed in the Spring, as Barly, Oates, &c.*

Tranſalpin : m. ine : f. *Forraigu, Italian, beyond the Alps, on the further ſide of the mountaines.*

Tranſanimation : f. Pythagoras *his* Metempſycoſa ; *or the paſſage of the ſoule from one body to another.*

Tranſcendant. *Tranſcendent, ſurmounting, ſurpaſſing, exceeding.*

† Tranſchangement : m. *An alteration, or changing over into another quality, or nature.*

† Tranſcoulation : f. *A gliding, ſlipping, running, a drilling, trilling or trickling, through.*

† Tranſcoulé. *Glid, ſlid, ſlipped, run, trilled, trickled, ſtrained through ; alſo, ſet packing, pumped, or let run, out.*

† Tranſcouler. *To glide, ſlide, ſlip, runne, trill, or trickle, (alſo, to ſtraine) through ; alſo, to ſet packing, to pumpe, or let run, out.*

Tranſcrire. *To tranſcribe, to write or coppy out.*

Tranſcrit : m. ite : f. *Tranſcribed, written out, copied forth.*

† Tranſcrivain : m. *A Tranſcriber, a bare coppier out of other mens writings.*

Tranſe : f. *Extreme fear, dread ; anxiety, or perplexity of mind ; alſo, a trance, or ſowne ; a great aſtoniſhment, amazement, or appallment.*

Dormer en tranſe. *To be dog aſleep, to be in a deepe or dead ſleepe.*

† Tranſenter. *To graffe out of one ſtock into another ; to take a graffe out of one ſtocke, and ſet it in another.*

Tranſferé : m. ée : f. *Tranſferred, tranſmitted, poſted or paſſed over unto.*

Tranſfiguration : f. *A tranſfiguration, or tranſformation.*

Tranſfigurer. *To tranſfigure, tranſforme, turn out of one ſhape into another.*

Tranſfondre. *To poure, derive, or paſſe out of one veſſell into another ; to tranſferre, to tranſpoſe.*

Tranſformation : f. *A tranſformation ; a change of form, an alteration of ſhape.*

Tranſformer. *To tranſforme, alter, change, turn out of one ſhape into another.*

Tranſfretter. *Haſtily to paſſe over, or along.*

Tranſfuge : m. *A run-away, one that runs to, and ſides with, a publicke enemy.*

Tranſtuyard : m. *as* Tranſtuge.

Tranſgloutir les morceaux. *Greedily to ſwallow down his meat half chawed.*

Trangreſſeur : m. *A tranſgreſſor, treſpaſſer, ſinner, offender.*

Tranſgreſſion : f. *A tranſgreſſion, treſpaſſe, miſdeed, offence ; alſo, a digreſſion.*

Tranſi : m. ie : f. *Fallen into a trance, or ſowne ; whoſe heart, ſenſe, or vitall ſpirits faile him ; aſtonied, amazed, appalled ; half dead.*

Tranſi de froid. *Benummed, or ſtunned with cold.*

Tranſiger. *To accord, agree, come to a point, fall to an end, or attonement.*

Tranſiſſement : m. *A ſowning, a falling into a trance or ſowne.*

Tranſitoire : com. *Tranſitory, momentary, fraile, fading, flitting, ſoon paſſing away.*

Tranſlaté : m. ée : f. *Tranſlated.*

Tranſlater. *To tranſlate ; to turne out of one language into another ; alſo, to reduce, or remove from one place unto another.*

Tranſlateur : m. *A tranſlator.*

Tranſlatice : com. *Tranſlaticious, tranſlative ; tranſpoſed, tranſferred ; alſo, tranſitive, or flitting.*

Tranſlation : f. *A tranſlation ; alſo, a remove, or a removall ; whence ;*

La tranſlation S. Martin. *The tranſlation of Saint* Martin ; *a holy-day (kept in ſome places) the fourth of* July.

† Tranſluire. *To be tranſparent, to ſhine, or be bright, through.*

† Tranſmarché : m. ée : f. *Tranſported, or ſent packing into farre, and forraign countries ; alſo, paſſed, or ſhifted out of one country into another.*

† Tranſmarchement : m. *A tranſporting ; a ſending into farre, or forraign countries ; alſo, a paſſing, removing, or ſhifting out of one country into another.*

† Tranſmarcher. *To tranſport, or pack away into far and forraign parts ; alſo, to paſſe, remove, or ſhift out of one country into another.*

Tranſmettre. *To tranſmit, or paſſe over unto another ; to ſend from one place to another ; to give, or let a thing from himſelfe to others.*

Tranſmigration : f. *A tranſmigration ; a flitting, a ſhifting of aboad, a changing of place.*

Tranſmigrer. *To flit, ſhift aboad, change place, depart further off, goe from one dwelling unto another.*

Tranſmis : m. iſe : f. *Tranſmitted, ſent away ; paſſed, given, let goe, poſted over to another.*

Tranſmiſſible : com. *Tranſmittable.*

Tranſmontain : m. aine : f. *Forraign ; or, dwelling beyond the mountaines (whereby, moſt commonly, th'Alps are underſtood.)*

Tranſmontane. *as* Tramontane.

Tranſmuër. *To change, or alter over.*

Tranſmutation : f. *A tranſmutation, alteration, change.*

† Tranſompt : m. *as* Tranſumpt.

Tranſon : m. *A truncheon, or peece of.*

Tranſparent : m. ente : f. *Tranſparent, through-ſhining, or which may be ſeene through.*

† Tranſpaſſer. *To paſſe, or goe through ; alſo, to paſſe over.*

Tranſpercer. *To pierce, thruſt, or ſtrike through.*

Tranſpirable : com. *Tranſpirable, eaſie to breath out or through.*

Tranſpiration : f. *A tranſpiration, evaporation, breathing through.*

Tranſplacer. *To tranſplace, remove, place or put over.*

Tranſplantation : f. *A tranſplantation ; a removing, or ſetting in another place.*

Tranſplanté : m. ée : f. *Tranſplanted.*

Tranſplantement : m. *A tranſplanting.*

Tranſplanter. *To tranſplant ; remove, plant ; or ſet in another place.*

Tranſplanteur : m. *A tranſplanter.*

† Tranſpontin : m. *A ſhip-ladder ; alſo, a little bridge over a ditch.*

† Tranſpontin : m. ine : f. *Outlandiſh, over-ſea,*

Tranſport : m. *A tranſport, or tranſportation ; a removall, a carrying over, or out of one place into another.*

Droict par tranſport. *A right, or title by aſſignement, or meane conveyance.*

Tranſporté : m. ée : f. *Tranſported ; carried or conveyed over ; alſo, removed out of one place into another ; alſo, diſtraught, raviſhed, beſides himſelfe ; whence ;* Tu as l'eſprit tranſporté ; *Thy wits run a woolgathering.*

Tranſportement : m. *A tranſporting.*

Tranſporter. *To tranſport ; carry or convey over ; remove from one place to another ; alſo, to transferre, and to flit, or ſhift places.*

Se tranſporter. *To flit, or ſhift his place ; to remove, wend, goe.*

Se tranſporter quelque choſe. *To attribute or draw unto himſelfe, to take or apply to his own uſe, any thing.*

Tranſporteur : m. *A tranſporter.*

Tranſpoſé : m. ée : f. *Tranſpoſed.*

Tranſpoſer. *To tranſpoſe ; tranſlate, remove.*

Tranſpoſition : f. *A tranſpoſition ; tranſlation, removall out of one place into another.*

† Tranſvaſation : f. *A turning, powring, ſhifting, removing out of one veſſell into another.*

† Tranſvaſé : m. ée. : f. *Turned, powred, ſhifted out of one veſſell into another.*

† Tranſvaſement : m. *as* Tranſvaſation.

† Tranſvaſer. *To turn, poure, ſhift, remove out of one veſſell into another.*

Tranſubſtantiation : f. *Tranſubſtantiation, alteration or change of ſubſtance.*

Tranſubſtantier. *To tranſubſtantiate, to alter the ſubſtance of.*

Tranſverſaire : com. *Travers, croſſing, or croſſe-wiſe, overthwart.*

Muſcle tranſverſaire. *A certain muſkle which drawes the head aſide.*

Tranſverſal, & Tranſverſel. *as* Tranſverſaire.

† Tranſumpt : m. *A tranſumpt, or exemplification ; the copy of a record.*

† Trantaner. *as* Trantraner.

Trantin : m. *A piece of coin worth a French penny, or better.*

Trantrac : m. *The loud reſounding, or ſound, of a Hunters horne.*

Trantran. *The ſame.*

Trantraner. *To wind a horne very lowd, to make it rattle,*

Trape : f. *A trap, or trap door, (alſo, a board ; Champenois.)*

La trape des cieux. *The windowes of heaven.*

La trape d'embas. *A Pitfall, or trap made like a Pitfall; alſo, a trap-door in a lower roome, or which opens into a dungeon, or deepe hole; alſo, a womans, &c.*

Trape de feu. *A fire-pan, or panne for coales.*

Trapé: com. *Square, quarry, big ſet, ſtrong made, well knit, well ſquat, well timbered, well pitched or truſt together (but low withall.)*

Trapelle: f. *A little trap.*

Trapercer. *as* Tranſpercer.

Trapeze. *whence*; Figure trapeze. *Vnequally ſided and cornered, broader on the one ſide then on the other, of unequall breadth.*

Muſcle trapeze. *The muſkle whereby the ſhoulder-blades are drawn upwards.*

Trappan: m. *A Stone-cutters Drill; the toole wherewith he borns little holes in Marble, &c.*

Trappe: f. *as* Trape; *alſo, a certain trip, or trick in wraſtling.*

Trappelle: f. *A little trap; a Mouſe-trap.*

Trappu: m. uë: f. *Thick, and ſhort; or as* Trape: com.

Trapuſie: f. *A trap.*

Traquenard: m. *A racking horſe or guelding, a hackney.*

Traquenarderie: f. *A racking, or ſhuffling pace.*

Traquet: m. *The bird called a Bunting; alſo, the clack, or clapper of a Mill.*

Traſcendant. *as* Tranſcendant.

Traſle: f. *A Throſſe, or Fieldfare.*

Traſlier: m. *A kind of the barren Skarlet Oake.*

Traſier. *as* Tracer; *alſo, to delineate, ſcore, trace out; or to draw the firſt (rude) lines of a picture, &c.*

Traſles: f. *The ſlot, view, or footing of a Deere, &c. (Look* Trace.)

Traſleure: f. *A ſtreake, line, daſh, or ſcore, made with a penne or penſill; alſo, a track, trace, path, footing; or as* Tracement.

† Traſtravat: m. *A horſe thats croſſe traverſed, viz. hath two overthwart white feete.*

Trau. *as* Trou. *¶ Wallon.*

Travail: m. *Travell, toyle, teene, labour, buſineſſe, paines-taking; trouble, moleſtation, care; alſo, the frame wereinto Farriers put unruly horſes when they ſhoote or dreſſe them.*

Vn homme de grand travail. *A very painefull man.*

Travaillant. *Laborious, painefull, induſtrious, diligent.*

Travaillé. *Travelled, toyled, laboured, much buſied, or exerciſed in; troubled, moleſted, vexed, or wearied with.*

Ioye triſte cœur travaillé; Prov. *The aggrieved heart makes heavy cheer.*

Travaillement: m. *A travelling, toyling, moyling, ſwinking, labouring; moleſting, harrying, troubling.*

Travailler. *To travell, ſwinke, labour, toile, moile, take paines, or buſie himſelfe in; alſo, to exerciſe, hold occupied, ſet on work; harry, weary, vex, trouble, turmoile, diſquiet, infeſt.*

Travailler en bourdican. *Looke* Bourdican.

Tant travaille, & tracaſſe l'homme qu'il ſe rompt, ou ſomme; Prov. *So long a man toiles, and trots up and down, that at the length he burſts, or falls flat down.*

Travaiſon: f. *A floor, or frame of beames; or of thick planks, whereby one roome, or chamber is divided from another; alſo, a ſingle beame, or thick planke.*

Travat: m. *A horſe which is traverſed, viz. hath two white ſetts on the right, or left ſide.*

Travée: f. *A Bay of building; the ſpace, and length, between the maine beames of a roome; or between two beames, or the two walls thereof; in breadth about twelve foot, in length between nineteen and twenty.*

Travelot: m. *A double quarter, or ſmall beame.*

Travelure: f. *as* Travailon; *or, a frame of beames.*

Travers: m. *A Toll Travers; due by vaſſalls unto their Lord, upon the tranſportation of their moveables, commodities, or wares, out of his territory, by what paſſage, or way ſoever (our Lawyers define it to be, Toll thats paid for paſſing over a private mans ground;) alſo, (but not ſo properly) a paſſage toll, or through-toll.*

Vn travers de nez. *A flirt, or cut, overthwart the noſe.*

Travers: m. erſe: f. *Croſſe, croſſe-wiſe, thwart, overthwart; ill placed, out of order.*

Travers. De travers. (Adverb) *Acroſſe, croſſy, overthwartly; whence;*

Paroles de travers. *Nips, quips, taunts, girds; thwartings, croſſe or overthwart words.*

Regarder de travers. *To leere, to looke askew at, or awry upon; to behold with a fell, ſterne, angry, frowning, or deſpightfull eye.*

Travers. (*Prepoſition.*) A travers païs. *At randome, at venters, roamingly.*

Traverſain: m. aine: f. *Croſſe, lying or layed acroſſe, overthwart, oblique, awry, crooked, ſidelong.*

Les plumes traverſaines d'un oiſeau. Celles qui vont, & ſe couchent, par travers. *¶ Nicot.*

Traverſan: m. *A croſſe rafter, or quarter; an overthwart planke, or board.*

Traverſant: m. ante: f. *Traverſing, croſſing, thwarting, lying a croſſe, or athwart over.*

Chevaux traverſans. *Are due unto the Lords feodall of* Poictou, à l'ouverture des fiefs; *or, in lieu of them, a certaine ſum agreed on between them and their vaſſalls: Theſe horſes as it ſeems, be inferiour unto Steeds, or horſes of ſervice.*

Traverſe: f. *A croſſe-way, or by-lane, which leads out of the high way; (An old French Lawyer defines it,* Vn chemin, qui traverſe d'un village en autre, & qui doit contenir, comme les plus des Couſtumiers ſont d'accord, juſques à vingt, ou vingt-deux pieds;) *a baſe in a ſtreet which leanes, or juttles out further then thoſe that be about it; alſo, a croſſe, croſſe blow, thwart, croſſe, miſfortune, trouble, diſturbance, let, bar, hinderance, in the courſe of a ſuit, or buſineſſe.*

Bois de traverſe. *A ſize of billets, which be leſſe then the* Bois de moule.

Iecter quelque mot à la traverſe. *To caſt out a word.*

Venir à la traverſe. *To come on the contrary ſide, or directly againſt; to come along in the way of.*

Traverſe: com. Oeil traverſe. *A leering, or ſide eye, or caſt of an eye.*

Traverſé: m. ée: f. *Traverſed, croſſed over; alſo, pierced, or ſtrucke, through; and hence alſo, wet through, or (as we ſay) to the skin.*

Cheval traverſé. *A thick, broad-ſet, well-truſſed, ſhort-made horſe.*

Traverſement: m. *A thwarting, a going overthwart, a croſſing over; alſo, a piercing, or ſtriking through.*

Traverſer. *To thwart, or goe overthwart, croſſe or paſſe over; alſo, to ſtrike or pierce through.*

Traverſeux: m. euſe: f. *Overthwart, croſſe, froward.*

Traverſier: m. *Such a Ferryboat as is guided by a rope faſtened unto a poſt, &c. on either ſide of a river; alſo, a tranſome, croſſe beame, overthwart rafter, peece of timber, planke, or board; alſo, the wine veſſell, called otherwiſe,* Poinſon.

Traverſier: m. ere: f. *Croſſe or croſſing, thwarting, overthwarting, lying ore-croſſe, layed acroſſe over.*

Sergents traverſiers. *Extraordinary Rangers, or Officers of a Forreſt, wherein they have no certaine walk aſſigned them, but are to viſit all the parts of it, and certifie what abuſes are committed, what waſte made, in it.*

Traverſin: m. *A croſſe-beame, or peece of timber in a ſhip, &c. alſo, a bed-boulſter.*

se Traveſtir. *To diſguiſe, or diſhit, his apparell; to mark it, or take on him another mans habit; to play the counterfeit.*

Traumatique: com. *A Vulnerary; any ointment, or ſalve thats fit, or good, for wounds.*

Travoiſon: f. *A frame, ſeeling, or floore made with beames, or thick planks.*

Travonaiſon: f. *An arched frame, ſeeling, or floore of beames, &c.*

Travonizer la muraille; &c. *To arch, or floor it over with a frame of beames, &c.*

Travonner. *as* Travonizer.

Travouil: m. *Rice; or, a turning reele.*

Trayans: m. *The wires which are placed in the forepart of an arched, or old faſhioned Organ; and ſerve to ſtop, or open the Pallets thereof.*

Traye: f. *Kind of Throſh.*

Trayer: m. *A milking Pale, or Piggin.*

Trayme, & Traymeau. *A kind of drag-net for fiſhing.*

Trayne: f. *A great round poſt, or piece of timber, like to an apple-tree; alſo, as* Traine.

Trayneau: m. *as* Traineau.

Trayne-guain. *Look* Traingain.

Trayons: m. *The teats, or duds of a Cow.*

Treau de Saffran. *A bed of Saffron.*

Trebouſet: m. *A kind of ſweet wine.*

Trebuchant. *Tripping, ſtumbling, ſlipping downwards.*

Eſcu trebuchant. *Which beares down the balance, or is much more then weight.*

Trebuchement: m. *A ſtumbling, tripping, ſlipping, or falling down; alſo, an offending, miſdoing, or miſtaking.*

Tre-

Trebucher. *To ſtumble, or trip; to ſlip (and thereby ſometimes) to fall downe; alſo, to offend, miſdoe, miſtake; alſo to overweigh, or bear down by weight; as in a balance, a heavier thing doth a lighter.*

C'eſt tout vn de cheoir, & de trebucher; Pro. *Ther's but little difference between ſtumbling, and tumbling.*

Il vaut mieux trebucher vne fois que tousjours chanceller; Pro. *Better at once to fall outright then evermore to ſtagger. Look* Chanceller.

Trebuchet: m. *A pit-fall for birds; a pit, with a trap doore, for wild beaſts; alſo, a paire of gold weights; alſo, an old faſhioned Engine of wood, from which great, and battering ſtones were moſt violently thrown.*

Trece. *Look* Treſſe.

Tret: m. *The beam of a houſe; alſo, a Tent, or Pavilion of ſtrong canvas; alſo, a kind of ſaile in a ſhip; whence;*

A plein tret. *With full ſaile.*

Treſſle: m. *Treſoile, claver, three-leaved graſſe; alſo, a Club at Cards.*

Treffle aigre. *Wood Sorrell, wood Sowre, Alleluja, Stubwort.*

Treffle bas. *Hares-foot, rough claver.*

Treffle bitumineux. *as* Treffle puant.

Treffle au limaçon. *Snaile Claver, horned Claver, horned Treſoile, medow Fother.*

Treffle odoriferant. *Sweet Triſoly, garden Claver, Scillat Claver.*

Treffle des prez. *Common Treſoile, medow Treſoile, Suckles, Cockheads.*

Treffle puant. *Smelling Claver, Treacle Claver, Pitch Treſoile, ſtinking Treſoile, Claver gentle.*

Treffle ſauvage (jaulne.) *Wild yellow Treſoile, wild yellow Lotus.*

Treffle vraye. *The right Treſoile; or as* Treffle puant.

Grand Treffle. *Spaniſh Triſoly, Medicke Fother, Snaile Claver; alſo, great Treſoile, winged Claver; and, (in the opinion of ſome) horned Claver.*

Petit Treffle jaulne. *Petty Claver, ſmall Treſoile, ſtone Treſoile.*

Treffoncier. *as* Treſoncier.

Treffond. *as* Treſond; *and, ground with the crop yet growing upon it.*

Tretont de Tonnelier. *A Coopers Turrell; the Augar wherewith he maketh holes.* ¶ Norm.

† Tregenier: m. *A Salter; or, one that ſelleth ſalt (as ſome here) out of carts, &c.*

† Trehu. *as* Treu.

Treillage: m. *Grates, croſſe-barres, Latticework; Arbors; a rayling.*

Treille: f. *An Arbor, or walk, ſet on both ſides with vines, &c. twining about a* Treillis, *or latticed frame.*

Saulter de treille en paiſſeaux. *To run (without cauſe or conſcience) from one ſubject unto another.*

Treillé: m. ée: f. *Grated, or latticed, ſupported or underſet with, held up or in by, growing or twining about, lattices, croſſe-barres, or grated frames.*

Treiller. *To grate, or lattice; to ſupport or underſet by, compaſſe or hold in with, croſſe-barres, or latticed frames.*

Treillis: m. *A Trellis; a lattice before a doore, hole, or window; a grate ſet thick with croſſe-barres of wood; any lattice, or (woodden) grate; any latticed, or grated frame.*

Treilliſſé: m. ée: f. *Croſſe-barred, latticed, grated (with wood.)*

Treilliſſer. *To lattice, croſſe-bar, grate (with wood;) to hold up, or bem in, by lattices, croſſe-bars, grates.*

Treine: f. *as* Trene; *alſo, a Dorman, or great beam.*

Trelis. *Look* Treillis.

Treluire. *To gliſter, or ſhine very bright.*

Tremail: m. *Barly, Oats, and Fitches, mingled together.*

Tremaille: f. *A Trammell, or net for Partridges,*

Tremaillé: m. ée: f. *Treble-mailed; whence,*

Alier tremaillé; *A Trammell net, or treble net, for Partridges, &c.*

Tremblant. *Trembling, ſhivering.*

Tremblant entre cuir & chair *See* Cuir.

Tremblante de moulin. *A Mill hopper.*

Tremblaye: f. *A grove of Aſpes.*

Tremble: m. *An Aſpe, or Aſpen tree.*

Tremble: f. *The* Torpedo, *or Cramp-fiſh.*

Tremblement: m. *A trembling, ſhivering, diddering, ſhaking, or quaking.*

Trembler. *To tremble, ſhiver, didder, quake, ſhake.*

Faire trembler le lard au charnier. *To terrifie, or affright (ſenſeleſſe or weake people) with big words.*

† Trembloer: m. *The Sound-board of a Muſicall Inſtrument.*

Tremblotement: m. *An often trembling; a quaking, diddering, panting.*

Tremblotter. *To tremble, quake, pant (often;) to ſhiver, or didder.*

Tremblotis: m. *as* Tremblement; *or as* Tremblotement.

Treme. *Look* Traime.

Tremeau: m. *as* Trumeau; *or a bough, or leg of Beefe.*

Tremegiſte: m. *An excellent Maſter (of* Triſmegiſte, *an excellent Philoſopher.)* ¶ Rab.

† Tremeiller. *To quake, to quaver, to wag.*

Tremés. Bled tremés. *Look* Bled.

Tremeur: m. *A great feare, or dread; a trembling, ſhaking, or quaking (thereby.)*

Tremeze. *A kind of Rie ſowed in the Spring.*

Tremie de moulin. *The Mill-hopper.*

Tremoiſe: f. *The State called the Cramp-fiſh.* ¶ Bourdelois.

Tremouille. *as* Tremie.

Tremouſſement: m. *A violent quaking, ſhrugging, or trembling; alſo, a ſudden ſtarting, or lively ſtirring.*

Tremouſſer. *To tremble, ſhrud, ſhrug, ſhiver, quake, extremely, or upon an extreme fear; alſo, to totter exceedingly; alſo, to ſtart ſuddenly, ſtir ſprightfully.*

Tremoy: m. & Tremoye: f. *as* Tremail.

Trempe: m. *Houſhold wine, or ſmall wine made, for the ſervants, of water, and the grounds or bottomes of good wine.*

Trempe: f. *The temper of a weapon; alſo a dipping, ſteeping, ſeaſoning, tempering; alſo, the temperature, diſpoſition, or compoſition of the mind; the mood, humor, or temper wherein it is.*

Trempé: m. ée: f. *Dipped, moiſtened, wet; ſteeped, ſoaked; ſeaſoned, tempered.*

Trempez en ſang. *In blood; imbrued, or diſtained with blood.*

Apres avoir trempé longuement en priſon. *After a moſt ſtrict, and tedious impriſonment, after that he had lien a long time by it.*

† Trempement. *A dipping; moiſtening, wetting; ſteeping, ſoaking; ſeaſoning, tempering.*

Tremper. *To dip; moiſten, wet, ſoake, ſteepe; ſeaſon, temper, ſupple in liquor, &c.*

Trempette. *A ſop, or ſippet.*

Trempeur: m. *A dipper; wetter, moiſtener; ſoaker, ſteeper; ſeaſoner, tempever.*

Trempis: m. *Filthy water wherein raw things have beene dipped, ſteeped, or ſoaked.*

Trempoir: m. *The pit wherein Tanners do ſoak their hides after they have bin in their lime-pit.*

Tremué de moulin. *A Mill-hopper.*

Tren: m. *An Inſtrument (ſomewhat like an Eele-ſpeare) wherewith Mariners do ſtrike, and kill, fiſh at ſea.*

Trenchaiſon: f. *A gripe, or a wring, as of the Chollicke, &c.*

Trenchaiſonner. *To wring or gripe like the Chollick, &c.*

Trenchant: m. *The edge of a weapon, or toole; alſo, cutting, ſharpneſſe, keenenes ſe.*

Trenchant: m. ante: f. *Cutting, ſharpe, keene, well-edged; ſlicing, hewing, throwing off, or aſunder.*

Eſcuyer, & (*in old time*) valet, trenchant. *A Carver.*

Trenche: f. *as* Tranche.

Trenché: m. ée: f. *Cut off, or aſunder; ſliced, carved; backed or hewed in peeces.*

Laict trenché. *Milk which is turned, and half curded.*

Trenchée: f. *A trench; alſo, a fretting, wringing, or griping in the belly, or lower parts; the wormes, or belly-ach.*

Trenchées de S. Mathurin. *Mad moods, Bedlam fits.*

Trenchefile: f. *The head-band of a booke; alſo, a ſnaffle; or the mouth of a ſnaffle, or watering Bit; alſo, the trench, or trenching of a Croſſebow ſtring; that part thereof wherein to the nch of the arrow entreth.*

Trenchefile de ſoulier. *The cording, or binding of the inſide of the heele, or tiet.*

Trenchement: m. *A cutting, ſlicing, carving; backing, or ſlaſhing in peeces.*

Trenche-montaigne. *as* Tranche-montaigne.

Trencheoir: m. *A Trencher.*

Trenche-plume. *A Penknife.*

Trencher. *To cut; carve; ſlice, back, hew; to throwite off, or aſunder.*

Trencher du grand. *To take a great deale of ſtate upon him.*

Trencher le mot. *To ſpeake briefely and properly, to anſwer quickly and ſhortly.*

Il en faut trencher la broche. *Th'expectation thereof is to be prevented, or cut off.*

Trenchet de cordoüannier. *A Shoomakers cutting knife.*

Trenchoir. *as* Trencheoir.

Trene. *A threefold rope, cord, ſtring, or twiſt, called by Mariners, a Sinnet.*

Trenne. *as* Trene.

Trenné. Chanure trennée. *Twiſted, or made into a threefold rope.*

Trenou : f. *A great raumpe, or tomboy.*

Trenſe. *as* Tranſe.

Trentain : m. *A thirtieth or thirty, the number of thirty.*

Trentaine : f. *as* Trentain.

Trente. *Thirty.*

Trente-coſtes : m. *A gangrell, ſlimme, long lusk, lank loobie.*

Trentieſme. *The thirtieth.*

Trepan : m. *A Trepane; an Inſtrument having a round, and indented edge, wherwith Chirurgians open a fractured skull, and by the helpe of a Levatory (within it) raiſe up the cruſhed, and depreſſed parts thereof, and take out peeces of bones, and clotted bloud.*

Trepané : m. ée : f. *Trepaned.*

Trepanation : f. *A trepaning; a round opening of the skull with a Trepane.*

Trepaner. *To trepane; to open, or bore holes in the skull with a Trepane.*

Trepaſſer. *To paſſe over, not to mention.*

† Trepé : m. ée : f. *Trampled on, troden under foot.*

Trepelu : m. *A poor tattered rogue; a baſe, bare, and beggerly wretch.*

Trepelu : m. ue : f. *Poor, bare, beggerly; paultry, baſe, unworthy.*

† Treper. *To hop, skip, trip, or foot it up and down; alſo, to ſtamp, trample on, tread under foot.*

Trepidation : f. *Trembling, terrour, fear.*

Trepied : m. *A Treves.*

Trepier : m. *A place whereat three or foure ſundry ſtreets, or highwaies doe meet a-head.*

Trepigné. *Trampled, danced; often tread on.*

Trepigner. *To trample; hop, skip, dance; tread often upon.*

Trepillard : m. arde : f. *Skipping, hopping, dancing, ſtirring; traamping or trampling on.*

Trepiller. *as* Treper.

Trepiné. *as* Trepigné.

Trepis de beſtes. *A trampling, or often treading on by the feet of beaſts.*

Trepointe. Souliers à trep. renverſée. *Turne-overs.*

Tres. *A Particle, or undeclinable word, never uſed but in compoſition, and then, for the moſt part, adding to that which it precedes the ſuperlative energy of thrice, moſt, excellently, exceedingly, paſſing, or above all others, &c. In which ſenſe being appliable to many Verbes, and to the moſt Adjectives, and Adverbs, (which are in their originall, and due places expounded) I have purpoſely omitted all, except foure or five, of them; it being an eaſier matter for ſimple Readers to find out the meaning of the reſt, by the application of them to theſe few, or by the generall direction of this Rule, then for me to pleaſe the judicious, by ſtuffing up (though with ſome warrant of example) much paper with needleſſe repetitions.*

Treſabonneſcient. *Moſt wittingly, moſt earneſtly, or in exceeding great earneſt.*

† Treſacertes. *Throughly, in great earneſt, as much, or as far as may be.*

† Treſalant : m. ante : f. *Scorching, parching, drying up by extreme heat.*

† Treſalé : m. *A ſcorching, parching, extreme drineſſe or drought by an extreme heat.*

† Treſalé : m. ée : f. *Scorched, parched, utterly dried up, or drained of moiſture, by extreme heat.*

† Treſaler. *To ſcorch, parch, dry or be dried up, draine or be drained of all manner of moiſture, by extreme heat.*

† Treſarriere. *Exceedingly backward, very far behind hand; whence;*

Adjourd'huy treſorier, demain treſarriere; Pro. *No man knowes what his laſt accompt will be; or, no rich man knowes how poor he ſoon may be.*

Tresbuchant, & Tresbucher. *as* Trebuchant, & Trebucher.

Treſcheur. *(whence,* Vn Lion enclos en vn double treſcheur;) *A Track, or Treſſeur (in Blaſon.)*

Treſeau : m. *A ſhock, ſtowke, half-thrave, rowke, or heape of ſheaves in a corn-field; alſo, halfe a quarter of an ounce in the weight of ware, or merchandiſe.*

Treſoncier : m. iere : f. *Proper, fundamentall, bred with, or grounded in; alſo, thats owner of, or belongs unto, the ſoile.*

Seigneur treſoncier. *The Lord of the ſoile; he in whom the property (in whomſoever the poſſeſſion) thereof is;* (Ce mot a lieu en cas de roture, ſaies Nicot.)

Treſond : m. *The ſoile of land; and, as* Treſſond.

Treſme, & Treſmer. *as* Traime, & Traimer.

Treſmouſſer. *To bring forth abundance of Moſſe; alſo, as* Tremouſſer.

Treſne. *as* Trene.

Treſnon : m. *A three-fold wreath, cord, rope, ſtring.*

Treſor, & Treſorier. *Look* Threſor, & Threſorier.

Treſpas : m. *A death, dying, or deceaſe; a departure out of this world; alſo, a paſſage; whence;*

Treſpas de Loire. *A kind of paſſage-toll, or Cuſtome payed at paſſages over the* Loire.

Treſpaſſant : m. *A Paſſenger.*

Treſpaſſé : m. ée : f. *Dead, deceaſed, departed this life; alſo, exceeded, overpaſſed.*

Il piſſe pour les treſpaſſez. *An equivocation; for it may either ſignifie the dead (upon whoſe graves the Papiſts uſe to ſprinkle holy water) or have relation unto* Traicts paſſez; *draughts of drink already ſwallowed down.*

Tout cela eſt frappé à la porte d'un treſpaſſé. *Look* Porte.

Treſpaſſer. *To die, deceaſe, depart this life; alſo, to overpaſſe, exceed; paſſe on, or over.*

Treſpaſſer ſonſerment. *To break, or goe from, his oath.*

† Treſpecer. *To pull, or teare into many peeces; (an old word.)*

† Treſpercé : m. ée : f. *Tranſpierced, pierced through.*

† Treſpercer. *To pierce, or ſtrike through.*

† Treſque. *Exceeding much.*

Treſquer. *To dance; (an old word.)*

Treſſaillir. *To ſtart; alſo, to leap, hop, or skip; lively, ſprightfully, or apace; to jert, or ſpring up; alſo, to overleap, and to leap over.*

Le cœur luy treſſaut. *His heart leaps, or pants, for joy, &c.*

Treſſault, & Treſſaut : m. *A ſtart, or ſtarting; a ſpringing, lively jerting, ſprightfull skipping upwards; alſo, a leap, or leaping over.*

Treſſe de cheveux. *A treſſe, or locke of haire.*

Treſſé : m. ée : f. *Plaited, woven, or made into treſſes.*

Treſſeau. *The name of a fertile Wine.*

Treſſer. *To plait, weave, or make into treſſes.*

Treſſette : f. *A little treſſe, or locke.*

Treſteau. *Look* Treteau.

Treſtous. *All, each, or every one, not one excepted, not one to be ſpared.*

Treteau, & Tretteau. *A treſtle for a Table, &c. alſo, (as* Chevalet) *a kind of racke, or ſtretching torture.*

Treu : m. *as* Trou; *a hole.* ✠ Picard. *alſo, the toll, or cuſtome paid unto Lords, for ſalt, and other commodities, or merchandiſe, carried along by their dominions; and generally, any toll, tax, or impoſition.*

Le Droict de treu accouſtumé. *Looke* Droict.

Treüage : m. *as* Treu.

Trevertin : m. *A kind of marble, or marble-like ſtone.*

Treves : f. *Truce; a limited ceſſation from warre.*

Treves briſées, ou enfraintes. *The breach, or violation of a granted Protection.*

Treufle. *A Club at Cards. Look* Treffle.

Vn Nez d'az de treufles. *A flat bottle noſe.*

Treuil. *as* Trieule.

Treviſaine. La Danſe Tre. *Lebery.*

Treul : m. *A Wine-preſſe; or (more generally) any Preſſe.*

Treule : f. *A little fiſh-net for Stues, and ſmall Ponds.*

Trezain : m. *A thirteen-penny piece; a coine of baſe metall worth* xiij d *Tourn.*

Trezain : m. *A thirteenth; whence;*

Le trezain du pain. *Vantage of bread; the thirteenth loafe given by Bakers unto the dozen.*

Treze. *Thirteen.*

Trezeau. *Look* Treſeau.

Trezeine de bois : f. *Thirteen billets, or logs; or as much wood as a man can carry.*

Trezeler. *To make up ſheaves of corn into ſhocks; alſo, to exclame, or to raile, on.*

Trezieſme : m. *A thirteenth; alſo, the thirteenth penny, or part, of the monie for which land is ſold, in many places payed, unto the Lord* feodal, *by the ſeller (if there be no covenant to the contrary;) alſo, the thirteenth ſheaſe due unto Lords for ſome kinds of country Toll.*

Trezieſme de Vin. *The thirteenth pot, or penny of the price of retailed Wine, due in ſome places unto the Lord of the Juriſdiction, or Soyle.*

Trezieſme : com. *The thirteenth.*

Le trezieſme denier. *as* Trezieſme *in the ſecond ſenſe.*

Triacle : m. *Treacle. See* Theriaque.

Triaelerie : f. *The making of Triacle; alſo, an impoſture, deceit, ſophiſtication.*

Triade : f. *A tre; or, a third.*

Triage : m. *Choice; a culling, or picking out from among others.*

Triages de foreſts. *The ſeverall diviſions, walks, or parts, of Foreſts.*

Tri-

Triangle : m. *A triangle or three-cornered figure.*

Triangulaire : com. *Triangular, three-cornered, of three corners.*

Muſcle triangulaire. *The triangular muſcle whereby the haunch, or flanke is bowed.*

† Tribaille : f. *The Poultrie.*

Triballer. *To wagle, or dangle up and downe; to go dingle dangle, wig wag.*

† Triballeur : m. *A Poulter.*

Tribart : m. *A ſhort cudgell.*

Tribe. *Look* Tribu.

Tribort. *The ſtarre-board, or the right ſide, of a ſhip.*

Tribouil : m. *Trouble, vexation, moleſtation; (an old word.)*

Triboule-meſnage : m. *An ill, or unskilfull husband, one that marres, or confounds, his owne buſineſſe.*

Trioulet : m. *A Triblet; the toole whereon Goldſmiths and Clock-makers put Rings, and little wheeles, when they file, or otherwiſe work them; alſo, as* Triboullet.

Triboullar. *To ſhog, or jog, like a Cart, &c. in an uneven way, and hence alſo, to jumble, diſorder, or ſet out of order, any thing.*

Triboullet : m. *as* Triboulet; *alſo, a ſlovenly fellow, one that uſually weares his hoſe ungartered, and ſhooes untied; alſo, the name of a famous foole belonging to King Francis the firſt; and thence, any fop, cokes, ridiculous nimmiehammer, or laughing-ſtock.*

Tribu : f. *A Tribe; Company, Band, Ward, Canton, or Hundred, in a Citie, or County.*

Tribulation : f. *Tribulation, affliction, anguiſh, paine, trouble, griefe.*

Tribule (aquatic.) *The water Caltrop, Saliget, water-Nut.*

Tribule terreſtre. *The land Caltrop, or Saligot.*

Tribun : m. *Tribune of the people among the ancient Romans.*

Tribut : m. *Tribute; a generall tax, or ſubſidie raiſed upon the goods of ſubjects.*

Tributaire : com. *Tributarie, tribute-paying.*

Tric : m. *A word whereby Printers doe ſignifie, that they give over working.*

Tricdondaines : f. *as* Triquedondaines.

Trichard : m. arde : f. *Couſening, cheating, deceiving, beguiling.*

Tricher. *To couſen, cheat, beguile, deceive, play falſe, uſe falſe tricks.*

Tricherie : f. (*whence, as it ſeemes, our trecherie*) *couſenage, deceit, a cheating, a beguiling.*

Tricheur : m. *A couſening companion.*

Tricheuſe : f. *A couſening queane.*

Trichiaſe : f. *A diſeaſe comming unto nurſes paps by drinking down a haire; alſo, a ſmall, and inviſible cleft about the backbone, running out in length, and oftentimes cauſing death; alſo (in horſes) a vicious inverſion of the upper eye-lid, to the trouble of the under one, and torment of the whole eye.*

Trichoterie : f. *as* Tricoterie.

Trieon : m. *Is (at Cards) that which wee now call, a Gleek of Kings, Queenes, Knaves, &c. viz. three of them in one hand together.*

Tricoter. *To knit.* ¶ Orleannois.

Tricoter la pureté de l'or, &c. *To alter, change, allay, or imbaſe it.*

Tricoterie : f. *Couſenage, cheating, trechery, deceit, in the following of a ſute, &c.*

Tricoteur : m. *A knitter.* ¶ Orl.

Tricoteur de procez. *A contriver, or canvaſſer of ſutes; a Pettifogger; a craftie, or couſening Lawyer.*

Tricoteuſe : f. *A knitter, a woman that knits.* ¶ Orl.

Tricotter, & Tricotterie. *as* Tricoter, & Tricoterie.

Tricouſe : f. *as* Triquehouſes.

Trictrac : m. *The inſide, or playing-ſide of a paire of Tables; alſo, the Tables themſelves; alſo, the Game Tricktack at Tables; alſo, the clattering noiſe made by Table-men, &c.*

† Tride. Carriere tride. *A ſtrong, and ſpeedy moving of a horſe in his carriere.*

Trident : m. Neptunes *three-forked Mace; and thence, any weapon, toole, or inſtrument made of that faſhion, or having three teeth*

† Trie : f. *A choice, culling, or picking out.*

Trié : m. ée : f. *Choſen, culled, or picked out from among others.*

Triege : com. *Strong, luſtie, able-bodied (from the Spaniſh* Cavallo de triego, *a luſtie horſe; or from the cuſtome of Spaniards, to feed their beſt horſes of ſervice with wheat.)*

Triennal : m. ale : f. *Triennall, of three yeares.*

Trier. *To pick, chuſe, cull out from among others.*

Trieule d'un puis. *The round beame about which the cord of a well doth turne.*

Trifere : f. *A certaine compound, and delicious Electuarie, called thus of a Greeke word, which ſignifieth ſumptuous.*

Trifourché : m. ée : f. *Treble-forked; three-fold.*

Trigaut : m. *An intricator, intangler, perplexer of a buſineſſe; one that by trickes, or ſleights makes it hard to be decided; and (more generally) one that is full of ſhifts, or ſleights.*

Triglyphes : m. *Trigliphes; hollow gravings like three ſhort gutters, or furrowes, on Compartiments, or Borders in Maſonry.*

Trihoris, ou Trihory : m. *A kind of Britiſh, and peaſantly dance, conſiſting of three ſteps, and performed, by thoſe holding youths, commonly in a round.*

Trikatiſte : com. *Spitting fire.* ¶ Rab.

† Triller. *To put on a new ſhirt, &c. and weare it untill it be growne eaſie, or ſoft.*

Trillon : m. *The ninth place in Numeration, and a hundred millions in number*

Trilly d'Allemaigne. *Fine Buckeram waved like water-Chamlet.*

Trimeſtre : com. *Of three moneths.*

Trine : com. *Tripled, compounded or made of three.*

Tringle : f. *A Curtain-rod; and more generally, a piece of round iron, or wire, of the groſſeneſſe of a Curtaine-rod, uſed for the joyning of ſtones, or timber, and for the hanging up of things; alſo, a flat ſtick, or lath-like piece of wood.*

Tringue : f. *A drinking; alſo, as* Tringle.

Trinité : f. *The holy Trinity.*

Herbe de la Trinité. *The Paunſie, herb Trinity, Hearts-eaſe, love in idlenſſe, two faces under a hood; ſome alſo call ſo the herb Harefoot, or Harefoot Trefoile.*

Trinquamaille. *See* Trinquemaille.

Trinqueballer les cloches. *To jangle, or to ring bels untuneably, and too much.*

Trinquemaille : f. *Such a box as Players take money in at their doores.*

Trinquer. *To drinke, to quaffe, to carowſe.*

Trinquerie : f. *A drinking, quaffing, carowſing.*

Trinquet : m. *Is properly the top, or top-gallant, on any Maſt; the higheſt ſayle of a ſhip.*

Triochite. *Triple-ſtoned.*

Triolaine : f. *A liſt, file, ſeries; rabble, continuall or continued cluttterment.*

Triolet : m. *Meddow Trefoile, common Trefoile, three-leaved graſſe.*

Triolet aromatique. *Sweet Trefoile, garden Clover.*

Triolet des chevaux. *Melilot, plaſter Clover.*

Triollet. *as* Triolet.

Triomphal : m. ale : f. *Triumphall, of or belonging unto triumphes.*

Triomphamment. *Triumphantly, triumphingly, in triumph.*

Triomphant. *Triumphant, triumphing.*

Triomphe : m. *A triumph; a pompous, and publique ſhew.*

Triomphe : f. *The Card-game called Ruffe, or Trump; alſo, the Roſſe, or Trump at it.*

Triomphé. *Triumphed.*

Triomphement : m. *A triumphing; alſo, a trumping at Cards.*

Triompher. *To triumph; or greatly to rejoyce; alſo, to trump at Cards.*

Trion : m. *Choice or picked graine, cleane corne.*

Tripaille : f. *A quantity of tripes, or guts.*

Tripailleries : f. *All kind of tripes.*

Tripe : f. *A Tripe; (In which ſenſe it is moſt uſed plurally;) alſo, the belly, or paunch; alſo, Velure, Iriſh Taffata, Fuſtian an apes.*

Les tripes d'un fagot. *The ſmalleſt ſticks in a faggot.*

Tripe de morüe. *The belly, or ſtomack of the Morüe; which dried, and then layed in water, becommeth ſoft againe, and is ordinarily ſold in Lent by it ſelfe.*

Il a la tripe groſſe. (*Said of*) *a Gorbelly, Swagbelly, Gulch, fat Guts.*

Le tout pour la tripe. *All for the belly.*

Tripe pleine ne combat bien, ny ne fuit bien; Prov. *Hee thats full bellied neither fights, nor flies, well.*

Tripelle. *as* Tripoly.

Triper. *To tread or ſtamp on, to trample under the feet.*

Triperie : f. *A Triperie; a market, ſtreet, or ſhop wherein tripes are uſually ſold.*

Tripetter. *To trip, or foot it nimbly in dancing.*

Triphere. *as* Trifere.

Tripied : m. *A Trevet.*

Tripier : m. *A Tripe-ſeller; alſo, a gorbelly, gulch, great guts; alſo, as* Tripicul.

Tripiere : f. *A Tripe-wife.*

Couſteau de tripiere (*qui coupe des deux coſtez.*) *One that, in a faction, holds*

holds correſpondency with both ſides, rather to hurt them both then to helpe either.

Injurieux en tripiere. *Scolding like a Butter-whore.*

Langue de tripiere. *A rayling tongue.*

Triple : m. *A Triple* ; *alſo, Galliard-time, in Muſick.*

Triple : com. *Triple, threefold.*

Triplé : m. ée : f. *Tripled, trebled.*

Triplement : m. *A tripling, or making threefold.*

Tripler. *To triple, or make threefold.*

Triplication : f. *A tripling, a thricefolding or doing* ; *a multiplying by three.*

Triplique : f. *A ſecond reply, or the anſwer of the plaintife unto the defendants Rejoynder.*

Tripliquer. *To make a ſecond reply* ; *or a plaintife to anſwer unto the defendants Rejoynder.*

Tripolion. *Scrapions Turbith, ſea Starre-wort, Hogs-beanes, blue Camomill, blue Daiſies.*

Tripoly : m. *Tripoly* ; *a ſtone with the powder whereof Lapidaries doe ſmooth, or poliſh their jewels.*

Tripot : m. *A Tennis-court.*

Tripotage : m. *A confuſed jumbling, or budling of things together, a confuſion.*

Fais tellement ton tripotage que tu ne m'y meſles point. *Handle thus thy ſond buſineſſe, or bargaine, ſo as I be not drawne into it.*

Tripoté : m. ée : f. *Bandied, or toſſed to and fro, as a ball at Tennis* ; *alſo, confuſedly jambled, huddled, bungled, or ſlubbered over.*

Tripoter. *To play at Tennis* ; *to bandy, or toſſe to and fro, as a ball at Tennis* ; *alſo, confuſedly to jumble, or huddle together* ; *illfavoredly to bungle, or ſlubber over.*

Tripoteur : m. *A bungler* ; *a confounder of his owne worke, or buſineſſe* ; *a ſlubberer over of things* ; *a budler, or ſhuffler of them together.*

Tripotier : m. *A great haunter of Tennis-courts.*

Trippe. *as* Tripe.

Tripper. *as* Triper.

† Triqué : m. ée : f. *Severed from, or culled out of, the reſt.*

† Triquebalarideau : m. *A toy, triſle, niſie* ; *a thing of no worth.*

Triquedondaines : f. *All kind of ſuperfluous triſles uſed, or uſually bought, by women* ; *hence, any traſh, niſtes, or paltry ſtuffe* ; *and, a raſcally company, or crue of ſcowndrels.*

Triquehouſe : f. *A boot-hoſe* ; *or a thicke hoſe worne inſtead of a boot.*

Triquemadame : f. *Prickmadame, Sengree mbe leſſer.*

Triqueniſques : f. *Traſh, triſles, niſtes, paltry ſtuffe, things of no value.*

Argumens de triqueniſques. *Vaine, fond, ſlight arguments.*

Monſieur de triqueniſques. *A gentleman of ſtraw, a thred-bare gentleman.*

Triquetrac. *as* Trictrac.

† Triquetre. *A Triangle.*

† Triquette : f. *A whirligig.*

Triquoter. *To knit as ſtockings, &c. alſo, as* Tricher.

Triſayeul : m. *A great great grandfather.*

Triſcaciſte : com. *Exceeding ill, or thrice threefold ill.* ¶ Rab.

Triſſage : m. *Germaunder, Engliſh Treacle* ; *(an herb.)*

Triſſyllabe : com. *Of three ſyllables.*

Triſte : com. *Sad, penſive, grieved, heavy, diſcontented, melancholick, woſull, doleſull, ſorrowfull* ; *alſo, grave, auſtere, ſowre, harſh.*

Triſte comme vn bonnet de nuict ſans coiſte. *As melancholick as a coyſeleſſe nightcap.*

Triſtement. *Sadly, penſively, ſorrowfully, woſully, doleſully* ; *gravely, auſterely, ſowrely.*

Triſteſſe : f. *Sorrow, griefe, ſadneſſe, penſiveneſſe, melancholy, diſcontentment, woſulneſſe, doleſulneſſe.*

† Triſteur : f. *as* Triſteſſe.

† Triſulque : com. *Having three edges.*

Trituration : f. *A crumming, crumbling, breaking, or grinding ſmall.*

Trituré : m. ée : f. *Crummed, crumbled, broken, or ground ſmall.*

Triturer. *To crumme, crumble, breake, or grind ſmall.*

† Trivial : m. ale : f. *Triviall, common, homely, ordinary, uſuall, ſlight, of ſmall worth.*

Yeux triviaux. *Eyes that be intentive, or earneſtly caſt, three or foure ſeverall wayes at once.*

Trivialitez : f. *Trivialities* ; *triviall, ſlight, common, homely, ordinary matters.*

Triule. *as* Trieule.

Troc. *Look* Troq.

Trocanters : m. *Two proceſſes, or bunches towards the top of the thigh-bone* ; *a great one (and the greateſt of the whole body) ſtanding outward* ; *a leſſe, and lower, ſtanding inward.*

Troché. *whence,* Teſte de cerf trochée. *Trocbed, or whoſe top is divided into three or foure ſmall branches.*

Trochée : f. *A cluſter of apples, &c. a bunch of nuts, &c. growing cloſe together upon one bough.*

Trochelle : f. *A certain inſtrument of torture uſed in the Inquiſition-houſe.*

Trochet : m. *as* Trochée ; *alſo, a kind of ſmall, white, and ſweet apple.*

Trocheure : f. *The troching on the top of a Deeres head* ; *or, the top trocbed* ; *as in* Troché.

Trochile : m. *A Wreme* ; *alſo, a little water-ſowle which uſually picketh the teeth of Crocodiles* ; *alſo, a tittle wreathed band, or member in Pillars.*

Trochiſque : m. *A Trochiske, or Troſque* ; *a little roundle, or cake, whereinto divers medicinable things be reduced, the better to be kept, and the readier to be uſed.*

Trochiſqué : m. ée : f. *Made like, or into, a Trochisk.*

Trociſque. *as* Trochiſque ; *alſo, a ſtaulk.*

Trociſqué : m. ée : f. *Reduced, or made into the forme of a Trochisk.*

Troeſne : m. *Privet, Primprint.*

Troſée. *Look* Trophée.

† Trognic : m. ique : f. *Scoffing, mocking, flowting, deriding.*

Trognon : m. *The ſtock, ſtump, or trunke of a (branchleſſe) tree.*

Troignon. *as* Trognon ; *alſo, the core within fruit.*

Trois. *Three.*

Monſieur de trois au boiſſeau, ou de trois à vne eſpée. *Look* Monſieur.

Secret de trois ſecret de tous ; Prov. *As good let all, as three, men know a thing.*

Troiſieſme. *The third.*

Trokalazou. *Look* Proſchalazon. ¶ Rab.

† Troller. *Hounds to trowle, raunge, or hunt out of order.*

† Trolletie : f. *A trowling, or diſordered raunging, a hunting out of order.*

Trombe : f. *A round and hollow ball of wood, having a peak like a caſting-top, and making a great noiſe when it is caſt as a top.*

Tromble : f. *The Cramp-fiſh, tearmed otherwiſe* Torpille.

Trompe : f. *A Trump, or Trumpet* ; *alſo, a writhen, and brazen Hunters horne* ; *alſo, a top* ; *alſo, the ſhell-fiſh called, a ſea-Top* ; *alſo, the ſnowt of an Elephant* ; *alſo, the pump of a ſhip* ; *alſo, a cloſet, or ſuch a like room, built out of a wall with a hanging bottome like the end of a Trumpet.*

Il n'a pas le fouet pour mener cette trompe. *Hee is too weak for ſuch a wench.*

Il y a plus de trompeurs que de trompes ; Prov. *Look* Trompeur.

Saſſe bonne farine ſans trompe, ne bucine ; Prov. *Enjoy thine owne good things without much talking of them.*

Trompé : m. ée : f. *Deceived, couſened, beguiled, cheated, circumvented, overraught.*

Tromper. *To couſen, deceive, beguile, delude, circumvent, cheat, over-reach.*

Tromper vn corbeau à bouche beante. *To beguile or deprive a greedy fellow of a thing which he gaped for* ; *or (much more properly) to bring him into a fooles Paradice* ; *and, by commending, to get from him that, which otherwiſe he would not, or in diſcretion hee ſhould not, by any means have parted with.*

Qui d'autruy tromper ſe met en peine, ſouvent luy en advient la peine ; Prov. *Look* Peine.

Tromperie : f. *A craft, wile, fraud, fallacy, deceit, couſenage, deluſion, circumvention, over-reaching, impoſture, ſophiſtication, trick of Legerdemain.*

Trompeter. *To trumpet, or ſound a Trumpet.*

Trompeteur : m. *A Trumpeter.*

Trompette : m. *as* Trompeteur.

Trompette : f. *A Trumpet* ; *alſo, the Needle-fiſh, Garre-fiſh, Horn-beake, Horne-fiſh, or Piper-fiſh* ; *tearmed thus, becauſe her beak doth ſomewhat reſemble a Trumpet.*

Il eſt bon cheval de trompette. *Hee feares no noiſe, big words affright him not.*

A pain, & oignon trompette ne clairon ; Prov. *Warre is ſeldome heard of in bare, and barren places* ; *poore men may, if they liſt, live quietly, and peaceably at home.*

Trompetté : m. ée : f. *Trumpetted, or noiſed abroad* ; *publiſhed, or proclamed with ſound of Trumpets.*

Trompetteur : m. *A Trumpetter.*

Trompeur : m. *A deceiver, beguiler, couſener, cheater, comicatcher, fraudulent dealer.*

'A trompeur trompeur & demy; Prov. *Appliable unto a knave, over-raught, or over-matched by a knave.*

Il y a plus de trompeurs que de trompes; Pro. *The world is fuller of trumpery then of trumpetting.*

Trompeuſement. *Deceitfully, cauſeningly, cautelouſly, fraudulently.*

Tron : m. *A peece of a thing; or, as* Tronc.

Tronc : m. *The Trunke, ſtocke, ſtemme, bulke, or body of a tree, &c. without the boughes; alſo, a trunke, or headleſſe body of a man or beaſt; alſo, the poor-mans box in Churches; alſo, the Boat called a Lighter.*

† Troncation : f. *A truncation, trunking, mutilation, cutting off.*

Tronche : f. *A great peece of timber; or, as* Tronc.

Tronché : m. ée : f. *Stocked, growne a ſtock, or in the ſtock.*

Troncher. *To ſtock, or yeeld a ſtock, or grow in the ſtock, as a tree.*

Troncher les grains. *Many ſtaulkes, or eares to ſpring from one roote of corne.*

Tronchet : m. *A truncheon; little trunke, ſtock, or ſtemme.*

Tronchou : m. *A certaine blew-backt, ſilver-bellied, and ſmooth-skind flat fiſh, without ſcales.*

Troncir. *To cut or breake off, or in two, or into peeces.*

Tronçonné : m. ée : f. *Trunked; lopped, or cut off; made headleſſe, branchleſſe, memberleſſe; mutilated, maymed.*

Tronçonnement : m. *A trunking; lopping, cutting off; a making headleſſe, branchleſſe, memberleſſe; a mutilating, or mayming.*

Tronçonner. *To trunke, lop, cut off; to make headleſſe, branchleſſe, memberleſſe; to mutilate, or mayme.*

Trançonneur : m. *A trunker, or lopper; a cutter of things into truncheons, or lumpes.*

Trondel : m. *The trundle, or trindling of a ball, &c.* ☞ Pic.

Trondeler. *To trundle as a ball, &c. or, as* Rondeler. ☞ Pié.

Trone. *Look* Throne.

Trongne : f. *The face, aſpect, look, viſage, countenance.*

'A la trongne cognoiſt on l'yvrongne; Pro. *Two things a drunkard do diſcloſe, a fiery face, and crimſon noſe.*

Bonne bouche bonne trongne; Pro. *A temperate mouth breedeth a freſh complexion: or, a well-ſhap'd mouth makes all the face ſhew faire; or, a ſilent mouth ſettles the countenance.*

Trongné. *Of the face; alſo, from the teeth outwards; alſo, mocking, mawing, or making faces at.*

Trongneux : m. euſe : f. *Making, yeelding, or ſhewing a ſowre countenance.*

Trongnon : m. *as* Trognon.

Tronqué : m. ée : f. *Trunked, cut off, cut in two, or into pieces.*

Tronquement : m. *A trunking, ſtocking, or cutting off.*

Tronquément. *Peecemeale, with whole peeces cut off; alſo, lamely, or by halves.*

Tronquer. *To trunke, to ſtock; to cut off, in two, or into peeces.*

Tronſon : m. *A truncheon, or little trunk; a thick ſlice, luncheon, or peece cut off.*

Tronſonner. *Look* Tronçonner.

Trop. *Too much, overmuch, ſuperfluous, or ſuperfluity of, exceſſe, more then needs; alſo, much, greatly, mainely, mightily.*

Trop eſt trop; &, Trop n'eſt point bon; Pro. *Too much is too much; and, too much is good for nothing.*

Aſſez y a ſi trop n'y a; Prov. *Enough there is where too much is not.*

Nul n'a trop pour ſoy de ſens, d'argent, de foy; Pro. *Look* Sens, or Foy.

Trophée : m. *A Trophee; a ſigne or ſignall of victory; any ſpoyles gotten from a conquered enemy, and kept, or hung up, as monuments of the conqueſt.*

Tropique : m. *A Tropick, or Circle in the firmament, whereunto the Sun once coming, either deſcends, or aſcends, as being at the higheſt, or loweſt; and hence it is that there be two Tropicks.*

Tropique de Cancer, ou d'Eſté. *Is about the 12 of* June, *when the Sun (at the higheſt) enters into the firſt point of* Cancer.

Tropique de Capricorne, ou d'hyver. *Is about the 12 day of* December, *the Sunne then (at the loweſt) entring into the firſt point of* Capricorne.

† Troppeller. *To troope, or flocke together.*

Troq : m. *A trucke, or trucking, bartering, ſwabbing, an exchange of one thing for another.*

Troquer. *To truck, chop, ſwab, ſcorſe, barter, change, exchange one thing for another.*

Troquet : m. *A kind of ſmall, white, and ſweet apple.*

Troſſeau : m. *A truſſe, packet, bundle, fardle.*

Troſſel : m. *as* Troſſeau.

Troſſe-queue : f. *A dock for the traine of a horſe.*

Troſſer. *Look* Trouſſer.

Trot : m. *The trot of a horſe.*

Troter, & Troteur. *Look* Trotter, & Trotteur.

Trotier : m. ere : f. *Trotting, or which trotteth; alſo, gadding, or wandring much up and down; as in the Proverbe,* Fille teneſtriere, & trotiere rarement bonne meſnagiere.

Trotiere : f. *A raumpe, ſigig, fiſking huſwife, ranging damſell, gadding or wandring flirt.*

Trotigner. *To trip it, trample faſt, or trot thick and ſhort; alſo, to gad, runne, roame, trot much too and fro, or up and down.*

Trotté : m. ée : f. *Trotted.*

Trotter. *To trot like, or as, a horſe; alſo, to gad, or go much abroad.*

Trotter de rang en rang. *To paſſe from rank to ranke, to run from one to another.*

Trottereſſe. *as* Trotiere.

Trotteur : m. *A trotter; alſo, an earth-planet; a roamer, gadder, wanderer up and down.*

Trottier. *as* Trotteur.

Trottouër : m. *A board in the lover of a Dovecoat for Pigeons to alight on; alſo, the Seat, or Tribunall of a Judge; alſo, babling, or prating (in Pedlers French.)*

Trottres : f. *Low treſſes to heighten coffers withall.* ☞ Orleannois.

Trou : m. *A hole, narrow paſſage, or iſſue; and thence alſo, a pore in the body; and the burg-hole, ſundament, nock-androe.*

Tout de chou, de Lentiſque, &c. (*In ſtead of* Tronc) *The ſtem, or ſtaulk of a Cabbage, &c.*

Trou Madame. *The Game called Trunks, or the Hole.*

Trou d'une rets. *The mash of a net.*

Trou d'un ſouffiet. *The Gullet mouth, or noſe of a paire of bellowes.*

Trou de la Sybille. *The Arſe-hole.*

Avoir à chaſque trou vne cheſille. *To have an anſwer for every objection, a ſolution for every queſtion, an excuſe for every fault, or a colour for every error.*

Faire vn trou à la nuict. *To walk, or go abroad anights; to travell, or take a journey by night; alſo, to ſlinke aſide, or ſlily to be gone before he be miſſed, or ſuſpected to ſtir.*

Faire vn pertuis dedans vn trou. *To doe juſt nothing.*

Le trou trop ouvert ſous le nez fait porter ſouliers deſchirez; Pro. *Gluttony breedes peverty; the mouth too open makes men weare torne ſhoes.*

se Trouïant. *Raising, or growing full of holes,*

Trouble : m. *Trouble, diſquiet, moleſtation, diſturbance, turmoile; a ſedition, tumult, hurlyburly; a ſtirre, coyle, or broile; alſo, a let, bar, ſtop, impeachment, hinderance.*

Trouble : com. *Tricke, muddy, miſetled, puddle, darke, foggy, overcaſt, obſcure.*

Peſcher en eau trouble. *To fiſh in troubled or thick water; to ſeek for gain out of other mens broiles, or loſſes.*

Vin trouble ne brlc dents; Prov. *Thicke wine breakes no mans bones; ſweet things goe downe without a ſhoehorne.*

Troublé : m. ée : f. *Troubled, diſturbed, diſquieted, moleſted, turmoiled; alſo, letted, ſtopped, impeached, hindered.*

Trouble-feſte : m. *A vaine, or impertinent buffoone; or any one who by idle chat, or unſeaſonable chiding, offendeth, or cloyeth, ſuch as would be merry.*

Troublemenr : m. *A troubling, buſying, diſturbing, diſquieting; letting, impeaching, hindring.*

Troubler. *To trouble, diſturbe, turmoile, buſie, hurry, diſquiet, moleſt; to marre, diſorder, confound; diſmay; alſo, to barre, ſtop, let, hinder, impeach.*

† Trouée : f. *A gap, or muſet in a hedge.*

Se Trouër. *To bole, to grow full of holes, muſets, or gaps.*

Trougne. *Look* Trongne.

Troupe : f. *A troope, crue, rout, rabble, throng, or multitude of people, &c.*

Troupeau : m. *A flock, herd, or drove of cattell; alſo, a heape or bundle.*

Oſter les chiens pour venir à bout du troupeau. *The watchfull dog to kill, that*

that be the flocke may ſpill; or (as a ſentence) the way a flock to ſpill, is watchfull dogs to kill.

Sottes filles à marier ſont faſcheux troupeaux à garder; Pro. *A combrous cattell maidens prove, when their green ſickneſſe growes of love.*

Troupelet: m. *A little troope, rowt; flock, herd.*

Troupet. *Inſtead of* Toupet. ¶ Rab.

Trouppe, & Trouppeau. *as* Troupe, & Troupeau.

Trouſſe: f. *A Quiver for arrowes; alſo, a couſening trick, blurt, ſlampant; alſo, as* Treſſe.

Droict de trouſſe. *Look under* Droict.

Trouſſé: m. ée: f. *Truſſed, or tucked up; twitched up; alſo, ſpoyled, caſt away, undone, overthrown.*

Sans cela il eſtoit trouſſé en male. *Seek* Male.

Trouſſeau: m. *A Truſſell; the upper iron, or mould, thats uſed in the ſtamping of coine; alſo, a (little) truſſe, fardle, bundle, or bunch; alſo, as* Serpaut.

Trouſſe-galant: m. *Stoope-Gallant; a kind of plague wherewith the richeſt, and ſtrongeſt are the ſooneſt infected, and once infected, dead within two or three daies: (This Plague raged in* Puy, *a part of* Auvergne, *about the yeer 1546; and ſuch another (or at the leaſt one of the name) in* England *not long ago.)*

Trouſſel. *as* Trouſſeau.

Trouſſe-queuë: f. *A dock for a horſes traine.*

Trouſſer. *To truſſe, tucke, packe, bind or girt in, plucke or twitch up; alſo, to plow ground ſleightly a little before it be ſowne.*

Trouſſer leurs quilles. Ils penſoient à trouſſer leurs quilles. *They thought of, they provided or prepared for, their departure.*

Trouſſer vn verre de Vin. *To quaffe, or fetch off a glaſſe of wine.*

Trouſſeure: f. *as* Tronſſoire; *alſo, a truſſe uſed by ſuch as are burſt.*

Trouſſis: m. *A tuck, or tucking up, in a garment.*

Trouſſoire: f. *A belt, or girdle.*

Trouſſure: f. *as* Trouſſeure.

Trouvage: m. *A finding; inventing, deviſing; lighting on.*

Trouvé: m. ée: f. *Found; deviſed, contrived, invented; had, gotten, obtained.*

Il s'eſt bien trouvé de la foire. *He hath made a good market, he hath ſped very well.*

Tu as bien trouvé ton homme de 10000 eſcus. *(Ironically) I am a like man indeed to have* 10000 *crownes.*

Tu luy as bien trouvé la veine. *Thou haſt hit him right; thou haſt toucht him to the quick.*

Trouvement: m. *A finding, inventing, lighting on.*

Trouver. *To find; invent, contrive, deviſe; light on, meet with, take in the manner; alſo, to get, obtaine, procure.*

Trouver à dire. *To lacke, want, or miſſe the things we had before.*

Trouver bon. *To allow or approve of, to hold or think it good.*

Trouver vne boule. *To hit a bowle.*

Trouver la febve au gaſteau. *Looke* Febve.

Trouver à tondre ſur vn oeuf. *To pick matter out of a barren ſubject, or meanes out of a bare imployment.*

Le trouver à tel lieu. *To be, be preſent, or appeare, at ſuch a place.*

Ie ne trouveray rien mauvais de vous. *I will take nothing ill at your hands.*

Le diable vous en fairoit bien mal trouver. *The devill were in it if you ſhould not be well withall; or, you muſt needs be well withall I trow.*

Tu t'en trouveras bien. *Thou wilt ſpeed, or thrive, well withall.*

Qui bien ſera bien ſe trouvera; Prov. *We ſay of one that does a good and charitable deed, He will find it in another world.*

Tout ſe trouve au raſtelier de cuiſine; Pro. *Look* Raſtelier.

Trouverre: m. *An ordinary Poet, Rimer, Verſifier, Ballade-maker.* (vieil mot.)

Trouveur: m. *A finder, inventer, contriver, deviſer.*

Trouveuſe: f. *An inventrix; or a woman that findeth ought.*

Tru: m. *as* Truage; *or, as* Treu.

Truage; m. *A toll, cuſtome, tax, impoſition.*

Truan. *as* Truand.

Truand: m. *A common beggar, vagabond, rogue, a lazie raſcall, an upright man; alſo, a Knave, ſcowndrell, varlet, filthy or lewd fellow.*

Qui ſit Normand il ſit truand; Pro. *He that a Normand made a beggar made; (for the Normands have been more fleeced, and barrited then any people ſubject unto the Crown of* France.)

Truand: m. ande: f. *Beggarly, raſcally, roguiſh.*

Cens truans. *Double* Cens *payed by Purchaſers (within the dominion of* Soeſmes, *which belongs unto* Blois) *for the firſt yeer only, in lieu of all* Lods *and* Ventes; *and generally, any dead or bare* Cens, *which yeild no further profit unto the Lords thereof.*

Truandaille: f. *A crue of raſcally beggars, a rabble of lewd rogues.*

Truande: f. *A filthy beggarly queane; a Doxie, or Mort.*

Truandeau: m. *A young raſcall, rogue, beggar.*

Truander. *To beg, or cant; to play the rogue, or live like a rogue; to carry himſelf moſt baſely, ſcurvily, unworthily; alſo, to oppreſſe, wrong, abuſe.*

Truandiſe: f. *Beggarly, canting, begging; roguery, knavery, couſening, villany.*

Truble: m. *A little fiſh-net for Stues, and ſmall Ponds; alſo, the water-fowle called a Shovelar.*

Truc: m. *A blow, or thwack.* ¶ Gaſc. *alſo, the popping, or ſound of the lips, wherewith we uſe to encourage a horſe.*

Ie vous grupperay au truc. *I ſhall take you napping, or catch you as you goe by.*

Trucheman: m. *A Trucheman, an Interpretor.*

Truchemander. *To interpret, or play the interpretor, to ſerve as an interpretor unto, to mediate by interpretors, or by interpretation.*

Truchement. *as* Trucheman.

Trucheran. *The herb* S. Johns *wort.*

Trucheter. *To ſneeze.*

Truculent: m. ente: f. *Truculent, cruell, threatfull of countenance, terribly looking.*

Truege: f. *The Dorce, or Gold-fiſh;* (Look Truette;) ¶ Marſeillois.

Truele, *as* Truege.

Truelle: f. *A Trowell.*

A propos truelle. *See* Propos.

Truellée: f. *A trowell-full; or, a clap, flat, or ſlamp with a Trowell.*

Truelleur: m. *A Troweller, a Plaiſterer, or any one that works with a Trowell.*

Truette: f. *The Dorce, or Gold-fiſh; called thus, or* Truege, *becauſe ſhe is as greedy, and ravenous as a Sow.*

Truſemande: f. *Female Southernwood, mountaine Southernwood, great Southernwood.*

Truſſant bourdant. *Between jeaſt and earneſt.*

Truſſe: f. *A gibe, mocke, flout, jeaſt, gullery; alſo, a Saligot, or water-nut; alſo, a moſt dainty kind of round and truſſet root, or rooty excreſcence, which growes in foreſts, or dry and ſandy grounds, and within the ground, but without any ſtalke, leafe, or fiber annexed unto it.*

Truſſer. *To mock, deride, flowt, jeaſt or gibe at; alſo, to nod, or ſhake the head, as thoſe do that approve not the thing they heare.*

Truſſette: f. *A gibe, jeaſt, flowt, mockery; alſo, a little* Truſſe.

Truſſeur: m. *A mocker, flowter, giber, jeaſter.*

Truſſler. *as* Truſſer.

Truſle: f. *as* Truſſe *(in the ſecond, and third ſenſe.)*

Truſe. *as* Truye.

Truine: f. *The fiſh Tuny.*

Truite: f. *A Trout.*

Truite franche; &, royale; &, ſaulmoniere. *The Salmon Trout.*

Trulle: m. *A part of the Imperiall Palace of* Conſtantinople, *wherein matters of State were ordinarily diſcuſſed, and diſpatched.*

Trulle: f. *The fowle called a Shovelar.*

† Trumeau de boeuf. *A knuckle, bough, or leg, of Beefe.*

Trumeau de Veau. *as* Rouëlle de Veau.

Trupelu. *as* Trepelu.

Trupet: m. *A lock, or foretop of hair.*

Truquar. ¶ Gaſc. *To knock, or fight.* ¶ Rab.

Trut. (*An Interjection importing indignation,*) *toſh, tut, fy man.*

Trut avant. *A figs end, no ſuch matter, you are much deceived; alſo, on a ſore ſor ſhame.*

Truye: f. *A Sow; alſo, a warlike Engine uſed in old time for the beating downe of walls; alſo, a kind of Game.*

Truye de mer. *The Porpoiſe, or Sea Hog.*

Honteux comme vne truye qui emporte vn levain. *Look* Honteux.

Entendre autant en quelque choſe comme fait truye en eſpices. *That is juſt nothing.*

Tourner les truyes au ſoin. *To anſwer from the matter.*

Truye aime mieux bran que roſes; Pro. *The Sow had rather lie in dung then on a bed of roſes.*

Truye ne ſonge qu'ordure; &, Touſiours truye ſonge bran; Prov. *Baſe minds have alwayes baſe, and beaſtly thoughts; their wiſhes, projects, dreams, are like themſelves.*

Si truye forfaict les pourceaux le ſouffrent; Prov. *If the old Sow doe a fault and men abhorre it, her young, and harmleſſe Pigs are puniſht for it.*

Truyes. *as* Truyettes.

Truyette: f. *A young, or little Sow.*

Truyettes. f. *The markes of ſhin-burning; the red ſcorches, or ſpots on burnt ſhins.*

Trycher, & Trycherie. *as* Tricher, & Tricherie.

Trye. *Look* Trie.

Trygonne: f. *A kind of Scatefiſh.*

Tu autem. Vous en ſçaurez le tu autem. *You ſhall know the point, head, or knot of the matter; or, you ſhall underſtand all the ſtory, the whole matter it ſelfe.*

Tube: m. *A Conduit-pipe, alſo, the hollow of the back-bone, or the pipe through which the marrow thereof doth runne.*

† Tubercle: m. *The ſmall riſing or ſwelling of a wheele, puſh, powke, or pimple; alſo, a puſh, or wheele.*

† Tubereuleux: m. euſe: f. *Swelling like a puſh, or wheale; alſo, full of puſhes, powkes, or wheales.*

Tubereux: m. euſe: f. *Swelling, bunchy, knobby.*

Tuberoſitez: f. *Tuberoſities, ſwellings; bunches, wennes; knobs; knots.*

Tubiluſtre: m. *A day whereon the Trumpets dedicated unto ſacrifices were hollowed, and the Trumpeters with water purged.* ¶ Rab.

Tubule: m. *A little Conduit-pipe, or hollow reed.*

† Tucquet: m. *A little hill, or billock, a little aſcent or riſing of ground.*

Tudey. (*Fondly*) *for* Vertu Dieu. ¶ Lorrainois.

Tué: m. ée: f. *Killed, ſlaine, murthered, maſſacred.*

Tue-chien: m. *The herb Dogs-bane; alſo, meadow Saffron, wild Saffron.*

Tue-loup: m. *The herb Wolves-bane.*

Tue-loup iaulne. *Yellow Wolfebane, plain Wolfe-bane, Heath Crowfoot.*

Tuement: m. *A killing, ſlaying, maſſacring.*

Tuer. *To kill, ſlay, murther, maſſacre; alſo, as* Tuyoyer.

Tuer le feu. *To quench, or put out, the fire.*

Tuer vn mercier pour vn peigne. *To doe great harme upon a ſmall occaſion.*

Il en tuera dix de la chandelle, & vingt du chandelier. *He will doe wonders (Ironically.)*

Tel tue qui ne penſe que bleſſer; &, Tel cuide frapper qui tue; Prov. *The wounding mind hath oft a murthering hand; a hurt intended with death is ended.*

Tuerie: f. *A ſlaughter, killing, occiſion, maſſacre, murther.*

Tueur: m. *A killer, ſlayer, murtherer, maſſacrer.*

Tuf: m. *A kind of white ſand, or ſoft and brittle ſtone, oftentimes covering, or lying in ſtakes on, good ſoyle.*

Tufeux: m. euſe: f. *Covered with, or full of,* Tuf.

Tuffe: m. *A footman, or ſouldier ſerving on foot.* (vieil mot.)

Tuffe. Pierre de tuffe. *as* Tuf.

Tuffeau. *as* Tuf.

Tuffiere: f. *A bed of* Tuf; *the ground, or Quarie wherein it is gotten.*

† Tugnicien: m. *Look* Tunicien.

Tugure: m. *A cottage, or countrey houſe, a ſhepherds coat, ſhed, or bullie.*

Tugurion: m. *as (or a little)* Tugure.

Tuiau. *Look* Tuyau.

Tuile: f. *A tile.*

Sonner la tuile. *To ring, or knock to dinner, by ſtriking on a ſonorous kind of tile; a phraſe uſed among the* Capucins, *onely in ſome places; for in others they have Bells (as wee in our Colleges) or Plates of Iron, for the ſame purpoſe.*

Tuileau: m. *A little tile, or broken tile.*

Tuilerie: f. *A tile-kill, or place wherein tiles be made; alſo, tiling, or tiles.*

Tuileur: m. *A tiler, or a tile-maker.*

Tuileux: m. euſe: f. *Full of tiles.*

Tuilleau. *See* Tuileau.

Tuillette: f. *A little tile; alſo, a wedge, or lingot of gold, or ſilver.*

Tuillier: m. *A Tiler.*

Tuilot: m. *A tile-ſhard, or broken tile, or piece of a tile; alſo, a little tile.*

Tuition: f. *Tuition, protection, defence, guard.*

† Tulbant: m. *as* Turbant.

Tuleau. *See* Tuileau.

† Tulebute: f. *The pipe of a fountaine, or gutter.*

Tulipan: m. *The delicate flower called a Tulipa, Tulipie, or Dalmatian Cap; and by ſome (though not ſo properly) Lillie Narciſſus.*

Tulippe. *as* Tulipan.

Tumbe, & Tumber. *Look* Tombe, & Tomber.

Tumbe. *The great ſea-Dragon, or Quaviver; alſo, the Gurnard, called ſo at Roan.*

Tumbereau: m. *A Tumbrell.*

† Tumefié: m. ée: f. *Swollen, or made to ſwell; puffed up.*

† Tumefier. *To make to ſwell, or puffe up.*

Tumeur: f. *A tumor, ſwelling, riſing, or puffing up of the fleſh.*

Tumulte: m. *A tumult, uprore, ſedition, broyle, ruffling, ſtirre, inſurrection, commotion, hurliburly.*

Tumultuaire: com. *Tumultuary, raſh, diſordered, hudled up in haſte, ruffled or ſhuffled up on a ſuddaine, done with more ſpeed then heed, more feare then adviſement.*

Tumultuairement. *Tumultuarily, raſhly, diſorderedly, in haſte, on a ſuddaine, with much feare, without any adviſement.*

Tumultueuſement. *Tumultuouſly, turbulently, ſeditiouſly, moſt troubleſomly, in a terrible uprore, with a great hurry or ſtirre.*

Tumultueux: m. euſe: f. *Tumultuous, turbulent, ſeditious, mutinous, moſt troubleſome, full of ſtirre, broyles, buſineſſe, all on a hurry, or in a hurliburly.*

Tunal: m. *The Indian Fig-tree.*

Tunicien: m. *A Barbary Faulcon; and particularly, that Faulcon, which is got in the countrey about* Tunis.

Tunicis. L'herbe de tunicis. *Frothie or ſpatling Poppie; alſo, the herb that beareth ſweet Williams.*

Tunique: f. *A Coat-armor; and generally, any ſleeveleſſe long Jacket, or coat; alſo, a thinne coat, or skinne covering the eye, &c.*

La tunique agnelette. *as* Agneliere.

Tuph: m. *as* Tuf; *alſo, rubbiſh.*

† Tupin: m. *A pipkin, or earthen pot.*

De bonne terre bon tupin; Prov. *Good cloth of good wooll; good ſtuffe good garments yieldeth.*

Turaulx: m. *Old Mole-hils, or hillocks raiſed by Moles, &c. and overgrowne with graſſe.*

Turban: m. *A Turbant; a Turkiſh hat, of white and fine linnen wreathed into a rundle; broad at the bottome to incloſe the head, and leſſening, for ornament towards the top.*

Turbateur: m. *A troubler, diſturber, diſquieter.*

Turbation: f. *A trouble, or troubling; a diſturbance, moleſtation, diſquieting.*

Turbe: f. *as* Tourbe; *alſo, a troop (conſiſting at the leaſt) of tenne witneſſes; two ſuch troopes being required to the approvement of an unwritten cuſtome, and for the expoſition of a written on.*

Turbentine: f. *Turpentine.*

Turbet: m. *The name of a little apple, a graffe whereof doth ſtreighten the crooked ſtock whereon it is ſet.*

Turbin: m. *The ſhell-fiſh called a Welke, or Winkle.*

Turbine: m. *A tempeſt, whirlwind, boiſterous wind, or ſtorme.*

Turbiné: m. ée: f. *Faſhioned like a Top, ſharp at the bottome, and broad at the top.*

Turbit: m. *Seraphions Turbith, Sea Starre-wort, blue Daiſie or Camomill, Hogs-beanes.*

Turbit des Apothicaires. *Turbith of the ſhops, white Turbith.*

Turbit baſtard. *The root of the ſtinking Carrot, and of the Spunge Eſula; both too often ſold, by couſeners, for the true Turbith.*

Turbit blanc. *White Turbith, Turbith of the ſhops, the beſt Turbith, which is the root of the Syrian, or Antiochian Scammony; alſo, the reddiſh herb Alypum, or Alypia; talked of, but not otherwiſe named, by our Engliſh Herbariſt.*

Turbit faux. *The root of the deadly, or ſtinking Carrot.*

Turbit noir. *Black Turbith, Quackſalvers Turbith,* Eſula major.

Turbit de la Pouille. *as* Turbit baſtard.

Turboc: m. *The Turbot-fiſh.*

Turbulent: m. ente: f. *Turbulent, bluſtering, ſtormie, tempeſtuous, troubleſome, unquiet, contentious, buſie, ſeditious.*

Turbulenter. *To bluſter, hurry, ſtorme; vex, turmoyle, diſquiet.*

Ture: m. *A Turke.*

Herbe au Ture, ou du grand Ture. *Rupturewort, Burſtwort.*

Turc: m. que: f. *Turkiſh, of Turkie; belonging to a Turke; alſo, Turkeis-like; whence;*

Couleur Turque. *Azure, Skie-colour, the colour of a Turkeis ſtone (between a blue, and an Azure.)*

Turcée de raisins. *A cluster of grapes.*
Turci: m. *A causey, rampire, or banke for the keeping back, or holding in, of waters.*
Turcie: f. *as* Turci; *also, the raising of a banke, rampire, or causey, for the holding in, or keeping back, of waters.*
Turcot: m. *The little ash-coloured, and long-tongued bird, called a wryneck.*
Tureaux: m. *as* Turaux.
Turelûreau. Mon' tur. *My pillicock, my pretty knave.*
Turgent: m. ente: f. *Swelling, rising, puffing up, fronting out.*
Turgon: m. *A kind of red Beets which have neither sent, nor savor.*
Turguet: m. *A little Wimble; also, Amulcorne, or Starcheorne, tearmed particularly,* Double turguet.
Turlupin: m. *A grub, mushrome, start-up, new-nothing, man of no value.*
Turme. *as* Truffe *(in the last sense.)*
Turonde: f. *A round pellet, or piece of dough, paste, or bread, wherewith fowle is crammed; also, a Hawkes casting.*
† Turpe: com. *Foule, ouglie, filthie, disheasurable, unhoneſt.*
Turpitude: f. *Turpitude, filthineſſe, or a filthie act, ouglineſſe, deformity; lewdneſſe, dishonesty.*
Turpot: m. *A certaine piece of timber (whereof there be foure, two in the prow, and two in the poope) of a ſhip, faſtned unto the* Varengues, *and ſerving, among other things, to keep the artillery from recoyling too farre back.*
Turqueſque: com. *Turkiſh, Turk-like, of, or belonging to, the Turkes.*
Reverence Turqueſque. *A nod with the head.*
Turquet. *as* Turguet.
Turquie: f. *Turkie.*
Bled de Turquie. *Turkie corne, or Turkie wheat; of divers kinds, and colours.*
Turquin. *as* Couleur Turque *(under* Turc; *)* or Couleur Turquine *(under* Couleur; *)* *also, a kind of darke-greene Pumpion.*
Turquois: m. oiſe: f. *Turkiſh;* whence, Arc Turquois. *The Turkiſh Long-bow.*
Turquoiſe: f. *A Turqueis, or Turkiſh-ſtone.*
† Turrement: m. *A violent ſhock, jault, or jurring, as of an Engine of battery againſt a wall.*
† Turſe. *as* Turcée.
† Turſie. *as* Turcie.
† Turturelle: f. *A Turtledove.*
Turumber. *An ancient Arabian word, ſignifying the fineſt ſort of ſugar.*
† Tuſé: m. ée: f. *Pounded, brayed, beaten, or bruiſed in a mortar.*
Tuse: f. *Awhole, or berry made by a Conie.*
Tutelaire: com. *Tutelary, garding, protecting, patronizing, defending.*
Tutele: f. *wardſhip; gardianſhip, the cuſtody of a child under age; also, tuition, defence, protection, ſafeguard.*
Tuteur: m. *A Tutor, Gardian, Overſeer.*
Tuthie: f. *Tutie, a medecinable ſtone, or duſt, ſaid to be the heavier ſoyle of Braſſe, cleaving to the upper ſides, and tops of Braſſe-melting houſes: and ſuch doe ordinary Apothecaries paſſe away for Tutie; although the true Tutie be not heavy, but light and white like flocks of woull, falling into duſt as ſoon as it is touched; this is bred of the ſparkles of braſen furnaces, whereinto ſtore of the minerall Calamine, beaten to duſt, hath been caſt.*
Tuthie Alexandrine. *The beſt kind of artificall Calamine, tearmed by Phiſitians,* Botryitis.
Tutoyer. *To thou one.*
Tutrice: f. *A tutrix, or tutereſſe; a defendreſſe, or gardianeſſe.*
Tutſan: m. *Tutſan, Park-leaves; (an herb.)*
Tutuyer. *as* Tutoyer.
Tutye. *Look* Tutie.
Tuyau: m. *A pipe, quill, cane, reed, canell.*
Tuyau de bled. *A ſtraw, or ſtaulke of corne.*
Tuyau de mer. *A red ſea-worme found among rocks, incloſed in a white, round, and (on the outſide) rugged pipe, or ſhell.*
Enter en tuyau. *as* Enter en canon. *See* Canon.
Tyberiade: f. *A Topographe; the modell, or draught of a place, called ſo of a book of that name, compoſed by* Bartholus *the Lawyer, who was the firſt that graced his works with ſuch figures.*
Tygre. *Look* Tigre.
Tymbale. *A Timbrell; or, a little braſen drumme to dance by.* ¶ Langued.
Tymbon. *A kind of braſen drumme.*
Tymbre, & Tymbré. *Look* Timbre, & Timbré.
Tymbrée: f. *Fiſh-Mint, water-Mint, brookmint.*
Tympan: m. *A Timpan, or Timbrell; alſo, a Taber; alſo, the Gable-end of a houſe; alſo, a Printers Timpane; that whereon be layes the ſheet, or leaſe that's to be printed; alſo, the great wheele of a Crane; alſo, a Mill-wheele that taketh, and yieldeth water in turning.*
Tympan d'une campanelle. *The broad-end of a Campanell.*
Tympan dentelée. *The cog-wheele of a Mill.*
Tympane. *Look* Tympanne.
Tympaner. *To play on a Tympan, Timbrell, or Taber.*
Tympaniſer. *as* Tympaner; *alſo, to defame, ſlaunder, traduce.*
Tympaniſte: m. *A Timpaniſt; a player on a Timpan, &c. alſo, one that hath a Timpany.* ¶ Rab.
Tympanne: m. *The pannell, or flat ſquare on the top, or head of a pillar.*
Tyn. *The herb Time.*
Tyne. *Look* Tine.
† Typhaine: f. *The Epiphany, or Twelfth day in Chriſtmas.*
Typhe. *Water-Torch, Cats-tayle, Reed-Mace, Ditch-Downe, the marſh-beetle or peſtle.*
Typher. *Look* Tiffer.
Typholope. *A kind of hard-skinned Blindworme, or Slow worme, which is not very venomous.*
Typhones. *Great, or violent whirlewinds.* ¶ Rab.
Tyran: m. *A Tirant; a cruell King, Lord, Ruler; a violent Governour.*
Tyranneau: m. *A petty Tyrant.*
Tyrannie: f. *Tyranny, Lordly cruelty, a violent or bloudy Government.*
Tyranniquement. *Tyrannouſly, cruelly, bloudily.*
Tyranniſer. *To tyrannize, or play the Tyrant.*
Tyraſſer. *Look* Tiraſſer.
Tyrepet: m. *A great farter.* ¶ Rab.
Tyrer. *Look* Tirer.
Tyromantie: f. *Divination by a Cheeſe.*
Tyrouër: m. *Is, in a Violin, or ſmall Fiddle, the flat piece behind the bridge whereto the ſtrings be faſtned; alſo, as* Tirouër.
Tyrſe. *The dart, or Javelin of* Bacchus.
† Tyrſigere: com. *Ivie-bearing, or decked with Ivie.*

V

VA. *(Is the ſecond Perſon of the Imperative Mood of the Verb* Aller*) go, go thy wayes, get hence, get thee gone; alſo (the third Perſon of the Preſent tenſe of the Indicative Mood; whence,* Il va; *) hee goes, wends, walkes on; 'Tis alſo uſed ſometimes as a Subſtantive; whence;*
Vn va cy va là, *One that is ſent up and downe on errands.*
Vn va par tout. *The ſame; alſo, a quick or nimble fellow; one that diſpatches his worke apace; one that ſoone rids way.*
Vacabonds: m. *Vagabonds, rogues.*
Vacant: m. *The revenue of a Benefice during vacancie.*
Vacant: m. ante: f. *Vacant, emptie, void; at leiſure; without uſe, or imployment; without owner; whence;*
Biens vacans. *Wayfes, ſtrayes; a purſe, or treaſure found; any land, or thing, which is without owner.*
Vacarme: f. *A battaile, or fight; and, the ruſtling noiſe made by armour, or armed men, in a battaile; alſo, a ſuddaine invaſion or aſſault, or the boiſterous hurrie it goes with; alſo, a tumultuous garboyle, hurlyburly, ſtirre, coyle.*
Vacation: f. *A vacation, vacancie, leiſure, ceaſing from labour; alſo, a trade, art, handicraft, profeſſion, vocation, calling.*
Vache: f. *A Cow; alſo, Neats-leather; alſo, a heape of new-made ſalt.*
Vache de Beard. *A baſe coyne worth about* vj d. Tourn.
Vache de Foix. *The name of an ancient coyne, which bore on it the ſtampe of a Cow, the armes of the old Earles of* Foix.
Vache de mer. *A kind of dainty Thornback, having a pointed beake.*
Il a mangé de la vache enragée. *Hee hath drunke of many waters, paſſed many pikes, tried many experiments; hee hath beene well practiſed in, or beaten unto, the courſe of the world; alſo, as under* Manger.
Le Diable ſera bien aux vaches. *There will be an old ſtirre, hurrying, hurlieburly.*
Vache de Barbarie qui ne recognoiſt que ſes propres veaux; Prov. *Applicable to one that either ſimply knowes not, or churliſhly cares not for, more then her owne.*
Vache de loing a laict aſſez; Prov. *Things farre-fetcht are held moſt ſufficient; the further a thing is brought, the better we think of it.*
Vne vache prend bien vn lievre; Prov.

A Cow may catch a Hare (as under Lievre.*)*

La vache du riche velle ſouvent, celle du povre avorte; Prov. *The rich mans Cow (well-fed) does often calfe, the powre mans caſts hers, and thrives worſe by halfe.*

Vache ne ſçait que vaut ſa queuë iuſques à ce qu'elle l'ait perduë; Prov. *The want, more then the uſe, indeeres the worth of good things; we know our friends beſt when we want them moſt.*

Auſſi toſt meurt vache comme veau: Prov. *The skipping Calfe, and wanton Lambe, are often kill'd before their dam.*

Qui ſe meſle d'autruy meſtier il trait ſa vache en vn panier; Prov. *He that with other mens trades will be medling, doth moſt-an-end loſe the fruit of his pedling.*

Qui ne retire de ſa vache que la queuë ne perd pas tout; Prov. *He loſes not his whole availe, that of his Cow ſaves but the taile.*

Vachelette: f. *A very little Cow.*

Vacherie: f. *A herd of kyne; alſo, a Cow-houſe, or ſtable for kyne.*

Vachette: f. *A little Cow; alſo, as* Vache de Foix.

Vachier: m. *A Cow-herd, or Cow keeper.*

Hier vachier huy chevalier; Prov. *One that's raiſed on a ſuddaine, from a baſe, to an honourable, calling.*

Vaciet: m. *The blue or purple Jacinth, or Hiacinth, ttearmed by ſome, Crow-toes.*

Vacillé, & Vacilement. *as* Vacillé, & Vacillation.

Vaciller. *See* Vacciller.

Vacillation: f. *A reeling, ſtaggering, wagging, ſtirring, wavering, an inconſtant moving.*

Vacillé. *Reeled, ſtaggered, wagged, wavered.*

Vaciller. *To reele, totter, ſtagger, wagge, ſhake, waver, be looſe, unſure, unconſtant, move or ſtirre inconſtantly.*

Vacuité: f. *Vacuity, voidneſſe, emptineſſe, hollowneſſe.*

Vade. *Paſſe* (at Primero, &c.)

Vagabond: m. *A vagabond, roamer, faitour, earth-planet, wandering idlesbie, ranging or gadding rogue.*

Vagabonder. *To gad, wander, ſtray, roame, raunge, vagary, vagabond it; to flit hither and thither, goe from coaſt to coaſt, loyter up and downe.*

Vageux. *Look* Vagueux.

†Vagine: f. *A ſheath, ſcabberd, caſe, covering; alſo, the huſe, or cod of corn.*

† Vagir. *To crie like a little child.*

Vague: f. *A wave, ſourge, or billow of water.*

Vague: com. *Void, empty; waſte, idle; alſo, faire, beautifull, cleere, bright; alſo, wandering, flitting, ranging, oft removing; whence;*

Fievre vague. *The fits whereof doe hold an uncertaine courſe.*

Vaguer. *To wander, vagary, gad, range, roame, flit, remove often from place to place.*

Vagueur. *Flitting, floating, or full of waves, as the ſea, &c.*

Vagueux: m. euſe: f. *The ſame; or wavie, full of waves.*

Vaillamment. *Valiantly, valorouſly, courageouſly.*

Vaillance: f. *Valiancie, valor, courage.*

Vaillant: m. *A mans whole eſtate, or worth; all his ſubſtance, meanes, fortunes.*

Qui plus qu'il n'a vaillant deſpend, il fait la corde à quoy ſe pend; Prov. *He that feares not to ſpend more then he hath, ſets, at the leaſt, one foot in the hangmans path.*

Vaillant: m. ante: f. *Valiant, hardie, courageous; alſo, right honeſt, of much worth.*

Rien ne vaut l'aſſaillant s'il n'eſt fort, & vaillant; Prov. *In vaine men goe to aſſaile, when force, or courage faile.*

Vaillantiſe: f. *Valiantneſſe, courageouſneſſe, hardineſſe.*

Vain: m. aine: f. *Vaine; emptie, void; fruſtrate; frivolous, idle, trifling, fond, without purpoſe; alſo, faint, weake, feeble, forceleſſe.*

Vaine paſture. *Look* Paſture.

Terre vaine. *A waſte ground; or, a ground which hath neither ſeed in, nor fruit upon it.*

Terre vaine, & place vuide. *Which hath neither building on it, nor garden in it.*

Vſagiers vain paſturiers. *Look* Paſturier.

Vain. (*Adverbially;*) *whence,* En vain. *In vaine, idly, to no purpoſe.*

Vain paſturer. *To turne cattell into, or let them runne among, ſuch grounds as be beld* Vaine paſture.

Vaincre. *To vanquiſh, overcome, ſubdue, ſoyle, ever maſter, ſurmount; alſo, to convince, or put downe by reaſon, or in reaſoning.*

Vaincu: m. uë: f. *Vanquiſhed, overcome, ſubdued, ſoyled, over-maſtered, ſurmounted; alſo, convinced, or put downe by reaſon, or in reaſoning.*

Vainement. *Vainly, frivolouſly, to no purpoſe, idly, fondly, fooliſhly; alſo, faintly, weakly, feebly.*

Vaineté: f. *as* Vanité.

Vainquereſſe: f. *A vanquiſhing or victorious woman, a conquereſſe.*

Vanqueur: m. *A vanquiſher, overcommer, conquerour, victor, ſubduer.*

Vair: m. *A rich furre of Ermines powdered thick with blue haires; alſo, the grayiſh colour of ſome eyes; alſo, that which our Blaſoners call Verry.*

Menu Vair. *Minever; the furre of Ermines mixed, or ſpotted, with the furre of the weeſell called* Gris.

Vairé: m. ée: f. *Verry; diverſifited with argent and azure.*

Vairie. *as* Vayrie.

Vairole. *as* Verole.

Vaiſſeau: m. *A veſſell (of what kind ſoever.)*

Vaiſſeau circulatoire. *A Limbecke, or Stillatory.*

Vaiſſeau contenant, ou corpulent. *The lower part of a Limbeck, that which holds the ſtuffe which is to bee diſtilled.*

Vaiſſeau long. *A Galley, Foiſt, or Brigantine, called ſo to make a difference between them, and a Ship, which is* Vaiſſeau rond.

Vaiſſeau d'un navire. *The Bulk, or belly, or body of a ſhip.*

Vaiſſeau d'une riviere. *The channell of a river.*

Double vaiſſeau. *A cauldron, or kettle full of hot water; or, as* Bain de Marie.

Qui veut tirer quelque choſe de ce vaiſſeau il luy faut donner du vent. *He that will get ought from this coles, muſt commend, or collogue with, him.*

En vaiſſeau mal lavé ne peut on vin garder; Prov. *In uncleane Caske wine will not keep.*

Vn meſchant vaiſſeau iamais ne tombe de la main; Prov. *That oft proves beſt which we love leaſt; a curſe glaſſe never fals unto the ground.*

Vaiſſelle: f. *Veſſell (of any ſort;) alſo, Plate.*

Val: m. *A vale, valley, dale.*

Du mont à val. *From the top to the bottome.*

Par monts, & par vaux. *Every where, in all places whatſoever.*

Promettre monts, & vaux. *To promiſe Gods Cope, mountaines of gold, impoſſibilities.*

Valable: com. *Valuable, in force, of value.*

† Valdimonie. *A day of apparence; or a promiſe of, or bond for, apparence at a certaine day.*

Valée: f. *A valley; a vale, or dale. See* Vallée.

† Valence: f. *as* Vaillant: m.

Valentianes. Par val. *By fits, by turnes; but ſlowly forward.* ¶ Rab.

Valeriane: f. *Garden Valerian, Capons-tayle, Setwall.*

Valeriane moyenne. *Great wild Valerian.*

Valeriane petite. *Small wild Valerian.*

Grande Valeriane. *Garden Valerian; alſo, great wild Valerian.*

Valerienne: f. *as* Valeriane.

Valet: m. (Quaſi va-lez ſon maiſtre;) *a groome, yeoman, or houſehold ſervant of the meaner ſort: In old time it was a more honourable title; for all young gentlemin, untill they came to be eighteen yeares of age, were (as at this day Batchelers in* Britaine *are) ttearmed ſo; beſides thoſe that waited in the Kings Chamber (and who were, for the moſt part, Gentlemen) had no other title then of* Valets de chambre, *untill that* Francis *the firſt, perceiving ſuch as attended him to be no better then* Roturiers, *brought in, above them, another ſort, and cauſed them to be ſtiled,* Gentilshommes de ſa chambre: *preſently after which the Title of* Valet *grew into diſeſteem, and is, at the length, become oppoſite unto that of* Gentilhomme. *Look* Varlet.

Valet d'Aouſt. *A hind, or hireling, onely for Harveſt-time.*

Valet à bras. *A groome, hind, or ſervant in a mechanicall office; a Labourer.*

Valet de chambre. *A chamberlaine; a groome of, or waiter in the bed-chamber. See* Valet.

Valet de Conſtantinople. (*In the Hiſtory of* Villehardouïn) autant que Prince.

Valet de cuiſine. *An under-Cook; a ſcullion, or kitchin drudge.*

Valet du diable (qui fait plus que l'on luy commande;) *an over-officious ſervant; one thats more buſie then he is bidden to be.*

Valet d'Eſcolier. *A Subſitor, or Servant (in ordinary) unto a Scholler.*

Valets de la feſte. *A kind of Morriſdancers, attired like fooles, and having, as ours, their legs gartered with bels.*

Valet d'huis. *A log, block, or peiſe of metall, &c. hanging by a rope on one ſide of a doore, and ſerving to ſhut it to preſently after ſuch as go in, or out, at it.*

Valet de Iuſtice. *A Sergeant, Officer, Catchpole.*

Valet de Picques. *The knave of Spades.*

Valet trenchant. *A Carver.*

Vin des valets. *Look* Vin.

Ce que maiſtre donne, & valet pleure ce ſont larmes perdues ; Prov. *Why ſhould a groome grudge at his maſters bounty?*

Cheval faict, & valet à faire ; Prov. *Chuſe a horſe made, a ſervant to be made.*

Contre diſner appert valet ; Prov. *We's not for meat I ſhould not ſee my man (ſayes the ill-ſerved maſter.)*

De grand maiſtre hardi valet ; Prov. *A maſters greatneſſe breeds him hardy ſervants ; the might of Lords ads metall to their men.*

En pont, en planche, & en riviere valet devant, maiſtre derriere ; Prov. *Look under* Maiſtre.

Valetaille : f. *A raſcally crue of campe following boyes, or drudges ; alſo, a company of groomes, or meaner ſervants.*

Valeter. *Baſely to obſerve, attend or wait on, play the drudge or groome ; to ſtoop, crouch, deject, or ſubmit himſelfe too much.*

Valeton : m. *A boy-ſervant, a young or little groom.*

Valetté : m. ée : f. *Made very common, or ſo common, that meane ſervants have it up ; groom-ridden, proſtituted unto the uſe of groomes.*

Valetudinaire : com. *Sickly, queaſie, craſie, ſubject unto infirmities.*

Valeur : f. *Value, worth, worthineſſe, rate, price.*

Valeure : f. *The valure, value, rate, or price, of.*

Valeureuſement. *Valorouſly, valiantly, courageouſly.*

Valeureux : m. euſe : f. *Valorous, valiant, hardy, courageous.*

Validation : f. *A ſtrengthning, inforcement, confirming ; an eſtabliſhing, a ratifying.*

Valide : com. *Valide, ſtrong, weightie, forcible, of worth, or value, that can doe much.*

Validé : m. ée : f. *Strengthened, inforced, confirmed ; made worthy, or of worth ; eſtabliſhed, authorized, ratified.*

Valider. *To ſtrengthen, confirme, inforce, make good ; ratifie, eſtabliſh, give weight, or authority unto.*

Vali-dire : m. Vn Val. *A footman, or ſervant, onely for errands.*

Validité : f. *Validitie, weight, ſtrength, force.*

Valier. *The name of a Saint ; whence,*

Peur S. Valier ; *More feare then harme ; or, a falling, by overmuch feare, into the miſchiefe, or danger feared ; as when a man, that's threatned a hanging, dies before he be turned off the ladder ; for ſo, as the report goes, this Saint did.*

Valiſe : f. *A Male, Cloakbag, Budget ; Wallet.*

† Valitude : f. *Health, ſtrength, good liking, welfare.*

† Vallant : m. *as* Vaillant : m.

Vallée : f. *A valley, vale, bottome, dale.*

Chevaucher la chevre en la vallée. *Look* Chevre.

Apres grande vallée rude montée ; Prov. *After great reſt much toyle ; after much eaſe great paine.*

Apres grande montée grande vallée ; Prov. *They that the higheſt climbe the loweſt fall.*

Vallet : m. *A groom, &c. Look* Valet.

Vallet à bras. *A labourer ; a labouring ſervant ; a groome, hind, or ſervant in a mechanicall office.*

Valletaille, & Valleter. *See* Valetaile, & Valeter.

Valleton : m. *as* Valeton ; *alſo (in ſome ancient Authors) a baſtard.*

Validation, & Vallider. *as* Validation, & Valider.

Vallois : m. *A kind of Net, wherewith fiſh is (forbidden to be) caught.*

Vallon : m. *A little valley ; a dale.*

Valoir : m. *Value, worth ; rate, price.*

Non valoir d'eſtat. *Look* Eſtat.

Valoir. *To be worth ; as much worth, or as worthie, as ; to countervaile, counterpeiſe, or anſwer in value ; to be of equall eſteem, or goodneſſe with ; alſo, to profit, ſerve, be good for ; and to merit, or deſerve.*

Cela vaut faict, ou la choſe vaut faicte. *The matter is neere an end, or as good as done.*

Couſte & vaille. *Fall it out how it will, whatſoever come of it ; at what rate, or hazard ſoever ; alſo, no matter what it coſt ſo as it be good.*

I'en vaus bien vn autre. *I am as fit for it, or worthy of it, as another.*

Se mettre en rang d'oignon, & ne valoir vn'eſchalotte. *Seek* Oignon.

C'eſt argent qu'argent vaut ; Prov. *As good have money-worth as money ; that which is worth coyne is as good as coyne.*

Les choſes valent autant qu'on les fait valoir ; Prov. *Things are as they are eſteemed of ; or, are eſteemed of as they are ſet forth ; The like is ;*

Rien ne vaut la choſe ſinon qu'on la fait valoir ; Prov. *A thing is worth no more then it's ſet out for ; things without ſhew, out-ſetting, praiſe, or uſe, are nothing worth.*

Vn homme ne vaut ſinon qu'il ſe fait valoir ; Prov. *As thou of thine owne ſelfe doeſt deeme, ſo other men will thee eſteeme.*

Les couſteaux de Iean Colot, l'un vaut l'autre ; Prov. *See* Colot.

Tant vaut l'homme tant vaut ſa terre ; Prov. *A good or bad man, makes good, or bad, the things belonging to him.*

Tout bois vaut buſches ; Prov. *The worſt wood's good enough to make logs of ; or, the worſt wood yieldeth ſmell for the fire.*

Valois. *as* Vallois.

Valvaſſeur. *See* Vavaſſeur.

Valve : f. *A foulding, or two-leaſed doore, or window.*

Valuë : f. *Value, worth, goodneſſe.*

Valvule : f. *A flap in the inſide of the mouth of a veſſell, which keepeth the liquor it containes from running, jerting, or guſhing, out.*

Valvules du coeur. *Eleven ſmall open gates, or entries in the heart, whereby paſſage is given to the bloud and ſpirits that come unto it from the veines, and arteries.*

Van : m. *A Vanne, or winnowing Sive ; (made of Ozier, and rather like a Scallop ſhell then our Sive.)*

Vandanger. *Look* Vendanger.

† Vandoiſe : f. *The Dace, or Dare-fiſh ; alſo, a Witch, or Hag.*

Vanereau : m. *A young Lapwing.*

Vaner, & Vaneur. *as* Vanner, & Vanneur.

Vanger. *Look* Venger.

Vangeron : m. *A little red-finned fiſh in the Lake of* Geneva.

Vanier. *as* Vannier.

Vanité : f. *Vanitie, triſling, lightneſſe, inconſtancy, fondneſſe ; alſo, emptineſſe.*

Vanné : m. ée : f. *Vanned, or winnowed ; alſo, courſed, ſchooled, canvaſſed ; alſo, ſcoffed, mocked, flowted, played upon, ridden, derided.*

Vanneau : m. *A Lapwing.*

Vanner. *To vanne, or winnow (not much in our manner, letting the corne fall from the ſive to the ground ; but, more commonly, ſhogging it with both hands againſt the thigh, to make the chaffe come aloft of the corn, and then ſweeping ſo much of it off with a wing, &c. as the wind hath not carried away ;) alſo, to courſe, chide, canvaſſe, bayt, ſchoole ; or, to mock, flowt, vide, play upon ; or to rake up, ſcoffingly, the faults or imperfections of others.*

Vanner ſa farine au vent. *To ſpend his meanes, or ſubſtance on toyes.*

Vanner ſa plume au vent. *To play the foole, or loſe his time.*

† Vannerie : f. *as* Venerie ; *a hunting, &c.*

Vannet : m. *A Lapwing ; alſo, as* Coquille (*in Blazon.*)

Vanneur : m. *A vanner, or winnower of corne ; alſo, a chider, ſchooler, bayter.*

Vanneure : f. *A winnowing ; alſo, a chiding, bayting, ſchooling ; and, a ſcoffing, mocking, deriding.*

Vannier : m. *A Sive-maker ; a Basket-maker.*

Vannures : f. *Winnowings, or ſiftings of corne.*

† Vanoyer. *To vaniſh, diſappeare, come to nought ; alſo, to be vaine, or play vaine parts.*

Vantance : f. *A vaunt, brag, boaſt ; or, as* Vanterie.

Se Vanter. *To vaunt, brag, boaſt, glory, crack.*

Tel a neceſſité qui ne s'en vante pas ; Prov. *Neceſſity doth pinch them moſt, who of their wants doe ſhame to boaſt.*

Vanterie : f. *A vaunting, bragging, boaſting, oſtentation, cracking, glorying.*

Vanterolles. *as* Venterolles.

Vanteur : m. *A vaunter, bragger, cracker, boaſter.*

De grands vanteurs petis faiſeurs ; Prov. *Great boaſters ſmall roaſters ; the faireſt chimneyes yield out the leaſt ſmoake.*

Vanteux : m. euſe : f. *Vaunting, cracking, bragging,*

bragging, boasting, full of ostentation.

Vapeur : f. *A vapor, fume, exhalation, hot breath, steaming, reeking.*

† Vapide : com. *Wastie, or wasted; that sends up an ill fume, that yeelds a stinking vapor.*

Vaquane : f. *The vacancy of a Benefice.*

Vaquant. *as* Vacant.

Vaquer. *To be at leasure, cease from labour; desist from working; also, to attend, apply, bestow time on, give the mind, or bend his study, unto; also, to be vacant, empty, void, without.*

Var. *as* Bar.

† Varandé : m. ée : f. *Well dried, and seasoned, as a Herring thats ready to be barrelled.*

† Varander. *To dry, and season Herrings for the barrell.*

Varangues : f. *The ribs, or floor-timbers, of a ship.*

Varaville : f. *The name of a green sweet apple, which is fashioned like an egge.*

Varech : m. *A sea-wracke, or wrecke; all that is cast aland by chance, or tempest; or that comes so neere the land, that a man on horseback may reach it with his launce.*

Varene : f. *A flat valley, or, a plaine between two hills.*

Varengues. *as* Varangues.

Varenne : f. *A reddish earth, whereof the moulds of Founders, and ovens of Potters be ordinarily made; and hence;*

Varennes. *Lean, and dry grounds, fit onely to beare Oats, and Rye.*

Varenneux : m. euſe : f. *Sterill, dry, leane.*

Varesque. *as* Varech.

Variable : com. *Variable, changeable, mutable, wavering, fickle, inconstant, flitting.*

Variation : f. *A variation, change, mutation, differing from that it hath been.*

Varice : m. *A crooked veine swelling with corrupt bloud in the temples, belly, or legs.*

Varicqueux : m. euſe : f. *The veines of whose temples, &c. be swollen with corrupt bloud; also, straddling, striding, going wide asunder.*

Varier. *To vary, change, alter, disguise; to square, differ, disagree, write, or speake diversly; to diversifie; to make of severall fashions or colours.*

Varier en la teſte. *To wag, or waggle with the head; to have a giddy head.*

Il varie. *He holds not steadily; his hand shakes, quavers, or wavers.*

Varieté : f. *Variety, change, choice, diversity; fickleneſſe, inconstancy, mutability.*

† Varig : m. *Flag, Sword-graſſe, Corne-flag.*

Varin : m. *A woodden Engine consisting of two vices, and a skrue, and serving to lift up great pieces of timber, or of artillery.*

Varinet : m. *A little* Varin.

Varioles : f. *The small Pockes.*

Variqueux. *as* Varicqueux.

Varlet : m. *A Groom, &c. as* Valet; *also, a yonger, stripling, youth; as in the Proverb;*

Autant ſe priſe beau varlet que belle fille; Pro. *The smirking youth as much himself esteemes, as doth the Nimph who beauty fairest seemes.*

Varletaille. *as* Valetaille.

Varleter, & Varleton. *as* Valeter, & Valeton.

Varre. *A certaine long Italian measure.*

Vaſche. *Look* Vache.

Vaſe : m. *A vessell.*

Vaſe : f. *as* Vaze; *mud, or ooze.*

Vaſois : m. *A shore, or place oft overflowed with water, and thereby full of ooze, or mud.*

Vaſquine : f. *A Kirtle, or Petticoat; also, a Spaniſh vardingale.*

† Vaſquinier : m. *A maker of Kirtles, Petticoats; or Spaniſh vardingale.*

Vaſſal : m. *A vassall, subject, tenant; properly such a one as holds his land of another by Knights service, or by homage and fealty; and is thereby tied to attend his Lord in person to the warre, or to send one with him in his stead, or to allow him money for the hiring of one; all at his owne charge: (And therefore in the ancient Romanes, Vaſſal is taken for the contrary to Souldoyer; (who received pay) as also for any Gentleman whatsoever;) Also, a slave, or bondman.*

Vn Seigneur de beurre (de ſeurre, ou de paille) combat (vainc, ou mange) bien vn vaſſal d'acier. *A Proverbe expressing the great advantage a Lord hath of his subject, or tenant.*

Tant que le vaſſal dort le Seigneur veille. *A Lord having entred into his vassalls land for want of homage, or due services, may lawfully injoy it, and the whole fruits of it, untill he have received his due.*

Tant que le Seigneur dort, le vaſſal veille. *Look* Seigneur.

† Vaſſaudie : f. *as* Vaſſelage.

† Vaſſauſie : f. *The right which a Soveraign, or Landlord pretendeth to have over his vassall, or tenant.*

Vaſſelage : m. *Vaſſelage, or subjection; the duty, or estate of a vassall: (in th'ancient Romans tis used for valour, and a valiant or worthy deed.)*

Vaſſelage actif. *Fealty.*

† Vaſſear : m. *as* Vaſſal; *or a villain.*

† Vaſtadour : m. *A Pioner, or digger; also, a mender of highwaies.*

Vaſtation : m. *A wasting, spoyling, ransaking, destroying.*

Vaſte : com. *Vast, huge, wide, broad, large, burly, spacious; also, desolate, desert, uninhabited, wild.*

Muſcle vaſte. *One of the four muskles whereby the thigh is bent.*

† Vaſtiboufier : m. *A lusk, lubber, loggerhead, lozell, boiden, lobcock.*

Vaſtines : f. *Waste grounds, as deserts, rocks, sands, &c. (an old word.)*

Vaticinateur : m. *A Prophet, Southsayer, Diviner, foreteller of things to come.*

Vaticination : f. *A prophecying, divining, foretelling, southsaying.*

Vaticiner. *To prophecy, divine, southsay it, conjecture at, foretell of, things to come.*

Vatton : m. *The latch of a door; also, a leaver.*

Vau : m. *A vale, or valley. See* Val.

Vavaſſeur : m. *A Valvaſor, or Vavaſour; a Lord that held of some Duke, Marqueſſe, or Earle; (and at least among us) was in degree inferiour to a Baron; a Meſne, or Meſne Lord; or as* Arrierevaſſal; *also, a villain.*

Vavaſſoire : f. *A Valvaſſerie; th'eſtate, land, or territory of a Vavaſſor, Meſne Lord,* Arrierevaſſal; *or villain.*

Vavaſſourie : f. *The same.*

Vauche. *The herb called Periwinkle.*

† Vaucrer. *To range, roame, vagary, wander, idly it up and down.*

† Vaucrer. *A ship to float, or wave up and down, to hold an uncertain course at sea, to saile whither wind and tide will carry it.*

Vauderoute, s'en fuïr à vaud. *To flie amaine; or to run headlong along.*

Mettre à vauderoute. *To put wholly, or utterly to flight.*

Vaudeville : f. *A country ballade, or song; a Roundelay, or Virelay; so termed of* Vaudevire, *a Norman towne, wherein* Olivier Baſſet, *the first inventer of them, lived; also, a vulgar proverbe; a country or common saying.*

Vaudre. *A kind of vessell for Rhenish wine.*

Vauldeville. *See* Vaudeville.

Vauldrée : f. *A maulkin.*

Vaulneant : m. *A good-for-nought; a rakehell, raskall, scoundrell, reprobate or idle companion.*

Vaultour : m. *A Vulture, Gerre, Gripe, or Grap; (a ravenous bird.)*

Cataplaſme de chair de vaultour avec les vits. *A plaster of warm guts.*

Vaultrait : m. *as* Vaultre.

† Vaultre : m. *A mungrell between a hound, and a maſtiffe; or of a size between the* Allan *and great country curre; fit for the chase, or hunting of wild Beares, and Boares.*

† Vaultrer. *To hunt with a* Vaultre.

† Vaultrey : m. *A kennell, or hunt of Vaultres.*

† Vaultroy : m. *A wild Boar; or more properly, as* Vaultre; *or, a Lime-hound for the wild Boar.*

Vautour. *as* Vaultour.

† Vaſer : m. &, Vayrie. *as* Voyer, & Voyerie.

Vaze : m. *A vessell.*

Vaze : f. *Ooze, mud, soft durt in the bottome of water.*

Vbiquité : f. *An ubiquity; a being in every place, or everywhere.*

† Vbir. *To reare; to make thrive, or grow, by good usage, or good fare.*

† Vee : f. *as* Souteil.

Veau : m. *A Calfe, or Veale; also, a lozell, boydon, dunce, jobbernoll, doddipole; also, a baulke untilled between two lands, or furrowes.*

Veau de diſme. *A notable sot, or blockhead, a notorious lobcock.*

Veau marin, ou de mer. *The Seale, or sea Calfe.*

Fievre de veau. *Trembling upon faintneſſe, or, an indisposition upon surfetting.*

Pied de veau. *Calves-foot, Ramp, Aaron, wake-Robin, Starch-wort, Priests Pint.*

Teſte de veau. *Calves-snout, Snap-dragon, Lions-snap.*

Faire, ou trouſſer le pied de veau. *To make an untowardly, or clownish leg; or, clow-*

clownishly to lift up the leg in dancing, &c.

C'est vne vache de Barbarie qui ne recognoist que son propre veau. *Looke* Vache.

Cette queuë n'est pas de ce veau. *This effect proceeds not from that cause*; or, *this is no part of, or dependent on, that thing.*

Il luy a fait manger des pois verds au veau. *He hath cheated him finely, he hath so fetched him over that he cannot perceive it.*

Tu n'as non plus d'arrest qu'un jeune veau. *Thou art as wanton, giddy, or unstayed, as a milch calfe.*

Veau mal cuict, & poulets cruds font les cimitieres bossus; Pro. *Young meat raw dresst makes churchyards grow hulch-backt.*

Aussi tost meurt vache comme veau; Pr. *As soon the young, as old, goes to the pot.*

Il est bien veau qui veau taille; Prov. *See* Tailler.

Le loup emporte le veau du povre; Pro. *The Wolfe makes his feast of the poor mans beast.*

† Veaurre: f. *The fleece of a Ram.*

Veautrant, *wallowing.*

Veautrement: m. *A wallowing, tumbling, rowling up and downe in the mire.*

se Veautrer en la bouë. *To wallow, tumble, rowle, turne (lying) up and downe in the mire.*

L'esprit se veautre. *The mind revolves, casts about, or is diligently imployed.*

Veautreur: m. *A wallower, or tumbler in the mire.*

Veautroir: m. *A puddle, or slough wherein hogs douse to wallow.*

Vedat: m. Bois vedat. *Look* Bedat.

Vedeau: m. *A Beadle; such a one as ushers with his Mace, the Vicechancellor, or principall Officer, of an University.*

Vedel: m. ¶ Gasc. *A Calfe, a Veale*; *whence*;

Teste de vedel. *A calfe, blockhead, or silly fellow.*

Vedelle: f. *A sucking calfe, a calfe thats fed with milke.*

Vedet: m. *A lubber, boydon, lobcock, lozell, joulthead, jobbernoll, doddipole.*

Vedette: f. *A Sentry, or Court of gard, placed without a fort, or campe; and more generally, any high place from which one may see afarre off.*

La vedette d'une gallere. *The top of the mast; or the part of a Galley from whence the furthest discovery may be made.*

Vedille: f. *The navell string of a new-borne infant.*

Vée: f. *Labour, toile, paines, travell*; (*an old word.*)

† Veé: m. ée: f. *Forbidden*; *whence*; Chose veée est plus desirée; Prov. *We covet most what we are most forbidden.*

Véeurs: m. *Witnesses, or assistants in a view, or survey of land.* ¶ Norm.

Vef: m. *A widower.*

Vef: m. veſve: f. *Widow, widow-like, of or belonging to a widow.*

Vefvage: m. *Widowhood, the state of a widow.*

Vefve: f. *A widow.* *Look* Veufve.

Vefve d'honneur. *A woman that hath lost her good name.*

† Vegade: f. *A draught*; *a turne, or bout*; *whence*;

Vne vegade. *Once, or one time.*

Vege: m. *A kind of water tree, or shrub.*

Vegetable: com. *Vegetable, fit or able to live*; *having, or likely to have, such life, or increase in growth, as plants, &c.*

Vegetal: m. ale: f. *Vegetall*; *having or giving a (plant-like) life, increase, budding, or growing.*

Vegetatif: m. iue: f. *Vegetative*; *lively, quick, fresh, growing, or giving life, quickenesse, growth, increase.*

Vegetation: f. *A giving of life, increase, or growth unto*; *a quickning*; *refreshing, or comforting*; *a making strong.*

Vegeter. *To quicken, refresh, give life, growth, or increase unto*; *also, to grow, bud, or put forth, as plants.*

Vegettes: f. *Vegetative, or growing parts.*

Veguade, *as* Vegade.

Vegué. *as* Beguer. ¶ Bearnois.

Vehemence: f. *Vehemence, eagarnesse, earnestnesse, violence, force, fiercenesse.*

Vehement: m. ente: f. *Vehement, eager, earnest, fierce, violent, sharp, urgent, main, forcible, strong.*

Vehementement. *Vehemently.*

† Veher. Iuge veher. *A Judge of meane, or base Jurisdiction.*

† Veherie: f. *Meane, or base Jurisdiction.*

Vehicule: m. *A carriage*; *a cart, waine, charriot, wagon*; *any such instrument, or engine of carriage.*

Vejete: com. *Lively, jolly, fresh, frolicke, full of spirit, of metall, of life.*

Vejetter. *as* Vegeter.

Veillant: m. ante: f. *Waking, watching, wakefull, or watchfull, vigilant, heedfull, circumspect, carefull.*

Veille: f. *A Vigile, or Wake*; *the Eve of a holy-day.*

Veillement: m. *A waking, or watching*; *an heedfull, or carefull attending.*

Veiller. *To wake, watch, lie awake, abstaine from sleep*; *to be vigilant, heedfull, diligent, carefull*; *studiously to attend.*

Assez veille qui bien fait; Pro. *He that does well watches enough.*

Vn ami veille pour l'autre; Prov. *A friend is watchfull, and doth arme himselfe to keepe his friend from harm.*

Veillere: f. *Withiwind, Bindweed, Hedge-bells.*

Veillottes: f. *The best, and sweetest kind of Acornes, or mast, growing on the small Oake* Esculus.

Veine: f. *A veine in the body, a pulse*; (*yet every veine is not a pulse, though every pulse be a veine*;) *also, a veine of the earth, or of metall, &c. in the earth*; *also, a veine or stile of writing*; *a veine or conceit in versifying, &c.*

Veines adipeuses. *Two veines, a right (sometimes a branch of the right kidney veine) and a left, one (ever a branch of the descendent trunk of the hollow veine) which particularly nourish the fat, and skinne thats about the kidney, and generally breed fat in those parts which they run by.*

Veine aiscellaire, *as* Veine axillaire.

Veine Arterieuse. *One of the four principall veines of mans body, issuing from the right ventricle of the heart, the blood whereof it carries unto the lungs for their nourishment.*

Veine auriculaire. *The eare veine. Seek* Auriculaire.

Veine axillaire. *Look* Axillaire.

Veine basilique. (*Called by our Anatomists*) *the liver veine*; *issues from the* Soulclaviere, *and is divided into two branches, a deepe and a superficiall one*; *the latter whereof being neer the inward processe of the arme, and very neer the skin, is divided into other two*; viz. *a lesse, which runs into the head veine, and together with it makes the* Mediane; *whilest the greater passes along by the elbow unto the hand, and there makes the* Salvatella.

Veine borgne. *as* Coecale.

Veine cave. *The hollow veine*; *a great veine issuing from the thickest part of the liver*; *and then divided into two maine branches, and they into many others.*

Veine cephalique. *The head veine*; or, *a third branch of* la Soulclaviere; *passes between the muskle* Deltoïde, *and that of the breast, and goes unto the bought of the elbow, where it divides it self into two branches; the lower, and lesse, going along th'inner part of the arme, joynes with a branch of* la basilique, *and together with it makes the* Mediane; *the higher, and greater, seated in the outside of the elbow, yeelds on both sides many branches, the greatest whereof meets with* la Basilique, *and together with it makes* la Salvatelle.

Veine cervicale. *The veine of the braines*; *a fourth branch of* la Soulclaviere, *passes by the crosse processes of the neck joynt up to the filme or thin skin which is next the braine, and there ends.*

Veine coecale. *The blind veine*; *a second branch of* la Meſenterique, *runs unto the blind gut, and there ends in many branches.*

Veine commune. *The common veine*; or *as* Mediane.

Veine coronale. *The crowne veine*; *a branch of the spleene veine, so termed because it invirons the heart in manner of a crowne.*

Veine corporelle. *See* Corporel.

Veine crurale. *The thigh veine*; *a great veine which issues from the trunk descendent of the hollow veine.*

Veine cystique. *A small, and sometimes double sometimes single, branch of the* Port *veine, whence it mounts unto the neck of the gall, and there divides it selfe into two branches.*

Veines diaphragmatiques. *The midriffe veines*; *two severall branches of the hollow veine, from which they run unto the midriffe, and there end.*

Veines emulgentes. *Look* Emulgent; or *as* Renales.

Veines epigastriques. *An outward, and an inward branch of the flank veines, both which after divers passages, at length joyne themselves unto those that belong to the dugs.*

Veine epiploïque dextre. *The second branch*

branch of the ſpleen veine ; goes unto the Epiploon, *and the gut* Calon ; *alſo, a fourth branch of the ſpleen veine, which ending towards the upper part of the* Epiploon, *is called* Epiploïque, *but with the addition of* Poſterieure.

Veine Eſpauliere. *The ſhoulder veine.*

Veine frontale. *The forehead veine ; a third branch of the outward throat veine, whence mounting by the bottome of the nether jaw, it comes unto the lips and the noſe, and from thence aſcends by the inſide of the eye unto the middle of the forehead.*

Veine gaſtrepiploïque. *See* Gaſtrepiploïque.

Veine gaſtrique. *The belly veine ; a branch of* la Porte, *from which it deſcends unto the hollow part, and backſide, of the ventricle ; there is alſo another, called* la petite gaſtrique; *which is the firſt branch of the ſpleen veine, and goes unto the right ſide of the ventricle.*

Veine hederiforme. *See* Hederiforme.

Veine hemorrhoïdale. *The firſt branch of the* Meſenterique ; *which runnes unto, and ends at, the* Colon *and ſtraight gut ; ſometimes it iſſues from the ſpleene veine.*

Veine hepatique. *The liver veine,*

Veine honteuſe. *A fifth branch of the flanke veines ; beſtoweth it ſelfe among the privy parts of women, and on the outward skinne of the yard, and cods of men.*

Veine humerale. *The Humerall or ſhoulder veine.*

Veine hypogaſtrique. *The third branch of the flanke veines, and is it ſelfe divided into ſeverall branches ; the firſt whereof runne unto the yard, bladder, and ſtraight gut, and thence to the bottome of the fundament ; others unto the matrix ; and others after a long courſe, go down almoſt unto the ham.*

Veine jartiere. *The garter, or gartering, vein ; a fourth branch of the thigh veine, from which it deſcends among the backe muskles of the thigh, unto the bought of the ham, where it gets this name.*

Veines Iliaques. *Th'Iliacke, or flanke veines ; two main deſcendent branches of the hollow vein, a right and a left one, from either of which five others iſſue ; the right one is opened againſt the dropſie, and other diſeaſes of the liver ; the left one for the paſſion of the ſpleen.*

Veine intercoſtale. *The fourth branch of the trunk aſcendent of the hollow veine : It feeds three diſtances between th'upper ribs.*

Veine inteſtinale. *A fourth branch of* la Porte, *from the poſterior, and right, part whereof it iſſues, and communicates it ſelfe ſometimes unto the hungry gut, and ſometimes to the* Douze doigtier.

Veines jugulares. *The two throat, or neck, veines ; viz. an outward one (the firſt diviſion of* la Souſclaviere) *which is ſometimes double, & mounts along the ſides of the neck unto the bottome of the head, where it is divided into five branches ; And an inward one (the ſecond branch of* la Souſclaviere) *which aſcends along by the windepipe unto the bottome of the braine, and is there divided into two branches.*

Veines labieres. *The lip veines, whereof there be two on each inner ſide both of the upper, and under lip.*

Veine lumbaire. *The veine of the loines; the fourth branch of the deſcendent trunk of* la Cave, *divided neere unto it ſowſe into divers parts, all which beſtow themſelves among the foure joynts of the loynes.*

Veine mammale. *A third branch of* la Souſclaviere ; *double, an inward, and an outward, one, diſtributed among the parts of the breaſts.*

Veine matricaire. *The matrix veine; or a veine that runs along the flanke neere to the reines.*

Veine mediane. *The middle, common, or black veine, compounded of the two leſſe branches of the liver, and head veines, and running along the middle of the arme almoſt unto the wriſt, where it paſſes into the form of an* Y *into the hand: there is likewiſe another of this name under th'inſtup.*

Veines meſeraïques. *as* Meſenteriques.

Veines meſenteriques. *Two veines; one, a branch of* la Porte, *ends at the* Meſentere ; *but is formerly divided into three branches, whereof the other is the third, and called ſo becauſe it likewiſe ends at the* Meſentere, *in ſome* 14 *or* 15 *branches.*

Veine muſculeuſe. *The firſt branch of the flank veines ; termed thus, becauſe it communicates it ſelfe with divers muskles about the belly, and loynes.*

Veine naſale. *The noſe veine, ſeated between the naſethrils.*

Veine oculaire ; ou, oeilliere. *The eye veine ; that part of the forehead veine which runnes along by the inſide of the eye.*

Veines organiques. *as* Veines Iliaques.

Veine pericardique. *The ſecond branch of the* Souſclaviere, *whence it runs unto the* Pericarde, *and there ends.*

Veine popletique. *The ham veine ; as* Iartiere.

Veine porte. *The port, or carrying veine, ſeated in the liver by divers roots, the which, at length, joyn in one ſtock, or trunk, and ſo paſſe forth into the ventricle, ſpleen, gall,* Meſentere, *and other parts of the body.*

Veine ranulaire. *The firſt branch of the outward throat veine; aſcends unto the tongue, and parts in two under each ſide thereof.*

Veines renales. *The kidney veines ; two thick, and ſhort branches of the deſcendent trunke of the hollow veine ; a right, and a left one ; divided into* 7 *or* 8 *others (when they come neer the kidney, into the ſubſtance whereof they enter ;) there is likewiſe another of this name ſeated under th'inſtup.*

Veine ſacrée. *The ſecond branch of the flank veine, running to the* Os ſacré, *and thereupon getting this name.*

Veine ſalvatelle. *Is made of the two bigger branches of the liver, and head veines, from which it runnes through the wriſt into the hand, and unto the root, or diviſion of the third, and little fingers.*

Veine ſans pair. *A third branch of the hollow veine, out of the right ſide whereof it runs to nouriſh the ſpaces between eight ribs.*

Veine ſaphene. *The mother veine ; the firſt branch of the thigh veine, conſiſting of two diviſions ; the one inward, which ends among the inner kernells of the thigh ; the other more outward hath three branches, the firſt ends in the skin of the thigh, the ſecond goes but unto the knee, the third unto the muskles of the leg ; whence running along above the inner ankle (where it is moſt opened, and known by this name) it comes unto the ſole of the foot, and there ends.*

Veine ſciatique. *The ſciatick veine ; a branch of the thigh veine, which deſcends down the leg unto the outward ankle, where it is commonly opened for the* Sciatica, *and thereupon gets this name.*

Veine ſeynale. *as* Veine ſalvatelle.

Veine ſouſclaviere. *One of the two main aſcendent branches of the hollow veine, divided into ſix parts.*

Veine ſpermatique. *The third branch of the trunke deſcendent of the hollow veine.*

Veine ſplenatique. *The ſpleen veine ; one of the two maine branches of* la Porte, *from which it runs unto the ſpleen, and there ends divided into four parts.*

Veine ſtomachique. *The ſtomach veine ; runs unto the hollow part of the ventricle, and there ends in two branches.*

Veine ſurale. *One of the two maine branches of the thigh veine, moſt eminent in the bought of the knee, from whence it beſtowes, and loſes, it ſelfe among the muskles of the calfe of the leg.*

Veine ſuſclaviere. *The ſecond maine aſcendent branch of the hollow veine, divided into three branches.*

Veine temporale. *The veine of the temples ; opened for the* Megrum, *pain of the eares, and extraordinary watering of the eyes.*

Veine thorachique. *The breaſt veine ; the ſixth branch of* la Souſclaviere ; *is divided into two others, both which beſtow themſelves among the muskles of the* Thorax.

Veine Thymique. *The firſt branch of* la Souſclaviere ; *goes unto the ſag-piece, or kernell which is under the* Kanvell bone.

Veine torculaire. *The ſecond branch of the outward throat veine, from which it aſcends by the inſide of the ſkull unto the braine, which it moiſtens, and feeds.*

Veine vmbilicale. *That whereby an infant in the wombe receiveth nouriſhment, and which, it being borne, doth cloſe it ſelf, and ſerveth as a ligament to ſettle the liver unto the navell.*

Laiſſer la lancette dans la veine. *To fill a man with doubts, and leave him unreſolved ; to bring him into trouble, and then to abandon him ; or, to begin to remedy a miſchiefe, and preſently, (of malice, or negligence) to give over ſo good a beginning.*

Il n'a veine qu'y tend. *He hath no manner of humor unto it.*
Tu luy as bien trouvé la veine. *Thou haſt hit him right.*
† Veiné : m. ée : f. *Veined, or full of veines.*
Veinelette : f. *A very little veine.*
Veinette : f. *A little veine.*
Veineux : m. euſe : f. *Veinie, full of veines.*
Artere veineuſe. *Look* Artere.
† Veinu : m. uë : f. *Veinie ; or, as* Veineux.
† Vejove : m. *A wicked ſpirit ; a god that can do hurt, and will do no good.*
Veirat : m. *The Makerell fiſh.*
† Velà. *as* Voilà.
Velar : m. *The herb called bank Creſſes, and by ſome wild Muſtard (but not ſo properly ;) others improperly call the Rape Chadlock, or Charlock, ſo.*
Veleure : f. *Shag, hairineſſe, nappineſſe,*
Veleux : m. euſe : f. *Full of, or abounding in, calves.*
Velin. *as* Venin ; *alſo, vellam ; whence ;*
Velins. *Smooth peeces of fine parchment, or of vellam.*
† Vellé : m. ée : f. *Calved.*
† Veller. *To veile, cover, &c. as* Voiler ; *alſo, to calve.*
La vache du riche velle ſouvent, celle du povre avorte ; Prov. *The rich mans cow doth often calve, the poore mans oft miſcarries.*
† Vellication : f. *A plucking, pulling, lugging ; alſo, a carping at, a depraving, or detracting from.*
Velocité : f. *Velocity, ſpeed, ſwiftneſſe, fleetneſſe, quickneſſe, nimbleneſſe.*
Velours : m. *Velvet.*
Velours figuré. *Branched Velvet.*
Velours à fond de ſatin pourfilé. *Figured Satin.*
Velours à long poil. *Unſhorne Velvet.*
Tripe de velours. *Valure, Mock-velvet, Fuſtian an Apes.*
Ventre de velours robbe de bureau ; Prov. *Much belly-cheere, and dainty fare, doth make the garments poore and bare.*
Velous. *as* Velours.
Velouté : m. ée. : f. *Velveted, of Velvet, clad, or covered with Velvet,*
Cuir velouté. *Frize leather.*
Taffetas velouté. *Taffe-taffata.*
† Veloutier : m. *A maker of Velvet.*
Veloux. *as* Velours.
Velu : m. uë : f. *Hairy, ſhag, nappy, or of a high nap, full of haire, rough with haire.*
Couverture veluë. *An Iriſh rug, Mantle, Cadow.*
Herbe veluë. *Cudwort, Cudweed, Cotton weed, Chaffe-weed.*
† Veluate. *as* Veluoté.
Veluette : f. *Piloſella, Mouſe-eare.*
† Veluoté : m. *Speed-well, female Fluellin.*
† Veluté. *as* Velouté.
Venaiſon : f. *Veniſon ; the fleſh of (edible) beaſts of chaſe ; as the Deere, wild Boare, &c. alſo, the fat of their fleſh ; whence ;*
Le ſanglier a chargé ſa venaiſon. *The Boar is very fat : and,* Il a trois doigts de venaiſon ; *He is three inches fat.*
Toute chair n'eſt pas venaiſon ; Prov. *all diſhes are not dainties ; or as under* Chair.
Venal : m. ale : m. *Vendible, ſalt, ſalable, ſet or let unto ſale, that may be hired or had for money ; that will do any thing for money.*
Venalement. *Vendibly, ſalably, ſellably.*
Venalité : f. *Venality, vendibleneſſe ; a being ſalable ; a letting or ſetting unto ſale.*
Venant. *Comming, arriving ; happening ; growing.*
Vendable : com, *as* Vendible.
Vendange ; *(or better)* Vendenge : f. *Vintage, vine-harveſt, grape-harveſt, grape-gathering, wine-making ; and the ſeaſon wherein it is made ; (In all which ſenſes this word is, for the moſt part, uſed plurally ;) alſo, grapes, or the fruit of vintage.*
Cuideur de vendenge. *as under* Cuideur.
Adieu paniers vendenges ſont faittes. *Farewell good fellowes, we have no further need of you, or uſe for you ; our turne's already ſerved ; our buſineſſe done.*
Vendengé : m. ée : f. *Cut, gathered, and made into wine, as grapes.*
Vendengeoire : m. *The basket, ſcuttle, or pannier whereinto grapes are gathered.*
Vendenger. *To cut and gather grapes for wine, to make wine of grapes ; to performe, or finiſh his vintage, (whereof this word comprehends all the parts.)*
Vendengeret : m. ette : f. *Belonging to, or ſerving for, vintage.*
Vendengeur : m. *A Vintager, or vine-reaper ; a cutter or gatherer of grapes, in vintage.*
Vendengeuſe : f. *A woman thats hired, &c. in vintage time, to cut, or gather grapes.*
Vendereſſe : f. *A woman that ſelleth.*
Vendeur : m. *A ſeller.*
Vendeuſe : f. *as* Vendereſſe.
Vendible : com. *Vendible, ſellable, ſale, alienable.*
Vendiquer. *To vendicate ; to claime, or challenge.*
Vendition : f. *A ſale, or ſelling.*
Droict de venditions. *Looke under* Droict.
Vendoiſe : f. *A Dace, or Dare-fiſh.*
Vendre. *To ſell, make ſale of, ſet to ſale ; to alien or paſſe away for money, &c.* (Vendre en beaucoup des anciennes ordonnances ſignifie, Bailler à ferme. ¶ l' Oiſeau.)
A l'hoſtel priſer, & au marché vendre ; Pro. *Set prices on thy things at home, but paſſe them away abroad.*
Fille qui prend elle ſe vend ; Prov. *A maid by taking ſels her liberty ; or, the maid that woers proffered gifts doth take, a wanton bargain will be drawn to make.*
Ou pain faut tout eſt à vendre ; Prov. *A man will ſell all rather than be ſtarved.*
Pour laver ſes mains on n'en vend pas ſa terre ; Prov. *It is no great coſt to be cleanely.*
Toute choſe ſe vend au pris de l'oeil de l'homme ; Pro. *Mans eye doth rule the price of every thing.*
Vn quartier fait l'autre vendre ; Prov. *One peece doth helpe to paſſe away the other.*
Vendredi : m. *Friday.*
Vendredi oré ; Sainct ; &, le grand vendredi. *Good Friday.*
Vendu : m. uë : f. *Sold, made ſale of, ſet to ſale ; alienated, or paſſed away, for money, &c.*
Choſe qui plaiſt eſt à demi venduë ; Pro. *Ware that is pleaſing to th'eye is paſſed away by and by.*
Marchandiſe offerte eſt à demi venduë ; Prov. *Ware that is offered yeelds but halfe a price ; we ſay, proffered ware ſtinkes.*
Venduë : f. *as* Vente.
Vené. *as* Veiné.
Venefique : com. *Venomous, poiſonous, contagious.*
Venelle du lict : f. *The ſpace between a bed, and the wall ; and (when there is ſuch a ſpace) the beds ſide next unto the wall.*
Il eſt bien apparenté, mais c'eſt au coſté de la venelle. *He is of a good houſe, but yet he came in at the window.*
Venenoſité : f. *Venomedneſſe, venomouſneſſe.*
Vener. *To hunt.*
Vénerable : com. *Venerable, reverend, honourable.*
Veneration : f. *Veneration, reverence, awe, worſhip, honour.*
Venerie : f. *A hunt, or hunting ; alſo, a hound-houſe, or kennell for hounds.*
Venerien : m. enne : f. *Belonging to* Venus ; *alſo, addicted, or given, to venery ; lecherous, laſcivious.*
Veneur : m. *A Hunter, or Huntſman ; alſo, a kind of Spider, tearmed thus becauſe he is ever in chaſe of one prey or other.*
Grand Veneur de France. *The great Huntſman of France ; an Officer of the Crown, whoſe Juriſdiction extends only to the ruling of courſes, and judging of cauſes, that concerne hunting in forreſts ; but in old time (when he was called,* le grand foreſtier de France) *he had alſo as much authority as the Great Faulconer, and the* Maiſtre des eaux & forreſts, *enjoy at this day.*
C'eſt vne chaſſe ou le veneur eſt prins. *Look* Chaſſe.
Vengé. *Avenged, wreaked, revenged.*
Vengeance : f. *Vengeance, revengement, puniſhment.*
Venger. *To wreak, revenge, avenge, take vengeance of.*
Se venger en vn fief, ou heritage. *A purchaſer of rent iſſuing generally out of land in divers mannors, or fiefs, to avow, and declare, that he will have it onely out of one of them :* Car lors le Seigneur d'iceluy fief en a les ventes, ou bien peut vſer de puiſſance de fief. ¶ Ragueau.
Tel penſe venger ſa honte qui l'accroiſt ; Pro. *Some that do think to cover their ſhame, diſcover it ; ſome weening to redeeme their ſhame, increaſe it.*

Ven-

Vengereſſe : f. *A revengereſſe, an avengereſſe.*
Vengeron : m. *A Dace, or Dare-fiſh.*
Vengeur : m. *A revenger, avenger, puniſher of wrongs.*
Venim : m. *Venome ; any thing that impoiſoneth, or infecteth outwardly by touching.*
A la queuë giſt le venim ; Prov. *The laſt, is commonly the worſt, part of a practiſe, &c.*
Venimeux : m. euſe : f. *Venomous, full of venome.*
Venir. *To come ; arrive, approach, draw neere unto ; to proceed, iſſue, be derived, from ; to ſpring, prove, grow ; alſo, to happen, chance, or fall out.*
Venir bien. Cela luy vient bien. *That fits, becomes or agrees well with, him :* le compte vient bien ; *The reckoning fals out right.*
Venir à bien. *To ſucceed or fall out well, to turne unto good.*
Venir entre la bourſe, & les deniers. *To prevent, foreſtall, wipe the noſe of, come betweene and home ; A law-phraſe, uſed moſt when the next kinſman to a ſeller of land, redeems it, and diſappoints another that had, with the purchaſers conſent, undertaken it, and made ſure account of it.*
Venir à bout de. *To accompliſh, performe, bring to paſſe, atchieve, compaſſe, attain unto ; alſo, to rule, or overrule.*
Venir devant. *To prevent, or foreſtall ; to come, or appeare, before.*
Venir au devant. *To meet, or come to meet, with.*
Venir de dire. Ce qui ie viens de dire. *That which I did but even now deliver :* Comme ie viens de dire ; *As I ſaid very lately ; or, as I told you but new.*
Venir à ſes droicts. *Look under (the firſt)* Droict.
Venir à la loy. *To be received, or admitted, unto the waging of his Law.*
Au mieux venir. *At the beſt, how well ſoever it fall out, come the beſt of it that can.*
Des paroles ils viennent au poil. *From words they fall unto blowes.*
Il eut l'allée pour le venir. *He had his travell for his paines ; hee returned as empty, or poore, as he came.*
Il ne demeure pas trop qui vient ; Prov. *He that comes at the length ſtayed not too long.*
Quand beau vient ſur beau beau perd ſa beauté ; Prov. *When one faire colour is layed on another their beauty is utterly confounded.*
Qui vient eſt beau, qui apporte encores plus beau ; Prov. *A mans preſence doth much, but his purſe doth more.*
Qui toſt vient à ſon hoſtel mieux luy en eſt à ſon ſouper ; Prov. *Look* Hoſtel ; *or* Souper.
Tant crie on Noel qu'il vient ; Prov. *So long is Chriſtmas called for that it comes ; a conſtant importunity at length prevailes.*
Tout vient à poinct qui peut attendre ; Prov. *He that can wait long ſhall have a good houre.*
Veniſe : f. *Ceruſe, white lead (wherewith ſome women paint.)*
Venitiens : m. *Venitians ; the citizens of* Venice.
Le ſecours des Venitiens (trois iours apres la bataille.) *After meat muſtard ; after death a potion ; after judgement given our Counſell at leaſure to attend our cauſe.*
† Venne : f. *A fizzle, or ſmall fyſte.*
† Venneur : m. *A fizzler, or fyſter.*
† Vennier : m. *A kind of Pedler, or ſeller of old Iron ſtuffe.*
† Venredi. *Look* Vendredy.
Vent : m. *A wind ; a blaſt, gale, puffe, guſt, flaw, or berry, of wind ; alſo, a vent, ſmell, ſent, aire, breath, vapour ; alſo, a brute, rumour, noiſe, report.*
Vent d'amont. *An Eaſterly wind.*
Vent d'aval. *A weſt South-weſt wind ; or a Weſterly wind that ſomewhat inclines to the South.*
Vent d'Autom. *A South wind.*
Vent à la boline. *A ſide wind at ſea.*
Vent cardinal. *A principall, or direct wind ; as Eaſt, Weſt, &c.*
Vent collateral. *A ſide wind ; as North-weſt, South-eaſt, &c. or a quarter wind, at ſea.*
Vent coulis. *The wind, or ayre that commeth into a roome by a hole, crannie, or crevice ; held very unwholeſome.*
Vent derriere. *A fore-wind at ſea.*
Vent d'embas ; & fueillu. *A weſterly wind ; or as* Vent d'aval.
Vent de Galerne. *A North-weſt wind.*
Vent Greo. *A North-eaſt wind.*
Vent hautain. *The Southerne wind.*
Vent de Levant. *The Eaſt wind.*
Vent marin ; meridional ; ou de midi. *A South wind.*
Vent occidental. *The Weſt wind.*
Vent oriental. *The Eaſt wind.*
Vent pluau. *A Southern wind.*
Vent de ponent. *A Weſtern wind.*
Vent en pouppe. *A fore-wind at ſea ; and thence, eaſe, proſperity, good ſucceſſe, the world at will, every thing as one would have it.*
Vent à quartier. *A quarter wind, between a fore-wind, and a ſide wind.*
Vent ſeptentrional. *The North wind.*
Vent ſolaire. *The Eaſt wind.*
Herbe du vent. *The wind-flower ; ſo called becauſe it never opens but when the wind blowes.*
Avoir vent. Ie n'en ay eu vent ne voix. *I never heard a word, nor had any notice of it.*
Avoir le vent de. Il en a eu le vent. *He hath got an inkling, hee is come by the knowledge, of it.*
Batu de mauvais vent. *Croſt by a contrary, or malignant thwart ; whom fortune breathes maliciouſly upon.*
Donner voile à tous vents. *Look under* Donner.
Emporté du vent. Il ſe laiſſe emporter du vent. *He runs on freely, carried upon the wings of his owne conceit ; alſo, he is inconſtant, light-headed, variable, of a changeable humor.*
Autant en emporte le vent. *So much breath is waſted, ſo many ſpeeches loſt. Look* Emporter.
Eſtre au deſſus du vent. *To flouriſh, live in proſperity, be all a flaunt or a height.*
Eſtre au deſſus du vent de. *To get the wind, advantage, upperhand of ; to have a man under his lee ; The like is ;*
Eſtre ſur vent. *To be in the wind, or have the wind, of ;* Eſtre ſous vent ; *To be to the leeward, or under the lee, of.*
Faire voile à tout vent. *To follow the faſhions, or ſway of the time, how often ſoever they alter.*
Fendre le vent. *To runne his countrey.*
Iecter ſon vent. *To breath his laſt ; to give up the ghoſt.*
Iecter la plume au vent. *To grow careleſſe, let the world runne ; weigh not how matters paſſe, which way hee goes, what courſe he takes, what thing he does ; The ſame is ;* La plume jectée au vent ; *careleſly, or that way the ſtaffe fals ; (from thoſe which being irreſolute, or without deſigne, caſt feathers into the aire, and go on the way they flie.)*
Mettre ſa legitime au vent. *Fondly to paſſe or make away with, riotouſly to conſume or ſquander away, his whole portion, all that he hath.*
Mettre la plume au vent. *as* Iecter la plume au vent.
Prendre le vent. *To get up, or againſt, the wind ; alſo, to vent, or wind ; to follow, or draw towards by the wind, ſent, or ſmell of.*
Tenir au vent. *To beare hard with, or ſayle very neere to, a wind.*
L'aureille au vent. *Liſtningly, attentively.*
Tout d'un vent. *At one breath, all at once.*
Vie foüet, & au vent. *Avant, &c. as under* Foüet.
I'ay veu d'autres vents venter. *I have ſeen better, or other dayes ; I have known when the time, or ſtate of things, hath been other then it is.*
On a veu d'auſſi grand vent venter (ſans abbatre les maiſons.) *wee have heard of as many brags made, or threats uſed, and yet nothing, or no hurt, done.*
Qui veut tirer quelque choſe de ce vaiſſeau il luy faut donner du vent. *He that will draw ought out of his Piece, muſt give him vent, viz. muſt collaud, or collogue with, him.*
Le vent, la tempeſte, & l'orage monſtrent du nocher la courage ; Prov. *Croſſes are the touchſtones of courage.*
Vent au viſage rend l'homme ſage ; Prov. *Adverſities teach a man wit.*
Nul vent ne fait pour celuy qui n'a point de port deſtiné ; Prov. *No wind can blow him to good whom Deſtinie will not harbour.*
Les mal-veſtus devers le vent ; Prov. *He that worſt may the candle holdeth ; or as under* Mal-veſtu.
Qui eſt ſur la mer ne fait pas des vents ce qu'il veut ; Prov. *The Mariner can make no winds ; or, the Sayler cannot have what winds he will.*
Ventail : m. *A childiſh toy of a card cut acroſſe, like the ſayles of a wind-mill, and put with a pinne unto the end of a ſticke,*

and ſo held into the wind, which makes it to twirle very faſt about.

Ventaille : f. *The breathing part of a helmet; the ſight of the beaver.*

Ventailles du ciel. *The windowes, or ſloud-gates of heaven.*

Ventau : m. *as* Ventail; *alſo, a Fan.*

Vente : f. *A ſale, or ſelling; an alienation, or paſſing away for money, &c.*

Vente extraordinaire de bois. *A ſale of timber, or of great and high trees:* Vente ordinaire de bois; *a ſale of copſe-wood, underwood, or ſmall wood,*

Ventes. *A fine for alienation,* viz. *(for the moſt part)* 20 d. *in the pound, or the twelfth part of the price of land ſold, due ſometimes unto the Lord feodall, but more commonly to Lords* Cenſuel, *of whom it is held; and paied, in ſome places, by the purchaſer, in others, by the ſeller, and in others, between them both: The French Lawes, and cuſtomes, do often joyn with this another duty, called* Lods, *which comes to as much more.*

Ventes, & gants; ventes, & honneurs; ventes, & iſſuës. *Look under* Droict.

Si boute tel feur telle vente. *The thing is ſold even as it was bought, it goes away as it came; or, no matter, 'tis well-enough, let it be how it will be.*

Venté. *Blown, puffed.*

Venteler. *To breath, or blow a ſoft gale; alſo, to wave, hover, waver; alſo, to aire, in the wind; alſo, to vanne, or winnow corn; and to toſſe or canvaſſe to and fro; to turn out of one hand into another.*

Ventelet : m. *A little wind, a ſmall puffe, gentle gale, coole blaſt, of wind.*

Ventelle. *as* Ventaille.

Venter. *The wind to blow or puffe.*

I'ay veu d'autres vents venter. *Look under* Vent.

On a veu d'auſſi grand vent venter. *We have known as great a wind as this without any houſe blown down; (In anſwer to one that ſpeakes big words, but is valiant in nothing but words.)*

Tant vente qu'il pleut: &, Tant tonne, & vente que pluye deſcend; Prov. *This wind will have rain; bloud-wipes often follow big words.*

Venter. se Venter. *To brag. Look* se Vanter.

Venteroles; *or* Venterolles, Droict de vent. *A certain fine due to a Landlord from the purchaſer that undertakes to diſcharge his ſelling tenant of all fines. Look* Droict.

Venteux : m. euſe : f. *as* Vanteux; *alſo, windy, full of wind; as light, or as ſwift, as the wind.*

Ventier. *whence,* Marchand ventier; Aſçavoir, de ventes de bois.

Ventilation : f. *A ventilation, breathing, or gentle blowing; alſo, a waving, or hovering in the aire; a winnowing, or airing in the wind; alſo, an eſtimation, valuation, prizing.*

Ventiler. *To gather wind, &c. as* Venteler; *alſo, to eſtimate, prize, value.*

Ventoir : m. *as* Ventail.

Ventelin : m. *A very ſmall wind.*

Ventoſe : f. *A cupping glaſſe.*

Ventoſer. *To cup, or apply cupping glaſſes.*

Ventoſité : f. *Ventoſity, windineſſe.*

Ventouſe. *as* Ventoſe; *alſo, a vent in caſk.*

Ventouſé : m. ée : f. *Cupped with a cupping glaſſe; alſo, vented.*

Ventre : m. *The belly, paunch; wombe.*

Ventre de bureau. *One that feeds groſſely, or eats none but corſe meats.*

Ventre goy. *(Corruptly, or clowniſhly) for* Ventre Dieu.

Ventre inferieur. *The belly from the bulk to the privities*

Ventre moyen. *The bulke, breaſt, or ſtomack; all that part which the ribs incloſe.*

Ventre à la poulaine. *A gulch, big-belly, gorbelly, ſwag-paunch, bundle of guts,*

Ventre ſuperficiel. *as* Epigaſtre.

Ventre ſuperieur. *The head, ſo called by Anatomiſts.*

Haut ventre. *The ſtomack.*

Mal de ventre. *The wormes; or belly-ache; a fretting, wringing, or griping in the belly.*

Sur le ventre. *Groveling.*

Eſtre en la paille iuſques au ventre. *To be fully accommodated, eaſefully lodged, plentifully furniſhed, both for uſe, and delight.*

Faire bon ventre. *To looſen the belly, to make ſoluble.*

Mettre le coeur au ventre. Cela luy mit le coeur au ventre. *That heartened, cheared, or comforted him; that made him take heart at greſſe.*

Saulter à deux pied ſur le ventre à. *Look* Saulter.

C'eſt le ventre ma mere. *I will come no more there, I will do no more ſo.*

Il y demeura le ventre au ſoleil. *He left his guts there, he was there knockt in the head.*

Ventre affamé n'a point d'oreilles; Pro. *Hunger no eare to reaſon yeeldeth.*

Ventre de velours robbe de bureau; Pro. *Look* Velours.

Le ventre emporte la teſte; Pro. *The appetite often overrules the wit; or, as under* Emporter.

En petit ventre grand coeur; Pro. *A great ſtomack oft lodges in a little one.*

Il n'eſt horologe plus juſte que le ventre; Pro. *No clock more juſt, or true, then the belly; or, the belly is beſt diall, to give all things their triall.*

La verge ennobliſt, & le ventre affranchiſt. *(A Proverbe, or Principall in the French Lawes) Children are by their father ennobled, and by their mother infranchiſed; but this is not alwaies ſo.*

Ventrée : f. *A belly-full; or, more particularly, the burthen or load of a womans belly; the child wherewith ſhee goes; alſo, the cholick, belly-ache, or griping of the belly (eſpecially in horſes.)*

Succeder par ventrées. *To ſucceed by venters; or land to be divided among the iſſue a man hath by divers wives, or venters.*

Ventrelet : m. *A little belly.*

Ventreſque; f. *Is generally th'offalls, intralls, inwards, guts, or paunch of an (edible) creature; as a calves pluck, a hogs hoſtes, a ſheeps gather, &c. but particularly, the belly (which is the daintieſt) part of a Tunny.*

Ventricule : m. *The ventricle; the place wherein the meat ſent from the ſtomack is digeſted; ſome call ſo the ſtomack it ſelfe; others expreſſe by it th'Epigaſtre.*

Ventricules du coeur. *The ventricles of the heart; two large holes, one on the right, th'other on the left, ſide thereof; that, the greater, and cloſed within a ſtender fleſh, containes the naturall bloud, this, of a harder ſubſtance, containes the bloud wherewith our Arteries be nouriſhed; and thereupon that is called, the bloudy, this the ſpirituall, ventricle.*

Ventricule poſterieur du cerveau. *The binder ventricle, or tunnell of the brain; the ſeat of the memory.*

Ventriere : f. *A belly-band for a draught horſe.*

Ventripotent. *Ventripotent, big-paunch, belly-able, huge-guts. &* Rab.

se Ventrouiller. *as* Se veautrer.

Ventru : m, üe : f. *Paunchy, great-bellied, gorbellied, full-bellied, all-guts, all-belly.*

† Venture. *as* Adventure.

Venu. *Come, arrived, approached, or drawn neer unto; proceeded, iſſued, or derived from; ſprung, proven, grown; happened, chanced, betided.*

Le dernier venu eſt le mieux aimé. Le dernier venu ferme la porte. &, Les derniers venus ſont les maiſtres; Prov. *Look* Dernier.

Venuë : f. *A comming, arrivall, approach; a paſſage, acceſſe; increaſe, growth, growing, or comming on; alſo, a venny in fencing; alſo, a turn, trick, jert, or jerk.*

La venuë des arondelles. *The comming in of Swallowes, about the 22 of March.*

Attendre la venuë du boiteux. *Look* Attendre.

Tout d'une venuë. *Without any diviſion, all of one peece; all of one ſhape, ſize, making; alſo, at once, at a clap, at the ſame time, by the ſame meanes; while his hand is in, or while he is at it.*

Venus : f. Venus; *one of the ſeven Planets, the day or morning ſtar; alſo, the Goddeſſe of luſt; or luſt, venery, wantonneſſe, unchaſtneſſe, lechery; alſo (among Alchymiſts) the metall Copper.*

Cheveux de Venus. Venus *hair, our Ladies haire, black maiden-haire, true maiden haire (an herb.)*

Pour Venus advienne Barbet le chien. *Loſſe, or ill luck, betide him: an imprecation, or ſpightfull wiſh, relating to the play at buckle-bones, wherein he that turnes up* Venus *(figured on one ſide of the bone) doth win; whereas he that turnes up the dog, doth loſe.*

Veoir. *To view, ſee, look, perceive, behold, overſee, ſurvey; pry, ſpie; mark, note, heed, obſerve, regard; examine, ſearch into, conſider of, adviſe, or find ſome meanes for.*

Voici, ou, vous voyés la reſte. *Looke* Reſte.

Voila qui eſt bon. *Why this is good, well, brave.*

'A le veoir. *To ſee to, or be ſeemed.*

Ne voici pas vne brave reſponſe? *Is not this a goodly anſwer think you?*

Il m'eſt à veior, que. *Me thinks, or it ſeems unto me, that.*

Il n'a rien que veoir en, ou ſur, cela. *He hath nought to do with that, it concernes him not, he is not to meddle with all.*

Qui voit enfant, il voit neant; Prov.

He

He that an infant ſeeth, nothing ſeeth.

Qui voit la maiſon de ſon Seigneur, il n'y a profit ny honneur; Prov. *Looke* Seigneur.

Tout voir, tout ouïr, & rien dire, merite en tout temps qu'on l'admire; Prov. *To heare, and ſee, and nought to ſay, deſerves to beare the bell away.*

Il eſt bien povre qui ne voit goutte; Pro. *He that wants eyes may well be tearmed poor.*

Quand les yeux voyent ce que ne veirent oncques, le coeur penſe ce qu'il ne penſa oncques; Pro. *New objects in the eyes, new thoughts in the heart.*

Tels ſont huy qui demain ne verront pas; Pro. *To day a man, to morrow none.*

Ver: m. *A worme.*

Ver coquin. *A certaine worme bred in a mans head, and making him cholericke, humorous, and fantaſticall when it biteth; alſo, the Vine-fretter, or Devills Goldring.*

Vers courts. *Arſe-wormes; little round worms which breed in the ends of our guts.*

Ver volant. *A Ringworme, or Tetter.*

Mal de ver. *The farcie in a horſe.*

Mort aux vers. *Wormeſeed, or wormeſeedwort.*

Nud comme vn ver. *We ſay, bare as a birds arſe; poor as* Job.

Tirer les vers du nez à. *as under* Tirer; *or, to creep into a mans moſt inward conceits; to fetch out of him the very ſecrets of his heart.*

Tout eſtat eſt viande aux vers; Pro. *All States are wormes ataates.*

Ver. Menu ver. *Look under* Vair.

† Veracée: f. *The fulneſſe, or full meaſure of a certaine veſſell (ſomewhat like a Porringer) wherein* Caillebotes *are uſually put.*

† Veraire: m. *The herb called Hellebore (eſpecially the black one.)*

Veraire blanc. *White Hellebore, Lingwort, Neeſewort; of whoſe root Neeſing powder is made.*

Veraire noir. *Black Hellebore, Chriſts wort, Chriſts root.*

Verangenes. *Mad apples, raging apples.*

† Verart, & Veratre: m. *as* Veraire.

Verbal: m. ale: f. *Verball, of words, onely in words, according to the word.*

Appellation verbale. Se plaide verbalement, & ſe peut juger ſur le champ en l'audience; à la difference du procez par eſcript, qui ſe diſtribuë, & juge en la chambre ſur les enqueſtes, & productions des parties.

Procés verbal. *A verball anſwer made by a party before a Judge; or, more generally, a verball report (made by Judge, or party) of all the parts, and pleadings of a ſute, alſo, the Returne, or anſwer of a Sergeant upon an Execution, &c.*

Verbalement. *Verbally, by word of mouth.*

Verbaſce: m. *Mullein, Higtaper, Torches, Haresbread, Woolblade, Longwort, Bullocks Longwort.*

Verbe: m. *A (Gramaticall) Verbe.*

Verbe: com. *Stout, hauty, ſtomackfull,*

† Verbenique: f. *Vervine, Pigeons croſſe, Holy-herb, Juno's teares, Mercuries moiſt-bloud. Look* Verveine.

Verberie. *The name of a Burrough within the Duchie of* Valois, *and in the highway between* Senlis, *and* Compiegne; *whence;*

Sautereaux, ou tombereaux de Verberie. *The boyes of that Burrough, tearmed ſo becauſe they are woont for the ſport of paſſengers (giving them ſome ſmall peece of money) and without any hurt unto themſelves, to tumble from the top to the bottome of a hill that is thereby.*

† Verck. menu verck. *as* Menu vair, *under* Vair.

Verd: m. *A green, or green colour; a green bough, green Carpet, green thing; alſo, greenneſſe.*

Verd d'aſur. *A certain blewiſh green ſtone, found in Mines of Copper which be mingled with ſilver, and an excellent purger of melancholy.*

Verd de chevre. *A kind of ſand, whereof Painters make their greenes.*

Verd de flambe. *A green colour made of the bruiſed leaves of the Flower de luce.*

Verd gay. *A Popinjay green.*

Verd de glayeul. *as* Verd de flambe.

Verd de gris. *Verdigreaſe, a Spaniſh green*

Verd d'oye. *Gooſe-turd green; a greeniſh yellow; or a colour which is between a green and a yellow.*

Verd de terre. *A kind of green minerall chaulke, or ſand.*

Verd de veſſie. *Sap-green; a green made of Buckthorn berries.*

Employer le verd, & le ſec. *Looke* Sec.

Prendre ſans verd. *To take napping or unprovided, ſurpriſe on a ſuddaine or at unawares; (A phraſe derived from the ſport, or ſportfull agreement (uſed in ſome parts of France) which binds him thats taken without a green leafe about him, to forfeit ſomewhat.)*

Verd: m. verde: f. *Green; freſh, new; flouriſhing, youthfull, in prime, lively pithy, ſturdy, ſtrong; alſo, rawly tart or ſharpe, as unripe fruit, or wine, &c.*

Cuir verd. *A raw hide.*

Huis verd. *A peece of Tapeſtry, or Darnix, hanging before a door*

Lict verd. *A couch, or bed of eaſe.*

Oeil verd. *A grey eye.*

Teſte verde. *An inconſiderate, unexperienced, raſh, or hare-braind noddy.*

Donner de verdes. Il nous a donné de bien verdes. *He hath gulled us extremely, he hath told us many a loud lye.*

Mettre entre deux verdes vne meure. *To tumble good and bad, ripe and raw, together; or for the better paſſing away of bad things to put ſome few good ones among them.*

Verdales: f. *A kind of grapes.*

Verdalle: f. *A Dunneck, or Hedge-ſparrow.*

Verdaſtre: com. *Greeniſh, or ſomewhat green.*

Verdelet: m. *The tender, and delicate peare, called a Greening.*

Verdelet: m. ette: f. *Pretty and green; onely beginning to be greene, but young, not yet ripe; alſo, a little raw, tart, ſharpe.*

Verdement. *Greenly; freſhly, newly; flouriſhingly; youthfully, luſtily, ſtrongly, luſtily; alſo, rawly, ſharply, ſourely.*

Verdere, & Verdereule: f. *The little bird called a Yellow-hammer, or Yowling.*

Verderie: f. *The Office of a Verderer in a Forreſt.*

† Verderis: m. *Verdigreaſe.*

Verdet: m. *The ſame; called alſo, Spaniſh green.*

Verdeur: f. *Verdure, greeneneſſe; alſo, a raw, or naturall ſoureneſſe in wine, fruits, &c. Look* Verdure.

Verdureux: m. euſe: f. *Somewhat green.*

Verdier: m. *A Verderer, or Overſeer of a forreſt, a Judge or Officer (next in authority unto the* Maiſtre des Eaux & forests) *who commands all the Rangers, Woodwards, Forreſters, &c. and puniſhes their and other mens diſorders, in caſes not exceeding the penalty, or forfeiture of 60s. Tourn. Alſo, the little ſinging bird called a Greenfinch; alſo, the little venomous green Toad; alſo, a Gardener, or Orchard-keeper.*

Verdillon: m. *An unripe, or ſowre grape.*

Verdir. *To flouriſh, or wax green.*

Verdon: m. *A Dunneck, Dike-ſmowler Hedge-ſparrow.*

Verdondaine, & Verdondille. (*Fained and found oaths.*)

Verdot: m. otte: f. *Greeniſh, a little green; young, raw, or not yet ripe,*

Verdoyant: m. ante: f. *Flouriſhing, full of greeneneſſe; lively, youthfull, ſtrong.*

Verdoyer. *To flouriſh; to be green, young, luſty, youthfull, ſtrong.*

Verdrier: m. *The Gold-hammer, Yellow-hammer, Yowling.*

Verducade: f. *A Cloſet; a biding hole, or corner.*

Verdugalle: f. *A Vardingall.*

Verdun: m. *The little Rapier called a Tuck; alſo, as* Verdrier; *or as* Verdon.

Verdure: f. *Verdure, greeneneſſe, or green things, as herbs, green boughs, &c. alſo, as* Verdeur.

Ouvrage de verdure. *Forreſt work; or flouriſht work, wherein gardens, woods, or forreſts be repreſented.*

† Verdurer. *To make, or become green.*

† Verdurier: m. Verduriere: f. *An herb-man, or woman; one that furniſhes a houſe with ſuch green things as be in ſeaſon.*

Vere. *as* Voire. ℣ Norm. ℣ Rab.

Verecond: m. de; t. *Demure, ſhamefac'd, baſhfull, modeſt.*

Vereſque: f. *A wrecke of the ſea.*

Veret: m. *A little worme; or, a kind of little worme; alſo, as* Gueret *(in the firſt ſenſe.)*

Vereux: m. euſe: f. *Wormy, full of worms; alſo, wormeaten; and thence, faulty, failing, in decay. Look* Verreux.

Vergadelle: f. *A pond-fiſh, like unto, but leſſe then, the* Saupe.

Vergaland: m. *A luſty younker.*

Vergay. Brouët vergay d'anguille. *Broth made of Eeles boiled in ſmall pieces with Parſley, toſted bread, Saffron, and Ginger.*

Vergaye: f. *A kind of dance.*

Verge: f. *A rod, wand; ſtick, ſmall ſtaffe; a whuker, ſwitch, or ſcutcher, to ride with; a twig, ſprig, ſmall or ſingle branch; alſo, a Sergeants verge, or mace; alſo, a yard; alſo, the ſaile-yard of a ſhip; alſo, a plain hoope, or gimmall, ring; alſo, a rood*

of land; also, the rod wherewith a Thatcher fastens his straw to the roose.
Verge à berge. *The Teazle, Teazle, Fullers Thistle,* Venus basoa; also, *water Plantaine.*
Verge dorée. *The herb called Golden rod.*
Verges à nettoyer. *A brush.*
Verge d'or. *as* Verge dorée; also, *a gold ring.*
Verge de pasteur, ou pastorol. *as* Verge à berger.
Verge sanguine. *The Hounds tree, Dogberry tree, prick-timber tree.*
Le pouvoir de la verge, & sergenterie. *The liberty, or precinct, wherein a Sergeant may arrest, &c.*
De telles verges ils sont tous batus. *They are all sick of that disease.*
Mettre la main à la verge. *To dispossesse himselfe of an inheritance in presence of his Landlord, or of his Officer, by the delivery of a rod, or little stick, to him he passes it to.*
La verge ennoblit, & le ventre affranchit. *The gentleman ennobles his child, a free woman enfranchises hers.* Look Ventre.

Vergé: m. ée: f. *Made of rods, or twigs; also, streaked with long, and rod-like raies; also, worme-eaten.*

Vergée: f *A yard of, the length of a yard in; also, a yard-land, or, a rood of land.*

Verger: m. *A Verger; one that beares a Verge before a Magistrate, &c.*

† se Verger. *To be vewed, or streaked all over.*

† Vergeteux. *as* Vergeux.

Vergette: f. *A small rod, or wand; a twig, or sprig; also, a boyes-play with rods or wands pecked at a heap of points.*
Des vergettes. *A brush.*

Vergettons: m. *Small twigs, or sprigs.*

† Vergeux: m. euse: f. *Roddy, full of rods; of a rod, rod-like.*

Vergier: m. *An Orchard; also, as* Verger.

Vergilies: f. *The seven starres.*

Verglacer. *To freeze upon rain.*

Verglas: m. *Frost, or a freezing, presently after a misling rain, whereby the ground seemes in a manner glazed; also, a glazing upon a wall; or a painting that represents, and stands for, glasse.*

Verglassant, vent verglas. *A sharp freezing, or fleeting wind.*

Vergne. *Th' Aller, or Alder tree.*

† Vergobert: m. *A Maior, or Burgomaster.*

Vergongne: f. *Shame, bashfulnesse, blushing; also, the privy parts.*

Vergongner. *To shame, to make ashamed, to disgrace, or dash out of countenance.* se Vergongner. *To blush, or be ashamed at, to be out of countenance with.*

Vergongneux: m. euse: f. *Shamefull, shame-fac'd, bashfull, blushfull, demure, modest; also, shamelesse, impudent, brasen-fac'd, past shame.*

Vergue: f. *The sayle-yard of a ship; whence;* Vergues hautes; *with hoised sailes, or sayle-yards (Sayed of a ship that hath weighed anchor, and wants but wind to be gone with.)*

Veridique: com. *Truth-telling.*

Ver-jettons. *as* Vergettons.

Verification: f. *A verification, verifying, averring, approving.*

Verifié: m. ée: f. *Verified, avetred, approved, confirmed, make good.*

Verifier. *To verifie, averre, approve, confirme, prove true, make good.*

Verin: m. *as* Varin.

Verineux: m. euse: f. *Full of, troubled with, gnawn by, wormes.*

Verisimilitude: f. *Likelihood, possibility, resemblance of truth.*

Veritable: com. *True, sincere, upright, a man of his word.*

Veritablement. *Verily, truly, certainely; without faile, doubt, or question.*

Verité: f. *Verity, truth, sooth, very deed.*
Franche verité. (*Look* Franc.) *whence;*
Comparoir à la franche verité: &,
Tenir veritez; &, Tenir, ou Avoir, verité speciale. *A Sessions, or privy Sessions.*
Grande dispute la verité rebute; Pro. *Wrangling contention is truths prevention; The like is;*
Par trop debatre la verité se perd; *Too much debating makes truth to be lost.*

Verjus: m. *Verjuice; especially that which is made of sowre, and unripe grapes; also, the grapes whereof it is made.*
Verjus miellé. *Three parts of grape-verjuice, and one of clarified hony incorporated, or well mingled together.*
Estre mis au verjus. *To be trounst, or courst.*

Verm: m. *A worm.* ¶ Auvergnois.

Vermeil: m. *Vermillion, ruddinesse, a beautifull red.*

Vermeil: m. eille: f. *Vermillion, ruddy, reddish, claret, of a cleere or beautifull red.*
Soupe vermeille. *Look* Soupe.

† Vermeiller. *To roote for wormes, like a hog.*

Vermeillet: m. ette: f. *Somewhat ruddy, pretty and red.*

† Vermeilleur: m. *A rooter, or digger for wormes.*

Vermeillon, & Vermeillonner. *as* Vermillon, & Vermillonner.

Vermelet: m. *A very little worm.*

† Vermeniers: m. *Vermine; or as* Verminiere.

† Vermerie: f. *Wormes.*

Vermet: m. *A little worm.*

Vermiculaire: f. *Wild Prick-madame, great Stone-crop, Worme-grasse.*

† Vermiforme: com. *Fashioned like a worm.*

† Vermiformes. *Two worme-resembling parts of the* Cervelet.

† Vermiller. *To worme, to roote for wormes.*

Vermillon: m *Vermillion; a ruddy colour made of Brimstone and Quick-silver; also, as* Chermes; *also, a little worm.*
Arbre de vermillon. *The Skarlet Oke, or Skarlet Holm Oke.*

Vermillonné: m. ée: f. *Made ruddy, painted red; of a vermillion hue.*

Vermillonner. *To paint, or make Vermillion, or of a Vermillion hue; also, to blush, or wax red.*

Vermine: f. *Vermine; also, little beasts ingendred of corruption and filth; as Lice, Fleas, Ticks, Mice, Rats; and (most particularly) wormes.*

Vermineux: m. *The name of a certaine Spider whose body is full of spots.*

Vermineux: m. euse: f. *Wormie, or full of vermine.*
Herbe vermineuse. *Moath Mulleine.*

Verminiere: f. *A worme-hill; or a place neer a country house, wherein wormes are, of purpose, bred for pullein.*

Vermisseau: m. *A little worme.*

se Vermoulir. *To grow worm-eaten, mouldie, rotten.*

Vermoulissure: f. *A being worme-eaten, or full of worme-holes; rottennesse; mouldinesse.*

Vermoulu: m. uë: f. *Worme-eaten, full of worme-holes, rotten; mouldy.*

Verne. *as* Vergne.

Vernedé. *A certaine charme, or charming prayer, for the tooth-ache.*

Vernicer. *as* Vernisser.

† Vernillage. ce n'est que vernillage. *(Speaking of the starching of two or three bands at a time) this is but a pidling.*

† Vernilles: f. *Nistes, tristes, things of nothing, or no value.*

Vernis: m. *Varnish; (made of Linseed oyle and) the Gumme of the Juniper tree.*
Vernis liquide. *Tarre.*

Vernissé: m. ée: f. *Varnished; fleeked, or glazed over, with varnish.*

Vernisser. *To varnish, to fleeke, or glaze over, with Varnish.*

Verny. *as* Vernis.

Verole: f. *The small Pocks.*
La grosse verole. *The Neapolitane disease, called by us the French Pocks, though not very justly, the Spaniards having first brought it out of the Indies into Christendome, and bestowed it among the French, their enemies, at the siege of Naples, in the year 1528.*

Veroleux: m. euse: f. *Pocky, full of the Pocks.*

Verolique: com. *Pocky, of or belonging to the Pocks.*

Veron: m. *The little fish called a Menow.*
Il faut perdre vn veron pour pescher vn Saulmon; Pro. *A man must lose a feather to win a Goose; a small, to come by a great, matter.*

Veron. *whence;* Oeil veron. *Look under* Oeil.

Veronique: f. *The herb Fluellin, Speedwell,* Pauls Betony, *Ground-beele; also, a representation, image, picture, counterfeit, likenesse of; also, a sheet which, many beleeve, a woman of that name brought to wipe Christ withall when hee did sweat; which sheet is yet shewed, as a Relique, at* Rome.
Veronique femelle. *Fluellin the female; or Speedwell bearing a yellowish flower.*
Veronique masle. *The male Speed-well, or* Paules Betony *(the Author of the* Theatre d'Agriculture, *sayes it beares a reddish, or purple flower;* Gerard *hath six kinds thereof; and the first, which he cals* Veronica vera, & major, comes

comes neereſt unto the Frenchmans deſcription.)

Verrat: m. *A tame Boare; alſo, a Mackerell.*

Paillard comme vn verrat. *(Said of an extreme lecher.)*

Verrate: f. *A Sow.*

Verre: m. *Glaſſe; a drinking glaſſe.*

Droict de verre. *Look under* Droict.

A grand homme grand verre; Prov. *A great man cannot uſe a little glaſſe; men ſhould be fitted in things of much uſe.*

Verrerie: f. *A Glaſſe-houſe.*

Verrette: m. *A mans yard.* ℣ Rab.

Verreux: m. euſe: f. *as* Vermineux; *alſo, worme-eaten, corrupted, putrified; alſo, hot, cholerick, haſty; light-headed, odde humored, hare-braind.*

Faire le pois verreux. *To play the hypocrite; to ſeem more honeſt then he is; (as many worme-eaten Peaſe doe ſeem a great deale ſounder then they be.)*

† Verri: m. ie: f. *Shining, or tranſparent, like glaſſe.*

Parchemin verri. *Cleere Parchment, virgine Parchment.*

Verrier: m. *A Glazier; alſo, a Glaſſe-maker; alſo, a frame to ſet glaſſes in.*

Verriere: f. *A glaſſe-window; and, a piece of glaſſe wherewith a thing is incompaſſed, or covered; alſo, a Glaſſe-houſe; and the furnace wherein glaſſe is melted.*

Verrin: m. ine: f. *Glaſſie, or of glaſſe; whence,* Medicament verrin; *a blackiſh medecine, or ſalve, made of burnt glaſſes, and good againſt the ſtone.*

Verrine: f. *as* Verriere.

Verrouil: m. *A boult for a doore, &c.*

Verrouiller. *To boult a doore.*

Verrucaire: f. *The herb Wartwort, or Turnſole; ſome alſo call Gumme ſuccory ſo, becauſe the ſeeds thereof, in powder, take away warts.*

Verruë: f. *A wart.*

Verrüeux: m. euſe: f. *Warty, full of warts.*

Cichorée verrüenſe. *Yellow Gum Succory.*

Verruque: f. *as* Verruë; *alſo, a billock, or knap of a hill.*

Verry: m. *A mouldie cheeſe when it is greene; or any liquid thing which gathers a green mouldineſſe.*

Vers: m. *A verſe.*

Vers. *Towards, unto, neere to or by; at, with; before, or in preſence of; alſo, againſt.*

Verſal. *whence;* Lettres verſales; *Text letters; or great letters; ſuch as* Rex *in a Patent, &c.*

Verſane: f. *A diviſion, or part of a plowed ground, amounting to ſome 200 paces in length.*

Verſatil: m. ile: f. *Quickly turning, eaſily turned, or powred out.*

Verſé: m. ée: f. *Powred, or turned, out; ſpilt, or ſhed forth; overturned, overthrowne.*

Verſeau. *Aquarius; one of the twelve Signes of the Zodiack.*

Verſelet: m. *A little, or ſhort verſe.*

Verſement: m. *A powring out, or upon; a ſpilling, or ſhedding.*

Verſer. *To powre, turne, put, out, or upon; to ſhed, or ſpill; alſo, to converſe with.*

Verſer à boire à. *To fill drink for.*

Verſer vn chariot. *To wault, overturne, or overthrow a chariot; whence the Proverb;* Il n'eſt ſi bon chartier qui ne verſe; *The beſt that drives, will ſometimes wault, a cart.*

Verſer de l'huile ſur le feu. *Look* Feu.

Verſer par terre. *A horſe to throw his rider.*

Verſet: m. *A verſicle, or ſhort verſe.*

Verſeur: m. *A powrer; ſhedder, ſpiller; overturner, overthrower.*

Verſificateur: m. *A verſificator, verſifier, maker of verſes.*

Verſifier. *To verſifie, to make verſes.*

Verſure: f. *The taking up of money to pay debts with; whence;* Faire verſure; *To make ſhift; or to trouble one for the ſatisfying of another; or (as we ſay) to borrow of* Peter *to pay* Paul.

Verſures. *The remainder, or leavings of draughts powred out of late-drunk-in cups, or glaſſes, into ſome veſſell ſtanding under the cupboord, &c. for that purpoſe.*

Vert: m. *as* Verd: m. *alſo, the apple called a Greening.*

Vert: m. Verte: f. *Green. Look* Verd.

Vertaper. *To ſtop with a bung.* ℣ Orlean.

Vertau: m. *A ſtopple, or bung; alſo, as* Verroil.

Vert-de-gris: m. *Verdigreaſe.*

Vertebre: f. *A turning joynt, or joynt wherein the bones meet ſo as they may turne; as in the huckle bone, &c.*

Vertement, *as* Verdement.

Vertemoulte. Droict de vert. *Look under* Droict.

Vertevelles: f. *The great hindges of a gate.*

Vertical: m. ale: f. *Verticall; wavering, inconſtant, apt to change or turne; alſo, ſtanding right over the head.*

Cercle vertical. *The Verticall circle; a circle of the Azimuth which comes from the Zenith to the Horizon.*

Poinct vertical. *The Zenith, or point of the firmament which is directly over ones head.*

Vertige: f. *A dizzineſſe, giddineſſe, or ſwimming in the head; a diſeaſe wherein the patient thinkes that all things turne round.*

Vertigieux: m. euſe: f. *Giddie, dizzie, turning round; or troubled with the ſwimming of the braine.*

Vertigineux. *as* Vertigieux.

Vertigineſité: f. *A giddineſſe, dizzineſſe, or ſwimming of the head or braine.*

† Vertigné: m. ée: f. *Worme-eaten.*

† Vertiller. *To ſwell, or increaſe, as womens breaſts doe when the matricall veins are ſtretched by the menſtruall bloud.*

† Vertillons: m. *The whirling, round turning, or eddy of a water.*

† Vertir en quelque lieu. *To haunt, frequent, or be converſant in, a place.*

Il n'y ſçauroit vertir. *He cannot fadge with, he cannot abide, or frame himſelfe to.*

Vertjus, *as* Verjus.

Vertoeil: m. *A kind of greeniſh braſſe, whereof great Ordnance is made.*

† Vertoil: m. *The wherve, or whirle of lead belonging to a ſpindle.*

Vertu: f. *Vertue, goodneſſe, honeſtie, ſincerity, integrity; worth, perfection, deſert, merit; alſo, valour, proweſſe, manhood; alſo, energie, efficacie, force, power, might; alſo, a good part or property, a commendable quality.*

Les vertus ſurmontent les ſignes; Pro. *Look* Signe.

Contre peché eſt vertu medecine; Pro. *Vertuous muſt he be who of ſinne cur'd will be; or, let him, that of ſinne would recover, to vertue recourſe.*

Vertuëuſement. *Vertuouſly, honeſtly, manfully, worthily.*

Vertuëux: m. euſe: f. *Vertuous, honeſt, ſincere; manfull, valiant; worthy; thats furniſhed with good parts, and qualities.*

Vertugadin: m. *A little Vardingale.*

Vertugalle: f. *A Vardingale.*

Vertugoy. *for* Vertu dieu.

† Vertumal: m. ale: f. *Changeable at pleaſure, to be altered at will, or when one liſt.*

Vervaine. *as* Verveine.

Veruë: f. *A brawing, fraping, jangling, jarring; alſo, an od humour in a man; a worme in the head, or brizze in the taile; whence;*

Il luy a pris vne veruë. *Hee is growne very fantaſticall, humorous, giddie-braind; the worm pricks him, the toy hath taken him, in the head.*

† Verveil: m. *A Sweep-net, or Drag-net.*

Verveine: f. *Verveine, Holy herb, Juno's teares, Pigeons graſſe, Mercuries Moiſt-bloud.*

Verveine baſſe. *Holy Verveine, creeping Verveine; or as* Verveine femelle.

Verveine femelle. *Female Verveine, baſe or flat Verveine, creeping Verveine, holy Verveine.*

Verveine maſle. *Male Verveine, ſtraight or upright Verveine, common Verveine.*

† Verueleux: m. euſe: f. *Moody, humorous, fantaſticall, giddie-headed, hare-braind.*

Vervelles: f. *Varvels for a Hawke; alſo, as* Vertevelles.

Verveul. *as* Verveil.

Ver-volant: m. *A Ringworm, or Tettar.*

Veſce: f. *The pulſe called Fitch, or Vetch.*

Veſce noire. *The Tare, or bitter Fitch.*

Veſce ſauvage. *Strangle-tare, Tine, wild Fitch; or the ſmall wild Vetch, or Fitchling.*

Veſceron: m. *Strangle-tare, Tine, the wild Fitch.*

Veſcu. *Lived.*

Veſé. *Look* Vezé.

Veſialere. Femance veſialere. *A kind of Officer, or Magiſtrate, within the Juriſdiction of* la Solle.

† Veſicaire: f. *Red Nightſhade, Alkakengy, winter Cherries.*

† Veſicatif: m. ive: f. *Bliſtering, bliſter-raiſing.*

Veſicatoire: m. *A veſicatory; a cupping glaſſe, or any ſharpe ointment, cataplaſme, or plaſter, which hath power to draw humors outward, exulcerating the skinne, and raiſing little bliſters on it.*

Veſler. *To calfe. Set* Veller.

Veſner. *To frizzle.*

† Veſperies: f. *Evening exerciſes, or diſputations among the Sorbonills.*

Veſperiſé: m. ée: f. *Chidden, checked, taunted,*

taunted, ſchooled, reviled, railed on; alſo, mocked, flowted, jeaſted at, ridden, deryded.

Veſperiſer. *To checke, taunt, ſchoole, chide, revile; alſo, to mock, flowt, jeaſt at, ride, or deride.*

Veſpertin : m. ine : f. *Of the evening, done in an evening.*

Veſpre : m. *The evening.*

Il n'eſt ſi grand iour que ne vienne veſpre; Prov. *The longeſt day is ended by an evening.*

Veſprée ; f. *The evening tide, or ſeaſon.*

Veſpres : f. *Even-ſong, or Evening prayer.*

Veſpres Siciliennes ; Prov. *The Sicilian Evenſong ; miſchiefes done, or death inflicted, in a place, and time, of imagined ſecuritie ; (from a generall maſſacre of the French, made on a ſudden, and throughout Sicilie (whereof they were over-inſolent Maſters) by the incenſed Iſlanders, on Eaſter day (Anno 1282) and about five of the Clock in the afternoone.)*

Veſſaille : f. *A fyſting ; or a crue of fyſting ſlovens, or ſluts.*

Veſſe : f. *A fyſte ; alſo, as* Veſce.

Veſſe de loup. *The duſtie or ſmoakie Toadſtole, called a Fuſſe-ball, Puck-fuſſe, Bull-fyſte, Puffyſt, Wolves fyſte.*

Papier à veſſes. C'eſt le cul.

Veſſeron : m. *as* Veſceron.

Veſſeur : m. *A fyſter, a ſtinking ſellow.*

Veſſeuſe : f. *A fyſting bouſ'wife.*

Veſſie : f. *A bladder ; alſo, a blane, or bliſter ; alſo, a kind of braſen Stillatory, the pipe whereof is conveyed through a veſſell of water, and afterwards yields the diſtilled liquor into the Recipient.*

Veſſies d'orme. *Certaine bliſters, or little bladders (full of a ſlimie, or clammie liquor) in ſome Elme-leaves.*

Croire que veſſies ſon lanternes. *To beleeve that the Moone is made of a green cheeſe.*

Veſſié : m ée : f. *Bebliſtered, or full of bliſters.*

Veſſier : m. *A fyſter.*

Veſſiot. *To bliſter.*

Veſſiere : f. *as* Veſſeuſe.

Veſſiette : f. *A little bladder, or bliſter.*

Veſſifiant : m. ante : f. *Cauſing one to fyſte.*

Veſſifier. *To breed a fyſte, to make breake wind, or let a fyſte.*

Veſſigons : m. *Windgals in a horſes legs.*

Veſſir. *To fyſte, to let a fyſte.*

Veſt : m. *A livery and ſeiſin made unto a purchaſer, in ſome places by the ſeller, but in moſt by the Lord* Foncier *or* Cenſier *of whom the land is held.*

Droict de veſt. *Look under* Droict.

Veſtales : f. *The Veſtall virgines, the Nuns of the Heathenish Romans.*

Veſtement : m. *A veſtment, veſture, weed, garment, habit, array, attire, apparell, cloathing, ſuit of clothes.*

On croit d'un fol bien ſouvent qu'il ſoit clerc pour ſes veſtemens ; Prov. *Diſcreet clothes often paſſe a foole for a wiſe man.*

Veſteure : f. *A veſture ; or, as* Veſtement.

Veſtiaire : m. *The Veſtrie in a Church.*

Veſtige : m. *A ſtep, footſtep, track, trace, marke, ſigne, or token of a footing.*

Veſtir. *To clothe, array, apparrell, attire, deck, enrobe, ſuit with, put on a ſuit of clothes ; alſo, to veſt, inveſt, inſeiſin, give poſſeſſion of, make livery and ſeiſin unto.*

Veſts, *for* Va ; *goe thou.* ¶ Pic. ¶ Rab.

Veſtu : m. uë : f. *Clad, clothed, yclad, arrayed, apparrelled, attired, ſuited, enrobed, covered ; veſted, inveſted, inſeiſined, put into poſſeſſion of.*

Long veſtu. *An ancient piece of coyne, worth about* ij s vj d ſterl.

Veſture : f. *A clothing, arraying, apparrelling, attiring, enrobing, ſuiting, covering ; alſo, a veſting, inveſting, or putting into poſſeſſion of ; alſo, as* Veſtement.

† Vetade : f. *The filletted Cockle ; ſmooth, broad, and exceeding hard, ſhelled.*

Veterinaire : m. *An old beaten ſouldier ; one that hath ſerved long in a place, or office.*

Vetiller. *To tickle, &c. as* Fretiller ; *alſo, to triſle.*

Vetilles : f. *Tarriers to play with ; alſo, niſles, triſles, things of no value.*

Vetroine : f. *The herb Betony.*

Veu : m. *A vow ; a ſolcme promiſe, or proteſtation ; alſo, a requeſt, prayer, deſire.*

Veu : m. uë : f. *Viewed, ſeen, perceived, beheld, overlooked, ſurveyed ; marked, heeded, obſerved, regarded ; examined, ſearched into, conſidered of.*

Boule veuë ; &, louër à boule veuë. *See* Boule.

Ronfle veuë. Vous me remettez à point en ronfle veuë. *You have me at a vantage, hold me at a bay, put me to my ſhifts, force me to quit, or abandon all.*

Avoir veu boire. *A jeaſting ſpeech whereby they ſignifie that a man is drunken.*

Il a veu le loup. *His voice is growne hoarſe, or he hath loſt his voice, on a ſuddaine. See* Loup.

Il eſt veu du Roy. *The King doth grace, or favour him.*

Veu. (Adv.) *Conſidering, ſeeing, in reſpect of ; whence,*

Veu la facilite qu'eſt en luy, veu ſon impudence ; &, veu qu'il ne vient point, &c.

Veuë : f. *The ſenſe, act, or inſtrument of ſeeing ; the eyes, or their function ; the glaunce, or the reach thereof ; a view, look, ſight, aſpect, regard ; a proſpect ; alſo, the ſurvey of a houſe, or piece of ground ; alſo, the viſer of a helmet ; alſo, a light, or overture for light ; whence ;*

Veuës mortes. *Cloſe, or uncaſemated windowes.*

Droict de veuë. *Power to get light unto a houſe by a window, or overture, made into a neighbours.*

Droict de veuës. *The ſame ; as alſo, to damme up thoſe of his that offend me ; or to compell him to remove, or take away that which impeaches mine.*

Veuë à veuë. *Face to face, right-over-againſt.*

A veuë de païs. *At random, roaming, at revers, at large ; without exact examination, or certaine proofe.*

Diſcours à perte de veuë. *Vaſt, extravagant, or wandering diſcourſes ; tales without order or end.*

Aller à la veuë. *To goe harbour a Stag, or lodge a Buck.*

Veuf : f. *A widow. Look* Vef.

Veufvage : m. *Widowhood.*

Veufve : f. *A Widow.*

Droict de veufve. *A widowes due, or part in moveables (over and beſides her joynter, or dower) viz. her beſt gowne, her marriage ring and jewels, her bed fully furniſhed, and certaine other houſehold ſtuffe : By the cuſtomes of* Lalleuë *in* Artois, *the ſurvior (man or woman) takes by this priviledge onely the beſt piece of every kind of houſehold-ſtuffe.*

Veuilles : f. *The claſping tendrels, or ſmall twyning ſprigs of a Vine.*

Veule : com. *Weake, faint, infirme, unſound ; overtoyled with heat and labour ; alſo, hollow, looſe, or light about a thing.*

Vexateur : m. *A vexer, afflicter, tormentor.*

Vexation : f. *Vexation, torment, extreme griefe, trouble, or diſquiet.*

Vexé : m. ée : f. *Vexed, afflicted, tormented, turmoyled, extremely grieved, or diſquieted.*

Vexer. *To vex, afflict, or torment ; extremely, to grieve, trouble, diſquiet.*

Vezarde : f. *A great feare, dread, horror.* ¶ Rab.

Vezé. C'eſt vn gros vezé. *A gulch, gumbelly, fat-gut.*

Veze : f. *A Bag-pipe.* ¶ Poictevin.

Iouër de la veze. *To play on the Bagpipe ; alſo, to fizle.*

Vezées. Bille vezées. *Look* Bille-vezées.

Vezeur : m. *A Bag-piper.* ¶ Poictevin.

Vezie : f. *A Carbuncle, or blain-ſore.*

Vezon : m. *The arſe, taile, breech.* ¶ Norm.

Vgne. *The name of a Vine.*

Vi : m. *Wine (ſo tearmed about* Montpellier.)

† Viable : com. *Liveable, likely to live.*

Viage m. *as* Vſufuict ; *alſo, a living.*

A viage. *For life.*

Viager : m. *A tenant for life.*

Viager : m. ere : f. *For life, during life.*

Quint viager. *See* Quint.

Rente, ou penſion viagere. *A rent-charge, or annuity bought for money ; called ſo, becauſe it may alſo be redeemed, or extinguiſhed, by money.*

Reparations viageres. Ce ſont menuës reparations, pour l'entretenement de l'heritage, hors les quatre gros murs, poultres, & entieres couvertures, & voultes.

Viager. *To injoy during life, to have an eſtate for life in.*

Viagerement. *During life, onely for life.*

Viagier. *as* Viager ; *or, as* Vſufruictier.

Viaige : m. *A tenant for life.*

Viaire : m. *The face, look, aſpect, viſage, countenance ; alſo, an annuity, or yearely penſion, for life.*

Viande : f. *Meat, food, ſuſtenance, victuals, viands, acates (eſpecially of fleſh)*

La viande creuſe. *wenches, trulls, two-legd beaſts.*

Viande d'ami eſt bien toſt preſte ; Pro. *Meat in a friends houſe is (or is thought) ſoone ready. Look* Ami.

La viande ſemond les gens ; Pro. *Well-cooked meats invite the ſtomack.*

De mauvaise viande on ne ſçait faire vn bon potage ; Prov. *No man can make of ill acates good cale.*

Tout eſtat eſt viande aux vers ; Prov. *Wormes prey, by times, on all eſtates.*

Viander. *(A word peculiar to red Deere)* to *feed* ; *alſo, as* Fianter.

Viandier : m. ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, meat.*

Viandy : m. *The paſture, or ground wherein a Deere feeds* ; *alſo, the meat which he feeds on.*

Viateur : m. *A traveller, paſſenger, wayfaring man.*

Vibaillí : m. *A Vice-Bayliffe, or under-Steward* ; *an officer* (*that in ſome Provinces*) *examines, and puniſhes malefactors.*

Vibrequin : m. *A Wimble.*

Viburne : m. *as* Vierne ; *or, onely the wayfaring tree.*

Vicaire : m. *A Vicar, or Vicegerent* ; *alſo, the Tenant, or Incumbent, who in the right of a Corporation, or Church, is to pay duties, or do ſervices, unto the Lord of the land.*

Grand vicaire. *A Vicar generall* ; *or an officer whom a Biſhop imployes for the diſpoſition of ſuch benifices as be in his gift.*

Vicairie : f. *A Vicaridge* ; *or, as* Vicariat.

Vicariant. *Gadding, ranging, roaming, trotting up and down the country.*

Vicariat : m. *A Vicarſhip, the place of a Vicar* ; *alſo, a Vicegerency.*

Vicarier. *To range, roam, gad, or trot up and down a country.*

Vice : m. *A vice, fault, ſin, offence, villany, roguery, lewdneſſe, naughtineſſe, corruption, blemiſh, defect, imperfection, default.*

Au vis le vice ; Pro. *Mans face often tells what vice in him dwells.*

Nul vice ſans ſon ſupplice ; Prov. *All vices have their plagues attending on them.*

Tel vice tel ſupplice ; Pro. *Such as the crime ſuch the correction.*

Vice-admirall : m. *A Viceadmirall.*

Vice-chancelier : m. *A Vicechancelor.*

Vice-conte : m. *A Vicount. Look* Vicomte.

Vice-conte : f. *A Vicounty, a Vicountſhip. Look* Vicomté.

Vice-gerent : m. *A Vicegerent* ; *a Deputy, or Lieutenant.*

Vice-roy : m. *A Viceroy, or Deputy unto a king* ; *he that in his abſenſe repreſenteth his perſon, and governeth his kingdome.*

Vicié : m. ée : f. *Viciated, mard, corrupted, infected, defiled* ; *blemiſhed, imperfect, unſound.*

Vicier. *To viciate, mar, corrupt, infect, ſpoile, blemiſh, defile.*

Vicieuſement. *Viciouſly, lewdly, corruptly, faultily.*

Vicieux : m. euſe : f. *Vicious, lewd, bad, wicked, ſinfull, naughty, roguiſh, villanous* ; *filthy, corrupt* ; *erronious, imperfect, unſound.*

Vicinité : f. *Vicinity, neighborhood, nighneſſe, proximity, neerneſſe.*

Vicomte : m. *A Vicount* ; *was at the firſt the Deputy, or Lieutenant, of an Earle, in ſome town wherein he could not reſide himſelfe* ; *or by the King made guardian of a County, untill he had furniſhed it with an Earle* : *Theſe Vicounts had but* la moyenne Iuſtice, la haute *being reſerved by, or for, the Earles themſelves (and therefore in moſt of the cuſtomes of* la Gaule Belgique *that Juriſdiction is hitherunto ſtiled,* Vicomtiere ;) *howſoever, they were at firſt but Officers* ; *and, even at this day, the* Prevoſts, *or* Iuges *of Normand villages are tearmed* Vicomtes. *Now it is to be preſumed, that when the Earles of Provinces, &c. uſurped a propriety in their charges, the Vicounts, not to be behind them, did the like in thoſe townes, and villages which they governed. There be at this day three or foure ſorts of them* ; *firſt thoſe that, holding immediately of the Crown* (*as the* Vicomte de Turenne, *and but a few others*) *are to be ranked among great, or high Lords, and before any Barons* : *then thoſe that, holding of the King as of Counties reunited to the Crowne* ; *or holding of Counties lately created, or not yet reunited* (*and being thereby in the quality of* Arrierevaſſaux de la Couronne) *are no better then meane Lords, and precede onely thoſe Barons that either but equall, or be inferior unto, them in Tenure* : *Laſtly, thoſe* (*in* Picardy, Flanders, *and elſewhere*) *that having not hitherunto been able to compaſſe more then a mean Juriſdiction, and therefore not meriting the place, or eſteem, of abſolute Lords, are not qualified* Vicomtes, *but barely, and in difference from the reſt,* Signeurs Vicomtiers.

Vicomté : f. *A Vicounty* ; *the dignity, territory, or eſtate of a Vicount* ; *alſo, meane Juriſdiction.*

Vicomtier : m. ere : f. *Of a Vicount, Vicountlike* ; *alſo, enjoying, or belonging to, meane Juriſdiction.*

Chemin Vicomtier. *Look* Chemin.

Vieon. Mon petit vicon. *My little prick, or pillicock.*

Victimaire : m. *One that ſold a beaſt for ſacrifice* ; *or, one that aſſiſted the ſacrificer in the killing, and dreſſing thereof.*

Victoire : f. *Victory, conqueſt, a ſubduing, or vanquiſhing, the upper hand of an enemy.*

Victorial : m. ale : f. *Victoriall, of or belonging to victory.*

Victoriat : m. *The fourteenth part of an ounce.*

Victorien : m. *A conqueror, vanquiſher, ſubduer, overcommer.*

Victorienne : f. *A victreſſe, a victorious or vanquiſhing woman.*

Victorieux : m. euſe : f. *Victorious, triumphant, conquering, vanquiſhing.*

Victuailles : f. *Victualls, food, commons, diet, proviſion for the belly.*

Vicugne. *A horneleſſe wild beaſt in* Peru, *of whoſe wooll the Indians make extellent Coverlets.*

Vidame : m. *A Vidame* ; *was originally the Judge of a Biſhop's temporall Juriſdiction, or ſuch an Officer to him as the* Vicomte *was to the* Comte : *but in proceſſe of time, of an Officer he became a Lord, by altering his office into a fief, held of the Biſhoprick he belonged unto* : *So that, even to this day, the eſtate of all* Vidames *dependeth of ſome Biſhoprick, or is annexed unto the Temporalities thereof* ; *and therefore they be no better then* Seigneurs mediocres, *although the firſt of that rank* ; *and in all other privildges and rights equall to Vicounts, with ſome advantage of credit in reſpect of High Juriſdiction, which thoſe have uſurped, by degrees, upon their Earles, and theſe had, at the firſt, by the gift of their Biſhops.*

Vidimé : m. ée : f. *Confirmed, approved, ratified* ; *the goodneſſe whereof is, after examination, warranted.*

Vidimer. *To confirm, approve, or warrant the goodneſſe of a thing, after an examination thereof.*

Vidimus de lettre. *An examination of a Copy by the originall, ſigned by a Secretary, Regiſter, Notary, or Clark.*

Viduité : f. *Widowhood, the eſtate of a widow.*

Vie : f. *A life, or living* ; *whole age, or time* ; *alſo, the direct way into a haven, or bar.*

Arbre de vie. *The ſweet tree, called alſo by us, the tree of life.*

Huile de vie. *The (moſt excellent) oyle of Vitriol.*

La vie de dix. *As much as would ſerve tenne.*

C'eſt toute ma vie. *Tis all I have to live on.*

De l'une & l'autre vie. *Living both on land, and in the water.*

Il eſt François pour la vie. *He is French to the death.*

Iour de ta vie. *Never, not as long as thou liveſt.*

Vie n'eſt pas ſeur heritage ; Pro. *Life is no ſure (no true) inheritance.*

Bonne vie embellit, & attrait bonne fin ; Prov. *Good life imbelliſhes, and ends in bliſſe.*

De meſchante vie les bonnes loix ſont venuës ; Pro. *Ill lives occaſioned good laws.*

Il n'eſt vie que de coquins ; &, Il n'eſt vie que de coquins quand ils ont aſſemblé leurs bribes ; Pro. *Our country Fidlers have a ſong which begins thus, Of all Occupations a beggar is the beſt, for when he is weary, he may lay him down and reſt, &c.*

Il n'eſt vie que d'eſtre bien aiſe ; Pro. *All happineſſe, conſiſts in quietneſſe, of life.*

Il n'eſt vie que de faire bonne chere, mais la fin n'en vaut rien ; Pro. *(Whether you conſider the ſtuffe it turns into, or the end it brings one to.)*

Ioyeuſe, & riche vie pere, & mere oublie ; Prov. *Contentment, and wealth gotten, makes father, and mother forgotten.*

Meſchante vie quiert le coing ; Prov. *Lewdneſſe affecteth corners.*

Telle vie telle fin ; Prov. *Such as his dealing was his death.*

Vie vie. (*An Adverbe of incouraging, or commanding*;) *On, on apace, go on, away, forward, make haſte, march march, quickly, ſpeed it my hearts.*

Vie fouët & au vent. *Avaunt, pack, be gone.*

Vie-

Viedaze : m. *The member of an Aſſe*; *alſo*, *an old dunce, doult, blockhead, woddy, ninnyhammer.*

Viedazer le nez à. *To play with the noſe of*; *to baffle, abuſe, flowt, make a foole of*; *alſo, to trouble, vex, moleſt.*

Vieil : m. eille : f. *Old, aged, ancient, ſtale, decrepit, in yeers.* *Look* Vieux.

La vieille guerre. *See* Guerre.

Faict à la vieille mode. *Made rudely, of a groſſe form, of a faſhion thats quite out of faſhion.*

Vn vieil chien iamais ne iappe en vain; Prov. *An old dog barketh (we ſay bitetb) ſure.*

Vieil oiſeau ne ſe prend à reths; Pro. *The old birds care avoids the ſnare.*

Depuis que la brebis eſt vieille le loup la mange bien; Pro. *The ſheep is never too old for the woolfe; how tough ſoever ſhe be he eats her well.*

Il n'eſt chaſſe que de vieux chiens; Pro. *There is no hunter to the old dog; no ſearcher to experience.*

Il n'eſt miracle que de vieux ſaincts; Prov. *Wonders of old are moſt authentical.*

Il n'y a rien tel qu'un vieil pot à faire la bonne ſoupe; Pro. *No pot makes ſo good pottage as the old one.*

On n'aura ja bon aſne vieil; Pro. *An old Aſſe is good for nothing.*

Oncques vieil ſinge ne fit belle mouë; Pro. *To old Monkey never made well-fauored mowe.*

Vieillard : m. *An old, or aged, man.*

Mieux vaut l'ombre d'un ſage vieillard que les armes d'un ieune coquard; Pro. *A wiſe old man may do more with his ſhade, then can a young cokes with his gliſtering blade.*

Vieille : f. *An old, or aged woman*; *alſo, as* Vielle *in the latter ſenſe*; *or, as* Poule de mer.

Peau de vieille. *The name of an apple.*

Chaſcune vieille ſon dueil plaind; Pro. *See* Plaindre.

La neceſſité fait trotter la vieille; Pro. *Need addes new life, ſtrength, quickneſſe, to old age.*

Qui mieux ne peut à ſa vieille retourne; Pro. *He that can have no young, makes much of his old, ſtuffe; old ſerves the turn where young will not be had.*

Vieillement. *Oldly, agedly, ancicntly.*

Vieilleſſe : f. *Eld, or old age.*

Ieuneſſe oiſeuſe vieilleſſe diſetteuſe; Pro. *A lazie youth, a lowſie age.*

Si ieuneſſe ſçavoit, & vieilleſſe pouvoit, iamais povreté n'auroit; Prov. *If youth were cunning, and age able, poorenеſſe would ſoon be but a fable.*

Vieille : m. ie : f. *Become old, grown ancient, ſtept far into yeers.*

Vieillir. *To wax old, become aged, grow in yeeres.*

Vieillifſement. *as* Vieillement.

Vieillot : m. otte : f. *Elderly, ſomewhat old.*

Vieilly. *as* Vieilli.

Vielle : f. *A rude, or harſh-ſounding Inſtrument of Muſicke, uſually played on by baſe Fidlers, and blinde men*; *alſo, the ſea-Thruſh, or particularly that kind thereof which hath a ſky-coloured head, greeniſh back, ruddy head, and purple finnes.*

Ils accorderent tresbien leurs vielles enſemble. *They jumbled their fiddles paſſing well together*; *(but this phraſe hath a further (filthy) ſenſe.)*

On ne fait pas à grands coups douce vielle; Pro. *Not great, but apt, ſtroakes make ſweet Muſick.*

Vielleur : m. *One that uſually plaies on, or gets a raſcally living by playing on, a* Vielle; *and thence, any baſe, or beggarly Fidler.*

Vierge : f. *A virgin, maid, maiden*; *alſo, the ſigne in the Zodiake tearmed* Virgo.

Vierge : com. *Virgin, pure, cleere, prime, unbroken, untainted, undefiled, untouched.*

Huile vierge. *The firſt (and beſt) oyle that comes out of the preſſe, or from a ſtillatory.*

Miel vierge. *Virgins honey*; *the honey which, of it ſelf, and without any preſſing diſtills from the combe.*

Or vierge. *Gold unmelted, or untryed*; *Gold that comes whole from it veine, or mine.*

Parchemin vierge. *Virgin Parchment*; *Parchment made of an abortive skin.*

Poix vierge. *The firſt pitch that iſſues out of the pitch tree.*

Terre vierge. *Ground that is whole, or unſoiled*; *good ground that was never plowed, or broken up*

Viet-daſe, & Vietz-daze. *Looke* Viedaze.

† Vieuté *as* Vileté.

Vieux. *Old, aged, ancient, ſtale, decrepit, in yeares (Look* Vieil; *to which it is alſo the Plurall.)*

Vieux peché fait nouvelle honte; Pro. *Old ſin begets new ſhame.*

Vin vieux, ami vieux, or vieux, ſont loüez en tous lieux; Pro. *The praiſe of old wine, friends, and gold, is in all places often told.*

C'eſt grande peine que d'eſtre vieux, mais il ne l'eſt pas qui veut; Pro. *A noiſome thing it is to be old, yet no man can be ſo that would.*

En eſperance d'avoir mieux, tant vit le loup qu'il devient vieux; Pro. *The Wolfe ſo long hopes his eſtate to mend, that (without helpe) his life's grown neer an end.*

Vif : m. vive : f. *Quick, living, alive, in life*; *alſo, quick, lively, ſparkling, ſparting, light, nimble, full of life.*

Vive paſture. *Look* Paſture.

Donation entre vifs. *A deed of Gift executed in the donors life time.*

Eau vive. *Running water, ſpring water.*

Herbage vif. *Look* Herbage.

Pierre vive. *Flint.*

Roche vive. *An entire rock*; *a rock, without mixture of earth, all ſtone.*

Le mort ſaiſit le vif; &, Le mort ſaiſit le vif. *(Principles of Law*;*) for which look* Executer, & Mort.

Vif-argent. *Quick-ſilver.*

Vif argent vulgal. *A kind of baſe Quick-ſilver made of dung, and hay.*

Vif-argentin : m. ine : f. *Quick-ſilvery, of Quick-ſilver.*

Vif-gage : m. *A pawn of land, for the profits whereof he unto whom it is pawned is accomptable.*

Vits. Les vits : m. *The intrailes, or guts*; *whence,* Cataplaſme de chair de vautour avec les vits. *Look under* Cataplaſme.

Vighier : m. *The Captain of a watch.* ¶ Langued. *or, as* Viguier.

Vigilamment. *Vigilantly, wakefully, watchfully, circumſpectly, charily, warily.*

Vigilance : f. *Vigilancy, wakefulneſſe, watchfullneſſe*; *circumſpection, wareneſſe.*

Vigilant. *Vigilant, wakefull, watchfull*; *alſo, wary, provident, circumſpect, that looketh well about him.*

Vigile : f. *A Vigile*; *the Eve of a holy, or ſolemne day.*

Vigle. *See* Bigle.

Vignages. Droict de vign. *Look under* Droict.

Vigne : f. *A Vine*; *the plant that beareth Grapes.*

Vigne baſtarde. *The wild (Grape-bearing) Vine.*

Vigne blanche. *Brionie, white Brionie, Tettarberry*; *alſo, Brionie of* Mexico, *or of* Peru.

Vigne noire. *Black Brionie, our Ladies Seale, the wild Vine.*

Vigne porrette. *The Leeke of Vines, wild Leeke, dogs Leeke, French Leeke.*

Vigne ſauvage. *as* Vigne baſtarde; *alſo, the wild Vine, called otherwiſe, black Briony, and our Ladies Seale.*

Se mettre dedans la vigne iuſques au peſcher. *To ſtep over head and eares into a Vineyard*; *to ſteepe his head, or wit in a Wine-tub.*

Il faut acheter vigne deſerte; Pro. *Buy an undreſſed Vineyard*; *(ſo maieſt thou faſhion it according to thine owne humor.)*

L'eſchalas fait tomber la vigne; Prov. *(Appliable when he, that ſhould protect or ſupport a man, is the cauſe of his ruine.)*

Vigneron : m. *A Vine-dreſſer, or Vineyard-keeper*; *one that works in, or looks to, a Vineyard.*

Quand le chou paſſe le ſep le vigneron meurt de ſoif; Pro. *Look* Sep.

Vigneronne : f. *A woman that works in a Vineyard, or dreſſes a Vine.* (Le lier, eſbourgeonner, & redreſſer ſont les façons de la vigneronne; du vigneron le tailler, houër, biner, tercer. ¶ Nicot.)

Vignette : f. *A little Vine*; *alſo, as* Coulevrée blanche; *alſo, the herb called French Mercury.*

Vignettes. *Vignets*; *branches, or branch-like borders, or flouriſhes, in Painting, or Ingravery.*

Vignettement : m. *A vignetting*; *a bordering or flouriſhing with the branches of Vines, or other Plants.*

Vignetter. *as* Vignotter.

Vignetterie : f. *A vignetting*; *a bordering or flouriſhing with branches, leaves, flowers, &c.*

Vignoble : m. *A Vineyard.*

Vignol : m. *A kind of great ſhel-fiſh.*

† Vignolant : m. *as* Vigneron.

Vignolette : f. *A little Vine.*

Vignot : m. *as* Vignol.

Vignotter. *To make vignets*; *to border or flouriſh*

flouriſh with the branches of Vines, or of other Plants.

Vignottes. *as* Vignettes.

Vigoureuſement. *Vigorouſly, luſtily, ſtrongly, toughly, ſturdily, forcibly, effectually.*

Vigoureux : m. euſe : f. *Vigorous, luſty, lively, ſtrong, tough, ſturdy, forcible, effectuall.*

Viguerie : f. *A Provoſtſhip, or Juſticeſhip ; the office of a* Viguier ; *or, the Precinct wherein he commands.*

Vigueur : f. *Vigor, ſtrength, force, toughneſſe, courage, liveline ſſe, efficacy.*

Viguier : m. *The ordinary Judge of a countrey Towne ; or ſuch a Magiſtrate in* Languedoc, *as the* Prevoſt *is in the reſt of* France.

Vil : m. ile : f. *Vile, abiect, baſe, low, meane, homely, ſimple, worthleſſe ; good cheap ; of ſmall price, little value, no accompt.*

Vilain : m. *A villaine, ſlave, boudman, ſervile tenant ;* C'eſt l'homme ſerf, ou qui tient heritage de ſerve condition, ou mortaillable d'aucun ſeigneur, *ſayes* Ragueau, *(who likewiſe affirmes, that the Gentlemen of* France *tearme* Vilains *all Farmers, Husbandmen, Plowmen, and generally all yeomen, how free ſoever their condition, or tenures be : and that countrey Gentlemen tearm ſo all Citizens, Burguers, and Inhabitants of walled Towns :) Hence alſo, a churle, carle, boore, clown ; and, a miſer, nicher, pinch-penny, pennyfather ; and, a knave, raſcall, varlet, filthie fellow ; any baſe-humored, ill-born, and worſe-b[illegible]binde, cullion, or cluſter fiſt ; alſo, [illegible] chevin, or Pollard fiſh (called ſo becauſe it feeds upon nothing but filth ;) alſo, a kind of Hagard Faulcon.*

Eſtant en ſon vilain. *Being in the ſuds, or ſullens, ſwelling with his ordinary dogged, or ſurlie humors.*

Vilain affamé demi enragé ; Pro. *A ſtarved clowne is halfe a mad man ; when victuals faile, all temper failes, him.*

Vilain enrichi ne cognoiſt parent, ny ami ; Prov. *The baſe clown that hath got a little pelfe, knowes neither friend, nor kinſman, (nor himſelfe.)*

Les vilains s'entretiennent, les nobles s'embraſſent ; Prov. *Clownes are but cold, the gentile kind, in mutuall converſation.*

Le vilain ne ſçait qu'eſperons valent ; Prov. *Baſe people know not the worth of good things.*

D'un vilain refaict Dieu nous garde. *Look* Refaict.

De grand vilain lourde cheute ; &, De grand vilain grand flac ; Prov. *A great or mighty knave, a mighty fall will have.*

Oignez vilain il vous poindra ; Prov. *The baſe unthankfull chuffe returnes bad offices for good.*

Priez vilain moins il fera ; Prov. *The more you pray a ſlave the leſſe you prevaile.*

Connin, & vilain avec la main ; Prov. *See* Connin.

Il n'eſt danger que de vilain ; Prov. *The (incenſed) churle is a moſt dangerous beaſt.*

Le chanteau part le vilain ; Prov. *When villaines by birth or eſtate (who for the moſt part are tenants in common) doe meane to part their poſſeſſions, they divide a lump of bread, and give each to other a piece thereof ; Hence is this Proverb appliable to thoſe baſe ſoules, that fall out with their beſt friends for triſles, or victualls.*

Qui a le vilain il a ſa proye ; Prov. *Look* Proye.

Si tu veux cognoiſtre vn vilain baille luy la baguette en main ; Prov. *If thou a knave, or churle wouldſt faine bewray, give him authority, let him beare ſway.*

Vilain : m. aine : f. *Villanous, vile, baſe, filthie, ſordide, lewd, bad ; unworthy, churliſh, niggardlie ; alſo, as* Vilein.

Vilainement. *Villanouſly, vilely, baſely, niggardly, churliſhly, ſcurvily, filthily.*

Vilainer. *as* Vilener.

Vilané. *as* Vilené.

Vilbrequin : m. *A Wimble.*

Vilein : m. eine : f. *Servile, baſe, vile, drudging, villain-like, held by villanage ; alſo, as* Vilain.

Vilenaille : f. *A pack of ſcowndrels, raſcals, baſe abiects, ſcurvy fellowes ; the dregs, riffraffe, off-ſcum, of the people.*

Vilené : m. ée : f. *Defiled, ſoyled, beſmeared, begrimed ; alſo, diſgraced, diſhonoured, blemiſhed in reputation ; alſo, berated, reviled, rayled on.*

Ils m'euſſent vilenez s'ils m'euſſent peu ioindre. *They had done me ſome roguery or other, if they could have raught me.*

Vilener. *To ſoyle, defile, beſmeare, begrime, beray ; baffle, abuſe, diſgrace, blemiſh the reputation of ; alſo, to berate, revile, rayle on.*

Vilenie : f. *Villanie, vileneſſe, roguery, knavery, lewdneſſe ; filth, naſtineſſe, ordure, impurity, ſcurvineſſe, miching, baſeneſſe, niggardlineſſe, covetouſneſſe, churliſhneſſe.*

Laide vilenie. *Slanderous, reproachfull, diſgracefull, defamatory tearmes ; words which will beare an Action.*

Vilenot : m. *A little villaine ; or one that is ſomewhat churliſh ; alſo, a clowne, peaſant, boore, bob, or binde of the countrey.*

Vileté : f. *Vileneſſe, baſeneſſe, worthleſneſſe, paultring, ſcurvineſſe ; alſo, cheapneſſe.*

Vilette. *as* Villette.

Vilipender. *To vilipend, ſet little by, contemne, deſpiſe, diſable, diſeſteeme ; alſo, to deſame, ſlaunder, traduce, give an ill report of.*

Village : m. *A village ; a countrey towne, conſiſting of many houſes joyned together ; therein to differ from* Hameau *(a hamlet) which conſiſts but of a few, and thoſe either ſcattered, or not very neere together.*

Mais ſuis-ie pas de mon village ? *But am not I a clowne, or a ſilly fellow ?*

Villageois : m. *A countreyman, husbandman, ploughman, farmer, clowne, bob, binde, ſwaine, boore.*

Villain. *See* Vilain.

Villanelle : f. *A countrey dance, round, or ſong.*

Villanie. *as* Vilenie.

Villaquerie : f. *Villany, roguery, raſcalitie, knowndrelliſme.*

Villatique : com. *Countrey-like ; of, or belonging to, the countrey.*

Ville : f. *A Towne ; an incorporate, or incloſed Towne ; a City ; alſo, the long ogar tearmed by our Coopers, a Turrell.*

Villes de paix. *Look* Paix.

Ville aux Roix. *The citie of* Blois ; *tearmed ſo, becauſe the French Kings doe oftentimes ſojourne, and their children be commonly brought up, within it.*

Ville & taille. *The territory, or precincts of a towne.*

La ville eſt gaignée. *(Proverbially) the victory is gotten, our ſute obtained, our cauſe won.*

Avoir vn oeil au bois l'autre à la ville. *To have an eye on all ſides of him, to look very warily about him.*

Elle a touſiours quelque commiſſion par la ville. *Sayd ieaſtingly, or in diſgrace, of a gadding houſewife.*

Qui ſent ſa bonne ville. *A courteous, and civill perſon, or part.*

Robbe qui ſent ſa petite ville. *A neat, ſpruce, clean-bruſhed gown, or garment.*

A l'entrée de la ville eſt le commencement des maiſons ; Prov. *Look* Maiſon.

Il ne ſçait rien qui ne va par villes ; Prov. *Hee that goes not abroad knowes nothing.*

Le ſainct de la ville n'eſt point oté ; Prov. *The townes peculiar Saint is not prayed to ; for helpe that may be had at home we care not.*

Selon la ville les bourgeois ; Prov. *Like to the towne the townſmen are.*

Tant de villes tant de guiſes ; Prov. *As many ſeverall cuſtomes as countrey townes.*

Villebrequin : m. *A Wimble.*

Villein. *as* Villain.

Villenage : m. *Villanage ; or any baſe, and ſervile tenure ; hence alſo,* Socage tenure ; *or as* Cenſive.

Villenaille. *as* Vilenaille.

Villenot : m. *A little villaine, clowne, or ſwayne ; or, as* Vilenot.

Villes de la vigne : f. *The tendrells, or twining ſprigs, of a Vine.*

Villette : f. *A little Towne, or City ; alſo, a little Turrell, or Coopers ogar.*

Villiere : f. *as* Veillere.

Villon : m. *A conſener, conicatcher, cunning, or witty rogue ; a nimble knave ; a pleaſant theefe ; (for ſuch a one was* Francois Villon, *whoſe death a halter ſuited to his life ;) alſo, a kind of weed wherewith hands to tie Vines are made.*

Villonner. *To couſen, cheat, conicatch, play the cunning or witty rogue ; the nimble knave, the pleaſant theefe.*

Villonnerie : f. *A couſening, or conicatching ; witty or cunning roguerie ; nimble knavery ; pleaſant or merry theevery.*

Villote : f. *A cock of hay.*

Villoter. *To run, trot, rogue, roame, range, gad or goſſip it from one towne to another.*

Villoteur. *as* Villotier.

Villotier : m. *A vagabond, land-loper, earth-planet, continuall gadder from town to town*

Villotier : m. ere : f. *Town-bred, home-born, of, or belonging to, the towne onely.*

Villotiere : f. *A gadding houſewife, wandering fidgig, ranging ſlut ; one that does nothing but runne a goſſiping from one town to another ; alſo, a Bawd.*

Vilonage. as Villenage.
Vimaires : f. *Stormes, tempeſts, any boiſterous, and hurtfull weather ; inundations, and breaking out, of waters ; ruines of buildings ; miſchieves done by earthquakes, or thunderclaps ; any ſuch fearfull, or dammageous accidents, which no reaſon can foreſee, no foreſight prevent ; Lawyers tearme them* Vis maior.
Vimeres. as Vimaires.
Viminal : m. ale : f. *Apt to wind, or bind, as twigs or oziers ; alſo, belonging thereto.*
Saulx viminale. *Look* Saulx.
Vimpilon : m. *A holy-water ſprinkle.*
Vin : m. *Wine.*
Vin ardant. *Aquavite.*
Vins de Bourgongne. *All wines which grow above the bridge of* Sens, *in* Auxerrois, Beaune, *and other countries, whoſe commodities are ſent down by the river* Yonne.
Vin des clers. *Fees for expedition ; ſomewhat, above ordinary fees, for the Clerkes to drinke.*
Vin de coipeau. *New wine quickly made fit to be drunke, by Beechen chips firſt boyled, then dried, and afterwards put into the veſſell.*
Vin de commeres. *Palate wine, ſweet and pleaſant wine.*
Vin cuict. *Wine boyled on the fire to a certaine thicknesſe, and then put into veſſels, and reſerved for ſweet ſawces.*
Vin de deſpenſe. *Small, houſehold, ordinary, or ſervants, wine.*
Vins François. *The wines which grow, or are made, below the bridge of* Sens.
Vin de Lion. *Strong, and heady wine, or ſuch wine as makes the drinker a ſwaggerer.*
Vin du marché. *The charge which contractors are at with the witneſſes, or confirmers of their bargaine.*
Vin miellé. *Honied wine, baſtard, Metheglin, ſweet wine, any drink that's made of honey, and wine.*
Vin muſcat. *Muſcadell, or Muſcadin.*
Vin noir. *Look* Noir.
Vin papier. *White wine called ſo by ſome Switzers.*
Vin de porceau. *Which makes the drunkard to ſleep, vomit, and tumble him in his vomit.*
Vin de preſſoirage. *Look* Preſſoirage.
Vin de regnard. *The wine that ſharpens, or ſets an edge on, the drunkards ſpirit, making him more ſubtill, or cunning, then he is, at any time, ſober.*
Vin de ſinge. *Wine which makes the drinker (or drunkard) pleaſant, wanton, or toyiſh.*
Vin des valets. *Spending pence, extraordinary vailes or gifts ; odde money beſtowed on a mans ordinary ſervants, over and above the ſumme due, or agreed on.*
Droict de vin, ou de vins, &c. *Looke* Droict.
Entrée de vin és villes cloſes. *Look* Entrée.
Pot au vin. *A mans head.*
Pot de vin. *A ſumme of money ; a reward, or gift ; alſo, the dowry given with a maid in marriage.*
Souppe en vin. *The herb Meddick ſodder, Snaile-clover.*
Avoir ſon vin. 'A cen'heure il aura ſon vin. *He will now be tickled, or have his full payment ; he never met with his match till now :* Elles ont eu leur vin. *Thoſe wenches have had it to a haire, viz. a full taſte of the ſap which they hold moſt ſavourie ; (for the beſtowing of wine being a principall courteſie in intertainments between man and man, is fitteſt to expreſſe the other liquor which in courteſie a man giveth a woman.)*
Couper le vin. *See* Couper.
Entrer en vin. *To enter into a drunken match, to fall a drinking.*
Eſtre ſur le vin. *To taſte, alſo, to love, wine very well.*
Faire iambes de vin. *To take in ſtore of liquor before the undertaking of a journey ; to ſupple his legs, by ſoaking his head, in wine.*
Mettre de l'eau dedans leur vin. *Look under* Mettre.
Repoſer ſon vin. *To ſleep after a carouſing, to diſgeſt his wine by ſleeping.*
Vin de grain eſt plus doux que n'eſt pas vin de preſſe ; Prov. *Willing ſervice, though but ſmall, is more acceptable, then much exorted duty.*
Le vin n'a point de chauſſure ; &, le vin va ſans chauſſes ; Prov. *Wine wanteth, or goeth without, breeches,* viz. *bewrayeth a mans infirmities, or worſt parts ; layeth open his ſhame, or layeth him open to ſhame.*
Vin pour ſaveur, drap pour couleur ; Prov. *Let wine good ſavour, cloth freſh colour, have ; ſo wine be ſavory, no matter how it look.*
Vin ſur laict c'eſt ſouhait, laict ſur vin c'eſt venin ; Prov. *Look* Souhait.
Vin trouble ne briſe dents ; Pro. *Wine though it be thicke yet breaks it no mans teeth.*
Bon vin bon vinaigre ; Prov. *Good wine is made good vineger ; good things transform'd retaine part of their worth.*
Bon vin mauvaiſe teſte ; Prov. *Good wine breeds many a brable.*
Boy vin en Roy, viz. *temperately* ; Prov.
Apres bon vin bon cheval ; Prov. *After a man hath drunke hard he dare any thing.*
Qui vin ne boit apres ſalade eſt en danger d'eſtre malade ; Prov. *He that wine drinks not after a (cold) ſallet, his health indangers (and does wrong to his pallate.)*
Qui bon vin boit il ſe repoſe ; Prov. *Look* Repoſer.
Apres la poire le vin, ou le preſtre ; Prov. *After a (cold) Peare either drinke wine to concoct it, or ſend for the Prieſt to confeſſe you.*
En vaiſſeau mal lavé ne peut on vin garder ; Prov. *Wine in ill-waſhed Caske will not be kept.*
Femme, argent, & vin, ont leur bien, & leur venin ; Prov. *Wine, money, and the female brood have properties both bad, and good ; are (as they are uſed) bad, or good.*
Homme mutin, bruſque rouſſin, flaſcon de vin, prennent toſt fin ; Prov. *The perſon turbulent, a lively ſpired, and cup of wine, come to an end with ſpeed.*
Il ne faut pas enquerir d'ou ſoit le vin, mais qu'il ſoit bon ; Prov. *No matter whence wine came ſo it be good.*
Il ne ſçait que c'eſt de vendre vin qui n'attend de May la fin ; Prov. *Againſt good husbandry he hath offended, that ſells his wines before* May *be full ended.*
Le boeuf ſalé fait trouver le vin ſans chandelle ; Prov. *The ſalt-beefe eater needs no candle to light his drink the way to his mouth.*
On ne cognoiſt pas le vin aux cereles ; Prov. *Look* Cercle.
On ne doit point mentir en vin ; Prov. *Somewhat like the Latine,* In vino veritas ; *or an adviſe to make it good ; and then may be rendred thus ; when men are drunke they ſhould not lie, becauſe in wine is verity.*
Pain tant qu'il dure, vin à meſure ; Prov. *Eat bread at pleaſure, drink wine by meaſure : A Precept which the French obſerve in the firſt (howſoever in the ſecond) part ; for no people eat more bread, nor have better bread to eat, then they.*
Semelles & du vin paſſent chemin ; Prov. *Look* Semelle.
Vinade : f. *The uſe, and worke of two yoake of Oxen, or of a Cart, all the time of Vintage.*
Vinage : m. *A Phiſicall wine, or a decoction of herbs in wine, to be drunk for the curing of ulcers, and wounds.*
Droict de vinage. *Look* Droict.
Vinaigre : m. *Vineger.*
'A nez frotté de vinaigre. *Of a ſharpe conceit, or foreſight, of a quick apprehenſion ; a metaphor from Huntſmen, who to make their dogs quick-ſented, rub their noſes with vinegar.*
Ie le feray chier vinaigre. *I will make him ſtarke mad.*
Vinaigrette : f. *Sorrell ſawce.*
Vinaigrettes. *Sallets, or ſawces, which be ſeaſoned with much vineger ; any herbs, or fruits in pickle.*
Vinaigrier : m. *A Vineger-man, or Vineger-maker ; alſo, a Vineger glaſſe, viall, or bottle.*
Vinatier : m. *A Barberry tree ; or the Barberry it ſelfe.*
† Vinciboſſe : m. *Woodbind, Caprifolie, Honyſuckle.*
Vincent. *Vincent, a mans name ; and particularly, the name of a Saint, for whom, in ſome places, a holyday is made the* 22 *of* January ; *whence the Proverb ;*
'A la S. Vincent ſi l'hyver s'engrine, ſi l'attends. *If the wind blow ſharpe on S. Vincents day, look for a cold later part of a Winter.*
Vindicatif : m. iue : f. *Vindicative, revenging, wreakfull, avengefull.*
Vindice : f. *Revenge, avengement, vengeance, puniſhment.*
Vindicte : f. *as* Vindice.
Vindiquer. *To redeem, deliver, exempt, ſave from ; alſo, to revenge, avange, wreake.*
Vindre. *A kind of long Hook, or Crampiron, full of notches.*
Viné : m. ée : f. *Seaſoned with, or for the holding of, wine ; alſo, tunned as wine.*
Vinée : f. *The fruit, or profit of a vineyard ; a crop of Grapes ; whence ;*
Avoir bonne vinée. *To find a good Vintage, to gather or get in ſtore of wine.*

Vinenotte. *as* Vivelotte.
Viner. *To ſeaſon with, or for the holding of, wine; alſo, to tunne wine.*
Vinet : m. *Small or thinne wine, hedge wine.*
Vinetier : m. *as* Vinotier; *alſo, the Barberry tree.*
Vinette : f. *Sorrell, or Sowre-dock; alſo, the Barberry, or Barberry tree.*
Vineteux : m. *A Vintner; but in* Rabelais *the name of a Cook.*
Vineux : m. euſe : f. *Winie, of wine, full of wine, proceeding from wine.*
† Vingeron. *as* Vengeron.
Vingt. *Twenty; a score.*
Vingtain, & Vingtenier. *Look* Vintain, & Vintenier.
Vingtieſme : m. *A twentieth, or twentieth part of; whence,* Droict de vingtieſme. *Look* Droict.
Vingtieſme. *The twentieth.*
Vinoble. *as* Vignoble.
Vinot : m. *as* Vinet; *alſo, a kind of little Peare, the Perrie whereof doth taſte like wine.*
Vinotier : m. *A Vintner, Taverner, Wine-ſeller.*
Vinotier : m, ere : f. *Of, or belonging to, wine; alſo, bringing, or yielding wine.*
Vintain : m. *A twentieth; or a twentieth part of.*
Vintenier : m. *The Corporall to a foot-company.*
Vin-verjus : m. *Verjuice, made of wild, or unripe, Grapes.*
Vioge : com. *Luſtie, lively, crank; frolicke.* ¶ Norm.
Violable : com. *Violable, infringible, breakable; deflowrable, defilable, polluteable.*
Violant. Le gris violant. *Mallow-flower colour; or, a colour between a Grey, and a Violet.*
Violat. *Of Violets.*
Violateur : m. *A violator; infringer, tranſgreſſor; a corrupter, defiler, deflowrer; wrong-doer; abuſer.*
Violation : f. *A violation, or violating; a breaking, tranſgreſſing, infringing; alſo, a corrupting, defiling, deflowring; wronging, miſuſing, abuſing.*
Viole. *as* Violle; *alſo, a Gilliflower; whence;*
Viole iaulne. *The Winter Gilliflower, or wall-flower.*
Violé : m. ée : f. *Violated; broken, tranſgreſſed, infringed; corrupted, defiled, deflowred; wronged, miſuſed, abuſed.*
Violement : m. *A violating; or, as* Violation.
Violemment. *Violently, impetuouſly; forcibly, compulſively, vehemently, fiercely, ragingly.*
Violance : f. *Violence; impetuouſneſſe; unjuſt force, or compulſion; wrong; raſhneſſe, fierceneſſe; vehemency.*
Violent : m. ente : f. *Violent, impetuous, vehement; forcible, compulſive; raging, fierce.*
Violenté : m ée : f. *Violated, or violented; uſed or handled violently; forced.*
Violentement. *as* Violemment.
Violenter. *as* Violer; *alſo, to force, or break into by force.*
Se violenter ſoy meſme. *To uſe violence againſt, lay violent hands on, himſelfe; to murther himſelfe.*
Violer. *To violate; infringe, tranſgreſſe; to marre, corrupt, defile, deflower; to wrong, hurt, miſuſe, abuſe.*
Violet : m. *as* Violette; *a violet-colour.*
Violet de ſel. *A certaine ruſtie colour brought from the ſalt-pits of* Germany, *and of a brackiſh taſte.*
Violet : m. ette : f. *Violet of colour.*
Violette : f. *A Violet; alſo, a Gilliflower; alſo, Violet-colour; alſo, as* Luette; *whence,* Violette abaiſſée. *The falling of the* Vvula;
Violette arborée. *The upright Paunſie, or Hearts-eaſe.*
Violette d'Automne. *The Paunſie, or Hearts-eaſe; alſo, the Calathian Violet, blue harveſt Lillie, Autumne Bell flower, Harveſt-bell.*
Violette blanche. *The white Violet; alſo, the white ſtock Gilliflower; alſo, the timely-flouriſhing Bulbus violet.*
Violette de careſme. *as* Violette de Mars.
Violettes de Damas. *Damaske Violets, or Gilliflowers, rogues Gilliflowers, cloſe ſciences.*
Violettes de Dames. *Dames Violets, &c. as* Violettes de Damas.
Violettes herbuës. *Pinkes, or ſmall Heneſtiets.*
Violette iaulne. *The Wall-flower; the yellow, or winter Gilliflower.*
Violettes de Marie. *Marians Violets, Coventry Bels, Coventry Rapes; of the kind, qualitie, and (almoſt) the forme of Throatworts, or Canterbury Bels.*
Violette de Mars. *The ordinary Violet, March Violet, Garden Violet, ſweet Violet.*
Violettes des Matrones. *as* Violettes de Damas.
Brune Violette. *A kind of dark Purple of the colour of an Ametbiſt.*
Clere violette. *A Murrey; or (as ſome hold) a light Red.*
† Violier : m. *A Fidler, or common Muſitian that playes on a* Violin; *alſo, a Violet root, or plant; alſo, a Flower-pot; alſo, the Crowne of Ozier, &c. which they ſet over pots of Gilliflowers, to ſtrengthen the ſtaulkes thereof.*
Violier des murailles. *The plant that beares the Wall-flower, or Winter Gilliflower.*
Violle : f. *A (Muſicall) Viol, or Violin.*
Violon : m. *A Violin, or little Viol.*
Viorne : f. *The Hedge-plant called, the Travellers joy; alſo, the Hedge-tree called; the Way-faring tree; (both very common in* Kent; *) alſo, a ſhoot, or ſprig putting up from the root of a tree.*
Viotrant. *as* Veautrant. ¶ Rab.
† Viouche : com. *Of long life; or, as* Vioge, *lively, &c. (an old word.)*
Vipere : f. *The ſerpent called a Viper.*
Herbe aux Viperes. *Vipers herb, Snakes Bugloſſe, Vipers Bugloſſe, wild Bugloſſe the leſſe.*
Vipereau : m. *A young, or little Viper.*
Viperiere : f. *as* Herbe aux Viperes.
Viperillon : m. *A young, or ſmall Viper.*
Viperin : m. ine : f. *Viperous, of a Viper.*
Sel viperin. *Look under* Sel.
Viquerie : f. *as* Vicairie; *or, as* Viguerie.
Virade : f. *A whirling, or ſwift turning about.*
Carte, ou Charte virade. *The Dutch Card game called, Hock.*
Viraire. *Look* Veraire.
Vire : f. *The arrow called a Quarrell; uſed onely for the Croſſe-bow.*
Virebrequin : m. *A Wimble.*
Virecots : m. *Little bundles, or packets of grapes made up in Fig-leaves, and thereby long kept.*
Virelay : m. *A Virelay, Round, freemans Song.*
Virelis : m. *A Perwinkle; or, as* Nerites.
Virement : m. *A veering, whirling, wheeling, round turning, friſking about.*
Virer. *To veere, turne round, wheele or whirle about.*
De quelque coſté que le baſt vire. *Howſoever things be carried, which way ſoever the world waggeth.*
Mau de terre te vire. *The foule evill take, or choak, thee.*
† Vire-ſoli. *as* Herbe au ſoleil.
Virelon : m. *One of the laſt, and leaſt receptacles for the ſea-water, whereof ſalt is made.*
Vireſon : m. *A little Quarrell; or, a faſhion of arrow-head, that's turned, or made, like a ſkrue.*
Virevolte. *as* Virevoulte.
Virevolter. *Look* Virevoulter.
Virevoulte : f. *A veere, whirle, round gamboll, friſke, or turne.*
Virevoulter. *To veere, whirle, turne or wheele round about, fetch many a friſke about.*
Virevouſte. *as* Virevoulte.
Vireur : m. *A veerer, or whirler, a round turner, or turner of things often about.*
Vireurs d'aumelettes. *Pancake turners, Omelet-makers. Look* Aumelette.
Vireux : m. euſe : f. *Rank, ſtrong-ſmelling, rammiſh of ſavor; alſo, peſtilent.*
† Virgeal. *as* Virginal.
Virginal : m. ale : f. *Virgine-like, maidenly, belonging to a virgin or maid.*
Huile virginal. *Virgines oyle; the oyle which of it ſelfe, and without any preſſing, comes from Olives.*
Laict virginal. *See* Laict.
Virgineux : m. euſe : f. *as* Virginal.
Virginité. *Virginity, maidenhead, or maidenhood.*
Virgule : f. *A little rod, yard; ſtreak; and thence alſo, a comma.*
Virgulte : m. *A bunch of young, and tender ſhoots; a company of ſprigs, or ſprouts growing together.*
Viridique : com. *Look* Veridique.
Viril : m. ile : f. *Virile, manly, manlike, manfull, male; bold, ſtout, courageous, valiant; ſtrong, ſubſtantiall, pithy; grave.*
Virilement. *Manly, manfully; boldly, ſtoutly; pithily, ſubſtantially; gravely.*
Virilité : f. *Virility, manlineſſe, manfulneſſe; ſtrength, vigor, ſtoutneſſe, courage; alſo, a mans genitalls.*
Virlis. *as* Virelis.
Virole : f. *An Iron ring put about the end of a ſtaffe, &c. to ſtrengthen it, and keep it from riving.*
Virolet : m. *as* Ventail; *A boyes windmill; alſo, a ſhittlecocke; alſo, an arrow-head; alſo, a ſword with an indented edge; alſo, a piercer; alſo, a mans yard.*
Virollé : m. ée : f. *Bound about with an Iron ring, or hoop.*

Virollette : f. *A ſword with an indented edge.*

Viron. (*Uſed in ſome parts of* France) *as* Environ.

Vironnant : m. ante : f. *Veering, environing, turning or winding about.*

Vironner. *To vecre, environ, turne, goe, or wind about.*

Virulence : f. *Stench, rankneſſe, rammiſhneſſe ; poiſon, venomouſneſſe.*

Vis : m. *The viſage, &c. as* Viſage.

Vis à vis. *Face to face ; directly oppoſite, right-over-againſt.*

Au vis le vice ; Prov. *Our faults may be read in our faces ; our viſage telleth what our vices be.*

Vis : m. *The vice, or ſpindle of a Preſſe ; alſo, a winding ſtaire.*

Vis briſée. *A ſtaire which having foure or five ſteps upright, then turnes, and hath as many forward another way.*

Vis S. Gilles. *A faſhion of winding ſtaire, that's vaulted all under the ſteps.*

Vis à iour. *Another conſiſting of many ſteps, and yet ſo contrived, that a man may from the higheſt diſcerne the loweſt.*

Viſa. *A word written by the Lord Chancelor on the backſide of Edicts, and Charters, to ſignifie his examination, and approbation of them ; 'tis alſo uſed by the Patrons of Benefices, or by Ordinaries, or Dioceſans, for the allowance, or in the behalfe, of ſuch as come into Spirituall Cures, &c. by Proviſion.*

Viſadmiral : m. *A Viceadmirall.*

Viſage : m. *The viſage, face, look, cheere, countenance, aſpect of a man.*

Viſage d'appelant. *A ſad, heavy, pitifull, or cheerleſſe look.*

Viſage de bois faict à. *A doore ſhut againſt.*

Viſage de preſſurier. *A muſtulent, or maumſie face.*

Viſage de rebec. *A ſneak-bill, ſharpenoſe, chittiface.*

Faux viſage. *A Maske, or Viſard.*

Homme à deux viſages. *A diſſembler, or double-dealer ; one that ſeldome keeps promiſe, or is never as good as his word ; whence the Proverb ;*

Homme à deux viſages n'agrée en villes, ne villages. *A man that hath a double viſage is neither lov'd in towne, nor village ; diſſembling is a hatefull ſinne.*

Mot à deux viſages. *A word of a doubtfull ſence, or double underſtanding ; an equivocation.*

Pois à viſage. *Look* Pois.

Vent au viſage ; Prov. *Adverſitie, croſſes. Look under* Vent.

Couché ſur ſon viſage. *Layed groveling.*

Rouge viſage, & groſſe pance, ne ſont ſignes de penitence ; Prov. *Hee that a red face hath, and ſwollen guts, his body unto penunance little puts.*

Viſant. *Ayming, levelling at.*

Viſc : m. *Miſſell, Miſſeltoe, Miſſeldine ; alſo, Birdlime (which is commonly made of Miſſeltoe.)*

Viſceral : m. ale : f. *Inward, of or from the bowels.*

Viſcide : com. *Clammy, cleaving, Birdlime-like.*

Viſcidité : f. *Viſciditie ; or, as* Viſcoſité.

Viſcoſité : f. *Viſcoſitie ; a Birdlime-like ſtyminеſſe, clamminеſſe, or cleaving.*

Viſduché : f. *A Vice-Duchie, or Vice-Dukedome.*

Viſée : f. *A levelling, or ayming at with the eye ; alſo, a levell, or ayme taken.*

Il ne tiroit iamais ſans viſée. *He never ſhot at randome.*

Pour bien tirer il faut prendre viſée ; Prov. *Take ayme with thy ſight if thou meane to ſhoot right ; ere thou thy arrow doe let flie, let thy hand be guided by thy eye ; he that will prevaile muſt proceed by adviſe.*

Viſeneſchal. *as* Vibailli ; *or, an under ſteward.*

Viſer. *To ayme, or levell at with the eye ; alſo, to regard, or heed.*

Qui viſe loing, iamais ne rend ſon coup heureux ; Prov. *as under* Coup.

Touſiours ne frappe l'on pas ce à quoy l'on viſe ; Prov. *One alwayes gets not that he aſpires unto.*

Viſeur : m. *An aymer, or leveller.*

Viſible : com. *Viſible, diſcernable, evident, apparent.*

Viſiblement. *Viſibly, diſcernably, evidently.*

Viſiere : f. *The viſer, or ſight of an helmet.*

Viſiere meurtriere. *A Port-hole for a murthering Piece in the forecaſtle of a ſhip.*

Viſion : f. *A viſion, ſight, apparition, fantaſie ; alſo, a viewing, or peruſing.*

Viſitation : f. *A viſitation, viſiting ; view, ſurvey, overſeeing.*

La viſitation de noſtre Dame. *The feaſt of the Viſitation of our Lady, celebrated, among the Papiſts, on the ſecond of* July.

Viſité : f. *as* Viſitation.

Viſiter. *To viſit, or go to ſee ; to view, ſurvey, overlooke, overſee.*

Viſiteur : m. *A viſitor, ſearcher, overſeer.*

Le grand viſiteur de France. *The great viſitor of* France : *is no Officer of the Crowne, nor (how great ſoever his Title be) more then a bare miniſter of Juſtice ; being ſubject unto the ordinary Judge of the place wherein he viſits, and of himſelfe determining nothing : In old time he was called* Le Roy des Merciers, *which Title the laſt King changed into this,* Anno 1597.

Viſme : m. *A Willow, or Wicker twig.*

Viſqueux : m. euſe : f. *Viſcous, clammy, cleaving, birdlime-like.*

Eſprit viſqueux. *A captious wit.*

Viſte : com. *Swift, quick, ſlighty, ſpeedy, nimble, ſuddaine, haſtie.*

Viſte en beſongne. *Ready, or quick, at worke ; fit, or apt for a ſuddain diſpatch ; alſo, craftie, ſubtill, ſlie, wary.*

Plus viſte que le mot. *In leſſe time done then ſpoken of ; done before one could have ſaid, this.*

Viſte-courant. *Swift, or light of foot ; that ſeems to flie as he runs.*

Viſtement. *Quickly, ſpeedily, readily, ſwiftly, nimbly ; haſtily, ſuddainly, immediately, incontinently.*

Viſtempenard : m. *A duſter made of a Foxtaile faſtned unto a ſtaffe.*

Viſtempenardé : m. ée : f. *Duſted, or flapped with a Fox-taile ; alſo, raggedly, vilely, or baſely attired.*

Viſteſſe : f. *Swiftneſſe, quickneſſe, lightneſſe, nimbleneſſe, ſpeed, haſte, ſuddainneſſe.*

Viſual : m. ale : f. *Viſuall, of or belonging to the ſight ; alſo, carried by the ſight, or extending as farre as the eye can carry it.*

Viſuel : m. elle : f. *Giving, or cauſing ſight ; alſo, as* Viſual (*in the latter ſence.*)

Viſum viſu. ¶ Rab. *as* Vis à vis.

Viſure : f. *The ſide between the upper leather, and the ſole of a corked ſhooe ; the rand of a ſhooe.*

Vit : m. *A mans yard ; a beaſts pizle.*

Vit de caille. *A Rayle.*

Vit de chien. *as* Vit de preſtre.

Vit de coq. *A Woodcock.*

Vits de gouvernail. *The Pintles, or Iron hookes whereby the ſterne of a ſhip doth hang.*

Vit de mer. *An ougly creature, or exceſcence, like to the end of a mans yard.*

Vit de preſtre. *Prieſts-Pintle, herb Aaron, Cuckoe-Pintle, Wake-Robin, Rampe.*

Vit volant. *as* Pennache de mer.

Vitailler. *To handle, dallie, or play with, a P.*

Vital : m. ale : f. *Vitall, lively, likely to live ; alſo, bringing, breeding, maintaining, or preſerving, life.*

Vitault : m. *A great toole, or, one that hath a good toole ; alſo, a flattering word for a young boy, like our, my pretty pillicock ; whence,* Mon vitault.

Vite : f. *A womans, &c.*

Vitellin : m. ine : f. *Of or belonging to the yolke of an egge.*

Cholere vitelline. *A kind of choler bred by a rotten or unnaturall heat, and reſembling, both in colour and conſiſtence, the yolkes of egges.*

Saulx vitelline. *Look* Saulx.

Vitette : f. *A very little prick, bable, member.*

Vitex. *The ſhrub Agnus caſtus, Abrahams Balme, Chaſt-tree, Hemp-tree.* ¶ Rab.

Vitier. *Look* Vicier.

Vitieux. *as* Vicieux.

Vitrage : m. *Glaſſe, Glaſſe-worke, or Glaſing work.*

Vitre : f. *Glaſſe, or a Glaſſe-window.*

Vitres. *The ſquares, or mashes of a racket ; (from the reſemblance they have with quarries of Glaſſe.)*

Vitré : m. ée : f. *Glaſſed ; covered or done over with glaſſe ; alſo, glazed, or varniſhed as the inſide of an earthern veſſell.*

Vitregu : m. *A Glaſſe-window.*

Vitrée : f. *The bird called a Whittaile.*

Vitreole : f. *Small withiwind, Hedgebells, Bindweed ; alſo, the black purging Bindweed.*

Vitrer. *To glaſe ; to ſtop, cover, or doe over, with glaſſe ; alſo, to varniſh the inſide of a veſſell of earth, &c.*

Vitrerie : f. *A glaſing, or Glaſſe-making.*

Vitreux : m. euſe : f. *Gaſſie, of Glaſſe, full of Glaſſe ; cleere, tranſparent, or brittle as Glaſſe.*

Humeur vitreuſe. *The glaſſie humor in the (binder part of) the eye.*

Vitrice :

Vitrice : m. *A ſtepfather, or father in law.* ℣ Rab.
Vitrier : m. *A Glaſier, or worker in Glaſſe.*
Vitrification : f. *Glaſſineſſe, or the making of Glaſſe.*
Vitrifier. *To turne, or make into Glaſſe.*
Vitriol : m. *Vitriall, Copperoſe ; alſo, Pellitory of the wall.*
Vitriol d' Allemagne. *German Vitriall ; worſe then the Roman, as having ſomewhat of iron in it.*
Vitriol d'Hongrie. *Hungarie Vitriall ; naturall (and thereby the beſt) Copperoſe.*
Vitriol Romain. *Roman Vitriall ; Copperoſe ; made of ſuch like ſtuffe as glaſſe is.*
Vitriole. *as* Vitreole.
Vitriolique : com. *Like Vitriall, or Copperoſe.*
Vitte : f. *A womans &c.*
Vitulos. *The laſt word of a Latine Pſalm of Mercy, which begining with the word* Miſerere, *hath bred the phraſe,* Tu auras du miſerere iuſques à vitulos, *for one that's to be whipped extremely, or a long time.*
Vituperable : com. *Vituperable.*
Vituperation : f. *A vituperation, or diſpraiſing.*
Vitupere : m. *Diſpraiſe, diſcommendation ; diſparagement ; reprehenſion, blame.*
Vitupere : m. ée : f. *Vituperated, diſpraiſed ; blamed.*
Vituperer. *To vituperate, diſpraiſe, diſcommend ; reproach, diſparage, diſhonour, blame, reprehend, find fault with.*
Vitupereur : m. *A diſpraiſer, diſcommender ; diſparager, diſgracer ; blamer, fault-finder.*
Vitus. *whence,* Mal S. Vitus *Look* Mal.
Vivace : com. *Lively, luſtie, ſtrong, vigorous ; nimble, active, quick ; full of life, metall, ſpirit ; alſo, of long life.*
Vivacité : f. *Vivacity, livelineſſe, luſtineſſe, vigor, ſtrength ; ſpirit, metall ; activity, quickneſſe, nimbleneſſe ; jollity, gayneſſe of humor.*
Vivacité d'eſprit. *Wittineſſe, quickneſſe of apprehenſion, ſharpneſſe of conceit.*
Vivandier : m. *A Victualler, Sutler, Provant-men.*
Vivant : m. *whence,* De ſon vivant. *In his life-time, while he lived.*
Vivant : m. ante : f. *Living, breathing, alive, in life.*
Homme vivant mourant. *Look* Homme.
Vive : f. *The Quaviver, or ſea-Dragon.*
Vivelle : f. *A huge kind of Whall in the Indian ſeas.*
Vivelote, ou Vivelotte ; *whence,* Droict de v. *The dower which is due to the widow of a* Cottier, *or tenant of* Mainferme.
Vivement. *Lively, quickly, lightly, ſprightfully, vigorouſly.*
Vivenote, ou Vivenotte. *as* Vivelote, &c.
Vivifiant : m. ante : f. *Quickning, life-giving.*
Vivifier. *To quicken, or give life unto.*
Vivifique : com. *Which quickeneth, or giveth life.*
Vivoter. *To live poorely, barely, needily, or but from hand to mouth ; to make hard ſhift for a living ; to keepe the wolfe from the doore.*
Vivre : m. *A living, meanes, maintenance ; meat, food, ſuſtenance ; any thing whereon we feed, or live.*
Vivres. *Victuals ; acates.*
Quint de vivre naturell. *See* Quint.
Les vivres ſuivent l'hoſt ; Pro. *Victualls follow the Campe ; where ſtore of company is victualls will be.*
Vivré : m. ée : f. (*In Blaſon:*) Il ſortoit d'or à la bande vivrée d'argent. *A bend Vivrie.*
Vivre. *To live, have life, be alive ; to lead, or ſpend a life ; to breath.*
Vivre en beſte. (*In the Proverbe,* Tenez chaud le pied & la teſte, au reſte vivez en beſte ;) *to eat moderately, or no more then will ſerve the turn.*
Vivre à la Carlonne. *To uſe a homely, rude, or plain courſe of proceeding ; to live groſly or plainely, to deale open-heartedly.*
Vivre à diſcretion. *To live at what rate they liſt, to pay for their diet what they liſt.*
Vivre par eſtapes. *Look* Eſtape.
Vivre à ſes heures. *To live regularly, to keepe a temperate, or ſet diet ; to preſcribe to himſelfe a certain ſorm of, or time for, his ordinary feeding.*
Se vivre. *In ſtead of,* ſe paiſtre. *To feed, or victuall, himſelfe.*
Aſſez ieune qui povrement vit ; Prov. *Enough he faſts that barely feeds.*
Celuy ſçait aſſez qui vit bien ; Prov. *He that lives well enough hath skill enough.*
Il eſt bien ſol qui cuide touſiours vivre ; Prov. *He that thinks to live ever is an Aſſe.*
L'un meurt dont l'autre vit ; Pro. *That which preſerves one man poiſons another.*
Qui vit à compte, il vit à honte ; Pro. *See* Compte.
Qui a honte de manger a honte de vivre ; Pro. *Shame to eat, and ceaſe to live ; a taxation of unſeaſonable baſhfulneſſe, and not much unlike our, Spare to ſpeak and ſpare to ſpeed.*
Qui bien veut mourir bien vive ; Prov. *He that deſires to die, let him live well.*
Qui plus vit plus a à ſouffrir ; Prov. *The longer life the greater griefe.*
Viz : f. *as* Vis.
Vlceraire : f. *Crowſoot ; alſo, Horſebound ; (herbs.)*
Vlceratif : m. iue : f. *Vlcerative, ulcerating, ulcer breeding.*
Vlceration : f. *An ulceration ; a making or growing ulcerous, a drawing to an ulcer.*
Vlcere : m. *An ulcer ; a raw ſcab ; a running, or mattary ſore.*
Vlcere ambulatif. *Seek* Ambulatif.
Vlcer. *To ulcerate, exulcerate ; exaſperate ; raiſe a bliſter ; make a raw ſcab, draw to a running ſore.*
Vligineux : m. euſe : f. *Wet, plaſhie, ſobby, full of water, full ſoaked, or grown ſoft, by a long abode in water.*
Vlmeau : m. *A young Elme.*
Vlne : f. *An Ell, or fadome ; alſo, a cubit.*
Vloplone : f. *A venomous glue, or clammie ſubſtance, made of Miſſeltoe berries ; ſome call ſo the black Cameleon thiſtle, whoſe root is alſo venomous.*
Vlpic : m. *Great, or wild Garlick.*
Vlrime : com. *Laſt, lag, ſmall, extreme ; the furtheſt, or furthermoſt.*
Vlcion : f. *A revenging, avenging, taking vengeance of ; a puniſhing.*
Vlulement : m. *A howling, or yelling.*
Vmbelle de tenouil. *The umble, or the round tuft, or head wherein the ſeed thereof growes.*
Vmbilic : m. *The navell, or middle, of.*
Vmbilical : m. ale : f. *Vmbilicall, belonging to the navell ; whence,* Veine umbilicale. *Seek* Veine.
Vmble : m. *The* Geneva *Trout, or Salman ; found in the lakes of* Savoy.
Vmble chevalier. *A kind of freſh-water Trout, or Salmon, bigger then the ordinary* Vmble.
Vmbragé, & Vmbrager. *Look* Ombragé, & Ombrager.
Vmbre : f. *as* Ombre ; *alſo, an Omber, or Grayling ; a fiſh (not much unlike the* Maigre.)
Vmbre de riviere. *A big-bellied, ſharpe-noſed, tooth-leſſe, delicate, and wholeſome Trout, found in the lakes, and rivers of* Auvergne, *and* Savoy.
Vmbrette : f. *A little Omber, or Grayling fiſh.*
Vmbrine : f. *A great-eyed, round-tongued, ſmall-toothed, & wholeſome ſea-fiſh, which hath certaine barres over-croſſe her back, and growing often to the bigneſſe of a* Maigre, *is ſometimes taken for it.*
Vmbroyer. *To be in the ſhadow, alſo, to caſt, or yeeld a ſhadow.*
Vn : m. vne : f. *One, a ; In the plurall ſometimes uſed for ſome ; whence ;* Les vns ; *ſome of them ; and,* vnes verges ; *ſome rods.*
Deux pour vn. *The Snype-knave ; termed ſo, becauſe two of them are worth but one good Snyte.*
En avoir d'une. *To be gulled, or to ſwallow a gudgeon.*
Donner d'une. *To tell a lie ; to give a lurch, or dry liſt ; to gull, or make a foole of.*
L'un portant l'autre. *One with, or for another ; good and bad together.*
Commun n'eſt pas vn ; Pro. *See* Commun.
Qui n'en a qu'un, n'en a point ; Prov. (*Meant of Cocks, Bulls, &c. and ſometimes alledged by laſcivious women*) *as good have none as have no more but one.*
Vnanime : com. *Of one mind, heart, will, conſent, accord ; agreeing fully together.*
Vnanimement. *With one mind, &c. with full conſent, or agreement.*
Vnde. *Look* Onde.
Vndé. *as* Ondé ; *alſo, in Blaſon, undie, or wavie.*
Vndecimeſtre. *Of eleven months.*
Vndiculation : f. *A waving, or water-work, in Imagery, or carving.*
Vndimie : f. *as* Oedeme.
Vnguent. *Look* Onguent.
Vnguenteux : m. euſe : f. *Full of ointments, or ſalves ; oily, greaſie, fatty.*

Vni : m. ie : f. *Iuſt, even, equall, plain; ſmooth; alſo, united, or joyned together.*

Vnicorne : ſ. *An Vnicorn.*

Vniemẽt : m. *An evenning, equalling, plaining; a making juſt, or level, with another.*

Vniément. *Equally, evenly, plainly, ſmoothly, juſt one with another.*

Vnieſme : com. *The firſt; the one, or onth.*

Vniforme : com. *Vniform; of one form, proportion, ſhape, or faſhion.*

Vnitormement. *Vniformely, with one order, in one manner.*

Vniformité : f. *Vniformity; agreement in form, proportion, ſhape, faſhion, manner, order.*

Vniment : m. *An uniting, joyning, or knitting together.*

Vniment. *With one accord.*

Vnion : f. *An union, or unity; a league, peace, conſent, agreement, attonement.*

Vnipare : com. *Breeding, or bringing forth, but one at once.*

Vnique : com. *Single, ſingular, one, onely, alone; entire; eſpecial.*

Vniquement. *Singly, ſingularly, entirely; chiefely, eſpecially; onely, alone.*

Vnir. *to unite, joyn, annex or knit unto, make one of.*

Vniſonnant : m. ante : f. *Sounding alike, according, or agreeing in ſound, of one and the ſame ſound.*

Vniſonnement. *All with one ſound, voice, accord; in good harmony.*

Vniſon : f. *An uniſon; an one; an onelineſſe, or lonelineſſe; a ſingle, or ſingleneſſe.*

Vnité : f. *An unity, ſingleneſſe, concord, agreement, attonement; an union, uniting, or joyning of things together.*

Vnivers. L'vn. *The univerſe, or univerſall world.*

Vniverſel : m. elle : f. *Univerſall, common, generall, belonging to all.*

Vniverſellement. *Univerſally, generally, wholly, altogether.*

Vniverſité : f. *Univerſity, univerſality, generalneſſe; alſo, an Univerſity.*

Vnivoque : com. *Simple, of one onely ſence, or ſignification.*

Vnzieſme : m. *An eleventh; a rate, or proportion of eleven.*

Vnzieſme : com. L'vn. *The eleventh in number.*

Voarre : m. *A glaſſe; or glaſſe.*

Voarrerie : f. *A Glaſſe-houſe.*

Voarrier : m. *A Glaſier; or Glaſſe-maker.*

Voarriere : f. *A Glaſſe-window; alſo, as* Voarrerie.

Vocable : m. *A word, a tearme.*

Vocabulaire : m. *A Vocabularie, Dictionary, world of words.*

Vocal : m. ale : f. *Vocall; belonging to, or conſiſting in, the voice; alſo, well tuned, that maketh a diſtinct ſound; and reſounding, or that hath a loud voice.*

Oiſeau vocale. *A bird which may be taught to ſpeak.*

Vocale : f. *A vowell.*

Vocalizé : m. ée : f. *Vowelled, made a vowell.*

Vocation : f. *A vocation, a calling.*

Vociferation : f. *A vociferation, exclamation, braying, lowd crying.*

Vociferer. *To exclame, bray, cry out, cry alowd.*

† Vociter. *To call often.*

Vocu : m. *A vow, religious promiſe, deepe or devout proteſtation.*

Vogue : f. *Vogue, ſway, ſwindge; authority, power; a cleere paſſage, as of a ſhip in a broad ſea.*

Vne vogue de faveur de peu de durée. *A geere of favour, momentary grace.*

Voguement : m. *A ſailing forth, or forward; a parting or paſſing along under ſaile.*

† Voguer. *To ſaile forth, or forward; to ſet ſaile, hoiſe up ſailes, put forth unto the ſea; to part or paſſe along under ſaile.*

Vogue avant. *On a Gods name, on forward, on afore.*

Vogue la gallere. *See* Gallere.

Voici. *See here, look here, behold here.*

Voiẽture, & Voiturier. *See* Voiture, & Voiturier.

Voïe. *See* Voye.

Voïer. *Looke* Voyer.

Voilà. *Look, ſee, loe, behold, there.*

Voilà ce que ie demande. *Why thats the thing I aske.*

Ie croy que voilà le plus propre. *This is, as I think, the fitteſt.*

Voile : m. *A Vayle; (uſed by Nunnes, widowes, or churched women;) alſo, a curtaine or other cloth to cover, or lay over, a thing.*

Voile : f. *The ſaile of a ſhip; alſo, a ſaile, or ſhip, whence,* 200 voiles; 200 *ſhips, or ſaile of ſhips.*

A voile deſployée. *With ſailes diſplaied; haſtily, ſpeedily, furiouſly; with might and maine, as faſt and as much as one can.*

A voile rancade. *See* Rancade.

Friand à la voile. Navire friand à la voile. *A ſhip that goes exceeding well and ſwiftly, an excellent ſailer.*

Donner (ou faire) voile à tous vents. *To ſaile with, or be carried by, every wind; to doe alwaies as others do; alſo, to be tranſported by every windie motion of his own vaine thoughts.*

Faire voile. *To ſet ſaile, to make out to ſea, &c.*

Voilé : m. ée : f. *Vayled; attired in, or covered with, a vayle; alſo, profeſſed, as a Nunne; alſo, furniſhed with ſailes.*

Voiler. *To vaile; to cover with, or attire in, a vaile; alſo, to make a Nunne of; alſo, to excuſe, overſhadow, hide, conceale.*

Voilier : m. ere : f. *Of a ſaile, having ſailes.*

Voir : m. *Truth, a true tale or matter, ſooth.* (v.m.)

Voir. *To ſee. Look* Veoir.

Voire. *But, yea but; ſurely, certainely, verily, indeed; forſooth; alſo.*

Voire Dea. (*Ironically*) *yes forſooth, yea ywis, much, as though, in my tother hoſe.*

Voire voirement s'il n'eſtoit point ainſi. *As though forſooth it were not ſo; or by your favor ſir it was even ſo.*

Il s'eſt mocqué de moy, voire il ma batu. *He mocked me, yea and beat me too; or, he gave me both quips and cuts, both mocks and ſtroakes, to boot.*

Voirement. *Surely, certainely, verily; forſooth; indeed.*

Voirie : f. *Juriſdiction, &c. as* Iuſtice; *whence;*

Grande voirie. *Mean Juriſdiction; or as,* La moyenne Iuſtice; &, ſimple voirie. *Baſe, or low Juriſdiction.*

Voirie : f. *A way, path, road, or ſtreet; alſo, the layſtall of a town; the place whereon all the dung, and filth of a town is laied, or unloaden; (In which ſenſe it is much uſed plurally.)*

Gens de voirie. *Scavingers, dung-farmers, gold-finders.*

Voriefier. Allez voiriefier. *A Pariſien equivocation upon* Allez vous y fier; *truſt to it if you liſt; and uſed in deteſtation of a filthie, or dunghillike thing.*

† Voirre : m. *Glaſſe.*

Voirre dormant. *Looke under* Dormant.

† Voirré : m. ée : f. *Glaſſie, of glaſſe.*

† Voirrier : m. *A Glaſier.*

† Voirriere : f. *A glaſſe-window; glaſſe-work.*

† Voirrin : m. ine : f. *Glaſſie, of glaſſe; alſo, tranſparent.*

† Voirrine : f. *as* Voirriere.

† Voirrinier : m. *A Glaſier; a Glaſſe-maker; a worker in glaſſe.*

† Voiſe, voiſent. Qu'il s'en voiſe; qu'ils s'en voiſent. *Let him, or them, go.*

Voiſin : m. *A neighbour.*

Bien a en ſa maiſon qui de ſes voiſins eſt aimé; Pro. *He that hath neighbours love lives well at home.*

Bon advocat mauvais voiſin; Pro. *The beſt Lawyer is the worſt neighbour; thoſe that know moſt are worſt to dwell by.*

Qui a bon voiſin a bon matin; Prov. *He that hath a good neighbour gets good words.*

Tenir ne faut pour bon voiſin vn ami de table, & de vin; Pr. *Trencher friends are ſeldome good neighbours; they will feaſt it, but not faſt it with you; or when your proviſion failes them, their company failes you.*

Voiſin : m. ine : f. *Neighbouring, or neer unto; hard by, not farre off; alſo, very like unto.*

Voiſinage : m. *Neighbourhood, nighneſſe, neereneſſe.*

En mauvais voiſinage ſe loge on; Pro. *The pooreſt ſwad affords a pad: ill neighbours may be lodg'd among.*

Voiſinal : m. ale : f. *Neighbouring, or neighbourly.*

Chemin voiſinal. *as under* Chemin.

Teſmoings voiſinaux. *Which dwell neere the land, &c. in controverſie.*

Voiſinance : f. *Neereneſſe, neighbourhood.*

Voiſiné : m. Ceux du voiſiné. *The neighbours, or thoſe that dwell thereabouts.*

Voiſine : f. *A ſhe neighbour; whence the Proverb,* Pour graiſſe que ſoit la geline, elle a beſoing de ſa voiſine; *The fatteſt hen within the coope, without good neighbours will ſoon droope.*

Voiſiner. *To be neighbour, nigh, neer, or adjoyning, unto; alſo, to goſſip it, or go to viſit neighbours.*

† Voiſtrer. *Look* Veautrer.

Voiture : f. *Carriage, portage, fraight, loading; alſo, a load, Carre-full, or Cart-full.*

Voi-

Voituré : m. ée. : f. *Carried by a Cart, &c.*

Voiturer. *To carry by Cart, Waine, Wagon, &c.*

Bien voiturer ſa viande. *Throughly to digeſt, (or as we ſay, to ſhake down) his meat by travell, or exerciſe.*

Voiturier : m. *A Carrier (eſpecially by Waine, or Wagon) a Waine-man, or Wagon-man.*

Voix : f. *A voice ; a ſound, noiſe, tune, word, cry ; a repercuſſion of th'aire ; talk, bruit, report.*

Avoir voix en chapitre. *To be heard attentively and with reſpect ; to be of authoritie, or beare ſome ſway, in a publike aſſembly.*

Ie n'en ay eu vent, ny voix. *I never heard word of it.*

Vol : m. *A flight, or flying ; a quick running, ſpeedy paſſage, haſty courſe ; alſo, a robbing, or ſtripping by the high-way ſide ; alſo, a Lure, in Blaſon.*

Le vol du chapon. *Is by the cuſtomes of* Clermont, Orleans, Berri, le Perche, Blois, Romorantin, Leuroux, & Tremblent, *an* Arpent ; *by thoſe of* Chaſteauneuf, *an* Arpent *and an half ; by thoſe of* S. Aignan, Chabris, & Auvergne, *a* ſeſterée ; *and by thoſe of* Anjou, *and* le Maine 320 *ſingle paces, of the ground lying next unto, or about, a Gentlemans Manor houſe, or principall meſſuage ; with which (in default of a competent garden) it ever falls unto the ſhare of the eldeſt heire.*

Volage : com. *Light, giddy, ſhittle-headed ; inconſtant, fickle, humorous ; flitting ; ſhallow-braind, inconſiderate, raſh.*

Appel volage. *Look* Appel.

Rente volage. *A rent raiſed of, or purchaſed for, money.*

Volagement. *Lightly, giddily, inconſtantly, fickly ; humorouſly ; raſhly.*

Volageté : f. *Lightneſſe, giddineſſe ; humorouſneſſe, inconſtancy, fickleneſſe ; inconſideration, raſhneſſe.*

Volant : m. *The ſea-Bat, or Reremouſe of the ſea ; a flying fiſh ; alſo, the ſaile of a Windmill ; alſo, a cloke ; and a Capon, or other peece of Pullein ; in the language of Rogues ; alſo, a Shittlecock.)*

Volant : m. ante : f. *Flying, ſwiftly-paſſing, faſt running ; momentany, flitting ; ſubject to remove often, or to frequent removes.*

Camp volant. *A flying campe, a campe of light-horſemen for ordinary roades.*

Pont volant. *The ladder of a ſhip.*

Rente volant, ou volante. *A Rent-ſeck, rent-charge ; or, any rent thats raiſed of, or bought for, money.*

Volante : f. *A looſe Jerkin, or Caſſock, a Mandilion.*

Volatil : m. ile : f. *Flying ; fleeting, or flitting.*

† Volatiliſer. *To fly, flicker, flit, waver.*

Vole : f. *The palme, or hollowneſſe of an halfe-open hand ; the joynt, or muſcle under the thumbe.*

Volé : m. ée : f. *Fled ; alſo, robbed, pilled, poyled.*

Volée : f. *A flight, or flying ; alſo a whole flight, flocke, or company of birds ; and, a brood of fowle of one ſeaſon.*

'A la volée. *Raſhly, unadviſedly, inconſiderately ; at randome, at rovers, at all adventures, even as it chances, falls out, happens.*

Perdre la volée pour le bond. *To loſe, or let ſlipt, an opportunity, in hope that it will return.*

Que de bond que de volée. *More by meere hap then any good cunning ; or, by one courſe or another, what by one meanes and another.*

Meſchante parole iectée va par tout à la volée ; Pro. *See* Parole.

Volement : m. *A flying ; fleeting, flitting ; ſpeedy running, ſwift paſſing.*

Le Voler. *A certain trick uſed in priſons for the drawing of drinking money from newcome gueſts.*

Voler. *To fly ; take a flight, be on wing ; runne ſwiftly, paſſe away quickly ; fleet, or flit ſpeedily ; alſo, to rob, viſte, ſtrip, deſpoile of all.*

Voler à ſaulte. *A hawke to loſe, or miſſe her flight.*

Voler de haute aile ; & voler ſans ailes. *Look* Aile.

Ie ne vole point ſur la gorge. *I uſe not to exerciſe preſently after meat.*

Faire bourre voler. *To play much at Tennis ; alſo, to uſe much any coſtly game, or paſtime.*

Tel penſe voler qui ne ſçauroit bouger ; Pro. *Look* Bouger.

Volerie : f. *A robbery ; robbing, ranſacking ; a violent road wherein all goes to wrack ; alſo, a place over a ſtage which we call the Heaven.*

Volet : m. *A cloth ſpread on the ground for the picking of corn ; alſo, a ſhut, or wooden window to ſhut over a glaſſe one (as* Contre-feneſtre ; *) alſo, a flight, or light ſhaft ; alſo, a ſhittle-cock ; alſo, a board, or plank.*

Eſleus, & choiſis comme beaux pois ſur le volet ; &, Triez ſur le volet. *Choice peeces, picked ſtuffe.*

Voleter. *To flicker, or flutter ; to flie thick, move the wings often ; waver with the wings.*

Voleur : m. *A flier ; alſo, a robber, or highway theefe ; and an inroder, or a roadmaker.*

Voleuſe : f. *A woman that flies ; or robs.*

Volier : m. *A great cage, or coope wherein birds have room enough to flutter.*

Voliere : f. *as* Volier ; *or (more generally) a cage, or coope for fowle ; alſo, a Dove-coat ſtanding on pillers ; therein differing from* Colombier à pied ; *and of a meaner qualitie (or for meaner perſons) then it.*

Vollatiliſer. *See* Volatiliſer.

Voller. *To get never a tricke, at cards.* ¶ Rab.

Volliere. *as* Voliere.

Volontaire : com. *A voluntary ; one that ſerves, or does any thing, without pay, or compulſion.*

Volontaire : com. *Voluntary, willing, free, of it ſelf, of his own accord ; alſo, prone, ready, forward, apt to think, or execute a thing put into his head ; alſo, wilfull, that does what likes him beſt, or whatſoever comes in his head.*

Volontairement. *Voluntarily, willingly, promptly, readily, freely, without procurement or compulſion, of his own accord.*

Volonté : f. *The will, mind, liſt ; heart, conſent, meaning, affection, humor, deſire.*

Bonne volonté. *Willingneſſe, freeneſſe, readineſſe, owne accord or good will ; alſo, abſolute will and pleaſure ; whence,*

Ie me rends, faites de moy voſtre bonne volonté, viz. *Whatſoever you thinke good.*

'A la mienne volonté, que. *I would to God, or I pray God, that.*

† Volonteux : m. euſe : f. *Wilfull, ſelfwilly, wedded to his will ; ſwaied by the throng, or carried by the ſtreame, of his own (intemperate) humors.*

Volontiers. *Willingly, readily, freely, gladly, at eaſe, with delight.*

Voltant : m. ante : f. *Bounding, curvetting ; alſo, turning.*

Volte : f. *A round ; or turn ; and thence, the bounding turn which cunning riders teach their horſes ; alſo, a Tumblers gamboll, or turn ; whence ;*

Volte en arriere. *A backe turne ; a jerting, or wheeling backward, lighting againe on the feet ; and,* Volte en avant ; *(the contrary) a turning over forward.*

Prendre la volte de Londres, &c. *To go to London-wards, or towards London.*

Volter. *To vault, or tumble ; alſo, to bound, or curvet ; alſo, to turn, or make turn.*

Voltigeant : m. ante : f. *Vaulting, or tumbling ; alſo, curvetting, or managing in a (narrow) circle.*

Voltigement : m. *A vaulting, or tumbling ; alſo, a curvetting, or managing in round.*

Voltiger. *To vault, or tumble ; alſo, to curvet, or manage in a (narrow) circle.*

Voltoline : f. *The name of a vine.*

Volubilité : f. *Volubilitie ; an eaſie rolling, or glib turning ; and thence, unſteadineſſe, or an inconſtant moving.*

Voluble : f. *Withiwind, Bindweed, Reapweed.*

Voluble : com. *Voluble ; eaſily rolled, turned, or tumbled ; Hence, fickle, inconſtant, variable, wavering, often flitting, or changing ; and glib, nimble, rolling, alwaies running, ever turning.*

Volume : m. *A volume, tome, book, or ſeverall part of a book ; alſo, the bulk, ſize, quantity, or largeneſſe of a thing.*

Voluntaire, & Voluntairement. *See* Volontaire, & Volontairement.

Volunté : f. *as* Volonté.

Volupté : f. *Pleaſure, voluptuouſneſſe, ſenſuality, worldly delight.*

Voluptueuſement. *Voluptuouſly, ſenſually.*

Voluptueux : m. euſe : f. *Voluptuous, fleſhlie, ſenſuall, carnall, wholly devoted to worldly delights.*

Volute : f. *The rolling ſhell of a Snaile ; alſo, the writhen circle, or curle tuft that hangs over, or ſticks out of the chapter of a piller, &c. and il tearmed by our workemen a Rowle, Cartridge, or Cart-houſe.*

Vomique : f. la vom. *A ſecret, and dangerous impoſtumation full of matter.*

Vomique : com. *Vomiting ; whence,* Noix vomique ; *the vomiting nut, or fruit. See* Noix.

Vo-

Vomir. *To vomit, ſpue, caſt, parbreake.*
Vomiſſement : m. *A vomiting, or ſpuing.*
Vomitif : m. *A Vomitive, or Vomitory, any thing that provokes vomiting.*
Vomitoire : m. *as* Vomitif.
Vorace : com. *Ravenous, devouring, ſwallowing, gluttonous, conſuming.*
Voracité : f. *Voracity, ravening, gluttony, devouring, ſwallowing, exceſſive or greedy feeding.*
Vorage : m. *A gulfe, whirlepoole, quagmire ; a ſwallowing or unſatiable depth.*
Vortillement des fleves. *as* Vortillons.
Vortillons : m. *The eddie, whirling, round turnings in a ſtreame.*
Vos. *The plurall to* Voſtre.
Voſtre : com. *Your, yours, belonging to you.*
Vote : m. *A vow.*
Vou : f. *A daughter in law, a ſonnes wife.* ¶ Gaſc.
Vouade. *as* Bouade.
† Vouchement : m. *A vouching in law.*
Voucher. *To vouch ; to cite, pray in aid, or call unto aid, in a ſute.* ¶ Norm.
Voüé : m. ée : f. *Vowed ; religiouſly promiſed, or proteſted ; alſo, given, bequeathed, betaken, or devoted, unto.*
Voüer. *To vow ; promiſe or proteſt ; alſo, to give, bequeath, betake, or devote unto ; whence ;* Voüer au Diable, &c.
Voüer arbre à arbre. *To joyn, or glue tree to tree, board unto board.*
Voüerie : f. *as* Voirie ; *Juriſdiction.*
† Voüeur : m. *A wooer, or ſuter unto a woman.*
† Vouge : m. *A Hunting, or Hunters ſtaffe ; a Boores ſpear.*
Voulant. Bien vo. *Well-willing, friendly or affectionate, unto,*
† Voulceure : f. *A vaulting, arching, bowing, crooking ; or, a vault, arch, bought.*
† Voulenteux. *as* Volenteux.
Vouloir : m. *A will, mind, ſancie, affection, humor ; wiſh, deſire ; meaning, purpoſe, intent.*
Vouloir. *To will ; covet, wiſh, deſire ; mean, mind, purpoſe, intend.*
En vouloir. *whence ;* 'A qui en voulez vous ? *What ailes you ? who hurts you ? or, whom doe you ſtomack ? who have you a quarrell to ? with whom do you mean to brabble ? Sometimes alſo the contrary ; as,* l'heur vous en veut ; *fortune favours you ; (but in this ſenſe it is not often uſed.)*
Dieu le vueille. *God grant, God ſend it, or I pray God it fall out ſo.*
Ie le veux bien. *With all my heart ; I am well content, or pleaſed withall.*
Il ne nous donne qui ne veut. *No man is conſtrained to give us ; any man may chuſe whether he will give us or no ; The like is ;* Il y va vcoir qui veut ; *He that will, be that hath a mind to it, any one, may goe and ſee it.*
Si les dez ne vous veulent. *If the dice run not to your mind, on your ſide ; or as you would have them.*
Que veut le Roy ce veut la Loy ; Prov. *The Law makes good her Princes expoſitions.*
Qui quand il peut ne veut, quand il veut il ne peut ; Pro. *Look* Pouvoir.
Qui tard veut ne veut ; Pro. *A delay imports a denial ; and he that drives one off with words, doth mean to let him have nought but words.*
† Voulrie : f. *Th'authority which a father and mother have over their child ; alſo, the houſe, or dwelling of a father.*
† Voulſure : f. *as* Voulceure.
Voulte : f. *A vault, or arch ; alſo, a vaulted, or embowed roofe.*
Voulté : m. ée : f. *Vaulted, arched ; bowed, or bending on all ſides downeward ; alſo, crook-backed, or bulch-backed.*
Voulter. *To vault, arch, bow ; crook, or bend (on all ſides) downeward.*
Voulteur : m. *A maker of vaults, or of arches.*
Voultis : m. *The ſeeling of a room.*
Voulture : f. *A vaulting, or arching.*
Voulu. *Willed, wiſhed ; coveted, fancied, deſired, affected ; meant, intended, purpoſed.*
Vous. *You.*
Vouſſé : m. ée : f. *Vaulted, arched.*
† Vouſure : f. *as* Voulture.
Voute. *as* Voulte.
Voutoyé : m. ée : f. *Vaulted, arched, bowed.*
† Voutrer. *Look* Veautrer.
Vouture : f. *as* Voulture.
† Voyable : com. *Viſible, perceivable, ſeeable, ſubject unto the view.*
Voyage : m. *A voyage, journey, peregrination ; alſo, (among Diers) a beating, or copper-full, of liquor.*
Voyagement : m. *A voyaging, travelling, journeying.*
Voyager. *To travell, journey, goe a voyage.*
Voyager en Cornoüaille. *To be a cuckold ; or to have his head borne-graffed at home while his feet are plodding abroad.*
Voyagere : f. *A travelling, or way-faring woman.*
Voyageur : m. *A traveller, a way-faring man.*
Voyant. *Viewing, ſeeing, perceiving, beholding.*
Voy-cy. *Look, ſee, behold, here.*
Voye : f. *A way, path ; ſtreet, cauſey ; properly ſuch a one as is about 16 foot broad ; alſo, a mean, manner, faſhion ; order, courſe, rule, method ; alſo, the carriage or portage of a thing ; alſo, a load, or cart-full of ; and, in the plurall (*Voyes*) the view, or ſooting of a Stag ; whence ;*
Courir vn cerf ſur les voyes ; *Dogs to hunt, or purſue a Stag, with noſes to ground.*
Par voye. *as* à clere-voyes ; *or ſo farre ſet aſunder that one may eaſily looke between them.*
Par voye de faict. *Look* Faict.
Tout d'une voye. *All at once ; or, all under one.*
Accueillir ſa voye vers. *To travell, wend, or go, towards.*
Mettre en voye. *To ſet packing, going, or agate ; to put forward, or into the way.*
Il ne va pas du tout à honte qui de demye voye retourne ; Pro. *Himſelf with ſhame he will not ſtaine to goe, that hath turn'd back againe ; he that hath once a courſe abandond hath not the face againe to ſtand on't.*
Voyelle : f. *A vowell.*
Voyer : m. *A Surveyer, or Overſeer of highwaies, (and puniſher of the offences committed therein ;) alſo, the Surveyer of the publike workes, and buildings belonging to a towne, who, in ſome places, likewiſe appoints meeres and bounds unto bordering lands ; and orders the lights, gutters, and ſinkes of neighbouring houſes ; and limits unto thoſe that build in a ſtreet, their ground and ſcope of juttying ; and lookes that the ſtreets, and highwaies be not ſtraitned, or incombred by ſtalls, ſeats, ſtaires, ſhoring of houſes, &c. and laſtly, Scavenger-like, gives order that they be made cleane : alſo, a Gentleman that hath ſome Juriſdiction (though not altogether ſo much as a* Iuſticier) *within his territory ; whence ;*
Gros voyer ; *as* Moyen Iuſticier : &, Simple voyer ; *as* Le bas Iuſticier.
Le grand Voyer de France. *The great Surveyor of* France ; *is but a mean Officer, how great ſoever this title, or the perſon that holds it, be.*
Voyerie : f. *Juriſdiction ; whence ;* Grande Voyerie ; *as* La moyenne Iuſtice ; *(under* Iuſtice ;*)* &, Simple voyerie ; *Baſe, or low Juriſdiction.*
Voyes d'un cerf. *Look* Voye.
Voy-là. *See, look, behold, there.*
Voyrement. *Surely, verily, indeed, forſooth.*
Voyrie. *as* Voyerie.
Voyture, & Voyturier. *as* Voiture, & Voiturier.
Vpe : f. *The bird called a Whoope, or dunghill Cock.*
Vrac. Hareng vrac. *A Herring well ſeaſoned, and ſeaſonably imbarrelled.*
Vranopetes. *Goers to heaven.* ¶ Rab.
Vraque. *The pipe, or paſſage whereby a wombinfants vrine is carried from it.*
Vraques. *The name of certain ropes, or tackling, which belong unto ſailes.*
Vray : m. *A truth ; whence ;*
'A vray dire perd on le ieu ; Prov. *The faireſt gameſter alwaies loſeth moſt : he that to Truth himſelfe a prentiſe ties, will ſpeed worſe then the knave that uſeth lies.*
Beau ſervice fait amis vray dire ennemis ; Prov. *Faire ſervice friends, true plaineneſſe foes, procures.*
Tout vray n'eſt pas bon à dire ; Prov. *All that is true is not to be told.*
Vray : m. vraye : f. *True, unfeigned, ſooth, juſt, right ; ſure, certaine, undoubted ; unfoiſted, unmingled, naturall, of it ſelfe.*
Ce ſont les pires bourdes que les vrayes ; Pro. *The truſt are the worſt (becauſe the bittereſt) jeaſts.*'
† Vraybis ; & Vrabot. *for* Vrayement.
Vrayement. *Truely, in truth, in ſooth, in deed, verily, certainely, ſurely, juſtly, rightly, unfeignedly, in good faith.*
C'eſt vrayement bien dict à toy. *Thou haſt hit the naile on the head ; thou haſt now ſtrucken it dead ; (ironically)*
Ouy vrayement. *Yea ſure, true Roger, wiſely brother* Timothy ; *(Ironically ; yet it is uſed ſometimes otherwiſe ; as in)* Ouy vrayement ie le nie ; *Yea truly, or for my part, I deny it utterly.*
Vrayeſemblable : com. *Probable, likely, like or ſeeming to be true.*

Vray-

Vrayſemblance : f. *Probableneſſe, or likeneſſe of truth.*

Vrbain : m. Vrban ; *a proper name for a man.*

Vrbanie : f. *as* Vrbanité.

Vrbanité : f. *Vrbanity, civility, courteſie, affability, gentleneſſe ; good behaviour, ſeemely carriage, a handſome faſhion, a comely grace, a pretty and pleaſant manner of ordinary diſcourſe.*

Vrbec : m. *The Vine-fretter, or Devills Gold-ring ; a worm.*

† Vrderis. *as* Verdegris.

Vre : m. *The huge-bodied, hulch backed, ſhort horned, and red-eyed wild Oxe, called, the Vre-oxe.*

† Vreder. *To run haſtily.*

Vrelepingue : m. *A drinke-ſpiller.* ¶ Rab.

Vreniller. *To piſſe, or void urine.* ¶ Rab.

Vrge. *in ſtead of* Vrne. ¶ Rab.

Vrgent : m. ente : f. *Vrgent, urging ; hard or ſore preſſing, straining, forcing, importunate, earneſt.*

† Vrille : f. *A Gimlet, or Piercer.*

† Vrilles : f. *Hook-like edges, or ends of leaves (called by ſome of our workemen Scrolls, and) ſticking out in the upper parts of pillers, and of other pieces of Architecture.*

Vrillonner vne cable. *To coile a cable, to wind or lay it up round, or in a ring.*

Vrinaire : com. *Of, or belonging to, urine ; alſo, urinall-like.*

Vrinal : m. *An Vrinall ; alſo, a Iordan, or Chamberpot.*

Vrinal : m. ale : f. *Of urine.*

Vrine : f. *Vrine, lant, ſtale, chamber-lie, piſſe.*

Ie voudrois bien voir de leur vrine. *I would gladly ſee what there is in them, what ſtuffe they be made of, or what they are able to doe.*

Vriner. *To urine, piſſe, make water, ſtale.*

Vriner vne cable. *To coile a cable.*

Vrineux : m. euſe : f. *Full of urine ; ſavoring, or ſmelling of urine.*

Vrinier : m. *A conduit paſſing to the middle of the navell, and carrying away the urine of an infant while it is in the wombe.*

† Vris : m. *A rime, or white froſt upon trees.*

Vrne : f. *A narrow-necked pot, or pitcher of earth, to fetch or keepe water in ; alſo, a veſſell wherein the Roman Pretor did put the names of ſuch as were to be elected, or tried, by lot ; alſo, a coffin, or veſſell wherein the aſhes of the dead were preſerved.*

Vroeſne. *The herb Woodbind.*

Vrſin : m. *The ſea Vrchin ; ſo called about Marſeille.*

Vrſin : m. ine : f. *Beare-like ; of a Bear.*

Vſage : m. *Vſage, uſe, wearing, imployment, occupation, fruit, profit, poſſeſſion ; alſo, wont, cuſtome, guiſe, manner, faſhion ; and, practiſe, exercise, experience, habit, enurement ; acquaintance, familiaritie, converſation with ; alſo, intereſt, or uſury ; alſo, a right of Paſture, and Pawnage, and of taking wood for neceſſary uſes, in a foreſt belonging to the King, or ſome other Lord ; This Right is enjoyed by divers, and in divers manners ; for ſome may take timber for their building ; others have only fire-boot, and hedge-boot ; ſome take it throughout the foreſts, and as much as they need ; others are limited both place, and quantity : Some hold it as a fief ; others by rent, or* Cens ; *laſtly, ſome have it onely for their lives ; and others but for yeares ; Howſoever, they can neither ſell, give, tranſferre, nor paſſe over, in any manner, that which they have.*

Vſages. *Common paſtures, woods, or underwoods ;* (Rabelais *uſes (or his Printer miſuſes) this word for* Vaſes.)

Vſager : m. *as* Vſagier.

Vſager : m, ere : f. *Common, for every bodies uſe ; whence,*

Femme vſagere. *A common whore.*

Vſagier : m. *A cuſtomary tenant.*

Vſagier de bois. *One that hath common of Paſture, Pawnage, or wood for his neceſſary uſes, in another mans wood ; as in* Vſage.

Vſance : f. *Vſance, uſe, uſage.*

Vſé : m. ée : f. *Vſed, occupied, worn, imployed ; poſſeſſed, enjoyed ; waſted, conſumed ; accuſtomed, practiſed, enured.*

Vſement. *A uſe, uſing, uſage, guiſe, cuſtome ; alſo, a wearing, poſſeſſing, waſting, conſuming.*

Vſer. *To uſe ; to weare, occupie, imploy ; waſte, conſume, ſpend ; accuſtome, practiſe, exerciſe, enure unto ; poſſeſſe, enjoy, take the uſe, reape the profit, of.*

Vſer de force. *To deale by force, to take by violence.*

Vſer de redictes. *To repeate or iterate the ſame things often.*

Vous n'en deuſſiez vſer ainſi en mon endroit. *You ſhould not handle, or deale with, me ſo ; you ſhould not beare your ſelf towards me in that manner.*

Vſité : m. ée : f. *Vſuall, cuſtomable, common, ordinary ; uſed, wonted, accuſtomed, practiſed, exerciſed, skilfull, cunning, experienced in.*

Vſiter. *To uſe, practiſe, accuſtome, enure, exerciſe, trade in.*

Vſucaption : f. *Three yeares poſſeſſion in a Moveable (which in Law countervailes a preſcription ;) or more generally, any preſcription, or long poſſeſſion ; or the winning of a thing thereby.*

Vſuelles : f. *Paſtures, and wooddie grounds, belonging in common unto divers townes-ſhips.*

Vſufructuaire. *as* Vſufruictier.

Vſufruict : m. *The uſe, and profit (but not the property) of goods, with th'owners conſent.*

Vſufruictier : m. *One that hath the uſe, and reapes the profit, of a thing, whereof the property reſteth in another.*

Vſuraire : com. *Vſurious ; taken, or given for intereſt or uſe.*

Vſure : f. *The wearing or occupation of a thing ; alſo, uſurie, uſe, intereſt.*

Vſurier : m. *An Vſurer.*

Vſurpateur : m. *An uſurper of, an incroacher on, another mans right.*

Vſurpation : f. *A uſurpation, or uſurping ; an unjuſt, or often uſing.*

Vſurpatrice. *An uſurpatrix ; a woman that uſurpeth.*

Vſurpé : m. ée : f. *Vſurped ; often, or unjuſtly uſed.*

Vſurper. *To uſurpe, to ſeiſe, or incroach on, another mans right ; alſo, to uſe much, often to mention.*

Vtagues ; *or* Vtaques : *as* Eſtaques. ¶ Rab.

Vtenſile : m. *An utenſile, any implement, neceſſary, uſefull toole, or houſhold ſtuffe.*

Vtenſilé. Bien vten. *Throughly furniſhed with utenſiles.*

Vterin : m. ine : f. *Of the belly or wombe ; of one and the ſame wombe or bellie ; born of one mother, or damme.*

Herbes vterines. *Herbes which be good for the Mother.*

Vtile : com. *Gainefull, beneficiall, profitable, commodious, advantagious ; alſo, expedient, neceſſary, ſerviceable, good, convenient.*

Vtile domaine. *The eſtate of a vaſſall in th'inheritance which he holds of his Lord ; ſo tearmed becauſe he hath onely a profitable, not a direct, intereſt in it.*

Seigneur vtile. *An occupant, or occupier of land ; he that poſſeſſes, and receives the fruits of, an inheritance, for which rent, or* Cens, *are paied, or ſervices done.*

Seigneurie vtile. *The uſe, occupation, or poſſeſſion of a fief, or inheritance.*

Vtilement. *Profitably, gainefully, beneficially, commodiouſly ; with great advantage, to good purpoſe.*

Vtilité : f. *Vtilitie, commoditie, profit, gain, benefit, cheviſſance, advantage.*

Vtople : f. *An imaginarie place, or country.*

Vtrin. *as* Vterin.

Vuaine : f. *A ſheath.* ¶ Pic.

Vuan : m. *A glove.* ¶ Pic.

Vuaranion. *as* Garagnon ; *(an old word.)*

Vuard ; &, Vuarder. *as* Gard ; &, Garder. ¶ Pic.

Vuareſque : m. *A wrecke, or ſhip caſt away ; or the right of Admiralty, whereto it belongs.*

Vuariſons. Adveſtures, & vuar. *Corn, graſſe, or other fruits growing, or ſtanding ; or uncut, ungot, ungathered.*

Vuarlouque : com. *Squint eyed, skenning, askew-looking.* ¶ Pic.

Vuaudrée : f. *A maulkin, or the clowt wherwith an Oven is made cleane.* ¶ Pic.

† Vuayves : f. *Waiſes ; caſualties ; things which be left, abandoned, eſcheated, or unowned.*

Vvedde. *Weld, Woad, garden or tame Woad.* ¶ Pic.

Vvée. Membrane Vvée. *The grapie membrane of the eye. Looke* Membrane.

Vueil. *as* Vouloir ; *Will.*

† Vuel. *See* Venel.

Vuele. *as* Veule *in the latter ſenſe.*

† Vuerp : m. *A delivering, or giving over unto ; alſo, a dutie of 12 d. Pariſ. paied by a purchaſer unto the Sheriffs, for their preſence when poſſeſſion is, by the ſeller, delivered unto him.*

† Vuerpi : m. ie : f. *Delivered, yeilded, or given over unto.*

† Vuerpir. *To deliver, yeeld, or give over unto.*

† Vueuil ; ou, Vueul. *as* Vouloir ; *Will.*

Vuidange : m. *A voidneſſe, emptineſſe, inanity, vacuity ; a voiding, emptying, evacuation, ejection ; alſo, the deciſion of a controverſie.*

Vuidanges d'une ville. *The layſtall of a towne ; or the place wherein Scavengers, and Gold-finders empty their filthy carts.*

Vuidangier : m. ere : f. *Emptying, voyding, evacuating.*

Vuide : m. *A waſte ; a void, or empty ſpace ; a wide, or vaſt room.*

Vuide : com. *Void, empty, waſte, vaſt, wide, hollow ; devoid, without, free of ; exempt from, not combered or troubled with.*

'A baſt vuide. *Look* Baſt.

Vuides chambres ſont les Dames folles ; Prov. *Womens freedome breeds their follie ; when they are left alone all modeſtie is gone.*

De mains vuides prieres vaines ; Prov. *They that give nought get nought ; the emptie-handed pray in vaine.*

Le plat du bas eſt touſiours le premier vuide ; Prov. *The loweſt diſh is evermore firſt emptie ; (belike becauſe it is (moſt commonly) furniſhed the worſt, and fed on the beſt.)*

Vuidé : m. ée : f. *Voided, emptied, evacuated ; exhauſted ; purged, cleanſed, hollowed ; avoided ; alſo, decided, determined, diſpatched, made an end of ; alſo, drawn, as* Pulleine, *&c.*

Ce point ſera tantoſt vuidé. *Will quickly be reſolved, or cleered.*

Vuide-main : m. *A quitting, yielding, rendring, or giving up of.*

Vuidement : m. *A voiding, emptying, evacuating ; exhauſting ; hollowing ; purgeing, cleanſing ; deciding, determining, diſpatching, ending.*

Vuider. *To void, evacuate, emptie ; exhauſt, hollow ; purge, cleanſe ; avoid ; alſo, to cleare, determine, decide, reſolve, diſpatch ; rid of, make an end of.*

Vuider ſes mains. *To yield, render, give up, deliver over ; quit, rid his hands of ; alſo, to pay ready money for things bought publiquely, or aſſigned by publique Order.*

Vuider la maiſon, ou meſtairie. *A tenant, or farmer to goe out of, or give up, againſt his will, the tenement he took, or thought to have kept, for a longer time.*

Vuider les poulets. *To draw them, to draw out their guts.*

Vuideté : f. *Voidneſſe, emptineſſe, hollowneſſe ; inanity, vacuitie, evacuation.*

Vuideur : m. *A voider, emptier, evacuater.*

Vuideure : f. *as* Vuidement.

Vuiho : m. *as* Cocu. *G* Pic.

Vuilles : f. *The tendrels, or twining ſprigs, of vine-branches.*

Vulgaire : m. *A kind of great mall, or hammer wherewith, in old time, gates were broke open.*

Vulgaire. le vul. *The vulgar, common people, many-headed multitude.*

Vulgaire : com. *Vulgar, common, publique ; ordinary, triviall, uſuall, or much uſed.*

Vulgairement. *Vulgarly, commonly ; ordinarily, trivially.*

Vulgal. *whence ;* vif argent vulgal. *The baſeſt kind of Quickſilver, made of dung and hay.*

Vulneraire : com. *Vulnerary, healing wounds, belonging unto wounds.*

Vulpin : m. ine : f. *Fox like, of a Fox.*

Vulturne : m. *The North-eaſt wind.*

† Vulve : f. *The wombe-pipe, or privy paſſage ; the way, or entrance into the wombe ; alſo, the matrix, mother, or wombe it ſelfe.*

Vvule : f. *The Vvula, or palate of the mouth.*

Vuydange. *as* Vuidange.

Vuyde, Vuydé, & Vuydement. *as* Vuide, Vuidé, & Vuidement.

Vuyder, & Vuydeté. *Look* Vuider, & Vuideté.

Vyt. *as* Vit.

Vytaur, & Vytte. *as* Vitaur, & Vitte.

Vz : m. *Uſe, uſage, cuſtome, wont.*

X

Xenomanes. *G* Rab. *A traveller.*

Xilaloë. *Lignum Aloes.*

Xilobalſame : m. *The wood of the Balſame tree.*

Y

Y. (*A Relative, or Adverb of Relation*) *unto him, it, or them ; thereto, or thereunto ; alſo, there, or thither.*

Dieu vous y aide. *(To one that ſneezeth) God bleſſe you.*

Ie ne ſçauroy que vous y faire. *I ſhould not know how to helpe you, or what to doe for you, in it.*

Il y a eſté trois iours. *Hee hath beene three dayes about it.*

Il ſe nommoit Philippus, & y fut ſouvent appellé. *And was often called ſo.*

Puis que pifleurs y a : &, Puis que de nos marottes y a. *Seeing that we are ſpeaking of piſſers, &c.*

Yeble : m. *Wallwort, Danewort, Dwarfe Elderne.*

Yeoſe. *as* Yeuſe.

Yeuſe. *The Holme Oak, barren Skarlet Oak, French Oak.*

Yeux. (*The Plurall to* Oeil) *Eyes. Look* Oeil..

Yf : m. *The Yew tree.*

Ymagé. *Look* Imagé.

Ypreau : m. *The Elme tree.*

† Yraigne. *as* Araigne.

† Yſard : m. *The Shamois, or wild Goat of whoſe skinne Shamois leather is made.*

† Yſsé : m. ée : f. *Hoiſed, lift up.*

† Yſſer. *To hoiſe, or lift up.*

Yſſir. *To iſſue ; to come, goe, or flow forth.*

Yſſuë : f. *An iſſue ; going out, comming forth ; alſo, as* Iſſuë.

Yve : f. *as* Ive ; *alſo, (in old French) water.*

Yver : m. *Winter. Look* Hyver.

Yvernade : f. *A wintering.*

Yvernal : m. ale : f. *Fit for, of or belonging to, the Winter.*

Yverner. *To winter, to ſpend or paſſe away the Winter ; alſo, to dig, or dreſſe a vineyard in winter.*

Yvoire : m. *Ivory, Elephants tooth.*

Yvoirin : m. ine : f. *Of Ivory, like Ivory.*

Yvraiſon : f. *Drunkenneſſe ; or, the act of drunkenneſſe ;* (Yvrongnerie *being the vice, or uſe thereof.*)

Yvraye : f. *The vitious graine called Ray, or Darnell.*

Yvraye ſauvage. *Red Darnell, wall Barly, way Bennet.*

Yvre : com. *Drunken, cupſhotten, tipſie, whitled, fluſht, mellow, overſeen, whoſe cap is ſet, that hath taken a pot too much, that hath ſeene the devill.*

Yvre de laict caillé. *Tipled by a ſmall matter ; whoſe weak braine is diſtempered, or overturned, by weak drink.*

Yvre comme vne ſoupe. *Look* Soupe.

† Yvroſſe : f. *Drunkenneſſe ; alſo, as* Yvrongneſſe.

Yvrongne : m. *A drunkard.*

'A la trongne cognoiſt on l'yvrongne ; Prov. *A drunkard is by his rich face diſcerned.*

Yvrongner. *To be drunk, or to drink drunk ; to ſwill, or carouſe unmeaſurably.*

Yvrongnerie : f. *Drunkenneſſe ; (the vice, cuſtome, or habit of drunkenneſſe.)*

Yvrongneſſe : f. *A drunken woman, a drunken ſow.*

Femme ſafre, & yvrongneſſe, de ſon corps n'eſt pas maiſtreſſe ; Prov. *Wee ſay, A drunken Tnuc hath no Porter.*

Yvrongnet : m. ette : f. *Somewhat drunken, overſeene, or too blame ; a little out of the way.*

Yvroye. *as* Yvraye.

Z

Zaffre. *A kind of exceeding drie ſand, or gravell ; or as* Safre.

Zagaye : f. *A faſhion of ſlender, long, and long-headed Pike, uſed by the Mooriſh horſemen.*

Zaguille. *as* Zagaye.

Zain : m. *A horſe thats all of one (darke) colour, without any ſtarre, ſpot, or marke about him ; and thereby commonly vicious.*

Zalas. *Alas. G* Rab.

Zanit : m. *A Vice to a Tumbler, &c. or in a Play.*

Zarzeparille : f. *The medicinable plant called* Zarzaparilla, *or (corrupth)* Saſſaparilla, *and rough Bindweed of* Peru.

Zebedée : f. *A double Damaſk Roſe.*

Zec : m. *Reed to thatch houſes with.*

Zecchin : m. *A venetian coyn of gold, worth about 5 s ſterl.*

Zedoaire : f. *The root of* Anthora, *or wholſome wolves-bane, called alſo, Monkes-hood or Helmet-flower, and Aconits mithridate ; And this doe ſome ſtile* Zedoaire d'Avicenne: *Others call wormſeed* Semen Zedoariæ, *or Zedoar-ſeed.*

Zedoaire de Serapion. *An Eaſt-Indian root which reſembleth ginger, but is more bitter in taſte, and better in ſmell then it, though not ſo ſtreng in either as it.*

Zein. *as* Zain.

Zelateur : m. *A zealous, or jealous perſon.*

Zelatif : m. iue : f. *Zealous, or jealous.*

Zele : m. *Zeale ; earneſt affection, love, envy, emulation ; extreme care, exceeding deſire to doe a thing.*

Zelé : m. ée : f. *Zealous, jealous ; fervent, earneſt, or affectionate, in extremitie.*

Zeler. *To be zealous, or jealous of ; to emulate, or envy ; to affect extremely ; to have an exceeding care of, or deſire unto.*

Zelotopie : f. *Jealouſie.*

Zelote : com. *Jealous, or zealous.*

Zelotype : com. *as* Zelote.

Zenith :

Zenith: m. *Our Zenith; or the point of the firmament which is directly over our heads.*

Zephyre: m. *The West-wind.*

Zero: m. *A Cypher in Arithmetick; a thing that ſtands for nothing; whence;*

Se reduire au Zero. *To bring himſelfe to the wallet; to ruine his fortunes, to ſpend or conſume all.*

Zeſt: m. *The thick skinne, or filme whereby the kernell of a wall-nut is divided.*

Il ne vaut pas vn Zeſt. *He is not worth a dodkin, ſtraw, ruſh, a pinnes head, the taking up.*

Zeſt. *A voice reſembling, or expreſſing the noiſe made by a jerk, ſtripe, yark, thwack, &c.*

Zibelline: f. *The Sable Martin.*

Zigome. *The outward part, or end of the cheek bone towards the eare; ſo tearmed by the Anatomiſts of* Paris.

Zimiech: m. *A kind of Eagle which preyes upon the Crane, and other leſſe fowle.*

Zin; ou Zint. *The twang, or twanging ſound of the ſtring of a bard-bent bow.*

Zinzembre. *Ginger.*

Zinziberine: f. *Powder of Ginger.*

Zivette. *Look* Civette.

Zizanie: f. *Ray, Darnel.*

Zizolin: m. *Gingioline colour.*

Zoaire. *Look* Zedoaire.

Zodiaque: m. *The Zodiack; a broad circle in the firmament, in which the 12 Signes are placed, and under which the Planets move.*

Zoette: f. *An Owle, or Howlet; called ſo about* Avignon.

Zon: m. *The whiſke, or ſound of a ſwitch, rod, or wand; alſo, a jerk, laſh, box, blow.*

Zone: f. *A girdle; alſo, a Zone; or, a certain breadth from North to South, bounded out by ſome of the globes principall circles; Of theſe breadths there be five; one extreme hot and fiery; two moſt cold and ever frozen; and two which be, for the moſt part, mild and temperate, or between both.*

Zoophore: m. *A painted, or carved girdle, or border about a Porch, or Piller.*

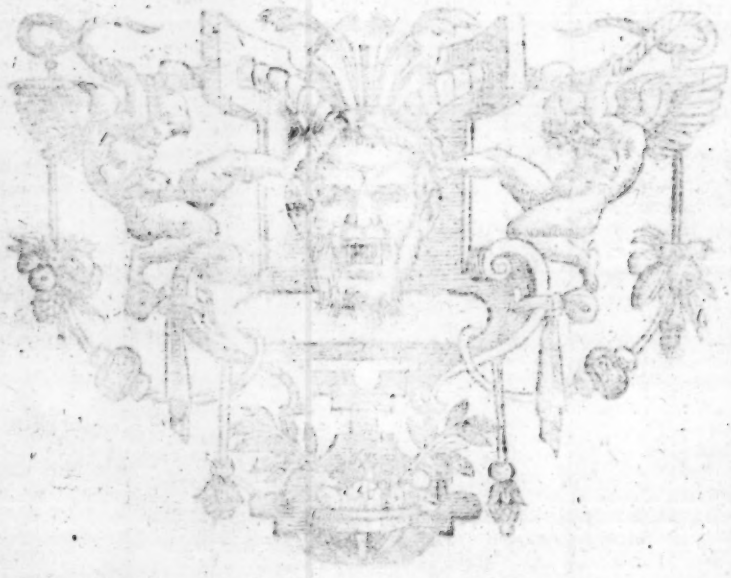
Zoophytes: m. *Such things as be partly plants, and partly living creatures; as Spunges, &c.*

Zoucet: m. *The little water-fowle called a Dabchick, or Die-dopper.*

Zubelines. Martes zub. *Sables.*

Zummach. *The Eagle that hath on her head, or back, a kind of whiteneſſe; which is a certain ſigne of her perfect goodneſſe.*

FINIS.



DICTIONAIRE

Anglois & François,
pour l'vtilité de tous ceux,
qui ſont deſireux de
deux Langues.

A DICTIONARY

Engliſh and French;
Compiled for the commodity of all ſuch as
are deſirous of both
the Languages,

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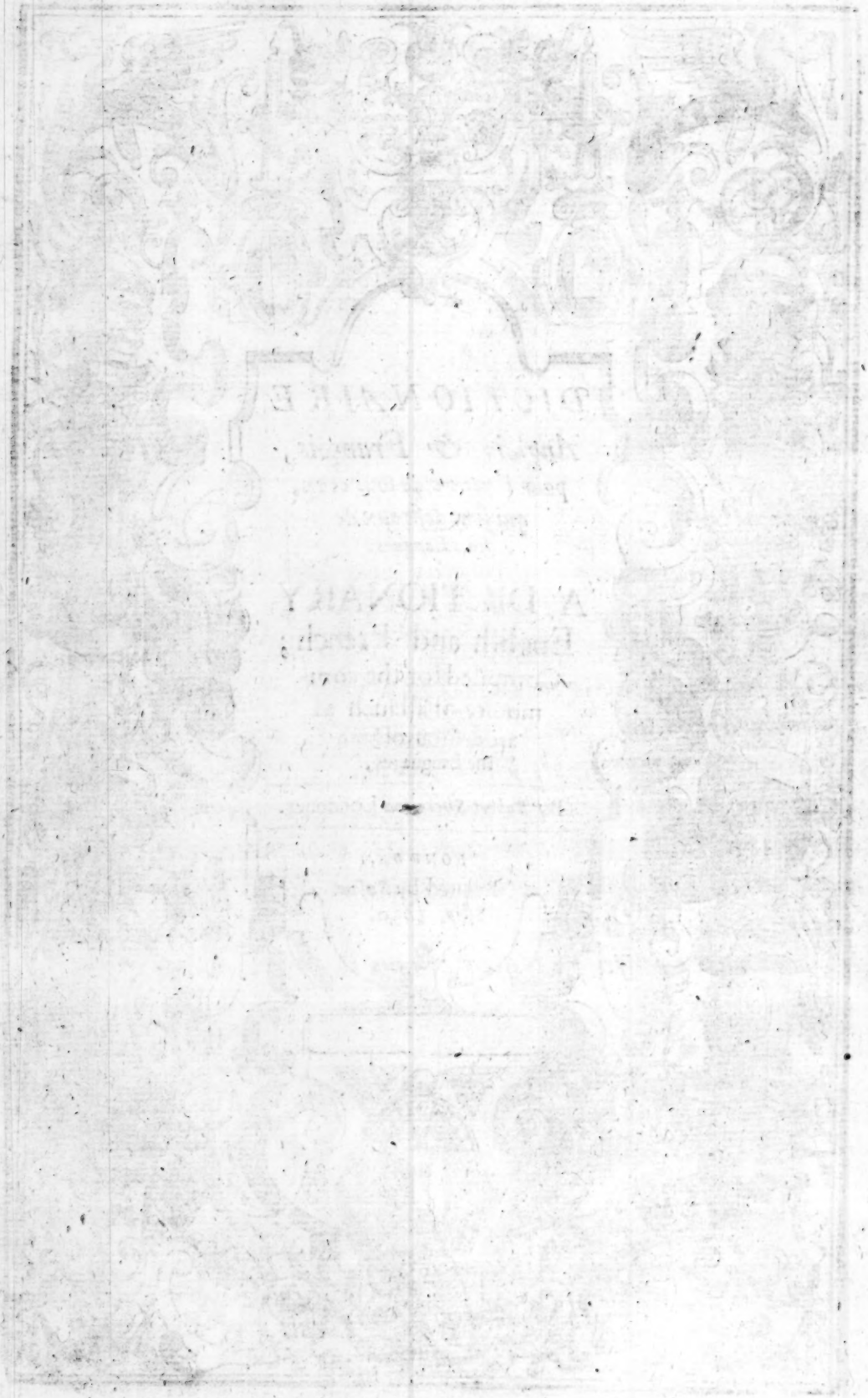

AVX FAVORABLES Lecteurs François, Alemans, & autres.

MEssieurs ; n'ayant autre moyen de vous monstrer, combien je suis desireux de vous faire service, j'ay prins la hardiesse vous presenter ce mien petit labeur, lequel vous prendrez, s'il vous plaist, en gré : Oultre le Dictionaire, auquel je pense avoir comprins tous le mots, ou la plus grande partie, de la langue Angloise ; j'y ay mis à la fin, quelques courtes reigles, pour vous aider à prononcer icelle langue ; & aussi tous les Verbes anomales, que j'ay peu amasser. Je pourray avoir failli en quelques endroits : car ou trouvera-on, ça bas, tant de perfection, qu'il n'y a rien a dire ? Mais j'espere que les fautes ne sont de telle nature, qu'elles ne soyent facilement pardonnables, par vostre grande courtoisie ; a laquelle je me recommende.

R. S. de Londres.

TO THE
ENGLISH READER:

IT could not be expected in ſo ſmall a volume, as I was inforced to contract my ſelfe into, that (in this Engliſh Dictionary) I ſhould ſhew the Genders of all French Nounes, and the Conjugation of all French Verbes, which are moſt ſufficiently and at large already done by M. COTGRAVE; to whom I referre you. In giving the French interpretation to the Engliſh words, I have, for the moſt part, obſerved to ſet down firſt the Proper; then, the Tranſlated and Metaphoricall. Wherin, if yee ſhall reape that profit by my paines, as may procure your fauourable acceptance, I have my full wiſh.

ROBERT SHERVVOOD.

A Caution to the Reader.

IN this Engliſh-French Dictionary 'tis to be obſerv'd, that thoſe French words which are obſolete, and out of uſe, are printed in a Roman *Letter, to diſtinguiſh them from thoſe words which are eſterling, and now current among the French Nation; all which are to be found in the* Italic *Letter. Moreover divers errors in the former Dictionary are rectified.*

A DICTIONARY ENGLISH and French; Compiled for the commoditie of all such as are desirous of both Tongues.

A An; *Vn, une. Articles mis devant les Noms Substantifs; C'est à dire, le premier devant ceux qui commencent par consone, comme* **A** man, *vn homme; & l'autre devant ceux qui commencent par voyelle, ou par h muet, comme* **An** Eagle, *vn aigle.* **An** heire, *vn heretier.*

To **Abandon**. *Abandonner, delaisser, quiter, adirer, forjurer, guerpir: Ainsi,* To forsake, give over, to leave quite; *Lesquels voyez, chascun en son lieu.*

Abandoned. *Abandonné, delaissée, adirè, guerpi.*

An **Abandoner**. *Abandonneur.*

An **Abandoning**. *Abandonnement,* forjurement, forjur, *guerpine, guerpison.*

To **Abalienate**. *Voyez* to Alienate.

To **Abase**. *Abbaisser, baisser, avaller, ravaller.*

Abased. *Abaissé, avallé, ravallé.*

An **Abaser**. *Abbaisseur.*

An **Abasement**, or **Abasing**. *Abaissement.*

To **Abash**, or make **Abashed**. *Vergongner, faire honte à, faire vergongne à, abontir.*

Abashed. Penault, *esbabi, abonti, descontenancé.*

To be **Abashed**. *Avoir honte, se hontoyer, se hontir, se vergongner; aussi, S'estonner; Estre descontenancé, ou perdre contenance pour la honte qu'il a.*

An **Abashment**. *Hontissement; estonnement.*

To **Abate**. *Rabattre, rabatre, rabaisser, diminuer, appetisser, amoindrir, aniler; Preconter, abbaisser, minuer, minuter.*

To **Abate** of the value of Coine. *Affoiblir.*

To **Abate** paine. *Accoiser, acquoiser, assopir.*

Abated. *Rabatu, rabaissé; aussi, affoibli; accoisé, appetissé, amoindri, minute, minué.*

An **Abater**. *Qui rabat, Rabaisseur.*

An **Abatement**. *Rabais, rabaissement, amoindrissement; Affoiblissement, affoiblement; appetissement.*

Abatement of paine. *Accoisement, assopissement.*

An **Abbot**. *Abbé.*

An **Abbesse**. *Abbesse.*

An **Abbey**. *Abbaye, Monastere.*

Abbotlike, or **Abbeylike**. *Abbatial.*

To **Abbet**. *Conciter; favoriser, aider, supporter.*

An **abbetor**. *Fauteur; favoriseur.*

An **Abbey-lubber**. *Archimarmitonerastique.*

To **Abbreviate**. *Accourcir, abbreger.*

Abbreviated, *Accourci, Abbregé, Abregé.*

An **Abbreviation**. *Abbreviature, abbregement, accourcissement.*

To **Abbridge**. *Abbreger, Accourcir.*

Abbridged, *Abbrege, accourci, abregé.*

An **Abridgement**. *Abbregé, abbregement, abbreviature, accourcissement.*

An **Abcee**. *Vn Abecé, alphabet, Carte.*

An **Abcee-learner**, or teacher. *Abecedaire.*

To **Abdicate**. *Abdiquer.*

Abhominable. *Abominable, funeste, horrible.*

Abhominably. *Avec horreur, ou detestation.*

Abhomination. *Abomination, detestation.*

To **Abhorre**. *Abhorrer, abominer, detester, avoir en horreur, abhorrir, haïr.*

Abhorred. *Aborré, haï.*

An **abhorrer**. *Qui abhorre, haineur, abhorrant.*

An **abhorring**. *Abhorrissement, detestation, haine, haineuseté, horreur.*

Abhorring. *Abhorrissant.*

To **abide**. *Demeurer.*

To **abide**, or dwell. *Demeurer, loger, esberger, sejourner.*

To **abide**, or tarry. *Demeurer, tarder, attendre.*

To **abide**, or suffer *Endurer, souffrir.*

To **abide**, or endure. *Durer, endurer.*

Abidden, *Demeuré; attendu; souffert, duré, enduré, esbergé.*

An **abider**. *Qui demeure, qui attend, qui endure; Mauant, mansionnier.*

An **abiding**. *Demeurance, mauance; attente; aussi, endurement, souffrance.*

Abode, abiding place. *Demeure, habitation, demeurance, habitacle, esbergement.*

An **abject**. *Abiect, vil, personne vile, ou de nulle reputation.*

Base **abjects**. Vilenaille, *canaille.*

Abjection. *Abiection.*

An **Abliment**. *Voyez* a Billiment.

To **abjure**. *Abjurer, forjurer.*

An **abjuration**, or abjuring. *Abjurement, abjuration, forjurement.*

Abjured. *Abjuré,*

The **Ablative** case. *Ablatif.*

To Be **able**. *Pouvoir, estre habile, estre adestre, adroit.*

To be **able**, or sufficient. *Estre suffisant.*

To make **able**. *Adester.*

Able. *Puissant, suffisant, habile, adestre.*

To be **able**, or powerfull. *Estre puissant.*

To be **able**, or rich. *Estre riche, avoir dequoy.*

Ability, or **ableness**. *Pouvoir, puissance, force, habilité, suffisance.*

An **abisme**. *Abysme, barathre. Voyez* a bottomelesse pit, or gulfe.

Ably. *Fortement, habilement, puissamment.*

Abode. *Voyez devant, sous* Abiding.

To **abolish**, *Abolir, abroger, annuller, admortir, amortir, mettre à neant, tourner à neant.*

Abolished. *Aboli, abrogé, annullé, amorti,* obliteré.

Abolishable. *Amortissable.*

An **abolishing**, or **abolishment**. *Abolissement, abolition, abrogation.*

Abominable, abomination. *Comme devant,* Abhominable, Abhomination.

To **aboord**. *Aborder. Voyez* to Boord, to Approach.

To **abort**. *Avorter, estre avorte, naistre devant le terme.* ¶ Passerat. Affouler.

Abortive. *Abortif.*

An **abortive**. *Avorton.* ¶ Nicot.

An **Abortment**. *Avortement.* ¶ Nicot.

Above. *En haut, sus, dessus, sur, au dessus de, enmont.*

From **above**. *D'enhaut.*

Over and **above**. *D'abondant.*

To **abound**. *Abonder, foisonner,*

Aboundance. *Abondance, foison, affluence, planté, force, suffisance.*

Aboundant. *Aboudant, foisonneux.*

Aboundantly. *Abondamment, à foison, à planté.*

Abounding. *Foisonnant.*

About *Environ, entour, autour, alentour.*

To **abreviate**. *Comme* to Abbreviate.

An **abricot**. *Abricot, armaignole, Pomme Armeniaque.*

An **abricot** tree. *Abricotier.*

To **abridge**. *Abbreger. Voyez* to abbridge.

Abroach. *Comme* to set Abroach. *Mettre en broche.* ¶ Minsh. *Percer vn*

tonneau, ou quelque vaiſſeau du vin, ou de la bicre.

Abroad. *Hors de la maiſon, dehors, ſors.*

Abroad, or widely. *Au large, largement.*

To come, or goe, **abroad.** *Sortir, ſortir en public, ſortir dehors*

From **abroad.** *De dehors.*

To ſet **abroad,** or to publiſh. *Publier, mettre en lumiere, en public, en avant.*

To **abrogate.** *Abroger, annuller, abolir, mettre à neant, tourner à neant, caſſer.*

Abrogated. *Abrogé, aboli, mis à neant.*

An **abrogation.** *Abrogation, abolition, abolitſement, caſſation.*

An **abrogating.** *Abolitſement; ou comme* Abrogation.

Abrupt *Abrupte, abſurde.*

An **abrupt** part. *Abſurdité.*

Abruptly. *Abruptement.* ℑ Paſſerat. *Abſurdement.*

An **abruption.** *Abruption.*

Abſent. *Abſent.*

To **abſent.** *Abſenter.*

To **abſent** himſelfe, or play leaſt in ſight. *S'abſenter, S'eſloigner.*

To be **abſent.** *S'abſenter, eſtre abſent.*

Abſence. *Abſence.*

To **abſolve.** *Abſoudre, abſondre.*

To **abſolve,** or make perfect. *Mener à perfection.*

Abſolved. *Abſouls, abſous.*

An **abſolution.** *Abſolution, abſolte, abſoulte.*

Abſolute. *Abſolut, parfaict.*

Abſolutely. *Abſoluëment, parfaictment, nuëment.*

To refuſe **abſolutely.** *Refuſer tout à fait.*

Abſolutenelle. *Perfection.*

Abſolvatory. *Abſolutoire.*

To **abſtaine.** *Abſtenir, deſiſter, ſe garder de.*

An **abſtainer.** *Qui abſtient, qui s'abſtient.*

Abſterſive. *Abſterſif.*

Abſtinence. *Abſtinence, continence.*

To **abſtract** *Comme* to Abbreviate.

An **abſtract.** *Comme* an Abridgement.

Abſurd. *Abſurde, ſaugrenu, ſans ſel ni ſaulge.*

Abſurdly. *Abſurdement, ſottement, à la martingale.*

Abſurdities. *Abſurdité, ſottiſe, abſurde, maleſaçon.*

Abundance, abundant, abundantly. *Comme* Aboundance, aboundant, aboundantly.

To **abuſe.** *Abuſer, baſſcüer, berner, meſſaire à, meſfaire à, meſoffrir; offenſer, offendre, effencer, viedazer le mz à.*

To **abuſe** egregiouſly. *Faire barbe de foire à.*

To **abuſe** to ones face. *Affronter.*

To **abuſe** one. *Faire tort à quelqu'un, braver, affronter, vilener, vilainer.*

An **abuſe.** *Abus, affront, tort, meffaict, abuſion, malfaict.*

To rid from **abuſes.** *Deſabuſer.*

Full of **abuſes.** *Abuſeux.*

He hath done me an **abuſe.** *Il m'a fait tort, ou injure.*

Rid from **abuſes.** *Deſabuſé.*

Abuſed. *Abuſé, Baſſoüé, baſoüé, berné.*

Abuſed to his face. *Affronté.*

An **abuſer.** *Abuſeur, qui fait injure ou tort à quelqu'un.*

An **abuſer** to ones face. *Affronteur.*

An **abuſing.** *Abuſement, Abuſion.*

Abuſing to ones face. *Affrontement.*

Abuſive. *Abuſif.*

Abuſively. *Abuſivement.*

To **abut** upon. *Geſtr aupres, aboutir ſur, marchiſer, marchir.*

Corners of land **abutting** on other lands. *Affrontailles.*

To **aby.** *Comme* to Rue.

An **accademy.** *Accademie.* *Voyez* Vniverſity.

Acates. *Voyez* Cates.

To **accelerate.** *Accelever, avancer.* *Voyez* to Haſten.

Accelerated. *Acceleré, haſté.*

An **accelerater.** *Avanceur.*

Acceleration. *Acceleration, haſtiveté.*

An **accent.** *Accent.*

To **accent.** *Accenter. Touchant les accens, voyez Ma Grammaire, entitulee,* The French Tutor.

To **accept.** *Accepter, avoir pour agreable, prendre en gré, gréer, homologuer. terme de loy.*

To **accept,** or take in good part. *Prendre en gré.*

To be **accepted.** *Eſtre accepté, eſtre agreable, agréer, gréer.*

Accepted. *Accepté, agreable, homologué.*

Acceptable. *Acceptable, agreable.*

Acceptableneſſe. *Agreableté.*

Acceptably. *Agreablément, engré.*

An **acceptation,** or **acceptance.** *Acceptation, acceptance.*

Acceſſe *Accez; admiſſion, entrée vers quelqu'un, advenuë, avenuë.*

To have **acceſſe** unto. *Avoir accez à, eſtre admis.*

Acceſſarie. *Acceſſoire, adherant.*

Acceſſarily. *Acceſſoirement.*

Acceſſible, eaſie of **acceſſe.** *Acceſſible, acceſſif.*

Acceſſion. *Acceſſion, acceſſoire.*

An **Accidence,** or **accidents.** *Introduction de Grammaire.*

An **accident.** *Accident, advenuë, occurrence, occurrent.*

An **accident** in ſickneſſe. *Symptome.*

Accidental. *Accidental, fortuit, acceſſoire, occurrent, caſuel.*

Accidentally. *Accidentalement, accidentellement, fortuitement, caſuellement, acceſſoirement.*

An **acclamation.** *Acclamation, butin, butinement, buerie.*

To **accloy.** *Voyez* to Cumber, to Overcharge.

To **accommodate.** *Accommoder, adeſtrer, agencer, ageancer; garnir.*

Accommodated. *Accommodé, agencé, ageancé.*

An **accommodating.** *Accommodation, agencement, ageancement.*

To **accoaſt.** *Accoſter, aborder.*

Accoaſtable, fit, or eaſie to be **accoaſted.** *Accoſtable.*

Accoaſted. *Accoſté, abordé.*

An **accoaſting.** *Abordée, abordade, abordement.*

To **accompany.** *Accompagner, compagnonner, faire compagnie à quelqu'un; Tenir compagnie à quelqu'un, aſſocier, adeſtrer.*

Accompanied. *Accompagné, aſſocié.*

An **accompanying.** *Accompagnement, aſſociation.*

To **accompliſh.** *Accomplir, parfaire, achever, parfournir.*

Accompliſhed. *Accompli, achevé, parfaict.*

An **accompliſher.** *Accompliſſeur, parfaiſeur.*

An **accompliſhment.** *Accompliſſement, achevement.*

An **accompt.** *Compte, papier des Marchands, calcul, conte.*

To **accompt,** or reckon. *Compter, nombrer, Tenir, livres de compte; Faire, ou, tenir compte, calculer.*

A book of **accompts.** *Livre de comptes, comptertau.*

To **accompt,** or eſteeme. *Eſtimer.* *Voyez* to Account.

Accomptable. *Comptable.*

An **accomptant,** caſter of **accompts,** or **accompt-keeper.** *Compteur, qui tient livre de comptes, ou papiers des Marchands, ou comptereau; Dreſſeur des comptes, calculateur, computiſte.*

An **accompting.** *Comptement, calculement.*

An **accord.** *Accord, accordement, gré, grée, conſentiment, convenance, pache.*

To **accord.** *Accorder; Eſtre, ou, mettre d'accord, concorder, conſentir; octroyer.*

Of one **accord.** *D'un accord, d'un meſme cœur, & vouloir.*

With one **accord.** *De commun accord, tout d'un accord.*

Of his own **accord.** *Volontairement, de ſon bon gré.*

Accorded. *Accordé, octroyé.*

According. *Accordant.*

According to. *Selon; à leur de, à ſur de.*

According to the rate of. *Au leur l'emplage, par ſerve, au feurremplage. Selon le prix courant.*

To **account,** or eſteeme. *Eſtimer, reputer, tenir compte de.* *Voyez* to Accompt.

Not to **account** of. *Nonchaloir.*

To make **account** of, or ſet much by. *Tenir grand compte, ou conte de; Faire grande eſtime de.*

To make no **account** of. *Ne faire point de compte.*

To make **account,** or to purpoſe. *Faire eſtat de.*

A man of no **account.** *Homme de nulle eſtime, mariaulet.*

Accoutrement. *Accouſtrement.* *Voyez* Apparell.

To **accrow.** *Accroiſtre.*

To **accumulate.** *Accumuler, entaſſer, amaſſer.*

Accumulated. *Accumulé, entaſſé.*

An **accumulater.** *Accumulateur, entaſſeur.*

An **accumulation,** or **accumulating.** *Accumulation, entaſſement.*

To **accroch.** *Voyez* to Encroch.

Accurate. *Soigneux, exacte; faict ſoigneuſement.*

Accurately. *Soigneuſement, exactement.*

To **accurſe** *Mauldire.* *Voyez* to curſe.

Accurſed. *Mauldict.*

To **accuſe.** *Accuſer, achoiſonner, calenger, calanger, imputer, mettre ſus à, mettre à ſus.*

To **accuſe** throughly. *Garnir vne accuſation.*

To **accuſe** falſely and maliciouſly. *Calomnier.*
Accuſed *Accuſé, calengé, imputé.*
Accuſed falſely. *Calomnié.*
An **accuſer.** *Accuſant, accuſateur, imputeur.*
A falſe and malicious **accuſer.** *Calomniateur.*
An **accuſereſſe,** or **accuſatrix.** *Accuſatrice.*
An **Accuſation.** *Accuſation, calenge, imputement.*
A falſe and malicious **accuſation.** *Calomnie.*
The **accuſative** caſe. *Le cas accuſatif.*
An **accuſing.** *Accuſement, calangement.*
To **accuſtome.** *Accouſtumer, habituer,*
To **accuſtome** himſelfe. *S'accouſtumer.*
Accuſtomed. *Accouſtomé, acalli, habitué.*
To be **accuſtomed.** *Eſtre accouſtomé, ſouloir.*
Accuſtomably. *Couſtumierement.*
An **accuſtoming.** *Accouſtumance, aſſuefaction.*
The **ace.** *As, az, (aux dez, ou aux Cartes.)*
Ambes **ace.** *Beſas, ambezatz.*
Acerbitie. *Acerbité. Voyez* Soureneſſe.
To **Acertaine.** *Aſcertener, affirmer.*
Acertained, or **acertened.** *Acertezé, affirmé*
An **acertainer.** *Affirmateur.*
An **acertaining,** or **acertening.** *Acertenement, affirmation.*
Achates. *La pierre precieuſe qu'on appelle Achate.*
An **ache.** *Douleur, doleur.*
The head-**ache.** *Mal de teſte, douleur de teſte.*
The tooth-**ache.** *Mal aux dents.*
To have an **ache.** *Douloir, doloir, avoir douleur, ou doleur. Voyez* to ake.
To **atchieve.** *Achever, accomplir, effectuer, gaigner. Voyez* to atchieve.
To **acknowledge.** *Recognoiſtre, confeſſer.*
Acknowledged. *Recognu.*
An **acknowledging,** or **acknowledgment.** *Recognoiſſance, confeſſion.*
An **acorne.** *Gland, balan, balane.*
Acornes. (or maſt.) *Mangeves.*
The **acorne** called Ben. *Balan mirepſique, gland onguentaire.*
To **acquaint.** *Accointir, communiquer, adomeſtiquer.*
Acquaintable, or eaſie to be **acquainted** with. *Accointable, accoſtable.*
Acquaintance. *Accointance, cognoiſſance, familiarité; habitude, notice.*
Grown out of **acquaintance** with. *Deſaccointé.*
He is of mine **acquaintance.** *Il eſt de mon accointance, il eſt de ma cognoiſſance,* il eſt mon accoint, *il eſt mon familier.*
To break the **acquaintance** of. *Deſaccointer.*
Acquainted. *Accoinct, accoint familier, adomeſtique.*
To become **acquainted** together. *S'entr'accointer.*
To be, or grow **acquainted** with. *S'accointer de, ſe familiariſer d'autrui, familiariſer autrui, avoir cognoiſſance avec, S'adomeſtiquer.*
To **acquire.** *Acquerir, acqueſter; obtenir.*
Acquired. *Acquis, acqueſté.*
An **acquirer.** *Acquereur.*
An **acquiring.** *Obtenement.*
An **acquiſition.** *Acquiſition, obtenuë.*
To **acquit.** *Acquiter, quiter, deſcharger.*
An **acquittall.** *Delivrance.*
An **acquittance.** *Quitance, acquit, quittus, deſcharge.*
Acquitted *Acquité, quité.*
An **acquitter,** or one that gives an **acquittance.** *Quiteur.*
An **acquitting.** *Deſchargement.*
An **acre.** *Arpent. L'arpent, ou aker, en Angleterre, contient quarante perches de longueur, & quatre de largeur; c'eſt à dire, 160 perches quarrées, la perche eſtant longue de cinq verges & demie, & la verge de trois pieds.*
An **Act,** or Deed, *Acte, Faict, Action.*
An **Act,** or Decree. *Acte, Edit, Ordonnance, Arreſt, Decret.*
A hainous wicked **Act.** *Meſchant acte, ſonfaict, Crime, delict.*
An **Act** in a Comedie. *Acte de comedie.*
An ill **act.** *Malefice, malfaict.*
To **act.** *Actionner, faire.*
An **acting.** *Comme action.*
An **action.** *Action, geſtion.*
An **action** in law. *Action, Procez.*
To enter an **Action,** bring an action, or commence a ſute againſt. *Intenter vne action contre quelqu'un; Faire adjourner, actionner, agir.*
Active. *Actif, agile, habile, adextre, adeſtre, alaigre, adroit, droit; aime-bal, Deliure de ſa perſonne, vivace.*
Activity. *Activité, agilité, dexterité, habilité, alaigreſſe, alaigreté, vivacité, ſoupleſſe.*
Actively. *Dextrement, agilement, habilement, alaigrement, à la main.*
Acute. *Aigu. Voyez* Sharpe.
An **Adage.** *Adage, Proverbe.*
An **Adamant** ſtone. *Aimant, Diamant, Calamite, pierre miniere.*
Adamantine. *Aimantin, adamantin.*
To **adapt.** *Adeſtrer, adjancer, ageancer, agencer.*
Adapted. *Adapté, adjancé, ageancé, agencé.*
An **adapting** *Adaptation, ageancement, agencement, adjancement.*
To **adde.** *Adjouſter, adjoindre, ajoindre.*
Added. *Adjouſté, ajoint, adjoinct.*
An **Adder.** *Serpent, Couleuvre, Guyure, Cherſydre, Biſſe.*
The blackeſt hedge **Adder.** *Anguille de haye.*
Adders-wort. *Couleuvrée, herbe aux couleuvres.*
The water **Adder.** *Hydre.*
Adders-tongue. *Langue de Serpent, herbe ſans couſture.*
Adder-graſſe. *Comme* Dogs ſtones.
An **Addice,** or **Addis.** *Doloire, dolouëre, bachereau.*
To **addict** himſelf unto. *S'addonner à, S'appliquer à, ſe mettre à.*
Addicted. *Addonné.*
An **adding.** *Adjouſtement: ou comme addition.*
An **addition.** *Addition, adjouſtement, adjonction, adjection, additament, acceſſion.*
To **Addoulce.** *Addoulcir, addoucir. Voyez* to ſweeten.
To **addreſſe,** or direct unto. *Addreſſer, acheminer.*
To **addreſſe,** or make himſelf ready unto. *S'addreſſer, ſe preparer, ſe mettre en point, ou en ordre, ſe mettre à.*
An **addreſſe.** *Acheminement, addreſſe.*
Addreſſed unto. *Acheminé.*
An **Adelantado.** *Adelantade. Mot Eſpagnol, ſignifiant, Lieutenant du Roy en quelque province.*
To **adhere.** *Adherer. Voyez* to cleave to.
An **adherent.** *Adherant.*
An **adhering.** *Adheſion.*
Adjacent. *Adjacent, geſant aupres. Voyez* Bordering upon.
An **Adjective.** *Adjectif.*
Adieu. *A Dieu. Voyez* Farewell.
To **Adjoyne.** *Adjoindre, adjouſter, annexer, ou, appliquer à, ajoindre;* marcheſer, marchir.
Adjoyned *Adjoinct, adjoint.*
An **adjoyning.** *Adjonction, adjection.*
Adjoyning neere to. *Tout pres de, voiſinant, proche, prochain, jouxte, jouſte, joignant, Limitrophe.*
To **Adjourn,** or cite to appeare. *Adjourner, citer.*
To **adjourn,** or put off. *Differer à vn jour aſſigné.*
An **adjourning,** or citing to appeare at a day. *Adjournement, Citation.*
Adjourned, or cited. *Adjourné, cité.*
Adjourned or put off. *Differé.*
To **adjudge.** *Adjuger.*
Adjudged. *Adjugé.*
An **adjuging.** *Adjudication.*
An **Adjunct** *Adjoinct.*
To **adjure.** *Adjurer. Voyez* to Conjure.
Adjured. *Adjuré.*
Adjuration. *Adjuration.*
An **adjurer.** *Adjurateur.*
To **adjuſt,** (fit, ſet, or place juſtly;) *Adjuſter, agencer, adjancer, ajuſter,*
Adjuſted. *Agencé, agence, adjuſté, juſté.*
An **Adjuſting.** *Adjuſtement, adjancement; ageancement, agencement.*
Adle, or **Addle.** *Comme* An **adle** egge. *Oeuf pourci, corrumpu, ou, ſans germe; Oeuf abortif.*
An **adle** head. *qui n'a point de cerveau, ecervelé.*
To **Adminiſter.** *Adminiſtrer, Gouverner,*
An **Adminiſtrator.** *Adminiſtrateur.*
An **Adminiſtration.** *Adminiſtration.*
An **Adminiſtring.** *Comme* Adminiſtration.
To **admire.** *Admirer, S'eſmerveiller, S'esbahir.*
Admiration. *Admiration, Esbahiſſement.*
With **admiration.** *A l'esbahi.*
Admirable. *Admirable, eſmerveillable, merveilleux, merveillable.*
Paſſing **admirable.** *Mireliſique.*
Admirably *Admirablement, merveilleuſement, à merveilles.*
Admirably done. *Miriſique.*
An **admirer.** *Admirateur.*
An **Admirall** *Admiral, Halmyrach.*
An **Admirall** gally, or ſhip *La Generale, Capitaineſſe.*
An **Admiralleſſe,** or Admiralls wife. *Admirale.*
The **Admiralty;** the office of Admiralſhip, or the court of Admiralty. *Admiraulté. C'eſt à dire, L'office d'un Admiral; ou la Cour qu'il tient, par ſes officiers, des affaires marines*
Admiſſion. *Admiſſion, homologation. Voyez* An admitting.
To **admit.** *Admettre, recevoir, entretenir, faire entrer; laiſſer, ou permettre entrer;*

Permettre, accepter, gréer, homologuer.

Admit it be ſo. *Soit ainſi.*

Admitted. *Admis, accepté, homologué.*

Admittable, admiſſible. *Admiſſible.*

An **admitting, admittance.** *Admiſſion, permiſſion; acception.*

To **admix.** *Miſtionner, mixtionner.*

Admixed. *Miſtionné, mixtionné.*

An **admixing** *Miſtionnement.*

An **admixture.** *Miſtion, mixtion.* *Voyez* to Mix.

To **admoniſh.** *Admoneſter, advertir, aviſer.*

Admoniſhed *Admoneſté, adverti, aviſé.*

An **admoniſher.** *Admoneſteur, aviſeur, advertiſſeur, moniteur.*

An **admoniſhment,** or **admoniſhing.** *Admonition, advertiſſement, aviſement.*

Admoniſhing. *Monitoire, monitorial.*

An **admonition.** *Admonition, monition, monitoire.*

To **annihilate.** *Annichiler, aneantir, anuller, aneantir.*

Annihilated. *Aneanti, annullé, aneanti.*

An **annihilating.** *Annichilation, annullation, anullement.*

Ado. *Comme* Much adoe. Ador, *trouble, tumulte, Grabuge.*

To make much **ado.** *Faire rage; faire des mines.*

After much **ado.** *A la longue.*

With much **ado.** *Avec grand' peine, à grand' peine, malaiſement.*

To have much **ado** to. *Avoir fort à faire de.*

Adoleſcencie. *Adoloſcence.* *Voyez* Youth.

To **adopt.** *Adopter,* affilier, *advouer pour fils; Prendre, ou choiſir pour ſon enfant, celuy qui par nature ne l'eſt point.*

Adopted. *Adopté, advoüé, adfilié, affilié.*

An **adopter.** *Adopteur, affiliant.*

Adoption. *Adoption, affiliation, advoüerie, advourie, adfiliation, afiliation, agnation.*

Adoptive. *Adoptif.*

To **adore.** *Adorer.* *Voyez* to Worſhip.

Adorable. *Adorable.*

Adoration. *Adoration.*

Adored, *Adoré.*

An **adorer.** *Adorateur.*

To **adorne.** *Orner, adorner, garnir; habiller, garber.*

Adorned. *Orné, Garni, habillé.*

An **adornement.** *Ornament, Garniſſement.*

To **Adoulce.** *comme* To Addoulce.

The **Adrieticke** ſea. *Mer d'amont, mer Adriatique.*

To **advance.** *Avancer, advancer, agrandir, eſlever, haulſer, hauſſer, mettre quelqu'un en avant; monter.*

Advanced. *Agrandi, avancé, advancé, eſlevé, haulſé, hauſſé.*

Advancement. *Avancement, advancement, agrandiſſement, eſlevement; Preference, haulſerie.*

An **advancer.** *Eſleveur, agrandiſſeur.*

An **advancing.** *Comme* Advancement.

An **advantage.** *Avantage, advantage; addition, gain, commodité.*

Advantage, or above meaſure. *Advantage, additament, ce qui eſt outre la meſure.*

To **advantage,** or give the **advantage** unto. *Avantager.*

To **advantage,** or availe. *Eſtre avantagieux, ou commodieux.*

To have the **advantage** over. *Avoir l'avantage, avoir barre ſur.*

To take **advantage** of. *Prendre au pied levé.*

Advantagious. *Advantagieux.*

Advantagiouſly. *Advantagieuſement.*

An **Advantaging.** *Advantagement, approſitement.*

Advent, or the time of **Advent.** *Advents de Noël, avant.*

Adventure. *Aventure,* adventure, *baſard, fortune, riſque.*

To **adventure.** *Adventurer, S'adventurer, ſe baſarder, baſarder, courrir riſque.*

At **adventure.** *Par adventure, D'adventure, Fortuitement.*

Adventured. *Adventuré, baſardé.*

An **Adventurer.** *Adventurier, baſardeur.*

Adventurous. *Adventureux, baſardeux, hardi.*

Adventurouſly. *Adventureuſement, hardiment, baſardeuſement.*

An **Adverb.** *Adverbe.*

An **adverſary.** *Adverſaire.*

Adverſe. *Adverſe, contraire, oppoſite.*

The **adverſe** party. *La partie adverſe.*

Adverſity. *Adverſité, affliction, malheur.*

To **advertiſe.** *Advertir, ſignifier, donner advertiſement, faire advertiſement, informer, aviſer, notifier.*

Advertiſed. *Adverti; Notifié.*

An **adverriſer.** *Advertiſeur.*

An **advertiſement.** *Advertiſſement, monition, notice, notification.*

Advertiſing. *Monitoire.*

To **adveſt.** *Adveſtir.* *Voyez* to Inveſt.

An **adveſture.** *Adveſt, adveſture.*

Adviſe. *Avis, advis, conſeil, opinion, advertiſſement.*

To **adviſe.** *Adviſer, aviſer, conſeiller, donner advis, advirtir.*

To **adviſe,** or aske **adviſe.** *S'adviſer, prendre advis, demander advis, prendre conſeil, conſulter.*

Adviſed. *Adviſé, aviſé; accort; adverti, ſage, homme retenu, meur.*

Well **adviſed.** *Bien adviſé, ſageraut.*

Ill **adviſed.** *Fol conſeillé, maladviſé, malaviſé.*

Adviſedly. *Adviſement, par advis, avec advis, accortement, ſagement, meurement.*

Adviſedneſſe. *Accorteſſe, Accortiſe, ſageſſe.*

Adviſement. *Adviſement.*

Adulation. *Adulation.* *Voyez* Flattery.

Adulatory. *Adulatoire.*

Adulterate, or **adulterated.** *Adulteré, contrefaict, abaſtardi.*

To **adulterate.** *Adulterer, corrompre, abaſtardir.*

To **adulterate** (by mixture.) *Miſtionner, mixtionner.*

An **adulterater.** *Adulterateur, corrompeur, abaſtardiſſeur.*

An **adulterating.** *Abaſtardiſſement, corrompement.*

Adultery. *Adultere.*

To commit **adultery.** *Adulterer.*

An **adulterer.** *Adultere.*

Adulterous, *Plein d'adultere, nothe.*

Adulterouſly. *En adultere.*

To **adumbrate.** *Adombrer.*

Adumbrated. *Adombré.* *Voyez* to Shadow.

An **Advocate,** or Counſellour at Law. *Advocat,* Advoyer.

A pettie or ſilly **Advocate.** *Advocaſſeau.*

To play the **advocate.** *Advocaſſer.*

The playing the **advocate.** *Advocaſſerie.*

An **advocate,** or the place of an **advocate.** *Advocatie.*

To **advow.** *Advouër, avouër, affurmir.*

Advowed. *Advoüé.*

An **advower.** *Advoüateur.*

An **advowing.** *Advoüaiſon, adveu.*

An **advowſon.** *Advocation, advoüaiſon; c'eſt à dire La reverſion d'un promotion Eccleſiaſtique; ou Le droict de patronage.*

Aduſt. *Aduſt.* *Voyez* Burnt, parched.

Aduſtible. *Aduſtible.*

Aduſtion. *Aduſtion.*

An **Adze.** *Comme* an Addice.

Afeard. *Voyez* Affraid. *Ayant peur, peureux.*

To be **afeard.** *Avoir peur.*

Affable. *Affable, gracieux, courtois, abordable, de doux abord, gentil, humain.*

Affability. *Affabilité, courtoiſie, gracieuſeté en paroles; humanité.*

Affably. *Affablement, courtoiſement, humainement.*

An **affaire.** *Affaire, beſongne, negoce.* *Voyez* Buſineſſe.

To handle **affaires.** *Negocier.*

Affeard. *Ayant peur, peureux.*

To be **affeard.** *Avoir peur.* *Voyez* Affraid.

Affectation. *Affectation, curioſité, affecterie, affecterie.*

To **affect,** or **affectionate.** *Affecter, affectionner, S'affectionner, S'addonner à, appeter, aimer, regretter, regreter.*

Affected, affectioned, affectionated. *Affecté, appeté, affectionné, regretté.*

Affected unto fleſh. *Acharné.*

Affected unto. *Addonné à.*

Maliciouſly **affected.** Malentalenté, *mal-affectionné.*

Affection. *Affection, gré.*

Affection unto. *Regret.*

Affectionate, or full of **affection.** *Affectionneux.*

To **affectionate.** *Affectionner, ou comme* To affect.

Affectionately. *Affectionnément, affectueuſement, acertes.*

Affiance. *Fianté, confiance, confience, foi.*

To have **affiance.** *Se fier.*

To **affiance,** or betroth. *Fiancer, accorder vn fille.* *Voyez* to Betroth.

Affianced. *Affiancé, accordé, fiancé.* *Voyez* Betrothed.

An **affiancing.** *Fiançailles.* *Voyez* a Betrothing.

To **affie.** *Affier.* *Voyez* to aſſure, to affirme.

Affied. *Affié.*

Affinitie. *Affinité, alliance.*

One with whom one hath **affinity.** *Affin, allié.*

To **affirme.** *Affermer, affirmer, affier, advoues, acertener.*

A demandant, or defendant to **affirme** before a Judge. *Fermer.*

Affir-

Affirmed. *Affirmé, affié, advoüé.*
Affirmable. *Affermable.*
An **affirmation.** *Affirmation, affiement, aſſertion, firmative.*
Affirmative. *Affirmatif.*
Affirmatively. *Affirmativement, aſſertivement.*
Affirmer. *Affirmateur.*
An **affirming.** *Affirmement, affiement.*
To **affix** unto. *Affiecher, affier.*
Affixed. *Affiché, affié.*
An **affixing.** *Affichement, affiement.*
To **afflict.** *Affliger, grever, malheurer; moleſter, vexer, nauver.*
To **afflict** himſelfe about. *Se marrir, ſe chagriner.*
Afflicted. *Affligé, marri; moleſté, nauré, vexé.*
An **afflicter.** *Vexateur.*
Afflictive. *Afflictif.*
Affliction. *Affliction; meſaiſe, moleſtie.*
Full of **affliction.** *Abanneux.*
Affluence. *Affluence, afflux. Voyez* Store, abundance.
The **affodil.** *Affodille, aſfodille, bache royalle.*
Afore. *Avant, devant; ou comme* Before.
To **afford** (in ſelling) *Vendre pour le prix, donner pour le prix.*
I cannot **afford** it better cheap, for a leſſer price: *Ie ne le ſçauroy vendre à moins, meilleur marché, ou, à maindre prix.*
To **afford,** give or yield, *Donner, bailler, miniſtrer à.*
Afforded unto. *Miniſtré.*
To **affray.** *Effrayer, effriter, eſpeurer. Voyez* to fray, and to affright.
To make **affraid.** *Effrayer, effroyer, eſpouventer, faire les affres à.*
To be **affraid.** *S'effrayer, s'eſpouventer, avoir peur.*
Affraid. *Effrayé, effroyé, eſpouventé, ayant peur, effrité, eſpeuré.*
Afreſh. *Nouvellement.*
To **affranchiſe.** *Affranchir, emanciper, mainmettre.*
Affranchiſed. *Affranchi, emancipé, mainmis.*
An **affranchiſer.** *Affranchiſſeur.*
An **affranchiſement.** *Affranchiſſement.*
Affrick. *Affrique.*
An **African,** of **affrick.** *Affriquain.*
To **affright.** *Effroyer, eſpouventer, faire peur, faire eſbahir,* Ahurir, affrier, *faire les affres à, eſpeurer, intimider.*
An **affright.** *Effroy, eſpouvente.*
Affrighted. *Eſpouventé, effroyé, effrayé, effrité, eſpeuré, intimidé.*
To be **affrighted.** *S'effrayer, S'eſpouventer, avoir grand peur, grandement s'effrayer.*
I have **affrighted** him exceedingly. *Ie luy ay donné vne mauvaiſe affres.*
An **affrighting.** *Frayeur, eſpouventement, intimidation.*
To **affront.** *Affronter,* acarer, *brever; accoſter, avilir.*
To lie **affront** of. *Affronter, aboutir.*
An **affront.** *Affront, ſupercherie.*
Affronted. *Affronté,* acaré, *accoſté,* avillonné, *aviti.*
An **affronter.** *Affronteur.*
An **affronting.** *Affrontement,* acarement, acaration, *avillonnement, avilement.*
An **affronting** or lying **affront upon.** *Aboutiſſement.*
After. *Apres; Depuis.*
After, or **afterwards.** *Apres, en apres, puis apres; ſuivamment.*
After, or behind him. *Apres luy, derriere luy.*
After, or according. *Selon. Voyez* According.
After the ſame manner, or faſhion. *Tout ainſi que, tout de meſme que; à la mode de.*
After the French faſhion. *A la françoiſe, à la mode de France.*
The **After-noone.** *L'apres-diſnée.*
Againe. *Derechef, encore, pour la ſeconde fois.*
Againe and **againe.** *Encore vne aultre fois; auſſi, grandement, ſeriéuſement, à bon eſcient; auſſi, pluſieurs fois, par pluſieurs fois reiterées.*
Againſt. *Contre, à l'encontre; contraire.*
To be **againſt.** *Contrarier.*
To goe **againſt.** *Aller au devant de, aller encontre, aller à l'encontre.*
Over **againſt,** right **againſt,** right over **againſt** *Vis à vis, encontre,* tout vis à vis, tout contre, à l'oppoſite.
Agarick. *Agarie.*
To be **agaſt.** *S'eſtonner, s'effroyer.*
Agaſt. *Eſtonné, effroyé,* effrité, aburé.
An **Agate** ſtone. *Agathe.*
An **age.** *Age, Siecle, eage.*
The **age** of Infancy. *Enfance. Voyez* Infancy.
Old **age.** *Vieilleſſe. Voyez* Old.
Vnder **age.** *Voyez* Nonage.
To become **aged.** *Vieillir.*
Aged. *Aagée, vieil, eagé, vieux.*
An **aged** man. *Vn vieillard.*
An **aged** woman. *Vne vieille.*
Agedly. *En vieillard, vieillement.*
An **agent.** *Agent, facteur, negociateur, avoyer, ſoccudaire.*
The Kings **agents.** *Miniſtres du Roy.*
To **aggravate.** *Aggraver, aggrevanter, exagerer, exaſperer, ſurcharger, aigrir, aſperer, aſprir.*
Aggravated. *Aggravé, aggravanté aigri, exaggeré.*
An **aggravating,** or **aggravation.** *Aggravation, aſprifſement, exaggeration, exaſperation.*
To **Aggregate.** *Aggreger.*
Aggregated. *Aggregé.*
Agile. *Agile. Voyez* Nimble, active.
Agilitie. *Agilité. Voyez* Nimbleneſſe.
With **agilitie.** *Agilement.*
To **agitate.** *Agiter. Voyez* to toſſe, move wagge, ſtirre.
Agitated. *Agité.*
Agitation. *Agitation. Voyez* Stirring.
An **Aglet.** *Le fer d'une aiguillette. Voyez* the Tag of a point.
An **Aglet** *Vn aſſiquet.*
Golden **Aglets.** *Guiquets d'or.*
To **Agglutinate.** *agglutiner, aggluer.*
An **Agnaile,** or ſore between the finger and naile: *Onglee.*
An **Agnaile,** or Corne. *Agoſſin, frenelle. Voyez* Corne.
Ago. *Paſſé. y a.*
Long **ago.** *Long temps y a, il y a long temps, pieça, des pieça.*
A while **Ago.** *N'aguores.*
Not long **ago.** *N'y a pas long temps, n'y a gueres.*
An **Agonie.** *Agonie, angoiſſe.*
To be full of **agonie.** *Agoniſer, eſtre plein d'angoiſſe.*
To **aggravate.** *Comme* to Aggravate.
Agreat. *En gros.*
To **agreave** or **agrieve.** *Grever,* grevanter, *attriſter.*
Agreaved. *Grevé,* grevanté, *attriſté, marri, morne.*
An **Agreavance.** *Grevance,* grief.
Agreeving. *Grevant.*
To **agree** unto. *Accorder, conſentir, conſentir, acquieſcer, gréer, agréer.*
To **agree** before hand with. *Sabonner, ſaborner.*
To **agree** together. *Concorder, accorder enſemble, s'accorder, s'appoinctier, appoinctier, contracter.*
To **agree** for. *Marchander.*
To **agree** upon. *Accorder, convenancer.*
To **agree** for before hand. *Abeuver, ſabonner, aborner, ſaborner.*
To be **agreeable,** or to **agree** and ſuit with. *Aggreer, convenir, correſpondre, competer.*
To **agree** upon Articles *Capituler.*
To be **agreeable,** or acceptable unto. *Aggréer, eſtre aggreable; ou, au gré de quelqu'un.*
Agreable. *Aggreable, convenable, convenant, accordable, accordant.*
Agreablenelle. *Convenance, competence, agreableté.*
Agreably. *Convenablement, competemment.*
Agreed. *Accordé, convenu, gré.*
Agreed upon (upon Articles.) *Capitulé.*
Agreed for before hand. *Abonné.*
Agreed for. *Marchandé.*
An **agreeing.** *Accordement, aggreation: ou comme* an Agreement.
An **agreement.** *Accord, accordance, conſentement, concorde, accordement, aggreation, acquieſcement, grée; pache.*
An **agreement,** or Covenant. *Accord, concordat, convenance, convention, convenant, contract, paction.*
An **agreement,** or reconcilement. *Appointement, accordement. Voyez* an Atonement.
To come to an Agreement. *Acquieſcer.*
To make an agreement. *Faire accord, faire vn accord, pactionner, faire paction, ou, appointement avec, contracter enſemble.*
An **agreement-maker.** *Compoſeur des differens; Celuy qui accorde, & appointe les differens.*
An Article of **agreement.** *Capitulation.*
Agrimonie. *Agrimonie, Aigrimoine. Voyez* Liverwort.
The **Agriot,** or tart Cherrie. *Agriotte.*
The ſirrop, or juice of the **Agriot** Cherrie. *Agriotat.*
An **ague.** *Fiévre, fievre.*
A continuall **ague.** *Fiévre continuë.*
An every day, or, quotidian **ague.** *Fiévre quotidienne.*
A little, or ſlight **ague.** *Fievrette*
A tertian **ague.** *Fievre tierce.*

A quartaine **ague**. *Fiévre quarte, ou, quartaine.*
An hectick **ague**. *Fiévre eſtique.*
A burning **ague**. *Fiévre ardente.*
To have, or be ſick of an **ague**. *Avoir la fiévre.*
A fit of an **ague**. *Accez de fiévre.*
Aguiſh, or full of an **ague**. *Fievreux, Fiévreux.*
Ah. *Hé, ah, eh. Voyez* Alas.
To **aide**. *Aider, ſecourir, ſubvenir. Voyez* to Helpe.
Aide. *Aide, adminicule, ſecours. Voyez* Helpe.
An **aider**. *Aidant.*
Aile. *Comme*, What Aileth thee? *Qu'as tu?* What **aileth** he? *Qu'a il?* What **aile** you? *Qu'avez vous?* I **aile** nothing, *Ie n'ay rien.*
To **aime**, or Levell at. *Viſer à, abutter, aguigner, guigner, mirer.*
To **aime** at. *Viſer, ou, tendre à quelque fin, abutter.*
Aimed at. *Viſé, guigné, miré.*
An **aimer** at. *Viſeur, guigneur.*
An **aiming** at, or **aime**. *Viſée, guignement, guignade.*
Aire. *Air.*
To **aire**. *Mettre à l'air, ſeicher à l'air.*
Freſh, or coole, evening **Aire**. *Serain.*
Aired. *Aeré.*
An **Aire** of Hawkes. *Aire, Herage, Niez, Nyaie.*
To **aire**, or make an **aire**. *Airer.*
Aire, or belonging to the **aire**. *Aeré, aereux, aerien, avin.*
To **ake**. *Doloir, grever, avoir mal à. Comme* My head aketh; *La teſte me deult, la teſte me ſait mal, J'ay mal à la teſte.*
An **Aking**. *Douloir.*
An **aker**. *Comme* Acre.
An **akorne**. *Comme* Akorne.
Alabaſter, alablaſter. *Alabaſtre, Albaſtre.*
Of or belonging to **alabaſter**. *Alabaſtrin.*
Alacritie. *Alacrité. Voyez* Chearefulneſſe.
An **alarum**. *A l'arme.*
To ſound an **alarum**. *Sonner alarme.*
To give the **alarum**. *Donner l'alarme à.*
Alas. *Helas, las.*
Alate, or of **late**. *Nouvellement, depuis n'agueres. Voyez* Late.
The **alay** of gold or ſilver coine. *Aloy, lier.*
To **alay**. *Alleger, addoucir, alentir, accoiſer; auſſi, deſtremper; auſſi, alier, ou meſler le cuivre avec l'or ou argent fin; mitiguer, moderer.*
Alayed. *Affoibli; accoiſé, alenti, mitigué, moderé.*
An **alayer**. *Deſtrempeur.*
An **alaying**. *Affoibliſſement, alentiſſement, mitigation.*
An **Albantan**, *Albanois. Ainſi*, an Albanian light horſeman.
An **Albe**. *Aube de preſtre.*
Albeit. *Iaçoit que, comme ainſi ſoit que.*
The **Alchoran**. *L'alcoran, ou, la loy des Turcs.*
Alchymie, alcumie. *Alquemie; chymie, arquemie, Spargirie.*
An **alchymiſt**, or **alcumiſt**. *Alquemiſte, chymique, Spargirique.*
An **Aldermann**. *Senateur.*
An **Aldermans** pace. *Pas d'abbé.*
An **Alder**, or **alier** tree. *Aulne, aune.*
An **alder** grove, or place where they grow. *Aulnay, aunaye.*
An **Alembick**. *Voyez* a Limbeck.
Ale. *Alle, de l'alle.*
Good **ale**. *Goutal.* ¶ Rabl.
An **ale-houſe**. *Cabaret, lieu où l'on vend de la cervoiſe, & de l'alle.*
An **ale-houſe-keeper**. *Cabaretier.*
To frequent **alehouſes**. *Cabaretter.*
An **ale-knight**, or **ale-houſe-haunter**. *Suppoſt de cabaret, cabaretter, Gaudiſſeur, compagnon du berlan.*
An **ale-brewer**. *Voyez* a Brewer.
Alecoſt. *Coſt, coq, ſauge Romaine.*
Alength. *De long, tout de long.*
Herb **alexanders**, or **allſanders**. *Alexandre, Alexandrine, perſil Alexandrin, grand ache.*
To **alie**, and **aliance**. *Voyez* to allie, and alliance.
An **aliant**, or **alien**. *Eſtrangier, eſtranger, foreſtier, aubain. Voyez* Stranger.
To **alienate**. *Aliener, eſtranger, eſſeager; deſtourner.*
Alienated. *Aliené, deſtourné.*
An **alienating**. *Alienation, eſtrangement, deſtournement.*
Aligant. *Tinture.*
To **alight** off, or from a horſe. *Deſcendre de cheval, ſe mettre à pied.*
Alighted. *Deſcendu de cheval, deſmonté.*
An **alighting** off a horſe. *Deſmontement, deſcente de cheval, deſcendement.*
Alike. *Semblablement. Voyez* Like.
Alive. *Vif, vivant, en vie.*
Alkakengie. *Alquaquenges, alkerenge, alicabut, alchechange, alekange. Voyez* Winter-cherries.
Alkanet. *Voyez* Orchanet.
All. *Tout.*
All in **all** with. *Fort familier de.*
To **allege**, or **alleadge**. *Alleguer, citer ou produire vn autheur; Mettre en avant, nommer.*
Alleged. *Allegué, cité, mis en avant, nommé.*
An **allegation**. *Allegation.*
Allegiance. *Ligeance, ligeaulté.*
An **allegorie**. *Allegorie.*
Allegoricall. *Allegorique.*
Allegorically. *Allegoriquement.*
To **allegorize**. *Allegoriſer.*
Alleluya. (Herb) Alleluya. *Voyez* Woodſorrell.
An **alley**. *Allée, ruelle; pourmenoir, galleries.*
A little **alley**, or walk in a wood. *Allaire, alaire.*
Allgood. (Herbe) *toute-bonne, bon henri.*
All-heale. *Voyez* Clownes wound-wort.
All-hoobe. (Herbe) *comme* Ground-Ivie.
To **allie**. *Allier, faire alliance avec, faire alliance enſemble, affiniter.*
An **allie**. *Affin.*
Alliance. *Alliance.*
Alliance by mariage. *Affinité, alliance par mariage.*
To **allot**. *Allotir, aſſortir, aſſigner.*
Allotted. *Aſſorti.*
To **allow**. *Allouër, gréer, approuver, accepter; auſſi, fournir; habiliter; homologuer; alouer.*
Allowable. *Loüable, mettable.*
An **allowance**. *Approbation, homologation, acceptation, gré; auſſi, Qualité de vivres, ou d'autre choſe donnée, ou aſſignée à quelqu'un.*
Allowed. *Approuvé, gréé, habilité; homologué.*
An **allowing**. *Approuvement, fourniſſement.*
Allum, or **allome**. *Allun.*
Roche **allum**. *Allun de glace.*
To **allude**. *Faire alluſion.*
An **alluſion**, or an **alluding**. *Alluſion.*
To **allure**. *Attraire, allicher, attirer, leurer, affriander, affioler, abbecher, blandir, afflater, emmieller, mouvoir.*
Allured. *Alliché, blandi, affriandé, affiolé, emmiellé.*
An **allurer**. *Blandiſſeur.*
An **allurement**. *Allichement, allicheur, attraict, blandice, emmiellement.*
An **alluring**. *Allichement, attrayement, blandiſſement, affriandement, affiolement, emmiellement, emmiellure.*
Alluringly. *Par allichement.*
Aloofe off. *De loin. Voyez* A farre off.
An **Almaine**, or **Alman**. *Alleman.*
Almaine rivets. *Vne ſorte de cuiraſſe, ayant les braſſaux de maille, ou de lames de fer; & eſt rivé ou bouclé à la vieille mode des Alemans.*
An **Almanack**. *Almanac, Calendrier.*
Almes. *Aulmoſne, Aumoſne.*
To give **almes**. *Aulmoſner, donner aulmoſne.*
An **almes-houſe**. *Aulmoſnerie.*
An **almes-purſe**. *Aulmoſniere.*
An **almes-ſcrip**. *Sacabribes.*
An **almoner, almner**, or **amner**, or **almeſgiver**. *Aulmonier.*
Almoine. *Comme* Franke Almoine. *Pure aumoſne, Franc aulmoſne.*
Almightie. *Tout puiſſant.*
Almightineſſe. *Toute-puiſſance.*
An **almond**. *Amande, almande.*
An **almond** tree. *Amandier.*
Two **almonds** in one ſhell. *Amande beſſonne.*
Almoſt. *Preſque; Quaſi.*
An **alnegeg**, or **ſuingeg**. *Aulneur, qui meſure par l'aulne.*
Aloes. *Aloës, aloë.*
Aloft. *En hault, haut. Voyez* High.
To ſet **aloft**. *Heauſſer, bauſſer. Voyez* to Advance.
Alone. *Seul, apart.*
Along. *Au long.* All **along**. *Tout au long.*
Aloofe. *De loing. Voyez* Farre off.
To **alot**. *Comme* to Allot.
Aloud. *Hault, tout hault, ſonnant, reſonnant, haut.*
The **Alpes**. *Les alpes. Montaignes entre la France & l'Italie.*
An **Alphabet**. *Alphabet, abecé.*
Already. *Des ja, ja.*
Alſe-ſeed. (Herbe) *Voyez* wild Orach.
Alſo. *Auſſi.*
An **altar**. *Aultel, autel.*
An **altar** ſtone. *Pierre ſacrée.*
To **alter**. *Alterer, muër, changer, eſtranger. Voyez* to change.
To **alter** from. *Deſtourner.*
An **alteration**. *Alteration, changement, muance, mutation.*
Altered. *Alteré, müé, changé.*
Altered from. *Deſtourné.*

An

An **altering**. *Changement ; Ou comme* Alteration ; *Muëment.*

Altercation. *Altercation, contention, riote, miſe, caſtille.*

Alternall, or **alternative**. *Alterne, alternatif ; ſuccedant, l'un apres l'autre.*

An **alternation** *Alternation.*

Although. *Combien que, encore que, jaçoit que, bien que.*

Altitude *Hauteur, altitude.*

Altogether. *Du tout, tout à fait ; à tout, tout enſemble, tout d'un fil, totalement, generalement.*

Alum. *Alun. Voyez* Allum.

Alwayes. *Touſiours.*

Am. I am. *Ie ſuis. Voyez* to be.

Amaine *Fort & ferme.*

To **amaze**. *Eſtonner, eſtourdir, eſtourdir, esbahir.*

Amazed. *Eſtonné, eſtourdi, eſtourdi, esbahi.*

Amazedly. *A l'eſtourdi, à l'esbahi.*

An **amazing**. *Eſtourdiſſement, eſtourdiſſement, esbahiſſement.*

Amazednelle. *Eſtourdiſſement ; ou comme* an Amazing.

An **Amathyſt**, or **Amethyſt**. *Amathyſte, ametiſte.*

To **amate**. *Deſcourager, mater, matter.*

Amated *Deſcouragé, mat, matté.*

Ambages. *Ambages ; circonſtances de paroles.*

Full of **ambages**. *Ambagieux.*

An **Ambaſſador**. *Ambaſſadeur, Embaſſadeur, Legat.*

An **ambaſſage**. *Ambaſſade, l'office d'un ambaſſadeur, embaſſade.*

To ſend in **ambaſſage**, or to ſend **ambaſſador**. *Envoyer en Embaſſade ; ou, ambaſſade.*

Amber. *Ambre.*

The beſt yellow **amber**, or bead of **amber**, *Karabe.* ℣ Arab.

Amber-greece. *Ambre gris.*

Oyle of **amber**. *Huile ſacrée.*

Ambes-ace. *Ambezatz.*

To caſt **ambes-ace**. *Faire ambezatz.*

Ambiguitie. *Ambiguité, doute.*

Ambiguous. *Ambigu, douteux, amphibole.*

Ambiguouſly. *Ambiguëment, douteuſement.*

Ambition. *Ambition.*

Ambitious. *Ambitieux.*

Ambitiouſly. *Ambitieuſement.*

Ambitiouſly to ſeek preferment. *Ambier, Briguer, l'honneur, ou quelque office.*

To **amble**. *Aller l'amble, aller les ambles, ambler, aller le bobin.*

An **amble**, or **ambling** pace. *Amble.*

An **ambling** horſe, gelding, or mare. *Haquenée, cheval qui va les ambles ; ou, l'amble ; bobin.*

An **ambrey**. *Armaire, armoire, garde-manger, aumoire. Voyez* a Cupbord.

Herbe **Ambroſe**. *Ambroiſie.*

Ambroſia. *Ambroiſie.*

An **ambodexter**, or **ambidexter**. *Ambidextre, qui eſt & gauchier & droictier, qui jouë des deux mains.*

Ambulative. *Ambulatif ; touſiours ſe pourmenant.*

Ambulatorie. *Ambulatoire.*

An **ambuſcado**, **ambuſh**, or **ambuſhment**. *Embuſche, embuche, embuſcade, aguet, guet à pens ; ou à penſé.*

To lie, or be in **ambuſh** for. *S'embuſcher, eſtre aux embuſches, ſe mettre en embuſche, guetter, aguetter, s'embuſquer.*

To lay in **ambuſh**, or in ambuſcado for. *Embuſcher, embucher, aſſeoir vne embuſche, ou embuſcade.*

Laid in **ambuſh**. *Embuſché.*

A **Ameicozne**. *Scourgeon, eſcourgeon, ſecourgeon, barbumarses.*

Amendable. *Amendable, reparable.*

To **amend**. *Amender, emender, reſaire, reparer, corriger.*

To make **amends**. *Faire vne amende.*

Amended. *Amendé, emendé, corrigé, reſait, reparé.*

An **amender**. *Amendeur, emendateur, emendatrice, correcteur, reparateur.*

An **amending**. *Emendation, reparement.*

An **amendment**. *Amendement, reparation.*

An **amends**. *Amende, emende.*

To **Amerſe** (ſconce, or ſet a fine upon.) *Condemner à l'amende pecuniaire, mulcter.*

Amerſed (fined.) *Mulcté, condemné, à l'amende, multé.*

An **amerſement** (penaltie, or fine.) *Vne amende, mulct, peine, ou punition pecuniaire, multe, multation.*

Amerſing. *Mulctoire.*

An **Amethyſt**. *Amethyſte ; ou, comme* an Amathyſt.

Amiable. *Amiable, aimable, de bonne grace.*

Amiably. *Amiablement, de bonne grace.*

Amiablenelle. *Amiableté.*

An **amict**, or **amice**. *Amict.*

Amiſſe. *Mal, à faux.*

To doe **amiſſe**. *Malfaire, faillir, forvoyer.*

Amitie. *Amitié.*

Ames-ace. *Comme* Ambes-ace.

An **Amner**. *Comme* an Almoner.

Among. *Parmi, entre.*

Amourous. *Amoureux.*

Amouroully. *Amoureuſement.*

Amort. *Mort.*

All **amort**. *Voyez* In a dump.

To **amove**. *Voyez* to Remove.

To **amount**. *Monter.*

The little worme-like ſerpent **Amphiſbæna**. *Double-marcheur, double-teſtu.*

An **Amphitheater**. *Amphitheatre.*

Ample. *Ample, large, ſpacieux.*

An **amplification**. *Amplification, accroiſſement, ampliation.*

To **amplifie**. *Amplifier, amplier, accroiſtre.*

Amplified. *Amplifié, amplié, accreu.*

An **amplifier**. *Amplificateur, ampliateur.*

An **amputation**. *Amputation.*

An **amulet**. *Amulette, contrecharme.*

An **Anabaptiſt**. *Anabaptiſte.*

An **anagram**. *Anagramme.*

To **amuſe**. *Amuſer, donner la muſe à, faire muſer.*

Amuſed. *Amuſé.*

An **amuſer**. *Amuſeur.*

An **amuſing**, or **amuſement**. *Amuſement.*

To make an **Anagram**. *Anagrammatiſer.*

A making of **anagrams**. *Anagrammatiſme.*

An **Analogie**. *Analogie.*

Analogicall *Analogique.*

An **Anarchie**. *Anarchie.*

To **anathematize**. *Anathematiſer, anatematiſer.*

An **anathematization**. *Anathematiſation, anathematization.*

Anathematized. *Anathematiſé.*

An **anatomie**. *Anatomie.*

Anatomicall. *Anatomique.*

An **anatomiſt**. *Anatomiſte.*

To **anatomize**. *Anatomizer.*

Anceſtors. *Anceſtres, anteceſſeurs, nos Majeurs, nos Devanciers, Predeceſſeurs, nos majeurs.*

Anceſtrie. *Parenté.* ℣ Calep.

An **anchor**. *Voyez* an Ankor.

An **anchorite**, or **ankrelle**. *Anachorete.*

Anchovies. (fiſh.) *Anchois, anchoies, anchoyes, (poiſſon.)*

Ancient. *Ancien, vieil, antique, vieux.*

To become or grow **ancient**. *Vieillir.*

Become or grown **ancient**. *Vieilli.*

An **Ancient**, or Enſigne in warres. *Enſeigne. Voyez* an Enſigne.

Anciently. *Anciennement, vieillement.*

Ancientneſſe. *Ancienneté.*

The **ancle**. *Comme* the Ankle.

An **ancome** *Comme* an Vncome.

And. *Et.*

Andirons. *Landiert, Chenets.*

An **andvill**. *Voyez* an Anvill.

Anent. *Voyez* Concerning, and Againſt.

Anet. *Anet, anith ; ou, comme* Dill.

Anfractuoſitie. *Anfractuoſité.*

An **Angel**. *Ange.*

A ſhe **angel**, or woman **angel**. *Angele.*

An **angell** (of gold.) *Angelot. (Vne piece d'or ainſi appellée.)*

A little, or pretty **angell**. *Angellet, angelette, angelot.*

Angelica. *Angelique, (herbe.)*

An old **angel**. *Angelot à la groſſe eſcaille.*

Angelicall. *Angelique.*

An **angelot** (cheeſe.) *Angelot.*

Anger. *Ire, courroux, air, faſcherie, deſpit, bile, marriſſon.*

Extreme **anger**. *Fureur.*

Anger incurred. *Malgrace, malegrace, malitalent.*

Apteſſe to ſudden **anger**. *Fougue, excandeſcence.*

Apt to **anger**. *Fougoux.*

To **anger**. *Faſcher, courrouzer.*

Angerly. *Par courroux ; ou, comme* Angrily.

An **angle**. *Angle. Cerchez* a Corner.

To **angle**. *Peſcher de, ou, avec, vn hain, ou hameçon.*

An **angler**. *Peſcheur avec le hameçon.*

An **angling** rod. *Canne de peſcheur.*

An **angling** line. *Corde de hameçon.*

Angred. *Faſché.*

Angrie. *Courroucé, deſpité, airé, bileux, marri.*

To be **angrie**. *Airer, ſe courroucer, ſe faſcher, eſtre courroucé, ou, faſché, deſpiter, ſe marrir.*

To make **angrie**. *Faſcher ; ou, comme* to Anger.

Exceeding **angrie**. *deſpiteux.*

Angrily. *Faſcheuſement, courroucément.*

Moſt **angrily**. *Courroucéuſement, deſpiteuſement.*

Anguiſh. *Angoiſſe, anxieté ; Marriſſon.*

Much **anguiſh**. *Ahan, angoiſſeuſeté.*

Full of **anguiſh**. *Angoiſſeux.*

With great **anguiſh**. *Angoiſſeuſement.*

Angular

Angular. *Angulaire.*
To **anichilate** *Voyez* to annichilate.
An **animadverſion.** *Animadverſion.*
An **animall** *Animal.*
To **animate.** *Animer, vivifier; Encourager.*
Animated. *Animé; Inſpiré de vie; encouragé.*
An **animating,** or incouraging. *Encouragement.*
Animoſity. *Animoſité.*
Anis herbe, or **anis** ſeed. *Anis, any.*
The **ankle** bone. *Cheville du pied, malleole, malevle.*
The brow-**ankleys** of a Deere. *Andoilleys.*
To ſeaſon with **anis-ſeed.** *Aniſer.*
Seaſoned with **anis-ſeed.** *Aniſé, anizé.*
An **ankor.** *Ancre.*
To **ankor,** or caſt **ankor.** *Ancrer, mouiller, l'ancre.*
To heiſe, or weigh **ankor.** *Lever Ancre.*
Ancored, having caſt **ankor,** or at an **ankor.** *Ancré.*
The **Annals.** *Les Annales.*
An **annaliſt.** *Annaliſte.*
To **anner.** *Annexer, affiſter, attacher.*
An **annexation,** or thing **annexed.** *Annexe.*
Annexed. *Annexé, attaché.*
An **annexing.** *Attachement.*
To **annichilate,** or **annihilate.** *Annichiler, anichiler, annuller, anuller, aneantir, anneantir.*
Annichilated, or **annihilated.** *Annichilé, anichilé, annullé, anullé, aneanti.*
An **annichilating,** or **annihilating.** *Aneantiſſement, annullement.*
An **annihilation.** *Nullité.*
Anniverſary. *Anniverſaire.*
To **annoint.** *Oindre.*
Annointed. *Oinct.*
An **annointing.** *Onction, oignement, oingture.*
An **annotation.** *Annotation.*
To **announce.** *Annoncer.*
Announced. *Annoncé.*
An **announcer.** *Annonceur.*
An **announcing.** *Annoncement.*
To **annoy.** *Nuire, bleſſer, ennuyer, grever, hutiner, hoguiner, infeſter, moleſter.*
Annoy. *Ennuy.*
Annoyed *Ennuyé, grevé, harcelé,* hoguiné, *infeſté, moleſté.*
An **annoyer.** *Inquieteur, moleſteur.*
An **annoyance,** or **annoying.** *Nuiſſance, hutin, hutinement, hoguinement, infeſtation, mal, mau, moleſtie; obleeſion.*
Annuall. *Annuël.*
Annuality. *Annuëlliment.*
Annular. *Annulaire.*
An **annuity.** *Penſion annuël.*
To **annull.** *Anuller, annuller.*
Annulled. *Annulle, anullé.*
An **annulling.** *Annullement, caſſation. Voyez* to annichilate.
Anon. *Tantoſt, incontinent.*
Another. *Aultre, vn autre.*
To **anſwer.** *Reſpondre.*
An **anſwer.** *Reſponſe.*
To **anſwer** from the purpoſe. *Reendſtre hors de propos, faire de l'entend-trois.*
To **anſwer** for another. *advouër, faire bon pour.*
An **anſwer** in law. *Reſponſif.*
Anſwers of the people in divine ſervice. *Reſpons.*
To **anſwer,** or be **anſwerable** to. *Correſpondre.*
Anſwerable to. *Correſpondant, ſelon.*
Anſwered for. *Advoüé.*
An **anſwerer** for another. *Advoüeur*
An **anſwering.** *Reſpondement.*
An **anſwering** for. *Advoëſon, advoiſon, advouäiſon, advouëre.*
Antarticke (pole.) *Antartique.*
An **Ant.** *Fourmi.*
A little **ant.** *Fourmion.*
An **ants** hole, or neaſt, a hillock full of **ants.** *Fourmiere, fourmilliere.*
Anterior. *Anterieur.*
An **antheme.** *Antienne, antiphone.*
A book of **anthemes.** *Antiphonnier.*
The cloſe, or long holding of a note at the end of an **antheme.** *Neume, Neuſme.*
Anthonie *Anthome,* (nom propre.)
S. **Anthonies** fire. *Feu S. Antboine.*
Antichriſt. *Antichriſt.*
To **anticipate.** *Anticiper, preoccuper, prevenir.*
Anticipated. *Anticipé, preoccupé, prevenu.*
An **anticipator.** *Anticipant.*
Anticipation. *Anticipation, preoccupation, prevenement, prevention.*
To **antidate.** *Antidater.*
An **antidate.** *Antidate.*
Antidated. *Antidaté.*
An **antidote.** *Antidote, contrepoiſon.*
Antimonie. *Antimoine, (Minerale.)*
An **antipathie.** *Antipathie. (Contrarieté de diſpoſition naturelle.)*
The **Antipodes.** *Antipodes.*
An **antiquarie.** *Antiquaire.*
To **antiquate.** *Mettre à neant, tourner à neant.*
Antique, or **anticke.** *Antique.*
Antiques, or **anticks.** *Antiquailles.*
An **anticke** image. *Marmouſet, marmoſet.*
Cut with **anticks,** or **anticke** workes. *Taillé à antiques.*
Antiquitie. *Antiquité.*
An **anvill.** *Enclume.*
A little **anvill.** *Enclumeau.*
An **anvill-ſtock.** *Souche d'enclume.*
Anxietie. *Anxieté.*
Any. *Aulcun, aucun.*
At **any** time. *Onc; en tous temps.*
Apace. *Haſtivement, viſtement, viſte, temprement.*
Apaide. *Content.*
Well **apaid.** *Bien content, bien aiſe.*
Apart. *A-part.*
An **ape.** *Singe; Guenon.*
A little **ape.** *Singeot.*
An **apes-faced** wench, or look like an ape. *Singeotte.*
A ſhee **ape.** *Singeſſe.*
A keeper of **apes.** *Singeur.*
Apiſh. *Qui fait œuvre de ſinge.*
An **apiſh** mome. *Singeur.*
Apiſh tricks. *Singeries, mounoye de Singe, badinage, badinerie, minauderies.*
To uſe **apiſh** tricks. *Faire le ſinge, uſer de ſingeries, faire l'œuvre de ſinge, badiner.*
Apiſhneſſe. *Comme* Apiſh tricks.
Apiſhly. *En ſinge, badinement.*
An **Aphoriſme.** *Aphoriſme.*
An **aple.** *Pomme. Voyez* an Apple.
The **Apocalypſe.** *Apocalypſe.*
Th'**Apocripha.** *Apocriphe.*
An **apologie.** *Apologie, defence.*
An **apologue.** *Apologue. Voyez* Affable.
An **Apothegme.** *Apophthegme.*
An **apoplexie.** *Appolexie.*
One that hath an **apoplexie.** *Apoplectique.*
An **apoſtaſie.** *Apoſtaſie.*
An **apoſtate.** *Apoſtat; Maran, Marrane.*
To play the **apoſtate.** *Apoſtaſier, apoſtater, apoſtatizer.*
An **Apoſtle.** *Apoſtre.*
To play the **apoſtle.** *Apoſtolizer.*
Apoſtleſhip. *Apoſtolat.*
Apoſtolicke, or **apoſtolicall.** *Apoſtolique.*
An **apoſtume.** *Apoſtume. Voyez* an Impoſtume.
An **apothicarie.** *Apothicare.*
Of an **Apothicaris, apothicarie-like.** *Apothicairaiſe.*
The **Apothicaries** trade, **Apothicariſhip.** *Apothicairerie.*
An **apothicaries** boxes. *Silenes.*
An **apricoche.** *Abricot, pomme Armeniaque.*
An **apricock-tree.** *Abricotier.*
To **appaire.** *Empirer, diminuër. Voyez* to Impaire.
To **appall.** *Eſmayer, deſcourager, faire ebahir,* ahurir.
Appalled. *Esbahi.*
An **appalment.** *Esbahiſſement.*
An **apparance.** *Apparance, monſtre, comparence, comparution, comparition.*
A plaine **apparance** of a crime. *Flagrance d'un delict.*
Apparant, or **apparent.** *Apparent, manifeſte, evident, conſu de fil blanc, apert, mieux, oculaire.*
To be **apparant.** *Apparoir, apparoiſtre,*
To make **apparant.** *Manifeſter.*
Made **apparant.** *Manifeſté.*
Apparantly, or **apparently.** *Manifeſtement, evidemment, apparamment, oculairement.*
Apparentneſſe. *Evidence.*
Apparell. *Accouſtremens, veſtemens, habilemens, habits.*
A ſuit of **apparell.** *Vn accouſtrement, habit, veſtement, habilement.*
To **apparell.** *Accouſtrer, veſtir, habiller, accoutrer.*
Apparelled. *Accouſtré, accoutré, habillé, veſtu.*
An **apparelling.** *Accouſtrement, accoutrement, veſture.*
An **apparition.** *Apparition, viſion, ſantoſme.*
An **apparitour.** *Appariteur, moniteur.*
To **appeach.** *Accuſer, calenger, calanger, emputer.*
Appeached. *Accuſé, calengé, emputé.*
An **appeacher.** *Emputeur.*
An **appeachment.** *Accuſation, calengement, imputement.*
To **appeale.** *Appeler, appeller.*
Letters of **appeale.** *Apoſtoles.*
An **appeale.** *Appel.*
An **appealant,** or **appealer.** *Appelant.*
An **appealing.** *Appel, appelement, appellation.*
Appealing. *Appelant, appellatoire.*
To **appeare.** *Apparoir, apparoiſtre, comparoiſtre, comparoir.*
It **appeareth.** *Il appert.*

An **appearance**, or **appearing**. *Apparition, apparoiſſance, apparence, comparition, comparence.*
Appeared. *Apparu, comparu.*
A firſt **appearing**, (ſpringing, or riſing.) *Naiſſance.*
Firſt **appearing**. *Naiſſant.*
To **appeaſe**. *Appaiſer, pacifier, addoucir, accoiſer, alentir, aſſopir, calmer, ſereiner, mitiguer.*
Appeaſed. *Appaiſé, accoiſé, pacifié, addouci, alenti, abonnaſſé, aſſopi, mitigué.*
To be **appeaſed**. *S'appaiſer, ſe pacifier.*
Eaſie to be **appeaſed**. *Placable.*
An **appeaſer**. *Pacifieur.*
An **appeaſement**. *Appaiſement, pacification; ou, comme* an appeaſing.
An **appeaſer**. *Appaiſeur, pacificateur, pacifieur.*
Appenſive. *Mitigatif.*
An **appeaſing**. *Appaiſement, pacification, accoiſement, pacifiement, addouciſſement, alentiſſement, aſſopiſſement, mitigation.*
An **appellant**. *Appellant.*
An **appendix**. *Appendice, addition.*
A little **appendix**. *Appendicule.*
To **appertaine**. *Appartenir.*
Appertaining. *Appartenant.*
An **Apricocke**. *Abricot, pomme Armeniaque.*
An **apricocke** tree. *Abricotier.*
Appetencie. *Appetence. Ou comme* Appetite.
Appetite. *Appetit, appetence.*
To have an **appetite**. *Appeter.*
A moſt unſatiable **appetite**. *Appetit de chien.*
Appetitive, or full of **appetite**. *Appetitif.*
To **applaud**. *Applaudir.*
An **applauder**. *Applaudiſſeur.*
An **applauſe**. *Applaudiſſement, applauſement.*
An **apple**. *Pomme.*
An **apple-tree**. *Pommier.*
An **apple**-Iohn. *Pomme de S. Jean.*
The **apple** of love, or golden **apple**. *Albergame, pomme d'or, pomme dorée.*
The raging, or mad **apple**. *Pomme d'amours.*
The thorne **apple**, prickly **apple**, or **apple** of Peru. *Pomm'eſpineuſe, Pomme de Peru, noix meteſle, ou meſbelle.*
The Mandrake **apple**. *Pomme de chien, Pomme terreſtre.*
Baulme **apple**. *Pomme de merveilles.*
An **apple** yard. *Pommeraye.*
A hoord of **apples**. *Meurole de pommes.*
The **apple** of the eye. *Prunelle.*
To **apply**. *Appliquer, accommoder, adjoindre, ajoindre.*
To **apply** himſelfe unto. *S'appliquer à, s'addonner à, s'accommoder à.*
Applyable. *Accommodable.*
Applyed. *Appliqué, accommodé, addonné, approprié, Ajoint.*
An **applying**, or **application**. *Application, accommodation, appropiement.*
To **appoaſt**. *Apoſter. Voyez* to Suborne.
Appoaſted. *Apoſté.*
To **appoint**. *Appoinctir, aſſigner, ordonner, appointer, appoſer, preſcrire; mander.*
Appointed. *Appoinctié, appointé, aſſigné, ordonné, appoſé, preſcript, preſtitué, mandé.*
Appointed an houre. *Heuré.*
An **appointer**. *Ordonnateur, ordonneur, qui appoincte, ou aſſigne.*
An **appointing**. *Apoinctement, appointement, aſſignation.*
An **appointment**. *Aſſignation, aſſignat, ordonnance, preſcription, juſſion, mandement.*
To **apportion**, or give a portion. *Apportionner, loüir.*
To **appoſe**. *Examiner, eſprouver, queſtionner.*
Appoſed. *Examiné, eſprouvé, queſtionné.*
An **appoſer**. *Queſtionneur.*
An **appoſing**. *Examination, eſpreuve, tentative, preuve.*
An **appoſition**. *Appoſition.*
To **appoſt**. *Appoſter. Voyez* to ſuborne.
Appoſted. *Appoſté.*
To **apprehend**. *Apprehendre, concevoir, comprendre.*
To **apprehend**, or lay hold on. *Empoigner.*
To **apprehend** a malefactor. *Prendre au corps, ſaiſir au corps, calenger.*
Apprehended. *Apprehendé, appris, apprins, conceu; auſſi empoigné; pris au corps, calengé.*
An **apprehenſion**. *Apprehenſion, conception, comprehenſion.*
Apprehenſive. *Apprehenſif.*
An **apprentiſe**. *Apprenti.*
An **apprentiſhip**. *Apprentiſſage.*
An **approbation**. *Approbation, applaudiſſement.*
Approbative. *Approbatif.*
To **approch**, or **approach**. *Approcher, accoſter, aborder. S'avoiſiner.*
An **approch**, or **approach**. *Abord, abordée, abordement, abordade, approche.*
Approchable. *Abordable, accoſtable.*
Approched. *Approché, abordé.*
An **approching**. *Approchement.*
To **appropriate**. *Approprier.*
Appropriated. *Approprié.*
An **appropriation**, or **appropriating**. *Appropriance, appropriement.*
To **approve**. *Approuver; accepter, gréer, trouver bon, homologuer.*
Approved. *Approuvé, gréé, trouvé bon; homologué.*
An **approving**, or **approbation**. *Approbation, approuvement, applaudiſſement; applauſement; homologation.*
An **appurtenance**. *Appartenance.*
An **Apricocke**. *Abricot, avant-perſe, Carmaignole.*
An **apricocke** tree. *Abricotier.*
Aprill. *Avril.*
An **apron**. *Devanteau, devantel, devantier.*
Apte. *Apte, adeſtre, adroict, commode; habile.*
Aptable. *Accommodable.*
To **apt**, or make **apt**. *Accommoder, adeſtrer, adjancer, ageancer, agencer; habiliter.*
Apted. *Accommodé, adjancé, ageancé, agencé, approprié.*
Aptly. *Commodement; habilement.*
Aptneſſe, or **aptitude**. *Aptitude.*
An **apting**. *Accommodation, adjancement, agencement, agencement.*
Aquarius. *Verſeau, verſeur deau; Un des douze ſignes du Zodiaque.*
Aquatile. *Aquatil.*
Aquavite. *Eau de vie, Eau ardant, Vin ardant.*
An **Aquedact**. *Aqueduct.*
Aquoſitie. *Aquoſité. Voyez* Wateriſhneſſe.
An **Arabian**. *Arabe.*
After the **Arabian** faſhion. *A l'Arabeſque.*
Gumme **Arabicke**. *Voyez* Gumme.
Arable. *Arable. Voyez* Earable.
Aray. *Voyez Array.*
An **arbiter**, or **arbitrator**. *Arbitre, arbitrateur, mediateur, moyenneur, moyen.*
Arbitrable. *Arbitrable.*
An **arbitrement**. *Arbitrage, mediation.*
Arbitrarie. *Arbitraire.*
To **arbitrate**. *Arbitrer.*
Arbitrated. *Arbitré.*
An **Arbitratrix**. *Mediatrice.*
An **arbitrator**. *Comme* An Arbiter.
Arbitratours. *Perſonnes interpoſées.*
An **arbour**. *Tonnelle, fueillée, fueillade, cabinet, berceau, treillis.*
The **arbute** fruite. *Arbouce, arbouſſe.*
The **arbute** tree. *Arbauſier, arbouſier, arboſier.*
An **Arcenal**. *Arcenal. Magazin, ou lieu où l'on met les armes, artilerie, navires, & munitions, & proviſions de guerre.*
An **Archangell**. *Archange.*
Archangell (an herbe.) *Ortie blanche, Ortie morte.*
An **archbiſhop**. *Archeveſque.*
An **archbiſhopricke**. *Archeveſché.*
An **archdeacon**. *Archediacre, archidiacre.*
An **archdeaconrie**. *Archediaconé.*
An **Archduke**. *Archiduc.*
An **arch**. *Arche, archade, arcade, arc, Voute, voulte, cambreure.*
An **arch** of plankes to breake the force of water. *Moile.*
An **arch**. (or buttreſſe.) *Arch boutant.*
A little **arch**. *Archelette, arceau.*
Arch-wiſe. *En voulte, en arche.*
A building **arch-wiſe**. *Cambreure.*
To **arch**. *Voulter, arquer, arcuër, cambrer.*
Arched. *Arché, voulté, voulſé, voutoyé, arqué, cambre, cambré.*
An **arched**-tree. *Figuier voulté.*
An **archer**. *Archer, archier, ſagittaire.*
A little **archer**. *Archeret.*
Water **archer**. *Sagittaire aquatique, Sagette.*
The **arches** of a bridge. *Les arches d'un pont.*
The **arches**, or Court of **arches**. *La cour des arches, Le principalet plus ancien conſiſtoire de l'Archeveſque de Cauterberi.*
An **Arch-heriticke**. *Hereſiarche, hereſiarque.*
An **arch-prieſt**. *Archeprestre.*
An **Architect**. *Architecte.*
Architective. *Architectonique.*
Architecture. *Architecture.*
An **architrave**. *Aschitrave.*
The **articke** Pole. *Pole Artique.*
Ardent. *Ardant, ardent, fervent. flagrant.*
Ardently. *Ardamment, Ardentement.*
Ardentneſſe, or **ardency**. *Comme* Ardour.
Ardour. *Ardeur, ſerveur.*
Argent (in blazon.) *Argent. Voyez* Silver.
Argentine, or ſilverie. *Argentine.*
Argentine, or ſilver thiſtle. *Chardon argentin.*
To **argue**. *Arguër, diſputer.*
Argued. *Argué, diſputé.*

An **arguer**. *Argueur.*
An **arguing**. *Disputation.*
An **argument**. *Argument; motif.*
Aries. *Le Belier, le mouton; un des douze Signes celestes.*
To **arise**. *Se lever.*
Arisen. *Levé.*
An **arising**. *Levement.*
An **aristocratie**. *Aristocratie, Gouvernement de la Noblesse.*
Aristocraticall. *Aristocratique.*
Aristocratically. *Aristocratiquement.*
Arithmetick. *Arithmetique, Algorisme.*
An **arithmetician** *Arithmeticien.*
To **arive**. *Voyez* to Arrive.
An **arke**. *Arche.*
Noah's **arke**. *L'Arche de Noë.*
An **arme**. *Bras.*
The **arme** of a Vine. *Avantin.*
The whole **arme**, with the hand. *Grand bras, la grande main.*
The upper part of the **arme**. *Le petit bras.*
The lower part of the **arme**. *Avant bras.*
Arme in **arme**. *Bras à bras.*
Of, or belonging to an **arme**. *Brachial, brachieux.*
By ſtrength of the **arme**. *Brachialement.*
Armour for the **arms**. *Braçats, braſſal. Voyez* A vambrace.
An **arme-full**. *Braſſe, braſsée, embraſsée.*
The **arme-pit**, or **arme-hole**. *Aiſſelle, aiſle.*
Of, or belonging to, the **arme-hole**. *Aixillaire, Aiſtellaire.*
To **arme**. *Armer.*
To arme at all poinct. *Addouber.*
Armes, or weapons. *Armes.*
Armes, a Cognizance. *Armes, armoiries.*
Deeds of **armes**. *Faits d'armes.*
A man of **armes**. *Homme d'armes, gendarme.*
By force of **armes**. *A main armée.*
Armed. *Armé.*
An **armer**, or furniſher of armour. *Armateur.*
An **armie**, or **army**. *Armée, exercite, oſt, hoſt.*
An **arming** *Armement.*
An **arming** ſword. *Eſpée d'armes, eſpée de chevalier, eſtoc d'armes*
An **arming** gantlet. *Braſſelet.*
Armonick. *Voyez* Gumme.
An **Armorer**. *Armorier, Heaumier.*
An **armorers** ſhop, or warehouſe. *Heaumerie.*
An **armorie**. *Armoirie, armeurerie, arcenal.*
Armour. *Armure, armeure, armes.*
A coat-**armour**. *Cotte-d'armes.*
The pieces of **armour**, which cover the armes, thighes and legs. *Hoguins.*
Aromaticall. *Aromatique.*
To **aromatize**. *Aromatizer.*
Aromatized. *Aromatizé.*
Aron herbe. *Iarrus, pied de veau.*
An **arquebuze**, an **arquebuſier**. *Voyez* an Harguebuſe, an Harguebuſier.
Arrale. *Voyez* Array.
To **arraigne**. *Faire le procés à un criminel.*
An **arraignment**. *Le procez fait à un criminel.*
An **arrand**. *Meſſage. Voyez* an Errand.
Arrant. *comme* An arrant whore, *une ſorte putain.*
Arras. *Drap d'Arras.*
Array. *Arroy, habillement, veſtement.*
To **array**. *Habiller, veſtir.*
Out of **array**. *En deſarroy, à la deshandée.*
Arrayed. *Arrayé, habillé, veſtu.*
An **arrerage**. *Arrierage, reliqua.*
One thats in **arrerage**. *Reliquataire, reliquateur.*
To **arreſt**. *Arreſter, prendre au corps, mettre la main ſur le collet de, calenger.*
An **arreſt**. *Arreſt, capture, adjournement perſonel; calenge, maque.*
Arreſted. *Arreſté, prins au corps, prins priſonier, Calengé.*
An **arreſting**. *Arreſtement, capture, prinſe au corps.*
An **arriball**. *Arrivée, abord, abordée, abordade.*
At the **arriball**. *D'abbordée.*
To **arrive**. *Arriver, aborder.*
Arrived. *Arrivé, abordé, accueilli.*
An **arriving**. *Arrivement, abordement, advenement, ou, comme* an Arrivall.
Arrogancie. *Arrogance, preſomption.* ¶ Nicot. *Fierté, haulſage, hauſſage, hautaineté, haultaineté.*
Arrogant. *Arrogant, fier, preſomptueux, haulſaire, hautain, haultain.*
Arrogantly. *Arrogamment, fierement, hautainement, haultainement.*
Somewhat **arrogant**. *Fieret.*
Somewhat **arrogantly**. *Fierettement.*
To **arrogate**. *S'arroger, s'attribuer, s'approprier, preſumer de ſoy.*
An **arrow**. *Fleche, fleſche, ſagette.*
A broad **arrow**, or forked-headed **arrow**. *Rallion.*
An **arrow** head. *Fer de fleche, virolet.*
A wound with an **arrow**. *Fleſchade.*
Shot, or pierced with an **arrow**. *Sagetté.*
To ſhoot or pierce with **arrowes**. *Sagetter.*
The **arſe**. *Le cul, poitron, panier à veſſes.*
A little **arſe**. *Culot.*
A great and full **arſe**. *Culaſſe, Culace.*
To give one an **arſe-poſſe**. *Baſculer.*
That hath an **arſe-poſſe**, or fall on his **arſe**. *Culaſſé.*
The **arſe-gut**. *Boyau culier; Henry.*
Bald **arſed**. *Cul pelé.*
An **arſenal**. *Voyez* an Arcenall.
Arſenicke. *Arſenic.*
Arſiverſe. *A revers, à rebours.*
Arſiſmart. *Cul-rage.* (herbe.)
The **arſon** of a ſaddle. *Voyez* Saddle-bow.
Arte. *Art.*
An **Arteric**. *Artere.*
The great, or mother **arteric**. *Artere aorte, artere grande.*
The veinie **arteric**. *Artere veneuſe.*
The arme-hole **arteric**. *Artere axillaire.*
The **arteric** of the neck. *Artere cervicale.*
The thigh **arteric**. *Artere crurale.*
The cubitall **arteric**. *Artere cubitale.*
The twin **arteries**. *Arteres gemelieres.*
The lliacke **arteric**. *Artere Iliaque.*
The loine **arteries**. *Arteres lumbaires.*
The pap-**arteric**. *Artere mamillaire.*
The kidney **arteric**. *Artere renale.*
The ſpermaticke **arteric**. *Artere ſpermatique.*
The ſpleene **arteric**. *Artere ſplenitique.*
The **arteric** of the temples. *Artere temporelle.*
The breaſt **arteries**. *Artere thorachique.*
Of, or belonging to, the **arteries**. *arterial.*
Full of **arteries**. *Arterieux.*
An inciſion of the **arteries**. *Arteriotomie.*
An **Artichoke**. *Artichault, artichau, artichaud, artichaut, Carchiophe.*
An **article**. *Article.*
An **article** of agreement. *Capitulation.*
To **articulate**. *Articuler; capituler.*
Articulated. *Articulé; capitulé.*
An **artificer**. *Artiſan, manouvrier.*
Artificers. *Gens de meſtier.*
Artificiall. *Artificiel, artificieux, magiſtral.*
To make **artificiall**, or an Art of. *Artiſaliſer.*
Artificially. *Artificiellement, artiſtement, magiſtralement.*
To forge, or worke **artificially**. *Artiſer.*
Artificialneſſe. *Maiſtriſe.*
Artillerie. *Artillerie.*
To furniſh with **artillerie**. *Artiller.*
An **artiſan**. *Artiſan.*
An **artiſt**. *Artien, artiſte.*
As. *Comme, Que, auſſi, ainſi.*
As well as you. *Auſſi bien que vous.*
As it were. *Quaſi, ainſi, comme ſi.*
As for. *Quant à.*
As touching, **as** concerning. *Touchant.*
To aſcend. *Monter, monter en haut.*
Aſcendable. *Montable.*
An aſcendant. *Aſcendant.*
Aſcended. *Monté.*
An **aſcending**, or **aſcenſion**. *Aſcenſion, montée.*
Aſcending. *Montant.*
Aſcenſion-day. *L'Aſcenſion.*
An **aſcent** *Montee.*
To **aſcertaine**. *Acertener, affirmer.*
Aſcertained. *Acertené, affirmé.*
An **aſcertainer**. *Affirmateur.*
An **aſcertayning** *Acertenement, acertement, affirmation.*
To **aſcribe**. *Attribuer, imputer, adſcrire.*
Aſcribed. *Adſcrit.*
Aſhamed. *Honteux; penteux, penaillé.*
To be **aſhamed**. *Se hontir, ſe honteyer, avoir honte, eſtre honteux.*
To make **aſhamed**. *Abonnir, vergongner.*
Made **aſhamed**. *Abonti.*
An **aſhaming**. *Hontiſſement.*
An **aſh** tree. *Freſne.*
Aſhen keyes. *Langue d'oiſeau.*
Aſhes. *Cendres.*
A grove, tuft, or wood of **aſh** trees. *Freſney, frenaye.*
Aſhen, of **aſh**. *Freſnier, freſnin.*
Aſhes made of burnt lees of wine. *Cendres gravelées.*
A maker or ſeller of **aſhes**, or a place to keepe them in. *Cendrier.*
To burne to **aſhes**. *Cendreyer.*
Bucke **aſhes** (to make lie of.) *La Charée.*
Burnt to **aſhes**. *Cendreyé.*
Aſhie, full of **aſhes**, pale as **aſhes**. *Cendreux.*
Aſhie mammocks of metall found after melting in a gold-ſmiths forge. *Cendre des orfevres, cendrées & laveures des orfevres.*
Aſhwednesday. *Le jour des cendres.*
Aſide. *Apart; obliquement.*
Aſkaunce. *Comme* Askew.
To **aſke**. *Demander, Queſtionner.*
An **aſker**. *Voyez* a Newte.
To **aſke** after. *Se guemanter.*
Aſked. *Demandé, queſtionné; guementé.*
An **aſker**. *Demandeur, queſtionneur.*
A woman **aſker**. *Demanderesſe.*

Asking. *Demandant.*
An **asking.** *Demande, queſtion, petition, petitoire.*
Askew. *A travers.*
To look **askew.** *Regarder de travers, lorgner.*
Looking **askew** ar. *Lorgnant.*
Asleepe. *Endormi; Gourd.*
To lay, lull, or make **asleep.** *Endormir, aſſopir, aſſoupir.*
To fall **asleep,** *S'endormir.*
Fallen **asleep,** taſt **asleep.** *Endormi, aſſopi.*
A laying, lulling, or making **asleep.** *Endormiſſement, aſſopiſſiment.*
Aslope. *De biais.*
To ſtand, or make **aslope.** *Biaiſer.*
Asparagus. *Voyez* Sparage.
An aſpe, or **aspen** tree. *Tremble, Nieſpe.*
An **Aspe.** *Aſpic.*
A grove of **aspes,** or **aspen** trees. *Tremblay.*
An **aspect** *Aſpect; Caire, care, veuë, viaire.*
An **aspersion.** *Imputement, Note.*
Asperitie. *Aſprité, Voyez* Sharpneſſe.
To caſt an **aspersion on.** *Emputer.*
An **Asphodill.** *Aſphodile, aſphodille, aphodille.*
An **aspick** (ſerpent.) *Aſpic, Ou comme* an Aſpe
An **aspiration.** *Aſpiration.*
To **aspire** *Aſpirer.*
To **aspire** ambitiouſly. *Aſpirer ambitieuſement.*
An **aspiring.** *Ambition.*
Asquint. *Comme* to look aſquint. *Louſche, Eſtre bigle. Voyez* Squint.
To **assay.** *Eſſayer, eſprouver, prouver.*
An **assay** *Eſſay, preuve, avant-jeu.*
Assayed. *Eſſayé, eſprouvé.*
An **assayer.** *Eſſayeur.*
An **assaying** *Eſpreuve.*
To **assaile,** or **assault.** *Aſſaillir, attaquer, aggreſſer, affronter.*
Assailed, assaulted. *Aſſailli, attaqué, aggreſſé, agreſſé, affronté.*
An **assailer, assaulter,** or **assailant.** *Aſſaillant, aggreſſeur, agreſſeur.*
An **assault.** *Aſſault, attaque, aggreſſion, affront, ſupercherie.*
An **assaulting.** *Aggreſſement, affrontement.*
An **asse.** *Aſne; Badault, gruë; ſot, Iobelin.*
An **asse** in graine. *Fol à la haulte game.*
A hee **asse.** *Aſneſſe. Saume.*
A wild **asse.** *Aſne ſauvage, onagre.*
Of a wild **asse.** *Onagrier.*
A young **asse,** or **asse-colt.** *Aſnon, aſnichon.*
Of or belonging to an **asse,** aſſe-like. *Aſnin, aſnique.*
An **asse-driver,** or dreſſer. *Aſnier.*
An **asse,** or **asse-head.** *Aſne, gros aſnier, teſte d'aſne, ſot, godelureau, badault, badelori, belmus.*
To ride upon an **asse.** *Aſnier.*
To ſole an **asse.** *Aſnonner.*
An **Asse-load.** *Aſnée.*
A boaſting **asse.** *Pretingant.*
To play the **asse.** *Faire l'aſne.*
An **asse-like** pranke, an **asse-trick.** *Aſnerie.*
Assafetida. *Aſſefetide.*
To **assemble.** *Aſſembler, congreger, amaſſer.*
Assembled. *Aſſemblé, congregé, amaſſé.*
An **assembling.** *Aſſemblage.*
An **assembly** *Aſſemblée, congregation, congrez, congreſſion.*
A haſtie **assembly** of much people together. *Accourrement, accours.*
To **assent** unto. *Conſentir;* homologuer.
An **assent.** *Conſentiment, agreation.*
Assentation. *Aſſentation.*
Assented to. *Conſenti,* homologué.
An **assertion.** *Aſſertion, affirmation.*
An **asseveration.** *Affirmation. Ou comme* an Aſſertion.
To **asselle.** *Tauxer, taxer, cottiſer.*
Asselled. *Aſſis, tauxé, cottiſer.*
An **asselment.** *Taux, tauxe, tauxation, aſſis, taxe; taxation, cottiſation, impoſition.*
An **asseller.** *Tauxeur.*
Assiduitie. *Aſſiduité.*
To **assiege** *Aſſieger. Voyez* to Beſiege.
An **assignation.** *Aſſignat, aſſignation.*
To **assigne.** *Aſſigner.*
Assigned *Aſſigné.*
Land **assigned** for a womans jointure, or dower. *Aſſignat, aſſignat de reute.*
An **assignement.** *Comme* an Aſſignation.
An **assise,** or **assises.** *Aſſiſe, aſſiſes, aſſize.*
To **assise** meaſures. *Eſtalonner, eſtallonner, eſtaloner.*
Assised (as meaſures.) *Eſtallonné, eſtalonné,*
The **assising** of meaſures. *Eſtallonnement, eſtallonnage.*
To **assist.** *Aſſiſter, aider, ſecourir; accommoder, faire eſpaule à; miniſtrer, ſubvenir.*
Assistance. *Aſſiſtance, aide, ſecours; maintenance, maintenuë, maintention.*
An **assistant.** *Aſſiſtant, aidant, miniſtre, miniſtreau.*
Assisted. *Aſſiſté, aidé, ſecourru; miniſtré.*
Associable. *Aſſociable, accompagnable.*
To **associate.** *Aſſocier, accompagner, adjoindre.*
To **associate** himſelfe. *S'aſſocier.*
An **associate** *Compagnon, adſomit.*
Associated. *Aſſocié, accompagné.*
An **association,** or **associating.** *Aſſociation, accompagnement, adjonction.*
To **assoile.** *Abſoudre.*
Assoiled. *Abſouls.*
An **assoiling.** *Abſolution, abſolte, abſoute.*
To **assort.** *Aſſortir. Voyez* to Suite.
Assorted. *Aſſorti.*
An **assorting.** *Aſſortiſſement, aſſortiment.*
To **assubject.** *Aſſoubjectir. Voyez* to make ſubject.
To **assume.** *S'attribuër, prendre ſur ſoy, prendre à ſoy.*
An **assumpsit** *Promeſſe, qu'on fait, & entrepreud de tenir, ſous certaine condition de peine, s'il y fault.*
An **assumption.** *Aſſumption.*
An **assurance** *Aſſeurance, foy, aſſeureté.*
To **assure** *Aſſeurer, fermenter, affier, accertener, affirmir, affermer; fortifier; lever le mention à.*
Assured. *Aſſeuré, affirmé, affermi, fermé, affié, fermenté, acertené; fortifié.*
Assuredly. *Aſſeurément, fermément, fort & ferme.*
Assuredneſſe. *Fermeté, fermeſſe.*
An **assuring.** *Affiement.*
To **asswage,** or **assuage.** *Aſſouager, accoiſſer, addoucir, addoulcir, mitiguer, aſſopir.*
Asswaged, or **assuaged.** *Accoiſé, addouci, addoulci, mitigué, aſſopi.*
An **asswaging,** or **assuaging.** *Mitigation, accoiſement, addouciſſement, addoulciſſement, aſſopiſſement.*
To **Astonish.** *Eſtonner, eſtourdir, abaurir, faire esbahir, eſtourdir.*
Astonished, or **astonied.** *Eſtonné, eſtourdi, esbahi, gourd, gourdi.*
To be **astonished,** or **astonied.** *S'esbahir, s'eſtourdir, ſe gourdir.*
An **Astonishment.** *Eſtonnement, eſtourdiſſement, esbahiſſement, eſtourdement; baſſeſſes.*
Astrade. *A chevauchons, à calfourchons, à calliſourchons.*
Astray, or gone **astray.** *Fourvoyé, eſgaré, adiré.*
To goe **astray.** *Fourvoyer, s'eſgarer, adirer, forvoyer.*
A going **astray.** *Fourvoyement, eſgarement.*
Astriction. *Aſtriction.* ¶ Minſh.
Astrictive, or **astringent.** *Aſtringeant, aſtrictif.*
Astride (as on a horſe.) *Voyez* Aſtradle.
An **Astrolabe.** *Aſtrolabe, aſtrelabe.*
An haſie **astrolabe.** *Meſolabe.*
An **Astrologer.** *Aſtrologue, aſtrologien.*
Astrologie. *Aſtrologie.*
An **astronomer.** *Aſtronome, Aſtronomien.*
Astute. *Aſtut. Voyez* Craftie.
Asunder, *A part, en deux.*
To cut **asunder.** *Couper en deux.*
To put **asunder.** *Separer.*
Aswash. *De guinguois.*
Aswell *Auſſi bien, tant.*
At. *A.*
At the. *Au, à la, à l'.*
To **atchieve.** *Achever, accomplir, effectuër, gaigner, obtenir.*
Atchieved. *Achevé, accompli, effectué, gaigné, obtenu.*
An **atchiever.** *Accompliſſeur.*
Great **atchievement.** *Magnificence.*
An **atchieving.** *Achevement, accompliſſement, obtenement.*
Atheiſme. *Atheiſme, atheiſterie, irreligieuſeté.*
An **Atheiſt.** *Atheiſte, Athée.*
Atrocitie. *Atrocité.*
To **attach.** *Prendre au corps, auſſi, ſaiſir des bien.*
An **attachment.** *Priſe de corps & de biens.*
An **attainder.** *Conviction d'aut crime; & eſt quand dulcun eſt vne fois convaincu.*
To **attaine** unto. *Attaindre; gaigner, acconſuivre, parvenir, obtenir.*
Attained unto. *Obtenu, attaint, attainct.*
An **attaining** unto. *Obtenement.*
To **attaint.** *Attaindre.*
Attainted. *Attaint, attainct; corrompu, gaſté.*
To **attempt.** *Tenter, attenter, eſſayer, commencer, entreprendre.*
An **attempt.** *Attentat, entreprinſe, eſſay, molition.*
Attempted. *Tenté, attenté, eſſayé, entreprins.*
An **attempter.** *Tenteur, entrepreneur, eſſayeur.*
Attempting. *Entreprenant, eſſayant.*
An **attempting** *Eſſayement, tentement.*

To **attend**, wait, or tarry. *Attendre, schoumer.*
To **attend** vnto. *Adviser à, aviser à.*
To **attend** upon. *Servir.*
Attendance. *Attente.*
To make dance **attendance.** *Faire musser.*
Attendance upon. *Service.*
An **attendant.** *Attendant, qui sers à quelqu'un ; serviteur, ou servante ; habitué.*
A great mans **attendants.** *Gens attirail.*
An **attending.** *Attente. Ou comme* Attendance.
Attention. *Attention.*
Attentive. *Attentif.*
Attentiveneſſe. *Comme* Attention.
Attentively. *Attentivement.*
Attenuation. *Attenuation.*
An **atteſtation.** *Atteſtation.*
To **atteſt.** *Atteſter.*
Atteſted. *Atteſté.*
To **attire.** *Attourner, atorner, accouſtrer, affubler, habiller, veſtir.*
Attire. *Habillement, veſtement.*
Attired. *Attouré, attourné, accouſtré, affubé, habillé, veſtu.*
Attired (in Blazon.) *Accorné.*
An **attirer.** *Attourneur.*
An **attire-woman,** or waiting woman that attireth her Miſtreſſe. *Attourneresse, damoiſelle d'attour.*
An **attiring.** *Attournement, accouſtrement, veſture.*
To **attone,** or make **attonement.** *Reconcilier, accorder, Reünir.*
Attoned. *Reconcilié, Reüni, accordé.*
Attonement. *Reconciliation, Reünion, accordement, union.*
To **attract.** *Attraire, attirer.*
Attracted. *Attraict, attiré.*
Attraction. *Attraction, attraict.*
An **Attracting.** *Attraiement, attirement, attrayement.*
Attractive. *Attractif, attraict.*
Attractively. *Attrayamment.*
To **attrap.** *Attraper. Voyez* to Intrap.
To **attribute.** *Attribuer, adscrire.*
To **attribute** to himſelfe. *S'attribuer.*
Attributed. *Attribué, adscrit.*
Attributive. *Attributif.*
An **atturnement.** *Attournement ; quand le tenant ſe ſouſmet à vn nouveau ſeigneur.*
An **atturney.** *Procureur, Attourné.*
A treacherous **atturney.** *Prevaricateur.*
A letter of **atturney.** *Lettre d'acquieſcement, Attournée, procuration, Lettre de procuration.*
To appoint an **atturney,** or give a Letter of Atturney to. *Paſſer procuration.*
Atturney-ſhip. *Attournance, procuration.*
To **availe.** *Profiter, prouſiter, gaigner.*
It **availeth** much. *Il prouſite beaucoup, il importe beaucoup.*
It **availeth** *little. Il prouſite peu.*
Available. *Prouſitable, gaignable.*
To **avance.** *Voyez* to Advance.
Avaunt, or **avaunt.** *Devant, hors d'ici, vat'en, oſte-toy, vie ſouët & avant, avant gille.*
An **avant mure.** *Avant-mur.*
The **avant-peach** *Avant-peſche.*
Avarice. *Avarice, convoitiſe.*
Avaritious. *Avare, avaritieux.*
Avariciouſly. *Avarement, avaritieuſement.*
Audacitie. *Audace, hardieſſe.*
A gracefull **audacitie.** *Maintien contenance.*
Audacious. *Audacieux, hardi.*
Audaciouſly. *Audacieuſement.*
An **audience.** *Audience, auditoire.*
A giver of **audience.** *Audiencier.*
An **auditorie.** *Auditoire.*
An **Auditor.** *Auditeur. Auſſi, Officier du Roy, ou de quelque grand Prince, qui annuellement examine les comptes des Financiers.*
Auditive. *Auditif.*
To **Avenge.** *Venger.*
Avenged. *Vengé.*
An **avenger.** *Vengeur.*
An **avengereſſe.** *Vengereſſe.*
Herbe **avens.** *Benoiſte, benoitte, gariophyllate.*
Average. *Droict de voicture, ou chariage, que le vaſſal, ou tenant doit à ſon Seigneur.*
Averie. *Lieu ou l'on garde la provende & fourrage des chevaux du Roy.*
To **averre.** *Averer, verifier, affirmer.*
Averred. *Averé, adveré.*
An **averment,** *Verification, averrement.*
To **avert** from. *Deſtourner.*
An **augar.** *Tariere, taraire, tavault, tarelle, tarelet, teriere.*
To **augment.** *Augmenter, accroitre, accroiſtre, adjouſter, aggrandir, multiplier.*
Augmentation. *Augmentation, accroiſſance, accroiſt, additament, addition, aggrandiſſement ; Multiplication.*
Augmentative. *Augmentatif.*
Augmented. *Augmenté, accreu, adjouſté, aggrandi ; Multiplié.*
An **augmentor.** *Augmentateur, aggrandiſſeur.*
An **Augmenting.** *Augmentation, accroiſſement, adjouſtement, aggrandiſſement ; Multipliement.*
The fruits of **Auguſt.** *Auſterous, Aouſterous.*
Auguſt. *Aouſt.*
Auk-ward. *Mal adroict.*
An **Awle.** *Aleſne.*
An **Awmbrey.** *Armoire, gardemanger. Voyez* an Ambrey.
Auncetrous. *Anceſtres. Voyez* Anceſtors.
Auncient. *Ancien. Voyez* Ancient.
An **aunte.** *Tante.*
To **avaide.** *Eviter ; mettre à neant.*
To **avoide,** or empty forth. *Vuider. Voyez* to Voide.
Avoided. *Evité.*
An **Avoiding.** *Evitement, evitation.*
Avoir de pois. *Vn eſpece de poids, dont ſeize onces ſont le livre, & 112 livres la centaine.*
To **avouch.** *Avoüer, advoüer.*
Avouchable. *Affirmable.*
Avouched. *Avoüé, advoüé, affirmé.*
An **avoucher.** *Advoüateur, affirmateur.*
An **avouching,** or **avouchment.** *Advou, Advoüaiſon.*
To **avow.** *Affirmer, habilitr ; on comme* to Avouch.
Avowed. *Affirmé ; habilité.*
An **avower.** *Affirmateur.*
Auricular. *Auriculaire.*
Auricular confeſſion. *Confeſſion auriculaire.*
The **auricular** veine. *Veine auriculaire.*
The **Auſten** Friers. *Les Auguſtins.*
Auſtere. *Auſtere, feroce, grave, rebarbatif, rude.*
Auſterely. *Auſterement, gravement.*
Auſterenesse, or **auſterity.** *Auſterité, ſeroſité, gravité, rudeſſe.*
Authenticks, authentical. *Authentique, autentique, canonique.*
To make **authentick.** *Authentiquer.*
Made **authentick,** or **authenticall.** *Authentiqué.*
An **Authour.** *Autheur, Auƈteur.*
Authority. *Auctorité, magiſtere, magiſtrature, maiſtriſe.*
To degrade, or deprive of **authority.** *Exautborer.*
To **authorize.** *Authoriſer, auctoriſer, advoüer, authentiquer.*
Authorized. *Authoriſé, auctoriſé, authentiqué.*
An **authorizing,** or **authorization.** *Authoriſation, auctoriſation.*
Autumne. *Automne, Autumne.*
Belonging to **autumne.** *Automnel, automnal.*
Awaie. *Comme* away.
Awake, or **awaked.** *Eſveillé, adveillé.*
To be **awake.** *Eſtre eſveillé, ne dormir point.*
To **awake.** *Eſveiller, esbaudir.*
Awaked. *Eſveille.*
An **awaker.** *Eſveilleur.*
To **award.** *Donner ſentence, comme arbitre.*
An **award.** *Sentence donnée par vn arbitre.*
To **award,** or ward of a blow. *Parer à vn coup.*
Aware. *Advisé, accort.*
To be **aware** of. *Se donner garde, preveoir, garer.*
Aware. *Guare, donnez vous garde.*
Away begone. *Va t'en, arriere d'ici. Voyez* Avant.
Away with this. *Oſtez ceci.*
To run, goe, or ſlip **away.** *S'enfuir, faire gille.*
To give **away.** *Donner. Voyez* to give.
Awe. *Crainte.*
To ſtand in **awe.** *Craindre.*
To **awe,** or keep in **awe.** *Se faire craindre ; Tenir en cervelle, tenir en gourmette.*
Awkward. *Mal-adroict.*
An **awle.** *Aleſne, Lance de S. Creſpin.*
Awry. *Tors, tortu, Gauche, oblique, de biboy, de guinguois.*
To turne, or ſet **awry.** *Biboyſer.*
To ſtep, or goe **awry.** *Faux marcher.*
To look **awry.** *Regarder à trauers.*
To caſt or ſhoot **awry.** *Forchaſſer.*
Bent or turned **awry.** *Gauchi.*
Looking **awry.** *Forregardant.*
An **Axe.** *Hache, achon.*
A Coopers **axe.** *Voyez* an Addice.
A little **axe.** *Hachette, hacheron.*
A little plaining **axe.** *Aiſcette.*
A broad chipping **axe.** *Doloire.*
A battle-**Axe.** *Hache d'armes.*
An **Axe** for an Executioner. *Mannaiſau.*
A chip. **Axe.** *Aiſseau.*

Aritch, Arled, Arwort. *Grave, Cornuëtte.*
An **Arittre**, or **Arietre.** *Essieu, Aisseau, Aisseul, Aissieu.*
The **Arig**, or diameter of a sphere. *Diametre, l'essieu.*
An **Arisome.** *Axiome.*
Ayde. *Aide.* *Voyez* Aide.
To **ayde.** *Aider.* *Voyez* to Aide.
Ay, Aymes. *(Voix de douleur) Ah, ahi, Aachee, heuy.*
For **Ay.** *Pour tousiours, à jamais.*
Ay-green. *Sempervive, joubarbe.*
Ayred. *Aeré.*
An **Ayrie** of Hawkes, *Aire.*
Azure colour. *Azur, asur, couleur d'azur, ou azurine.*
To **Azure**, make, or paint **azure.** *Azurer.*
Azured. *Azuré:*
Azurie, azure like. *Azurin.*
An **azure** stone. *Pierre d'azur.*

B

Babble. *Babil, baverie, bavasse, babillerie, caquet.*
To **babble.** *Babiller, bavasser, causer, Cageoler, cajoler, causer.*
A **Babbler.** *Babillard, causeur, baboueur, cageoleur, caquetard, caqueteur.*
Babbling. *Babillerie, babil, garrulité, cajollerie, caquet, caquettement, causerie.*
A **Babbling** housewife. *Babillarde, caqueteuse, caquetiere, causeresse, causeuse.*
Babbling prayers. *Gaudées.*
A **Babbling** place, (where gossips meet.) *Caquetoire.*
A **Babe.** *Enfançon, enfantelet, poupart, poupon.*
A **Babie** *Poupon, poupée, poupette.*
To play the **Babie.** *Faire l'enfant.*
A tooles **bable.** *Marotte, mammelue, mamelue.*
Frivolous **bables.** Nigeries, *bagatelles.*
Bables. *Babioles, miretifiques.*
A bable (or trifle.) *Niquet.*
A **Babone.** *Babouin, babion, baboin, Magot.*
To play the **babons.** *Babouiner.*
Babonizing. *Babouinerie.*
Bace, the play at **base.** *Barres.*
Bacchanals, or feasts of Bachus. *Bacchanales, bacchanalteries.*
A **Bachelour**, or **Bacheler.** Bachelier, *preau.*
A **bacheler** of Arts. *Bachelier és arts.*
A **bachelor** Knight. *Chevalier, bachelier.*
Bachelers button. *Bacilles doubles, bassinets.*
Bachelership. *Bachelage, bachelerie, celibat.*
To **backbite.** *Detracter, diffamer.*
A **backbiter.** *Detracteur, obtrectateur.*
A **backbiting.** *Detraction, obtrectation, diffamation.*
The **backe.** *Dos.*
The **back-parts.** *Dos, derriere, arriere.*
To **back.** *Faire espaule à, faire barriere à, maintenir.*
Set **back** to **back.** *Addossé, (& en blason) adossé.*
To cast **back.** *Jetter arriere.*
To give **back** againe. *Redonner.*
To goe **backe.** *Reculer, aller à reculons.*
To keepe **backe.** *Retenir, detenir, arrester.*
To put, or beat **back.** *Repoulser.*
To give, put, or draw **back.** *Reculer.*
A **back-ditch.** *Arriere-fossé.*
An iron **back** of a chimney. *Contrefeu.*
The **back** bone, or chine of the **backe.** *L'eschine, ou l'espine du dos.*
A **Back-chamber.** *Arriere-chambre.*
A **back-corner.** *Arriere-coin.*
A **back-doze.** *Porte de derriere.*
A **backside** or **backe** yard. *Arriere-court.*
On the **backside.** *Derriere.*
A **back-shop.** *Arriere-boutique.*
Back-stitch. *Arriere-poinct.*
To **back-stitch.** *Arriere-poinctier.*
Back-stitched. *Arriere-poinctié.*
To break the **back.** *Esfrener.*
Broken-**backed.** *Esfrené.*
To be **backward** in duty. *Cabrer sur le devoir.*
A blow with the **back** of the hand. *Arriere-main.*
Exceedingly **backward.** *Tresarriere.*
To go **backwards.** *Arrierer.*
A short and broad **backsword.** *Badelaire.*
Cast **back.** *Rejetté, rejetté.*
A casting **back.** *Rejettement.*
A setting **back** to **back.** *Adossement.*
A going or giving **back.** *Reculalle, reculement, reculée, recul.*
A keeping **back.** *Arrestement.*
A putting, or beating **back.** *Repoulsement.*
A going **backward.** *Reculade, reculée.*
A giving **back.** *Recul, reculement, à reculons.*
Backed. *Adossé; (aussi) Maintenu.*
A **Backing.** *Adossement.*
Bacon. *Bacon, du lard.*
A flitch of **bacon.** *Fliche de lard.*
A gammon of **bacon.** *Iambon.*
A seller of **bacon**, or of gammons. *Jambonnier.*
Bad. *Mauvais, mal, mau; meschant, vilain, vicieux.*
A **bad** act. *Meschanceté.*
Badly. *Mal, mauvaisement.*
Badnesse. *Mauvaistié*
A **Badge**, or Cognizance. *Cognoissance; Marqeu.*
Bearing the **badge** of. *Marqué.*
A **Badger.** *Blaireau, taisson, taussan, tesson, Bedoue, Grisard, Blereau.*
A young **Badger.** *Bedouau, bedoual.*
A **Badger.** *Celuy qui porte, ou voiture le bled de lieu en lieu, pour le vendre.*
A young **Badger.** *Bedoüau.*
To **Baffle.** *Bassoüer, vilainer, vilener; viedazer le nez à.*
Baffled. *Bassoué, basoué, vilené.*
Baggage. *Bagage, bernage; hardes, hardage, le cariage.*
A carrier of **baggage.** *Begagier.*
Loaden with necessary **baggage.** *Hardé, hardeux.*
A **baggage.** *Bagasse.*
With **bag**, and **baggage.** *Bagues sauves.*
A **Bagge.** *Sac, Gibbecière, besace.*
A little linnen **bagge** hard tied up. *Noüet.*
A little **bagge.** *Saccoche, follicule.*
The **bagge-bearer.** *Besacier.*
A **Bag-pipe.** *Cornemuse, Pibole, Louve, Sampogne, musette, veze.* ¶ Poictevin.
A **Bage-piper.** *Cornemuseur, Pibolleur, Vezeur.*
A long **bagge**, or Hypocras-**bagge.** *Manche.*
A **bagge** purse, or **bagge** pouch. *Gibbecière.*
A little **Bagge-pipe.** *Louvette.* ¶ Poictevin.
The **bagge** containing the stones of an Oxe. *Franche mule d'un beuf.*
A **bagge** of money. *Mascbaut.*
A **Baie.** *Voyez* Baye.
Baile. *Caution*, cautionnage, *pleige.*
To **baile.** *Cautionner.*
A **Baile**, or suretie. *Caution, cautionneur.*
Bailed. *Cautionné.*
A **bailing.** *Cautionnage.*
A **Bailife.** *Bailli, Baillif.*
A **Bailife** for husbandry. *Metais, mutayer, fermier.*
Belonging to a **Bailife.** *Bailliager.*
The authority, office, or charge of a **Bailife.** *Baillie.*
A **Bailiwicke.** *Bailliage, Baillie.*
A **Baine.** *Bain.* *Voyez* a Bath.
To **baite** (at an Inne.) *Repaistre.*
A **baite** (at an Inne.) *Repas.*
A **Baite** (for fishes.) *Amorce, appast, abec, amoreçure.*
To **baite**, or lay a **baite.** *Apuster, amorcer.*
To **baite** with flesh. *Acharner.*
To baite a Bull or Beare. *Combattre le taureau, ou l'ours avec des chiens.*
Baited. *Amorcé, appasté.*
Baited with flesh. *Acharné.*
A **baiting.** *Amorcement, amorçeure.*
A **baiting** place. *Lieu, où les chiens combattent l'ours, ou le taureau; Aussi, où l'on vse des Amorces appasts; Aussi, l'hostelerie, où l'on se repaist on, colationne, & fait manger son cheval.*
A **bating** with flesh. *Acharnement.*
To **bake.** *Cuire, cuire au four, Boulenger, fournailler, fourmiller, fournoyer.*
Baked. *Cuit, cuict au four, boulengé, fournaille, fournoyé.*
Baked meates. *Pastisserie.*
A **Baker** *Boulengier, Fournier,*
A woman **baker.** *Boulengiere, fournière.*
A pie-**baker.** *Pastissier. Pasticier,*
A pie-**baker's** house, or shop. *Boutique de Pastissier.*
Baker-legged. *Gobier, billardier, billart, gavar, farretier*
A **Bake-house.** *Boulengerie, fourni, boulengiere, fourail.*
A **Baking.** *Boulengerie.*
A baking of pies, and past meates. *Pastissage.*
A **Bal'ade.** *Voyez* a Ballet.
Balast (of a ship.) *Sabure, lestage, lest, leste.*
To **ballast** (a ship.) *Saburer, lestager, lester, une navire.*

Baldfaced. *Leſté, ſabouré.*
Bald *chauve.*
To be **bald.** *Eſtre chauve.*
To wax **bald.** *Chauver, chauvir, chauviſſer.*
Waxing **bald.** *Chauviſſant.*
Baldneſſe. *Chauveté.*
A **Baldrid.** *Coſtelette de porc.*
A **Baleys** rubie. *Ballay.*
A **Balke** (or ridge between two furrowes.) *Seillon terre eſlevée entre deux rayons.*
To **balke,** or make a **balke.** *Seillonner.*
A **balking,** or making **balkes.** *Seillonnement.*
A **Ball.** *Balle, eſteuf, pelotte, bale, paulme.*
A little **ball.** *Balon.*
A tennis **ball.** *Balle, eſteuf, paulme.*
The **ball** of the eye. *Prunelle.*
The **ball** of the eye in blaſon. *Guſes.*
A **ball** of wild fire. *Grenade, migraine de feu.*
A foot-**ball.** *Balon.*
A ſweet **ball.** *Pomme de ſenteurs.*
The boy that ſerves, or ſtops the **ball** at Tennis. *Naquet.*
A waſhing-**ball.** *Pomme de ſavon.*
To ſerve, or ſtop a **ball** at Tennis. *Naqueter, nacqueter.*
A Printers **ball,** Pomber, or beater. *Pompette dont l'imprimeur met de l'encre ſur les lettres compoſées pour les imprimer.*
A **Ballance.** *Balance, trebuchet.*
The **ballance.** *Vn des 12 Signes du Zodiaque appellé Balance.*
To **ballance.** *Balancer.*
Belonging to a **Ballance.** *Balancier, balanceux.*
A **Ballance-maker.** *Balancier.*
The **ballance** of a clock. *Balancier.*
The tongue of a **ballance.** *Voyez* Tongue.
The ſcale of a **ballance.** *Voyez* Scale.
Ballanced. *Balancé.*
A **ballancer.** *Balancetur.*
A **ballet.** *Balade.*
A **ballocke.** *Couillon, couille;*
Ballock-graſſe. *Couillon de chien.* (Herbe.)
Balme, or **Balſamum.** *Baulme, baſme.*
The **balme,** or **balſamum** *tree. Baſmier.*
Balme herbe. *Comme* Baulme.
A **Balcone.** *Balon.*
Balſame, or **balſamum.** *Comme* Balme.
Balſamint. *Voyez* Coſtmarie.
A **band,** or **tying.** *Bande, liaiſon, lien.*
A fagot **band.** *Hardeau, hardelle, bar, viorté, viotte.*
A **band** of ſoldiers. *Bande.*
A **band** (for the neck.) *Collet.*
A falling **band.** *Rabat.*
A ruffe **band.** *Fraize.*
A head **band,** or little **band.** *Bandeau.*
A ſwaddle **band,** or ſwadling **band.** *Bandelette.*
A **Band,** or Obligation. *Voyez* Bond.
A **band** of footmen. *Bande de pietons.*
The **bands** of lead that faſten the panes of a window to the barres. *Liants.*
A **banderoll.** *Banderolle, bannerolle.*
To **bandie.** *Comme* to Bandy.
A **bandogge.** *Maſtin, chien de metairie.*
Bandoleeres. *Bandouillieres.*
Bandon. *Bandon, abandon (eſc. à autruy, pour en vſer.*
A **Bandoze.** *Mandore.*
To **Bandie** (at tennis.) *Bander, prebender en vn tripot.*
To **bandie,** or follow a faction.
Bandyed. *Bandé.*
Bane. *Mal.*
Wolfe-**bane.** *Patte-louvine.*
Banes of Matrimonie. *Les bans, annonces, ou publication de mariage.*
To **bang.** *Batre, baſtonner, fripper, frotter.*
To **bang** (with a hollie wand.) *Houſſiner.*
A **bang.** *Coup.*
A down-right **bang.** *Eſtrameçon.*
Banged. *Baſtonnade, baſtonné.*
A **banging.** *Baſtonnade, baſtonnement.*
Bangle-eared. *Flacque d'oreilles, qui a les oreilles laſches & pendantes.*
To **baniſh.** *Banir, bannir, exiler,* ſor bannir.
Baniſhed *Bani, banni,* ſor banni.
A **baniſhed** man. *Vn banni,* ſor banni.
A **baniſher.** *Banniſſeur.*
A **baniſhing.** *Banniſſement.*
Baniſhment. *Exil, banie, bannie, baniſſement, banniſſement,* ſor banniſſement.
A **banke.** *Aggere, bane.*
A little **banke.** *Bancelle.*
A **banke** to hold backe waters. *Turci.*
The **banke** of a river. *Bord, rive, rivage, barme, barge.*
The **banke** of the ſea. *Bord de mer, falaiſe.*
A **banke,** or **bankers** table. *Banque d'uſurier.*
The raiſing of a **banke,** to hold in or back waters. *Turcie.*
A **Banker.** *Banquier.*
A **banket.** *Banquet, feſton, convi.*
To **banket.** *Banquetter, feſtoyer.*
Full of, or belonging to, **bankets.** *Banqueteux.*
A **banketter.** *Banquetteur, feſtoyant, feſtivant.*
A **banketting.** *Banquetement, banqueterie, banquetterie, feſtoyement.*
Banketting-diſhes. *Voyez* Sweet meates.
A **banketting** houſe. *Caſſine, banquetoir.* ℣ Minſh.
A **bankerupt,** or **bankerout.** *Banquerotier, banquerouttier; Ceſſionnaire, fraiteur.*
A deſperate **bankerout.** *Haut-gourdier.*
To become, or play **bankrupt.** *Faire, eſtre; ou, devenir banqueroutte, ou banquerouttier; ou ceſſionnaire; Faire ceſſion des biens.*
A becomming **bankrupt.** *Banqueroutte; Ceſſion des biens.*
To **banne.** *Mauldire, maugréer, maudire.*
Banned. *Mauldict.*
A **banner.** *Qui mauldict, ou maugrée.*
A **banner.** *Banniere, cenſanon, genſanon.*
A knight **bannoret.** *Chevalier à bamiere; ou, de banniere.*
Banning. *Maudiſſant.*
Banning. *Mauldiſſon, maugréement, malediction, mandiſſon.*
To **banniſh,** a **banquet,** a **banquerout.** *Comme* To baniſh, a Banket, a Bankrupt.
To **baptize.** *Baptiſer.*
Baptiſed. *Baptiſé.*
A **baptiſed,** Moore, Turke, or Jew. *Marrane.*
A **baptiſer.** *Baptiſeur.*
A **baptiſing.** *Baptiſere, baptiſtaire.*
Baptiſme. *Baptiſme.*
Baptiſmal, of or belonging to Baptiſme. *Baptiſmal, baptiſter.*
S. John **Baptiſt.** *S. Jean Baptiſte.*
A **barbarie** horſe. *Barbe, cheval de Barbarie.*
Barbariſme. *Barbariſme;* ou, *comme* Barbarouſneſſe.
Barbarous. *Barbare, barbareſque, Gothique, inhumanal, rude.*
Barbarouſly. *Barbarement, barbareſquement.*
Barbarouſneſſe. *Barbarie, barbariſme.*
To **barbe,** or trim me. *Barber, faire la barbe à, raſer la barbe, faire les cheveux à.*
To **barbe** a horſe. *Barder un cheval, phaleter.*
A **Barbecane.** *Barbacane, barbecane.*
A **barbed** horſe. *Cheval bardé, phaleré, ſaleté.*
A **barbed** Javelin. *Javelin de barde.*
A **barbell.** *Barbeau, jau, barbon.*
A ſmall river **Barbell.** *barbarin, barbet.*
A little **barbell.** *Barbillon.*
A ſea **barbell.** *Rouget barbé, barbarin, moil.*
A **Barber.** *Barbier.*
A woman **Barber,** or Barbareſſe. *Barbiere.*
A **barber** of a womans, &c. *Barbier de maujoint.*
A **Barbers-ſhop.** *Barbarie.*
A **Barbers** baſon. *Baſin a barbier.*
A **Barberie** tree, or fruit. *Berberis, vinetier.*
A **barbing.** *Barberie.*
The **Barbles.** *Barbes, Petites puſtules és langues des beſtes.*
Barbes. *Bardes, phaleres.*
To **barde** a horſe. *Barder, phaleter.*
Barded, and **bards.** *Comme* Barbed, and Barbes.
A **Bardello** ſaddle. *Bardelle.*
Bare. *Nud, à nud, Nu; trepelu.*
Bare in array. *Mal veſtu, trepelu.*
Bareſoot, and bare-legged. *Deſchaud, à pied nud, deſchault, deſchauſſé.*
Barely. *Nuëment; Nicement.*
Bare as a birds arſe. *Nud comme un ver.*
To **bare,** or make **bare.** *Mettre à nud.*
Barenelle. *Nudité.*
To **Bargaine.** *Marchander,* barguigner, *faire marché, accorder.*
A **Bargaine.** *Accord, marché; achat, achet, pache.*
To ſell a **bargaine.** *Bailler ſoin en corne, ſorner.*
To deale deceitfully in **bargaines.** *Maquignonner.*
Bargained. *Accordé, marchandé.*
A **bargainer.** *Barguignard, barguigneur.*

A **bargaining.** *Accordement.*
Decertull **bargaining.** *Maquignonnage.*
A **Barge.** *Falouque.*
A **bargeman.** *Falouquier.*
To **Barke.** *Abayer, japper, glappir, abbayer, glatir.*
A **barke** (of a tree.) *Eſcorce.*
Barke for Tanners. *Tan.*
To **barke** (trees.) *Eſcorcer.*
A **Barke,** or Hoy. *Barque, Floüin, Nacre,*
A little **barke.** *Barquette.*
A **barke-man.** *Barquerot.*
Barked at. *Abayé, abbeyé, jappé.*
Barked (as trees.) *Eſcorcé.*
A **barker.** *Glappiſſeur, abbayant, jappeur, abbayeur, glatiſſeur.*
A **barker** (of trees.) *Eſcorceur.*
A **Barking.** *Abbay, abbais, glap, glappiſſement, abbois, abbayement, jappement, glatiſſement, japperie.*
A **barking** (of trees.) *Eſcorcement.*
Barley. *Orge,* Hordeat.
Great **barley.** *Eſpeaultre.*
Barley-water. *Piſane.*
Barlie-breake. *Tiers.*
Barne. *Leueton, fleur de la bierre.*
A **Barnacle** (bird.) *Bernaque, barnaque.*
Barnacles for a horſes noſe. *Mourailles, morailles, muſeliere.*
A **Barne.** *Grange.*
A **barne-full** of corne. *Grangée de bled.*
Of, or belonging to, a **barne.** *Grangier.*
Of a **barne,** full of **barnes.** *Grangeux.*
A **barne-keeper.** *Grangier, grangier.*
A woman **barne-keeper.** *Grangiere.*
Corne, or fruites laid up in a **barne.** *Grangeage.*
A **Baron.** *Baron. les Barons, ſont, on Seigneurs de tiltre, aſſ. Ducs, Marquis, comptes; ou Seigneurs ſuperieurs aux Chaſtelains, & inferieurs aux Vicontes, &c.* ¶ Nicot.
A **Baronnelle,** or Barons wife. *Barone.*
A **Baronnet.** *Baronet, Degré enſeigneur au Baron.*
A **Baronnie.** *Baronnie.*
Barraine. *Voyez* Barren.
A **Barrator.** *Voyez* a Barrettor.
A **Barre.** *Barre, barriere.*
A little **barre.** *Barreau.*
A **barre** of a dore. *Barre de porte.*
A **barre** of iron. *Barre de fer.*
Croſſe-**barres** of wood. *Treillage.*
A **Barre,** whereat cauſes are pleaded. *Barre, barreau.*
The croſſe-**barre** of a window. *Moyen de feneſtre.*
To **barre** a dore. *Barrer vne porte, Bacler.*
Barred. *Barré, bacclé.*
Croſſe-**barred** with wood. *Treillé, treilliſſé.*
A **barrell.** *Baril. Contient 36, ou 32 Galons.*
A little **barrell.** *Barillet, barraut.*
The **barrell** of a gunne. *Canon.*
To **barrell** up. *Entonneller.*
A **barrell-maker.** *Tonnellier.*
The **barrell** of a windleſſe. *Moulinet, à braſſieres.*

Barren. *Sterile,* brehaigne.
To be, or wax **barren.** *Eſtre, ou devenir ſterile.*
She is a **barren** jade. *C'eſt vne mule.*
A **barren** woman, or female. *Brehaigne.*
Barrenly. *Sterillement.*
Barrennelle. *Sterilité.*
Barresters. *Gens de barreau, qui plaident, licentiez.*
A **Barretour.** *Cavillateur, ou Chicanoux; qui moleſte, querelle, & chicane tout le monde; vn faiſeur de menées.*
A **barricado.** *Barriquade, barricade, barricquade.*
To **barricado;** make, or fortifie with, **barricadoes.** *Barriquer.*
Barricadoed. *Barriqué, barricadé, barriqué.*
Barriers. *Barrieres.*
To play, or fight at **Barriers.** *Combatre aux barrieres.*
A **barrow.** *Brouëtte, civiere à bras.*
A wheele **barrow.** *Brouëtte.*
To ſet a wheele-**barrow** agate, or to worke with a wheele-**barrow.** *Brouëter.*
One that workes with a wheele **barrow.** *Brouëtteur.*
A hand **barrow.** *Civiere, civiere à bras, portouoire.*
A neck **barrow.** *Civiere à col.*
A **Barrow-hogge.** *Porc chaſtré.*
A **barrow** (or hillocke.) *Monceau de terre, montjoye.*
Barter, or **bartering.** *Troq, barat.*
To **barter.** *Troquer, barater, changer, barder.*
A **barterer.** *Barateur.*
Bartered. *Changé, bardé.*
A **bartering.** *Changement.* Ou comme Barter.
A **barton** for poultrie. *Poullailler, Gelinier.*
Herbe **Bartram.** *Pied d'Alexandre, pyrethre.*
A **baſe,** or ſea-wolfe. *Bar, var, lubin, loubine.*
A **baſe,** or **baſis.** *Sonbaſſement, fondement, baſe.*
The **baſe** in Muſicke. *Baſſe, baſſe-contre.*
A peece of ordnance called a **baſe.** *Berche.*
Baſe. *Vil, abjeƈt, bas, ignoble, galochier, vilein, vilain, galochier; inglorieux, ſordide, trepelu.*
A **baſe** court, or backe court. *Baſſe cour.*
Baſe-borne. *Baſtard.*
To make **baſe.** *Abbaiſſer. Voyez* to Abaſe.
A **baſe,** ſhifting tricke. *Fripponerie.*
A **baſe** wretch. *Vn trepelu.*
A uſer of **baſe** tricks. *Fripon.*
A **baſe** fellow. *Neſquin.*
A packe of **baſe** ſcoundrells. Vilenaille, *canaille.*
Baſely. *Vilement, baſſement, vilainement, ſordidement.*
Baſeneſſe. *Baſſeté, baſſeſſe, vilté, abjection, vilenie, mantiſe.*
Baſhfull. *Honteux, verecond, vergongneux, craintif, modeſte.*
To be **baſhfull.** *Se honteyer, ſe honnir, ſe vergongner.*
A very **baſhfull** man. *Né tout coiffé.*

Baſhfully. *Honteuſement, à l'esbahi.*
Baſhfulneſſe. *Honte, vergongne, modeſtie.*
A **Baſiliſke.** *Baſilic, Coquatris, Baſiliſc, Catoblepe.*
A **Baſiliſke,** or **baſiliſco.** *Piece d'artilerie qu'on appelle Baſilic.*
Baſil (herbe.) *Baſilic.*
Middle **baſil,** or citron **baſil.** *Baſilic citronnier.*
Water **baſil.** *Baſilic d'eau.*
Baſil gentle, Buſh **baſil.** *Baſilic gentil, petit baſilic.*
Great, garden **baſil.** *Grand baſilic.*
A **Baſket.** *Panoüere, corbeille, Bachoüe, botte, manne.*
A little **baſket.** *Corbillon, panoüere, corbillon.*
A wicker **baſket.** *Corbeille, bachoüe, calathe.*
Belonging to a **baſket;** full of **baſkets,** *Corbeilleux.*
A **baſket** full of. *Corbeillée, bottée.*
A hand **baſket.** *Sporte.*
A **baſket** (to carry on the back.) *Hotte, botterean.*
A **baſket-bearer.** *Hotteur, bottier.*
A little hand **baſket.** *Sportule.*
A **baſket-maker.** *Faiſeur de corbeilles, faiſeur des bottailles.*
A **baſket** of reedes. *Camiſade.*
Baſkets. *Hottailles.*
A **baſon.** *Baſſin.*
A ſmall **baſon.** *Baſſinet.*
A **Baſſa.** *Baſchat, Bachat.*
A **baſtard.** *Baſtard, fils de putain, mulet; Nothe.*
A **baſtard-maker.** *Abaſtardiſſeur.*
A crue of **baſtards.** *Baſtardaille.*
Baſtard (wine.) *Vin baſtard.*
Baſtardie, baſtardis. *Baſtardiſe, baſtardage, baſtardaille; baſtardbe.* ¶ Normand.
To **baſtardiſe.** *Abaſtardir.*
Baſtardiſed *Abaſtardi.*
To **baſte,** or beate. *Batre, frotter.*
To **baſte** meate. *Arrouſer la viande, Arrouſer le roſti.*
To **baſte,** or beate. *Batre, eſtriller. Voyez* to Bang.
Baſted. (as meat.) *Arrouſé.*
Baſted. *Batu, eſtrillé, baſtonné.*
A **baſting** *Batement, baſtonnement.*
A **Baſtille,** or **baſtion.** *Baſtille, baſtide, baſtion.*
To fortifie with **baſtions,** *Baſtionner.*
A **baſtillon.** *Baſtillon.*
A **baſtonado** *Baſtonnade.*
To **baſtanado,** or give the **baſtinado** unto. *Baſtonner.*
A **Bat.** *Voyez* a Batte.
A **batch** of bread. *Vne fournée de pain.*
A **batcheler.** *Voyez* Bacheler.
To **bate,** *Rabatre, ravaller, diminuër, rabaiſſer.*
Bated. *Rabatu, rabaiſſé, ravallé.*
A **bating.** *Rabais, rabaiſſement, ravallement.*
The **bating,** (or unquiet fluttering of a Hawke.) *Debatu.*
A **Bath.** *Bain, eſtuve, baignerie.*
A little **bath.** *Bagnolet.*
A warme, or hot **bath.** *Eſtuve.*
A cold **bath.** *Bain froid.*
Maries **bath.** *Bain de Marie.*
Knights of the **bath.** *Chevaliers des bains.*

A **bath-keeper**, or maſter of the **bath**. *Maiſtre des bains.*
To **bathe**. *Baigner.*
Bathed. *Baigné.*
A **bather**. *Baigneur.*
A **bathing**. *Baignerie.*
A **bathing-tub**. *Baignoire.*
That uſeth much **bathing**. *Baigneux.*
A **battaile**, or **battell**. *Bataille, combat, journée, meſlée, vacarme.*
To **battaile**, or wage **battaile**. *Batailler.*
A day of **battaile**. *Iournée.*
Battaile array. *Ordre de bataille.*
The **battaile**, or maine **battaile**. *Bataille, le grès d'un armée.*
Battailed. *Bataillé.*
Battailling; for **battailes**; of or belonging to **battailes**. *Bataillier.*
A **Battalion**. *Bataillon; le gros d'une armée, hoſt.*
The middle **battalion**. *Comme* the Battaile.
A **bat**, or club. *Baſton, Maſſue.*
A **bat**, or Reeremouſe. *Chauveſouris.*
Battell. *Voyez* a Battaile.
Batter (for pancakes, or fritters.) *De la bachée, de laquelle on fait des bignets, tourteaux, friteaux, &c.*
To **batter** with ordnance. *Canonner.*
To **batter**, or bruiſe. *Batre, fracaſſer, eſcacher.*
Battered. *Batu, fracaſſé, eſcaché.*
Battered with ordnance. *Canonné.*
A **batterer**. *Fracaſſeur, eſcacheur.*
A **batterie**. *Baterie.*
A **battering**. *Batement, eſcachement, eſcacheure, caſſeure.*
To **battle**, or get fleſh. *Prendre chair.*
Battle. *Fertile.*
To **battle**, or grow fatter. *Se faire tous les jours en meilleur poinct.*
To **battle** (as ſchollers doe in Oxford.) *Eſtre debteur au College pour ſes vivres. (Mot uſé ſeulement des jeunes eſcoliers de l'Vniverſité d'Oxford.)*
A **Battle-axe**. *Hache d'armes; Maſſe d'armes, maillet.*
A **battle-bete**. *Palette, ou pallette (pour jouër au volant.)*
Well **battled**. *Hubi, carnaſſier.*
Battlements. *Creneaux, breteſſes, merlets, carneaux.*
Batting. *Vivres, manger; marche.*
A hee **Baud**. *Maquereau, ruffien, gandalin, bagas, macquereau, marreau.*
A ſhe **baud**. *Maquerelle.*
A young **baud**. *Poiſſon d'Avril.*
To play the **baud**. *Maquignonner, mener la geniſſe au taureau.*
Bauderie, or the practiſe or trade of **bauderie**. *Maquerelage; mariolement.*
Bauderie in ſpeech, Baudy talke. *Paroles groſſes.*
Full of **bauderie**. *Maquerelleux.*
Baudie. *Impudique.*
Baudie ſpeeches. *Paroles groſſes.*
Baudie ſutes, or actions. *Cauſes groſſes.*
A **baudie-houſe**. *Bordeau.*
To haunt **baudie-houſes**. *Bordeler.*
A haunter of **baudie-houſes**. *Bordelier.*
A **baudie** tale. *Conte gras, un gras.*
A **baben**. *Fouäce.*
The ſmalleſt ſort of **babens**. *Foüées.*

Baulme, or **Baime** (herbe.) *Baulme, meliſſe.*
The **baulme** tree. *Bauſme.*
To **bawdie**. *Criailler*, glatir, *clabauder.*
Bawdied. *Criaillé.*
A **bawdier**. *Criailleur*, criard, gratiſſeur, *clabaudeur.*
A **bawdying**. *Criailleríe, glatiſſement, glavoir, glas.*
To **bauike**. *Pretermettre, omettre.*
Bauiked. *Pretermis, omis.*
A **bauiking**. *Pretermiſſion, omiſſion.*
A **Bay**, or rode for ſhips. *Baye, Calle.*
A **bay**, or creeke. *Cale, calle.*
To hold at a **bay**. *Tenir en abbay.*
Bay of colour. *Bay, baye, bayart, bail, baille.*
A bright dapled **bay**. *Le bay à miroir.*
A **bay** of plankes, to break the force of water. *Moile.*
A **Bay** tree. *Laurier.*
Dwarfe **bay**. *Bois gentil.*
A bright **bay**. *Hyſgin.*
Bay-berries. *Bacces de laurier, baies de laurier.*
Bay-ſalt. *Sel marin.*
Bayes (cloth.) *Baye.*
Courſe **bayes**. *Reveſche.*
A **bay-windowe**. *Voyez ſous* Window.
A **Bayte**. *Amorce. Voyez* a Baite.
A **Baylife**. *Voyez* a Bailife.
To **be**, or **bee**. *Eſtre.*
A **Beacon**. *Eſchauguette, Baliſſe, beffroy.*
To watch at a **Beacon**. *Eſchauguetter.*
A watcher at a **Beacon**. *Eſchauguetteur.*
Beads made of the ſeeds of a plant. *Larmes.*
Beades, or a paire of **Beades**. *Patenoſtres, Chapelet.*
A round **Bead**. *Caille, dont on jouë au trou madame.*
A **Beadle**. *Bedeau.*
Beadle, of or belonging to a **Beadle**. *Bedacier.*
A **Beagle**. *Petite chienne.*
To **bealch**. *Voyez* to Belch.
The **Beake** of a fowle. *Bec d'un oiſeau.*
A little **beake**. *Bequillon, becquillon.*
A **beake-full**. *Becheé, abbechement, becquée, beſquée, bequée.*
Beaked. *Becu, bechu, (& en blaſon) becqué; becu.*
A **beale**. *Puſtule. Voyez* a Wheale.
To **beale** or mattar. *Bouër.*
A **beame**. *Treſ, poultre.*
The croſſe **beame** of a ballance. *Le joug.*
A Weavers **beame**. *Enſuble de tiſſeran.*
A Weavers cloth-**beame**. *Lourche.*
A **beame** of the ſunne. *Ray, rayon.*
The **beame** of a great ballance. *Fleau.*
The great **beame** of a Wine preſſe. *Le fuſt d'un preſſoire.*
The **beame** of a Bucke. *Marrein.*
A **Beane**. *Febve.*
French, or Romane **Beanes**. *Febves peintes, febves de Rome, faſeoles.*
A **beane-ſtalke**. *Favet de febves.*
Beane-ſtraw. *Favade, fevas, feval.*
The ſhalings, chaffe, or cleanſings of **Beanes**. *Faval, fabal.*

A **Beard**. *Barbe.*
A filthy great, and goat-like **beard**. *Barbaſſe.*
A little **beard**. *Barbette, barbin, barbet.*
To **beard**, or begin to have a **beard**. *Se barber.*
To **beard**, or outbrave one. *Faire la barbe à, affronter.*
The **beard** of an eare of corn. *Barbillon, arreſte.*
Bearded. *Barbu, barbelu, barbé, barbelé, barbillonné, barbotin.*
Bearded, or braved. *Affronté.*
A red **bearded** fellow. *Barberouſſe.*
Bearded eares of corne. *Epics barbotez.*
Beardleſſe. *Imberbe, ſans barbe.*
A **Beare**. *Ours.*
The ſea-**beare**. *Ourſin.*
A ſhee **beare**. *Ourſe.*
A young or little ſhee **beare**. *Ourſette, ourſonne.*
A little **beare**. *Ourſet, Ourſelet, Ourſon, Ourſillon, Ourſeau.*
Beare-like. *Vrſin, Ourſin.*
Beares-eare. *Oreille d'ours,* (herbe.)
Beares breech, or **Beares** foot. *Branque urſine, branche urſine, Achanthe patte d'ours.*
Beares garlicke. *Ail d'Ours.*
To **beare**, or carry. *Porter, gerer.*
To **beare** away. *Emporter.*
To **beare** up. *Supporter, accoter, eſtayer.*
To **beare** one out. *Garentir, defendre, maintenir.*
To **beare** down violently. *Abbatre, accabler.*
To **beare**, or ſuffer. *Endurer, ſouffrir.*
To **beare**, or bring forth. *Enfanter.*
To **beare** a ſway. *Commander, gouverner.*
To **beare**, (ſtand, or juttie) out. *Soupendre.*
To **beare**, or ward. *Parer au coup.*
To **beare** out a matter. *Faire bonne mine.*
To **beare** with. *Supporter; ſouffrir.*
A **bearer**. *Porteur.*
A **bearer** out. *Garent, garentiſſeur.*
A **bearer** of ſway. *Commandeur, gouverneur.*
A **bearer** or endurer. *Qui ſouffre, qui endure.*
Bearers, (of dead corpes to the grave.) *Qui portent les corps morts à ſepulture.*
A **bearing**, or carrying. *Portement, geſtation.*
A **bearing** down violently. *Abbatement; abbateure.*
A **bearing**, or ſuffering. *Endurement.*
A **bearing** (cloth for a child.) *Agiax.*
A **Beaſt**. *Beſte.*
A little **beaſt**. *Beſtelette, beſtiole, beſtion.*
To become a **beaſt**. *S'abeſtir, S'abrutir.*
To make a **beaſt**, or beaſtly. *Abeſtir, abrutir.*
Beaſtlineſſe. *Beſtialité, brutalité, bruteſſe.*
Beaſtly. (*Adjectif.*) *Beſtial, brutal.*
Made or become **beaſtly**. *Abeſti, abruti, ebeſté.*

Beaſt-

Beaſtly. *(Adverbe)* *beſtialement, brutalement, beſtement.*
To **beat.** *Batre, frapper, ſouëtter, feſſer, baſtonner, friper, frotter, eſtriller, bourrer, accommoder, matraſſer, obtundre.*
To **beat** in *(ſtones, or piles.)* *Hier.*
To **beat** downe. *Abbatre, abatre, ruër, accabler; habatre.*
To **beat** together *(as egges.)* *Malaxer.*
Beaten together (or bleat.) *Malaxé.*
To **beat** flat (a floore.) *Hier.*
Beaten. *Batu, frappé, ſouëtté, feſſé, baſtonné, fripé, frotté, eſtrillé, bourré, accommodé.*
Throughly **beaten.** *Forbatu.*
Beaten downe. *Abbatu, ruë, abatu, accablé.*
A **beaten** way. *Chemin fraÿé, chemin rompu.*
Beaten in a Mortar. *Brayé, tuſé.* *Voyez* Brayed.
A **beater.** *Bateur, frapeur, frappard, ſouëteur, feſſeur.*
A **beater** (or rammer.) *Hire, bie.*
A **beater** downe. *Abbateur.*
A plaiſterers **beater.** *Rable.*
A Printers **beater.** *Pompette.*
A **Beating.** *Batement, bature, baſtonnement, batture, frottement, ſouëttement.*
A **beating** down. *Abbatement, abbatcure.*
To **beatifie.** *Beatifier.*
Beatified. *Beatifié.*
Beatitude. *Beatitude.*
A **Beaver** *Bievre.* *Voyez* a Bever.
Beautie. *Beauté.*
Beauteous. *Beau, bel, belle.*
To **beautifie.** *Embellir, orner, decorer, garnir.*
Beautified. *Embelli, decoré, orné, garni.*
A **beautifying.** *Embelliſſage, embelliſſement, ornement, decoration, decorement.*
The **brazill** of a ring. *Cabochon de pierre precieuſe, caſton, chaton, teſte d'un anneau.*
Becauſe. *Pource, à cauſe, pourtant.*
A **Beck.** *Signe (fait de la main, ou de la teſte.)*
To **beck,** or **becken.** *Faire ſigne de la teſte, ou de la main, Signer.*
At a **beck.** *Faict au hola.*
Beckened. *A qui on fait ſigne (de la teſte ou de la main) de s'approcher.*
To **becrimple** with cold. *Glacer.* *Voyez* to benumme.
To **become.** *Devenir.*
To **become,** (or beſeeme.) *Sier bien, ſieſer bien, s'advenir.*
Whaſoever **becomes** of me. *Advienne de moy ce que pourra.*
It **becommeth.** *Il affiert.*
It ill **becommeth,** or it **becomes** not. *Il meſſied.*
A **Becomming.** *Bien ſeance.*
Becomming. *Affeant.*
A **Becon.** *Voyez* a Beacon.
To **bedaggle.** *Crotter.*
Bedaggled. *Crotté.*
A **bedagging.** *Crottement.*
To **bedaſh.** *Gaſcher.*
To **bedaſh** all over. *Barbouiller.*
Bedaſhed. *Voyez* Daſhed.
A **bedaſhing.** *Gaſchement.*
To **bedeaw.** *Arrouſer, arroſer, roſiner, roſoyer.*
Bedeawed. *Arrouſé, arroſé.*
Fit to be **bedeawed.** *Arrouſable.*
A **bedeawer.** *Arrouſeur, arroſeur.*
A **bedeawing.** *Arrouſement, arroſement, roſinement, arrouſage.*
Bedeawing. *Guepillonneux.*
A **Bed.** *Lict, couche, giſte.*
A little **bed.** *Coubette.*
To goe, or get himſelfe to **bed.** *Accoucher, coucher, s'accoucher, ſe coucher.*
To make a **bed.** *Dreſſer vn lict.*
To be brought to **bed,** (as a woman of a child.) *Accoucher, (comme vne femme d'un enfant.)*
A womans being brought to **bed.** *Accouchement d'une femme, (d'enfant.)*
A **Bed-ſtead.** *Chaſtict, chaſtit.*
Bed-poſts. *Les montants d'un lict.*
A feather-**bed.** *Lict de plumes.*
A flock **bed.** *Vn coutil, lict de matlas.*
A ſtraw-**bed.** *Paillace.*
A trundle-**bed.** *Soubs-lict.*
A ſettle-**bed.** *Banc à couche.*
A lying in **bed.** *Accouchement.*
In **bed,** layed in **bed, bedded.** *Alicté.*
A lying ſick in **bed,** or lying bedred. *Alictement.*
To goe ſick, or lie ſick in **bed,** or, to be Bedred. *S'Alicter.*
A bed of Saffron. *Treau de Saffran.*
Ladies **Bed-ſtraw.** *Petit muguet.*
The **bed, bedder** (under millſtone.) *Le giſant d'un moulin.*
Ill **Bedded.** *Maugiſant.*
To **bedeaw.** *Voyez* to Bedeaw.
The **bedder,** (or underſtone) of an oile mill. *Tordoir.*
Bedlam, or **Bedlem,** or **Bethlem.** *Nom d'un hoſpitalé, ou, lieu à Londres, ou l'on garde les fols, ou inſenſez. Et de là.*
A **Bedlam.** *Fol, inſensé, enragé, forcené.* *Voyez* Madde.
Bedlam-like (or madde) *Maniaque, maniacle.*
Bedlam-like. *Furieuſement.*
To **beduſt.** *Voyez* to Duſt.
Bedzed. *Clinique, alicté.*
To **Bee.** *Eſtre.*
A honie or hive **Bee.** *Aveille, abeille, mouſche à miel, bybleanne, abbeille.*
An Humble **Bee.** *Bourdon, Lambin.*
A neaſt or ſwarme of **Bees.** *Abeillon.*
An eate-**Bee** (bird) *Guaſpier.*
A **Bee-hive.** *Ruche, ruchette, eatoire.* *Voyez* Hive.
A **Beech-tree.** *Fau, baiſtre, bedre, fouſteau, hayas, fou, heſtre.*
Beech-maſt. *Faine, ſanne.*
A young or little **Beech** tree. *Heſtreau.*
Beefe. *Bœuf, chair de bœuf.*
A **Beaſt,** or **Beeve.** *Bœuf.*
Martle-mas **Beefe.** *Breſil, bœuf breſillé, cecine.*
Powdered **Beefe.** *Bœuf ſalé.*
A **Being.** *Eſſence, eſtre; Nature.*
Beene. *Eſté.*
Beere. *Biere, cervoiſe, barbaude.*
A **Beere** (to carry the dead.) *Cercueil, ferculer.*
A **Beere-cloth,** (for a dead corps.) *Aigian.*
A **Beſome.** *Balay, balet, ramon, ramaſſe.*
A **Beſome** of Butchers broome. *Houſſoir.*
Beeſt, or **Beeſtings:** (the firſt milke a female gives, after the birth of her young one.) *Beton, le laict nouveau (apres l'enfantement; ou, apres que la femelle a fait ſes petits.)*
A **Beetle** (flie.) *Eſcharbot, eſcarbot, chaſtbot, charaveau, fouille-merde.*
The venemous **Beetle,** or **Beetle**-like flie, called a Long leg. *Charbot de bœuf; (Morceau mortel au bœuf qui en mangeant l'avalle.)* *Bupreſte.*
A **Beetle** (or Moath) that flies by night. *Caſſard.*
A Paviers **Beetle.** *Hie, Batoir, bate.*
A **Beetle.** *Maile.*
A Woodcleavers **Beetle.** *Maſſerotte.*
Beetle-browed. *Sourcilleux.*
A waſhing **Beetle.** *Batoir de lavandiere.*
A **Beetle-head.** *Voyez* a Blockhead.
Beets, or **Beetes.** *Des Betes, ſollaſſes, betes, bite, jotte, reparée.*
Black **Beets.** *Reparée noire.*
To **befall.** *Advenir, avenir.*
Befallen. *Advenu.*
A **befalling.** *Advenement.*
Befitting. *Sortable; ſortablement.*
To **befoole.** *Affoler.* *Voyez* to Beſot.
Befooled. *Affolé.*
A **befooling.** *Affolement.*
Before. *Devant, avant, auparavant, aincois, ains.*
Before-going. *Prealable.*
Before-time. *Parci devant.*
Before-hand. *Avant la main.*
To get, or goe **before.** *Devancer.*
Got **before.** *Devancé, devancier.*
Long **before hand.** *De longue main.*
To **befriend.** *Traicter en ami.*
Befriended, *Traicté en ami.*
To **beget.** *Engendrer.*
To **beget** together. *Congenerer.*
A **begetter.** *Engendreur, generateur.*
A **begetting.** *Engendrement, engendrure, engendrure, generation.*
To **begge.** *Caimander, mendier, beliſtrer, buſtrer, Marauder, briber, gueuſer.*
To **begge** on the high way. *Gueuer, gueuſer.*
Begged. *Mendié, Caimandé.*
A **Beggar.** *Mendiant, Caimand, beliſtre, beliſtre, Marand, briheur, coquin, guenaud, gueux, gueus, berre, gueux d'oſtiere.*
A **Beggar-woman.** *Maraude, beliſtreſſe, coquine, gueuſe, gueuſeſſe, gueuze.*
To **beggar.** *Mettre à la beſace, envoyer à l'hoſpital.*
A little, or young **beggar.** *Beliſtreau.*
A crue of **beggars.** *Beliſtraille, maraudaille, beliſtraille,*
A naſtie place where **beggars** haunt and lowſe them. *Caignart.*
To become as idle and lazie as a **beggar.** *S'accoquiner.*
Growne as lazie, and idle as a **beggar.** *Accoquiné.*
Beggary. *Mendicité, nudité; ou comme* Beggarlineſſe.
Beggarly (Adjective.) *Beliſtreſſe, coquin, neceſſiteux, trepelu, nud.*
Beggarly (Adverb.) *En mendiant, beliſtrement; nuement.*
A baſe **beggarly** fellow. *Va trepelu.*
Beggarlineſſe, or **beggary.** *Mendicité, beliſtrerie, beliſterie, marandiſe, caimanderie, caimandiſe, gueuſerie.*
A **begging.** *Mendience.*
An order of **begging** Friers. *Faillants.*

Begging. *Mendiant.*
Begging in the high way. *Gueüant, gueusant.*
To **begin**, or **beginne**, *Commencer, encommencer.*
To **begin** a worke rudely. *Esbaucher, esbocher.*
A **Beginner.** *Qui commence.*
A **beginning** *Commencement; naissance.*
Totake **beginning** from. *Naistre de, Nasquir.*
Beginning. *Commençant, Naissant.*
Begotten. *Engendré, geneé, (Participe du verbe)* to beget.
To **begreafe.** *Engraisser.*
Begreafed. *Engraissé.*
To **begrime.** *Patrouiller, macheurer, maschurer, vilener, vilainer.*
Begrimed. *Patrouillé, macheuré, vilené, vilané.*
A **begrimer.** *Patrouilleur, macheureur.*
A **begruming.** *Patrouillement.*
To **beguile** *Decevoir, tromper, barater, defrauder, frauder, abuser, affiner.*
Beguiled. *Deceu, trompé, fraudé, affiné, defraudé, fraude; guillé, abusé.*
A **beguiler.** *Trompeur, deceveur, impoſteur, defraudateur, fraudeur, abuſeur, affineur.*
A **beguiling.** *Tromperie, deception, defraudement, abuſement, affinement.*
To **behave** himſelfe. *Se porter, ſe comporter.*
To **behave** himſelfe ill in his office. *Malverſer en ſon office.*
Behaved. *Comporté.*
Ill **behaved.** *Mal-avenant, manduict.*
Well-**behaved.** *Bien galbé, bien morigeré.*
Behaviour. *Portement, comportement, maniere, geſte; Meurs, mœurs.*
An unſeemly **behaviour.** *Manigance.*
To **behead.** *Decapiter, deſcapiter, deſcolter.*
Beheaded. *Deſcollé, deſcapité, decapité.*
A **beheading.** *Decollation.*
Beheld. *Regardé, veu, contempté, miné.*
Behind. *Derriere, arriere.*
That which is **behind.** *Arrierage.*
Very farre **behind hand.** *Treſarriere.*
Behold. *Voici, voilà, veyci, veylà.*
To **behold.** *Regarder, veoir, contempler, mirer.*
A **beholder.** *Regardeur.*
Beholden unto, *Obligé à.*
A **beholding.** *Regardement.*
To make **beholding,** or **beholden** unto, *Obliger.*
Beholding to. *Tenu à, Obligé à.*
To make **beholding** unto. *Obliger.*
A **beholdingneſſe.** *Obligation.*
To **behonie,** or ſweeten with **honie.** *Emmieller.*
Behonied. *Emmiellé.*
Behoofe. *Beſoing.*
To **behoove.** *Faloir.*
It **behooveth.** *Il fault, il convient.*
Behoovable. *Convenable.*
Behoovefull. *Expedient.*
A **Being.** *Eſſence, eſtre.*
A **Beher.** *Badeau.*
To **belamme.** *Baſtonner.*
Belammed. *Baſtonné.*
To **belch.** *Rotter, reutter, Reupper.*
A **belch.** *Rot, reute.*
A **belcher.** *Rotteur.*
A **belching.** *Roitement, routement, eructation.*
To **beleaguer.** *Aſſieger. Voyez* to Beſiege.
Beleaguered. *Aſſiege.*
A **Beleaguerer.** *Aſſiegeur, obſeſſeur.*
A **beleaguering.** *Aſſiegement.*
Beliefe, *Croyance, foy, creance.*
To have little **beliefe** in. *Meſcroire.*
Light of **beliefe.** *Credule.*
A wrong **beliefe.** *Meſcreance.*
Lightneſſe of **beliefe.** *Credulité.*
Hard of **beliefe.** *Incredule.*
Lack of **beliefe,** or hardneſſe of **beliefe.** *Incredulité.*
Paſt **beliefe.** *Incrediblement.*
Beliveable. *Croyable, credible.*
To **believe.** *Croire, faire foy de.*
To **believe** amiſſe. *Meſcroire.*
Believed. *Creu.*
No way **believed.** *Meſcreu, meſcru.*
Not to be **believed.** *Incroyable, meſcroyable.*
A **Believer,** *Croyant, qui croit, crediteur.*
A **Believing.** *Croyance; (l'acte de croire,)*
To **belie.** *Voyez* to Bely.
A **Bell.** *Cloche, Campane.*
A paſſing **bell.** *Cloche mortuaire.*
A little **bell.** *Clochette, Campanelle.*
A ſaints **bell,** or ſacring **bell.** *Martinet.*
Hawkes **bels.** *Grezillons, grillets.*
Furniſhed with **bels** (as Hawkes.) *Grilleté.*
A maker of Hawkes **bels.** *Grilletier.*
A little Clocks **bell.** *Timbre.*
An alarum **bell.** *Toquesing, Beffroy.*
A College **bell,** Hall, or Cloiſter **bell.** *Timbre.*
A **Beltrey.** *Clochier d'eſgliſe, Lieu en la tour d'eſglife, ou l'on ſonne les cloches, la manche de la pareee.* ¶ Poiſton.
A **Bell-founder.** *Clochetier, clocher, fondeur de cloches.*
A **Bell-man.** *Reſveilleur.*
The **bell** hung about a Cowes neck. *Tantan.*
A **Bell-weather.** *Mouton clocheman.*
A **bell-bitt.** *Campanel, campanelle.*
Bell-flowers, or Blew-**bells.** *Belle-videre.*
Hedge-**bels.** *Herbeaux cloches, Campanette.*
A ringing of **bels.** *Clocherie.*
The **belly.** *Ventre.*
A little **belly.** *Ventrelet.*
The **belly** of a doublet. *Galbe.*
The **belly** of a Lute. *La table d'un Lut.*
A **bellygod.** *Gourmand, glouton, gaſtrimythe, gaſtrolatre.* ¶ Rab. Gargantua.
The lower part of the **belly.** *Hypogaſtre.*
A Gor-**belly** a paunch-**belly.** *Ventripotent. ventru, bredaille, bredaine.*
The **belly-ake** (or griping in the **belly.**) *Mal de ventre, ſtrophe, trenchée au ventre, ventrée.*
A **bellyfull.** *Ventrée; ſuffiſance.*
A **belly-band** for a draught-horſe. *Ventriere.*
To **bellow.** *Mugler, bugler, reer, mugir, meugler, meurler, murler.*
Bellowed. *Meuglé.*
A **bellowing.** *Buglement, muglement, mugiſſement, meuglement.*
Often, or much **bellowing.** *Bugleux.*
Bellowes, or a paire of **Bellowes.** *Soufflet.*
The **belly.** *Voyez* Bellie.
To **belong.** *Appartenir.*
Belonging unto. *Appartenant.*
Beloved. *Aimé, bien aimé.*
Below. *En bas, à bas, embas, là bas.*
A **Belt.** *Baudrier, trouſſoire.*
A **Belt-maker.** *Baudroyeur, baudryeur.*
A **Beltweather.** *Voyez devant ſous* Bell.
To **Bely.** *Accuſer fauſſement.*
Belyed. *Fauſſement accuſé.*
A **belying.** *Calumnie.*
To **bemire** *Embourber, embourber, s'embourber.*
Bemired. *Embourbé.*
Bemonable. *Regretable.*
To **bemone.** *Regretter, Deplorer, Plaindre, Complaindre.*
Bemoned. *Deploré, plaint.*
Bemoning. *Plaignant.*
Ben (an aromaticall Nut.) *Balan myrepſique.*
A **Bench.** *Banc.*
A **Bench** (againſt an out-wall to ſit on.) *Muret.*
The Kiugs **Bench.** *Le banc du Roy, Cour de Juſtice.*
A **bench** to leane on. *Accoudoir.*
A **Bencher.** *Aſſeſſeur.*
Bendable. *Ployable.*
To **bend.** *Ployer, courber, flechir, flexir, cambrer, micourber.*
To **bend** a bow. *Bander, ou, tendre un arc.*
A **bend.** *Ploye.*
To **bend** back. *Recourber.*
To **bend** forwards. *S'accroupir.*
To **bend** inwards, or towards him. *Acourber, accourbir.*
Eaſie to **bend.** *Ployable.*
To **bend** himſelfe unto. *S'addonner, s'appliquer à.*
Benders (muſcles ſo called.) *Flecheurs.*
A **bending.** *Fleſchiſſement, fleſchiſſure, flection, courbement, cambrure.*
A **bending** arch wiſe. *Courbement.*
Bending inwards (a Maſons tearme.) *Frit.*
Beneath. *Embas, en bas, à bas, là bas; ſoubs, deſſoubs, au deſſoubs.*
From **beneath.** *D'embas.*
A **Benediction.** *Benediction, beniſſon.*
A **Benefactor.** *Bienfaicteur.*
A **Benefice.** *Benefice.*
To give a **Benefice.** *Beneficier.*
Benificed. *Benefice, beneficier.*
Beneficence. *Beneficence, beneficence.*
Beneficiall. *Liberal, beneficial.*
A **beneficiall** friend. *Bienfaicteur.*
A **benefit.** *Benefice, bienfaict, bien.*
To conferre **benefits.** *Beneficier.*
To **benefit.** *Bien faire.*
A conferring of **benefits.** *Beneficence, beneficence.*
Herbe **Benet.** *Gariophyllate. Voyez* Bennet.
Benevolence. *Benevolence, bienvuillance.*
Benjamin. *Benjoin, benzoin.*
Benigne. *Bening, benigne.*
Benignely. *Benignement.*
Benignitie. *Benignité.*
Benilon. *Beniſſon.*
Herbe **bennet.** *Benoiſte, benoiste, Gariophyllate.*
Bent. *Ployé, courbé, gambi, fleſchi, flechi, tendu, cambré, cambre.*
Bent forward. *Accroupi.*
Bent unto. *Addonné à.*

Deter-

Determinately (or reſolutely) **bent**. *Obſtiné.*
Cruelly **bent** againſt. *Acharné.*
To be bloudily, or cruelly **bent** againſt. *S'acharner ſur.*
To **Benumme**. *Engourdir, endormir les membres, aſſopir, accoeuillir, glacer.*
Benummed. *Engourdi, aſſopi; glacé, entombi, gourd, gourdi.*
To be **benummed**. *Eſtre engourdi, eſtre aſſopi.*
A **benumming**. *Engourdiſſement, aſſopiſſement.*
Benumming. *Narcotique.*
To **bequeath**. *Leguer, legater.*
Bequeathed. *Legué, Donné par legz teſtamentaire.*
A thing **bequeathed**. *Legs, laigs.*
The party to whom a thing is bequeathed. *Legataire.*
A **Bequeſt**. *Comme* A thing bequeathed. *legat.*
To **berap**. *Embrener, ſalir, ſallir, ſouiller, incaguer, Maculer, vilainer, vilener.*
To **berap** with ſquirting. *Foirer.*
To **berap** himſelfe, to **berap** his hoſe. *Enordir, paſſer par l'arc S. Bernard, faire caliges, ou caligas.*
Moſt filthily **berayed**. *Sallebrenenx.*
Berayed. *Enordi, balbrenné, ballebrené, embrené, ſalli, ſouillé, merdeux, vilené, vilainé.*
A **Beraying** *Souillure, ſaliſſure, ſalliſſeure, ſouillement.*
Beraying *Incagant.*
To **bereabe**. *Priver de.*
To **bereabe** himſelfe of. *Se deſſaiſi de.*
Bereaved, or **bereft**. *Privé, deſſaiſi.*
A **bereabement** of. *Deſſaiſine.*
A **bereabing**. *Privation, privement.*
Bereft. *Privé de.*
A **Bergamot** Peare. *Bergamotte.*
A **Beryll**. *Beril, Beralle, Beryl.*
A **Berie**, or **berris**. *Bacce, baque, baie.*
A Black-**berry**, or bramble-**berry**. *Meuron, meurde ronce, catberine.*
Bill **berries**. *Aurelles.*
A **Berry** made by a Connie. *Tute.*
A ſervice-**berry**. *Comm.*
Ivie-**berries**. *Raiſins de lierre.*
A **Beſant**. *Beſant.*
To **beſeech**. *Supplier, implorer, obteſter.*
A **beſeecher**. *Suppliant, implorateur.*
Beſeeching. *Suppliant.*
A **Beſeeching**. *Imploration, obſecration.*
To **beſeem**. *S'advenir, ſieſer bien.*
It **beſeemeth**. *Il ſied bien, il affiert.*
A **beſeeming**. *Seant bien, afferant.*
To **beſet** on all ſides. *Acculer.*
Beſet on all ſides. *Aculé.*
To **Beſhite**. *Embrenner.*
Beſhitten. *Embrenné, habrené, ballebrené, merdeux.*
To **beſhrew**. *Maudire.*
A **beſhrewing**. *Maudiſſon.*
Beſides. *Oultre, D'abondant; hormis.*
To **beſiege**. *Aſſieger.*
Beſieged. *Aſſiegé.*
A **beſieger**. *Aſſiegeur, obſeſſeur.*
A **beſieging**. *Aſſiegement de ville, ſiege.*
To **beſmeare**. *Barbouiller, patrouiller, baſſoüer, baſoüer, maculer, vilener, vilainer.*
Beſmeared. *Patrouillé, barbouillé, baſſoué, vilené, vilainé.*
A **beſmearer**. *Patrouilleur, barbouilleur.*
A **beſmearing**. *Patrouillement, barbouillement*
A **Beſome**. *Balay.*
A long **Beſome**. *Houſſoir, bouſoüer.*
To **beſmoak**. *Enfumer.*
Beſmoaked. *Enfumé.*
A **beſmoaking**. *Enfumement.*
To **beſmut**. *Voyez* to Smut.
To **beſot**. *Aſoter, aſſoter, aſſotir, aſoller, accoeuiller, faire devenir ſot ou fol, infatuer.*
To **beſot** with beaſtly humors. *Abeſtir.*
Beſotted. *Aſſolé, aſoté, aſſoté, infatué.*
Beſotted with too much ſtudy. *Academie.*
Beſotted with beaſtly humors. *Abeſti.*
A **beſotting**. *Aſſolement.*
Beſought. *Supplié, imploré.*
To **beſpatter**. *Maculer.*
To **beſpeak**. *Faire faire, arrer.*
To **beſpeckle**. *Taveler. Voyez* to Speckle.
To **beſpew**. *Vomir deſſus.*
Beſpewed. *Vomi deſſus.*
To **beſpit**. *Cracher deſſus.*
Beſpitten on. *Craché deſſus.*
To **beſpot**. *Maculer, barbouiller, marqueter, taveler.*
Beſpotted. *Marqueté.*
A **beſpotting**. *Marqueture.*
To **beſprinkle**. *Arrouſer, Gueſpillonner, Arroſer.*
Beſprinkled. *Arrouſé, gueſpillonné, arroſé.*
Fit to be **beſprinkled**. *Arrouſable.*
A **beſprinkler**. *Arroſeur.*
A **beſprinkling**. *Arroſement, Arrouſage, Arrouſement.*
The **beſt**. *Le meilleur de tous, tresbon; mieux, mieulx.*
Striving who ſhall doe **beſt**. *A qui mieux mieux.*
Beſt. *Tresbrien.*
Let the **beſt** come to the **beſt**. *Au mieulx aller, au mieux aller, ou venir.*
Beſtiall. *Voyez* Beaſtly.
To **beſtink**. *Empuantir.*
To **beſtow**. *Employer, deſpendre; Octroyer.*
To **beſtow** or give. *Donner.*
To **beſtow** amiſſe, or diſorderly. *Abuſer, Meſdonner.*
Beſtowed. *Employé, deſpendu; donné; octroyé.*
Diſorderly **beſtowed**. *Abuſé.*
A **beſtowing**. *Employement.*
A diſordered **beſtowing**. *Abuſement, abus*
Beſtraat, or **beſtraught**. *Inſensé, maniaque, forcené; ou comme* Diſtract, or diſtraught.
To **beſtride**. *Chevaucher.*
Beſtrid. *Chevauché.*
Beſtriding. *A chevauchons.*
Beſtunk. *Empuanti Participe du Verbe* to Beſtink.
To **betake** himſelfe to. *S'addonner à, s'appliquer à.*
Betaking himſelfe to. *S'addonnant à.*
To **bethink** himſelfe. *Penſer à ſoy, conſiderer, mediter, Premediter, avant-penſer, muſer.*
A **bethinking**. *Penſement à ſoy; Conſideration.*
To **betide**. *Advenir, avenir.*
Betided. *Advenu, avenu.*
Betimes. *De bonne heure, de bon matin, bien matin. Voyez* Early.
Betimes in the morning. *Matutinel.*
To **betoken**. *Signifier.*
A **betokening**. *Signifiance.*
Betonie. *Betoſne, Betoine, betoſne.*
To **betray**. *Trabir.*
Betrayed. *Trabi.*
A **betrayer**. *Traiſtre.*
A **betraying**. *Trabiſon, tradiment.*
To **betroth**. *Fiancer, accorder vne fille.*
Betrothed *Fiancé, fiancée; accordé, accordée.*
A **betrothing**. *Fiançailles, fianſailles, accordailles.*
To **betruſt**. *Accroire.*
To **bett**. *Gager, parier.*
A **bett**. *Gage, gageure; paire.*
Betted. *Gagé.*
A **betting** *Gagement.*
Better. *Meilleur, mieux.*
Better and **better**. *De mieux en mieux.*
To **better**, or make **better**. *Meliorer, ameliorer, meilleurer.*
It is **better**. *Il vault mieulx.*
Bettered *Ameliré.*
A **bettering**. *Amelioremeut, melioration.*
Betweent. *Entre, entre deux.*
betweene both. *Meſtoyant.*
Betwixt. *Comme* Betweene.
A **Bever**, or drinking. *Un Reciner, Collation, Gouſter.*
To **bever**. *Reciner, gouſter, collationner.*
A **beter**. *Biévre, caſtor.*
Oile of **Bever**. *Caſtorée, caſtareum.*
The **bever** of a helmet. *Viſiere d'un beaume, Baviere, Barbute.*
Beverage *Breuvage, bruvage.*
Bewatiable. *Regretable.*
To **bewaile**. *Deplorer, regretter, plaindre, complaindre, regreter.*
Bewailed. *Deploré, regretté, plaint.*
A **bewailing**. *Complainte.*
Bewailing. *Deplorant.*
To **beware**. *Se garder, ſe donner garde, prendre garde, garer.*
Beware. *Guare, gare.*
To **bewitch**. *Enſorceler, ſorceler.*
Bewitched. *Enſorcelé.*
A **bewitcher**. *Enſorceleur, ſorcier.*
A **bewitching**. *Enſorcelement.*
To **bewray**. *Deceler, revoler, deſcouvrir, deſceler, accuſer; manifeſter, monſtrer.*
Bewrayed. *Deſcouvert, Decelé; manifeſté, monſtré.*
A **bewrayer**. *Deceleur.*
A **bewraying**. *Decelement.*
Beyond. *Oultre, de là.*
Beyond-ſea. *De ſa la mer.*
To goe **beyond**. *Oultrepaſſer.*
Beyond the banks. *Oultre-bord.*
Beyond all meaſure. *Oultréement.*
A **Bezoar**, or **Bezar** ſtone. *Bezoard.*
A **Biace**. *Voyez* a Byas.
A **Bibbe**. *Bavette, baviere, baverolle, bavon, baverette.*
To **Bibbe**. *Beuveter, buveter, grenouiller, piailler, humer, humetter.*
A **bibber**. *Biberon, buvereau, piailleur.*
A **bibbing**. *Buverie, piaiſon, humement, humerie.*
Bibbing. *Grenouillant.*
The **Bible**. *La Bible.*
To **bicker**. *Eſcarmoucher.*
Bickered. *Eſcarmouché.*
A **bickerer**. *Eſcarmoucheur.*
A **bickering**. *Eſcarmouche, meſlée.*
Bickering. *Eſcarmouchant.*
To **bid**. *Commander, mander.*
To **bid** farewell. *Aditer, dire adieu.*
To **bid** (offer, and proffer.) *Offrir.*

To **bid**, or invite, *Convier, inviter.*
To him that **bids** moſt. *Au plus offrant.*
Bidden. *Commandé; auſſi, Offert; Convié.*
Bidden come. *Mandé.*
Bidden farewell. *Adiré, à qui on dit adieu.*
Bidden, or invited. *Convié, invité.*
A **bidder.** *Commandeur.*
A **bidding.** *Commandement, mandement.*
A **bidding**, (or offring.) *Offre.*
A **bidding** to a feaſt. *Convivement, invitement, invitation.*
To **bide.** *Demeurer; Durer, endurer.* *Voyez* to Abide.
A **biding.** *Demeurance.*
A **biforcation.** *Biforcation.*
Biformitie. *Biformité.*
Bigamie. *Bigamie.*
To grow **big.** *Groſſir.*
Big, or **bigge.** *Grand, gros, bobulaire, capable.*
To look **big** on't. *Se montaigner.*
A womans being **bigge** with child. *Groſſeſſe d'enfant.*
Bigger. *Plus grand, plus gros.*
A growing, or making **bigger** and bigger. *Accroiſſement.*
To make **bigger** and bigger. *Accroiſtre.*
Bigneſſe. *Grandeur, groſſeur, gros; moyſon.*
A **Biggin.** *Beguin.*
To put on a **Biggin.** *Beguiner.*
A **Bile.** *Boſſe.*
A kind of moſt venemous and incurable **Bile.** *Cacoëthe.*
A peſtilent **Bile** (or riſing plague ſore.) *La male boſſe.*
A **Bill.** *Cedule, billet, roule.*
A **Bill** of debt. *Cedule.*
A **Bill**, or ſiquis. *Affiche.*
Bills of lading. *Lettres de cargaiſon.*
A **Bill** (weapon.) *Hallebarde.*
A **Bill hook**, or long hedge-**Bill.** *Rancon, goiart, royart, riverain.*
A little hand-**Bill.** *Goid, goy, guoy.*
A long hedging **Bill.** *Goiart.*
The **bill** of a bird. *Bec.*
A little **Bill.** *Becquillon, bequillon.*
To **bill** (as Doyes.) *Pigeonner.*
A **bill-full.** *Becbée, becquée, bequét, beſquée.*
A **Billiard**, or **billiard**-ball. *Bille.*
To play at **Billiards.** *Biller.*
A **Billiard**-ſtick. *Billart, billard.*
A **Billiment.** *Bavolet.*
A **Billet.** *Billet, eſtiquette.*
A **billet** (of wood.) *Billot de bois, bois de moule.*
A **billing**, or pigeon-like buſſing. *Pigeonnade, pigeonnerie.*
A **Billow.** *Vague; marée.*
A great **billow** of water. *Moilon d'eau; moulon, moullon; ou, mullon d'eau.*
A **Bin.** *Voyez* Binne.
To **Bind.** *Lier, attacher.*
To **binde**, or oblige. *Obliger.*
To **bind** faſt. *Abſtraindre.*
To **bind** a book. *Relier vn livre.*
A **Binder.** *Lieur.*
A **Binder** of books. *Relieur des livres.*
A **binding.** *Liaiſon, attachement, liage, liement.*
A **binding** hard with a cord. *Garrotement.*
Binding (in a bond.) *Obligatoire.*
A **Binne.** *Benne, caſſon, buche, panatiere, huge, huſche, maye, met, maiel, arche.*
Birch. *Bouleau.*
A **Birch** tree. *Boulay.*
A **Bird.** *Oiſel, oiſeau.*
A little **Bird** *Oiſelet, oiſillon.*
A keeper of **Birds.** *Oiſelier, oiſeleur.*
To **bird**, or go a **birding.** *Oiſeler.*
Birds newly hatched. *Piaux.*
A **Bird**-cage. *Oiſeliere.*
A **Bird**-call. *Appeau.*
A **Birder**, or **bird**-catcher. *Oiſeleur, oiſelier.*
Birds-neaſt. (herbe.) *Nid d'oiſeau.*
A **birding**, or **bird**-catching. *Oiſelerie, oiſeliere.*
To fall a **birding**, or flie at **Birds** (as an ill made Hawke.) *Oiſeler.*
A **Birding piece.** *Harquebuſe de chaſſe.*
Birt-lime. *Viſc, glu, de la glu.*
Sticking like **birdlime**, or **bird**-lime-like. *Viſcide, viſqueux.*
A **bird**-lime-like clammineſſe. *Viſciditè, viſcoſité.*
Birth. *Naiſſance, nativité, enfantement, geniture, genethliaque.*
New **birth.** *Regeneration.*
An untimely **birth.** *Avortement.*
Of, or belonging to, a **birth.** *Natal.*
A **birth**-day. *Iour de naiſſance, jour de nativité, le Natal de.*
Birth-right. *Primogeniture, droict d'aiſneſſe; preciput.*
Birth-woꝛt. *Ratelou, rateloup, Sarracine, ariſtolochie, ſabine.*
A **Biſhop.** *Eveſque.*
A **Biſhops** Croſier. *Croce d'eveſque.*
A **Biſhoprick.** *Eveſché.*
Biſket. *Biſcuit.*
A **Biſon**, (or wild oxe.) *Biſon, beuf ſauvage.*
Biſtoꝛt. *Biſtorte.*
A **Bit.** *Voyez* a Bitt.
A **Bitch.** *Chienne, cagne, caigne, caiſne.*
A great **Bitch.** *Cagnaſſe.*
A little **Bitch.** *Chienette, petite chienne.*
A proud, or ſault **Bitch.** *Chienne chaude, Liciſque orgooſe.*
A **Bitch fox.** *Regnarde.*
A Tinkers **Bitch.** *Maraude.*
To **bite.** *Mordre, mordiquer.*
To **bite** ſmall morſels. *Morceler.*
A **biter.** *Mordeur.*
A **biting.** *Morſure, mordication, mors.*
Biting. *Mordant, mordicant.*
Biting hard. *En mordant.*
Biting beaſts (as the Wolfe, Fox, Beare, Otter, &c.) *Beſtes mordantes.*
A **Bitt.** *Morceau, mors; frain; gobeau, morſure.*
A little **bitt.** *Morcelet.*
A **bitt** and away. *Collation morcelaire.*
A poyſoned **Bitt.** *Boucon, bocon.*
By **bits.** *Par morceaux.*
A **Bitt** (for a horſe.) *Mords, mors, frain, frein.*
To bite on the **bitt.** *Ronger ſon frain.*
A little olive **bitt.** *Olivette.*
A **bitt** for a Gener. *Genet, Genette.*
The **bitt** of a key. *Le penneton d'un clef.*
A Canon-**bitt.** *Canon.*
An open **bitt.** *Padane.*
A cloſe **bitt.** *Humoire.*
A Bell **bitt.** *Campanel.*
Never a **bitt.** *Nonnie, pas vn morceau.*
The **bitts.** *Cerchez le apres, en ſon lieu.*
Bitten. *Mords.*
Bitten by little and little. *Morcelé.*
Bitter. *Amer, fielleux.*
To make **bitter.** *Fieller.*
Bitterly. *Amerement.*
Bitternelle. *Amertume.*
Full of **bitternelle.** *Fieleux.*
Bitter-woꝛt. *Gentiane.*
A **bittoꝛ**, or **bittour.** *Butor, Galerand.*
The **bitts.** *Bites. Deux chevilles de bois, fichées dans la baude bite, & auſquelles eſt tourné & attaché l'amarrage, apres que l'ancre eſt fiches pour le tenir ſort.* ¶ Nicot.
Bitumen. *Bitume.*
To annoint, or mingle with **Bitumen.** *Bituminer.*
Full of **Bitumen.** *Bitumineux.*
To **Blabbe.** *Flagorner.*
A **Blabbe**, or **Blabber.** *Flagorneur.*
To **Blabber** with the lips. *Baboyer, babiner.*
Blabber-lipt. *Lippu.*
Black. *Noir, nuicteux.*
Somewhat **black.** *Noirault, noiret, aucunement noir, Noirelet, noiveton.*
To waxe **black.** *Devenir noir.*
To make **black** and blew with ſtrokes. *Suggiller.*
To **black.** *Noircir, anoircir; Macburer, maſchurer.*
Made **black** and blew by a cruſh or bruiſe. *Macheuré.*
Beaten **black** and blew. *Meurtri, ſuggillé, froſſé.*
The **black** Art. Goetrie, *Nigromance, Magie.*
Black and blew (with beating.) *Meurtriſſeure, Suggillation.*
Black Oaker. *Pierre noire.*
A **Black**-**bird.** *Merle, merle noir.*
A **Black**-**bꝛown.** *Noir-brun.*
Black, or blackiſh cliſts. *Noirettes.*
A **Black**-**moꝛe.** *More, Negre.*
A **Black**-**moꝛe** woman. *Moreſſe, Moreſque.*
Black-**rod** *Huiſſier, appartenant à l'ordre de la jartiere.*
A **Black**-**ſmith.** *Mareſchal.*
Black Wheat. *Comme* Cow wheat.
The **Black**-**berry.** *Voyez ſous* Berry.
Blacked. *Noirci, anoirci, ſablé.*
To **blacken** *Noircir, offuſquer. Ou comme* to Black.
Blackened. *Noirci, offuſqué. Ou comme* Blacked.
A **blacker**, or **blackener.** *Noirciſſeur.*
Blacking. *Noir.*
A **blacking**, or **blackening.** *Noirciſſement, offuſcation.*
Blackiſh. *Noirault, mi-more, neigre. Ou comme* ſomewhat Black.
Blackneſſe. *Noirceur, noireté, noirciſſeure, noirté.*
A **Bladder.** *Veſſie.*
A little **bladder.** *Veſſiette.*
A **Blade.** *Lame, alumelle, allumelle, alemelle.*
The **blade** of a ſword. *Lame, fueille d'une eſpée, alumelle d'une eſpée.*
The ſhoulder **blades.** *Palerons de l'eſpaule, ou des eſpaules.*
The breaſt **blade**, or heart **blade.** *Fourcelle.*

Blatne. *La male boſſe, eſchaubouillure, eſchaubouilé, veſſie.*
Full of **blatnes.** *Eſchaubouillé, eſchaboulé.*
To **Blatte.** *Voyez* to Bleate.
Blame. *Blaſme, coulpe, vitupere.*
Blamable. *Blaſmable*
To **blame.** *Blaſmer, coulper, vituperer, encoulper, reprendre, redarguer, objurguer.*
To free from **blame.** *Deſcoulper, deſencoulper.*
Blame incurred. *Malgrace, malegrace.*
To lay the **blame** of his owne fault on another. *Se deſcharger ſur vn aultre.*
Blamed. *Blaſmé, encoulpé, vituperé, reprins, repris, redargué.*
A **blamer.** *Vituperateur.*
A **blaming.** *Redargution, objurgation.*
Blamleſſe. *Incoulpable, ſans blaſme, irreprehenſible.*
Blamleſſly. *Irreprehenſiblement.*
Blame-worthy. *Coulpable, blaſmable.*
To **blanch** *Blanchir.*
Blanched. *Blanchi.*
A **blanching.** *Blanchiſſage, blanchiment.*
To **blandiſh.** *Blandir.*
Blandiſhed. *Blandi.*
A **blandiſher.** *Blandiſſeur.*
A **blandiſhment.** *Elandiſſement, careſſe.*
A **Blanke,** or white. *Blanc.*
A **blanke** in rifling, or in a lotterie. *Blanque, blanc.*
A **blanke** of paper. *Vn blanc, carte blanche.*
A **Blanket** for a bed. *Blanchet.*
A **blaſing,** and **blaſon.** *Voyez* Blazing, and Blazon.
To **blaſpheme.** *Blaſphemer; mauldire, maudire, maugréer.*
Blaſphemed. *Blaſphemé.*
A **blaſphemer.** *Blaſphemateur.*
Blaſphemie. *Blaſphemie; Mauldiſſon, maudiſſon, maugréement.*
Blaſphemous, or **blaſphematozie.** *Blaſphematoire; maudiſſant.*
A **blaſt** of wind. *Bouffée de vent, afflat.*
To **blaſt.** *Bruiner, frapper.*
To **blaſt** with lightning. *Fouldroyer.*
Blaſted. *Bruiné, frappé; Niellé, nieblé.* ℣ Rab.
Blaſted with lightning and thunder. *Foudroyé.*
A **blaſting.** *Bruinement.*
A **blaſting** with lightning. *Fouldroyement.*
Blaſting (or mildew.) *Nielle.*
The **Blaunderell** apple. *Blandureau, blondurel.*
A **Blay** (fiſh.) *Able, ablette.* *Voyez* a Bleake.
To **blaze,** *Flamber, flamboyer.*
A great **blaze.** *Flambe, flamme.*
To blaze armes. *Blaſonner.*
To **blaze** abroad. *Publier, divulguer, berauder.*
Blazed. *Flambé.*
Blazed, or **blazoned.** *Blaſonné.*
Blazed abroad. *Publié, divulgué.*
A **Blazer** of Armes. *Blaſonneur.*
A **blazer** abroad. *Publieur, divulgateur.*
Blaſing. *Flamboyant.*
Blazing armes. *Blaſonnant.*
A **blazing** abroad. *Publication.*
A **blazing** ſtarre. *Comete.*
To **Blazon** *Blaſonner.*
Blazon, or the **blazing** of armes. *Blaſon.*
Blazoned. *Blaſonné.*
A **Blazoner.** *Comme* a Blaſer of armes.
To **bleach.** *Blanchir de la toille au ſoleil, ſoleiller, blanchir de la toille à fleur.*
Bleached. *Blanchi.*
A **bleacher** of cloathes. *Blanchiſſeur, blanchiſſeuſe.*
A **bleaching.** *Blanchiſſage.*
Bleake of colour. *Bleſme, blaime, paſle, blaffard, blapbard, esblaré, couleur paillarde; meurtri.*
To wax **bleake.** *Bleſmer, blaimir, ſe paſler.*
Growne **bleake.** *Bleſmi.*
A looking, or waxing **bleake.** *Bleſmiſſement, bleſmiſſeure.*
A **Bleake** fiſh. *Able, ablette, des blanches.*
To **bleake** in the Sunne. *Haler, baſler.*
Bleakely. *Paſlement.*
Bleakneſſe. *Blaimeur, paſleur, blemiſſement, blemiſſeure.*
Bleare-eyed. *Chaſſieux, chacieux.*
Bleareedneſſe, or **bleare-eyedneſſe.** *Chacie, chaſſie.*
Extreme **bleare-eyedneſſe.** *Chacieuſeté, chaſſieuſeté.*
To **bleate** (as a ſheepe.) *Becler, beleter, beler.*
A **bleating.** *Beelement, Bet.*
To **bleed,** *Saigner.*
A **bleeding** *Saignure.*
Bleedingly. *Sanglantement.*
A **Bley.** *Comme* a Blay.
To **blemiſh.** *Tacher, maculer, blotter, noter, vicier, ſugiller.*
A little **blemiſh.** *Tachette.*
To **blemiſh** the reputation of. *Flaiſtrir, vilener, vilainer.*
A **blemiſh.** *Tache, macule; note, notte, viet.*
An open **blemiſh** of reputation. *Flaiſtriſſure.*
Blemiſhed. *Taché, noté, ſagillé.*
Blemiſhed in reputation. *Vilené, vilané.*
To **blend.** *Meſler, meſlanger, malaxer, miſtionner, mixtionner.*
Blended, or **blent.** *Meſlé, meſlangé, miſtionné.*
A **blender.** *Miſtangeur.*
A **blending.** *Meſlée, meſlange, meſleure, miſtion, mixtionnement, mixtion.*
To **bleſſe.** *Benir, beniſtre.*
Bleſſed, or **bleſt.** *Benist, beniſt, benedict, heureux, bien heureux.*
A **bleſſed** man. *Agiotare.*
Bleſſed-thiſtle *Chardon beniſt.*
Bleſſedly. *Heureuſement.*
Bleſſedneſſe. *Beatitude, heureté, heureuſeté, beurté.*
A **bleſſing.** *Benediction, beniſſon.*
To uſe many **bleſſings.** *Faire beaucoup d'agios.*
Bleew. *Bleu, bleue, azuré.*
Bleew-bleew, Bleew-bottle. *Bleuet, bluet, blute, Percele.*
Bleew Inde. *Indè, Indico.*
Bleewiſh. *Bleuaſtre, bluard.*
Blight (an herbe.) *Bruture, bruſture, Nielle des bleds.*
Blind. *Aveugle, orbe.*
Halfe **blind,** or almoſt **blind.** *Borgnet.*
To **blind.** *Aveugler.*
The **blind-gut.** *Inteſtin borgne.*
A **blind-worme.** *Nadel.*
Blinded. *Aveuglé.*
Blindly. *A aveuglettes.*
Blindneſſe. *Aveuglement, aveuglité, ceciité, caligineſité, goutte ſerene, goutte mauvequine.*
A **blinkard.** *Borgne.*
To **blinke.** *Guigner.*
A **blinker.** *Guigneur.*
Bliſſe. *Felicité.*
Bliſſefull. *Benist, beniſt, heureux.*
Bliſſefully. *Heureuſement, bien heureuſement.*
Bliſſefullneſſe. *Heureté, heureuſeté, heurté.*
Bliſt. *Benedict. Ou comme* Bleſſed.
A **bliſter.** *Æroſte, eamolle, veſſie, veſſiette, bibette, bourgeon; eſchaboüillure.*
A little **bliſter.** *Bubette, puſtule, veſſiette.*
To **bliſter.** *Veſſier.*
Full of **bliſters.** *Puſtuleux; Eſchaboüillé, veſſié.*
Bliſtered. *Veſſié.*
Bliſtering. *Veſicatoire.*
Blite, or **Blits** (an herbe.) *Blette, burgon.*
Blith, Blithſome. *Joyeux, gai, gaillard, alaigre, gay, agaillardé, baité, baitié.*
To be **blith.** *S'agaillarder, ſe goguer.*
Bloate. *Voyez* Blote.
A **blocke** (of wood.) *Billot, cloué, chouquet.*
A mounting **blocke.** *Montoir, montouër.*
A **blockhead.** *Vne groſſe teſte, michon, minchon, viedaze.*
A **Block-houſe.** *Redoict, redoiſte, roque, aggere.*
To make **blockiſh.** *Hebeter.*
Blockiſh. *Groſſe; lourd, gros, Hebeté, rude, morne.*
Blockiſhly. *Groſſement, groſſierement.*
Blockiſhneſſe. *Sottiſe.*
Blood. *Sang.* *Voyez* Bloud.
To **bloome,** or **bloſſome.** *Fleurir, fleuronner, flouvir.*
A **bloome.** *Fleur, flour.*
Set thick with **bloomes.** *Fleuronné.*
A ſmall **bloome.** *Fleuretie, fleuron.*
Bloomed. *Fleuri, flori.*
Blooming *Fleuriſſant.*
To **blote** herrings. *Saurir les harens, ſorer.*
Blote herrings. *Harans ſaurs, ou, enſumez.*
Bloted *Soré.*
A **blott.** *Macule, tache; note, notte.*
A little **blott.** *Tachette.*
To **blot.** *Barbouiller, blotter, maculer, tacher, maſcarer; noter.*
To **blott** out. *Effacer, biffer, canceller, raſſer, canceller; Abolir.*
Blotted. *Barbouillé, taché; Noté.*
Blotted out. *Effacé, biffé, canceté, abliturè.*
A **blotting.** *Barbouillement.*
A **blotting** out. *Cancellation, biſement, bifferic, biſſeure.*

A **blotting** paper. *Bibule, maculatures, papier brouillard.*

Blood *Sang.*

To let **blood.** *Saigner.*

Let **blood.** *Saigné.*

Full of **blood.** *Saigneux, ſanglant, ſanguinolent.*

Blood-letting. *Saignée, ſeignée.*

To convert, or turne into **blood.** *Sanguifier.*

To ſtanch **blood.** *Eſtancher le ſang.*

Blood-making, turning into **blood.** *Sanguificatif.*

To traine up in **blood,** or bloudy courſes. *Acharner.*

Defiled with **blood.** *Enſanglanté.*

Blood-thirſty. *Sanguinaire, ſanguinolent, aimcarnage.*

A **Blood-ſtone.** *Pierre hematide, ou hieracite ; ſanguine, dont les couſteliers colorent les gardes des eſpées, &c.*

Whoſe **blood** is diſturbed, or ſtirred. *Sang-meſlé.*

A diſturbing or ſtirring of the **blood.** *Sang-meſleure.*

A **blood-ſucker.** *Sangſuë.*

The **bloodſhot** of an eye. *Sugillation.*

To ſuck **blood** (as a horſeleech,) *Sangſuër.*

Blood-ſtreaking. *Carnacier, carnagier.*

A **blood-hound.** *Limier.*

A **blood-ſwipe.** *Bleſſure, gulpe, abbreuvoir à mouſches, playe.* Voyez a Wound.

Blooded, *Saigné.*

Bloodie. *Sanglant, ſanguin, ſanguinaire, ſanguineux, ſanguinolent, carnacier, carnagier.*

To **bloodie,** be-**bloodie,** make **bloodie,** or imbrew with bloud. *Sanglanter, enſanglanter.*

A **bloodie** perſon. *Homme ſanguinaire.*

The **Bloodie-flixe.** *Flux de ſang, caqueſangue, cagaſangue.*

Blooded, or made **bloodie,** or imbrewed with bloud. *Enſanglanté.*

Bloodily. *Sanglamment, ſanglantement.*

A **blooding.** *Boudin.* Voyez a pudding.

Blought wheate. *Eled, glas.*

A **blow.** *Coup,* Adot.

A **blow** on the eare. *Soufflet, buffe.*

A cruell **blow.** *Naurure.*

A **blow** with a ſtaffe. *Coup de baſton.*

To deale **blowes.** *Mener les mains.*

A downe right blow. *Eſtramaçon.*

To **blow** upon. *Halener.*

To **blow.** *Souffler.*

The wind to **blow.** *Venter.*

To **blow** a ſoft gale. *Venteler.*

To **blow** often. *Souffleter.*

To **blow** the noſe. *Moucher le nez.*

To **blow,** (as a Roſe, or any other flower.) *Eſpanir, eſpanoüir, (comme les fleurs.)*

Blowen (as flowers.) *Eſpani, eſpanoüi.*

A **blower.** *Soufleur.*

A **blowing.** *Soufflement.*

Blowing often. *Souffleteux, ſouffleux.*

A **blowing** on. *Halenement.*

A **blowing** (of flowers.) *Eſpanouiſſement.*

A **blowing** the noſe. *Mouchement du nez.*

Blowne, *Soufflé, venté.*

Blowne often. *Soufflété.*

Blunt. *Mouce ; rebouché, mouſſé ; gourd, lourd, gros, hebeté, rude, obtus.*

The **blunt** end of a thing. *Moignon, mougnon,*

To **blunt,** make **blunt.** *Morner eſmoucer, reboucher, aſſlouïr, agacer, agaſſer, eſlourdir, hebeter ; obtundre.*

A **blunt-headed** lance. *Lance morne, lance à boëte, lance courtoiſe.*

Blunt-roweled ſpurres. *Eſperons mornes.*

Blunt (in word, or deed.) *Ronde, rude.*

Blunted. *Agacé, aſſloui, mouſſé, agaſſé, rebouché, hebeté.*

Bluntly. *Rondement ; en ſon lourdois ; groſſierement.*

Bluntly. *Mornement, obtuſement.*

A **blunting.** *Agacement, eſlourdement, rebouchement.*

Bluntneſſe. *Rondeur, rudeſſe.*

Bluntneſſe. *Agaſſeté, agaſſure.*

To **blurre.** *Aſſlouïr, maſcarer.*

To **blurre** a Trumpet. *Grailler.*

Blurred. *Aſſlouï.*

Blurring. *Grailleux.*

Blurt (piſh.) *Nargues.*

To **bluſh.** *Rougir ; ſe hontoyer, ſe hontir.*

To make to **bluſh.** *Faire rougir.*

Bluſhing. *Rougiſſant.*

A **bluſhing.** *Erubeſcence.*

To **bluſter.** *Tempeſter, turbulenter.*

A **bluſter.** *Tempeſte.*

Bluſtered. *Tempeſté.*

Bluſtering. *Tempeſtueux, tempeſteux, turbulent.*

A **bluſtering.** *Behourdis.*

To make a **bluſtering** noiſe and ſtirre. *behourder, behourdir.*

A **bluſtering** noiſe and ſtirre. *Behourd, bohourd.*

A **board.** Voyez a Boord.

A **Boare.** *Verrat.*

A wild **Boare.** *Sanglier.*

A great, full growne wild **Boare.** *Hurant.*

To **Boare.** Voyez to Bore.

A young wild **Boare.** *Marcaſſin, marquaſin.*

Boas ; a water Serpent that ſucks kine. *Booie, Boie. Eſpece de ſerpent aquatique, qui ſuge les vaches tant qu'elles ont de laict, & apres les empoiſonne, & puis les devore.*

To **boaſt.** *Vanter, ſe vanter, ſe glorifier, faire feſte de, Piaffer, bobancer, ſe groyer, jacter.*

A **boaſter.** *Vanteur, glorieux, bobancier, piaffard, piaffeur ; prelingant, jactateur.*

A **boaſting.** *Vanterie, glorieuſeté, bobance, bobans, piaffe, gloriation, cagade, jactance, jactation.*

Boaſtingly. *Glorieuſement, piaffeuſement.*

A **boate.** *Bateau, Eſquif.*

A little **boate.** *Batelet ; Eſquifon.*

A long **boate.** *Nacelle.*

A flie **boate.** *Fregate, brigantin.*

A Ship **boate.** *Eſquif, ſartie, ſcaphe.*

A ferrie **boate.** *Bac.*

A horſe **boate.** *Taforée.*

A **boat-man.** *Batelier, viveran, matelot.*

A **boate** woman. *Bateliere.*

A **boate-bowls,** (or Bowle like a Boat.) *Nacelle.*

To hale a **boate** aſhore, or under ſhelter. *Garrer un bateau.*

To **Bob.** *Frapper, tapper, taper.* Voyez to Beate, knocke, ſtrike.

A **bob.** *Heurt, coup, taloche.* Voyez a Blow, a Box.

A **bob** (that boyes play with.) *Billoquet.*

A **bob** under the chiane. *Mantonniere.*

Bobbed over the fingers ends. *Talochè.*

Boccaſin (ſtuffe,) *Boccaſin.*

A **bodie.** *Corps.*

A little **bodie.** *Corſet, corſelet, corpſet.*

A dead **bodie.** *Corps mort, cadavre.*

Some **bodie.** *Quelqu'un.*

The **bodie** of a tree. *Souche, le corps d'un arbre.*

No **bodie.** *Perſonne.*

The **bodie** of a houſe. *Un corps d'hoſtel.*

The **body** of a Church. *Neſ d'egliſe.*

Bigneſſe of **body.** *Corpulence.*

A womans **Bodies,** or a paire of **bodies.** *Corſet, corpſet.*

To embrace by ; to take hold of the **bodie.** *Corſer.*

The quantity, forme, and conſtitution of the **bodie.** *Corporance, corporence, corſage.*

Bodied, as big **bodied.** *Corporu, corpulent, corſu.*

Bodileſſe. *Incorporel.*

Bodily (Adjective.) *Corporel.*

Bodily (Adverb,) *Corporellement.*

A **Bodkin.** *Poinſon, poinçon.*

A little **bodkin.** *Poinçonnet.*

To pricke, or pierce with a **bodkin.** *Poinſonner, poinſonner.*

A Pricke or hole made with a **bodkin.** *Poinſonnade.*

Pricking as a **bodkin.** *Poinçonneux.*

A **Bogge.** *Moliere, fondriere.*

To **Boile.** *Bouillir, bouillonner.*

To **boile** throughly, or over-much. *Esbouiller.*

To **boile** a liquour nine times over. *Charopper.*

Boiled. *Bouilli, bouillonne, bouillu.*

Throughly **boiled,** or **boiled** overmuch. *Esbouilli.*

Stuffe **boiled** too much. *Esbouillnë.*

Boiled meate and broth. *Bouilli, bouillon.*

A **Boiler** (or boiling Lead,) *Marmite.*

A **Boiling.** *Bouillonnement, bouillon.*

Boiling. *Bouillant, bouillonneux.*

With a **boiling** deſire. *Bouillamment.*

Boiſterous. *Robuſte.*

Boiſterous weather. *Tempeſte.*

A **Boiſterous** wind. *Bourraſque, tourbillon.*

Boiſterouſly. *Robuſtement.*

Boiſterouſneſſe. *Robuſteté.*

Bold. *Hardi.*

Growne **bold.** *Enhardi.*

A **Bold** ſcurvie part. *Affront.*

To **Bolden.** *Enhardir.* Voyez to Imbolden.

Boldly. *Hardiment.*

A **Bold** huſwife. *Mieureſſe.*

Boldneſſe. *Hardieſſe.*

Bolearmenie. *Bol, Bolarment, bol d'Armenie.*

A **Boline.** *Bouline, Boline.*
Bolmong (or French wheate.) *Penit, bled ſarraſin; mil, ou millet ſarraſin.*
A **Bolſter.** *Chevet, Traverſin.*
The **Bolſter** of a ſaddle. *Batte.*
To **bolſter** up. *Supporter.*
Bolſtered. *Supporté.*
A **bolſtering.** *Supportation.*
To **Bolt.** *Baccler, bacler, vtroniller.*
To **bolt** meale. *Voyez* to Boult.
A **bolt** of a dore. *Verrouil.*
A **bolt,** or bird-**bolt.** *Boujon, Materas.*
Bolted. *Batelé, baclé.*
Boltropes (cords wherewith a ſaile is hemmed.) *Nervins, Nerveurs.*
A **Bombard.** *Comme* a Bumbard.
Bombaſte, Bombaſt. *Voyez* Bumbaſte, Bumbaſt.
A **Bond.** *Liaiſon, Obligation.*
Bondage. *Servitude, captivité, eſclavage.*
To bring unto **bondage.** *Eſclaver.*
A **Bondman,** or **bondſlave.** *Serf, captif, eſclave, vilain.*
A **Bone.** *Os.*
The cheeke **bone.** *Os de la pommette; os de l'orbite.*
The end or outermoſt part of the cheeke-**bone** towards the eare. *Os conjugal, Os jugal, Os zigoma.*
The upper and bigger **bone** of the cubite. *Os du rayon.*
The under and leſſer **bone** of the cubite. *Os du coulde.*
The cuneall **bone** of the head. *Os cuneiforme, os Sphenoïde.*
Cuttle (fiſh) **Bone.** *Os de ſeiche.*
A hollow **bone** in the rumpe or crupper of a Deere. *Os Corbin.*
The forehead **bone.** *Os coronal, Os frontal, Os de la poupe de la teſte, Os du ſens commun.*
The hip, or huckle **bone.** *Os de la feſſe.*
The upper jawe **bones.** *Os Maxillaires.*
The leſſe **bone** of the leg. *Os de la ſoufgreve.*
The nape or nuke **bone.** *Os baſilaire.*
The noddle **bone.** *Os occipital.*
The inner **bone** of the noſe. *Os couloir du nez.*
The leſſer ſhanke **bone.** *Os de l'eſperon.*
The ſhare **bone.** *Os Bertrand.*
The bigger ſhinne **bone.** *Os de la greve, os de la jambe.*
The skiffe **bone.** *Os Scaphoïde, os naviculaire.*
The ſpungie **bone** above the noſe. *Os ſpongieux, os etmoïde, os cribleux.*
The **bone** of a Sags heart. *Os de cœur de cerf.*
The **bone** of the temples. *Os de la temple, ou temporal; Os petreux, ou pierreux.*
The ſmall **bone** of a fiſh. *Areſte.*
Full of ſuch ſmall **bones.** *Areſteux.*
A **Bonefire.** *Feu de joye.*
An inſtrument to ſet diſjoynted **Bones.** *Maxivelle.*
A **Bonitos** (fiſh.) *Boniton.*
A **Bonne,** *Petition, requeſte.* (*Vieil mot.*)
A **Booke.** *Livre.*
A little **booke.** *Livret.*
A **booke** of remembrance. *Memorial.*
A **booke** of accompts. *Livre des comptes, papier de raiſon, papier de marchant.*
A Church **booke,** or Regiſter **booke** for a Church. *Papier baptiſtere.*
Bookiſh, of or belonging to a **booke.** *Livreſque.*
A **Booke-binder.** *Relieur de livres.*
A **Booke-ſeller.** *Libraire, Marchant libraire.*
A **Boord.** *Planche, ais, aiſſelle.*
To **boord** with **boords.** *Plancher, planchayer, planchéer, planchoyer, planchoter.*
A **boord,** or table. *Table.*
A little **boord,** or table. *Tablette.*
A Cheſſe **boord.** *Tablier des eſchets.*
A **boordfull** of. *Tablée de.*
To **boord** one. *Tabler.*
To **boord** a ſhip. *Aborder un navire.*
To caſt over **boord.** *Iecter dans la mer.*
The ſound-**boord** of a muſicall inſtrument. *Tremblour, Canon.*
On ſhip **boord.** *Abord le navire, monté ſur le navire.*
A **boord** or jeaſt. *Sornette.*
To **boord** or jeaſt. *Bourder, gauſſer, ſorner.* *Voyez* to jeaſt.
Boordable, or approchable, *Abordable.*
Boorded with boords. *Planché, Planchayé. Planchoyé.*
A **boorded** floore; a ſeeling of boords. *Planchoir, Planchier.*
Boorded. *Aborde.*
Boorded, or tabled. *Penſionné.*
A **Boorder,** or tabler. *Penſionnaire.*
A **boorder,** or jeaſter. *Gauſſeur, Gaudiſſeur, bourdeur.*
A **Boording** with boords. *Planchage.*
A **boording** or tabling. *Tablage, Penſion.*
The **boording** (as of a ſhip.) *Abordement, abordée, abordade, abord.*
A **boording,** or jeaſting. *Gaudiſſerie, Raillerie.* *Voyez* leaſt and leaſting.
A **Boore.** *Ruſtic, paiſan, cagrois, magnan, franclopin, manant, maſchefoyn, caſois.* *Voyez* a Clowne.
Boorish. *Agreſte, rude.*
Boote. *Profit, avantage.* *Comme*
What **boote** will you give me? or, what will you give me to **boote?** *Quelavantage me donnerez vous?*
Too much **boote.** *Surſoute.*
It **booteth** not. *C'eſt en vain, cela ne profite rien; n'avantage rien.*
Booteleſſe. *En vain, à nul profit.*
To give **boote,** or **bootie** (for a thing exchanged.) *Retourner.*
A **Boots.** *Botte, greves.*
Boots-hoſe. *Chauſſes-à botter, Triquebouſe.*
To **Boote,** to pull or put on **bootes.** *Botter, botter, ſe botter.*
To pull of his **bootes.** *Se debotter.*
Booted. *Botté, Botté; Houſé.*
Boötes. *Boöte, le charretier, arcture.*
A **Booth.** *Cabaret.*
A **Bootis.** *Butin, capture, bavée.*
To get **bootie,** or to **boot-haile.** *Butiner.*
Full of **bootie.** *Butineux.*
A **Boote-haler.** *Butineur.*
A **Boot-haling.** *Butinement.*
Boot-haling. *Butinent.*
Bo-peepe. *Jeu d'enfant; on (plaiſoſt) des nourrices aux petits enfans; ſe cacher, ſe viſage, & puis ſe monſtrant.*
A **Bottracho,** or lether bottle. *Bouracho, bouvraquin, bouvrabequin.*
A ſmall **bottracho.** *Bourtachon, guedouſle, guedouille.*
Bottage. *Bourrache, bourroche.*
Bottas. *Borras, borrais, bourras.*
The **bottor** of a thing. *Bordure, marge, liſiére.*
To **bottor** a garment. *Liſer.*
To **bottor** upon. *Geſtraupres, marchiſer, marchir.*
To **bottor** together. *Conterminer.*
The **bottors** or marches. *Fromieres, liſiéres, marches.*
The utmoſt **bottors** of a country. *Finages.*
Bottoring. *Bordure.*
bottoring upon. *Joignant, limitrophe.*
A **bottoure.** *Bordure.*
To **bore.** *Buſſer, forer, percer.*
Bored. *Buſſé, foré, percé.*
A **boring.** *Percement.*
Borne. *Porté, geré.* (*participe du Verbe* to Beare.
Borne downe. *Abbatu, accablé.*
Borne out. *Maintenu.*
To be **borne.** *Eſtre Nai, naiſtre, naſquir.*
To be **borne** againe, *Renaiſtre.*
Borne. *Nai, né; natif.*
The firſt **borne.** *L'aiſné, le premier nai.*
Borne before it time. *Avorton, abortif.*
Still **borne,** **borne** dead. *Mort-né.*
Borrage. *Comme* Borage.
A **Borough.** *Comme* **Bourough.**
To **borrow.** *Emprunter.*
Borrowed. *Emprunté.*
A **borrower.** *Emprunteur.*
A **borrowing.** *Emprunt.*
A **Boſome.** *Scin, Giron.*
A **boſome** of the ſea. *Golfe.*
A **boſome** full. *Gironné.*
A **Boſſe.** *Boſſe.*
A little **boſſe.** *Boſſelet.*
A **boſſe-maker.** *Boſſetier.*
A fat **boſſe.** *Femme bien graſſe & graſſe; vne Cochc.*
A plaiſterers **boſſe,** or tray. *Cuſoire, Glyphonoire.* ¶ Rab.
The **boſſe** of a Buckler. *Boſſe de bouclier.*
Boſſes. Pompes.
A **Botch.** *Boſſe, Abſcez; Grenat rouge.*
A **botch** in the groine or yard. *Clapoir, clavoire.*
A **botch,** or patch. *Bobelin.*
A peſtilent **botch.** *Male boſſe.*
To **botch.** *Bobeliner, rabiller, rabilleconſtrer, fatrer, fatrouiller, rataconner.*
To **botch,** or bungle. *Fatrer, fatrouiller.*
Botched. *Bobeline, rabillé, fatraſſé, fatrouillé, rataconné.*
A **Botcher.** *Bobelineur, ratacmeur.*
A **botchers** ſhop. *Boutique de ratacmeur.*
A **botcher,** or bungler. *Fatrouilleur.*
A **Botching.** *Ratacmerie.*
Botching, or bungling. *Voyez* Bungling.

Both. *Tous deux.*
Both-waies. *De tous les deux ſortes, ou manieres.*
On **both** ſides. *De tous deux coſtez.*
lack on **both** ſides. *Ambidextre.*
The **Bots.** *Les trenchées.*
A **Bottle.** *Bouteille.*
A great **bottle.** *Flaſcon.*
A glaſſe **bottle.** *Matrez.*
A little **bottle.** *Bouteillette.*
A ſmall vineger **bottle.** *Guedonſle de vinaigre, (and corruptly) Guedouſſe.*
A **bottle** made of a great Gourd. *Calebaſſe, calabaſſe, calabace, callebaſſe, carabaſſe, canebaſſe.*
A ſucking **bottle** for a child. *Succeron; petite bouteille de bois pour vn enfant à teter.*
A **bottle** (or bundle.) *Manipule.*
A **bottle** of hay. *Boteau de foin.*
Blew **bottle.** *Aubi-foin, Bleüet.*
The **Bottome.** *Le fond.*
The **bottome** of an oven. *Le cul du four.*
Setled in the **bottome.** *Aſſiſé.*
At the **bottome.** *Au cul du ſac.*
To ſinke to the **bottome.** *Affonder, s'affonder.*
Sunke downe to, or lying heavy at the **bottome.** *Affondé.*
To ſettle in the **bottome.** *S'affaiſſer.*
Bottome (or the ſetlings of liquor at the **bottome.**) *Marc.*
A ſetting in the **bottome.** *Affaiſſement, affaiſement.*
A great **bottome** (or deepe valley.) *Fondriere.*
The **bottoms** of a Foxes, or Badgers earth. *Accul.*
A **bottome** of thread, yarne, &c. *Peloton, ploton, remuſſeau, gliſſeau.*
A **bottome** to wind ſilke, thread, yarne, &c. on. *Fondrillon, frondillon.* ¶ Rab. Fondreau.
Broad and flat **Bottomed.** *Faict à fonds de cuve.*
Bottomeleſſe. *Abyſmeux.*
A **bottomeleſſe** pit, or hole. *Abyſme.*
To caſt, or ſwallow up into a **bottomeleſſe** hole or pit. *Abyſmer, abiſmer.*
Swallowed up, or caſt into a **bottomeleſſe** hole or pit. *Abyſmé.*
A **Bough.** *Branche, rameau, raim, rain.*
Full of **boughes.** *Branchu.*
A little **bough.** *Branchette, ramille, ramiſſeau, rainceau, raimceau, branchillon.*
Bought. *Acheté, Participe du verbe* to Buy.
Bought and ſold. *Marchandé.*
A thing **bought.** *Achet, achat.*
A **bought.** *Cambreure, flechiſſure, courbe.*
Boughtis. *Cambre, cambré.*
Bould, bouldly, bouldneſſe. *Voyez* Bold.
A **Boule.** *Coupe, jadeau, gate, jatte, gobélet.*
An earthen **boule** *Godet.*
A wooden **boule.** *Gamelle.*
A waſhing **boule.** *Gede.*
A **boule** (to play with.) *Voyez* Bowle.
A **Bouliſter.** *Traverſin, chevet.*
To **bouliſter.** *Voyez* to Bolſter.
A **boult,** to **boult.** *Comme* a Bolt, to Bolt.
A bird-**boult.** *Bouſon, materas.*
A thunder **boult.** *Fouldre.*
A **boult** for a Croſſebow. *Garrot, guarrot.*
The **boult** of a locke. *Peſne, pene.*
To **boulte** meale. *Bluter, bluttér, beluter, tamiſer, ſaſſer, cribler.*
To **boult** (or ſearch) out. *Fureter.*
The **boult** of a doore. *Voyez* a Bolt.
Boulted (as meale.) *Bluté, blutté.*
Boulted out. *Fureté.*
A **Boulter,** which boulteth. *Bluteur, blutteur.*
A **boulter** out. *Fureteur.*
A **boulter,** to boult with. *Bluteau, belutteau, tamis, blutteau, ſas; baire.*
A **boulting.** *Bluterie, blutage, bluttement.*
A **boulting** tub. *Bluttoir, bluterie.*
Bound, or tied. *Lié, attaché, obligé; Participe du verbe* to Binde.
Bound hard with cords. *Garroté.*
Bound up with ſmall ſplints. *Haſtelé.*
To **bound** (as a ball.) *Bondir, baloter, ſe guinder.*
A **bound,** or rebound. *Bond.*
To **bound,** or limit. *Borner, aborner.*
To **bound** upon. *Geſir aupres, Marchiſer, Marchir.*
A **bound.** *Borne, mete.*
The **bounds,** or limits. *Bornes, limites.*
The utmoſt **bounds** of lands. *Aboutiſſement de terres, finages.*
Bounded, or rebounded. *Bondi, baloté.*
Bounded, or limited. *Borné, aborné.*
Bounden. *Obligé. (Participe du verbe)* to Binde, or oblige.
To make **bounden.** *Obliger.*
A **bounder,** or limiter. *Borneur.*
A **bounding,** or rebounding. *Bondiſſement, Balotade.*
A **bounding** (within bounds.) *Abornement.*
Bounding neere upon. *Ioignant.*
Boundleſſe. *Interminant, interminé.*
To **bounce** up high (as a football.) *Baloter.*
Bounſed high from the ground. *Baloté.*
A **bounſing** (as of a football.) *Balotage.*
Bountie. *Liberalité, beneficence, munificence, benigneté.*
Bountifull. *Liberal, benin, benigne.*
Bountifully. *Liberalement, benignement, franchement.*
To **bourd,** a **bourd, &c.** *Voyez* a Boord, to Boord, &c.
A **Bours.** *Comme* a Bower.
A **Bourg.** *Comme* a Bourough.
A **Bourgamaſter.** *Voyez* Burgamaſter.
A **Bourguer,** or **Bourgeſſe.** *Comme* Burguer, and Burgeſſe.
A **Bourough,** (or great towne.) *Bourg.*
To **bouſe.** *Voyez* to Bib, to ſwill.
A **bouſe.** *Fou, coup.*
To **bow.** *Flechir, courber, plier, accourber, flexir, gambir, cambrer, accourbir, micourber.*
To **bow** down. *Abbaiſſer; affaiſſer, decliner.*
To **bow** downe the head in humility. *Baiſſer le front.*
To **bow** forward, or ſit bowing forwards. *S'accroupir.*
A **Bow** (to ſhoote in.) *Arc.*
A Raine-**bow.** *Arc du ciel.*
A **bow-ſtring.** *La corde d'un arc.*
A **bow-man,** or Archer. *Archer, Sagittaire.*
A croſſe-**bow.** *Arbaleſte.*
A ſtone **bow.** *Arbaleſte à boulet, arc à gelais, à gelet, ou, à jalet.*
A **bow** of a Violl. *Archet.*
A **bow-net.** *Naſſe, faſſe.*
Bowed. *Flechi, courbé, gambi, cambré, cambre; Oblique.*
Bowed forward. *Accroupi.*
Halfe-**bowed.** *Mi-penché.*
The **bowells.** *Les boyaux, inteſtins, entrailles.*
In the very **bowells** of. *Au moyau de.*
To **bowell.** *Eſventrer, deſentraiſſer, exenterer.*
Bowelled. *Eſventré, deſentraillé, exenteré.*
Bowers. *Flecheurs.*
A **Bower,** or **bowze.** *Fueillade, bereeau, fueillée.*
A **Bowyer.** *Archier, qui fait des arcs.*
A **Bowing.** *Flechiſſure, flechiſſement, courbement, courbure.*
A **Bowle.** *Boule.*
To **Bowle.** *Bouler.*
A little **bowle.** *Boulette, bouleau, jallet.*
A **bowling** alley. *Bouloire.*
A **Box.** *Boiſte, boete, boëtte, capſe, capſule, caſſe, caſſetin, coſſette, caſſole, caſſelette.*
The glaſſie **box,** on Goldſmiths ſtalles. *La monſtre d'un orfevre.*
A little **box.** *Boëttelette, capſetin.*
A poore mans **box** in a (Church.) *Tronc.*
A **box** on the eare. *Soufflet.*
A **Box** tree. *Bouis.*
A Chriſtmas (money) **box.** *Tirelire.*
A place where **Box** growes. *Bouiſſere.*
Box-thorne, prickly **Box.** *Bouis d'aſne, bouis eſpineux, ou piquant.*
Boxes in a preſſe. *Caſſerins*
A **boy.** *Gars, garçon, garſon.*
A little **boy.** *Garſonnet.*
A ſouldiers **boy.** *Goujat.*
A troope or crue of **boyes.** *Garſonnaille.*
A troope or crue of ſouldiers **boyes.** *Goujataille, goujatere.*
A **Boy** that miniſters to the prieſt at maſſe. *Acolyte, accolite.*
A petty Grammer ſchoole **boy.** *Grimauld, grimaud.*
A **Boy** or **buy** of an anchor. *Bouée.*
Boyiſh. *Puerile.*
To uſe **boyiſh** tricks. *Faire le garſon, gaſonner.*
Boyiſhly. *En garſon, comme vn garſon.*
Boyiſhneſſe. *Puerilité.*
To **Boyle.** *Comme* to Boile.
Boyſterous. *Comme* Boiſterous.
To **Bzabble.** *Breteler, hutiner; S'attacher à, quereller, rioter, noiſer, cauſer.*
A **bzabble.** *Querelle, noiſe.*
Bzabbled. *Querellé.*
A **Bzabbler.** *Bretelleur, Querelleur, Cauſeur, cauſaian.*
A **Bzabbling.** *Hutin, hutinement, riote, veruë.*

Brabbling. *Hutin, rioteux, noiſeux, noiſif.*
Full of **Brabbling.** *Hutineux, Querelleux, Rioteux.*
A **Brabbling** fellow. *Harceleur.*
A **brace,** or meaſure of five foot. *Brace.*
A **brace,** or couple. *Couple, paire.*
A **brace** of Iron. *Crampon de fer.*
A **Brace.** *Cable, ou groſſe corde de navire.*
Braces. *Braſſal, armeure pour le bras.*
The **braces** of a Windleſſe. *Manivelles.*
A **bracelet.** *Bracelet, braſſelet.*
A **bracelet-maker.** *Maniller.*
A **Bracer,** or Archers **bracelet.** *Braſſal, braçal, braſſart, braſſat; mancheron, manchon.*
Brachygraphie. *Brachygraphie; ou, l'art d'eſcrire briefvement.*
A **brack.** *Bris, Briſée.*
A **bracket.** *Corbeau, modillon, gouſſet.*
A foulding **bracket.** *Modillon, modelon.*
Brackets (or Corbels.) *Mutules.*
Brackiſh. *Salé.*
Brackiſhneſſe. *Salſitude, ſalſature.*
To **brag,** or **bragge.** *Se vanter, ſe glorifier, piaffer; faire feſte de, jacter. Voyez* to Boaſt.
A **brag.** *Vantance; hauſſe-menton.*
A **Braggadochio,** or **braggard, bragger,** or **bragging** fellow. *Venteur, piaffard, piaffeur, gorrier, goguelu, jactateur.*
Braggardiſe. *Gloriation; ou, comme* a Bragging, *jactance, jactation.*
A **bragging.** *Vanterie, glorieuſeté, piaffe.*
Braggingly. *Piaffeuſement.*
Bragget. *Medon.*
To **brain, brained, &c.** *Voyez* to Curle, Curled, &c.
To **braie.** *Voyez* to Bray.
The **braine.** *Cerveau, cervelle.*
To **braine,** to daſh or knock out the **braines.** *Eſcerveler.*
To take out the **braines.** *Eſcerveler.*
The hinder part of the **braine.** *Cervelet, petit cerveau.*
Deprived of **braines.** *Eſcervelé.*
Brained; whoſe braines are knockt or daſht out. *Eſcervelé.*
A light or ſhittle **brain'd** fellow. *Bernard.*
A **braining.** *Eſcervellement.*
Brainleſſe. *Eſcervelé, cervelin, ſans cerveau, acariaſtre.*
Brainſick, haire-braind, wild-braind, cock-braind. *Eſcervelé, cervelin; furieux, maniaque, maniacle.*
A **Brake** (for hempe.) *Braque, à braquer, ou briſer le chanvre.*
To **brake** hempe. *Braquer du chambre.*
To **brake,** or dreſſe flax. *Brayer du lin.*
A **Brake** of Iearne. *Fouchiere, fougiere, tochere.*
Braked (as hempe.) *Braqué.*
A **Bramble.** *Ronce.*
The **bramble** (or black) berry. *Catherine. Voyez* Berry.
A place full of **brambles.** *Ronçay, roncoy, hailler, baillier, ronciere.*
Bramblie, full of **brambles.** *Ronceux.*
The **brambling** (bird.) *Moineau de bois.*
A **Branch.** *Branche, branchure, fueillar, fronde.*
Branches. *Branchage.*
The **branches** of Poplers and Willowes. *Mayeres.*
To put, or ſpread forth **branches.** *Ramifier, frondoyer.*
Branchleſſe wood. *Bois de fuſtée.*
To ſit or perch on a **branch.** *Brancher.*
Haunting among **branches.** *Branchier.*
A little **branch.** *Branchette, branchillon.*
A green, leavie **branch.** *Fueillar, fronde.*
The divided **branch** of a linage. *Fourchage.*
The **branch** of a Stagge. *Marrein.*
The **branches** of a Cannon **bitt.** *Les gardes d'un Canon.*
The **branch** of a Pettigree. *Branchage.*
Branched. *Branchu.*
Branched worke (in painting, or tapiſtrie.) *Fueillage.*
A **Branches.** (or young Hawke newly come out of the neaſt) *Eſpervier branchet, eſpervier branchier.*
Branchie, or full of **branches.** *Branchu.*
Branchineſſe. *Branchage, brancheage.*
A **Brand** (ot fire) or fire **brand.** *Tiſon, brandon, migraine de feu.*
A ſmoakie **brand.** *Fumeau.*
To ſtirre fire-**brands,** or lay them cloſe together. *Tiſonner.*
A **brand,** or diſgracefull marke. *Flaiſtriſſure.*
To **brand** (in the forehead, or marke with a hot iron.) *Flatrer, flaiſtrir, flaitrir; fleurdeliſer.*
Branded (ſo.) *Flatré, flaiſtri, flatri, fleurdeliſé.*
A **branding** (in the forhead.) *Flatriſſement.*
A **Brandiron.** *Trepied, tripied.*
To **brandiſh.** *Brandir.*
Brandiſhing. *Brandiſ.*
To **brandle.** *Brandiller, branſler.*
Brandled. *Brandillé, branſlé.*
A **brandling.** *Brandillement, branſlement, branſle, branſloire.*
Branke-urſin. *Branche urſine, branque urſine, branche bircine; Acanthe.*
To **brangle.** *Voyez* to Brabble, or brawle.
Branne. *Son, bran.*
Branne that hath ſome meale left amongſt it. *Son gras.*
Courſe **branne** whoſe meale is all quite boulted out. *Son ſec.*
Brannie, or ſcalie like branne. *Furfuré.*
Braſes. *Voyez* Braces.
A **Braſier.** *Braſſier, chauderonnier, poiſlier.*
Braſill wood. *Breſil.*
Made red, as, or with **Braſill.** *Breſillé.*
Braſſe. *Bronze, Airain, Arain.*
Braſſe-coats. *Climée.*
Braſon, braſſie, made of, or covered with, Braſſe. *Bronzé.*
Braſon-faced. *Effronté, eſhonté, qui a le front rompu.*
To **Braze,** to make of, or cover with, Braſſe. *Bronzer.*
With a **brazon,** or **braſon** face. *Effrontement.*
To **braſt** (an old word.) *Voyez* to Burſt.
A **brauado.** *Bravade, affront, ſupercherie.*
Brave. *Brave, gallant, gorrier, gorgias, gaillard, fringant.*
To **brave** it. *Fringuer, ſe gorgiaſer, pioſſer.*
To **brade** one. *Affronter, braver; accoſter.*
To **brave** a farre off. *Marchander.*
Braved. *Bravé, affronté, accoſté.*
Bravely. *Bravement, gorrierement, gorgiaſement.*
Bravery. *Gallanterie, braverie, gallantiſe, gorgiaſeté, gaillardiſe, gorre, gorrerie.*
To **Brawle.** *Quereller, noiſer, hutiner, rioter, cauſer.*
A **brawle.** *Querelle, noiſe, debat.*
A **brawle** (dance.) *Brauſle; gavote.*
Brawled. *Querellé.*
A **brawler.** *Querelleur, aime-noiſe, cauſeur, cauſaian.*
A **brawling.** *Hutin, hutinement, riote, cauſon, verue.*
Brawling. *Querelleux, noiſeux, noiſif, hutineux, hutin, rioteux.*
Brawns. *Gallon; durillon, cal; charnure.*
The **brawns** of a Capon, Partridge, &c. *Le blanc d'un chapon, perdrix, &c.*
To waxe hard as **brawne.** *Devenir dur comme cal.*
The **brawns** of the armes. *Le moignon du bras.*
Brawnie, *Calleux.*
A **brawnie** hardneſſe of the **skinne.** *Cal, calloſité.*
To **bray** (in a mortar.) *Broyer, brayer.*
To **bray** like an aſſe. *Recaner, rechaner, braire.*
To **bray** or bellow (as red Deere.) *Réer.*
Brayed, or pounded. *Broyé, brayé, tuſé.*
A **brayer,** or pounder. *Broyeur.*
A **braying,** or pounding. *Broyement, brayement.*
The **braying** of an Aſſe. *Recanement, glavair.*
The **braying,** or bellowing of a red Deere. *Reement.*
Braying. *Brayant, brayart.*
The **brayle,** or pannell of a Hawke. *Le brayer d'un oiſeau, le brayeul.*
Brazill. *Comme* Braſill.
A **Brazier.** *Comme* a Braſier.
A **breach.** *Breche, fracture, faulſéte, briſée, briſure, briſeure, froiſſure, bris.*
To make a **breach** into. *Esbrecher.*
Violent **breaches.** *Fracas.*
A **breach** in a River. *Brechure d'une riviere.*
Breached, broken into a Breach, or full of Breaches. *Breché, esbreché.*
Bread. *Pain.*
White **bread.** *Pain blanc.*
Wheaten, or cheat **bread.** *Bis blanc.*
Browne, corſe, or rye **bread.** *Pain bis, pain noir, pain de meſnage.*
Holy **bread.** *Pain beniſt.*
Mouldie **bread.** *Pain moiſi, pain chanſi, ou velant.*
Sow **bread.** *Pain de pourceau.*
Cruſtie **bread.** *Pain creuſteux.*
Breadth. *Largeur; carreure, quarreure.*
Breakable. *Briſable, frangible.*
To **break.** *Rompre, briſer, fraiſter, fracaſſer, froiſſer; Accrevanter, accrazer, frailler, accravanter, accrazer, caſſer.*
To **break,** make gentle or civilize. *Affaicter.*
To **break,** or play the Banke out. *Faire banqueroute, faire faillite.*
To **break** downe. *Abbatre.*
To **break** ſmall. *Triturer, menuiſer.*
To **break** open. *Forcer.*
To **break** with a mallet. *Mailloter.*
To **break** through. *Faire ſaulsée.*
To **breake** up the ground. *Houer.*
To **breake** with. *Faire faillite à.*
To **breake** his word. *Manquer à ſa parole.*
The **breake** of day. *Le point du jour.*
A **Breaker.** *Rompeur, fracaſſeur, Fraiſeur, briſeur, caſſeur.*

A breaker downe. *Abbateur.*
A breaker up of the ground. *Hoüeur.*
A breaking. *Rompement, rupture, fraction, froissure, froissis, froissement, cassation, casserie, cassеure, cassure.*
A breaking off, or asunder. *Abruption.*
A breaking small. *Trituration, menuisement.*
A breaking downe. *Abbatement, abbatewe.*
A breaking up of the ground. *Hoüement, hoüage.*
A breaking, or civilizing. *Affaictcrie.*
Breaking. *Brisеux, cassant.*
A Breakfast. *Desjuner, desjeuner, desjuné.*
A large breakfast. *Desjuner de chasseur.*
To breakfast, eate a breakfast, or Break ones fast. *Desjeuner, desjuner.*
That hath broken his fast, or eaten his breakfast. *Desjuné, desjeuné.*
A Breame (fish.) *Brasme, brame, bresme, bremme, baseau.*
The sea Breame. *Nigroil; denté, marmo, Negroeil.*
The Breast, *La Poictrine.*
A little breast. *Poictrinette.*
Soreneſſe or chaps in womens breasts. *Mal de S. Mammal.*
Belonging to the breast. *Poictrinal, poictrineux, pectoral.*
A womans breast, or pappe. *Mammelle.*
A little breast, or pap. *Mammelette.*
A Breast-plate. *Pectoral, poictrine.*
Of, or belonging to, the breasts, or paps. *Mammillaire, mammal.*
A Breast-cloth. *Gorgerette.*
The breast of a Deere. *Hampe.*
The breath. *Haleine, alcine, alaine, air, respir, bulaine.*
A fragrant, or sweet-smelling breath. *Haleine ſabée.*
To breathe. *Halener, respirer, aspirer, aleiner, hallener; souffler, haleter, halleter.*
To breathe into. *Inspirer.*
Difficulty of fetching breath, or breathing. *Mal du pantois; ou, pantois.*
To breathe out the last. *Expirer.*
To breathe upon. *Souffler ſur.*
Full of breath. *Haleineux.*
To breathe fast and thicke. *Haleter.*
A short breath. *Soupir.*
Breathed. *Halainé, halené, aspiré.*
Breathed out. *Expiré.*
A breather. *Respireur.*
A breathing. *Respiration, halenée, haletement, halenement, respirement, aspiration.*
Breathing. *Haleine.*
A breathing thick. *Haletement.*
A breathing hole. *Soupiral, soupirail.*
Bred. *Engendré, geneté, né, natif; auſſi, nourri, eſlevé. Voyez* to Breed.
To breech. *Feſſer, ſouëtter.*
A breech. *Chauſſe.*
A cloſe linnen breech, or breeke. *Braye.*
Short and cloſe under breeches of linnen. *Brayes, Calçons, calesſons, calsons.*
The breech of a gun, or peece of ordnance. *Culaçon, culaſſe.*
Breeches, or a paire of Breeches. *Hault de chauſſes, Brayes.*
That weareth breeches. *Chauſſé de hault de chauſſes, veſtu de hault de chauſſes, qui porte hault de chauſſes, ou brayes.*
She weareth the breeches. *Dit d'une femme, qui a la ſuperioriré de ſon mari. Elle porte les brayes.*
Breeched, or jerked. *Feſſé, ſouëttè.*
A Breecher, or whipper. *Fouëtteur, feſſeur.*
A Breeching, or jerking. *Feſſée, ſouëttement.*
To Breed. *Genever, engendrer, porter.*
To breed, (as wormes.) *Accueillir (comme le vers.)*
To breed, bring up, or give breeding to. *Nourrir, eſlever.*
To be bred of. *Naiſtre, naſquir.*
A breeder. *Engendreur, geneteur.*
A female breeder. *Generatrice.*
A breeding. *Engendrement, engendreure, engendriure, geniture, generation; auſſi nourriſſement, nourriture.*
Good breeding. *Bonne education, franchiſe.*
A breeding power. *Generatif.*
A Breefe or note. *Un bref, brief, brevet, brevetade.*
Breefe. *Brief, brieve, bref, breve.*
To reduce into breefes. *Breveter.*
Breefly. *Brievement, en brief, ſuccinctement.*
Breefenette. *Brieveté.*
A Breet, or Turbot. *Turbot, Bretonneau.* ✠ Nor.
A Breviarie. *Breviaire.*
A breviate. *Abbreviature.*
To breviate. *Breveter. Voyez* to Abbreviate.
Brevitie. *Brieveté.*
To brew. *Braſſer.*
Brewed. *Braſſé.*
A Brewer. *Braſſeur, barbaudier.*
An ale Brewer. *Braſſeur de l'ale.*
A brewing. *Braſſerie, braſſin.*
A whole brewing. *Autant de bierre ou d'ale qu'on peut braſſer à vne fois.*
Brewis. *Voyez* Browis.
To bribe one. *Corrompre, gaigner, pervertir, ou ſuborner quelcun par dons; fourrer la main à.*
A bribe. *Don.*
Bribed. *Corrompu, ou ſuborné par dons.*
A briber. *Corrompeur par dons, ſuborneur.*
A bribing. *Corrompure, ou ſubornation par dons.*
A Bricke. *Brique.*
A little bricke. *Briquette.*
A Brick-kill. *Briquerie, briqueterie.*
A Brick-layer. *Briquetier.*
A Brick-maker, or brick-seller. *Briquier.*
To lay brickes, to work or build with brickes. *Briquer.*
Bricke-worke, or a laying of bricks. *Briqueterie.*
Brickie; full of Brickes; fit for Brickes. *briqueux.*
A Bridall. *Nopces. Voyez* a Wedding.
Bridal. *Nopcier, nuptiall.*
A Bride. *Da Mariée, nouvelle mariée, nouvelle eſpouſée.*
A Bride-groome. *Eſpoux.*
The Bride-chamber. *Chambre nuptiale.*
Bridewell. *Priſon, ou maiſon de correction pour les vagabons.*
A Bridge. *Pont.*
A little bridge. *Pontelet, pontis, transpontin.*
A draw-bridge. *Pontlevis.*
The bridge of the nose. *Le dos du nez.*
Bridgeworke, bridge-making. *Pontage.*
Bridge-toll. *Pontanage, pontage, pontenage.*
Bridged, that hath a bridge over it. *Ponté.*
Bridgie, or full of bridges. *Ponteux.*
A Bridle. *Bride; frain.*
A bridle with eyeflaps (for a forehorſe.) *Bride à oeilleres.*
To bridle. *Brider; tenir en bride, maiſtriſer.*
To bridle it (by thruſting the chin into the neck.) *Se rengorger.*
Bridled. *Bride; tenue en bride.*
Brieke, briekly, &c. *Voyez* Breefe, Breefely, &c.
A Brier. *Ronce.*
The brier-bush. *Ronce de chien.*
Sweet brier. *Eſglantier, aiglantier.*
A brier-plot; a ground or place full of briers. *Ronçay, ronçoy, ronciere, bailler, baillier.*
Brierie, or full of Briers. *Ronceux.*
A brigander. *Oye nonnette.*
A brigandine (an old faſhioned armour.) *Brigandine.*
A brigantine (a ſwift ſea-veſſell.) *Brigantin, Brigandin.*
Bright. *Clair, luiſant, brillant; candide, cler, clair, lueux, ſerein.*
To be bright. *Eſtre clair & luiſant.*
To make bright, or brighten. *Sereiner.*
Somewhat bright. *Clairet.*
Brightly. *Clairement, clerement.*
Brightneſſe. *Splendeur, clarté, lueur, clerté, reſplendeur, reſplendiſſeur, ſerenité.*
The brim (of any thing.) *Le bord, marge.*
The brim of a Well. *La Mardelle d'un puits; ou, la margelle.*
The brim of a hat. *Aile de chapeau.*
A brimmer. *Qui touche le bord, ou vient juſques au bord, ou marge.*
Brimſtone. *Soulfre.*
Full of brimſtone. *Soulfreux, ſoulfureux.*
The Mine or pit, where brimſtone is gotten. *Soulfriere.*
To dreſſe, or mingle with brimſtone. *Enſoulfrer.*
Mingled, or dreſſed with brimſtone. *Enſoulfré.*
Brincke. *Bord. Ou comme* Brimme.
Brine. *Saulmure.*
To bring. *Amener, apporter, mener.*
To bring backe. *Ramener, rapporter.*
To bring forth fruit. *Produire fruict.*
To bring forth young. *Enfanter; faire petits, porter.*
To bring forth before time. *Avorter.*
To bring down or low. *Abbatre, abbaiſſer; rabaiſſer le menton à.*
To bring to paſſe. *Effectuer.*
To bring unto. *Acconduire, adduire, amener.*
To bring up. *Nourrir, eſlever.*
A bringer. *Porteur.*
A bringer unto. *Ameneur.*
A bringer downe of. *Abbaiſſeur de.*
A ſhe bringer to paſſe. *Effectrice.*
A bringer up of. *Eſleveur de.*
A bringing unto. *Apport, amenement, menage.*
A bringing downe. *Abbaiſſement.*
A bringing up. *Education; eſlevement, nourriſſement, nourriture.*
Brinke. *Comme* Brimme.
The brinke of a Well. *La mardelle d'un puits, margelle d'un puits.*
Brionie. *Bruonie, couleuvrée, colubrine, gros navet.*
Briske. *Friſque, net, netelet.*

The

The **bzifket**. *Brichet, brechet.*
The **bzifket** of a Deere. *Humpe, noyau.*
A **Bzifkin**. *Soye de porc, ſoie de porc.*
To **bzifkin**, or ſet up the **bzifkies**. *Se heriſſir, ſe heriſſonner, s'heruper, s'heripper.*
Set up ſtaring like **bzifkies**. *Heriſſé, Heriſſonné, herupé.*
A ſetting up the **bzifkies**; or a ſtaring ſtanding up, as of **bzifkies**. *Heriſſement, hubit.*
Bzifkiy. *Soyeux; heuré, herupé, heripé.*
Bzitannie. *Bretaigne.*
A **Bzitaine**. *Breton.*
Bzitannis, or **biſkozt** (herbe.) *Britanique.*
Bzittle. *Fraiſle, fragile, fraile, fraille, caſſable, caſſant.*
To breake into peeces as **bzittle** things. *Frailer, frailler.*
Bzittlely. *Frailuſement.*
Bzittleneſſe. *Fragilité, fraiſure.*
A **Bzizze**, or Gadbee. *Tabon, taon, mouche aux bœufs.*
To **bzoache**, to ſet on **bzoach**. *Percer un tonneau, mettre en broche, affurer; auſſi, mettre en avant, publier, Divulguer.*
Bzoad. *Large; carré.*
To make **bzoad**. *Eſlargir.*
Made **bzoad**. *Eſlargi.*
A making **bzoad**. *Eſlargiſſement, carreure.*
Bzoadly. *Largement.*
Bzoadneſſe. *Largeur.*
Bzoached. *Percé, afforé.*
A **bzoaching**, or ſetting on broach. *Affur, afforage.*
A **bzoach**, or ſpitt. *Broche. Voyez* a Spitt.
To **bzoach** meat. *Embrocher.*
A **Bzocke**. *Taiſſon, blaireau, bleireau. Voyez* a Badger.
A **Bzocket**. (or, young male Deere.) *Dagard.*
To **bzoder, bzodered**, &c. *Voyez* to imbroder, imbrodered, &c.
A **bzoile**. *Querelle, tumulte, eſmeute.*
Full of **bzoiles**. *Tumultueux.*
To raiſe **bzoiles**. *Suſciter des tumultes.*
A raiſer of **bzoiles**. *Mutinateur.*
To **bzoile**. *Braſſiller, griller, braſillonner.*
Bzoiled. *Braſſilé, grillé.*
The ſtench or ill ſavour of things **bzoiled**. *Nideur.*
A **bzoiler**. *Gril.*
A **bzoiling**. *Grillement.*
Bzoiling. *Grillant.*
Deceitfull **bzokage**. *Maquignonnage.*
Bzoken. *Rompu, briſé, caſſé, fraiſté, fraillé, fracturé, froiſſé, fracaſſé, accravanté, accravanté, Participe du verbe* to Break.
Bzoken ſmall. *Triturè.*
Bzoken down. *Abbatu.*
Bzoken, tamed, or civilized. *Affaillé.*
He is **bzoken**. *Il a fait banqueroute.*
Bzoken open, **bzoken** through. *Forcé.*
Bzoken with age. *Caſſé de vieilleſſe.*
Bzoken in peeces. *Briſé, caſſé.*
Bzoken peeces. *Briſeures.*
Bzoken with ſickneſſe. *Affodé.*
Bzoken ſounded (as a crazed bell.) *Cas, caſſé.*
Eaſie to be **bzoken**. *Friable, caſſable, caſſant.*
A **Bzoker**. *Courtier, courratier, Maquignon, fripier.*
A wine-merchants **bzoker**. *Gourmet.*
A **Bzoker**, or Fripperer. *Fripier.*
A **bzokers** wife, or brokerly woman. *Mangoune, fripiere.*
A **bzokers**, or (rather) fripperers ſhop, or Row. *Friperie.*
To play the **bzoker**. *Maquignonner.*
Bzokers, or fripperers ware. *Veſtemens fripez.*
A **bzond**. *Flatriſſure. Marque qu'on empreint ſur quelqu'un avec vn fer chauld.*
To **bzond**. *Flatrer, flatſtrir. Voyez* a Brand.
A **Bzooch**. *Camayeu; affiquet.*
Bzooches. *Monilles.*
To **bzoode**, or ſit on **bzoode**. *Couver, accouver, accouveter, caucher.*
A **bzood-henne** that ſits. *Couveresſe.*
A **bzoode** of chickins. *Couvee de pouſſins, couvade; Niée, ou Nichée de pouſſins.*
A **bzood**, or generation. *Generation, berage.*
Bzooded. *Accouvé.*
A **bzooding**, or ſitting on **bzood**. *Couvement, couvade.*
A **bzooke**. *Riverotte, ruiſſeau.*
A drie **bzooke**. *Cavin.*
A little **bzooke**. *Ruiſſelet.*
Bzoome. *Geneſt, geneſte.*
Spaniſh **bzoome**. *Geneſt d'Aſrique, geneſt d'Eſpagne.*
A **bzoome**. *Balay, Ramaſſe, houſſoir, ramon, balet.*
A long **bzoome** (for chimneyes, or high roomes.) *Houſſoir; houſſouer.*
Butchers **bzoome**. *Bruſc, houſſon, petit houx.*
Sweet **bzoome**. *Petit geneſt.*
Full of **bzoome**. *Geneſtaux.*
A **bzoome** cloſe. *Geneſtay; geneſtiere.*
Bzoth *Brouët, potage, bouillon, bouilli, ſirè, ſorbition.*
Thinne **bzoth**. *Bouillonnet.* Minſ.
A ſickmans **bzoth**. *Humée, humet.*
A daintie white **bzoth** made of the fiſh Maigre, *Gelatine.*
Fiſh **bzoth**. *Muvette de poiſſon.*
Oiſter **bzoth**. *Du ſirè d'ouiſtres.*
A **Bzothell** houſe. *Bordeau.*
To hunt, or haunt **bzothell** houſes. *Bordeler.*
A haunter of **bzothell** houſes. *Bordelier.*
Bzotheling. *Bordelage.*
A **bzother**. *Frere.*
A younger **bzother**. *Cadet, Mainſné, maiſné, moinſné.*
A **bzother** in law. *Beaufrere, ſororge.*
A husbands **bzother**. *Le frere du mari.*
A **bzothers** wife. *Belle ſœur, la femme de mon frere.*
A foſter **bzother**. *Frere de laict.*
Bzothers children. *Couſins germains.*
Bzotherhood. *Fraternité.*
Bzotherly. *Fraternel* (*Adjectif.*)
Bzotherly. (Adverb.) *Fraternellement, Comme freres.*
Bzought. Geré, *apporté, amené, mené, Participe du verbe* to Bring.
Bzought backe. *Rapporté, ramené.*
Bzought forth. *Produict.*
To be **bzought** forth by. *Naiſtre, naſquir.*
Bzought forth (as a child;) **bzought** to bed of a child. *Enfanté.*
To be **bzought** to bed (as a woman.) *Accoucher.*
A womans being **bzought** to bed. *Accouchement d'une femme.*
Bzought to paſſe. *Effectué.*
Bzought down. *Abbatu, abbaiſſé.*
Bzought up. *Nourri, Eſleué.*
Ill **bzought** up. *Mauduict.*
Well **bzought** up. *Bien nourri, bien morigeré.*
To **bzouze**. *Brouter, brouſter; mordre.*
A **bzouzer**. *Brouteur.*
A **bzouzing**. *Brout, brouſt, broutement, brouteure.*
Bzouzing. *Brouteur.*
Bzowis. *Souppes, ſoupes.*
A **bzowis** bellie. *Souppier.*
Monaſticall **bzowis**. *Soupes de prime.*
As they were eating their **bzowis**. *A la morgue ſoupe.*
Bzowne. *Brun, fuſque, noir brun.*
To **bzoyle**, a **bzoyle**, &c. *Voyez* to Broile, a Broile, &c.
To **bzuiſe**. *Affoler, briſer, froiſſer, gourſouler, meurtrir, maurtrir; naurer; accrazer.*
To **bzuiſe** extremely. *Fracaſſer.*
To **bzuiſe** with mallet. *Mailloter.*
A **bzuiſe**. *Affolure, briſure.*
An extreme **bzuiſe**. *Fracas.*
To **bzuiſe** in peeces. *Froiſſer, defroiſſer. Voyez* to Cruſh.
To **bzuiſe** with the feet. *Fouler.*
Bzuiſe-woꝛt. *Marguerite des prez, caſſaudes.*
A **bzuiſe** of leaves black and blew after it. *Macheure.*
Extreme **bzuiſes**. *Fracas.*
Bzuiſeable. *Friable.*
Bzuiſed. *Affolé, briſé, froiſſé, gourſoulé, meurtri.*
Extremely **bzuiſed**. *Fracaſſé.*
Bzuiſed in a mortar. *Eroyé, tuſé.*
Bzuiſed black and blew. *Marcheuré.*
Bzuiſed in peeces. *Defroiſſé.*
Bzuiſed by the feet. *Foulé.*
A **bzuiſing**. *Affolement, briſement, froiſſement, gourſoulement, gourdſoulement, meurtriſſure.*
A **Bzuiſing** with the feet. *Foulement.*
Bzuiſing with a mallet. *Maillotant.*
A **bzuite**. *Bruit, noiſe; Nom.*
Bzuite beaſtes. *Les beſtes brutes.*
Bzunell (herbe.) *Oingtereule.*
A **Bzunt**. *Comme*, He abode the brunt of it. *Il en a enduré le hazard. Il en a paſſé les piques.*
A **Bzuſh**. *Breſſe, broiſſe, eſpouſſette, des vergettes, verges à nettoyer,*
A heath head **bzuſh**. *Broſſe.*
A plaiſterers whiting **bzuſh**. *Eſcouëtte.*
A long **bzuſh** (to ſweepe chimneyes, or duſt high roomes.) *Houſſoir.*
To **bzuſh**. *Broſſer, eſpouſſeter.*
A briſtle **bzuſh** (to waſh glaſſes with.) *Goupillon.*
Bzuſhed. *Eſpouſſeté.*
Bzuſhing. *Broſſant.*
Bzute. *Brut. Comme* Brute beaſts. *Les beſtes brutes.* ¶ Nicot. & ¶ Eſtienne.
Bzutiſh. *Brutal, beſtial, brutiſ, rude.*
To make **bzutiſh**. *Abrutir.*
Made, or growne **bzutiſh**. *Abruti.*
Bzutiſhly. *Brutalement, brutivement.*
Bzutiſhneſſe. *Brutalité, bruteſe.*
Bzyonie. *Comme* Brionie.
B ſharp (a rearme of muſick.) *Bequarré.*
A **Bubble**. *Ampoule, bouille, gargouille, empoule, boucle.*

To **bubble** (in ſeething.) *Bouillir, bouillonner.*
Bubbled. *Bouillonné.*
A **Bubbling.** *Bouillement.*
Bubbling. *Bouillonneux.*
A **Buck.** *Daim.*
A **Buck-goate.** *Bouc.*
A **Buck** of clothes. *Buée.*
To **buck** linnen. *Faire la buée.*
Buck-aſhes. *Chartée, cherrée.*
To waſh a **Buck.** *Buer.*
A **Buck-waſher.** *Buandiere.*
A place to waſh **bucks** in. *Buanderie.*
Buck-lie. *Buée.*
Buck thorne. *Nerprun.*
Buck-wheat. *Bled ſarraſin; mil, ou, millet ſarraſin.*
A **Bucking-tub.** *Vaiſſeau dans lequel on fait la buée.*
A **bucking-cloth,** or aſh-cloth. *Charrié.*
A **Bucket.** *Baquet, ſeau, hydrie.*
To draine with **Buckets.** *Bacquoter.*
A **Buckle.** *Boucle; ſivele.* ¶ Langued.
A ſmall **buckle.** *Bouclette.*
To **buckle.** *Boucler, emboucler, fermer à boucle, agrapher, aggrafer.*
To **buckle** together. *S'accroſſer.*
Buckled. *Boucle.*
A **Buckler.** *Bouclier, targe, targue.*
A little **Buckler.** *Pavois, Taulache.*
A **buckling.** *Bouclure.*
Buckram. *Bougrain, bougrain, bouquaſſin, boucaſſin.*
Bucklome. *Gaillard.*
A **Bud,** or **Budde.** *Bourgeon, bouton, germe.*
The **bud** of a Vine. *Vn brot de Vigne.*
To **bud,** or **budde** forth. *Boutonner, germer, abourgeonner, bourgeonner, gettonner, pulluler, abourjonner.*
Buds. *Gettons des arbres, jettons.*
The loweſt **bud** of a Vine. *Agaſſin.*
A Roſe **budde.** *Bouton des roſes.*
The young **budde** of a tree. *Oeillet, oeilletons.*
Full of young **buddes.** *Germeux, bourgeonneux.*
Budded. *Germé, bourgeonné.*
A **Budding.** *Boutonnement, bourgeonnement, germement, germination.*
Budding. *Germeux.*
Budge. *Agnelin.*
To **budge.** *Bouger.*
Budged. *Bougé.*
A **Budget.** *Bouge, bougette, valiſe, gibbaſſe, gibbeciere, male, malette.*
A **Budget-maker.** *Bougetier.*
A **Buffe,** or **Buffle.** *Voyez* Buffle.
Buffe leather. *Cuir de Buffle.*
Wrought rough like **Buffe.** *Buffelin.*
Buffe-like. *Buffelin.*
A **Buffet.** *Buffe, ſoufflet, gourmade.*
To **buffet.** *Buffeter, ſoufleter, gourmer, grommer.*
Buffeted. *Buffeté, ſoufleté, gourmé, gromé, grommé.*
A **buffeter.** *Soufleteur.*
A **Buffle.** *Buffle, beuffle.*
Of, or belonging to, a **Buffle.** *Buffelin.*
A **Buffone.** *Bouffon, bouffonneur.*
Buffone-like. *Bouffonneſque.*
Buffontiſme. *Bouffonnerie.*
To **buffonize** it. *Bouffonner, goguenarder.*
A **Bug, Bugge,** or **Bugbeare.** *Gobelin, eſprouvetail, eſprouvetaire, fier-abbras, eſprit ſolet.*
To **bugger.** *Bardachiſer, bougironner.*
Buggered. *Bougironné.*
A **Buggerer.** *Bougre, bougeron, bougiron.*
Buggerie. *Bougrerie.*
Buggering. *Bougriſque, bougrin.*
Bugle. *Bugle.*
A **Bugle-horne.** *Cornette.*
Bugloſſe. *Bugloſſe.*
Wild **Bugloſſe.** *Bugloſſe ſauvage.*
Snakes **Bugloſſe,** or Vipers **Bugloſſe.** *Herbe aux ſerpens, herbe aux vipres.*
To **build.** *Baſtir, edifier, fabriquer.*
Builded *Baſti, edifié, fabriqué.*
A **Builder.** *Baſtiſſeur, edificateur, fabricateur.*
A **building.** *Edifice, baſtiment, fabrication, fabrique.*
To pull downe a **building.** *Desbaſtir.*
Pulled downe, as a **building.** *Desbaſti.*
A pulling downe a **building.** *Desbaſtiment.*
The **bulke** of the body. *Tronc, buſte, le moule du gippon; ou, du pourpoint.*
A **Bull.** *Taureau.*
A young **Bull.** *Bode.*
A **Bull-finch.** *Pivoine, Siffleur.*
A **Bull-head** (fiſh.) *Cabot, teſte d'aſne.*
The Popes **Bull.** *Bulle du Pape.*
A **Bull-head** (or Tadpole.) *Caveſot.*
A **Bullace.** *Prune ſauvage.*
A **Bullace** tree. *Bollocier.*
A **bullet.** *Boulet d'artilerie, bale; glands.*
Bullion, *Billon.*
Bullion money. *Monnoye de Billon.*
A **bullock.** *Bouveau, bouvillon.*
A **bulruſh.** *Jonc.*
A **Bulwarke.** *Boulever, boulevard, boulevert, baſtille, baſtillon, forteresſe, rempar, aggere.*
A **Bumbard.** *Bombarde.*
To diſcharge a **Bumbard.** *Bombarder.*
A **Bumbardier.** *Bombardier. Voyez* a Gunner.
Bumbaſine (ſtuffe.) *Bombaſin.*
Bumbaſt. *Coton.*
To **bumbaſt** with cotton. *Cotonner.*
A **bumme.** *Cul.*
A foule great **bumme.** *Culaſſe.*
The **bumkin** (in a ſhip.) *Chicambault. Une piece de bois long & gros, attachée d'un bout, & par le dedans du navire, avec des amarres au maſtereſ, & ſervant d'amurer la miſaine, & le beaupre, quand le navire va à ourſe, ou à la bouline.* ¶ Nicot.
A **bumpe** (by a knock.) *Bigne, boſſe.*
A **bumpe,** or thumpe. *Adot, coup.*
To **bumpe** on the bumme with a bat. *Baculer.*
Bumped our. *Boſſé.*
A **bunch,** or ſwelling. *Gibbe, boſſe; grume.*
A **bunch** of leaves. *Fueillame.*
A great **bunch.** *Gibbaſſe.*
A little **bunch.** *Boſſette.*
A hard **bunch** *Neud.*
Bunch-backt. *Boſſu.*
A **bunch** of Garlick. *Vne teille d'aulx.*
A **bunch** of Grapes. *Grappe, vn raiſin entier.*
A great **bunch** or bundle, of bunches of grapes. *Moiſſine.*
Bunched. *Gibbeux.*
Bunchie. *Boſſé.*
Bunchineſſe. *Gibboſité.*
A **bundle.** *Fardeau, faix, faiſceau, faiſſeau, faiſſine, pacquet, manipule.*
A **bundle** of ſtraw. *Gerbée, glu de fourre.*
A **bundle** of Reeds or Bulruſhes (for boyes to ſwimme on.) *Naſſe.*
To **bundle,** or make up into a **bundle.** *Enfaiſſer.*
Bundled, or made up into a bundle. *Enfaiſſé.*
A **Bung** *Bondon, tampon, tapon.*
A **bung-hole.** *L'orifice d'un vaiſſeau, le trou ou le bondon eſt mis.*
To ſtop up with a **bung.** *Bondonner.*
Stopped up with a **bung.** *Bondonné.*
To **bungle.** *Bougonner, ſatrer, fatrouiller, boiſſer.*
A **bungler.** *Fatrouilleur, boiſſeur, bougeneur.*
Bungler-like. *Rudement.*
Bungling. *Fatraſſier.*
A **Bunne.** *Bignet, ſouäce, ſouaſſe, gaſtemuſeau.*
A **bunting** (bird.) *Tarier, Groulard, Traquet, Thyon.*
A **burden.** *Faix, fardeau. Voyez* a Burthen.
A **Burganet.** *Bourguignotte.*
A **Burgamaſter.** *Bourgamaiſtre.*
To **Bourgeon, bud,** or ſprout out. *Bourgeonner, germer.*
Burgeonned, or ſprouted out. *Bourgeonné, germé. Voyez* a Bud, to budde, &c.
A **Burgeſſe.** *Bourgeois.*
Of, or belonging to, a **Burgeſſe.** *Bourgeois.*
Burgeſſeſhip. *Bourgeoiſie.*
Burglarie. *Enfoncement de portes, parois, &c. (que les larrons font) d'une maiſon, pour y entrer, & deſrober.*
A **Burgonian.** *Bourguignon.*
A **Burguer.** *Bourgeois.*
A **Burguerſhip.** *Bourgeoiſie. Voyez* Burgeſſe.
A **buriall.** *Sepulture, enterrement, mortuaire, mortuaille; obit.*
To **burie.** *Enſevelir, enſepvelir, enterrer, inhumer, mettre en pace, mettre en terre.*
Buried. *Enſepulture, enſeveli, enterré, inhumé; obrué.*
A **burier.** *Enterreur.*
A **burying.** *Enſeveliſſement, enterrement, (ou comme* A Buriall.) *Inhumation.*
Burly. *Gros.*
Burnable. *Aduſtible, combuſtible, bruſlable.*
To **burne.** *Bruſler, ardre, ardoir.*
To **burne** in the eare, forhead, &c. *Flatrir, flaſtrir. Voyez* to Brand.
To **burne** up (as graſſe by the Sunne,) *Havir.*
Burned. *Ars, bruſlé.*
A **burner.** *Bruſleur.*
Burnet. *Pimpinelle, pimpernulle, bumeſang.*
A **burning.** *Bruſlement, bruſlure, aduſtion.*
Burning. *Bruſlant, ardant, flagrant.*
A **burning** coale. *Braiſe.*
A **burning** with a hot iron. *Flatriſſement.*
Burnt. *Bruſlé, ars, aduſté. Ou comme* Burned.
A **burnt** whore. *Eſchauffadaſſe.* ¶ Lang.
Burnt-wine. *Vin bruſlé.*
Burnt up (as graſſe with the Sunne.) *Havi.*
A **burnt** offring. *Holocauſte.*
The ſtench, or ill ſavour of things **burnt.** *Nideur.*

To

To **burnish**, *Fourbir, polir.*
To **burnish** (as a Deere his head by rubbing.) *Frayer.*
Burnishable. *Polissable.*
Burnished. *Fourbi, poli.*
Burnished (as a Deeres head.) *Frayé.*
A **burnisher.** *Fourbisseur, polisseur.*
A **burnishing.** *Fourbissure, polissure, polissеure, interpolation, aussi, frayement, frayeure, frayouère.*
The **burnishing** head of a Deere. *Frayoner.*
Burrage. *Bourroche. Ou, comme* Borage.
A **Burre,** or **Burre-docke.** *Glouteron, glatteron, bardane; Lappe, rapoute, napolier, napoller.*
A little **burre** docke, or ditch **burre.** *Grapelle.*
A Butter **burre.** *Herbe aux tigneux.*
The lowse **burre,** ditch **burre.** *Grappelle.*
A **Burrough.** *Bourg. Voyez* Bourough.
A **burrow** for Conies. *Conilliere.*
The **Burſe** (where Merchants meete.) *Place marchande. Voyez* the Royall Exchange.
A **Burſer.** *Bourſier.*
To **Burſt.** *Crever, froiſſer, accravaer, accrevanter, accrever, accravanter, accraver, caſſer.*
To **burſt** in pieces. *Fraiſter, froiſſer, fracaſſer, caſſer.*
Burſt. *Fracturé, froiſſé, accrevanté, caſſé.*
Burſt-wort. *Herbe au Turc, hermole, herniaire.*
To **burſt** out into laughter. *Esbouſſer.*
To **burſt** out in ſpeech. *S'esbouſſer à parler.*
Likely to **burſt.** *Grevable.*
Burſten. *Grevé, bergneux, herné.*
A **burſter.** *Caſſeur.*
A **burſting.** *Fracture, fraction, froiſſement, froiſſis, froiſſure; caſſeure, caſſure; auſſi, comme* Burſtneſſe.
Burſtneſſe. *Rompure, rapture; bergne, greveure, hernie, hydrocele.*
A **burthen.** *Faix, fardeau, charge.*
To **burthen.** *Charger, bourder.*
Burthened. *Chargé, bourdé.*
Burthenſome. *Chargeans; moleſte.*
To be **burthenſome** unto. *Moleſter.*
A **buſh.** *Broſſe, buiſſon.*
A great thick **buſh,** or **buſhie** place. *Hailler, baillier, ballier.*
A **buſh** of haire. *Chevelure.*
A place full of **buſhes.** *Hailler, baillier, ballier.*
A Taverne (or alehouſe) **buſh.** *Bouchon de taverne, ou de cabaret.*
A **buſhell.** *Boiſſeau, boëſſeau. Meſure contenant (en ſarine) 56 livres; ou environ demi-miné, ou vn minot.*
A little **buſhell.** *Boiſſelet, beëſſelet.*
Buſie. *Embeſongné, empeſché, affairé, negocieux; Turbulent.*
To **buſie** himſelfe. *S'employer, beſongner.*
To **buſie.** *Occuper.*
To be **buſie.** *Avoir des affaires, eſtre employé, ou empeſché.*
A **buſie-body,** or **buſie** fellow. *Aliboron, vn faiſeur de menées.*
Buſied. *Beſongné, emplayé, empeſebé, embeſongné, occupé.*
Buſily. *Affaireuſement.*
Buſineſſe. *Affaire, beſongne, negoce, embeſongnement, adot, occupation; Oeuvre,*
To manage **buſineſſes.** *Negocier.*
A ſmall **buſineſſe.** *Beſongnette.*
A manager of **buſineſſes.** *Negociateur.*
Full of **buſineſſes.** *Affairé, affaireux, negocieux.*
A **buſineſſe** cloſely carried. *Menée.*
A **buſying.** *Embeſongnement.*
Buſying. *Beſongnant.*
A **Buſke.** *Buc, buſq, buſte.*
A **Buſkin.** *Botine, brodequin.*
A **Buſkin-maker.** *Botineur.*
To **Buſle.** *Voyez* to kiſſe.
A **Buſtard,** or **Bittard.** *Biſtard, outarde, boutarde, ouſtarde, bouſtarde, buſtarde.*
Buſtian. *Fuſtaine à grain d'orge.*
To **buſtle,** or keepe a **buſtling** together. *Bebourdir; S'entrebeurter.*
A **buſtling.** *Bebourd, bobourd, bebourdis, froiſſis.*
But. *Mais; ains, ainçois; que.*
A **But,** or **Butt.** *But, butte. Voyez* a Butte.
To **but.** *Coſſer. Voyez* to Butte.
A **But,** (or wine veſſell.) *Botte. Voyez* Butt.
A **Butcher.** *Boucher, bouchier.*
To **butcher** (or ſlaughter.) *Carnaller.*
Butchers-broome. *Bruſc, frelan, freſon, bouſſon.*
A **Butchers** ſhamble; alſo, a **butcherie.** *Boucherie; carnage.*
Butcherly. *Aime-carnage.*
A **Butcherie.** *Carnage.*
A **Butterie.** *Deſpenſe, ſommeillerie; Retraict du gobelet.*
A **Butler.** *Sommeillier, bouteillier.*
A **Butt** (to ſhoot at.) *But, butte, motte.*
A **Butt,** or pipe. *Botte, pipe.*
To **butte** (as a Ramme.) *Coſſer, cornilller, bocquer; Tabuter.*
Butted. *Coſſé, cornillé.*
Butter. *Beurre.*
Butter-milke. *Laict esbeurré, Babeurre, laict esburré, laict de beurre.*
To make **butter-milke.** *Esburrer.*
The **Butter-burre.** *Herbe aux tigneux.*
The **Butter-flower.** *Des Gobelets.*
To **butter** a cake. *Fourrer vn gasteau.*
A **Butter-flie.** *Papillon.*
A **Butter-pot.** *Vn pot beurrier.*
A **Butterelle.** *Voyez* Buttreſſe.
A **butting** (as Rams doe.) *Coſſe.*
A **buttocke.** *Feſſe.*
That hath great **buttocks.** *Feſſu.*
A **buttock-gollip.** *commere de feſſes.*
Beaten on the **buttocks.** *Feſſé.*
A laſh on the **buttocks.** *Feſſet.*
Belonging to the **buttocks.** *Feſſier.*
To worke, doe, or play with the **buttockes.** *Feſſoyer.*
A **Button.** *Bouton.*
Long **buttons.** *Boutons à queue.*
A **Button,** or Brooch. *Affiquet.*
To **button.** *Boutonner.*
A **button-hole.** *Boutonniere.*
The actuall cautere called a **Button.** *Cautere à bouton.*
Buttonned. *Boutonné.*
A **buttonner.** *Boutonneur.*
A **buttoning.** *Boutonnement, boutonnerie.*
A **Buttreſſe.** *Arc-boutant.*
To **Buttreſſe,** or beare up with a **buttreſſe.** *Supporter, accoter.*
A Farriers **Buttreſſe.** *Boutoir.*
Buxſome, or **Buxome.** *Joyeux, gai, gay, gaillard, baizé, baiſé.*
To be **buxome.** *Ajoliver. Voyez* Blith, jocund.
To **Buy.** *Acheter, achepter, achapter.*
A **buyer.** *Acheteur, acheteresſe, achepteur.*
A **buying.** *Achet, achat.*
A **Buzzard,** or bald kite. *Buſard, buiſart, caſſard.*
To **buzze.** *Bourdonner.*
To put **buzzes** into the head of. *Donner ombrage à.*
Buzzed. *Bourdonné.*
A **buzzer.** *Bourdonneur.*
A **buzzing.** *Bourdonnement, bourdon, murmure, murmurement, murmuration.*
Buzzing. *Bourdonneſque.*
By. *Par.*
By and **by.** *Incontinent, tantoſt, tout à ceſte heure, adez.*
By-places. *Lieux deſtournez.*
A **by-way.** *Chemin eſgaré.*
A **by-word.** *Sobriquet.*
A **Byas.** *Biais, biez, biés, de biboy.*
To **Byas;** to goe **byas;** to place or ſet **Byas.** *Biboyer, biaiſer.*
Byaſing. *Biaiſant.*
A **Byaſneſſe.** *Biaiſeure.*
Byas-wiſe. *Biaiſement.*
The **Bylon,** or wild oxe. *Biſon.*
To **byte.** *Voyez* to Bite.

C

THe **Caball** of the Jewes. *Cabale des Iuifs.*
A **Cabaliſt.** *Cabaliſte.*
Cabaliſticall. *Cabaliſtique.*
The **Cabbage** of the Deeres head. *Meule de cerf.*
A **Cabbidge.** *Chou, cabus, chou blanc, chou pommé, ou à pommes.*
To **Cabbidge,** or grow headed as a **Cabbidge.** *Cabuſſer.*
Cabbidged; or headed round like a **cabbidge.** *Cabus, cabuce, cabuſſé.*
A **cabine** in a ſhip. *Capite, loge.*
Cabines (to lie or reſt in.) *Accubes.*
A **cabine** made of boughs. *Cabane.*
A **cabinet.** *Cabinet, Gabinet, caſſe.*
Drawers or boxes in a **cabinet.** *Caſſerins.*
A **Cable.** *Chable, cable.*
A ſheate **cable.** *Malſire chable, ou cable.*
To faſten to a **cable,** or with a **cable.** *Acabler.*
Faſtened with, or to a **cable.** *Acablé.*
A **cachorell** (fiſh) *Cagarel, caquerel, cagarel, juſelé; Bocquet, mandole, mendole, mene.*
To **cackle.** *Coqueter.*
The **cackling** of an henne. *Cacaſſement de poule.*
Cackling. *Garrulité.*
A **cadence.** *Cadence.*
Cadilla. *Cadmie; calamite.*
A **cadow,** or Iriſh mantle, *Coverture velüe, bernie.*

Caduke. *Caduque.*
A **Cag.** *Cacque, caque.*
A **Cage.** *Cage, geve; gaiole, ou Gayole.* ¶ Pic.
A **cage**, or coope, to keepe birds, or fowle in. *Oiſeliere, voliere.*
A **cage** of reedes. *Canniſade.*
A great **cage** wherein birds have roome enough to flutter. *Un volier.*
A **Caitife.** *Chetif, meſquin.*
Caitife-like. *Chetivement.*
A **Cake.** *Gaſteau, popelins, tourteau, torteau.*
A little **cake.** *Gaſtelet.*
A broad thinne **cake.** *Galette.*
A ſeller, or maker of **cakes.** *Gaſtelier.*
A thicke **cake** baked haſtily on a hot harth, with hot embers. *Fouace, fougaſſe, fouaſſe.*
A kind of wreathed **cake.** *Gallette.*
The **Calamaris** (fiſh.) *Calamar, calemar; totene, caſſeron.*
The **calamine** ſtone. *Calamine, pierre calaminaire.*
The **Calamint** (herbe.) *Calament, calamenthe, mentaſtre, menthaſtre.*
Water **calamint.** *Calament aquatique, d'eau, ou de marais.*
Mountaine, buſh, or hoarie **Calamint.** *Calament de montagne.*
Wild, or corne **calamint.** *Calament ſauvage.*
Calamitie. *Calamité, malencontre, malheur, meſaiſe.*
Full of **calamitie.** *Calamiteux.*
To lay **calamities** on. *Malheurer.*
To **calcinate.** *Calciner.*
Calcinated. *Calciné.*
A **calcinating.** *Calcinement.*
A **calcination.** *Calcination.*
A **calcinatorie.** *Calcinatoire.*
To **calculate.** *Calculer.*
A **calculating.** *Calculement.*
A **calculation.** *Calcul.*
A **calculator.** *Calculateur.*
Calculatorie. *Calculatoire.*
A **calender.** *Calendrier.*
To **calender**, or fleeke, linnen cloth. *Calendrer.*
Calendred. *Calendré.*
A **calendring.** *Calendreure.*
The **calends** of a moneth. *Les Calends. Le premier jour de chaſque mois.*
At the Greeke **calends.** *Aux calendes grecques, c'eſt à dire, jamais.*
A **Caleiver.** *Harquebouſe, harquebuſe.*
To ſhoot in a **caleiver.** *Harquebuſer,*
Shot with a **caleiver.** *Harquebuſé.*
A **caleiver** ſhot. *Harquebouſade, harquebuſade.*
He that ſhoots in a **caleiver.** *Harquebuſier.*
See more in Harguebuſe. *Voyez d'avantage en* Harguebuſe.
A **Calfe.** *Veau.*
The **calfe** of the legge. *Le mol de la jambe, le gras de la jambe, la mollet de la jambe.*
Calfes-foot. *Pied de veau.*
Calfes-ſnout. *Teſte de veau, mourron violet.*
The **Calfe** or cup of a roſe. *Le calice d'une roſe.*
To **calke** a ſhip. *Calfreter. Voyez* to **Caulk.**
To **call.** *Appeler, appeller; Nommer.*
To **call** unto. *Hucher.*
To **call** backe. *Rappeler, rappeller, revoquer.*
To **call** by command. *Mander.*
To **call** upon. *Invoquer, obteſter.*
At a **call.** *Faict au hola.*
Called. *Appelé, appellé; Nommé.*
Called for. *Mandé.*
Called back. *Rappelé, revoqué.*
Called unto. *Huché.*
Called upon. *Invoqué.*
A **Caller.** *Appelant, appelleur.*
A **Callet.** *Saffrette, goguenelle. Voyez* a Punke.
A **Calling.** *Appellation, appellement, nomination.*
A **calling** for. *Mandement.*
A **calling** back. *Rappel, revocation.*
A **calling** unto *Huchement.*
A **calling** upon. *Invocation.*
A **calling**, or profeſſion. *Vocation; ſorte.*
Calling unto. *Huchant.*
Callimanco (ſtuffe.) *Boccaſin.*
Calloſitie. *Calloſité.*
Calme. *Calme, tranquille, coy, paiſible, bonace, bonaſſe; pacifique, ſerein, ſerain.*
A **calme** at ſea. *Bonace, bonaſſe.*
To **calme**, or make **calme.** *Calmer, accoiſer, aſſopir, pacifier, ſereiner.*
Calme weather. *Serain.*
A **calme** wind. *Aguyon.*
Calmed. *Abonnaſſé, accoiſé, pacifié.*
Calmely. *Calmement, coyement, pacifiquement.*
Calmenelle. *Tranquilité, coyté, ſerenité.*
A **Caltrop.** *Chauſſe-trape, chauſſe-trappe, plantemalan.*
The **caltrop** herb, or Star-thiſtle. *Chauſſe-trape.*
To **calve.** *Veller, veſler.*
Calved. *Vellé.*
Full of, abounding in **calves.** *Veleux.*
Calves. *Veaux. Plurier de* Calfe; *lequel voyez.*
To **Calumniate.** *Calomnier, calumnier, faulſement & malicieuſement accuſer.*
Calumniated. *Calomnié.*
A **Calumniator.** *Calomniateur.*
Calumnie. *Calomnie.*
Calumnious. *Calomnieux.*
Calumniouſly. *Calomnieuſement.*
Camamell (herbe.) *Camomille. Voyez* Camomill.
Cambrick. *Toile de Cambray, toile baptiſte*
Came. I **came.** *Je venoy, je vins. L'Imperfect du verbe* to come.
Cameline (herbe.) *Camamine, cameline, camemine.*
A **Cameleon.** *Cameleon.*
A **Camelopardall.** *Giraffe.*
A **Camerade.** *Camerade.*
A **Camiſado.** *Camiſade,*
A **Cammell.** *Chameau, cameau.*
To pace like a **Cammell.** *Aller le camelin.*
Cammels-haire. *Poil de chameau.*
Cammocke, or Reſt harrow. *Acutelle, beverande, arreſte-bœuf.*
Camomill (herbe.) *Camomille.*
Baſtard **Camomil.** *Maroute.*
A **Camp.** *Camp.*
To **camp**, or pitch a **camp.** *Camper, campeger.*
Of, or belonging to, a **camp.** *Campal.*
A fortified, or ſtanding **camp.** *Camp arreſté.*
A running **camp.** *Camp volant.*
A **campanell.** *Campanette, campanelle.*
Camphire. *Camphre.*
Camphire water. *Eau camphrée.*
To **camphire**, to make or dreſſe with **camphire.** *Camphrer.*
Camphired; made of, or dreſt with **camphire.** *Camphré.*
Roſe **campion.** *Oeillet Dieu.*
I **can.** *Je puis, je peux.*
Can it be ſo? *Se peut il faire?*
A **can.** *Voyez* a Canne.
A **Canarie** bird. *Canarin.*
Canaries wine. *Vin de Canarie.*
To **cancell.** *Canceler, canceller, rayer, caſſer.*
A **cancellation.** *Cancelation.*
Cancelled. *Cancelé, rayé, caſſé.*
A **cancelier.** *Caſſeur.*
A **cancelling.** *Cancelation, caſſerie, caſſeure, caſſure.*
Cancer. *Cancre, ou, l'eſcreviſſe: vn des 12 ſignes celeſtes; ou, du Zodiaque.*
A **Cancer**; (an ougly hard ſwelling, of a blackiſh or blewiſh colour.) *Cancre, carcinome.*
To **candie**, or grow **candide.** *Se candir.*
A **candle.** *Chandelle.*
A wax **candle** *Cierge;*
Of, or belonging to, a **candle.** *Chandeleux, chandelier.*
By **candle-light.** *A la chandelle.*
A **candle-maker**, or **candle-ſeller.** *Chandelier.*
Candle-maſs day. *La feſte de la chandeleur, ou, chandelier.*
To ſtick a low burnt **candle** on the edge of a candleſticks noſe. *Faire bivet.*
Full of **candles.** *Chandeleux.*
A **candleſticke.** *Chandelier, candelabre.*
A plate **candleſticke.** *Plaque.*
A **Cane.** *Canne, calame.*
A little **cane.** *Cannule.*
The ſweet, or ſugar **cane.** *Canelle, acore, cannamelle.*
Hollowed like a **cane.** *Cannulé.*
A **Canker.** *Cancre, chancre; mal de S. Gilles. carcinome, Phagedaine.*
To **canker.** *Enchancrer.*
A **Canker-worme.** *Chenille, Eruce.*
Canker, or ruſt. *Rouille.*
Cankred *Eruginex.*
A **canne.** *Cane.*
A little **canne.** *Canette.*
Cannell, or **Cinamon.** *Canelle.*
The **cannell** bone (of the throat.) *Clavette.*
A **cannell**, or **channell.** *Canal. Voyez* a Channell.
A little **cannell.** *Canelline.*
Cannions (of breeches.) *Canons de chauſſes.*
A **Canon**, or rule. *Canon, reigle, conſtitution; Auſſi, vn Canon (piece d'artillerie.)*
A **Canon** peuier, or perrier. *Canon pevier.*
To ſhoot of, or with a **canon.** *Canonner.*
A **Canon** (in a Cathedrall Church.) *Chanoine.*
A **canon** bitt. *Canon.*

A canoneere. *Canonnier.*
Canonicall. *Canonique.*
Canonically. *Canoniquement.*
A canonift. *Canoniſte.*
To canonize. *Canoniſer.*
Canonized. *Canoniſé.*
A canonizing. *Canonization.*
A canonſhip; or the place of a Canon. *Chanoinie, chanoinerie, canonicat, benefice de ſimple tonſure.*
A Canopie. *Canopée; dais, daiz.*
A cant piece. *Pantan de doile.*
To cant. *Truander.*
Canting. *Truandiſe.*
The flie Cantharides. *Cantharide.*
A confection of Cantharides. *Cantharidiſé.*
A cantle, or cantell. *Canteau, quignon.*
A ſmall cantle. *Eſchantillon.*
To break or cut into cantles. *Eſchanteler.*
Broken, or cut into cantles. *Eſchantillé.*
To break off a ſmall cantle. *Eſchantillonner.*
A canton. *Canton.*
To canton, or cantonize it. *Se cantonner.*
Cantoned, or cantonized. *Cantonné.*
Canvaſſe. *Canevas, cunevers.*
Cuſhion canvaſſe. *Gaze.*
To canvaſſe. *Canabaſſer, berner.*
Canvaſſed. *Berné; forbatu.*
A canvaſſing. *Canabaſſement, canabaſſerie.*
A cap. *Bonnet; Gorrette.*
A flat cap. *Bonnet à la Mayabaiſe.*
A capcaſe. *Eſtuy de bonnet.*
A ſquare, three cornered cap. *Bonnet à croppiere.*
A ſquare foure cornered cap. *Bonnet à quatre braguettes; ou, gouttieres.*
A little cap. *Bonneton, berretin.*
A little cap to weare under a hat. *Calotte, calote.*
A night-cap. *Bonnet de nuict.*
To put off the cap. *Bonneter.*
The cap of a mans yard. *Mitre, mithre.*
A capper, or cap-maker. *Bonnetier.*
Capable. *Capable.*
Capableneſſe, or capacitie. *Capacité.*
Of good capacity. *Capable.*
A Capariſon. *Caparaſſon, caperaſſon.*
To capariſon. *Caparaſſonner.*
Capariſoned. *Caparaſſonné.*
A Cape (in the ſea.) *Cap.*
The cape of a garment. *Collet; Rabat de manteau.*
A Spaniſh cape (or ſhort cloak with a hood for a cape.) *Cappe à l'eſpagnole.*
To caper (in dancing.) *Cabrioter, capriotter.*
A caper. *Cabriole, capriole, capriot.*
A croſſe caper. *Entrechaſſe.*
To caper on the gallowes. *Faire le demi ſault.*
A caper tree, or ſhrub. *Caprier, caparis.*
(The fruit) Capers. *Des cappres, capres.*
A caper plot, or ground ſet with Caper ſhrubs. *Capriere, capprier.*
Capered. *Cabriolé.*
A Capirotade. (ſtued meat, of veale, capon, chicken, patridge minced, &c.) *Capirotade.*

Capitall. *Capital; capitulaire.*
A great Capitall, (or text) letter. *Cadeau.*
Capitally. *Capitulairement; Mortellement.*
Capitalniſſe, or a capitall offence. *Capitalité.*
The Capitoll in Rome. *Capitole.*
Capiton. *Voyez* Corſe ſleave ſilke.
Capitular. *Capitulaire.*
A Capitular decree, (a capitall ordinance.) *Capitulaire.*
To capitulate. *Capituler.*
Capitulated. *Capitulé.*
Capitulating. *Capitulant.*
A capitulation. *Capitulation; Pache.*
A capitulator. *Capituleur.*
A Capon. *Chapon.*
Made a Capon, gelt, or cut as a Capon. *Chaponné.*
To cut, or gueld Capons. *Chaponner.*
A Caponet, or young Capon. *Chaponneau, beſtoudeau, buſtaudeau, butaudeau, betaudeau, baitaudeau.*
A cappe. *Comme* Cap.
A capper. *Voyez ſoubs* Cap.
A Capriche (a fantaſticall humour.) *Caprice.*
Capricious. *Capricieux.*
Capricorne. *Capricorne. Vn des douze Signes du Zodiaque.*
The capriole ſault, (done by a horſe.) *Capriole.*
The Capſtane of a ſhip. *Cabeſtan.*
A Captaine. *Capitaine; Mambour, mambourg.*
A chiefe Captaine, or Generall. *General capitaine general.*
A Captainſhip. *Capitainerie.*
Captious. *Capticux.*
Captiouſly. *Capticuſement.*
To captivate. *Captiver, achetiver.*
A captive. *Captif.*
Captivitie. *Captivité.*
A capture. *Capture.*
A capuch (a Monkes cowle, a hood.) *Capuchon.*
The capuch, or hood of a cloak. *Coqueluchon, capeluchon.*
A Capucine Friar. *Capucin.*
Capucine Friars. *Caputiens.*
The profeſſion, order, or life of a Capucine. *Capucinage.*
A Caracter. *Caractere, characlere, Sing.*
To caracter, or caracterize; to make or print caracters. *Caracterer.*
Caractered, or caracterized. *Caracteré.*
A carat. *Carat; la troiſieſme partie d'une once.*
A carbine, or carbene, light horſeman. *Carabin; (Harquebuſier à cheval.) Eſtradiot.*
An aſſault, or action done by Carbines. *Carabinage.*
A carbonades. *Carbonnade, Charbonnée.*
A carbuncle ſore, or ſtone. *Eſcarboucle, antrac, carboucle.*
A carbuncle in the eye. *Oeil roſti.*
A carcanet, or carkanet. *Carcan, carquan, carcant, goſaran, carquant.*
A card, or cards for wooll. *Cardes.*
To card wooll. *Carder la laine.*
A ſea card. *Carte marine.*
Playing cards. *Cartes à jouer.*
Coate-cards. *Cartes figurées.*

A maker of (playing) cards. *Cartaſſannier, Bagateur.*
A maker of wooll cardes. *Cardier.*
Carded (as wooll.) *Cardé.*
A carder of wooll. *Cardeur de laine.*
A Cardinall. *Cardinal.*
A little, or young Cardinall. *Cardinalin.*
Redded, or in red, or ſcarlet habite, as a Cardinall. *Cardinaliſé.*
A Cardinallſhip. *Cardinalat.*
Cardones. *Cardons.*
Care. *Soulci, ſouci, ſoing, cure, ſolicitude, eſmay.*
Carking care. *Eſmay, eſmoy.*
To care, or take care. *Soigner, ſe ſoucier, ſongner, ou ſoulcier.*
To care for. *Se ſoucier, ou ſoulcier de.*
Care-taking. *Melancholie.*
Cared for. *Dequoy on a ſoing.*
Little cared for. *Nonchalu.*
Carefull. *Soigneux, ſoucieux, ſoulcieux, diligent.*
Carefully. *Soigneuſement, ſongneuſement, diligemment.*
Careleſſe. *Mauſoigneux, nonchalant, nonchalant, ſans ſouci, negligent, fingard.*
To be careleſſe. *Nonchaloir, negliger.*
Careleſſe of himſelfe. *Aſode.*
A careleſſe fellow. *Enfant ſans ſouci, nonchalant, hoche bride.*
Careleſſly. *Nonchalamment, nonchalemment, negligemment, par ſorme d'acquit ſeulement, à la françoiſe.*
Careleſneſſe. *Nonchalance, nonchalence, meſgarde, negligence.*
Cariable. *Portatiſſe.*
Cariage. *Portage, voicture, voiture, charriage, charroy; Geſtation; le cariage.*
Cariage, or behaviour. *Port, portement, deportement, maintien, mœurs, maurs.*
Ill cariage. *Malverſation.*
The cariage of a Prince, camp, or army. *Bernage.*
Of good cariage. *Bien merigeré.*
The cariage of a piece of Oordnance. *Affuſt, fuſt.*
Beaſts of cariage. *Beſtes de ſomme.*
Cariages for artillerie. *Affutage pour l'artilerie.*
To carie. *Porter. Voyez* to Cartie.
Carion. *Charongne.*
Full of carion. *Charongneux.*
Feeding on carion. *Charongnier.*
A carkaſſe. *Vn corps mort, carquaſſe.*
The carkaſſe of a fowle. *Granbo.*
Carke, or carking care. *Souci, eſmay, eſmoy, grand ſouci, ſolicitude.*
To make to carke. *Soucier, mettre en ſouci.*
To carke. *Eſtre en eſmoy, eſtre en ſouci.*
The carline, or carline thiſtle. *Carline.*
A Carle. *Voyez* Churle.
The carlings, or comings of a ſhip. *Ailleures. Deux gros ſolliveaux, portez du long du pont ſur les traverſins, faiſans vn quarré avec iceux traverſins, qui eſt la feneſtre ou trou par lequel on accueille le bateau dedans le navire.* ¶ Nicot.
A Carmeliſe Friar. *Carme.*
The Carmelites (or white Friars) *Carmelitains.*
Carnall. *Charnel.*
Carnally. *Charnellement.*

Car-

Carnalneſſe, or **carnalitie**. *Carnalité, charnalité.*
Carnation colour. *Incarnat, incarnadin, couleur incarnate.*
Carnolitie. *Carnoſité.*
A **Caroach**, or **caroſſe**. *Caroſſe, carozze, carroſſe, carrezze, caryoce, carroche.*
A **Caroach-man**. *Carroſſier, carrozzier.*
The **Carob**, or **Carobe** Beane, called S. Johns bread. *Carobe, carrube, carroube, carroubier, garrobe, caronges, carrouge.*
The plant that beares it. *Garrobier.*
A **Carol**, or Chriſtmas **Carol**. *Nouël, Noel.*
A **Carouſſe** (of drink.) *Carous.*
To **carouſſe**, or quaffe. *Carouſſer.*
A **Carp** (fiſh.) *Carpe.*
The ſea-**Carp**. *Carpe de mer.*
To **carpe**. *Reprendre.*
A young **Carpe**. *Carpeau.*
A **carper**. *Reprenart. Momt.*
A **carping**. *Reprehenſion, momerie.*
A **Carpenter**. *Charpentier.*
To play the **Carpenter**, or worke **Carpenters** worke, *Charpenter.*
An unskilfull **Carpenter**. *Gaſte-bois.*
Carpenters herbe. *Oingterenle.*
Carpentrie, or **Carpenters** work. *Charpenterie.*
A **Carpet**. *Tapis.*
A ſpruce **carpet** Knight. *Muguet, muſequin.*
A Turkie **carpet**. *Cairin.*
Carriages for artilerie. *Affutages pour l'artilerie.*
A **carre**. *Char.*
A **carre-man**. *Charron, charrier.*
A **carreare**. *Carriere, charrier.*
To **carrie**. *Porter, gerer.*
To **carrie** by cart, waine, chariot, or waggon. *Charier, voiturer, charroyer.*
To **carry** away. *Emporter.*
To **carry** back. *Reporter, rapporter.*
Carried. *Porté, geré.*
Carried by cart, &c. *Charrié, charroyé, voituré.*
Carried back. *Reporté, rapporté.*
Much **carried** up and downe. *Carabaſſé.*
A **Carrier**. *Porteur.*
A **Carrier** by cart, waine, &c. *Voiturier, voicturier, roulier.*
A **carries** of Lettes, or Poſt. *Meſſagier.*
Carriers horſes for draught or carriage. *Chevaux de voiture, chevaux de ſomme.*
Carriage. *Portage, voiture. Voyez* Carriage.
The **carriage** of ordnance. *Affuſt, affutage.*
To furniſh (ordnance) with **carriage**. *Affuſter.*
A **carrying**. *Comme* Cariage *au premier ſens.*
A **Carrick**. *Carraque, caraque.*
A ſmall (ſtrong) **Carrick**. *Carracon, carraquon.*
Carrion. *Comme* Carion.
A **Carrot** root. *Carote, Garoute.*
Carrowey, or **Carroway ſeed**. *Carvi, carotes.*
A **carrouſe**. *Voyez* Carrowſſe.
A **cart**. *Char, charroy.*
A **cart-houſe**. *Chareti.*
A Brewers **cart**. *Haquet.*
A little vinegar **cart**. *Camion.*
The frame of a **cart** without wheeles. *Chartil, chartin.*
A **carter**. *Chartier, charron, voulier.*
A **carters** voice. *Hory ho, hay & ho.*
A **cart-load**. *Chartée, charoyée.*
Cart making. *Charronnerie.*
A **Carthuſian** Frier. *Chartreux.*
A **Cartouch**, or full charge for a Piſtoll. *Cartoche, cartuche, cartouche.*
A **cartridge**, or **cartooſe**. *Modillon, modelon, cartoche, cartouche.*
Cartular. *Cartulaire.*
A **Cartwright**. *Charron.*
To **carve**, or grave. *Graver, entailler, tailler; buriner.*
To **carve**, or cut. *Inciſer; chaſtrer.*
To **carve** meat. *Couper, tailler, trencher, deſmembrer.*
Carved. *Gravé, entaillé, trenché.*
A **Carvell**. *Caravellé.*
A **Carver**. *Graveur, tailleur, ſculpteur, engraveur, entailleur, burineur; ſtatuaire.*
A **Carver** (to carve meat.) *Enſcuyer trenchant.*
A **Carving**. *Graveure.*
Antick **carving**. *Mantequinage, mannequinage.*
A **Caſe**. *Eſtuy; caſſe, caſſette, capſe.*
A Surgeons **caſe** of inſtruments. *Pennarol de Chirurgien.*
A **caſe** (of tinne or wood) wherein broken members are incloſed. *Berceau.*
To **Caſe**, or put into a **caſe**. *Eſtuyer.*
A **caſe**, or cauſe (in law.) *Cas.*
The **caſe** of a Noune. *Cas de nom.*
Caſed, or put into a **caſe**. *Eſtuyé.*
A **caſemate**. *Caſemate, Barbacane, Barbecane.*
(The hollow in a pillar call'd) a **Caſemate**. *Gueule droite, naſſelle.*
A **Caſement**.
A Merchants **caſh**. *Caſſe de marchand.*
A **Caſhier**, or **Caſheare**. *Qui garde la caſſe de l'argent d'un marchand.*
To **caſhier**, or **caſheare**. *Caſſer.*
Caſhierred, **caſheerred**, **caſſed**, or **caſſeered**. *Caſſé.*
A **Caske**. *Caque, fuſte.*
Caske. *Fuſtaille.*
To head a **caske**. *Foncer fuſtaille.*
Taſting of the **caske**. *Fuſté, ſent la fuſt.*
A **caske**, **casket**, or kind of head piece. *Caſque, caſquet.*
A **Casket**. *Caſſetin, coffret, caſſette, cabinet, capſtin, capſule, caſſole, caſſolette, caſſe.*
A **caſſation**. *caſſation.*
Caſſia. *Caſſe, canelle.*
To **caſſe**. *Caſſer.*
A **caſſer**. *Caſſeur.*
A **caſſed** ſouldier. *Malandrin.*
Caſſed. *Caſſé.*
Caſſe-weed. *Voyez* Shepherds purſe.
A **caſſing**. *Caſſation, caſſeure.*
Caſſing. *Caſſant.*
A **Caſſock**. *Caſaque, galleverdine, gippon, locqueton, hoqueton, juppe.*
A (ſhort) **Caſſock**. *Gippon, jupon.*
A **caſſock** of corſe taffetie. *Caphetan.*
A ſouldiers **caſſock**. *Hoqueton de guerre.*
A looſe **caſſock**. *Mandil, mandille.*
To **caſt**. *Jetter, jecter, getter.*
To **caſt** (or deviſe) a project. *Minuter.*
To **caſt** ankor. *Ancrer.*
To **caſt** in ones diſh. *Reprocher, objicer, ou objecter à, mettre ſus à.*
To **caſt** accompt. *Voyez* Accompt.
To **caſt** a miſt over. *Obſcurcir, obumbrer.*
To **caſt** aumes-ace. *Faire ambezats.*
To **caſt** awry (as a bow.) *Forchaſſer, (comme un arc.)*
To **caſt** or condemne. *Condemner, faire procez à.*
A **Caſt** away. *Frelore, frolus.*
To **caſt** downe. *Saccader.*
To **caſt** forth. *Forbannir.*
To **caſt** with a ſling. *Fronder.*
Caſt forth. *Forbanni.*
To **caſt** into a heavy ſleep. *Aſſommer, aſſopir.*
To **caſt** into a ſlumber. *Aſſommeiller.*
To **caſt** off. *Abandonner, rejetter, abdiquer.*
Caſt off. *Abandonné, rejetté, rejetté, abjecté.*
To **caſt** off a Hawke. *Ajetter vn oiſeau.*
To **caſt** the coat or skinne. *Muër.*
Caſt (as a coat or skinne.) *Mué.*
To **caſt** up a ſumme, or reckoning. *Aſſummer, minuter ſes papiers de raiſons.*
To **caſt**, or vomit. *Vomir, gobarger, tirer du ſoin aux chiens.*
A woman to **caſt** her child. *Gaſter, deſſarrier.*
Caſt. *Jetté, jetté.*
Caſt downe. *Humilié.*
A **caſt** at dice. *Geſt des dez.*
A caſt, or hurle. *Jettée, jettée.*
A **Caſtell**. *Comme* Chaſtle.
A **caſter**. *Jecteur.*
A **caſter** of nativities. *Genethliatique, genaux.*
A **caſting**. *Jettement*, get.
A **caſting** downe. *Dejection.*
A **caſting** out, or forth. Forbanniſſement, *ejection.*
A **caſting** off. *Abandonnement, rejettement.*
A ſtudious **caſting** in the mind. *Meditation.*
A horſes **caſting** his rider. *Saccade.*
The **caſting** of the coat or skinne. *Muëment.*
A **caſting** in the teeth. *Reproche.*
Caſting for a hawke. *Plume.*
A bird that hath had **caſting** given her. *Oiſeau acuré.*
The **caſting** of a Deeres head. *La Muë d'un cerf.*
A hawke **caſting**. *Turonde.*
A **Caſtle**. *Caſteau.*
A **Caſtle-keeper**, or **Caſtellaine**. *Chaſtelain.*
To **caſtigate**. *Chaſtier. Voyez* to Chaſten, or chaſtiſe.
A **caſtor**. *Caſtor.*
Caſuall. *Caſuel, accidental, fortuit.*
Caſually. *Caſuellement, par accident, fortuitement, accidentalement.*
A **caſualtie**. *Accident, fort.*
A **caſuiſt**. *Caſuiſte.*
A **cat**. *Chat, chatte, maton, matouard, mitouard.*
A muske **Cat**. *Cheureul de muſc, Foüant.*
A poll-**Cat**. *Fouine. Voyez* Polcat.

A cat and trap. *Au quille, & au quillard.*
A gib **Cat**, or old male **Cat**. *Marcou.*
A great **Cat**. *Vn gros marroufle, vn chat ſoubelin, mitou.*
The play **cat** and trap. *Quillela.*
A **Catalogue**. *Catalogue, liſte, nombrée, denombrement, nommée.*
A little **Catalogue**. *Liſteau.*
A **Catarract**. *Catarracte, vn ſault de riviere.*
A **Catarre**. *Catarrhe.*
Troubled with a **Catarre**. *Catarrhé, catarré.*
Full of **Catarres**. *Catarrheux.*
A **Catastrophe**. *Cataſtrophe.*
The game **cat** and trap. *Martinet.*
To **catch**. *Happer, gripper, aberdre, griffer, herper.*
A **catch**. *Happée.*
A **catch** (ſong.) *Strambot.*
A **catch**-bit. *Happe-lopin.*
To **catch** hold of. *Empoigner.*
The **catch** of a doore. *Mantonel.*
To **catch** in a net, or ſnare. *Prendre au filé.*
A **catch** (or dead bird to take a hawke withall.) *Carquaſſe.*
A **catch**-coine. *Grippe minaud.*
Catch that **catch** may. *Griffe graffe.*
A **catcher**. *Qui happe, grippeur.*
A **catching**. *Happement, grippement, harpade.*
A **catching** hold on. *Affichement.*
Catching. *Harpi.*
A **cath**-poll. *Sergeant, crenquenier, officier.*
Cates. *Frigalleries, companage, friandiſes.*
To **Catechiſe**. *Cathechiſer, inſtruire.*
Catechiſed. *Cathechiſé, inſtruit.*
A **Catechiſme**. *Cathechiſme.*
A **Cater**. *Deſpenſier, deſfrayeur.*
A **caterwauling**. *Enjar.*
A **Caterpiller**. *Chenille.*
Cathedrall. *Cathedral.*
A **Cathedrall** Church. *Egliſe cathedrale, la maiſtreſſe egliſe, monſtier.*
Cathegoricall. *Categorique.*
Cathegorically. *Categoriquement.*
Catholick. *Catholique, univerſel.*
A **Catholick**. *Vn Catholique.*
To be, or become a **Catholick**. *Catholizer.*
The being, or becomming a **Catholick**. *Catholiſation.*
Cattailes. *Minons.*
Cat-mint. *Herbe aux chats, herbe au chat.*
Cat-taile. *Des chattons, des cattons; Flambart, herbe à maſſes.*
Cats-foot. *Patte de chat.*
Cats-taile. *Machc.*
Cattell. *Beſtail, beſtial.*
Great **cattell** (as oxen, kine, &c.) *Omaille.*
A **caudell**. *Chaudeau; Humet, caudelée.*
A **cave**. *Cave, caverne, grotte, fourriere, greve, balme, grote, grotteſque, taniere, cavain.*
To lurke in **Caves**. *Grotteſquer.*
A little **Cave**. *Cavermeau, caveau, cavereau, cavette.*
A **Cavelan**, or falſe reine. *Caveſanne, caveſant.*
A **Cavelſon**, or **Cavechin** for a horſes noſe. *Caveçon, cabeçon, camarre, camarre.*
Caught, **catched**. *Happé, grippé, pris, prins, affiché, herpé.*
To **cavill**. *Caviller.*
A **cavill**, or **cavilling**. *Cavillation.*
A **caviller**. *Cavillateur.*
Cavilling. *Cavillatoire, captieux.*
Cavillingly. *Captieuſement.*
A **Cavitie**. *Cavité.*
A **Cauldron**. *Chauderon, chaudron, coquemart.*
A **Cauldron**-full of. *Chauderonnée, chaudronnée.*
The **Caule**, or kell wherein the bowels are wrapped. *Girbe.*
The **caule**, or kell of a beaſt. *Mariée.*
A networke **caule**. *Rezueil.*
To **caulk** a ſhip. *Calfeutrer vne navire, calfater, callafater, calfreter.* ¶ Rab.
Caulked. *Calfeutré, callefeutré.*
A **caulker** of ſhips. *Calfateur, calfeutreur de navires.*
The **caulking** of a ſhip. *Calfaterie.*
The officer in a Gallie, that lookes to **caulking** it. *Calfat, calfateur.*
That officers ſervant. *Calfatin.*
Caulſatively. *Cauſativement.*
A **Cauſe**. *Cauſe; motif, occaſion.*
For that **cauſe**. *Par ainſi.*
To **cauſe**. *Cauſer; faire; occaſionner.*
To **cauſe** to be made, or to be done. *Faire faire.*
A ſhewing **cauſe**. *Aitiologie.*
Cauſed. *Cauſé.*
A **Cauſey**. *Chauſée, chaulcée, aggere, paiſſitre, turci, turcie.*
A **Cauſtick**. *Cauſtique.*
A **cauteil**. *Cautelle, cauteſſe.*
Cautelous. *Cauteleux, capiteux.*
Cautelouſly. *Cauteleuſement, captieuſement.*
A **Cauterc**. *Cautere.*
An actuall **cautere**. *Cautere actuel.*
The button **cautere**. *Cautere à bouton.*
The circular **cautere**. *Cauteré circulaire.*
The date **cautere**. *Cautere dactilaire.*
The back **cautere**. *Cautere dorſal.*
The knife **cautere**. *Cautere cultellaire.*
The olive **cautere**. *Cautere olivaire.*
The plate **cautere**. *Cautere à platine.*
A potentiall **cautere**. *Cautere potentiel.*
The punctuall, or pointed **cautere**. *Cautere punctual.*
The ſword **cautere**. *Cautere enſol.*
The wimble **cautere**. *Cautere emportepiece.*
A **Cauteriſation**, or **canterizing**. *Cauteriſation.*
To **cauterize**. *Cauterizer.*
Cauterized. *Cauterizé.*
A **caution**. *Caution; Fidejuſſeur.*
To **ceaſe**. *Ceſſer, deſiſter.*
Ceaſed. *Ceſſé, deſiſté.*
A **ceaſing**. *Ceſſation, ceſſe, ceſſement, deſiſtement.*
Without **ceaſing**. *Sans ceſſe.*
The **cedar** tree. *Cedre.*
The great **Cedar**. *Cedre ſapin, le grand cedre, cedrelate.*
The little, crimſon, or prickly **Cedar**. *Cedre aigu, cedre Phœnicien, petit cedre.*
The fruit, or berry of the low **Cedar**. *Cedride.*
A **Cedule**. *Cedule.*
To **celebrate**. *Celebrer.*
Celebrated. *Celebré.*
A **celebration**, or **celebrating**. *Celebration.*
Celebritie. *Celebrité.*
Celeritie. *Celerité.*
Celeſtiall. *Celeſte.*
The **Cell** of a Monke or Hermite. *Mandre.*
A **Cell**. *Cellule.*
A **Cellar**. *Celier, cave, hypogée.* *Voyez* Sellar.
A little **Cellar** (or cave.) *Caveau, cavereau, cavette.*
Celondine. *Celondine, chelidoine, herbe d'arondelles.*
Celſitude. *Celſitude.*
Cement. *Cement, ciment.*
A **cenchrus**, (a certaine greeniſh ſnake, or ſerpent.) *Cenchre, cenchrite, cenchryte, caracte, cenchryne.*
A **cenotaph**. *Cenotaphe.* *Voyez* a Hearſe.
To **cenſe** (or perfume with Frankincenſe.) *Encenſer.*
Cenſed. *Encenſé.*
A **cenſing**. *Encenſement.*
Cenſing. *Encenſier.*
A **cenſer**. *Encenſoir.*
A **cenſor**. *Cenſeur.*
Cenſor-like. *Cenſorin.*
Cenſuall. *Cenſuel.*
A **cenſure**. *Cenſure, jugement.*
To **cenſure**. *Cenſurer, juger.*
The **cenſure** of a Biſhop in his Court. *Monitoire d'Eveſque.*
A **Centaure**. *Centaure.*
A **Centre**. *Centre; moyau.*
Centinodie. *Herbe de S. Innocent, herbe nouée, centidoine.*
Centoyle (herbe.) *Centaurée, centoine, erenée, ſacotin.*
A **Centurie**. *Centurie.*
A **Centurion**. *Centenier.*
Ceremoniall. *Ceremonial.*
Ceremonie. *Ceremonie, cerimonie.*
Ceremonies. *Agiaux.*
Ceremontous. *Ceremonieux, cerimonieux.*
To be very, or ſuperſticiouſly, **ceremonious**. *Faire beaucoup d'agios.*
Ceremoniouſly. *Ceremonieuſement, cerimonieuſement, cerimonialement.*
A **Cerot**. *Cerat.* *Voyez* a Searcloth.
Certaine. *Certain, manifeſte.*
Of **certaine**. *Acertes.*
Certainly. *Certainement, certes, à la verité, manifeſtement.*
A **Certaintie**. *Certaineté, certitude.*
A **Certificat**, or a **certification**. *Certification, Geural.*
To **certifie**. *Certifier, acertener.*
Certified. *Certifié, certioré, acertené.*
A **Certifier**. *Certifiateur.*
A **Certifying**. *Acertenement, acertement.*
Ceruſe. *Ceruſe, biaque, blanc d'Eſpagne.*
Full of **ceruſe**. *Ceruſeux.*
A **Ceſſation**. *Ceſſation.* *Voyez* a Ceaſing.
To **Ceſſe**. *Taxer.* *Voyez* Aſſeſſe.
Ceſſed. *Taxé.*
A **Ceſſing**, or **ceſſement**. *Taxe, cotiſation.*
A **Ceſſour**. *Taxeur.*
A **ceſſionarie** Bankerout, which renounceth his goods in open court, &c. *Ceſſionaire.*
A **Ceſterne**. *Ciſterne.*
A little **Ceſterne**. *Ciſternon.*
A little **Ceſterne**, (or veſſell) to rinſe glaſſes, or coole wine in. *Hacquet.*

Of, or belonging to, a **cesterne**. *Cisternin.*
A **Chace**. *Fugue, chasse.* Voyez a Chase.
A **chace** at tennis. *Chasse de jeu de paulme.*
A **chackstone**. *Cailleteau.*
To **chafe**. *Eschauffer, eschauser, frotter.*
To **chafe** with anger. *Se despiter, airer, se marrir.*
In a **chafe**. *Airé, despité.*
To set in a **chafe**. *Eschauffer le front à.*
Chafed. *Eschauffé, froté.*
A **chafer**. *Coquemart.*
A **chafegall**. *Soilure.*
A **chafing**. *Eschaufaison, eschauffement, eschaufeture, eschaufement, eschaufure, frottement, frottis; Marrisson.*
A **chafingdish**. *Eschauffette, eschaufferette, chauffette, chaufferette, reschaud.*
Chafing. *Eschaufant; Marri.*
Chaffe. *Paille, paille folle de blad.*
A **chaffe hoop**. *Paillier.*
A **chaffe-finch**. *Berée, Grinson, Pinson, Guinson.*
Chaffe-weed. *Herbe beurreuse, herbe à cotton.*
To **chaffer, chaffering, &c.** *Voyez* to Bargaine, Bargaining, &c.
Chaffer. *Marchandise, mercerie.*
A **chaine**. *Chaine, cathene.*
A little **chaine**. *Chainette.*
A **chain** of gold. *Collier, ou, chaine d'or.*
A flagon **chaine**. *Jaseu, jaseran.*
A counterfeit **chaine**. *Chaine de S. Philibert.*
An iron **chaine**. *Cadene.*
To **chaine**. *Enchainer.*
Chained. *Enchainé.*
A **chaining**. *Enchainement, enchainure.*
A **Chaire**. *Chaire.*
A **chaire** of state. *Dors.*
A **chaire** with elbowes. *Chaire à accoudoirs.*
A foulding **chaire**. *Chaire brisée.*
A foulding **chaire** of wood. *Chaire de bois à mollette.*
A calves **chalderne**. *Fraize, ou freze de veau.*
A **Chalice**. *Calice, calyce.*
Chalice-like. *Calyce.*
Chalke. *Craye, croye.*
To **chalke**, to marke, white, or scoure with chalke. *Crayer, croyer.*
Chalked. *Croyé, crayé.*
Chalkie, full of Chalke. *Croyeux.*
A **chalking**; a marking, or scouring with Chalke. *Croyment.*
To **challenge**. *Chalenger, calenger, calanger.*
To **challenge** at tilting. *Assaillir.*
To **challenge** into the field. *Defier.*
To **challenge** land. *acquerir.*
A **challenge**. *Calenge; aussi, defi.*
A letter of **challenge**. *Cartel, cartée.*
Challenged. *Calengé; aussi, defié; aussi, assailli.*
A **challenger** at tilting. *Assaillant.*
A **challenger** of land. *Acquereur.*
A **challenging**. *Calangement, calenge.*
A **challenging** into the field. *Defiement.*
A **challenging** of witnesses. *Objecti de tesmoings.*
A **chamber**. *Chambre.*
A dyning **chamber**. *Chambre haute.*
A back **chamber**, an inner or withdrawing **chamber**. *Arriere chambre.*
A **chamber** of presence; the great **chamber**; an outward **chamber** next the bed **chamber**. *Antichambre, chambre de parement.*
A bed **chamber**. *Chambre à lict, chambre a coucher & dormir.* ¶ Nicot.
A Kings privie **chamber**. *Chambre privée, Cabinet du Roy.*
A Bride **chamber**. *Chambre nuptiale; ou des nopces.*
The Starre **chamber**. *La chambre estoillée: Cour de Iustice.*
A **chamber** of nurserie, for women. *Chambre des femmes.*
A little **chamber**. *Chambrette, chambrillon, cabinet.*
A **chamber**-full; or, a company lying in one **chamber**. *Chambrée, caperade.*
Loving, or living in a **chamber**. *Chambreux.*
A **chamber**-fellow. *Cameriste.*
A **chamber**-maid. *Fille de chambre, chambriere, achemereſſe.*
A little young **chamber**-maid. *Chambrillon.*
A groome of the **chamber**. *Homme de chambre, valet de chambre, cameraire.*
A **Chamberlaine**. *Chambrier, chambellan.*
A **Chamberlaine** of a City. *Tresorier, ou Receveur de ville.*
A **Chamelion**. *Camelion.* Voyez a Camelion.
The black **chamelion** thistle. *Chamaeleon noir.*
Chamfered. *Strié.*
A **chamfering**. *Chanfrain creux, canal, strieure.*
To **chamfret**, (or slope the edge of a stone, &c.) *Braser.*
Chamlet. *Camelot.*
Watered **chamlet**. *Camelot à ondes.*
Unwatered **chamlet**. *Camelot plenier.*
Waved like **chamlet**. *Cameloté.*
To become waved like **chamlet**. *Se cameloter.*
A **Chamois**. *Chamois.* Voyez a Shamoise.
To **champ**. *Mascher, mordre.* Voyez to Chew.
Champed. *Masché, mordu.*
A **champer**. *Mascheur.*
A bridle-**champer**. *Masche-frain.*
A **champing**. *Maschement, manducation, mandication, morsure.*
A **Champion**. *Champion.*
A **champian**, or plain field. *Campaigne, champaigne; Guarigue.* ¶ Rab.
An untilled **champian** (or waste.) *Meze.*
A **chance**. *Accident, fortune, advenuë, advenement, adventure, sort, hasard, risque, cas fortuit.*
A **chance** at dice. *Sort des dez.*
By **chance**. *Fortuitement, d'adventure, accidentalement, par cas fortuit.*
An offence happening by **chance**-medley. *Cas fortuit.*
To **chance**. *Advenir.* Voyez to Happen.
Chanced. *Advenu.*
A **Chancell**. Voyez a Chauncell.
A **Chancellour**. *Chancelier.*
A Bishops **chancellour**. *Official.*
The **Chancerie**. *Chancelerie.*
Chancerie-like, of, or belonging to, the **Chancerie**. *Cancelaresque.*
A **Chancing** unto. *Advenement à, obvention.*
A **Chandler**. *Chandelier; ou, comme a* Chaundler.
A **change**. *Change, mutation, muë, muance, mutation.*
To **change**. *Changer, muër, alterer.*
Changeable. *Muable.*
Changeable colour. *Couleur changeant.*
A **changer**, or banker. *Changeur.*
A **changing**. *Changement, muëment, mutation.*
Changeableneſſe. *Muableté, mutabilité.*
A **Channell**. *Canal, achenal, canëer, goutiere.*
The **channell** bone. *Fourcelle.*
The hollow **channell** of a wine presse. *Mer.*
To **channell** (stone or timber.) *Caneler.*
Saint Georges **channell**. *La manche d'Angleterre.*
The **channell**, whereby the urine of a new-borne infant passeth. *Ouragus.*
Channelled. *Canelé, strié.*
A **channelling**. *Caneleure, canelure, strieure.*
A **chanon**. *Voyez* a Canon.
A **chanter**. *Chantre.*
To **chap**. *Crevaſſer, ſe fendre, Gercer, fendiller, ſe jarcer, s'ouvrir.*
A **chap**. *Crevaſſe, fente, gerſure, gerceure, jarſure, fendaſſe, jarceure.*
A **chap** (or bag of the cheeke.) *Gipſie.*
A **chape**. *Chappe de fourreau d'eſpée.*
A **Chaplaine**. *Chapelain, capelan, capellan.*
A **chaplainſhip**. *Chapelainie.*
A **chapiet**. *Chapelet, chappelet.*
A **chapman**. *Marchand, chaland.*
A poore (or beggarly) **chapman**. *Mercandeau, mercandier, marchand d'allumettes.*
To allure **chapmen**. *Achalander.*
Frequented by **chapmen**. *Achalandé.*
Chapped. *Crevaſſé, crevacé, fendillé, gercé, gersé, jarcé.*
Chappie. *Fendu.*
A **chapping**. *Fendement.*
The **chappes**. *Maſchoires.*
A **chapter**. *Chapitre.*
The **Chapter**, or **chapiter** of a pillar. *Chapiteau.*
A **chapter** (held by the officers of a Cathedrall Church.) *Aſſemblée Capitulaire, chapitre.*
Of, or belonging to, a **chapter**. *Capitulaire.*
In **chapter**, with full consent of the **chapter**. *Capitulairement.*
Having a voice in the **chapter**. *Capitulant.*
A **Character**. *Charactere.* Voyez Caracter.
A **charcoale**. *Charbon.*
To **charge**. *Charger; accuſer, accuſper, calenger; aſſaillir; mander, mettre ſus à, mettre à ſus.*
To **charge**, or loade. *Charger, bourder.*
A **charge**. *Charge; fonction, office; advoëſon, advoiſon; mandement, negoce, cargué.*
Charges. *Deſpens, deſpenſe, frez, miſe, fraiz, frais.*
Chargeable. *Couteux.*
Charged. *Chargé, mandé.*
Charged with a crime. *Accuſpé, accuſe, calengé.*
Charging. *Chargeant.*
A **charger**. *Grand plat.*

Charie. *Caut, accort. Voyez* Warie.
A **Chariot.** *Chariot, charette.*
A ſmall **chariot.** *Charlotte.*
Charitable. *Charitable, charitatif.*
Charitably. *Charitablement.*
Charitie. *Charité.*
Charlatime. *Charlaterie. Voyez* Mountebanke.
A **Charme.** *Charme, ſort.*
To **charme.** *Charmer, ſorceler.*
Charmed. *Charmé, enchanté.*
A **charmer.** *Charmeur, ſocier.*
A ſhee **charmer.** *Charmereſſe, ſorciere.*
Charming. *Sorcelerie, ſorcelage.*
Care-**charming.** *Charme-ſouci.*
Griefe **charming.** *Charme-peine.*
Heart-**charming.** *Charme-cœur.*
A **charming** of the codpiece. *Eſguillette nouée.*
Charmingly. *Charmeuſement.*
A **charnell** houſe. *Charnier.*
A **charter.** *Chartre, chartres.*
A **charbell,** or **charbill.** *Cerfueil.*
A **chaſe.** *Chaſſe, ſuite, pourſuite.*
A **chaſe** at tennis. *Chaſſe.*
To **chaſe.** *Chaſſer, pourſuivre.*
Chaſeable. *Chaſſable.*
Chaſed *Chaſſé, pourſuivi.*
A **chaſer.** *Chaſſeur, chaſſereſſe.*
A **chaſing.** *Chaſſerie.*
Chaſing after. *Pourſuivant.*
Chaſte. *Chaſte.*
To **chaſten.** *Voyez* to Chaſtiſe.
To **chaſtile** *Chaſtier, corriger.*
Chaſtiſeable. *Chaſtiable.*
Chaſtiſed *Chaſtié.*
A **chaſtiſer.** *Chaſtieur.*
A **chaſtiſing,** or **chaſtiſement.** *Chaſtiment.*
Chat. *Babil, caquet, jaſerie.*
Idle **chat.** *Menus propes.*
To **chat.** *Babiller, cauſer, jaſer.*
A **chatting** goſhip. *Jaſarde, Babillarde, caqueteuſe, coquette. Voyez* Prate, pratling, &c.
A **chattell** *Catoul, catel, catteul.*
To **chatter.** *Jargonner, jargouiller, gaioler, caquetter, coquetter, babiller, jaſer.*
To **chatter** for cold. *Friller, friſſonner.*
To **chatter** the teeth. *Naqueter les dents, claquer, claqueter les dents.*
A **chatterer.** *Jargonneur.*
A **chattering.** *Iaſerie.*
A Calves **Chaulpon.** *Fraiſe.*
A **chaunce.** *Voyez* Chance.
A **chauncell** (or quire of a Church.) *Cœur d'eſgliſe.*
A **Chancellour,** & **Chauncerie.** *Comme* Chancellor and Chancerie.
A **Chaundler.** *Chandelier.*
A **chaunter.** *Chantre.*
To **chaw.** *Maſcher. Voyez* to Chew.
To **chaw** ſlowly. *Machonner, machoter.*
Chawed. *Maſché.*
Chawed meat, (ſuch as nurſes give their children.) *Maſché.*
A **chawer.** *Maſcheur.*
A **chawing.** *Maſchement, manducation, mandication.*
A **chawne.** *Geruſure, gerçure, jarſure, garceure, fente, fendaſſe, crevaſſe.*
To **chawne.** *Se fendre, gercer, crevaſſer, crever, ſe jarcer.*
Chawned. *Crevacé, crevaſſé, gercé, jarſé.*
To **cheapen.** *Barguigner, marchander, demander le prix.*
Cheapened. *Marchandé.*
A **cheapener.** *Barguigneur.*
Cheap, or good **cheap,** dog **cheap.** *Bon marché, à bon marche, grand marché, vil, à vil prix.*
To be good **cheap.** *Eſtre à bon marché.*
Better **cheap.** *A meilleur marché.*
Cheare, chearfull, &c. *Voyez* Cheere, cheerfull, &c.
To **cheat.** *Tromper, tricher, gaber, villonner.*
A **cheat,** or **cheating** trick. *Fourbe.*
Cheated. *Gourré.*
A **cheater.** *Trompeur, impoſteur, tricheur, gabeur, mattois, monſieur ſans queuë.*
A **cheating.** *Tromperie, ripperie, natreté.*
A **cheating** pranke. *Caſſade. Voyez* a Coutening trick.
To **check.** *Reprouver, reprendre, redarguer, rudoyer, tancer, tanſer, veſperiſer.*
A **check.** *Reprimende, reprehenſion.*
The **check** at Cheſſe. *Eſchec.*
Check-mate. *Eſchec et mat.*
Checked *Reprins, repris, redargué; tanſé, veſperiſé.*
A **Checker.** *Reprenart, repreneur.*
A **Checker-bord.** *Eſchequier.*
Checker-work. *Ouvrage, quarrelé.*
Checkered *(en blazon.) Eſchequé.*
A **checking.** *Redargution, rudoyement, tanſement, tançon, tanſon.*
Cheeke. *Chef, capital. Voyez* Chiefe.
A **cheeke,** or **cheeke** man. *Chif, principal.*
The **cheekeſt.** *Le plus principal.*
Cheekely. *Principalement, meſmement, notamment.*
Cheeke by jowle. *Hure à hure.*
The **cheek.** *Joué; giffle.*
Full **cheekt,** or puffe **cheeked.** *Gifflard, gouju, joffu.*
The whole **cheek** from the eye-brow to the chinne. *Jouée.*
The **cheeke** teeth. *Les dents machelieres, dents meulieres.*
To **cheepe.** (as chicks, or young birds.) *Pianler, piailler, pioler.*
A **cheeper.** *Pioleur.*
The **cheeping** (of young birds.) *Piolement.*
Cheere. *Chere; morche.*
Good **cheere.** *Bonne chere.*
To make good **cheere** unto. *Faire bonne chere; ſe goguer, careſſer.*
To make poore **cheere.** *Faire mauvaiſe chere.*
Cold **cheere.** *Maigre chere.*
To **cheere,** or **cheere** up. *Cherer, reconforter, resjouir, Esbaudir, haiter, rhaiter.*
To be of good **cheere.** *Se resjouir, ſe reconforter, S'esbaudir.*
Cheere, or countenance. *Chere, mine.*
Cheered, *Esbaudi, resjoui.*
A **cheering.** *Reconfortement, careſſe.*
Cheerefull *Alaigre, gaillard, esbaudi, aiſe, haité, haitié, ſerein.*
Cheerefully. *Allegrement, gaillardement, de bon hayt.*
To look **cheerfully.** *Serener.*
Cheerfulneſſe. *Gaillardeté, hait, haiſt, resjouiſſance.*
Cheeſe. *Formage, fourmage.*
A little **cheeſe.** *Fourmagem.*
Mouldie **cheeſe** (greene.) *Verry.*
A **cheeſe-cake.** *Talmouſe, caſſe muſeau.*
Freſh **cheeſe.** *Laiſt caillé.*
A **cheeſe-darie,** or **cheeſe-houſe** *Fourmagerie.*
A **cheeſe-monger,** or **cheeſe-ſeller.** *Fourmageur, fourmagier.*
A **cheeſe-pyelle,** or **cheeſe-fat.** *Fourmagere, fourmagiere; eſcliſſe, faiſſelle, cageroite, caſeret.*
Cheeſe-ware. *Fourmagerie.*
Cheeſe-runnet, or **cheeſe-woort.** *Petit muguet.*
Cheeſe-bo'wles. *Favot.*
Cheeſie, or full of **cheeſe.** *Fourmagent.*
To **cheriſh.** *Cherir, cherer, careſſer, amadouer, cadeler; aiſſi, fomenter, mignarder, mignoter, alimenter.*
Cheriſhed. *Cheri, careſſé, amadoué, cadelé; fomenté, mignardé, alimenté.*
A **cheriſher.** *Qui cherit, mignardeur.*
A **cheriſhing.** *Fomentation; mignotiſe, careſſe.*
Cheriſhingly. *Mignotement.*
A **Cherry.** *Ceriſe, guiſne, guine.*
The Agriot, (or tart) **cherrie.** *Agriotte, griote.*
A **cherrie-tree.** *Ceriſier.*
A ſowre **cherry-tree.** *Griotier.*
A **cherrie** garden. *Ceriſaye.*
The revenue, or profit that comes by **cherries.** *Ceriſée.*
Winter **cherries** (the berries of Nightſhade.) *Ceriſes d'oultre mer, viſicaire. Voyez* Alkakengie.
A ſmall bitter **cherry.** *Meriſe.*
The dwarfe **cherry-tree.** *Ceriſier bas, ou petit.*
Black ſweet **cherries.** *Grimbes, Guiſnes noires.*
The ſmall bitter **cherry tree.** *Meriſier.*
Cherbill. *Cerfueil.*
Wild **cherbill.** *Peigne de venus.*
Mock **cherbill,** or great **chorbill.** *Cinitaire, aiguille de paſteur.*
Cheſſe. *Eſchez.*
The **cheſſe-men.** *Des eſchecs.*
A **cheſſebord.** *Eſchequier.*
To play at **cheſſe.** *Jouër aux eſchez.*
Cheſſe play. *Jeu d'eſchez.*
A **cheſſefork.** *Comme* Cheeſe-preſſe.
A **cheſt.** *Coffre, capſe; caſſe, quaiſſe, caiſſe,*
A little **cheſt.** *Coffret, capſetin, capſule, caſſetin, caſſette, caſſolette.*
A **cheſt-keeper,** or Caſſeer. *Caiſſier, quaiſier.*
A great **cheſt.** *Caſſon.*
To put into a **cheſt.** *Coffrer.*
Put into a **cheſt.** *Coffré.*
A **cheſt-like** cover (or caſe.) *Caſſard.*
A **cheſt-maker.** *Coffrier, caiſſier.*
A **cheſt** wherein precious ſtuffe is hourded. *Macault, magault, mogault.*
A **Cheſtnut.** *Chaſtaigne, gland de Jupiter, marron.*
A **cheſtnut** tree. *Chaſtaignier.*
Horſe **cheſtnut,** (a kind of great black **cheſtnut.**) *Chaſtaigne chevaline.*
The domeſticall great **cheſtnut.** *Marron, Chaſtaigne maſle.*
The great **cheſtnut** tree. *Marronnier.*
The ſmall, or wild **cheſtnut.** *Chaſtaigne femelle, bochaſſe.*
The water **cheſtnut.** *Chaſtaigne d'eau, ou de riviere.*
A plot, or orchard of **cheſtnut** trees. *Chaſtaigneraye.*
Cheſtnut colour. *Chaſtain, caſtaign.*
The rough ſhels of **Cheſtnuts.** *Callicules.*
Cheverell lether. *Cuir de chevreul.*

A **Chevin** (fish.) *Monnier, cabelaud, munier, muſnier, teſtu.*
A **Chevron**, or **cheveron**. *Cheuron.*
To **Chew**. *Maſcher.*
To **chew** ſlowly. *Machonner, machoter.*
To **chew** the cud. *Ruminer.*
Chewed. *Maſché.*
A **chewer**. *Maſcheur.*
A **chewing**. *Maſchement.*
A **chewing** the cud. *Ruminement.*
A **Chibboll**. *Ciboule, ſive.*
A **Chiche** peaſe. *Iche, pois iches.*
Chichlings. *Garvences, des ſars.*
A **Chick**, or **chicken**. *Poulſin.*
Chickins newly hatched. *Pieux.*
To hatch **Chickens**. *Poulſiner.*
To count his **Chickens** before they be hatched. *Faire de ſes œufs poules.*
Chickweed. *Morgeline; mourron blanc, mauvais œil.*
Baſtard **Chickweed**. *Mourron baſtard.*
Ivle **Chickweed**. *Herbe au moineau. Voyez* Henbit.
To **chide**. *Tancer, tanſer; hutiner, rioter, rudoyer, noiſer, objurguer, veſperiſer.*
Chidden. *Tanſé, veſperiſé.*
A **chider**. *Qui tanſe, objurgateur.*
A **chiding**. *Tanſement, tanſon, objurgation, riote; noiſe, tançon, hutin, rudoyement.*
Chiding, full of **chiding**. *Tanſonniere, rioteux, noiſeux, objurgatorie.*
Chief. *Chef, principal, maiſtre.*
A **chiefe**. (*En blazon*) *la partie ſuperieure & plus noble d'un eſcu.*
Chiefly. *Principalement.*
A **chieftaine**. *Capitaine.*
A **Child**. *Enfant.*
A little **child**. *Enfançon.*
To play the **child**. *Enfantiller.*
A fatherleſſe **child**. *Orfelin, orfenin, orphelin.*
A **child** brought forth before its time. *Avorton.*
Great with **child**. *Enceinčte, groſſe d'enfants*
To bring forth a **child**. *Enfanter.*
Child-birth. *Enfantement.*
A **child-bearing** woman. *Femme enfantiere.*
A woman in **child-bed**. *Accouchée.*
A womans being in **child-bed**. *Accouchement d'une femme.*
The **childs** ſhirt, coiſe, or biggin inwrapping him in the wombe. *La tunique aguellette, agneliere, agnelette.*
Childhood. *Enfance.*
Childiſh. *Pueril, enfantil, enfantin; juvenil.*
To uſe **childiſh** trickes. *Faire le garçon.*
A **childiſh** part. *Vn fait d'enfant.*
Childiſhly. *Enfantilement, enfantinement, juvenilement.*
Childiſhneſſe. *Enfantilage, puerilité; Niaiſerie.*
Children. *Enfans* (*plurier de* Child.)
Chill or **chillis**. *Frileux, froid, froidelet, froidilleux, froidureux.*
A **chill-blaine**. *Jalle, engeleure.*
Chillis (Adverb.) *Froidelettement.*
Chilneſſe. *Froidure, froid.*
Chimeraes. *Chimeres.*
To **chime** bells. *Carillonner les cloches, ſonner la gamme.*
A **chime**, **chiming**, or **chimes**. *Appeaux, carillon; gamme.*
Chimed. *Carillonné.*
A **chimer** of bells. *Carilloneur.*
Chimicall. *Chimique, ſchymique, chymiſtique.*
A **Chimiſt**. *Chymique.*
A **chimney**. *Cheminée.*
Of, or belonging to, a **chimney**. *Cheminier.*
A **Chimney-piece**, (of tapeſtry, or of maſons worke.) *Cheminée.*
A **Chimney-ſweeper**. *Ramoneur de cheminées.*
Chimney-ſweep, (the cry of a chimney-ſweeper.) *Haut & bas la cheminée.*
The **chine**. *Eſchine; eſchinon, cheſnon.*
To **chine**. *Eſchiner.*
A **chine** of porke. *Eſchinée de porc.*
Chined. *Eſchiné.*
A **chinke**. *Fente, geruure, gerceure, jarſure.*
To **chinke**. *Gerſer.*
Chinkes. *Eſcus, argent, quinquaille, monnoye.*
Chinked. *Gercé.*
The **chinne**. *Menton.*
Of, of belonging to, the **chinne**. *Mentonnier.*
The **chinne-peece** of an helmet, or a (Ladies) **chinne-cloth**. *Barbotte, mantonniere, naſſel.*
To **chip**, or **chippe**. *Chappler, cruper.*
To **chip** bread. *Chapeler du pain; chapler, ou chappler du pain.*
A **chip-axe**. *Aiſceau.*
A **chip**. *Coupeau de bois, coppeau.*
Chipped. *Chapplé, chapié, chapelé.*
A **chipping**. *Chapplis.*
Chipings of bread. *Chapelis, chapelures de pain.*
Chiromancie. *Chiromantie.*
To **chirp** (as a bird.) *Garioler, gazouiller, pioler, piper, cigaler.*
To **chirpe** (as a Cricket.) *Greſillonner.*
A **chirper**. *Pioleur, pipeur.*
The **chirping** of birds. *Pipée, piolement, gazouillis, gazouil.*
The **chirping** of Sparrowes. *Guillerie des paſſereaux.*
Chirping, that chirps. *Gazouilleux, gazouillard.*
A **Chirurgian**. *Chirurgien, mire.*
Chirurgerie. *Chirurgie.*
Of, or belonging to, **chirurgerie**. *Chirurgial.*
A **Chiſell**. *Ciſelet, enchampre.*
To cut, or carve, with a **chiſell**. *Ciſeler, cizeler.*
Carved, or graved with a **chiſell**. *Ciſelé, cizelé.*
Chiſell-worke. *Ciſeleure, cizelleure,*
A loyners ſtraight **chiſell**. *Fremoir.*
A **chit**, or **chitch** peaſe. *Voyez* a Chich peaſe.
The **chit**, (or medow larke.) *Faloppe.*
A **chittie-face**, or **chichi-face**. *Chicheface, viſage de rebec.*
A **Chitterling**. *Le gras boyau.*
Small **chitterlings**. *Friquenelles.*
Chivalrie. *Chevalerie.*
Chives. *Civettes, ſivettes, brelles.*
A **Chizell**. *Voyez* a Chiſell.
To **choake**. *Eſtrangler, eſtouffer, ſuffoquer.*
Almoſt to **choake**. *Anouer.*
A **choak-peare**. *Poire d'eſtrangillon.*
Choaked. *Eſtouffé, eſtranglé, ſuffoqué.*
Almoſt **choaked**. *Anoué, agoué.*
A **choaking**. *Eſtouffement, eſtranglement, ſuffocation.*
A **choane**. *Geruure, jarſure, fente, crevaſſe. Voyez* a Chawne.
A **chocks** under the chinne. *Hauſſe-bec, mantonniere.*
Choice. *Eſlite, chois, election, eſlection; trie, nomination.*
Choler. *Chole, cholere.*
Full of **choler**. *Cholereux.*
Blacke **choler**. *Melancholie.*
Cholericke. *Cholerique, cholereux,* verreux.
The **chollicke**. *Colique. Voyez* the Collicke.
To **chooſe**. *Choiſir, elire, eſlire.*
To **chooſe** out. *Cueillir, tyrer.*
To **chooſe** rather. *Aimer mieulx.*
A **chooſer**. *Electeux; cueilleur.*
A **chooſing**. *Eſlection, election.*
A **chooſing** out. *Cueillement, cueilleure.*
To **choppe**. *Hacher, charpentailler, chapeler, chappler.*
To **choppe** off. *Tronquer.*
To **choppe**, or change. *Changer, troquer.*
Chopped. *Haché.*
A **chopping**. *Hachement.*
A **chopping-knife**. *Conſteau à hacher.*
The **Chorus** of a Tragedy. *Chœur de tragedie.*
Chorographie. *Chorographie.*
Cholen. *Eſleu, choiſi; cueille, trié.*
A **chough**. *Choüette.*
A cornith **chough**. *Graye, grole.*
A **Chriſmatorie**. *Chriſmatoire.*
Chriſme, crſme, chriſtome, or **criſome**. *Chreſme, creſme.*
Chriſtall. *Criſtal.*
Chriſt. *Chriſt.*
To **chriſten**. *Chreſtienner, baptiſer.*
Chriſtened. *Baptiſé.*
Chriſtendome. *Chreſtienté, chriſtianiſme.*
A **chriſtening**. *Baptiſere.*
A **Chriſtian**. *Chreſtien.*
A **chriſtian** turned Turke, or Jew. *Maran, marrane.*
Chriſtianitie. *Chriſtianiſme, chriſtianité, chreſtienté.*
Chriſtmas. *Noël, Nouel.*
S. **Chriſtopher**. *S. Chriſtophle, ou Chriſtaſle.*
The **Chriſts-croſſe-row**. *Le croix de par Dieu, ou comme* the Abce.
Chriſts-herbe, Chriſts-wort. *Herbe de Chriſt, veraire noire.*
A **Chronicle**. *Chronique, cronique, ou chroniques, hiſtoire.*
A **chronicler**. *Chroniqueur, chronicleur, chroniſte, hiſtorien.*
Chronographie. *Chronographie.*
Chronologie. *Chronologie.*
A **Chryſmatorie**. *Comme* Chriſmatorie.
A **Chryſocolla**. *Chryſocolle, chriſocolle.*
A **Chryſolite**. *Chryſolite.*
A **chuet** pie. *Gonbelet.*
A **chuffe**. *Franc-ſapin, maſche-foyn.*
A rich **chuffe**. *Franc-gontier.*
A fat **chuffe**. *Vn gros marroufle.*
Chuffie. *Gifflard, gonjou, joſſu, jouflu, mouru.*
A **Church**. *Egliſe, temple.*

Church-men. *Gens d'eglise.*
A **Churchwarden.** *Diacre, marguillier, gardien de l'eglise, gaiger, aeditue; marguellier.*
A Churchwardenship. *Marelle, marguillerie.*
A **church yard.** *Cimitiere, latre.*
A womans **churching.** *Relevailles, ou relevée d'une femme.*
A **Churle.** *Rustault.*
A rich **churle.** *Vn gros marroufle.*
Churlish. *Apre, rustique, revesche, malivole, mauvau, ruffage, rude, vilain.*
Churlish of countenance. *Affreux.*
Somewhat **churlish.** *Vilenot.*
Churlishly. *Aprement, rustiquement, mauvaisement, rudement, vilainement.*
Churlishnesse. *Apreté, rustauderie, revescherie, mescognoissance, rudesse, vilenie, villanie.*
Churlishnesse of looke. *Affreuseté.*
To **churne.** *Baretter, bariner, batre le beurre.*
A **churne.** *Barette, beurette, beurette, beurriere.*
A churne-staffe. *Bat-beurre.*
Churned. *Barraté.*
To **chuse.** *Choisir, triex. Voyez* Choose.
To **chyde.** *Tancer. Voyez* to Chide.
The **Chylus.** *Chyle, chile.*
Chymicall, and **chymist.** *Comme* Chimicall, and Chimist.
A **Cibbal.** *Comme* Chibboll.
A **Cicatrice.** *Cicatrice.*
To **cicatrize.** *Cicatrizer, cicatriser.*
Cicatrized. *Cicatrizé, cicatricé.*
Cicatrizing. *Cicatrisatif.*
Ciches, or **chiches.** *Ciches, chiches.*
Cichelings, or **chichlings.** *Cicerolles.*
Cichorie. *Cichorée. Voyez* Succorie.
A **cickle.** *Voyez* a Sickle.
Cider. *Cidre, Pommé.*
Cilerie, or Draperie. *Draperie. Voyez* M. Cotgrave.
A **Cilinder.** *Cilindre, cylindre.*
A **Cimball.** *Cymbale, cimbale.*
Cinders. *Des cendres des charbons de terre.*
A **Cinicke.** *Cynic.*
Cinque (at dice.) *Cinq, quine.*
Two **cinkes.** *Quines.*
Cinke-foile. *Cinque-fueille, quinte-fueille.*
The **Cink-ports,** or **Cinque-ports.** *Les Cinq ports. (Les Cinq ports principaux, qui sont du costé oriental d'angleterre, vers la France; desquels a charge.)*
The Lord warde n of the **Cink-ports.** *Le Seigneur Gardien, ou garde des cinq-ports.*
Cinnamon. *Cinnamome; canelle, cannelle.*
Of **Cinnamon; cinnamon'd.** *Canellé.*
A **Cipher.** *Voyez* a Cypher.
Cipres. *Cresse.*
The **cipres** tree. *Voyez* Cyprus.
A **Circle.** *Cercle, cercean, cycle.*
A little **circle.** *Cercelet, cerclet.*
A halfe **circle.** *Demi-cercean, demi-cercle, hemicycle.*
To **circle** about. *Circuir, cerceler.*
Circled. *Cercelé, cerclé, circuit.*
A **circlet** of wicker, &c *(to set under a dish.) Garde-nappe.*
A **Circuit.** *Circuit.*
To **circuit.** *Circuir.*
A **Circuition.** *Circuition.*
Circular. *Circulaire.*
Circular motion. *Circuition, circumbilivagination.*
Circularly. *Circulairement.*
Circularitie. *Circularité.*
To **Circulate.** *Circuler.*
Circulated. *Circulé.*
Circulation. *Circulation.*
Circulatorie. *Circulatoire.*
A **Circumbilibigation.** *Circumbilivagination.*
To **Circumcide.** *Circoncir.*
Circumcised. *Circoncis.*
A Circumcised Christian. *Marran, marrane.*
Circumcision. *Circoncision.*
A **Circumference.** *Circonference.*
A **Circumflex** accent. *Accent circonflex, ou contourné.*
A **Circumlocution.** *Circonlocution.*
To **Circumscribe.** *Circonscrire.*
Circumscribed. *Circonscript.*
A **Circumscription.** *Circonscription.*
Circumspect. *Advisé, accort, oculé.*
Circumspectly. *Accortement, advisément, l'œil tendu au bois.*
Circumspection. *Circonspection, accortesse, accortise, advisement.*
A **Circumstance,** *Circonstance, accessoire, accident.*
Circumstanced. *Circonstancié.*
To **Circumvent.** *Circonvenir.*
Circumvented. *Circonvenu.*
A **Circumvention.** *Circonvention, mal engin.*
A **Circumvolution.** *Circonvolution.*
Cizers. *Ciseaux. Voyez* Cizars.
The plant called **Cistus.** *Ciste, garint.*
A **Citadell.** *Citadelle.*
A **Citation.** *Citation, adjournement.*
To **Cite,** *Citer, adjourner; aussi, alleguer.*
Cited. *Cité, adjourné; allegué.*
A **Citie.** *Cité, ville.*
A **Citizen.** *Citoyen, citadin, bourgeois.*
A **Citizenship,** the freedome of the Citie. *Citoyennerie.*
A **Cisterne.** *Cistre.*
A **Citron,** or pomecitron. *Citron.*
A **citron** tree. *Citronnier.*
Of a **citron, citron-like.** *Citrin citronnier.*
Citron Basill. *Basilic citronnier.*
A **citron,** or pale Orange colour. *Couleur Citrin.*
A **Citrull,** or **citrull** Cowcomber. *Citronille, citrulle; Concombre citrin.*
Civets. *Sivettes, civot, brelles, oignonettes.*
Civet; also a **Civet** cat. *Civette, Sivette.*
Perfumed with, or smelling of, **Civet.** *Civettien.*
Civill. *Civil; grave; honneste, humain; modeste.*
The **civill** day. *Iour civil. Voyez* Day.
Civilitie. *Civilité; gravité; honnesteté, humanité.*
Civillie. *Civilement, honnestement, humainement, modestement.*
To **Civilize.** *Civiliser, civiliser, affaiter.*
Civilized. *Civilisé, affaitté.*
A **Civilizing.** *Affaiterie.*
Cizars. *Ciseaux, forcettes.*
A little **cizars.** *Ciselets*
To clip with **cizars.** *Ciseler, cizailler, cizeler.*
Clipped with **cizars.** *Ciselé, cizaillé.*
A clipping, or cutting with **Cizars.** *Ciselage, cizellage.*
A **Clacke.** *Clac, Claquet, claquette.*
To **clacke.** *Claquer, claqueter, cliquer.*
The **clacke** of a mill. *Claquet de moulin, traquet de moulin.*
Clacking. *Claquetant.*
A clacking. *Claquetement, claquetis, cliquettement, cliquetis.*
To **Clad.** *Affubler, vestir. Voyez* to Clothe.
Clad. *Affublé, vestu.*
A **Cladding.** *Affublage, affublement.*
Claggie. *Jotteux.*
Claie. *Voyez* Clay.
To **Claime.** *Clamer, calenger; calenger.*
To **claime** land. *Acquerir.*
A **claime.** *Claim, calenge.*
Claimeable. *Clamable.*
Claimed. *Clamé, calengé.*
A **Claimer.** *Clamant.*
A claimer of land. *Acquereur, clamant.*
To **Clammer.** *Grimper. Voyez* to Climbe.
A **Clammering.** *Grimpement.*
Clammie. *Visqueux, gluteux, agglutinatif, glaireux, gluant, jotteux, viscide.*
Clammines. *Gluten, glutinosité.*
Clamour. *Clamour; hutin, hutinement; bruit.*
To **clamour.** *Hutinir; faire bruit.*
Clamorous. *Hutineux.*
To **Clap.** *Claquer; frapper, claqueter, cliquer, cliqueter, tapper, taper.*
To **clap** with the hand. *Clappetter.*
To **clap** downe. *Mettre à la flac.*
To **clap** hands. *Frapper des mains, applaudir.*
At one **clap.** *d'un train.*
To **clap** on a peece. *Rataconner.*
To **clap** on the backe. *Gallonner, galonner.*
A **clap.** *Coup.*
A wench that hath got a **clap.** *Fille-femme.*
Clapboord for caske. *Marrein, marrain.*
Clapped. *Froppé.*
Clapped on the backe. *Gallonné, Galonné.*
A **Clapper.** *Frappeur.*
A **clapper.** *Clac, claquette, cercerelle, cliquette.*
A mill **clapper.** *Claquet de moulin, traquet de moulin.*
A **clapper** of Conies. *Clapier, glapier.*
A lazers **clapper.** *Claquette, cliquet, cliquette.*
The **clapper** of a bell. *Batant, an, batail de cloche, Besteau.*
The **clapper** of a doore. *Marteau, cliquet.*
A **clapping.** *Frappement; claquetement, claquetis, cliquettement, cliquetis.*
Clapping. *Claquetant.*
A **clapping** of the hands. *Battement des mains, applaudissement.*
Claret. Claret wine. *Vin claret, crabrit, ou cleret.*
Clarecords. *Clavessins.*
Clarie. *Orvals, bormin, burmale, toute bonne.*
To **Clarifie.** *Clarifier, appurer, esclaircir.*

Clips

Clarified, *Clarifié, appuré.*
A **Clarifying**. *Appurement.*
A **Clarion**. *Clairon.*
To ſound a **Clarion**. *Claironner.*
A **Clarke**. *Clerc.*
A pettie, under, or young **clarke**. *Clergeau.*
The **clarke** of the market. *Agoranome.*
Of a **clarke**. *Clerical.*
A pariſh **clarke**, or **clarke** of a Church. *Sacriſtain.*
The **clarke** of a kitchin. *Eſcuyer de cuiſine.*
A writing **clarke**. *Scribe, Greffier.*
Clarkely. *Clericalement.*
Clarkſhip. *Clericature.*
To **Claſpe**. *Agraffer, s'accroſſer, agrapher.*
A **claſpe**. *Agraffe, acroc, agraphe, happe, hape.*
The **claſpes** of a booke. *Les fermoirs, ou fremoirs, d'un livre.*
The booke of a **claſpe**. *Happe, hape.*
Claſped. *Accroché, agraffé, affiteté.*
A **Claſping**. *Agraffement, accrochement.*
To **Clatter**. *Claquer, claqueter, cliquer, cliquer.*
A **Clattering**. *Claquetement, claquetis, cliquettement, cliquetis.*
Clattering. *Claquetant.*
Claber. *Comme* Plaiſter Claver, Harts Claver. *Melilot.*
Clavicords. *Comme* Claricords.
A **Clauſe**. *Clauſe, article.*
A little **clauſe**. *Clauſule.*
To **Claw**. *Agrapbiner, gripher, graphiguer, grater, gratiguer; galler.*
To **claw** gently. *Gallomer, galomer.*
A **claw**. *Griffe.*
Having great **clawes**. *Griffu.*
A dogs **claw**. *L'harpe d'un chien.*
A **claw-backe**. *Adulateur, flateur, jacquet.*
Clawed. *Griffé, graphigné, gratigné, graté, galloné, galonné.*
A **Clawer**. *Graphigneur.*
A **Clawing**. *Griffade, grattement, grat.*
Clawing. *Gratant.*
Clay. *Ardille, ardillier, terre ardilliere.*
Fine **clay**. *Argillette; Stue.*
Potters **clay**. *Argille.*
To **clay**, or dawbe with **clay**. *Ardiller.*
A **clay-pit**. *Argilliere.*
Clayed, or dawbed with **clay**. *Ardillé.*
Clayiſh. *Glaieux, argilleux.*
Clayme. *Voyez* Claime.
Cleane. *Net, pur, monde, munde.*
To make **cleane**. *Mondifier, mundifier; fincer.*
Made **cleane**. *Mondifié, mondé.*
Cleanly. *Nettement.*
Cleanneſſe. *Netteté, pureté.*
Cleanſable. *Nettoyable.*
To **Cleanſe**, or make **cleane**. *Nettoyer, monder, eſmonder, mondifier, mettre au net, purifier.*
To **cleanſe** from chaffe, huskes, &c. *Eſbourrer.*
Cleanſed. *Nettoyé, purifié, esbourré, mondifié, mondé, eſmondé, murdé.*
A **Cleanſer**. *Eſmondeur.*
A **Cleanſing**. *Nettoyement, mondification, eſmondement.*
Cleanſing. *Abſterſif, mondificatif, mundificatif.*
Cleanſings. *Nettieures, nettoyeures.*
Cleare. *Clair. Voyez* Cleere.
To **Cleave**. *Fendre, gercer, fendiller.*
To **cleave** to. *Adherer.*
A **Cleaver**. *Fendeur.*
A wood **Cleaver**. *Boicheron.*
A **cleaver**, *Paltret.* (*Of* Bleſien.)
A **Cleaving**. *Fendement.*
A **cleaving** to. *Adheſion.*
Cleaving to. *Adglutinatif, adherant, jotteux.*
Cleaving. *Fendant.*
Cleere. *Clair, cler, ſerein, manifeſte, monde, net.*
Cleere weather. *Le ſerain, ou, ſerein.*
To **cleere**, or make **cleere**. *Eſclaircir, eſclercir, clarifier, desbrouiller, ſereiner, mettre au net, nettoyer, netlier.*
To **cleere**, or purge. *Purger, deſcharger.*
Cleered. *Eſclerci, eſclairci, desbrouillé, deſcharpi, nettoyé.*
A **Cleering**. *Eſclairciſſement, eſclerciſſement, desbrouillement; Deſchargement.*
Cleerely. *Clairement, nettement.*
Cleerenelle. *Clarté, ſerenité, netteté.*
To **Cleeve**. *Voyez* to Cleave.
Cleft. *Fendu, gercé.*
A **cleft**. *Fente, gerſure.*
Clemencie. *Clemence.*
Clement. *Clement.*
To **Clench**. *Comme*, to clinch.
A **Clerke**. *Voyez* Clarke.
The **Clergie**. *Le clergé; gens d'egliſe.*
Of the **clergie**. *Clerical.*
The priviledge of his **Clergie**. *Privilege clericale, privilege de clericature.*
A **Clew**. *Peloton.*
A **clew** of thread. *Loinſtau de fil, remuſſeau.*
The **Clewes** of Crabs, or of Scorpions. *Les bras des eſcreviſſes, &c.*
A **Cliket**. *Clac, claquette, cliquette, cercerelle.*
A **Client**. *Client, juridicié.*
A **Cliffe**. *Roc, rocher, roche.*
Blackiſh **cliffes**. *Noirettes.*
Climable. *Montable.*
Climactericall. *Climacteric.*
The **Climactericall** yeere. *L'an climacteric, climacterie de 36 ans.*
A **Climate**. *Climat.*
To **Climbe**. Gravir; *grapir, grimpir, ramper.*
To **climbe** up unto. *Monter.*
Climbed. *Gravi, grimpé.*
A **Climber**. *Grimpeur.*
A **Climbing**. *Grimpement, grimpure.*
A **climbing** up. *Montée.*
Climbing. *Gravissant.*
The **Climb-wall**. *Grimpe-mur.*
To **Clinch** (a naile.) *River vn clou.*
To clinch the fiſt. *Serrer le poing.*
Clinched. *Rivé.*
A **Clinching**. *Rivement.*
To **Cling** together. *Se tenir enſemble.*
To **cling** unto. *Adherer.*
To **Clip**, or ſheare. *Tondre; couper.*
To **clip** ſhort. *Accourcir.*
To **clip** money. *Rongner argent.*
To **clip**, or coll. *Accoller.*
Clipped. *Tondu; coupé.*
Clipped ſhort. *Accourci.*
Clipped about necke. *Accollé.*
A **Clipper**. *Tondeur.*
A **Clipping** (or polling.) *Tonſure.*
A **clipping** ſhort. *Accourciſſement.*
A **clipping** or colling. *Accollée, accollade.*
Clippings. *Coupures.*
A **Cliſter**. *Cliſtere, clyſtere.*
To make, or apply a **Cliſter**. *Clyſteriſer.*
Cliſteriſed. *Clyſteriſé.*
A **Cloake**. *Manteau. Voyez* a Cloke.
To **Cloath**, or put on **cloathes**. *Accouſtrer, veſtir, habiller.*
Cloathed. *Accouſtré, veſtu, habillé.*
Ill **cloathed**. *Mal veſtu.*
Cloathing. *Habillement, veſture, veſtement.*
A **Cloche**. *Horloge.*
The **cloche**, or houre of the **cloche**. *Heure. Quell heure eſt ill?* What is it a clocke.
A **Cloche-maker**. *Horlogier, horlogeur.*
To **clocke** (as a henne.) *Gloſſer, cloſſer, clouclouquer.*
The **Clocking** of a henne. *Gloſſement.*
A **clocking** henne. *Poule glouſſante.*
A **Clod**, or **clott**. *Glaſon, bloutre, glazon, motte.*
A little **clod**. *Mottelet, mottelette, motteau.*
Cloddie. *Glazeux, bloutré, glaſonneux, motteux.*
A **Clogge**, *Cep.*
High woodden **cloggen**. *Gallochez.*
To **clogge**. *Empeſcher, empeſtrer.*
To **Cloie**. *Voyez* to Cloy.
A **Cloiſter**. *Cloiſtre, Clouestre, Monaſtere.*
To **cloiſter** up. *Encloſtrer.*
A **cloiſter** man (in an Abbey.) *Cloiſtre.*
Cloiſtered. *Encloſtré, mis en cloiſtre, au ſeruant dans vn cloiſtre, ou monaſtere.*
A **Cloke**. *Manteau, mantel; involucre.*
A ſleight **cloke**. *Manteline.*
A felt **cloke** (for raine.) *Gabon.*
A felt **cloke-maker**. *Gabanite.*
A **cloke** with a capuch; or hood. *Cappe.*
A little **cloke** with a capuch hood. *Cappette.*
A corſe and ſcantie country **cloke**. *Capot.*
A long **cloke** with ſleeves. *Houpelande.*
A **cloke-bag**. *Valize, Porte-manteau.*
A ſhepherds **cloke**. *Houpelande, houplande, hopelande.*
To **cloke**. *Manteler; obſcurcir.*
A Pilgrims **cloke**. *Scarpine.*
Cloked. *Manteté; obſcurci.*
Cloſe, or ſhut. *Clos, ſerré.*
To **cloſe**, or ſhut. *Clorre, ſerrer, fermer, reſerrer; catir.*
Cloſe, or ſecret. *Secret, abſtrus; obſcur, occulte, embreux.*
Cloſe together. *Serré.*
To keepe **cloſe**. *Celer, tenir ſecret, abſconſer, cacher, muſſer.*
To lie **cloſe** to the ground. *Blotir.*
Lying **cloſe**, kept **cloſe**. *Bloti, bloty.*
Kept **cloſe**. *Celé, abſconſé, tenu ſecret, caché, muſſé.*
A keeping **cloſe**. *Cachement.*
To **cloſe** together. *Serrer; adglutiner, aglutiner, aggluer; affurmir, coalescer;*

cer; auſſi ſe harper l'un à l'autre.
To **cloſe** up a wound. *Clorre, ou cicatrizer vne plaie, conſolider vne playe.*
Clapped **cloſe** unto, **cloſe** woven. *Cati.*
A **cloſe**, or field encloſed. *Clos, cloſture.*
A **cloſe-ſtoole**. *Chaire percée, poneau.*
Cloſed, or ſhut. *Clos, fermé, reſerré.*
Cloſed up. *Conſolidé.*
Cloſed together. *Affermi, agglué.*
Cloſeneſſe. *Obſcurité.*
A **Cloſer**. *Affermiſſeur.*
Cloſely. *Furtivement, ſecrettement, cachément, en cachette, à calimini, capietrement, à la deſrobbée, occultement.*
A **Cloſing** up, or ſhutting. *Cloſture.*
A **cloſing** together. *Adglutinement, affermiſſement, agglutiſſement.*
A **cloſing** a wound. *Conſolidation.*
A **Cloſet**. *Cabinet, verducade.*
A **cloſet** (built out of a wall, with a hanging bottome.) *Trompe.*
A **Clott** of earth. *Comme* a Clod.
To **clot**, or **clotter**. *Cailler (comme ſang froid.)*
A **clott**, of congealed moiſture. *Motteau.*
A **clott** of congealed bloud. *Caillon, grumeau de ſang, gremeau de ſang, thrombes de ſang.*
The **Clote-burre**. *Napolier. Voyez* The burre docke.
Clotted. *Matelé.*
Cloth. *Drap, toile.*
Linnen **cloth**. *Linge, toile.*
A **cloth** of Eſtate. *Dais, daiz.*
A hearſe **cloth**. *Drap mortuaire.*
Huſwifes **cloth**. *Toile de maiſon.*
Cloth of gold. *Drap d'or.*
Cloth-raſh. *Demi-drap.*
Cloth of haire, or haire **cloth**. *Haire.*
Cloth of tiſſue. *Drap d'or, ou d'argent.*
A ſtaulking horſe of **cloth**. *Toile.*
A ſeare **cloth**. *Cerot, cyronne.*
A Table **cloth**. *Nappe.*
A **cloth-worker**. *Drapier drapant.*
To **cloth**. *Veſtir. Voyez* to Cloath.
Clothes. *Veſtemens. Voyez* Cloathes.
Clothed, and **clothing**. *Voyez* Cloathed and Cloathing.
A **Clothier**. *Faiſeur de drap.*
To **Clotter**. *Grumeler. Comme* to clott.
Clottis. *Grumeux, grumeleux.*
A **Clove**. *Clou de giroffle, giroffle.*
A **clove-gilliflower**. *Giroflée, Betoine Coronnaire.*
Stucke, or ſweetned with **cloves**. *Giroffié.*
The heads of **cloves**. *Capelettes.*
A **clove** of Garlicke. *Gauſſe d'ail, cerneau d'aulx.*
Cloven. *Fendu, fourchu, ebaillé.*
Cloven-footed. *Pied fourchu.*
A **Clouts**. *Chiffe, gippon, baillon, Guenille, guenipe.*
A ſhooe-**clout**, or a diſh-**clout**. *Torchon, touillon, ſince.*
The **clouts** of iron nailed on the end of an axletree. *Happe.*
To **clouts**, or cut into **clouts**. *Haillonner.*
To **clouts**, (or ſet a patch on.) *Taconner.*
Cut, or made into **clouts**. *Haillonné.*
A **clouts-naile**. *Clou à happe.*
A **Clouds**. *Nuée, nue, nuaux.*
A thicke ſtorme-threatning **clowds**. *Nuage.*
To **clowde**. *Nuager, obnubiler; obſcurcir.*
A little **clowde**. *Nuette, petite nue, neble.*
Clowds in painting. *Nuage.*
Clowdie, full of **Clowdes**. *Nubileux, nebuleux.*
Clowdie weather. *Temps nubileux, temps morne.*
Clowdily. *Mornement, obſcurtement.*
Clowded. *Nué.*
A **Clowdineſſe**. *Nubileſité; obſcurité.*
A **Clowne**. *Ruſtault, paiſan, franc-topin, galochier, vilenot, caſois, gavache, cagcoin, pied-gris, p que-bœuf, magnan, manant.*
To play the **clowne**. *Galocher.*
A company of **clownes**. *Friquenelles.*
Clownes treacle. *Ail.*
Clowniſh. *Agreſte, ruſtique, touaſſier, rude, mauduict, gavache, galochier.*
A **clowniſh** fellow. *Hardeau, vn gros touaſſe.*
Clowniſhly. *Ruſtiquement, en ſon lourdois, rudement.*
Clowniſhneſſe. *Ruſtauderie, ruſticité.*
To **Cloy**. *Saouler.*
To **cloy** with words. *Obtundre de paroles.*
Cloyed. *Agoué, ſaoul, ſaoulé.*
A **Cloying**. *Saoulement, ſaouleté, ſaoulure.*
A **Cloyſter**. *Comme* Cloiſter.
A **Club**, or **clubbe**. *Maſſuë, galimaſſuë, maſſe.*
A little **clubbe**. *Maſſuëtte.*
A **club** (at cardes.) *Treuffle, treffle.*
Club-footed. *Bigne.*
As ſure as a **club**. *Gros comme le bras.*
To **clubbe**. *Mettre, ou deſpendre à l'egual d'un autre.*
Clubbiſh. *Ruſtre. Ou, comme* Clowniſh.
To **Cluche** (as a hen.) *Gloſſer. Voyez* to Clocke.
A **clue**. *Comme* Clew.
A **Clumperton**. *Voyez* a Clowne.
Clumpſe. *Entombi, havi de froid.*
A **Clunch**. *Caſois. Voyez* a Clowne.
A **Cluſter** of grapes. *Grappe de raiſin, grappe, Turcét de raiſins.*
Cluſter-gathering. *Grappage.*
A little **cluſter** of grapes. *Grapillon, grappillon.*
A **cluſter**. *Grume.*
A **cluſterfiſt**. *Vn gros marrouffle, vn gros touaſſe, caſois.*
Cluſterie. *Grumeleux, grumeux.*
Cluſterie, or full of **cluſters**. *Grappu.*
Clutters of congealed bloud. *Grumeaux de ſang, thrombes de ſang*
A **clutter** of flegme. *Caillon de flegme.*
A **clutter**. *Grume.*
Cluttering. *Grumuleux, grumeux, grommeleux.*
A **Clyſter**. *Chyſtere. Voyez* a Cliſter.
A **Coacervation**. *Coacervation.*
A **Coach** *Coche.*
A **coach-man**. *Cocher, cochier, carocher, caroſſier, carozzier, carrochier, carrocier.*
A **coach-houſe**. *Cocher.*
A **coach-horſeman**. *Cathiert.*
Of a **coach**. *Cochet.*
A **coach-houſe** dore. *Porte cochere.*
A **Coadjutor**. *Coadjuteur.*
A **Coadunation**. *Coäduniation.*
To **Coagulate**. *Coäguler, cailler.*
Coagulated. *Coägulé, caillé.*
A **Coagulating**. *Caillement.*
A **Coagulation**. *Coägulation.*
A **Coals**. *Charbon.*
A burning **coale**. *Braiſe, braiſer.*
Sea **coale**, or pit **coale**. *Charbon de terre, pebonle.*
Marked, collowed, or blacked with **coales**. *Charbonné.*
To marke, collow, or blacke with **coale**. *Charbonner.*
A **coale-pit**, or **coale-mine**. *Charbonnerie.* Alſo
A **coale-houſe**. *Charbonnerie.*
A **coale-rake**. *Fourgon.*
That will carry no **coales**.
Coalie, of **coales**. *Charbonneſque.*
Coalie, or full of **coales**; all collowed with **coales**. *Charbonneux.*
A **Coape**. *Voyez* Cope.
To **coape** with. *S'attacher à.*
A **Coard**. *Corde. Voyez* a Cord.
A **Coare**. *Voyez* a Core.
A **Coaſt** of the ſea. *Coſte de la mer.*
A **coaſt** (or quarter) *Marche.*
To **coaſt** along. *Coſtoyer.*
Coaſted. *Coſtoyé.*
A **Coate**. *Cotte, ſaye, ſayon, robbe.*
A ſleeveleſſe long **coate** (or jacket.) *Tunique.*
A long, ſide **coate**, or caſſocke. *Gallaverdine, juppe, caſaque.*
A waſte-**coate**. *Camiſole.*
A ſleeveleſſe **coate** (of one of the gard.) *Hoqueton, bocquatan argenté.*
A **coate**-armour. *Cotte d'armes, Hoqueton de guerre, temporalle, tunique.*
A **coate** of maile. *Cotte de maillas, jacque maille.*
A horſes **coate**, or haire. *Manteau de cheval.*
A Princes **coate**-armour. *Thorumulle.*
A **coate**, or cottage. *Voyez* a Cote.
Heraulds **coates**. *Temporalles.*
Coated. *Cotté.*
A (rich) **Cob**. *Homme bien riche & aiſé.*
A ſea **cob**. *Moüette, bedouan, bedoual, bequet, ganiard. Voyez le ſous Sea.*
A herring **cob**. *La teſte d'un harang ſor.*
Cobirons. *Chenets.*
A **cobiron**. *Rotiſſoir.*
A **Cobler**. *Savetier; bobelineur, mabe, rivet, grollier, groſtier, maſebe-rivet.*
To **Cobble**. *Bobeliner, tacconner.*
Cobled. *Bobeliné, tacconné.*
A **Cobweb**, *Araignée, toille d'araignée.*
Cobweb-lawne. *Creſpe.*
A **Cockall**. *Garigeon.*
The play **cockall**. *Jeu des oſſelets.*
A **Cockatrice**. *Coquatris, baſilic; auſſi, Putain, gaultiere.*
A **Cocke**. *Coq, gal, jau, geau.*
The **cock-ſtone**. *Alectoire.*
A **cocke's** ſong, or crowing. *Chant du coq, coquelicon, coquelicoq, Alectorophoneme.*
A Turkie **cocke**. *Cocq d'Inde.*
To ſet **cockes** a fighting. *Faire jouſter les coqs.*

Cocke-

Cock-fighting. *Iouſte de coqs.*
A **cocke** of hay. *Mulon de foin, moulon de foin, monceau de foin, villote.*
A **cocke** of a ceſterne, fountaine, or conduit. *Canelle, robinet, marmoſet, marmouſet.*
To make up into **cockes** (of hay.) *Meulonner.*
A weather **cocke.** *Coq d'egliſe, coquet, gyrouet, gyrouette.*
A little **cocke** of hay. *Meulot.*
The **cocke** of a gunne. *Serpentine.*
A **cock-boat.** *Coquet, eſquif, naſſelle, ſartie, nacelle, nancelle.*
A little **cock-boate.** *Naſſelette.*
A **cockes-combe,** or **corcomb.** *Creſte de coq; auſſi, vn ſot. Voyez* a Coxcomb.
To ſet **cock-a-hoope.** *Se gogueter.*
Cockall. To play at **cockall.** *Jouer aux garignons, ou oſſelets.*
Cockall (play.) *Jeu des Talets.*
To **cocker.** *Coqueliner vn enfant, cadeler, mignarder, mignardiſer, mignoter.*
Cockered. *Coqueliné, cadelé, mignardé.*
A **cockerell,** or **cockerill.** *Heſtaudeau, buſtaudeau, betaudeau, beſtoudeau, baitoudeau, butaudeau.*
A **Cockering.** *Coquelinement, mignotiſe.*
Cockit. *Accreſté, acreſté, goguelu, bupé, huppé.*
To wax **cockit.** *Accreſter, s'hupper.*
Cockle. *Yvroye, yvraye, aleſnes, vele.*
To **cockle** (or rumple.) *Foupir. Voyez* to rumple, to crumple.
A **Cockle** (fiſh.) *Coquille, coque, hannon.*
A **Cockney.** *Niais, mignot, cailbette.*
A waſpiſh **cockney** dame. *Gueſpine.*
A **Codicill.** *Codicile.*
Codinntack. *Cotignac. Voyez* Conſerve, or marmalade of Quinces.
The **cod,** or **cods** (of a man, or beaſt.) *Couillon, couille, teſticule.*
The outward skinne of the **cods.** *Caillette.*
The **cod** of a Ramme. *Couillon de belier, caillette.*
A **cod,** or huske. *Gouſſe, coſſe.*
A wild Bores **cods.** *Suites, ſuittes.*
The **cod** (fiſh.) *Merlus, gobcrge, capelan, capellan, molue, morue, moulue; teſtu.*
Freſh **Cod.** *Cabeillau, cabillan.*
The ſpotted **Cod** (whereof Haberdine is made.) *Mouſchebout, muſchebout.*
A **Cods-head.** *Teſte de bœuf, caillette.*
A **cod-peece.** *Braguette, gaudepiſe.*
Wearing a **cod-peece.** *Gaudepiſé.*
To untie the **cod-peece** point. *Desbraguetter.*
Coddis, or huskie. *Gouſſu.*
Coequall. *Coëque, coëgal.*
Coeternall. *Coeternel.*
A **Coffer.** *Coffre, caſſe, capſe.*
A little **coffer.** *Coffret, capſetin, capſule.*
A **coffer-maker.** *Coffrier.*
Cofferer to the King. *Coffrier au Roy.*
A **Coffin** (for a corpſe.) *Cercueil, capulaire, ſarcueil, caſſe, caſſole, caſſolette.*
A **Coffin** of paper. *Cornet de papier, cartouche, cartuche.*
To **Cogge.** *Gaber, flater, afflater, ſadayer, bailler le fil, joueber, joncher, repateliner; menſonger, & mentir.*
The **cogge** wheele of a mill. *Rouët dentelé, tympan dentelé.*
To **cogge** a Die. *Caſſer la noiſille.*
A **cogger.** *Gabeur, flateur, adulateur, loſengier, gabeloux, joncheur, menteur, noſtradame.*
A **Cogging.** *Adulation, flaterie; menterie.*
Full of **cogging.** *Adulatoire.*
A **cogging** deceiver. *Affronteur.*
Cogitation. *Cogitation, penſée.*
Cognisance. *Cognoiſſance. La creſtre des armoiries des nobles, quel eurs ſerviteurs ſouloyent jadis porter ſur les manches de leurs livrées; timbre.*
A **Cohetre.** *Coheritier.*
Coherence. *Coherence.*
Coie, coily, coinelle. *Voyez* Coy, coyly, &c.
A **Coife.** *Coëffe, coiffe, calotte, coeffure.*
A Net-worke **coife.** *Coiffure de laſſis.*
To **Coife,** to weare, or put on a **coife.** *Coëffer, coiffer.*
Coifed. *Coeffé, coiffé.*
A **Coile.** *Grabuge, ſabat, noiſe.*
A tumultuous **coile.** *Vacarme.*
To keepe a foule **coile.** *Grabuger.*
To **coile** a cable. *Vrillonner vne cable, vriner vne cable.*
Coine. *Monnoye.*
Baſe **coine.** *Billon, monnoye de billon.*
To **coine** money. *Coigner, monnoyer, batre argent.*
To **coine** falſe money. *Bailler morniffle ſur le levres du Roy.*
A **coine,** or coiner. *Coin.*
Coined. *Monnoyé.*
A **Coiner.** *Forgeur, ou bateur d'argent, monnoyeur, monnoyer.*
A falſe **coiner,** or **coiner** of falſe money. *Faulx-monnoyeur.*
A **coining** of money. *Monnoyement, monnoyage.*
A **Coite.** *Palet. Voyez* a Quoit.
Cokers. *Bottaſſes.*
A **Cokes.** *Ian gipon, jobelin.*
A good ſilly **cokes.** *Homeau.*
Cold. *Froid, froidereux; froidure.*
Cold of nature. *Frileux.*
To be **cold.** *Avoir froid.*
That hath taken or caught **cold.** *Morfondu.*
To make **cold.** *Refroidir. Voyez* to Coole.
A **cold,** or taking **cold.** *Froidure; morfondure, morſondement.*
That hath taken, caught, or got a **cold.** *Morfondu.*
To catch, take, or get **cold.** *Se morfondre.*
Coldish. *Froidelet.*
Coldly. *Froidement.*
Coldneſſe. *Froidure.*
A **Cole,** *Charbon. Voyez* a Coale.
A **Cole,** or **colewort.** *Chou, braſique, choul, herbe chandelerie.*
White headed, or Cabbage **Cole,** or **Colewort.** *Chou blanc, chou cabu.*
Red cabage **cole.** *Chou cabu rouge.*
Curled garden **coles,** or **colewoets.** *Choux creſpus.*
The ſea **cole,** or **colewort.** *Chou marin.*
Colewort flowers, or **collie** florie. *Choux fleuris, fleurs, & floris.*
The rape **colewort.** *Chou nauteau.*
The bitter red, or garden **cole.** *Chou rouge.*
The wild **colewort.** *Chou ſauvage.*
A **Colebaſſe.** *Tiné.*
Coliander ſeed. *Voyez* Coriander.
To **Coll.** *Accoller.*
A **Collar.** *Collier.*
A dogs **collar.** *Collier aux chiens.*
A horſe **collar.** *Collier aux chevaux.*
An iron **collar** for an offenders necke. *Carcan.*
A **collar** of eſſes. *Carquan, collier, ou chaine d'or ouvragée d'Eſſes.*
The **collar** (or necke peece of a garment.) *Gorgerin.*
Collateralll. *Collateral.*
A **Collation.** *Collation, gouſter. Voyez* a Nuncions.
A ſhort **collation.** *Collation morcellaire.*
To **Collect.** *Colleger, cueillir.*
Collected. *Cueilli.*
A **collecting.** *Cueillement.*
A **Collection.** *Collection, cueillette.*
A **Collector.** *Collecteur.*
A **collector** of tributes. *Collecteur des tailles, Peagier, gabellier.*
A **collector** of Taxes, Subſidies, &c. *Meletautier, maltaultier.*
Collects. *Collectes. Prieres miſes devant les Epiſtres & Evangiles, en la Lyturgie Angloiſe.*
Collard. *Accollé.*
A **Collet.** *Qui accolle, Ou comme* a Collar.
The **Collet,** or beazill of a ring. *Chaton (dedans quoy eſt la pierre precieuſe enchaſſée) Cabochon de pierre precieuſe, caſton.*
The **Colicke.** *Colique; cholique.*
Of, or belonging to, the **colicke.** *Colique.*
Full of, or ſubject unto, the **colicke.** *Coliqueux, choliqueux.*
The **colicke** and ſtone. *Cholique pierreuſe.*
The **colicke** of the ſtomacke. *Maſcion.*
A **Collier.** *Charbonnier.*
A **colliers** wife, or wench. *Charbonniere.*
Colli-flowis. *Choux fleuris. Voyez* Colewort flowers.
A **Colling.** *Accollée, accollade.*
To **Collogne.** *Blandir, flater, ſadayer, repateliner.*
A **Collogner.** *Blandiſſeur, flateur.*
A **Colloguing.** *Blandiſſement.*
A **Collop.** *Riblette.*
A **collop** of bacon. *Charbonnée de lard, riblette.*
Collops. *Griblettes.*
Collops and egges. *Des œufs à la riblette.*
To **Colloww.** *Charbonner, poiſter.*
Collowed. *Charbonné, poiſté.*
All to be **collowed.** *Charbonneux.*
A **Collowing.** *Poiſture.*
To **Colinde.** *Colluder.*
Colluding. *Colludant.*
A **Colluſion.** *Colluſion.*
Colombine (herbe.) *Colombin.*
A **Colonell.** *Colonnel.*
A **Colonie.** *Colonie, peuplade;*
Coloquint, or **coloquintida.** *Coloquinthe, colocinthe.*
A **Coloſſe,** or **Colloſſus.** *Coloſſe, Coliſée, Statue de hauteur & grandeur enorme.*
Colour. *Couleur; auſſi, ombre, pretexte.*
A Falſe **colour.** *Fard.*
Vnder **colour** of. *Soubs ombre, ſous pretexte, ſous couleur.*
A dead, or whitiſh **colour.** *Blaimeur.*
Somewhat decayed in **colour.** *Blaffard.*
A meake, pale, decayed **colour.** *Couleur baſtarde.*
To **colour.** *Colorer.*

A deep **colour**, (in any kind.) *Couleur chargée.*
A vaded unperfect **colour**. *Couleur paſle.*
A fleabitten, menild, or ſpotted **colour** of horſes, dogs, &c. *Turdille.*
A whitiſh purple, or Mallow flower **colour**. *Couleur de caſſidoine, couleur de gris violant.*
A bright skie-**colour**. *Couleur de ciel ſerein.*
A flame-**colour**. *Couleur flamboyante, haulte couleur.*
A carnation **colour**. *Couleur incarnat.*
A huſwives darke gray **colour**. *Couleur de minime.*
Blew, or watchet **colour**. *Couleur pers.*
Skie **colour**. *Couleur perſe.*
Mouſe (dun) **colour**. *Couleur de poil de ſouris.*
Darke Crimſon, or murrey **colour**. *Couleur de roſes ſeiches.*
A Turkie ſtone **colour**, or Venice blew. *Couleur Turquine.*
A ſea-green **colour**. *Couleur de verd de mer.*
Straw **colour**. *Couleur de jaulne paille.*
A darke, and ſmoak **colour**. *Couleur d'enfer, noir brun enfumé.*
Coloured. *Coloré.*
Dead **coloured**. *Blaime, bleſme.*
To wax dead **coloured**. *Bleſmer.*
A **Coltſtaffe**. *Tiné.*
A **Colt**. *Poulain, chevalot.*
A mare-**colt**. *Poulaine. Voyez* a Fillie.
Colts-foot (herbe.) *Pied de poulain, Cabaret, herbe aux pattes, taconne, taconnet.*
Columbine (herbe.) *Colombin, ancholie, ancolie, ancoile.*
A **Columne**. *Colomne; Pilier.*
Full of **columnes**. *Colomneux.*
A **Combatant**. *Combatant.*
A **combate**. *Combat, meſlée.*
A ſingle **combate**. *Duel.*
To **combate**. *Combatre.*
Combated. *Combatu.*
A **Combater**. *Combateur, combatant.*
Combating. *Combatant.*
A **combe**. *Peigne.*
Ladies **combe**. *Peigne de Venus.*
To **combe**. *Peigner.*
To **combe** flax. *Broſſer du lin; Serancer, ou ſerencer du lin.*
A **combe-maker**. *Peignarre, peignerre, peignier.*
A **combe-bruſh**. *Nettiſſoir.*
A **combe-caſe**. *Peignoir, peignoüir.*
A flax **combe**. *Seran, broſſe.*
A currie-**comb**, or horſe-**comb**. *Eſtrille.*
To currie-**comb** a horſe. *Eſtriller.*
The **comb** of a cock, or cocks-**comb**. *Creſte de coq; auſſi, vn ſot, ſot. Voyez* Coxcomb.
A honie-**comb**. *Rayon de miel, Bournal de miel, goſſre. Voyez le ſoubs* Honie.
Combed. *Peigné.*
A **comber**. *Peigneur.*
Combined together. *Monopolé.*
To **combine** together. *Se joindre enſemble, monopoler.*
A **combining**, or **combination**. *Combinage.*
A factious **combination**. *Monopole.*
Combuſtible. *Combuſtible.*
A **combuſtion**. *Combuſtion.*
To make a **combuſtion** againſt. *Entrer en combuſtion avec.*

To **come**. *Venir.*
To **come** after. *Suivre.*
To **come** in a good houre. *Adhorer.*
To **come** to himſelfe againe. *Revenir à ſoy.*
To **come** in. *Entrer.*
To **come** out, or forth. *Sortir, Iſſir.*
To **come** downe. *Deſcendre.*
To **come** nigh, or neere. *Approcher.*
To **come** to paſſe. *Advenir.*
To **come** againe. *Revenir.*
To **come** unto. *Venir à, arriver à.*
Falſely **come** by. *Obreptice, ſubreptice.*
To **come** up. *Monter, monter en hault.*
To **come** unfortunately unto. *Meſarriver.*
To **come** together (as wormes.) *Accueillir.*
Come. *Venu.* (Participe.)
Come againe. *Revenu.*
Come downe. *Deſcendu.*
Come in. *Entré.*
To **come** in place. *Occurrer.*
Come nigh, or neere. *Approché.*
Come to paſſe. *Advenu.*
Come to. *Arrivé à.*
Come up. *Monté, monté en hault.*
A **Comedie**. *Comedie, fable.*
A **Comedian**. *Comedien, hiſtorien, comique.*
Comely. *Decent, bien-ſeant, gentil, advenant, godin, adeſtre, galbe, bien galbé, honneſte.*
To make **comely**. *Accointer.*
Comelily. *Advenamment; Honneſtiment.*
Comelineſſe. *Bien ſeance, galbe, agreableté, garbe.*
Comeſtible. *Comeſtible.*
A **Comet**. *Comete, comette.*
Like a **Comet**; of a **Comet**; full of **Comets**. *Cometteux.*
Comfets. *Dragées, Drageries, confitures.*
A **Comfet-box** (of ſilver.) *Drageoir, dragoir.*
A **Comfet-maker**. *Sucrier.*
Comfort. *Conſolation, confort, ſoulas, reconfort.*
To **comfort**. *Conforter, conſoler, reconforter*
Comforted. *Conſolé, reconforté.*
A **Comforter**. *Conſolateur.*
Comforting. *Conſolatoire.*
Comfortleſſe. *Sans confort, ou conſolation; Deſconſolé.*
Comfrey. *Conſire, conſolde, conſoulde, conſourde.*
Middle **comfrey**. *Conſire moyenne.*
Great **comfrey**. *La grande Conſire.*
Comicall. *Comic, comique.*
Comings in a ſhip. *Ailleures. Voyez* the Carlings.
To **command**. *Commander, mander.*
A **command**, or **commandement**. *Commandement. command.*
Commanded. *Commandé, mandé.*
A **Commander**. *Commandeur.*
A **Commander** (or water-pile ſledge.) *Hie.*
A **Commanderelle**. *Commandereſſe.*
A **Commandement**. *Commandement, juſſion, mandement.*
The ten **Commandements**. *Decalogue.*
Commemorable. *Commemorable.*
To **commemorate**. *Commemorer.*
Commemorated. *Commemoré.*
A **commemoration**. *Commemoration.*
To **commence**. *Commencer.*
To **commence**, or take degree. *Prendre degré de Bachelier, maiſtre es arts, ou Docteur en l'Univerſité de Cambridge.*
To **commence** ſute againſt one. *Intenter action, ou procez contre quelqu'un; Agir.*
Commenced. *Commencé.*
The **Commencement** at Cambridge. *L'acte de prendre degré à Cambridge; ou, le temps quand l'acte ſe faict.*
To **commend**. *Louer, applaudir, loüanger.*
To **commend** highly. *Magnifier, exalter.*
To **commend**, or recommend him to one. *Se recommender à quelqu'un.*
To **commend**, or recommend to one. *Recommender à quelqu'un.*
Commendable. *Loüable.*
Commendably. *Loüablement.*
Commendation. *Loüange, Applaudiſſement, applauſement.*
Commendations. *Recommendations.*
Commended. *Loüé, Loüangé.*
Highly **commended**. *Magnifié, exalté.*
A **commender**. *Loüeur.*
A **commenderelle**. *Loüereſſe.*
To **Comment**. *Commenter.*
A **comment**, or **commentario**. *Commentaire, gloſe.*
Commented on. *Gloſé, commenté.*
A **Commentator**. *Gloſſateur, commentateur.*
A **commer**. *Qui vient.*
Commerce. *Commerce; traffique; accointance avec, habitude avec.*
To **commerce** with. *Traffiquer avec, avoir commerce avec, avoir habitude avec.*
A **commet**. *Voyez* Comet.
The **Comminaltie**. *Communauté.*
A **commination**. *Commination.*
Comminatorie. *Comminatoire.*
A **comming**. *Venuë.*
A **comming** againſt. *Obvention.*
A **comming** in. *Entrée.*
A **comming** out, or forth. *Sortie.*
A **comming** downe. *Deſcente.*
A **comming** up. *Montée.*
A **comming** againe. *Revenuë.*
A **comming** after. *Suite.*
A **comming** to. *Advenement, arrivée.*
Comming in the way. *Occurrent.*
Commiſeration. *Commiſeration.*
A **Commiſſarie**. *Commiſſaire, commis; Official.*
A **Commiſſion**. *Commiſſion, mandement.*
Speciall **commiſſions**. *Lettres des committimus.*
A **commiſſion** of ſummons. *Adjour.*
A **commiſſioner**. *Commiſſaire, commis.*
A **commiſſure** or ſeame in a bone. *Commiſſure.*
To **commit**. *Commettre.*
To **commit** himſelfe to. *Se commettre à.*
To **commit** in truſt. *Accroire.*
To **commit** to priſon. *Empriſoner, mettre en priſon.*
To **commit** an offence. *Commettre vn crime.*
Committed. *Commis.*
A **Committee**. *Vn commis.*
A **Commixion**. *Commiſtion.*
Commodious. *Commode, vtile, gaignable.*
Commodiouſly. *Commodement.*
Commoditie. *Commodité, vtilité; Profict, gain; aiſance, aiſe.*
Commodities. *Marchandiſe.*
Common. *Commun, vulgaire; general.*

A **common**, or common field or paſture. *Champ beſiale, ou Boſiale.*
The **common** people. *Commun peuple, le populaire, la commune, le menu peuple.*
The **common** Pleas. *Cour de Juſtice, ainſi nommée.*
A **Common-wealth.** *Republique ; le bien public.*
A **commons.** *Pitance commune, ou ordinaire.*
A **commons.** *Guſtine, gazaille, (ou comme devant) champ beſiale, ou boſiale, fraux.*
A **Common**, or great piece of untilled land. *Communal.*
Commonly. *Communement.*
A **commotion.** *Commotion, eſmeute, tumulte ; harelle.*
To **commune**, or talke together. *Parler, ou deviſer enſemble ; communiquer, ou conferer enſemble.*
Communicable. *Communicable.*
To **communicate.** *Communiquer ; communier.*
Communication. *Communication ; Devis.*
Communicative. *Communicatif.*
Communicants. *Ceux qui participent en communion de l'Euchariſtie.*
The **communion.** *La ſaincte Communion, l'Euchariſtie, la ſaincte Cene.*
Communion. *Communion.*
Communicated. *Communiqué.*
Commutative. *Commutatif.*
Commutation. *Change, troque.*
To **compact.** *Affermir.*
Compacted, or **compact.** *Compacte, bien aſſemblé, ou affermi.*
A **compacting.** *Affermiſſement.*
A **compacture.** *Compacture.*
A **compactor.** *Affermiſſeur.*
Companable. *Accompagnable, compagnable.*
Companie. *Compagnie, ſocieté, compaignie, hauſe ; mignie.*
To **companie.** *Compagnonner.*
To keep **companie** together. *S'entr'accompaigner.*
A **company.** *Nombre. Voyez* Store.
A **company** of Souldiers. *Bande, compagnie de ſoldats.*
Companied, or falſen in company. *Compagnonné.*
A **companion.** *Compagnon, compaignon, camarade.*
A fhee **companion.** *Compagne.*
A **companion** in armes. *Compagnon d'armes.*
A meane or baſe **companion.** *Petit compagnon.*
A **companion** in office. *Vn adjoinct.*
A **companion** at table. *Commenſal.*
A boone **companion.** *Affineux, bon rompu. Voyez* a good fellow.
A **companying.** *Accompagnement.*
To **compare.** *Comparer, comparager, paragonner, accomparager, accomparer.*
To **compare** himſelfe to. *Se calibrer à.*
Comparative. *Comparatif.*
Compared. *Comparé, comparagé.*
Comparing. *Accomparagement.*
Compariſon. *Comparaiſon.*
Beyond **compariſon.** *Nompareil.*
A **comparition**, or appearance. *Comparition, comparution.*
A **compartiment.** *Compartiment.*
Compartiments (in building.) *Mutules.*
A **Compaſſe.** *Compas, circuit, entourure.*
A Mariners **compaſſe.** *Bouſſole, buxole.*
To **compaſſe.** *Compaſſer ; circuir, entourer, entourner.*
A paire of **compaſſes.** *Compas.*
Compaſſed. *Compaſſé, entouré.*
Compaſſed by. *Entourné.*
A **compaſſing.** *Compaſſement, entourement, entoureure, entourure.*
Compaſſion. *Compaſſion, commiſeration, merci, mercy, miſericorde.*
To take **compaſſion** of. *Compaſſionner.*
Compaſſionate. *Miſericordieux.*
Compaſſionately. *Miſericordieuſement.*
Compatible. *Compatible.*
Compatibilitie. *Compatibilité.*
A **Compeere.** *Compagnon.*
To **compell.** *Forcer, contraindre, compulſer ; Neceſſiter.*
Compellable. *Forçable.*
Compelled. *Forcé, contraint, compulsé.*
Compelled by neceſſity. *Neceſſité.*
A **compeller.** *Contraigneur, forceur.*
A **compelling.** *Forcement, contrainte, compulſion, compulſoire.*
Compelling. *Compulſoire.*
Compendious. *Compendieux, brief, abbregé.*
Compendiouſly. *Briefvement, abbregément, ſuccinctement.*
Compendiouſneſſe. *Bricveté.*
A **compendium.** *Vn Abbregé.*
Competent. *Competent, mediocre ; moyen.*
Competencie. *Competence, mediocrité, moyenneté.*
Competently. *Competemment, mediocrement, moyennement.*
A **competitor.** *Competiteur, contrequerant.*
To **compile.** *Compiler.*
Compiled. *Compilé.*
A **compiling**, or **compilation.** *Compilation.*
A **complainant.** *Complaignant.*
To **complaine.** *Plaindre, ſe plaindre, complaindre.*
To **complaine** of. *Accuſer, emputer.*
To **complaine** grievouſly. *Gemir.*
Complained. *Plaint.*
Complained of. *Accuſé, emputé.*
A **complainer.** *Complaignant, emputeur.*
Complaining. *Complaignant.*
A **complaint.** *Plainte, complainte, querimonie, lamentation.*
A **complaint** of. *Accuſation.*
A bill of **complaint.** *Plainte, requeſte, ſupplication, emputement.*
Compleat. *Accompli.*
Compleatly. *De tous points.*
To **complement** with. *Entretenir.*
Complement. *Entretien.*
Complements. *Freſſuradet, ceremonies.*
Complemented with. *Entretenu.*
Complexion. *Complexion.*
Complexioned. *Complexionné.*
A **complication.** *Complication.*
A **complice.** *Complice.*
The **compline.** *Complie.*
Compline-time. *Heure de complie.*
A **complot.** *Complot, conſpiration.*
To **complot.** *Comploter, conſpirer.*
Complotted. *Complotté, conſpiré.*
Complotting ; addicted, or full of Complots. *Comploteux.*
Composed. *Comporté.*
A **compoſtment.** *Comportement.*
To **compoſe.** *Compoſer.*
Compoſed. *Compoſé.*
A **compoſer.** *Compoſeur.*
A **compoſition.** *Compoſition ; accord ; compoſte, abornage, abournage, abournement.*
A (Printers) **Compoſitor.** *Compoſiteur, compoſeur.*
A **compoſſeſſor**; (or ioynt-poſſeſſor.) *Compoſſeſſeur.*
To **compound.** *Compoſer, compoſter ; aborner, abourner.*
To **compound** a difference. *Compoſer, ou accorder vn different.*
To **compound** with. *Abonner, aborner, abourner.*
To **compound** with his creditors. *Accorder avec ſes crediteurs (aſc. de leur payer à tel temps, ou tant par livre.)*
Compoundable. *Accordable.*
Compounded. *Compoſé, compoſté, accordé.*
Compounded for, or with. *Abonné, aborné, accordé, abourné.*
A **compounding**, or compoſition. *Compoſition, compoſte ; accord ; abonnement, abornement, abournement.*
Compounded with. *Accordant.*
To **comprehend.** *Comprendre.*
Comprehended. *Comprins.*
A **comprehenſion.** *Comprehenſion.*
To **compriſe.** *Comprendre ; ou comme* to Comprehend.
Compriſed. *Comprins.*
A **compromiſe.** *Compromis.*
To **compromiſe**, or put unto **compromiſe.** *Compromettre.*
To **compound.** *Comme* to Compromiſe.
Compounded, or put unto Compromiſe. *Compromis.*
He to whom a controverſie is **compounded.** *Compromiſſaire.*
To **Compt**, or accompt. *Compter. Voyez* to Count.
Compt, or ſpruce. *Accointé, coint, accoint, gent, godin, fringant, ſade, mignard, mignon, miſte.*
A **compt** youth. *Fringuereau, mirlaret, mondinet.*
Comptly. *Cointement, gentement, ſadément, miſtement.*
Comptneſſe. *Cointiſe.*
A **Comptroller.** *Voyez* a Controller.
Compulſion. *Compulſoire, contrainte.*
Compunction. *Compunction, componction.* ¶ Nicot.
A **compurgator.** *Compurgateur.*
A **computation.** *Computation, calcul.*
A **computiſt**, or **computiſtis.** *Computiſte, calculateur.*
To **concathenate.** *Concatener.*
Concathenated. *Concatené.*
A **concathenation.** *Concathenation, concathenature.*
Concave. *Concave, creux.*
Made **concave.** *Concavé.*
A **concavitie.** *Concavité.*
To **conceale.** *Celer, receler ; cacher, tenir ſecret, reconſer, abſconſer, muſſer ; obſcurcir, occulter.*
Concealed. *Celé, recelé, abſconſé, caubé, reconſé, abſcondé, muſſé ; obſcurci, occulté, occulte.*
A **concealement.** *Recelée.*
A **concealer.** *Cacheur, receleur, occultateur.*
A **concealereſſe.** *Recelereſſe.*
A **concealing.** *Abſconſement, recelation, recelement, reconſement, occultation.*
To **concelebrate.** *Concelebrer.* ¶ Nicot.

A **conceit**. *Conception, apprehenſion; jugement.*
A fantaſticall **conceit**. *Caprice.*
Pretie **conceits**. *Gentilleſſes, robineries.*
A good **conceit** (upon the firſt eſſay.) *Gouſt.*
Out of **conceit** with himſelfe. *Deſcouragé.*
A wittie **conceit**. *Mot de rencontre.*
Full of pleaſant **conceits**. *Sarmetteux.*
To bring out of **conceit** with himſelfe. *Deſcourager.*
A ſportfull **conceit**. *Sornette.*
Conceited. *Capricieux.*
To be well **conceited** of himſelfe. *S'enfaire accroire.*
To **conceive**. *Concevoir, entendre, apparcevoir.*
To **conceive** (a child, or young.) *Concevoir.*
Conceived. *Conceu.*
A **conſent**. *Accord en muſique.*
A **conceptacle**. *Conceptacle.*
A **conception**, or conceiving. *Conception; Apprehenſion.*
To **concerne**. *Concerner, toucher.*
It **concerneth** me. *Il me touche, il me concerne.*
Concerning. *Touchant.*
A **conciliation**. *Conciliation.*
A **conciliatrix**. *Conciliatrice.*
Conciſe. *Concis, brief.*
A **concitation**. *Concitation, incitation.*
A **concitatrix**. *Concitatrice.*
To **concite**. *Conciter, inciter.*
Concited. *Concité, incité.*
A **conclave**. *Conclave.*
To **conclude**. *Conclure; achever, faire fin.*
Concluded. *Conclu, achevé.*
A **concluſion**. *Concluſion; cataſtrophe.*
To **concoct**. *Digerer, mitiſier. Voyez* to Digeſt.
Concocted. *Digeré.*
Concoction. *Concoction, digeſtion.*
Concomitancie. *Concomitance.*
Concord. *Concordé, accord, convenance, accordance, agreation.*
To **concord**, or agree together. *Concorder accorder enſemble. Voyez* to Agree.
A **concord** in Muſick. *Accord en muſique, accordance.*
Concordance, or **concordancie**. *Concordat, accord, accordance.*
Concordant. *Accordant.*
Concrete. *Concret.*
A **Concubine**. *Concubin, ou, concubine.*
Concubinage, or the keeping of a concubine. *Concubinage.*
A **Concubines** baſtard. *Enfant concubinaire.*
To **conculcate**. *Conculquer.*
A **conculcation**. *Conculcation.*
Concupiſcence. *Concupiſcence.*
To **concurre**. *Accorder enſemble.*
Concurred *Accordé.*
A **concurrence**. *Concurrence.*
A **concurrent** *Concurrent.*
Concurrent, or **concurring**. *Concurrent.*
Concuſſion, (or publick extortion.) *Concuſſion, extortion publique.*
A **concuſſi onarie**, (or publick extortioner) *Concuſſionaire, concuſſeur.*
To **condemne**. *Condemner, condamner.*
Condemnation. *Condemnation, condamnation.*
Condemnatoire, or **condemning**. *Condemnatoire.*
Condemned *Condemné, condamné.*
Condenſe. *Condenſe. Voyez* Thick.
To **condeſcend**. *Condeſcendre; Octroyer.*
Condeſcended. *Condeſcendu; Octroyé.*
Condigne. *Condigne.*
Condignely. *Condignement.*
A **condition**. *Condition; Sorte.*
An (inbred) **condition**. *Nature, naturel.*
Conditionary. *conditionaire.*
Conditionall. *Conditionnel, conditionnaire.*
Conditionally. *Conditionnellement.*
To **condition** with. *Convenancer ſous quelques conditions.*
Ill **conditioned**. *Mal conditionné.* ¶ Nicot.
Conditions. *Meurs; mœurs.*
To **condole**. *Condoloir, condouloir.*
To **conduct**. *Conduire, acconduire, guider, mener.*
A **conduct**. *conduiſte, conduite.*
Conducted. *Conduit, guidé, mené.*
A **conducting**. *Menage.*
A **Conductor**. *Conducteur, conduiſeur, guide.*
A **conductreſſe**. *Conductrice.*
A **Conduit**. *Aqueduct, conduict, conduit.*
A **Conduit-pipe**. *Canal.*
The **conduit** of a water mill. *Gourgue de moulin.*
A **Cone**. *Cone. Forme conoide qui va touſiours amenuiſant en pointe, plus ronde, ou camuſe vn peu que la pyramide.* ¶ Nicot.
To **Confect** (or preſerve.) *Confire.*
Confected. *Confit.*
Fit to be **confected**. *Confiſſable.*
A **confector** (or preſerver.) *Confiſeur, confiſſeur.*
A **confecting**. *Confiture.*
Confects. *Dragée, confitures.*
A **confection**, a **confecting**. *Confection, confiture.*
A **Confederacie**. *Ligue.*
Confederate. *Confederez, liguez.*
To **confederate**. *Entrer en confederation, faire vne ligue, ou ſe liguer enſemble.*
A **Confederation**. *Confederation.*
To **conferre**. *Conferer.*
To **conferre** together. *Conferer enſemble, diviſer enſemble.*
To **conferre** with by word of mouth. *Aboucher.*
To **conferre**, or compare. *Accomparager.*
To **conferre** upon. *Voyez* to Beſtow.
A **Conference**. *conference; abouchement; propos, divis:* conferte.
Pleaſant **conferences**. *Menus propos.*
To **confeſſe**. *Confeſſer.*
Confeſſed. *Confeſſé; confeſſez.*
A **confeſſion**. *Confeſſion, confeſſe.*
Auricular **confeſſion**. *Confeſſion auriculaire.*
To goe to **confeſſion**. *Aller à la confeſſe.*
Confeſſionaris. *Confeſſionaire.*
A **Confeſſor**. *Confeſſeur, beau pere.*
Confidence. *Fiance, confiance, aſſeurance, hardieſſe.*
To have, or put **confidence** in. *Se fier en, ſe confier en, S'aſſeurer ſur.*
To put ſmall **confidence** in. *Meſcroire.*
Having **confidence** in. *Confiant, ſe confiant.*
Confident. *Confident, aſſeuré, hardi.*
Confidently. *Aſſeurément, hardiment.*
To affirme **confidently**. *Aſſeurer.*
To **confine**, or abbut upon. *Confiner, aboutir.*
Confined upon. *Abouti.*
Confining, or bordering upon. *Confin, confiant, aboutiſſant.*
Confines. *Confins, marches.*
A **confirmation**. *Confirmation.*
Confirmative. *Confirmatif.*
To **confirme**. *Confermer, confirmer, ratifier, affier, affermir, habiliter.*
Confirmed *Conferné, confirmé, affermi, aſſié; habilité.*
A **Confirmer**. *Affermiſſeur.*
A **confirming**. *Affermiſſement, aſſiement.*
To **confiſcate**. *Confiſquer.*
Confiſcated. *Confiſqué.*
A thing **confiſcated**. *Confiſe.*
A **confiſcation**. *Confiſcation, confiſct*
A **Confi gration**. *Conflagration, bruſlement general.*
A **conflict**. *Conflict; eſtarmouche, meſlée.*
A violent **conflict**. *Heurt, bourt.*
To **conforme**. *Conformer.*
Conformable. *Conformé.*
Conformably. *Conformément.*
Conformed *Conforme.*
A **conformer**. *Conformateur.*
A **conforming**. *Conformation.*
Conformitie. *Conformité.*
To **confound**. *Confondre; deſpruire, ruiner, mettre au ronet.*
To **confound** together. *Confondre, ou brouiller enſemble.*
Confounded. *Confus; Brouillé, obrué.*
To **confront**. *Confronter, accarer; mettre en barbe à, mettre en teſte à.*
Confronted. *Confronté, acaré.*
Confronting. *Confrontation, accarement, accaration.*
Confuſed. *Confus; brouillé, indiſtinct.*
Confuſedly. *Confuſément, ſans ordre, peſle-meſlé.*
A **confutation**. *Refutation, contr'eſcript.*
To **confute**. *Confuter, refuter; contr'eſcrire.*
Confuted. *Confuté, refuté; cott'eſcript.*
A **Congar** (fiſh.) *Congre.*
Congeeſtire. (*Congé d'eſtire*) *Permiſſion du Roy donnée au Doyen & Chapitre d'eſlire vn eveſque.*
To **congeale**. *Congeler, ſe congréer, cailler, cailloter; geler, glacer.*
Congealed. *Congelé, congreé, caillé, caillotté; gelé, glacé, glacial.*
A **congealing**, or **congelation**. *Congelation, congrément, caillement, gelement.*
To **conglutinate**. *Conglutiner, coller enſemble.*
Conglutinated. *Conglutiné.*
A **conglutination**. *Conglutination.*
To **congratulate**. *Congratuler, ſe conjouir, ſe conjoyr.*
Congratulated. *Congratulé, conjoui.*
A **congratulation**. *Congratulation, conjouiſſement, conjoyſſement.*
To **congregate**. *Congreger.*
Congregated. *Congregé.*
A **Congregation**. *Congregation.*
Congreſſion with other. *Congreſſion.*
Congruitie. *Convenance.*
A **Conie**. *Voyez* a Connie.

To **conjecture**. *Conjecturer, deviner.*
A **conjecture**. *Conjecture.*
Conjecturall. *Conjectural.*
A **conjecturall** in judgement of things. *Divination.*
Conjecturally. *Conjecturalement.*
Conjectured. *Conjecturé.*
To **conjoyne**. *Conjoindre.*
Conjoyned. *Conjoinct.*
Conjoyning. *Conjoignant.*
Conjugall. *Conjugal.*
A **Conjugation**. *Conjugaison.* ¶ Frameboisiere.
A **Conjunction**. *Conjonction, conjunction, accouplement.*
Conjunctive. *Conjonctif.*
A **Conjuncture**. *Conjuncture, accouplage.*
A **Conjuration**. *Conjuration, adjuration.*
To **Conjure**. *Conjurer, adjurer, obtester.*
Conjurations. *Mots de la Grimoire.*
Conjured. *Conjuré, adjuré.*
A **Conjurer**. *Nigromantien, magicien; exorciste.*
A book of **conjuring**. *Grimoire.*
Conjuring. *Nigromance; exorcisme, magie.*
Connaturall. *Connaturel.*
To **Conne**. *Apprendre par cœur.*
Conned. *Appris par cœur.*
A **Connexion**. *Connexion, connexité.*
A **Connie**. *Connil, connin.*
A Doe **connie**. *Connille.*
An old female **connie**. *Haze, hanze.*
To **Connicatch**. *Tromper, decevoir, piper, villonner.*
Connicatched. *Trompé, gourré, deceu, pipé.*
A **Connicatcher**. *Trompeur, imposteur, flageolet, mattois, Nostradame, villon.*
A **Connicatching**. *Tromperie, imposture, ripperie, tricherie, villonnerie.*
A **connicatching** trick. *Fourbe.*
Connicaught. *Gourré. Ou comme* Conniecatched.
A **Conniger**, or warren of Connies. *Connisere.*
A **connie-hole**. or **connie-burrow**. *Connisere, Diyere.*
To **Connive**. *Conniver.*
Connived at. *Connivé.*
A **Connivence**. *Connivence.*
To **Conquer**. *Conquerir, conqueter, conquerre.*
Conquerable. *Conquerable.*
Conquered. *Conqueté, conquis.*
A **Conquerer**. *Conquerant, conquereur.*
A **Conquest**. *Conqueste.*
Consanguinitie. *Consanguinité, proximité de sang, parenté, parentelle.*
The **conscience**. *Conscience.*
A very large **conscience**. *Conscience à pont levis, homme de large conscience.* ¶ Nicot.
To make **conscience of**. *Faire conscience de.*
Hardnesse, or searednesse of **conscience**. *Le cal de la conscience.*
To burthen his **conscience**. *Charger sa conscience.*
Which is **conscionable**. Concientious, of a good Conscience, or full of Conscience. *Conscientieux.*
Conscionably, or with a good Conscience. *Consciencieusement, en bonne conscience.*
To **Consecrate**. *Consacrer, sacrer.*
Consecrated. *Consacré, sacré.*
Consecration. *Consecration, dedicace.*
The **consecration** of a Prelate. *Sacre d'un Prelat.*
Consecutive. *Consecutif, consequutif.*
To **consent**. *Consentir, accorder, greer, homologuer; Octroyer.*
A **consent**. *Consentement, accord, agreation, gré.*
Consented. *Consenti, accordé; homologué, octroyé.*
A **consenter**. *Consentant.*
A **consenting** to. *Homologation.*
Consenting with. *Consentant.*
A **Consequence**. *Consequence; moment; suitte.*
Full of **consequence**. *Consequentieux.*
Consequent. *Consequent, consecutif.*
Consequently. *Consequemment, suivamment. consecutivement.*
To **Conserve**. *Conserver.*
A **Conserve**. *Conserve.*
Conservation. *Conservation.*
A **Conservator**. *Conservateur.*
The office of a **Conservator**. *Conservatoire.*
A **Conservatrix**. *Conservatrice.*
Conserved. *Conservé.*
To **consider**. *Considerer, adviser.*
To **consider** deeply. *Mediter.*
Considerable, to be considered of. *Considerable.*
Consideration. *Consideration.*
A deep **consideration**. *Meditation.*
Considerate, or one that doth things with consideration. *Considératif, adviseé, bien advisé, meur.*
Considered of. *Veu, considéré, advisé.*
Considerately, with good consideration. *Considereément, advisément.*
Considering. *Veu.*
Consignation. *Consignation.*
A **consignature**. *Coupignature.*
To **consigne**. *Consigner.*
Consigned. *Consigné.*
Consimilitude. *Consimilitude.*
To **consist**. *Consister.*
It **consisteth**. *Il gist.*
A **consistence**. *Consistence.*
Consisting. *Consistant.*
A **consistorie**. *Consistoire.*
To censure in a **consistorie**. *Consistorier.*
Censured in a **consistory**. *Consistorié.*
To **Consolate**. *Voyez* to comfort.
Consolated. *Consolé.*
Consolation. *Consolation.*
A **Consolator**. *Consolateur.*
To **consolidate**. *Consolider; Affermir.*
Consolidated. *Consolidé; affermi.*
A **Consolidation**. *Consolidation, affermissement.*
Consonance. *Consonance.*
Consonant. *Consonant, bien accordant.*
A **Consonant**. *Consone.*
To **consort** with. *Accompagner*; consoner.
A **consort** of Musick. *Concert de musique.*
Consorts. *Consors.*
Consorted. *Accompagné.*
Consound (herbe.) *Consire, consolde, consoulde, consolde.*
Middle **consound**. *Consire moyenne, consoulde moyenne.*
Kings **Consound**. *Consoulde royale.*
Comfrey **consound**. *La grande consoulde; herbe forte.*
A **conspection**. *Conspection.*
Conspicuous. *Cler, clair.*
A **conspiracie**. *Conspiration, conjuration, conjure; Machination, menée.*
A **conspirator**. *Conjurateur.*
To **conspire**. *Conspirer, conjurer; machiner.*
Conspired. *Conspiré, conjuré, machiné.*
A **Constable**. *Connestable, conestable.*
A **constablechip**. *Connestablie, conestablie, conestablerie.*
Constancie. *Constance, fermeté, stabilité, perseverance; obstination.*
Constant. *Constant, ferme, stable, perseverant; Obstiné.*
Constantly. *Constamment, fermement, obstinément.*
A **constellation**. *Constellation.*
To **conster**. *Voyez* to Construe.
Consternation. *Consternation.*
Constipated. *Constipé.*
To **constitute**. *Constituer.*
Constituted. *Constitué.*
A **constitution**. *Constitution, constitu.*
The **constitution** of the **body**. *La constitution, disposition, ou temperament du corps.*
Constituting. *Constituant.*
Constitutive. *Constitutif.*
A **constitutor**. *Constituteur.*
Constrainable. *Contraignable.*
To **constraine**. *Contraindre, forcer.*
To **constraine** by necessity. *Necessiter.*
Constrained. *Contraint, forcé.*
A **constrainer**. *Contraignant, forceur.*
A **constraining**. *Forcement.*
Constraint. *Contrainte, force.*
By **constraint**, or **constrainedly**. *Contraintement.*
To **construe**. *Construire; expliquer en vulgaire.*
Construed. *Construict.*
A **construction**. *Construction.*
To **contupate**. *Constuprer.*
A **contupation**. *Constupration.*
Consubstantiall. *Consubstantial.*
Consubstantiallty. *Consubstantialité.*
A **Consul**. *Consul.*
A **consulship**. *Consulat.*
To **consult**. *Consulter.*
A **consultation**. *Consultation, consulte.*
Consultative. *Consultatif.*
Consulted. *Consulté.*
A **consultor**. *Consulteur.*
To **consume**. *Consumer; frioler, friseller agannir, gaster, S'alembiquer, s'Atrophier, miner.*
Consumed. *Consumé; friolé, aganni, gasté, alambiqué; Marasmé.*
A **Consumer**. *Gasteur.*
A **consuming**. *Gastement.*
To **consummate**. *Consommer, parfaire; achever, finir, mettre à fin.*
Consummated. *Consommé; achevé, mis à fin.*
A **consummation**. *Consommation.* ¶ Nicot.
A **consummating**. *Achevement.*
A **consumption**. *Consumption, (consompton.* ¶ Nicot.) *Descheance.*
A **consumption** of the body. *Atrophie, marasme.*
In a **consumption**. *Atrophe, atrophié, cachectique, hectique, marasmé.*
The **consumption** of the Lungs. *La Ptisique, malsubtil.*

A **Contagion.** *Contagion, infection.*
Contagious. *Contagieux.*
To **Contain.** *Contenir.*
Contained. *Contenu.*
A **Containing.** *Contenuë.*
To **Contaminate.** *Contaminer, polluër.*
Contaminated. *Contaminé, pollu.*
To **Contemne.** *Contemner, meſpriſer; faire la barbe de foarre à; Deſdaigner.*
Contemned. *Contemné, meſpriſé, deſdaigné.*
A **Contemner.** *Contemneur, meſpriſeur, deſdaigneur.*
A **Contemning.** *Contemnement, meſpris, deſdaignement, meſpriſement.*
To **Contemplate.** *Contempler.*
Contemplated. *Contemplé, deſdaigné.*
A **Contemplating.** *Contemplement.*
Contemplation. *Contemplation.*
Contemplative. *Contemplatif.*
A **Contemplator.** *Contemplateur, contempleur.*
To make a **Contempt.** *Contumacer.*
Contempt. *Contempt, meſpris, deſdaing, contumace.*
Contemptible. *Contemptible, deſdaignable.*
Contemptibly. *Deſdaigneuſement.*
Contemptuous. *Contemptueux, deſdaigneux, contumax.*
Contemptuouſly. *Par meſpris, deſdaigneuſement.*
To **Contend** againſt. *Contraſter, contreluter, rioter.*
To **Contend.** *Contendre, eſtriver.*
Contended againſt. *Contraſté, contreluté.*
A **Contender.** *Eſtriveur.*
A **Contending.** *Comme* Contention.
Content. *Content.*
Full **content.** *Aiſe.*
To **content.** *Contenter; ſuffire.*
To give **content** to. *Plaire, complaire, contenter.*
The **Contents.** *Le contenu.*
Contented. *Contenté, aiſe.*
Contentment. *Contentement; Suffiſance.*
Contention. *Contention; Debat, huiſne, hutinement, Deſaccord, contraſte, riote, caſtille.*
Contentious, *Contentieux, hutineux, eſtriveux, rioteux, noiſeux, turbuleux.*
A **contentious** perſon. *Adayeur, aimonoiſe, eſtriveur, barcaleur.*
Contentiouſly. *Contentieuſement.*
To **Conteſt.** *Conteſter.*
To **conteſt** with. *Affronter.*
A **Conteſtation.** *Conteſtation.*
Conteſted. *Conteſté.*
Conteſted with *Affronté.*
A **Context.** *contexte.*
Continencie. *Continence.*
Continent. *Continent.*
The **continent,** or maine land. *Terre ferme.*
Continuall. *Continuel, continu.*
Continually. *Continuellement.*
To **Continue.** *Continuer, durer; perſiſter.*
Continued. *Continué.*
A **Continuance,** or **continuation.** *Continuation, continuë, continuité.*
Of little **continuance.** *De peu de durée, momentaine.*
A **Contuſion.** *Contuſion.*
A **Contract.** *Contraſte, contract, pache, paction; accord, paſt, convenant, convention.*
To **Contract.** *Contracter, pactionner, pactiſer, convenancer.*
Contracted. *Contraſté, convenancé, convenienné, conventionnel, accordé; accourci.*
Contracting. *Pactieux, contrabant.*
A **contracting** together. *Contraction, accourciſſement.*
Contraction. *Contracture.*
To **Contradict** *Contredire, contrevenir.*
Contradicted. *Contredict.*
Contradicting. *Contrediſant.*
A **Contradiction.** *Contradiction, contredit, contredite, contrediſe, contrevention, contravention.*
A **Contramure.** *Avant-mur.*
Contrarie. *Contraire, repugnant, bagard.*
To **contrarie.** *Contrarier, contretarrer.*
A **contrarie** wind. *Contre-vent, ou vent contraire.*
Contraried. *Contrarié.*
Contrarily, or contrariwiſe. *Au contraire, à rebours, à contre-fil, à contrepoil.*
Contrariety. *Contrarieté.*
Contributable. *Contribuable.*
To **Contribute.** *Contribuer.*
Contributed. *Contribué.*
A **Contributer.** *Contributeur.*
A **Contribution.** *Contribution.*
Contrite. *Contrit, penitent.*
Contrition. *Contrition.*
To **Contrive.** *Controuver, inventer, machiner, tramer, ourdir.*
Contrived. *Inventé, controuvé; machiné, ourdi.*
A **contriver.** *Inventeur; Machinateur, ourdiſſeur.*
A **contriving.** *Machination, ourdiſſure.*
To **controll.** *Contre-roller.*
Controlled. *Contrerollé.*
A **controller.** *Contrerolleur.*
The **Controller** (or ſteward) of a familie. *Occonome.*
A **Controlement.** *Contrerolle, contrerolle.*
The **controllerſhip** of a familie. *Occonomani.*
Controverſie. *Controverſe.*
Controverted, or in controverſie. *Controverſé.*
Contumacie. *Contumace.*
Contumacious. *Contumax.*
Contumelie. *Contumelie.*
Contumelious. *Contumelieux.*
Contumeliouſly. *Contumelieuſement.*
A **contuſion.** *Contuſion.*
To **conveigh.** *Porter; charrier.*
To **conveigh away.** *Cacher, emporter, ſoubtraire.*
Conveighed. *Porté, charrié.*
Conveighed away. *Furtif, emporté; muſſé; obreptiué.*
A **conveighing,** or **conveighance.** *Portement.*
A **convenience.** *Convenance, aiſance.*
Convenient. *Convenable, advenant.*
Conveniently. *Convenablement.*
A **Conventicle.** *Conventicule, conciliable.*
Converſation. *Converſation, accointance.*
Ill **converſation.** *Malverſation.*
To **converſe.** *Converſer, avoir habitude avec.*
To **converſe** together. *S'entr'accompaigner.*
Eaſie to be **converſed** with. *Accompagnable.*
A **converſion.** *Converſion.*
To **convert.** *Convertir.*
Converted. *Converti.*
A **converting.** *Convertiſſement.*
A **convertite.** *Convers.*
To **convey.** *Voyez* to Conveigh.
To **convict,** or **convince.** *Convaincre.*
Convicted, convicted. *Convaincu.*
Conviction. *Conviction.*
A **Convocation.** *Convocation.*
The **Convocation-houſe.** *Maiſon dans laquelle s'aſſemble le Clergé d'Angleterre pour conſulter des choſes Eccleſiaſtiques.*
A **Convoy.** *Convoy, conduict.*
To **convoy.** *Convoyer.*
Convoyed. *Convoyé.*
A **Convulſion.** *Convulſion, goutte crampe, ou crappe.*
A **Cooke.** *Cuiſinier, Queux, Gueu.*
A roſting **cooke.** *Roſtiſſeur.*
A **cooke** fiſh. *Merle de mer.*
A baking **cooke.** *Paſtiſſeur.*
A woman **cooke.** *Cuiſiniere.*
The **cooke** roome. *Fouyer de gabre.*
The **cooke**-roome of a ſhip. *Faugon (ſagon) d'une navire.*
Vnder **cookes** in Monaſteries. *Gallopins.*
To **cooke,** or play the **cooke.** *Cuiſiner, faire la cuiſine.*
A roſting **cookes** wife. *Roſtiſſiere.*
A **cookes** fee or vailes. *Averis.*
To ſtarve in a **cookes** ſhop. *Voyez* to Starve.
Cookerie, or a **cooking,** or playing the Cooke. *Cuiſinement, roſtiſſerie.*
A booke of **cookerie.** *Livre cuiſinal.*
Fit for **cookerie.** *Cuiſineux.*
A roſting **cookes** ſhop. *Roſtiſſerie.*
A **coole** place. *Froidier.*
To **coole.** *Effroidir, refroidir.*
Coole. *Frais, frez.*
Cooled. *Effroidi, refroidi.*
Coolenesſe. *Freſcheur, fraiſcheur, frez.*
A **cooler,** or veſſell of ſtone with water, to coole pots, glaſſes, &c. *Non.*
A Brewers **cooler.** *Floste.*
A **cooling.** *Refroidiſſement.*
Coolly. *Freſchement, fraiſchement.*
A **Coope.** *Geve, muë, poulier, vallet.*
To **coope.** *Garder la poulaille en geve, en, muë.*
A **Cooper.** *Tonnelier, fuſtailler.*
A **Coopers** toole (of iron) to draw on the chiefe hoopes. *Tourloire, ou traictoire de tonnelier.*
A **Coote** *Cotée, foucque, gelinette d'eau, fulcre, Belleque, fuſque.*
The (Scottiſh) **Coote.** *Magot.*
A horne-**Coote.** *Foucque cornuë.*
A ſea **Coote.** *Jodelle, joudarde, Macreuſe, diable de mer.*
A **Cooperaunce,** or **cooperaunce.** *Frauſcheur, ſtreſcheur.*
To **cope** (jur, or leane out.) *Forjetter.*
A **Cope.** *Chappe, chapt; chaſeble.*
To **cope** together. *Se harper l'un à l'autre.*
To **cope.** *Troquer.*
Coped together. *Adouez, homme à homme.*

The

The **coping** of a wall. *Le larmier d'une muraille, forjecture, forjetture.*

Coper-noſed. *Coupe-noſé.*

Coperoſe. *Coupe-roſe.*

Mingled, or dreſſed with **coperoſe.** *Coupe-roſe.*

A **copie.** *Copie, exemplaire.*

The **copie** of any writing. *Doubleure, le double, tranſcript, copie.*

To **copie** out. *Doubler, copier, tranſcrire.*

Copie, or **copiouſneſſe.** *Copie, abondance.*

Copied out. *Copié, doublé.*

Copious. *Copieux, abondant.*

Copiouſly *Copieuſement, abondamment.*

Copiouſneſſe. *Copieuſite, abondance.*

A **Copis,** or **copiſe.** *Taillis.*

A ſmall **copis,** or **copiſe.** *Aubarede.*

A **Copp.** *Creſte, hupe, huppe.*

Copped. *Accreſté, acreſté; hupé, huppé.*

To grow **copped.** *Accreſter, s'huper.*

A (goldſmiths) **Coppell.** *Coupelle.*

Copper. *Cuivre, cuyvre.*

Copper to make Ordnance of. *Halebarde, mezelle.*

A **Copper-ſmith.** *Maignen.*

Copperas. *Voyez* Coperoſe.

A **Copſe.** *Taillis. Voyez* a Copis

Coſall. *Corail.*

Of, or like to **coſall.** *Corallin.*

Coſalline, or **Coſall moſſe.** *Coraline.*

A **Coſbell** (in maſonrie.) *Corbeau; jambe.*

A foulding **coſbell** (or bracket.) *Modillon, modelon.*

Coſbells. *Muſules.*

A **Coſd.** *Corde.*

A ſmall **coſd.** *Cordelette, cordelle.*

To make into **coſds.** *Cordeler, cordonner.*

Made into **coſds.** *Cordelé, cordonné.*

To pack up with **coſds.** *Corder.* So to meaſure with a **coſd.** *Corder.*

A **coſd-maker.** *Cordier.*

Coſdage. *Cordage.*

Small **coſdage** in a ſhip. *Finage.*

Coſdie, coſdike, or full of Cords. *Cordeleux.*

A **coſdeliar.** *Voyez* a Gray-frier.

Coſdiall. *Cordial, cordiaque, corditeuſé.*

Coſdially. *Cordialement.*

Coſdialneſſe. *Cordialité.*

The **coſdines** (or ſtrings) of a trumpet. *Les cordons d'une trompette.*

Coſdoban leather. *Cordouan, cuir de chevre paſſé le tan.*

A **coſdwainer.** *Cordouannier. Voyez* a Shoomaker.

The **coſe** (within fruit.) *Troignon.*

Coſiander (herbe, or ſeed.) *Coriandre.*

Coſke. *Liege.*

The **coſke** tree. *Subier.*

To **coſke,** ſtop, or raiſe with **coſke.** *Lieger.*

A **coſke-ſhoe.** *Soulier Liegé.*

Coſked. *Liegé.*

A **Coſmorant.** *Corbeau d'eau, Corbeau de mer, corbeau peſcheret, corbigeau, corman, cormoran, Diable de mer.*

A **coſmorant,** or devouring glutton. *Galaffre, glouton, Galiffre.*

The **coſnaline,** or **coſnix-ſtone.** *Cornaline.*

Coſne. *Bled, blé, grenage.*

Standing **coſne.** *Dablée, dabblée.*

Coſne grounds. *Terres ablayées de bled, terre bledière.*

A **coſne** countrey. *Pais de blairie.*

Coſne growing, or in ſheaves. *Ablays.*

The beard of **coſne.** *Areſte. Voyez* Beard.

An eare of **coſne.** *Voyez* Eare.

Meſſlin, or moulture **coſne.** *Bled bernage, bled meſtail, bled mouture.*

Saint Peters **coſne.** *Bled locat, bled poullart, & poule.*

March **coſne.** *Bled Marſés, bled tremés, mareſche, Marcix, les mars, bled marſois.*

A **coſne-loft.** *Grenier.*

Starch **coſne,** or amel-**coſne.** *Bled turquet.*

Turkie-**coſne.** *Bled de Turquie, mays.*

Of, or belonging to, **coſne.** *Bledier.*

Coſne ripe, ready to be reaped. *Meſtiues.*

To fill with **coſne,** the mill hopper. *Agrener le moulin.*

To fill, or inſeame with **coſne.** *Aggrener, agrener.*

Filled, or inſeamed with **coſne.** *Aggrené, agrené.*

Coſne ground. *Multure.*

Coſne-roſe. *Aleſmes.*

Coſne-flag, coſne-ſedge, or **coſne-gladen.** *Glayeul, glaieul, glais, glaitel, eſpée.*

Coſne-ſallade. *Laictu de chevres.*

A **coſne** of ſalt. *Grain de ſel, Brin de ſel.*

A **coſne** on feet, or toes. *Cor, durillon, agaſſin, cal, calles, froueile.*

Coſnelius tub, (for the pockie.) *Le pais de ſuerie.*

A **Coſnell** tree. *Cornillier, cornoiller.*

Coſnell berries. *Cornilles, cornoilles.*

A **coſner.** *Coing, cornière, canton, angle, anglet.*

To ſhut up in a **coſner.** *Angler.*

The **coſner** of the eye towards the noſe. *Grand anglet de l'œil.*

The **coſner** of the eye towards the temples. *Petit anglet.*

Full of **coſners.** *Angleux, anguleux.*

A ſecret **coſner.** *Muſſe, muſſette, mut; Verducade.*

Of a **coſner,** ſet in a **coſner.** *Angulaire.*

Coſner-wiſe. *Angleux, anguleux.*

The **coſner** of a way. *Le fourc d'un chemin.*

Coſners of land abutting on other lands. *Affrontailles.*

A **Coſnet,** or little horne. *Cornet.*

A muſicall **coſnet.** *Cornet à bouquin, Cornabon.*

A little **coſnet.** *Cornuchet.*

To ſound a **coſnet.** *Cornir.*

The **coſnet** of a French hood. *La Cornette d'un chaperon.*

A **coſnet** of horſemen. *Cornette de chevaux.*

A **coſnet** (or coffin) of paper. *Cornet de papier, cartouche, cartuche.*

A **Coſnill** tree. *Cornillier, cornoiller, cornoaller.*

Coſnill berries. *Cornilles, cornoalles, cornoilles, corneille, cornes.*

The juyce, or ſyrop of **coſnill** berries. *Cornat.*

The **Coſnish,** or brow of a pillar or wall. *Cornice, corniche.*

A **Coſnish** Chough. *Choüette rouge, graye, grole.*

Coſnewall. *Cornoüaille, cornuaille. Province en Angleterre.*

A **Coſollarie.** *Corellaire, corolaire, corrolaire.*

Coſonall. *Coronal.*

The **coſonall** ſuture. *Commiſſure coronale*

A Kings **coſonation.** *Inauguration du Roy, ſacre du Roy.*

A **Coſonell,** or **Colonell.** *Colonnel.*

The **coſonell** generall of the foot. *Colonnel general de l'infanterie.*

A **coſoner.** *Officier du Roy, qui s'enquiert touchant la mort de ceux qui ſont tuez, ou autrement ſont trouvez morts.*

A **Coſporall.** *Caporal, cap d'eſcadre.*

The **coſporall,** (or fine linnen wherein the Sacrament is put.) *Corporal.*

A box for that **coſporall.** *Corporalier.*

Coſporall, (or bodily.) *Corporel.*

Coſporally. *Corporellement.*

A **Coſporation.** *Corps, ſocieté, communauté, hanſe.*

Coſporature. *Corporance, corporeure, corſage. La grandeur, forme, ou conſtitution du corps.*

A **coſps.** *Corps.*

A dead **coſps,** or **coſpſe.** *Corps mort.*

Coſpulencie. *Corpulence.*

Coſpulent. *Corpulent, corporu, corſu.*

Coſpus-Chriſti-day. *La feſte Dieu, le jour du ſacre.*

A **Coſracle** (a little round skiffe of oziers covered with raw hides.) *Carabe.*

Coſrall. *Corail. Voyez* Corall.

To **coſrect.** *Corriger.*

Coſrect. *Correct, correttu.*

Coſrected. *Corrigé.*

A **coſrecter.** *Correcteur.*

Coſrection. *Correction.*

Coſrectly. *Correctement.*

Coſrelative. *Corrélatif.*

To **coſreſpond.** *Correſpondre.*

Coſreſpondencie. *Correſpondance.*

Coſreſpondent. *Correſpondant.*

Coſrigible. *Corrigible.*

A **coſriball.** *Contrepesant, rival.*

To **coſroborate.** *Corroborer.*

Coſroborated. *Corroboré.*

To **coſrode,** or gnaw. *Corroder.*

Coſroded. *Corrodé, corroſé.*

A **coſroſion.** *Corroſion, corroſiveté.*

Coſroſive. *Corroſif.*

Coſroſiveneſſe *Corroſiveté.*

A **Coſrugation.** *Corrugation.*

To **coſrupt.** *Corrompre, goſter; beudrir, vicier.*

Coſrupt, or **coſrupted.** *Corrompu, gaſté; beudri, ſordide, vicieux, vicié.*

A **coſrupter.** *Corrompeur.*

Coſruptible. *Corrompable, corruptible.*

A **coſrupting.** *Corrompure.*

Coſruption. *Corruption, Corruptelle, Gaſtement, Vice.*

Coſruptly. *Corruptement, vicieuſement.*

A **coſruptreſſe,** or **coſruptrix.** *Corrompereſſe, corrompeuſe, Corruptrice.*

A **Coſſelet.** *Un corps de cuiraſſe, halecret, ou, Hallecret.*

A **coſſelet,** or pikeman that weares a **coſſelet.** *Hallecret.*

Coſen,

Cofen, or cofin, cofinage, &c. *Voyez* Couſin, Couſinage, &c.

The **Coppheus**, or prime man. *Coryphée.*

A **Coſmographer.** *Coſmographe.*

Coſmographie. *Coſmographie. La deſcription du monde.*

Coſt. *Couſt, couſtange, frés.*

The **coſts** of a ſute. *Les deſpens, les deſcharges d'un procés.*

To **coſt.** *Couſter.*

Coſt. *Couſté. Participe.*

A **Coſtard.** *Pomme Appie.*

A **Coſtardmonger.** *Fruictier.*

Coſtlye. *Couſtupé.*

Coſtlie. *Cher; Somptueux, de grand couſt, couſteux.*

Coſtlineſſe. *Somptuoſité.*

Coſtlineſſe in apparell. *Braverie, ſomptuoſitié d'habits.*

Coſtmarie. *Coſt, coſtamer, faulge romaine.*

The ſweet root **Coſtus.** *Coſte.*

A **cote**, or **cottage.** *Hutte, hutz, begude, loge, cabane, caſe, caſette, caſine, carot.*

A ſhepherds **cote**, or **cottage.** *Cavenne de bergier.*

A ſheepes **cote.** *Bergerie.*

To build; to lodge in a **cote**, or **cottage.** *Huter.*

A **Cottage.** *Hutte, begude, cabane, cabute, cabutelle.*

A little **cottage.** *Cabuëtte.*

A **Cottager.** *Cageois.*

Cotton. *Cotton.*

Cotton cloth. *Cotton, veveſche, veuleau.*

To bumbaſt, or ſtuffe with **cotton.** *Cottonner.*

Bumbaſted, or ſtuft with **cotton.** *Cottonné.*

Full of **cotton**; **cotton-like.** *Cottoneux.*

Cotton-weed. *Cottonniere, l'herbe à coton.*

Cottonie. *Cottonneux.*

A **Couch.** *Couche, chouchette, accubes, giſte, grabat.*

To **couch.** *Coucher.*

To **couch** in writing. *Mettre par eſcrit.*

Couched. *Couché.*

A **coucher.** *Coucheur.*

A **coucher-booke**, or terrier. *Chartulaire, cacherau.*

Couch-graſſe. *Grame, gramm, gramigne.*

A **couching.** *Couchement.*

A **Covenant.** *Convention, pact, paction, pache.*

To **covenant.** *Convenancer, pactionner, pactiſer.*

Covenanted. *Pactionné, convenancé, conventionel, convenu.*

Covenanting. *Pactieux, convenance.*

A **covent.** *Convent de moines, Monaſtere.*

Convented before a Judge. *Convenu devant le Juge.*

To **Cover.** *Couvrir; Receler; Accouveter; Adombrer; accouver; abvier, ombrager.*

To **cover** with clothes. *Affubler.*

To **cover** the head with. *Se capitonner de.*

A **cover.** *Couverture; couvercle; involucre.*

A horſe to **cover** a mare. *Couvrir, ſaillir la jument.*

The **cover** of a cruſiple. *Mouffle.*

Covert. *Secret, occulte.*

Covered. *Couvert; accouvé, adombré, ombragé.*

Covered all over with earth. *Obrué.*

Covered with clothes. *Affublé, veſtu.*

Covered with mantle, footcloth, or blanket. *Houſſé.*

A **Covering.** *Couverture; affublement; recelation; adombrement; veſture.*

The **covering of** a bed. *Flaſſade, couverture de lict.*

The **covering** of a houſe. *Toict, couverture de la maiſon.*

A **Coveriet.** *Flaſſade, houſſe; caſtaloigne.*

A **covert** (for Deere.) *Ombrage, abri, couvert; cachette, cachot, ombrageux, umbreux, ombre.*

Covertly. *Couvertement, en tapinois, à la deſrobée, occultement, Obſcurement, cachement, encachette, recelément, ombrageuſement.*

Covertneſſe. *Obſcurité.*

Covetable. *Convoitable.*

To **covet.** *Convoiter, appeter.*

Coveted. *Convoité, appeté.*

A **Coveting.** *Convoytement.*

Coveting. *Convoitant.*

Covetous. *Convoiteux, avare, avaritieux; avide.*

Covetouſly. *Avarement, avaritieuſément, bauement.*

Covetouſneſſe. *Convoitiſe, avarice; avidité, vilenie, villanie.*

The **cough.** *La toux, mal de S. Quentin.*

To **cough.** *Touſſir, touſſer.*

The chine **cough.** *Toux de l'eſchine.*

The **cough** of the lungs. *Toux de regnard.*

A **cougher.** *Touſſeur.*

Coughing. *Touſſant.*

A **covie** of Partridges. *Couvée de Perdrix.*

Covine. *Fraude, colluſion, convine.*

Could. *Froid. Voyez* Cold.

Could, as I **could.** *Je pouvoye, (Imperfect du verbe* I can.)

A **Coule**, or **coleſtaffe** for two to carry water on. *Tiné. Vn gros baſton, dequoy deux hommes portent ſur leurs eſpaules, ou de l'eau ou du mouſt en vendanges.* ¶ Nicot.

A Friers **coule.** *Capuchon.*

A **Coulis.** *Conſumé. Voyez* a Cullis.

The **coulter** of a plough. *Soc, coultre.*

A **Councell.** *Concile.*

A generall **councell.** *Concile generale.*

Counſaile, or **counſell.** *Conſeil, advis.*

To **counſell**, or give **counſell** to. *Conſeiller, adviſer, donner conſeil, ou advis à.*

To give ill **counſell.** *Forconſeiller.*

To aske **counſell.** *Conſulter, demander conſeil, ou advis, ſe conſeiller à.*

To keepe **counſell.** *Tenir ſecret.*

The Kings privie **Councell.** *Conſeil privé du Roy, conſeil des affaires, conſeil d'Eſtat.*

Counſelled. *Conſeillé.*

Ill **counſelled.** *Mal conſeillé, forconſeillé.*

A **Counſellor.** *Conſeillier, conſeiller.*

A privie **counſellour.** *Vn du conſeil privé du Roy, Conſeiller du Roy en ſon conſeil privé.*

A **Counſellor** at Law. *Advocat, conſeillier.*

Countable. *Comptable.*

A **count.** *Compte, conte. Voyez* Account.

To **count.** *Compter, conter, nombre.*

Counted. *Compté, couté, nombré.*

To **countenance.** *Contenancer; Maintener.*

A Crabbed **countenance.** *Minois.*

A **countenance.** *Contenance; face, mine, myne, viſage, caire; & (quelque fois auſſi) credit, ou eſtimation; maintenance, maintenuë.*

Small, or ſorry **countenance.** *Maigre mine.*

Out of **countenance.** *Abaſti, penaux.*

Countenanced. *Maintenu.*

Put out of **countenance.** *Deſcontenancé.*

A **Counter**, or reckoner. *Compteur, nombreur.*

A **counter**, (or table for account.) *Comptoir.*

Alſo a **counter.** *Caſſe d'un marchand, dans laquelle il met ſon argent; repoſitoire.*

Counter, in hunting. *Contrepied.*

The **counter** of a ſhip. *Arcaſſe, culaſſe.*

A **counter** (to caſt with.) *Iettons, jetton, eſcu de palais, mereau.*

A full ſet of **counters.** *Getz.*

Counters. *Gettons, getlons, monnoye de baſoche.*

The **counter** (priſon.) *Le nom d'une priſon à Londres.*

A **counter-acquittance.** *Contrequitence.*

A **counter-affirmation**, or **counter-abouchment.** *Contreferme.*

Counter-affirmed, or **counter-abouched.** *Contrefermé.*

A **counter-antevert.** *Contre-auciloir.*

To **counter-ballance.** *Contre balancer.*

A **counter-ballance.** *Contre-balance.*

Counterbalanced. *Contrebalancé.*

A **Counter-barre**, (or long barre for ſhop-windowes, and double-leaved doores.) *Contrebarre.*

Counter-barred, or ſhut in with a bar on the outſide. *Contrebarré.*

A **counter-baſe** (the loweſt part of a baſis.) *Contrebaſe.*

Counterbellowe. *Contreſoufflé.*

A **counter-bond.** *Contre-obligation, contrepleigement.*

A **counter-change.** *Contrechange, contreſchange.*

To **counter-change.** *Contrechanger, contr'eſchanger.*

Counterchanged. *Contrechangé, contr'eſchangé, contreſchangé.*

To **counter-charge** (or intercharge each other.) *Contrecharger.*

A **counter-checke.** *Mandement au contraire.*

Counter cunning. *Contrefineſſe, contreruſe.*

A **counter-cypher.** *Contre-chiffre.*

A **counter-eſſoyne.** *Contr'effort.*

Counterfeit. *Contrefait; Nothe, forgé, falſifié.*

A **counterfeit** Iewell. *Voyez* Iewell.

To **counterfeit.** *Contrefaire, adulterer, abaſtardir; contr'imiter; contre-peter, hypocriſer.*

To **counterfeit** devotion, or holineſſe. *Cafarder, capbarder.*

Coun-

Counterfeit goodneſſe. *Hypocriſie.*
To make **counterfeit**. *Adulterer.*
A **counterfeit** companion. *Hypocrite.*
Counterfeited. *Contrefaict, adulteré, abaſtardi.*
A **counterfeiter**. *Adulterateur, abaſtardiſſeur.*
A **counterfeiter** of devotion, and religion. *Caſard, caphard.*
A **counterfeiting**. *Abaſtardiſſement.*
A **counterfeiting** of devotion and holineſſe. *Caſardie, caſardiſe, caphardérie.*
A **counter-gage**. *Contregage.*
To **counterhit**, or **counterdash**. *Contr'eſlider.*
A **counterinvective**. *Contr'invective.*
A **Counter-letter**. *Contre-lettre.*
A **counter-maund**. *Contremand, contremandement.*
To **countermaund**. *Contremander.*
To **countermaund** a ſummons. *Contreſommer*
Countermaunded. *Contremandé.*
A **countermarke**. *Contremarque.*
A **countermine**. *Contremine.*
To **countermine** *Contreminer.*
Countermined. *Contreminé.*
A **countermure**. *Avant-mur, contr'eſcarpe.*
Counternipped, or **counterpirked**. *Contrepicqué.*
To **counter-open**, (or open oppoſitely.) *Contr'ouvrir.*
A **counter-opening**. *Contr'overture.*
The **counterpane** of a Scedule. *Contrecedule, contreſcedule.*
A **counter-paſſone**. *Contre-gage.*
A **counter-player**. *Contrejoueur.*
To **counterpeiſe**. *Contrepeſer.*
Counterpeiſed. *Contrepeſé.*
Counterpeiſing. *Contrepeſant.*
A **counterpoint**. *Contrepoinct*, *contrepoint.*
A **counterpoint-maker**. *Contrepointier.*
A **counterpoint-makers** ſhop. *Contrepointerie.*
Counterpoiſe. *Contrepoids, contrepois.*
A **counter poiſon**. *Contrepoiſon.*
A **counter-pond**, or backe poole. *Contr'eſtang.*
Counter-potencie. *Contrepotencé.* (*en blazon.*)
Counterpricked. *Contrepicqué.*
A **Counterſcarſe**, or **countermure**. *Contr'eſcarpe, contreſcarpe.*
A **counter-ſleight**. *Contreruſe.*
To **counterſqueeze**. *Contr'elider.*
Counterſtrength. *Contrecarre.*
To **counterſtrike**. *Contr'elider.*
A **Counter-ſuretie**. *Contre-pleige.*
To give a **counter-ſuretie**, or counterbond to a ſuretie. *Contrepleiger.*
The **counter-tenor** part in muſicke. *Contretaille, contreteneur, haute-contre, hauſte-contre.*
A **counter-thinker**. *Contrepenſeur.*
A **countertraverſing**, or **countercrolling**. *contretraverſant.*
A **counter-treaſon**. *Contretrahiſon.*
To **counter-trench** *Contretrancher.*
To **counterbaile**. *Contrepeſer.*
Counterbailing. *Contrepeſant.*
A **Counterwarden**, or under warden. *Contregarde.*
A **counter-window**, or out window. *Contre-feneſtre, contrevitre.*
A **Countеſſe**. *Conteſſe.*
A **Countie**. *Conté, comptè.*
Counting, or reckoning. *Comptant, contant.*
A **counting**. *Comptement, nombrement.*
A **counting-houſe**. *Comptoir*, *cabinet, dans lequel vn marchand fait ſes comptes.*
A **Countrey** *Païs, contrée.*
Our **countrey**. *Patrie, noſtre païs.*
The **countrey**. *Les champs.*
A father, or protector of the **countrey**. *Patriot.*
A **countrey-man**. *Contadin, païſon, ruſtic, homme des champs, magnan, manant.*
My **countrey** man. *Mon compatriote.*
My **countrey-men**. *Mes nationnaires.*
A **Coupie**. *Couple, paire.*
To **coupie**. *Coupler, accoupler, apparier, s'apparier, aparier.*
A **couple** for dogges, or paire of dog-couples. *Couple, ou collier, dont on accouple les chiens.*
Coupleable, or fit to be coupled. *Accouplable.*
Coupled. *Couplé, en couple, accouplé; apparié.*
A **Coupling**. *Accouplage, accouplement, copuland.* ℣ Rab. *Copule.*
Courage. *Courage, generoſité, animoſité, hardieſſe.*
Lacking **courage**. *Puſilanime, laſche; de laſche, ou petit courage.*
Lacke of **courage**. *Puſilanimité, laſcheté.*
Courageous. *Courageux, magnanime, preux, hardi; vaillant, brave, animeux.*
Courageouſly. *Courageuſement, bravement, animeuſement, avec courage, hardiment.*
Courageouſneſſe. *Animoſité. Ou comme* Courage.
A **courſe**. *Cours, courſe; carriere.*
A **courſe**, or way. *Moyen.*
A **courſe** of life. *Cours, ou ordre de vie.*
A good **courſe**. *Bon ordre, bon moyen.*
A **courſe** of meate. *Mets.*
The laſt **courſe** (or ſervice at table.) *Le deſſert.*
To **courſe**. *Pourſuivre, chaſſer & faire courir; auſſi, Batre, baſtonner, accommoder.*
To **courſe** a Hare. *Chaſſer le livre.*
To **courſe** up and downe on horſeback. *Faire la cavaleade.*
To follow the **courſe** of the time. *S'accommoder au temps.*
By **courſe**. *Par tour, tour à tour.*
A **courſe** of water, or water-courſe. *Voyez le ſoubs* Water.
Courſe (not fine.) *Gros.*
A **Courſer**. *Courſier, deſtrier.*
Belonging to a **courſer**. *Courſier.*
A horſe **courſer**. *Maquignon.*
The **courſe** (part of the hatches) in a Galley. *Courſie.*
A **court** of Law, or Juſtice. *Cour de juſtice;* For
A **court** leet, or Baron. *Cour feudale, la cour des pairs.*
The cheifeſt **courts**, from which there is no appealing. *Cours ſouverains deſquelles n'y a point d'appel.*
In the hearing of the whole **court**. *En pleine Cour.*
By the conſent, opinion, or ſentence of the **court**. *De par la cour.*
The **court** of a Prince. *La court, haute cour.*
Budge-a-**court**. *Bouche à court.*
A Prince to keepe open **court**. *Tenir court, tenir court planiere.*
Of the **court**, belonging to the **court**. *Curial.*
Court holy-water. *Eau beniſt de cour.*
A **court** Baron. *Cour Fonciere.*
To **court**, or wooe. *Faire la court à, courtiſer, mugueter, muguetter, faire l'amour à.*
A Lady, or Gentlewoman of the **court**. *Courtiſane.*
A **court**, or yard. *Cour d'une maiſon.*
A **court** Roll. *Papier terrier.*
Courted. *Courtiſé, mugueté, muguetté.*
A **courter** of wenches. *Muguet.*
A **Courtier**. *Courtiſan, curialiſte.*
A young, little, or paultry **courtier**. *Courtiſanneau.*
An effeminate perfumed **courtier**. *Muſequin.*
Courteous. *Courtois, gracieux, buxing, benigne, benivole, accéſſible, affable, gentil, debonnaire, debonaire, candide, honeſte, humain, manſuet, officieux.*
Courteouſly. *Courtoiſement, manſuetement, affablement, benignement; honeſtement, humainement.*
A **courtelas**. *Coutelas.*
A **Courteſan**. *Voyez* a Curtizan.
Courteſie. *Courtoiſie, Gracieuſeté; civilité, affabilité, candeur, benigneté, bernage, curialité; honeſteté, humanité, manſuetude.*
A **Courtier**. *Courtiſan. Voyez le devant.*
Courtſhip. *Courtiſannie, curialité.*
Couſinage. *Comme* Couſining.
A **couſin**. *Couſin.*
To claime for **couſin**. *Couſiner.*
To take, or acknowledge for **couſin**. *Accouſiner.*
Taken, or acknowledged for **Couſin**. *Accouſiné.*
A **couſin** germaine. *Couſin germain,* couſin frereux.
To **couſin**. *Tromper ſous pretexte de parenté, ou d'affinité; abuſer, tricher, affiner, villonner.*
To **couſin** to their face. *Affronter.*
Couſined. *Trompé, affiné, gourré.*
A **couſiner**. *Trompeur, impoſteur, affineur, barateur, tricheur, flageolur, decevenr, bailleur de foin à la mule, narquois, narquin, nerquois, noſtradame, vilon.*
A **couſiner** to their face. *Affronteur.*
A **couſining**, or **couſinage**. *Affinement, tromperie, fraude, impoſture, tricherie, ripperie, malengin, malice, natveté, villonnerie.*
A **Couſening** tricke, *Fourbe, affront, ſorbe, caſſade.*
A **Cow**. *Vache.*
A little **cow**. *Vachette, vacheletie.*
A young **cow**, *Ieune vache.*
A **cow** with calfe. *Vache pleine, vache prain.*
A milch **cow**. *Vache laictiere, vache à laict.*
A **cow** that hath a calfe running after her. *Vache borriere.*

A barren **cow**. *Vache ſterile.*
A **cow** that longs for the Bull. *Taureliere.*
A **cow-herd**, or **cow-keeper**. *Vachier, bouvier.*
A **cow-houſe**. *Vacherie, eſtable à vaches, ou à bœufs.*
Cow-wheat. *Bled frimé.*
A **cow-turd**, or **cow-dung**. *Bouſe de vache, ou de bœuf.*
A **coward**. *Couärd; laſche, poltron, coyon.*
To play the **coward**. *Poltroniſer, faire le chien couchant, coniller, conniller, couärder.*
To make a **coward**. *Acoubardir.*
Cowardly. *Poltroneſque, craintif, couärd, Malbardi.(Adjectif.)*
Cowardly (Adverb.) *Poltroneſquement, couärdement.*
Cowardiſe, or **cowardlineſſe**. *Couärdiſe, poltronie, laſcheté, feſtardiſe, fetardiſe; molleſſe, neantiſe.*
A **cowcumber**. *Concombre. Voyez* Cucumber.
A Monkes **cowle**. *Capuchon; cagoulle.* ℣ Norm. *Froc de moine.*
The back point, or flap of a Friers **cowle**. *Cabuët.*
To **cowze** down. *Croupir, s'accroupir.*
Cowzed. *Croupy, accroupi.*
The **cowſlip**. *Herbe de paralyſie.*
Cowſlips. *Arthetique, brayes de cocu, herbe à cocu.*
A **Corcombe**. *Fol, ſot, Godelureau, Badault, Naudin.*
A proud **corcombe**. *Prelingant, goguleureau.*
A **cozs**. *Benet, beneſt, guilmin, homenas.*
To be **coy**. *Faire la ſadinette.*
To be **coy**. *Faire la ſucrée.*
Coy. *Deſpitonné, mineux.*
A **coy** dame. *Meſpriſereſſe.*
Coyly. *Deſdaigneuſement.*
Coyneſs. *Deſdain.*
Coyfe, coyne, &c. *Voyez* Coife, coine, &c.
A **coyte**. *Palet. Voyez* a Quoite.
A **crab**. *Pomme de bois, ou de boſquet, pomme ſauvage, pomme de ſtranguillon.*
A **crab-tree**. *Pommier ſauvage.*
The (greateſt kind of) **crab-fiſh**. *Maie.*
A **crabfiſh**. *Cancre; eſcreviſſe.*
The **crabfiſh** call'd a Pungar. *Crape.*
A **crab-louſe**. *Morpion.*
Crabbed. *Faſcheux.*
A **crabbed** perſon. *Grimauld.*
Crabbedly. *Faſcheuſement.*
Crabbedneſſe. *Protervie, protervitté, perverſité; ou comme* Frowardneſſe, *Lequel Voyez.*
A **crack**, or thing that cracks. *Crac.*
To **crack**. *Craquer, cracquer.*
To **crack** a nut. *Caſſer la noiſille.*
To **crack** often. *Craqueter.*
A graceleſſe **crack-rope**. *Relaſche de pendu.*
A **crack** (or flaw.) *Creveure.*
A **crack-nut**. *Caſſe-noix.*
To **crack** ſo. *Crever, crevaſſer.*
To **crack** (or boaſt.) *Se groyer. Voyez* to Boaſt.
A **cracker**. *Fuſée.*
Cracking. *Craquant.*
A **cracking** in pieces. *Caſſeure, caſſure.*
A **cracking**. *Craquement.*
Cracking often. *Craquetant.*
An often **cracking**. *Craquetis.*
To **crackle**. *Gretiller, greziller, grinſſer.*
Crackled. *Greziller.*
A **crackling** noiſe. *Griſſement.*
A **crackneil**. *Craquelin, gauffre.*
A **crackt** peece. *Fille femme.*
A **cradle**. *Berceau.*
A **craft**, or trade. *Meſtier; art; artifice.*
A **crafts-man**. *Artiſan, homme de meſtier, ouvrier.*
Craftie. *Ruſe, fineſſe, aſtuce, cautele, affeterie, affetterie, aſtivete, artifice, gaille, malengin.*
Craftie. *Fin, caut, ruſé, cauteleux, affecté, affetté, captieux, gallant homme, malicieux.*
Craftily. *Cauteleuſement, cautement, captieuſement; Par fineſſe, ruſe, ou cautele, malicieuſement.*
Craftineſſe. *Fineſſe, ruſe. Ou comme* Craft.
A **Crag**. *Roc, roche.*
Craggie. *Pierreux, raboteux, lieux, caillebotteux, ripilleux, ripeilleux.*
A **Crale-fiſh**. *Eſcreviſſe; branchue, cancelle.*
To **crake**. *Vanter, ſe vanter. Voyez* to Boaſt.
A **craker**. *Vanteur.*
A **craking**. *Vanterie.*
To **cramme**. *Farcir, engraiſſer; gueder, empaſteler.*
Crammed. *Farci, engraiſſé, gorgé, guedé, empaſtelé.*
The round pellet wherewith Capons are **crammed**. *Turonde.*
Cramming. *Farciſſeme, engraiſſement.*
The **cramp**. *Crampe, ſpaſme, goutte crampe.*
Troubled with the **cramp**. *Spaſmatique.*
Cramp bzeding. *Spaſmeux.*
A **cramp** in the mouth. *Convulſion canine.*
Full of the **cramp**. *Spaſmeux.*
A **cramp**-fiſh. *Torpille; Torpin.* ℣ Marſeillois. *Tremble, tromble.*
Cramped. *Spaſmé; Grampé.*
A **cramp-iron**; a hook or cramp of iron. *Crampon, harpon.*
To joyne, or faſten together with **Crampirons**. *Cramponner.*
Ioyned, and faſtned with **Crampirons**. *Cramponné.*
A little **cramp-iron**. *Crampomet.*
Cranage. *Ce qu'on paye ſur vne Quaye pour l'uſage de la grue.*
A **Crane**. *Grue, (oiſeau) auſſi.*
The **crane** (or inſtrument to lift up heavy things.) *La grue (engin dont on leve les choſes peſantes.)*
The barrell, or axeltree of a **crane**. *Fuzée*
A **cranesbill** (an inſtrument wherewith Surgeons pull out bullets, &c.) *Bec de grus.*
Of a **crane**, made for the **crane**. *Gruyer.*
Cranes bill (herbe.) *Col de grue, Bec de grue, teſte de grue.*
To crunkle, or creak like a **crane**. *Gruir.*
A young **crane**. *Grueau.*
A **cranie**. *Cren, cran.*
To be **crank**. *Se goguer.*
Crank. *Recoquille. Voyez* Luſtie.
The **crank** of a Well. *Voyez* Winch
Cranklings, (or wrigled flourifhings) in carving. *Fringoteries.*
To **crash**, or **craſh** in pieces. *Froiſſer, fracaſſer, caſſer.*
Crashed. *Fracaſſé, froiſſé, caſſé.*
A **crashing**. *Froiſſement, froiſſis, froiſſure.*
Crashing. *Strident.*
Craſie. *Maladif, indiſpos, indiſpoſé, mal, malade, mal ſain, Obié.*
To make **craſie**. *Obier.*
Craſinelle. *Indiſpoſition, Obi.*
A **cratch**. *Creiche, creſche.*
Craches in horſes legs. *Crevaſſes d'un cheval.*
To **crave**. *Demander importunément, mendier. Voyez* to Aske, to Begge.
A **craver**. *Demandeur importun.*
A **Craven**. *Couärd. Voyez* Coward.
To **craule**. *Voyez* to Crawle.
The **craw** of a bird. *Gave, jabot.*
The **craw bone**. *Fourchette.*
To **Crawl**. *Grapu, gravir, ramper, grimper.*
Crawled. *Gravi.*
A **Crawler**. *Grimpeur.*
Crawling. *Gravissant.*
A **crawling** up. *Grimpement, grimpure, rampement.*
The **cray** (in hawkes.) *Mal de craye.*
A **cray-fiſh**. *Eſcreviſſe.*
To **craze**. *Accrazer.*
Crazie, and **crazineſſe**. *Comme* Craſie and Craſineſſe.
To **Creak**. *Craquer, craqueter.*
To **creak** (as a ſhooe.) *Griſſer.*
A **creaking**. *Craquement; craquetis.*
Creaking. *Strident.*
Creame. *Creſme, creme.*
Creamed. *Creſmé.*
To **Create**. *Créer.*
Created. *Crée.*
A **Creation**. *Creation.*
A **Creator**. *Createur.*
A **Creature**. *Creature.*
A living **creature**. *Animal.*
Credence *Creance.* as Letters of *credence. Lettres de creance.*
Credible. *Croyable, credible.*
Credibly. *Croyablement.*
Credit, *Crédit, foy, creance; reputation, honneur.*
Credit giveu. *Foy donnée; croyance.*
To **credit**, or give **credit** to. *Croire, donner credit à, faire foy de.*
To put into **credit**. *Acrediter.*
Put into **credit**. *Acredité.*
To touch in **credit**. *Noter.*
To grow in **credit** by a thing. *S'en faire accroire.*
Touched in **credit**. *Noté.*
To pawne his **credit** on. *Affier.*
That hath pawned his **credit**. *Affidé.*
A man of no **credit**. *Mariault.*
Not to be **credited**. *Meſcreable.*
A **Creditor**. *Crediteur, creancier.*
A **Creditrix**. *Creanciere.*
Credulous *Credule.*
Credulitie. *Credulité.*
The **Creed**. *Le Symbole des Apoſtres, le Credo.*
A **creek** of the ſea. *Cale, calle.*
To **creep** cloſe to the ground, or on the ground. *Se trainer ſur terre, ramper.*
To **creep** up. *Grimper, grapir.*
To **creep** along. *Gliſſer.*
A **creeper** up. *Grimpeur.*
A **creeping** on the ground. *Trainement, rampement.*
A falſe **creeping** in. *Subreption.*
A **creeping** up. *Grimpement, grimpure.*
A maker of **crepins**. *Guimpier.*
The **crepin** of a French hood. *Guimple, guimpe, guimphe.*
Crept. *Grimpé, gliſſé, (Participe du verb)* to Creep.
Falſely **crept** in. *Subreptice.*

A **creſſant** or halfe moone. *croiſſant.*
Creſſes. *Creſſon.* As garden creſſes. *Creſſon alenois, Creſſon de jardin, naſitort.*
Winter **creſſes.** *Herbe de ſainte Barbe, herbe Sainbarbe, ou Barbarée.*
Sciatica **creſſes.** *Naſitort ſauvage.*
Bank **creſſes.** *Tortelle.*
Dock **creſſes.** *Ravelle.*
Water **Creſſes.** *Creſſon deau, Creſſon de ruiſſeau.*
A **creſſet,** or **creſſet** light. *Falot, Phalot, Phanot.*
A **creſt.** *Creſte; hupe, huppe; Timbre.*
To raiſe, or ſet up his **creſt** againſt. *Huper.*
Having a great **creſt.** *Accreſté.*
Creſt-fallen. *Halbrenné.*
Creſted. *Accreſté, acreſté, hupé, huppé.*
Creſtmarine. *Creſte marine, Bacille, Fenouil marin, herbe de S. Pierre.*
A **cretelle,** or **cretis.** *Crevaſſe, fente.*
A **creuice.** *Eſcreviſſe.*
A ſea **Creuice.** *Eſcreviſſe de mer, gambre; Cammare, Homar.*
A **Creuet.** *Voyez* Cruet.
A **Crians.** *Voyez* a Cryance.
A **Cribbe.** *Creiche. Voyez* Cratch.
A **Cribble.** *Cerchez.* a Sive.
A **crick.** *Vne douleur de ne pouvoir tourner le col.*
A **Cricket.** *Grillon, ou Crinon de criminée, Greſillon, grimon, gryllon.*
To chirp like a **cricket.** *Greſillonner.*
A **cricket-catcher.** *Grilletier.*
To **cri.** *Crier, criailler; auſſi, Pleurer, plorer.*
To **cri** out upon. *Hayer, huer.*
To **cri** (or yawle out alowd:) *Hoüailler, mouäner.*
A **cri.** *Cri.*
A **cri** of hounds. *Meutte de chiens, mute de chiens.*
Cried. *Crié, criaillé.*
Cried out upon. *Huyé, hué.*
A **Crier.** *Crieur.*
A **criers** fee; alſo, a **criers** office. *Criage.*
A **crying.** *Cerchez le en ſon lieu.*
A **crime.** *Crime, forfaict, forfait, offenſe, offence.*
Criminall. *Criminel.*
A **criminall** action. *Criminalitié.*
Criminally. *Criminellement.*
Crimſon. *Cramoiſi, Phenicé.*
A **crimſon** face. *Face gobeline.*
A **cripple.** *Boiteux, boiſteux.*
To **criſpe.** *Creſper, creſpiller, creſpillonner, grediller.*
Criſped, or **criſpe.** *Creſpe, creſpé, crepelet, creſpelu, creſpillé, creſpu, creſpillonné, gredillé.*
A **criſping.** *Creſpillure.*
A **criſping-iron.** *Fer à creſper ou friſotter.*
Criſtall. *Cryſtal, criſtal.*
Criſtaline. *Cryſtalin, criſtalin.*
A **critick.** *Critiqueur.*
To play the **critick.** *Critiquer.*
A **cro** of iron. *Pince. Voyez* Crow.
To **croak** (as a Raven, or toad.) *Croaſſer, croaſſer, croailler, croaquer, corbiner, grenouiller, Grailler.*
To **croak** (as ones guts.) *Gribouiller, Grougouler.*
A **croaker.** *Croailleur, croaſſeur.*
A **croaking** (of a Raven, or toad.) *Croaillement, croailleric, croaſſement, croüas, croüacement, croac.*
Croaking. *Croaceux, croailleur, grailleux.*
The **croaking** of the guts. *Gribouillis.*
A **Crocodile.** *Crocodile, Cocodrille.*
An old **crone.** *Vieille ascroupie.*
Cronicle, Cronicler, &c. *Voyez* Chronicle. Chronicler, &c.
To **crow, crook,** or mourne as a Dove, or Pigeon. *Geindre comme vn pigeon ou Colom, Gemir.*
To **crooch.** *Voyez* to Crouch.
A **crook** (or hook) *Croc, crochet.*
To **crook** (or bow.) *Courber, cambrer, gambir; accourber, accourbir.*
Crook-backed, or **Crook-ſhouldered.** *Boſſu, Courbaſé.*
Crooked (or hooked.) *Croché, crochu.*
Crooked (or bowed.) *Courbé, cambre, cambré, gambi, crochu; Oblique.*
A **crooked** piece of timber. *Courbe.*
A ſmall **crooked** raſter or piece of timber. *Courbette.*
Crookedly. *Obliquement.*
Crookedneſſe (or hookedneſſe.) *Crochure.*
Crookedneſſe. *Oblequité, courbure.*
The **crookedneſſe,** or outbending of the teeth. *Crochement des dents, crochuement des dents.*
A **crooking** (or bowing.) *Courbement, courbure, cambrure.*
The **crop** (of a bird.) *Jabot.*
A **crop** of corne. *Gaignage, gaigne, dablée, dabblée.*
To **crop** off. *Eſmonder; Esbarber.*
A later **crop.** *Revivre.*
Cropped. *Esbarbé.*
A **cropping.** *Esbarbement.*
A **Croſier,** or Biſhops ſtaffe. *Croce, croſſe.*
A **Croſſe.** *La Croix; auſſi, Affliction, adverſité; auſſi, oblique.*
To **croſſe,** or make the ſigne of the **croſſe.** *Croiſer, faire la croix, ou le ſigne, de la croix.*
A little **croſſe.** *Croiſette.*
To **croſſe,** or he **croſſe** to. *Contrarier, contradire, repugner, contrevenir.*
A-**croſſe.** *Obliquement.*
Croſſe. *Contraire, veveſche, pervers, traverſeux, rebours, hagard, revers, hargneux; malheureux, mauvais.*
Croſſe, acroſſe, or **croſſe**-wiſe. *Travers, traverſaire, traverſal, tranſverſel, traverſain, en croix, à la croiſée.*
To **croſſe** over. *Traverſer.*
To **croſſe** out. *Rayer, canceler, canceller.*
To **croſſe** legs. *Entrejamber.*
The **croſſe-barre** of a window. *La croiſée d'une feneſtre, meneau de feneſtre.*
Croſſe-barred. *Entreilliſé.*
The ſmall **croſſe-barres** of a window. *Les croiſillons d'une feneſtre, meneau de feneſtre.*
The **croſſe-barres** of a ſword. *Les croiſées d'un'ſpée.*
Croſſe-barred. *Billebarré.*
A **croſſe-beams.** *Traverſin.*
A **croſſe-bowe.** *Arbaleſte.*
A **croſſe-blowe.** *Coup donné à la renverſe.*
A **croſſe-bowe** maker. *Arbaleſtier, arbaleſtrier.*
The ſhooting in a **croſſe-bowe.** *Arbaleſtrage.*
A **croſſe-bowe** man. *Arbaleſtier, arbaleſtrier.*
To ſet a **croſſe-bowe** in the ſtock. *Monter vn arbaleſte.*
A **croſſe-cloth.** *Frontal.*
A **croſſe-blowe,** or **croſſe-misfortune.** *Traverſe.*
A **croſſe-point** (in dancing.) *Ingargouillat.*
A **croſſe-rafter.** *Traverſan.*
A **croſſe-ſatie.** *Cate pleure.*
The **croſſe-rowe.** *La croix de par Dieu, l'Alphabet.*
A **croſſe-way.** *Traverſe, carrefour, canton.*
A meeting of **croſſe-ways.** *Adreſſé.*
Croſſe-wort gentian. *Croiſée, croiſette.*
Croſſed. *Croiſé; auſſi, contrarié, contrevenu; auſſi, affligé.*
Croſſed over. *Traverſé.*
Croſſed out. *Raié, cancelé.*
A **croſſer.** *Croiſadeur, croiſeur.*
Croſſing. *Traverſant.*
A **croſſing.** *Croiſure, croiſit; contrevention.*
Croſſings. *Croiſades.*
To uſe many **croſſings.** *Faire beaucoup d'aglos.*
A **croſſing** over. *Traverſement.*
A **croſſing.** *Rayement, rayeure, cancelation.*
Croſſely. *De travers.*
Croſſeneſſe. *Moroſité, protervité, perverſité.*
A **crotchet.** *Crochet* (*en muſique*) *minime noire.*
His head is full of **crotchets.** *Il a beaucoup de crinons en la teſte, il a la teſte pleine de ſablon mouvant, il a force grillons (ou) tintouins en la teſte; il a des moucherons en teſte.*
To **crouch.** *S'accroupir, croupir.*
Crouched. *Accroupi, croupy.*
With **crouching** and creeping. *Humblement*
Crouching. *En tapinois, croupant.*
A **crouching.** *Accroupiſſement.*
Crouching and creeping. *Humble.*
A **croud.** *Foule, preſſe, mouée de gens.*
To **croud.** *Preſſer; fouler.*
A **croud** (fiddle.) *Vielle.*
Crouded. *Preſſé, foulé.*
A **crouding.** *Preſſement.*
A **crow.** *Corneille.*
A little young **crow,** or neaſt **crow.** *Cornillat.*
The Roiſton-**crow,** or winter-**crow.** *Corneille emmanchée, corneille ſauvage.*
A night **crow.** *Corbeau de nuict.*
A white bild **crow.** *Graillat, graille, graye, grole.*
A ſcare-**crow.** *Eſpouventail.*
To **crow** (as a cock.) *(Vn coq) chanter.*
Cock-**crow.** *Chant du coq.*
Crow-foot Plantaine. *Pied de corneille.*
The flower **crow-foot.** *Gobelet, baſſinets, grenouillette, grenouillette dorée.*
The herb **crow-foot.** *Bacinet, baſſinet, ulceraire.*
White **crow-foot,** or Vrchin **crow-foot.** *Baſſinets blancs, grenouillette heriſſonnée, grenouillette petite.*
Water-**crow-foot,** or marſh **crow-foot.** *Baſſinets d'eau, grenouillette aquatique.*
Wood **crow-foot.** *Grenouillette de bois.*
Double **crow-foot.** *Bacilles doubles.*
To make the **crowes** of caske. *Jabler.*
A **crow** of iron. *Pince de fer.*
The **crowes,** or **croes** of a piece of caske. *Iables.*
Crowch and **crowd.** *Voyez* Crouch and Croud.
A **crown.** *Couronne, coronne.*
A **crown** of flowers, or garland. *Couronne de fleurs, chapelet de fleurs.*
A prieſts ſhaven **crown.** *Couronne de clerc*

The

(The flower) Imperiall **crowne**. *Couronne Imperiale.*
Crowne-like; of, or belonging to a **crowne**. *Coronal.*
A **crowne** (of money.) *Escu*; *couronne.*
Crownation. *Voyez* Coronation.
Crowned. *Couronné.*
A **crowner**. *Voyez* Coroner.
A **crowning**. *Couronnement.*
To **crucifie**. *Crucifier, mettre en croix.*
Crucified. *Crucifié, crucifix, mis en croix.*
A **crucifix**. *Crucifix.*
A **crucifying**. *Crucifiement.*
Cruds. *Cru, crud.*
Cruditie *Crudité.*
To **crud, curd**, or **cruddle**. *Cailler.*
Cruds. or **curds**. *Caillé, caillat, caillebot. Voyez* Curd, and Curdle.
A **crue**. *Brigade*; *flotte de gens, harpail, harpail, caterve.*
A base **crue**. *Canaille, beleſtraille, herpaille.*
A **crue** of rogues, raſcals, and ſcoundrells. *Canaille, truandaille, ribauldaille, friquenelles, fanfanterie, herpaille.*
A **crue** of ſhitten, or ſtinking knaves. *Merdaille.*
Cruell. *Cruel, gothique, garou, maupiteux.*
Cruelly. *Cruellement.*
Moſt **cruelly**. *Bourrellément.*
Vſed **cruelly**. *Creliſé.*
Cruelly bent againſt. *Acharné contre.*
Cruelties. *Gruaute*; *maltraictement.*
A **Cruet**. *Coutteron, Bocal, Phiole.*
Crumbleable, or **crummable**. *Eſmiable.*
To **crumble** into peeces, or **crumlets**. *Frailler, frouër, effrouër, menuiſer, triturer.*
Crumbled. *Fraillé, effroué, eſmié, triturè.*
Crummable. *Eſmiable.*
A **Crumme**. *Mie, miette, mioche.*
To **crumme**. *Effrouer, eſmier, frouër.*
The **crumme** of bread. *Mie de pain.*
The **crummis** ſide of a loafe. *Beſean.* ¶ Pariſien.
Crummed. *Eſmié*; *ou comme* Crumbled.
A **crumming**, or **crumbling**. *Eſmieure, eſmiettement, menuiſement, triturration.*
Crump-ſhouldred. *Courbaſſé.*
Crump-ſooted. *Eigne.*
A **Crumple**. *Froncis.*
To **crumple**. *Fronſer, froncer, greziller, ſoupir, grediller.*
Crumpled. *Froncé, fronſé, grezillé, godeluré, ſoupi, encharbouté, gredillé.*
A **Crumpling**. *Fronſure, fronceure.*
To **crunkle**, or creake like a Crane. *Gruir.*
The **crupper** (of a horſe.) *Croupiere de cheval.*
A **crupper** of an aſſe or moyle. *Bacul.*
A **Cruſe**. *Cruche.*
A little **cruſe**. *Cruchette.*
To **Cruſh**. *Froiſſer, eſcacher, fracaſſer*; *de froiſſer, ſoupir, gourſouler, meurtrir, accrazer.*
A **cruſh** that is blacke and blew. *Macheure.*
Cruſhed. *Froiſſé, fracaſſé, eſcaché, defroiſſé, ſoupi*; *gourſoulé, boyé, meurtri.*
Cruſhed by feet. *Foulé.*
Cruſhed blacke and blew. *Macheuré.*
A **Cruſher**. *Fracaſſeur, eſcacheur.*
A **cruſhing**. *Froiſſement, froiſſure, froiſſis, frac, eſcachement, eſcachure, gourſoulement, gourdfoulement, meurtriſſure.*
A **Cruſt**. *Crouſte.*
To **cruſt**. *Crouſter.*
A great **cruſt**. *Crouſteau.*
Cruſtie. *Crouſteux, crouſteleux.*
The **cruſtie** peece of a loafe. *Grignon de pain.*
Crutches. *Bequilles, callibordes.*
A **Cryance**. *Filiére, tien-le-bien.*
To **cry**, a **cryer**, &c. *Voyez* to Crie.
Hue and **cry**. *Voyez* Hue.
A **Cryme**. *Cri, criaillerie, glas.*
A **crying** out. *Huée, huerie.*
Cryſmatorie, **cryſme**, **cryſome**. *Comme* Chriſmatorie, Chriſme, &c.
Cryſocolla, **cryſolite**, **cryſtall**. *Comme* Chriſocalla, chriſolite, and chriſtall.
A **Cubbe**, or young Fox. *Renardeau.*
A **Cube**. *Cube.*
Cubebs. *Cubebes.*
Cubicall. *Cubique.*
Cubiculars. *Cubiculaire.*
Cubitall. *Cubital.*
Cuchannele. *Couchenil.*
A **Cucking-ſtoole**, or **cuckſtoole**. *Selle à ribaudes, ſelle à ricaldes. Engin pour puuir les ribaudes en les plongeans dans l'eau.*
A **Cuckold**. *Cocu, cornard, coupeau, chevalier de cornouaille, jan jan.*
A **cuckold wittall**. *Cocu cocuë.*
A **couckold-maker**. *Cocu cocuant.*
Cuckolded. *Cocu.*
Cuckolding. *Cocuant.*
Cuckoldly, or **Cuckoldlike**. *Cornalique.*
Cuckoldry. *Cornardiſe.*
Cuckoldſhip, or the being a **cuckold**. *Cocuage.*
A **Cuckow**, or **cuckoe**. *Coucou, cocu.*
Cuckow-bread. *Pain de cocu.*
A **cuckqueane**. *Femme cocue.*
A **Cucumber**. *Concombre, coucombre.*
A bed of **Cucumbers**. *Concombriere.*
Cud. as To chaw the **cud**. *Ruminer.*
A chawing of the **cud**. *Ruminement, runge.*
Beaſts that chaw the **cud**. *Beſtes ruminantes.*
A **Cudgell**. *Baſton, braſſier, billart.*
A ſhort **cudgell**. *Tribart.*
To **cudgell**. *Baſtonner, batre, frotter, accommoder, eſtriller, fuſtiguer, fuſtiger, gauler.*
A **cudgell** wherewith Carriers ſtraine their packes. *Garrot.*
Cudgelled. *Baſtonné, batu, fuſtigué, frotté, eſtrillé.*
To be ſoundly **cudgelled**. *Amaſſer la diſme de l'ail.*
A **cudgelling**. *Baſtonnement, fuſtigation, gaulée.*
A **Cue**. *La moitie d'un fardin*: *mot uſé ſeulement des eſcoliers à Oxford.*
A **Cuffe**. *Manchette.*
A **cuffe** on the eare. *Soufflet. Voyez* a Buffet.
To **cuffe**. *Donner de ſoufflets, batre à coups de poing, rengourmey le groin à, grommer, talemouſer.*
To **cuffe** one another. *S'entrebatre à coups de poing.*
A **cuffe** on the mouth. *Gourmade, mornifle, talemouſée.*
Cuffed. *Gromé, grommé.*
A **Cuirats** (armour for the breaſt and backe.) *Cuiraſſe, cuirace.*
Armed with a **cuirats**. *Cuiraſſé.*
A ſleight **cuirats**, for a light horſeman. *Cuiraſſine.*
Of, or belonging to, or ſerving with a **cuirats**. *Cuiraſſier.*
Culerage. *Curage. Voyez* Arſemart.
To **Cull**. *Choiſir*; *Eſplucher*; *cueillir, trier.*
A **Cullander**, or **Cullender**. *Couloire, colloir, colloire, couloir.*
Cullander-like, of, or belonging to a **Cullander**. *Couloir.*
Culled. *Cueilli, choiſi, eſpluche, trié.*
A **Culler**. *Cuilleur, eſplucheur.*
A **Culling**. *Cueilleure, choix, eſpluchement, cueillement, trie.*
The **cullions**. *Couillons.*
A **Cullis**. *Coulis, potage coulis, conſumé, preſſis.*
Culpable. *Coupable*; *Malfaiſant.*
The **culter** of a Plough.
Culture. *Culture, cultivation.*
A **Culver** dove. *Coulomb ramier, coulomb biſet, manſart. Ou comme* a Stocke dove.
A **Culverin**. *Coulourine, couleurine.*
To **cumber**. *Encombrer*; *moleſter.*
A **cumber**. *Encombrier*; *Negoce.*
Cumberſome. *Moleſte.*
Cumberſomely. *Moleſtement.*
Cumberſomeneſſe. *Moleſtie.*
Cumbred. *Encombré, moleſté.*
A **cumbring**. *Encombrement.*
Cummin (the herbe, or ſeed.) *Cumin, Commin.*
Wild **Cummin**. *Cumin ſauvage.*
Cunctation. *Cunctation.*
A **Conduit**. *Conduict. Voyez* a Conduite.
Cungar. *Congre. Voyez* Conger.
A **Cunnie**. *Voyez* a Connie.
Cunning (Subſtantive.) *Sçavoir, art*; habilité, *maiſtriſé*; *auſſi, fineſſe, ruſe, aſtuce, cautele, habilité.*
Cunning (Adjective.) *Expert*; *accort, fin, ruſé, caut*; *gallant homme*; *habile, magiſtral.*
A **cunning** tricke. *Fourbe, forbe.*
Cunningly. *Accortement*; *habilement*; *magiſtralement.*
A **Conſtable**. *Voyez* Conſtable.
A womans, &c. *Con, vite, fiquette, clitoris.*
A **Countrey**. *Voyez* a Countrey.
A **Cup**. *Coupe, couppe, calyce, calice, banap.*
A ſtanding **cup**. *Grande coupe, ou Taſſe, qui a ſon couvercle.*
A **cup-bearer**. *Eſchanſon.*
An earthen **cup**. *Godet.*
To be **cup-ſhotten**. *Eſtre yure, dechauſſer Bertrand, ſe ſorboire.*
Cupſhotten. *Forbeu.*
A **cup-boyrd**. *Buffet, garde-manger, gardemanger*; *repoſitoire.*
A **cup-boyrd** of plate. *Credence d'argent.*
A keeper of the **cupboyrd** of plate. *Credencier.*
Little **cups**. *Caliculer.*
The little **cup** of an Acorne. *La cupule d'un gland.*
The **cup** of a Roſe. *Le calice d'une roſe.*
To **cup**, or apply **cupping-glaſſes**. *Ventoſer.*
Cupiditie. *Cupidité. Voyez* Luſt.
Cupped with a Cupping glaſſe. *Ventouſé.*
A **cupping-glaſſe**. *Ventoſe, ventouſe, veſcatoire.*
A **Curate**. *Curé.*

A poore **Curate** of a Chappell. *Capellan, capellan.*
To **curbe.** *Gourmer, gourmeter, tenir en gourmette, gourmetter; Coupes les ongles à.*
A **curbe** *Gourmette.*
Curbed. *Gourmé, gommetté.*
To **curd,** or **curdle.** *Cailler, cailloter.*
Curded milke, or **curds** of milke. *Laict caillé*
Curds. *Caillé, caillat, caille-bottes, caillebotes, callebotes, mattes.*
Full of **curds.** *Caillebotteux.*
A skie **curdled,** or full of **curdled** clowdes. *Ciel Mattonné.*
Curded, or **curdled.** *Cailloté, caillé, calleboute, mattelé.*
Curdie. *Grommeleux.*
A **curding,** or **curdling** *Caillement.*
A **Cure** (or charge of soules.) *Cure, paroisse.*
To **cure.** *Guarir, guerir, curer, mediciner, medicamenter.*
A **cure.** *Guarison, guerison, cure, curation.*
Cured. *Guari, gueri, curé, guery, medicine.*
Cureable. *Guerissable, guarissable, medicinable.*
A **Curer.** *Gueriſſeur.*
Curfew. *La ſonnerie d'une cloche à huict ou neuf heures de ſoir, appellée Carfou.*
A **curing.** *Curation, gnariſſon, medicine, medicinement, medication.*
Curious. *Curieux, affeté, affetté, precis, mitis.*
Too **curious.** *Captieux.*
Curiouſly. *Curieuſement, preciſément.*
Over **curiouſly.** *Captieuſement.*
Curiouſneſſe, curioſity. *Curioſité, affeterie, affetterie.*
To **curle.** *Friſer, friſer, frizoter, creſper, creſpiller, creſpillonner, crepiller, greziller, grediller, calamiſtrer.*
Curled. *Friſé, frizé, frizoté, friſotté, creſpu, greziłlé, gredillé, creſpe, creſpelet; creſpelu.*
A **curled** locke. *Creſpon.*
A **curliew.** *Corlieu, corlis.*
A **curling.** *Friſeure, frizure, crepeture.*
A **curling** iron. *Fer à friſotter.*
Curlingly. *Creſpément.*
Currans. *Raiſins de Corinthe.*
Currant money. *Monnoye courſable.*
A **curranto.** *Courranté*
A **curranto,** or bill of monethly newes, *Gazette.*
A **Curre.** *Chien, maſtin, maſtine.*
A **current** (of waters.) *Courant.*
To **curry** (leather.) *Courroyer, conroyer.*
To **curry** (a horſe.) *Eſtriller vn cheval.*
A **curry-combe.** *Eſtrille.*
Curried. *Courroyé, conroyé.*
Curried (as a horſe.) *Eſtrillé.*
A **Currier.** *Courroyeur, conroyeur.*
Curriſh. *malivole, ruſſage.*
A **curriſh** fellow. *Maſtin.*
Curriſhly dealt with. *Maſtiné,*
To uſe, or deale **curriſhly** with. *Maſtiner.*
A **currying** *Conroyement.*
To **Curſe.** *Maudire, mauldire, execrer, maugréer.*
A **curſe.** *Malediction, mauldiſſon, maudiſſon, maugréement.*
To **curſe** unto the pit of hell. *Anathematiſer.*
A ſolemne **curſe** of the Church. *Anatheme.*
Curſed. *Mauldict, execré; execrable.*
Curſed to the pit of hell. *Anathematiſé.*
A **curſing.** *Comme* a Curſe.
Curſing. *Maudiſſant.*
An extreme **curſing,** or devoting to the devill. *Anathematiſation, execration.*
Curſt. *Faſcheux, mauvais, meſchant, rude.*
Curſtly. *Meſchamment.*
Curſtneſſe. *Mauvaiſtié, rudeſſe.*
A **Curtaine.** *Courtine.*
A little **curtaine** *Courtineau.*
A **curtaine-rod.** *Tringle.*
Curtaines. *Courtinages.*
A **curtaine** for a bed. *Cuſtode de lict.*
A **Curtall.** *Courtault, courtaut.*
A leane ilfavored **curtall.** *Haire.*
A ſtrong **curtall,** or middle-ſized horſe. *Double courtaut.*
Curtall (Adjective.) *Courtaud, courtaude.*
To **curtall** (a horſe.) *Bertauder; bertourder, bertouſer; accourcir, abbreger, eſcourter, moucher la queuë d'un cheval.*
Curtalled. *Bertaudé, bretaudé; accourci, abbregé, abregé, eſcourté, mouché.*
A **curtalling** (or ſhortning.) *Accourciſſement; mouchement.*
Curteous, curteſie, &c. *Voyez* Courteous, Courteſie, &c.
A **Curteſan.** *Courtiſanne.*
To **curbet.** *Pannader.*
A **curbet.** *courbette, pannade.*
The **curbettings** of luſtie horſes. *Pannades.*
A **cuſhion.** *Couſſin.*
A little **cuſhion,** or **cuſhionet.** *Couſſinet.*
Full of, ſtored with **cuſhions,** ſoft as a **cuſhion.** *Couſſineux.*
A Ladies **cuſhion-cloth.** *Deſabiller.*
Cuſhion canvas. *Gaze.*
A **Cuſtard.** *Flan.*
A little **cuſtard.** *Flannet.*
Cuſtodie. *Garde.*
Cuſtome. *Couſtume; habitude, accouſtumance; guiſe, mode, maniere.*
A foregoing a **cuſtome.** *Deſaccouſtumance.*
To **cuſtome,** or uſe. *Accouſtumer, habituer.*
A **cuſtome** gotten. *Habit, habitation.*
Cuſtome (or impoſition.) *Couſtume, gabelle.*
Cuſtomes. *Meurs, maurs.*
To **cuſtome,** or pay **cuſtome.** *Payer la couſtume, gabeller.*
A place where **cuſtome** is to be payed. *Couſtumerie.*
A paying of **cuſtome.** *Gabellage.*
A levier of **cuſtome.** *Gabellier.*
A **cuſtome taking,** or **cuſtome levying.** *Couſtumerie.*
The **cuſtomes** or tolles levied in faires, or markets. *Foraines.*
To **cuſtome** a ſhop, to get **cuſtome,** or **cuſtomers** to it. *Achalander une boutique.*
Without **cuſtome.** *Deſchalandé.*
To deprive of **cuſtome.** *Deſchalander.*
Cuſtomarie. *Couſtumier, habitual; ritual.*
A **cuſtomarie** tenant. *Couſtumier.*
Cuſtomarily. *Couſtumierement.*
Cuſtomed or uſed. *Accouſtumé.*
Cuſtomed. *Gabellé.*
Cuſtomed (as a ſhop.) *Achalandé.*
A **Cuſtomer,** or **cuſtome-taker.** *Gabellier.*
A **cuſtomer** (or buyer.) *Chaland.*
To drive away **cuſtomers.** *Deſchalander.*
Without **cuſtomers.** *Deſchalandé.*
To **Cut.** *Couper, tailler, trencher, trancher.*
To **cut,** grave, or carve. *Graver.*
To **cut** as a tallie. *Ocher.*
To **cut** over the face. *Balaffrer.*
To **cut** in peeces. *Hacher en pieces.*
To **cut** off (ſpeech.) *Couper broche à.*
Cut, (Participle.) *Coupé, taillé, trenché, tailladé, fretaillé.*
Cut, graven, or carved. *Gravé.*
The **cut** of a tallie. *Oche.*
Cut over the face. *Balaffré.*
Cut as a tallie. *Ochè.*
Cut into peeces. *Haché en pieces.*
A **cut.** *Coupure, taillade, coupe.*
A **cut** over the face. *Balaffre.*
Cut cloſe by the ground. *Coupé à tire & à aire.*
Cut off. *Abſcis, ſincopé.*
A down-right **cut.** *Eſtramaçon.*
A **cut-purſe.** *Coupe-bourſe, coupeur de bourſes, coupeur de cuir; mattois.*
A deepe **cut.** *Berlaffe, berlaffe.*
To **cut** off. *Sincoper.*
To **cut** the aire. *Hacher l'air (comme fait vn oiſeau.)*
To **cut** ſhort. *Accourcir; Couper broche à.*
Cut ſhort. *Accourci.*
To **cut** ſmall. *Mincer, mynſſer.*
A **cut,** or lot. *Sort.*
Cut-throat-like. *Meurtrierement.*
To draw **cuts.** *Tirer au ſort.*
A **cut-throat.** *Meurtrier.*
A **Cutter.** *Coupeur, tailleur.*
A **cutter,** carver, or graver. *Graveur.*
A **cutter** (or ſwaſhbuckler.) *Balaffreux, taillebras, fendeur de naſeaux.*
A **Cutting.** *Coupement, taillement, trenchement, balafrure.*
A **cutting** (carving, or graving.) *Graveure.*
A **cutting** in peeces. *Hachement.*
The **cutting,** felling, or lopping of wood. *Coupe de bois.*
A **cutting** ſhort. *Accourciſſement.*
A Shoomakers **cutting** knife. *Tranchet d'un cordouannier.*
A **Cuttle** (fiſh.) *Seiche, cornet, ſeche.*
A little **cuttle** (fiſh) or ſea-cut, *Corniche, glangion.*
A **Cutler.** *Couſtelier.*
A **cutlers** ſhop, or worke-houſe. *Couſtelier.*
A **Cynicke.** *Cynic, cynique.*
A **Cypher.** *Chiffre; vn zero; note.*
To **cypher.** *Chiffrer, chiffrer.*
To expound **cyphers.** *Dechiffrer.*
Cyphered. *Chiffré.*
Cyperus, or **cyprelle** galingale. *Cypere.*
Cypres. *Creſpe.*
The **Cyprus** tree, or **cyprus** wood. *Cyprés.*
The Candian **cyprus** tree. *Cyprés de candie.*
Garden **cyprus.** *Cyprés de jardin.*
Of, or belonging to **cyprus.** *Cypreſſier.*

D

TO **dabble** in the durt. *Patrouiller en la fange.*
Dabbled. *Patrouillé.*
A **dabbling.** *Patrouillement.*
Dace, or **dare** (fiſh.) *Saiſſe, vengeron, vendoiſe, vandoiſe, Suëtte.*
Dad, daddie. *Baba, Papa.* (*voix d'enfant.*)
A **daffadill,** or **daffodill.** *Aſphodile, aphrodille, aſphrodille; narciſſe.*
The yellow **Daffadill.** *Campanette jaulne de bourgoigne.*
A **dagge.** Piſtolet.
A great (horſemans) **dagge.** *Piſtole.*
A **dagger.** *Dague.*
A great **dagger.** *Dagaſſe.*
A little **dagger.** *Daguenet, daguette.*
A Scotch, or dudgeon haft **dagger.** *Dague à roelles.*
To **daggle.** *Crotter, embouër, enfanger.*
Daggled. *Crotté, emboué.*
A **daggling.** *Crottement.*
Daggilings. *Crottes.*
To **deigne,** or **daine.** *Voyez* to Deigne.
Daintie. *Delicat, delicieux; friand; affeté, affetté, mignard, mignardelet, mignon, mol.*
Daintie meats. *Friandiſe, frigalleries.*
A **daintie** feeder. *Friand, frigalet, friandeau, friolet.*
Prettie **dainties.** *Mignotiſes.*
Daintily *Delicatement, mignardement.*
To feed **daintily.** *Friandir, frigaler.*
Daintineſſe. *Delicateſſe, delicateté, affeterie, aſſeterie, mignardiſe.*
Daintineſſe of feeding, or of taſte. *Friandiſe.*
A **dairie.** *Laicterie.*
A **dairie-man.** *Laictier.*
A **dairie** woman. *Laictiere.*
A **daiſie.** *Marguerite, poſquette, caſſaudes.*
The great white **daiſie.** *Marguerite blanche.*
The little, white and wild **daiſie.** *Marguerite des prez.*
A **Dale.** *Val, valée, vallée, vallon.*
A **daller.** *Daller. Voyez* a Doller.
To **dallie.** *Follaſtrer, dandiner; fuir; s'eſbatre.*
Dalliance. *Eſbat, eſbatement.*
Fooliſh **dalliance.** *Folaſtrement.*
Wanton **dalliance.** *Saffreté.*
Full of **dalliance.** *Safre.*
Dallying. *Eſbatement.*
A wanton **dallying.** *Saffreté.*
Oyle **Damaſcene.** *Huile de Damas.*
A **damaſcen,** or **damſen,** Plum. *Damaſine, prune de Damas.*
Damaſke. *Damas.*
Damaſke (or ſweet) water. *Eau de Damas.*
The **damaſke,** or muske Roſe. *Roſe de Damas.*
Of **damaſk,** wrought like unto **damaſk.** *Damaſquin.*
To **damaſk,** or work **damaſk** work. *Damaſquiner, damaſſer.*
Damaſk-work. *Damaſquinage.*
Damaſked. *Damaſſé, damaſquiné.*
Damaſking, or **damaſk-work.** *Damaſcene, damaſquineure.*
A kind of Varniſh like unto **damaſking.** *Damaſtic.*
A **dame.** *Dame; Maiſtreſſe.*
Stately, coſtly **dames.** *Femmes à la grande gorre.*
Dammage. *Dam,* (*damage.* ℣ Pic.) *Dommage, nuiſance, perte, detriment, diſcommodation, endommagement, jacture, mal offenſe, offence.*
To **dammage,** or bring **dammage.** *Endommager, diſcommoder.*
With **dammage.** *Dommageable, nuiſif.*
Dommageable. *Dommageablement.*
A **dam.** *Femelle qui a des petits; procreatrice, paron.*
A **dam.** *Aggere.*
A **dam** of planks (to break the force of water.) *Moile.*
A **mill-dam.** *Voyez le ſoubs* Mill.
A poole-**dam.** *Contr'eſtang.*
To **dam,** or make a **dam.** *Faire vn aggere, ou moile.*
To **damne.** *Damner.*
Damnable. *Damnable.*
Damnation. *Damnation.*
Damned. *Damné.*
To **damnifie.** *Endommager; offenſer, offendre, offencer.*
Damnified. *Endommagé.*
Damnifying. *Endommageant.*
A **damp.** *Vapeur, exhalation, exhalaiſon.*
Dampiſh. *Vapide, muete.*
A **damſell.** *Jeune fille, pucelle, ou vierge.*
A **damſen.** *Voyez* Damaſcen.
To **dance.** *Voyez* to Dance.
Dandelion. *Dent de lion, piſs'en lict.*
A **Dandiprat.** *Nain, nimbot, havet, bommeau, manche d'eſtrille. Auſſi vne petite piece de monnoye, de long temps hors d'uſage. Voyez* a Dwarfe.
To **dandle.** *Mignoter, dodeliner, engeronner, mignarder, mignardiſer; Danſer vn petit enfant.*
Dandled. *Dodeliné, engeronné, mignardé.*
A **dandler.** *Mignardeur.*
A **dandling.** *Mignotiſe, dodelinement, mignardiſe.*
A **dandling** (child) or fondling. *Mignot.*
Dandriffe. *Furfures, craſſe de la teſte, ſinfreluches.*
Full of **dandriffe.** *Furfuré.*
A **Dane.** *Danois.* ℣ Nicot.
Dane-wort. *Hieble, yeble, ſuſeau bas, ſuſeau femelle, Hyeble.*
Danger. *Danger, peril; acceſſoire, riſque.*
Dangerous. *Dangereux, perilleux, offenſible.*
Dangerouſly. *Dangereuſement, perilleuſement.*
To **dangle,** or hang **dangling.** *Brandiller.*
To **dangle** up and downe, or go dingle dangle. *Triballer.*
A **dangling.** *Brandillement.*
Dang-wallet. *Plus qu'aſſez, en excez.*
Danſh, or **danniſh.** *Moiſi, relant.*
Danniſhneſſe. *Relant, relanteur.*
A **dapper** little fellow. *Freluquet.*
Dapper. *Propelet, godinet.*
A low **dapperling.** *Nimbot.*
A **dapple-grey** *Gris pommelé.*
A **dapple-grey** horſe. *Aubere, bobert.*
To **dare.** *Oſer, avoir la hardieſſe de.*
To **dare,** or out-dare one. *Provoquer.*
Dared. *Oſé.*
Daring. *Hardi.*
Darke. *Obſcur, tenebreux, caligineux, opaque; obſconſe, abſtrus; fuſque, nubileux, ombrageux.*
A **darke** browne colour. *Noir-brun.*
To wax **darke.** *S'obſcurcir.*
A **darke** ſentence. *Enigme.*
Darke weather. *Temps obſcur, nubileux, ou morne.*
To **darken.** *Obſcurcir, obtenebrer, noircir, obnubiler, obumbrer, offuſquer, ombrager.*
Darkned. *Obſcurci, offuſqué.*
A **darkner.** *Noirciſſeur.*
A **darkning.** *Obſcurciſſement, noirciſſement, offuſcation.*
Darkiſh, or **darkiſhne.** *Vn peu obſcur, fuſque; tenebreux.*
Darkly. *Obſcurement, ombrageuſement.*
Darkneſſe. *Tenebres, obſcurité, opacité, caliginoſité, noirceur, noirciſſure, nuict.*
Full of **darkneſſe.** *Tenebreux.*
Darkneſſe of weather. *Nebuloſité.*
A **darling.** *Mignot.*
Darnell *Yvraye, yvroye, graſſe, juroye.*
Red **darnell.** *Yvray ſauvage.*
A **dart.** *Dard, javelot.*
To **dart** or throw **darts** very faſt. *Dardiller.*
Hurt with a **dart.** *Dardé.*
To **dart,** or caſt a **dart.** *Darder, lancer vn dart, tirer.*
Darted. *Dardé.*
A **darter.** *Dardeur.*
A woman **darter,** that throwes **darts.** *Dardereſſe.*
A **darting.** *Lancement de dard.*
To **daſh** againſt. *Elider; heurter, ou choquer à l'encontre, hurter.*
A **daſh** againſt. *Heurt, choc, heurtade, flic, hurtade, hurt, hurtis.*
To **daſh** with water or durt. *Gaſcher d'eau; crotter.*
To **daſh** on the lips. *Talemouſer.*
To **daſh** out of countenance. *Abaſtir.*
To **daſh** in pieces. *Fracaſſer.*
A **daſh** on the lips. *Marniſle talemouſe.*
Daſhed againſt. *Heurté, chocqué, contre.*
Daſhed out of countenance. *Abaſti, diſcontenance.*
Daſhed with water. *Gaſché.*
A **daſhing** againſt. *Heurtement, heurté.*
A **daſhing,** or the daſhing of water. *Gaſchement, Gaſchis d'eau.*
A **daſtard.** *Couärd, craintif.*
Daſtardly. *Couärdement.*
Daſtardis. *Couärdiſe.*
Daſtardly (Adjective.) *Malhardi.*
A **date** (of writing.) *Date.*
To **date** (a letter, or writing.) *Dater.*
Out of **date.** *Deſcrié comme la vieille monnoye.*
A **date** (fruite.) *Datte, dactle, datil, dactyle, palmule, tamarind, figue royalle, carryate.*
Of, or belonging to, a **date,** **date-like.** *Dactilaire.*
A **date-tree.** *Dactier, dattier, palmier.*
An Indian **date.** *Tamarind.*
The Indian **date-tree.** *Dactier d'Inde, tamarinde.*
Little **date** ſtones. *Noiſillons des dattes.*

The

The **dative** caſe. *Le cas datif.*
To **daube.** *Voyez* to dawbe.
A **daughter.** *Fille.*
A **daughter** in law. *Belle, fille, bru, nore, gendreſſe.*
A ſtep **daughter.** *Filiaſtre, beſte fille.*
A little **daughter.** *Fillette.*
A god-**daughter.** *Filleule.*
A **daunce.** *Danſe, bal; Branſle.*
To **daunce** lively. *Danſer en bille.*
To **daunce.** *Danſer, baller, baler, trepigner, caroller.*
Daunce loving, given to dauncing. *Aime-dance.*
Daunced. *Dancé, trepigné, trepiné.*
A **dauncer.** *Danſeur.*
A common **dauncer.** *Baladin.*
A woman **dauncer.** *Danſereſſe.*
A **daunc**ing. *Danſerie, danſement, bal.*
To **daunt.** *Deſcourager, oſter le cœur à, abbaiſſer le courage à, faire esbahir.*
Daunted. *Deſcouragé.*
A **Daw,** or a lack-**daw.** *Choucas, chouca, chouchette, chucas, chue, chouëtte, gay.*
To **dawbe.** *Enduire, bouſiller.*
Dawbed. *Enduict.*
A **dawber.** *Enduiſeur, Plaſtrier.*
A **dawbing.** *Enduiſement, enduit.*
To **dawne.** *Poindre.*
The **dawne,** or dawning of the day. *L'aube, l'aube du jour.*
A **Day.** *Iour.*
The artificiall **day.** *Jour artificiel; depuis le ſoleil, levé, juſques à ſon coucher.*
The civill **day.** *Jour civil; Commence à minuict, & continue 24 heures.*
Candle-mas **day.** *Jour de la Chandeleur.*
A Hall, court, or Law **day.** *Iour de loy, jour de palais, jour de toille.*
All ſoules **day.** *Jour des morts.*
The naturall **day.** *Jour naturel.*
The Twelfth **day.** *Jour de Roys.*
Crouchmes, or holy-croſſe **day.** *Iour de la ſainte croix.*
Corpus Chriſti **day.** *Iour du S. Sacrament, la feſte Dieu.*
Shrove-tueſ-**day.** *Iour de pain perdu, Mardigras, Quareſme entrant, careſme prenant.*
The three **dayes** next afore Eaſter. *Les trois jours de tenebres.*
High **day,** broad-**day,** farr-**day.** *Haut jour, grand jour, haute-heure.*
Not to **day.** *Maiſ-huy, meſ-huy.*
The holy **dayes** of Chriſtmas, Eaſter, and Whitſontide. *Les bons jours de Noël, de Paſques, & de la Pentecoſte.*
A holy **day.** *Iour de feſte.*
A **day** appointed for hearing. *Iour ſervant, journée ſervante.*
On a **day** certaine. *A jour nommé.*
In the **day** time. *De jour, en plein jour.*
Day to breake. *Faire jour, S'ajourner, s'adjourner.*
At **day** breake. *Au point de jour.*
The **day** breakes. *Le jour poind, le jour s'avance.*
At **day** ſhutting in. *A jour couché.* ℣ Nicot.
This **day.** *Ce jour d'huy, hui, huy.*
From **day** to **day.** *De jour en jour.*
Vacation **dayes.** *Iours de ceſſation.*
The dog **dayes.** *Iours caniculaires.*
Ember **dayes,** or faſting **dayes.** *Iours maigres, jours de poiſſon.*
Every **day.** *Tous les jours.*
Workie **dayes,** or working **dayes.** *Les jours ouvriers.*
At noone **day.** *En plein jour, à midi.*
To **day.** *Aujourd'huy, hui, huy.*
Two **dayes** agoe. *Devantbier.*
The dawning of the **day.** *L'aube du jour.*
It waxeth **day.** *Le jour commence à poindre.*
Yeſter-**day.** *Hier.*
Mid-**day.** *Midi.*
A **day**-**labourer.** *Gaigne-denier, gaignejournée.*
Dayes-**man.** *Arbitres, perſonnes interpoſées.*
For workie **dayes,** or for every **day.** *Pour à tous les jours.*
A **day**-Lillie. *Lis ſauvage.*
A **Dayrie.** *Voyez* Dairie.
A **Dayſie.** *Voyez* Daiſie.
To **dazie.** *Esbaïr, Esbloüer les yeulx.*
Dazled. *Esberlué, esbloüi.*
Dazling. *Esbloüiſſant.*
A **dazling.** *Esbloüiſſement, Esbloüiſſon.*
A **Deacon.** *Diacre.*
A **deaconrie.** *Diaconie.*
Dead. *Mort, defunct, treſpaſſé.*
To **dead.** *Admortir, amortir; mortifier; mater.*
To **dead,** or make **dead.** *Mortifier. Ou comme devant.*
Dead-**payes.** *Mortes payes.*
Halfe **dead.** *Demi-mort.*
As one that is **dead.** *Mortement.*
A **dead** body. *Corps mort.*
Dead of it ſelfe (without being killed.) *Morienne.*
Dead drunke. *Extrement yvre.*
Dead nettle. *Archange.*
Deaded. *Mat, mortifié.*
Deadly. *Mortel, lethal, funebre, funeſte, exitial, letbean, mortifere.*
Deadly. (Adverbe.) *Mortellement, mortement.*
Deafe. *Sourd.*
Somewhat **deafe,** or **deafiſh.** *Sourdault, ſourdin, ſourdaſtre.*
To **deafen,** or make **deafe.** *Aſſourdir, faire ſourd.*
To wax **deafe.** *Devenir ſourd.*
Deafened, or made **deafe,** growne **deafe.** *Aſſourdi, devenu ſourd.*
Deafely. *Sourdement.*
Deafenelle. *Sourdeſſe, ſourdeté, ſourdiſe.*
A **deafening,** or making deafe. *Aſſourdiſſement.*
The **Deale** tree. *Sapin femelle, ſuiſſe.*
Deale plankes, or **deale** boords. *Bois de Sapin.*
To **Deale.** *Diſtribuer.*
To **deale** falſely. *Prevariquer.*
To **deale** in buſineſſe. *Negocier, traffiquer, deſmeſler un fuſeau.*
To **deale** with. *Faire envers, traicter avec.*
A ſmall **deale.** *Tantinet.*
A filthie **deale.** *Mallement.*
To **deale** cards. *Donner les cartes.*
A great **deale.** *Beaucoup.*
A **Dealer.** *Diſtributeur.*
A falſe **dealer.** *Prevaricateur.*
A **dealer** (in buſineſſe.) *Agent, negociateur.*
Dealing. *Diſtributif.* (*Adjectif.*)
A **dealing.** *Diſtribution.*
Double **dealing.** *Malengin.*
Falſe dealing. *Prevarication.*
Hard **dealing.** *Maltraictement.*
Dealing. *Negoce, negociation, negotiation.*
Ever **dealing.** *Negocieux.*
Dealt. *Diſtribué.*
Dealt in. *Negocié.*
A **Deane.** *Doyen.*
A **deanerie;** or **deaneſhip.** *Doyenné.*
Deare. *Cher.*
To make **deare.** *Encherir.*
Dearely. *Cherement.*
A **dearling.** *Voyez* Darling.
Dearneſſe, or **dearth.** *Cherté.*
To **dearne** up (a rent.) *Rentraire.*
Dearned. *Rentraict.*
A **dearner** up (of rents in cloth.) *Rentraieur, rentrayeur.*
A **dearning** up. *Rentraicture.*
Death. *Mort, decez, treſpas.*
The **death** (or fall) of a Stag. *Maſſacre.*
Deaw. *Roſée. Voyez* Dew.
To **debarre.** *Debouter.*
Debarred. *Debouté; Forclos.*
A **debarring.** *Debarrement; forcluſion.*
To **debaſe.** *Abbaiſſer, ravaller, avaller, avilir, mettre au bas.*
Debaſed. *Avilé, avili; abbaiſſé.*
A **debaſer.** *Abbaiſſeur.*
A **debaſing.** *Aviliſſement; abbaiſſement.*
To **Debate,** or hold **debate.** *Debatre; rioter, contendre, noiſer.*
To **debate** a buſineſſe. *Demeſler un fuſeau.*
Debate. *Debat, noiſe, riote, contention, caſtille.*
A ſmall **debate.** *Noiſette.*
A **debate**-**maker.** *Qui fait debat.*
Debateable. *Debateable.*
Debated. *Debatu.*
A **debater.** *Debateur.*
Debatefull. *Contentieux, noiſeux, rioteux, noiſif.*
Debatefully. *Contentieuſement.*
A **debating.** *Debatement.*
Debile. *Debile. Voyez* Weake.
To **debilitate.** *Debiliter.*
Debilitated. *Debilité.*
A **debilitation.** *Debilitation.*
Debilitie. *Debilité.*
Deboiſht. *Voyez* Deboſhed.
Debonnaire. *Debonnaire, Qui eſt doux de nature. Voyez* Meeke, Courteous.
Debonnairely. *Debonnairement.*
Debonnairitie, or **debonnaireneſſe.** *Debonnaireté.*
To **deboſh.** *Desbaucher.*
Deboſhed. *Desbauché.*
A **deboſht** courſe. *Desbauche.*
A **deboſhment.** *Desbauchement.*
To **debout.** *Debouter. Voyez* to put, or drive from.
Debouted. *Debouté.*
A **debt.** *Debte.*
Debts which we owe to others. *Debtes paſſiues.*
Debts which are owing to us. *Debtes actives.*
Perſonall **debts.** *Debtes perſonnelles.*
To runne, or grow in **debt.** *S'endebter.*
To rid out of **debt.** *Deſdebter.*

In **debt**, or indebted. *Endebté.*
A **Debtor**. *Debteur.*
A **decade**. *Decade.*
Decais. *Voyez* Decay.
The **Decalogue**. *Decalogue. Voyez* Commandement.
To **decapitate**. *Decapiter, descoller. Voyez* to behead.
Decapitated. *Decapité, descollé.*
A **decay**. *Decadence, descheance, esboulement, dechet, descbet ; facture.*
Decay of wares or merchandise. *Avaris.*
To **decay**. *Decheir, descheoir ; empirer ; alachir.*
To **decay** in colour. *Se destaindre.*
Decayed. *Decheu, descheu ; esboulé.*
Decayed in strength. *Affoibli, alachi.*
Decayed with age. *Cassé de vieillesse.*
A **decaying**. *Alachissement ; decheute, declination.*
Decaying. *Decheant.*
To **decease**, (or depart this life.) *Deceder, mourir.*
A **decease**. *Decez.*
Deceased. *Defunct, decedé.*
Deceit, or **deception**. *Deception ; abusion, abus, dol, decevance ; guille, malengin, malice.*
Deceitfull. *Deceptif, decevable, abusif, frauduleux, malicieux.*
Deceitfully. *Captieusement, malicieusement.*
Deceptive. *Comme* Deceitfull.
A **deceitfull** tricke. *Cassade.*
Deception. *Comme* Deceite.
To **deceive**. *Decevoir, tromper, abuser, tricher, beffler, besler, baffouer, faire faillite, bailler de foin en corne, affiner.*
To **deceive** openly, impudently to ones face. *Affronter.*
Deceiveable. *Deceptif, decevable, frauduleux, fraudulent, abuseux, abusif, captieux, malengineux.*
Deceived. *Deceu, abusé, affiné, baffoué, basoué.*
A **deceiver**. *Deceveur, trompeur, affineur, abuseur, flageoleur, tricheur, bailleur de febves à microist, bailleur de foin à mule.*
A **deceiving**. *Deception, abusement, tricherie, affinement.*
December. *Decembre.*
Decencie. *Decence, bienseance, honnesteté.*
Decent. *Decent, bien seant, sortable, advenant.*
Decently. *Decemment, decentement, convenablement, seamment, advenamment, sortablement ; honestement.*
To **decerne**. *Voyez* to Decree.
To **decide**. *Decider.*
Decided. *Decidé.*
A **decision**. *Decision.*
Decisive. *Decisif.*
Decisorie. *Decisoire.*
To **decke**. *Orner, decorer, accointer, accoustrer, achemmer, achemer ; garnir, attinter ; habiller, garber, mettre à point, vestir.*
Decked. *Decoré, orné ; accoustré, achemé affaicté, garni, attinté ; habille.*
A woman **decker** (of brides.) *Achemmeresse.*
A **decking**. *Decoration ; accoustrement, garnissement.*
A **declamation**. *Declamation.*
Declamatorie, or **declaiming**. *Declamatoire.*
To **declame**, or **declaime**. *Declamer.*
A **declamer**. *Declamateur.*
A **declaration**. *Declaration, harangue ; manifeste, narration, narré.*
Declarative, or **declaratorie**. *Narratif.*
To **declare**. *Declarer, manifester, monstrer, narrer, noncer.*
Declared. *Declaré, monstré, narré.*
A **declarer**. *Narrateur, narreur, noncer, nonciateur.*
A **declaring**. *Monstrement, narrement.*
Declaring. *Declarant.*
A **declension** of a Noune. *Declinaison de Nom.* ¶ Framboisiere.
To **decline**. *Decliner, flechir.*
Declined. *Decliné, destourné.*
A **declining**. *Declin, declinement, flechissement, manquement.*
Declining. *Declinant, manque.*
Halfe **declining**. *Mipanché.*
A **decoction**. *Decoction.*
To **decorate**. *Decorer.*
A **decoration**. *Decoration.*
A **decorum**. *Honesteté.*
To **decrease**. *Decroistre ; diminuer, descroistre.*
Decreasing. *Decroissant.*
A **decreasing**. *Descroissement.*
A **Decree**. *Decret, ordonnance.*
To **decree**. *Decerner, ordonner, decreter.*
Decreed. *Decerné, decreté.*
Decreeing. *Decretant.*
Decrepite. *Decrepité, decrepteux ; vieillard, qui est sur le bord de la fosse.*
Decrepitenesse. *Decrepitude.*
The **decretalls**. *Decretales.*
A **decrustation**. *Decrustation.*
To **decypher**. *Deschiffrer.*
Decyphered. *Deschiffré.*
A **decypherer**. *Deschiffreur.*
Dedalian, or maze-like. *Dedalé.*
To **dedicate**. *Dedier, consacrer, sacrer.*
Dedicated. *Dedié, sacré.*
A **dedicating**, or **dedication**. *Dedicace, dedicasse, Dedication, consecration.*
The **Dedication** of a Church. *Le sacre d'un Temple, ou Eglise.*
To **deduce**. *Deduire.*
Deduced. *Deduict.*
A **deduction**. *Deduction, deduicte.*
A **Deed**. *Faict, acte, action ; Oeuvre.*
The **Deed** of a contract. *Accord.*
In-**deed**. *De fait ; vrayement, certes, en bonne verité.*
In-**deed**? *En bonne foy ? Pour vray ?*
A good **deed**. *Bien-fait.*
A sinfull **deed**. *Meschanceté.*
An evill, or ill **deed**. *Malfaict, malefice.*
Deeds (of contracts.) *Escriptures de contracts.*
To **Deeme**. *Penser, imaginer ; juger, estre d'aduis,*
Deemed. *Pensé ; imaginé, jugé.*
A **deemer**. *Penseur ; Qui juge, ou dit son advis.*
A **deeming**. *Pensement, pensée ; jugement.*
Deepe. *Profond ; fond ; haut.*
To search, or pierce **deepe**. *Profonder.*
To thrust **deepe** into. *Affoncer, enfoncer.*
Sunke **deepe**. *Enfoncé, enfoncé.*
To **deepen**, or make more deepe. *Approfondir.*
Depth. *Profondement, hautement.*
Deepened. *Profondé.*
Deepenesse, or **depth**. *Profondeur, profondité.*
Deere. *Voyez* Deare.
A **Deere**. *Cerf, Daim.*
Deere. *Bestes fauves.*
A fallow **deere**. *Daim, dain.*
A raine **deere**. *Cerf ramé.*
A red **deere**. *Cerf.*
A tame **deere**. *Dain nignon.*
A young fallow **deere**. *Daineau, Daineau.*
A keeper, or overseer of **deere**. *Harpailleur.*
To **deface**. *Deffacer, desfacer ; demolir, gaster ; canceler ; desvisager ; despeindre, abolir, mettre a neant.*
Defaced. *Deffaict ; demoli, gasté, desvisagé ; despeinct ; aboli.*
A **defacer**. *Gasteur ; gastereresse.*
A **defacing**. *Abolissement, gastement, cancelation.*
A **Defamation**. *Diffame, diffamation, deshonneur, laidange.*
To **defame**. *Diffamer, deshonnorer, denigrer, desnigrer, noter.*
Defamed. *Diffamé, deshonoré, denigré, desnigré, noté.*
Defamatorie. *Deffamatoire.*
A **defamer**. *Diffamateur.*
A **defaming**. *Deshonoration, desnigration, desnigrement. Ou comme* Defamation.
To **defaulke**. *Defalquer, deffalquer, deduire.*
Defaulked. *Defalqué, deffalqué.*
A **Default**. *Defaille, defaillement ; default, defaut, vice.*
A **defeate**, or **defeature**. *Defaitte, desfaitte, desconfiture, perte de bataille ou de victoire.*
To **defeate**. *Desfaire, desconfire.*
Defeated. *Desfaict ; desconfit.*
A **defeature**. *Desfaicte, desconfiture, abatis. Ou comme* a Defeate.
A **defect**. *Desfaillance, desfaille, defaillement, default, defaut, defectuosité, manque, manquement ; non valeur, non valoir, vice.*
A **defection**. *Defaillance.*
Defective. *Defaillant, defaillueux, malefficié, manque.*
To be **defective**. *Manquer.*
A **defence**, or a **defending**. *Defense, defence, garde ; protection ; garantie ; apologie ; advoeson, advoison.*
Defences in fortification. (as flanks, calomates, &c.) *Defences, defenses.*
A **defendant**. *Defendant, defendeur.*
To **defend**. *Defendre ; Proteger, garder, garentir, maintenir.*
Defendable, or **defensible**. *Defensable, defensible.*
Defended. *Protegé ; maintenu.*
A **defender**. *Defenseur, defendeur, defendant, protecteur.*
A **defendresse**. *Protectrice, defensatrice.*
A **defensative** (medicine.) *Defensif.*
Defensible, or **defending**. *Defensif.*
Defensorie, which defendeth. *Defensoire.*
To **deferre**. *Differer, delayer ; entrelaisser, remettre la besongne, faire muler.*

Deferred. *Differé, delayé; entrelaiſſé.*
A **deferrer.** *Delayeur, muſard.*
A **deferring.** *Delay, delayement, dilation.*
Deferring. *Delayant, dilayant, dilatoire.*
A letter of **defiance.** *Cartel de defi, cartée.*
To **defie.** *Defier, desfier.*
Defied. *Defié.*
A **defying,** or **defiance.** *Defiement, defi, defiance, desfi, desfiance.*
A **deficiencie.** *Inhabilité, non-valeur, non-valoir.*
To **defile.** *Polluer, contaminer, ſouiller; gaſter, blotter; deſfleurer, enordir, enſallir, entacher, vilener, vicier.*
Defiled. *Pollué, contaminé, ſouillé; gaſté; deſfleuré; enordi; enſailli, vilené, vilané, vicié.*
Defilement. *Pollution; gaſtement, ſouillure, enſalliſſement.*
To **define.** *Definir.*
A **definition.** *Definition.*
Definitive. *Definitif.*
To **deflour.** *Deſfleurer, desfleurer, desfleurer, deſaffleurer, effleurer; depuceler, deſpuceler.*
Deflowred. *Deſfleuré, deſaffleuré, effleuré; depucelé, depucellé, deſpucelé.*
A **deflowring.** *Defloration; deſpucellage, deſpucellement.*
Deflowring. *Effleurant.*
To **deforme.** *Diſformer, deſfigurer, desviſager.*
Deformed. *Deformé, diſforme, defiguré, laid, contrefait, deſviſagé, maleficié, ſoudre.*
Deformedly. *Laidement.*
A **Deforming.** *Deformation, deſfigurement.*
Deformitie. *Diſformité, leideur.*
To **defraud.** *Defrauder, frauder.*
Defrauded. *Defraudé, fraudé.*
A **defrauder.** *Defraudateur, fraudateur, fraudeur.*
A **defrauding.** *Defraudement, fraudation.*
To **defray.** *Defrayer, desfrayer.*
Defrayed. *Defrayé, desfrayé.*
A **defrayer.** *Defrayeur.*
A **defraying.** *Defroy, desfrais, desbourſement.*
Deft. *Greſſet. Voyez* Pretie.
To **defye.** *Voyez* to Defie.
To **degenerate.** *Degenerer, forligner, s'abaſtardir.*
Degenerated. *Degeneré, forligné.*
A **degenerating.** *Forlignement, abaſtardiſſement.*
Degenerating. *Forlignant.*
To **degrade.** *Degrader, desfgrader; exauthorer.*
Degraded. *Degradé, desfgradé; exauthoré.*
A **degrading,** or **degradation.** *Degradation, degradement; exauthoration.*
Degrading. *Degradant.*
A **degree.** *Degré,* calibre.
Preferred to a **degree,** or that hath taken **degree** in ſchoole. *Gradué.*
By **degrees.** *Par degrez, de degré en degré, petit à petit, pas à pas.*
To **dehoyſt.** *Deſenhorter.*
A **dehoyſtation.** *Deſenhortement.*
Dehoyſted. *Deſenhorté.*
A **dehoyſter.** *Deſenhorteur.*
To **deject.** *Dejecter; abbaiſſer, rabaiſſer le menton à, mettre au bas.*
Dejected. *Dejecté; penseux, dejecti, abbaiſſé.*
A **dejecter.** *Abbaiſſeur.*
A **dejection,** or **dejecting.** *Dejectement, abbaiſſement.*
Dejectly. *Penseuſement.*
To **deifie.** *Deifier.*
Deified. *Deifié.*
A **deifying.** *Deification.*
The **Deitie.** *Deite.*
To **deigne.** *Daigner.*
Deigning. *Daignant.*
A **delay.** *Delay, delayement, prolongement,* muſardie.
To **delay.** *Delayer, differer; fuir; delayer, faire le long.*
To **delay** a ſute. *Accrocher vn procez.*
Delayed. *Delayé; marchandé.*
A ſute **delayed.** *Procés accroché.*
A **delayer.** *Delayeur, muſard.*
A **delaying.** *Delayement, prolongement, retardement, delay, attente, dilayement, dilation.*
Delaying. *Delayant, dilayant, dilatoire, muſard.*
A **delaying** a ſute. *Accrochement de procés.*
Delectable *Delectable.*
Delectation. *Delectation. Voyez* Delight.
To **delegate.** *Deleguer.*
The **delegates.** *Deleguez.*
Delegated. *Delegué.*
A **delegation.** *Delegation.*
To **deliberate.** *Deliberer.*
Deliberated. *Deliberé.*
Deliberately. *De guet à penſée.*
A **deliberation.** *Deliberation.*
Deliberative. *Deliberatif.*
Delicacie *Delicateſſe, mignardiſe, mignonneté, molleſſe.*
Delicate. *Delicat, mignard; mol, mollet.*
Delicates, or dainties. *Friandiſes, frigalleries, delices.*
Delicately, or **deliciouſly.** *Delicatement, delicieuſement.*
Delicatenes. *Delicateſſe, delicace, delicateté.*
Delicious. *Delicieux; friand, mielleux.*
Deliciouſnelle. *Delicateſſe; friandiſe.*
Deliciouſly. *Mielleuſement.*
Delight. *Delectation; Plaiſir, dedaict, ſoulas, esbat, aiſe; oblectation, paſſetemps.*
Affected **delights.** *Mignotiſes.*
To **delight.** *Delecter, recréer, oblecter, ſolacier, donner du plaiſir.*
Delighted. *Recrée.*
Delightfull. *Delectable,* ſolacieux, Acroamatique, *gentil, aiſé; plaiſant, delicieux, recreatif.*
A **delightfull** exerciſe. *Recreation.*
Delightfull, or with delight. *Recreativement.*
Delightſome. *Delicieux, ſolacieux.*
Delightſomely. *Delicieuſement.*
To **delineate.** *Pourtraire.*
A **delineation.** *Delineation.*
A **delineature.** *Delineature.*
A **delinquent.** *Delinquent.*
To **deliver.** *Livrer; deliurer; ſauver; deſpeſtrer.*
To **deliver** from ſervitude. *Affranchir.*
A **deliverance.** *Deliverance.*
Delivered. *Livré; delivré.*
A **deliverer.** *Delivreur.*
A **delivering.** *Comme* a Deliverance.
To **delude.** *Abuſer quelqu'un, ou, ſe jouër de luy; tromper, ſe mocquer de.*
Deluded. *Abuſé, mocqué, trompé.*
A **deluſion.** *Tromperie, abus, mocquerie.*
To **delve.** *Houër, beſcher. Voyez* Digge.
Delved. *Beſché, houé.*
A **delver.** *Beſcheur, houëur.*
A **delving.** *Beſchement, houëment.*
A **deluge.** *Deluge, inondation, cateclíſme.* ¶ Rab.
A **demaine.** *Domaine, demaine.*
Ancient **demaine,** or Crowne land. *Domaine de la couronne, domaine du Royaume.*
The Kings **demaine.** *Domaine du Roy.*
Of, or belonging to, a **demaine.** *Domanial, demanier.*
The owner of a **demaine.** *Domanier, demainier.*
To **demand,** or **demaund.** *Demander; requerir, interroguer.*
A **demaund.** *Demande, requeſte, interrogation.*
Demaunded. *Demandé, interrogué.*
A **demaunder.** *Demandeur, interrogateur.*
A **demaundereſſe.** *Demandereſſe.*
Demaunding. *Demandant, interrogant.*
A **demaunding.** *Interrogat.*
To **demeane** himſelfe. *Se comporter.*
Demeanour. *Comportement, maintain.*
Demerite. *Demerite.*
Demi. *Demi, demie. Voyez* Halfe.
A **demi-god.** *Demi-dieu.*
A **demi-canon.** *Demi-canon.*
A **demi-lance.** *Eſtradiot.*
To **demiſe.** *Fermer.*
Demiſed. *Fermé.*
Demiſſe. *Peneux.*
Demiſſely. *Peneuſement.*
Democratie. *Democratie; gouvernement populaire, Principauté du peuple.*
To **demoliſh.** *Demolir.*
Demoliſhed. *Demoli.*
A **demoliſhing.** *Demolition.*
To **demonſtrate.** *Demonſtrer.*
A **Demonſtrance,** or **demonſtration.** *Demonſtrance; monſtre.*
Demonſtrated. *Demonſtré.*
A **demonſtrating.** *Monſtrement.*
Demonſtrative. *Demonſtratif.*
A **demonſtrator.** *Demonſtrateur, monſtreur.*
Demure. *Modeſte; honteux.*
Demurely. *Modeſtement.*
Demureneſſe. *Modeſtie.*
A **deneere** *Denier, dixain.*
A **degeneration.** *Degeneration.*
A **denyall,** or **denying.** *Deni, Negative, deniement, neance, vn ni, negation, niance.*
To **denie.** *Nier, denier; refuſer, rebuter.*
To **deny** the faith. *Apoſtater, delaiſſer ſa religion, renoncer ſa foy.*
To **deny** with an oath. *Abjurer.*
Denied. *Nié, denié.*
A **denier.** *Niant, nieur.*
A **denying.** *Denegation, neance, negation, niance, niement.*
Denying. *Negatif, negatoire, niant.*
Denmarke. *Dannemarc.*
To lurke in **dennes.** *Grotteſquer.*
A **denne.** *Caverne, taniere, grotte, balme, cachette, cachot, grotteſque, Trapinaudiere.*
A little **den,** caverne or hole. *Grotton, caverneau, cavette.*
To **denominate.** *Denommer.*
Denominated. *Denommé.*
The **denominator** of an Arithmeticall fraction. *Nommeur.*
Denomination. *Denomination, nomination.*
To **denounce.** *Denoncer.*
Denounced. *Denoncé.*

A **denouncer**. *Denonciateur.*
A **denouncing**. *Denoncement.*
A **denunciation**. *Denonciation.*
A **dent**. *Voyez* a Dint.
To **deny**, a **dentall**, &c. *Voyez* to Deny, a deniall, &c.
To **depart**. *Partir*; *departir*; *s'en aller.*
To **depart** this lite. *Decceder*, *mourir*, *treſpaſſer*, *aller de vie en treſpas.*
Departed. *Departi*, *parti.*
Departed this life. *Treſpaſé*, *defunct.*
A **departing**, or **departure**. *Partement*, *departement*, *depart*, *departie*, *departiſſement.*
A **departing** forth. *Exiture.*
A **departure** out of this life. *Treſpas.*
To **depend**. *Dependre.*
A **dependancie** *Dependance.*
Depending. *Dependant.*
Depilatorie. *Depilatoire.*
Deplorable. *Deſplorable.*
To **deplore**. *Deplorer.*
Deplored. *Deploré*, *deſploré.*
Deploring. *Deplorant.*
A **deplumation**. *Deplumation.*
To **depopulate**. *Deſpeupler*, *depopuler.*
Depopulated. *Depopulé*, *deſpeuplé.*
A **depopulation**. *Deſpeuplement*, *ſac.*
Deportments. *Deportemens.*
To **depoſe**. *Depoſer*; *deſceptrer*; *mettre au bas.*
To **depoſe** by oath. *Depoſer par ſermens.*
Depoſed. *Depoſé*, *degradé.*
A thing laid in **depoſite**. *Choſe depoſée*, *depoſt*, *choſe miſe en diſpoſt.*
Depoſition of witneſſes. *Depoſition de teſmoigns.*
A **depravation**. *Obtrectation*, *ſugillation.*
To **deprave**. *Depraver*, *deſpraver*; *corrompre*, *gaſter*, *deſtracquer*, *deſtraquer*; *meſdire*, *meſparler de*, *ſugiller.*
Depraved. *Deſpravé*; *gaſté*, *corrompu*, *deſtraqué*, *deſtracqué*, *mauvais*, *ſugillé.*
A **depraver**. *Corrompeur*, *gaſteur*; *obtrectateur*
A **depraving**. *Deſpravation*; *corrompure*, *gaſtement*; *meſdiſſon*, *medilſon*, *meſdiſance.*
A **deprecation**. *Deprecation.*
To **deprehend**. *Surprendre.*
Deprehended. *Surprins.*
To **depreſſe**. *Deprimer*, *abbaiſſer.*
Depreſſed. *Deprimé*, *abbaiſſé.*
Depreſſion. *Depreſſion.* ¶ Nicot. *Abbatement.*
To **deprive**. *Priver*; *deſnuer*, *deſpouiller*, *ſe deſſaiſir de.*
To **deprive** of life and ſpirit. *Deſanimer.*
Deprived. *Privé*; *deſnué*, *deſpouillé*; *deſſaiſiné.*
Deprived of life or ſpirit. *Deſanimé.*
A **depriving**. *Privation*, *privement*, *deſpouillement*; *deſſaiſine.*
Depth, or **deepneſſe**. *Profondeur*, *profondite*; *fond.*
A ſwallowing, or unſatiable **depth**. *Vorage.*
To **depucelate**. *Depuceler. Voyez* to deflowr.
Depucelated. *Depucelé*, *deſpucelé.*
A **depuration**. *Depuration. Voyez* a Purging, or purifying.
Depurgatorie. *Depurgatoire*; *Qui purge.*
To **deputt**. *Deputer.*
Deputed. *Deputé.*
A **Deputie**. *Deputé*, *miniſtre.*
A Lord **deputy** for the Prince of ſome Province. *Adelantade. Lieutenant du Roy.*
To **deracinate**. *Deſraciner. Voy.* to root out.
A **Derce** (fiſh.) *Gal.*
To **deride**. *Se mocquer de*, *gaber*, *gauſſer*, *goſſer*, *railler*, *naſarder*, *berner*, *reſanner*, *mettre ſur les rangs*, *moncher*, *veſperiſer.*
Derided. *Gauſſé*, *mocqué*, *naſardé*, *berné*, *veſperiſé.*
A **derider**. *Gauſſeur*, *gabeur*, *mocqueur*, *goſſeur.*
A **deriding**. *Goſſerie*, *raillerie. Ou comme* Deriſion.
Deriſion. *Deris*, *deriſion*, *mocquerie.*
Derivative. *Derivatif.* ¶ Framboiſiere.
To **derive**. *Deriver.*
Derived. *Derivé*; *deſcendu.*
A **deriving**, or **derivation**. *Derivation.*
To **derogate** from. *Deroger*, *deroguer.*
Derogated from. *Deroge.*
Derogating from. *Derogeant*, *derogant.*
A **derogation**. *Derogation.*
A **derogatorie**, or act of derogation. *Derogatoire.*
Derogatorie. *Derogatoire.*
A **deſaſter**. *Voyez* a diſaſter.
To **deſcant**, or ſing **deſcant**. *Deſchanter*; *fredonner*, *paſſager.*
A **deſcant**. *Fredon*, *deſchant.*
Deſcanted. *Deſchanté.*
To **deſcend**. *Deſcendre.*
Deſcended. *Deſcendu*, *natif*, *né.*
Deſcended from. *Natif de.*
A **deſcending**. *Deſcendement*; *deſcente.*
Deſcending. *Deſcendant*; *deſcenſoire.*
Deſcenſive. *Deſcenſoire.*
A **deſcent**. *Deſcente.*
A **deſcent**, or off-ſpring. *Deſcendué.*
An eaſie **deſcent** in ground, or a plot of ground deſcending. *Galate*, *callate.*
To **deſcribe**. *Deſcrire.*
Deſcribed. *Deſcript.*
A **deſcription**. *Deſcription.*
To **deſcrie**. *Deſcouvrir*; *veoir de loing.*
Deſcried. *Deſcouvert.*
A **deſcrying**. *Deſcouvrement*, *deſcouverte.*
A **deſert**. *Deſert*, *gaſtine*, *herme. Voyez* a Wilderneſſe.
To make **deſert**. *Deſerter.*
Deſert, or merite. *Merite*, *deſerte.*
A **deſertion**. *Deſertion. Voyez* a Forſaking.
To **deſerve**. *Meriter*, *deſervir.*
Deſerved. *Deſervi*, *merité.*
Deſervedly. *Meritément*, *meritoirement.*
Well **deſerving**. *Meritoire.*
Deſiccative. *Deſiccatif*, *deſſiccatif.*
A **deſigne**. *Deſſeing*, *project*, *entrepriſe*, *deſſeing.*
To **deſigne**. *Deſſeigner.*
To **deſigne**, or appoint. *Deſigner.*
Deſignative. *Deſignatif.*
Deſigned, or purpoſed. *Deſſeigné.*
Deſigned, or appointed. *Deſigné.*
A **deſluence**, or ending. *Deſluence.*
Deſire. *Deſir*; *appetit*, *appetence*, *regret.*
Deſire unto. *Regret.*
To **deſire**. *Deſirer*, *appeter*, *regretter*, *regreter.*
Deſireable. *Deſirable.*
Deſired. *Deſiré*, *appeté*, *regretté.*
Deſiring. *Deſirant.*
Deſirous. *Deſireux.*
To **deſiſt**. *Deſiſter.*
Deſiſted. *Deſiſté.*
A **deſiſting**. *Deſiſtement.*
A **deske**. *Poulpitre.*
Deſolate. *Deſolé.*
To **deſolate**, or make **deſolate**. *Deſoler.*
Deſolately. *Deſolément.*
A **deſolating**. *Deſolemént.*
Deſolation. *Deſolation.*
To **deſpaire**. *Deſperer*; *ſe deſfier.*
Deſpaire. *Deſeſpoir*, *deſeſperance.*
Deſpaireable. *Deſeſperable.*
Deſpairing. *Deſeſperant*, *deſfiant.*
Deſperate. *Deſeſperé.*
To grow **deſperate**. *Mettre ſa plume au vent.*
Deſperately. *Deſeperément.*
Deſperateneſſe. *Deſeſperance.*
Deſpight. *Voyez* Deſpight.
To **deſpiſe**. *Meſpriſer*, *contemner*, *deſpriſer.*
Deſpiſable. *Deſpriſable.*
Deſpiſed. *Meſprisé*, *contemné*, *deſprisé.*
A **deſpiſer**. *Meſpriſeur*, *contemneur*, *deſpriſeur.*
A **deſpiſereſſe**. *Deſpriſereſſe.*
A **deſpiſing**. *Meſpris*, *contemnement*, *meſpriſement*, *deſpriſement*, *deſpris.*
Deſpite, or **deſpight**. *Deſpit*, *malignité*, *maltalent.*
To **deſpite**. *Deſpiter.*
In **deſpight** of thee. *Maulgré toy*, *en deſpit de toy.*
Deſpiting. *Deſpitant.*
Deſpiteful. *Deſpiteux*, *malicieux*, *malivolé.*
Deſpitefully. *Deſpiteuſement*, *malicieuſement.*
A **deſpote** (or ſoveraine Lord of a countrey.) *Deſpote.*
To **deſpoile**. *Deſpouiller*, *deſvalizer*, *deſtrouſſer*; *deſvestir*, *expolier*, *mettre à nud.*
To **deſpoile** of corn. *Desblayer*, *desbléer*,
Deſpoiled. *Deſpouillé*, *deſtrouſſé*, *expolié.*
A **deſpoiling**. *Deſpouillement.*
To **diſtaine**. *Voyez* to Diſtaine.
To **deſtinate**. *Deſtiner*, *fataliser.*
Deſtinated. *Deſtiné*, *fatal.*
A **deſtination**. *Deſtination.*
Deſtints. *Deſtin*, *deſtinée*, *fatalité*; *ordonnance divine.*
By **deſtints**. *Fatalement.*
Deſtituable (or diſappointable.) *Deſtituable*
Deſtitute. *Deſtitué.*
Left **deſtitute**. *Abandonné.*
To leave **deſtitute**. *Deſtituer*, *abandonner*, *en detreſſe.*
Deſtitution, or **deſtituting**. *Deſtitution.*
To **deſtroy**. *Deſtruire*; *perdre*, *ruiner*, *abyſmer*, *ſaccager*, *gaſter*, *ſubvertir.*
Deſtroyed. *Deſtruict*, *ruiné*, *perdu*, *abyſmé*, *gaſté*, *ſaccagé*, *ſubverti.*
A **deſtroyer**. *Deſtruiſeur*, *deſtructeur*, *gaſteur*, *gaſtereſſe.*
A **deſtroying**. *Gaſtement. Ou comme* a Deſtruction.
Deſtroying. *Deſtruiſant.*
Deſtruction. *Deſtruction*, *perdition*, *ruine*, *fracas.*
To **detaine**. *Detenir.*
Detained. *Detenu.*
A **detainer**. *Detenteur.*
A **detaining**, or **detention**. *Detention*, *detenue.*
To **detect**. *Deſcouvrir*, *deceler*, *deſceler*, *manifeſter.*
Detected. *Deſcouvert*, *decelé*, *manifeſté.*
A **detecter**. *Deſcouvreur*, *deceleur.*
A **detecting**. *Deſcouvrement*, *decelement.*
A **detection**. *Deſcouverte.*
To **determine**. *Determiner*, *terminer*, *deſſeigner.*
Determined. *Determiné.*
A **determination**. *Determinance.*
Determinately. *Determinément.*
Deterſive. *Deterſif.*

To **detest**. *Deteſter, abominer, abhorrer; haïr, ou avoir en deteſtation; abhorrir.*
Detestable. *Deteſtable, funeſte, haïſſable, haineux, horrible, abominable, odieux.*
A **detestation**. *Deteſtation; haine, haïneuſeté, horreur, abomination.*
Detested. *Deteſté, haï, abhorré.*
A **detester**. *Haineur, abhorrant.*
Detesting. *Abhorriſſant.*
To **detract** from. *Detracter; Calomnier, meſdire, meſlouër, meſparler de.*
Vnjuſtly **detracted**. *Calomnié.*
A **detractor**. *Detracteur, meſdiſant, obtrectateur.*
A malicious **detractor**. *Calomniateur.*
Detraction. *Detraction, maledicence, meſdiſſon, meſdiſance, mediſſon, mordacité, obtrectation, ſugillation.*
A deſpitefull **detraction**. *Calomnie.*
Detractive. *Meſdiſant.*
Detriment. *Detriment; dommage, perte.*
Full of **detriment**. *Detrimenteux.*
Deuce. *Voyez* Dewſe.
To **devest**. *Deveſtir.*
Devested. *Deveſti.*
The **devill**. *Diable, eſtaſier de S. Martin.*
A **devill** got looſe. *Diable deſchainé.*
Devils-bit (herbe.) *Mors du diable, morſure du diable.*
A ſhee **devill**, or female **devill**. *Diableſſe.*
A little, or young **devill**. *Diableteau, diableteau de cœur.* ¶ Rabl.
The **devills** goldring. *Voyez* a Vinefretter.
The ſea-**devill**. *Grenouille peſchereſſe.*
Devilish. *Diabolique, Satanique.*
A **devilish** crue. *Diablerie.*
Devilishly. *Diaboliquement.*
Moſt devilliſhly. *Diableuſement.*
Devilishnesse. *Diablerie.*
A **devise**. *Invention, devis, machine, menée.*
To **devise**. *Inventer, deviſer, machiner, minuter.*
Full of **devises**. *Inventif.*
Pretie **devises**. *Gentilleſſes.*
A **devise**, (or poſie.) *Deviſe.*
Devised. *Inventé, deviſé, machiné; minuté.*
A **deviser**. *Inventeur; machinateur.*
Devoid of. *Deſnué.*
Devoire. *Debvoir, devoir. Voyez* Duty.
To **devote**. *Devouër.*
To **devote** himſelfe unto. *Se mettre à.*
Devoted, *Devoüé, devotionné.*
A **devoting** unto. *Devouëment.*
Devotion. *Devotion.*
Full of **devotion**. *Devocieux.*
Counterfeit, or hypocriticall **devotion**. *Caſardie, caſardiſe, capharderie.*
To **devoure**. *Vorer, devorer; bauffrer, gober, galiffrer, goularder, gourmander, gouſſer; abſorber, morſailler.*
Devoured. *Devoré; goulardé, gouſſé, abſorbé.*
A greedie **Devourer**. *Devoureur; alcofribas, galiffre, gobequinaut, glouton, goulard, harpye de cuiſine, galaffre.*
A **devouring**. *Gloutonnie, galaffrerie, gourmandiſe.*
Devouring. *Glout, gloutonnaire, goulard, goulu, harpi.*
Devout. *Devot; devotieux.*
Devout onely in ſhew. *Caſard.*
Devoutly. *Devotement, devotieuſement.*
Devoutnesse. *Comme* Devotion.
Deuteronomie. *Deuteronome. Le cinquieſme & derniere livre de Moiſe.*
Dewe. *Roſée, Rouſée.*
To **dewe**. *Arrouſer, arroſer.*
The **dew-lap** of a beaſt. *Faron.*
Dew-clawes. *Herigotes, ergots.*
The **dew-claw** of a dog. *Argo.*
The **dew-clawes** of a wild boare. *Les gardes d'un ſanglier.*
Dew-clawed. *Herigoté, ergoté.*
A **dew-snails**. *Cagouille.*
The having of **dew-clawes**. *Herigoteure, ergoture.*
Dew-grasse. *Capriole.*
Dewed. *Arrouſé, arroſé.*
A **dewer**. *Arroſeur.*
A **dewing**. *Arrouſement, arrouſage, arroſement.*
Dewse. *Deux.*
Dewse-ace. *Deux & az.*
Dexteritie. *Dexterité; habileté, habilité.*
Diabolicall. *Diabolique.*
Diabolically. *Diaboliquement.*
A **diademe**. *Diademe, bandeau royal.*
Diaconall. *Diaconal. Voyez* a Deacon.
Diagonall. *Diagonal. Voyez* Corner.
Diagonally. *Diagonalement.*
A **dialect**. *Dialecte, Ideome.*
A **diall**. *Horloge.*
A Sunne **Diall**. *Quadran, horloge au ſoleil.*
A water **Dyall**. *Horloge d'eau, clepſidre.*
A Pilots **diall**, or Mariners compaſſe. *Bouſſole.*
A **diall-maker**. *Horlogeur, horloger, horologeur, horologier.*
The hand of a clock-**diall**. *La monſtre d'un Horloge.*
A **Dialogue**. *Dialogue, colloque.*
A **Diameter**. *Diametre.*
A **Diamond**. *Diamant.*
Of a **diamond**, hard as a **diamond**. *Diamantin.*
A baſtard **diamond**. *Strin.*
The **diamond** at cards. *Quarreau.*
A **Diapason**. *Diapaſon.*
To **diaper**. *Diaprer.*
Diaper-worke. *Diaprerie.*
Diapred. *Diapré.*
A **diapring**. *Diapreure.*
A **diarie**, or journall. *Diaire, Papier journal.*
A **dibble**. *Houäu, hoyäu, houë, houë plate.*
A gardeners **dibble**. *Fiche.*
Dice. *Dez.* (*Plurier de* Die.)
A **dicker** (of leather.) *Dixaine de cuirs.*
To **dictate**. *Dicter.*
Dictated. *Dicté.*
A **dictator**. *Dictateur. Anciennement le ſouverain & plus grand magiſtrat de Rome; Il eſtoit extraordinaire; ſeulement creé en temps d'extreme neceſſité, &c.* ¶ Nicot.
The **dictatorship**. *Dictature. L'authorité & office d'un tel magiſtrat.*
A **Dictionarie**. *Dictionaire.*
Dictionaries. *Calepinages.*
A **didopper**. *Caſtagneux.*
A **die**. *Vn Dé, ou, Det. En plurier* Dice. *Dez, ou, Dets à jouer.*
A blank **Die**. *Dé blanc.*
To play at **dice**. *Iouër aux dez.*
A caſt at **dice**. *Iect.*
A **dicer, dice-player**. *Joüeur aux dez.*
Dicing. *Ieu des dez.*
A **dicing-house**. *Berlan.*
The keeper of a **dicing-house**. *Berlandier.*
To **didder** with cold. *Friller, friſonner, grelotter.*
A **ddering**. *Friſſon.*
To **die**. *Mourir; treſpaſſer, paſſer le pas, fouir aux taupes, morir.*
Ready to **die**. *Preſt à mourir, au point de mourir, moribonde, mourable.*
To **die** (colours.) *Teindre. Voyez* to Dye.
A **diet**. *Diette, regime de vivre.*
Dietted. *Alimenté.*
Dogs **diet**. *Pain & eau, viande aux chiens.*
To **diet**. *Alimenter.*
To **diffame**. *Diffamer. Voyez* to Defame.
To **differ**, or diſagree from. *Differanter, deſaccorder, eſtre different, ou divers, differenter.*
Differed. *Differanté.*
A **difference**. *Difference, diverſité, à dire, Noiſe, debat.*
A **difference**, or controverſie. *Different, deſaccord.*
Different. *Different, divers.*
Made **different** from. *Differencié.*
Differently, or with a **difference**. *Differemment.*
Differing. *Different.*
A **differing**. *Deſaccordance.*
Difficult, difficile. *Difficile, mal-aiſé, ardu.*
To **difficultate, difficiliate**, or make difficult. Difficulter.
A **difficultie**. *Difficulté, malaiſance.*
Full of **difficulties**. *Difficulteux.*
Difficultly, or with **difficultie**. *Difficilement, malaiſement.*
A **diffidence**. *Deſfiance.*
A **diffiation**. *Diffiation.*
To **diffuse**. *Eſpandre.*
Diffused. *Diffus, eſpars; obſcur.*
Diffused. *Diffuſément, eſparſément.*
Diffusedness. *Obſcurité.*
To **dig**. *Voyez* to Digge.
To **digest**. *Digerer, faire la concoction, cuire la viande dans l'eſtomac, mitiſier.*
Digested. *Digeré.*
Digestion. *Digeſtion.*
Want of **digestion**. *Indigeſtion, cachymie, mauvaiſe digeſtion.*
Digestive. *Digeſtif.*
A **diget**. *Digite.*
To **dig**. *Foüir, foſſoyer, caver, fouſſer, beſcher, biecer, marrer.*
To **dig** up. *Hoüer, marrer.*
To **digge** with the noſe. *Fouiller.*
To **digge** with the fingers. *Gravonner.*
Digged. *Foſſoyé, foüi, beſché, marré, cavé.*
Digged up (into, or about.) *Hoüé, marré.*
A **digger**. *Fouiſſeur, foſſoyeur, beſcheur.*
A **digger** up. *Houëur.*
A **digger** of graves. *Guenaud.*
Digging (with a mattock.) *Marrant.*
A **digging**. *Fouiſſement, foſſoyeure, foſſoyement, fouiſſeure, beſchement, beſchage, houäge, cavement.*
A **digging** up (into, or about.) *Hoüement, houage.*
To **dight**. *Orner.* (*vieil mot.*)
To **dignifie**. *Dignifier.*
Dignitie. *Dignité; Office.*
To **digresse**. *Faire digreſſion.*
To **digresse** from. *Deſmentir.*
Digressed from. *Deſmenti.*
A **digression**. *Digreſſion.*

A **dike**, to **dike**. *Voyez* a Ditch, to ditch.
To **Dilacerate**, or rend in pieces. *Dilacerer, dechirer.*
Dilacerated. *Dilacerè, dechiré.*
A **dilaceration**. *Dilaceration.*
To **dilapidate**. *Dilapider.*
Dilapidated. *Dilapidè.*
A **dilapidation**. *Dilapidation.*
To **dilate**. *Dilater ; Eſlargir ; Eſtendre.*
Dilatable. *Dilatable.*
Dilated. *Dilaté.*
A **dilatation**. *Dilatation.*
A **dilatator**. *Dilateur.*
A **dilatatorie**. *Dilatatoire. Inſtrument des chirurgiens.*
Dilatorie. *Dilatoire.*
A **dildo**. *Godemiche.*
Diligence. *Diligence.*
Diligent. *Diligent ; ſoigneux, officieux.*
Diligently. *Diligemment.*
Dill. *Anet, Aneth.*
Wild **Dill**. *Anet ſauvage.*
Of the herbe **Dill**. *Anetin.*
A **dilling**. *Mignon, mignot. Voyez* a Darling.
A **dimension**. *Dimenſion.*
A **dimilance**. *Demilance. Voyez* a Demilance.
To **diminiſh**. *Diminuer, attenuer ; apetiſſer, amoindrir, minuer.*
Diminiſhed. *Diminué, attenué ; apetiſſé, amoindri, minué.*
A **diminiſhing, diminiſhment, diminution**. *Diminution, attenuation ; apetiſſement, amoindriſſement ; deſcheance, dechet.*
Diminutive. *Diminutif.*
Dimme. *Obſcur, caligineux.*
To **dimme**, or make **dimme**. *Obfuſquer, offuſquer, obſcurcir.*
To **dimme** the eyes. *Esberluer, esbloüir.*
Dimmed. *Esberlué, offuſqué, esbloüi, obſcurci.*
A **dimming**. *Obſcurciſſement, offuſcation.*
Dimly. *Obſcurement.*
Dimneſs. *Caliginoſité, obſcurité.*
Dimneſſe of ſight. *Esbloüiſſement, eſbloüiſſon ; berlue, berluement.*
A **dimple**. *Foſſette, gelaſin.*
Dimpled. *Foſſelu.*
To **dine**. *Diſner.*
Dined. *Diſné.*
Ill **dined**. *Mau-diſné.*
A **dining** chamber, or **dining** roome. *Chambre haute, ſale où lon prend ſes repas.*
The **ding-dong** of bels. *Dindan, tintant, ſon, ou tintement des cloches.*
To **ding** againſt the walls. *Jetter en violence contre la muraille, froiſſer contre la muraille.*
To **dingle-dangle**. *Triballer.*
A **dinner**. *Diſner.*
To **dint**, (bruiſe or batter inward :) veſſel of metall. *Boſſeler.*
A **dint**. *Boſſelure.*
A **Dioceſe**. *Dioceſe.*
A **dipthong**. *Diphtongue.* ℣ Framboiſ.
To **dipps**. *Tremper.*
Dipped. *Trempé.*
A **dipper**. *Trempeur.*
A **dipping**. *Trempement, trempe.*
Direct. *Droict, direct.*
To **direct**. *Diriger, directer, addreſſer, mener.*
To **direct** the right way. *Acheminer, adreſſer au droit chemin, guider.*
Directed. *Dirigé, adreſſé ; mandé ; mené.*
Directed to, or in the right way. *Acheminé, adreſſé au chemin ; guidé.*
A **directer**. *Directeur ; guide, moderateur.*
Directing, or **directive**. *Directoire, adreſſant.*
A **direction**. *Direction, adreſſe.*
A **directing**. *Adreſſement.*
A **directing** in the way. *Acheminement.*
Directly. *Directement, droictement.*
Directneſs. *Droicture.*
Dirges. *La ſervice des morts.*
Dirt. *Fange. Voyez* Durt.
A **diſabilitie**. *Inhabilité, non valleur, non valoire.*
To **diſable**. *Inhabiliter, minuter.*
Diſable. *Inhabile. Voyez* Vnable.
Diſabled. *Inhabilité, maleficié, malhabile ; minué.*
A **diſabling**. *Inhabilitation, inhabilitement.*
To **diſabuſe**. *Deſabuſer.*
Diſabuſed. *Deſabuſé.*
To **diſaccommodate**. *Deſaccommoder, deſagencer.*
Diſaccommodated. *Deſaccommodé.*
To **diſaccord**. *Deſaccorder.*
Diſaccorded. *Deſaccordé.*
A **diſaccording**. *Deſaccordance.*
To **diſaccuſtome**. *Deſaccouſtumer, deſuſiter.*
Diſaccuſtomed. *Deſaccouſtumé.*
Diſaccuſtomednelle. *Deſaccouſtumance.*
To **diſacquaint**. *Deſacointer.*
Diſacquainted. *Deſacointé.*
To **diſadapt**. *Deſagencer.*
Diſadapted. *Deſagencement.*
To **diſadjuſt**. *Deſadjuſter, deſagencer.*
Diſadjuſted. *Deſadjuſté, deſagencé.*
A **diſadjuſting**. *Deſagencement.*
To **diſadmoniſh**. *Deſadmoneſter.*
Diſadmoniſhed. *Deſadmoneſté.*
Diſadvantage. *Deſavantage.*
To **diſadvantage**. *Deſavantager.*
Diſadvantage by ſcarcitie. *Desblée.*
Diſadvantaged. *Deſavantagé.*
Diſadvantageouſly. *Deſadvantageuſement.*
To **diſadveſt**. *Deſadveſtir.*
A **diſadveſtiture**. *Deſadveſt.*
To **diſadvow**. *Deſadvoüer, deſavoüer, deſcognoiſtre, Nier.*
Diſadvowed. *Deſadvoüé, deſavoüé, deſcogneu, nié.*
A **diſadvowing**. *Deſadveu, deſadvoüement, niement.*
Diſagreeable. *Deſagreable.*
To **diſagree**. *Deſaccorder.*
Diſagreed. *Deſaccordé.*
A **diſagreeing**. *Deſaccordance.*
Diſagreeing. *Deſaccordant.*
Diſagreement. *Deſaccord ; noiſe, debat.*
To **diſalloüe**. *Deſavoüer, deſloüer.*
Diſalloüed. *Deſavoüé, deſloüé.*
A **diſalloüing**. *Deſadvoüement ; blaſme.*
To **diſanker**. *Deſancrer. Voyez* to weigh anker.
Diſankred. *Deſancré.*
To **diſannull**. *Anichiler, annuller, annuller ; abolir, abroger.*
Diſannulled. *Annullé, anullé ; aboli, abrogé.*
A **diſannulment**. *Nullité.*
A **diſannulling**. *Annullement, abeliſſement, abrogation.*
Diſappointable. *Deſtituable.*
To **diſappoint**. *Deſappointer, faire faillite à, fruſtrer ; deſtituer, abuſer, ſe mocquer de.*
Diſappointed. *Deſappointé, fruſtré, deſtituë, abuſé, mocqué.*
A **diſappointing**, or **diſappointment**. *Fruſtration, deſtitution, abuſement, abus, abuſion.*
To **diſapt**. *Deſadjuſter.*
Diſapted. *Deſadjuſté.*
To **diſarme**. *Deſarmer ; deshaſtonner.*
To **diſarme** a ſhip. *Deſmonter vne navire.*
To **diſarme** a horſe of ſervice. *D'esbarder vn cheval, ou deſtrier.*
Diſarmed. *Deſarmé ; deshaſtonné.*
Diſarmed (as a horſe of ſervice.) *Desbardé.*
A **diſarming**. *Deſarmement.*
To **diſarray**. *Deſarroyer, deſroyer, deſarrenger, deſranger.*
To **diſarray**, or **diſattire**. *Deſcoeffer, deshabiller, deſpouiller.*
A **diſarray**. *Deſarroy ; deſordonnance, deſroy.*
Diſarrayed. *Deſarroyé, deſarrangé, deſroyé, deſrangé.*
Diſarrayed, or unclothed. *Deſhabillé, deſpouille.*
A **diſarraying**. *Deſarrengement.*
To **diſaſſemble**. *Deſaſſembler, deſſembler.*
Diſaſſembled. *Deſaſſemblé, deſſemblé.*
A **diſaſter**. *Deſaſtre, miſadventure, malaventure, malencontre, malheur, malheureté.*
Diſaſtrous. *Diſaſtré, infortuné, malheureux.*
Diſaſtrouſly. *A la malheure, malheureuſement, miſerablement.*
To **diſaſſociate**. *Deſaſſocier.*
Diſaſſociated. *Deſaſſocié.*
To **diſaſſure**. *Deſaſſeurer.*
Diſaſſured. *Deſaſſeuré.*
To **diſattire**. *Deſcoeffer.*
To **diſaugment**. *Deſaugmenter.*
To **diſauthoriſe**. *Exauthorer.*
To **diſband**. *Desbander, desbender ; ſe deſbander.*
Diſbanded. *Desbandé.*
A **diſbanding**. *Desbandage, desbendage.*
To **diſburden**. *Deſcharger.*
Diſburdened. *Deſchargé.*
A **diſburdening**. *Deſchargement.*
To **diſburſe**. *Desbourſer.*
Diſburſed. *Desbourſé.*
A **diſburſer**. *Qui desbourſe.*
A **diſburſing**, or **diſburſement**. *Desbourſement, desbours, miſe, miſſion.*
To **diſcamp**. *Deſcamper, Lever la camp.*
Diſcamped. *Deſcampé.*
A **diſcamping**. *Deſcampement.*
To **diſcard**. *Caſſer, degrader.*
Diſcarded. *Caſſé, degradé.*
A **diſcent**. *Deſcente, deſcendue. Voyez* a Deſcent.
To **diſcerne**. *Diſcerner ; deſcouvrir.*
To **diſcerne** from others. *Entrecognoiſtre.*
Diſcerned. *Diſcerné ; Deſcouvert.*
Diſcerned from others. *Entre-cogneu.*
A **diſcerning**. *Deſcouvrement, deſcouverte.*
To **diſcharge**. *Deſcharger, quitter, acquitter ; deſfrayer ; deſintereſſer ; deſſoyer ; deſobliger, deſlacher ; deſdommager ; caſſer.*
To **diſcharge** from a crime or fault. *Deſcoulper, deſencoulper.*

A **discharge**. *Descharge, quittance.*
A **discharge** from sute. *Main levée.*
Discharged. *Descharge, quitté, desalengé; desdommagé, desinteressé; desfroyé, calse.*
Discharged from blame. *Descoulpé, desencoulpé.*
A **discharger**. *Quiteur, quitteur.*
A **discharging**, *Deschargement, casserie, cassevre, cassure.*
To **dischevell**. *Descheveler, beruper, beriper.*
Dischevelled. *Descheveté, berupé, beriné.*
A **Disciple**. *Disciple.*
Discipline. *Discipline; observance.*
To **discipline**. *Discipliner.*
Martiall **discipline**. *Aguerrément.*
To **disclaime**. *Desadvouer.*
A **disclaime**. *Desadveu.*
Disclaimed. *Desadvoué.*
To **disclose**. *Deceler, desceler, descacher, descouvrir; desfermer; accuser, monstrer.*
Disclosed. *Decelé, descouvert, descaché; desfermé; accusé.*
A secret **disclosed**. *Secret desclos.*
A **discloser**. *Descouvreur.*
A **disclosing**, or **disclosure**. *Descachement, descouvrement; accusement.*
To **discolour**. *Descoulourer.*
Discoloured. *Descoloré, descoulouré.*
A **discolouring**. *Descoulourement.*
To **dishomish**. *Desconfire, desrouter, mettre en route, desfaire vne armée; desarroyer, tourner en fuite.*
Discomfited. *Desconfiz, desfaict, desrouté, mis en route, desarroyé, tourné en fuite.*
A **discomfiture**. *Desconfiture, desfaicte, desroute; desarroy, route.*
To **discomfort**. *Desconforter, contrister, desconsoler.*
Discomforts. *Desconfort; desconvenue.*
Discomforted. *Desconforté, desconsolé.*
To be **discomforted**. *Se desconforter.*
Discommendation. *Vitupere.*
To **discommend**. *Desloüer, blasmer, vituperer, mesloüer.*
Discommended. *Desloüé, blasmé.*
A **discommender**. *Vitupereur.*
A **discommending**, or **discommendation**. *Blasme, vitupere.*
To **discommodate**. *Discommoder, incommoder.*
Discommodated. *Discommodé.*
Discommodious. *Incommode.*
A **discommodite**. *Incommodité.*
Disconsolate. *Desconsolé.*
Discontent, or **discontented**. *Malcontent, ennuyé, marri.*
To **discontent**. *Mescontenter, ennuyer, donner ombrage à.*
To be **discontented** with. *Se formaliser, se marrir, se mescontenter de.*
Discontentment. *Mescontentement, malcontentement, ennuy, marrisson.*
To **discontinue**. *Discontinuer, desusiter, entrelaissir, entremettre la besongner.*
To **discontinue** the custome of. *Desaccoustumer.*
Discontinuance. *Discontinuation, desusitation, desusage; desaccoustumance.*
Discontinued. *Discontinué, desusité, entrelaissé.*
Discontinuingly. *Discontinuëment.*
Discord. *Discorde, desaccord; noise.*
A **discord** in musick. *Dissonance, discord.*
To **discord**. *Desaccorder.*
A **discordance**. *Desaccordance.*
Discordant. *Desaccordant, desaccordé.*
To **discover**. *Descouvrir, deceler, descacher, desceler, desfermer; desmasquer, manifester, monstrer.*
To **discover the humour** of. *Halener.*
Discovered. *Descouvert, deceté, descaché, desfermé, manifesté, monstré, Nud.*
A **discoverer**. *Deceleur, descouvreur.*
A **discovery**. *Descouverte.*
A **discovering**. *Descouvrement.*
To **discounsell**. *Desconseiller.*
Discounselled. *Desconseillé.*
To **discountenance**. *Descontenancer.*
Discountenanced. *Descontenancé, qui a perdu contenance.*
To **discourage**. *Descourager.*
Discouraged. *Descouragé, peneux.*
A **discouraging**, or **discouragement**. *Descouragement.*
To **discourse**. *Discourir, raisonner, desduire, narrer.*
A **discourse**. *Discours; desduicte, narration, narré.*
An idle **discourse**. *Riotte.*
A pleasing **discourse**. *Acroamatie.*
Drie, or shallow **discourse**. *Maigre propos.*
Discoursed. *Discouru, desduict.*
Discourteous. *Descourtois, discourtois.*
Discourtesie. *Descourtoisie, discourtoisie.*
Discredite. *Deshonneur, honte.*
To **discredite**. *Deserier, descroire, deshonorer, desnigrer, denigrer.*
Discredited. *Deshonoré, descrié, desnigré, denigré.*
A **discrediting**. *Deshonoration, deshonorement, descriement, desnigrement, desnigration.*
Discreet. *Discret, accort, advisé; sage, sagerait, reservé, meur.*
A **discreet** man. *Homme retenu.*
Discreetly. *Discretement, bravement, accortement; advisément, sagement, meurement.*
Discrepant. *Desaccordant.*
Discretion. *Discretion, accortesse, accortise, advisément, sagesse.*
To **discusse**. *Discuter, debatre, examiner, disputer.*
Discussed. *Discuté, debatu, examiné.*
A **discusser**. *Discuteur.*
A **discussion**, *Discussion, discution, examination.*
Disdainable. *Desdaignable.*
Disdaine. *Desdaing, mespris.*
To **disdaine**. *Desdaigner, avoir en desdaing, Mespriser.*
Disdained. *Desdainé; desdaigné, mesprisé.*
A **disdainer**. *Desdaigneur, mespriseur.*
Disdainfull. *Desdaigneux, desgouste, haultain, hautain.*
Disdainfully. *Desdaigneusement, haultainement.*
Disdainfulnesse. *Haultaineté, hautaineté.*
A **disdaining**. *Desdaignement, mespriement.*
A **disease**. *Maladie, desaise, malaise.*
Disease. *Malaise, mal, mesaise.*
Diseases-breeding. *Morbifique.*
To **diseale**. *Malaiser.*
Diseased. *Desaisé; malade, mal.*
To **disesteem**. *Desestimer, despriser, mesestimer, mespriser.*
Disesteeme. *Despris.*
Disesteemed. *Desestimé, desprisé, mesprisé.*
A **disesteemer**. *Despriseur, mespriseur.*
A **disesteemerelle**. *Despriseresse.*
A **disesteeming**, or **disestimation**. *Despriserment, mespris, mesprisement.*
Disesteeming. *Mesprisant.*
To **diskavour**. *Desfaveriser.*
Diskavour. *Desfaveur, malgrace, malegrace.*
Diskavour incurred. *Maltalent.*
Diskavoured. *Desfavorisé.*
To **disfigure** *Disfigurer, desvisager, mascarer.*
To **disfigure** his face. *Se chauffourer le visage.*
Disfigured. *Disfiguré, desvisagé; havé, maleficié.*
To **disfranchise**. *Desfranchir.*
Disfranchised. *Desfranchi.*
To **disfurnish**. *Desgarnir.*
To **disfurnish** of moveables. *Desmenber.*
Disfurnished. *Desgarni.*
Disfurnished of moveables. *Desmeublé.*
To **disgarnish**. *Desgarnir; desmunir.*
Disgarnished. *Desgarni; desmuni.*
To **disgest, digestion, digested**, &c. *Comme* Digest, digested, and digestion, &c.
To **disgorge**. *Desgorger.*
Disgorged. *Desgorgé.*
A **disgorging**. *Desgorgement.*
Disgrace. *Deshonneur; honte.*
To **disgrace**. *Deshonorer, bassoüer, descrier, vilener, vilainer.*
Disgraced. *Deshonoré, bassoüé, basoüé, deserié, vilené, vilainé.*
A **disgracer**. *Vitupereur.*
A **disgracing**. *Deshonoration, deshonorement, descriement.*
Disgracefull tearmes. *Laide vilenie.*
To **disgrade**. *Degrader. Voyez* to Degrade.
To **disguise**. *Desguiser.*
Disguised. *Desguisé; Masqué.*
A **disguising**. *Desguisement, desguiseure; masqueure.*
To **disgust**. *Voyez* to Distast.
A **disgust** of stomack. *Desapetit, desgoustement.*
To fall into **disgust** of. *Desaimer.*
Fallen into **disgust** of. *Desaimé.*
A **dish** of. *Plat, escuelle; greau, ℣ Bourg.*
A little **dish**. *Plateau.*
A pottage **dish**. *Voyez* a Pottinger.
A chafing-**dish**. *Chaufferette, chauffette.*
A **dish**-clout. *Essuieau, since.*
A **dish** of meat. *Vn mets, vn mes.*
Pretie **dishes** of meat at table. *Le menu.*
A **dish**-bearer. *Porte-plat.*
A **dish** full. *Platelée; escuellée; greau, ℣ Bourg.*
A **dish**-washer. *Guigne-queuë, lavandiere, bochequeuë.*
To **disherite**. *Voyez* to disinherite.
Dishonest. *Deshonneste.*
Dishonestie. *Deshonnesteté.*
Dishonestly. *Deshonnestement.*
Dishonour. *Deshonneur.*
To **dishonour**. *Deshonorer, vituperer.*

Dishonourable. *Deshonorable, deshonneſte, ignominieux, honteux.*
Dishonourably. *Deshonneſtement.*
Dishonoured. *Deshonoré, vilené.*
A **dishonouring.** *Deshonorement, deshonoration.*
To **Diſimbarke.** *Desbarquer, desembarquer.*
Diſimbarked. *Desbarqué, desembarqué.*
A **diſimbarking.** *Desembarquement.*
To **diſimbelliſh.** *Desembellir.*
Diſimmured. *Desemmuré.*
To **diſimpeach.** *Desempeſcher.*
Diſimpeached. *Desempeſché.*
To **diſimpriſon.** *Desprisonner.*
Diſimpriſoned. *Desemprisonné, desprisonné.*
To **Diſinchaunt.** *Desenchanter, desſorceler.*
Diſinchaunted. *Desenchanté, desſorcelé, deſenguigné.*
To **diſincloſe.** *Deſclorre.*
Diſincloſed. *Deſclos; deshouché.*
To **diſincumber.** *Deſcombrer; desempeſcher, desblayer.*
Diſincumbred. *Deſcombré, desempeſché, desblayé.*
A **diſincumbring.** *Deſcombrement.*
Diſinforged. *Deſenforgé.*
To **diſingage.** *Deſengager, desgager.*
Diſingaged. *Deſengagé, desgagé.*
A **diſingager.** *Deſengageur.*
A **diſingaging.** *Deſengagement.*
To **diſinhabite.** *Deshabiter, despeupler.*
Diſinhabited. *Deshabité, despeuplé.*
To **diſinherite.** *Desheriter, exheréder, desadveſtir.*
Diſinherited. *Desherité, exheredé.*
A **diſinherriting.** *Desadveſt, desheritement, desheritance, exheredation.*
To **diſintangle.** *Desembarraſſer, desmeſler, desbrouiller, desempeſtrer, desheveſtrer.*
Diſintangled. *Desembarraſſé, desmeſlé, desempeſtré, desbrouillé, desheveſtré.*
Diſintangling. *Desmeſlement, desbrouillement.*
To **diſinterre.** *Deſſevelir.*
Diſinterred. *Deſſeveli, deſenterré.*
To **diſintreat.** *Deſprier.*
To **diſintricate.** *Desmeſler.*
Diſintricated. *Demeſlé.*
A **diſintricating.** *Desmeſlement.*
To **diſjoyne.** *Desjoindre, deſcoupler, desunir, desaccoupler, deſſembler, desaſſembler.*
Diſjoyned. *Desjoinct, desuni, deſſemblé, desaſſemblé.*
A **diſjoyning,** or **diſjunction.** *Disjonction, diſioingnement, diſunion.*
To **diſjoynt.** *Desboiſter, desboiter, desboëter.*
Diſjoynted. *Desboiſté, desboité, desboeté.*
A **diſjunction.** *Deſunion, abſtraict. Voyez* a Disjoyning.
Diſjunctive. *Disjunctif.*
Diſjunctively. *Disjunctivement.*
To **diſiuſt.** *Desruner.*
Diſiuſted. *Desruvé.*
To **diſlike.** *Desgouſter.*
A **diſlike.** *Desgouſtement.*
To fall into **diſlike** of. *Desaimer.*
Fallen into **diſlike** of. *Desaimé.*
Diſliked. *Desgouſté.*
To **diſlocate.** *Diſlaquer; desboiſter.*
Diſlocated. *Diſlaqué; desboiſté.*
A **diſlocation.** *Diſlocation.*
To **diſlodge.** *Desloger, ſe desloger, descoucher.*
Diſlodged. *Deſlogé, descouché.*
A **diſlodging.** *Deſlogement.*
Diſloyall. *Desloyal.*
Diſloyally. *Desloyalement.*
Diſloyalitie. *Desloyauté.*
Diſmall *Infortuné, malencontreux.*
To **diſmantle** of ones cloake. *Desmanteler.*
To **diſmantle** (the walls of a fortreſſe.) *Desmanteler, demanteler, desmanteller.*
Diſmantled. *Desmantelé, demantelé.*
A **diſmanteling.** *Desmantellement, damantelement.*
To **diſmay.** *S'esmayer, ahurir, eſtonner.*
Diſmayed. *Eſtonné, peneux, esmayé, eſtonné.*
To **diſmember.** *Desmembrer; despecer, deſchirer.*
Diſmembred. *Desmembré, despecé, deſchiré. emembré.*
A **diſmembring.** *Desmembrement; despecement, deſchirement, deſchirure.*
Diſmembring. *Deſchirant.*
To **diſmiſſe.** *Congedier, donner congé à, desmettre; forclorre.*
Diſmiſſed. *Congedié, desmis; forclos.*
A **diſmiſſing,** or **diſmiſſion.** *Diſmiſſion; forcluſion, manumiſſion.*
To **diſmount,** or unhorſe. *Desmonter, desarçonner.*
To **diſmount** a Canon. *Desbraquer un canon, desmonter un canon, desclaveter un canon.*
Diſmounted. *Desmonté, desarçonné; desclaveté.*
Diſobedience. *Deſobeiſſance.*
Diſobedient. *Deſobeiſſant.*
To be **diſobedient.** *Calcitrer.*
A **diſobedient** pranke. *Desmanchement.*
Diſobediently. *Par deſobeiſſance.*
To **diſobey.** *Deſobëir.*
Diſobeyed. *Deſobëi.*
To **diſoblige.** *Desobliger.*
Diſobliged. *Desobligé.*
Diſorder. *Desordre, acceſſoire, desordonnance, desarroy; desbordement, desbord, desreiglement, desroy.*
A generall **diſorder.** *Desbaux.*
To **diſorder** the haire. *Heruper.*
To **diſorder.** *Desroyer, desrumer, brouiller, desadjuſter, desagencer, desarrenger, desarroyer, desbagouler, desemparer, desmancher, desfiler; desfranger.*
To **diſorder** himſelfe. *Se desreigler.*
A houſe of **diſorder.** *Bordan.*
Diſorderable. *Desemparable.*
Diſordered. *Desreiglé, desroyé, desrumé, desfilé, desfrangé, desrayé; desordonné, desagencé, desajuſté, desarrengé, desarroyé, desbagoulé, desemparé, desbaraté, desbordé, enorme.*
Diſordered haire. *Crin desbagoulé, ou herupé.*
Diſorderedly. *Desreiglement, desordonnement.*
Diſorderedly. (Adjectively.) *Desordonné, desmanché.*
Diſorderly. (Adverb.) *Desordonnément, à la desbandade.*
A **diſordering.** *Desagencement, desarvengement, desemparement.*
Diſordinate. *Comme* Diſordered, or diſorderly (Adject.)
Diſordinately. *Comme* Diſorderedly, or diſorderly. (Adverb.)
A **diſordinate** pranke. *Demanchement.*
To **diſparage.** *Desparager, descrier, vituperer.*
Diſparaged. *Desparagé, descrié.*
A **diſparager.** *Vitupereur.*
A **diſparagement.** *Diſparagement, vituperre.*
To **diſparke.** *Desparquer, desclorre, desbouscher, desbouſcher.*
Diſparked. *Desclos, desbouché.*
A **diſparking.** *Desbouchement.*
To **diſpatch.** *Despeſcher, depeſcher, expedier.*
To **diſpatch** a buſineſſe. *Desmeſler un affaire, desmeſler un fuſeau.*
To **diſpatch** out of the way. *Desgaudir.*
To **diſpatch** his hands of. *Se desfaire de.*
A **diſpatch.** *Despeſche, depeſche, expedition; acquit, desfaiſte.*
Diſpatched. *Despeſché, depeſché, expedié, desmeſlé.*
Diſpatched out of the way. *Desgaudi.*
A **diſpatcher.** *Qui depeſche, ou, ſe depeſche.*
A **diſpatching.** *Despeſche; desmeſlement.*
Diſpatching. *Expedikif.*
Diſpences, *Despens, deſpenſe.*
To **diſpend.** *Despendre, deſpenſer, deſpencer.*
Diſpended. *Despendu, deſpenſé.*
A **diſpending.** *Deſpenſe.*
A **diſpenſation.** *Diſpenſation, diſpenſe.*
A **diſpenſatorie.** *Diſpenſaire.*
To **diſpenſe.** *Diſpenſer.*
Diſpenſed. *Diſpenſé.*
A **diſpenſer.** *Diſpenſeur, diſpenſateur.*
To **diſpeople.** *Despeupler.*
Diſpeopled. *Despeuplé.*
To **diſperſe.** *Eſpandre, esbruscher.*
To **diſperſe** a company out of their chamber. *Deſchambrer.*
Diſperſed. *Diſperſé, eſpars, esbruscheé.*
A **diſperſing.** *Eſpardement, diſperſion.*
To **diſplace.** *Desplacer, desmettre, desmouvoir.*
Diſplaced. *Desplacé, desmis.*
A **diſplacing.** *Desmiſſion.*
To **diſplant.** *Desplanter, deplanter.*
Diſplanted. *Desplanté.*
To **diſplay.** *Deſplier, desployer, desvelopper, eſtendre, mettre au large.*
Diſplayed. *Desplié, desployé, desvelopé, eſtendu.*
A **diſplaying.** *Desplient, desvelopement, eſtendiſſement.*
To **diſpleaſe.** *Desplaire, desagréer, mescontenter.*
Diſpleaſed. *Despitu, marri.*
To be **diſpleaſed.** *Se marrir.*
Diſpleaſing, or **diſpleaſant.** *Desplaiſant, desagreable, ennuyeux, offenſif.*
A **diſpleaſure.** *Desplaiſir, desplaiſance, malgrace, malegrace, meffaict; meleſtie, offence, offenſe.*
To doe **diſpleaſure** to. *Nuire.*
To **diſpoile.** *Voyez* to Despoile.
Diſport. *Deſduit, deduit, jeu.*
To **diſport.** *Joüer.*

To

To **diſpoſe.** *Diſpoſer, aſſortir.*
To **diſpoſe** of a matter. *Se faire accroire.*
Diſpoſed. *Diſpoſé, aſſorti.*
Ill **diſpoſed.** *Maladif, obié.*
A **diſpoſer.** *Diſpoſiteur.*
A **diſpoſition.** *Diſpoſition; mouvement; nature.*
The **diſpoſition** of the body. *L'habitude du corps.*
Ill **diſpoſition.** *Mal-aiſe.*
A good **diſpoſition.** *Moderation.*
A **diſpoſing.** *Aſſortiment, aſſortiſſement.*
To **diſpoſſe,** or **diſpoſſeſſe** himſelfe of. *Manciper, deſpoſſeder, depoſſeder, deſadveſtir; deſemparer; Se deſſaiſir, ſe deſveſtir; deſmaiſonner.*
Diſpoſſeſſed. *Deſpoſſedé, depoſſedé, deſſaiſi, deſveſti, deſemparé; deſmaiſonné.*
A **diſpoſſeſſing,** or **diſpoſſeſſion.** *Deſadveſt, deſſaiſine, deſemparement.*
Diſpraiſable. *Vituperable.*
To **diſpraiſe.** Deſlouër, *vituperer, meſlouër, meſparler de.*
Diſpraiſe. *Vitupere.*
Diſpraiſed. deſlouë, *vituperé.*
A **diſpraiſer.** *Vitupereur.*
A **diſpraiſing.** *Vituperation.*
Diſpreſſes. *Dommage, incommodité.*
To **diſpreſſe.** *Incommoder, endommager.*
A **diſpreſſing.** *Endommagement.*
To **diſprove.** *Confuter, refuter.*
Diſproved. *Refuté, confuté.*
A **diſproofe.** *Refutation.*
A **diſproportion.** *Diſproportion.*
To **diſproportion.** *Deſagencer.*
Diſproportioned. *Diſproportionné.*
Diſpurveyed. *Deſpourveu.*
To **diſpute.** *Diſputer.*
A **diſpute.** *Diſpute.*
Diſputable. *Diſputable.*
A **diſputation.** *Diſputation.*
To **diſpute** fondly. *Diſputailler.*
Diſputed. *Diſputé.*
Diſputed fondly. *Diſputaillé.*
To **diſquiet.** *Inquieter; grever, turbulenter, hutiner, ennuyer, harceler, herſer, heguiner, Faire mille haires à, malaiſer, moleſter, tabuter, deterber.*
Diſquiet, or **diſquietneſſe.** *Inquietude, inquietation; hutin, hutinement, ennuy, malaiſe, moleſtie, tabut.*
Diſquieted. *Inquieté, gravé, ennuyé, heguiné.*
A **diſquieter.** *Inquieteur, moleſteur.*
To **diſranke.** *Deſranger.*
Diſranked, *Deſrangé.*
A **diſſection.** *Diſſection.*
To **diſſeiſe.** *Deveſtir, ſe deſſaiſir, ſe deſveſtir, deſemparer; deſmaiſonner; deſadveſtir.*
Diſſeiſed. *Deſſaiſi, deveſti; deſemparé, deſherité; deſmaiſonné.*
A **diſſeiſine.** *Deſſaiſine, deſadveſt, deſheritance.*
A **diſſeiſin.** *Deſheritement, deſemparement.*
To **diſſemble.** *Diſſimuler, hypocriſer, ſe deſguiſer, faire le mitou.*
Diſſembled. *Diſſimulé, deſguiſé.*
A **diſſembler.** *Diſſimulateur, hypocrite, mitouin.*
Diſſembler-like. *Hypocritement.*
A **diſſembling,** or **diſſimulation.** *Diſſimulation, deſguiſement, deſguiſeure, afferte, affetterie, hypocriſie.*
Diſſembling. *Affeté, affecté.*
A **diſſent.** *Diſſentiment.*
To **diſſent.** *Diſſentir.*
A **diſſention.** *Diſſention, diſcorde.*
A **diſſention-ſower.** *Suſemeur de noiſes.*
Diſſervice. *Deſervice, deſſervice.*
To **diſſever.** *Separer, mettre à part; eſcarter, eſquarter, deſſevrer.*
Diſſevered. *Deſſevré.*
The **diſſimilar** parts of the body. *Les parties diſſimilaires du corps; Les parties compoſees.*
Diſſimulation. *Diſſimulation.*
To uſe **diſſimulation.** *Comme* to Diſſemble.
To **diſſipate.** *Diſſiper; eſpardre ça & là.*
Diſſipated. *Diſſipé.*
A **diſſipation.** *Diſſipation.*
A **diſſipator.** *Diſſipateur.*
To **diſſolve.** *Diſſouldre; deſnouër.*
To **diſſolve** ſocietie. *Deſaſſocier.*
To **diſſolve** a great familie. *Deſmenager, deſmeſnager.*
Diſſolved. *Fuſé; deſnué.*
A **diſſolving.** *Diſſolution.*
Diſſolute. *Diſſolu, desbauché, mondain.*
Diſſolutely. *Diſſoluëment.*
Diſſolutenuſſe. *Desbauche.*
A generall **diſſolutenuſſe.** *Desbaux.*
A **diſſolution.** *Diſſolution.*
Diſſonant. *Diſſonant.*
To **diſſuade.** *Diſſuader, deſconſeiller, deſenhorter, deſadmoneſter, deſperſuader, deſtourner.*
Diſſuaded. *Diſſuadé, deſtourné, deſenhorté, deſperſuadé, deſconſeillé, deſadmoneſté.*
A **diſſuader.** *Deſconſeilleur, deſenhorteur.*
A **diſſuading,** or **diſſuaſion.** *Diſſuaſion, deſtournement.*
A **diſtaffe.** *Quenouille.*
A **diſtaffe-full.** *Quenouillée de filace.*
To **diſtaine.** *Deſteindre, deſtaindre; ſouiller, polluër, gaſter, corrompre, maculer.*
Diſtained. *Desteinct; ſouillé, pollué, gaſté, corrompu.*
Diſtained with bloud. *Trempez en ſang.*
A **diſtaining.** *Souillure, gaſtement.*
A **diſtance.** *Diſtance, vn entre deux, entremoyen.*
Diſtant. *Diſtant.*
Farre **diſtant.** *Bien loin.*
To **diſtaſt.** *Deſgouſter, deſapetiſſer, deſmordre; ennuyer.*
A **diſtaſt.** *Deſgouſtement, deſapetiſſance.*
Diſtaſted. *Deſapetiſſé.*
A **diſtaſting.** *Deſgouſtement.*
Diſtaſtful. *Deſgouſté; ennuyeux.*
To **diſtemper.** *Faſcher, haraſſer, obier.*
Diſtemper. *Obie.*
Diſtempered. *Habeliné; maladif, obié.*
A **diſtempered** ſtomacke. *Eſtomac deſvoyé.*
A **diſtemperature.** *Intemperature, indiſpoſition.*
To **diſtend.** *Eſtendre ça & là, eſlargir.*
Diſtended. *Eſtendu, eſlargi.*
A **diſtention.** *Diſtenſion.*
To **diſthronize.** *Deſbronner, dethronner, dethroſner.*
Diſthronized. *Deſtbroné.*
A **diſtick.** *Diſtique.*
To **diſtill.** *Diſtiller; alambiquer, alembiquer, degoutter.*
Diſtillable, or fit to be diſtilled. *Diſtillable.*
Diſtilled. *Diſtillé, alambiqué, alembiqué, degoutté.*
A **diſtilling,** or **diſtillation.** *Diſtillation, diſtillement, degouttement.*
Diſtilling. *Degouttant.*
Diſtinct. *Diſtinct.*
Diſtinctly. *Diſtinctement.*
A **diſtinction.** *Diſtinction.*
To **diſtinguiſh.** *Diſtinguer.*
Diſtinguiſhed. *Diſtingüé, diſtinct.*
A **diſtinguiſher.** *Qui diſtingue.*
To **diſtract.** *Diſtraire; deſtourner.*
Diſtract, or **diſtracted.** *Diſtraict.*
One **diſtracted.** *Inſensé.*
A **diſtraction.** *Diſtraction; deſtournement.*
To **diſtraine.** *Deſtraindre; gager, garnir ſa main.*
Diſtrained, or taken for a diſtreſſe. *Gagé.*
A **diſtraining.** *Gagerie, garniſon de main.*
Diſtreſſes. *Namps.*
Diſtreſſe. *Deſtreſſe, deſtraict, miſere.*
To **diſtreſſe.** *Mettre en deſtreſſe.*
A **diſtreſſe.** *Nampt.*
A **diſtreſſe.** *Gage, gagerie.*
Diſtreſſed, or in diſtreſſe. *En deſtreſſe.*
Diſtreſſefull. *Miſerable.*
Diſtreſſefully. *Miſerablement.*
To **diſtribute.** *Diſtribuer.*
Diſtributed. *Diſtribué.*
A **diſtributer.** *Diſtributeur.*
A **diſtribution.** *Diſtribution.*
Diſtributive. *Diſtributif.*
To **diſtricate.** *Extriquer.*
To **diſtruſt.** *Se deſfier, ſe meffier de.*
Diſtruſt. *Deſfiance, meſſiance, miſfiance.*
A **diſtruſting.** *Deſfiement.*
Diſtrusting. *Deſcroyant, deſfiant.*
A **diſturbance.** *Deſtourbier.*
To **diſturbe.** Deſtourber; grever, *inquieter, obturber.*
To **diſturbe** one another. *S'entr'empeſcher.*
Diſturbed. *Deſtourbé, inquieté.*
A **diſturber.** *Deſtourbeur, inquieteur.*
A **diſturbing.** *Deſtourbement.*
To **diſunite.** *Deſunir; desjoindre.*
Diſunited. *Diſuni, desjoinct.*
A **diſuniting, diſunition,** or **diſunion.** *Deſunion, desjoignement, abſtraict.*
Diſuſage. *Deſuſage.*
To **diſuſe.** *Deſuſer, deſuſiter, deſaccouſtumer.*
A **diſuſe.** *Deſaccouſtumance, deſuëtude.*
Diſuſed. *Deſuſité, deſaccouſtumé, inhabitué; deſhanté.*
A **diſuſing.** *Deſuſitation.*
Ditander, dittanie. *Dictame, gingembre de jardin, herbe poyvrée.*
To **ditch** in. *Foſſailler, foſſoyer.*
A **ditch.** *Digue, foſſe, foſſé.*
Ditches. *Boucius, Boclus.*
Ditched in. *Foſſailli, foſſoyé.*
A **ditcher.** *Foſſoyeur.*
A **ditching.** *Foſſoyement, foſſoyeure.*
To **dite.** *Dicter. Voyez* to Indite.
A **dittie.** *Air, chanſon.*
To **dive.** *Plonger, ſe plonger.*
Dived. *Plongé.*
A **diver.** *Plongeur.*

A **diving**. *Plongement.*
A **dive dapper**. *Petit plongeon, merge.*
Divers. *Divers; tout oultre, bigarre.*
Diverſely. *Diverſement.*
To **diverſifie**. *Diverſifier, varier, changer, bigarrer.*
Diverſitie. *Diverſité.*
A **diverſifying**. *Diverſification, bigarrement.*
To **divert**. *Divertir, deſtourner.*
Diverted. *Diverti, deſtourné.*
A **diverting**, or **diverſion**. *Deſtournement.*
A **diverticle**. *Deſtour du chemin.*
To **divide**. *Diviſer, partir.*
To **divide** into two equall parts. *Mipartir.*
Divided. *Diviſé.*
Dividedly. *Diviſément.*
A **dividend**. *Dividant.*
A **dividing**. *Diviſion.*
Divination. *Divination.*
Divination by aire. *Aeromantie.*
Divination by the belly. *Gaſtromantie.*
Divination by barlie meale mixt with wheat. *Alebromantie.*
Divination by a cocke, or cock-ſtone. *Alectryomantie.*
Divination by earth. *Geomantie.*
Divination by fire. *Pyromantie.*
Divination by lots. *Sorcelerie.*
Divination by ſnoake. *Capnomantie.*
Divination by water. *Hydromantie.*
To **divine**. *Diviner, preſagier, preſager.*
A **divine**, or **diviner**. *Divin.*
A **Divine**, ſtudent or profeſſor in Divinity. *Theologien.*
Divine ſervice. *Service divin, office, lyturgie.*
Divine. *Divin.*
Divined. *Diviné, preſagié.*
The **Divinitie**, or Godhead. *Deité, divinité.*
Divinity. *Theologie.*
Divinely. *Divinement.*
A **divining**. *Preſage.*
Diviſible. *Diviſible.*
A **diviſion**. *Diviſion.*
An unhoneſt, or unfit **diviſion**. *Meſpartement.*
A **divorce**. *Divorce, repudiation, ſeparation.*
To **divorce**. *Repudier, divorcer, faire divorce, deſmarier, ſeparer.*
Divorced. *Deſmarié.*
To **divulge**, or **divulgate**. *Divulguer, publier, manifeſter.*
Divulged. *Divulgé, publié, manifeſté.*
A **divulger**. *Divulgateur, publieur.*
A **divulging**. *Publication.*
To **dizze**. *Eſtourdir.*
A **dizzard**. *Lourdaut.*
Dizzie. *Eſtourdi, vertigineux, vertigineux, avertineux.*
Dizzineſſe. *Vertige, vertigineſité; tournement, ou virement de teſte, eſtourdement, mal de. S. avertin.*
A **doe**. *Daim.*
To **doate**. *Radoter, reſver.*
A **doater**, or **doatard**. *Radoteur, reſveur.*
A **doating**, or **doatage**. *Radotement, reſverie, marmouſerie.*
Doatings. *Bobulaires.*
A **Dobchick** (a little water fowle.) *Caſtagneux.*
Docible. *Docile.*
Docilitie. *Docilité.*
A **docke** (for ſhips) *Haute.*
The **docke-durre**, or durre **docke**. *Bardane.*
A **docke** for a horſes traine. *Sarcerelle, ſaquerelle, troſſe-queuë.*
A **Doctor**. *Docteur.*
A **Doctorſhip**. *Doctorat.*
A **Doctors** act, or commencement. *Doctorande.*
Doctrine. *Doctrine, erudition.*
A **document**. *Document, enſeignement.*
Dodder, dodder-graſſe. *Agoute de lin, pialet, goutte de lin, Podagre de lin.*
To **dodge**. *Harceler.*
A **dodger**. *Chiche-maille, caguevaſſe.*
A **dodkin**. *Petite piece de monnoye, non viſitée.*
Doeable. *Faiſible.*
To **doe**. *Faire; gerer; actionner.*
To **doe** his beſt. *Faire le mieulx qu'il pourra.*
To **doe** his worſt. *Faire le pis qu'il pourra.*
To **doe** wrong. *Faire tort.*
To **doe** and undoe. *Faire le fait, & le deſfait.*
Much to **doe**. *Bien à faire.*
To **doe** his duty or office. *Faire ſon eſtat.*
To **doe** a thing unwillingly. *Faire corvée.*
Doe ſo no more. *N'y retournez plus.*
How **doe** you? *Comment vous portez vous?*
A **doer**. *Faiſeur.*
A **doing**. *Action; geſtion, acte.*
Doing. *Faiſant.*
To **doff**. (*C'eſt à dire*, to Doe **off**, to put off.) *Oſter.*
Doff your hat. *Oſtez voſtre chapeau.*
Doff your clothes. *Deſabillez vous.*
Doff your hoſe and ſhooes. *Deſchauſſez vous.*
A **dogge**. *Chien.*
A little **dogge**. *Chiennet, petit chien, chien de damoiſelle, cagnot, caignot.*
A ſetting **dogge**. *Chien couchant.*
A Ban-**dogge**. *Dogue, chien dogue, chien de metaire.*
The leſſer **dogge-ſtarre**. *Avant-chien.*
The **dogge-dayes**. *Les jours caniculaires.*
Dogges, a kennell, or crew of **dogges**. *Canaille.*
A **dogge-kennell**, or **dogg-houſe**. *Chiennerie.*
A **dogge-fiſh**. *Chien de mer, cagnole, cagnot blau, aguillade, aguillat, bernadat, humanthin, miſandre.*
A whitiſh (the beſt) kind of **dogge-fiſh**. *Niſſole.*
To **dogge**. *Agueter.*
A **dogge-collar**. *Collier à chien.*
A **dogge** of Iron. *Harpon de fer pour retenir & arreſter un poultre.*
Dogges-leather dreſſed. *Aucaigne, ocaigne.*
Dogges-leather gloves. *Gans d'ocaigne, ou, d'aucaigne.*
Dogges-bane (herbe.) *Chien-rage, mort aux chiens, chiennée.*
Dogges-cole, or **doggers** Mercurie. *Chou de chien.*
Doggers-cullions, or **dogges-ſtones**. *Couillons de chien, couilles de chien, teſticule de chien.*
Dogges-graſſe. *Dent au chien, dent de chien, herbe au chien.*
Dogges-leeke. *Porreau de chien, Oignon de chien.*
Dogges-tongue. *Langue de chien, chiendent; ou, Comme* Dogges-graſſe.
Dogge-berry tree. *Cornoiller femelle, verge ſanguine.*
Doggid, or **doggiſh**. *Canin, malivole, ruſſage.*
Dogged, (or followed.) *Aguetté*
Doggedly.
Doggedly (or curriſhly) dealt with. *Maſtiné.*
To ſpeake **doggerie**. *Parler cagneſque.*
A **dole**. *Vne donnée; Largeſſe, ou diſtribution d'argent, des pains, ou de vivres, au peuple, ou aux pouvres, faicte aux funerailles de quelque Seigneur, ou homme riche.*
Dolefull. *Funebre, adeuilé, adeuillé, plein de dueil.*
Dolefully. *Funebrement.*
A **dollar**. *Daler, daldre. Piece d'argent d'Allemaigne, ou de Flandres, valant environ trois ou quatre Schelins, c'eſt à dire, trente ou quarante ſols.*
Doleur. *Douleur.*
Doleyous. *Douloureux.*
A **Dolphin**. *Daulphin, dauphin, Bec d'oye.*
The **Dolphin**, or eldeſt Sonne of the French King. *Le Daulphin, le fils aiſné de France.*
A **dolt**. *Badault, lourdault, beſmus, Guillaume jobbelin, michon, nigaud, nigauld, nigeur, viedaze.*
Doltiſh, *Goffe.*
A **doltiſh** fellow. *Benet, beneſt, benoiſt, benoiſt.*
Doltiſh things. *Bobulaires.*
Doltiſhneſſe. *Badauderie, badaudiſes.*
Domeſticall *Domeſtique.*
Domeſtically. *Domeſtiquement.*
Domination. *Domination.*
To **dominere**. *Dominorier, dominer, faire le deſſus.*
To **dominere** over a weak one. *Greſſer ſur le perſil, gourmander.*
Dominered over. *Dominurié, Dominé.*
A **dominering** houſwife. *Femme teſtue.*
Dominicall. The Dominicall letter. *La lettre Dominicale.*
Dominion. *Dominion.*
A **donation**. *Donation, donaiſon.*
A **Donatiue**. *Donative.*
Dont. *Faict; geré.* Participe du verb, To doe.
A **doer**. *Faiſeur, facteur, agent.*
A **doome**. *Jugement, ſentence, arreſt.*
A **doomeſman** *Juge, arbitre.*
Doomeſ-day. *Le jour de jugement.*
A **doore**. *Porte. huis, huys.*
A little **doore**. *Huiſſet.*
A back **doore**. *Huis de derriere, la porte des champs.*
A folding, or two-leaved **doore**. *Vne porte à deux batans.*
A **doore-keeper**. *Portier.*
A **doore-keeper** of a Court. *Huiſſier, huyſſier.*
A **doore-barre**. *Barre.*

A **doze-keeper** (woman.) *Huissiere.*
Doze cheeks or posts. *Les jambes d'une porte.*
A **doze-sill.** *Sueil de l'huis, ou de la porte.*
A **doze-peece,** (or peece of tapestry hung before an open doore.) *Garde-porte, huis verd.*
A **Doze** (fish.) *Dorce, jau.*
Dozicke. *Dorique.*
A **dozman,** or great beame. *Treine.*
A **dozmouse.** *Ratueul, rateul, liron, ratliron, lerot, loir, gliron, glix.*
A **dozre-bee.** *Baradon, Abeillaud.*
A **dozter.** *Dortoir.*
A **dole.** *Dose.*
To carry a **doller.** *Hotter.*
A **doller.** *Hotte, hottereau.*
A **doller-carrier.** *Hotteur, hottier.*
Dollers. *Hottailles.*
A **dot** of flegme. *Glagou; caillon; morvat.*
Dotall. *Dotall.*
A **dotard,** to dote. *Voyez* Doatard, and Doate.
A **dottrell.**
Double. *Double; malencineux.*
Somewhat **double.** *Doubleau.*
To **double.** *Doubler, geminer; mettre en deux.*
To halfe-**double.** *Micourber.*
A **double-ducket.** *Double ducat.*
Doubled. *Doublé.*
Doubling. *Doublement.*
A **doublet.** *Pourpoint; doublet.*
A **doubling.** *Doublement.*
The **doublings** of a purſued Hare or Deere. *Hourvaris.*
Doubtable. *Doutable.*
A **doubt.** *Doute, doutance, doubtance*
To **doubt.** *Doubter, beſiter.*
Doubted. *Doubté, beſité.*
Doubtfull. *Doubteux.*
Doubtfully. *Doubteuſement.*
Doubtfulneſſe. *Dubitation, beſitation.*
A **doubting.** *Doubtement.*
Doubtleſſe. *Sans doubte.*
A **doucet.** *Flannet.*
The **doucets** of a Deere. *Dainties.*
A **Dove.** *Coulomb, colomb, colombe, coulon.*
A ring-**dove.** *Palombe.*
A turtle **dove.** *Tourterelle.*
A ſtock **dove.** *Grand colomb, fuyard, colom biſet.*
A young **dove.** *Colombeau, colombelle.*
A **dove-houſe,** or **dove-cote.** *Colombier, coulombier; voliere.*
Dove-colour. *Coulombin.*
A rough-footed **dove.** *Pigeon de paletté.*
Dough. *Paſte.*
Doughie bread. *Pain gras.*
Doughtie. *Valiant, preux, hardi.*
To **douke.** *Plonger, ſe plonger ſous l'eau.*
Douked. *Plongé.*
A **douker.** *Plongeon.*
A **Doulcimer.** *Comme* Dulcimer.
Doune. *Voyez* downe.
To **doute.** *Voyez* to Doubt.
A **Dowager.** *Douairiere.*
Dowe. *comme* Dough.
A **dower.** *Douaire.*
Downe. *En bas, la bas.*
Downe to the ground. *Ius.*
To beat **down.** *Abbatre. Voyez* to Beate.
To goe **downe.** *Deſcendre en bas.*
To ſtoope **downe.** *S'Abbaiſſer.*
Downe of feathers. *Duvet.*
Downe of thiſtles. *Fleur de chardons.*
Downe about fruites. *La mouſſe, ou Lanoſité, qui vient ſur aucuns fruits.*
Downe of flowers. *Flocquet.*
Downe of the firſt beard. *Le poil ſolet (qui vient le premier ſur la face des jeunes hommes) la premiere barbe.*
A **downe.** *Dune, dunette, dun; couſtau, falaize.*
Downe-right. *A plomb.*
A **downe-right** fall. *Precipice.*
Downe the water. *Avau l'eau.*
The going **downe** of the Sunne. *Le coucher du ſoleil.*
Downie, ſoft as **downe.** *Duvetté, dumetté.*
A **dowrie.** *Douaire, doſt, dot.*
Given in **dowrie.** *Dotal.*
Dowſets. *Voyez* Doucets.
A **doxie.** *Gueuſe, gueuze, gueuneſſe, truande, maraude.*
A **dozen.** *Douze.*
A **drab.** *Putain, paillarde; Drolreſſe, gaultiere.*
Drabled. *Comme* Dabbled.
A **drabler.** *Bonnette traineresſe. C'eſt vne tierce bonnette (ou ſurcroy de voile) qui S'adjouſte au papaſif du grand maſt.* ¶ Nicot.
Draffe. *Lavailles, mangeaille des pourceaux.*
A **drag.** *Traine, trainoir, croc; Tireſiens, train.*
To **drag.** *Trainer, tirer, trainacer, tiraſſer, atrainer.*
A **drag,** or draught horſe. *Cheval de traict.*
A **drag-net.** *Traineau, trainon, traine, verveil, verveul, tiraſſe.*
Dragant, or **dragagant.** *Dragant, ou Dragagant.*
Draggage. *Tirage.*
Dragged. *Trainé, trainaſſé.*
A **dragging.** *Trainement, trainaſſerie, houſpillement.*
Dragging. *Trainant.*
A ſluttiſh **draggletaile.** *Houſſepaillée.*
A **dragon.** *Dragon.*
A young or little **dragon.** *Dragonneau.*
The ſea-**dragon.** *Dragon marin. Voyez* a Viver.
Dragons-blood. *Sang de Dragon.*
Dragon-ſtone. *Draconite.*
Herbe **dragons,** or **dragon-wort.** *Dragontée, Dragoncelle.*
Small **dragon-wort.** *Dragontée mineur.*
Dragonie. *Dragonné (en blaſon.)*
A **drain.** *Voyez* a Dray.
To **draine.** *Eſcouler, mettre à l'eſſor.*
Draineable. *Eſcoulable.*
Drained. *Eſcoulé.*
A **draining.** *Eſcoulement, eſcoulant.*
A **Drake.** *Canard, Canart.*
A wild **drake.** *Malart.*
Fire-**drakes.** *Flammerolles.*
A **dram.** *Drachme, drame, dragme.*
A **Draper.** *Drapier.*
A Woollen **Draper.** *Vendeur de drap de laine, Drapier, Marchand de draps,*
A linnen **Draper.** *Vendeur de toile.*
A **Draught,** or firſt **draught** of a writing. *Extraict, protecolle, minute.*
A **draught,** (pull, plucke, &c.) *Tirade, tire, tiree, traicte.*
The **draught-tree** of a Charriot. *Aiguille de chariot.*
A **draught** (with a net.) *Tirade, gett.*
A **draught,** (of drinke.) *Vn traict.*
A **draught,** or privie. *Retraicts.*
Draughts (a play.) *Dames, jeu des dames; auſſi, forçat.*
To **draw.** *Tirer; traire.*
To **draw** backe. *Retirer, retraire; retrainer; rentrainer.*
To **draw** forth. *Extraire.*
To **draw** out the halfe of. *Mi-tirer.*
To **draw** by faire meanes. *Attraire. Voyez* to allure.
To **draw** a draught of writing. *Minuter.*
To **draw** neere, or nigh to. *Approcher, accoſter.*
To **draw** neere unto the eare of, or with the eares. *Accouſter.*
To **draw** in length. *Prolonger, alonger.*
To **draw,** or limme. *Pourtraire.*
To **draw** in. *Induire, introduire.*
To **draw** pullets, *Vuider les poulets:*
To **draw** water. *Puiſer de l'eau.*
A **draw-net.** *Trameau. Voyez* Dragnet.
To **draw** the ſword haſtily, *Sacquer l'eſpée,*
A **drawer** of broad cloth. *Rentraieur, rentrayeur, rentreur.*
A **drawer.** *Tireur.*
A (wine) **drawer.** *Qui tire du vin en vn taverne.*
A **drawer** of water. *Puiſeur de l'eau.*
Drawers, (corſe ſtockings to draw over others.) *Houſſeaux, houſſet, houſeaux, houſe, heuſe, hoſeaux.*
To put on **drawers.** *Se houſſer, ſe houzer.*
That hath **drawers** on. *Houſſé, houzé.*
A **drawer** backe. *Retrayeur.*
A **drawer** (under a table, or cupbord.) *Tirouer, tirouoir.*
Drawers (or boxes) in a Cabinet or preſſe. *Caſſerins.*
A **drawing.** *Tirée, tirade, tirement.*
A **drawing backe.** *Retirement, retirée.*
A **drawing** away. *Abſtraction.*
A **drawing** forth. *Extraction.*
A **drawing** by faire meanes. *Allichement.*
A **drawing** neer, or night to. *Approchement, approche.*
A **drawing** in length. *Traicte, alongement, prolongement.*
A **drawing** neere with the eare, or unto the eare of. *Accouſtement.*
A **drawing** in. *Induction.*
A **drawing,** or limming. *Pourtraicture.*
A **drawing** water. *Puiſement d'eau.*
A haſty **drawing,** or offer to draw the ſword. *Sacquement d'eſpée.*
Drawne. *Tiré, traict.*
Drawne backe. *Retiré, retraict, retrait.*
Drawne (as a writing.) *Minuté.*
Drawne forth. *Extraict.*
Drawne neer to. *Approché, accoſté.*

Drawne in length. *Alongé, prolongé.*
Drawne up (as water.) *Puisé.*
Which may be **drawne** back. *Retrayable.*
A **dray.** *Traine, traineau, haquet, bacquet, trainoir.*
A **dray-man.** *Traineur, haquetier, bacquetier.*
To **dread.** *Craindre, avoir peur.*
Dread. *Espouvente, espouventement, peur, crainte, hideur, horreur.*
Dreaded. *Craint.*
Dreadfull. *Espouventable, esproventable; havé, hideux.*
Dreadfully. *Espouventablement.*
Dreading. *Craignant, craintif.*
A **dreame.** *Songe.*
To **dreame.** *Songer; muser.*
Dreamed. *Songé.*
A **dreamer.** *Songeur, songeard; musard.*
Dreaming. *Songeant, songeard; musard.*
A **dreaming.** *Musardie.*
A **dreaming** coxcomb. *Songe-creux, guillot le songeur; musard.*
Dregs. *La lie, fondrille, effondrille, fece, mare.*
The **dregs** of oyle. *Le mare d'huile.*
The **dregs** of the people. *Racaille, canaille.*
Full of **dregs,** or **dreggie.** *Feculent; fecal, plein de lie, ou de fece.*
The **dregs** of corseſt ſugar. *Malece.*
A **drench.** *Bruvage, dont on medicine des beſtes.*
To **drench,** or give a **drench** to. *Donner vn breuvage à.*
To **drench,** or wet. *Mouiller, tremper.*
Drenched. *Trempé.*
To **dreſſe** (or prune) a vine. *Narquotter. Voyez* to Prune.
To **dreſſe.** *Habiller, adouber, veſtir, afaiſter, agencer; atourer, orner, accouſtrer, achemmer, achemer, attourner, mettre à point.*
To **dreſſe** up a chamber. *Faire vne chambre.*
To **dreſſe** meat. *Appareiller, ou cuire la viande, faire la cuiſine.*
To **dreſſe** or ſtiffen, with wire. *Aſſiler.*
Dreſſed. *Accouſtré, achemé, attourré, affaicté, agencé, habillé.*
Dreſſed with wire. *Affilé.*
Dreſſed (as a vine.) *Margotté.*
A **dreſſer.** *Attourneur, addoubeur.*
A **dreſſer** of meat. *Cuiſinier, Qui appareille la viande.*
A **dreſſer** of leather. *Affaiſteur de cuirs.*
A **dreſſer** of old things. *Fripier.*
A **dreſſer-board.** *Dreſſoir.*
A **dreſſing.** *Accouſtrement, attournement, affaicterie; agencement.*
A new **dreſſing** of things. *Interpolation.*
A **dreſſing** with wire. *Affilement.*
A **dreſſing** of meat. *Guiſinement.*
Dreſſings for women. *Achemes.*
The **dreſſing** of pullein (as pulling, drawing, &c.) *Habillage de poullailles.*
Dric. *Sec.*
To **dric,** or be dried up. *Treſaler.*
Dric or thirſtie. *Qui a ſoif.*
To **dric.** *Seicher.*
To **dric** in the Sunne. *Seicher au ſoleil, ſoleiller.*
To **dric** in the ſmoake. *Enfumer.*
To **dric** (or wipe) the hands. *Eſſuyer les mains.*
To **dric** and ſeaſon herrings for the barrell. *Varander.*
Dried. *Seiché.*
Dried in the Sunne. *Soleillé, ſeiché au ſoleil.*
Dried up. *Eſſuié, matti, treſalé.*
Dried in the ſmoak. *Enfumé.*
Drily. *Seichement.*
Drineſſe. *Secheresſe, ſeichereſſe, ſeicheur, treſalé.*
A **drift.** *Ce à quoy on tend, pretend, ou viſe.*
Drying up by extreme heat. *Treſalant.*
A **drill.** *Foret, touret.*
A ſtone-cutters **drill.** *Trappan.*
Drink. *Boiſſon, breuvage, bruvage, boire, piot.*
To **drink.** *Boire.*
To **drink** by ſips. *Buvetter, beuveter, buveter.*
To **drink** up all. *Boire alout, esboire tout.*
To **drink** exceſſively. *Beuvailler, cabalanizer.*
To **drink** unto. *Boire à, faire vn bringue à.*
I **drink** to you ſir. *A voſtre bonne grace Monſieur, à vos bonnes graces Monſieur.*
Good **drink.** *Eau beniſte de cave.*
To **drink** up, (or ſwallow up.) *Abſorber.*
A **drink** made of old hard wine and honie. *Bergerette.*
A **drinker.** *Beuveur.*
A great wine **drinker.** *Sac à vin.*
A water **drinker.** *Boileau, boileſve.*
An exceſſive **drinker.** *Grand beuveur.*
A **drinking.** *Buverie.*
Exceſſive **drinking.** *Beuverie.*
A **drinking.** *Collaion.*
To **drip.** *Degoutter.*
Dripped. *Degouté.*
A **dripping.** *Degouttement.*
The **dripping** of meat. *Le degout du roſt.*
A **dripping-pan.** *Lechefrite.*
To **driſell.** *Voyez* to Drizell.
To **drive.** *Chaſſer, pouſſer, pouſſer.*
To **drive** down (piles, or ſtones.) *Hier.*
To **drive** away. *Chaſſer, dechaſſer.*
To **drive** out. *Forbannir.*
To **drive** back. *Repouſſer, rechaſſer.*
To **drive** before him. *Mener batant.*
To **drive** toward. *Achaſſer.*
To **drive** off time. *Delayer, faire le long, faire muſer.*
To **drive** a cart, waine, or waggon. *Rouller.*
Driven away. *Chaſſé, dechaſſé.*
Driven downe. *Hié.*
Driven back. *Repoulsé, rechaſſé.*
Driven out. *Forbanni.*
A **driver.** *Qui chaſſe, dechaſſe, pouſſe, ou deboute.*
A **driver** away. *Dechaſſeur.*
An aſſe-**driver.** *Aſnier.*
An oxe-**driver.** *Pique-bœuf.*
A **driving.** *Pouſſement.*
A **driving** of ſtones, or piles. *Hiement.*
A **driving** away. *Chaſſerie.*
A **driving** forth. *Forbanniſſement.*
To **drivell.** *Baver.*
Drivell. *Bave.*
A **driveller.** *Bavard, baveur.*
A **drivelling.** *Baverie.*
To **drizle.** *Greſiller.*
Drizled on. *Greſillé.*
A **drizling.** *Greſil.*
A **dromedarie.** *Dromadaire.*
A **drone.** *Bourdon, baradon, faix.*
To **droop.** *Langüir; accroüer, fle*
Drooped. *Langui, accroüé; fle*
Drooping. *Hallebrené.*
A **drooping.** *Langueur, languiſſon, fleſtriſſeure.*
A **drop.** *Goutte.*
Drop after **drop,** one **drop** after another. *Goutte à goutte.*
To **drop.** *Degoutter.*
A little **drop.** *Goutteron.*
To **drop** from a houſe eaves. *Agoutter.*
Dropped. *Degoutté.*
A **dropping.** *Degouttement, degout.*
The **dropping** of the houſes eaves. *Stillicide.*
The **dropping** of the noſe. *Reupe, reuppe.*
The **dropſie.** *Hydropiſie, hypoſarque.*
That hath the **dropſie.** *Hydropique.*
The white **dropſie.** *Leucophlegmaſſie.*
Droſſe. *Fondrille, eſcume de metal.*
Droſſe of Iron. *Mache-fer, macheure de fer, maſcheſer, merde de fer, merdefer.*
A **drove.** *Troupeau de gros beſtail.*
A **drover.** *Revendeur de gros beſtail.*
Drouth. *Soif; ou, comme drineſſe.*
To **drowne.** *Noyer, noïer, nayer en l'eau, ſubmerger, ſumerger.*
Drowned. *Noyé, noïé; obrué, ſubmergé.*
Drowned in debts. *Noyé en debtes.*
A **drowning.** *Noyement, ſubmerſion.*
Drowſie. *Sommeilleux, ſommeillard, dormilloux, dormillard, faitard, feſtard, gourd.*
Made, or become **drowſie.** *Affetardi.*
To make **drowſie.** *Affetardir.*
A **drowſie** companion. *Dormart.*
Drowſily. *Faitardement.*
Drowſineſſe. *Faitardiſe, feſtardiſe, invigilance, faimantiſe, faineance.*
A **drudge.** *Balayeuſe, ſeuillon, ſouillonne, vilain.*
A baſe **drudge.** *Frotte-botte.*
To **drudge.** *Abaſmer, ſe baraſſer, faire vne grande Courvée, ou, corvée.*
Drudgerie. *Souillonnerie, ſommage.*
To put to much **drudgerie.** *Angarier.*
Put to much **drudgerie.** *Angarié.*
A **drudging** dayes worke. *Corvée.*
A **drudge.** *Drogue.*
Druggs, druggeries. *Drogueries.*
To **dragge.** *Drogner.*
A **druggiſter.** *Drogueur.*
A **drumme.** *Tabour, Tambour, tabouraſſe, tabourin; caiſſe.*
To **drumme,** or ſtrike up the **drumme.** *Tabourer, tabourder, tabourinet.*
A braſſe **drumme** uſed by Mooriſh horſemen. *Attabale, atabal.*
A little, or childs **drumme.** *Tabourinet.*
A **drummer.** *Tabourneur, tabourdeur.*
A woman **drummer.** *Tabourineſſe, tabourineuſe, tabouriniere.*
A **drumming.** *Tabourrement.*
Drunke, drunken. *Yvre; auſſi Beu.*
Drunke up. *Abſorbé.*
To be **drunke.** *Eſtre yvre, yvrongner, deſchauſſer, Bertrand, ſe ſorboire.*
A **drunkard.** *Yvrongne.*
Drunken. *Yvre, chargé du vin.*
A **drunken** gulch. *Sac à vin.*
A **drunken** woman. *Yvrongneſſe.*
Somewhat **drunken.** *Yvrongnet.*
Drunkenneſſe. *Yvrongnerie, yvreſſe, Mal de pippe, mau de pipe; yvraiſan.*
To **dubbe** a Knight. *Adouber, faire chevalier, donner, l'accolade.*

Dubbed Knight. *Faict Chevalier.*
A **dubbing**. *Accollade.*
A **Duchesse**. *Duchesse.*
A **Duchie**. *Duché, ducat.*
A **duchet**. *Ducat.*
A **duck**. *Cane, canar.*
A young **duck**, duckling. *Canet, caneton, canette, caniehon-canon.*
The wild **duck**. *La petite cane, canet, canette.*
Of a **duck**, like a **duck**. *Canetier.*
A young, wild **duck**, or old wild **duck** that mootes. *Albrent, allebrent, halebant, halebrent, halebran.*
To **duck**, or hunt the wild **duck**. *Albrenner.*
To breed young **ducks**. *Caneter.*
Catching, or feeding on **ducks**. *Canetier.*
To **duck**. *Plonger, se plonger dedans; baisser la teste, faire la cane.*
To waddle, or go like a **duck**. *Caneter.*
A **duck** and a drake, (made by skimming a ſtone on the water.) *Ricochet.*
A **ducker**. *Plongeon.*
A **ducking**. *Plongement.*
Ducking for feare. *En tapinois.*
A **dudgeon** haft dagger. *Dague à reselles.*
To take in **dudgeon**. *Se formaliser.*
Due. *Deu.*
Duetie. *Voyez* Dutie.
A **duell**. *Duel, monomachie.*
A **dug**, or **dugge**. *Mammelle.*
Of, or belonging to **dugges**. *Mamillaire, mammillaire, mammeleux.*
A little **dugge**. *Mammelette.*
Having great **dugs**. *Mammelu, Mammeleux.*
Duggishly, (in faſhion like a dugge.) *Mammellement.*
A **Duke**. *Duc.*
A **Dukedoms**. *Duché, Ducat.*
A **dulcimer**. *Doulciné.*
Dull. *Lourd, goffe; mouſſe, hebeté, fingard, gourd, gros, morne; mouſſe; nice, obtus.*
To **dull**, or make **dull**. *Hebeter, rebouscher, aſſopir; affetardir; eſtourdir, obtundre, agacer, morner.*
A **dull** girle. *Pucelle niceme.*
To wax **dull**. *Devenir mouſſe, hebeté, ou, fetard.*
Made or become **dull**. *Affetardi; eſtourdi; agacé.*
A **dull** horſe. *Galier. Voyez* Iade.
A **dullard**. *Lourdaut, madoure, michon, faineant.*
Dulled. *Hebeté; agacé, mouſſé, aſſopi, morné.*
A **dulling**, or making **dull**. *Agacement, eſtourdement, aſſopiſſement.*
Dully. *Mornement, nicement, obtuſement.*
Dulnesse. *Faineantiſe.*
Dumbe. *Muet, mu.*
A **dumbe** man. *Vn muet.*
A **dumpe**. *Muſardie, muſe.*
In a **dump**. *Penenſement.*
To put into **dumps**. *Donner la muſe à, faire muſer.*
One in a great **dumpe**. *Songe-creux.*
In **dumpes**. *Morne.*
A **dunce**. *Lourdaut, michon, viedaze.*
To **dunce** upon. *Metagrabouliſer.*
Dung. *Fiens, fiente, gadouë, matiere ſecale, meynne.*
To **dung** the ground. *Fumer la terre.*
To **dung** (or ſcumber.) *Fineter.*
Full of **dung**. *Fienteux.*
A **dunghill**, or heap of **dung**. *Fumier.*
Mans **dung**. *Merde.*
A little **dung-hill**. *Fumeron.*
Raiſed from the **dung-hill**. *Relevé du fumier.*
A **dung-cart**. *Bennel.*
A common **dung-cart**. *La charette de la gadouë.*
Of **dung**. *Fumier.*
A ſtable full of **dung**. *Eſtable fumiere.*
A **dung-farmer**. *Gadouard, maiſtre, ſy ſy, maiſtre des baſſes œuvres.*
Dunged. *Fienté; auſſi, fumé.*
A **dunging**, or manuring with dung. *Fumage, fumement.*
A **dungeon**. *Dongeon, donjon, cul de foſſe; garite.*
Dunne. *Fuſque, noiraſtre, noirault, noiret.*
A **dunne** horſe. *Fauveau.*
The **dunne-neck**. *Verdade, verdon, verdale.*
A **dunse**. *Voyez* Dunce.
Durable. *Durable.*
Of little **durance**. *Momentaine, momentane, momental.*
To **dure**. *Durer, endurer.*
Dured. *Duré, enduré.*
A **during**. *Endurement, durée.*
Durt. *Bouë, bourbe, fange; gadouë, fiens, meynne.*
A heap of **durt**. *Fangas.*
A **durt-dawber**. *Voyez* Dawber and Plaiſterer.
Full of **durt**. *Bourbeux.*
Durtie. *Fangeux, bouëux, bourbeux.*
A **durtie** ſlough. *Fangeat, fangeas.*
Duskie, duskish. *Fuſque, baſané, baſenné, baſemier, neigre, noirault, noiraſtre, noiret, obſcur, tanné, tané.*
To make **duskie**. *Baſaner, bazaner.*
Duskily. *Obſcurement.*
Duskinesse. *Obſcurité.*
Dust. *Pouldre; archool; Pouldriere, poudre.*
Small duſt. *Pouldrette.*
A **duſt**, or thumpe. *Horion.*
Mill **duſt**. *Farine folle.*
File **duſt**. *Limure.*
Full of **duſt**. *Pouldreux.*
A **duſt-box**. *Poudrier.*
A **duſt-bag**. *Pouldrier.*
To **duſt**, or beduſt. *Pouldrer.*
Thick **duſt**. *Pouſſiere, pouſſier.*
Dusted. *Poudré.*
Dustie. *Pouldreux.*
Dustinesse. *Pouldriere.*
A **duster** (made of a Fox taile.) *Viſtempenard.*
Dusted (with a Fox taile.) *Viſtempenardé.*
A **Dutchman**. *Aleman; Flemman.*
Dutch-land. *Alemagne; les pais bas.*
A **Dutchesse**, and **dutchie**. *Voyez* Ducheſſe, and Duchie.
Dutie. *Devoir, office, obſervance.*
To be **dutifull** to. *Obeir.*
Dutifull. *Officieux, plein de devoir; fait au bola, obſequieux, obedient, obeiſſant.*
A **dutifull** obſerving of. *Obeiſſance, obedience.*
Dutifully. *Officieuſement, obediemment, obeiſſamment.*
A **dwarfe**. *Nain, naintre, nambot, nimbot hommeau, vn manche d'eſtrille.*
A nimble **dwarfe**. *Fretillon.*
A ſhee **dwarfe**. *Naine, naintreſſe, nabote, nabotte.*
A ſpruce **dwarfe**. *Freluquet.*
An evill favoured **dwarfe**. *Nabot; nabotte, nabote.*
To **dwell**. *Demeurer, habiter, herberger, beberger; herbreger.*
A **dweller**. *Habitant, manant, manſionnier, menſionnier.*
A **dwelling**. *Demeurance, demeure, habitation, heybergage, herbergement, herbergement, herbergerie, manance.*
A **dwelling** houſe, or place. *Manſion, habitacle, habitation.*
Dwelt. *Habité, herbergé.*
To **die** (colours.) *Teindre.*
A **dye** (or tincture.) *Teinct, teint.*
A **dye-house**. *Teincturerie.*
Dyed. *Teinct.*
A **dyer**. *Teincturier, taincturier.*
A **dyers** Vat. *Chaudiere de teincturier.*
A **dyers** wife. *Teincturiere.*
A **dying**. *Teincture.*
Dying. *Mourant, moribonde.*
He is a **dying**. *Il eſt preſt à mourir, il ne hat plus que d'une aiſle.*
Dying a naturall death. Morienne, *mourant.*
To **dye**, a **dyall**. *Voyez* to Die, a Diall.

E

Each, **each** one. *Chaſcun, chacun, chaſque.*
Eager. *Aigre, acre, acide, ardant, ardent, agu, fervent, avide.*
Eager (or earneſt.) *Apre, violent.*
To make **eager**. *Aigrir.*
To wax **eager**. *S'aigrir, s'enaigrir.*
Somewhat **eagar**. *Aigret.*
Eagar deſire. *Avidité.*
Eagarly. *Aprement, aigrement, ardamment, ardentement, ferventement, avidement.*
Eagarnesse. *Acidité, acrimonie, aigreur, apreté, aigreſſe, apreſſe, ardeur, ſerveur, avidité.*
An **Eagle**. *Aigle.*
Of an **Eagle**, like an **Eagle**. *Aquilin.*
A ſea **Eagle**. *Aigle de mer. Voyez* an Oſprey.
An **Eagles** ſtone. *Pierre aquiline, pierre d'aigle.*
An **Eaglet**, or young Eagle. *Aigleron, aiglas.*
An **Eaglesse**, or benne-**Eagle**. *Aigleſſe.*
To **eane**. *Agneler. Voyez* to Lambe.
Earable. *Arable.*
Earable land. *Terre arable.*
To **eare** land. *Arer, labourer, la terrer, cultiver.*
An **eare**. *Oreille, aureille, ouye.*
A little **eare**. *Oreillette, orcillon.*
Of the **eare**. *Auriculaire.*
To round, or whiſper in the **eare**. *Suroreiller.*
To liſt, or prick up the **eares**. *Dreſſer les oreilles.*
To give **eare**. *Eſcouter, oreiller, accouſter,*
Given **eare** unto. *Eſcouté, accouſté.*
A giving **eare** unto. *Accouſtement, eſcoutement.*
One that gives **eare** unto. *Accouſteur, eſcouteur.*

To

To lend an **eare**. *Preſter l'oreille à, oreiller ; Ou comme* to give eare, to liſten.
An **eare-ring**. *Oreillet, oreilleure, oreillette, pendant d'oreille.*
The two **eares** (or auricles) of the heart. *Les deux oreilles du cœur.*
The **eare-piece** (or flap) of a Helmet. *Oreillet de beaulme.*
An **eare-picker**. *Cure-oreille.*
A box or cuff on the **eare**. *Soufflet, oreillon.*
The tip of the **eare**. *Le tendron de l'oreille.*
The **eare** veine. *Veine auriculaire.*
Eare-wax. *L'ordure des oreilles.*
An **eare-wig**. *Oreillere, perce-oreille.*
An **eare-wire**. *Desbride.*
To box, cuffe, or clap on the **eare**. *Soufleter.*
The **eare** of a pot, cup, &c. *Anſe, anſette, auſule.*
The **eare** of a pottinger. *Oreillon d'une eſcuelle.*
He is up to the **eares** in. *Il en a juſques aux oreilles.*
An **eare** of corne. *Eſpi, Eſpie.*
To **eare**, or ſhoot forth **eares**. *Eſpier, grener.*
Beares **eare** (an herbe.) *Oreille d'ours.*
Cuft, or boxed on the **eare**. *Soufleté.*
A boxer about th'**eares**. *Soufleteur, qui donne des ſoufflets.*
Eared, or which hath great **eares**. *Oreillé, qui a des grandes oreilles.*
Eared (as a pot, cup, &c.) *Anſé.*
Eared corne. *Bled eſpié, ou grené.*
Eared land. *Terre cultivée, terre labourée.*
An **earing** of land. *Airure, culture, labourage.*
An **Earle**. *Comte.*
An **Earledome**. *Comté.*
Early. *Matin, de bon matin, de bonne heure, bien matin ; auſſi, matinal, matineux.*
Very **early**. *Des le fin matin, de bon matin.*
Early in the morning Matutinel, *matinal.*
To **earne** within. *Friſſonner. Voyez* to Yearne.
To **earne** *Gaigner, meriter.*
Earned. *Gaigné, merité.*
Earning. *Gain, merite.*
Earneſt. *Acre, aſpre, ardent, ardant, fervent ; auſſi, eſcient, peremptoire.*
To be very **earneſt**. *Ardre, ardoir.*
In good **earneſt**. *A bon eſcient.*
In exceeding great **earneſt**, or moſt **earneſtly**. *Treſabon-eſcient, treſacertes.*
An **earneſt**, or money given in **earneſt**. *Arres.*
To give in **earneſt**. *Arrer.*
Given in **earneſt**. *Arré*
A giving of money in **earneſt**. *Arrement.*
Earneſtly. *Serieuſement, à bon eſcient ; auſſi, effortément, ardamment, ardentement, fervement, aſprement, peremptoirement.*
Earneſtneſſe. *Ardeur, ſeryeur, aſpreté, aſpreſſe.*
The **earth**. *La terre.*
Forced **earth**. *Terrain, terrau, terreau.*
A bank of **earth**. *Terraſſe.*
Fullers **earth**. *Terre à laver, terre à degraiſſer, terre de ſavon.*
The **earth**, or hole of a Fox or Badger. *Goulet, mere.*
A bulwark of **earth**. *Terrau, terraul, terraſſe.*
A plat-forme of **earth**. *Terre plein, terraſſe.*
Fat **earth**. *Terre graſſe, terreau, argille.*
To overthrow, fell, or caſt downe to the **earth**. *Terraſſer, aterrer, atterrer.*
Felled, overthrowne, or caſt downe to the **earth**. *Terraſſé, atterré.*
An everthrower to the **earth**. *Atterraſſeur.*
A felling, overthrowing, or caſting down to the **earth**. *Terraſſement, aterriſſement, aterriſſement.*
Earth-bred. *Terre-né.*
Covered with **earth**. *Atterré.*
Earth-gall. *Sacoin, fiel de terre.*
An **Earth-nut**. *Noix chaſtaigne.*
An **earth-planet**. *Gaſte pave, bateur de pavé, villotier, villoteur.*
An **earth quake**. *Tremblement de terre, terre-tremble, mouvement de terre.*
An **earth-worme**. *Ver de terre.*
To rot into **earth**. *S'atterrer.*
Earthie, earthly. *Terreux, terreſtre, terrien.*
To grow **earthy**, or ful of earth. *S'atterrer*
Earthlineſſe. *Terreſterité, terreſtreté,*
Eaſe. *Aiſe, aiſance, allege, ſoulas, allegeance.*
To **eaſe**. *Soulager, alleger, accoiſer, mitiguer, deſcharger.*
To take his **eaſe**, to live at **eaſe**. *Aiſer, eſtre à ſon aiſe, vivre à ſon aiſe, paſſer ſon temps, paſſer le temps.*
At **eaſe**. *Ocieux, aiſe.*
With **eaſe**. *Facilement, à l'aiſe.*
Eaſed. *Allegé, accoiſé, ſoulagé,*
Eaſefull. *Aiſé, avantageux.*
To be **eaſefull**. *Aiſer.*
Eaſefully. *Avantageuſement.*
Eaſie. *Facile, aiſe ; gent, mol.*
Eaſily. *Faciliment, aiſément, aiſément, gentement ; mollement.*
Eaſineſſe. *Aiſance ; molleſſe.*
An **eaſing**. *Soulagement, allegement, accoiſement, deſchargement.*
An **eaſement**. *Allegement, allege, ſoulagement ; Ou Comme* an eaſing.
A houſe of **eaſement**. *Aiſance, chambre aiſée, chambre baſſe, privé, retraicts. Voyez* a Jakes, a Privie.
The **eaſt**, or **eaſt** part. *Orient, Eſt, levant, Oreſt.*
The **Eaſt-wind**. *Le vent d'orient, vent oriental ; vent de levant, vent d'amont, l'oeſt, vent ſolaire.*
A houſe well ſet towards the **Eaſt**. *Maiſon bien orientée.*
Eaſter. *Paſque, Paſques.*
Eaſterly. *Oriental, Matinier.*
An **Eaſterly** winde. *Vent d'amont.*
Eatable. *Mangeatif.*
To **eate**. *Manger ; gouſſer, maſcher, paiſtre.*
To **eate** away. *Ronger.*
To **eate** greedily, or ravenouſly. *Gourmander, gober, goulardar, bauffrer.*
To **eat** much. *Gouſſer.*
An **eate-bee**. *Guepier.*
To **eate** grounds with cattell. *Paſturer.*
An **eate-fleſh**. *Sarcophage.*
Eate-all. *Pampbage.*
Eaten. *Mangé, gouſſé, paiſſu.*
Eaten away. *Rongé.*
An **eater**. *Mangeur, maſcheur.*
A great, greedy, and ravenous **eater**. *Gourmand, bauffreur.*
Eating. *Mangeant.*
Eating of paſture grounds. *Paſturage.*
An **eating**. *Manducation, maſchement.*
Great **eating**. *Manducité.* ¶ Rabl.
An **eating** away. *Rongement, manducation.*
Eating-ſtuff. *Manger, Mangeaille.*
The **eaves**, or **eavings** of a houſe. *Severonde, agouts ſeverondes, avant-toict, le rabat des couvertures de maiſons.*
To **eaves-drop** it, or play the **eaves-dropper**. *Moucharder, eſtre aux eſcoutes.*
An **eaves-dropper**. *Moucharde, mouſche, mouſchard, eſcouteur.*
The **ebbe**, or **ebbing** of water. *Ebe, contreflus de la mer, Harſteur, bebbe de la mer.*
Ebene, or **Ebonis** wood. *Hebene, Ebene.*
Made of **Ebonie**. *Hebené.*
Of, or belonging to, **Ebonis**. *Hebenin.*
Ebrietie *Ebrieté. Voyez* Drunkenneſſe.
Ebrioſitie. *Ebrioſité.*
An **ebullition** (or boiling up.) *Ebullition, ebulition.*
Eccleſiaſticall. *Eccleſiaſtique.*
An **eccho**. *Echo.*
An **eclipſe**. *Eclipſe.*
To **eclipſe**. *Eclipſer.*
Eclipſed. *Eclipſé.*
An **eclipſing**. *Eclipſement.*
The **Ecliptick** line. *Ecliptique.*
An **Eclog** *Eclogue, eglogue.*
The **edge** (or brim) of a thing. *Le bord, marge.*
To make an **edge** (or brim.) *Marger.*
The **edge** of a weapon, knife, &c. *Le trenchant, le taillant, le fil, l'affileure.*
To ſet an **edge** on. *Affiler, aguiſer.*
To ſet the teeth on **edge**. *Acher, agacer, agaſſer les dents.*
To ſet an **edge** on a knife. *Bailler le fil à vn couſteau.*
That hath an **edge** ſet on it. *Affilé, aguiſé*
A ſetter of an **edge** on. *Affileur.*
A ſetting of an **edge** on. *Affilement, aguiſement.*
Set on **edge** (as the teeth.) *Agacé, Agaſſé.*
A ſetting the teeth on **edge**. *Agacement des dents.*
The **edge** of a garment. *Le bord d'un veſtement.*
That hath two **edges**. *Trenchant de deux coſtez.*
With the **edge**. *De taille.*
To **edge** with edging lace. *Border.*
The **edge** (or border) of any place. *L'orée de quelque lieu.*
Edge-long. *A ſponde.*
Edged, bound with an **edging**. *Bordé.*
An **edging**. *Bordure.*
Edgeleſſe. *Obtus. Voyez* Dull and blunt.
An **Edict**. *Edict, ordonnance.*
To **edifie**. *Edifier.*
Edification *Edification.*
An **edifice**. *Edifice, baſtiment,*
Edified. *Edifié.*
An **edifier**. *Edificateur.*
An **edifying**. *Edification.*
An **Edition**. *Edition, publication.*
To **educate**. *Eſlever, nourrir.*
Education. *Education, nourriture, eſlevement.*
Educated. *Eſlevé, nourri.*
An **eduction**. *Eduction.*
To **Eeke**, *Augmenter, amplifier, accroiſtre. Voyez* to Augment, to Increaſe.
Eeked. *Augmenté, amplifié, accreu.*
An **Eeking**. *Augmentation, accroiſſement. Voyez* An augmenting.
An **Eele**. *Anguille.*
A little **Eele** or grig. *Anguillette.*

An **Ele-pouts**. *Sechot, barbote, lote d'eau douce ; muſtelle.*
An **Ele-ſpeare**. *Fourche-fiere.*
A male **Ele**, *Margaignon.* ¶ Langued.
A female **Ele**. *Anguille fine.*
A laſh with an **Ele**, or **Ele-ſkin**. *Anguillade.*
To **efface**. *Effacer, canceler, canceller.*
Effaced. *Effacé, cancelé.*
An **effacing**, *cancelation.*
An **effect**. *Effect.*
To take **effect**. *Sortir effect.*
To **effect**, bring to **effect**. *Effectuër, mettre en effect, accomplir, faire ; achever, actionner, agir.*
Effected, brought to **effect**. *Effectué, accompli, mis en effect ; acheve ; actionné.*
An **effecter**, or bringer to **effect**. *Accompliſſeur.*
An **effecting**. *Accompliſſement, achevement.*
Effectleſſe. *Sans effect.*
To make **effectleſſe**. *Anuller.* Made **effectleſſe**. *Anullé.*
An **effectrix**. *Effectrice.*
Effectuall. *Effectueux, efficacieux, actuel.*
Effectually. *Efficacement ; efficacieuſement.*
To **effectuate**, and **effectuated**. *Comme* to Effect, and Effected.
Effeminacie. *Molleſſe, mollice, molleté.*
Effeminate *Efféminé, multebre, mol, mollet.*
An **effeminate** youngſter. *Vn muguet.*
To **effeminate**. *Effeminer, acoubardir, amollir.*
Effeminated. *Amolli.*
Effeminating. *Amolliſſant.*
Effeminately. *Efféminément, multebrement, mollement.*
An **effemination**, or **effeminacie**. *Effemination.*
Efficacie. *Efficace.*
With **efficacie**. *Efficacément.*
Efficient. *Efficient.*
An **effort**. *Effort.*
An **effuſion**. *Effuſion.*
Eftſoone. *Souvent, Souventes fois.*
An **egge**. *Oeuf ; la journée d'une geline.*
A new laied **egge**. *Oeuf frais.*
A winde-**egge**, a ſoft-ſheld **egge**. *Harde, oeuf bardé.*
Paſch **egges**, or **egges** given at Eaſter. *Oeufs de Paſques.*
A potched **egge**. *Oeuf pochè.*
Collops and **egges**. *Oeufs à la riblette.*
An **egge-pie**. *Flan.*
An addle **egge**. *Oeuf abortif.* *Voyez* Addle.
A pancake of **eggs**. *Omelette, aumelette, œuf molette.*
Shaped like an **egge**. *Oval.*
An **egge-like** ſhape or forme. *Vne ovale.*
To **egge** forward. *Aguillonner, adayer, ſtimuler, agacer, agaſſer, attalenter.*
Egged on, or forward. *Adayé, aguillonné, agacé, agaſſé, attalenté.*
An **egger** on. *Adayeur, aguillonneur, ſtimulateur, agaſſeur.*
An **egging** on, or forward. *Adayement, aguillonnement, agacement, agaſſure, ſtimulation, ſtimule.*
Eglantine, *Eſglantier, Aiglantier, Arglantier, Anglantine.*
Egregious. *Egrege, excellent, enorme.*
Egregiouſly. *Excellemment ; enormément.*
Egregiouſneſſe, *Excellence, grandeur, enormité.*
Egreſſe. *Sortie, exiture.*
Egrimonie. *Aigremoine.*
Egypt. *Egypte.*
An **Egyptian**. *Egyptien.*
A counterfeit **Egyptian**. *Voyez* Gypſie.
The **Ele**. *l'oeil. Voyez* Eye.
Eight *Huict, huit.*
An **eight**, or proportion of **eight**. *Octenaire, octonaire.*
Eight times. *Huict fois.*
Eight daies hence. *A huictaine.*
Eight times doubled. *Octuple.*
Eightéene. *Dixhuict.*
The **eightenth**. *Dixhuictieſme.*
Eightie. *Octante, quatre vingts, huictante.*
The **eightieth**. *Octantieſme.*
The **eight**. *Le huictieſme ; huictaine, huitieſme, octave.*
An **eight** proportion (in Muſicke.) *Meſe.*
Either. *Ou.*
Ela. *Ela ; la plus haute note de la Gamme.*
To **Elaborate**. *Elaborer.*
Elaborated. *Elaboré, elaboré.*
An **elaboration**. *Elaboration.*
An **elaborative**. *Elaborative.*
The **elbow**. *Coubde, coude ; olecrane.*
The tip end of the **elbow**. *Olecrane.*
Elbow-ſwiſe crooked. *Coude.*
Elbow-twine. *Coudées franches.*
To jog, joult, or juſtle with the **elbow**. *Coudéer, coudoyer ; pouſſer du coude.*
The **elbow**, or out-bearing branch of a bit. *Coude de la branche.*
Elbowes of land. *Acrotaires, acroteres.*
An **Elder** tree. *Su, ſureau, ſuſeau, du hus, ſuier, ſuin, ſul, ſuls, ſus, ſus.*
Oyle of **elder** flowers, or berries. *Huile ſambuſine.*
Elder vinegar. *Vinaigre ſuſat.*
The water **Elder**, or Marſh **Elder** tree. *Obier, opier.*
An **Elder-ſticke**. *Canon de ſuls.*
Dwarfe **Elderne**. *Hieble, byeble.*
Of **elder**, or **elder** flowers. *Suſat.*
Elder. *Plus vieil, Comparatif de* Old.
Our **elders**. *Nos peres, ou Anceſtres.*
Eldership. *Preciput, aiſneage, aiſneſſe.*
Eldeſt. *Le plus vieux, ou ancien, ſuperlatif de* Old.
The **eldeſt** ſonne. *L'aiſné, le fils aiſné.*
The **eldeſt** brother (that gives equall ſhares of the land to his younger brothers.) *Parageur.*
Elecampane *Enulecampane, Aulnée, campane, helaine.*
To **elect**. *Eſlire, opter, choiſir.*
Elect, or **elected**. *Eſlu, choiſi.*
Election. *Eſlection, election, eſlite ; nomination ; option, acboiſon, choix.*
Elective. *Electif.*
An **Elector**. *Electeur.*
The **Electorship**. *Electorat.*
An **Electuarie**. *Electuaire.*
Elegancie. *Elegance.*
Elegant. *Elegant, Mignon.*
Elegantly. *Elegamment, diſertement.*
Elegiacall. *Elegiaque.*
An **Elegie**. *Elegie.*
Eligible. *Eſligible ; digne d'eſtre eſleu.*
An **Element**. *Element ; (Comme l'eau, la terre, le feu, ou l'air :) auſſi, Le principe ou fondement de quelque art, ou ſcience.*
Elementall, elementarie. *Elementaire.*
An **Elephant**. *Elephant, oriſtant.*
A yong **Elephant**. *Elephanteau.*
Elephantine, of, or belonging to, an **Elephant**. *Elephantin.*
To **elevate**. *Eſlever, hauſſer, haulſer.*
Elevated. *Eſlevé, hauſſé, haulſé.*
Fit to be **elevated**. *Eſlevable.*
An **elevater**. *Eſleveur, eleveur.*
An **elevating**. *Eſlevement, eſleveure.*
An **elevatorie**. *Elevatoire.*
Eleven. *Onze.*
The **eleventh**. *Onzieſme.*
An **elfe**. *Manche d'eſtrille, Nambot.* *Voyez* a Dwarfe.
Elias. *Elie. Nom de Prophete.*
The **Elizian** fields. *Les champs Eliſiens.*
An **Elixer**. *Elixe, elixir, Quinteſſence, pierre Philoſophale ; poudre de projection.*
The **Elke**. *Ellend, Biſte formidable, melancholique, fort & viſte, &c.*
An **Ell**. *Aulne. L'aulne, ou Ell, d'Angleterre contient en longueur trois pieds & trois quarts, ou trois pieds & neuf poulcées.*
To meaſure by the **ell**. *Aulner.*
Ell-meaſure. *Aulnage.*
Ellebore. *Voyez* Hellebore.
A grove of **Elmes**. *Ormaye.*
The **elme** tree. *Orme, ypreau, oulme.*
The little yong **elme** tree. *Ormeau, ormeteau, olmeau.*
The white or yeake **Elme**. *Orme blanc.*
The mountaine **elme**. *Orme de montaigne, orme ſauvage.*
The ordinary **elme**. *Orme champeſtre.*
Elocution. *Elocution ; ou comme* Eloquent.
Eloquence. *Eloquence, facunde.*
Of **eloquence**. *Oratoire.*
Eloquent. *Eloquent, facond, diſert.*
Eloquently. *Facondement, oratoirement, diſertement.*
Elſe. *Autrement ; ſans cela.*
Or **elſe**. *Ou bien, ou autrement.*
Elſe-where. *Ailleurs, autre-part.*
An **Emaceration**. *Emaceration, emaciation.*
Emancipation. *Emancipation. Voyez* Enfranchiſement.
Emballage (or package.) *Amballage.*
An **Emballador**. *Embaſſadeur, meſſagier ſolemnel, orateur, agent.*
An **Embaſſage**. *Embaſſade ; meſſage.*
To **embalme**. *Voyez* to Imbalme.
Embers, hot **embers**. *Braiſe, braſier.*
To **embezell**. *Voyez* to Imbezell.
An **emblem**. *Embleme.*
An **emblemiſing**. *Emblemature.*
To **embolden**. *Voyez* to imbolden.
To **emboſſell**, to **embrace**, to **embrue**. *Cerchez* to Imbowell, Imbrace, Imbrew.
An **Embryon**, or **embryon**. *Embrion, embryon.*

Embring dayes. *Vigiles, les quatre temps, jours de jeusne.*
An **embrocation**, (a fomenting,) *Embrocation.*
An **emendation**. *Emendation. Voyez* an Amending.
An **Emerald**, or **Emeraud**. *Esmeraude.*
Like an **emerald**, belonging to an **emerald**. *Esmeraudin.*
The **Emerill**, or **Emerod** stone. *Emeril, Esmeril, Esmery.*
The **Emerotdes**. *Voyez* Emrods.
An **eminencie**. *Eminence, hauteur, haulteur, oultrepasse, oultrepassement, outrepasse,* apparoissance.
Eminent. *Eminent, haut, hault, apparent.*
An **eminent** thing. *Oultrepasse.*
Eminently. *Eminemment, hautement, haultement.*
Emolument. *Emolument, Voyez* Profite.
An **emmet**. *Fourmis, Voyez* an Ant, a Pismire.
An **emunctorie**. *Emonctoire.*
To **empanell** a Jury. *Voyez* to Impanell.
To **impeach**. *Voyez* to Impeach.
An **Emperesse**. *Imperatrice, emperiere.*
An **Emperour**. *Empereur.*
An **emphasis**. *Emphase.*
Emphaticall. *Emphastique.*
Emphatically. *Emphatiquement.*
An **Empire**. *Empire.*
An **Empiricke**. *Empirique.*
To **emplaster**. *Voyez* to Plaster.
An **emplastration**. *Emplastration.*
To **employ**, to **empourish**. *Voyez* to Imploy, to Impourish.
Emptie. *Vuide.*
To **emptie**. *Vuider, evacuer.*
To **emptie** out of one vessell into another. *Survuider.*
Emptied. *Vuidé, exinané.*
Emptied out of one vessell into another. *Survuidé.*
An **emptier**. *Vuideur.*
Emptinesse. *Vacuité, vuidange, vuideté, exinanition.*
An **emptying**. *Vuidement, vuideure.*
Emptying. *Vuidangier.*
The **Emrods**. *Hemorrhuës, hemorrhoïdes, crevasses du fondement, morene, mourves, Aemorrhoïde.*
To **emulate**. *Emuler; ensuyvre.*
An **emulation**. *Emulation.*
Emulated. *Ensuyvi, emulé.*
An **emulator**. *Emulateur.*
The **Emunctories**. *Les emonctoires.*
To **enable**. *Habiliter, avigourir.*
Enabled. *Habilité, avigouri.*
An **enabling**. *Habilitation.*
To **enact**. *Decreter, instituer, ordonner.*
Enacted. *Decreté, institué, ordonné.*
An **enacter**. *Ordonnateur, ordonneur.*
To **enamell**. *Emailler, esmailler, neller.*
Enamell. *Esmail, encauste, nelleure.*
Enamelled. *Esmaillé, emaillé, encaustique.*
An **enameller**. *Esmailleur.*
An **enamelling**. *Esmaillure, emaillure.*
To grow **enamoured** of. *S'enamourer de.*
Enamoured of. *Enamouré de.*
Foolishly **enamoured** of. *Enfolastré.*
To **Enchace**. *Voyez* to Inchase.
To **enchaine**. *Enchainer.*
Enchained. *Enchainé.*
To **enchase**. *Enchasser en or, Enchatonner.*
Enchased. *Enchassé.*
An **enchasling**, and **enchasement**. *Enchassement, enchassure, encastillement, enchassemre.*
To **enchaunt**. *Enchanter. Voyez* to Inchaunt.
To **encline**. *Encliner. Voyez* to Incline.
To **enclose**. *Enclorre, enchassiller, enfermer.*
Enclosed. *Enclos; enferme, ou, serré dedans.*
Enclosed in a chamber. *Enchambré.*
An **enclosing**, or **enclosure**. *Enclosture, enclos.*
To **encomber**. *Encombrer. Voyez* to Incomber.
To **encompasse**. *Encercler, entourer, compasser.*
Encompassed. *Encerclé, encercelé, encerne.*
Encompassing. *Encervant, entourant.*
To **encounter**. *Encountrer, escarmoucher.*
An **encounter**. *Rencontre. Voyez* Incounter.
To **encourage**. *Encourager. Voyez* to Incourage.
To **encrease**. *Accroistre. Voyez* to Increase.
To **encroach**. *Voyez* to Incroch.
To **encurre**. *Encourir. Voyez* to Incurre.
To **endammage**. *Endommager, nuire.*
To **endammage** one another. *S'entrenuire.*
Endammaged. *Endommagé.*
An **end**. *Fin.*
To bring, or draw to an **end**. *Abouter, aboutir.*
Drawne, or brought to an **end**. *Abouti.*
In the **end**. *En fin, finalement, à la parfin, à la longue, au long aller, au cul du sac.*
Vp an **end**. *Sus bout.*
A growing towards an **end**. *Aboutissement.*
The **end** of a thing. *Le bout de quelque chose.*
To **end** fully. *Parfaire.*
To the **end** that. *Affinque, à fin que.*
To **end**. *Finir, achever, parachever, faire fin, finer.*
From one **end** to the other. *De fil en aiguille.*
Ended. *Fini, achevé, parachevé.*
Endlesse. *Sans fin, perenne, perennel.*
An **ending**. *Fin, achevement.*
To **endeavour**. *Tascher. Voyez* to Indevour.
To **endite**. *Voyez* to Indite.
Endive. *Endive.*
Curled **endive**. *Endive crespe.*
Great garden **Endive**. *Endive grande.*
Wild **endive**. *Pisse en lict, endive sauvage.*
To **endommage**. *Voyez* to Endammage.
To **endow**. *Douer, endoüer.*
Endowed. *Doüé, endoüairé, doté.*
An **endower**. *Dotateur.*
To **endue**. *Voyez* to Indue.
To **endure**. *Endurer. Voyez* to Indure.
An **enemy**. *Ennemi, adversaire.*
Enemitie. *Inimitie.*
To **enfeeble**. *Affoiblir, enerver, infermer, debiliter; aneantir.*
Enfeebled. *Affoibli, enervé, alenti, allenti, debilité; aneanti.*
To be **enfeebled**. *Alentir, alantir, allentir.*
An **enfeebling**. *Affoiblissement, enervation, alentissement, debilitation, affoiblement; aneantissement.*
Enfeebling. *Affoiblissant, aneantissant.*
To **enfeofe**. *Voyez* to Infeofe.
To **enforce**. *Enforcir; aussi, (& plus souvent) forcer contraindre.*
Enforced. *Enforcé; contraint, forcé.*
An **enforcement**. *Contrainte, forcement.*
To **enfranchise**. *Affranchir, emanciper.*
Enfranchised. *Affranchi, emancipé.*
An **enfranchiser**. *Affranchisseur.*
An **enfranchisement**, or **enfranchising**. *Affranchissement, manumission.*
To **engage**. *Engager. Voyez* to Ingage.
To **ingage** himselfe in an action. *S'embarquer en une entreprinse, ou, affaire.*
To **engender**. *Engendrer. Voyez* to Ingender.
An **engine**. *Machine, engin.*
An **enginer**. *Enginier.*
England. *Angleterre.*
An **English** man. *Vn Anglois.*
To **engraffe**. *Greffer. Voyez* to Graffe.
To **engrave**. *Engraver, Voyez* to Ingrave.
To **engrosse**. *Voyez* to Ingrosse.
To **enhaunce** the price of. *Mettre à l'encheve, encherir, hausser le prix.*
Enhaunced. *Encheri, Mis à l'encheve, Hausse du prix*
An **enhauncer**. *Encherisseur,*
An **enhauncing** of the price. *Encherissement, haussement du prix, enchere.*
To **enherite** *Voyez* to Inherite.
An **Enigma**. *Enigme. Voyez* Riddle.
Enigmaticall. *Enigmatique.*
Enigmatically. *Par enigmes.*
To **enjoy**. *Iouir, occuper.*
Enjoyed. *Iouï; occupé.*
An **enjoying**. *Jouïssance; occupation.*
An **enjoyer**. *Occupateur.*
To **enjoyne**. *Enjoindre. Voyez* to Injoyne.
An **enjoyner**. *Ordonnateur.*
To **enlarge**. *Eslargir. Voyez* to Inlarge.
To **enlighten**. *Illuminer. Voyez* to Inlighten.
Enmitie. *Inimitié; haine.*
To **ennoble** *Ennoblir, anoblir.*
Ennobled. *Ennobli, anobli.*
An **ennobling**. *Ennoblissement, anoblissement.*
Enormous. *Enorme.*
Most **enormous**. *Enormissime.*
Enormously. *Enormément.*
Enormitie. *Enormité.*
Enough. *Assez; bola; suffisamment; suffisance, suffisant.*
To give **enough** unto. *Suffire.*
It is **enough**. *C'est assez, il suffit.*
Enquest, to **enquire**, and **enquisition**. *Voyez* Inquest, Inquire, and Inquision.
To **enrage**. *Enrager.*
Enraged. *Enragé.*
To be **enraged** *Estre enragé.*
An **enraging**. *Enragement.*
To **enrich**. *Enricher. Voyez* to Inrich.

To

To **enroll**. *Enroller, enrouler. Voyez* to Inroll.
An **enſample**. *Example, exemplaire.*
An **enſigne**. *Enſeigne.*
An **Enſigne**, or **Enſigne-bearer**. *Porte'enſeigne, Gonfanier.*
To **enſnare**. *Enlacer. Voyez* to Inſnare.
To **enſtall**. *Voyez* to Inſtall.
To **enſue**. *S'enſuivre.*
Enſued. *Enſuivi.*
Enſuing. *Enſuivant.*
To **entaile**. *Voyez* to Intaile.
To **entangle**. *Embroüiller, entretortiller, embaraſſer, &c. Voyez* to Intangle.
To **enter**. *Entrer; acheminer.*
To **enter** a young beginner. *Apprimer.*
Entered into. *Entré, acheminé.*
An **entercourſe**. *Commerce.*
To **enterchange**. *S'entrechanger.*
Enterchangeably. *Par viciſſitude.*
Enterchanged. *Entrechangé. Voyez* to Interchange.
To **enterfeere**. *Voyez* to Interfeere.
To **enterlace**. *Voyez* to Interlace.
To **enterline**. *Entreligner. Voyez* to Interline.
An **enterlude**. *Comedie, fable.*
To **enterpriſe**. *Entreprendre, attenter.*
An **enterpriſe**. *Entreprinſe, empriſe; action.*
Enterpriſed. *Entreprins, attenté.*
An **enterpriſer**. *Entrepreneur.*
Enterpriſing. *Molition.*
To **enterre**. *Enterrer. Voyez* to Interre.
To **entertaine**. *Entretenir.*
Entertained. *Entretenu.*
Fit, or worthy to be **entertained**. *Acceptable.*
An **entertainer**. *Qui entretient.*
Entertainement. *Entretenement, entretien,* Acceptation, *accueil.*
To **enthrall**, and to **enthrone**. *Voyez* to Inthrall, and to Inthrone.
To **entice**. *Allicher, attraire, &c. Voyez* to Intice.
Entire. *Entier.*
Entirely. *Entierement.*
Entireneſſe. *Entireté.*
To **entitle**. *Entituler.*
Entitled. *Entitulé. Voyez* to Intitle.
To **entombe**. *Voyez* to Intombe.
The **entrails**. *Entrailles. Voyez* Intrailes.
Entrameled, (as outdrawn locks of hair.) *Paſſefilé, paſſefillonné.*
An **entrance**. *Entrée, entroite; orifice; overture.*
To **entrappe**. *Entraper, attraper. Voyez* to Intrappe.
To **entreat**. *Voyez.* to Intreate.
Entred. *Entré, acheminé.*
To **entrench**. *Voyez* to Intrench.
An **entrie**. *Entrée, entrer, introite; paſſage, accez.*
An **entrie** unto a place. *Advenué.*
To give an **entrie** unto. *Acheminer, entamer le pas.*
An **entring**. *Entrée, acheminement.*
An **enucleation**. *Enucleation.*
To **envie**. *Envier, porter envie à.*
Envie. *Envie.*
Envied. *Envié.*
Envious. *Envieux.*
Enviouſly. *Envieuſement.*
To **environ**. *Environner, engyronner, circonder, entourer, entourner, circuïr.*
Environned. *Environné, enceinct, encerné, enclos, entouré, circuït, entourné.*
An **environing**. *Environnement, entournement, entourneure.*
To **enumerate**. *Ennombrer, annombrer.*
Enumerated. *Ennombré, annombré.*
An **enumeration**. *Enumeration.*
An **enunciation**. *Enunciation.*
To **enure**. *Accouſtumer, habituer; aduter, amatir.*
Enured. *Accouſtumé, habitué, acalli, aduté, amati.*
An **enuring**. *Accouſtumance, aſſuefaction.*
To **enwrap** in. *Affubler.*
Enwrapped in. *Affublé.*
An **enwrapping**. *Affublement, affublage.*
The **Epact**. *Epacte.*
An **Ephemeride**. *Ephemeride.*
The diſeaſe **Ephialtes**. *Ephialte. Voyez* the Nightmare.
An **Ephode**. *Ephod. Veſtement de preſtre entre les Iuifs.*
The **Epicene** gender. *Genre epicene.*
An **Epicure**. *Epicure, epicurien.*
An **epicycle**. *Epicycle.*
Epidemicall. *Epidimique.*
The **Epigaſtrum**. *Epigaſtrum.*
An **Epigramme**. *Epigramme.*
Epigram-like, or **Epigrammaticall**. *Epigrammatique.*
An **Epigrammatiſt**. *Epigrammatiſte.*
The **Epilepſie**. *Epilepſie.*
An **Epilogue**. *Epilogue.*
The **Epiphanie** (or twelfth day.) *Epiphanie, apparition, Le jour des vois, Tiphaine.*
Epiſcopall. *Epiſcopall.*
An **Epiſtle**. *Epiſtre.*
An **Epitaph**. *Epitaphe.*
An **Epithalamium**. *Epithalme, chant de mariage.*
An **Epithete**. *Epithete.*
An **Epitome**. *Epitome, abbregé.*
To **Epitomiſe**. *Abbreger.*
Equall. *Egal, eſgal, egual, equable, eſqual, equitable, ſortable, pair, parcil,*
To **equall**, or make **equall**. *Egaler, egualer, egualizer, egalizer, eſgualer, eſgaler, eſgaller, paragonner, apparier, aſſortir; equiparer, accomparager, aller au pair avec.*
Equall value. *Voyez* Equipolent, and Equivalent.
To **equall** himſelfe to. *Se calibrer à.*
Equall tearmes. *Pariage.*
An **equall** rater, or taxer of others. *Perequant.*
Equalled. *Egualé, egualizé, eſgalé, eſgallé, apparié, aſſorti, equiparé.*
Fit to be **equall** unto. *Equiparable.*
An **equalling**. *Egalizement, equallizement, eſgualation; appariation, aſſortiment, aſſortiſſement, perequation.*
Equalitie. *Equiparaiſon; equité, equalité, pariage, parité.*
To **equallize**. *Comme* to Equall.
Equally. *Egalement, egualment, egallement.*
The **Equator**. *Equateur.*
The **Equinoctiall**. *Equinocce, Nuict-egal.*
Equipage. *Equipage, equippée, arétement.*
In full **equipage**. *Ordonné, arroyé.*
The **equipage** of a Princes court, or camp. *Bernage, Barnage.*
To put in **equipage**. *Arroyer.*
To **equippe** (or ſtore with furniture.) *Equipper, equiper, ordonner.*
Equipped *Equippé, equipé, ordonné.*
Equipolencie. *Equipolence.*
Equipolent. *Equipolent.*
Equitable. *Equitable.*
Equitie. *Equité.*
Equivalent. *Equivalent, equipolent.*
To be **equivalent** to. *Equipoler.*
Equivocall. *Homonyme.*
To **equivocate**. *Equivoquer.*
Equivocated. *Equivoqué.*
An **equivocator**. *Qui parle par equivoque, ou par paroles de double ſens.*
Equivocation. *Equivoque, homonyme, homonymie.*
To **Eradicate**. *Deſraciner, eſraciner.*
Eradicated. *Deſraciné, eſraciné.*
An **eradicating**. *Deſracinement.*
Ere. *Ainçois, ains.*
Ere-while. *N'aguere, n'aguéres, n'y a guere, naguéres.*
Ere, or before. *Devant.*
Ere I came. *Devant que je vins.*
To **erect**. *Eriger, hauſſer, dreſſer quelque fois auſſi, baſtir, ou eriger quelque baſtiment, eſtorer.*
Erected. *Erigé, haulſé, eſtevé, dreſſé; erigé, ou baſti (comme quelque edifice,) eſtoré.*
An **erecter**. *Dreſſeur; Qui erige, dreſſe, ou, baſtit.*
Erective. *Erectif.*
An **erecting**. *Erection; baſtiſſage.*
Erecting. *Baſtiſſant.*
The **ermeline**. *Ermine.*
The furre **ermines**. *Ermine.*
To furre with **ermines**. *Erminer.*
Furred with **ermines**. *Erminé.*
An **errand**. *Meſſage.*
An **errand-goer**. *Meſſager, meſſagier:*
Errant. *Comme* an errant knave. *Homme treſ-meſchant. (C'eſt touſiours uſurpé en mauvaiſe part.) Voyez* Arrant.
Errant or wandering. *Errant, erratique.*
To **erre**. *Errer, faillir, meſprendre, fourvoyer.*
Erred. *Erré, failli; fourvoyé.*
An **erring**. *Faillité; fourvoyement.*
Erronious. *Erroné, plein d'erreur, mendeux, vicieux.*
Erroniouſly. *Ereonnément; abuſivément.*
To be in an **errour**. *S'abuſer.*
An **errour**. *Erreur; meſpriſon, un faux pas; abus.*
In an **errour**. *Abuſé.*
Erudition. *Erudition.*
Eruption. *Eruption.*
Eryngus, or **Eryngo**. *Eryngo.*
Field **Eryngus**. *Panicaut.*
To **eſcape**. *Eſchapper, eſcaper.*
A meanes to **eſcape** by. *Eſchappatoire.*
An **eſcape**. *Eſcapade, eſchappée.*
To **eſcape** a miſfortune. *Paſſer fortune.*
Eſcaped. *Eſchappé.*
An **eſcaping** *Comme* an Eſcape.
Eſcheatage. *Aubaine, droict d'aubaine, aubainete, aubanité, eſtreyeres, attrabier, attrayeres.*
To **eſcheew**. *Eſchever, eviter, garer, fuir.*
Eſcheewed. *Evité, eſchevé, fui.*
An **eſcheewing**. *Eſchevement, evitement, evitation.*

Eſpeciall. *Special ; principal.*
Eſpecially. *Specialement, principalement, par eſpecial, meſmement, meſmes, nommément, notamment.*
To **eſpie.** *Eſpier, explorer ; obſerver, appercevoir, guetter.*
An **eſpie,** or **eſpiall.** *Eſpie, exploratcur, guette.*
Eſpied. *Eſpié, guetté.*
An **eſpying.** *Eſpiement, guettement.*
An **eſpouſals.** *Eſpouſailles.*
To **eſpouſe.** *Eſpouſer.*
An **eſpouſe.** *Eſpoux, eſpouſe.*
Eſpouſed. *Eſpouſé, eſpouſée, marié.*
An **eſpouſing.** *Mariement.*
An **Eſquire.** *Eſcuyer.*
To **eſſay.** *Eſſayer, attenter.*
An **eſſay.** *Eſſay ; monſtre.*
The **eſſay** of a Deere. *Hampe.*
To take the **eſſay** of a Deere. *Fendre au noyau.*
Eſſayed. *Eſſayé, attenté.*
An **eſſayer.** *Eſſayeur.*
Eſſaying. *Eſſayant.*
An **eſſence.** *Eſſence ; Nature.*
To bring, make to bee, or to become of the ſame **Eſſence.** *Eſſencier, eſſentier.*
Made, or become of one **eſſence** with another. *Eſſentié, eſſencié.*
Eſſentiall. *Eſſentiel.*
An **eſſoine.** *Exoine.*
To **eſſoine.** *Exonier, eſſonnier, eſſoyner.*
Eſſoined. *Exoiné, exonié, eſſoyné.*
An **eſſoiner.** *Exoneur, exonateur.*
To **eſtabliſh.** *Eſtablir.*
Eſtabliſhed. *Eſtabli, auctoriſé.*
An **eſtabliſher.** *Eſtabliſſeur.*
An **eſtabliſhing,** or **eſtabliſhment.** *Eſtabliſſement.*
An **eſtandart.** *Voyez* a Standart.
Eſtat. *Eſtat.*
Of good **eſtate.** *Aiſé en ſon meſnage ; Qui a bon eſtat.*
The cloth of **eſtate.** *Dais, daiz, haut-d'ais.*
The **eſtate** of the body. *L'habitude du corps.*
Eſteemable. *Eſtimable.*
To **eſteeme.** *Eſtimer ; obſerver ; apretier.*
A man of no **eſteeme.** *Mavlaulet.*
Eſteemed. *Eſtimé ; obſervé.*
An **eſteemer.** *Eſtimateur.*
To **eſtimate.** *Apprecier.*
An **eſtimate, eſtimation,** or **eſteeme.** *Eſtime, eſtimation ; apprecation ; authorité.*
An **eſtimater.** *Comme* an Eſteemer.
To **eſtrange.** *Eſtranger, aliener.*
Eſtranged. *Eſtrangé, miné.*
An **eſtranging.** *Eſtrangement, alienation.*
Eternall. *Eternal, Sempiternel, Sempiterneux.*
Eternally. *Eternellement.*
Eternitie. *Eternité, perennité.*
To **eternize.** *Eternizer, perennizer.*
Eternized. *Eternizé.*
An **Ethiopian.** *Ethiopien.*
An **Ethnicke.** *Ethnique, Payen.*
An **Etimologie.** *Etymologie.*
To **Etimologiſe.** *Etymologizer.*
To **evacuate.** *Evacuer, vuider.*
Evacuated. *Evacué, exinané, vuidé.*
An **evacuation.** *Evacuation, vuidange, vuidement, vuidaure, exinanition.*
An **Evangeliſt.** *Evangeliſte.*
To **evaporate.** *Evaporer, baleter.*
Evaporated. *Evaporé.*
An **evaporating.** *Evaporation, baletement.*
To **evade.** *Evader.*
Evaded. *Evadé.*
An **evaſion.** *Evaſion.*
Cunning **evaſions.** *Alibi-forains.*
The **Euchariſt.** *L'Euchariſtie ; Le S. Sacrement du corps & du ſang de Jeſus Chriſt ; La ſainte Cene.*
Eve, or **Eva.** *Eve, la femme d'Adam.*
Eve, or **Evo.** *Vigile, ou veille de quelque feſte.* Chriſtmas **Eve** ; *La veille ou vigile de Noel.*
The **Even, evening,** or **eventide.** *Soir, veſpre, veſprée, le ſerain ; la ſeree, ſerein.*
Good **even** *(Corruptement prononcé* Gooden.*)* *Bonſoir.*
Evenſong, or **evening** prayer. *Veſpres, prieres du ſoir, ou de veſpre.*
Even. *Egal, egual, eſgal, eſgual ; Pair, pareil, ſortable.*
To **even,** or make **even.** *Egaler, egalizer, eſgaler, egualizer, egualer ; auſſi, aplanir, applatir.*
Even with. *A pair de.*
An **even** piece, or plot of ground. *Aire.*
An **even** plot or peece of ground. *Parterre.*
Even. *Meſme.*
Even as, **even** ſo. *Ainſi, ainſi que, tout ainſi que, tout de meſme que, par ainſi, pareillement.*
Even now. *Tout à ceſte heure ; auſſi, n'agueres, nagueres.*
Evened, made **even.** *Egalé, eſgalé, egualé, eſgallé, eſgualé, eſgualliré, egalizé, egualiré ; applani, applané, aplati.*
The **evening.** *Soir, veſpre ; ſerée, ſorné.*
An **evenings** worke, taske, or exerciſe. *Serée.*
To draw towards **evening.** *Aveſprer.*
The **evening** approcheth. *Il ave ſprit.*
A drawing towards **evening.** *Aveſprement.*
An **evening,** or making **even.** *Egualizement, egalizement, egualation ; applaniſſement.*
Evenly. *Egalement, egualement, eſgallement.*
Evenneſſe. *Egualité, parité.*
An **event.** *Evenément, aduenuë.*
Ever. *Touſiours, onc ; jamais.*
Ever and anon. *A chacune cadence.*
For **ever.** *A jamais, à grand jamais, à tout jamais.*
Everlaſting. *Eternel, perenne, perenuel.*
To make everlaſting. *Eternizer, perenniſer.*
Everlaſtingly. *Eternellement.*
Everlaſtingneſſe. *Eternité, perennité.*
Every. *Chaſque, tout.*
Every one. *Chaſcun, un chalcun.*
Every one as he likes. *Chaſcun a ſa guiſe.*
Every where. *Partout, en tous lieux, par mer & par terre, par monts & par vaux.*
To **evict.** *Convaincre.*
Evicted. *Convaincu.*
An **eviction.** *Evillion.*
Evidence. *Evidence.*
Evidences. *Eſcrits authentiques de contracts (ſoubs-ſignez, ſeelez, & livrez, à la mode d'Angleterre.)*
To be **evident.** *Apparoir, apparoiſtre.*
Evident. *Evident, manifeſte, notoire, ocutaire, ouvert, apert, apparent ; patent, clair.*
Evidently. *Evidemment, manifeſtement, notoirement, Oculairement, ouvertement, apertement, apparemment.*
Evill. *Mauvais, (Adjectif.)* meſchant.
Evill, or **ill,** or **evilly.** *Mal. (Adverbe.)*
An **evill.** *Mau.*
The Kings **evill.** *Les eſcrouëlles.*
An **Eunuch.** *Eunuche, bongre.*
Euphorbium. *Euphorbe, Gorbion.*
The **Euxine** ſea. *Mer majour.*
An **Ewer.** *Aiguière, eſguiere, ayguiere.*
A ſmall **ewer.** *Goucteron.*
Exact. *Exact, exquis, preciu.*
To **exact.** *Exacter.*
Exacted. *Exacté.*
An **exacter.** *Exacteur.*
Exaction. *Exaction ; maletoſte.*
A moſt grievous **exaction.** *Oppreſſion, oppreſſe.*
Exactly. *Exactement, preciſément, bién au net.*
To **exaggerate.** *Exaggerer.*
Exaggerated. *Exaggeré.*
An **exaggeration.** *Exaggeration.*
To **exagitate.** *Exagiter.*
Exagitated. *Exagité.*
An **exagitation.** *Exagitation.*
An **exaltation,** or **exalting.** *Exaltation, Exaulcement.*
To **exalt.** *Exalter, ſublimer, exaulcer, magnifier.*
Exalted. *Exalté, exaulcé, magnifié.*
A curious **examination** of matters. *Grabeau.*
To **examine.** *Examiner, S'enqueſter, interroguer.*
To **examine** preciſely. *Grabeller.*
Examined. *Examiné, interrogué.*
Neerely **examined.** *Grabellé.*
An **examiner.** *Examineur, examinateur, enqueſteur, interrogateur.*
An **examining,** or **examination.** *Enqueſte, interrogat, interrogation.*
An **Example.** *Exemple, Exemplaire ; Monſtre.*
To take **example** by. *Patronner.*
To **exanimate.** *Deſcourager, eſtonner.*
To **exaſperate.** *Exaſperer, aſperer, enaſprir, rengreger, aggraventer, aigrir, enaigrir, agacer, aggraver, aſprir.*
A thing which **exaſperates** a diſeaſe. *Aigrun.*
Exaſperated. *Exacerbé, exaſperé, aigri, enaigri, enaſpri, agacé, agaſſé, aggraventé, aggravé.*
An **exaſperater.** *Agaceur.*
An **exaſperating,** or **exaſperation.** *Exaſperation, rengregement, agacement, agaſſure.*
Exaſperating. *Agaceant, aigriſſant.*
To **exauthorize.** *Exauthorer.*
Exauthorized. *Exauthoré.*
An **exauthorizing.** *Exauthoration.*
Excalfactive. *Excalfactif.*
An **excavation.** *Excavation.*
Exceedable. *Surmontable.*
To **exceed.** *Exceder ; preceller, ſurpaſſer, ſurmonter, ſurpaſſer, paſſer.*

Exceeded. *Excedé, oultrepaſſé, ſurmonté, ſurpaſſé, paſſé.*
An **exceeding.** *Precellence, oultrepaſſement, ſurmontement.*
Exceeding. *Exceſſif.*
Exceedingly. *Exceſſivement, oultréement, moult, mout, oultrebord.*
Exceedingneſſe. *Oultrance.*
To **excell.** *Exceller, preceder, preceller, oultrepaſſer, ſurpaſſer, paſſer.*
Excellence, your **Excellence.** *Voſtre alteſſe, voſtre excellence, voſtre ſerenité ou celſitude.*
Excellencie. *Excellence, haulteſſe, hauteſſe.*
Excellent. *Excellent, nompareil; notable, antonomatic, apparent, parfaict.*
Excellently. *Excellemment, parfaictement.*
An **excelling.** *Precellence, oultrepaſſement.*
To **except.** *Exciper, excepter.*
Except that. *Autrement; ſinon.*
Excepted. *Excepté.*
Excepting. *Hormis.*
An **exception.** *Exception.*
Exceſſe. *Excez; Oultrage, oultrance, oultrepaſſe, outrage, outrepaſſe.*
Exceſſive. *Exceſſif; oultrageux.*
Exceſſively. *Exceſſivement; oultrageuſement, oultréement.*
Exceſſivenelle. *Oultrance.*
To **exchange.** *Changer, barder, barater.*
An **exchange.** *Change, barat.*
A juſt **exchange.** *Pariage.*
The Royall **exchange.** *Change, ou Bourſe royale. Lieu; où les Marchans de Londres s'aſſemblent deux fois le jour; Place marchande.*
Exchanged. *Changé, bardé.*
An **exchanger.** *Changeur, banquier, barateur.*
An **exchanging.** *Changement.*
The **Exchecker,** or **exchequer.** *Le cour de toutes les receptes des finances appartenants à la Courronne, ou au Roy; fiſque royale.*
An **Exchequer-man.** *Financier.*
An **excitation.** *Excitation.*
To **excite.** *Exciter; affectionner.*
Excited. *Excité; affectionné à.*
Exciting. *Excitatif.*
An **exclamation.** *Exclamation, huée.*
To **exclaime.** *Exclamer, harauder, huer.*
Exclaimed. *Exclamé, haraudé, hué.*
To **exclude.** *Exclure, forclorre.*
Excluded. *Exclus, forclos.*
Excluding. *Excluant.*
An **excluſion.** *Excluſion, forban, forbanniſſement, forcluſion.*
Excluſively. *Excluſivement.*
To **excogitate.** *Excogiter.*
Excogitated. *Excogité.*
To **excommunicate.** *Excommunier, anathematiſer.*
Excommunicated *Excommunié, anatheme, anathematiſé.*
Excommunication. *Anathematiſation, excommange, excommuniement, aggravation.*
To **excoriate.** *Excorier; excortiquer.*
Excoriated. *Excorié.*
An **excoriation.** *Excoriation.*
An **excrement.** *Excrement, recrement.*
The **excrements.** *Les excremens, ordure, matiere fecale; merde.*
Full of **excrements.** *Excrementeux.*
The purging out of the **excrements.** *Excretion.*
An **excreſcence.** *Excreſcence, excroiſſance.*
The little **excreſcence** in the midſt of a womans &c. *Nymphe, aileron petit.*
To **excruciate.** *Excrucier.*
Excruciated. *Excrucié.*
An **excurſion.** *Excurſion.*
Excuſable. *Excuſable.*
To **excuſe.** *Excuſer, deſcoulper.*
To **excuſe** a matter. *Faire bonne mine.*
An **excuſe.** *Excuſe, apalogie.*
To **excuſe** himſelfe by accuſing another. *Se deſcharger ſur vn aultre.*
Excuſed. *Excuſé.*
An **excuſer.** *Excuſeur.*
An **excuſing.** *Excuſation.*
Execrable. *Execrable, horrible, abominable, mauldict.*
Execrably. *Execrablement, horriblement.*
To **execrate.** *Execrer; mauldire, maudire.*
Execrated. *Execré, mauldict, anatheme.*
An **execration.** *Execration, malediction, mauldiſſon, maudiſſon, aggravation.*
To **execute.** *Executer; Parachever.*
Executed. *Executé.*
Executed by paſſing the Pikes. *Paſſé par les armes.*
An **execution.** *Execution.*
(The place of **execution** at Paris is called *La Greve. La place d'execution à Londres eſt appellée* (Tyburne.)
An **Executioner.** *Bourreau, executeur de haute juſtice, Tollart.*
A writ of **execution.** *Executoire.*
An **Executor.** *Executeur.*
Executorie. *Executoire.*
Exemplarie. *Exemplaire.*
Exemplarily. *Exemplairement.*
To **exemplifie.** *Exemplifier.*
Exempt. *Exempt.*
To **exempt.** *Eximer, exempter.*
Exempted. *Exempté, exempt.*
Exemptible. *Exemptible.*
An **exemption.** *Exemption.*
To **exercile.** *Exercer, exerciter; agiter.*
An **exercile.** *Exercice, exercitation, apotherapic.*
Much **exercile.** *Agitation.*
Exercised. *Exercé, exercité; agité.*
An **exerciſer.** *Exerceur.*
An **exerciſing.** *Exercitation.*
An **exhalation.** *Exhalaiſon, exhalation, halence.*
To **exhale.** *Exhaler, haleter.*
Exhaled. *Exhalé.*
An **exhaling.** *Halenée, haletement.*
To **exhibite.** *Exhiber, exiber; mettre en avant, mettre en jeu, mettre en train, offrir.*
Exhibited. *Exhibé, exibé,*
An **exhibiting,** or **exhibition.** *Exhibition.*
To **exhilerate.** *Exhilarer, esbaudir, esjouir, baudir.*
Exhilerated. *Exhilaré, esbaudi, esjoui.*
To **exhort.** *Exhorter, admoneſter.*
An **exhortation.** *Exhort, admoniſtion.*
Exhorted. *Exhorté, admoneſté.*
An **exhorter.** *Exhorteur, admoneſteur*
An **exhorting.** *Exhortement.*
Exhorting. *Hortatif.*
Exigence. *Exigence.*
An **exile.** *Exil, banie, baniſſement.*
Exile. *Voyez* thin, ſlender.
To **exile.** *Exiler, eſſuler, banir.*
Exiled. *Exilé, bani, banni.*
An **exilement.** *Exilement.*
Exilitie. *Exilité, greſlaté, menuë, ténuité, minceté.*
Exodus. *Exode.* (*Le ſecond livre de moiſe,*)
To **exonerate.** *Deſcharger.*
Exonerated. *Deſchargé.*
An **exonerating.** *Deſchargement.*
Exorable. *Exorable.*
Exorbitant. *Exorbitant.*
To **Exorciſe,** or **exorcize.** *Exorciſer.*
A booke of **exorciſing.** *Grimoire.*
Exorciſme. *Exorciſme.*
Exorciſmes. *Mots de la grimoire.*
An **exorciſt.** *Exorciſte.*
An **Exordium.** *Exorde.*
Exotike. *Exotique.*
To **expect.** *Attendre.*
Expectation. *Attente, expectation, expectative.*
Expectative. *Expectatif.*
Expected. *Attendu.*
Expedient. *Expedient.*
Expedientlie. *Aiſéement, aiſément.*
To **expedite.** *Expedier, voyez* to diſpatch.
Expedited. *Expedié.*
Expedition; an **expedition.** *Expedition.*
Expeditive. *Expeditif.*
To **expell.** *Decbaſſer, debouter, expulſer, deſpoulſer, forbannir, forclorre.*
To **expell** from. *Oſter.*
Expelled. *Expulſé, decbaſſé, debouté, forbanni, forclos.*
An **expelling.** *Expulſion, decbaſſement, deboutement, forbanniſſement, forcluſion.*
Expence. *Deſpens, deſpendre, miſe, frez, miſſion.*
To **expend.** *Deſpendre, deſpenſer.*
Expended *Deſpendu, deſpenſé.*
Experience. *Experience.*
Want of **experience.** *Niaiſerie, bejaunage, bejaunise.*
To **experiment.** *Experimenter.*
An **experiment.** *Experiment.*
Experimentally. *Par experiment.*
Experimented. *Experimenté.*
Expert. *Expert, ſçavant, experimenté, habile, ouvrier, appert.*
Expertly. *Habilement, magiſtralement, appertement.*
Expertneſſe. *Expertiſe, appertiſe.*
To **Expiate.** *Expier.*
Expiated. *Expié.*
An **expiation.** *Expiation.*
Expiatorie. *Expiatoire.*
To **expire** *Expirer.*
Expiration. *Expiration.*
Expired. *Expiré.*
To **Explaine.** *Explaner, expliquer; mettre au net.*
Explained. *Expliqué.*
An **explaining.** *Explication.*
To **explicate.** *Expliquer, expoſer.*
Explicated. *Expliqué.*
An **explication.** *Explication.*
An **explicatour.** *Expliqueur.*
To **explode.** *Exploder, explaudir.*
Exploded. *Explodé.*
An **exploit.** *Exploict, acte, action, geſte.*
To **exploit.** *Exploiter, exploicter, faire.*

A doer of an **exploit**. *Exploicteur.*
Exploitable. *Exploictable.*
Exploited. *Exploicté.*
To **explore**. *Explorer.*
An **exploration**. *Exploration.*
An **Exploratour**. *Explorateur.*
Explored. *Exploré.*
To **Expose**. *Exposer.*
Exposed. *Exposé.*
An **expoſer**. *Expoſeur.*
An **expoſition**. *Expoſition.*
An **Expoſition** of Fables. *Mythologie, Mithologie.*
An **expoſitour**. *Expoſiteur.*
To **expound**. *Interpreter, expliquer, expoſer, mettre au net.*
To **expound** Fables. *Mythologiſer.*
Expounded. *Expliqué, exposé, interpreté.*
An **expounder**. *Expoſeur, expoſiteur, interprete.*
An **expounder** of Fables. *Mythologe.*
An **Expounding**. *Expoſition.*
To **expreſſe**. *Exprimer, narrer.*
Expreſſe. *Expres.*
Expreſſed. *Exprimé, monſtré.*
Expreſſely. *Expreſſement, tout expres, par expres, nommément, à point nommé.*
An **Expreſſion**, or expreſſing *Expreſſion, narrement, monſtrement.*
Expreſſing. *Narratif.*
To **expropate**. *Reprocher. Voyez* to upbraid.
An **expropation**. *Exprobation.*
Expropriated. *Expropriè.*
Expugnable. *Expugnable.*
An **Expugnation**. *Expugnation.*
To **expugne**. *Expugner.*
Expugned. *Expugné.*
An **Expugner**. *Expugnateur.*
To **expulſe**. *Expulſer, deſpoulſer.*
Expulſed. *Expulſé.*
An **expulſer**. *Expulſeur.*
An **Expulſion**. *Expulſion, forbannissement.*
Exquiſite *Exquis.*
Exquiſitely. *Exquiſement.*
Exſiccative. *Exſiccatif.*
Extant. *Mis en avant, publié.*
An **Extaſie**. *Extaſe.*
In an **extaſie**. *Extatique.*
To **extend**. *Eſtendre, mettre au large, alonger.*
Extended. *Eſtendu, alongé.*
An **Extender**. *Extenſeur.*
An **extending**. *Extenſion, extencion.*
Extenſible. *Extenſible.*
An **Extenſion**. *Extenſion, eſtendure, extention, alongement, alongiſſement, alonge, alongeail.*
An **Extent**. *Eſtendüe.*
To **extenuate**. *Extenuër, attenuër, attenuir, menuïſer, alleger, amoindrir, appetiſſer.*
Extenuated. *Extenüé, attenüé, attenuri, alleqé, amoindri, appetiſsé.*
An **extenuating**, or **extenuation**. *Extenuation, attenuation, menuïſement, amoindriſſement, appetiſſement.*
Exterior. *Exterieur.*
Exteriorite. *Exterieureté, exteriorité.*
To **exterminate**. *Exterminer.*
Exterminated. *Exterminé.*
Exterminating. *Exterminant.*
An **extermination**. *Exterminatiõn.*
An **exterminator**. *Exterminateur.*
Externall. *Externe, exterieur.*
Externally. *Exterieurement.*
An **extinction**. *Extinction.*
To **extinguiſh**. *Eſteindre; aſſopir; abolir, amortir, admortir, aſſoupir.*
Extinguiſhable. *Eſteindible, amortiſſable, admortiſſable.*
Extinguiſhed. *Eſteinct, eſtainct; aſſopi; aboli; amorti, admorti.*
An **extinguiſher**. *Eſteigneur.*
An **extinguiſhing**, or **extinguiſhment**. *Eſteignement, eſteindement, extinction, eſteincte; aſſopiſſement; abolition, amortiſſement.*
To **extirpate**. *Extirper, eſraciner.*
Extirpated. *Extirpé, eſraciné.*
An **extirpation**. *Extirpation.*
To **extoll**. *Exaulcer, exhauſſer, exalter, magnifier.*
Extolled. *Exaulcé, exhauſſé, exalté, magnifié.*
An **extolling**. *Exaulcement, exhauſſement.*
To **extort**. *Extorquer.*
Extorted. *Extorqué.*
An **extorter**. *Extorqueur.*
Extortion. *Extorſion.*
An **extortioner**. *Cagueraſſe.*
An **Extract**. *Extraict.*
To **extract**. *Extraire, alambiquer, alembiquer.*
Extracted. *Extraict, alambiqué, alembiqué.*
Extraction. *Extraction.*
Extrajudiciall. *Extrajudiciaire.*
Extraordinary. *Extraordinaire.*
Extraordinarily. *Extraordinairement.*
Extravagancie. *Extravagance.*
Extravagant. *Extravagant.*
To **extravagate**. *Extravaguer.*
Extravagated. *Extravagué.*
Extravagation, or **extravagating**. *Extravagation.*
Extreme. *Extreme, atroce.*
Extremely. *Extremement, oultréement, atrocement.*
An **extremitie**. *Extremité, oultrance, atrocité.*
In all **extremitie**. *A bander & à racler.*
Extrinſecall. *Extrinſeque.*
Extrinſecally. *Extrinſequement.*
An **extumeſcence**. *Extumeſcence.*
Exuberancie. *Exuberance, exuperance.*
Exuberant. *Exuberant.*
To **exulcerate**. *Ulcerer, exulcerer.*
Exulcerated. *Exulceré.*
An **exulceration**. *Exulceration.*
Exulceratoris. *Exulceratoire.*
An **eye**. *Oeil.* **Eyes**. *(en plurier.) Yeux, yeulx.*
A little **eye**. *Oeillet.*
Belonging to the **eye**. *Oculaire, oeillader, oeillier.*
The **eye-browe**. *Sourcil.*
Full of **eyes**. *Oeillé; oeilletté.*
The **eye-browes**. *Sourcilles.*
Before the **eyes**. *Oculairement.*
A rolling goggle **eye**, or that ſquints upwards. *Oeil de bouc.*
A red fierie, ſparkling **eye**. *Oeil d'airain.*
A leering **eye**. *Oeil de carré.*
A Cats **eye**. *Oeil de chat.*
A Whall, over white **eye**. *Oeil de chevre.*
An often twinkling **eye**. *Oeil d'hypocrite.*
A duskie dark **eye**. *Oeil de loup.*
A great out-ſtrouting **eye**. *Oeil de moruë*
A ſmall pink **eye**. *Oeil de rat.*
Wiſtly to **eye** in the face. *Adviſager.*
A ſquint or leering **eye**. *Oeil de travers, oeil de carré.*
The **eye-ball**. *Prunelle.*
The **eye-earth**. *Les oeillieres.*
Eye-bright (herbe.) *Euſraiſe.*
Having great **eye-browes**. *Sourcilleux.*
Of, or on, the **eye-browes**. *Sourcilier.*
The **eye-hole**, or hole of the **eye**. *Orbite.*
To move the **eye-browes** up and downe. *Sourciller.*
To **eye** often, affectionately, or wantonly. *Oeillader.*
The haire of an **eye-lid**. *Cil.*
Eyed often, or affectionately. *Oeilladé.*
The white of the **eye**. *Le blanc de l'oeil.*
A luſtfull, or paſſionate caſt of the **eyes**. *Oeillade.*
A ſheeps **eye**. *Oeillade.*
The **eye-lids**. *Paupieres.*
To caſt a ſheeps-**eye** at. *Oeillader.*
A pretty caſt or jert of the **eye**. *Oeilladette.*
The **eye-ſight**. *La veuë de l'oeil.*
Of, or belonging to, the **eye-ſight**. *Optique.*
The **eye** of a needle. *Le cul d'un aiguille.*
The blinding bourd, hung before the **eyes** of unruly beaſts. *Orbiere.*
The brim of the **eye-browes**. *Aire de poils.*
An iron **eye** for a curtain rod. *Piton.*
To **eye**. *Oeillader.*
To have an **eye** to. *Tenir l'oeil à, prendre garde à.*
Eyes hollow, drained and ſunk in. *Yeux havés.*
Eyed. *Oeilladé; Qui a des yeulx.*
Bleare-**eyed**. *Chaſſieux.*
One-**eyed**. *Borgne, monocule, monocle.*
Squint-**eyed**. *Qui a les yeulx de travers, bigle, bigleſſe, louſche.*
Eying often, affectionately, and wantonly. *Oeilladier.*

F

A **fable**. *Fable, menſonge.*
A ſignificant **fable**. *Apologue.*
To tell **fables**, to **fable**. *Fabloyer.*
Full of **fables**. *Menteux.*
A **fabler**, or teller of **fables**. *Fabuliſte, menteur, mentereau.*
A **fabling**. *Menterie.*
To **fabricate**. *Fabriquer, fabriquer.*
Fabricated. *Fabriqué; formé.*
A **fabrication**. *Fabrication.*
A **fabricator**. *Fabricateur.*
A **Fabrick**. *Fabrique, fabricque.*
The **fabrick** of a Pariſh Church. *Fabrice, fabric d'un temple.*
Fabulous. *Fabuleux, menſonger.*
Fabulouſly. *Menſongerement.*
Fabulouſneſſe, or the invention of fables. *Fabuloſité.*
To ſet a good **face** on a bad matter. *Faire bonne mine & mauvais jeu.*
To ſet a good **face** on't. *Faire bonne mine.*
The **face**. *La face; mine.*
To look, or behold, earneſtly in the **face**. *Adviſager.*
Beheld earneſtly in the **face**. *Adviſagé.*
A wry **face**, or look. *Grimace; mimis, morgue.*
An extreme redneſſe and pimples in the **face**. *Gontte-roſe.*

Face to **face**. *Hure à hure, buze à buze.*
A red fiery **face**. *Face d'Abbé.*
To make a **face**. *Grimacer, faire mines, faire des mines, morguer, faire les mines.*
Plump-**faced**. *Gouju.*
Facetious. *Facetieux.*
Facile. *Facile, aisé.*
To **facilitate**. *Faciliter.*
Facilitated. *Facilité.*
Facilitie. *Facilité, aisance, aise.*
With **facilitie**. *Facilement.*
A **fact**. *Acte, faict.*
A **faction**. *Faction, secte; partialité, partie.*
A private **faction**. *Menée.*
Factious. *Factieux, factionnaire, mutin, partial.*
To be **factious**. *Partialiser.*
Factiousnesse. *Partialité.*
A **factour**. *Facteur, negociateur.*
Factourship, or **factorie**. *Facturerie, factorerie.*
The **facture** of a thing. *Facture.*
Faculties. *Facultés.*
To **fade**. *Flestrir, se flestrir, se fanir, se faner, se fener, Alachir, agannir, s'avachir, passer.*
Faded. *Alachi; flestri, fané, siné; flache, aganni, amati, avachi, passé.*
A **Fading**. *Alachissement; flestrisseure.*
Fading. *Faneſſant.*
A **fadome**. *Brassée, brasse, embrassée, orgie; toise, par geometrique.*
To **fadome**. *Mesurer par la brasse, ou brassée, toiser.*
A **fadomer**. *Toiseur.*
A **fadoming**. *Toisage.*
A **fag** end of cloth, stuffe, &c. *Le pire bout d'une piece de toile, estoffe, &c.*
A **fagot**. *Fagot, fassine.*
A great heavy **fagot**. *Falourde.*
To make into **fagots**. *Fagoter.*
Made up in **fagots**. *Fagoté.*
Fagot-making. *Fagotage.*
A **fagot-maker**. *Fagoteur.*
To **faile**. *Faillir; faire faute à; alachir, succomber, agannir; s'alangourir, s'avachir.*
To **faile** of dutie. *Pecher, forfaire.*
To **faile** of. *Manquer.*
Failed. *Failli, succombé, alachi; avachi.*
A **failing**. *Faillance, faillite; faux feu, alachissement.*
To **faine**. *Feindre, faindre, simuler, faire semblant; mentir, mensonger.*
Fained. *Feinct, fainct; mensonger, menti.*
A **faining**. *Feintise, faintise.*
Faintingly. *Feintement.*
To **faint**. *Languir, perdre sa force, s'alangourir, succomber.*
Faint. *Langoureux, flaque, flache; Nice, obié.*
To grow **faint**. *S'alangourir, s'attendrir, s'avachir.*
Faint-hearted. *Pusilanime, Qui a faute de cœur, faitard, affetardi, festard, malhardi.*
To make **faint**. *Obier.*
Faint-heartedly. *Faitardement.*
Faint-heartednesse. *Pusilanimité, faitardise, faineantise, festardise, faineance.*
To make **faint-hearted**. *Acoubardir, affetardir.*
Fainted. *Alangouri, langui.*
A **fainting**, or **faintnesse**. *Langueur, languisson.*
Fainting. *Alangourí.*
Faintly. *Feintement; mortement, nicement, faintement.*
Faintnesse. *Obie, langueur.*
Faire. *Bel, beau, belle, candide, serein, serain, alme.*
To wax **faire**. *Sereiner.*
Faire and softly. *Bellement, tout beau, tout en paix, pausement, posement.*
A **Faire**. *Foire.*
Fairely. *Bellement, candidement.*
Fairnesse. *Beauté, serenité.*
A **Fairie**. *Fée.*
Fairings. *Lendits.*
Fatrith. *Bellastre, bellot.*
Faith. *Foy.*
Of a right **faith**. *Orthodoxe.*
To violate his **faith** given. *Se parjurer.*
Faithfull. *Fidele, feal, loyal.*
Faithfully. *Fidelement, Loyalement.*
Faithfulnesse. *Fidelité, foy, loyauté, feauté, feauté.*
Faithlesse. *Mescreant, sans foy.*
To **fall**. *Cheoir; tomber; avaller.*
A **fall**. *Cheute*, avallage.
To **fall** in flesh, or **fall** away. *S'amaigrir.*
To **fall** away. *Descheoir, decheoir.*
To **fall** away from his religion. *Apostasier, apostater, apostatiser.*
To **fall** down plump. *S'aplomber.*
To **fall** backwards. *Tomber à l'envers, tomber, ou cheoir à la renverse.*
To **fall** out. *Avenir, occurrer, advenir, survenir.*
To **fall** down through weakneſſe. *Alachir, succomber.*
To give a **fall** to. *Donner le crot en jambe à.*
Ready to **fall**. *Caduque.*
The **fall** (or death of a Stag.) *Massacre d'un cerf.*
To **fall** under a burden. *Succombey au faix.*
A **fall** from a horse. *Saccade.*
To **fall** out unluckily for. *Mescheoir à.*
To **fall** over, or upon. *Surtomber.*
To **fall** out with. *Se courroucer contre, contendre avec.*
To **fall** unto (or goe in hand with.) *Se mettre à, s'atteller.*
A great **fall** of raine. *Cad d'eau.*
The starres do **fall** (or shoot.) *Les estoilles se mouchent.*
Fallen. *Cheu, Tombé; avallé.*
Fallen away. *Decheu; Descharné.*
Fallen away from his religion. *Apostasié*
Fallen out. *Avenu, advenu.*
Fallen down through weakneſſe. *Alachi, succombé.*
Fallen behind hand. *Arrieré.*
A **falling**. *Tombement; avallage.*
A **falling** away. *Defection.*
A **falling** away from his religion. *Apostasie.*
Gently **falling**. *Chet-doux.*
A **falling** down through feebleneſſe. *Alachissement.*
A **falling** of the haire. *Pelade.*
A **falling** out with. *Contention, debat, courroux.*
A great **falling** downe, as of earth, &c. *Avalanche, Avallanche.*
Fallings of tides in the sea. *Le basses de la mer.*
The **falling** sickneſſe. *Le mal caduque, mal de terre, Epilepsie, le mal S. Iean, le gros mal, le haut mal, mal d'Alcide, mal des Comices, mal de Mahomet, mal de S. Valentin, maladie de S. Jean, Maulubec, malubec.*
A **Fallacie**. *Fallace, abus, abusion.*
Fallacious, or full of **fallacies**. *Fallacieux*
Fallow. A **fallow** field. *Iachere, gueret.*
Old **fallow** ground. *Tere garée, terre de gueret vieux, terre en friche.*
To lay **fallow**. *Guereter.*
Laid **fallow**. *Guereté.*
Fallowes. *Terres de repos, nouvellis, nouvelis.*
A **fallow** Deere. *Daim, dain.*
False. *Faulx, fauls,* malengineux, *malicieux, mensonger, fallacieux.*
A **false** report. *Mensonge.*
A **false** trick. *Faux, bond.*
To deale **false** with. *Meffaire.*
Shee hath plaid **false**. *Elle a fait vn faux-bond.*
A **false-bray** (in fortification.) *Fausse-braye.*
Falsehood, or **falseneſſe**. *Faulseté, malice, barat.*
Full of **falsehood**. *Faulseteux.*
Falsely. *Mentcusement, faussement, mensongerement, faulsement, malicieusement.*
Falsifiable. *Falsifiable.*
A **falsification**. *Falsification.*
To **falsifie**. *Falsifier, faulser, fausser, appelourder.*
To **falsifie** by mixture. *Mistionner, mixtionner.*
Falsified. *Faulsé, falsifié.*
A **falsifier** of writings. *Faulsaire, faussaire.*
A **falsifying**. *Falsification, faux.*
A **falsifying** of evidences. *Fausonnerie.*
To **famble** with the mouth. *Begueyer, begayer, beguayer, parler-brutif.*
Fambling; a **fambler**. *Begué.*
A **fambling**. *Begueyement, begayement, beguayement.*
Fame. *Fame, bruit, renom, renommée, honneur, Nom; opination.*
A **familie**. *Famille, maisonnée; (aussi) maison, meignie, mesgnie, mesnie, mesnage; parenté.*
Familiar. *Familier, privé, domestique, accessible; accoinct, accoint.*
To grow **familiar** with. *Familiariser, acoster, se familiariser, s'accointer de, accoster.*
Grown **familiar** with. *Familiarisé, accosté.*
To grow **familiar** together. *S'entr'accointer.*
To make **familiar**. *Accoquiner, domestiquer, apprivoiser.*
Made **familiar**. *Accoquiné, adomestiqué apprivoisé.*
Familiarity. *Familiarité, habitude.*
Familiarly. *Familiarement.*
A **famine**. *Famine.*
To **famish**. *Affamer.*
Famished. *Affamé.*
A **famishing**, or **famishment**. *Affamement.*
Famous. *Famous, celebre, renommé, notable.*
To make **famous**. *Celebrer, renommer.*
Made **famous**. *Renommé, celebré.*
A making **famous**. *Celebration.*
Famousnesse. *Renommée, celebrité.*
Fancie. *Fantasie; opination, arbitre; amour.*
To **fancie**. *Fantasier; affecter, appeser, aimer.*
Fancies. *Fantosmeries.*

To fill with, or feed on, idle **fancies**. *Fantaſtiquer.*
A **fancie** unto. *Appetit, amour.*
Fancied. *Fantaſé, affecté, appeté; aimé.*
A **Fane**. *Girouëtte, girouët, gyrouët, gyrouëtte, pannonceau.*
Furniſhe with a **fane** *Girouëtté.*
A **fanne**. *Eſventail, eſventoir, eſventoire.*
A little round **fanne**. *Ombelle.*
To **fanne**. *Eſvenier, eſventiler.*
Fanned. *Eſventé, eſventilé.*
A **Fannell**, or maniple. *Fanon, Voyez* Maniple.
A **fanner**. *Eſventeur.*
A **fanning**. *Eſventement.*
The **fantaſie**. *Fantaſie.*
A **fantaſie**, or **fantaſm**. *Fantoſme, fantaſme.*
Fantaſticall, or **fantaſtick**. *Fantaſtique, fantaſque, capricieux, cabochard, cabocheux, aime-nouveauté, pelerin.*
He is **fantaſticall**. *Il a du Mercure à la teſte, il a le cerveau vn peu gaillard.*
Fantaſticall tricks. *Fantaſtiqueries.*
To be **fantaſticall**. *Mercurialiſer.*
Fantaſtically. *Fantaſtiquement.*
Fantaſticalneſſe, or **Fantaſticknelle**. *Fantaſtiquerie.*
The water **farcy** (in a horſe.) *Louppe, loupe, mal de ver.*
Fard. *Du Fard.*
To **Fard**. *Farder.*
Farded. *Fardé.*
A **farding** with fard. *Fardement.*
A **fardingale**. *Vertugalle.*
A **fardle**. *Fardeau; fais, pacquet.*
A little **fardle**. *Fardelet, balon, ballon, balot, ballot.*
To make into **fardells**. *Fardeler, emballer, empacqueter.*
Fare. *Chere.*
Good **fare**. *Bonne chere.*
To **fare** well. *Faire bonne chere.*
Bad **fare**. *Mauvaiſe chere.*
How **fare** you? *Quelle chere? comment vous portez vous?*
A (water-mans, boat-mans, or ſhipmans) **fare**. *Matelotage, naulage, naulea-ge, naule.*
To pay his **fare**. *Naulager.*
Farewell. *Adieu.*
Farmeable. *Affermable.*
A **farme**. *Ferme, metairie, meſtairie, acence, acenſe, agricole.*
To **farme**, or let or take to **farme**. *Accenſer, Affermer, acenſer, admodier.*
Let out to **farme**. *Acenſé, affermé.*
A letting to **farme**, a **farming**. *Acenſement, afferme, affermement.*
A **farmer**. *Fermier, metayer, metais, cenſier, acenſeur, Granger, Grangier, meſtayer, meſtaier, meſtan, amodiateur.*
A **farmers** wife. *Grangiere, metaiſe, metayere.*
A **farming**. *Amodiation.*
Farre. *Loin, loing.*
To go **farre** before, leave **farre** behind. *Forlonger, alloigner.*
A **farre** off. *De loing.*
A very **farre** off. *Forlonge.*
Gone, or got **farre** from. *Alloigné, aſloigné.*
So **farre** is it off that he, So **farre** he is off from. *Tant s'en fault qu'il.*
Gone **farre** before, left **farre** behinde. *Forlongé, alloigné.*
A **Farrear**. *Mareſchal; mareſchal ferrant.*
To **farrow**. *Cochonner, faire de petits cochons.*
Farrowed. *Cochonné.*
A **Fart**. *Pet.*
A little **fart**. *Petereau.*
To **fart**. *Peter.*
A **fart** in ſirrop. *Pet de boulengier, pet de maſſon.*
A **farter**. *Peteur, petault; petaud.*
A **farthing**. *Liard, Quadrin. La quatrieſme partie d'un* Pennie *d'Angleterre; vault en monnoye de France, les 24 ieſme parties d'un Sol. Car 5 ſols ſont 6 pennies, ou* pence; *& 4* Farthings *vn* pennie.
A **farting**. *Petarade.*
The **farting** of a luſtie horſe. *Petaraſſe.*
A **faſhion**. *Façon; guiſe, ſorte, maniere, mode; meurs, mœurs, moyen; obſervance, ordre.*
Good **faſhion**. *Gaibe, bonne façon.*
After the French **faſhion**. *A la mode de France; à la Françoiſe.*
A **faſhion** ſetled. *Habit, habituation.*
To forgo the **faſhion** of. *Deſaccouſtumer.*
To follow the **faſhion** of the time. *S'accommoder au temps.*
Growne out of **faſhion**. *Deſaccouſtumé.*
Without **faſhion**. *Malplaiſant.*
To **faſhion**. *Façonner, former; modeler, aſſaſſonner; appareiller.*
Faſhioned. *Façonné, formé.*
Ill **faſhioned**. *Maluſité.*
A **faſhioner**. *Appareilleur.*
A **faſhioning**. *Façonnement.*
Faſt. *Ferme, ſtable; fixe; auſſi viſtement, viſte.*
To play **faſt** and looſe. *Jouër de la navette.*
A **faſt**. *Jeune, jeun.*
Exceeding **faſt**, as **faſt** as his legges would carrie him. *Plus viſte que le pas.*
To **faſt**. *Ieuner, jeuſner.*
Faſt aſleep. *Aggravé de ſomme; aplommé de ſommeil.*
Faſted. *Jeuné.*
To **faſten**, or make **faſt**. *Ficher, afficher, attacher, figer, acclamper.* ¶ Norm. *Affermir, affier.*
To **faſten** a horſe, oxe, &c. to a plough, cart, &c. *Atteler.*
To **faſten** on a hook. *Accrocher.*
To **faſten** before. *Preſiger.*
Faſtned. *Fiché, attaché, affiuté, affiché, affermi, acclampé, affié.*
Faſtned before. *Preſiché.*
Faſtned on a hook. *Accroché.*
Faſtned to a cart, coach, &c. (as horſes.) *Attelé.*
A **faſtner**. *Ficheur, affermiſſeur.*
A **faſtning**, or making faſt. *Fichement, affichement, affiement, ficheure, figement, attachement.*
A **faſtning** on a hook. *Accrochement.*
A **faſter**. *Jeuneur.*
Faſting. *A jeun.*
To keep **faſting**. *Es jeuner.*
Full of **faſtings**. *Jeuneux.*
Kept **faſting**. *Esjeuné.*
A **faſting** day. *Iour maigre.*
Fat. *Gras. Voyez* Fatt.
A **fatt**, or plump conſtitution of body. *Vn embonpoint de nourrice.*
A leafe of **fatt**. *Panne de greſſe.*
A **Fat**. *Cuve. Voyez* a Vat.
To put into a **fat**. *Accuver.*
To grow **fat**. *Groſſir, engraſſer.*
Put into a **fat**. *Accuvé.*
Fatal. *Fatal.*
Fatall deſtinie. *Predeſtinée fatale.*
Fatally. *Fatalement.*
Fatalitie, fatalneſſe. *Fatalité.*
Fate. *Sort; deſtin.*
A **father**. *Pere.*
A **ſtep-father**. *Paraſtre.*
A **father** in law. *Beau pere, Paraſtre.*
A grand **father**. *Ayeul.*
A foſter-**father**. *Pere nourriſſier.*
A god **father**. *Parrain.*
To play the **father**, or be fatherly. *Paterliquer.*
Of the **fathers** ſide. *Paternel.*
Fatherhood, or **fatherlineſſe**. *Paternité.*
Fatherleſſe. *Orphan.*
Fatherly. *Paternel.*
Fatherly, or **father-like**. *Paternellement.*
A **fathome**. *Braſſe, braſſée; embraſsée. Voyez* Fadome.
To **fatigate**. *Fatiguer. Voyez* to Wearie.
Fatigated. *Fatigué.*
A **fatigating**. *Fatigation, fatigue.*
Fatt. *Gras; graiſſe, greſſe; patant, replet.*
The **fat** tripe. *Le gras double.*
Fat wine. *Vin gras.*
Somewhat **fat**. *Graſſet, graſſelet.*
As **fat** as a pig. *Gras comme vn cochon, gras comme vn gliron, gras comme vn moine, gras comme vn pourceau.*
To **fatten**. *Engraiſſer, groſſir.*
Fattened. *Engraiſſé.*
A **fattening**. *Engraiſſement.*
Fattie. *Graiſſeux, greſſier, adipeux.*
Fattineſſe. *Graſſure, onctuoſité.*
Fattiſh, fattie. *Graſſelet, graſſet, onctueux.*
Fatiy. *Graiſſement.*
Fatneſſe. *Graſſeſſe, graſſeur, graſſure, obeſité.*
A **faucet**. *Fauſet, fauſſet, canelle, guille.*
A **fauchion**. *Fauchon, malcus.*
A **Faulcon**. *Faulcon.*
A **faulcon** gentle. *Faulcon gentil, abier.*
A Barbarie **faulcon**. *Faulcon Tunicien.*
A Ger-**faulcon**. *Faulcon gerfaut.*
A **faulcon** Paſſenger. *Faulcon pelerin.*
A ſore **faulcon**. *Faulcon bargas.*
A Tartarie **faulcon**. *Tartaire.*
A little, or young **faulcon**. *Fauconneau.*
The night **faulcon**. *Faulcon nocturne.*
A **faulcon** ragged, or broken feathered. *Faulcon balbrené.*
A (piece of ordnance, called a) **faulcon**. *Fauconeau.*
A **faulconer**, or **faulboner**. *Faulconnier.*
Faulconrie. *Fauconnerie.*
A **fault**. *Faulte, vice, forfaict, forfaicture, coulpe, malfaict, meffaict; offenſe, offence, vn faux pas, peche.*
To find **fault**. *Reprouver, coulper, encouper, vituperer.*
A **fault-finder**. *Reprenart, vituperteur, accuſateur.*
A great **fault**. *Maleſice.*
A **fault finding**. *Momerie, accuſement.*
To commit a **fault**. *Forfaire, pecher.*
To **faulter** in ſpeech. *Chanceller, parler brutif. Voyez* to Stammer.
Faultie *Vicieux, coulpable; malfaiſans, mendeux.*
Faultily. *Vicieuſement.*
Faultleſſe. *Sans faulte, irreprovable, incoulpable.*

Faune. *Voyez* Fawne.
A **favour.** *Faveur; air; benignité, benefice, benevolence, grace.*
In great **favour.** *Gracieux.*
To beſtow **favours.** *Beneficier.*
A **favour** (of ſcarfe, bracelet, worne on the arme, &c.) *Manchon.*
To **favour.** *Favoriſer; tenir le menton à, aider.*
A beſtowing of **favours.** *Beneficience.*
A **favour** done above one's due. *Paſſedroict.*
The **favour** (or forme) of the face. *Le traict du viſage, mine.*
Sweetneſſe of **favour.** *Beauté.*
Favourable. *Favorable, benevole, benin, benigne, gracieux, gratieux, adroit.*
Favourablenesse. *Benignité, gracieuſeté, gratieuſeté.*
Favourably. *Favorablement, benignement, gracieuſement, gratieuſement, mignotement.*
Favoured. *Favoriſé, favori, aidé.*
A **favourer.** *Favoriſeur.*
A **favourite.** *Favorit; belaud, mignon, mignot, bedaud.*
To be a principall **favourite** of. *Avoir l'oreille de.*
A **fawcet.** *Canne* a Faucet.
A **fawne.** *Faon, fan.*
To **fawne.** *Faonner.*
To **fawne** on. *Flater, affiater, amignoter.*
Fawned. *Faonné.*
Fawned on. *Flaté.*
A **fawner** on. *Flateur, adulateur.*
A **fawning.** *Faonnement.*
A **fawning** on. *Flaterie, Adulation, Amignotement.*
Fawning. *Amignotant.*
Fealtie. *Feauté, loyauté, foy: ou comme* Faithfulneſſe.
Feare. *Peur, crainte, eſpouvente; hideur, horreur, pavidité, paour.*
To **feare.** *Craindre.*
To **feare,** or make afeard. *Effrayer, efroyer, intimider.*
To **feare** exceedingly. *Eſpouventer.*
A ſuddaine and madding **feare.** *Panice.*
Feared. *Craint.*
Feared (or ſcared.) *Intimidé, effrayé, effroyé.*
Fearefull. *Craintif, affreux, eſpouventable, peureux, baſſreux, malhardi, pavide.*
A thing **fearefull** to behold. *Hideur.*
Fearefully. *Craintivement, affreuſement, eſpouventablement, peureuſement, hideuſement, paoureuſement.*
Fearefulnesse. *Affreuſeté.*
A **fearing.** *Intimidation.*
Fearelesse. *Sans peur, hardi, aſſeuré.*
Fearelessly. *Aſſeurement.*
Fearne. *Fougere, feuchiere, fouchiere, tochere.*
A **fearne** ground. *Tochere, fougeraye.*
Put, or laid among **fearne.** *Affouchié.*
Feasible. *Faiſable, faiſible.*
A **feast.** *Feſte, banquet, feſtin, convi.*
To **feast.** *Feſtoyer, feſter, banqueter, feſtier, regaler.*
Full of **feasts.** *Banqueteux.*
A ſmell-**feast.** *Paraſite.*
Feasted. *Feſtoyé, banqueté.*
A **feaster.** *Feſtivant, feſtoyant, banqueteur.*
A **feasting.** *Feſtoyement, moſſe, banquetement, banqueterie, banquetterie.*
Feate. *Godinet, Propelet, gent; mignard, mignardelet, appert.*
Feately. *Gentement, mignardement, appertement.*
Feateneſſe. *Propreté, mignonneté, appertiſe.*
A **feather.** *Plume.*
A little **feather.** *Plumette.*
Feathers *Plumage.*
A plume of **feathers.** *Plumail, plumart.*
Full of **feathers.** *Plumeux.*
A bunch of **feathers.** *Plumaceau, plumart.*
Featherfew. *Voyez* Feverfew, and Feuertew.
A **feather-maker.** *Plumaſſier.*
To plucke the **feathers** off. *Voyez* to Plume.
Feathered. *Qui a de plumes.*
Feature. *Mine, le traict du viſage.*
A **feaver.** *Fievre, fiebvre.*
A ſlight **feber,** or ague. *Fiebvrette.*
A burning **feaber.** *Fievre ardente, chaud mial.*
A continuall **feaber.** *Fievre continue.*
Feaver-wort. *Sacotin.*
Feaverfew. *Tanée, maronne, aſpergoute; ou comme* Federfew, *lequel Voyez.*
Feaverish. *Fievreux, febril, febrifique.*
Febʒuary. *Fevrier, febvrier.*
Fedd. *Repeu, alimenté, nourri, paiſſu.*
Fed on. *Mangé.*
Fed with corne. *Agrené, aggrené.*
Fed with the hand. *Appaſtelé.*
Fedderfew. *Matricaire, matricave, maronne, mincefuille.*
A **fedle.** *Belaud, mignot, bedaud.*
To **fedle.** *Cadeler, mignoter, mignarder, amignoter. Voyez* to Cocker.
Fedled. *Cadelé, mignardé.*
A **fedling.** *Mignotiſe.*
A **fee.** *Guerdon, ſalaire, penſion.*
To be in **fee** with. *Eſtre en penſion.*
Fees (or vailes.) *Menus droicts.*
A **fee-ſimple.** *Fief.*
A **fee-farme.** *Fiefferme, adcenſivement, bail à ferme d'heritage.*
Held in **fee-farme.** *Main-ferme.*
To alien in **fee-farme.** *Alberger.*
Feeble. *Foible; alangouri, caduque, flaque, obié.*
To make **feeble.** *Affoiblir, obier. Voyez* to Enfeeble.
To grow **feeble.** *Alachir, s'alangourir. s'afflaquir, s'avachir.*
Growne **feeble.** *Alachi.*
A growing **feeble.** *Alachiſſement.*
Feebleneſſe. *Foibleſſe, obie.*
Aged **feebleneſſe.** *Caducité.*
Feebly. *Foiblement.*
To **feed.** *Paiſtre, repaiſtre, alimenter, nourrir, s'aviander, paſturer.*
To **feed** on. *Manger.*
To **feed** ravenouſly. *Galiffrer, morſiailler.*
To **feed** with corne. *Aggrener, agrener.*
To **feed** by hand. *Appaſteler.*
A **feeder.** *Qui repaiſt, mangeur, nourriſſeur.*
A ravenous **feeder.** *Galaffre, galiffre.*
A **feeding.** *Paſture, paſturage, nourriſſement; paſt, paſturement.*
Much **feeding.** *Alimenteux.*
Feeding, or **feeding** on. *Mangeant.*
Ravenous, or greedy **feeding.** *Galaffrerie, morſiaille, mangerie.*
Feeding for cattell. *Grat, paſturage.*
The **feeding** of wild boores. *Mangeure*
To **feele.** *Sentir.*
To **feele** ſoftly. *Attoucher, palper.*
A **feeling.** *Sentiment, ſentement.*
A ſoft **feeling** of. *Attouchement, attretation.*
The ſence of **feeling.** *Sentive.*
Feeld, and **feend.** *Voyez* Field, and Fiend.
The **feianders.** *Filandres.*
Full of the **feianders.** *Filandré.*
Felicitie. *Felicité, heureté, heureuſté, heurté.*
A **fell.** *Peau, panne.*
A **fell-monger.** *Peaucier, Pelletier, megiſſier, megicier.*
Fell. *Atroce, felon; havre, affreux.*
To **fell** downe. *Terraſſer, aſſommer, abattre, avaller.*
Felled downe. *Aſſommé, terraſſé, abbatu, avallé.*
A **feller** downe to the earth. *Aſſommeur, abbateur, avalleur.*
A **feller** of wood. *Boicheron.*
A **felling** downe. *Abbatement, abbature.*
Fellneſſe. *Atrocité, felonnie, affreuſeté.*
Fellly. *Atrocement, felonnement, affreuſement.*
A **felon.** *Criminel, larron. Voyez* Felon.
A **fellow.** *Compagnon; macar, adjoinct, pair.*
A **fellow** (or match.) *Un pareil.*
A baſe **fellow.** *Halleſſier.*
A good **fellow.** *Bon compagnon, gaiſſe, gale bon temps, gaultier, bon rompu, affreux, averlan.*
The **fellowes** of a wheele. *Larrons d'un roué, jantes.*
To play the good **fellow.** *Galer le bon temps.*
Fellowship. *Compagnie, accompagnement, alliance, aſſociation.*
Fit to hold **fellowship** with. *Aſſociable.*
To joyne in **fellowship.** *Compagnonner, allier.*
Joyned in **fellowship.** *Compagnonné, allié.*
To hold **fellowship** with. *Aſſocier.*
Having **fellowship** of. *Accompagné.*
A **felon** (or Whit-law.) *Furuncule, panary.*
A **felon.** *Criminel, larron. (Celuy qui commet quelque crime digne de mort; comme, meurtre, larrecin, &c.) Tirelaine.*
Felonie. *Un (tel) crime qui merite la mort; larrecin.*
Felonious. *Furtif, larronneux, larrecineux, felon.*
Feloniously. *Furtivement, larrecineuſement, felonnement.*
Felt. *Senti. Participe du verbe* to Feel.
Felt ſoftly. *Attouché.*
A **felt.** *Feulve, feutre.*
To make of **felt.** *Feultrer.*
Made of **felt.** *Feultré, feutré.*
A **felt-cloake.** *Caban, gaban.*
A **felt maker.** *Feultrier.*
A maker of **felt-cloakes.** *Gabannier.*
A **female.** *Femelle.*
Feminine. *Feminin.*
To **fence,** or make a **fence.** *Paliſſer, hayer, munir.*
A **fence.** *Hayz, paliſſade, paliſſe.*
To **fence.** *Eſcrimer, tirer aux armes.*
Fenced. *Muni, paliſſé, hayé.*
A **fencer,** or maſter of **fence.** *Eſcrimeur, gladiateur.*
A **fencing.** *Eſcrime, eſcrimerie, gladiation.*
A **fenducke.** *Poule d'eau.*

Fenis

Fenigreeke, or **fenugreeke**. *Fenugrec. Voyez* Fenugreeke.
A **Fenne**. *Marez, mareſcage, marais, marets, palu.*
Full of **fennes**. *Paludeux.*
Fennell. *Fenouil, fenoil.*
Fennell giant. *Ferule.*
Fennie, fenne-like. *Mareſcageux, paluſtre.*
Fenugreeke (herbe.) *Fenugrec.*
A **feodarie**. *Feudal, ſeodal, feudataire.*
A **feoffer**. *Seigneur du fief.*
A **feoffment**. *Fiefvement.*
A **feoffement** in truſt. *Fidei commis.*
A **Ferret**. *Furet.*
To **ferret** every corner of. *Fuſiller.*
To **ferret**. *Fureter.*
Ferret-like. *Filoſelle.*
Ferreted. *Fureté, furiqué.*
A **ferreter**. *Fureteur.*
A **ferrie**. *Paſſage, traject.*
To **ferrie**. *Trajecter, paſſer.*
A **ferrie-boate**. *Ponton, bac de paſſage, bachot.*
A **ferrie-man**. *Paſſageur, paſſager, paſſeur, pontonnier, riverain, trajectaire, paſſagier.*
A **ferrie-woman**. *Batelière.*
Ferriage. *Droict de bac, ou de paſſage.*
Fertill. *Fertile, gras.*
To make **fertill**. *Fertiliſer, faire fertile, affertiler.*
Made **fertill**, or **fertilliſed**. *Fertiliſé, affertillé.*
Fertillitie, or **fertilneſſe**. *Fertilité.*
Fertility. *Fertilement.*
Fervencie. *Ardeur, ferveur.*
Fervent. *Fervent, ardent, ardant.*
Fervently. *Ardamment, fervement, ardentement.*
Ferventneſſe. *Comme* Fervencie.
Ferula (herbe.) *Voyez* Fennell giant.
A **ferula** (uſed in ſchooles.) *Ferule, verges.*
A **feſcue**. *Touche.*
A **feſſe**. *Face. (Terme de blazon.)*
Feſſed. *Facé.*
To **feſter**. *Apoſtumer, putrifier.*
Feſtered. *Apoſtumé.*
Feſtering with mattar, or corruption. *Purulent.*
A **fetch**. *Voyez* a Vetch.
A **fetch**, or cunning drift. *Ruſe, menée.*
To **fetch**. *Mener, amener, admener; querir, querre.*
To **fetch** up (or overtake.) *Attaindre, attrapper.*
Fetched. *Quis, attrappé.*
Fetched in. *Mené, amené.*
A **fetcher** in. *Amenur.*
A **fetching**. *Amenement.*
Fetters. *Fers, govions, enferges, empas.*
To **fetter**. *Enbeuder, enchevestrer; enferger, enferrer; encordeler.*
Fettered. *Enbeudé, enchevestré; enferré; encordelé.*
A **fettering**. *Enchevestrement, enchevestrure.*
Feude. *Comme* deadly Feude. *Voeu de ſe venger par la mort de ſes ennemis; hoſtilité.*
Few. *Peu.*
Fewneſſe. *Paucité.*
Fewell. *Chauffage.*
Wood-**fewell**. *Ligniade.*
A **fib**, or **fibbing** *Fable; bourde, menſonge, menterie, baye, baliverne, ſornette.*
To **fib**. *Mentir, menſonger.*
A **fibber**. *Menteur. Voyez* Lie, and Lying.
The **fibers** of muſcles. *Fibres.*
Fibrous. *Fibreux, filandré.*
Fickle. *Inconſtant, leger, muable.*
Fickleneſſe. *Inconſtance, mobilité, muableté.*
Fickly. *Inconſtamment.*
A **fiction**. *Fiction, fainčte,*
To **fidder**, or pudder in. *Frenouiller.*
A **fiddle**. *Viole, rebec.*
To **fiddle**. *Jouër du rebec.*
A **fidler**. *Meneſtrier, violier.*
To be **fidling** up and down to no purpoſe. *Niveter.*
Fidelitie. *Fidelité.*
To **fidge** here and there. *Niveter.*
Fie. *Fy, fi.*
A **field**. *Champ; camp.*
A plaine **field**. *Campagne, campaigne.*
Of, or belonging to, a **field**. *Campal.*
Field-rent. *Champar, champart, campart.*
A plaine or open **field**. *Champ ouvert.*
A Corne-**field**. *Champ bledier, terre bledier. Voyez* Corne.
A common **field**. *Champ boſialle.*
To reſide in the **fields**. *Campeger, campayer, campeyer, champoyer.*
A **field** that lies fallow. *Champ de relais.*
To divide a **field** or the crop of it. *Champarter, champartir.*
A divider of **fields**, or **field-rents**. *Champarteur.*
A **Fieldfare**, or **fieldifare**. *Grive, traſle, grive ſiſalle, tourd, tourdelle.*
Fieldie, living in the **fields**. *Campaignart, champeſtre.*
To ſeeke or hunt after **field-mice**. *Moulotter.*
Fierce. *Fier, feroce, farouche, atroce, reveſche, aſpre.*
Somewhat **fierce**. *Fieret.*
Fiercely. *Fierement, atrocement, aſprement.*
Somewhat **fiercely**. *Fierettement.*
Fiercenеſſe. *Ferocité, fierté, aſpreté, atrocité, reveſcherie.*
A **fife**. *Phiphre, Fifre.*
Fifteene. *Quinze.*
The **fiftenth**. *Quinſieme.*
A **fiftenth**. *Certaine taxe, ou impoſition payé au Roy, par toutes les villes du Royaume.*
Fifties. *Cinquante.*
The **fiftieth**. *Cinquantieſme.*
A **figge**. *Figue.*
A **figge-tree**. *Figuier.*
A drie **figge**. *Figue ſeiche, figue de careſme.*
A wild **figge-tree**. *Caprifice.*
A lover, or eater of **figges**. *Figon.*
Not to care a **figge** for one. *Faire la figue à.*
An orchard of **figge-trees**. *Figueraye, figuiére, figuerie.*
A **figge-eater** (bird.) *Papafigue, papefigue, becquefigue.*
To **figge**. *Oeber.*
To **fight**. *Combatre, faire armes, jouër des mains, s'attacher à, batailler.*
To **fight** hard againſt. *Oppugner.*
A **fight**. *Combat, meſlée, vacarme, bataille, attaque.*
To **fight** at ſharpe (to the uttermoſt.) *Combatre à oultrance.*
A **fight** at ſea. *Naumachie, combat naval.*
To **fight** from morning to night, or a battaile out. *Oultrer une journée.*
A **fighter**. *Combatant, combateur.*
Ever **fighting**. *Arietant.*
Figurative. *Figuratif.*
A **figure**. *Figure.*
To **figure**. *Figurer.*
A pretie little **figure**. *Figurine.*
Figured. *Figuré.*
A **figuring**. *Figurement.*
Figuratively. *Par figure.*
Filaments (little ſtrings, threads or haires in veines, in rootes, plants, &c.) *Filamens.*
Full of (thoſe) **filaments**. *Filamenteux.*
A **Filbeard**. *Couldre franche, coudre franche, noiſette, avelaine, avellaine, melline.*
The red **Filbeard**. *Noix pontique.*
The **filbeard** tree. *Avelaignier.*
To **filch**. *Deſrobber, embler, gaſconner, robber, ſoubtraire, larronner.*
Filched. *Deſrobbé, emblé.*
A **filcher**. *Deſrobbeur, poiſſard, larronceau, larronneau, larron.*
A **filching**. *Deſrobbement, furt, robberie; ſubrepſion, larronnerie, larrecin.*
Filching. *Furtif, larrecineux.*
Filchingly. *Furtivement.*
A **file**. *Lime.*
To **file**. *Limer.*
A ſmooch **file**. *Lime ſourde.*
File duſt. *Limaille, limeure, limature.*
Great, groſſeſt **file-duſt**. *Mitaille.*
A **file**, or ranke. *File, filiére, ordre, rang.*
To march by **file**. *Marcher en baye, marcher par ordre.*
Filed. *Limé.*
A **filer**. *Limeur.*
A **filing**. *Limeure, limature.*
Filipendula. *Filipende, filipendule.*
To **Fill**. *Emplir, remplir; aſſouvir.*
To **fill** up (or fulfill.) *Parfournir.*
To **fill** up wine veſſells which have leaked. *Oeiller les vins.*
He hath his whole **fill** of. *Il en a juſques aux oreilles.*
To **fill** with meate. *Saouler, raſſaſier de viande, aſſouvir.*
Filled. *Empli, rempli; aſſouvi.*
Filled with meat. *Saoulé, raſſaſié, aouillé. aſſouvi.*
Filled, as a leaking wine veſſell. *Oeillé.*
A **filler**. *Qui remplit.*
A **fillet**. *Bande, bandeau, tenie, templette.*
The **fillet** of a beaſt. *Filet.*
The ſquare **fillet** of a pillar. *Filet carré.*
Filletted. *Bandé.*
A **fillie**. *Poulaine, poultre.*
A **fillie** of a yeare old. *Eorrette.*
A **filling**. *Remplage, remplifſage, remplifſement, rempliſſm; aſſouviſſement.*
The **filling** up of leakie wine veſſells. *Oeillage de vin.*
A **filling** of the bellie. *Saoulement, raſſaſiement, aſſouviſſement.*

A **filip**. *Chiquenande.*
To **filip**. *Chiquenauder.*
Filipped. *Chiquenaudé.*
A **filme**. *Taye, peau deſlié.*
The **filme** enwrapping the braine. *Meninges.*
Filmie. *Tayeux.*
The ſtuffe **filoſella**. *Feloſelle.*
To **filter**, or ſtraine through a felt. *Filtrer.*
Filtred. diſtilled through a felt. *Filtré.*
A **filtring**. *Filtration.*
Filth, *Ordure, vilenie.*
The **filth** (or greaſineſſe) of wool unwaſhed. *Suin de laine.*
A **filth**, or **filthy** ſloven. *Ordon, ſalezart.*
The **filth** that is ſwept out of a roome. *Les balieures.*
Filthy. *Ord, vilain, ſale, ſaſle, hordoux, maunet; meſchant, ſordide, ſuimeux, vicieux.*
A **filthy** fellow. *Ordon.*
To make **filthie**. *Ordir, vilener, polluer, ſalir, ſaſlir.*
Made **filthie**. *Ordi, pollué, vilené.*
A **filthie** part. *Meſchanceté.*
A making **filthie**. *Ordiſſeure, ſaliſſure.*
Filthily. *Ordément, vilainément, ſalément, meſchamment, ſordidement.*
Filthineſſe. *Saleté, ordure, vilenie, villanie.*
Finall. *Final.*
Finally. *Finalement, finablement.*
A **Finch**. *Pinſon; appelant.*
A bull-**finch**. *Pivoine, ſifleur.*
A gold-**finch**. *Voyez le ſous* Gold.
A green-**Finch**. *Loriot, ſerrant.*
A thiſtle-**finch**. *Chardonneret, cardé.*
To **find**. *Trouver.*
To **find** good. *Trouver bon, approuver.*
To **find** out. *Inventer, trouver.*
To **find** fault with. *Vituperer, blaſmer.*
To **find** out the humor of. *Halener.*
A **find-fault**. *Reprenart, nome.*
A **finder**. *Trouveur, trouveuſſe.*
A **finding**. *Trouvage, trouvement.*
Fineably. *Mulctoire, amendable.*
Fine. Sade, *brave, attinté, joli, joliet, accoinct, accoint, fringant, friſque, gorgias, gent, godin; auſſi, fin, ſubtil, delié, menu, mignon, mince, miſte.*
To make **fine**. *Ajolier, garber; auſſi, delier; affaicter.*
Made **fine**. *Ajolié, affaicté.*
To wax **fine**. *S' ammignonner.*
Somewhat **fine**. *Mincelet.*
A making **fine**. *Affaicterie.*
A **Fine**. *Amende, multe.*
To **fine**, or put to a **fine**. *Multer.*
A **fine** for not appearing. *Aramme.*
To **fine** mettalls. *Affiner, raffiner, finer.*
A **fine**, (or end.) *Fin.*
Fined, or put to a fine. *Mulcté; multé.*
Worthy to be **fined**. *Amendable.*
Fined (as mettalls.) *Affiné, raffiné.*
Fineneſſe. *Gorgiaſeté; menuëté, menuiſeté, mignonneté.*
A **finer** of mettalls. *Affineur, raffineur, arpailleur.*
Finely. *Deliement, mignardement, miſtement, ornément.*
Finely ſet forth. *Orné.*
A **fining** of mettalls. *Affinage, affinement, raffinement, raffinage.*
A **fining** (or amerſing.) *Multation.*
A **fining** houſe. *Affinoire.*
Fining, (or amerſing.) *Mulctoire.*
Finewed. *Moiſi. Voyez* Vinnowed.
A **finger**. *Doigt.*
The **fingers**, or toes joyned together (deformedly.) *Patte d'oye.*
The fore-**finger**. *Doigt indice.*
The middle **finger**. *Doigt ſale, le maiſtre doigt.*
The ring **finger**. *Doigt annulaire, doigt medecin.*
The little **finger**. *Le petit doigt, le doigt auriculaire.*
To **finger** (or handle much.) *Manigoter.*
To **finger**, or lay his **fingers** on. *Empoigner, mettre la main deſſus, mettre les doigts deſſus; Manier tresbien ſes harpes, manigotter.*
The **fingers** ends under the nailes. *Onſe des doigts.*
Fingered. *Empoigné.*
To be light **fingered**. *Avoir les mains crochuës.*
To **finiſh**. *Finir, achever, accomplir, parfaire, finer, faire fin, parachever, mettre à fin.*
Finiſhed. *Fini, achevé, accompli, finé, parachevé, parfaict.*
A **finiſher**. *Accompliſſeur, parfaiſeur.*
A **finiſhing**. *Finement, accompliſſement, achevement, parachevement.*
A **finne** (of a fiſh.) *Aileron, aiſleron, nageoire.*
Finnes (of fiſhes.) *Les ailes de poiſſons, ailerons, les fleaux des poiſſons.*
Fire. *Feu.*
Wild **fire**. *Feu gregeois.*
To ſtire the **fire**. *Attiſer le feu.*
Stirred, as **fire**. *Attiſé.*
S. Helens, or S. Hermes **fire**. *Feu d' Helene, feu S. Herme, ſurole, flambart.*
Holy **fire** (an impoſtumation.) *Feu ſacré.*
Fire-drakes. *Fuirolles.*
To be on **fire**. *Ardoir, ardré, bruſler.*
To **fire**, or ſet on **fire**. *Mettre en feu; attiſer, attiſonner, allumer, enflambre, bruſter.*
A ſetter on **fire**. *Allumeur.*
A **fire-ſteele** (for a tinderbox.) *Fuſil, fuzil.*
Fire-workes. *Feus miſſiles.*
A ſetting on **fire**. *Allumement.*
A **fire-forke**. *Fourche au feu, fourgon.*
The **fire-pan** of a gun. *Le fouyer d'un harquebuze.*
A **fire-ſhovell**, or **fire-panne**. *Paelle à feu.*
A **fire-kindler**, or ſtirrer. *Attiſe-feu.*
A **fire-locke** (peece.) *Arquebuſe à rouet.*
A bone-**fire**. *Feu de joye, feu de behourdis.*
A **fire-brand** of contention. *Suſcitateur de noiſes, attiſe-feu, attiſe querelle.*
A **fire-brand**. *Tiſon; barceleur, attiſefeu.*
To take in **firewood**. *Faire lignade.*
The **fire-pan** of a gun. *Le baſſinet d'un arquebuſe.*
S. Anthonies **fire**. *Feu S. Antboine, feu S. Martial.*
A **fire-ball**. *Iallet embraſé.*
Fired, or ſet on **fire**. *Mis en feu, allumé, enflambé, cuſlammé, bruſté.*
A **firer**. *Incendiaire, attiſe-feu.*
A **firing**. *Incendie, enflambement, allumement.*
Firing, ſetting on fire. *Enflambant, enflammant.*
Firing. *Voyez* Fewell.
A **firkin**. *Barrillet, hambour, hambourg, fillette, barrot; contient 9 Gallons.*
The **firmament**. *Firmament.*
Firme. *Ferme, firme; obſtiné, aſſeuré.*
To make **firme**. *Affermir.*
Made **firme**. *Affermi.*
Firmely. *Fermément; obſtinement, aſſeurément.*
Frimeneſſe. *Fermeté, fermeſſe, firmeté.*
A **Firre** tree. *Sapin; avet.*
Of **firre**, full of **firre**. *Sapineux.*
A grove of **firre** trees. *Sapinette.*
Firſt. *Premierement, prealablement, au prealable.*
The **firſt**. *Le premier.*
Firſt and foremoſt. *Pour un prealable, prealablement.*
At **firſt**, at **firſt** ſight, or arrivall. *D' abbordée, d'arrivée.*
The **firſt** fruites, *Premices.*
Fiſcall. *Fiſcal.*
A **fiſgig**, or **fiſking** houſwife. *Trotiere.*
A **Fiſh**. *Poiſſon.*
A **fiſh-boate** (to keepe fiſh in.) *Sauvoir.*
A **fiſh-hooke**. *Haim, hameçon, ain.*
Sea-**fiſh**. *Marée.*
A **fiſh-market**. *Poiſſonnerie.*
A **fiſh-pond** incloſed. *Parc.*
A **fiſh-day**. *Iour maigre, jour de poiſſon.*
A **fiſh-pond**. *Eſtang, vivier.*
Fiſh-broth, or **fiſh-pickle**. *Murette de poiſſon.*
To **fiſh**. *Peſcher.*
To ſtore with **fiſh**. *Appoiſſonner.*
Stored or furniſhed with **fiſh**. *Appoiſſonné.*
A ſtoring with **fiſh**. *Appoiſſonnement.*
Fiſhed. *Peſché.*
A **fiſher**, or **fiſherman**. *Peſcheur.*
The nets, hookes, and implements of **fiſhers**, or **fiſhermen**. *Apigres.*
The Kings **fiſher** (bird.) *Martinet peſcheur, artre.*
A **fiſhmonger**. *Poiſſonnier.*
A **fiſhmonger** of Cod, and Greene fiſh. *Poiſſonnier morayer.*
A **fiſt**. *Poing.*
To **fiſt** it. *S'entrepelauder à coups de poing.*
The **fiſticke-nut**. *Fiſtique, piſtaces, piſtaches.*
Of **fiſticke** nuts. *Fiſticin.*
A **fiſtula**. *Fiſtule, mal de S. Gilles.*
Fit. *Apte. Voyez* **fitt**.
A **fit** of an ague. *Accez de fievre, paroxiſme.*
A **fitch**, or **fulmart**. *Pitois, fiſſan.*
Fitches. *Garvences, guarbances.*
A croſſe **fitchet**. *Croix fichée, (en blazon.)*
Fit. *Apte, propre; expedient, ſortable, opportun.*

Fit for. *Habile, adeſtre, adextre, adroit.*
To **fit**, or make **fit**. *Apter, accommoder, adapter; habiliter, adeſtrer, adjancer, affaſſonner, ageancer, agencer, approprier, attinter.*
To **fit** at all points. *Ordonner.*
Fittable. *Accommodable.*
Fitted, *Accommodé, habilé, approprié, attinté, adjancé, agencé, ageance.*
Fitted at all points. *Ordonné.*
A **Fitting**. *Adaptation, accommodation, adjancement, agencement, ageancement, appropriement.*
Ill **fitting**. *Malavenant.*
Fitly. *Apterment, proprement, habilement, ſortablement, opportunément, ordonnément.*
Fitneſſe. *Aptitude, appoinct.*
Fitneſſe of time. *Opportunité.*
Five. *Cinq.*
To yeeld **five** for one. *Cinquener.*
To **fix**. *Ficher, affiſcher.*
To **fix** into the earth. *Arborer.*
Fixed. *Fiché, affiché.*
Fixed into the earth. *Arboré, planté, parqué.*
A **Fixer**. *Ficheur.*
Fixedly. *Fichément.*
A **fixing**. *Fichemént, ficheure, affichement.*
A **Flabell**. *Eſventoir, eſventail.*
Flabergudgions. *Trainquenailles.*
A **flaburgoliion**. *Baligaut.*
A **flag**. *Pennon, peneau.*
A little **flag** (of taffata.) *Pannonceau, pennonceau, pennoncel.*
To **flag**, or hang **flagging**. *Fleſtrir, alachir.*
A little **flag**. *Fanderolle.*
Garden **flag**. *Flambe. Voyez* **flaxwort** *de luce.*
Flag. *Flageollet, varig.*
Water **flag**, or yellow **flag**. *Flambe de riviere, flambe baſtarde.*
To wax **Flaggie**. *S'affiaquir, S'avachir.*
Flaggie. *Flaque, flache, flaſche, flaccide, floſche, floche, Gavache; halleboté.*
Growne **flaggie**. *Avachi.*
Flaggineſſe. *Fleſtriſſeure.*
Flagging. *Flaccide.*
Hung **flagging**. *Alachi.*
To hang **flagging**. *Alachir.*
A **flagging**. *Alachiſſement.*
A **flagon**, or **flagon**. *Flaſcon, flaccon, brot.*
Flagrant. *Flagrant.*
A **flaile** (to threſh with.) *Flayau, Fleau.*
A **flake**. *Floquet.*
Flakes that flee from hammered red hot iron. *Pailles de fer.*
A **flake** of ice. *Floquet de glace, glaçon.*
A **flame**, or a **flimflam** tale. *Riotte.*
A **flame**. *Flamme, flambe.*
A little **flame**. *Flambillon, flammette.*
To **flame**. *Flamber, flamboyer.*
To ſet on a **flame**. *Enflamber, allumer.*
Flame colour. *Couleur flamboyant.*
Flamingly. *Flamboyantement.*
The **flankes**. *Des flancs, les hypocondres.*
To **flanke**. *Flanquer.*
Flanked. *Flanqué.*
A **flanker**. *Flanchere.*
A **flap**. *Mouchet.*
To **flap** (or ſtrike.) *Frapper, ferir.*
A **flap** or **clap**. *Flac, beurt, borion, patact.* ¶ Gaſc.
A **flie-flap**. *Emouchail, mouſchetiere.*
To **flap**, or make to **flap**. *Flacquer.*
The **flap** or backe point of a Friars cowle *Cahuët.*
The **flap** covering the weeſel of the throat. *La languette qui couvre le col des poulmons, alouette de la gorge.*
Flapped. *Frappé.*
A **flapping**. *Frappement.*
A **flaſh** (of lighning or of light.) *Eſclair.*
A **flaſh** of fire. *Bouffée de feu.*
To **flaſh** out. *Eſclairer.*
A **flaſh** of water. *Gaſchis d'eau.*
To **flaſh** (as water.) *Gaſcher.*
Flaſhed. *Eſclairé.*
A **flaſher** of water. *Gaſcheur.*
Flaſhie. *Gaſcheux.*
A **flaſhing** of water. *Gaſchement d'eau, Gaſchis d'eau, ou, Gachis d'eau.*
A **flaſke** (for powder.) *Flaſque.*
A little **flaſke**. *Flaſquet.*
A **flaſket**. *Banne, benne, Manequin, Manne.*
Of, or belonging to, a **flaſket**. *Banneux.*
Flatneſſe, alſo **flat**. *Plat.*
To **flat**, **flatten**, or make **flat**. *Flattir, applatir.*
Flat-noſed. *Camard, camar, camus, camuſe.*
A **flat** lingot (of metall.) *Plaque.*
The **flat** part of a thing **flatted**. *Le plat.*
Flat and thinne ſtones. *Plateux, plateaux.*
Flat grattiching, or fewmiſhing of a Deere. *Fumées en plateaux.*
A **flat** piece, or plat of ground. *Aire.*
A **flat**, or a **flat** ſtrand. *Platin.*
A **flat**, (or thin) piece of wood or metall. *Platine.*
A **flat**, or ſhelfe. *Platis, Plattis.*
A **flat**-band, or bend. *Plattebande.*
A **flat** noſe. *Nez camard.*
To make **flat** noſed, or **flatten** the noſe. *Camuſer.*
The being **flat** noſed. *Camuſerie.*
Somewhat **flat** noſed. *Camuſet.*
A little **flat** noſed wench. *Camuſette.*
Flatts in the ſea. *Les baſſes de la mer.*
Flatted, **flattened**, or made **flat**. *Flatti, acamuſé, applati.*
To **flatter**. *Flater, efflater, pateliner, Sadayer, filer doux, bailler du plat de la langue, flageoler en l'oreille, repateliner, amadoüer, amignotter, applanier, palper, parler doucement.*
Flattered. *Flaté, amadoüé, efflaté.*
A **flatterer**. *Flateur, adulateur, amadoüeur, patelin, mignardeur, applaudiſſeur, papelard paraſite.*
Halfe a **flatterer**. *Flatereau.*
Flatterie, or a **flattering**. *Flaterie, aſſentation, flatement, patelinage, adulation, amadoüement, amignotement.*
Belonging to **flatterie**. *Adulatoire.*
Flattering. *Flatant, flatard, amignotaire, aſſentatoire.*
A **Flattering** wench. *Flatereſſe, flateuſe.*
Flatteringly. *Flateuſement.*
A **flatting**, **flattening**, or making **flat**. *Applatiſſement.*
Flatly. *Tout à plat.*
Flatulencie. *Flatuoſité.*
Flatulent. *Flatulent, flatueux.*
To **flaunt** it. *Se gorgiaſer.*
Flaunting. *Gorgias.*
Flaunting wenches. *Femmes à la grand gorre.*
A little **flaxe** in a ſtone. *Glaçon, capilament.*
A **flaxe** in a blade. *Paille.*
Full of **flaxes**. *Pailleux.*
A **flaxe** (or guſt) of wind. *Tourbillon de vent.*
A **flaxone**. *Flan, cache-muſeau; Flandelaict; frondelet.*
Flax. *Lin.*
Fine **flax**, dreſſed **flax**, ready for the diſtaffe. *Filace, fillaſſe.*
A **flax** combe. *Stran, broſſe.*
A **flax**-man, or ſeller of flax. *Linir; ſerancier.*
A **flax**-woman, or **flax**-dreſſer. *Liniere, Brayere, Filandiere.*
Flax-weed, wild **flax**. *Linaire, lin ſauvage.*
Flaxen. *Linge, lin.*
To **flay**. *Eſcorcher; glaber.*
Flayed. *Eſcorché, pelé.*
A **flayer**. *Eſcorcheur.*
A **flaying**. *Eſcorchement.*
A **flea**. *Pulce.*
Full of **fleas**. *Pulceux, pulcier.*
A little **flea**. *Pulçot.*
Flea-woort, **flea**-bane. *Pulciere, l'herbe à pulces, herbe à punaiſes, herbe de S. Roch.*
Fleaie. *Pulcier.*
Fleame. *Flegme, fleume.*
A **dot**, or lump of **fleame**. *Glaçon.*
To ſpit a dot of **fleame**. *Cracher un jacobin.*
A **fleame** (a barbers inſtrument to divide the gum from the tooth.) *Deſchauſſoir.*
Fled. *Fui, enfui, Participe du verbe* to Flee, to Flie.
Fled unto. *Advolé.*
Fledge. *Empenné, emplumé, qui a des plumes, ou de pennes.*
To **flee**. *Fuir, s'enfuir.*
A **fleece**. *Toiſon, bouſſure de laine.*
The golden **fleece**. *Le toiſon d'or.*
A full growne **fleece**. *Maire laine.*
To **fleece**. *Plumer.*
Fleeced. *Plumé.*
A **fleecing**. *Plumement.*
A **fleete**. *Flotte de navires.*
The **fleete**. *Le nom d'un priſon à Londres.*
Fleeting. *Labile.*
Flegmatick. *Flegmatique.*
Flegmie. *Glettreux.*
A **flegmon**. *Flegmon.*
A **flemming**. *Flamen.*
Fleſh. *Chair.*
Fleſh-time, when fleſh is to be eaten. *Charnaut, charnage.*
Fleſh-colour. *Baillet, couleur baillette.*
Fleſh, or **fleſh**-meat. *Charnage, carnages.*
To get **fleſh**, or grow into good liking. *Prendre chair.*
Amended in **fleſh**. *Hubi.*
To take **fleſh** from, to make bare of **fleſh**. *Deſcharner.*
To go the way of all **fleſh**. *Paſſer le pas, treſpaſſer, mourir.*
A **fleſh**-hooke. *Havet à chair.*
To **fleſh**-baſt (a lining.) *Glater.*
To **fleſh** on. *Acharner, attirer.*

Flesh-basted. *Glacé.*
Fleshed on. *Acharné, attiné.*
Fleshed in crueltie as a Woolfe. *Allouvi.*
The fleshie part of the hand. *Le mollet de la main.*
Fleshie. *Charnu, carnassier, carnacier.*
Fleshie matters. *Carnasseries.*
Fleshinesse. *Charnure.*
A fleshing on. *Acharnement.*
Fleshlesse. *Descharné, maigre; sans chair.*
Fleshlie. *Charnel.*
Fleshlinesse. *Charnalité, carnosité.*
Fleurettie. *Fleurette. (en blazon.)*
A fleuron, or fleuret. *Fleuron.*
Flew. *Voloit. (L'imparfait de verbe to Flie.)*
Flexible. *Flexible, facile à flechir, souple.*
Flexiblenesse. *Souplesse.*
Flexuositie. *Flexuosité.*
To flicker. *Voleter, vndoyer, balevoter, bavoler. Voyez* to Flitter.
To flicker over. *Survoleter.*
To flie, or flee. *Fuir, enfuir, prendre la garite, faire gille.*
To flie *(as birds.)* *Voler.*
To flie at birds *(as an ill made hawke.)* *Oiseler.*
As fast as he can flie. *A tire d'aile.*
To flie unto. *Advoler, affuier.*
A flie. *Mouscbe, mouche.*
A little flie. *Moucheron, mouchon, mouscheron, moussieron.*
A flie-catcher. *Mouscheur, naque-mouche; bayard.*
A dogge-flie. *Mouche à chien.*
To flie over. *Survoler.*
A huge flie boate. *Houque.*
A gadde-flie. *Taban, taon.*
To flie a high pitch. *Voler de hault aile.*
To flie *(or save himselfe by flight.)* *Heberger, s'enfuir.*
A flie-flap. *Mouschetiere.*
A flight. *Volée.*
A flight unto. *Advolée, advolement.*
A flight-shaft. *Flis.*
To fling. *Ietter, jetter.*
A fling. *Jettée, jettée.*
A flinger. *Ietteur.*
A flinging. *Iettement.*
A flint. *Caillou.*
A small flint stone. *Cailletau.*
A flint stone *(for a tinderbox.)* *Pierre à fusil.*
Flintie, or full of small flint-stones. *Caillouteux, cailloëux, caillouteux.*
Flintie, or stony places. *Lieux caillouteux.*
A flirt. *Saffrette, gadrouillette, gaultiere, saccade, bagasse. Voyez* Queane, Trull, Punke.
A flitch of bacon. *Fliche de lard, fleche de lard, vne bande de lard.*
To flit. *Migrer, s'en aller, passager, passer.*
To flitter. *Voleter, volatiliser.*
To flitter over. *Survoleter.*
A flitter-mouse. *Chauve-souris.*
A flittering. *Volement.*
A flitting. *Migration, mobilité.*
Flitting. *Passager, passagier, Gyrouettieux.*
The Flix. *Flux.*
The bloudie flix. *Caque-sangue, Dyssenterie.*
Flix-weed, or flixwort. *Sophie.*
To floate. *Floter, flotter. Voyez* to Flote.
Floated on. *Nage.*
A flocke. *Troupeau, bercail.*
A litle flocke. *Troupelet.*
A flocke of people. *Vne troupe de gens, foule, flotte de gens.*
A flocke of wooll. *Floc, flocon de laine.*
To flocke together. *Entroupeler, s'assembler, troppeter, entrouper.*
A flocke *(or troope)* of wild beasts. *Harde, harelle, harpail, herpail.*
A flock-bed. *Lict de matlas.*
Flockes of haire. *Flocquets de poil.*
Flocked. *Troupé, entroupelé, assemblé.*
A Flocking. *Troupement.*
A Floore. *Pavé, parterre, aire; plancher; fond.*
A floore full of. *Airée.*
A boorded floore. *Plancher, planchage, planchier,*
To floore with plankes, or boords. *Plancher, planchéer, planchayer, planchéter, planchéyer.*
The floore-timbers *(or ribs)* of a ship. *Varangues, varengues.*
A floore laid with stone, brick, plaister, &c. *Pavé.*
To floore with stone, &c. *Paver.*
A barne floore. *L'aire d'un grange.*
Floored with plankes, or boords. *Planché, planchayé, planchéyé.*
Floored with stone, brick, plaister, &c. *Pavé.*
A Flooring with plankes, or boords. *Planchage.*
A Flozentine *(made dish.)* *Tourte.*
Flozet like. *Fleuret.*
A Flozin (a piece of coine.) *Florin.*
To Flote. *Floflotter, flotter, floter, fluctuer, nager, ondoyer; surflotter; surnager.*
To flote upon the waves. *Suronder.*
Set a flote. *Flotté.*
A float-boate *(of timber joyned.)* *Flotte de marrein.*
Floated. *Ondoyé.*
Floating. *Floflotant, flottant, flotelant, flotte, à flo, nageant, ondoyant.*
A floting. *Flotage, flottement, floflotement, fluctuation, nagement, nageure, ondoyement.*
The floting of any water. *Flot.*
Flotsens, or flotzams *(goods floting.)* *Choses du flo.*
A flovd. *Fleuve, flot.*
A flovd-gate. *Bocque, boque.*
A Flounder (fish.) *Flez, flette.*
Flowzinesse, or store of flower. *Fleurage.*
To Flourish. *Fleurir.*
A flourish. *Fleurtis.*
To flourish with weapons. *Brandir.*
An idle flourish *(of words.)* *Fleuretis de paroles.*
A vaine and effectlesse flourish. *Cagade.*
A flourish before the matter. *Prelude.*
Flourisht worke in seeling. *Guymberges, guyberges.*
Flourishing. *Fleuri, fleurissant, fleuronné, fleury, flori; floride.*
A flourishing. *Fleurtis.*
To Flovte. *Voyez* to Flowte.
To Flow. *Flotter, couler, fluer.*
Flowing; flot. *Fluidité, Fluction, flux, affluence.*
Flowing. *Flotant, fluide, Floflotant.*
The flowing of the sea. *La Marée.*
Flowingly. *Fluidement.*
A Flower. *Fleur.*
A little flower. *Fleurette, fleuron.*
A heape, store, or abundance of flowers. *Fleurage.*
The Flower-deluce. *Fleur de lis, flageollet.*
The blew flower-deluce. *Flambe.*
The water flower-deluce. *Flambe de riviere.*
White flower-deluce. *Flambe blanche.*
Cuckoe flower. *Passerage sauvage.*
Flower-gentle, or flower-amour. *Fleur d'amour, passe velours, jalousie, la fleur noble, amarantbe.*
A flower-pot. *Violier.*
To deprive of flowers. *Effleurer.*
Deprived of flowers. *Effleuré.*
Flower (of meale.) *Fleur de farine.*
Womens monethly flowers. *Les fleurs, les mois des femmes, menstrue, fleurs de femme.*
Belonging, or like unto womens flowers. *Menstrual.*
Shee hath her flowers. *Elle a son cardinal; ses fleurs, ses mois.*
Flowerie. *Fleureux.*
Flowne. *Volé, Participe du verbe* to Flie.
To Flowt. *Se mocquer de, brocarder, se gaudir de, bailler des cassades, gausser, gosser, ramponner, berner, gaber, rejauner, mettre sur les rangs, nasarder, nazarder, viedazer le nez à.*
A flowte. *Mocquerie, brocard, gosse, ramponne, gaberie, gabes, cassade.*
Full of flowtes. *Gaboux.*
Flowted. *Mocqué, brocardé, gaudi, gausse, gossé, berné, nasardé.*
A Flowter. *Mocqueur, brocardeur, gaudisseur, gausseur, gosseur, gaberr, gaboux.*
A Flowting. *Brocarderie, gaudisserie, gosserie, mocquerie.*
Flowting. *Gaudissant.*
Flowtes. *Moquettes.*
Flung. *Jetté, jettè. Participe du verbe* to Fling.
A crosse flurt. *Croix Florencée. (en blazon.)*
Flush (at cards.) *Flux, flus; aussi* flush *(or mellow.)* *Parfu.*
A Flute. *Fleute, flute.*
A little flute. *Flusteau.*
To play on the flute. *Fleuter, fluter.*
To flute or chanell. *Caneler.*
Fluted, or chanelled. *Canelé.*
A Fluter, or player on the flute. *Fleuteur, fluteur.*
A Fluteresse, or woman playing on the flute. *Fleuteuse.*
A Fluting, or chanelling. *Caneleure, canelure.*
A Flux. *Flux, fluction.*
Fluxible. *Fluxible.*
Fluxile. *Fluxil.*
A Fluxion. *Fluxion.*
A Fly. *Mouscbe.*
A Flying unto. *Advolée, avolement*
To Fly. *Voler; fuir. Voyez* to Flie.
A Flying at birds *Oiselerie.*
Flying. *Volant, ailé.*
The Flying fish. *Lendole, arondelle de mer.*

A **foale**. *Poulain. Voyez* Fole.
Foame. *Eſcume; fleurée, bave.*
To **foame**. *Eſcumer, baver.*
Of **foame**. *Eſcumier.*
The (ſilver coloured) **foame** of tried lead. *Argerite.*
Foamie. *Eſcumeux, baveux.*
A **foaming**. *Baverie.*
Foamingly. *Baveuſement.*
Fodder (for cattell.) *Fourrage, fourre, paſture.*
Fodder of ſtraw. *Eſtrain.*
To **fodder**. *Fourrager, paſturer, affeurrer, affourrer, affourrager.*
Foddered. *Fourragé, affeurré.*
A **fodderer**. *Fourragеur.*
A **foddering**. *Fourragement.*
A **foddering** place. *Mandre.*
A **foe**. *Ennemi.*
A ſhee **foe**. *Ennemie.*
A **fog**. *Broüillar, brouillas, brouée, neble.*
To **fog** over. *Adombrer.*
Foggie. *Molaſſe; nebuleux.*
Foilable. *Rebutable.*
A **foile**. *Floret, eſpée rabatue.*
A **foile** (or repulſe.) *Rebutée, affolure.*
To **foile**. *Fouler, oppreſſer, rebouter, rebuter, repoulſer, affoler.*
The **foile**, or ſteele of a looking-glaſſe. *Plaque de plomb en vn miroir.*
A **foile** (for a Diamond.) *La fuille d'un diamant.*
To give a **foile** unto. *Donner le croc en jambe à, donner la jambette.*
Foiled. *Foulé, oppreſſé; fripaillé, rebuté, rebouté, repoulſe, affolé.*
A **foiling**. *Foulement, rebutement, repoulſement, affolement.*
Foiſon. *Abondance, foiſon.*
A **foiſt**. *Fuſte; baye, baliverne.*
To **foiſt** or cogge. *Iocher, ſadayer, ſtater, menſonger, barater, baliverner, donner balliverne, mentir.*
A **foiſter**. *Menteur, barateur, bailleur, de balliverne, Noſtradame.*
A **foiſting**. *Menterie, ſornette.*
Foiſted in. *Obreptice, ſubreptice.*
A **foiſting** in. *Subreption.*
To **fold**. *Plier. Voyez* to Fould.
A **fold**. *Pli.*
To **fold**, or put into a **fold**. *Parquer.*
A ſheep **fold** *Bergerie, parcage, bergeail, le parc ou l'on ſerre de brebis.* ¶ Nicot.
A pin-**fold**. *Voyez le ſous* Pinne.
Folds of hurdles for ſheep. *Parquetages.*
To **fold** ſheep. *Serrer les brebis au parc, ou dans la bergerie; parquer.*
Folded. *Plié.*
Folded, or put into a **fold**. *Parqué.*
A **folding**. *Pliage, pliaiſon, pliement.*
A **folding** of ſheep. *Parcage.*
A **fole**. *Poulain, poultre.*
To **fole** an aſſe. *Aſuonner.*
Fole-foot. *Baſcar, cabaret, pied de poulain, herbe aux pattes, taconne, taconnet, ongle caballine, aſare, patte de cheval.*
(A mare) to **fole**. *Poulainer, pouliner.*
A **foling**. *Poulainement, poulinement.*
Foling. *Poulainant.*
Folke. *Gens.*
Follie. *Folie, ſottiſe; gaillardiſe, gaillardeté, balorderie.*
To **follow**. *Suyure, ſuivre.*
To **follow** after. *Pourſuyure, enſuyure.*
Followed. *Suivi, ſuyvi, enſuivi, pourſuyvi.*
A **follower**. *Suivant, ſuyvant, pourſuyvant.*
A great mans **followers** (or traine.) *Attirail.*
A **following**. *Suitte.*
Following. *Enſuyvant, ſuyvant.*
Fome. *Eſcume. Voyez* Foame.
To **foment**. *Fomenter, baſſiner.*
Fomented. *Fomenté, baſſiné.*
A **fomenting**, or **fomentation**. *Fomentation, baſſinement, fotu.*
Fond. *Fol, folaſtre, ſot.*
To be **fond** of. *S'aſſoter de; auſſi mignoter.*
A **fond** wench. *Nigaude, nigeuſe.*
Fond of. *Aſſoté de.*
Fond tricks. *Folatreries, nigauderies.*
Fondly. *Folaſtrément, folement.*
Fondneſſe. *Folie; freſſurades, niaiſerie.*
A **font**. *Le fons à baptiſer.*
To be a childs witneſſe at the **font**. *Lever vn enfant des fons, tenir vn enfant ſur le fons.*
Food. *Nourriture, mangeaille, manger; paſture, refection; morche, aliment, paſt.*
A **fole**. *Fol, bedault, ſot, mat, mime, caillette; guillaume.*
An arrant **fole**. *Fol à la haulte game.*
A **foles** head. *Cabochon.*
A **fole** in a play. *Badin.*
Made a **fole**. *Badelorié.*
To play the **fole**. *Badiner; folier.*
To make a **foole** of. *Se mocquer de, viedazer le nez à.*
Foleria. *Folatrie, badinage, badinerie, nigauderie, pataſterie.*
Foleries. *Beſſleries, fanfreluches antidotées, minauderies, nigeries.*
Foliſh. *Fol, ſot, gruë, abſurde, balourde, balorde.*
Foliſh dalliance. *Folaſtrément.*
Foliſhly. *Folement, ſottement, badinement.*
To doe a thing **foliſhly**. *Faire le mibaudichon.*
Foliſhneſſe. *Folié, abſurdité.*
A **ford**. *Gué.* **Fords**, *Gaiz, gayer.*
A **foot**. *Pied, baſe, baze.*
A club, or ſtub-**foot**. *Pied bot.*
The **foot** of a beaſt. *Patte.*
A **foot-ball**. *Balon.*
A **foot-cloth**. *Houſſe.*
A **footman**. *Pieton; Laquay.*
To **foot** it. *Marcher, treper, trepiller.*
A **foot-ſtep**. *Pas, veſtige.*
A ſplay **foot**. *Pied plat.*
A **foot-ſtall**. *Marche-pied.*
The **footſtall** of a pillar. *Stylobate; patin, patte, baſe, baze.*
Gooſe-**foot**. *Pied de canard, pied de jars.*
Doves **foot**, or Pigeons **foot**. *Pied de colombe.*
Crow-**foot**. *Pied de corbin.*
Crow **foot** Plantaine. *Pied de corneille.*
Hares-**foot**. *Pied de lievre.*
Lions-**foot**. *Pied de lion.*
Kites **foot**. *Pied de milan.*
Fole-**foot**. *Pied de poulain. Voyez le ſonbs* Fole.
Calves-**foot**. *Pied de veau.*
A Griffons **foot**. *Pied de Griffon. (Inſtrument de Chirurgien.)*
On **foot**. *A pied.*
To tread under **foot**. *Fouler aux pieds.*
To alight on **foot**. *Deſcendre à pied, mettre pied en terre.*
Footmen of an army. *Infanterie, pietons, ſoldats morionnez.*
Footed. *Qui a des pieds.*
Broad-**footed**. *Patté, patu, pattu, paté.*
Splay-**footed**. *Qui a les pieds plats, patu, pattu.*
Rough-**footed**. *Patepeluë, pattepeluë.*
Cloven-**footed**. *Pied fourchu.*
A **footing**. *Marcher, marchure; marchette.*
Footing it. *Marchant.*
A **fop**. *Badault, badelori, godelureau, niais, guillaume, jangipon, nigaud, nigauld, Nigeur, folet, mat.*
To play the **fop**. *Niger, nigander.*
Fopperie. *Badauderie, badaudiſe, folatrie, badinage, badinerie, pataſterie, balorderie, niaiſerie, nigauderie, nigerie.*
Foppiſh. *Fol, badin.*
Somewhat **foppiſh**. *Folet, foleton.*
Foppiſhly. *Folement, badinement.*
Foppiſhneſſe. *Folie, ſotiſe.*
For. *Pour.* (*Prepoſition.*)
For. *Car.* (*Conjunction.*)
For ever, **for** ever and ever. *A jamais; à grand jamais, à tout jamais, touſjours, es ſiecles des ſiecles.*
For all that. *Non obſtant.*
Forage. *Voyez* Forrage.
To **forbeare**. *Se deporter, ſe deporter de, abſtenir, ſe garder de, deſiſter.*
Forbearance. *Abſtinence, deſiſtement.*
To **forbid**. *Defendre, inhiber, prohiber, engarder.*
Forbidden. *Defendu, inhibé, prohibé; engardé.*
A **forbidder**. *Prohibeur.*
A **forbidding**. *Defenſe, inhibition, prohibition.*
Forbidding. *Prohibitoire.*
Forborne. *Deporté, deſiſté, Participe du verbe* to Forbeare.
Force. *Force, violence; auſſi, pouvoir, puiſſance; nerf.*
To **force**. *Forcer, contraindre, violenter, aſtreindre.*
To **force** by neceſſity. *Neceſſiter.*
Of **force**. *Force forcée, neceſſairement.*
Forceleſſe. *Foible; aganni.*
By **force**. *A force, par force, neceſſité.*
To loſe **force**. *Aganuir.*
To **force** down to the bottome. *Enfonſer.*
Forceable. *Forçable.*
Forced. *Forcé, contrainct, violenté, a ſtreinct.*
Forced downe to the bottome. *Enfonſé.*
To make **forceleſſe**. *Aneantir.*
Made **forceleſſe**. *Aneanti, aganni.*
A **forcer**. *Forceur, contraigneur.*
Forcible. *Violent; puiſſant, pregnant; momental; nerveux, nerva, perempioire.*
Forcibly. *Contrainctement, violemment, nervenſement, violentement; puiſſamment, pregnamment, de hauteluicte.*
A **forcing**. *Forcement, contraincte.*
Fore. *Prepoſition inſeparable; & ſignifie* Before, *Devant, anterieur.*
Fore-appointed. *Predeſtiné, freſini, preſix.*

A **fore-appointment**. *Predeſtination, preſixion.*
Forecaſt. *Providence, accorteſſe, accortiſe.*
To **forecaſt**. *Preveoir ; pourvoir.*
Forecaſt. *Preveu, pourveu. (Participe.)*
Of great **forecaſt**. *Accort.*
A **forecalling**. *Aviſement, adviſement.*
Fore-cholen. *Preeſlu.*
Fore-conceived. *Avant-conceu.*
Our **fore-fathers**. *Devanciers, Anceſtres, nos maieurs, predeceſſeurs.*
The **forefoot** of a horſe. *Main de cheval.*
A **forefront**, or **foreſide** of a houſe. *Façade, faciate d'une maiſon, frontiſpice.*
To **foregheſſe**. *Prediviner, preſagier, preſager.*
A **foregheſſing**. *Predivination, preſage.*
Foregheſſing. *Preſagiant, preſagieux.*
A **foregoer**. *Preceſſeur.*
A **foregoing**. *Precedence, avant courrement.*
Foregoing. *Precedent.*
The **fore-head**. *Front.*
A **forehead** cloth. *Fronteau.*
A **forehead-band**. *Frontal.*
The **forehead bone**. *Os frontal.*
An unwrinkled **forehead**. *Apparence frontal.*
Of, or belonging to, the **forehead**. *Frontal.*
To **fore-imagine**. *Prevoir.*
Fore-imagined. *Preveu.*
Foreine. *Forain, eſtrange. Voyez* Forreine.
A **foreiner**. *Eſtranger.*
To **forejudge**. *Prejuger.*
Forejudged. *Prejugé.*
A **fore-judgement**. *Prejugement, prejugé.*
To **foreknow**. *Precognoiſtre ; predivimer.*
Foreknowledge. *Precognition, precognoiſſance, preſcience.*
Foreknown. *Precogneu.*
The **forenoone**. *La matinée.*
To **fore-ordaine**. *Preordonner.*
Fore-ordained. *Preordonné.*
A **fore-placing**. *Premiſe.*
A **fore-planting**. *Preplantement.*
A **fore-porch**. *Avant-portail.*
A **fore-preparation**. *Preparation.*
Fore-runners. *Les moettes, mouëttes.*
A **fore-runner**. *Avant-courreur, avant-courreux.*
The **fore-runners** of an army. *Avant-courreurs, bateurs d'eſtrade.*
Fore-running. *Prealable, avant courreux.*
Fore-running. *Avant-courreur.*
To **fore-ſay**. *Predire.*
A **fore-ſaying**. *Prediction.*
The **fore-ſaile** of a ſhip. *La miſaine.*
To **fore-ſee**. *Preveoir, prediviner.*
A **fore-ſeeing**. *Precaution, predivination.*
Fore-ſeeing. *Prevoyant, accort.*
Foreſeene. *Preveu.*
To **fore-ſhew**. *Premonſtrer, predire, prenoncer, preſagier, preſager.*
Fore-ſhewed, or **foreſhewn**. *Premonſtré, prenoncé, preſignifié.*
A **fore-ſhewing**. *Preſage.*
The **fore-skinne**. *Prepuce.*
A **fore-ſpeech**. *Preface.*
A **fore-ſpeaker**. *Avant-parleur.*
A **foreſt**. *Foreſt.*
A **foreſt** of high trees. *Fuſtaye.*
Foreſt-like. *Foreſtain, foreſtier.*
The ſide of a **foreſt**. *Les ailes d'un foreſt.*
A **foreſter**. *Foreſtier.*
To **foreſtall**. *Anticiper, obvier à, adevancer.*
Foreſtalled. *Anticipé.*
A **foreſtaller**. *Anticipant.*
A **foreſtalling**. *Anticipation.*
Foreſtalling. *Anticipant.*
A **foretaſter**. *Preguſte.*
To **foretell**. *Predire, prenoncer, preſagier, preſager.*
A **foreteller**. *Prediſeur, fatidique.*
A **foretelling**. *Prediction, preſage.*
The **foreteeth**. *Les dents de devant.*
To **forethink**. *Premediter, avant-penſer.*
Forethought. *Premeditation.*
Forethought of. *Premedité.*
Foretold. *Predit, prenoncé, preſignifié.*
A **fore-wall**. *Avant-mur.*
To **forewarne** of (the matter he is to deliver.) *Attiltrer.*
To **forfeit**. *Forfaire, confiſquer.*
A **forfeit**. *Comme* Forfeiture.
Forfeited. *Confiſqué.*
A **forfeiture**. *Forfaicture, forfaiture, confiſcation, peine.*
To **forge**. *Forger ; menſonger, mentir.*
To **forge** with ſteele. *Acerer.*
To **forge** or deviſe. *Inventer, controuver.*
A **forge**. *Forge, fabre, forge à fer.*
Forged. *Forgé ; menſonger.*
Forged, or deviſed. *Controuvé, inventé.*
A **forger**. *Forgeron, forgeur.*
A **forger**, or deviſes. *Inventeur.*
A **forger**, or falſifier of writings. *Faulſaire.*
A **forgerie**. *Invention, controuvement.*
A **forging**. *Forgement.*
Forging. *Forgeant.*
To **forget**. *Oublier ; meſcognoiſtre, omettre, paſſer.*
He **forgot** not. *Il ne s'eſt point meſcogneu.*
A **forgetter**. *Oublieur.*
Forgetfull. *Oublieux, oblivieux, oubliant.*
Forgetfulneſſe. *Oubliance, oblivion, oubli, oublition, amneſtie.*
Cauſing **forgetfulneſſe**. *Oblivieux.*
A **forgetting**. *Omiſſion.*
Forgiveable. *Pardonnable.*
To **forgive**. *Pardonner.*
To **forgive** wholly. *Abſoudre, mettre ſous pieds.*
Forgiven. *Pardonné, abſous.*
A **forgiver**. *Pardonneur.*
Forgiveneſſe. *Pardon, remiſſion ; merci.*
An abſolute **forgiveneſſe**. *Abſolte, abſolution.*
A **forgiving**. *Pardonnement.*
To **forgoe**. *Laiſſer, delaiſſer, abandonner, quitter, guerpir, gurpir.*
To **forgoe** his right. *Paſſer ſon droict.*
A **forgoer**. *Abandonneur.*
A **forgoing**. *Delaiſſement, guerpine, guerpiſon, gurpiſon.*
Forgone. *Abandonné, laiſsé, guerpi.*
Forgotten. *Oublié, omis.*
A **forke**. *Fourche, fourc, fourché.*
A little **forke**. *Fourchette, fourchelle.*
The **forke-fiſh** (a kinde of ſcate.) *Glorin, paſtenaque.*
To **forke**. *Fourcher.*
An oven **forke**. *Fourgon, furgon.*
Forked. *Fourchu, fourciné, fourcheu.*
A **forked** arrow-head. *Fer de fleſche à oreilles.*
Halfe **forked**. *My-forchu.*
Forkedly. *Fourchément, fourchument.*
Forkednelle, *Fourc, fourché.*
A **forket**. *Fourcheon, fourchon, fourchette,*
Forkinelle, or **forkednelle**. *Fourcheure.*
Forlorne. *Aſſode, frelore, hairreux, malotru.*
Formall. *Formel.*
Formalitie. *Formalité.*
To **forme**. *Former, formelizer, façonner, faire, modeler, affaſſonner.*
A **forme** (or bench.) *Banc.*
A little **forme**. *Bancelle.*
A **forme**. *Forme, air ; maniere, ſorte, moyen ; moderne.*
The **forme** of a Hare. *Giſte d'un lievre, Havand.*
Formed. *Formé, formelizé.*
A **former**. *Formateur.*
Former. *Premier, prealable, anterieur.*
In **former** times. *Paravant, auparavant.*
Formerly. *Prealablement, au prealable, precedemment, anterieurement.*
A **forming**. *Formation.*
Formoſt. *Prealablement.*
The **formoſt**. *Le plus avancé.*
A **fornication**. *Fornication.*
A **fornicator**. *Fornicateur.*
To play the **fornicator**. *Forniquer.*
Forrage. *Fourrage, fourrie ; paſture.*
To **forrage**. *Fourrager.*
Forraged. *Fourragé.*
A **forrager**. *Fourrageur.*
The **forragers** of an armie. *Batteurs d'eſtrade.*
A **Forraging**. *Fourragement.*
Forrein. *Foraine, eſtrange, aubain, peregrin.*
A **forreigner**. *Eſtranger, aubain, avenoire, aulbin, peregrin.*
A **forreſt**. *Foreſt. Voyez* a Foreſt.
Forreſt work. *Ouvrage de verdure.*
A **forreſter**. *Foreſtier.*
To **forſake**. *Abandonner, delaiſſer, quitter, laiſſer, forjurer, faire faute à, guerpir ; abdiquer, aſſeuler.*
Forſaken. *Abandonné, delaiſsé, laiſsé, quitte, guerpi, aſſeulé.*
A **forſaker**. *Abandonneur.*
A **forſaking**. *Forjurement, abandonnement, delaiſſement, guerpine, guerpiſon, gulpine.*
Forſooth. *En verité, vrayement, veritablement.*
Yes **forſooth**. *Ouy dea.*
To **forſweare**. *Parjurer, ſe parjurer ; abjurer.*
A **forſwearing**. *Parjurement ; abjurement.*
Forſworne. *Parjuré ; (Adjectif) Abjuré.*
A **forſworne** wretch. *Parjure.* (Subſtan.)
A **fort**. *Fort, aggere. Voyez* a Fortreſſe.
Forth. *Hors, debors.*
To come, or go **forth**. *Sortir. Voyez* to goe.
To be **forth-comming**. *Eſtre en priſon.*
Forth of. *Hors de, fores de.*
Forthwith. *Incontinent, des à preſent, tout à ceſte heure, neuëment, à-tant.*
Fortie. *Quarante.*
The **fortieth**. *Quarantieſme.*
Fortifiable. *Fortifiable.*
Fortification. *Fortification.*
To **fortifie**. *Fortifier ; munir, affermir.*
Fortified. *Fortifié ; muni, affermi.*
A **fortifying**. *Fortifiement ; munument.*
Fortitude. *Fortitude.*
A **fortreſſe**. *Fort, fortereſſe, worbé, baſtilde, baſtille, baſtillon.*
Fortune. *Fortune, baſard, heur, encontre, ſort ; aſtre, auſpice.*
By **fortune**. *Par fortune, par cas fortuit, caſuellement, accidentalement.*
To commit to **fortune**. *Haſarder.*

Fortunate. *Fortuné, heureux, bienheureux, bienheuré.*
To make **fortunate.** *Fortuner, bienheurer.*
Fortunately. *Fortunement, à la bonne heure, heureuſement.*
Fortunatenelle. *Heureté, heureuſeté, heurté.*
The **for-ward** of an army. *Avant-garde.*
Forward. *Haſtif, avancé.*
To **forward,** to put, or ſet **forward.** *Avancer, advancer, faire avance, avantager, mettre en avant, mettre en train, aider, acheminer.*
Very **forward.** *Avantageux, fort avancé.*
To go **forward,** or ſet **forward.** *S'Avancer.*
To come **forward** in the world. *Venir en avant.*
Forwarded. *Avancé, mis en avant, advancé, aidé.*
A **forwarder.** *Avanceur.*
A **forwarding.** *Avancement, avantage, advancement, advantagement, advantage, aide.*
Forwarding. *Avancant, aidant.*
Full of **forwardneſſe.** *Avantageux.*
In good **forwardneſſe.** *En bon train, bien avancé.*
A **foſſet.** *Coffret.*
To **foſter.** *Nourrir, alimenter.*
A **foſter-father.** *Pere nourricier, nourriſſeur.*
A **foſter mother.** *Mere nourrice.*
A **foſter-child.** *Nourriſſon.*
A **foſter-brother.** *Frere de laict.*
Foſtered. *Nourri, Alimenté.*
A **foſtering.** *Nourriſſement.*
Fought. *Combatu, bataillé, attaché. Participe du verbe* to Fight.
Fought againſt. *Oppugné.*
Foule. *Ord, ſaſle, ordelot, ſale, laid; maulavé, ſordide.*
Somewhat **foule.** *Salet.*
To **foule,** or make **foule.** *Ordir, ordoyer, patouiller.*
Moſt **foule.** *Soudre.*
Fouled. *Ordi, patouillé.*
Fouly. *Salément, laidement, ſordidement.*
A **fouling.** *Ordiſſeure, patouil.*
Foulneſſe. *Saleté, laideur.*
Found. *Trouvé. Participe du verbe* to Finde.
Found good. *Trouvé bon, approuvé.*
To **found.** *Fonder.*
A **foundation.** *Fondation, fondement, fond, baſe.*
From the very **foundation.** *De fons en comble.*
A Bell-**founder.** *Fondeur de cloches.*
To **founder** (as a horſe.) *mehaigner.*
Founded. *Fondé; fondu.*
A **founder.** *Fondeur; fondateur, autheur.*
Foundered (or tired.) *Courbatu, aggravé des pieds.*
The **foundering** of a horſe. *Fourbure, courbature.*
Founding. *Fondant.*
A **founding.** *Fondure.*
Bell-**founding.** *Fonderie.*
A **founding.** *Enfant trouvé, qui avoit eſté expoſé.*
A **fountaine.** *Fontaine; Origine.*
Of, or belonging to, a **fountaine.** *Fontaigner.*
A little **fountaine.** *Fontenelle, ſontenette, fontenil, fontenille.*
A **fourd.** *Voyez* Foord.
Foure. *Quatre.*
Foure-footed. *Quadrupe, de quatre pieds.*
Foure-ſquare. *Quarré.*
A **fourme.** *Banc.*
Four-ſcore. *Quatre-vingts, huictante.*
Fourteene. *Quatorze.*
The **fourteenth.** *Quatorzieſme.*
The **fourth.** *Quatrieſme.*
Fowre. *Quatre.*
A **fowle.** *Oiſeau, oiſel.*
To **fowle.** *Oiſeler.*
A keeper of **fowle.** *Oiſelier.*
A **fowler.** *Oiſeleur.*
A **fowling.** *Oiſelerie.*
A **fowling**-piece. *Arquebuſe, ou harquebuſe de chaſſe.*
A **Fox.** *Regnard.*
A **fox-cub.** *Regnardeau.*
Foxtaile. *Queuë de regnard.*
A **foxtaile** duſter. *Viſtempenard.*
The **foyling** of a Deere. *Foulée.*
A **foyne** (or polecat.) *Fouinne, foine.*
A **fraction.** *Fraction.*
A **fracture.** *Fracture.*
Fragilitie. *Fragilité.*
A **fragment.** *Fragment; morceau.*
Small **fragments.** *Miettes, mioches.*
Fragrant. *Fragrant, Aromatique.*
A **fray.** *Combat, meſlée.*
The **fraight** (**freight,** or **fraught** of a ſhip or boat.) *Fret, matelotage, naule, naulage, nauleage.*
Fraile. *Fraile, fragile.*
A **fraile** (for reaſins or figs.) *Cabas, cabat.*
To fill, pack, or put up in a **fraile.** *Cabaſſer.*
Frailed, or packed up in a **fraile.** *Cabaſſé.*
Frailtie. *Fragilité.*
To **frame.** *Former, fabriquer, fabricquer, machiner, baſtir.*
To **frame** unto. *Habituer; mouleler, adeſtrer.*
The **frame** (or carriage) of a piece of ordnance. *Affuſt.*
To furniſh artilerie with a **frame.** *Affuſter.*
A **frame.** *Forme, fabrique, machine, machination, modelle, baſtiment, baſtiſſage.*
Framed. *Formé, fabriqué, machiné.*
Ill **framed.** *Maudolé.*
Framed unto. *Habitué.*
A **framer.** *Fabricateur, machinateur; ouvrier.*
Frames (or carriages) for artilerie. *Affutage.*
A **framing.** *Fabrication.*
Framing. *Baſtiſſant.*
France. *La France.*
Franchiſe. *Franchiſe, aleu.*
To **franchiſe,** or free. *Franchir.*
A place of **franchiſe.** *Aſyle.*
Franchiſed. *Franchi.*
Francis. *François, Françoiſe. (nom propre.)*
Frangible. *Frangible.*
Frank. *Franc.*
A **frank** (to feed hogs in.) *Franc.*
Frankly. *Franchement.*
Frankincenſe. *Encens.*
White **frankincenſe.** *Encens blanc.*
To perfume with **frankincenſe.** *Encenſer*
Frankincenſe in drops. *Oliban.*
Frantick. *Frenetique, phrenetique, forcené, fanatique, avertineux, furieux, maniaque, manicle, malbelineux.*
To become **frantick.** *S'avertiner.*
Frantickly. *Furieuſement, comme frenetique ou forcené.*
Frantickneſſe. *Freneſie, frenaiſie.*
Fraternitie. *Fraternité.*
Fraud. *Fraude, tromperie, malengin.*
Fraudulent. *Fraudulent, captieux, malengineux.*
Moſt **fraudulent.** *Fraudulenx,*
Fraudulently. *Fraudulentement, fraudulemment.*
Moſt **fraudulently.** *Fraudulenſement.*
To **fraught** a ſhip. *Freter une Navire.*
Fraught (or fare.) *Naulage, naulage, naule, frei, fretin, nolle, noleage.*
To pay his **fraught.** *Naulager.*
Fraughted. *Freté.*
A **fraughting.** *Freteure.*
A **freckle.** *Lentilles, canetille, neve.*
Freckles. *Nantilles, taves, panes.*
¶ Langued.
Freckled. *Canetillé, lentillé.*
Freckledneſſe of the face. *Canetille.*
Freckly (full of freckles.) *Lentilleux.*
Free. *Franc; aiſé.*
A **free** gift. *Don gratuit, gratuité.*
To **free,** make **free,** or ſet in freedome. *Franchir, affranchir, rendre libre, emanciper, delivrer, mettre en liberté, acquiter.*
To make **free** of a Company, or Corporation. *Hanſer.*
Made **free** of a company or corporation. *Hanſé.*
Free-hold, free-tenure. *Alleud, aleu, aleut, allode, alode.*
A **freebooter.** *Deſcherpilleur, advanturier.*
Freed, made, or ſet free. *Franchi, affranchi, rendu libre, emancipé, delivré, mis en liberté, acquité.*
Freed from. *Deſcharpi, delivré, acquité.*
A **freedman,** or **freeman.** *Vn affranchi.*
Freedome. *Franchiſe; liberté, aleu; aſyle.*
Freedome of thought. *Arbitre.*
A **freer,** or **freedome-giver.** *Affranchiſſeur.*
A **freehold.** *Alleud, aleu, aleu franc, alleut.*
A **freeholder.** *Franc-aleu, alleutier.*
A **freeing.** *Manumiſſion; affranchiſſement.*
Freely. *Gratuitement; de bon bayt.*
A **freeman.** *Homme libre, franc; vn affranchi.*
A **free-maſon.** *Maſſon, maçon.*
Freeſtone. *Pierre de taille; grez, albeau, albaſſan, arbuiſe, albazzan, grei, grais.*
Free-will. *Libre arbitre; franche volonté; mouvement, oſtroy.*
To **freeze.** *Geler, glacer.*
To **freeze** together. *Congeler.*
A **freezer.** *Geleur.*
A **freezing.** *Gelement, gelure.*
Freight. *Voyez* Fraight.
French. *François.*
The **French** tongue. *La langue françoiſe.*
A **french-man.** *François.*
A **french-hood.** *Chaperon.*
French-mallow. *Mauve creſpe.*
French-wheat. *Mil ou millet ſarraſin; bled ſarraſin.*
The **french** pox. *La groſſe verole.*
Pedlars **french.** *Largon de gaſmarie, barragouin.*
Frenzie. *Frenaiſie, forcenement, forcenerie,*

avertin; furie, mal de S. Mathurin, maladie de S. Mathurin, marmouſerie, nerf fern.

Frequencie. *Frequence, aſſiduité.*

Frequent. *Frequent, aſſidu.*

To **frequent.** *Frequenter, hanter.*

A **frequentation.** *Frequentation, hantiſe.*

Frequented. *Frequenté, hanté.*

A **frequenting.** *Hantement.*

Frequently. *Aſſiduellement, aſſidument.*

Freſh. *Frais, frez, fres, neuf, fraiz, nouveau.*

Freſh aire. *Friſcades, freſcades.*

Freſh butter. *Beurre frais.*

Freſh cheeſe. *Caille-bottes.*

A **freſh-man.** *Novice.*

Freſhly. *Fraiſchement, freſchement.*

Freſhneſſe. *Fraiſcheur, freſcheur, nouveauté.*

To **fret** (or chafe.) *Se marrir, ronger une cholere en ſon eſprit, mordre les doigts.*

To **fret,** or worke **frets** in gold, ſilver, &c. *Fringotter.*

To **fret,** (ſcrub, itch.) *Galler.*

A **fret.** *Freillis.*

To **fret** away. *Ronger, miner; mordiller.*

Frets. *Fringoteries.*

A ſhirt, or ſmock wrought with **frets.** *Chemiſe fretaillé de filets.*

The **fret,** or ſtop of a Lute, &c. *Touche.*

Fretted away. *Rongé, miné, mordillé, attrit.*

Frettis. *Fretté. (Terme de blazon.)*

A **fretting** away. *Rongement, ronge, attrition.*

Fretting. *Marri, marriſſon.*

Fretting of the skin (with itch, and dry ſcab.) *Galle.*

To **frie.** *Frire, fricaſſer.*

The **frie** (or brood of yong fiſh.) *Nourrin.*

Fried. *Frit, fricaſſé.*

Friday. *Vendredi, venredi.*

Good-**friday.** *Vendredi ſainct, vendredi ſaé, le grand vendredi, jour paraſceue.*

A **friend.** *Ami.*

A ſhee **friend.** *Amie.*

My **friend.** *M'ami, mon ami.*

A ſuperficiall, or hollow hearted **friend.** *Compere d'oribus.*

A trencher **friend,** or bellie **friend.** *Paraſite.*

Friendly. *Amiable, humain, officieux. (Adjectif.)*

Friendly. *Amiablement, en ami, comme un ami, humainement. (Adverbe.)*

Friendlineſſe. *Amiableté.*

Friendſhip. *Amitié.*

To joyne, or knit in **friendſhip.** *Allier.*

Joyned, or knit in **friendſhip.** *Allié.*

A **frier.** *Frere; frater, Fray.*

A blacke **frier.** *Dominicain.*

A white **frier,** or Carmelite. *Carme, Carmelitain, Iacobin.*

A white **frier,** or Iacobine. *Iacobin.*

A grey **frier.** *Cordelier.*

A grey **friers** girdle. *Cordeliere.*

A Capucine **frier.** *Capucin.*

An Auſtine (blacke) **frier.** *Frere Auguſtin.*

A **frier** minorite. *Frere mineur.*

A **frier** Confeſſor. *Beau-pere, pere confeſſeur.*

A **friers** Coule. *Capuchon.*

A **friery.** *Frerie, fratrie.*

A **frigate.** *Fregate, fagate.*

To **frigg.** *Fretiller, faire la fringue.*

Frigging. *Fretillant, fretillard.*

A **fright.** *Affres, baffres, eſpovente.*

To **fright.** *Faire les affres à, eſpoventer, eſpeurer.*

Frighted. *Eſpoventé, eſpeuré.*

I have **frighted** him exceedingly. *Je luy ay donné vne mauvaiſe affres.*

Frightfull. *Eſpouventable, eſpoventable.*

Frightfully. *Eſpoventablement.*

A **frighting.** *Eſpoventement.*

A **frij** (the greateſt kind of crabfiſh.) *Maie.*

Friperie. *Friperie.*

A **fripier,** or **friperer.** *Frippier.*

Friſe, *Drap de friſe, frize.*

Courſe **frize** (for linings.) *Reveſche.*

Friſes, or peeces of **friſe.** *Frizailles.*

Friſkes (or gamboles.) *Monnoye de ſinge, gambades.*

Friſke. *Friſque.*

A **fritter.** *Friteau; bignet.*

Frivolous. *Frivole.*

A **frivolous** matter. *Frivuſcule.*

Frivolouſly. *Frivolement.*

The **friz.** *La frize. (en architecture.)*

Friz. *Voyez* Friſe.

Friz leather. *Cuir velouté.*

A **frizeland** horſe. *Phryſon.*

To **frizle.** *Frizer, frizoter, calamiſtrer, grediller.*

To **frizle** over. *Surfriſer.*

Frizled. *Frizé, frizoté, gredillé.*

Haire **frizled.** *Cheveux anelez, paſſefilez, paſſefillonnez.*

A **frizling.** *Frizure.*

Frizlings, or lockes laid out in **frizles.** *Paſſefillons.*

Fro. *De. Ou comme* From.

Froath. *Voyez* Froth.

A **frocke.** *Froc.*

A potters, or carters **frocke.** *Garnache, juppe, ſequenie, ſquenie, ſouquenie.*

A **frogge.** *Grenouille.*

A little **frogge.** *Grenouillette, grenouillon.*

A ſea **frogge.** *Grenouille peſchereſſe.*

To croake or crie like a **frogge.** *Grenouiller.*

A **froggie** place. *Grenouilliere, grenouillere.*

Frolicke. *Ioyeux; gogaille; guilleret, regobillonne, s'eſjouiſſant, gaillard.*

To be **frolicke,** *Gaudir, ſe goguer, ou gogayer, eſtre en jes gogues, s'esjouir, ſe gaillarder.*

Growne **frolicke.** *Agaillardé.*

From. *De, des, d'avec.*

From the. *Du, de l', de la.*

From hence. *D'ici.*

From henceforth. *Dores en avant.*

From thence. *De là.*

From thenceforth. *De là en avant.*

From time to time. *D'heure en heure.*

A **front.** *Front.*

The **front** (or forepart) of an armie. *Teſte d'un'armée.*

To **front.** *Frontoyer; frontiger.*

Fronting. *Frontoyant.*

A **frontire.** *Frontiere, liſiére, marche.*

A **frontiſpice.** *Frontiſpice.*

A **frontlet.** *Frontal, fronteau.*

The **frontſtall** of a bridle. *Frontier d'une bride.*

A **froſt.** *Gelée, gel, gelure.*

Froſt-nailed. *Ferré à glace.*

A white, or hore, **froſt.** *Giure, Vrie.*

Froth. *Eſcume, bave.*

To **froth,** to gather, or yeeld **froth.** *Eſcumer, baver.*

Of **froth.** *Eſcumier.*

To **froth** in bubbles. *Babroter.*

Frothie. *Eſcumeux, gletteux, baveux.*

Frothily. *Baveuſement.*

A **frothing.** *Baverie.*

The **frounce** (a hawkes diſeaſe.) *Sourcheloms, barbillons.*

Froward. *Faſcheux, reveſche, pervers, meſhaigne, traverſeux, rebours, proterve; hagard, hargneux, mauvais.*

A **froward** perſon. *Grimauld, meſchant, perſonne faſcheuſe.*

Frowardly. *Perverſement, protervement, mauvaiſement, meſchamment, rudement, affreuſement.*

Frowardneſſe. *Reveſcherie, perverſité, protervie, proterviré, hergne, reduſſe, moroſité.*

A **frowne.** *Comme* a Frowning.

To **frowne.** *Refrongner, ſe rider, ſonguer, fronſer le front, faire le groin.*

A **frowning.** *Refrongnement, ſongnement, fronſure, affreuſeté.*

Frowning. *Refrongné, affreux.*

Frowningly. *En refrongnant, affreuſement.*

Frozen. *Gelé, glacé.*

Frugall. *Frugal; bon meſnagier.*

Frugalitie. *Frugalité, meſnagement, parcité.*

Frugally. *Frugalement, meſnagerément.*

A **fruggin.** *Fourgon, furgon. Voyez* an Oven forke.

Fruite. *Fruict; des fruicts.*

The firſt **fruites.** *Les premices.*

The **fruit** of the wombe. *Le part, ventrée.*

Fruit-bearing. *Fructier.*

Fruitage, or **fruites.** *Fructage.*

A **fruiterer,** or **fruiteller.** *Fructier.*

Fruition. *Fruition.*

A **fruit-wife.** *Fructiere.*

Fruiteris; a place to keepe Fruit in. *Fruterie.*

Fruitfull. *Fertile.*

Fruitfully. *Fertilement.*

Made **fruitfull.** *Fertilizé.*

Fruitfulneſſe. *Fertilité.*

To make **fruitfull.** *Fertiliger.*

Fruitleſſe. *Infructueux, ſans fruict.*

Growne **fruitleſſe.** *Agami.*

To grow **fruitleſſe.** *Agamir.*

Fruitleſſly. *Infructueuſement.*

A **frump.** *Mocquerie, brocard, caſſade, naſarde, nazarde.*

To **frump.** *Brocarder, gauſſer, ſorner, Se mocquer, mauber, nauſarder, nazarder, bailler des caſſades.*

Frumped. *Brocardé, mocqué, naſardé.*

A **frumper.** *Gauſſeur, mocqueur.*

Frumpes. *Moquettes.*

Frumping. *Nazardant.*

Fruſtrate. *Fruſté.*

To **fruſtrate.** *Fruſtrer, ſe mocquer de.*

Fruſtrated. *Fruſtré, mocqué.*

Fruſtration. *Fruſtration.*

Fruſtrating, fruſtratorie. *Fruſtratoire.*

To **fry.** *Frire, fricaſſer.*

To **fry** browne. *Riſſoler.*

Fryed browne. *Riſſolé.*

Any **fryed** meate. *Fricaſſée.*

A **frying.** *Friture.*

A **frying panne.** *Paelle à frire, poiſſe à frire.*

A ſmall **frying panne.** *Paillisſon, payelle.*

To

To **fuddle** it. *Eſtre guillert; eſtre yure; s'enyurer.*
Fuddled. *Guilleret; vn peu yure.*
A **Fugitive.** *Fugitif.*
To **full** (cloth in a mill.) *Fouller, foullonner.*
Full an hundred yeares. *Cent ans accomplis.*
Full *Plein; ſuffiſant; ample.*
Very **full.** *Abondant.*
Full (with meate.) *Saoul, raſſaſié, apoué.*
To be **full** of. *Abonder.*
Full. foure thouſand. *Quatre mille de nombre faict.*
Fullage (money paid for Fulling.) *Foullage.*
Fulled. *Foullé, foullonné.*
A **fuller.** *Foullon, foulon.*
The **Fullers** thiſtle (or tazle.) *Verge à berger, verge du paſteur, ou paſtoral.*
To **fulfill.** *Accomplir, parfournir, farſaire.*
Fulfilled. *Accompli.*
A **fulfiller.** *Accompliſſeur.*
A **fulfilling.** *Accompliſſement.*
Fully. *Pleinement, à huis ouvert, amplement, à fonds de cuve; ſuffiſamment, abondamment.*
Fulminatorie. *Fulminatoire.*
Fulneſſe. *Plenitude; abondance, ſuffiſance, affluence.*
Fulſome. *Nidoreux, nidorant.*
The **fulſome** ſavour of things broiled, or burnt. *Nideur.*
Fulſomeneſſe. *Nideur.*
To **fumble** (or handle too much.) *Pattiner.*
To **fumble** in the mouth. *Begayer, begueyer.*
Fumbled. *Godeluré.*
A **fumbling** in the mouth. *Begayement, begueyement, begueyement.*
A **fume.** *Fumée.*
In a **fume.** *Deſpité, indigné, faſché, marri.*
To **fume,** or be in a **fume.** *Se faſcher, ſe deſpiter, s'enflamber de courroux, s'indigner, ſe marrir.*
Fumed. *Fumé, enfumé. Voyez* Smoaked.
Fumie, fumith. *Fumeux.*
A **fumigation.** *Fumigation.*
A **fuming.** *Fumement; marriſſon.*
A **fuming** under. *Suffumigation.*
Fumingly. *Fumeuſement.*
Fumiterie. *Fume-terre*
A **function.** *Function, office.*
Fundalitie (or right in the ſoile.) *Fondalité.*
The **fundament.** *Fondement; le ſiege, le berry.*
Fundamentall. *Fondamental, foncier, baſique.*
A **funerall.** *Funerailles, obſeques,* mortuaire, mortuaille; *obit, enterrement.*
Funerall. *Funebre, mortuaire.*
Of a **funerall.** *Funebrement.*
A **funerall** dinner, or banket. *Banquet de mortuaire.*
A **funnell.** *Entonnoir, embut, antonnoir.*
To tun by a **funnell.** *Entonnelar. Voyez* to Tunne.
A Chirurgians perfuming **funnell.** *Cannule, canon parfumatoire.*
The **funnell** of a chimney. *Goulet de cheminée.*
The **funnell** of a privie. *Le calemar d'un vetraict.*
To **furbiſh.** *Fourbir, polir.*
Furbiſhable. *Poliſſable.*
Furbiſhed. *Fourbi, poli.*
A **furbiſher.** *Fourbiſſeur, poliſſeur.*
A **furbiſhing.** *Fourbiſſeure, poliſſement, interpolation.*
The **furies.** *Furies.*
Hare-braind **furie.** *Acariaſtrée.*
Furie. *Furie, fureur, manie.*
Furie-like. *Furial.*
Furious. *Furieux, furibond, furial, maniaque, maniacle; acariaſtre.*
Furiouſly. *Furieuſement.*
To **furle.** *Freſler.*
Furled. *Freſlé.*
A **furlong.** *Stade. La huictieſme partie d'un* Mile; *eſtant en longueur vingt* Poles; *& chaſque* Pole 117 *pieds & demi, ou (ſelon aucuns)* 120 *pieds.*
Furmentis. *Froumentée, fourmentée, gruau de forment; milloque. ℣* Rabl.
Furmentis of barley. *Orgée.*
A **furnace.** *Fournaiſe.*
Belonging to a **furnace.** *Fournaiſer.*
A flat metal-melting **furnace.** *Manche.*
To **furniſh.** *Fournir, garnir; aſſortir; accomplir; habiller; mettre à point, ordonner, accommoder, atyrer, parfournir.*
To **furniſh** with neceſſaries. *Amener l'eau au moulin.*
To **furniſh** himſelfe with neceſſaries. *S'approviſionner.*
To **furniſh** with moveables (or houſhould ſtuffe:) *Meubler, emmeubler ſa maiſon.*
To **furniſh** gaily. *Orner, parer.*
Furniſhed. *Fourni, garni; aſſorti, parroyé, ordonné, habillé, accompli.*
Gallantly **furniſhed.** *Orné, accommodé, paré.*
Furniſhed with moveables. *Meublé.*
A **furniſher.** *Fourniſſeur; accompliſſeur.*
A **furniſhing,** or **furniſhment.** *Fourniſſement, garniſſement; aſſortiment, aſſortiſſement, accommodation.*
Furniſhing. *Fourniſſant.*
Goodly **furniſhment.** *Ornement, parement.*
Furniture. *Fourniment, fourniture, garniture, garnement, garniment, apparat, meuble; freſin, bardes, aſſortiſſement.*
Store of **furniture.** *Garniſon.*
The **furniture** of a roome. *Aſſemblage.*
The **furniture** of a Princes court, or camp. *Bonage.*
Houſhold **furniture.** *Meubles, outillemens.*
Furre. *Fourrure.*
The **furre** (ornament) worne by Canons. *Aumuce, amuſſe, amitton.*
A skin of **furre.** *Pelice, peliſſe.*
To **furre.** *Fourrer.*
Wrapped in **furres.** *Mitouflé, ammitonné.*
Furred. *Fourré, pelicé.*
Furred as a cat, or with cat-skins. *Mitouflé.*
A **furred** peticoate (or frocke.) *Peliſſon.*
A **furrier.** *Fourreur, pelletier.*
Furring. *Fourrure.*
A **furrow.** *Rayon, raye; canal; orne.*
To **furrow,** or make **furrowes.** *Rayonner; caneler.*
A water **furrow.** *Rayon pour écouler l'eau.*
Full of **furrowes.** *Rayonneux.*
The **furrow** (or hollow) of a pullie. *Canelure d'une poulie.*
Furrowed. *Rayonné; canelé.*
A **furrowing** in timber or ſtone. *Canelure, caneture, ſtrieure.*
Further. *Oultre, d'avantage.*
Furthermore. *Oultreplus, d'avantage, au ſurplus, en apres.*
To **further.** *Avancer, avantager, advancer, advantager, aider.*
A **furtherance.** *Avantage, advantage, aide.*
Furthered. *Avancé, avantagé, advancé, advantagé, aidé.*
A **furthering.** *Avancement, avantage, advancement, advantagement.*
Furthering. *Aidant, avancant.*
Furze. *Ajous. Voyez* Gorſe.
Ground **furze.** *Acutelle.*
The **fuſe** of a Bucke. *Foulet.*
Fuſtian. *Fuſtaine.*
To ſpeake **fuſtian.** *Barragoüiner.*
Tufted **fuſtian.** *Fuſtaine frangée; fuſtaine boupée, ou mouſchetée.*
Fuſtian language. *Barragoüin.*
Of, or belonging to, **fuſtian.** *Fuſtainier.*
Fuſtian an apes. *Tripe de velours.*
Fuſtie. *Fuſté, relant, moiſi, remugle, mucqueux,*
To ſmell, or grow **fuſtie.** *Relanir, ſe moiſir.*
A **fuſtilugs.** *Cache, femme bien groſſe.*
Fuſtineſſe. *Relanteur, relant, moiſiſſure, remucres, fuſt.*
Future. *Futur.*
Fuzzelite, or Bendie counterbendie. *Fuſtelé. (en blazon.)*
To **fuzzle.** *Enyurer.*
Fuzzled. *Enyuré.*
A **fyſte.** *Veſſe.*
Cauſing one to **fyſte.** *Veſſifiant.*
To **fyſte.** *Veſſir.*
To breed a **fyſte,** or make one **fyſte.** *Veſſifier.*
A **fyſter.** *Veſſeur, veſſier.*
A **fyſting** houſewife. *Veſſeuſe, veſſiere.*
A **fyſting** curre. *Cagnot.*

G

TO **gabble.** *Javioter.*
A **gabbler.** *Javioteur.*
A **Gaberdine.** *Gaban, gallevardine, gabardine.*
A **gabion.** *Gabion.*
A ranke of **gabions.** *Gabionnade.*
To defend with **gabions.** *Gabionner.*
Fenced with **gabions.** *Gabionné.*
The **gable** end of a houſe. *Feſte, coupet.*
A building having a **gable** end. *Baſtiment timpaniſé.*
A **Gad** of ſteele. *Maſſe d'acier.*
To gad up and downe. *Vaguer, vagabonder, trotter, trotiguer, villoter, aller à S. Bezet, vicarier.*
A **gad-bee,** or **gad-fly.** *Taban, mouſche-*

aux bœufs, Oeſtre Fannonique. ℑ Rabl.
A **Gadder.** Tracaſſeur, villotier, trotteur, batteur de pavé, villoteur, gaſte-pavé, alant.
Gadding. Trottier, trotier, vicariant.
A **gadding** huſwife. Trottiere, trotteresſe, villotiere.
Alwaies **gadding** up and downe. Paſſager, paſſagier.
To be ever **gadding** up and downe. Paſſager.
The **gaffle** of a croſſe-bow. Pied de biche, bandage d'arbaleſte.
A **gage.** Gage, oſtage.
To **gage,** or give a **gage.** Gager, engager, appleiger.
Gaged. Gagé.
A **gaging.** Gagement, gagerie.
To **gage** (veſſells or caske.) Jauger, jaulger, gaulger.
A **gage** (to meaſure caske with.) Jauge, jaulge, gaulge.
Gaged (or meaſured.) Iaugé, jaulgé.
A **gager.** Iaugeur, jaulgeur, gaulgeur.
The **gaging** of caske. Jaugeage.
A **gaging.** Applcigement.
A **gagge.** Baaillon, baillon, baslon.
To **gagge.** Baaillonner, baillonner.
To **Gaggle** (as a gooſe.) Faire la voix de l'oye. ℑ Calep.
Gaie. Brave, fringant, friſque, gorgias. Voyez Gay.
Gaiip. Bravement, gorgiaſement.
Gaineſſe. Braverie, gorgiaſeté.
Gaineable. Gaignable.
Gaine. Gaigne; gaignage; gain, gaing, acqueſt.
To **gaine.** Gaigner, acqueſter.
To draw in **gaine.** Amener l'eau au moulin.
Gained. Gaigné, acqueſté.
A **gainer.** Gaigneur, acqueſteur.
To **gaine-ſay,** or **gainſay.** Contredire, nier; obſiſter, s'apposer à.
Gainſaid. Contredict, nié.
A **gainſayer.** Contrediſeur.
A **gainſaying.** Contrediction; neance, niance, niement, oppoſition.
Galbanum. Galbanon.
A **gale** of wind. Bouffé de vent.
A **galeaſſe.** Galeace.
Galingall. Galange, galangue, galingal, jonc odorant.
The **gall.** Fiel.
The **gall** of a beaſt. Amer.
A **gall,** or **gall-nut.** Noix de galle, gale.
To **gall.** Galler, aigrir.
Galled. Gallé, aigri.
A **galling.** Galle, ſoilure.
Galling. Aigriſſant.
Gallant. Gallant, brave, fringant, gorgias, gorrier, gaillard.
To make **gallant.** Accointer.
A **gallant** man. Gallant homme.
To make himſelfe **gallant.** Se gorgiaſer.
To **gallantize** it. Se gorgiaſer.
Gallantly. Galemment, bravement, gorgiaſement, gorrierement, ornement, gaillardement.
To attire **gallantly.** Orner.
Gallantly furniſhed. Orné.
Gallantneſſe, or **gallantry.** Gallanterie, gallantiſe, braverie, gorgiaſeté, gorre, gorrerie, gaillardiſe, gaillardiſé.
Gallantneſſe of humor. Bernage.
A **galleries.** Gallerie, galerie, allée.
An open **galleries.** Vne appuye.
A **galleries** open (about a court.) Apentis.
A **gallimalfrie.** Hachis, barbouillage, bochepot, meſlange.
A **gallie,** or **galley.** Galere, gallere; gallée.
A ſmall **galley.** Galiote.
Of, or belonging to, a **galley.** Galerien.
A **galley-ſlave.** Forçat, forſaire, galerien, gallerien, Gallien.
A **gallie-foiſt.** Fuſte.
Galligaſkins. Chauſſes à la garguesque, grecques, gregues, gregueſques, guergueſſes.
A **gallion** (or great ſhip of war.) Galion, gallion.
A **galliote.** Galiote.
A **gallie-pot.** Pot de gallée.
A **gallon.** Broc.
Galloone (lace.) Galon.
To lace with **Galloone.** Galonner, gallonner.
Laced, or edged with **galloone.** Galonné.
To **gallop.** Galoper, galloper.
The **gallop** galliard (or paſſalto.) Vn pas & vn ſaut.
A **gallop.** galop.
Galloped. Galopé.
A **galloper.** Qui va au galop.
A **galloping.** Galopade, galop.
A **gallowes.** Gibet, fourche, fourche patibulaire, ſigne patibulaire.
One for whom the **gallowes** grones. Pendard, meſchant, garnement, grevolable, relaſche de pendu.
Deſerving the **gallowes**; of, or belonging to, the **gallowes.** Patibulaire.
A **gamboll,** Gambade.
Gambolls. Gambades; monnoye de ſinges.
To make **gambolls** Gambader.
A maker of **gambolls.** Gambadeur.
The rocke **gamboll.** La gambade du rocher.
To **game.** Iouër.
A **game.** Ieu.
Game (that is hunted, or more eſpecially) hawked, Gibbier, gibier.
Gamed. Iouë.
Gamſome. Gaillard, aime-esbats.
A **gameſter.** Iouëur.
A woman **gameſter.** Jouëreſſe.
Gaming. Ieu.
A houſe of common **gaming.** Berlan.
The keeper of a **gaming-houſe.** Berlandier,
A **gammon** (of bacon.) Iambon.
A begger, or ſeller of **gammons** of bacon. Jambonnier.
Gam'bt (in muſicke.) La game (en muſique.)
A **gander.** Iars, jar, jard, oyard.
The **gamefiſh.** Orphie, aiguille. Voyez Hornfiſh.
A tall (ill favoured) **gangrell.** Longue eſchine, trente-coſtes.
A **gangreene.** Gangrene.
Fallen into a **gangrene.** Gangrené.
Gang-weekes Ambarvales.
A **Ganimede.** Ganymede, bardache.
To **gape.** Baailler, bayer, béer, entrebailler, s'ouvrir, s'entr'ouvrir.
To **gape** for breath. Eſtre à la groſſe haleine.
To **gape** at (in ſcoffing manner.) Faire la babaye à, faire la babou à.
Gaped. Baaillé.
A **gaper.** Bayard, bayarde.
A **gaping.** Baaillement, beement, bayeure; oſcitation.
A **gaping** hoidon. Bayard, badault, landore.
To ſtand **gaping** about. Bayer.
Gaping. Baaillant, beant, gueule bée, manjoinct, ouvert.
Gaping (as the earth in drought.) Hiulque.
A **gap,** or **gappe.** Troüée.
Garbe. Galbe, gallie; garbe.
Having a good **garbe.** Bien Galbé.
Without **garbe.** Maugratieux.
Garbage. Les entrailles.
To **garbage.** Eventrer, exenterer.
Garbaged, or that hath the **garbage** pulled out, Eventré, exenteré.
To **garble.** Grabeller.
Garbled. Grabellé.
A **garbler.** Grabelleur.
A **garbling.** Grabeau.
A **garbotle.** Garbouil, garburge.
A tumultuous **garbotle.** Vacarme.
To **gard.** Garder.
Gard (or protection.) Garde, advoeſon.
The **gard** of a Prince; Archers de garde.
A yeoman of the **Gard.** Gard-corps, Archer de garde.
To **gard** (or welt.) Border.
A **gard** (or border.) Bord, bordure, gett, bande.
Garded. Gardé.
Garded (or bordered.) Bordé, bandé.
A **Garden.** Iardin; Parterre.
A little **garden.** Iardinet.
To **garden,** or dreſſe a **garden.** Iardiner.
Garden ſtuffe (herbes, rootes, fruits.) Hortolages.
Gardened, or dreſſed as a Garden. Iardiné.
A **gardener.** Iardinier.
A **gardeners** inſtrument to breake up the ground. Aiſſade.
A **gardening.** Iardinage, jardinement.
Gardening utenſiles. Hortailles.
A **gardian.** Gardien; mambour, mambourg, gardien d'un enfant mineur, bail, bailliſteur.
A **garding** (or bordering.) Bordure.
To **gargle,** or **gargariſe.** Gargariſer, gargouiller.
The **gargle** of the throate. Gargouille, gargareon, gargoule.
Gargled. Gargariſé, gargouillé.
A **gargling.** Gargarizement, gargariſation, gargouillement, gargouillis.
The **garguil** (or dew claw) of a ſtag, bucke, roe, &c. L'os d'un cerf, daim, &c.
Gariſh with ſpangles. Papillotté, papillote.
A **garland.** Ghirlande, guirlande, garlande.
Garlanded, or wearing a **garland.** Guirlandé.
Garlicke. Ail, des aulx, aulx

Beares.

Beares **garlicke**. *Ail d'ours.*
Great mountaine **garlicke**. *Ail porreau, ail aignon, aillongnon, aulx aignon.*
Wild **garlicke**, crow-**garlicke**, harts, or ſtags-**garlicke**, ſnakes-**garlicke**. *Ail ſauvage, ail de ſerpent.*
Whole headed **garlicke**. *Ail maſle.*
Garlicke ſage. *Saulge de bois, ſaulge ſauvage.*
A head of **garlicke**. *Gouſſe d'ail.*
Garlicke ſauce. *Aillade.*
He ſmells of **garlicke**. *Il ſent l'aillade.*
A clove of **garlicke**. *Gauſſe d'ail.*
A **garment**. *Veſtement, veſture, habit, habillement.*
To cover over with a **garment**. *Survestir.*
An old tottered **garment**. *Haillon.*
An upper **garment**. *Surveſtement.*
A **garment** of haire. *Haire.*
A **garner**. *Grenier, gardouche.*
A great **garner** (for ſalt.) *Gabier.*
A **garnet**, or **garnat** (ſtone.) *Grenat.*
An orientall **Garnet** (ſtone.) *Grenat oriental.*
A ſmall **garnet**. *Grenatine.*
To **garniſh**. *Garnir, embellir, mettre à point, orner, parer.*
Garniſhed. *Garni, orné, paré.*
A **garniſher**. *Qui garnit, qui orne ou pare.*
A **garniſhing**, or **garniſhment**. *Garniſſement, embelliſſage, garniture, ornement, parement.*
A **garret**. *Galetas.*
Garrets. *Galetage.*
A **garret** window. *Lucarne.*
A **garriſon**. *Garniſon.*
Garrulitie. *Garrulité. Voyez* Prating.
A **garter**. *Jartier, jartiere, Jarretiere.*
A Knight of the **Garter**. *Chevalier de l'ordre de la Jartiere.*
To **garter** himſelfe, tie his garter. *Se jarter.*
To **gaſe**. *Voyez* to Gaze.
A **gaſh**. *Coupe, taille, berlaſſe, balaffre, balaſtre.*
To **gaſh**, or make a **gaſh**. *Couper, tailler, berlaſſer, balaſtrer.*
A downe-right **gaſh**. *Eſtramaçon.*
Gaſhed. *Coupé, taillé, berlaſſé, balaſtré.*
A **gaſhing**. *Coupement, taillement, balaſtrure.*
To **gaſpe** *Baailler.*
To **gaſpe** (for breath.) *Eſtre à la groſſe haleine.*
A **gaſpe**. *Souſpir.*
At the laſt **gaſpe**. *Au dernier ſouſpir.*
A **gaſping**. *Baaillement, ſouſpirement.*
Gaſtly. *Affreux, (adjectif.) Haffreux, havé, havre, hideux.*
Gaſtly. *Affreuſement, (Adverbe,) hideuſement.*
Gaſtlineſſe. *Affreuſeté, hideur.*
Gaſtromancie. *Gaſtromantie, Divination par le ventre.*
A **gate**. *Porte.*
A bias **gate** (or doore.) *Biais paſſe.*
A poſterne **gate**. *Fauſſe porte.*
An outward **gate**, a **gate** juſt oppoſite to another. *Antiporte.*
A foulding, or double-leaved **gate**. *Valve.*
A **gate** (in going.) *Allure, alleure, marcher, allée, paſſage.*
To **gather**. *Cueillir, recueillir.*
To **gather** together. *Aggreger, halleboter, allebouter, amaſſer, aſſembler.*
To **gather** grapes (in harveſt.) *Vendanger.*
To **garher** together in a place. *Accueillir.*
A calves **gather**. *Haſtille de veau.*
Gathered. *Cueilli, amaſſé.*
Gathered (as grapes.) *Vendangé.*
Gathered together in a place. *Accueilli, amaſſé, aſſemblé.*
A **gatherer**. *Cueilleur, recueilleur, amaſſeur.*
A **gatherer** of grapes (in vintage.) *Vendengeur.*
A woman **gatherer**. *Amaſſereſſe,*
A **gathering**. *Cueillement, cueilleure, cueillette; recueil, collection, amaſſement.*
Gathering together. *Recueillant, amaſſant.*
Grape-**gathering**. *Vendenge, vendange, grappage.*
A **gaude**. *Babiole.*
Gaudie. *Gorgias, gorgiet.*
Gaudily. *Gorgiaſement, gorgierement.*
Gaudineſſe. *Gorgiaſeté.*
Gaule, **gauled**, and **gauling**. *Voyez* Gall, galled, and galling.
Gaunched (on ſharpe iron pointed ſtakes.) *Ganché.*
Gaunts. *Maigre, megre, mingrelet.*
A **gauntlet**. *Gantelet.*
A **gauntree** (for caske to ſtand on.) *Ponton.*
Gay. *Fringant, gorgias, miſte, brave, friſque.*
To make **gay**. *Accoimer.*
Gayly. *Gorgiaſement, miſtement, bravement.*
Gayneſſe. *Gorgiaſeté, braverie.*
To **gaze**. *Bayer.*
To **gaze** (as out of a window.) *Baſter.*
To ſtand at a **gaze**. *S'amuſer.*
A place to **gaze** out at. *Muſequin.*
Gazed. *Baye.*
A **gazer**. *Muſard, bayard, bayarde.*
A **gazing ſtocke**. *Amuſoire.*
To ſtand **gazing** (or gaping about.) *Bayer.*
A **gazing** boidon. *Bayard, Landore, Muſard, bayart.*
A **gazing** huſwife. *Bayarde.*
Gazing wiſtly. *Beant.*
Geaſon. *Rare. Voyez* Rare, Seldome.
To **Geare**. *Rire, ſe moquer de, brocarder. Voyez* to Floute.
Geare. *Beſongnes; auſſi, les parties honteuſes.*
Ones night **geare**. *Beſongnes de nuict.*
A **gearing**. *Ris, riſée, mocquerie.*
Gearing. *Riant.*
The **geares** (or furniture) of draught-horſes or oxen. *Attelements.*
Geeſe. *Oyes. Le plurier de* Gooſe.
To **Geld**. *Chaſtrer, eſcouiller.*
To **geld** (or ſpay a yong bore.) *Sener.*
Geldable. *Chaſtrable.*
Gelded, or **gelt**. *Chaſtré, eſcouillé.*
A **gelded** man, or horſe. *Hongre.*
A **gelder**. *Chaſtreur.*
A **gelding**. *Chaſtrement, chaſtrure.*
A **gelding**, or horſe gelded. *Cheval hongre, guilledin, guilbedin.*
A double **gelding**. *Cheval qui porte derriere.*
A **Gellie**. *Gelée, gel.*
A **Gemme**. *Gemme.*
Gemini. *Les Gemeaux. Vn des Signes du Zodiaque.*
A **Gemmew** ring. *Souvenance, verge.*
A **Gender**. *Genre.*
To **gender**. *Voyez* to Ingender.
A **Genealogie**. *Genealogie, aſſouchement.*
Generall. *General.*
A **Generall** of an army. *General, Capitaine general d'une armée.*
Generalitie. *Generalité.*
Generally. *Generalement.*
Generalnelle. *Generalement.*
To **generate**. *Engendrer.*
A **Generation**. *Generation, geniture, engeancement, engendrement, geneſie.*
Generative. *Generatif.*
Generoſitie, or **generouſnelle**. *Generoſité, magnanimité, nobleſſe.*
Generous. *Genereux, magnanime; noble.*
Generouſly. *Magnanimement, noblement.*
Geneſis. *Geneſe. La premier livre de Moyſe.*
A **Genet**. *Genette.*
Gentall. *Genial.*
The **genitoures**, or **genitalls**. *Les genitoires*
A **genitour**. *Generateur, engendreur, pere.*
Gentian. *Gentiane, gentienne.*
A **Gentile**. *Gentil, Ethnique, Payen.*
Gentiliſme. *Paganiſme.*
Gentilitie. *Gentileſſe, nobleſſe, generoſité.*
To **gentilize** it, (or live like a heathen,) *Gentiliſer.*
A **gentill**, or **magot**. *Tarmée.*
Gentle. *Debonnaire, debonaire, aiſé, candide, benevole, calme, benigne, bening, doux, gentil, genereux; honneſte, humain, gent, manſuet, mignon; mol; noble, accéſſible, affable, aiſe-humains.*
To wax, or become **gentle**. *Eſtre, devenir debonnaire; devenir doux, s'apprivoiſer; s'attendrir.*
Of **gentle** bloud. *Noble.*
To make **gentle**. *Apprivoiſer; mollifier, mollir, amollir, adomeſtiquer, affaicter, attendrir.*
Made **gentle**. *Apprivoiſé; amolli, adomeſtiqué, affaicté.*
A making **gentle**. *Apprivoiſement, affaicterie.*
Gentle of diſpoſition. *De bonne paſte.*
A **Gentleman**. *Gentilhomme; Noble.*
A **Gentleman** of the firſt head. *Gentilhomme de ville.*
An upſtart **gentleman**. *Mouſcheron;* or the ſame.
A ſingle-ſoled **gentleman**. *Gentillonneau, gentillaſtre.*
A mungrell, or halfe **gentleman**. *Hobereau, Haubereau.*
A **Gentleman** of a companie. *Capeſolde, capeſolde.*
Gentlemanlineſſe. *Nobleſſe, generoſité.*
Gentlemanly, or **gentleman-like**. *En, ou Comme un gentilhomme, ou noble; auſſi, noblement.*
Of a **gentlemanly** race. *Noble.*
Gentleneſſe. *Candeur, benignité, douceur; honneſteté, humanité, manſuetude, mignotiſe; molleſſe.*
A **Gentlewoman**. *Gentifemme, damoiſelle.*

A little or meane **Gentlewoman.** *Damoiſelette.*
Gentlewoman-like. *En daimoiſelle ; damoiſelet.*
Gently. *Benignement, candidement, manſuetement, calmement, gentement, affablement, amoureuſement, doucement, doucettement ; gentilement ; honneſtement, humainement.*
Gentrie. *Gentileſſe, Nobleſſe, generoſité.*
Poore **Gentrie** ; meane or new **Gentrie.** *Gentillaſtreté.*
A **Geographer.** *Geographe.*
Geographie. *Geographie.*
Geomancie. *Geomantie.*
A **Geometrician.** *Geometre ; Geometricien.*
Geometrie. *Geometrie.*
The **Geogpicks.** *Georgiques Livres qui traictent d'Agriculture.*
A **Gerfaulcon.** *Gerfault.*
A **German.** *Alleman.*
Germanie. *Alemaigne.*
Germaunder. *Germandrée, chaſſe-fievre.*
Water **Germaunder.** *Germandrée aquatique.*
A **Geroune** (in blaſon.) *Guyron, Gyron.*
A **Gerond.** *Geronde, Gerondif.*
Gellemine. *Voyez* Iaſmine, and Ieſſemine.
The **Gelles,** or **gills** of Hawkes. *Les giez, ou, gects d'unoyſeau.*
A **geſture.** *Geſte ; Maintien.*
Vncomely, or ungracefull **geſtures.** *Geſtes fols & deſcontenanez.*
To **Get.** *Gaigner ; obtenir, acquerir, acqueſter, attaindre.*
The **get** aſide. *S'oſter.*
The ſide whereon we **get** on. *Montoir.*
To **get,** or beget. *Engendrer.*
To **get** hardly with toile. *Aſaner.*
To **get** upon. *Monter, monter deſſus.*
To **get** before. *Anticiper.*
A **Getter.** *Gaigneur, acquereur, acqueſteur.*
A **gotter,** or begetter. *Engendreur.*
A **getting.** *Acquerement, acqueſt.*
The **getting** of a thing by privie couſinage. *Obreption.*
A **getting,** or begetting. *Engendrement, engendreure, engenderure.*
Getting upon. *Montant.*
A **Gewgaw.** *Babiole.*
To **Ghelle.** *Conjecturer, diviner.*
A **ghelle** *Conjecture, opinion.*
Ghelles. *Devinailles, divinaiſes.*
By **ghelle.** *Conjecturalement.*
Ghelled. *Deviné, conjecturé, diviné.*
A **ghelling.** *Divinance, divinement.*
Ghelling. *Conjecturant.*
A **Ghoſt.** *Eſprit.*
The holy **Ghoſt.** *Le Sainct Eſprit.*
A **ghoſt,** or **goblin.** *Maſſoret.*
Ghoſt-like. *Havé.*
A **Giant.** *Geant.*
A little, or yong **giant.** *Geantin.*
A **Giantille.** *Geante.*
To **Giantize,** or play the **giant.** *Geantiſer.*
Giantlie, or **giant-like.** *Geantin, gigantin, gigandal, gigantal.*
Gianterie. *Geanterie.*
A **gibbe** (or old male cat.) *Macon.*
A **Gibbet.** *Gibet, gibbet, fourche patibulaire.*
Gibbidge. *Jargonnois, patois, bagois, Jargon de galimatias.*
A **gibe.** *Goſſe, brocard, mocquerie.*
To **gibe.** *Gaber, gauſſer, ſe mocquer, gaudir, goſſer, brocarder.*
Gibed. *Gabé, gauſſé, mocqué, gaudi, goſſé, brocardé.*
A **Giber.** *Gauſſeur, gaudiſſeur, goſſeur, gabeloux, brocardeur, mocqueur.*
A **Gibing.** *Gaberie, gaudiſſerie, goſſerie, brocarderie, moquerie.*
Gibing. *Gaudiſſant.*
A **Gible-gable.** *Barragoüin. Voyez* Pedlers French.
Giblets, or gooſe **giblets.** *La petite oye, requeſte d'un'oye.*
Giddie. *Vertigieux, vertigineux ; Gyrouëtteux, avertineux, ombrageux ; paſſager, paſſagier, pelerin.*
Giddie-headed. *Cabochard, cabocheux, capricieux, eſcervellé, cobohenu.*
To be **giddie.** *S'avertiner.*
He is **giddie-headed.** *Il a la teſte pleine de ſablon mouvant, il eſt capricieux, il a dû mercure à la teſte, il a des moucherons en teſte.*
A **giddie-headed** wench. *Chambriere bavoletée.*
Giddinelle. *Vertige, ſcotomie, vertiginoſité, avertin.*
A **Gift.** *Don, preſent.*
A **gift** beſtowed above merite. *Paſſedroict.*
A new-yeares **gift.** *Eſtreines.*
A **Gig.** *Sabot.*
A **Giggis,** or **Gigglet.** *Gadrouillette.*
To **Giggle.** *Ricaner, ricaſſer.*
Giggling. *Ricaneux, ricanant.*
To **Gild.** *Dorer.*
To **gild** over. *Surdorer.*
A **Gilden-pole** (fiſh.) *Milan marin.*
Gilded. *Doré ; ſurdoré.*
A **Gilder.** *Doreur.*
A **gilder** over. *Surdoreur.*
A **Gilding.** *Dorure, doreure.*
A **gilding** over. *Surdoreure.*
A **Gill,** or **gill-flirt.** *Gaultiere, ricalde. Voyez* Queane.
Gill creepe by the ground. *Patte de chat. Voyez* Ground-Ivie.
The **Gills,** or **gills** of fiſhes. *Les ouyes des poiſſons, les battans d'un poiſſon.*
A **Gilliflower.** *Giroflée, gyroflée, oeillet, oillet.*
A ſmall **Gilliflower.** *Oeilleton.*
A winter **Gilliflowflower.** *Violette jaulne, viollette de muraille, giroflée jaulne.*
A clove **Gilliflowflower.** *Betoine coronnaire, Giroflée, oeillet de Provence, oeillet de roſette.*
Queenes **Gilliflowers.** *Matrones.*
Marſh or cuckoe **Gilliflowers.** *Barbaries ſauvages.*
Gilt. *Doré ; auſſi, doyuré.*
Gilt over. *Surdoré.*
A **Gilt-head.** *Orade, dorade, ſargon, mejane. (Poiſſon de mer.)*
The **Gimmuwes** (or joynts) of a ſpurre, *Membre d'eſperon, membret d'eſperon.*
A **Gimlet.** *Giblet, Gimbelet, vrille.*
Gimmoulds, or **gimould-rings.** *Alliances.*
Ginger. *Gingembre.*
Seaſoned with **Ginger.** *Gingembré.*
To tread **Gingerly.** *Aller à pas menu.*
To **Gingle** (as hawkes bells.) *Dridiller.*
A **Ginne.** *Laqs.*
A **ginne** to catch Woodcockes. *Royzelet.*
A **Ginnie** hen. *Geline d' Afrique ; Voyez* Guinnie hen.
A **Gipſie.** *Voyez* Gypſie.
A **Giraſole.** *Giraſole. (Pierre precieuſe.)*
To **Gird.** *Ceindre, ceinturer.*
A **gird** (or twinge.) *Streſſe ; attainte, attaincte.*
To afflict with **girds.** *Apiſtoler.*
Girded. *Ceinct, ceincturé.*
Girded looſely, **girded** backwards. *Ceinct à l'antibuſt.*
The (piece of timber called a) **Girder.** *Soliveau.*
A **Girdle.** *Ceincture ; ceinct ; trouſſoire.*
A little **girdle.** *Ceincturette, ceinturon, ceinturon.*
An arming, or ſword **girdle.** *Baudrier, ceincture à croupiere, balibée.*
A maker of ſuch **girdles.** *Baudroyeur, baudrayeur.*
Without a **girdle.** *Deceinct.*
To undoe, or unlooſe a **girdle.** *Deſceindre.*
A **Girdle.** *Ceinturier, ceinturier.*
A **Girle.** *Filletz, garſette, bardelle, meſchinon.*
To **Girne.** *Voyez* to Grinne.
Girt. *Ceinct ; ou, comme* Girded.
A **Girth** *Cengle.*
To **Girth,** or gird with a **girth.** *Cengler.*
The **Gitard,** or **gitarne** of a bird. *Geſier, jeſter, juſier, mon.*
The **Gitterne** of a heane. *Perier de poule.*
Herbe **Gith.** *Gith, nielle, nielle odorante, barbue.*
White **Gith.** *Nielle blanche.*
A **Gitterne.** *Ciſtre, Quiterne, Giterne, Guiterre.*
A ſmall **Gitterne.** *Mandore.*
To **Give.** *Donner, bailler, rendre, ſuggerer.*
To **give** amiſſe. *Meſdonner.*
To **give** backe. *Redonner, rendre.*
To **give** upon condition. *Accondicionner.*
To **give** eare. *Eſcouler, preſter l'oreille.*
To **Give** over. *Deſiſter ; abandonner, guerpir ; ſurſeoir.*
To **Give** place, or roome. *Ceder, faire place, reculer.*
Give himſelfe to. *S'addonner à, s'appliquer à.*
To **give** his mind unto. *S' affectionner à.*
To **give** as ſtones (againſt moiſt weather.) *Suinter.*
To **give** way unto. *Ceder, conceder, paſſer.*
To **give** to wit. *Aſgavanter.*
To give or yeeld. *Ceder, rendre.*
To **give** unto. *Attribuer.*
To **give** over his right. *Paſſer ſon droict.*
Given. *Donné, rendu, baillé.*
Given backe. *Redonné, rendu.*
Given upon condition. *Accondicionné.*
Given over. *Abandonné, deſaccouſtumé, guerpi ; ſurſis.*

Given to. *Addonné à.*
Given unto, *Attribué.*
A **Giver**. *Donneur, bailleur, donateur.*
Gives. *Manicles, manottes, manette.*
A **Giving.** *Donnement, donation, baillement.*
Giving over. *Surseant.*
A giving back. *Pas d'escreviſſe.*
A **giving** over. *Surseance.*
Giving as ſtones in rainie weather. *Moite.*
A **Gizzie.** *Saffrette, goguemelle. Voyez* a Punke.
Glad. *Ioyeux, aiſe, alaigre, baude, baut, esbaudi.*
To be **glad.** *Se resjouir, s'esjouir, esbaudir.*
To make **glad,** or to **gladden.** *Esjouir, esbaudir, resjouir.*
I am **glad** of it. *I'en ſuis bien aiſe.*
Gladded. *Resjoui.*
To **gladden.** *Resjouir, esbaudir, baudir.*
Gladen. *Glayeul.*
Gladly. *Alaigrement.*
Gladneſſe. *Alaigreſſe, alaigreté, baut, baiſt, esjouiſſance, resjouiſſance.*
Gladſome. *Esjouiſſant.*
A **Glaive.** *Glaive.*
To **glaſe.** *Vitrer.*
A **glaſier.** *Voarrier, voirrier, voerrier, verrier, vitrier, voirrinier.*
A **glaſſe** (to drink in.) *Verre.*
Glaſſe. *Voarre, voirre, verre, vitre.*
The **glaſſe** of a looking **glaſſe.** *Glace.*
A **glaſſe-houſe.** *Verrerie, verriere.*
Broken **glaſſe.** *Groizil.*
A **glaſſe-maker.** *Verrier, voirrinier.*
To turne, or make into **glaſſe.** *Vitrifier.*
Glaſſe-worke. *Vitrage, voirriere.*
Glaſſe-making. *Vitriere.*
A **Glaſſe-furnace.** *Verriere.*
A **glaſſe-window.** *Verrine, vitre, vitreau, verriere, Voirriere.*
A looking **glaſſe.** *Miroir, mirouër.*
To **glaſſe,** or **glaſe.** *Vitrer.*
To **glaſſe,** or **glaſe** a window. *Envoirriner une feneſtre.*
Glaſſed, or **glaſed.** *Vitré.*
Glaſſie. *Verrin, vitreux, voirré, voerrin.*
A **glaſſing,** or **glaſing.** *Vitrerie.*
Glaſſineſſe. *Vitrification.*
A **Glaunce.** *Oeillade.*
A **glaunce** at. *Attoucbe.*
To **glaunce.** *Gliſſer.*
To **glaunce** at. *Attoucher.*
Glaunced at. *Oeilladé.*
Glaunced. *Gliſſé.*
A **Glauncing.** *Gliſſement.*
To **glaze** (the inſide of an earthen veſſell.) *Vitrer, meller.*
Glazed. *Vitré.*
A **glazing.** *Vitrerie, melleure.*
A **glead** *Milan. Voyez* a Kite.
To **Gleane.** *Glaner, glainer.*
To **glean** grapes. *Halleboter, grapper, grappiller; hallebotter, allebouter.*
Gleaned. *Glané, glainé; grappelé.*
A **Gleaner.** *Glaneur, Glaineur.*
A **gleaner** of grapes. *Grappilleur, allebateur.*
A **gleanerelle** of grapes. *Grappeuſe.*
A **gleaning.** *Glanement, glaneure, glane, glainage.*
A **gleaning** of grapes. *Grappillage.*
Gleaning of grapes. *Grappetant.*
The **gleare** of an egge. *L'aubin d'un œuf.*
A **Gleave.** *Glaive.*
Glebe. *Glebe.*
Glee. *Ioyeuſeté, gallerie, guillardiſe, gaillardeté, esjouiſſance; où, comme* Gladneſſe, mirth.
Full of **glee.** *Baudé.*
To be full of **glee.** *Se galler.*
A **Gleek** (of kings, queenes, knaves, &c. at cards.) *Tricon.*
Gleew. *Colle; glu.*
Mouth **gleew.** *Colle de bouche, colle de poiſſon.*
To **gleew.** *Coller, gluer, adglutiner, agluer, agglutiner; aſſembler, ou coller enſemble.*
Water **gleew.** *Comme* Mouth Glew.
Of power to **gleew** together. *Agglutinatif.*
Gleewed. *Collé, agglué; aſſemblé.*
A **gleewer.** *Colleur, glueur.*
Gleewie; full of **gleew,** clammie as **gleew.** *Colleux, gluant, glueux, adglutinatif.*
Gleewineſſe. *Glueur, glutinoſité.*
A **gleewing.** *Collement, colleure, glument, adglutinement, agglutinement, aſſemblement, aſſemblure.*
Gleewing, gleewith. *Gluant.*
To runne **gleb** along. *Griller; ou comme* to Glide.
To **glide.** *Griller, couler, gliſſer.*
To **glide** along. *Deſcouler.*
Gled, or **glided.** *Grillé, coulé, gliſſé.*
A **gliding.** *Grillement, coulement, coulée, gliſſade, gliſſement.*
Gliding. *Gliſſant, grillant.*
To **glimmer.** *Luiſarner.*
A **glimmering.** *Barluë, ou comme* a glimpſe
A **Glimpſe.** *Petite lumiere, ou, lueur, Barluë.*
To caſt a **glimpſe.** *Reſplendir vn peu, luiſarner, entreluire.*
To **gliſten.** *Luiſarner, papillater, papillotter, ou comme* to Gliſter.
To **gliſter.** *Luire, reſplendir, treluire, reluire.*
A **gliſter.** *Cliſtere. Voyez* a Cliſter.
Gliſtening. *Papillotteux, papillottant.*
A **gliſtering,** or **gliſtening.** *Lueur, papillotage.*
Gliſtering. *Lueux, luiſant, reluiſant, papillotant, reſplendiſſant, lumineux.*
Gliſteringly. *Luiſantement.*
To **glitter.** *Luire, briller, brillonner, reſplendir, reluire.*
A **glitter.** *Bril; ou comme* a Glittering.
A **glittering.** *Brillement, bril, lueur.*
Glittering. *Brillant, lueux, luiſant, reſplendiſſant, reluiſant.*
Glitteringly. *Luiſantement.*
A **Globe.** *Globe.*
Globe-like. *Orbiculairement.*
Globie. *Orbiculaire.*
Globis. *Obſcur, Opaque.*
Globiſh weather. *Temps morne.*
Globiſhneſſe, *Opacité.*
Glozie. *Gloire; honneur.*
A ſmall **glozie.** *Gloriette.*
To **glozie.** *Se glorifier.*
To **glozifie** *Glorifier.*
Glozified. *Glorifié.*
Glozious. *Glorieux.*
Glozioully. *Glorieuſement.*
A **glozying.** *Gloriation.*
To **gloſe.** *Flater, amadoüer. Voyez* to Flatter.
Gloſed with. *Flaté, amadoüé.*
A **Gloſer.** *Flateur, amadoüeur.*
A **gloſing.** *Flaterie, amadoüement.*
A **gloſſe.** *Gloſe.*
A **gloſſe,** (or luſter.) *Luſtre.*
To **gloſſe.** *Gloſer.*
To let a **gloſſe** on. *Donner luſtre à; calendrer.*
Gloſſed. *Gloſé.*
A **Gloſſer.** *Gloſſateur.*
A **gloſſing,** or ſetting a **gloſſe** on. *Calendreure.*
To **gloſe.** *Borgnoyer.*
A **Gloſe.** *Gan, gant.*
Dogs-leather **gloſes.** *Gans d'eſaigne*
Winter **gloſes.** *Mitaines.*
A ſtrong **gloſe** for a Maſon to worke with. *Gardemain.*
Fox **gloſes.** *Gans de noſtre Dame, gantelet.*
A **Gloſer.** *Gantier.*
To **gloſe.** *Luiſarner; borgnoyer.*
A **Gloſe-worme.** *Lucerne, luſerne, luzerne, lampyride, Lampiride.*
To **gloze.** *Voyez* to Gloſe.
Glue, glued, gluing. *Voyez* Glew, glewed, &c.
Gluth. *Glueux, gluant.*
To **Glut.** *Saouler, gourmander, aſſouvir.*
Glutted. *Saoulé, ſaoul, apoué, aſſouvi.*
A **glutting.** *Saoulement, ſaouleté, ſaouleure, aſſouviſſement.*
A **glutton.** *Glouton, gourmand, glout, goulu, gourmandeur, goulard, galaffre, galiſſre, godilon, gouillart, freſche-dent, alcofribas, ſacre, grand mangeur.*
To play the **glutton.** *Gober, gourmander.*
A **gluttonelle.** *Gourmanderelle.*
Glutrome. *Gloutonnie, gourmandiſe, maugerie.*
To **gluttonize** it. *Gourmander.*
Gluttonizing. *Gourmandant.*
Gluttonous. *Glouz, gloutons, gloutonnaire, glout, goulu.*
Gluttonouſly. *Gloutement, goulüement.*
To **gnarle.** *Grender (comme un chien.)*
To **gnaſh** the teeth. *Grincer les dents.*
Gnashed. *Grincé.*
An (angrie) **gnasher** of teeth. *Grinceur.*
A **gnashing** of the teeth. *Grincement des dents.*
A **Gnat.** *Bibet, moucheron, mouſcheron, mouſſeron.*
A **gnat-snapper.** *Becqueſigue, becſigue, benarre, papaſigue, papeſigue.*
To **gnaw.** *Ronger, mordiller, mordre, grignoter; margouiller.*
A **gnaw-trull.** *Maſche-trouſle.*
A **Gnawer.** *Rongeur.*
A **gnawing.** *Ronge, rongement; morſure.*
Gnawne. *Ronge, grignoté; mordillé, mords.*
Gnawne (as corne by Weevils.) *Calendré, calandé.*
To **gnibble.** *Voyez* to Nibble.
A **Goad.** *Piqueron, ſtimule, aguillon, eſguillon.*
A **goale** to run at. *Mont-joye.*
The iron **goale** at Palemaile. *Paſſe.*
A **goale** (or common priſon.) *Geole, geolle.*
A **Goaler.** *Geolier, geollier.*
A **Goalers** wife, or woman **Goaler.** *Geoliere.*
A **goalerſhip,** a **goalers** fee. *Geolage, geoliage, geollage.*
To **goare.** *Voyez* to Gore.
A hees **Goat.** *Bouc.*

A ſhee **goat.** *Cheuvre, chevre; cabre.*
A bearded **goat.** *Bouc barbaſſé.*
A wild **goat.** *Chevrette, chevreul, chevreul ſauvage.*
A young **goat.** *Chevreau. Voyez a* Kidde.
Of a **goat.** *Caprin, bircin.*
A guelded **goat.** *Menon.*
A **Goat-heard.** *Chevrier.*
A little **goat.** *Chevrette.*
A **goat-milker.** *Caprimulge.*
Goats, the kind of **goats,** or **goats-fleſh.** *Caprin, chevrin.*
A **goat-ſucker** (bird.) *Grand merle.*
Goatie; of a **goat; goat-like.** *Caprin, bircin.*
Goats-beard. *Bouchimbarbe, barbe de bouc.*
The **goats** leap (done by a horſe.) *Capriole.*
Goats thorne. *Dragagant.*
Goats leather (dreſſed.) *Marroquin.*
A **gobbet.** *Gobeau, quignon; entoumeure, goubeau, morceau.*
Great **gobbets** (of liquid meats.) *Guilverdons.*
At one **gobbet.** *Tout de gob.*
Gobbets of fat broiled. *Grezillons.*
A **goblet.** *Gobelet, goubelet, hanap.*
A great **goblet.** *Gobeau.*
To **goble** up. *Gober, goularder.*
Gobled up. *Gobé, goulardé.*
A **goble-gut.** *Gobequinaut, goulard, gouillard.*
A **gobling.** *Goulardiſe.*
A **goblin.** *Gobelin, gribouri, eſprit follet.*
To play the **goblin.** *Gobeliner.*
God. *Dieu.*
The **Godhead.** *Deité.*
A **god-father.** *Parrain, parrin.*
A **god-mother.** *Marraine, marrine, maraine.*
A **god-ſonne.** *Filleul, fillol, fileul, filot.*
A **god-daughter.** *Filleule.*
A **gods-pennie.** *Denier à Dieu.*
A **goddeſſe.** *Deeſſe.*
Godlineſſe. *Pieté.*
Godleſſe. *Impie, atheiſte.*
Godly. *Pie, pieux.*
To **goe.** *Aller, marcher, paſſer.*
To **goe** aſunder of it ſelfe. *S'ouvrir.*
To **goe** away. *Partir.*
To **goe** awry. *Meſmarcher.*
To **goe** about. *Entreprendre; ambier.*
To **goe** nicely, or gingerly. *Aller à pas menu.*
To **goe** before. *Preceder.*
To **goe** before one. *Advancer.*
To **goe** back. *Retourner; reculer, arrierer, ſe reculer, ſe retirer arriere.*
To **goe** ſlowly. *Aller en badin.*
To **goe** abroad. *Sortir, ſortir hors, ſortir en public.*
To **goe** beyond. *Outrepaſſer, ſurmonter, ſurpaſſer.*
To **goe** downe. *Deſcendre; aller, ou venir enbas.*
To **goe** faire and ſoftly (to be overtaken.) *Surattendre.*
To **goe** forth or out. *Sortir, iſſir.*
To **goe** aſtray. *Comme* to go out of the way.
To **goe** in. *Entrer.*
To **goe** about the buſh. *Aller par ambages, aller en ambageye.*
To **goe** from. *Partir.*
To **goe** out of the way. *Forvoyer, forcheminer, fourvoyer.*
To **goe** a foot-pace, or faire and ſoftly. *Aller le pas.*
To **goe** to bed. *Aller coucher.*
Goe to. *Orſus, or, orça.*
To **goe** together. *Aller enſemble.*
To **goe** upon. *Surmarcher, paſſager.*
To **goe** up. *Monter.*
A **goer.** *Allant.*
A **going.** *Allée; alleure, allure, marcher, paſſage, paſſement.*
A **going** awry. *Meſmarchure.*
A **going** away. *Partiment.*
A **going** before. *Precedence.*
A **going** about the buſh. *Ambages, ambagieux.*
A **going** down. *Deſcente, deſcendement.*
Going from. *Partant.*
A **going** forth, or out. *Sortie, exiture.*
A **going** forward. *Avancement.*
A **going** back. *Pas d'eſcrevisſe.*
A **going** in. *Entrée.*
A **going** out of the way. *Fourvoyement.*
A **going** up. *Montée.*
Going. *Allant, marchant, paſſant.*
A **Goggle** eye. *Oeil de bœuf.*
Goggle-eyed. *Guerle.*
Gold *Or.*
A **gold** mine. *Mine d'or.*
Gold ore. *Balluque.*
Round maſſie graines of **gold.** *Or de pepin.*
Leafe **gold.** *Or batu en fueilles.*
Spangle **gold** (beaten thin for ſpangles) *Or en paille, Or de pailleole.*
Baſe **gold,** or painters **gold.** *Oripeau, orpeau.*
Smooth or Venice **gold.** *Or vas.*
Of **gold.** *D'or, orin.*
Gold wire, *Or traict.*
The **goldſmithes** trade, or work. *Orfevrerie, orfaverie, orfevrie.*
A **Goldſmith.** *Orfebvre, orfevre.*
To work **goldſmithes** work. *Orfavriſer, orfaverſer.*
A **gold-finer.** *Raffineur d'or.*
Gold perfectly fined. *Or obrizé.* ¶ Rab.
The **gold flower.** *Chryſocome; paſſevelours jaulne.*
A **Goldſmithes** wife. *Orfevreſſe.*
A **Gold-finch.** *Chardonneret.*
Furniſht with **goldſmithes** worke, full of **goldſmithes.** *Orfevreux.*
The Devils **goldring.** *Hurbet, urbec. Voyez* Vine-fretter.
Goldaze. *Aſſiette à dorer.*
A **Gold-finder.** *Gadoüard, gedouar, guigneron. Voyez* a jakes-farmer.
Golden. *D'or, orin.*
The herb **golden-rod.** *Verge doré, verge d'or.*
Golden-herb. *Pollettes, chryſolaine.*
The **goldenie.** *Sargon, (Voyez* Gilthead.) *Denté, marmo, marmor.*
A **goipe** (in Blaſon.) *Gulpe.*
Gome (the black greaſe of a wrought cart wheele.) *Camboy, cambouy.*
Gone. *Allé, marché, parti, paſſé, preterit. (Participe du verbe* to Goe.)
Gone awry. *Meſmarché.*
Gone before. *Precedé; allé, ou, paſſé devant.*
Gone back. *Retourné.*
Gone forth. *Sorti.*
Gone forward. *Avancé.*
To be **gone.** *S'en aller.*
Gone in. *Entré.*
Gone aſtray. *Fervoyé, fourvoyé;* au comme **Gone** from *Parti.*
Gone out of the way. *Forchemine, fourvoyé, forvoyé.*
Gone downe. *Deſcendu.*
Gone up. *Monté.*
I am **gone** (or overcaſt) at bowles. *Je ſuis paſſé.*
Good. *Bon; benin, benigne, honneſte.*
To find **good.** *Trouver bon, approuver.*
To make **good.** *Abonnir.*
Made **good.** *Abonni.*
Good Friday. *Vendredi ſaint.* Voyez Fryday.
Found **good.** *Trouvé bon, approuvé.*
Goods. *Biens, avoir.*
Goods which come by deſcent. *Biens papoaux.*
A **good-turne.** *Bien-fait, benefice.*
In a **good** faſhion. *Honneſtement.*
Goodly. *Beau, bel, belle, alme-beau.*
To make it **goodly.** *Faire la petite bouche, faire la ſucrée.*
Goodlineſſe. *Beauté.*
Good-man. *Bon-homme.*
The **good-man** of the houſe. *Maiſtre de la maiſon, pere de famille.*
Good-will. *Bien-veillance, benevolence, amour, amitié, affection, octroy, ou octroy.*
To beare **good-will** to. *Affecter.*
Bearing **good-will** unto. *Affecté, affectionné, affectueux.*
Full of **good-will.** *Affectueux.*
A Joyners **Googe.** *Gouge de menuiſier.*
A **Goose.** *Oye.*
A **Goose** giblets. *Voyez* Giblets.
A green-**goose,** or young **goose.** *Oiſon, oyſon, oyon, coupau.*
A ſtubble **goose.** *Oiſon, moiſſonnier.*
A green **goose, goose-cap.** *Oiſon bridé, coupau; ſot, ſol, grue, gaultier, naudin.*
Goose-turd green. *Merde-oye, merd-d'oye.*
A **goose-penne.** *Eſtable à oyes.*
A Wincheſter **goose.** *Clapoir, clapoire.*
A **goose-berry.** *Groſelle, graimſelle, groiſelle.*
Red **goose-berries,** beyond-ſea **goose-berries.** *Ribes, ribettes.*
A **goose berry** buſh, or ſhrub. *Groſelier, groiſelier, groiſelet; ribier.*
The preſerved juyce of red **goose-berries.** *Rob de ribes.*
Goose-graſſe, or **goose-ſhare.** *Grateron, rieble, aſpergule, aſpertule.*
The red **goose-berry** ſhrub. *Arbriſſelet d'aigreur.*
Goose-foot (herbe.) *Pied de jar, pied d'oiſon, pied d'oye.*
Goose-neaſt (herbe.) *Nid d'oiſeau.*
A **Gozbelly.** *Ventru, pançart, panſard, venuve à la poulain, groſſe bedaine.*
Gozbellied. *Pançu, panſu, ventru.*
Goze, or **goze-blood.** *Sanglant.*
To **goze** with hornes. *Corneiller.*
Gozed. *Corneillé.*
The **gozge,** or gullet. *Gorge, gueule.*
To give a **gozge** full of. *Saouler.*
To **gozge** himſelfe. *Se gorger, ſe ſaouler.*
The **gozge** of a bird. *Iabot.*
Gozged. *Gorgé.*
Full **gozged.** *Aouillé.*
A **Gozget.** *Gorgerette, gorgias.*

A **gorget**, or armour for the neck. *Haulſe-col.*
A **gorget** of maile. *Gorgerin.*
Gorgious. *Gorgias.*
Gorgiouſlie. *Gorgiaſement.*
Gorgiouſneſſe. *Gorgiaſete, garre, magnificence.*
A **Gormand.** *Gourman, gourmandeur. Voyez* a Glutton.
To **gormandize** it. *Gourmander, ſe gorger de viandes.*
A **gormandizing.** *Gourmandiſe. Voyez* Gluttonie.
Gormandizing. *Gourmandant.*
Gorſe. *Ajonc, genest, eſpineux.*
A **Gosling.** *Oiſon.*
The **Goſpell.** *Evangile.*
To preach the **Goſpell.** *Evangeliſer.*
Of, or belonging to, the **Goſpell.** *Evangelique.*
A **Goſpeller.** *Qui fait profeſſion de l'Evangile.*
A **Goſſe-hawke.** *Autour, aſtour, aſtor, austour.*
A **Goſſip.** *Compere; commere.*
A tatling **goſſip.** *Babillarde, languarde.*
A gadding **goſſip.** *Femme trottiere.*
To **goſſip.** *Commerer.*
A **goſſipping** (or friendly meeting of neighbours.) *Serée.*
Got, or **gotten.** *Gaigné, obtenu, acquis, acqueſté, attaint, attainct, prouſité.* (*Participe du verbe* to Get.)
A thing **gotten.** *Obtenuë, acqueſt.*
Gotten, (or begotten.) *Engendré.*
Gotten before. *Anticipé.*
Gotten upon. *Monté, monté deſſus.*
A **gougeon.** *Voyez* Gudgeon.
To **Goverue.** *Gouverner, regir, regiſſer, maiſtriſer, moderer, adminiſtrer, ameſnager.*
Governed. *Gouverné; ameſnagé, regi, maiſtriſé, moderé; attrempé.*
Badly **governed.** *Mal-conduict.*
A **governeſſe.** *Gouvernante.*
Government. *Attrempance.*
A **governing,** or **government.** *Gouvernement, regime, gouvert, magiſtrature; moderation, adminiſtration.*
The **government** of a familie. *Oeconomie.*
Governing. *Gouvernant.*
The **government** of a woman. *Gynecocratie, Gynocratie.*
A **governour.** *Gouverneur, magiſtrat, mambour, mambourg; moderateur; Oeconome, adminiſtrateur.*
Gould. *Voyez* Gold.
A **Gourd.** *Courge, coucourde, goubourde.*
A great **gourd.** *Callabaſſe, callebaſſe, carabaſſe.*
To **gourmandize.** *Voyez* to Gormandize.
The **Gout.** *La goutte, mal de S. Genou.*
The **gout** in any of the joynts. *Goutte nouë.*
The **gout** in the hands. *Chiragre.*
The **gout** in the hippe. *Sciatique, goutte ſciatique.*
The **gout** in the knees. *Gonagre.*
The **gout** in the feet. *Podagre.*
Full of the **gout.** *Gouteux.*
Goutie. *Gouteux, goutè.*
Goutineſſe. *La douleur de la goutte.*
A **Gowne.** *Robbe.*
A ſhort **gowne.** *Robon, houpelande.*
A Mariners, or hooded **gowne.** *Cape, cappe.*
A light (ſummer) **gowne.** *Marlotte.*
Grace. *Grace; benigneté.*
A **grace.** *Bonne grace, ornement, air. Comme,* He danceth with a good Grace. *Il danſe d'un bel air.*
With a **grace.** *De bonne grace.*
Without **grace.** *Mal plaiſant, maugracieux.*
To ſay **grace.** *Dire graces, Benir la table.*
A **grace** (or privilege.) *Vn Octroy, ou octroy.*
Grace (or thankſgiving.) *Graces.*
To **grace** (or adorne) a thing. *Orner.*
To **grace** one. *Contenancer aucun.*
Graced. *Contenancé; orné.*
Gracefull. *Bien galbé, adeſtre, advenant, aggreable, agreable, beau, belle, bel.*
A **gracefull** dreſſing or dighting. *Parement.*
Gracefull boldneſſe. *Maintien contenancé.*
Gracefullie. *Ornément, Advenamment, amiablement.*
Gracefullie dreſſed. *Paré.*
Gracefulneſſe. *Galbe, gallie, garbe, agreablité, beauté.*
Gracious. *Gracieux, benevole, bening, benigne, acceptable; affable, aggreable, agreable, alme, alme-beau, amiable.*
Graciouſly. *Gracieuſement, benignement, affablement, amiablement.*
Graciouſneſſe. *Gracieuſeté.*
A **Gradation.** *Gradation.*
Graduall. *Graduel.*
Gradually. *Graduellement.*
A **graduate.** *Gradué.*
Graduated. *Gradé, graduè.*
A **graduates** hood. *Liripipium.*
To **graffe.** *Greffer, enter, affier.*
To **graffe** upon. *Suranter.*
A **graffe.** *Greffe, ente; canon.*
Graffed. *Enté, greffé; affié.*
A **graffing.** *Entement, affiement.*
Graie. *Gris; bluard, grais, grieſche.*
A dapple **graie,** *Gris pommelé.*
A dapple **graie** horſe. *Aubere.*
Graie with age. *Griſon.*
Graie haires. *Cheveux meſlez.*
To grow **graie-headed.** *Griſer, griſonner.*
Grown **graie.** *Griſonné.*
One full of **graie** haires. *Vn homme meſlé.*
A **Graie,** *Griſard. Voyez* a Badger.
A darke ſpotted **graie-colour** of a horſe. *Pardil.*
A **Graie-hound.** *Levrier.*
Graiciſh, or **graipiſh.** *Griſaſtre.*
Graieneſſe. *Griſonnement, griſonneure.*
Graine. *Grain, grenage, grenaille.*
To reduce into **graine.** *Granuler.*
Reduced into **graine.** *Granulé.*
Gold, ſilver, &c. in **graines.** *Grenaille.*
Graine (to die with.) *Alchermes, graine, grene.*
Graine colour, or in **grain.** *Teinct en grain.*
Graines, or **graines** of paradiſe. *Cardomome, graine de paradis, maniguet, madiguette, melegette, meniguette.*
In **graines** (or ſmall ſeed-like pieces.) *Granuleux.*
To give leather a **graine.** *Beſanner.*
The **graine** of leather. *Fleur de cuir.*
The **graines** of wood (with ſpeckled ſtreakes.) *Madre; madrures, madre, madreure.*
Grained, full of **graines.** *Grenu.*
Grained wood. *Madré, madrier.*
Graimis. *Granuleux.*
Grammar. *Grammaire.*
A **Grammar** ſchoole-boy. *Grimaud, Grimauld.*
A ſchoole, or crue of petie **Grammar** ſchollers. *Grimauderie.*
A **Grammarian.** *Grammairien.*
A meane **Grammarian.** *Grimauche.*
Grammaticall. *Grammatique.*
Grammercy. *Grand merci.*
A **grampell.** *Grampelle, pagul. Voyez* a Grit, or a Pungar.
A great **grand-child.** *Arriere-neveu.*
A **grand-father.** *Ayeul, tayon, grand pere.*
A **grand-mother.** *Ayeule, grand mere, mere grande.*
A **Grandſire.** *Comme* Grandfather.
A **grandam,** or **grannam.** *Comme* Grandmother.
A **Grange.** *Grange; Grangée.*
To **grant.** *Ottroyer, accorder. Voyez* to Graunt.
To **grant** upon condition. *Accanditionner.*
A **grape.** *Raiſin.*
A bundle of **grapes.** *Mainſine, maiſſine.*
A bunch, or cluſter of **grapes.** *Grappe, vn raiſin entier.*
A little cluſter of **grapes.** *Grappillon.*
Full of **grapes.** *Raiſineux.*
A confection of **grapes.** *Raiſiné, Raiſinée, Raiſinnée.*
The ſea-**grape.** *Raiſin de mer.*
Grape-gathering. *Grappage.*
Grape-gleaning. *Voyez* Gleaning.
Grape-paper. *Papier raiſin.*
Grapie. *Grappu.*
To **grapple.** *Aggraffer, agrapher, accrocher, accroſſer; ſe barper l'un à l'autre, s'attacher à.*
The **grapple** of a ſhip. *Grappil, grappin, la main d'un navire.*
A **grapple.** *Agraphe, agraffe.*
Grappled. *Accroché, attaché.*
A **grappling.** *Agraffement, accrochement.*
To **graſe.** *Herber, paſturer, paiſtre.*
Graſed. *Paſturé, herbé, paiſſu.*
A **graſier.** *Paſturier, Graiſſier.*
A **graſing.** *Paſture, paſturage, paſturement.*
Graſing for cattell. *Grat.*
To **graſpe.** *Gruper, gripper, grippermer, griffer; ſe barper l'un à l'autre; herper, accroſſer, accrocher.*
A **graſpe.** *Gruppade, happée.*
To **graſpe** at. *Happer.*
Graſped. *Grapé, grippé, harpé, accroché.*
Graſped at. *Happe.*
A **graſper.** *Grippeur.*
A **graſping.** *Grupement, grippement, accrochement.*
Graſping. *Harpi.*
Graſſe. *Herbe, paſture, grame.*
Small **graſſe.** *Herbette, herbelette.*
To feed on, or with **graſſe.** *Herbeiller.*
Fed on, or with **graſſe.** *Herbeillé, herbé.*
A **Graſſe-hopper,** or **Graſhopper.** *Sauterelle, grillon des champs, ſaultereau, gigale, langouſte, gryllon, angouſte.*
Graſſie, or full of **graſſe.** *Herbus, herbis, herbu, herbageux, herbeux.*
To **grate.** *Grater, racler.*
To grate the teeth. *Grincer les dents.*

Grates (of wood) crosse-barred, *Treillage, barreaux.*
To **grate up** (with grates or barres.) *Griller.*
To **grate** with crosse barres of wood. *Treiller, treillisser, barrer.*
To **grate** small. *Esgruger.*
A **grate** of iron. *Grille de fer.*
A wooden **grate**. *Treillis.*
Grated. *Gratè, raclé, barré.*
Grated small. *Esgruge.*
Grated (or barred up). *Grillé.*
Grated (with crosse barres of wood.) *Treillé, treillissé.*
A **Grater**. *Gratoir, racloir, racle.*
A **grater**. *Racleur.*
A small **grater**, or Nutmeg **grater**. *Grugeoir, esgrugeoir.*
Gratis, full of **grates**. *Grilleux.*
A **Grating**. *Racleure.*
A **grating** (or shutting up with grates.) *Grillement.*
Grating. *Raclant.*
Gratefull. *Grate.*
Gratefully. *Avec gratitude, en gré.*
Gratefulnesse. *Gratitude.*
Gratious, gratiously. *Comme* Gracious, graciously.
Gratis. *Pour neant, pour rien.*
Gratitude. *Comme* Gratefulnesse.
To **Gratifie**. *Gratifier.*
Gratified. *Gratifié.*
A **Gratifying**. *Gratification.*
A **Gratuitie**. *Gratuité.*
A **Gratulation**. *Parabrin.*
Grave. *Grave, severe.*
A **grave** man. *Homme retenu.*
A **grave**. *Sepulchre, tombeau, enterrement.*
To lay in his **grave**. *Ensevelir, enterrer.*
Laid in his **grave**. *Enterré, enseveli.*
A **grave-maker**. *Sepulchralier, guenand.*
To **grave** (or carve.) *Graver.*
Graved, or **graden**. *Gravé.*
Gravely. *Gravement.*
A **Graver**. *Graveur.*
Graving. *Gravant.*
A **Graving**. *Graveure.*
Gravitie. *Gravité.*
To **Gravell**. *Mettre au rouët.*
Gravell. *Arene, greve, grouette, gravouer, sablon, grave, gravois, gravier, glaire, griotte,*
Small **gravell**. *Gravelle.*
Full of small **gravell**. *Arenuleux.*
To **gravell**. *Assabler.*
A **gravell-pit**. *Areniere.*
A **gravell-heape**. *Gravoir.*
Gravell (or the stone in the reines.) *Nephritide.*
The paine by **gravell** in the reines. *Nephretique passion.*
Gravelled. *Assablé.*
To be **gravelled**, or sticke in the **gravell**. *S'aggraver.*
Gravelled (as a ship.) *Aggravé.*
Gravelly, or full of gravell. *Areneux, arenuleux, gravelleux, glaireux, grietteux, grouetteux, grouteux, gruolleux.*
A **Graunge** (or country housholde.) *Grangée; aussi, beau-regard.*
A **Graunt**. *Vn octroy, ottroy.*
To **graunt**. *Octroyer, accorder, passer procuration, bailler.*
Graunted. *Octroyé, accordé, baillé.*
Graunted on condition. *Accordé sous condition.*
A **Graunter**. *Bailleur, qui octroye.*
A **Graunting**. *Baillement.*
Gray, grayhound. *Voyez* Graie, Graiehound.
To **Graze**, a **grazier**, &c. *Comme* to Grase, a Grasier, &c.
Greale. *Graisse, gresse.*
Hogs **greale**. *Oing, oinct.*
To **greale**. *Graisser, gresser, oindre.*
To **greale** in the fist with a bribe. *Fourrer la main.*
Grealed. *Graissé, oinct.*
Greasie, or full of greale. *Graisseux, gressier, bardoux, suineux, onctueux.*
A **greasie** tellow. *Toüillon.*
Greasily. *Graissement.*
Greasinesse. *Graisseure, maxmitonnage; onctuosité.*
The **greasinesse** of (sheepes) wooll before it be washed. *Suin de lain, vesipe.*
A **Greasing**. *Graisseure, oingture.*
Great. *Grand, gros.*
Somewhat, or prettie **great**. *Grandelet.*
A **great** deale. *Beaucoup.*
Great with child. *Grosse d'enfant, enceinte.*
Great with yong. *Empreinte.*
Worke done, or ware sold by the **great**. *Grosserie.*
To **Greaten**, or make great. *Agrandir, aggrandir.*
Greatened. *Agrandi, aggrandi.*
Greatnesse. *Grandeur, grandesse, gros.*
A **Greatening**. *Agrandissement, aggrandissement.*
Greatish. *Grandet.*
Greatly. *Grandement; mallement; moult; mont, beaucoup.*
Greaves (leg-harnesse.) *Greves, Caliges.*
A **Grecian**. *Grec.*
To play the **Grecian**. *Grecizer.*
Playing the **Grecian**. *Grecanizant.*
The **Greeke** tongue. *La langue gresque.*
To speake **Greeke**. *Grecizer, parler grec.*
Greekish. *Gregeois, Greguesque.*
Gregs. *Grecques, gregues, greguesques.*
A **Greece** (or step of a staire.) *Marche.*
Greedie. *Avide, glout, glouton, glutonnaire, gloux, goulard, goulu, harpi, avare, ardant.*
To be very **greedy** of. *Anheler apres.*
A **greedy-gut**. *Glouton, gourmandeur, gourmand, goulard, sacre, gobequinaut, gouillart, freschedent, bauffreur.*
A **greedy** feeding. *Gloutonnie, goulardise, goullardise, morsiaille, Bauffreure.*
Greedily. *Avidement, gloutement, gouluëment, havement, avarement, avaruleusement, affectueusement, ardamment.*
To eate **greedily**. *Goularder, galiffrer, morsiailler, bauffrer.*
Eaten **greedily**. *Goulardé, galaffré, galiffré.*
Food or victualls **greedily** eaten. *Morsiailleries.*
Greedinesse. *Avidité, ardeur.*
Greefe. *Douleur. Voyez* Griefe.
A **Greeke**. *Grec. Voyez plus devant.*
A merry **greeke**. *Gale bon temps, averlan.*
Greene. *Verd.*
To wax **green**. *Verdir, Reverdir.*
To be **green**. *Verdoyer.*
A **greene**. *Verd.*
The **greene** sickneſſe. *Les pasles couleurs.*
Prettie and **greene**. *Verdelet, verdureux, verdot.*
Spanish **greene**. *Verderis, verdet, verdegris.*
To **greene**, and make **greene**. *Verdurer.*
Sappe-**greene**. *Verd de vessie.*
A popingeay **greene**. *Verd-gay.*
Sea-water **greene** colour. *Aigue-marine.*
Goose-turd **greene**. *Verd d'oye, merde d'oye.*
The **Greene-cloth**. *Vne cour de justice pour l'hostel du Roy.*
Greenefish. *Morue, morue verte, moluë, mouloue.*
A seller of **greene-fish**. *Poissonnier, morayer.*
Greenely. *Verdement.*
Greeneneſſe. *Verdure, verdeur, verd.*
Full of **greeneneſſe**. *Verdoyant.*
A **Greening** peare. *Verdelet.*
Greenish. *Verdastre, verdot, verdelet.*
A **Greese** (or staire.) *Degré.*
To **Greet**. *Saluer.*
Greeted. *Salué.*
A **greeter**. *Saluëur.*
Greet. *Sablon.*
A place full of **greet**. *Sablonniere.*
Greetie. *Sablonneux, sabuleux.*
A **Greeting**. *Salutation, salut.*
To **Greeve**. *Grever, doloir, se doloir, se marrir. Voyez* to Grieve.
To **greeve**, or be **greeved**. *Se douloir, regretter, se grever.*
Greevous. *Comme* Grievous.
Grey. *Gris. Voyez* Graie and Greyhound. *Levrier, ou comme* a Graie-hound.
A **Grice**. *Marcassin.*
A **Gridiron**. *Gril.*
To broile on a **gridiron**. *Griller. Voyez* to Broile.
A **Gridiron-maker**. *Grillotier.*
Griefe. *Douleur, doleur, desconvenuë; regret; mal, marrisson, agonie, angustie.*
To take **griefe**. *S'adolorer, s'adouloir, s'adoulourer.*
To **Grieve**. *Grever, grevanter, grusser, aigrir, angoisser.*
To **grieve** exceeding much. *Affliger; agoniser.*
To **grieve**, or be **grieved**. *Doloir, se doloir; se grever, se marrir; se melancholier, s'adolorer, s'adouloir, s'adoulourer.*
A **Grievance**. *Grevance, grief.*
Grieved. *Grevé, grevanté; aigri, angoissé.*
Exceeding much **grieved**. *Affligé.*
Grieving. *Dolent, douloureux, grevant, afflictif.*
Grievous. *Douloureux, doulourous, grevable, grief, moleste.*
To make more **grievous** (or hainous.) *Aggravanter, aggraver.*
Grievously. *Dolentement, douloureusement, douloureusement.*
A **Griffon**. *Griffon.*
A **Griffons** foot. *Pied de Griffon,*

(*Inſtrument de Chirurgien.*)
A **Grigge.** *Anguillette*
A merry **grige.** *Gaie han temps, goinfre, goninfre, gringalet.*
Grimme. *Seuere, affreux, hayne, hideux.*
A **grimme-faced** fellow. *Grimauld, grimaud, grimon.*
To **looke grimme,** or **grimely.** *Avoir vn regard affreux.*
Grimmely, or **grimly.** *Affreuſement, hideuſement.*
Grimmenelle, or **grimnelle.** *Affreuſeté, hideur.*
To **Gripde** (corne.) *Mouldre, moulinet.*
To **grinde** (on a Grindſtone.) *Eſmoudre, aguiſer.*
A **Grinder.** *Mouldeur, moulleur; auſſi eſmouleur.*
The **grinders** (teeth.) *Les dents molieres, les dents machelieres.*
A **Grinding** (of corne.) *Moulage, mouldure, mouſture, mondure, moute.*
Toll due for **grinding.** *Moulage, moulture.*
A **grinding** (on a Grindſtone.) *Eſmouture.*
Grinding. *Meulier.*
A **grindingſtone, grindſtone,** or **grindleſtone.** *Meule, meulette, pierre de moliere, pierre aguiſoire.*
Belonging to a **Grindleſtone.** *Meulier.*
The **Grine.** *L'eine, la motte. Voyez* the Groine.
To **Grinne.** *Grigner, monſtrer les dents, rechigner les dents, grondeer.*
A **grinne.** *Laqs.*
A **Grinner.** *Qui grigne & monſtre ſes dents, grondeur.*
A **Grinning.** *Grondrie.*
To **Gripe.** *Gruppe, gripper, griffer, gripher, herper, agraphiner, agrapher, agraſſer, empoigner, aggripper, aggriffer, aberdre, arrapper.*
A **gripe.** *Gruppade; griffon.*
A **gripe** (or handfull.) *Havée; manipule.*
To **gripe** coverouſly. *Grippeminer.*
A **gripe** (or wring, as of the collicke, &c.) *Trenchaiſon.*
A **gripe-money.** *Gripp'argent, grippeminaud.*
To **gripe** (like the collick.) *Trenchaiſonner.*
Griped. *Grupé, grippé, grippée, herpé.*
A **Griper,** or covetous **gripe.** *Grippeminaud.*
A **griper.** *Grippeur.*
A **Griping.** *Grupement, grippement, harpade.*
A **griping** in the belly. *Trenchée.*
Grit. *Mouliure, mouſture, moulage, mouldure, moudure, monte.*
A **gritſle.** *Cartilage.*
Griſlie, or full of **griſlies.** *Cartilagineux.*
A **grit.** *Fagoule, ſquarancbon, pagal, grampelle, pagure. Voyez* a Pungar.
Geizle. *Gris, griſon.*
A **Groat.** *Vn gros. Le gros, ou Groat d'Angleterre eſt la troiſieſme partie d'un ſchelin; & vault, en monnoye de France, trois ſols & vn tiers.*
A **groats-ſworth.** *Pour vn gros; autant qu'on pourra acheter pour vn gros.*
Groates. *Gruaux, gruaux d'avoine.*
To **Groans.** *Voyez* to Grone.
A **Grocer.** *Groſſier, eſpicier, marchant groſſier.*
A whole-ſale **Grocer.** *Voyez* Warehouſeman.
Groceris ware. *Groſſerie, eſpicerie.*
(The ſtuffe) **Grogeram.** *Gros-grain.*
Grogeram Dutch, or Valentien. *Baragant.*
Liſle **grogeram.** *Camelot.*
The **Groine,** or **grine.** *L'eine, les aines, les baines, la motte, paniliere.*
Gromell. *Voyez.* Grummell.
To **Grone.** *Gemir, geindre, gehaindre.*
A **grone.** *Souſpir, gemiſſement.*
Fit to be **Grouned** for. *Gemiſſable.*
A **Groning.** *Gemiſſement.*
A **Groome.** *Valet.*
A **groome** of the chamber. *Valet de chambre.*
The **groome** porter of the Kings houſhold. *Capitaine de la porte.*
A **groome** of a ſtable. *Harnachear, houſpallier, paleſrenier.*
To **Grope.** *Taſtonner, fouiller, taſter.*
Groped. *Fouillé.*
A **Groper.** *Fouilleur.*
A **Groping.** *Fouillement, taſtonnement.*
Groping. *Taſtonnant.*
A **groping** for. *Taſtement.*
To go **groping** along. *Aller à taſtons, aller taſtonnant.*
The **groping** of a wench. *Mariolement.*
Groſſe. *Gros, patant; auſſi, rude, groſſier, abſurde.*
To wax **groſſe.** *Groſſir.*
A growing **groſſe.** *Groſſiſſement.*
A **groſſe** (12 dozen.) *Groſſe; douze douzaine.*
Groſſely. *Groſſement; groſſierement, abſurdement.*
Groſſeneſſe. *Groſſeur, groſſerie; abſurdité; obeſité.*
A womans **groſſeneſſe** (or being bigge with child.) *Groſſeſſe de femme.*
A **grot.** *Grotte, balme, groie, antre, baulme, caverne.*
A little **grot.** *Groton, caverneau.*
A **Grove.** *Boſcage, boſquet, bocquet, boccage.*
A **grove** of trees lopt and cut. *Arbuſte.*
Full of **groves.** *Boccageux.*
A **grove** of trees neere to a houſe. *Marque de bois.*
Groveling. *A bouchon, d'abouchon.*
Laid **groveling.** *Couché à quatre pattes.*
Grovie. *Boccager, boccagier.*
Ground. *Moulu, molu; auſſi, eſmoulu.* (*Participe du verbe*) to Grinde.
The **ground** (or earth.) *Terre.*
To ſticke faſt on **ground.** *S'aggraver.*
Faſt on the **ground** (as a ſhip.) *Aggravé.*
The **Ground** (of a thing.) *Fond, fondement, origine, baſe, bazc.*
The **ground-worke** (or foundation.) *Fondation, fondement, fond.*
Ground-keepers. *Banniers.*
An even plot of **ground.** *Parterre, aire.*
To **ground** upon. *Fonder.*
A falſe hollow **ground** that ſinkes. *Vn faux pas.*
On the very **ground.** *A meſme terre.*
Grounded. *Fondé.*
Grounding. *Fondant.*
Ground-ivie. *Lierre terreſtre, lierre trainant, petit lierre, hierre terreſtre, patte de chat.*
The ſea **Grounding** (or Smie.) *Melette, nadelle.*
Ground pine. *Fen muſcate. Voyez* Pine.
The **grounds.** *Feces, fondrailles, fondrilles, fondrée, mare, affaiſſement, baiſſieres, baſſieres.*
Groun-ſwell, or **groundſell.** *Seneçon, ſeneſſon.*
Ground-wormes. *Achées.*
A **Grout-head,** or **grountnoll.** *Teſte de bœuf, qui a groſſe teſte.*
To **Growe.** *Croiſtre.*
To **growe** forth. *Naiſtre.*
To **growe** among. *Parcroiſtre.*
To **growe** out of kind. *Degenerer, s'abaſtardir.*
To **growe** over or upon. *Surmaiſtre.*
To **growe** out of uſe. *Deſaccouſtumer, deſuſiter.*
To cauſe to **growe** (in fleſh.) *Hubir.*
Growen. *Creu, accreu.*
Growen out of. *Né de.*
Groweth. *Croiſſance, croiſt, creu.*
Full **growth** in fiſh. *Moiſe.*
A **Growing.** *Croiſſance.*
Growing among. *Parcroiſſant.*
Growing. *Croiſſant.*
A **growing** over or upon. *Surnaiſſance.*
Growing over or upon. *Surnaiſſant.*
Grown. *Creu.*
Full **grown.** *Parcru, parcreu.*
Grown out of kind. *Degeneré, abaſtardi.*
Grown out of uſe. *Deſuſité, deſaccouſtumé.*
A **growth.** *Accruë, croiſſance; accroiſſance, accroiſt.*
To **Grub** up weedes. *Sarcler, ſarſouïr, ſarfouër.*
Grubs, or ground-wormes. *Achéts.*
Grubbed up. *Sarclé, ſarfoüé.*
A **Grubbing** up. *Sarclement, ſarfuäge.*
A **grubbing** axe or forke. *Houe fourchue; aigre, ſarfouëtte; ſarfoüe, ſarfoët, megle.*
To **grudge** at. *Haïr; murmurer.*
That beareth a **grudge.** *Malveillant.*
A **grudge.** *Haine, malignité.*
Grudge-bearing. *Maling.*
Grudged at. *Haï.*
A **Grudging.** *Haine; murmure, murmurement, murmuration, rancœur.*
Grudgions (coarſe meale.) *Rabinages.*
Gruell. *Grus.*
Barlie **gruell.** *Orgée.*
To **Grumble.** *Grommeler, bolgner, fugner, gremeler, foigner, grondeer, grumeler, bogner, bongner, marmotonner, murmurer.*
Made to **grumble.** *Marmotonné.*
A **grumbler.** *Grommeleur, grondeur.*
A **Grumbling.** *Grommelement, grommellement, gronderie, grondement, boigne, murmure, murmurement, murmuration.*
Grumbling. *Grommeleux.*
That yeelds a **grumbling** ſound. *Marmotonné.*
Grummell (herbe.) *Gremil, gremil, herbe aux perles.*

To

To **Grunt**, or **gruntle**. *Gronder, grongner, barbeter, gruiner, gebainer, murmurer.*
A **Grunter**. *Grondeur.*
A **Grunting**. *Gronderie, grondement, grumelement, grongnement.*
Grunting. *Grongnard.*
Gruntingly. *Murmurantement.*
To **Guard**, a **Guardian**. *Voyez* to Gard, a Gardian.
Gubbins. *Les coupures, ou rongneures de poisson.*
A **Gudegeon**. *Goujon, goyon, govion, goiffon; auſſi, fourbe, fredaine, caſſade; goviar, mocquerie.*
Gudgeons. *Beſſieries, moquettes.*
To ſwallow a **Gudgeon**. *Eſtre befflé.*
Guegawes. *Babioles.*
To **Gueld**, and **Guelding**. *Comme* to Geld and Gelding.
To **Guerdon**. *Guerdonner. Voyez* to Reward.
A **Guerdon**. *Guerdon. Voyez* a Reward.
Guerdoned. *Guerdonné.*
A **Guerdoning**. *Guerdonnement.*
A **Gueſſe**. *Conjecture. Voyez* a Gheſſe.
To **Guggle** (as an empty bottle.) *Glouglouter, comme fait vne bouteille quand on la vuide.*
To **Guide**. *Guider, conduire, mener; adminiſtrer, gouverner.*
To **guide unto**. *Acconduire.*
A **guide**. *Guide, conducteur.*
Guided. *Guidé, conduict, mené.*
Ill **Guided**. *Mau-guidé.*
A **Guider**. *Conducteur, moderateur.*
A **Guiding**, or **Guidance**. *Conduicte, adminiſtration.*
A **Guidon**. *Guidon.*
A **Guild**. *Societé, confrairie.*
A **Guild-hall**. *Dome, beſtel de ville, palais.*
Guile. *Dol, fraude, guille, abuſion, malengin, malice, artifice, aſtuce, barat.*
Guilefull. *Fraudulent, fraudueux, cauteleux, doleux, abuſeux, abuſif, malicieux, aſtut.*
A **guileſull** device. *Cautelle.*
Guilefully. *Fraudulentement, malicieuſement.*
Guilefullneſſe. *Affetterie, affeterie.*
Guilt. *Coulpe.*
Guiltie. *Coulpable.*
A **Guiltie** perſon. *Malfaiteur.*
Guiltily. *Coulpablement.*
A **Guinnie** Cocke, or Hen. *Coq, ou geline d'Aphrique, gelinotte de Numedie, perdrix des terres neuves.*
Young **Guinnie** hennes. *Guinettes.*
A **Guiſe**. *Guiſe, maniere, mode.*
A **Guich**. *Galaffre, galiffre, pançart, panſard (ventre à la poulaine.)*
A **Gulfe**, or rodefor ſhips to ride in. *Surgidoire, ſurgidoir.*
A **Gulfe**. *Goulfe, golfe, gouffre, goulfre, vurge.*
A ſwallowing **Gulfe**. *Abyſme.*
Gulfie, or full of **gulfes**. *Gouffreux, abyſmeux.*
Gules (red.) *Gueules, (rouge, en blazon.)*
To **Gull**. *Embabouiner, affoler, beffler, gaber, abuſer; ſorner, ſe mocquer de, affroniter, Enjobeliner, apiſtoler, bailler de caſſades.*
A **Gull**. *Beſmus, fraſque, godelure au, Guillaume, jangipon, jobelin, mat, niais, oiſon bridé.*
An idle **gull**. *Naque-mouche.*
The **gull**-fiſh. *Cabot.*
A **gull** (or fib.) *Baliverne, balliverne, baye.*
Gulled. *Befflé, abuſé, mocqué, affolé, affronté, enjobeliné, apiſtolé, Beccaſſé.*
To be **gulled**. *Eſtre befflé.*
A **Guller**. *Gabeur, mocqueur.*
A **Gullerie**. *Abus, ſornette, natreté.*
Gulleries. *Beſſieries; fraſque, fourbe, fredaine.*
An impudent and injurious **gulleric**. *Affront.*
The **Gullet**. *Gorge, gavian, goulet, gueule, mery, mangeoire.*
The **gullet** of a beaſt. *Herbiere.*
A **Gulligut**. *Glouton, goulard, gourmand, ſacre, gouillart.*
A **Gulling**. *Tricherie, ripperie, affolement.*
A **Gulp** of wine. *Gorgé de vin, goulette de vin.*
At one **gulp**. *Tout de gob.*
To **Gumme**, or ſtiffen with **gumme**. *Gommer.*
Gumme. *Gomme.*
A gumme **drop**. *Larme.*
Gummed. *Gommé.*
Gummie, or full of **gummes**. *Gommeux.*
The **Gummes**. *Gencives.*
A **Gumming**. *Gommement.*
A **Gundola** (or Venetian wherrie.) *Gondole; bateau de Veniſe.*
A **Gunne**. *Arquebuſe, (& generalement, tout) baſton à feu.*
A great **gun**. *Voyez* Ordnance.
A **Gunner**. *Harquebuſier, mouſquettaire; auſſi, canonnier.*
A Maſter **gunner**. *Canonnier.*
Gun-powder. *Poudre à canon.*
Gun-ſhot. *Arquebuſade; canonnade.*
A **Gurnard**. *Gournauld, gourmeau, gradot, coucou marin, gabot, cabote, galline, malarmat, morrude, tombe, tumbe.*
To **Guſh** out. *Se desbonder.*
Guſhed forth. *Desbondé.*
A **Guſhing** forth. *Desbondement.*
The **Gullet** of a ſhirt. *Couſſon de chemiſe, gouſſet.*
A **Guſt** of wind. *Bouffée de vent.*
A **guſt** of contrarie windes. *Aire de vent.*
A **Gut**. *Boyau, bouyau, inteſtin.*
The right **gut**, or arſe **gut**. *Boyau culier, ou, cuillier, gras boyau, inteſtin droict.*
The long **gut**. *Le long boyau.*
The hungry **gut**. *Inteſtin affamé.*
The blind **gut**. *Inteſtin borgne, ſac.*
All **guts**. *Panſu, ventru, ventripotent.*
¶ Rabl.
The ſmall **guts**. *Boyaux menus, inteſtins tenues.*
A great, or fat **guts**. *Pançart, groſſe bedaine, panſard, ventre à la poulaine.*
A greedie **gut**. *Gourmand. Voyez ſous* Greedie.
The fretting of the **guts**. *Strophe.*
A **Gutter**. *Eſgout, gouttiere; canal, gargouille, ayguier.*
A **gutter** (on the top, or ſide of a houſe) *Nau, naut.*
Gutter-worke (in ſtone, or timber.) *Caneleure.*
Full of **gutters**. *Strié.*
To **gutter**. *Canelet.*
A **gutter** betweene two tiled houſes. *Noue, noë.*
Guttered. *Canelé.*
Gutturall. *Gutturel.*
Guacum. *Gayac, guayac.*
To **Guzzle**. *Mariner.*
To **Gybe**. *Brocarder, gaudir, gaber, ſe mocquer. Voyez* to Gibe.
A **Gypſie**, (counterfeit rogue, or filching vagabond.) *Narquois, narquin, nerquois.*

H.

A **Haberdaſher**. *Mercier; chappelier.*
A poore, pertie **haberdaſher** (of ſmall wares.) *Mercerot, marchand de merde en gros.*
Haberdepois weight. *Sorte de poids (corruptement, pour Avoir de poids) dont la centaine (appellé the hundred weight) contient 112 livres, & le livre ſeize onces.*
Haberdine. *Abordean, habordean, labordean, moruë, moluë, morue parée.*
An **Habergeon**. *Haubergeon, haubert.*
Habilitie. *Voyez* Abilitie.
An **habite**, or cuſtome. *Habituation, habitude, habit.*
To breed an **habite** in. *Habituer.*
That hath got an **habite** in. *Habitué.*
An **habit** (or ſuit of apparrell.) *Habillement, accouſtrement.*
A ſchollers **habit**. *Epitoge.*
Habitable. *Habitable, manable.*
An **habitacle**. *Habitacle. On comme* Habitation.
An **habitation**. *Habitation, habitacle.*
Habituall. *Habitual.*
Hach, **Hachell**, **Hachet**. *Voyez* Hatch, Hatchell, and Hatcher.
To **hache**. *Hacher.*
To **hache** in peeces. *Sacmenter.*
Hached. *Haché, fretaillé.*
Hached in peeces. *Sacmenté.*
A **haching**. *Hachement.*
An **hackney** horſe. *Cheval de louäge; traquenard, battier.*
An **hackney-man**. *Qui met les chevaux à louäg, emeſſager.*
A common **hackney** whore. *Putain publique, cantonniere, groſſe loudiere, gaultiere, femme vſagere.*
A **hacſter**. *Taille-bras.*
Had. *I avoy, j'eu (Imperfect du verbe to have:) auſſi, Eu, (Participe preterit du meſme verbe.)*
Haddocke (fiſh.) *Egrefin, egelfin.*
A ſalt **Haddocke**. *Hadot, hadou.*
A **haft**. *Manche, empoignure.*
A little handle or **haft**. *Manchereau.*
To **haft**, ſet on a **haft**. *Emmancher.*
Hafted, ſet into a haft. *Emmanché.*
A **hafting**, ſetting on a haft. *Emmanchewre.*
Haggard. *Hagard, reveſthe.*
A **Haggard** hawke. *Faulcon hagard.*
An **haggaſſe**. *Gogue, goguette.*
An old toothleſſe **hagge**. *Vieille ſorciere, vandoiſe, vieille paroſſe, vieille accroupie.*
To **haggle**. *Harceler, barguigner.*
A (paltring) **haggler**. *Caguetaſſe, barguigneur.*
A **haggling**. *Barguigne.*
Haie. *Foin. Voyez* Hay.

An **Hanker.** *Grenisse, Jenisse.*
Hayle *Grest, grelle, gresil.*
Great **haile.** *Gretace.*
To **haile.** *Gresler.*
A hat for the **haile.** *Chapeau gresler.*
A **haile-stone.** *Gresle, pois, ou pelote de gresle.*
Haile, All **haile.** *Dieu vous gard, bien te soit. Maniere de salutation ancienne, & aujourd'huy insusitée.*
Hailed on. *Gresle dessus.*
It **haileth.** *Il gresle.*
Hailes, full of **haile.** *Gresleux.*
The **hailliards** of the fore-saile. *Guindederesse de la misaine. Palie guinderesse est celle qui sert à guinder la voile du mast, ou elle est a marrée.* ¶ Nicot.
Hainous. *Haineux, atroce, capital, odieux.*
A **hainous** offence. *Capitalité.*
To make more **hainous.** *Aggraver, aggravanter.*
Hainously. *Atrocement.*
Hainousnesse. *Atrocité.*
The **haire** *Poil, crin, cheveul, pelage.*
The **haires** of the head. *Les cheveux.*
A little **haire.** *Pelet.*
A bush of **haire.** *Perruque, chevelure; floquet, ou Toupet de cheveux.*
The **haire** of the eye-lids.
The downie **haire** of a youths face. *Post solet.*
A disease causing the **haire** to fall off. *Alopecie.*
The **haire** of the privities. *Le poil honteux.*
A **haire-cloth.** *Haire.*
Gray **haires.** *Chenu.*
To pull the **haires** off. *Peler.*
A false **haire.** *Vne fausse perruque.*
A pulling off the **haire.** *Pelement.*
A shirt of **haire.** *Haire.*
A plaister to pull off **haire.** *Pelication.*
A **haire** in stone. *Capilament.*
Venus **haire,** or Maiden **haire.** *Capillaire.*
A **haire-lace.** *Camail, tenir, chevelière, bande.*
Haire-lesse. *Chauve, sans poil, pelé.*
Rough or shag **haired** like a water dog. *Barbet.*
Hairie, or full of **haire.** *Capilaire, capillaire, velu, chevelu.*
A **hairie** bush. *Chevelure.*
Hairie-handed. *Patepeluë.*
Hairinesse. *Veleure, cheveleure, pelage.*
A **Hatward** *Voyez* A Hayward.
A **Halberd.** *Halebarde.*
A Pensioners **Halberd.** *Bec de corbin, bec de faulcon.*
A **halberdier.** *Halebardier.*
The **Halcion** (bird.) *Halcion, Alcion.*
To **hale.** *Tirer, trainer, tirasser.*
Haled. *Tiré, trainé, tirassé.*
A **haler.** *Tireur.*
Halfe, *Moitié, demi.*
An **halfe** part. *Mespart.*
An **halfe-pennie.** *Maille. La moitie d'un* Pennie; *lequel Voyez en son lieu.*
To divide into **halves.** *Mesdier.*
Halidome, By my **Halidome.** *Par le Sacrement (forme de jurement ancienne.)*
A **haling.** *Tirage, tirement.*
A **haling** of Barges, or great boates up a river. *Haulseret.*

A **Hall.** *Salle, sale; hostel.*
A towne **Hall;** an open, or common **hall.** *Halle; Hostel de ville.*
Hall-dayes. *Jours de palais.*
A **Hallibut** (fish.) *Flatelet, fletelet.*
To **hallow.** *Sanctifier, consacrer.*
To **hallow** (or whoope.) *Hucher.*
To **hallow,** or set on dogs with hallowing. *Haller.*
Hallowed. *Sanctifié, consacré.*
Hallowed for, *Huché.*
An **hallowing.** *Sanctification; consecration, dedicace.*
A **hallowing** for, *Huchement.*
A **Haller.** *Corde, dont on tire les bateaux, gabarres, ou barques au long de la riviere.*
A **Haller.** *Homme qui tire vne navire, au bateau ainsi.*
To **halt.** *Boister, boiter, clocher, boitouser, buetouyer.*
To **halt** before a cripple. *Bécr contre vn four.*
A **halter,** (or he which halteth.) *Boiteux, qui cloche.*
A **halter.** *Licol, chevestre.*
To **halter.** *Encheveſtrer.*
To untie, or unloose a **halter.** *Dechevestrer.*
Haltered *Encheveſtré.*
A **haltering.** *Encheveſtrement, encheveſtrure.*
He workes by **halves.** *Il ne va que d'une fesse.*
A **Hamlet.** *Hameau.*
The **hamme.** *Jarret, repli de la jambe.*
Hammerable. *Malleable, maleable.*
A **hammer.** *Marteau, maillet.*
A Masons **hammer.** *Le testu d'un Masson.*
To **hammer.** *Marteler, marteller.*
A dore **hammer.** *Cliquet de l'huis.*
A little **hammer.** *Martelet.*
A **hammerer.** *Marteleur,*
Hammered. *Martelé, martellé.*
A **hammering.** *Malleation, martelage, martelerie, marteleiment.*
A **hamper.** *Banne, benne.*
A **hamper** of oziers. *Calathe.*
A **hand.** *Vne main.*
The right **hand.** *La main droicte, dextre.*
The left **hand.** *La main gauche, main seneſtre.*
The upper part of the **hand,** from the wrist to the knuckles. *Metacarpe, avant-main, avant-poignet.*
At **hand.** *A main, à la main, prochain, bien prés.*
The **hand** of a clock, or diall. *La monstre d'un horologe.*
The **hand** of an Astrolabe. *L'ostenseur.*
To lay **hands** on. *Empoigner, saisir.*
Layed **hands** on. *Empoigné, saisi.*
A laying **hands** on. *Saisissement.*
At no **hand.** *Nullement.*
The **hand** of justice (or authority.) *La main de justice.*
An armed **hand.** *Main garnie.*
Afore **hand,** or in **hand** *Avant la main,*
On the right **hand.** *A dextre, à la main droicte.*
On the left **hand.** *A seneſtre, à la main gauche, à orebe.* ¶ Rabl.

A small **hand,** or childes **hand.** *Mainotte, manette.*
A heavie, dead **hand.** *Main assommeresse.*
In **hand,** given before **hand.** *D'avance.*
Given in **hand,** or before **hand.** *Avancé.*
A giving in **hand,** or before **hand.** *Avancement.*
To beare one in **hand** that. *Faire croire que, faire accroire que.*
Out of **hand.** *Hastivement, sans marchander, adés, actuellement.*
A bad **hand** (or lucke.) *Main basse.*
A man of his **hands.** *Homme de main, homme là à main.*
To go in **hand** with. *Se mettre à.*
To **hand,** or handle, *Manier.*
But, if I fall in **hand** with it. *Mais, ſ je m'y mets.*
In the turning of a **hand.** *A main tourner.*
To give in **hand.** *Bailler actuellement, bailler d'avance, avancer argent.*
A steadie **hand.** *Main ferme, main seure.*
To worke, or doe with the **hands.** *Manisacturer.*
Wrought or done with the **hands.** *Manisacturé.*
A blow with the left **hand.** *Gauché.*
A **handbasket.** *Sporte. Voyez* Basket.
A **hand-breadth.** *Vn paulme.*
A **hand-fetter.** *Manette. Voyez* Manacles, Gives.
A **hand-full.** *Manipule, poignée, bavée.*
A **hand-gunne.** *Harquebuse, Pistole, &c. Tout baston à feu qu'on peut facilement manier.*
A **hand-kerchef.** *Mouchoir.*
A **hand-maid.** *Chambriere, servante, ancille.*
A **hand-mill.** *Moulin à bras.*
A **hand-saw.** *Petite scie.*
Ones **hand** subscribed. *Seing manuel.*
A **hand-vice.** *Oberon.*
Handed. *Manié; aussi, qui a des mains.*
Left **handed.** *Gauchier, gaulcher.*
A **Handicraft.** *Mestier, art mechanique.*
Belonging to a **handicraft.** *Mechanique, mechanicque.*
A **handicrafts-man.** *Manouvrier, homme de mestier, mechanique, Artisan.*
Handiworke. *Manufacture, manufacture.*
Handleable. *Maniable.*
To **handle.** *Manier, taster, tastonner, mener, administrer.*
To **handle** gently. *Attoucher, sadayer.*
To **handle** much. *Maingotter, patiner.*
The **handle** (of a toole.) *Le manche (d'un outil)*
A little **handle.** *Manchereau.*
The **handle** of a wheele. *Simelle.*
The **handle** of a pot, cup, &c. *Anse, Manile.*
A little **handle** of a pot, cup, &c. *Ansette, ansile.*
That hath a **handle.** *Ansé, ansité.*
The **handle** of a grindlestone. *Manivelle*
The **handle** of a targuet, or shield. *Les guiges d'un escu, ou targe.*
To **handle** rudely, and carelessly. *Patiner; peladder.*

To

To ſet a handle on (a toole.) *Emmancher.*
Set into a **handle.** *Emmanché.*
A ſetting on a **handle.** *Emmanchemẽt.*
Handled. *Manié ; mené ; Traicté,*
Handled ſoftly. *Attouché.*
Sorely **handled.** *Mau-mené, oultragé.*
Careleſſly **handled.** *Amoncheli.*
A **handling.** *Maniement, maniance.*
A rude **handling.** *Pelauderie.*
A light **handling.** *Attouchement, attrectation.*
Ill **handling.** *Meſ-vſage.*
To hurt by much **handling.** *Pattiner.*
Handſell. *Eſtreine, eſtrene.*
To handſell. Eſtrener.
Handſelled. *Eſtreiné, eſtrené.*
Handſome. *Godin ; honneſte ; habile, adeſtre, adroit, advenant, maniable, appert, bel, beau, belle.*
Indifferent **handſome.** *Godinet.*
To make **handſome.** *Affaſſonner.*
Handſomely. *Advenamment, honneſtement, habilement, ordonnément.*
Handſomeneſſe. *Garbe, habilité, habileté, honeſteté, agencement, ageancement, apertiſe, beauté.*
To **hang.** *Pendre, appendre.*
To **hang** dangling or looſely. *Pendiller.*
To **hang** downewards. *Pancher.*
To **hang** up, over, or upon. *Surpendre.*
A thing that **hangs** danglingly. *Pendille, pendilloches.*
A **hang-by.** *Appendice.*
Hangeable (that deſerves, or is fit to be hanged.) *Pendable.*
Hanged. *Pendu.*
Hanged with tapeſtry. *Tapiſſé, paré.*
Well **hanged** (of eares.) *Oreillé.*
Hanged downewards. *Panché.*
A **hanger.** *Pendant.*
A **hanger** (or ſhort crooked ſword.) *Braquemar, malcus, poulemart.*
Sword-**hangers.** *Pendants d'eſpée.*
Pot **hangers.** *Cramöllere, cremaillere, cremailles, macles.*
A **hanging.** *Pendage, penderie, pendement ; le haut-mal de la corde, peine de mar.*
Hanging. *Pendant.*
A **hanging** downewards. *Panchement.*
Hanging looſely. *Pendillant, penſil.*
Hanging over. *Impendent.*
Hangings. *Tapis, tapiſſerie, tante, parement.*
A **hangman.** *Bourreau, boye, maiſtre des hautes œuvres, executeur de haute juſtice, tollart.*
A **hanke** (of gold or ſilver thread.) *Babine.*
The **hanſe.** *Hanſe.*
Free of the **hanſe.** *Hanſé.*
To **hap** (or catch.) *Happer.*
Happed. *Happé.*
A **happe.** *Aventure, heur, advenement, adventure, advenuë ; eſtre ; ſurvenance, encontre.*
Good **happe.** *Bon heur, bonne adventure, bonne fortune, bonne encontre.*
Ill **happe.** *Mal heur, malaventure, meſadventure, meſadvenuë, malencontre, deſadventure.*
By **happe.** *Par aventure.*
To **happen.** *Avenir ; occurrer ; advenir, ſurvenir, encontrer.*
To **happen** unfortunately to. *Meſarriver à.*
Happened. *Avenu, advenu, ſurvenu, encontré.*
A matter **happened** in the way. *Occurrence, occurrent.*
A **happening.** *Avenement, obvention, ſurvenement.*
Happening. *Avenant, occurrent, ſurvenant.*
Happie. *Heureux, fortuné, beat, bienheureux, bienheuré.*
To make **happie.** *Beatifier, bienheurer.*
Happily. *Heureuſement, à la bonne heure.*
Happineſſe. *Felicité, heureté, heureuſeté, heurté, beatitude, bienheureté.*
An **harbinger.** *Fourrier, fourier.*
The Kings chiefe **harbinger.** *Le Mareſchal du corps du Roy.*
An **harbour.** *Herberge, herberge, herbergement.*
To **harbour** or houſe himſelfe. *S'amaiſonner.*
An **harbour** for ſhips. *Haure.*
A ſafe **harbour** for ſhipping in all weathers. *Vn port de bon abri pour les navires.*
To **harbour.** *Heberger, herberger, erberger, loger.*
To **harbour** a Stagge. *Aller à la veuë.*
Harboured. *Hebergé, aubergé.*
An **harbourer.** *Qui heberge, ou loge.*
An **harbouring.** *Hebergement, herbergement, herbergerie.*
Hard. *Dur ; difficile, ardu, malaiſé.*
Somewhat **hard.** *Duret.*
To wax **hard.** *S'endurcir.*
A **hard** knot, or knurre (in timber or ſtone.) *Durillon.*
Hard of hearing. *Sourdaſtre, ſurdaſtre.*
Voyez Thick of hearing *ſous* Heare.
Hard-ſkind (with labour.) *Calleux.*
Hard-by. *Ici prés, joignant, d'ici prés.*
To **harden.** *Endurcir, durcir, aduret ; lever le menton à ; affermir.*
Hardened. *Endurci ; acalli, aduré, affermi.*
A **hardener.** *Affermiſſeur.*
A **hardening.** *Endurciſſement, affermiſſement.*
Hard-hearted. *Maupiteux, impitoyable, impiteux, de cœur endurci.*
Hard-heartedneſſe. *Dureté de cœur, Cruauté.*
Hardily. *Durement ; difficilement, malaiſement, malement, à peine.*
Hardneſſe. *Dureté, dureſſe ; difficulté, malaiſance.*
Hardneſſe of heart. *Le cal de conſcience.*
Hardneſſe of skin. *Calloſité, gallon.*
Hardie. *Hardi, vaillant, animeux, audacieux, aſſeuré, habile.*
Hardier then the hardieſt. *Oultrepreux, le plus hardi de tous.*
Hardily. *Hardiment, vaillamment, animeuſement ; habilement.*
Hardineſſe. *Hardieſſe, vaillance, animoſité, rudeſſe, audace, aſſeurance.*
Hards (of flax.) *Grettes de lin.*
An **Hare.** *Lievre.*
A yong **Hare.** *Levrault, levreteau.*
An old female **hare.** *Haſe, hare.*
A ſea **hare.** *Lievre marin.*
A **hare** to kindle, to kindle yong **hares.** *Levreter.*
Kindled as yong **hares.** *Levreté.*
Hare-braind. *Acariaſtre, tabachard, tabocheux, pelerin.*
A **hare-braind** aſſe. *Haſtiveau, mat, mattarnus.*
Haire-braind fury. *Acariaſtreté.*
Hares-eare (herbe.) *Oreille de lievre.*
Hares-foot. *Pied de lievre.*
Hares-lattice. *Palatz de lievre, palais au lievre, ou du lievre.*
A **hare-lip.** *Levre fenduë, bec de lievre.*
Hare-lipt. *Levretée.*
An **harquebuſe.** *Arquebouſe, harquebuſe, arquebuſe, barquebouſe, bacquebute, baquebute.*
An **harquebuſe** a-crocke. *Arquebuſe à croc.*
A French **harquebuſe.** *Arquebuſe à grand reſſort.*
To ſhoot with an **harquebuſe.** *Harquebuſer, bacquebuter.*
Shot with an **harquebuſe.** *Harquebuſé, harquebouſé.*
The ſhot of an **harquebuſe.** *Arquebuſade, harquebuſade, arquebouſade, harquebouſade.*
An **harquebuſier.** *Arquebuſier, harquebuſier, barquebutier, bacquebouſier, baquebutier.*
A **Harlot.** *Paillarde, putain. Voyez* a Whore.
Harme. *Dommage, nuiſſance, mal, offenſe, offence.*
Great **harme.** *Obloeſion.*
To harme. *Endommager, offenſer, offendre, offencer, nuire.*
Harmed. *Endommagé, offenſé, offencé.*
Harmefull. *Nuiſant, nuiſible, nuiſif, dommageable, malfaiſant.*
Harmefully. *Dommageablement.*
Harmleſſly. *Innocentement.*
Harmleſſe. *Innocent ; ſans dommage, indemne, de bonne paſte.*
Harmleſneſſe. *Innocence.*
An **harming** *Endommagement.*
Harmonie. *Harmonie, melodie, modulation ; muſique, acromatie.*
Harmonious. *Harmonieux, harmonique, melodieux, acroamatique.*
Harmoniouſly. *Harmonieuſement, meladieuſement, muſicalement.*
To put on **harneſſe.** *S'armer.*
Harneſſe. *Harnois, armes, armure.*
Harneſſe for a draught or teame. *Attelage, attelement.*
Harneſſe of a horſe. *Harnas de cheval, harnachement.*
To **harneſs** a horſe. *Harnacher un cheval.*
Harneſſed. *Armé,*
Harneſſed (as a horſe.) *Harnaché.*
An **harneſſer** of an horſe. *Harnacheur de cheval.*
An **harneſſe** maker (or armour maker.) *Armorier.*
An **Harpe.** *Harpe.*
To **harpe,** or play on the **Harpe.** *Harper, joüer de la harpe.*
A **Harper.** *Harpeur.*
A **harpie.** *Harpie, harpye.*
An **harpſechord.** *Harpecborde.*
Good **Harry** *Bon henry* (herbe.)
To **harrie.** *Tourmenter, vexer, harceler, angarier, haroſſer, harier, berſer, butiner, ſaner, talemouſer, avillonner.*

Harried. *Harcelé, angarié, baraſſé, harié, hercelé, rompu de travail, avillonné.*
An **harrying.** *Hutinement, avillonnement.*
An **harrow.** *Harce, herſe, harſe, herce.*
To **harrow** *Harſer, hercer, herſer.*
Harrowed. *Harſé.*
An **harrower.** *Harſeur, herceur, herſeur.*
An **harrowing.** *Harſement, hercement, herſement, herceure.*
Harſh. *Mauſade; haiveux, reveſche, maugracieux, mauplaiſant, raffage, rude, amer, aſpre, auſtere.*
A **harſh** ſound of words. *Cacophenie.*
Harſhly. *Mauſadement, mauplaiſamment, rudement, amerment, aſprement, auſtrement.*
To ſing **harſhly.** *Grailler.*
Sounding **harſhly.** *Grailleux.*
Harſhneſſe. *Mauſadeté; reveſcherie; maltraitement, mauplaiſance, rudeſſe, aſpreté, aſpreſſe, auſterité.*
A **hart** (or ſtagge.) *Cerf.*
Harts-horne. *Corne de cerf.*
Harts-kodder. *L'herbe au cerf, Gratia Dei, Ophiogene.*
Harts-tongue. *Langue de cerf.*
Harts-wort. *Herbe de cœur, ſabine.*
A **harth.** *Atre-foyer, foyer.*
An **hartichocke.** *Artichault, Artichant. Voyez* an Artichocke.
Harveſt time. *Automme, autumne, aouſt.*
Belonging unto **harveſt.** *Automnal, autommel, autummal.*
Harveſt. *Moiſſon, dablée, dabblée, meſtives, moiſſons.*
Grape **harveſt.** *Vendange. Voyez* Vintage.
To make **harveſt.** *Meſtiver.*
A **harveſt** man. *Moiſſonneur, meſtivier.*
A late **harveſt.** *Arriere-ſaiſon.*
Harveſt fruites. *Moiſſons.*
Harveſt feaſts. *Meſtivailles, meſtivales.*
To work **harveſt** worke, or get in **harveſt.** *Moiſſonner.*
Of, or belonging to, **harveſt.** *Moiſſonnier.*
Harveſted. *Meſtivé.*
Haſard. *Voyez* Hazard.
A **haſell** nut. *Noiſille, noiſette, noiſillon, noiſelle.*
A **haſell** tree. *Noiſillier, nouzillier, nouſeiller, noiſetier, avelaignier, couldre, couldrier, noiſelier.*
Haſel-worth. *Cabaret, aſare.*
A **haſlet,** or hogs **haſlet.** *Freſſure de pourceau, haſtemenue, haſterel, haſtille de porc.*
A **haſpe.** *Agraphe, agraffe, aggraffe.*
To **haſpe.** *Agrapher, aggraffer; ſe harper l'un à l'autre.*
Haſped. *Accroché, aggraffé.*
A **haſping.** *Accrochement, aggraffement.*
Haſt. *Haſte, haſtiveté, acceleration.*
To make too much **haſt,** or more **haſt** then good ſpeed. *Surhaſter.*
To **haſt** or **haſten.** *S'haſter.*
To **haſten.** *Haſter, accelerer; ſurhaſter, avancer.*
Haſtened. *Haſté, accelerè, advancé, ſurhaſté, avancé.*
Haſted. *Haſté.*
A **haſtener.** *Accelerateur, avanceur.*
Haſtening. *Avanceant.*
A **haſtening.** *Avancement.*
Haſtie. *Haſtif, haſteleux; acariaſtre.*
A **haſtie** foole. *Haſtiveau.*
Haſtily. *Haſtivement; maugratieuſement.*
Haſtineſſe. *Haſtiveté.*
Haſtings (peares or apples.) *Poires, ou pommes haſtives, ou d'haſtiveau.*
To **hatch.** *Couver, eſclorre.*
To **hatch** a hilt. *Hacher.*
The **hatch** of a doore. *Avant-porte, guichet.*
To **hatch,** or **hatchell** flax. *Scrancer du lin.*
Hatched. *Couvé, eſclos.*
Chickens, or birds newly **hatched.** *Piaux.*
Hatched (as the hilt of a ſword.) *Hachè.*
A **hatchee** (or diſh of minced meat.) *Hachis.*
A **hatchell** (or heach for flax.) *Scran; ruinche, broſſe.*
To **hatchell.** *Scrancer, ſerencer, broſſer.*
An iron **hatchell.** *Ferreur.*
Hatchelled. *Scrancé.*
A **hatchellier.** *Scrancier.*
The **hatches** of a ſhip. *Tillac, eſcoutilles, panneaux d'un navire, panceaux.*
A **hatchet.** *Hachette.*
A **hatching** (of chickens, &c.) *Couvement de pouſſins, &c.*
A **hatching** (the hilt of a ſword.) *Hachement.*
To **hate.** *Haïr, hayer.*
Hate, or **hatred.** *Haine, malice.*
Full of **hate.** *Haineux, malicieux.*
Mortall **hate.** *Hoſtilité.*
Hateable, or worthy to be hated. *Haiſſable, odieux.*
Hated. *Haï.*
A **hater.** *Haineur, hayeur.*
Hatefull. *Odieux, haineux, hayneux; hoſtile; malicieux.*
Hatefully. *Odieuſement, hoſtilement, malicieuſement.*
Hatefullneſſe. *Haineuſeté.*
Hating. *Haineux.*
Hatred. *Haine, hoſtilité, inimitié.*
Worthy of **hatred.** *Odieux, haiſſable.*
Full of **hatred.** *Malivole.*
A **hat.** *Chappeau, chapeau, chapel.*
A little, flat, or narrow-brimd **hat.** *Capeline, capelin.*
Of, or belonging to, a **hat.** *Chapelier.*
A high-crowned **hat** (like a ſugar-loafe.) *Chapeau, à l'Albanoiſe.*
A Cardinalls **hat.** *Chapeau rouge.*
A **hat-band** *Cordon de chapeau.*
A **Hatter,** or **hat maker.** *Chapelier.*
To **have** *Avoir.*
I **have.** *I'ay.* Thou **haſt.** *Tu as.* He **hath.** *Il a.* Wee **have.** *Nous avons, &c.*
I **had.** *I'avoy.*
A **haven.** *Havre, hable, port.*
To arrive or come neere to the **haven.** *Apporter.*
Arrived or come neere to the **haven.** *Apporté.*
An arriving, or drawing neere to the **haven.** *Apportement.*
Haver. *Averon, aveneron,*
Havine. *Eſteule. Voyez* Scubble.
The **haumes** of a draught-horſes collar. *Les attelles.*
A **haunch.** *Hanche.*
Big **haunched.** *Hanchu.*
To **haunt.** *Hanter, frequenter.*
An ordinary **haunt.** *Hantiſe, frequence.*
Haunted. *Hanté, frequenté.*
A **haunter.** *Hanteur.*
An ordinary **haunter** of dicing and tipling houſes. *Berlandier.*
A **haunting.** *Hantement, hantiſe, frequentation.*
Havocke. *Ravage, ſac.*
To **havocke,** or make **havocke.** *Ravager, ſacmenter.*
Havocked, or **havocke** made. *Sacmenté, ſaquementé.*
An **havocking,** or making Havocke. *Saquement.*
Hautie. *Hautain, haultain, hault; haut; magnifique, orgueilleux, altier.*
Hautily. *Hautainement, haultainement, hautement, haultement; magnifiquement.*
Hautineſſe. *Hautaineté, haultaineté, haulſerie, hauteſſe, haulteſſe, orgueil.*
A **haward,** or **hayward.** *Qui garde (en commun) tout le beſtial d'un bourg, ou bourgade.*
A **Hawke.** *Faulcon, eſparvier, eſpervier, oiſeau; oiſeau de proye.*
To **hawke.** *Voler, chaſſer aux oiſeaux.*
A ſoare **hawke.** *Faulcon ſor.*
A high-flying **hawke.** *Faulcon haultain.*
A ſeeled **hawke.** *Faulcon cillier.*
A dropt **hawke.** *Faulcon gouët.*
A ſhort-winged **hawke.** *Autour, angour.*
A **hawke** ragged and broken feathered. *Faulcon halbrené.*
A **hawke** that is gentle, or eaſie to be manned. *Faulcon de doux affaictement.*
Hawkes-bells. *Grezillons, grillets.*
A **hawkes-hood.** *Chapperon de faulcon.*
A **hawkes** tallons. *Serres.*
Hawkes leſſes. *Getz d'un oiſeau.*
A **hawkes-neſe.** *Vn nez faict à manche de raſoir, nez aquilin.*
Hawked. *Chaſſé.*
A **hawking.** *Volerie, chaſſe.*
A **hawking** pole. *Gaule de gibiere, Gaule de gibier.*
A **hawthorne.** *Aubeſpin, aulbeſpin.*
A **haw.** *Grate-cul, fenelles.*
A **haw** in a horſes eye. *Ongler.*
Hay. *Foin.*
Timely **hay.** *Maiens.*
Lateward **hay.** *Foin d'arriere ſaiſon, ariere foin.*
Hard **hay.** *Foin dur.*
To feed, or inſeame with **hay.** *Affener.*
To make into **hay.** *Fener.*
Fed, or inſeamed with **hay.** *Affené.*
Made into **hay.** *Fené.*
Camells **hay.** *Sequinant.*
A **hay-maker** *Feneur.*
Hayes, or full of **hay.** *Feneux.*
A **hay-ſtacke, hay-reeke, hay-muſe, hay-loft, hay-houſe.** *Foinil, fenil, fenault, meule de foin.*
Hay-time, or **hay-harveſt.** *Fenaiſon.*
A **hay-cocke.** *Maſon de foin, meulon de foin, moulon de foin.*
A **haye,** or **hayes.** *Toiles.*
A **hayſer. hayie, haynous.** *Voyez* Haiſer, Haile, Hainous.
Hayze *Voyez* Haire.
Hayward. *Comme* Haward.
Hazard. *Haſard, advenure; danger, ſort, riſque, peril.*
Full of **hazard.** *Dangereux.*
To **hazard.** *Haſarder, s'advanturer.*
With great **hazard.** *Dangereuſement.*
The lower **hazard** of a Tennis-court. *Pelouſe.*
Hazarded. *Haſardé.*
A **hazarder.** *Haſardeur.*

Hazardous. *Haſardeux, adventureux, perilleux, audacieux.*
Hazardouſly. *Haſardeuſement, adventureuſement, audacieuſement.*
He. *hee. Il, luy.*
A **heath.** *Comme* a Hatchell.
A **Head.** *Teſte, chef; caboche.* ¶ Pic, Origine.
A little **head.** *Teſtelette, petite teſte,*
To put into the **head** of. *Mettre en teſte à.*
A **head** well furniſht. *Teſte bien timbrée.*
Drawne to a **head.** *Abouti.*
The **Headache.** *Mal de teſte, migraine.*
To bring or draw to a **head.** *Abouter, aboutir.*
An arrow **head.** *Le fer d'une fleche, virolet.*
The ſharpe **head** of a pike, or lance. *Fer de guerre.*
The **head-band** of a booke. *La trenchefile d'un livre.*
The **head** (or hornes) of a Stag. *Tenne, teſte de cerf.*
An addle **head.** *Teſte creuſe.*
A light (or ſhittle) **head.** *Teſte de linotte, Bernard.*
Belonging to the hinder part of the **head** *Occipital.*
A Moores **head.** *Teſte de More.*
The **head-peece** of a dore. *Surſueil d'une porte.*
A green (or wild) **head.** *Teſte verte.*
A Stags **head** that hath all his rights. *Teſte de cerf bien née.*
A groſſe **head,** or joulk **head.** *Groſſe teſte.*
A drawing to a **head.** *Abouiſſement.*
The burniſhing **head** of a Deere. *Frayouer.*
A **head-band.** *Tenie, templette, bandeau.*
The forepart of the **head.** *Le devant de la teſte.*
The **head-peece** of a bridle. *Sur teſte d'une bride.*
The hinder part of the **head.** *Le derriere de la teſte.*
The **head** of a Lute, or Violl. *Le jong d'un Luc ou Violle.*
The ſwimming of the **head.** *Scotomie.*
The **head** of a naile. *Rodelle d'un clou.*
The **head** of a Bear, Wolfe, wild Boare, or the like. *La hure.*
The **head** of a club. *Maſſerotte.*
To **head** a peece of caske. *Foncer.*
The **head** of a fountaine. *Mere d'une fontaine.*
To give a horſe the **head.** *Bailler les ailées à vn cheval.*
The barbed or forked **head** of an arrow. *Fer de fleſche à oreillets.*
(The play with pins, called) **heads** and points. *Teſte a teſte beſchevet, (ou) bechevet.*
Headed. *Moyné.*
Headie, or all a head. *Tout à beurt.*
Headie, or **headſtrong.** *Teſtard, teſtu, cabochard, cabocheux, cabochenu, eſcervelé, aheurtement.*
To be **headie.** *S'aheurter.*
Headineſs. *Teſtarderie, opiniaſtreté, opiniaſtrie, opiniaſtriſe.*
The **head-bag** (the broad peece of leather of a headſtall.) *Patellette de la teſtiere.*
Headlong. *Precipiteux; auſſi, haſtivement.*
To caſt down **headlong.** *Precipiter.*
Caſt **headlong.** *Precipite.*
A caſting down **headlong.** *Precipice.*
A **head-peace.** *Heaulme, habillement de teſte.*
A **head-ſtall** (headſtraine, or halter.) *Chevesſtre.*
The **head-ſtall** of a bridle. *Teſtiere.*
The **head-ſtall, head-peece** of a barbed horſe. *Chanfrain de cheval d'armes.*
Headſtrong. *Comme* Heady.
A **head-ſtrong,** maintaining of an ill opinion. *Opiniaſtreté, opiniaſtrie, opiniaſtriſe.*
To **heale.** *Guerir, guarir, curer, medeciner, medicamenter.*
To **heale** throughly. *Parguarir.*
Healeable. *Guariſſable, gueriſſable, medecinable.*
Healed. *Guari, gueri, guery, medeciné.*
An **healer.** *Gueriſſeur.*
An **healing.** *Gueriſon, guariſon, medecine, medicinement, medication.*
Healing. *Medecinal, medicamenteux.*
Health. *Santé; ſalut; gueriſon, guariſon.*
Healthfull, or **healthie.** *Sain, ſalutaire, ſalubre.*
Healthfully, or **healthily.** *Sainement, ſalubrement, ſalutairement.*
Healthfulneſſe. *Salubrité, incolumité.*
An **heape.** *Monceau, tas, amas; mont-joye.*
A little **heape.** *Monselet.*
To **heape.** *Amaſſer, amonceler, monceler; taſſer; abouquer, accumuler, appiler.*
To lay, gather, make, or packe upon a **heape.** *Amoncelcr.*
To **heape** together. *Cabaſſer, amaſſer.*
A **heape** of ſtones, earth, &c. *Aggere.*
Heaped. *amaſſé, amoncelé, taſſé, accumulé.*
Heaped together. *Cabaſſé, amaſſé.*
A **heaper.** *Amaſſeur, accumulateur; amaſſereſſe.*
An **heaping.** *Amaſſement, amoncement; abouquement, accumulation.*
An **herbe.** *Herbe.*
A ſmall **herbe.** *Herbette, herbelette.*
Herbe Bennet. *Benoiſte.*
Herbe Aloe. *Herbe d'Aloes.*
Herbe-grace. *Rue,*
Herbe Robert. *Herbe robert.*
Herbes dried. *Herbes mattes.*
Herbe Trinitie. *Herbe de la Trinité.*
To gather **herbes.** *Herboriſer.*
Pot **herbes** *Porée.*
Herbage. *Herbage.*
An **herball.** *Herbier, herbaire.*
An **herbaliſt,** or **herbiſt.** *Herbiſte, herberiſte, herbier.*
To play the **herbaliſt.** *Herboriſer*
Herbie, or full of **herbes.** *Herbeux, herbageux.*
An **herbe ſeller.** *Herbier, verdurier.*
An **herbe-wife.** *Herbiere, verdurierc.*
An **heard** (of cattle.) *Troupeau, harde, hardelle, harelle, harpail, herpail.*
A Cow-**heard,** or Neat-**heard.** *Bouvier, vachier.*
A ſwine-**heard.** *Porchier.*
A ſheepe-**heard.** *Voyez* Shepheard.
A cheefe **heard-man.** *Norrecquier.*
Heard. *Ouï, ouy, eſcouté. Participe de verbe* to Heare.
Heard perfectly and graciouſly. *Exaulcé.*
To **heare.** *Ouïr, eſcouter, oreiller.*
To **heare** graciouſly and perfectly. *Exaulcer.*
To **heare** both ſides. *Partir les oreilles.*
Heare-ſay. *Ouï-dire.*
A **hearer.** *Eſcouteur, auditeur, audiencier.*
The **hearing.** *Ouïe, ouye, ouïr, audition, audience.*
Hearing. *Eſcoutant, oyant.*
At a **hearing,** come to a **hearing.** *Audiencé.*
Of a **hearing** property. *Auditif.*
A **hearing** graciouſly and perfectly. *Exaulcement.*
Thicke of **hearing.** *Sourdaſtre, ſurdaſtre, hault d'oreilles.*
To be thicke of **hearing.** *Ouïr dur.*
To **hearken.** *Eſcouter, accouſter, oreiller, ouïr, preſter l'oreille à.*
Hearkened. *Eſcouté, ouï, ouy, accouſté.*
A **hearkener.** *Eſcouteur, oreilleur, accouſteur, auditeur.*
A **hearkening.** *Eſcoutement, accouſtement.*
Hearkening. *Eſcoutant.*
A **Hearſe.** *Cenotaphe.*
A **hearſe-cloth.** *Drap mortuaire.*
The **heart.** *Cœur, cueur.*
A great **heart.** *Grand cœur, magnanime.*
A little **heart.** *Cœuret, petit cœur.*
Full of **heart.** *Animeux, cordialeuſé.*
To have the **heart** to doe a thing. *Oſer faire quelque choſe.*
By **heart.** *Par cœur, par memoire.*
Sicke, or ill at the **heart.** *Accueuré.*
Out of **heart.** *Halbrenné, hallebrenné.*
A ſweet **heart.** *Ami, amie.*
To grow **heartleſſe.** *S'avachir.*
My ſweet **heart.** *Mon petit cœur, m'amie.*
A little or yong ſweet **heart.** *Amiette.*
Heart-comforting. *Cordial, cordiaque.*
Hearts-eaſe. *Herbe clavelée, jatée, menus penſées*
Heart-grieſe *Cœur-dueil.*
Heartieſſe. *Marmiteux, faineant, peneux.*
Heartieſneſſe. *Faineantiſe, faineance,*
The **heart-ſtrings.** *Precordiaux, hypochondres.*
Stout **hearted.** *Magnanime.*
To **hearten.** *Animer, encourager, lever le menton à, accourager, baudir, esbaudir.*
Heartened. *Animé, encouragé, cordialeuſé, accouragé, esbaudi.*
An **heartening.** *Encouragement.*
Heartie. *Cordial, cordialeuſé, affectueux.*
Heartily. *De bon hayt, de bon cœur, cordialement, affectueuſement.*
Heartineſſe. *Cordialité.*
Heartleſſe. *Voyez le devant ſous* Heart.
An **hearth.** *Comme* Harth.
Heate. *Chaleur, calidité; chaud, chaudot; eſchauffaiſon, ardeur.*
To **heate.** *Eſchauffer, chauffer, eſchaufer,*
The extreme ſcorching **heat** of the Sun. *Hale, haſte.*
Full of **heate.** *Chaleureux.*
With great **heate.** *Ardamment, ardentement.*
In **heate** *A la chaude.*
In great **heate** *Chaudement*
Heated. *Eſchauffé, eſchaufé.*
A **heating.** *Eſchauffement, vne chaude, ou chaulde, chauffage, eſchauffaiſon, eſchaufement, eſchauffeture, eſchaufaiſon.*
Heating. *Calfactif, eſchauffant.*
Heating-ſtuffe. *Chauffage.*
Heath. *Bruyere, briere.*

Full

Full of **heath**. *Bruyereux.*
A **heath**, or **heathie** grounds. *Brandes.*
A **heathen**. *Payen, Ethnique.*
Heathenisme. *Payennerie, payennie, paganisme, paganisme.*
Heathenishnesse. *Payemeté.*
To **heave** up. *Lever, haulser, haussер.*
Heaved up. *Levé. haulsé, haussé.*
A **heaving** up. *Haulserie, haussage, haulsage.*
Heaving up. *Haussant.*
Heaven. *Ciel; (Poëtiquement) Olympe, Paradis.*
The **heavengazer** (a sea-fish) *Tapecon, tappecon.*
Heavenly *Celeste.*
Heavie. *Pesant; gourd, lourd; gros; Triste, melancholique, morne; onereux, adeullé, adeuillé, adueillé.*
Heavie-looking. *Halbrenné.*
To make **heavie**. *Aggraver, appesanter, attrister; applommer de sommeil.*
A making **heavie**. *Appesantissement.*
To wax **heavie**. *S'appesantir, s'attrister, s'affesir, s'atrister.*
To be **heavie**. *Se melancholier, s'adeuloir.*
Made **heavie**. *Aggravé, appesanti.*
Heavily. *Pesamment, lourdement, grossement.*
To take **heavily**. *Se marrir.*
Heavinesse. *Pesanteur; tristesse, marrisson, melancholie.*
To be full of **heavinesse**. *S'adolorer, s'adouloir, s'adoulourer.*
Heben wood. *Hebene.*
Heben-like, made of Heben. *Hebené.*
An **hebrew** *Hebrieu.*
An **hebrewisme**. *Hebraisme.*
A **hecatombe**. *Hecatombe.*
An **hecticke** ague. *Fievre hectique.*
Sicke of an **hecticke**. *Hectique.*
A **hedge**. *Haye, haie.*
To **hedge**. *Hayer, hayer.*
To **hedge** in. *Parquer.*
A quickeset **hedge**. *Haye vive.*
Hedge-making. *Hayeson.*
A lowsie **hedge-creeper**. *Cagnard, cagnardier, vn adventurier vagabond.*
A **hedge-hogge**. *Porc-espin, herisson.*
Hedge-trees. *Arbres marmeaux.* ¶ Bourbonnois.
A **hedge-whore**. *Caignardiere, cantonniere, loudiere.*
Hedged. *Hayé.*
Hedged in. *Parqué.*
A **hedger**, or **hedge-maker**. *Hasteur.*
Hedging-time. *Hayeson.*
A **hedging-bill**. *Riveran; sarpette.*
Hee. *Il, luy.*
Heed. *Advisément.*
To take **heed** of. *Garer, se donner garde, prendre garde.*
Take **heed**, take **heed**. *Guare, guare.*
To **heed**. *Aviser, observer, adviser, prendre garde à, garder, marquer.*
Not to **heed**. *Nonchaloir.*
Heeded. *Observé, marqué.*
Not **heeded**. *Mesprisé, nonchalu.*
A **heeding**. *Animadversion.*
Heedfull, or **heedy**. *Accort, advisé, avisé, attentif.*
To be **heedlesse**. *Negliger.*
Heedfully. *Accortement, advisément, avisément, attentivement.*
Heedlesly. *Negligemment, nonchalamment, nonchalemment.*
Heedfullnesse. *Accortise, accortesse.*
Heedlesse *Maladvisé, malavisé, mesprisant, negligent, nonchalant, nonchalent.*
Heedlesnesse. *Mesgarde, negligence, nonchalence, nonchalance.*
The **heele**. *Talon.*
To tip up the **heeles**. *Passer oultre, trespasser, mourir, passer le pas.*
The **heele** of a hogge. *Argot.*
Out at **heeles** in debt. *Noyé en debtes.*
A horses flinging out with the **heeles**. *Pedales.*
Heere *Icy, en ce lieu.*
An **heifer**. *Genisse; borrette.*
Height. *Haulteur, altitude, haultesse, hauteur, hautesse.*
Heinous. *Voyez* Hainous.
An **heire**. *Hoir, heritier.*
An **heire** female. *Hoir de quenouille.*
Heirdome. *Hoirie.*
Heire-looms (or goods that come by inheritance.) *biens avitins.*
Held. *Tenu, observé; aussi, occupé, (participe du verbe* to Hold) *aussi, l'Imperfect,* I Held, *Ie tenoy; j'observoy.*
Held up. *Soustenu, appuyé.*
Helicampane. *Enule campane, aulnée, eaulace, herbe de l'aune.*
Wild, or field **helicampane**. *Aulnée champestre.*
Heliotropie. *Heliotropie.*
Hell. *Enfer, averne.*
Helleboze *Hellebore, ellebore, veraire.*
Blacke **Helleboze**. *Veraire noir.*
Bastard blacke **Helleboze** *Ore, patte de lion.*
Hellish. *Infernal, avernal.*
The **helme** (or rudder) of a ship. *Heaume, heaulmiere; huaume.*
A **helmet**. *Heaume, heaulme, armet, habillement de teste.*
A sleight **helmet**. *Cabasset, cabacet.*
To put on an **helmet**. *Heaumer.*
Wearing or armed with an **helmet**. *Heaumé.*
Helmet flower. *Napel.*
Helpe. *Aide, secours, expedient, assistance, subvention, adminicule; allege, allegeance.*
To **helpe**. *Aider, secourir, faire espaule à, assister, subvenir, accommoder, alleger, survenir.*
Helped. *Aidé, assisté, secouru, accommodé, allegé, survenu. Voyez* Holpen.
An **helper**. *Aide, assistant, auxiliateur.*
Helpfull. *Secourable.*
Helping. *Aidant, secourant, assistant.*
A **helping** to beare. *Allegement, survenement.*
A **helve**. *Manche. Voyez* a Haft.
To shake in the **helve**. *Brauster au manche.*
To **helve**. *Emmancher.*
Helved *Emmanché.*
A **helving**. *Emancheure.*
The **Hemeroydes**. *Hemorrhoides.*
An **hemicycle** *Hemicycle, anse de panier.*
An **hemisphere**. *Hemisphere.*
Hemlocke. *Cigue, la mort aux oisons.*
The **hemme** of a garment. *Orle, lisiére, orlure, ourle.*
A little **hemme**. *Orlet.*
To **hemme**. *Orler, ourler, oureler.*
To **hemme** in. *Faire barriere à, parquer enclorre.*
Hemmed *Orlé, ourlé.*
Hemmed in. *Parqué.*
A **hemming**. *Orlement, orlure.*
Hempe. *Chanvre, chambre.*
To beat **hempe**. *Paleter du chanvre.*
Bastard **hempe**. *Chanvre sauvage.*
Hempen, hempie, of **hempe**. *Chanvreux.*
An **hempen** close, or **hempe-yard**. *Chanvrier, chenevière, chevenere.*
Hemp-seed. *Chenevi.*
A **hempen** staulke, or stemme. *Chenevette.*
The rind or peeling of **hempe**. *Teille.*
A **hen**, or **henne**. *Poule, poulle, geline.*
Hennes. *Poulaille.*
A little **henne**. *Gelinette.*
A Ginnie, or Barbarie **henne**. *Geline d'Afrique, geline d'Aphrique, gelinote de Numidie.*
A little short **henne**. *Poule nonnette.*
A Moore-**henne**. *Paule griesche; poule d'eau.*
A yong **henne**. *Poulette.*
The sea-**henne**. *Poule de mer, poulaude.*
A peckled wood **hen**. *Gelinotte de bois, geline de bois.*
A great Kemish **henne**, or **henne** of the game. *Poule lombarde.*
A Pea-**henne**. *Paonnesse.*
A Turkie **henne**. *Poule d'Inde.*
A **henne-twist**. *Fouc, gelinier, poulailler.*
A **henne-stealer**. *Vn adventurier vagabond.*
A **henne-turd**, or **hennes** dung. *Fiente de poules.*
Of, or belonging to **hennes**. *Gelineux.*
A **henne-harme** (or white kite.) *Ian le blanc, oiseau de S. Martin.*
A **henne-house**. *Gelinier, poulailler, poulier.*
Henbane, or **henne-bane**. *Hanebane, apollinaire, jusquiame, husciame, hyascyame, mort aux oisons.*
Yellow **henne-bane**. *Petite nicotiane, petum semelle.*
Hennes-foot, or **hens-claw**. *Pied de geline.*
Hen-bit, or **henne-bit**. *Morgeline, herbe au moineau, mauvais oeil.*
Hence. *D'ici; hors d'icy.*
Henceforth, or **henceforward**. *Doresenavant; mesouan, mesouen, d'ores en avant.*
A **hench-man**, or **hench-boy**. *Page d'honneur; qui marche devant quelque Seigneur de grand authorité.*
A **henne**. *Voyez* a Hen.
Henry *Henry. Voyez* Harrie.
A **hep** (the fruit of the wild brier.) *Grate-cul.*
Heps (or hawthorne berries.) *Semelles.*
An **herauld**. *Herault, Heraut.*
Heraulds. *Officiers d'armes.*
An **herbe, herball, &c.** *Voyez devant* an Hearb, Hearball, &c.
An **herbinger**. *Comme* Harbinger.
Here. *Ici.*
Hereafter. *Cy apres, par ci apres, en apres.*
Here and there. *Parcy parlà; çà & là; Qu'abu qu'aba, cahin cahau.*
Heretofore. *Au paravant, cy-devant, jadis, autresois, paravant.*
Hereditable. *Hereditable, hertable.*
Hereditarie. *Hereditaire.*
An **heritage**. *Heritage, heredité, boirie.*
Heresie. *Heresie.*
An **heretick**. *Heretique.*
Turnd **heretick**. *Heresié.*

An **Hermaphrodite**. *Hermaphrodite, Androgyne, Ian-femme, garſon-fillette, maſle-femelle.*
An **Hermite**. *Hermite, ermite.*
An **hermitage**. *Hermitage, ermitage.*
An **hermitreſſe**. *Hermitreſſe.*
An **hermodactile**. *Hermodacte.*
Heroicall. *Heroique*
A **Herne**, or **Heron**. *Heron, Airon, Hairon.*
A yong **hernie**, or **heron**. *Haironneau.*
A criel **heron**, or dwarfe **heron**. *Aigrette.*
An **heron-hawke**, or hawke for a Heron. *Faulcon heronnier, ou haironnier.*
A **Herne-ſhaw**, or ſhaw of wood where Hernes breed. *Haironniere.*
Heron-tops. *Aigrettes d'heron.*
Heron-like (tall and lanke, &c.) *Haironniere.*
A **herons** neaſt, or airie. *Haironniere.*
Hernes-bill (herbe.) *Bec de cicoigne.*
A **Herring**. *Harenc, harang.*
A great, fat, full-row'd **herring**. *Harenc de mar.*
A ſhotten **herring**. *Harenc gueſt.*
A red **herring**. *Haranſor, harencſor, harenc de la uuict, harenc ſaur, ou, ſauret, Aranſor.*
Herring-ſeaſon. *Harangeſon, harengeſon.*
Of, or belonging, or like unto a **herring**. *Haranier,*
A **herring** celler, ſhop, or market. *Harengerie.*
A **Herring-wife**. *Harangiere, harengiere.*
A **herring** ſellers trade. *Harengerie.*
An **heteroclite**. *Heteroclite.*
Heſitation. *Heſitation.*
An **Hetchell**. *Seran; Guinch, Broſſe.* Voyez a Hatchell.
Hether. *Iuſques ici.* Voyez Hither.
To **hew**. *Hacher.*
To **hew** in peeces. *Sacmenter.*
Hewed, or **hewen**. *Haché.*
Hewed in peeces. *Sacmenté.*
An **hewing**. *Hachement.*
Hey-paſſe, and repaſſe. *Paſſe-paſſée.* (*mot de baſteleur.*)
An **heyfer**. *Geniſſe.*
Heyght, **heynous**, an **heyze**. *comme* Height, heinous, an Heire.
The **hickocke**. *Hoquet, hocquet, houquet, hoſquet, ſenglot, ſenglout, ſanglot.*
To have the **hickocke**. *Hocqueter, hoqueter, ſanglotter, ſenglouter, ſengloter.*
One that hath the **hickocks**. *Sengloteur.*
A **Hickway** (bird.) *Tercotercot, pic, pic verd.*
A **Hide**. *Vn cuir, panne.*
To dreſſe the **hides** of kine. *Baudrier, baudroyer, baudrayer.*
A **hide** of cowes leather dreſſed. *Baudrier.*
Hide-bound. He is **hide-bound**. *Le cuir luy tient.*
To **hide**, *Cacher, muſſer, tapir, reconſer, abſcencer, accouveter, accouver, obſcurcir, oculter, pallier.*
To **hide** under clothes. *Affubler.*
Hidde, or **hidden**. *Caché; tapineux, bloti, bloty, reconſé, abſconſé, abſconſe, abſtrus, muſſé, obſcurci, occulté, occulte, affublé.*
Hidde-man-blind. *Le jeu de capifou, clinemucette, clignemuſſel.*
All **hidde**. *Jeu; où vn ſe cache pour eſtre trouvé des autres.*
Hidden. *Caché, muſſé, tapi, accouvé, occulte, occulté; ou comme* Hidde.
A **hidden** corner. *Cache.*
Hiddenly. *En cachette, occultement.*
A **hider**. *Cacheur, occulteur.*
A **hiding**. *Cachement, tapiſſement, reconſement, abſconſement, occultation, palliation, paliation.*
A **hiding** hole, or place. *Cache, cachette, cachotte, muſſette, muſſe, mut.*
A **hiding** under (clothes.) *Affublage, affublement.*
Hiding. *Cachant; paliatif, palliatif.*
Hideous. *Hideux, eſpouventable, horrible, gareus.*
Hideouſly. *Hideuſement, horriblement.*
Hideouſneſſe. *Hideur, horribleté.*
To **hie** him, or make haſte. *Se haſter.*
Hied. *Haſté.* Voyez Haſte.
An **Hierarchie**. *Hierarchie.*
High. *Haut, hault; ardu.*
On **high**. *En hault, haut, hault, en mont.*
To be **high** in the inſtup. *Faire la haultain.*
High-minded. *Hautain, haultain, haulſaire, hauſſaire, acreſté, ſuperbe, orgueilleux.*
A **high** place. *Haut, place haute.*
A **high-haw** (bird.) *Becquebo, Beſche-bois, oriot, oriol.*
Highly. *Hautement, haultement, haut.*
Highneſſe. *Haulteſſe, hauteſſe, alteſſe.*
A **high** raiſing, or lifting. *Hauſſage.*
Higot. *Nommé, appellé,* (an old word.) *Vieil mot.*)
High-walled. *Hault-muré.*
A **Hill**. *Mont, montagne, coſtou, montagneite, montaigne.*
An antes **hill**, or mole **hill**. *Fourmiere, fourmilliere.*
A **hillocke** (or little hill.) *Monticule, petite montagnette, boſſe, monceau de terre, mont-joye, motte, verrunque, pelouſe.*
The **hilt** of a ſword. *La garde d'une eſpée.*
(The game) **hinch-pinch** and laugh not. *Pinſemorille.*
A **Hinde**. *Biche.*
A country **hinde**. *Cageois, pietegris; magnan, manant.*
A **hinde** hired for time of harveſt. *Calvanier, Calvainier.*
The **hinde-decke** of a ſhip. *La pouppe.*
To **hinder**. *Empeſcher, endommager, incommoder; nuire; obſtacler.*
Hindered. *Empeſché, endommagé, obſtaqué.*
Hinderance. *Obice, obſtacle, empeſchement.*
A **hinderer**. *Qui empeſche, ou incommode.*
Vnto ones **hinderance**. *Incommodement.*
A **hindering**, or **hinderance**. *Empeſchement, incommodité, obſtaclement.*
The **hinder** part. *Le derriere.*
The **hindermoſt**. *Le dernier de tous.*
The **hinges** of a doore. *Les gonds d'une porte; pivot, la penture d'une porte.*
Off the **hinges**. *Hallebrenné, meſbingandé, hors des gonds.*
To flie off the **hinges** (or be impatient, &c.) *Sortir des gonds.*
The **hippe**. *Hanche.*
The **hippes**. *Les haines.*
Plump or full **hips**. *Hanches mouffletes.*
Great **hipped**. *Hanchu.*
Hippocras (wine.) *Hypocras, hipocras.*
An **hippocras-bagge**. *Houſſe; manche.*
To **hire**. *Loüer, ſtipendier.*
Hire. *Loüage.*
To let out to **hire**. *Alquër.*
To **hire** one to doe his worke. *Marchander la peine d'aucun.*
Hired. *Loüé, ſtipendié.*
An **hired** horſe. *Cheval de loüage, battier.*
A **hirer**. *Louager, louagier.*
An **hiring**. *Louage, loüage.*
An **hireling**. *Mercenaire, ſtipendiaire, ſtipendie.*
Hirſe. *Mil.* Voyez Millet, and Mill.
His. *Son, ſa, ſien.*
Hiſſope. *Hiſope, hyſſope.*
To **hiſſe**. *Siffler.*
Hiſſed at. *Sifflé.*
Hiſſing. *Sifflant.*
A **hiſſing**. *Sifflement.*
Hiſſingly. *Sifflantement.*
Hiſt. *Houiſche. Note de ſilence.*
An **hiſtorie**. *Hiſtoire.*
Hiſtoricall. *Hiſtorial.*
An **hiſtorian**, **hiſtoriographer**, or writer of **hiſtories**. *Hiſtorien, hiſtoriographe.*
To write **hiſtories**. *Hiſtorier.*
Hither. *ça,ençà, icy, cy; à ce lieu.*
Hither and thither. *çà & là, deçà & delà.*
Hitherto. *Iuſqu'icy, juſques icy, juſqu'à preſent, juſques à preſent.*
Hitherwards. *Vers ce lieu, vers nous.*
To **hit**. *Ferir, frapper, toucher, tapper, taper, aſſener, attaindre.*
To **hit** violently againſt. *Heurter, hurter.*
A **hit**. *Attaincte, attaincte.*
Hit. *Feru, frappé, touché, aſſené, attaint, attaint.*
Violently **hit** againſt. *Heurté.*
Hitts. *Heurtis.*
Hittie miſſie. *Que bien que mal.*
A violent **hitting** againſt. *Heurtement, heurtis.*
An **hitting**. *Aſſenement.*
Violent **hitting**. *Heurtant.*
A (Bee) **Hive**. *Ruche, Catoire.*
A little **hive**. *Ruchette.*
To **hive**, make **hives**, &c. *Rucher.*
A **hive-full**. *Ruchée.*
Ho, ho. *He ho.*
Ho ho, there. *Hola.*
Hoarie. *Chenu, griſaſtre, griſon, mucydan.*
To grow **hoary** headed. *Griſer, griſonner.*
Growne **hoarie**. *Griſonné.*
Hoaris (or mouldie.) *Moiſi.*
Hoarie (as graſſe, trees, &c.) with froſt. *Greſillonné.*
To wax **hoarie** (or mouldie.) *Se moiſir.*
Hoarineſſe. *Griſonnement, griſonneur.*
Hoarineſſe (or mouldineſſe) *Moiſiſſure.*
Hoarſe. *Enroüé, rauque.*
Hoarſely. *Enroüément.*
To ſpeake, or ſing **hoarſely**. *Graiſler*
A ſpeaking **hoarſely**. *Grailleux.*
Hoarſeneſſe. *Enroüeure, enroüement.*
An **hoaſt**. *Armée, Oſt; auſſi,* Hoſt. Voyez an Hoſte.
The **hoaſt** of heaven. *La celeſtielle milice.*
A **hob** (or clowne.) *Pied gris.*
Hob-like. *Rude.*
A **Hobbie**. *Hobin, aubere, cheval Irlandois.*

Hobbie-like. *Hobineux.*
The hawke call'd a **hobbie.** *Aloüettier, Hobreau, haubereau, aubereau, obereau.*
A (childs) **hobbie-horſe.** *Baſton, ou, cheval de bois d'un enfant.*
A **hobgoblin.** *Eſprit ſolet, maſſoret, berbant.* ¶ Rab.
A **hobois.** *Hault bois.*
A **hock,** or **hollihock.** *Maulve cultivée.*
A **hodde.** *Oiſeau, oiſel.*
Hod-man-blinde. *Clignemuſſet, clinemuſſette, le jeu de capifon.*
A **hodgepodge.** *Hochepet.* *Voyez* a Hotchpot.
A **Hogge.** *Porc, porceau, pourceau.*
A ſtie-fed **hog.** *Bacquier.*
A pig-**hog,** or young **hog.** *Porcelet, pourcelet.*
Of a **hog,** like a **hog.** *Porchin, porcin.*
A barrow **hog.** *Porc chaſtré.*
Hogs. *Beſtes porcines.*
A **hog-badger.** *Taiſſon porchin.*
Hogs-greaſe. *Axunge.*
A **hog-heard.** *Porchier.*
Hogs-feet boild and ſtewed. *Onglons de pourceaux.*
A **hogs-ſtie.** *Porcherie, eſtable aux pourceaux, roulier.*
A **hogs foot.** *Main-de-gourre.*
A **hedge-hog.** *Heriſſon.*
A **hogs-haſlet.** *Freſſure de pourceau.*
Hogs-waſh. *Lavailles, mangeaille des pourceaux.*
A **ſea-hog.** *Pourceau de mer, porchereau, marſouin.*
Hogs-muſhrome. *Champignon de pourceau.*
Hogs-fennell. *Fenouil de pourceau.*
Hogs-bread. *Pain de pourceau, nombril de terre, pain porcin.*
Sowſed **hogs-fleſh.** *Porcanſou.* ¶ Rab.
Hoggiſh. *Suille.*
A **Hoghed.** *Tine, tonneau contenant 63 galons.*
A rude **hoiden.** *Grue, badault, ſalourdin, bejaune, becjaune.*
A gazing **hoiden.** *Landore, naque-mouche, badault, badelori.*
To **hoiſe** up. *Hauſſer, guinder, hauſſer, yſer.*
To **hoiſe** ſailes. *Hauſſer les voiles.*
To **hoiſe** up on high. *Surguinder, ſurhauſſer.*
Hoiſed. *Hauſſé, guindé, hauſsé.*
Hoiſing. *Hauſſant.*
A **hoiſing.** *Guindage, hauſſage, hauſſage, hauſſerie.*
A **hoiſing** inſtrument (to liſt up ſtones, &c.) *Guindal, guindol.*
Hoiſted (in the ſubſidie book.) *Surtaxé.*
A **hoiſting** in the ſubſidie book. *Surtaux.*
To **hold.** *Tenir; obſerver.*
To **hold** back. *Retenir, detenir, reſtraindre.*
To take or lay faſt **hold** on. *Agraphiner, empoigner, ſaiſir, agrapher, afficher, aggripper, aggriffer.*
To **hold** in. *Contenir, retenir, tenir en bride, moderer.*
To **hold** off. *Se garder de.*
To **hold** ones peace, or **hold** ones tongue. *Se taire.*
To **hold** up, or up-**hold.** *Souſtenir, appuyer.*
A **hold,** or thing to **hold** by. *Raſenail.*
A **hold.** *Fort, forteresſe.*
Laid faſt **hold** on. *Affiché, empoigné.*
To let goe his **hold.** *Laſcher ſa priſe.*
A laying faſt **hold** on. *Affichement, ſaiſiſſement.*
A **hold-faſt.** *Taquin.*
Laid **hold** on. *Saiſi, empoigné.*
I **hold** you (a wager.) *Je gageray avec vous.*
Holden. *Tenu.*
Holden in. *Retenu, reſtraint, tenu en bride, contenu.*
Holden up, or upholden. *Souſtenu.*
A **holder.** *Qui tient; auſſi poſſeſſeur, occupateur.*
A **holder** in. *Qui reſtraincl.*
A **holder** up. *Qui ſouſtient.*
A **holding.** *Tenuë, tenure.*
A **holding** in. *Reſtrainte.*
A **holding** up, or uhholding. *Souſtenement, ſoubſtenement.*
A **holding** ones peace, or tongue. *Silence.*
A **hole.** *Trou, pertuis; ouverture, baulme.*
A **hole,** to let a thing downe at into a lower roome. *Avallove, avallouere.*
A lurking **hole.** *Cave, taniere, balme, cachette, cachotte, taupiniere, muſſe, muſſette, mut, verducade.*
The arme-**hole.** *Aiſſelle.*
A **hole** under ground. *Antre, balme, grotte, caverne, baulme.*
The arſe-**hole.** *Le trou du cul, trou de ſibille.*
The **hole,** or hollow of an impoſtume. *Surgidoire, ſurgidoir.*
The touch **hole** of a piece. *Amorce.*
The **hole** of the eye (wherein it is ſeated.) *Orbite.*
Full of **holes.** *Pertuiſé.*
A pigeon **hol.** *Boüiotte.*
The **hole** in a priſon. *Cachotte.*
A **hole** (or berrie) made by a connie. *Tute.*
Laid in the **hole** of a priſon. *Cachotté.*
The **hole** of a Badger (or earth of a Fox.) *Goulet, mere.*
To make a **hole.** *Forer, pertuiſer, faire vn trou.*
Wherein **holes** are made. *Foré.*
The **hole** of a Hatchet (wherein the handle is put.) *Emmanchoir.*
To **hole,** or grow full of **holes.** *Se trouer, pertuiſer.*
Holed, or made full of holes. *Pertuiſé.*
Holing, or growing full of holes. *Se trouant.*
Holie. *Sainct, ſacre, beniſt, benict, benoict, benoiſt, beat.*
To make **holie.** *Sanctifier.*
Made **holie.** *Sanctifié.*
A **holie** man. *Agiotare.*
A making **holie.** *Sanctification.*
To make **holy day.** *Achommer, chommer, chomer.*
A **holie day.** *Jour de feſte, feſte, jour chommable.*
Somewhat **holy.** *Sainctelot.*
Holy writ. *La ſaincte eſcripture, agiographe.*
Holy-water. *Eau beniſte.*
Court-**holy-water.** *Eau beniſte de cour: belles parolles & promeſſes ſans effect.*
Holy thiſtle. *Chardon benoiſt, ou benoict.*
Holily. *Sainctement.*
Holineſſe. *Saincteté.*
Outward counterfeit **holineſſe.** *Cafardie, cafardiſe, caphardetie, hypocriſie.*
Holla. *Hola.*
Holland cloth. *Toille d'Hollande.*
A **hollander.** *Holandois.*
The **hollie,** (Holme, or Mulver) tree. *Houx, bous, bouſſon, beouſe, bouſteau; meſpilier ſauvage.*
A **hollie-bwand.** *Houſſine.*
Full of **hollie-bwands.** *Houſſineux.*
Holloh. *Creux, cavé, Funguex.*
A **holloh** place. *Vn creux.*
To **holloh,** or make **holloh.** *Creuſer, caver.*
The **holloh** part of a horſes mouth (where the tongue lies.) *Le canal de la bouche d'un cheval.*
The **holloh** of the hand. *Navire.*
Holloh'ed, or made hollow. *Creuſé.*
Holloh'ed like a cane or reed. *Canulé.*
A **holloh'ing,** or making hollow. *Creuſement.*
Holloh'neſſe. *Funguoſité.*
A **holloh'neſſe** under ground. *Antre.*
The **holme** tree. *Houx, beouſe.* *Voyez* Hollie.
The **holme** oke. *Yeuſe, beouſe.*
Holpen. *Aidé, ſecouru, aſſiſté.* (*Participe du verbe* to Help.)
Holeſome. *Sain.* *Voyez* Wholeſome.
Homage. *Hommage.*
Held by **homage.** *Hommagé.*
To owe or doe homage unto. *Hommager.*
A **home.** *Maiſon, logis; chez comme*
A **home-bred** ſluggard, loving **home.** *Caſanier, accaſané.*
At **home.** *A la maiſon, au logis, chez moy, chez vous, chez nous, &c. Domeſtiquement.*
Home bred. *Rude, Ruſtique.*
Homely. *Domeſtique; rude, ſimple; vil, de groſſe paſte.*
Homelineſſe. *Simplicité, ſimpleſſe.*
An **homicide.** *Homicide, homicidere, homicidiere.* *Voyez* a Manſlayer.
Homicide. *Homicide, meurtre.* Comme Manſlaughter.
An **Homilie.** *Homilie.*
Honeſt. *Honneſte, de bonne paſte.*
An **honeſt** man. *Homme de bien;* An **honeſt** woman, *Femme de bien.*
Honeſtly. *Honneſtement.*
Honeſtie. *Honneſteté.*
Honie. *Miel.*
To make of **honie.** *Melliſier.*
Virgins **honie.** *Miel vierge.*
To **honie,** ſweeten, or dreſſe with **honie.** *Emmieller.*
The making of **honie.** *Melliturgie.*
A ſeaſoning, ſweetning, or annointing with **honie.** *Emmiellement, emmielleure, emmiellure.*
Of, or belonging to, **honie.** *Miellier.*
A **honie-combe.** *Rayon de miel, bournal, bournois, ou bornal de miel, bonion à miel, goffre.*
Honie-moone. *Le premier mois, ou an de mariage.*
Honie-like. *Mielleuſement.*
The **honie-apple,** or **honie-meale.** *Paſſe pomme.*

Honie-ſuckle. *Chevre-ſeuille, trainiere.*
Honie-ſweet. *Melliflüe.*
Honie-wort. *Pacquette.*
Honied, made, or ſweetned with honie. *Emmiellé.*
Honiedneſſe, or ſweetning with honie. *Emmiellëure, emmiellure, emmiellement.*
Honour. *Honneur; reverence, veneration.*
To **honour.** *Honorer, reverencer.*
Your **honour.** *(Tiltre qu'on donne aux Barons, & plus grand Seigneurs.) Voſtre Seigneurie.*
To **honour** much. *Magnifier.*
Honours widow. *Veufve d'honneur.*
Greedy of **honour.** *Ambitieux.*
An exceeding deſire of **honour.** *Ambition.*
Honourable. *Honorable, honoraire, honorifique; reverend, venerable.*
An **honourable** preſent. *Preſent honoraire.*
Honourably. *Honorablement.*
Honoured. *Honoré.*
Much **honoured.** *Magnifié.*
A **hood.** *Chaperon, coqueluchon, capeluchon, capuchon, coqueluche, chapperon.*
The **hood** of a cloke. *Cappe, capuchon.*
A little **hood,** or hooded cloake. *Capette.*
A French **hood.** *Chaperon, atour, attour, chapperon.*
A **hood** for the head in foule weather. *Camail, capt.*
A Graduates **hood.** *Liripipion.*
A mourning **hood.** *Chaperon de deuil.*
A riding **hood.** *Barbute.*
A Monkes **hood,** or cowle. *Capuchon.*
A womans **hood.** *Cappe à femme.*
A long **hood** of paper. *Cabaſſet de papier.*
To **hood.** *Chaperonner.*
A Lawyers **hood,** or a (citizens) liverie **hood.** *Chaperon à bourlet.*
Great Monkes **hood.** *(Herbe venimeuſe.) Napel.*
A hawkes **hood.** *Chaperon de faulcon.*
Hooded. *Chaperonné, coqueluchonné, cappé.*
To **hoodwink.** *Baſſoüer.*
Hood-winked. *Baſſoüé, baſoué.*
A **hoofe.** *Corne, ou, ongle du pied.*
A little **hoofe.** *Onglet.*
A horſes **hoofe.** *Sabot, ongle cabaline.*
Hoofed. *Onglé.*
A **hook.** *Crochet; faux, acroc, aggraffe, agraffe, agraphe, ameſſon.*
A little **hook.** *Havet.*
A fiſhing **hook.** *Haim, aim.*
A little fiſh-**hook.** *Hameçon, hameſſon, hamet, ameſſon.*
The **hook** of a claſpe. *Happe, hape.*
A boat-**hook,** or bill-**hook.** *Havet, rivereau.*
A fleſh-hook. *Fourchette, havet.*
A ſheep-**hook.** *Houlette de berger.*
A tenters-**hook.** *Houët, clou à crochet.*
A weeding-**hook.** *Sarcloir.*
A welch-**hook.** *Goiart, ranon, riveran.*
To **hook,** or grapple with a **hook.** *Accrocher, haver, happer; herper, accroſſer, agraffer, agrapher; anelar.*
By **hook** or by crook. *Griffe graffe, à tort ou à droit; à bander & à racler.*
Pott-**hookes.** *Cremailleres du pot.*
The **hookes** (or hinges) of a doore. *Les gonds d'une porte.*
Hook heale. *Oingterenle.*
An iron **hook** (wherewith ſea-men pull great fiſh into their ſhips) *Gaffe.*
To furniſh with fiſh-**hookes.** *Hameçonner.*
Hooked. *Accroché, happé, herpé, ameſſonné.*
Hooked (or furniſht) with fiſh **hookes.** *Hameçonné, hamceſſonné, ameſſonné.*
A **hooking.** *Accrochement, aggraffement.*
A **hoop.** *Cercle, cerceau, cercleț.*
To **hoope.** *Cerceler, cercceller,*
To **hoope,** or hollow. *Huyer, huër.*
Hooped. *Cercelé, cerclé.*
A **hooper** (bird.) *Dupe, duppe. Voyez* a Whoepe.
A **hoord** of apples. *Meurole de pommes.*
A **hoord.** *Harde, mugot, muguot, muſſe, muſſette.*
To **hoord** up together. *Cabaſſer, mugoter, accumuler.*
Hoorded up together. *Cabaſſé, mugotté, accumulé.*
A **hoorder.** *Accumulateur.*
A **hoording** *Accumulation.*
To **hoot** (or ſhowt) after. *Huer, huier, huyer.*
Hooted after. *Huyé, hué.*
A **hooting** after. *Huée, hu, huerie.*
Hooting. *Huant, huetant.*
Hootings. *Hou, hou, hou.*
To **hope.** *Eſperer.*
Hope. *Eſpoir, eſperance, attente.*
Hoped. *Eſperé.*
To **hop,** or **hoppe.** *Sautteler, danſer la grue, treper, trepigner, trepiller, treſſaillir.*
A **hoppe.** *Sault.*
To **hoppe** (as a coach in uneven way.) *Caboter.*
The **hoppe** of a coach in an uneven way. *Cabot, cabuët, cabuot.*
Hopped. *Saulté.*
The **hopper** of a mill. *Huche, tremie, tremuye, ou tremblante de moulin, meſure d'un moulin, tramel.*
A **hopping.** *Treſault, treſſaut.*
Hopping. *Trepillard.*
Hopp, or **hoppe.** *Houbelon, haubelon.*
Horehound. *Marrube, marrubin, marrochemin, marrobe, marrouchouin, vlcevaire.*
Black, ſtinking **horehound.** *Marrubin noir, marrubin puant, ballote.*
Marſh **horehound.** *Marrubin d'eau.*
White **horehound.** *Marrubin blanc.*
The **Horizon.** *Horizon, orizon.*
Horne. *Corne.*
A **horne.** *Vne corne.*
To wind a **horne** *Corner.*
A little **horne.** *Cornet, cornette, cornichon.*
To give the **horne.** *Faire cocu.*
A goodly paire of **hornes.** *Pennache de bœuf.*
A bugle **horne.** *Cornette.*
A writhen and braſen hunters **horne.** *Trompe.*
An ink-**horne.** *Cornet à encre; Eſcriptoire.*
A ſhooing **horne.** *Chauſſe-pied.*
A childs **horn-book.** *Tablette, carte.*
A **horne-fiſh, horne-beake.** *Aiguille, eſguille, arſitaiguille, orphie.*
The **hornes** owle. *Barbaïan. Voyez le ſoub.* Owle.
The **hornes** (or horn-ie tips) of a long bow. *Les cornettes d'un arc.*
To butt with **hornes.** *Corniller.*
Butted with **hornes.** *Cornillé.*
Horned, or having hornes. *Corné, cornu, accorné, acorné.*
Halfe **horned.** *My-cornu.*
A **horner,** or a winder of a horne. *Corneur, cornier.*
A ſhee-**horner.** *Corniere.*
A **hornet.** *Freſlon, froilon, frelon, pamphredon.*
Stung with **hornets.** *Freſlonné.*
The **hornie** tunicle of the eye. *La cornée de l'oeil.*
To **hornifie.** *Apiſtoler, faire cocu, faire porter des cornes.*
The **horoſcope** (of a nativitie.) *Horoſcope, oroſcope.*
Horrible. *Horrible, hideux, attroce, odieux.*
A thing **horrible** to behold. *Hideur.*
To make **horrible.** *Horribler.*
Horribleneſſe. *Atrocité, horribleté, hideur.*
Horribly. *Horriblement, atrocement, hideuſement, affreuſement.*
Horride. *Affreux, havre, herupé, heripé, heruppé, huré.*
Horrour. *Horreur, hideur, affreuſeté.*
To have in **horrour.** *Avoir en horreur abhorrir.*
A **horſe.** *Cheval, monture.*
An ambling **horſe.** *Haquenée. Voyez* ambling.
A Barbarie **horſe.** *Barbe, cheval de Barbarie.*
A pack-**horſe.** *Cheval baſtier.*
A ſorrell **horſe.** *Alezan.*
Horſes paires, or coach **horſes.** *Chevaux de couble.*
A black **horſe.** *Cheval moreau, cheval morel.*
A running **horſe.** *Cheval courant.*
A hackney **horſe.** *Cheval de louage.*
A ſea-**horſe.** *Cheval marin, ou de mer.*
Carters **horſes.** *Chevaux de ſomme.*
A double **horſe** (that will carry double.) *Cheval qui porte derriere.*
A high-going **horſes** bounſing. *Balotade.*
A poſt-**horſe.** *Cheval de poſte.*
A **horſe** with a white leg, or foot. *Cheval balzan.*
A ſaddle-**horſe** (or horſe that's ſure, and ready to be backed.) *Cheval de ſelle, monture.*
A great **horſe,** or **horſe** of ſervice. *Cheval de ſervice.*
A ſumpter **horſe,** or trunk **horſe.** *Cheval ſommier, cheval de ſomme, malier, cheval bahutier.*
A ſtalleon **horſe.** *Cheval de harras.*
A trotting **horſe** *Cheval qui trotte.*
A drag, draught, or cart **horſe.** *Cheval de traict.*
A roane or dapple gray **horſe** with a blackiſh head. *Cheval teſte de more.*
A thill **horſe.** *Cheval limonier.*
A water **horſe.** *Hippotame, cheval de riviere.*
A winged, or flying **horſe.** *Pegaſe.*
To **horſe** one. *Mettre à cheval.*
To give a **horſe** the head. *Bailler les ailes à vn cheval.*
An **horſe-boat.** *Taſorét, vn paſſe-chevaux.*

A **horſe-breaker**, or **horſe-rider**. *Piqueur, dompteur de chevaux, chevaucheur.*
Of, or belonging to, a **horſe**. *Cabalin.*
A **horſe-courſer**. *Maquignon, macquignon.*
A **horſe-collar**. *Collier à cheval, teſtiere.*
A **horſe-combe**. *Eſtrille.*
The trade of **horſe-courſing**. *Maquignonnage.*
A **horſe-keeper**. *Valet d'eſtable, palefrenier, parefrenier, houſpaillier.*
A **horſe-leech**. *Mareſchal.*
A **horſe-load**. *Sommade.* ¶ Langued.
A **horſe-litter**. *Licticre.*
To play the **horſe courſer**. *Maquignonner.*
A **horſe-man**. *Homme à cheval.*
Horſe-mint. *Baulme ſauvage.*
A **horſe-man** (in warre.) *Chevalier, gendarme.*
A light **horſe-man**, or Albanian **horſe-man**. *Eſtradiot; argolet.*
A carbine **horſe-man**, (ſerving with an harguebuſe.) *Carabin.*
Horſe-foot. *Patte de cheval, pied de poulain. Voyez* Fole-foot.
Horſe-heale *Aulnée, herbe de l'aune.*
Horſe-phyſick *Hippiatre.*
A **horſe-pluumme**. *Iarroiſe.*
A **horſe-race**. *Carriere.*
A **horſe-ſhoue**. *Fer de cheval.*
Horſe-trappings. *Bardes, phaleres.*
Horſe-heale (herbe) *Helaine.*
Horſe-foot, or **horſe-hoofe**. *Pas de cheval, ongle caballine, pas d'aſne,* (Herbe.)
A **horſeleech**. *Sangſuë.*
Horſe-taile, or **horſe-willow**. *Queuë de cheval, caqueuë.*
Horſe-tongue. *Hippogloſſe.*
Horſed. *Mis à cheval, abeſté; monté.*
Well or ill **horſed**. *Bien, ou mal monté.*
Hortatiue. *Hortatif.*
A **hoſe**. *Chauſſe; bas de chauſſes, haut de chauſſes.*
A **hoſier**. *Chauſſetier. Aujourd'huy (à Londres) on appelle ainſi les couſturiers qui vendent des habits (d'hommes) tous faits.*
Hoſpitable. *Hoſpitable, hoſpitalier.*
A **hoſpitall**. *Hoſpital, hoſtel Dieu; hoſtiere; maladerie, noſocome, oſtiere.*
To receive into the **hoſpitall**, *Hoſpitaler.*
A **hoſpitaler**, a maſter of an Hoſpitall. *Hoſpitalier.*
Hoſpitalitie. *Hoſpitalité; hoſtelage, hoſtellage.*
An **hoſtage**. *Hoſtage, oſtage.*
Given in **hoſtage**. *Hoſtager, oſtager.*
To receive as an **hoſtage**. *Oſtager.*
An **Hoſt**. *Hoſte, hoſtelier, qui tient hoſtelerie,*
To **hoſte**. *Loger en hoſtelerie.*
An **hoſte** (or armie.) *Oſt, hoſt, exercite, armée.*
An **hoſtell**. *Hoſtel.*
An **hoſteler**. *Hoſtelier;* (*Aujourd'huy on appelle ainſi*) *le valet d'eſtable.*
An **hoſterie**. *Hoſtelerie. Voyez* an Inne.
An **hoſteſſe**. *Hoſteſſe.*
An **hoſte**, or **hoſtie**. *Hoſtie.*
Hoſtile. *Hoſtile.*
Hoſtilely. *Hoſtilement.*
Hoſtilitie. *Hoſtilité.*
Hot, hotte. *Chauld, ardant.*
To be very **hotte** in a matter. *Ardoir, ardre.*
A **hot-houſe**. *Eſtuve, hypocauſte.*
Nothing is too **hotte** or too cold for him. *Tout paſſé par ſes tripes comme par le cul du ſinge.*
Hotly. *Chauldement, ardamment, ardentement.*
Hotneſſe. *Chaleur, calidité; ou, comme* Heate.
A **hotch-pot**. *Hoche-pot, hachis.*
A confuſed **hotch-pot**. *Embouillage, meſlange.*
A **hovell**. *Angar, mandre, eſcraigne.*
To **hover**, (or ſtand aloofe from.) *Marchander.*
To **hover** over. *Survoleter, ſe balancer.* ¶ Nicot.
Hovered. (or ſtood aloofe from.) *Marchandé.*
A **hovering**. *Balancement.* ¶ Nicot. *Panchement deſſus.*
The **hough** *Le jarret.*
To **hough** *Couper le jarret à.*
A **houghing**. *Iarretade.*
To **houle**. *Hurler, beurler, huller.*
To **houle** as young whelpes. *Piauler.*
Houled *Hurlé.*
An **houling**. *Hurlement, heulement, beurlerie, hullement.*
Houling. *Heullant.*
A Madge **howlet**. *Hulotte, holotte, machette, cheveche, cheveſche.*
A **hoult**. *Heulet; petite iſlette noyée du flot de la mer, lequel laiſſe vne eſcume, dont on faict du ſel.*
A **hoult** (or grove of trees about a houſe.) *Touffe de bois; ou, bois de touffe; touche de bois; ou, bois de touche.*
A **hound**. *Chien de chaſſe.*
A grey **hound**. *Lievrier.*
A fleet-**hound**. *Limier d'hautes erres.*
A blood **hound**. *Braque.*
To **hound**, or ſet a **hound** at. *Haler, baſter, haller, harer vn chien.*
A **hound fiſh**. *Sorlat.*
Hounded (ſet at, as a dog.) *Halé.*
The **hounds-tree**. *Verge ſanguine.*
An **houre**. *Heure.*
To come at a good **houre**. *Adhorer.*
In a good **houre**. *A la bonne heure.*
At the **houre**. *A l'heure.*
Set, appointed, limited, ſtinted, to an **houre**. *Heuré.*
An **houre-glaſſe**. *Horloge à ſable, horloge à ſablon.*
Hourely. *D'heure en heure, à chaſque heure.*
A **houſe**. *Hoſtel, maiſon, logis, heberge, herberge, herbergement, herbergerement, herbergerie, auberge, aulberge.*
A ſummer **houſe**, or **houſe** for pleaſure. *Beauregard.*
A gentlemans chiefe **houſe**. *Capdeul.*
(Come) of a good **houſe**. *Bien apparenté.*
A little **houſe**. *Maiſonnette.*
A Princes **houſe**. *Palais.*
A **houſe** of office. *Aiſances, latrine. Voyez* a Iake or Privie.
A ſtore-**houſe**. *Magazin; arcenal.*
An old decayed **houſe**. *Maſure.*
A Town-**houſe**. *Hoſtel de ville, balle; Palais.*
A victualling **houſe**. *Hoſtelerie; cabaret.*
A **houſe-dove** (a keeper at home.) *Caſanier, accaſane.*
A **work houſe**. *Ouvrier. Voyez* ſoubs Work.
To **houſe** himſelfe. *Acaſer, s'amaſonner.*
To build, or furniſh with **houſes**. *Maiſonner.*
A countrey **houſe**. *Metairie, maiſon champeſtre, maiſon ruſtique.*
To **houſe**, or give **houſe-roome** to. *Heberger, loger.*
Keeping a **houſe**; ſerving for a **houſe**. *Maiſonnier.*
To keep open **houſe**. *Tenir table ronde.*
The **houſe** is throwne out at windowes. *Tout y va par eſcuelles.*
A making **houſell**. *Apprivoiſement.*
Made **houſell**. *Domeſtiqué, apprivoiſé.*
Houſell. *Domeſtique.*
To make **houſell**. *Domeſtiquer, apprivoiſer.*
Houſed, furniſht with houſes. *Maiſonné.*
Houſed *Heberge, aubergé.*
A **houſe-full**. *Maiſonnée.*
A **houſing** *Herbergement.*
Houſing or houſes. *Maiſonnages.*
A **houſhold**. *Famille, maiſonnée, meſnie, meſnage, meignie, meſgnie.*
Houſhold (*Adjectif.*) *Domeſtique.*
Houſhold-buſineſſe. *Meſnage, affaires domeſtiques.*
Houſhold-bread. *Pain de meſnage, pain bis.*
Houſhold-fare. *Chere ordinaire.*
Houſhold-ſtuffe. *Meubles de la maiſon, meſnage.*
To ſtore with **houſhould-ſtuffe**. *Meubler.*
Stored with **houſhold-ſtuffe**. *Meublé.*
A **houſholder**. *Pere de famille, meſnagier.*
A good **houſe-keeper**. *Hoſpitalier.*
Good **houſe-keeping**. *Hoſpitalité.*
Houſeleeke. *Joubarbe.*
Great **houſleek**. *Grande Ioubarbe.*
Tree-**houſleek**. *Ioubarbe arbrée.*
Water **houſleeke**. *Milleſueille aquatique.*
Sea-**houſleek**. *Joubarbe marine, alaës.*
A **houſewife**. *Mere de famille; meſnagiere.*
A good **houſewife**. *Bonne meſnagiere.*
Houſewifely. *En bonne meſnagiere, meſnagerement.*
Houſewifery. *Meſnagerie.*
How. *Comment.*
How then? **how** ſo? *Puis, & puis? Comment cela?*
How many, **how** much. *Combien?*
How-be-it. *Combienque.*
How now. *Houay.* ¶ Paſſ.
An **howler**. *Hulette, huette, hulotte.*
To **howle**. *Voyez* to houle.
Howſoever. *Comment que ce ſoit, en façon quelconque.*
A Dutch **hoy**. *Heu, vn gros navire flamend.*
To **huck**. *Harceler, barguigner.*
The **huckle-bone**. *Guarignon, aſtragale, noix.*
Divination by **huckle-bones**. *Aſtragalomantie.*

An

An **huckſter.** *Regrateur, regratier, revendeur, maquignon, macquignon.*
An **huckſtereſſe.** *Regratiere, revendereſſe.*
To **hubble** things together. *Brouiller, barbouiller, brouillaſſer, meſlavger, meſler, paſſer pluſieurs choſes par vn fidelium.*
In a **huddle.** *Meſlement.*
Huddled confuſedly together. *Barbouillé, brouillé, maltaſsé, meſlangé, meſlé.*
Things **huddled** together. *Barbouilleries, brouilleries, brouillis.*
A confuſed **huddler** of things. *Barbouilleur, brouilleur, brouillaſſeur, brouillon, meſlangeur.*
A confuſed **hudding** together. *Barbouillement, barbouillage.*
Hue. *Couleur.*
Of a decayed **hue.** *Blaſſard.*
Hue and crie. *Huée, hueric.*
To follow with **hue** and crie. *Huer, huyer.*
Followed with **hue** and crie. *Huyé, hué.*
Making **hue** and crie. *Huant, huetant.*
Hulking Wenches. *Femmes à la grande gorre.*
A **huſſler.** *Anbelieve.*
Huge. *Fort grand, enorme, grandiſſime, bobulaire; embraſſe-tout.*
Hugely. *Grandement.*
Hugeneſſe. *Grandeur.*
To **hugge.** *Embraſſer, accoller, cherir, careſſer.*
Hugged. *Embraſsé, careſsé.*
In **hugger-mugger.** *En cachette, à calimini, ſous terre.*
A **hugging.** *Embraſſade, embraſſement, careſſe.*
Huguenotiſme. *Huguenoterie.*
Huguenots. *Huguenots. Nom qu'on donne à ceux de la religion reformée.*
A **huich** (in the back.) *Boſſe, gibbe.*
The being **huich-backed.** *Gibboſité.*
Huich-backt. *Boſſu, courbaſsé.*
A **huich-like** ſwelling. *Gibbaſſe.*
Huichad. *Boſsé.*
Huichie. *Gibbeux.*
A **hulke.** *Hourque, burque, orque, oulque.*
The **hull** (of beanes, peaſe, &c.) *Gouſſe.*
Hullie. *Gouſſu.*
The **hulver** tree. *Voyez* a Holſne tree.
Humane. *Humain.*
Humanely. *Humainement.*
Humanitie. *Humanité, benigneté.*
The **humble** Bee. *Lambin.*
To **humble** himſelfe. *S'humilier, s'abbaiſſer, baiſſer ſes cornes.*
Humble. *Humble, manſuet, modeſte, bas.*
To **humble.** *Humilier, abbaiſſer, rabbaſſer le menton à, baiſſer.*
Humbled. *Humilié, abbaiſsé, baiſsé.*
An **humbler.** *Abbaiſſeur.*
Humblenеſſe. *Humilité, humbleſſe, baſſeur, baſſeſſe.*
An **humbling.** *Abbaiſſement, baiſſer, baiſſement.*
Humbly. *Humblement, baſſement.*
An **humectation.** *Humectation.*
Humide. *Humide, moite. Voyez* Moiſt.
Humiditie. *Humidité, moiteur.*
Humilitie. *Humilité, humbleſſe, manſuetude, modeſtie.*
To **humme.** *Bourdonner, brouir.*
Hummed. *Bourdonné, murmuré.*
An **humming.** *Bourdon, bourdonnement, brouiſſement; murmure, murmurement, murmuration.*
Humming. *Bourdonneſque.*
Humozall, or **humors.** *Humoral.*
Humour. *Humeur.*
The radicall **Humour.** *Humeur radicale, l'humeur naiſve.*
Of a good **humour.** *De bonne paſte.*
A **humour.** *Caprice, fantaſie, trempe, humeur.*
To **humour.** *S'Appliquer à.*
An **humour** (or fanſie) unto. *Appetit.*
In an **humour.** *Fantaſquement.*
To be **humorous.** *Meticulializer, avoir des mouchevons en teſte.*
Humorous toyes. *Fantaſiqueries.*
Humorous. *Capricieux, fantaſtique, fantaſque, aime-nouveauté, avertimeux.*
He is **humorous.** *Il a du mercure à la teſte, il a le cerveau vn peu gaillard.*
Humourouſly. *Fantaſquement.*
An **hundred** *Cent, centaine.*
Of an **hundred,** containing an **hundred.** *Centenaire.*
By **hundreds.** *Par centaines.*
To count by **hundreds.** *Centeſimer.*
Amounting to above an **hundred.** *A la montance de cent.*
The **hundred** headed thiſtle. *Chardon teſtu, chardon à cent teſtes, panicault.*
The **hundreth.** *Centieſme.*
An **hundreth.** *Centurie.*
Hung (or hanged.) *Pendu.* participe *du verbe* to hang.
Hung well (of eares.) *Oreillé.*
Hunger. *Faim, maleſuade.*
Pinched with **hunger.** *Famelic, Famelique, fameilleux.*
Extreme **hunger.** *Mal aux dents.*
To **hunger-**ſterve. *Affamer.*
Hunger-ſterved. *Affamé.*
An **hunger-**ſterving. *Affamement.*
Hungry *Ayant faim, Fameilleux, affamé, avide.*
To be **hungry.** *Avoir faim.*
Hungry as a wolfe. *Allouvi.*
Hungerly. *Famcilleuſement, avidement.*
To **hunt.** *Chaſſer, vener.*
To **hunt** out. *Furcter.*
Hunted. *Chaſsé.*
Hunted out. *Fureté, furlucqué.*
A **hunt** or **huntſman.** *Chaſſeur, veneur.*
A **huntſmans** crie to the hounds at a default. *Orvarris, bourvarris.*
An **hunting.** *La chaſſe, venerie.*
An **hunting** ſtaffe. *Vn eſpieu de chaſſe.*
An **hunting-**pole. *Tourtoire, tortouere, baguette de veneur.*
An **hurdle,** *Claye.* Hurdles. *Hourdis.*
To **hurdle,** make up, hedge, cloſe with **hurdles.** *Clayer, bourder.*
Hurdled, hedged, cloſed, made up, or covered with **hurdles.** *Cleé, bourdé.*
To **hurle.** *Ietter, Lancer, iecter.*
To **hurle** a dart. *Darder.*
An **hurle.** *Iectée, iettée.*
Hurled. *Ietté, iecté, dardé.*
An **hurler.** *Iecteur, Dardeur.*
An **hurling.** *Iectement.*
An **huriliburly.** *Grabuge, beccuſſe, garbouil, garburge, mutinerie, mutination, vacarme, noiſe.*
To make an **huriliburly.** *Grabuger, faire le diable de vau-vert.*
To **hurrie.** *Harraſſer, harceler, harier, ſe houſpiler l'un l'autre, ſe boſpiller, turbulenter, angarier.*
An **hurrie.** *Sabat, beccuſſe, vacarme, noiſe.*
Hurried. *Harraſsé, harcelé, houſpillé, boſpile.*
An **hurrying.** *Houſpillement.*
To **hurt** *Bleſſer, nuire, endommager, naurer, nuïr, offenſer, offendre, offencer.*
An **hurt.** *Bleſſure, dommage, iacture, mal, naurure, nuiſſance, offenſe, offence.*
To **hurt** lore. *Affoler.*
Hurt, *Bleſsé,* (participe) *nauré, offensé, offencé.*
To **hurt** by much handling. *Pattiner.*
Hurts. *Heurtes* (*en blazon.*)
A ſore **hurt.** *Obloeſion, affolure.*
Sore **hurt** with blowes. *Affolé.*
An **hurter.** *Naureur.*
Hurtfull. *Dommageable, nuiſant, nuiſible, nuiſif, malfaiſant, maling, mauvais, offenſif, offenſible.*
An **hurting.** *Bleſſure, naurure, offenſement.*
Hurtfulneſſe *Mauvaiſtié.*
Hurtfully. *Dommageablement, malement, mauvaiſement.*
Hurtleſſe. *Innocent.*
Hurtle-berries. *Des morets. Voyez* whurtle-berries.
An **husband.** *Mari.*
A good **husband.** *Bon meſnagier.*
Like a good **husband.** *Meſnagerément.*
An ill **husband.** *Mauvais meſnagier.*
A ſiſters **husband.** *Sororge.*
To **husband.** *Meſnager, ameſnager.*
Husbandable. *Meſnageable.*
Husbanded. *Meſnagé, ameſnagé.*
An **husbandman.** *Laboureur, agricole, manant, meſtayer, meſtaier, meſtaus, metayer, metais.*
An **husbanding.** *Meſnage.*
Husbandrie. *Labourage, agriculture.*
Good **husbandrie.** *Meſnagement, meſnagerie, parſimonie.*
Huſht. *Houiſche, aime-ſilence, paix.*
To be **huſht** (or ſilent.) *Avoir le bec gelé.*
Huſht (or ſilent as the night.) *Nuictcux.*
The outward **huske** of a green walnut. *Brou.*
Huſked. *Coſſu.*
An **huske** of beanes, peaſe, &c. *Gouſſe, coſſe, eſcoſſe, ecoſſe, ſollicule.*
The **huske** wherein corne lyeth. *Paille ſolle de bled.*
Huskie. *Gouſſu.*
An **huſwife.** *Comme* Houſe-wife.
A good **huſwife.** *Bonne meſnagiere.*
An **hutch.** *Huche, huſche, huge, maiſt, naye, arche.*
To **huzze.** *Voyez* to Humme.
The **Hyacinth** (flower.) *Hyacinthe, hiacinthe.*
To **hyde,** A **hyde,** &c. *Voyez* to Hide, a hide, &c.
An **hyder.** *Hydre. Voyez* a water Adder.
Hydrographie. *Hydrographie.*
To **hye.** *Voyez* to Hie.
An **Hyena.** *Hyene.*
A ſlothfull **hylding.** *Vne laſche goddt, ou, gode.*
An **hyperbole.** *Hyperbole.*

Hyper-

Hyperbolicall. *Hyperbolic.*
Hypocras (wine.) *Hypocras. Voyez* Hipocras.
Hypocriſie. *Hypocriſie, papelardiſe, caphardrie, cafardie, cafardiſe, cagoterie, caffardiſe, papelardie.*
An **hypocrite.** *Hypocrite, cafard, caphard, cagot, mangeur de crucifix, mitouin, papelard.*
To play the **hypocrite.** *Cafarder, hypocriſer, capharder, faire le mitou, faire de la ſainſte nitouche, papelarder.*
Hypocritticall. *Mitis.*
An **hypocritticall** wench. *Caphарde.*
Hypocritically. *A la cafarde, hypocritement.*
Hyſſope. *Hyſſope.*
Hedge **hyſſope.** *Gratiole.*

I

I. *Ie, moy.*
It is **I.** *C'eſt moy.*
I my ſelfe. *Moy meſme.*
The **Iacinth** (ſtone.) *Iaciuthe, Hyacinthe. (Pierre precieuſe.)*
The buſh or **Iacinth.** *Oignon de chien.*
The **Iacinth,** or Hyacinth (flower.) *Hyacinthe, Iacinthe, Hiacinthe.*
The wild ſtarrie **Iacinth.** *Oignon de bois*
Iack. *Petit Iean, jeannet, janet, janequin, jannot, janot.*
A **iack.** *Tourne-broche, tournevot.*
A **iack** (or coat) of maile. *Iaque.*
Iack of the buttrie. *Vermiculaire, pain d'oiſeau.*
Iack of the clock houſe. *Iaquelet, fretillon.*
A **Iack-a-napes.** *Singe.*
A **iack-daw.** *Chouëtte, choucas, chouca, chucas, chuë, chouchette.*
Iack of the hedge. *Alliaire, aliayre, herbe aux aulx.*
A craftie **iack.** *Senaud.*
A **iacket.** *Iaque, ſaye, ſayon, boqueton, bocqueton, bobille.*
A **Iacobin** friar. *Iacobin.*
A **iade.** *Galier, godal, roſſe.*
A carionly **iade.** *Haire, haridelle, aridelle.*
An old over-riden **iade.** *Groſſe loudiere.*
A **iadeiſh** trick. *Tour de mulet.*
A **iagge.** *Chiqueture, deſchiqueture.*
To **iagge.** *Chiqueter, deſchiqueter.*
Iagged. *chiqueté, deſchiqueté, fretaillé, barbillonné.*
A **iagget** welt of taffata (in a garment.) *Paſſepoil.*
Iaggies. *Chiquetteres.*
Full of **iaggies.** *Barbelé.*
A **iagging.** *Chiquetement.*
Iagging. *Chiquetant.*
A **Iaile.** *Geole, geolle.*
The being in a **iaile.** *Geolage.*
A **Iailer.** *Geolier, geollier.*
A **iailerſhip.** *Geolage, geoliage, geollage.*
A **iailers** wife, or woman Iailor. *Geoliere.*
A **iailers** fee. *Geolage, geoliage, geollage.*
Iakes. *Retraits, latrine, aiſances, glaçoir, glaſſoüer, ortrait, chambrebaſſe, chambre aiſée, privé, ayſement.*
A **iakes-farmer.** *Nettoyeur de retraits, gadouard, guedouar, guigneron, maiſtre des baſſes œuvres, maiſtre phy phy.*
The **iambes** of a doore. *Iambage d'une porte.*
Iames. *Iaques.*
S. **Iames-woꝛt.** *Herbe S. Iaques*
Ianuaris. *Ianvier.*
To **iangle.** *Iangler; cageoler; rioter; babiller.*
A **iangler.** *Iangleur, cageoleur, babillard, baube.*
A **iangling.** *Ianglerie; riote; babil, babillerie.*
Iangling. *Rioteux.*
Iannocks (or oaten bread.) *Pain d'aveine.*
To **iarre.** *Deſaccorder, deſcorder en chantant, naſarder.*
A **iarre.** *Deſaccord, diſcord.*
To make a **iarre.** *Mettre la campane au chat.*
A **iarre.** *Arrobe, jare.*
This ſtring **iarreth.** *Cette corde naſarde.*
Iarring. *Deſaccordant, deſaccordé, nazardant, nazard.*
A **iarring.** *Deſaccordance.*
Iaſmine. *Iaſmin, jeſſemin.*
A **iaſper** ſtone. *Iaſpe, ganſeny.*
Of **iaſper.** *Iaſpe.*
To paint, or counterfeit **iaſper.** *Iaſper.*
A **iavelin.** *Iaveline, javelin.*
A barbed (horſemans) **iaveline.** *Iavelin de barde.*
One that uſeth a **iaveline.** *Iavelinier.*
The **iaumbes** of a doore. *Iambages d'une porte, harpes, antes d'une porte.*
The yellow-**iaundice.** *Faulniſſe, ictere.*
Sick, or troubled with the **iaundice.** *Iclerique.*
To **iaunt.** *Iancer.*
The **iaw.** *Maſchoire.*
Belonging to the **iaw.** *Maſchelier, maxillaire.*
The **iawes.** *Machoüeres, mandibules, maſcelles, mentibules.*
The **iaw-teeth.** *Les dents maſchelieres.*
A **iay.** *Iay, gay, gaion, geay.*
Iboniſ. *Hebene, ebene. Voyez* Ebene, Eboniſe.
Ice. *Glace, gelure, glas.*
To break the **Ice.** *Mettre en train, acheminer.*
Ice-ſickles. *Gouttes gelées, glaçons.*
Icie. *Glacial.*
An **Idea.** *Idée.*
The **ides** (of a Month.) *Les ides (d'un mou.)*
An **ideome.** *Ideome; propriete de parler.*
An **ideot.** *Ideot, nigaud, nigauld, nigeau.*
Ideotiſme (or naturall follie.) *Idiotiſme, folie naturelle, pataſterie.*
Idle. *Oiſif, oiſeux, acieux, negligent, nonchalant, nonchalent, fingard, nice, faitard.*
An **idle** fellow. *Faineant.*
To be **idle.** *Eſtre oiſif, niveter.*
To grow **idle.** *S'appareſſir, s'appareſſer, accagnarder, s'accoquiner, s'alangourir.*
Growne **idle.** *Accoquiné, alangouri.*
An **idle** wench. *Nigaude, nigeuſe.*
Idle prankes. *Nigauderies.*
Idle ſenſualitie. *Accagnardement.*
An **idle** diſcourſe. *Parloire.*
Idleneſſe. *Oiſiveté, faineantiſe, faineance, neantiſe, nonchalance, faitardiſe, faitneantiſe, nonchalence, aſcitation, uicieté, pareſſe.*
Full of **idleneſſe.** *Oiſeux.*
Idly. *Oiſivement; negligemment, pareſſeuſement.*
To talke **idly.** *Baliverner.*
To live **idly.** *Pareſſer.*
An **idolater.** *Idolatre.*
Idolatrie. *Idolatrie.*
To **idolatrize,** or play the Idolater. *Idolatrer.*
An **Idoll.** *Idole.*
Ielous. *Jaloux; zele, zelatif, zelateur, zelote, zeliotype, ombrageux.*
Made **ielous** (or put into a ielouſie.) *Ombragé.*
To be **ielous.** *Eſtre jaloux, zeler.*
To make **ielous.** *Donner ombrage à.*
Extreme **ielous.** *Ialoux comme un tigre.*
Ielouſie. *Ialouſie, zelotypie, martel, meſfiance, ombrage.*
To have in **ielouſie.** *Se meſſier de.*
Ielouſly. *Ialouſement, ombrageuſement.*
To **ieaſt.** *Gauſſer, gaudir, goſſer, jouër, bourder, railler, ſorner, dire le mot.*
A wanton or obſcene **ieaſt.** *Mot de gueule.*
A **ieaſt.** *Brocard, jeu, bourde, ſornette, ſogrenuë, naſarde, nazarde.*
Ieaſts. *Bourdes.*
To **ieaſt** at. *Se gaudir de, brocarder, berner, mettre ſur les rangs, ſe mocquer de, naſarder, nazarder.*
Full of **ieaſts.** *Bourdelaſier, ſornetteux.*
Ieaſted at. *Gauſé, gaudi, brocardé, berné, mocqué.*
A **ieaſter.** *Gaudiſſeur, gauſſeur, brocardeur, bourdeur, railleur, mime, mocqueur.*
A **ieaſting.** *Gaudiſſerie, brocarderie, railerie, mocquerie.*
Ieaſting. *Gaudiſſant, bourdeur, raillant, raillard, nazardant.*
Ieate. *Jaet, jet, jette, gagate, gayet, du geais, geay.*
Ielliе. *Gelée.*
A **Ienniet,** or Spaniſh Gennet. *Genet, Genet d'Eſpaigne.*
Ienkin. *Jannequin.*
To **ieopard.** *Haſarder, hazarder, s'adventurer.*
Ieoparded. *Haſardé.*
A **ieoparder.** *Haſardeur.*
Ieopardie. *Riſque, danger, peril, hazard.*
With much **ieopardie.** *Dangereuſement.*
Ieopardous. *Adventureux, dangereux, perilleux.*
To **ierke.** *Fouëtter avec des verges, feſſer.*
A **ierke.** *Feſsée.*
Ierked. *Feſſé, fouëtté.*
A **ierker.** *Foüetteur.*
A **ierking.** *Foüettement, fouettade.*
A **ierkin** *Vn ſaye, gippon.*
A looſe **ierkin.** *Volante, juppe.*
A Spaniſh leather **ierkin.** *Colet de marrequin.*
A **iert** (or gird.) *Attainte, attainſte.*
Ieſſemine. *Comme* Iaſmine.
Ieſſes. Hawkes **ieſſes.** *Les geets d'un oiſeau.*
To **ieſt, ieſted, &c.** *Voyez* to Ieaſt, Ieaſted, &c.
Ieſus. *Jeſus.*
Ieſt. *Jaet, jet, gagate, gayet, du geais, geay.*
To **ieſt.** *Jamboyer, fringuer.*
A **ieſter.** *Fringuereau.*
A **ieſting.** *Fringuerie.*
A **Ieſw.** *Iuif.*

A **Jewesse**. *Juifve.*
Jewes-eare. *Oreille de Iudas ; auſſi, viſſole*
The **Jewrie**, or place where Jewes dwell. *Juiſverie.*
A **Jew** (counterfeitly) turn'd Chriſtian. *Maran, marrane.*
A **jewell**. *Ioyau, gemme.*
Full of **jewels**. *Gemmeux.*
Little **jewels** (earings, &c.) *Moſquettes.*
A counterfeit **jewell**. *Happelourde.*
A **Jewriller**. *Ioyaulier, joyaullier.*
If. *Si.*
Ignoble *Ignoble.*
Ignominie. *Ignominie, honte, infamie.*
Ignominious. *Honteux, infame, ignominieux.*
Ignominiouſly. *Ignominieuſement, infamément.*
Ignorance. *Ignorance, inſcience ; meſcognoiſſance, niaiſerie, nieyeté, aſnerie, aveuglement ; bejaunage, bejauniſe, bejaunerie.*
Ignorant. *Ignorant ; maluſté, meſcognoiſſant, rude, aneſque, aveugle.*
He is not **ignorant** of. *Il ne eſt point meſcogneu.*
Ignorantly. *Ignoramment, inſcitemment.*
To **ignore**, or be **ignorant** of. *Ignorer ; meſcognoiſtre.*
Ignored. *Ignoré.*
A **Jig**. *Strambot ; auſſi, farce.*
A **Jill**. *Bagaſſe. Voyez* Flirt, or Queane.
Jimnie. *Jannette.*
An **Ile**. *Iſle.*
An **Iland**, and **Ilander**. *Inſulain. Voyez* Iſland, and Iſlander.
Ill. *Mal ; malement ; mau, mauvais.*
Ill-favouredly. *Meſſeamment.*
Ill at eaſe, or ill diſpoſed. *Maladif, indiſpoſé, indiſpos, mal, malade, obié.*
Ill-favouredneſſe. *Malefaçon, meſſeance, malſeance.*
Ill-will. *Malevolence, maltalent, malvueillance, malignité.*
Ill-willie. *Maligne, malivole.*
To beare **ill-will**. *Hair.*
That beareth **ill-will** to. *Malvueillant.*
An **ill-favoured** fellow. *Saugrenu, malbaſti, ſogrenu, maldolé.*
With an **ill-will**. *Mal gré.*
Illegalitie. *Illegalité. Voyez* Lawleſneſſe.
Illegitimate. *Illegitime ; illicite.*
Illegitimately. *Illegitimement.*
Illiterate. *Illeteré.*
Illicitous. *Illicite. Voyez* Valawfull.
Illicitouſly. *Illicitement.*
To **illude**. *Illuder. Voyez* to Delude, mock.
Illuded. *Illudé.*
To **illuminate**. *Illuminer. Voyez* to Inlighten.
Illuminated, illumined. *Illuminé.*
An **illumination**. *Illumination.*
An **illuminator**. *Illuminateur.*
An **illuſion**. *Illuſion.*
Illuſorie, illuding. *Illuſoire.*
To **illuſtrate**. *Illuſtrer, illuminer.*
Illuſtrated. *Illuſtré, illuminé.*
An **illuſtration**. *Illuſtration, illumination.*
An **illuſtrator**. *Illuſtrateur, illuminateur.*
Illuſtrious. *Illuſtre.*
An **Image**. *Image, effigie.*
A molten **image**. *Medaille.*
Images bearing up maine poſts, &c. in building. *Telamons.*
Any antick **image** (as from whoſe teats water trilleth.) *Maymouſet, marmoſet.*
An **image-maker**. *Statuaire, ſculpteur, imagier, imager.*
Of, or belonging to, **images**. *Imager, imagé.*
A little **image**. *Imagette.*
Imagerie ſet on a wall. *Oeuvres faincles.*
To **imagine**. *Imaginer ; adviſer, aviſer.*
Imagined. *Imaginé.*
Imaginarie. *Imaginaire.*
Imagination. *Imagination, imaginative ; opination, opinion.*
Imaginative. *Imaginatif.*
To **imbark**, to **imbargue**. *Embarquer.*
Imbarked, imbargued. *Embarqué.*
An **imbarking**, an **imbarguing**. *Embarquement.*
To **imbaſe**. *Empirer, aviler.*
To **imbaſe** gold, or ſilver. *Allier, alier, allayer.*
Imbaſed. *Empiré.*
Imbaſed as gold or ſilver. *Allié, alié, allayé, avilé, avili.*
An **imbaſing**, *Empirement, empirance, aviliſſement.*
An **imbaſing** of gold or ſilver. *Aliage, alleage, alliage.*
To **imbattle**. *Creneler.*
Imbattled. *Crenelé.*
An **imbattling**. *Creneleure.*
To **imbaulme**. *Embrumer, embaſmer.*
Imbaulmed. *Embaumé, embaſmé.*
An **imbaulming**. *Embaumement.*
Imbecilitie. *Imbecilité, foibleſſe, debilité.*
To **imbellifh**. *Embellir, orner, aorner.*
Imbelliſhed. *Embelli, orné.*
An **imbelliſhing**. *Embelliſſement, embelliſſage, arnement, aornement.*
Imbers, hot **imbers**. *Braiſe.*
Imber-dayes. *Les quatre temps, jours de jeuſne.*
To **imbezell**. *Embler, larronner, deſrobber, ſoubtraire.*
Imbezelled. *Emblé, deſrobbé.*
An **imbezelling**. *Deſrobbement.*
To **imbolden**. *Enhardir, animer, encourager, lever le menton à, accourager.*
To **imbolden** a young beginner. *Apprimer.*
Imboldened. *Enhardi, encouragé, animé, accouragé.*
An **imboldening**. *Encouragement.*
To **imboſſe**. *Emboutir.*
Imboſſed worke. *Ouvrage de relief, emboué, embouti, oeuvres faincles, ouvrage de taille en boſſe.*
An **imboſſing**. *Emboutiſſement.*
Imbotteled (put, or made up into bottles.) *Embottelé.*
To **imbox** (ſhut or cloſe up, as in a box.) *Emboiter, emboiſter.*
Imboxed. *Emboité, emboiſté.*
An **imboxing**. *Emboiſtement, emboitement, emboiture, emboëteure, emboiſture.*
To **imbrace**. *Embraſſer, accoller.*
To **imbrace** about the neck. *Accoller.*
To **imbrace** one another. *S'entr'embraſſer, s'entr'accoller.*
Imbraced. *Embraſſé.*
Imbraced about the necke. *Accollé.*
An **imbracement**, or **imbracing**. *Embraſſement.*
Imbracing. *Embraſſant.*
An **imbracing** about the neck. *Accollade, accollée.*
To **imbroder**. *Recamer, broder, border.*
Imbrodered. *Recamé, brodé, bordé.*
An **imbroderer**. *Bordeur, brodeur.*
An **imbrodering**. *Recameure.* ℑ Nicot.
To **imbrue**. *Embruer.*
Imbrued. *Imbu, embu.*
Imbrued with blood. *Empourpré de ſang.*
To **imbue**. *Embeire, embreuver.*
Imbued. *Imbibé, embreuvé, embu.*
To **imburſe** or purſe up. *Embourſer.*
Imburſed. *Embourſé.*
To **imitate**. *Imiter, enſuyvre ; patronner.*
Imitated. *Imité, enſuyvi.*
An **imitator**. *Imitateur.*
An over-curious **imitator**. *Affectateur.*
An **imitating**, or **imitation**. *Imitation, emulation.*
An over-curious **imitation** of. *Affectation, affecterie.*
Immaculate. *Immaculé.*
Immediate. *Immediat.*
Immediately. *Immediatement, incontinent, tuëment.*
Immedicable. *Immedicable. Voyez* Vacurable.
Immenſe. *Immenſe.*
Immenſitie. *Immenſité.*
Imminent. *Imminent.*
Immoderate. *Immoderé, deſmeſuré, enorme, exceſſif ; incontinent.*
Immoderatly. *Immoderément, exceſſivement, incontinemment.*
Immoderation. *Incontinence, intemperance.*
Immodeſt. *Immodeſte, impudique.*
Immodeſtie. *Immodeſtie, impudicité.*
Immodeſtly. *Immodeſtement, impudiquement.*
To **immolate**. *Immoler. Voyez* to Sacrifice.
Immolated. *Immolé.*
An **immolation**. *Immolation.*
Immortall. *Immortel.*
Immortally. *Immortellement.*
Immortalitie. *Immortalité.*
To **immortalize**, (or make immarrall.) *Immortaliſer, eterniſer.*
Immortalized. *Immortaliſé, eterniſé.*
An **immortalizing**, or **immortalization**. *Immortaliſation.*
Immoveable. *Immeuble, immobile, immobiliaire.*
An **immoveable**. *Immeuble.*
Immoveably. *Immobilement.*
Immunitie. *Immunité, franchiſe, alm.*
To **immure**. *Emmurer.*
Immured. *Emmuré.*
Immutable. *Immuable, immutable, incommuable, incommutable.*
Immutabilitie. *Immutabilité.*
Immutably. *Immuablement.*
To **impaire**. *Empirer, minuer, minuer, amoindrir, appetiſſer, attenuer, attenuir, pejorer.*
Impaired. *Empiré, minué, minué, amoindri, appetiſé, attenué, attenuri.*
An **impairing**, or **impairement**. *Empirance, empirement, amoindriſſement, appetiſſement, attenuation.*
Impairing. *A l'Empire.*
To **impale**. *Paliſſer, palicer ; empaler, parquer.*
Impaled. *Paliſé, empalé, parqué.*
Impaled grounds. *Parquetages.*

A ground, or place **impaled**. *Parc, parquet.*

An **impaled** grove of trees. *Parc d'arbres.*

To **impanell** a Iurie. *Enregiſtrer & faire jurer les douze hommes jurez qui s'enquierent & jugent des cauſes.*

To **impark**. *Enclorre.*

Imparked. *Enclos.*

To **impart**. *Faire part à, communiquer à.*

Imparted. *Communiqué.*

Impartiall. *Iuſte.*

Impartially. *Iuſtement.*

Impartialitie. *Juſtice.*

An **imparting**. *Communication.*

Impatience, or **impatiencie**. *Impatience, marriſſon; intolerance.*

Impatient. *Impatient, malenduranı, malpatient.*

To be **impatient**. *Sortir des gonds.*

An **impatient** woman. *Ocriſſe.*

Impatiently. *Impatiemment.*

An **impatronization**, (or the abſolute maſtery of.) *Impatroniſation.*

Impatronized (maſtered.) *Impatroniſé.*

To **impaulme**. *Empaulmer.*

Impaulmed. *Empaulmé.*

An **impe**, to graffe. *Empeau.*

To **impeach**. *Empeſcher; obſiſter, obſtacler.*

Impeached. *Empeſché, obſtaqué.*

An **impeaching**. *Obſtaclement.*

An **impeachment**. *Empeſchement, obſtacle.*

To **imperle** (or bepearle.) *Emperler.*

Imperled. *Emperlé.*

An **impediment**. *Obſtacle, empeſchement, obice.*

Impendent. *Impendent. Voyez* Hanging over.

Impenetrable. *Impenitrable.*

Impenitence. *Impenitence.*

Impenitent. *Impenitent.*

Imperative. *Imperatif.*

The **Imperative** mood. *Mœuf Imperatif.*

Imperceptible. *Imperceptible. Voyez* Vnperceiveable.

Imperfect. *Imparfaict, vicié, vicieux.*

Imperfection. *Imperfection, vice.*

Imperial. *Imperial, emperier.*

The **imperiall** Lillie, or crown **imperiall**. *Couronne imperiale.*

The **imperiall** (or higheſt) heaven. *Le ciel empyré.*

Imperious. *Imperieux, Imperatif; Majeſtieux; Peremptoire.*

Imperiouſly. *Imperieuſement, peremptoirement.*

Imperiouſneſſe. *Imperioſité.*

Imperiwigged. *Emperruqué, qui porte faulſe perruque.*

Impersonall. *Impersonnel.*

Impersonally. *Impersonnellement.*

Impertinencie. *Impertinence.*

Impertinent. *Impertinent.*

Impertinently. *Impertinemment.*

Impeſtred. *Empeſtré.*

Impetuoſitie. *Impetuoſité.*

Impetuous. *Impetueux.*

Impetuouſly. *Impetueuſement.*

Impietie. *Impieté; meſchanceté.*

Impious. *Impie; meſchant.*

Impiouſly. *Impiement, meſchamment.*

Implacable. *Implacable. Voyez* Vnappeaſeable.

To **implant**. *Implanter.*

An **implantation**, or **implanting**. *Implantation.*

To **implead**. *Agir, plaidir, plaidoyer, actionner. Voyez* to Plead.

Impleaded. *Actionné.*

To **impledge**. *Engager. Voyez* to Gage, or Pawne.

Impledged. *Engagé, appleigé, applegé.*

An **impledging**. *Engagement, engageure.*

Implements, or ſtuffe. *Hardis, bardage, outillemens.*

To **implicate**. *Impliquer, enveloper. Voyez* to Inwrap, to Intuld.

Implicated. *Impliqué, envelopé.*

An **implication**. *Implication, envelopement.*

Implicitie. *Implicité.*

To **implore**. *Implorer, prier, orer.*

Implored. *Imploré, ore, prié.*

An **implorer**. *Implorateur.*

An **imploring**. *Imploration.*

To **employ**. *Employer, embaucher, embeſongner, occuper.*

To **employ** money. *Emploiéter.*

Employed. *Employé, embauché, embeſongné, occupé.*

Much **employed**. *Negocieux, affairé, affaireux.*

An **employing**. *Employement, embeſongnement.*

Employment. *Employ, emploi, negoce, affaire, occupation.*

As one full of **employments**. *Affaireuſement.*

To **imply**. *Inferer.*

Implied. *Inferé.*

To **impoak** (or put up into a poak.) *Empocher, enſacher.*

Impoaked. *Empoché, enſaché.*

To **impoiſon**. *Empoiſonner.*

To **impoiſon** (the outſide of.) *Enveniner.*

Impoiſonned. *Empoiſonné.*

Impoiſoned outwardly. *Enveniné.*

An **impoiſoner**. *Empoiſonneur.*

A woman **impoiſonner**. *Impoiſonmereſſe, empoiſonneuſe.*

An **impoiſoning**. *Empoiſonnement.*

To **import**. *Importer.*

Importance. *Importance, moment.*

Important. *Important, momental.*

Importantly. *Importamment.*

Importunate. *Importun.*

Importunatly. *Importunément.*

To **importune**, *Harier, moleſter.*

Importuned *Harié, moleſté.*

Importunitie. *Importunité, moleſtie.*

To **impoſe**. *Impoſer; irroger.*

Impoſed. *Impoſé, irrogé.*

An **impoſition**, or **impoſt**. *Impoſition, gabelle, maletoſte, maletote, maltote, maltaulte, malteute.*

An **impoſing** of Impoſt. *Gabellage.*

An over great **impoſition**, or **impoſtion** raiſed upon **impoſition**. *Surimpoſition.*

Impoſſible. *Impoſſible.*

To make **impoſſible**. *Impoſſibiliter.*

Impoſſibilitie. *Impoſſibilité.*

To attempt **impoſſibilities**. *Peindre es nuées.*

Impoſt. *Impoſt, Gabelle.*

A levier of **impoſt**. *Gabellier.*

An **Impoſter**. *Impoſteur, trompeur, abuſeur, narquois, narquin, acquois, noſtradame, operateur.*

An **impoſtume**. *Apoſtume apoſteme, abſcez, meliceride.*

To **impoſtume**, or grow to an **impoſtums**. *Apoſtumer, apoſtemer.*

A ſoft **impoſtume** in the head. *Taupiere.*

The head of a ripe **impoſtume**. *Cap.*

An **impoſtums** about the eare. *Oreillon.*

Impoſtumed, impoſtumated. *Apoſtumé.*

Impoſture. *Impoſture, tromperie, abus, abuſion.*

Impotencie. *Impotence, impuiſſance, inhabilité, infirmité, mehaing.*

Impotent. *Impotent, impuiſſant, boyé, inhabile, infirme, mehaigné.*

Impotently. *Impuiſſament.*

To **impouch** (put into a pouch.) *Empocher, enſacher.*

Impouched. *Empaché, enſaché.*

To **impoverish**. *Appovrir, apovrir, mettre à la beſace, appaurvrir.*

Impoveriſhed. *Appovri, appaurvri.*

An **impoveriſhment**. *Appovriſſement.*

To **impound**. *Emparcher.*

Impounded. *Emparché.*

An **impounding**, or **impoundage**. *Parchage, parcage.*

Imprecation. *Imprecation. Voyez* Banning, curſe.

Impregnable. *Imprenable, inexpugnable, inforçable.*

Impreſt-money. *Impreſtance.*

An **impreſſion**. *Imprimerie, empreinte, empramte.*

To **imprint**. *Imprimer.*

Imprinted. *Imprimé.*

Imprinting. *Empraignant.*

To **impriſon**. *Empriſonner, mettre en priſon, engeoler, apriſonner.*

Impriſoned. *Empriſonné, mis en priſon; engeolé, ennaſſé.*

To be **impriſoned**. *Eſtre empriſonné; mis, ou conſtitué priſonnier, s'ennaſſer.*

An **impriſonment**. *Empriſonnement.*

Improbable. *Improbable.*

Improper. *Impropre; maladroit, inidoine.*

Improperly. *Improprement; maugratieuſement.*

To **impropriate** *Voyez* to Appropriate.

An **impropriation**. *Impropriation, Quand les benefices ſpirituels viennent és mains des laics.*

To **improve**. *Meilleurer, meliorer, ameliorer.*

A Lord that **improves** his rents. *Seigneur Emphyteutique.*

Improved. *Amelioré.*

An **improving**, or **improvement**. *Melioration, amelioremeut.*

Improvidence. *Improveyance, meſgarde, inadvertence, maladvis, imprudence, incurie, meſgarde.*

Improvident. *Maladviſé, imprudent, malaviſé.*

Imprudencie. *Imprudence.*

Imprudent. *Imprudent, alogique.*

Imprudently. *Imprudemment.*

Impudencie. *Impudence, eſhontemént, effrontemént, effronterie.*

Impudent. *Impudent, eſhonté, effronté.*

An **impudent** fellow. *Qui a le front rumpu, affronteur.*

To be **impudent**. *S'eſhonter.*

An **impudent** huſwife. *Femme eſhontée, ou effrontée, mixtereſſe.*

Impudently. *Impudemment, eſhontément, effrontément.*

Impudently to gull, or abuſe. *Affronter.*

To **impugne**. *Impugner, reſiſter.*

Impugned. *Impugné, reſiſté.*
An **impugner.** *Impugnateur.*
An **impugning.** *Impugnation, reſiſtance, impugnance.*
Impuiſſion. *Impuiſſion.*
Impuiſſive. *Impuiſſif.*
Impunitie. *Impunité.*
Impure. *Impur.*
Impurely. *Impurement.*
Impuritie, impurenceſſe. *Impurité, vilenie, villanie, ordure.*
Impurpled. *Empourpré.*
An **imputation.** *Imputation, honte, emputement, accuſation.*
To caſt an **imputation** upon. *Enculper, emputer, accuſer.*
A forged **imputation.** *Calumnie.*
To **impute.** *Imputer, adſcrire, attribuer.*
Imputed. *Imputé, attribué.*
An **imputer.** *Imputeur.*
An **imputing.** *Imputation.*
In. *En, Dans.*
In as much as. *En tant que.*
In the. *En la, la, au, à l', es,*
Inanitie (emptineſſe.) *Inanité.*
Inacceſſible. *Inacceſſible.*
Inapetencie. *Anorexie.*
To **incagg** (put into a cagg.) *Encacquer.*
Incagged. *Encacqué.*
To **incage.** *Encager, enjeoler, engeoler.*
To **incampe.** *Campeger, camper, ſe parquer.*
Incamped. *Campé, parqué.*
Incantation. *Incantation, ſort.*
Incapacitie. *Incapacité.*
Incapability, or **incapableneſſe.** *Incapabilité.*
Incapable. *Incapable. Voyez* Vncapable.
To **incapuch.** *Encapuchonner. Voyez* to Hood.
Incapuched. *Encapuchonné.*
To **incarnate.** *Encarner, encharner, incarner.*
Incarnated. *Encarné, encharné, incarné.*
An **incarnation.** *Incarnation.*
Incarnative. *Incarnatif.*
Incaſked, (put into a caske.) *Enfuſté.*
Incaſtellated (incloſed in a caſtle.) *Incaſtré.*
Incaſtellated (narrow heeled.) *Encaſtellé.*
To grow **incaſtellated** (narrow-heeled.) *S'encaſteller.*
A being **incaſtellated,** (a horſes viciouſly growing narrow heeled.) *Encaſtelure.*
An **incendiarie.** *Incendiaire, boute-feu, attiſe-feu, bruſleur de maiſons.*
Incenſe. *Encens.*
To cenſe with **incenſe.** *Incenſer.*
To **incenſe.** *Enflamber; exaſperer, provoquer, inſtiguer, irriter, aigrir, inciter, aiguillonner, attiner, barceler, agacer, aguillonner.*
Incenſed. *Enflambé, exaſperé, provoqué, attiné, irrité, barcelé, agacé, aigri.*
An **incenſing.** *Enflambement, provocation, irritation.*
To **incenter** (place in a Center.) *Incentriquer.*
Inceratitie (waxing, or ſticking.) *Inceratif.*
An **incertaintie.** *Incertain, incertitude.*
Inceſſantly. *Inceſſamment, aſſiduëment. tontinuëllement, aſſiduëllement, ſans ceſſe.*
Inceſt. *Inceſte.* (Entre parens, ou alliez. ¶ Nicod.
Inceſtuous. *Inceſtueux.*
To **inchaine.** *Enchainer. Voyez* to Enchaine.
An **inch.** *Poulcée.*
Inchambred (lodged in a chamber.) *Enchambré, logé, en vne chambre.*
To **incharacter** (write in characters.) *Encharacterer.*
Incharactered. *Encharacteré.*
To **inchaſe.** *Enchaſſer. Voyez* to Enchaſe.
Inchaſed into. *Engouſté, enchaſſé.*
An **inchaſement.** *Encaſtillement, enchaſſeure, enchaſſement.*
To **inchaunt.** *Enchanter, charmer, enſorceler, ſorceler, engigner, enguigner, engigner.*
Inchaunted. *Enchanté, enſorcelé, engigné, engaigné, enginé.*
An **inchaunter.** *Enchanteur, magitien, charmeur, enſorceleur, ſorcier, engaigneur.*
An **inchauntereſſe.** *Enchantereſſe, Magicienne, charmereſſe, ſorciere.*
An **inchaunting.** *Enchantement, enſorcelement, ſorcelerie, ſorcellage.*
Inchauntingly. *Enchanteuſement, charmeuſement.*
An **inchauntment.** *Enchanterie, enchantement, charme, enſorcelerie.*
To **incheſt.** *Encaſſer, encaiſſer, encoffrer, enquaiſſer.*
Incheſted. *Enchaſſé, encaiſſé, encoffré, enquaiſſé.*
To **inchoate.** *Commencer.*
Inchoation. *Commencement.*
An **incident.** *Incident.*
Incidently. *Incidemment.*
To **incircle.** *Encercelet, compaſſer.*
Incircled. *Encerclé, encercelé, entourné, compaſſé.*
An **incirkling.** *Entourement, entourure, compaſſement.*
An **inciſion.** *Inciſion.*
To make an **inciſion.** *Inciſer, enciſer.*
Inciſion-making. *Inciſif.*
An **inciſion** of the arteries. *Arteriotomie.*
To **incite.** *Inciter; animer, enhorter; inſtiguer, mouvoir, ſtimuler, affectionner, aguillonner, ſuſciter,*
Incited. *Incité, animé, enhorté; inſtigué, ſtimulé, aguillonné, ſuſcité.*
An **inciter.** *Inſtigateur, enhorteur, incitateur, incitant, ſtimulateur, ſuſcitateur, ſuſciter.*
An **incitement, inciting,** or **incitation.** *Incitation, inſtigation; enhort, enhortement; incitement, ſtimule, ſtimulation, aguillonnement, ſuſcitation.*
Inciting. *Incitant, motrice.*
Incivill. *Incivile. Voyez* Vncivill.
Incivilitie. *Incivilité, inhumanité, maltraictement, manſadetté, rudeſſe, barbariſme.*
Inclemencie. *Inclemence,*
An **inclination.** *Inclination, enclin; mouvement; nature, application; paſſion.*
Of his owne **inclination.** *De ſon propre panchement.*
To **incline.** *Encliner, incliner, mouvoir; appliquer.*
To **incline** downwards. *Pancher.*
To **incline** himſelfe unto. *S'addonner à, s'appliquer à.*
Inclined. *Encliné, enclin, incliné, addonné; meu; appliqué; panché.*
Inclining. *Inclinant.*
Inclining forewards, or downwards. *Panchant.*
An **inclining** forewards, or downward. *Panchement.*
To **incloiſter.** *Encloſtrer.*
Incloiſtered. *Encloſtré.*
To **incloſe.** *Enclorre, enſerrer, entourer, entourner, environner, enveloper; clorre, parquer.*
To **incloſe** in a coffer. *Encoffrer, enſerrer.*
To **incleſe** in a corner. *Angler.*
Incloſed. *Enclos, ennaſſé, entouré, environné, envelopé; clos, parqué.*
To be **incloſed.** *S'ennaſſer.*
An **incloſed** grove of trees. *Parc d'arbres.*
Incloſed into. *Engouſté.*
An **incloſing,** or **incloſure.** *Enclos, parcage.*
An **incloſure,** or **incloſement.** *Cloſture, parcage, parcquage, parc.*
To break down **incloſures.** *Debonder les cloſtures.*
The **incloſure** of a court of Juſtice. *Parquet.*
To **include.** *Enclorre. Comme* to incloſe.
Included. *Enclos; comprins.*
Incluſively. *Incluſivement.*
Incolumitie (healthfulneſſe.) *Incolumité; ſanté.*
To **incomber.** *Encombrer, entouiller, entretouiller, embrouiller, empeſcher.*
An **incombrance.** *Encombrier, encombrement, entouillement, entrape.*
Incombred. *Encombré, entouillé, entretouillé, empeſché.*
An **incombring.** *Encombrement.*
Incombuſtible (not to be burnt.) *Incombuſtible.*
To **incommodate.** *Incommoder, endommager, nuire.*
Incommodated. *Endommagé.*
Incommoditie. *Incommodité.*
Incommodious. *Incommode, inidoine, inutile.*
Incommodiouſly. *Incommodement, inutilement.*
Incomparable. *Incomparable, inimitable.*
To **incompaſſe.** *Environner, engyronner, entourer, entourner, compaſſer, encercler.*
Incompaſſed. *Environné, entouré, compaſſé, encerclé, encercelé, encerné, entourné.*
An **incompaſſing.** *Environnement, entournement, entoureure.*
Incompaſſionate. *Impiteux, impitoyable.*
Incompatible. *Incompatible, inſociable.*
Incompatibilitie. *Incompatibilité.*
Incompetencie. *Incompetence.*
Incompetent (unſufficient.) *Incompetent.*
Incomprehenſible. *Incomprehenſible.*
Incomprehenſibleneſſe. *Incomprehenſibilité.*
Incongruitie. *Incongruité.*

Incongruous. *Incongruë.*
Inconſiderate. *Inconſideré, inconſiderant, indiſcret, baſtiveau, maladviſé, malaviſé; acariaſtre, alogique.*
Inconſiderately. *Inconſidérément, indiſcrettement.*
Inconſideration. *Inconſideration, indiſcretion, maladvis.*
Inconſolable. *Inconſolable. Voyez* Vncomfortable.
Inconſtancie. *Inconſtance, mobilité, muableté.*
Inconſtant. *Inconſtant, tyrouëttoux, muable, aime-nouveauté.*
Inconſtantly. *Inconſtamment.*
Incontinence. *Incontinence, folie aux garçons, mieſureſſe.*
Incontinent. *Incontinent, mieſureux, mieſure.*
Incontinently. *Incontinemment.*
Incontinently (inſtantly.) *Incontinent, à-tant.*
An **inconvenience.** *Inconvenient, deſconvenuë, orval.*
Inconvenient. *Inconvenable, indecent, inconvenient, indoine.*
Inconvenientiy. *Indecemment, indecentement.*
Inconverſible (unſociable.) *Inſociable.*
Incorporated (put into a horne.) *Encornie.*
To **incorporate.** *Incorporer; malaginer.*
Incorporated *Incorporé.*
Incorporating. *Incorporant.*
Incorrect (faultie.) *Incorrect.*
Incorrectly. *Incorrectement.*
Incorrigible (unamendable.) *Incorrigible.*
Incorruptible. *Incorruptible.*
To **incounter.** *Encontrer, rencontrer; s'entrecourir, affronter; attaquer.*
An **incounter.** *Encontre, rencontre; attaque.*
A boiſterous **incounter.** *Hourt, heurt,*
Incountred. *Encontré, rencontré, affronté, attaqué.*
An **incountring.** *Affrontement.*
To **incourage.** *Encourager, animer, accourager, enhardir, enhorter, lever le menton à.*
To **incourage** one another. *S'entr'encourager.*
Incouraged. *Encouragé, animé, enhardi, enhorté, accouragé.*
An **incouraging,** or **incouragement.** *Encouragement enhort, enhortement.*
Incouraging one another. *S'enty'encourageants.*
To **incraſſate,** (thicken.) *Incraſſer.*
Increaſe. *Accroiſſance, ampliation, amplification, accroiſt, accrue, affoiſſonnement, augmentation, croiſſance, croiſt, creu; multiplication, acceſſoire, addiſſement, addition, aggrandiſſement.*
To **increaſe.** *Accroiſtre, accroitre, aggrandir, amplifier, ampliet, augmenter, croiſtre, adjouſter, engez, engrimer, s'engroſſir, monter; multiplier.*
Any thing that **increaſeth** a diſeaſe. *Airain.*
Halfe the **increaſe.** *My-croiſt, mi-croiſt.*
Increaſed. *Accreu, augmenté, creu, engé, engroſſi; multiplié, adjouſté, aggrandi, amplié, amplifié.*
Increaſable *Multipliable.*
An **increaſing.** *Accroiſſement, engroſſiſſement; adjouſtement, multipliement.*
Increaſing. *Augmentant, montant; multipliant.*
An **increaſor.** *Augmentateur, aggrandeur, amplificateur, amplieur.*
Incredible. *Incredible, incroyable.*
Incredibly. *Incrediblement, incroyablement.*
Incredulitie. *Incredulité.*
Incredulous. *Incredule, meſcreant.*
Increpation (chiding,) *Increpation.*
To **incroach** upon. *Enjamber ſur, entreprendre ſur.*
To **incroach** on anothers right. *Enjamber ſur les marches d'autruy.*
Incroached on. *Enjambé.*
An **incroaching** upon. *Enjambement, entreprinſe.*
To **inculcate.** *Inculquer, obtundre.*
Inculcated. *Inculqué.*
An **inculcation.** *Inculcation.*
Inculpable (blameleſſe.) *Inculpable.*
An **incumbent.** *Beneficie.*
To **incumber.** *Encombrer. Voyez* Incomber.
Incurable. *Incurable, Ingueriſſable.*
To **incurre.** *Encourrir, incurrir.*
Incurred. *Encourri.*
A penalty **incurred.** *Encourrement.*
An **incurſion.** *Incurſion.*
An **incutting.** *Entaillewre, entail.*
To **indammage.** *Endommager, nuire, offendre, offenſer.*
To **indammage** one another. *S'entrenuire.*
Indammaged. *Endommagé.*
An **indammagement,** or **indammaging.** *Endommagement.*
To **indamnifie.** *Indemniſer. Voyez* to Indemnize, or Indemnifie.
To **indanger.** *Mettre en peril, ou danger.*
To **indeavour.** *Voyez* to Indevor.
Blew **Inde.** *Inde.*
Indebted. *Endebté, oberé, obligé.*
To be **indebted.** *S'endebtir.*
A being **indebted.** *Endebtement.*
Indeed. *En verité, de fait, vrayement, certes, pour certain, aſſeurement.*
Indefatigable (unwearіable.) *Indefatigable.*
Indefinite. *Indefini.*
Indelible. *Indelibile, indelcble.*
To **indemnifie,** or **indemnifie.** *Indemniſer.*
Indemnized, indemnified. *Indemniſé.*
Indemnitie *Indemnité.*
To **indent.** *Endenter, auſſi, pactionner, paciſer.*
Indented. *Endenté, encrené, pactionné, crené.*
An **indenting.** *Creneure, crenure.*
An **indenture.** *Inſtrument de quelque paction faicte entre deux parties.*
To **indevour.** *Taſcher, S'efforcer, mettre peine, ouvrer.*
An **indevor.** *Effort, molition, peine.*
To **endevour** throughly. *Se parforcer.*
Indeavoured. *Taſché, efforcé.*
An **indevouring.** *Taſchement.*
Indevouring. *Enixe.*
An **Index.** *Indice.*
The **Index** of an Aſtrolabe. *Oſtenſeur.*
The eaſt **India.** *L'inde matiniere, les Indes orientales.*
An **Indian.** *Indien.*
An **Indian** mouſe. *Rat d'Inde.*
To **indict.** *Endicter, enditer, accuſer criminellement, actionner.*
Indicted. *Endicté, endité, actionné.*
An **indicter.** *Endicteur.*
An **indictement.** *Endictement, enditement, Accuſation criminelle.*
An **indiction.** *Indicte.*
Indifferency. *Juſtice, mediocrité, moyenneté, neutralité.*
Indifferent. *Indifferent, tolerable, entre deux, juſte, mediocre, moyen, paſſable.*
Indifferently. *Indifferemment, juſtement, que bien que mal, mediocrement, moyennement,* aliqualement, *paſſablement.*
Indigence (want.) *Indigence, Diſette, faulte.*
Indigent (needy.) *Indigent, neceſſiteux, ſoufreteux.*
Indigeſtive. *Indigeſte.*
Indigeſted. *Maltaſté.*
Indignation. *Indignation, marriſſon.*
Indignitie (diſgrace.) *Indigneté.*
Indirect. *Indirect.*
Indirectly. *Indirectement.*
Indiſcreet. *Indiſcret, gaillard. Voyez* Vndiſcreet.
Indiſcretion. *Indiſcretion, inſipience, maladvis, gaillardiſe, gaillardeté.*
Indiſgeſtion *Indigeſtion.*
Indiſpoſition of body. *Indiſpoſition, obit.*
Indiſſoluble (indiſolvable.) *Indiſſoluble, inſoluble,*
Indiſſolubly. *Indiſſolublement.*
Indiſtinct. *Indiſtinct.*
Indiſtinctly. *Indiſtinctement.*
Individuall. *Individu.*
Individuitie. *Individuité.*
Indiviſible. *Indiviſible.*
Indiviſibly. *Indiviſiblement.*
Indocible (unteachable.) *Indocile.*
To **indoſe.** *Endoſſer.*
Indoſed. *Endoſſé, addoſſé.*
An **indoſement.** *Endoſſeure, andoſſeure, andouſſeure.*
To **indow.** *Douër. Voyez* to Endow.
To **induce.** *Induire, duire, mener, mettre en teſte à.*
Induced. *Induict, induit, mené, meu.*
Inducing. *Motrice.*
An **induction,** alſo an **inducement.** *Induction, motif, ſuggeſtion.*
To **Indue.** *Embreuver, endouairer, douer.*
Indued. *Embreuvé, embu, endouairé, douë, doté.*
Indulgence. *Indulgence.*
Full of **indulgence.** *Indulgentieux.*
One which hath an **indulgence** from the Pope. *Indultaire.*
Indulgent. *Indulgent.*
Indurable *Endurable.*
To **indurate** (harden.) *Endurcir.*
Indurated. *Endurci.*
To **indure.** *Endurer, durer, ſouffrir, patir, patienter.*
Indured. *Enduré, duré, ſouffert, pati, patienté.*
An **induring.** *Endurement, ſouffrance, patience.*
Induring. *Endurant, durant, patient.*
Induſtrie *Induſtrie.*
Induſtrious. *Induſtrieux.*
He is **induſtrious.** *Il ſçait aller & parler.*
Induſtriouſly. *Induſtrieuſement, par induſtrie.*

To

To **inebriate** (make drunke.) *Enyurer.*
Inebriated. *Enyuré.*
Ineffable. *Ineffable. Voyez* Vnſpeakable, unutterable.
Inept (unapt, fond.) *Inepte.*
Ineptly. *Ineptement.*
Inestimable. *Inestimable.*
Inevitable (unavoidable.) *Inevitable.*
Inevitably. *Inevitablement.*
Inexorable. *Inexorable.*
Inexpiable. *Inexpiable.*
Inexplicable *Inexplicable, inextricable.*
Inextricable. *Inextricable.*
Infallible. *Infallible, oraculeux.*
Infallibilitie. *Infallibilité.*
Infallibly *Infalliblement.*
To **infame.** *Infamer.*
Infamie. *Infamie.*
Infamous. *Infame.*
An **infamous** report. *Infameté.*
Infamously. *Infamement.*
Infancy. *Enfance.*
From his **infancie.** *De ſon enfance, du tetin en hors, depuis le berceau.*
An **infant.** *Enfançon, petit enfant.*
Infant-killing. *Infanticide.*
The **infantry** (footmen) of an army. *Infanterie.*
Infantine (childiſh.) *Infantin, infantile.*
Infatigable. *Voyez* Vnwearіable.
To **infatuate.** *Infatuer. Voyez* to Beſot.
Infatuated. *Infatué.*
To **infect.** *Infecter, infaicter, infaire, empeſter, infectionner; enſallir, vicier.*
Infected. *Infecté, infaict, infaicté, empeſté, infect, vicié.*
Infection. *Infection, contagion; enſalliſſement, inſalubrité.*
Infecting. *Contagieux.*
Infectious. *Contagieux; morbifique.*
Infective. *Inſalubre.*
To **infeeble.** *Affoibler. Voyez* to Enfeeble.
Infeebling. *Infirmatif, affoibliſſant.*
Infelicitie. *Infelicité.*
To **infeoff.** *Fieffer, infeuder.*
Infeoffed. *Feodé, fieffé, fiefvé, infeudé, infeodé.*
An **infeofement,** or **infeoffing.** *Infeudation, infeodation.*
An **inference.** *Illation.*
Inferiour. *Inferieur.*
Inferiour to. *Moindre.*
Infernall. *Infernal, d'enfer.*
To **infer** (conclude.) *Inferer; conclure.*
Inferred. *Inferé.*
Infertill. *Infertile. Voyez* Vnfruitefull.
Infertilitie. *Infertilité.*
To **infeſt** (or annoy.) *Infeſter, boguiner, moleſter, tabuter.*
Infeſtation. *Infeſtation, boguinement.*
Infeſted. *Infeſté, boguiné, moleſté.*
An **infeſting.** *Comme* Infeſtation. *Voyez* Moleſt, vex, annoy.
Inficiating. *Negatif.*
Inficiation (a deniall.) *Inficiation, negation.*
Inficiatorie. *Negatoire.*
An **infidell.** *Infidele; Mavan, Payen.*
Infidelitie. *Infidelité, Atheiſme.*
Infigured (figured.) *Infigné, figuré.*
Infinite. *Infini, incomprehenſible; immenſe.*
Infinitely. *Infiniement.*
Infiniteneſſe. *Infinité, infinitude.*
The **infinitive** mood. *Mœuf infinitif.*
Infirmative (weakning.) *Infirmatif.*
Infirme. *Infirme, debile, enferme.*
Infirmitie. *Infirmité, debilité, debilitation.*
Infiſtulated (that hath gotten a fiſtula.) *Enfiſtule.*
To **infix.** *Ficher, ou figer dedans.*
Infixed. *Fiché dedans.*
To **inflame.** *Enflammer, Enflamber, Embraſer, Allumer.*
Inflamable. *Inflammable.*
An **inflamation.** *Inflammation.*
Inflamed. *Embraſé, enflambé, enflammé, allumé.*
To be **inflamed.** *Ardoir, ardre.*
Inflamed with fury. *Enfurié.*
An **inflaming.** *Enflambement, embraſement, allumement.*
Inflaming. *Enflambant, enflammant.*
Inflaming the bloud. *Allume-ſang.*
An **inflation** (windie ſwelling.) *Inflation.*
Inflexible (unbowable.) *Inflexible, infleſchiſſable.*
Inflictive, or **inflicting.** *Inflictif.*
An **influence** *Influence.*
To **infold.** *Impliquer, enclorre, entourer, enveloper, envelopper.*
Infolded. *Impliqué, enclos, entouré, enveloppé.*
An **infolding.** *Implication, envelopement, enveloppement.*
To **inforce.** *Enforcir; forcer, contraindre.*
To **inforce** by neceſſity. *Neceſſiter.*
Inforced. *Enforci; contraint, forcé.*
Inforced by neceſſity. *Neceſſité.*
An **inforcement.** *Contrainte.*
An **information** againſt. *Accuſation.*
Informe (or ſhapeleſſe.) *Informe, ſans forme.*
An **information** (inſtruction.) *Information, avis, advertiſſement, monition, notification, advis.*
To **informe** (inſtruct) *Informer; notifier, advertir, adviſer, attiltrer, aſçavanter, aviſer.*
To **informe** againſt. *Accuſer.*
To **informe** himſelfe, or get **information** of. *S'informer.*
Informed. *Informé; notifié, adverti, adviſé, aviſé, annoncé, aſçavancé.*
Informed againſt. *Accuſé.*
An **informer.** *Informateur, encoulpeur, emputeur, mouſche, accuſateur, advertiſſeur.*
An **informing.** *Aviſement, adviſement.*
Infortunate. *Infortuné. Voyez* Vnfortunate.
To **infonld.** *Comme* to Infold.
An **infracture** (breach, violation.) *Infracture, infraction.*
Infrangible (unbreakable.) *Infrangible.*
To **infringe** (breake, violate.) *Enfraindre.*
Infringed. *Enfraincl.*
An **infringer** (violater, breaker.) *Infracteur.*
An **infringement.** *Infracture.*
To **infuſe.** *Infuſer, infondre.*
Infuſed. *Infus.*
An **infuſion.** *Infuſion.*
To **ingage.** *Engager, hypotbequer, hipotbequer.*
To **ingage** himſelfe in an action. *S'embarquer en vn entreprinſe.*
Ingaged. *Engagé, hypotbequé, appleigé, hipotbequé, affidé.*
I am **ingaged** therein to my hurt. *Ie m'y ſuis encloüé.*
An **ingager.** *Engageur.*
To **ingaole.** *Engeoler.*
Ingaoled. *Engeolé.*
An **ingaging.** *Engagement, engageure.*
An **ingagement.** *Engage.*
To **ingender.** *Engendrer, parier.*
Ingendred. *Engendré.*
To be **ingendred** of. *Naiſtre de.*
An **ingendrer.** *Engendreur.*
An **ingendring.** *Engendrement, engendrure, engendreur.*
Ingenious (wittie.) *Ingenieux.*
Ingeniouſly. *Ingenieuſement.*
Ingeniouſneſſe, ingeniouſitie. *Ingenioſité.*
To **ingentilize** (or make a **gentleman.**) *Anoblir, ennoblir.*
Ingentilized. *Anobli, ennobli.*
An **ingentilizing.** *Anobliſſement.*
Ingenuous (free.) *Ingenuë.*
Ingenuouſly (freely.) *Ingenuement.*
Ingenuouſneſſe, ingenuitie (nobleneſſe of diſpoſition.) *Ingenuité.*
Ingine, ingider. *Voyez* Engine, and Enginer.
An **ingle.** *Bardache.*
Inglorious. *Inglorieux.*
To **inglobe** (comprehend in a globe.) *Englober.*
Inglobed. *Englobé.*
An **inglobing.** *Englobure.*
To **inglut** (ſwallow up.) *Engloutir.*
Inglutted. *Englouti.*
To **ingorge** (glut downe.) *Engorger.*
Ingorged. *Engorgé.*
An **ingorger** (ravener.) *Engorgeur.*
An **ingorging.** *Engorgement.*
Ingorging. *Engorgeux.*
An **Ingot.** *Lingot, maſſe.*
The mould for **ingots.** *Lingotiere.*
To **ingraffe.** *Enter, inſerer.*
Ingraffed. *Enté, inſeré.*
An **ingrafting.** *Entement.*
To **ingraine** (fill with graine.) *Engreiner.*
Ingrained. *Engrené.*
Ingrate, ingratefull. *Ingrat, meſcognoiſſant.*
Ingratitude. *Ingratitude, meſcognoiſſance.*
To **ingrave.** *Engraver, inſculper.*
Ingraven. *Engravé, inſculpe.*
An **ingraver.** *Engraveur.*
Anticke **ingraveries.** *Mancquinage, mannequinage.*
An **ingraving.** *Engraveure.*
Ingrayled. *Engreſlé.* (*en blaſon*)
An **ingrayling.** *Engreſlure.*
An **ingredient.** *Ingredient.*
An **ingreſſe.** *Entrée.*
Ingreſſe and **egreſſe.** *Paſſage libre d'entrer & ſortir.*
To **ingroſſe** (wrike faire.) *Groſſoyer.*
To **ingroſſe** a commoditie. *Monopoler.*
Ingroſſed. *Groſſoyé.*
Ingroſſed (as a commoditie.) *Monopolé.*
An **ingroſſer** of a commoditie. *Monopolier.*

An **ingrossement.** *Grosse.*
An **ingrossement** of a commoditie into one or few mens hands. *Monopole.*
To **ingurgite.** *Engouffrer, engoiffer, engloutir, abyſmer.*
Ingulfed. *Engoulphé, engoiffé, englouti, abiſmé, abyſmé.*
To **ingurgitate.** *Engloutir.*
An **ingurgitation.** *Ingurgitation.*
Inhabitable (which may be inhabited.) *Inhabitable, habitable, hoſpitable, manable.*
An **inhabitant,** or **inhabiter.** *Habitant, manant, manſionnier, menſaunier.*
To deprive of **inhabitant.** *Deſhabiter.*
Without **inhabitants.** *Deſhabité.*
To **inhabite.** *Habiter, inhabiter, acaſer.*
Inhabited. *Habité, hebergé, herbergé.*
An **inhabiting** in. *Manance.*
Inhabiting. *Habitant.*
Inheritable. *Heritable, heritel, hereditable.*
Inheritably. *Heritablement.*
An **inheritance.** *Heritage; hereditableté, heritè, heredité, hoirie, patrimoine.*
Inheritance by kindred. *Papoage.*
Inheritance by deſcent (not by purchaſe.) *Alleud, papoage.*
Of **inheritance.** *Heritel, hereditaire, hereditel.*
An ancient **inheritance** (that he is borne to.) *Naiſſance, ſon propre naiſſant.*
To **inherite.** *Heriter.*
Inherited. *Herité.*
An **inheritor.** *Heritier, hoir.*
An **inheritrix.** *Heritiere, hoir de quenouille.*
An **inherence** (cleaving to.) *Inherence.*
To **inhibite** (forbid.) *Inhiber, prohiber, defendre.*
Inhibited. *Inhibé, prohibé, defendu.*
An **inhibition.** *Inhibition, prohibition, defence.*
To **inhive** (put into a hive.) *Enrucher.*
Inhived. *Enruché.*
An **Inholder.** *Hoſtelier. Voyez* an Innekeeper.
Inhoſpitable. *Voyez* Vnhoſpitable.
Inhumane. *Inhumain, cruel.*
Inhumanely. *Inhumainement, cruellement.*
Inhumanitie. *Inhumanité, barbariſme, cruauté.*
An **injection** (caſting or ſquirting in.) *Injection, injectement.*
To **injoy.** *Jouir. Voyez* to Enjoy.
To **injoine,** or **injoyne.** *Enjoindre, enchargier.*
Injoyned. *Enjoinct, enchargé.*
An **injoyner.** *Ordonneur.*
An **injunction.** *Injonction.*
Iniquitie. *Iniquité.*
To **initiate** (begin in.) *Initier, apprimer.*
Initiated. *Initié.*
To **injure.** *Injurier, faire tort, oultrager.*
Injurie. *Injure, tort, ſupercherie. offenſe, offence, oultrage, outrage.*
Injured. *Injurié, offenſé, offencé, oultragé.*
An **injurer.** *Injurieur.*
Injurious. *Injurieux, oultrageux.*
Injuriously. *Injurieuſement, oultrageuſement.*
Injuſtice. *Injuſtice.*

Inke. *Encre, attrament.*
An **ink-maker.** *Encrier.*
An **ink-horne.** *Cornet à encre, ancrier.*
A-pen-and-**ink-horne.** *Eſcriptoire.*
To **ink-hornize** it. *Pedantizer.*
Inkie; of, or belonging to Inke. *Encrier, ancrier.*
Inkineſſe. *Encreté.*
An **Inkeeper.** *Hoſte, hoſtelier. Voyez* an Inneholder.
An **inkling.** *Petit bruit, odeur, ombrage, appercevance.*
An **ingling** given. *Advis.*
To **inkindle** (ſet on fire.) *Enflamber, embraſer.*
Inkindled. *Enflambé, enflammé.*
An **inkindling.** *Enflambement, embraſement.*
Inkindling. *Enflammant, enflambant.*
An **inkmoiyne** (in blazon) *Anille.*
To **inlarge.** *Eſlargir, aggrandir, amplifier, mettre au large, accroiſtre, accroitre, agrandir, amplier, augmenter.*
Inlarged. *Eſlargi, amplifié, engroſſi, accreu, adjouſté, aggrandi; amplié, augmenté.*
An **inlarger.** *Ampliateur, amplificateur, aggrandiſſeur, augmentateur.*
An **inlarging,** or **inlargement.** *Eſlargiſſement, accroiſſement, aggrandiſſement, ampliation, amplification.*
To **inlay** (with ſmall peeces.) *Marqueter.*
Inlayed. *Marqueté.*
Inlayed-worke, or **inlaying.** *Ouvrage de marqueterie, marquetage, marqueture, aſſemblage.*
To **inlighten.** *Illuminer, enluminer.*
Inlightened. *Illuminé, enluminé.*
An **inlightening.** *Illumination, irradiation.*
To **inlocke** (mortaiſe in.) *Enclaver.*
Inlocked. *Enclavé.*
An **inlocking.** *Enclave, enclavement, enclaveure.*
An **inmate.** *Celuy, qui avec ſa famille ſe loge chez vn autre.*
An **Inne.** *Hoſtelerie; hoſtirie; aubergs.*
To keepe an **Inne.** *Tenir hoſtelerie.*
To **inne,** or lie in an **inne.** *Se loger en vne hoſtelerie.*
To **inne** corne. *Engranger le bled.*
An **Innekeeper,** or **Innekeper.** *Hoſtelier, hoſte, celuy qui tient hoſtelerie.*
An **Inne-keepers** wife. *Hoſteſſe.*
Inned (as corne.) *Engrangé.*
Inned (or lodged.) *Aubergé.*
Inner. *Interieur.*
An **inner** parlour, or chamber. *Chambre interieure, conclave.*
An **inning** of corne. *Engrangement de bled.*
Innocencie. *Innocence.*
Innocent. *Innocent.*
Innocents day. *Les Innocens, le jour des Innocens.*
To **innobate.** *Innover.*
Innobated. *Innové.*
Innobation. *Innovation, novalité, novatian.*
An **innobator.** *Innovateur, novateur.*
Innumerable. *Innumerable, innombrable, infini en nombre.*
Innumerably. *Innumerablement.*
Innumerablenesse. *Innumerableté.*
Inofficious. *Irreſpectueux.*

Inordinate. *Deſordonné.*
Inough. *Aſſez.*
Inpiped (or put into a pipe.) *Enfuſté.*
An **inquest.** *Enqueſte.*
To **inquinate.** *Ordir.*
To **inquire.** *Enquerir, enquerre, s'enqueſter, s'informer, s'enquerir, ſe guementer.*
Inquired. *Enquis; guementé.*
An **inquiry.** *Enqueſte.*
An **inquiſition.** *Inquiſition.*
To make **inquiſition** after. *Enquerir; Ou, comme* to Inquire.
An **inquiſitour.** *Inquiſiteur, enqueſteur.*
To **inracinate** (ſettle or root in.) *Enraciner.*
To **inrage.** *Enrager.*
Inraged. *Enragé, enfurié.*
An **inraging.** *Enragement.*
To **inrich.** *Enrichir.*
To inrich with gold. *Endorer.*
Inriched. *Enrichi.*
Inriched with chaines. *Enchainé.*
Inriched with gold. *Endoré.*
An **inriching,** or **inrichment.** *Enrichiſſure.*
To **inrobe.** *Inveſtir.*
Inrobed. *Inveſti.*
An **inrobing.** *Inveſtiſon.*
An **inrode.** *Incurſion, invaſion.*
To **inroll.** *Enroller, enrouler, enregiſtrer, adſcrire.*
Inrolled. *Enrollé, enroulé, enregiſtré, adſcrit.*
Fit to be **inrolled.** *Enregiſtrable.*
An **inrolling,** or **inrollment.** *Enrollement, enrolement, enregiſtrement.*
Inſachelled. *Enſaché.*
Inſatiable, inſatiate. *Inſatiable.*
Inſatiablenesse, inſatietie. *Inſatiabiliſé, inſatiableté.*
Inſatiably, inſatiately. *Inſatiablement.*
Inſconſed. *Parqué.*
To **inſcribe.** *Inſcrire.*
Inſcribed. *Inſcript, inſcrit.*
An **inſcription.** *Inſcription.*
Inſcrutable (unſearchable.) *Inſcrutable.*
To **inſculpe** (ingrave.) *Inſculper.*
Inſculped. *Inſculpé.*
An **inſect** (as an Ant, Fly, Bee, &c.) *Inſecte.*
Inſectible (not to be cut.) *Inſectible, inſectable.*
Inſignorized (made Lord of.) *Enſeigneurié.*
An **inſeiſining.** *Enſaiſinement.*
Inſenſible. *Inſenſible.*
Inſeperable. *Inſeperable, indiſſoluble, indiviſible, individu.*
Inſeperably. *Inſeperablement, indiſſolublement, indiviſiblement.*
To **inſert.** *Inſerer, entreſemer.*
Inſerted. *Inſeré, entreſemé.*
The **inſide.** *Le dedans.*
An **inſight.** *Cognoiſſance, ſçavoir.*
To have an **inſight** in. *Sçavoir.*
Which hath an **inſight** into things. *Sçavant, entendu.*
To **inſinuate.** *Inſinuer, s'ingerer.*
Inſinuated. *Inſinué, ingeré.*
An **inſinuating,** or **inſinuation.** *Inſinuation.*
Inſipiditie (unſavourineſſe.) *Inſipidité.*
To **inſiſt** on. *Inſiſter.*
To **inſnare.** *Enlacer, enrether, entrouiller, enveloper, enfiler, encheveſtrer, encorder, encordeler.*
Inſnared. *Enlacé, enrethé, entouillé, enfilé, encheveſtré, encordelé, enlaſſé.*

An

An **inſnaring**. *Entouillement, enlaſſement.*
To **inſnaris**. *Entouiller, enlacer, encheveſtrer, (ou comme to* Inſnare*) Entrevecher.*
Inſnaried. *Entouillé, enlaſſé, encheveſtré, entrevecheé, entreveſché, entreveſché.*
Inſolencis. *Inſolence.*
Inſolent. *Inſolent.*
Inſolently. *Inſolemment.*
Inſoluble. *Inſoluble.*
An **inſpection**. *Inſpection.*
An **inſpector**. *Inſpecteur.*
Inſpersed (ſprinkled on.) *Inſpersé.*
An **inſpiration**. *Inſpiration.*
To **inſpire**. *Inſpirer.*
Inſpired. *Inſpiré.*
An **inſpiring**. *Comme* Inſpiration.
Inſtabilitie. *Inſtabilité; inconſtance.*
An **inſtallation**. *Inſtallation.*
To **inſtall**. *Inſtaller.*
Inſtalled. *Inſtallé.*
An **inſtalling**. *Comme* Inſtallation.
Inſtance. *Inſtance.*
Inſtant. *Inſtant.*
At this **inſtant**. *Tout à cette heure.*
At that **inſtant**. *A l'heure, pour l'heure.*
Inſtantly. *Inſtamment, incontinent, à main tourner, ſans marchander.*
An **inſtauration**. *Inſtauration.*
The **inſtep**. *Coudepied.*
To **inſtigate**. *Inſtiguer, ſtimuler, aguillonner.*
Inſtigated. *Inſtigué, ſtimulé, aguillonné.*
An **inſtigation**. *Inſtigation, ſtimulation, ſtimule, aguillonnement.*
An **inſtigator**. *Stimulateur.*
An **inſtigatrix**. *Stimulatrice.*
To **inſtill**. *Inſtiller.*
An **inſtillation**. *Inſtillation.*
An **inſtinct**. *Inſtinct.*
To **inſtitute** (ordeine.) *Inſtituer, decreter.*
Inſtituted. *Inſtitué, decreté, Ordonné.*
An **inſtitution**. *Inſtitution, ordonnance.*
To **inſtruct**. *Inſtruire, enſeigner, endoctriner, inſtruir, adeſtrer, adreſſer, aſçavanter, aſſavanter.*
To **inſtruct** before hand. *Attiltrer.*
Inſtructable. *Endoctrinable, inſtruiſable.*
Inſtructed. *Inſtruit, endoctriné, enſeigné, adreſſé, apprís, apprins, aſçavanté.*
Inſtructed before hand. *Attiltré.*
An **inſtructer**. *Enſeigneur; Pedagogue.*
Inſtructing. *Enſeignant, inſtruiſſant, adreſſant.*
An **inſtruction**. *Endoctrinement, inſtruction, enſeignement, inſtruktive, adreſſement, pedagogie.*
An **inſtrument**. *Inſtrument, organe; miniſtre; outil.*
An **inſtrument** of a Surgeon to ſtitch up wounds with. *Houcle.*
To draw or ingroſſe an **inſtrument**. *Inſtrumenter.*
Inſtrumentall. *Inſtrumental, organique, organiſte.*
The **inſtup**. *Coudepied, le montant du pied.*
To be high in the **inſtup**. *Faire le baultain.*
To **inſue**. *S'enſuyvre.*
Inſued. *Enſuyvi.*
Inſuing. *Enſuyvant.*
Inſufficiencie. *Inſuffiſance.*
Inſufficient. *Inſuffiſant, inidoine.*
Inſufficiently. *Inſuffiſamment.*
To **inſulpher**. *Enſouffrer.*
Inſulphered. *Enſouffré.*
Inſulſe. *Saugrenu, ſans ſel ni ſaulge.*
To **inſult** over. *Inſulter.*
An **inſultation**. *Oultrage.*
Inſuperable. *Inſuperable, inſurmontable, invincible.*
An **inſurrection**. *Eſmeute, mutinerie, mutination.*
An **intablature**. *Entablature.*
To **intaile** (carve or cut in.) *Entailler, engraver.*
Intailed. *Entaillé, engravé.*
An **intailer**, (or ingraver.) *Entailleur, engraveur.*
An **intailing**. *Entailleure, engraveure.*
To **intangle**. *Enlacer, enlaſſer, enrether, entouiller, empliquer, enveloper; s'entrebrouiller, entrenouer, entortiller, entretouiller, entrevecher, entreveſcher, encheveſtrer, encordeler, encorder, enfiler.*
Intangled. *Enlacé, enlaſſé, enrethé, ennicroché, entouillé, entrelaſſé, entrenoüé, entortillé, entretouillé, entrevecheé, entreveſché, encaunché, envelopé, encordelé, enfilé, encheveſtré, malaiſé à deſmeſler.*
An **intangled** buſineſſe. *Entrelas, affaire embrouillé.*
An **intanglement**. *Envelopement, entouillement.*
Intanglements. *Hannicrochemens, hannicroches.*
An **intangling**. *Enlaſſement, entrelaſſement, encheveſtrure.*
Integrality (wholeneſſe.) *Integralité.*
Integrated (made whole.) *Integré.*
Integritie. *Integrité, candeur, entiereté, honneſteté, Syncerité.*
The **intellect** (underſtanding, or facultie thereof.) *Intellect.*
Intellectuall. *Intellectuel.*
Intelligence. *Intelligence, entendement, advertiſſement, advis, avis.*
To get **intelligence** of. *Entendre.*
To give **intelligence**. *Advertir.*
To hold **intelligence** together. *S'entr'advertir, s'entr'entendre.*
Having **intelligence** of. *Adverti, aviſé, advisé.*
An **intelligencer**. *Intelligencier, advertiſſeur.*
Intelligible. *Intelligible, entendible.*
Intelligibly. *Intelligiblement.*
Intemperance. *Intemperance.*
Intemperate. *Intemperé.*
Intemperately. *Intemperément.*
Intemperature (of the body, &c.) *Intemperature.*
Intempeſtive (inſeaſonable.) *Intempeſtif.*
Intempeſtively (inſeaſonably.) *Intempeſtivement.*
To **intend**. *Intenter.*
Intended. *Intenté.*
An **intender**. *Intenteur.*
An **intent**, or **intention**. *Intention, entente, attainte.*
With an ill **intent**. *Malicieuſement.*
Intentive. *Ententif.*
Intentively. *Ententivement.*
Interbaſted (baſted betweene.) *Interbaſté.*
To **intercede** (or intreat for another.) *Interceder pour.*
To **intercept**. *Intercepter.*
Interceſſion. *Interceſſion, mediation.*
An **interceſſor**. *Interceſſeur, mediateur.*
An **interchange**. *Alternation.*
To **interchange**. *S'entrechanger, alterner, s'entredonner, reciproquer.*
Interchanged. *Entrechangé, entredonné.*
Interchangeable. *Reciproque, mutuel, alternatif.*
Interchangeableneſſe. *Entrechange, viciſſitude.*
Interchangeably. *Mutuellement, reciproquement, alternativement.*
An **interchanging**. *Reciprocation.*
Intercourſe. *Commerce.*
An **intercutting**. *Entrecoupenſe.*
To **intercroſſe** one another. *Entrecroiſer.*
Entercroſſed. *Entrecroiſé.*
An **intercroſſing**. *Entrecroiſement, entrecroiſure.*
To **interdict** (forbid.) *Interdire.*
Interdicted. *Interdict.*
An **interdiction** (forbidding.) *Interdiction, interdict.*
Intereſted in. *Intereſſé.*
An **intereſt** in. *Intereſt.*
Intereſt (uſe money.) *Intereſt.*
To **interfeer**, or **interfeir**. *S'entretailler, s'entrefrotter.*
Interfeered. *Entretaillé, entrefrotté.*
An **interfeering**. *Entrefrotture, entretaillement, entretailleure.*
An **interfeering** horſe. *Cheval, jarretier.*
To **interfould** (fould between.) *Entreplier.*
Interfoulded. *Entreplié.*
Intergrated (thick latiſed.) *Entreillizé.*
To **interject** (caſt, or put between.) *Interjetter, interjecter.*
An **interjection**. *Interjection.*
Interiour (inward.) *Interieur.*
To **interlace**. *Entrelaſſer, entrejecter, entremeſler, entretiſtre, entortiller, intercaler.*
Interlaced. *Entrelaſſé, entremeſlé, entrenoüé, entretiſſu, entortillé; intercalaire.*
An **interlacing**. *Entrelaſſement, entrelaſſeure, enlaſſis, entrelacement; intercalation.*
Interlacing. *Entrejectant.*
To **interlard**. *Entrelarder.*
Interlarded. *Entrelardé.*
An **interlarding**. *Entrelardement.*
To **interline**. *Entreligner, entr'eſcrire.*
Interlined. *Entreligné, entr'eſcript.*
An **interline**, or **interliming**. *Entreligne.*
An **interlocation**. *Interlocation.*
An **interlocution**. *Interlocution.*
Interlocutorie. *Interlocutoire.*
An **intermedium**. *Vn entre-deux, interpoſition de temps, entremoyen, entr'eſpace, entretemps, intervalle.*
In the **intermedium**. *Intermediat.*
To **intermedle**. *S'entremeſler, s'entremettre.*
Intermedled. *Entremeſté, meſlé.*
An **intermedler**. *Entremetteur.*
An **intermedling**. *Entremiſe, interpoſition.*
To **intermingle**. *Entremeſler, entrejecter, entrelaſſer.*
Intermingled. *Entr'laſſé, entremeſlé, entrejecté.*

An

An **intermingling**. *Entrellaſſement, interpoſition.*

An **intermiſſion**. *Intermiſſion, ſurſeance; pauſe, poſe.*

By **intermiſſion**. *Par intermiſſion; par intervalle.*

Without **intermiſſion**. *Inceſſamment, ſans intermiſſion, ſans entrecesſe, d'arrache pied.*

To **intermit**. *Intermettre, entrelaiſſer, entremettre la beſongne, ſurſeoir.*

Intermittant. *Intermittant.*

Intermitted. *Entrelaiſſé, intermis, ſurſis.*

Intermitting. *Intermittant, ſurſeant.*

To **intermit**, **intermixed**, and **intermixting**. *Comme* To Intermingle, Intermingled, and Intermingling.

Internall. *Interne.*

Internally. *Internement.*

To **interpoſe**. *Interpoſer, entrepoſer, entrejecter.*

Interpoſed. *Interpoſé, entrejecté.*

An **interpoſing**. *Entrelaſſement.*

Interpoſing. *Entrejectant.*

An **interpoſition**. *Interpoſition, entrepoſition, interpoſement, entreject, entrepos.*

An **interpretation**. *Interpretation, expoſition.*

A full **interpretation**. *Enucleation.*

To **interpret**. *Interpreter.*

Interpreted. *Interpreté.*

An **interpretor**. *Interprete, interpretateur, truchemen, truchement.*

An **interraigne**. *Interregne.*

To **interre**. *Enterrer, inhumer, enſevelir; enfouir, enfouyr, mettre en terre.*

Interred. *Enterré, inhumé, enſeveli.*

An **interrer**. *Enterreur.*

An **interment**. *Enterrement, inhumation, enterrage.*

To **interrogate**. *Interroguer.*

Interrogated. *Interrogué.*

An **interrogation**. *Interrogation.*

The **interrogative** point. *Interrogant (faict ainſi ?)*

An **interrogatorie**. *Interrogatoire.*

To examine upon **interrogatories**. *Interroguer.*

To **interrupt**. *Interrompre, entrerompre, entrecouper, faire le hola, interpeller, obturber.*

To **interrupt** ones ſpeech. *Entreparler, interloquer.*

To **interrupt** the proceeding of. *Fermer le pas à.*

Interrupted. *Interrompu, entrecoupé, interpellé.*

An **interrupter**. *Interpellateur.*

An **interrupting**, or **interruption**. *Interpellation, interruption, entrecoupeuſe.*

An **interrupting** one in ſpeaking. *Entreparlement, interlocution.*

Interrupting. *Entrerompant.*

Interſa'ings. *Entreſcieures.*

An **interſhocke** (a mutuall ruſhing one againſt another.) *Entrechoc, entrebeurt, entrebeurtement.*

To **interſhocke**. *S'entrebeurter, s'entrechoquer.*

To **intertaine**. *Entretenir, accueillir, recueiller, accepter, admettre.*

Intertained. *Entretenu, accueilli, accepté, admis.*

Intertainement. *Entretien, accueil.* ¶ Nicod. *Recueil, acception.*

Cold or bad **intertainement**. *Maigre chere; maltraictement.*

Intertainement given by, or to, a paſſenger. *Paſſade.*

An **intertaining**. *Entretenement.*

Intertaining. *Recueillant.*

An **inveſting**, or **inveſture**. *Entraveſtiſſement.*

Inteſtate (that dies without a will.) *Inteſtat. Quand quelqu'un meurt ſans faire ſon teſtament.*

An **inteſtine**. *Inteſtin, entraille. Voyez* Gut.

Of, or belonging to, the **inteſtines**. *Inteſtinal.*

Inteſtine (or inward.) *Inteſtin.*

To **inthrall**. *Eſclaver, captiver; angeoler, enjauler, enjeoler, aſſervagir, aſſervir.*

Inthralled. *Captivé; engeolé, enjaulé, ennaſſé, aſſervagi, aſſervi.*

To be **inthralled**. *S'ennaſſer.*

An **inthralling**. *Captivité, aſſerviſage, aſſerviſſement.*

To **inthrone**, or **inthronize**. *Inthronizer, enthroner, introniſer.*

Inthroned, or **inthronized**. *Enthroné, inthroniſé, introniſé.*

An **inthroning**, or **inthronization**. *Inthronization, introniſation.*

To **intice**. *Allicher, attraire, emmieller, enjauler, enjeoler, mouvoir, affater, affriander, affrioler, allecher, amadoüer, amieller, amorcer, appaſter, attirer.*

Inticed. *Allicheé, emmiellé, enjaulé, affriandé, affriolé, amorcé, appaſté, attiré.*

An **inticement**. *Allichoir, attraict, emmiellement, motif, allichement, amorcement, appaſt, attirement.*

Full of **inticement**. *Appaſteux.*

An **inticing**. *Allichement, attrayement, attraiement, attraict, affriandement, affriolement.*

An **inticing** huſwife. *Enjauleuſe.*

Inticing. *Attraictif, allechant, appaſtant, appaſteux.*

Inticingly. *Attrayamment.*

Intimate (or inward.) *Intime. Voyez* Inward.

To **intimate** (ſignifie, ſhew.) *Intimer.*

Intimated. *Intimé.*

An **intimation**. *Intimation.*

Intire *Entier.*

Intirely *Entierement.*

Intirenelle. *Entiereté.*

To **intitle**. *Entituler, intituler; nommer, annoter.*

Intitled. *Intitulé; nommé, annoté.*

An **intitling**. *Annotation.*

Intollerable. *Intollerable, inſupportable.*

Intollerably. *Intollerablement.*

To **intombe**. *Enſepulturer, enſevelir, entomber.*

Intombed. *Enſepulturé, enſeveli, entombé.*

To **intoricate**. *Embrouiller l'eſprit à quelqu'un.*

Intractable. *Intractable.*

The **intralls**. *Entrailles, freſſure, freſure.*

To **intrap**. *Attrapper, entraper.*

Intrapped. *Attrappé, ennaſſé, entrapé.*

To be **intrapped**. *S'ennaſer.*

An **intrapping**. *Attrapoire, attraperie.*

To **intreat**. *Prier, ſupplier.*

To **intreat** hardly. *Pelauder.*

Intreated *Prié, ſupplié,*

Intreated hardly. *Pelaudé.*

An **intreatie**. *Priere.*

An earneſt **intreatie**. *Obſecration.*

A rough **intreatie** of. *Pelauderie.*

An **intreating**. *Priement.*

To **intrench**. *Fortifier un camp, (ou, ſe retirer dedans) des trenchées, ſe parquer.*

Intrenched. *Parqué dedans les trenchées, fortifié de trenchées.*

Intricacie. *Intrique.*

Intricate. *Intrique, infraictueux, malaiſé a deſmeſler.*

An **intricate** matter. *Labyrinthe, entrelas.*

To **intricate**. *Entraper, entrevetcher, entrevecher, intriquer, intriquer.*

Intricated. *Entrapé, entrevetché, entrevecché, intriqué, intriqué.*

Intricately. *Envelopément, intriquément, intriquement.*

An **intrication**, or **intricating**. *Intrication.*

Intrinſecall. *Intrinſeque.*

Intrinſecally. *Intrinſequement.*

To **introduce**. *Introduire; mettre en train.*

Introduced. *Introduit.*

An **introduction**. *Introduction.*

To **intrude**. *S'ingerer; enjamber ſur.*

Intruded. *Intrus, ingeré; enjambé ſur.*

An **intruder**. *Intrus.*

An **intruſion**. *Intruſion.*

Intuitive. *Intuitif.*

To **invade**. *Invader, envahir.*

Invaded. *Invadé, envahi.*

Invaſible. *Invaſible.*

An **invaſion**. *Invaſion, envahie.*

A ſudden **invaſion** (or aſſault.) *Vn' alarme.*

To **inveagle**. *Encheveſtrer, attraire, enjauler, encordeler, enjeoler, allicher, amieller, engeoler, emorcer, amorcer, affriander, affrioler, allecher, amadoüer.*

Inveagled. *Encheveſtré, engeolé, enjaulé, emmiellé, affriandé, affriolé, allicheé, amadoüé.*

An **inveagler**. *Enjauleur.*

An **inveagling**. *Encheveſtrement, emmiellement, affriandement, affriolement, allichement, amadoüement, attraiement, attraict.*

An **invective**. *Invective.*

Inverched (a tearme of Blaſon.) *Engreſlé. (En blaſon.)*

An **invecking**. *Entreſture.*

To **invegh** againſt. *Invectiver, aller de cholere contre quelqu'un, detracter, meſdire.*

To **invelop**. *Enveloper. Voyez* to Infold, Inwrap.

Inveloped. *Envelopé.*

To **invent**. *Inventer, ourdir.*

Invented. *Inventé, ourdi.*

An **inventer**. *Inventeur, ourdiſſeur, ouvrier.*

The originall **inventer**. *Auteur.*

An **inventing**. *Ourdiſſeure.*

An **invention**. *Invention; machine, machination.*

Inventive. *Inventif.*

Inventing. *Ourdiſſant.*

An **inventorie**. *Inventaire.*

To **inventorie**, or take **inventory** of. *Inventorier, inventoriſer.*

Inventoried (or ſet in an Inventorie.) *Inventorié.*

An **inventreſſe**, or **inventrix**. *Inventereſſe, inventrice.*

An **inverſion**. *Inverſion, reverſement.*

To **invert**. *Enverſer.*

Inverted. *Invers, enversé.*
To **invest.** *Investir, enuestir, advestir.*
Invested. *Investi.*
An **investing**, or **investure.** *Investison.*
An **investitures**, or **investure.** *Investiture, advest, advesture.*
To **investigate.** *Enquerir, s'enqueſter; cercher, ſuivre à la trace, trouver.* ¶ Calep.
Inveterate. *Inveteré.*
To **inveterate.** *S'inveterer.*
Invigilancie (drowſineſſe.) *Invigilance.*
Invincible. *Invincible.*
Inviolable. *Inviolable, irrefragable.*
Inviolably. *Inviolablement.*
Inviolableneſſe. *Inviolableté.*
Inviolate. *Inviolé.*
To **inviron.** *Environner, engyronner, entourer, entourner, circonder, encerner.*
Invironned. *Environné, entouré, entourné encerné, enceinct, enclos, encercelé, encerclé, circondé.*
An **invironning.** *Environnement, entournement.*
Invironning. *Encernant.*
Invisible. *Invisible.*
An **invitation**, or **inviting.** *Invitation, invitement, conviement; attirement.*
To **invite.** *Inviter, convier; attirer.*
Invited. *Invité, convié, attiré.*
An **inviting.** *Comme* Invitation.
To **invocate.** *Invoquer.*
Invocated. *Invoqué.*
An **invocation.** *Invocation.*
To **involde** (enwrap.) *Involver, enveloper, envelopper, impliquer.*
Involded. *Invelopé.*
An **involving**, or **involution.** *Involution, envelopement.*
Involution. *Anfractuoſité.*
Full or **involutions.** *Anfractueux.*
Involuntarie (against the will of.) *Involontaire, contre le vouloir de.*
An **inundation** of waters. *Inondation, deluge, maſcaret d'eaux, lavace d'eaux.*
To **inure.** *Accouſtumer. Voyez* to Enure.
Inutilitie (unprofitableneſſe.) *Inutilité.*
Invulnerable. *Invulnerable.*
Inward. *Interne, interieur.*
Moſt **inward.** *Intime.*
A making **inward.** *Apprivoiſement.*
To make **inward.** *Familiariſer, accoquiner, adomeſtiquer, affaicter, apprivoiſer.*
The **inwards** of beaſts. *Les entrailles; freſſure, freſure, baſtilles.*
Made **inward** (or familiar.) *Familiariſé, accoquiné, affaicté, adomeſtiqué, apprivoiſé.*
Inwardly. *Interieurement, internement.*
To **job.** *Hocher, becqueter.*
A **job** with a bill or beake. *Becquade.*
Jobbed at with the bill. *Becqueté.*
A **jobbernoll.** *Teſte de bœuf, michon, groſſe teſte.*
A **jobbing.** *Hochement.*
Jocond. *Alaigre, gaillard, baude, s'esjouiſſant, haut.*
Growne **jocond.** *Agaillardé.*
To be **jocond.** *Ajoliver, galler, s'agaillarder, s'esjouir.*
Jocondly. *Alaigrement, gaillardement, baudement.*
Jocondneſſe. *Alaigreſſe, alaigreté, gaillardeté, gaillardiſe.*
To **jogge**, or **joggle.** *Grilloter, hocher, ocher, branſler, mouvoir.*
To **jogge** with the elbow. *Coudéer, coudoyer.*
To **jogge** as a coach in uneven way. *Cahotter.*
The **jogge** of a coach in uneven way. *Cahot.*
Jogged. *Meu, ochè, branſlé.*
A **jogging.** *Grillottement, hochement.*
John. *Iean. Nom propre.*
S. **John-wort**, S. **John's-graſſe.** *Mille pertuis, trucheran.*
S. **John's** apple. *Haſtivel.*
To **joyne** unto. *Ioindre, adjoindre, ajoindre, aggreger, annexer.*
To **joyne** finely or handſomely. *Adjancer.*
To **joyne** together. *Conjoindre, accoupler, aſſembler.*
Joined unto. *Ioinct, adjoinct, ajoinct, aggregé, annexé.*
Handſomely **joined.** *Adjancé.*
Joined together. *Conjoinct, accouplé, aſſemblé,*
To be **joyned** in conſanguinitie with. *S'attenir à.*
Ill **joined.** *Maujoinct.*
A **Joiner.** *Menuiſier.*
Joiners worke. *Menuiſerie.*
Of, or belonging to, a **Joiner**, or **Joiners** worke. *Menuiſier.*
Joining to. *Ioinct, adjonction, adnexion.*
A handſome **Joining.** *Adjancement.*
A **Joining** together. *Conjonction, commiſſure, accouplage, accoudement, aſſemblage, aſſemblement.*
A **Joint.** *Iointe, jointure, joincte, joinct.*
A **joint** in ſtaulkes. *Neud.*
A **joint** of the body. *Ioincture, part du corps.*
A **joint** of veale, mutton, &c. *Membre de veau, mouton, &c.*
A **joint** heire. *Adjoinct.*
To put out of **joint.** *Diſtoquer, deſnouër.*
Put out of **joint.** *Diſtoqué, deſnoué.*
A putting, or being out of **joint.** *Diſtocation, deſnoüement.*
A **Jointenant.** *Adjoinct.*
Jollie. *Ioli, friſque, alaigre, friſquaire, baude.*
To be **jollie.** *Ajoliver.*
To make **jollie.** *Accointer.*
Jollily. *Iolyement, alaigrement, baudement.*
Jollitie, or **Jollineſſe.** *Iolieté, joliveté, gogues, vivacité, gaillardiſe, gaillardeté, alaigreſſe, alaigreté.*
Jonkets. *Friandiſes, confitures.*
A **Jott.** *Iote.* ¶ Rab. Brin.
A little **jott.** *Goutte.*
Every **jott** of it. *De fil en aiguille.*
Not a **jott.** *Pas vn brin; Nullement.*
Jovial. *Iovial.*
A **Jovialiſt.** *Iovien.*
To **Joult** *Saggotter, ſecouër, hurter, heurter, bercer, tabuter.*
To **joult** with the elbow. *Coudéer, coudoyer.*
A **joult.** *Secouſſe, heurtade.*
To **joult** as a coach in uneven way. *Cahoter.*
The **joult** of a coach in uneven way. *Cahot, cahuot, cahuet.*
Joulted. *Secoüé, heurté.*
A **Joulter.** *Secouëur.*
A **Joult-head.** *Teſte de bœuf.*
He is a very **Joult-head.** *Il a vne groſſe teſte.*
A **Joulting.** *Heurtement, heurtis.*
A **Journall.** *Iournall, papier journal.*
A **Journey.** *Iournée; Voyage; Chemin, allée.*
To **journey.** *Voyager, cheminer, aller.*
To goe, or take a long **journey.** *Peregriner.*
A farre **journey.** *Peregrination.*
A **journey-man.** *Iournalier.*
Journeyed. *Cheminé, voyagé, allé.*
A **Journeying.** *Voyagement.*
Journeying. *Allant, voyageant.*
Joy. *Ioye, gayeté, resjouiſſance, esjouiſſance.*
A ſhort **Joy.** *Ioye de papillon, courte joye.*
To **Joy.** *S'esjouir.*
Joyfull, Joyous. *Ioyeux, alaigre.*
Joyfully. *Ioyeuſement, alaigrement.*
Joyfullneſſe. *Ioyeuſeté, alaigreſſe, alaigreté.*
Ire. *Ire. Voyez* Anger, Wrath.
Irefull. *Irenx.*
Irefully. *Ireuſement.*
To **irke.** *S'ennuyer; taner.*
Irked. *Tané.*
Irkeſome. *Ennuyeux, faſtide, moleſte.*
Irkeſomeneſſe. *Moleſtie.*
Iron. *Fer.* (*Les Alquemiſtes l'appellent*) *Mars.*
Iron wire. *Fer d'archal.*
An **irongrated** window. *Feneſtre à fermaillé.*
Old **iron.** *Vieux fers, ferrailles, Quinquailles.*
A ſeller of old **iron.** *Quinquallier.*
Iron implements, or tooles. *Ferraille, ferrailleries.*
An **iron** toole or inſtrument. *Ferrement.*
Of **iron**, hard as **iron.** *Ferreux.*
An **iron-milli**, or forge. *Ferronnerie.*
An **iron** barre. *Barre de fer.*
Small **iron** ware. *Quinquailles.*
An **Ironmonger.** *Ferronnier, quinquallier.*
An **Ironmongers** ſhop. *Ferronnerie.*
A ſeller of old **iron-trinkets.** *Herpailleur, arpailleur,*
Small **iron-workes** of all ſorts (as padlocks, ſhuffers, hinges.) *Quinquallerie.*
A ſeller of ſuch ſmall **iron-worke.** *Quinquallier.*
An **Irradiation** (ſhining forth of beams.) *Irradiation.*
Irreconcileable. *Irreconciliable.*
Irrecuperable (unrecoverable.) *Irremediable.*
Irrefragable (inviolable.) *Irrefragable.*
Irregular. *Irregulier; heteroclite, anomal.*
Irregularitie. *Irregularité.*
Irregularly. *Irregulierement.*
Irreligion. *Irreligion, irreligioſeté.*
Irreligious. *Irreligieux.*
Irremiſſible (unpardonable.) *Irremiſſible.*
Irremiſſibly. *Irremiſſiblement.*
Irreparable (unrepairable.) *Irreparable.*
Irreparably. *Irreparablement.*
Irreprehenſible (unreprovable.) *Irreprehenſible.*
Irreprehenſibly. *Irreprehenſiblement.*
Irreverence (want of reverence.) *Irreverence.*
Irrevocable. *Irrevocable.*
Irrevocably. *Irrevocablement.*
Irriſion (flouting.) *Irriſion.*
To **irritate.** *Irriter, attiner.*
Irritated. *Irrité, attiné.*

An **Irritation** (provocation.) *Irritation.*
To **irrite** (incenſe, provoke.) *Irriter.*
An **irruption** (violent breaking into.) *Irruption.*
Is. *Eſt.*
Iſe. *Glace, Voyez* Ice.
Iſickles. *Glaçons, gouttes gelées.*
An **Iſle, Iſland,** or **Iland.** *Iſle.*
A little **iſland,** or **ſland.** *Iſlette.*
An **Iſlander,** or **Iſlander.** *Inſulain, iſlois.*
Iſlandis, full of Islands. *Iſleux.*
An **iſſue** (end, or a going forth.) *Iſſuë, fin; ſortie, exiture; ſuitte.*
An **iſſue,** or off-ſpring. *Progenie.*
An **iſſue,** or running ſore (in the body.) *Fontanelle.*
An **iſſue** made for a fiſtula. *Cabrol.*
To **iſſue** forth. *Sortir, iſſir.*
Iſſued. *Iſſu, foriſſu, ſorti.*
Iſſuing. *Iſſant.*
An **Italian.** *Italien.*
An **Italian** ſitch. *Ialet.*
To **Italianize**; ſpeake **Italian,** play the **Italian.** *Italianizer, Italienniſer.*
To **itch.** *Se demanger, galler*; *Prurir.*
An **itch.** *Demangeſon, demangerie*; *pruvit, mangeſon.*
Itchit, full of **itch.** *Galleux.*
An **itching.** *Demangement, galle*; *ou comme* an Itch.
Itching powder. *Alum de plume.*
To **iterate.** *Iterer, geminer.*
Iterated. *Iteré, geminé.*
An **iteration.** *Iteration.*
An **itinerarie** (directory for the way.) *Itineraire.*
Jubilation (great joy.) *Jubilation.*
A **Jubile.** *Jubilé.*
Judaicall. *Judaïque.*
To **Judaiſe** it, play the **Jew,** live as a **Jew.** *Judaïſer.*
Judaiſme. *Judaiſme, Juifverie.*
Judas tree. *Faharine, guainier, guaynier.*
Judicature (Iuſtice.) *Iudicature.*
To **judge.** *Iuger*; *juſticier*; *adviſer, aviſer.*
To **judge** wrongfully. *Forjuger.*
To **judge** by award. *Arbitrer.*
A **judge.** *Iuge*; *juridiciant, magiſtrat.*
A **judge** lateral (or aſſiſtant.) *Aſſeſſeur.*
A **judge** criminall (that ſits on life and death.) *Iuge criminel.*
A **Judges** place. *Office de judicature.*
Judged. *Iugé.*
Judged wrongfully. *Forjugé.*
Judged by award. *Arbitré.*
Judgement. *Iugement,* opination, *opinion, advis, animadverſion.*
A wrongfull **judgement,** or **judging.** *Forjugement.*
To deliver his **judgement** on. *Aſſeoir ſon jugement ſur.*
Judging. *Iudiciaire.*
Judiciall. *Iudiciel*; *juridique.*
Judicially. *Iudicielement, juridiquement.*
Judiciarie. *Iudiciaire.*
Judiciarily. *Iudiciairement.*
Judicious. *Iudicieux.*
Judiciouſly. *Iudicieuſement.*
Jugge. *Iannette* (*au lieu de* Ioane.)
A **jugge,** or ſtone **jugge.** *Cantharé, Godet.*
To **juggle.** *Iouër de paſſe paſſe.*
A notable **jugler.** *Maiſtre gonin.*
Jugler like. *Bateleresque.*
A woman **jugler.** *Baſteleuſe.*
A **juggling.** *Baſtelerie*; *badinage, badinerie, batelage.*
A **jugging** trick or tearme. *Paſſe-paſſée.*
Juice. *Ius, ſeve, ſuc*; *humeur, juſt, purée.*
The **juice** of tart cherries. *Agriotat.*
The **juice** of blacke whurtle-berries preſerved. *Rob.*
Juicie, or full of **juice.** *Humide, humoral, ſucculent, ſuccot.*
Juicineſſe. *Humidité.*
Ivie. *Lierre, liarre, liaire, Fve, bierre.*
Ground **Ivie.** *Hierre terreſtre, lierre terreſtre, lierre trainant.*
Barren or creeping **ivie.** *Helixine, lierre helix.*
A **Jujube** tree or plant. *Iunjubier.*
Jujubes. *Jujubes, guindoules, guindoles.*
A **Julep.** *Julep.*
July. *Juillet.*
To **iumble** confuſedly together. *Barbouiller, brouiller, meſlanger, meſler.*
To **jumble** a woman. *Sabouler une femme.*
Jumbled together (confuſedly.) *Barbouillé, brouillé, maltaſſé, meſlangé, meſlé.*
A (diſorderly) **jumbler** of things together. *Barbouilleur, meſlangeur.*
A confu'ed **jumbling** of things together. *Barbouillement.*
Sundry things **jumbled** together. *Barbouilleries.*
To **jumpe.** *Saulter.*
A **jumpe.** *Saut, ſault.*
To **jumpe** as a coach (in uneven way.) *Caboter.*
The **jumpe** of a coach ſo. *Cahut, cahuet, cahuot.*
Jumped. *Saulté, ſauté.*
A **jumper.** *Sautier.*
Jumping. *Sautant.*
Iune. *Iuin.*
Juniper. *Genevre.*
The ſhrub or plant of **Juniper.** *Genevrier.*
Ivorie. *Ivoire, marfil, marfil, morphie.*
Of, or like, **Ivorie.** *Ivorin.*
Jupiter. *Iupiter, jupin, nom de Planette.*
A **Jurie** (of 12 men.) *Jurée* (*de douze hommes.*)
Juriſdiction. *Juriſdiction.*
High **juriſdiction.** *Haute juſtice, juſtice patibulaire.*
A **juroure.** *Iurèur.*
To **jurre.** *Bocquer, beurter, hurter.*
A **jurre.** *Heurtade, gorrette.*
Jurred. *Heurté.*
A **jurring.** *Heurtement, beurtis.*
Jurring. *Heurtant, arietant.*
Juſt. *Iuſte*; *honneſte, aime loix.*
Juſt when it ſhould be. *Opportunément.*
To **juſt** (or tilt.) *Iouſter, tournoyer, behourdir, bebourder.*
Juſt as it ſhould be. *Ordonnément.*
Juſt ſo. *Pareillement, tout ainſi.*
A **juſt,** or **juſtes.** *Iouſte, bebourd, bohourd.*
Juſtice. *Iuſtice.*
A **juſtice,** or **juſticer.** *Iuſticier.*
Juſtice-loving. *Aime-loix.*
Lord chiefe **Juſtice** of the Kings bench. *Le Seigneur juſticier, juge, ou Preſident de la cour appellée, Le banc du Roy*; *Il eſt auſſi appellé, Le principal juſticier d'Angleterre.*
The Lord chiefe **Juſtice,** or **Juſtice** in Eire, of the Kings foreſts. *Maiſtre des eaux & foreſts.*
To **juſtifie.** *Juſtifier.*
To **juſtifie** (or confirme) by witneſſe. *Atteſter.*
Juſtification. *Juſtification.*
A **juſtification** by witneſſes. *Atteſtation.*
Juſtificative. *Juſtificatif.*
Juſtified. *Juſtifié.*
Juſtified by witneſſe. *Atteſté.*
A **juſting** (tilting.) *Iouſte, bebourd, behourdis.*
To **juſtle** with the elbow. *Coudier, coudoyer, pouſſer du coude.*
To **juſtle** one thing againſt another. *Hercer.*
A **juſtle.** *Gorrette.*
Juſtly. *Iuſtement.*
Juſtneſſe. *Iuſtice, honneſteté.*
To **jut,** or **jutte out** or over. *Forjetter, ſoupendre.*
A **jutting,** or **juttie.** *Forjet, forjet*; *ſurpendue, ſoupenduë, ſurpenie.*

K

A **Kalender.** *Kalendrier, Calendrier, Almanach.*
Kars. *Creſſon alenois.*
A **Kaſtrell.** *Quercelle, querecrelle, cercerelle.*
A **Keeling** (fiſh.) *Merlus, merluz, aumon.*
Keene. *Aigu, agu.*
Keenely. *Aiguement.*
Keenenelle. *Acuité.*
To **keepe.** *Garder*; *obſerver, tenir.*
To **keepe** (or continue long.) *Eſtre de garde.*
To **keepe** backe. *Retenir, detenir, attenir.*
A hound to **keepe** his game without changing. *Garder le change.*
To **keepe** downe. *Aſtruſer.*
To **keepe** a maid long without a huſband. *Garder vne fille à graine.*
To **keepe** in. *Brider, reſtraindre, tenir, tenir la bride haute à, tenir court, tenir en ſerre.*
To **keepe** low. *Renguer les aiſles à.*
A place to **keepe** things in. *Repoſitoire.*
A **keeper.** *Qui garde, garde, gardien, gardeur.*
Keeping. *Gardant.*
A **keeping.** *Garde.*
A **kegge.** *Caque. Voyez* a Cag.
A **kele.** *Clef. Voyez* a Key.
A **kell.** *Comme* a Caule. *Lequel voyez.*
To **kembe.** *Peigner, Voyez* to Combe.
Kemboll, with armes ſet on **kemboll.** *Les bras courbez en anſe.*
To ſet his hands a **kemboll.** *Mettre les mains en arcade ſur les coſtes.*
To **kenne.** *Cognoiſtre*; *auſſi, veoir de loin.*
A **kennell.** *Canal.*
A **kennell** of hounds. *Meute de chiens, mute de chiens.*
A dogge-**kennell.** *Chenin.*
Kept. *Gardé*; *obſervé*; *tenu.*
A **kerchefe.** *Couvrechef.*
A halſe **kerchefe.** *Calotte, calott.*
A hand-**kerchefe.** *Mouchoir.*
A nut **Kernell.** *Cerneau, noyau.*
A fleſhie **kernell.** *Glande.*
A little **kernell.** *Glandule.*
Kernells in the throate. *Gangules.*
A grape **kernell.** *Grain de raiſin.*

Kernells (in the necke, and under the root of the tongue.) *Amygdales.*
Kernell wort. *Scrophulaire, ſcrofulaire.*
Little **kernells** in the mouth or throat (diſeaſing them.) *Adenes.*
Kernellie. *Glandulaire, glanduleux.*
Kerſe. *Comme* Kars.
Kerſie *Carizé, creſpon.*
A **kertle.** *Voyez* Kirtle.
A **keſtrell.** *Comme* Kaſtrell.
A **kettle.** *Chaulderon, chauderon, chaudron.*
A great **kettle.** *Chaudiere, berne, marmite.*
A **kettle** full of. *Chaudronnée, chauderonnée.*
A **kettle-maker.** *Chaudronnier, chaudronnier, maignen.*
Key. *Segue.*
A **key.** *Canon de fuſil.*
A **key.** *Clef.*
A **key-clog**, or ſtring to hang **keyes** on. *Pendant de clefs.*
The **key** of a river. *Quay, quai.*
A **key-hole.** *Claveure.*
A **key-chaine**, or chaine for keyes. *Clavier.*
The **key** of the ſcutchion of a vault. *Pendentif.*
A **key-keeper, key-carryer**, that hath charge of the **keyes.** *Clavandier; clavière, clavandiere,*
Aſhen **keyes.** *Langue d'oiſeau, langue paſſerine.*
The **keyes** (or ſett of keyes) of Virginalls. *Clavier d'une eſpinette.*
The **keyes** (of Organs or Virginalls.) *Les marches.*
Small organ **keyes.** *Marchettes.*
Keyles (or nine-pinnes.) *Quilles.*
A **kibe.** *Mule.*
A ſmall **kibe.** *Mulette.*
One that hath **kibes.** *Mulard.*
He goes with **kibes**, or hath **kibes.** *Il va ſur mule auſſi bien que le Pape.*
To **kicke.** *Regimber, calcitrer.*
Kicke (an herbe.) *Paulme de Chriſt. Voyez* Palma Chriſti.
A **kicker.** *Regimbeur.*
A **kicking.** *Regimbement.*
A horſes **kickings.** *Pedales.*
A **kidde.** *Chevreau, chevron, chevrotin*
A yong **kidde.** *Cabril.*
A fat **kidde.** *Chevreau, moiſſonnier.*
To **kidde**, bring forth yong **kidders.** *Chevreter, chevrotter.*
Kiddes leather. *Chevrotin.*
A breeding, or bringing forth of yong **kiddes.** *Chevrottement.*
Kidded. *Chevreté.*
The **kidneyes.** *Les roignons, les reins.*
A **kilderkin.** *Tonnelet.*
To **kill.** *Tuer, occire; homicidir, meurtrir, aſſaſſiner, paſſer par le fil de l'eſpée.*
To **kill** outright. *Parocoir, partuer.*
Kill, kill. *Tue tue, à mort à mort.*
Killed. *Tué, occis; homicidé, aſſaſſiné.*
A **killer.** *Tueur.*
A **killer** of father and mother. *Parricide.*
A man **killer.** *Homicide, homicidere, aſſaſſin, aſſaſſinateur,*
A **killing.** *Occiſion, tuerie, aſſaſſinement, tuement.*
Killing. *Occiant.*
An univerſall **killing.** *Interneccion.*
A **kill, kilne**, or lyme-**kill.** *Chauſour.*
A **kill**, or **kilne** (for to make mault.) *Touraille.*
Kind. *Genre; ſexe; ſorte; eſpece; maniere.*
In its owne **kind.** *Naiſvement.*
To preſent in its owne **kind.** *Naiſver.*
Kind. *Humain, gracieux, benevole, courtois, bening, benigne, migvon.*
Of all **kindes.** *Omnigene.*
Kindneſſe. *Naiſveté.*
Kindly. *Benignement, gratieuſement, amoureuſement, humainement, mignotement; auſſi, naif, naturellement.*
To intertaine **kindly.** *Mignoter.*
Kindneſſe. *Humanité, benivolence, benigneté, bienveillance, courtoiſie, office, amitié, amour.*
To **kindle.** *Allumer, attiſer, attiſonner; ſuſciter.*
A **kindle-cole** (or ſtir ſute.) *Harceleur, attiſe-feu.*
Kindled. *Attiſé, allumé.*
To be **kindled.** *Ardoir, ardre.*
A **kindler.** *Allumeur; ſuſciteur.*
A **kindling.** *Allumement.*
Kindred. *Parentage.* *Voyez* Kinſne and Kindred.
A **King.** *Roy.*
King of armes. *Herault, Roy d'armes.*
The **Kings** bench. *Cour de juſtice, où le Roy anciennement eſtoit aſſis.*
The **Kings** houſe. *Palais, cour, ou maiſon du Roy.*
The **Kings** evill. *Les eſcrouëlles, mal ſacré, ſtrophule.*
A **King-cob** (flower.) *Baſſinets.*
A **Kings** ſiſher. *Peſcheur, martinet peſcheur, artre, mounier.*
Kingly. *Royal, majeſteux.*
A **kingdome.** *Royaume, regne.*
Kinne, kindred, kinred. *Parentage, conſanguinité, affinité, conſinage, parage.*
Of **kinne.** *Apparenté.*
Kinred by bloud. *Parentage, conſanguinité, parentelle; origine, parenté.*
Kinred by marriage. *Affinité.*
To claime **kinred** (for advantage.) *Couſiner.*
Kinred by fathers ſide. *Agnation.*
A **kinſman.** *Parent, couſin, affin, allié.*
A neere **kinſman.** *Apparenté.*
To challenge, or acknowledge for a **kinſman.** *Apparenté aucun.*
A **kinſwoman.** *Parente, couſine.*
A **kintall.** *Quintal.*
Kipper nuts. *Noix chaſtaignes.*
A **kirtle.** *Vaſquine.*
An upper **kirtle.** *Surcot.*
A **kirtle-maker.** *Vaſquinier.*
A **kiſſe.** *Baiſer, tour de bec.*
To **kiſſe** one another, interchange kiſſes. *S'entrebaiſer.*
A little **kiſſe.** *Baiſeret.*
To **kiſſe** often. *Baiſotter, ſuccoter.*
To **kiſſe.** *Baiſer.*
A **kiſſing.** *Baiſſement.*
Kiſſed. *Baiſé.*
Kiſſed often, *Baiſotté, ſuccoté.*
A **kiſſer.** *Baiſeur.*
A **kitchin.** *Cuiſine.*
A **kitchin-maid.** *Cuiſiniere, marmitonne.*
A **kitchin-boy.** *Marmiton, ſouillon de cuiſine.*
Kitchin latine. *Latin de cuiſine.*
A **kitchin-ſtuffe** wench. *Marmitonne, celle à (Londres) qui vend du ſuif & de la graiſſe aux chandeliers, pour en faire chandelles.*
A **kite.** *Milan, eſcorſle, eſcouſle; hua, huau, huan, milan royal; oiſeau de proye.*
The white **kite** (henne-harme.) *Ian le blanc.*
Kites-foot (herbe.) *Pied de milan.*
A bald **kite.** *Brutbier.*
Kite-keyes. *Voyez* Aſhen keyes, *ſame* key.
A **kit** (or ſmall gitterne.) *Mandore.*
To **kittle** (or bring forth young cats.) *Chatonner, caller.*
A **kitling** or young cat. *Chaton, minon.*
A **kitling** (breeding or bringing forth of kitlings.) *Chattement.*
To **knacke.** *Claqueter, cliquer.*
To **knacke** with the fingers. *Mataſſiner des mains.*
A **knacking.** *Claquetis, cliquetis.*
A **knagge** in wood. *Boſſe, noeud.*
The **knagges** on a Deeres head cal'd Brownklers. *Andoillers.*
Knaggie. *Noueux.* *Voyez* Knottie, and full of Knures.
To **knip** aſunder. *Rompre en deux.*
To **knap** off. *Ronger.*
The **knap** (or top of a plant.) *La cime.*
The **knap** of a hill. *Cime, ou coupeau de montagne, verruque.*
Knapped off. *Rongé.*
A **knapper** off. *Rongeur.*
A **knapping** off. *Rongement, ronge.*
Knappiſh. *Proterve, pervers, faſcheux.* *Voyez* Snappiſh, and froward.
To **knappis.** *Grignoter; morciller.*
Knapied. *Grignoté, morcillé.*
A **knave.** *Meſchant homme, poltron, vaultneant, forfan, fenaud, nebulon, paillard, baboin.*
A ſtubborne ſaucy **knave.** *Pautonnier.*
To play the **knave.** *Poltroniſer, forfanter, paillarder.*
A baſe **knave.** *Maraud.*
A lecherous **knave.** *Loudier, paillard.*
A crue of ſhitten **knaves.** *Merdaille.*
Knaverie. *Poltronie, pautonniere, forfanterie, meſchanceté, natreté, malice, mauvaiſtié; paillardiſe, vilenie.*
Idle **knaverie.** *Maraudiſe.*
Knavith. *Poltroneſque, malicieux, mauvais, meſchant.*
A **knavith** fellow. *Marmiton, goinfre, goimpre.*
Knavithly. *Poltroneſquement, malicieſement, malignement, meſchamment.*
Knavithneſſe. *Malignité, meſchancete, malice.*
To **knead.** *Peſtrir.*
To **knead** (or work) ſoft. *Malaxer.*
Kneaded. *Peſtri.*
Kneaded ſoft. *Malaxé.*
A **kneader.** *Peſtriſſeur.*
A **kneading.** *Peſtriſſement, peſtriſſure.*
A (bakers) **kneading** table. *Le Gemar d'un boulengier, ou pattiſſier.*
A **kneading** trough, or tub. *May, maye, maiel, huche, met, meel met.*
A **knee.** *Genouil.*
A little **knee.** *Genouillet.*
The bowing of the **knee.** *Genuflexion.*
Knee holme (or butchers broome.) *Fresian, houſſon, petit boux, bruſc, freſſon.*
The **knees** (or ribs) of a ſhip. *Les gabors.*

On

On his **knee**. *Agenouillé.*
The **knee-bone**, panne, or whirle-bone. *La palette du genouil, la patelle.*
Knee-grasse. *Genouillée.*
Kneed (knottie.) *Genouillé.*
Pullie pieces (or armour) for the **knees**. *Genouilleres.*
To **kneele**. *S'agenouiller.*
Kneeled. *Agenouillé.*
Kneeling. *Agenouillon, agenouillé.*
A **kneell**. *Carillon, quarillon.*
A **knell** (for the dead.) *Glas.*
A **knick** (or tlick with the teeth or fingers.) *Niquet.*
A **knife**. *Couſteau.*
A penne-**knife**. *Trenche-plume, canibet.*
A ſhoomakers (round cutting **knife**.) *Couſteau à pied, tranchet de cordouannier.*
A Book-binders **knife**. *Couſteau à rongner.*
A two-edged **knife**. *Couſteau de tripiere.*
A little **knife**. *Couſtelet.*
A ſorrie **knife** (for a little child.) *couſteau pargys.*
A **knife-maker**. *Couſtelier.*
A Butchers **knife**. *Couperet.*
Full of, furniſht with, **knives**. *Couſtelleux.*
A pruning-**knife**. *Tranche.*
A **Knight**. *Chevalier.*
A **knight** batcheler. *Chevalier bachelier.*
A **knight**-banneret. *Chevalier banneret, chevalier au drappeau quarré.*
A **knight** errant. *Chevalier errant.*
A **knight** of the Bath. *Chevalier des bains.*
Knights of the Garter. *Chevaliers de l'ordre de la jartiere. Ils ſont 26 en nombre, deſquels le Roy eſt chef.*
To **knight** (dubbe) or make **knight**. *Faire Chevalier, donner l'accolade, ou accolée à.*
Knighted, made **knight**. *Faict Chevalier.*
Knightly, knight-like, of, or belonging to, a Knight. *Chevalereſſe.*
Knighthood. *Chevalerie.*
Knightly (valiantly) **knight-like**. *Chevalereuſement.* (*Adverd.*)
To **knit**. *Nouër; annexer, aſtreindre, attacher.*
To **knit** unto. *Adjoindre.*
A horſe to **knit** (or draw up his hinder parts.) *S'accroupir, s'agrouper.*
To **knit** ſtockings. *Triquotter, tricoter.* ¶ Orleannois.
Knit. *Noüé; adjoinct, adjoint, annexé, aſtreinct, attaché.*
A woman **knitter**. *Trieuſe.* ¶ Orl.
A **knitter**. *Nouëur; Qui noue, qui triquotte, tricoteur,* ¶ Orleannois.
A **knitting**. *Nouëment, nouëure; adnection.*
Knitt-back (herbe.) *Oreille d'aſne.*
A **knob**. *Neud, noeud, nou; boſſe, boſſette.*
Knobby. *Nouëux, nodeux, neuchu, boſſé, boſſu, müageux.*
Knobbineſſe. *Nodoſité, nudoſité.*
To **knock**. *Frapper, gourmer, heurter, hurter.*
To **knock** down. *Aſſommer.*
To **knock** with a Petronell. *Carabiner.*
A **knock**. *Heurt, heurtade, hurt, horion, orion, patact.* ¶ Gaſc.
A hand that **knocks** downe. *Main aſſommereſſe.*
Knocks. *Hurtis.*
Knocked. *Heurté, frappé, batu.*
Knocked downe. *Aſſommé.*
A **knocker** downe. *Aſſommeur.*
A **knocking**. *Heurtement, heurtis.*
Knocking. *Heurtant.*
The **knop** (woollen tuft on the top of a cap.) *Hupe.*
Gold **knops**. *Pied de corbin.*
A **knot**. *Nœud; grume; nou, nœud; boſſe.*
A **knot**, or **knob** on a horſes ſhinne-bone. *Suros, ſurot.*
To knit a **knot**. *Nouër.*
To **knot** (as a young tree.) *Nouër,*
Knot-graſſe. *Herbe noüée, centidoine, herbe de S. Innocent, nouëuſe.*
A knot of idle, graceleſſe fellowes. *Compagnons du berlan.*
A little **knot**. *Nouët.*
Tied on a **knot**. *Noüé.*
All on **knots**. *Noüé.*
Knottis, full of **knots**. *Nouëux, nodeux, neuchu, nouageux, nouäilleux; mattelé.*
Knottineſſe. *Nodoſité, nudoſité.*
The **knotting** of young trees. *Nouement, des jeunes arbres.*
To **know**. *Sçavoir, cognoiſtre, connoiſtre.*
Not to **know**. *Deſcognoiſtre.*
To let **know**. *Aſçavanter.*
Knowing. *Sachant, cognoiſſant.*
A not **knowing**. *Deſcognoiſſance.*
The facultie of **knowing**. *Cognoſcitive.*
To **knowle** bells. *Carillonner les cloches.*
Knowled. *Carillonné.*
A **knowler** of bells. *Carillonneur.*
Knowledge. *Sçavoir, cognoiſſance; ſcience; ſageſſe, connoiſſance; notice.*
Lack of **knowledge**. *Bejaunage, bejauniſe, bejauterie, niaiſerie.*
Without my **knowledge**. *A mon deſcen.*
A **knowledge** of a matter, *Appercevance.*
Knowne. *Cogneu, manifeſte; notable.*
Well **knowne**. *Notoire.*
The **knuckles**. *Les neuds des doigts.*
The **knuckle** end of the legge. *Gigoteau.*
The out-ſwelling of the **knuckles**. *Condyle, condile.*
The **knuckles** (ſticking out) on the back of a book. *Les nerfs d'un livre.*
To work, or ſet with **knurles**. *Godronner.*
Knurled, or ſet with **knurles**. *Godronné, à godrons.*
Knurling (goldſmithes imboſſement.) *Goderon.*
A **knurre**, or **knurle** (in a tree.) *Boſſe, neud, noeud.*
Full of **knurrs**. *Nouëux, nouägeux, nouäilleux, nodeux.*

L

Labdanum. *Labdane, Ladane.*
A **Labell**. *Lambeau, Appendice.*
A **label** of 3 points, or file with 3 **labells** pendant. *Lambel.*
A **label** pendant. *Pendante.*
The point of a **label**, or **label** of a file. *Lambrequin.* (*en Blazon.*)
Laborious. *Laborieux, travaillant, actif.*
Laboriouſly. *Laborieuſement.*
Labour. *Labeur, travail; negoce, œuvre, peine.*
To **labour** (or toile extremely,) *Ahaner, ahaner, ahenner.*
To **labour**. *Labourer, travailler, mettre peine, operer, ſe parforcer.*
To **labour** tooth and naile. *Mettre corps & cœur.*
To **labour** earneſtly againſt. *Oppugner.*
To labour with child, or be in **labour**. *Travailler d'enfant, eſtre en travail d'enfant.*
Sore **labour** or toile. *Ahan.*
Labourable. *Labourable.*
A **labourer**, or **labouring** man. *Labourier, manouvrier.*
Laboured. *Labouré, travaillé, ouvré.*
A **labouring**. *Laboration, travaillement, operation.*
Labouring. *Ouvrier.*
Labourſome. *Ahaneux.*
To make a **Labyrinth**. *Labyrinther.*
A **labyrinth**. *Labyrinthe.*
Made as a **labyrinth**. *Labyrinthé.*
Lace *Paſſement.*
A crown lace, ſmall edging **lace**. *Tavelle.*
A ſmall edging bone **lace**. *Cantille.*
Edged with ſuch **lace**. *Cantillé.*
Galloone lace. *Galon, galou, gallon.*
To **lace** with Galloone. *Gallonner, galonner.*
Thin plate **lace**. *Clinquant.*
To **lace**. *Paſſementer.*
To lace, tie, bind with a **lace**. *Lacer.*
To **lace** thick all over. *Chamarrer.*
A womans **lace** (for a petticoat.) *Lacet, laſſet.*
A **lace-maker**. *Paſſementier.*
A neck **lace**. *Goſeran, moniſle.*
Laced *Paſſementé.*
Laced with galloone. *Galonné, gallonné.*
Laced thicke all over, acroſſe. *Chamarré.*
Laced, tied or bound with a **lace**. *Lacé.*
A **lacing** thick all over, acroſſe. *Chamarreure.*
A **lacing**. *Lacement, paſſement.*
To **Lacerate**. *Lacerer. Voyez* to Rend, to Teare.
Lacerated. *Lacéré.*
A **laceration**. *Laceration.*
Lack. *Diſette, faulte, indigence, carance, carence, manque, manquement, meſtier; orbité.*
To **lack**. *Avoir faulte, ou faute; avoir diſette, avoir beſoing, eſtre indigent, pouvre, ou ſouffreteux, manquer.*
Lack of parents, or of children. *Orbité.*
A **lackey**. *Laquay, lacquay, laquais.*
Lacking. *Manque.*
A **lacking**. *Manquement.*
Labanum *Comme* Labdanum.
A **Lad**, or **ladde**. *Gars, garſon, garſon.*
A young or little **lad**. *Hardeau, garſonnet.*
A crue of **ladds**. *Garſonnaille.*

A **ladder**. *Eſchelle.*
A ſhip **ladder** (whereby to get on ſhipboord.) *Pontail, pont-volant.*
A great **ladder** (for a high loft.) *Eſchallon.*
A little **ladder**. *Eſchelette.*
To climbe up a **ladder**. *Eſcheller, monter vne eſchelle.*
The round ſtep of a **ladder**. *Eſchellon d'eſchelle.*
To **lade**. *Carguer, charger.*
To **lade** a ſhip. *Charger vn navire.*
To **lade** (or draine) a river with pailes, &c. *Bacqueter, baqueter vne riviere.*
Laded, or **laden**. *Chargé.*
Sore **laden**. *Appeſanti.*
A **Ladie**. *Dame.*
Our **Ladie**. *Noſtre Dame.*
A **ladie cow**. *Geriſe.*
Ladies-ſmocks. *Paſſerage ſauvage.*
Ladies-mantle. *Alchimille.*
Our **Ladies** thiſtle. *Chardon de noſtre Dame, laict de noſtre Dame.*
Ladie laces (an herbe, or graſſe.) *Aiguillettes d'armes.*
A **lading**. *Charge.*
A ſhips **lading**, or the lading of a ſhip. *Cargaiſon, cargade.*
A bill of **lading**. *Paſſe-porte, lettre de cargaiſon.*
A **ladle**. *Cuillier à pot, cuilliere.*
The **ladles** of a water-mils wheele. *Les aubes.*
Lagge. *Dernier.*
To **lagge** behinde. *Demeurer arriere, derriere, ou, le dernier.*
Laid. *Mis; couché. Voyez* Layed.
To **laie**. *Voyez* to Lay.
A **laie-man**. *Laïc, homme lay.*
Laine. *Couché.* (*Participe.*)
Laine in waite for. *Aguetté.*
A **lake**. *Lac.*
Lakie, belonging to a **lake**. *Lacuſtre.*
A **lambe**. *Agneau, aigneau.*
To **lambe**. *Agneler, Aigneler.*
A little **lambe**, **lambkin**, young **lambs**. *Agnelet, Aignelet.*
Lambes furre. *Agnelin, blanche d'agneaux, aignelin.*
To make as mild as a **lambe**. *Aplanoyer.*
Lambed. *Agnelé, aignelé.*
A **lambing**. *Agnelement, aignelement, agneler.*
Lambes-bones. *Animelles.*
Lame. *Boiteux, boiſteux; eſtropiat, manchot, manquerot, manque.*
To **lame**, or make **lame**. *Mehaigner, ſtropier, eſtropier.*
To be **lame**, or make **lame**. *Boiſter, boiter, boitouſer, clocher, boëtouyer, cloper.*
He is become **lame**. *Il ne bat plus que d'une aiſle.*
Lamed. *Mehaigné, eſtropié, mutilé.*
Lamely. *Boiſtement, à clochepied.*
A **lamentelle**. *Boiſtement.*
To **lament**. *Lamenter, ſe plaindre, ſe guementer; regreter, regretter; ſe guermenter, larmoyer.*
Lamentable. *Lamentable, gemiſſable, larmoyable.*
A **lamentation**. *Lamentation, plainte; gemiſſement.*
Lamented. *Plaint, guementé; regretté.*
Lamenting. *Plaintif.*
A **lamenting**. *Larmoyement.*

To **lamme**. *Baſtonner, battre, frotter, eſtriller, fuſtiguer.*
Lammed. *Baſtonné, fuſtigué, frotté, eſtrillé.*
A **lamming**. *Baſtonnement.*
The **Lampaſſe**. *Comme* the Lampreyes.
A **Lampe**. *Lampe.*
A little **Lampe**. *Lamperon.*
Full of **lampes**, of, or belonging to, a lamp. *Lampeux.*
A candleſtick, or branch for a **lamp**. *Lampier.*
The match of a **lampe**. *Miche de lampe.*
A **Lamprey**. *Lamproye; murene, mourene, myte.*
A ſmall **Lamprey**, or **lamprill**. *Voyez* a Lamprill.
A ſea **lamprey**. *Remore, arreſte-nef.*
The **lampreyes**, or **lampaſſe** (a ſwelling in a horſes mouth.) *Lampas, lampaſt, (maladie en la bouche d'un cheval.)*
A **Lamprill**. *Lamprillon, Lamproyon.*
A **Lance**. *Lance; glaive.*
A little **lance**. *Lancette.*
To **lance**. *Lancer, eſlancer; ſacrifier; lanciner.*
A **lance** with a burre or blunt head. *Lance à boëte, Lance courtoiſe, Lance morne.*
Thruſt into with a **lance**. *Lancé.*
A thruſting into with a **lance**. *Lançade.*
A **Lancere**, Lance (or horſeman with a Lance.) *Lancier, lance.*
A **Lancet** (of a Surgeon.) *Lancet, ſagitelle.*
A **Lance-knight** (Germane footman.) *Lancequenet.*
A **Lancepeſado**. *Lance-peſſade.* (*Qui commande ſur dix pietons.*)
Land. *Terre; terroir.*
A **land**. *Region, contrée, païs.*
To take **land** (or go aſhore.) *Surgir; ou comme* to Land.
A **land**, or **launde**. *Lande.*
Land unhusbanded, or untilled. *Larvis.*
A **lay-land**. *Iachere.*
A **land-lord**. *Rentier,* (*a qui rente eſt payée.*)
To **land**. *Aborder, arriver à; prendre terre, deſcendre à terre, ſe mettre à terre; jetter en terre, ou, à terre, ſurgir.*
A taking **land**. *Surgiſſement.*
Landed. *Abbordé, arrivé, deſcendu à terre, mis à terre.*
A **landed**-man, *Terrien, homme terrien.*
A **landing**. *Deſcente à terre.*
A **landing** place. *Apport.*
The **landing** place of an halfe pace ſtaire. *Paellier.*
Landskip work (in painting.) *Païſage, groteſques.*
A **line**. *Ruëlle, ruëtte.*
A **langate** (or rowler.) *Magdaleon.*
Lang de-beef. *Langue de boeuf.*
Langor. *Langueur, languiſſon.*
A **language**. *Langage, languager, oraiſon, parler.*
Clowniſh **language**. *Patois.*
Harſh, or rough **language**. *Rudeſſe de paroles.*
Langued. *Langué, lampaſſé.* **Langued gules**; *Lampaſſé degueules.* (*Terme de blaſon.*)

To **languiſh**. *Languir, S'Alangourir, langoyer, S'annonchalir.*
To make **languiſh**. *Alanguir.*
Languiſhed. *Langui, alangouri.*
A **languiſhing**. *Langueur, languiſſon, oiſiveté, pareſſe.*
Languiſhing. *Languiſſant, langoureux, alangouri, oiſif, anonchalanti, pareſſeux.*
Languiſhingly. *Langoureuſement.*
A **Languiſhment**. *Langueur, ou, comme* a languiſhing.
Lanke. *Linge, deſcharné, greſle, berennier, maigre, meigre, mingrelet.*
Lankly. *Greſlement, maigrement.*
Lankneſſe. *Greſleté, graiſleté, maigreté.*
A **lanner**. *Lanier.* (*oiſeau de proye*, a kind of hawke.)
Lanniers. *Lanieres.*
A little **lanner**. *Lanet, tiercelet du lanier.*
A **lanterne**. *Lanterne.*
The **lanterne** of a ſhip, galley, or Tower. *Fanal, phanal, pharol, landrivel.*
A paper **lanterne**. *Pharot.*
A darke, or theeves **lanterne**. *Lanterne ſourde.*
A **lanterne**-maker. *Lanternier.*
A **lapidary**. *Lapidaire.*
A **lapidation**. *Lapidation.*
The **lap**. *Giron, ſein.*
A **lap**-full. *Girounée.*
To **lap** (or lick up.) *Lapper, licher.*
To **lap, lappe**, (or fould up.) *Plier, pliſſer.*
The **lap** of the eares. *Voyez* the Tip of the eare.
Lapped (or foulded.) *Plié, pliſſé.*
A **lapper** or licker up. *Lappeur, licheur.*
A young **lapwing**. *Vaneau.*
A **lapping** (or licking up.) *Lappement, lichement, licherie.*
A **lapping** (or foulding.) *Pliſſure.*
A **lapwing**. *Vanneau, vannet, papechieu.*
A **laquay**. *Voyez* Lackey.
The **laboard** (or left ſide of the ſhip.) *Bas bord, babort, bordbas; le coſté gauche d'un navire.*
Larcenie. *Larrecin.*
The **larchtree**. *Larege, lareze, larix, meleſe.*
Lard. *Dulard.*
To **lard**. *Larder.*
The little piece of **lard** wherewith meat is **larded**. *Lardon.*
Of, or belonging to, **lard**. *Lardier.*
A tub to keep **lard** in. *Lardier.*
Larded. *Lardé.*
A **larding** ſtick. *Lardoire.*
A **lare**, or **lathe** (or Turners wheele.) *Tournoir.*
Large. *Large, capable, ouvert, ample.*
Somewhat **large**. *Larget.*
To make **large**. *Eſlargir. Voyez* to Inlarge.
Largely. *Largement, amplement.*
Largeneſſe. *Largeur, capacité.*
A **largeſſe**. *Largeſſe, munificence.*
A **Larke**. *Alouëtte, allouëtte, aloë, aloy.*
The greateſt kind of **Larke**. *Calendre.*
The meadow **larke**. *Galeriſe, alouëtte de pré, petite allouëtte.*
Larkes-toes, or **larkes-ſpurres**. *Pied d'alouëtte.* (*Herbe.*)
The copped **larke**. *Cochevis, alouëtte huppée.*

Laſ-

Laſcivious. *Laſcif, ſaffre, gimbretteux, fretillant, mieſureux, mieſure, Agathonien.*
A **laſcivious** fellow, *Fretillard, fretilleur, mariolet.*
A **laſcivious** queane. *Groſſe loudiere, ſaffrette, garçonniere.*
Laſcivious toying. *Saffreté.*
Laſcivioully. *Impudiquement.*
To doe **laſcivioully.** *Gimbreter.*
Laſciviouſneſſe. *Impudicité, folie aux garçons, mariolement, mieſureſſe.*
Laſer-woort. *Herbe de benjoin, maſpeton.*
To **laſh.** *Fouëtter, feſſer, ſuſtiguer, fuſtiger.*
A **laſh.** *Vne feſſée.*
A **laſh** with an eele, or eele-skinne. *Anguillade.*
To **laſh** out. *Gaſpiller. Voyez* to Laviſh, to Waſt.
To **laſh** with points. *Aiguilletter.*
Laſhed. *Foüetté, ſuſtigué, feſé.*
A **Laſher.** *Foüetteur, feſſeur.*
A **laſhing.** *Fuſtigation, foüettade, foüettement.*
Laſke. *Voyez* Lazie.
A **Laſke.** *Flux de ventre, foire, diarrhée, flux de ventre humoral.*
To have a **laſke.** *Foirer, avoir la foire, ou le flux de ventre.*
That hath a **laſke.** *Foireux.*
A **Laſſe.** *Garſe, fille.*
A little or young **laſſe.** *Garſette, bardelle, fillette.*
A prettie, nimble, blithe **laſſe.** *Friquette.*
A pleaſant **laſſe.** *Gaudine, gaudinette.*
Laſt. *Dernier; final.*
At the **laſt.** *Finalement, en fin, à la par fin, au dernier. Voyez* at Length.
The **laſt** end of all. *La fin finale.*
Yet at **laſt.** *A la longue.*
A (ſhoomakers) **laſt.** *Forme (de ſouliers.)*
A **laſt-maker.** *Formelier.*
To ſet on a **laſt.** *Mettre un ſoulier ſur la forme.*
To **laſt** (or indure.) *Durer, endurer, continuer.*
Laſted. *Duré.*
A **laſting.** *Durée.*
A **latch** (of a doore.) *Laquet d'un huis, clanche, crouillet, vatton.*
A woodden **latch** of a doore. *Antille de bois.*
A (ſhooe) **latcher.** *Courroye des ſouliers, oreille d'un ſoulier, l'oreille d'un ſoulier.*
The **latchets** wherewith bonnets are faſtned to a faile. *Les nervins des bonnettes.*
Late. *Tard; dernierain, à-tard.*
Of **late.** *Nouvellement; ou,* comme Lately.
To wax **late.** *Avieſprir, annuicter, devenir tard, s'annuicter, s'annuiter.*
Now of **late.** *N'agueres, nagueres.*
Lately. *Dernierement, nouvellement, n'agueres, il n'y agueres.*
Later. *Plus tard; dernier.*
The **later** math. *Arriere foin, foin d'arriere ſaiſon.*
A **lath.** *Late, latte.*
To **lath.** *Later.*
A **lathe** (or Lare.) *Tournoir.*
Lathing, lath-woorke. *Latage.*
The **Latine** tongue. *Latin, la langue Latine.*
To make **Latine.** *Latiniſer.*
In **Latine.** *Latinément.*
A maker, writer, or ſpeaker of **Latine.** *Latiniſeur, Latiniſateur.*
Latitude. *Latitude.*
Latin (metall.) *Laiton, letton. (Metal.)*
A **lattiſe,** or **lattice.** *Treillis, trelis.*
To **lattiſe.** *Treiller, treilliſſer, barrer.*
Lattiſe-woorke. *Treillage.*
A **lattiſe** window. *Feneſtre treilliſſée.*
A **lattiſe** window of wicker. *Cage d'oiſier.*
Lattiſed. *Treillé, treilliſé, barré.*
A **lavatorie.** *Lavatoire.*
A **lavacre.** *Voyez* a Laver.
Laud. *Los, louänge. Voyez* Praiſe.
To **laud.** *Louänger, louer.*
Laudable. *Louable.*
Laudably. *Louablement.*
A **lauder.** *Louängier, louëur.*
Lavender. *Lavande.*
White flowered **Lavender.** *Lavande femelle.*
Blew flowered **Lavender.** *Lavande maſle.*
Romane **Lavender.** *Lavande Romaine.*
A **laver.** *Eſguiere, aiguiere, ayguiere.*
A ſmall **laver.** *Gouttereau.*
Laver. *Herbe marine.*
To **laugh.** *Rire.*
To **laugh** at. *Voyez* to Deride.
To **laugh** to ſcorne. *Se mocquer de.*
To **laugh** diſdainfully. *Rire à demie bouche.*
To **laugh** from the teeth outward. *Rire à groſſes dents.*
To **laugh** in their ſleeves (or under hand.) *Rire ſous leur bonnet, rire ſous gorge.*
Laughed. *Ris.*
To be **laughed** at. *Eſtre gabé, mocqué, gauſé, ou berné, mener l'aſne.*
Laughing. *Riant, riard.*
A **laughing-ſtock.** *Iouët.*
A **laughing** onely from the teeth outward. *Ris Sardonien.*
Laughter. *Ris, riſée.*
To **laviſh,** or be **laviſh.** *Prodiguer, prodiger, prodigaliſer, gaſpiller.*
Laviſh. *Prodigue, profus, prodigal.*
Laviſhed. *Prodigaliſé, gaſpillé.*
A **laviſher.** *Gaſpilleur, profuſeur.*
Laviſhly. *Prodigalement.*
Laviſhneſſe. *Prodigalité.*
A **Launce,** a **Launcet,** and **Launcette.** *Voyez* a Lance, Lancet, and Lanceere.
To **launch.** *Eſlancer, lancer, s'eſlancer.*
Launched. *Eſlancé.*
A **launching.** *Eſlancement.*
The **launching** of a new ſhip. *Le premiere flotage d'un navire.*
A **launde.** *Lande.*
A **launderſſe.** *Buandiere, lavandiere.*
A **laundrie.** *Buanderie.*
A **Laurell.** *Laurier.*
Laurell of Alexandria, or tongue **Laurell.** *Laurier Alexandrin.*
A grove or plot of **Laurell** trees, *Lauraye.*
Laurel, lowrie, or ſpurge **laurell.** *Laureole.*
Law, the **law.** *Loy, la loy, droict; obſervance.*
The civill **law.** *Le droict civil, droict eſcrit.*
To goe to **law** with. *Litiger.*
Ever at **law.** *Litigieux, proceſſif.*
Lawfull. *Loiſible, legitime; droict, loyal.*
A making **lawfull.** *Legitimation.*
Lawfully. *Legitimement; à bon droict; loyalement, loyaulement.*
Lawfulneſſe. *Loyauté.*
A **law-giver,** or **law-maker.** *Legiſlateur.*
Lawes-loving. *Aime-loix.*
A **Lawier,** *Legiſte, juriſte, juriſconſulte, advocat.*
Lawiers. *Gens de robbe longue, gens du palais.*
Lawleſſe. *Sans loy.*
Lawleſſeneſſe. *Illegalité.*
Lawne. *Toile clere, linon, toile d'atour.*
Cobweb-**lawne.** *Creſpe.*
A peece of **lawne** that covers the (ſacramentall) Pix. *Mappule.*
Laxative. *Laxif, laxatif.*
Laxatiueneſſe. *Laxité.*
Lay (or ſecular.) *Lai, lay, ſeculier.*
A **lay** (ranke, or courſe.) *Rang.*
To **lay.** *Mettre; auſſi coucher.*
To **lay** about him. *Mener les mains.*
To **lay** apart. *Mettre apart.*
To **lay** unto. *Attribuer, appliquer.*
To **lay** aſide. *Laiſſer, oſter.*
To **lay** againſt. *Accuſer, mettre ſus à, objecter, ou, objecter à.*
To **lay** downe, or along. *Coucher.*
To **lay** to the charge of. *Comme* to Lay againſt.
To **lay** over. *Mettre deſſus, mettre par deſſus.*
To **lay** downe. *Avaller.*
To **lay** in Lavender. *Gager, engager.*
To **lay** an egge. *Pondre un œuf, ouer.*
To **lay** hands on, or **lay** hold on. *Saiſir; Empoigner.*
To **lay** violent hands on. *Outrager.*
To **lay** on heapes. *Amoncelet.*
To **lay** in, or **lay** downe a ſeame. *Rentraire.*
To **lay** out. *Deſbourſer.*
To **lay** out of the way. *Muſſer, cacher.*
To **lay** ſiege unto. *Aſſieger.*
To **lay** under. *Mettre deſſoubs, ſoubmettre.*
To **lay** neere to. *Appoſer.*
To **lay** a wager. *Faire gageure.*
A **lay** (or wager.) *Miſaille.*
To **lay** waite for. *Guetter. Voyez* to lie in waite.
To **lay** aſleepe. *Aſſopir; mettre à dormir.*
Layd, or **layed.** *Mis.*
Layd againſt. *Accuſé, mis ſus à.*
Layd apart. *Mis à part.*
Layd aſide. *Laiſſé; ou comme* Layd apart.
Layd downe. *Couché, mis bas, accoubé, avalé.*
Layd aſleepe. *Aſſopi.*
Layd (as an egge.) *Pondu, ouvé.*
Layd neere to. *Appoſé.*
Layd hands, or hold on. *Saiſi.*
Layd on heapes. *Amoncelé.*
Layd unto. *Attribué.*
Layd out. *Deſbourſé.*
Layd out of the way. *Muſſé.*
Layd under. *Mis deſſoubs, ſoubmis.*
Layd unto. *Appliqué.*
A **laying.** *Miſe.*
A **laying** aſleepe. *Aſſopiſſement.*
A **laying** aſide. *Delaiſſement.*
A **laying** hands on. *Saiſiſſement.*

A laying downe. *Avallement, avallage.*
A laying out. *Desbourſement, desbours.*
A laying hennе. *Geline pondreſſe, ou, pondeuſe.*
A laying on heapes. *Amoncelement.*
A laying unto. *Application.*
A lay-land. *Iachere.*
To laze it. *Pareſſer; niveter.*
Lazie. *Feſtard, pareſſeux, faitard, fingard, alangouri; negligent, nice, oiſif, oiſeux.*
To make lazie. *Affetardir.*
To grow, or wax lazie. *S'attruander, aiſer, s'alangourir, accagnarder, s'accoquiner, s'apoltronnir, s'apoltronner, s'appareſſir, appareſſer.*
A lazie vagabond. *Caignard, caignardier.*
A lazie fellow. *Vn faineant.*
Growne lazie as a beggar. *Accoquiné.*
Lazily. *Pareſſeuſement, faitardement, nicement, oiſivement.*
Lazineſſe. *Pareſſe, faitardiſe, faineantiſe, feſtardiſe, invigilance, faineance; negligence, niceté, niceté, oiſiveté.*
A lazer. *Ladre. Voyez* a Leper.
A leacher, and leacherie. *comme* Lecher, and Lecherie.
Lead. *Plomb.*
Black lead. *Plomb de mine.*
White lead. *Ceruſe.*
Red lead. *Rubriche, minion.*
Lead-like, lead-coloured. *Plombaſſe, plombier.*
Sodder of lead. *Plombature.*
A lead plummet, or weight. *Plombeau, plomcau.*
A peller of lead. *Plombée, plommée.*
A great lead (to boile meate in.) *Marmite.*
Lead-oare, or lead-ſtone. *Pierre plombiere.*
The leades of a Church. *Plomberie.*
To lead, ſolder, or colour with lead, ſet lead ſeales to. *Plomber, plommer.*
Leaded. *Plombé.*
Leaden, of Lead. *Plombier.*
A leading; a ſoldering, a marking of wares, with lead. *Plombement, plomberie, plombeure.*
To lead. *Mener, guider, conduire, adreſſer.*
To lead away. *Emmener.*
To lead aſide. *Mener à part; Seduire.*
To lead back. *Ramener, remener.*
To lead in. *Introduire, induire.*
To lead (or toll) on. *Attirer, atiraire, allicher, allecher.*
To lead unto. *Amener, acconduire, admener.*
To lead the way. *Acheminer, entamer le pas.*
A leader. *Guide, qui mene, conducteur, conduiſeur, ameneur, admeneur.*
A leading. *Conduicte, conduite, menage.*
A leading backe. *Remenement, reduction.*
A leading in. *Introduction, induction.*
A leading unto. *Amenement.*
Leading. *Menant, adreſſant.*
Leadwort (herbe.) *Molibdene.*
A leafe. *Fueille.*
Leafe-tinne (uſed to ſilver triffes.) *Orpel.*
To leafe, leave, or bring forth leaves. *Fueiller.*
A leafe of a book. *Fueillet.*
A leafe of paper. *Fueille de papier.*
Leafe-worke. *Fueillure.*
A League (or French mile.) *Vne Lieüe.*
A league (or confederacie.) *Ligue, confederation, alliance.*
In league, entred into league together. *Confederez enſemble, liguez.*
To make a league. *Se liguer l'un à l'autre.*
Leagued. *Ligué.*
The leakage of a ſhip. *Leruge. Voyez* Leckage.
To leake. *Couler.*
Leaked. *Coulé.*
A leaking. *Coulement.*
Leane. *Maigre, megre, linge, heronnier, hayreux, mingrelet, hectique.*
As leane as a rake. *Maigre en cuiſſe d'heron, maigre comme vne pie.*
Very leane. *Deſcharné, have, ave.*
A making leane. *Emaciation, maceration.*
To make, or become leane. *Emmaigrir, amaigrir, macerer, deſcharner, agreſtir, agraiſir.*
Made leane. *Macerè, amaigri, emmaigri.*
To be, wax, or become leane. *S'emmaigrir, s'atrophier, s'amaigrir.*
To leane. *S'appuyer.*
A thing to leane on. *Appuy.*
To leane on his elbow. *S'accouder.*
To leane unto. *S'appliquer à.*
To leane forward. *S'accroupir.*
To leane his backe againſt. *S'adoſſer contre.*
To leane forwards. *Pancher.*
Leaned. *Appuyé.*
Leanely. *Maigrement.*
Leanenesse. *Maigreur, maigreté, emacie, emaceration.*
A leaning with the backe againſt. *Adoſſement.*
A leaning on the elbow. *Accoudement.*
A leaning-ſtocke. *Appuyal, accoudoir, appuy.*
Leaning the backe againſt. *Addoſſé.*
Leaning forwards. *Panchant, penché.*
A leaning forwards. *Panchement.*
To leape. *Saulter, ſauter.*
A leape, or leaping over. *Treſault, treſſaut.*
A leape. *Sault, ſaut.*
The Almond leape. *Trois pas & vn ſaut.*
Pace and a leape. *Vn pas & vn ſaut.*
To leape on or over. *Surſaillir, ſurſaulter.*
To leape (or be turned off) a ladder. *Faire le ſaut.*
To leape over. *Treſſaillir.*
To leap (or skip) up. *Se guinder.*
To leape (as the male upon the female.) *Monter.*
Leap-yeare. *Biſexte.*
A leape (or weele for fiſh.) *Naſſe, naſſiere, naſſerie.*
Leaped. *Saulté, ſauté.*
A leap-head. (or weele made of bullruſhes.) *Mannequin.*
A leaper. *Sauteur, ſauteur, ſautier.*
A woman leaper. *Saulterelle.*
A leaper. *Ladre. Voyez* a Leper.
Leaping. *Saultant.*
A leaping on, or over. *Surſaille.*
A leaping. *Saultement.*
Ever leaping. *Arietant.*
To learne. *Apprendre.*
Apt to learne. *Docile, doctrinable, diſciplinable.*
To learne by heart, or without booke, *Apprendre par cœur.*
Learned. *Appris, apprins; docte.*
A learner. *Apprenti, diſciple.*
Learnedly. *Doctement.*
Learning. *Doctrine, diſcipline, erudition.*
The paterne of learning. *Doctrinal.*
Learning. *Apprenant. (Participe.)*
Leaſeable. *Affermable.*
A Leaſe. *Acenſe, adenſe; Eſcripture de loüage, bail à ferme.*
A Leaſer. *Admodiateur.*
To leaſe out. *Loër, louër, admodier, affermer.*
To leaſe. *Voyez* to Gleane.
Leaſed out to farme. *Acenſé, affermé.*
A leaſing out. *Adcenſement, afferme, affermement, admodiation.*
A leaſh. *Laſſe.*
A leaſing. *Menterie, fable. Voyez* Lying.
Leaſing. *Voyez* Gleaning.
A Leſſor. *Admodiateur.*
The leaſt. *Le moindre, minime, moins. (Superlatif de Petit* Little.)
At leaſt, at the leaſt. *Au moins, à tout le moins, tout au moins, pour le moins.*
Leaſt that. *De peur que.*
Leaſure. *Loiſir, aiſe.*
At leaſure. *A loiſir, ocieux.*
To be at leaſure. *Eſtre de loiſir, vaquer.*
Leaſurely (Adjective.) *Lent.*
Leaſurely. *Peu à peu, tout bellement, tout beau, tout à loiſir, lentement, pauſement, poſement.*
Leather. *Cuir.*
A leather-dreſſer. *Megiſſier, affaicteur de cuirs, megicier.*
A leather dreſſing. *Megiſſerie.*
Spaniſh leather. *Marroquin.*
To give leather a graine, or dreſſe it like Spaniſh leather. *Baſanner.*
A leather-ſeller. *Peaucier.*
Leather, or leatherne ware. *Cuirain.*
A great leather bottle. *Oüaire, oudre, oudre, ouïltre, ouere.*
Leatherne. *Cuiraſſeux.*
A Spaniſh leatherne jerkin. *Collet de marroquin.*
To leave. *Laiſſer, guerpir, gurpir, gulpir, adirer.*
To leave off. *Ceſſer, deſiſter, ſurſeoir.*
To leave at randome. *Abandonner.*
To leave utterly. *Delaiſſer, abandonner, quitter, guerpir.*
To leave out, to leave undone. *Omettre, obmettre.*
Leave. *Congé, permiſſion, bandon.*
To leave without company. *Aſſeuler.*
To take leave off. *Prendre congé de.*
To give leave to. *Donner congé à.*
Be your leave. *Par voſtre congé; ou, permiſſion. Auſſi, quand on voudra paſſer par quelqu'un, on dit.*
By your leave. *Ne vous deſplaiſe.*
Leaven. *Levain. Voyez* Leven.
Leaver, or leafer. *Comme* To have Leaver. *Aimer mieulx.*
A leaver. *Levier, vatton.*
A leaving. *Delaiſſement, gulpine, gurpiſon.*

Lea-

Leaving. *Laiſſant.*
A **leaving** out. *Omiſſion.*
Leaves. *Fuilles. Plurier de* Leafe.
A bunch of **leaves.** *Fueillame.*
To turne (or) peruſe over the **leaves** of a booke. *Fuilleter, fuilletter.*
Leaves turned, or looked over. *Fueilleté.*
Leafed. *Futilleté.*
Leafie, full of leaves. *Fueilleux, fueillu.*
A **leafie** branch. *Fueillar.*
Leafineſſe, a leavie flouriſhing. *Fueillure.*
A **leazing.** *Menterie.*
A **lecher.** *Paillard, putier, putanier, putaſſier, ribauld, mariolet.*
To **lecher.** *Beſongner, bichetoter, garçonner, gimbreter, ſoutre, fanfreluche, fredinfredailler, paillarder.*
To turne **lecher.** *S'appaillarder.*
Lechered withall. *Garçonnée, beſongnée, foutue.*
Lecherie. *Folie aux garçons, Mieſureſſe, paillardiſe.*
Lecherous. *Safre, paillard, gimbreteux, mieſureux, mieſure, arietant.*
Lecherous jeafting. *Saffreté, ſafreté.*
Lecherous ſtuffe. *Poudre agrippine.*
A **lecherous** queane. *Saffrette, ſafrette, garçonniere, paillarde.*
Leckage (or leakage) of wines. *Avaris des vins.*
A **Lecterne.** *Poulpitre. Voyez* a Deske.
A **Lecture.** *Lecture, leçon.*
Led, or **ledde.** *Mené; Auſſi,* I **led.** *Ie meuy.* (*Le Participe, & Imparfeit du verbe* To **lead.** *Mener.*)
Led away. *Emmené.*
Led aſide, or out of the way. *Seduict.*
Led back. *Ramené.*
Led into. *Introduict, induict, induite*
Led unto. *Amené.*
A **Ledge** (or outward member in Architecture.) *Cymace, cyme, gueule, renverſée.*
A **Lee-ſhore.** *Abri.*
A **Leech.** *Medicin, mire, myere, myre.*
The **leech** of a ſaile. *La penne d'une voile;* (*L'aile de la voile enfilée en boulime.* ¶ Nicot.)
A **Leeke.** *Porreau.*
Wild **leeke,** dogs **leeke.** *Porreau de chien, porreau de vigne.*
Cut **leeks,** blade, or unſet **leeke.** *Porreau ſetiſ, ou tondu; petit porreau; ſive, ve, ſivot.*
The headed, ſet, or uncut **leeke.** *Porreau veſtu.*
A bed of **leekes.** *Porriere.*
Green as a **leeke,** of a **leeke.** *Porraé.*
Dogges **leeke.** *Porreau de chien, oignon de chien.*
To **leer.** *Larguer, regarder de travers, aiguigner.*
Leering. *Larguant.*
Lees. *Lies, feces, mare, baiſſieres, fondrilles, fondrailles, fondrée, baſſieres, baſes.re*
The **lees** of oyle. *Lie d'huile.*
To **leeſe.** *Perdre. Voyez* to Loſe.
A **leeſing.** *Amiſſion, perte.*
Left. *Laiſſé; auſſi,* I **left.** *Ie laiſſoy.* (*Le participe, & l'Imperfeit du verbe* to leave. *Laiſſer.*)
Left off. *Delaiſſé, deſacouſtumé, ſurſis.*
Left without company. *Aſſeulé.*
Left utterly, or forſaken. *Abandonné, delaiſſé, quitté, guerpi, adiré.*
Left out, **left** undone. *Omis.*
Left. *Gauche, ſeneſtre.*
The **left** hand. *La main gauche, ou, ſeneſtre.*
Left handed. *Gauchier, gaucher, gaucho.*
A blow with the **left** hand. *Gauché.*
A **Legacie.** *Laiz, legz teſtamentaire.*
Legall. *Legal.*
A **Legate.** *Legat.*
Legatarie. *Legataire. (à qui on a donné quelque choſe par teſtament.)*
A **Legateſhip.** *Legation.*
Legeance. *Voyez* Allegiance.
A **Legend.** *Legende.*
The golden **legend.** *Legendier.*
Legerdemain. *Legier de main; tromperie, tour de baſque, batelage.*
Tricks of **Legerdemain.** *Bagatelleries.*
The **Legge.** *La jambe.*
A little **legge.** *Iambette.*
Of, or belonging to, the **legge.** *Jambier.*
A **legge** of mutton. *Gigot de mouton.*
The nut or friars piece of a **legge** of mutton. *Oeil de Iudas.*
Legge-harneſſe. *Greves, caliges, jambiere.*
To wag the **legge** in ſitting. *Iambier, gambayer, gambier, gambiller.*
Baker **legged.** *Iarretier, goibier, billardier, billart, gavar.*
Legible. *Legible.*
A **legion.** *Legion.* (*Environ cinq ou ſix mille hommes; plus ou moins.*)
Legionaris. *Legionnaire.*
Legitimate. *Legitime.*
Legitimation, or **legitimating.** *Legitimation.*
Legitimately. *Legitimement.*
A **leiman,** or **leman.** *Concubin, concubine, amie.*
A little or young **leiman.** *Amiette.*
A **Lembick.** *Voyez* a Limbeck.
Lemnian earth. *Terre ſpargetide.*
A **Lemmon.** *Limon.*
Lendable. *Preſtable.*
To **lend.** *Preſter.*
To **lend** at intereſt. *Preſter à intereſt, bailler à intereſt, ou, à vſure.*
A **lender.** *Preſteur, qui preſte.*
A **lending.** *Preſt, preſtation.*
Lending. *Preſteux.*
Lennoſh. *Gavache. Voyez* Limber.
Length. *Longueur, longitude; hauteur, haulteur.*
To draw out in **length.** *Allonger.*
A drawing out in **length.** *Alongement, alonge, alongeail.*
At **length,** at the **length.** *Finablement, finalement, enfin, à la parfin, à la longue, au long aller, au cul du ſac; avec le temps.*
Full **length.** *Moyſon.*
To **lengthen.** *Alonger, ralonger, allonger.*
To **lengthen** out a matter. *Alonger la courroye.*
To **lengthen** his (laſcivious) delight. *Alonger les eſtivres.*
Lengthened. *Alongé, ralongé, allongé.*
A **lengthening.** *Alongement, alongiſſement, alongeail, alonge, allongement, allonge.*
To **Lenifie.** *Lenir.*
Lenitie. *Manſuetude.*
A **lenitive.** *Lenitif.*
Lenitive. *Mitigatif.*
Lent. *Preſté; auſſi,* I **lent.** *Ie preſtoy.* (*Le participe, & l'imperfeit du verbe* to **lend.** *Preſter.*)
Lent. *Quareſme, careſme.*
Lenten. *Quadrageſimal.*
A **lenten** (or faſh day.) *Iour Quareſmeau.*
A **lenten** (or baſhfull) lover. *Amoureux de careſme.*
A **lenten** (or dri) fig. *Figue de Careſme.*
A **Lentill** (pulſe) or **Lentie.** *Lentille.*
Fenne or water **Lentills.** *Lentilles de marais, ou de mer, Lentilles d'eau.*
The **Lentiske** (or Maſtick) tree. *Lentiſque, lentiſce.*
Leo. *Le Lion. vn des 12 ſignes du zodiaque.*
A **Leopard.** *Leopard.*
A **leper.** *Ladre, meſeau, mezeau.*
A ſpittle for **lepers.** *Ladrerie, leproſtrier*
A white **leper.** *Cagot, capot, caquot, cabot, gabet.*
Leproſie. *Lepre, ladrige, ladrerie, meſelerie, meſellerie.*
Infected with **leproſie.** *Maladré.*
White **leproſie.** *Cagoterie; Lepre farineuſe.*
The itching **leproſie.** *Le mal, ou, la maladie de S. Main.*
Lepprous. *Lepreux, ladre, meſeleux, meſelleux*
A **lepprous** perſon. *Meſeau, mezeau.*
Leppouſineſſe. *Lepreſtrie, mezellerie.*
Leſſe. *Moins, moindre.*
To grow **leſſe** and **leſſe,** or **leſſen** towards the top. *Aller en pointe.*
To **leſſen.** *Amoindrir, appetiſſer, minuer, minuter, agreſlir, agraiſir; alleger, amenuiſer, attenuer.*
Leſſened. *Amoindri, appetiſſé, minué, minuté; allegé, amenuiſé, attenué, attenuri.*
A **leſſening.** *Amoindriſſement, appetiſſement, agraiſiſſement, allegement, amenuiſement, attenuation.*
Leſſening. *Amoindriſſant. amenuiſſant.*
Leſſer. *Moindre plus petit.* (*Comparatif de* Little.)
The **leſſes** (or dung of a wild boare.) *Laiſſes.*
To **leſſon.** *Donner leçon à; inſtruire.*
A **leſſon.** *Leçon.*
Let. *Que. Signe de la tierce perſonne de l'Imperatif: Comme* **Let** him love. *Qu'il aime.* **Let** them ſpeake. *Qu'ils parlent.*
The **Letanie.** *La Letanie.*
The **Lethargie.** *Lethargie, Letargie, ſubet.*
Sick of the **Lethargie.** *Lethargique.*
To **lett** (or hinder.) *Empeſcher; obſiſter, obſtacler.*
To **lett** (or ſuffer.) *Permettre, laiſſer.*
To **lett,** or **let** out. *Loër; arrenter.*
To **lett** for yearely rent. *Atazer.*
To **lett** in. *Laiſſer, ou faire, entrer, ouvrir le paſſage à, admettre.*
To **lett** out. *Laiſſer, ou faire, ſortir, mettre dehors.*
Let out for rent. *Arrenté.*
To **lett** go, **lett** paſſe, **lett** ſlip. *Omettre.*
To **lett** downe, or **lett** fall downe. *Avaler, devaller.*
A **lett.** *Empeſchement, obice, obſtacle.*
Lett (Participle.) *Empeſché; auſſi, permis, laiſſé.*
Lett downe. *Avalé, devallé.*
Lett in. *Admis, faict entrer.*
Lett out. *Mis dehors, faict ſortir.*
Lett to hire. *Loé.*
To **lett** goe. *Laiſſer aller, paſſer, laiſſer paſſer, donner congé à, congedier, omettre.*
Lett goe, **lett** paſſe, **lett** ſlip. *Omis.*

Letted. *Empeſché, obſtaqué.*
A **letter** (or hinderer.) *Empeſcheur.*
A **letter** downe. *Avalleur.*
A **Letter.** *Lettre, miſſive; note.*
A great text **letter.** *Cadeau.*
A **letter** carrier. *Meſſager, poſte.*
A **letter** of Attorney. *Lettre de procuration.*
Letters of exchange. *Lettres de change.*
Letters patents. *Lettres patentes, lettres royaux.*
To give a **letter** of Agorney to. *Paſſer procuration à.*
Lettered. *Lettré.*
A **letting** out for rent. *Arrentement.*
A letting goe. *Omiſſion.*
A letting. *Obſtaclement, empeſchement.*
A letting down. *Avallement, devallement.*
A **lettiſe.** *Voyez* a Lattiſe.
Lettiſe, or **Lettuce.** *Laictuë.*
Cabbadge **lettuce.** *Laictuë capuſſe, laictuë pommée; laictuë Romaine.*
Lambes **lettuce.** *Laictuë de chevres.*
Criſped, curled, or crumpled **lettuce.** *Laictuë treſſe, ou, creſpuë.*
Wild **lettuce.** *Laictuë ſauvage.*
To **levell,** lay **levell,** or make **levell.** *Niveler; planir, applanir, aplanir, anniveller.*
A Carpenters **levell.** *Niveau.*
Levell. *A niveau.*
A **levell** peece, or plot of ground. *Aire.*
Levell with. *Au niveau de.*
The **levell** (button, at the end of a peece.) *Mire d'un Arquebuze.*
To **levell** at. *Guigner, aguigner, viſer, mirer.*
Levelled, ſquared, or laid by a Levell, *Nivelé; planí, applani, applany.*
Levelled at. *Guigné, viſé à, mirè.*
A **leveller,** that meaſures or laies by a levell. *Niveleur; auſſi, applaneur, applaniſſeur, applanieur.*
A **levelling.** *Nivellement; applaniſſement.*
A **levelling** at. *Guignade, guignement, viſée.*
Leven. *Levain.*
To **leven,** or raiſe with **leven.** *Fermenter.*
Levened, raiſed with leven. *Fermenté.*
A **levening.** *Fermentation.*
A **leveret.** *Leverault, levereau.*
To **Levie.** *Lever.*
To **levie** ſouldiers, *Lever ſoldats.*
A **levie.** *Levée.*
Levied. *Levé.*
A **levying.** *Levement, levée.*
A **Levite.** *Levite.*
Lew. *Blaſard. Voyez* Wan, Pale, Bleake.
Lewd. *Mauvais; meſchant, mal, malſaiſant, maling, mendux, vilain, vicieux.*
A **lewd** drab. *Pautonniere.*
A **lewd** knave. *Homme de ſac & de corde, forfan, pautonnier.*
A **lewd** pranke. *Meſchanceté.*
Lewdly. *Meſchamment, malement, malignement, mauvaiſement, vicieuſement.*
Lewdnelle. *Meſchanceté, mauvaiſtié, dehauſchement, desbauche, maliguité, vilenie, villanie, pautonnerie, vice.*
A **leyman.** *Concubin, concubine, ami, amie; Callnaire. ¶ Provenç.*
To **libbe.** *Chaſtrer. Voyez* to Geld.
A **Libbard.** *Leopard.*
A **Libbards** head (on the knees or elbowes of old faſhioned garments.) *Maſquine.*
A **libell.** *Libelle.*
A defamatorie **libell.** *Paſquille, paſquil, paſquin, libelle defamatoire, coq à l'aſne.*
Liberall. *Liberal, franc, benign, benigne.*
Liberally. *Liberalement, benignement.*
Liberalitie. *Liberalité, beneficence, beneficience, benignité, munificence.*
Libertie *Liberté, licence, aleu; bandon.*
To be at **liberty.** *Eſtre libre.*
At **liberty.** *Delivre, hors de captivité, en liberté, & franchiſe, libre.*
A ſetting at **liberty.** *Manumiſſion.*
To ſet at **liberty.** *Delivrer mettre en liberté, & franchiſe mettre hors de captivité.*
Liberty of judgement. *Arbitre.*
Too much **liberty.** *Trop de licence, ou liberté.*
With full **liberty.** *Librement, en pleine liberté.*
A **Libertine.** *Libertin.*
Libertinage (Epicuriſme.) *Libertinage.*
Libidinous (luſtfull.) *Libidineux.*
Herbe **Libiong.** *Graſſette, orpin.*
Libra. *La balance: vn des douze Signes celeſtes.*
A **Libzarie** (ſtudy, or ſhop of books.) *Libravie, bibliotheque.*
Lice. *Des poux; (Plurier de* Lowſe,) *Monnoye de beliſtres.*
Lice-bane. *Herbe aux poulx, herbe aux poulleux.*
Licence. *Licence, congé, permiſſion; bandon.*
To **licence,** or give **licence** unto. *Licencier; donner congé, licence, ou permiſſion à, congedier.*
Licenced. *Licencié, permis; Congedié.*
A **Licenciate** (Batchelor, or Doctor,) *Licencié.*
Licenſable. *Congeable.*
Licentious. *Licencieux, libertin.*
Licentiouſly. *Licencieuſement.*
To **licke.** *Licher.*
To **licke** daintily. *Licharder.*
A **licke.** *Lichement.*
A **lick-ſauce, lick-box.** *Licheron, licheur, liche-caſſe.* ¶ Rab.
A **licker.** *Licheur.*
A **licking.** *Licherie, lichement.*
Lickerice, or **lickozice.** *Liquerice, rigaliſſe, rigliſſe, regaliſſe, regliſſe, regalice, regalice, ercaliſſe.*
Lickerilh, or **lickozous.** *Friand, affriandé.*
To make **lickerilh** of. *Affriander, affrioler*
A **lickerilh,** or **lickozous** boy. *Friolet.*
A making **lickozous** of. *Affriandement;*
A **lickerilh,** or **lickozous** companion. *Licheur, licheron, marpaut, mouſche de lippée.*
Made **lickozilh** of. *Affriandé, affriolé.*
Lickerilh, or **lickozous** meates. *Friandiſes.*
Lickerilhnelle, or **lickozouſnelle.** *Licherie, friandiſe.*
Lickour. *Liqueur. Voyez* Liquour.
A **lid,** or **lidde.** *Couvercle.*
To **lie** downe. *Coucher, accoucher.*
To **lie** neere to. *Geſir auprez.*
To **lie** with another mans wife. *Garſonner, ou garſouiller la femme d'autruy, adulterer la femme d'autruy.*
To **lie** in. *Geſir.*
To **lie** in waite for. *Aguetter.*
To **lie,** or tell a **lie.** *Mentir, fabloyer, menſonger, baliverner, bailler, baleverner, bailler des caſſades, barater.*
A **lie.** *Menterie, menſonge, fable, Baliverne, balliverne, baye.*
A loud **lie.** *Hauſſe-menſon.*
Full of **lies.** *Menteux, barateux.*
Lie (made of aſhes.) *Leſſive, leſcive, lexive; buée.*
A ſtrong **lie** (whereof cauteres are made.) *Capitel.*
Lied. *Menti.*
A **lier.** *Menteur, menteresu, noſtradamt, barateur.*
A woman that **lieth** in. *Vne geſante, femme giſante.*
Liege. *Lige.*
A **Liege man.** *Homme, homme lige.*
Liegeance. *Comme* Allegiance. *Ligence.*
Lien. *Comme* Laine.
Lieu. In **lieu** of. *Au lieu de, en lieu de.*
A **Lieutenant.** *Lieutenant, algouſant.*
The **Lieutenant** of a gally. *Argouſin.*
Life. *Vie.*
To give **life.** *Animer, vivifier.*
Wearie of his **life,** *Aſſodé.*
In **life.** *Vif, vivant.*
In his **life** time. *De ſon vivant.*
Life-giving. *Vivifiant.*
Which giveth **life.** *Vivifique.*
To the **life.** *Au vif.*
To have **life,** lead or ſpend a **life.** *Vivre.*
Full of **life.** *Vivace.*
To **lift** up. *Lever, eſlever, haulſer, hauſer, yſer, monter, Alleger.*
To **lift** up himſelfe. *Se monteigner.*
To **lift** up on high. *Surhauſer.*
The **lifts** (two ſmall cords belonging to the ſprit-ſaile of a ſhip.) *Les balances; deux cordes paſſant aux deux coſtez de la poulie guindreſſe, &c.* ¶ Nicot.
Lifted up. *Levé, eſlevé, haulſé, hauſé.*
A **lifter** up. *Leveur, eſleveur.*
A **lifting** up. *Levement, eſlevement; hauſſage, haulſage, haulſerie; allegement.*
A **lifting** up of the chinne in ſcorne. *Haulſebec.*
Lifting up. *Eſlevant, eſleveur.*
To **light,** a **light,** or **light** downe. *Deſcendre.*
To **light** off his horſe. *Deſcendre de cheval, ſe mettre à pied, mettre pied à terre.*
To **light** (or branch) upon (as birds.) *Deſcendre ſur (quelque lieu, comme font les oiſeaux) ou, ſe brancher deſſus.*
To **light** on, or **light** upon (by chance.) *Survenir; trouver, ou, rencontrer (par aventure.)*
I **lighted** upon it, or, him, by chance. *Je l'ay trouvé, ou, je l'ay rencontré par adventure.*
Light. *Legier; auſſi, inconſtant, futile.*
He is **light-headed.** *Il a le cerveau vn peu gaillard.*
Light-horſe, or **light horſemen.** *Chevaux legiers, chevaliers legiers, Eſtradiots; argolets.*
An army of **light-horſe,** or **light-armed** foot. *Camp volant.*
The **lights.** *Les poulmons. Voyez* Lungs.
Light. *Lumiere, lueur.*
Light (Adjective.) *Luiſant, lucide.*
To **light,** give, caſt, or be **light.** *Luire, reluire, lumer.*
To **light** a candle, or torch. *Allumer (vne chandelle, ou, torche.)*

A light. *Chandelle, flambeau, luminaire.*
Light-leſſe, or without light. *Sans lumiere, orbe.*
The twi-light. *Crepuſcule. Voyez le en ſon lieu.*
Yeelding a great light. *Lumineux.*
Lighted downe, or off. *Deſtendu.*
Lighted on. *Deſcendu ſur, trouvé ſur.*
Lighted on by chance. *Trouvé, ou rencontré par aventure, ſurvenu.*
Lighted (as a candle.) *Allumé (comme une chandelle.)*
To lighten, make light, (or eaſe of a burthen.) *Allegerir, alleger.*
To lighten, or give light to. *Eſclairer, eſclaircir, enluminer, illuminer.*
To lighten (or kindle.) *Allumer.*
To lighten, or caſt forth lightening. *Eſclairer.*
Any thing that lightens. *Allege.*
Lightened (eaſed.) *Allegé.*
Lightened. *Eſclairé, eſclairci, illuminé.*
A lightening (or eaſing.) *Allegement, allege.*
A lightning, or giving light. *Eſclairciſſement, illumination.*
Lightning, a flaſh of lightning. *Eſclair.*
Lightning which blaſteth. *Arge.*
A lighter, or lyter. *Gabarre, babarre, flette, beu, tronc, allege.*
A lighter for ſalt barkes. *Legement.*
Lighters. *Barchaux.*
A lighter-man. *Gabarrier.*
A lighting downe. *Deſcente.*
A ſudden lighting on. *Survenuë.*
A lighting or kindling. *Allumement.*
A lighting upon. *Deſcente ſur.*
Lightly. *Legerement; aiſément, aiſément, en paſſant.*
Lightneſſe. *Legereté, legerité.*
Lightneſſe (and brightneſſe.) *Lueur.*
To make lightſome. *Sereiner.*
Lignage, to ligne, a ligne. *Voyez* Linage, to Line, a Line.
Lignum aloes (a ſweet wood.) *Agalloche, bois d'aloës.*
Like. *Pareil, ſemblable, pair.*
Like for like. *La pareille, pariage.*
Like as. *Ainſi que, tout ainſi que, ainſi.*
In like manner. *De meſme, ſemblablement, pareillement.*
To be like unto. *Reſembler, reſſembler; ſembler.*
To like well of, or take a liking to. *Aimer, affecter, affectionner, haiter.*
Like unto. *Reſemblant, reſſemblable, à pair de.*
Liked, well liked. *Aimé, affecté; aggreable, agreable.*
Likely. *Probable, vray-ſemblable. (Adjectif.)*
Likely (Adverb.) *Probablement.*
To liken. *Aſſimiler.*
Likelihood, likelineſſe, likeneſſe of truth. *Probabilité, vray-ſemblance, probableté.*
Likened. *Aſſimilé.*
Likeneſſe. *Semblance, reſemblance.*
A likening. *Alluſion, aſſimilation.*
Likewiſe. *Semblablement, pareillement.*
A liking. *Gré, grace, affection.*
Vnto his liking. *A gré, à ſon gré.*
To breed a liking. *Affectionner.*
To my liking. *A mon gré.*
Good liking. *Amour.*
A good liking (upon the firſt eſſay.) *Gouſt.*
The liking (or good plight of the body.) *L'habitude, ou, bonne habitude, du corps.*
In good liking. *Graſſelet, potelé, graſſet.*
Good liking. *Embonpoint; potelée.*
A Lilie. *Lis.*
The blew Lilie. *Lis celeſte.*
The Lilie convall. *Muguet.*
The white garden Lilie. *Lis blanc.*
The water Lilie. *Lis d'eſtang, fleur d'eau, Nymphée, Nenuphar.*
The wild, or mountaine Lilie. *Lis ſauvage, Martagon.*
Yellow Lilie. *Lis jaulne.*
Lilie of Conſtantinople. *Martagon de Conſtantinople.*
A Limbeck. *Alembic, alambic, bocie, campane.*
To ſtill in a Limbeck. *Alembiquer, alambiquer.*
Diſtilled in a Limbeck. *Alembiqué, alambiqué.*
A Limbeck (to ſtill roſes in.) *Roſaire.*
Limber. *Flexible, gavache, flaſche, flache, flache, flaccide, mol, mollet, ſoupple.*
To wax limber. *S'affiaquir.*
Limbernelle. *Molleſſe, molleté, mollice.*
Lim. *Chaulx.* Quick lime. *Chaulx vif.*
Slaked lime. *Chaulx euſée.*
A lime-kill. *Chauſour.*
A lime-burner, or limeſmaker. *Chauſournier.*
A Tanners lime-pit. *Pelain.*
Bird-lime. *Glu, viſc.*
To lime with bird-lime. *Gluer.*
Limeſtone. *Pierre de caſtille.*
Lime-twigs. *Gluons, gluaux.*
A lime for a blood-hound. *Traict.*
A lime-hound. *Limier, chien limier.*
Limed with bird-lime. *Glué.*
A liming with bird-lime. *Gluement.*
To limite. *Limiter, borner, aborner, terminer, modifier.*
A limite. *Limite, borne, mete.*
The limites of. *Bornage.*
A limitation. *Limitation; modification.*
Limited. *Aborné, limité, borné; modifié, ameté.*
A limiter. *Limitateur, limiteur, borneur.*
A limme. *Membre du corps, part.*
To limme, or limne. *Enluminer, peindre.*
Limmed, or limned. *Enluminé; peinct.*
A limner. *Enlumineur; peinctre.*
A limming, or limning. *Enlumineure; peincture.*
A limner. *Limonier. Voyez* a Thill horſe.
A Limon. *Voyez* a Lemmon.
To limpe. *Clocher, Boëtouyer, boiſter, boiter, boitouſer, cloquer, cloper.*
A limper. *Vn boiſteux, ou boiteux; qui cloche, qui boiſte, cloque, ou clope.*
A limping. *Boiſtement, boitement, clochement.*
Limping. *Boiſteux, boiteux, boiſtuſant, à cloche-pied.*
Limpingly. *Boiſtément.*
A limpine (ſhell fiſh.) *Berdin, berlin, oeil de bouc, patelle.*
Linage. *Liguage, lignée; berage, linée, linage, parage, parenté.*
The linch-pin (of a cart-wheele.) *Heuſſe.*
The linden tree. *Soudre.*
A line. *Ligne; corde, cordelette; line.*
The line (in an accompt.) drawn from the ſubject to the ſumme. *Ligne de compte.*
A ſuppoſed line in Geometrie. *Ligne feinte.*
Timber ſquared out by line. *Bois de ligne*
By line. *Par ligne; lignier.*
A line uſed by Maſons, or Carpenters. *Ligne, eſquierre, plomb, plombet; cordeau.*
To line out, or ſquare out by line. *Lignier, aligner, aligner.*
A Carpenters chalked, or oakered line. *Cordeau.*
A plumb-line. *Plomb, plombet.*
In a direct line, of, or belonging to, a line. *Lignear.*
Made ſtraight as a line. *Aligné.*
A gardeners line. *Cordeau courant, cordeau volant.*
A twiſted line (or ſtring.) *Corde, cordelette, cordelle.*
To make ſtraight as a line. *Aligner.*
Line (or flax.) *De lin.*
The Indian line (that is puriſied by fire.) *Lin vif.*
Line-ſeed. *Comme* Linſeed.
A line (or race.) *Lignée, lignage, linée.*
To line a garment. *Doubler un veſtement*
To line (as a dog a bitch.) *Ligner, aligner, Maſtiner.*
A line-yard. *Ligneraye.*
Lineall. *Lineal.*
A lineament, or linéature. *Lineament, lineature.*
Lined out (by line.) *Aligné.*
Lined (as a bitch.) *Ligné.*
Lined by a maſtife. *Maſtiné.*
Lined (as a garment.) *Doublé.*
Well lined with means. *Opulent, riche.*
A Liniment (or thinne ointment.) *Liniment, Linement.*
A lining (or making ſtraight by a line) a thing drawn by line. *Alignement, allignement.*
The lining for a garment. *La doublure d'un veſtement.*
The lining of a bitch. *Alignement.*
Ling (fiſh.) *Molue.*
Ling (or heath.) *Bruyere. Voyez* Heath.
A lingell. *Friquette; palette.*
To linger. *Delayer, tarder, tardiver, targer, faire le long, demeurer, muſer.*
Lingered. *Delaye.*
A lingerer. *Delayeur, longard, muſard, baguenaudeur.*
A lingering. *Delay, tardance, tardiveté, targement, muſardie.*
Lingering. *Tard, tardif, muſard.*
Lingeringly. *Tardement, tard.*
Lingwort. *Veraire blanc.*
To linke. *Enchaiſner, annexer.*
The links of a chaine. *Le chainon d'une chaine.*
A linke (or torch.) *Flambeau, ſandeau, torche.*
A link (or chitterling.) *Andouille, andoille.*
Of links (or chitterlings.) *Andouillois.*
Linked. *Chaiſné, enchaiſné, annexé.*
To be linked in conſanguinitie with. *S'attaſſir à.*
A linking. *Encheſneure.*
Linnen. *Linge, du lin; lingerie.*
A linnen weaver. *Telier.*
Linnen cloth. *Toile, linge; drapeau.*
Linnen ſtuffe, or linnen ware. *Lingerie.*
A little linnen cloth, or clout. *Drappelet, drapelet.*
A linnen-draper. *Lingier, vendeur de linge, ou, de la toile.*
Houſwifes linnen cloth. *Toile de maiſon, toile de meſnage,*

The making, or selling of **linnen-cloth.** *Lingerie.*
A woman that makes or sells **linnen,** or **linnen ware.** *Lingiere, lingere.*
A **Linnet** (bird.) *Linotte.*
A kind of long-heeled **linnet.** *Terix.*
Linsed. *Semence de lin.*
Linsie-woolsie. *Tiretaine, tolus.*
The **lintell** of a doore. *Le linteau, ou, linteau d'une porte, ou huis.*
A **linx.** *Once, lince.*
A **Lion.** *Lion. Voyez* a Lyon.
A **lippe.** *Levre, labie, lipe, lype.*
A little tender **lippe.** *Levrette, levrete.*
Of, or belonging to, a **lippe.** *Labier.*
The **lippe-veine.** *Veine labiere.*
To give a dash on the **lippes.** *Bailler manifle sur les levres, bailler sur le mousle.*
Lippe-salve. *Lippaire.*
A hare-**lippe.** *Levre fenduë, bec de lievre.*
To hang the **lippe** (or poute.) *Faire la lype.*
Hanging the **lippe.** *Lippu.*
The **lippe** of a beast (dog, beare, horse, cow, &c.) *Babine.*
To play with the **lips.** *Babiner.*
To blabber with the **lips.** *Baboyer.*
Great **lipped,** or thicke **lipped.** *Lippu.*
A hare **lipped,** or blabber **lipped** wench. *Levretée.*
Liquide. *Liquide, moist.*
To make **liquide.** *Liquider.*
Made **liquide.** *Liquidé, liquifié.*
The **liquides.** *Les liquides, ou, lettres liquides, (qui sont L. M. N. R.)*
To **liquifie.** *Madefier.*
Liquor, or **liquours.** *Liqueur, humeur.*
Full of **liquor.** *Humide.*
Good **liquor.** *Bon vin, bon giet.*
A taker in of good **liquor.** *Humeux.*
To **liquor.** *Madefier, humecter.*
Liquored. *Humecté.*
Liver-confuncio. *Lis jaulne, grand mugnet.*
Livie-pugo. He knowes well his **livie-pugo.** *Il sçait bien son roulet.*
A **Liard.** *Voyez* a Lizard. And **liz,** comm Lice.
To **lize.** *Graisseyer.*
A **lizer.** *Gressier.*
A **lizing.** *Parler gras.*
A **List** (or catalogue.) *Liste, Catalogue; nombre, denombrement, nombrée; nommée.*
The **list** of cloth. *Lisere.*
A **list** (to fight in.) *Lice.*
The **list,** or lug of the eare. *Le mol de l'oreille, molet de l'oreille.*
A little **list** (or roule.) *Listeau.*
To **list.** *Vouloir.* I **list** not. *Ie ne veux pas.*
As you **list.** *Comme vous voudrez, comme il vous plaist, comme il vous semble bon.*
To **listen** unto. *Escouter, ouïr, oreiller, estre aux escoutes, accouster.*
Listened unto. *Escouté, ouï, ouy, accoustè.*
A **listener.** *Escouteur, oreilleur, accousteur.*
A **listening.** *Escoutement, accoustement.*
Listning unto. *Escoutant, l'oreille au vent, attentif.*
Listning seriously. *L'oreille au vent.*
Litargie (or white lead,) *Litharge, litarge.*
Litargie of gold. *Litharge d'or.*
Litargie of silver. *Litharge d'argent.*
Literall. *Literal.*
Literate. *Lettré.*
Literature. *Literature.*
Lithe. *Mol. Voyez* Limber.
Lither. *Fingard, festard, faineant, nice, oiseux, oisif, paresseux. Voyez* Lazie.
Lithernesse. *Faineantise, faineance, negligence, niceté, parasse.*
Litigious. *Litigieux, hargneux, noiseux.*
A **litigious** fellow. *Harceleur, altercateur.*
Litter. *Estrain, litiere.*
A horse **litter.** *Listiere, litiere,*
A **litter** of whelpes. *Chiennesse.*
Little. *Petit; guiere, guaire; minse, menu, menuet, gresle, graisle; peu, (Adverbe.)*
But **little.** *Guere; petitement.*
The **little** ones (or young ones of any beast.) *Les petits,*
To make **little.** *Appetisser, amenuiser. Voyez* to Lessen.
Made **little.** *Minuté, menuisé.*
By **little** and **little.** *Peu à peu, petit à petit.*
Little, more or lesse. *Peu plus, peu moins.*
A **little** deale. *Tantinet.*
Never so little. *Tant soit peu; tantinet.*
A making **little.** *Amoindrissement.*
Lacking but **little.** *Peu s'en faut, à peu prés.*
Making **little.** *Amenuisant.*
A **little** while. *Vn peu, vn peu de temps.*
Pretie and **little.** *Gresset.*
Littlenesse. *Petitesse, petitesse; parvité; gresseté, graisseté, menuëté, menuiseté, modicité.*
The **Liturgie** (or service used in Churches.) *Liturgie, Liturgue.*
To **live.** *Vivre.*
To **live** regularly. *Vivre à ses heures.*
To **live** at what rate he list. *Vivre à discretion.*
To **live** poorely, or barely. *Vivoter.*
To over-**live,** or out-**live.** *Survivre.*
Well to **live.** *Bien moyenné, aisé, riche.*
Lively. *Vif, vivace; vigoureux, vegetatif, frisque, guillevret, hubi, haitié, haitié, aime-bal, naif, naïf; agaillardé, gaillard.*
To be **lively.** *S'agaillarder.*
To represent in **lively** colours. *Naïfver.*
Livelily. *Vivement; naïfvement, gaillardement.*
Livelihood. *Patrimoine, vivre, moiens, heritage.*
Livelinesse. *Vivacité, vigueur, hait, haitié, naïfveté; gaillardise, gaillardeté.*
Livelong, or **liblong** (an herbe.) *Orpin, grassette.*
A **liver.** *Vivant.*
An evill **liver.** *Malvivant.*
The **liver.** *Le foye.*
Of, or belonging to, the **liver.** *Hepatique.*
The **liver** veine. *Veine basilique.*
The sea **liver.** *Foye marin.*
A sodden sheeps **liver.** *Pain benist d'escosse.*
Liver-wort. *Hepatique, hepatike.*
White **livered.** *Malbardi. Voyez* Cowardly, and Fainthearted.
A **liverie.** *Livrée, parure, parence.*
A **liverie** (or deliverie.) *Livrement.*
Liverie and seisine. *Livrement de fust & terre, advesture, adheritance, advest.*
To make **liverie** and seisin. *Manciper, adheriter, advestir.*
A making **liverie** and seisin. *Adheritement.*
Living. *Vivant, vif, en vie.*
To make **living.** *Aviver, avivre,*
A (mans) **living.** *Vivre, terre, possession, moyens pour vivre.*
Made **living.** *Avivé.*
A **living** creature. *Animal.*
A **Lizard.** *Lezard, lizard, lesard, lisard, lizarde, lezarde, lesarde, lisarde, lezert.*
Lo. *Voici, veila.*
A **loach** (fish.) *Loche.*
A **load.** *Charge.*
A cart **load.** *Charrée.*
A **load** of hay. *Hondelée de foin.*
To **load.** *Charger, bourder.*
To **load** extremely. *Appesantir, surcharger.*
Load upon **load.** *Surcharge.*
A **load-stone.** *Pierre aimant, calamite, pierre Herculienne, aymant.*
A **load-starre.** *Estoille du nord.*
A **loade-man.** *Guide, conducteur.*
Loaded, or **loaden.** *Chargé, bourdé.*
Loading. *Chargeant.*
A **loafe** (of bread.) *Vn pain.*
A great houshold **loafe** (of corse bread.) *Pain de brasse, tourte, pain de bordes.*
A little **loafe** of bread. *Petit pain, penicle; tourteau, tourtillon.*
Loame. *Ardille.*
Loane. *Pres, prestation.*
To **loathe.** *Abhorrer, abominer, haïr, detester, desgouter.*
To make **loath.** *Attedier.*
To seeme **loath.** *Faire bon de la teste.*
Loathed. *Desgousté, desapetissé; haï, abhorré, detesté.*
A **loather.** *Abhorrant, haïsseur, haïsseur.*
Loathly. *A regret.*
A **loathing.** *Desgoustement, amenuisit, desapetissance, fastidiosité, nausée; haine, horreur, detestation, mespris, attediation.*
Loathing. *Desgousté; abhorrissant, haineux, attedié.*
To breed a **loathing** of meat. *Desapetisser, attedier.*
Loathlamenesse. *Molestie, fastidie.*
Loathsome. *Fastide, nauseatif; ord, malingre, moleste.*
To make **loathsome.** *Affastidir.*
Exceeding **loathsome.** *Detestable, odieux.*
Loathsomely. *Ordement.*
A **lob,** or **lobcocke.** *Lourdault, besiau, maschefoyn, nigaud, nigauld, nigeux, vastibouser, baligant.*
Lob-like, smelling of the **lobcocke.** *Lourd, lourdin, lourdaut, rude.*
A **Lobster.** *Gammare, homar, grand homar, asbace.*
Locall. *Local.*
A **Loche** (or Lohoche.) *Loch.*
A **locke.** *Serrure, fermeure.*
To **locke.** *Serrer, ou, fermer à clef.*
A pad-**locke.** *Cadenas.*
A **locke-smith.** *Serrurier.*
The trade of a **locke-smith.** *Serrurerie.*
A **lock** in a river. *Closture en une riviere, pour retenir, ou hausser les eaux.*
Lothes of haire, curled, frizled, entrameled; eare-**locks.** *Passe filons.*
A **locke** of wool. *Floc, flocon de laine.*

A great **lock** of wooll. *Houſſure de laine.*
A **locke** of haire. *Touffe de cheveux.*
Thick **locks** of haire. *Crins bouſſus.*
Hard curled **locks.** *Les gallons des cheveux.*
A pretie **locke** (or tuft.) *Houppe, boupe.*
To trim with pretie **locks** (or tufts.) *Houper.*
Trimmed with pretie **locks** (or tufts.) *Houpé.*
Locked up. *Serré, fermé à clef.*
Locke. *Haupelo.*
A **locking** up. *Serrement.*
Locking up. *Serrant.*
A **locuſt.** *Langouſte, banetou, angouſte.*
To **lodge.** *Loger, beberger, herberger, hoſteler, hoſteller, acaſer.*
A **lodge.** *Loge.*
The **lodge** of a Scagge. *Repoſée.*
To **lodge** himſelfe. *S'amaiſonner.*
A little **lodge.** *Logette.*
To go **lodge** a bucke. *Aller à la veuë.*
To **lodge** (as a cudgell in a tree.) *Encroüer.*
Lodged. *Logé, beberge, herbergé, hoſtelé, aubergé.*
Lodged (as a cudgell in a tree.) *Encroüé.*
Ill **lodged.** *Maugiſant, mal-logé.*
A **lodger.** *Hoſte, qui loge, ou herberge; ou, hoſte, qui eſt loge, ou herbergé.*
A **lodging.** *Logis; hebergy, herberge, maiſonnette; hebergement, herbergage, herbergement, herbergerie, herbergement, auberge.*
Lodgings. *Maiſonnages; aeoubet.*
A **lodging** in the forepart of the houſe. *Avant-logis.*
Loe. *Voici, voila; regardez.*
A **loft.** *Plancher.*
A hay-**loft.** *Fenil, foinil, fenault.*
A corne-**loft.** *Grenier.*
Loftie. *Haultain, hautain, hauſſaire, haut, hault, hupé, huppé, magnifique, altier.*
To become **loftie.** *Devenir haultain, ou hautain; S'huper.*
Loftie-minded. *Orgueilleux, ſuperbe.*
Loftily. *Haultainement, hautainement, hautement, haultement.*
To carry himſelfe **loftily.** *Voler de haulte aile.*
Loftineſſe. *Haultainté, hautainté, hauiſſerie.*
A **logge.** *Billot, buche de bois, bois de moule, ſouche.*
A little **logge.** *Soucheste.*
A **logger-head.** *Madoure, teſte de bauf, michon, minchon, teuaſſe, vaſſibouſier, aſne, bachelier en buche.*
A ſleepie **loggerhead.** *Guillot le ſongeur.*
Logicke. *Logique.*
A **Logician.** *Logicien.*
A **Lohoch** (electuarie.) *Lohoc, loch, looh, loot.*
Loiall, and **loialtie.** *Voyez* Loyall and Loyaltie.
The **loine.** *La longe, langale, longue, lombe.*
The ſur-**loine.** *Haut ſoſé.*
That hath his **loines** broke. *Eſrenè.*
To **loiter.** *Truander, begander, s'attrumander, ceſſer, tardiver, pareſſer.*
Loitered. *Ceſſé, trumandé.*
A **loiterer.** *Faineant, nigaud, beguenaudeur.*
A **loittering.** *Ceſſation, tardance, tardiveté, faineantiſe, faintance, pareſſe.*
Loitering. *Pareſſeux.*
Loittering rogues. *Gens de ſac & de corde, avanturiers vagagonds.*
To **loll** (or leane on.) *S'accouder ſur.*
To **loll** a bed. *Tenir la teſte ſur l'oreiller.*
Lolling, *Flache, flaccide.*
A **Lombard.** *Lombard.*
Lome. *Pel, bauge.*
A **lone.** *Preſtation, Preſt. Voyez* Loane.
Long. *Leng.*
A **long** (ſlow-backe, or) gangrell. *Longue eſchine.*
Long-necked. *Long-encollé.*
A **long** (in muſicke.) *Longue.*
Ere **long.** *En bref, avant qu'il ſoit long temps.*
Not **long.** *Guere.*
A **long-legd** beetle. *Bupreſte. Voyez* Beetle.
To **long** for. *Appetir.*
To **long** after. *Regretter, regreter.*
I think **long** till. *Il me tarde qui.*
Somewhat **long.** *Oblong.*
A veſſell, plot, or proportion more **long** then broad. *Barlong, barlongue, berlong.*
Of **long** continuance. *De longue durée.*
So **long** as I live. *Tant que je vivray.*
Long agoe. *Il y a long temps.*
How **long** is it agoe. *Combien y a-il depuis.*
A **long-tongue.** *Langue parlereſſe.*
How **long.** *Combien, combien de temps, combien long.*
Not **long** ſince. *N'aguers, naguers, nauvellement.*
Not **long** before. *Vn peu au parauant.*
A **long** time. *Long temps, longuement.*
Long-ſufferance. *Longanimité.*
Longed for. *Appeté, deſiré.*
A **longing** after. *Affection, envie.*
The **longing** (of women.) *L'envie d'une femme enceinte.*
Put into a **longing.** *Affolenté.*
To ſet a **longing** after. *Affriander de, attalenter.*
To ſatisfie his **longing.** *Paſſer ſon envie.*
Longiſh, or ſomewhat long. *Longuet, longuette.*
Longitude. *Longitude; ou comme* Length, or Longneſſe.
Longly. *Longuement. Voyez* a Long time.
Longneſſe. *Longitude, longueur, longueurie.*
A **lobbe.** *Longue-eſchine, trouſſe-coſtes.*
A **loſt.** *De long.*
To **looke** *Veoir, regarder, mirer.*
To **looke** well to. *Prendre garde.*
To **looke** about him. *Regarder à l'entour; adviſer, aviſer.*
To **looke** (as out of a window.) *Baſter.*
To **looke** after. *Regreter.*
To **looke** backe. *Regarder derriere.*
To **looke** for *Attendre, eſpecter.*
A proud, big, ſurly, ſcornefull **looke.** *Oeil de carré, gros oeil.*
Ones **looke.** *Caire, mine; morgue, myne.*
Scarce a good **looke.** *Maigre mine.*
To **looke** to. *Tenir l'oeil à, adviſer, aviſer, penſer, panſer, garder.*
To **looke** wantonly on. *Oeillader, oeillarder.*
To **looke** askew, or awry. *Regarder de travers.*
To **looke** in the face. *Adviſage.*
A **looke.** *Regard, mine, oeil, regardeure, regardure.*
An amorous **looke.** *Oeillade.*
A crabbed **looke.** *Grimace.*
A ſad ſowre **looke.** *Malengroin, morgue.*
To **looke** aſquint. *Regarder bigle.*
To **looke** ſowerly. *Morguer.*
To **looke** up. *Regarder en haut.*
A maker of ſower **lookes.** *Morgueur, morgueux.*
Looked at. *Veu, regardé, miré.*
Looked after. *Regretté.*
Looked in the face. *Adviſagé.*
Looked for. *Attendu.*
Looked on wantonly. *Oeillade.*
Looked to. *Gardé.*
Ill **looked** to. *Amonchali.*
One that **looks** eagerly, earneſtly or greedily. *Bayard, bayarde.*
A **looker.** *Regardeur.*
A **looker** on. *Spectateur.*
A **looking.** *Regardement.*
A **looking** about. *Circonſpection.*
A **looking** for. *Attente.*
A **looking** unto. *Gardeur.*
A **looking-glaſſe.** *Miroir, mirouer.*
A **looking-glaſſe** maker. *Miroitier, mirouillier, mirouaillier, miraillier.*
Often **looking** into a **looking-glaſſe.** *Mirouaillier.*
Of a **looking** glaſſe. *Miraillier.*
A (weavers) **loome.** *Meſtier (de tiſſerand.)*
Lopes (of twiſt lace.) *Gauets.*
The **lopes** whereby the eares of a skiffe do hang to the thoules. *Strapes.*
A **lope-hole.** *Larmier; goulet de feneſtre.*
A **lope-hole** for ordnance. *Canonniere.*
Loſable (likely to be loſt.) *Perdable.*
To **looſe.** *Perdre.*
To **looſe** time. *Perdre temps, prendre ez nuées.*
To **looſe** his labour. *Batre l'eau, tourner brique, ſerer les mes.*
To **looſe,** make **looſe** (or unfaſt.) *Deſatacher, deſlier.*
To grow **looſe.** *Alacher.*
Looſe. *Laxatif, laſche.*
Growne **looſe.** *Alaché.*
A growing **looſe.** *Alachiſſement.*
Looſe-ſtrife (an herbe.) *Onogire.*
Looſed. *Laſché, deſlié, deſlaché.*
To **looſen.** *Alenir, alaſcher, deſcoudre; deſlier, alantir, allanir, s'avaſcher.*
Looſened. *Alaché, alenti, avaſché.*
A **looſening.** *Alentiſſement, alachiſſement.*
A **looſe.** *Perdeur.*
A **looſing.** *Amiſſion, perte, perdement.*
To **loppe** (trees.) *Esbrancher, desbrancher, couper les branches des arbres, debrancher.*
Lopped. *Esbranché, debranché, debranché.*
A **lopping.** *Esbranchement.*
Loppings. *Ramiſons.*
Loquacitie. *Loquacité. Voyez* Talkativeneſſe.
A **Lord.** *Seigneur.*
Titulark **Lords.** *Seigneurs honnoraires.*
To play the **Lord,** or **lord** it. *Seigneurier.*
Made **Lord** of. *Enſeigneuré.*
My **Lord.** *Mon ſeigneur.*
Lordly. *Seigneurial; Imperieux, ez ſeigneurie.*
Lordſhip. *Seigneurie.*
A **loriot** (bird.) *Loriot, Lorion.*
To **loſe.** *Voyez* to **Looſe.**
Loſſe. *Perte, dommage, jaclure, deniſſant.*
Loſt. *Perdu, ebrué.*
The **Lote** tree. *Lote, aliſier, fregolier, micocolier, micocoulier, myocoulier, alizier.*
The red **lote.** *Aliſier.*

The

The gray **Lote**. *Aliſier gris.*
The river **lote** (a little muddie fiſh.) *Marmote.*
Lote berries. *Micocoules, aliſe.*
Lot. *Lot, ſort.*
Divination by **lots**. *Sortilege.*
To caſt **lots** for. *Lotir, lottir, balotter, jetter le ſort.*
A caſting of **lots**, a chooſing by **lots**. *Balotage, balotement.*
A **Lotterie**. *Balotage, ſort.*
Lovage. *Leveſche, leveſſe, ſmirge.*
Love. *Amour, affection, amitié.*
To **love**. *Aimer.*
To **love** exceedingly. *Ardoir, ardre.*
Love of God. *Pieté.*
In **love**. *Amoureux.*
Love of our neighbour. *Charité.*
A **love** (a Sweet-heare.) *Amie.*
Selfe-**love**. *Philautie.*
A little **love** (or Sweet heart.) *Amiette, amoureau.*
Love of wiſdome. *Philoſophie.*
Farre gone, or over head and eares in **love**. *Outré d'amour.*
Love-trickes. *Amourettes.*
My **love**. *M'amie.*
A **love** letter, or meſſage. *Poulet.*
A **love** potion, or charme. *Philtre.*
To make **love** unto. *Mugueter, mugueter, faire l'amour à.*
Loveable. *Aimable.*
Loved. *Aimé.*
A **lover**. *Aimant, amateur, amoureux, amant, ami.*
A ſhee **lover**. *Amante, amoureuſe, amie, amatrice.*
Lovely. *Amiable.*
Loving. *Aimant.*
Moſt **loving**. *Aime-tout.*
Lovingly. *Amiablement, amoureuſement.*
Lovingneſſe. *Amiableté.*
A **lourdan**, or **lurden**. *Lourdaut, falourdin.*
A **Louſe**. *Poul. Voyez* Lowſe.
A **loute**. *Loricard, lourdault, falourdin, baligaut.*
To **loute**, or **lowze**. *Faire la mine.*
To play the **loute**. *Loricarder.*
Loutiſh. *Mauſſade, morne.*
Loutiſhly. *Mauſſadement.*
Low. *Bas, vil, Baſique.*
To make or bring **low**. *Abbaiſſer.*
Made, or brought **low**. *Abbaiſſé, humilié.*
To keep **low**. *Rongner les ailes à*
A making **low**. *Abbaiſſement.*
Of **low** ſtature. *De petite ſtature.*
A **low** ſcrub. *Vn manche d'eſtrille.*
To **low** (as an oxe, or cow.) *Mugler, meugler, meurler, mugir, murter.*
A **low**-bell (hung about a ſheepe or goates neck.) *Sampongne; tantan.*
Lowd. *Sonoreux.*
Lowdly. *Meuglé.*
Lower. *Plus bas.*
Loweſt. *Le plus bas de tous, treſbas;* (*Superlatif de* Low.)
A **lowing**. *Meuglement, mugiſſement, muglement.*
Lowlineſſe. *Humilité, baſſeſſe, baſſeur.*
Lowly. *Humble; peneux.*
Lowlily, or **lowly** (adverbe.) *Baſſement, humblement.*
The **lowneſt**. *Le moindre, le plus bas.*
To **lowze**. *Foigner, fognir, faire le groin, faire la mine, borgnoyer.*
Lowzing. *Affreux.*
A **lowzing**. *Affreuſeté.*
Lowzing weather. *Temps morne.*
Lowzingly. *Mornement.*
A **lowſe**. *Vn poul, eſparvier de montagu.*
A crab **lowſe**. *Morpion.*
A hog-**lowſe**. *Poul de porc.*
The ſea-**lowſe**. *Poul de mer.*
To **lowſe**. *Pouiller.*
Lowſe-**wort**. *Herbe aux poux, ou, aux pouilleux. Voyez* Staveſacre.
To **lowſe** (as rogues) under a hedge. *Caignarder.*
Lowſie, or full of Lice. *Pouillard, pouilleux, pediculaire.*
Lowſineſſe. *Pouillerie.*
A **lowſe**. *Comme* Loute. *Lequel Voyez.*
Loyall. *Loyal, fidele.*
Loyally. *Loyaulment, fidelement.*
Loyaltie. *Loyalté, fidelité.*
A **loyne**, and **loyter**. *Voyez* Loine, and Loiter.
To **loyter**. *Voyez* Loiter.
A **lozell** (or a Lubber.) *Loricard; maſchefoyn, vaſtibouſier. Voyez* a Lobcocke, a Loute.
A **lubber**. *Vaſtibouſier, baligaut, ou comme* a Lozell.
Lubberly. *En loricard, en baligaut.*
Lucifer. *Lucifer, eſtoille du matin.*
Lucke. *Fortune, heur, ſort, adventure, auſpice, encontre.*
Good **lucke**. *Bon heur, bonne encontre, bonne adventure, bonne fortune.*
Ill **lucke**. *Malheur, deſadventure, infortune. Voyez* Ill happe.
Bringing ill **lucke**. *Malencontreux.*
Luckie. *Heureux.*
Luckily. *A la bonne heure.*
Luckineſſe. *Bon heur.*
Lucre. *Gain, profit.*
For **lucres** ſake. *Sordidement.*
Luggage (of a company.) *Bernage, bagage.*
A cariage of **luggage**. *Bagagier.*
To **lugge**. *Houſpiller; ſe houſpiller l'un l'autre, bouſſepailler.*
The **lugge** of the eare. *Voyez* liſt and tip.
Lugged *Houſpillé, boſpillé.*
A **lugging**. *Houſpillement, bouſepillement.*
Luke warme. *Tiede.*
To make **luke**-warme. *Tieder, tiedéer.*
To grow **luke**-warme. *Se tiedir.*
Lukewarmely. *Tiedement.*
Lukewarmeneſſe. *Tiedeté.*
To **lull** aſleepe. *Aſſopir, aſſoupir.*
To **lull**. *Mignarder, mignardiſer.*
To **lull** the minde aſleepe with faire words. *Amadoüer.*
A **lullaby**. *Dodo.*
A **lulling** aſleepe. *Aſſopiſſement.*
A **lulling** the minde aſleepe with pleaſing tearmes. *Amadoüement.*
Lulled aſleepe with faire ſpeeches. *Aſſopi, amadoüé.*
A **luller**. *Mignardeur.*
Lumber. *Gros fatras.*
Little **lumpes** of things. *Paſtilles.*
A **lump** of earth. *Motte; motelet, mottelette, motteau.*
A **lumpe**. *Maſſe.*
The **lump** (fiſh) puddle, ſea-owle. *Le ſuetolt.*
To wax **lumpiſh**. *S'affeſſir, S'appeſantir.*
Lumpiſh. *Groſſe, lourd, gourd, lourdin, lourdinet, malplaiſant, mauplaiſant, rude; morne, tonaſſier.*
Lumpiſhly. *Lourdement, mornement.*
Lumpiſhneſſe. *Lourderie, lourdiſe, mauplaiſance, rudeſſe.*
Lunacie. *Avertin, frenaiſie.*
Lunarie (herbe.) *Lunaire, taure.*
Lunaticke. *Lunatique, avertineux, frenatique.*
To become **lunaticke**. *S'Avertiner.*
A **lunchion**, or big peece. *Caribot, barion.*
A hawkes **lunes**. *Lanieres, des alanges.*
The **lunges**. *Les poulmons.*
Lung-wort. *Herbe aux poulmons; ofire.*
A **lungis**. *Longis.*
The (pulſe) **lupines**. *Lupin.*
To **lurch**. *Fortraire.*
The game at tables called, **lurch**. *Ourche.*
A **lurch**. *Lourche.*
He was left in the **lurch**. *Il demeure lourche.*
Lurcher. *Fortraict.*
A **lurching**. *Fortraction.*
A **lurden**. *Comme* a Lourdan.
A (faulconers) **lure**. *Leurre.*
To **lure**, to man or make for the **lure**. *Leurrer.*
Lured. *Leurré, lurré.*
To **lurke**. *Se cacher, muſſer.*
To **lurke** in caves and dennes. *Groteſquer.*
Lurked. *Muſſé.*
Lurking. *Caché, muſſé.*
A **lurking** hole. *Cachette, cachette, tapinaudiere, taniere, apocriphe.*
Luſerne. *Eſpece de fourreure. voyez* Luzarne
Luſhious. *Mielleux.*
Luſhiouſly. *Mielleuſement.*
A **luſke**. *Halebreda, falourdin, loricard, longue eſchine, trente coſtes, vaſtibouſier, baligaut, faineant.*
An ugly **luſke**. *Vn gros marrouffle.*
To **luſke**, or play the **luſke**. *Loricarder.*
Luſkiſh. *Maudolé.*
Luſt. *Concupiſcence, appetit.*
To **luſt** after. *Appeter.*
To **luſt**. *Fretiller.*
Extreme **luſt**. *Avidité.*
Luſt provoking meat, or ſtuffe. *Poudre aggrippine.*
Luſted for. *Appeté.*
Luſtfull. *Fretillant, fretillard, mieſureux, mieſure.*
A **luſtfull** companion. *Fretilleur.*
A **luſtfull** tricke. *Mariolement.*
Luſtfullneſſe. *Mieſureſſe.*
Luſter. *Luſtre.*
Luſtie. *Haité, haitié, habile, vivace; acreſté, gaillard, alaigre, avigouri, accreſté.*
Luſtily. *Habilement, gaillardement, alaigrement.*
Luſtineſſe. *Hait, haiſt, habileté, habilité, vivacité, gaillardiſe, gaillardeté, alaigreté, alaigreſſe.*
A **lute**. *Lut, luc, luth.*
A **luteſtring**. *Corde de luc.*
Luxurie. *Luxure, bobance, bobans.*
Luxurious. *Luxurieux.*
A **luxurious** waſter. *Bobancier.*
Luxuriouſneſſe. *Comme* Luxurie.
A **luzarne**. *Loup cervier.*
To **lye**. *Mentir. Voyez* to Lie.
To **lye** downe. *Coucher.*
To **lye** neere unto. *Geſir au prés.*
A **lye**. *Menſonge.*

A liar. *Menteur.*
A lying. *Menterie, Barat.*
Lying. *Menteux, menſonger, fabuleux.*
A lying downe in bed. *Accouchement.*
The lying in of a woman. *Geſine.*
A lying in waite. *Aguet.*
Lying neere unto. *Ioignant, limitrophe.*
Lyingly. *Menſongerement.*
A lympine. *Patelle.* Voyez A limpine.
A lyon. *Lion.*
A Lyons whelpe, or young Lyon. *Lionceau, lionneau.*
A ſea Lyon. *Lion de mer.*
Full of Lyons. *Lionneux.*
A keeper of Lyons. *Lionnier.*
Lyon tawnie colour. *Couleur Lionnin, Lionnin.*
A Lyonelle. *Lionne.*
Lyon-like, Lyonlily, of a Lyon. *Lionin, Lionnin.*
Lyons-ſoot, Lyons-paw, or Lyons-claw. *Pied de lion, pas de lion, alchimille; patte de lion, ebre.*
The (muſicall inſtrument called) Lyra. *Lire, lyre.*
Lyricke. *Lyrique.*
A Lyter. *Gabarre, habarre.* Voyez a Lighter.
A Lyterman. *Gabarrier.*

M

A Macaronicke, (or confuſed heape of many ſeverall things together.) *Macaronique.*
Macaroones, or Macarons. *Macarons.*
A mace. *Maſſue.*
A ſergeants Mace. *Verge.*
A mace of armes. *Maſſe d'armes, hache d'armes.*
A mace bearer, a ſergeant of the mace. *Maſſier, ſergent à maſſe, ou, à maſſe d'argent.*
Mace (a ſpice.) *Macis.*
To macerate. *Macrer, amaigrir, emmaigrir.*
Macerated. *Macerè, amaigri, emmaigri, debiſé.*
A maceration. *Maceration, emaciation.*
Machiavelliſme. *Machiavelliſme, la meſchante police & pratique de machiavel, d'ouvrient.*
To play the Machiavell. *Machiavelliſer.*
To machinate. *Machiner.* Voyez to frame, deviſe, plot.
A machination. *Machination.*
A machinator. *Machinateur.*
A mackerell (fiſh.) *Maquereau, macreau, poiſſon d'Awril, veirat.*
Mad. *Inſenſé, forcené, furieux, furibond, enragé, maniaque, maniacle.*
To be mad. *Forcener, enrager, ſevir.*
A mad dog. *Chien enragé.*
A mad harebrain'd aſſe. *Materruys.*
Madame. *Madame.* Tirtre donné à vne Dame.
A madcap. *Gouinſre, goinſre; gale bon temps.*
Madly. *Furieuſement, enragément.*
Madneſſe. *Rage, forcenerie, forcenement, furie, enragement, mal de S. mathurin, maladie de S. mathurin, manie;* Nerſſeru.
Madder (to die with.) *Garance, guarance, garence, herbe aux teinſturiers, rubie majeur, ou des teinturiers.*
Wilde madder. *Garance ſauvage.*
Died with madder. *Garancé.*
A madder yard, or madder ground. *Garenciere.*
Made. *Faict, fait.* Participe du verbe To make; *auſſi l'Imperfeit* I made. *Ie faiſoy, ou, Ie fei.*
Made much of. *Cheri, feſtoyé, careſſé.*
Made readie. *Appareillé.* Voyez Made.
To make in the mouth. *Beguayer, parler brutif.*
A making in the mouth. *Beguayement.*
A magatapie. *Iaquette, jaquette, agaſſe.*
A Magazine. *Magazin.* Voyez Storehouſe.
A Maggot. *Tarmée.*
Magicall. *Magique.*
A magitian. *Magicien.*
Magicke. *Magique.*
A magiſtracie. *Magiſtrature, office.*
A magiſtrate. *Magiſtrat.*
Magnanimitie. *Magnanimité, generoſité, megalopſychie.*
Magnanimous. *Magnanime, genereux, vaillant, hardi, de grand cœur.*
Magnanimouſly. *Magnanimement, genereuſement.*
The Magnes ſtone. *Pierre miniere.*
The magnificate. *Le Magnificat.*
Magnificence. *Magnificence, garre.*
Magnificent. *Magnifique.*
Magnificently. *Magnifiquement.*
To magnifie. *Magnifier, exaulcer, exalter.*
Magnified. *Magnifié, exaulcé, exalté.*
A magnifying. *Exaulcement.*
A maide. *Fille, pucelle, vierge.*
A yong maid, or maiden. *Hardelle, fillette, meſchinon.*
An old maid. *Luberdine.*
A maid-ſervant. *Servante, chambriere, mechine, meſchine.*
A helper of maides to ſervices. *Recommanderesſe.*
A chamber-maid. *Fille de chambre, chambriere, mechine, meſchinon.*
A maiden Comme a Maid.
A maiden-head. *Pucelage, virginité.*
That hath loſt her maiden-head. *Deſpucelée, fille-femme, pucelle de marolles.*
To take the maiden-head, or depriue of her maiden-head. *Deſpuceler, puceler.*
The taking of a maiden-head. *Deſpucellement.*
Maiden-haire. *Cheveul de Venus.*
Maidenly, of, or belonging to a Maid. *Puceal; modeſte.*
Maidenlineſſe. *Modeſtie.*
Maie (moneth.) *May.*
Alſo, I may. *Ie peux, or je puis.*
Majeſtie. *Majeſté, royalité.*
Full of majeſtie. *Majeſteux.*
Majeſticall. *Majeſteux, royal, magnifique.*
Majeſtically (with majeſtie.) *Royalement, magnifiquement.*
Maile. *Maille.*
A coate or ſhirt of maile. *Haubert, haubergeon; cotte de maille.*
To arme with a coate of maile. *Mailler.*
Armed with a coate of maile. *Maillé.*
The maile of the coate of a Hawke. *Haglure.*
Mailed (or ſpeckled, as the coate of a hawke.) *Haglé, grivelé, grivolé.* Voyez Meneld, peckeled, ſpeckled.
To maime. *Mutiler, tronſonner, tronquer, mehaigner, tronſonner, eſtropier, ſtropier.*
A maime. *Mehaing, meſhain.*
Maimed. *Mutilé, mehaigné, tronçonné, malficié, manque, may-mis, eſtropié, eſtropiat.*
A maimed creature. *Manqueret.*
A maining. *Mutilation, tronçonnement.*
Maine. *Comme* The maine ſea. *La mer oceane.*
To put into the maine. *Faire cap à la mer.*
Living in the maine ſea. *Oceanique.*
By maine ſtrength. *A toute force.*
To maintaine. *Maintenir, ſouſtenir, ſupporter, ſuſtenter, ou Nourrir, ſoubſtenir, tenir le menton à, ſubvenir; patrocinar.*
Maintained. *Maintenu, ſuſtenté, ſupporté, nourri.*
A maintainer. *Qui maintient, ſouſtient, ſupporte, ſuſtente, ou nourrit, manutenitur, patron.*
A maintaining. *Maintenance, maintenue, ſouſtenement, ſoubſtenement.*
Maintaining. *Suſtentifique.*
Maintenance. *Maintenance, maintenuë, ſupport, ſouſtenance, manutention; nourriture.*
A major, or mayor of a city or towne. *Le maire, majeur, gouverneur d'une ville.*
The Lord Major of London. *Le Maire, Gouverneur, principal magiſtrat, & chancelier de la ville de Londres, annuellement choiſi par ſes Citoyens.*
The major propoſition of a Syllogiſme. *Le majeur, la premiere propoſition d'un Syllogiſme.*
The major (or greater) part. *La majeur partie.*
A majordome, majorſhip, majoralcie. *Mairerie, mairie.*
Majority. *Majorité.*
Mais (Turkie corne.) *Millet d'Inde.*
A maiſter. *Maiſtre, Seigneur.*
Maiſter. *Monſieur.*
A maiſter of Arts. *Maiſtre es arts.*
To paſſe maiſter of Art. *Prendre le bonnet.*
A maiſter of a ſchoole, or a ſchoole-maiſter. *Maiſtre d'eſchole.*
My maiſters. *Noſſieurs.*
A maiſter beame. Voyez a Summer.
Maiſter of a company of artificers. *Le majeur d'un meſtier.*
A maiſter ſergeant (in foreſts,) *Maiſtre-ſergent.*
A maiſter of Fence, or defence. *Maiſtre eſcrimeur.*
Maiſter of requeſts. *Maiſtre de requeſtes.*
A maiſter of a ſhip. *Patron, ou, maiſtre de navire, nauſiclete.* ¶ Rab.
The maiſter of the ordnance. *Le grand maiſtre de l'artilerie.*
Maiſter of the Rolles. *Maiſtre des roules, garde des regiſtres.*
Maiſter-like. *Magiſtralement.*

The **maiſter** of the Wardrobe. *Argentier du Roy.*
A **maiſter-peece.** *Chef d'œuvre.*
The **maiſters** fide (in a priſon.) *Le quarreau du priſon.*
To **maiſter.** *Maiſtriſer, maiſtrier, gouverner.*
A **maiſterfull** dame. *Femme teſtuë.*
Maiſterie (or rule.) *Maiſtriſe, ſeigneuriage.*
Maiſterie, a maſters; a maſters peece. *Magiſtere.*
Maiſterſhip, or the place of a maſter. *Maiſtriſe, magiſtere.*
Maiſterwoot (herbe.) *Otruche.*
Maiſtred. *Maiſtriſé, gouverné.*
A **maiſtering.** *Gouvernement.*
Maiſtering. *Governant.*
Maiſterleſſe-man (without houſe or home.) *Malgiſant.*
Maiz. *Mais, mayz, bled des Indes.*
Makeable. *Faiſable, faiſible.*
To **make.** *Faire; former; compoſer.*
To **make** account. *S'aſſeurer.*
To **make** account of. *Eſtimer.*
To **make bate.** *Faire noiſe & contention.*
A **makebate.** *Attiſe-feu, barceleur, ſurſemeur de noiſes.*
A brawling **makebate.** *Attiſe-querelle, aimt-noiſe.*
To **make** affraid. *Faire les affres à, effrayer, effroyer, eſpouventer.*
To **make** as it. *Faire ſemblant de, faire mine de.*
To **make** aſhamed. *Ahontir, vergongner.*
To **make** a bed. *Dreſſer un lict.*
To **make** alliance. *Faire alliance.*
To **make** be done. *Faire faire.*
To **make** free. *Affranchir.*
To **make** it goodly. *Faire la petite bouche, faire la ſucrée, faire les doux yeulx.*
To **make** haſt. *Se haſter.*
To **make** way unto. *Faire jour à.*
To **make** money of. *Vendre.*
To **make** better. *Ameliorer, meliorer, meilleurer.*
To **make** a ſhew of. *Faire mine de, faire ſemblant de.*
To **make** a covenant. *Convenancer, pactionner.*
To **make** blind. *Aveugler.*
To **make** friends. *Accorder.*
To **make** a feaſt. *Feſtoyer, feſtier, faire feſtin.*
To **make** the moſt of. *Vendre au plus offrant.*
To **make** much of. *Feſtoyer, cherir, careſſer, cadeler.*
To **make** roome. *Faire largue.*
To **make** nothing of. *Deſeſtimer.*
To **make** a ſtand. *Faire halte.*
To **make** ready. *Appareiller.*
To **make** a huge ſtirre. *Faire gros hahay.*
To **make** up his mouth. *Faire ſa main.*
To **make** uſe of any thing comes (in his way.) *Faire de tous bois flesches.*
A **maker.** *Faiſeur.*
A **making.** *Facture, faiſſure.*
A **making** free. *Affranchiſſement.*
A **making** better. *Melioration.*
A **making** much of. *Careſſe.*
Making much of. *Feſtoyant.*
A **making** ready. *Appareillement.*
A **maladie.** *Maladie. Voyez* a Sickneſſe.
The **malanders** (a horſes diſeaſe.) *Malendres, malandres; mal ſeru.*
To play the **malapart** raſcall. *Marmitonner.*
Malapart. *Mal appris, mieure, rogue.*
A **malapart** fellow. *Marmiton.*
Malapartly. *Comme vn mal appris,* roguement.
A **male** (or budget.) *Male, valiſe.*
A little **male.** *Bougette, malette, mallette.*
A double **male.** *Anſorge.*
A **male** (or he creature.) *Maſle.*
Male (Adjective.) *Maſle, male, maſculine, viril.*
The **male-kind.** *Maſculeyté.*
The ſeventh **male.** *Heptomagene.*
Malecontent. *Malcontent, marri.*
Malecontentednes. *Malcontentement, marriſſon.*
A **malefactor.** *Malfaicteur, mal-faiſant.*
A **male** horſe (that carrieth a male.) *Mallier, cheval qui porte la male.*
Malevolent, malevolous. *Malivole, malvueillant.*
Malice. *Malice, haine, malvueillance.*
Purpoſed, or prepenſed **malice.** *Malignité.*
To **malice.** *Haïr, maligner.*
Malicious. *Malicieux, maling, maligne. malivole, malvueillant, mauvais.*
Maliciouſly. *Malicieuſement, malignement, perverſement.*
Maliciouſneſſe. *Mauvaiſtié.*
Malignant. *Maling, maligne, malvueillant.*
Malignantly. *Malignement.*
Malignitie. *Malignité.*
Malleable (hammerable.) *Malleable, maleable.*
To **mall.** *Matraſſer. Voyez* **Maule.**
A **mall,** or **maule.** *Mail.*
A **Mallard.** *Malart.*
A **malediction.** *Malediction. Voyez* a curſe.
A **mallet.** *Maillet, marteau.*
To beat, bruſe, or pound with a **mallet.** *Mailloter.*
Beaten with a **mallet.** *Mailloté.*
Beating with a **mallet.** *Maillotant.*
The **mallet** (fiſh.) *Gagnole.*
Mallowes. *Maulve, mauve.*
Marſh **mallowes.** *Guimaulves, roſe d'outre mer, maulve de jardin, menus panais.*
Vermin **mallowes;** cut, Simons, or wild **mallowes.** *Guimaulves ſauvages, herbe de S. Simeon.*
Mallow-flower colour. *Gris violant.*
Malmeſie (wine.) *Malvoiſie, malvaiſie.*
Of **malmeſie.** *Malvoiſin.*
A **mamaluke** (Egyptian light horſeman.) *Mameluc, mamaluc, mammeluch.*
Mamme, or **mam.** *Mammam. Voix de petit enfançon.*
Mammockes. *Miettes, fragmens, mioches, morceletz.*
A **man.** *Homme.*
A yong **man.** *Jeune homme.*
An old **man.** *Vieillard.*
A little or low **man.** *Hommet, hommeau, hommelet, hommenet.*
A **man-ſervant.** *Serviteur.*
A **man** of no account, or credit. *Mariaulet.*
Manacles (hand-fetters.) *Manettes, manicles, manottes, grillonnes, grezillons.*
To **manacle.** *Amanoter, emmanoter.*
Manacled. *Amanoté, emmanoté.*
To **manage.** *Manier, ameſnager.*
The **manage,** or **managing** (of a horſe.) *Manege; menage.*
The ſouldiers **manage.** *Paſſade, repolon.*
Managed. *Manié; mené, ameſnagé.*
A **manager.** *Manieur.*
A **managing.** *Maniement, maniance.*
A **mancher.** *Miche, pain de chapitre.*
A ſmall **mancher.** *Michette.*
A **manciple** in a College. *Pitancier.*
The **mandible.** *Mandibules. Voyez* the law.
A **mandilian.** *Mandil, mandille.*
A **mandrake.** *Mandragore, mandegloire, mandregloire.*
The **mane** (of a horſe.) *Jube.*
Manfull. *Viril.*
Manfully. *Virilment.*
Manfulneſſe. *Virilité.*
A **manger.** *Manjore, mangeoire.*
The **mange.** *La rongne, la galle.*
Mangie. *Galleux, rongneux, roigneux.*
A **mangie** punke. *Galoiſe.*
Mangieneſſe. *Rongne, mal de S. Main, mal de S. Roch, maladie de S. Main, roigne.*
To **mangle.** *Mangonner.*
Manhood. *Virilité, preud'hommie, maſculeyté.*
Manie, or **many.** *Maint, pleuſieurs, nombreux.*
A **manie.** *Multitude.*
How **manie?** *Combien?* (en nombre.)
So **manie.** *Autant.*
Manifold. *Multicuple, nombreux.*
Manie times. *Maintes-fois.*
Manifoldneſſe. *Multicuple, multiplicité.*
Manifacture. *Manifacture, manufacture.*
A **manifeſtation.** *Manifeſte, evidence, notorieté, ouverture.*
Manifeſt. *Manifeſte, evident, notoire.*
A **manifeſt** thing. *Choſe evidente, ou manifeſte; mouſches en laict.*
To **manifeſt,** or make **manifeſt.** *Manifeſter, monſtrer.*
Manifeſted. *Manifeſté.*
Manifeſtly. *Manifeſtement, evidemment, notoirement.*
A **maniple.** *Manipulon, manipule; fanon.*
A **manipls** poudred with Ermines. *Manchon d'hermines.*
Mankind. *Le genre humain.*
Manlie, man-like. *Viril.*
Manly. *Virilement.* (Adverb.)
Manlineſſe. *Virilité.*
Manna. *Manne.*
Manna in graines. *Maſticine.*
Manna. graſſe. *Capriole.*
A **manner.** *Maniére, guiſe, ſorte, mode, moyen.*
An ill **manner.** *Male-façon.*
In the ſame **manner.** *Semblablement.*
In ſuch a **manner** that. *En telle maniere que.*
Manners (or conditions.) *Meurs, mœurs.*

Ill **mannered**. *Malufité, immorigeré. Voyez* Vnmannerly.

Mannerly (civill.) *Civil, modeſte, bien morigeré.*

A **Mannour**, a **mannous** houſe. *Manoir, ſeigneurie, manſion.*

A **manſion**. *Manſion, manoir; repoſoir, manſion.*

He that hath a **manſion** houſe. *Manſionnier.*

Manſlaughter. *Homicide.*

A **manſlayer**. *Homicide, homicidere.*

A **mantle**. *Mantel, mante, manteline, robbe.*

A little **mantle**. *Mantelet.*

A ſhort corſe **mantle**. *Houſſe.*

A light (ſummer) **mantle**. *Manlotte.*

The **mantle-tree** of a chimney. *Manteau, enchevestrure de cheminée.*

An Iriſh **mantle**. *Bernie, mante velue.*

A **mantelet**. *Mantelet. Voyez* Mantlet.

A **mantlet** (or pent-houſe for ſouldiers to be ſhrowded under.) *Mantelet.*

Manuall. *Manuel.*

A **mannall**. *Manuel.*

A **manumiſſion**. *Manumiſſion.*

To **manumit**. *Main-mettre.*

Manumitted. *Main-mis.*

To **manure** (or till the ground.) *Cultiver, labourer la terre.*

To **manure** with marle. *Marner.*

To **manure** with dung. *Fumer la terre.*

Manured. *Cultivé, labouré.*

Manured with marle. *Marné.*

A **manuring**. *Cultivage, cultivation, cultivement, labour, labourage.*

Many. *Maint, pluſieurs. Voyez* Manie.

A **maple** tree. *Erable.*

A **mappe**. *Mappe.*

A **mappe** of the world. *Mappe-munde.*

A **marabedite**. *Maravedis, malvedi, maramedi. Piece de monnoye d'Eſpaigne, deſquelles cinquiem 34 font cinq ſols, ou Six pence d'Angleterre.*

Marble. *Marbre.*

A quarrie of **marble**. *Marbriere.*

White **marble**. *Marbre gentil, marbre Parien.*

A ſpotted **marble**. *Marbre ſerpentin, marbre grenu, grenatier, marbre Thebaique.*

Full of, or abounding with, **marble**. *Marbreux.*

A **marble** cutter. *Marbrier.*

Of **marble**, like **marble**. *Marbrin.*

Marbled, done with **marble**, or like **marble**. *Marbré.*

The **Marraſſite** (minerall.) *Marcaſſite, marcaſite.*

March (moneth.) *Le mois de Mars.*

To **march**. *Marcher.*

To **march** back againe. *Remarcher.*

A **march**. *Marche.*

Marchandiſe. *Marchandiſe.*

To exerciſe **Marchandiſe**. *Troffiquer, ſuyure le train de marchandiſe.*

March-coyne. *Mareſche, les mars, bled marſes, ou marſois.*

A poore **marchant**. *Mercadant, mercandeau, mercandier.*

A **marchant**. *Marchand, mercader.*

A conſening **marchant**. *Maquignon, macquignon.*

Marchantly, marchant-like. *Mercantil.*

Marched. *Marché.*

Marchaſite. *Marcaſſite.*

The **marches**. *Marches, liſieres.*

A **marching**. *Marchement, marchure; oultrepaſſement.*

Marching. *Marchant.*

A **marchioneſſe**. *Marquiſe.*

Marchpane. *Pain d'amande.*

A **mare**. *Iument, cavale, peque.*

To cover or leap a **mare**. *Monter la jument, ſaillir la jument, rouſſiner.*

The night **mare**. *Cauchemare, cauchepoulet, cauche-vieille, pezari, coquemarée.*

Margaret. *Margarite.* (*Nom propre de femme.*)

A **Margarite**. *Marguerite.*

A **margent**. *Marge.*

To make a **margent**. *Marger.*

The inward **margent** of a book. *Marge du dos d'un livre.*

Mariable, mariageable. *Mariable. Voyez* Mariageable.

Mariage. *Mariage, nopſage, nopſage.*

A **mariage**. *Nopces, Hymenée.*

A churchmans fee due for **mariage**. *Droict de Nopſage, le paſt nuptial.*

Mariage-able. *Mariable, nubile, preſte à marier.*

By way of **mariage**. *Nopcierement.*

Of, or belonging to, **mariage**. *Hymenean, marital.*

The making of **mariage**. *Nopſage, nopſage.*

They are upon **mariage**. *Ils ſont à l'anneau.*

The **mariage** goods. *Mariage, ſerpaut.*

A **mariage** ſong. *Hymenée.*

A maker of **mariages**. *Mariеur.*

To **marie**. *Marier, ſe marier.*

To **marie** againe. *Remarier.*

Marie. *Marie.* (*nom de femme.*)

Maries bath. *Bain de Marie.*

Maries ſcale. *Scau de S. Marie.*

Maried. *Marié.*

Marjerome. *Marjolaine, marjomme.*

Wild **marjerome**, or origan, grove **marjerome**, or Engliſh wild **marjerom**. *Marjolaine ſauvage, marjolaine d'Angleterre, mitide, origan commun, origan ſauvage.*

Sweet **marjerome, marjerome** gentle. *Marjolaine gentile, petite marjolaine, primme marjolaine, ſamſut.*

Marigets or **marians** violets. *Mariets, violets de mars.*

A **marigold**. *Soulſi, goude, herbe ſolaire, herbe du ſoleil, or de clitie.*

A French **marigold**. *Oillet de Turquie, ou d'Inde.*

Marine. *Marin.*

A **mariner**. *Marinier, matelot, nocher, nautonnier, beſpalier.*

Mariner-like. *à la marineſque.*

Of, or belonging to, a **mariner**. *Marinier.*

Mariners long ſlops. *Marineſques.*

An excellent **mariner**. *Grand homme de marine.*

A **marish**. *Marez, mareſcage. Voyez* Marſh.

Maritime. *Maritime, marin.*

Markable. *Marquable, remarquable.*

A **marke**, (weight of 8 ounces.) *Marc, marq. une ſorte puids.*

A **marke** (in money.) *C'eſt le deux tiers d'un livre ſterlin; aſſavoir, trezze ſhellins & quatre pence d'Angleterre, & en monnoye de France 133 & un tiers ſols.*

A **marke**. *Marque, note, ſigne, ſignacle, ſignal, marqueture, ſing.*

Of **marke**. *Signale.*

A **marke** (diſgraceſull, with a hot iron.) *Flaiſtriſure, flatriſſement.*

A **marke** to ſhoot at. *But, blanc.*

A **marke**, black and blew with a [illegible]. *Sugillation, ſugillation.*

A **marke** with nailes. *Onglade.*

To **marke**. *Marquer, remarquer, obſerver, noter, ſigner.*

To **marke** with chalke. *Croyer.*

Of **marke** (or note.) *Signalé, de marque, notable.*

Ones **marke** (ſet to a writing.) *Signature.*

To **marke** with a hot iron (diſgraceſully.) *Flaiſtrir, flatrer, flaitrir, fleurdeliſer.*

Marked. *Marqué, remarqué, noté, obſervé, ſigné, regardé.*

Marked with black and blew ſpots. *Sugillé.*

Marked with chalke. *Croyé.*

Fit to be **marked**. *Remarquable, marquable.*

Marked with a hot iron. *Flaiſtri, flatré, flatri, fleurdelisé.*

A **marker**. *Remarqueur; ſigneur; obſervateur.*

A **market**. *Marché.*

A fiſh-**market**. *La poiſſonerie.*

A **Market-towne**. *Bourg, ou ville, qui a le privilege d'un marché; ville marchande.*

A **Market**-place. *Marché, place marchande; baſard.*

An open **market-houſe** ſtanding on pillars, &c. *Hale, les halles, les halts.*

A **marking**. *Marqueture; auſſi, regardement.*

Marle (to manure ground with.) *Marne, mail.*

To **marle** ground (or fatten with Marle.) *Marner, mailler.*

Full of **Marle**. *Marneux.*

A **marle pit**. *Marniere, mailleric, marliere.*

Marled (manured with Marle.) *Marné, maillé.*

A **marlie** ſoile (where Marle is gotten.) *Mailleric.*

A **marlin**. *Loyettre.*

Marmalade. *Mermelade.*

Marmalade of quinces *Coſignat, codignac.*

A **Marmoſet**. *Marmot; guenon, monnine, monine.*

A little **Marmoſet**. *Sagoin, ſaguin, guenupe.*

A ſhee **Marmoſet**. *Marmotte, marmote.*

A **Marquiſe**. *Marquis, marcgrave.*

A **Marquiſate, Marquiſhip, Marquiſdome**. *Marquiſate; auſſi, marque.*

To **marre**. *Gaſter; bendrir, corrompre; vicier, perdre.*

Marred. *Gaſté, corrompu, vicié.*

To be **marred**. *Perir.*

A **marrer**. *Gaſteur, corrompeur, qui gaſte.*

A woman **marrer**, *Gaſtreſſe, corrompeuſe, corruptrice.*

A **marting**. *Gaſtement, corruptement, corruption.*
Marrow. *Moëlle, moëlle, medulle.*
The **marrow** of the backe-bone. *Spinale medulle, ou, moyëlle.*
The **marrow** of a fowle. *Agey.*
Marrowie. *Moëlleux; medullaire, medulleux, moilleux.*
Mars. *Mars.* (*Nom de planete.*)
A **marſh**. *Marets, marëſcage, marez, marais.*
Marſhie, or **marſh-like**. *Marëſcageux.*
A **marſhall**. *Mareſcal.*
To **marſhall** (or ranke in order.) *Ordonner.*
A **marſhallſhip**; the **marſhallſey**. *Mareſchaucée, mareſchauſsée.*
The **marſhalſey**. *Le nom d'un priſon en Southwarke, Bourg joignant à la ville de Londres.*
Marſhalled. *Ordonné.*
A **marſhaller**. *Ordonneur.*
A **Mart**. *Foire; foire bien grande, comme celle de Lyons, ou de Francfort.*
Leuers of **mart**. *Lettres de repriſailles.*
Martiall. *Martial, guerrier, dieu-mars, mavortien.*
A **martialiſt**. *Guerroyeur, guerrier.*
A **martin**, or **martlet**. *Marte, martin, martre.* (*Petite beſte.*)
A **martin**, or **martlet** (bird.) *Martinet, martelet.*
The great (black, ſcritching) **martin**. *Montardier.*
A **martingall** (for a horſe.) *Martingale, caveſſine; camarre.*
A **martlet** (in blaſon.) *Merlette.*
Martlemas. *La S. Martin.*
Martlemas beefe. *Breſil; beuf ſalé & fumé.*
A **martyre**. *Martyr.*
To **martyre**. *Martyrer, martyriſer.*
Martyrdome. *Martyre.*
Martyre-like. *Martyrement.*
A **Martyrologie** (or booke of Martyrs.) *Martyrologie.*
To **marvell**. *S'eſmerveiller.*
A **marvell**. *Merveille.*
To make to **marvell**. *Eſmerveiller.*
Marvelled. *Eſmerveillé.*
A **marvelling**. *Eſmerveillement.*
Marvellous. *Eſmerveillable, merveillable, merveilleux, miraculeux.*
A **marvellous** thing. *Miracle.*
Marvellouſly. *Merveilleuſement, à merveilles.*
A **marying**. *Mariement, nopçage, nopſage.*
A **maſcle** (a ſhort lozenge with a ſquare hole;) in blaſon. *Macle.*
Maſculine. *Maſculin; maſle.*
The **maſculine** gender. *Genre maſculin.*
To **maſh** (or blend together.) *Mixtionner, miſtionner.*
The **maſh** or **meſh** (or holes) of a net. *Macle, mache, ou macque d'un rets.*
A **maſh**, or mixture. *Mixtion.*
A **maſke** for a woman. *Maſque, cachelaid, cachelet, cache-nez, cache-mnſeau, couvre-ordure, coffin à roupies.*
A **maſke**. *Maſquerade, maſcarade, maſquarade, maſquerie, barboire.*
To **maſke**. *Maſquer, ſe maſquer.*
Maſked. *Maſqué, maſquerié.*
A **maſking**. *Maſqueure.*
Maſlin. *Comme* Meſlin.
A **maſon**. *Maçon, maſſon.*
To play the **maſon**, or worke **maſons** worke. *Maçonner, maſſonner.*
Wrought by **maſons**. *Maçonné, maſſonné.*
Of, or belonging to, a **maſon** or **maſons** worke. *Maſſonnier.*
The **maſons** worke or trade. *Maſſonnerie.*
Maſonrie. *Maſſonnerie, maçonnerie.*
A **maſſacre** (or generall murther.) *Maſſacre.*
To **maſſacre**. *Maſſacrer, meurtrir, occire.*
Maſſacred. *Maſſacré.*
A **maſſacrer**. *Maſſacreur.*
A **maſſe** (or lumpe.) *Maſſe; monceau.*
A little **maſſe**. *Moncelet.*
The **maſſe**. *Meſſe.*
A ſhort **maſſe**. *Meſſe de chaſſeur, Coborte meſſe.*
A **maſſe** booke. *Meſſel, miſſel.*
To ſing or ſay **maſſe**. *Meſſiſier.*
Saying, or ſinging **maſſe**. *Meſſiſant.*
A **maſſing**. *Meſſiſant.*
A **maſſing** Prieſt. *Meſſotier.*
Of, or belonging to, the **maſſe**. *Miſſal.*
Maſſe-monging, maſſe-making. *Miſſotier.*
Maſſe-trinkets, or implements. *Miſſotage; les ferremens de la meſſe.*
Maſſiue. *Maſſif.*
To make **maſſiue**. *Maſſir.*
Maſſiuenes. *Maſſiveté.*
The **maſt** of a ſhip. *Maſt, mat, mar, ou matz de navire.*
A little **maſt**. *Maſterel.*
The ; head of the **maſt** (where the ſhrowdes are faſtened) *la gabie.*
The top of the **maſt**. *Hune.*
The upper part of the **maſt** (where the cords, that hold the ſaile unto the yard, paſſe through the pullies.) *Carcois: (Le haut bout du Maſt d'une navire, où il y a certains poulions propres à tirer la corde attachée à la verge ſur quoy le voile eſt eſtendu.* ¶ Nicot.
To furniſh a ſhip with **maſts**. *Maſter une navire.*
Maſte (to fatten hogges.) *Glandage, gland, mangeves.*
To feed hoggs with **maſt**. *Glandager les pourceaux.*
Fed with **maſt**. *Glandagé.*
Good ſtore of **maſt**. *Bonne glandée.*
To get or gather **maſt**. *Glandër.*
Of, or belonging to, **maſt**. *Glandier.*
Maſtie, or full of maſt. *Glandeux.*
Maſticke. *Maſtic, Maſtich, Lentiſcine.*
The **maſticke** tree. *Lentiſque, lentiſce, reſtringe.*
Yellow and biter **maſticke**. *Maſtic de Candie.*
White **maſticke**. *Maſtic de Chio.*
Blacke **maſticke**. *Maſtic d'Egypte.*
Mingled with **maſticke**. *Maſtiché.*
A **maſtication** (or chawing.) *Maſtication.*
A **maſticatorie** (medicine.) *Maſticatoire.*
Maſticatorie (chawing.) *Maſticatoire.*
Herbe **maſticke**. *Chinopode.*
A **maſtiffe**. *Maſtin, dogue d'Angleterre, alan, allan.*
A **maſtiffe** birch. *Maſtine.*
A **maſtruke**. *Maſtruque, une ſorte d'abillement fait des peaux de loups & ours, & duquel vſoyent les Sardiniens.*
The **matachine** dance. *Matachin, mataſſin.*
A **match**. *Meiche, meche, meſche.*
A little **match**. *Meicheron, meecheron.*
A **match** (made with brimſtone.) *Allumette.*
A maker of ſuch **matches**. *Allumetier.*
The **match** of a lampe; a **match** for a gunne. *Meiche, meche, meſche.*
A **match** betweene two or moe. *Contract, gageure; auſſi, une partie qu'on fait à quelque jeu. Comme* A **match** at teniſe. *Une partie faicte, ou dreſſée pour jouer au jeu de paulme.*
To **match** in mariage. *Donner, ou prendre, en mariage.*
A **match** (or mariage.) *Mariage; un parti.*
A **match-maker**. *Marieur.*
A **match** or bargaine. *Marché, parti.*
A **match** (paire, or equall.) *Egal, pair, macar, per, per à compagnon, un pareil.*
To **match** (or paire.) *Apparier, aſſortir, reſpondre.*
That hath not his **match**. *Parangon, qui n'a ſon pareil.*
Matched. *Apparié, aſſorti.*
Ill **matched** (or maried.) *Mammarié.*
A **Matching**. *Pariage, appariation, aſſortiment, aſſortiſſement, reſpondement.*
Matching. *Pareil.*
Matchleſſe. *Sans pair, nonpareille, incomparable, parangon, qui n'a ſon pareil.*
A **mate**. *Compagnon, macar.*
The maſters **mate** (of a ſhip.) *Contremaiſtre de navire.*
A **mate** at Cheſſe. *Mat.*
Check-**mate**. *Eſchec & mat.*
To **mate**, or give a **mate** unto. *Mater; matter, amatir, emmatir.*
Mated. *Amati, emmati.*
A later **math** (or crop.) *Revivre, arriere-foin.*
Materiall. *Materiel.*
Materniall. *Materniel.*
Mathematicall. *Mathematique.*
A **mathematician**. *Mathematicien.*
The **Mathematicks**. *Les mathematiques.*
Matines. *Matines.*
Matricaire. *Matricaire.*
The **matrice**, or **matrix**. *La matrice, l'amarri; la mere.*
Belonging to, ſerving for, the **matrix**. *Matrical, matricale.*
A **matricide** (or mother-killing.) *Matricide.*
A **matricular** booke. *Matricule, matille.*
To **matriculate**. *Matriculer, immatriculer.*
Matriculated. *Immatriculé.*
Matrimonie. *Matrimonie, mariage.*
Matrimoniall. *Matrimonial.*
To joyne in **matrimonie**. *Marier, ſe marier.*
A **matron**. *Matrone.*
Matronall, or **matron-like**. *Matronal.*
A **matt**. *Natte.*
To **matt**. *Natter.*
Of **matts**. *Nattier.*
The **matt-ruſh**. *Olphe.*
Matted. *Natté.*
A **matter**, or maker of **matts**. *Nattier.*
To **mattar**, or grow into **mattar**. *Purer, ſuppurer, maturer.*
Mattar (or corruption.) *Sanie, la boue ſortant de quelque, vlcere.*

Mattaris. *Purulent, ſanieux.*
A **mattering** (or reſolving into mattar.) *Maturation.*
A **matter.** *Matiere.*
That **matteroth** much. *Cela importe moult.*
Without **matter.** *Immateriel.*
A **matterſſells** (or quilt to lie on.) *Materas, matelas, matlas, mattras.*
A courſe **mattreſſe.** *Baloſſe.*
Of **mattreſſes.** *Matlaſſé.*
A **mattocke.** *Marroche, boyau, bezoche, beſoche, bouëau, marre.*
A little **mattocke.** *Marrochon.*
A double tongued **mattocke.** *Beſague,*
A **maturation** (or ripening.) *Maturation.*
Maturative. *Maturatif.*
Mature. *Meur.*
To grow **mature.** *Maturer.*
Maturely. *Meurement.*
Maturitie. *Meureté, maturité.*
Maudlin. *Magdalene. Nom propre.*
Maudlin-wort. *Marguerite blanche.*
Mauger his head. *A regret.*
Mauger their teeth. *Maulgré eux.*
A **Mavis** (bird.) *Grivette, mauvis, ſiſerre.* ¶ Lionnois. *Touret.*
A **maund.** *Mail.*
To **maund.** *Mailler, marteler.*
Maund. *Martelé.*
A **maunding.** *Martelage, martellement.*
A **maundkin** (to make cleane an oven.) *Patrouille, fourbalet, eſcouillon.*
To make cleane with a **maundkin.** *Patrouiller.*
Swept with a **maundkin.** *Patrouillé.*
A ſweeping with a **maundkin.** *Patrouillement.*
Maunds. *Orge macerè, & puis ſeiché, dont on fait de la cervoiſe.*
A **maund.** *Manne, mande, panier, corbeille, banne, benne, mannequin, manequin.*
Belonging to a **maund,** like a **maund.** *Manneux.*
A **maunger.** *Manjore.*
The **maw** of a calfe. *Mulette de veau.*
To **mawle** (or cry) as a little child. *Mouïner.*
A **maxime.** *Maxime, principe.*
May (moneth) and a **may** pole. *May.*
May-blossoms, May-lillie. *Grand muguet.*
A **maze.** *Labyrinthe.*
In a **maze.** *Perplex.*
To make (or make like) a **maze.** *Labyrinther.*
Made like a **maze.** *Labyrinthe.*
A **mazer.** *Iate, jatte, gobeau, jadeau.*
Me (or Mee.) *Me, moy.*
Me thinketh, it ſeemeth to **me.** *Il me ſemble.*
The drinke **meade.** *Medon, mette, melicrat.*
A **mead,** or **medow.** *Pré. Voyez* a Medow.
Meagar. *Maigre, linge, mingrelin. Voyez* Leane.
Somewhat **meagar.** *Maigret, maigrelet.*
Meagarly. *Maigrement.*
Meagarneſſe. *Maigreté.*
Meal. *Farine.*
A **meale.** *Repas, refection, repeuë, repuë.*
A **meane,** or **meanes.** *Moyen, moien, vn arti; mediocrité, meſure, moderation.*
To adde a **meanes** unto. *Mediocrer.*
Meanes. *Moyens, biens, dequoy ſ'ichefſer.*
Abundant in **meanes.** *Abondant en moyens, opulent.*
That hath good **meanes** to live. *Moyenné, opulent, riche.*
Meane. *Moyen, mediocre; gallochier, vil.*
To worke or effect by **meanes,** to be a **meanes.** *Moyenner, moienner, medier.*
By no **meanes.** *Nullement.*
By falſe **meanes.** *Subreptivement.*
By ſome **meanes.** *Par quelque moyen.*
To adde a **meane** unto. *Mediocrer.*
Meane while, in the **meane** time. *Cependant.*
Abundance of **meanes.** *Opulence, abondance de moyens.*
Being the **meane** of, or **meanes** for. *Moyennant.*
The **meane** (or tenour) in Muſicke. *Le tenor, ou le teneur en muſique.*
Wrought by **meanes.** *Moyenné.*
To **meane.** *Entendre; vouloir dire. Comme,* I **meane.** *J'entens, je veux dire que.*
I **meane** ſo. *Ie l'entends ainſi.*
What **meane** you by that? *Que voulez vous dire par cela?*
A **meanes** (or Mediator.) *Moyenneur; moyen.*
By my **meanes.** *De par moy.*
Meanely. *Mediocrement, moyennement.*
The **meaner** ſort (of people.) *Le menu peuple.*
Meanenelle. *Moyenneté, modicité.*
A **meaning.** *Sens, intention.*
An ill **meaning.** *Malengin, malice.*
With an ill **meaning.** *Malicieuſement.*
A **mearle** (or owſell.) *Merle.*
The **meaſells,** or **meazells.** *Rougeolle, morbilles, royeu.*
Measeld (as a hog.) *Surſemé* (comme vn pourceau.)
The **meaſeldneſſe** of hogs. *La ſurſemure des pourceaux.*
A **meaſure.** *Meſure; mediocrité; moyen.*
Right **meaſure.** *Moderation.*
To **meaſure.** *Meſurer; moderer.*
Beyond all **meaſure.** *Outrément, à toute reſte.*
The appointing or proportioning **meaſures.** *Droict de meſurage.*
Meaſurable. *Menſurable; moyen.*
Meaſurably. *Mediocrement; moyennement.*
Meaſured. *Meſuré, amaſé.*
A **meaſurer.** *Meſureur.*
A **meaſurer** of land. *Arpenteur; goulleur, gaultur.*
A **meaſuring,** or **meaſurage.** *Meſurement, meſurage.*
To **meate.** *Meſurer. Voyez* to Meaſure.
A **meate-wand.** *Verge, par le moyen de laquelle on meſure, quelque longeur ou diſtance.*
Meat. *Viande, mangeaille, manger; nourriture.*
Roſt **meat.** *Du roſt, ou roſti.*
Boiled **meat.** *Du bouilli.*
Daintie **meates.** *Friandiſes.*
White **meates.** *Laictages.*
Meated, a **meater,** a **meating** *Comme* Meaſured, a Meaſurer, and a Meaſuring.
To **meaſle,** or **meaſle** (as a cat.) *Miauler, mioler.*
A **meaſling,** or **meaſling.** *Miaulement, miault.*
A **meaſler,** or **meaſler.** *Miauleur.*
Meaſling, or **meaſling.** *Miauleux.*
The **meazles.** *Rougeolle, royau, morbilles.*
Mechanicall. *Mecanique, mechanique.*
Mechanicallneſſe. *Mechaniquerie, mechaniqueté.*
Mechanicallize. *Mechaniqué.*
A **mechaniche,** or **mechanicall** work-man. *Manouvrier.*
The (Indian) **Mechoacan** root. *Rhamindique.*
A **medall.** *Medaille, medalle.*
A little **medall.** *Medaillon.*
Furniſht, or ſet with **medalls.** *Medaillé.*
Ancient **medalls.** *Camayeux antiques.*
A moulder, or caſter of **medalls** in ſand. *Manieur de ſable.*
Meds (drinke.) *Medon. Voyez* meade.
A **mediation.** *Mediation.*
A **mediator.** *Mediateur, moyenneur; moyen.*
Mediators betweene man and man. *Perſonnes interpoſées.*
A **mediatrix.** *Mediatrice.*
A **medicament.** *Medicament. Voyez* a Medicine.
Medicinable. *Medicinable.*
A **medicine.** *Medicine, medicament; remede.*
To **medicine,** to apply, or cure with a **medicine.** *Mediciner, medicamenter.*
Medicinall, ſerving for a medicine. *Medicinal, medicin.*
Medicined, cured by medicine. *Medicinè.*
Medicke fodder. *Medique, ſoignaſſe, herbe à limaçon, ſoupe en vin, ſainct foin.*
Mediocritie. *Mediocrité.*
To **meditate.** *Mediter.*
A **meditation,** or **meditating.** *Meditation.*
The **Mediterranian** (ſea.) *Mediterranée.*
A **Medlar.** *Neffle, meſle.* ¶ Pic. *Melle, merle, meple, neple.*
A **medlar** tree. *Neffier, meſſier, merlier, meſplier, meſplier.*
To **medle,** or **meddle.** *Se meſler de; avoir habitude avec, attaquer; retouiller.*
Medled. *Meſlé; meſſangé, meſlingé.*
Medled with. *Attaqué.*
A **medler.** *Qui ſe meſle de; aliboron, baliboron, vn faiſeur de menées.*
A **medley.** *Meſleure, meſlange, meſlée, meſlinge, mixtion, miſtionnement.*
To make a **medley.** *Meſlanger, meſlinger, mixtionner, miſtionner.*
A **medow,** or **medow** ground. *Pré, prairie, prat.*
High and dry **medowes.** *Prez ſeiberons, ou ſeicherons.*
A little **medow,** or **medow** adjoyning to a houſe. *Preau.*
Medow-flowret (maid ſweet) or queen of the **medowes.** *Roinette.*
Of, or belonging to, a **medow.** *Prairier.*
A **medow-keeper.** *Sergent prairier.*
A little low **medow** neere the water. *Nouë, noë.*
Medymnackes. *Aulonnes, olonnes, allonnes; vne ſorte de gros canevas, dont on fait les voiles.*
Me. *Me, moy.*
Med. *Guerdon; merite.*
Meeke. *Manſuet.*
Meekely. *Manſuetement.*
Meekenelle. *Manſuetude.*
Meere. *Mere, ſeul.*
Meerely. *Nuement.*
A **meere.** *Marez, mareis.*
Meete. *Apte, convenient, requis, convenable.*

It is **meete**. *Il convient.*
To **meet**, to **meet** with. *Rencontrer, aller au devant de, aller à l'encontre; aussi, s'assembler; obvier, occurrer.*
Meeter. *Metre, rime, rithme.*
Paltrie **meeter**. *Rimaille.*
Made into **meeter**. *Metrefié.*
To make **meeter**. *Rimer, rithmer.*
To make sorry **meeter**. *Rimasser.*
A **meeting**. *Rencontre; assemblée; obvention; attaque.*
Meetly well. *Mediocrement.*
The **megrim**. *Migraine, demigraine, hemicraine, micraine, aygrene.*
Troubled with the **megrim**. *Hemicranique.*
A **meinie**. *Meſnie, meſnage, meignie, meſgnie, migne.*
Melancholicke. *Melancholique, Saturnien.*
To be **melancholicke**. *Se melancholier.*
Melancholie. *Melancholie, marriſſon, ſaturnien.*
A **melancholie** old man. *Penard.*
Subject to **melancholie**. *Atrabiliaire.*
In a **melancholie** mood. *Morne.*
Troubled with a windie **melancholie**. *Hypochondriaque.*
A **Melicotone**, or **Melicotonie** (Peach.) *Mirecoton, Mirelicoton.*
Melliſluous. *Melliflue.*
Melilot. *Melilot, mirliret.* ¶ Pariſien.
A **melldell**, or keeling (fiſh.) *Merlus, merluz.*
Melodie. *Melodie, harmonie; module, muſique, acroamatie.*
Melodious. *Melodieux, harmonieux, harmonique, canore, acroamatique.*
Melodiouſly. *Melodieuſement, harmonieuſement, muſicalement, reſonnamment.*
A **melodious** Eccho. *Reſonnance.*
A **Melon**. *Melon.*
A garden, ground, or bed of **melons**. *Melonniere.*
A **melon** pumpion. *Melopepon.*
To **mell**. *Meſler.* *Voyez* to mingle, mix, blend.
Mellow, or **melow**. *Meur, parcru, parcreu.*
An apple made **mellow** in ſtraw. *Pomme parée.*
To be **mellow** (or cup-ſhotten.) *Deſchauſſer Bertrand.*
To **mellow**. *Maturer, parcroiſtre.*
Mellowneſſe. *Maturité.*
To **melt**. *Fondre, reſoudre.*
Melted. *Fondu.*
A **melter**. *Fondeur.*
A **melting**. *Fonte.*
The **melting** of wax. *Fond de cire.*
A **member**. *Membre.*
The privie **members**. *Les parties honteuſes.*
The **member** of an aſſe. *Viedaze, vietdaze, vietzdaze.*
Membred (in blaſon.) *Membré.*
Big **membred** (or limbed.) *Membru.*
A **membrane**. *Membrane.*
The net-**membrane** of the eye. *Membrane amphibliſtroïde, membrane retiforme.*
The hornie **membrane** (of the eye.) *Membrane cornée.*
The grapie **membrane** (of the eye.) *Membrane vvée, membrane raiſinée.*
The **membrane** that covers all the white of the eye. *La membrane conjunctive, membrane blanche.*
The little glaſſie **membrane** (of the eie.) *Membrane piliforme, membrane vitrée.*
The ſpiderie **membrane** of the eye. *Membrane aragnoïde.*
The middle **membrane** (or coate) enwrapping the infant in the wombe. *Membrane alantoïde.*
The Pleureticke **membrane** (covering the inſide of the ribs.) *Membrane pleuretique.*
Full of **membranes**. *Membraneux.*
Memorable. *Memorable.*
Memorably. *Memorablement, memorialement.*
A **memorandum**. *Memoire.*
Memorandums. *Reſouvenances.*
Memorative. *Memoratif.*
A **memorial**. *Memorial; monument.*
Memorie. *Memoire, ſouvenance.*
To bring to the **memorie** of. *Souvenir, mettre en memoire.*
To blot out of **memorie**. *Oublier.*
To have in **memorie**. *Se ſouvenir, tenir en memoire, ſe retorder.*
Out of **memorie**. *Oublié.*
Called to **memorie**. *Souvenu.*
Full of **memorie**, of a good **memorie**. *Memorieux.*
Men. *Hommes;* (*Le plurier de* Man) *auſſi, On; Comme* Men ſay; *On dit.*
To **menace**. *Menacer.* *Voyez* to Threaten.
A **menace**. *Menace.*
Menaced. *Menacé.*
A **menacer**. *Menaceur.*
A **menacing**. *Menacement.*
Menacing. *Menaçant, menaceux.*
To **mend**. *Amender, corriger; meliorer, ameliorer, regratter, reſarcir, rabiller, rhabiller.*
To **mend** old things. *Bobeliner, raccouſtrer, addouber, appieceter, rabiller.*
Mendable. *Amendable.*
Mended. *Amendé, corrigé, ameliaré.*
Mended (as old things.) *Addoubé, rabillé, raccouſtré.*
A **mender**. *Amendeur, correcteur.*
A **mender** of ſlated, tiled, or thatched houſes. *Recouvreur.*
A **mender** of old things. *Bobelineur, addoubeur, raccouſtreur, rabilleur.*
Mendicitie. *Mendicité.* *Voyez* Beggary.
A **mending**. *Amendement, amelioration, rabillage, rabillement, raccouſtrement, regratement.*
Meneid (or ſpeckled blacke and white.) *Grivolé, grivelé, baglé, tavelé.*
A **Menneiw** (fiſh.) *Frogueul, veron, ſanguineral.*
The **menſtrus**. *Menſtrue.*
Menſtruall, or **menſtruous**. *Menſtrual.*
Mentall. *Mental.*
Mention. *Mention.*
To **mention**, or make **mention** of. *Mentionner, faire mention de, mettre en avant, mettre ſur les rangs.*
Mentioned. *Mentionné; nommé.*
Mercenarie. *Mercenaire.*
A **Mercer**. *Marchand de drap de ſoye, & d'eſtoffes.*
Mercery ware. *Drap de ſoye, & d'eſtoffes.*
Mercy. *Merci, miſericorde, mercy.*
To have **mercy** on. *Avoir pitié de.*
Merciful. *Miſericordieux, piteux, pitoyable.*
Mercifully. *Miſericordieuſement.*
Mercifulneſſe. *Pitié.*
Merciſelle. *Sans miſericorde, maupiteux.*
Mercuriall, or of **Mercury**. *Mercurial.*
Mercurie (a planet.) *Mercure.* (*Planete.*)
The drug **mercurie**. *Mercure.*
Herbe **mercurie**. *Mercuriale; mercuire.*
Wild **mercurie**. *Mercuriale ſauvage.*
Of, made of, **mercurie**; borne under (the planet) **Mercury**. *Mercurial.*
To **mercurialiſe** it. *Mercurializer.*
To **merite**. *Meriter.*
Merite. *Merite.*
Merited. *Merité.*
Meritorious. *Meritoire.*
Meritoriouſly. *Meritoirement, meritément.*
The **Meridian**. *Meridien.*
Meridian (or South.) *Meridiën.*
Meridionall (ſoutherly.) *Meridional.*
A **Merlin**. *Eſmerillon, Smerlin.*
A **Mermaid**. *Sereine, Sereme.*
Merrie. *Ioieux, gaillard, alaigre, gay, guilleret, baude, esbaudi, baut, rebaudi, Recreatif, regobillonné, rejouiſſant.*
To be, or to make **merrie**. *Ajoliver, ſe goguer, galler le bon temps; S'eſjoüir, s'agaillarder, esbaudir, resjoüir.*
To be ſet on the **merrie** pinne. *Eſtre en ſes goguettes.*
To wax **merrie**. *Se vagaillardir, ſe regaillardir.*
A **merrie** grigge. *Roger bon temps, gale bon temps, goinfre, goimpre, gauinfre, grimgalet.*
Merrie conceits, or jeaſts.
A **merrie** ſcabd whorſon. *Galin-galois, galin-galan.*
The **merrie thought** (the forked crawbone of a bird.) *Lunette.*
Merrily. *Ioyeuſement, alaigrement, baudement.*
Merrineſſe. *Comme* Mirth.
To **mervaile**. *Eſmerveiller.* *Voyez* Marvell.
Meſeld. *Meſeleux, meſelleux.*
A **meſeld** perſon. *Meſeau, mezeau.*
A **meſeld** woman. *Meſelle.*
Meſeldneſſe. *Meſelerie, meſelleriz, mezellerie.*
The **meſenterie**. *Meſentere; le milieu des boyaulx, ou entrailles, mediane, meſentere, rogue.*
The **meſh** of a net. *Macle, ou macle d'un rets.* *Voyez* a Maſh.
Meſlin. *Bernage, bled bernage, metail, meſcle.* ¶ Langue. *metail, bled moulture à tramois.*
A **meſſage**. *Meſſage, meſſadge, nonciation; nouvelles.*
A **meſſage bringing**. *Nonciation.*
A **meſſe**. (*Vulgairement*) *le nombre de quatre.*
A **meſſe** of meate. *Mets, més.*
A **meſſe** of pottage. *Eſcuellée de potage.*
A **meſſenger**. *Meſſagiere, meſſager, meſſadgiere, nonce.*
A **meſſengerſhip**, the office of a meſſenger. *Meſagerie.*
The **Meſſias**. *Meſſie, le Meſſias.*
A **meſſuage**. *Meiz.*
Metall. *Metal.* *Voyez* Mettall.
A **metamorphoſis** (or transformation of ſhape.) *Metamorphoſe.*
To **metamorphoſe**. *Metamorphoſer.*
A **metaphor**. *Metaphore.*
Metaphorically. *Metaphoriquement.*
The **metaphyſicks**. *Les Metaphyſiques.*

A **Meteor.** *Meteore.*
A diſcourſe of **Meteors.** *Meteorologie.*
Methegiin. *Hydromel, miel-aoude, hippocras d'eau; Breuvage fait de miel & d'eau; Melicrat, vin miellé.*
A **methode.** *Methode, ordre.*
Methodicall. *Methodique.*
Methodically. *Par methode, par ordre.*
Methridate. *Methridat, mithridat.*
A **metope** (a ſquare ſpace between Triglyphes in a Dorick trize.) *Metope. En architecture, eſt un eſpace quarré entre deux ſolives.* ¶ Nicot.
A **metrapolis,** or **metrapolitane** City. *Cité, ou ville metrapolitaine. Ville principale d'un Royaulme.*
Mett. *Rencontré.* (*Participe de* to Meet.) *Auſſi* I **met.** *Je rencontray.*
A thing **mett** with in the way. *Occurrence, occurrent.*
Mettall, or **mettle.** *Metal.*
Of, or belonging to, **mettall,** full of **mettall.** *Metalier, metallique.*
Made, or reduced, into **mettall.** *Metalisé.*
A **mettall-man** (that deales in mettall.) *Metallier.*
Full of **mettall** (or ſpirit.) *Vivace.*
A ſearch for **mettall** (in the bowels of the earth.) *Metallurgie.*
To **mew,** or **mewle** as a catt. (*Miauler. Voyez* to Meawle.
A **mew,** or ſea-**mew.** *Cavian, Glammet, moette, mouette.*
Dutch **mezereon.** *Mezereon.*
Mice. *Souris. Plurier de* Mouſe.
To **miche.** *Eſtre avare, ſordide, ou, vilain.*
A baſe **micher.** *Caqueraſſe, caquedac, truand.*
A rich **micher.** *Senaud.*
A **miching.** *Vilenie, villanie.*
Miching. *Sordide, vilain, vilein, recuict.*
Mickle. *Beaucoup. Voyez* Much.
Michael. *Michel.*
A pilgrim to S. **Michaels** mount. *Michelot, miquelot.*
Midday. *Midi,* mi-jour, *midy,* my-jour.
The **middle,** or **middeſt.** *Le milieu; meſloyant, mitan, moyau.*
A **middle** ray (halfe a Milleray.) *Milleret, milret.*
Midnight. *Minuict.*
Midzinackes. *Aulonnes, Olonnes. Voyez* Medrianacks.
The **midriffe.** *Diaphragme, precordiaux.*
Of, or belonging to, the **midriffe.** *Precordial.*
Midſommer. *Mi-eſté.*
Midſommer day. *La nativeté de S. Iean.*
Mid-way. *My-chemin.*
A **Midwife.** *Sage-femme,* Levandiere; *Madame du guichet.*
Might. *Puiſſance, pouvoir.*
I **might.** *Ie pouvoy, je pourroy* (*Imperfect du verbe* I may.)
Mightie. *Puiſſant.*
Mightily. *Puiſſamment; mallement.*
Mightineſſe. *Puiſſance; ou comme* Might.
A **migration.** *Migration.*
Milch. *Comme* a Milch cow. *Vache laictiere.*
Milde. *Debonnaire, manſuet, humain, ſerein; mol, ſeri, ſerian.*
A **mildew.** *Nielle; le ſerain.*
Mildewed. *Niellé.*
Mildly. *Manſuetement, humainement, mollement.*
Mildneſſe. *Manſuetude, humanité; molleſſe.*
A **mile.** *Milaire, demi lieuë.* (*La diſtance des chemins & lieux, en Angleterre, eſt contée par* Miles; *comme en France, par lieues. Le* Mile *contient* 5280 *pieds de longueur.*
Milfoile. *Mille-fueille, millefueil.*
Knights **milfoile.** *Herbe militaire à mille-fueilles, millefueille jaulne, mille fueille petite.*
Militarie. *Militaire. Voyez* Warlike, Martiall.
Militarie diſcipline. *Milice, diſcipline militaire.*
Milke. *Laict.*
To **milke.** *Traire le laict, tirer le laict.*
To **milke** a cow. *Houbiller une vache, traire une vache.*
Butter-**milke.** *Laict de beurre, babeurre, Laict esbeurré.*
Soure **milke.** *Laict aigre.*
Almond **milke.** *Laict des amandes.*
Crudded **milke.** *Laict caillé.*
Beeſt **milke.** *Beton. Voyez* Beeſt.
The **milke** a cow yeelds at a meale. *Mouſſon.*
A **milkehouſe.** *Laicterie.*
A **milke-maid.** *Laictiere.*
A **milke-paile,** or **milking-paile.** *Paële a laict, traiot, trayer.*
Milke-meates. *Laictages.*
Virginall **milke** (made of the froth of gold ſteeped in vineger, &c.) *Laict virginal.*
Milke-wood, or Wolfes **milke.** *Herbe à laict.*
Sea **milke-wort.** *Herbe au laict.*
Milke-wood. *L'herbe laictiere.*
Milkie; full of Milke. *Laictier, laicté.*
The **milkie** way. *Le chemin S. Jaques, galaxie.*
Milke-making, milke-yeilding. *Laictique.*
The **milking** of a cow. *La moiſſon d'une vache, mouiſſon, mouſſon.*
A **mill,** or **mitne.** *Moulin, molin.*
A little **mill.** *Moulinet, molinet.*
A wind **mill.** *Moulin à vent.*
A **mill-damme.** *Eſcluſe.*
A water-**mill.** *Moulin à eau.*
A **mill-hoop,** or **mill-caſe.** *Archure.*
A hand-**mill.** *Moulin à main, ou, à bras.*
The **mill-rind** of a **millſtone.** *Anille.*
A horſe **mill.** *Moulin à chevaux.*
An iron **mill.** *Martinet.*
An oile-**mill.** *Tordoir a faire l'huile.*
To worke, or thicken in a **mill.** *Moliner.*
A fulling **mill.** *Moulin au foulan.*
Of, or belonging to, a **mill,** or **miller.** *Meuſnier.*
Mill-duſt. *Farine falle; farine volante.*
The upper **mill-ſtone.** *Surmeule.*
A **Mill-hopper.** *Quamuſe. Voyez* Hopper.
A **Miller.** *Meuſnier, muſnier, munier, molinier.*
A **Millers** wife. *Meuſniere.*
A **millers-thumb** (fiſh.) *Cabot, teſte d'aſne, muſnier.*
A **Milleray.** *Milray; piece d'or valant environ* 14 *ſhelins.*
Millet, or **mill.** *Millet, mil.*
Black, or turkey **Millet.** *Millet noir, millet de Turquie, millauque.*
Milled ſed, **mill-eating.** *Milacié.*
A **millet** ground, or ground ſowed with **millet.** *Milleraie.*
The ſtraw, or ſtubble of **millet.** *Millevine.*
A **Million.** *Million, mille foi mille.*
A **mill-ſtone.** *Meule, meulette, moëlle.*
A **Million** (or **melon.**) *Melon.*
The **Milt.** *La ratelle, la rate.*
Milt-woort. *Scolopendrie vraye.*
The **milt,** or ſoft row of fiſhes. *Laictie.*
Mimicall. *Mimique.*
To **mince.** *Hacher, mincer, couper menu, mynſſer.*
To **mince** it. *Faire la ſadinette, Faire de guedon guedon, faire la ſucrée, aller à pas menu, aller l'un pied ſur l'autre, aller du pied comme un chat maigre.*
One that **minceth** it. *Mineur.*
Minced. *Minché.*
Minced meat. *Hachis.*
Minced meat of Veale, Capon, and Chicken, or Partridge, ſlewed with ſpice. *Capirotade, cabirotade.*
A **Mincing.** *Hachement.*
The **minde.** *L'eſprit.*
Belonging to the **minde.** *Mental.*
To beare, or keep, in **minde.** *Tenir, ou retenir en memoire, ſe ſouvenir, garder en ſon eſprit.*
To call to **minde.** *Se remembrer, rememorer.*
To put in **minde.** *Souvenir, mettre en memoire, ſuggerer, ramentevoir.*
A putting in **minde** of. *Suggeſtion.*
To **minde** a thing. *Eſtre attentif & ententif à quelque choſe.*
To put out of **minde.** *Oublier.*
Out of **minde.** *Oublié, hors de memoire.*
Of one **minde.** *Vnanime, D'un meſme vouloir.*
High-**minded.** *Hautain, hautſaire, haultain, orgueilleux, ſuperbe.*
Ill **minded.** *Mal-entalenté, malevole.*
Mindfull. *Memoratif, recors.*
To be **mindfull** of. *Eſtre memoratif, ſe ſouvenir bien, avoir touſjours en memoire, reſouvenir.*
Mindfulneſſe. *Memoire, remembrance.*
Mine. *Mon, ma, mes, mien, mienne, à moy. Poſſeſſif, mis devant les mots qui commencent par voyelle, Comme My devant ceux qui commencent par conſonance: Auſſi, abſolument; Comme,* whoſe book is this? *à qui eſt ce livre?* Mine, *à moy, ou, le mien.*
A **mine.** *Fodine, miniere, mineure.*
Full of **mines.** *Mineux.*
To **mine** (or under-**mine.**) *Miner.*
Mined. *Miné.*
A **Miner, Mine-man,** or **Mine-digger.** *Minatere, mineur.*
A **minerall.** *Mineral.*
Mining, or full of **Mines.** *Minieux.*
Miniver. (*Vne ſorte de fourrure blanche.*) *menu-ver, ou verek.*
To **mingle,** *Meſler, mixtionner, meſlanger, melagmer, meſlinger, miſtionner, reſmailler.*
Confuſedly to **mingle** many things together. *Brouiller enſemble.*

A confuſed **mingle-mangle.** *Barbouillage, barbouillement, peſle-meſle; bochepot.*
Mingled. *Meſlé, meſlangé, mixtionné, meſlingé, miſtionné, peſlé-meſlé.*
A **mingler.** *Meſlangeur.*
A **mingling.** *Meſlange, meſlée, meſleure, meſlinge, miſtionnement.*
A **minion.** *Mignon, mignonne, bedaud, beland, mignonnette.*
A young **minion.** *Mignonnet.*
Minionly, minion-like. *Mignonnement, miſtement.*
To **minish.** *Diminuer, minuer, menuiſer, Deſcheoir. Voyez* to Diminiſh.
Minished. *Minué, diminué, minuté, deſcheu.*
A **minishing.** *Diminution, menuiſement.*
A **Minister.** *Miniſtre; paſteur d'egliſe, predicateur de l'Evangile.*
A little **Minister.** *Miniſtreau.*
To **minister.** *Miniſtrer; ſuggerer.*
Ministred. *Miniſtré.*
A **Ministresse.** *Miniſtreſſe.*
The **ministrie,** or **ministerie.** *Miniſtere.*
The **Minor** (propoſition of a Syllogiſme.) *La mineur.*
A **minorites** (friar.) *Ferre mineur.*
Minorities. *Minorité.*
A child in **minorittie.** *Mineur.*
A **minstrell.** *Meneſtrier, meneſtrandier; menone.* ℣ Poictovin.
A company of **minstrells.** *Meneſtranderie.*
Minte. *Mente, (herbe) Menbe.*
Coloured **mint,** red garden **mint.** *Mente creſpuë.*
Fiſh **mint,** or water **mint.** *Mente aquatique.*
Horſe **mint,** wild **mints.** *Mente chevaline, mente ſauvage.*
Speare **mint,** Balme **mint,** Garden **mint,** Mackarell **mint,** &c. *Mente aiguë, mente Romaine, mente de noſtre Dame, mente Grecque.*
Mountaine **mint.** *Menthaſtre, mentaſtre.*
The **mint.** *Monnoyes.*
A **minume** in Muſick. *Minime blanche.*
A **minute.** *Minute; moment.*
A **minxe.** *Gadrouillette, goguemelle; obereau.*
A **Myrobolan** plumme. *Myrobolan, Myrabolan, Mirabolan.*
A **miracle.** *Miracle; merveille.*
A doer of **miracles.** *Miracleur.*
Miraculous. *Miraculeux; merveilleux.*
Miraculously. *Miraculeuſement; merveilleuſement, à merveilles.*
Mire. *Bourbe, fange, limon.*
A quag-**mire.** *Bourbier, tarte bourbonnoiſe.*
Miry. *Fangeux, Limonneux.*
A **Mirrour.** *Miroir, mirouer.*
Mirrhe. *Voyez* Myrrhe.
Mirth. *Joyeuſeté, lieſſe, alaigreſſe, alaigreté, reſjouiſſance, gallerie.*
Myrtle. *Comme* Myrtle.
Misadventure. *Deſadventure, malaventure, malencontre, meſadventure, meſadvenuë, infortune.*
Misadvile. *Meſadvis.*
To **misadvile.** *Meſconſeiller.*
To **misarrive.** *Meſarriver.*
It **misbecommeth.** *Il meſſied, il ſied mal, il eſt maſſeant.*
A **misbecomming.** *Meſſeance, meſavenance.*
Misbecomming. *Meſſeant.*
To **misbehave** himſelfe in his office. *Malverſer en ſon office.*
Misbehaviour. *Malverſation.*
Misbeliefe. *Meſcreance.*
Misbelieving. *Meſcreant.*
To **miscall.** *Improperer.*
To **miscarry.** *Faillir, perir.*
Miscaried. *Peri.*
A **mischance.** *Malaventure, meſadventure, malencontre, meſadvenuë, malheur, meſchance, accident.*
A **mischefe,** or **mischiefe.** *Meſchef, mal, malefice, mau, meſchance.*
Delighting in **mischiefe.** *Maling.*
To **mischiefe.** *Malheurer, offendre.*
Mischiefes. *Maulx.* (*Plurier de* Miſchiefe.)
Mischievous. *Malfaiſant, malicieux, mauvais, meſchant, nuiſant, nuiſible, nuiſif, pernicieux.*
A **mischievous** charme or witchcrie. *Malefice.*
Mischievously. *Malement, malicieuſement, malignement, meſchamment, mauvaiſement, pernicieuſement.*
Mischievousnesse *Malice, mauvaiſtié.*
To **misconstrue.** *Meſconſtruire, deſtordre, malinterpreter.*
Misconstrued. *Mal-interpreté,*
To **misconsell.** *Meſconſeiller.*
To **miscount.** *Meſconter.*
Miscounted. *Meſconté.*
Miscreancie. *Meſcreance. Voyez* Misbeliefe.
A **miscreant.** *Meſcreant, meſcroyant, infidele, maran.*
To play the **miscreant.** *Meſcroire.*
A **misdeed.** *Meſfaict, malefice, malfaict, meffaict, forfaict, forfait, forfaicture.*
Misdemeanour. *Malverſation.*
To **misdoe.** *Meſ-faire, meffaire, malfaire, forfaire.*
A **misdoer.** *Malfaiſeur, meſfaiſeur.*
A **misdoing.** *Forfaict.*
Misdone. *Meſfaict, forfaict, meffaict.*
To **misdoubt.** *Douter, ſoupçonner.*
Misdoubted. *Douté, ſoupçonné.*
A (greedie) **miser.** *Avare, miſerable, avaritieux, malheureux, taquin,* caguemaille, caqueduc.
Miserable. *Miſerable, calamiteux, malheureux, haireux, malotru, marmiteux, ſordide, recuict.*
Miserablenesse. *Avarice; malheureté.*
Miserably. *Miſerablement, calamiteuſement, malheureuſement, ſordidement.*
The diſeaſe **miserere mei** (avoiding of the excrements at the mouth.) *Reply, Miſerere mei. Quand le patient rend ſes excremens par la bouche.*
Miserie. *Miſere, calamité, malheur, meſaiſe.*
To inflict **miseries.** *Malheurer.*
To **miseſteems.** *Meſ-eſtimer.*
Misfortune. *Infortune, deſcouvenuë, deſadventure, malaventure, malencontre, malheur, meſadventure, meſadvenuë, accident, inconvenient.*
To **misgive** (or give amiſſe.) *Meſdonner.*
To **misgoverne.** *Meſgouverner.*
Misgoverned. *Malgouverné.*
A **misgovernment.** *Mavais gouvernement.*
A **mishap.** *Malaventure, malencontre, malheur, meſadventure, meſadvenuë, accident, infortune.*
To **mishappen.** *Meſadvenir à, meſcheoir à, meſvenir.*
To **misinterpret.** *Mal interpreter, interpreter en mauvaiſe part, prendre en mauvaiſe part.*
Misinterpreted. *Mal interpreté; Pris, ou, interpreté, en mauvaiſe part.*
To **mislead.** *Seduire, deſvoyer.*
Misled. *Seduict, deſvoyé.*
A **misleader.** *Seducteur.*
A **misleading.** *Seduction, deſvoyement.*
To **misle.** *Greſiller. Voyez* to Drizzle.
Misled. *Greſillé.*
To **mislike.** *Deſgouſter. Voyez* to Diſlikes
A **mislike.** *Deſgouſtement.*
To **misname.** *Improperer, mal nommer.*
A **misparting.** *Meſpartement.*
To **mispend.** *Deſpendre mal, abuſer.*
A **mispender.** *Qui deſpend mal, abuſeur.*
A **mispending.** *Abus, abuſement.*
Mispent. *Abuſé, mal deſpendu.* (*Participe.*)
A **misprision.** *Meſpriſon.*
Misproportioned. *Mal proportionné.*
To **misreckon.** *Meſconter, forconter.*
Misreckoned. *Meſconté, forconté.*
A **misreckoning.** *Meſcompte, meſconte forconte.*
A **missall** (or maſſe book.) *Meſſel, miſſel.*
To **misse.** *Faillir, errer, forvoyer.*
A **misse,** or **missing.** *Faulte, faillite, erreur.*
A **misse** in footing. *Vn faux pas.*
Missed. *Failli, erré, forvoyé.*
Milling. *Faux-feu.*
Misseltoe, missell, or **misseldine.** *Beſe, viſcage.*
To **mis-shape.** *Deſigurer, deſigurer.*
Mis-shapen. *Maudolé, deſiguré, monſtrueux.*
Mis-shapenly. *Monſtrueuſement.*
A **mis-shaping.** *Deſigurement.*
A **mist.** *Erouillar, brouillas, Brouée, fimas, frimats, neble.*
To caſt a **mist** over. *Obſcurcir.*
A hot blaſting **mist.** *Bruine, halot.*
Mistie. *Nebuleux; obſcur.*
To **mistake.** *S'abuſer, meſprendre, meſcognoiſtre.*
To **mistake** one thing for another. *Prendre Mars pour Maribe, prendre Martin pour regnard.*
Mistaken. *Abuſé.*
A **mistaking.** *Abuſion, vn faux pas.*
A **mistaking** in accompt. *Meſcompte, meſconte.*
A **misteris,** and **mistical.** *Comme* Myſterie, and myſticall.
A **misteris** (or trade.) *Meſtier.*
To **misterme.** *Meſparler de.*
A **mistresse.** *Maiſtreſſe.*
To **mistrust.** *Meſcroire, deffier, desfier, ſe meffier de.*
A **mistrust,** or **mistrusting.** *Meffiance, meſfiance, jalouſie.*
Mistrusted. *Meſcreu, meſcru.*
Mistrustful. *Meſcreant, jaloux.*
Misusage. *Meſuſage.*
To **misuse.** *Abuſer, meſoffrir; oultrager.*
Misused. *Abuſé, malmené, maumené.*
A **misusing.** *Abuſement.*
A **mite** (or Weevill.) *Calendre, calandre, mourrin, carcaillon. Voyez* a Weevill.

A mite (a kind of ſmall worme.) *Mite, miton.*

Mite (the ſmalleſt of weights, or of coine.) *Minute; auſſi, une petite piece de monnoye non vſitée.*

A miter. *Mitre, mitre.*

To hood, or crowne with a miter. *Mitrer.*

Mitred, (hooded or crowned with a Miter.) *Mitré.*

A hooding with a Miter. *Mitrement.*

Mitring, hooding with a Miter. *Mitrant.*

Mythologie, (or a moralizing of tables.) *Mithologie, mythologie.*

Mythologiſtly. *Mithologiquement.*

Mithridate. *Methridat, mithridat.*

To mitigate. *Mitiguer, accoiſer, addoucir, ſoulz, ſoulzer, appaiſer.*

Mitigated. *Mitigué, addouci.*

A mitigation. *Mitigation.*

Mitigating. *Sedatif.*

Mourning, or mittens. *Mitaines, mouffle.*

To mix. *Meſler, miſtionner, meſlanger, meſlinger, mixtionner.*

Mixed. *Meſlé, miſtionné, malaxé, meſlingé, meſlangé.*

A mixen. *Fumier.*

A mixer. *Meſlangeur.*

A mixing. *Miſtionnement.*

Mixty. *Meſlément.*

A mixture. *Miſtion, meſlange, meſlée, meſleure, meſſinge, mixtion.*

The mixen faile, or mixt. *Mejane, merifque, artemon, buſenne, tiercrol; Oreille de lievre.*

Moane. *Voyez* Mone.

A moate. *Freluche.*

A moate in the Sunne. *Atome, tiles.*

A mouth. *Tigne, artiſon, arine, phalene.*

A mouth (or beetle that flies by night.) *Caſſard.*

Mouth-eaten. *Artiſonné.*

Mobilitie. *Mobilité.*

Moccado (ſtuffe.) *Mocayart, mouzade.*

Silke moccado. *Moncayart.*

To mocke at. *Se mocquer, ſe moquer, railler, ſe gaudir, truffer, beffler, goſſer, gauſſer, gaber, berner, moncher, ſe vigoler de.*

A mock. *Mocquerie, goſſe, naſarde, nazarde.*

To mock by nodding, or lifting up the chinne. *Faire la nique.*

Mocking. *Gaberies, moquettes.*

Full of mockes. *Gaboux.*

Mocked. *Berné, beffé, mocqué, goſſé, gauſſé, gaudi; moncé.*

A mocker. *Mocqueur, gaudiſſeur, goſſeur, gobeur, railleur, bourdeur, taboureau, rigoleur.*

A little or young mocker. *Mocquereau.*

A mockerie. *Abuſement, ſornette, mocquerie.*

Mockeries. *Beffleries, goſſeries, gaberies, gabes.*

A mocking. *Raillerie, moequerie, goſſerie; mouchement, vigolage, vigolement, vigolerie.*

Mocking. *Raillant, raillard.*

A modder. *Fillette, jeune garſt, garſette.*

A model. *Modelle, module.*

To model. *Modeller.*

Moderate. *Moderé, mediocre; moyen.*

To moderate. *Moderer, mediocrer, modifier, mitiguer, meſurer, attremper; ſe refreindre, refrener; reiegler, reprimer.*

Moderated. *Moderé, modifié, meſuré, mitigué, attrempé, refrené, reiglé.*

Moderately. *Moderément, mediocrement, reſervément, moyennment, attrempément, reiglement.*

A moderation. *Moderation, mediocrité, modification, meſure, modeſtie; moyen, attrempance, attrempement, reſtriction.*

A moderator. *Moderateur, reiglеur, reprimeur, moyenneur; moyen.*

A moderatrix. *Moderatrice.*

Moderatenesse. *Modicité.*

Moderne. *Moderne.*

Modeſt. *Modeſte, honteux, matronal.*

A modeſt woman. *Matrone, femme modeſte.*

Modeſtie. *Modeſtie, modeſteté, attrempance, attrempement.*

Modeſtly. *Modeſtement, attrempément.*

Modicitie. *Modicité.*

Modifiable (or qualifiable.) *Modifiable.*

To modifie. *Modifier.*

Modified. *Modifié.*

A modification. *Modification, reſtriction, reſtrinction.*

Modulation (or harmonie.) *Modulation.*

A medpwall, (or wood-pecker.) *Guepier.*

Mocn (or mumpes.) *Monnoye de ſinge. Voyez* a Mow.

A moſe. *Mulet.*

To moſe or toile. *Abeuner. Voyez* to Toile.

To moſe in the durt or mire. *Enfanger.*

Moſed. *Voyez* Toiled.

Moſed in the mire. *Enfangé.*

Moiſt. *Moite, humide, madant, ſuccolent, ſuccelent.*

To moiſten. *Amoitir, humeſter, madeſir, ramoitir, humetter, moniller, tremper, attremper.*

Moiſtned. *Humecté, monillé, trempé, amoiti, attrempé.*

A moiſtener. *Tremptur.*

A moiſtning. *Humectation, mouillement, mouilleure, mouillure, trempement, attremoement.*

Moiſtneſſe, or moiſture. *Moiteur, humidité, humeur, mouilleure, ſuc.*

Without moiſture. *Sec.*

The moitie. *Moitié. Voyez* Halfe.

A mole, or mole-warp. *Taulpe, taupe.*

A mole-catcher. *Fouilleur de taulpes.*

A mole-hill. *Taulpiniere, taupiniere, boſſe.*

Old mole-hils (overgrown with graſſe.) *Tuvaux, tureaux.*

A mole (in the face, or other part.) *Tache, marque naturelle au viſage, ou, autre part; ſeve, petas.*

To moleſt. *Molaſter, ennuyer, vexer, haraſſer, bariet, boguiner, infeſter, tabuter, taber, tanner, talmouſter, vindayer.*

Moleſtation. *Moleſtie, meſaiſe, tabut.*

Moleſted. *Moleſté, haraſſé, bariè, boguiné, tané.*

A moleſter. *Moleſteur.*

A moleſting. *Moleſtie, boguinement.*

A mollification. *Mollification.*

To mollifie. *Mollifier, amollir, emmollir, mollir, attendrir.*

Mollified. *Amolli, attendri.*

Fit or apt to be mollified. *Amolliſſable.*

A mollifier. *Mollifieur.*

A mollifying. *Amolliſſement, mollification, attendriſſement.*

Mollifying. *Remollitif.*

A mollifying plaſter. *Malagme.*

Molaſſes (the dregs of courſeſt Suger.) *Malaſſe.*

Molten. *Fondu.* Participe du verbe to Melt.

A molten image. *Image de ſonte.*

A moment. *Moment.*

Of moment. *Momental.*

Momentarie. *Momentaire, momentané, momental, periſſable.*

Monachall. *Monacal.*

Monachiſme. *Monaquat.*

A monarch. *Monarque; Roy, en prince abſolu.*

Monarchall (belonging to a monarchie, or monarch.) *Monarchique.*

A monarchie. *Monarchie, le gouvernement d'un ſeul prince abſolu; empire, royaume, Sceptre.*

A monaſterie. *Monaſtere, monſtier.*

Monaſticall. *Monaſtique, monacal.*

Monaſticallie. *Monacalement.*

Monday. *Lundi.*

To mone. *Regretter, deplorer, complaindre.*

To make mone. *Lamenter, ſe plaindre, ſe lamenter.*

Mone. *Complainte, plainte.*

To mone together. *Condoler.*

Moned. *Deploré, plaint.*

Moneſull. *Lamentable, plaintif.*

A moning. *Lamentation.*

A moneth, or monthy. *Mois, Lunaiſon, L'eſpace de l'année.*

The terme of ſix moneths. *Semeſtre.*

A twelve-moneth. *Vn an.*

Eighe moneths. *Octimeſtre.*

Woemens moneths. *Menſtrue, le mois des femmes.*

Monethly. *Chaſque mois.*

Money. *Monnoye, argent, pecune.*

To make (or coine money.) *Monnoyer.*

Made into money. *Monnoye.*

The making of money, or money-making. *Monnoyage, monnoyement.*

Braſſe-money. *Monnoye noire.*

Currant money. *Argent de miſe.*

A money-bag. *Sachet à argent.*

A money-bag. *Cache-maille, chaſſe-maille.*

A money-maker. *Monnoyeur, monnoyer.*

Ready money, or preſent money. *Argent comptant, argent mignon, argent manuel.*

To pay ready money. *Payer argent comptant, bailler manuellement.*

Want of money. *Faut d'argent, pol S. François.*

Moneyleſſe. *Sans argent.*

A moneyman, or monied man. *Homme pecunieux, ou argenteux, qui a fonye eſcus.*

Full of money. *Pecunieux.*

Money laid out, or the laying out of money. *Miſe.*

The fees due to moneymakers. *Monnoyage.*

Money-beines. *Lunaire majeur, Herbe de lunaire.*

Money-wort. *Herbe à cent maladies, numulaire.*

A **moongell**. *Meſtif; vn chien meſtif.*
Mongrells. *Metiz.*
Monishment, or **monition**. *Monition.*
A **Monitor**. *Moniteur; obſervateur.*
A **monitorie**. *Monitoire, monitorial.*
Monitorie. *Monitoire.*
A **Monke**. *Moine, moyne, religieux.*
Monkes Caputions.
A young, or little **Monke**. *Moineau, moyneau, moynoton.*
A little, pety, or paltrie **Monke**. *Monichon.*
Monkerie (the profeſſion of a **Monke**.) *moinerie, moynerie, monaquat.*
Monkiſh. *Monaſtique.*
Monkiſe, belonging to a Monke. *Monacal, monaſtique, monial.*
Monke-like. *Monacalement.*
Monkes-hood. *Confoulde royale.*
Yellow **Monkes-hood**. *Antore.*
A **Monkie**. *Guenon, Quinaud, menne, marmot.*
A little **monkie**. *Guenupe.*
A ſhee **monkie**. *Marmotte, marmote, quinaude.*
A **Monomachie**. *Monomachie. Voyez* a ſingle Combate.
Monopolde, or **monopolized**. *Monopolé.*
A **monopoler**, or **monopolizer**. *Monopoleur.*
To **monopolize**, or make a **monopolie**. *Monopoler.*
A **monopoly**. *Monopole.*
A **monoſyllable**. *Monoſyllabe; mot d'une ſeule ſyllabe.*
A **monſter**. *Monſtre.*
Monſtrous. *Monſtrueux, prodigieux.*
Monſtrouſly. *Monſtrueuſement; prodigieuſement.*
A **monument**. *Monument; reliquaille.*
The **mood** of a verbe. *Meuf de verbe; Mode.*
Moodie. *Morne, triſte.*
The **mood** (or humour.) *Trempei*
Moodily. *Mornement.*
The **Mood**. *La lune, aſtre argenté, aſtre cornu.*
A halfe **moone**. *Croiſſant.*
A **moone**, or moneth. *Lunaiſon.*
A **moone** calfe. *Mole, amas.*
A **moone-ſtone**. *Pierre de la lune.*
Moone-wort. *Lunaire.*
Small **moone-wort**. *Taure.*
Of, or belonging to the **moon**. *Lunaire.*
Moon-men. *Brigands. Voyez* Robber.
A **Moore** (or black-moore.) *More, Ethiopien, Negre.*
A tawnie-**moore**. *Maure, amaurote.*
A ſhee **moore**. *Voyez* a Mooreſſe.
A **moore** (or Fenne.) *Mareſcage.*
The great **moore-cocke**. *Faiſant, bruyant, coq du bois.*
A **moore-henne**. *Geline, ou, gelinotte du bois, poule grieſche.*
A Scottiſh **moore-henne**. *Macroule, magot.*
To **moore** a ſhip, or be **moored**. *Amarrer marer, marer, mettre vn navire en ſumain.*
To **moore** a boat. *Garer vn bateau.*
Moored. *Maré, amarré.*
A **moorelle** (woman moore.) *Moreſſe, moreſque.*
Mooring. *Marene, marenne.*
Mooriſh, **moore-like**, of the Moores. *Moreſque.*
Mooriſh. *Mareſcageux.*

To **moote**. *Diſputer, ou plaidoyer vne cauſe de loy, par maniere d'exercice; Et les jeunes eſtudiants, qui font cet exercice ſont nommez* Mootsmen.
To **moove**. *Mouvoir. Voyez* to Move.
Moral. *Moral.*
The **moral** of a fable. *Le ſens moral d'une fable.*
Moralitie; a Morall ſence. *Moralité.*
To **moralize** (or expound the morall ſence of a fable.) *Moraliſer; mythologiſer.*
Moralized, (or morally expounded.) *Moraliſé.*
A **moralizer**. *Moraliſeur, mythologe.*
A **moralizing**, (or expounding of fables.) *Mythologie, mithologie.*
Morally. *Moralement.*
Mordacitie. *Mordacité.*
More. *Plus, d'avantage; oultre.*
No **more**. *Hola, non plus.*
More-over. *Oultreplus, d'avanture, d'abondant, oultre, au ſurplus, en apres.*
Morell (herbe.) *Morelle, maurelle.*
Morell cherries. *Morelles.*
More-like-work. *Ouvrage moreſque, fueillage moreſque.*
Morfew. *Voyez* Morphew.
Morgage, or **mortgage**. *Morigage, mortgaige, hypotheque.*
To **morgage**. *Hypotequer, hipotequer.*
Morgaged. *Hypotequé, hipotequé.*
The **morning**. *Le matin.*
The **morning** time. *La matinée.*
The whole **morning**. *Toute la matinée.*
Of, or belonging to, the **morning**. *Matutinel, matinier.*
Betimes in the **morning**. *Matutinel, de bon matin.*
Morning prayer. *Matines, prieres du matin.*
The **morning** ſtarre. *Eſtoile de matin.*
Moroſitie. *Moroſité. Voyez* Frowardneſſe, croſneſſe.
Morphew. Morphée, morſée, *bran de Iudas.*
A **morris** dance. *Moriſque.*
(The boyiſh game) five-pennie-**morris**. *Le jeu de merelles.*
To **morrow**. *Demain.*
Good **morrow** (*au lieu de dire* Good morne.) *Bon jour.*
A **morſell**. *Morceau; boucon, bocon, gobeau, morſure.*
A ſmall **morſell**. *Morcelet.*
A **Mort**, or doxie. *Gueuſe, gueuze, maraude, truande, ribaulde.*
A **mortaiſe**. *Comme* a Mortiſe.
The **mortaiſe** wherein the ſhiver of a pullie runnes. *L'orbite d'une poulie.*
Mortall. *Mortel; capital, mourable, pernicieux.*
Mortally. *Mortellement; hoſtilement.*
Mortalitie. *Mortalité.*
Morter. *Mortier; gips, gyp, gyps, gy; marmoral.*
To make **morter**. *Gaſcher.*
Mortered. *Gypsé.*
A making of **morter**. *Gaſchement.*
Like **morter**. *Gypsé.*
A **morter** (to beat ſpice in.) *Mortier.*
Mortgage. *Morigage. Voyez* Morgage.
Mortiferous. *Mortifere.*
Mortification. *Mortification.*
To **mortifie**. *Mortifier; gourſouler, macerer, amatir, emmatir.*
To **mortifie** fowle (or to make it tender.) *Faiſander, phaiſander.*
Mortified. *Mortifié, amati, emmati.*
A **Mortifier**. *Mortificur.*
A **mortifying**. *Mortification.*
A **mortifying** (by violent handling, by abſtinence, &c.) *Gourd ſoulement, gourſoulement, macération.*
A **mortis** hole. *Mortaiſe, adent.*
To **mortiſe**. *Adenter, emmortaiſer.*
Mortiſed. *Adenté, emmortaiſé.*
Mort-maine. *Main morte, morte-main.*
A **mortuarie**. *Mortuaire, mortuage.*
Moſaicall worke. *Moſaique, muſaique.*
Moſſe. *Mouſſe, miſque, mouſce.*
A little round heap or ball of **moſſe**. *Mouſſeau.*
Sea **moſſe**. *Coralline, mouſſe marine.*
Club **moſſes**, wolfe-claw **moſſe**. *Mouſſe terreſtre, ou de terre.*
Moſſie. *Mouſſelu, mouſſeux, mouſſu.*
The **moſſie** young haires about the privie parts. *Le poil foſt qui vient es parties honteuſes.*
The **moſſie** downe of quinces, peaches, &c. *Mouſſe.*
Moſt. (*Eſt ſigne du ſuperlatif, comme tres en François.*)
Moſt excellent. *Treſexcellent.*
The **moſt**. *Le plus, la plus grande partie, le plus grand nombre.*
For the **moſt** part. *Pour la plus grande partie.*
The **moſt** often. *Le plus ſouvent.*
Moſt uſually. *Le plus communement.*
At the **moſt**. *Au plus, pour le plus.*
A **mote** *Voyez* a Moat.
A **moth**. *Tigne. Voyez* a Moath.
A **mother**. *Mere.*
A **mother** in Law. *Belle mere.*
A ſtep **mother**. *Maraſtre, meratre.*
A grand-**mother**. *Ayeule, mere grande.*
A god-**mother**. *Marraine.*
A **mother** (or girle.) *Voyez* Girle.
The **mother** City. *Comme* the Metropolitane.
The **mother** (or womb.) *Matrice, amarry.*
The diſeaſe called the **mother**. *Suffocation de matrice.*
Mother-killing. *Matricide.*
The **mother**, (dregs, or grounds.) *Marc.*
The **mother** of wine. *Seſne.*
The **mother-tongue**. *La langue maternelle.*
Mother of pearle. *Mere perle, nacre de perles, nacle, ou naque de perles.*
The **mother** (huskes, hullings, or skins of grapes.) *Marc.*
Motherly, of the Mother, or on the Mothers ſide. *Maternellement.*
Motherly. *Materniel. (Adjectif.)*
Moth-mullein. *Herbe aux mites, herbe vermineux.*
Mother-wort. *Matricaire, armoiſe, gypaulme, gripaulme, eſpargoutte, mipcefueille.*
A **motion**. *Mouvement.*
A **motion** made. *Ouverture.*
To **motion**. *Mentionner, recorder.*
To make a **motion**. *Mettre en train, faire ouverture.*
A **motioner**. *Moteur.*
A **motive**. *Motif.*
A **motto**. *Mot, deviſe.*
Moveable. *Mobile, mobiliaire.*

Moveables. *Meubles, uamps, outillemens.*
To furniſh with **moveables.** *Meubler.*
Furniſhed with **moveables.** *Meublé.*
A furniſhing with **moveables.** *Meublement.*
Moveablenesse. *Mobilité, mouvement.*
To **move.** *Mouvoir, eſmouvoir, remuer; mener, groüiller; ocher; auſſi, perſuader.*
To **move** violently. *Secouër.*
To **move** to anger. *Enflamber de courroux, inciter à courroux, mourrocer, faſcher.*
Moved. *Ocu, eſmeu, remué; mené; ocbé; perſuadé.*
Violently **moved.** *Secoüé.*
Moved to anger. *Eſmeu, ou incité à courroux, ou, à ire; courroucé, faſché.*
To be **moved** to anger. *Eſtre enflambé d'ire; ou, incité à courroux, ſe courroucer, ſe faſcher.*
A **mover.** *Moteur, eſmouveur, mouveur, remueur; motif; perſuadeur.*
A **moving.** *Mouvement, eſmouvement, remuëment, remuance.*
A violent **moving.** *Secouëment.*
Moving. *Moteur, remuant, motrice, perſuaſif.*
A **moving** reaſon. *Motif, raiſon mouvante.*
A **mould.** *Moule, modelle, module, moulle, moulure.*
To **mould,** or caſt into a **mould.** *Mouler, modeler, moſler.*
To **mould** bread. *Peſtrir, ou faire le pain. Voyez* to Knead.
Mould. *Terre, terroir, terreau.*
The **mould** of the head. *La fontaine de la teſte.*
To **mould,** or become **mouldie.** *Rancir, ſe moiſir.*
Moulded, or caſt into a mould. *Moulé, molé.*
Mouldied (or become **mouldie.**) *Voyez* Mouldie.
A **moulder,** or caſter in a mould. *Mouleur, moſleur.*
Mouldie. *Rance, chanſi, moiſi; mucydan, vermoulu.*
To wax **mouldie.** *Se moiſir, ſe vermoulir.*
Mouldinesse. *Chanſiſſeure, moiſiſſure, vermouliſſure, remucres.*
A **moulding,** or caſting in a mould. *Moulerie, mouleure, molure.*
Moulten. *Comme* Molten. *Lequel voyez.*
A **mount.** *Mont; ou comme* a Mountain.
Mountable. *Montable, qu'on peut monter.*
A **mountaine.** *Montaigne, montagne, mont.*
A little **mountaine.** *Montaignette, montelet, montaignolle.*
Borne, or bred on the **mountaines.** *Montigené.*
Of, or belonging to, a **mountaine,** reſiding in **mountaines.** *Montaignois.*
A **mountaine-faſhion.** *Montagnier, montagner, montain.*
A **mountainer,** or **mountain-man.** *Montaignar.*
Mountainous, or **mountenie,** or full of **mountaines.** *Montaigneux, montueux.*
A **mountain** (or upright beame) in a building. *Montant.*
To **mount.** *Monter, monter en haut. Voyez* to Aſcend.
A **mounte-banke.** *Monte-banc, charlatan, triacleur.*
Mounted. *Monté, monté deſſus; eſchellé.*
Mounted on horſe-back. *Monté, monté à cheval, abeſté.*
Well or ill **mounted** (or horſed.) *Bien ou mal monté.*
A **mounting.** *Montée.*
Mounting. *Montant.*
To **mourne.** *S'atriſter, mener dueil, S'adeuloir.*
To **mourne** or croo like a Dove. *Roucouler, vocouler.*
To **mourne,** or weare **mourning.** *Porter habit de dueil.*
A **mourner.** *Qui mene dueil; Qui porte habit de dueil.*
Mournefull. *Adeullé, adeuillé.*
A **mourning.** *Dueil.*
The **mourning** (or crooing) of a Dove. *Roubard, roucoulement.*
Mourning, or **mourning** apparell. *Habit de dueil.*
Mourning, mournfull. *Lugubre.*
The **mourning** of the chine. *Les oreillons, les mourrues.*
A **mouſe.** *Souris, ſori, raton, rat.*
To **mouſe** (or hunt for mice.) *Suriſer, rateler.*
To hunt or feed on field **mice.** *Mulotter.*
A little or young **mouſe.** *Suriſſeau, ſouriceau, ſouriſſeau, ſouriſon.*
A Dor-**mouſe.** *Rat-liron; gliron, ratvelu.*
A field-**mouſe.** *Mulot, mullot.*
A ſlitter-**mouſe,** or Reare **mouſe.** *Chauve-ſouris, ratepenade.*
The laſſer **mouſe** (that beares the minevar furre.) *Rat de laſſe.*
A ſhrew **mouſe.** *Muſaraigne, Souris araigneuſe, muſette, migale.*
The Alpine **mouſe.** *Marmotaine, marmontaine, marmotan, rat de montaigne.*
That hunteth for field **mice.** *Mulotier, mulotier.*
A **mouſe**-catcher. *Souricier, ſouretier.*
Mouſe-hare (hearb.) *Oreille de ſouris, oreille de rat, veluette, Pelvette, piloſelle.*
A **Mouſe**-hole. *Ratoire.*
Mouſe-graſſe. *Joubarbe ſauvage.*
A **Mouſer.** *Souricier, ſouretier.*
Mouſe-taile (hearb.) *Pain d'oiſeau.*
A **Mouſe**-trap. *Souriciere, ſoriciere, ſuriſiere, ratiere, ratoir.*
Mouſing, loving, or hunting after mice. *Sourien.*
A **mouth.** *Bouche; gueule, orifice.*
A little **Mouth.** *Bouchette, bouchelette.*
A **mouth** full. *Bouchée, goulée, goulette, morceau, boucon, bocon.*
To make a **mouth.** *Faire la mouë, Faire la babaye, ou, babou, grimacer.*
Making **mouths.** *Mouärd.*
A maker of **mouthes.** *Grimaſſeur, Qui faict la mouë.*
An hares **mouth.** *Groin de lievre, levre fenduë.*
Wide **Mouthed.** *Gueulard, bien fendu de gueule.*
The **mouth** (or entrance into a thing.) *Orifice.*
A wry-**mouth.** *Grimace.*
The **mouth** of the ſtomack. *L'Oeſophage.*
A **moüe** or **moe.** *Moüe.*
To **moüe,** or make a **moüe.** *Faire la moüe, grimacer.*
A **moüeing.** *Grimace.*
Moüeing (making mouthes.) *Mouärd.*
Moüeings. *Minauderies.*
To **moüe.** *Faucher, aualer.*
A hay-**moüe.** *Foüail, ſenault.*
Moüed, or **moüen.** *Fauché.*
A **moüer.** *Faucheur, muſleron, aualeron.*
A **moüers** hire. *Fauchage.*
A **moüeing.** *Fauchement, fauche, fauchage, fauchelon.*
Moüeing ſeaſon. *Fauchelon.*
A **Moyle.** *Mulet.*
A **moyle**-keeper. *Muletier. Voyez* a Mule.
To **moyle.** *Souiller, polluer; auſſi, traualler.*
Moyled. *Souillé, traualé.*
A **moyling.** *Souillure; travail, traualleric.*
Moyſt and **moyſte.** *Voyez* Moiſt and moiſte.
Much. *Beaucoup, mault, mallement, mant.*
As **much.** *Autant, la pareille.*
For as **much** as. *D'autant que;*
For as **much.** *Pour la pareille.*
How **much.** *Combien.*
As **much** as may be. *Treſacertes.*
So **much.** *Tant autant.*
Exceeding **much.** *Treſque.*
Too **much,** over **much.** *Trop, par trop.*
To make **much** of. *Careſſer, amignotter, amignarder, mignarder, cherir.*
Much made of. *Mignardé, careſſé.*
That hath **much** to take to. *Riche, opulent, bien moyenné.*
A making **much** of. *Careſſe, amignotement.*
Making **much** of. *Amignotant.*
Muck. *Fient. Voyez* dung.
A **muck**-hill. *Fumier.*
A **mucketer.** *Baveretie, baveroile, baveroiſte.*
Mudde. *Bourbe, fange; Vaze, vaſe.*
The **mudde** of the ſea. *Voyez* Ouſe.
A heap of **mudde.** *Fangas, bauge.*
To **mudde,** beray or bedaſh with **mud,** ſtick in **mudde.** *Embourber, enfangar, embouër.*
Loving the **mudde.** *Bourbeteux.*
To wallow in the **mudde.** *Bourbetter, bourbeter.*
Mudded, berayed with mud, ſtucke in Mudde. *Embourbé, emboué, enfangé.*
Muddie, full of mudde. *Bourbeux, bourbeteux, bouëux, fangeux.*
A **muddie** place. *Bourbier.*
A **muddie** place in a river. *Lieu mollet d'une riviere.*
A **muddie** ſlough. *Fangeat, fangeas, fangas.*
A **mudding,** beraying with, or ſticking in mudde. *Embourbement, enfangement.*
A **mue.** *Mue, reſervoir, ſerve.*
To **mue.** *Muër.*
Mued. *Müé.*
A **muing.** *Muëment, mue.*
A **muff.** *Manchon, bonne-grace.*
To **Muffle.** *Affubler.*
To **muffle** himſelfe in his Cloake. *S'affubler en ſon manteau.*
Muffled. *Affublé.*
A **muffling.** *Affublement, affublage.*
A **muffler.** *Cache-nez, cache-muſeau, cachelaid, cachelet, tourel de nez.*
Mugwoort. *Armoiſe, l'herbe de S. Jean.*
A **mulberie.** *Meure.*
A **mulberie** tree. *Meurier, muerier.*
A ground, or grove of **mulberie** trees. *Meuriere, muveraie.*
A **mulct.** *Amende, multe.*
A **mule.** *Mule.*
A great **mule,** or **moyle.** *Mulet.*

A little mule. *Mulette.*
Of, or belonging to, a mule. *Mulin.*
Mules, the kind of Mules; a troop of Mules. *Mules, mulaille, muletaille.*
A muleter (mule, or moyle-keeper, or driver.) *Muletier.*
Mullein (herbe.) *Mouleine, molaine.*
Candleweek Mullein. *Melchenet.*
Moth mullein. *Herbe aux mites.*
White-flowred mullein. *Moulaine blanche.*
A muller (to grinde colours with.) *Molette à broyer couleurs.*
A mullet (a pinser.) *Mollette, muge; mugerel.*
A mullet (fish.) *Mulleau de mer, muge, mulet, ſame.*
A lore Mullet. *Moil, rouget barbé, ſur mulet.*
Mulſe. *Vin miellé, ou, emmiellé.*
Multure (or grift.) *Mouture.*
Multiplicable. *Multipliable, multiplicable.*
Multiplication. *Multiplication.*
Great multiplication, abounding in multiplication. *Multiple.*
To multiplie. *Multiplier.*
Multiplied. *Multiplié.*
The multiplicand (or number to be multiplied.) *Le Multiplié.*
The multiplier, (or number whereby is multiplied.) *Le multipliant.*
A Multiplier. *Multipliaur.*
A multiplying. *Multipliement.*
Multiplying. *Multipliant.*
A multitude. *Multitude, nombre.*
Multure. *Mouture, mouldure, moulure, monſture, moute.*
Multure-corne. *Bled mouturé.*
To mumble. *Barboter, macbonner, marmoter, marmonner, marmotter, ſabouler, rebarboter.*
To mumble (in eating.) *Grignoter.*
To mumble with the teeth. *Margouiller.*
Mumbled. *Barboté, marmonné, ſaboulé, grignoté.*
A mumbling. *Barbotage, marmoterie.*
To play at mumbudget. *Demeurer court, ne ſonner mot.*
A Mummer. *Mommeur, mommon.*
A company of mummers. *Mommon.*
Mummerie, or mumming. *Mommerie, maſquerade, maſcarade, barboire.*
Mummie. *Mommie.*
A mumming. *Maſqueure.*
The mumps. *Auripeaux, les oreillons, ou, aureillons; mourruë, orillons.*
Mumps (or mowes.) *Momoye de ſinge, monës.*
Mumpings. *Minauderies.*
Mumping. *Mouard.*
Mundane (worldly.) *Mondain.*
Mundep. *Lundi.*
Mundificative. *Mondificatif.*
To mundifie. *Mondifier.*
Mundified. *Mondifié.*
A mundifying, or mundification. *Mondification.*
Mundifying. *Mondificatif.*
A mungrell. *Voyez* Mongrell.
Municipall (peculiar to one City.) *Municipal, municipial.*
Munificence. *Munificence, liberalité.*
To munite (fortifie, furniſh, &c.) *Munir.*
Munited. *Muni.*
A muniting. *Muniment.*
Munition. *Munition; munitment.*
To ſtore with munition. *Munitionner.*
Storing with munition. *Munitionnaire.*
A Munke. *Voyez* a Monke.
A Munkey. *Comme* Monkey.
Murall (of, or belonging to, a wal.) *Mural*
A murall crowne (or garland.) *Couronne murale.*
A murene (fiſh.) *Murene.*
To murmure. *Murmurer, baigner, grommeler, grommeler, bogner, bongner, marmoter, marmonner, marmotter, marmotonner.*
A murmure. *Murmure.*
Murmured. *Murmuré.*
A murmurer. *Grommeleur, murmurateur.*
A murmuring. *Murmurement, murmuration, grommelement, grommellement, murmure, boigne.*
Murmuringly. *Murmurantement.*
Murraine. *Mortalité.*
The murra. *Rheume, reume, rume.*
Murry-colour. *Morée.*
A murrian (or head-piece.) *Morion, morrion.*
Armed with a murrion. *Morioné.*
To murther. *Meurtrir, maſſacrer, homicider, murtriv, occire.*
Murther. *Meurtre, homicide, maſſacre, Occiſion.*
Murthered. *Meurtri, homicidé, maſſacré, occis.*
A Murtherer. *Meurtrier, aſſaſſin; homicide, maſſacreur, homicidere.*
Murthering, or murtherous. *Meurtrier, occiant.*
A murthering. *Occiſſion.*
A murthering piece. *Meurtriere.*
Murtherously. *Meurtrierement.*
Muſkadell, or muſcadine. *Muſcadel, vin muſcat, vin muſcadeau, muſcadet, vin muſquat.*
The white muſcadine grape. *Abeillanne, raiſin muſcat, muſcadet.*
A Muſculous ſubſtance. *Muſculoſité.*
A Muſcle. *Voyez* Muskle.
Muſculous. *Muſculeux.*
A muſe. *Muſe, muſardie.*
Affecting the Muſes. *Muſien.*
To muſe. *Muſer.*
A place to muſe in. *Muſequin.*
To make to muſe. *Amuſer, donner la muſe à.*
A muſer. *Muſard.*
A muſet in a hedge. *Trouée.*
Muſing. *Muſard.*
Muſicall. *Melodieux, harmonieux, acroamatique.*
Muſically. *Muſicallement, harmonieuſement, melodieuſement.*
A Muſician (a profeſſer of Muſick.) *Muſicien.*
Muſick. *Muſique.*
Morning Muſick. *Anbade.*
Evening muſick (under a window.) *Serenade.*
A Muſhrome. *Champignon, potiron, ſonge, ſunge, mouſcheron, mouſſeron.*
The ſmalleſt (and daintieſt kinde) of Muſhrome. *Morille.*
Muſke. *Muſc, du muſc.*
Of, or belonging to, Muſke. *Moſcellin.*
To muſke, perfume with Muſke. *Muſquer.*
Full of muſke. *Muſqueux.*
A muſke-apple. *Pomme muſcadelle.*
A muſke-ball. *Trocifque.*
A muſke-rat. *Fouant.*
A muſke-cherrie. *Ceriſe muſcate.*
Muſke-oyle. *Huille muſcelline.*
A muſke-peare. *Muſcateline.*
A muſke-roſe. *Roſe muſcate, muſcadelle.*
Muſked (muſkie, ſweet of muſke.) *Muſqué, muſquetté.*
Muſkie, (weet as, full of muſke, or ſeaſoned with Muſke. *Muſcellin, muſcat, muſcatelin, muſquat.*
A Muſket, *Mouſquet, mouchet, mouſquette, mouſchet.*
A muſket (or taſſell of a Spar-hawke.) *Le tiercelet d'un eſpervier, mouchet, ſacbeth, mouſchet, mouſquet.*
A Muſkettoe. *Mouſquettaire.*
A (fleſhie) muſkle. *Muſcle.*
A muſkle (fiſh.) *Moucle, moule.*
The great lea muſkle. *Muſcle, mouſche de mer.*
A muſkroll (or a horſe. *Muſcrole.*
A little muſkroll. *Camion.*
A muſſe (the boyiſh ſcrambling for nuts, &c.) *A la grobe, mouſche.*
Muſt. *Faut.*
I muſt. *I me faut.*
Hee muſt. *Il luy faut.*
Wee muſt. *Il nous faut.*
Yee, or you muſt. *Il vous faut.*
They muſt. *Il leur faut.*
Muſt, (new wine, unrefined.) *Moiſt, vin mouſt.*
To muſt, (or grow muſtie.) *Hendrir.*
The muſtachoe, or muſtachoes. *Mouſtache.*
Having a muſtachoe. *Mouſtaché.*
Muſtard. *Mouſtarde.*
Muſtard ſeed. *Senevé.*
White, or garden muſtard. *Mouſtarde blanche.*
Common, or field, muſtard. *Mouſtarde noire, ſenevé blanc.*
Treacle, or wild muſtard. *Mouſtarde ſauvage, ſenevé ſauvage, Camelina, camemine, ſanele.*
A muſtard-pot. *Mouſtardier.*
Of, or affecting muſtard. *Mouſtardier.*
A maker or ſeller of muſtard. *Mouſtardier.*
To muſter. *Faire la monſtre, ou, une monſtre; faire une reveuë.*
A muſter. *Monſtre, reveuë, monſtrée.*
A muſter-maiſter. *Commiſſaire de la monſtre.*
Muſtie. *Moiſi, beudri, relant, remugle; mucqueux.*
To grow muſtie. *Se moiſir, beudrir.*
To ſmell muſtie. *Relantir.*
Muſtineſſe. *Moiſiſſure, relanteur, relant, remucrés.*
Mutabilitie, or mutablenеſſe. *Mutabilité, muableté.*
Mutable. *Muable.*
A mutation. *Mutation, changement.*
To mute (as a hawke.) *Mutir.*
Mute (or dumbe.) *Muet.*
To mutilate (or maime.) *Mutiler, tronçonner, tronſonner.*
Mutilated, (maimed, or lamed.) *Mutilé, tronçonné.*
A mutilation (or maiming.) *Mutilation, troncation, tronçonnement.*
To mutine (or raiſe a mutinie.) *Mutiner.*

A **mutiner**, (raiſer of mutinies.) *Mutinateur.*
A **mutinis.** *Mutinerie, eſmeute, hutin, hutinement.*
A **mutining.** *Mutinement, mutination.*
Mutinous. *Mutin, hutin, hutineux, ſedicieux.*
A **mutinous** fellow. *Homme mutin.*
Mutinouſly. *Seditieuſement.*
To **mutter.** *Barboter, grommeler, groumeler, bougner, bogner, bougner, marmoter, marmonner, marmotter, marmotonner, murmurer, barbeter, rebarboter.*
Muttered. *Barboté, marmonné.*
A **mutterer.** *Grommeleur.*
A **muttering.** *Grommelement, grommellement, bougne, marmoterie, barbotage, murmure, murmurement.*
Muttering. *Grommeleux.*
Mutteringly. *Murmurantement.*
Mutton. *Mouton.*
Of **mutton**, belonging to a **mutton.** *Moutonnier.*
Laced **mutton.** *Garſe, putain, fille de joye.*
A **mutton-monger.** *Putier.*
Mutuall. *Mutuel, reciproque, pareil.*
A **mutuall** yeelding. *Reciprocation.*
Mutually. *Mutuellement, reciproquement, reſpectivement.*
The **muzzle** (or ſnowt of a beaſt.) *Muſeau, gueulard; mourre, morre, muſeliere; muſle.*
A **muzzle** (with a poake hanging at it, to put provender in) for a Mule. *Morrail de mulet, muſeliere de mules.*
Muzzling (or tying up to the muzzle.) *Muſelaux, muſeliere.*
A **myniſter.** *Monſtier, Egliſe cathedrale.*
A **myrabolans** (plumme.) *Myrobalan, myrabolan.*
A **myriad** (or tenne thouſand.) *Miriade, dix mille.*
Myrrhe. *Myrrhe.*
White **myrrhe.** *Myrrhe blanche.*
The beſt kind of **myrrhe.** *Myrrhe ſtacte, ſtorax liquide.*
A **myrrour.** *Miroir, mirouer. Voyez* Looking-glaſſe.
The **myrtle** tree. *Myrte, meurte, murte, nerte.*
Forraine **myrtle.** *Meurte eſtrange.*
Dutch **myrtle.** *Meurte de Brabant.*
Noble **myrtle.** *Meurte de tarente, myrtil.*
Ordinary **myrtle.** *Meurte noir.*
Wild **myrtle.** *Meurte ſauvage.*
White **myrtle.** *Meurte blanc.*
A **myrtle** Thruſh. *Oiſeau de meurte, oiſeau de Nerte.*
The **myrtle** berry. *Myrtil.*
Of, or belonging to, the **myrtle** tree. *Myrtin.*
Myrtle berries. *Myrtilles.*
Myrtle oyle. *Huile myrtin.*
A **myſterie.** *Myſtere, ſecret.*
A teacher, or interpreter of **Myſteries.** *Miſtagogue, myſtagogue.*
Myſterious, or full of Myſteries. *Myſterieux.*
Myſticall. *Myſtique; obſcur, ſecret.*
A **myſticall** ſence. *Obſcurité.*
Seeming **myſticall.** *Myſtaudique.*
Myſtically. *Myſtiquement; obſcurement, ſecrettement.*
Myſtically in ſhew. *Myſtaudiquement.*
Mythologie. *Mythologie, mithologie, l'expoſition d'une fable.*
The **Mizzen** ſaile. *Voyez* Mizzen.

N

THe **Nadir** (the point directly oppoſite to the Zenith.) *Nadaïr.* (*Le point oppoſite au Zenith.*)
A **Nagge.** *Chevalet, petit cheval, bidet.*
A **Nayle.** *Clou.*
To **nayle.** *Clouër.*
To **nayle** againe. *Reclouër.*
A clowte **nayle.** *Clou à happe.*
A great **nayle** (a foot long, uſed in ſhips.) *Clou de caravelle.*
A ſtreake **nayle.** *Clou à bandes.*
A ſpeak or ſheathing **nayle.** *Clou d'eſtoupe.*
A ſcupper **nayle** (uſed in ſhipping.) *Clou de manguiere.*
A tack **nayle**, or ſmall naile. *Clou à ſoufflet, cloüet.*
A tentar-hook **nayle.** *Clou à crochet.*
The **nayle** of a mans hand or foot. *Ongle.*
A little **nayle** *Onglet.*
To ſcratch, or marke with the **nayle.** *Ongler.*
A ſcratch, or marke of nailes. *Onglade.*
To pare ones **nayles** very neare. *Couper, ou, Rongner les ongles de pres à.*
Nayled (faſtned with nailes.) *Cloüé.*
Nayled (or having nailes.) *Onglé.*
A **Nayler.** *Cloueur.*
A **nayler**, naile-ſmith, or ſeller of nailes. *Cloutier.*
A **nayling.** *Cloüage, clouëment, clouëure.*
Naked *Nud, nu.*
Starke bellie **naked.** *Tout fin mere nud.*
As **naked** as my naile. *Nud comme un ver.*
To ſtrip **naked.** *Mettre a nud.*
Script **naked.** *Mis à nud.*
Nakedly. *Nuëment.*
Nakednes. *Nudité.*
A **Nacker** (a great and long ſhell-fiſh.) *Nacre, nacle, naque.*
A **name.** *Nom; renom, reputation.*
The proper **name.** *Nom propre.*
A ſur-**name.** *Surnom,*
A nick-**name.** *Deſnom, ſobriquet.*
A good **name.** *Bonne renommée.*
To **name.** *Nommer.*
Named. *Nommé.*
By **name.** *Nommément; notamment.*
A **namer.** *Nommeur.*
A **naming.** *Nomination.*
The **nape** of the neck. *La nuque du col, cameau du col, muque du col, nucque.*
Naphte. *Naphte, naſte.*
A **napkin.** *Serviette.*
To take a **nappe**, or **nap.** *Dormir.*
A **nappe**, or **nap.** *Un dormir, un ſomme.*
To take a **nappe** at noon dayes. *Dormir ſur le jour.*
The **nappe** of new cloth. *Rebours.*
Nappie; *Comme* **Nappie-ale.** *De l'alle bien forte.*
Nappie, or of a high nappe. *Velu.*
Nappineſſe. *Velure.*
Napping, taking a nappe. *Dormant.*
To take **napping.** *Surprendre, prendre ſur le fait, prendre au gallico, ou, de gallico.*
Narciſſus (flower.) *Narciſſe.*
A **narration.** *Narration, narré, recit.*
Narratife. *Narratif.*
A **Narratour.** *Narrateur, narreur.*
A **narrell** (or noſethrill.) *Narreau, naſeaux, nazeaux, naſilles.*
Wide **narrells.** *Naſeaux patus.*
A hawkes **narrells.** *Canolles, naſilles.*
Narrow. *Eſtroit, eſtroict.*
To **narrow**, or make **narrow.** *Eſtroiſſir, retrecir, retraire.*
A **narrow** place. *Un eſtroict, deſtroict, eſtrois, deſtroit.*
Narrowed (made narrow.) *Eſtroiſſi; retraict, retrait.*
Narrowly. *Eſtroictement, ſerrement.*
A **narrowing.** *Retreciſſement.*
Narrowneſſe. *Eſtroiſſeur.*
Naſtie. *Hordoux, ſordide, maulavé, mannet, ſale, faſte, ſalle, Ord.*
A **naſtie** fellow. *Souillon, touillon.*
Somewhat **naſtie.** *Salet.*
Naſtily. *Sordidement, ſalement, ordement.*
Naſtineſſe. *Saleté, ſalleté; marmitonnage, ſouillardeſie, ſouillonneſie, ſouilleure, vilenie, ordure.*
Natall (native.) *Natal.*
A **nation.** *Nation, gent.*
Them of my **nation** *Mes nationnaires.*
Nationall, of a **nation.** *National.*
Native. *Natif, natal.*
Nativitie *Nativité, genetbliaque.*
Calculators of **nativities.** *Genetbliatiquts; geneux.*
Of, or belonging to, a **nativitie.** *Natal.*
The feaſt of the **nativitie** of Chriſt. *Noel, nouel.*
A **naturaliſt** (or naturall Philoſopher.) *Naturaliſte, phyſicien, naturel.*
Naturalitie *Voyez* Naturalization.
To **naturalize.** *Naturaliſer.*
Naturalized. *Naturaliſé.*
Naturalization. *Naturalité.*
Naturall. *Naturel, naif; natal; naſſ.*
A **naturall** (foole.) *Caillette.*
The **naturall** diſpoſition. *Le naturel,*
Fruites **naturall.** *Fruicts naturels.*
Naturall Philoſophie. *Phyſique.*
A **naturall** Philoſopher. *Phyſicien, naturaliſte.*
Naturally. *Naturellement, phyſicalement, naifvement.*
Naturalneſſe. *Naifveté.*
Nature. *Nature; le naturel.*
By **nature**, *Naturellemnt, par, ou, de nature.*
It is his **nature** (I.his **naturall** diſpoſition.) *c'eſt ſon naturel, c'eſt ſon inclination.*
Beyond **nature** (or **ſupernaturall.**) *Oultrenaturel.*
The **nabe** of a wheele. *Le moyeu, moieu, moyau, ou, moiau, d'une roue; le majeul d'une roue, la boſſe d'une roue, le noyeu, au noïau d'une roue.*
The **nabell.** *Nombril, vmbelic, ombelic.*
A ſmall **nabell.** *Nombrillet.*
Of, or belonging to, the **nabell.** *Nombriller, umbilical, ombilical.*
The ſea **nabell.** *Nombril de mer.*
Ladies **nabell.** *Nombril de venus.*
The **nabell-gall** (a horſes diſeaſe.) *Paumon.*
Nabeu gentle, or the French **nabeu.** *Naveau, navet, navette.*
Naughe. *Mauvais, perverſe, ou comme* Naughtie.

To come to **naught**. *Perir.*
Naughtie. *Mal, mauvais, meſchant, malfaiſant, ſcelerè, malin, mau, mendeux, ſordide, vicieux.*
A **naughty-packe**. *Scelerat, meſchant garnement.*
Naughtily. *Mauvaiſement, malement, mal, meſchamment, malignement, ſordidement, vicieuſement.*
Naughtineſſe. *Mauvaiſtié, meſchanceté, malignité, vice.*
A **navie** (of ſhips.) *Flotte (de navires,) armée navale, navigage, navire.*
Of, or belonging to, a **navie**. *Naval.*
Navigable. *Navigable.*
To **navigate**. *Naviger, voyez* to ſaile.
Navigated. *Navigé.*
Navigation. *Navigation.*
Nay. *Non.*
A **nay**. *Vn ni, negation, negative.*
To ſay **nay**. *Nier.*
Said **nay** unto. *Nie.*
To ſay **nay** and take it. *Faire guedon guedon.*
Saying **nay**. *Negatif.*
Neare. *Pres, prochain, proche, joignant, voiſin.*
Very **neare**. *Bien pres.*
To be **neare** unto. *Voiſiner.*
Well **neare**. *Preſque.*
Neare at hand. *Ici pres, d'ici pres, joignant.*
To come, or draw **neare** to. *Approcher.*
Drawne, or come **neare** to. *Approché.*
A comming, or drawing **neare**. *Approchement.*
Neare (or niggardly.) *Taquin, chiche, eſcars, reſpargnant.*
Nearely. *Prochainement.*
Neareneſſe. *Proximité, prochainté, voiſinage, voiſinance; auſſi, reſpargne, eſpargne.*
A **neaſt** (of a bird.) *Nid, nïeu.*
A **neaſt-egge** (that ever lies in the **neaſt**.) *Oeuf nieu, nicheul.*
A **neaſt** full of. *Nyaïé.*
To **neaſtle**, or make, or put into a **neaſt**. *Nicher, nidifier, annicher.*
A **neaſtler**, or **neaſt-maker**. *Annicheur.*
A **neaſtling**. *Niais.*
Neate. *Des bœufs, gros beſtail, ou beſtial.*
Neates-leather. *Vache, cuir de vache.*
A **neate-heard**. *Vachier, bouvier.*
To make **neate**. *Mettre au net, garber.*
Neate. *Net, joli, gentil, gay, orné, gent, godin, miſte, mignard, mignon, ſade, ſadinet, monde, accointé, accoint, attinté.*
Prety and **neate**. *Netteit.*
A **neate** fellow. *Mirloret, miſtoudin, mondinet.*
Neather, neathermoſt. *Voyez* nether, nethermoſt.
Neatly. *Nettement, gentement, mignardement, ſadément, miſtement, ornément.*
Very **neatly**. *Bien au net.*
Neatneſſe. *Netteté, mignardiſe.*
A **neb**. *Bec.*
The **neb** (or bit) of a key. *Le penneton d'un elef.*
The **neb** of a pen. *Creu, creut, geriure, jariure.*
Neceſſarie. *Neceſſaire, neceſſitaire.*
Neceſſarily. *Neceſſairement.*
To **neceſſitate** (or force by **neceſſity**.) *Neceſſiter.*
Neceſſitated (forced by **neceſſity**.) *Neceſſité.*
Neceſſity. *Neceſſité, indigence, meſtier, penurie.*
Of **neceſſitie**. *Neceſſairement.*
Neceſſitous. *Neceſſiteux, neceſſitaire. Voyez* Needy.
The **neck**. *Le col.*
A **necke** of mutton. *Collet de mouton.*
A wrie **necke**. *Torti-colly, tuty-colly.*
A **neck-band**. *Vn colet.*
The **neck-band**. *L'os du gauion.*
A **neck-lace**. *Goſaron.*
Neckliaces. *Moniles.*
The narrow **necke** of a glaſſe viall, bottle, &c. *Le goulet.*
The **necke** of a muſicall inſtrument. *Le manche d'un inſtrument muſical.*
A **necromancer**. *Nigromantien, magicien.*
Necromancie. *Nigromancie, negromancie, magie, necromantie.*
Nectar. *Nectar; Le boiſſon des dieux.*
Of **Nectar**. *Nectarin.*
A **Neece**. *Niece, niepce.*
Need. *Neceſſité, indigence, diſette, faute, beſoing, manquement, meſtier, ſouffrete, ſouffrance, penurie.*
To **need**, to have or be in **need**. *Avoir diſette, ſouffreter, eſtre indigent, manquer; avoir faulte, indiger, avoir beſoing.*
Needfull. *Neceſſaire.*
Needs. *Neceſſairement.*
Needie. *Neceſſiteux, ſouffreteux, indigent, neceſſitaire.*
A **needle**. *Aiguille, eſguille, aguille.*
To worke **needle-worke**. *Ouvrager.*
Shepherds **needle**; pinke **needle**. *Aiguille de paſteur, aiguille de berger.*
Muſked pinke **needle**. *Aiguille muſquée.*
Of, or like a **needle**, full of, or prieked with **needles**. *Aiguillé, eſguillé.*
A **needle-caſe**. *Aiguillier.*
A **needle** full of. *Eſguillée.*
Needle-worke. *Ouvrage d'eſguille.*
A **needle-maker**. *Eſguillier.*
A pricke or ſtitch with a **needle**. *Eſguillée.*
Wrought with a **needle**. *Ouvragé.*
The **needle** of a ſea-compaſſe. *Guidemant de bouſſole.*
Neere. *Pres, prochain, proche; auſſi, chiche, taquin. Voyez* Neate.
Neerely, and **neereneſſe**. *Comme* Nearely, and neareneſſe.
To **neeſe**. *Eſternuer.*
A **neeſing**. *Eſternuement.*
Neeſe-woort, or **neeſing-woort**. *Herbe à eſternuer, Ellebore blanc, veraire blanche.*
A **negation** (or deniall.) *Negation.*
Negative. *Negatif, negatoire.*
A **negative**. *Negative.*
Negatorie. *Negatoire.*
A **Negar**, or **negro**. *Negre, More.*
To **neglect**. *Negliger, nonchaloir; Meſpriſer, meſcognoiſtre, omettre, obmettre.*
Neglect. *Nonchalance, negligence, meſpris, nonchalence, omiſſion.*
Neglected. *Negligé, nonchalu, meſpriſé, omis.*
A **neglecter**. *Meſpriſeur.*
A **neglecting**. *Meſpriſement.*
Neglecting. *Meſpriſant.*
Negligence. *Negligence, nonchalance, nonchalence, oiſiveté, oſcitacion.*
Negligent. *Negligent, nonchalent, manſoigneux, nonchalent, oiſif.*
Negligently. *Negligemment, nonchalamment, nonchalemment.*
A **Negro**. *Negre, More.*
A **negromancer**. *Comme* Necromancer.
To **neigh**. *Hannir, hennir.*
Neighed. *Hanni.*
A **neighing**. *Hannissement, hennissement.*
A **neighbour**. *Voiſin, prochain.*
To be **neighbour** unto, to viſite **neighbours**. *Voiſiner.*
The **neighbours**. *Ceux du voiſiné.*
Neighbourhood. *Voiſinage, prochainté, voiſinance, proximité.*
Neighbouring. *Proche, voiſinal, voiſin, prochain.*
Neighbourly. *Voiſinal.*
Neither. *Ni, ne, ny.*
Neither of them. *Ni l'un ni l'autre.*
To take **neither** part. *Se neutraliſer.*
Taking **neither** part, helping **neither** ſide. *Neutre.*
The being on **neither** ſide. *Neutralité.*
Nenuphar. *Nenuphar, fleur d'eau, nenuphard.*
Neotericke. *Neoterique.*
Nep. *Herbe au chat, herbe de chat.*
A **nephew**. *Neveu, nepveu, nepheu.*
Neptune. *Neptune, nerée; Dieu de la mer.*
Neptunes feaſts. *Neptunales.*
A **neſt**. *Nid. Voyez* Neaſt.
To **neſtle**. *Voyez* Neaſtle.
A **net**. *Vn filé, ret, rets, filet; guideau.*
A **net** (or engine) to catch wolves, badgers, foxes, &c. *Hauſſe-pied.*
A **net** for Partridges. *Trameau. Voyez* a Trammell.
The wonderfull **net**. *Ret admirable.*
A drag-**net**. *Traineau, verveil, trameau.*
A **net** of wire (ſet afore glaſſe windowes.) *Araigne.*
A **net-maker**. *Retier.*
Faſhioned like a **net**. *Retiforme.*
The **nether**. *L'inferieur.*
Nethermoſt. *Le deſſoubs, ce qui eſt inferieur; ou deſſoubs.*
The **netherlands**. *Le pais bas.*
Nether-ſtockes. *Bas de chauſſes.*
Netting. *Reſeul, reſul. Voyez* Networke.
A **nettle**. *Ortie, bortie.*
The ſmall ſtinging red **nettle**. *Ortie grieſche, ortie grecque.*
Dead **nettle**, blind **nettle**. *Ortie morte, ortie blanche.*
The ſtinking dead **nettle**. *Ortie puante.*
The **nettle** (or lote) tree. *Ledonier, micacolier, micacoulier.*
The ſea **nettle** fiſh. *Ortie de mer, ortigue.*
The little ſea **nettle**. *Cabaſſeau, cubaſſeau.*
The ſmall burning **nettle**. *Ortie bruſlante, petite ortie.*
To **nettle**, or ſting with **nettles**. *Ortier.*
Nettled. *Ortié.*
A **nettler**. *Ortieur.*

Netwoorke. *Reſeul, rezueil, reſul, raſeau, reſeau.*
A **netwoorke** coiſe, or cawle. *Coiffure de laſſis, rezueil.*
Never. *Iamais, oncques, onques, onc, oucques-mais,* (ſi *Ne precede.* o *Comme,*) I **never** ſaw him. *Ie ne le vei oncques, ie ne le vei iamais, ie ne l'ay iamais veu.*
Never after. *Onques-puis.*
Neverthelelle. *Neant moins, nonobſtant, toutesfois, nonpourtant.*
A **nevew.** *Neveu.* *Voyez* Nephew.
Neuter, or **neutrall.** *Neutre.*
To ſtand **neuter.** *Se neutraliſer.*
Neutrulitie. *Neutralité.*
New. *Neuf, neufve, nouveau, nouvelle, frais, fraiſche; moderne, frez; nœuf, recent.*
To make **new** againe. *Renouveler.*
Very **new,** prette **new.** *Nouvelet.*
New things. *Novalitez.*
New-cheeſe. *Fourmage frais.*
New-fangled. *Fantaſtique, fantaſque.*
He is **new-fangled.** *Il a du mercure à la teſte, il eſt fantaſque, ou fantaſtique, il a la teſte vn peu gaillard.*
A forger of **new** things. *Novateur.*
Newes, *Nouvelle, nouvelles.*
To deliver **newes** of. *Nuncer nouvelle de, dire nouvelles de.*
A **newes-monger.** *Conteur de nouvelles; celuy qui ne fait autre choſe ſinon ouïr & raconter nouvelles.*
Newes-telling. *Nonciation.*
New wine. *Vin mouſt.*
The **new** yeare. *Le nouvel an.*
New-yeares day. *La circonciſion.*
A **new-yeares** gift. *Eſtreine, eſtrene.*
To beſtow a **new-yeares** gift on. *Eſtrener, donner vne eſtreine, ou, eſtrene à.*
Newly. *Nouvellement, freſchement, recentement.*
Newneſſe. *Nouveauté, nouvelleté, fraiſcheur.*
A **nevvt.** *Taſſot, Legart.*
The **next.** *Le plus prochain; ou, la plus prochaine.*
Next after the firſt. *Second.*
Next (Adverbe.) *Prochainement.*
A **Nias** hawke. *Faulcon niard, niez, ou nian.*
To **nibble.** *Mordiller, morocher, morciller, maſchiller, grignoter; ronger, mordre.*
Nibled. *Mordillé, morcelé, morcillé, grignoté, rongé, mords.*
A **nibler.** *Rongeur.*
A **nibbling.** *Ronge, rongement; morſure.*
Nibbling. *Morcillant, rongeard.*
Nice. *Mitis.*
A **nice** doult. *Vn cocard.*
To make **nice.** *Faire la ſadinette, faire guedon guedon.*
A **nice** girle. *Pucelle nicette; ſucrée.*
Nicely. *Mignotement.*
A **niche** (in a wall to ſet a ſtatue in.) *Niche, nyche, ſcapbe; Le creux d'une muraille, dans lequel on met quelque ſtatuë ou image.*
A **nicke** (nocke, or nooch.) *Vne coche, oche, cren, oſche.*
A **nicke** (or notch) on a tallie. *Hoche, oche.*
To **nicke** (or notch.) *Cocher, ocher, oſcher.*
In the **nicke.** *A point, à point nommé, opportunement.*
A **nickename.** *Impropere, ſobriquet.*
To **nick-name.** *Improperer.*
Nicked. *Coché, oché, crené.*
A **nicking.** *Creneure.*
Nicotian. *Nicotiane, herbe de l'Ambaſſadeur, herbe de tous maux, herbe ſaincte.*
A **nidget.** *Nigaud, nigauld, nigeur.*
To play the **nidget.** *Niger, nigauder.*
Nidgeries. *Nigeries.*
Nifles. *Nipes, nigeries, niquets, choſes de mant, agobilles, agoubilles, babioles, babioles, baguenaudes, beatilles.*
Nigella. *Nielle, nigelle.*
Baſtard, or field **Nigella.** *Nielle baſtarde, nielle des bleds, nielle ſauvage.*
Damaske **Nigella.** *Nielle de Damas.*
Garden **Nigella.** *Nielle domeſtique; Nielle citrine, nielle jaulne.*
Ordinarie, or Romane **Nigella.** *Nielle odorante, nielle Romaine.*
A **niggard;** **niggardly** (Adjective.) *Chiche, taquin, eſchars, pince-maille, chichemaille, caqueduc; ſordide, vilain, vilein, recuill.*
Niggardly (Adverbe.) *Chichement, eſcharcement, eſcharſement, par le petit ſauſſet, vilainement.*
Niggardlineſſe, niggardiſe. *Chicheté, taquinerie, eſcharſeté, eſcharceté, vilenie, villanie.*
Nigh. *Pres, aupres, prochain, proche.*
Nigh to. *Fauſte, jouxte, joignant à,*
To be **nigh.** *Voiſiner*
Nigher. *Plus pres, plus prochain.*
Nigheſt. *Tres-proche, fort-pres, le plus prochain; ou comme* Next.
Nighly. *Prochainement.*
Nighneſſe. *Prochaineté, proximité, voiſinage.*
A **night.** *Nuict.*
To wax **night.** *S'anuicter, avoſprer.*
To lodge, or ſtay all **night.** *Tranuicter, parnuicter.*
To ſtay till **night,** to make **night.** *Anuicter, anuiter.*
To walke, goe abroad a-**nights,** to travell by **night.** *Faire vn trou à la nuict.*
In the darke, or moſt ſilent part of the **night.** *En pleine nuict.*
The ſpace of a **night.** *Vne nuictée.*
A **night-cap.** *Bonnet de nuict.*
The **night-kallings** of fruites. *La grouée des fruicts.*
The **night-mare.** *Cauchemare, peſard, peyart, godemare.*
A **night-raile** (for a woman.) *Pignon, pinon.*
The **night raben.** *Corbeau du nuict.*
Night-ſhade. *Solatre, morelle, ſolane, alkerenge.*
Garden **night-ſhade.** *Morelle, herbe cucube, muſelle, ſolatre.*
Mad, raging **night-ſhade.** *Morelle furieuſe, ou maniaque, ſolatre furieux.*
Deadly, or great **night-ſhade.** *Morelle mortelle, ſolane grand, ſolatre dormitif commun.*
Sleepie **night-ſhade.** *Morelle ſomnifique, ſolatre dormitif.*
Nightly, by night, every night. *Nuictamment, nuitamment.*
Nightly, or night by night. *Toutes les nuicts, nuictamment.*
Nightly, by night, in the night. *Nocturne, nuictal, nuicteux.*
A **Nightingale.** *Roſſignol, roſcignol.*
A young, or little **Nightingale.** *Roſſignolet.*
Nightingale-like. *Roſſignolaſque.*
To ſing like a **Nightingale.** *Roſſignoler.*
The river **Nightingale.** *Roſſignol de riviere, halcion vocal, rouſſerole.*
Nill. *Les eſcailles d'airain.*
Nimble. *Agile; alaigre, habile, baſteleux, vivace, ſouple, remuant.*
Nimblenelle. *Agilité; alaigreſſe, alaigreté, habileté, habilité, vivacité, ſoupleſſe.*
Nimbly. *Agilement; habilement, à la main.*
To **nimme.** *Rober, deſrobber, ſoubtraire.* *Voyez* to filch, ſteale, purloine.
Nimmed. *Deſrobbé, ſoubtraict; dereptice.*
A **nimmer.** *Poiſſard, robbeur, deſrobbeur.*
A **nimming.** *Robberie, deſrobbement.*
A **nimph.** *Voyez* Nymph.
Nine. *Neuf, nœuf; novenaire.*
Nine times. *Neuf fois.*
Of **nine** moneths, or as **nine** moneths end. *Novimeſtre.*
Of **nine,** or **nine** dayes. *Neufain, neufaine, neufvaine.*
The **nine** Muſes. *La ſaincte neufvaine.*
Nineteene. *Dix-neuf.*
The **ninth.** *Le neufieſme; neufaine, neufvaine, novaine, novenaire; paramſe.*
Ninthly. *Neufieſmement.*
Ninetie. *Nonante, quatre vingts & dix.*
The **ninetieth.** *Le nonantieſme.*
A **ninnie,** or **ninnie-hammer.** *Caillette, benet, benoiſt, benoiſt, naudin, benoiſt, guilmin, jangippon, niais, viedaze, oiſon bridé, bedier, beſaune, bezaune, pigeon.*
A **ninnimuſer.** *Souricle, ſoucicle, ſoucicle, ſoucie, ſoulcide.*
A **nippe.** *Strette.*
A ſore **nippe.** *Navure.*
To **nippe.** *Pincer, pinſer; ſugiller.*
To **nippe** often. *Pinceter, pinſoter.*
To **nippe** with the teeth. *Mordre, mordiquer.*
To **nippe** cruelly. *Navrer.*
Nipped. *Incé, piqué, ſugillé.*
Nipped with the teeth. *Mordu.*
Nipped ſorely. *Navré.*
A **nipper** (or Muller.) *Molete.*
Nippers. *Pinſettes.*
A **Nipping.** *Pinſure, pincement.*
Nipping. *Piquant.*
A **nipping** with the teeth. *Mordicatio.*
Nipping. *Satyric, ſatiric, ſatyrique.*
Nippingly. *Satiriquement.*
Nipping with the teeth. *Mordicant.*
A **nipple** of a dugge. *Tetin, mammelon, mammeron, memelon, pepelin.*
Nitre. *Nitre.*
Of **nitre,** full of **nitre.** *Nitreux.*
A place where **nitre** is found. *Nitriere.*
Nitrolitie. *Nitroſité.*
A **nitre.** *Lende.*
Nittie, full of **nittes.** *Lendeux, lenteux, plein de lendes.*
No. *Non, ne, nani, nanin, nenni.*
In **no** wiſe, in **no** caſe, at **no** hand, by **no** meanes. *Nullement; nenni, nani, nanin.*
By **no** manner of meanes. *Nenny, nullement.*

No body, **no** man. *Personne, quand Ne l'accompagne ; comme* There is **no** body, *Il n'y a personne ; où, absoluëment ; comme* Who is there within ? No body. *Qui est là dedans ? Personne.*

No man. *Nul, personne, nulluy, nully.*

To **nobilitate** (or make Noble.) *Ennoblir.*

Nobilitated. *Ennobli.*

A **nobilitating.** *Ennoblissement.*

Nobilitie. *Noblesse.*

Noble. *Noble.*

The **noble** parts of the body. *Les parties nobles du corps ; comme le cœur, le cerveau, le foye, &c.*

A **noble.** *On l'estime valoir six shelins & huict pence, & en monnoye de France 66 sols & deux tiers.*

A rose **noble.** *Noble à la rose.*

A **noble-man.** *Homme noble. Les Anglois sont deux rancs de noblesse, assçavoir, majeur & mineur,* **Nobility** and Gentry; *& communement, quand ils disent* A Noble-man, *ils entendent par cela, celuy qui est pour le moins vn Baron.*

Nobleneſſe. *Noblesse ; bernage.*

Nobly. *Noblement.*

Nobody. *Personne. Voyez le soubs* No.

A **nocke** (in a bow, or arrow.) *Cren, crenne, cache, oche, crene.*

To **nocke** (or make notches.) *Cocher, ocher.*

Nocked. *Oché, crené.*

The **nockandyo.** *Le trou du cul, trou de la sibille.*

To **nodde.** *Sommeiller.*

To **nodde** with the head. *Hocher de la teste.*

A **nodde** with the head. *Reverence turquesque.*

A **nodde** importing a deniall. *Vn non de la teste.*

A **nodding.** *Hochement.*

To mocke by **nodding** up the chinne. *Faire laniqué à.*

A **noddie,** or **noddie-peake.** *Caillette, naudin, benet, benest, benoist, benoist, niais, guilmin, gualtier, viedaze, Oison bridé, bedier, bejaune, bec jaune, pigeon.*

To carry himselfe like a **noddie.** *Niczer, niaiser.*

The **noddle.** *Le derriere de la teste, coupeau de la teste.*

Belonging to the **noddle.** *Occipital.*

The **nogge** of a mill. *Frayoire de moulin.*

A **noggin.** *Vaisseau à boire avec deux anses.*

A **noise.** *Bruit ; glas ; noise, rumeur.*

To make a **noise.** *Bruire, faire bruit.*

Noiſome. *Nuisant, nuisif ; Fastide, nuisible, pernicieux.*

Noiſomely. *Molestiment, pernicieusement.*

Noiſe-me-tangere (a disease in the nose.) *Polypus chancreux.*

To **nominate.** *Nommer, denommer.*

Nominated. *Nommé, denommé.*

A **nomination,** or **nominating.** *Nomination.*

The **nominative** case. *Le cas nominatif.*

Nonage. *Minorité, bas aage, pupillarité.*

Nonce. For the **nonce.** *Expressément.*

None. *Nul, nulluy, nully.*

The **nones** of a moneth. *Les Nones d'un mois.*

To drive to a **nonplus.** *Mettre ad metam non loqui.*

At a **nonplus.** *Peneusement.*

To be at a **nonplus.** *Demeurer court.*

A **nonsute** (a letting a sute fall.) *Peremption d'instance.*

A **nooke.** *Coin, creneau.*

A close **nooke.** *Cache, cachette.*

Noone. *Midi, mi-jour.*

Nos. *Ni, ne, Ny.*

The **north.** *Le Nord, North, Septentrion, aquilon, tramontaine.*

The **northeaſt.** *Nordest.*

The **north** wind, or **northerne** wind. *Tramontaine, vent septentrional, ou de septentrion, vent du nord, vent d'aquilon, ou aquilonal, ganabin.* ℣ Rab.

Of, or belonging to, the **north.** *Aquilonien.*

Northerly, comming from, or dwelling in the North. *Tramontain, aquilonal, septentrional, arctique.*

The **northeaſt** wind. *Vent grec, Nordest, vent gregal.*

The **north weſt** wind. *Nortoest, vent de galerne, maistral.* ℣ Rab.

Northweſterly. *Galerneux.*

The **north** pole. *Pole artique, cercle arctique.*

The **north** starre. *Estoille tramontaine, estoille polaire, estoille du nord.*

The **noſe.** *Le nez ; naze.* ℣ Gasc.

One with a great **noſe,** or bottlenosed houdon. *Nasard, naricard.*

A high raised hawke **noſe.** *Nez aquilin, nez fait à manche de rasoir.*

A flat bottle **noſe.** *Nez d'az de treuffles.*

A flat **noſe.** *Nez camard, nez plat.*

Borne with a flat **noſe.** *Camar.*

Of, or belonging to, the **noſe.** *Nasal.*

To speake in the **noſe.** *Nasarder, nazarder.*

Good man goates-**noſe.** *Naz de capre.* ℣ Rab.

The tip end of the **noſe.** *La pommette du nez.*

A **noſe** of wax. *Nez du cire.*

To play with the **noſe** of. *Nasarder, nazarder, viedazer le nez à.*

The griſtle of the **noſe.** *Le cartilage du nez.*

A fillip, rap, or flirt, on the **noſe.** *Nasarde, nazarde.*

To fillip, rap, or flirt on the **noſe.** *Nasarder, nazarder.*

Filliped, or flirted on the **noſe.** *Nasardé.*

Filliping, or flirting on the **noſe.** *Nazardant.*

To root with the **noſe.** *Naziller.*

The **noſe band** of a bridle. *Musellere, susharbe d'une bride.*

To thrust his **noſe** into every company, or corner. *Naziller, naziller, mettre le nez par tout.*

A dogge of a deepe **noſe.** *Chien de haut nez.*

The **noſe-peece** of an helmet. *Nazal de heaume.*

Noſe-smart. *Nasitort.*

Noſe-bleed. *Voyez* Yarrow.

A **noſe-gay.** *Bouquet de fleurs.*

A stinking sore in the **noſe.** *Ozene.*

Well **noſed,** having a good **noſe.** *Naziteux.*

Flat **noſed.** *Camus.*

Somewhat flat **noſed.** *Camuset.*

To make flat-**noſed,** or to flat the **noſe.** *Camuser.*

The being flat-**noſed.** *Camuserie.*

An ugly flat-**noſed** fellow. *Camouard.*

A little flat-**noſed** Elfe. *Camousette.*

The **noſe-thyrills.** *Les Narines, nareaux, nasseaux, nazeaux, ailes du nez.*

Wide, and great **noſethyrills.** *Naseaux patus.*

A hawkes **noſethyrills.** *Voyez* Narrells.

A dog with wide **noſethyrills,** or narrells. *Chien de haut nez.*

Not. *Non, ne, point, pas ; mie.*

Not at all. *Mie, nonnie, nullement.*

Not so. *Non, nani, nenni, nanin.*

Art thou **not** ? Is it **not** ? *Non pas ?*

Not of long time, **not** of a great while. *Mie en piece.*

Not one, **not** any. *Nul, nulluy, nully.*

Notable. *Notable, segnale, marquable.*

Notably. *Notablement.*

A **notarie.** *Notaire.*

Drawne by, passed before a **notarie,** of a **notaries** office. *Notarial.*

A **notch.** *Oche, coche, cren, crene, crenne ; crenure, oschе.*

A **notch** in a tallie. *Hoche.*

To **notch.** *Ocher, oscher.*

To **notch** (or cut haire uneven. *Bertander, bertourder, bertousser.*

Notched. *Oché, festillé, crené ; crenelé, cochè.*

Notched (or uneven cut.) *Bertandé.*

A **notching** (or making into notches.) *Creneure, crenure.*

A **Note.** *Note, notation, annotation, marque, notte, sing, schedule, scedule.*

A **note** in musicke. *Note en musique.*

To **note.** *Noter, marquer, remarquer ; observer.*

Of **note.** *Marquable, respectable.*

Little **notes.** *Attiquets.*

Noted. *Noté, marqué, remarqué.*

A **noter** of things. *Remarqueur.*

Nothing. *Neant, rien (ſ No l'accompagne, comme)*

I doe **nothing.** *Ie ne fais rien. (Ou absoluëment, comme)*

That is lesse then **nothing.** *Cela est moins que rien.*

What doe you there ? **Nothing.** *Que faitez vous là ? Rien. Autrement, ce mot Rien proprement signifie* Any thing ; *Comme,* Is there any thing in the pott ? *Y a-il rien au pot.*

A nothing. *Vn rien, nullité.*

Notice. *Notice, scu.*

To take **notice** of. *Descognoistre.*

To **notifie** (or give notice of.) *Notifier, recorder.*

A **notification.** *Notification.*

Notified. *Notifié, recordé.*

A **noting.** *Notation, observation.*

A **notion.** *Notion.*

Notorious. *Notoire, manifeste.*

Notoriously. *Notoirement.*

Notoriouſneſſe. *Notoriété.*

Notwithſtanding. *Nonobstant, toutesfois,*

ſoit, neantmoins, non pourtant.
Novelrie. *Nouveauté, nouvelleté.*
Novelties. *Novalitez.*
A lover of **novelties.** *Homme nouveauté.*
A **novell.** *Nouvelle.*
November. *Novembre.*
Nought. *Nulle.* Ou comme Nothing.
A **novice.** *Novice, moineau, moyneau, fratriſſeau; niais, neuf, novitiat, innocé; Accolite, oblat de religion; layman, bejaune.*
He is a very **novice.** *Il eſt bien neuf.*
To carry himſelfe like a **novice.** *Niaiſer, niaiſer.*
The eſtate of a **novice.** *Novitiat.*
A **Noune.** *Nom.*
To **nourish.** *Nourrir, alimenter, repaiſtre.*
Nourishable. *Nourriſſable.*
Nourishen. *Nourri, alimenté.*
A **nourisher.** *Nourriſſeur.*
A **nourishing.** *Nourriſſement.*
Nourishing. *Nourriſſant, nutritif.*
Nourishment. *Nourriture, aliment.*
Full of **nourishment,** or very nouriſhing. *Alimenteux.*
A **nurse.** *Nourrice.* Ou comme Nurſe.
Now. *Maintenant, à cette heure; or, ores, orendroit.*
Even **now.** *Tout à cette heure; n'agueres, naguieres.*
Now then. *Orça.*
Well **now.** *Or bien.*
Now and then. *Aucune-foi, quelquefois, parfois.*
Now at length, not before **now,** but even **now.** *Or primes, en aprimes.*
Nudities. *Nudité; ou comme* Nakedneſſe.
The **nuell** (or ſpindle) of a winding ſtaire. *Noyau.*
A **nullitie.** *Nulleté, nibileté.*
Nuisance. *Nuiſance.* Voyez Hurt, annoiance.
A **number.** *Nombre.*
To **number.** *Nombrer.*
A ſurd **number** (whereof a perfect ſquare cannot be made.) *Nombre ſourd.*
A great **number.** *Multitude, grand nombre; numeroſité.*
The **number** ſet on every billet in a lottery. *Numero.*
Numbered, or **numbred.** *Nombré.*
A **numberer.** *Numbreur.*
A **numbering.** *Nombrement.*
The **numbles** of a Stag, or Deere. *Les nombles d'un cerf, ou daim, les nombres d'un cerf.*
Numbable, or **numerable.** *Nombrable, numerable.*
Numerositie. *Numeroſité.*
Numerous. *Nombreux, numereux.*
Numme. *Gourd, engourdi, gourdi; bevi de froid.*
To **numme.** *Engourdir; perclorre.*
To **benumme.** *Se gourdir.*
Nummed. *Engourdi, gourdi; perclus.*
A **numming.** *Engourdiſſement.*
A **nunnelle.** *Perclusion.*
A **nuncions,** or **nuncheon.** (or afternoones repaſt.) *Gouber, gouſter, reciné, reſſé.*
To take an afternoones **nuncheon.** *Reciner, reſſiner.*
A **Nuncio.** *Nonce.* (*Embaſſadeur du Pape.*)
Nuncupative, *Nuncupatif.*
A **Nunne.** *Nonnain, Nonne, Nonain, Moniale, religieuſe, Moyneſſe, Sanctimoniale.*
A little **Nunne.** *Nonnette.*
The **Nunne** timouſe. *Meſange, nonnette.*
Nuptiall. *Nuptial, Nopcier.*
A **nurse.** *Nourrice, nourrſſe.*
To **nurse.** *Nourrir.*
A **nurses** husband. *Nourriſſier.*
A **nurserie** (or that part of an orchard wherein kernells, ſeeds, &c.) are ſowed or ſet. *Pepinerie, pepiniere, noallière.*
Nutriment. *Aliment, nourriture.*
Nutritive. *Nutritif.*
A **nutt.** *Noix.*
An haſell **nutt,** or ſmall **nutt.** *Noiſelle, noiſille, noiſette, noiſſillon, nouzille, noiſette.*
A wall **nutt.** *Noix, noix Perſique, noix juglande, noix royale.*
A ſmall **nut-tree.** *Noiſelier, noiſillier, noiſettier, noyſettier.*
A wall-**nut-tree.** *Noyer.*
An earth **nutt,** or kipper **nutt.** *Noix chaſtaigne.*
Full of, or ſtored with ſmall-**nutts.** *Noiſillier.*
S. Anthonies **nutts,** or bladder **nutts.** *Baguenaudes.*
The Indian **nutt** Cocus. *Noix Indique.*
A Cypres **nutt.** *Noix de Cypres.*
A grove, or orchard of Wall-**nut-trees.** *Noyeraye.*
Piſtacke **nutts.** *Piſtaches.*
A **nutt-meg.** *Noix muſcade, muguette.*
The water **nutt.** *Truffe, ſalligot, ſalicot.*
The vomitive **nutt.** *Noix vomique.*
A **nutt-cracke.** *Craque noix.*
A **nutt-kernell.** *Cerneau.*
A **nutt-ſhell.** *Coque de noix.*
The **nutt** of a muſicall inſtrument. *Le Scillet.*
The **nutt** of a croſſe bow. *La noix d'une arbaleſte.*
The **nutt** (or friers) peece of a legge of mutton. *Oeil de Iudas.*
To **nuzle** in. *Nourrir.*
Nuzled in. *Nourri.*
Nymphall, of, or belonging to, a **Nymph.** *Nymphal.*
A **Nymphe.** *Nymphe.*
A little **Nymphe.** *Nymphette.*
Nymphly, Nymph-like, of a Nymph, or full of Nymphs. *Nymphenx.*

O

O *Interjection de joye, de douleur, de merveile, & Adverbe de ſouhaict.*
Oade. *Gueſde, paſtel.* Voyez Woade.
An **oake.** *Cheſne, quiſne.*
The great, hardeſt gall-bearing **oake.** *Rôbre, rouvre, rouvre.*
An **oake** of about 60 yeares ſtanding. *Tayon.*
A little young **oake.** *Cheſnetrau, cheſneau.*
A grove of **oakes.** *Cheſnaye, queſnoye.*
The **oake** of Capadocia. *Ambroiſe.*
The holme or ſcarlet **oake.** *Hyeuſe, herbe d'eſcarlate, yeuſe, cheſne vert, cherme, arbre de vermillon.*
Oake of Hieruſalem, or **oake** of paradiſe. *Piment, Mille-graine, mirairs, minones.*
An **oake** apple. *Galle, noix de galle.*
Of **oakes,** or full of **oakes.** *Cheſneux.*
A wood or grove of ſcarlet **oakes.** *Chermaye.*
The ſcarlet, or ſcarlet holme **oakes** berrie, or graine. *Chermes, chermiſin, chermine.*
A grove, wood, or forreſt of ſtrong, great gall-tree **oakes.** *Roureye, rouroye.*
Oaker. *voyez* Oker.
An **oare** (to row with.) *Rame, aviron, laſche, cueiller,*
To row with **oares.** *Ramer.*
A paire of **oares.** *Petite nacelle, ou bateau long ramé par deux hommes, ayans chacun deux avirons.*
Oare of gold. *Ballaque.*
Oates. *Avoine, avene; avenages; aveine.*
Wild **oates,** barren **oates,** haver or **oat-graſſe.** *Avenron, avenerau, avoine folle, avoine ſauvage, pauvre avoine, avron, haveron.*
Oate-meale flower. *Avenat.*
Oate-meale, or **oate-meale** groates. *Gruau, gruau, gruaux d'avoine, ou gruau d'avoine.*
Oaten ſtraw or ſtubble. *Aveneri.*
Oaten-bread. *Pain d'avetine.*
An **oath.** *Serment, jurement, juvande, juron.*
To put to his **oath.** *Aſſermenter.*
Put to his **oath.** *Aſſermenté.*
The **oath** of allegiance. *Le ſerment de fidelité.*
To falſifie his **oath.** *Se parjurer.*
To take an **oath.** *Iurer.*
To binde by **oath.** *Obliger par ſerment, aſſermenter.*
To deny by **oath.** *Abjurer.*
Denied by **oath.** *Abjuré.*
A denying with an **oath.** *Abjurement.*
To exact an **oath** of. *Adjurer.*
From whom an **oath** is exacted. *Adjuré.*
The exaction of an **oath.** *Adjurement.*
One that exacts an **oath.** *Adjurateur.*
The taking of an **oath,** or tapping out an **oath.** *Iurement.* Voyez to ſweare, &c.
A falſifying, or breaking his **oath.** *Parjurement.*
Oath falſifying. *Parjure.*
To **obdurate.** *Endurcir.*
Obdurated. *Endurci.*
Obedience. *Obedience, obeiſſance, obtemperation.*
Obedient. *Obedient, obeiſſant, obſequieux.*
Obediently. *Obediemment, obeiſſamment.*
An **obeliske.** *Obeliſque.*
Obeſitie. *Obeſité.* Voyez Fatneſſe, groſſeneſſe.
To **obey.** *Obeir, obtemperer.*
Obeyed. *Obei, obtemperé.*
To **obfuſcate.** *Offuſquer, obfuſquer.* Voyez to Offuſcate.
An **object.** *Object.*
To **object.** *Objecter, objicer, reprocher, s'apposer à.*
Objected unto. *Opposé, objecté, objicé.*

An

An **objection**. *Objection*; *oppoſition*.
An **obit** (or funerall obſequie.) *Obit*; *ſervice anniverſaire pour les morts*.
An **objurgation**. *Objurgation*. *Voyez* Chiding.
Objurgatoire. *Objurgatoire*.
An **oblation**. *Oblation*. *Voyez* an Offering.
To **oblectate**. *Oblecter*. *Voyez* to delight.
Oblectation. *Oblectation*.
An **Obligation**. *Obligation*.
Obligatoire. *Obligatoire*.
To **oblige**. *Obliger*.
Obliged. *Obligé*.
An **obligee** (that is bound by obligation.) *Obligé*.
Oblique (crooked, or awry.) *Oblique*.
Obliquely. *Obliquement*, *à rebours*.
Obliquitie. *Obliquité*.
To **obliterate**. *Oblitérer*. *Voyez* to race, or blot out.
Obliterated. *Oblitéré*.
Oblivion. *Oblivion*, *oubli*, *oubliance*.
Oblivious. *Oblivieux*, *oubliant*, *oublieux*.
Oblong (ſomewhat long.) *Oblong*.
Obloquie. *Meſdiſſon*, *meſdiſance*, *mediſſon*.
Obloquious. *Meſdiſant*.
To **obnubilate**. *Obnubiler*; *obſcurcir*.
Obnubilated. *Obſcurci*.
An **obreption**. *Obreption*.
Obreptitious. *Obreptice*.
Obſcure. *Obſcur*, *caligineux*; *noir*, *noiraſtre*, *noiret*, *noirelet*; *abſconſe*, *occulte*, *ombrageux*, *opaque*, *orbe*, *renfondré*, *ſcotin*.
To **obſcure**. *Obſcurcir*, *obtenebrer*, *obnubiler*; *abſconſer*, *noircir*, *obombrer*, *obumbrer*, *occulter*, *ombrager*, *renfondrer*.
Obſcured. *Obſcurci*; *abſconſé*, *noirci*, *obombré*, *obumbré*, *ombragé*.
Obſcurely. *Obſcurement*.
An **obſcurement**. *Obombration*.
An **obſcuring**. *Obſcurciſſement*, *abſconſement*.
Obſcuritie. *Obſcurité*, *caligineſité*; *Noirceur*, *noirciſſure*, *opacité*.
An **obſecration** (or beſeeching.) *Obſecration*.
Obſequies. *Obſeques*, *obits*.
Obſequious. *Obſequieux*, *obedient*, *obeïſſant*.
To be **obſequious** unto. *Obeïr*.
An **obſequious** yeelding unto. *Obeïſſance*, *obedience*.
Obſequiouſly. *Obediemment*.
Obſervance. *Obſervance*; *reverence*.
Obſervant. *Obſervant*, *obſequieux*, *faict au bola*.
An **obſervation**. *Obſervation*, *obſervance*.
An **obſervator** (or monitor in ſchooles.) *Obſervateur*, *moniteur*.
To **obſerve**. *Obſerver*, *marquer*, *mirer*.
To **obſerve** dutifully. *Obeïr*.
To **obſerve** other mens dealings. *Moucharder*.
Obſerved. *Obſervé*, *marqué*, *miré*.
Obſerved with duty. *Obeï*.
An **obſerver**. *Obſervateur*.
A dutifull **obſerving**. *Obeïſſance*.
Obſidionall. *Obſidionel*.
A crowne **obſidionall**. *Couronne obſidionelle*.
An **obſtacle**. *Obſtacle*, *obice*, *empeſchement*.
Obſtinacie. *Contumace*, *obſtination*, *mauvaiſtié*, *opiniaſtreté*, *opiniaſtrie*, *opiniaſtriſe*.
Obſtinate. *Obſtiné*, *contumax*, *cabochard*, *cabocheux*; *mauvais*; *opiniaſtre*, *reſtataire*, *teſtu*.
To make more **obſtinate**. *Rendurcir*.
Made more **obſtinate**. *Rendurci*.
To be **obſtinate**. *S'obſtiner*, *caloitrer*, *S'opiniaſtrer*, *contumacer*.
Obſtinate in an opinion. *Atturé à vn' opinion*, *opiniaſtre*.
Obſtinately. *Obſtinément*, *opiniaſtrement*,
To **obſtruct**. *Oppiler*, *opiler*.
Obſtructed. *Oppilé*.
An **obſtruction**. *Oppilation*, *opilation*.
Obſtructive. *Oppilatif*.
To **obtaine**. *Obtenir*.
To **obtaine** by requeſt. *Impetrer*.
Obtained. *Obtenu*.
Obtained by requeſt. *Impetré*.
A thing **obtained**. *Obtenuë*.
An **obtaining**. *Obtenement*.
To **obtemperate**. *Obtemperer*. *Voyez* to Obey.
Obtemperation. *Obtemperation*.
To **obtenebrate**. *Obtenebrer*.
To **obteſt**. *Obteſter*.
An **obturation** (or ſtopping.) *Obturation*.
Obtuſe. *Obtus*, *refoulé*. *Voyez* Blunt, and dull.
Obtuſely. *Obtuſement*.
To **obumbrate**. *Obombrer*, *obumbrer*.
Obumbrated. *Obombré*, *obumbré*.
An **Obumbration**. *Obombration*.
Occaſion. *Occaſion*; *moyen*.
To **occaſion**, or be **occaſion** of. *Occaſionner*.
Occaſionnally. or by occaſion. *Occaſionnellement*.
Occaſioned. *Occaſionné*.
The **occident** (or Weſt.) *L'occident*. *Voyez* the Weſt.
Occidentall. *Occidental*.
Occipitall (belonging to the noddle of the head.) *Occipital*.
An **occultation** (or hiding.) *Occultation*.
An **occupation**. *Occupation*; *auſſi*, *meſtier*.
A man of **occupation**. *Homme de meſtier*.
To **occupie**. *Occuper*, *poſſeder*.
Occupied. *Occupé*, *poſſedé*; *Negocieux*.
The **occupier** (or poſſeſſor of a thing.) *Occupateur*, *poſſeſſeur*.
An **occupying**. *Occupation*; *Negoce*.
To **occurre**. *Survenir*, *rencontrer*.
Occurred. *Survenu*, *rencontré*.
An **occurrence**, or, an **occurrent**. *Vne occurrence*, *vn occurrent*, *rencontre*.
An unexpected **occurrence**. *Survenance*, *ſurvenuë*.
Occurring. *Survenant*.
The **ocean** (ſea.) *La mer Oceane*.
Of, or belonging to, the **ocean**, or living in it. *Oceanique*.
Ockam (to caulke ſhips with.) *Calage*.
Ocle Chriſti. *Orvale ſauvage*.
An **octave** (or eighth.) *Octave*.
The **octave** of a holyday (the eighth day after it.) *L'octave d'une feſte*.
October. *Le mois d'Octobre*.
Ocular. *Oculaire*.
Oculus Chriſti. *Orvale*.
Odde. *Impar*, *nompair*.
An **odde** man. *Garguille*.
Oddes. *Noiſe*, *debat*, *effrif*, *contention*.
To fall at **oddes**. *Noiſer*.
An **ode** (or ſong.) *Ode*.
A ſmall, of ſhort **ode**. *Odelette*, *odette*.
Odious. *Odieux*, *haineux*.
Odiouſly. *Odieuſement*.
Odiouſneſſe. *Haineuſeté*.
Odoriferous. *Odoreux*, *adoriſere*, *odoriſque*, *odoriferant*, *redolent*.
Odour. *Odeur*, *odorement*.
Oeconomie. *Oeconomie*.
Oeconomicall. *Oeconomique*.
Of. *De*.
Of the, *Du*, *dela*, *de l'*; (plurall) *Des*.
Offalls. *Rebut*.
An **offence**. *Offence*, *offenſe*, *forfaict*, *forfait*, *moleſtie*, *nuiſſance*, *meſfaict*, *malefice*, *malfaict*, *meſcontentement*, *meſpriſe*, *deſplaiſir*; *ſcandale*, *vice*.
Offenſible. *Offenſible*, *offencible*.
To **offend**. *Offendre*, *offenſer*, *offencer*, *deſplaire*, *forfaire*, *meſfaire*, *boguiner*, *meſcontenter*, *nuire*, *moleſter*, *blaſmer*, *meſcontenter*, *ſcandalizer*.
To be **offended**. *Se marrir*.
Offended. *Offenſé*, *offencé*, *forfaict*, *forfait*, *meſfaict*, *boguiné*, *marri*.
An **offending**. *Offenſement*, *boguinement*.
Offending. *Malfaiſant*.
An **offendor**. *Malfaicteur*.
Offenſive. *Offenſif*, *nuiſent*, *nuiſible*, *nuiſif*, *ſcandaleux*.
Offenſively. *Moleſtement*.
To **offer**. *Offrir*, *preſenter*; *repreſenter*.
An **offer**. *Offre*, *offerte*, *preſent*.
An **offer** conditionall. *Vn parti*.
To **offer** leſſe for a thing then it is worth. *Meſoffrir*.
Offered, or **offred**. *Offert*, *preſenté*.
An **offering**. *Oblation*, *offerte*, *offrande*.
Offering. *Offrant*.
An **offertoire** (in the maſſe.) *Offertoire*.
An **office**. *Office*.
A good **office**. *Benefice*.
To doe good **offices** to. *Beneficier*.
To ſue for an **office**. *Ambier vne office*.
An **officer**. *Officier*; *miniſtre*, *ſergent*, *ſergeant*.
Officers (or ſargeants.) *La ſergentaillerie*.
An **officiall**. *Official*.
Officious. *Officieux*, *obſequieux*.
To **offuſcate**. *Offuſquer*, *obfuſquer*, *noircir*.
Offuſcated. *Offuſqué*, *noirci*.
An **offuſcation**. *Offuſcation*.
An **offuſcating**. *Noirciſſement*.
An **off-ſpring**. *Les deſcendans de*, *progenie*, *origene*, *poſterité*.
Often. *Souvent*.
Very **often**. *Fort ſouvent*.
Oftentimes. *Souventes fois*, *beaucoup de fois*, *pluſieurs fois*.
How **often**. *Combien ſouvent? combien de fois?*
Not **often**. *Peu ſouvent*, *guere ſouvent*.
An **Ogee**, or **Ogive**. *Augive*, *Ogive*.
Branches **ogived**, limmes with **ogives**. *Branches d'augives*.
An **ogreſſe**. *Ogreſſe*.
Oh. *Ah*.
Ohoe. *Oho*.

Oile. *Haile, huille, Huyle*; *Oignement, onguent.*
To **oile**, or annoint with **oile**. *Huiler, huyler.*
Oile of the Arabian cherry Macaler. *Huile de maguelet.*
Oile of Amber. *Huile sacrée.*
Oile of Elders. *Huile Sambucin.*
Oile of Jessomin flowers. *Huile de zambach, huile sambacin.*
Oile of unripe olives. *Huile omphacin.*
Holy **oyle** (used among Papists in Baptisme, &c.) *Huile d'onction, huile sainct.*
Virgins **oile**. *Huile virginal.*
Oile or Vitriol. *Huile de vie.*
An **oile** budget, bag, or bottell, *Oyre.*
An **oile**-man. *Huilier.*
A small **oile**-pot, or bottle. *Guedouille, guedouille.*
An **oile**-shop, celler, or house. *Huilerie.*
Oiled. *Huilé, huillé, huylé.*
An **oilet**-hole. *Oillet, oillet.*
Full of **oilet**-holes. *Oilleté.*
Oily, or full of oile. *Huileux, suineux, oleagineux, Oleeux, onctueux.*
Oilynesse. *Oleaginité, onctuosité.*
An **oyling.** *Huilement.*
Ointment. *Onguent, vnguent, oinctvre, liniment, oignement.*
Of, or belonging to, **ointments**. *Onguentaire.*
Full of **ointments**. *Onctueux.*
An **ointment**-maker, or seller. *Vnguentier.*
An **oister.** *Huitre, huystre*; *oistre, ouystre.*
A bed of **oisters** (or place where they are found.) *Huitriere, oistriere.*
Oister-grass. *Fueillu marin, sart.*
Oisterlott. *Bistorte, bistorte petite.*
An **oke.** *Chesne, rouvre.* *Voyez* an Oake.
Oker. *Ocre.*
Red **oker.** *Rubriche, arcanne.*
Marked with red **oker.** *Rubriché.*
Yellow **oker** (or colour, made of lead.) *Massicot, Massicot.*
Old. *Vieil, Vieux, Aagé, Ancien, Antiquaire, Antique.*
An **old** man. *Vieillard.*
An **old** woman. *Vieille.*
Very **old.** *De grand aage, fort aage.*
Old age. *Vieillesse.*
After the **old** manner. *Antiquement.*
To wax **old.** *Vieillir, envieillir, devenir vieil.*
To wax very **old.** *Suranner.*
Somewhat **old.** *Vieillot.*
Over **old.** *Suragé, suranné.*
Grown, or become **old.** *Vieilli, vieilly.*
A waxing, or growing **old.** *Envieillissement, suranation.*
Oldish, or somewhat old. *Aucunement vieil, ou, vieux*; *Grison, vieillot.*
Oldly. *Vieillement, Anciennement.*
Oldnesse. *Vieillesse, ancienneté.*
Oleander. *Oleandre, nerion, rosage.* *Voyez* The Rosebay.
An **oligarchie.** *Oligarchie.*
An **olive.** *Olive.*
A great **olive.** *Olivot.*
A little **olive.** *Olivet.*
An **olive** tree. *Olivier.*
Of an **olive**, like an **olive.** *Olivaire.*
The manured **olive** tree. *Olivier domestic*
A wild **olive** tree. *Oleastre, olivastre.*
Of an **olive**, or olive tree. *Oleagineux.*
A ground, or grove of **olive** trees. *Olivete.*
A little **olive** bird (for a horse.) *Olivette.*
An **olympiade.** *Olympiade. L'espace de quatre ans.*
An **omber** (a grayling fish.) *Vmbre, ombre.*
A little **omber.** *Vmbrette.*
An **omelet** (or pancake of egges.) *Aumelette d'œufs, omelette, haumelette, ou homelette, d'œufs, auf-molette.*
Ominous. *Malencontreux.*
An **omittion** *Omission.*
To **omitt.** *Omettre, obmettre*; *perdre.*
Omitted. *Omis*; *perdu.*
Omnipotencie. *Omnipotence, toute-puissance.*
Omnipotent. *Omnipotent, tout-puissant.*
On. *Sur, sus, dessus*; *or, assus.*
On. *Avancez.*
On afore. *Or avant.*
To set **on.** *Assaillir.* *Voyez* to Set on.
An **on**-sett. *Vn assault, attaque.*
On forward. *Or avant, orsus, oultre.*
Once. *Vne fois.*
At **once.** *D'un train, d'un allure.*
One. *Vn, une*; *aussi*, On.
An **one.** *Vnisson, monade.*
One another. *L'vn l'autre.*
One for another. *La pareille, pariage.*
One with another. *L'vn avec l'autre, l'un parmi l'autre.*
Oneiy (Adjective.) *Vnique*; *seul.*
Oneiy (Adverbe.) *Seulement.*
Onerous. *Onereux.*
An **onion.** *Oignon.*
The wild field **onion.** *Oignon sauvage.*
The ordinary garden **onion.** *Oignon testu.*
The sea **onion.** *Squille, oignon de mer, oignon sauvage, scille, scipoulle, scille.*
A bed, plot, or garden of **onions.** *Oignonniere, oignonnerie.*
An **onion**-apple, or peare. *Oignonnet.*
An **onlet.** *Assault*; *ou, comme devant sous* On.
An **onyx** (gemme.) *Onyche.*
An **opall** (stone.) *Opale, pedrotte.*
Open. *Ouvert*; *evident, manifeste, notoire.*
To **open.** *Ouvrir, desboucher, desbonder, desbarrer, manifester.*
To **open** (as a flower.) *Espanir, espanoüir.*
To **open** a plant (at roote.) *Hoüer.*
An **open**-arse. *Meſple, nesle, vesple.* *Voyez* a Medlar.
Open-hearted. *Ingenue, rond.*
Open-heartednesse. *Ingenuité, berneye.*
Open weather. *Serain, serein.*
To keepe **open** house. *Tenir table ronde.*
Opened. *Ouvri, desbondé, desbouché*; *ouvré.*
Opened at roote. *Hoüé.*
An **opener.** *Ouvreur.*
An **opening.** *Ouverture, desbouchement.*
An **opening** (a plant) at roote. *Hoüement, boüage.*
Opening. *Ouvrant.*
Openly. *Ouvertement, manifestement, notoirement.*
Openneſſe of weather. *Serenité.*
To **operate.** *Operer.*
An **operation.** *Operation.*
An **operator.** *Operateur.*
An **opiate** (or cordiall electuarie.) *Opiate.*
To **opiate.** *Voyez* to Oppilate.
Opinion. *Opinion, opination*; *jugement, resolution, sentence.*
To broach new **opinions.** *Dogmatiser.*
To have, or hold, an **opinion.** *Opiner.*
To **opine**, or deliver his **opinion.** *Opiner, sententier.*
Opined, delivered as an opinion. *Opiné.*
An **opination**, **opining**, or **opinion**-holding. *Opination.*
An **opinor**, one that delivers his opinion. *Opineur.*
Opining, delivering his opinion. *Opinant.*
A forger of new **opinions.** *Dogmatiſte.*
Opiniomate, opiniomative. *Opiniastre, obstiné.*
To be **opiniomate.** *S'opiniastrer.*
Opiniatrelye. *Opiniastrement.*
Opiniatrenesse. *Opiniastreté, opiniatrie, opiniatriſe.*
Opium. *Opion, opiat.*
The **opie** (or elder water tree.) *Obier.*
Opobalſamum. *Opobalſame, opobalſme.*
To **oppilate.** *Oppiler, opiler.*
Oppilated. *Oppilé.*
Oppilative. *Oppilatif.*
An **oppilation.** *Oppilation.*
An **opponent.** *Vn opposant, adversaire.*
Oppoſtune. *Opportun.*
Oppoſtunely. *Opportunément.*
Oppoſtunitie. *Opportunité, aisance, saisine, occasion, appoinct.*
An **oppoſant.** *Opposant*; *au comme an* Opponent.
To **oppoſe** against. *Opposer, mettre au contraire, mettre en barbe à, mettre en teste à.*
To **oppoſe** himselfe against. *S'opposer contre, se formaliser contre.*
Oppoſed. *Opposé.*
An **oppoſing**, or **oppoſition.** *Opposition, resistance.*
In **oppoſition** with. *Opposite.*
An **oppoſition** of windes. *Aire de vent.*
Oppoſite. *Opposite.*
To be **oppoſite** unto. *Repugner.*
To **oppreſſe.** *Oppresser, opprimer, grevanter, grever, accabler, atterrer.*
Oppreſſed. *Oppressé, grevanté, grevé, abrué, accablé.*
Oppreſſing. *Grevant.*
Oppreſſion. *Oppression, oppressé, grief.*
Powerfull **oppreſſion.** *Haussage.*
An **oppreſſor.** *Oppresseur.*
A ravenous **oppreſſor.** *Cagneraſſe.*
Oppreobrie. *Opprobre, reproche.*
Oppreobrious. *Mesdisant*; *reprochable.*
Oppreobrious speech. *Mesdisance, mesdisson, medisson.*
An **oppugnation.** *Oppugnation.*
An **oppugnatour.** *Oppugnateur.*
To **oppugne.** *Oppugner, resister.*
Oppugned. *Oppugné, resisté.*
To **optate** (or chuse.) *Opter.*
Optative. *Optatif.*
Optick. *Optique.*
The **optick** sinewes. *Les nerfs optiques.*
Option (or choice.) *Option.*
Opulencie. *Opulence.* *Voyez* Riches, Wealth.
Opulent. *Opulent, riche.*
Opulently. *Richement, opulentment, opulentement.*
Or. *Ou.*
Ors els. *Autrement, ou bien.*
Orache, or **orage.** *Arroches, follettes, bonnes dames, bessi, Chrysolame.*
Wild **orache.** *Pied d'oison, pied d'oye.*

An **Oracle**, *Oracle.*
Oraculous, or **oracle like**. *Oraculeux.*
An **orage** (or tempest.) *Orage. Voyez* Storme, and tempest.)
An **Orange**. *Orange.*
A civill **orange** (betweene sweet and sowre.) *Aigre douce.*
An **orange tree**. *Oranger.*
Orange-tawnie, or **orange-coloured**. *Orangé.*
Orange-flower water. *Eau de Naphe, ou de Naffe.*
An **oration**. *Oraison, harangue.*
To make an **oration**. *Haranguer.*
An **oration-maker**. *Harangueur, barangant.*
An **orator**. *Orateur, harangueur.*
Oratorilie. *Oratoirement.*
Oratorie, or belonging to an **orator**. *Oratoire.*
An **oratorie** (or a private place to pray in.) *Vn oratoire.*
An **orbe**. *Orbe.*
Orbiculer. *Orbiculaire, spherique, rond.*
Orbicularly. *Orbicutairement, rondement.*
Orchanet (an herbe.) *Orchanette, orcanette, anchuse.*
An **orchard**. *Vergier; pommeraye.*
Orchis. *Coüillon de chien.*
An **order** or **ordo**. *Voyez* Orke.
To **ordaine**. *Ordonner.*
Ordained. *Ordonné, statué.*
An **ordainer**. *Ordonneur, ordonnateur, ordinateur.*
An **ordaining**, or **ordination**. *Ordonnance.*
Order. *Ordre; ordonnance; moyen, reigle.*
To **order**. *Ordonner; disposer, assortir, moderer, rediger en ordre, veigler, ranger, renger, sonnetter.*
To reduce, or compell unto **order**. *Mettre à raison.*
To **order** decently. *Parer.*
An **order** of a court. *Sentence, arrest.*
Out of **order**. *Desordonné; desbaraté.*
The **order** of the Garter. *L'ordre de la jartiere.*
The **order** of the Holy Ghost. *L'ordre du S. Esprit.*
Ordered. *Ordonné, rediger par ordre, reiglé, rangé, renge.*
An **orderer**. *Ordonneur, ordinateur, reiglear.*
Ordering. *Ordinatif.*
An **ordering**. *Reiglement.*
Orderly. *Par ordre, d'ordre, ordonnément, reiglement; comunquement; regulierement; moderément; aussi, moderé* (Adjectively.)
An **ordinance**. *Ordonnance; observance, sanction, sanxion.*
Ordinaris. *Ordinaire.*
Ones **ordinary** table, or diet. *Ordinaire.*
An **ordinaris**. *Vn ordinaire; (asc. L'evesque, ou son suffragant.)*
Ordinarily. *Ordinairement.*
Ordinative (order-shewing.) *Ordinatif.*
Ordnance. *Artillerie.*
To furnish with **ordnance**. *Artiller.*
Ordure. *Ordure, matiere fecale, merde; vilenie, meynne, saleté.*
To fill with **ordure**. *Salir, sassir, sallir.*
Ore. *Voyez* Oare.
Gold **ore**. *Balluque.*
The **orelops** of a ship. *Beiste, beste.*
To **ortop**. *Surmyer.*
An **organs**. *Organ.*
Organes. *Des orgues.*
Organicall. *Organique, organiste.*
Organie. Spanish **organ**. *Organ.*
Wild **organie**. *Organ sauvage.*
An **organist**. *Organiste.*
The **orient**. *Orient, levant.*
Orient. *Oriental; candide.*
Orientall. *Oriental. Voyez* East.
The **orifice**. *L'orifice.*
Origan. *Origan.*
Goates **origan**. *Tragorigan:*
An **originall**. *Original, origine.*
Originall. *Original.*
Originally. *Originalement, originellement, originairement.*
Originarie. *Originaire.*
Originarily. *Originairement.*
Orizon. *Oraison. Voyez* Prayer.
The **orke** (or fierce wild goate.) *Orige.*
An **orke** (an huge fish.) *Orque, ourque, bourque, ouldre, outre.*
An **ornament**. *Ornement.*
Ornaments for women. *Atbemes, atbesmes.*
Orobe, **orobus** (or bitter vetch.) *Orobe.*
An **orphan**. *Orphelin, orfelin, orfenin, pupile.*
Orphanage. *Orphelinage.*
Orphanisme, the state of an Orphan. *Orfanité, orfanté.*
Orphantisme (lack of parents.) *Orbité.*
Orpiment. *Orpiment, orpigment; arpin.*
To mingle or colour with **orpiment**. *Orpimenter.*
Orpine. *Orpin, reprinse, sandarax.*
Orthodox, **orthodoxall**. *Orthodoxe.*
Orthogonall (right cornered.) *Orthogonal, orthogoné.*
Orthographie. *Orthographe.*
To **orthographize**, or write true orthographie. *Ortographiser.*
Orthographized. *Ortographié.*
The **otter**. *Ozier. Voyez* Ozier.
Osmond, or **osmund royall**. *Osmonde, Osmonde royal.*
An **ospray** (a great water fowle.) *Orfraye, effraye, ophraye.*
Ostentation. *Ostentation, jactance, vanterie.*
An **ostentator**. *Ostentateur, vanteur.*
An **ostentarity**. *Ostentaries.*
An **ostler**. *Hostelier. Voyez* Hostelier.
An **ostrige**. *Autruche, Ostruce.*
Otes, and **otemeale**. *Voyez* Oates and Oatemeale.
Other. *Aultre, autre.*
An **other**. *Vn aultre.*
Other-where. *Ailleurs, autrepart.*
Other-while, or at an other time. *Autrefois, aultrefois.*
Otherwise. *Autrement.*
Other men, or **others**. *Autruy.*
An **other-mans**. *Autruy.*
Ottell, **otrell** (in blazon.) *Otelles.*
An **otter**. *Loutre.*
An **ovall**. *Vne Ovale.* Ovall. *Oval.*
Ouches. *Mouilles.*
An **oven**. *Four.*
A little **oven**. *Fourneau.*
A common **oven**. *Four à ban, four bannal, four bannier.*
To bake in an **oven**. *Fournailler. Voyez* Bake.
An **ovenfull** of bread. *Vn fournée de pain.*
An **oven-forke**. *Fourgon, fourgon.*
To put fuell into an **oven**. *Fourgonner.*
An **oven-tender**. *Fourgonneur.*
Over. *Sur, sus, dessus; dessus, aultre, outre.*
Over and above, **over** and besides. *Oultreplus, d'avantage, d'abondant, au surplus.*
Over against. *Vis à vis, à l'opposite, opposite.*
Over-sea. *Oultre mer, de là la mer*
Over-much. *Trop, plus qu'il ne faut.*
Over. (*aussi*) *quelquefois signifie trop; comme*
Over-bold. *Trop-hardi, impudent.*
To **over-beare** with blowes. *Assommer de coups.*
To **overbid** another. *Monter.*
Overbidding another. *Montant.*
Overbold. *Impudent, ou comme devant sous* Over.
To **over-burthen**. *Surcharger.*
To **over-buy**. *Surachetter.*
To **over-cast**, or **over-cloud**. *Obnubiler, nuager, nuer, ombrager, obfuscer, noircir; aussi, surjetter.*
Over-cast. *Obnubilé, nué, nubileux, embragé, obscurci, nué, surjetté, surgetté.*
I am **over-cast** (or too farre gone.) at bowles. *Ie suis passé.*
An **overcasting**. *Obscurcissement, nuagement, nubilosité, obscurité; surjetté, surjettement.*
Over-called. *Surtaxé.*
An **over-calling**. *Surtaxe.*
To **over-charge**. *Surcharger, opprimer, opprimer, recharger par dessus, redoubler.*
To **overcharge** the stomache. *Regorger.*
An **overcharge**. *Surcharge.*
Overcharged. *Succombé, oppressé.*
To be **overcharged**. *Succomber.*
An **overcharger**. *Oppresseur.*
An **overcharging**. *Oppression, oppressé.*
An **overcharging** of the stomacke. *Regorgement.*
To **overcloude**. *Nuager, couvager, nuer, obnubiler.*
Overcloudes. *Nüe, couvage.*
To wax **overcloudy**. *S'couvager.*
To **overcome**. *Vaincre, surmonter.*
Overcome (Participle.) *Vaincu, surmonté; obrué, succombé.*
To be **overcome**. *Estre vaincu, ou, surmonté; succomber.*
An **overcommer**. *Vainqueur.*
An **overcomming**. *Surmontement.*
To **overdoe** one. *Surmener.*
To **over-eate**. *Surmanger.*
To **overfill**. *Surremplir.*
An **overfull** gorge. *Regorge.*
To **overflow**. *Se desborder, boutre-tuyer, inonder, surabonder, regorger, regurgiter.*
An **overflowing**. *Desbordement, inondation, desbord, desbort, regorgement, regurgitation.*
Overflowne. *Inondé, desbordé.*
To **overgorge** the stomacke. *Regorger.*
Overgorged. *Regorgé.*
An **overgorging** the stomacke. *Regorgement.*
To **overgoe**. *Oultrepasser.*
Overgone. *Oultrepassé.*
To **overgrow**. *Surcroistre; surfaillir, surmoyer.*
An **overgrowing**. *Surcroist; surfaille.*
Overgrown. *Surcreu.*
An **overgrowth**. *Surnaissant.*
To **overhaste**. *Surhaster.*
Over-hasted. *Surhasté.*
An **over-heate** burnica. *Surfument,*

To **over=lay.** *Surcharger, oppreſſer, opprimer, recharger, par deſſus.*
Overlayd. *Oppreſſé.*
An **overlayer.** *Oppreſſeur.*
An **overlaying.** *Oppreſſion, oppreſſe.*
To **overlive.** *Survivre.*
Overlived. He hath **overlived.** *Il a ſurveſcu.*
An **overliver.** *Survivant.*
To **overload.** *Surcharger.*
An **overload.** *Surcharge.*
Over=long. *Trop long temps.*
To **over=looke.** *Retraicter, retracter, reviſiter, revoir, reveoir.*
An **overlooker.** *Reviſiteur.*
An **overlooking.** *Reveuë, reviſitement.*
To **over=maſter.** *Predominer.*
To **over=match.** *Surmonter.*
Over=matched. *Surmonté.*
An **over=meaſure.** *Surcroiſt, ſurmeſure.*
The **overmoſt** part. *Superficie.*
Over=much. *Trop, par trop.*
Over=old. *Suragé.*
To **overpaſſe.** *Oultrepaſſer, paſſer tout oultre, emettre, obmettre, pretermettre.*
Overpaſſed. *Oultrepaſſé, paſſé tout oultre, pretermis, omis.*
An **overpaſſing.** *Oultrepaſſement, pretermiſſion, omiſſion.*
To **over=peere.** *Surſaillir.*
An **over=peering.** *Surſaille.*
Overpeering. *Surſaillant.*
An **overplus.** *Oultreplus, ſurplus, acceſſoire, antipodium, un parenſus, reliqua, reſidu, reſtat, reſte.*
Overplus of weight. *Surpoids.*
To be **overplus.** *Reſter.*
To **over=preſſe.** *Surfaire.*
An **over=preſſer.** *Surfaiſeur.*
An **over=rate.** *Surtaux.*
Over=rated. *Surtaxé.*
Over=raught. *Mené, ſurprins, attrapé.* (*Participe du verbe* to Over-reach.)
To **over=reach.** *Surprendre, attraper, mener; auſſi, tromper, decevoir.*
To **over=reach** in pacing. *S'oultre-marcher.*
An **over=reacher.** *Surpreneur, trompeur.*
An **over=reaching.** *Surprinſe; tromperie, attraperie.*
Over=reaching. *Mal-engineux.*
To **over=reckon.** *Alonger les S S, meſconter, mettre en un compte plus qu'il ne doibt, conter trop.*
Over=reckoned. *Meſconté, conté trop.*
Over=ripe. *Trop meur.*
Over=ripe Cowcumbers. *Concombres outrez.*
Over=ruled. *Mené.*
To **over=runne.** *Courrir ſus.*
Over=runne. *Courru ſus.*
Over=ſea. *Oultre-mer, tranſmarin.*
To **over=ſee.** *Retraicter, retracter, reviſiter, revoir, reveoir.*
Overſeene. *Surprins, abuſé, trompé.*
Overſeene in drinke. *Yure.*
An **overſeer.** *Surintendant, ſuperintendant, inſpecteur, bailſe, gardeur, reviſiteur.*
The **overſeer** of the Kings workes. *Maiſtre des œuvres du Roy.*
An **overſeeing,** an **overſight.** *Surintendance, ſuperintendance, inſpection, reviſitement.*
To **overſell.** *Survendre.*
An **overſight.** *Erreur, meſgarde; ou comme* an Overſeeing.
A groſſe **overſight.** *Pas de clerc.*
To **overſhadow.** *Obnubiler, obombrer, obumbrer, ombrager, ennuager, obſcurcir, accouvrer, accouveter, renfondrer.*
Overſhadowed. *Obombré, obumbré, ombragé, nué, ennuagé, obſcurci, accouvé, renfondré.*
An **overſhadowing.** *Ombragement, obſcurciſſement, renfondrement.*
An **overſlip.** *Omiſſion, pretermiſſion.*
To **overſlip.** *Ometre, obmettre; perdre.*
Overſliped. *Omis, pretermis.*
Overſodden. *Rouy.*
Overt. *Ouvert, evident, manifeſte.*
To **overtake.** *Surprendre; acconſuyvre, attaindre, attraper, ratteindre.*
Overtaken. *Surprins; attainct, attaint, attrapé, ratteint.*
An **overtaking.** *Ratteinte.*
To **overthrow.** *Accabler, ſaccader, renverſer, abbatre, ſubvertir, ruer jus, mettre par terre, mettre du cul, bouleverſer, atterrer, aterrer, terraſſer, perdre, ruiner.*
An **overthrow.** *Abbatis, ſubverſion, deſconfiture, ſaccade, bouleverſe, route, deſfaicte, ruine.*
Overthrown. *Abbatu, accablé, ſubverti, renverſé, ruiné, deſconfix, frelus, mis par terre, ruë jus, bouleverſé, atterré.*
An **overthrower.** *Abbateur, atterreſſeur, rueur jus, ſubvertiſſeur, bouleverſeur, ruineur.*
An **overthrowing.** *Abbatis, abbatement, abbateure, deſconfiture, bouleverſement, atterriſſement, aterriſſement, renverſement, renverſure, ruinement.*
Overthwart. *Oblique, travers, traverſain, traverſeux; mauvais, pervers, rebours, rebourſé.*
To **overthwart.** *Traverſer.*
Layd **overthwart.** *Croiſé.*
Overthwart words. *Paroles de travers.*
One **overthwart** another. *A la croiſée.*
An **overthwart** planke. *Traverſain.*
To goe **overthwart.** *Traverſer.*
A going **overthwart.** *Traverſement.*
To lay **overthwart.** *Croiſer.*
Overthwarting. *Traverſant, traverſer.*
Overthwartly. *De travers, obliquement, perverſement, à rebours.*
Overthwartneſſe. *Mauvaiſtie, moroſité, perverſité.*
Overtly. *Ouvertement, evidemment, manifeſtement.*
To **overtoſſe.** *Taher, tanner, bodet.*
Overtoſſed. *Rompu de travail, tané, bodé.*
An **overture.** *Ouverture.*
To make an **overture** unto. *Faire ouverture, mettre en train, entamer le pas.*
To **overturne.** *Saccader, ſubvertir, mettre de cul, bouleverſer, renverſer.*
To **overturne** a wench. *Saccader une femme.*
Overturned. *Subverti, bouleverſé, rebindaine, renverſé.*
An **overturner.** *Bouleverſeur, ſubverti ſſeur.*
An **overturning,** or **overturne.** *Bouleverſement, ſubverſion, bouleverſe, renverſement, renverſure.*
An **overvalue.** *Survaleur.*
To **overweene.** *S'oultrecuider.*
Overweening. *Oultrecuidé.*
An **overweening.** *Oultrecuidance.*
Overweeningly. *Oultrecuidamment.*
To **overweigh.** *Surpeſer.*
Overweight, overplus of weight. *Surpoids, ſurpoix, ſurſomme.*
To **overwhelme.** *Accabler, ſurnoyer, atterrer.*
To **overwhelme** with earth. *Atterrer, aterrer.*
To **overwhelme** in the water. *Noyer, noïer, ou nayer en l'eau.*
Overwhelmed. *Accablé, obrué.*
Overwhelmed in the water. *Noyé, noïé.*
Overwhelmed with earth. *Atterré.*
An **overwhelming** with earth. *Atterriſſement, aterriſſement.*
Overwoone with yeares. *Suranné.*
Ought. *Comme* I ought. *Il me doy, Il me faut.*
Thou **oughteſt.** *Tu dois.*
He **ought.** *Il doit.*
We **ought.** *Nous devons.*
Yee **ought.** *Vous devez.*
They **ought.** *Ils doivent.*
Ought. (*auſſi, pour* any thing.) *Quelque choſe, rien.*
Ougly. *Deforme, laid.* *Voyez* Vglie.
Ouglineſſe. *Deformité, hideur.* *Voyez* Vglineſſe.
Ould. *Vieil, vieux.* *Voyez* Old.
Oulbermelle (or Midrianacks, a courſe canvas, whereof ſailes are made.) *Oulmes, aulomes; une ſorte de gros canevas, dont on fait les voiles.*
The **ounce** (a beaſt, otherwiſe called the ſpotted lynx.) *Once, lonce, ouce; une beſte du genre des loups cerviers, marchetée par tout le corps de taches noires.* ¶ Nicot.
An **ounce** weight. *Once.*
Of, or belonging to, an **ounce.** *Oncial.*
Our. *Noſtre,* (plurall *nos.*)
Ours. *Le noſtre, à nous.*
They be on **our** ſide. *Ils ſont des noſtres.*
An **Ourke** (a great fiſh, or ſea-monſter.) *Orque, ourque; un grand & enorme poiſſon, & monſtre marin.*
Ouſe. *Glaſtre; ou, comme* Ouze.
An **ouſell.** *Voyez* An Owſell.
Out. *Hors.*
To **out=bid.** *Mettre encherre ſur, hauſſer, monter.*
Out=bidden. *Hauſſé, monté.*
To **out=brave** one. *Affronter autrui.*
An **out=caſt.** *Abjecti.*
Outcaſts *Rebut.*
An **out=cry,** or **outroop.** *Encant, incant; hamie.*
To ſell at an **outcry,** or **outroope.** *Vendre à l'encant.*
An **out=cry** (or crying out.) *Huée, huerie.*
To **out=goe.** *Oultrepaſſer.*
Out=gone. *Oultrepaſſé.*
An **out=going.** *Oultrepaſſement.*
An **out=jutting** roome. *Surpendue.*
An **outlander,** or **outlandiſhman.** *Un peregrin.*
Outlandiſh. *Peregrin.*
Outlandiſhneſſe. *Peregrinité.*
To **out=lash** in expences. *Behaster, gaſpiller.*
To **out=law.** *Bannir; facer.*
An **out=law.** *Forbanni, proſcript.*
Outlawed. *Banni.*
An **outlawing.** *Bandiment, banniſſement.*
An **outlayer.** *Bannie.*
To **out=learn** his fellowes. *Apprendre plus que ſes compagnons.*
To **out=live.** *Survivre.*

Out-lived. *Survescu.*
An out-liver. *Survivant.*
An out-living. *Survivance.*
Out-living. *Survivant.*
The outmost. *Le plus exterieur.*
To outpasse. *Surpasser, oultrepasser.*
Outpassed. *Oultrepassé.*
Outrage. *Outrage, oultrage, orage.*
To outrage, or doe outrage. *Oultrager.*
Outraged. *Oultragé.*
An outrager. *Oultrageur.*
An outraging. *Oultragement.*
Outragious. *Oultrageux, atroce, monstrueux, maniacle, mieure; orageux; revoleux.*
Outragiously. *Outrageusement, atrocement.*
Outragiousnesse. *Atrocité.*
The outside. *L'exterieur.*
The outside of a ship from the wales upwards. *Les parties œuvrés d'un navire.*
An outstanding. *Sable de maison. Voyez a suttie.*
Outward. *Exterieur, par dehors.*
Outwardly. *Exterieurement.*
To owe. *Devoir.*
I owe. *Je doy.*
Thou owest. *Tu dois.*
He oweth. *Il doit.*
We owe. *Nous devons, &c. Aussi, estre endebté.*
I owed, or did owe. *Je devoy, or je deu.*
Owing. *Devant.*
An owle. *Hulotte, huloste, hibou, chat-huant; chevanne; machotte, chevesche.*
The horne-owle. *Hibou cornu, chat barbaian.*
A scritch owle. *Lucherua.*
A company of owles, or owlish company. *Cabinaille.*
Owne. *Propre; comme Mine owne. Mon propre, le mien propre.*
Another's owne. *L'autruy.*
To convert to his owne use. *Approprier.*
To owne. *Posseder, s'approprier.*
Converted to his owne use. *Approprié.*
A converting to his owne use. *Appropriance.*
Owner. *Posseur.*
An owner. *Possesseur, proprietaire.*
The owner of a ship. *Nauscelet. y Rab*
As an owner. *Proprietaire; proprietalrement.*
An owning. *Proprieté.*
An owsell. *Merle, merle noir.*
A brook owsell. *Merle des cailles.*
A small owsell. *Merle bleu.*
Owze, or owse. *Vaze, glaistre, vase.*
An Oxe. *Bœuf, beuf. En pluriel Oxen, Des bœufs, les beufs.*
The wild oxe called an Vre. *Vre.*
An Oxe-stall. *Estable à bœufs.*
A wild oxe. *Bœuf brun, ou, brunet, boffle.*
An oxe-tie. *Tabon, mouesche aux bœufs.*
An oxe-gang. *Mas de terre. Contient 20 Acres (c'est à dire, arpens d'Angleterre.)*
Oxe-hum. *Mort aux bœufs.*
Oxe-eye. *Oeil de bœuf.*
Oxe-tyne. *Prime-rose, prime-vere, Arbetiquées.*
Oxe-tongue. *Buglosse, Langue de bœuf.*
Oxymell. *Oxymel.*
Oyle, oyle-hole, oyntment, oyster. *comme* Oile, oiler-hole, ointment, oister; *Lesquels Voyez.*
The ozier. *Osier, Ozier.*
Ozier withie. *Frant osier, franc ozier.*
A ground, or greve full of oziers. *Oseraye, ozeraye, avanchaye.*
Full of, made with, Oziers. *Osereux, Osiereux, Ozereux.*

P

A Pace. *Pas, marcher, allure.*
The pace of a horse. *Le train d'un cheval.*
To pace, or goe a foot pace. *Aller le pas.*
A foot pace. *Le pas.*
A pace in dancing. *Pessillon de danse.*
A slow pace, or Aldermans pace. *Pas d'Arbi.*
To keep alwayes one pace. *Aller toussiours son train.*
A very swift pace. *Le pas Onagrier.*
The great pace (or sadome.) *Pas majeur, pas Geometrique, (de cinq pieds.)*
The lesse pace (of two foot and a halfe.) *Pas mineur, (deux pieds & demi.)*
To hold equall pace with one. *Aller quant & quant quelqu'un.*
To pace it. *Marcher.*
Paced. *Marché.*
A pacing. *Marchement, marchure.*
Pacing. *Marchant.*
A pacification. *Pacification.*
Pacificous. *Pacifique.*
To pacifie. *Pacifier, appaiser, calmer, serener, accoiser, assopir, addoucir, addoucir, raquoiser, seder.*
Pacified. *Pacifié, appaisé, accoisé, assopi, addouci, calmé, addoulci, raquoisé.*
A pacifier. *Appaiseur, pacificur.*
A pacifying, or pacification. *Pacifiement, appaisement, pacification, accoisement, addoucissement, addoulcissement, assopissement.*
Package. *Amballage.*
A pack. *Pacquet, ballon, fardeau, balle (de marchandise,) bale.*
A little pack. *Ballot, ballon, balon, balot.*
Pack-cloth, or a packing-cloth. *Enveloppoir, serpillere.*
To pack up. *Empaquetter, paquetter.*
To pack up in canvasse. *Serpoller.*
Pack-thread. *Ficelle, fiscelle, fisselle, fil de caret.*
Small pack-thread. *Fiscelleite.*
A pack-needle. *Grand aiguille à empaquetter.*
A pack-house. *Beste bastiere.*
A packe-saddle. *Bast.*
To saddle with a pack-saddle. *Baster.*
Saddled with a pack-saddle. *Basté.*
A maker of pack-saddles. *Bastier.*
Vsually wearing a pack-saddle. *Bastier.*
Packed up. *Empaquetté.*
A packer up. *Empaqueteur.*
A packet. *Pacquet, paquet.*
Packing up. *Empaquetant.*
Get thee packing. *Va t'en.*
A paddock. *Grenouille.*
A pad. *Sellette.*
Padelion (herbe.) *Pas de lion, pied de lion.*
To padle. *Gadiller, patouiller, patrouiller, pestiller.*
Padled. *Patouillé.*
A padler. *Patouilleur.*
A padling. *Patouil, patrouillement.*
A padlock. *Cadenat, cadenas.*
A pagan. *Payen, Ethnique.*
Paganisme. *Paganisme, Palanisme, Payennerie, Payennie.*
A Page. *Page.*
A little (pettie, or paltrie) page. *Pagenet.*
A souldiers page. *Goujat.*
The page (or side of a leafe.) *Page (d'un livre.)*
A pageant. *Vn Arc triomphal.*
To pais, paid, paiment, &c. *Voyez* Pay, payd, payment, &c.
Paigles. *Prime-vere; ou comme* Oxslips, Cowslips.
A pail (or pale, for water.) *Seille, seau.*
A pail (for milk) or a milking pail. *Traiot, trayer.*
A pail (or shallow tub.) *Baquet bacquet.*
A paine. *Peine, doleur, douleur, mal, malaise.*
To be in paine. *Se doloir, avoir doleur, ou douleur; Estre en peine, estre en malaise.*
To paine, or put to paine. *Doloir, peiner, peiner, grever, tourmenter.*
A paine in the bellie. *Mal de ventre, trenchée.*
With much paine. *A grand peine, malaisement.*
Put to paines. *Grevé, affligé, tourmenté.*
Paines. *Peine, labeur, travail.*
To take paines. *Se peiner, ou peiner; travailler, labourer, prendre peine, mettre peine.*
A paines-taker. *Qui travaille fort, qui prend grand peine, labourieux.*
Paines-taking. *Travail, grand travail.*
Pained. *Grevé, ou comme* Put to paine.
Painfull. *Penible, grevable, doleni, doloureux, laborieux, abondeux.*
Painfully. *Douloureusement, laborieusement, cabin cabas, qu'a-bu qu'a-bu.*
A Painim. *Comme a Pagan.*
To paint. *Peindre, pourtraire, pinctiurer; farder.*
Painted. *Peinct, peinctiuré; fardé.*
A painter. *Peinctre, peintre, painter, fardeur.*
A painting. *Peinctiure, peinture; painture; fardement.*
Womens painting. *Fard.*
A paire. *Vne paire.*
To paire (or match.) *Apparier, assortir.*
Paired. *Apparié.*
A pairing (or matching.) *Appariation.*
A palace. *Palais; bostel.*
The palate (of the mouth.) *La palate (de la bouche.)*
Of, or belonging to, the palate. *Palatin.*
A Count Palatine. *Compte Palatin.*
The dignitie of a count Palatine, or a Palatinate. *Palatinat.*
A pale (or paile.) *Voyez* Paile *devant.*
A paleful of. *Paleroe.*
A pale. *Pal, pali, palis, palis, paillis.*
To pale in, or inclose with pales. *Paliser.*
A defence, or inclosure of pales. *Palissade.*
Paled, or compassed about with a pale. *Palissé, palisé.*
Pale (of colour.) *Pasle, blesme, blassard, blaime.*
Somewhat pale. *Blassuster, blesmir.*
To look or wax pale. *Blesmer, se pasle, blaimir, se pallir.*

Browne

Growne **pale**. *Bleſmi, blemy.*
A looking or waxing pale. *Bleſmiſſement, bleſmiſſeure, palliſſement.*
Paletly. *Paſlement, pallement.*
Paleneſſe. *Paſleur, blaimeur, bleſmiſſement, bleſmiſſeure, palleur, palliſſement.*
A **Palemoll** (a game wherein a little box boule is ſtrucke through an iron arch at either end of an alley.) *Pallemail, paillemaille.*
A **Palfrey**. *Palleffroy, haquenée.*
A **palinodie**. *Palinodie.*
A **Palliſſadoe**. *Paliſſade, paliſſe, palliſſade.*
To defend with **palliſſadoes**. *Paliſſer, palicer.*
Palliſſadoed. *Paliſſé.*
A Biſhops **Pall**. *Paillé d'Eveſque.*
A **pallet**. *Conchette; grabat, paillace.*
Pallas wine. *Vin baillet, vin paillet.*
To **palliate**. *Pallier, palier.*
Palliative. *Palliatif, palliatif.*
Palme-Chriſti. *Paulme de Dieu, paulme Dieu, paulme de Chriſt.*
The **palme** (or paulme) of the hand. *La palme, ou paulme de la main; paume.*
To ſtroake, or ſtrike downe with the **palme** of the hand. *Palmer.*
A **palme** tree. *Palme, paulme, daſtier.*
Of, or belonging to, the **palme** tree. *Palmier.*
Palme fruite. *Voyez* a Date.
Palme-ſunday. *Feſte de rameaux, paſque fleurie.*
A **Palmer**. *Pelerin; Pelegrin. Voyez* a Pilgrim.
A **palmer** worme. *Chenille, mille-pieds.*
A **Palmiſtar**. *Chiromantien.*
Palmiſtrie. *Chiromantie.*
A **paltock** (cockle.) *Pallourde, palourde.*
Palpable. *Senſible.*
Palpably. *Senſiblement.*
The **palſie**. *Paralyſie.*
A dead **palſie** in halfe the body. *Hemiplexie.*
Sicke of, or troubled with, the **palſie**. *Paralytique.*
To **palter**. *Harceler. Voyez* to haggle, to dodge.
A **palterer**. *Cagotraſſe.*
Paltrie. *Povre, mauvais, meſchant, reuuiſt.*
To **Pamper**. *Cadeler.*
To **pamper** for ſale. *Mangonner.*
Pampered. *Cadelé.*
The craft of **pampering** (or ſetting out ſaleable things.) *Mangonniſme.*
A **pamphlet**. *Livret, traicte.*
A **panado**. *Panade, pain frecé.*
A **pan**. *Voyez* a panne.
A **pancake**. *Tourteau, torteau, bigues.*
A **pancake** of egges. *Aumelette, baumelotte, ou bommelotte des eufs, amelette.*
Turners of **pancakes**. *Virecus d'aumelettes.*
A **panch**. *Pance. Voyez* Paunch.
A **pander**. *Maquereau, ruffien, maquereau, maqueau, rufien, rufiſque.*
Panderiſme. *Ruffienerie, ruſienerie.*
To **pandarize** it, or play the Pander. *Ruffiener, ruſiener.*
A **pane** (or pannell.) *Pan, panneau, panneau.*
A **pane** of a window. *Panneau, ou pan de feneſtre, un panneau de vitre.*
A **pane** of Wainſcote. *Panneau de lambris, panneau de menuiſerie.*
A **pannell**. *Baſt.*
To ſaddle with a **pannell**. *Baſter.*
A **pannell** (of a ſaddle, of a window, or of wainſcot.) *Panneau.*
A **panegyricke**. *Panegyric.*
A **pang**. *Angoiſſe.*
The **pangs** of death. *Les angoiſſes de la mort.*
(The graine) **panicke**. *Panic, panix; mammeaux.*
Ordinarie **panicke**. *Panic domeſtique.*
Wild **panicke**. *Panic ſauvage.*
A **panne**. *Paëlle.*
A little **panne**. *Paellette, paellonnette, paellonnet; payelle.*
The **panne** of a chafingdiſh. *Le baſſinet d'un reſchaut.*
The **panne** of a cloſe-ſtoole. *Baſſin à ſelle percée, pevean, pitel.*
A dripping **panne**. *Lechefrite.*
The fire **panne**, or touch **panne** of a gunne. *Le baſſinet d'une arquebuſe.*
A frying **panne**. *Paelle à frire.*
A warming **panne**. *Baſſinoire.*
The braine **panne**. *Crane.*
A ſmall frying **panne**. *Paillifſon, payelle.*
A **pannell**. *Voyez* Panell.
The **pannell** (or bellie) of a hawke. *Mulette de faulcon.*
A **pannier**. *Panier, manequin, manequin, corbeillon, corbillon.*
A little **pannier**. *Paneron, panerot.*
A **pannier** of Ozier. *Calaihe.*
A **pannier** full. *Panrée.*
A **pannier** with handles. *Manne.*
A **panſie**, or **pannſie**. *Penſée, herbe clavelée, menuës penſées.*
The **pantaſle**, or **pantofle** in hawkes. *Le pantais.*
To **pant**. *Panteler, pantelles, aller du flanc, baleter, baliter, palpiter, petiller; batre les flancs.*
Panting. *Pantelant, batelant.*
A **panting**. *Pantellement, panthelement, palpitation, baleterment, petillement.*
A **Panther**. *Panthere.*
Spotted like a **Panther**. *Panthericn.*
A **pantler**. *Panetier, pannetier.*
A **pantoſle**. *Pantouſle mule.*
A **pantofle** for the chamber. *Pianelle.*
Wearing, or full of, **pantofles**. *Pantouſleux, pianelleux.*
To ſtand on his **pantofles**. *Faire le haultain.*
A **Pantrie**. *Paneterie.*
The **Papacie**. *Papacité.*
Papall. *Papal.*
Paper. *Papier.*
A **paper-maker**, or ſeller. *Papetier.*
Cap **paper**. *Papier marchand.*
Grape **paper**. *Papier vaiſin.*
A **paper-booke**. *Paperat, livre de papier.*
Old duſtie **papers**. *Paperaſſes.*
To patch, ſtop, or make up, with **paper**. *Papetaſſer.*
Patched, ſtopped, or made up with **papers**. *Papetaſſé.*
Waſte **papers**, or looſe diſordered **papers**. *Papiers brouillars.*
Browne **paper**, or waſte **paper** (to wrap wares in.) *Papier marchant, tariſſe.*
Sinking **paper**. *Papier qui boit.*
Blotting or waſte **papers**. *Maculatures.*
The **paper** put about the flax of a diſtaffe. *Calotte, calote.*
A **paper-mill**. *Papeterie, moulin à papier.*
A ſmoakie **paper** for a ſleepers noſe. *Camouffet.*
A **papiſt**. *Papiſte, papimane, Catholique Romaine.*
Papiſtrie. *Papimanie, papacité, la religion d'un Catholique Romaine.*
Pappe for children. *Papin, papon.*
Pappe (or a poultiſe.) *Paparot.*
A **pappe** (or dugge.) *Mammelle.*
Of, or belonging to, the **pappes**. *Mammel, mammillaire, mamillaire.*
Papp-like. *Mammellement.* ¶ Rab.
A **Parable**. *Parabole.*
Paradiſe. *Paradis.*
The bird of **Paradiſe**. *Oiſeau de paradis.*
A **Parador**. *Paradexe.*
Paradoxicall. *Paradoxique.*
A **Patagon**. *Paragon, parangon, pair, nompareil, qui n'a point pareil.*
To **paragon**. *Paragonner, comparager, comparer.*
Paragoned. *Comparagé, comparé.*
A **paragraph**, or **paragraffe**. *Paragraphe.*
A **paralell**. *Parallele, (diſtance egale.)*
Paralell. *Parallele, egalement diſtant.*
A Lord **paramount**. *Un ſeigneur de prinſef.*
A **paramour** (man.) *Amoureux, amant.*
A (ſhee) **paramour**. *Amoureuſe, amante.*
A **parapet**. *Parapet, parappel.*
To **paraphraſe**. *Paraphraſer.*
A **paraphraſe**. *Paraphraſe.*
A **paraphraſt**. *Paraphraſte.*
A **paraſite**. *Paraſite, oiſeau de bec, jaquet.*
To **parboile**. *Miboillir, forbouillir, bouillir à demi.*
Parboiled. *Miboilli, bouilli à demi.*
To **parbreake**. *Vomir.*
A **parbreaking**. *Vomiſſement.*
A **parcell**. *Parcelle, piece, piecette.*
By **parcells**. *Par le menu, menuement, par parcelles.*
Cut, or made into **parcells**. *Parcelé.*
A **parcener**. *Parçonnier, parſonnier.*
To **parch**. *Griller, bavir, treſaler, ſeicher, ſecher.*
To **parch** peaſe. *Gruſler de pois.*
Parched. *Grillé, grollé, grouſt, bavi, treſalé, reſſoré.*
Parched beanes. *Febves grouſtes.*
A **parching**. *Grillement, treſalé, ſeichement.*
Parching. *Treſlaant.*
Parchment. *Parchemin.*
Virgin-**parchment**, made of an aborſive skin. *Parchemin vierge, parchemin innocent.*
A **parchment-maker**. *Parcheminier.*
Parchment making, or the place where it is ſold. *Parcheminerie.*
Parcitie. *Parcité.*
Pardon. *Pardon, remiſſion, abſolution, mercy, mercy.*
An abſolute **pardon**. *Abſolte, abſolute, abſolution, abſoute.*

A **pardon** of courſe. *Remiſſion de droict, ou, de juſtice.*
A **pardon** of grace, or his Majeſties gracious **pardon**. *Remiſſion de grace.*
A generall **pardon** (granted in the end of a Parliament.) *Remiſſion generale, abolition generale, abſonte.*
The Popes **pardons**. *Les pardons, indulgences.*
A **pardon** of indulgence. *Indult.*
One that hath a **pardon** from the Pope. *Indultaire.*
To **pardon**. *Pardonner, remettre.*
To **pardon** wholly, or abſolutely. *Abſoulare, abſoudre.*
Bulls of **pardon**. *Rogatons.*
Pardonable. *Pardonnable, remiſſible.*
A **pardonbearer**. *Pardonnigere; porteur de rogatons.*
Pardoned. *Pardonné, remu, abſous.*
A **pardoning**. *Pardonnement.*
To **pare**. *Rongner, rongnonner, roigner, peler, reſcinder, reſequer, retailler.*
Pared. *Rongné, pelé, reſcindé, retaillé.*
A **parent**. *Parent, pere ou mere.*
Lacke of **parents**. *Orbité.*
Parentage. *Parentage, parage, ſang, ſanguinité.*
A **parentage**. *Parenté.*
A **parenthelis**. *Parentheſe.*
To **pargit**. *Creſpir, encrouſter, plaquer.*
To new **parget** a wall. *Recreſpir une muraille.*
Parget. *Gips, plaque.*
Pargetted. *Plaqué, encrouſté.*
A **pargetting**. *Encrouſtement, plaquement, creſpiſſement, repous, creſpiſſeure.*
Parietarie. *Comme* Pellitorie.
A **paring**. *Rongnement, retaillement, retail, roigneur, pelement; pelaſſe, pelure.*
A **paring** off. *Reſection, reſciſſion, retaillé, retaillement.*
Parings. *Rongneures, raclures, recoupes, retailleures, retailles, retaillons.*
The **parings** of a corne, or kernell. *Calicules.*
The **paring** of fruite. *Pelure.*
A **paring-ſhovell**. *Ratouëre.*
A farriers **paring-knife**. *Rongnette, pavoir.*
A **pariſh**. *Paroiſſe, paroice.*
A **pariſhioner**. *Paroiſſien.*
Paritie. *Parité, reſemblance.*
A **Paritour**. *Comme* an Apparitor. *Lequel Voyez*
A **Parke**. *Parc, parcage.*
To **parke** (or fould.) *Parquer.*
A little **parke**. *Parquet.*
Parkes (or impaled grounds.) *Parquetages.*
Parked. *Parqué.*
To **parley**. *Parlementer, parler, aboucher.*
A **parley**. *Parlementerie, abouchement.*
A **parliament**. *Aſſemblée des trois eſtats, ou, des eſtats generaux du royaume; parlouer.*
To begin a **Parliament**. *Ouvrir les eſtats.*
A **parlour**. *Parloir, ſale.*
Parmeſan (cheeſe.) *Parmeſan. Fourmage faict à Parme en Italie.*
A **parrat**. *Perroquet, Papegay, papegay, Parroquet.*
The ſmall **parrat** cal'd a Tovis. *Moiſſon.*
Parrats-bill (a Chirurgians pincers.) *Bec de perroquet.*
A **parricide**. *Parricide; meurtrier de ſon pere, &c.*
To play the **parricide**. *Parricider; tuer ſon propre pere, ſeigneur, &c.*
Parſimonie. *Parſimonie, eſpargne, frugalite, meſnagement.*
Needeleſſe, or too much **parſimonie**. *Chicheté.*
Parſley, or **parſly**. *Perſil.*
Wild **parſley**, great water **parſley**. *Perſilaigrun, berle, perſil ſauvage.*
Aſſe **parſley**. *Perſil d'aſne.*
Baſtard **parſley**. *Perſil baſtard.*
Mountaine **parſley**. *Perſil de montaigne.*
Rocke, or ſtone **parſley**. *Perſil de roc, ou, de rocher; perſil de Macedoine.*
A **parſnip**, or **parſenip**. *Paſquenade, paſtenaille.*
Wild **parſnip**. *Paſtenaille ſauvage.*
The great water **parſnip**. *Berle.*
A **parſon**. *Vn curé, vn Paſteur d'egliſe, Miniſtre.*
A **parſonage**. *L'Egliſe, benefice, or charge ſpirituelle d'un Curé, ou Paſteur.*
To **part**, or divide. *Partir, diviſer, departir, partager, ſeparer.*
To **part** in the midſt. *Mipartir.*
To **part** (or depart.) *Partir, s'en aller, departir.*
To **part** aſunder of it ſelfe. *S'ouvrir.*
To **part** a fray. *Faire le bola.*
A **part**. *Vne part; vne partie, vne piece.*
For the moſt **part**. *Pour la plus part.*
A ſimple **part**. *Vn pas de clerc.*
In **parts**, for **parts**. *Partiaire, partiere.*
A naughty **part**. *Maliſice, meſfaict, malfaict.*
To take in good **part**. *Prendre en gré, prendre en bonne part, avoir pour agreable.*
A **partage**, **partition**, or **parting**. *Partage.*
To **partake**. *Participer, eſtre participant.*
A **partaker**. *Participant, partiſan, partprenant.*
Partaking. *Participant, perſonnier.*
Parted. *Parti, departi, partage, diviſé.*
Parted in the **midſt**. *Miparti.*
A **partener**. *Parſonnier, parçonnier, partiſan, participant, compagnon; perſonnier.*
A **partenerſhip**. *Perſonnerie; compagnie, ſocieté.*
A **parter**. *Partiſſeur.*
Partiall. *Partial.*
Partialitie. *Partialité.*
To **partialize** it, to be **partiall**. *Partialiſer.*
Partible. *Partageable; diviſible.*
To **participate**. *Participer.*
Participant. *Participant. Voyez* Partaker.
A **Participle** (in Grammer.) *Participe.*
Participiall; or belonging to, a **participle**. *Participial.*
Participially, or as a **participle**. *Participialement.*
A **particle**. *Particule.*
Particular. *Particulier, ſpecial, ſpecifique.*
Particularly. *Particulierement, ſpecialement, ſpecifiquement.*
Particularitie. *Particularité.*
To **particularize**. *Particulariſer, ſpecifier.*
Particularized. *Particulariſé.*
Partie-coloured. *Pigeaſſé.*
Partie-par-pale. *Pallé; (en blaſon.)*
A **parting**. *Partiment, partiſſement; ſeparation.*
Parting in the midſt. *Moitoyen, mitoyen.*
A **partiſan** (or leading ſtaffe.) *Partuiſane.*
A little **partiſan**. *Pertuiſanon.*
A **partition**. *Partition.*
A **partition** wall. *Murmoitoyen, paroy moteyanne, mur meteyen.*
A **partlet**. *Gorgias, gorgerette.*
Partly. *En partie.*
A **partner**. *Voyez* Partener.
Partnoues in a ſhip. *Eſtambrets.* Deux groſſe pieces de bois, d'un pied & demi de large, & d'autant eſpais, qui accollent le tyou du tillac par ou paſſe le maſt; leſquels tiennent ferme & arreſté, & fortifient de ce coſté le dict maſt, &c. ¶ Nicot.
A **Partridge**. *Perdrix, Perdris; Raſcle.*
A young **partridge**. *Perdreau, perdriau.*
The French **partridge** (great, browne, and red legd.) *Perdrix gaille, gaule, ou gaye.*
A menild, or ſpotted **partridge**. *Perdrix maillée.*
The great red legd **partridge**. *Perdrix rouge, perdrix aux pieds rouges.*
The ordinary (or little) **partridge**. *Perdrix griſche, ou, goache, Perdrix grignette, ou, griſe, perdrix des champs.*
To chucke, or jouke as a **partridge**. *Cacaber.*
The chucking, churring, or jouking of a **partridge**. *Cabab.*
To drive **partridges** into a tunnell. *Badiner les perdrix.*
A **partridger**, or **partridge-taker**. *Perdriſeur.*
The **Paſchall** lambe. *L'agneau paſchal.*
A **paſh** on the mouth, or noſe. *Gourmade.*
To **paſh** on the mouth, or face. *Gourmer, rengourmer le groin à.*
To **paſh** downe. *Raccamuſer. Voyez* to Squaſh.
To **paſh** in peeces. *Rompre, briſer, fracaſſer.*
Paſhed on the noſe, and mouth. *Gourmé.*
A **paſquill** (or libell clapt on a poſt.) *Paſquille, paſquin.*
Paſſable. *Paſſable, mettable, maniable.*
Paſſably. *Paſſablement.*
A **paſſage**. *Paſſage, meat, accez, paſſet.*
A **paſſage** barke. *Barque de nauleage.*
Money paid for **paſſage** in a ſhip. *Naulage, naule, nauleage.*
To pay his **paſſage**. *Naulager.*
A **paſſage** unto. *Accez.*
A **paſſage** boate or ſhip. *Neſ, bat, bateau, ou, navire de paſſage, ou paſſageve.*
The **paſſage** of the throat. *Gueule.*
The urine **paſſage** of an unborne infant. *Ouraque, vraque.*
Any open **paſſage** in the body. *Meat.*
The game **paſſage**. *Paſſe-dix.*

To

To passe. *Passer.*
To passe back, or over. *Repasser.*
To bring to passe. *Effectuer.*
To come to passe. *Advenir.*
To passe on, or over. *Outrepasser, passer outre.*
A passe, or passe-port. *Passe-port, lettre de passage, congé.*
I passe not for it. *Il ne m'en chaut, ie ne m'en soucie point.*
The passe-rose, or pash-rose. *Passe-rose.*
The passe-flower. *Passe-fleur.*
To passe away his right. *Passer son droict.*
Passed. *Passé.*
Passed over againe. *Repassé.*
Passed over. *Passé outre, outrepassé.*
A passenger. *Passager, passant, passagier.*
A passenger faulcon. *Faulcon passagier, Faulcon de passage, Faulcon pelerin.*
The passe-over. *L'aigneau pascbal.*
Passibility. *Passibilité.*
A passing. *Passement; passée, passage.*
A passing beyond. *Outrepasse.*
Passing the bankes, and bounds. *Outre-bord.*
Passing. *Moult, mont; moult, excellent, nompareil.*
Passing well. *Excellemment bien.*
Passing valiant. *Passe-prouesse.*
Passingly. *Nompareillement.*
Passion. *Passion.*
The passion week. *La sepmaine penteuse, la sepmaine saincte.*
To grow passionate. *Se passionner; se patronner.*
Passionate, or passioned. *Passionné, pathetique.*
Passionate as. *Sensible.*
Passionately, passionatly. *Passionnément, passionnement, pathetiquement.*
Passive. *Passif; patible.*
A passport, or passe-port. *Passe-port, lettres de pas, de passe, ou, de passage, guural, guidage, sauf conduict.*
Past. *Passé, preterit.*
Paste, (or dowe.) *Paste, pastin; pastinage.*
Paste (to paste with.) *Paste, colle de farine.*
To paste. *Coller avec de la paste.*
To make paste, to make paste-meates. *Pastisser.*
The making of paste-meates. *Pastissage, pastisserie, pasticerie.*
Paste-meat. *Pastisage.*
Pasted. *Collé avec de la paste.*
A pasterer, pastrier, or pastier. *Pastissier, pasticier.*
Pastrie. *Pastisserie, pasticerie.*
The pasterns of a horse. *Paturon, ou pasturon de cheval, raie de cheval.*
Pasternes for unruly horses. *Empas.*
A pastie. *Pasté.*
Pastime, or pasle-time. *Passe-temps, esbanoy, esbanoye, esbat, deduit, desduit, esbanoie, recreation.*
To take his pastime. *Prendre son passe-temps, s'esbanoyer, s'esbatre, se deduire.*
To give pastime unto. *Obtecter.*
A pastor. *Pasteur; pastre.*
A young or meane pastor. *Pastoreau, Pastoureau.*
Pastorall. *Pastoral.*
A pastorall office, or charge. *Pastorat.*
Pasturable. *Pasturable.*
Pasturage. *Pasturage.*
Pasture. *Pasture, herbage, pasquis, pastis.*
To pasture. *Pasturer; paistre.*
A pasture ground. *Pasquis, pastis, pasturage, herbage, pacages.*
A common pasture. *Padoence, padon, padouen.*
A pasturing. *Pasturement.*
A patch. *Bobelin; Rabobeliniere,*
To patch, or set on a patch. *Addouber, rebobeliner, bobeliner, tacconner, appiecetter, rataconner, rapetacer, rapetasser, rapiecer, rappiecer, raptacer, raptasser, rabiller.*
A black patch of taffick, &c. worne on the face. *Mouscheron.*
Patches. *Penaillons, penillons.*
Patched. *Bobeliné, aidoubé, tacconné, appiecetté, rataconné, rapetassé, rapecacé, appiecté, rappiecé, raptassé, petacé, rabobeliné, rebobeline.*
A patched old shooe, or garment. *Bobeline.*
A patcher. *Bobelineur, rataconneur, addoubeur, rapiecteur, rebobelineur.*
A patching. *Rataconnerie, rapiecement, rapiecteure.*
Patent. *Patent.*
Letters patent. *Lettres patentes, Lettres royaux.*
Paternall. *Paternel.*
Paternally. *Paternellement.*
Paternitie. *Paternité.*
The pater-noster. *La patenostre.*
A path. *Sentier, sente.*
A path begun. *Ouverture.*
A path beaten much. *Marchis, voirine; route.*
Pathetick (passionate.) *Pathetique.*
Pathetically. *Pathetiquement.*
Patible (or sufferable.) *Patible, passif.*
Patience. *Patience.*
To beare with patience. *Patienter.*
Patience (an herbe.) *Parelle, patience.*
Patient. *Patient, moderé.*
Patiently. *Patiemment, moderement.*
The patine (or cover) of a chalice. *Patine, patene.*
A Patriarche. *Patriarche.*
A patriarchship, or patriarchie. *Patriarchat, patriarchie.*
A patrimonie. *Patrimoine*
Patrimoniall. *Patrimonial.*
A patriot (or ones country-man. *Patriote, compatriote, de nostre pais.*
To patrocinate. *Patrociner; proteger.*
A patron. *Patron; protecteur.*
Patronage. *Patronnage; protection.*
Patronall, of, or belonging to, a Patron. *Patronal.*
To patronize. *Patronner.*
To patte. *Frapper.*
A wooden patten. *Sabot, gallache, callach, patin.*
To patter (or beat thick.) *Pestiller.*
A patterne. *Patron, exemplaire, modelle, module; monstre, mose.*
The first patterne. *Prototype, Original.*
To make, or frame by a patterne. *Patronner, modeler.*
A pattin (or clog.) *Patin; ou comme a* Patten.
To pave (with stone, or brick.) *Paver, quarreler, carreler.*
Paved. *Pavé, quarrellé.*
A paved mouth. *Gosier ferré à glace.*
A pavement. *Pavé, quarrellage.*
A pavement-beater (a rambling rascall.) *Batteur de pavez.*
A paver. *Paveur.*
A pavilion, or pavillion. *Pavillon, tente, tabernacle.*
A pavine, or pavane. *Pavane.*
A pavine-maker; a dancer of pavines. *Pavanier.*
A paving. *Pavement; repave, quarrellure, quarrellage.*
A paving beetle. *Batoir.*
The paulme of the hand. *La paulme, ou, paume de la main.*
To pauler. *Harceler; barguigner.*
A paulmer. *Empoigneur.*
A paultrie fellow. *Kaster.*
A paunch. *Panse, pance, ventre.*
A little paunch. *Pansette, pansette, pansette.*
A paunch belly, or one that hath a great paunch. *Pansard, pansard.*
To paunch (or bowell.) *Eventer, desentrailler.*
Paunched (or bowelled.) *Eventé, desentrailé.*
Paunchie, great paunched. *Pansu, pansi, ventru.*
To pause. *Pauser, surseoir, reposer, respirer.*
To pause on. *Ruminer.*
A pause. *Pause, surseance, mussardie, interposition de temps, respit.*
With many pauses. *Pausement.*
Paused. *Posé, pausé.*
A pauser on a matter. *Ruminer.*
A pausing. *Pausade.*
A pausing up. *Ruminement.*
Pausing. *Surseant, mussard.*
A pate (or foot of a beast.) *Pate.*
A pate (or scratch) with the nailes. *Oglade, grifade.*
To pate, get, or hold, in his pates. *Empieter.*
Pated (broad or large footed.) *Patu, pate, patin; aussi, empieté, empietté.*
Pavnch, and pavse. *Voyez* Paunch, and Pause.
Pavonage. *Panage.*
A pavne. *Gage, engage, hostage, pan.*
To pavne. *Gager, engager, hypothequer, hypotheque.*
Pavned. *Gagé, engagé, hypothequé, hypotheque, hostagé.*
A pavnour. *Engageur.*
A pavning. *Gagement, engagement, engagere, hypotheque.*
To pay. *Payer, paier.*
To pay backe. *Refonder les despens, repayer.*
Payd, or payed. *Payé.*
Payd backe with the like. *Retaillonné, satisfaict.*
A payer, or payer-maker. *Payeur.*
A paying, or payment. *Payement.*
A payle. *Comme a* paile.
A payne, paynes, paynfull, &c. *Voyez les sous* Paine.
A paynim. *Payen. Voyez* A Pagan, or Heathen.

Peace.

Peace. *La paix, repos.*
Peace-loving. *Ame-paix.*
To make peace. *Pacifier, faire la paix.*
A peace-maker. *Pacificur, appaiſeur.*
A peace-making. *Pacification.*
To hold ones peace. *Se taire.*
I hold my peace. *Je me tais.*
I have held my peace. *Je me ſuis tu.*
Peace, be ſilent. *Pay, tay-toy, taiſez vous, bauiſche.*
Peaceable. *Paiſible, pacifique; coy, calme, tranquille.*
Peaceablenesse. *Paiſibleté, coyté, tranquillité.*
Peaceably. *Paiſiblement, pacifiquement; naguement, calmement, tranquillement.*
A **Peach.** *Peſche, percet; alberge, alampers.*
The ordinary white **peach.** *Peſche blanche.*
The blacke **peach.** *Peſche noire.*
The Almond **peach.** *Peſche amande.*
The Nut **peach.** *Peſche noix.*
The Quince **peach**, or yellow **peach.** *Peſche-coing, peſche jaune.*
The gold **peach.** *Peſche d'or.*
The red **peach.** *Peſche rouge, ou, ſanguine.*
A **peach** tree. *Peſcher, peſchier; alberger.*
A **peach-colour.** *Couleur de fleur de peſcher.*
The **peach-bell** flower. *La campanette.*
A **peacocke.** *Paon.*
A young **peacocke.** *Paonneau.*
A tame **peacocke.** *Paon terreſtre.*
A wild **peacocke.** *Paon celeſte.*
To ſtrout it proudly like a **peacocke.** *Se Paonner, ſe paonnader, ſe pavonneſſer, ſe Pavonner.*
Of, or belonging to, a **peacocke, peacocke-like** (proud.) *Paonnin.*
A **peagoſe.** *Bimet, beneſt, benoiſt, benoiſt, niais, naudin.*
A **peahenne.** *Paonneſſe.*
A **peale** of bells. *Carillon, clocherie.*
To **peale.** *Piler.*
Pealed. *Pilé.*
A **pealing.** *Pilement, pilée, Voyez* to beate, bruſe, and ſtampe in a morter.
To **pearce, a pearcer, &c.** *Voyez* to pierce, a piercer, &c.
A **pearch**, or **perch.** *Perche. (Meſure.) La longueur de la perche en Angleterre eſt ſeize pieds & demi.*
A **pearch** (for a bird.) *Perche, juchoir.*
To **pearch**, or ſit on a **pearch.** *Percher, appercher, ſe jucher, brancher, joncher.*
A **pearch** fiſh. *Perche.*
The ſea **pearch.** *Perche de la mer.*
Belonging to, or full of, **pearches.** *Percheux.*
Pearched. *Perché.*
A **peare.** *Poire.*
A **peare** tree. *Poirier.*
A **peare-apple.** *Pomme-poire.*
A choak **peare.** *Poire d'angoiſſe, poire d'eſtranguillon.*
The alablaſter, bell, or gourd **peare.** *poire de ſerteau, ou, de campane.*
A **peare** plumme. *Perſique, perſigue.*
The butter **peare.** *Poire de beurée.*
The cat **peare.** *Poire chat.*
The Eſquire **peare.** *Poire de l'eſcuyer.*
The Euſebian **peare.** *Poire de bon Chreſtien.*
The golden **peare.** *La poire dorée, poire de fin or.*
A haſting, or haſty **peare.** *Poire de haſtivea*
The knight **peare.** *Poire de chevalier.*
A Katherine **peare.** *Poire de Katherine.*
The Marie **peare**, or our Ladies **peare.** *Poire de noſtre Dame.*
A muske **peare.** *Poire muſquette, poire ſuperbe.*
The Permaine **peare.** *Poir de parmain.*
The Greening **peare.** *Poire de verdelet.*
The **peare-quince**, or quince **peare.** *Poire-coing.*
The Pound **peare.** *Poire de livre.*
The roſe **peare.** *Poire d'eau roſe.*
The thorne **peare.** *Poire d'eſpine.*
A warden, or winter **peare.** *Poire de garde.*
The **peare-bitt.** *Morde à poire.*
A **peare-maine.** *Pomme-poire.*
A **peare** plumme tree. *Perſiquier.*
A **pearle.** *Perle.*
A ſmall **pearle.** *Perlette.*
A faire, great, orientall **pearle.** *Perle de compte.*
Pearle-plant. *Herbe aux perles, gremil.*
Pearle. *Iamme, Margariton.*
Refuſe, or ragged **pearles.** *Fretail de perles.*
Mother of **pearle.** *Naure de perles.*
Pearle-powder. *Margariton.*
Pearle colour. *Couleur gemée.*
Peart. *Godinet, mignard, mignardelet.*
A pretie **peart** laſſe. *Godinette.*
To make **peart.** *Accointer.*
A **peaſant.** *Paiſant. Voyez* a Boor, a clown, countreyman.
Peaſe. *Pois.*
Small **peaſe.** *Poiſillons.*
Great, garden, or rouncevall **peaſe.** *Pois ramez, pois ramiers.*
Field **peaſe**, ordinary **peaſe.** *Petis pois.*
The flat **peaſe**, **peaſe** everlaſting. *Pois cerre, pois cornu.*
Heart-**peaſe.** *Pois de merveilles.*
Peaſe ſtrained, lickor or pottage of **peaſe.** *La purée de pois.*
A **peaſe-cod**, or ſhale. *Gouſet de pois.*
To **Peche** (with the bill, as birds doe.) *Becquer, becqueter, bechoter, bequetter, bequer, beſcher.*
A **peche** (meaſure.) *Picot in. La quatrieſme partie d'un boiſſeau. Voyez* a Buſhell.
A **peche** with a beake. *Becquade.*
Pecked. *Becqueté, beſché.*
A **pecking.** *Becquettement, beſchement, bequée, bechée, becquée.*
To **peckle.** *Griveler.*
Peckled. *Grivelé, grivelé.*
Peckledneſſe. *Grivelement, grivolement, grivoleure.*
Pectozell. *Pectoral.*
Peculiar. *Peculier, particulier, ſpecial.*
To make **peculiar.** *Particulariſer,*
A **peculiar** (or ſpeciall) thing. *Particularité.*
Peculiarly. *Particulierement, ſpecialement.*
Pecuniarie. *Pecuniaire.*
A **pecuniarie** mulct, or penaltie. *Multe, amende pecuniaire.*
Pecunious (or full of money.) *Pecunieux, qui a beaucoup d'argent, qui a force eſcus.*
The **pedalls** (or low keyes) of organs. *Les baſſes marches des orgues.*
A **pedant** (or ordinary ſchoole-maſter.) *Pedant, pedagogue, grimouche, grimelet, vn Ioannes.*
Pedanticall. *Pedanteſque.*
Pedanticall humours. *Pedanteries.*
Pedantiſme. *Pedagogie, pedagogiſme.*
To **pedantize** it, or play the **pedant.** *Pedantizer.*
A **pedegree.** *Genealogie, origine.*
A **pedlar.** *Mercerot; portepanier.*
Pedlary French. *Barragouin, jargon, jargon de galimatias.*
To ſpeak **pedlary** french. *Barragouiner, jargonner.*
A **Peece.** *Vne piece.*
All of a **peece.** *Tout d'une piece.*
A great **peece** (or luncheon.) *Caribot.*
A ſmall **peece.** *Piecette.*
A **peece** of 20 ſhillings (or double Soveraigne.) *Vne piece d'or valant vingt ſhelins, ou dix francs.*
A **peece** (ſet on a ſhooe or garment.) *Bobelin.*
To **peece**, or ſet on a **peece.** *Appiecter, rapetacer, rapetaſſer, rapiecer, rappiecer, raptacer, raptaſſer.*
To pull in **peeces.** *Deſpiecer, deſpecer. Deſquels viennent, deſpecé ou deſpiecé.* Pulled in **peeces.** *Deſpecement, ou deſpiecement,* or pulling in **peeces.**
A **peece** (or gunne) *Arquebuſe, mouſquet, baſton à feu.*
A fowling **peece.** *Arquebuſe de chaſſe.*
A fire locke **peece** (that goes off with a fire-locke.) *Arquebuſe à rouet.*
Shouldering **peeces** (or corbells.) *Mutules.*
Peeced. *Rapiecé, rappiecé, petacé, rapetacé, appiecetté, rapetaſſé, raptacé, bobelmé, taconné, ratacomné, petacé; ou comme* Patched.
A **peecer.** *Rapiecetur; ou comme* a Patcher.
Peece-greaſe. *Surpoint, (graiſſe qui vient des pieces de cuir bouillies.)*
Peece-meale, or by peeces. *Par pieces, par le menu, menuëment, par coupures.*
To **peece-meale** (to divide, cut, pull, rent in peeces.) *Morcillir, morſiller; deſpecer, deſpiecer.*
Peece-mealed. *Morcillé; deſpecé, deſpiecé*
A **peece-meeling.** *Morſilleure, deſpecement, deſpiecement.*
Peece-meeling. *Morcillant, morſillant.*
A **peecing.** *Rapiecement, rappiecement, ratatonnerie.*
A **peele.** *Paelle de boulengier, ou de paſtiſſier.*
A little **peele.** *Paellette.*
A **peele-full.** *Paellerée.*
The **peele** of an onion. *Coupeau d'oignon.*

To

To **pele** off. *Voyez* to Pill.
A **pele**, or **peeling**. *Follicule. Voyez* Pill.
To **Pep** (as young birds.) *Pepier, pianler, pioler.*
Pepe-pepe (the voice of chickins.) *Piou piou.*
To **pepe** out. *Poindre, paroir.*
A **Peper** (or cheeper.) *Pepieur, pioleur.*
A **Peping** (of ſmall birds.) *Pipis, pepiement, pepier, piolement.*
To **Pere** out. *Poindre, paroir.*
A **pere** (or cauſey) on the ſea-ſide. *Mole, moule.*
A **Pere.** *Pair, Per.*
A **Peredome.** *Pairie, perrie.*
The **Peres** of the Realme. *Les pairs du Royaulme.*
Pereleſſe. *Nompareil, ſans pair, nompair.*
Pereleſſly. *Nompareillement.*
Perbiſh. *Proterve, hargneux, meſhaigne, faſcheux, reveſche, pervers, difficil à ſervir, malaiſe à contenter.*
To be **perbiſh.** *Eſtre hargneux.*
Perbiſhly. *Protervement, perverſement, faſcheuſement.*
Perbiſhneſſe. *Protervie, reveſcherie, morofité, proterviré.*
A **Perg** (or pinne of wood.) *Cheville.*
To **perg**, or pinne with **pegs.** *Cheviller, recheviller.*
Pegged, or faſtned with pegs. *Chevillé; recheviillé.*
A **Pegger.** *Chevilleur.*
A **Pegging**, or faſtning with pegs. *Chevillage, chevilleure, chevilleure.*
A **Pegaſus** (or flying horſe.) *Pegaſe.*
To **Peiſe.** *Peſer.*
Peiſed. *Peſé.*
A **Peiſer.** *Peſeur.*
A **Peiſing.** *Peſée, poiſée, poiſement.*
Peiſant. *Peſant.*
Pelfe. *La richeſſe de ce monde, terre jaune & blanche, fatras.*
A **Pellet.** *Balle, boulet, glands.*
The round **pellet** (of dough, paſte, &c.) wherewith fowle is crammed. *Turonde.*
A **Pellicun.** *Pelican, Pellicun.*
Pellitorie of Spaine. *Pirethre.*
Falſe **pellitorie** of Spaine. *Otruche.*
Pellitorie of the wall. *Parietaire, paritoire.*
Pell-mell. *Peſle-meſle.*
Pell-melled. *Peſle-meſlé.*
A **Pelt.** *Pelice, peau.*
A **Peltmonger.** *Pelletier.*
A **Peltmongers** trade. *Pelleterie.*
A ſhepherds **pelt** (or gaberdine,) *Houpelande, houppelande, houplande, hoptande.*
Penall (inflicting penalties.) *Penal.*
A **Penaltie.** *Peine, amende, multe, cramme.*
A **Penant.** *Penteur.*
Pence. *Deniers ſterlins. Le plurier de* Pennie, *lequel Voyez.*
A **Pendant.** *Pendant, pendille; pend-oreille.*
Pendiculation. *Pendiculation.*
A **Penet** (of ſugar, for the cold.) *Penide.*
To **penetrate.** *Penetrer; entrer dedans, percer.*
Penetrated. *Penetré, percé.*
Penetrative. *Penetratif.*
Penitence. *Penitence, repentance.*
To be **penitent.** *Se repentir.*
Penitent. *Penitent, repenti.*
Penitentions, or very **penitent.** *Penitencieux.*
Penitently. *Repentivement.*
Pennance. *Penitence; ou comme* Penitence.
A Prieſt that injoyneth **pennance.** *Penitencier, penencier, penancier.*
The **pennant**; a rope ſerving to hoiſe up the boate, and heavie merchandiſe abord a ſhip. *Palenc; une corde qui paſſe dedans la poulie qui eſt attache à l'un des bouts de l'eſtague, & ſert avec la dite eſtague, pour guinder le bateau & marchandiſe dedans le navire.* ¶ Nicot.
A **Penne.** *Plume.*
A ſmall **penne.** *Plumette.*
Full of **penne.** *Plumeux.*
To **penne** (or write a thing.) *Eſcrire.*
A **penner, pennar**, or **penne-caſe.** *Calemar, calamar, calmar, Galemar, gallemar, gallemard.*
A **penne** and inkhorne. *Eſcriptoire.*
A **penne-knife.** *Ganivet, tranche-plume, trenche-plume, canivet, canif, ganif.*
A **penknife-maker.** *Ganivetier.*
A **penne-man** (or Scrivener that lives by his pen.) *Plumetteur.*
A **Pennie.** *Denier ſterlin, ou denier Anglois; lequel vault en monnoye de France les cinq ſixieſme parties d'un ſol: car ſix* pennies *ou* pence *font cinq ſols.*
An earneſt **pennie**, or Gods **pennie.** *Denier à Dieu.*
A **pennie-worth.** *Pour vn denier, autant qu'on pourra acheter pour vn denier.*
Halfe a **pennie.** *Maidenier. Voyez le ſoubs* Halfe.
A **pennie-father.** *Vn homme riche & chiche. Voyez* a Pinch-pennie.
Pennie-royall. *Pouliot.*
Pennie-wort. *Nombril de Venus.*
Sea **pennie-wort.** *Androſaque.*
Water **pennie-wort.** *Cotyledon.*
A **Penon** (or Pendant) in a ſhip, or on the top of a horſemans ſtaffe. *Pennon, banderolle, gaillardet, pennonceau, pennoncel.*
A **penſill.** *Pinceau.*
A **Penſion.** *Penſion, ſalaire.*
A **Penſioner.** *Penſionnaire, penſionniſte.*
Penſioned. (Hired by penſion.) *Penſionné.*
Penſive. *Penſif, marri, morne, marry, melancholique, triſte.*
To be **penſive.** *Se melancholier, eſtre triſte, ou morne, ſe marrir.*
Penſively. *Triſtement, mornement.*
Penſiveneſſe. *Penſiveté, triſteſſe, marriſſon.*
Pent up. *Enfermé, enclos; ou comme* Shut in, or up.
A **pent-houſe.** *Vn appentis, ſoupenduë, ſoupente, ſouſpenduë.*
A **pent-houſe** of cloth (to hang afore a ſhop window.) *Haurent, ouvent, oſtevent.*
A movable **pent-houſe** or manteler (under which ſouldiers approaching a rampier, are ſhrowded.) *Vn mantelet.*
To ſhrowd under ſuch a **pent-houſe.** *Manteler.*
Shrowded under ſuch a **pent-houſe.** *Manteté.*
Penurie. *Penurie, diſette, indigence, ſouffrette, ſouffrance, eſchaveté; faute.*
Penurious. *Diſetteux, indigent, ſouffreteux.*
Peonie, or **Pionie**, *Piveine, prveïſne, peveiſne, roſe de pieon, peone.*
People. *Peuple.*
To **people**, or furniſh with **people.** *Peupler.*
The common **people**; the meane, or baſe ſort of **people.** *Le menu peuple, le vulgaire, la populace.*
Full of **people.** *Populeux, bien peuplé.*
Abundance of **people.** *Populoſité.*
People-fabouring, or pleaſing. *Populaire.*
The dregs, offals, or raſcally ſort of the **people.** *Canaille, racaillé.*
Peopled, ſtored with **people.** *Peuplé.*
A **pepinerie.** *Voyez* a Nurſerie.
Pepper. *Poyvre, poivre.*
The **Pepper-plant.** *Poyvrier.*
White **pepper.** *Poyvre blanc, poyvre verd.*
Long **pepper.** *Poyvre long.*
Indian, Guinnie, or Calecut **pepper.** *Poyvre Indic, ou d'Inde; Poyvre d'Eſpagne.*
The huſked **Pepper** called Amomum. *Poyvre Ethiopic.*
Pepper of the mount. *Poyvre de montaigne.*
Water **pepper.** *Cultrage, poyvre aquatique.*
To take **pepper** in the noſe at. *Se meſcontenter de.*
To **pepper**, or ſeaſon with pepper. *Poyvrer.*
Peppered, or ſeaſoned with pepper *Poyvré; poyré.*
A **peppering**, or ſeaſoning with pepper. *Poyvrade.*
Pepper-wort. *Herbe poyvrée, raphanelle ſauvage, paſſerage, dictame.*
Peradventure. *Paradventure.*
Peragration (going about.) *Peragration.*
To **perambulate.** *Paſſer à travers; aller par pais, voyager.*
A **perambulation.** *Paſsée à travers, allée par pais, voyagement, pourmenade par tout.*
Perceivable, or **perceptible.** *Perceptible, Appercevable.*
To **perceive.** *Appercevoir, ſcavoir.*
Perceived. *Apperceu, ſceu.*
A **perceiving**, or **perception.** *Perception, appercevance.*
Perceptible, and **perception.** *Comme* Perceivable, and Perceiving.
A **perch.** *Voyez* Pearch.
Perdition. *Perdition, deſtruction, ruine.*
Perdurable. *Perdurable, pardurable.*
Perdus (the forlorne hope.) *Enfans perdus.*
Peregrine (or foraine.) *Peterin, peregrineux.*
A **peregrine** faulcon, or Paſſenger. *Faulcon peregin, faulcon paterin, faulcon de paſſage, paſſagier.*
A **Peregrination** (or farre iourney.) *Peregrination.*
Peremptorie. *Peremptoire.*
Peremptorily. *Peremptoirement.*
A **peremptorie** ſummons. *Adjournement peremptoire.*
To **peremptorie**, grant or paſſe away **peremptorily.** *Peremptoriſer.*
Perennitie. *Perennité, eternité, perpetuité.*
A **perequation.** *Perequation.*
Perfect. *Parfaict.*
To **perfect**, or bring to perfection. *Perfectionner, parfaire, conſommer.*

Perfect. *Parfaict, conſommé.*
A perfecter. *Parfaicteur.*
Perfection. *Perfection.*
To bring to **perfection.** *Mettre à perfection, perfectionner.*
Perfectly. *Parfaictement, bien au net.*
Perfidious. *Perfide, deſloyal.*
Perfidiouſly. *Deſloyalement.*
Perfidiouſneſſe. *Deſloyaulté.*
Perforce. *Parforce, violentement.*
Performance. *Accompliſſement.*
To **performe.** *Accomplir, parachever, parfaire, parfournir.*
Performed. *Accompli, parachevé, parfaict.*
A **performing.** *Accompliſſement, parachevement.*
A **perfume** *Parfum, perfum.*
Perfumes. *Perfums.*
To **perfume.** *Parfumer, perfumer; encenſer, enfumer.*
Perfumatorie, or **perfuming.** *Parfumatoire.*
Perfumed. *Perfumé, parfumé, encenſé, enfumé.*
A **Perfumer.** *Parfumeur.*
A **perfuming.** *Perfumement.*
A **perfuming pan.** *Encenſoir.*
The **pericardium** (the membrane, filme, or skinne that covers the heart.) *Pericarde, la tapſule du cœur.*
Of, or belonging to, the **pericardium.** *Pericardique.*
The **pericranion.** *Pericraine.*
Peril. *Peril, danger, riſque.*
To be in **peril.** *Eſtre en peril ou danger, courrir riſque, periller.*
Perilous. *Perilleux, dangereux.*
Perilouſly. *Perilleuſement, dangereuſement.*
The **perinæum.** *Perinée.*
A **Period** (or full and perfect ſentence.) *Periode.*
By **periods.** *Periodiquement.*
Periodicall. *Periodic.*
To **periſh.** *Perir, periller, mourir, ſe perdre.*
Periſhable. *Periſſable.*
Periſhed. *Peri.*
The **peritonæum** (the inner thin skinne covering the intrals.) *Peritoine.*
To **perjure** (or forſweare himſelfe.) *Se parjurer.*
Perjured. *Parjuré, perjure.* (*Adjectif.*)
A **perjurer,** or **perjured** perſon. *Parjure.* (*Subſtantif.*)
Perjurie. *Parjurement.*
A **Periwig.** *Vne fauſſe perruque.*
A **periwig-maker.** *Perruquier.*
A **Periwinkle** (fiſh.) *Virelis, virlis, cagnole de mer.* ℣ Langued. Niueau.
The herbe **periwinkle.** *Vauche, pervenche.*
Permanent. *Permanent, durable, permanable.*
A **permiſſion.** *Permiſſion, tolerance.*
To **permit.** *Permettre, tolerer.*
Permitted. *Permis.*
A **permutation.** *Permutation; changement.*
Pernitious. *Pernicieux, dommageable.*
Perniciouſly. *Pernicieuſement.*
A **Peroration** (the concluſion of an oration.) *Peroration.*
Perpendars, or **perpent** ſtones. *Perpin, perpeigne.*
Perpendicular. *Perpendiculaire.*
Perpendicularly. *Perpendiculairement.*
To **perpetrate.** *Perpetrer.*
Perpetuall. *Perpetuel, eternel, continu, continuël, perdurable, ſempiternel, ſempiterneux.*
Perpetually. *Perpetuellement, eternellement, continuëllement, perdurablement.*
To **perpetuate.** *Perpetuer, eternizer, continuer.*
Perpetuated. *Pertué, eterniré, continué.*
A **perpetuation,** or **perpetuating.** *Perpetuation.*
Perpetuitie. *Perpetuité.*
To **Perplex.** *Intriquer, embaraſſer.*
Perplexed. *Perplex, intriqué, embaraſſé.*
Perplexedly. *Perplexement, intriquément*
Perplexitie. *Perplexité, intrique, embaras.*
A **perplexing.** *Embaraſſement.*
A **perquiſition.** *Perquiſition, perſcrutation.*
Perris (drink made of peares.) *Peré, poiré.*
To **Perſecute.** *Perſecuter; pourſuivre.*
Perſecuted. *Perſecuté.*
A **Perſecutor.** *Perſecuteur.*
Perſecution. *Perſecution.*
Perſley, or **perſiley.** *Perſil.* *Voyez* Parſley.
To **Perſeuer.** *Perſeverer, perſiſter, continuer.*
To **perſeuer** ſtubbornly in. *S'obſtiner.*
Perſeuerance. *Perſeverance; obſtination; continuation.*
Perſeuered in. *Perſeveré, perſiſté, continué.*
Perſeuering. *Perſeverant.*
Perſeueringly. *Perſeverammment.*
To **Perſiſt.** *Perſiſter, perſeverer, durer.*
To **perſiſt** ſtubbornly. *S'obſtiner, s'opiniaſtrer.*
A head-ſtrong **perſiſtance** in an ill opinion. *Opiniaſtreté, opiniaſtrie, opiniaſtriſe.*
Perſiſting ſtiffely. *Obſtiné.*
A **perſon.** *Perſonne, perſonnage.*
Perſonable. *Propre, beau perſonnage, de belle taille.*
A **perſonage.** *Perſonnage.*
Perſonall, in perſon. *Perſonnel.*
Perſonally. *Perſonnellement.*
Perſpicacitie. *Perſpicacité.*
The **perſpective.** *La perſpective.*
Perſpicuitie. *Perſpicuité.*
Perſpicuous. *Perſpicue, Oculaire.*
Perſpicuouſly. *Oculairement.*
A **perſpiration** (or breathing through.) *Perſpiration.*
Perſuadable, perſwadable, or **perſuaſible.** *Perſuaſible, perſuadeable.*
Perſuaded, or **perſwaded.** *Perſuadé, ſuadé, induict, mené, meu.*
A **Perſuader,** or **perſwader.** *Perſuadeur, ſuadeur, moteur.*
To **Perſuade,** or **perſwade.** *Perſwader, ſuader, mener, mettre en teſte à, mouvoir, induire.*
Perſuadably, or **perſwadably.** *Perſuaſiblement.*
Perſuaſible, or **perſwaſible.** *Comme perſuadeable.*
Perſuaſive, perſwaſive, perſuading, perſwading. *Perſuaſif.*
A **Perſuaſion,** or **perſwaſion.** *Perſuaſion.*
Perſuaſorie, perſuading, perſuaſive. *Perſuaſoire.*
To **pertaine.** *Appartenir.*
Pertaining. *Appartenant.*
To **Perturbe.** *Pertroubler, perturber.*
Perturbation. *Perturbation; perplexité.*
A **perturbator.** *Perturbateur.*
Perverſe. *Perverſe, proterve.*
A **Perverſion.** *Perverſion.*
Perverſitie. *Perverſité.*
Perverſly. *Perverſement, protervement.*
Perverſneſſe. *Protervie, proterviré, perverſité.*
Pervertable. *Corrompable.*
To **pervert.** *Pervertir, meſconſeiller, ſeduire, corrompre.*
Perverted. *Perverti, corrompu.*
A **Perverter.** *Pervertiſſeur, corrompeur.*
A **Perverting.** *Pervertiſſement.*
To **Peruſe.** *Reveir, reveoir, reviſiter.*
Peruſed. *Reveu, reviſité.*
A **Peruſing.** *Reveuë.*
A **Peſſarie.** *Peſſaire, ſuppoſitoire de coton façonné comme vn doigt.*
A **peſtell.** *Pilon, ou, comme a Peſtle,*
To **peſter.** *Empeſtrer, embarraſſer, embrouiller, embrouillaſſer, empeſcher.*
Peſtered. *Empeſtré, embarraſſé, embrouillé, empeſché.*
A **peſterer.** *Embarraſſeur, embrouilleur.*
A **peſtering.** *Empeſtrement, embarraſſement, embrouillement.*
A **Peſterment.** *Empeſtre, embarras.*
Peſtiferous. *Peſtifere.*
The **Peſtilence.** *Peſte, peſtilence.*
Peſtilent. *Peſtilent, empeſté, peſtifere.*
Peſtilentiall, Peſtilentious, or full of the **Peſtilence.** *Peſtilentiel, peſtilentieux, peſtieux.*
Peſtilently. *Pernicieuſement.*
A **peſtle,** or **peſtell.** *Pilon, peſteil, piſton, piſton.*
A **peſtis of Porke.** *Iambe de porceau.*
Pet. To take the **pet.** *Se meſcontenter de.*
A **petard.** or **petarre.** *Petart, petard.*
A **Petardier.** *Petardier.*
To burſt open with a **Petard.** *Petarder.*
Burſt open with a **petard.** *Petardé.*
Peter. *Pierre. Nom propre.*
A **Petticoat.** *Cotillon, Vaſquine.*
A furd **petticoat.** *Peliſſon.*
The whole **petticoat** (skirts and bodice.) *Gamelle.*
A **petticoat-maker.** *Vaſquinier.*
Petit, or **pettie.** *Petit, petite, ou comme* Paltrie.
A **petie** (or paltrie fellow.) *Homuncan.*
A **Petition.** *Peſition, petitoire, ſupplication, requeſte, requiſitoire,*
To anſwer a **petition** in the margent of it. *Apoſtiler.*
Such an anſwer to a **petition.** *Apoſtile.*
To **petition.** *Supplier.*
A **petitioner.** *Suppliant.*
Petitorie. *Petitoire.*
A **Petrell.** *Peſtoral, poiſtrail, poitral.*
A **Petronell,** or horſemans piece. *Petrinal, poiſtrinal.*
He that ſerves with a **petronell.** *Poiſtrinalier.*
To **pettifog** (or play the **pettifogger.**) *Chicaner, prevariquer.*
A **Pettifogger.** *Chicaneur, chicaneur, chicanoux, tricoteur de procez, Prevaricateur.*
Pettifogging. *Chicanerie, prevarication.*
Petulancie. *Petulance.*
A **Pew** (or ſeat in the Church.) *Siege, ou banc, ou on eſt aſſis au Temple.*
Pewter. *Eſtain, ou eſtain ſonnant; vaiſſelle d'eſtain.*
A **pewterer.** *Eſtaingnier, qui fait, ou vend de*

de vaiſſelle d'eſtaim, pintier, potier d'eſtain.

Phaſeils (French beanes.) *Phaſeols, phaſioles.*

A **pheaſant**. *Faiſant. Voyez* a Feaſant.

A **Philoſopher**. *Philoſophe; naturaliſte, phyſicien.*

Philoſophie. *Philoſophie; phyſique.*

Philoſophically. *Philoſophalement.*

To **philoſophize** it (write or ſpeake philoſophically.) *Philoſopher.*

Phiſick. *Medecine, l'art de medecine.*

To practiſe, or miniſter **phiſick**. *Medeciner.*

Phiſicall, belonging to phiſick, or a phiſition. *Medecin.*

A **Phiſition**. *Medecin; Docteur en medecine; mire, myre.*

An unskilfull, or unexperienced **Phiſition**. *Medecin d'eau douce.*

Phiſiognomie. *Phyſiognomie.*

Phiſnomie, or **phiſiognomie** of mans face. *Metaſcopie, mine, le traict du viſage.*

Phlebotomie (or blood letting.) *Phlebotomie, la ſaignée, ſeignée.*

Phlegmaticke. *Phlegmatique.*

A **phlegmon** (inflamation, or hot ſwelling.) *Phlegmon.*

A **Piannet**. *Agaſſe, jaguette, jaquette.*

A **Pickaxe**. *Pioche; houë, picquois.*

The forked **Pickaxe**. *Houë fourche, megle.*

A little **pickaxe**. *Piochon, picquet.*

A maſons **pickaxe**, or **pick**. *Pic, marteline.*

To **pick**, or trimme. *Ajoliver, ajolier. Voyez* to Trick, or Trim.

To **pick**, or **peck** at (as birds doe.) *Becquer. Voyez* to Peck.

To **pick**, or chooſe out. *Trier, eſplucher, plucquoter.*

To **pick** up. *Cueillir, recueiller, pilloter. Voyez* to gather up.

To **picke** a purſe, or pocket. *Deſrobber, ou vuider vne bourſe, &c.*

To **picke** a quarrell. *Quereller, rioter, noiſer.*

To **picke** a lock. *Crocheter vne ſerrure.* Hence,

A **pick-lock** thiefe. *Crocheteur de ſerrures;* and,

The **pick-lock** (inſtrument.) *Roſſignol.*

To **pick** (or ſteale.) *Voyez* to Pilfer, to Purloine.

A **pick-thank**. *Mouchard, barbuteur, emputeur, mouſchard.*

A **pick** or diamond (at cards.) *Quarreau.*

Picked. *Ajolié; auſſi, trié, eſpluché; cueilli; deſrobbé, crochetè, &c.*

Picket. *Gent, miſte, godin, joli. Ou comme* Neat, ſpruce.

A **picker** up. *Cueilleur.*

A **picker** out. *Trieur.*

A **picker** of quarrells. *Querelleux.*

An eare **picker**, and a tooth **picker**. *Voyez les ſoubs* Eare, and tooth.

A **Pickerell** (fiſh.) *Brocheton.*

Pickereis. *Brochereux.*

A **picking** up. *Cueilleure, cueillement, pilloterie.*

A **picking** out. *Trie, &c.*

Pickle. *Saulmure, ſaumure,*

To **pickle**. *Saulmurer, ſaler.*

Pickle of fiſh. *Murette de poiſſon; garon, garum.*

Picked. *Saulmurlé, ſaumuré, ſalé.*

A **pickled** herring. *Caquerel.*

A **pickling**. *Salure, ſaleure.*

A **pickrell**, or **picherell**. *Lanceron.*

A **Picture**. *Vn tableau, vne peinćture, ou peintvre; vn pourtraict, vne pourtraitvre.*

To **picture**. *Peinćturer, figurer, pourtraire.*

A **Picture-drawer**. *Peinctre, peintre.*

Pictured. *Peinćturé, figuré, pourtraict.*

Pide, pied (or particoloured.) *Pigeaſſé, riole, piolé, pie.*

A **pide**, or **pied** (or skude) colour of a horſe. *Pecile.*

A **pied** cow (red and white.) *Vache baillette.*

A **Pie** (bird.) *Pie, agaſſe. Voyez* a Pyé.

A **Pie** (or paſtie.) *Paſté.*

A **pie-baker**. *Paſticier.*

A **piece**. *Piece; ou comme* a Peece, *Lequel voyez.*

To **Pierce**. *Percer; piquer, forer, penetrer, retvoucr.*

To **pierce** through, cleane or quite through. *Oultrer, oultre percer, outre-fendre.*

To **pierce** with arrowes. *Sagetter.*

To **pierce** (or ſet abroach) wine. *Percer vn tonneau, ou vaiſſeau; afforer, mettre en broche.*

Pierced. *Percé, foré, piqué.*

Pierced cleane through. *Oultré, oultre-percé, outré, oultré-fendu.*

Pierced with arrowes. *Sagetté.*

Pierced (as wine.) *Percé; afforagé.*

A **Piercer**. *Gimbelet, giblet, virolet, vrille, perſoir.*

A **pierćing**. *Percement; affor, afforage, perſe.*

Pierćing. *Perforatif, picquant, piquant, penetratif.*

Pierćingly. *Aigument, picquamment.*

Pietie. *Pieté, religion.*

A **pigeon**. *Pigeon, coulomb, coulon.*

A young **pigeon**. *Pigeonneau, pigeonnelle, pigeonnet.*

A rock **pigeon**, a wild **pigeon**. *Colombe rocheraye.*

A rough-footed **pigeon** (or dove.) *Pigeon de pallette, pigeon patte, pigeon patu, ou pattu.*

A **pigeon-houſe**. *Coulombier, pigeonnier, ſoine, ſuye.*

A **pigeon** hole (in a dove-coat.) *Bonïotte, boulin.*

A flight of **pigeons**. *Vne ſuye.*

A **pigeon-keeper**. *Pigeonnier.*

The billing of **pigeons**. *Pigeonnade, pigeonnerie.*

To catch **pigeons**, to bill as a **pigeon**. *Pigeonner.*

Pigeon-foot. *Pied de pigeon.* (Herbe.)

A **Pigge**. *Cochon, cochin.* Hence,

To **pigge**, breed **pigges**. *Cochonner.*

Fat as a **pigge**. *Gras comme vn cochon.*

A ſow-**pig**. *Cochonniere, coche.*

A ſhote, ſhete, or prettie big **pigge**. *Cochonnet.*

Pigged. *Cochonné.*

A **piggin** (to milke in.) *Trayer, traïot.*

A **pike** (fiſh.) *Brochet, lanzon, bechet, bequet, becquet.*

The ſea **pike** or cod fiſh. *Brochet de mer, bautin.*

A **pike**. *Pique, picque.*

A ſmall **pike**. *Picqueron, piqueron.*

A **pike-man**. *Piquier, picquier, pique, picque.*

An unarmed **pike-man**. *Pique ſeiche.*

A **pilaſter** (or ſmall piller.) *Pilaſtre.*

A **pilchard**. *Sardine, ſardaine, ſarde, banchois.*

The river **pilchard**. *Guatte.* Of Bayonnois.

To **Pile**, ſtrengthen with **piles**, lay the foundation of **piles**. *Pilotiſer.*

A **pile**. *Monceau, amas, tas; auſſi, pille, ou pile.*

A little **pile**. *Moncelet, pilot, pilotte.*

A **pile** of wood. *Moule de bois, ligner, May de bois.*

To **pile** up. *Monceler, amonceler, amaſſer, taſſer, entaſſer.*

Piles (or great round ſtakes.) *Roulis, roullis.*

The **pile** ſide of a piece of money. *Pile.*

Piled, founded or ſet on piles. *Pilotiſé.*

Piled. *Monceté, amonceté, amaſſé, taſſé, entaſſé.*

Ill **piled** up. *Mal-taſſé.*

A **piler** up. *Amaſſeur, amaſſereſſe, entaſſeur.*

The **piles**. *Les hemorroides, emorroides, crevaſſes du fondement, morenes, mourrues.*

Pile-wort. *Petite eſclere, petite celidoine, herbe des eſcroüelles, ſcrophulaire, ſcrofulaire.*

To **pilfer**. *Deſrobber, larronner, gaſconner.*

Pilfered. *Deſrobbé, furtif.*

A **Pilferer**. *Larronneau, deſrobbeur, poiſſard, pillard, laron, larronceau.*

A **pilfering**. *Deſrobbement, larronnerie, larrecin, furt, ſubreption, robice.*

Pilfering. *Larrecineux.*

Pilferingly. *Larrecineuſement, ſubreptivement.*

A **pilgrim**. *Pelerin; pelerine.*

A **pilgrimage**. *Pelerinage.*

A **pilgrims** cloak, pels, or gaberdine. *Clamme de pelerin, ſcarvine.*

A **piling** (or heaping) up. *Entaſſement, amaſſement.*

A **piling**, pile worke, a driving downe of piles. *Pillotage, pilotis.*

The **pill**, (skinne, rinde, paring) or pilling. *Peleure; pelaſſe; peluſſe.*

To **pill** (pare, barke, unskinne, &c.) *Peler.*

Pilled. *Pelé, mondé.* Whence,

Pilled barly. *Orge mondé.*

A **pilling**. *Pelement, pelaſſe.*

To **pill** (or ſhale) hempe. *Teiller.*

The **pill**, or **pilling** of hempe. *Teille.*

A (Phiſicall) **pill**. *Pilule, pillule; pilure.*

To **pill** (ranſack, rifle, &c.) *Piller, ſaccager.*

To **pillage**. *Saccager.*

A **Pillage**. *Pillage, butin, ſac, fourrie, yſpaille.*

Pillaged. *Saccagé.*

A **Pillager**. *Butineur.*

A **pillaging**. *Saccagement, butinement.*

Pilled (ranſacked, or robbed.) *Pillé,*

A **piller** (or ranſacker.) *Pilleur.*

A **piller**. *Pilier.*

Bowing **pillers**. *Piliers boutans.*

The body of a **piller** (between the chapiter and baſe.) *Scape.*

A **pilling** (ranſacking, or rifling.) *Pillerie.*

A **pillorie**. *Pilori, pillori.*

To ſet on the **pillorie**. *Pilorier, pillorier.* Hence,

Set on the **pillorie**. *Pilorié.*
A ſetting on the **pillorie**. *Pilorie ment, pillorisement.*
To ſtand on the **pillorie**. *Faire la moüe aux harengieres.*
Piloſella (or mouſe eare.) *Piloſelle.*
A **pillow**. *Oreiller, oreillier, orillier.*
A **pillow-beere**. *Vne taye d'oreiller.*
A **pilot** (or ſteereſ-man.) *Pilot, lamaneur, nocher.*
Pilotiſme, the office, or art of a Pilot. *Pilotage.*
A **pimple** on the face. *Pompette.*
Red **pimples** in the face. *Taves, rouſſeurs.*
Pimpinell, or **pimpernell**. *Pimpinelle, pimpernelle, pimpenelle, morgeline femelle, mouron, ſanguiſorbe.*
Red **pimpinell** (or Pimpernell.) *Morgeline maſle.*
A **pin**, a **pinace**. *Comme* a Pinne, a pinace.
A **pinacle**. *Pinacle.*
A **pinch**. *Pince.*
A ſtraite, a ſhrewd **pinch**. *Strette, neceſſité, ſerre, naurure.*
To **pinch**. *Pincer, pinſer.*
To **pinch** often. *Pinceter, pinçoter.*
To **pinch** (or nip) in biting. *Mordiquer, mordre.*
To **pinch** extremely. *Naurer.*
Pinched. *Pincé; auſſi, mords.*
A **pinching**. *Pincement, pinſade; auſſi, mordicatiõ, morſure.*
Pinching. *Reſtargnant.*
A **pinch-penny**; or **pinching-miſer**. *Pinct-maille, pinſe-maille, raqué denare, caquedus, caque maille, taquin, ſordide.*
Pincers. *Voyez* a Pinſer, and Pinſers.
A **pine** tree. *Pin.*
The ſea **pine**. *Pin marin.*
The wild **pine**. *Pin ſauvage, garipot, pinaſte, pin de montaigne.*
A **pine-apple**, or **pine-clog**. *Noix de pin.*
Ground **pine**. *Ive muſcate, Ive arthritique.*
To **pine**. *Languir, ſe fleſtrir, s'alambiquer, ſeicher, ſecher, ſeicher ſur les pieds.*
Pined. *Langui.*
A **pining**. *Langueur, ſeichement.*
A **pinke** (or ſmall ſhip or boat.) *Naſelle, nacelle.*
A **pinke** (flower.) *Oeilleton, giroflée ſauvage, barberies, petits almanacs, oeillet, oeillet ſauvage.*
To **pinke**. *Piquer, mouſcheter, moucheter.*
Pinked. *Piqué, mouſcheté.*
A **pinking**. *Piquement, mouſcheture.*
Pinknerdie (or ſhepherds bodkin.) *Teſte de grue, bec de cicogne.*
A **pinnace**. *Pinaſſe, patache, brigantine, barche.*
A **Pinne**. *Vne eſpingle.*
A little **pinne**. *Eſpinglon.*
An iron **pinne** wherewith woodden **pinnes** are thruſt out. *Repouſſoir, pouſſoüer.*
A ſhort **pinne** for ruffes. *Cannon.*
To **pinne**. *Eſpingler; auſſi, cheviller, rechevilller.*
A curling **pinne**. *Poinçon à greziller & friſer les cheveux.*
A woodden **pinne** (or peg.) *Cheville.*
The **pinne** (or pen of a paire of writing tables.) *Style, touche.*
The axletree **pinne**. *Pau.*
A **pinne** and web in the eyes. *Suffuſion des yeux.*
The play with **pinnes** cald heads and points. *Teſte à teſte becheuet.*
Pinned. *Eſpinglé; chevillé, rechevillé.*
A **pinner**, or **pinne-maker**. *Eſpingleur.*
A **pinne-caſe**, **pinne-pillow**, or **pinne-cuſhion**. *Tabouret, eſpinglier.*
Pinne-duſt. *Limeure, limaille.*
A **pinne-fold** (or pound.) *Parc, parcage.*
To **pinne** in a **pinne-fold**. *Emparcher.*
The **pinnion** (of a birds wing. *Mahutte, moignon des ailes.*
The **pinnion** of a clock. *Pagnon.*
A **pinſer** (nipper, or mullet.) *Molette.*
Pinſers. *Pinces, pinſes, pincettes.*
A Chirurgians **pinſers**. *Bec de perroquet.*
A **pinte**. *Pinte, (meſure.) La pinte d'Angleterre contient (ſeulement) 16 onces; la pinte Pariſienne 27 onces.*
A little **pinte**. *Pintelette.*
A **pintle**. *Vit, membre viril, piſtolandier, piſtaulendrier.*
The **pintles** of a ſterne. *Les maſles, ou vits du gouvernail.*
Pintle-pintle. *Vit de preſtre, vit de chien.*
A **pioner**. *Pionnier, gaſtadour.*
Pionie. *Pivoine; ou, comme* Peonie.
Pious. *Pie.*
A **Pipe**. *Flute, ſloute; fluſteau.*
An oaten, or wheaten ſtraw **pipe**. *Calame, ſalmpongne.*
To **pipe**. *Fleuter, fluter.*
A bag-**pipe**. *Cornemuſe. Voyez le ſoubs* Bagge.
A conduite **pipe**. *Tuyau, canal.*
A **pipe** (or trunke) of wood for conveighance of water. *Ameçeau.*
The **pipe** of a ſinke or gutter. *Goulet.*
And the **pipe** of a fountaine or gutter. *Tulebute.*
A **pipe** (cane, reed) or little hollow **pipe**. *Tuyau, tuiau, cameline, canule.*
A wine **pipe**. *Pipe, caque, tonneau.*
The wind **pipe**. *Gargaſſme. Voyez* Wind-pipe.
The **pipe** for paſſage of a wombe-infants urine. *Ouraque, vraque.*
A **piper**. *Fleuteur, fluteur.*
A bag **piper**. *Corne-muſeur.*
A **piper** fiſh. *Aguille, aiguille, arſie, orphie, eſguille.*
A **pipkin**. *Robinet, piſſoir, tupin.*
The **pippe** (in pulleine.) *Pepie.*
A **pippin** (apple.) *Renette.*
The **pippin** of fruite. *Pepin.*
Piracie. *Piraterie, pyraterie.*
Piramidall. *Piramidal.*
A **Piramides**. *Pyramide, pyramide.*
A **Pirate**. *Pirate, Courſaire, corſaire, eſcumeur de mer, galiot, cauſeret, Pyrate.*
Piraticall. *Piratique, pyratique.*
The **pirot** (or hagfiſh.) *Pirot.*
Pifces. *Les poiſſons; vn des 12 Signes celeſtes.*
Pith (tuſh.) *Nargues.*
A **pithmire**. *Fourmi.*
A **pithmire-hill**. *Fourmiere. Voyez* Ant.
Piſſaſphaltum. *Piſſaſphalte.*
To **piſſe**. *Piſſer, vriner, faire de l'eau.*
To **piſſe** often. *Piſſoter.*
Piſſe. *Du piſſat, vrine, date.*
A **piſſe-pot**. *Pot à piſſer, pot de chambre.*
Piſſe-a-bed (herbe.) *Piſſenlict, dent de lion, couronne de preſtre.*
Piſſed. *Piſſé.*
A **piſſing**. *Piſſement.*
Piſſing much or often, or full of piſſe. *Piſſeux.* Whence,
A childs **piſſe-clouts**. *Lange piſſeuſe.*
A **piſſing** place. *Piſſoir; piſſotiere.*
Piſtachoes (or fiſtick nuts.) *Piſtacts, piſtaches.*
The **piſtachoe** (or fiſtick nut tree.) *Piſtacher.*
Wild **piſtachoes**. *Nez coupé.*
A **piſtoll**. *Piſtole.*
A little **piſtoll**. *Piſtolet.*
A **Piſtoleere** that ſerves with a **piſtoll**. *Piſtolier.*
The ſhot of a **piſtoll**. *Piſtolade.*
A **Piſtolet** (a piece of gold.) *Piſtolet. Piece d'or, aſſez cognu en France.*
Pitch. *Poix, pege.*
Stone **pitch**, or ordinary **pitch**. *Poix ſeiche.*
Greeke, or Burgundie **pitch**. *Poix grecque, poix blanche de Bourgongne.*
To **pitch**. *Poiſſer, poixer, empoiſſer.*
Ship-**pitch** (wherewith ſhips are trimmed.) *Godran, Goultran, gouldron, gouderon, goderon; poix navale.*
The **pitch-tree**. *Pezze, peſſe.*
To **pitch** a ſhip, or trimme it with **pitch**. *Goderonner, gouldronner.*
The **pitch** of a hill. *Deſcente, pente d'une montaigne.*
To **pitch**. *Mettre.*
To **pitch** tents. *Tendre ſes tentes, ou pavillons, camper, aſſoir le camp.*
Pitched. *Poiſſé, poixé, empoiſſé, pegé.*
Pitched (as a ſhip.) *Gouldronné, goderonné.*
Pitched (as tents.) *Tendu; campé.*
A **pitcher** (or trimmer) of ſhips. *Goildronneur.*
A **pitcher**. *Cruche, pot de terre, vrne.*
A **Pitch-forke**. *Iavelier, javeliere, fourche.*
Pitchie, full of **pitch**. *Poiſſeux.*
A **pitching** (with pitch.) *Poiſſement, poiſſage, poixement.*
Piteous. *Miſerable, piteux.*
A **pitfall**. *Trebuchet, piege.*
The **pith** (of plants.) *Moëlle, medulle.*
The **pith** of bread. *La moëlle de pain.*
Pithie. *Moëlleux, medulleux, moileux, ſententieux, ſolide, nerveux, robuſte, poupelé, poſtelé, pregnant, preignant, reſudant.*
Pithily. *Pregnamment, preignement, ſententieuſement.*
Pithineſſe. *Robuſteté.*
Pitie. *Pitié, miſericorde, merci, mercy, compaſſion.*
To **pitie**. *Pitoyer, apitoyer, avoir pitié de, faire miſericorde à, avoir compaſſion de.*
Pitifull. *Piteux, pitoyable, miſericordieux.*
In a **pitifull** taking. *Peneux.*
Pitifully. *Miſericordieuſement.*
Pitileſſe. *Maupiteux, ſans pitié, impitoyable, impiteux, rude, aime-pleurs, ſevere.*
Pitileſly. *Immiſericordieuſement, rudement.*
The **pitot** (a long round ſhell-fiſh.) *Manche de couſteau.*
A **pitt**. *Foſſe, puis.*
A bottomeleſſe **pitt**. *Abyſme.*
A little **pitt** to keep fiſh in. *Ladeau.*
A **pitt** with a trap door for wild beaſts. *Trebuchet.*
The arme-**pit**. *Aiſſelle. Voyez le ſoubs* Arme.
A **pittance**. *Pitance.*

A **pix.** *Boiſte, boëte, boiste, boiſtelette.*
The **pizzle** of a beaſt. *Pible, vit.*
A ſtags **pizzle.** *Nerf de cerf.*
Placable. *Placable, qu'on peut appaiſſer, aiſement appaiſé, facilement paciſié.*
Placabilitie. *Placabilité, facilité d'eſtre appaiſé.*
A **placard** (inſcription.ſee up.) *Placquard, placart, placar, placard.*
A **place.** *Place, lieu; auſſi, vn boſtel.*
Due **place.** *Ordre, rang.*
In what **place** *Où, en quel lieu.*
From what **place.** *D'où.*
In another **place.** *Ailleurs, autrepart.*
To **place.** *Placer, mettre, colloquer, aſſeoir, poſer.*
To **place** juſt. *Attinter.*
To **place** againe. *Remplacer.*
Placed. *Placé, mis, colloqué, aſſis; poſé.*
Fitly **placed.** *Ordonné.*
Placed againſt. *Oppoſite.*
Placed anew or againe. *Remplacé.*
A **placing.** *Location, allocation, poſement.*
Placing. *Mettant.*
A new **placing.** *Remplacement.*
The **plague.** *La peſte, peſtilence, mal de S. Sebaſtien.*
A **plague** ſore. *La male-boſſe, papillon.*
A **plague-ſpott** (or Gods token) *Tac.*
One that hath the **Plague.** *Peſtiferé, frappé de la peſte.*
Plaguie, full of the plague. *Peſteux, peſtilentieux, peſtilent.*
A **plaice** (fiſh) *Plie, plane, platuſe.* ¶ Langued. Plye.
A little **plaice.** *Garlet, quarlet, carrelet, quarrelet.*
To **plaie.** *Voyez* to Play.
Plaine. *Plain, eſgual; auſſi, manifeſte, notoire, evident; mere; rond.*
To make **plaine.** *Manifeſter, faire evident; applatir, applanir.*
A **plaine.** *Plaine, plain, plaſnure, planeure, rez.*
A large **plaine** field. *Campaigne, champaigne, campagne.*
Made **plaine.** *Manifeſté; auſſi, applani, plani, applati.*
Plainely. *Manifeſtement, ouvertement, à huis ouvert; rondement.*
Plainenesſe. *Rondeur; ruſticité.*
To **plaine** (bewaile.) *Plaindre.*
Plained. *Plaint.*
Plaining. *Plaignant.*
A **Plaint.** *Plainte.*
A **plaintife.** *Plaintif, plainte, accuſateur.*
A **plaiſter.** *Emplaſtre.*
To **plaiſter** (lay a plaiſter to.) *Emplaſtrer; auſſi, plaſtrer, luter.*
Plaiſter, or **plaiſtering** ſtuffe. *Plaſtre, gips, gyp, gypſe, gy, pel.*
Plaiſter claver, *Melilot.*
Plaiſtered. *Emplaſtré; plaſtré, gypſé.*
A **plaiſterer.** *Plaſtrier.*
A **plaiſterers** beater, *Rable, rabot, reüable.*
A **plaite.** *Vn pli, repli, reply.*
Plaites. *Rides.*
To **plaite.** *Plier, pliſſer, replier.*
Plaited. *Plié, pliſſé, replié, repliſſé.*
A **plaiter.** *Plieur, plieuſe.*
A **plaiting.** *Pliement, pliage, plicature, plieure, pliſſure, repliement, replieure, repliſſeure.*
Round **planchets** (or Plates) of metall, ready to be coined. *Flaons, flans,*
The **Plane** tree. *Platane, planare.*
To **plane** (even, or ſmooth.) *Planir, applanir, raboter, planer.*
A (Joiners) **plane.** *Rabot, plane.*
Planed (made even and ſmooth) *Plani, applané, applani, raboté.*
A **planer** (ſmoother.) *Applaneur, applaniſſeur, raboteur, applanieur.*
A **planet.** *Planette.*
Whence, **Planetarie.** *Planetaire.*
A **planing.** *Applaniſſement, raboteement, raboteure.*
A little **planing** axe. *Aiſcette.*
A **planke.** *Planche, ais.*
A little **planke.** *Aiſſelle.*
A floore of **plankes.** *Planchier, planchage, plancher.*
To **planke,** floore with **plankes.** *Plancher, planchoter, planchoyer, planchoier, planchoyer.*
Planked, floored with **plankes.** *Planché, planchoyé, Plancheyé.*
A **planking.** *Planchage.*
A **Plant.** *Plante; plantal, plantat, plantail.*
A young **plant.** *Planteau, planton, plançon.*
Willow **plantes.** *Plantars.*
A place to **plant,** or ſet **plants** in. *Plantas.*
To **plant.** *Planter.*
Planted. *Planté.*
A **planter.** *Planteur.*
A **planting.** *Plantement, vn plant, plantage.*
Plantaine. *Plantain, arnoglaſſe, herbe aux cailles.*
Water **plantaine.** *Plantain aquatic, plantain de marais, verge à berger.*
Ribwort **plantaine.** *Plantain petit, long plantain.*
Broad-leaved **plantaine.** *Plantain grand.*
Sea **plantaine.** *Plantain de mer.*
Middle **plantaine.** *Plantain moyen.*
Hairie ſmall **plantaine.** *Holoſteon.*
Buck-horne **plantaine.** *Corne de cerf, herbe de l'eſtoille.*
To **plaſh** trees. *Pliſſer.*
Plaſhed. *Pliſſé.*
A **plaſhing** trees. *Pliſſure.*
A **plaſh.** *Patouillas, lacune.*
To **plaſh.** *Patouiller, gaſcher.*
Plaſhed. *Patouillé.*
Plaſhie. *Gaſcheux, gueſveux.*
A **plaſhing.** *Patouil, gaſchis d'eau, gaſchement.*
Plate, ſilver **plate.** *Vaiſſelle d'argent, credence d'argent.*
A **plate** of metall. *Lame, lamine, fueille de metal, flaons,*
A **plate-trencher.** *Aſſiette.*
A **plate-candleſticke.** *Plaque.*
A **plat-forme.** *Plate-forme.*
The **platt,** or ground-**platt,** of a building. *Plan, plant.*
To **platt.** *Plier, Tordre.*
Platted. *Plié.*
A **platter.** *Plat.*
A deepe **platter.** *Plat-eſcuelle.*
A **platter-full.** *Vne platelée.*
A **play,** play. *Ieu.*
To **play.** *Iouër; auſſi, faire.* Comme To **play** the aſſe. *Faire l'aſne.*
To **play** the tumbler. *Faire la culbute.*
To **play** the wanton. *Faire folie.*
To **play** rex, or reakes. *Faire le diable de vauvert.*
To **play** the coward. *Faire la poule.*
To **play** the hypocrite. *Faire le miton.*
To **play** at bee peepe. *Faire les deux yeux à.*
To **play** the truant. *Faire l'eſcholle buiſſonniere, faire le regnard.*
To **play** the part of. *Faire, jouër, repreſenter,*
Play an aime caſt (at bowles.) *Iouër voſtre jeu.*
To **play** at faſt and looſe. *Iouër de la navette.*
To **play** at fence. *Iouër d'eſpée.*
To **play** great game. *Iouër le gros jeu.*
To **play** his part throughly. *Iouër ſon roole, ou roule.*
To **play** his prankes. *Iouër ſes jeux.*
To **play** at tennis. *Iouër à la paulme, faire bourre voler.*
A ſtage **play.** *Comedie.*
A **play-maker.** *Faſtiſte.*
Leave to play for ſchollers. *Campos.*
A **play-fellow.** *Compagnon de jeu.*
Playes. *Iouets.*
Played. *Iouë.*
A **player.** *Iouëur, jouëreſſe.*
A ſtage-**player.** *Comedien, hiſtrion.*
Player-like. *Hiſtrionique.*
The **players** that hang to the port of a bitt. *Babillons, bavetelles.*
A **plea.** *Plaid, plaidoyer, plaidoirie, plaidoyé, plaidoïer.*
Pleadable. *Plaidoyable.*
To **pleah.** *Plaider, harenguer.*
Pleaded. *Plaidé, harenguë.*
A **pleader.** *Plaidoyeur, plaideur, harengueur, orateur.*
A **pleading.** *Plaid, plaiderie, plaidoirie, plaidoyé, plaidoyer, plaidoïer.*
Pleaſant. *Plaiſant, delectable, guilleret, aiſé, ſerein, recreatif, resjouiſſant.*
To be **pleaſant** with. *Plaiſanter.*
A **pleaſant** fellow. *Plaiſanteur.*
Pleaſantly. *Plaiſamment, delectablement, recreativement.*
Pleaſantneſſe. *Plaiſance, galterie, amenité, resjouiſſance.*
To **pleaſe.** *Plaire, complaire, ſatisfaire, contenter, delecter, recreer.*
Pleaſed. *Content, ſatisfaict.*
To be well **pleaſed** with. *Haiter.*
Pleaſing. *Plaiſant, complaiſant, delectable.*
A **Pleaſing.** *Satisfaction.*
Pleaſure. *Plaiſir, delectation, aiſe, plaiſance, complaiſance.*
To **pleaſure,** do **pleaſure** to. *Faire plaiſir à, beneficier.*
Pleaſure-doing. *Beneficence, beneficence.*
A **pledge.** *Pleige, gage; Hoſtage.*
To **pledge.** *Pleiger, engager.*
To take in **pledge.** *Oſtager.*
Left in **pledge** for. *Hoſtager.*
To **pledge** (being drunke to.) *Faire raiſon à.*
Pledged. *Pleigé, engagé.*
Pleenteous. *Plenteux, abondant.*
Pleenteouſly. *Plenteuſement, abondamment, opulemment.*

Plentie. *Affluence, foiſon, planté, venſort; abondance, ſuffiſance, opulence; grand d' oye.* ¶ Rabl. *Satieté, ſaturité.*
Plentiouſneſſe, plentifulneſſe. *Comme* Plenty.
Plentifull, and **plentifully.** *Comme* Plenteous, and plenteouſly.
A **pleureſie.** *Pleureſie, mal des flancs.*
Sicke of the **pleureſie** *Pleuretique.*
Pliable, or **pliant.** *Ployable, pliable, flexible, ſoupple, mol, gent.*
To make **pliant.** *Mollifier, mollir, amollir.*
Pliantneſſe. *Molleſſe, molleté, mollice, ſouppleſſe.*
To **plie** (bend, or bow.) *Plier, ployer.*
Plied (bent, bowed.) *Plié, Ployé.*
A **Plier** (bender, bower.) *Plieur.*
The **plight** of the body. *L'habitude du corps.*
Good **plight.** *Salut, ſanté, embonpoint.*
To **plight** his troth. *Donner ſa foy, aſſiancer.*
A **plinth** (a flat ſquare peece of maſonry.) *Plinthe.*
A **plott.** *Complot, menée, machination; auſſi, modelle, module.*
The upright **plott** of a building. *La montée d'un baſtiment.*
To **plott.** *Comploter, machiner; modeler, rebraſſer.*
A ſquare **plott.** *Quadrangle.*
A **plott** tha'ts more long then broad. *Barlong, Barlongue.*
Plotted. *Comploté, machiné; modelé, rebraſſé.*
A **Plover.** *Plouvier, Pluvier.*
A **plough.** *Charruë, aireau, harnas de roture.*
To **plough.** *Labourer la terre, charruër, cultiver.*
A **plough-man.** *Laboureur, cultiveur, roturier.*
Plough-gerres. *Charruage, attiraux.*
A **plough-ſhare** *Soc d'une charruë.*
The **plough-handle, plough-hais,** or **plough-taile.** *Le manche de la charruë, manchereau de la charruë.*
A **plow,** to **plow,** a **plow-man.** *Comme* Plough, and Plough-man, &c.
A **plow-land.** *Mas de terre, meix, mex.* *Voyez* Oxegang.
Plowed, or **ploughed.** *Charrué, labouré, cultiué.*
A **plowing,** or **ploughing.** *Labour, labourage, ainure, cultivement.*
A **Plucke,** or pull. *Tire, tirade, tirée.*
To **Pluche.** *Tirer.*
To **pluche** up. *Arracher, oſter.*
To **pluche** from. *Retirer, retraire.*
To **pluche** up by the roote. *Deſraciner, eſraciner.*
To **pluche** downe. *Rabaiſſer le menton à.*
A ſheepes **pluche.** *Freſſure, ou, freſure, de mouton.*
To **pluche** up the coate (for dagging.) *Secourcer.*
Plucked. *Tiré.*
Plucked up by the roote. *Deſraciné, eſraciné, arraché.*
Plucked away from. *Retiré.*
A **Plucking.** *Tirement, tirage.*
A **plucking** from. *Retirement; revulſion.*
A **plucking** up by the roote. *Deſracinement, arrachement.*
A Maſons **plumbe** rule. *Ruille, plomb à ruille, muel, ruyle.*
A **plume.** *Plumart, penmache.*
To **plume** (plucke the feathers off,) *Plumer.*
Plumed *Plumé.*
A **Plume** (a feather plucker.) *Plumeur.*
A **pluming** (or plucking the feathers from.) *Plumement.*
A **Plumme.** *Prune.*
A horſe **plumme.** *Prune de cheval, jorroiſe.*
A Damaske, or damſon **plumme.** *Prune de Damas.*
The wheate, or white **plumme.** *Prune blanche.*
The wild **plumme** (bullace, or ſloe.) *Prune ſauvage.*
A little **plumme.** *Pruneau, prunelette.*
A **plumme-tree.** *Prunier.*
Bearing or abounding with **plummes.** *Prunier.*
To **Plumme** (or judge of worke by a plumbe rule.) *Plomber.*
A **Plummer.** *Plombier.*
A **Plummet.** *Plombée, plombeau, plomeau.*
A **Plummet,** or **plumb-rule,** or **plumb-line.** *Plomb à ruille, ruyle, ou riaule; plombet, plomb à chaas.*
A ſounding **plummet.** *Sonde.*
A little **plumbe-rule.** *Ruylette.*
Plump (full, fat, puffed up.) *Goulſi, poté, potelé, refaict, refait, roud.*
A **plump** (or fat) conſtitution of body, **plumpneſſe.** *Vn embonpoint de nourrice, potelée.*
Plumply. *Rondement.*
Plumpneſſe. *Rondeur.*
To **Plunge** (dive, or ducke.) *Plonger.*
To **plunge** himſelfe up to the eares in. *S'y fourrer juſques aux oreilles.*
To put to his **plunge,** or **plunges.** *Mettre à l'eſtroict, ranger à l'eſtroict.*
He was put to his **plunge.** *Il y perdoit pied.*
To **plunge** under the water. *Noyer, noïer, ou, nayer en l'eau.*
Plunged (ducked, dived.) *Plongé.*
A **Plunger** (ducker, diver.) *Plongeur.*
A **Plunging.** *Plongement.*
Plunging. *Plongeant.*
Plunging, or by plunges. *A plongeons.*
Plurallitie. *Pluralité.*
The **plurall** number. *Le nombre pluriel.*
Plush. *Peluche.*
A **Plying** (bending, or bowing.) *Pliement, pliseure.*
To **Poach, poached, poake.** *Comme* to poche, poched, poke.
To **Poche.** *Pocher.*
Poched. *Pocché.*
The ſmall **Pockes.** *Les morbilles.*
The great, or French **pockes.** *La groſſe verole, mal françois, mal de Naples.*
Full of the French **pockes.** *Napleux.*
To get or travell for the **pockes.** *Faire voyage de haviere.*
Pocke-holes. *Foſſettes.*
Full of **pocke-holes.** *Foſſetteux.*
Fulneſſe of **pock-holes.** *Foſſetterie.*
Pockie, or that hath the **pockes.** *Greſlé; Napleux.*
A **pockie** ſore. *Grenat rouge.*
Pock-wood. *Gayac, guayac.*
A **Pocket.** *Poche, pochette.*
A **pocket** full. *Pochée.*
A **Poeme.** *Poëme.*
Poeſie, or **poetrie.** *La poëſie, poëtrie.*
A **Poet.** *Poëte.*
An ignorant **poet.** *Poetaſtre.*
A **Poetelle.** *Rimeuſe; poëtride.*
A paultrie **poetelle.** *Rimailleuſe, rimaſſeuſe, rimarde.*
Poetically, or **poet-like.** *Poëtiquement.*
To **Poetize.** *Poëtiſer.*
To **Point** (to ſharpen at the point.) *Pointer, pointer, puntuer.*
To **point** with the finger. *Monſtrer au doigt.*
A **point** (pricke, period, &c.) *Vn poinct, vn point.*
The **point** (of a weapon, or toole.) *La pointe, la poincte.*
The **point** (or ſharp top) of a rocke. *La poincte d'un rocher.*
A little nice **point.** *Pointille, poinctille, pontille, punctille.*
A **point** of land (at which two rivers meet.) *Bec.*
A **point** (for the hoſe.) *Eſguillette, aiguillette, aguillette.*
To tie or truſſe the **points.** *Eſguilletter, aiguilletter, aguilletter.*
To whip, or laſh with **points.** *Eſguilletter, aiguilletter.*
From **point** to **point.** *De fil en aiguille.*
Pointed (ſharpe at point, or ſharpned at the point.) *Poinct, poinctu, pointu; punctué.*
Pointed at with the finger. *Monſtré au doigt.*
A **Pointing.** *Punctuation.*
To **Poiſe.** *Peſer.* *Voyez* to Peiſe, to Weigh.
Poiſon. *Poiſon, venim.*
To **poiſon.** *Empoiſonner, bailler le boucon.*
To **poiſon** the outſide of. *Envenimer.*
Poiſoned. *Empoiſonné; envenimé.*
A **Poiſoner.** *Empoiſonneur, bouconnier.*
A **Poiſonnereſſe,** or woman poiſonner. *Empoiſonnereſſe, empoiſonneuſe.*
A **Poiſoning.** *Empoiſonnement.*
A **Poke.** *Poche, ſac, beſace.*
A little **poke.** *Pochette, ſaccoche.*
To **poke** up, put into a **poke.** *Empocher, enſacher.*
To buy a pig in a **poke.** *Acheter chat en poche.*
A **Pole.** *Perche, gaule, paiſſeau, peſſeau.*
A hawking **pole.** *Gaule de gibbiere.*
To beate downe with a **pole.** *Gauler.*
Beaten downe with a **pole.** *Gaulé.*
A beating downe with a **pole.** *Gaulée.*
The **pole** (of heaven.) *Le pol.*
A hunting **pole.** *Tourtoire.*
The **pole** (or head.) *Le chef, la teſte.*
Whence commeth **pole-money.** *Capitation, taxe payé par teſte.*
A **Polecat.** *Chafouyn.*
Policie (or politicke government.) *La police.* Whence
To rule, order, or governe with **policie.** *Policier.* Ruled ſo. *Policé.*
Poligamie (the having of many wives.) *Poligamie, Polygamie.*

Polipodie. *Polypode.*
Polipody of the wall. *Ceterach.*
A **Polipragmon** (or buſie medler.) *Polipragmon, alborom, panurge, vn faiſeur de menées.*
To **Poliſh.** *Polir; fourbir, mettre au net.*
Poliſhed. *Poli, fourbi, mis au net.*
A **Poliſher.** *Poliſſeur, fourbiſſeur.*
A **poliſher,** or **poliſhers** burniſhing ſtone. *Poliſſoir, potiſſoire.*
A **Poliſhing.** *Poliſſement, poliſſure, interpolation, fourbiſſeure.*
Politz. *Mignon, gent, godin. Voyez* Spruce, Neate.
Politicke. *Politique.*
A **Pollard** (fiſh.) *Meunier, teſtard, Muſnier, teſtu.*
A **Pollax.** *Bec de corbin, bec de faulcon.*
To **Poll** (or ſheere.) *Tondre, couper les cheveux, tonſurer.*
Polled. *Tondu, coupé, tonſuré.*
A **Poller.** *Tondeur.*
A **Polling.** *Tonſure, tondoiſon, tonture, tonſture.*
To **Pollute.** *Pollue, contaminer, ensalir, enſallir, ordir, ſalir, ſaſſir, ſallir.*
Polluted, *Pollué, contaminé, encordi, enſalli, ordi.*
A **Polluting,** or **pollution.** *Pollution, ordiſſure, enſalliſſement, ordure.*
A **Perfumer.** *Femme de fenteurs.*
A **Pome-citron.** *Citron.*
A **Pomegranate.** *Grenade.*
A **pomegranate tree.** *Grenadier.*
A **pomegranate** bloſſome, a little **pomegranate.** *Grenadille.*
To **Pommell.** *Gourmer, pelander. Voyez* to Knocke, buffet.
Pommelled. *Gourmé, pelandé, ſoufflété.*
The **Pommell** of a ſword. *Pommeau d'eſpee.*
Pompe. *Pompe, gorre.*
Pompous. *Pompeux.*
Pompouſly. *Pompeuſement.*
A Prieſts **Pompes.** *Pompettes d'Imprimeur.*
Pompion, or **popillon.** *Pepleon.*
A great **Pond.** *Eſtang.*
A fiſh-**pond.** *Vivier.*
A **pond** for watering of cattell. *Mare.*
A little **pond** to keepe fiſh in. *Gardouër.*
A **pond** to water flax or hempe in. *Roteur, rouiſſoir.*
To **Ponder.** *Penſer, conſiderer; maditer, peſer, repenſer, ruminer.*
Pondered. *Penſé, conſideré, Peſé, repenſé, ruminé.*
A **Ponderer.** *Peſeur.*
A **Pondering.** *Conſideration, repenſement.*
Ponderoſitie. *Ponderoſité, peſanteur.*
Ponderous. *Pondereux, peſant.*
Ponderouſly. *Ponderamment.*
Ponderouſneſſe. *Comme* Ponderoſitie.
Knights **Pondwoort,** or wading **pondweed.** *Mille feuille aquatique.*
A **Poniard** (or **poinardo.**) *Poignard.*
To **Poniard,** or ſtab with a **poniard.** *Poignarder.*
Poniarded, ſtab'd with a **poniard.** *Poignardé.*
The **Ponticke** rat. *Rat de Ponte, Rat pontique.*
A ſtanding **Poole.** *Eſtang, mare.*
The **Poope** of a ſhip. *Poupe de navire.*
Poore. *Povre, pauvre, neceſſiteux, haireux, marmiteux, gallochier, trepelu, nud.*
A **poore** ſnake, or tattered rogue. *Povre haire, trepelu.*
Poore as Job. *Povre comme Iob, nud comme ver.*
A **poore** ſoule, ſomewhat **poore.** *Povret.*
Poorely. *Povrement, pauvrement.*
The **Pope.** *Le Pape, le pontif ou pontife Romain.*
The **popedome.** *Papauté, le pontificat.*
Doters on the **Pope.** *Papimanes.*
Popiſh dotage, or doting on the **Pope.** *Papimanie.*
A ſcorner of the **Pope.** *Papiſigne.*
A **Popingay.** *Papegay, papegan.*
A **Poplar** tree. *Peuplier, peuple.*
Blacke **poplar** tree. *Peuple, tard.*
The white **poplar** tree. *Peuplier blanc, peuple blanc.*
A grove, or wood of **poplar** trees. *Peuplerayе.*
Poppie. *Pavot; oliette.* ℊ Wallon.
White ſeeded garden **Poppie.** *Pavot blanc.*
Garden **Poppie.** *Pavot des jardins.*
Black garden **Poppie.** *Pavot noir.*
Horned, ſea, or yellow **Poppie.** *Pavot cornu.*
Sparling, or frothie **Poppie.** *Pavot eſcumant.*
Wild **Poppie.** *Pavot rouge, pavot ſauvage.*
Popular. *Populaire.*
Popularly. *Populairement.*
Populous. *Populeux, bien peuplé.*
Populouſneſſe, or **populoſitie.** *Populoſité.*
A **Porch.** *Vat porche; vn oſte-vent.*
An open **porch** to walke in. *Portique.*
The **porch** of a Church. *Parvis.*
An outward **porch** (or portall.) *Avant portail.*
A **Porcupine.** *Porc-eſpi.*
The ſea **Porcupine.** *Porc-eſpi de mer.*
A **Pore.** *Pore.*
The **pores** of the body. *Les pores du corps, les poroſitez.*
Porie, or full of **pores.** *Poreux, porreux.*
Poriteſſe, or the being full of **pores.** *Poroſité.*
Porke. *Porc; chair de porc, ou de pource-au.*
Porke ſauce (of onions, vinegar, and muſtard.) *Saupiquet, ſaulpiquet.*
A **Porket,** young Porke. *Pourcaut, porquette.*
Porphirie (a kind of marble.) *Porphyre, porphire, marbre rougeaſtre.*
Portage, and **portinger.** *Voyez* Portage, and Portinger.
Portage. *Portage.*
A **Portall.** *Portail, portinal; oſte-vent; avant-portail.*
Portative, or **portable.** *Portatif, portatiſſe.*
A **Port** (or haven.) *Port, hable, havre.*
The **port** of a bird bowing like a gooſe neck.) *Col d'oye.*
A **Porteſſelle.** *Heuſe, raſteau, couliſſe, biere, berſe.*
A **Porter** (at a gate, or doore.) *Portier, huiſſier.*
A gentleman, or groome **porter** of the Kings houſhold. *Capitaine de la porte.*
A **porter** (or burden bearer.) *Portеur, porte-faix, crochetеur, fuquin.*
Salt **porters.** *Hennuers.*
Port-holes in ſhips (for ordinance.) *Sabords; Canonniere.*
A **Portion.** *Portion.*
To **portion** (ſhare out in portions.) *Portionner.*
A **Portmantua.** *Porte-manteau.*
To **Portray.** *Pourtraire.*
Portrayed. *Pourtraict.*
A **Portraits,** or **portraiture.** *Pourtraict, pourtraicture.*
The **Poſe.** *Rheume, rume, ou reume au nez.*
A **Poſie.** *Deviſe.*
A **poſie** (of flowers.) *Bouquet.*
A **Poſing** (for paſſing of Graduates.) *Tentative.*
A **Poſition.** *Poſition.*
A **Poſnet.** *Caſole.*
To **Poſſe** downe. *Mettre à la flat.*
To **Poſſeſſe.** *Poſſeder, occuper.*
Poſſeſſed. *Poſſedé.*
Poſſeſſed of. *Saiſi.*
A **Poſſeſſion.** *Poſſeſſion, poſſeſſoire, ſaiſine, occupation, Fruition.*
A **poſſeſſion** in truſt. *Reverence.*
To take **poſſeſſion** of. *Saiſir.*
A taking **poſſeſſion** of. *Saiſiſſement.*
Put out of **poſſeſſion.** *Deſpoſſedé, deſſaiſi, forcommandé, depoſſedé.*
A putting out of **poſſeſſion.** *Forcommandement.*
To put out of **poſſeſſion.** *Depoſſeder, depoſſeder.*
A **Poſſeſſor.** *Poſſeſſeur, occupateur.*
A **Poſſeſſreſſe** (or woman that poſſeſſeth.) *Poſſeſſereſſe, poſſeſſeuſe.*
Poſſeſſorie, or, or by way of poſſeſſion. *Poſſeſſoire.*
A **Poſſet.** *Paſſet.*
Poſſible. *Poſſible.*
Poſſibilitie. *Poſſibilité.*
Poſſibly. *Poſſiblement.*
A **Poſte** (beame, or great ſtake.) *Poſte, poſteau.*
A **poſte** (or carrier.) *Poſte, courrier, meſſagier.*
Poſt, poſting, riding **poſt.** *Poſte.*
To **poſt,** ride **poſt,** make **poſt haſte.** *Poſter, poſtillonner, courir la poſte.*
A **poſt-horſe.** *Cheval de poſte; cheval de relais.*
A foot **poſt.** *Gallochier, meſſagier.*
To **poſt,** or enter out of one book into another. *Tranſcrire.*
A **Poſtillion,** or poſtes boy. *Poſtillon.*
A **Poſt-date.** *Poſtidate.*
Full of **Poſt-haſte.** *Poſteux; poſtiſere.*
Poſterior. *Poſterieur.*
The **Poſteriorjtyng** (or hinder parts.) *Poſteres.*
Poſteritie. *La poſterité.*
A **Poſterne** gate. *Fauſſe-porte, poterne.*
A **Poſtil** (or compendious expoſition.) *Poſtille.*
Poſt-poſed. *Poſt-poſé, negligé.*
The **Poſture** (of the body.) *La poſture.*
A fit **poſture.** *Ordre.*
A **Pot.** *Vn pot.*
A little **pot.** *Robinet.*

A great **pot** (or kettle.) *Marmite.*
A ſeething **pot.** *Olle.*
A watering **pot.** *Chantepleure, clepſydre, pot à l'eau.*
An earthen **pot** for birds to breed in. *Ruche.*
Pot-companions. *Combiberons, bons biberons, compagnons du berlan.*
Pot-hangers. *Cremaillere, Cremaillée.*
Pot-herbes. *Herbettes, les bonnes herbes, porée, ſaveur, herbes potageres.*
A **pot-lid.** *Couverte du pot.*
A **pot-ſheard.** *Tais, teſt, rops.*
A **pot-market.** *Poterie.*
A **potfull** of. *Potée.*
Potable (which may be drunke.) *Potable.*
A **Potato** (root.) *Potade.*
Potent (mighty.) *Puiſſant.*
A **Potentate.** *Potentat.*
A **Pot-gunne.** *Calonniere, canon de ſuls, canonniere.*
A **Potion.** *Potion, breuvage,*
Pottage. *Potage, ſoupe, ſouppe, bouillon, humet, ſorbition.*
Barley **pottage.** *Orgée, orge mondé.*
Beet **pottage.** *Potage de la bite.*
To make **pottage.** *Potager.*
Made into **pottage.** *Potagé.*
Herbes, or other ſtuffe to make **pottage** of. *Potagerie.*
A **Potter.** *Potier.*
A **potters** ſhop. *Paterie.*
Potters clay. *Argille.*
A **Pottinger.** *Eſcueille, eſcueille à oreillons.*
A **Pottle.** *Lot. Meſure, contenant deux quarts Anglois, ou la moitié d'un galon, aſçavoir 64 onces; 10 onces plus que le quart Pariſien.*
A **Pouch.** *Sac, beſace, Gibeſſe, gibbecier, marſupie.*
A little **pouch.** *Follicule, ſaccoche.*
A **pouch-maker.** *Gibbecier.*
A **pouch-mouth.** *Morre.*
Pouder. *Pouldre.*
Fine **pouder.** *Pouldrette.*
Dredge-**pouder** (made of Spices) *Pouldre blanche.*
To **pouder** (dredge with **pouder.**) *Pouldrer, ſemer.*
To make, or turne into **pouder.** *Pouldroyer.*
Pouldred. *Pouldré, ſemé.*
A **Poudering,** pulveriſing, reducing into **pouder.** *Pouldrement, pouldroyement.*
Gunne **pouder.** *Pouldre à canon.*
Great grained **pouder** for the Cannon. *Pouldre de groſſe grenée.*
To **pouder** with many ſpotts. *Mouſcheter.*
To **pouder** (with ſalt.) *Saler, ſaulpouldrer, ſaupoudrer.*
Poudered with many ſpotts. *Mouſcheté.*
Poudered with ſalt. *Salé, ſoulpouldré, ſaupoudré.*
Poudered beefe. *Du bœuf ſalé.*
A **Poudering,** or ſalting. *Salure, ſalçure.*
A **poudering** tub, or houſe. *Salloir, maiſt, ſaliers.*
Poudering. *Salant,*
Poverte. *Povreté, pauvreté, nudité; indigence.*
Poule-dabies. *Olomnes, aulomnes, Ollomnes.*
A **Poulter.** *Poulaillier, triballeur.*
A **Poultis.** *Paparot, emblaſme, cataplaſme.*
Poultrie. *Poulaille.*
The **poultrie.** *Tribaille.*
The **Pounces** of a hawke. *Les onces d'un fauicon.*
A **Pourcontrell** (fiſh.) *Polypus, polipe, polipus, pompile, pouſſe-pied, Pupe, ſeiche poupe.*
The ſhellie **pourcontrell.** *Nautile, nautil.*
To **Poure.** *Verſer.*
To **poure** out. *Reſpandre, repandre.*
To **poure** backe. *Reverſer.*
To **poure** upon. *Surverſer.*
Poured. *Verſé, reſpandu.*
A **Pourer.** *Verſeur, reſpandeur.*
A **Pouring** out. *Verſevent, reſpandement.*
A **Pouring** upon. *Suffuſion.*
To **pourtray, pourtraied,** &c. *Voyez* to Portray, portrayed, &c.
A **Pouch, powder,** and **powze.** *Voyez* Pouch, pouder, and poure.
Power. *Pouvoir, puiſſance, nerf.*
To give **power** unto. *Habiliter.*
Powerfull. *Puiſſant, habile.*
Powerfully. *Puiſſamment.*
A water **Powke.** *Ampoule, empoule, puſtule, poſtule, ſalidure.*
Full of **powkes.** *Ampoulé, puſtuleux, poſtuleux.*
Powndage. *Aide, ou ſubſide donné au roy, de 12 deniers ſur le livre de marchandiſe.*
A **Pound** ſterling. *Dix francs, ou, dix livres.*
A **pound** weight. *Livre, le poids d'un livre.*
To **pound** (or beate in a mortar.) *Piler en vn mortier, broyer, mouldre.*
To **pound** with a mallet. *Mailloter.*
Pownded (in a mortar.) *Pilé, broyé, moulu.*
A **Pounder** (or ſtamper.) *Broyeur, pileur.*
A **Pounding** (or ſtamping.) *Pilement, broyement, mouldure.*
Pounding with a mallet. *Maillotant.*
To **Powte.** *Rechigner, rechiner, faire le groin, faire la hype.*
A **powte,** or ecle-**powte.** *Boulouſe, motelle, lote d'eau douce, barbote, ſechot.*
Powted at. *Rechigné, rechiné.*
Powting. *Rechignant, rechigné.*
A **Powting.** *Malengroin, rechignement.*
A **powting** fellow. *Rechignard.*
Powtingly. *Rechignement.*
A **powting** huſwife. *Riſage.*
The **Pox.** *Voyez* Pockes.
Practife. *Pratique, exerciſe, molition, pratique.*
A ſecret **practiſe.** Manigance, *menée.*
To **practiſe.** *Practiquer, pratiquer, exercer, pragmatizer.*
To **practiſe** in. *Habituer.*
Practiſed. *Practiqué.*
Well **practiſed** in. *Habitué.*
To **Praie.** *Prier.*
Praier. *Priere. Voyez* Pray, and Prayer.
To **Praiſe.** *Louer, louanger, magnifier, exalter, exaulcer, auſſi, apprecier, priſer.*
Praiſe. *Louange, los, honneur.*
Praiſed. *Loüé, magnifié, exalté, exaulcé; auſſi, apprecié, priſé.*
A **Praiſer.** *Loüeur, louangier.*
A **Praiſereſſe.** *Loüereſſe.*
A **praiſer,** (or Priſer.) *Appreciateur.*
To **Prank** up. *Ajolier, ajoliuer, attifer, attinter, attorner, accointer, amignarder, amignoter.*
A ſhrewd, bad, or villanous **prank.** *Haire, malefice, malfaict, meſfaict.*
To play a ſhrewd **prank.** *Bailler la haire.*
A fond **prank.** *Pas de clerc.*
Pranked. *Ajolié, attifé.*
A **pranking.** *Amignotement, attiſſement.*
To **Prate,** or to Pratle. *Caqueter, cacqueter, jaſer, cageoler, cajoler, balivaginer, bavaſſer, quaqueter, rejaſer.*
They can do nought but **prate,** or pratle. *Elles n'ont que le bec.*
To **prate,** or pratle fooliſhly. *Fabloyer.*
Prated, or Pratled. *Caqueté, cageolé.*
A **Prater,** or a Pratler. *Caquetard, caqueteur, Cageoleur.*
A little young **prater,** or pratle-baſket. *Bequenaud, Caquetereau, bec à brouët.*
A **Prating,** or a Pratling. *Caquet, caquetement, quaquetement, garrulité, cajolerie.*
A **prating,** or pratling huſwife, or goſſip. *Caqueteuſe, caquetiere.*
A **prating** place, or pratling place (where women meete and pratle.) *Caquetoire, cacquetoire.*
(A horſe) to **Prance.** *Pannader, pranader.*
A **Prancing.** *Penade, pennade, pannades.*
A **Prawns.** *Caramot, caramote, guernette, ſquille, ſaulterette, ſaulterelle, martin.*
An uncaſed **Prawns.** *Salecque, ſalicque.* ℣ Norm.
To **Pray.** *Prier, orer, ſupplier, requerir.*
Prayed unto. *Prié, oré.*
A **Prayer.** *Priere, oraiſon, obſecration, ſupplication, requeſte.*
A **Prayer** booke for certaine houres. *Heures.*
A **Praying.** *Priement.*
To **Preach.** *Preſcher, ſermonner.*
Preached. *Preſché.*
A **Preacher.** *Preſcheur, ſermonneur, predicateur, predicant.*
A **Preaching.** *Preſchement, preſche, ſermon, predication.*
A **Preamble.** *Preambule.*
A **Prebend.** *Prebend.*
The place of a **Prebend,** or a Prebendarie. *Prebende, benefice à ſimple tonſure.*
A **Precaution** (or forewarning.) *Precaution.*
To **Precede.** *Preceder.*
Preceded. *Precedé.*
Precedence, or Precedencie. *Precedence, preſeance, preſſeance.*
Precedent. *Precedent.*
Precedently (formerly.) *Precedemment.*
Precellencie. *Precellence. Voyez* an excelling, a Surpaſſing.
A **Precept.** *Precepte, preception, reigle.*

A **Precinct.** *La Bailliage, ou Baillie d'un baillis, la seneschaussée d'un seneschal; le lieu, territoire, ou circuit, dans lequel ils exercent leur jurisdiction.*
Precious. *Pretieux, precieux.*
Preciously. *Precieusement.*
A **precipice.** *Precipice, precipite.*
To **precipitate** (or cast down headlong.) *Precipiter, prebaster.*
Precipetate (red pouder of burned quickſilver.) *Precipité.*
Precipitated. *Precipité.*
Precipitation. *Precipitation, la gambade du rocher.*
Precise. *Precis, mitis, curieux.*
A **precise** wench. *Sucrée.*
Preciſely. *Preciſement, curieuſement.*
To **precogitate.** *Precogiter. Voyez* to forethinke.
A **precognition.** *Precognition, precognoiſſance.*
A **predeceſſor.** *Predeceſſeur.*
To **predeſtinate.** *Predeſtiner, preordonner.*
Predeſtined, or **predeſtinated.** *Predeſtiné, preordonné.*
A **predeſtination.** *Predeſtination, preordonnance.*
A **prediction.** *Prediction, preſage.*
Preelected (or fore-choſen.) *Préeſlu.*
A **preface.** *Preface, preambule, proëme, proëſme.*
A **prefect** (or preſident.) *Prefect, preſident.*
Preferment. *Preference, avancement, promotion.*
Preferrable. *Preferable.*
To **preferre.** *Preferer, avancer; preposer.*
Preferred. *Preferé, promeu.*
To **prefix;** *Prefiger; prefire, limiter.*
Prefixed. *Prefigé; prefix, limité.*
A **prefixion** *Prefixion.*
Pregnant. *Pregnant, preignant.*
Pregnantly. *Pregnamment, preignement.*
A **pregnatorie.** *Protonotaire, prothonotaire.*
To **prejudice.** *Prejudicier.*
A **prejudice.** *Prejudice.*
Prejudiciall. *Prejudiciable.*
To **prejudicate,** or **prejudge.** *Prejuger.*
Prejudicated (or fore-judged.) *Prejugé.*
A **prejudication.** *Vn prejugé. Prejugement.*
A **Prelate.** *Prelat.*
To ſquare it like a **Prelate.** *Prelaſſer.*
A **prelature,** or **prelatelhip.** *Prelature.*
A **preludium.** *Prelude.*
Prematuritie (or ripeneſſe.) *Prematurité.*
To **premeditate.** *Premediter, precogiter.*
Premeditated. *Premedité.*
A **premeditation.** *Premeditation.*
To **premonilh.** *Admoneſter devant, adviſer devant.*
A **premonition.** *Precaution.*
Premonſtrated. *Premonſtres, prenoncé.*
To **preoccupate.** *Preoccuper.*
Preoccupated. *Preoccupé.*
A **preoccupation.** *Preoccupation.*
To **preordinate,** or **preordaine.** *Preordonner.*
Preordinated, or **preordained.** *Preordonné.*
A **preparation,** or **preparatiue.** *Preparation, preparatif, appareil.*
A **preparatorie.** *Preparatoire.*
To **prepare.** *Preparer, appareiller.*
Prepared. *Preparé, appareillé.*
A **preparer.** *Appareilleur.*
A **preposition.** *Prepoſition.*
Prepoſterous (unorderly, or wrong.) *Prepoſtere.*
To ſet or place **prepoſterouſly.** *Prepoſterer.*
Prepoſterouſly. *A rebours, ſens devant derriere.*
A **prerogatiue.** *Prerogative, privilege.*
The **prerogatiue** of a Soveraigne court. *Reſſort.*
A **preſage.** *Preſage, prediction, pronoſtique.*
To **preſage.** *Preſager, prediviner, prédire, preſagier.*
Full of **preſages.** *Preſagieux.*
Preſaging. *Preſagiant, preſagieux.*
A **preſcience** (or foreknowledge.) *Preſcience.*
To **preſcribe.** *Preſcrire, preſire, interminer.*
Preſcribed. *Preſcript, preſix, preſtitué.*
A **preſcription.** *Preſcription; poſſeſſion, ou, couſtume de longue durée, reigle.*
Preſence. *Preſence.*
The Chamber of **preſence.** *Voyez* Chamber.
Preſent. *Preſent.*
A **preſent** (or gift.) *Vn preſent, don.*
By theſe **preſents,** or **preſent** letters. *Par ces preſentes.*
To **preſent.** *Preſenter, offrir; repreſenter.*
For the **preſent.** *Pour le preſent, pour l'heure.*
Preſent money. *Argent content, argent manuel.*
A **preſentation,** or **preſenting.** *Preſentation.*
Preſented. *Preſenté.*
Preſently. *Preſentement, tout à cette heure, à l'heure meſme, ſans marchander.*
A **preſervatiue.** *Preſervatif.*
A **preſervation.** *Preſervation, conſervation, ſalut, ſalutaire.*
To **preſerue.** *Preſerver, conſerver, reſerver, ſauver.*
A **preſerue** (or conſerve, as of roſes, &c.) *Conſerve.*
Preſerued. *Preſervé, conſervé, ſauvé.*
A **preſeruer.** *Conſervateur, conſervatrice, ſauveur.*
Preſerving, or **preſervatiue.** *Preſervatif.*
A **preſerving.** *Savement.*
A **preſidencie,** the place or office of a **preſident.** *Preſidence.*
A **preſident.** *Preſident.*
To **preſide** (or governe.) *Preſider.*
Preſidiall. *Preſidiall.*
Preſidially. *Preſidialement.*
To **preſſe.** *Preſſer, empreſſer, preſſoirer, neceſſiter, preſſurer, reſerrer.*
To **preſſe** neere together. *Serrer.*
To **preſſe** (or weigh downe.) *Appeſantir.*
A **preſſe** (to lay clothes in.) *Garde-robbe.*
A wine **preſſe.** *Vn preſſoir, treul, preſſoüoir.*
A **preſſe** (to lay up bookes in.) *Treul, preſſe.*
The cheekes, or ſide beames of a **preſſe.** *Iumelles.*
Preſſed. *Preſſé, preſſoiré, preſſuré, reſerré, empreſſé; neceſſité.*
Preſſed downe. *Appeſanti.*
Hard **preſſed** together. *Serré.*
A **preſſer,** or **preſſeman** (that workes at the preſſe.) *Preſſoirier, preſſurier, preſſoireur.*
A **preſſing.** *Preſſement, preſſoirage, preſſoirés, preſſurage, preſſure, ſerrement,*
A **preſſing** downe. *Appeſantiſſement.*
A great **preſſure.** *Neceſſité, preſſure.*
Preſt (or ready.) *Preſt.*
To **preſume.** *Preſumer, oſer, outrecuider, s'arroger.*
Preſumed. *Preſumé, oſé.*
Preſumption. *Preſomption, arrogance, outrecuidance.*
Preſumptuous. *Preſomptueux, preſomptif, outrecuidé, arrogant, rogue.*
Preſumptuouſly. *Outrecuidamment, arrogamment, roguement.*
To **preſuppoſe.** *Preſuppoſer.*
Preſuppoſed. *Preſuppoſé.*
A **preſuppoſition,** or **preſuppoſall.** *Preſuppoſition.*
A **pretence.** *Pretexte; ombre, pretexte.*
Vnder **pretence** (colour, or pretext.) *Soubs pretexte, ſous ombre.*
To **pretend.** *Pretendre.*
Pretended. *Pretendu.*
A thing **pretended,** or for which a pretence is made. *Choſe pretendue.*
To **pretermit.** *Pretermettre, omettre, obmettre, laiſſer.*
Pretermitted. *Pretermis, omis, laiſſé.*
A **pretermiſſion.** *Pretermiſſion, omiſſion.*
A **pretext.** *Pretexte, ombre, excuſe. Voyez* Pretence.
Pretie. *Ioli, joliet, ſade, ſadinet, gent, godinet, mignard, mignardelet.*
To wax **pretie.** *S'amignoter.*
Pretily. *Iolement, ſadément, mignardement, gentement.*
Pretineſſe. *Ioliveté, mignardiſe.*
To **prevaile.** *Prevaloir.*
Prevailed. *Prevalu.*
To **prevaricate.** *Prevariquer.*
Prevaricated. *Prevarique.*
A **prevarication.** *Prevarication.*
A **prevaricater.** *Prevaricateur.*
To **prevent.** *Prevenir, anticiper, obvier, preoccuper.*
Prevented. *Prevenu, anticipé, preoccupé.*
A **preventer.** *Anticipant.*
A **preventing.** *Prevenement.*
Preventing. *Prevenant, anticipant.*
A **prevention.** *Prevention, anticipation, preoccupation.*
To **prey.** *Butiner.*
A **prey.** *Proye, butin, pillage, deponille.*
Full of **prey.** *Butineux.*
A **preyer** (or pillager.) *Butineur.*
A **preying** on. *Butinement.*
Priapisme. *Satyriaſe.*
A **price.** *Prix, pris, valeur.*
A very ſmall **price.** *Neant prix, a vil prix.*
To raiſe the **price** of. *Rencherir.*
Growne of higher **price.** *Renchery.*
To **pricke.** *Piquer, poindre, poinſonner, pointer, picquer, poinçonner.*
To **pricke** often. *Pointiller, piquoter, picoter, picquoter, poinctiller.*
A **pricke.** *Picqueure, point, pointade, pointure, piquoteure; note; Picoteure, poinſonnade, eſguillon.*
A **pricke** (which pricketh.) *Aguillon, poincté, ſtimule, eſguillon.*
A **pricke** (to ſhoot at.) *But.*
A **pricke.** *Vit, membre, vbril.*
Pricke-pride. *Satyriaſe.*
To **pricke** forward. *Eſguillonner, aiguillonner, ſtimuler, aguillonner.*

Prick-timber tree. *Fusain, evonyme, verge sanguine, cornillier femelle.*
Pricked. *Piqué, picoté, piquoté, picquoté; pointillé, aiguillonné.*
Pricked forward. *Aguillonné, stimulé.*
A **Pricker.** *Piqueur, picqueur, aiguillonneur, esguillonneur.*
A **pricker** forward. *Aguillonneur.*
A **Pricket.** *Dagard.*
Herbe **pricket,** or **prickmadame.** *Joubarbe masle; tabavit, sempervive mineur.*
A **pricking.** *Piquement, picquement, piquotement, picotage, piquoteure.*
A **pricking** forward. *Aguillonnement, stimulation.*
A **prickle.** *Piqueron, piqueton.*
Prickled. *Herupé.*
Pride. *Orgueil; gorrerie, oultrecuidance, hautesse, haussage, hautaineté, haultaineté.*
To **pry** into. *Mirer,*
To **pry** into other mens doings. *Mousharder, mousscher.*
Pried into. *Miré.*
A **Priest.** *Prestre, prebstre, sacerdot; mysle.* ¶ Rabl.
An arch **priest,** or chiefe **priest.** *Archiprestre.*
Priest-hood. *Prestrise, sacedoce.*
Priestly, belonging to **priests.** *Sacerdotal.*
Priests-pintle. *Vit de prestre, vit de chien.*
To **prigge.** *Desrobber. Voyez* to Pilfer, to Steale.
Primacie. *Primace, primauté.*
A **Primate.** *Primat.*
Prime. *Prim.*
A **prime** knight. *Le prime des chevaliers.*
Primely (Adverb.) *Prime, primement.*
Primero (at cards.) *Prime. Nom d'un jeu aux cartes.*
Primitive. *Primitif.*
Primprint. *Comme* Privet.
A **Primrose.** *Prime-vere.*
Primrose peel lesse. *Narcisse.*
A **Prince.** *Prince.*
A **Princelle.** *Princesse.*
Princely. *Majesteux, en prince, comme un prince, regal, royal.*
Princely (Adverb.) *Royalement.*
Princelinesse. *Majesté, Royaulté.*
A **Princedome,** or **principalitie.** *Principauté.*
Principall. *Principal, chef, premier, maistre.*
Principalitie. *Principauté.*
Principally. *Principalement, mesmement, notamment.*
A **principle.** *Principe, axiome, maxime.*
To **Print.** *Imprimer, empreindre.*
To set a **print** on. *Marquer.*
A **print.** *Impression, empreinte, empreincte, marque, imprimerie.*
The **print** of nailes. *Onglade.*
Printed. *Imprimé, empreint, empreinct, marqué.*
A **Printer.** *Imprimeur.*
A **printing,** a **printing** house. *Imprimerie.*
A **Prior.** *Prieur.*
A **Prioresse.** *Prieure.*
A **Priorie.** *Prieuré.*
Priorities. *Priorité.*
To **prise** (esteeme, rate, value.) *Priser, estimer, valuer, apprecier.*
Prised. *Prisé, apprecié, estimé.*
A **prising,** **prisage,** or **praising.** *Prisement, prisage, prisée, appreciation, priserie.*
A **Prison.** *Prison.*
To **prison,** or put into **prison.** *Emprisonner, mener, ou, mettre en prison.*
A **Prisoner.** *Prisonnier.*
To take **prisoner.** *Prendre prisonnier, mettre la main sur le collet de.*
A **Prisis** (a huge fish.) *Pristis. Espece de baleine.*
A **Privacie.** *Privauté.*
Private. *Privé; seulet.*
Privately. *Privément, à part, en son privé; rattierement.*
A **Privation.** *Privation.*
Privet. *Troesne, fresillon.*
Barren **privet.** *Alterne.*
Privie to. *Participant du secret de.*
Privie. *Secret, occulte.*
A **privie** matter. *Un secret.*
The **privie,** or **privies.** *Retraict, privez, latrine, aisances, glacoir, glassouër, aisement, ortrait.*
The **Privie**-chamber. *Cabinet du Roy.*
The **Privie** Counsell. *Le conseil privé, conseil d'Estat.*
A **Privie** Counsellour. *Conseillier d'estat, Conseilleur du Roy en son Conseil privé.*
The **privie** parts, or members. *Les parties honteuses, calibistris.*
Privily. *Secretement, subreptivement, occultement, à la desrobbée, cachement, en cachette, à calimini, capietement, à la goullée, recelément, en retraict.*
The **Privities.** *Comme* the Privie parts.
A **Privilege.** *Privilege.*
Privileged. *Privilegié.*
A **Prize.** *Pris; Represaille.*
Probable. *Probable, vray semblable, apparence de verité.*
Probabilitie. *Probabilité, probableté.*
Probably. *Probablement.*
A **Probation.** *Probation.*
A **Probation** of such as take a degree. *Tentative.*
Problematicall. *Problematique.*
A **Probleme.** *Probleme.*
To **Proceed.** *Proceder; marcher oultre, oultrepasser, perger, s'avancer, progreder.*
To **proceed** from. *Provenir, naistre de.*
Proceeded. *Procedé, avancé, marché, outrepassé.*
A **Proceeding,** a **proceedure.** *Avancement, procedure, marchement, marcheure, oultrepassement, progrez.*
Proceeding from. *Provenant de, né de, natif de.*
A **Processe** (or sute in law.) *Procez, procés.*
The **process** (or outstanding part of a bone.) *Procés, apophyse.*
In **processe** of time. *Au longaller, à la longue.*
A **Procession.** *Procession.*
Processionall, belonging to, or serving for, a **procession.** *Processional.*
A **Proclamation.** *Proclamation.*
To have **proclamations** in his head. *Avoir des mouscherons en teste.*
To **Proclame.** *Proclamer, publier par proclamation.*
Proclamed. *Proclamé.*
A **Proclamer.** *Proclameur.*
To **procrastinate.** *Procrastiner, delayer, prolanger.*
Procrastinated. *Procrastiné, delayé, prolongé.*
A **procrastination.** *Procrastination.*
To **procreate.** *Procrée, engendrer, progenier.*
Procreated. *Procrée, engendré.*
A **procreation.** *Procreation, engendreure, engendrure, engendrement.*
A **procreator.** *Procreateur, engendreur.*
A **procreatrix.** *Procreatrice.*
A **proctor.** *Procureur.*
A **procuration.** *Procuration.*
Procurable. *Recouvrable.*
To **procure.** *Procurer, attaindre, gaigner, recouvrer.*
To **procure** underhand. *Apposter.*
Procured. *Procuré; attaint, attainct, gaigné, recouvré.*
Procured underhand. *Apposté.*
A **procuring,** or **procurement.** *Recouvrement, recouvrance.*
Prodigall. *Prodigal, prodigue, gaspilleur, profuseur.*
Prodigalitie. *Prodigalité.*
Prodigally. *Prodigalement.*
To **prodigalize** it, or play the **prodigall.** *Prodigaliser, prodiguer, gaspiller, prodiger.*
Prodigalized. *Pradigalisé, gaspillé.*
A **prodigie.** *Prodige, portente.*
Prodigious. *Prodigieux, portenteux.*
Prodigiously. *Prodigieusement.*
Prodition. *Prodition, trabison; ou comme* Treason.
To **produce.** *Produire, mettre en avant, mettre en jeu, proferer.*
Produced. *Produict.*
To be **produced** by. *Provenir, ou, naistre de.*
A **production,** or **producing.** *Production.*
A **proeme.** *Proëme. Voyez* a Preface.
Profane. *Profane. Voyez* Prophane.
To **profesle.** *Professer, faire profession.*
A **profession.** *Profession.*
A **professor.** *Professeur.*
A **proffer.** *Offre.*
To **proffer.** *Offrir.*
Proffering. *Offrant.*
Profitable. *Profitable, vtile, prousitable, gaignable, salutaire.*
Profitably. *Prousitablement, vtilement.*
Profite. *Profit, prousit, vtilité; gaignage, gaigne, gain.*
To **profite.** *Prousiter, profiter, gaigner.*
To bring in **profite.** *Amener l'eau au moulin.*
Halfe the **profite.** *Le microist, my-croist.*
Profited. *Prousité, profité.*
Profiting. *Prousitant.*
Profound. *Profond. Voyez* Deepe.
Profoundly. *Profondement.*
Profoundnesse, or **profunditie.** *Profondeur, profondité.*
A **profuse** spender. *Profuseur. Ou comme* a Prodigall.
A **progenie** (or off spring.) *Progenie, generation, les descendans, descendue, assouchemens*
To **progenerate.** *Progenier; ou, comme* to Procreate.
A **progenitor.** *Progeniteur, procreateur; ancestre.*
To **prognosticate.** *Prognostiquer, predire.*
Prognosticated. *Prognostiqué, predit.*
A **prognostication.** *Prognostication, prediction.*

To

A prognosticator. *Prognostiqueur.*
A progression. *Va progrez.*
To prohibite. *Prohiber, inhiber, defendre.*
Prohibited. *Prohibé, inhibé, defendu.*
A prohibiter. *Prohibiteur.*
A prohibition. *Prohibition.*
Prohibitory. *Prohibitoire.*
A project. *Projet.*
To project. *Projetter, minuter.*
Projected. *Projetté.*
A projection. *Projection.*
Prolix. *Prolix, long.*
Prolixly. *Prolixement, longuement.*
A prologue. *Prologue, preface.*
To prolong. *Prolonger, proroger.*
A prolongation. *Prolongation.*
Prolonged. *Prolongé, prorogé.*
A prolonger. *Prolongeur.*
A prolonging. *Prolongement, remise.*
Promiscuous. *Promiscuë.*
Promiscuously. *Promiscuëment.*
To promise. *Promettre.*
A promise. *Promesse.*
A bare promise. *Promesse nice.*
Promised. *Promis.*
A promiser. *Promettеur.*
A prominence. *Prominence.*
Prominent. *Prominent.*
A promontorie. *Promontoire, cap, acroteres, acrotaires.*
A promooter. *Mouchard, mouschard, mouschet; promoteur.*
To promote. *Promouvoir, avancer, preferer.*
Promoted. *Promeu.*
Promotion. *Promotion.*
To labour for promotion. *Ambier.*
Prompt. *Prompt.*
To prompt. *Suggerer.*
Promptly. *Promptement.*
Promptnesse. *Promptitude.*
Promptnesse to anger. *Exzandescence.*
A promptuarie (store-house.) *Promptuaire.*
To promulgate. *Publier, divulguer, proclamer.*
Prone. *Prone, enclin.*
Pronenesse. *Promptitude, enclin, propension.*
A prong. *Javelien; ou, comme* a Pitchfork.
To pronounce. *Prononcer, proferer.*
Pronouncable. *Prononçable.*
Pronounced. *Prononcé.*
A pronouncing, or pronunciation. *Prononciation, prolation.*
A pronoune. *Pronom.*
A proofe. *Preuve (probation; monstre.*
A cleere proofe. *Preuve manifeste, mouschet en laict.*
A proofe before the game begin. *Avantjeu.*
To proove. *Prouver, esprouver; tenter; attenter, essayer.*
Proved. *Prouvé, esprouvé, essayé, tenté, attenté.*
A prop. *Voyez* a Proppe.
To propagate. *Provigner, multiplier.*
Propagated. *Provigné, multiplié.*
A propagater. *Provigneur, multiplieur.*
A propagation, or propagating. *Provignement.*
A propension. *Propension. Voyez* Pronenesse.
Proper. *Propre, pertinent; gent, godin; aussi, naif; beau, bel, belle.*
Properly. *Proprement, pertinemment; Naifvement.*
To describe properly. *Naifver.*
A propertie. *Proprieté, condition, qualité, nature, naturel.*
In propertie. *Proprietairement.*
Prophane. *Profane; mondain.*
To prophane. *Profaner, desacrer.*
Prophanely. *Profanément.*
Prophaned. *Profané, desacré.*
A prophaning, or prophanation. *Profanation, profanement.*
To prophesie. *Prophetizer, predire.*
A prophesie. *Prophetie.*
Prophesied. *Prophetizé.*
A prophet. *Prophete.*
Prophetical. *Prophetique.*
To propitiate. *Propitier.*
A propitiation. *Propitiation.*
A propitiator. *Propitiateur.*
Propitiatorie. *Propitiatoire.*
Propitious. *Propice.*
Proportion, a proportion. *Proportion, mesure, moderation, symmetrie, modulation.*
To proportion. *Proportionner, mesurer.*
Musicall proportion. *Modulation.*
Proportionable, proportionall. *Sortable.*
Proportionably. *Sortablement.*
Proportionally. *Proportionnellement, proportionnement.*
Proportioned. *Proportionné, mesuré.*
To propose. *Proposer.*
Proposed. *Proposé.*
A proposer. *Proposeur.*
A proposition. *Proposition.*
To propound. *Proposer, mettre en avant, mettre sur les rangs.*
Propounded. *Proposé, mis en avant, mis sur les rangs.*
A propounder. *Proposeur.*
A thing propounded. *Proposition.*
To prop. *Paisseler, enchalasser, estançonner, appuyer, estançonner.*
A prop. *Paisseau, appuy, eschalas, estançon, souste, soustenance, pesseau.*
Propped. *Estançonné, appuyé, enchalassé*
A Proprietaris. *Proprietaire.*
A Proprietie. *Proprieté.*
A Propulsation. *Propulsation.*
A Prorogation, or proroguing. *Prorogation.*
To Prorogue. *Proroger, remettre, respiter.*
Prorogued. *Prorogé, remis.*
To Proscribe. *Proscrire; abandonner.*
Proscribed. *Proscript.*
A Proscription. *Proscription.*
Prose. *Prose.*
To Prosecute. *Poursuivre, persecuter, reclamer.*
Prosecuted. *Poursuivi, persecuté, reclamé.*
A Prosecutor. *Poursuivant, poursuyvant.*
A Prosecution. *Poursuitte, suitte, persecution.*
A Proselite. *Proselite.*
A Prospect. *Prospect, veuë.*
The prospective. *Prospective, perspective.*
To Prosper. *Prosperer; donner, ou, avoir, bon succez.*
Prosperitie. *Prosperité, bon succez, felicité, bien-heureté, heureté, heureuseté, beurté.*
Prosperous. *Bien-heureux, bien beuré, heureux, candide.*
To make prosperous. *Bienheurer, fortuner.*
Prosperously. *Prosperément, fortunément, heureusement.*
To prostitute. *Prostituer, abandonner en public.*
A Prostitute. *Putain publique.*
Prostituted. *Prostitué.*
A Prostitution. *Prostitution, abandonnement en public.*
To Prostrate. *Prosterner; abbaisser.*
Prostrated, or prostrate. *Prosterné, abbaissé.*
A Prostrating. *Prosternement, abbaissement, prostration.*
To Protect. *Proteger, defendre, patrociner, maintenir, sauver.*
Protected. *Protegé, defendu, sauvé.*
A Protection. *Protection, defence, patronage, sauveté, sauvegarde, maintenance, mantention.*
A Protector. *Protecteur, defendeur, sauveur, patron, mantenteur.*
A Protectrix. *Protectrice, defensatrice, regente.*
To take into protection. *Patronner.*
A Protector of a Realme. *Interroy, Regent.*
The protectorship of a Kingdome. *Regence.*
To Protest. *Proteſter.*
To protest against. *S'opposer à.*
A Protestant. *Protestant, vn de la Religion reformée.*
A Protestation. *Protestation.*
A protestation against. *Opposition.*
Protested. *Protesté.*
To Protract. *Prolonger, proroger, delayer.*
Protracted. *Prolongé, prorogé, delayé, restivé, restifvé.*
A protracting, or protraction. *Prolongement, delayement, prolongation.*
A Protractor. *Prolongeur, delayeur.*
Proud. *Superbe, orgueilleux, hautain, arrogant, rogue, orgueilli, fier, outrecuidé, accresté, haut à la main, hautain, altier, huppé, hupé, haulsaire, gogueln, gorrier.*
To be proud. *Estre orgueilleux, faire du grobis.*
To wax, or grow proud. *S'orgueillir, s'enorgueillir, s'huper, s'accrester.*
A proud bitch. *Licisque orgoste.*
To make proud. *Enorgueillir.*
Proudly. *Orgueilleusement, superbement, gorrierement, hautainement, hautainement, regnement.*
To carrie himselfe proudly. *Voler de haulte aile.*
To prove. *Voyez* to Proove.
Provender. *Fourrage, provende, avenage.*
A Proverb. *Proverbe.*
Proverbiall. *Proverbial.*
To provide. *Pourveoir, prouveoir.*
To provide of necessaries. *S'approvisionner, ordonner.*
Provided. *Pourveu, prouveu.*
Providence. *Providence, pourveance; mesnagement, prevoyement, prouveyance.*
Provident. *Provide, prevoyant.*
A provident fellow. *Bon mesnagier.*
A provider, or provideresse. *Pourveyeur, proviseur, pourveyeuse.*
Providently. *Provideement, mesnagement.*
A Province. *Province, Region.*
To keep for provision. *Reserver.*
A provision. *Provision, pourveance, prouveyance, magnificence.*
The provision of a Princes court or camp. *Fernage.*
Provisionall. *Provisional.*
Provisorie. *Provisoire.*

A **Prouocation.** *Provocation, irritation; motif; incitation, ſtimulation.*
A **Prouocatorie.** *Provocatoire.*
To **Prouoke.** *Provoquer, irriter, ſtimuler, mouvoir, inciter; harceler, prouter, attiner.*
Prouoked. *Provoqué, incité, irrité, harcelé, attiné.*
A **Prouoker.** *Incitateur, provoqueur, ſtimulateur.*
A **Prouoking.** *Provoquement, incitement.*
A **Prouoſt.** *Prevoſt.*
A **prouoſt** Marſhall. *Prevoſt des mareſchaux.*
Of, as, ſubject to, a **prouoſt.** *Prevoſtable, prevoſtaire, prevoſtal, prevoſtel, prevoſtere.*
A **Prouoſtſhip.** *Prevoſté.*
The **Prow** (or forepart) of a ſhip. *La proue d'un navire.*
Proweſſe, *Proueſſe, vaillance, preud'hommie.*
Proximitie (or neereneſſe.) *Proximité, prochaineté.*
Prudence. *Prudence; diſcretion, adviſement.*
Prudent. *Prudent.*
Prudently. *Prudemment.*
A **Prune.** *Pruneau.*
To **Prune** (or dreſſe) a vine. *Marquoter, marcoter, margotter.*
To **prune** trees. *Mender, eſmonder, les arbres.*
Pruned. *Margotté, mondé, eſmondé.*
Prunell (Herbe.) or Hooke-heale. *Prunelle.*
A **Pruning** knife. *Serpette, ſarpillon.*
A **Pſalme.** *Pſalme, pſeaume.*
A **Pſalmiſt,** or maker of Pſalmes. *Pſalmiſte.*
To ſing **pſalmes.** *Pſalmodier.*
The ſinging of **pſalmes.** *Pſalmodie.*
A **Pſalter,** or **pſalme-booke.** *Pſaltier.*
The **pterigons** of a womans &c. *Landies, ailerons grands.*
Ptiſane (or barley water.) *Tiſanne, ptiſane.*
A **Publican.** *Publicain, peagier.*
A **Publication.** *Publication, notorieté.*
Publicke. *Public, manifeſte.*
Publickely. *Publiquement, ouvertement, à bruit ouvert, manifeſtement.*
To **Publiſh.** *Publier, divulguer, manifeſter, mettre en avant, ſemer.*
Publiſhed. *Publié, divulgué, mis en avant, manifeſté, ſemé.*
A **Publiſher.** *Publieur.*
To **Pucker.** *Renfrongner.*
Puckered. *Renfrongné.*
To **Pudder** in. *Frenouiller, patrouiller.*
A **Puddering.** *Patrouillement.*
A **Pudding.** *Boudin, ſanchet.*
A baſtie **pudding.** *Migue.*
Livering **puddings.** *Friandeaux.*
A **Puddle.** *Lacune, patouillas, fangas, fangeas.*
A **puet.** *Piette.*
To **puffe** up. *Bouffer, bourſouffler; auſſi enorgueillir.*
A **puffe.** *Bouffée.*
A **puffe** of wind. *Rim de vent.*
Puffes in a garment. *Bouffances.*
Puffed. *Bouffé, bourſouffé, bouffi, boſſé; auſſi, orgueilli.*
Puffed up in the face. *Giffard, goujou, joffu, jouffu.*
A **puffing.** *Bouffement, bourſouffleure, bourſoufflade, boſſe.*
Puffing. *Bouffant, bouffard.*
Puffingly. *Bouſement, bouſſément.*
A **puffin.** *Merge, plongeon de mer.*
A **pug.** *Saffrette, garce.*
My pretie **pug.** *Ma belle m'amie.*
Puiſſance. *Puiſſance.* *Voyez* Power.
Puiſſant. *Puiſſant.*
Puiſſantly. *Puiſſamment.*
To **puis** (as whelpes, young birds.) *Pieuler, pioler, piuler, pieuler, pepier.*
To **pull.** *Tirer.*
To **pull** away. *Arracher, oſter.*
To **pull** up by the root. *Eſraciner, deſraciner, arracher.*
To **pull** downe. *Deprimer, mettre par terre, abbaiſſer; demolir; rongner les ailes à, Rabaiſſer.*
To **pull** off. *Oſter.*
To **pull** off hoſe, or ſhooes. *Deſchauſſer.*
To **pull** off bootes. *Deboter,*
To **pull** out of a ſlough, or mire. *Deſbourder, &c.*
To **pull** in. *Retirer.*
A **pull.** *Vne tire, ou, tirade.*
Pulled. *Tiré; arraché.*
Pulled up by the root. *Deſraciné, eſraciné, arraché.*
Pulled downe. *Deprimé.*
Pulled in. *Retiré.*
A **Pulling.** *Tirement, tirage, revulſion.*
A **pulling** up by the roote. *Deſracinement, arrachement.*
A **pulling** in. *Retirement.*
A violent **pulling.** *Houſpillement, bouſſepillement.*
Pullaine, or **pullen.** *Poulaille.* *Voyez* Poultrie.
A **pullet.** *Poulette.*
A **pullit.** *Poulie, pollie, jabol.*
The **pullit-peeces** (armour for the knees.) *Pompes.*
The **pulpe.** *La pulpe.*
A **Pulpit.** *Poulpitre.*
Pulſe. *Legume, legumage.*
The **pulſe** (or beating of the arteries.) *Le poulx, ou, le batement des arteres.*
A **pumetis** ſtone. *Pierre pumice, pierre ponce.*
To ſmeoth or poliſh with a **pumets** ſtone. *Poncer.*
A ſmoothing or poliſhing with a **pumets** ſtone. *Ponceure.*
A **Pump** (to draw up water.) *Pompe.*
The **pump** of a ſhip. *La trompe d'un navire.*
To **pump.** *Pomper.*
A (dancing) **pump.** *Eſcarpin.*
A **pumpion.** *Pompon, pepon.*
A **pumple,** or pimple in the face. *Pompette.*
A **Punch,** or **punchion.** *Poinçon, poinſon.*
A ſhooemakers **punch,** or **punchion.** *Porte-piece.*
A little **punchion.** *Poinçonnet.*
To **punch,** ſtamp or marke with a **punchion.** *Poinçonner, poinſonner.*
A ſtamp, or marke with a **punchion.** *Poinſonnade.*
Punctuall. *Punctual.*
The crabfiſh called a **Pungar.** *Chabre, grampelle, crape, pagul, carbaſſe, ſagole, ſagonle, ſquaranchon, tourteau, pagure.*
A **punie.** *Puiſné, novice.*
Puniſhable. *Puniſſable, chaſtiable.*
To **puniſh.** *Punir, chaſtier.*
Puniſhed. *Puni, chaſtié.*
A **puniſher.** *Puniſſeur, chaſtieur.*
A **puniſhment.** *Punition, ſupplice, chaſtiment, peine, tourment.*
A **punke.** *Fille de joye, pelerine de Venus, putain, paillarde, ſaffrette, ſafrette, bagaſſe; ou comme* a Whore.
A ſouldiers **punke.** *Goujate, gouge.*
A **pupill.** *Pupile, pupille.*
Pupillarie, belonging to a Pupill. *Pupillaire.*
A **Puppet.** *Poupée, poupette, pouppée, mannequin, manequin.*
A **Puppie.** *Chiennet, chiennette, le petit d'une chienne.*
A little **puppie** (or pug to play with.) *Marmouſelle.*
Purblind. *Berluë, louſche.*
Purblinded. *Berluë.*
Purblindneſſe. *Berluëment, berlud.*
To **purchaſe.** *Pourchaſſer, acqueſter, acquerir.*
A **purchaſe.** *Vn acqueſt, acquiſition.*
Purchaſed. *Acqueſté, acquis.*
A **purchaſer.** *Acqueſteur, acqueſtereſſe, acquereur, acquiſiteur.*
A **purchaſing.** *Acqueſt, acquerement, acquiſition.*
Pure. *Pur, ſincere, ſyncere; monde, net; mere.*
Purely. *Purement, nettement, ſyncerement.*
Pureneſſe, or **puritie.** *Pureté, netteté, ſyncerité, ſincerité.*
A **purfle.** *Pourfilé.*
To **purfle.** *Pourfiler d'or.*
A **purfling** lace, or worke. *Pourfleure, pourfilure.*
A **purgation,** or **purge.** *Purgation; medecine purgative; purge, expiation.*
Purgatorie. *Purgatoire.*
To **purge.** *Purger; purifier, appurer, mondifier, nettoyer, nettier; expier.*
Purged. *Purgé; purifié, mondifié, appuré, nettoyé, expié.*
A **purging.** *Purgement, appurement, purification, mondification.*
Purging. *Mondificatif, purgatoire; expiatoire.*
A **purification,** or **purifying.** *Purification, mondification, appurement.*
Purificative, or **purifying.** *Purificatif, mondificatif.*
To **purifie.** *Purifier; mondifier, appurer, raffiner.*
Purified. *Purifié, mondifié, appuré, raffiné.*
A **purifier.** *Raffineur.*
A **purifying.** *Raffinage, raffinement.*
A **puritane.** *Puritain; Sainſle-n'y touche.*
Gold or ſilver **purle.** *Cannetille, cannetilla.*
Set, wrought, edged with **purle.** *Cannetillé.*
A ſmall needleworke **purle.** *Cannetille, cannetille.*
To **purloine.** *Robber, deſrobber, ſoutraire, ſoubtraire, tirer de deſſous l'aile.*
Purloined. *Deſrobbé, ſoutraict, tiré de deſſous l'aile.*

A **purloiner**. *Poiſſard, deſrobbeur, larronneau.*
A **purloining**. *Furtraction, furt, robberie, ſubreption.*
Purple. *Pourpre.*
Purple colour. *Couleur purpurine, pourpre, couleur hyacinthe.*
Purple in graine. *Migraine.*
The **purple** ſhell fiſh. *Pourpre, muret, purcelaine.*
The **purples**. *Le pourpre ; fievre peſtilentielle.*
A **purpoſe**. *Propoſ.*
A full **purpoſe**. *Reſolution.*
To the **purpoſe**. *A propos ; à point nommé, ſcientement.*
To **purpoſe**. *Propoſer, deliberer.*
Of ſet **purpoſe**. *De guet à penſée, à point nommé, ſcientement.*
Purpoſed. *Propoſé.*
Fully **purpoſed**. *Tout reſolu.*
The game called **purpoſes**. *Opinion.*
A **purſe**. *Bourſe, marſupie.*
Shepheards **purſe**. *Bourſe de berger, bourſe de paſteur, bourſe de curé.*
Purſe-ſtrings. *Pendants d'une bourſe.*
A **purſe-net**. *Reſet.*
A **Purſivant**. *Pourſuivant, ſergent, ſergeant.*
Purſie. *Poulſif, pouſſif, halletant, aſthmatic.*
Purſinelle. *Aſthme ; halletement, pouſſe.*
Purſlan. *Pourpied, pourcelaine, pourchaille, poulpié, poulpied, pourpier.*
Garden **purſlan**. *Pourcelaine cultivée.*
Sea **purſlan**. *Pourcelaine de mer.*
Purſuable. *Pourſuiable.*
To **purſue**. *Pourſuivre, pourſuyre.*
Purſued. *Pourſuivi, pourſuyvi.*
A **purſuer**. *Pourſuivant, pourſuyvant.*
A **purſuite**. *Pourſuitte, ſuitte.*
To **purvey**. *Pourvoir, pourveoir.*
Purveyed. *Pourveu.*
A **purveyer**. *Pourveyeur, pourveyanſe.*
A **purveyance**. *Prouveyance.*
To **puſh**. *Pouſſer, pouſſer, heurter, hurter, tabuter.*
A **puſh**. *Pouſſade, pouſſe, pouſſée, heurt, heurtade, hurt.*
To **puſh** backe. *Repouſſer, repouſſer.*
A **puſh** (blaine, wheale, &c.) *Puſtule, empoule, ſolidure.*
Puſhed. *Pouſſé, pouſſé, heurté.*
Puſhed backe. *Repouſſé, repouſſé.*
A **puſher** backe. *Repouſſeur, repouſſeur.*
A **puſhing**. *Pouſſement, pouſſement, pouſſée, heurtement, heurtis.*
A **puſhing** backe. *Repouſſement.*
A **puſſe**. *Minon, chat, chatte, maton, matouard.*
To **put**. *Mettre, poſer.*
To **put** againe. *Remettre, mettre derechef.*
To **put** aſunder, or apart. *Separer, ſegreger, mettre à part.*
To **put** away. *Oſter ; auſſi, repudier, remouvoir.*
To **put** backe. *Repouſſer, faire reculer, retirer.*
To **put** downe. *Abbaiſſer ; avaller, mettre à bas.*
To **put** forth. *Mettre en avant, publier.*
To **put** into. *Fourrer, mettre dedans.*
To **put** in order. *Diſpoſer, ordonner, mettre en ordre.*
To **put** in remembrance. *Ramentevoir, mettre en memoire.*
To **put** to flight. *Mettre en fuite, deſrouter.*
To **put** in writing. *Mettre par eſcrit.*
To **put** money to uſe. *Mettre argent, donner argent, à intereſt, en vſure.*
To **put** off. *Delayer, remettre.*
To **put** off clothes. *Deveſtir, deſabiller.*
To **put** off hoſe or ſhooes. *Deſchauſſer.*
To **put** off bootes. *Deboter.*
To **put** on clothes. *Se veſtir, s'abiller.*
To **put** on hoſe and ſhooes. *Se chauſſer.*
To **put** on bootes. *Se boter.*
To **put** upon. *Impoſer ; mettre deſſus.*
To **put** out. *Faire ſortir, mettre hors ; auſſi, abolir, rayer, effacer.*
To **put** out a candle, fire, &c. *Eſteindre.*
To **put** under. *Soubmettre.*
To **put** under feet. *Aſſopir, mettre ſoubs pieds.*
To **put** unto. *Adjoindre, ajoindre, adjouſter ; auſſi, referrer à.*
To **put** up. *Mettre en ſa place, ſerrer.*
Put. *Mis, poſé.*
Put againe. *Remis, mis derechef.*
Put apart. *Mis à part, ſegregé.*
Put aſunder. *Separé.*
Put away. *Oſté ; repudié.*
Put backe. *Repouſſé, retiré.*
Put forth. *Mis en avant, publié.*
Put off. *Delayé.*
Put in order. *Mis en ordre, diſpoſé, arrangé.*
Put in remenbrance. *Ramentu.*
To **put** up a ſword, knife, &c. *Rengainer, engainer.*
Put off. *Delayé, remis.*
A **putting**. *Poſement.*
A **putting** backe. *Repouſſement, retirement.*
Putrids. *Comme* Putrified.
Putrifaction. *Putrefaction, pourriture, pourriſsure.*
Putrifactive. *Putrefaſſif, ſeptique.*
To **putrifie**. *Putrefier, pourrir.*
Putrified. *Putrefié, putride, pourri.*
A **puttocke**. *Milan royal. Voyez* a Kite.
To **puzzle**. *Metagraboüiller, retouiller.*
Puzzled in. *Metagraboüillé.*
A **pyramides**. *Pyramide, piramide.*
Pyramidall. *Piramidal.*

Q

A **Quacksalver**. *Operateur, Medecin d'eau douce, Charlatan.*
A **quadrangle**. *Quadrangle.*
Quadrangular. *Quadrangulaire, quadrangule.*
A **quadrant**. *Quarre.*
Quadripartite. *Diviſé en quatre parties.*
To **quadruplate**. *Quadrupler.*
Quadruplated. *Quadruplé.*
Quadruple (or fourefold.) *Quadruple.*
A **quadruplication**. *Quadruplication, quadruplement.*
To **quaffe**. *Cabalainer, grenouiller, mutiner.*
A **quaffing**. *Beuverie.*
Quaggie. *Mollaſſe.*
Quaggie-ilke. *Mollaſſe.*
A **quagmire**. *Fondriere, moliere, vorage.*
A **quaile**. *Caille.*
A **quaile-pipe**. *Gorgeillet.*
A **quails net**. *Ailler.*
To **quaile**. *Alachir ; oppreſſer, opprimer, amatir, amatir, emmatir.*
Quailed. *Alachi, amati, emmati, amatti.*
A **quailing**. *Alachiſement, amatiſſement.*
Quaints. *Coinct, accoint, ſade, mignard, miſſe, mineux.*
To make **quaints**. *Accointer.*
A **quaints** fellow. *Mineur.*
A **quaints** wench. *Sucrée.*
Quaintly. *Sadément, mignardement, miſtement.*
Quaintneſſe. *Cointiſe, mignardiſe, mignonneté.*
To **quake**. *Trembler, petiller, fremir, friſſonner, greloter.*
To **quake** extremely. *Tremouſſer.*
A **quaking**. *Tremblement, friſſon, hideur, horripilation, horripation, tremouſſement, petillement.*
Qualifiable. *Modificable.*
To **qualifie**. *Qualifier, mediocrer, mitiguer, modifier, feder.*
Qualified. *Qualifié, mitigué, modifié.*
A **qualification**. *Qualification, mediocrité, mitigation, modification.*
A **qualitie**. *Qualité, condition, meur, ſorte.*
An inbred **qualitie**. *Nature, naturel.*
A **qualitie** (or degree.) *Calibre.*
Qualities. *Meurs, mœurs.*
A **qualme**. *Maladie ſoudaine.*
A ſuddaine taking with a **qualme**. *Saiſiſement.*
Quantitie. *Quantité, moyen.*
A poore **quantitie**. *Tantinet.*
A **quarrell**. *Querelle, querele, noiſe.*
To **quarrell**. *Querceller.*
To undertake ones **quarrell** openly. *Se formaliſer pour aucun.*
A **quarrell-dygger**. *Surſemeur de noiſes.*
A **quarrell** of glaſſe. *Lozenge, rhombe.*
A **quarrell** (or arrow) for a crosbow. *Matras, Vire, quarreau.*
An unfeathered **quarrell**. *Matras deſempenné.*
Quarrelled. *Querellé, querelé.*
A **quarreller**. *Querelleur, querelleur.*
Quarrelſome. *Querelleux.*
A **quarrie**. *Perriere, ſudine, latomie, carriere, quarriere.*
A **quarrie** of glaſſe. *Rhombe, lozenge.*
A **quarrier**, or **quarrie-man**. *Quarrieur, carrier, quarrier.*
A **quart**. *Quarte. Meſure contenant 32 onces, mais la quarte de Paris 54 onces.*
A **quartaine** ague or fever. *Fievre quarte.*
A **quartar**. *Vn quart, la quatrieſme partie d'aucune choſe ; (en poids) the quarter of a pound, quartaire, quarteron ; the quarter (or quarterne) of an hundred weight, le quarteron ; (en meſure) the quarter of a meaſure, le quartault.*
A **quarter-ſtaffe**. *Fourche-fiere.*

A **quarter** (or ſquare peece of timber.) *Vn quartier de bois.*
A double **quarter.** *Travelot.*
A **quarter** (or coaſt.) *Quartier.*
A **quarter** of a yeare. *Vn quartier d' an.*
A **quarter** of mutton. *Vn quartier de mouton.*
The **quarters** of the moone. *Le quadres de la lune.*
The firſt **quarter.** *Le primier quartier, ou, quarteron.*
To **quarter** (cut, or diſmember into **quarters.**) *Eſquarteler, eſcarteler.*
Quartered. *Eſquartelé, eſcartelé, eſcartellé.*
A **quartering.** *Eſquartelement, eſquartellement, eſquarteleure.*
A **quarterne,** or **quartron.** *Quarteron.*
A **quaternitie.** *Tetrade.*
To **quaſh.** *Elider.* *Voyez* to ſquaſh.
To **quaver.** *Fredonner (en chantant) gringotter, gringuenoter.*
To **quaver** with the fingers. *Monochardiſer des doigts.*
A **quaverer.** *Gringuenoteur.*
A **quavering.** *Gringotis, gringuenotis, gringotement.*
A **quavver.** *Tumbe, vive, traigne.* ℣ Marſeil.
A **queane.** *Putain, paillarde, gaultiere, marande, bagaſſe, ſaffre, ribaulde, louve, groſſe loudiere.* *Voyez* whore.
A laſie, naſtie, lowſie **queane.** *Caignardiere, gueuſe, grenier à mavpions.*
A ſcabbie **queane.** *Galloiſe, galoiſé.*
A filthie greaſie **queane.** *Marmitonne.*
A curſt **queane.** *Maſtine, femme fygienne.*
Queaſie. *Maladif.*
Queaſie ſtomack't. *Naucheux, mauvoyeux.*
A **queaſineſſe** of ſtomacke. *Deſappetit.*
A **Queene.** *Roine, Royne,* Regnattrice.
To make a **Queene** at cheſts. *Dame.*
A **queeſt.** *Ramier, coulomb ramier, coulomb biſet, pigeon ramier, phavier.*
To **queil.** *Mater, matter, amortir, veprimer.*
Queiled. *Mat, matté, mortifié.*
A **queiler.** *Reprimeur.*
To **quench.** *Eſteindre, amortir, eſtancher, reſtancher, reſteindre.*
Quenched. *Eſteinct, eſtaincté, amorti, eſtanché.*
Quenchable. *Eſteindible, amortiſſable.*
A **quencher.** *Eſteigneur.*
A **quenching.** *Eſteignement, eſteindement, amortiſſement.*
A **queriſter** (or choriſter.) *Choriſte, enfant de coeur.*
A **Querne.** *Moulin à bras.*
A **queſt.** *Queſte, enqueſte. Dans Londres à Noël 12 bourgeois (à ce choiſis) s'enquierent des abus commis au quartier ou ils habitent.*
A **queſtion.** *Queſtion, interrogation, interrogatoire.*
A ſmall, or ſlight **queſtion.** *Queſtionnette.*
To **queſtion.** *Queſtionner, interroguer.*
Queſtioned. *Queſtionné.*
A **queſtionner.** *Queſtionneur, interrogateur.*
A **queſtioning.** *Interrogat.*
Queſtioneſſe. *Sans queſtion, ſans doubte.*
Quicke. *Vif, vivace, naif, nayf; baſtif, baſteleux, expeditif, habile, remuant, eſcarbillat, ſcarbillat, ſoudain, ſubit.*
To the **quicke.** *Au vif, vifvement.*
Quicke of wit. *Vif d'eſprit.*
A **quicke**-ſand. *Sablon mouvant, ſyrte.*
A **quicke**-ſet hedge. *Haye vive.*
Quickly. *Viſtement, iſnellement, viſte, ſoudainement, ſubitement, en peu de temps, tempre, temprement.*
Quickſilver. *Argent vif, hydrargire (par les alchimiſtes) mercure.*
To **quicken.** *Vivifier; auſſi, accelerer, haſter.* *Voyez* to revive.
Which **quickneth.** *Vivifique.*
Quickning. *Vivifiant.*
Quickneſſe. *Vivacité, habileté, habilité, viſteſſe, haſte, ſoudaineté, haſtiveté, naifveté.*
Quickneſſe of wit. *Vivacité d'eſprit.*
Quidditative. *Quidditatif.*
Quiet. *Quoy, coy, tranquille, tacite, otieux, paiſible, calme, pacifique; ſerein, moderé, aime-paix, recoy, repoſé, Repos.*
To be at **quiet.** *Repoſer.*
To **quiet,** or make **quiet:** *Accoiſer, ſereiner, moderer, tranquiller, appaiſer, aſſopir, calmer, paciſier, Raquoiſer, ſeder.*
Quieted. *Accoiſé, appaiſé, paciſié, aſſopi, abonnaſſé, Raquoiſé.*
A **quieting.** *Accoiſement, appaiſement, aſſopiſement, paciſication.*
Quietly. *Quoyement, coyement, calmement, tacitement, paciſiquement, moderément, tranquillement, paiſiblement, quittement, reposément.*
Quietneſſe. *Coyté, quoyté, tranquillité, paiſibleté.*
A **quietus** eſt. *Deſcharge, quittus, quitance, acquit.*
A **quill.** *Penne.*
The **quill** of a wine veſſell. *Canelle, cannelle, guille.*
A **quill** for a ſpinning wheele. *Bobine, canette.*
A **quill,** to ſuck wine with. *Siphon, ſyphon.* ℣ Rab.
A **quilt.** *Lodier, loudier; materas, matelas, matlas.*
Of **quilts.** *Matlaſſé.*
To **quilt.** *Piquer.*
Quilted. *Piqué.*
A **quilting.** *Piquement.*
A **quince.** *Coing, pomme de coing.*
The female, or peare **quince.** *Coignaſſe.*
A **Quince-tree.** *Coignier, coignacier.*
A **quintaine.** *Berſaut, quintaine.*
A **quintall** (100 pounds weight.) *Quintal. Poids de cent livres.*
A **quintеſſence.** *Quinteſſence.*
Full of **quintеſſence.** *Quinteſſencieux.*
To extract the **quintеſſence** of. *Quinteſſencer, quinteſſentier.*
To **quippe.** *Lardonner.*
A **quippe.** *Sobriquet, lardon, mot.*
Quipped. *Lardé.*
A **quipper.** *Lardonneur.*
A **quipping.** *Lardonnement.*
A **quire** (of paper.) *Main de papier.*
The **quire** of a Church. *Cœur, ou cœur d'egliſe.*
A **quireſter.** *Enfant de cœur, choriſte.*
Full of **quirkes,** and **quiddities.** *Scotin.*
To **quit.** *Quiter, acquiter, deſcharger, guerpir, gulpir, gurpir.*
Quitch-graſſe. *La ſaignée.* *Voyez* Dogs-graſſe, and Couch-graſſe.
Quite. *Du tout; Ric à ric, totalement.*
A **quittance.** *Quitance, quittus, deſcharge, acquit.*
Quitned. *Quité, quitté, acquitté, guerpi.*
A **quitter.** *Quiteur, quitteur.*
A **quitter-bone** (a hard ſwelling of a horſes foot.) *Sete, ſetule.*
A **quitting.** *Quitement, guerpine, guerpiſon, gulpine, gurpiſon.*
A **quiver.** *Carquois, carcois.*
To **quiver** with cold. *Friſſonner.*
To **quiver** through feare. *S'heriſſonner, S'heriſſer.*
Quivering with cold. *Friſſonnant.*
A ſudden **quivering** through feare. *Heriſſonnement,* Horripilation.
A **quodling.** *Pomme bouillie.*
A **quoife.** *Palet.*
Quoth hee, *Dit-il.*
Quoth ſhee. *Dit-elle.*
To **quote.** *Quoter, coter.*
Quoted. *Quoté.*
A **quoting.** *Quote.*
Quotations. *Allegations.*
Quotidian. *Quotidien.* *Voyez* Daily.
A **quotient** (in Arithmeticke.) *Quotient.*

R

A **Rabbet.** *Lapin, lapereau, laproau.*
A **Rabbets** neaſt. *Houlette de connil, Rabolliere.*
A **Rabbie** (Doctor among the Jewes.) *Rabin.*
A **rabble.** *Vn tas.* *Voyez* a Crew.
A **rabblement.** *Vne ratelée.*
A **race.** *Race, lignage, maiſon, ſang; ſource; auſſi.*
A **race** (for men or horſes to run in.) *Stade, race.*
A **race** (of horſes and mares for breed.) *Haras.*
A horſe **race.** *Carriere.*
The owner, or overſeer of a **race** (of horſes and mares.) *Haraſſier.*
A **race** or daſh with the penne. *Litune, rature.*
To **race** out. *Royer, effacer, cancelar, canceller, royer.*
Raced out. *Royé, effacé, cantelé, raturé.*
A **racing** out. *Rayement, effacement, cantelation.*
To **racke,** ſet on the **racke.** *Gehenner, geiner, geuner, tourmenter.*
A **racke.** *Chavalet, garuche, gehenne, geine.*
A **racke** for a Croſſebow. *Bandage d' arbaleſte, moulinet à bras.*
A little **racke** (or cobiron.) *Roiſſoir.*
The **racken** (or ſides) of a chariot, or waggon. *Bers de chariot.*
The **racke-ſtaffe** (or nog) of a mill. *Frayoire.*

A **racke** (to pur hay in) *Raſtelier*; *creiche.*
At **racke** and manger. *A pot & à cuillier.*
A **racke** of mutton. *Vn collet de mouton.*
To **racke** wine (or draw it off the lees.) *Fralater le vin, ſoutirer.*
Racked (ſet on the racke.) *Gehenné, gesné, genné.*
Racked (or drawne off the lees.) *Fralaté, ſoutiré.*
A **racking.** *Bourellement, bourellerie, geſne.*
Full of **racking.** *Gehenneux.*
A **racker** of wine. *Frelatteur.*
A **racking** of wine, *Fralatement, ſoutirement.*
A **racket.** *Raquette.*
A **racket-maker.** *Raquetier.*
Radiant (ſhining with beams.) *Radieux, rayant.*
A **radiant** brightneſſe. *Radiation.*
Radicall. *Radical.*
The **radicall** moiſture. *Humeur radicale.*
Radically. *Radicalement.*
A **radiſh** (root.) *Radis, raifort, argalice, ravanel, ravanille, ravenet, ravet, reffort, refort.*
A **Raſte** (or float-boat of timber,) *Radeau, rateau.*
A **rafter.** *Cheuron.*
Rafters on a houſe-roofe. *Pennes.*
A little **rafter.** *Cheuronneau, cheuronot.*
To **rage.** *Forcener, enrager, ſeuir.*
Rage. *Rage, forcenerie, furie, manie, enragement.*
In a **rage.** *Forcené, furieux, furibond.*
Raging. *Enragé, furieux, furibond, furial, maniaque, maniacle, orageux.*
Raginglie. *Enragément, furieuſement.*
A **raging.** *Forcenement, forcenerie, enragement, furie.*
Raggamuffins. *Trainquenailles.*
A **ragge.** *Chiffon, chiffe, lambeau, drappeau, haillon, guenille, guenipe, ſipon, gippon, peneau.*
Raggen. *Haillons, nipes, penaillons, penillons.*
Full of **ragges.** *Haillonneux.*
To tatter to **ragges.** *Haillonner.*
Ragged. *Haillonné, baillonneux; houſpillé, boſſillé, malveſtu.*
A faulcon **ragged** (or broken feathered.) *Faulcon balbrené.*
Ragſwort. *Satyrion. Voyez* Satyrion.
A **rais,** or **raye.** *Rayon, ray, raye.*
A **raie** of gold, or other metall. *Fueille d'or, ou d'aultre metal.*
A **raie** (fiſh.) *Raye.*
The ſharp-ſnowted **Ray.** *Raye au bec pointu, aleſne.*
The rock **Ray.** *Raye bouclée.*
The rugged **Ray.** *Raye eſtelée.*
The ſmooth **Raie.** *Raye liſe, raye polie.*
To **Raigne.** *Regner.*
A **raigne.** *Regne.*
Raigned. *Regné.*
Raigning. *Regnant.*
A **Raigner** (or Ruler.) *Regnateur.*
A **Raile** (fowle.) *Merè de cailles, raſle, roy de cailles, vit de cailles, Ralle.*
A **Raile.** *Barrière.*
A **Raile** that runnes along a Terrace. *Parabande.*
Railes on each ſide a galletie, &c. *Garde-fols, garde-fous, garde-fort.*
To **raile,** or ſet with **railes** (or barres.) *Embarrer.*
The **raile** (or upper raile of a cart.) *Ridelle.*
The middle **raile.** *Fauſſe ridelle.*
The loweſt **raile** of a cart. *Giſant.*
A womans **raile.** *Pignon.*
To **raile on.** *Harauder, abbayer, meſdire, vilener, vilainer, aller de cholere contre quelqu'un.*
To **raile** on ſpitefully. *Maugréer, opprobrier.*
Railed on. *Haraudé, abbayé, vilené, vilainé.*
A **railer.** *Abbayeur.*
A **railing** on. *Abbayement, meſdiſſon, meſdiſance, mediſſon.*
A deſpitefull **railing.** *Opprobre.*
Railingly. *Satyriquement.*
Raiment. *Veſtement, habilement, habits.*
Raine. *La pluye.*
To **raine.** *Plouvoir, pluyr.*
A ſudden ſhower of **raine.** *Guillée de pluye, ondée, gibolée; cad d'eau.*
The **raine-bowe.** *L'arc du ciel, iris.*
A **raine,** or **reine** of a bridle. *Reſne, reine, reime.*
A **raine-deere.** *Rangier, renchier, rengier.*
To **raiſe.** *Eſlever, exciter, faire lever, ſublimer, ſouſlever, ſoulever, ſoubtrever, ſuſciter, relever, reſuſciter, eſveiller, hauſſer, hauſſer; auſſi bubir, monter, remonter.*
Raiſed. *Hauſsé, haulsé, excité, reſuſcité, ſuſcité, relevé, remonté, reſours, ſoublevé, ſublimé.*
A **raiſer.** *Suſciteur, ſuſcitateur, releveur, reſuſcitteur.*
A **raiſing.** *Suſcitation, ſublimation, hauſſage, haulſage, haulſerie, relevement, relief, reſſource, ſoublevement, ſoubſlevement.*
The **raiſing** of a banke (rampier, or cauſey.) *Turcie.*
Raiſing. *Hauſſant, reſuſcitatif.*
A **raiſin.** *Raiſin. Voyez* Reaſin.
A **rake.** *Raſteau.*
To **rake.** *Raſteler; ballebotter.*
To **rake** (or pudder in.) *Frenouiller.*
Raked. *Raſtelé.*
A **rakehell.** *Pendard, relaſche de pendu, pendereau, ſorſan, homme de ſac & de corde, vault neant, fripon de college, hoche-bride.*
Young **rakehells.** *Marmaille.*
To **raiſe** (or reaſſemble.) *Rallier.*
Raiſed. *Rallié.*
A **raiſing.** *Rallement.*
A **ramage,** hawke, or faulcon. *Eſpervier, ou faulcon, ramage, ou ramier.*
A **Ramme.** *Belier, Beliard, belin.*
To **ramme.** *Beliner.*
Rammed. *Beliné.*
To butt like a **ramme.** *Entrechoquer, heurter des cornes.*
The battering engine called a **ramme.** *Belier, mouton, carcamouſſe.*
A **ramme** cod. *Caillette.* A ball made thereof; *Couille de Belier.*
A ſea-**Ramme.** *Belier marin.*
To **ramme** in powder (into ordnance with a rammer head.) *Refouler la pouldre.*
The **rammes-block** in a ſhip. *Cap de mouton. Vne piece de bois plate, percée de 12 ou 15 trous, qui ſert pour tirer l'eſtay du grand maſt. Nicot.*
The **ramme-head** of a fearne or windeleſſe. *Mollette.*
To **ramme** in piles. *Hier, byer.*
A **ramme,** or **rammer.** *Hie, hye, bire, batoir, ſoutoir, bate.*
Rammed in (as piles.) *Hié, Refoulé.*
A **ramming** in piles. *Hiement.*
The **rammer** head. *Refouloir.*
Rammiſh. *Bouquin.*
To ſmell **rammiſh.** *Bouquiner.*
A **rammiſh** queane. *Bouquine.*
A **ramming** in. *Refoulement.*
To **rampe.** *Grimper.*
A wench to **rampe.** *Gadriller.*
A **rampe,** or **ramping** wench. *Guillon, Trenon, Trotiere.*
Rampe (herbe.) *Jarrus, pied de veau, vit de preſtre, vit de chien.*
A **Rampier.** *Rempar, rempar, rempart, mur, muraille, turcie.*
To fortifie with **rampiers.** *Haumürer, remparer.*
A **ramping** up. *Grimpement.*
Rampired. *Muraillé, muré.*
Rampions. *Raipence, naveau ſauvage, reponce, reſponſe.*
Ramſons, ramſies, Buck-**rammes.** *Ail d'ours.*
Rancour. *Rancune, rancœur, haine.*
Fraught with **rancour.** *Malivole.*
A **Rande** of beefe. *Vne giſſe de bœuf.*
A **rande** of a corke-ſhooe. *Viſure de ſoulier.*
Randome. *Randon, rendons*
At **randome.** *A la volée, à bandon, Temerairement.*
To **range.** *Vaguer, vancrer, vicarier, renger. Voyez* to Ranke.
To **range** meale. *Cribler la farine, ſaſſer.*
Ranged in order. *Ordonné; rangé.*
Ranged *Saſſé, criblé.*
A **ranger.** *Foreſtier.*
A **ranger** (or ſearcer.) *Saſſeur, cribleur.*
Ranging. *Vicariant.*
A **ranging.** *Saſſement, ſaſſure, cribleure, criblage.*
Ranke (ſmelling.) *Bouquin; ou comme* Rammiſh.
A **rande** (row, or order.) *Rang, ordre, reng, rangée, renge.*
To **ranke.** *Renger, ranger, mettre en rang, ordonné, mettre en ordre.*
To keep his **ranke.** *Tenir ſon rang.*
Ranked. *Rengé, rangé, ordonné, mis en rang.*
A fit **ranker** of things. *Ordonneur.*
Rankneſſe. *Salacité.*
Rankneſſe of ſmell. *Freſchin, relant, relanteur, ſauvagine.*
To **rankle.** *Comme* to Feſter, *Lequel Voyez*
To **ranſack.** *Saccager, ſacmenter, ſaccamenter; fuſter, mettre à blanc, ribler, riſter, ſpolier.*
Ranſacked. *Saccagé, ſacmenté, ſacquementé, fuſté.*
A **ranſacking,** or Ranſack. *Sac, ſaccagement, riblerie, ſacquement.*
Ranſacking. *Saccageux.*
A **ranſacker.** *Ribleur.*
A **ranſome.** *Ranſon, renſon, rachapt.*

To **ranſome**. *Rançonner, rençonner, rachapter, redimer.*
Ranſomed. *Rançonné, rachapté.*
A **ranſomer**. *Rançonneur, rachapteur.*
A **ranſoming**. *Rançonnement, rençonnement.*
Rapacitie. *Rapacité.*
A **rape** (root.) *Rave, rabe, rabbe, navcau blanc de jardin.*
The long **rape**. *Rave longue.*
The wild **rape**. *Rave ſauvage.*
A little **rape** (root.) *Ravette.*
Rape-ſeed. *Navette.*
A plott, or bed of **rapes**. *Rabiere.*
To commit a **rape**. *Ravir, forcer une fille, ou, femme.*
A **rape**. *Rapt, raviſſement, forcement de fille, ou, femme.*
A **rapier**. *Rapier, eſpée.*
An old ruſtie **rapier**. *Rapiere.*
Rapine. *Rapine.*
To **rappe**. *Tapper, tabourder, tabourer, taper.*
A **rappe** over the fingers ends. *Taloche.*
Rapped over the fingers ends. *Taloché.*
A great **rappe**. *Horion, orion.*
A downe-right **rappe**. *Eſtrameçon.*
A **rapping**. *Tabourement.*
A **rapſodie**. *Rapſodie.*
Rare. *Rare; gueres; deſſié, clerſemé.*
Rarely. *Rarement, peu ſouvent, guere ſouvent.*
Rarenelle, raritie. *Rarité.*
To **rarifie** (make thinne, or ſcant.) *Rarifier.*
A **raſcall**. *Maraud, forfan, fenaud, nebulon, homme de ſac & de corde, ribauld, ribaud, ribault, rien-ne-vaut.*
Young **raſcalls**. *Marmaille.*
Baſe **raſcalls**. *Gabegeux, trinquenailles.*
A crue of baſe **raſcalls**. *Vilenaille.*
Raſcalitie. *Maraudaille, rataille, ribauldaille.*
To **raſe**. *Voyez* to Raze.
A **raſe**. *Voyez* a Race.
To **raſe** out. *Canceler, canceller.*
Raſed out. *Canceté. Voyez* Race.
Raſh. *Temeraire, inconſideré, acariaſtre, precipité, precipiteux, haſtif.*
A raſh toole. *Haſtiveau.*
A **raſher** on the coales. *Carbonnade.*
Raſhly. *Temerairement, precipitamment, haſtivement, à la volée, temerément.*
Raſhneſſe. *Temerité, maladvis, precipitation, haſtiveté.*
A **raſour**. *Raſoir.*
A **raſpe**. *Raſpe, rape, raſpatoire, ratiſſoire, ratiſſouër.*
Rough as a **raſpe**. *Raſpeux.*
To **raſpe**. *Raper, ratiſſer, racler.*
Raſped. *Raſſé, rapé, ratiſé.*
A raſper. *Rapeur.*
A raſping. *Rapement, ratiſſure.*
A raſpis (berrie.) *Framboiſe.*
Raſpties. *Ampes.*
A **raſpis** buſh (or ſhrub.) *Framboiſier.*
A **Rat**. *Rat.*
Pharaoh's rat. *Rat de Pharaon, Rat d'Inde.*
The mountaine (or Alpine) **rat**. *Rat de montagne, marmotaine, marmontaine, marmotan.*
A little **rat**. *Raton.*
Rats-bane. *Sublimé, mort aux rats.*
A **rat-catcher**. *Souretier.*
A **rat-trap**. *Ratiere, ratoir.*
To hunt **rats**. *Rateler.*
Hunting after **rats**. *Ratelant.*
To **rate**. *Priſer, apprecier, aſſeurer, avaluer.*
A **rate**. *Prix, valoir, valeur, valeure, avalluation, appreci, priſée.*
A very low **rate**. *Neant prix, vil prix.*
To be at a **rate** with. *Sabonner, abonner.*
To **rate** at (or chide.) *Tancer, reprendre, ruer, tauxer, taxer.*
Rated. *Priſé, aſſeuré.*
A **ratet**. *Priſeur, appreciateur, tauxeur.*
A **rating**. *Priſage, priſerie, avalluation, avaluement, appreciation, aſſeurage, taux, tauxation, tauxe.*
Rather. *Pluſtoſt, ainçois, aint.*
I had **rather**. *J'aime mieulx.*
A **ratification**. *Confirmation.*
To **ratifie**. *Ratifier, confermer, confirmer.*
Ratified. *Ratifié, conferme, confirmé, ſanxi.*
A **rating**. *Voyez le devant ſoubs* Rate.
A **rattle**. *Cercerelle, hochet, de petis enfans.*
To **rattle**. *Grilloter.*
To **rattle** in the throat. *Gargouiller, groſſer, raller.*
Yellow **rattle**. *Creſte de coq.*
Rattled in the throat. *Gargouillé.*
A **ratting**. *Grillotement.*
A **ratting** in the throat. *Gargouillement, raſle, rallement, ralle.*
Rabage (havock, ſpoile.) *Ravage, ravoire.*
A **rabage** of waters. *Ravage d'eaux, ragats d'eau, maſcaret d'eaux, ravine d'eau.*
To **rabage**. *Ravager, ſaccager, reffler, faire un reffle.*
Rabaged. *Ravagé, ſaccagé.*
A **raba er**. *Ravageur.*
A **rabaging**. *Sac, ſaccagement.*
To **rabe**. *Ravaſſer, reſver, radoter.*
A **raber**. *Reſveur.*
A **rabing**. *Reſverie, marmouſerie.*
A **rabelin** (in fortification.) *Moineau.*
To **rabell**. *Deſfiler, effiler.*
Rabelled. *Deſfilé, effilé.*
A **Raben**. *Corbeau.*
A young **raben**. *Corbillat.*
A ſea-**raben**. *Corbigeau, Corbeau de mer.*
A night-**raben**. *Corbeau de nuict.*
The croaking of **rabens**. *Corbinet. Voyez* Croake.
A great flight of **rabens** clowding the skie. *Nuäge de corbeaux.*
Raught unto. *Attaint, attainct, tendu, rateint. Participe du verbe* to Reach.
To **rabine**, or **raben**. *Goularder, gouillarder, gourmander, bauffrer, riffler.*
A **rabine** of water. *Ravine d'eau.*
Rabened. *Goulardé, gourmandé.*
A **rabener**, or **rabenous** feeder. *Freſchedent, galaffre, galiffre, bauffreur, goulard, glouton, mangeur, gourmand.*
A **rabening**. *Gloutonnie, gourmandiſe, goulardiſe, bauffreure, gouillardiſe, rapacité, ſoffreté, ſafreté.*
Rabenous. *Soffre, glout, glouton, goulard, goulu; ravineux, gourmand.*
Rabenouſly. *Gloutement, gontuëment, bavement.*
To **rabiſh**. *Ravir, forcer une fille, ou, femme.*
Rabiſhed. *Ravi, forcé.*
A **rabiſher**. *Raviſſeur, forceur.*
A **rabiſhing**, or **rabiſhment**. *Raviſſement, rapt.*
To make (or wax) **raw**. *Recrudir.*
Made or growne **raw**. *Recrudi.*
Raw. *Crud, cru; inuſite.*
He is very **raw**. *Il eſt bien neuf.*
Rawly. *Cruëment.*
Rawneſſe. *Crudité.*
A **Ray**. *Raye, reye. Voyez* a Raie.
To **raze**. *Raſer, razer, abolir, mettre à neant.*
A **raze**. *Rature.*
To **raze** out. *Rayer.*
Razed out. *Rayé.*
A **raying** out. *Rayement.*
Razed. *Raſé, razé, raturé.*
Razed out. *Rayé, cancelé.*
A **razing**. *Raſement, rature.*
Razing. *Raſant. Voyez* Race.
To **reabuke**. *Rabuſter.*
Re. *En compoſition, ſignifie derechef.*
To **reach**. *Tendre.*
To **reach** unto. *Attaindre, ratteindre.*
Reached. *Tendu; attaint, attainct; ou comme* Raught.
A **reaching** againe. *Rateinte.*
A **reaching**. *Tenture.*
To **reade**. *Lire.*
Readable. *Liſible, liſable, legible.*
To **reade** over againe. *Relire, reſlire.*
Reade, or **read**. *Leu.*
Read over againe. *Relu.*
A **reader**. *Lecteur.*
A **reading**. *Lecture.*
Ready. *Preſt, à main; Prompt, habile.*
To make **readie**. *Appareiller, abiller, mettre en ordre, mettre à point.*
Made **ready**. *Appareillé.*
A maker **ready**. *Appareilleur.*
A making **readie**. *Appareillement.*
Readily. *Promptement, habilment, à la main, ſans marchander.*
Readineſſe. *Promptitude, aiſance, habileté, habilité, bait, baict.*
To **readjourne**. *Readjourner.*
Readjourned. *Readjourné.*
Readmitted. *Readmis.*
To **readopt**. *Readopter.*
Readopted. *Readopté.*
To **readvance**. *Remonter.*
Readvanced. *Remonté.*
Reaffranchiſed (or redelivered.) *Reaffranchi.*
A **reaggravation**. *Reaggravation.*
Reall. *Real, réel.*
A Spaniſh **reall**. *Real d'Eſpagne.*
To **realize**. *Realiſer.*
Realized, or made reall. *Realizé.*
A **realizing**, or **realization**. *Realization.*
To **realledge**. *Realleguer.*
Realledged. *Realleguć.*
Really. *Reaument, réellement, realement.*
A **Realme** (or kingdome.) *Royaulme, royaume, regne.*
A **reame** of paper. *Rame de papier.*
To **reanimate**. *Reanimer.*
Reanimated. *Reanimé.*
To **reape**. *Moiſſonner, aouſter, meſſiver, cueillir, ſoier, ſier, ſcier, ſeier, ſeyer le bled.*
Reaped. *Moiſſonné, aouſté, meſſivé, cueilli, ſoié, ſié, ſeyé.*
Corne ready to be **reaped**. *Meſſives.*

A **reaper.** *Moissonneur, cueilleur, mestiviér, aousteron, sayeur, ousteron, outeron, soïeur, recueilleur, sieur, seïeur.*

A **reaping** of corne, *Dablée, dabblée, cueilleure, cueillette, soïage, recolte, siement, seïage de bleds, soiture.*

Reaping time. *Moisson.*

A **reaping** sickle. *Faucille moissoniere.*

To **reare** (or rise before, as a browsing goate.) *Cabrer. Voyez* to Rere.

Reapproved. *Radveu.*

To **reapprove.** *Reverifier.*

A **Rearemouse.** *Chauve-souris.*

Reasie (or reastie.) *Ranci, relant.*

To be **reasie.** *Se rancir, relantir.*

A **resinesse** (or Restinesse.) *Rancissure, relanteur.*

Reasins. *Raisins, passules.*

Fraile **reasins.** *Raisins de cabas.*

Reasins of the sun. *Raisins de Damas, Raisins de panse, passerilles, passertelles.*

Reason. *La raison, sens.*

To incline to **reason.** *Aller à la raison.*

To **reason.** *Raisonner, arraisonner, ratiocinar.*

To **reason** eagarly against. *Oppugner.*

Reasonable. *Raisonnable; mediocre, moyen; rational.*

Reasonably. *Raisonnablement; mediocrement, moyennement, tellement quellement.*

Reasoned. *Raisonné, arraisonné.*

A **reasoning.** *Raisonnement, arraisonnement, ratiocination.*

To **reassemble.** *Rassembler, rallier, recomvoquer, recongreger, reconvenir, reioindre.*

Reassembled. *Rallié.*

A **reassembling** (or rallying.) *Ralliement.*

To **rebaptise.** *Rebaptiser.*

Rebaptised. *Rebaptisé.*

To **rebate.** *Rabatre, rabbatre, rabaisser.*

Rebated. *Rabatu, rabbatu, rabbaisé.*

A **rebating,** or **rebatement.** *Rabais.*

Rebatting. *Rabaissant.*

The (fiddle called a) **Rebeche.** *Rebec.*

To **rebell.** *Rebeller, revolter, contumacer.*

Rebelled. *Rebellé, revolté.*

A **rebelling.** *Rebellement, revoltement.*

A **rebellion.** *Rebellion, revolte, contumace, rebeine.*

Rebellious. *Rebelle, contumax, contumace.*

To **reblandish** (sooth againe.) *Reblandir.*

A **reblandishment,** or **reblandishing.** *Reblandissement.*

To **rebound.** *Rebondir, rejallir, rejalir, repercuter, resilir, resulter.*

A **rebound.** *Rebond, reflaction.*

Rebounded. *Rebondi.*

A **rebounding.** *Rebondissement, rejallissement, resiliment, repercussion.*

Rebounding. *Repercussif.*

To **rebuild.** *Rebastir, reconstruire.*

Rebuilded. *Rebasti.*

To **rebuke.** *Reprendre, objurguer, taxer, tancer, tancer, remonstrer, rebouter.*

To **rebuke** despightfully. *Opprobrier.*

A **rebuke.** *Reprehension, objurgation; opprobre, reprimende.*

Rebuked. *Tancé, rebouté, remonstré, reprins, repris, taxé.*

A **rebuker.** *Reprenant, repreneur, objurgateur.*

A **rebuking.** *Tancement, tançon, tançon; reboutement, reprehension.*

Rebuking. *Satyric.*

Rebukingly. *Satyriquement.*

To **recall.** *Revoquer, rappeler, rapeller, redemander.*

Recalled. *Revoqué, rappelé.*

A **recalling.** *Revocation, rappel.*

To **recant.** *Deschanter, retracter.*

A **recantation,** or **recanting.** *Deschant, retractation, retraction, revocation.*

Recanted. *Deschanté.*

To **recapitulate.** *Recapituler.*

Recapitulated. *Recapitulé.*

A **recapitulation.** *Recapitulation.*

A **receit** (a reception, or receiving.) *Recepte, reception, acceptation.*

A Phisitians **receite.** *Vn recipé.*

Receivable. *Recevable; capable.*

Receivableneſſe. *Capacité.*

To **receive.** *Recevoir, reprendre.*

To **receive** stollen things. *Receler.*

Received. *Receu.*

A **receiver.** *Receveur, recepveur.*

A **receiver** of stolen things. *Receleur.*

A **receiving.** *Reception, recepte, acception, somption.*

A **receiving** of stolne things. *Recelement.*

Recent. *Recent.*

Recentip. *Recentement. Voyez* New, fresh.

A **receptacle,** or **receptorie.** *Receptacle, receptoire.*

A **receptarie** (note of phiſicall receipts.) *Receptaire.*

A **reception.** *Reception; ou, comme* a receit, or receiving.

To **recharge.** *Recharger.*

A **recharge.** *Recharge.*

Recharged. *Rechargé.*

Rechleſſe. *Negligent, nonchalant, nonchalent, mansoigneux, fingard, oiſif.*

To be **rechleſſe.** *Nonchaloir, negliger, tenir la teſte sur l'oreiller.*

Rechleſſly. *Negligemment, nonchalamment, nonchalemment.*

Rechleſneſſe. *Nonchalance, negligence, nonchalence, oscitation, oiſiveté, seçurité.*

To **recidivate.** *Recidiver.*

A **recidivation.** *Recidive, rechеute, rencheute.*

Reciprocall. *Reciproque, mutuel.*

Reciprocally. *Mutuellement.*

To **reciprocate.** *Reciproquer.*

Reciprocation. *Reciprocation.*

A **recision.** *Recision.*

A **recitall.** *Recit, record, redicte, redite, relation.*

To **recite.** *Reciter, rapporter, relater, reſerer, recorder, redire.*

Recited. *Recité, raporté, recordé.*

A **reciter.** *Recitateur, reciteur.*

A **reciting.** *Recitement.*

To **reckon.** *Compter, computer, calculer, nombrer; reputer.*

Not to **reckon** of. *Deſestimer, nonchaloir.*

Reckoned. *Compté, calculé, nombré; reputé.*

A **reckoner.** *Compteur, calculateur, nombreur.*

A **reckoning.** *Compte, calcul, calculement, nombrement; auſſi, vn eſcot.*

To over-reach with falſe **reckonings.** *Hausser le gantelet.*

To **reclaime.** *Reclamer.*

To **reclaime** a wild thing. *Accoquiner, affaicter, adomeſtiquer, apprivoiſer.*

Reclaimed. *Reclamé; accoquiné, affaicté, apprivoiſé, adomeſtiqué.*

A **reclaiming.** *Reclamation; affaictage, apprivoiſement.*

A **Recluſe** (Monke, or Nunne shut up cloſe.) *Reclus, recluſe.*

To **recognize.** *Recognoiſtre, revisiter, revoir. Voyez* to acknowledge.

Recognized. *Recognu.*

A **recognizing,** or **recognizance.** *Recognoiſſance, revisitement; auſſi, vne obligation prinſe, & regiſtrée en quelque cour de juſtice.*

To **recoile.** *Reculer, ſe retirer, retrocéder, retrogradar.*

A **recoile.** *Recul, reculée, retirée.*

Recoiled. *Reculé.*

Recoiling. *Reculant, à reculons.*

A **recoiling.** *Reculée, reculement, reculade, retirement.*

To **recomfort.** *Reconſoler, recomforter, reſocciller.*

To **recommence.** *Recommencer.*

Recommenced. *Recommencé.*

Recommendable. *Recommandable, recommendable.*

Recommendably. *Recommendablement.*

Recommendatiue, or **recommendatorie.** *Recommandatif, recommandatoire.*

A **recommendation.** *Recommandation.*

To **recommend.** *Recommander.*

A **recommender.** *Recommandeur.*

A **recompence.** *Recompenſe, guerdon, retribution.*

To **recompence.** *Recompenſer, remunerer, guerdonner, retribuer.*

Recompenced. *Recompenſé, guerdonné.*

A **recompencer.** *Recompenſeur.*

A **recompencing.** *Recompenſement, guerdonnement, remuneration, retribution.*

To **recompoſe.** *Recomposer.*

To **reconcile.** *Reconcilier, reaccorder, racorder, rabbiennер, rallier, reünir, repatrier.*

Reconciled. *Reüni, rabienné, repatrié.*

A **reconciler.** *Reconciliateur.*

A **reconciliation,** or **reconcilement.** *Reconciliation, reünion.*

To **reconduct.** *Reconduire.*

A **reconductor.** *Reconduiſeur.*

To **reconfine.** *Reconfiner.*

Reconfined. *Reconfiné.*

To **reconfirm.** *Reconfermer, reſſablir, reverifier.*

Reconfirmed. *Reconfirmé.*

A **reconfirming.** *Raſtabliſſement.*

To **reconfute.** *Reconfuter.*

To **reconquer.** *Reconquerir, reconquerre, reconquaſter, reconquiſter.*

To **reconſigne** (reaſigne, or reappoint.) *Reconſigner.*

Reconſolidated (or cloſed up againe.) *Reconſolidé.*

To **recontemplate.** *Recontempler.*

Recontemplated. *Recontemplé.*

To **recontract.** *Recontracter.*

Recontracted. *Recontracté.*

A **reconqueſt.** *Reconqueſte.*

To **reconvoy** (or reconduct.) *Reconvoyer.*

Reconvoyed (or reconducted.) *Reconvoyé.*

A **reconvoyer.** *Reconvoyeur.*

A **reconvoy.** *Reconvoy. Voyez* to reconduct.

A **record.** *Record, regiſtre, monument, memoire.*

To take God to **record.** *Prendre Dieu à teſmoing.*

To **record.** *Recorder; enregiſtrer, mettre par eſcrit.*

To **record** (as birds.) *Regargouiller.*

Recorded. *Recordé, enregiſtré.*

A **Recorder** of a City. *Juge eſchevin, Maire, ou Gouverneur d'une ville.*

A recorder (or flute.) *Flute, ou fleute.*
A recording, or recordation. *Regiſtration, recordation.*
A recording of birds. *Reſonnance.*
To recorrect. *Recorriger.*
Recorrected. *Recorrige.*
To recover. *Recouurer, ravoir, reparer, reſcourre.*
To recover vigor, or ſtrength. *Revigorer, ſe renforcer.*
To recover health. *Se reguarir, ſe reguerir, reſchapper d'une maladie.*
To recover a hare, (or put her off the ſquat.) *Relancer vn lievre.*
Recoverable. *Recouurable; guariſſable, reparable, reſcouable.*
Recovered. *Recouuré, ravigoré; gueri, guari; recoux, reparé, reprins, repris, reſcoux, reſours, revenu.*
A recoverie, a recovering. *Recouurance, recouurement; gueriſſon, guariſſon; recouſſe, relevée, reparation, reparement, reſource, reſſource, retraict.*
A recourſe. *Recours, recourſe.*
To recourſe, or have recourſe unto. *Recourir à, avoir recours à, racourir, reſſortir.*
A recreant. *Laſche, poltron, couard.*
To recreate. *Recreer, ſoulager, obteſter, reſociller, refraiſchir, ſoulager, ſoulaſſer, ſoulaſſier, reſcreer, ſe ſolacier.*
Recreative. *Recreatif, ſolacieux.*
Recreated. *Recreé, ſoulagé.*
Recreation, or recreating. *Recreation, recreance, relaſche, ſoulas; ſoulagement.*
Recreatively; with, or to his recreation. *Recreativement.*
To recriminate (or retort a crime.) *Recriminer.*
A recrimination. *Recrimination.*
To rectifie. *Rectifier.*
Rectified. *Rectifié.*
A rectifier. *Rectificateur.*
A rectification, or rectifying. *Rectification.*
A Rector. *Recteur, Gouverneur.*
Rectorall, rector-like. *Rectorial.*
A rectorſhip, rectorie. *Rectoreie.*
To recure. *Recurer, reguerir, reguarir.*
Recurelleſs. *Irremediable.*
A recuſant. *Papiſte, ou Catholique Romain.*
Red. *Rouge, roux.*
A darke red. *Rouge-brun.*
A bright (orientall rubie) red. *Oeil de perdrix.*
A light red. *Hyſgin, roſette.*
To grow red. *Rougir, roüiſſer, rouſſoyer.*
A Robin red-breaſt. *Rouge gorge, rouge bourſe, gorgille, gadriné.*
Very red, or bloud red. *Rubicunde.*
Made or growing red. *Rubrié, rubifié.*
To redden herrings. *Saurir les harencs.*
A redder of them. *Saurifleur.*
Reddiſh. *Rougeaſtre, rouſſaſtre, roux, rous, rouſſelet.*
Redding clothes. *Redins.*
A redding, growing, or making red. *Rubrication.*
The red-fin (like a Gurnard.) *Rougette.*
A red-haired man. *Rouſſeau.*
A red-haired woman. *Rouſſe.*
Red-lead. *Simople, rubriche.*
Red-inke (to rule books with.) *Roſette.*
Reddy. *Rougeaut.*
Reddned, made red. *Rubifié.*
Redneſſe. *Rougeur, rubrication.*
Extreme redneſſe of the face. *Goutteroſe.*
Redneſſe (with paine) of the eyes. *Mal de S. claire.*
Redeemable. *Rachetable, raquitable, reſcouable.*
To redeeme. *Redimer, rachapter, racheter, rachater, raquiter, ſorgager, amortir, remerer, reſcourre.*
To redeeme a pledge, or pawne. *Deſgager, deſengager.*
Redeemed. *Rachapté, racheté, raquité, ſargagé, amorti, redimé, remeré, reſcoux.*
A redeemer. *Redempteur, racheteur, rachapteur, retrayeur.*
Redelibered. *Reaffranchi.*
To redeliver. *Relivrer.*
To redemand (or aske againe.) *Redemander.*
To redivide. *Repartir.*
Redivided. *Reparti.*
Redemption. *Redemption, rachapt, reachet, raquit, reſcouſſe, retraction, retraict.*
Redolent (ſweet ſmelling.) *Redolent.*
To redouble. *Redoubler, geminer, replier.*
Redoubled. *Redoublé, geminé, replié, refronſé.*
A redoubler. *Redoubleur, replieur.*
A redoublement. *Redouble.*
A redoubling. *Redoublement, redoublure, redouble, repliement, replieure, repliſſure.*
To redoubt. *Redoubter, redouter.*
Redoubtable. *Redoubtable.*
Redoubted. *Redoubté.*
To redound. *Redonder, ſurabonder.*
To redreſſe. *Redreſſer, radreſſer, remedier, reformer, recorriger, emender.*
A redreſſe. *Radreſſe, remede, recours.*
Redreſſed. *Redreſſé, radreſſé, recorrigé.*
A redreſſer. *Radreſſeur.*
A redreſſing. *Radreſſement, remediement.*
Redreſſleſſe. *Sans radreſſe, ſans remede, irremediable.*
The Redſtert, or Redtaile. *Roſſignol de muraille, rubiette.*
To reduce. *Reduire, ramener, rediger.*
Reduced. *Reduict, reduit, ramené, redigé.*
A reducing, or reduction. *Reduction.*
Redundant. *Supernumeraire.*
A reed. *Roſeau, canne, calame.*
A little reed. *Cannule.*
The ſweet aromaticall reed. *Roſeau odorant, roſeau aromatic, calame aromat.*
A reed plot. *Cannieve.*
Hollowed like a reed. *Cannulé.*
A table, or hurdle of reeds. *Canniſſe, canniſſe.*
Reedgraſſe, or the burre reed. *Roſeau des eſtangs.*
To reedifie. *Reedifier, rebaſtir, redifier.*
Reedified. *Reedifié, rebaſti.*
A reedifying, or reedification. *Reedification.*
A reeke of corne. *Gerbiere.*
A reeke of hay. *Mulon, ou moulon, de foin; monceau de foin.*
To reeke. *Fumer, vaporer, faire.*
A reeke (or ſtreame.) *Fumée.*
Reeked. *Soré.*
Reeking. *Fumeux.*
A reeking. *Fumement, vapeur.*
To reele. *Devider, deſvider.*
A reele. *Guindre, devidoir, rhombe, deſvidoir, devidoire.*
Reeled. *Devidé.*
To reele (or ſtagger.) *Chanceller, branſler, vaciller.*
Reeled. *Chancellé, vacillé.*
Reeling. *Chancellant.*
A reeling. *Chancellement, vacillation.*
The reeme (that hangs on trees.) *Greſil.*
The reeme to fall. *Greſiller.*
Covered with reeme. *Greſillé.*
To reeſtablish. *Reſtablir, Reintegrer.*
Reeſtabliſhed. *Reintegré.*
A reeſtabliſhing. *Reſtabliſſement, rehabilitation, reintegration.*
A reeve. *Bailli. (Vieil mot.)*
To reexamine witneſſes. *Recoler teſmoings.*
To reexamine a copie by the originall. *Recollationner, revoir.*
Reexamined (as witneſſes.) *Recolé;* (by the originall,) *Recollationné.*
A reexamination. *Reviſion.*
A reexamination of witneſſes. *Recolemens de teſmoings.*
A refection. *Refection, repas, repeuë.*
A refectuarie. *Refectioner.*
To refell. *Refuter, confuter, rembarrer.*
Refelled. *Refuté, confuté, rembarré.*
To referre. *Referer, rapporter, remettre; renvoyer.*
Referred. *Rapporté, remis; renvoyé.*
A referring. *Renvoy.*
A reference. *Remiſe.*
To refine. *Raffiner, affiner.*
Refined. *Raffiné.*
A refiner. *Raffineur, affineur.*
A refining. *Raffinage, raffinement.*
To reflect. *Reflechir, reverberer, reflefchir, reſallir, retrapper, repercuter.*
Reflected. *Reflechi, reverberé, reſrappé, repercuté.*
A reflecting, or reflection. *Reverberation, reſallilſement, repercuſſion, reſrappement.*
Reflecting, or reflective. *Reflexif, retractatif.*
To reflore. *Reflorer.*
To refoment. *Refomenter.*
Refomented. *Refomenté.*
A refozmation. *Reformation, reſaçon, correction.*
To refozme. *Reformer, reſaçonner, redreſſer, redreſſer, emender, rabiller, corriger, reſarcir, retraſſer, rhabiller.*
Refozmed. *Reformé, emendé, redreſſé, rabillé, corrigé.*
A refozmer. *Reformateur, correcteur.*
Refractatie. *Refractaire.*
To refraine. *Seréfrener, ſe refreindre, ſe refraindre, s'abſtenir, moderer, ſe contenir, ſegarder de, refraindre, reprimer, temperer.*
Refrained. *Refrené, moderé, reprimé, temperé.*
A refraining. *Refrenation, continence, abſtinence, refraincte.*
Refraining. *Temperé.*
To Refreſh. *Refreſchir, refraiſchir, refreſchir, refociller, recreer, refrigerer, relaxer, relaſcher, reſerrer.*
Refreſhed. *Refreſchi, refraiſchi, refocillé, recreé, refrigeré.*
A refreſhing, a refreſhment. *Refreſchiſſement, refreſchiſſement, refrigere, relaſche, relaſchement, refocillation, refrigeration.*
Coole refreſhments. *Freſcades, freſcures.*
To refrigerate. *Refrigerer, refroidir.*
Refrigerated. *Refrigeré, refroidi.*
A refrigeration. *Refrigeration.*
A refrigeratorie. *Refrigeratoire.*

A **refrigerative**. *Refrigeratif.*
A **refrigerator**. *Refrigerateur.*
A **refuge**. *Refuge, Recours, Recourſe.*
Serving for **refuge**, or full of **refuges**. *Refugieux.*
A place of **refuge**. *Garite, guarite, guerite, retraicte.*
Refulable. *Rejectable, Rejettable.*
The **refuſe** (of things.) *Le rebut, refus, refu (des choſes.)*
Refuſe or ragged pearles. *Fretail de perles.*
A **refuſall**, or **refuſing**. *Refus, rebout, rebut, recuſation, reject, rejectement, refu, repudiation, repudiement.*
To **refuſe**. *Refuſer, rejetter, recuſer, nier, rebuter, rebouter, repudier, deſadvoüer, rejetter.*
To **refuſe** abſolutely. *Refuſer tout à franc.*
Refuſed. *Refuſé, rebouté, rebuté, rejetté, repudié.*
A **refuſer**. *Refuſeur, Repudieur.*
A **refuſing**. *Repudiement.* *Voyez* a Refuſall.
To **refute**. *Refuter, confuter.*
Refuted. *Refuté.*
A **refutation**. *Refutation, confutation.*
Regall. *Regal, royal.*
Regally. *Regalement, royalement.*
Regardable. *Reſpectable.*
To **regard**. *Regarder, eſtimer, avoir eſgard à, obſerver, mirer, remarquer, ſoigner.*
Regard. *Eſgard, regard, reſpect, obſervance; eſtime, reputation, ſoing, ſouci, ſoulci.*
Regarded. *Regardé, obſervé, marqué; eſtimé; miré, remarqué.*
A **regarder**. *Obſervateur.*
A **regarding**. *Obſervation, regardement.*
To **regenerate**. *Regenerer.*
To be **regenerated**. *Renaiſtre.*
A being **regenerated**. *Renaiſſement.*
Regeneration. *Renaiſſance, renaiſſement.*
Regencie. *Regence.*
A **Regent**. *Regent, Interroy.*
To play the **regent**. *Regenter.*
A **regentelle**. *Regente.*
A **regiment**. *Regime.*
A **regiment** (of ſouldiers.) *Regiment (de gens de guerre.)*
A **region**. *Region, contrée, province, marche.*
The middle **region** of the aire. *La region du mitaut.*
A **regiſter**. *Regiſtre; repertoire.*
A **regiſter** of names, or of cauſes. *Roule, Roole.*
To **regiſter**, or enter into **regiſter**. *Enregiſtrer, inſinuer.*
Regiſtred. *Enregiſtré, inſinué.*
Fit to be **regiſtred**. *Enregiſtrable.*
A **regiſtring**. *Enregiſtrement, regiſtration.*
A **regrater**. *Regratier, regrateur, revendeur.*
A **regrateraſſe**, or woman regrater. *Regratiere, revendereſſe.*
Regular. *Regulier.*
Regular Canons. *Chanoines reguliers.*
Regularly. *Regulierement, reiglement.*
A **rehearſall**. *Redicte, redite, rapport, repetition.*
To **rehearſe**. *Reciter, referer, rapporter, racompter, raconter, redire, recapituler, rechanter, relater, repeter.*
Rehearſed. *Recité, rapporté, raconté, recapitulé, repeté.*
A **rehearſer**. *Reciteur, recitateur, rapporteur, raconteur, relateur.*
A **rehearſing**. *Recitement, recapitulation.*
To **reject**. *Rejetter, rejetter, refuſer, recuſer, rebuter, rebouter, abdiquer, forclorre, repudier.*
Rejectable. *Rejectable, rejettable, repudiable.*
Rejected. *Rejecté, rejetté, rebouté, rebuté, recuſé, refuſé, forclos, repudié.*
A **rejecting**, or **rejection**. *Rejectement, rejection, repudiement.*
To **reigne**. *Regner.*
A **reigne**. *Regne.*
Reigned. *Regné.*
To **reimbarke**. *Rembarquer.*
To **reimbourſe**. *Rembourſer.*
Reimburſed. *Rebourſé.*
A **reimburſer**. *Rembourſeur.*
A **reimburſement**. *Rembourſement, rembours.*
To **reimbrace**. *Racoller, vembraſſer.*
To **reinable**. *Rabiliter, rehabiliter.*
Reinabled. *Rabilité.*
The **reins** of a bridle. *Reſne.*
A **reinabling**. *Rehabilitation.*
To **reincloſe**. *Renclorre.*
To **reincourage**. *Ranimer, renhardir.*
Reincouraged. *Ranimé.*
To **reincreaſe**. *Recroiſtre.*
A **reincreaſe**. *Vn recroiſt.*
The **reines**. *Les reins.*
That hath ſtrong **reines**. *Renuus.*
To **reinforce**. *Renforcer, renforcir.*
Reinforced. *Renforci, renforcé.*
To **reingender**. *Rengendrer.*
Reingendred. *Rengendré.*
A **reingendrer**. *Rengendreur.*
To **reinjoy**. *Rejoüir.*
A **reinjoyment**, or **reinjoying**. *Rejoüiſſance.*
To **reinſeiſin**. *Comme* to Reinveſt.
To **reinſe**. *Reinſer, rinſer.*
Reinſed. *Rinſé, guié.*
To **reinſe** linnen. *Guéer du linge.*
A **reinſer**. *Rinſeur.*
A **reinſing** (of linnen.) *Rinſement.*
To **reintegrate**. *Reintegrer.*
Reintegrated. *Reintegré.*
A **reintegration**. *Reintegration.*
To **reinveſt**, **readveſt**. *Radveſtir, reveſtir.*
Reinveſted, **readveſted**. *Reveſtu.*
A **reinveſtment**, **reinveſting**, or **reinveſture**. *Reveſt, reveſtement, reveſtiſſement, radveſtiſſement.*
To **reinvite**. *Reinviter, reconvier.*
Reinvited. *Reconvié.*
To **reinure**. *Racouſtumer, rabituer, rehabituer, rhabituer.*
Reinured. *Reacouſtumé, rabitué.*
To **rejoyne**. *Rejoindre, reünir.*
Rejoined. *Reüni.*
To **rejoyce**. *Rejoüir, ſe rejoüir, regaillardir, ſe regaillardir, oblaſter, esbaudir, baudir, resbaudir.*
Rejoyced. *Rejoüi.*
A **rejoycing**. *Rejoüiſſance.*
A **Reiſter** (or German horſeman.) *Reiſtre, harnois noir, reyſtre.*
To **reiterate**. *Reiterer, rechanter.*
Reiterated. *Reiteré, rechanté.*
A **reiteration**. *Reiteration, reprinſe, repriſe.*
To **rekindle**. *Rembraſer.*
A **relapſe**. *Recheute, recidive.*
Relapſed. *Relaps, recidivé.*
To **relapſe**. *Recidiver, rechoir, rechoir, rechoir, retomber.*
To **relate**. *Relater, referer, rapporter, racompter, narrer, noncer, recorder.*
Related. *Referé, rapporté, raconté, narré, recordé.*
A **relater**. *Rapporteur, raconteur, narrateur, narreur, nonceur, nonciateur, relateur.*
A **relation**. *Relation, narration, narré, narrement, nonciation, record, rapport.*
A **relaxation**. *Relaſche, relaxation.*
Releaſeable. *Remiſſible.*
To **releaſe**. *Relaſcher, deliverer, quiter, remettre, affranchir.*
A **releaſe**. *Vne quitance; liberation.*
Releaſed. *Relaſché, quité, delivré, affranchi, remis.*
A **releaſe**. *Relaſchement, relaxation, delivrance, remiſe.*
Relefe. *Relief.* *Voyez* Relefe.
To **relieve**. *Secourir, aider, ſubvenir, relever, relayer, relaïer, remonter.*
Relieved. *Aidé, relevé, remonté.*
A **reliever**. *Releveur.*
A **relieving**. *Relevement, relievement, relief.*
To **relegate**. *Releguer.*
Relegated. *Relegué.*
A **relegation**. *Relegation.*
To **relent**. *Ralentir.*
Relented. *Ralenti.*
A **relenting**. *Relaſche, relaſchement, relaxation.*
Relicks, *Reliques.*
A keeper of **relicks**. *Miſtagogue.*
Relicks borne about. *Rogations.*
A **relefe**. *Relief, ſecours, aide, ſubvention, relievemens, ſubſide.*
Religion. *Religion.*
Religious. *Religieux, ſainct.*
Religious only in ſhew. *Cafard.*
Religiouſly. *Religieuſement, ſainctement.*
Religiouſneſſe. *Sanctimonie.*
To **relinquiſh**. *Relaiſſer, relinquer, laiſſer, delaiſſer, guerpir.*
Relinquiſhed. *Laiſſé, delaiſſé, guerpi.*
A **relinquiſher**. *Relinqueur.*
A **relinquiſhing**. *Delaiſſement, guerpine, guerpiſon.*
To **reliſh**. *Savourer, gouſter.*
A **reliſh**. *Saveur, gouſt.*
Of a good **reliſh**. *Savoureux.* *Voyez* Savor.
Reliſhed. *Savouré.*
To **remaine**. *Reſter, demeurer, remanoir, reſider, ſejourner.*
Remained. *Demeuré, ſejourné.*
A **remainder**. *Reſte, reſidu, remanent, reliqua, vn parvenſus, remenſilles, demeurant, reſtat, ſurplus.*
A **remaining**. *Demeurance, ſejour.*
Remaining. *Demeurant, demeuré, remainr, permanable, permanent.*
Remarkable. *Remarquable.*
To **remarke**. *Remoter.*
A **remedie**. *Remede.*
To **remedie**. *Remedier.*
A **remedying**. *Remediement.*
To **remember**. *Se ſouvenir, ſe recorder, reſouvenir, ſe remembrer, rememorer.*
To **remember** (or put in mind.) *Rementevoir, mettre en memoire.* *Voyez* to put in Remembrance.
Remembered, or **remembred**. *Souvenu, rememoré, ramentu, remembré.*

A **remembrance.** *Souvenance, ſouvenir, remembrance, ememoration, memoire, reminiſcence, recordation, monument.*
To put in **remembrance.** *Souvenir, ramentevoir, reduire à memoire, mettre en remettre en memoire.*
A book of **remembrance.** *Memorial.*
Notes of **remembrance.** *Memoires.*
Worthy of **remembrance.** *Memorable.*
Remembrances. *Reſouvenances.*
Remiſs. *Tard, remis, mol, laſche.*
To grow **remiſs.** *S'alentir.*
Growne **remiſs.** *Alenti.*
Remiſſely. *Laſchement, tardivement, mollement.*
Remiſſeneſſe. *Laſcheté, molleſſe, tardiveté.*
Remiſſion. *Remiſſion, pardon, merci.*
Remittable. *Remiſſible, pardonnable.*
To **remitt.** *Remettre, pardonner, abſouldre, relaſcher, ralentir, renvoyer.*
Remitted. *Remis, pardonné, abſous, Ralenti, Renvoyé.*
A **remitment.** *Remiſt, pardonnement, abſolte.*
A **remnant.** *Demeurant, reliqua, remanent, remanſilles.*
An old **remnant.** *Reliquaille.*
A **remonſtrance.** *Remonſtrance, remonce.*
A **remorce** of conſcience. *Remors de conſcience, ſyndereſe, ſynтereſe, ſintereſe.*
Remote. *Remot, lontain.*
To **remoue.** *Remuer, mouvoir; remouvoir; migrer, oſter, remolquer.*
Removed. *Remué, remoi, meu, oſté.*
A **remouer.** *Remüeur.*
A **remouing.** *Remüement, remüance; migration, oſtement.*
To **remount.** *Remonter.*
Remounted. *Remonté.*
To **remunerate.** *Remunerer, guerdonner.*
Remunerated. *Guerdonné.*
A **remuneration,** or **remuneration.** *Remuneration, Guerdonnement, guerdon.*
Remuneratorie, or **remunerating.** *Remuneratoire.*
To **remount.** *Remonter.*
Remounted. *Remonté.*
To **rend.** *Comme.* To **rent.** *Lequel voyez.*
To **render.** *Rendre, reſtituer.*
Rendred, *Rendu.*
A **rendring.** *Rendrement, rendage, reſtitution.*
Rendible, or **renderable.** *Rendable.*
A **rende-vous.** *Un rendez-vous.*
A **renegado.** *Renegat (qui renie ſa religion.) Marrane, marran.*
Renegaded, (turn'd Turk or Jew.) *Marraniſé.*
To **renew.** *Renouveler; rabiller, reparer, raffreſchir, refaire, remettre, refraiſchir; recommencer, refreſchir, reſtaurer, rhabiller.*
Renewed. *Renouvelé; rabillé, reparé, raffreſchi, refraiſchi, refaict, refait, remis; recommencé, refreſchi.*
To be **renewed.** *Reeſtre, eſtre, renouvelé, revivre.*
A **renewer.** *Renouvelleur, novateur, reparateur, rabilleur.*
A **renewing.** *Renouvellement, novation, renovation, novalité, reparation, reparement, rabillage, rabillement, raffreſchiſſement, refreſchiſſement.*
A **rennet** (for cheeſe.) *Preſure, preſſure.*
Renouation. *Renovation; ou, comme a renewing.*
Renowme. *Renom, renommée, reputation, ſplendeur, gloire.*
To **renowme.** *Renommer, glorifier.*
Renowmed. *Renommé, fameux, notable, illuſtre, ſegnale, ſignalé, ſignalé, preclable, glorieux, glorifié.*
Renowmedly. *Glorieuſement.*
To **renounce.** *Renoncer, renier, deſadvoüer, refuſer, rejetter.*
A **renouncing,** or **renunciation.** *Renonciation, deſadveu.*
Rent. *Rente.*
Rent-cozns. *Rente à l'appreci.*
Rent-charge, or **rent-ſeeke.** *Rente volage, volante, ou vollante; rente courante, rente conſtituée ſur heritage, rente rendable, rente ſeiche.*
The **rent** of a farme or tenement. *Moiſon.*
Quit **rent.** *Rente cenſive, rente tolerable.*
To give a man **rents.** *Renter un homme.*
Yeelding **rent,** charged with **rent.** *Renteux.*
A **rent-roll.** *Rentier.*
Yearely **rents.** *Revenu, revennë.*
Well **rented.** *Bien renté.*
A **rent-hen.** *Oſtive.*
One that ſits at a yearely **rent.** *Rentier.*
To **rent,** or **rend.** *Deſchirer, dechirer, lacerer; ſeparer, dilacerer.*
Rent (torne.) *Deſchiré, dechiré, lacerè, dilaceré.*
A **rent.** *Deſchirure.*
A **renting.** *Deſchirement, lacration; ſeparation.*
To **reobdurate.** *Rendurcir.*
Reobdurated. *Rendurci.*
To **reobtaine.** *Recouvrer.*
Reobtainable. *Recouvrable.*
Reobtained. *Recouvré.*
A **reobtainment,** or **reobtaining.** *Recouvrement, recouvrance.*
To **repaie.** *Payer, ſatiſfaire.*
Repaid. *Satisfaict.*
Repaiment. *Satisfaction.*
To **repaire** unto. *Repairer, hanter. Voyez to reſort unto.*
A **repaire** unto. *Hardoüer.*
A place of **repaire.** *Repaire.*
Repairable. *Reparable.*
To **repaire.** *Reparer, remettre, refaire, reſtaurer, reſtituer, rabiller, raccouſtrer, rebuſtir, renouveler, refarcir.*
To **repaire** a wall. *Reſſaper.*
Repaired. *Repairé, remis, refaict, refait, rabillé, raccouſtré, rebaſti, renouvelé.*
A **repairer.** *Reparateur, renouvelleur, raccouſtreur, reſtituteur.*
A **repairing.** *Reparement, renouvellement, raccouſtrement, rabillage, rabillement.*
A **reparation.** *Reparation, reſtitution.*
Repaires, or **reparations** of houſes. *Reparations.*
A **repaſt.** *Repas, refection, repeue, repaiſſaille, repuë.*
To **repaſt.** *Repaiſtre, prendre ſon repas.*
To **repatriate** (or retore to his owne home.) *Repatrier.*
Repatriated. *Repatrié.*
To **repeale.** *Rappeller, rappeller, revoquer, abroger.*
A **repeale,** or **repealing.** *Rappel, abrogation.*
Repealed. *Rappelé, revoqué, abrogé.*
To **repeate.** *Repeter, reciter, redire, reſeter, redeclarer, recorder, reobanter; uſer de redites; obtundre; reſumer, retraicter, retracter.*
Repeated. *Repeté, recité, redict, rechanté, recordé, renouvelé.*
A **repeater.** *Recitateur, reciteur.*
A **repeating,** or **repetition.** *Redicte, redite, recitement, record.*
To uſe **repetitions.** *Uſer de redictes.*
To **repell.** *Repouſſer, rebuter, rebouter, rechaſſer, refuſer, rembarrer, rebatre, repercutter, repouſſer.*
Repelled. *Rebouté, rebuté, repouſſé, rechaſſé, rembarré, repercuté.*
A **repeller.** *Repouſſeur, repouſſeur.*
A **repelling.** *Reboutement, repouſſement.*
repelling. *Repercuſſif.*
To **repent.** *Se repentir, ſe marrir, regretter, regreter.*
Repentance. *Repentance, repentir, reſipiſcence, repentailles, marriſſon, regret.*
Repentant, or **repenting.** *Repenti.*
Repented. *Repenti, marri, regretté.*
Repentingly, or with **repentance.** *Repentivement.*
To **repeople.** *Repeupler.*
A **repeopling.** *Repeuplement.*
A **repercuſſion.** *Repercuſſion, reverberation, rebatement.*
Repercuſſive. *Repercuſſif.*
A **repercutive** (medicine.) *Repercutif.*
A **repertorie.** *Repertoire.*
A **repetition.** *Repetition, redicte, reprinſe, repriſe, reſomption.*
To **repine.** *Grommeler, gremeler, gruſſer, hoigner, bogner, marrir, murmurer, mutiner.*
A **repining.** *Hoigne, marriſſon, murmure, murmurement, murmuration.*
A factious **repining.** *Mutinement.*
Repining. *Marri, malvole.*
To **repleniſh.** *Remplir.*
Repleniſhed. *Rempli.*
A **repleniſhing.** *Remplage, remplifſage, remplifſement, repletion.*
Repleniſhing. *Repletif.*
Replete. *Replet.*
Repletion. *Repletion.*
Repletive. *Repletif.*
Repletively. *Repletivement.*
A **replie.** *Replique, repart, repartie.*
To **replie.** *Repliquer, repartir.*
Replied. *Replique, reparti.*
A **repoꝛt.** *Rapport, narration, narré, bruit, renommée, ony-dire, renom, nonciation, relation, rumeur.*
To **repoꝛt.** *Rapporter, raconter, racompter, noncer, referer, relater, recorder.*
Repoꝛted. *Rapporté, raconté, narré, recordé, renommé, redigé par eſcrit.*
A **repoꝛter.** *Rapporteur, noncer, nonciateur, raconteur, relateur.*
A **repoꝛting.** *Narrement.*
Repoꝛting. *Narratif.*
Repoſe. *Repos, pauſe, relaſche, puſe. Voyez Reſt.*
To **repoſe.** *Repoſer.*
Repoſed. *Repoſé.*
Repoſedly. *Repoſément.*
A **repoſing.** *Pauſade, relaſchement.*
A **repoſitorie.** *Repoſitoire.*
To **repꝛehend.** *Reprendre, objurguer, redarguer.*

dargher, vituperer, taxer.

Reprehended. *Reprins, repris, redargué, taxé.*

A reprehender. *Reprenard, repreneur.*

A reprehending, or **a reprehenſion.** *Reprehenſion, reprimende, objurgation, vituperé.*

To **repreſent.** *Repreſenter, monſtrer, reſembler.*

Repreſented. *Repreſenté, monſtré.*

A repreſentation. *Repreſentation.*

A repreſenting. *Monſtrement, reſemblement.*

Repreſenting. *Reſemblant.*

To **repreſſe.** *Reprimer.*

Repreſſed. *Reprimé.*

A repreſſer. *Reprimeur.*

A repriſall. *Repreſaille.*

Letters of **repriſall.** *Lettres de repreſailles.*

To **reprieve** from death. *Reſpiter de mort.*

A reprobate. *Vn reprouvé.*

Reprochable. *Reprochable.*

A reproach. *Reproche, opprobre, gravade, meſdiſſon, meſdiſance, medïſſon, ſugillation.*

To **reproach.** *Reprocher, opprobrier, vituperer, vndoyer, injurier, meſdire, barauder, hutiner, objicer à, objecter à, ſugiller.*

Reproached. *Reprochè, injurié, barandé, banni, ſugillé.*

Reproachfull. *Injurieux, meſdiſant.*

Reproachfull tearmes. *Laide vilenie.*

Reproachfully. *Injurieuſement.*

A reproof. *Objurgation, reprehenſion, reprimende.*

Reprovable. *Reprovable, reprehenſible.*

To **reprove.** *Reprouver, reprendre, objurguer, taxer, tanſer, tancer, redarguer, studyer, remonſtrer, rabroüer, ſugiller.*

Reproved. *Tanſé, ſugillé, redarguè, reprins, repris, rabroüé, remonſtré, taxé.*

A reprover. *Objurgateur, reprenard, repreneur, rabroüeur.*

A reproving. *Tancement, tanſon, tanſon, redargution.*

To **repudiate.** *Repudier.*

Repudiable. *Repudiable.*

Repugnancie. *Repugnance.*

To be **repugnant.** *Deſaccorder.*

To **repugne.** *Repugner, reſiſter, reclamer.*

Repugned. *Repugné, Reclamé.*

To **repulſe.** *Repouſſer, repouſſer, rebouter, rebuter, refuſer, rembarrer, rebatre, repercuter.*

A repulſe. *Rebout, rebut, rebutée, refus.*

Repulſed. *Repoulsé, repouſſé, rebuté, reculé, refuſé, rembarré, repercuté.*

A repulſer. *Repoulſeur, repouſſeur.*

A repulſing. *Repouſſement, Repoulſement, Reboutement, Rebatement, Repercuſſion.*

Reputation. *Reputation, honneur, renom, renommée, opinion.*

To **Repute.** *Reputer.*

Reputed. *Reputé.*

To **requeſt.** *Requerir, requerre, prier, ſupplier, faire requeſte.*

A requeſt. *Requeſte, priere, requiſition, ſupplication.*

The maſters of **requeſts.** *Le maiſtres des Requeſtes.*

Requeſted. *Requis.*

A requeſting. *Priement.*

Requeſting. *Requerant, priant, requiſitoire.*

Requirable. *Requerable.*

A requirall. *Requiſition.*

To **require.** *Requerir, requerre, redemander, reprier, repeter.*

To **require** a thing according to the Law. *Stipuler.*

Required. *Requis, repeté.*

Requiring. *Requerant, requiſitoire, ſtipulant.*

Required according to Law. *Stipulé.*

Requiſite. *Requis.*

A requiſition. *Requiſition.*

A requitall. *Recompenſe, redon, retribution, revenche.*

To **requite.** *Recompenſer, payer, retribuër.*

Requited. *Payé, recompenſé, retaliomé, retribué.*

To **rere.** *Eſlever.*

Rered. *Eſlevé.*

A rerer. *Eſleveur.*

A rering. *Eſlevement, eſleveure.*

Reſcuable. *Reſcouable; recouvrable.*

To **reſcue.** *Reſcourre, recourir, recourrer.*

A reſcue. *Reſcouſſe, recouſſe.*

Reſcued. *Reſcoux, recouvré.*

A reſection (or cutting off) *Reſection.*

To **reſemble.** *Reſembler, repreſenter, reſſembler, ſe retirer à, ſembler.*

Reſembled. *Reſemblé.*

Reſemblance. *Reſemblance, repreſentation, ſimulachre, ſemblance, ſimilitude.*

A reſembling. *Reſemblement, ſemblance.*

Reſembling. *Semblable, ſimilaire, tel.*

A reſervation. *Reſerve.*

With **reſervation.** *Reſervément.*

Reſervative, or **reſerving.** *Reſervatif.*

To **Reſerve.** *Reſerver.*

Reſerved. *Reſervé, ſauf.*

Reſiance, reſidence, or **reſidency.** *Reſidence, reſſeantiſe, demeure.*

To **reſide.** *Reſider, ſejourner.*

Reſiant, or **reſident.** *Reſidens, reſeant, reſſeant, ſejourné.*

A place of **reſidence.** *Sejour.*

The **reſidue.** *Reſidu, remanent.*

A reſignation, reſigning, or **reſignment.** *Reſignation, paſſedroit.*

To **reſigne.** *Reſigner.*

Reſigned. *Reſigné.*

A reſigner. *Reſignant.*

A Reſignee, (to whom a thing is reſigned.) *Reſignataire.*

To **reſiſt.** *Reſiſter, obſiſter, repugner, obvier, s'oppoſer, oppugner, faire teſte à.*

A reſiſtance, or **reſiſting.** *Reſiſtance, oppoſition, oppugnation, rebellion.*

Reſiſting. *Renitant.*

Reſiſted. *Reſiſté, oppugné.*

A reſiſter. *Oppugnateur, oppoſant.*

To **reſolve.** *Reſouldre, reſpondre, ſouldre.*

Reſolveable. *Reſoluble.*

Reſolved. *Reſolu.*

Reſolving. *Reſolutif.*

Reſolute. *Reſolu, obſtiné.*

Reſolutely. *Reſoluëment, obſtinément.*

A reſolution. *Reſolution, obſtination, reſponce, reſultat.*

To **reſort** unto. *Reſſortir à, hanter, frequenter.*

A reſort, or **reſorting** unto. *Hantiſe, frequentation, frequence, hantement, hardoüer.*

Reſorted unto. *Frequenté, hanté.*

To **reſound.** *Reſoner, rebruire, rebugler, repercuter, retentir.*

A reſounding. *Reſonance, reſonnement, reſentiſſement.*

Reſounding. *Reſonant, repercutif.*

Reſoundingly. *Reſonnamment.*

Reſpect. *Reſpect, obſervance, regard.*

To **reſpect.** *Honorer, reverencer.*

Reſpectable. *Reſpectable.*

Reſpected. *Honoré.*

Reſpectfull of. *Reverend.*

Reſpective. *Reſpectif, reſpectatif.*

Reſpectively. *Reſpectivement.*

A reſpiration. *Reſpiration, reſpir, reſpirement.*

To **reſpire.** *Reſpirer.*

A reſpirer. *Reſpireur.*

A reſpite. *Reſpit, reſpi, ſurſe, relaſche, interpoſition de temps.*

To **reſpite.** *Reſpiter.*

Reſplendency. *Reſplendeur, reſplendiſſeur.*

Reſplendent. *Reſplendiſſant.*

Reſponſive. *Reſponſif.*

To **reſt,** or take **reſt.** *Repoſer, reſpirer, prendre repos, ſurſeer.*

To **reſt** (or remaine.) *Reſter, remanoir.*

To **reſt** upon. *Se repoſer ſur, s'appuyer ſur.*

Reſt. *Repos, paiſe, poſe, regny, repoſy, repoſée, repoſade, relaſche.*

The **reſt.** *Reſte, reſidu, reliqua, remanent.*

A reſt at primero. *Reſte.*

A ſemibreefe **reſt** in Muſick. *Repoſe.*

The **reſt** of the lock of an Harquebuſe. *Garde ſerre, garde-ſol.*

Reſted. *Repoſé, reſté.*

A reſting. *Repos, repoſée, repoſade, pauſade, relaſchement.*

A reſting place (or ſeat.) *Pauſade, repoſade, reposée, repoſoir, repoſoun.*

Reſtfull. *Ocieux.*

Reſtleſſe. *Irrequiet, ſans repos, ſemillant.*

Reſt-harrow. *Acutille.*

Reſtie. *Relant.*

To wax **reſtie.** *Relantir. Voyez* Reſtie.

Reſtie (ſtubborne or drawing backward.) *Reſtif, retif.*

To be **reſtie.** (or play the **reſtie** jade.) *Reſtiver.*

Made, or growne **reſtie.** *Reſtivé, reſtifvé.*

To be **reſtie** in duty. *Cabrer ſur le devoir.*

Reſtily (or backwardly.) *Reſtivement.*

A reſtitution. *Reſtitution, reparation, retribbition, recreance.*

Reſtorable. *Rendable.*

A reſtorative. *Vn reſtaurant.*

To **reſtore.** *Reſtituer, reſtaurer, rendre, rebailler, relever, remettre, remonter, reparer, reſtablir, reſonder les deſpens, retourner, retribuer.*

To **reſtore** to vigour. *Revigorer, renforcer, renforcir.*

To **reſtore** to his whole eſtate. *Reintegrer.*

Reſtored. *Reſtauré, rendu, rebaillé, relevé, remis, retourné.*

Reſtored to force, or vigour. *Revigoré, renforci, renforcé, reparé.*

A reſtorer. *Reſtituteur.*

A reſtoring, or **reſtorall.** *Reddition, reſtitution, rendage, rendement, relevement, remiſe, reparement, reſtabliſſement, retribution.*

To

To **reſtraine**. *Reſtraindre, engarder, tenir court, reſtrecir, refraindre, refrener, tenir en bride, rembarrer, reprimer, reſerrer, retenir, detenir, tenir en ſerre, tenir ſerré, ſerrer.*

Reſtrained. *Reſtrainct, engardé, refrené, rembarré, reſerré, retenu, detenu.*

Reſtrainedly. *Retenuement, ſerrément.*

A **Reſtrainer**. *Reprimeur.*

A **reſtraining**, or **reſtraint**, or **reſtriction**. *Reſtraincte, reſtreciſſement, reſtriction; refrainte, refrenation, retien, reſtrinction, detention, detenué, ſerrement, temperément.*

Reſtrictive, or **Reſtringent**. *Reſtrictif, reſtrainctif, reſerrant, retraintif, ſtiptique, ſtyptique.*

To **reſubdue**. *Reconquerir, revanquir, redompter, redonter.*

Reſubdued. *Redomté.*

A **Reſubduer**. *Redompteur.*

To **reſume**. *Reſumer, reprendre.*

Reſumed. *Reſumé, reprins, repris.*

A **reſumption**. *Reſumption, repriſe, repriſe.*

A **reſurrection**. *Reſurrection.*

Reſuſcitative. *Reſuſcitatif.*

To **retaile**. *Detailler, vendre en detail.*

Retaile. *Detail.*

Retailed. *Detaillé.*

A **retailer**. *Detailleur.*

A **retailing**. *Revendage.*

To **retaine**. *Retenir, detenir, attenir, tenir.*

Retained. *Retenu, tenu.*

A **retainer**. *Retcneur, attendant.*

A **retaining**, or **retention**. *Retention, Retenuë.*

The **retaining** faculty (of nature.) *La retentive.*

To **reteh**. *Tendre, eſtendre.*

Retched. *Eſtendu.*

A **retching**. *Eſtendement, extenſion.*

Retchleſſe. *Mauſoigneux, negligent, nonchalent. Voyez* wretchleſſe.

To grow **Retchleſſe**. *Devenir negligent, mettre ſa plume au vent.*

Retchleſſneſſe. *Nonchalance, negligence, meſgarde. Voyez* wretchleſneſſe.

A **retention**. *Retention, Rtien.*

A **retineſſo**. *Retenuë.*

A great mans **retineſſo**. *Attirail.*

A **retirall**. *Retirée, Retirade; ou, comme a* retiring.

To **retire**. *Retirer, ſe retrabir, Reculer, Ramener, ſe recoibler, remouvoir, ſe retirer, Retroceder, Retrograder.*

Retired. *Retiré, Retraict, Retrait, Reculé, ramené, melancholique, rattier.*

Retiredly. *En retraict, rattierement.*

Retiredneſſe. *Melancholie.*

A **retiring**. *Retirement, retirée, retraicte, reculement, reculée, retirade.*

A place of ſafe **retiring**. *Garite.*

To **retort**. *Retordre, retorquer, recroquiller, rechaſſer, rejecter.*

A **retort**. *Retorte.*

Retortable. *Retorquable.*

Retorted. *Retort, retors, retorqué, recroquillé, recroquillonné, rechaſſé, rejecté.*

A **retorter**. *Retordeur.*

A **retorting**. *Rotorceure, retordement, retordure, recroquillement.*

To **retrace**, (or trace backe.) *Retracer.*

A **retractation**. *Retractation.*

A **retraction**. *Retraction.*

A **retraite**, or **retreat**, or place of **retraite**. *Retraicte, retraite, retirade, reduict, recours, recouſſe.*

A place of ſure **retreat**. *Garite, guerite, guarite, place de refuge.*

To **retribute**. *Retribuer.*

Retributed. *Retribué.*

A **retribution**. *Retribution, rendement, rendouër.*

To **returne**. *Retourner, eſtre de retour, revenir, realler, retrograder, rebrouſſer chemin; reporter, reſtituer, revertir.*

A **returne**. *Retour, revenuë.*

Returned. *Retourné, revenu, rebrouſſé, reporté, revolté.*

A **returning**. *Retour, revenuë, retraicte, retraite, riverſion.*

A **revalnation**. *Rapreci.*

To **reveale**. *Reveler, manifeſter, monſtrer.*

Revealed. *Revelé, manifeſté.*

A **revealing**, or **revelation**. *Revelement, revelation.*

To **rebell**. *Rauder.*

Rebellers. *Baſochiens.*

A **rebeneſſo**. *Revenuë, revenu, intrade.*

To **rebenge**. *Venger, revencher, revancher.*

Rebenge. *Vengeance, revenche.*

Rebenged. *Vengé, revengé.*

A **rebenger**. *Vengeur, revangeur.*

To **reverberate**. *Reverberer, refrapper, repercuter, rebatre, reſallir, reſalir.*

Reverberated. *Reverberé, refrappé, repercuté.*

A **reverberation**. *Riverberation, refrappement, repercuſſion, rebatement, reſaliſſement.*

Reverberating. *Repercuſſif.*

A **reverberatorie**. *Riverberatoire.*

Reverence. *Reverence.*

To **reverence**. *Reverer, reverencer, reverender, honorer, ſaluër.*

Reverenced. *Salué.*

A **reverencing**. *Salutation.*

Reverend, or **reverent**. *Reverend, reverable, reverable, reverential.*

Reverently or with reverence. *Reverement.*

To **reverifie**. *Reverifier.*

To **reverſe**. *Anuller.*

Reverſed. *Rebindaine.*

A **reverſion**. *Reverſion, reſerve.*

Reverſions. *Reverſailles.*

To **revert**. *Rivertir, revenir, retourner.*

Reverted. *Revenu.*

A **reverting**. *Reverſion, revenuë.*

Reverting. *Revenant.*

To **revie** (at play.) *Revier.*

To **reviewe**. *Revoir, reveoir, reviſiter, recontempler, recorriger.*

A **reviewe**. *Revenë, riviſit, reviſion.*

Reviewed. *Reveu, reviſité.*

A **reviewer**. *Reviſeur, reviſiteur.*

A **reviewing**. *Revenë, reviſitement, reviſitation.*

To **revigorate** (or reinforce) *Revigourer, ravigorer.*

To **revile**. *Injurier, butiner, bavauder, baſſour, meſdire, abbayer, vilainer, opprobrier, oultrager.*

To **revile** extremely. *Maugréer.*

Reviled. *Baſſoué, baſoué, injurié, bavaudé, abbayé, vilené, vilané, oultragé.*

A **Reviling**. *Maledicence, meſdiſſen, meſdiſance, medilſon, abbayement, opprobre, ameſſures.*

Reviling. *Meſdiſant.*

To **revile**. *Reviſiter, retraicter.*

Reviſed. *Reveu, reviſité.*

A **revile, reviſing**, or **reviſion**. *Reviſion, reviſitement.*

A **reviſitation**. *Reviſitation.*

A **reviſor, reviſitor**. *Reviſeur, reviſiteur.*

To **Revive**. *Viviſier, revivre, raviver, reanimer, revifier, reſuſciter; rebaiter, recréer, raffreſchir, ravigorer, renouveler, ſe reſocciller, ſe ravoir, relever, remettre, revenir.*

Revived. *Reanimé, reſuſcité, revenu, remis, relevé, ravivé, ravigoré, raffreſchi.*

A **reviver**. *Reſuſciteur, releveur, renouveleur.*

A **reviving**. *Reviviſieme, Relevement, Remiſe, Raffreſchiſſement, Reſocillation, Renouvellement.*

Reviving. *Reſuſcitatif, revenant à ſoy.*

The **reume, rheume**, or **reſume**. *Reume, Rheume, Rume.*

Reumatiche, or **rheumatiche**. *Rumatique.*

To **reunite**. *Reunir, rallier, raccoupler, reconvenir.*

Reunited. *Reüni, Rallié.*

A **reunion**, or **reunitement**. *Reünion.*

Revocable. *Revocable.*

A **revocation**. *Revocation, rappel, reſtilment.*

To **reboke**. *Revoquer, rappeler, rappeller, retracter, reſiler.*

Revoked. *Revoqué, rappelé, retractié.*

A **reboking**. *Revocation, retractation, rappel, reſtiment.*

To **revolt**. *Revolter, rebeller.*

A **revolt**. *Revolte, rebellion.*

A **revolting**. *Revoltement, rebellement.*

Revoluble. or **revoltable**. *Revoluble.*

To **revolve** often in the minde or thought. *Repenſer, ruminer.*

Revolved. *Revolu.*

Revolved often in the thoughts. *Repenſé, ruminé.*

A **revolving** often in the minde. *Repenſement.*

A **revolution**. *Revolution.*

A **revulſion** (or pulling away.) *Revulſion.*

A **rew** (or ranke.) *Rang, reng, renge, fil.*

A **reward**. *Guerdon.*

To **reward**. *Guerdonner, remunerer, ſalarier.*

To **reward** plentifully. *Reguerdonner.*

Rewarded. *Guerdonné, remunéré, ſalarié.*

A **rewarding**. *Guerdonnement, remuneration, repremiation.*

Rewbarbe. *Rheubarbe, Renbarbe, Rhabarbe.*

Rewme, or **rheume**. *Reume. Voyez* Reume.

A **reyne** of water. *Rieu, rif.*

Rhetorical. *Rhetorique.*

Rhetorically. *Rhetoriquement.*

Rhetoricke. *Rethorique.*

A **Rhetorician**. *Rheteur, Rhetoricien.*

To **Rhetorize** it, or play the **Rhetorician**. *Rhetoriquer, Rhetoriſer.*

A **Rial** *Reale d'or; piece valant environ dix ſebelins, ou cinq francs.*

A Spaniſh Rial. *Reale d'Eſpagne.*
A ribauld. *Ribauld, ribaud, ribault.*
Ribauldrie. *Ribauldiſe, Goulardiſe.*
To play the ribauld (or ruffian.) *Ribauder.*
A ribbon. *Ruban.*
To trimme, tie, or lace with ribbon. *Rubenner.*
A ribbon-maker. *Rubennier.*
A ribbon to tie up haire, or worne about the necke. *Camail, ruban de teſte.*
A ribbe. *Coſte.*
A little ribbe. *Coſtelette.*
Ribbs wood. *Lacole.*
The ribbes of a ſhip. *Gabort, varangues, courangues.*
Rice. *Ris, vit, riz.*
A rice to wind yarne on. *Tournette, travouil.*
Rich. *Riche, opulent, aiſé, bien moyenné.*
To wax rich. *Devenir riche.*
A very rich man. *Né tout coiffé.*
A rich chuffe (lobcock, or boore.) *Richeteau.*
Richeſſe. *Richeſſe, opulence.*
Richly. *Richement, opulamment, opulentement.*
A riddance. *Deſpeſche, depeſche.*
To ridde of, or get rid of. *Deſempeſtrer, deſcharger, deſpeſtrer, ſe deſfaire.*
To ridde out of the way (or diſpatch.) *Deſpeſcher, expedier.*
Get ridde of. *Deſcharpi.*
Rid out of the way. *Deſpeſché, expedié.*
Ridding. *Expeditif.*
Ridden. *Chevauché, piqué.*
A riddle. *Enigme.*
To ride. *Chevaucher, piquer.*
To ride back. *Repiquer.*
A rider. *Chevaucheur, piqueur.*
Rideable. *Chevauchable.*
Ridiculous. *Ridicule.*
Ridiculouſly. *Ridiculement.*
A riding. *Chevauchée, chevauchement, chevaucherie.*
A riding-rod (of hollie.) *Houſſine.*
The ridge (of a houſe.) *Toict, ſommet, faiſte, ou feſte d'une maiſon.*
The ridge (of a hill.) *Simme, cime, ou ſommet d'une montaigne.*
The ridge-bone of the back. *Eſchine du dos.*
A ridge of land. *Sillon.*
To turne up into ridges. *Seillonner.*
A ridge (or roofe) tile. *Faiſtiere, enfeſtau.*
A ridge-rope (faſtned on either ſide the thill of the thill-horſe.) *Sueſſelle.*
Rie (corne.) *Seigle, ſegle.*
Rifle-raffle. *Ravauillerie.*
To rifle. *Rifler, ſaccager, fuſter, mettre à blanc, raffler, faire vne raffle, faire vne roffladé.*
Rifled. *Saccagé, fuſté, mis au blanc.*
A rifling. *Raffle, ſaccagement, ſacquement, Ballotage.*
Rifling. *Saccagrue.*
A rifling drab. *Rifflarde.*
A rift. *Fente, crevaſſe, fendaſſe.*
A rigge. *Guilon.*
A wench to play the rigge. *Godriller.*
To rigge up a ſhip. *Galefretter vn nauire, calfeutrer vn nauire.*
Rigged up. *Galefreté.*
A rigger up of ſhips. *Galefretier des nauires.*
A rigging. *Calfeutrage.*
Right. *Droict; droicture, droit; naif, opportun.*
Right-cornered. *Orthogonal, orthogonié.*
Right againſt. *Tout vis à vis.*
Right forth. *Tout droict, à droict, à droit.*
Right in the nick. *Opportunement.*
Righteous. *Juſte.*
Righteouſly. *Juſtement.*
Righteouſneſſe. *Juſtice.*
Righteſull. *Droicturier, droitier.*
Righteſully. *Droicturierement.*
Rightly. *Droictement, naifvement.*
Not rightly. *A faux.*
To deſcribe rightly. *Naifver.*
Rigolls (a muſicall inſtrument.) *Des regalets.*
Rigorous. *Rigoreux, ſevere, maupiteux, rude.*
Rigorouſly. *Rigoreuſement, rudement.*
Rigour. *Rigueur, rudeſſe, ſeverité.*
A rime (or falling miſt.) *Frimas, frimats, vru.*
A rime (or meeter.) *Rime, rithme, ryme.*
A little rime (or rhiming poeſie.) *Rimette.*
Sorrie rime. *Rimaille.*
To rime. *Rimer, rithmer, rymer, rimonner, rimoyer.*
To rime unlearnedly. *Rimaſſer, rithmailler.*
Rimed. *Riné.*
A rimer. *Rimeur, rimoyeur.*
A ſorrie unlearned rimer. *Rimailleur, rimart, rimaſſeur.*
A rinde. *Eſcorce, pelaſſe, peluſſe, pelure.*
A ſmall thinne rinde. *Pellicule.*
Full of thinne rindes. *Pelliculeux.*
The inner rinde of the barke of the Linden tree, and the outward of a birch tree. *Canepin.*
The rough prickly rinde of a greene cheſtnut. *Bogue.*
A ring. *Anneau, bague.*
An eare-ring. *Oreilletta, oreillerot.*
To ring. *Anneler.*
Made like a ring, ringed. *Anneté.*
An iron ring (at the end of a ſtaffe.) *Virole.*
Bound about (at end) with a ring. *Virollé.*
To ring (bells.) *Sonner la cloche; grilloter.*
To ring all-in (or the laſt peale.) *Coppeter.*
(Souldiers) to caſt themſelves in a ring. *Faire le caracol.*
The ring-bone in a horſes foot. *Suret, ſuret.*
The ring-finger. *Doigt de l'anneau, doigt annulaire.*
A ringing. *Clocherie, grillotement, reſonnance, tentiſſement.*
Ringing. *Canore.*
A ringleader. *Capitaine, ſeditieux.*
Great iron rings, that faſten the thill-horſe to the cart. *Manuelles, manſelles.*
The Ringtaile. *Blanche-queue, oiſeau de S. Martin.*
A ringworme. *Feu volage, ſichene, impetigine.*
To riot. *Bobanter, ruuder.*
Riot. *Luxe, exces, deſbauche, bobance, bobans.*
A riot. *Rebeine.*
A rioter. *Bobanſier.*
He is a great rioter, *C'eſt vn terrible ſacre.*
Riotous. *Deſbauché, Luxurieux, exceſſif.*
Ripe. *Meur, parcu, parcreu.*
Waxing ripe. *Parcroiſſant.*
Ripely. *Meurement.*
To ripen. *Maturer, meurir, amurir, parcroiſtre; mugotter, migeotter.* ¶ Norm. *Parer du fruict ſur paille.*
Ripened. *Meuri, amuri; mugotté.* ¶ Norm.
Apples ripened in ſtraw. *Pommes parées.*
Ripeneſſe. *Maturité, meureté.*
A ripening. *Maturation, meuriſſon.*
Ripening. *Maturatif, parcroiſſant.*
To ripple. *Deſcendre.*
Rippled. *Deſcouſu.*
A ripper. *Deſcouſtur.*
A ripping. *Deſcouſure.*
A rippier. *Chaſſe mavée.*
To riſe up. *Se lever, s'eſlever, monter.*
To riſe againe. *Reſurgir, remonter, reſulter, ſe reſurdre, reuſſir.*
To riſe off, out, or from. *Naiſtre, ſuſquir; ſourdre.*
To riſe (or ſpring upon.) *Surcroiſtre.*
A riſing upon. *Surcroiſt.*
Riſen. *Levé, monté, eſlevé.*
Riſen again. *Relevé, remonté.*
Riſen of. *Né de.*
Riſen (or ſwolne.) *Boſſé.*
A riſing. *Monté; reſourct; naiſſance, ſourdement.*
A riſing againe. *Reſurrection.*
Riſing. *Montant; naiſſant.*
A round riſing (or ſwelling.) *Boſſe.*
The riſing part of a horſes hair. *Montée.*
Riſing up or from. *Sourdant, ſourdyant.*
A rite. *Ceremonie.*
Rituall. *Ritual, ceremonieux.*
A ribell. *Rival, competiteur en amour.*
To ribe. *Fendre, ſe fendre, crevaſſer.*
Riben. *Fendu, crevaſſé, crevaſſe.*
A riber aſunder. *Fendeur.*
A riving. *Fendement.*
A ribell. *Ride.*
To ribell. *Rider.*
Ribelled. *Ridé, rugueux.*
A riber. *Riviere.*
The ribers ſide. *Rivé, rivage, et en riviere.*
A ſmall riber, or riberet. *Rivotte.*
To ribet. *River.*
Riveted. *Rivé.*
A ribeting. *Rivement, Rivure.*
Riveting. *Rivant.*
A road (for ſhips.) *Rade, ſurgidoire, ſurgidoir.*
To roame. *Roder, vaguer, vanurer, vicarier, vagabonder.*
A roamer. *Rodeur, vagabond.*
That hath roamed all the countrey over. *Qui a radé le païs.*
Roaming up and downe. *Vicariant, vagabondant.*
A roame-horſe. *Cheval couru.*
A roame-horſe with a black face. *Cheval teſte de more.*
To roare. *Rugir, rur, grouiller.*

To **roare** (as the ſea in a ſtorme.) *Gronder, grondeller, grondir.*
A **roarer.** *Rugiſſeur.*
Roaring. *Rugiſſant.*
A **roaring.** *Rugiment, rugiſſement, ruiſſement.*
The top called a **roaring-meg.** *Trombe.*
To **robbe.** Robber, *deſrobber, brigander, deſualiſer,* deſchevancer, *larronner, ribler, filer de la ſoye, ſpolier.*
Robbed. *Deſrobbé, devalisé, deſchevancé.*
A **robber.** *Brigand, robbeur, deſrobbeur, deſcherpilleur, deſtrouſſeur des gens, ribleur, bandouillier, ſpoliateur.*
A Church **robber.** *Sacrilege.*
A **robber** of the Princes, and publique treaſure. *Peculateur.*
A **robberie.** *Robberie, robice, briganderie. Ou comme* a Robbing.
A **robbing.** *Deſvaliſement, furt, larrecin, brigandage, robice.*
A **robbing** of the Princes, or publique treaſure. *Peculat.*
By **robbing** the Princes, or publique treaſure. *Peculativement.*
A **robe.** *Robbe, reveſtement.*
A ſleight **robe** worne looſe. *Manteline.*
Robin-good-fellow. *Gobelin, gribouri, lutton, luyton, lutin.*
A **Robin-red-breaſt.** *Rouge-gorge, rouge-bourſe, gadrille, gadille, gagrille, rubeline, roupie.*
The **Roche** fiſh. *Roſſe.*
Roche-allum. *Alun de glace.*
A **Rochet** (fiſh.) *Rouget, rondelle, roquet.*
(a Biſhops) **rochet.** *Rochet.*
A **rock.** *Roc, roche, rocher, roque, eſcueil.*
A little **rock.** *Roquette.*
A **rock** pigeon. *Colombe, rocherage.*
The **rock** fiſh. *Rochau, canadelle, roſſe, roquan.*
Rocks, or **rockinelle.** *Rochaille.*
A **rock** all of ſtone. *Rochevive.*
A **rocke** or diſtaffe. *Quenouille.*
To **rocke** a child. *Bercer, ou, berſer, un enfant, roequer un enfant, groſſer.*
Rocked. *Bercé, berſé; groſſé.*
Rocket (herbe.) *Roquette.*
Rocket gentle, or garden **rocket.** *Roquette des jardins.*
Wild, or wall **rocket.** *Roquette ſauvage.*
Sea **rocket.** *Cachile.*
Rockie, or of a rock. *Rocher, rochier.*
A **rocking** (of a child.) *Bercement.*
A **rodde.** *Verge.*
A little **rodde.** *Vergette.*
A curtain **rodde.** *Tringle.*
Made of **roddes** or twigs. *Vergé.*
Roddie, full of roddes. *Vergeux, vergeteux.*
A **Roe,** or **roe-buck.** *Chevreau ſauvage, chevreul, dorcade.*
The ſoft **roe** (or milt) of fiſh. *La laictſe de poiſſon.*
The hard **roe** of fiſh. *Les œufs de poiſſon, œuvre ou œuvrance de poiſſon.*
Full (or hard) **roed.** *Oeuvé.*
A hard-**roed** herring. *Hareng aux œufs.*
Rogation weeke, or dayes. *Rogations, roiſſons, ambarvales.*
A **Rogue.** *Baliſtre, maraud, ribauld, guenx, forfan, truand, un gueux de l'oſtiure, gabregeux, berre.*
A nice **rogue.** *Gueuſe, guenze, baliſtreſſe, maraude, truande, ribaulde, ribaudime.*
A lazie counterfeit **rogue.** *Narquois, narquin, calin.*
A tattered and lazie **rogue.** *Caignard, caignardier, un adventurier vagabond.*
A good **rogue.** *Un bon rompu.*
A crue of **rogues.** *Maraudaille, baliſtraille, ribaudaille.*
A naſtie place where **rogues** haunt and lowſe. *Caignart.*
To play the idle **rogue.** *Marauder, caignarder, forſanter, ribaulder.*
To **rogue** it up and downe the countrie. *Roder le pais.*
Roguerie. *Maraudiſe, forſanterie,* natreté, *vice, vilenie, ribauldiſe, villaquerie, ruſtrerie.*
Roguiſh. *Meſchant, vicieux.*
Roguiſhly. *Meſchamment, en maraud, &c.*
To **roiſt,** a **roiſter,** and **roiſting.** *Comme* to Swagger, a ſwaggerer, and a ſwaggering.
A **roiſter.** *Ruſtre.*
Roiſter-like. *Ruſtrement.*
A **roiſting.** *Ruſtrement.*
To **roll** (toſſe, or tumble.) *Sabouler. Voyez* Rowle.
To **roll** the eyes up and downe. *Roder les yeux.*
A **roll** (of paper or parchment.) *Rouleau.*
A **roll** (liſt, or catalogue.) *Liſte, nombrée, nommée, catalogue, roulet, rollet.*
The **rolls.** *Les archifs, archives, treſor des chartes.*
The **roll** (which ſome women weare under their gownes.) *Hauſſe-cul.*
The **roll** wherein the whip of a rudders tiller goes. *Malines, c'eſt une piece de bois large & longue d'un empalm, appliquée ſur le ſtat du gaillar, par ou la barre du timon paſſe.* & Nicot.
Rolls in architecture. *Rouleaux.*
A **rolling** pinne. *Rouleau.*
A **Rode.** *Croiſ, crucifix.*
The **roofe** (of a houſe.) *Toict; faiſte, taudis, teſt, ſommet d'une maiſon.*
A **roofe-tile.** *Faiſtiere, enfeſtau, feſtiere.*
The **roofe** of the mouth. *Le palais de la bouche.*
A **Rooke** (or white bild crow.) *Freux, graillat, graille, graye, grole.*
A **rooke** at cheſſe. *Chaſteau, roc.*
A **Roombe** or point of the (Mariners) Compaſſe. *Rumb.*
Roome. *Place.*
A **roome.** *Chambre.*
A **roome** to eate in. *Refectouer, mangeoir.*
In a little **roome.** *Serément.*
Roomie. *Large, ſpacieux.*
A ſluttiſh **roome.** *Taudis.*
A **rooſt.** *Ioug, juchoir.*
To **rooſt.** *Iouche, ſe jucher.*
Rootable, fit to take **root.** *Enracinable.*
A **roote.** *Racine.*
A ſmall **root.** *Racinette.*
Vp by the **root,** or from the very **roote.** *Radicalement.*
To **root** in a thing; alſo, to **roote,** or take **root.** *Enraciner.*
To **root** with the ſnowt. *Groigner.*
To **roote** up or out. *Eſraciner, deſraciner, extirper, ſupplanter.*
The **root** of a horſes taile. *Cariol, cariolle.*
The **roots** of a vault. *Tas de charge.*
Rooted. *Enraciné.*
A **rooting,** or taking **root.** *Enracinement.*
Rooted up, **rooted** out, or pulled up by the **root.** *Eſraciné, extirpé; ſupplanté.*
Rootie, or full of roots. *Racineux.*
A **rooting** up, **rooting** out, or plucking up by the roote. *Deſracinement, extirpation.*
A **rope.** *Corde.*
Ropes, or ſtuffe to make **ropes.** *Cordage.*
To make **ropes.** *Corder, cordeler.*
To bind, or pack up, alſo, to meaſure with **ropes.** *Corder.*
A cable **rope.** *Chable, table.*
A **rope-ripe,** ripe for the **rope,** or deſerving the **rope.** *Grevolable, releſche de pendu, pendard.*
A danſer, or tumbler on the **ropes.** *Funambule.*
A **rope** of onions. *Liaſſe d'oignons.*
A **roper,** or **rope-maker.** *Cordier.*
To **roze.** *Rugir. Voyez* to Roare.
Ros-ſolis (Sunne-dew, or Youthwort.) *Roſée du ſoleil.*
A **Roſe.** *Roſe.*
Very forward **roſes.** *Roſes d'baſtiveau.*
The **roſe-bay, roſe-laurell, Roſe-bay** tree, or **roſe-tree.** *Oleandre, Roſagene, Nerion, Roſagine, Roſage.*
A little **roſe.** *Roſette.*
The brier, hedge, or wild, **roſe.** *Roſe canine, ou de chien; roſe de buiſſon, roſe ſauvage.*
The Damaske **roſe.** *Roſe incarnate, roſe eſcarlatine.*
Roſe of the mount of Jericho, of Jeruſalem; or our Ladies **roſe.** *Roſe de noſtre Dame, roſe de Jerico, roſe de pierre.*
The province **roſe.** *Roſe de province.*
The red **roſe.** *Roſe framboiſe.*
The double red **roſe.** *Roſe de provins.*
The white muske **roſe.** *Roſe autumnale, roſe damaſquine, roſe de damas, roſe muſcate, ou muſquée.*
The yellow **roſe.** *Roſe jaune.*
The ordinary white **roſe.** *Roſe blanche.*
A **roſe-cake.** *Pain de roſe.*
A **roſe-ſtill.** *Roſaire.*
A **roſe-tree, roſe-buſh,** or **roſe-bzier.** *Roſier.*
Roſe-colour. *Couleur roſaiques.* & Nicot. *Couleur roſeyante.*
Roſe-campion. *Oeillet Dieu.*
A **roſe-noble.** *Noble à la roſe.* (piece d'or.)
Roſe-root, or **roſe-wort** (herbe.) *Racine ſentant les roſes.*
Roſe-water. *Eau de roſe.*
Oile of **roſes.** *Huile roſat.*
A **Roſarie** (or our Ladies pſalter.) *Roſaire.*
Roſie, roſe-like, or belonging to **roſes.** *Roſin, roſat, roſat.*
Roſine. *Reſine, Poiraiſine, Perraiſine, Poix-reſine.*
Full of **roſine.** *Reſineux.*
Roſmarie, or **roſemarie.** *Roſmarin, romarin, roumarin.*
To **roſt.** *Roſtir.*
Roſt, or **roſtmeat.** *Du roſt, roſti, roſty, roſtiſſerie.*
Roſted. *Roſti.*
A **roſter,** or **roſting** cook. *Roſtiſſeur.*

A **rosting**-cookes wife. *Rostisſiere.*
A **rosting**-cookes ſhop. *Rotiſſerie.*
By **rote**. *Par reting.*
To **rott**, or **rot**. *Pourrir, putrifier, tabifier.*
To **rot** unto earth. *S'atterrir.*
The **rot** among ſheep. *Tac.*
Rotten. *Pourri, vermoulu, cadavreux, putrefié, putride, tabifié.*
To grow **rotten**. *Se pourrir, ſe vermoulir.*
A **rotter**. *Pourriſſeur.*
Rottennelle. *Pourriture, putrefaction, vermouliſſure, pourriſſure.*
Full of **rottennelle**. *Putredineux.*
A **rotting**. *Pourris.*
Soone, or ſubject to, **rotting**. *Pourriſſable.*
Rotting inwardly. *Septique.*
Rotunditie. *Rotondité. Voyez* Roundneſſe.
To **rove**. *Ribler.*
A **rover**. *Ribleur.*
A ſea **rover**. *Courſaire, corſaire, pirate, galiot.*
At **rovers**. *Temerairement.*
A **roving**. *Riblerie.*
Roving. *Riblant, à bandon.*
Rough. *Aſpre, raboteux, eſcabreux, ſcabreux, neuchu, rugueux, ſetier, ſevere, tetrique, bairteux, ripilleux, ripeilleux, rude, beriſſé, beriſſonné, berupe, beruppé, grommeleux, roide.*
A growing **rough** with haire. *Horripilation.*
To **rough-caſt**. *Plaquer, creſpir. Voyez* to parget.
Rough-footed. *Pattepelue.*
A **rough-footed** dove. *Pigeon patu.*
Roughly. *Aſprement, rudement, roidement.*
Roughneſſe. *Aſpreté, rabotement, rudeſſe, roidure, rugoſité.*
Round. *Rond, orbiculaire.*
To **round**, or make **round**. *Arrondir.*
The **round** (walked in Garriſons.) *La ronde.*
A **round**. *Spire.*
Round about. *Tout à l'entour.*
Halfe **round**. *Mirond.*
In a **round** compaſſe. *Orbiculairement.*
To turne **round**. *Rondeler, faire la roue, rouër, arrondir.*
A turning **round**. *Rouëment, vn rouër.*
A **round** (or catch ſong.) *Strambot.*
To **round** one in the eare. *S'accoutrer a l'oreille, s'acouter.*
Any little **round** thing (ring, circle.) *Rouëlle, roëlle.*
Rounded, made **round**. *Arrondi.*
A **rounding**, making, or turning **round**. *Arrondiſſement.*
Roundly. *Rondement.*
Roundneſſe. *Rondeur, rotondité.*
To **row** (with oares.) *Ramer.*
A **row** (or rew.) *Rang, ordre, fil, rangée.*
To ſet in a **row**. *Ranger.*
A **row** of trees neere to an houſe. *Marque de bois.*
The **row** of a fiſh. *Voyez.* Roe.
Rowed. *Ramé.*
A **rower**. *Rameur.*
A **rowing**. *Rameure.*
The **rowell** of a ſpurre. *Molette d'eſperon, mollette d'eſperon, moulette d'eperon.*
A **rowell**, or the **rowelling** of a ſtrained horſe. *Seton, ſetton.*
To **rowle**. *Rouler.*
A **rowle**. *Roule, rolle, roole, roulle, roſle.*
Rowled. *Roulé, roolé.*
A **rowler**, or **rowling** ſtone. *Rollon.*
A **rowler** (put under a great ſtone, or piece of timber, to help to remove it.) *Orgueil, taute, tautre.*
A **rowler** (to ſmooth allies with.) *Blontroer, bioutroir.*
A **rowler**, or landgate. *Magdaleon.*
To put a **rowler** under a heavy thing (to remove it.) *Tauter.*
A **rowling**. *Roulement.*
Rowling. *Roulant.*
To **rowſe** up. *Exciter, ebaudir, reſveiller.*
Rowſed up. *Excité, reſveillé.*
A **rowſing** up. *Excitation.*
Rowſing up. *Excitatif.*
To **rowte**. *Voyez* to Snore, or to ſnort.
A **rowte** (or multitude, of men or beaſts.) *Route, herpail, harpail, rebeine, ſecte.*
A **rowte** (or overthrow.) *Route deſfaicte, rompue.*
A **royall**. *Piece d'or valant vingt ſhelins, ou dix francs.*
Royall. *Royal, regal, majeſtueux.*
The **royall** Exchange. *Eſchange royale. Voyez* Exchange.
The **royall** of a ſtag. *Surendouille, ſurentouiller.*
Royally. *Royalement, regalement.*
A **royalties**. *Royauté, majeſté.*
Rubarbe. *Rheubarbe, reubarbe, rhubarbe.*
Monkes **rubarbe**. *Rubarbe des moines.*
To **rubbe**. *Frotter.*
To **rubbe** with a clout. *Sincer.*
To rub gently. *Gallonner, galonner.*
To **rubbe** (in bathing) with little bags of branne. *Saceller.*
To **rubbe** at bowles. *Saulter.*
A **rubbe** at bowles. *Saut.*
Rubbed. *Frotté, gallé.*
Rubbed gently. *Gallonné, galonné.*
A **rubber**, or **rubbing** cloth. *Frottoir.*
A **rubbing**. *Frottement, frottis, frotte.*
Rubbiſh, or **rubble**. *Moilon, moylon, moëlon, mouäillon, deſcombres, materiaux, ſaulmurages.*
Full of **rubbiſh**, or **rubble**. *Moilonneux, moillonneux.*
A filling with **rubbiſh**, or **rubble**. *Repous*
A **Rubie**. *Rubis.*
A ballais **rubie**. *Rubis balay.*
A **rubrick**. *Rubrique.*
The **rudder** of a ſhip. *Le gouvernail, ou, gouvernal d'un navire; le beaume, ou beaumiere.*
The lining or backe of a ſhips **rudder**. *Saffran.*
The **rudder-bands**. *Les attaches du gouvernal.*
Ruddis. *Roux, roux, rouſſe, rouſſet, rouſſelet, rougeaſtre.*
To wax **ruddie**. *Rouſſoyer.*
Very ruddie. *Rubicunde.*
Ruddineſſe. *Rubrication.*
Ruddle (or red marking ſtone.) *Rubriche.*
Marked with **ruddle**. *Rubriché.*
The **ruddock** (apple.) *Pomme de rouveau.*
Rude. *Rude, lourd, gros, ruſtault, rogue, galochier, malavenant, maldiſt, mauſade, maugratieux, malplaiſant, irreſpectueux, irreverent, buré, revéche, rebarbatif, rebours, roide, gothique, malaiſe, ruſtique, ſimple, tetrique.*
A **rude** (curriſh) fellow. *Maſtin.*
A **rude** baggage. *Ruſtaude.*
Rudely. *Rudement, ruſtiquement, à la ruſtique, en ſon lourdois, groſſement, groſſierement, irreveremment, mauſadement, maugratieuſement, roidement, ſimplement.*
To behave himſelfe **rudely**. *Galocher.*
Rudeneſſe. *Rudeſſe, lourderie, ruſticité, ruſtauderie, groſſerie, niaiſeté, mauſadeté, reveſcherie, roideur, maltraictement, ſauvageté, ſimplicité, ſimpleſſe.*
Rue. *Rue.*
Goates **rue**. *Rue de chevre.*
Wall **rue**. *Rue de muraille.*
Wild **rue**. *Rue ſauvage.*
A **ruffe** (fiſh.) *Cerne.*
A **ruffe**, or **ruffe** band. *Fraize.*
A hand **ruffe**. *Manchette.*
(Hand) **ruffe** (at cards.) *Ronfle.*
To play at hand-**ruffe**. *Iouër au ronfle.*
(The game) **ruffe** (at cards.) *La triumphe.*
A **ruffian**. *Ruffien, ruſien, ruffiſque, ribauld, ribaud, ribault, jarnat, ruſtre, enfant de la mate.*
To play the **ruffian**. *Ribaulder, ruffienner, ruſienner.*
Ruffianiſme. *Ruffienerie, ruſienerie, ribauldiſe.*
A **ruffianly** crue. *Ribaudaille.*
To **ruffle** (or diſorder.) *Deshagouler, retouiller.*
Ruffled. *Rebigoulé, godeluré, bouffié, incharbouté.*
A **ruffling** (or buſiburly.) *Mutinerie, mutination.*
A **rugge** (alſo) a **rugge** mantle. *Bernie, mante velue.*
Rugged. *Rugueux, raboteux, ſcabreux, eſcabreux, aſpre, rude, baireux, grommeleux, beriſſé, beriſſonné, ripilleux, ripeilleux.*
Ruggedly. *Aſprement, rudement.*
Ruggedneſſe. *Aſpreté, rugoſité.*
To **ruine**. *Ruiner, ſaccager, mettre à la beſace, mettre à la flas, mettre à neant, tourner à neant, ſubvertir, atterer.*
A **ruine**. *Ruine, ſac, ſubverſion, perdition.*
To come to **ruine**. *Perir.*
The **ruines** of decayed buildings. *Deſcombres, maſures.*
Ruined. *Ruiné, ſaccagé, rué jus, ſubverti, mis à la beſace.*
A **ruiner**. *Ruineur, ſubvertiſſeur.*
A **ruining**. *Ruinement, ſaccagement.*
Ruinous. *Ruineux, caduque.*
To **rule**. *Reigler, regir, regenter, regiſſer, regner, maiſtriſer, moderer, ordonner, gouverner, ſeigneurier.*
Rule. *Gouvernement, maiſtrature, maiſtriſe, regime.*
Chiefe **rule**. *Maiſtere.*
A **rule**. *Reigle, reiglet, canon.*
According to **rule**. *Canoniquement, reiglement.*
Ruled. *Reiglé, regi, regenté, gouverné, regné, maiſtriſé.*
A **ruler** (or governour.) *Regnateur, regent, magiſtrat, reigleur.*
A **ruler** (to rule with.) *Reiglet.*
Rulie. *Moderé.*
Ruling. *Regnant.*
A **ruling**. *Reiglement, reiglure, reiglement, reglure.*
To **rumble** (or make a rumbling noiſe.) *Grouiller, murmonner, rommeler, murmurer, grondeller, bruire.*
To **rumble** (as the guts.) *Gribouiller, grougouler.*

A **rumbler**. *Qui marmotonne.*
A **rumbling**. *Murmurement, bruit, noiſe, ſtrepite.*
A horrible **rumbling**. *Gerbouil, garburge.*
The **rumbling** of the guts. *Gribouillis.*
To **rummage**. *Ruminer, remaſcher.*
Ruminated. *Ruminé, remaſché.*
A **ruminator**. *Ruminateur, remaſcheur.*
A **ruminating**. *Ruminement, remaſchement.*
A **rumour**. *Rumeur, bruit.*
The **rumpe**. *Cropion.*
The **rumpe-evill** (of birds.) *Mal de cropion.*
The upper part of a **rumpe** of beefe. *Cimier, ou, ſimier de beuf.*
To **rumple**. *Foupir.*
Rumpled. *Foupi, godelaré.*
The **rumples** of a garment. *Grippets.*
A **rundle** (or round.) *Spire.*
A **rundlet**. *Petit barillet.*
A **runnagate**. *Vagabond, rodeur.*
A **runnaway**. *Fugitif, transfuge, transfuge.*
To **runne**. *Courrir.*
To **runne** (as water.) *Couler, ruiſſeler.*
To **runne** away. *S'enfuir, prendre la garite, faire gille, ou, gilles.*
To **runne** back. *Recouler.*
To runne his head againſt the doore. *Heurter la teſte contre l'huis.*
To **runne** haſtily. *Vreder, courrir haſtivement.*
To **runne** (or paſſe) over. *Outrepaſſer.*
Runne over. *Outrepaſſé.*
To **runne** haſtily over. *Recourir.*
To **runne** over (as a veſſell) with fulneſſe. *Redonder.*
To **runne** through and through. *Oultrer, oultreperer, tranſperer.*
Runne quite through. *Outré, ouvré, percé d'oultre en oultre.*
To **runne** unto. *Recourir, accourrir.*
To **run** upon. *Se ruer ſur, ou courrir ſus à.*
To **runne** (or draine) out. *Eſcouler.*
Runne out. *Eſcoulé.*
To **runne** over things ſleighely. *Courrir les choſes legierement.*
To **runne** at tilt. *Courrir la lance.*
To **runne** very ſwiftly. *Courrir comme vne raſle.*
To **runne** up and downe. *Roder, courrir les rues, traccaſſer.*
A **runner**. *Courreur.*
The **runner** (or upper ſtone) in a mill. *Surmeule.*
A **running**. *Courement, cours, courſe.*
The **running** of the reines. *Gonorrhée; piſſechaude.*
A **ruptorie**. *Rupture.*
A **ruption**, or **rupture**. *Ruption, rupture, rompture, rompure.*
A **rupture** within the cods. *Hergne, hernie.*
That hath a **rupture** (or is burſt.) *Hernié, hergneux.*
Rupture-wort. *Herniaire, herbe au Turc, hermole.*
Rurall. *Rural.*
Rurall worke. *Ruſtication.*
Rurall proviſion or ſtuffe. *Ruſtiquerie.*
A **ruſh**. *Rouche, jonc, jonc aqu.*
The pole **ruſh**, mat **ruſh**, fraile or panier **ruſh**, or great water bull-**ruſh**. *Jonc à cabas.*
The ſweet **ruſh**. *Jonc odorant.*
The ſea **ruſh**. *Jonc Marin.*
The (ſmooth) marſh **ruſh**. *Jonc matiſc, jono de marez.*
To ſtrew (or worke) with **ruſhes**. *Joncher.*
Strewd with **ruſhes**. *Jonché.*
A ſtrewer of **ruſhes**. *Joncheur.*
A bundle of **ruſhes**. *Jonchée.*
Alſo, a place ſtrewed with **ruſhes** (or flowers, graſſe, or herbes,) *Jonchée.*
A ſtrewing with **ruſhes**, &c. *Jonchement.*
To **ruſh** in. *Se Ruër.*
To **ruſh** upon. *Se ruër ſus.*
Ruſhie, or full of **ruſhes**. *Jonchu.*
Ruſſet. *Rouſſet.*
A **ruſſetin** apple. *Rouſſette.*
Ruſt. *Roüille.*
Ruſt of iron. *Ferruginoſité.*
To **ruſt**. *Se rouiller.*
Ruſtie, full of ruſt. *Rouillé.*
Ruſtineſſe. *Rouillure, rouille.*
Ruſticall. *Ruſtique, rural, rude.*
Ruſtically. *Ruſtiquement.*
To behave himſelfe **ruſtically**. *Galocher.*
Ruſticitie. *Ruſticité, ruſtauderie.*
The **ruſtling** noiſe (of armour, or armed men) in a battaile. *Vacarme.*
A **ruſtling**. *Strepite.*
The **rutt** of Deere, or Bores. *Ruit, rut.*
A **ruts** (or rout.) *Route.*
The **rutt** made by a cart wheele. *Orne, orniere.*
Full of **ruts**. *Ornier.*
The **ruts** of carts or waggons. *La renie.*
A **Ruttier**. *Routier.*
Ruthfull. *Miſerable.*
Ruthfully. *Miſerablement.*
Rye (corne.) *Seigle.*

S

THe **Sabbath**, or **Sabbath** day. *Le Sabat, ou jour du Sabat (aux juifs le Samedi; mais à nous Chreſtiens) le Dimanche à jour de repos.*
Of the **Sabbath**. *Sabatique.*
To keep the **Sabbath**. *Sabatiſer.*
Sable. *Sable, (noir, en blaſon) La fourrure ainſi nommé; ou, martes ſebellines, ſoubelines, ſoublines, ou ſubelines.*
Furred with **ſables**. *Sablé.*
Sacerdotall. *Sacerdotal.*
A **ſachell**. *Sachet, beſace.*
A **ſack**. *Sac, benne.*
A little **ſack**. *Saccoche, ſollicule.*
A **ſack** of wooll. *Sac de laine, lequel communement contient, cinquant deux livres.*
A **ſack-cloth**. *Haire.*
Like **ſack-cloth**. *Haireux.*
Sack (wine.) *Vin d'Eſpagne, vin ſec.*
To **ſack** (countries or cities.) *Sacager, ſacquer, ſacmenter, mettre à ſac, ſaccamenter.*
Sacked. *Saccagé, ſacmenté, ſacquementé.*
A **ſacking**. *Sac, ſaccagement, ſacquement.*
Sacking. *Saccageux.*
A **Sacrament**. *Sacrement.*
Sacramentaries. *Sacramentaires.*
Sacred. *Sacré, beat, ſainct.*
To make **ſacred**. *Beatifier.*
Sacredly. *Sainctement.*
A **ſacrifice**. *Sacrifice, boſtie, immolation.*
Sacrificatorie, of, or belonging to, **ſacrifice**. *Sacrificatoire.*
To **ſacrifice**, or offer **ſacrifice**. *Sacrifier, immoler.*
Sacrificed, offered in ſacrifice. *Sacrifié, immolé.*
A **ſacrifier**, or **ſacrifying** Prieſt. *Sacrificateur.*
Sacrilege. *Sacrilege.*
Alſo a **ſacrilegious** perſon. *Sacrilege.*
Sacrilegiouſly. *Sacrilegement.*
Sad. *Morne, triſte, marri, ſaturnien, aggraſté, melancholique, reposé.*
Sad of look. *Halebrené, hulbrené.*
To make **ſad**. *Attriſter.*
Made **ſad**. *Attriſté.*
To be, or become **ſad**. *S'attriſter, ſe marrir, ſe melancholier.*
Sadneſſe. *Triſteſſe, marriſſon, melancholie.*
A **ſaddle**. *Selle.*
A park-**ſaddle**. *Baſt.*
To **ſaddle** a horſe. *Seller un cheval.*
A **ſaddle-tree**. *Fuſt de ſelle.*
A **ſaddle-bow**. *Arçon.*
Saddled. *Sellé.*
A **Saddler**. *Sellier, ſellier lormier.*
To **Sade**. *Reſſaſier, raſſaſier.*
Saded. *Raſſaſié, reſſaſié.*
Safe. *Sauf, ſauve, ſeur.*
A **ſafe** keeping. *Sauvement.*
A **ſafe-conduct**. *Sauf-conduict.*
A **ſafe-guard**. *Sauvegarde, ſalut, defenſe, protection.*
The **ſafeguard** of. *Salutaire.*
A womans **ſafeguard**. *Surcot.*
Safely. *Sauvement, à main ſauve.*
Safety. *Sauveté, ſalut, ſeureté, ſureté.*
Saffron. *Du ſaffran.*
Wild or baſtard **ſaffron**. *Saffran baſtard, ou ſauvage.*
Seaſoned or coloured with **ſaffron**. *Saffrané.*
A ſeller of **ſaffron**. *Saffranier, ſaffrenier.*
A **ſaffron-field**, (or ground ſowed with Saffron.) *Saffraniere.*
A **Sagbut**. *Sarbatane, ſarbatane, ſerbatane.*
Sage (herbe.) *La ſaulge, ſauge.*
Sage royall, ſmall or common **ſage**. *Saulge franche, ou petite.*
Great **ſage**, broad **ſage**. *Grande ſaulge.*
Wood **ſage**, wild **ſage**. *Saulge de bois, ſaulge ſauvage.*
Seaſoned with **ſage**, full of **ſage**. *Saulgé, ſaugé.*
Capon ſauce made of **ſage**. *La ſaulgé.*
Sage of Hieruſalem. *Herbe aux poulmons, poulmonaire.*
Sage (or wiſe.) *Sage.*
Pretie and **ſage**. *Saget. Voyez* Wiſe.
Sagely. *Sagement.*
Sagenille. *Sageſſe.*
Sagie, full of **ſage**. *Saugé, ſaulgé.*
Sagittaris. *L'archer, ſagittaire, un des 12 ſignes celeſtes.*
To **ſaid**. *Dire.*
Said. *Dit. Voyez* to Say.
To **ſaile**. *Naviger, ſingler.*
To **ſaile** back. *Renaviger.*
To **ſaile** into the maine. *Singler en haute mer.*
A **ſaile**. *Voile, aiſſi, navire.*
To hoiſe up **ſaile**. *Hauſſer voile, faire voile, deſployer les voiles.*
To ſtrike **ſaile**. *Caler les voiles, abbaiſſer les voiles, amainer les voiles.*

The top **ſaile**. *Trinquet.*
The mizen **ſaile**. *Artemon, baſſenne, terzerol.*
The **ſaile-yard** (of a ſhip.) *Verge, antenne, les antines.*
To bear a high **ſaile**. *Voler de haulte aile.*
Saileable. *Navigable.*
Sailed. *Navigé, finglé.*
Sailed back. *Renavigé.*
A **Sailer**. *Marinier, matelot, nautonnier, beſpalier, mouche.*
A **Sailing**. *Navigation, navigage, finglement, finglée, finglage, fingleure.*
Sailing. *Singlant.*
A **Saint**. *Sainct, Saint.*
A ſhee **ſaint**. *Saincte.*
Saint-like. *Sainctelot.*
A **ſaints-bell**. *Martinet, ſonnette.*
Sake, For my **ſake**. *Pour l'amour de moy.*
For your **ſake**. *Pour l'amour de vous.*
For his **ſake**. *Pour l'amour de luy.*
A **Saker** (hawke, or piece of artillerie ſo called.) *Sacre.*
A **ſaker** paſſenger. *Hynaire.*
Salable. *Vendible, venal, veniable.*
Salably. *Venalement.*
Salableneſſe, or a being **ſalable**. *Venalité.*
A **ſalade** (or head-piece.) *Salade.*
A **ſalade** (or ſallet) of herbes. *Salade vinaigrette.*
A **Salamander**. *Salamandre, ſalmandre, alterenne, ſourd, That, Mirtil, Arraſade; muron.* ¶ Norm.
Salarie. *Salaire. Voyez* Wages, Hire.
A **ſale**. *Vente, venditian, venduë.*
To ſet, or expoſe to **ſale**. *Mettre en vente, vendre.*
Made **ſale** of, or ſet to **ſale**. *Mis en vente, vendu.*
A **ſallet**. *Comme* a Salade.
A **ſallet-diſh**. *Sauſſiere.*
Saligot. *Saligot, noix aquatique.*
To **ſallie**. *Saillir, ſortir.*
A **ſallie**. *Saillie, ſaillier.*
Sallow (of colour, or hue.) *Tanné, tanné, terni, baſanné.*
A **ſallow** (colour.) *Terniſſure.*
To wax **ſallow**. *Se terniz.*
The **ſallow** tree. *Sabuc; ſaulx, ſaule.*
A **Salmon**. *Saulmon.*
A female **ſalmon**. *Beecard.*
A little **ſalmon**, or **ſalmon** troute. *Petit ſaulmon, ſaumoneau, ſaulmouniere, ou, truite ſaulmonniere, tacon.*
A great **ſalmon** troute. *Saulmonée.*
Salt. *Sel.*
Bay-**ſalt**. *Sel commun.*
To **ſalt**, or ſeaſon with **ſalt**. *Saller, ſaulpoudrer, ſaupoudrer.*
Saltage. *Salage.*
A ſellor, or low roome to keep **ſalt** in. *Salorge, ſallorge.*
A garner for **ſalt**. *Salin.*
A trencher **ſalt**. *Saliere.*
Salted. *Salé, ſaulpoudré, ſaupoudré.*
A **Salter**. *Saulnier, ſannier, ſaunier.*
Saltie. *Salſugineux, ſalſitif.*
Saltiſh. *Salé.*
A **ſalting** (or ſeaſoning with ſalt.) *Salure, ſalture.*
Salting ſeaſoning with ſalt.) *Salant.*
A **ſalting** tubbe. *Saloir, ſalloir, ſalouer.*
Salt-making, or trading for ſalt. *Salaiſon.*
Saltneſſe. *Salſitude, ſalſature, ſalage.*
Extreme **ſaltneſſe** of ſoile. *Senſouire.*
Salt-meats. *Salaures.*
Salt things. *Salage.*
Salt-peter. *Salpeſtre, aphronitre.*
Candied **ſalt-peter**. *Salnitre.*
Full of **ſalt peter**. *Salpeſtreux.*
Made, or mixed with **ſalt-peter**. *Salpeſtré.*
A **ſalt-peter-man**, or **ſaltpeter-maker**. *Salpeſtrier.*
A **ſalt-pit**, or **ſalt-houſe**. *Saline.*
A **ſalt-ſeller** (for the table.) *Saliere.*
A **ſalt-ſhop**. *Saulnerie.*
Salt-wort. *Salicor, ſalicorne.*
Salvation. *Salvation, ſalut.*
A **ſalve**. *Onguent, medicament.*
An eye-**ſalve**. *Collyre.*
A **ſalve** (ſpread on leather, and hard rowled up. *Magdaleon d'emtract.*
To **ſalve**. *Medicamenter, mediciner.*
Salved. *Mediciné.*
A **ſalving**. *Medicinement, medication.*
Salving. *Medicamenteux.*
To **ſalute**. *Saluër.*
A **ſalutation**. *Salutation, ſaluäde, ſalut.*
Saluted. *Salué.*
A **ſaluter**. *Saluëur.*
The **ſame**. *Meſme.*
Sampire, rock **ſampire** *Bacille, baſſille, fenouil marin, baſille, bazilles, herbe de S. Pierre.*
A **Sample**, a **Sampler**. *Exemplaire, example, patron.*
To **ſanctifie**. *Sanctifier.*
Sanctified. *Sanctifié, ſacré, ſainct.*
A **ſanctifier**. *Sanctificateur.*
Sanctification. *Sanctification.*
A **ſanction** (or law eſtabliſhed.) *Sanction. Voyez* a Decree.
Sanctitie. *Sainctteté.*
A **ſanctuarie**. *Sanctuaire, Aſyle.*
Sand. *Arene, ſable, ſablon; grave, greve.*
A **ſand-pit**, **ſand-bed**, or **ſandie** plot. *Sablonnier.*
The **ſands** (or ſea ſhore.) *Gravage de la mer.*
A quick-**ſand**. *Sablon mouvant.*
A ſhelfe of **ſand** (appearing above water.) *Aſſabliſſement.*
Sand-blind. *Berluë.*
Made **Sand-blind**. *Berlué.*
The being **ſand-blind**. *Berluëment.*
A **ſandell**. *Sandale.*
Sandeber. *Suin de verre.*
Sandie. *Sablonneux, ſabuleux.*
Sanguine. *Sanguin.*
Sanguinolent. *Sanguinolent.*
Sanicle, or **ſantheil**. *Sanicle, ſaniclet, ſenicle.*
Great **ſanicle**. *Pied de lion.*
The veine **Saphena** (or mother veine) *Saphene.*
Saphicks, or **ſaphick** verſes. *Saphiques.*
A **Saphire** (ſtone.) *Saphir, ſapphir.*
Sapience. *Sapience, ſageſſe. Voyez* Wiſdom.
The **ſappe** (or ſofteſt part of wood.) *Oubier.*
Sappe. *Humeur, ſuc, purée, ſeve, ſaive, ſave.*
Sappie. *Humide, humoral, ſucculent, ſucculent, ſeveux.*
Sappineſſe. *Humidité.*
A **Sardell**, or **Sardine** (fiſh.) *Sardelle; ou comme* a Pilchard.
A **Sardonix** (ſtone.) *Sardoine, camayeu.*
A **Sargeant**, or **ſarjant**. *Comme* Sergeant.
A **ſarpiler** (or canvas wrapper.) *Sarpillere, ſarpilliere, ſerpilliere, ſerpellier.*
To pack up in one. *Serpiller.*
Sarraſines conſound. *Conſoulde ſarraſine.*
Saſſa-perilla. *Saſſeparille.*
To **ſatiate**. *Saouler, aſſouvir, raſſaſier, reſſaſier.*
Satiate, **ſatiated**. *Saoul, ſaoulé, aſſouvi, raſſaſié, reſſaſié.*
A **ſatiating**. *Raſſaſiement, ſaoulement.*
Satiette. *Satieté, ſaouleté, ſaoulure, ſaoul.*
Satin. *Satin.*
Satinico (ſtuffe.) *Samy.*
Satin ſtriped, or purfled with Gold. *Brocar.*
Figured **ſatin**. *Velours à fond de ſatin pourfilé.*
Satin of Ciprus. *Oſtade.*
A **ſatisfaction**. *Satisfaction, payement; ſuffiſance, reparation.*
With good **ſatisfaction**. *Suffiſamment.*
Ill **ſatisfaction**. *Meſcontentement.*
To give ill **ſatisfaction**. *Meſcontenter.*
To give **ſatisfaction** for a wrong done. *Reparer vne injure.*
To make **ſatisfaction** for. *Reſtablir.*
A making **ſatisfaction** for. *Reſtabliſſement.*
A preacher of **ſatisfaction**. *Satisfactionnaire.*
Satisfactorie. *Satisfactoire.*
To **ſatisfie**. *Satisfaire, payer; ſuffire, raſſaſier, reſſaſier.*
Satisfied. *Satisfait, payé; repeu, raſſaſié, reſſaſié.*
To be ill **ſatisfied** with. *Se meſcontenter de.*
A **ſatistying**. *Raſſaſiement.*
Satisfying. *Satisfaictoire.*
Saturitie. *Saturité. Voyez* Fulneſſe.
Saturne. (*La planete*) *Saturne*; (*aux Alchimiſtes*) *Plomb.*
Saturday. *Samedi.*
A **Satyre**. *Satyre.*
Satyrical. *Satyric.*
Satyrion. *Satyrion, ſatirion, ſatyrium.*
Savage. *Sauvage, reveſche, garou, mibrutal.*
Savagely. *Sauvagement.*
Savagenelſe. *Sauvageté, reveſcherie.*
Sauce. *Sauce, ſaulce, ſaulſe.*
To **ſauce**, or ſeaſon with **ſauce**. *Saucer, ſaulſer.*
A ſharpe or taſt **ſauce**. *Saupiquet, ſaulpiquet.*
A **ſaucer**. *Sauſſiere, ſaulſiere.*
A little **ſaucer**. *Sauſſerette, ſaulſeron.*
A **Sauciage**. *Sauciſſe, ſaulciſſe, ſaulſiſſe.*
A little **ſauciage** (or livering.) *Saulciſſon.*
A **ſauciage-maker**. *Saulſiſſier, ſauſiſſier.*
A Bolonia **ſauciage**. *Sauciſſe de Bologne.*
Saucie. *Friand, rouge, accreſté. Voyez* Sauſie.
To **ſave**. *Sauver, preſerver, conſerver, defendre, garder, proteger.*
Saved. *Sauvé, preſervé, conſervé, gardé, protegé, ſauf.*
A **ſaver**. *Sauveur, conſervateur.*
A **ſaving**. *Salvement.*
Saving that. *Sauf que, hormis que, ſinon que.*
The **Savine** tree (or ſhrub.) *Savinier, ſabine.*

A **Sauiour.** *Sauveur, conſervateur.*
Sault. *Chaud, en chaleur.*
A **ſault** bitch. *Liciſque orgooſe.*
Sauorie (herbe.) *Savorée, ſariette, ſerriette, ſatureige, ſadrée, ſadariege.*
Winter **ſauorie.** *Sariette d'Angleterre.*
A **ſauour.** *Saveur, gouſt, odeur, ſenteur.*
To **ſauour.** *Savourer, gouſter, ſentir, reſavourer.*
An evill **ſauour.** *Graveolence, puanteur, puantiſe.*
Sauoured. *Savouré, gouſté.*
A **ſauouring.** *Sentement, ſentiment.*
Sauourie. *Savoureux, ſavouré.*
Sauourily. *Savoureuſement.*
Sauſe, ſauſer, ſauſidge. *Comme* Sauce, ſaucer, and ſaucidge.
Sauſie. *Friand, rogue, accreſté.*
A **ſauſie** fellow. *Marmiton, ruſtre, pautonnier, marpaut, manſche de lippée, fripe-lippe.* ¶ Rabl.
To play the **ſauſie** rogue. *Marmitonner.*
A **ſauſie** quean. *Mieureſſe, pautonniere.*
To grow **ſauſie.** *S'accreſter.*
Sauſily. *Friandement, roguement, ruſtrement.*
Sauſineſſe. *Pautonnerie, ruſtrerie.*
I **ſaw.** *Ie voyoy, L'imperfect du verbe* to See.
A **ſaw.** *Scie, ſie.*
A little **ſaw.** *Scitte, ſiette.*
To **ſaw.** *Sier, ſcier, ſeccer.*
Sawed. *Sié.*
Saw-duſt. *Sciage, ſieure, ſciure.*
A **ſawer,** or **ſawyer.** *Sceur, ſieur.*
A **ſawing.** *Siement, ſieure, ſciage.*
Saxifrage. *Saxifrage, rompierre, rompepierre, percepierre, perſepierre.*
Great, white **ſaxifrage.** *Saxifrage grande, ſaxifrage blanche, rompierre blanche.*
Golden **ſaxifrage.** *Saxifrage dorée, rompierre dorée.*
To **ſay.** *Dire.*
To **ſay** againſt. *Contredire.*
To **ſay** no. *Nier, dire non, refuſer.*
Say (ſtuffe.) *Seyette.*
Sayd. *Dict, dit.*
Sayd againſt. *Contredict.*
Sayd nay. *Nié.*
A **ſaying.** *Dict, dire.*
The **ſcab,** or **ſcabbe.** *Scabie.*
A drie **ſcab.** *Galle.*
The running **ſcab.** *Malmort.*
The wild **ſcabbe.** *Galle S. Main, mal S. Main, ou de S. Main, mal de S. Raphine, Maladie S. Main.*
The **ſcab** of ſheep. *Clavelée, claveau.*
Scabbie, ſcabbed. *Scabieux, galleux, rongneux, malingre, roigneux; clavelé.*
Scabbineſſe. *La rongne, roigne, mal S. Roch, ſcabie.*
Scabbineſſe among ſheep, or of horſes legs. *Clavelée.*
A **ſcabbard.** *Fourreau.*
A **ſcabbard-maker.** *Fourrelier.*
Scabious (herbe.) *Scabieuſe.*
Scab-wort. *Helaine.*
A **ſcaffold.** *Chaſſault, eſchaffault, eſcharſaud, eſcharſaut, eſchafaudis, bourd.* ¶ Pic.
To build **ſcaffolds,** to preſent on a **ſcaffold.** *Eſchafaulder, erchafauder.*
Built into a **ſcaffold,** preſented on a **ſcaffold, ſcaffolded.** *Eſchafaudé, eſcharſaudé.*
A **ſcaffolding.** *Eſchaffaudage, eſchafaudage.*
A **ſcalado,** or **ſcaling** (of a place.) *Eſcalade.*
To **ſcald.** *Eſchauder.*
Scalded. *Eſchaudé.*
Scald-pated. *Teigneux.*
A **ſcalding.** *Eſchaudure.*
Scalding hot. *Eſchaubouillant.*
A **ſcale.** *Scalle, eſcbellette, eſcalle.*
The **ſcale** of a fiſh. *Eſcaille, tain.*
Scales. *Scammes.*
Scales in the head. *Finfreluches.*
The **ſcales** of iron. *Batitures de fer.*
The **ſcales** of a hawkes legs. *Tablettes.*
The **ſcale** of a ballance. *Le baſſin d'une balance.*
Little **ſcales** of broken bones. *Souilles d'os.*
A chirurgions inſtrument to **ſcale** bones. *Rugine.*
To **ſcale** a bone. *Ruginer vn os.*
To **ſcale** (or take by Scalado.) *Eſcaller, eſcheller.*
To **ſcale,** or doe off **ſcales.** *Eſcailler.*
Scaled. *Eſcallé, eſcaladé, eſchellé; auſſi, eſcaillé.*
Scalie, full of **ſcales.** *Eſcailleux.*
A **ſcaler.** *Eſcailleur.*
A **ſcaling.** *Eſchellement, eſcalade; eſcaillement, eſcailleure.*
A **ſcallion.** *Oignonnette, oignon ſectil, oignon fendu, ſive.*
The hairie **ſcalpe.** *Pericraine; tain, teſt, teſts.*
Scamblingly. *Griffe-graffe.*
Scammonie. *Scammonée, ſcammonie.*
A **ſcandale.** *Scandale.*
To **ſcandalize.** *Scandaliſer.*
Scandalous. *Scandaleux.*
Scant, or **ſcantie.** *Eſcars, guere, eſchars, clerſemé, rare.*
Scantly. *Eſcarcement, eſcharſement, rarement.*
Scantneſſe. *Eſcharceté, eſcarſeté, rarité, tenuité.*
A **ſcantling.** *Meſure, monſtre.*
To **ſcape.** *Eſchapper.*
A **ſcape.** *Eſchappée.*
Scaped. *Eſchappé. Voyez* to Eſcape.
Scarce. *Eſchars, eſcars, guere, clerſemé.*
Scarcely. *Eſcharſement; auſſi, difficilement, à peine, à grand peine.*
Scarceneſſe, or **ſcarcitie.** *Eſcharceté, eſcharſeté, penurie, ſouffrance, ſouffrette.*
To **ſcare.** *Aburir, effrayer, effroyer. Voyez* to Affright.
A **ſcare-crow.** *Eſpouventail, eſpouventaire, redoubtillon, vedoutillon, chapitreur de foin.*
To **ſcarifie.** *Scarifier.*
Scarified. *Scarifié.*
A **ſcarification,** or **ſcarifying.** *Scarification.*
A **ſcarificator,** or **ſcarifier.** *Scarificateur.*
Scariole (or broad leaved Endive.) *Scariole, ſcariotte.*
Scarlet. *Eſcarlate.*
Scarlet of colour. *Phenicé.*
Scarlet in graine. *Migraine.*
The **ſcarlet** oake. *Herbe d'eſcarlate, yeuſe, byeuſe.*
A **ſcarre.** *Cicatrice.*
To **ſcarre,** make a **ſcarre,** or heale u to a **ſcarre.** *Cicatriſer, cicatricer.*
Scarred, full of **ſcarres.** *Cicatriſé, cicatricé.*
Scarſe, ſcarſely, &c. *Comme* Scarce, Scarcely, &c.
A **ſcatchbitt.** *Eſcache, ſcace, mords en haye, mords à botte.*
Scatches (or ſtilts.) *Eſchaſſes.*
A goer on **ſcatches.** *Eſchaſſeur, eſchaſſier.*
A **ſcate** fiſh. *Hal.*
To doe **ſcath** unto. *Endommager, offendre, offencer, offenſer.*
Scath. *Dommage, offence, offenſe.*
To **ſcatter.** *Eſpardre, reſouldre, reſpandre, reſpardre, repandre.*
Scattered. *Eſpars, reſpandu.*
A **ſcattering.** *Reſpandement.*
A **ſcabinger.** *Boueur; Gadouard.*
Scauld-pated. *Teigneux.*
The ſcurſe or **ſcauld** pate. *Teigne.*
A **Scedule.** *Scedule, cedule; minute, ſchedule.*
Scene. *Scene.*
A **Sceptor.** *Sceptre; marotte.*
To wield, or ſway the **ſcepter.** *Regner.*
ſchiſme, or **ſchiſmatick, &c.** *Comme* A Sciſme, and Sciſmatick.
Scholaſticall, ſcholler-like. *Scholaſtique.*
A **ſcholiaſte** (or gloſſer on a text.) *Scholiaſte.*
A **ſcholler.** *Eſcolier, eſtudiant.*
A good **ſcholler.** *Vn homme docte.*
A meane **ſcholler.** *Eſcolaſtre.*
Schollarſhip. *Doctrine.*
Schollerſhip, or **ſchollerlineſſe,** the being a **ſcholler,** or place of a **ſcholler.** *Scholarité.*
A **ſchoole.** *Eſcole, eſcholle.*
A **ſchoole** of meane Grammer ſchollers. *Grimauderie.*
The Rector, or chiefe Maiſter of a **ſchoole.** *Eſcholaſtre, eſcolaſtre, ſcholaſtique.*
Schooling, or **ſchoole-hire.** *Eſcolage, eſcholage.*
A **ſchoole-maiſter.** *Maiſtre d'eſchole, Pedagogue.*
The **Sciatica.** *Sciatique, la goutte ſciatique.*
The **ſciatica** veine. *Veine ſciatique.*
Science. *Science, art.*
Scientificall. *Scientifique.*
A **ſcion** (or young tender plant, or ſhute.) *Scion, ſion.*
Pull of **ſcions.** *Sciomeux.*
Sciſmaticall. *Sciſmatique.*
A **Sciſmatique.** *Sciſmatique.*
To play the **ſciſmatick,** or raiſe a **ſciſme.** *Sciſmatiſer.*
A **ſciſme.** *Sciſme, ſchiſme.*
To **ſcoffe** at. *Se mocquer, en moquer; goſſer, rejaxner, mocher.*
A **ſcoffe.** *Goſſe, mocquerie, mot.*
A nipping **ſcoffe.** *Sarcaſme.*
Scoffed. *Goſſé, mocqué.*
A **ſcoffer.** *Goſſeur, mocqueur, gebeleux, mime, tabureau.*
A **ſcoffing.** *Goſſerie, mocquerie.*
To **ſcold,** a **ſcold, &c.** *Voyez* to Scould, a Scould, &c.
The **Scolopendria.** *Scolopendre; Ophioſcene.*
A **ſconſe** (or ſtrong hold.) *Voyez* a Fort, a Fortreſſe.

A **Sconce.** *Lanterne ; & (improprement) la teſte.*

To **sconse.** *Punir par multe, ou amende pecuniaire.*

A **scope** (to lade or fetch up water.) *Hauſſe.*

The **scope** of a matter. *Le but où l'on viſe, le rendez-vous d'un affaire.*

Free **scope.** *Bandon.*

To **scorch.** *Griller, havir, treſaler.*

To ſcorch in the ſunne. *Haler, haſler.*

Scorched. *Grillé, havi, treſalé, reſſoré.*

Scorched in the ſun. *Haſlé, hallé.*

A **scorching.** *Grillement.*

The **scorching** heate of the ſun. *Haſle, hale, halitre.*

Scorching. *Treſalant.*

Scorches (on the legs, with ſitting too neere the fire.) *Maqueretaux.*

Scordium (or water Germander.) *Scordion.*

A **score.** *Taille.*

To **score.** *Mettre ſur la taille.*

A **score** (in number.) *Vingt, vne vingtaine, Et de là.*

Three-**score.** *Soixante.*

Foure-**score.** *Quatre vingts.*

Foure-**score** and ten. *Quatre vingts & dix.*

To **scorne.** *Deſdaigner.*

Scorne. *Deſdain, meſpris.*

Scorned. *Deſdaigné.*

A **scorning.** *Deſdaignement.*

Scornfull. *Deſdaigneux, goguelu, orgueilleux.*

A **scornfull** dame. *Deſdaigneuſe, meſpriſereſſe.*

Scornfully. *Deſdaigneuſement, orgueilleuſement.*

A **Scorpion.** *Scorpion, Alcharatle.* ¶ Rabl.

A winged **Scorpion.** *Melichore, Scorpion volant.*

The ſea **Scorpion.** *Scorpion de mer.*

Scorpion-wort, or **Scorpion-graſſe.** *Scorpiaire, herbe aux Scorpions, oreille de lievre.*

A **Scot**, or **scottiſh-man.** *Eſcoſſois.*

Scotland. *Eſcoce.*

A **scot** (or ſhot.) *Eſcot.*

Scot and lot. *Taille, ſubſide, droicts qu'un paye au Roy, ou au public.*

Scot-free. *Sans payer ſon eſcot, ou ſa part ; impuni.*

Scotomie (ſwimming or dizzineſſe in the head.) *Scotome, vertige, vertigineuſité.*

A **scotvell.** *Eſcouillon. Voyez* a Maulkin.

To **scould.** *Harauder, hutiner, rioter, noiſer, cauſer.*

A **scould.** *Oriſſe, femme rioteuſe, ritalde, cauſereſſe.*

A **scoulding.** *Hutin, hutinement, riote, noiſe.*

Ever **scoulding.** *Tempeſtatif.*

To **scoule.** *Se renfrongner.*

Scouling. *Renfrongné.*

A **scouling** (or lowring) huſwife. *Rifage.*

A **scoundrell.** *Maraud, gavache, halleſeſſier, gabgregeux, vaultreant, nebulon, hangeard, rien-ne-vault, ribauld, ribaud, ribant.*

A ſhitten, ſtinking **scoundrell.** *Sallebrenant.*

Scoundrells. *Trainquenailles.*

Young **scoundrells.** *Marmaille.*

A packe of baſe **scoundrells.** *Vilenaille, canaille. Voyez* a Crue.

A ſlothfull **scoundrell.** *Caignard, caignardier.*

Scoundrelliſme. *Maraudaille.*

To **scoure.** *Eſcurer, nettoyer, regrater.*

Scoured. *Eſcuré, nettoyé, regraté.*

A **scourer.** *Eſcureur, regrateur, regratier.*

A **scouring.** *Eſcurage, regratement, interpolation.*

A **scouring-sticke** (of a gun.) *Baguette d'arquebuſe.*

To **scourge.** *Fouëtter, fuſtiguer, fuſtiger.*

A **scourge.** *Fouët, eſcourgée.*

Scourged. *Fouetté, fuſtigué.*

A **scourger.** *Fouetteur.*

A **scourging.** *Fouettement, fouettade, fuſtigation.*

To **scourse.** *Changer, troquer, barder.*

Scoursed. *Changé.*

A horſe **scourser.** *Maquignon.*

To **scouke.** *Se tapir.*

Scouked. *Tapi.*

A **scouking.** *Tapiſſement.*

Skouking. *En tapinois, tapiſſant.*

A **scoute.** *Eſchanguetteur.*

A **scrag**, or leane **scrag.** *Megrelin, migrelin.*

Scraggis leane. *Cadavreux, linge, deſcharné, haireux, fort maigre, megre, mingrelet.*

Scraggily. *Fort maigrement.*

To **scrall**, or **scribble.** *Griffonner.*

To **scrall** (or ſtirre.) *Grouiller, grailler.*

To **scramble** up. *Grimper.*

A **scrambler.** *Grimpeur.*

A **scrambling** up. *Grimpement.*

To **scrape.** *Grater, grafigner, graphigner, gratigner, gratter, rucler, galler.*

A **scrape.** *Gratture.*

To **scrape** out. *Rayer, obliterer.*

Scraped. *Graté, graphigné, gratigné, raclé, gallé.*

Scraped out. *Rayé, obliteré.*

A **scraping.** *Grat, gratture, gratement, grattement.*

A (wretched) **scrape-good.** *Caguemaille, caguereſſe, caquedac, ſerargent. Voyez* a pinch pennie.

Scrappes. *Reliques, miettes, miettes, fragments.*

To **scratch.** *Grafigner, graphigner, grater, gratigner, gratter, galler.*

A **scratch.** *Gratture, griffade, englade.*

Scratched. *Graphigné, graté, gratigné, gratté, gallé.*

The **scratches** (in a horſes legs.) *Grappes.*

A **scratching.** *Grat, gratement, gratiement, gratture.*

To **screake**, or **screke.** *Crier, criailler.*

Screaked. *Crié, criaillé.*

A **screaking.** *Criérie, glavoir, clangueur.*

Screaking. *Clangueux.*

A **screne.** *Eſcroin, eſcran.*

A **scribe.** *Scribe, eſcrivain, notaire, ſcripteur.*

To **scribble** (faſt and ill.) *Griffonner.*

Scribled. *Eſcrivaillé.*

A **scribbler.** *Eſcrivailleur.*

A **scribbling.** *Eſcrivaillerie.*

A **scrippe.** *Beſace, maucault, magault, maſcault, magault.*

A ſhepheards **scrippe.** *Malette de berger, pautonniere, pantoniere.*

Scripture. *Eſcripture, eſcriture.*

The holy **scripture.** *La ſaincte eſcripture.*

A **scritch-owle.** *Freſaye, frezaye, ſtryge.*

A **scrivener.** *Eſcrivain, notaire, tabellion.*

A **scriveners** ſhop or boothe. *Tablier de notaire.*

Scrofularia (or pilewort.) *Scrofulaire, ſcrophulaire.*

A **scroll.** *Roule, roole, rolle, roolle, roſle, rollet, roulet.*

A **scrowle.** *Roule, minute, rondeau, roulelet, ſchedule, ſcedule.*

An ill favoured **scrub.** *Marpaut.*

To **scrub.** *Grater, galler.*

Scrubbed. *Graté, gallé.*

A **scrubbing.** *Grattement.*

Scrubbing. *Gratant.*

A **scruple.** *Scrupule, Scripture, ou doubte : auſſi, le poids, qui eſt la troiſieſme partie d'un drachme.*

Scrupulous. *Scrupuleux.*

One over **scrupulous.** *Sainte-ni-touche.*

A **scrutinie.** *Scrutine.*

To **scuffle** with. *Saboüler, attaquer, ſe harper l'un l'aultre.*

Scuffled with. *Saboulé, attaqué.*

A **scuffling** with. *Saboulement, heurt, hourt, attaque.*

The (bare) **scull** (of the head.) *Le teſt, calvaire, crane, teſts, tais.*

An iron **scull.** *Capeline, ou capelin de fer, ſecrete, ſecrette, ſegrette, teſtiere.*

A **scull**, or **skuller** (boate.) *Nacelle, naſſelle ; petit bateau long, mené ou vuidé par vn ſeul homme ; deſquels y a grand nombre ſur la reviere de Thamiſe, à Londres.*

A **sculler.** *Le batelier d'un tel bateau.*

A little **scull.** *Naſſelette.*

The **scullerie.** *Eſcuellerie.*

A **scullion.** *Marmiton, valet de cuiſine, tuaillon, ſouillard, ſouillon.*

A **scullion** wench. *Souillonne.*

Scullionrie (or the office of a ſcullion.) *Marmitonnage, ſouillarderie, ſouillonnerie.*

Scumme. *Eſcume.*

The **scumme** of melted or tried metall. *Scorie.*

To **scumme.** *Eſcumer.*

A **scumme** fellow. *Rien-ne-vaut. Voyez* a Raſcall.

Scummed. *Eſcumé.*

A **scummer.** *Eſcumeur, eſcumoir, eſcumoire.*

A **scumming.** *Eſcumement.*

A little **scummer.** *Friquet, friquette.*

The **scurfe.** *Galle, rongne, teigne, mal de S. Roch.*

Infected with the **scurfe.** *Madré.* ¶ Rabl.

Scurvie. *Galleux, ſcabieux, teigneux, rongneux, roigneux ; auſſi, meſchant.*

A **scurvie** woman. *Meſelle.*

A **scurvie** perſon. *Meſeau, haugreau, ladre.*

A packe of **scurvie** fellowes. *Vilenaille, villenaille.*

Full of the **scurvie.** *Meſellerie, meſeleux.*

Scurvily. *Meſchamment, vilainement.*
Scurvineſſe. *Meſelerie, meſellerie; vilenie, vileté.*
Scurvy-graſſe. *Herbe aux cuilliers.*
A **ſcutcheon.** *Verge, bouſſine.*
A **ſcutchion.** *Eſcuſſon.*
A **ſcuttle.** *Eſcoutillon, hotte, hottereau.*
To beare a **ſcuttle.** *Hotter.*
A **ſcuttle-carrier.** *Hotteur, hottier.*
A **ſcuttle** full of. *Hottée.*
The **ſcuttle** of a galley. *Gallée.*
The **ſcuttles** or hatches of a ſhip. *Eſcoutilles.*
The **ſcuttle** of the maſt of a ſhip. *Hune.*
The **ſea.** *La mer, la marine, thalaſſe.* & Rab. (& *par le Poetes*) *amphitrite, nereé, l'andoyante plaine.*
A **ſea** (or billow.) *Marée.*
Of the **ſea,** neere to, or bred in the **ſea.** *Marin, la marine, Neptunien.*
Bordering on the **ſea,** of the **ſea** coaſt, *Maritime.*
A high going **ſea.** *Birraſque.*
The **ſea-banke, ſea-ſhore,** or **ſea-ſtrond.** *La rive, le rivage, l'orée de la mer.*
The Adriaticke **ſea,** the Tyrrhenian **ſea,** the Euxine **ſea, &c.** *Voyez les chaſcune en ſon lieu.*
The **Sea-bat** (or reare-mouſe.) *Rondole.*
A **ſea-calfe.** *Veau de mer, bœuf de mer, phoque.*
A **ſea-card,** or **ſea-map.** *Carte marine, Hydrographie.*
A **Sea-cob, Sea-gull,** or **Sea-mew.** *Mouëtte, bedouan, bedoual, begue, beque, canard, glaumet.*
Sea-cole. *Charbon de terre, peboulle.*
Sea-cole (herbe.) *Soldanelle.*
A **ſea-compaſſe.** *Bouſſole.*
A **ſea-cows.** *Ioudarde.*
A **ſea-diake, ſea-raven,** or **ſea-cormorant.** *Diable de mer.*
A **ſea-dragon.** *Dragon marin, lacert.*
Sea-fiſh. *Poiſſon de mer.*
A **ſea-gowne** (or ſhort ſleeved mariners gowne,) *Eſclavine, ſclavine.*
Sea-graſſe. *Alge, herbe marine.*
Sea green colour. *Verd de mer.*
A **ſea-hogge** (or porpoſe.) *Marſouin, bec d'oye.*
The **ſea-onion.** *Stipoule. Voyez* Squill and Onion.
A **ſea-man,** or **ſea-faring-man.** *Marinier, mattlot.*
A great (or skilfull) **ſeaman.** *Grand homme de marine.*
The **ſea-mufe.** *Moëtte, mouëtte, gavian, glammet.*
Sea-moſſe, or **ſea-weed.** *Sart, fueillu marin.*
The **ſea-nettle.** *Capeau charnu.*
The **ſea-ſiſabe.** *Gallangue, haudroy, haudroy.*
A **ſea-ſurgeon.** *Spariet, varech.*
A **ſeale.** *Seel, ſeau, cachet, ſignacle.*
To **ſeale.** *Seeler, cacheter.*
Sealeable (or apt to ſeale.) *Sigillatif.*
A **Seale-fiſh.** *Veau de mer, bœuf de mer.*
Sealed. *Scellé, cacheté, ſigillé.*
A **ſealer.** *Seeleur.*
A **ſealing.** *Seelure.*
A **ſeame.** *Couſture, ſuture.*
To **ſeame,** or ſow a **ſeame.** *Coudre.*
To lay downe a **ſeame.** *Remplir, rentraire.*
The laying downe of a **ſeame.** *Rentraiture.*
The **ſeame** of the head. *Voyez* a Suture.
Seame (or hogs tallow.) *Sain.*
Seamed. *Couſu.*
A **ſeaming.** *Couſture.*
A **ſeamſter.** *Lingere, lingiere, rentraieur, rentraycur.*
A **ſeane,** or **ſeyne** (a great and very long fiſh-neſh.) *Saine, ſeine, ſaimne.*
A **ſearce.** *Sas, tamis.*
An extraordinary fine **ſearce.** *Succotrin, cicotrin.*
To **ſearce.** *Saſſer, tamiſer.*
Searced. *Saſſé, tamiſé.*
Searced very finely. *Succotriné, ſuccentriné, cicotriné.*
A **ſearcer.** *Saſſeur.*
A **ſearcing.** *Saſſement, ſaſſure.*
Searchable. *Requerable.*
A **ſearch.** *Cerche, recerche, recherche, queſte, requeſte, ſcrutine.*
A preciſe, or through **ſearch** into. *Grabeau, perſcrutation, perquiſition.*
To **ſearch.** *Cercher, chercher, recercher, querir, requerir, requerre.*
To **ſearch** out. *Fureter, fuſiller, baleuer.*
To **ſearch** curiouſly. *Grabeller.*
To **ſearch** (or ſinke into.) *Penetrer.*
Searched. *Cerché, recerché, quis, requis.*
Searched out. *Fureté, furiqueté, grabellé, balené.*
A **ſearcher.** *Chercheur, cercheur; recercheur; fureteur, perquiſiteur.*
A **ſearching.** *Cerchage, cerchement, baleuement.*
A **ſearing** candle. *Bougie.*
To **ſeare** with a ſearing candle. *Bougier.*
Seared ſo. *Bougié.*
Seaſicke. *Thalaſié.*
A **ſeaſon.** *Saiſon; heure, temps.*
A fit **ſeaſon.** *Opportunité, temps opportun, occaſion.*
To **ſeaſon.** *Aſſaiſonner, tremper.*
Seaſonable. *Opportun.*
Seaſonably. *Opportunément.*
Seaſonablenelle. *Opportunité.*
Seaſoned. *Aſſaiſonné, trempé.*
A **ſeaſoner.** *Trempeur.*
A **ſeaſoning.** *Aſſaiſonnement, trempement, trempe.*
To **ſeate.** *Situer.*
A **ſeate.** *Siege, ſelle, ſalle, ſit, ſituation, ſeance.*
A fit **ſeate** to build a fort on. *Motte.*
Seated. *Situé.*
A **ſeate** of Iuſtice. *Siege.*
A **ſeate** of earth (in an arbor.) *Terraul, terraut.*
A **ſeating.** *Sizement.*
Seaven. *Sept.*
Seaventeene. *Dix-ſept.*
Seaventie. *Septante.*
The **ſeaventeenth.** *Le dixſeptieſme.*
The **ſeaventh.** *Le ſeptieſme.*
The **ſeaventieth.** *Le ſeptantieſme.*
A **ſeaven-night** (*prononcé*) Sennight. *Sepmaine, huict iours.*
Seaſcluded. *Seclus.*
A **ſecond.** *Vn ſecond.*
Second. *Second.*
To **ſecond.** *Seconder.*
A **ſecondarie.** *Greffe, greffier, ſecondaire, officier ſecond apres le premier.*
Seconded. *Secondé.*
Secondly, ſecondarily. *Secondement.*
The **ſecondine.** *Arriere-faix. Voyez* an after burthen.
Secrecie, or **ſecretneſſe.** *Taciturnité.*
Secret. *Secret, latent, abſtrus, tapineux, clandeſtin, occulte, tacite, taciturne.*
To keepe **ſecret.** *Tenir ſecret, cacher, occulter, ſe taire.*
Kept **ſecret.** *Caché.*
A **ſecret** place. *Cachette, tapinet.*
A **ſecretarie.** *Secretaire, ſymmiſte, ſimmiſte.*
A **Secretariſhip.** *Secretariat.*
Secretly. *Secrettement, clandeſtinement, occultement, en tapinois, à calimini, à la goullée, à la deſrobbée, en repoſt, tacitement.*
Secretneſſe. *Taciturnité; ou comme* Secrecie.
A **Sectarie.** *Sectaire.*
A **ſect.** *Secte.*
A **ſection.** *Section; diviſion.*
Secular. *Seculier.*
To **ſecularize,** or make **ſecular.** *Seculariſer.*
Secularly. *Seculierement.*
Secularitie. *Secularité.*
Secure. *Seur, nonchalant, nonchalent.*
To **ſecure.** *Sauver.*
Secured. *Sauvé.*
Securely. *Sauvément, à main ſauve.*
A **ſecuring.** *Sauvément.*
Securitie. *Securité, ſeureté, ſauvegarde, ſureté.*
To live in **ſecuritie.** *Nonchaloir.*
Sedentarie. *Sedentaire.*
Sedge. *Glaieul, glayeul, bouille.*
Sedition. *Sedition, mutinerie, mutination, rebeine, tumulte.*
Seditious. *Seditieux, mutin, tempeſtatif, tumultueux, turbulent.*
A **ſeditious** perſon, or firebrand of ſedition. *Mutinateur, remuëmeſnage, ſectaire.*
Seditiouſly. *Seditieuſement, tumultueuſement, tempeſtivement.*
To **ſeduce.** *Seduire, meſconſeiller, pervertir.*
Seduced. *Seduict, perverti.*
A **ſeducer.** *Seducteur, pervertiſſeur.*
A **ſeducing.** *Seduction, pervertiſſement.*
Sedulitie. *Sedulité, diligence.*
Sedulous. *Diligent.*
Sedulouſly. *Diligemment.*
See. *Reſpond à l'imperatif Fac (en latin,) Fai (en françois,) conjoinct avec vn autre Verbe.*
See thou ſtay there. *Demeure là, ou Fai que tu demeures là, Attende là.*
To **ſee.** *Voir, veoir, regarder, mirer, remirer.*
To **ſee** (or eſpie) afarre off. *Speculer.*
Seed. *Semence, grain, grenage, grenaille.*
Seed ſowen. *Semaille.*
Seed-time. *Semailler.*
The **ſeed** of herbes, plants, &c. *Graine, grene.*
To **ſeed,** or runne to **ſeed.** *Greiner, grener.*
To reduce into **ſeed.** *Granuler.*
Reduced into **ſeed.** *Granulé.*
Of **ſeed,** containing **ſeed.** *Semencier.*

Mans seed. *Sperme:*
A seed-plot. *Pepiniere, voialliere.*
The bunch, top, or huske wherein seed of herbes is contained. *Bogue.*
Little seed like peeces. *Granuleux.*
Seeded. *Grainé, grené, grenu.*
Seedie. *Granuleux.*
A seeing. *Veuë, regardement.*
Seeing. *Voyant, regardant.*
Seeing then. *Ordonques.*
Seeing that. *Veu que, puis que, attendu que, or ſi.*
Cheere seeing. *Oculé.*
To seeke. *Cercher, chercher, querir, querre, requerir, requerre.*
Seeking. *Cerchant, requerant.*
A seeking. *Cerchement, queſte.*
A seeker. *Cercheur.*
A seeking to. *Requiſition.*
To seele up the the eye lids. *Siller les yeulx.*
To seele (a roome.) *Lambriſſer une chambre.*
Seeled. *Lambriſſé.*
A seeling. *Lambriſſage, lambriſſement.*
Seeling. *Lambris, menuiſerie.*
The upper seeling (of a house.) *Suſlambris.*
To seeme. *Sembler; faire ſemblant, faire mine.*
It seemes to me. *Il me ſemble, il m'eſt advis, il m'eſt advis, il m'eſt à voir.*
Seemed. *Semblé.*
Seemely. *Decent, ſeant, bien ſeant, advenant, gentil, godin, beau, ou bel, galbé, bien galbé, adreſſe, honneſte.*
Seemelily, or seemely (Adverbe.) *Decentement, advenamment.*
Seemelinesse. *Decence, bienſeance, ſeance, galbe, agreableté, garbe.*
A seeming. *Semblance, ſemblant.*
Seeming. *Mimeux.*
Seene. *Veu, regardé,* Participe du verbe to See.
To seeth. *Cuire, bouillir.*
To seeth over. *Bouillonner.*
A seething. *Bouillon, cuiſſon.*
A seething over. *Bouillonnement.*
Seething. *Bouillonneux.*
To segregate. *Segreger.*
Segregated. *Segregé.*
A segregation, or segregating. *Segregation.*
Seigniorie. *Seigneurie, ſeigneuriage.* Voyez Lordship, Dominion.
To seigniorize. *Seigneurier.*
To seize, or seize on. *Saiſir, grapper, grippeminer, perprendre, gruper, berper, mettre la main ſur le collet de, occuper.*
Seized on. *Saiſi, grippé, grupé, berpé, occupé.*
Seisin. *Saiſine.*
Liverie, and seisin. *Livrément de ſaiſi & terre.*
A seizing on. *Saiſiſſement, grippement, harpade; perpriſon, perprinſe, repreſaille.*
A seizure. *Saiſie, gruppade, gruppement, main miſe, occupation.*
Seld, or seldo. *Rare, cler ſemé, eſchars.*
Seldome. *Peu ſouvent, guere ſouvent, rarement.*
Seldomenesse. *Rareté.*
To select. *Eſlire, effluchier, ſegreger.*
Selfe. *Meſme.* Comme
My selfe. *Moy-meſme.*
Your selfe. *Vous-meſme.*
Him selfe. *Luy-meſme.*
Them-selves. *Eux meſmes.*
Selfe-conceite. *Oultrecuidance.*
Selfe-conceited. *Oultrecuidé.*
Selfe-heate. *Oingterelle, ſanicle.*
Selfe-love. *Philautie.*
Selfemaſle. *Meſmeté.*
Selfe-will. *Obſtination.*
Selfe-willie. *Obſtiné, opiniaſtré, teſtard.*
Selfe-willinesse. *Teſtardeie.*
To sell. *Vendre.*
Sellable. *Vendible, vendable, venal.*
A seller. *Vendeur.*
A woman seller. *Venderesſe, vendeuſe.*
A selling. *Vendition, vente, vendue.*
Sellably. *Venalement.*
A seller. *Solier.* Voyez a Celler.
A Selvidge. *Orle, orlure, liſte.*
To selvidge. *Orler.*
A little selvidge. *Orlet, liſteau, liſteau.*
Selvidged. *Orlé.*
A selvidging. *Orlure, orlement.*
Semblable. *Semblable, pareil.*
Semblably. *Semblablement, pareillement.*
A Semblance. *Semblance, ſemblant.*
Semicircular. *Mirond.*
A Semibreefe in muſicke. *Repoſe.*
A Seminarie. *Pepiniere, pepinerie, Noialliere, ſource.*
A semiquaver. *Fredon.*
Full of semiquavers. *Fredonneux.*
A semiter. *Cimeterre.*
Sempiternall. *Sempiternel, ſempiternenx.*
A Senate. *Senat.*
A Senator. *Senateur.*
Sence. *Sens, ſen, ſignification.*
Sencelesse with cold. *Gourd.*
To be sencelesse with cold. *Se gourdir.*
Sencible. *Senſible, ſenſitif.*
Sencibly. *Senſiblement.*
To send. *Envoyer, mander.*
To send for. *Mander, remandre.*
To send backe. *Renvoyer.*
A sending for. *Commandement.*
A sending backe. *Renvoy.*
Sene. *Sené, ſemé.*
The sene tree, or bastard sene. *Bagotnaudier.*
A Seneschall. *Seneſchal.*
A seneschallship. *Seneſchauſſée.*
Sengreene. *Sempervive vive.*
A Senior. *Superieur.*
Seniorities. *Superiorité.*
A sense. *Sens.*
Senselesse. *Stupide, morne.*
To make senselesse. *Aſſopir.*
Senselesly. *Stupidement.*
Senselesnesse. *Stupidité.*
Sensible. *Senſible.*
To be sensible of. *Se reſſentir, ſe reſſentir de.*
Sensibilitie of. *Reſſentiment.*
Sensitive. *Senſitif.*
Sensuall. *Sanſuel, mondain.*
To be sensuall. *Aiſer.*
Sensualitie. *Sanſualité, mondanité, libertinage.*
Sent. *Envoyé.*
Sent for. *Mandé, remandé.*
Sent backe. *Renvoyé.*
To sent. *Odorer, flairer, ſentir.*
A sent. *Odeur, ſenteur.*
Sented. *Odoré, flairé, ſenti.*
A Sentence. *Sentence, arreſt, reſolution, opinion.*
The Sentence of a Bishop in Ecclesiasticall courts. *Monitoire, ou ſentence d'un eveſque en la cour Eccleſiaſtique.*
To sentence. *Sententier, donner arreſt.*
Sententious. *Sentencieux.*
Sententiously. *Sentencieuſement.*
A senting. *Odorement, odoration, ſentiment, ſentiment.*
Senting. *Odorant, ſentant.*
A Sentinell, or sentrie. *Sentinelle.*
To relieve, or dislodge a sentinell. *Lever de ſentinelle.*
A Sentrie (or watch tower.) *Guerite.*
Senvie (or mustard seed.) *Senevé.*
To Separate. *Separer, ſegreger.*
Separately. *Separément.*
Separated. *Separé, ſegregé.*
Separated from. *Abſcis.*
A Separation. *Separation, ſegregation, ſecretion, abſtraict, eſtraict, ſeparaiſon.*
Separatorie. *Separatoire.*
The Sepps (the rotting serpent.) *Zeps, ſepedon, pourriſſeur.*
September. *Septembre.*
Of or in September. *Septembrin.*
Septenarie. *Septenaire.*
A Sepulcher. *Sepulchre, monument.*
A maker of Sepulchers. *Sepulchrateur.*
Sepulchrall, of, or in a sepulcher. *Sepulchral.*
Sepulture (burying, or intombing.) *Sepulture.*
A Sequele. *Sequele, ſuitte.*
Sequence. *Sequence.*
Sequent. *Sequent.*
To Sequester. *Sequeſtrer, entiercer.*
Sequestred. *Sequeſtré, entiercé.*
He into whose hands a thing is sequestred. *Sequeſtre.*
A sequestration. *Sequeſtration, entierement.*
A Seraphin. *Seraphin.*
Seraphicall, or Seraphinlike. *Seraphique.*
Serenitie. *Serenité.* Voyez Clearenesse, brightnesse.
A Sergeant, or servant. *Sergent, ſergent, officier, ſerre, arranequier.*
Sergeantie. *Sergentallerie.*
To play the sergeant. *Sergenter, ſergenter.*
A Sergeanthip. *Sergenterie, ſergenterie, ſergentiſe.*
Sergeant-like. *Sergenteux.*
(The fluxe.) Sergo. *Segetis, ſerge.*
Fine thin sarge. *Sergette.*
Serious. *Serieux, ſoigneux.*
Seriously. *Serieuſement, ſoigneuſement.*
A Sermon. *Sermon, Predication.*
To make a sermon. *Sermonner.*
A sermon-maker. *Sermonneur, predicateur.*
Serositie (or watrishnesse of blood.) *Seroſité.*
Serous. *Sereux.*
A Serpent. *Serpent, ſerpenit.*
The sea Serpent. *Serpent marin.*
A little Serpent. *Serpenteau.*
Of, or like a Serpent. *Serpentin.*
Serpents-tongue (herbe.) *Langue de ſerpent.*
A Servant. *Serviteur, ſeruiteur, miniſtre, ſerf.*

A maid, or woman **ſervant**. *Servante, chambriere.*
A houſhold **ſervant**. *Domeſtic, habitué.*
A little **ſervant**. *Miniſtreau.*
To **ſerve**. *Servir, miniſtrer.*
To **ſerve** the time. *S'accommoder au temps.*
Served. *Servi, miniſtré.*
Service. *Service, miniſtre.*
The firſt **ſervice** (or courſe) at table. *Le ſert.*
To ſay **ſervice** (in the Church.) *Officier.*
Church **ſervice**. *Lyturgie.*
A **ſervice** (at tennis.) *Grebonde.*
The **Service** (berrie or apple.) *Corme.*
The **ſervice** tree. *Cormier.*
Serviceable. *Serviable, officieux, obſequieux, aimemaiſtre.*
Serviceably. *Serviablement.*
Servile. *Vilein, vilain, villain.*
A **ſervile**-tenure. *Villenage.*
Serving. *Servant.*
A **Serving**man, or **ſervitour**. *Serviteur, valet, ſervant, miniſtre, ſerf.*
Servitude. *Servitude, ſubjection. Voyez* Bondage, Slaverie.
Seſelis, ſeſelios (or hart-wort.) *Seſel, ſeſeli, ſiler.*
Seſelis of Ethiopia. *Seſeli Ethiopique, cachrys.*
Seſſions. *Les aſſiſes.*
A **ſeſſions** hall (or houſe.) *Palais, ou cour de Iuſtice pour les criminels.*
The firſt **Seſſion** of Parliament. *L'ouverture des Eſtats.*
To **ſet**. *Mettre, ſtationner; auſſi, planter, ſemer.*
Set. *Mis, ſtationné; planté, ſemé.*
To **ſet** aſide. *Remouvoir.*
To **ſet** againe. *Remettre.*
Set againſt. *Oppoſite.*
To **ſet** faſt. *Statuer.*
To **ſet** a bone (or put it in joint again.) *Remboiſter un os.*
To **ſet** by. *Eſtimer.*
Set much by. *Eſtimé beaucoup.*
To **ſet** nothing by, or **ſet** at naught. *Contemner, Meſpriſer.*
Set naught by, **ſet** at naught. *Meſpriſé, contemné.*
To **ſet** downe in writing. *Mettre par eſcrit.*
To **ſet** a dog, at or upon. *Atteyner un chien ſur.*
To **ſet** on foot. *Mettre ſur les rangs.*
To **ſet** on foot againe, or **ſet** up againe. *Reſtituer, remettre, relever.*
Set up againe. *Remis, relevé, reſtitué.*
To **ſet** forth, or **ſet** out. *Garnir, orner, ajolier, mettre à point, mangnuer.*
To **ſet** himſelfe out. *S'amignonner.*
Set out finely. *Orné, ajolié.*
But if I **ſet** to it. *Mais ſi je m'y mets.*
A **ſet** (by Mummers) at dice. *Mommerie.*
Thin **ſet**. *Cler ſemé.*
To **ſet** (or worke with) bone. *Oſſailler.*
To **ſet** right. *Attinter.*
At ſun ſet. Au ſoleil couché.
To **ſet** as ſixes and ſevens. *Couber tout à bander & à racler.*
To **ſet** a ruffe. *Godronner une fraiſe, goderonner.*
Set (as a ruffe.) *Goderonné, godronne.*
The **ſet**, or the **ſetting** of a ruffe. *Goderon.*
Set on (as an egge.) *Oeuvé.*
To **ſet** upon. *Aſſaillir, aggreſſer, attaquer.*
Set upon. *Aſſailli, aggreſſé, attaqué.*
A **Setter**. *Planteur, ſemeur.*
A **ſetter** up againe. *Reſtituteur.*
Setting. *Mettant.*
A **ſetting** up againe. *Remiſe, Reſtitution.*
A **ſetting** upon. *Aggreſſement, aſſault.*
Setting upon. *Aſſaillant.*
Sun letting. *Soleil couchant.*
A **ſetting** apart. *Secretion.*
A **ſetting** out (to the eye for ſale.) *Mangonifme.*
The firſt **ſetting** upon. *Aggreſſion.*
A gardeners **ſetting** iron. *Godeau, goudeau.*
A **ſetting** (ſetting, or ſeating.) *Sizement.*
A gardeners **ſetting** iron. *Taravelle.*
A **ſettle**. *Vn banc.*
A **ſettle**-bed. *Banc à couche.*
To **ſettle**. *S'aſſeoir, ſtationner, ſtatuer.*
To **ſettle** in. *Habituer.*
To **ſettle** anew in. *Reſtablir.*
Settled. *Aſſis; raſſis, repoſé, meur, reſervé.*
Settled in. *Habitué, ſtationné.*
A **ſetting** at bottome. *Sediment.*
A **ſetting** anew in. *Reſtabliſſement.*
Severall. *Seul.*
Severally. *Separement, diverſement.*
To **ſever**. *Separer, ſegreger.*
Severed. *Severé, ſegregé.*
Severed in the midſt. *Moiteyent*
Severe. *Severe, auſtere, grave, rebarbatif, rigoureux.*
Severely. *Severement, auſterement, gravement, rigoureuſement.*
A **ſevering**. *Segregation, ſeparation, ſeparaiſon.*
Severitie. *Severité, auſterité, gravité, rigueur.*
To **Sew**. *Voyez* to Sow.
A **Sewſter**. *Comme* a Seameſter.
A common **Sewer**. *Goſſe.*
A **ſewer** (whereinto the erdures of houſes are conveyed.) *Doüe.*
Sewet. *Sieu, ſuif. Voyez* Suet.
A **Sex**. *Sexe.*
A **Sexton** of a Church. *Sacriſtain, ſecretain.*
A **Sextrie** (or veſtrie.) *Secretainerie.*
The (ſtuffe) **Soy**. *Soyette, ſoyette, ſoyette.*
Shackles. *Gaviots, enferges, empas, fers.*
To **Shackle**. *Enfarer, enfoger.*
Shacled. *Enferré.*
A **Shad** (fiſh) *Halachie, gaulte, coulac, aloſe.*
A **Shade**. *Ombrage, ombre.*
To get into the **ſhade**. *Habrizer.*
Shady, full of **ſhade**. *Ombrageux, ombreux, ſombre.*
A **ſhadie** place (under trees, &c.) *Abri, fueillade.*
Shadineſſe. *Opacité.*
A **ſhadow**. *Ombre, ombrage, ombraire, obombration.*
To **ſhadow**, to caſt a **ſhadow** on, or give a **ſhadow** to. *Ombroger, obombrer, abrier, nuer, ombroyer, renfondrer.*
To be in the **ſhadow**. *Vmbroyer.*
A little **ſhadow**. *Ombelle.*
The **ſhadow** of leaves. *Fueillade.*
Shadowed. *Ombragé, umbragé.*
Shadowed in blazon. *Ombré.*
Shadowed in painting. *Nué.*
A **Shadowing**. *Obombragemcut, renfondrement.*
Thicke **ſhadowing**. *Opaque.*
A **ſhadowing** with colours. *Nuage.*
A **ſhaft**. *Sagette, tacle.*
Shagge. *Velcure, velu.*
Silke **ſhagge**. *Peluche.*
To **ſhake**. *Branler, branſler, brandiller, ſecouër, groſler, Croſler, bocher, petiller, ſargoter, boſcher.*
To **ſhake** often. *Reſecouër.*
To **ſhake** off. *Abandonner.*
To **ſhake** with cold. *Fremir, greloter, trembler le grelot.*
To **ſhake** up and downe. *Iaſter, brandiller.*
To **ſhake** the voice (in ſinging.) *Grimgoter.*
To **ſhake** (or tug, as a dog doth a cat.) *Gouſſepiller.*
A **ſhake**. *Branſle, ſecouſſe, ſcouſſe.*
A **ſhaker**. *Secoueur.*
A thing that **ſhakes**. *Branſloire.*
Shaken. *Branſlé, ſecoué, groſlé, brandillé.*
Shaken (as a cat by a dog.) *Gouſſepillé.*
A **ſhaking**. *Branſlement, ſecouëment, petillement, bochement.*
Shaking. *Branſlant, bochant, petillant,*
A **ſhaking** up and downe. *Iaſtation.*
A **ſhake**-rag. *Guerluſet, gurleret.*
To **ſhale** (or unſhale.) *Gouſſepiller.*
A **ſhale**. *Gouſſe, coſſe, coſſat.*
To **ſhale** (or goe ſtradling.) *Aller eſchalis.*
Shales. *Coſſats, ſimfeluches.*
Shaled. *Gouſſepillé.*
Shaling (with the legs.) *Gauve, gobier.*
A **ſhaling** fellow. *Tortipé.*
A **ſhallop**. *Chaloupe, ſchaluppe.*
Shallow. *Non profond, auſſi, ſimple.*
The **ſhallow** part of a river. *Le gué.*
Shallowes in the ſea. *Les baſſes de la mer.*
Shallowly. *Simplement.*
Shallowneſſe. *Simplicité, ſimpleſſe.*
The **ſhambles**. *Halles, boucherie.*
Shame. *Honte, vergongne.*
To **Shame**. *Vergongner, infamer, diffamer, honnir.* &c.
Shamed. *Vergongné, honni, infamé, infame.*
Shamefull. *Honteux, vergongneux, modeſte.*
Shamefaſtneſſe. *Honte.*
Shamefull. *Honteux, vergongneux.*
Shamefulneſſe. *Honte.*
Shamleſſe. *Eſhonté, effronté, impudent, revoleux.*
To be **ſhamleſſe**. *S'eſhonter, avoir le front rompu.*
Shamleſſly. *Eſhontément, effrontément, impudemment.*
Shamleſneſſe. *Effronterie, eſhontemint, effrontemint, impudence.*
Shamois. *Chamois, ſcard.*
The **ſhanke**. *Iambe, greve.*

A little shanke. *Iambette.*
A shape. *Forme, figure.*
Of all shapes. *Omniforme.*
To shape. *Former, figurer.*
Shaped. *Formé, figuré.*
A shaping. *Figurement.*
Shapelesse. *Informe, lourd.*
A shard, or pot shard. *Tais, tests.*
Shards. *Moilon, moylon, retaillez.*
A share. *Part, portion, partie, proportion.*
A Plough-share. *Soc d'une charrue.*
To share. *Portionner, proportionner, partager.*
Shared. *Partagé, portionné, proportionné.*
A sharer. *Partisseur, participant, part-prenant, partizant.*
A sharing. *Partage, division.*
The share-bone. *Os bertrand, os du penil, os penillier.*
Sharp. *Aceré, aigre, agu, fenetz, fur, aceteux, agreste.*
Sharp in taste. *Aigre.*
Sharp (or keene.) *Agu.*
Sharp of wit. *Agu d'esprit.*
Somewhat sharp. *Aigret.*
Sharp-angled. *Oxugoine.*
A sharp-angle. *Oxigone.*
To sharpen. *Aigrir, aguiser, aiguiser, affiler.*
Sharpned. *Aigri, aguisé, affilé.*
A sharpner. *Affileur.*
A sharpning. *Aguisement, aiguisement, affilement.*
A sharpning the sight. *Oxidercique.*
A sharping (fish.) *Rippe, artere.*
Sharping. *Aigrement, aguisement, severement.*
Sharpnesse. *Acerbité, acetosité, aigreur; aguisement; Severité.*
Sharpnesse of wit, or conceit. *Vivacité d'esprit.*
To shave. *Raire, raser, raster.*
Shaven. *Ret, raze, ré.*
Shave-grasse. *Queuë de cheval.*
A shaver. *Rapoil, Rasepoil.*
Close shaven. *Tondu-ras.*
A shaving. *Rasure.*
A shaving fellow, or shaver. *Frevot.*
She. *Comme* shee.
To sheath. *Voyez* to Shedde.
A sheafe of corne. *Javelle, garbe de bled.*
To make up sheafes, or sheaves. *Javeler, gerber des javelles.*
Bound or made up into sheaves. *Gerbé, javelé.*
A binder up into sheaves. *Javeleur.*
A heap of sheaves. *Gerbée.*
To sheare. *Tondre.*
Sheares. *Voyez* to Sheere, and Sheeres.
The Sheat fish (or the ravenous river Whall.) *Silure.*
A Sheat. *La scote, ou scotte d'une voile.*
The sheats. *Escouëttes, escoutes.*
A sheat cable. *Maistre cable, ou chable.*
A sheat or barrow pigge. *Gorret, gorron, gouret.*
A sheath. *Gaine.*
A little sheath. *Gainette.*
The sheath of a beasts pizzle. *Le fourreau d'une beste.*
A shedde. *Begude, mandre, tabernacle.*
A shedde made of boughes. *Cabane.*
A shedde wherein one may set drie and warme. *Abri.*
To shedde, or shed. *Espandre, repandre.*
Shed. *Espandu, repandu.*
A shedder. *Respandeur.*
A shedding. *Espandement, effusion, respandement.*
She. *Elle.*
To shend. *Comme* to shedde.
A sheepe. *Brebis, ouaille, oüeille, pecore; mouton.*
Sheepe. *Moutonnaille.*
A sheep well woolled. *Mouton à grande laine.*
A sheep-cote, or sheep-fold. *Bergerie.*
A sheep-hook. *Houlette de berger.*
A sheeps-pluck. *Fressure; ou fresure de mouton, hastillez.*
The head, feet and paunch of a sheep. *Le menu.*
Sheep-shearing. *Tondailles.*
To sheere. *Tondre, tonsurer.*
Sheered. *Tonsuré.*
A sheerer. *Tondeur:*
A woman sheerer. *Tondereſſe.*
A sheering. *Tonsure, tonsture, tondure, tondaison, tonture.*
Sheeres, a paire of sheeres. *Forces.*
A small paire of sheeres. *Forcettes.*
Sheep-shearing. *Tondailles.*
A sheet (for a bed.) *Linceul.*
A sheet of paper. *Fueille de papier.*
A shelfe. *Banc.*
A shelfe of sand (appearing above water.) *Assablissement.*
A shell. *Conque, coquille, coque, test.*
A little shell. *Coquillon.*
The shels of snailes, periwinkles, and such like. *Caqueraules.*
A shore full of shells. *Coque roliere.* ℣ Rabl.
The rough shells of Chestnuts. *Calicules.*
An egge-shell. *Coque.*
A shell-drake (a kind of water-fowle.) *Morillon.*
A shell-fish. *Conque.*
A catcher, eater, or owner of shell-fish. *Caquerotier.*
Shellie, full of shells. *Caquilleux, coquillard.*
Having a shell, of, or belonging to a shell. *Coquillier.*
Set thick with shells, or made like a shell. *Coquillé.*
Shell-worke (made of, or trimd with shells.) *Coquillage.*
A shelter. *Abri, tabernacle, taudis, abry, refuge.*
A shelter thatched. *Begude.*
To shelter. *Abrier, pavescher.*
A shepherd. *Berger, pasteur, bergier, moutonnier.*
A chiefe shepheard. *Archerequier.*
The skill, or trade of a shepheard. *Bergerie.*
Shepheards-boddkin. *Teste de grue.*
A shepheards cloake, pels, or gaberdine. *Houpelande, houppelande, houplande, hopelande, houbelande, juppe.*
A shepheards crook. *Houlette de berger.*
A shepheards familiar spirit. *Guenut.*
Shepheards needle. *Aguille de pasteur.*
Shepheards purse, or shepheards pouch. *Bourse de pasteur, bourse, ou malette de bergier, labouret.*
A shepheardesse. *Bergere, bergiere.*
A young shepheardesse. *Bergerotte, bergerolle, bergeronette.*
A Sheriffe. *Eschevin.*
A Sheriffeship. *Eschevinage.*
To shew. *Monstrer; aussi, signifier, narrer, nuncer, annoncer.*
To shew forth. *Mettre en jeu, representer.*
To shew himselfe. *Se monstrer.*
To shew a faire paire of heeles. *Monstrer les talons, s'enfuir.*
To make a shew of. *Sembler, faire semblant de, faire mine de.*
To make a good shew. *Faire bonne mine.*
To make an innocent shew, or shew of innocencie. *Faire de la sainte nitouche.*
A shew. *Pompe, spectacle, Monstre, monstrée, representation, semblant, semblance.*
Made a shew of. *Semblé.*
Shewed. *Monstré, narré.*
A shewer. *Monstreur, nonceur, nunciateur, narreur, narrateur.*
A shewing. *Monstrement, ostension, narrement, annoncement.*
A shield. *Escu, targe, targue.*
A great shield. *Pavois.*
A little shield. *Escussin.*
To shield, defend, shelter, shroud, or cover with, or under a shield. *Escussonner, pavescher, targer.*
To shield (arme, or defend) himselfe (with a shield). *Se targer, se pavoiser.*
Shielded, covered, shrowded, defended, armed, &c. (with a shield.) *Escussonné, pavoisé, targé, targué.*
A shielding, or covering with a shield. *Targement.*
To shift. *Changer, rechanger, reschier; ruser, tergiverser.*
To shift from one place to another. *Migrer.*
A shift. *Rechange; aussi, menée, ruse, subterfuge.*
He was put to his shifts. *Il y gardoit pied.*
Shifted. *Rechangé.*
A shifter. *Rechangeur.*
A cheating shifter. *Vn ruse tromperur, mauvais des gens.*
A shifting. *Rechangement; aussi ruse, malice, tergiversation.*
A shifting fellow. *Frevot; homme ruse. Ou comme* a Shifter.
A shifting from place to place. *Migration.*
Shiftings. *Ruses.*
A shilling. *Schelin; un piece d'argent de six sols.*
To shine. *Luire, resplendir, reluire, refulger, briller, rutilar, tuner.*
To shine upon. *Surluire.*
A shining. *Resplendeur, resplendissement, lumiere, splendeur.*
Shining. *Luisant, reluisant, resplendissant, pellucide, lumineux.*
A shingle. *Eschandole, aisselle, aissil, aissil; membrure, ou membreure de bois, bardeau.*
The shingles. *Les herpes, feu sauvage, eschaubouillure, eschaubeulure.*
Having the shingles. *Eschaubouillé, eschaubeulé.*
The shinne. *Greve.*
The shinne-bone. *Os de la jambe, stinc.*
A ship. *Navire, nauf, nau, neve, nef, nau, vaisseau rond.*
Of, or belonging to, ships. *Naval.*

Great ſhips. *Orchades, orches, telamons.*
A ſhip-boat. *Sartie, ſcaphe, eſquif.*
To get on ſhip-board, to take ſhipping. *Monter à la navire.*
A ſhip-hop. *Mauche, mouſſe.*
A ſhipfull of. *Une navée de.*
A ſhip-ladder. *Trauſbonnin.*
A ſhip-man. *Marinier, matelot, nautonnier.*
A ſhip-wrack. *Naufrage, nauvage.*
ſhip-wrack-bringing. *Naufregeux.*
Paſſable by ſhipping. *Navigable.*
A ſhire. *Prouince, Duché, comté.*
A ſhirt. *Chemiſe.*
A ſleeveleſſe ſhirt of haire. *Haire.*
A ſhirt of maile. *Holette de maille, gotette de maille, jaquemard.*
To ſhite. *Chier, foirer.*
To be-ſhite. *Conchier.*
ſhitten. *Foireux.*
A ſhitten fellow. *Foirard.*
A crue of ſhitten knaues. *Merdaille.*
A weauers ſhittle. *Navette.*
A ſhittlecock. *Pyrauët, galvol, volant, gruau, virolet, bavolet.*
A ſhittle-headed fellow. *Bernard.*
A ſhittle-headed wench. *Chambriere bavolette.*
To ſhiuer (for cold.) *Friller, friſſonner.*
To ſhiuer (or ſhake) with feare or anger. *Fremir, s'heriſſer, s'heriſſonner, tremouſſer.*
To ſhiuer into pieces. *S'eſclatter.*
A ſhiuer. *Eſclat.*
ſhiuered into pieces. *Eſclaté.*
ſhiuers. *Tuteles.*
A ſhiuering with cold. *Friſſon.*
A ſhiuering through feare. *Heriſſement, heriſſement, horripilation, tremouſſement.*
A ſhiuering into pieces. *Eſclature.*
ſhiuering. *Friſſonnant.*
ſhiuering into pieces. *Eſclatant.*
ſhiuers. *Eſclats.*
ſhoarage. *Droict de riuage.*
A ſhoare. *Riue, riuage, ribe.* ¶ Langued.
A ſandie ſhoare. *Greue.*
The ſea ſhoare. *Riuage, grauage de la mer, Orée, ou, oriert de la mer.*
A high ſhoare (or ſtrand.) *Moule.*
A full deep ſhoare. *Ribe taillade.* ¶ Langued.
To ſet on ſhoare. *Mettre à terre.*
A ſhock of corne. *Gerbée, gerbier.*
A ſhock (or violent encounter.) *Choc, heurt, heurtade, hourt, ſecouſſe, ſcouſſe.*
To ſhock, give a ſhock againſt. *Choquer, chocquer, heurter, hurter.*
ſhocking. *Heurtis, hurtis.*
ſhod (as a man.) *Chauſſé.*
ſhod (as a horſe.) *Ferré.*
ſhod with froſt nailes. *Ferré à glace.* (*Participe du verbe.* to Shooe.)
To ſhog. *Saggeter, ſargoter, berer, berſer, grilloter, brauſler.*
A ſhog. *Secouſſe, ſcouſſe.*
ſhogged. *Brauſlé, bercé, berſé.*
A ſhogging. *Bercement, grillotement.*
A ſhole (or ſhelfe) of ſand appearing aboue water.) *Aſſabliſſement.*
A ſhooe. *Soulier.*
A woodden ſhooe. *Sabot, galloche, calaches.*
High ſhooes. *Gueſtres, perons.* *Voyez* Start-ups.
An old ſhooe. *Sauette.*
To put or pull on ſhooes. *Se chauſſer.*
To put or pull off his ſhooes. *Se deſchauſſer.*
To ſhooe a horſe. *Ferrer vn cheual.*
A horſe-ſhooe. *Fer de cheual.*
A ſhooe-clouts. *Sincetorchon.*
A ſhooing, or fitting with ſhooes. *Chauſſeure, chauſſure.*
ſhooing. *Chauſſant.*
A ſhooing-horne. *Chauſſe-pied*
The ſhooing of horſes. *La ferrure des cheuaux.*
A ſhoot (or young twig.) *Le jetton d'un arbre, rejetton, talle, ſcion, ſourgeon, ſurgeon, germe.*
Full of young ſhoots. *Scionneux, germeux, ſurculeux.*
To ſhoot forth twigs. *Germer, jettonner, rejetter, ſurgeonner.*
Corne to ſhoot out their tops. *Thaller, taller.*
To ſhoot in a bow. *Deſcocher, tirer à l'arc.*
To ſhoot awrie (as a bow.) *Forchaſſer (comme vn arc.)*
To ſhoot through with arrowes. *Sagetter.*
To ſhoot with a petronell (or horſmans peece.) *Carabiner.*
To ſhoot off a peece (or gunne.) *Tirer à l'arquebuſe, ou mouſquet.*
To ſhoot off great Ordnance. *Canonner.*
To ſhoot at (or aime at.) *Abutter.*
A ſhoot. *Traict.*
The ſtars do ſhoot (or fall.) *Le eſtoilles ſe mouchent.*
To ſhoot back, or againe. *Retirer.*
A ſhooter. *Archer, ſagittaire.*
The ſhooter of a lock. *Verrouil.*
A ſhooting (or budding forth.) *Germement, germination.*
A ſhooting back, or againe. *Retirement.*
A ſhop. *Boutique.*
An artificers ſhop (or worke-houſe.) *Atelier, baſtelier, officine.*
A ſhop-keeper. *Marchant qui tient boutique.*
A ſhore. *Voyez* Shoare and Sewer.
To hale a ſhore. *Mettre en terre.*
Come to ſhore. *Surgi.*
To goe on ſhore. *Surgir.*
A going or comming on ſhore. *Surgiſſement.*
To ſhore up. *Eſtançonner, eſtanſonner, accoter.*
ſhored-up. *Eſtanſonné, accoté.*
A ſhoring up. *Accotement.*
ſhorne. *Tondu* (*Participe du verbe* to Sheere.)
ſhort. *Court, bref, brief.*
To keep ſhort. *Tenir court, reſtraindre.*
A ſhort courſe. *Vn abbregé, ou abregé.*
ſhort-winded. *Pouliſ, pouſſif.*
To be ſhort. *A brief parler.*
To ſhorten. *Accourcir, abbreger, reſtrecir.*
ſhortned. *Accourci, abbregé, abregé.*
A ſhortning. *Accourciſſement, abbregement, abregement, retreciſſement.*
ſhortly. *Brievement, en brief, de brief, ſuccinctement, tempre, en peu de temps, temprement, bien-toſt, abbregement.*
ſhortneſſe. *Brieveté.*
A ſhote (or grice.) *Marcaſſin; marſin.*
ſhot. *Deſcoché, tiré.* (*Participe du verbe* to Shoot.)
ſhot with an arrow. *Sagetté.*
ſhot with a gunne. *Harquebuſé.*
ſhot back, or againe. *Retiré.*
A ſhot. *Vn traict, tiradé.*
A ſhot (or reckoning.) *Eſcot.*
ſhot-free. *Sans payer ſon eſcot.*
To ſhoue. *Pouſſer.* *Voyez* to Puſh, to Thruſt.
ſhoued. *Pouſſé.*
A ſhouell. *Paelle, pale.*
A ſhouell headed with iron. *Beſſe.*
A little ſhouell. *Paellette.*
A fire ſhouell. *Paelle à feu, pale.*
A ſhouell full. *Paellerée, palée.*
A ſhoueler (fowle.) *Pale, gueillier, trulle.*
A ſhoue-net (to fiſh with. *Sinoye.*
I ſhould. *Ie deuoye.*
Thou ſhouldeſt. *Tu deuois.*
Hee ſhould. *Il deuoit.*
Wee ſhould. *Nous deuions.*
You ſhould. *Vous deuez, &c.*
The ſhoulder. *L'eſpaule.*
Of, or belonging to, the ſhoulder. *Humeraire, humeral.*
The ſhoulder-blades. *Les palerons des eſpaules, les palettes des eſpaules; les omolates.*
To ſhoulder. *Eſpauler, mettre ſur l'eſpaule.*
A little ſhoulder. *Eſpaulette.*
To burſt a ſhoulder, or put it out of joint. *Eſpauler.*
Whoſe ſhoulder is broken, or out of a joynt. *Eſpaulé.*
A burſting, or unjoynting the ſhoulder. *Eſpaulement.*
A ſhoulder-piece. *Eſpauliere, eſpaulier.*
Broad ſhouldered. *Eſpaulu.*
ſhouldering pieces. *Mutules.*
ſhoulderings. *Maçonnerie à eſpaulettes.*
A ſhoute. *Huée.*
To ſhoute. *Huer, Hueter.*
ſhouted. *Hué, Hué.*
A ſhouting. *Huée, hoppetie, hu, huerie.*
ſhouting. *Huant, huetant.*
A ſhaw, or ſhew. *Pompe.* *Voyez* Shew.
A ſhower (of raine.) *C'eſt d'eau, guillée, guiltée, bruée, bouſſée, bouſſade de pluye, Orée.*
A ſwift, great and ſudden ſhower of raine. *Gibolée, giboulée.*
A ſhred. *Retail, retaillé, rongneure, rongnure.*
ſhreds. *Retaillenres, retailles, retaillons, recoupes, rongnures.*
To ſhred. *Retailler, rongner, roigner, hacher, reſequer.*
To ſhred ſmall. *Mincer.*
In ſhreds, by ſhreds. *Par coupures.*
ſhred. *Retaillé, rongné, haché, minté.* (*Participe*)
A ſhredding. *Retaillement, hachement, recoupeture, rongnement, roignement.*
A ſhrew. *Ocriſſe, maſtine.*
A ſhrew-mouſe. *Muſaraigne, mygale, ſouris araigneuſe, maſette.*
ſhrewd. *Mal, malin, malfaiſant, mauvais, nuiſant, nuiſible, nuiſif.*
A ſhrewd lad, or fellow. *Mauvais garçon.*
ſhrewdly. *Malement, malignement, mauvaiſement.*
ſhrewdneſſe. *Malignité, mauvaiſtié.*
To ſhreeke out. *Crieiller.*
A ſhreeke. *Cri.*
ſhrift, or ſhriuing. *Confeſſion à vn preſtre.*
ſhrill. *Greſle, ſonoreux, canore.*

ſhrilly.

Shrilly. *Greſlement, Reſonnamment.*
To ſpeak **ſhrilly.** *Claironner.*
A **ſhrimp.** *Cyvade, papillon, papaillon, ſquille, ſaulterelle, ſauterette.*
A **ſhrine** to keep reliques in. *Reliquaire.*
To **ſhrinke.** *Se retirer, retraire, tergiverſer.*
A **ſhrinking** up. *Retraicte, retraite.*
A **ſhrinking** of the ſinewes. *Retirement des nerfs.*
A **ſhrinking** back. *Tergiverſation.*
A **ſhrinker.** *Tergiverſateur.*
To **ſhrive.** *Confeſſer à vn preſtre, ou eſtre confeſſé.*
Shrove-tuesday. *Mardi gras.*
To **ſhrowd** himſelfe under (a covert, ſhield, &c.) *Se garer deſſous, habrizer, abrier, ſe paveſcher, ſe pavoiſer, targer.*
A **ſhrowd** (or ſhelter.) *Abri, abry, couvert, refuge, taudis.*
Shrowded under a ſhield. *Targé, pavoiſé. Voyez* Shield.
The **ſhrowdes** of a ſhip. *Les aubans, ou haubans d'un navire.*
A **ſhrubbe.** *Arbriſſeau.*
Shrulls. *Mitraille.*
To **ſhrug.** *Tremouſſer.*
To make the Italian **ſhrug** (by lifting up the ſhoulders.) *Hauſſer l'eſpaule.*
To **ſhrug** (or ſhudder.) *Voyez* to ſhudder.
Shrugging. *Tremouſſement, friſſon.*
Shrunke. *Retraict, retrait, retatiné.*
To **ſhudder.** *Friſſonner.*
A **ſhuddering.** *Friſon, horripilation.*
Shuddering. *Friſonnant.*
To **ſhuffle.** *Brouiller, meſler, meſlanger.*
Shuffled. *Brouillé, meſlangé, meſlé.*
A **ſhuffling.** *Brouillerie.*
A **ſhuite** of apparell. *Habit, accouſtrement, parure, parence.*
To **ſhunne.** *Eviter, fuïr, refuïr.*
Shunned. *Evité.*
A **ſhunning.** *Evitement, fuite, refuïte.*
Shunning. *Fuyant, refuïant, refuyant.*
To **ſhut** up. *Fermer, ſerrer, clorre; obſtacler, oppiler, opiler, reclorre, refermer, reſerrer, reſtraindre.*
To **ſhut** in. *Enfermer.*
To **ſhut** out. *Exclure, forclorre.*
Shut up. *Fermé, ſerré, clos, reclus, oppilé, reſerré, abſtrus.*
Shut up from. *Seclus.*
Shut in. *Enfermé.*
Shut out. *Exclus, forclos.*
A **ſhutter** up. *Obturateur, fermeur.*
A **ſhutting** up. *Obſtaclement, obturation, ſerrement, fermement, fermeture, fermeure, cloſture.*
A **ſhutting** out. *Forcluſion.*
Shutting up. *Serrant, ſerratil, fermant.*
A Weavers **ſhuttle.** *Navette de liſſerand.*
Sib. (an old word. *vieux mot.*) *Voyez* of kinne.
A **Sibill** (or propheteſſe.) *Sibylle.*
Siccitie. *Siccité. Voyez* Drineſſe, or drought.
The **ſice** at dice. *Six.*
Sick. *Malade.*
To fall **ſick.** *S'amalader.*
The **ſick-ward** of an hoſpitall. *La maladerie.*
A halter-**ſick.** *Pendart. Voyez* Roperipe.
Sickly, or ſubject to ſickneſſe. *Maladif, indiſpoſé, indiſposé, malſain, oultré, ohié.*
To make **ſickly.** *Obier.*
Sicklineſſe. *Indiſpoſition.*
Sickneſſe. *Maladie.*
The greene **ſickneſſe.** *Les paſles couleurs.*
A **Sickle.** *Faulx, faucille.*
A reaping **ſickle.** *Faucille moiſſonniere.*
Sickle-beale. *Oingterule.*
A **ſide.** *Coſté.*
Side by **ſide.** *Coſté à coſté, buze à buze.*
To **ſide** (or take parts.) *Partialiſer.*
Belonging to the **ſides.** *Coſtal, coſtier.*
The **ſides** hills. *Les coſtaux des montagnes.*
The **ſide** of a leafe (of a book.) *Page.*
The **ſide** of a loafe. *La rive d'un pain.*
On the wrong **ſide** of a horſe. *Du coſté hors le montoir.*
The **ſide** of a river, of the water, of the ſea. *Le rivage, la rive, l'orée, l'oriere, de la riviere, de la mer.*
One that dwells neere the water **ſide.** *Rivagier.*
The **ſides** of a wood. *L'orée, la rive d'un bois.*
The **ſides** (or racks) of a chariot, wagon, &c. *Les bers d'un chariot.*
The **ſide** of a hill. *Coſtau, callate.*
The **ſides** of a preſſe. *Les teſſons d'un preſſouër.*
Sided, on a ſide, on one ſide. *Coſtié.*
Sideling, or **ſide-wayes.** *A coſté, oblique, de coſté, à coſtiere, à ſponde.*
A **ſideling** or ſloping piece of ground. *Callate.*
A **ſidesman.** *Officier (en vne paroiſſe) qui aſſiſte au diacre, ou marguillier.*
The **ſidemen** of a pullet. *Les huiſtres d'une poulle.*
Sider (drink of apples.) *Sidre, cidre.*
Siding (or factiouſneſſe.) *Partialité.*
A **ſiedge,** or **ſiege.** *Siege, oppugnation.*
To lay **ſiege** to. *Aſſieger, oppugner. Voyez* to Beſiege.
A **Sience.** *Scia, refection.* [illegible] a Shoote.
To **ſift.** *Cribler, gueurler, faſſer.*
To **ſift** out a matter curiouſly. *Canabaſſer, grabeller vn affaire.*
Sifted *Criblé, faſsé.*
Sifted out narrowly. *Grabellé.*
A **ſifter.** *Cribleur, faſſeur.*
A **ſifting.** *Criblage, cribleure, faſſement, faſſure.*
A curious **ſifting** out a matter. *Canabaſſement, canabaſſerie, grabeau.*
Siftings. *Saſſeures.*
A **ſigh.** *Souſpir.*
To **ſigh.** *Souſpirer.*
Sighed. *Souſpiré.*
A **Sighing.** *Souſpirement.*
Fit to be **ſighed** for. *Souſpirable.*
The **ſight.** *La veuë.*
A **ſight.** *Spectacle, pompe, monſtrée, monſtre; oeil, regard, regardure, regardeure.*
At firſt **ſight.** *D'abbordée, d'arivée.*
Quick, or ſharpe **ſighted.** *Oculé.*
Sightleſſe. *Aveugle, orbe.*
A **ſignature.** *Signature.*
A **ſigne.** *Signe, marque, note, notte, ſing, ſignacle, ſignal, enſeigne, ſignifiance, ſignicance, ſymbole.*
A **ſigne** manuall. *Signature.*
To **ſigne** *Signer, ſeigner, marquer, noter.*
Signed. *Signé, marqué, noté.*
A **ſigner.** *Signeur.*
A **ſignet.** *Signet, cachet, ſeau, ſtel.*
The privie **ſignet.** *Cachet du Roy.*
A **ſignification.** *Signification, notification, ſignifiance.*
To **ſignifie.** *Signifier, monſtrer, nuncer, notifier, ſpecifier.*
Signified. *Signifié, monſtré, notifié.*
A **ſignifier.** *Significateur, nuncer, nunciateur.*
A **ſignifying.** *Significance. Ou comme a* Signification.
A **ſigning.** *Signature.*
To put to **ſilence.** *Mettre ad mutum vin liqui.*
Silence. *Silence, taciturnité, reticence.*
A **Silenciarie** (patrone or patterne of ſilence.) *Silentiaire.*
Silent. *Taiſible, tacite, taciturne.*
To be **ſilent.** *Se taire, ſe taiſer, avoir le bec gelé.*
Very **ſilent,** full of **ſilence.** *Silentieux.*
Silent as the night. *Nuiſteux.*
Silently. *Tacitement, taiſiblement.*
Siler-mountains. *Sermontain.*
Silke. *Soye, ſée.*
Corſe floret **ſilk.** *Fleuret.*
Of **ſilke,** dealing with **ſilke.** *Soyier.*
The tow, or courſeſt of **ſilke** (to make ſleave of.) *Cadarce, pour faire capiton.*
A **ſilke-man.** *Marchant de ſoye, ſoitier.*
A **ſilke-woeme.** *Ver à ſoye.*
Silky, or full of **ſilke.** *Soyeux, ſéeux, ſoyeux, ſerin.*
A **ſillable.** *Syllabe.*
Of one **ſillable.** *Monoſyllabe.*
Of foure **ſillables.** *Tetraſyllabe.*
The upper **ſill** of a doore. *Sueſueil.*
Silly. *Simple, niais, gruë, ruſtique.*
A **ſilly** fellow. *Benet, bruſle, benoiſt, benoiſt, niau.*
A **ſilly** part. *Niaiſerie, nigand.*
A **ſilly** wench. *Nigande.*
A **ſilſbourke,** or **ſilſbud.** *Laict aigre.*
To deale **ſillily.** *Niaiſer, nicer.*
Sillineſſe. *Niaiſerie.*
Silver. *Argent.*
Fined or purified **ſilver.** *Argent de eſcuadrée.*
To **ſilver** over, cover, or incloſe in **ſilver.** *Argenter.*
The **ſilver** ſqinſie. *Argentanginie.*
Quick-**ſilver.** *Argent vif, argent aqueux.*
A **ſilver** mine, plate of **ſilver,** *Argenterie.*
Silvered over, covered, inchaſed in ſilver. *Argenté.*
Silvery. *Argentin.*
Silvery, or full of **ſilver.** *Argenteux.*
Silver-ſword. *Epe d'oye.*
Similar. *Similaire.*
The **ſimilar** parts. *Les parties ſimilaires.*
A **ſimilis,** a **ſimilitude.** *Similitude, comparaiſon.*
A **Simmell.** *Eſchaudé, eſchendé.*
Simmetrie (juſt proportion.) *Symmetrie, ſimmetrie.*
In juſt **ſimmetrie.** *Symmetrie.*
Simonie. *Simonie.*
A **ſimoniſt.** *Simoniaque.*
To **ſimper** it. *Faire de gaudon gaudon.*
A **Simper-de-cockit.** *Coquin.*

Simple. *Simple, rude, nice, gruë, vil, ſeugle.*
A **ſimple** fellow. *Benet, beneſt, benoiſt, benoiſt, niais.*
A **ſimple** (or fooliſh girle.) *Simplette, pucelle nicette.*
Simplicitie. *Simplicité, niaiſerie, niezeté, niceté, bejaunage, bejauniſe, bejaunerie.*
A **ſimplift**, that hath skill in **ſimples**. *Simpliſte, ſimpliciſte, herboriſte.*
Simply. *Simplement, nicement, neuëment, rudement.*
To deale **ſimply.** *Niaiſer, niezer.*
Simulation. *Simulation.*
An over worne **ſincaunter.** *Vn vieux recard.*
Since. *Depuis, des puis.*
Since that, *Depuis ce temps là.*
Since that, (or ſeeing that.) *D'autant que, puis que, veuque.*
Not long **ſince.** *N'agueres, depuis n'agueres, n'y a pas long temps.*
Sincere. *Sincere, ſincere, candide, honneſte, monde, ſimple.*
Sincerely. *Sincerement, candidement, honneſtement.*
Sincerities. *Sincerité, ſincerité, candeur, honneſteté, netteté.*
To **ſindge**, or **ſinge.** *Bruſler.*
Sindged, or **ſinged.** *Bruſté.*
A **ſindging.** *Bruſlement.*
A **ſinew.** *Voyez* a Sinnew.
To **ſing.** *Chanter.*
To **ſing** (as a bird.) *Gazouiller.*
To **ſing** roundly, or merily. *Chantillonner, chantonner.*
A **ſinger.** *Chanteur.*
A **ſinging.** *Chanterie, chantement, chanter.*
A great **ſinger** of ſongs. *Chanſonneur.*
A **ſinging** of birds. *Gazouil, gazouillis.*
Single. *Simple, ſengle; ſeul.*
A **ſingle** (or unmarried) perſon. *Celibe, non marié.*
Single life. *Celibat.*
A **ſingle** combate. *Duel, monomachie.*
Singleneſſe. *Vnité, monade, ſimplicité, ſimpleſſe.*
Singly. *Nicement, ſimplement.*
Singular. *Singulier, ſeul, ſeulet.*
Singularly. *Singulierement.*
Singularitie. *Singularité,*
Siniſter. *Sineſtre, ſiniſtre, malheureux.*
Siniſterly, ſiniſtrouſly. *Siniſtrement, malheureuſement.*
To **ſinke.** *Enfondrer, s'enfonſer.*
To **ſinke** to the bottome. *Affonder, s'affonder, aller au fond, devaller au fond, ſubmerger, ſumerger.*
To **ſinke** a ſhip, &c. *Mettre à fonds.*
To **ſinke** againe. *Renfondrer.*
To **ſinke** in againe. *Se renfondrer.*
To make to **ſinke** under the burthen of. *Oppreſſer, Opprimer.*
To **ſinke** (or ſoake) through. *Penetrer.*
A **ſinke** for a private houſe. *Latrine, daille.*
A common **ſinke.** *Eſgout, ſentine, geſſe, ozme, aiguier.*
The **ſinke** of the pumpe of a ſhip. *Loſſec, eſſec, ſentine.*
A **ſinke** hole. *Beturre.*
A **ſinking** of poor people with exactions. *Oppreſſeur.*
A **ſinking** in. *Enfonſure, ſubmerſion.*
A great **ſinking** downe (as of earth, &c.) *Avallanche, avalanche.*
Sinne. *Peché, forfaict, forfait, vice.*
A little **ſinne.** *Peccadille, pequatille.*
To **ſinne**, *Pecher, forfaire.*
Sinned. *Peché, forfaict.*
A **ſinner.** *Pecheur.*
A female **ſinner.** *Pechereſſe, peccatrice.*
Sinfull. *Vicieux.*
A **ſinnet** (a threefold rope, or cord in a ſhip.) *Trenu, trenne, treſne,*
A **ſinnew**, or **ſinnewe.** *Nerf.*
To tie with **ſinnewes.** *Nerver.*
A **ſinnew** (ſprung in a horſes leg.) *Nerf ſeru.*
Sinnewie, full of **ſinnewes.** *Nerveux, nervu.*
Sinnewis ſtrength, fulneſſe of **ſinnewes.** *Nervoſité.*
Sinnewie bones. *Nerveures.*
Sinople (green colour in blazon.) *Sinople.*
A **ſip**, or **ſippet.** *Trempette.*
To **ſip**, or **ſippe.** *Piailler, humer, humetter.*
Sipped. *Humé.*
A **ſipper.** *Piailleur, humeur.*
A **ſipping.** *Piaiſon, humement, humerie.*
A **Siquis** (clapt on a poſt.) *Vn affiche.*
Sir. *Monſieur, ſire, meſſire.*
Sir (to the king.) *Sire.*
Sir (the title of a knight.) *Meſſire (tiltre de chevalier.)*
A **ſire.** *Pere. Voyez* Father.
A **ſirene.** *Serene. Comme* a Mermaide.
A **ſiringe.** *Syringe, ſiringue, ſeringue.*
A Chirurgians **ſiringe.** *Argalie.*
To inject with a **ſiringe.** *Syringuer, ſiringuer.*
Injected with a **ſiringe.** *Syringué, ſiringué.*
A **ſirrop.** *Syrop.*
The **ſize.** *Quantité, grandeur, meſure. Voyez* Aſſize.
Sizers, ſizers, or **ſizers.** *Ciſeaux.*
A **ſiskin** (a little bird.) *Scenicle, ſenicle, ſerin.*
A **ſiſter.** *Soeur, ſeur.*
A little **ſiſter.** *Soeurette.*
Siſter-hood. *Sororité.*
A **ſite.** *Sit, ſituation.*
A **ſith** (to mow with.) *Faulx, faux, dail.*
To **ſit.** *Se ſeoir, ſeoir, ſieſer.*
To **ſit** (as a henne with egges.) *Couver.*
The **ſit-faſt** (ſwelling in a horſes back.) *Mal de corne.*
Sitten. *Aſſis.*
Sitting ill. *Meſſeant.*
A **ſitting.** *Seance, ſiezement.*
A **ſitting** place, or roome to **ſit** in. *Vne ſeance.*
Sitting, ſeeming to **ſit**, eaſie to **ſit** on. *Seſſil.*
To **ſituate.** *Situer.*
Situated. *Situé.*
Situating. *Mettant,*
A **ſituation.** *Situation.*
A **Sive.** *Crible.*
A **ſive** (of a dried skinne full of holes.) *Guerle.*
A **ſive** (or vanne for corne.) *Berne.*
A haire (or ranging) **ſive.** *Sas, bariteau.*
To toſſe in a **ſive.** *Berner.*
Six. *Six.*
To yeeld **ſix** for one. *Sizener.*
A **ſixt**, a **ſixt** part. *Sixieſme, ſixain.*
A **ſixt** (in muſicke.) *Sixte.*
Sixtene. *Seize.*
The **ſixteenth.** *Seizieſme.*
Sixtie. *Soixante.*
Sixtily. *Sextement.*
Size, or **ſize.** *Meſure, moiſon.*
Size to gild with (or gold **ſize**) *Aſſiette à dorer.*
To **Size.** *En l'Vniverſité de Cambridge, c'eſt la meſme choſe comme* to battle *en Oxford; lequel Voyez.*
A paire of **Sizers.** *Des Ciſeaux.*
To clip or cut with **ſizers.** *Ciſailler, ciceler.*
Clipped or cut with **Sizers.** *Ciſaillé, ciſelé.*
A little **Sizer.** *Ciſelet.*
A **ſkaine** of gold or ſilver thread. *Bobine.*
To **ſkare.** *Effrayer, intimider, effroyer, effroyer.*
Skared. *Intimidé, effrayé, effroé.*
A **ſkaring.** *Intimidation.*
A **ſkarre.** *Cicatrice. Voyez* a ſcarre.
Skatches. *Eſchaſſes. Voyez* Scatches.
A **Skate** (fiſh.) *Raye.*
The ſtarry **ſkate.** *Raye eſtelée.*
A **ſkellet.** *Poiſle.*
A **ſkellet-maker.** *Poiſlier.*
A **Skeleton**, or **ſkeleton.** *Scalete, ſcbelete, ſquelette.*
The **ſkie.** *Le ciel, firmament.*
Skie-colloured. *Bluard, pers, couleur perſe.*
A **ſkiffe.** *Eſquif, ſcaphe, naſſelle, ſarſie, nacelle, naucelle, barriquelle.*
A little **ſkiffe.** *Naſſelette.*
Of, or belonging to, a **ſkiffe.** *Naſſelier.*
Skill. *Maiſtriſe, artifice, art, ſçavoir, habilité.*
Learned **ſkill.** *Science.*
Of exceeding **ſkill.** *Scientifique.*
A **ſkillet.** *Poiſle, poeſlon, poilon, caſole.*
A footleſſe **ſkillet.** *Paelle.*
A **ſkilletmaker.** *Poiſlier.*
Skilfull. *Magiſtral, ſçavant.*
Skilfull in ill. *Scientique en mal.*
To be **ſkilfull** in courtſhip. *Sçavoir ſa court.*
Skilfully. *Sçavemment, ſçavantement.*
To **ſkimme.** *Eſcumer. Voyez* to ſcimme.
To **ſkinke.** *Eſchanſonner, verſer à boire.*
The **ſkinke** (a kind of ſmall land Crocodile.) *Scinc, ſcincque, ſcync, ſoyneus.*
A **ſkinker.** *Eſchanſon.*
A **ſkinne.** *Peau, pelure.*
A little **ſkinne.** *Pellicule.*
A **ſkinne** of furre. *Pelice, peliſſe.*
A thinne **ſkinne** (or filme.) *Taye, peau deſlié.*
An upper **ſkinne.** *Surpeau.*
To **ſkinne** over. *Cicatriſer, cicatricer.*
To **ſkinne**, or take off the **ſkinne.** *Peler.*
A **ſkinne** incloſing ſeed. *Folicule.*
The **ſkinne** where the calfe lies in the Hindes belly. *Mudre.*
That hath nought but **ſkinne** and bone. *Deſcharné.*
The woodie **ſkinne** quartering the kernell of a Wallnut. *Taye de noix, zeſt.*
Scraping of **ſkinnes.** *Peautraillets.*

The

The outward skinne of the braine, *Dure ſkye.*

Skinned over, *Cicatriſé, cicatricé.*
Hard and thicke **skinned** with ſore labours. *Callieux.*

A **Skinner.** *Peaucier, pelletier.*
The trade or ſhop of a **skinner.** *Pelleterie.*

Skinnie, full of **skinnes.** *Tayeux.*
Skinnie, of, in, belonging to, the **skin.** *Peaucier.*

Skinnie, or thick **skinned.** *Ptaſſu.*

A little **skip-jacke.** *Nimbot.*

To **skippe.** *Sauliter, ſauter, ſailler, treper, trepigner, trepiller, treſſailler, ſaulteler.*
To **skippe** backe. *Reſaillir, reſalir, reſilir, reſutter.*
To **skippe** over. *Treſſailler.*
To **skippe** up. *Se guinder.*
A **skippe.** *Saille, ſault, ſaut.*
A **skippe** over. *Treſſault, treſſaut.*
By **skippes.** *En ſaultant.*

Skipped. *Saille, ſaulté, ſauté.*
A **skipper.** *Sailleur, ſautier.*
A **skipper** (or ſhipman.) *Mariniér, matelot, Flamend, nſouſſe.*

Skipping. *Trepillard, ſaultant.*
A **skipping** backe. *Reſtiment, ſautelement, ſautellement.*

To **skirmiſh.** *Eſcarmoucher.*
A **skirmiſh.** *Eſcarmouche, attaque.*

Skirmiſhed. *Eſcarmouché.*
A **skirmiſher.** *Eſcarmoucheur.*

Skirmiſhing. *Eſcarmouchant.*

The **skirres** root. *Cherui, girole, girouſl, gyrole*

The **skirt** of a doublet or coate. *Baſtine, baſque, ou baſte d'un pourpoint, &c.*

The **skirt** (or border) of a place. *L'orée.*
The **skirt** of a wood. *La rive d'un bois, L'orée du bois.*

Skittiſh. *Ombrageux, perverſ, ſcabreux.*
A **skittiſh** humour. *Perverſité.*
Skittiſh as an old mule. *Fantaſque comme une vieille mule.*

Skittiſhly. *Ombrageuſement, ſauvagement, perverſement.*

To **skowke.** *Bloſir, gauſſer.*

Skowking. *Bloſi, bloſy, mauſſe.*

A **skreene.** *Eſcrein. Voyez* a ſcreene.

To **skreake,** or **skrike,** *Comme* to ſcreeke.

To **slabber.** *Patouiller, patouiller.*

Slabbered. *Patouillé.*

A **slabberer.** *Patouillard.*

A **slubbering.** *Patouil.*

Slacke. *Laſche, nice, remis; muſſ, tardif, tard.*

To **slacken.** *Alaſchir, alentir, molir, valentir, refroidir, relaſcher, remettre, retarder, retarger, tarder, tardiver.*

Slackned. *Alaſchi, alenti, ralenti, refroidi, retardé, retargé.*

A **slackening.** *Alachiſſement, alentiſſement, relache, relachement, remiſe, retardement, retargement.*

Slackly. *Nicement; tard, tardivement.*

Slacknesse. *Niceté; tardivité, tardité.*

To **slake.** *Occir, tuer. Voyez* to slay, to kill.

The **slaie** of a weavers loome. *Peigne de teſſerand.*

Slaine. *Occis, tué* (*participe du verbe*) to slay.

To **slake.** *Eſteindre, reſtaindre.*
To **slake** hunger. *Deſaſſamer.*

Slaked. *Eſtinct.*

Whoſe hunger is **slaked.** *Deſaſſamé.*

Slander, slanderer, &c. *Voyez* Slaunder, Slaunderer, &c.

A **slangam.** *Langue eſtbine. Voyez* Lungis.

Slanke. *Herbe marine.*

To **slappe.** *Frapper. Voyez* to slap.

To **slappe** up. *Licher, lapper, humer.*

Slapped. *Frappé.*
Slapped up. *Liché, lappé, humé.*

A **slapping.** *Frappement.*
A **slapping** up. *Licherie, lichement.*

A **slappe-ſance.** *Fripe-ſauce.*

To **slash.** *Taiſler, berlaſſer, balafrer, chamailler.*

A **slash.** *Balaſſre, balaſſe, balafre, taillade.*
A **slash** over the face that takes a collop with it. *Carbonade.*

Slashed. *Taillé, tailladé, balafré, berlaſſé.*

A **slashing.** *Balaſſure.*

A **slasher.** *Tailleur.*

A **slate.** *Ardoiſe.*

Slated, covered with **slates;** alſo **slatie.** *Ardoiſé.*
Full of, or filled with **slates.** *Ardoiſeux.*

A **slate-pit,** or quarrie. *Ardoiſiere.*

A **slave.** *Eſclave, ſerf, captif, vilain, eſclau.*

To make a **slave** of. *Captiver, eſclaver.*

To **slaver.** *Baver, bavarder, ſalivor.*

Slaver. *Bave.*

Slavered. *Bavé.*

A **slaverer.** *Bavard, baveur.*

Slavering. *Salivoux.*
A **slavering.** *Baverie, bavardiſe.*

Slaveringly. *Bavenſement.*

Slaverie. *Servitude, eſclavage, ſervage.*

Slavish. *Servil.*
To make **slavish,** or bring to **slaverie.** *Eſclaver.*

Slavishly. *Servilement.*

A **slaughter.** *Tuerie, occiſion, abbatis, maſſacre.*
To **slaughter.** *Occir, tuer, maſſacrer.*
An univerſall **slaughter.** *Extermination, maſſacre.*
To make a great **slaughter.** *Faire gros ha hay, mener les mains baſſes, faire la main baſſe.*

Slaughtered. *Occis, tué, maſſacré.*

A **slaughterer.** *Maſſacreur, tueur.*

Slaunder. *Scandale, obloquie, ſugillation, detraction, calomnie, obtrectation.*
To **slaunder.** *Detracter, ſugiller, calomnier, ſcandalizer.*

Slaundered. *Sugillé.*

Slaundered unjuſtly. *Calomnié.*

A **slaunderer.** *Detracteur, obtrectateur, calomniateur.*

A **slaundering.** *Obtrectation, detraction, cas d'ameſſures.*

Slaunderous. *Calomnieux, ſcandaleux.*
Slaunderous tearmes. *Detractation, laide villenie.*

Slaunderously. *Calomnieuſement.*

To **slay.** *Occir, tuer, maſſacrer, homicider, meurtrir.*

A **slayer.** *Tueur.*

A **slaying.** *Occiſion, tuerie.*
Slaying. *Occiant.*

Slayne. *Occis, tué, maſſacré, homicidé.*

Sleave ſilke. *Capiton, ſoie foſche.*

A **sledd.** *Traineau, trainoir, train, traine.*

To **sleeke.** *Calendrer.*
A **sleeke-stone.** *Pierre calendrine.*

Sleeked over (as linnen cloth.) *Calendré.*

A **sleeking.** *Calendrure.*

Sleepe. *Somme, dormir, ſommeil.*
Faſt a **sleepe.** *Aggravé de ſomme.*
To **sleepe.** *Dormir, ſommeiller, habiter.*
To **slepe** in the afternoone. *Mideumer.* ¶ Norm.
To **sleepe** againe. *Redormir.*
In a ſound, heavie, or dead **sleepe.** *Aplommé de ſommeil, aggravé de ſomme.*
To bring or caſt into a heavie dead **sleepe.** *Aplommer de ſommeil.*
To raiſe from **sleepe.** *Reſveiller.*
In his **sleepe.** *En dormant.*
To barrell up **sleepe.** *Dormir ſur les deux coſtez.*
A **sleepe** procuring medicine. *Dormitoire.*

Sleepie. *Dormilleux, ſommeilleux, ſommeillard, ſommeillant.*

Sleepinesse. *Invigilance.*

A **sleeper.** *Dormeur.*

A **sleeve.** *Manche.*
A ſtocke **sleeve,** or kinde of halfe **sleeve.** *Manche Lombarde,*
The hanging half **sleeves** of ſome gowns. *Les mancherons, ou manchons des robbes.*
A halfe **sleeve** from the wriſt to the elbow. *Mancherons, manchons.*

The **sleeve** (fiſh.) *Taute, ou comme a* Calamarie fiſh.
A **sleeve-net.** *Manche.*

Sleeve-leſſe. *Sans manches.*

Sleight. *Tenue, tenure, deſſié.*
A **sleight** matter. *Choſe de neant.*

A **sleight** (or wile.) *Ruſe.*

To proceed by **sleights.** *Ruſer.*

Sleightie. *Tenuement, tenurement.*

Sleightneſſe. *Simplicité, ſimpleſſe, tenuité, tenureté.*

Slender. *Greſle, graille, exile, maigre, tenuë, maigrelet, negre, delié, menu, mince, mingrelet.*
Slender and tall. *Heronnier.*
Somewhat **slender.** *Menuelet, maigrelet.*
To make **slender.** *Delier.*

Slendrie. *Greſlement, tenuëment, maigrement, delicment, menuement, maigrement.*

Slenderneſſe. *Greſleté, menuité, mincté, menuiſeté, tenuité.*

An (iron) **slice.** *Dale.*
A little **slice.** *Priquet, friquet.*

Full of **slices.** *Taillemeux.*
Cut into **slices.** *Taillonné.*

A **slice** of any thing. *Tranche.*
In **slices.** *Par coupures.*
A little **slice.** *Taillon.*
To **slice.** *Couper, trancher, hacher, tailler.*

Sliced. *Coupé, haché, taillé, trenché.*

A **slicing.** *Trenchement, hachement, coupure, couppure, taillure, tailleure, taillement.*

Slide. *Gliſſé, coulé, grillé.* (*Participe de.*)

To **slide.** *Gliſſer, grailler.*
To **slide** away. *Couler, deſcouler.*
Let the world **slide.** *Vogue la galere.*

A **ſliding**. *Gliſsade, gliſſement, coulement, grillement.*
A **ſliding** place (where boyes ſlide.) *Baboin.*
Slie. *Ruſé.*
A **ſlie** fellow. *Maiſtre gonin.*
Slily. *Ruſément.*
Slineſſe. *Ruſe, regnarderie, regnardiſe.*
Sliight. *Comme* Sleight.
Sliightly. *En paſſant.*
Slime. *Mucilage.*
Slime of ſnailes. *Salive.*
Slimie. *Glaireux, gleſteux, ſaliveux, mucagineux, mucqueux, muqueux, mucydan, muſcagineux, muſqueux, ſalival.*
To be **ſlimie.** *Saliver.*
Slimie humors. *Muſcoſités.*
A **ſlimie** ſoile. *Glaire, terre glaize.*
Slimineſſe. *Mucoſité.*
A **ſlimme.** *Longue-eſchine, trenie-coſtes.*
A **ſling.** *Fonde, fronde.*
To **ſling.** *Fronder.*
Caſt from a **ſling.** *Frondé.*
The caſt or blow of a **ſling.** *Frondelée.*
To **ſlinke** away. *Se deſrobber, regnarder.*
To **ſlinke** backe from. *Tergiverſer.*
A **ſlinking** backe. *Tergiverſation.*
To **ſlippe.** *Gliſſer, griller, couler.*
To **ſlippe** away. *Faire gille, ou gilles, regnarder, deſcouler.*
A **ſlippe.** *Gliſsade, vn faux pas.*
Slipped. *Gliſsé.*
The **ſlippe** of a plant. *Tenais.*
A **ſlipper.** *Pantoufle.*
High **ſlippers.** *Mules.*
A woodden **ſlipper.** *Sabot.*
A night **ſlipper** (for the chamber.) *Pianelle.*
Ladies **ſlippers.** *Soulier noſtre dame.*
Slipperie. *Labile.*
A **ſlipperie** place. *Glacis, gliſſoire.*
A **ſlipping.** *Gliſſement, gliſſade.*
Slipping. *Gliſſant.*
A **ſlip-ſtring.** *Goinfre, ſagoin, ſagouin.*
Young **ſlip-ſtrings.** *Marmaille.*
A **ſlit.** *Coupe taille, fente, reſente, taillade.*
To **ſlit.** *Fendre, tailler, couper.*
Slit. *Fendu, taillé, Tailladé.*
A **ſlitter.** *Fendeur, tailleur.*
Slitting. *Fendant, coupant, taillant.*
A **ſlitting.** *Coupement, coupure, taillement, taillure, fendement, coupeure, tailleure, taillade.*
Sloath. *Pareſſe, oiſiveté, accagnardement, negligence, niceté, nyceté, oſcitation.*
Sloathfull. *Pareſſeux, faitard, feſtard, fingard, oiſeux, oiſif, negligent, nice.*
A **ſloathfull** luske. *Faineant.*
To grow **ſloathfull.** *S'Accagnarder, S'attyrander, S'accoquiner.*
Growne **ſloathfull** (as a beggar.) *Accoquiné.*
Sloathfully. *Pareſſeuſement, faitardement, negligemment, oiſivement, nicement, veſtivement.*
Sloathfulneſſe. *Faitardiſe, feſtardiſe, faineantiſe, faineance, pareſſe.*
A **ſloe.** *Sillon, pelonſe, peloſe, prunelle, prune ſauvage.*
Sloes. *Fourdrines.* ℣ Pic.
A **ſloe-tree.** *Prunelier, Fourdrinier.*
A **ſloe-worme.** *Envieux, avoie, nadel.*
The dangerous **ſloe-worme**, called a Scytall. *Scytale.*

Slope. *Oblique, de biſay, talus, talut, taluz.*
To **ſlope.** *Taluzer, biſayſer, moderer.*
Sloped. *Taluſé, moderé.*
Slopeneſſe. *Obliquité, glaci, talus.*
A **ſloping.** *Glacis.*
Sloping. *Taluſant, en glacis.*
A **ſloppe.** *Haut de chauſſe.*
Wide **ſloppes.** *Guergueſſes.*
The **ſlot** of a ſtagge. *Foulée, foyet.*
A great (miſhapen) **ſlouch.** *Halebreda, ſalezard, ſaligot.*
A **ſlough.** *Bauge, fangas, tarte bourbonnoiſe.*
A **ſloben.** *Souillon, ſouillart, goalon, goualon, ſaliſſon, ſalezart, ſaligot, ſallebrenaut, hordoux, ordon, ſurgallion, marmiton, touillon.*
Slobenly. *En ſouillon, en ſouillart, en ſalezart, de guinguois, à gyngois.*
In his **ſlobenly** manner. *En ſon lourdois.*
Slobenlineſſe, ſlobenrie. *Marmitonnage, grobianiſme, Souillonnerie.*
Sloth. *Tardif, lent, tardelet, feſtard, gourd, nice.*
A **ſloth-backe.** *Longue-eſchine.*
A **ſloth** girle. *Pucelle nicette.*
Slothly. *Tardivement, nicement.*
Slothneſſe. *Tardiveté, feſtardiſe, niceté, nyceté, tardité.*
To **ſlubber.** *Ordir, boiſſer.*
Slubbered. *Ordi ſalet, ordelot, maulavé.*
A **ſlubberer** over. *Boiſſeur.*
A **ſlubbering** (or ſoiling.) *Ordiſseure.*
To **ſlugge** it. *Pareſſer, tenir la teſte ſur l'oreiller.*
A **ſlug-abed.** *Dormart, dormilleux.*
Sluggiſh. *Pareſſeux, faitard, feſtard, ſommeillard, fingard, oiſeux, oiſif, dormilleux, ſommeilleux.*
To wax **ſluggiſh.** *S'appareſſer, s'appareſſir, s'accagnarder.*
Sluggiſhly. *Pareſſeuſement, faitardement, oiſivement.*
Sluggiſhneſſe. *Pareſſe, faitardiſe, feſtardiſe, faineantiſe.*
A **ſlumber.** *Sommeil.*
To **ſlumber.** *Sommeiller, dormailler, dormir.*
A **ſlumbering.** *Sommeil.*
Slung. *Frondé.* *Participe du verbe* to ſling.
Slunke away. *Enfuy, deſrobbé.* *Participe du verbe* to Slinke.
To **ſlurrie.** *Souiller, ordir.*
Slurried. *Souillé, ordi.*
A **ſlurrying.** *Souillement, ordiſſeure.*
A **ſluſe.** *Eſcluſe, bocque, bogue, deſchargeoir,*
Sluſes (to let in ſea water into ponds.) *Graux.*
A **ſlutt.** *Saliſſon, ſurgallion, ſaloppe.* ℣ Orlean.
A ragged **ſlut.** *Houſſepillée, houpillée.*
Sluttiſh. *Ord, ſalle, ſale, faſé, maunet, ſordide, ſalaude.*
Somewhat **ſluttiſh.** *Salet.*
To make **ſluttiſh.** *Salir, ſaſſir.*
A **ſluttiſh** draggletaile. *Houſſepaillée, miſtrouille.* ℣ Norm.
Sluttiſhly. *Ordement, ſaltment, en ſaliſſon.*
Sluttiſhneſſe. *Saleté, ſalleté, ſouillarderie, ſouillure.*

To **ſmacke.** *Savourer, gouſter.*
A **ſmacke.** *Saveur, gouſt; auſſi, vn baiſer.*
A pretie **ſmacke.** *Baiſeret.*
To have a great **ſmacke** of. *Se reſſentir.*
An evill **ſmacke.** *Graveolence.*
That hath a good **ſmacke** of. *Savouré.*
To **ſmacke** (a kiſſe.) *Baiſer.*
Smacked. *Savouré, gouſté, baiſé.*
A **ſmacker.** *Baiſeur.*
Well **ſmacking** (or taſting.) *Savoureux.*
Small. *Petit, menu, guere, greſle, graiſle, delié, mince, Tenué.*
Somewhat **ſmall**, or **ſmalliſh.** *Mincelet, menuet, greſlet.*
To make **ſmall.** *Menuiſer, delier, amenuiſer.*
To cut into **ſmall** peeces. *Mincer.*
Made **ſmall.** *Menuiſé.*
Cut **ſmall.** *Minсé.*
A making **ſmall.** *Menuiſement.*
Small fiſh (of divers ſorts.) *Menuiſe.*
Small wares (traſh, offalls.) *Menuailles, menuiſailles, menuſailleries.*
Small-worke. *Menuiſerie.*
Smallage. *Ache, beleoſeline.*
The **ſmalleſt.** *Minime; le moindre.*
Smalliſh. *Menuet.*
Smally. *Petitement, greſlement, tenuëment, menuëment, deliement, mincement.*
Smallineſſe. *Petiteſſe, petiteur, menueté, parvité, menuiſeté, greſleté, minceté, tenuité.*
To **ſmart.** *Cuire.*
A **ſmarting.** *Cuiſſon.*
Smarting. *Cuiſſant.*
A **ſmatterer** in learning. *Grimelet.*
To **ſmeare.** *Linier, patrouiller, machurer, maſchurer, oindre.*
Smeare. *Oing.*
A blacke **ſmeare.** *Machuré.*
Smeared. *Patrouillé, machuré, oinct.*
A **ſmearer.** *Patrouilleur.*
A **ſmearing.** *Linition, oincture, patrouillement.*
To **ſmeech.** *Comme* to Smutch, to Smeare.
To **ſmell.** *Flairer, flaironner, odorer, ſentir.*
To **ſmell** out. *Halener.*
To **ſmell** ranke (under the arme-holes.) *Batre de l'aile.*
A **ſmell.** *Flair, odeur, ſenteur.*
An evill **ſmell.** *Graveolence.*
A **ſmell-feaſt.** *Happe-lopin.*
A **ſmell-ſmocke.** *Loudier, putier.*
Smelled. *Flairé, flaironné, odoré.*
A **ſmeller.** *Flaireur.*
A **ſmelling.** *Flairement, odorement, ſenteur, ſentement, odoration, ſentiment, nez.*
Pleaſantly **ſmelling.** *Odoriferant.*
A **ſmelling** out. *Halenement.*
The ſence of **ſmelling.** *Odorat, odeur.*
Smelling. *Odorant.*
Sweet **ſmelling.** *Redolent, ſoëf flairant, ſoëfflairant, ſouëfflairant.*
Smelt. *Comme* Smelled.
Smelt out. *Halené.*
A **ſmelt** (fiſh.) *Epelan, eperlan.*
A river **ſmelt.** *Ouelle.*
To **ſmile.** *Soubrire, ſoufrire.*
A **ſmile**, or ſmiling. *Soubris.*
Smirke. *Net, nettelet.*

To **smite**. *Frapper, ferir.*
A **smiter**. *Frappart, frappeur.*
Asmiting. *Frappement.*
A blacke **smith**. *Mareſchal.*
A gold **smith**. *Orfevre.*
A locke-**smith**. *Serrurier.*
A **smithes** hand. *Main mareſchalle.*
Of, belonging to, made by a **smith**. *Mareſchal.*
A **smithie** (where edged iron tooles be made.) *Taillanderie.*
Smitten. *Frappé, feru.*
A **smocke**. *Chemiſe à femme.*
To hold of the **smocke**. *Tenir des baſſes marches.*
Smoke. *Fumée.*
To **smoke**. *Fumer.*
Smoked. *Fumé.*
Smokie. *Fumeux.*
Smokitie. *Fumeuſement.*
A **smoking**. *Fumement, fumigation.*
A **smoking** under. *Suffumigation.*
A **smoking** ſticke. *Fumeau.*
Smoth. *Poli, net, ſoef, ſuave,*
To **smoth**. *Polir, nettoyer, mollifier, mollir, mettre au net.*
Smoothed. *Poli, netoyé.*
Smoothed over (as linnen cloth.) *Calendré.*
Smoothe. *Mignardment, faſoyement, fouvement, ſuavement.*
A **smoother**. *Mignardeur, mollifieur.*
A **smoothing**. *Calendreure.*
Smoothneſſe. *Soëfveté, ſuavité.*
To **smother**. *Eſtouffer, eſtrangler, ſuffoquer.*
Smothered. *Eſtouffé, eſtranglé, ſuffoqué.*
A **smothering**. *Eſtouffement, eſtranglement, ſuffocation.*
Smug. *Net.*
Smugly. *Nettement.*
Smugneſſe. *Netteté.*
To **smut**, or **smutch**. *Patrouiller, barbouiller, mâchurer, maſchurer, ſouiller, baſaner.*
A **smutch**, or **smutching**. *Patrouillement, macheure, ſouillement.*
Smutched. *Patrouillé, barbouillé, machurè, baſané, ſouillé.*
The **snachet** (or haſp) of a caſement.) *Targette.*
A **snaffle** (the mouth of a ſnaffle.) *Trenche-file.*
A **snaile**. *Limace, limaçon carakol.*
A **snake**. *Couleuvre, guyure, orver, orviet.*
A water **snake**. *Hydre.*
A poore **snake**. *Poure baire, povre malotru.*
Snake-weed, snake-wort. *Biſtorte.*
To **snap** at. *Becquetter.*
A barbers **snap** (to pull out teeth.) *Pelican.*
A **snap** with the fingers. *Niquet.*
A **Snap-dragon**. *Teſte de veau.*
Purple **snap-dragon** (hearbe.) *Oeil de chat.*
A **snap** haunſe. *Arquebuſe à fuſil.*
A **snare**. *Laqs.*
To **snare**. *Lacer.*
Snared. *Lacé.*
A **snaring**. *Lacement. Voyez* to enſnare.
To **snarle**. *Gronder (comme un chien.)*
The **Snarles** of over-twiſted thread. *Grippets.*
Snarling. *Grondement.*
To **snatch**. *Gripper, happer, harper.*
A **snatch**. *Happée.*
Snatched. *Grippé, Happé, harpé.*
A **snatcher**. *Grippeur.*
A **snatching**. *Grippement, harpade.*
Snatching. *Harpe.*
To **sneake** into corners. *Se muſſer, ſe cacher, mouſcher.*
A **sneakebie**. *Viſage de rebec.*
To **sneese**. *Eſternuer, touchoter.*
A **sneesing**. *Eſternuement.*
Sneese-wort. *Herbe à eſternuer.*
A **sneesing** medicine. *Sternutatoire.*
To **sniffer** (or ſnuffe up ſnivell.) *Nifler, reniſler.*
To **snip** off. *Mordiller, retailler.*
Full of **snips**. *Barbelé.*
Snipped off. *Mordillé, retaillé.*
A **snipping**. *Retaillement.*
Snippings. *Retaillures, retaillons.*
Snipping off. *Taillandier.*
A **snite**, or **snipe**. *Becaſſon, becaſſine, becaſſeau, becaſſeau, becaſſine, becaſſon, ſuton.*
Snitbell. *Morve, morveau.*
To **snitbell**. *Morver.*
A dot of **snitbell**. *Morvat.*
The **snitbell** (or waterdrop) that hangs at the noſe in cold weather. *Roupie.*
Snitbellie. *Morveux, muqueux, muqueux, roupieux.*
To **sneze**, or **sneeze**. *Rouſter, inuer à la rouſte.*
A **sneeze**, or **sneezing**. *Rouſteur.*
Snot. *Morve, morveau, roupie.*
A dot of **snot**. *Morvat.*
To **snot** (or blow) his noſe. *Se moucher le nez.*
Snottie. *Morveux, muqueux, Roupieux, muqueux.*
To be **snottie**. *Morver.*
Snottie humors. *Muſcoiſitez.*
A **snoute**. *Muſeau, muſle.*
A dogs preuie **snoute**. *Muſequin.*
A hogs **snoute**. *Groin de pourceau.*
An Elephants **snoute**. *Trompe d'elephant.*
Tying up the **snoute**. *Muſelure.*
To **snow**. *Neiger.*
Snow. *Neige.*
It **snoweth**. *Il neige.*
Snowie, or full of **snow**. *Neigeux.*
A filthie **snudge**. *Caquemaiſle.*
To **snuffe**. *Souffler du nez.*
To **snuffe** with diſdaine. *Hocher du nez.*
To take in **snuffe**. *Prendre en mauvaiſe part.*
To **snuffe** a candle. *Moucher une chandelle.*
The **snuffe** of a candle. *Meiche, mouchon de chandelle.*
A little **snuffe**. *Meicheron, moucheron.*
The **snuffe** of a lampe. *Bec de lampe.*
Snuffed (as a candle.) *Mouché.*
A **snuffer**. *Mouchet.*
A **snuffing**. *Mouchement.*
Snuffers, a paire of **snuffers**. *Mouchettes.*
A **snuffkin**. *Remue grace, manchon.*
To **snuffle**, or **snuffles** often. *Reniſler, reſſimer.*
A **snuffe** (or ſmoakie paper. *Camouflet.*
A (neere) **snudge**. *Tenant.*
To **snyte** the noſe. *Moucher le nez.*
Snyted. *Mouché.*
A **snyter**. *Moucheur.*
A **snyting**. *Mouchement.*
So. *Ainſi, tellement.*
So that. *De ſorte que, tellement que, moyennant que.*
So be it. *Ainſi ſoit il.*
So ſo. *Tellement quellement.*
To **soake**. *Macerer, tremper, mouiller, attremper, retremper, mettre à l'eſſay, abreuver.*
A **soaker**. *Trempeur.*
Soaked. *Havé, macré, trempé, mouillé, attrempé, retrempé.*
A **soaking**. *Macération, mouillement, mouillure, mouillure, trempement, attrempement.*
To **soare** aloft. *Voleter en haut.*
A **soare** hawke. *Faulcon ſor.*
To **sobbe**. *Syngluter.*
Sober. *Sobre, modeſte, temperé, reſerré.*
A **sober** man. *Homme retenu.*
Soberly. *Sobrement, modeſtement, attrempement, temperement.*
Sobernelle. *Sobrietie.* **Sobriete**. *Sobrieté, modeſtie, attrempance, temperance.*
A **sobresault**. (or **sommer sault**.) *Saltus ſaut, ſoubreſault.*
Socage tenure. *Roture.*
Land held in **socage**. *Heritages tenuz roture.*
Sociable. *Sociable, accompagnable.*
A **societie**. *Hanſe, ſocieté, accompagnement, ſodalité.*
A **socke**. *Chauſſon.*
A **socke** (or ſole) of diet (or earth cleaving to the bottome of the ſoes in cloggie way.) *Socque.*
The **socket** of a candleſticke. *Bavetſade chandelier.*
Sod, sodden. *Cuict, cuit, bouilli.* (*Participe de to Seeth.*)
Vnfit, or unpoſſible to be **sodden**. *Incuiſſable.*
A green **sod**. *Gazon, ſaſon, glaſon.*
A round **sod**. *Motte.*
Set on a **sod**. *Motté.*
Covered with greene **sodden**. *Gazonné.*
A little **sod** of earth. *Mottelet, mottelette, motteau.*
Soddie, full of **sodden**. *Glaſſeneux, gazoneux.*
Sodomie. *Sodomie.*
A **Sodomite**. *Sodomite.*
Soft. *Mol, ſuave, tendre.*
Somewhat **soft**. *Molet, tendret, tendrelet.*
Filthily **soft**. *Mollaſſe.*
To **soften**. *Amollir, mollifier, mollir, attendrir, alentir, mitifier.*
Softened. *Amolli, mollifié, alenti, attendri.*
A **softener**. *Mollifieur.*
A **softening**. *Amolliſſement, alentiſſement, mollification, attendriſſement.*
Softening. *Remollitif.*
Softly. *Mollement, tendrement, bellement.*
Faire and **softly**. *Tout beau, tout bellement, ſuavement.*
Softneſſe. *Molleſſe, mol, mollet, mollice, ſuavité, tendreté, tendreur.*
A **soho** (to make a hawke ſtoope to the lure.) *Reclame, reclam.*
Soile. *Ordure, terron, ſouillure, ſaſſe, terre, terreau, treſſond, terroir, terroir,*
Of **soile**. *Terrier.*

Lord

Lord of the **ſoile**. *Seigneur, treſfoncier, ou treſſoncier.*
The **ſoile** of a wild boare. *Sueil, ſouil, ſoeil, ou ſail de ſanglier.*
To **ſoile**. *Ordir, ſalir, ſaſſir, ſallir, ſouiller, maſcarer, vilener, vilainer.*
A deere to take **ſoile**. *Batre les eaux.*
To **ſoile** a doubt. *Souldre, reſouldre.*
Soiled. *Souillé, vilené, vilané, ordi, ſale, ſaſte, ſalle, ſalli, ſalaude, ſalet.*
A **ſoiling**. *Saliſſure, ſallisſure, ſouillement.*
To **ſojourne**. *Sejourner.*
Sojourned. *Sejourné.*
A **ſojourning**. *Sejour.*
Solace. *Soulas, confort.*
Great **ſolace**. *Reconfort, reconfort.*
To **ſolace** himſelfe. *Se ſolacier, ſe reconforter, ſe recréer, ſe conforter, ſoulaſſer, ou ſoulaſſier.*
To **ſolace** himſelfe in the ſunne. *Se rigoler au ſoleil.*
Solaced. *Conforté.*
Solacious. *Solacieux.*
A **ſolar**. *Solier, ſolliet.*
Sold. *Vendu (Participe du verbe* to Sell.)
To **ſolder**, and a **ſoldier**. *Voyez* Soulder, and Souldier.
Sole. *Seul, ſeulet.*
The **ſole** of the foot. *Plante du pied, ſole, ou ſolle du pied.*
The **ſole** of a ſhooe (or ſtocking.) *Semelle, ſole, ſolle.*
To **ſole** a ſhooe, or ſtocking. *Soler.*
To **ſole**, or ſet new **ſoles** on, a ſhooe. *Recarreler les ſouliers, ſemeler vn ſoulier.*
A **Sole** fiſh. *Vne ſole, perdrix de mer, ſolle.*
The greateſt kind of **ſole** fiſh. *Flettan, flettan.*
A little **ſole**. *Solette.*
Double **ſoled** ſhooes. *Souliers à double ſemelle.*
A **Soleciſme**. *Soloeciſme.*
Solely. *Seulement.*
Solemne. *Solemnel.*
Solemnely. *Solemnellement.*
A **ſolemnitie**. *Solemnité.*
To **ſolemnize**. *Solemniſer.*
A **ſolemnization** (or ſolemnizing.) *Solemnization.*
A **Solfa** (a note in ſinging.) *Solfe.*
Solfaed. *Solfié.*
To **ſolicite**. *Soliciter, Negocier.*
A **ſolicitation**, or **ſolicitting**. *Solicitation.*
Solicited. *Solicité, negocié.*
A **ſolicitor**. *Soliciteur, negociateur.*
Soliciteus. *Soigneux, ſoulcieux, ſoucieux.*
Solicitude. *Solicitude.*
Solide. *Solide, ſolidaire, maſſif; auſſi, ſententieux.*
To make **ſolide**. *Maſſir.*
Solidely. *Solidairement.*
Solidite. *Maſſiveté.*
Solitarie. *Solitaire, ſeulet, rattier.*
Solitarily. *Solitairement, rattierement.*
Solitarineſſe, or **ſolitude**. *Solitude, ſilence.*
Sollemne. (*Corruptement, pour* Solemne.) *Tyr.*
The **Solſtice**. *Solſtice; (quand les jours, ſont les plus longs, ou plus courts.)*
Of, or in the **ſolſtice**. *Solſticial.*
Soluble. *Soluble.*
A **ſolution**. *Solution.*
Solutive. *Solutif.*
Some. *Quelque.*
Some-body. *Quelqu'un, aucun.*
Something, or **ſomewhat**. *Quelque choſe, aucune choſe; auſſi, vn peu, quelque peu.*
Somewhere. *Quelque-part*
Somewhere elſe. *Ailleurs.*
Sometime. *Quelquefois, aucunefois.*
In **ſome** meaſure, in **ſome** ſort. *En quelque meſure, en quelque ſorte, en quelque maniere, aucunement.*
A **ſong**. *Chanſon, ſonnet.*
A countrey **ſong**. *Strambot, vaudeville, vaudeviſle.*
A **Sonne**. *Fils.*
A **ſonne** in law (or daughters husband.) *Gendre.*
A **ſonne** in law (or wives ſonne.) *Beaufils, Filiaſtre.*
A **ſonnes** wife. *Nore, bru, gendreſſe; belle fille.*
Sonne-like. *Filial.*
A **Sonnet**. *Sonnet.*
Sonorous. *Sonoreux, canoré.*
Soone. *Toſt, tantoſt, tempre, temprement.*
As **ſoone** as. *Des que, auſſi toſt que.*
Very **ſoone**. *Bien toſt.*
Soone at night. *Tantoſt au ſoir.*
Soote. *Suye, fuligine.*
Sootie. *Fuligineux, noiraſtre, noiret.*
A light **ſoote-colour** (with an eye of grey in it.) *Couleur de minimes, gris de minimes.*
Sooth. *Verité.*
In **ſooth**. *En verité.* (*vieux mot.*)
To **ſooth**. *Flater, ſiler doux, grediller, Pateliner, repateliner.*
Soothed. *Flaté, pateliné, gredillé.*
A **ſoothing**. *Flaterie, patelinage.*
A **ſooth-ſayer**. *Divin.*
A **ſooth-ſaying**. *Augure, augurement, divination.*
Sope. *Savon.*
Of, or belonging to, **ſope**. *Savonnier.*
Sope-balls. *Boulettes de ſavon.*
To **ſope** or waſh with **ſope**. *Savonner.*
Soped. *Savonné.*
Sopewoort, **ſopewoſt**. *Herbe ſavonniere, herbe à foulon.*
A **ſophiſme**. *Sophiſme.*
A **ſophiſter**. *Sophiſte.*
To **ſophiſticate**. *Sophiſtiquer, ſofiſtiquer, adulterer, miſtionner, mixtionner.*
Sophiſticated. *Sophiſtiqué; miſtionné, mixtionné.*
A **ſophiſticating**, or **ſophiſtication**. *Sofiſtication, ſophiſtiquement, ſophiſtiquerie, miſtionnement, miſtion, mixtion.*
Sophiſtrie. *Sophiſterie, ſophiſtiquerie.*
Sopoziferous. *Soporifere, ſommiſique.*
A **ſoppe**. *Soupe, ſouppe, trempette.*
To **ſoppe**. *Tremper.*
Soppie, full of **ſoppes**. *Offeux.*
Sopped. *Trempé.*
A **ſopper**. *Souppier, trempeur.*
A **ſorbe-apple**. *Corme.*
The **ſorbe-apple** tree. *Cormier.*
A **ſorcerer**. *Sorcier.*
A **ſorcerelle**. *Sorciere.*
Sorcerie. *Sorcelerie, ſorcelage, ſortilege.*
Sordide. *Sordide, vilain. Voyez* Foule, Filthie, &c.
Sordide miſery, or miching. *Taquinerie.*
A **ſordine** (for a Trumpet.) *Sourdine.*
A **ſore**. *Vlcere.*
Sore (*Adjectif.*) *Penible, malingre.*
A plague **ſore**. *Male boſſe.*
A **ſore** enemy. *Ennemi à outrance, ennemi mortel.*
Sorrell. *Ozeille, ſurelle, ſalette, aigrette, oyſeille, ſorel.*
Romane **ſorrell**. *Ozeille Romaine, Rau Henri.*
Small ſheepes **ſorrell**. *Ozeille petit, ozeille de brebis.*
Peetie ſallet **ſorrell**. *Petite ſalette.*
Wood **ſorrell**. *Sorel du bois, treſfle aigre.*
Sorrel (of colour.) *Saur.*
Sorrel-colour. *Saure, alezan.*
A burnt **ſorrell**. *Alezan bruſlé, alezan touſtade, ſaur obſcur, ou bruſlé.*
Sorrie. *Marri.*
I am **ſorrie** for him. *Il me fait mal de luy.*
I am very **ſorrie** for it. *I'en ſuis fort marri, j'en ſuis bien marri.*
Sorrily. *Malement.*
Sorrow. *Dolour, douleur, triſteſſe, dueil, deſconvenuë, marriſſon, triſteur, regret.*
To **ſorrow**. *Se marrir, ſe melancolier.*
Sorrow diſſembled (by a ſowre face.) *Simagrée.*
Sorrowfull. *Doloureux, douloureux, triſte, dolent.*
Sorrowfully. *Dolentement, doloureuſement, douloureuſement, triſtement.*
A **ſorte**. *Sorte, maniere, mode, moyen, auſſi, vn tas.*
To **ſorte**. *Aſſortir.*
Perſons of **ſorte** (or worth.) *Gens de miſe.*
To ſtore with all **ſortes**. *Aſſortir.*
Sorted. *Aſſorti.*
Sortable. *Sortable.*
Sortably. *Sortablement.*
A **ſorting**. *Aſſortiment, aſſortiſſement.*
An ill favoured **ſotte**. *Halebreda.*
A **ſot**. *Sot, ſol, bedaut, badelori, grue, oiſon bridé, jangipon, jobelin, michon, minchon, bediet, bejaune.*
To play the **ſot**. *Sotiner, ſottiner.*
A ſoule **ſot**. *Sotart, ſottart.*
To **ſot**, or make **ſottiſh**. *Hebeter.*
A litle **ſot**. *Sottelet.*
Sottiſh. *Goffe, gruë, hebeté, faugrenu, abſurde, ſot, morne.*
A **ſottiſh** part. *Abſurdité.*
Sottiſhly. *Sottement, badinement, ſollement, ſottement.*
Sottiſhneſſe. *Badauderie, badaudiſe, ſotiſe, bejaunage, bejaunie, bejauneric, ſotterie, ſottie, ſottiſe.*
Soveraigne. *Souverain, majeſteux, real.*
A **Soveraigne**. *Souverain; vne piece d'or valant cinq francs.*
Soveraintie. *Souveraineté, majeſté, ſceptre, ſeigneurie.*
Soverainely. *Souverainement.*
Sought. *Cerché, recerché, requis, queri, quis.*
A **Soudan**. *Soudan, ſouldan, ſoldan.*
To **ſoulder**. *Souder, ſouder.*

Souldred. *Souldé.*
A **soulderer.** *Souldeur.*
A **soulduring.** *Souldure, soudure.*
A **souldier.** *Souldoyer, souldat, soldat, soldars, soudart.*
A trained **souldier.** *Franctaupin.*
An old beaten **souldier.** *Vn vieux routier.*
Old maimed **souldiers.** *Mille-souldiers.*
A **souldiers** boy. *Goujat.*
A **souldiers** wench. *Goujate.*
A **souldiers** pay. *Soulde, soulte, soude.*
To wage, or give pay to **souldiers.** *Souldoyer.*
Souldierly. *Soldatesque.*
Souldierized, made a **souldier.** *Soldatisé.*
Souldier-like. *Militaire, à la soldatesque.*
Souldierly, or **souldier-like** (Adverbe.) *Soldatesquement.*
The **soule.** *Ame.*
A little pretty **soule.** *Amelette.*
Sound. *Sain, salubre, salutaire; solide, sytteré, haité, haitié, sauf, sauvé.*
The **sound** (or cuttle) *Seiche, sethe.*
To **sound** with a plummet. *Sonder, niveler.*
A **sound.** *Son, bruit.*
To **sound.** *Sonner; souffler.*
The **sound-hole** of a violl. *Les ouyes d'une voile.*
The **sound-board** (of an organ or other musicall instrument.) *Canon, Tremblotr.*
Sounded with a plummet. *Sondé, nivellé.*
Sounded. *Sonné, soufflé.*
A **sounding.** *Sonnerie.*
The **sounding** with a plummet. *Nivellement.*
A (Mariners) **sounding** plummet. *Sonde, vn giet, vn niveau.*
Soundly. *Solidairement, sainement, syncerement.*
To sleep very **soundly.** *Dormir fort serré.*
Soundnesse. *Solidité.*
Soundnesse (of body.) *Salubrité, santé, salut, syncerité.*
A **Source.** *Source, resource.* Voyez a Spring.
A **sourdet.** *Sourdine. Comme,* a Sordine.
Sourd. *Sur, seure, aigre; aussi, rebarbatif, rude, saturnien, tetrique, sural.*
A **sours** (lowring) huswife. *Risage.*
Sours-looking. *Rechigné, rechigne.*
A **sours-looking** fellow. *Rechignard.*
A **sours-looking.** *Rechignement.*
With a **sours** looke. *Rechignement.*
Sourdock. *Comme,* Sorell.
Sourdly. *Aigrement, rudement.*
Sourenesse. *Aigreur, acerbité, actoſité, rudesse.*
A French **Sous** (a peece of copper money silvered over, and worth about the English pennie farthing.) *Sol, souls.*
The **South.** *Su, sud, midi, midy.*
South. *Meridien.*
The **south** winde. *Le vent de midi, vent pluus; vent haultain, not.*
The **south-east** winde. *Sueſt, sirocco, sirocb, syrocb, syroque.*
The **south-west** winde. *Vent Affriquain, garbin, Suroest, susuest, labesche, besche.* ℈ Rab.
A **southerly** winde. *Vent marin.*
Southerly. *Meridional, meridien.*
To **sow** (seed.) *Semer, ensemencer, ensemer.*
To **sow** with a needle. *Coudre, ouvrager.*
A **Sow** *Truye, gorre, vuvrate.*
A wild **sow.** *Lée.*
To bring the boare to the **sow.** *Souër.*
A **sow** of lead. *Vn Cuzux de plomb, saulmone de plomb.*
Sowed (with a needle.) *Cousu, ouvrage.*
A **sower** (of seed) *Semeur, ensemeur.*
Sowne, or **sowed** (as seed.) *Semé; ensemencé, semencé, ensemé.*
Thinne **sowne.** *Cler semé.*
Seed **sowne.** *Semaille, semaison, semaisson.*
A **sowing.** *Semaille.*
Sowing-time. *Semence, semaille, semaison, semaisson.*
To **sowne.** *Voyez* to sowne.
A **sower.** *Saveticr. Voyez* a Cobler.
A **space.** *Espace.*
A **space** between. *Intervalle.*
A **space** between place and place. *Distance.*
Spacious. *Spacieux.*
Spaciously. *Spacieusement.*
A **spade.** *Besche, louchet, biece, besse.*
To **spangle,** or trim with **spangles.** *Pailleter, papilloter, papillotter.*
A **spangle,** *Paille, paillette, paillet, paillole.*
Spangle-gold. *Or en paille, or de paillole.*
Spangles. *Pailles, paillotes, papillotes, pampillettes.*
Spangled. *Pailleté, papillotté, papilloté.*
All **spangled,** or set thick with **spangles.** *Papillotteux.*
A **spangle-maker.** *Papilloteur.*
A **spangling.** *Papillottement.*
A **Spaniard.** *Espagnol.*
To play the **Spaniard.** *Espagnoliser.*
Spanish. *Espagnol.*
A **spanish** trick. *Espagnolade.*
After the **spanish** fashion. *A l'espagnole.*
Spanished. *Espagnolé.*
Spanish broom. *Sparte, sparton.*
A **Spaniell.** *Espagneul, Espagnol.*
A water **spaniell.** *Barbet.*
A **spanne.** *Empan, pan, pam.*
To play at **spanne-counter.** *Jouër au tapper.*
To **spare.** *Espargner, respargner, repargner, temperer.*
A **spare** thing. *Chose de reserve.*
Spare (of flesh.) *Desnué de chair, trauué, descharne.*
Spare-time. *Temps de réserve.*
The **spare** ribs of a porke or hog. *Cotis, costelettes de porc.*
Spared. *Espargné, respargné.*
Sparing. *Respargnant.*
A **sparing.** *Espargne, respargne.*
Sparingly. *Reservément, retenuement.*
A **sparke,** or, **sparkle.** *Estincelle, bluette, flammesche; aussi, bril, scintille.*
A little **sparke,** or **sparkle.** *Estincellette, meicheron.*
To **sparke,** or **sparkle.** *Estinceller, bluetter, briller, brillanner, petiller, scintiller.*
To **sparkle** often. *Pepetiller.*
Sparkled. *Estincellé.*
A **sparkling.** *Estincellement, brillement, petillement, scintillation.*
Sparkling. *Brillant, petillant.*
A **sparre** (for a doore) *Barre.*
To **sparre.** *Barrer.*
Sparred. *Barré.*
A little **sparre.** *Barreau.*
The **sparribs** of porke. *Costelettes de porc.*
A **Sparrow.** *Passereau, passeau, moineau, moyneau, friquet, maisson, moucet, moucet.*
A hedge **sparrow.** *Moineau de haye, mari cocu, moucet petit, verdalle, verdun.*
The ring **sparrow.** *Moineau à la soulsie.*
A henne-**sparrow.** *Passe.*
A **Sparrow-hawke.** *Esperviter.*
Sparrow-mouthed. *Qui a la bouche bien large, trop fendu de bouche.*
Spacious. *Comme* Spacious *Lequel Voyez.*
A **Spatula** (or chirurgians little slice.) *Spatule, espatule, sphatule.*
The **Spawne** (of fish.) *Oeufs de poisson, fray, auve, ou Oeuvance des poissons.*
The **spawne** of Sturgion (eaten with oile, Vinegar, and pepper.) *Cabiroti.*
To **spay.** *Chastrer.*
Spayed. *Chastré.*
Speach. *Parler, propos, language.* Voyez Speech.
A set **speach.** *Harangue.*
A pleasant **speach.** *Sornette.*
To **speake.** *Parler, babler.*
To **speake** face to face unto. *Aboucher.*
To **speake** against. *Contre-dire.*
To **speak** evill of. *Medire de, mesparler de.*
To **speak** merrily. *Sornet.*
To **speak** through the nose. *Parler regnant.*
To **speake** discreetly. *Avoir bon bec.*
A **speaker.** *Parleur.*
A **speaking.** *Parlement.*
Speaking. *Parlant.*
Evill opprobrious **speaking.** *Maledicence.*
A (horsemans **speare.**) *Lance.*
A **speare-man.** *Lancier.*
An eele-**speare.** *Fourche-fiere à trois pointes.*
Speare-minte. *Herbe de sainte Marie, Baulme.*
Speck-grease. *Surpoint.* Voyez Pecke-grease.
A **speche.** *Pic rouge; ou comme* a Speight.
Special. *Especial, spécial, specifique.*
Specially. *Specialement, par especial, specifiquement.*
To **specifie.** *Specifier.*
Specified. *Specifié*
Specious. *Specieux.*
A **speck,** or **speckle.** *Macule, tacheture.*
To **speck,** or **speckle.** *Tacheter, maculer, grivoler, marteler, taveler.*
Specked, or **speckled.** *Maculé, tacheté, griveté, grivolé, bagié, marteté, taveté.*
A **speckling.** *Grivelement, grivolement, griveleure, grivolure, tavelement, tavelure, tachetsure.*
A **spectacle.** *Spectacle.*
A paire of **spectacles.** *Lunettes, besicles, besycles.*
A **spectacle-maker.** *Besclier, besselier, faiseur des lunettes.*
A **spectator.** *Spectateur, regardeur.*
A **spectatrix.** *Spectatrice.*
To **speculate.** *Speculer.*
A **speculator.** *Speculateur.*
A **speculatrix.** *Speculatrice.*
A **speculation.** *Speculation, inspection.*
Speech *Parler, propos, language, oraison.*
Faire **speech.** *Blandices, mignardise.*

Ill ſpeech. *Maledicence.*
Rudeneſſe of ſpeech. *Rudeſſe de parolles.*
An opprobrious ſpeech. *Mediſſon, meſdiſance, mordacite.*
Speechleſſe. *Muet.*
Speed. *Expedition, haſte; auſſi, proſperité, ou bon ſuccez en vn affaire: d'ou vient,*
God ſpeed you; *Dieu vous benie & proſpere, (maniere de ſalutation, ou ſouhait.)*
To ſpeed. *Expedier, ſe haſter, accelerer; auſſi, proſperer en vn affaire.*
Great ſpeed. *Soudaineté.*
To ſpeed well. *Proſperer, en vn affaire; avoir bon heur bonne adventure, ou bon ſuccez.*
Speeded. *Haſté.*
A ſpeeder. *Accelerateur.*
Speedie. *Expeditif, haſtif, haſteleux, ſoudain, ſubit.*
Speedily. *Haſtivement, avec expedition, ſoudainement, ſubitement.*
Speedineſſe. *Expedition, haſtiveté.*
A ſpeight. *Beche bois, pic rouge.*
To ſpell. *Eſpeler.*
Spelled. *Eſpelé.*
A ſpell (or charme.) *Sort.*
Spell (corne.) *Eſpeaultre, ſpeaultre, ſpelte.*
A ſpence (or larder.) *Deſpenterie, deſpence.*
To ſpend. *Deſpendre, deſpencer, deſpenſer.*
A ſpender. *Deſpendeur, deſpenſier.*
Spendfull. *Deſpenduex.*
A ſpending. *Le deſpendre.*
Spending. *Deſpenſier.*
Exceſſive ſpending. *Bobance, bobans.*
A ſpend-thrift. *Gaſpilleur, terrible ſacre; ou comme* A Spender.
Spent. *Deſpendu, deſpencé, deſpenſé; auſſi, recreu.*
Sperage. *Aſperges.*
Sperme. *Sperme.*
Spermaticke, full of ſperme. *Spermatique.*
To ſpermatize, or eject ſperme. *Spermatiſer.*
Spet. *Voyez* Spit.
To ſpew. *Vomir.*
That makes one ready to ſpew. *Nauſeatif.*
Spewed. *Vomi.*
A ſpewing. *Vomiſſement.*
To ſpey a ſow. *Saner vne truye.*
A ſphere. *Sphere.*
Spherical. *Spherique.*
The Sphinxe, or ſphinx. *Sphinge.*
Spice. *Eſpice.*
Spices, or ſpiceries. *Eſpices, eſpicerie.*
To ſpice ſeaſon with ſpice. *Eſpicer.*
Spiced. *Eſpicé.*
A ſeller of ſpices. *Eſpicier.*
Spicknell, or ſpignell. *Siſtre.*
A ſpider. *Araigne.*
Full of ſpiders. *Araigneux.*
A water ſpider. *Tipule.*
Spiderie. *Araignier.*
A ſpie. *Eſpie, mauchard, mouſchard, mouſche.*
To ſpie. *Eſpier, moucharder, mouſcher.*
To ſpie afar off. *Speculer.*
Spied. *Eſpié.*
A ſpier. *Eſpieur.*
A ſpying. *Voyez le en ſon lieu.*
To ſpight. *Deſpiter. Voyez* to Spit.
A ſpigot. *Robinet, ſipbon, ſyphon.*
Spike, Lavender ſpike. *Spique, nard baſtard, nard d'Italie.*
Romane ſpike. *Spicaire.*
Oile of ſpike. *Huile nardin.*
Spikenard. *Spicquenard, ſpiquenard, nard.*
French ſpikenard. *Nard celtique, nard gaulois.*
Wild ſpikenard. *Cabaret, nard ſauvage, ou ruſtique.*
To ſpill. *Eſpandre, reſpandre, repandre.*
A ſpiller. *Reſpandeur.*
A ſpilling. *Reſpandement.*
Spilt, or ſpilled. *Reſpandu.*
Spinage. *Eſpinars, herbe d'Eſpaigne.*
A ſpindle. *Fuſeau.*
A ſpindle full. *Fuſée.*
Made like a ſpindle. *Fuſelé.*
A ſpindle-maker. *Fuſelier.*
The ſpindle (or nuell) of a winding ſtaire. *Noyau.*
Spindle-tree. *Fuſain, furain, fuſier, evonyme.*
A ſpinke (bird.) *Quinſon, berle, grinſon, pinſon.*
A mountaine ſpinke. *Moineau de bois.*
To ſpinne. *Filer.*
A ſpinner. *Filandier, ou comme* A ſpinſter, *auſſi, araigne.*
A ſpinning. *Filandrerie.*
A ſpinning wheele. *Rouët.*
A ſpinſter. *Fineuſe, filandier, filandiere.*
A ſpire ſteeple. *Tour d'Egliſe piramidale & ſpirale.*
A ſpirit. *Eſprit.*
A ſpirit (goblin, ghoſt.) *Eſprit, demon, maſſeret, ſpectre.*
Spirit (or wit.) *Eſprit, vivacité d'eſprit.*
Full of ſpirit, or ſpiritfull. *Vivace, eſcarbillat, ſcarbillat.*
Spirituall. *Spirituel, ſpirituex, ſpiriteux.*
Spiritually. *Spirituellement.*
A ſpit. *Broche, haſte.*
To ſpit meate. *Brocher la viande.*
Spitted. *Broché.*
A turne-ſpit. *Tourne-broche.*
A ſpit (fiſh.) *Spet, bautin.*
Spite. *Deſpit.*
To ſpite. *Deſpiter; haïr.*
Spite of their hearts. *Maulgré eux.*
Spitefull. *Deſpiteux.*
Spitefully. *Deſpiteuſement.*
To ſpit, or ſpet. *Cracher.*
Spit, or ſpet upon. *Crachè.*
A ſpitter. *Cracheur.*
A ſpitting. *Crachement.*
Spittle. *Crachat, crachard, ſalive.*
To be full of, or yeeld much ſpittle. *Saliver.*
A having of much ſpittle. *Salivation.*
Spittle, full of ſpittle. *Salival, ſaliveux.*
A ſpittle or ſpittle houſe. *Hoſpital, hoſtel dieu, maladerie, noſocome, oſtiere.*
A ſpittle beggar. *Vn gueux de l'oſtiere.*
A ſplay foot. *Pied billard, pied gauche.*
Splay-footed. *Gavat, goibier, tartipé.*
The ſplene. *La rate, ratelle.*
Troubled with the ſplene. *Splenitique.*
Of, or in the ſplene. *Splenique.*
Splenaticke. *Rattier ſplenatique,*
The ſplene veine. *Veine ſplentique.*
Splene-wort. *Scolopendrie vraye.*
Splendor. *Splendeur, reſplendeur, reſplendiſſeur, luſtre.*
A ſplent (or ſticke to make a ſplent of.) *Attelle.*
A ſplent in a horſes legs. *Spinul.*
Little ſplents of broken bones. *Squilles d'os.*
Splinters for broken and crooked fingers. *Gaſchettes pour tenir les doigts fermes.*
Little ſplints (for hawkes broken legs.) *Haſtelettes.*
Splinters. *Eſclats.*
To ſplit aſunder. *Se fendre, ſe deſbriſer.*
Split, or ſplitted. *Desbriſé.*
A ſplitting. *Desbriſement, debriſe.*
To ſpoile (or rifle.) *Deſpouiller, riffler, ſpolier.*
To ſpoile (or marre.) *Gaſter, bendrir, perdre, perimer, ruiner.*
A ſpoile. *Deſpouille; auſſi, gaſtement, ſac, ruiné.*
Spoiled. *Deſpouillé; gaſté, vicié, ruené.*
A ſpoiler. *Spoliateur, ruineur, gaſteur.*
A ſpoiling. *Deſpouillement, ſpoliation; auſſi, gaſtement, ruinement.*
A ſpoiling woman. *Spoliatrice.*
The ſpoke of a wheele. *La raye d'une rouë.*
Spoken. *Dict, parlé. (Participe du verbe* to ſpeake.)
A ſpokeſman. *Orateur.*
A weavers ſpole. *Eſpaule.*
A ſponge. *Voyez* a Spunge.
A ſpoole, and a ſpoole full. *Voyez* Spindle, and Spindlefull.
A ſpoone. *Cuillier*, happe ſoupe.
A ſpoonefull. *Cuillerée.*
Spoone-wort. *Herbe aux cuilliers.*
Sport. *Ieu, esbat, deduit recreation, galterie.*
To ſport. *Iouër, s'esbatre.*
To intertaine with varietie of ſport. *Galler.*
Intertained with ſports. *Gallé.*
To make ſport unto. *Objecter.*
To ſport himſelfe in the ſunne. *Se rigoler au ſoleil.*
Sported. *Iouë.*
A ſporter. *Iouëur.*
A thee ſporter. *Iouëreſſe.*
Sportfull. *Recreatif.*
Sportfully. *Recreativement.*
A ſpot. *Tache, tachette, macule, marque, marqueture; note, motte, ſing.*
To ſpot. *Maculer, mouſchoter, taveler, barbouiller, marqueter, marquer, marteler, mouchoter; noter, tacher, tacheter.*
Spotted. *Mouſcheté, taché, tachetté, tavelé, marqueté, barbouillé, marqué; bindri, martelé; noté.*
A ſpotter. *Barbouilleur.*
A ſpotting. *Mouſchetture, marqueture, tavellement, tavelure, tachetture.*
A ſponſe. *Eſpoux, eſpouſé, la mariée.*
To ſpout up or againſt. *Jallir, rejallir, rejalir.*
The mouth of a ſpout. *Gargouille.*
Spouted out. *Jalli, rejalli.*
A ſpouting out. *Iallissement.*
A ſpouting out. *Rejalliſſement.*
A ſprat. *Caquerel.*
To ſpread abroad. *Eſpardre, ſurgermer, tendre, deſplier, deſployer, deſveloper, ſemer, publier.*
To ſpread upon. *Mettre au large.*
Spread, or ſpred. *Eſpars, deſplié, deſployé, deſvelopé; publié, ſemé, tendu.*
A ſpreading. *Deſvelopement, deſpliement, tenture.*
A ſprig. *Sarment, germe, gitte, verge, vergette, ſcion, talle.*
Small ſprigs. *Vergettons, ſcions.*

Sprigge (full of sprigs.) *Sciomeux, germeux, surculeux.*
Sprigtfull. *Hubi, escarbillat.*
A **spring.** *Source.*
A new **spring.** *Resource, ressource.*
To **spring** out. *Sourcer, sourdir, surgir, se resourdre, resourdre, naistre, nasquir; germer; surgeonner, sursaillir.*
To **spring** againe. *Resourdre, resurgir, renaistre; revivre; resulter.*
To **spring** (or rise) upon. *Surcroistre.*
To **spring** (as a child in the wombe.) *Grouiller.*
The **spring**, or **spring-time.** *Printemps, printemps, prime vere, renouveau.*
The **spring** of a fountaine. *Sourgeon, surgeon.*
The **spring** of a lock. *Resort, ou, ressort de serrure.*
A **spring**, or **springes** (to catch woodcocks.) *Roizelets, rechargeoer (pour prendre les beccasses.)*
A **springing.** *Sourdemint; naissance; aussi, germement.*
The **springing** (of a child in the womb.) *Grouillis.*
Springing. *Sourdant, sourdoyant; naissant, sursaillant.*
A **springing** (or rising) upon. *Surcroist.*
To **sprinkle.** *Asperger, arrouser, arroser, guespillonner.*
A holy water **sprinkle.** *Aspergez, guepillon, goupillon, guipillon.*
A **sprinkler.** *Arroseur.*
Sprinkled. *Aspersé, arrousé, arrosé, inspersé, perspité, guespillonné.*
Sprinkling. *Guespillonneux.*
A **sprinkling.** *Arrousement, arrosement, arrousage, aspersion.*
The **sprit-sayle** of a ship. *Le beaupré.*
To **sprout** out. *Germer, germiner, bourgeonner, abourjonner, repigeonner, repionner.*
To **sprout** out (as water.) *Jallir.*
To **sprout** back. *Rejallir, rejalir.*
A **sprout.** *Germe, bourgeon, bourjon.* *Voyez* Bud, Sprig.
Sprouted out. *Germé, bourgeonné; aussi, jalli, rejalli.*
A **sprouting** out. *Germement, germination, repigeonnement, bourgeonnement; aussi, jallissement, rejallissement.*
Sprouting. *Germeux.*
Spruce. *Sade, sadinet, geni, godin, godinet, fringant, fringuereau, frisque, mignon, mise, accointé, accoint, attinté.*
A **spruce** fellow. *Mirloret, mistoudin, moudinet.*
To be **spruce.** *Fringuer.*
To **spruce** it. *Garber, attinter.*
Sprucely. *Sadement, mistement, mignonnement, gentement.*
Sprucenesse. *Fringuerie, mignonneté.*
Sprung out, or up. *Sourcé, surgermé.* (*Participe du verbe* to Spring.)
To **spue.** *Vomir.* *Voyez* to Spew, to Vomit.
A **spunge.** *Esponge.*
Spungie. *Spongieux, fongeux, fungueux.*
Spunginesse, spungiousnesse. *Spongiosité, fungosité.*
Spunne. *Filé,* (*Participe du verbe* to Spinne.)
Spunne upon a Spindle. *Fuselé.*
Spurge. *Espurge, herbe à laict.*
To **spurne.** *Calcitrer, regimber, recalcitrer.*
A **spurner.** *Regimbeur.*
A **spurning.** *Regimbement.*
A **spurre.** *Esperon, stimule, piqueron.*
Walking **spurres** (with blunt rowels.) *Esperons mornez.*
To **spurre.** *Esperonner, piquer, stimuler, talonner.*
A cocks spurre. *Ergot, ergoture.*
(Such) **spurres.** *Herigotes.*
That hath such **spurres.** *Ergoté, herigoté.*
The having of (such) **spurres.** *Ergoture, herigoteure, ergoteure.*
Spurred. *Esperonné, talonné, piqué.*
A **Spurrer.** *Piqueur.*
Spurrie (an hearb.) *Spurrie.*
To **spurre-gall.** *Talonner.*
A **spurring.** *Esperonnement, stimulation, talonnement; Talonniert.*
To **spurt** out, or up. *Jallir, rejallir, rejalir, surgeonner, Sursaillir.*
Spurted out. *Jalli.*
A **spurting** out. *Jallissement, rejallissement.*
A **spying.** *Espiement, regardement.*
A **spying** from a high; or farre off place. *Speculation.*
Soone **spying.** *Occulé.*
To **squabble.** *Noiser, rioter.*
A **squabble**, a **squabbling.** *Riote, noise, noisette.*
Squabbling. *Noiseux, rioteux.*
A **squadron.** *Esquadron, squadron, host.*
To **squander** away. *Gaspiller, bobancer, despendre trop, fricasser tout.*
Squandered away. *Gaspillé, despendu, fricassé.*
A **squanderer.** *Gaspillaur, bobancier, terrible, sacre, guespilleur.*
A **squandering.** *Babance, bobans.*
Square. *Quarré, carré, carreure, quarré, quarreure.*
A **square.** *Quarreure.*
A little **square**, in a cheese boord. *Marelle.*
A **square** in the bottome of a pillar. *Spire.*
To **square**, or make **square.** *Quarrer, carrer.*
To **square** (or disagree.) *Desaccorder, rioter.*
A little **square.** *Carreau, quarreau.*
To **square** it out. *Se carrer.*
A **square** pavingtile. *Quarreau, carreau.*
To pave with **square** tiles. *Quarreler, carreller.*
Payed with **square** tiles. *Quarrelé.*
A paving with such **tiles.** *Quarreleure, quarrellage.*
Squared, made **square**, *Quarré, carré, tesseré.*
A **squaring.** *Quarreure, carreure.*
A **squaring** (or disagreeing.) *Desaccordance, riote, contention.*
To **squash** downe. *Mettre à la flat, escraser, elider, raccamuser.*
Squashed downe. *Escraisé, raccamusé.*
A **squasher.** *Escraseur.*
A **squashing** down. *Escrasement.*
To **squat.** *Blotir, musser, se tapir, mettre à la flat.*
A hare to **squat.** *Relaisser.*
Squatted. *Eloti, blaty, mussé, tapi, tappi.*
A **squatting.** *Tapissement.*
Squatting. *Tapissant.*
To **squeak**, or **squeale.** *Claironner, agreslir la voix.*
Squeaked, squealed. *Claironné.*
A **squeaking**, or **squealing.** *Clangueur, crierie.*
Squeaking. *Gresle, clangueux.*
Squeakingly. *Greslement.*
Squeamish. *Desdaigneux, mineux.*
To be very **squeamish.** *Faire la sadinette*
A **squeamish** dame. *Mesprisereste, sucrée.*
Squeamishly. *Desdaigneusement.*
Squeamishnesse. *Desdain.*
To **squeeze** out. *Escraser.*
To **squeeze** hard. *Perstreindre, perstraindre, reserrer.*
Squeezed out. *Escragé.*
Squeezing out. *Escrageant.*
A **squibbe.** *Fusée, fuseau, fuzée, missile, petard.*
The **squill** (or sea onion.) *Squille, oignon de mer, oignon sauvage, stipoule.*
The **squinancie**, or **squinzie.** *Squinance, esquinance, le mal de gosier, synanchie.*
The **squinant** (or sweet rush, called also Camellshay.) *Sequinant, squinant, squinente.*
Squint-eyed. *Guirle.*
A **squint-eyed** fellow. *Strabouite, sarabouite.* ¶ Rabl.
A **squint** look. *Vn regard à gar.*
Squinting. *Bigle.*
A squinting wench. *Bigleſſe.*
Squintingly. *Biglement.*
A **squire.** *Escuir.* *Voyez* Esquire.
A (carpenters) **squire.** *Esquierre.*
A **squirrell.** *Escurieu, escureur.*
A **squirt.** *Seringue, siringue, syringue, flacquoir.*
To **squirt.** *Seringuer, siringuer, syringuer, tamer.*
The **squirt.** *La foire, cliquefoire.*
To **squirt**, or have the **squirt.** *Foirer.*
Squirted. *Siringué.*
A **squirting.** *Seringuement.*
Squirting. *Syringueur.*
A **stabbe.** *Vn coup d'estoc, estocade.*
To **stabbe.** *Estoccader, poignarder.*
Stabbed. *Poignardé.*
Stablitie, or **stablenesse.** *Stabilité, fermeté, constance, fermesse, roideur.*
Stable. *Stable, ferme, constant, roide.*
A **stable.** *Estable, escurie.*
To **stable**, or put into a **stable.** *Establer.*
Stabling (for horses.) *Establage.*
To **stablish.** *Establir.* *Voyez* to Establish.
Stably. *Fermément, constamment, gridement.*
A **stack** of corne. *Gerbier; gerbiere.*
A **stack** of wood. *Mayde bois.*
A **stack** of hay. *Meule de foin, moulon de foin, moncau de fein, mulon de foin.*
A **Staffe.** *Bastin, fust.*
A smal **staffe.** *Bastonneau, bastonnet, verge*
A **staffe-bearer.** *Bastonnier.*
A quarter **staffe**, or pike **staffe.** *Bastin à deux bouts, fourchesiere.*
The **staffe** of a Boare-speare. *La manche d'un espieu.*
The **staffe** (of a speare, halberd, javeline, &c.) *Le fust, la hante.*
The **staffe** of an anchor. *Stangue d'un ancre.*
A Bishops **staffe.** *Crosse.*
A **staffe** of eight verses. *Ostastique.*
A **stage** (or publique play-house.) *Theatre.*
A **stage-play.** *Comedie ou tragedie publiquement joué.*
A **stage-player.** *Comedien.*

A ſtagge. *Cerf.*
To **ſtagger**. *Chanceller, vaciller; heſiter.*
Staggered (in opinion.) *Heſité.*
Staggered. *Vacillé.*
A **ſtaggering.** *Chancellement, vacillation, vacillement, heſitation.*
Staggering. *Chancellant.*
Staggerwort. *Fleur de S Iaques.*
Staie. *Voyez* Stay.
To **ſtaine.** *Deſcoulourer, deſteindre, deſtaindre, tacher, blotter, maculer, ordir, teindre.*
A **ſtaine.** *Macule, teinct, teint.*
Stained. *Deſcoulouré, deſcoloré, deſteinct, taché, teinct, beudri, ordelot.*
A **ſtaining.** *Deſcoulourement, ordiſſeure; teincture, teinture.*
A **ſtaire** (or ſtep.) *Degré.*
A paire of **ſtaires.** *Scalle, degrez.*
A winding **ſtaire.** *Vis, viz, vis S Gilles.*
A **ſtake.** *Pau, paiſſeau, pal, fuſt, pali, pieu, paſſeau.*
Great round **ſtakes** (or piles.) *Rouliz.*
A **ſtake** (at play.) *Vn enjeu.*
To **ſtake** in play. *Mettre en jeu, pariер.*
Staked, or ſet with **ſtakes.** *Paulé.*
Stale. *Vieux, ſurgé vieil.*
Stale (or piſſe.) *Du piſſat.*
A growing **ſtale.** *Surannation.*
To grow **ſtale.** *Suranner.*
A **ſtalke.** *Tige, trocisque.*
The **ſtalke** of a leafe, or of fruit. *Pedicule.*
The **ſtalke** of a cluſter of grapes. *Ribauld d'une grappe.*
The **ſtalke** of an eare of corne. *Hotton.*
A peaſe or beane **ſtalke.** *Pezar.*
A **ſtall.** *Eſtalle, ſtalle, eſtabli, eſtablier, eſtail, taudis.*
A Tailors **ſtall.** *Eſtablie de couſturier, taudis.*
An Oxe ſtall. *Eſtable à beufs.*
Stall-fed. *Aſſené.*
A **ſtall** (or foddering place in the fields for beaſts.) *Mandre.*

A **Stallion.** *Eſtalon, garagnon, cheval de haras.*
To **ſtammer.** *Begueyer, begnoyer, chanceller, beguyer.*
To **ſtammer** at. *Heſiter.*
Stammered at. *Heſité.*
A **ſtammering.** *Begueyement, begueyement, chancellement.*
A **ſtammering** at. *Heſitation.*
Stammering. *Begue, chancellant.*
A **ſtammerer.** *Begue.*
To **ſtampe,** or ſet a **ſtampe** on. *Marquer, ſigner, ſeigner.*
A **ſtampe** (or print.) *Marque, ſing, ſigne, ſignet.*
To **ſtampe** (or pound.) *Mouldre, piler.*
To **ſtampe** (with the feete.) *Heurter des pieds, peteler, petiller.*
Stamped. *Marqué, ſigné.*
A **ſtamper.** *Signeur.*
A **ſtamping** into peeces. *Mouldure.*
A **ſtamping** with the feet. *Petelis, petellement, petillement.*
Stamping. *Petillant.*
To **ſtanch.** *Eſtancher, reſtancher.*
Stanched. *Eſtanché.*
A **ſtancher.** *Eſtancheur.*
A **ſtanching.** *Eſtanchement, eſtanche.*
A **Standard.** *Eſtandard.*
The **Standard** of a troope of horſe. *Renn ſane.*
A **Standard-bearer.** *Gonfalonnier, gonfanounier, gonfanier.*
To **ſtand.** *Eſtre de bout, ſe tenir de bout.*
To **ſtand** to it. *Tenir bon.*
A **ſtand,** or **ſtanding** place. *Station.*
To **ſtand** againſt. *Reſiſter, obſiſter.*
To make a **ſtand.** *Faire halte, faire alte.*
To bid **ſtand.** *Faire le hola.*
To **ſtand** ſtill. *S'arreſter.*
To **ſtand** ſtiffely in an ill opinion. *S'opiniaſtrer.*
To **ſtand** upright. *Se tenir de bout.*
To **ſtand** his ground. *Subſiſter, tenir bon.*
A **ſtand** (for ale.) *Tine.*
Stander-graſſe. *Satyrion.*
Standers (trees left in a wood for increaſe.) *Baliveaux, balliveaux.*
Standing, that hath a **ſtanding.** *Stationnaire.*
Standing. *Statif.*
A **ſtanding.** *Station, repoſoir, repoſouer.*
A **ſtanding** water. *Eau dormante, eau ſtagnante.*
A frowardly **ſtanding** in a wrong opinion. *Opiniaſtreté.*
A **ſtanding** to it. *Subſiſtence.*
A box-**ſtandith.** *Cabinet d'Alemaigne.*
A **ſtanzo** (ſtaffe of verſes.) *Stance.*
A **ſtanzo** (of eight verſes.) *Octaſtique.*
A **ſtaple.** *Eſtape.*
A **ſtaple** for a locke. *Gaſche.*
Starboard (the right ſide of a ſhip.) *Stribort, tribort.*
Starch. *Empo, ampois amidon.*
To **ſtarch.** *Empeſer, ampeſer, amidonner.*
Starch-wort. *Iarrus, pied de veau.*
Starch-corne. *Scourgeon, ſecourgeon, ſeigle blanc.*
Starched. *Empeſé.*
A **ſtare,** or **ſtareling.** *Sanſonet, ſanſonét, eſtourneau.*
To **ſtare.** *Eſrailler, enrailler.*
To make the haire **ſtare.** *Heriſſer, beriſſonner, beruper, beriper.*
Whoſe haire **ſtares.** *Herupé.*
Haire to **ſtare.** *S'heriſſer, s'heriſſonner, s'heruper.*
Staring. *Eſraillé.*
A **ſtaring.** *Eſraillement.*
Staring up (of the haire.) *Heriſſonné, buré.*
A **ſtaring** up. *Heriſſonement, burt.*
Starke (or ſtiffe.) *Roide, gourd.*
Starke with cold. *Havi de froid.*
Starke naught. *Fort mauvais, treſmeſchant.*
A **ſtarke** (or red taile.) *Roſſignol de muraille, Rubiecule.*
A **Starling.** *Eſtourneau. Voyez* a ſtare.
A **ſtarre.** *Eſtoile, aſtre.*
A wandering **ſtarre.** *Planete.*
A blaſing **ſtarre.** *Comete.*
The ſeven **ſtarres.** *Eſtoile pouſſiniere, virgilies, les plei'ades.*
Set thicke with **ſtarres.** *Marqueté d'eſtoiles, eſtoilé.*
To ſet with **ſtarres.** *Eſtoiler.*

Starrie, full of **ſtarres.** *Eſtoilé, eſtoileux, Syderal.*
Starre of Hieruſalem. *Bouchimbarbe, barbe de boue, ſaſſefy, ſaſſefique, ſaſſefrique, ſercifi, ſerquifi.*
The **Starre-chamber.** *La chambre eſtoilée, (Cour de Juſtice.)*
Starre of Bethlehem. *Onithogalon (herbe.)*
To **ſtart.** *Treſſaillir, tremouſſer, ſurſaillir, ſurſauter, ſurſauter.*
To **ſtart** backe. *Reſaillir.*
A **ſtart.** *Treſſaut, treſſault.*
A horſe to **ſtart.** *Ombrer.*
A **ſtarter.** *Prinſautier.*
A **ſtarting.** *Treſſault, ſurſaut, ſurſault, tremouſſement, treſſaut.*
Starting often, or at every feather. *Ombrageux.*
Startups (or high ſhoes.) *Gueſtrez, uſliges, perons.*
Having **ſtartups** on. *Gueſtré.*
To **ſtarve.** *Eſjeuner, faire mourir de faim, affamer.*
To **ſtarve** in a cookes ſhop. *Endurer ſoif auprés d'une fontaine.*
Starved. *Eſjeuné, affamé.*
A **ſtarving.** *Affamement.*
A **ſtarveling.** *Cadel, beronnier, migrelin, migrelin, regrouvi.*
A **ſtate** (or eſtate.) *Eſtat, calibre.*
The **ſtate.** *L'eſtat.*
The **States** of the Low-countries. *Les eſtats du Païs-bas.*
To take **ſtate** upon him. *Faire le hautain, s'orgueillir.*
Stately. *Orgueilleux, ſuperbe, ſuperlatif, haulſaire, haultain, hautain, hupé, huppé, altier, magnifique, accreſté, haut à la main, ſublime.*
To become **ſtately.** *S'huper, S'orgueillir, accreſter.*
Growne **ſtately.** *Orgueilli, enorgueilli.*
Statelily. *Orgueilleuſement, hautainement, magnifiquement, ſublimement.*
Statelineſſe. *Hautaineté, haulteineté, Orgueil, magnificence, ſublimité.*
A **Station.** *Station.*
Stationarie. *Stationnaire.*
A **Stationer.** *Papetier, auſſi, marchant libraire.*
A **ſtatuarie.** *Statuaire, imagier, ſculpteur.*
A **ſtatue.** *Statuë, image.*
Stature. *Stature.*
Of low **ſtature.** *Seſſile court.*
A **ſtatute.** *Statut, ordonnance, ſanction, ſanzion.*
Staves. *Baſtons.* (*Plurier de ſtaffe.*)
Staves-acre. *Staphiſaigre, herbe aux poux, herbe aux pouilleux.*
The **ſtaulke** of a plant. *Rinceau, rinſeau. Voyez* a ſtalke.
To **ſtaulke.** *Fire du pall-allant.*
To **ſtaunch.** *Eſtancher, reſtancher. Voyez* to ſtanch.
To **ſtay.** *Arreſter, ſejourner, tarder, repoſer, demeurer, faire le hola, s'arreſter, reſider, faire halte, ou alte, retarder, retarger, retenir, referrer, ſuppimer.*
To **ſtay** againſt. *S'appuyer contre.*
To **ſtay** backe. *Retenir, attenir, detenir.*
To **ſtay** for. *Attendre.*
To **ſtay** up. *Soutenir, ſoubtenir, ſupporter.*

A **ſtay.** *Arreſt, demeure, ſejour, reſidence, ſtance, pauſe, poſe, retinacle, ſouſte, ſouſtenance, ſoubſtenance, ſupport.*
A **ſtay** for the hand all along the wall by a ſtaire. *Tienne main.*
Stayed, or ſtaid. *Arreſté, tardé, retardé, retargé, retenu, reposé, ſejourné, ſupprimé.*
Stayed (or temperate.) *Reſerré, reſervé, ſobre, meur.*
A **ſtayed** man. *Homme retenu.*
Stayed behaviour. *Attrempement.*
Of a **ſtayed** humour. *Attrempé.*
Stayed againſt. *Appuié contre.*
Stayed backe. *Retenu.*
Stayed for. *Attendu.*
Stayed up. *Supporté.*
Stayedly. *Attrempément, retenuëment, ſobrement, reposément.*
Stayednelle. *Attrempance, retenuë, ſobrieté, ſobreſſe.*
A **ſtaying.** *Tardance, retardement, retargement, arreſtement, demeurance.*
A **ſtaying** for. *Attente.*
A **ſtaying** up. *Support, ſouſtenement.*
A **ſtaying** (or ſupporting.) *Suppreſſion.*
Stead. *Lieu, place.*
In **ſtead** of. *En lieu de.*
Steadie. *Ferme, roide.*
Steadily. *Fermément, roidement.*
Steadineſſe. *Fermeté, fermeſſe, roideur.*
Steakes. *Vne friteſſée de chair coupée en lopins.*
To **ſteale.** *Deſrobber, robber, embler, larronner, gaſconner.*
To **ſteale** away. *Se deſrobber.*
To **ſteale** privily. *Deſrobber en cachette, tirer de deſſus l'aile.*
To **ſteale** a horſe. *Deſrobber un cheval, le mener à la bonne eau.*
A **ſtealer.** *Robbeur, deſrobbeur, larron.* Voyez a theefe.
A **ſtealing.** *Deſrobbement, robberie, larronnerie.* Voyez Theft.
A **ſtealing** to a thing by craft. *Obreption.*
Stealingly. *Gapietrement.*
Stealth. *Larrecin, Larcin, fart.*
By **ſtealth.** *Furtivement, à la deſrobée, à l'emblée, ſupreptivement, capitrement, à la goulée, obreptiſſement.*
A **ſteare.** *Bouveau, bouvillon.*
Stechados (or ſtickadove.) *Stechado, ſtocchados.*
Stedfaſt. *Stable, ferme, conſtant, perſeverant.*
Stedfaſtly. *Conſtamment, perſeveramment, fermément.*
Stedfaſtly to remaine in his opinion, or courſe, *Perſeverer.*
Stedfaſtneſſe. *Stabilité, fermeté, conſtance, fermeſſe, tenacité.*
A **ſteed** (or great horſe of ſervice.) *Deſtrier.* Voyez horſe.
Steele. *Acier.*
A **ſteele** to ſtrike fire with. *Fuſil, fuzil.*
The **ſteele** (foile) of a looking glaſſe. *Plaque de plomb en vn miroir.*
A butchers **ſteele** (to whet his knives on.) *Fuzil.*
A ſhort barre of **ſteele.** *Bedame,*
To **ſteele,** forge, or temper with **ſteele.** *Aceter, atierer.*
Steeled. *Aceré, aſseré.*
Steepe. *Qui va en deſcendant.*
A **ſteepe-downe** place. *Precipice.*
To **ſteepe** (in liquor.) *Macerer, mouiller, tremper, deſtremper.*
To **ſteepe** hempe in water. *Naiſer, naiver, rouir de chanvre.*
Steeped. *Macéré, mouillé, trempé, deſtrempé, attrempé, naiſé.*
A **ſteeping.** *Trempement, deſtrempement, macération, attrempement, mouilleure, trempe, mouillement, mouillure.*
A **ſteeple.** *Clocher, tour d'egliſe.*
Steepeneſſe of a hill, &c. *Deſcente.*
To **ſteere** (a ſhip or boate.) *Gouverner, conduire.*
Steerage. *Conduicte.*
A **ſteereſman.** *Nocher.*
The (ſpotted, or ſtarry lizard) **Stellion.** *Stellion, Eſtoile.*
A **ſtemme.** *Tronc d'arbre.*
A **ſtench.** *Puanteur.* Voyez Stinke.
The **ſtench** of a thing broiled or burnt. *Nideur.*
A **ſtep,** or **ſteppe.** *Pas, marche, grade, degré.*
A little **ſtep.** *Marchette.*
The (round) **ſtep** of a ladder. *Eſchellon, d'eſchelle.*
The **ſtep** of a ſtaire. *Marche.*
A **ſtep** (to helpe to get upon a high thing.) *Marchepied.*
The broad **ſteps** of a half paced ſtaire. *Doubles marches.*
Step, after **ſtep.** *Graduellement, pas à pas.*
To **ſtep.** *Marcher.*
To **ſtep** awry. *Meſmarcher.*
To **ſtep** backe. *Retrograder.*
A **ſtep** backe. *Veſtige.*
A **ſtep** or **ſtepping** backe. *Retrogradation, retrograde.*
To **ſtep** in unlooked for. *Survenir.*
Stepped. *Marché.*
Stepped awry. *Meſmarché.*
Stepped in unlooked for. *Survenu.*
Stepping. *Marchant.*
A **ſtepping.** *Marchement, marchure.*
A **ſtepping** awry. *Meſmarchure.*
A **ſtepping** in unlooked for. *Survenuë.*
Sterill. *Sterile.*
Sterillitie. *Sterilité.* Voyez Barren.
Stering. *Sterlin. On appelle ainſi l'argent monnoye d'Angleterre.*
Sterne. *Auſtere, ſevere, affreux, rigoreux, rebarbatif.*
A **ſterne** man. *Homme auſtere, homme ſevere.*
The **ſterne** of a ſhip. *Gouvernal, ou gouvernail de navire, peautre, peaultre.*
The **ſterne-poſt** of a ſhip. *Eſtambor; vne piece de bois du coſté de la poupe, tendant de la quille du navire contre la dite poupe, en courbant.* ¶ Nicot.
Sternely. *Severement, auſterement, rigoreuſement, roidement.*
Sternenelle. *Rigueur, ſeverité, affreuſeté.*
A **ſteward.** *Deſpenſier, baille, Oeconome.*
The Lord **ſteward** of the kings houſe. *Le grand maiſtre.*
The **ſtewardſhip** of a familie. *Oeconomant.*
To **ſtew** meate. *Cuire, ou bouillir la chair entre deux plats.*
A **ſtew** (or hot houſe.) *Eſtuve, hypocauſte.*
The **ſtewes,** *Bordelle, bulen.*
Stewed meate of veale, capon, partridge) minced. *Capiratade.*
A **ſticke.** *Verge.*
A **ſticke** of Lickorice. *Priquet.*
To **ſticke** (or cleave unto.) *Se tenir à, ſe tenir contre, ſe ficher à, attacher, adherer.*
To **ſticke** in. *Ficher.*
To **ſticke** at. *Heſiter.*
A **ſticking.** *Ficheure.*
A **ſticking** unto. *Adheſion.*
A **ſtickler.** *Arbitre, arbitrateur, moyenneur.*
Sticklers. *Perſonnes interpoſées.*
A **ſtickling.** *Arbitrage.*
A **ſtickling** (fiſh.) *Eſpinoche.*
A **ſtie** (for ſwine) a ſwines **ſtie.** *Eſtable à pourceaux, ſoute, telt.*
Stiffe. *Roide, nerveux, nerveu, gourd.*
To grow **ſtiffe.** *S'enroidir, ſe roidir.*
Growne **ſtiffe.** *Enroidi.*
Stiffe with cold. *Havi de froid, gourd, engourdi.*
Stiffely. *Roidement, nerveuſement, fort & ferme.*
To **ſtiffen.** *Roidir, roborer, &* (among mariners.) *Rider.*
Stiffened. *Roidi;* & (among mariners,) *Ridé.*
Stiffe-necked. *Obſtiné.*
Stiffneſſe. *Roideur.*
A **ſtiffening.** *Reboration, rober ment, ridement.*
To **ſtifle.** *Eſtouffer, ſuffoquer, eſtrangler.*
To **ſtifle** in the water. *Noyer, noier, noyer en l'eau.*
Stifled. *Eſtouffé, Suffoqué, eſtranglé.*
Stifled in the water. *Noyé, Noié.*
A **ſtifling.** *Suffocation, ſtrangulation.*
The **ſtile** (or forme of pleading in Law.) *Stil, ſtyl.*
A **ſtile** in writing. *Style, ſtilet.*
To **ſtile.** *Nommer.*
Stiled. *Nommé.*
A **ſtiling.** *Nomination.*
A **Stiletto.** *Stylet.*
Still, *Tranquille, paiſible, taiſible, calme, ſilencieux, taiſe, ſeri, ſerjan, coi, Quey, cey.*
To be **ſtill.** *Se tenir coi, an, cy, ſe taire.*
To **ſtill.** *Calmer, ſoder, appaiſer, atoiſer.*
Still-borne. *Abortif.*
Still. *Touſjours, encore.*
A **Still,** or **Stillatoyle.** *Becie, Alambic, Alembic.*
To **ſtill.** *Alambiquer, Alembiquer.* Voyez to diſtill.
Stilled (or quicted.) *Calmé, appaiſé, accoiſé.*
Stilled (in a ſtill.) *Diſtillé, alambiqué, alembiqué.*
A **ſtilling** (for wind caske to ſtand on.) *Penton, marchoir.*
Stillneſſe. *Coyté, Quoyté, ſilence.*
Stilling. *Stillatoire.*
Stilly. *Calmement, quoyment, coyement ſepoſément, tacitement.*
Stilts. *Eſchaſſes.*
A goer on **ſtilts.** *Eſchaſſeur, Eſchaſſier.*
A **ſtimulatrix.** *Stimulatrice.*
To **ſting.** *Mordre, piquer, poindre, piquoter, pointer, aguillonner, eſguillonner.*

A **ſting**. *Eſguillon, aguillon, ſtimule, piqueure, piquoteure, poincte, pointe, pointade.*
A **ſtinger**. *Eſguillonneur, aguillonneur.*
The **ſting** of conſcience. *Syntereſe, Syndereſe, Syntereſe.*
A **ſtinging**. *Eſguillonnement, piqueure, cuiſſon, moſſure, Piquotement.*
To **ſtinke**. *Puïr.*
To fill with **ſtinke**. *Empuantir, empunaiſir.*
Filled with **ſtinke**. *Empuanti, empunaiſt.*
To begin to **ſtinke**. *Sempuantir.*
A **ſtinke**. *Puanteur, puantiſe.*
Stinking. *Puant, ſordide.*
A crue of **ſtinking** ſcoundrells. *Merdaille.*
Stinkingly. *Puamment, en puant.*
To **ſtint**. *Aborner.*
Stinted. *Aborné.*
Stinted to an houre. *Heuré.*
A **ſtinting**. *Abornement.*
Stinting. *Sedatif.*
A **ſtipend**. *Penſion, ſalaire.*
To give a **ſtipend** unto. *Salarier, ſalariſer, ſtipendier.*
Stipended. *Stipendié, Salarié, penſionné.*
A **Stipendiarie**. *Stipendié.*
Stipicitie (or coſtiveneſſe.) *Stipicité.*
Stipticke. *Stiptique, ſtyptique, reſerrant.*
A **ſtipticke** medicine, or plaiſter. *Reſtraintif, retraintif.*
To **ſtipulate**. *Stipuler.*
A **ſtipulator**. *Stipulateur.*
A **Stipulation**. *Stipulation.*
To **ſtirre**. *Mouvoir, grouiller, ocher, remuër.*
To **ſtirre** up. *Suſciter, inciter, inſtiguer, reſveiller.*
To **ſtirre** a ſtinking pnddle. *Mouvoir la camarine.*
To **ſtirre** a horſe in the ſtable. *Lancer, un cheval.*
To **ſtirre** up and downe. *Patouiller.*
To **ſtirre** vehemently. *Secouër.*
A **ſtirre**. *Mutinerie, mutination, noiſe, ſcandale.*
To **ſtirre** ſeditiouſly. *Mutiner.*
A beginner of **ſtirres**. *Mutinateur.*
A great **ſtirre**. *Grabuge, garbouil, garburge.*
To keepe a great **ſtirre**, *Grabuger; faire gros ha-hay.*
Stirred. *Meu, remué, ocbé.*
Violently **ſtirred**. *Secoüé.*
Stirred up. *Incité, inſtigué, ſuſcité, reſveillé.*
A **ſtirrer**. *Moteur, mouveur.*
A **ſtirrer** up. *Incitateur, ſuſcitateur, inſtigateur, ſuſciteur.*
A Brewers **ſtirrer**. *Fourquier.*
Stirring. *Mouvant, eſcarbillat, ſcarbillat.*
A **ſtirring**. *Mouvement, remuance, remuëment, grouillis.*
A wanton **ſtirring**. *Semillon.*
Wanton **ſtirring**. *Semillant.*
Stirring. *Mutin, motrice.*
A violent **ſtirring**. *Secoüement.*
A turbulent **ſtirring**. *Mutinement.*
A **ſtirring** up. *Suſcitation.*
A **ſtirrup**. *Eſtrier.*
A womans **ſtirrup**. *Planchette, pranchette.*
A ſhooemakers **ſtirrup**. *Tire-pied.*
A laſh, or thwacke with a **ſtirrup** leather. *Staſilade.*
A **ſtitch** (in ſowing.) *Vn poinct.*
A **ſtitch** in the ſide. *Vn pomct, ou vne pointure au coſté, mal des flancs.*
A **ſtitch** with a needle. *Eſguillée.*
Stitchwort. *Holoſteon.*
The **ſtithe** (a diſeaſe of horſes and cattle.) *Encueur, maillet.*
A **Stoccado**. *Eſtocade.*
A **ſtocke** (or kindred.) *Lignage, parentage, ſang, aſſouchement, origine.*
The **ſtocke** of a plant. *Maiſtre-pied.*
A **ſtocke**, a mans **ſtocke**. *Biens, Subſtance, principal, capital, fort.*
The **ſtocke** of a vine, *Sep.*
The **ſtocke** of a tree. *Souche, tronc, trognon, fuſt.*
Full of **ſtockes** (of trees.) *Souchcux.*
A little **ſtocke**. *Souchette.*
A **ſtocke** to graffe on. *Vn plantal.*
To **ſtocke** a tree (or bare it of branches.) *Fuſter.*
Stocked (as a tree.) *Fuſté.*
A **Stocke-dove**. *Coutomb biſet, coulon ramier.*
Stocke-fiſh. *Stoefiz.*
A paire of **ſtockes**. *Ceps.*
Stockings, a paire of **ſtockings**. *Bas de chauſſes, caliges.*
Stirrup **ſtockings**. *Chauſſettes à eſtrier.*
A **ſtole** (long robe, or garment.) *Stole;*
He **ſtole**. *Il deſrobboit, (L'Imperfeit du verbe)* to ſteale.
Stolne, or **ſtollen**. *Deſrobbé, obreptrice. Participe du dit verbe.*
Stomacall. *Stomacal.*
A **ſtomacher**, or **ſtomache-cloath**. *Pectoral.*
The **ſtomacke**. *L'Eſtomac.*
Of or in the **ſtomacke**. *Stomachique.*
Of a great **ſtomacke**. *De grand coeur.*
Againſt the **ſtomacke**. *Nauſeatif.*
The mouth of the **ſtomacke**. *L'oeſophage.*
A **ſtomacke** cloth. *Pectoral.*
A **Stone**. *Pierre.*
A precious **ſtone**. *Pierre precieuſe.*
A **ſtone** very orient, or orientall. *Vne pierre bien orientée.*
A touch **ſtone**. *Pierre de touche.*
A flint **ſtone**. *Caillon.*
Ragged **ſtones**. *Moilon.*
A **ſtone** layed without morter. *Pierre ſeiche.*
A load **ſtone**. *Pierre d'aimant.*
A thunder **ſtone**. *Flin.*
To build of **ſtone**, to hew, ſquare, or lay **ſtones**. *Maſſonner.*
Built of **ſtones**, hewed, or laid (as **ſtones**.) *Maſſonné, maçonné.*
Stone-worke, or building, the hewing or laying of **ſtones**. *Maſſonnerie, Maçonnerie.*
A heape of **ſtones** (picked out of a vineyard, or garden.) *Murgé.*
A bloud **ſtone**. *Pierre hematite.*
A **ſtone** cutter. *Statuaire, ſculpteur.*
A **ſtone** pot. *Pot de terre.*
To **ſtone**. *Lapider.*
Stones. *Miches de S. Eſtienne.*
A heape of **ſtones** (near a high way, laid in memory of ſome notable act, or accident.) *Mont-joye.*
The **ſtone** of a plumme, cherrie, date, olive, &c. *Le noyau d'une prune, ceriſe, datte, olive, &c. Noyau, os de prune, ceriſe, &c. Oſſemens.*
The **ſtone** (a diſeaſe.) *Gravelle, gravellon.*
The **ſtone** of man or beaſt. *Teſticule, couillon, teſmoings.*
The **ſtones** of a cocke. *Les mariolles.*
A **ſtone** of wooll. *La moitie d'un Tod; le poids de 14 livres. Mais le* Stone *de bœuf (à Londres) ne peſeque 8 livres.*
A **Stone-bow**. *Arbaleſte à gelais, arc à jallet, ou, à jalet.*
The **ſtone-cray** (or hawkes diſeaſe.) *Mal de craye.*
Stone-crop. *Pain d'oiſeau, vermiculaire.*
Stone-breake. *Saxifrage, rompierre, perſepierre.*
Stoned. *Lapidé.*
A **ſtoning**. *Lapidation, lapidement.*
Stone-fearne. *Scolopendre.*
Stone-hoze. *Comme* Stone-crop.
Stonie. *Saxitile.*
Stonie uneven places. *Lieux caillebotteux.*
A **ſtoole**. *Eſcabeau, ſcabeau, ſelle, ſiege.*
A low **ſtoole**. *Tabouret, eſcabelle, ſcabelle, taſſet, ſellette.*
A foot-**ſtoole**. *Marche-pied.*
A cloſe-**ſtoole**. *Selle percée.*
To goe to **ſtoole**. *Aſſeller.*
A cuſhion **ſtoole**. *Tabouret.*
To **ſtoope**. *S'encliner, s'accroupir, pancher, pencher.*
To **ſtoope** for (to take up.) *Amaſſer.*
Stooped. *Incliné, penché, accroupi.*
Stooped for. *Amaſſé.*
A **ſtooper** for (to take up.) *Amaſſeur.*
A **ſtooping**. *Penchement.*
To **ſtop** (or ſtay.) *Arreſter, faire halte, faire alte, retarder, retarger, faire le hola, obſiſter, reſtiver, ſupprimer.*
To **ſtop** up. *Eſtouper, obſtacler, reboucher, bouſcher, reſerrer, oppiler, opiter, obvier.*
A **ſtop** (or ſtay.) *Arreſt, retinacle, pauſe, poſe.*
A **ſtop** (or poinr.) *Point, pauſe.*
To **ſtop** with a bung. *Tapper.*
Stopped (or ſtayed.) *Arreſté, rembarré, retardé, reſtivé, reſtifvé, retargé, ſupprimé.*
Stopped up. *Bouſché, rebouché, eſtoupé, oppilé, oſtacle, reſerré.*
A **ſtopper**. *Obturateur.*
A **ſtopple**. *Eſtoupon, bouchon, bouſchon, tampon, tapon.*
The **ſtopple** of a baloone. *Soupape.*
A **ſtopping**. *Arreſtement, obſtaclement, obturation, retardement, ſuppreſſion.*
A **ſtopping** up. *Oppilation, bouſchement, rebouchement.*
A halfe-**ſtopping**. *Mi-eſtoupement.*
Stopping. *Oppilatif, reſerrant, ſtiptique.*
Storax. *Storax, ſtyrax.*
Stoze. *Abondance, force, foiſon, opulente, multitude, nombre; reſerve.*
To **ſtoze**. *Multiplier, fournir.*
To have **ſtoze**. *Abonder, foiſonner.*
To keepe for **ſtoze**. *Reſerver.*
Kept for **ſtoze**. *Reſervé.*
A keeping for **ſtoze**. *Reſerve.*
Great **ſtoze** of. *Grand'oye.* ¶ Rab.

A **ſtorehouſe**. *Magazin, fondigue, fondique, repoſitoire, reſervoir.*
A **ſtorer**. *Multiplieur.*
A **ſtorie** (or height, in building.) *Senacle.*
A **ſtorie**, *Hiſtoire, conte.*
To beautifie with **ſtorie-worke**. *Hiſtorier.*
Beautified, wrought with **ſtorie-worke**. *Hiſtorié.*
A **ſtorke**. *Cicoigne.*
Storkes-bill. *Bec de cicoigne, bec de grue, racent ſanguinaire.*
A **ſtorme**. *Tempeſte, bouraſque, borraſque, bourrade, malace, orage, bechiſtre, behiſtre.* ¶ Pic.
A **ſtorme** to riſe. *Orage.*
To **ſtorme**. *Turbuler, tempeſter.*
Stormed. *Tempeſté.*
Stormie. *Nubileux, orageux, turbulent, behiſteux, tempeſtueux, tempeſteux.*
A **ſtorie**. *Eſtuve.*
Stoute. *Hardi, reſolu.*
Stout-hearted. *Magnanime.*
Stoutly. *Hardiment.*
Stoutneſſe. *Hardieſſe, courage.*
Stoutneſſe of heart. *Magnanimité, grandeur de courage.*
To **ſtradle**. *Eſquarquiller les jambes, aller eſchas.*
Stradled. *Eſquarquillé.*
A **ſtradling**. *Eſquarquillement.*
Straking. *Eſquarquillé, à chevauchons, jambe de ça jambe de la.*
To **ſtragle**. *Forcheminer, vaguer, vaurer, errer. Voyez* Wandet.
Stragled. *Forcheminé.*
A **ſtragler**. *Vagabond, rodeur.*
To **ſtraie**. *Fourvoyer. Voyez* to ſtray.
Straies, Waives and **Eſtrays**. *Choſes guaives.*
Straight, *Droict, droit.*
A **ſtraight** angle. *Reſtangle.*
A **ſtraight** (outright) path. *Dreſſiere.*
To **ſtraighten**, or make **ſtraight**. *Dreſſer, redreſſer, roidir.*
Straightened, made **ſtraight**. *Dreſſé, redreſſé, roidi.*
A **ſtraightner**. *Dreſſeur.*
Straight way. *Incontinent.*
To **ſtraine**. *Eſtraindre, eſtreindre, deſtraindre, couler.*
To **ſtraine** hard together. *Reſſerrer, tamiſer.*
Strained. *Eſtreinct, eſtraint, deſtraint, tamiſé, reſerré, coulé.*
A **ſtrain** (or wrinch.) *Foulcure, meſmarchure.*
A **ſtrainer**. *Coulbir, couloire, coulouëre, baire, tamis.*
A **ſtraining**. *Coulement, eſtreignement.*
Straite. *Eſtroict, eſtroit, reſerré.*
To hold or keepe **ſtraite**. *Serrer.*
A **ſtraite**. *Deſtroict, deſtroit, eſtroict, deſtrainctie, deſtreſſe.*
A hard **ſtraite**. *Neceſſité.*
The **Straites**. *L'eſtroict, ou le deſtroict de Gilbatar, ou gilbratal.* ¶ Nicot.
The **ſtraite** betweene Dover and Calais. *Le pas.*
To **ſtraiten**, or make **ſtraite**. *Eſtrecir, reſtrecir, eſtroiſſir, reſtraindre, retrecir, retraire.*
Straitened, or made ſtraite. *Eſtreci, eſtroiſſi, retreſci, retraict, retrait, ſerré.*
A **ſtraitening**, or making **ſtraite**. *Eſtroiciſſement, eſtreciſſement, eſtreciſſure, reſtreciſſement, retreciſſement, retraicte.*
Straitly. *Eſtroictement, ſerrément.*
Straitneſſe. *Eſtreciſſon, eſtroiſſeur.*
To **ſtrake** (flute, or chanell.) *Caneler.*
Straked. *Caneſé.*
Straked-graſſe. *Aiguilettes d'armes.*
A **ſtraking**. *Caneleure, caneleure.*
A **ſtrand** (or high ſhoare.) *Moule, orée, oriere.*
Strange. *Eſtrange, bagard, peregrin, neuf, revers.*
Strangely. *Eſtrangement.*
A **ſtranger**. *Eſtrangier, eſtranger, peregrin, avenaire.*
Strangeneſſe. *Eſtrangeté, peregrineté.*
To **ſtrangle**. *Eſtrangler, eſtouffer, ſuffoquer.*
Strangled. *Eſtranglé, eſtouffé, ſuffoqué.*
The **ſtrangles** (in a horſe, &c.) *Garmé, gourme, eſtranguillons.*
Strangletare, or **ſtrangle-weed**. *Teigne.*
A **ſtrangling**. *Eſtranglement, ſtrangulation, ſuffocation.*
The **ſtrap** of a boote. *La tiraſſe d'une bote.*
The **ſtrappado**. *Aſtrapade, eſtrapade.*
A **ſtratagem**. *Stratageme, ruſe, ou, fineſſe de guerre, tour de vieille guerre.*
Stratagemicall, full of **ſtratagems**. *Stratagematique.*
Straw. *Paille, eſtraim, chaulme, (Feuille.* ¶ Barag.)
A bundle of **ſtraw**. *Gerbée.*
A **ſtraw-bed**. *Grabat, paillart.*
Straw-colour. *Couleur de jaulne paille, melin, paillé.*
A reeke or ſtacke of **ſtraw**. *Paillet.*
A heape of **ſtraw**. *Paillet.*
To picke up **ſtraw**. *Chaulmer.*
A cutting of **ſtraw**. *Chaulmage.*
A picker up, or cutter of **ſtraw**. *Chaulmeur.*
Strawie. *Pailleux.*
Bed ſtraw. *Pailler.*
A **ſtraw-berrie**. *Fraiſe, fraize.*
A **ſtraw-berrie** plant. *Fraiſier.*
To **stray**. *Fourvoyer, deſvoyer, ſurvoyer, forcheminer, errer, eſgarer.*
Strayed. *Fourvoyé, deſvoyé, forchemine, erré, eſgaré.*
A **ſtraying**. *Fourvoyement, deſvoyement, erreur, eſgarement.*
A **ſtreake**. *Raye, roye.*
To **ſtreake**. *Rayer.*
The **ſtreake** of a cart wheele. *Bande.*
Streaked. *Rayé, vergé riolé.*
To be **ſtreaked**. *Se voyger.*
A **ſtreaking**. *Rayement, rayeure.*
A **ſtreame**. *Ruiſſeau, ru, riviere, riverotte, reu, rui.*
A ſwift, violent **ſtreame**. *Torrent, gourt d'eau.*
To **ſtreame**. *Ruiſſeler.*
A **ſtreamer**. *Penean, penon, guaillardet, gaillardet.*
Streamers in ſhips. *Rauſonias.*
A little **ſtreamer**. *Banderolle, banerolle.*
A **ſtreet**. *Rue, eſtrade, route.*
A little **ſtreet**. *Ruette, ruelle.*
A place where four **ſtreets** meet. *Quarrefour, carrefour.*
A **ſtreet-walker**. *Rodeur des rues.*
Streight, ſtraighten and **ſtraine**. *Voyez* Straight, ſtraighten, ſtraine.
Strength. *Force, robuſteté, nerveſté, nerf, habileté, habilité, roideur, vigueur.*
To **ſtrengthen**. *Fortifier, corroborer, roborer.*
To **ſtrengthen** againe. *Revigorer, renforcer, renforcir.*
Strengthened. *Fortifié, corroboré.*
Strengthened againe, or anew. *Renforci, renforcé, revigoré.*
A **ſtrengthening**. *Fortifiement, roboration, roborement.*
To **ſtretch**. *Tendre, eſtendre.*
To **ſtretch** out. *Roidir.*
Stretched. *Eſtendu, tendu, roidi.*
A **ſtretching** (as in the approach of an ague.) *Pandiculation.*
Stretching. *Tendant, eſtendant.*
To **ſtrew**. *Eſterrir, joncher, ſurſemer. Voyez* to ſtrow.
To **ſtrew** with ſugar. *Saulpoudrer, ou, ſaupoudrer de ſucre, enſucrer.*
Strict. *Rigoureux, eſtroict, eſtroit.*
Strictly. *Rigoureuſement, eſtroictement.*
Strictneſſe. *Rigueur.*
Stridde, or **ſtridden** over. *Enjambé.*
A **ſtride**. *Enjambée, enjambement, enjambure.*
To **ſtride**. *Enjamber.*
A **ſtriding** over. *Enjambement.*
Strife. *Debat, eſmoy, contention, noiſe, fuſtion.*
A **ſtrife** againſt. *Reſiſtance.*
To fall at **ſtrife**. *Noiſer.*
Full of **ſtrife**. *Noiſeux.*
A **ſtrike**. *Sorte de boiſſeau, ou meſure pour le bled.*
To **ſtrike**. *Frapper, ferir, tapper, taper, obtundre, aſſener, attaindre.*
To **ſtrike** backe againe. *Reſtapper, reverberer, repercuter.*
To **ſtrike** downe. *Aſſommer.*
To **ſtrike** through. *Oultrer, oultrepercer.*
To **ſtrike** off. *Retrancher.*
To **ſtrike** (or kicke) with the heeles. *Regimber, recalcitrer, tolumer, ruer des pieds.*
To **ſtrike** ſaile. *Caler les voiles.*
Stricken. *Frappé, feru, attaindt, attaint, feri, aſſené.*
Stricken downe. *Aſſommé.*
Stricken backe againe. *Reſtappé, reverberé.*
Stricken with the heele. *Talonné.*
A **ſtrickle** (uſed in meaſuring corn.) *Loyaulx, rouleau.*
A **ſtriker**. *Frappeur, frapart, frapart.*
A **ſtriker** with the heeles. *Rueur.*
A **ſtriking**. *Frappement, frapperie, aſſenement.*
A **ſtriking** backe with the heeles. *Regimbement, ruade, talonnement.*
A **ſtriking** backe againe. *Reſtappement, reverberation.*
A **ſtring**. *Corde, cordelle, cordelette, cordon.*
The **ſtrings** of a trumpet. *Les cordons d'une trompette.*
A leather **ſtring**. *Courroye.*
The **ſtrings** of a purſe, horne, &c. *Les pendants, ou pendans d'une bourſe, corne, &c.*

Lute

Lute ſtrings. *Cordes de luc.*
The heart ſtrings. *Les precordeaux.*
To ſtring. *Corder, mettre de cordes, ou cordon à.*
To ſtring anew, to put on new ſtrings. *Recorder, recordeler.*
A ſtring full of. *Vne cordée de.*
A ſtripe. *Coup. Voyez* a ſtroke.
A ſtripling. *Jouvenceau, jouvencel.*
To ſtrip, or ſtrippe. *Deſpouiller, ſpolier, mettre en chemiſe, mettre à blanc, mettre à nud.*
Stripped, or ſtript. *Deſpouillé, mis en chemiſe, à blanc, ou, à nud.*
A ſtripper. *Spoliateur, qui diſpouille.*
A ſtripping. *Deſpouillement, ſpoliation.*
A ſtritchell. *Comme* a Strickle.
To ſtrive. *Contendre, eſtriver, debatre, luicter.*
To ſtrive againſt. *Reſiſter, obſiſter, conteſter.*
Striven. *Debatu, conteſté, reſiſté.*
A ſtriving. *Conteſtation, debatement, reſiſtance.*
A ſtroke. *Vn coup.*
A backe ſtroke. *Revers.*
To ſtroke ſoftly. *Sadoyer, palper, gallonner, galonner, flater, taſtonner.*
Stroked. *Gallonné, taſtonné, flaté.*
A ſtroking. *Flatement, taſtonnement.*
Stroking. *Taſtonnant.*
A ſtrond. *Moule.*
A ſandie ſtrond. *Greve.*
Strong. *Fort, robuſte, nerveux, nerveu, vigoureux, vivace, habile, roide.*
Somewhat, or pretie ſtrong. *Fortelet, fortet.*
Strongly. *Fortement, robuſtement, vigoureuſement, nerveuſement, habilement, roidement.*
To ſtrow (or ſtrew.) *Eſternir, ſurſemer, joncher.*
Strowed. *Eſterni, ſurſemé, jonché.*
A ſtrower. *Surſemeur.*
A ſtrower with ruſhes. *Joncheur.*
A ſtrowing. *Eſterniſſement.*
To ſtrowte out. *Bouffer, bouffir, s'enfler; auſſi, piaffer, faire du pall-allant, ſe pavonner, ſe pavonaſſer.*
Strouted out. *Enflé, bouffi, bouffé.*
A ſtrowting out. *Enflement, enfleure, enflure, bouffiſſure, piaffe.*
A ſtrowting fop. *Piaffeur, piaffard.*
Strowting full. *Guede.*
Strowtingly. *Piaffeuſement.*
To ſtroy. *Voyez* to deſtroy.
Struck, or ſtrucken. *Frappé, aſſené, ſeru, feri, attaint, attaint.*
Struck off. *Retranché.*
Struck backe. *Refrappé, repercuté, reverberé.*
Struck through. *Oultré, oultrepercé, outré.*
A ſtructure. *Structure.*
To ſtruggle. *Luicter, reſtiver.*
A ſtrugling. *Luictement, luicte.*
A ſtrumpet. *Putain, paillarde, pelerine de Venus. Voyez* a whore.
Strung. *Cordé.*
Strung anew. *Recordé.*
A Gitterne well ſtrung. *Guiterre bien monté.*
A ſtubbe. *Chicbot, bricot, ſicot.*
Stubble. *Eſteule.*
To cut or mow ſtubble. *Chaulmer.*
A mower or cutter, or picker up of ſtubble. *Chaulmeur.*
Stubborne. *Obſtiné, rebelle, refractaire; mauvais, deſobeiſſant, reſtif, retif, roide.*
A ſtubborne (ſawcie) knave. *Pautonnier.*
A ſtubborne (ſawcie) queane. *Pautonniere.*
To be ſtubborne. *S'obſtiner, calcitrer, reſtiver.*
Stubbornely. *Obſtinément, reſtivement, mauvaiſement.*
Stubbornely to perſiſt. *S'obſtiner.*
Stubbornelle. *Obſtination, rebellion, deſobeiſſance, pautonnerie, mauvaiſtié.*
Stucke. *Fiché, attaché, beſité.* (*Participe du verbe* to Sticke.)
A ſtudde. *Boſſe.*
A ſtudde-maker. *Boſſetier.*
A Student. *Vn eſtudiant.*
Studie. *Eſtude; Muſardié, ſoing, ſouci, ſouci, Eſtudie.*
To ſtudie. *Eſtudier, muſer.*
A ſtudie. *Vne eſtude.*
To drive into a browne ſtudie. *Donner la muſe à, Faire muſer.*
Studied. *Eſtudié.*
Studiouſly. *Soigneuſement.*
Stidious. *Studieux, ſoigneux.*
Studying. *Eſtudiant, tamonlenant.*
A Stue. *Comme* a Stew.
A ſtue to keepe fiſh in. *Gardoüe, gaveau, repoſoir, repoſouër, reſervoir, ſervt.*
Stuffe. *Eſtoffe, matiere, ſubſtance, entillemens, bardes, bandage.*
Loaden with ſtuffe. *Hardé, bardeux.*
Houſhold ſtuffe. *Meuble.*
To ſtuffe or make with ſtuffe. *Eſtoffer.*
To ſtuffe with matter. *Subſtancier.*
To ſtuffe. *Farcir, remplir.*
Stuffed. *Farci, guadé, rempli.*
Stuffed, or made with ſtuffe. *Eſtoffé.*
Stuffie. *Subſtantieux.*
A ſtuffing. *Farciſſure, remplage, rempliſſage, rempliſſement.*
To ſtumble. *Bronchar, choper, choppet, brancher.*
To ſtumble at a ſtone. *Heurter à vne pierre.*
A ſtumbling. *Bronchement, choppement.*
The ſtumpe of a thing. *Moignon.*
The ſtumpe of a ſhrub. *Bricot, ſicot.*
The ſtumps of a tree. *Tronc d'arbre, fuſt, trognon, trongnon, ſouchon.*
The ſtumpe of a tree. *Sourdent, chiquot.*
A little ſtumpe. *Sonchette.*
Full of ſtumps. *Souchoux.*
To ſtumpe, cut off at the ſtumpe, make a ſtumpe of. *Eſmoignonner.*
A ſtumpe foot. *Bigne.*
Stung. *Mordu, piqué, ſtimulé, aguillonné, eſguillonné, cuit.*
Stupefactive. *Narcotique.*
Stupidely. *Stupidement.*
Stupide. *Stupide, morne, eſtourdi.*
Stupidity. *Stupidité, eſtourdiſſement, ſtupeur.*
To ſtupifie. *Eſtourdir, ſtupifier.*
Stupor. *Stupeur.*
Sturdie. *Robuſte, roide.*
Sturdily. *Robuſtement, roidement.*
Sturdineſſe. *Robuſteté, roideur.*
Sturgeon (fiſh.) *Eſtourgeon.*
The ſperme, or ſpawne of Sturgeon. *Cabirots.*
To ſtutter. *Chanceller, begayer, begueyer. Voyez* to Stammer.
A ſtutterer. *Begue.*
A ſtuttering. *Chancellement, begueyement, beguayement.*
A Styx. *Voyez* Stie.
Suaſozie. *Suaſoire.*
Suavitie. *Suavité. Voyez* Sweetneſſe.
Subalterne. *Subalterne.*
A ſub-chaunter. *Soubchantre.*
A ſub-deacon. *Soubdiacre, ſoudiacre.*
To ſubdelegate. *Subdeleguer. Voyez* to Subſtitute.
To ſubdevide. *Subdiviſer, repartir.*
Subdevided. *Reparti.*
A ſubdiviſion. *Repart, repartie.*
To ſubduct. *Soubtraire, ſouſtraire.*
Subduable. *Surmontable.*
To ſubdue. *Subjuguer, aſſujettir, vaincre, ſoubmettre, ſurmonter.*
Subdued. *Subjugé, aſſujetti, vaincu, conquis; ſuppedité, ſurmonté.*
A ſubduing. *Subjugation, ſurmontement.*
Subjacent. *Subjacent.*
Subject (Adjective) and a ſubject. *Subjecti, ſujet, ſuyet, ſoubjetti, homme.*
To ſubject. *Aſſubjettir, aſſujettir ſubjuguer.*
To be ſubject unto. *Obeïr, s'aſſujettir à, ſe ſoumettre à.*
Subjected. *Aſſujetti, ſubjugué, ſoumis, ſoubmis, ſumis.*
A ſubjection. *Subjection, ſoubjection.*
The Subjunctive moode. *Mode ſubjunctif.*
To ſublimate. *Sublimer.*
Sublimated. *Sublimé.*
A ſublimating. *Sublimation.*
Sublimatum, or ſublimate. *Sublimé.*
A ſublimatozie. *Sublimatoire.*
Sublime. *Sublime, ſublim, ſublim.*
Sublimitie. *Sublimité, hauteſſe, hautoiſe.*
To ſubmerge. *Submerger, ſumerger.*
Submerged. *Submergé.*
A ſubmerſion. *Submerſion.*
A ſubminiſter. *Subminiſtrer.*
A ſubminiſtration. *Subminiſtration.*
A Subminiſtratoz. *Subminiſtrateur.*
Subminiſtred. *Subminiſtré.*
Submiſſe. *Humble, ſoubmis, ſubmis.*
Submiſſely. *Humblement.*
Submiſſion. *Soubmiſſion, ſommiſſion, humilité.*
Submiſſive. *Obeïſſant.*
To ſubmit. *Soubmettre, ſoumettre, ſumettre.*
Submitted. *Soubmis, ſubmis, ſumis.*
A ſubornation. *Subornation.*
To ſuborne. *Subarner, ſuppoſer, appoſer, attiltrer.*
Suborned. *Suborné, appoſé, attiltré, ſuppoſé.*
A ſuborner. *Suborneur, ſuppoſeur.*
A ſuborned fellow. *Suppoſt.*
A ſuborning. *Comme* a Subornation.
Subreptitious. *Subreptice.*
Subreptitiouſly. *Subrepticement.*
Subreptive. *Subreptif.*
A ſubreption. *Subreption.*
To ſubrogate. *Subroguer, ſubroger.*
Subrogated. *Subrogué, ſubrogé.*
A ſubrogation. *Subrogation.*

To subscribe. *Soubscrire, soubsigner, soussigner, signer, seigner.*
Subscribed. *Signé.*
A subscriber. *Signeur.*
A subscribing. *Signature.*
A subscription. *Soubscription.*
Subsecutive. *Subsecutif.*
Subsidiarily. *Subsecutivement.*
Subsidiarie. *Subsidiaire.*
Subsidiarily. *Subsidiairement.*
To subsigne. *Soubsigner, soussigner.*
A subsidie. *Subside, aide.*
To lay subsidies on. *Subsidier.*
To subsist. *Subsister.*
A subsistence. *Subsistence.*
Substance. *Substance, estoffe, matiere; aussi, biens, richesse.*
To fill with substance. *Substancier.*
Substanciall, or stuffie. *Substantieux.*
Substantiall, yeelding substance. *Substantifique.*
A Noune substantive. *Nom substantif.*
A substitute. *Substitut, substitut.*
To substitute. *Substituer, subdeleguer, surroguer, subroguer.*
Substituted. *Substitué, subdelegué, subrogué, subrogé, surrogué.*
A substitution. *Substitution, subdelegation, subrogation, surrogation.*
To subtract. *Soubtraire, soustraire.*
Subtracting. *Soubtrayant.*
Subtraction. *Soubstraction.*
A subterfuge. *Subterfuge, evasion, eschappatoire.*
Subtill. *Subtil, fin, ruse, accort; aussi, simple, mesne.*
A subtill part, or prank. *Ruse.*
A subtill fellow. *Fouet.*
Subtilly. *Subtilement, finement, rusement, accortement, nigument.*
To subtilize. *Subtiliser, subtiliser, subtillifier.*
Subtilizing. *Subtiliant.*
A subtilizing, or subtiliation. *Subtiliation, subtilement.*
Subtilitie. *Subtilité, finesse, accortise, accortesse, menée, malengin.*
A subtilizer. *Subtiliseur.*
Subvention. *Subvention. Voyez* Aide, helpe, relieve, &c.
A subversion. *Subversion, bouleversement, ruine.*
To subvert. *Subvertir, renverser, bouleverser, ruer jus, ruiner, mettre à neant.*
Subverted. *Subverti, bouleversé, ruë jus, ruiné.*
A subverter. *Subvertisseur, bouleverseur, ruineur.*
A subverting. *Bouleversement, ruinement.*
The Suburbs (of a City.) *Les fauxbourgs, forbours.*
To succeed. *Succeder, reussir, sortir, effect, surnaistre, suyure.*
To succeed ill unto. *Mesadvenir à, mescheoir à.*
A succeeder, and a succeeding. *Comme* a successor, and a succession.
Succeeding. *Surnaissant, suyuant.*
Success. *Succez, succes, evenement, issuë, resultat.*
Bad success. *Malencontre.*
Succession. *Succession.*
Successive. *Successif.*
Successively. *Successivement, par ordre, ensuyuamment, suyuamment.*
Successelesse. *Malencontreux.*
A successor. *Successeur.*
Succinct. *Brief, court.*
Succinctly. *Succinctement, briefvement.*
(The herbe) Succorie. *Cicorée.*
White or garden succorie. *Cicorée blanche, Cicorée de jardin.*
Wild or field succorie. *Cicorée des champs, Cicorée sauvage.*
Succour. *Secours, aide, subvention, support, subside, refuge, relievement.*
Fled or run to for succour. *Refugié.*
To succour. *Secourir, aider, assister, subvenir, tenir le menton à, secourir, supporter, survenir.*
By way of succour. *Subsidiairement.*
Succoured. *Secouru, aidé, assisté, secondé, supporté, survenu.*
Succouring. *Secourable, aidant, subsidiaire.*
A succouring. *Subvention, supportation, survenement.*
Succulent, *Succulent, succolent.*
Such. *Tel.*
Even such. *Tout tel, semblable.*
In such sort or wise. *Tellement.*
To sucke. *Suger, sucer, succer.*
To sucke gently and smackingly. *Sucoter.*
To sucke up. *Humer, assorbir, absorbir.*
To give sucke. *Alaicter, laicter.*
To sucke a dug. *Teter, tetter.*
Sucked. *Sugé, humé.*
Sucked gently, and smackingly. *Succoté.*
Sucked (as a dugge.) *Teté, tetté.*
A (young) sucker. *Marquotie, marquote, marcotie, margotte.*
The sucker of a pump. *Soupape, soupape.*
A great sucker (a child that sucks much.) *Grand tetard.*
Suckit. *Sorte de confiture, au dragée.*
A wet suckat, made of (white) pompion sliced. *Carbassat.*
A sucking. *Sucement, succion, sucement, suction.*
A sucking up. *Humement, humerie.*
A sucking bottle. *Succeron, sucerou.*
Sucking. *Succif, sugeant.*
One sucking. *Tetiſe.*
To suckle. *Aaillier.*
Suckled. *Alaicté, allaité.*
A suckling. *Alaictement.*
A sucke-fish. *Hume-veſne.*
The suckstone (or sea Lamprey.) *Remore, remore.*
Sudden. *Soudain, repentin, hastif, peremptoire, subit.*
Suddenly, or on a sudden. *Soudainement, subitement, à main-tournée, perempteirement, taquain, taquet, tempre, temprement.*
Suddennesse. *Soudaineté, haſte.*
To sue to. *Prier, supplier, requerir, requerre.*
To sue for an office. *Ambier.*
To sue in law. *Intenter procés contre, actionner, agir.*
Sued to. *Prié, supplié, requis; aussi, mugueté, mugueté.*
A suretie, and suretiship. *Comme* Surety, and suretiship.
Suet. *Suif.*
Suet of a Deere, &c. *Sieu.*
To suffer. *Souffrir, patir, tolerer, endurer, permettre.*
Sufferable. *Tolerable, endurable.*
Sufferance. *Souffrance, tolerance, bandon.*
Long sufferance. *Longanimité.*
Suffered. *Souffert, enduré, pati, toleré; permis.*
A suffering. *Endurement, permission.*
To suffice, or be sufficient. *Suffire.*
Sufficiencie. *Suffisance, capacité, habilité, habileté.*
Sufficient. *Suffisant; capable, habile.*
Sufficiently. *Suffisamment, habilement.*
To suffocate. *Suffoquer.*
Suffocated. *Suffoqué.*
A suffocation. *Suffocation.*
The suffocation of the matrix. *Strangulation de la matrice, mal d'amary.*
A suffragant. *Suffragant.*
A suffrage. *Suffrage.*
A suffumigation. *Suffumigation.*
A suffusion. *Suffusion.*
Sugar. *Sucre.*
Powder sugar. *Cassonade.*
Refined sugar. *Sucre rosat.*
Of sugar, sweet as sugar. *Saccharin, succarin, succarin, sucrin.*
The sugar cane. *Cannamelle.*
The inner part of the sugar cane. *Canepineuse.*
To suggest. *Suggerer.*
Suggested. *Suggeré.*
A suggestion. *Suggestion.*
Sugred, or sugred. *Sucré, succré.*
A suite in law. *Procés, procez.*
An endlesse suite in law. *Mer de procez.*
A suite unto. *Petition, supplication, requeste.*
A suite of apparell. *Voyez* Sute.
A suiter. *Suppliant.*
To be a suiter to. *Supplier.*
Sullen. *Rechigné, refrongné, rettier.*
To be sullen, or looke sullenly. *Rechigner, rechigner, refrongner.*
A sullen fellow. *Rechignard, haut à la main.*
Sullenly. *Rechignement, rettierement, en refrongnant.*
A Sultan (or Souldan.) *Sultan.*
A Sultanesse. *Sultane.*
To sullie. *Souiller, ordir, salir, salir sallir, macurer.*
Sullied. *Souillé, mau-net, ordi, ordelet, salet, sallé.*
A sullying. *Ordissure, salissure.*
Sulphure. *Sulphure, soulfre, soufre, soufre, soulphre.*
Sulphurie. *Sulphurin, soulfreux, soulfureux, sulphureux.*
Sulphurie things. *Sulphureitez.*
A sulphure-pit. *Soulfriere, soulphriere.*
Sulphure-heat. *Pezzolanne.*
Sumache. *Sumach, sumaque, shus, rhus.*
Meate or sauce-sumache. *Sumach de cuisine.*
A summarie. *Sommaire.*
Summarily. *Sommairement.*
A summe. *Somme, pondre.*
A little summe. *Sommette.*
To sum up. *Sommer, assommer, pondrer.*
Summed up. *Sommé, pondré.*
A summer (or reckoner.) *Calculateur, nombreur.*
Summed. *Nombré.*
Summer barlie, summer corne. *Mareschc, marez.*
A summer (or great master beame in building) *Sommier, sabliere, sabiere.*
A summer sault. *Soubresault, ou comme* Sobresault.
A summing up. *Sommation, pondremens.*

To ſummon. *Semondre, ſemancer, citer, ſergenter, ſergeanter.*
Summoned. *Semmé, cité.*
A ſummoner. *Semmeur, moniteur.*
A ſummoning, or ſummons. *Semmé, monition, ſomination.*
A ſumner. *Apparitour.*
A ſumpter-horſe. *Somnier, mulier, cheual de ſomme.*
Sumptuarie (of or belonging to coſt.) *Somptuaire, ſumptuaire.*
Sumptuous. *Somptueux, magnifique, ſuperbe.*
Sumptuouſly. *Somptueuſement, magnifiquement,*
Sumptuouſneſſe. *Somptuoſité, ſumptuoſité, gorre, magnificence, gorreuse.*
Sunday. *Dimanche.*
Rogation ſunday. *Pasques closes.*
Palme ſunday. *Iuſque fleurie, pasque de ſolets.*
To ſunder. *Separer, mettre à part.*
Sundered. *Separé, mis à part.*
A ſundering. *Separation, ſeparaiſon.*
Sundrie. *Divers.*
Sundrie waies. *Diverſement.*
Sung *Chanté.* (*Participe du verbe* to ſing.)
Sunke. *Enfondré, enfoncé, fondurgé, mis au fond.* (*Participe du verbe* to Sinke.
Sunke againe. *Renfondré.*
Quite ſunke in debt. *Noyé en dettes.*
The ſunne. *Le Soleil,* (& aux Alchymiſtes) *Or.*
To ſunne, dry, lay, or drie in the ſun. *Aſſoler, ſoleiller.*
A falſe ſunne, or falſe appearance thereof. *Parelie.*
Sunnage, or ſunning. *Solaige, ſolage.*
A ſunne-beame. *Rayon, ou, rais du soleil.*
To ſunne-burne. *Haler, baſler, bouler.*
Sunne-burnt. *Halé, baſlé, tacroux.*
Sunne-burning. *Hale, baſle, baſlure.*
The ſunne-riſe or ſunne-riſing. *L'orient, leuement du soleil.*
At ſunne-ſet. *Au soleil couchant.*
The extreame ſcorching heate of the ſun. *Hale, baſle.*
Sunned, hardned or dried in the ſunne. *Aſſolé, soleillé, soleyé.*
Sunnie, of, or belonging to, the ſunne. *Solaire, ſoleillant, ſoleilleux.*
To ſuperabound. *Superabonder, reſter.*
Superabundance. *Superabondance.*
A ſupercherie. *Supercherie. Voyez* Iniurie, Affront.
Supercilious. *Superciliueux.*
To ſupererogate. *Supererogner.*
Supererogation. *Surillustre.*
A ſuperfetation. *Superfetation, superfatation.*
To conceive by ſuperfetation. *Superfater, ſurconcevoir.*
Children begot by ſuperfetation. *Superengendrez.*
The ſuperficies (or out ſide) of a thing. *Superficie, ſurface.*
Superficiall. *Superficiel.*
Superficially. *Superficiellement.*
Superfine thred of gold or ſilver. *Surfin.*
Superfluous. *Superflu, ſupernumeraire.*
To be ſuperfluous. *Superabunder, reſter.*
Superfluitie. *Superflu, ſuperfluité, superabondance; Regorgement, ſomptuoſité.*
Superfluouſly. *Redondamment.*
To ſuperimpoſe. *Superimpoſer.*
A ſuperimpoſition. *Superimpoſition, ſurimpoſition.*
Superintendencie. *Surintendance. Voyez* Overſeeing.
A ſuperintendent. *Superintendant, ſurintendant.*
Superioritie. *Superiorité.*
A ſuperiour. *Superieur.*
Superlative. *Superlatif.*
Superlatively. *Superlativement.*
Supernall. *Supernel.*
Supernally. *Supernellement.*
Supernaturall. *Supernatuel.*
Supernaturally. *Supernatuellement.*
Supernumerarie. *Supernumeraire.*
A ſuperſcription. *Superſcription, ſurg.*
Superſtition. *Superſtition, bigotage, bigotiſe, bigotation, bigotie.*
Superſtitious. *Superſtitieux, bigot.*
To make ſuperſtitious. *Bigotter.*
Superſtitiouſly. *Superſtitieuſement.*
Supeteus (armour for the feet.) *Sollerets, ſolerets.*
Suppable, which may be ſupped. *Humable.*
To ſuppe up. *Humer, abſorber, bumecter.*
To ſuppe (or eate a ſupper.) *Souper.*
Supped. *Soupé.*
Ill ſupped. *Mausoupé.*
A ſupper. *Souper.*
Supped up (or ſipped.) *Humé, abſorbé.*
A ſupper up. *Humeur.*
To make a reare (or after) ſupper. *Regoubillonner.*
The Lords ſupper. *La Sainlle cene, L'Euchariſtie.*
The ſupper, or ſucker of a pumpe. *Soupape, ſouſpape.*
A ſupping up. *Humement, bumerie, ſorbition.*
Supping meate. *Humet.*
To ſuppiant. *Supplanter, miner.*
Suppianted. *Supplanté, miné, ſurprins.*
Supple. *Souple, ſoupple, tendre, mol.*
Somewhat ſupple. *Tendret, moilet, tendrelet.*
Loathſomely ſupple (or quaggie.) *Mollaſſe.*
To ſupple, or make ſupple. *Amollyer.*
Suppled. *Mollifié.*
Suppleſly. *Mollement, tendrement.*
Suppleneſſe. *Souplesſe, ſuppleſſe, molleſſe, mollesse, mollece, tendreté, tendreur.*
A ſupplement. *Supplément, ſupplíment.*
A ſuppler. *Mollifieur.*
Suppliant. *Suppliant.*
A ſupplication. *Supplication, requeſte.*
To make ſupplication. *Supplier.*
To ſupplie. *Suppléer, ſuppediter, accomplir.*
A ſupplie. *Supplément, ſupplíment, renfort, accompliſſement.*
A ſupplie (of a defective company of ſouldiers) *Recrue.*
Supplied. *Supplé, ſuppedité, accompli.*
A ſuppliet. *Accompliſſeur.*
A ſuppling. *Mollification.*
A ſuppling. *Supplément, ſupplíment.*
To ſuppone. *Suppoſer.*
A ſupponing. *Suppoſition.*
To ſuppoſe. *Supporter, maintenir, patrocíner, tenir le menton à, accoter, ſouſtenir, ſoubstenir, ſoubtenir.*
A ſuppoſt. *Support, maintenance, maintention, ſouſtenance, ſoubſtenance.*
A ſuppoſtation. *Supportation.*
Suppoſtable. *Supportable, ſouſtenable, ſoubſtenable.*
Suppoſted. *Supporté, ſouſtenu, accoté, maintenu, ſoublevé.*
Ill ſuppoſted *Mal cimbré.*
A ſuppoſtor. *Patron.*
Suppoſtors, or ſuppoſting images in building. *Te lamons.*
A ſuppoſting, or ſuppoſtation. *Supportation, accotement, ſouſtenement, ſoubſtenement.*
To ſuppoſe. *Suppoſer, penſer.*
Suppoſed. *Suppoſé, Subreptice.*
A ſuppoſe, or ſuppoſall. *Penſée.*
A ſuppoſitaris. *Suppoſitoire, ſubpoſitoire.*
A ſuppoſition. *Suppoſition.*
Suppoſitions. *Suppoſé.*
To ſuppreſſe. *Supprimer, Receler, cacher.*
Suppreſſed. *Supprimé, recelé, aſſopi.*
A ſuppreſſor. *Receleur, cacheur.*
Suppreſſion. *Suppreſſion, recelation, recelre.*
To ſuppurate, or ſuppure. *Suppurer, maturer.*
Suppurative, or ſuppuring. *Suppuratif, maturatif.*
Suppurated. *Suppuré.*
A ſuppuration, or ſuppuring. *Suppuration, maturation.*
A ſupputation. *Supputation.*
Supreame. *Supreme, majeſtenz.*
Supremacie. *Primacé.*
A ſurbate, or ſurbating. *Surbature, ſoubature, ſoubature.*
The ſurbating of the feet of cattell. *Meſmarchure, memarchure,*
To ſurceaſe. *Surſeoir, ſupercedre.*
Surceaſed. *Superſeé, ſupercedé, ſurſis.*
A ſurceaſing. *Superſeſſion, ſuperceſſion, ſurſeance, ſurceance.*
Surceaſing. *Surſeant.*
To ſurcharge. *Surcharger, ſurimpoſer, ſuperimpoſer, reburger par deſſus.*
Surcharged. *Surtaxé.*
A ſurcharge. *Surcharge, ſurimpoſition, ſuperimpoſition.*
A ſurcharging. *Surtaux.*
A Surd number (which cannot be ſquared.) *Nombre ſourd.*
Sure. *Seur, ſeuf, ſeuré, ſtable, ſolide, aſſeuré, certain.*
Surely. *Seurement, aſſeurément, certainement, ſauoément, ſolidairement, vraiement.*
Sureneſſe, Sureté, ſeurté, ſtabilité.
A ſurety. *Seurité, ſauvegarde, ſeurté, ſeurete.*
A ſuretie for one. *Reſpondant, reſponſion, ſponſeur, boſtagt, oſtage.*
To be ſuretie for. *Reſpondre.*
Sureetieſhip. *Reſponſion.*
The ſurface of a thing. *Surface, ſuperficie.*
A ſurfet. *Crapule.*
A ſurfet of drinking. *Mal de pron.*
To ſurfet. *Enchargr Perſonne, Paſſer.*
A ſurfetting. *Ripaille.*
To ſurge. *Ondoyer.*
A ſurge on the ſea. *Vuelmde de la mer, Oule.*
Surged. *Ondoyé.*
A ſurging. *Ondoyement.*
Surging. *Ondoyant, mût, undeé.*
A Surgion. *Chirurgien, mire, myre.*
Surgerie. *Chirurgie.*

Surly.

Surly. *Hautain, haut à la main, rude, orgueilleux, orgueilli, rebours, rogue, superbe, surcilleux.*
To be **surly.** *Faire du grobu, faire le grois.*
To grow **surly.** *S'orgueillir, s'amaſtiner.*
Surlily. *Rudement, orgueilleuſement, regardant.*
Surlineſſe. *Malengroin, rudeſſe, orgueil.*
To **ſurmiſe.** *Penſer, imaginer.*
A **ſurmiſe.** *Opinion, penſée, Imagination, imaginative, ſupputation.*
Surmiſed. *Imaginé.*
To **ſurmount.** *Surmonter, ſurpaſſer, ſuperer.*
Surmounted. *Surmonté.*
A **ſurmounting.** *Surmontement.*
A **ſurname.** *Surnom, ſobriquet, ſoubriquet.*
To give a **ſurname** to. *Surnommer.*
Surnamed. *Surnommé.*
Surpaſſable. *Surmontable.*
To **ſurpaſſe.** *Surpaſſer, oultrepaſſer, ſurmonter.*
Surpaſſed. *Oultrepaſſé, ſurmonté.*
A **ſurpaſſing.** *Oultrepaſſement, oultrepaſſe, outrepaſſe, ſurmontement.*
Surpaſſingly. *Nompareillement.*
A **ſurplis.** *Surplis, ſurpeliz.*
A **ſurpluſſe,** or **ſurpluſage.** *Surplus, oultreplus, un parſeus, reſidu, reſtat, reſte, antipodium, ſurcroiſt, ſurcrez.*
A **ſurpriſall.** *Surpriſe.*
To **ſurpriſe.** *Surprendre, prendre au Gallico, ou, de gallico.*
Surpriſed. *Surpris.*
A **ſurpriſer.** *Surpreneur.*
Surquedrie. *Hauſſege, bauſſage, orgueil.*
To **ſurrogate.** *Surroguer.*
Surrogated. *Surrogué.*
A **ſurrogation.** *Surrogation.*
To **ſurrender.** *Reſigner.*
Surrendred. *Reſigné.*
A **ſurrendring.** *Reſignation, reddition.*
Surreptitious. *Surreptice, ſubreptice.*
To **ſurround** (or overflow.) *Oultre couler.*
A **ſurſangle.** *Surſangle, ſurſaix.*
To **ſurvey.** *Arpenter, bapenter, reviſiter.*
A **ſurvey.** *Revenë, nombrée, nammée.*
A **ſurveyour.** *Arpenteur.*
A **ſurveyour** of the Kings workes. *Meiſtre des œuvres du Rey.*
To **ſurvive.** *Survivre.*
A **ſurviving,** or **ſurvivance.** *Survivance.*
Surviving. *Survivant.*
A **ſurviver.** *Survivant.*
To **ſuſcitate.** *Suſciter.*
A **ſuſcitation.** *Suſcitation.*
To **ſuſpect.** *Soupçonner, ſouſpeçonner, meſcroire.*
Suſpectable. *Soupçonnable, meſcreable.*
Suſpected. *Soupçonné, ſouſpeçonné, meſcreu, meſcru, ſuſpect.*
A **ſuſpecting.** *Comme a ſuſpicion.*
In **ſuſpence.** *Entre deux, ſuſpence, ſuſpenſoire.*
A **ſuſpicion.** *Soupçon, ſouſpeçon, ſuſpeſtion.*
Suſpitious. *Soupçonneux, ſouſpeçonneux, jaloux, ombrageux.*
Suſpitiouſly. *Souſpeçonneuſement, jalouſement.*
To **ſuſtaine.** *Souſtenir, ſubſtancier, ſuſtenter, ſubſtanter, alimenter; ſupporter, patir.*
Suſtainable. *Souſtenable, ſoubſtenable.*
Suſtained. *Souſtenu; ſuſtenté, ſubſtanté; ſupporté.*
A **ſuſtaining.** *Souſtenement.*
Suſtaining. *Suſtantifique.*
Suſtinance. *Mangeaille, manger, refection, aliment.*
To take **ſuſtinance.** *Manger, prendre ſa refection.*
Sutable. *Sortable.*
Sutably. *Sortablement.*
To **ſute** with. *Quadrer, convenir, aggreer.*
A **ſute.** *Petition; procez.*
A **ſute** of apparell. *Habit, accouſtrement.*
To **ſute.** *Accouſtrer.*
Suted. *Accouſtré.*
Well **ſuting.** *Seant, bien-ſeant.*
Ill ſuting. *Meſſeant, malaveuant.*
A **ſuture.** *Suture.*
The **ſwab** (or cod, of beanes, peaſe, &c.) *Gouſſe.*
Swaddis. *Gouſſu.*
To **ſwaddle,** or **ſwath.** *Emmailloter, bander.*
To **ſwaddle** (or cudgell.) *Baſtonner.*
Swadled. *Emmailloté; auſſi, baſtonné.*
A **ſwadling,** or **ſwathing** *Emmaillotement.*
A **ſwadle,** or **ſwadling** band, or clout. *Maillot.*
A **ſwadling.** *Baſtonnement.*
To **ſwage.** *Mitiguer, adoucir.* Voyez to Aſſwage.
To **ſwag** on one ſide. *Pencher tout d'un coſté.*
A **ſwag-bellie.** *Ventre à la poulaine.*
To **ſwagger.** *Faire l'obſtrus, ribler, faire le Roland.*
A **ſwaggerer.** *Jarnat, jarnigot, ribleur, mabeuſtre, taillebras, mangeur de charrettes ferrées, fendeur de naſiaux, obſtrus, ruſtre, ſpadaſin, ſpadaſſin.*
Swaggering. *Jarnage, ribleрie, ruſterie.*
Swagging. *Molaſſe.*
To **ſwaie,** or beare **ſway.** *Gouverner, maiſtriſer, regir, regenter, regner, ſeigneurier.*
Sway. *Gouvernement, dominion, regne, authorité, magiſtere, magiſtrature, maiſtriſe, regime.*
Swayed. *Regi, regné.*
A **ſwaine.** *Ruſtauli, franc-taulpin.* Voyez a Hinde.
To **ſwallow.** *Engloutir, abſorber, avaller.*
A **ſwallow** (or gulp.) *Gorgée.*
One that hath a very wide **ſwallow.** *Goddon.*
A **Swallow** (bird.) *Arondelle, hirondelle, birondelle, byrundelle.*
A ſea **ſwallow.** *Hirondelle, ou, arondelle de rivage.*
Swallowed. *Englouti, abſorbé.*
A **ſwallow-taile** (a kind of faſtening timber or boords together.) *Queuë d'arondelle.*
Swallow-wort. *Aſclepias.*
A **Swan.** *Cigne, Cygne.*
Swan-like, of a **Swan.** *Cigneus, Cygneus.*
A **ſwan-keeper.** *Cygneur.*
The **ſward** of bacon. *La peau de lard, ou d'un jambon.*
A **ſwarme** of bees. *Eſſaim, rejettun de mouches à miel.*
Swart. *Brun, brun-noir, fuſque, baſane, neigre, tacreux, tauné, noiret, mirelet, tané, tauné.*
To wax **ſwart.** *Se beſogner.*
To make **ſwart** in the ſunne. *Haſler, haler.*
Swartie. *Mimore.*
Swartineſſe. *Noirciſſure.*
A **ſwart-ryter.** *Reiſtre.*
To **ſwarve.** *Fourboyer, s'eſgarer.*
Swarved. *Eſgaré, fourvoyé.*
A **ſwarving.** *Eſgarement, fourvoyement.*
To **ſwash** (or clash with ſwords and armour.) *Chamailler.*
A **ſwash-buckler.** *Chamailleur, mabeuſtre, balaffreux.*
To **ſwath.** *Bander, emmailloter.* Voyez to Swaddle.
A **ſwath-band.** *Maillot.*
To **ſway** *Gouverner, regir, maiſtriſer* Voyez to Sway.
To **ſweare.** *Jurer.*
To **ſweare** horribly. *Retier, renaquer, renaſquer.*
To **ſweare** falſely *Se parjurer.*
A **ſwearer.** *Jureur, reniaur.*
A **ſwearing.** *Jurement, reniement.*
Swearing. *Juratoire.*
To **ſweat** *Suer.*
To **ſweat** (as ſtones againſt wet weather.) *Suinter.*
Sweat. *Sueur, ſuée.*
Procuring **ſweat.** *Sudorifique.*
Sweated. *Refudé.*
A **ſweater.** *Suëur.*
Sweating. *Sueux, ſuant, refudant.*
Sweatings, or things procuring ſweat. *Suäges.*
A **ſweating.** *Suëment, ſuërie, ſuée, refudation.*
The **ſweating** paine, or ſickneſſe. *Male-ſuade, ſuëtte, ſudor.*
To **ſweepe.** *Balier, baleyer, ballier, ramoner, bouſſer, nettoyer, nettier, nettoyer au baley.*
A **ſweeper.** *Houſſeur, bouſſeuſe, baleyeuſe, balieur.*
A **ſweeping.** *Balieure, nettoyement au baley.*
Sweepings. *Balieures, baleyeures, nettieures, nettieures, nettoyeures, les nieuſes de la maiſon.*
Sweet. *Doux, doulx, ſouef, ſoëf, ſuave, mielleux.*
To **ſweeten.** *Addoucir, adoulcir, ſuëffieure.*
Sweetened. *Addouci.*
A **ſweetening.** *Addouciſſement, adoulciſſement.*
A **ſweet-heart.** *Amant, amoureux, amie, amante.*
A **ſweet-lips.** *Friand, friandeau.*
Sweetly. *Doucement, ſouëſvement, ſouëvement, ſuavement, miellueuſement, friandement.*
Sweet-meates. *Friandiſes, figalleries, confitures.*
Sweetneſſe. *Douceur, doulceur, ſon effect, ſoëfveté, ſuavité.*
To **ſwell.** *Enfler, s'enfler, ſfwer, ſe ſurhauſſer.*
To **ſwell** with wind. *Bouſſouffler.*
To **ſwell** with billowes. *Ondoyer.*
To **ſwell** with pride or diſdaine. *Orgueillir.*
A **ſwelling.** *Enfleure, tumeur, boſſidure.* ¶ Langued.
A round **ſwelling.** *Boſſe.*
The **ſwelling** of the throate. *Strumoſité.*
A **ſwelling** with billowes. *Ondoyement.*
Swept. *Balié, balié, bouſſé, nettoyé au baley.*
Swift. *Viſte, iſnelle, ſoudain, ſubit.*
Swift flying. *Aile.*
Swift on foot. *Viſte-courant.*

Swiftly. *Viſtement, iſnellement, baſtivement, ſoudainement, ſubitement, briefvement.*
Swiftneſſe. *Viſteſſe, baſte, baſtiveté.*
To ſwill. *Grenouiller, humer, mattiner.*
Swill, or ſwillings (for ſwine.) *Lavailles, mangeaille pour les pourceaux.*
Swilling. *Grenouillant.*
A ſwiller, or ſwill-pot. *Humeux, goddon.*
A ſwilling. *Humement, humerie, piaiſon.*
To ſwimme. *Nager, noër.*
To ſwimme aloft, or over. *Sur nager, ſupernager, ſurflotter.*
To ſwimme under water. *Nager entre deux eaux.*
A ſwimmer. *Nageur.*
Swimming. *Nageant.*
A ſwimming. *Nagement, nager, nageure.*
A ſwimming place, or a place to ſwim in. *Nageoir, natoire.*
By ſwimming. *A nou.*
The ſwimming of the head. *Scotomie.*
To ſwindge. *Feſſer, ſouëtter, batre, pelauder.*
To ſwinge with a bollie wond. *Houſſiner.*
A ſwindge. *Ru.*
Swindged. *Feſſé, ſouëtté, batu, pelaudé.*
Swindged out of doores. *Forbatu.*
A ſwindging. *Pelauderie, batement, ſouëttement.*
A ſwindger. *Batteur, ſouëtteur, feſſer.*
A ſwine. *Pourceau, porceau, porc, beſtes porcines.*
A ſwine-ſtie. *Porcherie, ſouit, eſtable à pourceaux.*
Wild ſwine. *Beſtes noires.*
A ſwine-heard. *Porchier.*
Swines-bread. *Pain de pourceau, pain porcin, pain d'eſpil de terre.*
Swines-graſſe. *Renouée, renouvée.*
To ſwing. *Brandiller, branſler, ſecouër, jaſter.*
To ſwing about. *Rouër.*
To ſwing up and downe. *Bluter, blutter abercer, berſer.*
A ſwing. *Brandilloir, brandilloire, branſle, ſecouſſe, ſcouſſe.*
Swinged. *Brandillé, bercé, berſé, ſecoüé branſlé.*
A ſwinger. *Secouëur.*
A ſwinging. *Brandillement, branſlement, bercement, ſecouëment, blutement, jaſtation; auſſi, un rouër.*
Swinke. (*Vieil mot.*) *Peine.* *Voyez* Paine, toile, labour.
A Swiſſe, or Swiſſer. *Soüiſſe.*
A ſwitch. *Houſſine.*
To ſwindge with a ſwitch. *Houſſiner.*
Full of ſwitches. *Houſſineux.*
To ſwitve. *Hoſcher.*
Swollen, or ſwoine. *Enflé, gonfi, boſſé.* (*Participe du verbe* to ſwell.)
Swoine with billowes. *Ondoyé.*
Swollen with pride, or diſdaine. *Orgueilli.*
To ſwoune. *Se paſmer, S'eſvanouïr, ſyncopizer.*
Swouned. *Paſmé, eſvanouï, eſvanouy.*
A ſwouning. *Paſmoiſon, eſvanouiſſement, ſyncope.*
An often ſwouning. *Syncopization.*
A ſword. *Eſpée.*
An arming ſword. *Eſpée d'armes.*
A naked ſword. *Eſpée blanche.*
To draw a ſword haſtily. *Sacquer l'eſpée.*
A ſhort ſword (for an executioner.) *Marraſſau.*
To put all to the ſword. *Paſſer tous par le fil de l'eſpée, mener main baſſe, mener les mains baſſes.*
A haſtie drawling, or offer to draw a ſword. *Sacquement d'eſpée.*
A ſword-bearer. *Port'eſpée.*
A ſword-player. *Spadaſſin.*
The ſword-fiſh. *Hairon, eſpée de mer.*
Sword-graſſe. *Varig.*
Sworne. *Iuré.* (*Participe du verbe* to Sweare.)
Swumme. *Nagé.* (*Participe du verbe* to Swimme.)
Swung. *Brandillé, branſlé, ſecoüé, bercé, berſé, bluté, blutté.* (*Participe du verbe* to Swing.)
The Sycomore tree. *Sycomore.*
A ſycophant. *Sycophantin, barbuteur, happelopin.*
Syder, and ſyllable. *Comme* Sider, and Sillable.
A (logicall) Syllogiſme. *Syllogiſme.*
To Symbolize. *Symboliſer, Simboliſer.*
A ſymbolizing, or ſymbolization. *Symboliſation.*
Symbolizing. *Symboliſant.*
A Symmetrie. *Symmetrie.*
In juſt ſymmetrie. *Symmetrie, juſte proportion.*
Sympathie. *Sympathie, ſymbolication.*
To ſympathize. *Sympathiſer, ſymboliſer.*
Sympathizing. *Symboliſant.*
A ſymptome. *Symptome.*
Synagogue. *Synagogue.*
A ſyncope. *Syncope.* *Voyez* Swooning.
A Syndicke (or cenſor.) *Syndic,* His office. *Syndicat.*
A Synode. *Synode, ſenſ.*
Synodall (of a Synode.) *Synodal.*
A Synonime. *Synonime.*
Synopſis. *Synopſe, miroir.*
Syrop. *Syrop, ſurop.*
Syrop of vinegar. *Oxymel, vinel, oxymel.*

T

Tabacco. *Petum, Petun, Nicotiane.*
Engliſh Tabacco. *Petite Nicotiane, Petum ſimelle.*
A Tabernacle. *Tabernacle, pavillon.*
A Table. *Table, tablage.*
A little table. *Tablette.*
A kneading table. *Gemer d'un boulengier, ou, Paſtiſſier.*
To keepe a good table. *Tenir bonne table.*
A table full. *Tablée.*
A table-cloth. *Nappe, mantil.*
A long and large table-cloth. *Tablier.*
A basket or place to keepe table linning in. *Serre-nappe.*
A writing table. *Tableau.*
Writing tables. *Tablettes à eſcrire.*
Tables to play in. *Tablier, ou, tables à jouër.*
To play at tables. *Iouër au tablier.*
A tabletum. *Dam.*
A tablet (or boorder.) *Tablier.*
A tabling (boording.) *Tablage.*
A Tablet. *Monile.*
Tablets. *Monillets.*
A Tabor (or Tabret.) *Tabour, tabourin, bedon, tabourines, tabourſſe, tambour.*
To play on the Tabor. *Tabourier, tabourder, beſtourer.*
A Taborer. *Tabourieur, tabourideur, tabourneur.*
A woman taborer. *Tabourineſſe, tabourineuſe, tabouriniere.*
A Tabret. *Bedon, tabourinet;* or comme a Tabor.
Taces (armour for the thighes.) *Cuiſſeaux, cuiſſeaux, cuiſſes, taſſettes.*
Taciturnitie. *Taciturnité.*
To hold tacke. *Tenir paiſe à.*
The tackle, or tackling of a ſhip. *Cordaille, de navire, gumenes.*
The great tackle of a ſhip. *Amarage.*
Ground tackle. *Amarres.*
A Tadpole. *Gyrine, teſtard, cavefot, ſechabot.*
Taffetie, or taffeta. *Taffetas, armoiſin, armoiſine.*
A kind of course taffetie. *Cafan, cophetan.*
Tuffe-taffetie. *Taffetas mouſcheté, raſſeré, velouré.*
Script taffetie. *Taffetas ebenillé.*
Of taffetie. *Armoiſin.*
A tag of a point. *Ferret, fer d'eſguillette.*
Tag and rag. *Ha bic & ha raſche.*
A taile. *Queuë.*
The plough taile. *Le manche d'une charuë.*
A Tailor. *Tailleur d'habits, taſſeur, ſarte.*
A tailors bill. *Patron.*
To take. *Prendre.*
To take away. *Oſter, priver, retrandir.*
To take backe againe. *Prendre, reſumer.*
To take in hand. *Entreprendre.*
To take heed. *Prendre garde, ſe donner garde.*
To take hold on. *Empoigner.*
To take napping, to take one unawares. *Surprendre.*
To take up (a thing.) *Ramaſſer.*
To take up (or reprove.) *Rabroüer.*
To take in warre. *Captiver.*
To take to wife. *Prendre à femme.*
Taken. *Prins, pris.*
Taken away. *Oſté.*
Taken backe againe. *Repris, reprit, reſumé.*
Taken in hand. *Entrepris.*
Taken hold on. *Empoigné.*
Taken napping, or unawares. *Surprins.*
Taken up. *Amaſſé.*
Taken in warre. *Captif.*
A taker. *Preneur.*
A taker in hand. *Entrepreneur.*
A taker up of things. *Amaſſeur, amaſſereſſe.*
A taking. *Priſe, capture, ſaiſine, repriſaille.*
A taking away. *Oſtement, ablation, privement.*

A taking back againe. *Reprinſe, repriſe, reſomption.*
A taking in hand. *Entreprinſe.*
A taking hold on. *Saiſiſſement.*
A taking napping (or at unawares.) *Surprinſe.*
A tale. *Conte, fable, fornette, baye, narration, narre, hiſtoire.*
A falſe tale. *Fable, menſonge, menterie.*
A tale of a tub. *Riotte, noiſquerie, conte de cigogne, chanſon du ricochet.*
To tell a tale, or tales. *Conter un conte, fabloyer.*
A teller of merry tales. *Fabuliſte, fornetteux.*
The invention of tales. *Fabuloſité.*
A tale-bearer, or tell-tale. *Rapporteur, delateur, rapporteur.*
A Talon. *Talon.*
Talkative. *Babillard.*
A buſinesse talker. *Caqueteur, jaſeur, jaſeur, babillard, bableur.*
To talke. *Parler, parlementer.*
To talke idly. *Caqueter, jaſer, fabloyer, ſonner, bettiverner.*
Talke. *Propos, Parler.*
To fall in talke of. *Mettre ſur les rangs.*
One that loves to heare himſelfe talke. *Monologue.*
Tall. *Puiſſé.*
A Tallon. *Talon.*
Talking. *Parlant.*
A talking. *Parlement, parlerie.*
Much talking. *Caquet.*
Tallage. *Taille.*
Tall. *Haut, hault, long, grand, haulte.*
Tallis. *Hauldement, hautement.*
Tallneſſe. *Hauteur.*
A Tallie. *Taille, taylle, nombre.*
A (birds) talon. *Serre, griffe, ongle.*
A little talon. *Ongle.*
A hawkes talons. *Serres.*
Having ſharp talons. *Griffu.*
Talloned. *Ongle.*
Talloſe. *Suif.*
The talloſe of a hogge or wild beaſt. *Saim.*
A talloſe-face. *Viſage de ſuif.*
The Tamariſke ſhrub. *Tamarik, myrique, tamarin.*
Tame. *Privé, manſuet, apprivoiſé, domeſtique.*
To tame, or make tame. *Dompter, apprivoiſer, accoquiner, domeſtiquer, reprimer, ſubjuguer.*
To tame (or pull downe) the body. *Macerer, ou, mortifier ſon corps.*
Tamed, or made tame. *Dompté, apprivoiſé, accoquiné, domeſtiqué; macéré, mortifié, ſubjugué.*
Tamely. *Domeſtiquement; manſuetement.*
Tamenelle. *Manſuetude, mignotiſe.*
A tamer. *Dompteur, reprimeur.*
A taming. *Dompture, apprivoiſement, ſubjugation.*
A taming of the body. *Macération, mortification.*
Tangible. *Tangible.*
A tankard. *Canthare.*
A great tankard. *Friſon.*
To tangle, tangle, &c. *Comme to Intangle,* Intangled, &c.
Tangled locks. *Cheveux meleż.*
To tanne (leathers.) *Tanner, tanner, coudre.*
Tanned. *Tanné.*
A Tanner. *Tanneur, taneur.*
A tanners wife. *Tanneuſe.*
A tanners mill. *Moulin à tan.*
A tanne-house. *Tannerie, taneric.*
A tanne-pit, or tanne-fat. *Coudroir, trempoir.*
Tanning, the art of tanning. *Tannerie, taneric.*
Tanſie. *Tanaiſie, tannée, Athanaſie.*
Wild tanſie. *Tanaiſie ſauvage, bec d'oye.*
A taper. *Cierge, poincte, bougie.*
Tapiſtrie. *Tapis, tapiſſerie.*
Rich and large tapiſtrie. *Tapiſſerie de haulte-liſſe, ou, de haute-lice, parement.*
A piece of tapiſtrie (hung) ſome a doore. *Garde-porte.*
To hang (or furniſh) with tapiſtrie. *Tapiſſer.*
Hung with tapiſtrie. *Tapiſſé.*
A hanging or furniſhing with tapiſtrie. *Tapiſſement.*
A hanging of tapiſtrie. *Tante.*
A tapiſtrie-maker. *Tapiſſier.*
A maker of rich and large tapiſtrie. *Haute-liſſier, hauticier.*
A Tappe. *Syphon, ſiphon.* ℣ Rabl.
A tappes end. *Robinet.*
To tappe a veſſell. *Percer un tonneau, ou le mettre en broche.*
To tappe (or ſtrike.) *Tapper, taper.*
Tapped. *Percé, mis en broche.*
A tappe-house. *Cabaret, taverne.*
A tapſter. *Celuy (dans un cabaret,) qui tire de la biere, ou ciervoiſe. On appelle celuy qui tire du vin,* a Drawer.
Tardie. *Tardif, tard.*
To take tardie. *Surprendre.*
Taken tardie. *Surpris.*
A taking tardie. *Surprinſe.*
Tardily. *Tardivement, tardement, tard.*
Tardinelle, tardities. *Tardité, tardiveté.*
Tares. *Yvroye.*
A Target, or targuet. *Targe, targue, pavois.*
A round targuet. *Rondache, rondelle.*
A little targuet. *Taulache, rondelle.*
To ſhield, cover, or arme with a targuet, or targues ſences. *Paveſé, targué.*
A Targuetyere. *Pavoiſier, pavoiſeur, targuetier, rondelier.*
A targuet-fence. *Pavoiſade, tendis.*
To tarie. *Voyez* to Tarrie.
Tartagus (herbe.) *Stragon, Targon.*
Tarre. *Poix liquide, poix ſondue, goine, tare.*
To tarrie. *Tarder, demeurer.*
To tarrie for. *Attendre.*
Tarried. *Tardé, demeuré.*
Tarried for. *Attendu.*
A tarriance, or tarrying. *Tardance, demure, demeurance, pauſe, paſe.*
A tarrying for. *Attente.*
Tartar (or Argall old lees of wine.) *Tartre, tartate, Gravelle.*
A tartaris faulcon. *Tartaire, tartarot.*
Tart. *Aigre, aſpre, ſauſiqueux, ſeur, ſur.*
To wax tart. *S'aigrir, devenir aigre.*
To make tart. *Aigrir, enaigrir, enaſprir, exaſperer.*
Made tart. *Aigri, enaigri.*
Somewhat tart. *Aigret.*
A tart. *Tarte, talmouſe.*
Tarts (or meats like them.) *Tartelages, tartinages.*
A little tart. *Tartelette.*
Tartly. *Aigrement, aprement.*
Tartnesse. *Aigreur, Aprenté, aſpreſſe.*
A taske. *Taſche.*
To taske. *Taſcher.*
Tasked. *Taſché.*
A tasking. *Taſchement.*
A taſſell. *Houppe, houpe.*
A taſſell of ſilke. *Toupeau de ſoye.*
Taſſelis. *Flocquet.*
To taſſell, or trim with taſſells. *Houper.*
The taſſell, tiercell (or male hawke.) *Tiercelet.*
The taſſell of a faher. *Sarret.*
The taſſell of a ſparhawke. *Monchet, monſchet.*
Taſſelled, trimmed with taſſells. *Houpe, houpelu.*
Taſſeltie. *Houpelu.*
Taſſes. *Cuiſſeaux, ou comme Taces.*
To taſte. *Gouſter, taſter, ſavourer, ſentir, reſſentir.*
To taſte againe. *Reſavourer.*
Taſte. *Gouſt, ſaveur.*
A full taſte. *Reſſentiment.*
Taſted. *Gouſté, ſavouré.*
Taſtfull. *Savoureux.*
Taſtfully, taſtingly. *Savoureuſement.*
A taſting. *Gouſtement, taſtement, ſentement, ſentiment.*
A tatter. *Frelaque, haillon, lippon, penillon.*
Tatters. *Hailons, lambeaux, penillons, penillons.*
To tatter, or make into tatters. *Haillonner.*
Full of tatters. *Haillonneux.*
Tattered (cut, or worne into tatters.) *Haillonné, haillonneux, penillé, haſpillé.*
A tatterer (old.) *Gueuſe, Gueuſe, gueuſe, figue, figue.*
A tattered houſwife. *Houſſepillée, houſpillée.*
Tattle. *Babil, babillerie, caquet.*
To tattle. *Caqueter, babiller, jaſer, taquiter, parler comme un oiſeau en cage.*
Tattled. *Caqueté.*
A tattler. *Caqueteur, caquetteur, jaſeur, jaſeresse, jaſeur, Babillard.*
A tattling. *Caquet, caquettement, jaſerie, garrulité.*
A taverne. *Taverne.*
To get into a taverne. *Se mettre à l'ombre des boulons.*
A haunter of tavernes. *Tavernier, taverneux, taverniere.*
A tavernet. *Tavernier.*
Taught. *Enſeigné, appris, appriſe, inſtruict, monſtré.* (Participe du verbe to Teach.)
To taunt. *Objurguer, taſter, tancer, ſugiller, patrouiller, rebouter.*
To taunt deſpitefully. *Opprobrier, vaſtabonner.*
A defamatorie taunt. *Opprobre.*
A bitter taunt. *Sarcaſme.*
Taunted. *Sugillé, rabroué, rebouté, tancé.*
A taunter. *Rabroueur, objurgateur.*
A taunting. *Taſtonnement, reboutement, objurgation.*
A ſharp taunting. *Mordacité.*
Taunting. *Rabrouant, ſatyric, ſatyrique.*
Tauntingly. *Satyriquement.*
Taurus. *Taureau, ou des douze ſignes celeſtes.*

To

To **taw** (lether.) *Conroyer, courroyer.*
Tawed. *Conroyé, courroyé.*
A **tawer**, or **tawyer.** *Megissier, megicier.*
The **tawing** (of leather.) *Megisserie.*
Tawings. *Megis, messeus.*
Tawnie (colour.) *Tané, tanné, tanné, fuſque.*
To die into a **tawnie** *Taner, tanner.*
To wax **tawnie.** *Se hazaner.*
To **tax.** *Taxer, tauxer; auſſi, rudoyer.*
A **tax.** *Taxe, taille.*
Taxable (liable unto taxes.) *Taillable.*
A **taxation.** *Taux, taxe, taxation, tauxation, tauxe, gravade, maletoſte, maletaulte, maltoute, malctote, maltote, maltaulte.*
A grievous **taxation.** *Oppreſſion.*
Taxed. *Taxé.*
A **Taxer.** *Tauxeur.*
A **taxing.** *Taux, tauxation, tauxe, taxation, taxe.*
A **taxell, taxle,** or **teuxell.** *Chardon à foullon, verge à berger, verge de paſteur, ou, paſtoral.*
To **teach.** *Enſeigner, apprendre, inſtruire, inſtruer, monſtrer.*
Teachable. *Inſtruiſable, doctrinable, docile.*
To make **teachable.** *Docilifer.*
Made **teachable.** *Docilité.*
A **teacher.** *Enſeigneur.*
A **teaching.** *Enſeignement, inſtruction, inſtitution.*
A **Teale** (a fowle.) *Garſote, halebran, halebrent, ſarcelle, allouette.*
A **teare.** *Larme, pleur.*
To ſhed **teares.** *Larmoyer, pleurer.*
A ſmall **teare.** *Larmelette, larmette.*
Worthie of **teares.** *Larmoyable.*
A ſhedding of **teares.** *Larmoyement, pleurement.*
Full of **teares.** *Larmeux, pleureux, larmoyeux.*
To **teare.** *Deſchirer, dechirer, dilacerer, lacerer, deſchirer.*
A **teare.** *Deſchirure.*
To **teare** the fleſh with pincers. *Tenailler.*
To **teare** one another. *Se houſpiller, ou, houſpiller l'un l'autre.*
A **tearer.** *Deſchireur.*
A **tearing.** *Deſchirement, deſchirure, lacération, dilacération, houſpillement.*
A **tearme.** *Terme, nom.*
To **tearme.** *Nommer, appeller.*
Tearmed. *Nommé, appelé.*
A **tearming.** *Nomination, appellation. Voyez* Terme.
Hard and bitter **tearmes.** *Rudeſſe de parole, mordacité.*
A bed **teaſter.** *Ciel.*
A round **teaſter.** *Pavillon d'un lict.*
The boords of a **teaſter,** whereat the valence hangs. *Dais, daiz.*
The **teaſter** of a cloth of State. *Surciel.*
A **teate** (or nipple.) *Tetin, tette, tete, tethe, mammelon, mammeron.*
The **teats** of a cowes udder. *Traion.*
A little **teate.** *Tethine, teton, tethon.*
Tedious, *Tard, faſcheux, moleſte.*
Somewhat **tedious.** *Tardelet.*
Tediouſly. *Tardement, faſcheuſement.*
Tediouſneſſe. *Tardiveté, moleſtie.*
To **tedde.** *Porter enfans.*
Teeth. *Dents.* (*Plurier de* Tooth.)
The cheek **teeth.** *Les dents molaires, meulieres, ou machelieres.*
The ſide **teeth.** *Caiſſans.*
The **teeth** (or toothing) of a wheeſe (of a clocke, &c.) *Les alochons d'un rouët.*
To **tell** (or ſay.) *Dire, narrer, conter.*
To **tell** (or number.) *Compter, nombrer.*
To **tell** (or declare.) *Raconter, racompter, narrer, nuncer.*
I cannot **tell.** *Je ne ſçay, je n'en ſçay rien.*
A **teller.** *Diſeur, conteur, compteur, narrateur, narreur, nombreur, nonceur, nonciateur.*
A **telling.** *Narrement, nombrement, nonciation, ſuggeſtion.*
Temeritie. *Temerité.*
To **temper.** *Modifier, temperer, moderer, meſurer, mediocrer, tremper, attremper, mitiguer.*
To **temper** himſelfe. *S'abſtenir, ſe refreindre, ſe moderer.*
Temper. *Trempe.*
Of a good **temper.** *De bonne trempe.*
Out of **temper.** *Malade, maladif, indiſpos.*
To **temper** with. *Miſtionner, mixtionner, temperer.*
A **temper.** *Attrempement, temperature, mediocrité, moderation.*
Temperance. *Temperance, attrempance, modeſtie, ſobrieté, ſobreſſe.*
Temperate. *Temperé, moderé, ſobré, reſerré, moderé, modifié, attrempé.*
Temperately. *Temperément, moderément, attrempément, ſobrement, mediocrement.*
Temperatenеſſe of weather. *Temperie.*
Temperature. *Temperature, meſure, trempe.*
Tempered. *Temperé, modifié, moderé, meſure, trempé, attrempé.*
A **temperer.** *Trempeur.*
A **tempering.** *Temperement, temperature, mitigation, trempement.*
A **tempering** together. *Permiſtion.*
A **tempeſt.** *Tempeſte, malace, orage, tormenté, tourmente, birraſque.*
A **tempeſt** to riſe. *Orager.*
Taken by a **tempeſt.** *Tempeſté.*
Tempeſtuous. *Orageux, tempeſtueux, tempeſteux, turbulent.*
A **Temple** (or Church.) *Temple, Sanctuaire.*
A **temple** among the Turkes: *Maſquée.*
The **temples** (of the head.) *Les temples, les tempes.*
Of, or belonging to, the **temples.** *Temporal.*
Temporall. *Temporel, ſeculier.*
To make **temporall.** *Seculariſer.*
Temporalneſſe. *Secularité.*
To **temporize.** *Temporiſer.*
Temporized. *Temporiſé.*
A **temporiſer.** *Temporiſeur.*
A **temporizing.** *Temporiſement.*
Temporizing. *Temporiſeux.*
To **tempt.** *Tenter.*
Tempted. *Tenté.*
A **temptation.** *Tentation.*
A **tempter.** *Tentateur.*
A **tempting.** *Tentement.*
A **tempterelle.** *Tentereſſe.*
Ten. *Voyez* Tenne.
Tenacitie. *Tenacité.*
A **tenant.** *Louagier, rentier, tenementier, homme.*
A **tenant** for life. *Viager, viagier, thaige.*
An under **tenant.** *Souſtenant.*
A **tench** (fiſh) *Tenche, tanche.*
A ſea **tench.** *Tenche de mer, merle de mer.*
To **tend.** *Tendre.*
To **tend** (or look to.) *Penſer, traire.*
To **tend** unto. *Tendre à.*
Tended. *Tendu.*
Tended (or looked to.) *Penſé, gardé, obſervé.*
Little **tended.** *Nonchalé.*
Tender. *Tendre, mol, ſouple.*
To make **tender.** *Attendrir, amollir, mollir, mollifier.*
Made **tender.** *Attendri, amolli, mollifié.*
Fit to be made **tender.** *Amolliſſable.*
A making **tender.** *Attendriſſement, amolliſſement.*
A **tender** fellow. *Tendron.*
Somewhat **tender.** *Tendret, tendrette, mollet.*
Tender-hearted. *Indulgent.*
Tender-heartedneſſe. *Indulgence.*
To **tender.** *Tendre, offrir, preſenter.*
To **tender** money at a day. *Offrir de payer argent au temps & lieu accordez.*
A **tender,** or **tendering** of money. *Vn tel offre.*
Tendered. *Tendu, offert.*
Tender-heartedneſſe. *Merci, mercy, compaſſion.*
Tenderly. *Tendrement, mollement, mignotement.*
To uſe **tenderly.** *Mignoter.*
Tender-uſage. *Mignotiſe.*
Tenderneſſe. *Tendreté, tendreur, molleſſe, molleté, mollice, mignotiſe, miſericorde.*
A **tending.** *Tenture.*
Tending. *Tendant.*
A **tendon.** *Tendon.*
Of, or full of, a **tendon.** *Tendineux.*
A **tendrel,** or **tender** ſprig of plants. *Tendron, campolus.*
The claſping and twining **tendrels** of a vine. *Veuilles, villes de la vigne, vuillet.*
Tendrels (or little griſtles.) *Tendrillons.*
Full of **tendrels.** *Tendrineux, Tendronneux.*
Tenebrous. *Tenebreux. Voyez* Obſcure, darkſome.
A **Tenement.** *Tenement, Mettairie, Mets, Mez.*
A ſmall countrey **tenement.** *Maz.*
Tenne. *Dix.*
Tenne-times. *Dix-fois.*
Tennis-play. *Jeu de la paulme.*
To ſerve or ſtop a ball at **tennis.** *Naqueter; Nacqueter.*
To play at **tennis.** *Tripoter.*
Toſſed at **tennis.** *Tripoté.*
A **Tennis-court.** *Tripot, Jeu de paulme.*
A woman **tennis-court-keeper.** *Paulmiere.*
A **tennis-court-keepers** boy. *Naquet.*
A **Tenon.** *Tenon.*
The **tenour** (of a matter.) *Teneur.*
The **tenor,** or **tenor** part in ſinging. *Teneur, Taille.*

A Tent. *Tente, pavillon, tabernacle, tante, hayon, tref.*
A Tent-keeper, or a dweller in tents. *Tentier.*
A Tent (for a wound.) *Tente, ganque, tanque, turiebe.*
A Tenter-hook. *Houet, clou à crocher, mipacence.*
The tenth. *Dixieſme, dizain, dixaine.*
Tenthes. *Dixmes.*
A tenure. *Tenure.*
A Chirurgians Terebra (or piercer.) *Tirefond de Chirurgien.*
A tergiversation. *Tergiverſation.*
A terme (or time.) *Terme, ſaiſon.*
The appointing a terme. *Terminement.*
To appoint a terme. *Terminer.*
The termes. *Les quatre temps, de l'année, quand les Cours de Juſtice ſont ouvertes au grand Palais de Weſtminſter.*
Termination. *Terminaiſon, terminaiſon.*
Terra figillata. *Terre ſigillée, terre ſeellée, terre Bleſenne.*
A terrace, or terralle. *Terrace, terraſſe, terrin.*
A little terrace (over a gate, or on the top of a house.) *Balcon, balcon.*
Terrestrall. *Terreſtre.*
Terrene. *Terrien.*
Terrible. *Terrible, hideux, horrible, effroyable, effroyable, redoutable, eſpouentable.*
To make terrible, to make a terrible ſhew. *Terribler.*
Terribleneſſe. *Hideur, horribleté.*
Terribly. *Terriblement, hideuſement, horriblement, eſpouentablement, effroyement, effroyablement.*
A terrier (or cuſtomer-book.) *Chartulaire, cuiderban.*
A terrier (or augar.) *Terriere.*
A terrier (or earthen bungle.) *Buſſet.*
To terrifie. *Terrifier, intimider, eſpouenter, effroyer, terrer, eſpouenter, effrayer.*
Terrified. *Terrifié, intimidé, eſpouenté, effroyé, effrayé.*
A terrifying. *Intimidation, eſpouentement.*
A territorie. *Territoire, tenement, terroir.*
Terrour. *Terreur, eſpouente, trepidation.*
A tertian ague. *Tertiane, fievre tertiane, fievre tierce.*
Teſtable (that can make a will.) *Teſtable.*
A teſtament. *Teſtament.*
Teſtamentarie. *Teſtamentaire.*
A Teſtator. *Teſtateur.*
The teſt (or purifying of ſilver in aſhes.) *Cendrée.*
A teſter. *Voyez* Tester.
The teſticles of a man. *Les teſticules, les couillons, les teſmoings.*
Teſtie. *Teſtu, bourgeux, ſuſcheux, proterve, meſchigne, rebours, revesche. Voyez* Froward, peeviſh, waiward.
Teſtinesse. *Proterviré, rebeſcherie, moroſité.*
A teſtification. *Teſtification, record, teſmoing.*
To teſtifie. *Teſtifier, teſmoigner, recorder.*
Teſtified. *Teſtifié, recordé, teſmoigné, teſmoingné.*
A teſtis, or teſticle. *Teſmoing.*
A teſtimoniall. *Certificat, teſtimoniale.*
A teſtimonie. *Teſmoignage, teſtification.*
To tether. *Enbender.*
Tethered. *Enbendé.*
A tetter. *Dartre, impetigine, feuvologe, lichene, ver-volant.*
The text. *Texte.*
A great text letter. *Cadeau.*
Of, or in a text. *Textuel.*
Text letters. *Lettres verſalet.*
A texture. *Texture.*
To thanke. *Remercier, mercier, regracier.*
Thanks. *Merci, mercy, monnoye de Cordelier.*
Thanked. *Remercié, regracié.*
God be thanked. *Dieu merci.*
Thankfull. *Grate qui n'eſt point ingrat, recognoiſſant.*
A thankfulneſſe. *Regratiement, gratitude, recognoiſſance.*
A thanking. *Remerciement.*
That. *Cela, ce que.*
So that. *Ainſi que, tellement que.*
That man. *Cet homme-là.*
That way. *Par là.*
Thatch. *Chaulme.*
To thatch. *Enchaulmer.*
Thatched. *Enchaulmé.*
To thaw. *Se deſgeler, deſgeuer, reſter, reſoudre, degeler.*
A thaw. *Degel.*
Thawed. *Deglacé, diſgelé.*
The. *Le, la, les.*
A theame. *Theme, teſme.*
A Theater. *Theatre.*
The ſenators, or Noblemens place in a theater. *Orcheſtre.*
Theatrall. *Theatral.*
A theefe. *Larron, brigand, ſpoliateur.*
A little, or prettie theefe. *Larronceau, larronneau.*
Theevery. *Larcin, rapine. Ou comme* Theft.
A denne of theeves. *Larronniere.*
Theevish. *Furtif, larrecineux, larrecineux.*
Theevishly. *Furtivement, ſupplement, larricineuſement.*
Theft. *Larcin, larrecin, fart, larronneau.*
Them. *Deus, aleus, lors, alors, pour l'heure.*
If then. *Orſi.*
Thence. *De là.*
Theologicall, (belonging to divines or divinitie.) *Theologal.*
Theologie. *Theologie.*
A Theologian. *Theologien.*
Theologicall. *Theologalement.*
The theorie. *La theorie.*
The theorick. *Theorique.*
There. *Là, voila.*
Thereafter. *Poartant, partant, or bien.*
Thereat. *D'icelay, d'icelle, en.*
Therein. *Y, ſa dedans.*
Thick. *Eſpois, eſpez, gras, trouble.*
Thick and ſhort. *Ramaſſé.*
Thick ſhadowing, or thick and dark. *Opaque.*
Thicke darkneſſe. *Opacité.*
Thickly. *Eſpeſſement.*
To thicken, or wax thick. *S'eſpeſſir.*
Thickned. *Eſpeſſi, eſpoiſſi.*
A thickning. *Eſpeſſiſſement.*
Thickning. *Eſpaiſſiſſant.*
Thickneſſe. *Eſpeſſeur, eſpeſſiſſeur, eſpaiz.*
A thicket. *Boccage, bocquet, boſcage, boſquet.*
Full of thickets. *Boccageux.*
Frequenting, or affecting thickets. *Boccager, boccagier.*
The Thigh. *Cuiſſe.*
The whole thigh, legge, and foot. *La grande jambe.*
Armour for the thighes of horſes. *Giets.*
The thill of a cart. *Limon, timon.*
To faſten to the thill. *Alimonner.*
A thiller, or thill-horſe. *Cheval limonnier.*
A thimble. *Vn dé à couldre.*
Thin. *Voyez* Thinne.
Thine. *Ton, ta, tes, tien, Poſſeſſif, mis devant les noms qui commencent par vne Voyelle ou H muet, comme* thy *devant ceux qui commencent par conſonant.*
A Thing. *Choſe.*
To thinke. *Penſer, cuider.*
To thinke upon ſeriouſly. *Meditier.*
To thinke on aforehand. *Pourpenſer, premeditier.*
To thinke too well of himſelfe. *S'outrecuider.*
Mee thinketh. *Il me ſemble, il m'eſt advis, il m'eſt à veoir.*
Thinking. *Penſement.*
Thinne. *Greſle, linge, tenuë, maigre, megre, menu, menuë, delié, mince, maigrelet, tenuet.*
Somewhat thinne. *Maigrelet, maigret, mincelet, tenuret.*
To make thinne. *Attenuër, rareſier, delier, amenuiſer, amaigrir, emmaigrir, ſubtilier, ſubtiliſer.*
To become thinne. *S'amaigrir, s'emmaigrir.*
Made thinne. *Amaigri, emmaigri.*
Thinly. *Tenuement, greſlement, menuëment, deliement, mincément, maigrement.*
Thinneſſe. *Tenuité, greſleté, graiſleté, menuëté, menuiſeté, minſeté, maigreté.*
Thinne-leaved, Mugwort. *Armoiſe mincefueilles.*
The third. *Le troiſieſme, le tiers.*
Thirdly. *Tiercement.*
Thirſt. *Soif, mort Roland.* ¶ Rab.
To thirſt, or be thirſtie. *Avoir ſoif, eſtre alteré.*
To breed, or increaſe thirſt. *Alterer.*
Thirſtie. *Alteré, Qui a ſoif.*
Extreme thirſtie. *Sitibond.*
Thirteene. *Treize.*
The thirteenth. *Treizieſme, treziain.*
Thirtie. *Trente.*
The thirtieth. *Trentieſme, trentain, trentain.*
This. *Ceci, cety, cet, ceſt, cette.*
This ſame man. *Cetuy-cy, cetuy-cy.*
This man. *Ceſtuy.*
A thiſtle. *Chardon.*
Oat thiſtle, cum thiſtle. *Chardon argentin*
Bleſſed thiſtle. *Chardon benoiſt, ſainſoine.*
The ſtone thiſtle. *Chardon eſtoilé.*
The hundred headed thiſtle. *Chardon à cent teſtes, Chardon teſtu, Chardon roullant.*
Fullers thiſtle. *Chardon pignolé, Chardon à foullon.*
A ſow thiſtle. *Laceron, laiſeron.*
The white carlin thiſtle. *Chardouſſe.*
A plot of thiſtles. *Chardonniere.*
Thiſtle-bearing. *Fleuris de chardons, peppé, papilloſe.*
Thither. *Là, à ce lieu là.*
Thitherwards. *Vers ce lieu là.*
Thitherto. *Juſques là.*

Hither and thither. *ça & là.*
A (lether) thong. *Courroye.*
A thorne. *Espine.*
White thorne. *Espine blanche, aubespin.*
The black thorne. *Espine noire.*
Thornie. *Espineux, epineux.*
A thornie plot. *Espinaye, Espinal, baillon.*
The thorne-apple (or sleep-procuring nut.) *Noix methelle.*
A Thorne-back. *Raye, Raye ronsée.*
Thorow. *Par. Voyez* Through.
Thou. *Tu, toy.*
To thou one. *Tutoyer, tutuyer.*
Though. *Combien que, encore que, jaçoit que.*
A thought. *Pensée, opinion, souci, soulci, esmoy.*
Thought. *Aussi participe du verbe* to Think.) *Pensé.*
To take thought. *Se melancholier, ressoigner, se soucier.*
A giddie thought. *Caprice.*
Private (idle) thoughts. *Menus pensées.*
Thoughtfull. *Pensif, soucieux, soulcieux, melancholique, mental.*
Thoughtfully. *Songneusement.*
Thoughtfulnesse. *Solicitude, melancholie.*
A thoule. *Scalme, tollet.*
A thousand. *Mille, vn millier.*
A thousand of yeares. *Vne millene d'années.*
A thousand millions of millions. *Milliart.*
Thousands. *Milliasse.*
Of, or belonging to, a thousand. *Millier.*
The thousandth part. *La milliesme partie.*
A thrall. *Captif, serf, subject, esclave, serf.*
Thraldome. *Captivité, servage, servitude.*
To thrash corne. *Escourre, battre le bled.*
Thrashed. *Batu.*
A thrasher. *Batteur.*
A thrashing. *Batement.*
A halfe thrabe of corne. *Gerbée, gerbier, maye de bleid, tresseau, trezeau.*
A thread, or thred. *Fil, filet.*
A skaine of thread. *Escheveau.*
To thread a needle. *Enfiler une aiguille.*
Threasure, threasurer, &c. *comme* Treasure, treasurer.
A threat. *Menace.*
To threaten. *Menacer.*
To threaten by putting the thumbe naile into the mouth. *Faire la nique.*
Threatned. *Menacé.*
A threatner. *Menaceur.*
A threatning. *Menacement.*
Threatning. *Menaçant, menaceux.*
Thro. *Trou.*
Of thro. *Ternaire.*
Thro-fold. *Triple.*
Of thro syllables. *Trissyllabe.*
Having thro edges. *Trisulque.*
Thro-leaved grasse. *Trainiere, trefle, triolet.*
Threescore yeares old. *Sexagenaire.*
To thresh, thresher, &c. *Comme* Thrash, Thrasher, &c.
A threshold. *Sueil, suil, seuil, seuceil, seule.*
Thrift. *Frugalité, parsimonie, espargne, mesnagement, mesnagerie, respargné.*
Thriftie. *Frugal, respargnant.*
A thriftie fellow. *Bon mesnager.*
Thriftily. *Frugalement, mesnagerément.*
To use thriftily. *Mesnager.*
Thriftily used. *Mesnagé.*
Thriftinesse. *Frugalité, mesnagement, en comme* Thrift.
To thrive. *Prosperer, devenir riche.*
To make to thrive in flesh. *Hubir.*
Thriven. *Prospéré, devenu riche.*
A thriving. *Prosperité.*
The throate. *La gorge, guenle, gosier, gargamelle.*
A prettie little throat. *Gorgette.*
Up to the throat. *Gorgement.*
Of, or belonging to, the throat. *Guttural.*
The throat-boll. *Le gros de la gorge, le guenau.*
The throat-boll of a beast. *Herbiere.*
The fore-part of the throat. *Gargareon.*
The throat-pipe. *Garguillon, oeson.*
A throatsfull. *Goulée, gorgée.*
The throat-piece (or fore-part of the neck) of a hog. *Hastereau, Hasterel.*
The throat-thong, or throat-band of a bridle. *Soufgorge, sougorge, soubarbe, sousbride, soubride, d'une bride.*
Throat-wort. *Gantelée.*
To throbbe. *Palpiter, petiller.*
A throbbing. *Palpitation, martel, petillement.*
A throne. *Throne, trone, siege royal.*
A throng (of people.) *Foule, presse, Tourbe, troupe.*
To throng. *Fouler, presser.*
Thronged. *Foulé.*
The throttle. *Grive, grivette, mauvis, fiserre, tourd, tourat.*
To throtle. *Estrangler.*
Throtled. *Estranglé.*
A throtling. *Estranglement.*
Through. *Par.*
Through and through. *D'oultre en oultre, tout outre, oultrément.*
Throughly. *Totalement, dutout, tresacertes, vic à ric, Rique, raque, Tout à fait, à tout, dutout, par tout, Tout à trac.*
Throughout. *Tout outre, par tout.*
Through-wax, or through-leafe. *Perfoliate, percefueille.*
To throw. *Jetter, jetter, ruer, darder, lancer.*
To throw downe. *Saccader.*
To throw to the earth. *Aterrer.*
To throw into. *Fourrer.*
To throw out. *Ejetter, jetter hors.*
A throw. *Iettée, jett, gett, tire, ru.*
A thrower. *Rueur, jetteur.*
A throwing. *Jettement, gett.*
Throwne. *Jetté, rué.*
Throwne downe. *Saccadé.*
Throwne out. *Ejetté.*
A throwing out. *Ejection.*
To thrumble. *Frotter entre les doigts.*
Thrummes. *Pistes.*
Silke thrummes. *Emboulissemens de soye.*
A thrush. *Trasle, grive, tourd, tourdre, tourdelle, oiseau dumeste, mauvis, merle au collier.*
A Sea-thrush. *Tourd de mer.*
To thrust. *Pousser, poulser, bouter.*
To thrust back. *Repousser, repoulser, rebouter, rechasser.*
To thrust into. *Fourrer, pousser dedans, percer, s'ingerer.*
To thrust together. *Serrer, reserrer.*
To thrust through. *Oultrepercer, oultrer, percer.*
A thrust. *Poussade, tourbe, poussé, Bouttée, estoccade, pic.*
Thrust backe. *Repoussé, repoulsé, rechassé.*
Thrust. *Poussé, poulsé, (participe.)*
Thrust through. *Oultrepercé, outré, percé.*
Thrust together hard. *Serré, reserré.*
The play called thrust out the harlot. *Boute-hors.*
A thruster back. *Repousseur, repoulseur.*
Thrust in. *Ingré, fourré.*
A Thrusting. *Poulsement, poussement, boutement.*
A thrusting back. *Repoulsement.*
A thrusting against. *Renitence.*
A thrusting into or through. *Percement.*
Thrusting. *Boutant.*
Thrusting against. *Renitent.*
The thumb. *Le pouce.*
A thumbes breadth. *Poulcée, poulcier, poulsee.*
A thumbes breadth (betweene every yard) in measuring. *Poulce & ewne, poulce suant.*
To Thumpe. *Tabourer, ebaudir, rembarrer, sargoter.*
A thumpe. *Horion, garrette, vrion.*
Thumped. *Rembarré.*
A thumper. *Tabourer.*
A thumping. *Tabourement.*
Thunder, *Tonnerre, tonnoir.*
To thunder. *Tonner.*
Full of thunder. *Tonnerreux.*
A thunder-bolt or stone. *Pierre de tonnerre.*
A thunder-clap, or crack of thunder. *Vn esclat de tonnerre.*
A thundering. *Intonation.*
Thursday. *Jeudi.*
Maundie thursday. *Jeudi absolu, le jeudi absolu.*
To Thwahe. *Pelauder, bastonner, Frotter, fustiguer, fustiger.*
A Thwahe. *Gorrette, horion.*
Thwick-thwahe. *Ticque torche largue.*
Thwacked. *Pelaudé, fastigué, bastonné, frotté.*
A thwaking. *Pelauderie, fastigation.*
Thwart. *Pervers, rebours, travers.*
To thwart. *Traverser, contrarier, repugner.*
Thwarted. *Traversé, contrarié.*
A thwarting. *Traversement.*
Thwarrie. *De travers, à rebours.*
Thwartings. *Paroles de travers.*
Thwarting. *Traversant.*
To Thwitte. *Trencher, couper. Voyez* to Cut.
Tichie. *Impatient, malendurant. Voyez* Froward.
A Ticke, or tike (Vermine.) *Louveteau, mousche à chien, tique.*
A little tike. *Tiquet.*
A tiche for a bed. *Coitte de lict, flaine.*
A ticket. *Estiquette, tillet.*
Tickety. *Attiques.*
Ticketed, appointed by ticket. *Tiquetté.*
To tickle. *Chatouiller, titiller, fretiller, vtiller.*

Tickled.

Tickled. *Chatouillé, titillé.*
To **tickle** with luſt. *Prurir.*
A **Tickling.** *Chatouillement, titillation.*
A **tickling** with luſt. *Prurit.*
Tickliſh. *Chatouilleux, prétilleux.*
A **tickliſh** part of the body, *Chatouilloir.*
Tick-tacke. *Tictac, trictrac, triquetrac.*
To play at **tic-tacke.** *Iouër au tric-trac.*
The **tide.** *La marée, flot & reflot, flux & reflux.*
A ſpring **tide.** *Le flot de mars, maligne.*
Tiding, or tidings. *Meſſage, nouvelles.*
To bring **tidings.** *Apporter nouvelles, noncer.*
A **tidings** bringer. *Meſſager, nonce, nonceur, nonciateur.*
A **tidings** bringing. *Nonciation.*
Good **tidings.** *Bonnes nouvelles.*
To **tie.** *Lier, attacher, nouër, obliger, ſurlier.*
A **tie.** *Lien, ligature, ligament, attache.*
Tied. *Lié, attaché, obligé, ſurlié.*
Tied on a knot. *Noüé.*
The **ties** in a ſhip. *Euſtagues corde qui paſſe par la poulie qui eſt attachée au bout d'upenteur, & ſert pour guinder dedans le navire le bateau d'icelug, & la marchandiſe, avec l'aide du palenc.* ℣ Nicod.
The (veſſell called) a **Tierce.** *Tierciere.*
A **tierrell** of a hawke. *Tiercelet. Voyez* taſſel.
Tiffanie. *Gaze.*
A **Tiger.** *Tigre, affrequane.*
A young **tiger.** *Tigreau.*
Of a **tiger, Tiger-like.** *Tigreſque, tigrin, Tigrique.*
A **Tigreſſe,** or ſhee **tiger.** *Tigreſſe.*
To **Tighis.** *Rire, ricaner, ricaſſer.*
A **tighing.** *Ris, riſée.*
Tighing. *Ricanant, ricaneux.*
A **tike.** *(vermine.) Tique.*
A bed **tike.** *Coitte, flaine.*
A **tile.** *Tuile.*
A little **tile,** a broken **tile.** *Tuileau, tuilleau, tuillette.*
Full of **tiles.** *Tuileux.*
A **tile-hill.** *Tuillerie.*
A **tiler.** *Tuileur, tuillier.*
A **tile-ſhearde,** or broken **tile.** *Tuillot.*
To **tile** (or cover with Tiles.) *Couvrir de tuiles.*
A ſquare paving **tile.** *Quarreau. Voyez* Pave.
A rooſe, or ridge **tile.** *Enfeſtau. Voyez* Roote, ridge.
A **Till.** *Layette.*
Till (or untill.) *Iuſques.*
Till ſuch time as. *Iuſques à ce que, juſques à tant que.*
To **till** the earth. *Cultiver la terre, labourer, ruſtiquer.*
Tillage. *Agriculture, cultivation, culture, labourage, cultivage, labour, ruſtiquerie.*
Tilled. *Cultive,*
A **tiller.** *Cultiveur.*
A **tilling.** *Cultivement.*
Tilth. *Comme* Tillage.
The (cloth) **Tilt** of the poope of a galley. *Tendelet.*
To **tilt,** or runne at **tilt.** *Iuſter, courrir la lance.*
A **tilting.** *Iouſte.*
A **tilting** ſtaffe. *Lance morne.*
A **timber** (or creaſt.) *Timbre, tymbre.*
To **timber** (or turniſh with a creaſt.) *Timbrer.*
Timbred. *Timbré, tymbré.*
Timber. *Marrein, bois de charpentt, marrain, madier, meſrien, meſrin.*
Squared **timber.** *Bois d'oeuvre.*
Timber trees cut downe for building. *Maiſonnage.*
A peece of **timber** grained with ſtreaks. *Madrier.*
Timber (or ſtuffe) to build withall. *Mereſchauſsées, mareſchaucées.*
A **Timbrell.** *Tympan, tymbale, timpan.*
To play on a **timbrell.** *Tympaner.*
A **Timbrell-player** *Tympaniſte,*
A braſen **timbrell.** *Siſtre.*
Time (herbe.) *Thym.*
Laced or dodder **time.** *Teigne de thym.*
Running, wild, or creeping **time.** *Serpolet, ſerpolet ſauvage, ſerpoulet.*
Time. *Temps, ſaiſon, heure.*
About this **time.** *Or endroit.*
At this **time.** *Ores, à ceſte heure.*
At no **time,** not tide. *Onques-mais.*
At the appointed **time.** *A point nommé.*
At no **time** after. *Onques, puis.*
At the **time** that. *Ainſe que.*
Time in muſicke. *Meſure de temps en muſique.*
Due **time.** *Saiſon.*
In good **time.** *Opportunément.*
Fitneſſe of **time** *Opportunité.*
In **time.** *A temps, avec le temps.*
In good **time.** *De bonne heure, opportunément.*
In tract of **time.** *A la longue.*
From this **time** forth. *Dores en avant.*
Often-**times.** *Souvent, ſouventes fois.*
Some-**time.** *Quelque fois, aucune-fois.*
Timely. *Opportun.*
Timely (adverbe.) *Opportunément.*
Timerous. *Timide, pavide, craintif, malhardi.*
Timerouſly. *Timidement, craintivément.*
Timerouſneſſe, or **timiditie,** *Timidité, pavidité.*
A **time-ſerver.** *Temporiſeur.*
A Printers **timpane.** *Tympan.*
A **timpanie.** *Tympane, mole, amas.*
A **tincture.** *Teinct, teincture, teint, tainture.*
Tinder. *Drapeau d'un fuſil.*
The **ting** of a bell. *Tinton.*
To **ting, tingle, tinckle.** *Tinter, tintiner, tintoner, titeller, timper, tintouiner.*
Tinged, tingled, tinckled. *Tinté.*
A **Tinging, tingling, tinckling.** *Tin, tintement, tintin, tintouin, ſonnaillerie, tentiſſement, retentiſſement, reſonnance.*
Tingling, tinging. *Tintillant.*
A **tinker.** *Chaude-nnier.*
Tinne. *Eſtain, eſtaim.*
The beſt **tinne.** *Eſtaim de Cornoüaille, eſtain doux.*
Tinne (to ſoile looking-glaſſes.) *Eſtaim de glace.*
To **tinne** (glaze over with tinne.) *Eſtaimmer.*
Tinned. *Eſtaimmé, eſtamé.*
A **tinner,** or **tinne-man.** *Eſtainguier, eſtamier.*
A **tinning.** *Eſtameure.*
Tinſell. *Brocatel.*
Tinſelling (or baudkin worke.) *Pourfileure, pourfilure.*
The **tip,** or **tippe** (of a thing.) *Le bout, ſommet.*
The **tip** end of the noſe. *La pomnette du nez, le bout du nez.*
The **tip,** (lug, or ſoft part of the eare. *Le mol, ou mollet de l'oreille.*
The **tip** end of the elbow. *Oltecrane.*
Tipped (or headed with.) *Moyné.*
To **tipple.** *Piailler.*
To **tipple** extremely. *Cabalanizer.*
Tippled. *Yure, bur le gay.*
A **tippler.** *Piailleur, ſuppoſt de cabaret, mouille-vent.* ℣ Rab.
A **tippling.** *Piaiſon.*
A **tippling-houſe.** *Cabaret, berlan.*
A **tirant.** *Tyran. Voyez* Tyrant.
To **tire** (or dreſſe.) *Atourner, abiller, accouſtrer. Voyez* Attire.
A **tire.** *Atour.*
A **tire-maker.** *Perruquiere.*
Tired. *Atourné, actouſtré, abillé, acheſmé.*
Tires (for women.) *Achemes, acheſmes.*
A **tire-woman.** *Achemmereſſe, achemereſſe.*
To **tire** (or wearie.) *Fatiguer, laſſer, baraſſer, bader.*
Tired. *Hodé, fatigué, laſſé, baraſſé, recreu, recru, boyé, recreant.*
A **tiring.** *Fatigation, bodé.*
Tiring for hawkes. *Tirouër, tirouoir.*
A ſorry, jadiſh, or poor **Tit.** *Godal, roſſe, roce, baridelle.*
Titchie. *Impatient. Voyez* Froward.
To be **titchie.** *Se piquer, ſe topiquer.*
Tith, tithes. *Diſme.*
To **tith.** *Diſmer. Voyez* Tythe.
Tithymall. *Tithymale, herbe à laict, tinthimal, tintimale.*
A **title.** *Tiltre.*
A **titmouſe.** *Meſange, marengé, mayenché, meſange bleuë, mezenge, muſangere.*
The little, nunne **titmouſe.** *Meſange nonnette, moynoton, moine.*
The copped **titmouſe.** *Meſange huppée.*
The long tail'd **titmouſe.** *Meſange à la longue queuë.*
A **tittle-tattle** (goſſip.) *Langarde, babillarde, caquetenſe,*
Tittle-tattle. *Iaſerie, jaſement.*
A **tittle.** *Tiltre.*
The childrens game **titter-totter.** *Balenc houeres*
A **tticke** with the teeth, or fingers. *Niquet.*
To. *(A Prepoſition;) Auſſi, note du mode infinitif d'un verbe, comme en françois à, ou De.*
To the. *Au, à l', à la.*
To and fro. *ça & là.*
A **toade.** *Crapaud, roſſe.*
A red **toade.** *Rubette.*
A hedge **toade,** or land **toade.** *Barbelotte.*
The ſea **toade.** *Gallangue, grenouille peſchereſſe.*
A **toadſtoole.** *Fonge, mouſſeron, potiron, mouſcheron, fungc.*
A **toaſt.** *Roſtie.*
To **toaſt.** *Roſtir, torrefier.*
Toaſted. *Roſti, torrefié.*
A **todde** of wool. *La quantité de 28 livres de laine.*
A **toe.** *Orteil.*
The great **toe.** *Le gros orteil, autoir.*
The bunchy out-bearing of the root of the great **toe.** *L'oignon du pied.*
Together. *Enſemble, d'un train.*
A **toie, toies, &c.** *Voyez* Toy, toyes, &c.
Toile. *Peine, abau, bodé, travas, labeur, œuvre, travail.*

To **toile**. *Peiner, peiner, ahanner, ahaner, haraſſer, harier, attedier, hoder, mettre peine, ſalemouſer, tracaſſer, travailler.*

Toiled. *Ahanné, ahané, haraſſé, harié, hodé, hodyé, hoyé, travaille, attedié, recreu, recru, recreant.*

Over **toiled**. *Rompu de travail.*

A **toiler**. *Tracaſſeur.*

Toileſome. *Penible, ahanneux, laborieux.*

A **toiling**. *Attediation, tracaſſerie, travaillement.*

Toiling. *Ahannant.*

A **token**. *Signe, marque, note, ſymbole, ſignal, ſignifiance, ſignificance.*

A **token** ſent to a friend. *Preſent.*

A Gods **token** (or plague-ſpot.) *Tac.*

A leaden **token** (given to receivers of the communion) or, a taverne **token**. *Mereau, marreau.*

Told. *Dict, parlé, narré, compté, nombré.* (*Participe du verbe* to tell.)

Toll. *Gabelle, dace, peage, havés.*

Toll at faires and markets. *Toulieu.*

Toll at mill (for grinding corn.) *Tollin, mouliure, mouldure, mouſture.*

To **toll**, or raiſe a **toll**. *Peager.*

Toll-taking, or the paſſage where it is taken. *Peagerie.*

A **toll-gatherer**. *Dacier, peagier.*

To **toll** a bell *Copter, tintiner, tinter.*

To **toll** on. *Attiner, mener.*

To **toll** away. *Soubſtraire, ſouſtraire.*

Tolled (as a bell.) *Copté, tinté.*

Tolled on. *Attiré.*

The **tolling** a bell. *Tintin, tintement.*

A **tolling** on. *Attirement.*

Tolerable. *Tolerable, ſupportable, maniable.*

Tolerably. *Tolerablement.*

To **tolerate**. *Tolerer, ſupporter, permettre, ſouffrir.*

Tolerated. *Tolerè, ſupporté, permis.*

A **toleration**. *Toleration, ſauffrance, tolerance.*

A **tombe**. *Tombe, tombeau, monument, ſepulchre.*

To put into a **tombe**. *Entomber. Voyez* to Intombe.

A **tombe-maker**. *Tombier.*

A **tomboy**. *Trenou, guilon.*

A **tome**. *Tome, volume.*

A **tone**. *Ton.*

A paire of **tongs**. *Tenailles.*

A **tongue**. *Langue; language.*

To lay out the **tongue** (with heate.) *Alainer la langue.*

They are all **tongue**. *Elles n'ont que le bec.*

A long **tongue**. *Caquetard, caqueteur, qui a longue langue.*

To be **tongue-tied**. *Avoir le filet, avoir le bec gelé.*

Tongue-blade. *Langue de cheval.*

A **tool**. *Outil, guille hardeau; machine.*

An iron **toole**. *Ferrement.*

A mans **toole**. *Manche.*

Artificers **tooles**. *Artirantons.*

The making of iron **tooles** (as wedges, hatches, hedge-bills, &c.) *Oeuvre blanche.*

A maker of ſuch **tooles**. *Faiſeur d'oeuvre blanche, taillandier.*

A **tooth**. *Dent* (Plurier Teeth.)

The cheeke **tooth**. *Les dents maſchelieres.*

The **tooth-ach**. *Le mal des dents, mal aux dents, mal de S. Apollonie.*

A **tooth-picker**. *Curé dent.*

Toothſome. *Friand, delicieux.*

A **Topace** (ſtone) *Topaſe.*

The **Topicker**. *Le topique; Lieux d'invention.*

The **top**, or **top** of any thing. *Coupeau, ſommet, ſommité, faiſte.*

The **toppe** of a tree. *Cime, ſimme.*

The **toy** (or ſcuttle) of a galley. *Galée.*

From the **toppe** to the bottome. *Du mont à val.*

The **toppe**, or **top-gallant** (of a ſhip.) *Trinquet.*

A **toppe** (to play with.) *Sabot, toupié, trompe, rhombe girante.*

A caſting **toppe**. *Toupie, moint.*

To drive a **toppe**. *Mener vne trompe.*

A **topping** (or tuft.) *Houppe, houpe.*

The **topping** of a tree. *Le houppier, ou, houpier d'un arbre.*

Topſie-turvie. *Sen deſſus deſſous. Sen deſſous deſſus.*

A **torch**. *Torche, flambeau.*

A **torment**. *Tourment, terment, torture, vexation, martyre, ſupplice.*

To **torment**. *Tourmenter, tormenter, Torturer, boureller, tempeſter, berſer, vexer.*

With much **torment**. *Bourellément.*

Tormented. *Tourmenté, tormenté, torturé, vexé.*

A **tormenter**. *Bourreau.*

A **tormenter** of. *Herſeux, vexateur.*

A **tormenting**. *Bourellement, bourellerie.*

Tormentile. *Tormentille, tourmentille, ſouchet de bois.*

Torne. *Deſchiré, dechiré, laceré, dilaceré, houſpillé, hoſpilé, (Participe du verbe* to teare.)

A **torrent** (land floud, violent ſtreame.) *Torrent.*

Torride. *Torride.*

The **torride** zone. *Zone torride.*

A **Tortoiſe**. *Tortuë, tortugue, tartaraſſe.*

The wood **tortoiſe**. *Tortuë de bois, memorale.*

A **torture**. *Torture, gehenne, geine, geſne, torment, tourment.*

To **torture**. *Torturer, tormenter, tourmenter, boureller, gehenner, geiner.*

Tortured. *Torturé, Bourellé, tormenté, tourmenté, gehenné, geiné.*

A **torturing**. *Bourellement, bourellerie.*

A **toſpot**. *Biberon, yvrongne, gualebaut.*

To **toſſe**. *Agiter, ſecouër, fabouler, jetter, ſargoter, tormenter, tempeſter.*

To **toſſe** a ball. *Ballouëtter.*

To **toſſe** (as a foot-ball.) *Baloter.*

To **toſſe** in a ſive. *Berner.*

A **toſſe**. *Secouſſe, ſcouſſe.*

Toſſed. *Agité, ſecoué, ſaboulé, tracaſſé, tormenté, tempeſté.*

Toſſed in a ſive. *Berné.*

A **toſſer**. *Secoüeur.*

A **toſſing**. *Agitation, jactation, ſaboulement, ſecoüement.*

A **Toſt**. *Roſtie. Voyez* Toaſt.

The **totall**. *Total, le tout.*

Totally. *Totalement.*

Totalitie. *Totalité.*

To **totter**. *Groſler, branſler, brandiller, tremouſſer, balloter.*

A **totter**. *Branſle.*

Tottered. *Branſlé, brandillé, groſlé.*

To play at arſe **totter**, or titter-**totter**. *Iouër à la hauſſe qui baiſſe, jouër à balenchoüeres, baccoler, jouër à branſloire.*

A **tottering**. *Branſlement, brandillement.*

To **touch**. *Toucher, attaindre, taſter, taſtonner.*

To **touch** often. *Manier, retoucher.*

A **touch**. *Touche.*

A home **touch**. *Attaincte, attainte, atteinte.*

Touchable. *Tangible.*

Touched. *Touché, attainct, attaint.*

Touched often. *Manié.*

A **touching**. *Touchement, taſtement, taſtonnement.*

A **touching** often. *Maniement.*

Tough. *Robuſte, vigoureux.*

Toughly. *Robuſtement, vigoureuſement.*

Toughneſſe. *Robuſteté, vigueur.*

To **toſe** (or hale along.) *Tiraſſer, tirer.*

To **toſe** a ſhip. *Touër, ſarper, remorquer, remolquer, remocquer.*

Toſeage. *Toüage.*

Toſed. *Tiré, tiraſſé.*

A **toſer**. *Tireur.*

A **toſing**. *Tirage, tirement, toüage.*

Toſſed off the ground. *Serpé.*

Toſe. *Eſtoupe.*

Toſe of flax. *Grettes de lin.*

The **toſe** (or courſeſt) of ſilke. *Cadarce pour faire capiton.*

Toſeards. *Vers, Devers.*

A **toſwer**. *Tour.*

A great **toſwer**. *Torrion.*

A ſmall **toſwer**. *Tourelle, tourette.*

The **toſwer** of London. *La tour de Londres (grand Chaſteau.)*

A keeper of a **toſwers**. *Tourier, tourrier.*

Toſwris, ſet with **toſwers**. *Tourelé.*

Toſwls. *Voyez* Toll.

A **toſwne**. *Ville, bourg.*

A little **toſwne**. *Villette.*

A **toſwneſman**. *Citoyen, bourgeois.*

A **toſwneſhouſe**. *Hoſtel de ville, ballet.*

To **toſwſe**. *Heruper, beriper.*

To **toſwſe** one another. *Se houſpiller l'un l'autre, ſe hoſpiller, ou, houſe-pailler.*

Toſwſed. *Herupé, beripé, houſpillé, hoſpillé.*

A **toſwſing**. *Houſpillement, houſſepillement.*

A **toy**. *Bagatelle.*

To **toy**. *Baguenauder.*

Toyes. *Ioüets, triqueniſques, babioles, beautiles, mirilifiques, bagatnaudes, trique balaridaut.*

Fine **toyes**. *Mignotiſes.*

Slender **toyes**. *Menuiſailles, menuailles.*

A **toyer**. *Baguenaudeur.*

Toyings. *Bagatelleries.*

A **trace, tracke**, or **tract**. *Trac, trace, veſtige, traſſeure, tracture, traiſte, train, route.*

A thicke **trace**, or **tract** of men or beaſts. *Marchis.*

A **trat**, (or rut) made by a cart. *Orne, ornière.*

To **trace**. *Tracer, traſſer.*

A little **trace**. *Tracette.*

The **traces** of a draught horſe. *Flançais.*

A **tracing**. *Tracement, tracture.*

Tracing. *Tractus.*

Tracta-

Tractable. *Tractable, humain, malleable, maneable, maniable, manſuet, mollet, tendre, tendret, tendrelet, traictable.*
Tractablenesse. *Humanité, Manſuetude, Molleſſe, Tendreté, Tendreur.*
Tractably. *Humainement, Manſuetement, Tendrement.*
In tract of time. *Par traict de temps.*
A **Trade.** *Meſtier, trac.*
Trade, or **trading.** *Trafique, Negoce.*
The game counterfeiting all **trades** by ſignes. *Meſtiers.*
To **trade.** *Negocier, trafiquer.*
Out of **trade.** *Deſchalandé.*
Traded. *Negocié, trafiqué.*
A **trader.** *Marchand, negociateur.*
A **Tradeſman.** *Homme de meſtier, marchand, mercader.*
A petrie or paltrie **tradeſman.** *Mercadant, merchandeau, mercandier.*
Tradition. *Tradition.*
Traditive, of **tradition.** *Traditif.*
Trafficke. *Trafique, negoce, negociation.*
To **trafficke.** *Trafiquer, ſuivre le train de marchandiſe, negocier.*
Small **trafficke.** *Mercadence.*
A **trafficker.** *Marchand, negociateur, trafiqueur.*
A **trafficking** in Faires and Markets. *Nundination.*
A **trafficking.** *Trafiquerie.*
A **Tragedian.** *Tragedien.*
A **Tragedie.** *Tragedie.*
Tragicall. *Tragique.*
Tragically. *Tragiquement.*
A **Traie** of wood. *Coupon, coupon.*
A Plaiſterers **traie** (or boſſe.) *Cliſoire.*
To **traile.** *Trainaſſer, trainacer, trainer, tirer.*
To **traile** back. *Rentrainer.*
To **traile** a Deere. *Trailler.*
A **Traile.** *Trainaſſerie.*
Trailed. *Tiré, trainé, trainaſſé.*
A **Traiſing.** *Trainement, trainaſſerie, tirement.*
To **traine** up (youth.) *Inſtruire la jeuneſſe, Amatir, emmatir ; Enſeigner, monſtrer, introduire.*
A **Traine.** *Train, trainaſſerie, allure.*
The **traine** (or followers) of a Princes Court or Campe. *Bernage.*
A great mans **traine.** *Sequale, attirail, train.*
A **traine** (with a lame heron) for the making of a young hawke. *Tome.*
The **traine** of an armie. *Trac de bataille.*
A **traine** for a wolfe. *Trainée.*
Trained up. *Inſtruict, amati, emmati.*
Long **trained** in. *Stilé.*
A **Traitour.** *Traiſtre ; qui eſt coulpable de Leſe-majeſté.*
A young or little **Traitour.** *Traiſtreau.*
Traiterous. *Traiſtre.*
Traiterouſly. *Traiſtrement, traiſtreuſement.*
A **Tramell-net.** *Tramail, Trameau.*
A **Tramell-net** for Partridges. *Tremaille, alias tremaillé.*
To **tramell** for Partridges. *Traimailler.*
To **trample** on (with the feet.) *Peteler, trotiguer, hurteller, tripper, treper, fouler, trepiller, trepiguer.*
Trampled on (or troden under foot.) *Foulé, trepé, trepigné, trepiné.*
A **Trampler.** *Foulleur.*
A **Trampling.** *Foulement, foulerie, petelis, petelement.*
A **trampling** of beaſts. *Trepis des beſtes.*
Trampling. *Trepillard.*
To mak a noyſe with **Trampling.** *Tombir.*
A **trampling** noyſe. *Tombiſſement.*
Tranquillitie. *Tranquillité, paiſibleté.*
Tranquillitie of ſpirit. *Serenade d'eſprit.*
A **Tranſaction.** *Tranſaction.*
A **tranſactor.** *Tranſacteur.*
Tranſcendent. *Tranſcendant.*
To **tranſcribe.** *Tranſcrire.*
Tranſcribed. *Tranſcrit.*
A **tranſcriber.** *Tranſcrivain.*
To **tranſlette.** *Tranſfondre, tranſporter.*
Tranſlerred. *Tranſferé, tranſlatice.*
A **tranſliguration.** *Tranſiguration.*
To **tranſligure.** *Tranſfigurer, muer.*
To **tranſgreſſe.** *Tranſgreſſer, forfaire, pecher, meſprendre, violer, Oultrepaſſer.*
To **tranſgreſſe** the bounds of reaſon. *Forliſſer de raiſon.*
Tranſgreſſed. *Tranſgreſſé, forfaict, peché, oultrepaſſé, violé.*
A **Tranſgreſſion.** *Tranſgreſſion, malfaict, forfaict, forfaicture, offence, offenſe, oultrepaſſe, outrepaſſe, violation.*
A **tranſgreſſour.** *Tranſgreſſeur, Pecheur, malfaicteur, violateur.*
Tranſitorie. *Tranſitoire, momentaine.*
To **tranſlate.** *Tranſlater, traduire, tranſpoſer, muer.*
Tranſlated. *Tranſlaté, tradict.*
A **Tranſlator.** *Tranſlateur, traducteur.*
A **Tranſlation.** *Tranſlation, traduction, tranſpoſition.*
Tranſlatitious, or **tranſlative.** *Tranſlatice.*
A **Tranſmigration.** *Tranſmigration.*
To **tranſmitt.** *Tranſmettre.*
Tranſmittable. *Tranſmiſſible.*
Tranſmitted. *Tranſmis, tranſfert.*
A **Tranſmutation.** *Tranſmutation.*
The **tranſoms** of a window. *Meſneau de feneſtre, maiſneau de feneſtre.*
Tranſparent. *Tranſparent, ſpeculaire, ſphengitide.* ℣ Rab.
To be **tranſparent.** *Tranſluire.*
Tranſpirable. *Tranſpirable.*
A **Tranſpiration.** *Tranſpiration.*
To **Tranſplace.** *Tranſplacer.*
To **Tranſplant.** *Tranſplanter.*
A **Tranſplantation.** *Tranſplantation.*
Tranſplanted. *Tranſplanté.*
A **Tranſplanter.** *Tranſplanteur.*
A **Tranſplanting.** *Tranſplantement.*
To **tranſport** *Tranſporter, tranſmarcher.*
A **tranſport,** or **tranſportation.** *Tranſport.*
Tranſported. *Tranſporté, tranſmarché.*
A **Tranſporter.** *Tranſporteur.*
A **Tranſporting.** *Tranſportement, tranſmarchement.*
To **tranſpoſe.** *Tranſpoſer, tranſfondre.*
Tranſpoſed. *Tranſpoſé, tranſlatice.*
A **tranſpoſition,** or **tranſpoſing.** *Tranſpoſition, orchenie.*
To **tranſubſtantiate.** *Tranſubſtantier.*
Tranſubſtantiation. *Tranſubſtantiation.*
A **Tranſumpt.** *Tranſumpt, tranſompt.*
A **trappe.** *Trape, trapaſſe, trebuchet.*
A **trappe** for mice. *Trapelle.*
A little **trappe.** *Trapelle, trappelle.*
To **trappe** (with **trappings.**) *Phalerer, Barder.*
The game **trappe,** or cat and **trappe.** *Martnet.*
Trapped. *Phalerè, Bardé.*
Trappings. *Bardes, Phalares.*
A **trapping** of a horſe. *Bardeure.*
A **trappe-doore.** *Trape, trape d'embas, trebuchet.*
A **trappe-doore** or window (to let a thing downe into a lower roome.) *Avalloire, avallouëre.*
Trash. *Bobulaires, barboulleries, baguenaudes, Triquenifques, Haligarnes, nipes, agobilles, agobilles, triquedondaines.*
Small **trash.** *Menuälilles, menuiſailles.*
Trauaile. *Travail, labeur, œuvre, peine.*
To **travaile.** *Travailler, operer, ouvrer, pener, mettre peine.*
To **travaile** or journey. *Voyager.*
To **travaile** (as a woman) of child. *Travailler d'enfant.*
Travailed. *Travaillé, ouvré, voyagé, travaillé d'enfant.*
A **travailer.** *Voyageur, paſſant, viateur.*
An old **travailer.** *Vn vieux routier.*
The **travailers-joy.** *Vierne.*
A **travailing.** *Operation.*
A **travailing.** *Voyagement.*
Travell, travelled, &c. *Comme* Travaile, travailed, &c.
Traverſe. *Oblique, tranſverſaire.*
A **traverſe** in law. *Neance, niance.*
A **traverſe.** *Obliquement.*
To ſaile by **traverſe.** *Voguer de rumb en rumb.*
Traverſed. *Traverſé.*
Traverſing. *Traverſant.*
A **traunce.** *Tranſe, extaſe, paſmoiſon.*
To fall into a **traunce.** *Sepaſmer.*
Fallen into a **traunce.** *Tranſi.*
A falling into a **traunce.** *Tranſiſſement.*
A **trea,** or **three** (at dice.) *Trois, treiade.*
To throw a **trea.** *Terner.*
Treachetie. *Trahiſon, traditeria, malengin, malice, tricoterie, tricheterie, tricotterie, inſidiation.*
Treacherous. *Malengineux, malicieux, inſidieux.*
A **treacherous** perſon. *Traiſtre.*
Treacherouſly. *Traiſtrement, malicieuſement, traiſtreuſement.*
To deale **treacherouſly** with. *Trahir, meſfaire.*
Treacherouſly dealt with. *Trahi.*
Treacle. *Theriaque, ibiriaque, triacle.*
Poore mans **treacle.** *Ail.*
Treacle-muſtard. *Cameline, camamine.*
The making of **treacle.** *Triacleric.*
Engliſh **treacle.** *Triſſage.*
Treacle, of **treacle.** *Theriacal.*
To **tread.** *Marcher.*
To **tread** awry. *Meſmarcher.*
To **tread** upon. *Triper, ſurmarcher.*
To **tread** under feet. *Fouler, ſabouler, ſuppediter, refouler, treper, trepigner.*
To **tread** gingerly. *Aller à pas menus, aller l'un pied ſur l'autre, aller du pied comme vn chat maigre.*
A cock to **tread** (a hennе.) *Chaubet.*
To **tread** downe. *Refouler.*

A **treader**. *Foulеur.*
A **treading**. *Marchement, marcher, marchure, allure.*
A **treading** awry. *Meſmarchure.*
A **treading** downe, or under feet. *Foulement, foulage, foulerie, foulis, ſaboulement, talonniere, refoulement.*
Treading. *Marchant, foulant, trepilard.*
A **treading** on by the feet of beaſts. *Trepu des beſtes.*
Treaſon. *Trahiſon.*
High **treaſon**. *Leſe-majeſté, peduellement.*
A **treaſure**. *Threſor.*
A Princes **treaſure**. *Gaze.*
A little **treaſure**. *Threſorillon.*
To **treaſure** up. *Theſaurier, theſauriſer, thezoriſer.*
Treaſured up. *Theſoriſé.*
A **Treaſurer**. *Threſorier.*
The **treaſurerſhip**. *Threſorerie.*
A **treaſuring** up. *Theſauriſement.*
To **treate**. *Traicter; aboucher.*
Treated. *Traicté.*
A **treate**. *Traicte.*
A **treating**. *Traictement.*
A ſhort **treatiſe**. *Livret, opuſcule, diſcours, traicté.*
Treble. *Triple.*
Trebie-forked. *Triſourché.*
To **treble**. *Tripler.*
Trebled. *Triplé.*
A **trebling**. *Triplication.*
A **tree**. *Arbre.*
A beautifull tuft of high **trees**. *Marmentau.*
Great and high old **trees**. *Bois de haulte ſuſtaye.*
A little **tree**. *Arbret, arbreau.*
The **tree** of a croſſe-bow. *Arbrier d'arbaleſte.*
The **tree** of a ſaddle. *Fuſt de ſelle.*
Tree-plague. *Sydération, ſideration.*
Trefoile. *Treflé, triolet, triolet.*
Shrub **trefoile**. *Herbe aux chevres.*
Sweet **trifoile**. *Triolet aromatique.*
To **tremble**. *Trembler, trembloter, fremir, friſſonner, grelotter, tremouſſer.*
A **trembling**. *Tremblement, tremblotement, tremblotis, tramblotis, friſſon, tremeure, tremouſſement, trepidation.*
A **trench**. *Trenchée, boctus, boucluis.*
The **trench**, or **trenching** of a croſſe-bow ſtring. *Trenchefile.*
A **trencher**. *Trencheoir, trenchoir, tailloir, taillouer, aſſiette.*
A good **trencher-man**. *Grand mangeur.*
A **trepane** (of a Chirurgian.) *Trepan.*
To **trepane** (or bore holes in the ſcull with a trepane.) *Trepaner.*
Trepaned. *Trepané.*
A **trepaning**. *Trepanation.*
A **treſpaſſe**. *Tranſgreſſion, forfaict, forfait, malfaict, meſfaict, nuiſance, offenſe, offence, peché.*
To **treſpaſſe**. *Tranſgreſſer, forfaire, meſfaire, peeher.*
Treſpaſſed. *Forfaict, meſfaict, forfait.*
A **treſpaſſer**. *Tranſgreſſeur, malfaicteur, pecheur.*
A **treſſe** (or locke) of haire. *Treſſe (ou treſſe) de cheveux.*
A little **treſſe** (or locke.) *Treſſette.*
To plait into **treſſes**. *Treſſer.*
Plaited or made into **treſſes**. *Treſſé.*
A **treſte**, or **treſtle** (for a table.) *Treteau, tretteau, treſteau.*
A **treſte** of wood. *Souſte.*
Low **treſtes** (to heighten coffers withall.) *Trottres.*
A **trevet**. *Trepied, tripied, tiers pied, accodepot.*
A **triall**. *Preuve, eſſay.*
To put into **triall**. *Attenter.*
Put into **triall**. *Attenté.*
A **triall** afore the game begin. *Avant jeu, Prelude.*
A **triangle**. *Triangle, triquetre.*
A **triangle** with three unequall ſides. *Scalene.*
Triangular, or in a **triangle** forme. *Triangulaire, à grain d'orge.*
A **Tribe**. *Tribu.*
A (Goldſmiths, or clock-makers) **Tribulet**. *Triboulet.*
Tribulation. *Tribulation.*
A **tribunall**. *Siege.*
A **tribune**. *Tribun.*
Tribute. *Tribut, peage, taille.*
A **tribute-gatherer**. *Peageur.*
Tributarie. *Tributaire.*
In a **trice**. *Subitement.*
A **tricke**. *Surprinſe, invention.*
A craftie **tricke**. *Ruſe.*
A lewd **tricke**. *Malfaict.*
A fooliſh **tricke**. *Pas de clerc.*
Idle **trickes**. *Bagatelleries.*
Full of **trickes**. *Ruſé.*
To uſe **trickes**. *Ruſer.*
A **tricke** at cardes. *Morniſte, leve.*
To take up a **tricke** at cardes. *Faire & lever la main.*
Trickes to mocke apes. *Mirelifiques.*
To **tricke** up. *Orner, ajolier, ajoliver, paver, attiffer, attorner, attinter, accointer, regrater, mettre à point.*
To **tricke** up himſelfe. *S'amignonner.*
Tricked up. *Orné, ajolié, paré, attiffé, attorné, attinté, regraté, mis en ordre.*
A **tricking**. *Ornement, attiffement, parement, parure, regratement.*
To **trickle** downe or forth. *Couler, decouler, deſcouler, eſcouler, emaner, ruiſſeler.*
To **trickle** through. *Tranſcouler.*
Trickled. *Coulé.*
Trickled through. *Tranſcoulé.*
A **trickling**. *Coulement, decoulement.*
A **trickling** through. *Tranſcoulation.*
Trickſie. *Miſte, nitelet. Voyez* Trimme, Fine.
To **trie**. *Prouver, eſprouver, inenter, tenter, attenter, eſſayer, reſavourer.*
A ſhip to lie a **trie**. *Cappéer, capéer.*
Tried. *Prouvé, eſprouvé, eſſayé, tenté, attenté, intenté.*
Triennall. *Triennal.*
A **trier**. *Eſſayeur, tenteur.*
Trying. *Voyez le en ſon lieu.*
To **trifle**. *Fatrouiller, niger, nigander, baguenander, vetiller.*
A **trifle**. *Babiole, niquet, choſe de neant, triquebalarideau.*
To **trifle** away the time. *Berluquer, marchander, conter les aix & foliveaus.*
Trifles. *Fatras triqueniſques, babioles, triquedondaines, tricdondaines, nigeries, agoulilles, babioles, vetilles, agouillies, baguenaudes, beatiles.*
Small **trifles**. *Menuiſailles, menuailles.*
Time **trifled** out. *Marchandé.*
Trifled. *Fatrouillé.*
A **trifler**. *Fatrouilleur, nigeur, baguenandeur.*
Trifling prankes. *Nigauderies.*
A **trifling** wench. *Nigaude, nigeuſe.*
A **trifling**. *Vanité, Freſſuradés, babiole, neantiſe.*
Idle **trifling**. *Pataſterie.*
Triflings. *Bagatelleries.*
Trifoile. *Comme* Trefoile.
Triglyphes. *Triglyphes.*
A **trigger**. *Enveyoir.*
To **trill** about. *Voyez* to twirle.
To **trill** through. *Voyez* to trickle.
To **trimme**, or make **trimme**. *Parer, orner, gauderonner, babiller, accouſtrer, accoutrer, attiffer, attorner, attinter, amignarder, amignoter, mettre au net.*
To **trimme** up an old thing. *Renouveler, raccouſtrer, rabiller, regrater, rhabiller.*
To **trimme** up a ſale. *Mangonner.*
To **trimme** up a ſhip. *Galefreter.*
Trimme. *Gorgias, fringant, friſque, ſade, attinté, accointé. Voyez* Fine.
Trimmed. *Orné, accouſtré, accoutré, attiffé, attinté, paré, raccouſtré, renouvelé.*
Trimmed (as a ſhip.) *Galefreté.*
A **trimming**. *Ornement, accouſtrement; accoutrement, attiffement, parement, parure; Raccouſtrement, renouvellament.*
A **trimmer** up of a ſhip. *Galefretier.*
The craft of **trimming** up for ſale. *Mangoniſme.*
Trimmig. *Ornément.*
Trimmenelle. *Gorgiaſeté, mignonneté.*
The holy **Trinitie**. *La Saincte Trinité.*
Trinitie herbe. *Trinité, jacée.*
Trinkets. *Babioles, ou comme* Toyes, trifles.
Pretie **trinkets**. *Mignotiſes, beatilles.*
A **trinquet** (or foreſaile.) *Trinquet.*
A **tripe**. *Tripé.*
Fat **tripes** (of ſtall fed oxen.) *Gaudebillaux.*
A quantitie of **tripes**. *Tripaille.*
All kind of **tripes**. *Tripailleries.*
A fat **tripe**. *Omaſe.*
The **triperie**, or place where **tripes** be ſold. *Triperie.*
A **tripe-ſeller**. *Tripier.*
A **tripe-wife**. *Tripiere.*
Triple. *Triple.*
To **triple**. *Tripler.*
Tripled. *Triplé.*
A **tripling**. *Triplement, triplication.*
Triple-ſtone. *Triochite.*
To **trippe** it (in dancing.) *Tripetter, trotiguer.*
To **trippe** it (up and downe.) *Treper, trepiller.*
To **trippe** (or ſtumble.) *Broucher, cloper, trebucher.*
To **trippe** up the heeles, or give a **trip** unto. *Donner le crochet, donner la jambette, ſupplanter.*
To take in a **trippe**. *Surprendre.*
Tripped (taken in a trippe.) *Surprins.*
Tripped up. *Supplanté.*
A **tripping** (or taking in a trippe.) *Surprinſe.*
A **tripping** (or ſtumbling.) *Brouchement, choppement, titubation, trebuchement.*

Tripping. *Choppant, trebuchant, titubant.*
A tripet. *Comme* a Trevet.
Triuiall. *Trivial, vulgaire.*
Triuialities, or triuiall matters. *Trivialitez.*
Triuially. *Vulgairement.*
A triumph. *Triomphe.*
To triumph. *Triompher.*
Triumphall (of or belonging to triumphs.) *Triomphal.*
Triumphant, or triumphing. *Triomphant.*
Triumphantly, or triumphingly, in triumph. *Triomphamment.*
Triumphed. *Triomphé.*
A triumphing. *Triomphement.*
A trochiske. *Trochisque, trocisque.*
Made like, or into, a trochiske. *Trochisque.*
Troden. *Marché.*
Troden upon. *Marché dessus.*
Troden awry. *Mesmarché.*
Troden down. *Refoulé, foulé.*
Troden upon, or under feet. *Foulé, trepé, trepigné, trepiné, refoulé, suppedité.*
Troden (as a henne by a cock.) *Chanché.* (*Participe du verbe* to Tread.)
A troope, or troupe. *Troupe, trouppe, tourbe, hoste, mignie, tas.*
A little troope. *Troupelet.*
A grosse or great troope of cavallerie. *Ha grosse troupe de Cavalerie.*
A troope of wild beasts. *Harde, hardelle, harelle, harpail, herpail.*
To troope, or goe in troopes. *Troppeler.*
A trophie. *Trophée, trofée.*
The trophyches. *Les tropiques.*
To trot. *Trotter, troter, tracasser.*
To trot thicke and short. *Tretigner.*
To trot up and downe. *Galocher, vivavier, villoter, roder.*
The trot of a horse. *Trot.*
An old trot. *Une vieille charongne.*
A tough, toothlesse trot. *Vieille tempiterneuse.*
Trotted. *Trotté, tracassé.*
A trotter. *Trotteur, troteur, trottier, tracasseur, rodeur; aussi, cheval, trotier.*
A trotting. *Tracas, tracasserie.*
Trotting. *Trotier.*
Trouble. *Trouble, molestie, malaise, turbation, malaisance, mesaise, tribulation, desconvenue, tracas, tabut, butin, butinement, peine.*
Trouble of minde. *Souci, ebogrin, affliction, soulci.*
To trouble. *Troubler, barceler, barier, molester, obturber, pertroubler, pertourber, malaiser, attedier, tabuter, butiner, peiner, taner, tanner, occuper, faire mille bailes à, tatemouster.*
To trouble with stirring. *Patouiller, troubler.*
The troubling (or troublesome vexations of law suits.) *Les Tormens des procez.*
An extreame trouble, or troubling. *Patrouillement.*
Troubled. *Troublé, barcelé, barié, molesté, attedié, tabuté, tané, occupé.*
Troubled (as liquour) by stirring. *Patouillé.*
A troubler. *Turbateur, molesteur.*
Extreamely troubled. *Partroublé.*
Troublesome. *Moleste, butineux, tumultueux, malaisé, tempestatif, tempestueux, tempesteux, turbulent.*
A troublesome fellow. *Mouveur.*
Troublesomely. *Molestement, tempestativement tumultueusement.*
Sore troubling. *Pertroublement.*
A troubling with too much of one thing. *Attediation.*
Troublous. *Turbulent.*
A trough. *Balangue, ballot, timbre.*
A kneading trough. *Maiè, may, meil.*
A trough for swine. *Auge.*
A trough longer then broad. *Barlong, barlongue, balongue.*
A troupe. *Comme* Troope.
A troute. *Truite, troutte, tacon.*
The Salmon trout. *Truite franche, truite royale, ou salmoniere.*
A full growne trout. *Vn truite de moison.*
To trout, or tropt as a Bucke. *Rere, réer.*
A trowell. *Truelle.*
A trowell full. *Truellée.*
Hounds to trowle. *Troller.*
A trowling. *Trollerie.*
Troy weight. *Statere, (sorte de poids qui a 12 onces au livre.)*
A truant. *Truand.*
To play the truand. *Faire le goupillon, faire l'eschole buissonniere.*
A truce. *Treves, relasche.*
To trucke. *Troquer, changer, bander, permuter, barater.*
A trucke, or trucking. *Troq, barat.*
A trucking. *Permutation.*
Trucked. *Troqué, bandé.*
A trucker. *Baratteur.*
The truckle of a pullie. *Jabot, mouffle, bandage.*
True. *Vray, veritable, naif.*
A lascivious, or wanton trull. *Suffrette.*
A filthie lowsie trull. *Caignardiere, guenier à morpions.*
A scurvie trull. *Galoise.*
Truly. *Vrayement, veritablement, seres; naifvement.*
A trumpe, or trumpet. *Trompe.*
The trump of an Elephant. *Trompe, ou museau d'un Elephant.*
Trump (at cards.) *La triomphe.*
To trump (at cards.) *Triompher.*
A trumping (at cards.) *Triomphement.*
Trumperie. *Agobilles, egoubillis, ou comme* Trash.
A trumpet. *Trompette, trompe.*
To trumpet, or sound a trumpet. *Trompeter, sonner la trompette.*
Trumpeted, proclaimed with trumpets. *Trompette.*
A trumpeter. *Trompeteur, trompetteur, trompette.*
A truncheon. *Tronchet, tronson, court-baston, tronçon, transon.*
Truncheon (thicke and short.) *Retronsse.*
To trundle a ball. *Trondeler.* ¶ Pie.
The trundle-head of a mill. *Tourte.*
The trunding, or trundle of a ball. *Trondel.* ¶ Pic.
trunke (to carry or keepe things in.) *Bahu, bayeul.*
A trunke of a tree. *Tronc d'arbre, souche, trongnon, tronum, troigne.*
A little trunke. *Tronson, souchette.*
The trunke (or headlesse body,) of man, or beast. *Tronc.*
A long trunke to shoote in. *Sarbatane, sarbacane.*
A trunke (or pipe) of wood. *Ameyeau.*
To trunke (or lop off.) *Tronçonner, tronquer, tronsonner.*
Trunked (or lopped off.) *Tronçonné, tronqué.*
A trunker (or lopper.) *Tronçonneur.*
The game called trunkes (or the hole.) *Trou madame.*
A trunking (or lopping.) *Tronçonnement, tronquement.*
To trusse. *Trousser, trosser, empacquester; attacher, retrousser; emballer.*
To undoe a trusse. *Desballer.*
To trusse up the garments. *Recoursser, retrousser.*
A trusse. *Pacquet, balle, bale, trousseau, fardeau, trossel, trousseau.*
A trusse of hay. *Tasse de foing.*
To make up in trusses. *Tasser.*
Made up into trusses. *Tassé.*
To trusse his points. *Attacher ses esguillettes, s'esguilleter.*
A trusse (for the burthen.) *Trousseure, trousseure.*
Trussed up. *Trousse, empaqueté, emballé, attaché, retroussé.*
A trussing up. *Embalage.*
A trussell. *Trousseau, trousseel.*
Trust. *Fiance, confiance.*
To trust. *Se fier, se confier, croire.*
Trusted. *Fié, creu.*
To be trusted. *Croyable.*
A friend on whom one trusteth. *Confidant, confident.*
Not to be trusted. *Mescreable.*
Ill to be trusted. *Malcreable.*
Trustie. *Feal; fidele, loyal, seur, stable.*
Trustily. *Fealement, stablement, fidelement, loyalement, loyaulement.*
A trusting. *Croyance, confiance.*
Trusting. *Confiant.*
Trustinesse. *Fealté, fidelité, loyauté.*
Truth. *Verité, vray.*
In truth. *Vrayement.*
Truth-telling. *Veridique, veridigue.*
A tryng. *Tentement; ou comme* a Triall.
A tubbe. *Ialaye, jalay.*
A great tubbe. *Timbre.*
An open tubbe (or stand.) *Tine.*
A little tubbe. *Tinette, tinole, tinon.*
A tubbe (for tap droppings, or to put lees in.) *Bassier, bassiere.*
A shallow tubbe (or palle.) *Baquet, bacquet.*
A powdring tubbe. *Salloire, mere.*
A tubbe-full. *Jallée, tinée.*
To tucke. *Trousser, retrasser, retrousser, retrousser, recoursser; rembrousser, sucurcer.*
A tucke, or tucking up. *Trousse.*
The little rapier cal'd a tucke. *Verdun.*
Tucked up. *Retrassé, retroussé, retroussé, trousse.*
A tucking up. *Retras.*

Tueſday. *Mardi.*
A **tuft.** *Houppe, heupe, touffe.*
A **tuft** of ſilke. *Toupeau de ſoye.*
A **tuft** of trees (growing neere a houſe.) *Touffe de bou, marque de bois.*
The **tuft** (or thick top) of a tree. *Houpier (ou houppier) d'un arbre, ſimme.*
A **tuft** of wood growing by it ſelfe. *Torque.*
A **tuft** of graſſe. *Toſſe.*
A **tuft** (or lock) of curled haire. *Touffe de cheveux, perruque.*
One that weares ſuch a **tuft.** *Perruquet.*
The yellow **tuft** in the midſt of a roſe. *Anthere.*
A little, or ſmall **tuft.** *Touffeau, touffillon.*
Tufted, trimmed with **tufts.** *Houpé, houpelu.*
To **tuft,** trim with **tufts.** *Houper.*
To ſet thicke with **tufts.** *Mouſcheter, moucheter.*
Tufted-taffetie, or **tuftaffetie.** *Taffetas mouſcheté, taffetas velouté.*
A **tufting** thicke. *Mouſcheture.*
Tuffie, or **tuffie.** *Touffu, toffu.*
To **tug,** or **tugge.** *Tirer, ſabouler.*
A **tugge.** *Tire, tirée.*
To **tugge** one another. *Se houſpiller (ou hoſpiller) l'un l'autre.*
To **tugge** at an oare. *Tirer à l'aviron.*
Tugged. *Tiré, ſaboulé, houſpillé, houſpilé.*
A **tugger.** *Tireur.*
A little **tugge.** *Tiret.*
A **tugging.** *Tirage, tirement, ſaboulement, houſpillement, houſepillement.*
Tuition. *Tuition, tutele, ſauvegarde.*
A **tulip,** or **tulipa** flower. *Tulipan, tulippe.*
To **tumble.** *Badiner, gambader, voler, voltiger, ſabouler, veautrer.*
To **tumble** in. *Tantouiller.*
To **tumble** a thing often. *Ballonëtter.*
Tumbled. *Saboulé, veautré.*
Tumbled downe. *Tombé.*
A **tumbler.** *Badin, gambadeur, maiſtre gonin, ſaulteur, ſauteur, ſoubreſaulteux.*
A woman **tumbler.** *Saulterelle.*
A **tumbler** (dog.) *Griffe.*
A **tumbler** in the mire. *Veautreur.*
A **tumbling.** *Badinage, badinerie, voltigement, ſaboulement, tombement.*
A **tumbling** tricke. *Gambade, fiſſaigne.*
A **tumbling** in the mire. *Veautrement.*
A **tumbrell.** *Tombereau, tomberel, bennel, tumberean.*
A **tumbrell** full, or load. *Tomberelée.*
A **tumour.** *Tumeur.*
The painleſſe, wateriſh **tumour** called Oedema. *Oedeme.*
A **tumult.** *Tumulte, commotion, eſmeute, becuſſe, mutinerie, mutination, rebeine, ſedition, trouble.*
To raiſe or make a **tumult.** *Tempeſter.*
A breeder, or raiſer of **tumults.** *Mutinateur.*
Tumultuarie. *Tumultuaire.*
Tumultuarily. *Tumultuairement.*
Tumultuous. *Tumultueux, mutin, ſedicieux.*
Tumultuouſly. *Tumultueuſement, tempeſtativement.*
Tunable, or **tunably** ſounding. *Harmonieux, melodieux, harmonique.*
Tunableneſſe. *Harmonie, melodie.*
A **tune.** *Ton, air, chant.*
To **tune** (an inſtrument.) *Accorder.*
Tuned. *Accordé, d'accord.*
A **tunicle.** *Tunique.*
Tunnage. *Couſtume, impoſt, ou gabelle, que le marchand paye au roy.*
A **tunne.** *Tonneau, tonne.*
A **tunnell** (for Partridges.) *Tonnelle, tonneau.*
To take Partridges with a **tunnell.** *Tonneller.*
A **tunneller,** or taker of Partridges with a **tunnell.** *Tonnelleur.*
A **tunnell** (or tunnell.) *Siphon, ſyphon.*
The **tunnell** of a chimney. *Goulet de cheminée.*
A **tunny** fiſh. *Ton, thon, thun, thyn, truine, tonnine, thonnine, thunnine, pelamide, palamide.*
A little **tunnie.** *Thinnicula, thinnuncule.*
The back parts of a **tunnie.** *Thonnine.*
A meat made of a **tunnie.** *Tonnine.*
Turbulent *Turbulent, tumultueux, ſeditieux, mutin, tempeſtatif.*
A **turbulent** perſon. *Un ſeditieux, ſeditaire, mutinateur, remue-meſnage, mutin.*
Turbulently. *Tumultueuſement, ſeditieuſement, tempeſtativement.*
A **turbulent** ſtirring. *Mutinement, mutination.*
A **Turbot** (fiſh.) *Turbot, Turbut, rhon, rhomb, bertonneau.*
A **turbant** (or Turkiſh hat.) *Turban, tolban, tolopan.*
A **Turd.** *Merde.*
Turdie. *Merdeux, ſtercorin.*
A greene **turfe.** *Glaſon, gaſon, gazon.*
A round **turfe** of earth. *Motte.*
A little **turfe** of earth. *Mottelet, motelette, motteau.*
Turfie. *Glaſonneux, motteux.*
A **Turke.** *Turc.*
A **Turbe** (counterfeitly) turn'd chriſtian. *Mayrane.*
Turkie *Turquie.*
Turkie wheate or corne. *Bled de Turquie, millet d'inde.*
Turkiſh. *Turqueſque, turquois.*
A **Turkie-cocke.** *Coqu d'inde, indar, Paon d'Inde.*
A **Turkie-hennе.** *D'Inde, poule d'Inde.*
A **Turkeſſe,** or **Turkiſh** ſtone. *Turquoiſe.*
To **turmoile.** *Haraſſer, barceler, barier, turbulenter, troubler, tempeſter, berſer.*
Turmoile. *Tabut, tracas, trouble.*
Turmoiled. *Haraſſé, troublé, barcelé, barié, berſelé.*
To **turne.** *Tourner, torner, roudeler, tourneployer, volter.*
To **turne** about ſwiftly. *Pirouetter.*
To **turne** away from. *Avertir, divertir, deſtourner.*
To **turne** backe againe. *Retourner, rebrouſſer chemin.*
To **turne** often (the ſame way) upon. *Retracer.*
To **turne** ſides. *Changer.*
To **turne** upſide downe, or inſide out. *Rebourſer, renverſer.*
To make a new **turne.** *Revolter.*
Which hath made a new **turne.** *Revolté.*
To **turn** (or tumble a thing often.) *Ballonëtter.*
To **turne** up the ſleeves, or garment. *Rebraſſer, rebrouſſer, retrouſſer, recouſſer.*
To **turne** round. *Tourne-bouler, vouler, virer.*
To **turne** his coat. *Retourner ſa robbe, tourner ſa jaquette.*
To **turne** round about. *Tournoyer, virer, vire voulter, virevolter, vironner.*
A good **turne.** *Bienfaict, benefice.*
To doe good **turnes.** *Benificier.*
An ill, or ſhrewd **turne.** *Meffaict.*
A **turne.** *Tour, volte, cours, rhombe.*
Every one in his **turne.** *Par tournées.*
At every **turne.** *A chacune cadence.*
To **turne** up the ground. *Houër.*
A **turne-back** (coward.) *Tourne-dos, torne-dos.*
Turned. *Tourné, torné.*
Turned away from. *Averti, deſtourné, diverti.*
Turned backe againe. *Retourné.*
Turned inſide out, or upſide downe. *Rebourſé, renverſé, invers.*
Turned Turke or Jew. *Marraniſé.*
Turned up (as the earth with a pick-axe.) *Houë.*
A **Turney.** *Naveau blanc de jardin, naveau rond.*
Turne-over ſhooes. *Souliers à trepoinct renverſée.*
A **turne-ſpit,** or **turne-roſt.** *Tournebroche, tourne-rot.*
A **turnebile,** or **turnepike.** *Tour, tourneſol.*
A **Turner.** *Tourneur.*
Turnery worke and ware. *Tourneriè.*
A **turner** round. *Vireur.*
Turneſol. *Tourne-ſol, turne-ſol, tourne-ſoleil, heliotrope, herbe au chancre, verrucaire, queuë de ſcorpion.*
A **Turney, turneying,** or **turnament.** *Tourney, tournoyement, tourney.*
To **turney.** *Tournoyer, tournoyer.*
A **turning.** *Tournement, tourneure, roule, roulement, virement.*
A **turning** ſwiftly about. *Pirouëtteur.*
A **turning** back againe. *Retour.*
A **turning** (or by-way.) *Deſtour.*
A **turning** from. *Deſtournement, virade, virement.*
A **turning** path out of the way. *Deſtour.*
A Turners turne, or **turning** wheele. *Tourneoir.*
A **turning** round. *Tourneyement.*
Turning round. *Tourneyant.*
A turning up of the ground. *Houage, Houëment.*
A dancers **turning** on the toe. *Pirouëtte.*
A **turning** inſide outward, or upſide downe. *Renverſement, reverſure.*
A hollow and crooked **turning.** *Sinuoſité.*
Full of hollow and crooked **turnings.** *Sinueux.*
The **turnings** of a Hare. *Ruzes.*
Turpentine. *Terebinthine, turbentine, thrementine, terbenthine, terebentine, therbenthine, tourmentine, reſine de melese.*
Veniſe **turpentine.** *Terebinthine de Veniſe.*
The **turpentine** tree. *Terebinthe, terbinthin; meleſe.*

A (coopers) **turrell**. *Tire-fond de tonnelier, barroir, trefant de tonnelier, ville.*
A little **turrell**. *Villette.*
A **Turret**. *Tourette, tourelle.*
A little **turret**. *Tourrion.*
A **turtis**, or **turtis-boire**. *Tourterelle, tourte, torterelle.*
Tush. *Nargues, trut.*
A mans **tushes**. *Dents caninес.*
The **tushes** of a wild boare. *Les mires d'un ſanglier.*
A wild boares upper **tushes**. *Grecs.*
A (wild boare) long or full **tushed**. *Mirè.*
Tutelatis. *Tutelaire.*
Tut tut. *Tarabin tarabas, trut.*
Tutie. *Tuttie, tutye.*
A **Tutour**. *Tuteur.*
A **Turrit** or **tuterelle**. *Turrice.*
Tutſan (herbe.) *Tutſan, toutſan, toutz-ſang.*
Twains. *Deux.*
A **twaibinde**. *Baſcuille.*
To **twang** (as the ſtring of a hard bent bow.) *Teinter.*
A **twang**. *Tire, tin, tint.*
A Surgeons **twells** (or box of inſtruments.) *Pannard de Chirurgien.*
The **twelfth**. *Douziesme.*
The **twelfth** day. *Epiphanie les Rois, ou jour des Rois, Thyphaine, tiphaine.*
Twelve. *Douze.*
Twelve (or two ſixes) at dice. *Senes. & Rab.*
A **twelve-month**. *Un an, ou, annie.*
Twentie. *Vingt.*
The **twentieth**, or a **twentieth** part. *Vingtieſme, vintain, vingtain.*
A **twibill**. *Beſagne.*
Twice. *Deux fois.*
A **twigge**. *Verge, vergette, ſcion.*
A vine **twigge**. *Sarment, ſerment.*
Small **twigges**. *Vergettons.*
Made of **twiggen**. *Vergé.*
Full of **twiggen**. *Sarmenteux, ſermenteux, ſcionneux.*
A willow, or wicker **twigge**. *Viſme.*
The **twilight**. *Crepuſcule, jour faillant, entre chien & loup.*
Of, or belonging to, the **twilight**. *Crepuſculin.*
To **twinckle**. *Briller, brillonner, cligner, mouſcheter.*
A **twinckle**. *Bril.*
Twinckled. *Brillé.*
A **twinckling**. *Brillement.*
In the **twinckling** of an eye. *An clin d'oeil.*
Twinckling. *Brillant.*
To **twine**. *Tordre, retordre.*
To **twine** about. *Embracer.*
Twined. *Tors, retors, retort.*
A **twiner**. *Retordeur.*
A **twinge**. *Strette, tire.*
A **twining**. *Tordement, retordement, retorture, retorceure.*
A **twinne**. *Gemeau, jumeau.*
A thee **twinne**. *Gemelle, jumelle.*
Twinne-like. *Gemilier.*
To **twirle** about. *Pirouëtter, giver.*
Twirled about. *Giré.*
Twirling about. *Pirouëtteux.*
To **twiſt**. *Tordre, retordre.*
Twiſted. *Tors, retors, retort.*
The **twiſt** of the body (where the thighes part.) *Fourcheure, fourchure.*
A **twiſter**. *Retordeur.*
A **twitting**. *Tordement, retordement, retardure, retorceure.*
To **twitch**. *Tirer.*
A **twitch**. *Tire, tirée.*
A little **twitch**. *Tiret.*
A **twitch** with hot pincers. *Tenaillade.*
A **twitch** given to a horſe with his bridle. *Soubride.*
Twitched. *Tiré.*
A **twitching**. *Tirement.*
To **twit** in the teeth. *Reprocher, objecter, ou, objetter à, mettre ſus à, retraire.*
Diſgracefully to **twit** in the teeth. *Opprobrier.*
A diſgracefull **twit**. *Opprobre, reproche.*
A **twitting**. *Reproche.*
Twitted. *Reproché.*
Twittle-twattle. *Magny, magné.*
Two. *Deux.*
Two by **two**. *Deux à deux.*
Two-fold. *Double.*
Two-pennie graſſe. *Numulaire, herbe à cent maladies.*
A **tying**. *Liement, liaiſon, liage, attachement.*
A **tympan**. *Tympan, timpan.*
A **tympanie**. *Tympanie, mole.*
A **type**. *Type.*
Tyrannie. *Tyrannie.*
To **tyrannize**. *Tyranniser, ſevir.*
Tyrannouſly. *Tyranniquement.*
A **Tyrant**. *Tyran.*
A petite **tyrant**. *Tyranneau.*
The **Tyrrhenian** ſea. *Mer d'avril.*
Tythable. *Decimable.*
Tythe. *Diſme, diſmerie, decime.*
To **tythe**. *Diſmer, decimer.*
Tythed. *Diſmé, decimé.*
Impropriation of **tythes**. *Diſmes infeudées, ou, infeudées.*
A **tyther**; or **tythe-gatherer**. *Diſmeur, diſmier.*
A **tything**. *Diſmerie.*
Tythings. *Diſmages.*

V

Vacancie. *Vacation, vaquant.*
The revenue of a benefice during **vacancie**. *Le vacans d'un benefice.*
Vacant. *Vacant, vaquant, bobi.*
To be **Vacant**. *Vaquer.*
A **vacation**. *Vacation, relaſche.*
A making **vacation**. *Relaſchement.*
Harveſt **vacation**. *La meſſion.*
Vacuite. *Vacuité, vuideté, inanité, vuidange, vuideté.*
To **vade**. *Se flaſtrir, ſe faner.*
Vaded. *Fleſtri, fané.*
To **vagarie**. *Vaguer, vagabonder, vaucrer.*
A **vagabond**. *Vagabond, berre, caignard, villotier, villoitier, caignardier, truand, gueus, maraud, gale-frotier, rodeur, gueus de l'oſtiere.*
To play the idle **vagabond**. *Caignarder, maraudeer, vagabonder, roder.*
Vagabonds. *Vacabonds, gens de ſac & de licol.*
A crew of **vagabonds**. *Maraudaille.*
Baſe **vagabondzie**. *Maraudiſe.*
A **vaile**. *Voile; ombre.*
To **vaile**. *Voiler.*
Vailed. *Voilé.*
Vailes (or fees.) *Menus droicts.*
A **vaine** (of writing.) *Style, ſtile.*
Vaine. *Vain, futile, inepte, inſubſtantiel.*
To be **vaine**, or play **vaine** parts. *Vanoyer.*
Vainely. *Vainement, en vain, inptement.*
Vaine-glorie. *Vaine-gloire, gerrerie.*
Vaine-glorious. *Bragard, outre-cuidé.*
A **vaine-glorious** coxcombe. *Piaffeur, piaffard, gerrier, outrecuidé.*
Vainglorious behaviour. *Piaffe.*
Vainglorouſly. *Piaffeuſement, gerrierement.*
Vainneſſe. *Vanité, inptie, vaineté.*
The **valance** (of a bed.) *Les pentes d'un lict.*
A **vale**. *Val, valée, vallée.* *Voyez* Valley.
Valerian (herbe.) *Valeriane, valerienne.*
Valiant. *Vaillant, preux, hardi, valeureux, reſolu, guerrier.*
Extremely **valiant**. *Outrepreux.*
Valiantly. *Vaillamment, valureuſement, reſolument, à la ſoldade.*
Valiantneſſe, or **valiancie**. *Vaillance, vaillantiſe.*
Validitie. *Validité, moment.*
A **valley**. *Val, valée, vallée, vau.*
A little **valley**. *Vallon.*
A flat **valley**. *Varenne.*
Valorous. *Valeureux, martial.*
Valorouſly. *Valureuſement, vaillamment.*
Valour. *Valur, vaillance, preud'hommie.*
Valuable, or, of **value**. *Valable.*
A **value**. *Valeur, valoir, valoire, valué, appreci; moment.*
To **value**. *Apprecier.*
Valued. *Apprecié.*
A **valuer**. *Appreciateur.*
A **valuing**. *Appreciation.*
The **valure**. *Valeure; ou comme* Value.
Velure (or mocke velvet.) *Tripe de velours.*
A **vambrace**. *Avant-bras, garde-bras.*
A **vamplate**. *Garde-paing.*
A **vane**. *Gyrouët, gyrouëtte, giramëtte, girouët.*
A **vanguard**. *Avant-garde.*
To **vanish**. *S'evanouir, vanger.*
Vaniſhed. *Evanoui.*
A **Vaniſhing**. *Evanouiſſement.*
Vanitie. *Vanité, vaineté.*
A **vanne**. *Van, berne.*
To **vanne**. *Vanner, vaner, berner.*
Vanned. *Vanné, berné.*
A **vanner**. *Vanneur, vaneur.*
A **vanning**. *Vanneure.*
To **vanquiſh**. *Vaincre, ſubjuguer, ſuperer, ſurmonter, deſconfire, debeller, ſuppediter.*
Vanquiſhed. *Vaincu, ſubjugué, ſurmonté, deſconfit, debelle, ſuppedité.*
A **vanquiſher**. *Vainqueur, victorieux.*
A **vanquiſhing**. *Victoire, ſubjugation, ſurmontement.*
Vanquiſhing. *Victorieux.*
A **vanquiſhing** woman. *Victoreſſe, victorieuſe.*
A **vantage**. *Avantage, ſurvoid, ſurveu, acceſſoire.*
The **vantage** of bread. *Le trecein du pain.*
To give **vantage** over and above. *Surajouſter.*
A **vapour**. *Vapeur, fumée, vent.*

A **vardingale.** *Vertugalle, vertugadin, hausse-plie, hoche-plic.*
Furnisht with a **vardingale.** *Haussepliè.*
A French **vardingale.** *Hausseeul.*
Variable. *Variable, muable, voluble.*
To be **variable.** *Tenir de la lune.*
Variableneſſe. *Muableté, inſtabilité, inconſtance.*
Variance. *Deſaccord, noiſe.*
To be at **variance.** *Noiſer.*
A **variation.** *Variation.*
A **variation** (of notes in ſinging.) *Muance.*
To **varie.** *Varier, muër.*
Varied. *Varié, mué.*
Varietie. *Varieté.*
A **variet.** *Senaud, maraud, nebulan, gabgregeux.*
Varniſh. *Vernis, verny, nelleure.*
A kind of **varniſhing** like to damasking. *Damaſtic.*
To **varniſh.** *Verniſſer, vernicer, neller.*
Varniſhed. *Verniſſé, nellé.*
Varbelis for a hawke. *Vervelles.*
A **vaſſell.** *Vaſſal, homme, ſubject, ſujet, ſuject.*
Vaſſallage. *Vaſſallage, vaſſaudie.*
Vaſte. *Vaſte, vuide, incomprehenſible.*
A **vaſt** roome. *Vn vuide.*
A **vat,** or **vate.** *Vaſe, vaiſſeau, cuve.*
A little **vat.** *Cuveau, cuvette.*
A dying **vat.** *Cuvier.*
To put into a **vat.** *Cuver.*
Put into a **vat.** *Cuvé.*
A **vat-full.** *Cuvée.*
A **vat-maker.** *Cuvellier.*
Vavaſour. *Vavaſſeur, valvaſſeur.*
A **vault.** *Voulte, voute, arc, arcade, cambreure, hypogée.*
A flat **vault** (made like the back of an oven,) *Retube.*
The roof of a **vault.** *Tas de charge.*
A **vault** to lay dead corpſes in. *Sepulchre, ſepulchre voulté.*
To **vault.** *Voulter, cambrer.*
To **vault** (or tumble.) *Volter, voltiger.*
Vaulted. *Voltigé.*
Vaulted. *Voulté, cambre, cambré, voutoyé.*
A **vaulter** (or maker of vaults.) *Voulteur.*
A **vaulter** (or tumbler.) *Saulteur, ſauteur.*
A woman **vaulter.** *Saulterelle.*
A **vaulting.** *Voulture, voulseure, voulture, vouſure, cambrure.*
A **vaulting** (or tumbling.) *Voltigement.*
Vaulting. *Voltigeant.*
To **vaunt.** *Se vanter, ſe groyer, jatter, penader, ſe pennader.*
A **vaunt.** *Vantance, jactance.*
To **vaunt** over. *Inſulter.*
A **vaunter.** *Vanteur, jactateur, oſtentateur.*
A **vaunting.** *Vanterie, jactance, oſtentation, penade, pennade, gorrerie.*
Vaunting. *Vanteux, gorrier.*
A **vaunting** woman. *Oſtentatrice.*
Vauntingly. *Piaffeuſement.*
Vbiquitie. *Vbiquité.*
An **Vdder.** *Mammelle.*
Veals. *Veau.*
To **veere** (or whirle about.) *Virer, virronner, girer, virevoulter.*
A **veere.** *Virevoulte, virade.*
To **veere** a cable. *Haler vn cable.*
Veered. *Viré, giré, halé.*
A **veerer.** *Vireur.*
A **veering.** *Virement.*
Vegetable. *Vegetable.*
Vegetall. *Vegetal.*
A **vegetation.** *Vegetation.*
Vegetative. *Vegetatif, vegettes.*
Vehemencie, *Vehemence, roideur, violence.*
Vehement. *Vehement, violint.*
Vehemently. *Vehementement, à toute reſte, roidement, violemment, violentement.*
A **Veine** (in the body, in the earth.) *Veine.*
A little **veine.** *Veinelette, veinette.*
The arterious **veine.** *Veine arterieuſe.*
The bellie **veine.** *Veine gaſtrique.*
The blind **veine.** *Veine coecale, veine borgne.*
The **veine** of the braine. *Veine cervicale.*
The breaſt **veine.** *Veine thoracbique.*
The common middle **veine.** *Veine commune, veine mediane, veine corporelle.*
The crowne **veine.** *Veine coronale.*
The eye **veine.** *Veine oculaire, ou ciliere.*
The eare **veine.** *Veine auriculaire.*
The flanck (or Iliack) **veines.** *Les veines Iliaques, veines organiques.*
The forehead **veine.** *Veine frontale.*
The garter, gartering, or ham **veine.** *Veine jartiere, veine popletique.*
The head **veine.** *Veine cephalique.*
The hollow **veine.** *Veine cave.*
The kidney **veines.** *Veines renales.*
The lip **veines.** *Veines labieres.*
The liver **veine.** *Veine hepatique, veine baſilique, veine axillaire, veine aiſcellaire.*
The **veins** of the loines. *Veine lumbaire.*
The matrix **veine.** *Veine matricaire.*
The meſeraick, or meſenterick **veines.** *Veines meſeraïques, veines meſenteriques.*
The midriffe **veines.** *Veines diaphragmatiques.*
The mother **veine.** *Veine ſaphene.*
The noſe **veine.** *Veine naſale.*
The port (or carying) **veine.** *Veine porte.*
The ſciatica **veine.** *Veine ſciatique.*
The ſpleene **veine.** *Veine ſplenatique.*
The ſhoulder **veine.** *Veine eſpauliere, veine humerale.*
The ſtomacke **veine.** *Veine ſtomachique.*
The thigh **veine.** *Veine crurale.*
The **veine** of the temples. *Veine temporale.*
The throat, or neck **veines.** *Veines jugulaires.*
The ſhoulder or neck **veine** of a horſe. *Les barts.*
Veinie, or full of **veines.** *Veineux, veiné, veinu, vené.*
Vellam. *Velin.*
Velvet. *Velours, veloux, velous.*
Branched **velvet.** *Velours figuré.*
Vnſhorne **velvet.** *Velours à long poil.*
Mock **velvet** (or fuſtian an apes.) *Tripe de velours.*
A maker of **velvet.** *Veloutier.*
Velveted, of **velvet,** clad with **velvet.** *Velouté, veluté.*
Vendible. *Vendible, venal, vendable.*
Vendibleneſſe. *Venalité.*
Vendibly. *Venalement.*
Venerable. *Venerable, reverend.*
Veneration. *Veneration.*
Given to **venerie.** *Venerien.*
To **venge.** *Venger.*
Venged. *Vengé.* Voyez to Revenge.
Vengeance. *Vengeance, vindice, vindicte.*
Veniall. *Veniel.*
Venſon. *Venaiſon, ſauvagine.*
A **venue** in fencing. *Venuë.*
Venome. *Venim.*
To **venome.** *Envenimer.*
Venomed. *Envenimé.*
Venomous. *Venimeux, venifique.*
Venomouſneſſe. or **venomedneſſe.** *Venoſité, virulence.*
To **vent** (or utter) wares. *Vendre, debiter la marchandiſe.*
To **vent** (or ſmell.) *Odorer.*
To **vent** (or wind) as dogs doe. *Sentir, halener, prendre le vent.*
To **vent** forth, or give **vent** unto. *Eſventer, reſpirer.*
A **vent** (hole.) *Souſpiral, ſouſpirail, vent, ventouſe.*
Having **vents.** *Souſpiraillé.*
A **vent** (or ſent.) *Odorement, reſpir.*
Vented. *Odoré, balené.*
Vented forth. *Eſventé, ventousé.*
A **ventilation.** *Ventilation.*
A **venting.** *Halenée, balenement, reſpiration, reſpirement, odorement, odoration, ſentement, ſentiment.*
Venting. *Sentant, flairant.*
Ventoſitie. *Ventoſité.*
The **ventricle.** *Ventricule.*
The **ventricles** of the heart. *Les ventricules du cœur.*
Ventripotent. *Ventripotent, ventru.*
To **venture.** *Haſarder, s'adventurer.*
A **venture.** *Adventure, haſard.*
Ventured. *Haſardé.*
A **venturer.** *Adventurier, haſardeur.*
Venturous. *Haſardeux, adventureux.*
Venturouſly. *Adventureuſement, haſardeuſement.*
Venus. *Venus.*
Venus haire. *Comme* Maiden haire.
Venus combe. *Aguille de berger.*
Verball. *Verbal.*
Verbally. *Verbalment.*
A (grammaticall) **Verbe.** *Verbe.*
A **Verderer.** *Segrayer.*
A **Verdererſhip.** *Segrarie, ſegrayerie, verderie.*
A **Verdict.** *L'opinion, ou ſentence des douze jureurs.*
Verdigreaſe. *Verd de grè, verdegris, verderus, verdet.*
Verdure. *Verdure.*
A ſergeants **verge** (or mace.) *Verge.*
A **Verger.** *Verger.*
A **verification.** *Verification.*
To **verifie.** *Verifier, averer.*
Verified. *Verifié, averé.*
A **verifying.** *Averement.*
Verily. *Vrayement, veritablement, en verité, voire, voirement, voyrement.*
Verite. *Verité.*
Verjuice. *Verjus, vertjus, vin-verjus.*
Vermilion. *Vermillon, vermeillon, vermeil minion, reſette, rouge, rubicunde.*
To paint, or make **vermilion.** *Vermillonner, vermeillouner.*
Made **vermilion** of colour. *Vermillonné.*

Ver-

Vermine. *Vermine, vermenier.*
Full of **vermine.** *Verminieux,*
To **vernish.** *Neller.*
Cheeke **vernish.** *Rosette.* Voyez Varnish.
A **verrill** (or iron band for a wooden toole.) *Frete, virole.*
An inner **verrill.** *Tourillon.*
A **verse.** *Vers, carme.*
A little short **verse.** *Verset, verselet.*
A verse in muficke. *Vers, motet, motté, motté.*
A halfe **verse.** *Hemistiche.*
To **versifie.** *Versifier.*
A **versifier.** *Versificateur.*
Versus. *Des vers, nombreuses loix.*
Vertecall. *Vertical.*
The **vertecall** circle. *Cercle vertical.*
Vertue. *La vertu, honnestetés, probité.*
Vertuous. *Vertueux, honneste.*
Vertuously. *Vertueusement, honnestement.*
Verdoine. *Verveine, vervaine, verbenique, herveraine.*
Verdolis of a hawke. *Vervellet.*
Very. *Fort, grandement, vray.* (Signe du comparatif, comme Very good *Fort bon.*)
In **very** deed. *En bonne verité.*
A **vessell.** *Vaisseau, vase, vaze, vaisselle.*
Vessell of plate. *Vaisselle d'argent.*
A **Vessell** of greater length then breadth. *Bavlong, berlong, balongue.*
A **vessell** to carry milke or cheese to market in. *Calathe.*
To turne out one **vessell** into another. *Transvaser.*
Turned or poured out of one **vessell** into another. *Transvasé.*
A shifting out of one **vessell** into another. *Transvasation, transvasement.*
To **vest** *vestir.*
Vested. *Vestu.*
A **vesting.** *Vesture.*
A **vestment.** *Vestement, habillement, habit, revestement, vesteure.*
A **vestrie** (in a Church.) *Vestiaire, revestiere, revestiaire, sacraire, sacristie.*
A **vestrie-keeper.** *Sacristain.*
A **vesture.** *Vestement, habillement, ou comme* Vestment.
A **vetch.** *Vesce.*
Vetches. *Garvences, guarbances, touillons.*
A bitter **vetch.** *Ers.*
To **vex** *Vexer, harceller, inquieter, talmouser, talmouser, molester, hutiner, travailler, grever, grevanter, harasser, harier, berser, boguiner, peiner, turbulenter, pertourber, tempester, persecuter, nauver, se marrir, faire mille bairets à.*
Vexation. *Vexation, hutin, hutinement, tourment, molestie, perplexité.*
Vexation of minde. *Souci, soulci.*
Vexed. *Vexé, grevé, grevanté, tormenté, tourmenté, harasse, harcelé, perplex, harie, berselé, boguiné, molesté, tempesté, marri, nauré, pertourbé, inquieté.*
A **vexer.** *Vexateur, harceleur, inquieteur, berseur, molesteur, pertourbateur.*
Thou **vexest** me. *Tu me fais mourir.*
Vexing. *Grevant.*
A **vexing.** *Inquietation, boguinement, ou comme* Vexation.
Vglie. *Deforme, informe, laid, ord, horrible, malingre, sourdre.*
To make moft **vgly.** *Horribler.*
Vglinesse. *Deformité, laideur.*
A **vial.** *Phiole, boccal, gobeau, gotteron, matras,*
A big bellied, double **vial** (of glaffe.) *Matras.*
A **Vicar.** *Vicaire.*
A vicar generall. *Grand vicaire.*
A **vicarship** (or place of a Vicar.) *Vicariat.*
A **Vicaredge.** *Vicairie.*
Vice. *Vice, crime, faulte.*
The **vice** of a preffe. *Tourvoir, vis.*
A vice in a play. *Badine, mime.*
To play the **vice.** *Badiner.*
A **vice-admirall.** *Vice-admiral, Vis admiral.*
A **vice-chancelor.** *Vice-chancelier.*
The **vice-chancelor** of the Vniverfitie. *Le vefteur, ou Regent de l'Vniverfité.*
A **vice-duchie,** or **vice-dukedome.** *Viseduché.*
A **vice-gerent.** *Vice-gerent, vicaire.*
A **vice-roy.** *Vice-roy.*
To **vicinate.** *Vicer, vitier, desbaucher, tarrompre, depraver, gaster.*
Vicinated. *Vicié, desbauché, corrompu, gasté.*
A **vicinating.** *Corruption, desbauchement, gastement.*
Vicinitie. *Vicinité, voisinage, voisinance.*
Vicious. *Vicieux, vitieux.*
Viciously, *Vicieusement.*
A **vicount.** *Vicompte, vice-comte.*
A **vicountie.** *Vicomté, vice-comté.*
A **victor.** *Vainqueur.*
Victorial. *Victorial.*
A **victorie.** *Victoire.*
Victorious. *Victorieux.*
A **victorious woman.** *Victoreffe, victorieuse.*
To **victuall.** *Repaistre, avictuailler.*
Victualled. *Victuallé, victuallé, repeu.*
A **victualling.** *Avictuaillement.*
To **victuall** himfelf, go talk to his **victuals.** *S'aviander, manger, repaistre.*
Victuals. *Victuailles, vivres, viandes, mangeaille, manger, marche, harnois de gueule, marchandise de gueule.*
A **victualler.** *Cabaretier.*
A **victualling houfe.** *Cabaret, hostelerie, taverne.*
To **view.** *Voir, voir, regarder, visiter, mirer, remirer.*
A **view.** *Veuë, reveuë, monstrée, monstre, visitation, regard, regardeure, regardure, tirée d'œil, visée.*
The **view** (or tooting of a Deere.) *Foulée, foyes, fries, fryes, les voyes d'un cerf.*
Viewed. *Veu, regardé, miré.*
A **viewer.** *Regardeur, speculateur.*
A **viewing.** *Regardement, speculation, inspection, vision.*
Viewing. *Voyant.*
Vigilancie. *Vigilanté, veillance, industrie.*
Vigilant. *Vigilant, industrieux, regardant.*
To be **vigilant.** *Veiller.*
Vigilantly. *Vigilamment, l'oeil tendu au bois; industrieusement.*
A **vigile.** *Vigile, veille.*
Vigor. *Vigueur.*
Without **vigor.** *Malhabile.*
Vigorous. *Vigoureux, vivace, spirituieux, spiriteux.*
Vigorously. *Vigoureusement, vivement.*
Vigorousnesse. *Vivacité.*
Vile. *Vil, abiect, sordide, vilain, vilein.*
Vilenesse. *Vilté, abiection, vilenié, villanie.*
Vilely. *Vilainement, meschamment.*
A **village.** *Village.*
A small **village.** *Hameau.*
A **villaine.** *Vilain, vilein, villain, villein, serf, homme de corps; meschant, scelerat, meschant garnement.*
A little **villaine.** *Vilenet.*
Villanie. *Vilenie, villanie, meschanceté, vice, villaquerie.*
Purpofed **villanie.** *Malignité.*
Villanous. *Malin, meschant, vilain, villain, vicieux, scelerè.*
Villanously. *Vilainement, meschamment.*
Villenage. *Villenage, vilenage.*
Vindicative. *Vindicatif.*
A **vine.** *Vigne.*
A little **vine.** *Vignette, vignolette.*
Vines that grow up along trees (as hops.) *Autani, eutins.*
The wild (grape-bearing) **vine.** *Labrusque.*
A **vine** branch. *Sarment, muche.*
A **vine-dreller.** *Vigneron, vignolant.*
A **vine-leafe.** *Pampre.*
A **vine-frettes.** *Ver coquin, burbe, chenille de vigne, burebais, urbet, lisset.*
Vinegar. *Vinaigre.*
A potion of **vinegar** and water. *Oxycrat, oxicrat.*
Vinegar sharpened by the sea-onion. *Squillitique, vinaigre squillitique.*
A **vinegar-man,** or **vinegar-maker.** *Vinaigrier.*
A **vine-knife.** *Serpette, serpette.*
A little **vine-knife.** *Serpillette, serpillon, serpillon, serpillonette.*
A **vine-yard.** *Vigne, vignoble, vinoble.*
Vinnowed. *Meiß.*
To wax **Vinnowed.** *Se meiser.*
Vinnowednesse. *Meiseure.*
Vintage. *Vendenge, vindange.*
To **vintage.** *Vendenger.*
A **vintager.** *Vendengeur, vendengeuse.*
A **vintner.** *Taverner, vinetier, vinetier, vineteux.*
Violable. *Violable.*
To **violate.** *Violer, violenter, enfraindre, defleurer.*
Violated. *Violé, enfraint, violenté, defleuré.*
A **violater.** *Violateur, infracteur.*
A **violating,** or **violation.** *Violation, violement, infracture, infraction.*
A **violin,** or little **viol.** *Violon.*
A **viol** of glaffe. *Phiole.* Voyez a Viall.
A **viol** (inftrument of muficke.) *Viole, viole.*
The finger-board of a **viol.** *La manche d'une violle.*
Violence. *Violence, impatience, impetuosité, roideur, outrage, grip.*
To use **violence** againft, or lay violent hands on, himfelfe. *Se violenter soy mesme.*
Violent. *Violent, impetueux, roide, impatient.*
Violently. *Violemment, violentement, impetueusement, roidement, impatiemment, de haute luitte.*
A **violet.** *Violette, violette de mars, violet.*
The blew **violet.** *Violette de mars.*
Damaske **violets.** *Matrones.*
Of **violets.** *Violat.*
White **violet.** *Violette blanche.*
Violet colour. *Hiacinthin, violet.*
A **viper.** *Vipere.*

A young, or little viper. *Vipereau, viperillon.*
Viperous. *Viperin.*
Viper-bugloſſe. *Herbe aux viperes, viperiere, alcibiem.*
A virago. *Homace, homaſſe, hommeſſe.*
Virginalls, or a paire of virginalls. *Eſpinette, eſpinete.*
A virgin. *Vierge, puzelle.*
Virgins-honey. *Miel vierge.*
Virgin-like. *Virginal, virgineux, vierge-al.*
Virgin-parchment. *Parchemin vierge.*
Virginitie. *Virginité, pucelage.*
Virgo. *La vierge; vn des 12 ſignes celeſtes.*
Virile. *Viril.*
Virilitie. *Virilité. Voyez* Manly.
The viſage. *Viſage, viaire, vis, caire, mine, trongne.*
A ſowre or harſh viſage *Mimoſa.*
A viſard. *Faux viſage, maſque, barboire.*
Having a viſard on. *Maſqué, maſquerizé.*
Viſcoſitie. *Viſcoſité, viſcidité.*
Viſcous. *Viſqueux.*
The viſer of an helmet. *Viſiere.*
Viſible. *Viſible, ſpectable, voyable.*
Viſibly. *Viſiblement.*
A viſion. *Viſion, ſpectre.*
A viſitation, or viſiting. *Viſitation, viſite.*
To viſite. *Viſiter.*
Viſited. *Viſité.*
A viſiter. *Viſiteur.*
Viſuall (belonging to the ſight.) *Viſuel.*
Vitall. *Vital.*
To vitiate. *Vicier, vitier, depraver. Voyez* Viciate.
Vitrioll. *Vitriol, calcante.*
Oile of vitriol. *Huile de vie.*
Like vitriol. *Vitriolique.*
Red vitriol. *Marcaſſin jaulne, pierre d'arain.*
Vituperable. *Vituperable.*
To vituperate. *Vituperer.*
Vituperated. *Vitupere.*
A vituperation. *Vituperation.*
Vivacitie. *Vivacité.*
A viver (or ſea dragon.) *Dragon marin, vive, poignaſtre, traigne.* ¶ Marſeil.
The vives (or horſes diſeaſe.) *Les avives.*
An vlcer. *Vlcere.*
To vlcerate. *Vlcerer.*
An vlceration. *Vlceration.*
Vlcerating. *Vlceratif.*
The vmble (or round tufted head) of fennell. *Ombelle de fenouil.*
An vmbrage. *Ombrage, opacité.*
Vmbragious. *Ombrageux.*
Vmbred (in blazon.) *Ombré.*
A vmbrello. *Ombrelle, ombraire, ombelle, ombriere, paraſo, pareſol.*
A vmpire. *Arbitre, arbitrateur.*
Vnable. *Inhabile, malhabile, inſuffiſant, impotent, invalide.*
To make vnable. *Inhabiliter.*
Made vnable. *Inhabilité.*
Vnable to take paines. *Impoſt de ſa perſonne.*
Vnable to perſorme nuptiall rites. *Maleficié.*
Vnableneſſe. *Inhabilité, impotence.*
Vnabling. *Inhabilement.*
Vnaboydable. *Inabordable.*
Vnacceptable. *Mal-plaiſant, ingrat, inadmiſſible, deſagreable, degracié.*
Vnacceſſible. *Inacceſſible.*
Vnaccompanable. *Inſociable, diſſocinble.*
Vnaccoſtable. *Inacoſtable, inabordable, deſacoſtable.*
Vnaccuſtomed. *Inacouſtumé, inſolité, deſacouſtumé, Inhabitué.*
Vnaccuſtomednelle. *Deſacouſtumance.*
Vnacknowledgment. *Meſcognoiſſance.*
Vnacknowledging. *Meſcognoiſſant.*
Vnadviſed. *Maladviſé, imprudent, inconſideré, indiſcret, inſipient, cabochard, inconſiderant, mal-aviſé, deſadviſé.*
Vnadviſedly. *Imprudemment, inadvertamment, inconſideréement, indiſeretement, à la volée.*
Vnadviſednelle. *Imprudence, inadvertence, inconſideration, indiſeretion, maladvie, temerité.*
Vnaffectation. *Incurioſité.*
Vnagreeing. *Incongruë.*
To vnaire (or ſpoile an aire of hawkes.) *Deſaire.*
Vnalienable. *Inalienable.*
Vnallowable. *Inadmiſſible.*
Vnallowed. *Deſavoüé.*
Vnalterable. *Incommuable, incommutable.*
Vnamaſed. *Deſtourdi.*
Vnamendable. *Inamendable, incorrigible.*
Vnanimitie. *Vnanimité.*
Vnanimous. *Vnanime.*
Vnappeaſable. *Implacable.*
Vnappeſhended. *Deſcalengé.*
Vnapproachable. *Inabordable, inacceſſible, deſacceſtable.*
Vnapt. *Inepte, inidoine, impropre, mal-a droict, malhabile, mauſade.*
Vnaptly. *Inptement, improprement, inhabilement, mauſadement.*
Vnaptneſſe. *Ineptie, ineptitude, inhabilité, incommodité, mauſadeté.*
Vnarrayed. *Deſabillé.*
To vnarme himſelfe. *Se deſarmer.*
Vnarmed *Deſarmé.*
Vnarmed (or whoſe arme is burſt.) *Debradé.*
Vnarriſed. *Deſcalengé.*
To vnaſtonie. *Deſtombir.*
Vnaſtonied. *Deſtombi.*
To make vnaſſured. *Deſaſſeurer.*
Vnavoidable. *Invitable, neceſſaire.*
Vnavoidably. *Invitablement.*
To vnauthorize. *Exautorer.*
Vnauthorized. *Exautoré.*
Vnawakeable. *Irreveillable.*
Vnawares. *Inopiné, repentin, ſoudain.*
To take vnawares. *Surprendre.*
At vnawares. *Inopinement, à l'improveu, à l'improviſte, ineſperement, inſperément, ſoudainement.*
To vnayre. *Deſairer. Voyez* Vnairie.
To vnbarbe a horſe. *Desbarber vn cheval.*
To vnbarre. *Desbarrer, deſverrouiller,*
Vnbarred. *Debarré, deſverrouillé.*
Vnbegotten. *Non engendré.*
Vnbeleefe. *Infidelité, incredulité.*
Vnbeleevable. *Incredible, incroyable, meſcreable.*
To vnbeleeve. *Decroire.*
An vnbeleever. *Infidelle.*
Vnbeleeving. *Incredule.*
To vnbend. *Desbander, desbender, deſtendre, devouter.*
Vnbended. *Desbandé.*
An vnbending. *Deſtenture, desbandage, deſbandade, debendade.*
Vnbent. *Desbandé, deſtendu, devouté.*
To vnbenumme. *Deſgourdir, deſdormir, deſtombir.*
Vnbenummed *Deſengourdi, deſgourdi, deſtombi.*
An vnbenumming. *Deſdarmiſſement.*
An vnbeſeeming. *Inconvenance.*
Vnbeſeeming. *Meſſeant.*
To vnbeſot. *Deſſoter.*
Vnbeſotted. *Deſſoté.*
To vnbeſwitch. *Deſinſorceler, deſenchanter, deſſorceler.*
Vnbeſwitched. *Deſenſorcelé, deſſorcelé.*
Vnbidden. *Non commandé; Non convié.*
To vnbind. *Deſlier, deſlacher, deſnouër, deſbander, desbinder, reſouldre, deſalier.*
An vnbinding. *Deſnouement, deſnouëture.*
Vnblameable. *Deſcoulpé, irreprehenſible, irreprovable.*
Vnblinded. *Deſabusé*
To vnblocke (a blocke up paſſage.) *Deſblouquer.*
Vnblocked. *Deſblouqué.*
Vnbolted *Desbouilli.*
To vnbolt. *Deſverrouiller, deverrouiller, desbarrer, declaveter.*
Vnbolted. *Deſverrouillé, desbarré, declaveté, deverrouillé.*
Vnbotted. *Desboté, debouté, debouſſé.*
Vnboned. *Deſoſſé.*
To vnbonit, vnboulted. *Comme* to vnbole, unbolted.
Vnbound. *Deſlié, deſlaché, desbandé, deſgaroté, deſroté, Reſolu.*
To vnbound. *Desborner.*
Vnbounded. *Desborné, interminé.*
An vnbounding. *Desbornement.*
To vnbow. *Defrondir.*
Vnbowable. *Imployable, inflexible, infleſchiſſable.*
To vnbowell. *Eſventrer, deſcentrailler.*
Vnbowelled *Deſentraillé.*
To vnboy. *Desboëter, desboiſter, desboiter.*
Vnboyed. *Desboëté, desboiſté, desboité.*
To vnbrace. *Desbrailler, deſlabrer.*
Vnbraced. *Desbraillé, deboutonné, delabré, deſlabré.*
Vnbranched. *Debranchi.*
Vnbreakeable. *Infrangible, irrefragable.*
To vnbridle. *Desbrider, effrener.*
Vnbridled. *Desbridé, effrené, deſordonné, deſreiglé.*
Of an vnbridled appetite. *Intemperé, incontinent.*
Vnbridledneſſe. *Intemperance.*
Vnbroken. *Inviolé, ſauf, Sauvage, indompté.*
To vnbuckle. *Desboucler, desblouquer.*
Vnbuckled *Desbouclé, desblouqué.*
To vnbuild. *Desboſtir.*
Vnbuilt. *Desboſti.*
To vnbunch. *Desboſſuër.*
Vnbunched *Desbouſſué.*
To vnbung. *Desbonder, desbondonner, detapper, devertaper.*
Vnbunged. *Desbondé.*
To vnburden *Deſcharger, desbarder.*
To vnburie. *Deſinſeveli, deſenterrer, deſſeveli.*
Vnburied. *Deſenſeveli, deſenterré, deſſeveli.*
To vnbuskin. *Desbrodiquiner.*

To

To **unbutton**. *Desboutonner, desbrailler, deboutonner, desfubler.*
Unbuttoned. *Desboutonné, desbraillé, deboutonné, desfublé.*
An **unbuttoning**. *Desboutonnement.*
Uncalled. *Non appellé, sans estre appellé.*
Uncapable. *Incapable.*
Uncapablenesse. *Incapacité.*
To **uncaptivate**. *Decaptiver.*
Uncaptivated. *Decaptivé.*
Uncased. *Despouillé.*
Uncaught. *Nos prins.*
Uncessable. *Incessible.*
Uncertaine. *Incertain, doubteux, ambigu, interminant.*
Made **uncertaine**. *Desasseuré.*
Uncertainely. *Incertainement, ambigument.*
Uncertainty. *Incertaineté, incertitude, ambiguité, hesitation, perplexité, rendon.*
Uncertantly. *Incessamment.*
To **unchaine**. *Deschainer, desenchainer.*
Unchained. *Deschainé, desenchainé.*
Unchangeable. *Immuable, immutable, incommuable, incommutable, invariable.*
Unchangeably. *Immuablement.*
Uncharitable. *Non charitable.*
To **uncharme**. *Descharmer.*
Uncharmed. *Descharmé.*
Unchaſt. *Impudique, incontinent, immodeſte.*
Unchaſtly. *Impudiquement, incontinemment.*
Unchaſtneſſe. *Impudicité, incontinence.*
To **unchaſe**, or **unchaſe**. *Desmacher, demacquer.*
Unchaſed. *Desmaché, demacqué.*
To **uncircle**. *Decercler.*
Uncircled. *Decerclé.*
Uncircumciſed. *Incirconcis.*
Uncircumſpect. *Imprudent, maladviſe.*
Uncivill. *Incivil, inhumain, malavenant, indocile, ruſtique, galechier, mauſade, mibrutal, rude, roide.*
Uncivilly. *Incivilement, inhumainement, mauſadement, rudement, ruſtiquement.*
To behave himſelf **uncivilly**. *Galecher.*
An **uncle**. *Oncle.*
To **unclaſpe**. *Desagrafer, desgrafer, desgrapher, desfubler, decramponner.*
Unclaſped. *Desagrafé, desgrafé, decramponné, desfublé.*
Uncleanè. *Immonde, impur, maunet, orde, ſale, ſalle, ſaſte, ſalaude, impudique.*
Somewhat **uncleane**. *Ordelet, ſalet.*
Uncleanly. *Impurement, impudiquement, ordement.*
Uncleannеſſe. *Immondité, immondicité, impurité, impureté, ſaleté, ſalleté.*
Uncleannеſſe of life. *Impudicité.*
Uncleanſed. *Non nettoyé.*
Unclement. *Inclement.*
To **uncloathe**. *Desvestir, desabiller, deshabiller, despouiller, defroquer, desfroquer.*
Uncloathed. *Desabillé, desvesti, deshabillé, despouillé, defroqué, defroqué.*
To **uncloſe**. *Desclorre.*
Uncloſed. *Descles.*
To **unclooy**. *Desclouer.*
To **unclumple**. *Deslombrer.*
Unclumſed. *Deslombi.*
To **uncoife**. *Descoiffer, descroiffer.*
Uncoifed. *Descoeffé.*
Uncomely. *Indecent, malſeant, mal-avenant, meſſeant, maladroict, maugracieux, disgratie.*
Uncomly, (Adverbe) or in uncomely manner. *Indecemment.*
Uncomelineſſe. *Mal-ſeance, meſaduenance, meſſeance, disgrace.*
Uncomfortable. *Inconſolable.*
Uncomfortably. *Inconſolablement.*
Uncommodious. *Incommode.*
Uncommon. *Incommun.*
Uncommunicable. *Incommunicable.*
Uncompanable. *Inſociable, inaccoſtable, deſaccoſtable, incommunicable, intraictable, intraictable, hegard, rattier.*
Uncompleat. *Imparfaict.*
Uncompounded. *Simple.*
Unconceivable. *Incomprehenſible, inimaginable.*
Unconceivableneſſe. *Incomprehenſibilité.*
Uncondemned. *Non condemné.*
Unconquerable. *Incongelable.*
Unconquerable. *Invincible, inſuperable.*
Unconſtancie. *Inconſtance, legereté.*
Unconſtant. *Inconſtant.*
To be **unconſtant**. *Vaciller, vaciller.*
Unconſtrained. *Non contrainct.*
Unconſumable. *Inconſumptible.*
Unconſumed. *Non conſumé.*
Uncontaminated. *Non contaminé.*
Uncontemned. *Non mepris.*
Uncoyded. *Descordé.*
Uncorporall. *Incorperel.*
Uncorrupted. *Inviolé.*
Uncorruptible, or **uncorruptable**. *Incorrompable.*
To **uncouer**. *Descouvrir, descacher, descubrir, desaffeubler, mettre à nud.*
To **uncouer** the mouth. *Desboucher, desbouscher.*
Uncouered. *Descouvert, descaché, nud, ouvert, desfeublé, desbouché.*
An **uncouering**. *Descouvrement, ouverture.*
Uncough. *Incogneu; neuf, nouveau, revers.*
An **uncough** place. *Solitude.*
To **uncouple**, or put off the **couple**. *Decouchonner.*
Uncouled. *Decapuchonné.*
To **uncouple**. *Desaccoupler, descoupler, desaparier, desunir.*
Uncoupled. *Desaccouplé, descouplé, desaparié, desuni.*
The **uncoupling** of hounds. *Descouple.*
Uncourteous. *Mal-courtois, incivil.*
Uncourteouſly. *Incivilement.*
To **uncruelle**. *Descruelir.*
Uncrolled. *Descroiſé.*
To **uncroſſe**, *Descrouer, descourner.*
Uncroſſed. *Descrouné, descourné.*
To **uncrumple**. *Deffroncer, desplisser.*
An **uncrumpling**. *Desplissure.*
To **uncruſt**. *Decruſter.*
Uncruſted. *Decruſté.*
Unction. *Onction.*
Unctuoſitie. *Onctuoſité.*
Unctuous. *Onctueux.*
Uncumningly. *Lourdement.*
Uncurable. *Incurable, immedicable, inguerissable.*
To **uncurb** a horſe. *Desgourmer un cheval.*
Uncurbed. *Desgourmé.*
To **uncurd**. *Se descailler.*
Uncurded. *Descaillé.*
Uncuriouſly. *Incurieuſement.*
Undaunted. *Reſolu.*
To **undaube**. *Defendre.*
Undecent. *Indecent, meſſeant.*
Undecently. *Indecemment, meſſeamment.*
Undecided. *Indecis, indeterminé.*
A ſute **undecided**. *Lis en cre.*
An **undecision**. *Indeciſion.*
Undecked. *Non orné, impoſé.*
Undeclined. *Indeclin.*
Undefaceable. *Ineffaçable, ineffaceable.*
Undefiled. *Incontaminé, impolu.*
Undefraged. *Infolu.*
Under. *Soubs, deſſous, deſſoubs ſoubs, ſous, bas.*
Under-age. *Deſagé, mineur; auſſi, minorité, bas age.*
An **under-beame**. *Soupoultreau.*
To **under-bid**. *Meſoffrir.*
An **under-cater** (or clarke of the kitchin.) *Soubdeſpenſier.*
Under-hand. *Soubs main, cachement, en cachette, à la deſrobée, ſubreptivement, ſous terre, ſaudement.*
The **under-hatches** of a ſhip. *Baſſe, baſſe.*
To **under-lay** a ſhoe. *Hauſſer, ou hauſſer, un ſoulier.*
The **underlaying** of a ſhoe. *La hauſſe d'un ſoulier.*
The **underlayings** of a ſpurre. *La ſollette d'un eſperon.*
The **under-lid** of the eye. *Sourcille.*
An **underling**. *Inferieur, ſubjett, ſuget.*
Underlying. *Subjacent.*
To **undermine**. *Sopper, miner, ſaper.*
Undermined. *Soppé, miné, ſapé.*
An **undermiuer**. *Sappeur, mineur.*
An **underminings**. *Sappement.*
The **undermoſt**. *Le deſſoubs.*
Underneath. *Au deſſoubs.*
An **underprize**. *Non prix.*
To **underprop**. *Eſchalaſſer, accoter, reſaper, reſopper.*
Underpropped. *Eſchalaſſé, accoté, ſoppé, reſopé.*
Weakely **underpropped**. *Mal-cimbré.*
An **underpropping**. *Accotement.*
To **underſet**, and **underſetting**. *Cimer.*
Vnderprop, and underpropping.
To **underſtand**. *Entendre, ſçavoir.*
To give to **underſtand**. *Informer, donner à entendre.*
Given to **underſtand**. *Informé.*
Underſtandable. *Entendible.*
An **underſtander**. *Entendeur.*
The **underſtanding**. *Entendement, intelligence, intellect, entendure; nez, notice; ſageſſe, ſçavoir, ſcen, ſcience, ſens.*
The faculcie of **underſtanding**. *L'intellect.*
Belonging to the **underſtanding**. *Intellectuel.*
Underſtanding (adjective.) *Entendant, intelligent, intellectuel, ſage.*
Underſtandingly. *Intelligiblement, entendiblement.*
Underſtood. *Entendu, ſcen; ſuppoſé.*
Eaſie to be **underſtood**. *Intelligible.*
To **undertake**. *Entreprendre.*
To **undertake** for. *Intercider pour.*
But if I **undertake** it. *Mais ſi je m'y mets.*
Undertaken. *Entrepris, ingré.*
An **undertaker**. *Entrepreneur, ouvrier.*

An **undertaker** for another. *Sponſeur.*
An **undertaking**. *Entrepriſe, molition.*
An **under-value**. *Non-prix.*
An **under-vaſſall**. *Arriere-vaſſal, riere-vaſſal.*
An **under-wood**. *Bois taillis.*
Under-yeares. *Mineur, en bas age.*
Undeſerved. *Non merité, non deſervi.*
Undeſervedly. *Sans deſerte.*
Undeſerving. *Indigne.*
Undeſervingly. *Indignement.*
Undeterminable. *Interminé, incertain.*
Undetermined. *Indeterminé, indecis.*
An **undetermined** ſtate of things. *Indeciſion.*
Undevout. *Indevot.*
Undied. *Non teinct.*
Undigeſted. *Non digeré.*
Undigeſtible. *Indigeſtible.*
Undigeſtido. *Indigeſte.*
Undiligent. *Indiligent.*
Undiſcharged. *Infolu.*
Undiſcreet. *Indiſcret, maladviſé, malaviſé, inſipient, inſipide, temeraire.*
Undiſcreetly. *Indiſcretement, inconſideréement.*
Undigeſtible. *Indigeſtible.*
Undiſplayable. *Inexplicable.*
Undiſpoſed. *Detalenté.*
Undiſſolvable. *Indiſſoluble, inſoluble.*
Undiſſolvably. *Indiſſolublement.*
Undiſſolved. *Indiſſolu.*
Undiſtinguiſhed. *Indiſtinct.*
Undividable. *Indiviſible, inſeparable, individu.*
Undividably. *Indiviſiblement.*
Undivided. *Indiſtinct.*
Undivinable. *Indivinable.*
To **undoe**. *Deſfaire, deffaire, diſſoudre, rompre.*
To **undoe** a halter. *Deſchevestrer.*
To **undoe**, or ſlacken. *Freſter.*
To **undoe** a padlocke. *Deoadenaſser.*
To **undoe** a packe or truſſe. *Desballer.*
To **undoe** points. *Deſaiguilletter.*
To **undoe** (or ruinate.) *Ruiner, mettre à la beſace, envoyer à l'hoſpital, mettre à la flac.*
To **undoe**, or **untie**. *Deſlier, deſnouër, deſtacher.*
Undone. *Deſfaict, deffaict, deſfait, inexecuté; Freſté, rompu; deſlié, deſtaché, deſnoué, ruiné, frelus, frelore, noyé en debtes.*
He is halfe **undone**. *Il ne bat que d'une aile.*
An **undoing**. *Deſfaicte, rompement, ruine, ruinement.*
Undoing. *Reſolutif.*
An **undoer**. *Ruineur.*
Undoubtable, undoubted. *Indubitable, manifeſte, vray.*
Undoubtably. *Indubitablement, indubitamment, manifeſtement.*
Undaunteable. *Inſpuiſable.*
To **undreſſe**. *Deſabiller.*
Undreſſed. *Deſabillé.*
An **undreſſer**. *Deſappareilleur.*
Undrinkable. *Imbuvable.*
Undue. *Indu.*
Unduly. *Induëment.*
Uneaſie. *Malaiſé, inhabile.*
Uneaſily. *Malaiſement, inhabilement.*
Uneaſineſſe. *Malaiſance.*
Uneatable. *Immangeable.*
Uneffaceable. *Indelebile, indeleble, ineffaceable, ineffaçable.*
Uneffectuall *Inefficace.*
Uneloquent. *Ineloquent, indiſert.*
Uneloquently. *Indiſertement.*
Unendable. *Inceſſible.*
Unenured unto. *Inhabitué.*
Unequall. *Ineſgal, inegal, impar, inique, injuſte.*
Unequally. *Inegalement, inequalement, iniquiment, injuſtement.*
Uneſtimable. *Ineſtimable.*
Uneven. *Inegal, impar, incommode, ripilleux, ripeilleux, raeuhu.*
To make **uneven**. *Deſadjuſter.*
Made **uneven**. *Deſadjuſté.*
An **uneven** number of. *Nompair.*
Unevenly. *Inegalement, inequalement.*
Unevenneſſe. *Inequalité, inegualité.*
Unevitable. *Inevitable, neceſſaire.*
Unexcœdable. *Inſurmontable.*
Unexcuſable. *Inexcuſable.*
Unexcuſably. *Inexcuſablement.*
Unexecuted. *Inexecuté.*
Unexpected. *Non attendu, ineſperé, inſperé.*
Unexperienced. *Inexpert, maluſité, non experimenté.*
Unexpert. *Imperit, inexpert.*
He is **unexpert**. *Il n'eſt bien neuf.*
Unexpertly. *Imperitement.*
Unexpoundable. *Inexplicable.*
Unexpreſſable (by words.) *Inexplicable, indicible, ineffable, innarrable.*
Unexpreſſably. *Indiciblement.*
Unexpugnable. *Inexpugnable, impregnable, inforçable.*
Unexterminable. *Inexterminable.*
Unextinguable. *Inextinguible.*
Unfained. *Syncere, ſincere, non feinct, ſans feintiſe, ſimple, vray.*
Unfainedly. *Syncerement, ſimplement, vrayement.*
Unfainedneſſe. *Syncerité, ſincerité.*
Unfaithfull. *Infidele, deſloyal.*
Unfaithfully. *Deſloyalement.*
Unfaithfulneſſe. *Infidelité, deſloyauté.*
Unfallible. *Infallible.*
Unfaſhioned. *Informé, malbaſti.*
To **unfaſten**. *Deficher, desficher.*
Unfaſtened. *Defiché, desfiché.*
To **unfatten**. *Deſgraiſſer, deſgreſſer.*
Unfattened. *Deſgraiſſé, deſgreſſé.*
To **unfeather**. *Diſplumer, deſplumer, deſempenner.*
Unfeathered. *Deſplumé, deſempenné.*
An **unfeathering**. *Deplumation, deſplumation.*
Unfeately. *Improprement.*
Unfeelable, or **unfeeling**. *Impalpable, inſenſible.*
Unfertill. *Infertile, infecond.*
Unfertillneſſe. *Infecondité, infertilité, infecundité.*
To **unfetter**. *Deſtraver.*
Unfettered. *Deſtravé, deſgarotté.*
Unfillable. *Inſatiable.*
To **unfill**. *Deſemplir.*
Unfilled. *Deſempli.*
Unfiniſhed. *Imperfaict.*
Unfit. *Impropre, malpropre, inidoine, inepte, malhabile, incommode, indu, inhabile, impertinent, incompetent, incongrue, indecent, maladroit, inſuffiſant.*
An **unfit** thing. *Inconvenient.*
It is **unfit**. *Il meſſied.*
Unfit to travell or labour. *Impoſt de ſa perſonne.*
Unfitly. *Improprement, incommodement, impertinement, importunement, indecemment, induëment, inhabilement.*
Unfitneſſe. *Incommodité, incongruité, inconvenance, inhabilité, incompetence, impertinence, meſſeance, inſuffiſance.*
Unfitting. *Inconvenable, inconvenient.*
To **unfix**. *Deficher, desficher.*
Unfixed. *Defiché, desfiché.*
To **unfloore** (or pull up a floore.) *Deſplancher.*
Unfloored. *Deſplanché.*
To **unflower**. *Deſaffleurer, deſfleurer.*
To **unfold**. *Deſplier, deſployer, deſvelopper, deſenrouler, expliquer, deſpetrer, deſpliſſer, deſplicer, deſenvelopper, developper, deſrider, deſrouler.*
Unfoldable. *Inexplicable.*
Unfolded. *Deſplié, deſpliſſé, expliqué, deſpetré, deſenroulé, deſvelopé, deſenveloppé, developpé, deſployé, deſridé, deſroulé.*
An **unfolder**. *Expliqueur.*
An **unfolding**. *Deſpliement, deſpliſſure, deſvelopement, deſridement.*
Unfootclothed (uncovered of a footcloth.) *Dehouſſé, deſhouſsé.*
Unforcible. *Inforçable.*
Unformed. *Informé.*
To **unfortifie**. *Deſfortifier.*
Unfortified. *Deſfortifié.*
Unfortunate. *Infortuné, infauſte, malheureux, malencontreux, deſadventureux, defortuné, deſfortuné, deſaſtré, miſerable.*
Unfortunately. *Infortunément, malheureuſement, à la malheure.*
To **unfould** (as ſheepe.) *Deſchamper.*
Unfoulded. *Deſchampé. Voyez* to unfold.
Unfriendly. *Diſſociable.*
Unfrequencie. *Infrequence.*
Unfrequent. *Infrequent.*
To **unfrounce**. *Deffrouncer.*
Unfruitfull. *Infructueux, infertile, ſterile.*
Unfruitfully. *Infructueuſement.*
Unfruitfulneſſe. *Infructuoſité, infecondité, infertilité, infecundité.*
To **unfurnish**. *Deſgarnir, deſmeubler, deſpouiller.*
To **unfurnish** of moveables. *Deſmeubler.*
To **unfurnish** of corne. *Desblaver.*
Unfurniſhed. *Deſgarni, deſmeubé, deſpouillé, deſpourveu, deſprouveu, deſtitué.*
Unfurniſhed of treaſure. *Deſfiancé.*
An **unfurniſhing** of. *Deſpouillement.*
To **ungage**. *Deſgager.*
Ungaged. *Deſgagé.*
An **ungaging**. *Deſgagement.*
Ungainely (or untoward.) *Saugrenu, ſogrenu.*
Ungainefull. *Inutile, incommode.*
Ungainefully. *Inutilement, incommodement.*
Ungentle. *Inhumain, intraictable, intraitable, rude.*
Ungently. *Inhumainement.*
Ungentleneſſe. *Inhumanité.*
To **ungild**. *Dedorer, deſdorer.*
Ungilt. *Dedoré, deſdoré.*
To **ungird**. *Deſceindre, deſcengler, deſſangler,*

Ungirt. *Deſceint, deſcenglé.*
To **ungirth.** *Deſſangler, deſcengler, deſſengler.*
Ungirthed. *Deſcenglé, deſſenglé, deſſanglé.*
To **ungive.** *Deſcoler, deſglüer, decoler.*
Ungiued. *Deſcolé, deſglué.*
Ungodly *Impie.*
Ungodlily. *Impiement.*
Ungodlineſſe. *Impieté, irreligieuſeté.*
Ungracious. *Meſchant, ſcelerè, desbauche.*
An **ungracious** wretch. *Scelerat.*
Ungraciouſly. *Meſchamment.*
Ungraciouſneſſe. *Meſchanceté.*
To **ungrapple.** *Deſagrafer, deſgrafer, deſgrapher.*
Ungrapled. *Deſagraſé, deſgraſé.*
Ungratefull. *Ingrat.*
Ungratefully. *Ingratement.*
Ungratefulneſſe. *Ingratitude.*
To **ungravell.** *Degraver.*
Ungravelled. *Degravé.*
To **ungreaſe** (or purge from greaſe) *Deſgraiſſer, deſgreſſer.*
Ungreaſed. *Deſgraiſſé, deſgreſſé.*
An **ungnent.** *Onguent.*
Ungnerdoned. *Ingnerdonné.*
Ungnilletineſſe. *Innocence.*
Unhabitable. *Inhabitable.*
Unhabited. *Inhabité.*
An **unhabited** place. *Solitude, deſert.*
To **unhaſt.** *Deſmanchet.*
Unhaſted. *Deſmanchè, demanchè.*
An **unhaſting.** *Deſmanchement.*
To **unhalloſe.** *Deſacrer, deſſacrer.*
Unhalloſed. *Deſſacré.*
To **unhalter.** *Deſchevestrer.*
Unhaltered. *Deſchevestré.*
Unhandſome. *Mal-adroit, malavenant, mal-façonné; inhabile, mauvaiſeux, mauplaiſant, meſſeant, diſgratié.*
It is **unhandſome.** *Il ne ſied.*
Unhandſomly. *Indecemment, meſſeamment, mauplaiſamment, inhabilement, incommodement, de guingois, à tyngois.*
Unhandſomneſſe. *Malſeance, Meſſeance, Mauſadreſſe, Inconvenance, Mauplaiſance.*
To doe a thing **unhandſomly.** *Faire le mibandichon.*
To **unhang.** *Dependre.*
Unhanged. *Dependu.*
To **unhang** hangings. *Deſtendre la tapiſſerie.*
Unhappie. *Malheureux, infauſte, infortuné, deſaſtré, deſaduenturenx, diſgratié, mauvais.*
Unhappily. *Infortunément, malheureuſement, à la malheure.*
Unhappineſſe. *Malheur, malheurté, infelicité, infortune, deſaſtre.*
Unharmefull. *Innocent.*
To **unharneſſe** (a horſe.) *Deſharnacher, deſarnacher un cheval.*
Unharneſſed. *Deſharnaché, deſarnaché.*
To **unhaſpe.** *Deſagrafer.*
Unhaſped. *Deſagraſé.*
Unhealable. *Inguerissable, incurable.*
Unhealthfull, or **unhealthie.** *Inſalubre, indiſpos, indiſposé, valetudinaire, debaſté, malſain.*
Unhealthfulneſſe. *Inſalubrité, indiſpoſition, debaitement.*
To **unheape.** *Deſamaſſer, deſentaſſer, desbarder.*
Unheaped. *Deſamaſſé, deſentaſſé.*
Unheard of. *Inoui, maudit, neuf.*
Unhedded. *Impreueu, impourueu.*
Unhedfull. *Negligent. Voyez* Heedleſſe.
To **unhelve.** *Deſmancher.*
Unhelved. *Deſmanché, demanché.*
An **unhelving.** *Deſmanchement.*
To **unhide.** *Deſcacher, demuſſer.*
Unhidden. *Deſcaché.*
Unholeſome. *Inſalubre, mal-ſain; geſteſante, morbifique.*
Unholeſomeneſſe. *Inſalubrité.*
Unhoneſt. *Deſhonneſte, inhonneſte.*
Unhoneſtly. *Inhonneſtement.*
To **unhood.** *Deſaffubler, deſchaperonner, deſcapuchonner.*
Unhooded. *Deſaffublé, deſchaperonné, deſcapuchonné.*
To **unhoodwinke.** *Deſaffubler, Ouuriſſer, deſiller.*
Unhoodwinked. *Deſaffublé, deſillé.*
To **unhook.** *Deſaccrocher, deſcrocher, deſcrocheter, deſgrapher.*
Unhooked. *Deſaccrochè, deſcrochè, deſgraſé.*
Unhoped. *Inſperé, inſperé.*
Unhopefull. *Deſeſperable.*
To **unhorſe.** *Deſchevaler, deſarçonner, deſchevaucher, un homme, deſmonter un homme.*
Unhorſed. *Deſchevalé, deſarçonné, deſchevauché.*
To **unhoſe** (or put off the hoſe.) *Deſchauſſer.*
Unhoſpitable. *Inhoſpitable.*
Unhumane. *Inhumain.*
Unhumanly. *Inhumainement.*
Unhurt. *Non bleſſé, inviolé.*
Unhurtable. *Imbleſſable.*
Unhusbanded. *Inculé, non cultivé.*
To **unhuske.** *Gouſſepiller.*
Unhusked. *Gouſſepillé, dejouſſé.*
To **unjaw.** *Demaſcheurer, deſmandibuler.*
Unjawed. *Demaſcheuré, deſmandibulé.*
An **Unicorne.** *Licorne, Vnicorne.*
Uniforme. *Vniforme.*
Uniformely. *Vniformément.*
Uniformitie. *Vniformité.*
Unimaginable. *Inimaginable.*
Unimitable. *Inimitable.*
Unindifferencie. *Iniquité.*
Unindifferent. *Inique.*
Uninhabited. *Vaſte, inhabité.*
Uninterminable. *Irrevocable.*
Uninterminible. *Irrémittent.*
Uninterreable. *Inexorable.*
Unjoyned. *Deſjoinct.*
To **unjoint.** *Desboiſter, desboeter.*
Unjointed. *Desboeté, deloché, desboiſté, deboité.*
An **union.** *Vnion, Vnité.*
To **unite.** *Vnir.*
United. *Vni.*
An **unitie.** *Vnité, vnion, menade.*
An **uniting.** *Vniment, unité.*
Univerſall. *Vniverſel.*
Univerſally. *Vniverſellement.*
Univerſalitie. *Vniverſité.*
The **univerſe,** or **univerſall** world. *Univers, tout le monde.*
An **Univerſitie.** *Vniverſité, academie.*
Unjuſt. *Injuſte, ixique, indu, tortionnaire, deſraiſonnable.*
Unjuſtly. *Injuſtement, induement, à tort, tortionnairement.*
Unjuſtice. *Injuſtice.*
Unkembed. *Non peigné, biré.*
Unkind. *Dur, rude, deſnaturé.*
Unkindly. *Deſaiſonné.*
Unkindneſſe. *Rudeſſe, dureté.*
Unkinged. *Deſcoppé.*
An **uncle.** *Oncle.*
To **unknit.** *Deſnoüer.*
Unknit. *Deſnoüé.*
An **unknitting.** *Deſnouëment, deſnoüeure.*
To **unknow.** *Deſcognoiſtre, decognoiſtre.*
Unknowne. *Deſcognen; Neuf, ſourd, inglorieux.*
Unknowingly. *Inſciemment.*
To **unlace.** *Deſlacer.*
Unlaced. *Deſlacé.*
Unladen (as a ſhip, or boate.) *Deſchargé.*
To **unlath.** *Deſlatter.*
Unlathed. *Deſlatté.*
Unlawfull. *Illicite, illegitime.*
Unlawfully. *Illicitement.*
Unlawfulneſſe. *Illegalité.*
To **unlearne.** *Deſapprendre.*
Unlearned. *Indocile, illetré, ignoran, imperit.*
Unlearnedly. *Indoctement, imperitement.*
To **unleave** trees. *Effeuiller, deſeuiller.*
To **unleave** (or unleafe) a vine. *Deſpampré, deſpamper.*
Unleaved. *Deſeuillé, effeuillé.*
An **unleaving.** *Effeuillement.*
Unleavened. *Azime, ſans levein.*
Unleſſe. *Sinon, Si non.*
Unlike. *Diſſemblable, impar, inegal; mal-ſeant, ſurde.*
Unlikely. *Inegalement.*
An **unlikely** thing. *Abſurdité.*
Unlikelineſſe. *Diſſemilitude, inequalité, inegalité.*
Unlimited. *Sans limites, ou, borné; interminé.*
To **unline** (or take out the lining.) *Deſdoubler.*
Unlined. *Deſdoublé.*
To **unload.** *Deſcharger, deſcombrer.*
To **unload** a ſhip, or boat. *Deſcharger.*
Unloaden. *Deſchargé, deſcombré.*
An **unloading.** *Deſchargement, deſcombrement.*
To **unlock.** *Ouurir à la clef.*
Unlocked for. *Improueu, inopiné, imprueu, inſperé, inſpiré, repentin, ſoudain.*
To **unloofe.** *Deſlacher, deſlier.*
To **unloofe** draught-horſes. *Deſleimer les chevaux.*
Unloofed. *Deſlaché, delairé, deſgreué.*
Unloofing. *Reſolutif.*
To **unlove.** *Deſaimer.*
Unloved. *Deſaimé.*
Unluckie. *Malheureux, infauſte, infortuné, intempeſtif, deſaſtré, ſiniſtre, diſgratié.*
Unluckilie. *Malheureuſement, à la malheure, ſiniſtrement, intempeſtivement.*
Unluckineſſe. *Malheur, malheurté, infortune.*
Unmade *Informé, non faict.*
To **unmaile** (a coat of maile.) *Deſmailler.*
Unmailed. *Deſmaillé.*
An **unmaiting.** *Deſmaillure.*
Unmanly. *Mailvard.*
Unmannerly. *Incivil, malavenant, importun, immodeſte, mauplaiſant, galochier, irreverent, maudict, mauſade, rude, ruſtique, touſſier, mallaſſi, deſreiglé.*

An

An **unmannerly** lozell. *Vn ruſtault, vn gros touaſſe.*

An **unmannerly** baggage. *Ruſtande.*

Unmannerly (Adverbe.) *Inuiſilement, importunement, mauſadement, ruſtiquement, à la ruſtique.*

Unmannerly parts. *Grobianiſme.*

Unmannerlineſſe. *Inciuilité, irreuerence.*

Unmanured. *Non cultiué, Voyez* Vntilled.

Unmariable. *Immariable.*

To **unmarie.** *Demarier, deſmarier.*

Unmaried. *Deſmarié.*

To **unmaske.** *Deſmaſquer, demaſquer, desbouscher.*

Unmaskt. *Deſmaſqué, desbouché.*

To **unmatch.** *Deſaparier.*

Unmatched. *Deſaparié.*

Unmeaſurable. *Immenſe, immenſurable, immeſurable, incommenſurable, deſmeſuré, infini, exceſſif, dereiglé.*

Unmeaſurably. *Deſmeſurément.*

Unmeaſurableneſſe. *Immenſité, deſmeſurément, infinité, infinitude, exceſſiueté.*

Unmeet. *Indecent, inidoine, indu.*

Unmeete for. *Inhabile.*

Unmeetly. *Indeuëment.*

Unmercifull. *Immiſericordieux, impitoyable, mauuaiſeux.*

Unmercifully. *Immiſericordieuſement.*

Unmercifulneſſe. *Immiſericorde.*

Unmindfull. *Oublieux.*

Unmindfulneſſe. *Oblivion.*

Unmixt. *Immixte, ſimple, vray.*

Unmodeſt. *Immodeſte, desreiglé.*

Unmodeſtly. *Immodeſtement.*

To **unmoore** (a ſhip.) *Deſmarer, demarer.*

Unmoored. *Demaré.*

Unmoueable. *Immobile, immeuble, immobiliaire.*

A thing **unmoueable.** *Immeuble.*

Unmoueableneſſe. *Immobilité.*

To **unmould.** *Demouler.*

Unmoulded. *Demoulé.*

To **unmuffle.** *Deſaffeubler, defeubler, desbouscher.*

Unmuffled. *Deſaffeublé, defeublé, desbouché.*

To **unnaile.** *Deſclouër, deſenclouër.*

Unnailed. *Deſcloüé, deſenclouë.*

Unnaturall. *Deſnaturé.*

To make **unnaturall.** *Deſnaturer.*

To **unneaſtle**, or **unneſt.** *Deſnicher.*

Unneaſtled. *Deſniché.*

Unneedfull. *Non neceſſaire.*

Unnoble. *Ignoble.*

Unnumberable, or **unnumerable.** *Innombrable, innumerable.*

Unnumberably, or **unnumerably.** *Innumerablement.*

Unobedient. *Inobedient.*

Unobſeruant. *Inofficieux.*

Unofficious. *Inofficieux.*

Unofficiouſneſſe. *Inofficioſité.*

Unorderly. *Intemperément.*

Unorderly (Adjective.) *Deſordonné, intemperé.*

Unorderly (Adverb.) *Irregulierement.*

Unouercome. *Invaincu.*

To **unpack.** *Deſempaqueter, desballer, deſpaqueter, deſtrouſſer.*

Unpacked. *Desballé, deſempaqueté, deſpaqueté, deſtrouſſé.*

Unpaid. *Inſolu.*

To **unpaint** (or waſh off painting.) *Deſarder, deſpeindre.*

Unpainted. *Deſardé, deſpeinct, deſpeint.*

To **unpaire.** *Deſaparier.*

Unpaired. *Deſaparié.*

Unpalpable. *Inſenſible.*

Unpardonable. *Irremiſſible.*

Unpartable. *Indiviſible.*

Unpartably. *Indiviſiblement.*

Unpaſſionate. *Impaſſible.*

Unpaſſionateneſſe. *Impaſſibilité.*

Unpatient. *Impatient.*

Unpatiently. *Impatiemment.*

To **unpawne.** *Deſgager.*

Unpawned. *Deſgagé.*

Unpayable. *Inſolvable.*

To **unpearch** *Deſpercher, deſramer.*

Unpearched. *Deſperché.*

To **unpegge.** *Declaueter.*

Unpegged. *Deſclaueté.*

To **unpeople.** *Depopuler, deſpeupler.*

Unpeopled. *Depopulé, deſpeuplé.*

Unperceiuable. *Imperceptible.*

Unperceiueably. *Imperceptiblement.*

Unperfourmed. *Inexecuté.*

Unperiſhable. *Imperiſſable, imperiſſible.*

Unperturbed. *Impaſſible.*

To **unpeſter.** *Deſempeſtrer, deſpeſtrer, depeſtrer, deſmeſler, deſcombrer, desblayer, desbleer, desbleyer, deſcheveſtrer, Debrouiller.*

Unpeſtred. *Deſempeſtré, debrouillé, deſpeſtré, desblayé, deſmeſlé.*

An **unpeſtering.** *Deſcombrement, deſmeſlement.*

Unpierceable. *Impenetrable.*

To **unpile.** *Deſamaſſer.*

Unpiled *Deſamaſſé.*

To **unpin.** *Declaueter.*

Unpinned. *Declaueté.*

To **unpitch.** *Depoiſſer.*

Unpitched. *Depoiſſé.*

To **unplaiſter.** *Deſplaſtrer.*

To **unplaite.** *Deplicer, deſplier, deſpliſſer.*

Unplaitted. *Deſplié, deſpliſſé.*

An **unplatting.** *Deſpliement, deſpliſſure.*

To **unplant.** *Deplanter, deſplanter.*

Unplanted *Deſplanté.*

To **unplant** (artilerie.) *Desbraquer vn canon.*

Unpleaſable. *Implacable.*

Unpleaſant. *Deſplaiſant, mauplaiſant, inſuaue.*

Unpleaſantly. *Maugratieuſement, mauplaiſamment.*

Unpleaſantneſſe. *Mauplaiſance, deſplaiſance.*

Unpleaſing. *Mauplaiſant, deſagreable, maugratieux, malplaiſant.*

Unpleaſingly. *Maugratieuſement, mauplaiſamment.*

Unpleaſingneſſe. *Mauplaiſance.*

Unpocketted. *Deſpoché, depoché.*

Unpoliſhed. *Impoli.*

Unpolluted. *Impollu, incontaminé.*

Unpoſſible. *Impoſſible.*

To **unpouch.** *Depocher, deſpocher.*

Unpouched. *Depoché, depoché.*

Unpoſwerfull. *Impuiſſant.*

Unpoſwerfully. *Impuiſſamment.*

To **unpray.** *Deſprier.*

Unprægnable. *Imprenable.*

Unpremeditated. *Impremeditè, ſoudain.*

Unprepared. *Maupreſt.*

Unpriſable. *Impreciable.*

Unpoſitable. *Inutile, incommode, infructueux, futile.*

Unpoſitablineſſe. *Inutilité, incommodité.*

Unpoſitably. *Inutilement, incommodement.*

To **unpoſt.** *Deſtamper.*

Unpoſted. *Deſtampé.*

Unproper. *Impropre, impertinent, mauſade.*

Unproperly. *Improprement, impertinement, mauſadement.*

Unproperneſſe. *Impertinence.*

Unproſperous. *Malheureux.*

Unprobable. *Improbable.*

Unproued. *Non prouué.*

Unproued. *Maupreſt, improuuen, impouruen, deſpouruen, deſmuni, deſprouuen.*

To take **unproueded.** *Surprendre à l'improuuen, prendre au Gallico, ou, de Gallico.*

Unpunished. *Impuni.*

Unpure *Impur.*

To **unpurple.** *Depourprer.*

Unquenchable. *Inextinguible.*

Unquiet. *Irrequiet, mutin, turbulent, ſeditieux, tempeſtatif, tempeſtueux, tempeſtieux, divers.*

An **unquiet** perſon. *Remuë-meſnage.*

An **unquiet** woman. *Ocriſſe.*

Wantonly **unquiet.** *Semillant.*

Unquietly. *Inquietement.*

Unquietneſſe. *Inquietude.*

To **unrumble.** *Deſarrenger, desfiler.*

Unranked. *Deſarrengé.*

An **unranking.** *Deſarrengement.*

To **unray.** *Deſabiller.*

Unrayed. *Deſabiller.*

Unrazable. *Indelebile, indeleble.*

Unready. *Maupreſt, deſabillé.*

To make **unready** *Deſapareiller.*

Made **unready.** *Deſapareillé.*

A maker **unready.** *Deſapareilleur.*

Unreaſonable. *Irraiſonnable, deſraiſonnable, importun, inique, inſenſé, intempeſtif, outrageux, deſmeſuré, dereiglé.*

Unreaſonably. *Injuſtement, iniquement, intempeſtiuement, deſmeſurément, outrageuſement.*

Unreaſonableneſſe. *Deſraiſon, iniquité, outrage, outrage, deſmeſurement.*

Unrecallable. *Irrevocable.*

Unrecallably. *Irrevocablement.*

Unreceiueable. *Inadmiſſible, irrecevable.*

Unreclaimed. *Sauvage.*

Unreclaimedneſſe. *Sauvageté.*

Unrecompenced. *Ingueredonné.*

Unreconcileable. *Irreconciliable.*

Unrecouerable. *Irrecuperable, inamendable, irreſragable, irremediable.*

Unrecouerably. *Irreparablement.*

Unredeemable. *Irrachetable.*

Unreadable. *Indevidable.*

Unreformable. *Incorrigible.*

Unregarded. *Meſpriſé.*

Unregardfull. *Inconſideré, inconſiderant.*

Unregardfully. *Inconſideréement.*

Unremittable. *Irremiſſible.*

Unremittably. *Irremiſſiment.*

Unremediable. *Irremediable.*

Unremediably. *Irremediablement.*

Unrelentable. *Inflexible, inflechiſſable.*

Unremarkable. *Irremarquable.*

Unrepairable. *Irrecuperable, Irreparable.*

Unrepaſſable. *Irrepaſſable.*

Un=

Unreprehensible. *Irreprehensible, inculpable.*
Unreprehensibly. *Irreprehensiblement.*
Unrespectfull, or **unrespective.** *Irrespectueux, inofficieux, irreverent, mescognoissant.*
Unrespectivenesse. *Inofficiosité, irreverence.*
Unrest. *Inquietude.*
Unrestorable. *Irreparablement.*
Unreturnable. *Irremeable.*
Unrevelable. *Irrevelant.*
Unrevenged. *Non vengé.*
Unreverent. *Irreverent.*
Unreverently. *Irreveremment.*
Unrevokable. *Irrevocable.*
Unrighteous. *Injuste, inique.*
Unrighteously. *Injustement, iniquement.*
Unrighteousnesse. *Injustice, iniquité, impieté.*
To **unrive.** *Desriver.*
Unriven. *Desrivé.*
An **unriveing.** *Desrivement.*
To **unroost** (a bird.) *Desjucher un oiseau.*
Unroosted. *Desjuché.*
To **unroot.** *Desraciner.*
To **unrowle.** *Desenrouler, desrouler, desrollet.*
Unrowled. *Desenroulé, desroulé.*
To **unround.** *Desrondir.*
Unruly. *Desreiglé, licentieux, effrené, intractable, irregulier, desbauché, descolé, intemperé, revesche, revelteux, desobeïssant, desordonné, desmesuré, fascheux à ferrer.*
To be **unruly.** *Se desreigler, desobeïr.*
Unrulily. *Intemperément, irregulierement, desreiglément, desordonnément.*
Unrulinesse. *Desreiglement, irregularité, intemperance, revesscherie, desbauche, desmesurement, desobeïssance, desordre, desroy.*
Unrusted. *Desrouillé.*
To **unsaddle.** *Desseller, desbarder, desbaster.*
Unsaid. *Desdict.*
To **unsain.** *Desdire.*
Unsainable. *Innavigable.*
To **unsalt.** *Dessaler.*
Unsaluted. *Non salué.*
Unsatiable, or **unsatiate.** *Insatiable, goulu, desmesuré.*
Unsatiably. *Insatiablement, desmesurément.*
Unsatiableness. *Insatiabilité, insatiableté, desmesurement.*
Unsavourie. *Insipide, sans sel, ni saugt, mausade, velant.*
Unsavourily. *Mausadement.*
Unsavourinesse. *Insipidité, mausadeté.*
To **unsay.** *Se desdire.*
Unsayd. *Desdit.*
To **unseale.** *Desseeler, descacheter, decacheter une lettre.*
Unsealed. *Descacheté, decacheté.*
Unsearchable. *Inscrutable.*
Unseasonable. *Intempestif, incommode, indu, inepte, mausade, desplaisonné.*
Unseasonableness. *Incommodité, ineptitude, inepsie, mausadeté.*
Unseasonableness of the aire. *Intemperance de l'air, intemperature.*
Unseasonably. *Intempestivement, incommodement, ineptement, mausadement.*
To **unseale** the eyes. *Dessiller les yeux, desfeilloner.*
Unsealed. *Dessillé.*
Unseemely. *Messeant, indecent, incommode, mal-adroit, malavenant, maugratieux, desgratié.*
It is **unseemely.** *Il messied.*
Unseemely (Adverb.) *Messeamment.*
Unseemelinesse. *Malseance, messeance, inconvenance, disgrace.*
Unseene. *Non veu, sans estre veu.*
To **unseeth.** *Descuire.*
Unsensible. *Insensible.*
Unsensiblenesse. *Insensibilité, impassibilité, indoleance, stupeur.*
Unseparable. *Inseparable.*
Unserviceable. *Inutile, inofficieux.*
Unserviceably. *Inutilement.*
Unserviceablenesse. *Inutilité.*
To **unset.** *Desplanter, deplanter.*
Unplanted. *Desplanté.*
Unsetled. *Instable, trouble.*
Made **unsetled.** *Desassewé.*
To make **unsetled.** *Desasseurer.*
Unsetledly *Instablement.*
Unsetledness. *Instabilité.*
To **unshackle.** *Destraver, estraver.*
Unshackled. *Destravé, estravé.*
To **unshade.** *Desumbrer.*
Unshaded. *Desumbré.*
Unshakeable. *Inescroulable, Intecroulable, inexcroulable.*
To **unshale.** *Gossepiller.*
Unshaled. *Goussepillé.*
Unshamefast, or **unshamefaced.** *Effronté, dissoute, impudent.*
Unshamefastly. *Effrontément.*
Unshamefastnesse. *Impudence.*
Unshapen. *Deforme.*
To **unshapen.** *Desaigrir.*
To **unsheath.** *Desgainer.*
Unsheathed. *Desgainé.*
An **unsheathing.** *Desgaine, desgainement, desgainnade, desgainée.*
Unshod (as a man.) *Deschaussé.*
Unshod (as a horse.) *Desferré.*
To **unshoe** (or pull off a mans shooes or hose.) *Deschausser.*
To **unshoe** a horse. *Desferrer un cheval.*
To **unshut.** *Desfermer.*
Unshut. *Desfermé.*
Unsilvered. *Desargenté.*
Unskilfull. *Imperit, simple, indocte.*
Unskilfully. *Imperitement, simplement.*
Unskilfulnesse. *Inscience, bejaunage, bejaunisse, bejauneric, simplicité, simplesse.*
To **unslough** a wild boare. *Desbauger un sanglier.*
Unslaughed. *Desbauge.*
To **unsnare.** *Desfreter.*
Unsnared. *Desreté.*
Unsociable. *Insociable, inassociable, desacostable, intractable, intraictable, dissociable, hagard, rattier.*
Unsodden. *Decuict.*
To **unsolder.** *Dessoulder.*
Unsoldered. *Dessoulde.*
To **unsole** a shooe. *Dissemeler.*
Unsoled. *Dissemelé.*
To **unsole** (or pare away the bottome of a horses foot.) *Dessoler un cheval.*
Unsoled. *Dessolé.*
Unsolide. *Insolide.*
Unsolidely. *Insolidement.*
Unsound. *Vicié, vicieux, oultré, venez insolide.*
Unsoundly. *Insolidement.*
To **unsow.** *Descoudre.*
Unsowed. *Descousu.*
An **unsower.** *Descouseur.*
An **unsowing.** *Descousure.*
To **unspaire.** *Voyez* to Vnbarre, or unbolt.
Unspeakable. *Indicible, inessable, innarrable.*
Unspeakably. *Indiciblement.*
To **unspin.** *Desembrocher.*
Unspun. *Desembroché.*
To **unspot.** *Desbarbouiller.*
Unspotted. *Immaculé, incontaminé, pur, net*
Unstable. *Instable, incostant, labile, muable.*
Unstablenesse. *Instabilité, muabilité.*
Unstably. *Instablement.*
Unstaied. *Intemperé.*
Unstayedly. *Incontinemment, intemperément.*
Unstayednesse. *Intemperance.*
Unsteady. *Instable, muable, gyrouettenx.*
To make **unsteady.** *Desadjuster, desasseurer.*
Made **unsteady.** *Desadjusté, desassuré.*
Unsteadily *Instablement.*
Unsteadinesse. *Instabilité, volubilité.*
Unsteadfast. *Inconstant, instable, muable.*
Unsteadfastly *Inconstamment, instablement.*
Unsteadfastnesse. *Inconstance, instabilité.*
To **unstop.** *Destouper, desboucher, desbouscher, desbander, desbandonner, desoppiler.*
Unstopped. *Destoupé, desbouché, desbandé, desoppilé.*
An **unstopping.** *Desbouchement.*
To **unstrake** a wheele. *Desjanter un rouë.*
Unstraked. *Desjanté.*
To **unstretch.** *Destendre.*
Unstretched. *Destendu.*
An **unstretching.** *Destendure.*
Unstrung. *Desmanché.*
To **unstuffe.** *Desbourrer.*
Unstuffed. *Debourré.*
Unsuable. *Insuable.*
Unsubduable. *Insubjugable.*
Unsubdued. *Invaincu.*
Unsubstantiall. *Insubstantiel.*
Unsufferable. *Insupportable.*
Unsufferably. *Insupportablement.*
Unsufficiencie. *Insuffisance, incapacité.*
Unsufficient. *Insuffisant, incapable, inhabile.*
Unsundred. *Inseparé.*
Unsuperable. *Invincible.*
Unsupportable. *Insupportable, importable.*
Unsure. *Incertain.*
To be **unsure.** *Vaciller.*
Unsurely. *Incertainement.*
Unsureness. *Incertaineté.*
Unsurmountable, or **unsurpassable.** *Insurmontable.*
Unsutable. *Messeant.*
Unsutablenesse. *Messeance.*
To **unswadle**, or **unswathe.** *Desmailloter.*
Unswadled, or **unswathed.** *Desmailloté.*
An **unswadling**, or **unswathing.** *Desmaillotement.*
Unsweet. *Insuave.*
To **unswell.** *Se desenfler.*
Unswelled, or **unswollen.** *Desenflé.*
Untameable. *Indomptable.*
Untamed. *Indompté, sauvage.*
To **untangle.** *Desempestrer.*

Un-

Untangled. *Deſempeſtré.*
Untaught. *Rude.*
To **unteach.** *Deſenſeigner.*
Unteachable. *Indocile.*
To **unteame** draught horſes. *Deſteler les chevaux.*
Untemperate. *Intemperé.*
Untemperateneſſe of weather. *L'indiſpoſition du temps.*
Unthankfull. *Ingrat, meſcognoiſſant.*
Unthankfulneſſe. *Ingratitude, meſcognoiſſance.*
To **unthicken.** *Deſpeſſir.*
Unthickned. *Deſpeſſi.*
Unthought of. *Inopiné.*
Unthought of before. *Impremeditè.*
To **unthreaten.** *Deſmenacer.*
An **unthrift.** *Prodigue, bobancier, vn terrible ſacre, gaſpilleur, compagnon du berlan.*
Unthriftie. *Deſpenſier, desbauché, prodigal. Voyez* a Spendthrift, waſte-good.
Unthriftily. *Prodigalement.*
Unthriftineſſe. *Bobance, desbauche, bobans, Prodigalité.*
To **unthrone.** *Deſtroner, detbroner, dethroſner.*
To **untie.** *Deſlacher, deſlier, deſnouër, deſlacer, reſouldre.*
To **untie** the codpeece point. *Debraguetter, desbraguetter.*
Untied. *Neſoiu, deſlaché, deſlié, deſnoüé, deſlacé, deſgaroté, deſroté.*
Untying. *Reſolutif.*
Until. *Iuſques, juſques à.*
Untilled. *Inculivé, non labouré, larvin, en friche, en friez.*
Untimely. *Intempeſtif, indu.*
Untireable. *Indefatigable, infatigable.*
Unto *A.*
Unto the. *Au, à l', à la.*
Untoleiable. *Intollerable.*
To **untombe.** *Detomber.*
Untouchable. *Immaterviel, intouchable, intractable, intraitable.*
Untouched. *Non touché.*
Untoward. *Saugrenu, ſogrenu, perverſ.*
Untowardly. *Perverſement.*
Untowardneſſe. *Perverſité.*
Untractable. *Intractable, inflexible, inflechiſſable, intraictable, reveſche, rude, roide, ſevere.*
Untractably. *Severément.*
Untractableneſſe. *Rudeſſe, roideur, ſeverité.*
To **untrap** (a horſe.) *Desharder, deſharnaſſer.*
Untrapped. *Desbardé deſharnaché.*
To **untruck.** *Deſtroquer.*
Untrue. *Menſonger, faulx, fabuleux.*
An **untruth.** *Menſonge, menterie, faulſeté, fable.*
To tell an **untruth.** *Mentir, menſonger.*
Full of **untruths.** *Menteux.*
Untruly. *Menſongevement, fauſſement.*
To **untruſſe** (or undoe a truſſe.) *Desballer, deſtrouſſer.*
Untruſſed (ſo.) *Desballé, deſtrouſſé.*
An **untruſſing.** *Deſtrouſſement.*
To **untruſſe** points. *Deſaiguilletter, deſguilletter, deſlacher.*
Untruſſed. *Deſguilletté, deſlabré, delabré.*
Untruſtie. *Infiable.*
To **untruck.** *Deſtrouſſer.*
Untucked. *Deſtrouſſé.*
To **untwine,** or **untwiſt.** *Deſtordre, deſſiler, desfiler.*
To **untwiſt,** or **untwine** a ſtring. *Deſcorder vne corde, deſcorde ler.*
Untwined, or **untwiſted.** *Deſentortillé, deſſilé, deſcordé, deſtordeſé.*
An **untwining,** or **untwiſting.** *Deſſileure.*
An **untying.** *Deſnouëment, deſnoüeure.*
Unvadeable. *Immarceſſible.*
To **unvaile.** *Deſvoiler.*
Unvailed. *Deſveilé.*
Unvalnable *Impreciable.*
Unvanquiſhable. *Invincible, inſuperable, inſurmontable.*
Unvanquiſhed. *Invaincu.*
Unvariable. *Invariable.*
To **unvault.** *Devoutrr.*
Unvaulted. *Devouté.*
Unvincible. *Invincible.*
Unviolable. *Inviolable.*
Unuſed. *Inuſité, inſolite, neuf.*
Unuſuall. *Inuſité.*
Unutterable *Inenarrable, ineſſable.*
Unwares, or **unawares.** *Inopiné. Voyez* Vnawares.
Unwarily. *Inadvertamment.*
Unwarineſſe. *Inadvertence.*
Unweariable. *Indefatigable, infatigable.*
To **unwearie.** *Deſlaſſer.*
Unwearied. *Deſlaſſé.*
To **unweave.** *Deſliſtre, desfiler, deſourdir, deſtiltre.*
To **unwed.** *Deſmarier, demarier.*
Unwedded. *Deſmarié.*
Unweldie, or **unweildie.** *Impoſt de ſa perſonne, inhabile, mal-adroict, mathabile, malaiſé de ſa perſonne, bobulaire, tardif.*
To wax **unweldie.** *S'appeſantir.*
To make **unweldie.** *Appeſantir.*
Made **unweldie.** *Appeſanti.*
A making **unweldie.** *Appeſantiſſement.*
Unweldily. *Inhabilement, tardivement.*
Unweldineſſe. *Inhabilité, tardiveté.*
Unwheeme. *Maladroit. (Vieil mot.)*
Unwholeſome. *Comme* Vnholeſome, *lequel voyez.*
Unwilling. *Involontaire, detalenté, qui fait à regret.*
Unwillingly. *A regret.*
Unwillingneſſe. *Malcontentement.*
Unwindable. *Indevidable.*
To **unwind.** *Deſpeſtrer, deſourdir, deſtortiller.*
Unwiſe. *Imprudent, maladviſé, malaviſé, inſipient, ſot, non ſage.*
Unwiſely. *Imprudemment, ſottement.*
Unwitherable. *Immarceſſible, intariſſable.*
Unwithered. *Defané.*
Unwitting to me. *A mon deſceu.*
Unwitting to him. *A l'inſceu de luy.*
Unwittingly. *Imprudemment, inſciemment.*
Unwont, unwonted. *Inſolite, inuſité.*
Unwontedneſſe. *Deſaccouſtumance.*
Unwoone. *Point uſé.*
Unworthie. *Indigné, vilain, vilein, indague.*
Unworthie uſage. *Indignité.*
Unworthily. *Indignement, à tort.*
Unworthineſſe. *Neantiſe.*
Unwoven. *Deſourdi, deſſiſſu, desfilé, deſentortillé.*
Unwound. *Deſtortillé, deſourdi, deſpeſtré.*
Unwoundable. *Invulnerable, imbleſſable.*
To **unwrap.** *Deſveloper, deſenveloper, developper, deſtortiler.*
Unwrapped. *Deſveloyé, deſenveloppé, developpé, deſtortillé.*
An **unwrapping.** *Deſveloppement.*
To **unwrinkle.** *Deffronce desfrancer, desfrongner, derider, defrider, deſtiſſer.*
Unwrinkled. *Desfroncé, deridé, defridé, deſtiſſe.*
An **unwrinkling.** *Defridement, deſtiſſure.*
To **unwrithe.** *Deſtortiller.*
Unwrithen. *Deſentortillé, deſtortillé.*
To **unyoake.** *Deſaccoupler.*
Unyoaked. *Deſaccouplé.*
A **vocabularie.** *Vocabulaire.*
Vocall. *Vocal.*
Vocation. *Vocation.*
The **vocative** caſe. *Le cas vocatif.*
A **vociferation.** *Vociferation.*
A **voice.** *Voix, ſuffrage.*
Voidance. *Vuidance.*
Voide. *Vuide, vuyde, vague, vain.*
To be **voide.** *Vaquer.*
To **voide.** *Vuider. vuyder.*
To make **voide.** *Mettre, ou, tourner, à neant, revoquer.*
A **voide** ſpace. *Vn vuide.*
Voide (or emptie) ſpaces betweene beds in gardens. *Means, meyans.*
Voided. *Vuidé.*
A **voider.** *Vuideur.*
A **voiding.** *Vuidange, vuidement, vuideure.*
Voiding. *Vuidangier.*
A **voidneſſe.** *Vacuité, inanité, videté, vuidangé, vuydeté, vuydange.*
A **volley** of ſhot (given for the welcome of ſome great perſon.) *Saluë, saluäde.*
A great **volley** of ſmall ſhot. *Scopetarie, escopetterie.*
Volubilitie. *Volubilité.*
Voluble. *Volubile.*
A **volume.** *Volume, tome.*
Voluntarie. *Volontaire, ſpontane.*
A **voluntaris.** *Vn volontaire.*
Voluntarily. *Volontairement, ſpontanement.*
Voluptuous. *Voluptueux.*
Voluptuouſly. *Voluptueuſement.*
Voluptuouſneſſe. *Volupté.*
To **vomit.** *Vomir, regorger.*
Ready, or apt to **vomit.** *Nauſeux.*
A will and offer to **vomit,** but no **vomit.** *Nausée.*
Vomited. *Vomi, regorgé.*
A **vomiting.** *Vomiſſement, regorge.*
The **vomiting** nut. *Noix vomique.*
Vomitive, or **vomitorie** (that provokes to vomit.) *Vomitif, vomitoire.*
Voracitie. *Voracité. Voyez* Ravening, Devouring.
To **vouch.** *Voucher.* ¶ Norm. *Voyez* to Avouch.
A **vouching** in law. *Vouchement.*
To **vouchſafe.** *Daigner.*
Vouchſafing. *Daignant.*
To **vow.** *Vouër.*
Vowed. *Voüé.*
A **vow.** *Voeu, veu, vote.*
A **vowell.** *Voyelle, vocale.*
Vowelled, or made a **vowell.** *Vocalizé.*
A **voyage.** *Voyage.*
A long **voyage.** *Peregrination.*
To go a **voyage.** *Voyager.*
A **voyaging.** *Voyagement.*
Up. *Sus, ſur, hault, enhault, debout, ſusbout, ſuſpied.*
Up there. *Là hault.*
To go **up.** *Monter enhault.*
Gone **up.** *Monté enhaut.*

A going **up**. *Le monter.*
Up-on-end. *Sus bout.*
To **riſe** up. *Lever, s'aſſever.*
Are you **up**. *Eſtes vous levé.*
Up betimes. *Levé de bon matin.*
To **upbraid**. *Reprocher, objicer à, objecter à, improperer, vetraire.*
Diſgracefully to **upbraid**. *Opprobrier.*
Upbraided. *Reproché.*
An **upbraiding**. *Reproche, impropere.*
A diſgracefull **upbraiding**. *Opprobre.*
The **upbraiding** of the ſtomack. *Remors de l'eſtomac.*
To **uphold**. *Souſtenir, maintenir, ſoubſtenir, ſoutenir, patrociner, tenir le menton à.*
Upholden, or **upheld**. *Souſtenu, maintenu.*
An **upholder**. *Manutenteur, putron.*
An **upholding**. *Maintenuë, ſouſtenement, ſoubſtenement.*
Uplands. *Païs montagneux.*
Uplandiſh. *Ruſtique.*
Upon. *Sur, ſus, deſſus, aſſus.*
Upper. *Superieur, plus hault.* (Comparatif.)
The **upper** part of a building. *La montée d'un baſtiment.*
The **upper** face of a plaine. *Rez.*
The **uppermoſt**. *Le plus hault* (de tous, Comparatif.)
An **up-raiſing**. *Reſource, reſſource.*
Upright. *Tout droict, debout.*
Upright. *Sincere, ſyncere, candide, honneſte.*
Uprightly. *Sincerement, candidement, honneſtement.*
Uprightneſs. *Sincerité, integrité, candeur, honneſteté.*
An **upriſing**. *Relevée, reſſource, ſoublvement, ſoubſtevement, intumeſcence.*
An **uproar**. *Tumulte, mutinerie, mutination, beccuſſe, rebeine, ſedition.*
To be in an **uproar**. *Tempeſter.*
To make an **uproar**. *Tumultuer, mutiner.*
Upſide downe. *Sen deſſus deſſous, ſen deſſous deſſus.*
The **upſtilling**, or **upſtitting** of a woman. *Les relevailles, ou relevée d'une femme.*
Upwards. *Emmont, en mont, amont.*
Urbanitie. *Civilité, urbanité.*
An **urchin**. *Heriſſon.*
A ſea **urchin**. *Migraine, heriſſon de mer, urſin.*
Ure. *Uſage, couſtume.*
To **urge**. *Vrger, preſſer, barceler, neceſſiter, ſtimuler, attiner, impulſer, inciter, inſtiguer.*
Urged. *Vrgé, barcelé, impulsé, incité, inſtigué, attiné, redigé.*
Urgent. *Vrgent, neceſſaire, importun.*
An **urgent** occaſion. *Neceſſité.*
Urgently. *Neceſſairement, importunément, inſtamment.*
An **urger**. *Stimulateur, impulſeur, incitateur, inſtigateur.*
An **urging**. *Stimulation, ſtimule, impulſion, incitation, inſtigation.*
Urging. *Impulſif, incitant.*
An **urle** (in blazon.) *Orle.*
Urine. *Vrine, piſſat, date.*
Of, or belonging to, **urine**. *Vrinal vrinaire.*
To **urine**. *Vriner, piller.*
The pipe for paſſage of a womb infants **urine**. *Ouraque, vraque, vrinier.*
An **urinall**. *Vrinal.*
Full of **urine**. *Vrineux.*
Us. *Nous,* (Le cas oblique de We.)
Usage. *Vſage, vſement, vſance, vſ, guiſe, traictement, accouſtumance.*
An **usance**. *Vſance.*
Use. *Vſage, couſtume, vſance, vſement, habitude, habit, habituation, vſure; auſſi, guiſe, maniere, mode, obſervance.*
The **uſe** of a thing. *L'vſufruict.*
To **uſe**. *Vſer, habituer, vſiter, accouſtumer, accoutumer, traicter, manier, actuper.*
To **uſe** a woman. *Accommoder une femme.*
To be or grow out of **uſe**. *Deſaccouſtumer.*
Out of **uſe**. *Deſaccouſtumé.*
Use-money. *Interêt, vſage, vſure.*
Used. *Vſé, vſité, accouſtumé, accoutumé, habituë, manié.*
A **using**. *Vſement, maniement, occupation.*
An **uſher** of a ſchoole. *Soubſmaiſtre, ſoubmaiſtre, ſoumaiſtre, vn ſecond maiſtre.*
An **uſher**. *Huiſſier.*
The office of an **uſher**. *Huiſſerie.*
An **uſing**. *Vſement.*
Uſuall. *Vſité, vulgaire.*
Uſually. *Ordinairement.*
Uſurious (taken, or given for intereſt.) *Vſuraire.*
To **uſurpe**. *Vſurer, occuper.*
To **uſurpe** anothers right. *Enjamber ſur les marches d'autruy.*
Uſurpation. *Vſurpation, occupation.*
Uſurped. *Vſurpé, occupé.*
An **uſurpatrix**. *Vſurpatrice.*
An **uſurper**. *Vſurpateur, intrus.*
An **utenſile** (or uſefull implement.) *Vtenſile.*
Furniſht with **utenſiles**. *Vtenſilé.*
Utilitie. *Vtilité, commodité.* *Voyez* Profite.
Utmoſt. *Superficiel, exterieux.*
To **utter**. *Proferer, relater, reveler.*
To **utter** his minde. *Opiner.*
To **utter** ware (by retaile.) *Debiter (ou, vendre) la marchandiſe.*
Utterance of ware. *Vente de marchandiſe.*
Uttered. *Proferé, revelé; auſſi, debité, vendu.*
An **uttering** of wares. *Debitement.*
Utterly. *Totalement, du tout, tout à fait.*
The **uttermoſt**. *L'extremité.*
Uttermoſt. *Extreme.*
Vulgare. *Vulgaire.*
The **vulgare**. *Le vulgaire, le menu peuple.*
Vulgarely. *Vulgairement.*
Vulnerarie. *Vulneraire.*
A **Vultour**. *Vaultour, vautour.*
The **Vvula**. *Voule, garatte, gargutte, ſaluette.*

W

THe **waddles**, or **wattles** (that hang on either ſide the throat) of ſome hogges. *Goitrons.*
The **waddles** (or ſtones) of cockes. *Marioles.*
To **wade**. *Gayer, guéer, guayer, paſſer à gué.*
Wadeable. *Gayable, guéable.*
Waded. *Gué.*
To **wable** like a duck. *Canter.*
A **wafer**. *Oublie, gauffre, goffre.*
A **wafer-basket**. *Corbeille oubliere.*
A **wafer-maker**. *Oublieur, oublayeur, oubliaux.*
The making of **wafers**. *Oublayerie.*
A **waft** (or ſmell.) *Odeur, adorement.*
To **waft** (or ſmell.) *Odorer.*
Wafted. *Odoré.*
Waftie, or **wafted**. *Vapidé.*
A **wafting** (or ſmelling.) *Odorement, olération.*
To **waft** over. *Tranſporter par eau.*
Wafters (or paſſage barkes.) *Barques de nauleage.*
To **wage**, or lay a **wager**; to **wage** (or hire for reward.) *Salarier, ſalarier, ſtipendier.*
To **wage** warre. *Guerroyer.*
To **wage** law. *Reſtipuler.*
Waged. *Gagé, ſalarié, ſtipendié.*
A **wager**. *Gageure, miſaille.*
To lay a **wager**. *Gager, mettre.*
Wages. *Gages, ſalaire.*
A mariners **wages**. *Singlage.*
A ſouldiers **wages**. *Solde.*
To **wagge**. *Branſler, bocher, ocher, boſcher, tremailler, bavoler, baritonner, vaciller, mouvoir.*
To **wagge** the legges in ſitting. *Gambayer.*
A **wagge**, or **wagge-halter**. *Gaingſte, goinpre, ſagoin, baboin, ſagouin, ſipon de college.*
A madde **wagge**. *Gaultier.*
To **wagge** the taile. *Naquiter de la queuë.*
Let the world **wagge**. *Vogue la galere.*
Wagged. *Hoché, branſlé, ébé, vacillé, meu.*
A **wagging**. *Branſlement, bochement, vacillation, mobilité.*
Wagging. *Baritement.*
Waggiſh. *Saſpet.*
To **waggle**. *Ocher.*
To **waggle** up and downe (or go wigwag.) *Triballer.*
Wa-gird. *Ocbé, triballé.*
A **Wagon**, or **Waggon**. *Char, chariot, vehicule.*
To carry by **waggon**. *Voiturer.*
Waggonage. *Charionage.*
A **Waggoner**. *Charier, roulier, rollier, voiturier.*
A water-**Wagtaile**. *Hoche queuë, levandiere, bergeronnette, gaigne-queuë, botte mare, motacille, mumer.*
The yellow water-**Wagtaile**. *Hauſſequeuë.*
Waie and **waight**. *Voyez* Way & weight.
waifes (and ſtrayes.) *Choſes gueſves, biens vacans, Vuayves.*
To **waile**. *Lamenter.*
Wailed. *Lamenté.*
A **wailing**. *Lamentation.*
Wailefull. *Lamentable.*
A **waine**. *Char, charette, vehicule.*
To carrie by **waine**. *Charier, voiturer.*
A **waine-man**. *Roulier, rollier, voiturier.*
Charles **Waine**. *Le chariot.*
Wainſcot. *Lambris.*
To **wainſcot**. *Lambriſſer, embrancher.*
Antick ingraving or carving in **wainſcot**. *Manequinage, mannequinage.*

Wainſcotted. *Lambriſſé, embrunché.*
Wainſcotting. *Menuiſerie.*
To **waite** for. *Attendre.*
To **waite** on. *Attendre, ſervir.*
To lie in **waite.** *Guetter, aguetter.*
Lien, or laine in **waite** for. *Aguetté.*
A lying in **waite.** *Aguet.*
Waited for. *Attendu.*
Waited on. *Attendu, ſervi.*
Waiting for, or on. *Attendant.*
A **waiting** on or for. *Attendue.*
A **waiting** woman. *Damoiſelle ſervante.*
The **Waites.** *Les haultbois.*
To **waive.** *Gueſver.*
Waived. *Gueſvé.*
A **waiving.** *Gneſvement.*
Waives. *Choſes gueſvés, ou gayves.*
Waiſward. *Proterve, bargneux, rebours, divers.*
A **waiſward** perſon. *Grimauld.*
Waiſwardly. *Protervement, embrageuſement.*
Waiſwardneſſe. *Moroſité, protervie.* Voyez Froward, frowardneſſe.
To **wake.** *Eſveiller, reſveiller, veiller.*
Wake. *Veille.*
Waked. *Veillé, eſveillé, reſveillé.*
Wakefull. *Veillant, vigilant.*
Wakefully. *Vigilamment.*
Wakefulneſſe. *Vigilance.*
A **waking.** *Veillement.*
waking. *Veillant.*
A **waker.** *Eſveilleur, reſveilleur.*
Wake-robin. *Jarrus, pied de veau.*
Wakes. *Veilles, feſtes ruraux, ou du village.*
Wales. *La principauté de galles, vne partie de la grand Britaigne, inhabitée par les deſcendans des anciens Bretons.*
To **walke.** *Se pourmener, promener, marcher.*
A **walke.** *Pourmenoir, marcher.*
To **walke** the **Arreen** (anights.) *Roder les rues.*
Walked. *Pourmené, marché.*
A **walker.** *Pourmeneur.*
A woman **walker.** *Pourmeneuſe.*
A **walking.** *Pourmenement, promenement, pourmenade, pourmenée, marchement, marchure.*
A **wall.** *Mur, muraille, paroy.*
To **wall** or compaſſe with high **walls.** *Murail, hault-murer.*
The **wall** of a houſe. *La paroy.*
A drie **wall** made of lime and morter. *Moulon, moullon.*
Walled. *Muré, muraillé.*
High **walled.** *Hault-muré.*
A **wall-flower.** *Viole jaulne, violette jaulne.*
The **wall-pecker.** *Pic jaulne, Pic de muraille, ternier, Pic d'Auvergne.*
A **wallet.** *Beſace, macault, magault, biſſat, valiſe.*
A beggers **wallet.** *Sac à bribes, beſace.*
A leatherne **wallet.** *Anforge.*
The **wallet-bearer** (among beggers.) *Beſacier.*
A **wall-loſe.** *Punaiſe.*
A **wall-nut.** *Noix, noix royal, noix juglande, noix perſique.*
A **walnut** tree. *Noyer.*
A grove, or orchard of **walnut**-trees. *Noyraye.*
To **wallow.** *Veautrer, tantouiller.*
A puddle where ſwine **wallow.** *Veautroir.*
To **wallow** like a ſeething pot. *Barbater.*
Wallowed. *Veautré.*
A **wallower.** *Veautreur.*
A **wallowing.** *Veautrement.*
Wallowing. *Veautrant.*
The **wallowing** of a ſeething pot. *Barbot.*
Wallowiſh. *Inſipide.*
Wallowiſhneſſe. *Inſipidité.*
Wall-rue. *Sauve-vie.*
Wall-wort. *Hieble, byeble, yeble.*
To **wamble** (as a queaſie ſtomack.) *Alleter.*
A **wand.** *Verge, gaule.*
A hollie **wand,** or riding **wand.** *Houſſine*
To **wander** up and downe. *Vaguer, errer, forcheminer, vaucrer, roder, vagabonder.*
Wandered. *Vagué, forcheminé, rodé, erré.*
A **wanderer.** *Vagabond, rodeur, gaſtepavé.*
A **wandering.** *Erreur.*
Wandering. *Vague.*
A **wandering** huſwife. *Villotiere.*
The **wane** of the moon. *Decours de la lune.*
In the **wane.** *Manque.*
A **waning.** *Manquement.*
Wanne. *Bleſme, terni, bleſſard, paſle, blaſme.*
Somewhat **wanne.** *Blaſſaſtre, bleſmet.*
To wax **wanne.** *Se paſlir, bleſmer, blaſmir, ſeternir.*
Growne **wanne.** *Bleſmi, meurtri.*
The **wanne** marke of beating. *Meurtriſſeure.*
A looking, or waxing **wanne.** *Bleſmiſſement, bleſmiſſeure.*
Wannely. *Paſlement.*
Wannelle. *Paſleur, blaſmeur, terniſſure, bleſmiſſement, bleſmiſſeure.*
To **want,** to be in **want.** *Souffreter, manquer.*
Want. *Diſette, neceſſité, faulte, penurie, beſoing, caranee, carence, povreté, ſouffrette, indigence, meſtier, manque.*
Want of parents or of children. *Orbité.*
Want of children. *Orſanté.*
In **want.** *Neceſſiteux.*
There **wants** not much, there **wants** but a little. *Il ne s'en fault guere.*
A **want** (or mole.) *Voyez* a mole.
A **wanting.** *Manquement, orbité.*
Wanting *Indigent, ſouffreteux, manque.*
Wanton. *Safre, reveleux, fretillant, gimbreteux, folaſtre, mieſureux, mieſure, mignard, mignon, mignot.*
To play the **wanton.** *Falaſtrer, ſolatrer, follimer, gimbreter, vicaſſer.*
A **wanton.** *Fretillard, fretilleur, mariolet.*
A **wanton** girle. *Guilon, ſoffrette, ſafrette.*
A **wanton** trick. *Mariolement.*
Wanton dalliance. *Saffretté, ſafreté.*
Playing the **wanton.** *Ricanant, ricaneux.*
To make **wanton.** *Mollir.*
To make a **wanton** of. *Mignarder, mignardiſer, mignoter, amignoter.*
Wantonly. *Folaſtrément, mignardement.*
Wantonneſſe. *Folatrie, mieſureſſe, folaſtrement, mignardiſe, mignotiſe, molleſſe.*
To **wantonnize** it. *Faire la fringue, vicaner.*
War war. *Guare guare.*
To **warble.** *Fredonner, fredonniſer, gringotir, gringuenotter.*
To **warble** (as birds doe.) *Garioter, gazouiller.*
To **warble** (as a larke.) *Tirelirer.*
The **warbling** of a larke. *Tirelire.*
Warbled. *Fredonnisé.*
A **Warbler.** *Gringuenoteur.*
A **warbling.** *Fredon, gringotis, gringuenotis.*
A **warbling** of birds. *Gazouil, gazouillis.*
Warbling. *Gazouillard, gazouilleux.*
Full of **warbling.** *Fredonneux.*
A **ward.** *Tribu, une portion de la ville de Londres, gouvernée par vn des 24 Senateurs appellez* Aldermen.
A **ward.** *Pupille.*
Ward. *Main-bournie.*
To **ward.** *Faire le guet (de jour) en vne ville, guetter.*
To **ward** a blow. *Parer vn coup.*
Warded. *Guetté.*
A **Warder.** *Guette, guetteur, qui fait le guet.*
A **warding.** *Guettement.*
A **wardſhip.** *La tutele d'un pupille, baillisterie.*
A **warden.** *Gardien, garde.*
A chiefe, or maſter **warden** in a foreſt. *Maiſtre garde en vn foreſt.*
A **warden** (peare.) *Poire de garde.*
A **wardrobe.** *Garderobe, cabinet.*
The Maſter of the Kings **wardrobe.** *Argentier du Roy.*
Ware. *Denrée, marchandiſe.*
Small **ware.** *Mercerie.*
To **ware.** *Garrer.*
Ware that. *Sec.* ℣ Rab.
A **ware-houſe.** *Magazin, fundigue, fundique, repoſitoire.*
A **warehouſe** man. *Marchand groſſier.*
The **ware-band** of a milſtone. *Nille.*
A **wargiaſſe.** *Glaiu.*
Warie. *Caut, reſervé, ſageraut, accort, regardant, reſpargnant, reſpectif.*
A **warie** fellow. *Vn bon meſnager.*
The **wariangle.** *Pie grieſche.*
Warily. *Accortement, cautement, l'oeil tendu au bois.*
Warineſſe. *Accortiſſe, accortiſe, frugalité, ſoing, meſnagement, reſpargne.*
Warlike. *Belliqueux, martial.*
Warlike diſcipline. *Milice.*
Warme. *Chaud.*
Luke **warme.** *Tiede.*
To **warme.** *Chauffer, tieder, tiedir, baſſiner, eſchauffer, eſchauſer.*
To **warme** againe. *Reſchauffer.*
To wax **warme.** *Se tiedir.*
Warmed *Chauffé, eſchauffé, eſchauſé, tiedi, baſſiné.*
A **warming.** *Eſchauffement, eſchauſaiſon, baſſinement, eſchauſeture.*
A **warming-pan.** *Baſſinoire, reſchauffoir.*
Warming. *Calfactif.*
Warmely. *Tiedement.*
Warmeneſſe, or **warmth.** *Chaleur, caliditè, tiedeur, tiedeté.*
To **warne.** *Admoneſter, remonſtrer.*
To **warne** to appeare. *Citer, adiourner.*
Warned. *Admoneſté, remonſtré.*
A **warner.** *Admoneſteur, monitteur.*
A **warning.** *Admoneſtement, admonition, monition, remonſtrance, remonce, ſemonce.*
Warning. *Monitoire.*

The

The **Warpe** (of cloth.) *Eſtain, ourdiſſeure.*
To **warpe** (cloth.) *Ourdir de la toile, ordir.*
Warped. *Ourdi, ordi.*
A **warper.** *Ourdiſſeur.*
A **warping.** *Ourdiſſeure, ordiſſeure.*
A **warrant.** *Garant, garent, garand, guarent, mandement.*
To **warrant.** *Garantir, guarantir.*
To **warrant** in law. *Deſcombrer.*
Warranted. *Garanti, garenti.*
A **warranting, warrantie,** or **warrantiſe.** *Garantage, garantie, garentiſſement, garentage, garentie.*
A **warrantour.** *Garentiſſeur.*
A **warranting** in law. *Deſcombrement.*
Warre. *Guerre, guerroyement.*
Civill **warre.** *Guerre civile.*
Open **warre.** *Guerre guerroyable.*
To **warre,** or make **warre.** *Guerroyer, faire la guerre, guerrier, militer.*
A man of **warre.** *Homme de guerre, gendarme, ſoldat.*
Warfare. *Milice, guerre, guerroyement.*
To go on **warfare.** *Militer, ou comme* to warre.
Warred. *Guerroyé.*
A **warre-horſe.** *Cheval de ſervice, deſtrier, vouſſia de ſervice.*
Warreable. *Guerroyable.*
A **warren.** *Garrenne.*
Haunting, or loving **warrens.** *Garrenneux.*
Warrenned, made into a **warren.** *Garrenné.*
A **warrenner.** *Garrenier.*
A **warring.** *Guerroyement.*
warring. *Guerroyant.*
A **warriour.** *Guerroyeur, Guerrier.*
A **wart.** *Verruë, Petas.*
Wartie, full of warts. *Verrueux.*
wart wort. *Verrucaire, queuë de ſcorpion, heliotrope,* Voyez Turneſol.
To **waſh.** *Laver, reinſer.*
To **waſh** (or water) a horſe. *Guéer vn cheval.*
waſhed. *Lavé.*
Ill **waſhed.** *Miulavé.*
The water wherein a thing hath beene **waſhed.** *Laveure.*
A **waſher.** *Laveur.*
A **waſher-woman.** *Lavandiere, Buandiere.*
A **waſhing.** *Lavement, laveure, lavage.*
A **waſhing** place, or place to waſh in. *Lavoir, Buãderie, lavatoire.*
A **waſhing** away. *Ablution.*
waſhing away violently. *Lavacier.*
waſhings for hogs. *Livailles.*
A **waſpe.** *Gueſpe, gaupe.*
A neaſt, of ſwarme of **waſpes.** *Gueſpier, gueſpée.*
waſpiſh. *Divers.*
A **waſpiſh-dame.** *Gueſpine.*
A **waſt.** *Vn vuide.*
Waſt. *Vuide.*
The **waſt** of the body. *Le faux du corps.*
Waſt *Degaſt, deſcheance, ruine, vague.*
To **waſt.** *Gaſter, deſgaſter, uſer, conſumer, tabifier, definer, bobancer, gaſpiller, degaſter, ruiner, deſpendre tout.*
To **waſt,** or lay **waſt,** a countrie. *Ravager, ſaccager, depopuler.*
To **waſt** (or pine) away. *S'alambiquer, ſeicher.*
A **waſt** (deſart, or untilled ground.) *Meze, herme, rie, riets, terre vaine, terre eſtant en toppe.*
A **waſt-coat.** *Camiſole.*
Waſted. *Gaſté, degaſté, deſgaſté, gaſpillé, definé, deſpendu, uſé.*
Waſted with ſickneſſe. *Aſſodé.*
Waſted (or pined) away. *Alambiqué, havé, tabiſié.*
A **waſter,** or **waſt-good.** *Gaſpilleur, bobancier, degaſteur, deſgaſteur, deſpendeur, deſpenſier.*
Waſtfull. *Deſpendeux.*
Waſtfulneſſe. *Sumptuoſité, ſomptuoſité.*
A **waſting.** *Gaſtement, degaſtement, vaſtation, definement, uſement, ſeichement, bobance, bobans.*
waſting. *Tabide, definant.*
To **watch.** *Veiller, guetter, obſerver, ſpeculer.*
To **watch** very narrowly. *Reguetter.*
To **watch** and ward. *Faire le guet, tenir le guet.*
To **watch** one. *Guetter, eſpier quelqu'un, mouchарder, obſerver, mirer.*
A **watch.** *Guet.*
A ſtill night **watch** (as in warre.) *Patrouille.*
A **watch** (or little clocke that ſtrikes not.) *Monſtre.*
watchable. *Guettable.*
watched. *Veillé, guetté, obſervé, miré.*
A **watcher.** *Guetteur, ſpeculateur.*
Watchet (colour.) *Pers, couleur pers, ou, perſe.*
watchfull. *Veillant, vigilant.*
Watchfully. *Vigilamment.*
Watchfulneſſe. *Vigilance.*
A **watching.** *Veillement, guettement, ſpeculation.*
Watching. *Veillant, guettant.*
A **watch-man.** *Guette.*
A **watch-tower** (of timber.) *Baſtroy, bauſtroy, beffroy.*
A **watch-word.** *Mot de guet.*
A **watch-maker.** *Orologeur.*
water. *Eaue, argue.*
Holy **water.** *Eau beniſte, Eau Gringoriane.*
To **water** *Arrouſer.*
To make **water.** *Faire de l'eau, piſſer, urimer.*
To **water** an horſe. *Abbreuver vn cheval, guéer vn cheval.*
To **water** hemp. *Rouir du chanvre.*
Salt-**water.** *Marée.*
Water-archer. *Sagette.*
To **water** beaſts. *Abbreuver.*
The **water-chaine** of a bit. *Cecilianc, ciciliane.*
A **water** courſe. *Aquiduct.*
The **water-courſe** of a **water** mill. *Gourgue de moulin.*
A **water** drinker. *Boileau, Boileſve.*
A ſtanding **water.** *Eau ſtagnante.*
Watered. *Arrouſé, abbreuvé.*
Fit to be **watered** *Arrouſable.*
A **watering.** *Arrouſement, arrouſage, arroſement.*
A **watering** of horſes, or cattell. *Abreuvement.*
A **watering** place for horſes. *Abbreuvoir.*
A **watering** pot. *Arrouſoir.*
Waterih *Aqueux, argueux, aquatique, humide, ſereux.*
Waterie, that hath lien in **water.** *Aquatil.*
Waterifhneſſe. *Aquoſité, humidité, moiteur.*
The **waterifhneſſe** of the bloud. *Seroſité.*
A **watering** place. *Aiguade.*
A **water** horſe. *Hippopotame, cheval aquatique, cheval de riviere.*
The **water** lillie yellow. *Jaune d'eau, jaunet d'eau.*
A **water-man.** *Batelier, matelot.*
A **water-mill.** *Moulin à eau.*
A **water-nut.** *Tribule aquatic, truffe, ſalicot.*
water-pepper. *Poyve aquatique.*
A **water-pile** ſledge. *Hie.*
A **water-pot.** *Hydrie.*
A **water-ſnake.** *Hydre.*
The **water-ſpider.** *Tipule.*
A holy-**water** ſtock or pot. *Beneſtier, benoiſtier.*
A **water-ſwallow,** *Comme* a Wagtaile.
water-tuych. *Flambart, herbe à maſſes, mache, vouſeau.*
The **wattles** of a hogge. *Goitrons.*
A **wave.** *Vague, onde, flot.*
A great **wave** of the ſea. *Oule.*
A little **wave.** *Ondelette, ondette.*
To **wave.** *Ondoyer, onder, ondeler, ſerpeger, ſerpenter.*
To runne or poure downe by **waves.** *Ondeler.*
Waved. *Ondoyé, ondé, ondelé.*
Wavie, full of **waves.** *Vagueux, vagueux, vagueux.*
A **waving.** *Ondoyement, undiculation.*
Waving. *Ondoyant.*
To **waver.** *Vaciller, vaciler, bavoler, volatiliſer, voleter.*
Wavered. *Vacillé.*
A **wavering.** *Vacillation, inſtabilité, mobilité, muableté, incertitude, incertaineté, inconſtance.*
wavering. *Inſtable, inconſtant, variable, tyrouetteux, vertical, incertain, voluble.*
Waveringly. *Inconſtamment.*
To **wawle.** *Hoüailler, criailler.*
Wax. *Cire.*
To **wax.** *Cirer, encirer.*
To **wax** (grow, or become.) *Croiſtre, devenir.*
Waxed, or **waxen.** *Enciré; auſſi, creu, devenu.*
A **way.** *Chemin, voye, voïe, voirie, route, traicte, train.*
A **way** (or paſſage.) *Paſſage.*
A **way** or manner. *Maniere, mode, moyen.*
A **way** much beaten (or worne.) *Chemin rompu, rottine.*
The high-**way,** or Kings high-**way.** *Le chemin royal, le grand chemin, le grand quarroy.*
A by-**way.** *Va deſtour.*
A beaten **way.** *Chemin fraye, rottine.*
A croſſe **way** where many wayes meet. *Quarre-four.*
By the **way.** *En paſſant.*
To be in the **way.** *Occurrer.*
To give **way.** *Ceder, ſuccomber.*
To ſhew the **way** unto. *Mettre en train, acheminer.*
Set in the **way.** *Acheminé.*
A ſetting in the **way.** *Acheminement.*

Out of the **way**. *Desvoyé, fourvoyé, forcheminé.*
To go out of the **way**. *Desvoyer, fourvoyer, forcheminer, fovoyer.*
The **wayes** (or addresses to a house or or place.) *Les aistres, ou estres d'une maison, agiers, adresses.*
The high **way** for carts, wagons, &c. *La roule.*
Halfe **way**. *Michemin.*
Many **waies** *En maintes sortes.*
Way-bred. *Plantain.*
Waylaring. *Peregrination.*
A **waylaring-man**. *Voyagier, viateur, passant.*
The **Waylaring** tree. *Viburne, mausane, viorne.*
A **way-layer**. *Guetteur des chemins.*
To **wayde**. *Gayer.*
Wayed. *Gayé.*
Wayes. *Choses gayées. Voyez* Waifes, and Waives.
Weake. *Foible, debile, imbecille, flaque, flache, malhabile, obié, veule, inhabile, insolide, insuffisant.*
Weake of courage. *Pusilamine.*
To **weaken**. *Affoiblir, debiliter, alentir, allentir, alantir, macerer, mehaigner, obier, invalider.*
Weakened. *Affoibli, debilité, alenti, allenti, macerè, maleficié, mehaigné.*
A **weakening**. *Affoiblissement, debilitation, alentissement, maceration.*
Weakely. *Foiblement, debilement, imbecillement, inhabilement, insolidement, mortement.*
Weakenesse. *Foiblesse, debilité, obie, inhabilité, insuffisance.*
Extreme **weakenesse** of body. *Mehaing.*
Aged **weakenesse**. *Caducité.*
Weale. *Bien.*
The common-**weale**. *Le bien public.*
Wealth. *Richesse, biens, opulence, chevance, gaze, capital.*
Wealthy. *Opulent, riche, aisé.*
A **wealthie** chuffe. *Richereau.*
Wealthily. *Opulemment, opulentement, richement.*
Wealthinesse. *Opulence, ou, Comme* Wealth.
To **weane**. *Sevrer, surer.*
Weaned. *Sevré.*
Weaning. *Sevrant.*
A **weapon**. *Arme.*
Weapons. *Armes.*
Weaponlesse. *Sans armes, desarmé.*
A **weare**. *Gort.*
A **weare** for Fish. *Nasse, nasserie, nasser.*
To **weare**. *Vser.*
To **weare** clothes. *Porter habits.*
To **weare** away. *Ronger, miner.*
A **wearing**. *Vsage, vsement.*
A **wearing** away. *Rongement.*
Wearing away.
Weary. *Las, recreu, alangouri.*
To grow **weary**. *S'alangourir.*
To **wearie** with words. *Attedier.*
To make **wearie**. *Fatiguer, lasser, relasser.*
To **wearie** out with overtoyling. *Harasser, hoder, attedier.*
Wearie of his life. *Assodé.*
Wearied. *Lassé, fatigué, rompu de travail, recreu, recru, recreant, tanè, attedié.*
Wearied out by over-toiling. *Harassé, attedié.*
A **wearinesse**. *Lassitude, Recreance.*
A **wearying**. *Attediation.*
Wearisomenesse. *Hodé.*
The **weason**. *Gargouille, oeson, mery.*
The **weason** of a bird. *Larguen, herbiere.*
Weather. *Temps.*
Boistefous **weather**. *Tempeste.*
Faire **weather**. *Beau temps.*
Darke or gloomie **weather**. *Temps morne.*
To **weather**. *Mettre à l'essor.*
A **Weather**. *Mouton.*
Weathers. *Moutonnaille.*
A **weather-cocke**. *Girouette, gyrouet, gyrouette, coq d'eglise.*
To **weave**. *Tistre, tramer, tramailler*
A **weaver**. *Tisserand, tissier, tramailleur, tissotier.*
A linnen **weaver**. *Telier.*
A woman **weaver**. *Tisserande, tissiere.*
A **weavers** cloth beame. *Ensouplean, rouet.*
A **weavers** yarne beame. *Ensouple, ansouple.*
A **weaving**. *Texture, tisseure, tissure.*
A **webbe**. *Toile, texture.*
A **webbe** of lead. *Toye.*
A **webbe** in the eye. *Maille en l'oeil, onglée en l'oeil, taye en l'oeil.*
To **wed**, or **wedde**. *Marier, se marier.*
Weddable. *Mariable.*
Wedded. *Marié.*
Wedded to his owne opinion or will. *Opiniastre.*
As one **wedded** to his owne will. *Opiniastrement.*
A **wedding**. *Mariage, nopces, hymenée, mariement.*
Of, or belonging to, a **wedding**. *Nopcier, nuptial, hymenean.*
A **wedding** song. *Hymenée.*
A **wedge**. *Coing.*
To cleave with a **wedge**. *Coigner.*
A **wedge** of metall. *Masse.*
Wedlocke. *Mariage, Nopsage, Nopsage, Matrimonie.*
Wednesday. *Mercredi.*
Wee. *Nous.*
A **weebit** (*of* Northerne.) *Muquée, bupée.*
A **weed**. *Vestement.*
A Friers **weed**. *Manteline.*
A **weed**. *Herbe sauvage, ou, vicieuse.*
To **weed**. *Sarcler, sercler, serfoüer, sarfoüir.*
Weeded. *Sarclé, serfoüé.*
A **weeder**. *Sarcleur, sercleur.*
A **weeding**. *Sarclement, sarfoüage, sercleure.*
A **weeding-hooke**. *Sarcloir, sarclet, serfoët, sarfoüette, sarfoët.*
A **weeke**, *Sepmaine, semaine.*
One that workes by the **weeke**. *Semainier.*
weekely. *Semainier.*
The **weeke** of a candle. *Meiche, moucheron.*
The **weeke** of a linke, or torch. *Faron.*
A little **weeke**. *Meicheron.*
A **weele** (for fish.) *Nasse, nassiere, nasserie.*
To **weene**. *Penser, supposer. Voyez* to think, and to suppose.
A **weening**. *Opinion.*
To **weepe**. *Pleurer, larmoyer.*
A **weeper**. *Pleureur, pleurard.*
A **weeping**. *Pleur, pleurement.*
Ever **weeping**. *Pleureux.*
Weeping. *Pleurant.*
A **weesell**. *Belette, moustele, mousteile.*
The **weesle** (or weason of the throate.) *Gargouille.*
A **weevill** (that devoures corne.) *Calandre, calendre, bequeru, calande, carcaillon, mourin.*
A **weigh** (of cheese.) *Le poids de 256 livres Anglois.*
To **weigh**. *Peser, poiser, soubpeser, soupeser, souspeser; considerer, ruminer.*
To **weigh** (or peise with the hand.) *Soupeser, soublever.*
To **weigh** ankor. *Lever ancre, soper l'ancre.*
To **weigh** downe. *Oppresser, opprimer, appesantir.*
Weighed. *Pesé, poisé, soupesé; considerè, ruminé.*
Weighed downe. *Oppressé, appesanti.*
Weighed (as an ankor.) *Serpé.*
Weighed with the hand. *Soublevé.*
A **weigher**. *Peseur.*
A **weighting**. *Pesée.*
A **weighting** with the hand. *Soublevement.*
A **weighting** downe. *Appesantissement.*
Weighing. *Pesant.*
Gold **weights**. *Trebuchet.*
A **weight**. *Poids, pesantier, validité.*
A matter of **weight**. *Chose d'importance, de validité.*
Weightie. *Pesant, pondereux, amoreux, momental, valide.*
A **weightie** matter. *Chose de poids, ou de moment, ou comme* A matter of **weight**.
Weightily. *Ponderamment.*
Weightinesse. *Pesanteur, ponderosité.*
Welcome. *Bien-venu.*
A **welcome**. *Bien-venuë.*
To **welcome**, or bid **welcome**. *Bien-vienner, bien-veigner, recueiller, accueillir.*
To pay his **welcome**. *Payer sa bien-venuë.*
Welcommed. *Accueilli.*
A **welcomming**. *Bienvenement.*
Welcomming. *Recueillant.*
Welfare. *Valitude, santé.*
The **welke** (a shelfish.) *Turbin.*
The **welkin**. *Le ciel, ou, firmament.*
Well. *Bien.*
A **well**. *Vn puits, ou, puis.*
Welladay, Wellaway. *Helas.*
Well-borne. *Noble.*
A **well-head**, or **well-spring**. *Source, origine.*
Well now, **well** then. *Or, or bien, orsus.*
Well or ill. *Qu'a-hu quaba, cahin caha.*
A **well-wisher**. *Ami qui desire mon bien.*
A **well-willing** (or wishing.) *Bienveuillance, benevolence.*
Well-willing, well-wishing. *Benevole, bienvoulant.*
A **welshman**. *Vn homme du païs de Galles, ou* **Wales**, *Breton Bretonnant.*
A **welsh-hooke**. *Ranson.*
The **welt** of a garment. *Le gect, orle, bord, ou, bordure d'un vestement, orlure, bande.*

A little **welt**. *Orlet.*
To **welt**. *Orler, border, bander.*
A jagged **welt** of taffata in a garment. *Passe-poil.*
The **welt** of a ſhooe. *Le rivet d'un ſoulier.*
Welted. *Orlé, bordé, bandé.*
Welted over. *Surbandé.*
To **welter** in. *Tantouiller.*
A **welting**. *Orlure, orlement.*
Welts. *Nervures.*
A **wench**. *Garce, garſe, meſchine.*
A little **wench**. *Garcette, garſette.*
A game-ſome **wench**. *Gaudine, gaudinette.*
A ſouldiers **wench**. *Goujate.*
A beaſtly filthy **wench**. *Guenuche.*
To **wench**. *Paillarder.*
A **wencher**. *Paillard, putier, mariolet.*
Wenching. *Paillardiſe.*
A **wenne**. *Loupe, louppe, galbe, boſſe.*
Full of **wenned**. *Loupeux; goitreux, goteux.*
A **wen** (or bunch) under the throat. *Goitre, ſcrofule.*
Went. I **went**. *Paſſay, ou, j'allay. L'imparfaict du verbe,* I Goe.
Wemen. *Femmes (Plurier de woman.)*
Women of low ſtature. *Beaſiles.*
Wept. *Pleuré.*
Fit to be **wept** for. *Pleurable.*
Were. We **were**. *Nous eſtions, nous fuſmes.*
Yee **were**. *Vous eſtiez, vous fuſtes.*
They **were**. *Ils eſtoient, ils furent, L'imperfaict du verbe,* to Bee.
As it **were**. *Quaſi, comme.*
Wert. Thou **wert**. *Tu fuſſes. Second perſonne de l'imparfaict Subjonctif.*
The **weſt**. *L'Occident, ponant.*
The **weſt** winde. *Vent Occidental, vent de ponent, zephyre.*
A **weſt-ſouthweſt** winde. *Vent d'aval.*
Weſterly, weſtern. *Occidental.*
A **weſterly** wind. *Vent ſurillu.*
Weſtminſter. *Nom d'une ville tout-ſoignant à Londres.*
Wet. *Voyez* **Wett**. **Wether**. *Voyez* Weather.
Wett. *Mouillé, moite, humide, trempé, madant, vligineux; auſſi, humeur.*
To **wett**. *Mouiller, humecter, humetter, madefier, tremper.*
A **wetter**. *Trempeur.*
A **wetting**. *Mouillement, humectation, mouillure, trempement.*
Wetneſſe. *Humidité, moiteur, mouilleure.*
Whaie. *Voyez* Whay.
A **whale**, or **whall**. *Baleine, Semedette.*
Whalebones, or **whalebone** bodies. *Baleines.*
A **wharfe**. *Quay.*
Free **wharfage**. *Grue franche.*
What. *Que, quoy, quel, quelle.*
What of that? **What** followes of that? *Que s'enſuit il?*
Whatſoever. *Quelconque.*
Whay. *Maigue, megue, meſgue, laict cler, ſer de laict, relaict, laict aigre, petit laict,* Clarified **whay**. *Eau de laict.*
Whay thickned. *Recuitte de laict.*
Whayie. *Seroux.*
A **wheale**. *Eaurolle, Ærolle, bibette, ampoule.*
Full of **wheales**. *Ampoulé.*
A little **wheale**. *Saliaire.*
Wheate. *Froment, froument.*
Blought **wheate**. *Bled, glas, tuzelle, tuzelle.*
Bucke **wheate**. *Bled ſarraſin, bnil ou millet ſarraſin.*
Cow **wheat**, or Oxe **wheat**, or blacke **wheate**. *Bled ſ'ime, bled noir.*
Typt, bearded, or Roman **wheate**. *Meteil.*
A **wheele**. *Roue.*
A little **wheele**. *Rouëtte, rouët.*
A flea **wheele**, or ballance **wheele** of a clocke. *Roue de rencontre.*
The cog **wheele** of a mill. *Rouët dentelé.*
A notch **wheele** in a clocke. *Roue de conte.*
A ſpinners **wheele**, or ſpinning **wheele**. *Rouët, rhombe.*
A tortering **wheele**. *Garouche.*
A turners **wheele**. *Un tour.*
A water **wheele**. *Roue d'un puits, qui ſert à puiſer l'eau.*
To **wheele** about. *Rouër, faire la roue, rondeler, virer, vire-voulter, virevolter.*
To turne a ſpinning **wheele**. *Rouëter.*
Wheelage, wheeles, wheelewoghe, furnicure of **wheeles**. *Rouage.*
A **wheele**-barrow. *Berroüet, brouette.*
Wheeled, wheeled about. *Roüé.*
A **wheeling**. *Rouëment, un rouer.*
A **wheeling** round. *Virade, revirade, virement.*
To **wheele**, or **wheale**. *S'enrouër.*
Wheeling. *Enroué.*
A **wheeling**. *Enrouëment, enrouëure.*
Wheelingly, like one that **wheeleth**. *Enrouëment.*
A **wheike**. *Voyez* a wheale.
A **wheipe**. *Chienot, le petit d'une chienne.*
The Bitch hath **wheiped**. *Latice a mis bas.*
When. *Quand.*
Juſt, **when**. *Ainſi que, à l'heure que.*
Whence. *D'ou, d'ond.* ℣ Rab.
Whenſoever. *Quand, en tel temps que, enqual temps que ce ſoit.*
Where. *Où.*
Where as. *Où, là où.*
Wherefore. *Pourquoy.*
Wherein. *Enquoy.*
Whereof. *Duquel, de laquelle, dont, d'ou.*
Whereſoever. *Enlous lieux, enquel lieu que ce ſoit.*
Whereto. *A quoy, à que.*
A **wherle**. *Voyez* a wherne.
A **wherrie**. *Batteau.*
A **wherrit** on the eare. *Soufflet, coup de poing.*
A backe **wherrit**. *Un revers, ou, coup de revers.*
A **wherve**, or **wherle**, to put a ſpindle on. *Peſon, pezon, verteau, ou, verteil de fuſeau.*
Whether. *Si, à ſçauoir mon ſi.*
Whether of the two. *Lequel des deux.*
To **whet**. *Eſguiſer, eguiſer, aguiſer, affiler.*
Whetted. *Eſguiſé, aguiſé, affilé,*
whetter. *Eſguiſeur, affileur.*
A **whetting**. *Aguiſement, affilement, affileure.*
A **whey**. *Maigue. Voyez* Whay.
Which. *Qui, que, quel.*
The **which**. *Lequel, Laquelle(*
Which way. *Par où.*
Whig. *Babeure.*
While. *Pendant, pendant que,*
A great **while**. *Long temps.*
A little **while**. *Peu de temps.*
A **while** agoe. *Naguerres, depuis n'aguerres, depuis peu de temps, il n'y aguerres.*
But a **while**. *Guere.*
After a **while**, or within a little **while**. *En peu de temps, bien toſt.*
Whilſt that. *Cependant que, ainſi que, à l'heure que, attendant que, pendant que.*
A **whim-whom**. *Rabiole.*
Whim. *Voyez* Cammocke, or reſt-harrow.
Whin-berries. *Airelles, aurelles, des moves.*
To **whine**. *Pleurer, ſe lamenter, ſe plaindre, boigner, bogner.*
Whined. *Pleuré.*
A **whiner**. *Pleureur, pleureard.*
A **whining**. *Pleurement, boigne.*
To **whinnie**. *Hannir. Voyez* to neigh.
To **whinnie** after mares. *Rouſſiner.*
A **whip**, or **whippe**. *Fouët, flagelle.*
To **whip** a top. *Saboter.*
To **whip** the Cat. *Deſchauſſer Bertrand.*
The **whip** of a ſhips rudder. *Le timon.*
Whipped. *Fouetté, fuſtigué, flagellé.*
Whipped as a top. *Saboté.*
Worthie to be **whipped**. *Fouettable.*
A **whipper**. *Fouëtteur.*
A **whipping**. *Fouëttement, fouettade, Flagellation, fuſtigation.*
To **whirken**. *Noïer, Noyer, Nayer en l'eau, Suffoquer.*
Whirkened. *Noïé, noyé, ſuffoqué.*
A **whirkening**. *Suffocation.*
To **whirle**. *Rouër, pirouëtter, virevoulter, giter, Rénirer.*
A **whirle**. *Rhombe, virevolte, virade.*
Whirled. *Roüé, giré.*
A **whirler**. *Voleur.*
A **whirling**. *Virade, virement, pirouëtte.*
Whirling. *Pirouëttoire.*
The **whirling** (round) in a ſtreame. *Les vortillons, ou, vortillement des fleuves, les tourbillons d'une fleuve.*
The **whirle-bone** of the knee. *La patelle, ou, paiſtte du genouil, rotuit du genouil.*
A **whirle-poole**. *Gouffre, golfe, goulfe, gouffre, gourt, gourd, vorage, ſymplegade.*
The **whirre-poole** (a ſea-monſter.) *Sedenette, Phyſeture, bortpole, maleſſe, tinet.*
A **whirle-wind**. *Tourbillon, tourbillon de vent.*
A high-going ſea cauſed by **whirle-winds**. *Binaſque.*
To whirle about like a **whirle-wind**. *Tourbillonner.*
Full of **whirle-winds**. *Tourbillonneux.*
A **whirligig**. *Pirouëtte, pirevelle, triquette, tartelle, tartinnelle, rhombe giratif.*

A **whiske** (or whirle) about. *Revirade.*
A **whiske.** *Singlet.*
To **whiske.** *Singler.*
Whisked. *Singlé.*
A **whisker,** *Houſſine, verge.*
A **whisking.** *Singlement, ſinglée, ſingleure.*
The **whisks** (or ſound) of a ſwitch. *Zon.*
To **whisper** in the eare. *S'accouter à l'oreille, parler bas en l'oreille d'aucun.*
A **whisperer.** *Qui s'accouſte, qui parle bas.*
Whist. *Houiſche.* (*Note de ſilence.*)
To **whistle.** *Siffler, ſubler.*
To **whistle** (as birds.) *Gazouiller, garioler.*
A **whistle.** *Sifflet.*
Whistled. *Siffle.*
A **whistler.** *Siffleur, gaſouilleur.*
A **whistling.** *Sifflement, ſifflerie, ſublet.*
A **whistling** of birds. *Gazouis, gazouil, gaſouillement.*
Whistling. *Sifflant*; *Gazouillard, Gazouilleux.*
Whistling for. *Huchant en paume.*
With a **whistling** ſound. *Sifflentement.*
A **whit** (or little deale.) *Vne goutte.*
Not a **whit.** *Nonnie.*
White. *Blanc, candide.*
A **white** thing. *Vn blanc.*
The **white** (or inſide) of a skinne of parchment. *Le blanc du parchemin.*
A **white** (to ſhoote at.) *Le blanc.*
The **white** of an egge. *Le blanc d'un œuf, la glaire d'un œuf, l'aubin, aulbin, ou, aubun d'un œuf.*
To hit, or ſtrike the **white.** *Toucher au blanc.*
A **white** woollen cloth, or **white** petticoat of it. *Blanchet.*
The **whites** of women. *Les mois blanches.*
In **white.** *Candidement.*
To **white, whiten,** or make **white.** *Blanchir.*
To **whiten,** or wax **white.** *Se blanchir.*
To wax **white** or pale. *Blaimir.*
Whited, or **whitened.** *Blanchi.*
A **whitener** of clothes, alſo a **white** dawber, or **white-limer.** *Blanchiſſeur.*
A laundreſſe that **whitens** clothes. *Blanchiſſeuſe.*
Whitelime, or **whiting** for walls. *Blanc.*
Whitely. *Blancheaſtre, blanchaſtre*; & (*Adverbe*) *Candidement.*
Whitenelle. *Blancheur, blanc.*
A vicious **whitenelle** in the eye. *Albugine.*
A bright or ſhining **whitenelle.** *Candeur.*
A **whitening, whitеing,** a **white-liming,** or pargetting **white.** *Blanchiſſage, blanchiment.*
A **white** Frier. *Jacobin.*
White-cloakes (an order of begging Friars.) *Blancs manteaux.*
A **white** pot. *Flon.*
Whitewoort. *Maronne.*
Whitening, or **whiteliming.** *Blanche.*
Whitiſh. *Blanchet, blanchaſtre, paſle, bleſme.*
Whitiſh with age. *Gris, griſon.*
To wax **whitiſh.** *Bleſmer.*
Whitiſh (as graſſe with froſt.) *Freſillonné.*
Whitiſhneſſe. *Paſleur.*
To grow **whitiſh** with age. *Griſonner, griſer.*
Growne **whitiſh.** *Griſonné.*
A **whitiſhneſſe,** or growing **whitiſh.** *Griſonnement, Griſonneure.*
The apple called a **white** ſweeting. *Blanchet.*
Whither. *Où.*
Whitherſoever. *En lieu quelconque.*
A **whiting.** *Vn Merlan, Merlane.*
A dry **whiting.** *Merlane ſalé.*
Whitled. *Yure.*
A **whitlow.** *Panary.*
A **whitrail** (bird.) *Vitrée, Blanculet.*
The **Whitten** tree. *Obier, opier.*
Whitſontide. *La pentecoſte.*
To **whizze.** *Siffler, gazouiller, ſubler.*
Whizzed. *Siffle.*
A **whizzing.** *Sifflement.*
Whizzing. *Sifflant.*
Who. *Qui.*
Whoſoever. *Quiconque.*
Whole. *Sain, entier, ſalubre, ſauf, ſolide, ſolidaire.*
The **whole.** *Le tout, Totage.*
To make **whole.** *Saner.*
Made **whole.** *Integré.*
The **whole** ſumme. *Le total, La totalité.*
Wholeneſſe. *Integralité.*
Wholeſome. *Salubre, ſain.*
Wholeſomely. *Sainement, ſalubrement, ſalutairement.*
Wholeſomeneſſe. *Salubrité.*
Wholly. *Totalement, du tout, Tout à fait, à tout, tout à trac, tout outre, vic à vic, Riqueraque, à huis ouvert; Solidairement, ſainement.*
Whom. *Que, Lequel, Laquelle. Cas accuſatif de* Who.
To **whoope.** *Forbuer, hucher.*
To **whoope** for backe. *Rebucher.*
A **whoope.** *Forbu.*
The **Whoope** bird. *Hupe, Huppe, Dupe, Vpe, Duppe.*
Whooped at. *Houpé, huché.*
A **whooping.** *Hopperie, Huchement.*
Whooping. *Huchant.*
Whoopings. *Hou hou hou.*
A **whoore.** *Putain, Paillarde, pelerine de Venus, fille de joye, femme vſagere, garce, cantonniere, loudiere, bagaſſe, ribaulde, ribande, ribauldine, louve, ſaffrette, gautiere, galoiſe, maraude.*
A ſouldiers **whoore,** or **whoore** that followes the campe. *Gouge, gonjate.*
A burnt **whoore.** *Eſchauffadaſſe.* ¶ Langued.
A filthie ſcab'd **whoore.** *Galoiſe.*
An ugly **whoore.** *Vne laide gaupe.*
As brazen-faced as a **whoore.** *Effronté en putain.*
To **whoore.** *Paillarder.*
Whoredome. *Paillardiſe, Puterie, Folie aux garçons.*
A **whoore-houſe.** *Bordeau.*
To haunt **whoore-houſes.** *Bordeler, putaſſer, paillarder.*
A **whoore-hunter,** a **whoorer, whooremonger,** haunter of **whoore-houſes.** *Putier, paillard, putanier, loudier, ribauld, bordelier.*
A **whooring, whoore-hunting,** following, or loving of **whoores.** *Putaſſerie, puterie, paillardiſe, ribauldiſe.*
Whoriſh, whoore-like. *En Paillarde, en putain, putaſſier, putier, paillard, laſcivement.*
Whoſe. *Duquel, de laquelle, dequi; dont, à qui.*
Whoſe booke is this? *A qui eſt ce livre.*
To **whurre, whurle** (or yarre) as a dog. *Gronder comme vn chien.*
A **whurrer.** *Grondeur.*
A **whurring,** or **whurling** of dogges. *Grondement, riotement, ou, gronderie des chiens.*
Whurtle-berries. *Airelles, aurelles.*
Whye? *Pourquoy.*
Whye ſo? *Pourquoy cela.*
Wicked. *Meſchans, mauvais, impie, inique, malfaiſant, vicieux.*
A **wicked** rogue, or wretch. *Scelerat.*
Wickedly. *Meſchamment, malignement, mauvaiſement.*
Wickedneſſe. *Meſchanceté, malignité, mauvaiſtié.*
Wicker. *Oſier, ozier.*
A **wicker** basket. *Oſier, corbeille, ou panier d'oſier ou d'ozier.*
A **wicket.** *Guichet, buiſſet.*
The keeper of the **wicket** of a priſon. *Guichetier.*
Wide. *Large, ſpatieux, capable, ouvert, vuide.*
A **wide** roome. *Vn vuide.*
Widely. *Largement, ſpatieuſement.*
Somewhat **wide** *Larget.*
Widenelle, or **width.** *Largeur, largue, large, capacité.*
A **widow.** *Veſve, veufve.*
A **widower.** *Veuf, vef.*
Widow-hood. *Viduité, veſvage, veufvage.*
To **weild.** *Manier.*
Weildable. *Maniable.*
A **weilding.** *Maniement, maniance.*
A **wife.** *Femme.*
Good **wife.** *Bonne femme.*
A houſe **wife.** *Meſnagere*; *ou* A huſwife, *Ironiquement, le contraire.*
An old **wife.** *Vieille femme.*
To have his **wife** to be his maſter. *Tenir des baſſes marches.*
A **wiggs.** *Eſchaudé, eſchaudet.*
Wilde. *Sauvage, fier, garou, bagard, reveſche, indompté, intractable.*
A **wild** plant, ſet, or ſtock. *Sauvageau, ſauvageon.*
Wild-fire. *Feu de riqueraque.*
Wild-foule. *Sauvagine d'oiſeaux.*
A **wilding.** *Pomme ſauvage, noir-ver.* ¶ Norm.
A **wilderneſſe.** *Deſert, ſolitude.*
Wildly. *Sauvagement.*
Wildneſſe. *Sauvageté, ſauvagine.*
A **wile.** *Ruſe, aſtuce.*
Wilely. *Fin, ruſé, accort, regnardeſque, aſtut, ſubtil.*
Wilily. *Accortement, finément, ruſément.*
Wilineſſe. *Fineſſe, regnarderie, regnardiſe, natreté.*
The **will.** *La volonté, volunté, le vouloir, vueil; gré, vueul, vueuil, regret.*
To **will.** *Vouloir.*
A **Will,** or laſt **will.** *Teſtament.*
That can make a **will.** *Teſtable.*
Of a **Will.** *Teſtamentaire.*
That hath made a **will.** *Teſtateur.*
To make a **will,** or bequeath by **will.** *Teſter faire ſon teſtament.*

Good Will. *Bien-veillance, bonne volonté.*
Ill Will. *Haine.*
To beare ill Will unto. *Haïr.*
With a good Will. *De bon cœur, de bon gré.*
With an ill Will, sore against the will. *A regret, à grand regret.*
Against their Wills. *Maugré eux.*
Willed. *Voulu.*
Wilfull. *Volontueux, opiniastre, testu, cabochard, caboche, obstiné, refractaire, volontaire.*
To be Wilfull. *S'opiniastrer.*
As Wilfull as a mule. *Opiniastre comme vn mule.*
Wilfully. *Opiniastrement, obstinément.*
Wilfulnesse. *Opiniastreté, obstination, opiniastrie, opiniastrise.*
William. *Guillaume. (Nom propre.)*
Sweet Williams. *Armoirs, besoins sauvage.*
Willing. *Volontaire, voluntaire.*
Willingly. *Volontiers, volontairement, voluntairement, à gré, (à mon gré, à son gré) Tout de gré, de bon bayt; de guet à pensé.*
Willingly *Gré, bait, baict.*
Willow herbe. *Lysimachie, onogire, pellebosse.*
The cane Willow. *Marsaul, morsaul.*
Willow tree. *Saulx, saule.*
Dwarfe Willow. *Saule bastard.*
Goates Willow. *Sabuc, osier.*
Water Willow tree. *Osier.*
A plot, or grove of Willowes. *Saulsaye, sauloye.*
A Wimble. *Tariere à boiste virebrequin, vibrequin, vilbrequin, villebrequin, bernagoe.*
A little Wimble. *Tarelet, toret.*
A Wimple. *Guimple.*
Winberries. *Airelles; ou comme* Whurtleberries.
To Wince. *Calcitrer, recalcitrer, ruer des pi ds, regimber.*
A Wincer. *Regimbeur.*
A Wincing *Regimbement, ruade.*
Wincings of horses. *Pedales.*
The Winch of a presse. *Tournoir.*
The Winde. *Le vent.*
A little Winde. *Ventelet.*
Ones Winde. *Haleine, souffle.*
To Winde, or make Winde. *Venter.*
To Winde (or sent.) *Flairir, sentir.*
To fetch his Winde. *Haleiner, respirer.*
A Winde that blowes from the sea. *Marée.*
A guſt of contrary Winds. *Airg de vent.*
To Winde a horne. *Corner, sonner vn cor.*
To Winde a horne hollowly. *Grailler.*
To Winde (or turne) about. *Tourner en rond, rondeler, rouër, vironner.*
To Winde up a watch. *Monter vne monstre.*
A ship to goe neere the Winde. *Cappéer, singler à la cappée, singler à oursé.*
To Winde into bottomes. *Devider.*
An East Winde. *Vent de levant, vent oriental, vent solaire, vent d'amont.*
A fore Winde at sea. *Vent derriere, vent en pouppe.*
The North Winde. *Vent Septentrional.*
The Northeast Winde. *Vent grec.*
The Northwest Winde. *Vent de galerne.*
A quarter Winde. *Vent à quartiere.*
A side Winde at sea. *Vent à la boline.*
A South Winde. *Vent d'autom, vent marin, meridional, ou, de midy.*
A Southerne Winde. *Vent hautain, vent pluau.*
The West Winde. *Vent occidental.*
A Westerne Winde. *Vent de ponent.*
The Winde that comes in (to a roome) by a hole or crannie. *Vent coulis.*
To have, or get the Winde of. *Estre au dessus du vent de, estre sur vent.*
To gather Winde. *Ventiller.*
A very small Winde. *Ventolin.*
Winded. *Venté, balené.*
Long Winded. *Haleineux.*
Short Winded. *Haletant, poulsif, poussif.*
The Windfalls of fruits. *La gronée des fruits.*
A Windfall (or tree overthrowne with winde.) *Coable, chable, bois chablis.*
The Winde-flower. *Herbe du vent, passefleur.*
Wind-galls (in a horse.) *Les eaux, jouart.*
Windie. *Venteux, subventane.*
Windinesse. *Ventosité,*
A Winding. *Halenée, balenement, sentement, sentument.*
Winding (or senting.) *Sentant.*
Winding. *Oblique.*
A hollow and crooked Winding. *Sinuosité,*
Full of hollow and crooked Windings. *Sinueux.*
A Winding staire. *Vis, vix.*
Windles (or blades, to winde yarne on.) *Devidoir, desvidoir, devidoire.*
A little paire of Windles. *Devidet, devideau.*
A Windlesse. *Singe.*
A Wind-mill. *Moulin à vent.*
A childs Windmill (made of a card and a pin.) *Ventail, moulin à astle, virolet.*
A Windmill saile. *Volant.*
A Window, or Windore. *Fenestre.*
A little Window. *Fenestrelle.*
A bay Window. *Grande fenestre (de bois) de charpenterie.*
A slope Window. *Fenestre bastarde.*
An iron grated Window *Fenestre à fer maillé.*
A seller Window. *Soupiral.*
A woodden Window to shut over a glasse one. *Contre-fenestre, volet.*
A latise Window. *Fenestre treillissée.*
Belonging to a Window, or looking out at a Window. *Fenestrier.*
Windowes, or the contriving of Windowes. *Fenestrage.*
The Windowes of heaven. *Ventailles du ciel.*
To throw the house out at Windowes. *Se gorger.*
Windowed. *Fenestré.*
The Winde-pipe. *Gargassane.*
The Winde-pipes head. *Larigan, nœud de la gorge.*
The Winde-pipe of a horse or other beast. *Gavot.*
Wine. *Vin, la purée de September, eau beniste de cave.*
New Wine. *Vin mouſt, surmouſt.*
Wine that is fined. *Vin paré.*
Red Wine. *Vin rouge, tinture.*
Thicke, clammy, and roping Wine. *Vin talent.*
A small, thinne, hedge Wine. *Vinet, ginguette, vin ripopé, ou, rippopé.*
To season with Wine, or, for the holding of Wine. *Viner.*
Houshold Wine. *Vin de defence, trempe, boëte.*
Sowre Wines. *Ginguets.*
Weake small Wine. *Vin Oligophore.*
Of, or belonging to, Wine, *Vinetier.*
A Wine-presse. *Trenil.*
A Wine-presser. *Pressureur.*
A Wine-taster, or Wine-broker (for Merchants.) *Taste-vin, tate-vin.*
A Wing. *Aile, aisle.*
A little Wing. *Aileron, ailerette, ailette, aisleron, aleron.*
A great Wing. *Ailasse.*
The end of a Wing. *Aileron, aisleron.*
To give Wings to, or, set Wings on. *Ailer, aisler.*
With force of Wing. *A tire d'aile.*
To clip the Wings off. *Rongner les ailes à.*
The Wings of an armie. *Les aisles d'une armee.* ¶ Nicot.
The Wing of a sleeve. *Vn' haute de manche.*
Winged. *Ailé.*
Winie, full of Wine. *Vineux.*
To Wink. *Cligner les yeulx, guigner, filler les yeulx.*
To Wink at. *Conniver, tolrer, permettre.*
To Wink with one eye (or aime.) *Guigner, borgner.*
An affectionate Wink (or look.) *Oeillade.*
A pretie Wink. *Oeilladette.*
Lasciviously to Wink at. *Oeillader.*
Winked at lasciviously. *Oeillade.*
A Winker. *Guigneur.*
To Winke often. *Cligneter, cligneter.*
Winked. *Cligné.*
Winked at. *Connivé, tolerè.*
A Winking. *Clignement des yeulx.*
A Winking often. *Clignotement.*
A Winking at. *Connivence.*
A Winking (or aiming) with one eye. *Guignement, guignadet*
A Winkle (or welke.) *Turbin.*
To Winne. *Gaigner.*
Winnable. *Gaignable.*
A Winner. *Gaigneur.*
To Winnow corne. *Vanner, baner, berner.*
Winnowed. *Vanné, berné.*
A Winnower. *Vanneur, vaneur.*
A Winnowing. *Vanneure.*
A Winnowing five. *Van.*
Winnowings. *Vannures.*
To Winse. *Regimber. Voyez* to wince.
Winter. *Yver, hyver.*
The Winter season. *Hyvernie.*
To Winter. *Hyverner, yverner.*
Of, or belonging to Winter. *Yvernal.*
Wintered. *Hyverné.*
A Winter-cherrie. *Alkenge, alkekengy, alchquange.*

Win-

Winteris, wintery, winterlike. *Hyvernal, hibernal.*
A **Wintering.** *Yvernade.*
To **Wipe.** *Essuier, essuyer, torcher, nettoyer, nettier.*
To **wipe** againe. *Ressuyer.*
To **Wipe** with a cloute. *Sinter.*
To **Wipe** out. *Effacer.*
To **Wipe** the nose. *Moucher le nez.*
Wiped. *Essuyé, torché, nettoyé, ressuyé.*
Wiped (as the nose.) *Mouché.*
Wiped out. *Effacé.*
A **Wiper** of the nose. *Moucheur du nez.*
A **Wiping.** *Torchement.*
A **wiping** of the nose. *Mouchement du nez.*
A **wiping**-cloth. *Essuyau, Torchon, Essuyemain.*
Gold **Wire.** *Or traict.*
Yellow (latten, or copper,) **wire.** *Archal, fil d'archal, archail, reschal, orchal, orichal.*
A Gold **wire**-drawer. *Or treyeur.*
To **Wire**-draw it. *Ralentir.*
A **wire**-drawers bench. *Argamette.*
A **Wisard.** *Divin.*
Wise. *Sage, reservé, sçavant, sageraut.*
Indifferent **wise.** *Saget.*
As **wise** as walthams calfe. *Fourni d'entendement comme vn oison de creste.*
Wisedome. *Sagesse, sapience, sophie.*
Wisely. *Sagement.*
A **wise** man. *Comme* a wisard.
In this **wise.** *En ceste mode, maniere, ou façon.*
In such **wise.** *En telle sorte, ou maniere, tellement.*
In no **wise.** *Nullement.*
To **wish.** *Souhaiter, Opter, vouloir, Regretter, Regreter.*
To **wish** well to. *Benir, benistre.*
A **wish.** *Souhait, option, vouloir.*
Wished. *Souhaité; voulu.*
Wished for. *Regretté.*
Fit to be **wished** for. *Souhaitable.*
A **wisp** of straw. *Torchon de paille.*
A **wisp** for the taile. *Torche-cul.*
The **wreathed wisp** (or clout) for a wenches head (when she carries a thing.) *Vne torche.*
Wit. *Esprit. Voyez* Witt.
A **Witch.** *Sorciere, Sorcier, Vandoise.*
To **witch.** *Ensorceler.*
Witchcraft. *Sorcelerie, Sortilege.*
Witched. *Ensorcelé. Voyez* to bewitch.
With. *Avec, de.*
Together **with.** *A tout.*
A **with.** *Har, hart, hard, riorte, Rotte, rouste de bois.*
A little **with.** *Hardeau, hardelle, harcelle, harselle.*
To **withdraw.** *Retirer, Se retirer, Reconser, Soubtraire, Oster, Remouvoir, Se recoibler, Se retrahir, Soustraire.*
A **withdrawing.** *Retirement, retirée, retraction, Retraicte, reconsement, Subtraction, Tergiversation.*
Withdrawne. *Racusé, retiré, retraict, remot, Osté.*
To **Wither.** *Havir, Seicher, Tarir, Petir, Secher, Thavir, Thavir.*
Withered. *Havé, havi, retatiné, Secatari.*
Withering. *Seichement.*
A **Withering.** *Seichement.*
To **with-hold.** *Detenir, retenir, attenir, Tarder, retarder.*
With-held. *Detenu, Retenu.*
A **with-holder.** *Retenevr.*
A **with-holding.** *Retention, retinue.*
Withie. *Osier, Ozier, Saule, Saulx.*
The cane **withie.** *Marsaul.*
Small, or twig **withie.** *Francoser, francozier.*
A **withie** twig. *Ozieret.*
Withie wind. *Campanette, vitreole, vitriole, volubile.*
Sea **withie wind.** *Soldanelle.*
Within. *Dans, dedans.*
Without (Preposition.) *Sans.*
Without (Adverbe, or prepositon.) *Hors, Dehors.*
To **Withstand.** *Resister, Obsister, obvier, S'opposer, Repugner, Faire teste à.*
A **withstander.** *Vn opposant.*
A **Withstanding.** *Opposition, resistance.*
Withstanding. *Obstant.*
Withstood. *Resisté, Obstaqué, opposé.*
A **Witnesse.** *Tesmoin, tesmoing, tesmoignage.*
A sure **witnesse.** *Record, recordeur, recors.*
To **witnesse.** *Tesmoigner, Testifier.*
To call to **witnesse.** *Obtester.*
Witnessed. *Tesmoigné, testifié.*
Witnessing. *Testification.*
Witt. *Esprit, entendement, nez, sens.*
A searching, or piercing **Witt.** *Nez qui coupé.*
Out of his **witt.** *Insensé, Enragé.*
To **witt.** *Asçavoir.*
A **Wittall.** *Iannin, Ienin, Genin, Stotart.*
Witty. *Ingenieux, Accort, Subtil, Inventif.*
Wittily. *Ingenieusement, Accortement, Aigument, Subtilement.*
Wittinesse. *Subtilité d'esprit, vivacité d'esprit, accortesse, Accortise, Subtilité.*
Witting. *Sçachant.*
Wittingly. *Sciemment, scientement, Deguet, à pensée, De guet à pend.*
Most **wittingly.** *Tresabonescient.*
Witlesse. *Insipient, Insensé, Fol, Sot, Sans esprit.*
A **Witwall.** *Oreot, Oriol.*
Woad. *Guesde, Guedde, guede, Pastel, Ode, Lauragtoise.*
Wild **woad.** *Guesde sauvage.*
Bastard **woad.** *Sesamoide.*
Woaded, di'd with **woad.** *Guesdé.*
Woe. *Doleur, Douleur.*
Wofull. *Douloureux, doloureux, miserable, triste, malotru.*
wofully. *Douloureusement, dolentement, Douloureusement, Tristement, Miserablement.*
Wofulnesse. *Misere, marisson, regret, malheur, desconvenue, tristesse, tristeur.*
Woe to be. *Malheur à.*
A **Woife.** *Loup.*
The **Woife** (a disease.) *Maulouber, mayloubec,*
Woifebane. *Aconit, tue-loup, herbe tore, ou thore.*
A **woife.cat.** *Loup-chat.*
Woifes-fell. *Vesse de loup.*
A shee **woife.** *Louve.*
A young or little **Woife.** *Louveau, louvet, louveton.*
A **Woife-catcher.** *Louvetier.*
Woifie, Woife-like, of, or belonging to, a **Woife.** *Louvin, louvier, louvichement.*
A **Woman.** *Femme, vaille coiffe.*
A **woman** in childbed. *Accouchée.*
A manly **woman.** *Hommace, hommesse, hommesse.*
Womanly, womanish, of a **Woman.** *Muliebre; aussi, effemine.*
Womanly, Womanishly, like a **Woman.** *Muliebrement, effeminement.*
The **Wombe.** *La matrice, mere, amarri.*
Of the **Wombe,** of one **Wombe.** *Vterin.*
To **Wonder.** *S'esmerveiller.*
A **Wonder.** *Merveille, miracle, prodigi.*
To promise **Wonders.** *Promettre monts & merveilles.*
Wondered. *Esmerveillé.*
Wonderfull, or **Wonderous.** *Merveilleux, esmerveillable, miraculeux, prodigieux, merveillable.*
Exceeding **wonderfull** (Ironically.) *Mirelifique.*
Wonderfully. *Merveilleusement, à merveilles, miraculeusement, prodigieusement.*
A **Wondering.** *Esmerveillement.*
Wonder-working. *Miraclifique.*
To **Wont,** to be **Wont.** *Souloir, accoustumer, soloir.*
A **Wont.** *Accoustumance, accoutumance, maniere.*
Wonted. *Vsité, accoustumé, accoutumé.*
Wood. *Furieux, enragé, furibond.*
Woodly. *Furieusement.*
Woodnesse. *Furie, rage.*
Wood. *Du bois.*
A **wood.** *Vn bois.*
A small **wood.** *Bocquet, Boccage, boscal, boscage, bosquet.*
An inclosed **wood.** *Bois bellat, ou vedat.*
Round (uncleft) small **wood.** *Bois de brin.*
The heate of **wood.** *Bois d'estaille.*
Brush **wood,** or small **wood.** *Bois à fouillon.*
Branched **wood.** *Bois de fustée.*
Goodly **woods** (of high great trees.) *Bois de haute fustaye.*
Dead and drie **woods** (in forrests.) *Bois mort.*
Log **wood,** or great fire **wood.** *Bois de moulle.*
Great timber **wood.** *Bois d'œvre.*
Wood of tenne yeares growth and upwards. *Bois de serpe.*
Copse-**wood,** under-**wood.** *Bois taillis.*
Pock-**wood.** *Bois saint, guayac.*
A faire great **wood.** *Bois marmentau.*
An artificer that workes in **wood.** *Fustier.*
To furnish a ship with fire **wood.** *Faire lignade.*
A great (priviledged) **wood.** *Forest.*
A pile of **wood.** *Lignier.*
Full of **woods.** *Bocageux.*
Frequenting, or affecting **woods.** *Bocager, bocagier.*
Woodage, or provision of **wood.** *Lignade.*
Wooden. *Du bris, fait du bois,*
Wood-bind. *Chevre-fueille, vrofue, periclyment, periclimene, vinciboſſe.*
A **wood-cleaver.** *Boicheron.*
A **wood-cocke.** *Beccasse, becasse, vit de coq. Assee; Sotart.*
A **wood-culver.** *Phavier, coulon ramier, pigeon ramier.*
A **wood-feller.** *Bosquillon.*

A Woodfretter (worme.) *Tarellière.*
Woodis (of or belonging to woods.) *Forestain, ou, Forestier, bocager, ou bocagier, ligneux.*
A wood-knife. *Malus.*
A woodland countrie. *Pays de bocage.*
A woodlouse. *Gerse, porcelet de S. Anthoine.*
A woodman. *Forestier.*
Wood nightshade. *Morelle boiseuse. Morelle douce'amere.*
A Wood-pecker. *Pic, Pivert, Pimard, Bechebois, Picvert, Reschebois, espec, grimpereau, grimpreau, guespier, Becquebo.* Pic.
A wood-pile. *Moute de bois, pile de bois.*
Woodrofe, or Woodrow. *Muguet, muguet.*
Wood-sage. *Saulge du bois.*
Wood-sorrell. *Trifle aigre, pain de cocu, Surel du bois.*
A wood-stacke. *comme* a Woodpile.
A wood-ward. *Forestier.*
A wood-worme. *Tarle, tarmée.*
To woo. *Faire l'amour, faire la cour à, mugueter, mugueter, rechercher, ou demander en mariage.*
Wooed. *Mugueté, mugueté.*
A wooer. *Voüeur, amateur, amoureux, rechercheur, ou, demandeur en mariage.*
A toad wooer. *Muguet.*
The woofe. *Tissure, trame,*
Wooll. *Laine.*
New-shorne, unwashe, or greasie Wooll. *Laine sourge, laine avec le suin.*
The filthie greasinesse of sheeps Wooll. *Oesipe.*
A well wooled sheepe. *Mouton à la grande laine.*
Woolly. *Laineux.*
Woone. *Gaigné, Occupé.*
Woosted. *Osade.*
A word. *Mot, parole, parolle, vocable, voix.*
By word of mouth. *Verbalement.*
A little word. *Parolette.*
A merry word. *Sornette.*
At a word, in a word. *En vn mot.*
To give ill words to. *Rudoyer.*
Harshnesse of words. *Rudasse de parolles.*
Good words. *Eau benisse de cour.*
Opprobrious words. *Malédicence.*
A worke. *Oeuvre, ouvrage, operation.*
A little worke. *Opuscule.*
To worke. *Ouvrer, ouvrer, operer, travailler.*
Worke. *Labeur, Ouvrage, Travail.*
To worke needle worke. *Ouvrager.*
To worke (or set) with bone. *Offailler.*
Checker (or inlaid) worke. *Ouvrage de marqueterie.*
A worker. *Ouvrier, operateur.*
A Worke-house or shop to worke in. *Ouvroir, atteliер, batelier, officine.*
A workeman. *Ouvrier.*
Workemanly, or Workemanly done. *Faict de main d'ouvrier.*
Working. *Ouvrant.*
Workmanship. *Manifacture, manifacture, ouvrage.*
Expert workmanship. *Maistrise.*
A workewoman. *Ouvriere.*
The world. *Le monde, l'univers.*
The little world. *Microcosme.*
The world growes daily worse and worse. *Le monde va tousjours à l'empire.*
Worldly. *Mondain, seculier.*
Worldlinesse. *Mondanité, secularité.*
A worldling. *Vn mondain, ou homme mondain.*
To play the worldling. *Mondaniser.*
A worme. *Ver, verm.* ¶ Auvergnois.
A little worme. *Vermisseau, vermelet, vermet.*
An earth worme. *Ver de terre, lombric.*
A worme-fretter. *Tarellière.*
A hand worme. *Ciron.*
Arse wormes. *Vers courts.*
A ring worme. *Vervolant.*
A glow worme, a slow worme, a Palmer worme, &c. *Voyez en* Glow, Sloe, Palmer, &c.
A wood worme. *Tarle, tarmée, ver de bois.*
The wormes in children. *Mal de ventre.*
Wormes. *Vermerie.*
Wormes in a hawkes gorge. *Malingre.*
A worme-hill. *Verminiere.*
To root for wormes (as hogs doe.) *Vermeiller, vermiller.*
A rooter or digger of wormes. *Vermeilleur.*
Worme-eaten. *Tarlé, verreux, vermolu, artisonné.*
To grow worme-eaten. *Se vermoulir.*
Full of worme-holes. *Vermoulu.*
The worme of a peeces scowring sticke. *Le racloir d'une arquebuse.*
The worme (or screw) for the unlading of a charged canon. *Theburoir.*
A being full of worme-holes. *Vermoulissure.*
Wormie, full of wormes. *Verminеux, vereux.*
A being worme-eaten. *Vermoulissure.*
Wormseed, worme-wort. *Semence sainсte, Barbotine, mort aux vers, santonique.*
Worme-wood. *Absinthe, alvine, aloyne, absynte, absinthe, absinte, absynce, absince, herbe d'encens.*
Of Worme-wood, bitter as Worme-wood. *Absyntien.*
Sea Wormswood. *Seriphir.*
Worne. *Vsé, parti.* (*Participe du verbe*) to weare.
Worne away. *Alangouri, miné, rongé.*
Worne out. *Obliteré.*
Worse, or worser. *Pire.*
To make worser. *Empirer.*
To become, grow, or wax worse. *Pejorer.*
Worse, and worse. *De mal en pis.*
Worst, or worse (Adverbe.) *Pis.*
At the worst, let the worst come to the worst. *Au pis aller, au fort aller.*
To worship. *Adorer, honorer, reverer, reverencer.*
The worship due to God. *Adoration, reverence, veneration.*
Worship to men. *Honneur & reverence. Les Anglois appliquent ce mot, (Your Worship) Aux chevaliers, & Escuirs, & à tous Nobles qui sont au dessoubs le degré d'un Baron.*
Worshipful. *Venerable, reverend, honorifique, respectable.*
Worshipped. *Adoré, honoré.*
A worshipper. *Adorateur.*
A worshipping. *Adoration.*
Worsted (stuffe.) *Osade.*
The wort of ale or beere. *Mesliez, moust.*
Worth. *Valeur, dignité, merite, valeir, value, vaillant, prix; capital.*
Of worth. *Valide, suffisant.*
Persons of worth. *Gens de bien.*
To be worth, or of equall worth. *Valoir.*
Defect or want of worth. *Non valeur, non valoir.*
Worthie. *Digne, notable.*
Made worthie *Validé.*
Worthie of reward. *Meritoire.*
An act worthie of recompence. *Merite.*
Worthily. *Dignement, meritement, meritoirement, non ablement.*
Worthinesse. *Dignité, valeur, valeir, value.*
Worthlesse. *Vil, invalide.*
Worthlesnesse. *Vileté.*
To wot. *Sçavoir (vieil mot.)*
Woven. *Tissu (Participe du verbe to weave.)*
Woven over. *Surtissu.*
Any woven stuffe. *Tissure.*
Would to God. *Dieu veuilleque, plaist à Dieuque.*
A wound. *Playe, blessure, naureure, guipe, abbreuvoir à mouscher.*
A great wound. *Berlasse.*
To wound. *Naurer, blesser, berlasser.*
Woundable. *Blessable.*
Wounded (into bottomes.) *Devidé.* (*Participe du verbe* to winde.)
Wounded. *Naure, blessé.*
Extremely wounded. *Berlassé.*
A wounding. *Naureure.*
A wounder. *Naureur.*
Wracke of a ship, or ship-wracke. *Naufrage.*
To wracke. *Ruiner.*
Wracke. *Ruine.*
Wracked. *Ruiné.*
A wracker. *Ruineur.*
A wracking. *Ruinement.*
Wracking. *Naufrageux.*
To wrangle. *Noiser, rioter.*
A wrangle. *Noise.*
A wrangler. *Hommerioteux, chicaneur.*
A wrangling. *Noise, riote, patricotage, tintamarre, chicanerie.*
Ever wrangling. *Tempestatif.*
Wrangling. *Rioteux, noiseux, chiquineux, bargneux, tintamarreé.*
A wrangling pettifogger. *Chicaneur, chicaneux, chicanous.*
To wrap. *Envelopper, envellopper.*
Wrapped. *Envelopé, roullé.*
A wrapper (to wrap things in.) *Envelope, envelopoir, envelopoir, enveloppe.*
A wrapping. *Envelopemẽt.*
By wrapping. *Envelopemẽt.*
To wraste. *Luster.*
Wrasted. *Lustré.*
A wrastler. *Lustreur.*
A wrastling. *Luste, lustrement, lustation, luste.*
Wrath. *Ire, indignation, courroux.*
To be, or wax wrath. *Se courroucer, estre indigné, s'indigner.*
To drive into wrath, or move to wrath. *Indigner, courroucer.*
Wrathfull. *Ireux, indigné.*
Wrathfully. *Irevsement.*
To wreake. *Venger, revencher, vindiquer.*
Wreaked. *Vengé, revengé.*
Wreakefull. *Vindicatif.*

To **wreath**. *Tordre, torquer, tortiller, tortillonner, retordre.*
A **wreath**. *Torſe, torqueure, tortis, torce.*
A little **wreath**. *Tortillon.*
A **wreath** of pitched cord for a creſſet. *Va tourteau.*
Wreathed. *Tors, retors, retort, tortillé, tortillonné, torqué.*
Wreathed like a cable. *Rudenté.*
A **wreathing**. *Tordement, torqueure, torſement, torſure, retorcture, retordement, retordure, ſudenture.*
Wreathings, or **wreathen**. *Tortillemens.*
A **wreck** of the ſea. *Vereſque, vuareſque, varech, vareſque.*
A **wrenne**. *Roitelet, berichot, berchot, bœuf de Dieu, le roy Bertrand, Roy des oiſeaux, trochile.*
To **wreſt**. *Tordre, tordre le nez à.*
A **wreſt**. *Torſe, torce.*
To **wreſt** back. *Retordre, retorquer.*
To **wreſt** from. *Extorquer.*
To **wreſt** maliciouſly. *Pervertir.*
Wreſted. *Tors, torcionné, invers.*
Wreſted back. *Retors, retort, retorqué.*
Wreſted out. *Extorqué.*
Wreſted maliciouſly. *Perverti.*
A **wreſter** from. *Extorqueur.*
A **wreſter** back. *Retordeur.*
A malicious **wreſter**. *Pervertiſſeur.*
A **wreſting**. *Tordement, torſement, torſion, torſure.*
A **wreſting** back. *Retorceure, retordement, retordure.*
A **wreſting** maliciouſly. *Pervertiſſement.*
A **wreſting** from. *Extorſion.*
Wreſtle, **wreſtler**, & **wreſtling**. *Comme* Wraſtle, wraſtler, &c.
A **wretch**. *Un miſerable, malheureux, calamiteux, meſquin.*
Wretched. *Malheureux, miſerable, calamiteux, malotru, haireux, ſouffreteux, marmiteux, recuit.*
An ugly **wretch**. *Marpaut.*
A **wretched** fellow. *Un povre haire.*
Wretchedly. *Miſerablement, calamiteuſement, malheureuſement.*
Wretchednelle. *Miſere calamité, malheur, malheureté.*
Wrie. *Voyez* Wry.
To **wriggle** (or writh like a ſerpent.) *Serpeger, greziller, guincher, ſerpenter.*
Wriggled. *Serpenté, greſillé.*
Wriggling. *Serpentant.*
A **wrimple** in the face of one that laughs. *Gelaſin.*
To **wrinple**. *Rider.*
Wrimpled. *Ridé, rugueux, verfrongné.*
A **wrimpling**. *Ridement, rugoſité.*
To **wrinch**. *Tordre. tortiller.*
To **wrinch** atoeſide. *Guincher.*
A **wrinch**. *Torſe, torce, ſtrette.*
A **wrinch** (or ſtraine) by treading awry. *Meſmarchure.*
A **wrinching**. *Torſement, torſion, torſure.*
Wrinched. *Tors, torcionné.*
To **wring**. *Eſtreindre, tordre.*
To **wring** ſore. *Nauer.*
To **wring** like the collick. *Trenchaiſonner.*
To **wring** hard. *Perſtreindre, perſtraindre, eſtraindre.*
A **wringing**. *Eſtreignement, eſtreinte, tordement.*
A **wringing** as the collick. *Trenchaiſon.*
A **wringing** in the bellie. *Trenchée.*
A **wrinkle**. *Ridée, froncis.*
To **wrinkle**. *Rider, froncer, froncer.*
To **wrinkle** the forhead. *Se rider le front. Voyez* to Frowne.
Wrinkles. *Rides.*
Wrinkled. *Ridé, froncé, froncé, refroncé, grigné, rugueux.*
Wrinkledneſſe. *Rugoſité.*
A **wrinkling**. *Ridement, froncure, froncure, froncis.*
The **wriſt**. *Le poignet.*
A **wriſtband**. *Manipule.*
To **writh**. *Tordre, torquer.*
To **writh** back. *Retordre, retorquer.*
A **writh**. *Torſe, torce.*
Writhen. *Torqué, torcionné.*
Writhen back. *Retorqué, retors, retort.*
A thing **writhen**. *Torqueure.*
A **writhing**. *Torſement, torſion, torſure.*
A **writhing** backward. *Retorceure.*
A **writ**. *Un brief, ou, bref.*
To returne a **writ**. *Reſcrire.*
The returne of a **writ**. *Reſcript.*
The holy **writ**. *La Sainčte Eſcriture.*
To **write**. *Eſcrire.*
To **write** back. *Reſcrire.*
To **write** ill, amiſſe, or againſt. *Meſeſcrire.*
To **write** faire. *Eſcrire au net.*
A **writer**. *Eſcrivain, ſcripteur.*
A **writing**. *Eſcriture, eſcripture, un Eſcript.*
To ſet downe, or couch in **writing**. *Metire par eſcript, rediger par eſcript.*
A **writing** back. *Reſcript, reſcription, reſcrit.*
A **writling**. *Regrouvi.*
Written. *Eſcript, eſcrit.*
Written faire. *Eſcrit au net.*
Wrong. *Tort, oultrage, injure, ſupercherie, affront, outrage, violence, meffaict, nuiſon, iniquité, injuſtice, offenſe, offence.*
Open **wrong**. *Inſult.*
To **wrong**, or doe **wrong**. *Faire tort à, oultrager, violer, meffaire, ou, meſfaire à, injurier, abuſer, affronter, inſulter, offendre, offencer, offenſer, meſoffrir.*
To be in the **wrong**. *Avoir tort.*
Wronged. *Oultragé, injurié, abuſé, intereſſé, offendé, offenſé.*
Wrongfull. *Injurieux, oultrageux, tortionnaire, inique, injuſte.*
Wrongfully. *Injurieuſement, à tort, tortionnairement, iniquement, injuſtement, indeuement.*
A **wronger**. *Oultrageur, injurieur, qui faict tort.*
A **wrong-doer**. *Violateur, oppugnateur; Ou comme* a Wronger.
A **wronging**. *Oultragement, violation, offenſement.*
Wrought. *Ouvré, ouvragé, operé, (Participe du verbe* to Worke.)
Wrought with the needle. *Ouvragé.*
Wrung. *Tors, eſtreinct.*
Wrung hard. *Perſtreinct, ſerré.*
Wrung extremely. *Nauré.*
To **wry**. *Tortiller, retordre.*
Wry. *Tord.*
Wryed. *Tortillé, tors.*
To **wry**, or **writh** the neck. *Torticoller.*
A **wrying**. *Torſe, torce, torſement, torſiment, torſion, retorceure, retordement, retordure, torſure.*
Wrily. *Tortement, obliquement.*
A **wryer**. *Retordeur.*
The little bird called a **wrynech**. *Torcol, torcollet, torcot, turiot.*
A **wrymouth**. *Simagrée.*
A **wrymouthed**, or **wryfaced** wench. *Caravirée.*
A **wrynecked** fellow. *Torticolly, tortycolly.*
The **wythers** of a horſe. *Garrot, gallet, guarrot.*
A wring or pinch in the **wythers**. *Garrot.*

Y

To **yalp**, **yalping**, &c. *Voyez* to Yelp.
A **yard**. *Verge, Meſure de trois pieds.*
A **yard** of, or, the length of a **yard** in. *Vergée.*
A mans **yard**. *Vit, mentale, virolet, nerf caverneux.*
A ſaile **yard**. *Verge.*
A **yard-land**. *Vne verge.*
A **yard** to a houſe. *Cour, court.*
An inner **yard** to a houſe. *Baſſecour.*
A **yarke**. *Ture.*
Yarne. *Filetta.*
The **yarne** beame of a Weaver. *Enſouple, enſouple.*
To **yarre**, as a dogge. *Gronder, comme un chien.*
A **yarrer**. *Grondeur.*
A **yarring**. *Gronderie, grondement, riottement de chiens.*
Yarrow. *Mille fueille.*
Great **yarrow**. *Mille fueille grande.*
Souldiers, yellow, or little **yarrow**. *Mille-fueille jaune, Mille-fueille petite.*
Water **yarrow**. *Mille-fueille aquatique.*
To **yawle** (as a little child.) *Houdiller, mouiner.*
To **yawne**. *Baailler.*
A **yawning**. *Baaillement, oſcitation.*
Yawning. *Baaillant.*
Yce. *Glace.*
Yci. *Glacial. Voyez* Ice.
Yea. *Voire, oui, ouy.*
Yea truly. *Oui vrayement.*
Yea but, **yea** rather. *Ains, ains plutoſt, voire mais.*
A **yeare**. *An.*
The terme, or time of a **yeare**. *Année.*
Leape **yeare**. *An biſſextil.*
Well in **yeares**. *Sur le haut de ſon age.*
Yearely (Annuall, or every **yeare**.) *Annuel.*
Yearely, or **yeare** by **yeare**. *Annuellement.*
To **yearne**. *S'heriſſer, s'heriſſonner, friſſonner.*
A **yearning** (through ſudden feare.) *Heriſſonnement, heriſſement, horripilation, horripiration.*
Yeaſt. *Leveton, gé, levure de biere.*
Yee. *Vous.*
To **yeild**. *Rendre, reſtituer; Octroyer, accorder, reſigner, ſuccomber.*
To **yeild** himſelfe. *Se rendre.*

To

To **yeild** unto ſubmiſſively. *Obeïr.*
Yeildable. *Rendable.*
To **yeild** (as ſtones againſt moiſt weather.) *Samter.*
Yelded. *Rendu, accordé, reſigné.*
Yelded unto with ſubmiſſion. *Obeï.*
Yelded back. *Reſtitué.*
A **yelder** back. *Reſtituteur.*
A **yelding.** *Rendage, accordement.*
A **yelding** back. *Reſtitution.*
Yelding. *Mol.*
A **yelding** up *Reddition.*
Yeldingly. *Mollement.*
The **yelke** of an egge. *Voyez* Yolke.
To **yell.** *Hurler, beurler, huller.*
Yelled. *Hurlé.*
A **yelling.** *Hurlement, beurlement, glavoir, beurlerie, viulement, burlement.*
Yelling. *Heurlant.*
Yellow. *Faulne.*
To make **yellow.** *Faulnir.*
Growne **yellow.** *Faulni.*
The **yellowes.** *La faulniſſe.*
The **yellow-hammer** (bird.) *Verdere, verdereule, verdrier.*
Yellowiſh, a little **yellow.** *Faulnet.*
Yellowly, of **yellow** hew. *Faulnement.*
A **yellowneſſe,** or **yellowing.** *Faulniſſure.*
To **yelp** *Glappir, japper.*
A **yelper.** *Glappiſſeur.*
A **yelping.** *Glappiſſement.*
A **Yeoman.** *Roturier, franc-gentier, magnan.*
Yeomanly. *Roturier; auſſi, en roturier.*
Yeomanry. *Roture.*
To **yerke.** *Tirer.*
To **yerke** out behind. *Ruer des pieds, calcitrer, recalcitrer, regimber.*
A **yerke.** *Ture.*
A **yerker** out. *Ruew.*
A **yerking** out with the heeles. *Ruade.*
Yes. *Oui, ouy.*
Yeſterday. *Hier, hyer.*
Yeſternight. *Herſoir.*
Yet. *Encor.*
And **yet, yet** notwithſtanding. *Neantmoins.*
The **yew** tree. *If, yf.*
A **yew** (or female ſheep.) *Brebis.*
A **yew-game,** or **yewe-game.** *Gambade.*
A **yewie-ring.** *Comme* a Yellow-hammer.
To **yex.** *Hoquetter, ſenglouter, bocqueter, ſenglotter, ſanglotter.*
The **yex.** *Hoquet, bocquet.*
A **yexer** *Senglotteur.*
A **yexing.** *Hoquet, ſenglot, ſenglout, ſanglout, ſanglot.*
An **ynch.** *Voyez* Inch.
A **yoake,** or **yoke.** *Joug, jouëlle.*
To **yoak.** *Accoupler, coupler.*
To bring under the **yoake.** *Subjuguer.*
Yoakeable, *Accouplable.*
Yoaked. *Couplé, accouplé.*
Brought under the **yoake.** *Subjugué.*
A **yoaking.** *Accouplage, accouplement, ſubjugation.*
The **yolke** of an egge. *Le moyeu, ou, moieu d'un œuf, le jaulne d'un œuf.*
Belonging to the **yolke** of an egge. *Vitellin.*
Yong. or young. *Ieune, tendre.*
A **young-man.** *Ieune-homme, adoleſcent.*
Younger. *Plus jeune, puis né,*
A **younger** brother. *Cadet, maiſné, maiſne.*
Yongerſhip, or **yonger-brotherhood.** *Maiſneté.*
A **yonker,** or **yongſter.** *Gars, garſon.*
A luſtie **yonker.** *Vn vergaland.*
A **youngling.** *Niais.*
Somewhat **young.** *Ieunet, Ieunaſtre.*
You. *Vous.*
Your. *Voſtre, & (plurier) Voz.*
Young, younger, &c. *Comme* Yong, yonger, &c.
Youth. *Ieuneſſe, adoleſcence.*
A **youth.** *Adoleſcent.*
To **youth** it, or play a **youthfull** part. *Ieunaſtrer.*
Youthfull, or **youthly.** *Ieune, ieunaſtre.*
Youthfully. *Ieunement.*
It **yxeth** me. *Il me faſche, il m'ennuyt.*
Yxſomeneſſe. *Ennuy, chagrin.*
Yxſome. *Faſcheux, moleſte.*
Yron. *Fer. Voyez* Iron.

Z

Zeal. *Zele.*
Zealous. *Zelé, zelatif.*
To be **zealous.** *Zeler.*
A **zealous** perſon. *Zelateur, zelote, zelatype.*
Zealouſly. *Jalouſement.*
Zealouſie. *Zelotiſme. Zealtre.*
The **zenith.** *Le point vertical, zenith.*
The **zodiack.** *Zodiaque.*
Zelus. *Zele.*
A **Zone.** *Zone.*

FINIS.

Adreſſes bien briefves pour aider *aux Eſtrangers à prononcer la langue Angloſe.*

A. LA lettre A *ſe prononce* ae, *comme* Trade, made, lame, blame. *Mais devant* l *eſt prononcé comme* A *françois*; *Exempli gratia*, All, fall, tall ſmall.

Au, & aw. *Ces diphongues* au *&* aw *ſont prononcez comme* à *long*, *comme* Saw, law, crawle, ou craule. *Exceptez quand* l'v *eſt conſone ſuyvi d'*e, *comme* Have, crave, ſave, brave, *d'eſquels ci apres.*

E. *On ne prononce jamais* l'e *à la fin des mots*; *comme* Pope, frame, done; *mais il ſert à faire la ſyllabe longue.*

Ea, & ei. *Les diphongues* ea *&* ei *ſe prononcent* é, *comme* Teach, deceive.

Ee. Ee *diphongue, ou prononce* i, *comme* Need, ſeed, breed, ſpeed, creed.

Eo. Eo *en ce mot* People *eſt prononcé* i.

E. *Es monaſyllables,* e *eſt prononcé* i, *comme* Be, me, he, (*leſquels auſſi on eſcrit* Bee, mee, hee.) *Exceptez* The.

Ble, cle, &c. *En ces ſyllabes* Ble, dle, cle, tle, e *n'eſt guere ſonné, ains les prononce on preſque comme* Bul, dul, cul, pul, tul, *comme*, Bible, circle, handle, ample, turtle.

Ek, & ev. E' *quelquefois devant* k, *&* v *eſt prononcé* i, *comme en ces mots* Eke, even.

I. *La lettre* i *eſt diverſement ſonnée*; *Communement comme ce diphongue* Ei, e. g. A lie, to abide, to defile, a pipe, fine, mine; &c. *Quelquefois, comme* i *françois, & ce en trois manieres*: 1. *Quand elle vient devant vne ſimple conſone, ſans qu'*E *ou aultre voyelle la ſuive*; e. g. Bid, fill, 2 *Quand elle precede vne double conſone*; e. g. Bidden, trimme, beginning. 3 *En pluſſures mots venants du Latin* en tio; e. g. Condition, Nation.

Igh. Igh, *eſt prononcé diverſement*; *ou, comme il eſt eſcrit, laquelle eſt la plus ancienne & (comme je croy) la vraye prolation*; *ou comme* Ei *diphongue (prononciation moderne, & ſont vſitée à Londres & ailleurs.) Tellement que* Night, fight, light, ſight, might, right, &c. *ſont prononcez* Nei, feit, leit, ſeit, meit, reit, *&c.*

Ieve, ieſe. *Ie precedant* ve, *ou* ſe, *eſt prononcé comme* (i) *françois*; E. g. To grieve, to relieve, Grieſe, relieté; *Leſquels ſont auſſi eſcrits* Greeſe, greeve, releeve, releeſe.

O. *O eſt diverſement prononcé*: 1. *Quelquefois comme en françois*; E. g. Moſt, poſt, (*& devant vne ſimple conſone*) Noſe, hoſe, ſuppoſe, ſtore: 2. *fort court* (*devant vne double conſone*) e. g. Loſt, troſt, loſſe, croſſe, bobbing, ſtopped, &c. 3. *En quelque mots on le prononce comme* ou; e. g. Doe, to, ſhoe. 4. *devant* ve, *Car on prononce cette ſyllable* Ove *diverſement*, 1 *comme* uf, E. g. Love, dove, above. 2. *Comme* ou, e. g. To move, prove, behove, *leſquels aucuneſois ſont eſcrits*, Moove, proove, behoove. 3. *comme* Of, e. g. A grove, a ſtove, he move, he drove.

Oa. *On prononce* oa. *comme* o, e. g. To boaſt.

Oo. *Le diphongue* Oo *eſt prononcé* ou, *e. g.* Brood, mood, roome.

Ou, ow. *Ces diphongues* ou *&* ow *ſe prononcent comme* au *e. g.* Boule, or bowle, ſoule, mould; *aucuneſois comme* Ou, *e. g.* Could, would, ſhould, *quelquefois comme* O, *e. g.* Grow, glow, bow (*vn arc*) to ſow (*couldre*;) *& quelquefois (preſque) comme* Eu, *e. g.* Now, how, to bow (*player*) a ſow (*vne truye.*)

Owne. *Lon prononce* owne *comme* Oën, *e. g.* Owne, knowne, ſowne; *Et quelquefois comme* ouen, *e. g.* Brown, crown, down, frown.

u. V *devant vne ſimple conſone eſt prononcé communement* iu, *e. g.* Sugar. *Mais devant deux conſones, ou vn ſans* e, *eſt prononcé comme* ou, *mais fort court, e. g.* Bud, luck, ſunne.

ure. *Quand* u *precede* re, *ou prononce* ure *comme* uër, *e. g.* Pure, lure, ſure, endure.

Ch. Ch *eſt prononcé comme les Italiens ſont leur* Gialer, certo; *e. g.* Chaſt, chaſe, cheap, chooſe, choice.

Ge, gi. Ge, & gi *ſont prononcez mollement, preſque comme en françois*; *Exceptez en ces mots*; To give, begin, giddie, to gild, girle, girdle, gird, girth, gimlet, Gilbert, Geeſe, to geld, get, gewgaw, gib, gibblegable, giggler, gills of fiſhes, gifard, gitterne, & *qui in proviennent*, *tous leſquels ſont prononcez comme* gue, gui.

Gh. *Quand* Gh *ſuit le diphongue* au, *ou* ou, *communement on le prononce par* f. *e. g.* To laugh, cough, a draught.

S. S *en vn meſme mot a (quelquefois) double ſon. Car en* uſe *le Nom c'eſt ſonné comme* s: *mais en* To uſe *le verbe, comme* z. *Ainſi* Abuſe, excuſe, refuſe, &c.

Th. Th, *a double ſon*: *premierement, comme Grec* Δ, *en mettant la langue entre les dents*; *e. g.* That, then, there, thine. *En ſecond lieu, comme le Grec* Θ, *en mettant la langue contre les dents & ſiffl ant*; *e. g.* Thanke, thinne, thing, thinke, thumbe, thrall, throng, thruſt, three, thurſt.

Wh. Wh *eſt prononcé preſque comme* Hou; *e. g.* What, wh^ere, when, which, whom; *ſonnez bouat, boner bouen, &c.*

Finalement, apprenez la difference de Hide, hid, heed, hit; *de* Signe, ſinne, ſeene; *de* head, beed, hid, hide; *de* which, & witch; *de* wit & with; *de* To, toe, too, & two; *de* kine, keene, kinne, & king; *de* Write, writ, right, rite; *de* To Bow (*flechir*) A Bow (*vn arc*,) A Bough (*vne branche.*)

Conjugaiſons des verbes tant reguliers, qu'irreguliers.

Les reguliers ſont conjuguez ſelon cet example. Mœuf Indicatif, temps preſent, nombre ſingulier.

J'aime I love, thou loveſt, he loveth. *Plurier*, we love, yee love, they love.

L'Imparfaict, j'aimoy, ou, j'aimay. Sing.

I loved, thou lovedſt, he loved. *Pl.* we loved, yee loved, they loved.

Autre Imparfaict, par Did (*l'imparfaict du verbe* To doe.) *Et ceci convient à tous verbes.*

I did love, thou didſt love, he did love. *Plur.* wee did love, ye did love, they did love.

Temps preterit, par Have, *I'ay aimé.*

Sing. { I have / thou haſt / hee hath } loved. *Plurier* { wee / yee / they } have loved.

Le plus que parfaict, par Had, *I'avoy aimé.*

Sing { I had / thou hadſt / he had } loved. *Plur.* { wee / yee / they } had loved.

Temps futur. I'aimeray.

Sing { I ſhall, *ou*, I will / thou ſhalt, thou wilt / he ſhall, or he will } love. *Plur.* { wee / yee / they } ſhall love, will love.

Mœuf Imperatif: Aime, qu'il aime, &c.

Sing { love, love thou / love he, or, let him love. } *Plur.* { Love wee, or, let us love. / Love yee. / Love they, or, let them love. }

Les Mœufs Optatif, & Subjonctif ſont de meſme comme l'Indicatif, ſinon qu'en l'Optatif on met devant le verbe ces ſignes, Would God, I pray God, God grant; *& au Subjonctif.* Though, although, when.

L'Infinitif; *Aimer*, To love. *Avoir aimé*, To have, or had loved. *Participes*; *Aimant*, Loving. *Aimé*, loved.

Des verbes Anomales.

Les verbes irreguliers different ſeulement en l'Imperfaict, & au participe preterit; & quant au reſte ſe forment ſelon l'example ſumis.

To **Abide**, I abide. *Imp.* I abode. *Part. pret.* Abidden.
To **agree**. I agree. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Agreed.
To **Be**. I am, thou art, he is. *Plur.* wee are, ye are, they are. *Imparfaict*, I was, thou waſt, he was. *Pl.* wee were, yee were, they were. *Particip. pret.* Been. *Optat. preſ.* God grant I be. *Optat. imp.* would God I were.
To **beare**. I beare. *Imp.* I bare, *ou*, I bore. *Part. preterit.* Borne.
To **beat**. I beate. *Imp.* I did beate. *Part. pret.* Beaten.
To **become**, to befall, to **beget**. *Voyez les en* Come, Fall, Get.
To **beginne**. *Imp.* I began. *Part. pret.* I begun.
To **behold**. *Imp.* I beheld. *Part. pret.* Beheld, *ou*, Beholden.
To **bereave**. *Imp. & part. pret.* Bereaved, *ou*, bereft.
To **bend**. *Imp. Part. pret.* Bent.
To **beſeech**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Beſought.
To **beware**. *Imp.* I did beware.
To **bid**. *Imp.* I bade. *Part. pret.* Bidden.
To **bide**. *Imp.* Bade, *ou* bode. *Part. pret.* Bidden.
To **bind**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Bound.
To **bite**. *Imp.* I did bite. *Part. pret.* Bitten.
To **bleed**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Bled.
To **blend**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Blended, *ou*, blent.
To **bleſſe**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Bleſſed, *ou*, bleſt.
To **blow**. *Imp.* I blew. *Part. pret.* Blowne, *ou*, Blowen.
To **breake**. *Imp.* I brake (*ou*, broke.) *Part. pret.* Broken.
To **breed**. *Imp & Part. pret.* Bred.
To **bring**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Brought.
To **build**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Build, *ou*, built.
To **burne**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Burned, *ou*, burnt.
To **buy**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Bought.
I **can**. *Imp.* I could. *Part. pret.* Able. *Infinitif.* To be able.
To **caſt**. *Imp.* Caſt, *ou* did caſt. *Part. pret.* Caſt.
To **catch**. *Imp.* Caught, (*& quelquefois* Catched.) *Part. pret.* Caught.
To **chide**. *Imp.* I chid, *ou* chidde. *Part. pret.* Chidden.
To **chooſe**. *Imp.* Choſe. *Part. pret.* Choſen.
To **cleave**. *Imp.* I clave, I cleft. *(& par quelques uns* Clove.) *Part. pret.* Cloven, *ou* Cleft.
To **cling**. *Imp.* Clung, *ou* Clang. *Part. pret.* Clung.
To **come**. *Imp.* I came. *Part. pret.* Come.
To **coſt**. *Imp.* I coſt, *ou*, did coſt. *Part. pret.* Coſt.
To **creepe**. *Imp. & part. pret.* Crept.
To **crowe**. *Imp.* I crew. *Part. pret.* Crowen.
To **cut**. *Imp.* I did cut. *Part. pret.* Cut.
To **deale**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Dealt.
To **die**. *Imp.* I died. *Part. pret.* Dead.
To **doe**. *Imp.* I did. *Part. pret.* Done.
To **draw**. *Imp.* I drew. *Part. pret.* Drawne.
To **drinke**. *Imp.* I dranke. *Part. pret.* Drunke, drunken.
To **dwell**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Dwelled, *ou*, dwelt.
To **drive**. *Imp.* I drave, *ou*, drove. *Part. pret.* Driven.
To **eate**. *Imp.* I ate, or did eate. *Part. pret.* Eaten.
To **fall**. *Imp.* I fell. *Part. pret.* Fallen.
To **feed**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Fed.
To **feele**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Felt.
To **fight**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Fought.
To **find**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Found.
To **flee**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Fled.
To **flie**. *Imp.* I flew. *Part. pret.* Flowne.
To **fling**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Flung.
To **forbid**, **forbeare**, **forgoe**, *&c. Comme* Bid, beare, goe.
To **forſake**. *Imp.* I forſooke. *Part. pret.* Forſaken.
To **freeze**. *Imp.* It froze. *Part. pret.* Frozen.
To **geld**. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Gelded, *ou*, gelt.
To **get**. *Imp.* I gate. *Part. pret.* Gotten.
To **give**. *Imp.* I gave. *Part. pret.* Given.
To **gnaw**. *Imp.* I gnawed. *Part. pret.* Gnawne.
To **goe**. *Imp.* I went. *Part. pret.* Gone.
To **grave**. *Imp.* I graved. *Part. pret.* Graven.

To grind. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Ground.
To grow. *Imp.* I grew. *Part. pret.* Growne, *ou* growne.
To heare. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Heard.
To help. *Imp.* I helped, I holp. *Part. pret.* Holpen.
To hew. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Hewed, *ou*, hewen.
To hide. *Imp.* Hidde. *Part. pret.* Hidden.
To hit. *Imp.* I did hit. *Part. pret.* Hit, *ou*, hitten.
To hold. *Imp.* I held. *Part. pret.* Holden.
To hurt. *Imp.* I did hurt. *Part. pret.* Hurt.
To keepe. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Kept.
To know. *Imp.* I knew. *Part. pret.* Knowne.
To lade. *Imp.* I laded. *Part. pret.* Laden.
To lay. *Imp.* I laid. *Part. pret.* Laid, *ou*, laine.
To lead. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Led, *ou*, ledde.
To leave. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Left.
To lend. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Lent.
To let. (*Empeſcher.*) *Imp. & Part. pret.* Letted. *Mais*
To let. (*permettre.*) *Imp. & Par. pret.* Let.
To lie. (*Mentir.*) *Imp. & Part. pret.* Lied. *Mais*
To lie downe. (*Se coucher.*) *Imp.* I did lie, *ou*, I lay. *Part. pret.* Lien, *ou* laine.
To loſe. (*perdre.*) *Imp. & Part. pret.* Loſt.
To make. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Made.
To may. (*Pouvoir.*) *Imp.* I might. *Part. pret.* Bene able.
To meane. *Imp. & part. pret.* Meant.
To meete. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Met.
To melt. *Imp.* melted. *Part. pret.* Molten.
To paſſe. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Paſſed, *ou*, paſt.
To put. *Imp.* I put, *ou*, did put. *Part. pret.* Put.
To reach. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Raught.
To reade. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Red, *ou*, Read.
To reape. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Reaped, *ou*, Reapt.
To rend. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Rent.
To ride. *Imp.* I rode. *Part. pret* Ridden.
To ring. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Rung.
To riſe. *Imp.* I roſe. *Part. pret.* Riſen.
To rive. *Imp.* I rived. *Part. pret.* Riven.
To rot. *Imp.* I rotted. *Part. pret.* Rotten.
To runne. *Imp.* I ranne. *Part. pret.* Runne.
To ſay. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Said.
To ſee. *Imp.* I ſaw. *Part. pret.* Seene.
To ſeeke. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Sought.
To ſeeth. *Imp.* I ſeethed, *ou*, I ſod. *Part. pret.* Sodden.
To ſell. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Sold.
To ſend. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Sent.
To ſet. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Set.
To ſhake. *Imp.* I ſhooke. *Part. pret.* Shaken.
To ſhave. *Imp.* I ſhaved. *Part. pret.* Shaven.
To ſhede. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Shed.
To ſhere. *Imp.* I ſhore. *Part. pret.* Shorne.
To ſhew. *Imp.* I ſhewed. *Part. pret.* Shewen.
To ſhine. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Shined, *ou* ſhone.
To ſhut. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Shut.
To ſing. *Imp.* I ſang. *Part. pret.* Sung.
To ſinke. *Imp.* I ſanke. *Part. pret.* Sunke.
To ſit. *Imp.* I ſate. *Part. pret.* Sitten.
To ſlay. *Imp.* I ſlew. *Part. pret.* Slaine.
To ſleepe. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Slept.
To ſlide. *Imp.* I ſlid. *Part. pret.* Slidden.
To ſlip. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Slipt.
To ſlinke. *Imp.* I ſlanke. *Part. pret.* Slunke.
To ſmell. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Smelt.
To ſmite. *Imp.* I ſmote. *Part. pret.* Smitten.
To ſnow. *Imp.* It ſnew. *Part. Pret.* Snowne.
To ſow. *Imp.* I ſowed. *Part. pret.* Sowen.
To ſpeake. *Imp.* I ſpake. *Part. pret.* Spoken.
To ſped. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Sped.
To ſpend. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Spent.
To ſpill. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Spilled, *ou*, ſpilt.
To ſpinne. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Spunne.
To ſpread. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Spred.
To ſpring. *Imp.* I ſprang. *Part. pret.* Sprung.
To ſtand. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Stood.
To ſteale. *Imp.* I ſtole. *Part. pret.* Stollen.
To ſticke. *Imp & Part. pret.* Stucke.
To ſtrew. *Imp.* I ſtrewed, *Part. pret.* Strewen, *ou* ſtrewed.
To ſtride. *Imp.* I ſtrid, *ou* ſtrode, *Part. pret.* Stridden.
To ſtrike. *Imp.* I ſtrucke, *Part. pret.* Stricken, *ou*, ſtruck-en.
To ſtring. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Strung.
To ſtrive. *Imp.* I ſtrove. *Part. pret.* Striven.
To ſweare. *Imp.* I ſware. *Part. pret.* Sworne.
To ſweat. *Imp. & part. pret.* Swett.
To ſweepe. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Swept.
To ſwell. *Imp.* I ſwelled. *Part. pret.* Swollen.
To ſwimme. *Imp.* I Swamme. *Part. Pret.* Swummē, *ou*, Swomme.
To ſwing. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Swung.
To take. *Imp.* I tooke. *Part. pret.* Taken.
To teach. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Taught.
To teare. *Imp.* I tare. *Part. pret.* Torne.
To tell. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Told.
To thinke. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Thought.
To thrive. *Imp.* I throve, *ou*, I did thrive. *Part. pret.* Thri-ven.
To throw. *Imp.* I threw. *Part. pret.* Throwne.
To thruſt. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Thruſt.
To weare. *Imp.* I wore. *Part. pret.* Worne.
To weave. *Imp.* I wove. *Part. pret.* Woven.
To weepe. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Wept.
To will. *Imp.* I willed, I would, I was willing. *Part. pret.* Wil-led, been willing.
To wind. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Wound.
To win, or winne. *Imp.* I wanne, or wonne. *Part. pret.* Wonne, or won.
To worke. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Wrought.
To wring. *Imp. & Part. pret.* Wrung.
To write. *Imp.* I wrote. *Part. pret.* Written.
To writh. *Imp.* I writhed. *Part. pret.* Writhen.

FINIS.

For the eaſe of the French Student, and the further advantage of his memory, the heads of ſome ſpecies are collected and annexed hereunto.

Armes.

ARmes. *Armes.*
An armorie. *Armoirie.*
Men of armes. *Gend'armes.*
A ſword. *Eſpée.*
A dagger. *Dague.*
A ponyard. *Poignard.*
A ſcotch dagger. *Dague a roelles.*
A rapier. *Eſpée Eſpagnole.*
A piſtol or dag. *Piſtole,*
A piſtol ſhot. *Piſtolade.*
A canon. *Canon.*
A canon ſhot. *Canonade.*
A gun. *Archebuſe.*
A gunner. *Archebuſier.*
A muſquet. *Mouſquet.*
He that carrieth a muſquet. *Mouſquetaire.*
A petronell, or horſemans peece. *Carabin, dragon.*
A lance. *Lance.*
A tilting lance. *Lance morne.*
A pike. *Pique.*
A pikeman. *Piquer.*
Harneſſe. *Harnois.*
A headpeece. *Morion.*
Armes for breaſt, back, and thighs. *Cuiraſſes.*
He that's ſo arm'd. *Cuiraſſier.*
Compleatly arm'd. *Armé de cap a pie.*
A culverin. *Coulouvrine.*
A halbert. *Halebarde.*
A poleaxe. *Hache polonoiſe.*
A croſſe-bow. *Arbaleſtre.*
A bow. *Arc.*
An arrow. *Fleche.*
A quiver. *Carquois.*
A ſoldier. *Soldat.*

Birds.

A Bird. *Oiſeau, oyſet.*
A little bird. *Oyſelet.*
To go a birding. *Oiſeler.*
A fowler. *Oiſeleur,* or *oiſelier.*
A cage, or coope for birds. *Oiſelerie,* or *cage.*
Hawkes. *Oiſeaux de proye.*
A cock. *Coq.*
A capon. *Chapon.*
A henne. *Poule.*
A chicken. *Poulet, pouſſin.*
Poultrey. *Poulaille.*
A henroost. *Poullallier.*
A turky-cock. *Coq d'Inde.*
A turky-henne. *Poule d'Inde.*
A pigeon. *Pigeon.*
A pigeon houſe. *Colombier.*
A pigeon hole. *Boulin.*
A young pigeon. *Pigeonneau.*
A gooſe. *Oye.*
A green gooſe. *Oyon.*
Gooſe giblets. *La petite oye.*
A gander. *Oyard, Jar.*
A ducke. *Cane.*
A drake. *Canard.*
A wild ducke. *Albrent.*
To go a ducking. *Albrenner.*
A ſparrow. *Paſſereau.*
A ſwallow. *Arondelle.*
A larke. *Aloüette.*
An owle. *Hibou, huette.*
A pheaſant. *Faiſant.*
A dove. *Colombe.*
A ring-dove. *Palombe.*
A turtle-dove. *Tourtourelle.*
A ſtocke-dove. *Colomb bizet.*
A canarie-bird. *Canarin.*
A crane. *Grue.*
A young crane. *Gruau.*
A batt. *Chauveſouris.*
A black-bird. *Merle.*
A bittor. *Galerand.*
A finch. *Pinſon.*
A cuckow. *Cocú.*
A daw. *Chouette.*
A cormoran. *Corman.*
A didopper. *Caſtagneux.*
A gold-finch. *Chardonneret.*
A thruſh. *Tourdelle, tourd.*
A hern. *Heron.*
A robin-redbreaſt. *Gadrille, Rubeline.*
A ſea gull. *Gullet.*
A moore-cocke. *Bruyant.*
A moore-henne. *Magot.*
A parrot. *Parroquet.*
A ring-taile. *Oiſeau de St. Martin.*
A wag-taile. *Hoche queüe, lavandiere.*
A wood-cocke. *Becaſſe.*
A wood-pecker. *Pic, pinert.*
A wren. *Roytelet.*
A lapwing. *Vanneau.*
A ſtare, or ſtarling. *Sanſonet, eſtorneau.*
A puet. *Piette.*
A peacocke. *Paon.*
A nightingall. *Roſſignole,*
A brambline. *Moineau de bois,*
A rooke. *Graille.*
A ſwan. *Cigne.*
A ſtorke. *Cicogne.*
A quaile. *Caille.*
A partridge. *Perdrix.*
A vulture. *Voutour.*
A titmouſe. *Meſange.*
A martlet. *Martinet.*
The great ſcritching martin. *Montardier.*
A domeſtick or tame bird. *Oyſel appriuoiſé.*

Colours.

BRown or auburn. *Bruneau.*
Aſh colour. *Cendreux.*
Azure. *Azurin.*
White. *Blanc.*
Blacke. *Noir.*
Drawing to blacke. *Noiraſtre.*
Blew, blewiſh. *Blue, bleuaſtre.*
Bay. *Bay.*
A bright dapled bay. *Le bay a mirois.*
Watchet. *Couleur perſe.*
Carnation. *Incarnat, incarnadin.*
A pale wan colour. *Couleur baſtarde.*
A darke gray. *Couleur de minime.*
Aſhmallow colour. *Couleur de caſſidoine.*
A deep colour. *Couleur chargée.*
A flame colour. *Couleur flamboyante.*
A peach colour. *Couleur de fleur de peſche.*
Couleur d'Inde.
Gray. *Gris.*
Dapple gray. *Gris pommelé.*
Green. *Verd.*
A ſpaniſh green. *Ver de gris.*
Yellow. *Jaune.*
Willowiſh. *Jaunaſtre.*
Red. *Rougé.*
Reddiſh. *Rougeaſtre.*
Purple. *Pourpurine.*
Purple in graine. *Migraine.*
A decayed colour. *Blaffard.*

Dogges.

A dogge. *Chien;*
A bitch. *Cagn, tchienne.*
A tinkers bitch. *Maraude.*
A greyhound. *Chien de chaſſe.*
A ſetting dog. *chien couchant.*
A buck-hound. *Chien courant.*
A maſtiffe. *Chien dogue,* or *maſtin.*
A badger, or fox-hound. *Chien de St. Hubert, or chien d'Iraude.*
A curre. *Chien de metairie.*
A Terrier. *Chien d'Artois, ou Buſſet.*
A great white hound. *Bond,* or *chien griffier.*
A hound. *Chien cerf.*
A ſpannell. *Chien d'oiſeux.*
A ladies puppie *Caquot.*
A water ſpannell. *Barbet.*

Fiſh.

Fish.

Fish. *Poisson.*
A Fishpond. *Estang.*
Sea-fish, *Marée.*
A fish-day. *Iour maigre.*
A fisherman. *Pescheur.*
A fish-market. *Poissonnerie.*
Fish-broth, or sawce, *Muretie de poisson.*
A mackrill. *Poisson d'Auril.*
A Barbell. *Barbeau.*
A sea-barbell. *Barbarin.*
A breame. *Brasme.*
A sea-breame. *Pigroit.*
A Carpe. *Carpe.*
Cockle fish. *Coque, hannon.*
A cod. *Merlus.*
Fresh cod. *Cabillau.*
Salt cod. *Morue.*
Conger. *Congre.*
Crab-fish. *Escrevice, cantre.*
A cuttle. *Seiche.*
Dace. *Saiffe.*
Dogfish. *Cagnole.*
A dolphin. *Dauphin.*
An eele. *Anguille.*
A grigge. *Anguillette.*
A Flounder. *Flez.*
A gudgeon. *Goyon, goissan.*
Haddock. *Egrefin.*
Salt haddock. *Hadot.*
Haberdine. *Aberdeau, morues.*
A herring. *Harent.*
A red-herring. *Harenc de la nuit.*
A lamprey. *Lamproye, muirene.*
A lobster. *Gammare.*
A muscle. *Moucle.*
A mullet. *Mureau de mer.*
An oister. *Huitre.*
A periwinkle. *Verlin, cagarole de mer.*
A pearch. *Perche.*
A pike. *Brochet.*
A pickrell. *Lanceron.*
A pilchard. *Sardine.*
A plaise. *Plus.*
A little plaise. *Carlet.*
Prawnes. *Cavanates, squilles.*
A uncas'd prawne. *Saleraque.*
A puffin. *Merge, plongeon de mer.*
A raie. *Raye.*
The rock raie. *Raye bouclet.*
A roch. *Rosse.*
A rochet. *Rouget, rondelle.*
A salmon. *Saumon.*
A she salmon. *Becard.*
A scate. *Rai.*
A shad. *Halacbie, coulac.*
A shrimp. *Purpillon.*
A sole. *Sole, perdrix de mer.*
A sprat. *Caquerel.*
Stockfish. *Estocvis.*
Sturgeon. *Esturgeon.*
The spawne of a sturgeon. *Cabiart.*
A tench. *Tenche.*
A tortoise. *Tortus, tartaruffe.*
Thornback. *Raie rouste.*
A trouse. *Truite.*
A salmon troute. *Truite royale, sambez.*
Tunny fish. *Ton, thon.*
A turbut. *Turbot, rhomb.*
A whale. *Baleine.*
A whiting. *Merlan.*

Hawkes.

A Hawke. *Espervier.*
To hawke. *Voler aux oiseaux.*
A soare hawke. *Faucon sor.*
A high flying hawke. *Faulcon hautain.*
A seeled hawke. *Faucon cillier.*
A dropt hawk. *Faucon gollet.*
A short winged hawke or gosshawke. *Autour, Asture.*
A ragged feathred hawk. *Faucon balbrené.*
A gentle hawke. *Faucon de doux assistemens.*
A hawking pole. *Gault de gibbier.*
Hawkes gesses. *Gettes d'un Faucon.*
A hawkes hood. *Chaperon.*
A hawkes talons. *Serres.*
Hawkes bels. *Grevillons.*
A Gerfaucon. *Faucon gerfaut.*
A saker. *Sacre.*
A hobbie. *Hobreau.*
A haggard. *Faucon hagard.*
A hawkes perch. *Perche.*
A Faulkner. *Fauconnier.*

Flowers & Herbes.

A Flower. *Fleur.*
A nosegay. *Bouquet, ramillette.*
A rose. *Rose.*
Hedge rose. *Rose de buisson.*
The damask rose. *Rose de damas.*
The double damaske rose. *Rose de provence.*
The white lillie. *Rose de Iunon.*
The red rose. *Rose franche.*
Rosemary. *Romarin.*
The lillie. *Fleur de lis.*
Violet. *Violette.*
A gum..... *Girofle, oillet.*
Queenes gilliflowers. *Mu...*
A clove gilliflower. *Betoine sour...*
A pinke. *Oeilleton, girosiée sauvage.*
A tulip. *Tulipan.*
Time. *Thym.*
Lavander. *Lavande.*
Blew lavender. *Lavande mosle.*
White lavender. *Lavande femelle.*
Isope. *Hyssope.*
Sweet marjoram. *Primette marioleine.*
Marigold. *Soulsi, herbe du soleil.*
The primerose. *Primerore.*
Daisies. *Marguerites, cassandes.*
Daffadillies. *Asphodiles, narcisses.*
The jacint or crow-toes. *Hyacinthe.*

The members of the body.

A bodie. *Corps.*
The head. *La teste.*
The toppe of the head. *Le sommet de la teste.*
The haire. *Les cheueux.*
The braine before. *Le cerueau.*
The braine behinde. *La cerebelle.*
The understanding. *L'entendement.*
The will. *La volonté.*
The memorie. *La memoire.*
The forehead. *Le front.*
The eyebrowes. *Les sourcils.*
The eyes. *Les yeux.*
The eyelidders. *Les paupieres.*
The nose. *Le nez.*
The nostrils. *Les narines.*
The cheekes. *Le joües.*
The eares. *Les oreilles.*
The lippes. *Les levres.*
The mouth. *La bouche.*
The chinne. *Le menton.*
The beard. *La barbe.*
The haire on the upper lippe. *Les moustaches.*
The neck. *Le col.*
The breast. *La poitrine.*
The dugges. *Les tetins ou mammelles.*
The back. *Le dos.*
The shoulders. *Les espaules.*
The nape of the neck. *La nuque, ou, commun du col.*
The bellie. *Le ventre.*
The navill. *Le nombril.*
The waist. *Faux du corps.*
The chine of the back. *L'eschine.*
The genitories. *Les genitoires.*
The yard. *Le vit.*
The stones. *Les coillons.*
The taile. *Le cul.*
The buttocks. *Les fesses.*
The thighes. *Les cuisses.*
The knees. *Les genoux.*
The hamme. *La iarret, or, le regle de la jambe.*
The legge. *La jambe.*
The anckles. *Les chevilles.*
The heele. *Le talon.*
The foot. *Le pied.*
The toes. *Les orteaux.*
The sole of the foot. *La plante du pied.*
The armes. *Les bras.*
The elbow. *Coude.*
The wrist. *Le poignet.*
The hand. *La main.*
The right hand. *La main droicte.*
The left hand. *La main gauche.*
The fingers. *Les doits.*
The nailes. *Les ongles.*
The knuckles. *Les [illegible]*
The skinne. *La peau.*
The vaines. *Les veines.*
The sinewes. *Les nerfs.*
The joints. *Les jointures du corps.*
The tongue. *La langue.*
The jawes. *Maschoires.*
The throat. *La gorge.*
The heart. *Le cœur.*
The liver. *La foye.*
The bloud. *Le sang.*
The stomack. *L'estomac.*
The guts. *Les intestins, ou boyaux.*
The excrements. *La merde.*
The pisse. *L'urine.*
The bones. *Les os.*

The Moneths.

A Moneth. *Mois.*
Ianuary. *Ianvier.*
February. *Fevrier.*
March. *Le mois de Mars.*
Aprill. *Auril.*
May. *Le mois de May.*
June. *Iuin.*
July. *Iuillet.*
August. *Le mois d'Aoust.*
September. *September.*

Numbers.

I. Vn.
II. Deux.
III. Trois.
IV. Quatre.
V. Cinq.
VI. Six.
VII. Sept.
VIII. Huict.
IX. Neuf.
X. Dix.
XI. Onze.
XII. Douze.
XIII. Treize.
XIV. Quatorze.
XV. Quinze.
XVI. Seize.
XVII. Dixsept.
XVIII. Dixhuict.
XIX. Dixneuf.
XX. Vingt.
XXI. Vingt vn.
XXII. Vingt deux.
XXIII. Vingt trois.
XXIV. Vingt quatre.
XXV. Vingt cinque.
XXVI. Vingt six.
XXVII. Vingt sept.
XXVIII. Vingt huict.
XXIX. Vingt neuf.
XXX. Trente.
L. Cinquante.
LX. Soixante.
LXX. Septante.
LXXX. Huictante, or, quatre vingts.
XC. Nonante, or quatre vingt dix.
C. Cent.
CC. Deux cents.
CCC. Trois cents, &c.
M. Mil.
MM. Deux mil, &c.
A million. Vn million.
Millions, millions.

So much of the cardinall numbers,

Vestiments.

The eleventh. *L'onzieme.*
The twelfth. *Le douziesme.*
The thirteenth. *Le treziesme.*
The fourteenth. *Le quatorziesme.*
The fifteenth. *Le quinziesme.*
The sixteenth. *Le siziesme.*
The seventeenth. *Le dixseptiesme.*
The eighteenth. *Le dixhuictiesme.*
The nineteenth. *Le dixneufiesme.*
The twentieth. *Le vintiesme.*
The one and twentieth. *Le vint vniesme.*
The two and twentieth. *Le vint deuxiesme, &c.*
The thirtieth. *Le trentiesme.*
Thirty one. *Le trentuniesme, &c.*
The fortieth. *De quarantiesme.*
The fiftieth. *Le cinquantiesme.*
The sixtieth. *Le soixantiesme.*
The seventieth. *Le septantiesme.*
The eightieth. *Le huictantiesme.*
The ninetieth. *Le nonantiesme.*
The hundredth. *Le centiesme.*
The two hundreth part. *Le deux centiesme, &c.*
The thousand part. *Le milliesme.*

Trees.

A Tree. *Vn arbre.*
The Oke. *Le chesne.*
The Ash. *L'ormeau.*
The Cedar. *le cedre.*
The Ivie. *Lierre.*
The firre. *Sapin.*
The beech. *Fou, hestre.*
A birch tree. *Boulay.*
The yew. *If.*
A fig tree. *Figuier.*
An olive tree. *Olivier.*
A shrubb. *Arbrisseau.*
A sycomore. *Sycomore.*
An almond tree. *Amandier.*
A pomme tree. *Vn pommier.*
A plumme tree. *Vn prunier.*
A peare tree. *Poirier.*
A willow. *Saule.*
A vine. *Vigne.*
A quince tree. *Coignier.*
A hazell tree. *Noisillier.*
A walnut tree. *Noyer.*
The palme or date tree. *Palmier.*
The maple tree. *Erable.*
The bay tree. *Le laurier.*
The cypresse. *Cypres.*
A thorne tree. *Espine.*
A poplar. *Peuplier.*
A pome-granet tree. *Grenadier.*
A peach tree. *Pescher.*
The pine tree. *Le pin.*
The bramble. *Le ronce.*
The Eglatine or white bryer. *L'eglantier.*
The box tree. *Bouis.*
The plaine tree. *Platane.*
The elder tree. *Le sureau.*

The vestiments of the body.

A Hat. *Chapeau.*
A husband. *Cordon.*
A cap. *Bonnet.*
A perriwig. *Perruque.*
A band. *Collet.*
A ruffe. *Fraysse.*
Cuffes. *Manchettes.*
Gloves. *Gans.*
A doublet. *Pourpoint.*
The sleeves. *Les manches.*
A skirt. *Basque.*
Breeches. *Haut de chausses.*
Linnen breeches. *Caleons.*
The codpiece. *La braguette.*
Points. *Esguilletes.*
Stockings. *Bas de chausses.*
Garters. *Jartieres.*
Shooes. *Souliers.*
Woodden shooes. *Cabats.*
Shooes sole. *Semelle.*
A cloake. *manteau.*
A waiscot. *Camisole.*
A shirt. *Chemise.* The same signifieth also a smock.

The winds.

AN easterly wind. *Vent d'amont, vent de levant, vent oriental, vent solain.*
A westerly wind. *Vent d'aual, vent de ponent, vent occidental, vent d'embas.*
A northerly wind. *Vent du hurt, de septentrional.*
A south wind. *Vent d'autum; vent plunay, vent demidy, vent haulain.*
A northwest wind. *Vent de galerne.*
A northeast wind. *Vent grec.*
A direct wind. *Vent cardinal, vent en poupe, vent derriere.*
A side wind. *Vent collateral, vent a la hoseline.*

Some words that are derived from sounds and are peculiar onely to the French.

Palalalalan. The French march.
Colin tampon. The suiffers march.
Fanfare. The sound of the trumpet.
Trantras. The sound of the huntsmans horne.
Dindan. The noise of great bells.
Tintin. The noise of little bells.
Cliquetis. The sound of armes.
Claquets, The shattring of the teeth.
Flosflotter. The tumbling of the sea-waves.
Le hennir des chevaux. The neighing of horses.
Le groignor des pourceaux, The grunting of hogges.
Le beeler des brebis. The bleating of sheep.
Le mialler de chats. The mewing of cats.
La clabaudet de mastins. The howling of Mastiffes.
Le japper de petits chiens, The barking of little dogges.
La heurler de loups. The howling of Wolues.
Le bugler de beufs. The bellowing of oxen.
Le cocorailler de caillets. The calling of quailes.
Le quillery des passereaux The chirping of sparrowes.
Le coqueler de poules. The cackling of hennes.

[illegible] to expresse in the participle of the present tense, the French use the infinitif mood which often be- [illegible] *faire parler d'escrits par la langue*, faire speaking never makes the tongue to blister. *Il n'y* [illegible] never feels in your saying.

FINIS.